

Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2024

1-Algebraic-functions/1.2-Trinomial/1.2.1-Quadratic-
trinomial/1.2.1.3/94-1.2.1.3-b

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Contents

1	Introduction	12
1.1	Listing of CAS systems tested	13
1.2	Results	14
1.3	Time and leaf size Performance	18
1.4	Performance based on number of rules Rubi used	20
1.5	Performance based on number of steps Rubi used	21
1.6	Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result	22
1.7	Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used	23
1.8	Leaf size vs. CPU time used	24
1.9	list of integrals with no known antiderivative	25
1.10	List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative	25
1.11	list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification	25
1.12	Timing	26
1.13	Verification	26
1.14	Important notes about some of the results	27
1.15	Current tree layout of integration tests	30
1.16	Design of the test system	31
2	detailed summary tables of results	32
2.1	List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS	33
2.2	Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems	40
2.3	Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results	118
3	Listing of integrals	129
3.1	$\int (c - acx)^p \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} dx$	139
3.2	$\int \frac{(1+ax)(c-acx)^p}{\sqrt{1-a^2 x^2}} dx$	144
3.3	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+cx}}{\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	150
3.4	$\int \frac{1+cx}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} dx$	156
3.5	$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^{-3-2p} (A^2 - B^2 x^2)^p dx$	163
3.6	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(A^2-B^2 x^2)^{2/3}}{(c+dx)^{13/3}} dx$	168

3.7	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}}{(c+dx)^{11/3}} dx$	174
3.8	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^{7/3}\sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}} dx$	180
3.9	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^{5/3}(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}} dx$	186
3.10	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt[3]{c + dx}(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{4/3}} dx$	191
3.11	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt[3]{c + dx}}{(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{5/3}} dx$	196
3.12	$\int (1+x)(a+bx)^m (1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)} dx$	201
3.13	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^m (1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)}}{1-x} dx$	208
3.14	$\int (1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)} (1+x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)} (a+bx)^m dx$	215
3.15	$\int (ad - bcx)(c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx$	222
3.16	$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(a+bx^2)^3}{(c+dx)^9} dx$	227
3.17	$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(a+bx^2)^2}{(c+dx)^7} dx$	234
3.18	$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(a+bx^2)}{(c+dx)^5} dx$	240
3.19	$\int \frac{ad-bcx}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	246
3.20	$\int \frac{ad-bcx}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)} dx$	251
3.21	$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^2} dx$	256
3.22	$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^3} dx$	261
3.23	$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(c+dx)^5}{(a+bx^2)^4} dx$	266
3.24	$\int (c + dx)(ad + bc(3 + 2p)x) (a + bx^2)^p dx$	272
3.25	$\int (ad + 9bcx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^3 dx$	278
3.26	$\int (ad + 7bcx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^2 dx$	285
3.27	$\int (ad + 5bcx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2) dx$	291
3.28	$\int (ad + 3bcx)(c + dx) dx$	297
3.29	$\int \frac{(ad+bcx)(c+dx)}{a+bx^2} dx$	302
3.30	$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^2} dx$	307
3.31	$\int \frac{(ad-3bcx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^3} dx$	312
3.32	$\int \frac{(ad-5bcx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^4} dx$	317
3.33	$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2) dx$	322
3.34	$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2) dx$	331
3.35	$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2) dx$	339
3.36	$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2) dx$	346
3.37	$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex) (a + cx^2) dx$	352
3.38	$\int (A + Bx) (a + cx^2) dx$	358
3.39	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{d+ex} dx$	363

3.40	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	369
3.41	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	375
3.42	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	381
3.43	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	387
3.44	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^6} dx$	393
3.45	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^7} dx$	399
3.46	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^5 (a+cx^2)^2 dx$	405
3.47	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^4 (a+cx^2)^2 dx$	415
3.48	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^3 (a+cx^2)^2 dx$	425
3.49	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^2 (a+cx^2)^2 dx$	434
3.50	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex) (a+cx^2)^2 dx$	442
3.51	$\int (A+Bx) (a+cx^2)^2 dx$	448
3.52	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{d+ex} dx$	453
3.53	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	460
3.54	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	468
3.55	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	476
3.56	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	483
3.57	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^6} dx$	491
3.58	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^7} dx$	498
3.59	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^8} dx$	505
3.60	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^9} dx$	512
3.61	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx$	519
3.62	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^5 (a+cx^2)^3 dx$	526
3.63	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^4 (a+cx^2)^3 dx$	540
3.64	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^3 (a+cx^2)^3 dx$	552
3.65	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^2 (a+cx^2)^3 dx$	562
3.66	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex) (a+cx^2)^3 dx$	572
3.67	$\int (A+Bx) (a+cx^2)^3 dx$	579
3.68	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{d+ex} dx$	585
3.69	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	595
3.70	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	604
3.71	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	614

3.72	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	623
3.73	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^6} dx$	632
3.74	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^7} dx$	640
3.75	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^8} dx$	648
3.76	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^9} dx$	656
3.77	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx$	664
3.78	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{11}} dx$	672
3.79	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^4}{a+cx^2} dx$	680
3.80	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^3}{a+cx^2} dx$	689
3.81	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^2}{a+cx^2} dx$	697
3.82	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)}{a+cx^2} dx$	703
3.83	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{a+cx^2} dx$	709
3.84	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)} dx$	714
3.85	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)} dx$	720
3.86	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)} dx$	728
3.87	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	737
3.88	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	747
3.89	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	756
3.90	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	764
3.91	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	772
3.92	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	778
3.93	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	784
3.94	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	793
3.95	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	802
3.96	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	812
3.97	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	823
3.98	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	831
3.99	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	839
3.100	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	846
3.101	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	852
3.102	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	862
3.103	$\int \frac{2+2x}{(-1+x)^3(1+x^2)} dx$	872

3.104	$\int \frac{-11+6x}{(-1+2x)(-1+x^2)} dx$	877
3.105	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2) dx$	882
3.106	$\int (A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2) dx$	889
3.107	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	895
3.108	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	901
3.109	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	907
3.110	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	913
3.111	$\int (A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^2 dx$	920
3.112	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	928
3.113	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	936
3.114	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	944
3.115	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	952
3.116	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$	960
3.117	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	968
3.118	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	977
3.119	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	986
3.120	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	995
3.121	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$	1004
3.122	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx$	1013
3.123	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{a-cx^2} dx$	1022
3.124	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a-cx^2} dx$	1032
3.125	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{a-cx^2} dx$	1041
3.126	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx$	1050
3.127	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} dx$	1058
3.128	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)} dx$	1067
3.129	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx$	1077
3.130	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx$	1088
3.131	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx$	1098
3.132	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx$	1107
3.133	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx$	1117
3.134	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$	1128

3.135	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$	1138
3.136	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$	1148
3.137	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$	1158
3.138	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^3} dx$	1168
3.139	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(2ABd-A^2e-B^2ex^2)} dx$	1179
3.140	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{\frac{A^2e-B^2e}{2AB}+ex(1+x^2)}} dx$	1187
3.141	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(1-x^2)} dx$	1195
3.142	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(1+x^2)} dx$	1202
3.143	$\int \frac{(1-x)\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx$	1212
3.144	$\int \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{4+3x}(1+x^2)} dx$	1222
3.145	$\int \frac{1-3x}{\sqrt{4+3x}(1+x^2)} dx$	1228
3.146	$\int \frac{2+x}{\sqrt{3+4x}(1+x^2)} dx$	1234
3.147	$\int \frac{-2+x}{\sqrt{-3+x}(-8+x^2)} dx$	1239
3.148	$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+bx^2} dx$	1245
3.149	$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+bx^2} dx$	1255
3.150	$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx) \sqrt{a+bx^2} dx$	1264
3.151	$\int (A+Bx) \sqrt{a+bx^2} dx$	1271
3.152	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+dx} dx$	1277
3.153	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	1286
3.154	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	1295
3.155	$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx)^3 (a+bx^2)^{3/2} dx$	1306
3.156	$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx)^2 (a+bx^2)^{3/2} dx$	1317
3.157	$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx) (a+bx^2)^{3/2} dx$	1326
3.158	$\int (A+Bx) (a+bx^2)^{3/2} dx$	1334
3.159	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{c+dx} dx$	1340
3.160	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	1349
3.161	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	1358
3.162	$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx)^3 (a+bx^2)^{5/2} dx$	1368
3.163	$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx)^2 (a+bx^2)^{5/2} dx$	1380
3.164	$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx) (a+bx^2)^{5/2} dx$	1390
3.165	$\int (A+Bx) (a+bx^2)^{5/2} dx$	1399
3.166	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{c+dx} dx$	1406
3.167	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	1416

3.168	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	1426
3.169	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	1438
3.170	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	1448
3.171	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	1456
3.172	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	1463
3.173	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	1469
3.174	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	1474
3.175	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	1481
3.176	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	1488
3.177	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^4\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	1498
3.178	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1509
3.179	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1518
3.180	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^2}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1526
3.181	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1533
3.182	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1539
3.183	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1544
3.184	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1552
3.185	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^3(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1562
3.186	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^5}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1573
3.187	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1583
3.188	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1592
3.189	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^2}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1600
3.190	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1606
3.191	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1612
3.192	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1617
3.193	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^2(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1628
3.194	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^3(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1639
3.195	$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4\sqrt{2+3x^2} dx$	1650
3.196	$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3\sqrt{2+3x^2} dx$	1658
3.197	$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2\sqrt{2+3x^2} dx$	1665
3.198	$\int (5-x)(3+2x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} dx$	1672
3.199	$\int (5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} dx$	1678

3.200	$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{3+2x} dx$	1684
3.201	$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx$	1691
3.202	$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx$	1698
3.203	$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx$	1706
3.204	$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx$	1713
3.205	$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx$	1722
3.206	$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx$	1731
3.207	$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4 (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx$	1741
3.208	$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3 (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx$	1749
3.209	$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2 (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx$	1757
3.210	$\int (5-x)(3+2x) (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx$	1764
3.211	$\int (5-x) (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx$	1770
3.212	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{3+2x} dx$	1776
3.213	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx$	1784
3.214	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx$	1793
3.215	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx$	1801
3.216	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx$	1810
3.217	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx$	1819
3.218	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx$	1827
3.219	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^8} dx$	1836
3.220	$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4 (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx$	1846
3.221	$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3 (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx$	1855
3.222	$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2 (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx$	1863
3.223	$\int (5-x)(3+2x) (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx$	1870
3.224	$\int (5-x) (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx$	1877
3.225	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{3+2x} dx$	1883
3.226	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx$	1892
3.227	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx$	1902
3.228	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx$	1912
3.229	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx$	1921
3.230	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx$	1931

3.231	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx$	1942
3.232	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^8} dx$	1952
3.233	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^9} dx$	1961
3.234	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^{10}} dx$	1973
3.235	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$	1984
3.236	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$	1991
3.237	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$	1998
3.238	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$	2004
3.239	$\int \frac{5-x}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$	2009
3.240	$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$	2014
3.241	$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$	2020
3.242	$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$	2026
3.243	$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^4\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$	2033
3.244	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2041
3.245	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2048
3.246	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2054
3.247	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2060
3.248	$\int \frac{5-x}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2066
3.249	$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2071
3.250	$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2077
3.251	$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2084
3.252	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^6}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2092
3.253	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^5}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2101
3.254	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2109
3.255	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2117
3.256	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2124
3.257	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2130
3.258	$\int \frac{5-x}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2136
3.259	$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2142
3.260	$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2149
3.261	$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2157

3.262	$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2} dx$	2166
3.263	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	2178
3.264	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	2188
3.265	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	2198
3.266	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	2209
3.267	$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)^{3/2} dx$	2221
3.268	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	2235
3.269	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	2248
3.270	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	2261
3.271	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	2275
3.272	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$	2289
3.273	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx$	2303
3.274	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx$	2314
3.275	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx$	2324
3.276	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx$	2332
3.277	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx$	2341
3.278	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2352
3.279	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2363
3.280	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2373
3.281	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2383
3.282	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2393
3.283	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2405
3.284	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2417
3.285	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2428
3.286	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2439
3.287	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2450
3.288	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2462
3.289	$\int \frac{2+dx}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}} dx$	2475
3.290	$\int \frac{\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}}{(2-dx)\sqrt{e+fx}} dx$	2482
3.291	$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+dx}}{\sqrt{2-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx$	2489

3.292	$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}} dx$	2495
3.293	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}}{(c-dx)\sqrt{e+fx}} dx$	2503
3.294	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx$	2511
3.295	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^m (a+cx^2)^3 dx$	2517
3.296	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^m (a+cx^2)^2 dx$	2528
3.297	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^m (a+cx^2) dx$	2538
3.298	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^m}{a+cx^2} dx$	2546
3.299	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^m}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	2551
3.300	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{1+m}}{a+cx^2} dx$	2558
3.301	$\int (d+ex)(f+gx)(a+cx^2)^p dx$	2564
3.302	$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx)^m (a+bx^2)^p dx$	2571
3.303	$\int (d+ex)^{-5-2p}(e+fx)(a+cx^2)^p dx$	2577
3.304	$\int (d+ex)^{-4-2p}(e+fx)(a+cx^2)^p dx$	2588
3.305	$\int (d+ex)^{-3-2p}(e+fx)(a+cx^2)^p dx$	2594
3.306	$\int (d+ex)^{-2-2p}(e+fx)(a+cx^2)^p dx$	2600
3.307	$\int (d+ex)^{-1-2p}(e+fx)(a+cx^2)^p dx$	2607
3.308	$\int (d+ex)^{-2p}(e+fx)(a+cx^2)^p dx$	2613
3.309	$\int (d+ex)^{1-2p}(e+fx)(a+cx^2)^p dx$	2619
3.310	$\int (-ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{-3-2p}(a+cx^2)^p dx$	2625
4	Appendix	2630
4.1	Listing of Grading functions	2630
4.2	Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CA	2648

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1	Listing of CAS systems tested	13
1.2	Results	14
1.3	Time and leaf size Performance	18
1.4	Performance based on number of rules Rubi used	20
1.5	Performance based on number of steps Rubi used	21
1.6	Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result	22
1.7	Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used	23
1.8	Leaf size vs. CPU time used	24
1.9	list of integrals with no known antiderivative	25
1.10	List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative	25
1.11	list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification	25
1.12	Timing	26
1.13	Verification	26
1.14	Important notes about some of the results	27
1.15	Current tree layout of integration tests	30
1.16	Design of the test system	31

This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [310]. This is test number [94].

1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 14 (January 9, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 14 on windows 10m pro.
3. Maple 2024 (March 1, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.4.0 on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
5. FriCAS 1.3.10 built with sbcl 2.3.11 (January 10, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-99 on Linux via sagemath 10.3.
7. Sympy 1.12 using Python 3.11.6 (Nov 14 2023, 09:36:21) [GCC 13.2.1 20230801] on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.
9. Reduce CSL rev 6687 (January 9, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

Reduce was called directly.

1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	99.68 (309)	0.32 (1)
Mathematica	97.10 (301)	2.90 (9)
Maple	92.26 (286)	7.74 (24)
Fricas	89.03 (276)	10.97 (34)
Giac	77.10 (239)	22.90 (71)
Reduce	76.13 (236)	23.87 (74)
Maxima	73.23 (227)	26.77 (83)
Mupad	69.03 (214)	30.97 (96)
Sympy	45.81 (142)	54.19 (168)

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

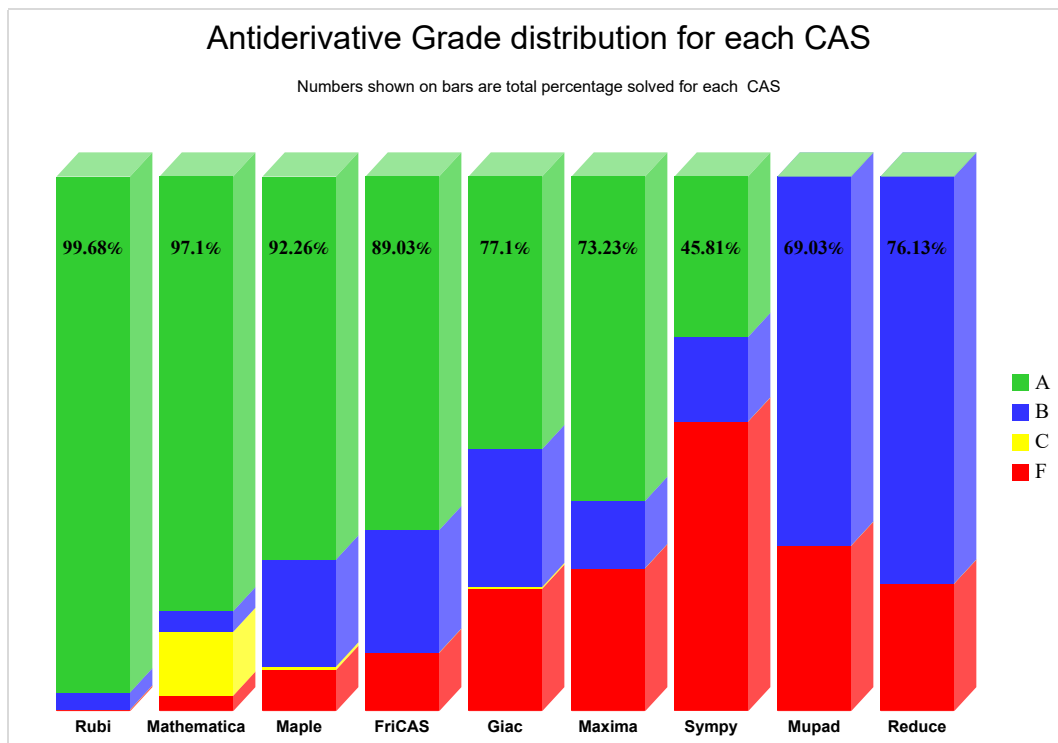
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

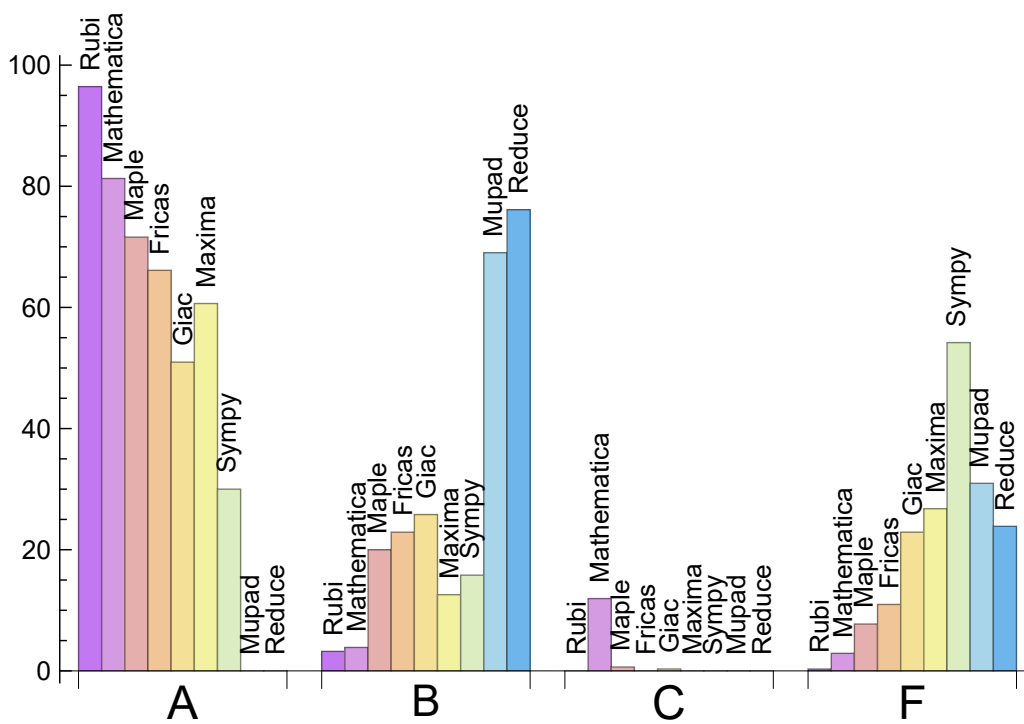
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	96.452	3.226	0.000	0.323
Mathematica	81.290	3.871	11.935	2.903
Maple	71.613	20.000	0.645	7.742
Fricas	66.129	22.903	0.000	10.968
Maxima	60.645	12.581	0.000	26.774
Giac	50.968	25.806	0.323	22.903
Sympy	30.000	15.806	0.000	54.194
Mupad	0.000	69.032	0.000	30.968
Reduce	0.000	76.129	0.000	23.871

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	1	100.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	9	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maple	24	100.00	0.00	0.00
Fricas	34	70.59	29.41	0.00
Giac	71	83.10	8.45	8.45
Reduce	74	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maxima	83	98.80	0.00	1.20
Mupad	96	0.00	100.00	0.00
Sympy	168	60.12	39.88	0.00

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Maxima	0.08
Giac	0.21
Rubi	0.37
Reduce	0.50
Maple	1.63
Fricas	1.90
Mathematica	3.70
Mupad	3.80
Sympy	5.08

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Rubi	197.83	1.20	163.00	1.03
Mathematica	207.10	1.19	150.00	1.04
Maxima	243.23	1.57	150.00	1.25
Maple	285.05	1.41	161.00	1.05
Giac	425.15	2.58	215.00	1.40
Reduce	579.07	3.18	258.50	1.95
Fricas	627.93	3.05	211.00	1.54
Sympy	796.22	3.87	174.00	1.60
Mupad	996.27	4.36	156.00	1.34

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the y axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the x axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

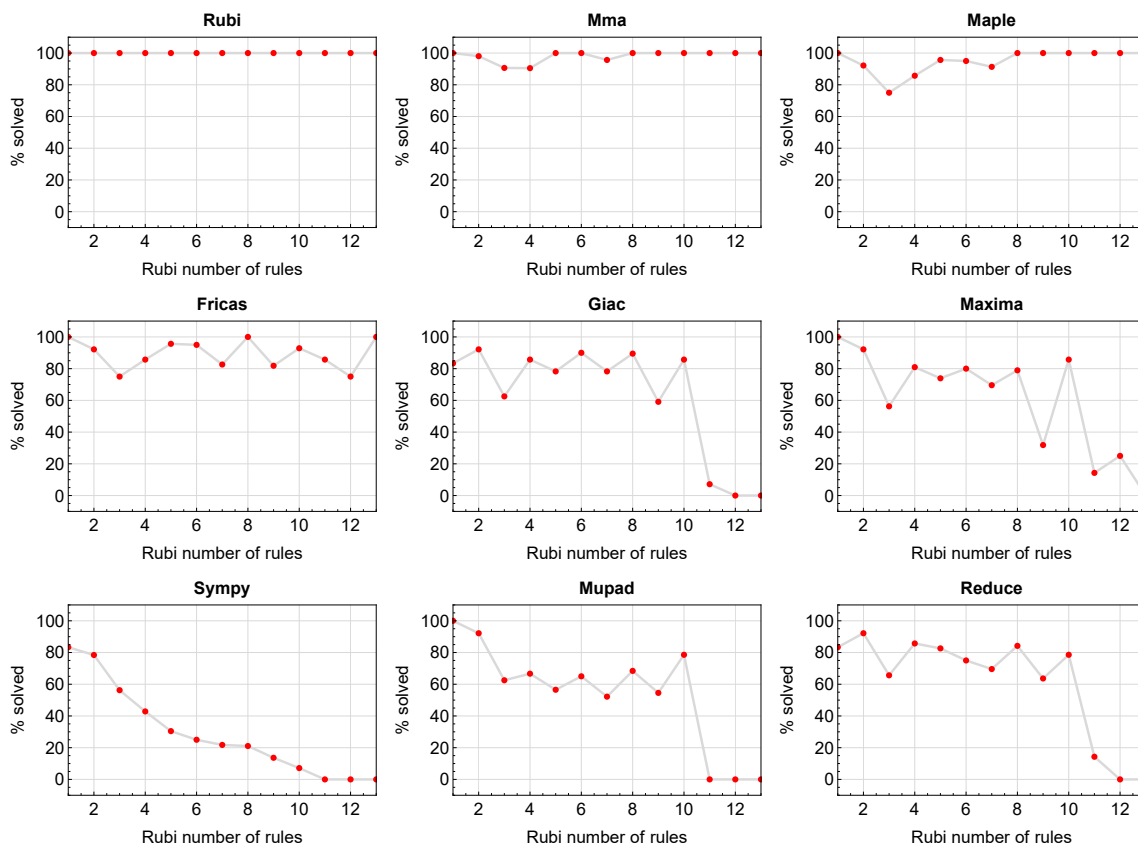


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

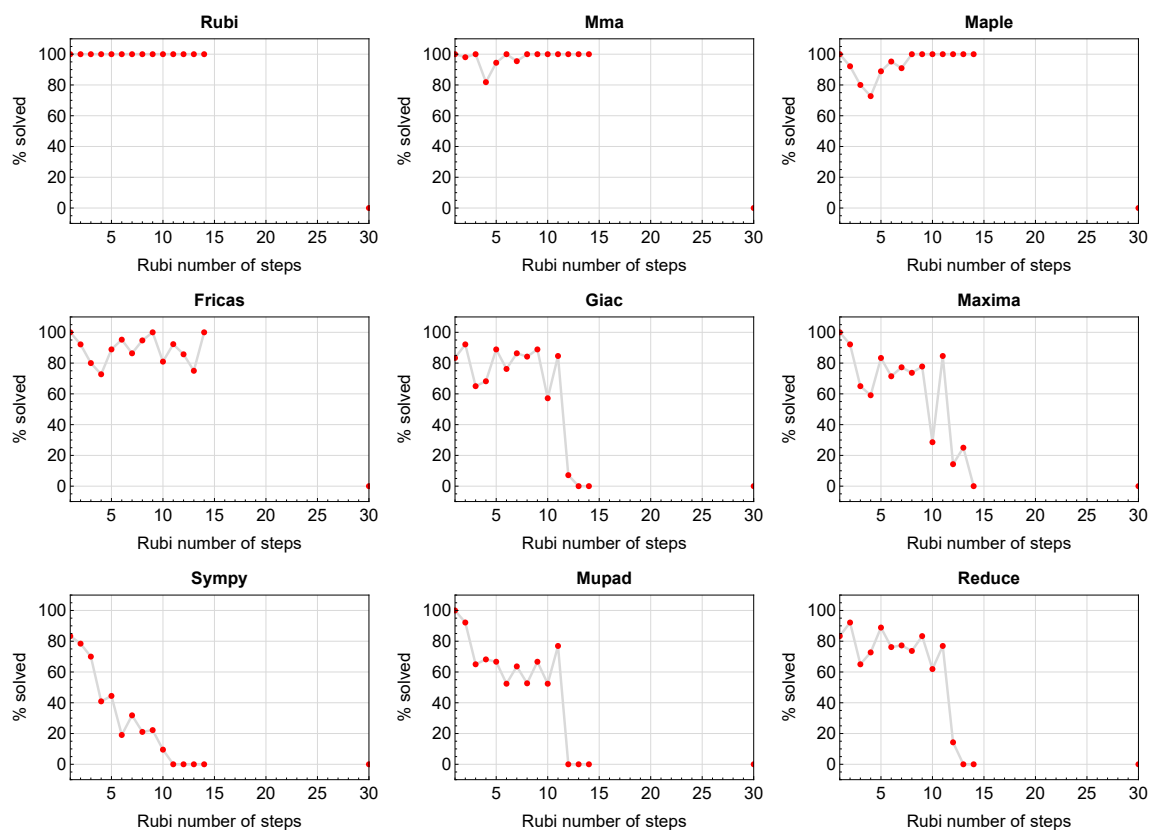


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram shows that the percentage of solved integrals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

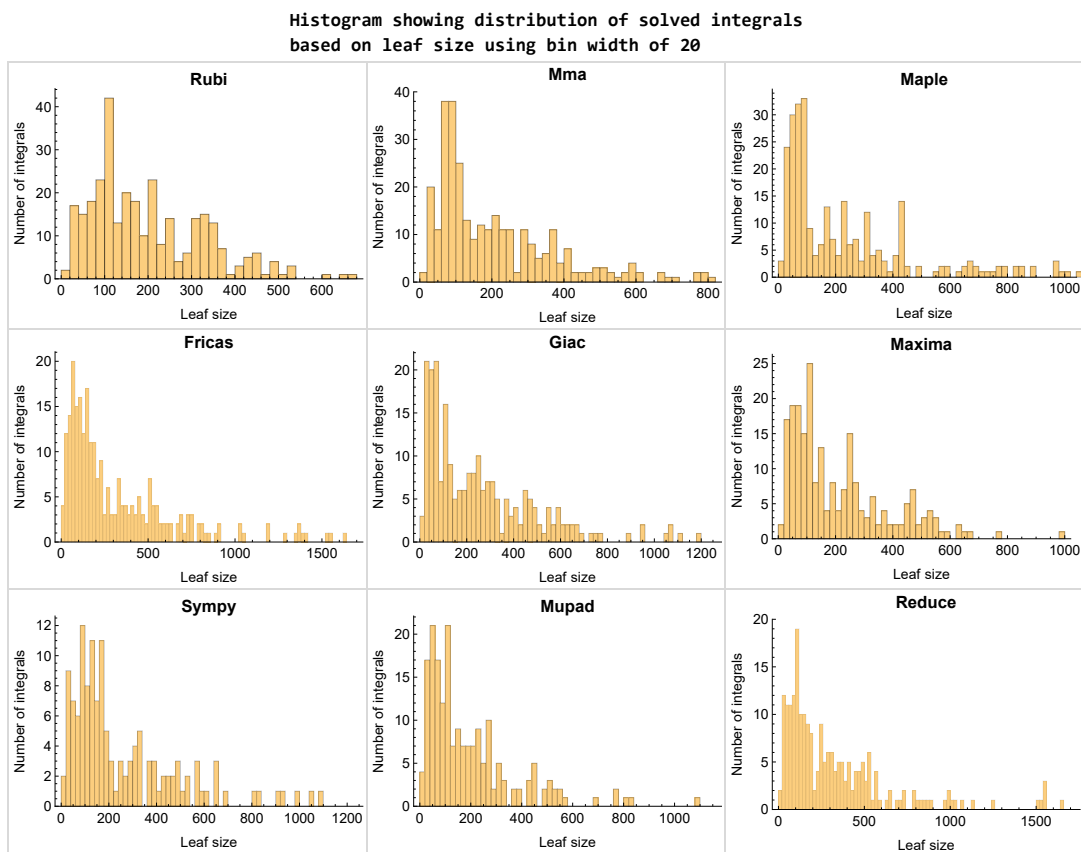


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

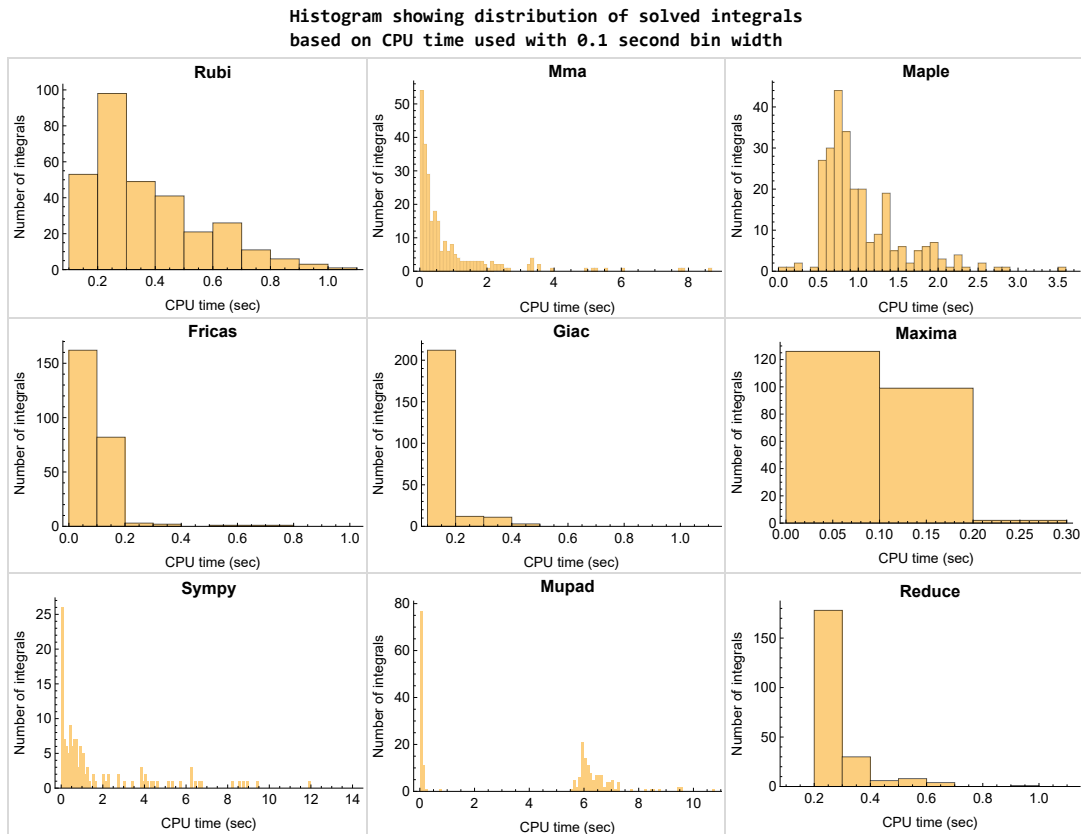


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fracas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

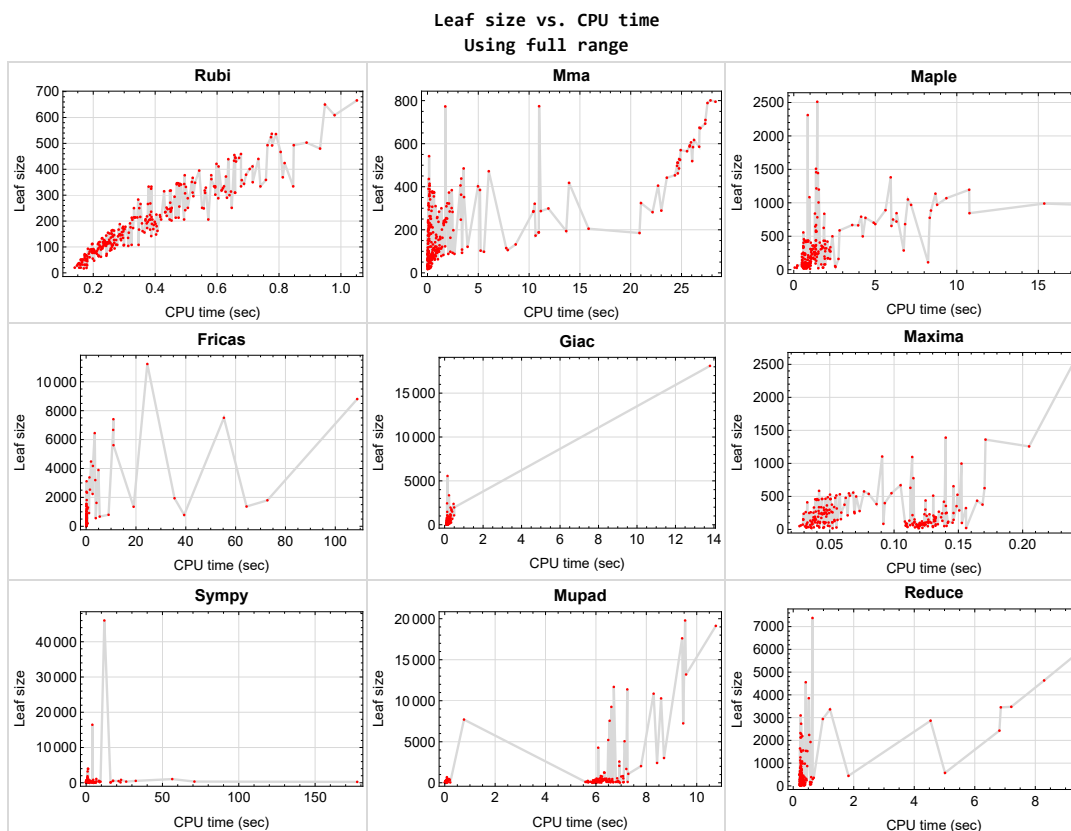


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{}

1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Reduce {}

Mupad {}

1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {12, 13, 14}

Mathematica {7, 9, 11, 13, 14, 307}

Maple {}

Maxima Verification phase not currently implemented.

Fricas Verification phase not currently implemented.

Sympy Verification phase not currently implemented.

Giac Verification phase not currently implemented.

Reduce Verification phase not currently implemented.

Mupad Verification phase not currently implemented.

1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for **Rubi** and **Mathematica**.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

1.14 Important notes about some of the results

Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima `integrate` was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:  
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count  
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))  
  
except Exception as ee:  
    leafCount = 1
```

Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')  
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')  
anti = int(integrand,the_variable)
```

Which gives $\sin(x)^2/2$

1.15 Current tree layout of integration tests

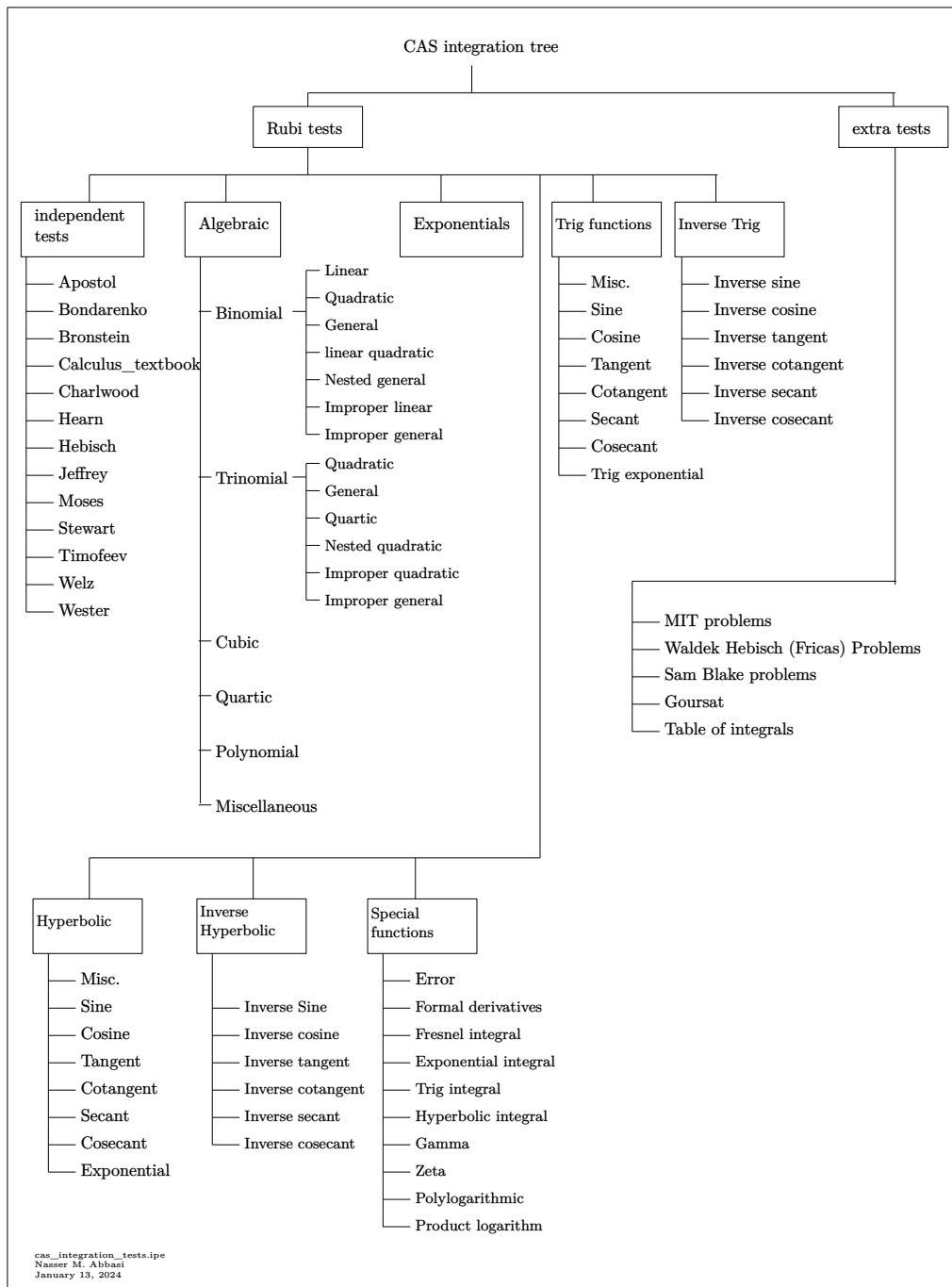
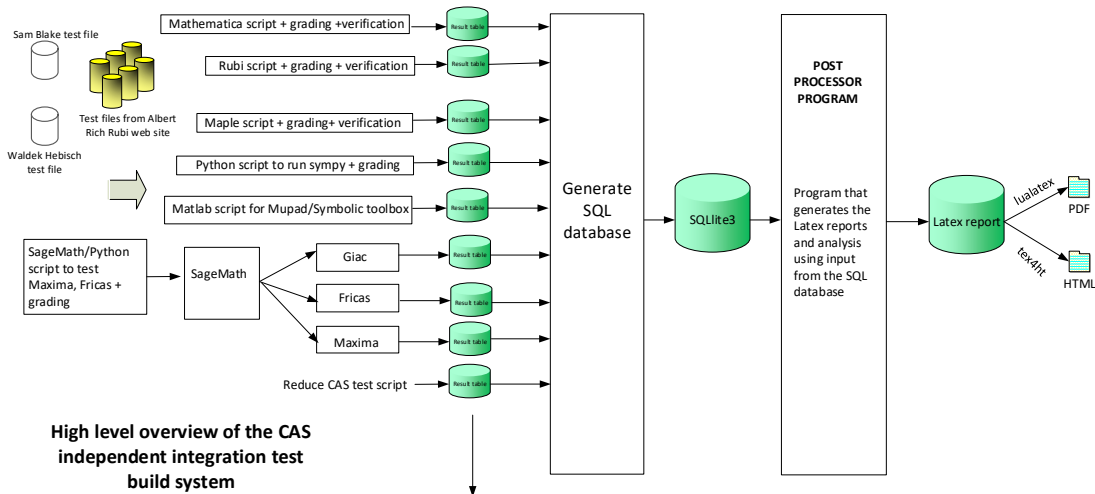


Figure 1.6: CAS integration tests tree

1.16 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "E"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Nasser M. Abbasi
January 13, 2024
Design note

CHAPTER 2

DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

2.1	List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS	33
2.2	Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems	40
2.3	Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results	118

2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Rubi	33
Mma	34
Maple	34
Fricas	35
Maxima	36
Giac	36
Mupad	37
Sympy	38
Reduce	38

Rubi

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 146, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310 }

B grade { 6, 7, 16, 17, 18, 25, 26, 139, 145, 147 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 303 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Mma

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 19, 20, 21, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 141, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 291, 294, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 307, 310 }

B grade { 6, 7, 16, 17, 18, 22, 23, 25, 26, 33, 185, 295 }

C grade { 4, 24, 139, 140, 142, 143, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 292, 293 }

F normal fail { 5, 12, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 308, 309 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maple

A grade { 15, 19, 20, 21, 24, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 140, 141, 142, 144, 145, 146, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 260, 261, 266, 272, 310 }

B grade { 3, 4, 16, 17, 18, 22, 23, 25, 26, 33, 46, 139, 143, 153, 154, 160, 161, 167, 168, 175, 176, 177, 183, 184, 185, 192, 193, 194, 262, 263, 264, 265, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297 }

C grade { 147, 259 }

F normal fail { 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Fricas

A grade { 15, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 90, 91, 92, 98, 99, 100, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 139, 140, 141, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 155, 156, 157, 158, 162, 163, 164, 165, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 292, 293, 310 }

B grade { 3, 4, 16, 17, 18, 19, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 33, 46, 53, 54, 55, 56, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 86, 87, 88, 89, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 101, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 134, 135, 136, 137, 142, 153, 175, 176, 177, 183, 184, 185, 192, 193, 194, 202, 247, 272, 282, 288, 289, 290, 291, 294, 295, 296, 297 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 102, 133, 138, 154, 159, 160, 161, 166, 167, 168 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maxima

A grade { 15, 20, 21, 24, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 98, 99, 100, 101, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 146, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 162, 163, 164, 165, 167, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 186, 187, 188, 190, 191, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 297, 310 }

B grade { 16, 17, 18, 19, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 33, 46, 97, 102, 154, 161, 166, 168, 175, 176, 177, 183, 184, 185, 189, 192, 193, 194, 216, 217, 218, 219, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 295, 296 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 142, 143, 144, 145, 147, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { 141 }

Giac

A grade { 19, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 107, 108, 109, 110, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 141, 143, 144, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 155, 156, 157, 158, 162, 163, 164, 165, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259 }

B grade { 16, 17, 18, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 33, 34, 46, 56, 62, 72, 97, 105, 106, 111, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 145, 154, 161, 168,

176, 177, 183, 185, 192, 193, 194, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 240, 241, 242, 243, 250, 251, 260, 261, 295, 296, 297 }

C grade { 140 }

F normal fail { 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 291, 292, 293, 294, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 142, 153, 160, 167, 175, 184 }

F(-2) exception fail { 1, 152, 159, 166, 174, 290 }

Mupad

A grade { }

B grade { 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 151, 158, 165, 172, 173, 181, 182, 189, 190, 191, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 295, 296, 297, 310 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 148, 149, 150, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 192, 193, 194, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Sympy

A grade { 20, 28, 29, 31, 32, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 92, 98, 99, 100, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 111, 112, 113, 114, 117, 118, 119, 120, 141, 146, 149, 150, 151, 158, 165, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 181, 182, 190, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 248, 301 }

B grade { 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 30, 33, 34, 46, 62, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 95, 96, 97, 109, 110, 115, 116, 121, 122, 148, 155, 156, 157, 162, 163, 164, 191, 247, 257, 258, 295, 296, 297 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 139, 140, 142, 143, 144, 145, 147, 152, 153, 154, 159, 160, 161, 166, 167, 168, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 192, 200, 201, 202, 203, 212, 213, 214, 240, 241, 242, 244, 245, 246, 249, 250, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 286, 287, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 298, 300 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 15, 59, 60, 61, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 84, 85, 86, 93, 94, 101, 102, 123, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 193, 194, 204, 205, 206, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 243, 251, 259, 260, 261, 283, 284, 285, 288, 299, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Reduce

A grade { }

B grade { 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 156, 157, 158, 160, 161, 163, 164, 167, 168, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236,

237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 254, 255, 256,
257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 295, 296, 297 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 148, 155, 159, 162, 165, 166, 169,
170, 178, 179, 186, 194, 253, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274,
275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293,
294, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$. To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	65	77	0	0	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.173	0.798	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.263	0.000

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	101	102	0	0	0	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.38	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.74	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.229	1.111	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.267	0.000

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	90	115	278	0	191	0	0	44	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.28	3.09	0.00	2.12	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.225	7.748	2.204	0.000	0.079	0.000	0.000	2.291	0.000

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	131	282	275	0	191	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.46	3.13	3.06	0.00	2.12	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.289	22.148	1.928	0.000	0.073	0.000	0.000	0.489	0.000

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	178	0	0	0	0	0	0	172	0
N.S.	1	1.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.249	0.000

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	250	324	0	0	0	0	0	192	0
N.S.	1	2.19	2.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	21.010	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.412	0.000

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	250	284	0	0	0	0	0	156	0
N.S.	1	2.23	2.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.331	10.406	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.258	0.000

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	163	185	0	0	0	0	0	175	0
N.S.	1	1.46	1.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	20.866	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.327	0.000

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	163	205	0	0	0	0	0	111	0
N.S.	1	1.46	1.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	15.855	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.319	0.000

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	152	173	0	0	0	0	0	53	0
N.S.	1	1.36	1.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	10.634	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.105	0.000

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	152	194	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.33	1.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.252	13.654	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.332	0.000

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	244	332	0	0	0	0	0	0	77	0
N.S.	1	1.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.499	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.277	0.000

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	244	266	188	0	0	0	0	0	77	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.377	10.946	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.310	0.000

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	244	266	188	0	0	0	0	0	106	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.353	10.954	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.571	0.000

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	31	30	58	47	0	0	165	99
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.97	1.87	1.52	0.00	0.00	5.32	3.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.172	0.182	1.785	0.109	0.106	0.000	0.000	0.298	6.796

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	249	138	157	238	238	245	158	131	129
N.S.	1	12.45	6.90	7.85	11.90	11.90	12.25	7.90	6.55	6.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.557	0.071	0.685	0.046	0.090	177.578	0.143	0.303	0.087

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	167	102	115	174	174	178	116	98	96
N.S.	1	8.35	5.10	5.75	8.70	8.70	8.90	5.80	4.90	4.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.384	0.050	0.714	0.043	0.076	3.801	0.110	0.351	7.259

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	94	66	74	110	110	112	131	65	63
N.S.	1	4.70	3.30	3.70	5.50	5.50	5.60	6.55	3.25	3.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.027	0.580	0.045	0.077	0.648	0.142	0.287	0.040

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	35	30	31	44	44	44	30	32	30
N.S.	1	1.94	1.67	1.72	2.44	2.44	2.44	1.67	1.78	1.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.152	0.012	0.569	0.032	0.068	0.145	0.142	0.271	0.026

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	18	17	17	15	18	17	17
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.89	0.89	0.79	0.95	0.89	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.178	0.013	0.787	0.052	0.072	0.262	0.120	0.258	6.955

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	34	34	33	33	33	32	32	34	34
N.S.	1	1.70	1.70	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.60	1.60	1.70	1.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.159	0.015	0.592	0.046	0.082	0.263	0.142	0.292	0.028

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	68	70	90	90	90	76	89	60
N.S.	1	1.00	3.40	3.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	3.80	4.45	3.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.159	0.025	0.655	0.046	0.076	1.216	0.128	0.284	7.086

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	104	108	143	143	144	118	153	93
N.S.	1	1.00	5.20	5.40	7.15	7.15	7.20	5.90	7.65	4.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.155	0.042	0.708	0.054	0.076	16.163	0.127	0.280	6.916

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	60	132	54	84	103	388	190	110	90
N.S.	1	1.25	2.75	1.12	1.75	2.15	8.08	3.96	2.29	1.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.188	0.537	0.628	0.092	0.090	4.043	0.167	0.266	7.100

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	142	117	135	146	146	163	150	149	138
N.S.	1	4.18	3.44	3.97	4.29	4.29	4.79	4.41	4.38	4.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.028	0.524	0.029	0.068	0.029	0.126	0.262	6.834

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	104	86	99	106	106	117	109	108	102
N.S.	1	3.06	2.53	2.91	3.12	3.12	3.44	3.21	3.18	3.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.313	0.021	0.517	0.039	0.084	0.025	0.118	0.249	6.034

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	66	57	63	66	66	73	68	67	66
N.S.	1	1.94	1.68	1.85	1.94	1.94	2.15	2.00	1.97	1.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	0.033	0.218	0.035	0.071	0.022	0.141	0.257	0.020

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	32	28	31	30	30	32	31	30	30
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.97	0.94	0.94	1.00	0.97	0.94	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.179	0.007	0.059	0.035	0.061	0.020	0.131	0.241	0.023

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	31	30	29	32	26	29	38	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.97	0.94	1.03	0.84	0.94	1.23	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.174	0.015	0.605	0.055	0.066	0.129	0.141	0.257	0.032

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	34	34	33	33	33	32	32	34	34
N.S.	1	1.70	1.70	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.60	1.60	1.70	1.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.156	0.011	0.576	0.035	0.086	0.248	0.128	0.223	0.001

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	35	35	33	45	45	46	33	44	45
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.94	1.29	1.29	1.31	0.94	1.26	1.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.154	0.017	0.569	0.031	0.072	0.464	0.130	0.236	0.027

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	35	35	33	56	56	58	33	55	56
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.94	1.60	1.60	1.66	0.94	1.57	1.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.156	0.018	0.582	0.040	0.084	0.584	0.120	0.223	0.031

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	108	233	238	237	237	287	268	275	231
N.S.	1	1.00	2.16	2.20	2.19	2.19	2.66	2.48	2.55	2.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	0.061	0.504	0.030	0.066	0.038	0.110	0.254	5.679

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	108	194	192	194	194	226	215	222	185
N.S.	1	1.00	1.80	1.78	1.80	1.80	2.09	1.99	2.06	1.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	0.053	0.503	0.047	0.091	0.032	0.132	0.311	5.671

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	108	150	148	148	148	173	164	169	141
N.S.	1	1.00	1.39	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.60	1.52	1.56	1.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.299	0.040	0.520	0.038	0.067	0.031	0.128	0.257	0.035

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	108	106	103	102	102	119	113	116	98
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.95	0.94	0.94	1.10	1.05	1.07	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	0.028	0.510	0.040	0.099	0.029	0.117	0.241	5.621

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	62	62	55	56	56	66	62	63	55
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.89	0.90	0.90	1.06	1.00	1.02	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.225	0.021	0.210	0.049	0.068	0.021	0.107	0.259	5.693

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	32	32	27	26	26	29	26	28	26
N.S.	1	1.03	1.03	0.87	0.84	0.84	0.94	0.84	0.90	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.165	0.002	0.184	0.032	0.073	0.018	0.137	0.233	0.024

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	80	94	97	98	82	100	118	100
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	1.09	1.13	1.14	0.95	1.16	1.37	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.254	0.040	0.600	0.042	0.090	0.177	0.129	0.239	5.712

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	89	86	95	101	152	104	153	178	105
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	1.07	1.13	1.71	1.17	1.72	2.00	1.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	0.058	0.598	0.036	0.071	0.320	0.149	0.250	5.582

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	94	88	99	111	168	117	98	189	111
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	1.05	1.18	1.79	1.24	1.04	2.01	1.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.257	0.070	0.585	0.036	0.142	0.638	0.164	0.219	0.063

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	101	98	101	129	160	138	105	167	122
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	1.00	1.28	1.58	1.37	1.04	1.65	1.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.261	0.047	0.570	0.038	0.079	1.140	0.139	0.244	5.782

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	106	87	96	132	132	150	145	112	128
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.91	1.25	1.25	1.42	1.37	1.06	1.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.260	0.042	0.592	0.035	0.070	2.062	0.158	0.291	0.039

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	108	90	101	148	148	165	100	145	145
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.94	1.37	1.37	1.53	0.93	1.34	1.34
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	0.040	0.596	0.039	0.088	3.465	0.127	0.231	0.044

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	108	87	95	153	153	173	98	156	150
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.88	1.42	1.42	1.60	0.91	1.44	1.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	0.044	0.607	0.038	0.085	5.399	0.132	0.248	6.872

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	206	390	402	410	410	495	465	465	374
N.S.	1	1.00	1.89	1.95	1.99	1.99	2.40	2.26	2.26	1.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.572	0.109	0.596	0.033	0.068	0.059	0.129	0.224	5.974

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	206	314	327	332	332	398	377	377	298
N.S.	1	1.00	1.52	1.59	1.61	1.61	1.93	1.83	1.83	1.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.493	0.087	0.582	0.038	0.065	0.046	0.135	0.267	0.080

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	206	244	252	260	260	303	287	289	229
N.S.	1	1.00	1.18	1.22	1.26	1.26	1.47	1.39	1.40	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.447	0.065	0.577	0.035	0.072	0.041	0.151	0.237	0.058

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	206	174	177	184	184	211	200	201	168
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.86	0.89	0.89	1.02	0.97	0.98	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.419	0.044	0.580	0.037	0.089	0.039	0.131	0.248	0.048

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	106	95	99	106	106	124	114	113	98
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.93	1.00	1.00	1.17	1.08	1.07	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.044	0.506	0.052	0.064	0.026	0.142	0.258	0.030

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	60	51	50	50	58	50	51	50
N.S.	1	1.00	1.33	1.13	1.11	1.11	1.29	1.11	1.13	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.181	0.003	0.500	0.050	0.064	0.025	0.118	0.244	0.015

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	169	174	224	242	243	207	258	289	260
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	1.33	1.43	1.44	1.22	1.53	1.71	1.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.394	0.097	0.701	0.042	0.070	0.331	0.123	0.260	0.039

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	180	180	175	233	249	354	246	328	399	311
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	1.29	1.38	1.97	1.37	1.82	2.22	1.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	0.150	0.667	0.034	0.088	0.633	0.130	0.234	5.888

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	185	174	233	258	394	282	251	450	275
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	1.26	1.39	2.13	1.52	1.36	2.43	1.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.395	0.154	0.657	0.052	0.081	1.517	0.110	0.257	6.072

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	189	189	232	233	270	411	294	251	455	268
N.S.	1	1.00	1.23	1.23	1.43	2.17	1.56	1.33	2.41	1.42
time (sec)	N/A	0.401	0.112	0.681	0.039	0.081	3.831	0.124	0.245	0.064

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	189	189	221	240	279	405	304	373	435	277
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	1.27	1.48	2.14	1.61	1.97	2.30	1.47
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	0.109	0.696	0.041	0.080	9.430	0.132	0.236	6.078

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	197	197	212	234	298	365	326	252	368	243
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.19	1.51	1.85	1.65	1.28	1.87	1.23
time (sec)	N/A	0.399	0.111	0.663	0.050	0.081	26.240	0.145	0.233	6.181

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	204	198	219	292	292	337	254	263	273
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	1.07	1.43	1.43	1.65	1.25	1.29	1.34
time (sec)	N/A	0.381	0.092	0.671	0.046	0.079	70.948	0.142	0.247	6.258

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	206	202	233	317	317	0	258	326	299
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	1.13	1.54	1.54	0.00	1.25	1.58	1.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	0.098	0.667	0.055	0.077	0.000	0.116	0.238	0.063

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	206	202	233	328	328	0	258	337	310
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	1.13	1.59	1.59	0.00	1.25	1.64	1.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.384	0.092	0.649	0.045	0.083	0.000	0.132	0.237	6.314

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	206	202	233	339	339	0	258	348	321
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	1.13	1.65	1.65	0.00	1.25	1.69	1.56
time (sec)	N/A	0.385	0.098	0.638	0.053	0.085	0.000	0.137	0.228	6.285

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	334	334	542	557	584	584	694	658	655	542
N.S.	1	1.00	1.62	1.67	1.75	1.75	2.08	1.97	1.96	1.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.846	0.157	0.585	0.042	0.074	0.059	0.124	0.224	6.843

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	334	334	436	455	478	478	564	536	532	438
N.S.	1	1.00	1.31	1.36	1.43	1.43	1.69	1.60	1.59	1.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.740	0.132	0.619	0.054	0.070	0.053	0.109	0.257	0.129

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	334	334	323	353	363	363	435	411	409	317
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	1.06	1.09	1.09	1.30	1.23	1.22	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.677	0.097	0.581	0.048	0.068	0.044	0.128	0.235	0.099

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	334	334	238	251	262	262	306	287	286	227
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.75	0.78	0.78	0.92	0.86	0.86	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.622	0.060	0.581	0.031	0.068	0.037	0.124	0.267	6.885

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	148	135	143	154	154	182	165	163	140
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.97	1.04	1.04	1.23	1.11	1.10	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.403	0.050	0.514	0.029	0.070	0.033	0.131	0.235	0.040

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	55	85	74	73	73	85	73	74	73
N.S.	1	0.98	1.52	1.32	1.30	1.30	1.52	1.30	1.32	1.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.198	0.003	0.497	0.029	0.067	0.024	0.128	0.262	0.020

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	290	290	311	414	447	448	410	488	530	494
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	1.43	1.54	1.54	1.41	1.68	1.83	1.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.632	0.167	0.743	0.041	0.082	0.496	0.125	0.223	6.350

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	309	309	405	433	456	621	454	563	689	826
N.S.	1	1.00	1.31	1.40	1.48	2.01	1.47	1.82	2.23	2.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.658	0.179	0.786	0.039	0.078	1.043	0.138	0.276	6.193

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	300	300	414	425	464	691	490	469	785	681
N.S.	1	1.00	1.38	1.42	1.55	2.30	1.63	1.56	2.62	2.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.640	0.203	0.711	0.047	0.083	2.720	0.135	0.239	0.086

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	310	310	294	431	478	732	530	464	833	548
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	1.39	1.54	2.36	1.71	1.50	2.69	1.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.658	0.125	0.708	0.062	0.083	8.241	0.140	0.248	6.176

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	314	314	405	432	487	746	537	653	846	501
N.S.	1	1.00	1.29	1.38	1.55	2.38	1.71	2.08	2.69	1.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.645	0.211	0.655	0.048	0.086	32.514	0.151	0.265	6.141

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	313	313	388	433	499	730	0	458	808	494
N.S.	1	1.00	1.24	1.38	1.59	2.33	0.00	1.46	2.58	1.58
time (sec)	N/A	0.627	0.201	0.889	0.071	0.092	0.000	0.153	0.238	0.097

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	320	320	377	435	511	695	0	454	738	505
N.S.	1	1.00	1.18	1.36	1.60	2.17	0.00	1.42	2.31	1.58
time (sec)	N/A	0.616	0.218	0.868	0.066	0.100	0.000	0.177	0.271	6.414

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	327	327	366	426	527	624	0	459	637	448
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.30	1.61	1.91	0.00	1.40	1.95	1.37
time (sec)	N/A	0.619	0.191	0.855	0.050	0.088	0.000	0.144	0.232	6.219

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	330	330	357	422	532	532	0	488	490	570
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.28	1.61	1.61	0.00	1.48	1.48	1.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.594	0.178	0.852	0.058	0.093	0.000	0.119	0.227	0.092

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	334	334	359	425	546	546	0	488	577	513
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	1.27	1.63	1.63	0.00	1.46	1.73	1.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.594	0.172	0.851	0.065	0.081	0.000	0.131	0.268	6.024

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	334	334	357	425	557	557	0	488	588	524
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	1.27	1.67	1.67	0.00	1.46	1.76	1.57
time (sec)	N/A	0.590	0.175	0.876	0.068	0.085	0.000	0.127	0.230	6.242

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	240	217	232	230	550	908	257	337	249
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.97	0.96	2.29	3.78	1.07	1.40	1.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.451	0.179	1.115	0.124	0.089	1.652	0.122	0.234	6.244

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	167	151	164	160	398	641	171	238	175
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.98	0.96	2.38	3.84	1.02	1.43	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	0.139	1.066	0.132	0.126	1.084	0.108	0.271	0.114

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	108	99	97	100	235	425	102	138	114
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.90	0.93	2.18	3.94	0.94	1.28	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.092	1.024	0.129	0.080	0.734	0.129	0.235	6.190

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	65	61	56	147	212	56	76	75
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.95	0.88	2.30	3.31	0.88	1.19	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.218	0.053	0.877	0.132	0.087	0.386	0.129	0.257	0.060

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	42	42	32	31	98	124	31	34	32
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.76	0.74	2.33	2.95	0.74	0.81	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.164	0.015	0.779	0.116	0.074	0.127	0.151	0.230	0.030

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	109	91	92	98	200	0	103	106	535
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.84	0.90	1.83	0.00	0.94	0.97	4.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	0.064	1.337	0.153	0.640	0.000	0.137	0.224	7.087

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	173	148	157	216	562	0	237	434	810
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.91	1.25	3.25	0.00	1.37	2.51	4.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.185	1.283	0.114	3.876	0.000	0.131	0.255	7.074

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	251	251	223	243	419	1350	0	399	1036	1680
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.97	1.67	5.38	0.00	1.59	4.13	6.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.506	0.352	1.365	0.139	19.063	0.000	0.127	0.245	7.206

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	297	296	307	360	356	1190	1091	366	787	370
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	1.21	1.20	4.01	3.67	1.23	2.65	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.523	0.164	1.145	0.140	0.103	6.674	0.129	0.230	0.190

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	220	220	231	263	268	849	836	273	577	276
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	1.20	1.22	3.86	3.80	1.24	2.62	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.437	0.208	1.064	0.135	0.089	4.673	0.168	0.271	0.150

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	161	171	188	188	609	583	185	417	193
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	1.17	1.17	3.78	3.62	1.15	2.59	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.359	0.126	1.029	0.132	0.085	2.729	0.132	0.239	6.114

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	118	119	127	130	384	382	128	255	203
N.S.	1	1.04	1.05	1.12	1.15	3.40	3.38	1.13	2.26	1.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.246	0.101	0.977	0.138	0.094	1.371	0.125	0.233	6.079

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	90	78	75	72	225	133	71	137	70
N.S.	1	1.29	1.11	1.07	1.03	3.21	1.90	1.01	1.96	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.200	0.071	0.791	0.123	0.085	0.493	0.140	0.298	0.068

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	57	49	48	140	90	47	67	44
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.86	0.84	2.46	1.58	0.82	1.18	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.172	0.029	0.779	0.126	0.074	0.157	0.131	0.242	0.031

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	213	158	215	243	795	0	280	527	1086
N.S.	1	1.09	0.81	1.10	1.25	4.08	0.00	1.44	2.70	5.57
time (sec)	N/A	0.466	0.163	1.290	0.137	9.008	0.000	0.155	0.240	7.284

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	291	302	251	304	511	1940	0	518	1504	2029
N.S.	1	1.04	0.86	1.04	1.76	6.67	0.00	1.78	5.17	6.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.594	0.334	1.361	0.130	35.476	0.000	0.122	0.268	7.789

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	306	318	341	404	438	1403	1044	422	983	424
N.S.	1	1.04	1.11	1.32	1.43	4.58	3.41	1.38	3.21	1.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.614	0.258	1.044	0.125	0.110	56.413	0.156	0.250	0.181

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	236	263	309	352	1055	816	324	733	763
N.S.	1	1.09	1.21	1.42	1.62	4.86	3.76	1.49	3.38	3.52
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.200	1.017	0.149	0.101	22.880	0.130	0.278	7.005

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	127	186	215	248	752	468	239	524	265
N.S.	1	0.96	1.41	1.63	1.88	5.70	3.55	1.81	3.97	2.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.105	0.880	0.146	0.119	8.580	0.133	0.238	6.267

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	157	158	148	184	537	274	170	364	154
N.S.	1	1.03	1.04	0.97	1.21	3.53	1.80	1.12	2.39	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.105	0.867	0.137	0.095	3.994	0.131	0.237	6.646

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	119	101	95	114	355	180	98	229	100
N.S.	1	1.09	0.93	0.87	1.05	3.26	1.65	0.90	2.10	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.221	0.088	0.783	0.128	0.088	0.916	0.123	0.233	6.688

Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	82	71	70	74	212	124	60	119	64
N.S.	1	1.09	0.95	0.93	0.99	2.83	1.65	0.80	1.59	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.188	0.051	0.846	0.121	0.082	0.252	0.151	0.254	6.683

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	307	350	263	435	525	1797	0	562	1251	2415
N.S.	1	1.14	0.86	1.42	1.71	5.85	0.00	1.83	4.07	7.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.715	0.297	1.353	0.149	72.752	0.000	0.140	0.238	8.425

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	461	480	378	567	997	0	0	884	3096	3015
N.S.	1	1.04	0.82	1.23	2.16	0.00	0.00	1.92	6.72	6.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.933	0.470	1.356	0.152	0.000	0.000	0.159	0.245	8.701

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	17	17	17	13	17	25	14	12	34	17
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.76	1.00	1.47	0.82	0.71	2.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.170	0.017	0.998	0.119	0.072	0.060	0.127	0.255	0.027

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	29	31	20	21	21	26	24	21	19
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	0.69	0.72	0.72	0.90	0.83	0.72	0.66
time (sec)	N/A	0.180	0.012	0.714	0.036	0.079	0.064	0.108	0.225	0.038

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	116	99	79	104	190	167	548	202	100
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.68	0.90	1.64	1.44	4.72	1.74	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	0.121	1.928	0.046	0.076	0.934	0.138	0.221	0.051

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	116	96	78	104	143	167	310	149	100
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.67	0.90	1.23	1.44	2.67	1.28	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	0.105	1.874	0.047	0.081	0.823	0.134	0.235	6.506

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	114	96	79	104	100	165	132	100	100
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.69	0.91	0.88	1.45	1.16	0.88	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	0.100	1.684	0.049	0.076	0.838	0.126	0.260	0.041

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	112	97	83	112	110	150	137	102	111
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	0.74	1.00	0.98	1.34	1.22	0.91	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.246	0.109	0.831	0.042	0.076	2.051	0.112	0.228	0.042

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	112	94	82	108	120	449	125	108	113
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.73	0.96	1.07	4.01	1.12	0.96	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	0.115	0.836	0.052	0.078	0.382	0.125	0.230	6.416

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	112	95	80	109	133	653	117	120	100
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.71	0.97	1.19	5.83	1.04	1.07	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	0.115	0.848	0.046	0.076	0.550	0.132	0.232	6.683

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	218	218	214	172	248	320	372	633	343	197
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.79	1.14	1.47	1.71	2.90	1.57	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.213	2.096	0.050	0.082	1.000	0.133	0.263	0.062

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	216	216	213	170	248	247	371	280	259	197
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.79	1.15	1.14	1.72	1.30	1.20	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.206	2.085	0.044	0.076	0.954	0.112	0.219	6.559

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	214	214	177	256	257	323	335	261	237
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.83	1.20	1.20	1.51	1.57	1.22	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.334	0.252	1.031	0.047	0.081	6.498	0.132	0.231	0.040

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	214	214	180	254	269	301	320	268	249
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.84	1.19	1.26	1.41	1.50	1.25	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.336	0.281	1.004	0.037	0.082	6.764	0.143	0.264	6.437

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	214	212	176	255	280	1426	317	279	251
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.82	1.19	1.31	6.66	1.48	1.30	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.230	0.999	0.059	0.081	0.780	0.135	0.230	0.057

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	214	214	180	255	290	1855	311	290	258
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.84	1.19	1.36	8.67	1.45	1.36	1.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.331	0.402	1.021	0.046	0.086	0.905	0.136	0.217	6.406

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	348	348	373	301	453	454	643	476	488	324
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	0.86	1.30	1.30	1.85	1.37	1.40	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.529	0.496	2.177	0.040	0.076	1.198	0.159	0.217	0.083

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	344	344	373	298	461	463	561	621	490	394
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.87	1.34	1.35	1.63	1.81	1.42	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.480	0.654	1.089	0.051	0.081	17.634	0.153	0.268	6.421

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	346	346	375	295	459	475	507	602	497	434
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.85	1.33	1.37	1.47	1.74	1.44	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.473	0.440	1.096	0.050	0.083	17.607	0.173	0.229	6.305

Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	346	346	373	304	461	487	476	599	508	455
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.88	1.33	1.41	1.38	1.73	1.47	1.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.470	0.586	1.074	0.044	0.085	21.267	0.139	0.225	6.526

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	342	342	372	301	460	496	3218	594	519	452
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.88	1.35	1.45	9.41	1.74	1.52	1.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.469	0.556	1.112	0.040	0.089	0.986	0.158	0.268	6.534

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	346	346	375	305	461	509	3952	589	530	454
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.88	1.33	1.47	11.42	1.70	1.53	1.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.473	0.626	1.095	0.044	0.090	1.268	0.152	0.233	6.648

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	237	251	284	357	0	7410	0	680	899	11383
N.S.	1	1.06	1.20	1.51	0.00	31.27	0.00	2.87	3.79	48.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.647	1.139	1.704	0.000	10.943	0.000	0.218	0.249	7.244

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	202	213	259	271	0	4480	0	550	540	7560
N.S.	1	1.05	1.28	1.34	0.00	22.18	0.00	2.72	2.67	37.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.476	0.967	1.509	0.000	1.971	0.000	0.186	0.274	6.544

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	191	211	190	0	1538	0	316	258	4276
N.S.	1	1.07	1.18	1.06	0.00	8.59	0.00	1.77	1.44	23.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.373	0.504	1.411	0.000	0.132	0.000	0.171	0.233	6.090

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	160	188	133	0	2385	0	269	516	2065
N.S.	1	1.05	1.24	0.88	0.00	15.69	0.00	1.77	3.39	13.59
time (sec)	N/A	0.297	0.551	1.378	0.000	0.137	0.000	0.152	0.228	6.927

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	197	251	255	229	0	6448	0	941	983	10288
N.S.	1	1.27	1.29	1.16	0.00	32.73	0.00	4.78	4.99	52.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.454	0.943	1.444	0.000	3.452	0.000	0.241	0.315	8.585

Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	243	318	300	345	0	11231	0	1751	2731	17610
N.S.	1	1.31	1.23	1.42	0.00	46.22	0.00	7.21	11.24	72.47
time (sec)	N/A	0.560	1.369	1.740	0.000	24.562	0.000	0.357	0.261	9.420

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	280	288	323	380	0	5611	0	755	1558	9253
N.S.	1	1.03	1.15	1.36	0.00	20.04	0.00	2.70	5.56	33.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.604	1.949	1.918	0.000	10.981	0.000	0.304	0.330	6.612

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	238	256	254	305	0	2327	0	546	870	5212
N.S.	1	1.08	1.07	1.28	0.00	9.78	0.00	2.29	3.66	21.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.478	1.838	1.655	0.000	0.328	0.000	0.267	0.463	6.488

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	225	235	285	244	0	3195	0	449	1528	5062
N.S.	1	1.04	1.27	1.08	0.00	14.20	0.00	2.00	6.79	22.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.433	2.184	1.510	0.000	3.679	0.000	0.203	0.468	7.135

Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	250	310	309	336	0	7506	0	1182	2239	10862
N.S.	1	1.24	1.24	1.34	0.00	30.02	0.00	4.73	8.96	43.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.521	1.860	2.245	0.000	55.302	0.000	0.293	0.528	8.289

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	303	379	363	431	0	0	0	1970	3362	19787
N.S.	1	1.25	1.20	1.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.50	11.10	65.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.694	3.308	1.918	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.498	1.217	9.539

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	396	424	472	499	0	6669	0	1106	3452	11687
N.S.	1	1.07	1.19	1.26	0.00	16.84	0.00	2.79	8.72	29.51
time (sec)	N/A	0.818	6.033	2.369	0.000	10.858	0.000	0.324	6.861	6.710

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	372	401	402	420	0	3382	0	941	2428	7702
N.S.	1	1.08	1.08	1.13	0.00	9.09	0.00	2.53	6.53	20.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.705	4.970	2.066	0.000	1.345	0.000	0.306	6.814	0.764

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	350	411	352	337	0	4176	0	731	3475	7239
N.S.	1	1.17	1.01	0.96	0.00	11.93	0.00	2.09	9.93	20.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.714	3.597	1.798	0.000	2.712	0.000	0.273	7.207	9.463

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	372	440	438	433	0	8803	0	1633	4633	13200
N.S.	1	1.18	1.18	1.16	0.00	23.66	0.00	4.39	12.45	35.48
time (sec)	N/A	0.733	3.324	1.833	0.000	108.798	0.000	0.355	8.293	9.577

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	417	503	485	663	0	0	0	2380	5713	19125
N.S.	1	1.21	1.16	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.71	13.70	45.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.889	3.560	3.951	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.465	9.287	10.758

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	B	F	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	162	252	197	0	236	0	1495	113	310
N.S.	1	2.13	3.32	2.59	0.00	3.11	0.00	19.67	1.49	4.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.407	1.932	1.882	0.000	0.084	0.000	0.394	0.361	0.193

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	C	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	197	142	110	0	164	0	18107	59	206
N.S.	1	1.46	1.05	0.81	0.00	1.21	0.00	134.13	0.44	1.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.376	0.385	8.238	0.000	0.094	0.000	13.792	0.350	0.130

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	73	74	54	0	424	92	62	375	773
N.S.	1	1.11	1.12	0.82	0.00	6.42	1.39	0.94	5.68	11.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	0.245	2.536	0.000	0.103	3.873	0.115	0.376	6.238

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	304	467	91	287	0	1545	0	0	977	1244
N.S.	1	1.54	0.30	0.94	0.00	5.08	0.00	0.00	3.21	4.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.805	0.533	6.744	0.000	0.120	0.000	0.000	0.384	6.325

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	236	66	272	0	159	0	157	255	233
N.S.	1	1.52	0.43	1.75	0.00	1.03	0.00	1.01	1.65	1.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.450	0.221	2.254	0.000	0.078	0.000	0.265	0.400	0.071

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	67	22	41	0	22	0	63	42	38
N.S.	1	1.49	0.49	0.91	0.00	0.49	0.00	1.40	0.93	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.217	0.198	2.560	0.000	0.075	0.000	0.138	0.371	0.038

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	A	A	F	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	65	22	40	0	37	0	53	39	21
N.S.	1	2.41	0.81	1.48	0.00	1.37	0.00	1.96	1.44	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.218	0.113	0.915	0.000	0.076	0.000	0.149	0.365	6.214

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	47	24	22	21	14	22	21	19	26
N.S.	1	1.62	0.83	0.76	0.72	0.48	0.76	0.72	0.66	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.203	0.043	1.504	0.156	0.084	5.127	0.135	0.365	0.100

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	A	C	F	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	97	26	61	0	19	0	23	49	39
N.S.	1	2.16	0.58	1.36	0.00	0.42	0.00	0.51	1.09	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.227	0.295	1.036	0.000	0.078	0.000	0.134	0.391	0.218

Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	256	247	241	266	301	580	493	303	24	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.94	1.04	1.18	2.27	1.93	1.18	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.447	1.630	1.240	0.047	0.110	0.643	0.132	200.051	0.000

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	169	168	170	192	374	323	202	312	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.98	0.99	1.12	2.19	1.89	1.18	1.82	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.900	1.066	0.039	0.100	0.580	0.127	0.430	0.000

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	111	104	96	118	232	175	114	165	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.00	0.92	1.13	2.23	1.68	1.10	1.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.215	0.747	0.836	0.041	0.096	0.565	0.139	0.243	0.000

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	68	68	54	45	128	90	55	73	52
N.S.	1	1.01	1.01	0.81	0.67	1.91	1.34	0.82	1.09	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.178	0.454	0.792	0.031	0.101	0.403	0.132	0.246	6.580

Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	156	153	234	213	784	0	0	2189	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.03	1.57	1.43	5.26	0.00	0.00	14.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	1.083	1.306	0.064	39.351	0.000	0.000	0.301	0.000

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	155	157	441	265	1369	0	0	1018	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.05	2.94	1.77	9.13	0.00	0.00	6.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	1.254	1.361	0.069	64.393	0.000	0.000	0.277	0.000

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	F(-1)	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	224	198	1445	548	0	0	617	1555	0
N.S.	1	1.17	1.04	7.57	2.87	0.00	0.00	3.23	8.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.383	2.543	1.484	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.200	0.255	0.000

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	317	271	322	314	374	804	921	424	24	0
N.S.	1	0.85	1.02	0.99	1.18	2.54	2.91	1.34	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.449	2.115	1.185	0.061	0.135	0.723	0.158	200.046	0.000

Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	191	229	202	240	538	609	294	442	0
N.S.	1	0.89	1.07	0.94	1.12	2.51	2.85	1.37	2.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	1.579	1.037	0.045	0.116	0.780	0.185	1.827	0.000

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	133	142	148	155	332	335	178	245	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.04	1.08	1.13	2.42	2.45	1.30	1.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	0.754	0.827	0.059	0.115	0.649	0.150	0.443	0.000

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	90	87	70	61	176	119	76	111	54
N.S.	1	1.03	1.00	0.80	0.70	2.02	1.37	0.87	1.28	0.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.191	0.517	0.783	0.028	0.096	0.425	0.153	0.305	6.013

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	236	251	240	367	384	0	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.02	1.56	1.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.552	1.612	1.365	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.025	0.000

Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	231	242	246	571	398	0	0	0	1076	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.06	2.47	1.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.497	1.726	1.397	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.294	0.000

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	F(-1)	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	238	246	247	1005	776	0	0	666	2274	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.04	4.22	3.26	0.00	0.00	2.80	9.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.440	3.282	1.519	0.115	0.000	0.000	0.190	0.263	0.000

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	377	294	406	362	446	1032	1486	547	24	0
N.S.	1	0.78	1.08	0.96	1.18	2.74	3.94	1.45	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.463	3.247	1.220	0.040	0.193	1.038	0.159	200.040	0.000

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	257	213	283	234	288	704	994	386	572	0
N.S.	1	0.83	1.10	0.91	1.12	2.74	3.87	1.50	2.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	2.465	1.111	0.048	0.143	0.767	0.184	5.016	0.000

Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	155	177	185	192	434	561	238	325	0
N.S.	1	0.91	1.04	1.09	1.13	2.55	3.30	1.40	1.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	0.847	0.878	0.041	0.104	0.887	0.336	0.258	0.000

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	112	107	86	77	224	150	101	17	54
N.S.	1	1.05	1.00	0.80	0.72	2.09	1.40	0.94	0.16	0.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.197	0.490	0.797	0.036	0.094	0.482	0.233	200.039	6.161

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	346	369	373	585	654	0	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.08	1.69	1.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.812	2.116	1.358	0.146	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.033	0.000

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	340	359	384	783	625	0	0	0	1929	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.13	2.30	1.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.758	2.390	1.444	0.170	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.571	0.000

Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	F(-1)	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	341	358	385	1198	1257	0	0	1067	2321	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.13	3.51	3.69	0.00	0.00	3.13	6.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.680	5.167	1.536	0.205	0.000	0.000	0.494	0.240	0.000

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	284	309	232	254	336	516	374	278	24	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.82	0.89	1.18	1.82	1.32	0.98	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.561	1.597	1.279	0.043	0.123	0.749	0.123	200.028	0.000

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	201	223	163	162	230	374	274	196	24	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.81	0.81	1.14	1.86	1.36	0.98	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.415	1.472	1.211	0.048	0.126	0.605	0.118	200.030	0.000

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	145	110	103	144	226	184	123	186	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.85	0.79	1.11	1.74	1.42	0.95	1.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.289	0.948	1.006	0.037	0.105	0.582	0.174	0.231	0.000

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	83	72	61	80	142	110	68	92	136
N.S.	1	1.15	1.00	0.85	1.11	1.97	1.53	0.94	1.28	1.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.199	0.587	0.807	0.032	0.119	0.562	0.162	0.218	6.460

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	46	37	29	92	71	39	38	36
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	0.86	0.67	2.14	1.65	0.91	0.88	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.164	0.343	0.780	0.042	0.102	0.326	0.189	0.215	6.028

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	94	106	160	126	672	0	0	2126	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.13	1.70	1.34	7.15	0.00	0.00	22.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	0.664	1.296	0.054	5.461	0.000	0.000	0.243	0.000

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	F	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	114	351	245	446	0	0	416	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	3.38	2.36	4.29	0.00	0.00	4.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	0.677	1.339	0.069	0.249	0.000	0.000	0.268	0.000

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	177	191	167	668	538	914	0	583	1120	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.94	3.77	3.04	5.16	0.00	3.29	6.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.357	1.245	1.367	0.080	1.178	0.000	0.132	0.233	0.000

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	258	288	286	1215	1097	1620	0	1076	2137	0
N.S.	1	1.12	1.11	4.71	4.25	6.28	0.00	4.17	8.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.505	10.435	1.385	0.114	4.160	0.000	0.136	0.263	0.000

Problem 178	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	235	252	237	260	336	692	0	300	24	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.01	1.11	1.43	2.94	0.00	1.28	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.437	1.082	1.310	0.042	0.124	0.000	0.125	200.024	0.000

Problem 179	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	173	161	179	228	508	0	209	24	0
N.S.	1	1.11	1.03	1.15	1.46	3.26	0.00	1.34	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.848	1.190	0.044	0.115	0.000	0.122	200.034	0.000

Problem 180	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	117	109	124	143	312	0	130	303	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.97	1.11	1.28	2.79	0.00	1.16	2.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.255	0.658	1.053	0.056	0.096	0.000	0.125	0.322	0.000

Problem 181	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	80	71	78	81	201	121	77	142	82
N.S.	1	1.14	1.01	1.11	1.16	2.87	1.73	1.10	2.03	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.196	0.457	0.799	0.037	0.105	4.162	0.131	0.343	6.103

Problem 182	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	27	26	31	35	46	23	47	24
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.93	1.11	1.25	1.64	0.82	1.68	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.148	0.295	0.766	0.038	0.084	2.178	0.121	0.334	5.875

Problem 183	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	115	122	342	278	571	0	227	4555	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	2.97	2.42	4.97	0.00	1.97	39.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	0.748	1.275	0.073	0.323	0.000	0.122	0.415	0.000

Problem 184	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	F	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	207	201	839	669	1297	0	0	1540	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.06	4.42	3.52	6.83	0.00	0.00	8.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	1.420	1.299	0.105	0.745	0.000	0.000	0.421	0.000

Problem 185	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	292	307	774	1457	1390	2236	0	1048	2940	0
N.S.	1	1.05	2.65	4.99	4.76	7.66	0.00	3.59	10.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.497	10.986	1.375	0.140	2.602	0.000	0.149	0.979	0.000

Problem 186	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	299	329	301	405	514	1020	0	410	24	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.01	1.35	1.72	3.41	0.00	1.37	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.564	2.378	1.595	0.055	0.146	0.000	0.131	200.031	0.000

Problem 187	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	232	248	236	310	375	724	0	299	704	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.02	1.34	1.62	3.12	0.00	1.29	3.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.452	1.831	1.332	0.052	0.140	0.000	0.126	0.264	0.000

Problem 188	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	176	163	235	268	513	0	219	470	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.00	1.44	1.64	3.15	0.00	1.34	2.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	2.253	1.147	0.051	0.144	0.000	0.124	0.259	0.000

Problem 189	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	98	107	169	127	0	110	282	106
N.S.	1	1.00	1.27	1.39	2.19	1.65	0.00	1.43	3.66	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.199	1.133	1.020	0.039	0.102	0.000	0.127	0.256	6.079

Problem 190	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	90	61	57	104	79	250	66	159	75
N.S.	1	1.17	0.79	0.74	1.35	1.03	3.25	0.86	2.06	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.196	0.715	0.790	0.033	0.120	8.729	0.124	0.248	6.133

Problem 191	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	51	43	40	48	62	146	37	96	41
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.78	0.94	1.22	2.86	0.73	1.88	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.165	0.445	0.813	0.041	0.106	4.493	0.116	0.283	5.844

Problem 192	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	225	222	646	630	1196	0	1467	7379	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.09	3.17	3.09	5.86	0.00	7.19	36.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.404	1.603	1.318	0.113	0.503	0.000	0.134	0.638	0.000

Problem 193	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	F(-1)	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	308	362	299	1509	1360	2534	0	1957	2864	0
N.S.	1	1.18	0.97	4.90	4.42	8.23	0.00	6.35	9.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.582	11.900	1.363	0.171	1.536	0.000	0.307	4.538	0.000

Problem 194	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	F(-1)	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	436	493	418	2511	2543	3894	0	3353	24	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.96	5.76	5.83	8.93	0.00	7.69	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.848	13.932	1.440	0.240	4.938	0.000	0.228	200.049	0.000

Problem 195	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	141	76	55	90	70	131	64	110	55
N.S.	1	1.16	0.62	0.45	0.74	0.57	1.07	0.52	0.90	0.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.555	0.815	0.122	0.085	0.450	0.115	0.348	0.027

Problem 196	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	123	71	50	76	65	63	57	97	50
N.S.	1	1.23	0.71	0.50	0.76	0.65	0.63	0.57	0.97	0.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.237	0.460	0.782	0.132	0.087	1.033	0.113	0.291	0.021

Problem 197	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	92	66	45	62	60	95	54	84	45
N.S.	1	1.18	0.85	0.58	0.79	0.77	1.22	0.69	1.08	0.58
time (sec)	N/A	0.200	0.357	0.760	0.118	0.079	0.192	0.126	0.289	0.023

Problem 198	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	69	61	40	48	55	48	48	71	40
N.S.	1	1.23	1.09	0.71	0.86	0.98	0.86	0.86	1.27	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.173	0.210	0.660	0.118	0.081	0.651	0.101	0.291	0.020

Problem 199	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	51	54	35	36	50	61	44	58	33
N.S.	1	1.04	1.10	0.71	0.73	1.02	1.24	0.90	1.18	0.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.159	0.125	0.631	0.111	0.078	0.090	0.117	0.277	0.018

Problem 200	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	77	92	58	70	90	0	104	140	66
N.S.	1	1.07	1.28	0.81	0.97	1.25	0.00	1.44	1.94	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.205	0.843	0.958	0.119	0.090	0.000	0.143	0.399	0.108

Problem 201	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	95	77	76	109	0	285	172	80
N.S.	1	1.00	1.30	1.05	1.04	1.49	0.00	3.90	2.36	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.212	0.947	0.936	0.120	0.096	0.000	0.257	0.324	0.065

Problem 202	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	84	103	77	99	126	0	205	255	92
N.S.	1	1.06	1.30	0.97	1.25	1.59	0.00	2.59	3.23	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.212	0.930	0.983	0.127	0.086	0.000	0.138	0.265	0.066

Problem 203	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	87	78	70	115	104	0	232	191	106
N.S.	1	1.06	0.95	0.85	1.40	1.27	0.00	2.83	2.33	1.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.200	1.363	0.783	0.126	0.093	0.000	0.140	0.310	5.977

Problem 204	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	114	83	75	148	119	0	181	246	140
N.S.	1	1.10	0.80	0.72	1.42	1.14	0.00	1.74	2.37	1.35
time (sec)	N/A	0.234	1.562	0.796	0.127	0.101	0.000	0.116	0.312	0.069

Problem 205	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	141	88	80	186	134	0	322	301	178
N.S.	1	1.12	0.70	0.63	1.48	1.06	0.00	2.56	2.39	1.41
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	2.047	0.809	0.131	0.087	0.000	0.145	0.256	6.031

Problem 206	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	168	93	85	229	149	0	367	356	223
N.S.	1	1.14	0.63	0.57	1.55	1.01	0.00	2.48	2.41	1.51
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	2.472	0.815	0.128	0.135	0.000	0.138	0.270	5.934

Problem 207	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	167	86	65	102	80	162	72	136	65
N.S.	1	1.21	0.62	0.47	0.74	0.58	1.17	0.52	0.99	0.47
time (sec)	N/A	0.282	0.475	0.789	0.145	0.095	2.240	0.117	0.261	0.030

Problem 208	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	144	81	60	88	75	144	66	123	60
N.S.	1	1.24	0.70	0.52	0.76	0.65	1.24	0.57	1.06	0.52
time (sec)	N/A	0.242	0.560	0.747	0.120	0.087	1.544	0.116	0.252	0.026

Problem 209	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	117	76	55	74	70	129	62	110	55
N.S.	1	1.24	0.81	0.59	0.79	0.74	1.37	0.66	1.17	0.59
time (sec)	N/A	0.218	0.350	0.733	0.125	0.097	1.041	0.114	0.245	5.903

Problem 210	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	90	71	50	60	65	110	56	97	50
N.S.	1	1.25	0.99	0.69	0.83	0.90	1.53	0.78	1.35	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.195	0.441	0.630	0.124	0.087	0.703	0.113	0.262	5.842

Problem 211	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	72	66	45	48	60	97	53	84	45
N.S.	1	1.07	0.99	0.67	0.72	0.90	1.45	0.79	1.25	0.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.172	0.246	0.616	0.130	0.112	0.439	0.111	0.263	5.978

Problem 212	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	102	104	70	93	102	0	116	166	76
N.S.	1	1.11	1.13	0.76	1.01	1.11	0.00	1.26	1.80	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.232	0.727	0.934	0.123	0.100	0.000	0.142	0.252	0.073

Problem 213	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	107	111	87	99	121	0	475	198	108
N.S.	1	1.10	1.14	0.90	1.02	1.25	0.00	4.90	2.04	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.237	1.063	0.927	0.120	0.094	0.000	0.314	0.285	0.068

Problem 214	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	114	113	87	122	136	0	219	281	117
N.S.	1	1.15	1.14	0.88	1.23	1.37	0.00	2.21	2.84	1.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.256	1.074	0.921	0.131	0.108	0.000	0.147	0.290	0.073

Problem 215	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	116	113	87	150	151	0	265	370	133
N.S.	1	1.09	1.07	0.82	1.42	1.42	0.00	2.50	3.49	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	1.239	0.915	0.131	0.106	0.000	0.161	0.311	5.948

Problem 216	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	116	113	87	183	166	0	245	451	155
N.S.	1	1.09	1.07	0.82	1.73	1.57	0.00	2.31	4.25	1.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.244	1.356	0.928	0.132	0.102	0.000	0.257	0.336	5.976

Problem 217	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	119	88	80	209	134	0	318	301	179
N.S.	1	1.09	0.81	0.73	1.92	1.23	0.00	2.92	2.76	1.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.231	2.654	0.798	0.131	0.104	0.000	0.145	0.332	0.074

Problem 218	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	146	93	85	252	149	0	367	356	223
N.S.	1	1.11	0.71	0.65	1.92	1.14	0.00	2.80	2.72	1.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	3.399	0.810	0.141	0.098	0.000	0.148	0.265	5.995

Problem 219	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	173	98	90	300	164	0	408	411	272
N.S.	1	1.13	0.64	0.59	1.96	1.07	0.00	2.67	2.69	1.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.295	2.248	0.839	0.124	0.104	0.000	0.145	0.255	5.975

Problem 220	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	188	96	75	114	90	199	82	162	75
N.S.	1	1.22	0.62	0.49	0.74	0.58	1.29	0.53	1.05	0.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.286	0.477	0.815	0.116	0.100	8.927	0.110	0.248	0.030

Problem 221	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	165	91	70	100	85	180	76	149	70
N.S.	1	1.25	0.69	0.53	0.76	0.64	1.36	0.58	1.13	0.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.437	0.786	0.142	0.094	6.289	0.120	0.233	5.911

Problem 222	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	134	86	65	86	80	162	72	136	65
N.S.	1	1.22	0.78	0.59	0.78	0.73	1.47	0.65	1.24	0.59
time (sec)	N/A	0.229	0.370	0.756	0.110	0.121	4.377	0.116	0.273	0.026

Problem 223	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	111	81	60	72	75	143	63	123	60
N.S.	1	1.26	0.92	0.68	0.82	0.85	1.62	0.72	1.40	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.196	0.325	0.654	0.122	0.094	3.024	0.117	0.250	6.005

Problem 224	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	93	76	55	60	70	131	61	110	55
N.S.	1	1.12	0.92	0.66	0.72	0.84	1.58	0.73	1.33	0.66
time (sec)	N/A	0.183	0.233	0.624	0.120	0.099	2.238	0.112	0.269	5.907

Problem 225	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	127	114	80	116	112	0	125	192	86
N.S.	1	1.13	1.02	0.71	1.04	1.00	0.00	1.12	1.71	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.578	0.892	0.142	0.097	0.000	0.144	0.244	5.866

Problem 226	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	127	121	97	122	131	0	665	224	138
N.S.	1	1.09	1.03	0.83	1.04	1.12	0.00	5.68	1.91	1.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	0.809	0.962	0.122	0.111	0.000	0.398	0.363	0.080

Problem 227	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	141	121	97	145	146	0	230	307	147
N.S.	1	1.18	1.02	0.82	1.22	1.23	0.00	1.93	2.58	1.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.885	0.958	0.146	0.115	0.000	0.148	0.285	0.074

Problem 228	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	146	128	97	173	162	0	275	396	161
N.S.	1	1.14	1.00	0.76	1.35	1.27	0.00	2.15	3.09	1.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	1.182	0.948	0.132	0.103	0.000	0.148	0.293	0.075

Problem 229	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	148	121	97	206	176	0	440	477	180
N.S.	1	1.17	0.96	0.77	1.63	1.40	0.00	3.49	3.79	1.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	1.436	0.954	0.125	0.104	0.000	0.307	0.269	5.945

Problem 230	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	148	123	97	244	191	0	355	568	206
N.S.	1	1.11	0.92	0.73	1.83	1.44	0.00	2.67	4.27	1.55
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	1.737	0.974	0.140	0.105	0.000	0.153	0.271	5.939

Problem 231	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	148	121	97	287	206	0	389	647	238
N.S.	1	1.11	0.91	0.73	2.16	1.55	0.00	2.92	4.86	1.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	3.946	1.002	0.151	0.123	0.000	0.155	0.264	5.979

Problem 232	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	151	98	90	323	164	0	408	411	272
N.S.	1	1.11	0.72	0.66	2.38	1.21	0.00	3.00	3.02	2.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.260	5.557	0.876	0.156	0.093	0.000	0.148	0.258	5.998

Problem 233	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	158	178	103	95	376	179	0	457	466	326
N.S.	1	1.13	0.65	0.60	2.38	1.13	0.00	2.89	2.95	2.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.297	5.227	0.902	0.169	0.111	0.000	0.156	0.257	5.956

Problem 234	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	180	205	108	100	434	194	0	502	521	385
N.S.	1	1.14	0.60	0.56	2.41	1.08	0.00	2.79	2.89	2.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	3.397	0.960	0.165	0.101	0.000	0.154	0.277	0.100

Problem 235	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	128	66	45	78	60	97	53	84	45
N.S.	1	1.21	0.62	0.42	0.74	0.57	0.92	0.50	0.79	0.42
time (sec)	N/A	0.252	0.324	0.776	0.117	0.083	0.456	0.115	0.278	0.024

Problem 236	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	101	61	40	64	55	80	49	71	40
N.S.	1	1.20	0.73	0.48	0.76	0.65	0.95	0.58	0.85	0.48
time (sec)	N/A	0.221	0.278	0.753	0.115	0.109	0.256	0.114	0.242	0.020

Problem 237	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	74	56	35	50	50	63	42	58	35
N.S.	1	1.19	0.90	0.56	0.81	0.81	1.02	0.68	0.94	0.56
time (sec)	N/A	0.186	0.219	0.743	0.139	0.082	0.251	0.120	0.275	0.019

Problem 238	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	51	49	28	36	43	44	37	45	28
N.S.	1	1.28	1.22	0.70	0.90	1.08	1.10	0.92	1.12	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.167	0.171	0.638	0.118	0.089	0.119	0.114	0.328	0.018

Problem 239	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	44	25	24	40	29	34	34	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.33	0.76	0.73	1.21	0.88	1.03	1.03	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.150	0.197	0.625	0.122	0.084	0.084	0.112	0.328	0.016

Problem 240	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	52	74	44	47	76	0	90	119	49
N.S.	1	1.00	1.42	0.85	0.90	1.46	0.00	1.73	2.29	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.180	0.506	0.867	0.120	0.093	0.000	0.132	0.297	5.939

Problem 241	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	68	50	53	74	0	125	83	53
N.S.	1	1.00	1.24	0.91	0.96	1.35	0.00	2.27	1.51	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.180	0.442	0.775	0.141	0.113	0.000	0.139	0.279	6.019

Problem 242	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	82	73	65	76	89	0	183	136	77
N.S.	1	1.06	0.95	0.84	0.99	1.16	0.00	2.38	1.77	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.204	0.567	0.772	0.121	0.088	0.000	0.139	0.248	0.063

Problem 243	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	109	78	70	104	104	0	232	191	106
N.S.	1	1.10	0.79	0.71	1.05	1.05	0.00	2.34	1.93	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	0.822	0.786	0.124	0.099	0.000	0.140	0.261	6.028

Problem 244	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	106	66	45	78	78	0	54	131	110
N.S.	1	1.19	0.74	0.51	0.88	0.88	0.00	0.61	1.47	1.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.220	0.395	0.803	0.134	0.096	0.000	0.116	0.270	5.855

Problem 245	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	79	61	40	64	73	0	47	118	105
N.S.	1	1.18	0.91	0.60	0.96	1.09	0.00	0.70	1.76	1.57
time (sec)	N/A	0.195	0.343	0.776	0.113	0.083	0.000	0.115	0.259	0.023

Problem 246	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	63	56	35	50	68	0	44	105	100
N.S.	1	1.05	0.93	0.58	0.83	1.13	0.00	0.73	1.75	1.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.181	0.295	0.749	0.110	0.091	0.000	0.113	0.297	5.979

Problem 247	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	51	51	30	36	62	99	39	92	88
N.S.	1	1.28	1.28	0.75	0.90	1.55	2.48	0.98	2.30	2.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.162	0.252	0.641	0.130	0.086	6.236	0.110	0.245	5.966

Problem 248	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	20	17	24	16	27	16	43	15
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.85	1.20	0.80	1.35	0.80	2.15	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.140	0.179	0.602	0.045	0.096	6.232	0.112	0.230	0.025

Problem 249	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	53	66	48	58	83	0	84	242	106
N.S.	1	1.00	1.25	0.91	1.09	1.57	0.00	1.58	4.57	2.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.176	0.410	0.808	0.119	0.090	0.000	0.122	0.269	6.129

Problem 250	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	87	65	60	86	104	0	168	191	157
N.S.	1	1.16	0.87	0.80	1.15	1.39	0.00	2.24	2.55	2.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.203	0.716	0.784	0.114	0.089	0.000	0.131	0.293	0.074

Problem 251	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	114	83	65	128	119	0	199	246	181
N.S.	1	1.18	0.86	0.67	1.32	1.23	0.00	2.05	2.54	1.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.238	0.759	0.786	0.132	0.099	0.000	0.154	0.254	0.076

Problem 252	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	136	76	55	133	98	0	60	195	222
N.S.	1	1.17	0.66	0.47	1.15	0.84	0.00	0.52	1.68	1.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.257	0.522	0.852	0.112	0.095	0.000	0.116	0.285	5.978

Problem 253	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	111	71	50	119	93	0	55	24	217
N.S.	1	1.18	0.76	0.53	1.27	0.99	0.00	0.59	0.26	2.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.234	0.508	0.793	0.108	0.087	0.000	0.123	200.029	5.960

Problem 254	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	95	66	45	105	87	0	52	169	212
N.S.	1	1.09	0.76	0.52	1.21	1.00	0.00	0.60	1.94	2.44
time (sec)	N/A	0.217	0.484	0.766	0.116	0.099	0.000	0.114	0.556	0.030

Problem 255	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	81	61	40	91	81	0	48	156	200
N.S.	1	1.21	0.91	0.60	1.36	1.21	0.00	0.72	2.33	2.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.198	0.448	0.741	0.109	0.093	0.000	0.115	0.604	6.198

Problem 256	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	48	30	27	50	40	0	25	81	185
N.S.	1	1.04	0.65	0.59	1.09	0.87	0.00	0.54	1.76	4.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.175	0.360	0.715	0.026	0.078	0.000	0.112	0.567	0.028

Problem 257	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	48	25	22	36	35	122	23	68	161
N.S.	1	1.30	0.68	0.59	0.97	0.95	3.30	0.62	1.84	4.35
time (sec)	N/A	0.163	0.297	0.619	0.033	0.080	22.512	0.117	0.588	6.521

Problem 258	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	37	25	22	36	35	90	21	68	161
N.S.	1	1.00	0.68	0.59	0.97	0.95	2.43	0.57	1.84	4.35
time (sec)	N/A	0.154	0.249	0.677	0.033	0.122	15.974	0.112	0.558	0.024

Problem 259	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	78	63	75	81	103	0	93	384	218
N.S.	1	1.07	0.86	1.03	1.11	1.41	0.00	1.27	5.26	2.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.209	1.023	0.875	0.124	0.088	0.000	0.131	0.595	0.077

Problem 260	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	119	101	70	109	134	0	233	301	270
N.S.	1	1.25	1.06	0.74	1.15	1.41	0.00	2.45	3.17	2.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.238	0.993	0.816	0.126	0.092	0.000	0.135	0.645	6.625

Problem 261	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	146	93	75	151	149	0	208	356	301
N.S.	1	1.25	0.79	0.64	1.29	1.27	0.00	1.78	3.04	2.57
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.948	0.823	0.116	0.102	0.000	0.138	0.679	0.110

Problem 262	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	433	430	586	792	0	346	0	0	546	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.35	1.83	0.00	0.80	0.00	0.00	1.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.661	26.739	4.131	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.000	3.295	0.000

Problem 263	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	359	351	519	668	0	271	0	0	363	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.45	1.86	0.00	0.75	0.00	0.00	1.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.518	26.051	3.585	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.000	2.920	0.000

Problem 264	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	346	337	462	681	0	309	0	0	988	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.34	1.97	0.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	2.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.478	24.636	6.829	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.000	9.099	0.000

Problem 265	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	424	421	525	775	0	515	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.24	1.83	0.00	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.598	24.857	4.398	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.000	97.590	0.000

Problem 266	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	529	524	584	890	0	903	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.10	1.68	0.00	1.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.774	26.128	5.625	0.000	0.160	0.000	0.000	76.550	0.000

Problem 267	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	603	609	801	1381	0	522	0	0	1039	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.33	2.29	0.00	0.87	0.00	0.00	1.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.980	27.850	5.946	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.000	4.467	0.000

Problem 268	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	493	493	693	1050	0	417	0	0	788	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.41	2.13	0.00	0.85	0.00	0.00	1.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.763	27.327	7.000	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.000	4.261	0.000

Problem 269	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	443	443	617	1137	0	506	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.39	2.57	0.00	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.660	26.234	8.689	0.000	0.112	0.000	0.000	32.268	0.000

Problem 270	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	432	433	592	989	0	513	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.37	2.29	0.00	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.655	25.819	15.365	0.000	0.127	0.000	0.000	140.258	0.000

Problem 271	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	520	537	672	973	0	885	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.29	1.87	0.00	1.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.777	26.859	17.204	0.000	0.128	0.000	0.000	4.044	0.000

Problem 272	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	654	650	795	1069	0	1392	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.22	1.63	0.00	2.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.948	28.342	9.361	0.000	0.211	0.000	0.000	12.316	0.000

Problem 273	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	383	377	512	682	0	270	0	0	464	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.34	1.78	0.00	0.70	0.00	0.00	1.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.581	24.606	4.999	0.000	0.135	0.000	0.000	2.156	0.000

Problem 274	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	325	317	453	587	0	230	0	0	295	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.39	1.81	0.00	0.71	0.00	0.00	0.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.448	24.351	2.809	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	1.437	0.000

Problem 275	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	280	268	405	498	0	182	0	0	90	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.45	1.78	0.00	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.384	22.692	4.230	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.000	1.183	0.000

Problem 276	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	339	341	289	654	0	322	0	0	138	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.85	1.93	0.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.484	23.013	5.990	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	2.975	0.000

Problem 277	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	437	439	485	776	0	545	0	0	186	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	1.78	0.00	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.636	24.753	8.339	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.000	2.619	0.000

Problem 278	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	405	411	565	845	0	444	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.40	2.09	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.605	25.545	10.778	0.000	0.101	0.000	0.000	4.418	0.000

Problem 279	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	336	343	497	703	0	328	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.48	2.09	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.494	24.563	4.899	0.000	0.104	0.000	0.000	2.776	0.000

Problem 280	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	311	318	442	625	0	266	0	0	1442	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.42	2.01	0.00	0.86	0.00	0.00	4.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.450	23.555	1.835	0.000	0.119	0.000	0.000	2.587	0.000

Problem 281	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	351	367	511	720	0	358	0	0	899	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.46	2.05	0.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	2.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.521	24.634	6.297	0.000	0.111	0.000	0.000	1.814	0.000

Problem 282	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	452	459	570	884	0	804	0	0	1045	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.26	1.96	0.00	1.78	0.00	0.00	2.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.677	24.920	8.415	0.000	0.117	0.000	0.000	30.910	0.000

Problem 283	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	482	492	710	969	0	752	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.47	2.01	0.00	1.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.778	27.355	7.196	0.000	0.122	0.000	0.000	5.363	0.000

Problem 284	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	434	444	606	845	0	616	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.40	1.95	0.00	1.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.671	25.935	6.303	0.000	0.104	0.000	0.000	6.632	0.000

Problem 285	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	403	446	528	750	0	459	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.11	1.31	1.86	0.00	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.659	24.767	6.088	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.000	3.892	0.000

Problem 286	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	438	455	587	836	0	662	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.34	1.91	0.00	1.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.656	25.790	1.871	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.000	3.511	0.000

Problem 287	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	519	536	674	971	0	828	0	0	352	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.30	1.87	0.00	1.60	0.00	0.00	0.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.790	26.769	8.793	0.000	0.128	0.000	0.000	2.982	0.000

Problem 288	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	645	666	789	1195	0	1814	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.22	1.85	0.00	2.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.051	27.555	10.758	0.000	0.235	0.000	0.000	70.346	0.000

Problem 289	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	135	288	161	0	191	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.48	3.16	1.77	0.00	2.10	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.296	0.391	2.743	0.000	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.377	0.000

Problem 290	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	135	287	161	0	191	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.48	3.15	1.77	0.00	2.10	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.312	11.153	2.227	0.000	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.392	0.000

Problem 291	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	106	164	0	191	0	0	44	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.16	1.80	0.00	2.10	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.215	7.898	1.902	0.000	0.074	0.000	0.000	1.900	0.000

Problem 292	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	216	307	318	0	210	0	0	44	0
N.S.	1	1.58	2.24	2.32	0.00	1.53	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.388	0.468	1.741	0.000	0.085	0.000	0.000	0.347	0.000

Problem 293	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	216	321	318	0	210	0	0	44	0
N.S.	1	1.58	2.34	2.32	0.00	1.53	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	10.554	1.914	0.000	0.101	0.000	0.000	0.363	0.000

Problem 294	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	121	132	319	0	210	0	0	44	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.10	2.66	0.00	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.251	8.678	1.993	0.000	0.081	0.000	0.000	1.753	0.000

Problem 295	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	372	372	773	2312	1104	3116	46038	5562	3854	2585
N.S.	1	1.00	2.08	6.22	2.97	8.38	123.76	14.95	10.36	6.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.629	1.751	0.857	0.091	0.181	11.935	0.150	0.516	6.929

Problem 296	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	234	234	355	1084	575	1373	16458	2435	1645	1229
N.S.	1	1.00	1.52	4.63	2.46	5.87	70.33	10.41	7.03	5.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.432	0.626	0.960	0.077	0.106	4.082	0.128	0.225	6.342

Problem 297	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	126	122	338	238	434	3958	768	489	446
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	2.68	1.89	3.44	31.41	6.10	3.88	3.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.272	0.609	0.043	0.125	1.224	0.111	0.208	6.072

Problem 298	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	212	202	182	0	0	0	0	0	168	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.453	0.359	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.214	0.000

Problem 299	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	365	344	310	0	0	0	0	0	849	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.687	0.793	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.255	0.000

Problem 300	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	212	202	182	0	0	0	0	0	560	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	0.289	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.226	0.000

Problem 301	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	119	122	0	0	0	134	0	894	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.16	0.00	7.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	0.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.729	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 302	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	315	315	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.424	0.000

Problem 303	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	510	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	242	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.222	0.000

Problem 304	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	387	395	0	0	0	0	0	0	202	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.542	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.207	0.000

Problem 305	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	283	283	0	0	0	0	0	0	162	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.233	0.000

Problem 306	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	377	377	0	0	0	0	0	0	122	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.495	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.221	0.000

Problem 307	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	325	325	253	0	0	0	0	0	82	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.289	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 308	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	333	333	0	0	0	0	0	0	52	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.388	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 309	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	333	333	0	0	0	0	0	0	111	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.379	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.225	0.000

Problem 310	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	31	30	58	47	0	0	165	98
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.97	1.87	1.52	0.00	0.00	5.32	3.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.158	0.151	1.802	0.109	0.126	0.000	0.000	0.221	5.685

2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [166] had the largest ratio of [.5000000000000000000]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	3	3	1.08	24	0.125
2	A	4	4	1.38	29	0.138
3	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
4	A	6	5	1.46	29	0.172
5	A	2	2	1.45	31	0.065
6	B	3	3	2.19	31	0.097
7	B	3	3	2.23	31	0.097
8	A	2	2	1.46	31	0.065
9	A	2	2	1.46	31	0.065
10	A	2	2	1.36	31	0.065
11	A	2	2	1.33	31	0.065
12	A	7	7	1.36	28	0.250
13	A	7	7	1.09	32	0.219
14	A	6	6	1.09	36	0.167
15	A	1	1	1.00	30	0.033
16	B	2	2	12.45	26	0.077
17	B	2	2	8.35	26	0.077
18	B	2	2	4.70	24	0.083
19	A	1	1	1.94	17	0.059
20	A	2	2	1.00	26	0.077
21	A	1	1	1.70	24	0.042

Continued on next page

Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
22	A	1	1	1.00	26	0.038
23	A	1	1	1.00	26	0.038
24	A	1	1	1.25	28	0.036
25	B	2	2	4.18	24	0.083
26	B	2	2	3.06	24	0.083
27	A	2	2	1.94	22	0.091
28	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
29	A	2	2	1.00	23	0.087
30	A	1	1	1.70	24	0.042
31	A	1	1	1.00	24	0.042
32	A	1	1	1.00	24	0.042
33	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
34	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
35	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
36	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
37	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
38	A	2	2	1.03	13	0.154
39	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
40	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
41	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
42	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
43	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
44	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
45	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
46	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
47	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
48	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
49	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
50	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
51	A	3	3	1.00	15	0.200
52	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
53	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
54	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
55	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
56	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
57	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
58	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
59	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
60	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
61	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
62	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
63	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
64	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
65	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
66	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
67	A	3	3	0.98	15	0.200
68	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
69	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
70	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
71	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
72	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
73	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
74	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
75	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
76	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
77	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
78	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
79	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
80	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
81	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
82	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
83	A	3	3	1.00	15	0.200
84	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
85	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
86	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
87	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
88	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
89	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
90	A	4	4	1.04	22	0.182
91	A	2	2	1.29	20	0.100
92	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
93	A	5	5	1.09	22	0.227
94	A	5	5	1.04	22	0.227
95	A	4	4	1.04	22	0.182
96	A	5	5	1.09	22	0.227
97	A	3	3	0.96	22	0.136
98	A	3	3	1.03	22	0.136
99	A	3	3	1.09	20	0.150
100	A	3	3	1.09	15	0.200
101	A	7	7	1.14	22	0.318
102	A	7	7	1.04	22	0.318
103	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
104	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
105	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
106	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
107	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
108	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
109	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
110	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
111	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
112	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
113	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
114	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
115	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
116	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
117	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
118	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
119	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
120	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
121	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
122	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
123	A	11	10	1.06	25	0.400
124	A	9	8	1.05	25	0.320
125	A	6	5	1.07	25	0.200
126	A	4	3	1.05	25	0.120
127	A	7	6	1.27	25	0.240
128	A	9	8	1.31	25	0.320
129	A	10	9	1.03	25	0.360
130	A	8	7	1.08	25	0.280
131	A	8	7	1.04	25	0.280
132	A	8	7	1.24	25	0.280
133	A	10	9	1.25	25	0.360
134	A	9	8	1.07	25	0.320
135	A	10	9	1.08	25	0.360
136	A	10	9	1.17	25	0.360
137	A	10	9	1.18	25	0.360
138	A	10	9	1.21	25	0.360
139	B	6	5	2.13	38	0.132
140	A	6	5	1.46	43	0.116
141	A	4	3	1.11	24	0.125
142	A	10	9	1.54	22	0.409
143	A	10	9	1.52	20	0.450
144	A	5	4	1.49	20	0.200
145	B	7	6	2.41	22	0.273
146	A	5	4	1.62	20	0.200
147	B	4	3	2.16	18	0.167
148	A	9	8	0.96	24	0.333
149	A	6	5	0.99	24	0.208
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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
150	A	5	4	1.07	22	0.182
151	A	5	4	1.01	17	0.235
152	A	9	8	1.05	24	0.333
153	A	8	7	1.03	24	0.292
154	A	8	7	1.17	24	0.292
155	A	9	8	0.85	24	0.333
156	A	7	6	0.89	24	0.250
157	A	6	5	0.97	22	0.227
158	A	6	5	1.03	17	0.294
159	A	11	10	1.06	24	0.417
160	A	10	9	1.05	24	0.375
161	A	10	9	1.03	24	0.375
162	A	10	9	0.78	24	0.375
163	A	8	7	0.83	24	0.292
164	A	7	6	0.91	22	0.273
165	A	7	6	1.05	17	0.353
166	A	13	12	1.07	24	0.500
167	A	12	11	1.06	24	0.458
168	A	12	11	1.05	24	0.458
169	A	8	7	1.09	24	0.292
170	A	7	6	1.11	24	0.250
171	A	5	4	1.12	24	0.167
172	A	4	3	1.15	22	0.136
173	A	4	3	1.00	17	0.176
174	A	6	5	1.00	24	0.208
175	A	4	3	1.00	24	0.125
176	A	6	5	1.08	24	0.208
177	A	9	8	1.12	24	0.333
178	A	8	7	1.07	24	0.292
179	A	6	5	1.11	24	0.208
180	A	6	5	1.04	24	0.208
181	A	4	3	1.14	22	0.136

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
182	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
183	A	5	4	1.00	24	0.167
184	A	6	5	1.09	24	0.208
185	A	7	6	1.05	24	0.250
186	A	8	7	1.10	24	0.292
187	A	7	6	1.07	24	0.250
188	A	5	4	1.08	24	0.167
189	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
190	A	2	2	1.17	22	0.091
191	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
192	A	8	7	1.10	24	0.292
193	A	9	8	1.18	24	0.333
194	A	11	10	1.13	24	0.417
195	A	8	8	1.16	24	0.333
196	A	7	7	1.23	24	0.292
197	A	4	4	1.18	24	0.167
198	A	3	3	1.23	22	0.136
199	A	3	3	1.04	17	0.176
200	A	7	6	1.07	24	0.250
201	A	7	6	1.00	24	0.250
202	A	7	6	1.06	24	0.250
203	A	5	4	1.06	24	0.167
204	A	7	6	1.10	24	0.250
205	A	9	8	1.12	24	0.333
206	A	11	10	1.14	24	0.417
207	A	9	9	1.21	24	0.375
208	A	8	8	1.24	24	0.333
209	A	5	5	1.24	24	0.208
210	A	4	4	1.25	22	0.182
211	A	4	4	1.07	17	0.235
212	A	9	8	1.11	24	0.333
213	A	9	8	1.10	24	0.333

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
214	A	9	8	1.15	24	0.333
215	A	9	8	1.09	24	0.333
216	A	9	8	1.09	24	0.333
217	A	6	5	1.09	24	0.208
218	A	8	7	1.11	24	0.292
219	A	10	9	1.13	24	0.375
220	A	10	10	1.22	24	0.417
221	A	9	9	1.25	24	0.375
222	A	7	7	1.22	24	0.292
223	A	5	5	1.26	22	0.227
224	A	5	5	1.12	17	0.294
225	A	11	10	1.13	24	0.417
226	A	11	10	1.09	24	0.417
227	A	11	10	1.18	24	0.417
228	A	11	10	1.14	24	0.417
229	A	11	10	1.17	24	0.417
230	A	11	10	1.11	24	0.417
231	A	11	10	1.11	24	0.417
232	A	7	6	1.11	24	0.250
233	A	9	8	1.13	24	0.333
234	A	11	10	1.14	24	0.417
235	A	7	7	1.21	24	0.292
236	A	6	6	1.20	24	0.250
237	A	3	3	1.19	24	0.125
238	A	2	2	1.28	22	0.091
239	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
240	A	5	4	1.00	24	0.167
241	A	4	3	1.00	24	0.125
242	A	6	5	1.06	24	0.208
243	A	8	7	1.10	24	0.292
244	A	6	6	1.19	24	0.250
245	A	4	4	1.18	24	0.167

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
246	A	4	4	1.05	24	0.167
247	A	2	2	1.28	22	0.091
248	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
249	A	5	4	1.00	24	0.167
250	A	6	5	1.16	24	0.208
251	A	8	7	1.18	24	0.292
252	A	8	8	1.17	24	0.333
253	A	6	6	1.18	24	0.250
254	A	6	6	1.09	24	0.250
255	A	4	4	1.21	24	0.167
256	A	2	2	1.04	24	0.083
257	A	2	2	1.30	22	0.091
258	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
259	A	7	6	1.07	24	0.250
260	A	8	7	1.25	24	0.292
261	A	10	9	1.25	24	0.375
262	A	12	11	0.99	27	0.407
263	A	10	9	0.98	27	0.333
264	A	10	9	0.97	27	0.333
265	A	11	10	0.99	27	0.370
266	A	13	12	0.99	27	0.444
267	A	14	13	1.01	27	0.481
268	A	12	11	1.00	27	0.407
269	A	12	11	1.00	27	0.407
270	A	13	12	1.00	27	0.444
271	A	13	12	1.03	27	0.444
272	A	14	13	0.99	27	0.481
273	A	12	11	0.98	27	0.407
274	A	10	9	0.98	27	0.333
275	A	8	7	0.96	27	0.259
276	A	10	9	1.01	27	0.333
277	A	12	11	1.00	27	0.407

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
278	A	12	11	1.01	27	0.407
279	A	10	9	1.02	27	0.333
280	A	10	9	1.02	27	0.333
281	A	10	9	1.05	27	0.333
282	A	12	11	1.02	27	0.407
283	A	12	11	1.02	27	0.407
284	A	12	11	1.02	27	0.407
285	A	12	11	1.11	27	0.407
286	A	12	11	1.04	27	0.407
287	A	12	11	1.03	27	0.407
288	A	14	13	1.03	27	0.481
289	A	6	5	1.48	29	0.172
290	A	7	6	1.48	32	0.188
291	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
292	A	8	7	1.58	31	0.226
293	A	9	8	1.58	34	0.235
294	A	3	3	1.01	29	0.103
295	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
296	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
297	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
298	A	2	2	0.95	22	0.091
299	A	5	5	0.94	22	0.227
300	A	2	2	0.95	24	0.083
301	A	3	3	1.03	20	0.150
302	A	4	3	1.00	22	0.136
303	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
304	A	4	4	1.02	26	0.154
305	A	2	2	1.00	26	0.077
306	A	5	4	1.00	26	0.154
307	A	4	3	1.00	26	0.115
308	A	4	3	1.00	24	0.125
309	A	4	3	1.00	26	0.115

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
310	A	1	1	1.00	30	0.033

CHAPTER 3

LISTING OF INTEGRALS

3.1	$\int (c - acx)^p \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} dx$	139
3.2	$\int \frac{(1+ax)(c-acx)^p}{\sqrt{1-a^2 x^2}} dx$	144
3.3	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+cx}}{\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	150
3.4	$\int \frac{1+cx}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} dx$	156
3.5	$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^{-3-2p} (A^2 - B^2 x^2)^p dx$	163
3.6	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(A^2-B^2 x^2)^{2/3}}{(c+dx)^{13/3}} dx$	168
3.7	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2 x^2}}{(c+dx)^{11/3}} dx$	174
3.8	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^{7/3} \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2 x^2}} dx$	180
3.9	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^{5/3} (A^2 - B^2 x^2)^{2/3}} dx$	186
3.10	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt[3]{c + dx} (A^2 - B^2 x^2)^{4/3}} dx$	191
3.11	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt[3]{c + dx}}{(A^2 - B^2 x^2)^{5/3}} dx$	196
3.12	$\int (1 + x)(a + bx)^m (1 - x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)} dx$	201
3.13	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^m (1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)}}{1-x} dx$	208
3.14	$\int (1 - x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)} (1 + x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)} (a + bx)^m dx$	215
3.15	$\int (ad - bcx)(c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx$	222
3.16	$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(a+bx^2)^3}{(c+dx)^9} dx$	227
3.17	$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(a+bx^2)^2}{(c+dx)^7} dx$	234
3.18	$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(a+bx^2)}{(c+dx)^5} dx$	240
3.19	$\int \frac{ad-bcx}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	246
3.20	$\int \frac{ad-bcx}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)} dx$	251
3.21	$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^2} dx$	256
3.22	$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^3} dx$	261

3.23	$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(c+dx)^5}{(a+bx^2)^4} dx$	266
3.24	$\int (c+dx)(ad+bc(3+2p)x)(a+bx^2)^p dx$	272
3.25	$\int (ad+9bcx)(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^3 dx$	278
3.26	$\int (ad+7bcx)(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^2 dx$	285
3.27	$\int (ad+5bcx)(c+dx)(a+bx^2) dx$	291
3.28	$\int (ad+3bcx)(c+dx) dx$	297
3.29	$\int \frac{(ad+bcx)(c+dx)}{a+bx^2} dx$	302
3.30	$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^2} dx$	307
3.31	$\int \frac{(ad-3bcx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^3} dx$	312
3.32	$\int \frac{(ad-5bcx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^4} dx$	317
3.33	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^5(a+cx^2) dx$	322
3.34	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^4(a+cx^2) dx$	331
3.35	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2) dx$	339
3.36	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2) dx$	346
3.37	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)(a+cx^2) dx$	352
3.38	$\int (A+Bx)(a+cx^2) dx$	358
3.39	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{d+ex} dx$	363
3.40	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	369
3.41	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	375
3.42	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	381
3.43	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	387
3.44	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^6} dx$	393
3.45	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^7} dx$	399
3.46	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^5(a+cx^2)^2 dx$	405
3.47	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^4(a+cx^2)^2 dx$	415
3.48	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)^2 dx$	425
3.49	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^2 dx$	434
3.50	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^2 dx$	442
3.51	$\int (A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2 dx$	448
3.52	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{d+ex} dx$	453
3.53	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	460
3.54	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	468
3.55	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	476
3.56	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	483

3.57	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^6} dx$	491
3.58	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^7} dx$	498
3.59	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^8} dx$	505
3.60	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^9} dx$	512
3.61	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx$	519
3.62	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^5 (a+cx^2)^3 dx$	526
3.63	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^4 (a+cx^2)^3 dx$	540
3.64	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^3 (a+cx^2)^3 dx$	552
3.65	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^2 (a+cx^2)^3 dx$	562
3.66	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex) (a+cx^2)^3 dx$	572
3.67	$\int (A+Bx) (a+cx^2)^3 dx$	579
3.68	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{d+ex} dx$	585
3.69	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	595
3.70	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	604
3.71	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	614
3.72	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	623
3.73	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^6} dx$	632
3.74	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^7} dx$	640
3.75	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^8} dx$	648
3.76	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^9} dx$	656
3.77	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx$	664
3.78	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{11}} dx$	672
3.79	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^4}{a+cx^2} dx$	680
3.80	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^3}{a+cx^2} dx$	689
3.81	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^2}{a+cx^2} dx$	697
3.82	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)}{a+cx^2} dx$	703
3.83	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{a+cx^2} dx$	709
3.84	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)} dx$	714
3.85	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)} dx$	720
3.86	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)} dx$	728
3.87	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	737
3.88	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	747

3.89	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	756
3.90	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	764
3.91	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	772
3.92	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	778
3.93	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	784
3.94	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	793
3.95	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	802
3.96	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	812
3.97	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	823
3.98	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	831
3.99	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	839
3.100	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	846
3.101	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	852
3.102	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	862
3.103	$\int \frac{2+2x}{(-1+x)^3(1+x^2)} dx$	872
3.104	$\int \frac{-11+6x}{(-1+2x)(-1+x^2)} dx$	877
3.105	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2) dx$	882
3.106	$\int (A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2) dx$	889
3.107	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	895
3.108	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	901
3.109	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	907
3.110	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	913
3.111	$\int (A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^2 dx$	920
3.112	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	928
3.113	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	936
3.114	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	944
3.115	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	952
3.116	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$	960
3.117	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	968
3.118	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	977
3.119	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	986

3.120	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	995
3.121	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$	1004
3.122	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx$	1013
3.123	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{a-cx^2} dx$	1022
3.124	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a-cx^2} dx$	1032
3.125	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{a-cx^2} dx$	1041
3.126	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx$	1050
3.127	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} dx$	1058
3.128	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)} dx$	1067
3.129	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx$	1077
3.130	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx$	1088
3.131	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx$	1098
3.132	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx$	1107
3.133	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx$	1117
3.134	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$	1128
3.135	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$	1138
3.136	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$	1148
3.137	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$	1158
3.138	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^3} dx$	1168
3.139	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(2ABd-A^2e-B^2ex^2)} dx$	1179
3.140	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{\frac{A^2e-B^2e}{2AB}+ex(1+x^2)}} dx$	1187
3.141	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(1-x^2)} dx$	1195
3.142	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(1+x^2)} dx$	1202
3.143	$\int \frac{(1-x)\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx$	1212
3.144	$\int \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{4+3x}(1+x^2)} dx$	1222
3.145	$\int \frac{1-3x}{\sqrt{4+3x}(1+x^2)} dx$	1228
3.146	$\int \frac{2+x}{\sqrt{3+4x}(1+x^2)} dx$	1234
3.147	$\int \frac{-2+x}{\sqrt{-3+x}(-8+x^2)} dx$	1239
3.148	$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a+bx^2} dx$	1245
3.149	$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2} dx$	1255
3.150	$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx)\sqrt{a+bx^2} dx$	1264
3.151	$\int (A+Bx)\sqrt{a+bx^2} dx$	1271

3.152	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+dx} dx$	1277
3.153	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	1286
3.154	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	1295
3.155	$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx)^3 (a+bx^2)^{3/2} dx$	1306
3.156	$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx)^2 (a+bx^2)^{3/2} dx$	1317
3.157	$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx) (a+bx^2)^{3/2} dx$	1326
3.158	$\int (A+Bx) (a+bx^2)^{3/2} dx$	1334
3.159	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{c+dx} dx$	1340
3.160	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	1349
3.161	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	1358
3.162	$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx)^3 (a+bx^2)^{5/2} dx$	1368
3.163	$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx)^2 (a+bx^2)^{5/2} dx$	1380
3.164	$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx) (a+bx^2)^{5/2} dx$	1390
3.165	$\int (A+Bx) (a+bx^2)^{5/2} dx$	1399
3.166	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{c+dx} dx$	1406
3.167	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	1416
3.168	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	1426
3.169	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	1438
3.170	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	1448
3.171	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	1456
3.172	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	1463
3.173	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	1469
3.174	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	1474
3.175	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	1481
3.176	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	1488
3.177	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^4\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	1498
3.178	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1509
3.179	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1518
3.180	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^2}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1526
3.181	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1533
3.182	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1539
3.183	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1544

3.184	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1552
3.185	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^3(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1562
3.186	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^5}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1573
3.187	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1583
3.188	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1592
3.189	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^2}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1600
3.190	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1606
3.191	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1612
3.192	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1617
3.193	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^2(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1628
3.194	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^3(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1639
3.195	$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4 \sqrt{2+3x^2} dx$	1650
3.196	$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3 \sqrt{2+3x^2} dx$	1658
3.197	$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2 \sqrt{2+3x^2} dx$	1665
3.198	$\int (5-x)(3+2x) \sqrt{2+3x^2} dx$	1672
3.199	$\int (5-x) \sqrt{2+3x^2} dx$	1678
3.200	$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{3+2x} dx$	1684
3.201	$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx$	1691
3.202	$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx$	1698
3.203	$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx$	1706
3.204	$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx$	1713
3.205	$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx$	1722
3.206	$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx$	1731
3.207	$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4 (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx$	1741
3.208	$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3 (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx$	1749
3.209	$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2 (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx$	1757
3.210	$\int (5-x)(3+2x) (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx$	1764
3.211	$\int (5-x) (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx$	1770
3.212	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{3+2x} dx$	1776
3.213	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx$	1784
3.214	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx$	1793
3.215	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx$	1801

3.216	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx$	1810
3.217	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx$	1819
3.218	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx$	1827
3.219	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^8} dx$	1836
3.220	$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4 (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx$	1846
3.221	$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3 (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx$	1855
3.222	$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2 (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx$	1863
3.223	$\int (5-x)(3+2x) (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx$	1870
3.224	$\int (5-x) (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx$	1877
3.225	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{3+2x} dx$	1883
3.226	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx$	1892
3.227	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx$	1902
3.228	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx$	1912
3.229	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx$	1921
3.230	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx$	1931
3.231	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx$	1942
3.232	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^8} dx$	1952
3.233	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^9} dx$	1961
3.234	$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^{10}} dx$	1973
3.235	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$	1984
3.236	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$	1991
3.237	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$	1998
3.238	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$	2004
3.239	$\int \frac{5-x}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$	2009
3.240	$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$	2014
3.241	$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$	2020
3.242	$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$	2026
3.243	$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^4\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$	2033
3.244	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2041
3.245	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2048

3.246	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2054
3.247	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2060
3.248	$\int \frac{5-x}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2066
3.249	$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2071
3.250	$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2077
3.251	$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2084
3.252	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^6}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2092
3.253	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^5}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2101
3.254	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2109
3.255	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2117
3.256	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2124
3.257	$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2130
3.258	$\int \frac{5-x}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2136
3.259	$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2142
3.260	$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2149
3.261	$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2157
3.262	$\int (A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2} dx$	2166
3.263	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	2178
3.264	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	2188
3.265	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	2198
3.266	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	2209
3.267	$\int (A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^{3/2} dx$	2221
3.268	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	2235
3.269	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	2248
3.270	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	2261
3.271	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	2275
3.272	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$	2289
3.273	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx$	2303
3.274	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx$	2314
3.275	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx$	2324
3.276	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx$	2332

3.277	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx$	2341
3.278	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2352
3.279	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2363
3.280	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2373
3.281	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2383
3.282	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2393
3.283	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2405
3.284	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2417
3.285	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2428
3.286	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2439
3.287	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2450
3.288	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2462
3.289	$\int \frac{2+dx}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}} dx$	2475
3.290	$\int \frac{\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}}{(2-dx)\sqrt{e+fx}} dx$	2482
3.291	$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+dx}}{\sqrt{2-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx$	2489
3.292	$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}} dx$	2495
3.293	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}}{(c-dx)\sqrt{e+fx}} dx$	2503
3.294	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx$	2511
3.295	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^m (a+cx^2)^3 dx$	2517
3.296	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^m (a+cx^2)^2 dx$	2528
3.297	$\int (A+Bx)(d+ex)^m (a+cx^2) dx$	2538
3.298	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^m}{a+cx^2} dx$	2546
3.299	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^m}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	2551
3.300	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{1+m}}{a+cx^2} dx$	2558
3.301	$\int (d+ex)(f+gx)(a+cx^2)^p dx$	2564
3.302	$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx)^m (a+bx^2)^p dx$	2571
3.303	$\int (d+ex)^{-5-2p}(e+fx)(a+cx^2)^p dx$	2577
3.304	$\int (d+ex)^{-4-2p}(e+fx)(a+cx^2)^p dx$	2588
3.305	$\int (d+ex)^{-3-2p}(e+fx)(a+cx^2)^p dx$	2594
3.306	$\int (d+ex)^{-2-2p}(e+fx)(a+cx^2)^p dx$	2600
3.307	$\int (d+ex)^{-1-2p}(e+fx)(a+cx^2)^p dx$	2607
3.308	$\int (d+ex)^{-2p}(e+fx)(a+cx^2)^p dx$	2613
3.309	$\int (d+ex)^{1-2p}(e+fx)(a+cx^2)^p dx$	2619
3.310	$\int (-ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{-3-2p}(a+cx^2)^p dx$	2625

3.1 $\int (c - acx)^p \sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result	139
Mathematica [A] (verified)	139
Rubi [A] (verified)	140
Maple [F]	141
Fricas [F]	141
Sympy [F]	142
Maxima [F]	142
Giac [F(-2)]	142
Mupad [F(-1)]	143
Reduce [F]	143

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int (c - acx)^p \sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{2}(1 - ax)^{3/2}(c - acx)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2} + p, \frac{5}{2} + p, \frac{1}{2}(1 - ax)\right)}{a(3 + 2p)}$$

output

$$-2*2^{(1/2)}*(-a*x+1)^{(3/2)}*(-a*c*x+c)^p*\operatorname{hypergeom}([-1/2, 3/2+p], [5/2+p], -1/2*a*x+1/2)/a/(3+2*p)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (c - acx)^p \sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} dx = \frac{2^{1+p}(1 - ax)^{-\frac{1}{2}-p}(1 + ax)(c - acx)^p \sqrt{2 - 2a^2x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} - p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 + ax)\right)}{3a}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[(c - a*c*x)^p*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2], x]$$

output

```
(2^(1 + p)*(1 - a*x)^(-1/2 - p)*(1 + a*x)*(c - a*c*x)^p*sqrt[2 - 2*a^2*x^2]
)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -1/2 - p, 5/2, (1 + a*x)/2])/(3*a)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {474, 456, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} (c - acx)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 474$$

$$(1 - ax)^{-p} (c - acx)^p \int (1 - ax)^p \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 456$$

$$(1 - ax)^{-p} (c - acx)^p \int (1 - ax)^{p+\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{ax + 1} dx$$

$$\downarrow 79$$

$$\frac{2^{p+\frac{3}{2}} (ax + 1)^{3/2} (1 - ax)^{-p} (c - acx)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p - \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(ax + 1)\right)}{3a}$$

input

```
Int[(c - a*c*x)^p*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2],x]
```

output

```
(2^(3/2 + p)*(1 + a*x)^(3/2)*(c - a*c*x)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -1/2 - p,
5/2, (1 + a*x)/2])/(3*a*(1 - a*x)^p)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 456 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(n + p)*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[n]))`

rule 474 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[n]*((c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(1 + d*(x/c))^FracPart[n]) Int[(1 + d*(x/c))^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[c, 0])`

Maple [F]

$$\int (-acx + c)^p \sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} dx$$

input `int((-a*c*x+c)^p*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((-a*c*x+c)^p*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (c - acx)^p \sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} dx = \int \sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} (-acx + c)^p dx$$

input `integrate((-a*c*x+c)^p*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*(-a*c*x + c)^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c - acx)^p \sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} dx = \int (-c(ax - 1))^p \sqrt{-(ax - 1)(ax + 1)} dx$$

input `integrate((-a*c*x+c)**p*(-a**2*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((-c*(a*x - 1))**p*sqrt(-(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (c - acx)^p \sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} dx = \int \sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} (-acx + c)^p dx$$

input `integrate((-a*c*x+c)^p*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*(-a*c*x + c)^p, x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (c - acx)^p \sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-a*c*x+c)^p*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c - acx)^p \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} dx = \int \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} (c - acx)^p dx$$

input `int((1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(c - a*c*x)^p,x)`output `int((1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(c - a*c*x)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c - acx)^p \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} dx = \int (-acx + c)^p \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} dx$$

input `int((-a*c*x+c)^p*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`output `int((- a*c*x + c)**p*sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1),x)`

3.2 $\int \frac{(1+ax)(c-ax)^p}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	144
Mathematica [A] (verified)	144
Rubi [A] (verified)	145
Maple [F]	147
Fricas [F]	147
Sympy [F]	147
Maxima [F]	148
Giac [F]	148
Mupad [F(-1)]	148
Reduce [F]	149

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{(1+ax)(c-ax)^p}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{2}(c-ax)^p\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}+p, \frac{3}{2}+p, \frac{1}{2}(1-ax)\right)}{a(1+2p)\sqrt{1+ax}}$$

output `-2*2^(1/2)*(-a*c*x+c)^p*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-1/2, 1/2+p], [3/2+p], -1/2*a*x+1/2)/a/(1+2*p)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(1+ax)(c-ax)^p}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2(1-ax)^{-p}(1+ax)(c-ax)^p\left(-(1-ax)^{1+p}+2^{\frac{1}{2}+p}\sqrt{1-ax}\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-ax)\right)\right)}{(a+2ap)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[((1+a*x)*(c-a*c*x)^p)/Sqrt[1-a^2*x^2],x]`

output

```
(2*(1 + a*x)*(c - a*c*x)^p*(-(1 - a*x)^(1 + p) + 2^(1/2 + p)*Sqrt[1 - a*x]
*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -1/2 - p, 3/2, (1 + a*x)/2]))/((a + 2*a*p)*(1 - a*
x)^p*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {672, 474, 456, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ax + 1)(c - acx)^p}{\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 672 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c - acx)^p}{\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}} dx}{p + 1} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}(c - acx)^p}{a(p + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 474 \\
 & \frac{(1 - ax)^{-p}(c - acx)^p \int \frac{(1 - ax)^p}{\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}} dx}{p + 1} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}(c - acx)^p}{a(p + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 456 \\
 & \frac{(1 - ax)^{-p}(c - acx)^p \int \frac{(1 - ax)^{p - \frac{1}{2}}}{\sqrt{ax + 1}} dx}{p + 1} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}(c - acx)^p}{a(p + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 79 \\
 & \frac{2^{p + \frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{ax + 1} (1 - ax)^{-p} (c - acx)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} - p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(ax + 1)\right)}{a(p + 1)} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}(c - acx)^p}{a(p + 1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((1 + a*x)*(c - a*c*x)^p)/Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2], x]
```

output

$$-\left(\frac{(c - a*x)^p \sqrt{1 - a^2*x^2}}{a*(1 + p)}\right) + (2^{(1/2 + p)} \sqrt{1 + a*x} * (c - a*x)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 1/2 - p, 3/2, (1 + a*x)/2]) / (a*(1 + p)*(1 - a*x)^p)$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))
```

rule 456

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(n + p)*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[n]))
```

rule 474

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[n]*((c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(1 + d*(x/c))^FracPart[n]) Int[(1 + d*(x/c))^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 672

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(d*g + e*f) + 2*e*f*(p + 1))/(e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ax + 1)(-acx + c)^p}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `int((a*x+1)*(-a*c*x+c)^p/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a*x+1)*(-a*c*x+c)^p/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(1 + ax)(c - acx)^p}{\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ax + 1)(-acx + c)^p}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*x+1)*(-a*c*x+c)^p/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*(-a*c*x + c)^p/(a*x - 1), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(1 + ax)(c - acx)^p}{\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(-c(ax - 1))^p (ax + 1)}{\sqrt{-(ax - 1)(ax + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*x+1)*(-a*c*x+c)**p/(-a**2*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((-c*(a*x - 1))**p*(a*x + 1)/sqrt(-(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+ax)(c-ax)^p}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ax+1)(-acx+c)^p}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*x+1)*(-a*c*x+c)^p/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*x + 1)*(-a*c*x + c)^p/sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+ax)(c-ax)^p}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ax+1)(-acx+c)^p}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*x+1)*(-a*c*x+c)^p/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*x + 1)*(-a*c*x + c)^p/sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1+ax)(c-ax)^p}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(c-ax)^p(ax+1)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$$

input `int(((c - a*c*x)^p*(a*x + 1))/(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((c - a*c*x)^p*(a*x + 1))/(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+ax)(c-ax)^p}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(-acx+c)^p}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}} dx + \left(\int \frac{(-acx+c)^p x}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}} dx \right) a$$

input `int((a*x+1)*(-a*c*x+c)^p/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((-a*c*x+c)**p/sqrt(-a**2*x**2+1),x) + int(((- a*c*x + c)**p*x)/sqrt(-a**2*x**2+1),x)*a`

3.3 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1+cx}}{\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

Optimal result	150
Mathematica [A] (verified)	150
Rubi [A] (verified)	151
Maple [B] (verified)	152
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	153
Sympy [F]	153
Maxima [F]	154
Giac [F]	154
Mupad [F(-1)]	154
Reduce [F]	155

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+cx}}{\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd+e}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cd+e}}\right) \middle| \frac{cd+e}{2e}\right)}{c\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

output

```
-2*2^(1/2)*(c*d+e)^(1/2)*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*(-c*x
+1)^(1/2)/(c*d+e)^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2)*((c*d+e)/e)^(1/2))/c/e^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(
1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 7.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+cx}}{\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\left(\frac{1+cx}{\sqrt{1-cx}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1+cx}{-1+cx}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{1-cx}}\right) \middle| \frac{cd+e}{2e}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{e(-1+cx)}}}\right)}{e\sqrt{1+cx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[1 + c*x]/(Sqrt[1 - c*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*((1 + c*x)/Sqrt[1 - c*x] - (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(1 + c*x)/(-1 +
c*x)]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[2]/Sqrt[1 - c*x]], (c*d + e)/(2*e)])/Sqrt[(c*(
d + e*x))/(e*(-1 + c*x))]))/(e*Sqrt[1 + c*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {124, 27, 123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{cx+1}}{\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 124$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx+1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{\frac{cd}{cd+e} + \frac{cex}{cd+e}}} dx}{\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx+1}}{\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{\frac{cd}{cd+e} + \frac{cex}{cd+e}}} dx}{\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\downarrow 123$$

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd+e}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cd+e}}\right) \middle| \frac{cd+e}{2e}\right)}{c\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[1 + c*x]/(Sqrt[1 - c*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]),x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c*d + e]*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(
Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 - c*x])/Sqrt[c*d + e]], (c*d + e)/(2*e)])/(c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d
+ e*x])
```


Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 123 `Int[Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[(2/b)*Rt[-(b*e - a*f)/d, 2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Rt[-(b*c - a*d)/d, 2]], f*((b*c - a*d)/(d*(b*e - a*f)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && GtQ[b/(b*e - a*f), 0] && !LtQ[-(b*c - a*d)/d, 0] && !(SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0] && GtQ[d/(d*e - c*f), 0] && !LtQ[(b*c - a*d)/b, 0])`

rule 124 `Int[Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[Sqrt[e + f*x]*(Sqrt[b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d))]/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f))])) Int[Sqrt[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f))]/(Sqrt[a + b*x]*Sqrt[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d))]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !(GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && GtQ[b/(b*e - a*f), 0]) && !LtQ[-(b*c - a*d)/d, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 277 vs. 2(77) = 154.

Time = 2.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

method	result
default	$\frac{2 \left(\text{EllipticE} \left(\sqrt{\frac{c(ex+d)}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) c^2 d^2 - 2 \text{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{c(ex+d)}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) cde - \text{EllipticE} \left(\sqrt{\frac{c(ex+d)}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) e^2 + 2 \text{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{c(ex+d)}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) \right)}{e^2 c (e x^3 c^2 + c^2 d x^2 - e x - d)}$
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-(ex+d)(c^2x^2-1)}}{\sqrt{-ex^3c^2-c^2dx^2+ex+d}} \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{1}{c} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e}-\frac{1}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{c}}{-\frac{d}{e}-\frac{1}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{c}}{-\frac{d}{e}+\frac{1}{c}}} \text{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e}-\frac{1}{c}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{d}{e}+\frac{1}{c}}{-\frac{d}{e}-\frac{1}{c}}} \right)}{2c \left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{1}{c} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e}-\frac{1}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{c}}{-\frac{d}{e}-\frac{1}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{c}}{-\frac{d}{e}+\frac{1}{c}}} \right)} \right) + \dots$

input `int((c*x+1)^(1/2)/(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
2*(EllipticE((c*(e*x+d)/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2-2*
EllipticF((c*(e*x+d)/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c*d*e-Ellipti
cE((c*(e*x+d)/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*e^2+2*EllipticF((c*(
e*x+d)/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*e^2*(-e*(c*x+1)/(c*d-e))^(
1/2)*(-e*(c*x-1)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(-1/2)*(-
c*x+1)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^2/c/(c^2*e*x^3+c^2*d*x^2-e*x-d)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 191 vs. $2(77) = 154$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+cx}}{\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2 \left(3 \sqrt{-c^2 e} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta} \left(\frac{4(c^2 d^2 + 3e^2)}{3c^2 e^2}, -\frac{8(c^2 d^3 - 9de^2)}{27c^2 e^3} \right), \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(c^2 d^2 + 3e^2)}{3c^2 e^2}, -\frac{8(c^2 d^3 - 9de^2)}{27c^2 e^3} \right) \right)}{3c^2 e^2}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x+1)^(1/2)/(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas"
)
```

output

```
2/3*(3*sqrt(-c^2*e)*c*e*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c^2*d^2 + 3*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -
8/27*(c^2*d^3 - 9*d*e^2)/(c^2*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*d^2 + 3*e
^2)/(c^2*e^2), -8/27*(c^2*d^3 - 9*d*e^2)/(c^2*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) +
sqrt(-c^2*e)*(c*d - 3*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*d^2 + 3*e^2)/(c^2*e^
2), -8/27*(c^2*d^3 - 9*d*e^2)/(c^2*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e))/(c^2*e^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+cx}}{\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx+1}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-cx+1}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x+1)**(1/2)/(-c*x+1)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)
```

output `Integral(sqrt(c*x + 1)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+cx}}{\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx+1}}{\sqrt{-cx+1}\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x+1)^(1/2)/(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x + 1)/(sqrt(-c*x + 1)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+cx}}{\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx+1}}{\sqrt{-cx+1}\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x+1)^(1/2)/(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x + 1)/(sqrt(-c*x + 1)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+cx}}{\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx+1}}{\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `int((c*x + 1)^(1/2)/((1 - c*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((c*x + 1)^(1/2)/((1 - c*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+cx}}{\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{-cx+1}}{ce x^2 + cd x - ex - d} dx \right)$$

input `int((c*x+1)^(1/2)/(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `- int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(- c*x + 1))/(c*d*x + c*e*x**2 - d - e*x),x)`

3.4 $\int \frac{1+cx}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	156
Mathematica [C] (verified)	156
Rubi [A] (verified)	157
Maple [B] (verified)	159
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	160
Sympy [F]	160
Maxima [F]	161
Giac [F]	161
Mupad [F(-1)]	161
Reduce [F]	162

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{1+cx}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd+e}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cd+e}}\right)\middle|\frac{cd+e}{2e}\right)}{c\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

output

```
-2*2^(1/2)*(c*d+e)^(1/2)*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*(-c*x
+1)^(1/2)/(c*d+e)^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2)*((c*d+e)/e)^(1/2))/c/e^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(
1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 22.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\int \frac{1+cx}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2\left(e^2\sqrt{-\frac{cd+e}{c}}(1-c^2x^2) + ic(cd+e)\sqrt{\frac{e(-1+cx)}{c(d+ex)}}(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{e+ce}{cd+ce}}E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{cd+e}{c}}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)\middle|\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}\right) - 2i\sqrt{\frac{cd+e}{c}}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\right)}{ce^2\sqrt{-\frac{cd+e}{c}}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + c*x)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*(e^2*Sqrt[-((c*d + e)/c)]*(1 - c^2*x^2) + I*c*(c*d + e)*Sqrt[(e*(-1 + c*x))/(c*(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(e + c*e*x)/(c*d + c*e*x)]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-((c*d + e)/c)]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)] - (2*I)*c*e*Sqrt[(e*(-1 + c*x))/(c*(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(e + c*e*x)/(c*d + c*e*x)]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-((c*d + e)/c)]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)))/(c*e^2*Sqrt[-((c*d + e)/c)]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$, Rules used = {600, 508, 327, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{cx + 1}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + ex}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 600 \\
 & \frac{c \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{(cd - e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 508 \\
 & -\frac{(cd - e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}}}{e\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 327 \\
 & -\frac{(cd - e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 511
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2(cd - e)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} d\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}}{ce\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2(cd - e)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{ce\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}$$

input `Int[(1 + c*x)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])/ (e*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]) + (2*(c*d - e)*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])/(c*e*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

```
rule 511 Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With
h[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt
[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x]
, x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[
a, 0]
```

```
rule 600 Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp
[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 274 vs. 2(77) = 154.

Time = 1.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

method	result
default	$\frac{2 \left(\text{EllipticE} \left(\sqrt{\frac{c(ex+d)}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) c^2 d^2 - 2 \text{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{c(ex+d)}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) cde - \text{EllipticE} \left(\sqrt{\frac{c(ex+d)}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) e^2 + 2 \text{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{c(ex+d)}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) e^2 \right)}{e^2 c (e x^3 c^2 + c^2 d x^2 - e x - d)}$
elliptic	$\sqrt{-(ex+d)(c^2x^2-1)} \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{1}{c} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e}-\frac{1}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{c}}{-\frac{d}{e}-\frac{1}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{c}}{-\frac{d}{e}+\frac{1}{c}}} \text{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e}-\frac{1}{c}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{d}{e}+\frac{1}{c}}{-\frac{d}{e}-\frac{1}{c}}} \right) + 2c \left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{1}{c} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e}-\frac{1}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{c}}{-\frac{d}{e}-\frac{1}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{c}}{-\frac{d}{e}+\frac{1}{c}}} \right)}{\sqrt{-e x^3 c^2 - c^2 d x^2 + e x + d}} \right) + \frac{2c \left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{1}{c} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e}-\frac{1}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{c}}{-\frac{d}{e}-\frac{1}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{c}}{-\frac{d}{e}+\frac{1}{c}}}}{\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}$

```
input int((c*x+1)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*(EllipticE((c*(e*x+d)/(c*d-e))^(1/2), ((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2-2*
EllipticF((c*(e*x+d)/(c*d-e))^(1/2), ((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c*d*e-Ellipti
cE((c*(e*x+d)/(c*d-e))^(1/2), ((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*e^2+2*EllipticF((c*(
e*x+d)/(c*d-e))^(1/2), ((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*e^2)*(-e*(c*x+1)/(c*d-e))^(
1/2)*(-e*(c*x-1)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-
c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e^2/c/(c^2*e*x^3+c^2*d*x^2-e*x-d)
```


Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 191 vs. $2(77) = 154$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{1+cx}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(3 \sqrt{-c^2e} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta} \left(\frac{4(c^2d^2+3e^2)}{3c^2e^2}, -\frac{8(c^2d^3-9de^2)}{27c^2e^3} \right), \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(c^2d^2+3e^2)}{3c^2e^2}, -\frac{8(c^2d^3-9de^2)}{27c^2e^3} \right) \right)}{3c^2e^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x+1)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(3*sqrt(-c^2*e)*c*e*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c^2*d^2 + 3*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -8/27*(c^2*d^3 - 9*d*e^2)/(c^2*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*d^2 + 3*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -8/27*(c^2*d^3 - 9*d*e^2)/(c^2*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) + sqrt(-c^2*e)*(c*d - 3*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*d^2 + 3*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -8/27*(c^2*d^3 - 9*d*e^2)/(c^2*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e))/(c^2*e^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1+cx}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{cx+1}{\sqrt{-(cx-1)(cx+1)}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x+1)/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(-c**2*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((c*x + 1)/(sqrt(-(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))*sqrt(d + e*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1+cx}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{cx+1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x+1)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x + 1)/(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1+cx}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{cx+1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x+1)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x + 1)/(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1+cx}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{cx+1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `int((c*x + 1)/((1 - c^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((c*x + 1)/((1 - c^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1+cx}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{ce x^2 + cdx - ex - d} dx \right)$$

input `int((c*x+1)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `- int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1))/(c*d*x + c*e*x**2 - d - e*x),x)`

3.5 $\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^{-3-2p} (A^2 - B^2x^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	163
Mathematica [F]	163
Rubi [A] (verified)	164
Maple [F]	165
Fricas [F]	165
Sympy [F]	166
Maxima [F]	166
Giac [F]	166
Mupad [F(-1)]	167
Reduce [F]	167

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^{-3-2p} (A^2 - B^2x^2)^p dx = \frac{2^{1+p} \left(\frac{(Bc+Ad)(A+Bx)}{AB(c+dx)} \right)^{-1-p} (c + dx)^{-2(1+p)} (A^2 - B^2x^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{Bc + Ad}{(Bc + Ad)(1 + p)} \right)}{(Bc + Ad)(1 + p)}$$

output

```
-2^(p+1)*((A*d+B*c)*(B*x+A)/A/B/(d*x+c))^(p+1)*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([p+1, -1-p], [2+p], 1/2*(-A*d+B*c)*(-B*x+A)/A/B/(d*x+c))/(A*d+B*c)/(p+1)/((d*x+c)^(2*p+2))
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^{-3-2p} (A^2 - B^2x^2)^p dx = \int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^{-3-2p} (A^2 - B^2x^2)^p dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^p, x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^p, x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {679, 489}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (A + Bx) (A^2 - B^2x^2)^p (c + dx)^{-2p-3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 679$$

$$\frac{AB \int (c + dx)^{-2(p+1)} (A^2 - B^2x^2)^p dx}{Ad + Bc} - \frac{(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^{-2(p+1)}}{2(p+1)(Ad + Bc)}$$

$$\downarrow 489$$

$$\frac{AB(A + Bx) (A^2 - B^2x^2)^p (c + dx)^{-2p-1} \left(-\frac{(A-Bx)(Bc-Ad)}{(A+Bx)(Ad+Bc)} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-2p-1, -p, -2p, \frac{2AB}{Bc+Ad} \right)}{(2p+1)(Bc-Ad)(Ad+Bc)} - \frac{(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^{-2(p+1)}}{2(p+1)(Ad + Bc)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-1/2*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(1 + p)/((B*c + A*d)*(1 + p)*(c + d*x)^(2*(1 + p))) + (A*B*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^(-1 - 2*p)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1 - 2*p, -p, -2*p, (2*A*B*(c + d*x))/((B*c + A*d)*(A + B*x))])/((B*c - A*d)*(B*c + A*d)*(1 + 2*p)*(-(((B*c - A*d)*(A - B*x))/((B*c + A*d)*(A + B*x))))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 489

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[(-a)*b, 2]}, Simp[(q - b*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n +
1)*(b*c + d*q)*((b*c + d*q)*((q + b*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(-q + b*x))))^p))*Hyper
geometric2F1[n + 1, -p, n + 2, 2*b*q*((c + d*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(q - b*x))),
x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

rule 679

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1
))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (Bx + A)(dx + c)^{-3-2p} (-B^2x^2 + A^2)^p dx$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx)^{-3-2p} (A^2-B^2x^2)^p dx = \int (Bx + A)(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^p(dx + c)^{-2p-3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((B*x + A)*(-B^2*x^2 + A^2)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 3), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^{-3-2p} (A^2 - B^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$= \int (-(-A + Bx)(A + Bx))^p (A + Bx)(c + dx)^{-2p-3} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)**(-3-2*p)*(-B**2*x**2+A**2)**p,x)`

output `Integral((-(-A + B*x)*(A + B*x))**p*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)**(-2*p - 3), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx)^{-3-2p} (A^2-B^2x^2)^p dx = \int (Bx + A)(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^p(dx + c)^{-2p-3} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(-B^2*x^2 + A^2)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (A+Bx)(c+dx)^{-3-2p} (A^2-B^2x^2)^p dx = \int (Bx + A)(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^p(dx + c)^{-2p-3} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(-B^2*x^2 + A^2)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^{-3-2p} (A^2 - B^2x^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx) (A^2 - B^2x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{2p+3}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^p)/(c + d*x)^(2*p + 3), x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^p)/(c + d*x)^(2*p + 3), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^{-3-2p} (A^2 - B^2x^2)^p dx \\ &= \left(\int \frac{(-b^2x^2 + a^2)^p}{(dx + c)^{2p} c^3 + 3(dx + c)^{2p} c^2 dx + 3(dx + c)^{2p} c d^2 x^2 + (dx + c)^{2p} d^3 x^3} dx \right) a \\ &+ \left(\int \frac{(-b^2x^2 + a^2)^p x}{(dx + c)^{2p} c^3 + 3(dx + c)^{2p} c^2 dx + 3(dx + c)^{2p} c d^2 x^2 + (dx + c)^{2p} d^3 x^3} dx \right) b \end{aligned}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^p, x)`

output `int((a**2 - b**2*x**2)**p/((c + d*x)**(2*p)*c**3 + 3*(c + d*x)**(2*p)*c**2*d*x + 3*(c + d*x)**(2*p)*c*d**2*x**2 + (c + d*x)**(2*p)*d**3*x**3), x)*a + int(((a**2 - b**2*x**2)**p*x)/((c + d*x)**(2*p)*c**3 + 3*(c + d*x)**(2*p)*c**2*d*x + 3*(c + d*x)**(2*p)*c*d**2*x**2 + (c + d*x)**(2*p)*d**3*x**3), x)*b`

3.6
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(A^2-B^2x^2)^{2/3}}{(c+dx)^{13/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	168
Mathematica [B] (verified)	168
Rubi [B] (verified)	169
Maple [F]	171
Fricas [F]	171
Sympy [F]	172
Maxima [F]	172
Giac [F]	172
Mupad [F(-1)]	173
Reduce [F]	173

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(A^2-B^2x^2)^{2/3}}{(c+dx)^{13/3}} dx = \frac{6 \cdot 2^{2/3} (A^2 - B^2x^2)^{5/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \frac{(Bc-Ad)(A-Bx)}{2AB(c+dx)}\right)}{5(Bc + Ad) \left(\frac{(Bc+Ad)(A+Bx)}{AB(c+dx)}\right)^{5/3} (c+dx)^{10/3}}$$

output

```
-6/5*2^(2/3)*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(5/3)*hypergeom([-5/3, 5/3], [8/3], 1/2*(-A*d+B*c)*(-B*x+A)/A/B/(d*x+c))/(A*d+B*c)/((A*d+B*c)*(B*x+A)/A/B/(d*x+c))^(5/3)/(d*x+c)^(10/3)
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 324 vs. 2(114) = 228.

Time = 21.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(A^2-B^2x^2)^{2/3}}{(c+dx)^{13/3}} dx = \frac{3(A^2 - B^2x^2)(7(Bc - Ad)^3(Bc + Ad)^3 - 2B(Bc - Ad)^2(Bc + Ad)^2(7$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(2/3))/(c + d*x)^(13/3),x]`

output $(3*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)*(7*(B*c - A*d)^3*(B*c + A*d)^3 - 2*B*(B*c - A*d)^2*(B*c + A*d)^2*(7*B*c + 5*A*d)*(c + d*x) + B^2*(B*c - A*d)*(B*c + A*d)*(7*B^2*c^2 + 10*A*B*c*d - 7*A^2*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2 + 40*A^3*B^3*d^3*(c + d*x)^3) - 40*A^3*B^3*d^2*(c + d*x)^3*(3*d*(A^2 - B^2*x^2) - (A^2*d + B^2*c*x)*(-(((B^2*c^2) + A^2*d^2)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2))/(A^2*B^2*(c + d*x)^2)))^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 3/2, (A^2*d + B^2*c*x)^2/(A^2*B^2*(c + d*x)^2)]/(70*d^2*(B*c - A*d)^2*(B*c + A*d)^3*(c + d*x)^(10/3)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(1/3))$

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 250 vs. $2(114) = 228$.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$, Rules used = {679, 486, 489}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}}{(c + dx)^{13/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 679$$

$$\frac{AB \int \frac{(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}}{(c + dx)^{10/3}} dx}{Ad + Bc} - \frac{3(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{5/3}}{10(c + dx)^{10/3}(Ad + Bc)}$$

$$\downarrow 486$$

$$\frac{AB \left(\frac{4A^2B^2 \int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{4/3} \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}} dx}{7(B^2c^2 - A^2d^2)} + \frac{3(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}(A^2d + B^2cx)}{7(c + dx)^{7/3}(B^2c^2 - A^2d^2)} \right)}{Ad + Bc} - \frac{3(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{5/3}}{10(c + dx)^{10/3}(Ad + Bc)}$$

$$\downarrow 489$$

$$AB \left(\frac{12A^2B^2(A+Bx) \sqrt[3]{\frac{(A-Bx)(Bc-Ad)}{(A+Bx)(Ad+Bc)}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{2AB(c+dx)}{(Bc+Ad)(A+Bx)}\right)}{7 \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2} \sqrt[3]{c+dx} (Bc-Ad)(B^2c^2 - A^2d^2)} + \frac{3(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3} (A^2d + B^2cx)}{7(c+dx)^{7/3} (B^2c^2 - A^2d^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{3(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{5/3} (Ad + Bc)}{10(c + dx)^{10/3} (Ad + Bc)}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(2/3))/(c + d*x)^(13/3), x]`

output `(-3*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(5/3))/(10*(B*c + A*d)*(c + d*x)^(10/3)) + (A*B*((3*(A^2*d + B^2*c*x)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(2/3))/(7*(B^2*c^2 - A^2*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(7/3)) + (12*A^2*B^2*(-((B*c - A*d)*(A - B*x))/((B*c + A*d)*(A + B*x))))^(1/3)*(A + B*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, 1/3, 2/3, (2*A*B*(c + d*x))/((B*c + A*d)*(A + B*x))])/(7*(B*c - A*d)*(B^2*c^2 - A^2*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(1/3)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(1/3)))/(B*c + A*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 486 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[2*a*b*(p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 489 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[(-a)*b, 2]}, Simp[(q - b*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c + d*q)*(b*c + d*q)*((q + b*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(-q + b*x))))^p)*Hypergeometric2F1[n + 1, -p, n + 2, 2*b*q*((c + d*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(q - b*x)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 679

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1
)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(Bx + A)(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{(dx + c)^{\frac{13}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(2/3)/(d*x+c)^(13/3),x)
```

output

```
int((B*x+A)*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(2/3)/(d*x+c)^(13/3),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}}{(c + dx)^{13/3}} dx = \int \frac{(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}(Bx + A)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{13}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(2/3)/(d*x+c)^(13/3),x, algorithm="fricas
")
```

output

```
integral((-B^2*x^2 + A^2)^(2/3)*(B*x + A)*(d*x + c)^(2/3)/(d^5*x^5 + 5*c*d
^4*x^4 + 10*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 10*c^3*d^2*x^2 + 5*c^4*d*x + c^5), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}}{(c + dx)^{13/3}} dx = \int \frac{-(-A + Bx)(A + Bx)^{2/3}(A + Bx)}{(c + dx)^{13/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-B**2*x**2+A**2)**(2/3)/(d*x+c)**(13/3),x)`

output `Integral((-(-A + B*x)*(A + B*x))**(2/3)*(A + B*x)/(c + d*x)**(13/3), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}}{(c + dx)^{13/3}} dx = \int \frac{(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{2/3}(Bx + A)}{(dx + c)^{13/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(2/3)/(d*x+c)^(13/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-B^2*x^2 + A^2)^(2/3)*(B*x + A)/(d*x + c)^(13/3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}}{(c + dx)^{13/3}} dx = \int \frac{(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{2/3}(Bx + A)}{(dx + c)^{13/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(2/3)/(d*x+c)^(13/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-B^2*x^2 + A^2)^(2/3)*(B*x + A)/(d*x + c)^(13/3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}}{(c + dx)^{13/3}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}}{(c + dx)^{13/3}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(2/3))/(c + d*x)^(13/3),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(2/3))/(c + d*x)^(13/3), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}}{(c + dx)^{13/3}} dx = \left(\int \frac{(-b^2x^2 + a^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{(dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}c^4 + 4(dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}c^3dx + 6(dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}c^2d^2x^2 + 4(dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}c^2d^2x^2 + 4(dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}cd^3x^3 + (dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}d^4x^4} dx \right) b$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(2/3)/(d*x+c)^(13/3),x)`

output `int((a**2 - b**2*x**2)**(2/3)/((c + d*x)**(1/3)*c**4 + 4*(c + d*x)**(1/3)*c**3*d*x + 6*(c + d*x)**(1/3)*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*(c + d*x)**(1/3)*c*d**3*x**3 + (c + d*x)**(1/3)*d**4*x**4),x)*a + int(((a**2 - b**2*x**2)**(2/3)*x)/((c + d*x)**(1/3)*c**4 + 4*(c + d*x)**(1/3)*c**3*d*x + 6*(c + d*x)**(1/3)*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*(c + d*x)**(1/3)*c*d**3*x**3 + (c + d*x)**(1/3)*d**4*x**4),x)*b`

$$3.7 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx) \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}}{(c+dx)^{11/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	174
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	174
Rubi [B] (verified)	175
Maple [F]	177
Fricas [F]	177
Sympy [F]	178
Maxima [F]	178
Giac [F]	178
Mupad [F(-1)]	179
Reduce [F]	179

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx) \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}}{(c + dx)^{11/3}} dx = \frac{3(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{4}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \frac{(Bc - Ad)(A - Bx)}{2AB(c + dx)}\right)}{2^{2/3}(Bc + Ad) \left(\frac{(Bc + Ad)(A + Bx)}{AB(c + dx)}\right)^{4/3} (c + dx)^{8/3}}$$

output

```
-3/2*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(4/3)*hypergeom([-4/3, 4/3], [7/3], 1/2*(-A*d+B*c)*(-B*x
+A)/A/B/(d*x+c))*2^(1/3)/(A*d+B*c)/((A*d+B*c)*(B*x+A)/A/B/(d*x+c))^(4/3)/(
d*x+c)^(8/3)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 284 vs. 2(112) = 224.

Time = 10.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}}{(c + dx)^{11/3}} dx = \frac{3 \left(d(A^2 - B^2x^2)(5A^4d^2 + 5B^4c^2x^2 + 8A^3Bd(c + dx) + 8AB^3cx(c + dx)) \right)}{(c + dx)^{11/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(1/3))/(c + d*x)^(11/3),x]
```

output

```
(3*(d*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)*(5*A^4*d^2 + 5*B^4*c^2*x^2 + 8*A^3*B*d*(c + d*x) + 8*A*B^3*c*x*(c + d*x) - 5*A^2*B^2*(c^2 + d^2*x^2)) + 16*A^3*B^3*((d*(Sqrt[A^2/B^2] - x))/(c + Sqrt[A^2/B^2]*d))^(1/3)*((d*(Sqrt[A^2/B^2] + x))/(-c + Sqrt[A^2/B^2]*d))^(2/3)*(c + d*x)^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 2/3, 4/3, (2*Sqrt[A^2/B^2]*(c + d*x))/((c - Sqrt[A^2/B^2]*d)*(Sqrt[A^2/B^2] - x))])/(40*d*(B*c - A*d)*(B*c + A*d)^2*(c + d*x)^(8/3)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(2/3))
```

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 250 vs. $2(112) = 224$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$, Rules used = {679, 486, 489}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}}{(c + dx)^{11/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 679$$

$$\frac{AB \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}}{(c+dx)^{8/3}} dx}{Ad + Bc} - \frac{3(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{4/3}}{8(c + dx)^{8/3}(Ad + Bc)}$$

$$\downarrow 486$$

$$\frac{AB \left(\frac{2A^2 B^2 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{2/3} (A^2 - B^2 x^2)^{2/3}} dx}{5(B^2 c^2 - A^2 d^2)} + \frac{3 \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2 x^2} (A^2 d + B^2 c x)}{5(c+dx)^{5/3} (B^2 c^2 - A^2 d^2)} \right)}{Ad + Bc} - \frac{3(A^2 - B^2 x^2)^{4/3}}{8(c + dx)^{8/3} (Ad + Bc)}$$

↓ 489

$$\frac{AB \left(\frac{3 \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2 x^2} (A^2 d + B^2 c x)}{5(c+dx)^{5/3} (B^2 c^2 - A^2 d^2)} - \frac{6A^2 B^2 (A+Bx) \sqrt[3]{c + dx} \left(-\frac{(A-Bx)(Bc-Ad)}{(A+Bx)(Ad+Bc)} \right)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{2AB(c+dx)}{(Bc+Ad)(A+Bx)} \right)}{5(A^2 - B^2 x^2)^{2/3} (Bc - Ad)(B^2 c^2 - A^2 d^2)} \right)}{Ad + Bc} - \frac{3(A^2 - B^2 x^2)^{4/3}}{8(c + dx)^{8/3} (Ad + Bc)}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(1/3))/(c + d*x)^(11/3),x]`

output `(-3*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(4/3))/(8*(B*c + A*d)*(c + d*x)^(8/3)) + (A*B*((3*(A^2*d + B^2*c*x)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(1/3))/(5*(B^2*c^2 - A^2*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(5/3))) - (6*A^2*B^2*(-(((B*c - A*d)*(A - B*x))/((B*c + A*d)*(A + B*x))))^(2/3)*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 2/3, 4/3, (2*A*B*(c + d*x))/((B*c + A*d)*(A + B*x))])/(5*(B*c - A*d)*(B^2*c^2 - A^2*d^2)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(2/3)))/(B*c + A*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 486 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[2*a*b*(p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 489 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[(-a)*b, 2]}, Simp[(q - b*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c + d*q)*((b*c + d*q)*((q + b*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(-q + b*x))))^p)*Hypergeometric2F1[n + 1, -p, n + 2, 2*b*q*((c + d*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(q - b*x)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 679

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1
))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(Bx + A)(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{(dx + c)^{\frac{11}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(1/3)/(d*x+c)^(11/3),x)
```

output

```
int((B*x+A)*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(1/3)/(d*x+c)^(11/3),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}}{(c + dx)^{11/3}} dx = \int \frac{(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}(Bx + A)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{11}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(1/3)/(d*x+c)^(11/3),x, algorithm="fricas
")
```

output

```
integral((-B^2*x^2 + A^2)^(1/3)*(B*x + A)*(d*x + c)^(1/3)/(d^4*x^4 + 4*c*d
^3*x^3 + 6*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*c^3*d*x + c^4), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}}{(c + dx)^{11/3}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{-(-A + Bx)(A + Bx)}(A + Bx)}{(c + dx)^{\frac{11}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-B**2*x**2+A**2)**(1/3)/(d*x+c)**(11/3), x)`

output `Integral((-(-A + B*x)*(A + B*x))**(1/3)*(A + B*x)/(c + d*x)**(11/3), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}}{(c + dx)^{11/3}} dx = \int \frac{(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}(Bx + A)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{11}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(1/3)/(d*x+c)^(11/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-B^2*x^2 + A^2)^(1/3)*(B*x + A)/(d*x + c)^(11/3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}}{(c + dx)^{11/3}} dx = \int \frac{(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}(Bx + A)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{11}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(1/3)/(d*x+c)^(11/3), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-B^2*x^2 + A^2)^(1/3)*(B*x + A)/(d*x + c)^(11/3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}}{(c + dx)^{11/3}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{1/3}}{(c + dx)^{11/3}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(1/3))/(c + d*x)^(11/3),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(1/3))/(c + d*x)^(11/3), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}}{(c + dx)^{11/3}} dx = \left(\int \frac{(-b^2x^2 + a^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{(dx + c)^{\frac{2}{3}} c^3 + 3(dx + c)^{\frac{2}{3}} c^2 dx + 3(dx + c)^{\frac{2}{3}} c d^2 x^2 + (dx + c)^{\frac{2}{3}} d^3 x^3} \right. \\ \left. + \left(\int \frac{(-b^2x^2 + a^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} x}{(dx + c)^{\frac{2}{3}} c^3 + 3(dx + c)^{\frac{2}{3}} c^2 dx + 3(dx + c)^{\frac{2}{3}} c d^2 x^2 + (dx + c)^{\frac{2}{3}} d^3 x^3} dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(1/3)/(d*x+c)^(11/3),x)`

output `int((a**2 - b**2*x**2)**(1/3)/((c + d*x)**(2/3)*c**3 + 3*(c + d*x)**(2/3)*c**2*d*x + 3*(c + d*x)**(2/3)*c*d**2*x**2 + (c + d*x)**(2/3)*d**3*x**3),x)
*a + int(((a**2 - b**2*x**2)**(1/3)*x)/((c + d*x)**(2/3)*c**3 + 3*(c + d*x)**(2/3)*c**2*d*x + 3*(c + d*x)**(2/3)*c*d**2*x**2 + (c + d*x)**(2/3)*d**3*x**3),x)*b`

3.8
$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^{7/3} \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	180
Mathematica [A] (verified)	180
Rubi [A] (verified)	181
Maple [F]	182
Fricas [F]	183
Sympy [F]	183
Maxima [F]	183
Giac [F]	184
Mupad [F(-1)]	184
Reduce [F]	184

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^{7/3} \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}} dx = \frac{3(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{(Bc - Ad)(A - Bx)}{2AB(c + dx)}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}(Bc + Ad) \left(\frac{(Bc + Ad)(A + Bx)}{AB(c + dx)}\right)^{2/3} (c + dx)^{4/3}}$$

output

```
-3/2*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(2/3)*hypergeom([-2/3, 2/3], [5/3], 1/2*(-A*d+B*c)*(-B*x+A)/A/B/(d*x+c))*2^(2/3)/(A*d+B*c)/((A*d+B*c)*(B*x+A)/A/B/(d*x+c))^(2/3)/(d*x+c)^(4/3)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 20.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^{7/3} \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}} dx = \frac{3(-B^2c^2 + A^2d^2)(A^2 - B^2x^2) + 4AB(A^2d + B^2cx)(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{-B^2c^2}}{4(Bc - Ad)(Bc + Ad)^2(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)^(7/3)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output
$$\frac{(3*(-(B^2*c^2) + A^2*d^2)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2) + 4*A*B*(A^2*d + B^2*c*x)*(c + d*x))*(-(((-(B^2*c^2) + A^2*d^2)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2))/(A^2*B^2*(c + d*x)^2)))^(1/3)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/3, 1/2, 3/2, (A^2*d + B^2*c*x)^2/(A^2*B^2*(c + d*x)^2)]}{4*(B*c - A*d)*(B*c + A*d)^2*(c + d*x)^(4/3)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(1/3)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {679, 489}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}(c + dx)^{7/3}} dx$$

↓ 679

$$\frac{AB \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{4/3} \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}} dx}{Ad + Bc} - \frac{3(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}}{4(c + dx)^{4/3}(Ad + Bc)}$$

↓ 489

$$\frac{3AB(A + Bx) \sqrt[3]{-\frac{(A - Bx)(Bc - Ad)}{(A + Bx)(Ad + Bc)}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{2AB(c+dx)}{(Bc+Ad)(A+Bx)}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2} \sqrt[3]{c + dx} (Bc - Ad)(Ad + Bc) - \frac{3(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}}{4(c + dx)^{4/3}(Ad + Bc)}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)^(7/3)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output

```
(-3*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(2/3))/(4*(B*c + A*d)*(c + d*x)^(4/3)) + (3*A*B*(-((B*c - A*d)*(A - B*x))/((B*c + A*d)*(A + B*x))))^(1/3)*(A + B*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, 1/3, 2/3, (2*A*B*(c + d*x))/((B*c + A*d)*(A + B*x))]/((B*c - A*d)*(B*c + A*d)*(c + d*x)^(1/3)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(1/3))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 489

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[(-a)*b, 2]}, Simp[(q - b*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c + d*q)*((b*c + d*q)*((q + b*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(-q + b*x))))^p))*Hypergeometric2F1[n + 1, -p, n + 2, 2*b*q*((c + d*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(q - b*x)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

rule 679

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{Bx + A}{(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{3}} (-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^(7/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^(7/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(1/3),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^{7/3} \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{1/3} (dx + c)^{7/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^(7/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(-B^2*x^2 + A^2)^(2/3)*(d*x + c)^(2/3)/(B*d^3*x^4 - A*c^3 + (3*B*c*d^2 - A*d^3)*x^3 + 3*(B*c^2*d - A*c*d^2)*x^2 + (B*c^3 - 3*A*c^2*d)*x), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^{7/3} \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt[3]{-(-A + Bx)(A + Bx)} (c + dx)^{7/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)**(7/3)/(-B**2*x**2+A**2)**(1/3), x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/((-(-A + B*x)*(A + B*x))**(1/3)*(c + d*x)**(7/3)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^{7/3} \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{1/3} (dx + c)^{7/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^(7/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((-B^2*x^2 + A^2)^(1/3)*(d*x + c)^(7/3)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^{7/3} \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{1/3} (dx + c)^{7/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^(7/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((-B^2*x^2 + A^2)^(1/3)*(d*x + c)^(7/3)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^{7/3} \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{1/3} (c + dx)^{7/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(1/3)*(c + d*x)^(7/3)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/((A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(1/3)*(c + d*x)^(7/3)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^{7/3} \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}} dx = \left(\int \frac{x}{(dx + c)^{1/3} (-b^2x^2 + a^2)^{1/3} c^2 + 2(dx + c)^{1/3} (-b^2x^2 + a^2)^{1/3} c dx + (dx + c)^{1/3} (-b^2x^2 + a^2)^{1/3} d^2x^2} dx + \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^{1/3} (-b^2x^2 + a^2)^{1/3} c^2 + 2(dx + c)^{1/3} (-b^2x^2 + a^2)^{1/3} c dx + (dx + c)^{1/3} (-b^2x^2 + a^2)^{1/3} d^2x^2} dx \right) a$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^(7/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(1/3),x)`

output

```
int(x/((c + d*x)**(1/3)*(a**2 - b**2*x**2)**(1/3)*c**2 + 2*(c + d*x)**(1/3)
)*(a**2 - b**2*x**2)**(1/3)*c*d*x + (c + d*x)**(1/3)*(a**2 - b**2*x**2)**(
1/3)*d**2*x**2),x)*b + int(1/((c + d*x)**(1/3)*(a**2 - b**2*x**2)**(1/3)*c
**2 + 2*(c + d*x)**(1/3)*(a**2 - b**2*x**2)**(1/3)*c*d*x + (c + d*x)**(1/3
)*(a**2 - b**2*x**2)**(1/3)*d**2*x**2),x)*a
```

3.9 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^{5/3}(A^2-B^2x^2)^{2/3}} dx$

Optimal result	186
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	186
Rubi [A] (verified)	187
Maple [F]	188
Fricas [F]	189
Sympy [F]	189
Maxima [F]	189
Giac [F]	190
Mupad [F(-1)]	190
Reduce [F]	190

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^{5/3}(A^2-B^2x^2)^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{A^2-B^2x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{(Bc-Ad)(A-Bx)}{2AB(c+dx)}\right)}{(Bc+Ad)\sqrt[3]{\frac{(Bc+Ad)(A+Bx)}{AB(c+dx)}(c+dx)^{2/3}}}$$

output

```
-3*2^(1/3)*(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(1/3)*hypergeom([-1/3, 1/3], [4/3], 1/2*(-A*d+B*c)
*(-B*x+A)/A/B/(d*x+c))/(A*d+B*c)/((A*d+B*c)*(B*x+A)/A/B/(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(d*
x+c)^(2/3)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 15.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^{5/3}(A^2-B^2x^2)^{2/3}} dx = \frac{-3d(A^2-B^2x^2)+6AB\sqrt[3]{\frac{d\left(\sqrt{\frac{A^2}{B^2}-x}\right)}{c+\sqrt{\frac{A^2}{B^2}d}}\left(\frac{d\left(\sqrt{\frac{A^2}{B^2}+x}\right)}{-c+\sqrt{\frac{A^2}{B^2}d}}\right)^{2/3}}{2d(Bc+Ad)(c+dx)^{2/3}(A^2-B^2x^2)^{2/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)^(5/3)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(2/3)),x]`

output `(-3*d*(A^2 - B^2*x^2) + 6*A*B*((d*(Sqrt[A^2/B^2] - x))/(c + Sqrt[A^2/B^2]*d))^(1/3)*((d*(Sqrt[A^2/B^2] + x))/(-c + Sqrt[A^2/B^2]*d))^(2/3)*(c + d*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 2/3, 4/3, (2*Sqrt[A^2/B^2]*(c + d*x))/((c - Sqrt[A^2/B^2]*d)*(Sqrt[A^2/B^2] - x))]/(2*d*(B*c + A*d)*(c + d*x)^(2/3)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(2/3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {679, 489}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3} (c + dx)^{5/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 679$$

$$\frac{AB \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{2/3} (A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}} dx}{Ad + Bc} - \frac{3 \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}}{2(c + dx)^{2/3} (Ad + Bc)}$$

$$\downarrow 489$$

$$-\frac{3AB(A + Bx) \sqrt[3]{c + dx} \left(-\frac{(A - Bx)(Bc - Ad)}{(A + Bx)(Ad + Bc)} \right)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{2AB(c + dx)}{(Bc + Ad)(A + Bx)} \right)}{(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3} (Bc - Ad)(Ad + Bc) \frac{3 \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}}{2(c + dx)^{2/3} (Ad + Bc)}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)^(5/3)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(2/3)),x]`

output

```
(-3*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(1/3))/(2*(B*c + A*d)*(c + d*x)^(2/3)) - (3*A*B*(-((B*c - A*d)*(A - B*x))/((B*c + A*d)*(A + B*x))))^(2/3)*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 2/3, 4/3, (2*A*B*(c + d*x))/((B*c + A*d)*(A + B*x))]/((B*c - A*d)*(B*c + A*d)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(2/3))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 489

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[(-a)*b, 2]}, Simp[(q - b*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c + d*q)*((b*c + d*q)*((q + b*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(-q + b*x))))^p))*Hypergeometric2F1[n + 1, -p, n + 2, 2*b*q*((c + d*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(q - b*x)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

rule 679

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{Bx + A}{(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{3}} (-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^(5/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(2/3),x)
```

output

```
int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^(5/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(2/3),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^{5/3} (A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{2/3} (dx + c)^{5/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^(5/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(-B^2*x^2 + A^2)^(1/3)*(d*x + c)^(1/3)/(B*d^2*x^3 - A*c^2 + (2*B*c*d - A*d^2)*x^2 + (B*c^2 - 2*A*c*d)*x), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^{5/3} (A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(-(-A + Bx)(A + Bx))^{2/3} (c + dx)^{5/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)**(5/3)/(-B**2*x**2+A**2)**(2/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/((-(-A + B*x)*(A + B*x))**(2/3)*(c + d*x)**(5/3)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^{5/3} (A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{2/3} (dx + c)^{5/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^(5/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((-B^2*x^2 + A^2)^(2/3)*(d*x + c)^(5/3)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^{5/3} (A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{2/3} (dx + c)^{5/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^(5/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((-B^2*x^2 + A^2)^(2/3)*(d*x + c)^(5/3)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^{5/3} (A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3} (c + dx)^{5/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(2/3)*(c + d*x)^(5/3)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/((A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(2/3)*(c + d*x)^(5/3)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^{5/3} (A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}} dx = \left(\int \frac{x}{(dx + c)^{2/3} (-b^2x^2 + a^2)^{2/3} c + (dx + c)^{2/3} (-b^2x^2 + a^2)^{2/3} dx} dx \right) b + \left(\int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^{2/3} (-b^2x^2 + a^2)^{2/3} c + (dx + c)^{2/3} (-b^2x^2 + a^2)^{2/3} dx} dx \right) a$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^(5/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(2/3),x)`

output `int(x/((c + d*x)**(2/3)*(a**2 - b**2*x**2)**(2/3)*c + (c + d*x)**(2/3)*(a**2 - b**2*x**2)**(2/3)*d*x),x)*b + int(1/((c + d*x)**(2/3)*(a**2 - b**2*x**2)**(2/3)*c + (c + d*x)**(2/3)*(a**2 - b**2*x**2)**(2/3)*d*x),x)*a`

3.10
$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}(A^2-B^2x^2)^{4/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	191
Mathematica [A] (verified)	191
Rubi [A] (verified)	192
Maple [F]	193
Fricas [F]	193
Sympy [F]	194
Maxima [F]	194
Giac [F]	194
Mupad [F(-1)]	195
Reduce [F]	195

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}(A^2-B^2x^2)^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt[3]{\frac{(Bc+Ad)(A+Bx)}{AB(c+dx)}}(c+dx)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{(Bc-Ad)}{2AB}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{2(Bc+Ad)}\sqrt[3]{A^2-B^2x^2}}$$

output

```
3/2*((A*d+B*c)*(B*x+A)/A/B/(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(d*x+c)^(2/3)*hypergeom([-1/3, 1/3], [2/3], 1/2*(-A*d+B*c)*(-B*x+A)/A/B/(d*x+c))*2^(2/3)/(A*d+B*c)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(1/3)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}(A^2-B^2x^2)^{4/3}} dx = \frac{(A^2-B^2x^2)^{2/3} \left(-3(Bc+Ad)(A+Bx) + (A^2d+B^2cx) \sqrt[3]{-\frac{(-B^2c^2+A^2)}{A^2}} \right)}{2AB(Bc+Ad)(-A+Bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)^(1/3)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(4/3)), x]
```


output

```
((A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(2/3)*(-3*(B*c + A*d)*(A + B*x) + (A^2*d + B^2*c*x)*(-(((
-(B^2*c^2) + A^2*d^2)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2))/(A^2*B^2*(c + d*x)^2))))^(1/3)*Hyper
geometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 3/2, (A^2*d + B^2*c*x)^2/(A^2*B^2*(c + d*x)^2)])/(
2*A*B*(B*c + A*d)*(-A + B*x)*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^(1/3))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {678, 489}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{4/3} \sqrt[3]{c + dx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 678$$

$$\frac{3(A + Bx)}{2AB \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2} \sqrt[3]{c + dx}} - \frac{(Bc - Ad) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{4/3} \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2}} dx}{2AB}$$

$$\downarrow 489$$

$$\frac{3(A + Bx)}{2AB \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2} \sqrt[3]{c + dx}} - \frac{3(A + Bx) \sqrt[3]{-\frac{(A - Bx)(Bc - Ad)}{(A + Bx)(Ad + Bc)}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{2AB(c+dx)}{(Bc+Ad)(A+Bx)}\right)}{2AB \sqrt[3]{A^2 - B^2x^2} \sqrt[3]{c + dx}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)^(1/3)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(4/3)),x]
```

output

```
(3*(A + B*x))/(2*A*B*(c + d*x)^(1/3)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(1/3)) - (3*(-(((B*c
- A*d)*(A - B*x))/((B*c + A*d)*(A + B*x))))^(1/3)*(A + B*x)*Hypergeometric
2F1[-1/3, 1/3, 2/3, (2*A*B*(c + d*x))/((B*c + A*d)*(A + B*x))]/(2*A*B*(c
+ d*x)^(1/3)*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(1/3))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 489

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[(-a)*b, 2]}, Simp[(q - b*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n +
1)*(b*c + d*q)*((b*c + d*q)*((q + b*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(-q + b*x))))^p)]*Hyper
geometric2F1[n + 1, -p, n + 2, 2*b*q*((c + d*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(q - b*x))),
x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

rule 678

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*g - c*f*x)/(2*a*c
*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*d*f + a*e*g)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(
m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[S
implify[m + 2*p + 3], 0] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{Bx + A}{(dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}} (-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(4/3),x)
```

output

```
int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(4/3),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt[3]{c + dx} (A^2 - B^2x^2)^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{\frac{4}{3}} (dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(4/3),x, algorithm="fricas"
)
```

output

```
integral((-B^2*x^2 + A^2)^(2/3)*(d*x + c)^(2/3)/(B^3*d*x^4 + A^3*c + (B^3*
c - A*B^2*d)*x^3 - (A*B^2*c + A^2*B*d)*x^2 - (A^2*B*c - A^3*d)*x), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt[3]{c + dx} (A^2 - B^2x^2)^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(-(-A + Bx)(A + Bx))^{\frac{4}{3}} \sqrt[3]{c + dx}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)**(1/3)/(-B**2*x**2+A**2)**(4/3), x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/((-(-A + B*x)*(A + B*x))**(4/3)*(c + d*x)**(1/3)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt[3]{c + dx} (A^2 - B^2x^2)^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{\frac{4}{3}} (dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(4/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((-B^2*x^2 + A^2)^(4/3)*(d*x + c)^(1/3)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt[3]{c + dx} (A^2 - B^2x^2)^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{\frac{4}{3}} (dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(4/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((-B^2*x^2 + A^2)^(4/3)*(d*x + c)^(1/3)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt[3]{c + dx} (A^2 - B^2 x^2)^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(A^2 - B^2 x^2)^{4/3} (c + dx)^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(4/3)*(c + d*x)^(1/3)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/((A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(4/3)*(c + d*x)^(1/3)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt[3]{c + dx} (A^2 - B^2 x^2)^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^{1/3} (-b^2 x^2 + a^2)^{1/3} a - (dx + c)^{1/3} (-b^2 x^2 + a^2)^{1/3} bx} dx$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(4/3),x)`

output `int(1/((c + d*x)**(1/3)*(a**2 - b**2*x**2)**(1/3)*a - (c + d*x)**(1/3)*(a**2 - b**2*x**2)**(1/3)*b*x),x)`

3.11
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{(A^2-B^2x^2)^{5/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	196
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	196
Rubi [A] (verified)	197
Maple [F]	198
Fricas [F]	198
Sympy [F]	199
Maxima [F]	199
Giac [F]	199
Mupad [F(-1)]	200
Reduce [F]	200

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{(A^2-B^2x^2)^{5/3}} dx = \frac{3\left(\frac{(Bc+Ad)(A+Bx)}{AB(c+dx)}\right)^{2/3} (c+dx)^{4/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{(Bc-Ad)(A-Bx)}{2AB(c+dx)}\right)}{2 \cdot 2^{2/3} (Bc+Ad) (A^2-B^2x^2)^{2/3}}$$

output

```
3/4*((A*d+B*c)*(B*x+A)/A/B/(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(d*x+c)^(4/3)*hypergeom([-2/3, 2/3], [1/3], 1/2*(-A*d+B*c)*(-B*x+A)/A/B/(d*x+c))*2^(1/3)/(A*d+B*c)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(2/3)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 13.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{(A^2-B^2x^2)^{5/3}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt[3]{c+dx} \left(d(A+Bx) + (Bc-Ad) \sqrt[3]{\frac{d\left(\sqrt{\frac{A^2}{B^2}-x}\right)}{c+\sqrt{\frac{A^2}{B^2}d}} \left(\frac{d\left(\sqrt{\frac{A^2}{B^2}+x}\right)}{-c+\sqrt{\frac{A^2}{B^2}d}}\right)^{2/3} \right)}{4ABd(A^2-B^2x^2)^{2/3}} \text{Hyperg}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(c+d*x)^(1/3))/(A^2-B^2*x^2)^(5/3),x]
```

output

```
(3*(c + d*x)^(1/3)*(d*(A + B*x) + (B*c - A*d)*((d*(Sqrt[A^2/B^2] - x))/(c + Sqrt[A^2/B^2]*d))^(1/3)*((d*(Sqrt[A^2/B^2] + x))/(-c + Sqrt[A^2/B^2]*d))^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 2/3, 4/3, (2*Sqrt[A^2/B^2]*(c + d*x))/((c - Sqrt[A^2/B^2]*d)*(Sqrt[A^2/B^2] - x))])/((4*A*B*d*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(2/3))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {678, 489}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt[3]{c + dx}}{(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{5/3}} dx$$

↓ 678

$$\frac{(Bc - Ad) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{2/3}(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}} dx}{4AB} + \frac{3(A + Bx)\sqrt[3]{c + dx}}{4AB(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}}$$

↓ 489

$$\frac{3(A + Bx)\sqrt[3]{c + dx}}{4AB(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}} - \frac{3(A + Bx)\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \left(-\frac{(A-Bx)(Bc-Ad)}{(A+Bx)(Ad+Bc)} \right)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{2AB(c+dx)}{(Bc+Ad)(A+Bx)} \right)}{4AB(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{2/3}}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^(1/3))/(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(5/3), x]
```

output

```
(3*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^(1/3))/(4*A*B*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(2/3)) - (3*(-(((B*c - A*d)*(A - B*x))/((B*c + A*d)*(A + B*x))))^(2/3)*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^(1/3))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 2/3, 4/3, (2*A*B*(c + d*x))/((B*c + A*d)*(A + B*x))])/((4*A*B*(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(2/3))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 489

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[(-a)*b, 2]}, Simp[(q - b*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n +
1)*(b*c + d*q)*((b*c + d*q)*((q + b*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(-q + b*x))))^p))*Hyper
geometric2F1[n + 1, -p, n + 2, 2*b*q*((c + d*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(q - b*x))),
x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

rule 678

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*g - c*f*x)/(2*a*c
*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*d*f + a*e*g)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(
m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[S
implify[m + 2*p + 3], 0] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(Bx + A)(dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{\frac{5}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(5/3),x)
```

output

```
int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(5/3),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt[3]{c + dx}}{(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{5/3}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{\frac{5}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(5/3),x, algorithm="fricas"
)
```

output

```
integral((-B^2*x^2 + A^2)^(1/3)*(d*x + c)^(1/3)/(B^3*x^3 - A*B^2*x^2 - A^2
*B*x + A^3), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt[3]{c + dx}}{(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{5/3}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt[3]{c + dx}}{(-(-A + Bx)(A + Bx))^{5/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)**(1/3)/(-B**2*x**2+A**2)**(5/3), x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)**(1/3)/(-(-A + B*x)*(A + B*x))**5/3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt[3]{c + dx}}{(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{5/3}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(dx + c)^{1/3}}{(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{5/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(5/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(d*x + c)^(1/3)/(-B^2*x^2 + A^2)^(5/3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt[3]{c + dx}}{(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{5/3}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(dx + c)^{1/3}}{(-B^2x^2 + A^2)^{5/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(5/3), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(d*x + c)^(1/3)/(-B^2*x^2 + A^2)^(5/3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt[3]{c + dx}}{(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{5/3}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^{1/3}}{(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{5/3}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^(1/3))/(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(5/3), x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^(1/3))/(A^2 - B^2*x^2)^(5/3), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt[3]{c + dx}}{(A^2 - B^2x^2)^{5/3}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{(-b^2x^2 + a^2)^{\frac{2}{3}} a - (-b^2x^2 + a^2)^{\frac{2}{3}} bx} dx$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(-B^2*x^2+A^2)^(5/3), x)`

output `int((c + d*x)**(1/3)/((a**2 - b**2*x**2)**(2/3)*a - (a**2 - b**2*x**2)**(2/3)*b*x), x)`

3.12 $\int (1+x)(a+bx)^m (1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)} dx$

Optimal result	201
Mathematica [F]	202
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	202
Maple [F]	205
Fricas [F]	205
Sympy [F]	205
Maxima [F]	206
Giac [F]	206
Mupad [F(-1)]	206
Reduce [F]	207

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 244

$$\int (1+x)(a+bx)^m (1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)} dx = \frac{(1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)}(1+x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-1-m)}(a+bx)^{1+m}}{(a+b)(3+m)} - \frac{b(a+2b+am)(a+bx)^{1+m}(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-1-m)}}{(a-b)(a+b)^2(1+m)(3+m)} + \frac{(2ab-b^2+a^2(2+m))(1-x)\left(-\frac{(a+b)(1+x)}{(a-b)(1-x)}\right)^{\frac{3+m}{2}}(a+bx)^{2+m}(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{3+m}{2}, 3+m, \frac{2(bx+a)}{(a-b)(1-x)}\right)}{(a-b)(a+b)^3(2+m)(3+m)}$$

output

```
(1-x)^(-3/2-1/2*m)*(1+x)^(-1/2-1/2*m)*(b*x+a)^(1+m)/(a+b)/(3+m)-b*(a*m+a+2*b)*(b*x+a)^(1+m)*(-x^2+1)^(-1/2-1/2*m)/(a-b)/(a+b)^2/(1+m)/(3+m)+(2*a*b-b^2+a^2*(2+m))*(1-x)*(-(a+b)*(1+x)/(a-b)/(1-x))^(3/2+1/2*m)*(b*x+a)^(2+m)*(-x^2+1)^(-3/2-1/2*m)*hypergeom([2+m, 3/2+1/2*m], [3+m], 2*(b*x+a)/(a-b)/(1-x))/(a-b)/(a+b)^3/(2+m)/(3+m)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (1+x)(a+bx)^m (1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)} dx = \int (1+x)(a+bx)^m (1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)} dx$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x)*(a + b*x)^m*(1 - x^2)^((-5 - m)/2), x]`

output `Integrate[(1 + x)*(a + b*x)^m*(1 - x^2)^((-5 - m)/2), x]`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {689, 25, 27, 689, 25, 679, 489}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (x+1)(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-5)}(a+bx)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 689 \\ & \frac{(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(a+bx)^{m+1}}{(m+1)(a+b)} - \frac{\int -((a-b)(m-2x+1)(a+bx)^{m+1}(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-5)}) dx}{(m+1)(a^2-b^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\int (a-b)(m-2x+1)(a+bx)^{m+1}(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-5)} dx}{(m+1)(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(a+bx)^{m+1}}{(m+1)(a+b)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a-b) \int (m-2x+1)(a+bx)^{m+1}(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-5)} dx}{(m+1)(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(a+bx)^{m+1}}{(m+1)(a+b)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 689 \end{aligned}$$

$$(a - b) \left(\frac{-\int -(a+bx)^{m+2}((m+2)(ma+a+2b)+(2a+b+bm)x)(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-5)} dx}{(m+2)(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(2a+bm+b)(a+bx)^{m+2}}{(m+2)(a^2-b^2)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{(m+1)(a^2-b^2)}{(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(a+bx)^{m+1}} \frac{1}{(m+1)(a+b)}$$

↓ 25

$$(a - b) \left(\frac{\int (a+bx)^{m+2}((m+2)(ma+a+2b)+(2a+b+bm)x)(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-5)} dx}{(m+2)(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(2a+bm+b)(a+bx)^{m+2}}{(m+2)(a^2-b^2)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{(m+1)(a^2-b^2)}{(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(a+bx)^{m+1}} \frac{1}{(m+1)(a+b)}$$

↓ 679

$$(a - b) \left(\frac{\frac{(m+1)(a^2(m+2)+2ab-b^2)}{a^2-b^2} \int (a+bx)^{m+3}(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-5)} dx + \frac{(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(2a^2-ab(m+1)^2-2b^2(m+2))(a+bx)^{m+3}}{(m+3)(a^2-b^2)}}{(m+2)(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(2a^2-ab(m+1)^2-2b^2(m+2))(a+bx)^{m+3}}{(m+3)(a^2-b^2)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{(m+1)(a^2-b^2)}{(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(a+bx)^{m+1}} \frac{1}{(m+1)(a+b)}$$

↓ 489

$$(a - b) \left(\frac{\frac{(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(2a^2-ab(m+1)^2-2b^2(m+2))(a+bx)^{m+3}}{(m+3)(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(m+1)(x+1)(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-5)}(a^2(m+2)+2ab-b^2)\left(-\frac{(1-x)(a-b)}{(x+1)(a+b)}\right)^{\frac{m+5}{2}}(a+bx)}{(m+4)(a-b)(a^2-b^2)}}{(m+2)(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(2a^2-ab(m+1)^2-2b^2(m+2))(a+bx)^{m+3}}{(m+3)(a^2-b^2)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{(m+1)(a^2-b^2)}{(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(a+bx)^{m+1}} \frac{1}{(m+1)(a+b)}$$

input

```
Int[(1 + x)*(a + b*x)^m*(1 - x^2)^((-5 - m)/2), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((a + b*x)^{(1 + m)}*(1 - x^2)^{((-3 - m)/2)})/((a + b)*(1 + m)) + ((a - b)*(- \\ & (((2*a + b + b*m)*(a + b*x)^{(2 + m)}*(1 - x^2)^{((-3 - m)/2)})/((a^2 - b^2)*(\\ & 2 + m))) + (((2*a^2 - a*b*(1 + m)^2 - 2*b^2*(2 + m))*(a + b*x)^{(3 + m)}*(1 \\ & - x^2)^{((-3 - m)/2)})/((a^2 - b^2)*(3 + m)) - ((1 + m)*(2*a*b - b^2 + a^2*(\\ & 2 + m))*(-((a - b)*(1 - x))/((a + b)*(1 + x))))^{((5 + m)/2)}*(1 + x)*(a + \\ & b*x)^{(4 + m)}*(1 - x^2)^{((-5 - m)/2)}*Hypergeometric2F1[4 + m, (5 + m)/2, 5 \\ & + m, (2*(a + b*x))/((a + b)*(1 + x))]/((a - b)*(a^2 - b^2)*(4 + m)))/((a^ \\ & 2 - b^2)*(2 + m)))/((a^2 - b^2)*(1 + m)) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{;/;} \text{FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!Ma} \\ \text{tchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_) \text{;/;} \text{FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]]$$

rule 489

$$\text{Int}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(\text{x}_)]^{(\text{n}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{With} [\\ \{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[(-\text{a})*\text{b}, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(\text{q} - \text{b}*x)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + \\ 1)*(b*c + d*q))*((b*c + d*q)*((q + b*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(-q + b*x))))^p)*Hyper \\ \text{geometric2F1}[n + 1, -p, n + 2, 2*b*q*((c + d*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(q - b*x))], \\ \text{x}]] \text{;/;} \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n + 2*p + 2, 0]$$

rule 679

$$\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(\text{x}_)]^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{f}_) + (\text{g}_)*(\text{x}_))*((\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[(-(\text{e}*f - \text{d}*g))*(\text{d} + \text{e}*x)^{(m + 1)}*((\text{a} + \text{c}*x^2)^{(p + 1)} \\)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(\text{c}*d*f + \text{a}*e*g)/(\text{c}*d^2 + \text{a}*e^2) \\ \text{Int}[(\text{d} + \text{e}*x)^{(m + 1)}*(\text{a} + \text{c}*x^2)^p, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{;/;} \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}, \text{m}, \\ \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + 2*p + 3], 0]$$

rule 689

$$\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(\text{x}_)]^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{f}_) + (\text{g}_)*(\text{x}_))*((\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[(\text{e}*f - \text{d}*g)*(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)} / (\\ (m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{d} + \\ \text{e}*x)^{(m + 1)}*(\text{a} + \text{c}*x^2)^p * \text{Simp}[(\text{c}*d*f + \text{a}*e*g)*(m + 1) - \text{c}*(\text{e}*f - \text{d}*g)*(m \\ + 2*p + 3)*x, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{;/;} \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Sim} \\ \text{plify}[m + 2*p + 3], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

Maple [F]

$$\int (x+1)(bx+a)^m (-x^2+1)^{-\frac{5}{2}-\frac{m}{2}} dx$$

input `int((x+1)*(b*x+a)^m*(-x^2+1)^(-5/2-1/2*m),x)`

output `int((x+1)*(b*x+a)^m*(-x^2+1)^(-5/2-1/2*m),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (1+x)(a+bx)^m (1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)} dx = \int (bx+a)^m (-x^2+1)^{-\frac{1}{2}m-\frac{5}{2}}(x+1) dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(b*x+a)^m*(-x^2+1)^(-5/2-1/2*m),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x + a)^m*(-x^2 + 1)^(-1/2*m - 5/2)*(x + 1), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (1+x)(a+bx)^m (1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)} dx = \int (-(x-1)(x+1))^{-\frac{m}{2}-\frac{5}{2}}(a+bx)^m(x+1) dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(b*x+a)**m*(-x**2+1)**(-5/2-1/2*m),x)`

output `Integral((-x - 1)*(x + 1)**(-m/2 - 5/2)*(a + b*x)**m*(x + 1), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1+x)(a+bx)^m (1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)} dx = \int (bx+a)^m (-x^2+1)^{-\frac{1}{2}m-\frac{5}{2}}(x+1) dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(b*x+a)^m*(-x^2+1)^(-5/2-1/2*m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x + a)^m*(-x^2 + 1)^(-1/2*m - 5/2)*(x + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (1+x)(a+bx)^m (1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)} dx = \int (bx+a)^m (-x^2+1)^{-\frac{1}{2}m-\frac{5}{2}}(x+1) dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(b*x+a)^m*(-x^2+1)^(-5/2-1/2*m),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x + a)^m*(-x^2 + 1)^(-1/2*m - 5/2)*(x + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1+x)(a+bx)^m (1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)(a+bx)^m}{(1-x^2)^{\frac{m}{2}+\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(((x + 1)*(a + b*x)^m)/(1 - x^2)^(m/2 + 5/2),x)`

output `int(((x + 1)*(a + b*x)^m)/(1 - x^2)^(m/2 + 5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1+x)(a+bx)^m (1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(bx+a)^m}{(-x^2+1)^{\frac{m}{2}+\frac{1}{2}} x^3 - (-x^2+1)^{\frac{m}{2}+\frac{1}{2}} x^2 - (-x^2+1)^{\frac{m}{2}+\frac{1}{2}} x + (-x^2+1)^{\frac{m}{2}+\frac{1}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((1+x)*(b*x+a)^m*(-x^2+1)^(-5/2-1/2*m),x)`

output `int((a + b*x)**m/((- x**2 + 1)**((m + 1)/2)*x**3 - (- x**2 + 1)**((m + 1)/2)*x**2 - (- x**2 + 1)**((m + 1)/2)*x + (- x**2 + 1)**((m + 1)/2)),x)`

3.13
$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^m (1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)}}{1-x} dx$$

Optimal result	208
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	209
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	209
Maple [F]	212
Fricas [F]	212
Sympy [F]	213
Maxima [F]	213
Giac [F]	213
Mupad [F(-1)]	214
Reduce [F]	214

Optimal result

Integrand size = 32, antiderivative size = 244

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^m (1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)}}{1-x} dx = \frac{(1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)}(1+x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-1-m)}(a+bx)^{1+m}}{(a+b)(3+m)} - \frac{b(a+2b+am)(a+bx)^{1+m}(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-1-m)}}{(a-b)(a+b)^2(1+m)(3+m)} + \frac{(2ab-b^2+a^2(2+m))(1-x)\left(-\frac{(a+b)(1+x)}{(a-b)(1-x)}\right)^{\frac{3+m}{2}}(a+bx)^{2+m}(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{3+m}{2}, 3+m, \frac{2(bx+a)}{(a-b)(1-x)}\right)}{(a-b)(a+b)^3(2+m)(3+m)}$$

output

```
(1-x)^(-3/2-1/2*m)*(1+x)^(-1/2-1/2*m)*(b*x+a)^(1+m)/(a+b)/(3+m)-b*(a*m+a+2
*b)*(b*x+a)^(1+m)*(-x^2+1)^(-1/2-1/2*m)/(a-b)/(a+b)^2/(1+m)/(3+m)+(2*a*b-b
^2+a^2*(2+m))*(1-x)*(-(a+b)*(1+x)/(a-b)/(1-x))^(3/2+1/2*m)*(b*x+a)^(2+m)*(-
x^2+1)^(-3/2-1/2*m)*hypergeom([2+m, 3/2+1/2*m],[3+m],2*(b*x+a)/(a-b)/(1-x
))/((a-b)/(a+b)^3/(2+m)/(3+m))
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 10.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^m (1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)}}{1-x} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a+bx)^{1+m} (1-x^2)^{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{m}{2}} \left(4(1+x) - \frac{4(3b+a(2+m))(-1+x)(1+x)}{(a+b)(1+m)} + \frac{2^{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{m}{2}} (2ab-b^2+a^2(2+m)) \left(\frac{(a+b)(1+x)}{a+bx} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}(-1+m)}}{(a+b)(1+m)} \right)}{4(a+b)(3+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^m*(1 - x^2)^((-3 - m)/2))/(1 - x),x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x)^(1 + m)*(1 - x^2)^(-3/2 - m/2)*(4*(1 + x) - (4*(3*b + a*(2 + m)))*(-1 + x)*(1 + x))/((a + b)*(1 + m)) + (2^(3/2 - m/2)*(2*a*b - b^2 + a^2*(2 + m))*((a + b)*(1 + x))/(a + b*x))^((-1 + m)/2)*(-1 + x^2)^2*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 - m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (3 - m)/2, -1/2*((a - b)*(-1 + x))/(a + b*x)]/((-1 + m)*(a + b*x^2)))/(4*(a + b)*(3 + m))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.219$, Rules used = {717, 144, 25, 172, 25, 27, 142}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)} (a+bx)^m}{1-x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 717$$

$$\int (1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)-1} (x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)} (a+bx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 144$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^m*(1 - x^2)^((-3 - m)/2))/(1 - x),x]`

output `((1 - x)^((-3 - m)/2)*(1 + x)^((-1 - m)/2)*(a + b*x)^(1 + m))/((a + b)*(3 + m)) + (((3*b + a*(2 + m))*(1 - x)^((-1 - m)/2)*(1 + x)^((-1 - m)/2)*(a + b*x)^(1 + m))/((a + b)*(1 + m)) - (2^(-1/2 - m/2)*(2*a*b - b^2 + a^2*(2 + m))*(1 - x)^((1 - m)/2)*(1 + x)^((-3 - m)/2)*(((a + b)*(1 + x))/(a + b*x))^((3 + m)/2)*(a + b*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 - m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (3 - m)/2, ((a - b)*(1 - x))/(2*(a + b*x))])/((a + b)^2*(1 - m)))/((a + b)*(3 + m))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 142 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((b*e - a*f)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[m + 1, -n, m + 2, -(d*e - c*f)*((a + b*x)/((b*c - a*d)*(e + f*x)))]/((b*e - a*f)*((c + d*x)/((b*c - a*d)*(e + f*x))))^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m + n + p + 2, 0] && !IntegerQ[n]`

rule 144 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := With[{mnp = Simplify[m + n + p]}, Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*(m + 1) - b*(d*e*(m + n + 2) + c*f*(m + p + 2)) - b*d*f*(mnp + 3)*x, x], x] /; ILtQ[mnp + 2, 0] && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] | | (!SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && !SumSimplerQ[p, 1]))] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 172

```

Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := With[{mnp = Simplify[m + n + p]}, Simp[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m + 1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(mnp + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; ILtQ[mnp + 2, 0] && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] | | (! (NeQ[n, -1] && SumSimplerQ[n, 1]) && ! (NeQ[p, -1] && SumSimplerQ[p, 1]))) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]

```

rule 717

```

Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]

```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx + a)^m (-x^2 + 1)^{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{m}{2}}}{1 - x} dx$$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^m*(-x^2+1)^(-3/2-1/2*m)/(1-x),x)
```

output

```
int((b*x+a)^m*(-x^2+1)^(-3/2-1/2*m)/(1-x),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^m (1 - x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)}}{1 - x} dx = \int -\frac{(bx + a)^m (-x^2 + 1)^{-\frac{1}{2}m - \frac{3}{2}}}{x - 1} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^m*(-x^2+1)^(-3/2-1/2*m)/(1-x),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(-(b*x + a)^m*(-x^2 + 1)^(-1/2*m - 3/2)/(x - 1), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^m (1 - x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)}}{1 - x} dx = - \int \frac{(1 - x^2)^{-\frac{m}{2} - \frac{3}{2}} (a + bx)^m}{x - 1} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**m*(-x**2+1)**(-3/2-1/2*m)/(1-x),x)`

output `-Integral((1 - x**2)**(-m/2 - 3/2)*(a + b*x)**m/(x - 1), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^m (1 - x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)}}{1 - x} dx = \int - \frac{(bx + a)^m (-x^2 + 1)^{-\frac{1}{2}m - \frac{3}{2}}}{x - 1} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^m*(-x^2+1)^(-3/2-1/2*m)/(1-x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((b*x + a)^m*(-x^2 + 1)^(-1/2*m - 3/2)/(x - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^m (1 - x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)}}{1 - x} dx = \int - \frac{(bx + a)^m (-x^2 + 1)^{-\frac{1}{2}m - \frac{3}{2}}}{x - 1} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^m*(-x^2+1)^(-3/2-1/2*m)/(1-x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b*x + a)^m*(-x^2 + 1)^(-1/2*m - 3/2)/(x - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^m (1 - x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)}}{1 - x} dx = \int -\frac{(a + bx)^m}{(1 - x^2)^{\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}} (x - 1)} dx$$

input `int(-(a + b*x)^m/((1 - x^2)^(m/2 + 3/2)*(x - 1)),x)`output `int(-(a + b*x)^m/((1 - x^2)^(m/2 + 3/2)*(x - 1)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^m (1 - x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)}}{1 - x} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(bx + a)^m}{(-x^2 + 1)^{\frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} x^3 - (-x^2 + 1)^{\frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} x^2 - (-x^2 + 1)^{\frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} x + (-x^2 + 1)^{\frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((b*x+a)^m*(-x^2+1)^(-3/2-1/2*m)/(1-x),x)`output `int((a + b*x)**m/((- x**2 + 1)**((m + 1)/2)*x**3 - (- x**2 + 1)**((m + 1)/2)*x**2 - (- x**2 + 1)**((m + 1)/2)*x + (- x**2 + 1)**((m + 1)/2)),x)`

3.14 $\int (1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)}(1+x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)}(a+bx)^m dx$

Optimal result	215
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	216
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	216
Maple [F]	219
Fricas [F]	219
Sympy [F]	220
Maxima [F]	220
Giac [F]	220
Mupad [F(-1)]	221
Reduce [F]	221

Optimal result

Integrand size = 36, antiderivative size = 244

$$\int (1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)}(1+x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)}(a+bx)^m dx = \frac{(1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)}(1+x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-1-m)}(a+bx)^{1+m}}{(a+b)(3+m)} - \frac{b(a+2b+am)(a+bx)^{1+m}(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-1-m)}}{(a-b)(a+b)^2(1+m)(3+m)} + \frac{(2ab-b^2+a^2(2+m))(1-x)\left(-\frac{(a+b)(1+x)}{(a-b)(1-x)}\right)^{\frac{3+m}{2}}(a+bx)^{2+m}(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{3+m}{2}, 3+m, \frac{2(b*x+a)}{(a-b)(1-x)}\right)}{(a-b)(a+b)^3(2+m)(3+m)}$$

output

```
(1-x)^(-3/2-1/2*m)*(1+x)^(-1/2-1/2*m)*(b*x+a)^(1+m)/(a+b)/(3+m)-b*(a*m+a+2
*b)*(b*x+a)^(1+m)*(-x^2+1)^(-1/2-1/2*m)/(a-b)/(a+b)^2/(1+m)/(3+m)+(2*a*b-b
^2+a^2*(2+m))*(1-x)*(-(a+b)*(1+x)/(a-b)/(1-x))^(3/2+1/2*m)*(b*x+a)^(2+m)*(-
x^2+1)^(-3/2-1/2*m)*hypergeom([2+m, 3/2+1/2*m], [3+m], 2*(b*x+a)/(a-b)/(1-x
))/(a-b)/(a+b)^3/(2+m)/(3+m)
```


Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 10.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)}(1+x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)}(a+bx)^m dx$$

$$= \frac{(a+bx)^{1+m}(1-x^2)^{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{m}{2}} \left(4(1+x) - \frac{4(3b+a(2+m))(-1+x)(1+x)}{(a+b)(1+m)} + \frac{2^{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{m}{2}}(2ab-b^2+a^2(2+m)) \left(\frac{(a+b)(1+x)}{a+bx} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}(-1+m)}}{(-} \right)}{4(a+b)(3+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(1 - x)^((-5 - m)/2)*(1 + x)^((-3 - m)/2)*(a + b*x)^m,x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x)^(1 + m)*(1 - x^2)^(-3/2 - m/2)*(4*(1 + x) - (4*(3*b + a*(2 + m)))*(-1 + x)*(1 + x))/((a + b)*(1 + m)) + (2^(3/2 - m/2)*(2*a*b - b^2 + a^2*(2 + m))*((a + b)*(1 + x))/(a + b*x))^((-1 + m)/2)*(-1 + x^2)^2*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 - m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (3 - m)/2, -1/2*((a - b)*(-1 + x))/(a + b*x)]/((-1 + m)*(a + b*x^2)))/(4*(a + b)*(3 + m))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {144, 25, 172, 25, 27, 142}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-5)}(x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(a+bx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 144$$

$$\frac{(1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-1)}(a+bx)^{m+1}}{(m+3)(a+b)}$$

$$\frac{\int -(1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(a+bx)^m(xb+2b+a(m+2))dx}{(m+3)(a+b)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int(1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(a+bx)^m(xb+2b+a(m+2))dx}{(m+3)(a+b)} + \frac{(x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-1)}(1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(a+bx)^{m+1}}{(m+3)(a+b)}$$

↓ 172

$$\frac{\frac{(1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-1)}(x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-1)}(a(m+2)+3b)(a+bx)^{m+1}}{(m+1)(a+b)} - \frac{\int -((m+1)((m+2)a^2+2ba-b^2)(1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-1)}(x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(a+bx)^m)dx}{(m+1)(a+b)}}{(m+3)(a+b)} + \frac{(x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-1)}(1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(a+bx)^{m+1}}{(m+3)(a+b)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\frac{\int(m+1)((m+2)a^2+2ba-b^2)(1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-1)}(x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(a+bx)^m dx}{(m+1)(a+b)} + \frac{(1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-1)}(x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-1)}(a(m+2)+3b)(a+bx)^{m+1}}{(m+1)(a+b)}}{(m+3)(a+b)} + \frac{(x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-1)}(1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(a+bx)^{m+1}}{(m+3)(a+b)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{(a^2(m+2)+2ab-b^2)}{a+b} \int(1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-1)}(x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(a+bx)^m dx + \frac{(1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-1)}(x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-1)}(a(m+2)+3b)(a+bx)^{m+1}}{(m+1)(a+b)}}{(m+3)(a+b)} + \frac{(x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-1)}(1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(a+bx)^{m+1}}{(m+3)(a+b)}$$

↓ 142

$$\frac{\frac{(1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-1)}(x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-1)}(a(m+2)+3b)(a+bx)^{m+1}}{(m+1)(a+b)} - \frac{2^{-\frac{m}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}(1-x)^{\frac{1-m}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(a^2(m+2)+2ab-b^2)\left(\frac{(x+1)(a+b)}{a+bx}\right)^{\frac{m+3}{2}}(a+bx)}{(1-m)(a+b)^2}}{(m+3)(a+b)} + \frac{(x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-1)}(1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-3)}(a+bx)^{m+1}}{(m+3)(a+b)}$$

input

Int[(1 - x)^((-5 - m)/2)*(1 + x)^((-3 - m)/2)*(a + b*x)^m,x]

output

```
((1 - x)^((-3 - m)/2)*(1 + x)^((-1 - m)/2)*(a + b*x)^(1 + m)/((a + b)*(3 + m)) + (((3*b + a*(2 + m))*(1 - x)^((-1 - m)/2)*(1 + x)^((-1 - m)/2)*(a + b*x)^(1 + m))/((a + b)*(1 + m)) - (2^(-1/2 - m/2)*(2*a*b - b^2 + a^2*(2 + m))*(1 - x)^((1 - m)/2)*(1 + x)^((-3 - m)/2)*(((a + b)*(1 + x))/(a + b*x))^((3 + m)/2)*(a + b*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 - m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (3 - m)/2, ((a - b)*(1 - x))/(2*(a + b*x))])/((a + b)^2*(1 - m))/((a + b)*(3 + m))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 142

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((b*e - a*f)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[m + 1, -n, m + 2, (-(d*e - c*f))*((a + b*x)/((b*c - a*d)*(e + f*x)))]/((b*e - a*f)*((c + d*x)/((b*c - a*d)*(e + f*x))))^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m + n + p + 2, 0] && !IntegerQ[n]
```

rule 144

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := With[{mnp = Simplify[m + n + p]}, Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*(m + 1) - b*(d*e*(m + n + 2) + c*f*(m + p + 2)) - b*d*f*(mnp + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; ILtQ[mnp + 2, 0] && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] | | (!SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && !SumSimplerQ[p, 1]))] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 172

```

Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := With[{mnp = Simplify[m + n + p]}, Simp[
(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)
*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f))
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)
)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m + 1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - d*f*(b*g
- a*h)*(mnp + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; ILtQ[mnp + 2, 0] && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] |
| (! (NeQ[n, -1] && SumSimplerQ[n, 1]) && ! (NeQ[p, -1] && SumSimplerQ[p, 1]
))) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]

```

Maple [F]

$$\int (1-x)^{-\frac{5}{2}-\frac{m}{2}} (x+1)^{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{m}{2}} (bx+a)^m dx$$

input

```
int((1-x)^(-5/2-1/2*m)*(x+1)^(-3/2-1/2*m)*(b*x+a)^m,x)
```

output

```
int((1-x)^(-5/2-1/2*m)*(x+1)^(-3/2-1/2*m)*(b*x+a)^m,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)} (1+x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)} (a+bx)^m dx$$

$$= \int (bx+a)^m (x+1)^{-\frac{1}{2}m-\frac{3}{2}} (-x+1)^{-\frac{1}{2}m-\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((1-x)^(-5/2-1/2*m)*(1+x)^(-3/2-1/2*m)*(b*x+a)^m,x, algorithm="fr
icas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x + a)^m*(x + 1)^(-1/2*m - 3/2)*(-x + 1)^(-1/2*m - 5/2), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)}(1+x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)}(a+bx)^m dx = \int (1-x)^{-\frac{m}{2}-\frac{5}{2}}(a+bx)^m(x+1)^{-\frac{m}{2}-\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((1-x)**(-5/2-1/2*m)*(1+x)**(-3/2-1/2*m)*(b*x+a)**m,x)`

output `Integral((1 - x)**(-m/2 - 5/2)*(a + b*x)**m*(x + 1)**(-m/2 - 3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)}(1+x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)}(a+bx)^m dx \\ &= \int (bx+a)^m(x+1)^{-\frac{1}{2}m-\frac{3}{2}}(-x+1)^{-\frac{1}{2}m-\frac{5}{2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((1-x)^(-5/2-1/2*m)*(1+x)^(-3/2-1/2*m)*(b*x+a)^m,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x + a)^m*(x + 1)^(-1/2*m - 3/2)*(-x + 1)^(-1/2*m - 5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)}(1+x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)}(a+bx)^m dx \\ &= \int (bx+a)^m(x+1)^{-\frac{1}{2}m-\frac{3}{2}}(-x+1)^{-\frac{1}{2}m-\frac{5}{2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((1-x)^(-5/2-1/2*m)*(1+x)^(-3/2-1/2*m)*(b*x+a)^m,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x + a)^m*(x + 1)^(-1/2*m - 3/2)*(-x + 1)^(-1/2*m - 5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)}(1+x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)}(a+bx)^m dx = \int \frac{(a+bx)^m}{(1-x)^{\frac{m}{2}+\frac{5}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{m}{2}+\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x)^m/((1 - x)^(m/2 + 5/2)*(x + 1)^(m/2 + 3/2)), x)`

output `int((a + b*x)^m/((1 - x)^(m/2 + 5/2)*(x + 1)^(m/2 + 3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5-m)}(1+x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-3-m)}(a+bx)^m dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(bx+a)^m}{(x+1)^{\frac{m}{2}+\frac{1}{2}}(1-x)^{\frac{m}{2}+\frac{1}{2}}x^3 - (x+1)^{\frac{m}{2}+\frac{1}{2}}(1-x)^{\frac{m}{2}+\frac{1}{2}}x^2 - (x+1)^{\frac{m}{2}+\frac{1}{2}}(1-x)^{\frac{m}{2}+\frac{1}{2}}x + (x+1)^{\frac{m}{2}+\frac{1}{2}}}$$

input `int((1-x)^(-5/2-1/2*m)*(1+x)^(-3/2-1/2*m)*(b*x+a)^m,x)`

output `int((a + b*x)**m/((x + 1)**((m + 1)/2)*(- x + 1)**((m + 1)/2)*x**3 - (x + 1)**((m + 1)/2)*(- x + 1)**((m + 1)/2)*x**2 - (x + 1)**((m + 1)/2)*(- x + 1)**((m + 1)/2)*x + (x + 1)**((m + 1)/2)*(- x + 1)**((m + 1)/2)),x)`

3.15 $\int (ad - bcx)(c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	222
Mathematica [A] (verified)	222
Rubi [A] (verified)	223
Maple [A] (verified)	223
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	224
Sympy [F(-1)]	224
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	225
Giac [F]	225
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	225
Reduce [F]	226

Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int (ad - bcx)(c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = -\frac{(c + dx)^{-2(1+p)} (a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{2(1 + p)}$$

output

$$-1/2*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/(p+1)/((d*x+c)^(2*p+2))$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (ad - bcx)(c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = -\frac{(c + dx)^{-2(1+p)} (a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{2(1 + p)}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^{-3 - 2*p}*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]$$

output

$$-1/2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)/((1 + p)*(c + d*x)^(2*(1 + p)))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.033$, Rules used = {677}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{-2p-3} (ad - bcx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 677$$

$$-\frac{(a + bx^2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^{-2(p+1)}}{2(p+1)}$$

input `Int[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-1/2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)/((1 + p)*(c + d*x)^(2*(1 + p)))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 677 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0] && EqQ[c*d*f + a*e*g, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{(bx^2+a)^{p+1}(dx+c)^{-2p-2}}{2(p+1)}$
orering	$-\frac{(dx+c)(bx^2+a)(dx+c)^{-3-2p}(bx^2+a)^p}{2(p+1)}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{x^3(bx^2+a)^p(dx+c)^{-3-2p}b^2d^2+x^2(bx^2+a)^p(dx+c)^{-3-2p}b^2cd+x(bx^2+a)^p(dx+c)^{-3-2p}abd^2+(bx^2+a)^p(dx+c)^{-3-2p}}{2(p+1)bd}$

input `int((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2/(p+1)*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*(d*x+c)^(-2*p-2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int (ad - bcx)(c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{(bdx^3 + bcx^2 + adx + ac)(bx^2 + a)^p(dx + c)^{-2p-3}}{2(p + 1)}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(b*d*x^3 + b*c*x^2 + a*d*x + a*c)*(b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 3)/(p + 1)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ad - bcx)(c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)**(-3-2*p)*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int (ad - bcx)(c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = -\frac{(bx^2 + a)e^{(p \log(bx^2 + a) - 2p \log(dx + c))}}{2(d^2(p + 1)x^2 + 2cd(p + 1)x + c^2(p + 1))}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(b*x^2 + a)*e^(p*log(b*x^2 + a) - 2*p*log(d*x + c))/(d^2*(p + 1)*x^2 + 2*c*d*(p + 1)*x + c^2*(p + 1))`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ad - bcx)(c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int -(bcx - ad)(bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-3} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b*c*x - a*d)*(b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 3), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.19

$$\int (ad - bcx)(c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = -\frac{\frac{ac(bx^2+a)^p}{2p+2} + \frac{adx(bx^2+a)^p}{2p+2} + \frac{bcx^2(bx^2+a)^p}{2p+2} + \frac{bdx^3(bx^2+a)^p}{2p+2}}{(c + dx)^{2p+3}}$$

input `int(((a*d - b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(c + d*x)^(2*p + 3),x)`

output

$$-\frac{(a*c*(a + b*x^2)^p)}{(2*p + 2)} + \frac{(a*d*x*(a + b*x^2)^p)}{(2*p + 2)} + \frac{(b*c*x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p)}{(2*p + 2)} + \frac{(b*d*x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p)}{(2*p + 2)} / (c + d*x)^{(2*p + 3)}$$

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ad - bcx)(c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \left(\int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{2p} c^3 + 3(dx + c)^{2p} c^2 dx + 3(dx + c)^{2p} c d^2 x^2 + (dx + c)^{2p} d^3 x^3} dx \right) ad$$

$$- \left(\int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x}{(dx + c)^{2p} c^3 + 3(dx + c)^{2p} c^2 dx + 3(dx + c)^{2p} c d^2 x^2 + (dx + c)^{2p} d^3 x^3} dx \right) bc$$

input

$$\text{int}((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^{-3-2*p}*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)$$

output

$$\text{int}((a + b*x**2)**p/((c + d*x)**(2*p)*c**3 + 3*(c + d*x)**(2*p)*c**2*d*x + 3*(c + d*x)**(2*p)*c*d**2*x**2 + (c + d*x)**(2*p)*d**3*x**3),x)*a*d - \text{int}(((a + b*x**2)**p*x)/((c + d*x)**(2*p)*c**3 + 3*(c + d*x)**(2*p)*c**2*d*x + 3*(c + d*x)**(2*p)*c*d**2*x**2 + (c + d*x)**(2*p)*d**3*x**3),x)*b*c$$

3.16 $\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(a+bx^2)^3}{(c+dx)^9} dx$

Optimal result	227
Mathematica [B] (verified)	227
Rubi [B] (verified)	228
Maple [B] (verified)	229
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	230
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	230
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	231
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	231
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	232
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	232

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(a + bx^2)^3}{(c + dx)^9} dx = -\frac{(a + bx^2)^4}{8(c + dx)^8}$$

output

```
-1/8*(b*x^2+a)^4/(d*x+c)^8
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 138 vs. 2(20) = 40.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.90

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(a + bx^2)^3}{(c + dx)^9} dx = \frac{-a^4d^8 + 4a^3bd^8x^2 + 6a^2b^2d^8x^4 + 4ab^3d^8x^6 - b^4c(c^7 + 8c^6dx + 28c^5d^2x^2 + 56c^4d^3x^3 + 70c^3d^4x^4 + 56c^2d^5x^5 + 28c^2d^6x^6 + 8cd^7x^7 + d^8x^8)}{8d^8(c + dx)^8}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a*d - b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)^3)/(c + d*x)^9,x]
```

output

$$-1/8*(a^4*d^8 + 4*a^3*b*d^8*x^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*d^8*x^4 + 4*a*b^3*d^8*x^6 - b^4*c*(c^7 + 8*c^6*d*x + 28*c^5*d^2*x^2 + 56*c^4*d^3*x^3 + 70*c^3*d^4*x^4 + 56*c^2*d^5*x^5 + 28*c*d^6*x^6 + 8*d^7*x^7))/(d^8*(c + d*x)^8)$$

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 249 vs. $2(20) = 40$.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.45, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^3 (ad - bcx)}{(c + dx)^9} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{b^2(3a^2d^4 + 30abc^2d^2 + 35b^2c^4)}{d^7(c + dx)^5} + \frac{b^3(ad^2 + 7bc^2)}{d^7(c + dx)^3} - \frac{3b^3c(3ad^2 + 7bc^2)}{d^7(c + dx)^4} + \frac{5b^2c(-3ad^2 - 7bc^2)(ad^2 + bc^2)}{d^7(c + dx)^6} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{b^2(3a^2d^4 + 30abc^2d^2 + 35b^2c^4)}{4d^8(c + dx)^4} - \frac{b^3(ad^2 + 7bc^2)}{2d^8(c + dx)^2} + \frac{b^3c(3ad^2 + 7bc^2)}{d^8(c + dx)^3} + \frac{b^2c(ad^2 + bc^2)(3ad^2 + 7bc^2)}{d^8(c + dx)^5} - \frac{b(ad^2 + bc^2)^2(ad^2 + 7bc^2)}{2d^8(c + dx)^6} + \frac{bc(ad^2 + bc^2)^3}{d^8(c + dx)^7} - \frac{(ad^2 + bc^2)^4}{8d^8(c + dx)^8} + \frac{b^4c}{d^8(c + dx)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d - b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)^3/(c + d*x)^9, x]$$

output

```
-1/8*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^4/(d^8*(c + d*x)^8) + (b*c*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^3)/(d^8*(c + d*x)^7) - (b*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^2*(7*b*c^2 + a*d^2))/(2*d^8*(c + d*x)^6) + (b^2*c*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(7*b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2))/(d^8*(c + d*x)^5) - (b^2*(35*b^2*c^4 + 30*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*d^4))/(4*d^8*(c + d*x)^4) + (b^3*c*(7*b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2))/(d^8*(c + d*x)^3) - (b^3*(7*b*c^2 + a*d^2))/(2*d^8*(c + d*x)^2) + (b^4*c)/(d^8*(c + d*x))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 156 vs. 2(18) = 36.

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.85

method	result
risch	$\frac{\frac{c b^4 x^7}{d} - \frac{b^3 (a d^2 - 7 b c^2) x^6}{2 d^2} + \frac{7 c^3 b^4 x^5}{d^3} - \frac{b^2 (3 a^2 d^4 - 35 b^2 c^4) x^4}{4 d^4} + \frac{7 c^5 b^4 x^3}{d^5} - \frac{b (a^3 d^6 - 7 b^3 c^6) x^2}{2 d^6} + \frac{c^7 b^4 x}{d^7} - \frac{a^4 d^8 - b^4 c^8}{8 d^8}}{(d x + c)^8}$
gospers	$-\frac{-8 b^4 c x^7 d^7 + 4 a b^3 d^8 x^6 - 28 b^4 c^2 d^6 x^6 - 56 b^4 c^3 x^5 d^5 + 6 a^2 b^2 d^8 x^4 - 70 b^4 c^4 d^4 x^4 - 56 b^4 c^5 d^3 x^3 + 4 a^3 b d^8 x^2 - 28 b^4 c^6 d^2 x^2 - 8 b^4 c^7 d x - 8 b^4 c^8}{8 (d x + c)^8 d^8}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{c b^4 x^7}{d} - \frac{(a b^3 d^2 - 7 b^4 c^2) x^6}{2 d^2} + \frac{7 c^3 b^4 x^5}{d^3} - \frac{(3 a^2 b^2 d^4 - 35 c^4 b^4) x^4}{4 d^4} + \frac{7 c^5 b^4 x^3}{d^5} - \frac{(a^3 b d^6 - 7 b^4 c^6) x^2}{2 d^6} + \frac{c^7 b^4 x}{d^7} - \frac{a^4 d^8 - b^4 c^8}{8 d^8}}{(d x + c)^8}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{8 b^4 c x^7 d^7 - 4 a b^3 d^8 x^6 + 28 b^4 c^2 d^6 x^6 + 56 b^4 c^3 x^5 d^5 - 6 a^2 b^2 d^8 x^4 + 70 b^4 c^4 d^4 x^4 + 56 b^4 c^5 d^3 x^3 - 4 a^3 b d^8 x^2 + 28 b^4 c^6 d^2 x^2 + 8 b^4 c^7 d x - 8 b^4 c^8}{8 d^8 (d x + c)^8}$
oring	$-\frac{-8 b^4 c x^7 d^7 + 4 a b^3 d^8 x^6 - 28 b^4 c^2 d^6 x^6 - 56 b^4 c^3 x^5 d^5 + 6 a^2 b^2 d^8 x^4 - 70 b^4 c^4 d^4 x^4 - 56 b^4 c^5 d^3 x^3 + 4 a^3 b d^8 x^2 - 28 b^4 c^6 d^2 x^2 - 8 b^4 c^7 d x - 8 b^4 c^8}{8 (d x + c)^8 d^8}$
default	$-\frac{a^4 d^8 + 4 a^3 b c^2 d^6 + 6 a^2 b^2 c^4 d^4 + 4 a b^3 c^6 d^2 + b^4 c^8}{8 d^8 (d x + c)^8} + \frac{b^4 c}{d^8 (d x + c)} - \frac{b^3 (a d^2 + 7 b c^2)}{2 d^8 (d x + c)^2} + \frac{b^2 c (3 a^2 d^4 + 10 b c^2 d^2 a + 7 b^2 c^4)}{d^8 (d x + c)^5} - \frac{b (a^3 d^6 - 7 b^3 c^6)}{2 d^8 (d x + c)^6} + \frac{c^7 b^4 x}{d^8 (d x + c)^7} - \frac{a^4 d^8 - b^4 c^8}{8 d^8 (d x + c)^8}$

input

```
int((-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^3/(d*x+c)^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

$$\frac{(c*b^4/d*x^7-1/2*b^3*(a*d^2-7*b*c^2)/d^2*x^6+7*c^3*b^4/d^3*x^5-1/4*b^2*(3*a^2*d^4-35*b^2*c^4)/d^4*x^4+7*c^5*b^4/d^5*x^3-1/2*b*(a^3*d^6-7*b^3*c^6)/d^6*x^2+c^7*b^4/d^7*x-1/8*(a^4*d^8-b^4*c^8)/d^8)/(d*x+c)^8}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 238 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.90

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(a + bx^2)^3}{(c + dx)^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{8b^4cd^7x^7 + 56b^4c^3d^5x^5 + 56b^4c^5d^3x^3 + 8b^4c^7dx + b^4c^8 - a^4d^8 + 4(7b^4c^2d^6 - ab^3d^8)x^6 + 2(35b^4c^4d^4 - 3a^2b^2d^8)x^4 + 4(7b^4c^6d^2 - a^3b^2d^8)x^2}{8(d^{16}x^8 + 8cd^{15}x^7 + 28c^2d^{14}x^6 + 56c^3d^{13}x^5 + 70c^4d^{12}x^4 + 56c^5d^{11}x^3 + 28c^6d^{10}x^2 + 8c^7d^9x + c^8d^8)}$$

input

```
integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^3/(d*x+c)^9,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\frac{1/8*(8*b^4*c*d^7*x^7 + 56*b^4*c^3*d^5*x^5 + 56*b^4*c^5*d^3*x^3 + 8*b^4*c^7*d*x + b^4*c^8 - a^4*d^8 + 4*(7*b^4*c^2*d^6 - a*b^3*d^8)*x^6 + 2*(35*b^4*c^4*d^4 - 3*a^2*b^2*d^8)*x^4 + 4*(7*b^4*c^6*d^2 - a^3*b*d^8)*x^2)/(d^16*x^8 + 8*c*d^15*x^7 + 28*c^2*d^14*x^6 + 56*c^3*d^13*x^5 + 70*c^4*d^12*x^4 + 56*c^5*d^11*x^3 + 28*c^6*d^10*x^2 + 8*c^7*d^9*x + c^8*d^8)}$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 245 vs. $2(17) = 34$.

Time = 177.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.25

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(a + bx^2)^3}{(c + dx)^9} dx =$$

$$\frac{a^4d^8 - b^4c^8 - 8b^4c^7dx - 56b^4c^5d^3x^3 - 56b^4c^3d^5x^5 - 8b^4cd^7x^7 + x^6 \cdot (4ab^3d^8 - 28b^4c^2d^6) + x^4 \cdot (6a^2b^2d^8 - 3a^2b^2d^8) + x^2 \cdot (4a^3b^2d^8 - 4a^3b^2d^8)}{8c^8d^8 + 64c^7d^9x + 224c^6d^{10}x^2 + 448c^5d^{11}x^3 + 560c^4d^{12}x^4 + 448c^3d^{13}x^5 + 224c^2d^{14}x^6 + 8c^7d^9x + c^8d^8}$$

input

```
integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x**2+a)**3/(d*x+c)**9,x)
```

output

```

-(a**4*d**8 - b**4*c**8 - 8*b**4*c**7*d*x - 56*b**4*c**5*d**3*x**3 - 56*b*
*4*c**3*d**5*x**5 - 8*b**4*c*d**7*x**7 + x**6*(4*a*b**3*d**8 - 28*b**4*c**
2*d**6) + x**4*(6*a**2*b**2*d**8 - 70*b**4*c**4*d**4) + x**2*(4*a**3*b*d**
8 - 28*b**4*c**6*d**2))/(8*c**8*d**8 + 64*c**7*d**9*x + 224*c**6*d**10*x**
2 + 448*c**5*d**11*x**3 + 560*c**4*d**12*x**4 + 448*c**3*d**13*x**5 + 224*
c**2*d**14*x**6 + 64*c*d**15*x**7 + 8*d**16*x**8)

```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 238 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.90

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(a + bx^2)^3}{(c + dx)^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{8b^4cd^7x^7 + 56b^4c^3d^5x^5 + 56b^4c^5d^3x^3 + 8b^4c^7dx + b^4c^8 - a^4d^8 + 4(7b^4c^2d^6 - ab^3d^8)x^6 + 2(35b^4c^4d^4 - 8cd^15x^7 + 28c^2d^14x^6 + 56c^3d^13x^5 + 70c^4d^12x^4 + 56c^5d^11x^3 + 28c^6d^10x^2 + 8c^7d^9x + c^8d^8)}{8(d^{16}x^8 + 8cd^{15}x^7 + 28c^2d^{14}x^6 + 56c^3d^{13}x^5 + 70c^4d^{12}x^4 + 56c^5d^{11}x^3 + 28c^6d^{10}x^2 + 8c^7d^9x + c^8d^8)}$$

input

```
integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^3/(d*x+c)^9,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/8*(8*b^4*c*d^7*x^7 + 56*b^4*c^3*d^5*x^5 + 56*b^4*c^5*d^3*x^3 + 8*b^4*c^7
*d*x + b^4*c^8 - a^4*d^8 + 4*(7*b^4*c^2*d^6 - a*b^3*d^8)*x^6 + 2*(35*b^4*c
^4*d^4 - 3*a^2*b^2*d^8)*x^4 + 4*(7*b^4*c^6*d^2 - a^3*b*d^8)*x^2)/(d^16*x^8
+ 8*c*d^15*x^7 + 28*c^2*d^14*x^6 + 56*c^3*d^13*x^5 + 70*c^4*d^12*x^4 + 56
*c^5*d^11*x^3 + 28*c^6*d^10*x^2 + 8*c^7*d^9*x + c^8*d^8)

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 158 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.90

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(a + bx^2)^3}{(c + dx)^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{8b^4cd^7x^7 + 28b^4c^2d^6x^6 - 4ab^3d^8x^6 + 56b^4c^3d^5x^5 + 70b^4c^4d^4x^4 - 6a^2b^2d^8x^4 + 56b^4c^5d^3x^3 + 28b^4c^6d^2x^2 + 8c^7d^9x + c^8d^8}{8(dx + c)^8d^8}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^3/(d*x+c)^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{8}(8b^4cd^7x^7 + 28b^4c^2d^6x^6 - 4a^3b^3d^8x^6 + 56b^4c^3d^5x^5 + 70b^4c^4d^4x^4 - 6a^2b^2d^8x^4 + 56b^4c^5d^3x^3 + 28b^4c^6d^2x^2 - 4a^3b^3d^8x^2 + 8b^4c^7d^1x + b^4c^8 - a^4d^8)/((d*x + c)^8d^8)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.45

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(a + bx^2)^3}{(c + dx)^9} dx = \frac{\frac{a^4}{8} + \frac{a^3bx^2}{2} + \frac{3a^2b^2x^4}{4} + \frac{ab^3x^6}{2} + \frac{b^4x^8}{8}}{c^8 + 8c^7dx + 28c^6d^2x^2 + 56c^5d^3x^3 + 70c^4d^4x^4 + 56c^3d^5x^5 + 28c^2d^6x^6 + 8cd^7x^7 + d^8x^8}$$

input `int(((a*d - b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)^3)/(c + d*x)^9,x)`

output
$$\frac{-(a^4/8 + (b^4*x^8)/8 + (a^3*b*x^2)/2 + (a*b^3*x^6)/2 + (3*a^2*b^2*x^4)/4)}{(c^8 + d^8*x^8 + 8*c*d^7*x^7 + 28*c^6*d^2*x^2 + 56*c^5*d^3*x^3 + 70*c^4*d^4*x^4 + 56*c^3*d^5*x^5 + 28*c^2*d^6*x^6 + 8*c^7*d*x)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.55

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(a + bx^2)^3}{(c + dx)^9} dx = \frac{-b^4x^8 - 4ab^3x^6 - 6a^2b^2x^4 - 4a^3bx^2 - a^4}{8d^8x^8 + 64cd^7x^7 + 224c^2d^6x^6 + 448c^3d^5x^5 + 560c^4d^4x^4 + 448c^5d^3x^3 + 224c^6d^2x^2 + 64c^7dx + 8c^8}$$

input `int((-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^3/(d*x+c)^9,x)`

output

```
( - a**4 - 4*a**3*b*x**2 - 6*a**2*b**2*x**4 - 4*a*b**3*x**6 - b**4*x**8)/(  
8*(c**8 + 8*c**7*d*x + 28*c**6*d**2*x**2 + 56*c**5*d**3*x**3 + 70*c**4*d**  
4*x**4 + 56*c**3*d**5*x**5 + 28*c**2*d**6*x**6 + 8*c*d**7*x**7 + d**8*x**8  
)
```

$$3.17 \quad \int \frac{(ad-bcx)(a+bx^2)^2}{(c+dx)^7} dx$$

Optimal result	234
Mathematica [B] (verified)	234
Rubi [B] (verified)	235
Maple [B] (verified)	236
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	237
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	237
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	238
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	238
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	239
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	239

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(a+bx^2)^2}{(c+dx)^7} dx = -\frac{(a+bx^2)^3}{6(c+dx)^6}$$

output

```
-1/6*(b*x^2+a)^3/(d*x+c)^6
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 102 vs. 2(20) = 40.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.10

$$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(a+bx^2)^2}{(c+dx)^7} dx =$$

$$-\frac{a^3d^6 + 3a^2bd^6x^2 + 3ab^2d^6x^4 - b^3c(c^5 + 6c^4dx + 15c^3d^2x^2 + 20c^2d^3x^3 + 15cd^4x^4 + 6d^5x^5)}{6d^6(c+dx)^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a*d - b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)^2)/(c + d*x)^7,x]
```

output

$$-1/6*(a^3*d^6 + 3*a^2*b*d^6*x^2 + 3*a*b^2*d^6*x^4 - b^3*c*(c^5 + 6*c^4*d*x + 15*c^3*d^2*x^2 + 20*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 15*c*d^4*x^4 + 6*d^5*x^5))/(d^6*(c + d*x)^6)$$

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 167 vs. $2(20) = 40$.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.35, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^2 (ad - bcx)}{(c + dx)^7} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{b^2(ad^2 + 5bc^2)}{d^5(c + dx)^3} - \frac{2b^2c(3ad^2 + 5bc^2)}{d^5(c + dx)^4} + \frac{2b(ad^2 + bc^2)(ad^2 + 5bc^2)}{d^5(c + dx)^5} - \frac{5bc(ad^2 + bc^2)^2}{d^5(c + dx)^6} + \frac{(ad^2 + bc^2)^3}{d^5(c + dx)^7} - \frac{1}{d^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{b^2(ad^2 + 5bc^2)}{2d^6(c + dx)^2} + \frac{2b^2c(3ad^2 + 5bc^2)}{3d^6(c + dx)^3} - \frac{b(ad^2 + bc^2)(ad^2 + 5bc^2)}{2d^6(c + dx)^4} + \frac{bc(ad^2 + bc^2)^2}{d^6(c + dx)^5} - \frac{(ad^2 + bc^2)^3}{6d^6(c + dx)^6} + \frac{b^3c}{d^6(c + dx)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d - b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)^2/(c + d*x)^7, x]$$

output

$$-1/6*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^3/(d^6*(c + d*x)^6) + (b*c*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^2)/(d^6*(c + d*x)^5) - (b*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(5*b*c^2 + a*d^2))/(2*d^6*(c + d*x)^4) + (2*b^2*c*(5*b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2))/(3*d^6*(c + d*x)^3) - (b^2*(5*b*c^2 + a*d^2))/(2*d^6*(c + d*x)^2) + (b^3*c)/(d^6*(c + d*x))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))^(n._)*((a._) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 114 vs. 2(18) = 36.

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.75

method	result
risch	$\frac{\frac{c b^3 x^5}{d} - \frac{b^2 (a d^2 - 5 b c^2) x^4}{2 d^2} + \frac{10 c^3 b^3 x^3}{3 d^3} - \frac{b (a^2 d^4 - 5 b^2 c^4) x^2}{2 d^4} + \frac{c^5 b^3 x}{d^5} - \frac{a^3 d^6 - b^3 c^6}{6 d^6}}{(d x + c)^6}$
gosper	$-\frac{-6 b^3 c d^5 x^5 + 3 a b^2 d^6 x^4 - 15 b^3 c^2 d^4 x^4 - 20 b^3 c^3 d^3 x^3 + 3 a^2 b d^6 x^2 - 15 b^3 c^4 d^2 x^2 - 6 b^3 c^5 d x + a^3 d^6 - b^3 c^6}{6 (d x + c)^6 d^6}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{c b^3 x^5}{d} - \frac{(a b^2 d^2 - 5 b^3 c^2) x^4}{2 d^2} + \frac{10 c^3 b^3 x^3}{3 d^3} - \frac{(a^2 b d^4 - 5 b^3 c^4) x^2}{2 d^4} + \frac{c^5 b^3 x}{d^5} - \frac{a^3 d^6 - b^3 c^6}{6 d^6}}{(d x + c)^6}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{6 b^3 c d^5 x^5 - 3 a b^2 d^6 x^4 + 15 b^3 c^2 d^4 x^4 + 20 b^3 c^3 d^3 x^3 - 3 a^2 b d^6 x^2 + 15 b^3 c^4 d^2 x^2 + 6 b^3 c^5 d x - a^3 d^6 + b^3 c^6}{6 d^6 (d x + c)^6}$
orering	$-\frac{-6 b^3 c d^5 x^5 + 3 a b^2 d^6 x^4 - 15 b^3 c^2 d^4 x^4 - 20 b^3 c^3 d^3 x^3 + 3 a^2 b d^6 x^2 - 15 b^3 c^4 d^2 x^2 - 6 b^3 c^5 d x + a^3 d^6 - b^3 c^6}{6 (d x + c)^6 d^6}$
default	$\frac{b^3 c}{d^6 (d x + c)} - \frac{b^2 (a d^2 + 5 b c^2)}{2 d^6 (d x + c)^2} + \frac{b c (a^2 d^4 + 2 b c^2 d^2 a + b^2 c^4)}{d^6 (d x + c)^5} - \frac{a^3 d^6 + 3 a^2 b c^2 d^4 + 3 a b^2 c^4 d^2 + b^3 c^6}{6 d^6 (d x + c)^6} + \frac{2 b^2 c (3 a d^2 + 5 b c^2)}{3 d^6 (d x + c)^3}$

input

```
int((-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^2/(d*x+c)^7, x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(c*b^3/d*x^5-1/2*b^2*(a*d^2-5*b*c^2)/d^2*x^4+10/3*c^3*b^3/d^3*x^3-1/2*b*(a^2*d^4-5*b^2*c^4)/d^4*x^2+c^5*b^3/d^5*x-1/6*(a^3*d^6-b^3*c^6)/d^6)/(d*x+c)^6
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 174 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.70

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(a + bx^2)^2}{(c + dx)^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{6b^3cd^5x^5 + 20b^3c^3d^3x^3 + 6b^3c^5dx + b^3c^6 - a^3d^6 + 3(5b^3c^2d^4 - ab^2d^6)x^4 + 3(5b^3c^4d^2 - a^2bd^6)x^2}{6(d^{12}x^6 + 6cd^{11}x^5 + 15c^2d^{10}x^4 + 20c^3d^9x^3 + 15c^4d^8x^2 + 6c^5d^7x + c^6d^6)}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^2/(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(6*b^3*c*d^5*x^5 + 20*b^3*c^3*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^5*d*x + b^3*c^6 - a^3*d^6 + 3*(5*b^3*c^2*d^4 - a*b^2*d^6)*x^4 + 3*(5*b^3*c^4*d^2 - a^2*b*d^6)*x^2)/(d^12*x^6 + 6*c*d^11*x^5 + 15*c^2*d^10*x^4 + 20*c^3*d^9*x^3 + 15*c^4*d^8*x^2 + 6*c^5*d^7*x + c^6*d^6)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 178 vs. $2(17) = 34$.

Time = 3.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.90

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(a + bx^2)^2}{(c + dx)^7} dx =$$

$$\frac{a^3d^6 - b^3c^6 - 6b^3c^5dx - 20b^3c^3d^3x^3 - 6b^3cd^5x^5 + x^4 \cdot (3ab^2d^6 - 15b^3c^2d^4) + x^2 \cdot (3a^2bd^6 - 15b^3c^4d^2)}{6c^6d^6 + 36c^5d^7x + 90c^4d^8x^2 + 120c^3d^9x^3 + 90c^2d^{10}x^4 + 36cd^{11}x^5 + 6d^{12}x^6}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x**2+a)**2/(d*x+c)**7,x)`

output `-(a**3*d**6 - b**3*c**6 - 6*b**3*c**5*d*x - 20*b**3*c**3*d**3*x**3 - 6*b**3*c*d**5*x**5 + x**4*(3*a*b**2*d**6 - 15*b**3*c**2*d**4) + x**2*(3*a**2*b*d**6 - 15*b**3*c**4*d**2))/(6*c**6*d**6 + 36*c**5*d**7*x + 90*c**4*d**8*x**2 + 120*c**3*d**9*x**3 + 90*c**2*d**10*x**4 + 36*c*d**11*x**5 + 6*d**12*x**6)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 174 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.70

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(a + bx^2)^2}{(c + dx)^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{6b^3cd^5x^5 + 20b^3c^3d^3x^3 + 6b^3c^5dx + b^3c^6 - a^3d^6 + 3(5b^3c^2d^4 - ab^2d^6)x^4 + 3(5b^3c^4d^2 - a^2bd^6)x^2}{6(d^{12}x^6 + 6cd^{11}x^5 + 15c^2d^{10}x^4 + 20c^3d^9x^3 + 15c^4d^8x^2 + 6c^5d^7x + c^6d^6)}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^2/(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*(6*b^3*c*d^5*x^5 + 20*b^3*c^3*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^5*d*x + b^3*c^6 - a^3*d^6 + 3*(5*b^3*c^2*d^4 - a*b^2*d^6)*x^4 + 3*(5*b^3*c^4*d^2 - a^2*b*d^6)*x^2)/(d^12*x^6 + 6*c*d^11*x^5 + 15*c^2*d^10*x^4 + 20*c^3*d^9*x^3 + 15*c^4*d^8*x^2 + 6*c^5*d^7*x + c^6*d^6)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 116 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.80

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(a + bx^2)^2}{(c + dx)^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{6b^3cd^5x^5 + 15b^3c^2d^4x^4 - 3ab^2d^6x^4 + 20b^3c^3d^3x^3 + 15b^3c^4d^2x^2 - 3a^2bd^6x^2 + 6b^3c^5dx + b^3c^6 - a^3d^6}{6(dx + c)^6d^6}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^2/(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*(6*b^3*c*d^5*x^5 + 15*b^3*c^2*d^4*x^4 - 3*a*b^2*d^6*x^4 + 20*b^3*c^3*d^3*x^3 + 15*b^3*c^4*d^2*x^2 - 3*a^2*b*d^6*x^2 + 6*b^3*c^5*d*x + b^3*c^6 - a^3*d^6)/((d*x + c)^6*d^6)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.80

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(a + bx^2)^2}{(c + dx)^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{a^3}{6} + \frac{a^2bx^2}{2} + \frac{ab^2x^4}{2} + \frac{b^3x^6}{6}}{c^6 + 6c^5dx + 15c^4d^2x^2 + 20c^3d^3x^3 + 15c^2d^4x^4 + 6cd^5x^5 + d^6x^6}$$

input `int(((a*d - b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)^2)/(c + d*x)^7,x)`output `-(a^3/6 + (b^3*x^6)/6 + (a^2*b*x^2)/2 + (a*b^2*x^4)/2)/(c^6 + d^6*x^6 + 6*c*d^5*x^5 + 15*c^4*d^2*x^2 + 20*c^3*d^3*x^3 + 15*c^2*d^4*x^4 + 6*c^5*d*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.90

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(a + bx^2)^2}{(c + dx)^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{-b^3x^6 - 3ab^2x^4 - 3a^2bx^2 - a^3}{6d^6x^6 + 36cd^5x^5 + 90c^2d^4x^4 + 120c^3d^3x^3 + 90c^4d^2x^2 + 36c^5dx + 6c^6}$$

input `int((-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^2/(d*x+c)^7,x)`output `(- a**3 - 3*a**2*b*x**2 - 3*a*b**2*x**4 - b**3*x**6)/(6*(c**6 + 6*c**5*d*x + 15*c**4*d**2*x**2 + 20*c**3*d**3*x**3 + 15*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 6*c*d**5*x**5 + d**6*x**6))`

$$3.18 \quad \int \frac{(ad-bcx)(a+bx^2)}{(c+dx)^5} dx$$

Optimal result	240
Mathematica [B] (verified)	240
Rubi [B] (verified)	241
Maple [B] (verified)	242
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	242
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	243
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	243
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	244
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	244
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	245

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(a+bx^2)}{(c+dx)^5} dx = -\frac{(a+bx^2)^2}{4(c+dx)^4}$$

output

$$-1/4*(b*x^2+a)^2/(d*x+c)^4$$

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 66 vs. $2(20) = 40$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.30

$$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(a+bx^2)}{(c+dx)^5} dx = \frac{-a^2d^4 - 2abd^4x^2 + b^2c(c^3 + 4c^2dx + 6cd^2x^2 + 4d^3x^3)}{4d^4(c+dx)^4}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(a*d - b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)/(c + d*x)^5, x]$$

output

$$(-(a^2*d^4) - 2*a*b*d^4*x^2 + b^2*c*(c^3 + 4*c^2*d*x + 6*c*d^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*x^3))/(4*d^4*(c + d*x)^4)$$

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 94 vs. $2(20) = 40$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.70, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)(ad - bcx)}{(c + dx)^5} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{b(ad^2 + 3bc^2)}{d^3(c + dx)^3} - \frac{3bc(ad^2 + bc^2)}{d^3(c + dx)^4} + \frac{(ad^2 + bc^2)^2}{d^3(c + dx)^5} - \frac{b^2c}{d^3(c + dx)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{b(ad^2 + 3bc^2)}{2d^4(c + dx)^2} + \frac{bc(ad^2 + bc^2)}{d^4(c + dx)^3} - \frac{(ad^2 + bc^2)^2}{4d^4(c + dx)^4} + \frac{b^2c}{d^4(c + dx)}$$

input `Int[((a*d - b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2))/(c + d*x)^5,x]`

output `-1/4*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^2/(d^4*(c + d*x)^4) + (b*c*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))/(d^4*(c + d*x)^3) - (b*(3*b*c^2 + a*d^2))/(2*d^4*(c + d*x)^2) + (b^2*c)/(d^4*(c + d*x))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 73 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.70

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\frac{cb^2x^3}{d} - \frac{b(ad^2 - 3bc^2)x^2}{2d^2} + \frac{c^3b^2x}{d^3} - \frac{a^2d^4 - b^2c^4}{4d^4}}{(dx+c)^4}$	74
gospers	$-\frac{-4b^2cd^3x^3 + 2abd^4x^2 - 6d^2c^2x^2b^2 - 4b^2c^3dx + a^2d^4 - b^2c^4}{4(dx+c)^4d^4}$	75
parallelrisch	$\frac{4b^2cd^3x^3 - 2abd^4x^2 + 6d^2c^2x^2b^2 + 4b^2c^3dx - a^2d^4 + b^2c^4}{4d^4(dx+c)^4}$	75
orering	$-\frac{-4b^2cd^3x^3 + 2abd^4x^2 - 6d^2c^2x^2b^2 - 4b^2c^3dx + a^2d^4 - b^2c^4}{4(dx+c)^4d^4}$	75
norman	$\frac{\frac{cb^2x^3}{d} - \frac{(ab d^2 - 3b^2 c^2) x^2}{2d^2} + \frac{c^3 b^2 x}{d^3} - \frac{a^2 d^4 - b^2 c^4}{4d^4}}{(dx+c)^4}$	76
default	$\frac{b^2c}{d^4(dx+c)} - \frac{b(ad^2+3bc^2)}{2d^4(dx+c)^2} + \frac{bc(ad^2+bc^2)}{d^4(dx+c)^3} - \frac{a^2d^4+2bc^2d^2a+b^2c^4}{4d^4(dx+c)^4}$	103

input `int((-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)/(d*x+c)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $(c/d*b^2*x^3 - 1/2*b*(a*d^2 - 3*b*c^2)/d^2*x^2 + c^3*b^2/d^3*x - 1/4*(a^2*d^4 - b^2*c^4)/d^4)/(d*x+c)^4$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 110 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.50

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(a + bx^2)}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \frac{4b^2cd^3x^3 + 4b^2c^3dx + b^2c^4 - a^2d^4 + 2(3b^2c^2d^2 - abd^4)x^2}{4(d^8x^4 + 4cd^7x^3 + 6c^2d^6x^2 + 4c^3d^5x + c^4d^4)}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)/(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/4*(4*b^2*c*d^3*x^3 + 4*b^2*c^3*d*x + b^2*c^4 - a^2*d^4 + 2*(3*b^2*c^2*d^2 - a*b*d^4)*x^2)/(d^8*x^4 + 4*c*d^7*x^3 + 6*c^2*d^6*x^2 + 4*c^3*d^5*x + c^4*d^4)$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 112 vs. $2(17) = 34$.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.60

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(a + bx^2)}{(c + dx)^5} dx$$

$$= -\frac{a^2d^4 - b^2c^4 - 4b^2c^3dx - 4b^2cd^3x^3 + x^2 \cdot (2abd^4 - 6b^2c^2d^2)}{4c^4d^4 + 16c^3d^5x + 24c^2d^6x^2 + 16cd^7x^3 + 4d^8x^4}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x**2+a)/(d*x+c)**5,x)`

output `-(a**2*d**4 - b**2*c**4 - 4*b**2*c**3*d*x - 4*b**2*c*d**3*x**3 + x**2*(2*a*b*d**4 - 6*b**2*c**2*d**2))/(4*c**4*d**4 + 16*c**3*d**5*x + 24*c**2*d**6*x**2 + 16*c*d**7*x**3 + 4*d**8*x**4)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 110 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.50

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(a + bx^2)}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \frac{4b^2cd^3x^3 + 4b^2c^3dx + b^2c^4 - a^2d^4 + 2(3b^2c^2d^2 - abd^4)x^2}{4(d^8x^4 + 4cd^7x^3 + 6c^2d^6x^2 + 4c^3d^5x + c^4d^4)}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)/(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(4*b^2*c*d^3*x^3 + 4*b^2*c^3*d*x + b^2*c^4 - a^2*d^4 + 2*(3*b^2*c^2*d^2 - a*b*d^4)*x^2)/(d^8*x^4 + 4*c*d^7*x^3 + 6*c^2*d^6*x^2 + 4*c^3*d^5*x + c^4*d^4)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 131 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.55

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(a + bx^2)}{(c + dx)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{4b^2c}{(dx+c)d} - \frac{6b^2c^2}{(dx+c)^2d} + \frac{4b^2c^3}{(dx+c)^3d} - \frac{b^2c^4}{(dx+c)^4d} - \frac{2abd}{(dx+c)^2} + \frac{4abcd}{(dx+c)^3} - \frac{2abc^2d}{(dx+c)^4} - \frac{a^2d^3}{(dx+c)^4}}{4d^3}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)/(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(4*b^2*c/((d*x + c)*d) - 6*b^2*c^2/((d*x + c)^2*d) + 4*b^2*c^3/((d*x + c)^3*d) - b^2*c^4/((d*x + c)^4*d) - 2*a*b*d/(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a*b*c*d/(d*x + c)^3 - 2*a*b*c^2*d/(d*x + c)^4 - a^2*d^3/(d*x + c)^4)/d^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.15

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(a + bx^2)}{(c + dx)^5} dx = -\frac{\frac{a^2}{4} + \frac{abx^2}{2} + \frac{b^2x^4}{4}}{c^4 + 4c^3dx + 6c^2d^2x^2 + 4cd^3x^3 + d^4x^4}$$

input `int(((a*d - b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2))/(c + d*x)^5,x)`

output `-(a^2/4 + (b^2*x^4)/4 + (a*b*x^2)/2)/(c^4 + d^4*x^4 + 4*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*c^3*d*x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.25

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(a + bx^2)}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \frac{-b^2x^4 - 2abx^2 - a^2}{4d^4x^4 + 16cd^3x^3 + 24c^2d^2x^2 + 16c^3dx + 4c^4}$$

input

```
int((-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)/(d*x+c)^5,x)
```

output

```
( - a**2 - 2*a*b*x**2 - b**2*x**4)/(4*(c**4 + 4*c**3*d*x + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*c*d**3*x**3 + d**4*x**4))
```

3.19 $\int \frac{ad-bcx}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	246
Mathematica [A] (verified)	246
Rubi [A] (verified)	247
Maple [A] (verified)	248
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	248
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	249
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	249
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	249
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	250
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	250

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{ad - bcx}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{a + bx^2}{2(c + dx)^2}$$

output `-1/2*(b*x^2+a)/(d*x+c)^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{ad - bcx}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{-ad^2 + bc(c + 2dx)}{2d^2(c + dx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d - b*c*x)/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `(-(a*d^2) + b*c*(c + 2*d*x))/(2*d^2*(c + d*x)^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$, Rules used = {48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{ad - bcx}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

↓ 48

$$-\frac{(ad - bcx)^2}{2(c + dx)^2 (ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

input `Int[(a*d - b*c*x)/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a*d - b*c*x)^2/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp
 [(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
 a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{-2bcdx+ad^2-bc^2}{2(dx+c)^2d^2}$	31
parallelrisch	$\frac{2bcdx-ad^2+bc^2}{2d^2(dx+c)^2}$	31
orering	$-\frac{-2bcdx+ad^2-bc^2}{2(dx+c)^2d^2}$	31
norman	$\frac{\frac{bcx}{d}-\frac{ad^2-bc^2}{2d^2}}{(dx+c)^2}$	34
risch	$\frac{\frac{bcx}{d}-\frac{ad^2-bc^2}{2d^2}}{(dx+c)^2}$	34
default	$\frac{bc}{d^2(dx+c)} - \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{2d^2(dx+c)^2}$	38

input `int((-b*c*x+a*d)/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(-2*b*c*d*x+a*d^2-b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^2/d^2`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 44 vs. 2(16) = 32.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int \frac{ad - bcx}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{2bcdx + bc^2 - ad^2}{2(d^4x^2 + 2cd^3x + c^2d^2)}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2 - a*d^2)/(d^4*x^2 + 2*c*d^3*x + c^2*d^2)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 44 vs. $2(17) = 34$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int \frac{ad - bcx}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{ad^2 - bc^2 - 2bcdx}{2c^2d^2 + 4cd^3x + 2d^4x^2}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)/(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `-(a*d**2 - b*c**2 - 2*b*c*d*x)/(2*c**2*d**2 + 4*c*d**3*x + 2*d**4*x**2)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 44 vs. $2(16) = 32$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int \frac{ad - bcx}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{2bcdx + bc^2 - ad^2}{2(d^4x^2 + 2cd^3x + c^2d^2)}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2 - a*d^2)/(d^4*x^2 + 2*c*d^3*x + c^2*d^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{ad - bcx}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{2bcdx + bc^2 - ad^2}{2(dx + c)^2d^2}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2 - a*d^2)/((d*x + c)^2*d^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{ad - bcx}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{bx^2}{2} + \frac{a}{2}}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2}$$

input `int((a*d - b*c*x)/(c + d*x)^3,x)`output `-(a/2 + (b*x^2)/2)/(c^2 + d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{ad - bcx}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{-bx^2 - a}{2d^2x^2 + 4cdx + 2c^2}$$

input `int((-b*c*x+a*d)/(d*x+c)^3,x)`output `(- (a + b*x**2))/(2*(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))`

3.20 $\int \frac{ad-bcx}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	251
Mathematica [A] (verified)	251
Rubi [A] (verified)	252
Maple [A] (verified)	253
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	253
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	253
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	254
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	254
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	254
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	255

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \frac{ad - bcx}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)} dx = \log(c + dx) - \frac{1}{2} \log(a + bx^2)$$

output `ln(d*x+c)-1/2*ln(b*x^2+a)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{ad - bcx}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)} dx = \log(c + dx) - \frac{1}{2} \log(a + bx^2)$$

input `Integrate[(a*d - b*c*x)/((c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)),x]`

output `Log[c + d*x] - Log[a + b*x^2]/2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{ad - bcx}{(a + bx^2)(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 657

$$\int \left(\frac{d}{c + dx} - \frac{bx}{a + bx^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\log(c + dx) - \frac{1}{2} \log(a + bx^2)$$

input

```
Int[(a*d - b*c*x)/((c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)),x]
```

output

```
Log[c + d*x] - Log[a + b*x^2]/2
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 657

```
Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
default	$\ln(dx + c) - \frac{\ln(bx^2 + a)}{2}$	18
norman	$\ln(dx + c) - \frac{\ln(bx^2 + a)}{2}$	18
risch	$\ln(dx + c) - \frac{\ln(bx^2 + a)}{2}$	18
parallelrisc	$\ln(dx + c) - \frac{\ln(bx^2 + a)}{2}$	18

input `int((-b*c*x+a*d)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `ln(d*x+c)-1/2*ln(b*x^2+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{ad - bcx}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \log(bx^2 + a) + \log(dx + c)$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*log(b*x^2 + a) + log(d*x + c)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{ad - bcx}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)} dx = -\frac{\log\left(\frac{a}{b} + x^2\right)}{2} + \log\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)/(d*x+c)/(b*x**2+a),x)`

output `-log(a/b + x**2)/2 + log(c/d + x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{ad - bcx}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \log(bx^2 + a) + \log(dx + c)$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*log(b*x^2 + a) + log(d*x + c)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{ad - bcx}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \log(bx^2 + a) + \log(|dx + c|)$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*log(b*x^2 + a) + log(abs(d*x + c))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{ad - bcx}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)} dx = \ln(c + dx) - \frac{\ln(bx^2 + a)}{2}$$

input `int((a*d - b*c*x)/((a + b*x^2)*(c + d*x)),x)`

output `log(c + d*x) - log(a + b*x^2)/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{ad - bcx}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)} dx = -\frac{\log(bx^2 + a)}{2} + \log(dx + c)$$

input `int((-b*c*x+a*d)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a),x)`

output `(- log(a + b*x**2) + 2*log(c + d*x))/2`

$$3.21 \quad \int \frac{(ad-bcx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	256
Mathematica [A] (verified)	256
Rubi [A] (verified)	257
Maple [A] (verified)	257
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	258
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	259
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	259
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	259
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	260
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	260

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2(a+bx^2)}$$

output `(d*x+c)^2/(2*b*x^2+2*a)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{bc^2-ad^2+2bcdx}{2b(a+bx^2)}$$

input `Integrate[((a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x))/(a + b*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(b*c^2 - a*d^2 + 2*b*c*d*x)/(2*b*(a + b*x^2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {673}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ad - bcx)}{(a + bx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{673}$$

$$\frac{-ad^2 + bc^2 + 2bcdx}{2b(a + bx^2)}$$

input `Int[((a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x))/(a + b*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(b*c^2 - a*d^2 + 2*b*c*d*x)/(2*b*(a + b*x^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 673 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x
_Symbol] :> Simp[((e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) + 2*e*g*(p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p
+ 1)/(2*c*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && EqQ
[a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3), 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2bcdx+ad^2-bc^2}{2(bx^2+a)b}$	33
default	$\frac{cdx-\frac{ad^2-bc^2}{2b}}{bx^2+a}$	33
norman	$\frac{cdx-\frac{ad^2-bc^2}{2b}}{bx^2+a}$	33
risch	$\frac{cdx-\frac{ad^2-bc^2}{2b}}{bx^2+a}$	33
parallelrisch	$\frac{2bcdx-ad^2+bc^2}{2b(bx^2+a)}$	33
orering	$-\frac{2bcdx+ad^2-bc^2}{2(bx^2+a)b}$	33

input `int((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(-2*b*c*d*x+a*d^2-b*c^2)/(b*x^2+a)/b`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2bcdx + bc^2 - ad^2}{2(b^2x^2 + ab)}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2 - a*d^2)/(b^2*x^2 + a*b)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 32 vs. $2(15) = 30$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{ad^2 - bc^2 - 2bcdx}{2ab + 2b^2x^2}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `-(a*d**2 - b*c**2 - 2*b*c*d*x)/(2*a*b + 2*b**2*x**2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2bcdx + bc^2 - ad^2}{2(b^2x^2 + ab)}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2 - a*d^2)/(b^2*x^2 + a*b)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2bcdx + bc^2 - ad^2}{2(bx^2 + a)b}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2 - a*d^2)/((b*x^2 + a)*b)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{ad^2 - bc^2}{2b} - cd}{bx^2 + a}$$

input `int(((a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x))/(a + b*x^2)^2,x)`output `-((a*d^2 - b*c^2)/(2*b) - c*d*x)/(a + b*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{x(ad^2x - bc^2x + 2acd)}{2a(bx^2 + a)}$$

input `int((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^2,x)`output `(x*(2*a*c*d + a*d**2*x - b*c**2*x))/(2*a*(a + b*x**2))`

$$3.22 \quad \int \frac{(ad-bcx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	261
Mathematica [B] (verified)	261
Rubi [A] (verified)	262
Maple [B] (verified)	262
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	263
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	264
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	264
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	264
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	265
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	265

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^3} dx = \frac{(c+dx)^4}{4(a+bx^2)^2}$$

output `1/4*(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^2`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 68 vs. $2(20) = 40$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.40

$$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-a^2d^4 - 2abd^4x^2 + b^2c(c^3 + 4c^2dx + 6cd^2x^2 + 4d^3x^3)}{4b^2(a+bx^2)^2}$$

input `Integrate[((a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^3)/(a + b*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((-a^2*d^4) - 2*a*b*d^4*x^2 + b^2*c*(c^3 + 4*c^2*d*x + 6*c*d^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*x^3))/(4*b^2*(a + b*x^2)^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.038$, Rules used = {677}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3(ad - bcx)}{(a + bx^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 677

$$\frac{(c + dx)^4}{4(a + bx^2)^2}$$

input `Int[((a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^3)/(a + b*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(c + d*x)^4/(4*(a + b*x^2)^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 677 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0] && EqQ[c*d*f + a*e*g, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 69 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.50

method	result	size
default	$\frac{cd^3x^3 - \frac{d^2(a d^2 - 3b c^2)x^2}{2b} + c^3dx - \frac{a^2d^4 - b^2c^4}{4b^2}}{(bx^2+a)^2}$	70
norman	$\frac{cd^3x^3 - \frac{(a d^4 - 3b c^2 d^2)x^2}{2b} + c^3dx - \frac{a^2d^4 - b^2c^4}{4b^2}}{(bx^2+a)^2}$	70
risch	$\frac{cd^3x^3 - \frac{d^2(a d^2 - 3b c^2)x^2}{2b} + c^3dx - \frac{a^2d^4 - b^2c^4}{4b^2}}{(bx^2+a)^2}$	70
gospers	$-\frac{-4b^2cd^3x^3 + 2abd^4x^2 - 6d^2c^2x^2b^2 - 4b^2c^3dx + a^2d^4 - b^2c^4}{4(bx^2+a)^2b^2}$	77
parallelrisch	$\frac{4b^2cd^3x^3 - 2abd^4x^2 + 6d^2c^2x^2b^2 + 4b^2c^3dx - a^2d^4 + b^2c^4}{4b^2(bx^2+a)^2}$	77
orering	$-\frac{-4b^2cd^3x^3 + 2abd^4x^2 - 6d^2c^2x^2b^2 - 4b^2c^3dx + a^2d^4 - b^2c^4}{4(bx^2+a)^2b^2}$	77

input `int((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{(c*d^3*x^3 - 1/2*d^2*(a*d^2 - 3*b*c^2)/b*x^2 + c^3*d*x - 1/4*(a^2*d^4 - b^2*c^4)/b^2)}{(b*x^2+a)^2}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 90 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.50

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^3} dx = \frac{4b^2cd^3x^3 + 4b^2c^3dx + b^2c^4 - a^2d^4 + 2(3b^2c^2d^2 - abd^4)x^2}{4(b^4x^4 + 2ab^3x^2 + a^2b^2)}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1/4*(4*b^2*c*d^3*x^3 + 4*b^2*c^3*d*x + b^2*c^4 - a^2*d^4 + 2*(3*b^2*c^2*d^2 - a*b*d^4)*x^2)}{(b^4*x^4 + 2*a*b^3*x^2 + a^2*b^2)}$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 90 vs. $2(15) = 30$.

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.50

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{a^2d^4 - b^2c^4 - 4b^2c^3dx - 4b^2cd^3x^3 + x^2 \cdot (2abd^4 - 6b^2c^2d^2)}{4a^2b^2 + 8ab^3x^2 + 4b^4x^4}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)**3/(b*x**2+a)**3,x)`

output `-(a**2*d**4 - b**2*c**4 - 4*b**2*c**3*d*x - 4*b**2*c*d**3*x**3 + x**2*(2*a*b*d**4 - 6*b**2*c**2*d**2))/(4*a**2*b**2 + 8*a*b**3*x**2 + 4*b**4*x**4)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 90 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.50

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^3} dx = \frac{4b^2cd^3x^3 + 4b^2c^3dx + b^2c^4 - a^2d^4 + 2(3b^2c^2d^2 - abd^4)x^2}{4(b^4x^4 + 2ab^3x^2 + a^2b^2)}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(4*b^2*c*d^3*x^3 + 4*b^2*c^3*d*x + b^2*c^4 - a^2*d^4 + 2*(3*b^2*c^2*d^2 - a*b*d^4)*x^2)/(b^4*x^4 + 2*a*b^3*x^2 + a^2*b^2)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 76 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.80

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^3} dx = \frac{4b^2cd^3x^3 + 6b^2c^2d^2x^2 - 2abd^4x^2 + 4b^2c^3dx + b^2c^4 - a^2d^4}{4(bx^2 + a)^2b^2}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{4} \cdot (4b^2cd^3x^3 + 6b^2c^2d^2x^2 - 2abd^4x^2 + 4b^2c^3dx + b^2c^4 - a^2d^4) / ((bx^2 + a)^2b^2)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{c^4}{4} + c^3 dx + \frac{3c^2 d^2 x^2}{2} + cd^3 x^3 + \frac{d^4 x^4}{4}}{a^2 + 2abx^2 + b^2 x^4}$$

input `int(((a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^3)/(a + b*x^2)^3,x)`

output $(c^4/4 + (d^4*x^4)/4 + c*d^3*x^3 + (3*c^2*d^2*x^2)/2 + c^3*d*x)/(a^2 + b^2*x^4 + 2*a*b*x^2)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.45

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^3} dx = \frac{abd^4x^4 - 3b^2c^2d^2x^4 + 4abc d^3x^3 + 4abc^3dx - 3a^2c^2d^2 + abc^4}{4ab(b^2x^4 + 2abx^2 + a^2)}$$

input `int((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^3,x)`

output $(-3a^2c^2d^2 + a^2b^2c^4 + 4a^2b^2c^3dx + 4a^2b^2cd^3x^3 + a^2bd^4x^4 - 3b^2c^2d^2x^4)/(4a^2b^2(a^2 + 2abx^2 + b^2x^4))$

$$3.23 \quad \int \frac{(ad-bcx)(c+dx)^5}{(a+bx^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	266
Mathematica [B] (verified)	266
Rubi [A] (verified)	267
Maple [B] (verified)	268
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	268
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	269
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	269
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	270
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	270
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	271

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(c+dx)^5}{(a+bx^2)^4} dx = \frac{(c+dx)^6}{6(a+bx^2)^3}$$

output `1/6*(d*x+c)^6/(b*x^2+a)^3`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 104 vs. 2(20) = 40.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.20

$$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(c+dx)^5}{(a+bx^2)^4} dx = \frac{a^3 d^6 + 3a^2 b d^6 x^2 + 3ab^2 d^6 x^4 - b^3 c(c^5 + 6c^4 dx + 15c^3 d^2 x^2 + 20c^2 d^3 x^3 + 15cd^4 x^4 + 6d^5 x^5)}{6b^3 (a+bx^2)^3}$$

input `Integrate[((a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^5)/(a + b*x^2)^4,x]`

output

$$-1/6*(a^3*d^6 + 3*a^2*b*d^6*x^2 + 3*a*b^2*d^6*x^4 - b^3*c*(c^5 + 6*c^4*d*x + 15*c^3*d^2*x^2 + 20*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 15*c*d^4*x^4 + 6*d^5*x^5))/(b^3*(a + b*x^2)^3)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.038$, Rules used = {677}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^5(ad - bcx)}{(a + bx^2)^4} dx$$

↓ 677

$$\frac{(c + dx)^6}{6(a + bx^2)^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\frac{(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^5}{(a + b*x^2)^4}, x]$$

output

$$(c + d*x)^6/(6*(a + b*x^2)^3)$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 677

$$\text{Int}[\frac{(d + e*x)^m * (f + g*x) * (a + c*x^2)^{p+1}}{(2*(p+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))}, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + 2*p + 3], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d*f + a*e*g, 0]$$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 107 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.40

method	result	size
default	$\frac{c d^5 x^5 - \frac{d^4 (a d^2 - 5b c^2) x^4}{2b} + \frac{10d^3 c^3 x^3}{3} - \frac{d^2 (a^2 d^4 - 5b^2 c^4) x^2}{2b^2} + c^5 dx - \frac{a^3 d^6 - b^3 c^6}{6b^3}}{(b x^2 + a)^3}$	108
norman	$\frac{c d^5 x^5 - \frac{(a d^6 - 5b c^2 d^4) x^4}{2b} + \frac{10d^3 c^3 x^3}{3} - \frac{(a^2 d^6 - 5c^4 b^2 d^2) x^2}{2b^2} + c^5 dx - \frac{a^3 d^6 - b^3 c^6}{6b^3}}{(b x^2 + a)^3}$	108
risch	$\frac{c d^5 x^5 - \frac{d^4 (a d^2 - 5b c^2) x^4}{2b} + \frac{10d^3 c^3 x^3}{3} - \frac{d^2 (a^2 d^4 - 5b^2 c^4) x^2}{2b^2} + c^5 dx - \frac{a^3 d^6 - b^3 c^6}{6b^3}}{(b x^2 + a)^3}$	108
gospers	$-\frac{-6b^3 c d^5 x^5 + 3a b^2 d^6 x^4 - 15b^3 c^2 d^4 x^4 - 20b^3 c^3 d^3 x^3 + 3a^2 b d^6 x^2 - 15b^3 c^4 d^2 x^2 - 6b^3 c^5 dx + a^3 d^6 - b^3 c^6}{6(b x^2 + a)^3 b^3}$	119
parallelrisch	$\frac{6b^3 c d^5 x^5 - 3a b^2 d^6 x^4 + 15b^3 c^2 d^4 x^4 + 20b^3 c^3 d^3 x^3 - 3a^2 b d^6 x^2 + 15b^3 c^4 d^2 x^2 + 6b^3 c^5 dx - a^3 d^6 + b^3 c^6}{6b^3 (b x^2 + a)^3}$	119
orering	$-\frac{-6b^3 c d^5 x^5 + 3a b^2 d^6 x^4 - 15b^3 c^2 d^4 x^4 - 20b^3 c^3 d^3 x^3 + 3a^2 b d^6 x^2 - 15b^3 c^4 d^2 x^2 - 6b^3 c^5 dx + a^3 d^6 - b^3 c^6}{6(b x^2 + a)^3 b^3}$	119

input `int((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^5/(b*x^2+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{(c*d^5*x^5 - 1/2*d^4*(a*d^2 - 5*b*c^2)/b*x^4 + 10/3*d^3*c^3*x^3 - 1/2*d^2*(a^2*d^4 - 5*b^2*c^4)/b^2*x^2 + c^5*d*x - 1/6*(a^3*d^6 - b^3*c^6)/b^3)/(b*x^2+a)^3}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 143 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.15

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)^5}{(a + bx^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{6b^3cd^5x^5 + 20b^3c^3d^3x^3 + 6b^3c^5dx + b^3c^6 - a^3d^6 + 3(5b^3c^2d^4 - ab^2d^6)x^4 + 3(5b^3c^4d^2 - a^2bd^6)x^2}{6(b^6x^6 + 3ab^5x^4 + 3a^2b^4x^2 + a^3b^3)}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^5/(b*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$\frac{1}{6} \frac{(6b^3cd^5x^5 + 20b^3c^3d^3x^3 + 6b^3c^5d^2x + b^3c^6 - a^3d^6 + 3(5b^3c^2d^4 - ab^2d^6)x^4 + 3(5b^3c^4d^2 - a^2bd^6)x^2)}{(b^6x^6 + 3ab^5x^4 + 3a^2b^4x^2 + a^3b^3)}$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 144 vs. $2(15) = 30$.

Time = 16.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.20

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)^5}{(a + bx^2)^4} dx = \frac{-a^3d^6 - b^3c^6 - 6b^3c^5dx - 20b^3c^3d^3x^3 - 6b^3cd^5x^5 + x^4 \cdot (3ab^2d^6 - 15b^3c^2d^4) + x^2 \cdot (3a^2bd^6 - 15b^3c^4d^2)}{6a^3b^3 + 18a^2b^4x^2 + 18ab^5x^4 + 6b^6x^6}$$

input

```
integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)**5/(b*x**2+a)**4,x)
```

output

$$\frac{-(a**3*d**6 - b**3*c**6 - 6*b**3*c**5*d*x - 20*b**3*c**3*d**3*x**3 - 6*b**3*c*d**5*x**5 + x**4*(3*a*b**2*d**6 - 15*b**3*c**2*d**4) + x**2*(3*a**2*b*d**6 - 15*b**3*c**4*d**2))/(6*a**3*b**3 + 18*a**2*b**4*x**2 + 18*a*b**5*x**4 + 6*b**6*x**6)}$$

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 143 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.15

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)^5}{(a + bx^2)^4} dx = \frac{6b^3cd^5x^5 + 20b^3c^3d^3x^3 + 6b^3c^5dx + b^3c^6 - a^3d^6 + 3(5b^3c^2d^4 - ab^2d^6)x^4 + 3(5b^3c^4d^2 - a^2bd^6)x^2}{6(b^6x^6 + 3ab^5x^4 + 3a^2b^4x^2 + a^3b^3)}$$

input

```
integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^5/(b*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{6} * (6 * b^3 * c * d^5 * x^5 + 20 * b^3 * c^3 * d^3 * x^3 + 6 * b^3 * c^5 * d * x + b^3 * c^6 - a^3 * d^6 + 3 * (5 * b^3 * c^2 * d^4 - a * b^2 * d^6) * x^4 + 3 * (5 * b^3 * c^4 * d^2 - a^2 * b * d^6) * x^2) / (b^6 * x^6 + 3 * a * b^5 * x^4 + 3 * a^2 * b^4 * x^2 + a^3 * b^3)$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 118 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.90

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)^5}{(a + bx^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{6b^3cd^5x^5 + 15b^3c^2d^4x^4 - 3ab^2d^6x^4 + 20b^3c^3d^3x^3 + 15b^3c^4d^2x^2 - 3a^2bd^6x^2 + 6b^3c^5dx + b^3c^6 - a^3d^6}{6(bx^2 + a)^3b^3}$$

input

```
integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^5/(b*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{6} * (6 * b^3 * c * d^5 * x^5 + 15 * b^3 * c^2 * d^4 * x^4 - 3 * a * b^2 * d^6 * x^4 + 20 * b^3 * c^3 * d^3 * x^3 + 15 * b^3 * c^4 * d^2 * x^2 - 3 * a^2 * b * d^6 * x^2 + 6 * b^3 * c^5 * d * x + b^3 * c^6 - a^3 * d^6) / ((b * x^2 + a)^3 * b^3)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.65

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)^5}{(a + bx^2)^4} dx = \frac{\frac{c^6}{6} + c^5 dx + \frac{5c^4 d^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{10c^3 d^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{5c^2 d^4 x^4}{2} + c d^5 x^5 + \frac{d^6 x^6}{6}}{a^3 + 3a^2 b x^2 + 3a b^2 x^4 + b^3 x^6}$$

input

```
int(((a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^5)/(a + b*x^2)^4,x)
```

output

$$\frac{(c^6/6 + (d^6*x^6)/6 + c*d^5*x^5 + (5*c^4*d^2*x^2)/2 + (10*c^3*d^3*x^3)/3 + (5*c^2*d^4*x^4)/2 + c^5*d*x)/(a^3 + b^3*x^6 + 3*a^2*b*x^2 + 3*a*b^2*x^4)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.65

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)^5}{(a + bx^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{ab^2d^6x^6 - 5b^3c^2d^4x^6 + 6ab^2cd^5x^5 + 20ab^2c^3d^3x^3 - 15a^2bc^2d^4x^2 + 15ab^2c^4d^2x^2 + 6ab^2c^5dx - 5a^3c^2d^4}{6ab^2(b^3x^6 + 3ab^2x^4 + 3a^2bx^2 + a^3)}$$

input `int((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^5/(b*x^2+a)^4,x)`output `(- 5*a**3*c**2*d**4 - 15*a**2*b*c**2*d**4*x**2 + a*b**2*c**6 + 6*a*b**2*c**5*d*x + 15*a*b**2*c**4*d**2*x**2 + 20*a*b**2*c**3*d**3*x**3 + 6*a*b**2*c**d**5*x**5 + a*b**2*d**6*x**6 - 5*b**3*c**2*d**4*x**6)/(6*a*b**2*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*x**4 + b**3*x**6))`

3.24 $\int (c + dx)(ad + bc(3 + 2p)x) (a + bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	272
Mathematica [C] (verified)	272
Rubi [A] (verified)	273
Maple [A] (verified)	274
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	274
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	275
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	276
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	276
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	277
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	277

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int (c + dx)(ad + bc(3 + 2p)x) (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(ad^2 + bc^2(3 + 2p) + 2bcd(1 + p)x) (a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b(1 + p)}$$

output `1/2*(a*d^2+b*c^2*(3+2*p)+2*b*c*d*(p+1)*x)*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/(p+1)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

$$\int (c + dx)(ad + bc(3 + 2p)x) (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{6}(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{3(ad^2 + bc^2(3 + 2p)) (a + bx^2)}{b(1 + p)} \right.$$

$$\quad \left. + 6acd x \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \right.$$

$$\quad \left. + 2bcd(3 + 2p)x^3 \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)*(a*d + b*c*(3 + 2*p)*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output
$$\frac{((a + b*x^2)^p*((3*(a*d^2 + b*c^2*(3 + 2*p))*(a + b*x^2))/(b*(1 + p)) + (6*a*c*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p + (2*b*c*d*(3 + 2*p)*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)/6}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.036$, Rules used = {673}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^p (ad + bc(2p + 3)x) dx$$

$$\downarrow 673$$

$$\frac{(2p + 3) (a + bx^2)^{p+1} (ad^2 + bc^2(2p + 3) + 2bcd(p + 1)x)}{2b(2p^2 + 5p + 3)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*(a*d + b*c*(3 + 2*p)*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output
$$\frac{((3 + 2*p)*(a*d^2 + b*c^2*(3 + 2*p)) + 2*b*c*d*(1 + p)*x)*(a + b*x^2)^{(1 + p)}}{(2*b*(3 + 5*p + 2*p^2))}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 673

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x
_Symbol] :> Simp[((e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) + 2*e*g*(p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p
+ 1)/(2*c*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && EqQ
[a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3), 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(bx^2+a)^{p+1}(2bcdxp+2b^2c^2p+2bcdx+a^2d^2+3bc^2)}{2b(p+1)}$
orering	$\frac{(2bcdxp+2b^2c^2p+2bcdx+a^2d^2+3bc^2)(bx^2+a)(ad+bc(3+2p)x)(bx^2+a)^p}{2b(p+1)(2cbxp+3cbx+ad)}$
risch	$\frac{(2b^2cdpx^3+2b^2c^2px^2+2b^2cdx^3+2abcdpx+abd^2x^2+3b^2c^2x^2+2ab^2c^2p+2abcdx+a^2d^2+3abc^2)(bx^2+a)^p}{2b(p+1)}$
norman	$adcxe^{p\ln(bx^2+a)} + bcdx^3e^{p\ln(bx^2+a)} + \frac{(2b^2c^2p+a^2d^2+3bc^2)x^2e^{p\ln(bx^2+a)}}{2+2p} + \frac{a(2b^2c^2p+a^2d^2+3bc^2)e^{p\ln(bx^2+a)}}{2b(p+1)}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{2x^3(bx^2+a)^pb^2cdp+2x^3(bx^2+a)^pb^2cd+2x^2(bx^2+a)^pb^2c^2p+x^2(bx^2+a)^pabd^2+3x^2(bx^2+a)^pb^2c^2+2x(bx^2+a)^pabcdp+}{2b(p+1)}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(a*d+b*c*(3+2*p)*x)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2/b/(p+1)*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*(2*b*c*d*p*x+2*b*c^2*p+2*b*c*d*x+a*d^2+3*b*c^2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 103 vs. 2(46) = 92.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int (c + dx)(ad + bc(3 + 2p)x)(a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(2abc^2p + 3abc^2 + a^2d^2 + 2(b^2cdp + b^2cd)x^3 + (2b^2c^2p + 3b^2c^2 + abd^2)x^2 + 2(abcdp + abcd)x)(bx^2 + a)^p}{2(bp + b)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a*d+b*c*(3+2*p)*x)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{2}*(2*a*b*c^2*p + 3*a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + 2*(b^2*c*d*p + b^2*c*d)*x^3 + (2*b^2*c^2*p + 3*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 + 2*(a*b*c*d*p + a*b*c*d)*x)*(b*x^2 + a)^p/(b*p + b)$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 388 vs. $2(42) = 84$.

Time = 4.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.08

$$\int (c + dx)(ad + bc(3 + 2p)x)(a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} d\left(cx + \frac{dx^2}{2}\right) \\ aa^p d\left(cx + \frac{dx^2}{2}\right) \\ \frac{ad^2 \log\left(x - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{2b} + \frac{ad^2 \log\left(x + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{2b} + \frac{c^2 \log\left(x - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{2} + \frac{c^2 \log\left(x + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{2} + cdx \\ \frac{a^2 d^2 (a+bx^2)^p}{2bp+2b} + \frac{2abc^2 p (a+bx^2)^p}{2bp+2b} + \frac{3abc^2 (a+bx^2)^p}{2bp+2b} + \frac{2abcdpx (a+bx^2)^p}{2bp+2b} + \frac{2abcdx (a+bx^2)^p}{2bp+2b} + \frac{abd^2 x^2 (a+bx^2)^p}{2bp+2b} + \frac{2b^2 c^2 px^2 (a+bx^2)^p}{2bp+2b} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a*d+b*c*(3+2*p)*x)*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `Piecewise((d*(c*x + d*x**2/2), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(p, -1)), (a*a**p*d*(c*x + d*x**2/2), Eq(b, 0)), (a*d**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b) + a*d**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b) + c**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/2 + c**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/2 + c*d*x, Eq(p, -1)), (a**2*d**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b*p + 2*b) + 2*a*b*c**2*p*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b*p + 2*b) + 3*a*b*c**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b*p + 2*b) + 2*a*b*c*d*p*x*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b*p + 2*b) + 2*a*b*c*d*x*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b*p + 2*b) + a*b*d**2*x**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b*p + 2*b) + 2*b**2*c**2*p*x**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b*p + 2*b) + 3*b**2*c**2*x**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b*p + 2*b) + 2*b**2*c*d*p*x**3*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b*p + 2*b) + 2*b**2*c*d*x**3*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b*p + 2*b), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int (c + dx)(ad + bc(3 + 2p)x) (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(2b^2cd(p+1)x^3 + 2abcd(p+1)x + abc^2(2p+3) + a^2d^2 + (b^2c^2(2p+3) + abd^2)x^2)(bx^2 + a)^p}{2b(p+1)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a*d+b*c*(3+2*p)*x)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*b^2*c*d*(p + 1)*x^3 + 2*a*b*c*d*(p + 1)*x + a*b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*b*d^2)*x^2)*(b*x^2 + a)^p/(b*(p + 1))`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 190 vs. 2(46) = 92.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.96

$$\int (c + dx)(ad + bc(3 + 2p)x) (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{2(bx^2 + a)^p b^2 c d p x^3 + 2(bx^2 + a)^p b^2 c^2 p x^2 + 2(bx^2 + a)^p b^2 c d x^3 + 2(bx^2 + a)^p a b c d p x + 3(bx^2 + a)^p b^2 c^2}{2(bp + 1)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a*d+b*c*(3+2*p)*x)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(2*(b*x^2 + a)^p*b^2*c*d*p*x^3 + 2*(b*x^2 + a)^p*b^2*c^2*p*x^2 + 2*(b*x^2 + a)^p*b^2*c*d*x^3 + 2*(b*x^2 + a)^p*a*b*c*d*p*x + 3*(b*x^2 + a)^p*b^2*c^2*x^2 + (b*x^2 + a)^p*a*b*d^2*x^2 + 2*(b*x^2 + a)^p*a*b*c^2*p + 2*(b*x^2 + a)^p*a*b*c*d*x + 3*(b*x^2 + a)^p*a*b*c^2 + (b*x^2 + a)^p*a^2*d^2)/(b*p + 1)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int (c + dx)(ad + bc(3 + 2p)x) (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= (bx^2 + a)^p \left(\frac{a(ad^2 + 3bc^2 + 2bc^2p)}{2b(p+1)} + bcdx^3 + \frac{x^2(3b^2c^2 + 2b^2c^2p + abd^2)}{2b(p+1)} + acdx \right)$$

input `int((a*d + b*c*x*(2*p + 3))*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x),x)`output `(a + b*x^2)^p*((a*(a*d^2 + 3*b*c^2 + 2*b*c^2*p))/(2*b*(p + 1)) + b*c*d*x^3 + (x^2*(3*b^2*c^2 + 2*b^2*c^2*p + a*b*d^2))/(2*b*(p + 1)) + a*c*d*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int (c + dx)(ad + bc(3 + 2p)x) (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p (2b^2cdpx^3 + 2b^2c^2px^2 + 2b^2cdx^3 + 2abcdpx + abd^2x^2 + 3b^2c^2x^2 + 2abc^2p + 2abcdx + a^2d^2)}{2b(p+1)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(a*d+b*c*(3+2*p)*x)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`output `((a + b*x**2)**p*(a**2*d**2 + 2*a*b*c**2*p + 3*a*b*c**2 + 2*a*b*c*d*p*x + 2*a*b*c*d*x + a*b*d**2*x**2 + 2*b**2*c**2*p*x**2 + 3*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 2*b**2*c*d*p*x**3 + 2*b**2*c*d*x**3))/(2*b*(p + 1))`

3.25 $\int (ad + 9bcx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	278
Mathematica [B] (verified)	278
Rubi [B] (verified)	279
Maple [B] (verified)	280
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	281
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	281
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	282
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	282
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	283
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	283

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int (ad + 9bcx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^3 dx = \frac{(9bc^2 + ad^2 + 8bcdx) (a + bx^2)^4}{8b}$$

output `1/8*(8*b*c*d*x+a*d^2+9*b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^4/b`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 117 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.44

$$\begin{aligned} \int (ad + 9bcx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^3 dx = & \frac{1}{8}x(4a^4d(2c + dx) + b^4cx^7(9c + 8dx) \\ & + ab^3x^5(36c^2 + 32cdx + d^2x^2) \\ & + 2a^2b^2x^3(27c^2 + 24cdx + 2d^2x^2) \\ & + 2a^3bx(18c^2 + 16cdx + 3d^2x^2)) \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d + 9*b*c*x)*(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^3,x]`

output

$$\frac{(x(4a^4d(2c + dx) + b^4cx^7(9c + 8dx) + ab^3x^5(36c^2 + 32cdx + d^2x^2) + 2a^2b^2x^3(27c^2 + 24cdx + 2d^2x^2) + 2a^3bx(18c^2 + 16cdx + 3d^2x^2)))}{8}$$
Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 142 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.18, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^3 (c + dx)(ad + 9bcx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 652$$

$$\int (a^4cd + a^3x(ad^2 + 9bc^2) + 12a^3bcdx^2 + 30a^2b^2cdx^4 + 3a^2bx^3(ad^2 + 9bc^2) + b^3x^7(ad^2 + 9bc^2) + 28ab^3cdx^6 + \dots)$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$a^4cdx + \frac{1}{2}a^3x^2(ad^2 + 9bc^2) + 4a^3bcdx^3 + 6a^2b^2cdx^5 + \frac{3}{4}a^2bx^4(ad^2 + 9bc^2) + \frac{1}{8}b^3x^8(ad^2 + 9bc^2) + 4ab^3cdx^7 + \frac{1}{2}ab^2x^6(ad^2 + 9bc^2) + b^4cdx^9$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d + 9*b*c*x)*(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^3, x]$$

output

$$a^4*c*d*x + (a^3*(9*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*x^2)/2 + 4*a^3*b*c*d*x^3 + (3*a^2*b*(9*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*x^4)/4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c*d*x^5 + (a*b^2*(9*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*x^6)/2 + 4*a*b^3*c*d*x^7 + (b^3*(9*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*x^8)/8 + b^4*c*d*x^9$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 134 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.97

method	result
default	$b^4cdx^9 + \frac{(ad^2+9bc^2)b^3x^8}{8} + 4acd b^3x^7 + \frac{(ad^2+9bc^2)ab^2x^6}{2} + 6a^2cd b^2x^5 + \frac{3(ad^2+9bc^2)a^2bx^4}{4} + 4a^3d^2x^3 + \frac{3}{4}a^3d^2x^2 + \frac{3}{4}a^3d^2x$
norman	$b^4cdx^9 + \left(\frac{1}{8}ab^3d^2 + \frac{9}{8}b^4c^2\right)x^8 + 4acd b^3x^7 + \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2a^2b^2 + \frac{9}{2}ab^3c^2\right)x^6 + 6a^2cd b^2x^5 + \left(\frac{3}{4}a^3d^2 + \frac{3}{4}a^3d^2\right)x^4 + \frac{3}{4}a^3d^2x^3 + \frac{3}{4}a^3d^2x^2 + \frac{3}{4}a^3d^2x$
orering	$\frac{x(8db^4cx^8 + ab^3d^2x^7 + 9b^4c^2x^7 + 32acd b^3x^6 + 4a^2b^2d^2x^5 + 36ab^3c^2x^5 + 48a^2b^2cdx^4 + 6a^3bd^2x^3 + 54a^2b^2c^2x^3 + 32a^3dcbx^2 + 4a^3d^2x) + 4a^3d^2x^3 + \frac{3}{4}a^3d^2x^2 + \frac{3}{4}a^3d^2x}{8}$
gosper	$b^4cdx^9 + \frac{1}{8}x^8ab^3d^2 + \frac{9}{8}x^8b^4c^2 + 4acd b^3x^7 + \frac{1}{2}x^6d^2a^2b^2 + \frac{9}{2}x^6ab^3c^2 + 6a^2cd b^2x^5 + \frac{3}{4}x^4a^3d^2 + \frac{3}{4}x^4a^3d^2 + \frac{3}{4}x^4a^3d^2$
risch	$b^4cdx^9 + \frac{1}{8}x^8ab^3d^2 + \frac{9}{8}x^8b^4c^2 + 4acd b^3x^7 + \frac{1}{2}x^6d^2a^2b^2 + \frac{9}{2}x^6ab^3c^2 + 6a^2cd b^2x^5 + \frac{3}{4}x^4a^3d^2 + \frac{3}{4}x^4a^3d^2 + \frac{3}{4}x^4a^3d^2$
parallelrisch	$b^4cdx^9 + \frac{1}{8}x^8ab^3d^2 + \frac{9}{8}x^8b^4c^2 + 4acd b^3x^7 + \frac{1}{2}x^6d^2a^2b^2 + \frac{9}{2}x^6ab^3c^2 + 6a^2cd b^2x^5 + \frac{3}{4}x^4a^3d^2 + \frac{3}{4}x^4a^3d^2 + \frac{3}{4}x^4a^3d^2$

input

```
int((9*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
b^4*c*d*x^9+1/8*(a*d^2+9*b*c^2)*b^3*x^8+4*a*c*d*b^3*x^7+1/2*(a*d^2+9*b*c^2)*a*b^2*x^6+6*a^2*c*d*b^2*x^5+3/4*(a*d^2+9*b*c^2)*a^2*b*x^4+4*a^3*d*c*b*x^3+1/2*(a*d^2+9*b*c^2)*a^3*x^2+a^4*d*c*x
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.29

$$\int (ad + 9bcx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^3 dx = b^4cdx^9 + 4ab^3cdx^7 + 6a^2b^2cdx^5 \\ + 4a^3bcdx^3 + \frac{1}{8}(9b^4c^2 + ab^3d^2)x^8 \\ + a^4cdx + \frac{1}{2}(9ab^3c^2 + a^2b^2d^2)x^6 \\ + \frac{3}{4}(9a^2b^2c^2 + a^3bd^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{2}(9a^3bc^2 + a^4d^2)x^2$$

input `integrate((9*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `b^4*c*d*x^9 + 4*a*b^3*c*d*x^7 + 6*a^2*b^2*c*d*x^5 + 4*a^3*b*c*d*x^3 + 1/8*(9*b^4*c^2 + a*b^3*d^2)*x^8 + a^4*c*d*x + 1/2*(9*a*b^3*c^2 + a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^6 + 3/4*(9*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a^3*b*d^2)*x^4 + 1/2*(9*a^3*b*c^2 + a^4*d^2)*x^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 163 vs. $2(31) = 62$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.79

$$\int (ad + 9bcx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^3 dx = a^4cdx + 4a^3bcdx^3 + 6a^2b^2cdx^5 + 4ab^3cdx^7 + b^4cdx^9 \\ + x^8 \left(\frac{ab^3d^2}{8} + \frac{9b^4c^2}{8} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{a^2b^2d^2}{2} + \frac{9ab^3c^2}{2} \right) \\ + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{3a^3bd^2}{4} + \frac{27a^2b^2c^2}{4} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{a^4d^2}{2} + \frac{9a^3bc^2}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((9*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)*(b*x**2+a)**3,x)`

output

```
a**4*c*d*x + 4*a**3*b*c*d*x**3 + 6*a**2*b**2*c*d*x**5 + 4*a*b**3*c*d*x**7
+ b**4*c*d*x**9 + x**8*(a*b**3*d**2/8 + 9*b**4*c**2/8) + x**6*(a**2*b**2*d
**2/2 + 9*a*b**3*c**2/2) + x**4*(3*a**3*b*d**2/4 + 27*a**2*b**2*c**2/4) +
x**2*(a**4*d**2/2 + 9*a**3*b*c**2/2)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.29

$$\int (ad + 9bcx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^3 dx = b^4cdx^9 + 4ab^3cdx^7 + 6a^2b^2cdx^5$$

$$+ 4a^3bcdx^3 + \frac{1}{8}(9b^4c^2 + ab^3d^2)x^8$$

$$+ a^4cdx + \frac{1}{2}(9ab^3c^2 + a^2b^2d^2)x^6$$

$$+ \frac{3}{4}(9a^2b^2c^2 + a^3bd^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{2}(9a^3bc^2 + a^4d^2)x^2$$

input

```
integrate((9*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
b^4*c*d*x^9 + 4*a*b^3*c*d*x^7 + 6*a^2*b^2*c*d*x^5 + 4*a^3*b*c*d*x^3 + 1/8*
(9*b^4*c^2 + a*b^3*d^2)*x^8 + a^4*c*d*x + 1/2*(9*a*b^3*c^2 + a^2*b^2*d^2)*
x^6 + 3/4*(9*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a^3*b*d^2)*x^4 + 1/2*(9*a^3*b*c^2 + a^4*d^2)*x^
2
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 150 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.41

$$\int (ad + 9bcx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^3 dx = b^4cdx^9 + \frac{9}{8}b^4c^2x^8 + \frac{1}{8}ab^3d^2x^8 + 4ab^3cdx^7$$

$$+ \frac{9}{2}ab^3c^2x^6 + \frac{1}{2}a^2b^2d^2x^6 + 6a^2b^2cdx^5$$

$$+ \frac{27}{4}a^2b^2c^2x^4 + \frac{3}{4}a^3bd^2x^4 + 4a^3bcdx^3$$

$$+ \frac{9}{2}a^3bc^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}a^4d^2x^2 + a^4cdx$$

input `integrate((9*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $b^4*c*d*x^9 + 9/8*b^4*c^2*x^8 + 1/8*a*b^3*d^2*x^8 + 4*a*b^3*c*d*x^7 + 9/2*a*b^3*c^2*x^6 + 1/2*a^2*b^2*d^2*x^6 + 6*a^2*b^2*c*d*x^5 + 27/4*a^2*b^2*c^2*x^4 + 3/4*a^3*b*d^2*x^4 + 4*a^3*b*c*d*x^3 + 9/2*a^3*b*c^2*x^2 + 1/2*a^4*d^2*x^2 + a^4*c*d*x$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.06

$$\int (ad + 9bcx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^3 dx = x^2 \left(\frac{a^4 d^2}{2} + \frac{9ba^3 c^2}{2} \right) + x^8 \left(\frac{9b^4 c^2}{8} + \frac{ab^3 d^2}{8} \right) + a^4 c dx + b^4 c dx^9 + \frac{3a^2 b x^4 (9bc^2 + a d^2)}{4} + \frac{ab^2 x^6 (9bc^2 + a d^2)}{2} + 4a^3 b c d x^3 + 4ab^3 c d x^7 + 6a^2 b^2 c d x^5$$

input `int((a*d + 9*b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)^3*(c + d*x),x)`

output $x^2*((a^4*d^2)/2 + (9*a^3*b*c^2)/2) + x^8*((9*b^4*c^2)/8 + (a*b^3*d^2)/8) + a^4*c*d*x + b^4*c*d*x^9 + (3*a^2*b*x^4*(a*d^2 + 9*b*c^2))/4 + (a*b^2*x^6*(a*d^2 + 9*b*c^2))/2 + 4*a^3*b*c*d*x^3 + 4*a*b^3*c*d*x^7 + 6*a^2*b^2*c*d*x^5$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.38

$$\int (ad + 9bcx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^3 dx = \frac{x(8b^4cdx^8 + ab^3d^2x^7 + 9b^4c^2x^7 + 32ab^3cdx^6 + 4a^2b^2d^2x^5 + 36ab^3c^2x^5 + 48a^2b^2cdx^4 + 6a^3bd^2x^3 + 54a^4cdx^2 + a^4c^2x^2)}{8}$$

input `int((9*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^3,x)`

output

```
(x*(8*a**4*c*d + 4*a**4*d**2*x + 36*a**3*b*c**2*x + 32*a**3*b*c*d*x**2 + 6
*a**3*b*d**2*x**3 + 54*a**2*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 48*a**2*b**2*c*d*x**4 + 4*a**
2*b**2*d**2*x**5 + 36*a*b**3*c**2*x**5 + 32*a*b**3*c*d*x**6 + a*b**3*d**2*
x**7 + 9*b**4*c**2*x**7 + 8*b**4*c*d*x**8))/8
```

3.26 $\int (ad + 7bcx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	285
Mathematica [B] (verified)	285
Rubi [B] (verified)	286
Maple [B] (verified)	287
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	287
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	288
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	288
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	289
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	289
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	290

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int (ad + 7bcx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^2 dx = \frac{(7bc^2 + ad^2 + 6bcdx) (a + bx^2)^3}{6b}$$

output `1/6*(6*b*c*d*x+a*d^2+7*b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^3/b`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 86 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\begin{aligned} \int (ad + 7bcx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^2 dx = & \frac{1}{6}x(3a^3d(2c + dx) + b^3cx^5(7c + 6dx) \\ & + 3a^2bx(7c^2 + 6cdx + d^2x^2) \\ & + ab^2x^3(21c^2 + 18cdx + d^2x^2)) \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d + 7*b*c*x)*(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(x*(3*a^3*d*(2*c + d*x) + b^3*c*x^5*(7*c + 6*d*x) + 3*a^2*b*x*(7*c^2 + 6*c*d*x + d^2*x^2) + a*b^2*x^3*(21*c^2 + 18*c*d*x + d^2*x^2)))/6`

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 104 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^2 (c + dx)(ad + 7bcx) dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int (a^3cd + a^2x(ad^2 + 7bc^2) + 9a^2bcdx^2 + b^2x^5(ad^2 + 7bc^2) + 15ab^2cdx^4 + 2abx^3(ad^2 + 7bc^2) + 7b^3cdx^6) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$a^3cdx + \frac{1}{2}a^2x^2(ad^2 + 7bc^2) + 3a^2bcdx^3 + \frac{1}{6}b^2x^6(ad^2 + 7bc^2) + 3ab^2cdx^5 + \frac{1}{2}abx^4(ad^2 + 7bc^2) + b^3cdx^7$$

input `Int[(a*d + 7*b*c*x)*(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^2,x]`

output `a^3*c*d*x + (a^2*(7*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*x^2)/2 + 3*a^2*b*c*d*x^3 + (a*b*(7*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*x^4)/2 + 3*a*b^2*c*d*x^5 + (b^2*(7*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*x^6)/6 + b^3*c*d*x^7`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 98 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

method	result
default	$dx^7cb^3 + \frac{(ad^2+7bc^2)b^2x^6}{6} + 3ab^2cdx^5 + \frac{(ad^2+7bc^2)abx^4}{2} + 3a^2bcdx^3 + \frac{(ad^2+7bc^2)a^2x^2}{2} + a^3cdx$
norman	$dx^7cb^3 + (\frac{1}{6}ab^2d^2 + \frac{7}{6}b^3c^2)x^6 + 3ab^2cdx^5 + (\frac{1}{2}a^2bd^2 + \frac{7}{2}ac^2b^2)x^4 + 3a^2bcdx^3 + (\frac{1}{2}a^3d^2x^2$
orering	$\frac{x(6b^3cdx^6+a^2b^2d^2x^5+7b^3c^2x^5+18cda^2b^2x^4+3d^2x^3a^2b+21ab^2c^2x^3+18x^2a^2bcd+3a^3d^2x+21a^2b^2c^2x+6a^3dc)}{6}$
gosper	$dx^7cb^3 + \frac{1}{6}ab^2d^2x^6 + \frac{7}{6}b^3c^2x^6 + 3ab^2cdx^5 + \frac{1}{2}a^2bd^2x^4 + \frac{7}{2}ab^2c^2x^4 + 3a^2bcdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^3d^2x^2$
risch	$dx^7cb^3 + \frac{1}{6}ab^2d^2x^6 + \frac{7}{6}b^3c^2x^6 + 3ab^2cdx^5 + \frac{1}{2}a^2bd^2x^4 + \frac{7}{2}ab^2c^2x^4 + 3a^2bcdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^3d^2x^2$
parallelrisch	$dx^7cb^3 + \frac{1}{6}ab^2d^2x^6 + \frac{7}{6}b^3c^2x^6 + 3ab^2cdx^5 + \frac{1}{2}a^2bd^2x^4 + \frac{7}{2}ab^2c^2x^4 + 3a^2bcdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^3d^2x^2$

input `int((7*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `d*x^7*c*b^3+1/6*(a*d^2+7*b*c^2)*b^2*x^6+3*a*b^2*c*d*x^5+1/2*(a*d^2+7*b*c^2)*a*b*x^4+3*a^2*b*c*d*x^3+1/2*(a*d^2+7*b*c^2)*a^2*x^2+a^3*c*d*x`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 106 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.12

$$\int (ad + 7bcx)(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^2 dx = b^3cdx^7 + 3ab^2cdx^5 + 3a^2bcdx^3 + \frac{1}{6}(7b^3c^2 + ab^2d^2)x^6 + a^3cdx + \frac{1}{2}(7ab^2c^2 + a^2bd^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{2}(7a^2bc^2 + a^3d^2)x^2$$

input `integrate((7*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
b^3*c*d*x^7 + 3*a*b^2*c*d*x^5 + 3*a^2*b*c*d*x^3 + 1/6*(7*b^3*c^2 + a*b^2*d^2)*x^6 + a^3*c*d*x + 1/2*(7*a*b^2*c^2 + a^2*b*d^2)*x^4 + 1/2*(7*a^2*b*c^2 + a^3*d^2)*x^2
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 117 vs. $2(31) = 62$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.44

$$\int (ad + 7bcx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^2 dx = a^3cdx + 3a^2bcdx^3 + 3ab^2cdx^5 + b^3cdx^7 + x^6 \left(\frac{ab^2d^2}{6} + \frac{7b^3c^2}{6} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{a^2bd^2}{2} + \frac{7ab^2c^2}{2} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{a^3d^2}{2} + \frac{7a^2bc^2}{2} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((7*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)*(b*x**2+a)**2,x)
```

output

```
a**3*c*d*x + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**3 + 3*a*b**2*c*d*x**5 + b**3*c*d*x**7 + x**6*(a*b**2*d**2/6 + 7*b**3*c**2/6) + x**4*(a**2*b*d**2/2 + 7*a*b**2*c**2/2) + x**2*(a**3*d**2/2 + 7*a**2*b*c**2/2)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 106 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.12

$$\int (ad + 7bcx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^2 dx = b^3cdx^7 + 3ab^2cdx^5 + 3a^2bcdx^3 + \frac{1}{6} (7b^3c^2 + ab^2d^2)x^6 + a^3cdx + \frac{1}{2} (7ab^2c^2 + a^2bd^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{2} (7a^2bc^2 + a^3d^2)x^2$$

input

```
integrate((7*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
b^3*c*d*x^7 + 3*a*b^2*c*d*x^5 + 3*a^2*b*c*d*x^3 + 1/6*(7*b^3*c^2 + a*b^2*d^2)*x^6 + a^3*c*d*x + 1/2*(7*a*b^2*c^2 + a^2*b*d^2)*x^4 + 1/2*(7*a^2*b*c^2 + a^3*d^2)*x^2
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 109 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int (ad + 7bcx)(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^2 dx = b^3cdx^7 + \frac{7}{6}b^3c^2x^6 + \frac{1}{6}ab^2d^2x^6 + 3ab^2cdx^5 + \frac{7}{2}ab^2c^2x^4 + \frac{1}{2}a^2bd^2x^4 + 3a^2bcdx^3 + \frac{7}{2}a^2bc^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}a^3d^2x^2 + a^3cdx$$

input

```
integrate((7*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
b^3*c*d*x^7 + 7/6*b^3*c^2*x^6 + 1/6*a*b^2*d^2*x^6 + 3*a*b^2*c*d*x^5 + 7/2*a*b^2*c^2*x^4 + 1/2*a^2*b*d^2*x^4 + 3*a^2*b*c*d*x^3 + 7/2*a^2*b*c^2*x^2 + 1/2*a^3*d^2*x^2 + a^3*c*d*x
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int (ad + 7bcx)(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^2 dx = x^2 \left(\frac{a^3 d^2}{2} + \frac{7ba^2 c^2}{2} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{7b^3 c^2}{6} + \frac{ab^2 d^2}{6} \right) + a^3 cdx + \frac{abx^4(7bc^2 + ad^2)}{2} + b^3cdx^7 + 3a^2bcdx^3 + 3ab^2cdx^5$$

input

```
int((a*d + 7*b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)^2*(c + d*x),x)
```

output

```
x^2*((a^3*d^2)/2 + (7*a^2*b*c^2)/2) + x^6*((7*b^3*c^2)/6 + (a*b^2*d^2)/6)
+ a^3*c*d*x + (a*b*x^4*(a*d^2 + 7*b*c^2))/2 + b^3*c*d*x^7 + 3*a^2*b*c*d*x^
3 + 3*a*b^2*c*d*x^5
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.18

$$\int (ad + 7bcx)(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(6b^3cdx^6 + ab^2d^2x^5 + 7b^3c^2x^5 + 18ab^2cdx^4 + 3a^2bd^2x^3 + 21ab^2c^2x^3 + 18a^2bcdx^2 + 3a^3d^2x + 21a^2bd^2c)}{6}$$

input

```
int((7*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
(x*(6*a**3*c*d + 3*a**3*d**2*x + 21*a**2*b*c**2*x + 18*a**2*b*c*d*x**2 + 3
*a**2*b*d**2*x**3 + 21*a*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 18*a*b**2*c*d*x**4 + a*b**2*d**2
*x**5 + 7*b**3*c**2*x**5 + 6*b**3*c*d*x**6))/6
```

3.27 $\int (ad + 5bcx)(c + dx)(a + bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	291
Mathematica [A] (verified)	291
Rubi [A] (verified)	292
Maple [A] (verified)	293
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	293
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	294
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	294
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	295
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	295
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	296

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int (ad + 5bcx)(c + dx)(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{(5bc^2 + ad^2 + 4bcdx)(a + bx^2)^2}{4b}$$

output

```
1/4*(4*b*c*d*x+a*d^2+5*b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^2/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int (ad + 5bcx)(c + dx)(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{1}{4}x(2a^2d(2c + dx) + b^2cx^3(5c + 4dx) + abx(10c^2 + 8cdx + d^2x^2))$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d + 5*b*c*x)*(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(x*(2*a^2*d*(2*c + d*x) + b^2*c*x^3*(5*c + 4*d*x) + a*b*x*(10*c^2 + 8*c*d*x + d^2*x^2)))/4
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)(c + dx)(ad + 5bcx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 652$$

$$\int (a^2cd + bx^3(ad^2 + 5bc^2) + ax(ad^2 + 5bc^2) + 6abcdx^2 + 5b^2cdx^4) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$a^2cdx + \frac{1}{4}bx^4(ad^2 + 5bc^2) + \frac{1}{2}ax^2(ad^2 + 5bc^2) + 2abcdx^3 + b^2cdx^5$$

input `Int[(a*d + 5*b*c*x)*(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2), x]`

output `a^2*c*d*x + (a*(5*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*x^2)/2 + 2*a*b*c*d*x^3 + (b*(5*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*x^4)/4 + b^2*c*d*x^5`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

method	result	size
default	$b^2cdx^5 + \frac{(ad^2+5bc^2)bx^4}{4} + 2abcdx^3 + \frac{(ad^2+5bc^2)ax^2}{2} + a^2cdx$	63
norman	$b^2cdx^5 + \left(\frac{1}{4}abd^2 + \frac{5}{4}b^2c^2\right)x^4 + 2abcdx^3 + \left(\frac{1}{2}a^2d^2 + \frac{5}{2}abc^2\right)x^2 + a^2cdx$	67
orering	$\frac{x(4b^2cdx^4+d^2x^3ab+5b^2c^2x^3+8abcdx^2+2a^2d^2x+10abc^2x+4a^2cd)}{4}$	68
gospers	$b^2cdx^5 + \frac{1}{4}abd^2x^4 + \frac{5}{4}b^2c^2x^4 + 2abcdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^2d^2x^2 + \frac{5}{2}abc^2x^2 + a^2cdx$	69
risch	$b^2cdx^5 + \frac{1}{4}abd^2x^4 + \frac{5}{4}b^2c^2x^4 + 2abcdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^2d^2x^2 + \frac{5}{2}abc^2x^2 + a^2cdx$	69
parallelrisch	$b^2cdx^5 + \frac{1}{4}abd^2x^4 + \frac{5}{4}b^2c^2x^4 + 2abcdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^2d^2x^2 + \frac{5}{2}abc^2x^2 + a^2cdx$	69

input `int((5*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b^2*c*d*x^5+1/4*(a*d^2+5*b*c^2)*b*x^4+2*a*b*c*d*x^3+1/2*(a*d^2+5*b*c^2)*a*x^2+a^2*c*d*x`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 66 vs. 2(32) = 64.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int (ad + 5bcx)(c + dx)(a + bx^2) dx = b^2cdx^5 + 2abcdx^3 + a^2cdx + \frac{1}{4}(5b^2c^2 + abd^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{2}(5abc^2 + a^2d^2)x^2$$

input `integrate((5*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `b^2*c*d*x^5 + 2*a*b*c*d*x^3 + a^2*c*d*x + 1/4*(5*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^4 + 1/2*(5*a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2)*x^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 73 vs. $2(31) = 62$.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int (ad + 5bcx)(c + dx)(a + bx^2) dx = a^2cdx + 2abcdx^3 + b^2cdx^5 \\ + x^4 \left(\frac{abd^2}{4} + \frac{5b^2c^2}{4} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{a^2d^2}{2} + \frac{5abc^2}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((5*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)*(b*x**2+a),x)`

output `a**2*c*d*x + 2*a*b*c*d*x**3 + b**2*c*d*x**5 + x**4*(a*b*d**2/4 + 5*b**2*c**2/4) + x**2*(a**2*d**2/2 + 5*a*b*c**2/2)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 66 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int (ad + 5bcx)(c + dx)(a + bx^2) dx = b^2cdx^5 + 2abcdx^3 + a^2cdx \\ + \frac{1}{4}(5b^2c^2 + abd^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{2}(5abc^2 + a^2d^2)x^2$$

input `integrate((5*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^2*c*d*x^5 + 2*a*b*c*d*x^3 + a^2*c*d*x + 1/4*(5*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^4 + 1/2*(5*a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2)*x^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 68 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int (ad + 5bcx)(c + dx)(a + bx^2) dx = b^2cdx^5 + \frac{5}{4}b^2c^2x^4 + \frac{1}{4}abd^2x^4 + 2abcdx^3 + \frac{5}{2}abc^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}a^2d^2x^2 + a^2cdx$$

input `integrate((5*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b^2*c*d*x^5 + 5/4*b^2*c^2*x^4 + 1/4*a*b*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*b*c*d*x^3 + 5/2*a*b*c^2*x^2 + 1/2*a^2*d^2*x^2 + a^2*c*d*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int (ad + 5bcx)(c + dx)(a + bx^2) dx = x^2 \left(\frac{a^2 d^2}{2} + \frac{5 b a c^2}{2} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{5 b^2 c^2}{4} + \frac{a b d^2}{4} \right) + a^2 c d x + b^2 c d x^5 + 2 a b c d x^3$$

input `int((a*d + 5*b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)*(c + d*x),x)`

output `x^2*((a^2*d^2)/2 + (5*a*b*c^2)/2) + x^4*((5*b^2*c^2)/4 + (a*b*d^2)/4) + a^2*c*d*x + b^2*c*d*x^5 + 2*a*b*c*d*x^3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int (ad + 5bcx)(c + dx)(a + bx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(4b^2cdx^4 + abd^2x^3 + 5b^2c^2x^3 + 8abcdx^2 + 2a^2d^2x + 10abc^2x + 4a^2cd)}{4}$$

input `int((5*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a),x)`output `(x*(4*a**2*c*d + 2*a**2*d**2*x + 10*a*b*c**2*x + 8*a*b*c*d*x**2 + a*b*d**2*x**3 + 5*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 4*b**2*c*d*x**4))/4`

3.28 $\int (ad + 3bcx)(c + dx) dx$

Optimal result	297
Mathematica [A] (verified)	297
Rubi [A] (verified)	298
Maple [A] (verified)	299
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	299
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	300
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	300
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	300
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	301
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	301

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int (ad + 3bcx)(c + dx) dx = \frac{(3bc^2 + ad^2 + 2bcdx)(a + bx^2)}{2b}$$

output $1/2*(2*b*c*d*x+a*d^2+3*b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)/b$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (ad + 3bcx)(c + dx) dx = \frac{1}{2}x(ad(2c + dx) + bcx(3c + 2dx))$$

input `Integrate[(a*d + 3*b*c*x)*(c + d*x),x]`

output $(x*(a*d*(2*c + d*x) + b*c*x*(3*c + 2*d*x)))/2$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)(ad + 3bcx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int (x(ad^2 + 3bc^2) + acd + 3bcdx^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2(ad^2 + 3bc^2) + acdx + bcdx^3$$

input `Int[(a*d + 3*b*c*x)*(c + d*x),x]`

output `a*c*d*x + ((3*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*x^2)/2 + b*c*d*x^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
default	$bcd x^3 + \frac{(ad^2 + 3bc^2)x^2}{2} + adxc$	31
norman	$bcd x^3 + \left(\frac{ad^2}{2} + \frac{3bc^2}{2}\right) x^2 + adxc$	31
orering	$\frac{x(2bcdx^2 + ad^2x + 3c^2bx + 2acd)}{2}$	31
gosper	$bcd x^3 + \frac{1}{2}ad^2x^2 + \frac{3}{2}bc^2x^2 + adxc$	32
risch	$bcd x^3 + \frac{1}{2}ad^2x^2 + \frac{3}{2}bc^2x^2 + adxc$	32
parallelrisch	$bcd x^3 + \frac{1}{2}ad^2x^2 + \frac{3}{2}bc^2x^2 + adxc$	32

input `int((3*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `b*c*d*x^3+1/2*(a*d^2+3*b*c^2)*x^2+a*d*x*c`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (ad + 3bcx)(c + dx) dx = bcdx^3 + acdx + \frac{1}{2}(3bc^2 + ad^2)x^2$$

input `integrate((3*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `b*c*d*x^3 + a*c*d*x + 1/2*(3*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*x^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (ad + 3bcx)(c + dx) dx = acdx + bcdx^3 + x^2 \left(\frac{ad^2}{2} + \frac{3bc^2}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((3*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c),x)`output `a*c*d*x + b*c*d*x**3 + x**2*(a*d**2/2 + 3*b*c**2/2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (ad + 3bcx)(c + dx) dx = bcdx^3 + acdx + \frac{1}{2} (3bc^2 + ad^2)x^2$$

input `integrate((3*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `b*c*d*x^3 + a*c*d*x + 1/2*(3*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (ad + 3bcx)(c + dx) dx = bcdx^3 + \frac{3}{2} bc^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{2} ad^2 x^2 + acdx$$

input `integrate((3*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`output `b*c*d*x^3 + 3/2*b*c^2*x^2 + 1/2*a*d^2*x^2 + a*c*d*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (ad + 3bcx)(c + dx) dx = bcdx^3 + \left(\frac{3bc^2}{2} + \frac{ad^2}{2}\right)x^2 + acdx$$

input `int((a*d + 3*b*c*x)*(c + d*x),x)`output `x^2*((a*d^2)/2 + (3*b*c^2)/2) + b*c*d*x^3 + a*c*d*x`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (ad + 3bcx)(c + dx) dx = \frac{x(2bcdx^2 + ad^2x + 3bc^2x + 2acd)}{2}$$

input `int((3*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c),x)`output `(x*(2*a*c*d + a*d**2*x + 3*b*c**2*x + 2*b*c*d*x**2))/2`

$$3.29 \quad \int \frac{(ad+bcx)(c+dx)}{a+bx^2} dx$$

Optimal result	302
Mathematica [A] (verified)	302
Rubi [A] (verified)	303
Maple [A] (verified)	304
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	304
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	304
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	305
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	305
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	305
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	306

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int \frac{(ad+bcx)(c+dx)}{a+bx^2} dx = cdx + \frac{(bc^2+ad^2)\log(a+bx^2)}{2b}$$

output

```
c*d*x+1/2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)*ln(b*x^2+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(ad+bcx)(c+dx)}{a+bx^2} dx = cdx + \frac{(bc^2+ad^2)\log(a+bx^2)}{2b}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x))/(a + b*x^2),x]
```

output

```
c*d*x + ((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Log[a + b*x^2])/(2*b)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ad + bcx)}{a + bx^2} dx$$

↓ 657

$$\int \left(\frac{x(ad^2 + bc^2)}{a + bx^2} + cd \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(ad^2 + bc^2) \log(a + bx^2)}{2b} + cdx$$

input `Int[((a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x))/(a + b*x^2), x]`

output `c*d*x + ((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Log[a + b*x^2])/(2*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 657 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
default	$cdx + \frac{(ad^2 + bc^2) \ln(bx^2 + a)}{2b}$	30
norman	$cdx + \frac{(ad^2 + bc^2) \ln(bx^2 + a)}{2b}$	30
risch	$cdx + \frac{\ln(bx^2 + a)ad^2}{2b} + \frac{\ln(bx^2 + a)c^2}{2}$	36
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(bx^2 + a)ad^2 + \ln(bx^2 + a)bc^2 + 2bcdx}{2b}$	39

input `int((b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `c*d*x+1/2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)*ln(b*x^2+a)/b`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(ad + bcx)(c + dx)}{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{2bcdx + (bc^2 + ad^2) \log(bx^2 + a)}{2b}$$

input `integrate((b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(2*b*c*d*x + (b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log(b*x^2 + a))/b`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(ad + bcx)(c + dx)}{a + bx^2} dx = cdx + \frac{(ad^2 + bc^2) \log(a + bx^2)}{2b}$$

input `integrate((b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**2+a),x)`

output `c*d*x + (a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(a + b*x**2)/(2*b)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(ad + bcx)(c + dx)}{a + bx^2} dx = cdx + \frac{(bc^2 + ad^2) \log(bx^2 + a)}{2b}$$

input `integrate((b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `c*d*x + 1/2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log(b*x^2 + a)/b`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(ad + bcx)(c + dx)}{a + bx^2} dx = cdx + \frac{(bc^2 + ad^2) \log(bx^2 + a)}{2b}$$

input `integrate((b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `c*d*x + 1/2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log(b*x^2 + a)/b`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(ad + bcx)(c + dx)}{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{\ln(bx^2 + a) (bc^2 + ad^2)}{2b} + cdx$$

input `int(((a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x))/(a + b*x^2),x)`

output `(log(a + b*x^2)*(a*d^2 + b*c^2))/(2*b) + c*d*x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(ad + bcx)(c + dx)}{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{\log(bx^2 + a)ad^2 + \log(bx^2 + a)bc^2 + 2bcdx}{2b}$$

input `int((b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a),x)`

output `(log(a + b*x**2)*a*d**2 + log(a + b*x**2)*b*c**2 + 2*b*c*d*x)/(2*b)`

$$3.30 \quad \int \frac{(ad-bcx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	307
Mathematica [A] (verified)	307
Rubi [A] (verified)	308
Maple [A] (verified)	308
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	309
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	310
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	310
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	310
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	311
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	311

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2(a+bx^2)}$$

output `(d*x+c)^2/(2*b*x^2+2*a)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(ad-bcx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{bc^2-ad^2+2bcdx}{2b(a+bx^2)}$$

input `Integrate[((a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x))/(a + b*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(b*c^2 - a*d^2 + 2*b*c*d*x)/(2*b*(a + b*x^2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {673}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ad - bcx)}{(a + bx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 673$$

$$\frac{-ad^2 + bc^2 + 2bcdx}{2b(a + bx^2)}$$

input `Int[((a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x))/(a + b*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(b*c^2 - a*d^2 + 2*b*c*d*x)/(2*b*(a + b*x^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 673

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x
_Symbol] :> Simp[((e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) + 2*e*g*(p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p
+ 1)/(2*c*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && EqQ
[a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3), 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2bcdx+ad^2-bc^2}{2(bx^2+a)b}$	33
default	$\frac{cdx-\frac{ad^2-bc^2}{2b}}{bx^2+a}$	33
norman	$\frac{cdx-\frac{ad^2-bc^2}{2b}}{bx^2+a}$	33
risch	$\frac{cdx-\frac{ad^2-bc^2}{2b}}{bx^2+a}$	33
parallelrisch	$\frac{2bcdx-ad^2+bc^2}{2b(bx^2+a)}$	33
orering	$-\frac{2bcdx+ad^2-bc^2}{2(bx^2+a)b}$	33

input `int((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(-2*b*c*d*x+a*d^2-b*c^2)/(b*x^2+a)/b`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2bcdx + bc^2 - ad^2}{2(b^2x^2 + ab)}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2 - a*d^2)/(b^2*x^2 + a*b)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 32 vs. $2(15) = 30$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{ad^2 - bc^2 - 2bcdx}{2ab + 2b^2x^2}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `-(a*d**2 - b*c**2 - 2*b*c*d*x)/(2*a*b + 2*b**2*x**2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2bcdx + bc^2 - ad^2}{2(b^2x^2 + ab)}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2 - a*d^2)/(b^2*x^2 + a*b)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2bcdx + bc^2 - ad^2}{2(bx^2 + a)b}$$

input `integrate((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2 - a*d^2)/((b*x^2 + a)*b)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{ad^2 - bc^2}{2b} - cdx}{bx^2 + a}$$

input `int(((a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x))/(a + b*x^2)^2,x)`output `-((a*d^2 - b*c^2)/(2*b) - c*d*x)/(a + b*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(ad - bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{x(ad^2x - bc^2x + 2acd)}{2a(bx^2 + a)}$$

input `int((-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^2,x)`output `(x*(2*a*c*d + a*d**2*x - b*c**2*x))/(2*a*(a + b*x**2))`

$$3.31 \quad \int \frac{(ad-3bcx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	312
Mathematica [A] (verified)	312
Rubi [A] (verified)	313
Maple [A] (verified)	313
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	314
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	315
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	315
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	315
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	316
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	316

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{(ad-3bcx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3bc^2 - ad^2 + 4bcdx}{4b(a+bx^2)^2}$$

output $1/4*(4*b*c*d*x-a*d^2+3*b*c^2)/b/(b*x^2+a)^2$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(ad-3bcx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3bc^2 - ad^2 + 4bcdx}{4b(a+bx^2)^2}$$

input `Integrate[((a*d - 3*b*c*x)*(c + d*x))/(a + b*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(3*b*c^2 - a*d^2 + 4*b*c*d*x)/(4*b*(a + b*x^2)^2)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {673}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ad - 3bcx)}{(a + bx^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 673

$$\frac{-ad^2 + 3bc^2 + 4bcdx}{4b(a + bx^2)^2}$$

input `Int[((a*d - 3*b*c*x)*(c + d*x))/(a + b*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(3*b*c^2 - a*d^2 + 4*b*c*d*x)/(4*b*(a + b*x^2)^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 673 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[((e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) + 2*e*g*(p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && EqQ[a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3), 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{4bcdx + ad^2 - 3bc^2}{4b(bx^2 + a)^2}$	33
default	$\frac{cdx - \frac{ad^2 - 3bc^2}{4b}}{(bx^2 + a)^2}$	33
risch	$\frac{cdx - \frac{ad^2 - 3bc^2}{4b}}{(bx^2 + a)^2}$	33
orering	$-\frac{4bcdx + ad^2 - 3bc^2}{4b(bx^2 + a)^2}$	33
norman	$\frac{cdx + \frac{-abd^2 + 3b^2c^2}{4b^2}}{(bx^2 + a)^2}$	37
parallelrisch	$\frac{4b^2cxd - abd^2 + 3b^2c^2}{4b^2(bx^2 + a)^2}$	39

input `int((-3*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4/b*(-4*b*c*d*x+a*d^2-3*b*c^2)/(b*x^2+a)^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(ad - 3bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^3} dx = \frac{4bcdx + 3bc^2 - ad^2}{4(b^3x^4 + 2ab^2x^2 + a^2b)}$$

input `integrate((-3*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(4*b*c*d*x + 3*b*c^2 - a*d^2)/(b^3*x^4 + 2*a*b^2*x^2 + a^2*b)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(ad - 3bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{ad^2 - 3bc^2 - 4bcdx}{4a^2b + 8ab^2x^2 + 4b^3x^4}$$

input `integrate((-3*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**2+a)**3,x)`output `-(a*d**2 - 3*b*c**2 - 4*b*c*d*x)/(4*a**2*b + 8*a*b**2*x**2 + 4*b**3*x**4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(ad - 3bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^3} dx = \frac{4bcdx + 3bc^2 - ad^2}{4(b^3x^4 + 2ab^2x^2 + a^2b)}$$

input `integrate((-3*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*(4*b*c*d*x + 3*b*c^2 - a*d^2)/(b^3*x^4 + 2*a*b^2*x^2 + a^2*b)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(ad - 3bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^3} dx = \frac{4bcdx + 3bc^2 - ad^2}{4(bx^2 + a)^2b}$$

input `integrate((-3*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*(4*b*c*d*x + 3*b*c^2 - a*d^2)/((b*x^2 + a)^2*b)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(ad - 3bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{ad^2 - 3bc^2}{4b} - cdx}{a^2 + 2abx^2 + b^2x^4}$$

input `int(((a*d - 3*b*c*x)*(c + d*x))/(a + b*x^2)^3,x)`output `-((a*d^2 - 3*b*c^2)/(4*b) - c*d*x)/(a^2 + b^2*x^4 + 2*a*b*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(ad - 3bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^3} dx = \frac{4bcdx - ad^2 + 3bc^2}{4b(b^2x^4 + 2abx^2 + a^2)}$$

input `int((-3*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^3,x)`output `(- a*d**2 + 3*b*c**2 + 4*b*c*d*x)/(4*b*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**2 + b**2*x**4))`

$$3.32 \quad \int \frac{(ad-5bcx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	317
Mathematica [A] (verified)	317
Rubi [A] (verified)	318
Maple [A] (verified)	318
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	319
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	320
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	320
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	320
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	321
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	321

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{(ad-5bcx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^4} dx = \frac{5bc^2 - ad^2 + 6bcdx}{6b(a+bx^2)^3}$$

output $1/6*(6*b*c*d*x-a*d^2+5*b*c^2)/b/(b*x^2+a)^3$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(ad-5bcx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^4} dx = \frac{5bc^2 - ad^2 + 6bcdx}{6b(a+bx^2)^3}$$

input `Integrate[((a*d - 5*b*c*x)*(c + d*x))/(a + b*x^2)^4,x]`

output $(5*b*c^2 - a*d^2 + 6*b*c*d*x)/(6*b*(a + b*x^2)^3)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {673}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ad - 5bcx)}{(a + bx^2)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 673$$

$$\frac{-ad^2 + 5bc^2 + 6bcdx}{6b(a + bx^2)^3}$$

input `Int[((a*d - 5*b*c*x)*(c + d*x))/(a + b*x^2)^4,x]`

output `(5*b*c^2 - a*d^2 + 6*b*c*d*x)/(6*b*(a + b*x^2)^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 673 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x
_Symbol] :> Simp[((e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) + 2*e*g*(p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p
+ 1)/(2*c*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && EqQ
[a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3), 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{6bcdx+ad^2-5bc^2}{6b(bx^2+a)^3}$	33
default	$\frac{cdx-\frac{ad^2-5bc^2}{6b}}{(bx^2+a)^3}$	33
risch	$\frac{cdx-\frac{ad^2-5bc^2}{6b}}{(bx^2+a)^3}$	33
orering	$-\frac{6bcdx+ad^2-5bc^2}{6b(bx^2+a)^3}$	33
norman	$\frac{cdx+\frac{-ab^2d^2+5b^3c^2}{6b^3}}{(bx^2+a)^3}$	39
parallelrisch	$\frac{6cdxb^3-ab^2d^2+5b^3c^2}{6b^3(bx^2+a)^3}$	41

input `int((-5*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6/b*(-6*b*c*d*x+a*d^2-5*b*c^2)/(b*x^2+a)^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(ad - 5bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^4} dx = \frac{6bcdx + 5bc^2 - ad^2}{6(b^4x^6 + 3ab^3x^4 + 3a^2b^2x^2 + a^3b)}$$

input `integrate((-5*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(6*b*c*d*x + 5*b*c^2 - a*d^2)/(b^4*x^6 + 3*a*b^3*x^4 + 3*a^2*b^2*x^2 + a^3*b)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{(ad - 5bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^4} dx = -\frac{ad^2 - 5bc^2 - 6bcdx}{6a^3b + 18a^2b^2x^2 + 18ab^3x^4 + 6b^4x^6}$$

input `integrate((-5*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**2+a)**4,x)`output `-(a*d**2 - 5*b*c**2 - 6*b*c*d*x)/(6*a**3*b + 18*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 18*a*b**3*x**4 + 6*b**4*x**6)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(ad - 5bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^4} dx = \frac{6bcdx + 5bc^2 - ad^2}{6(b^4x^6 + 3ab^3x^4 + 3a^2b^2x^2 + a^3b)}$$

input `integrate((-5*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*(6*b*c*d*x + 5*b*c^2 - a*d^2)/(b^4*x^6 + 3*a*b^3*x^4 + 3*a^2*b^2*x^2 + a^3*b)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(ad - 5bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^4} dx = \frac{6bcdx + 5bc^2 - ad^2}{6(bx^2 + a)^3b}$$

input `integrate((-5*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*(6*b*c*d*x + 5*b*c^2 - a*d^2)/((b*x^2 + a)^3*b)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(ad - 5bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^4} dx = -\frac{\frac{ad^2 - 5bc^2}{6b} - cdx}{a^3 + 3a^2bx^2 + 3ab^2x^4 + b^3x^6}$$

input `int(((a*d - 5*b*c*x)*(c + d*x))/(a + b*x^2)^4,x)`output `-((a*d^2 - 5*b*c^2)/(6*b) - c*d*x)/(a^3 + b^3*x^6 + 3*a^2*b*x^2 + 3*a*b^2*x^4)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(ad - 5bcx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^4} dx = \frac{6bcdx - ad^2 + 5bc^2}{6b(b^3x^6 + 3ab^2x^4 + 3a^2bx^2 + a^3)}$$

input `int((-5*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^4,x)`output `(- a*d**2 + 5*b*c**2 + 6*b*c*d*x)/(6*b*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*x**4 + b**3*x**6))`

3.33 $\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	322
Mathematica [B] (verified)	323
Rubi [A] (verified)	323
Maple [B] (verified)	324
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	325
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	326
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	327
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	328
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	329
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	329

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2) dx = -\frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^6}{6e^4} + \frac{(3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^7}{7e^4} - \frac{c(3Bd - Ae)(d + ex)^8}{8e^4} + \frac{Bc(d + ex)^9}{9e^4}$$

output

```
-1/6*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^6/e^4+1/7*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^7/e^4-1/8*c*(-A*e+3*B*d)*(e*x+d)^8/e^4+1/9*B*c*(e*x+d)^9/e^4
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 233 vs. $2(108) = 216$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2) dx = aAd^5x + \frac{1}{2}ad^4(Bd + 5Ae)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}d^3(Acd^2 + 5aBde + 10aAe^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}d^2(Bcd^3 + 5Acd^2e + 10aBde^2 + 10aAe^3)x^4 + de(Bcd^3 + 2Acd^2e + 2aBde^2 + aAe^3)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}e^2(10Bcd^3 + 10Acd^2e + 5aBde^2 + aAe^3)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}e^3(10Bcd^2 + 5Acde + aBe^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}ce^4(5Bd + Ae)x^8 + \frac{1}{9}Bce^5x^9$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^5*(a + c*x^2), x]
```

output

```
a*A*d^5*x + (a*d^4*(B*d + 5*A*e)*x^2)/2 + (d^3*(A*c*d^2 + 5*a*B*d*e + 10*a*A*e^2)*x^3)/3 + (d^2*(B*c*d^3 + 5*A*c*d^2*e + 10*a*B*d*e^2 + 10*a*A*e^3)*x^4)/4 + d*e*(B*c*d^3 + 2*A*c*d^2*e + 2*a*B*d*e^2 + a*A*e^3)*x^5 + (e^2*(10*B*c*d^3 + 10*A*c*d^2*e + 5*a*B*d*e^2 + a*A*e^3)*x^6)/6 + (e^3*(10*B*c*d^2 + 5*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*x^7)/7 + (c*e^4*(5*B*d + A*e)*x^8)/8 + (B*c*e^5*x^9)/9
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)(A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{(d + ex)^6 (aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex)^5 (ae^2 + cd^2)(Ae - Bd)}{e^3} + \frac{c(d + ex)^7 (Ae - 3Bd)}{e^3} + \frac{Bc(d + ex)^8}{e^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(d + ex)^7 (aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{7e^4} - \frac{(d + ex)^6 (ae^2 + cd^2)(Bd - Ae)}{8e^4} - \frac{c(d + ex)^8 (3Bd - Ae)}{8e^4} + \frac{Bc(d + ex)^9}{9e^4}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^5*(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `-1/6*((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^6)/e^4 + ((3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^4) - (c*(3*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^8)/(8*e^4) + (B*c*(d + e*x)^9)/(9*e^4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 237 vs. 2(100) = 200.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

method	result
norman	$\frac{B e^5 c x^9}{9} + (\frac{1}{8} A c e^5 + \frac{5}{8} B c d e^4) x^8 + (\frac{5}{7} A c d e^4 + \frac{1}{7} B e^5 a + \frac{10}{7} B c d^2 e^3) x^7 + (\frac{1}{6} A a e^5 + \frac{5}{3} A c d^2 e^3) x^6 + \dots$
default	$\frac{B e^5 c x^9}{9} + \frac{(A e^5 + 5 B d e^4) c x^8}{8} + \frac{((5 A d e^4 + 10 B d^2 e^3) c + B e^5 a) x^7}{7} + \frac{((10 A d^2 e^3 + 10 B d^3 e^2) c + (A e^5 + 5 B d e^4) a) x^6}{6} + \dots$
gosper	$\frac{1}{9} B e^5 c x^9 + \frac{1}{8} x^8 A c e^5 + \frac{5}{8} x^8 B c d e^4 + \frac{5}{7} x^7 A c d e^4 + \frac{1}{7} x^7 B e^5 a + \frac{10}{7} x^7 B c d^2 e^3 + \frac{1}{6} x^6 A a e^5 + \dots$
risch	$\frac{1}{9} B e^5 c x^9 + \frac{1}{8} x^8 A c e^5 + \frac{5}{8} x^8 B c d e^4 + \frac{5}{7} x^7 A c d e^4 + \frac{1}{7} x^7 B e^5 a + \frac{10}{7} x^7 B c d^2 e^3 + \frac{1}{6} x^6 A a e^5 + \dots$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{9} B e^5 c x^9 + \frac{1}{8} x^8 A c e^5 + \frac{5}{8} x^8 B c d e^4 + \frac{5}{7} x^7 A c d e^4 + \frac{1}{7} x^7 B e^5 a + \frac{10}{7} x^7 B c d^2 e^3 + \frac{1}{6} x^6 A a e^5 + \dots$
orering	$\frac{x(56 B e^5 c x^8 + 63 A c e^5 x^7 + 315 B c d e^4 x^7 + 360 A c d e^4 x^6 + 72 B a e^5 x^6 + 720 B c d^2 e^3 x^6 + 84 A a e^5 x^5 + 840 A c d^2 e^3 x^5 + 420 B a d e^4 x^5)}{x^9}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/9*B*e^5*c*x^9+(1/8*A*c*e^5+5/8*B*c*d*e^4)*x^8+(5/7*A*c*d*e^4+1/7*B*e^5*a
+10/7*B*c*d^2*e^3)*x^7+(1/6*A*a*e^5+5/3*A*c*d^2*e^3+5/6*B*a*d*e^4+5/3*B*c*
d^3*e^2)*x^6+(A*a*d*e^4+2*A*c*d^3*e^2+2*B*a*d^2*e^3+B*c*d^4*e)*x^5+(5/2*A*
a*d^2*e^3+5/4*A*c*d^4*e+5/2*B*a*d^3*e^2+1/4*B*c*d^5)*x^4+(10/3*A*a*d^3*e^2
+1/3*A*d^5*c+5/3*B*a*d^4*e)*x^3+(5/2*A*a*d^4*e+1/2*B*a*d^5)*x^2+A*d^5*a*x
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 237 vs. 2(100) = 200.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{9} Bce^5x^9 + \frac{1}{8} (5 Bcde^4 + Ace^5)x^8 + Aad^5x^7 + \frac{1}{7} (10 Bcd^2e^3 + 5 Acde^4 + Bae^5)x^7 + \frac{1}{6} (10 Bcd^3e^2 + 10 Acd^2e^3 + 5 Bade^4 + Aae^5)x^6 + (Bcd^4e + 2 Acd^3e^2 + 2 Bad^2e^3 + Aade^4)x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (Bcd^5 + 5 Acd^4e + 10 Bad^3e^2 + 10 Aad^2e^3)x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (Acd^5 + 5 Bad^4e + 10 Aad^3e^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Bad^5 + 5 Aad^4e)x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/9*B*c*e^5*x^9 + 1/8*(5*B*c*d*e^4 + A*c*e^5)*x^8 + A*a*d^5*x + 1/7*(10*B*c*d^2*e^3 + 5*A*c*d*e^4 + B*a*e^5)*x^7 + 1/6*(10*B*c*d^3*e^2 + 10*A*c*d^2*e^3 + 5*B*a*d*e^4 + A*a*e^5)*x^6 + (B*c*d^4*e + 2*A*c*d^3*e^2 + 2*B*a*d^2*e^3 + A*a*d*e^4)*x^5 + 1/4*(B*c*d^5 + 5*A*c*d^4*e + 10*B*a*d^3*e^2 + 10*A*a*d^2*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(A*c*d^5 + 5*B*a*d^4*e + 10*A*a*d^3*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a*d^5 + 5*A*a*d^4*e)*x^2 \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 287 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\begin{aligned} \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2) dx = & Aad^5x + \frac{Bce^5x^9}{9} + x^8 \left(\frac{Ace^5}{8} + \frac{5Bcde^4}{8} \right) \\ & + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{5Acde^4}{7} + \frac{Bae^5}{7} + \frac{10Bcd^2e^3}{7} \right) \\ & + x^6 \left(\frac{Aae^5}{6} + \frac{5Acd^2e^3}{3} + \frac{5Bade^4}{6} + \frac{5Bcd^3e^2}{3} \right) \\ & + x^5 (Aade^4 + 2Acd^3e^2 + 2Bad^2e^3 + Bcd^4e) + x^4 \\ & \cdot \left(\frac{5Aad^2e^3}{2} + \frac{5Acd^4e}{4} + \frac{5Bad^3e^2}{2} + \frac{Bcd^5}{4} \right) \\ & + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{10Aad^3e^2}{3} + \frac{Acd^5}{3} + \frac{5Bad^4e}{3} \right) \\ & + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aad^4e}{2} + \frac{Bad^5}{2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**5*(c*x**2+a),x)`

output

```
A*a*d**5*x + B*c*e**5*x**9/9 + x**8*(A*c*e**5/8 + 5*B*c*d*e**4/8) + x**7*(
5*A*c*d*e**4/7 + B*a*e**5/7 + 10*B*c*d**2*e**3/7) + x**6*(A*a*e**5/6 + 5*A
*c*d**2*e**3/3 + 5*B*a*d*e**4/6 + 5*B*c*d**3*e**2/3) + x**5*(A*a*d*e**4 +
2*A*c*d**3*e**2 + 2*B*a*d**2*e**3 + B*c*d**4*e) + x**4*(5*A*a*d**2*e**3/2
+ 5*A*c*d**4*e/4 + 5*B*a*d**3*e**2/2 + B*c*d**5/4) + x**3*(10*A*a*d**3*e**
2/3 + A*c*d**5/3 + 5*B*a*d**4*e/3) + x**2*(5*A*a*d**4*e/2 + B*a*d**5/2)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 237 vs. $2(100) = 200$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\begin{aligned} \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2) dx = & \frac{1}{9} Bce^5x^9 + \frac{1}{8} (5Bcde^4 + Ace^5)x^8 + Aad^5x \\ & + \frac{1}{7} (10Bcd^2e^3 + 5Acde^4 + Bae^5)x^7 \\ & + \frac{1}{6} (10Bcd^3e^2 + 10Acd^2e^3 + 5Bade^4 + Aae^5)x^6 \\ & + (Bcd^4e + 2Acd^3e^2 + 2Bad^2e^3 + Aade^4)x^5 \\ & + \frac{1}{4} (Bcd^5 + 5Acd^4e + 10Bad^3e^2 + 10Aad^2e^3)x^4 \\ & + \frac{1}{3} (Acd^5 + 5Bad^4e + 10Aad^3e^2)x^3 \\ & + \frac{1}{2} (Bad^5 + 5Aad^4e)x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/9*B*c*e^5*x^9 + 1/8*(5*B*c*d*e^4 + A*c*e^5)*x^8 + A*a*d^5*x + 1/7*(10*B*
c*d^2*e^3 + 5*A*c*d*e^4 + B*a*e^5)*x^7 + 1/6*(10*B*c*d^3*e^2 + 10*A*c*d^2*
e^3 + 5*B*a*d*e^4 + A*a*e^5)*x^6 + (B*c*d^4*e + 2*A*c*d^3*e^2 + 2*B*a*d^2*
e^3 + A*a*d*e^4)*x^5 + 1/4*(B*c*d^5 + 5*A*c*d^4*e + 10*B*a*d^3*e^2 + 10*A*
a*d^2*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(A*c*d^5 + 5*B*a*d^4*e + 10*A*a*d^3*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B
*a*d^5 + 5*A*a*d^4*e)*x^2
```


Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 268 vs. $2(100) = 200$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\begin{aligned} \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2) dx = & \frac{1}{9} Bce^5x^9 + \frac{5}{8} Bcde^4x^8 + \frac{1}{8} Ace^5x^8 + \frac{10}{7} Bcd^2e^3x^7 \\ & + \frac{5}{7} Acde^4x^7 + \frac{1}{7} Bae^5x^7 + \frac{5}{3} Bcd^3e^2x^6 \\ & + \frac{5}{3} Acd^2e^3x^6 + \frac{5}{6} Bade^4x^6 + \frac{1}{6} Aae^5x^6 \\ & + Bcd^4ex^5 + 2Acd^3e^2x^5 + 2Bad^2e^3x^5 + Aade^4x^5 \\ & + \frac{1}{4} Bcd^5x^4 + \frac{5}{4} Acd^4ex^4 + \frac{5}{2} Bad^3e^2x^4 \\ & + \frac{5}{2} Aad^2e^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3} Acd^5x^3 + \frac{5}{3} Bad^4ex^3 \\ & + \frac{10}{3} Aad^3e^2x^3 + \frac{1}{2} Bad^5x^2 + \frac{5}{2} Aad^4ex^2 + Aad^5x \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/9*B*c*e^5*x^9 + 5/8*B*c*d*e^4*x^8 + 1/8*A*c*e^5*x^8 + 10/7*B*c*d^2*e^3*x^7 + 5/7*A*c*d*e^4*x^7 + 1/7*B*a*e^5*x^7 + 5/3*B*c*d^3*e^2*x^6 + 5/3*A*c*d^2*e^3*x^6 + 5/6*B*a*d*e^4*x^6 + 1/6*A*a*e^5*x^6 + B*c*d^4*e*x^5 + 2*A*c*d^3*e^2*x^5 + 2*B*a*d^2*e^3*x^5 + A*a*d*e^4*x^5 + 1/4*B*c*d^5*x^4 + 5/4*A*c*d^4*e*x^4 + 5/2*B*a*d^3*e^2*x^4 + 5/2*A*a*d^2*e^3*x^4 + 1/3*A*c*d^5*x^3 + 5/3*B*a*d^4*e*x^3 + 10/3*A*a*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 1/2*B*a*d^5*x^2 + 5/2*A*a*d^4*e*x^2 + A*a*d^5*x
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2) dx = x^5 (Bcd^4e + 2Acd^3e^2 + 2Bad^2e^3 + Aade^4) \\ + x^3 \left(\frac{Acd^5}{3} + \frac{5Bad^4e}{3} + \frac{10Aad^3e^2}{3} \right) \\ + x^7 \left(\frac{10Bcd^2e^3}{7} + \frac{5Acde^4}{7} + \frac{Bae^5}{7} \right) \\ + x^4 \left(\frac{Bcd^5}{4} + \frac{5Acd^4e}{4} + \frac{5Bad^3e^2}{2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{5Aad^2e^3}{2} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{5Bcd^3e^2}{3} + \frac{5Acd^2e^3}{3} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{5Bade^4}{6} + \frac{Aae^5}{6} \right) + Aad^5x + \frac{Bce^5x^9}{9} \\ + \frac{ad^4x^2(5Ae + Bd)}{2} + \frac{ce^4x^8(Ae + 5Bd)}{8}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^5,x)`output `x^5*(A*a*d*e^4 + B*c*d^4*e + 2*B*a*d^2*e^3 + 2*A*c*d^3*e^2) + x^3*((A*c*d^5)/3 + (5*B*a*d^4*e)/3 + (10*A*a*d^3*e^2)/3) + x^7*((B*a*e^5)/7 + (5*A*c*d*e^4)/7 + (10*B*c*d^2*e^3)/7) + x^4*((B*c*d^5)/4 + (5*A*c*d^4*e)/4 + (5*A*a*d^2*e^3)/2 + (5*B*a*d^3*e^2)/2) + x^6*((A*a*e^5)/6 + (5*B*a*d*e^4)/6 + (5*A*c*d^2*e^3)/3 + (5*B*c*d^3*e^2)/3) + A*a*d^5*x + (B*c*e^5*x^9)/9 + (a*d^4*x^2*(5*A*e + B*d))/2 + (c*e^4*x^8*(A*e + 5*B*d))/8`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2) dx \\ = \frac{x(56bc e^5 x^8 + 63ac e^5 x^7 + 315bcd e^4 x^7 + 72ab e^5 x^6 + 360acd e^4 x^6 + 720bc d^2 e^3 x^6 + 84a^2 e^5 x^5 + 420abd e^4 x^4 + 420abd e^3 x^3 + 420abd e^2 x^2 + 420abd e x + 420abd)}{8}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a),x)`

output

```
(x*(504*a**2*d**5 + 1260*a**2*d**4*e*x + 1680*a**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 1260*a
**2*d**2*e**3*x**3 + 504*a**2*d*e**4*x**4 + 84*a**2*e**5*x**5 + 252*a*b*d*
*5*x + 840*a*b*d**4*e*x**2 + 1260*a*b*d**3*e**2*x**3 + 1008*a*b*d**2*e**3*
x**4 + 420*a*b*d*e**4*x**5 + 72*a*b*e**5*x**6 + 168*a*c*d**5*x**2 + 630*a*
c*d**4*e*x**3 + 1008*a*c*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 840*a*c*d**2*e**3*x**5 + 360*a*c
*d*e**4*x**6 + 63*a*c*e**5*x**7 + 126*b*c*d**5*x**3 + 504*b*c*d**4*e*x**4
+ 840*b*c*d**3*e**2*x**5 + 720*b*c*d**2*e**3*x**6 + 315*b*c*d*e**4*x**7 +
56*b*c*e**5*x**8))/504
```

3.34 $\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	331
Mathematica [A] (verified)	332
Rubi [A] (verified)	332
Maple [A] (verified)	334
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	334
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	335
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	336
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	336
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	337
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	338

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2) dx = -\frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^5}{5e^4} + \frac{(3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^6}{6e^4} - \frac{c(3Bd - Ae)(d + ex)^7}{7e^4} + \frac{Bc(d + ex)^8}{8e^4}$$

output

```
-1/5*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^5/e^4+1/6*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^6/e^4-1/7*c*(-A*e+3*B*d)*(e*x+d)^7/e^4+1/8*B*c*(e*x+d)^8/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2) dx = aAd^4x + \frac{1}{2}ad^3(Bd + 4Ae)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}d^2(Acd^2 + 4aBde + 6aAe^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}d(Bcd^3 + 4Acd^2e + 6aBde^2 + 4aAe^3)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}e(4Bcd^3 + 6Acd^2e + 4aBde^2 + aAe^3)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}e^2(6Bcd^2 + 4Acde + aBe^2)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}ce^3(4Bd + Ae)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}Bce^4x^8$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^4*(a + c*x^2), x]
```

output

```
a*A*d^4*x + (a*d^3*(B*d + 4*A*e)*x^2)/2 + (d^2*(A*c*d^2 + 4*a*B*d*e + 6*a*A*e^2)*x^3)/3 + (d*(B*c*d^3 + 4*A*c*d^2*e + 6*a*B*d*e^2 + 4*a*A*e^3)*x^4)/4 + (e*(4*B*c*d^3 + 6*A*c*d^2*e + 4*a*B*d*e^2 + a*A*e^3)*x^5)/5 + (e^2*(6*B*c*d^2 + 4*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*x^6)/6 + (c*e^3*(4*B*d + A*e)*x^7)/7 + (B*c*e^4*x^8)/8
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)(A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{(d+ex)^5 (aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{e^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^4 (ae^2 + cd^2) (Ae - Bd)}{e^3} + \frac{c(d+ex)^6 (Ae - 3Bd)}{e^3} + \frac{Bc(d+ex)^7}{e^3} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(d+ex)^6 (aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{6e^4} - \frac{(d+ex)^5 (ae^2 + cd^2) (Bd - Ae)}{7e^4} - \frac{c(d+ex)^7 (3Bd - Ae)}{7e^4} + \frac{Bc(d+ex)^8}{8e^4}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^4*(a + c*x^2), x]`

output `-1/5*((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^5)/e^4 + ((3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^6)/(6*e^4) - (c*(3*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^4) + (B*c*(d + e*x)^8)/(8*e^4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))^(n._)*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

output

```
1/8*B*c*e^4*x^8 + 1/7*(4*B*c*d*e^3 + A*c*e^4)*x^7 + A*a*d^4*x + 1/6*(6*B*c
*d^2*e^2 + 4*A*c*d*e^3 + B*a*e^4)*x^6 + 1/5*(4*B*c*d^3*e + 6*A*c*d^2*e^2 +
4*B*a*d*e^3 + A*a*e^4)*x^5 + 1/4*(B*c*d^4 + 4*A*c*d^3*e + 6*B*a*d^2*e^2 +
4*A*a*d*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(A*c*d^4 + 4*B*a*d^3*e + 6*A*a*d^2*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*
(B*a*d^4 + 4*A*a*d^3*e)*x^2
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 226 vs. $2(102) = 204$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2) dx = Aad^4x + \frac{Bce^4x^8}{8} + x^7 \left(\frac{Ace^4}{7} + \frac{4Bcde^3}{7} \right) \\ + x^6 \cdot \left(\frac{2Acde^3}{3} + \frac{Bae^4}{6} + Bcd^2e^2 \right) \\ + x^5 \left(\frac{Aae^4}{5} + \frac{6Acd^2e^2}{5} + \frac{4Bade^3}{5} + \frac{4Bcd^3e}{5} \right) \\ + x^4 \left(Aade^3 + Acd^3e + \frac{3Bad^2e^2}{2} + \frac{Bcd^4}{4} \right) \\ + x^3 \cdot \left(2Aad^2e^2 + \frac{Acd^4}{3} + \frac{4Bad^3e}{3} \right) \\ + x^2 \cdot \left(2Aad^3e + \frac{Bad^4}{2} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**4*(c*x**2+a),x)
```

output

```
A*a*d**4*x + B*c*e**4*x**8/8 + x**7*(A*c*e**4/7 + 4*B*c*d*e**3/7) + x**6*(
2*A*c*d*e**3/3 + B*a*e**4/6 + B*c*d**2*e**2) + x**5*(A*a*e**4/5 + 6*A*c*d*
*2*e**2/5 + 4*B*a*d*e**3/5 + 4*B*c*d**3*e/5) + x**4*(A*a*d*e**3 + A*c*d**3
*e + 3*B*a*d**2*e**2/2 + B*c*d**4/4) + x**3*(2*A*a*d**2*e**2 + A*c*d**4/3
+ 4*B*a*d**3*e/3) + x**2*(2*A*a*d**3*e + B*a*d**4/2)
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{8} Bce^4 x^8 + \frac{1}{7} (4 Bcde^3 + Ace^4) x^7 + Aad^4 x$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6} (6 Bcd^2 e^2 + 4 Acde^3 + Bae^4) x^6$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5} (4 Bcd^3 e + 6 Acd^2 e^2 + 4 Bade^3 + Aae^4) x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} (Bcd^4 + 4 Acd^3 e + 6 Bad^2 e^2 + 4 Aade^3) x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (Acd^4 + 4 Bad^3 e + 6 Aad^2 e^2) x^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (Bad^4 + 4 Aad^3 e) x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/8*B*c*e^4*x^8 + 1/7*(4*B*c*d*e^3 + A*c*e^4)*x^7 + A*a*d^4*x + 1/6*(6*B*c
*d^2*e^2 + 4*A*c*d*e^3 + B*a*e^4)*x^6 + 1/5*(4*B*c*d^3*e + 6*A*c*d^2*e^2 +
4*B*a*d*e^3 + A*a*e^4)*x^5 + 1/4*(B*c*d^4 + 4*A*c*d^3*e + 6*B*a*d^2*e^2 +
4*A*a*d*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(A*c*d^4 + 4*B*a*d^3*e + 6*A*a*d^2*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*
(B*a*d^4 + 4*A*a*d^3*e)*x^2
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 215 vs. 2(100) = 200.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{8} Bce^4 x^8 + \frac{4}{7} Bcde^3 x^7 + \frac{1}{7} Ace^4 x^7 + Bcd^2 e^2 x^6$$

$$+ \frac{2}{3} Acde^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{6} Bae^4 x^6 + \frac{4}{5} Bcd^3 ex^5 + \frac{6}{5} Acd^2 e^2 x^5$$

$$+ \frac{4}{5} Bade^3 x^5 + \frac{1}{5} Aae^4 x^5 + \frac{1}{4} Bcd^4 x^4 + Acd^3 ex^4$$

$$+ \frac{3}{2} Bad^2 e^2 x^4 + Aade^3 x^4 + \frac{1}{3} Acd^4 x^3 + \frac{4}{3} Bad^3 ex^3$$

$$+ 2 Aad^2 e^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} Bad^4 x^2 + 2 Aad^3 ex^2 + Aad^4 x$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/8*B*c*e^4*x^8 + 4/7*B*c*d*e^3*x^7 + 1/7*A*c*e^4*x^7 + B*c*d^2*e^2*x^6 + 2/3*A*c*d*e^3*x^6 + 1/6*B*a*e^4*x^6 + 4/5*B*c*d^3*e*x^5 + 6/5*A*c*d^2*e^2*x^5 + 4/5*B*a*d*e^3*x^5 + 1/5*A*a*e^4*x^5 + 1/4*B*c*d^4*x^4 + A*c*d^3*e*x^4 + 3/2*B*a*d^2*e^2*x^4 + A*a*d*e^3*x^4 + 1/3*A*c*d^4*x^3 + 4/3*B*a*d^3*e*x^3 + 2*A*a*d^2*e^2*x^3 + 1/2*B*a*d^4*x^2 + 2*A*a*d^3*e*x^2 + A*a*d^4*x$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2) dx = x^3 \left(\frac{Acd^4}{3} + \frac{4Bad^3e}{3} + 2Aad^2e^2 \right) + x^6 \left(Bcd^2e^2 + \frac{2Acde^3}{3} + \frac{Bae^4}{6} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{Bcd^4}{4} + Acd^3e + \frac{3Bad^2e^2}{2} + Aade^3 \right) + x^5 \left(\frac{4Bcd^3e}{5} + \frac{6Acd^2e^2}{5} + \frac{4Bade^3}{5} + \frac{Aae^4}{5} \right) + Aad^4x + \frac{Bce^4x^8}{8} + \frac{ad^3x^2(4Ae + Bd)}{2} + \frac{ce^3x^7(Ae + 4Bd)}{7}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^4,x)`

output $x^3*((A*c*d^4)/3 + (4*B*a*d^3*e)/3 + 2*A*a*d^2*e^2) + x^6*((B*a*e^4)/6 + (2*A*c*d*e^3)/3 + B*c*d^2*e^2) + x^4*((B*c*d^4)/4 + A*a*d*e^3 + A*c*d^3*e + (3*B*a*d^2*e^2)/2) + x^5*((A*a*e^4)/5 + (4*B*a*d*e^3)/5 + (4*B*c*d^3*e)/5 + (6*A*c*d^2*e^2)/5) + A*a*d^4*x + (B*c*e^4*x^8)/8 + (a*d^3*x^2*(4*A*e + B*d))/2 + (c*e^3*x^7*(A*e + 4*B*d))/7$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(105bc e^4 x^7 + 120ac e^4 x^6 + 480bcd e^3 x^6 + 140ab e^4 x^5 + 560acd e^3 x^5 + 840bc d^2 e^2 x^5 + 168a^2 e^4 x^4 + 672$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a),x)`output `(x*(840*a**2*d**4 + 1680*a**2*d**3*e*x + 1680*a**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 840*a**2*d*e**3*x**3 + 168*a**2*e**4*x**4 + 420*a*b*d**4*x + 1120*a*b*d**3*e*x**2 + 1260*a*b*d**2*e**2*x**3 + 672*a*b*d*e**3*x**4 + 140*a*b*e**4*x**5 + 280*a*c*d**4*x**2 + 840*a*c*d**3*e*x**3 + 1008*a*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 + 560*a*c*d*e**3*x**5 + 120*a*c*e**4*x**6 + 210*b*c*d**4*x**3 + 672*b*c*d**3*e*x**4 + 840*b*c*d**2*e**2*x**5 + 480*b*c*d*e**3*x**6 + 105*b*c*e**4*x**7))/840`

3.35 $\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	339
Mathematica [A] (verified)	340
Rubi [A] (verified)	340
Maple [A] (verified)	341
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	342
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	343
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	343
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	344
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	344
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	345

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2) dx = -\frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^4}{4e^4} + \frac{(3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^5}{5e^4} - \frac{c(3Bd - Ae)(d + ex)^6}{6e^4} + \frac{Bc(d + ex)^7}{7e^4}$$

output

```
-1/4*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^4/e^4+1/5*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^5/e^4-1/6*c*(-A*e+3*B*d)*(e*x+d)^6/e^4+1/7*B*c*(e*x+d)^7/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2) dx = aAd^3x + \frac{1}{2}ad^2(Bd + 3Ae)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}d(Acd^2 + 3aBde + 3aAe^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}(Bcd^3 + 3Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 + aAe^3)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}e(3Bcd^2 + 3Acde + aBe^2)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}ce^2(3Bd + Ae)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}Bce^3x^7$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2), x]`

output `a*A*d^3*x + (a*d^2*(B*d + 3*A*e)*x^2)/2 + (d*(A*c*d^2 + 3*a*B*d*e + 3*a*A*e^2)*x^3)/3 + ((B*c*d^3 + 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 + a*A*e^3)*x^4)/4 + (e*(3*B*c*d^2 + 3*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*x^5)/5 + (c*e^2*(3*B*d + A*e)*x^6)/6 + (B*c*e^3*x^7)/7`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2) (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{(d + ex)^4 (aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex)^3 (ae^2 + cd^2) (Ae - Bd)}{e^3} + \frac{c(d + ex)^5 (Ae - 3Bd)}{e^3} + \frac{Bc(d + ex)^6}{e^3} \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{(d+ex)^5 (aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{5e^4} - \frac{(d+ex)^4 (ae^2 + cd^2) (Bd - Ae)}{4e^4} - \\ & \frac{c(d+ex)^6 (3Bd - Ae)}{6e^4} + \frac{Bc(d+ex)^7}{7e^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2), x]`

output `-1/4*((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^4)/e^4 + ((3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d *e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^5)/(5*e^4) - (c*(3*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^6)/(6*e^4) + (B*c*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result
norman	$\frac{Be^3cx^7}{7} + (\frac{1}{6}Ace^3 + \frac{1}{2}Bcde^2)x^6 + (\frac{3}{5}Acde^2 + \frac{1}{5}Be^3a + \frac{3}{5}Bcd^2e)x^5 + (\frac{1}{4}Aae^3 + \frac{3}{4}Acd^2e)x^4 + \frac{1}{4}Aae^3 + \frac{3}{4}Acd^2e$
default	$\frac{Be^3cx^7}{7} + \frac{(Ae^3+3Bde^2)cx^6}{6} + \frac{((3Ad^2e+3Bd^2e)c+Be^3a)x^5}{5} + \frac{((3Ad^2e+Bd^3)c+(Ae^3+3Bde^2)a)x^4}{4} + \frac{Acd^3}{4}$
gospers	$\frac{1}{7}Be^3cx^7 + \frac{1}{6}x^6Ace^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^6Bcde^2 + \frac{3}{5}x^5Acde^2 + \frac{1}{5}x^5Be^3a + \frac{3}{5}x^5Bcd^2e + \frac{1}{4}x^4Aae^3 + \frac{3}{4}x^4Acd^2e$
risch	$\frac{1}{7}Be^3cx^7 + \frac{1}{6}x^6Ace^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^6Bcde^2 + \frac{3}{5}x^5Acde^2 + \frac{1}{5}x^5Be^3a + \frac{3}{5}x^5Bcd^2e + \frac{1}{4}x^4Aae^3 + \frac{3}{4}x^4Acd^2e$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{7}Be^3cx^7 + \frac{1}{6}x^6Ace^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^6Bcde^2 + \frac{3}{5}x^5Acde^2 + \frac{1}{5}x^5Be^3a + \frac{3}{5}x^5Bcd^2e + \frac{1}{4}x^4Aae^3 + \frac{3}{4}x^4Acd^2e$
orering	$\frac{x(60Be^3cx^6+70Ace^3x^5+210Bcde^2x^5+252Acde^2x^4+84Ba^3e^3x^4+252Bcd^2e^2x^4+105Aae^3x^3+315Acd^2e^2x^3+315Bad^2e^2x^3)}{420}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/7*B*e^3*c*x^7+(1/6*A*c*e^3+1/2*B*c*d*e^2)*x^6+(3/5*A*c*d*e^2+1/5*B*e^3*a+3/5*B*c*d^2*e)*x^5+(1/4*A*a*e^3+3/4*A*c*d^2*e+3/4*B*a*d*e^2+1/4*B*c*d^3)*x^4+(A*a*d*e^2+1/3*A*c*d^3+B*a*d^2*e)*x^3+(3/2*A*a*d^2*e+1/2*B*a*d^3)*x^2+A*d^3*a*x`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\begin{aligned} \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2) dx = & \frac{1}{7} Bce^3 x^7 + \frac{1}{6} (3 Bcde^2 + Ace^3) x^6 + Aad^3 x \\ & + \frac{1}{5} (3 Bcd^2 e + 3 Acde^2 + Bae^3) x^5 \\ & + \frac{1}{4} (Bcd^3 + 3 Acd^2 e + 3 Bade^2 + Aae^3) x^4 \\ & + \frac{1}{3} (Acd^3 + 3 Bad^2 e + 3 Aade^2) x^3 \\ & + \frac{1}{2} (Bad^3 + 3 Aad^2 e) x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/7*B*c*e^3*x^7 + 1/6*(3*B*c*d*e^2 + A*c*e^3)*x^6 + A*a*d^3*x + 1/5*(3*B*c*d^2*e + 3*A*c*d*e^2 + B*a*e^3)*x^5 + 1/4*(B*c*d^3 + 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*B*a*d*e^2 + A*a*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(A*c*d^3 + 3*B*a*d^2*e + 3*A*a*d*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a*d^3 + 3*A*a*d^2*e)*x^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2) dx = Aad^3x + \frac{Bce^3x^7}{7} + x^6 \left(\frac{Ace^3}{6} + \frac{Bcde^2}{2} \right) + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{3Acde^2}{5} + \frac{Bae^3}{5} + \frac{3Bcd^2e}{5} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{Aae^3}{4} + \frac{3Acd^2e}{4} + \frac{3Bade^2}{4} + \frac{Bcd^3}{4} \right) + x^3 \left(Aade^2 + \frac{Acd^3}{3} + Bad^2e \right) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3Aad^2e}{2} + \frac{Bad^3}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**3*(c*x**2+a),x)`output `A*a*d**3*x + B*c*e**3*x**7/7 + x**6*(A*c*e**3/6 + B*c*d*e**2/2) + x**5*(3*A*c*d*e**2/5 + B*a*e**3/5 + 3*B*c*d**2*e/5) + x**4*(A*a*e**3/4 + 3*A*c*d**2*e/4 + 3*B*a*d*e**2/4 + B*c*d**3/4) + x**3*(A*a*d*e**2 + A*c*d**3/3 + B*a*d**2*e) + x**2*(3*A*a*d**2*e/2 + B*a*d**3/2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{7} Bce^3x^7 + \frac{1}{6} (3Bcde^2 + Ace^3)x^6 + Aad^3x + \frac{1}{5} (3Bcd^2e + 3Acde^2 + Bae^3)x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (Bcd^3 + 3Acd^2e + 3Bade^2 + Aae^3)x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (Acd^3 + 3Bad^2e + 3Aade^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Bad^3 + 3Aad^2e)x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/7*B*c*e^3*x^7 + 1/6*(3*B*c*d*e^2 + A*c*e^3)*x^6 + A*a*d^3*x + 1/5*(3*B*c
*d^2*e + 3*A*c*d*e^2 + B*a*e^3)*x^5 + 1/4*(B*c*d^3 + 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*B*a*d
*e^2 + A*a*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(A*c*d^3 + 3*B*a*d^2*e + 3*A*a*d*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*
(B*a*d^3 + 3*A*a*d^2*e)*x^2
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{7} Bce^3x^7 + \frac{1}{2} Bcde^2x^6 + \frac{1}{6} Ace^3x^6 + \frac{3}{5} Bcd^2ex^5 + \frac{3}{5} Acde^2x^5 + \frac{1}{5} Bae^3x^5 + \frac{1}{4} Bcd^3x^4 + \frac{3}{4} Acd^2ex^4 + \frac{3}{4} Bade^2x^4 + \frac{1}{4} Aae^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3} Acd^3x^3 + Bad^2ex^3 + Ade^2x^3 + \frac{1}{2} Bad^3x^2 + \frac{3}{2} Aad^2ex^2 + Aad^3x$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/7*B*c*e^3*x^7 + 1/2*B*c*d*e^2*x^6 + 1/6*A*c*e^3*x^6 + 3/5*B*c*d^2*e*x^5
+ 3/5*A*c*d*e^2*x^5 + 1/5*B*a*e^3*x^5 + 1/4*B*c*d^3*x^4 + 3/4*A*c*d^2*e*x^
4 + 3/4*B*a*d*e^2*x^4 + 1/4*A*a*e^3*x^4 + 1/3*A*c*d^3*x^3 + B*a*d^2*e*x^3
+ A*a*d*e^2*x^3 + 1/2*B*a*d^3*x^2 + 3/2*A*a*d^2*e*x^2 + A*a*d^3*x
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2) dx = x^4 \left(\frac{Bcd^3}{4} + \frac{3Acd^2e}{4} + \frac{3Bade^2}{4} + \frac{Aae^3}{4} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{Acd^3}{3} + Bad^2e + Ade^2 \right) + x^5 \left(\frac{3Bcd^2e}{5} + \frac{3Acde^2}{5} + \frac{Bae^3}{5} \right) + Aad^3x + \frac{Bce^3x^7}{7} + \frac{ad^2x^2(3Ae + Bd)}{2} + \frac{ce^2x^6(Ae + 3Bd)}{6}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output $x^4((Aae^3)/4 + (Bcd^3)/4 + (3Bade^2)/4 + (3Acd^2e)/4) + x^3((Acd^3)/3 + Aad^2e + BAd^2e) + x^5((Bae^3)/5 + (3Acd^2e)/5 + (3Bcd^2e)/5) + Aad^3x + (Bce^3x^7)/7 + (ad^2x^2(3Ae + Bd))/2 + (ce^2x^6(Ae + 3Bd))/6$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(60bc e^3 x^6 + 70ac e^3 x^5 + 210bcd e^2 x^5 + 84ab e^3 x^4 + 252acd e^2 x^4 + 252bc d^2 e x^4 + 105a^2 e^3 x^3 + 315abd e^3 x^2 + 105a^2 e^3 x^3 + 315abd e^3 x^2)}{420}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a),x)`

output $(x(420a^2d^3 + 630a^2d^2ex + 420a^2d^2e^2x^2 + 105a^2e^3x^3 + 210abd^3x + 420abd^2e^2x^2 + 315abd^2e^2x^3 + 84a^2b^2e^3x^4 + 140ac^2d^3x^2 + 315ac^2d^2e^2x^3 + 252ac^2d^2e^2x^4 + 70ac^2e^3x^5 + 105b^2c^2d^3x^3 + 252b^2c^2d^2e^2x^4 + 210b^2c^2d^2e^2x^5 + 60b^2c^2e^3x^6))/420$

3.36 $\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	346
Mathematica [A] (verified)	346
Rubi [A] (verified)	347
Maple [A] (verified)	348
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	349
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	349
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	350
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	350
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	351
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	351

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2) dx = -\frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^3}{3e^4} + \frac{(3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^4}{4e^4} - \frac{c(3Bd - Ae)(d + ex)^5}{5e^4} + \frac{Bc(d + ex)^6}{6e^4}$$

output

```
-1/3*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^3/e^4+1/4*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^4/e^4-1/5*c*(-A*e+3*B*d)*(e*x+d)^5/e^4+1/6*B*c*(e*x+d)^6/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2) dx = aAd^2x + \frac{1}{2}ad(Bd + 2Ae)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}(Acd^2 + 2aBde + aAe^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}(Bcd^2 + 2Acde + aBe^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}ce(2Bd + Ae)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}Bce^2x^6$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2), x]`

output `a*A*d^2*x + (a*d*(B*d + 2*A*e)*x^2)/2 + ((A*c*d^2 + 2*a*B*d*e + a*A*e^2)*x^3)/3 + ((B*c*d^2 + 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*x^4)/4 + (c*e*(2*B*d + A*e)*x^5)/5 + (B*c*e^2*x^6)/6`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)(A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 652$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(d + ex)^3 (aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)(Ae - Bd)}{e^3} + \frac{c(d + ex)^4 (Ae - 3Bd)}{e^3} + \frac{Bc(d + ex)^5}{e^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^4 (aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{4e^4} - \frac{(d + ex)^3 (ae^2 + cd^2)(Bd - Ae)}{5e^4} - \frac{c(d + ex)^5 (3Bd - Ae)}{6e^4} + \frac{Bc(d + ex)^6}{6e^4}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2), x]`

output `-1/3*((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^3)/e^4 + ((3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^4)/(4*e^4) - (c*(3*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^5)/(5*e^4) + (B*c*(d + e*x)^6)/(6*e^4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 652 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
default	$\frac{B e^2 c x^6}{6} + \frac{(A e^2 + 2 B d e) c x^5}{5} + \frac{((2 A d e + B d^2) c + B a e^2) x^4}{4} + \frac{(A c d^2 + (A e^2 + 2 B d e) a) x^3}{3} + \frac{(2 A d e + B d^2) a x^2}{2} + A$
norman	$\frac{B e^2 c x^6}{6} + (\frac{1}{5} A c e^2 + \frac{2}{5} B c d e) x^5 + (\frac{1}{2} A c d e + \frac{1}{4} B a e^2 + \frac{1}{4} B c d^2) x^4 + (\frac{1}{3} A a e^2 + \frac{1}{3} A c d^2 + \frac{2}{3} B a d e) x^3 + \frac{1}{3} A a d^2$
gosper	$\frac{1}{6} B e^2 c x^6 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 A c e^2 + \frac{2}{5} x^5 B c d e + \frac{1}{2} x^4 A c d e + \frac{1}{4} x^4 B a e^2 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 B c d^2 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 A a e^2 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 A c d^2 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 A a d^2$
risch	$\frac{1}{6} B e^2 c x^6 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 A c e^2 + \frac{2}{5} x^5 B c d e + \frac{1}{2} x^4 A c d e + \frac{1}{4} x^4 B a e^2 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 B c d^2 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 A a e^2 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 A c d^2 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 A a d^2$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{6} B e^2 c x^6 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 A c e^2 + \frac{2}{5} x^5 B c d e + \frac{1}{2} x^4 A c d e + \frac{1}{4} x^4 B a e^2 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 B c d^2 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 A a e^2 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 A c d^2 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 A a d^2$
orering	$\frac{x(10 B e^2 c x^5 + 12 A c e^2 x^4 + 24 B c d e x^4 + 30 A c d e x^3 + 15 B a e^2 x^3 + 15 B c d^2 x^3 + 20 A a e^2 x^2 + 20 A c d^2 x^2 + 40 B a d e x^2 + 60 A a d e x + 60 A a d^2)}{60}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/6*B*e^2*c*x^6+1/5*(A*e^2+2*B*d*e)*c*x^5+1/4*((2*A*d*e+B*d^2)*c+B*a*e^2)*x^4+1/3*(A*c*d^2+(A*e^2+2*B*d*e)*a)*x^3+1/2*(2*A*d*e+B*d^2)*a*x^2+A*a*d^2*x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{6} Bce^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5} (2Bcde + Ace^2)x^5$$

$$+ Aad^2x + \frac{1}{4} (Bcd^2 + 2Acde + Bae^2)x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (Acd^2 + 2Bade + Aae^2)x^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (Bad^2 + 2Aade)x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*B*c*e^2*x^6 + 1/5*(2*B*c*d*e + A*c*e^2)*x^5 + A*a*d^2*x + 1/4*(B*c*d^2 + 2*A*c*d*e + B*a*e^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(A*c*d^2 + 2*B*a*d*e + A*a*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a*d^2 + 2*A*a*d*e)*x^2`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2) dx = Aad^2x + \frac{Bce^2x^6}{6} + x^5 \left(\frac{Ace^2}{5} + \frac{2Bcde}{5} \right)$$

$$+ x^4 \left(\frac{Acde}{2} + \frac{Bae^2}{4} + \frac{Bcd^2}{4} \right)$$

$$+ x^3 \left(\frac{Aae^2}{3} + \frac{Acd^2}{3} + \frac{2Bade}{3} \right)$$

$$+ x^2 \left(Aade + \frac{Bad^2}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**2*(c*x**2+a),x)`output `A*a*d**2*x + B*c*e**2*x**6/6 + x**5*(A*c*e**2/5 + 2*B*c*d*e/5) + x**4*(A*c*d*e/2 + B*a*e**2/4 + B*c*d**2/4) + x**3*(A*a*e**2/3 + A*c*d**2/3 + 2*B*a*d*e/3) + x**2*(A*a*d*e + B*a*d**2/2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{6} Bce^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5} (2Bcde + Ace^2)x^5$$

$$+ Aad^2x + \frac{1}{4} (Bcd^2 + 2Acde + Bae^2)x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (Acd^2 + 2Bade + Aae^2)x^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (Bad^2 + 2Aade)x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*B*c*e^2*x^6 + 1/5*(2*B*c*d*e + A*c*e^2)*x^5 + A*a*d^2*x + 1/4*(B*c*d^2 + 2*A*c*d*e + B*a*e^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(A*c*d^2 + 2*B*a*d*e + A*a*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a*d^2 + 2*A*a*d*e)*x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{6} Bce^2x^6 + \frac{2}{5} Bcdex^5 + \frac{1}{5} Ace^2x^5 + \frac{1}{4} Bcd^2x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} Acdex^4 + \frac{1}{4} Bae^2x^4 + \frac{1}{3} Acd^2x^3 + \frac{2}{3} Badex^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} Aae^2x^3 + \frac{1}{2} Bad^2x^2 + Aadex^2 + Aad^2x$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*B*c*e^2*x^6 + 2/5*B*c*d*e*x^5 + 1/5*A*c*e^2*x^5 + 1/4*B*c*d^2*x^4 + 1/2*A*c*d*e*x^4 + 1/4*B*a*e^2*x^4 + 1/3*A*c*d^2*x^3 + 2/3*B*a*d*e*x^3 + 1/3*A*a*e^2*x^3 + 1/2*B*a*d^2*x^2 + A*a*d*e*x^2 + A*a*d^2*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2) dx = x^3 \left(\frac{Acd^2}{3} + \frac{2Bade}{3} + \frac{Aae^2}{3} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{Bcd^2}{4} + \frac{Acde}{2} + \frac{Bae^2}{4} \right) + Aa d^2 x + \frac{ad x^2 (2Ae + Bd)}{2} + \frac{ce x^5 (Ae + 2Bd)}{5} + \frac{Bce^2 x^6}{6}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `x^3*((A*a*e^2)/3 + (A*c*d^2)/3 + (2*B*a*d*e)/3) + x^4*((B*a*e^2)/4 + (B*c*d^2)/4 + (A*c*d*e)/2) + A*a*d^2*x + (a*d*x^2*(2*A*e + B*d))/2 + (c*e*x^5*(A*e + 2*B*d))/5 + (B*c*e^2*x^6)/6`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{x(10bce^2x^5 + 12ace^2x^4 + 24bcde x^4 + 15abe^2x^3 + 30acde x^3 + 15bcd^2x^3 + 20a^2e^2x^2 + 40abde x^2 + 20a^2e^2x^2 + 20a^2e^2x^2)}{60}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a),x)`output `(x*(60*a**2*d**2 + 60*a**2*d*e*x + 20*a**2*e**2*x**2 + 30*a*b*d**2*x + 40*a*b*d*e*x**2 + 15*a*b*e**2*x**3 + 20*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 30*a*c*d*e*x**3 + 12*a*c*e**2*x**4 + 15*b*c*d**2*x**3 + 24*b*c*d*e*x**4 + 10*b*c*e**2*x**5))/60`

3.37 $\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	352
Mathematica [A] (verified)	352
Rubi [A] (verified)	353
Maple [A] (verified)	354
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	354
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	355
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	355
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	356
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	356
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	357

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2) dx = aAdx + \frac{1}{2}a(Bd + Ae)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}(Acd + aBe)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}c(Bd + Ae)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}Bcex^5$$

output

```
a*A*d*x+1/2*a*(A*e+B*d)*x^2+1/3*(A*c*d+B*a*e)*x^3+1/4*c*(A*e+B*d)*x^4+1/5*B*c*e*x^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2) dx = aAdx + \frac{1}{2}a(Bd + Ae)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}(Acd + aBe)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}c(Bd + Ae)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}Bcex^5$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2), x]
```

output

$$aA*d*x + (a*(B*d + A*e)*x^2)/2 + ((A*c*d + a*B*e)*x^3)/3 + (c*(B*d + A*e)*x^4)/4 + (B*c*e*x^5)/5$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2) (A + Bx)(d + ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 652$$

$$\int (x^2(aBe + Acd) + ax(Ae + Bd) + aAd + cx^3(Ae + Bd) + Bcex^4) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(aBe + Acd) + \frac{1}{2}ax^2(Ae + Bd) + aAdx + \frac{1}{4}cx^4(Ae + Bd) + \frac{1}{5}Bcex^5$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2), x]
```

output

$$aA*d*x + (a*(B*d + A*e)*x^2)/2 + ((A*c*d + a*B*e)*x^3)/3 + (c*(B*d + A*e)*x^4)/4 + (B*c*e*x^5)/5$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
default	$Aadx + \frac{a(Ae+Bd)x^2}{2} + \frac{(Acd+BAe)x^3}{3} + \frac{c(Ae+Bd)x^4}{4} + \frac{Bce x^5}{5}$	55
norman	$\frac{Bce x^5}{5} + \left(\frac{1}{4}Ace + \frac{1}{4}Bcd\right) x^4 + \left(\frac{Acd}{3} + \frac{BAe}{3}\right) x^3 + \left(\frac{1}{2}aAe + \frac{1}{2}Bad\right) x^2 + Aadx$	60
orering	$\frac{x(12Bce x^4 + 15Ace x^3 + 15Bcd x^3 + 20Acd x^2 + 20BAe x^2 + 30Aae x + 30Bad x + 60Aad)}{60}$	62
gospers	$\frac{1}{5}Bce x^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4 Ace + \frac{1}{4}x^4 Bcd + \frac{1}{3}x^3 Acd + \frac{1}{3}x^3 Bae + \frac{1}{2}x^2 aAe + \frac{1}{2}x^2 Bad + Aadx$	63
risch	$\frac{1}{5}Bce x^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4 Ace + \frac{1}{4}x^4 Bcd + \frac{1}{3}x^3 Acd + \frac{1}{3}x^3 Bae + \frac{1}{2}x^2 aAe + \frac{1}{2}x^2 Bad + Aadx$	63
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{5}Bce x^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4 Ace + \frac{1}{4}x^4 Bcd + \frac{1}{3}x^3 Acd + \frac{1}{3}x^3 Bae + \frac{1}{2}x^2 aAe + \frac{1}{2}x^2 Bad + Aadx$	63

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `A*a*d*x+1/2*a*(A*e+B*d)*x^2+1/3*(A*c*d+B*a*e)*x^3+1/4*c*(A*e+B*d)*x^4+1/5*B*c*e*x^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{5} Bce x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (Bcd + Ace)x^4 + Aadx + \frac{1}{3} (Acd + Bae)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Bad + Aae)x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/5*B*c*e*x^5 + 1/4*(B*c*d + A*c*e)*x^4 + A*a*d*x + 1/3*(A*c*d + B*a*e)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a*d + A*a*e)*x^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2) dx = Aadx + \frac{Bcex^5}{5} + x^4 \left(\frac{Ace}{4} + \frac{Bcd}{4} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{Acd}{3} + \frac{Bae}{3} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{Aae}{2} + \frac{Bad}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)*(c*x**2+a),x)`output `A*a*d*x + B*c*e*x**5/5 + x**4*(A*c*e/4 + B*c*d/4) + x**3*(A*c*d/3 + B*a*e/3) + x**2*(A*a*e/2 + B*a*d/2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{5} Bcex^5 + \frac{1}{4} (Bcd + Ace)x^4 + Aadx + \frac{1}{3} (Acd + Bae)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Bad + Aae)x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*B*c*e*x^5 + 1/4*(B*c*d + A*c*e)*x^4 + A*a*d*x + 1/3*(A*c*d + B*a*e)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a*d + A*a*e)*x^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{5} Bcex^5 + \frac{1}{4} Bcdx^4 + \frac{1}{4} Acex^4 + \frac{1}{3} Acdx^3 + \frac{1}{3} Baex^3 + \frac{1}{2} Badx^2 + \frac{1}{2} Aaex^2 + Aadx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/5*B*c*e*x^5 + 1/4*B*c*d*x^4 + 1/4*A*c*e*x^4 + 1/3*A*c*d*x^3 + 1/3*B*a*e*x^3 + 1/2*B*a*d*x^2 + 1/2*A*a*e*x^2 + A*a*d*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2) dx = \frac{Bce x^5}{5} + \frac{c(Ae + Bd) x^4}{4} + \left(\frac{Acd}{3} + \frac{Bae}{3} \right) x^3 + \frac{a(Ae + Bd) x^2}{2} + Aadx$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x),x)`

output `x^3*((A*c*d)/3 + (B*a*e)/3) + (a*x^2*(A*e + B*d))/2 + (c*x^4*(A*e + B*d))/4 + (B*c*e*x^5)/5 + A*a*d*x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(12bce x^4 + 15ace x^3 + 15bcd x^3 + 20abe x^2 + 20acd x^2 + 30a^2ex + 30abdx + 60a^2d)}{60}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a),x)`

output `(x*(60*a**2*d + 30*a**2*e*x + 30*a*b*d*x + 20*a*b*e*x**2 + 20*a*c*d*x**2 + 15*a*c*e*x**3 + 15*b*c*d*x**3 + 12*b*c*e*x**4))/60`

3.38 $\int (A + Bx)(a + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	358
Mathematica [A] (verified)	358
Rubi [A] (verified)	359
Maple [A] (verified)	360
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	360
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	361
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	361
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	361
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	362
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	362

Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int (A + Bx)(a + cx^2) dx = aAx + \frac{1}{3}Acx^3 + \frac{B(a + cx^2)^2}{4c}$$

output

```
a*A*x+1/3*A*c*x^3+1/4*B*(c*x^2+a)^2/c
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (A + Bx)(a + cx^2) dx = aAx + \frac{1}{2}aBx^2 + \frac{1}{3}Acx^3 + \frac{1}{4}Bcx^4$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2),x]
```

output

```
a*A*x + (a*B*x^2)/2 + (A*c*x^3)/3 + (B*c*x^4)/4
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {455, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$A \int (cx^2 + a) dx + \frac{B(a + cx^2)^2}{4c}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$A \left(ax + \frac{cx^3}{3} \right) + \frac{B(a + cx^2)^2}{4c}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `(B*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(4*c) + A*(a*x + (c*x^3)/3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{1}{4}Bcx^4 + \frac{1}{3}Acx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Bax^2 + aAx$	27
default	$\frac{1}{4}Bcx^4 + \frac{1}{3}Acx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Bax^2 + aAx$	27
norman	$\frac{1}{4}Bcx^4 + \frac{1}{3}Acx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Bax^2 + aAx$	27
risch	$\frac{1}{4}Bcx^4 + \frac{1}{3}Acx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Bax^2 + aAx$	27
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{4}Bcx^4 + \frac{1}{3}Acx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Bax^2 + aAx$	27
orering	$\frac{x(3Bcx^3+4Acx^2+6Bax+12Aa)}{12}$	28

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/4*B*c*x^4+1/3*A*c*x^3+1/2*B*a*x^2+a*A*x`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (A + Bx)(a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{4}Bcx^4 + \frac{1}{3}Acx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Bax^2 + Aax$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/4*B*c*x^4 + 1/3*A*c*x^3 + 1/2*B*a*x^2 + A*a*x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (A + Bx)(a + cx^2) dx = Aax + \frac{Acx^3}{3} + \frac{Bax^2}{2} + \frac{Bcx^4}{4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a),x)`output `A*a*x + A*c*x**3/3 + B*a*x**2/2 + B*c*x**4/4`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (A + Bx)(a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{4}Bcx^4 + \frac{1}{3}Acx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Bax^2 + Aax$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*B*c*x^4 + 1/3*A*c*x^3 + 1/2*B*a*x^2 + A*a*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (A + Bx)(a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{4}Bcx^4 + \frac{1}{3}Acx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Bax^2 + Aax$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*B*c*x^4 + 1/3*A*c*x^3 + 1/2*B*a*x^2 + A*a*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (A + Bx)(a + cx^2) dx = \frac{Bcx^4}{4} + \frac{Acx^3}{3} + \frac{Bax^2}{2} + Aax$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)*(A + B*x),x)`output `A*a*x + (B*a*x^2)/2 + (A*c*x^3)/3 + (B*c*x^4)/4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (A + Bx)(a + cx^2) dx = \frac{x(3bcx^3 + 4acx^2 + 6abx + 12a^2)}{12}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a),x)`output `(x*(12*a**2 + 6*a*b*x + 4*a*c*x**2 + 3*b*c*x**3))/12`

3.39 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{d+ex} dx$

Optimal result	363
Mathematica [A] (verified)	363
Rubi [A] (verified)	364
Maple [A] (verified)	365
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	365
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	366
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	366
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	367
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	367
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	368

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{d+ex} dx = \frac{(Bcd^2 - Acde + aBe^2)x}{e^3} - \frac{c(Bd - Ae)x^2}{2e^2} + \frac{Bcx^3}{3e} - \frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)\log(d+ex)}{e^4}$$

output

```
(-A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+B*c*d^2)*x/e^3-1/2*c*(-A*e+B*d)*x^2/e^2+1/3*B*c*x^3/e-(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{d+ex} dx = \frac{ex(6aBe^2 + 3Ace(-2d + ex) + Bc(6d^2 - 3dex + 2e^2x^2)) - 6(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)\log(d+ex)}{6e^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2))/(d + e*x), x]
```

output

$$(e*x*(6*a*B*e^2 + 3*A*c*e*(-2*d + e*x) + B*c*(6*d^2 - 3*d*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2)) - 6*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/(6*e^4)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)(A + Bx)}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(Ae - Bd)}{e^3(d + ex)} + \frac{aBe^2 - Acde + Bcd^2}{e^3} + \frac{cx(Ae - Bd)}{e^2} + \frac{Bcx^2}{e} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(Bd - Ae)\log(d + ex)}{e^4} + \frac{x(aBe^2 - Acde + Bcd^2)}{e^3} - \frac{cx^2(Bd - Ae)}{2e^2} + \frac{Bcx^3}{3e}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x), x]$$

output

$$((B*c*d^2 - A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*x)/e^3 - (c*(B*d - A*e)*x^2)/(2*e^2) + (B*c*x^3)/(3*e) - ((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/e^4$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 652 Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
norman	$-\frac{(Acde - Ba e^2 - Bcd^2)x}{e^3} + \frac{Bcx^3}{3e} + \frac{c(Ae - Bd)x^2}{2e^2} + \frac{(Aae^3 + Acd^2e - Bade^2 - Bcd^3) \ln(ex+d)}{e^4}$
default	$-\frac{\frac{1}{3}Bcx^3e^2 - \frac{1}{2}Ace^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}Bcdex^2 + Acdex - Ba e^2x - Bcd^2x}{e^3} + \frac{(Aae^3 + Acd^2e - Bade^2 - Bcd^3) \ln(ex+d)}{e^4}$
risch	$\frac{Bcx^3}{3e} + \frac{Acx^2}{2e} - \frac{Bcdx^2}{2e^2} - \frac{Acdx}{e^2} + \frac{Bax}{e} + \frac{Bcd^2x}{e^3} + \frac{\ln(ex+d)Aa}{e} + \frac{\ln(ex+d)Acd^2}{e^3} - \frac{\ln(ex+d)Bad}{e^2} - \frac{\ln(ex+d)Bcd^3}{e^4}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{2Bcx^3e^3 + 3Ax^2ce^3 - 3Bx^2cde^2 + 6A \ln(ex+d)ae^3 + 6A \ln(ex+d)c d^2e - 6Axcd e^2 - 6B \ln(ex+d)ad e^2 - 6B \ln(ex+d)c d^3 + 6A^2 \ln(ex+d)^2}{6e^4}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -(A*c*d*e-B*a*e^2-B*c*d^2)/e^3*x+1/3*B*c*x^3/e+1/2*c/e^2*(A*e-B*d)*x^2+(A*a*e^3+A*c*d^2*e-B*a*d*e^2-B*c*d^3)/e^4*ln(e*x+d)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx = \frac{2Bce^3x^3 - 3(Bcde^2 - Ace^3)x^2 + 6(Bcd^2e - Acde^2 + Bae^3)x - 6(Bcd^3 - Acd^2e + Bade^2 - Aae^3) \log(e^2x + d)}{6e^4}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{6} \cdot (2Bc^2e^3x^3 - 3(Bcd^2e - A^2c^2e^3)x^2 + 6(Bcd^2e - A^2c^2e^3)x - 6(Bcd^3 - A^2c^2d^2e + B^2a^2d^2e^2 - A^2a^2e^3) \log(ex + d)) / e^4$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx = \frac{Bcx^3}{3e} + x^2 \left(\frac{Ac}{2e} - \frac{Bcd}{2e^2} \right) + x \left(-\frac{Acd}{e^2} + \frac{Ba}{e} + \frac{Bcd^2}{e^3} \right) - \frac{(-Ae + Bd)(ae^2 + cd^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^4}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

$$B^2c^2x^3/(3e) + x^2(Ac/(2e) - Bcd/(2e^2)) + x(-Acd/e^2 + Ba/e + Bcd^2/e^3) - (-Ae + Bd)(ae^2 + cd^2) \log(d + ex)/e^4$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx = \frac{2Bce^2x^3 - 3(Bcde - Ace^2)x^2 + 6(Bcd^2 - Acde + Bae^2)x}{6e^3} - \frac{(Bcd^3 - Acd^2e + Bade^2 - Aae^3) \log(ex + d)}{e^4}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{6} \cdot (2B^2c^2e^2x^3 - 3(Bcd^2e - A^2c^2e^2)x^2 + 6(Bcd^2 - A^2c^2d^2e + B^2a^2e^2)x) / e^3 - (Bcd^3 - A^2c^2d^2e + B^2a^2d^2e^2 - A^2a^2e^3) \log(ex + d) / e^4$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{2Bce^2x^3 - 3Bcdex^2 + 3Ace^2x^2 + 6Bcd^2x - 6Acdex + 6Bae^2x}{e^4} - \frac{6e^3(Bcd^3 - Acd^2e + Bade^2 - Aae^3) \log(|ex + d|)}{e^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*(2*B*c*e^2*x^3 - 3*B*c*d*e*x^2 + 3*A*c*e^2*x^2 + 6*B*c*d^2*x - 6*A*c*d*e*x + 6*B*a*e^2*x)/e^3 - (B*c*d^3 - A*c*d^2*e + B*a*d*e^2 - A*a*e^3)*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^4`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{Ac}{2e} - \frac{Bcd}{2e^2} \right) + x \left(\frac{Ba}{e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{Ac}{e} - \frac{Bcd}{e^2} \right)}{e} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(d + ex) (-Bcd^3 + Acd^2e - Bade^2 + Aae^3)}{e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{Bcx^3}{3e}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x),x)`output `x^2*((A*c)/(2*e) - (B*c*d)/(2*e^2)) + x*((B*a)/e - (d*((A*c)/e - (B*c*d)/e^2))/e + (log(d + e*x)*(A*a*e^3 - B*c*d^3 - B*a*d*e^2 + A*c*d^2*e))/e^4 + (B*c*x^3)/(3*e)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 \log(ex + d) a^2 e^3 - 6 \log(ex + d) abd e^2 + 6 \log(ex + d) ac d^2 e - 6 \log(ex + d) bc d^3 + 6 ab e^3 x - 6 acd e^2}{6e^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d),x)`output `(6*log(d + e*x)*a**2*e**3 - 6*log(d + e*x)*a*b*d*e**2 + 6*log(d + e*x)*a*c*d**2*e - 6*log(d + e*x)*b*c*d**3 + 6*a*b*e**3*x - 6*a*c*d*e**2*x + 3*a*c*e**3*x**2 + 6*b*c*d**2*e*x - 3*b*c*d*e**2*x**2 + 2*b*c*e**3*x**3)/(6*e**4)`

3.40 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

Optimal result	369
Mathematica [A] (verified)	369
Rubi [A] (verified)	370
Maple [A] (verified)	371
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	371
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	372
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	372
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	373
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	373
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	374

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^2} dx = -\frac{c(2Bd-Ae)x}{e^3} + \frac{Bcx^2}{2e^2} + \frac{(Bd-Ae)(cd^2+ae^2)}{e^4(d+ex)} + \frac{(3Bcd^2-2Acde+aBe^2)\log(d+ex)}{e^4}$$

output

```
-c*(-A*e+2*B*d)*x/e^3+1/2*B*c*x^2/e^2+(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^4/(e*x+d)
+(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \frac{2ce(-2Bd+ Ae)x + Bce^2x^2 + \frac{2(Bd-Ae)(cd^2+ae^2)}{d+ex} + 2(3Bcd^2-2Acde+aBe^2)\log(d+ex)}{2e^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2))/(d + e*x)^2,x]
```

output

$$(2*c*e*(-2*B*d + A*e)*x + B*c*e^2*x^2 + (2*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(d + e*x) + 2*(3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/(2*e^4)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)(A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2}{e^3(d + ex)} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(Ae - Bd)}{e^3(d + ex)^2} + \frac{c(Ae - 2Bd)}{e^3} + \frac{Bcx}{e^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(Bd - Ae)}{e^4(d + ex)} + \frac{\log(d + ex)(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{e^4} - \frac{cx(2Bd - Ae)}{e^3} + \frac{Bcx^2}{2e^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^2, x]$$

output

$$-((c*(2*B*d - A*e)*x)/e^3) + (B*c*x^2)/(2*e^2) + ((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(e^4*(d + e*x)) + ((3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/e^4$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 652 Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
default	$\frac{c(\frac{1}{2}Be^2x^2+Aex-2Bdx)}{e^3} + \frac{(-2Acde+Ba^2e^2+3Bcd^2)\ln(ex+d)}{e^4} - \frac{Aae^3+Ac^2d^2e-Bade^2-Bcd^3}{e^4(ex+d)}$
norman	$\frac{-Aae^3+2Ac^2d^2e-Bade^2-3Bcd^3+\frac{Bcx^3}{2e}+\frac{c(2Ae-3Bd)x^2}{2e^2}}{ex+d} - \frac{(2Acde-Bae^2-3Bcd^2)\ln(ex+d)}{e^4}$
risch	$\frac{Bcx^2}{2e^2} + \frac{cAx}{e^2} - \frac{2cBdx}{e^3} - \frac{Aa}{e(ex+d)} - \frac{Ac^2d^2}{e^3(ex+d)} + \frac{Bad}{e^2(ex+d)} + \frac{Bcd^3}{e^4(ex+d)} - \frac{2\ln(ex+d)Acd}{e^3} + \frac{\ln(ex+d)Ba}{e^2} + \dots$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-Bcx^3e^3+4A\ln(ex+d)xcd^2-2Ax^2ce^3-2B\ln(ex+d)xae^3-6B\ln(ex+d)xcd^2e+3Bx^2cd^2e+4A\ln(ex+d)c^2d^2e-2B\ln(ex+d)c^2d^2e}{2e^4(ex+d)}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output c/e^3*(1/2*B*e*x^2+A*e*x-2*B*d*x)+(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^4-(A*a*e^3+A*c*d^2*e-B*a*d*e^2-B*c*d^3)/e^4/(e*x+d)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{Bce^3x^3 + 2Bcd^3 - 2Acd^2e + 2Bade^2 - 2Aae^3 - (3Bcde^2 - 2Ace^3)x^2 - 2(2Bcd^2e - Acde^2)x + 2(3Bcd^2e - Acde^2)}{2(e^5x + de^4)}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/2*(B*c*e^3*x^3 + 2*B*c*d^3 - 2*A*c*d^2*e + 2*B*a*d*e^2 - 2*A*a*e^3 - (3*
B*c*d*e^2 - 2*A*c*e^3)*x^2 - 2*(2*B*c*d^2*e - A*c*d*e^2)*x + 2*(3*B*c*d^3
- 2*A*c*d^2*e + B*a*d*e^2 + (3*B*c*d^2*e - 2*A*c*d*e^2 + B*a*e^3)*x)*log(e
*x + d))/(e^5*x + d*e^4)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{Bcx^2}{2e^2} + x \left(\frac{Ac}{e^2} - \frac{2Bcd}{e^3} \right) + \frac{-Aae^3 - Acd^2e + Bade^2 + Bcd^3}{de^4 + e^5x} + \frac{(-2Acde + Bae^2 + 3Bcd^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^4}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**2,x)
```

output

```
B*c*x**2/(2*e**2) + x*(A*c/e**2 - 2*B*c*d/e**3) + (-A*a*e**3 - A*c*d**2*e
+ B*a*d*e**2 + B*c*d**3)/(d*e**4 + e**5*x) + (-2*A*c*d*e + B*a*e**2 + 3*B*
c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)/e**4
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{Bcd^3 - Acd^2e + Bade^2 - Aae^3}{e^5x + de^4} + \frac{Bcex^2 - 2(2Bcd - Ace)x}{2e^3} + \frac{(3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + Bae^2) \log(ex + d)}{e^4}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(B*c*d^3 - A*c*d^2*e + B*a*d*e^2 - A*a*e^3)/(e^5*x + d*e^4) + 1/2*(B*c*e*x
^2 - 2*(2*B*c*d - A*c*e)*x)/e^3 + (3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + B*a*e^2)*log(e*
x + d)/e^4
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{\left(Bc - \frac{2(3Bcde - Ace^2)}{(ex+d)e} \right) (ex + d)^2}{2e^4} - \frac{(3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + Bae^2) \log\left(\frac{|ex+d|}{(ex+d)^2|e|}\right)}{e^4} + \frac{\frac{Bcd^3e^2}{ex+d} - \frac{Acd^2e^3}{ex+d} + \frac{Bade^4}{ex+d} - \frac{Aae^5}{ex+d}}{e^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(B*c - 2*(3*B*c*d*e - A*c*e^2)/((e*x + d)*e))*(e*x + d)^2/e^4 - (3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + B*a*e^2)*log(abs(e*x + d)/((e*x + d)^2*abs(e)))/e^4 + (B*c*d^3*e^2/(e*x + d) - A*c*d^2*e^3/(e*x + d) + B*a*d*e^4/(e*x + d) - A*a*e^5/(e*x + d))/e^6`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = x \left(\frac{Ac}{e^2} - \frac{2Bcd}{e^3} \right) - \frac{-Bcd^3 + Acd^2e - Bade^2 + Aae^3}{e(xe^4 + de^3)} + \frac{\ln(d + ex)(3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + Bae^2)}{e^4} + \frac{Bcx^2}{2e^2}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `x*((A*c)/e^2 - (2*B*c*d)/e^3) - (A*a*e^3 - B*c*d^3 - B*a*d*e^2 + A*c*d^2*e)/(e*(d*e^3 + e^4*x)) + (log(d + e*x)*(B*a*e^2 + 3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e))/e^4 + (B*c*x^2)/(2*e^2)`

3.41 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

Optimal result	375
Mathematica [A] (verified)	375
Rubi [A] (verified)	376
Maple [A] (verified)	377
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	377
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	378
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	378
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	379
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	379
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	380

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \frac{Bcx}{e^3} + \frac{(Bd-Ae)(cd^2+ae^2)}{2e^4(d+ex)^2} - \frac{3Bcd^2-2Acde+aBe^2}{e^4(d+ex)} - \frac{c(3Bd-Ae)\log(d+ex)}{e^4}$$

output

```
B*c*x/e^3+1/2*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^2-(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)/e^4/(e*x+d)-c*(-A*e+3*B*d)*ln(e*x+d)/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \frac{2Bcex + \frac{(Bd-Ae)(cd^2+ae^2)}{(d+ex)^2} - \frac{2(3Bcd^2-2Acde+aBe^2)}{d+ex} + 2(-3Bcd+Ace)\log(d+ex)}{2e^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a+c*x^2))/(d+e*x)^3,x]
```


output

$$(2*B*c*e*x + ((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(d + e*x)^2 - (2*(3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(d + e*x) + 2*(-3*B*c*d + A*c*e)*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/(2*e^4)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)(A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2}{e^3(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(Ae - Bd)}{e^3(d + ex)^3} + \frac{c(Ae - 3Bd)}{e^3(d + ex)} + \frac{Bc}{e^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(Bd - Ae)}{2e^4(d + ex)^2} - \frac{aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2}{e^4(d + ex)} - \frac{c(3Bd - Ae)\log(d + ex)}{e^4} + \frac{Bcx}{e^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^3, x]$$

output

$$(B*c*x)/e^3 + ((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(2*e^4*(d + e*x)^2) - (3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)/(e^4*(d + e*x)) - (c*(3*B*d - A*e)*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/e^4$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 652 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result
norman	$\frac{(2Acde - Ba e^2 - 6Bc d^2)x + \frac{Bc x^3}{e} - \frac{Aa e^3 - 3Ac d^2 e + Bad e^2 + 9Bc d^3}{2e^4}}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{c(Ae - 3Bd) \ln(ex+d)}{e^4}$
default	$\frac{Bcx}{e^3} + \frac{c(Ae - 3Bd) \ln(ex+d)}{e^4} - \frac{-2Acde + Ba e^2 + 3Bc d^2}{e^4(ex+d)} - \frac{Aa e^3 + Ac d^2 e - Bad e^2 - Bc d^3}{2e^4(ex+d)^2}$
risch	$\frac{Bcx}{e^3} + \frac{(2Acde - Ba e^2 - 3Bc d^2)x - \frac{Aa e^3 - 3Ac d^2 e + Bad e^2 + 5Bc d^3}{2e}}{e^3(ex+d)^2} + \frac{c \ln(ex+d)A}{e^3} - \frac{3c \ln(ex+d)Bd}{e^4}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{2A \ln(ex+d)x^2 c e^3 - 6B \ln(ex+d)x^2 c d e^2 + 2Bc x^3 e^3 + 4A \ln(ex+d)x c d e^2 - 12B \ln(ex+d)x c d^2 e + 2A \ln(ex+d)c d^2 e + 4A x c d e^3}{2e^4(ex+d)^2}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((2*A*c*d*e-B*a*e^2-6*B*c*d^2)/e^3*x+B*c*x^3/e-1/2*(A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e+B*a*d*e^2+9*B*c*d^3)/e^4)/(e*x+d)^2+c/e^4*(A*e-3*B*d)*ln(e*x+d)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 Bce^3 x^3 + 4 Bcde^2 x^2 - 5 Bcd^3 + 3 Acd^2 e - Bade^2 - Aae^3 - 2(2 Bcd^2 e - 2 Acde^2 + Bae^3)x - 2(3 Bcd^2 e - 2 Acde^2 + Bae^3)d}{2(e^6 x^2 + 2 de^5 x + d^2 e^4)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot (2B^2c^2e^3x^3 + 4B^2cd^2e^2x^2 - 5B^2c^2d^3 + 3A^2cd^2e - B^2a^2d^2e^2 - A^2a^2e^3 - 2(2B^2c^2d^2e - 2A^2cd^2e^2 + B^2a^2e^3)x - 2(3B^2c^2d^3 - A^2c^2d^2e + (3B^2cd^2e^2 - A^2c^2e^3)x^2 + 2(3B^2c^2d^2e - A^2cd^2e^2)x) \cdot \log(e^2x + d)) / (e^6x^2 + 2d^2e^5x + d^2e^4)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bcx}{e^3} - \frac{c(-Ae + 3Bd) \log(d + ex)}{e^4} + \frac{-Aae^3 + 3Acd^2e - Bade^2 - 5Bcd^3 + x(4Acde^2 - 2Bae^3 - 6Bcd^2e)}{2d^2e^4 + 4de^5x + 2e^6x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output
$$B^2cx/e^3 - c(-Ae + 3Bd) \cdot \log(d + ex)/e^4 + (-A^2ae^3 + 3A^2cd^2e - B^2a^2d^2e^2 - 5B^2c^2d^3 + x(4A^2cd^2e^2 - 2B^2a^2e^3 - 6B^2c^2d^2e)) / (2d^2e^4 + 4d^2e^5x + 2e^6x^2)$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{5Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + Bade^2 + Aae^3 + 2(3Bcd^2e - 2Acde^2 + Bae^3)x}{2(e^6x^2 + 2de^5x + d^2e^4)} + \frac{Bcx}{e^3} - \frac{(3Bcd - Ace) \log(ex + d)}{e^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$-1/2*(5*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e + B*a*d*e^2 + A*a*e^3 + 2*(3*B*c*d^2*e - 2*A*c*d*e^2 + B*a*e^3)*x)/(e^6*x^2 + 2*d*e^5*x + d^2*e^4) + B*c*x/e^3 - (3*B*c*d - A*c*e)*\log(e*x + d)/e^4$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bcx}{e^3} - \frac{(3Bcd - Ace)\log(|ex + d|)}{e^4}$$

$$- \frac{5Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + Bade^2 + Aae^3 + 2(3Bcd^2e - 2Acde^2 + Bae^3)x}{2(ex + d)^2e^4}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$B*c*x/e^3 - (3*B*c*d - A*c*e)*\log(\text{abs}(e*x + d))/e^4 - 1/2*(5*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e + B*a*d*e^2 + A*a*e^3 + 2*(3*B*c*d^2*e - 2*A*c*d*e^2 + B*a*e^3)*x)/((e*x + d)^2*e^4)$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\ln(d + ex)(Ace - 3Bcd)}{e^4}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{5Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + Bade^2 + Aae^3}{2e} + x(3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + Bae^2)}{d^2e^3 + 2de^4x + e^5x^2} + \frac{Bcx}{e^3}$$

input

```
int(((a + c*x^2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^3,x)
```

output

$$\frac{(\log(d + ex)(A*ce - 3*B*cd))/e^4 - ((A*a*e^3 + 5*B*c*d^3 + B*a*d*e^2 - 3*A*c*d^2*e)/(2*e) + x*(B*a*e^2 + 3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e))/(d^2*e^3 + e^5*x^2 + 2*d*e^4*x) + (B*c*x)/e^3}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \log(ex + d) ac d^3 e + 4 \log(ex + d) ac d^2 e^2 x + 2 \log(ex + d) ac d e^3 x^2 - 6 \log(ex + d) bc d^4 - 12 \log(ex + d) bc d^3 e x}{2d e^4 (e^2 x^2 + 2d e x + d^2)}$$

input

$$\text{int}((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^3,x)$$

output

$$(2*\log(d + e*x)*a*c*d**3*e + 4*\log(d + e*x)*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + 2*\log(d + e*x)*a*c*d*e**3*x**2 - 6*\log(d + e*x)*b*c*d**4 - 12*\log(d + e*x)*b*c*d**3*e*x - 6*\log(d + e*x)*b*c*d**2*e**2*x**2 - a**2*d*e**3 + a*b*e**4*x**2 + a*c*d**3*e - 2*a*c*d*e**3*x**2 - 3*b*c*d**4 + 6*b*c*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 2*b*c*d*e**3*x**3)/(2*d*e**4*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2))$$

3.42 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

Optimal result	381
Mathematica [A] (verified)	381
Rubi [A] (verified)	382
Maple [A] (verified)	383
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	383
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	384
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	384
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	385
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	385
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	386

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)}{3e^4(d+ex)^3} - \frac{3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2}{2e^4(d+ex)^2} + \frac{c(3Bd - Ae)}{e^4(d+ex)} + \frac{Bc \log(d+ex)}{e^4}$$

output

```
1/3*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^3-1/2*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^2+c*(-A*e+3*B*d)/e^4/(e*x+d)+B*c*ln(e*x+d)/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{-2Ae(ae^2 + c(d^2 + 3dex + 3e^2x^2)) + B(-ae^2(d + 3ex) + cd(11d^2 + 27dex + 18e^2x^2)) + 6Bc(d + ex)^3}{6e^4(d+ex)^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2))/(d + e*x)^4,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2Ae^2(ae^2 + c(d^2 + 3dex + 3e^2x^2)) + B(-(ae^2(d + 3ex)) \\ & + cd(11d^2 + 27dex + 18e^2x^2)) + 6Bc(d + ex)^3 \text{Log}[d + ex]) / \\ & (6e^4(d + ex)^3) \end{aligned}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + cx^2)(A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{652} \\ & \int \left(\frac{aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2}{e^3(d + ex)^3} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(Ae - Bd)}{e^3(d + ex)^4} + \frac{c(Ae - 3Bd)}{e^3(d + ex)^2} + \frac{Bc}{e^3(d + ex)} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & -\frac{aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2}{2e^4(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(Bd - Ae)}{3e^4(d + ex)^3} + \frac{c(3Bd - Ae)}{e^4(d + ex)} + \frac{Bc \log(d + ex)}{e^4} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)/(d + ex)^4, x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2))/(3e^4(d + ex)^3) - (3Bcd^2 - 2Acdex \\ & + aBe^2)/(2e^4(d + ex)^2) + (c(3Bd - Ae))/(e^4(d + ex)) + (Bc \\ & * \text{Log}[d + ex])/e^4 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 652 Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{c(Ae-3Bd)x^2}{e^2} - \frac{(2Acde+Ba e^2-9Bc d^2)x}{2e^3} - \frac{2Aa e^3+2Ac d^2 e+Bad e^2-11Bc d^3}{6e^4}}{(ex+d)^3} + \frac{Bc \ln(ex+d)}{e^4}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{2Aa e^3+2Ac d^2 e+Bad e^2-11Bc d^3}{6e^4} - \frac{(Ace-3Bcd)x^2}{e^2} - \frac{(2Acde+Ba e^2-9Bc d^2)x}{2e^3}}{(ex+d)^3} + \frac{Bc \ln(ex+d)}{e^4}$
default	$-\frac{Aa e^3+Ac d^2 e-Bad e^2-Bc d^3}{3e^4(ex+d)^3} + \frac{Bc \ln(ex+d)}{e^4} - \frac{c(Ae-3Bd)}{e^4(ex+d)} - \frac{-2Acde+Ba e^2+3Bc d^2}{2e^4(ex+d)^2}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-6B \ln(ex+d)x^3 c e^3-18B \ln(ex+d)x^2 c d e^2+6A x^2 c e^3-18B \ln(ex+d)x c d^2 e-18B x^2 c d e^2+6A x c d e^2-6B \ln(ex+d)c d^3}{6e^4(ex+d)^3}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-c*(A*e-3*B*d)/e^2*x^2-1/2*(2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2-9*B*c*d^2)/e^3*x-1/6*(2*A*a*e^3+2*A*c*d^2*e+B*a*d*e^2-11*B*c*d^3)/e^4)/(e*x+d)^3+B*c*ln(e*x+d)/e^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{11 Bcd^3 - 2 Acd^2e - Bade^2 - 2 Aae^3 + 6 (3 Bcde^2 - Ace^3)x^2 + 3 (9 Bcd^2e - 2 Acde^2 - Bae^3)x + 6 (Bcde^2 - Ace^3)}{6 (e^7x^3 + 3 de^6x^2 + 3 d^2e^5x + d^3e^4)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{(11Bcd^3 - 2A^2cd^2e - B^2ade^2 - 2A^2ae^3 + 6(3Bcd^2e^2 - A^2c^2e^3))x^2 + 3(9Bcd^2e - 2A^2cd^2e - B^2ae^3)x + 6(Bcd^2e^3 + 3Bcd^2e^2x^2 + 3Bcd^2e^2x + Bcd^3) \log(ex + d)}{(e^7x^3 + 3d^2e^5x + d^3e^4)}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{Bc \log(d + ex)}{e^4} + \frac{-2Aae^3 - 2Acd^2e - Bade^2 + 11Bcd^3 + x^2(-6Ace^3 + 18Bcde^2) + x(-6Acde^2 - 3Bae^3 + 27Bcd^2e)}{6d^3e^4 + 18d^2e^5x + 18de^6x^2 + 6e^7x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output
$$Bc \cdot \log(d + ex) / e^{**4} + (-2A^2ae^{**3} - 2A^2cd^{**2}e - B^2ade^{**2} + 11Bcd^{**3} + x^{**2}(-6A^2c^2e^{**3} + 18Bcd^2e^{**2}) + x(-6A^2cd^2e^{**2} - 3B^2ae^{**3} + 27Bcd^2e^{**2})) / (6d^{**3}e^{**4} + 18d^{**2}e^{**5}x + 18d^{**1}e^{**6}x^{**2} + 6e^{**7}x^{**3})$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{11Bcd^3 - 2Acd^2e - Bade^2 - 2Aae^3 + 6(3Bcde^2 - Ace^3)x^2 + 3(9Bcd^2e - 2Acde^2 - Bae^3)x}{6(e^7x^3 + 3de^6x^2 + 3d^2e^5x + d^3e^4)} + \frac{Bc \log(ex + d)}{e^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\frac{1}{6} \cdot (11Bcd^3 - 2Acd^2e - Bade^2 - 2Aae^3 + 6(3Bcd^2e - Acd^2e - Bae^3)x) / (e^7x^3 + 3d^2e^6x^2 + 3d^2e^5x + d^3e^4) + Bc \log(ex + d) / e^4$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bc \log(|ex + d|)}{e^4} + \frac{6(3Bcde - Ace^2)x^2 + 3(9Bcd^2 - 2Acde - Bae^2)x + \frac{11Bcd^3 - 2Acd^2e - Bae^2 - 2Aae^3}{e}}{6(ex + d)^3 e^3}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$Bc \log(\text{abs}(ex + d)) / e^4 + \frac{1}{6} \cdot (6(3Bcd^2e - Acd^2e - Bae^3)x + (11Bcd^3 - 2Acd^2e - Bae^2 - 2Aae^3) / e) / ((ex + d)^3 e^3)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bc \ln(d + ex)}{e^4} - \frac{-11Bcd^3 + 2Acd^2e + Bade^2 + 2Aae^3}{6e^4} + \frac{x(-9Bcd^2 + 2Acde + Bae^2)}{2e^3} + \frac{cx^2(Ae - 3Bd)}{e^2}$$

$$d^3 + 3d^2ex + 3de^2x^2 + e^3x^3$$

input

```
int(((a + c*x^2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^4,x)
```

output

```
(B*c*log(d + e*x))/e^4 - ((2*A*a*e^3 - 11*B*c*d^3 + B*a*d*e^2 + 2*A*c*d^2*
e)/(6*e^4) + (x*(B*a*e^2 - 9*B*c*d^2 + 2*A*c*d*e))/(2*e^3) + (c*x^2*(A*e -
3*B*d))/e^2)/(d^3 + e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 \log(ex + d) bc d^4 + 18 \log(ex + d) bc d^3 ex + 18 \log(ex + d) bc d^2 e^2 x^2 + 6 \log(ex + d) bcd e^3 x^3 - 2a^2 d e^3}{6d e^4 (e^3 x^3 + 3d e^2 x^2 + 3d^2 ex + d^3)}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^4,x)
```

output

```
(6*log(d + e*x)*b*c*d**4 + 18*log(d + e*x)*b*c*d**3*e*x + 18*log(d + e*x)*
b*c*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 6*log(d + e*x)*b*c*d*e**3*x**3 - 2*a**2*d*e**3 - a*b*
d**2*e**2 - 3*a*b*d*e**3*x + 2*a*c*e**4*x**3 + 5*b*c*d**4 + 9*b*c*d**3*e*x
- 6*b*c*d*e**3*x**3)/(6*d*e**4*(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x + 3*d*e**2*x**2 + e**3*
x**3))
```

3.43 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^5} dx$

Optimal result	387
Mathematica [A] (verified)	387
Rubi [A] (verified)	388
Maple [A] (verified)	389
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	390
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	390
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	391
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	391
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	392
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	392

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^5} dx = \frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)}{4e^4(d+ex)^4} - \frac{3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2}{3e^4(d+ex)^3} + \frac{c(3Bd - Ae)}{2e^4(d+ex)^2} - \frac{Bc}{e^4(d+ex)}$$

output

```
1/4*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^4-1/3*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^3+1/2*c*(-A*e+3*B*d)/e^4/(e*x+d)^2-B*c/e^4/(e*x+d)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^5} dx = \frac{3aAe^3 + aBe^2(d+4ex) + Ace(d^2 + 4dex + 6e^2x^2) + 3Bc(d^3 + 4d^2ex + 6de^2x^2 + 4e^3x^3)}{12e^4(d+ex)^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2))/(d + e*x)^5,x]
```

output

$$\frac{-1/12*(3*a*A*e^3 + a*B*e^2*(d + 4*e*x) + A*c*e*(d^2 + 4*d*e*x + 6*e^2*x^2) + 3*B*c*(d^3 + 4*d^2*e*x + 6*d*e^2*x^2 + 4*e^3*x^3))/(e^4*(d + e*x)^4)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)(A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2}{e^3(d + ex)^4} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(Ae - Bd)}{e^3(d + ex)^5} + \frac{c(Ae - 3Bd)}{e^3(d + ex)^3} + \frac{Bc}{e^3(d + ex)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2}{3e^4(d + ex)^3} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(Bd - Ae)}{4e^4(d + ex)^4} + \frac{c(3Bd - Ae)}{2e^4(d + ex)^2} - \frac{Bc}{e^4(d + ex)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^5, x]$$

output

$$\frac{((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(4*e^4*(d + e*x)^4) - (3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)/(3*e^4*(d + e*x)^3) + (c*(3*B*d - A*e))/(2*e^4*(d + e*x)^2) - (B*c)/(e^4*(d + e*x))}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 652 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{-\frac{Bc x^3}{e} - \frac{c(Ae+3Bd)x^2}{2e^2} - \frac{(Acde+Ba e^2+3Bc d^2)x}{3e^3} - \frac{3Aa e^3+Ac d^2 e+Bad e^2+3Bc d^3}{12e^4}}{(ex+d)^4}$	96
norman	$\frac{-\frac{Bc x^3}{e} - \frac{(Ace+3Bcd)x^2}{2e^2} - \frac{(Acde+Ba e^2+3Bc d^2)x}{3e^3} - \frac{3Aa e^3+Ac d^2 e+Bad e^2+3Bc d^3}{12e^4}}{(ex+d)^4}$	97
gosper	$\frac{12Bc x^3 e^3+6A x^2 c e^3+18B x^2 c d e^2+4A x c d e^2+4B x a e^3+12B x c d^2 e+3A a e^3+Ac d^2 e+Bad e^2+3Bc d^3}{12(ex+d)^4 e^4}$	99
parallelrisch	$\frac{12Bc x^3 e^3+6A x^2 c e^3+18B x^2 c d e^2+4A x c d e^2+4B x a e^3+12B x c d^2 e+3A a e^3+Ac d^2 e+Bad e^2+3Bc d^3}{12(ex+d)^4 e^4}$	99
oring	$\frac{12Bc x^3 e^3+6A x^2 c e^3+18B x^2 c d e^2+4A x c d e^2+4B x a e^3+12B x c d^2 e+3A a e^3+Ac d^2 e+Bad e^2+3Bc d^3}{12(ex+d)^4 e^4}$	99
default	$-\frac{-2Acde+Ba e^2+3Bc d^2}{3e^4(ex+d)^3} - \frac{Aa e^3+Ac d^2 e-Bad e^2-Bc d^3}{4e^4(ex+d)^4} - \frac{Bc}{e^4(ex+d)} - \frac{c(Ae-3Bd)}{2e^4(ex+d)^2}$	110

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-B*c*x^3/e-1/2*c*(A*e+3*B*d)/e^2*x^2-1/3*(A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)/e^3*x-1/12*(3*A*a*e^3+A*c*d^2*e+B*a*d*e^2+3*B*c*d^3)/e^4)/(e*x+d)^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{12Bce^3x^3 + 3Bcd^3 + Acd^2e + Bade^2 + 3Aae^3 + 6(3Bcde^2 + Ace^3)x^2 + 4(3Bcd^2e + Acde^2 + Bae^3)x + 12d^4e^4}{12(e^8x^4 + 4de^7x^3 + 6d^2e^6x^2 + 4d^3e^5x + d^4e^4)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/12*(12*B*c*e^3*x^3 + 3*B*c*d^3 + A*c*d^2*e + B*a*d*e^2 + 3*A*a*e^3 + 6*(3*B*c*d*e^2 + A*c*e^3)*x^2 + 4*(3*B*c*d^2*e + A*c*d*e^2 + B*a*e^3)*x)/(e^8*x^4 + 4*d*e^7*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^6*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^5*x + d^4*e^4)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{-3Aae^3 - Acd^2e - Bade^2 - 3Bcd^3 - 12Bce^3x^3 + x^2(-6Ace^3 - 18Bcde^2) + x(-4Acde^2 - 4Bae^3 - 12Bcd^2e)}{12d^4e^4 + 48d^3e^5x + 72d^2e^6x^2 + 48de^7x^3 + 12e^8x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**5,x)`output `(-3*A*a*e**3 - A*c*d**2*e - B*a*d*e**2 - 3*B*c*d**3 - 12*B*c*e**3*x**3 + x**2*(-6*A*c*e**3 - 18*B*c*d*e**2) + x*(-4*A*c*d*e**2 - 4*B*a*e**3 - 12*B*c*d**2*e))/(12*d**4*e**4 + 48*d**3*e**5*x + 72*d**2*e**6*x**2 + 48*d*e**7*x**3 + 12*e**8*x**4)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{12 Bce^3x^3 + 3 Bcd^3 + Acd^2e + Bade^2 + 3 Aae^3 + 6(3 Bcde^2 + Ace^3)x^2 + 4(3 Bcd^2e + Acde^2 + Bae^3)x + 3 Aa^2e^3}{12(e^8x^4 + 4de^7x^3 + 6d^2e^6x^2 + 4d^3e^5x + d^4e^4)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/12*(12*B*c*e^3*x^3 + 3*B*c*d^3 + A*c*d^2*e + B*a*d*e^2 + 3*A*a*e^3 + 6*(3*B*c*d*e^2 + A*c*e^3)*x^2 + 4*(3*B*c*d^2*e + A*c*d*e^2 + B*a*e^3)*x)/(e^8*x^4 + 4*d*e^7*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^6*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^5*x + d^4*e^4)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{\frac{6Ac}{(ex+d)^2} - \frac{8Acd}{(ex+d)^3} + \frac{3Acd^2}{(ex+d)^4} + \frac{12Bc}{(ex+d)e} - \frac{18Bcd}{(ex+d)^2e} + \frac{12Bcd^2}{(ex+d)^3e} - \frac{3Bcd^3}{(ex+d)^4e} + \frac{4Bae}{(ex+d)^3} - \frac{3Bade}{(ex+d)^4} + \frac{3Aae^2}{(ex+d)^4}}{12e^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/12*(6*A*c/(e*x + d)^2 - 8*A*c*d/(e*x + d)^3 + 3*A*c*d^2/(e*x + d)^4 + 12*B*c/((e*x + d)*e) - 18*B*c*d/((e*x + d)^2*e) + 12*B*c*d^2/((e*x + d)^3*e) - 3*B*c*d^3/((e*x + d)^4*e) + 4*B*a*e/(e*x + d)^3 - 3*B*a*d*e/(e*x + d)^4 + 3*A*a*e^2/(e*x + d)^4)/e^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{3Bcd^3 + Acd^2e + Bade^2 + 3Aae^3}{12e^4} + \frac{x(3Bcd^2 + Acd + Bae^2)}{3e^3} + \frac{Bcx^3}{e} + \frac{cx^2(Ae + 3Bd)}{2e^2}}{d^4 + 4d^3ex + 6d^2e^2x^2 + 4de^3x^3 + e^4x^4}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^5,x)`output `-((3*A*a*e^3 + 3*B*c*d^3 + B*a*d*e^2 + A*c*d^2*e)/(12*e^4) + (x*(B*a*e^2 + 3*B*c*d^2 + A*c*d*e))/(3*e^3) + (B*c*x^3)/e + (c*x^2*(A*e + 3*B*d))/(2*e^2))/(d^4 + e^4*x^4 + 4*d*e^3*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*e*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{3bc e^3 x^4 - 6acd e^2 x^2 - 4abd e^2 x - 4ac d^2 e x - 3a^2 d e^2 - ab d^2 e - ac d^3}{12d e^3 (e^4 x^4 + 4d e^3 x^3 + 6d^2 e^2 x^2 + 4d^3 e x + d^4)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^5,x)`output `(- 3*a**2*d*e**2 - a*b*d**2*e - 4*a*b*d*e**2*x - a*c*d**3 - 4*a*c*d**2*e*x - 6*a*c*d*e**2*x**2 + 3*b*c*e**3*x**4)/(12*d*e**3*(d**4 + 4*d**3*e*x + 6*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*d*e**3*x**3 + e**4*x**4))`

3.44 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^6} dx$

Optimal result	393
Mathematica [A] (verified)	393
Rubi [A] (verified)	394
Maple [A] (verified)	395
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	396
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	396
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	397
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	397
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	398
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	398

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^6} dx = \frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)}{5e^4(d+ex)^5} - \frac{3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2}{4e^4(d+ex)^4} + \frac{c(3Bd - Ae)}{3e^4(d+ex)^3} - \frac{Bc}{2e^4(d+ex)^2}$$

output

```
1/5*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^5-1/4*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^4+1/3*c*(-A*e+3*B*d)/e^4/(e*x+d)^3-1/2*B*c/e^4/(e*x+d)^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^6} dx = \frac{2Ae(6ae^2 + c(d^2 + 5dex + 10e^2x^2)) + 3B(ae^2(d + 5ex) + c(d^3 + 5d^2ex + 10de^2x^2 + 10e^3x^3))}{60e^4(d+ex)^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2))/(d + e*x)^6,x]
```

output

$$-1/60*(2*A*e*(6*a*e^2 + c*(d^2 + 5*d*e*x + 10*e^2*x^2)) + 3*B*(a*e^2*(d + 5*e*x) + c*(d^3 + 5*d^2*e*x + 10*d*e^2*x^2 + 10*e^3*x^3)))/(e^4*(d + e*x)^5)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)(A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2}{e^3(d + ex)^5} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(Ae - Bd)}{e^3(d + ex)^6} + \frac{c(Ae - 3Bd)}{e^3(d + ex)^4} + \frac{Bc}{e^3(d + ex)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2}{4e^4(d + ex)^4} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(Bd - Ae)}{5e^4(d + ex)^5} + \frac{c(3Bd - Ae)}{3e^4(d + ex)^3} - \frac{Bc}{2e^4(d + ex)^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^6, x]$$

output

$$((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(5*e^4*(d + e*x)^5) - (3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)/(4*e^4*(d + e*x)^4) + (c*(3*B*d - A*e))/(3*e^4*(d + e*x)^3) - (B*c)/(2*e^4*(d + e*x)^2)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 652 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{30Bcx^3e^3+20Ax^2ce^3+30Bx^2cde^2+10Axcd e^2+15Bxa e^3+15Bxc d^2e+12Aae^3+2Ac d^2e+3Bad e^2+3Bcd^3}{60e^4(ex+d)^5}$	101
risch	$\frac{-\frac{Bcx^3}{2e} - \frac{c(2Ae+3Bd)x^2}{6e^2} - \frac{(2Acde+3Ba e^2+3Bc d^2)x}{12e^3} - \frac{12Aae^3+2Ac d^2e+3Bad e^2+3Bcd^3}{60e^4}}{(ex+d)^5}$	101
orering	$\frac{30Bcx^3e^3+20Ax^2ce^3+30Bx^2cde^2+10Axcd e^2+15Bxa e^3+15Bxc d^2e+12Aae^3+2Ac d^2e+3Bad e^2+3Bcd^3}{60e^4(ex+d)^5}$	101
parallelrisc	$\frac{30Bcx^3e^4+20Ace^4x^2+30Bcd e^3x^2+10Acd e^3x+15Ba e^4x+15Bcd^2e^2x+12Aae^4+2Ac d^2e^2+3Bad e^3+3Bcd^3e}{60e^5(ex+d)^5}$	100
default	$\frac{c(Ae-3Bd)}{3e^4(ex+d)^3} - \frac{-2Acde+Ba e^2+3Bcd^2}{4e^4(ex+d)^4} - \frac{Aae^3+Ac d^2e-Bad e^2-Bcd^3}{5e^4(ex+d)^5} - \frac{Bc}{2e^4(ex+d)^2}$	110
norman	$\frac{-\frac{Bcx^3}{2e} - \frac{(2Ac e^2+3Bcde)x^2}{6e^3} - \frac{(2Acd e^2+3Be^3a+3Bcd^2e)x}{12e^4} - \frac{12Aae^4+2Ac d^2e^2+3Bad e^3+3Bcd^3e}{60e^5}}{(ex+d)^5}$	111

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/60/e^4*(30*B*c*e^3*x^3+20*A*c*e^3*x^2+30*B*c*d*e^2*x^2+10*A*c*d*e^2*x+15*B*a*e^3*x+15*B*c*d^2*e*x+12*A*a*e^3+2*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+3*B*c*d^3)/(e*x+d)^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{30 Bce^3x^3 + 3 Bcd^3 + 2 Acd^2e + 3 Bade^2 + 12 Aae^3 + 10(3 Bcde^2 + 2 Ace^3)x^2 + 5(3 Bcd^2e + 2 Acde^3)x + 60d^5e^4}{60(e^9x^5 + 5de^8x^4 + 10d^2e^7x^3 + 10d^3e^6x^2 + 5d^4e^5x + d^5e^4)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/60*(30*B*c*e^3*x^3 + 3*B*c*d^3 + 2*A*c*d^2*e + 3*B*a*d*e^2 + 12*A*a*e^3 + 10*(3*B*c*d*e^2 + 2*A*c*e^3)*x^2 + 5*(3*B*c*d^2*e + 2*A*c*d*e^2 + 3*B*a*e^3)*x)/(e^9*x^5 + 5*d*e^8*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^7*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^6*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^5*x + d^5*e^4)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{-12Aae^3 - 2Acd^2e - 3Bade^2 - 3Bcd^3 - 30Bce^3x^3 + x^2(-20Ace^3 - 30Bcde^2) + x(-10Acde^2 - 15Bade^3) + 60d^5e^4 + 300d^4e^5x + 600d^3e^6x^2 + 600d^2e^7x^3 + 300de^8x^4 + 60e^9x^5}{60d^5e^4 + 300d^4e^5x + 600d^3e^6x^2 + 600d^2e^7x^3 + 300de^8x^4 + 60e^9x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**6,x)`output `(-12*A*a*e**3 - 2*A*c*d**2*e - 3*B*a*d*e**2 - 3*B*c*d**3 - 30*B*c*e**3*x**3 + x**2*(-20*A*c*e**3 - 30*B*c*d*e**2) + x*(-10*A*c*d*e**2 - 15*B*a*e**3 - 15*B*c*d**2*e))/(60*d**5*e**4 + 300*d**4*e**5*x + 600*d**3*e**6*x**2 + 600*d**2*e**7*x**3 + 300*d*e**8*x**4 + 60*e**9*x**5)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{30 Bce^3x^3 + 3 Bcd^3 + 2 Acd^2e + 3 Bade^2 + 12 Aae^3 + 10(3 Bcde^2 + 2 Ace^3)x^2 + 5(3 Bcd^2e + 2 Acde^2)x + 12 Aae^3}{60(e^9x^5 + 5de^8x^4 + 10d^2e^7x^3 + 10d^3e^6x^2 + 5d^4e^5x + d^5e^4)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/60*(30*B*c*e^3*x^3 + 3*B*c*d^3 + 2*A*c*d^2*e + 3*B*a*d*e^2 + 12*A*a*e^3 + 10*(3*B*c*d*e^2 + 2*A*c*e^3)*x^2 + 5*(3*B*c*d^2*e + 2*A*c*d*e^2 + 3*B*a*e^3)*x)/(e^9*x^5 + 5*d*e^8*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^7*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^6*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^5*x + d^5*e^4)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{30 Bce^3x^3 + 30 Bcde^2x^2 + 20 Ace^3x^2 + 15 Bcd^2ex + 10 Acde^2x + 15 Bae^3x + 3 Bcd^3 + 2 Acd^2e + 3 Bae^3}{60(ex + d)^5e^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/60*(30*B*c*e^3*x^3 + 30*B*c*d*e^2*x^2 + 20*A*c*e^3*x^2 + 15*B*c*d^2*e*x + 10*A*c*d*e^2*x + 15*B*a*e^3*x + 3*B*c*d^3 + 2*A*c*d^2*e + 3*B*a*d*e^2 + 12*A*a*e^3)/((e*x + d)^5*e^4)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{3Bcd^3 + 2Acd^2e + 3Bade^2 + 12Aae^3}{60e^4} + \frac{x(3Bcd^2 + 2Acde + 3Bae^2)}{12e^3} + \frac{Bcx^3}{2e} + \frac{cx^2(2Ae + 3Bd)}{6e^2}}{d^5 + 5d^4ex + 10d^3e^2x^2 + 10d^2e^3x^3 + 5de^4x^4 + e^5x^5}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^6,x)`output `-((12*A*a*e^3 + 3*B*c*d^3 + 3*B*a*d*e^2 + 2*A*c*d^2*e)/(60*e^4) + (x*(3*B*a*e^2 + 3*B*c*d^2 + 2*A*c*d*e))/(12*e^3) + (B*c*x^3)/(2*e) + (c*x^2*(2*A*e + 3*B*d))/(6*e^2))/(d^5 + e^5*x^5 + 5*d*e^4*x^4 + 10*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 10*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 5*d^4*e*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{-30bc e^3 x^3 - 20ac e^3 x^2 - 30bcd e^2 x^2 - 15ab e^3 x - 10acd e^2 x - 15bc d^2 ex - 12a^2 e^3 - 3abd e^2 - 2ac d^2 e}{60e^4 (e^5 x^5 + 5d e^4 x^4 + 10d^2 e^3 x^3 + 10d^3 e^2 x^2 + 5d^4 ex + d^5)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^6,x)`output `(- 12*a**2*e**3 - 3*a*b*d*e**2 - 15*a*b*e**3*x - 2*a*c*d**2*e - 10*a*c*d*e**2*x - 20*a*c*e**3*x**2 - 3*b*c*d**3 - 15*b*c*d**2*e*x - 30*b*c*d*e**2*x**2 - 30*b*c*e**3*x**3)/(60*e**4*(d**5 + 5*d**4*e*x + 10*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 10*d**2*e**3*x**3 + 5*d*e**4*x**4 + e**5*x**5))`

$$3.45 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^7} dx$$

Optimal result	399
Mathematica [A] (verified)	399
Rubi [A] (verified)	400
Maple [A] (verified)	401
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	402
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	402
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	403
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	403
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	404
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	404

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^7} dx = \frac{(Bd-Ae)(cd^2+ae^2)}{6e^4(d+ex)^6} - \frac{3Bcd^2-2Acde+aBe^2}{5e^4(d+ex)^5} + \frac{c(3Bd-Ae)}{4e^4(d+ex)^4} - \frac{Bc}{3e^4(d+ex)^3}$$

output

```
1/6*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^6-1/5*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^5+1/4*c*(-A*e+3*B*d)/e^4/(e*x+d)^4-1/3*B*c/e^4/(e*x+d)^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^7} dx = \frac{10aAe^3 + 2aBe^2(d+6ex) + Ace(d^2+6dex+15e^2x^2) + Bc(d^3+6d^2ex+15de^2x^2+20e^3x^3)}{60e^4(d+ex)^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2))/(d + e*x)^7, x]
```


output

```
-1/60*(10*a*A*e^3 + 2*a*B*e^2*(d + 6*e*x) + A*c*e*(d^2 + 6*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) + B*c*(d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x + 15*d*e^2*x^2 + 20*e^3*x^3))/(e^4*(d + e*x)^6)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)(A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2}{e^3(d + ex)^6} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(Ae - Bd)}{e^3(d + ex)^7} + \frac{c(Ae - 3Bd)}{e^3(d + ex)^5} + \frac{Bc}{e^3(d + ex)^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2}{5e^4(d + ex)^5} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(Bd - Ae)}{6e^4(d + ex)^6} + \frac{c(3Bd - Ae)}{4e^4(d + ex)^4} - \frac{Bc}{3e^4(d + ex)^3}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2))/(d + e*x)^7,x]
```

output

```
((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(6*e^4*(d + e*x)^6) - (3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)/(5*e^4*(d + e*x)^5) + (c*(3*B*d - A*e))/(4*e^4*(d + e*x)^4) - (B*c)/(3*e^4*(d + e*x)^3)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 652 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{-\frac{Bc x^3}{3e} - \frac{c(Ae+Bd)x^2}{4e^2} - \frac{(Acde+2Ba e^2+Bc d^2)x}{10e^3} - \frac{10Aa e^3+Ac d^2e+2Bad e^2+Bc d^3}{60e^4}}{(ex+d)^6}$	95
gospers	$\frac{-20Bc x^3 e^3+15A x^2 c e^3+15B x^2 c d e^2+6A x c d e^2+12B x a e^3+6B x c d^2 e+10A a e^3+Ac d^2 e+2B a d e^2+Bc d^3}{60e^4(ex+d)^6}$	99
orering	$\frac{-20Bc x^3 e^3+15A x^2 c e^3+15B x^2 c d e^2+6A x c d e^2+12B x a e^3+6B x c d^2 e+10A a e^3+Ac d^2 e+2B a d e^2+Bc d^3}{60e^4(ex+d)^6}$	99
parallelrisch	$\frac{-20Bc x^3 e^5+15Ac e^5 x^2+15Bcd e^4 x^2+6Ac d e^4 x+12Ba e^5 x+6Bc d^2 e^3 x+10Aa e^5+Ac d^2 e^3+2Bad e^4+Bc d^3 e^2}{60e^6(ex+d)^6}$	106
default	$-\frac{Bc}{3e^4(ex+d)^3} - \frac{c(Ae-3Bd)}{4e^4(ex+d)^4} - \frac{-2Acde+Ba e^2+3Bc d^2}{5e^4(ex+d)^5} - \frac{Aa e^3+Ac d^2 e-Bad e^2-Bc d^3}{6e^4(ex+d)^6}$	110
norman	$\frac{-\frac{Bc x^3}{3e} - \frac{(Ac e^3+Bcd e^2)x^2}{4e^4} - \frac{(Ac d e^3+2B e^4 a+Bc d^2 e^2)x}{10e^5} - \frac{10Aa e^5+Ac d^2 e^3+2Bad e^4+Bc d^3 e^2}{60e^6}}{(ex+d)^6}$	111

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-1/3*B*c*x^3/e-1/4*c/e^2*(A*e+B*d)*x^2-1/10/e^3*(A*c*d*e+2*B*a*e^2+B*c*d^2)*x-1/60/e^4*(10*A*a*e^3+A*c*d^2*e+2*B*a*d*e^2+B*c*d^3))/(e*x+d)^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{20 Bce^3x^3 + Bcd^3 + Acd^2e + 2Bade^2 + 10Aae^3 + 15(Bcde^2 + Ace^3)x^2 + 6(Bcd^2e + Acde^2 + 2Bade)}{60(e^{10}x^6 + 6de^9x^5 + 15d^2e^8x^4 + 20d^3e^7x^3 + 15d^4e^6x^2 + 6d^5e^5x + d^6e^4)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/60*(20*B*c*e^3*x^3 + B*c*d^3 + A*c*d^2*e + 2*B*a*d*e^2 + 10*A*a*e^3 + 15*(B*c*d*e^2 + A*c*e^3)*x^2 + 6*(B*c*d^2*e + A*c*d*e^2 + 2*B*a*e^3)*x)/(e^10*x^6 + 6*d*e^9*x^5 + 15*d^2*e^8*x^4 + 20*d^3*e^7*x^3 + 15*d^4*e^6*x^2 + 6*d^5*e^5*x + d^6*e^4)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{-10Aae^3 - Acd^2e - 2Bade^2 - Bcd^3 - 20Bce^3x^3 + x^2(-15Ace^3 - 15Bcde^2) + x(-6Acde^2 - 12Bae^3 - 6Bcd^2e)}{60d^6e^4 + 360d^5e^5x + 900d^4e^6x^2 + 1200d^3e^7x^3 + 900d^2e^8x^4 + 360de^9x^5 + 60e^{10}x^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**7,x)`output `(-10*A*a*e**3 - A*c*d**2*e - 2*B*a*d*e**2 - B*c*d**3 - 20*B*c*e**3*x**3 + x**2*(-15*A*c*e**3 - 15*B*c*d*e**2) + x*(-6*A*c*d*e**2 - 12*B*a*e**3 - 6*B*c*d**2*e))/(60*d**6*e**4 + 360*d**5*e**5*x + 900*d**4*e**6*x**2 + 1200*d**3*e**7*x**3 + 900*d**2*e**8*x**4 + 360*d*e**9*x**5 + 60*e**10*x**6)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{20 Bce^3x^3 + Bcd^3 + Acd^2e + 2 Bade^2 + 10 Aae^3 + 15 (Bcde^2 + Ace^3)x^2 + 6 (Bcd^2e + Acde^2 + 2 Bae^3)x + 6d^3e^4}{60 (e^{10}x^6 + 6 de^9x^5 + 15 d^2e^8x^4 + 20 d^3e^7x^3 + 15 d^4e^6x^2 + 6 d^5e^5x + d^6e^4)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/60*(20*B*c*e^3*x^3 + B*c*d^3 + A*c*d^2*e + 2*B*a*d*e^2 + 10*A*a*e^3 + 15*(B*c*d*e^2 + A*c*e^3)*x^2 + 6*(B*c*d^2*e + A*c*d*e^2 + 2*B*a*e^3)*x)/(e^10*x^6 + 6*d*e^9*x^5 + 15*d^2*e^8*x^4 + 20*d^3*e^7*x^3 + 15*d^4*e^6*x^2 + 6*d^5*e^5*x + d^6*e^4)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{20 Bce^3x^3 + 15 Bcde^2x^2 + 15 Ace^3x^2 + 6 Bcd^2ex + 6 Acde^2x + 12 Bae^3x + Bcd^3 + Acd^2e + 2 Bade^2}{60 (ex + d)^6 e^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/60*(20*B*c*e^3*x^3 + 15*B*c*d*e^2*x^2 + 15*A*c*e^3*x^2 + 6*B*c*d^2*e*x + 6*A*c*d*e^2*x + 12*B*a*e^3*x + B*c*d^3 + A*c*d^2*e + 2*B*a*d*e^2 + 10*A*a*e^3)/((e*x + d)^6*e^4)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{Bcd^3 + Acd^2e + 2Bade^2 + 10Aae^3}{60e^4} + \frac{x(Bcd^2 + Acd + 2Bae^2)}{10e^3} + \frac{Bcx^3}{3e} + \frac{cx^2(Ae + Bd)}{4e^2}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^7,x)`output `-((10*A*a*e^3 + B*c*d^3 + 2*B*a*d*e^2 + A*c*d^2*e)/(60*e^4) + (x*(2*B*a*e^2 + B*c*d^2 + A*c*d*e))/(10*e^3) + (B*c*x^3)/(3*e) + (c*x^2*(A*e + B*d))/(4*e^2))/(d^6 + e^6*x^6 + 6*d*e^5*x^5 + 15*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 20*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 15*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 6*d^5*e*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{-20bc e^3 x^3 - 15ac e^3 x^2 - 15bcd e^2 x^2 - 12ab e^3 x - 6acd e^2 x - 6bc d^2 ex - 10a^2 e^3 - 2abd e^2 - ac d^2 e - bcd^3}{60e^4 (e^6 x^6 + 6d e^5 x^5 + 15d^2 e^4 x^4 + 20d^3 e^3 x^3 + 15d^4 e^2 x^2 + 6d^5 e x + d^6)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^7,x)`output `(- 10*a**2*e**3 - 2*a*b*d*e**2 - 12*a*b*e**3*x - a*c*d**2*e - 6*a*c*d*e**2*x - 15*a*c*e**3*x**2 - b*c*d**3 - 6*b*c*d**2*e*x - 15*b*c*d*e**2*x**2 - 20*b*c*e**3*x**3)/(60*e**4*(d**6 + 6*d**5*e*x + 15*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 20*d**3*e**3*x**3 + 15*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 6*d*e**5*x**5 + e**6*x**6))`

3.46 $\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	405
Mathematica [A] (verified)	406
Rubi [A] (verified)	407
Maple [B] (verified)	408
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	409
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	410
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	411
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	412
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	413
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	414

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = -\frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^6}{6e^6} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)(5Bcd^2 - 4Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^7}{7e^6} - \frac{c(5Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)(d + ex)^8}{4e^6} + \frac{2c(5Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^9}{9e^6} - \frac{c^2(5Bd - Ae)(d + ex)^{10}}{10e^6} + \frac{Bc^2(d + ex)^{11}}{11e^6}$$

output

```
-1/6*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^6/e^6+1/7*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-4*A*c*d*
e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^7/e^6-1/4*c*(-A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2
+5*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^8/e^6+2/9*c*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^9/e
^6-1/10*c^2*(-A*e+5*B*d)*(e*x+d)^10/e^6+1/11*B*c^2*(e*x+d)^11/e^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 390, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = & a^2 Ad^5 x + \frac{1}{2} a^2 d^4 (Bd + 5Ae) x^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{3} ad^3 (2Acd^2 + 5ABde + 10AAe^2) x^3 \\
& + \frac{1}{2} ad^2 (Bcd^3 + 5Acd^2e + 5ABde^2 + 5AAe^3) x^4 \\
& + \frac{1}{5} d (Ac^2d^4 + 10ABcd^3e + 20AAcd^2e^2 + 10A^2Bde^3 \\
& + 5a^2 Ae^4) x^5 + \frac{1}{6} (Bc^2d^5 + 5Ac^2d^4e + 20ABcd^3e^2 \\
& + 20Acd^2e^3 + 5a^2 Bde^4 + a^2 Ae^5) x^6 + \frac{1}{7} e (5Bc^2d^4 \\
& + 10Ac^2d^3e + 20ABcd^2e^2 + 10AAcde^3 + a^2 Be^4) x^7 \\
& + \frac{1}{4} ce^2 (5Bcd^3 + 5Acd^2e + 5ABde^2 + AAe^3) x^8 \\
& + \frac{1}{9} ce^3 (10Bcd^2 + 5Acde + 2ABe^2) x^9 \\
& + \frac{1}{10} c^2 e^4 (5Bd + Ae) x^{10} + \frac{1}{11} Bc^2 e^5 x^{11}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^5*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output

```

a^2*A*d^5*x + (a^2*d^4*(B*d + 5*A*e)*x^2)/2 + (a*d^3*(2*A*c*d^2 + 5*a*B*d*
e + 10*a*A*e^2)*x^3)/3 + (a*d^2*(B*c*d^3 + 5*A*c*d^2*e + 5*a*B*d*e^2 + 5*a
*A*e^3)*x^4)/2 + (d*(A*c^2*d^4 + 10*a*B*c*d^3*e + 20*a*A*c*d^2*e^2 + 10*a^
2*B*d*e^3 + 5*a^2*A*e^4)*x^5)/5 + ((B*c^2*d^5 + 5*A*c^2*d^4*e + 20*a*B*c*d
^3*e^2 + 20*a*A*c*d^2*e^3 + 5*a^2*B*d*e^4 + a^2*A*e^5)*x^6)/6 + (e*(5*B*c^
2*d^4 + 10*A*c^2*d^3*e + 20*a*B*c*d^2*e^2 + 10*a*A*c*d*e^3 + a^2*B*e^4)*x^
7)/7 + (c*e^2*(5*B*c*d^3 + 5*A*c*d^2*e + 5*a*B*d*e^2 + a*A*e^3)*x^8)/4 + (
c*e^3*(10*B*c*d^2 + 5*A*c*d*e + 2*a*B*e^2)*x^9)/9 + (c^2*e^4*(5*B*d + A*e)
*x^10)/10 + (B*c^2*e^5*x^11)/11

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{2c(d + ex)^8 (-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 5Bcd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{(d + ex)^6 (ae^2 + cd^2) (aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{(d + ex)^5 (a^2 + 2cd^2)}{e^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2c(d + ex)^9 (aBe^2 - 2Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{9e^6} + \frac{(d + ex)^7 (ae^2 + cd^2) (aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{7e^6} - \frac{(d + ex)^6 (ae^2 + cd^2)^2 (Bd - Ae)}{6e^6} - \frac{c(d + ex)^8 (-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 3Acd^2e + 5Bcd^3)}{10e^6} - \frac{c^2(d + ex)^{10}(5Bd - Ae)}{10e^6} + \frac{Bc^2(d + ex)^{11}}{11e^6}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^5*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/6*((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^6)/e^6 + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^6) - (c*(5*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^8)/(4*e^6) + (2*c*(5*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^9)/(9*e^6) - (c^2*(5*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^10)/(10*e^6) + (B*c^2*(d + e*x)^11)/(11*e^6)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 401 vs. $2(194) = 388$.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

method	result
default	$\frac{B e^5 c^2 x^{11}}{11} + \frac{(A e^5 + 5 B d e^4) c^2 x^{10}}{10} + \frac{((5 A d e^4 + 10 B d^2 e^3) c^2 + 2 B e^5 a c) x^9}{9} + \frac{((10 A d^2 e^3 + 10 B d^3 e^2) c^2 + 2(A e^5 + 5 B d e^4) a c) x^8}{8} + \frac{((5 A d^3 e^2 + 10 B d^4 e) c^2 + 2(A e^5 + 5 B d e^4) a c) x^7}{7} + \frac{((10 A d^4 e + B d^5) c^2 + 2(10 A d^2 e^3 + 10 B d^3 e^2) a c) x^6}{6} + \frac{((5 A d^4 e + B d^5) c^2 + 2(10 A d^2 e^3 + 10 B d^3 e^2) a c) x^5}{5} + \frac{(A d^5 c^2 + 2(10 A d^3 e^2 + 5 B d^4 e) a c) x^4}{4} + \frac{(2 A d^5 a c + (10 A d^3 e^2 + 5 B d^4 e) a^2) x^3}{3} + \frac{(2 A d^5 a c + (10 A d^3 e^2 + 5 B d^4 e) a^2) x^2}{2} + A d^5 a^2 x$
norman	$\frac{B e^5 c^2 x^{11}}{11} + \left(\frac{1}{10} A c^2 e^5 + \frac{1}{2} B c^2 d e^4\right) x^{10} + \left(\frac{5}{9} A c^2 d e^4 + \frac{2}{9} B e^5 a c + \frac{10}{9} B c^2 d^2 e^3\right) x^9 + \left(\frac{1}{4} A a c e^5 + \frac{5}{4} B c^2 d e^4\right) x^8 + \left(\frac{5}{6} A c^2 d^4 e + \frac{5}{6} x^6 A c^2 d^4 e + \frac{5}{6} x^6 B a^2 d e^4 + x^5 A a^2 d e^4 + 2 x^5 B a c d^4 e + \frac{5}{9} x^9 A c^2 d e^4 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a c e^5 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a c d e^4\right) x^7 + \left(\frac{5}{6} x^6 A c^2 d^4 e + \frac{5}{6} x^6 B a^2 d e^4 + x^5 A a^2 d e^4 + 2 x^5 B a c d^4 e + \frac{5}{9} x^9 A c^2 d e^4 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a c e^5 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a c d e^4\right) x^6 + \left(\frac{5}{6} x^6 A c^2 d^4 e + \frac{5}{6} x^6 B a^2 d e^4 + x^5 A a^2 d e^4 + 2 x^5 B a c d^4 e + \frac{5}{9} x^9 A c^2 d e^4 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a c e^5 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a c d e^4\right) x^5 + \left(\frac{5}{6} x^6 A c^2 d^4 e + \frac{5}{6} x^6 B a^2 d e^4 + x^5 A a^2 d e^4 + 2 x^5 B a c d^4 e + \frac{5}{9} x^9 A c^2 d e^4 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a c e^5 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a c d e^4\right) x^4 + \left(\frac{5}{6} x^6 A c^2 d^4 e + \frac{5}{6} x^6 B a^2 d e^4 + x^5 A a^2 d e^4 + 2 x^5 B a c d^4 e + \frac{5}{9} x^9 A c^2 d e^4 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a c e^5 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a c d e^4\right) x^3 + \left(\frac{5}{6} x^6 A c^2 d^4 e + \frac{5}{6} x^6 B a^2 d e^4 + x^5 A a^2 d e^4 + 2 x^5 B a c d^4 e + \frac{5}{9} x^9 A c^2 d e^4 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a c e^5 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a c d e^4\right) x^2 + \left(\frac{5}{6} x^6 A c^2 d^4 e + \frac{5}{6} x^6 B a^2 d e^4 + x^5 A a^2 d e^4 + 2 x^5 B a c d^4 e + \frac{5}{9} x^9 A c^2 d e^4 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a c e^5 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a c d e^4\right) x + \frac{5}{6} x^6 A c^2 d^4 e + \frac{5}{6} x^6 B a^2 d e^4 + x^5 A a^2 d e^4 + 2 x^5 B a c d^4 e + \frac{5}{9} x^9 A c^2 d e^4 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a c e^5 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a c d e^4$
risch	$\frac{5}{7} x^7 B c^2 d^4 e + \frac{5}{6} x^6 A c^2 d^4 e + \frac{5}{6} x^6 B a^2 d e^4 + x^5 A a^2 d e^4 + 2 x^5 B a c d^4 e + \frac{5}{9} x^9 A c^2 d e^4 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a c e^5 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a c d e^4$
paralelrisch	$\frac{5}{7} x^7 B c^2 d^4 e + \frac{5}{6} x^6 A c^2 d^4 e + \frac{5}{6} x^6 B a^2 d e^4 + x^5 A a^2 d e^4 + 2 x^5 B a c d^4 e + \frac{5}{9} x^9 A c^2 d e^4 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a c e^5 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a c d e^4$
orering	$x(1260 B e^5 c^2 x^{10} + 1386 A c^2 e^5 x^9 + 6930 B c^2 d e^4 x^9 + 7700 A c^2 d e^4 x^8 + 3080 B a c e^5 x^8 + 15400 B c^2 d^2 e^3 x^8 + 3465 A a c e^5 x^7 + 17325 B c^2 d^2 e^3 x^7 + 15400 B c^2 d^2 e^3 x^6 + 3465 A a c e^5 x^6 + 15400 B c^2 d^2 e^3 x^5 + 3465 A a c e^5 x^4 + 15400 B c^2 d^2 e^3 x^3 + 3465 A a c e^5 x^2 + 15400 B c^2 d^2 e^3 x + 3465 A a c e^5)$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/11*B*e^5*c^2*x^11+1/10*(A*e^5+5*B*d*e^4)*c^2*x^10+1/9*((5*A*d*e^4+10*B*d^2*e^3)*c^2+2*B*e^5*a*c)*x^9+1/8*((10*A*d^2*e^3+10*B*d^3*e^2)*c^2+2*(A*e^5+5*B*d*e^4)*a*c)*x^8+1/7*((10*A*d^3*e^2+5*B*d^4*e)*c^2+2*(5*A*d*e^4+10*B*d^2*e^3)*a*c+B*e^5*a^2)*x^7+1/6*((5*A*d^4*e+B*d^5)*c^2+2*(10*A*d^2*e^3+10*B*d^3*e^2)*a*c+(A*e^5+5*B*d*e^4)*a^2)*x^6+1/5*(A*d^5*c^2+2*(10*A*d^3*e^2+5*B*d^4*e)*a*c+(5*A*d*e^4+10*B*d^2*e^3)*a^2)*x^5+1/4*(2*(5*A*d^4*e+B*d^5)*a*c+(10*A*d^2*e^3+10*B*d^3*e^2)*a^2)*x^4+1/3*(2*A*d^5*a*c+(10*A*d^3*e^2+5*B*d^4*e)*a^2)*x^3+1/2*(5*A*d^4*e+B*d^5)*a^2*x^2+A*d^5*a^2*x
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 410 vs. $2(194) = 388$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 410, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^2 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{11} Bc^2e^5x^{11} + \frac{1}{10} (5Bc^2de^4 + Ac^2e^5)x^{10} + \frac{1}{9} (10Bc^2d^2e^3 + 5Ac^2de^4 + 2Bace^5)x^9 \\ &+ Aa^2d^5x + \frac{1}{4} (5Bc^2d^3e^2 + 5Ac^2d^2e^3 + 5Bacde^4 + Aace^5)x^8 \\ &+ \frac{1}{7} (5Bc^2d^4e + 10Ac^2d^3e^2 + 20Bacd^2e^3 + 10Aacde^4 + Ba^2e^5)x^7 \\ &+ \frac{1}{6} (Bc^2d^5 + 5Ac^2d^4e + 20Bacd^3e^2 + 20Aacd^2e^3 + 5Ba^2de^4 + Aa^2e^5)x^6 \\ &+ \frac{1}{5} (Ac^2d^5 + 10Bacd^4e + 20Aacd^3e^2 + 10Ba^2d^2e^3 + 5Aa^2de^4)x^5 \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} (Bacd^5 + 5Aacd^4e + 5Ba^2d^3e^2 + 5Aa^2d^2e^3)x^4 \\ &+ \frac{1}{3} (2Aacd^5 + 5Ba^2d^4e + 10Aa^2d^3e^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^2d^5 + 5Aa^2d^4e)x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/11*B*c^2*e^5*x^11 + 1/10*(5*B*c^2*d*e^4 + A*c^2*e^5)*x^10 + 1/9*(10*B*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 5*A*c^2*d*e^4 + 2*B*a*c*e^5)*x^9 + A*a^2*d^5*x + 1/4*(5*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 5*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 5*B*a*c*d*e^4 + A*a*c*e^5)*x^8 + 1/7*(5*B*c^2*d^4*e + 10*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 20*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 10*A*a*c*d*e^4 + B*a^2*e^5)*x^7 + 1/6*(B*c^2*d^5 + 5*A*c^2*d^4*e + 20*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 20*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 5*B*a^2*d*e^4 + A*a^2*e^5)*x^6 + 1/5*(A*c^2*d^5 + 10*B*a*c*d^4*e + 20*A*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 10*B*a^2*d^2*e^3 + 5*A*a^2*d*e^4)*x^5 + 1/2*(B*a*c*d^5 + 5*A*a*c*d^4*e + 5*B*a^2*d^3*e^2 + 5*A*a^2*d^2*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(2*A*a*c*d^5 + 5*B*a^2*d^4*e + 10*A*a^2*d^3*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^2*d^5 + 5*A*a^2*d^4*e)*x^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 495 vs. $2(207) = 414$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 495, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = & Aa^2d^5x + \frac{Bc^2e^5x^{11}}{11} + x^{10} \left(\frac{Ac^2e^5}{10} + \frac{Bc^2de^4}{2} \right) \\
 & + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{5Ac^2de^4}{9} + \frac{2Bace^5}{9} + \frac{10Bc^2d^2e^3}{9} \right) \\
 & + x^8 \left(\frac{Aace^5}{4} + \frac{5Ac^2d^2e^3}{4} + \frac{5Bacde^4}{4} + \frac{5Bc^2d^3e^2}{4} \right) \\
 & + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{10Aacde^4}{7} + \frac{10Ac^2d^3e^2}{7} + \frac{Ba^2e^5}{7} \right. \\
 & \quad \left. + \frac{20Bacd^2e^3}{7} + \frac{5Bc^2d^4e}{7} \right) \\
 & + x^6 \left(\frac{Aa^2e^5}{6} + \frac{10Aacd^2e^3}{3} + \frac{5Ac^2d^4e}{6} + \frac{5Ba^2de^4}{6} \right. \\
 & \quad \left. + \frac{10Bacd^3e^2}{3} + \frac{Bc^2d^5}{6} \right) + x^5 \left(Aa^2de^4 \right. \\
 & \quad \left. + 4Aacd^3e^2 + \frac{Ac^2d^5}{5} + 2Ba^2d^2e^3 + 2Bacd^4e \right) + x^4 \\
 & \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^2d^2e^3}{2} + \frac{5Aacd^4e}{2} + \frac{5Ba^2d^3e^2}{2} + \frac{Bacd^5}{2} \right) \\
 & + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{10Aa^2d^3e^2}{3} + \frac{2Aacd^5}{3} + \frac{5Ba^2d^4e}{3} \right) \\
 & + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^2d^4e}{2} + \frac{Ba^2d^5}{2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**5*(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output

```
A**2*d**5*x + B*c**2*e**5*x**11/11 + x**10*(A*c**2*e**5/10 + B*c**2*d*e**4/2) + x**9*(5*A*c**2*d*e**4/9 + 2*B*a*c*e**5/9 + 10*B*c**2*d**2*e**3/9) + x**8*(A*a*c*e**5/4 + 5*A*c**2*d**2*e**3/4 + 5*B*a*c*d*e**4/4 + 5*B*c**2*d**3*e**2/4) + x**7*(10*A*a*c*d*e**4/7 + 10*A*c**2*d**3*e**2/7 + B*a**2*e**5/7 + 20*B*a*c*d**2*e**3/7 + 5*B*c**2*d**4*e/7) + x**6*(A*a**2*e**5/6 + 10*A*a*c*d**2*e**3/3 + 5*A*c**2*d**4*e/6 + 5*B*a**2*d*e**4/6 + 10*B*a*c*d**3*e**2/3 + B*c**2*d**5/6) + x**5*(A*a**2*d*e**4 + 4*A*a*c*d**3*e**2 + A*c**2*d**5/5 + 2*B*a**2*d**2*e**3 + 2*B*a*c*d**4*e) + x**4*(5*A*a**2*d**2*e**3/2 + 5*A*a*c*d**4*e/2 + 5*B*a**2*d**3*e**2/2 + B*a*c*d**5/2) + x**3*(10*A*a**2*d**3*e**2/3 + 2*A*a*c*d**5/3 + 5*B*a**2*d**4*e/3) + x**2*(5*A*a**2*d**4*e/2 + B*a**2*d**5/2)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 410 vs. $2(194) = 388$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 410, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{11} Bc^2e^5x^{11} + \frac{1}{10} (5Bc^2de^4 + Ac^2e^5)x^{10} + \frac{1}{9} (10Bc^2d^2e^3 + 5Ac^2de^4 + 2Bace^5)x^9$$

$$+ Aa^2d^5x + \frac{1}{4} (5Bc^2d^3e^2 + 5Ac^2d^2e^3 + 5Bacde^4 + Aace^5)x^8$$

$$+ \frac{1}{7} (5Bc^2d^4e + 10Ac^2d^3e^2 + 20Bacd^2e^3 + 10Aacde^4 + Ba^2e^5)x^7$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6} (Bc^2d^5 + 5Ac^2d^4e + 20Bacd^3e^2 + 20Aacd^2e^3 + 5Ba^2de^4 + Aa^2e^5)x^6$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5} (Ac^2d^5 + 10Bacd^4e + 20Aacd^3e^2 + 10Ba^2d^2e^3 + 5Aa^2de^4)x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (Bacd^5 + 5Aacd^4e + 5Ba^2d^3e^2 + 5Aa^2d^2e^3)x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (2Aacd^5 + 5Ba^2d^4e + 10Aa^2d^3e^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^2d^5 + 5Aa^2d^4e)x^2$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/11*B*c^2*e^5*x^11 + 1/10*(5*B*c^2*d*e^4 + A*c^2*e^5)*x^10 + 1/9*(10*B*c^
2*d^2*e^3 + 5*A*c^2*d*e^4 + 2*B*a*c*e^5)*x^9 + A*a^2*d^5*x + 1/4*(5*B*c^2*
d^3*e^2 + 5*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 5*B*a*c*d*e^4 + A*a*c*e^5)*x^8 + 1/7*(5*B*c^2*
d^4*e + 10*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 20*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 10*A*a*c*d*e^4 + B*a^2*e^5)*
x^7 + 1/6*(B*c^2*d^5 + 5*A*c^2*d^4*e + 20*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 20*A*a*c*d^2*e^3
+ 5*B*a^2*d*e^4 + A*a^2*e^5)*x^6 + 1/5*(A*c^2*d^5 + 10*B*a*c*d^4*e + 20*A
*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 10*B*a^2*d^2*e^3 + 5*A*a^2*d*e^4)*x^5 + 1/2*(B*a*c*d^5 + 5*
A*a*c*d^4*e + 5*B*a^2*d^3*e^2 + 5*A*a^2*d^2*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(2*A*a*c*d^5 +
5*B*a^2*d^4*e + 10*A*a^2*d^3*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^2*d^5 + 5*A*a^2*d^4*e)*x^
2

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 465 vs. $2(194) = 388$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 465, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = & \frac{1}{11} Bc^2 e^5 x^{11} + \frac{1}{2} Bc^2 d e^4 x^{10} + \frac{1}{10} Ac^2 e^5 x^{10} \\
& + \frac{10}{9} Bc^2 d^2 e^3 x^9 + \frac{5}{9} Ac^2 d e^4 x^9 + \frac{2}{9} Bace^5 x^9 \\
& + \frac{5}{4} Bc^2 d^3 e^2 x^8 + \frac{5}{4} Ac^2 d^2 e^3 x^8 + \frac{5}{4} Bacd e^4 x^8 \\
& + \frac{1}{4} Aace^5 x^8 + \frac{5}{7} Bc^2 d^4 e x^7 + \frac{10}{7} Ac^2 d^3 e^2 x^7 \\
& + \frac{20}{7} Bacd^2 e^3 x^7 + \frac{10}{7} Aacde^4 x^7 + \frac{1}{7} Ba^2 e^5 x^7 \\
& + \frac{1}{6} Bc^2 d^5 x^6 + \frac{5}{6} Ac^2 d^4 e x^6 + \frac{10}{3} Bacd^3 e^2 x^6 \\
& + \frac{10}{3} Aacd^2 e^3 x^6 + \frac{5}{6} Ba^2 d e^4 x^6 + \frac{1}{6} Aa^2 e^5 x^6 \\
& + \frac{1}{5} Ac^2 d^5 x^5 + 2 Bacd^4 e x^5 + 4 Aacd^3 e^2 x^5 \\
& + 2 Ba^2 d^2 e^3 x^5 + Aa^2 d e^4 x^5 + \frac{1}{2} Bacd^5 x^4 \\
& + \frac{5}{2} Aacd^4 e x^4 + \frac{5}{2} Ba^2 d^3 e^2 x^4 + \frac{5}{2} Aa^2 d^2 e^3 x^4 \\
& + \frac{2}{3} Aacd^5 x^3 + \frac{5}{3} Ba^2 d^4 e x^3 + \frac{10}{3} Aa^2 d^3 e^2 x^3 \\
& + \frac{1}{2} Ba^2 d^5 x^2 + \frac{5}{2} Aa^2 d^4 e x^2 + Aa^2 d^5 x
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/11*B*c^2*e^5*x^{11} + 1/2*B*c^2*d*e^4*x^{10} + 1/10*A*c^2*e^5*x^{10} + 10/9*B* \\ & c^2*d^2*e^3*x^9 + 5/9*A*c^2*d*e^4*x^9 + 2/9*B*a*c*e^5*x^9 + 5/4*B*c^2*d^3* \\ & e^2*x^8 + 5/4*A*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^8 + 5/4*B*a*c*d*e^4*x^8 + 1/4*A*a*c*e^5*x^8 \\ & + 5/7*B*c^2*d^4*e*x^7 + 10/7*A*c^2*d^3*e^2*x^7 + 20/7*B*a*c*d^2*e^3*x^7 + \\ & 10/7*A*a*c*d*e^4*x^7 + 1/7*B*a^2*e^5*x^7 + 1/6*B*c^2*d^5*x^6 + 5/6*A*c^2*d \\ & ^4*e*x^6 + 10/3*B*a*c*d^3*e^2*x^6 + 10/3*A*a*c*d^2*e^3*x^6 + 5/6*B*a^2*d*e \\ & ^4*x^6 + 1/6*A*a^2*e^5*x^6 + 1/5*A*c^2*d^5*x^5 + 2*B*a*c*d^4*e*x^5 + 4*A*a \\ & *c*d^3*e^2*x^5 + 2*B*a^2*d^2*e^3*x^5 + A*a^2*d*e^4*x^5 + 1/2*B*a*c*d^5*x^4 \\ & + 5/2*A*a*c*d^4*e*x^4 + 5/2*B*a^2*d^3*e^2*x^4 + 5/2*A*a^2*d^2*e^3*x^4 + 2 \\ & /3*A*a*c*d^5*x^3 + 5/3*B*a^2*d^4*e*x^3 + 10/3*A*a^2*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 1/2*B*a^ \\ & 2*d^5*x^2 + 5/2*A*a^2*d^4*e*x^2 + A*a^2*d^5*x \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^2 dx \\ & = x^5 \left(2Ba^2d^2e^3 + Aa^2de^4 + 2Bacd^4e + 4Aacd^3e^2 + \frac{Ac^2d^5}{5} \right) \\ & + x^7 \left(\frac{Ba^2e^5}{7} + \frac{20Bacd^2e^3}{7} + \frac{10Aacde^4}{7} + \frac{5Bc^2d^4e}{7} + \frac{10Ac^2d^3e^2}{7} \right) \\ & + x^6 \left(\frac{5Ba^2de^4}{6} + \frac{Aa^2e^5}{6} + \frac{10Bacd^3e^2}{3} + \frac{10Aacd^2e^3}{3} + \frac{Bc^2d^5}{6} + \frac{5Ac^2d^4e}{6} \right) \\ & + \frac{ad^3x^3(2Acd^2 + 5Bade + 10Aae^2)}{3} + \frac{ce^3x^9(10Bcd^2 + 5Acde + 2Bae^2)}{9} \\ & + \frac{a^2d^4x^2(5Ae + Bd)}{2} + \frac{c^2e^4x^{10}(Ae + 5Bd)}{10} + Aa^2d^5x \\ & + \frac{ad^2x^4(Bcd^3 + 5Acd^2e + 5Bade^2 + 5Aae^3)}{2} \\ & + \frac{ce^2x^8(5Bcd^3 + 5Acd^2e + 5Bade^2 + Aae^3)}{4} + \frac{Bc^2e^5x^{11}}{11} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^5,x)`

output

```
x^5*((A*c^2*d^5)/5 + A*a^2*d*e^4 + 2*B*a^2*d^2*e^3 + 2*B*a*c*d^4*e + 4*A*a
*c*d^3*e^2) + x^7*((B*a^2*e^5)/7 + (5*B*c^2*d^4*e)/7 + (10*A*c^2*d^3*e^2)/
7 + (10*A*a*c*d*e^4)/7 + (20*B*a*c*d^2*e^3)/7) + x^6*((A*a^2*e^5)/6 + (B*c
^2*d^5)/6 + (5*B*a^2*d*e^4)/6 + (5*A*c^2*d^4*e)/6 + (10*A*a*c*d^2*e^3)/3 +
(10*B*a*c*d^3*e^2)/3) + (a*d^3*x^3*(10*A*a*e^2 + 2*A*c*d^2 + 5*B*a*d*e))/
3 + (c*e^3*x^9*(2*B*a*e^2 + 10*B*c*d^2 + 5*A*c*d*e))/9 + (a^2*d^4*x^2*(5*A
*e + B*d))/2 + (c^2*e^4*x^10*(A*e + 5*B*d))/10 + A*a^2*d^5*x + (a*d^2*x^4*
(5*A*a*e^3 + B*c*d^3 + 5*B*a*d*e^2 + 5*A*c*d^2*e))/2 + (c*e^2*x^8*(A*a*e^3
+ 5*B*c*d^3 + 5*B*a*d*e^2 + 5*A*c*d^2*e))/4 + (B*c^2*e^5*x^11)/11
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 465, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(1260b c^2 e^5 x^{10} + 1386a c^2 e^5 x^9 + 6930b c^2 d e^4 x^9 + 3080abc e^5 x^8 + 7700a c^2 d e^4 x^8 + 15400b c^2 d^2 e^3 x^8 + 3080a b c^2 d e^3 x^7 + 1386a^2 c^2 d e^3 x^7 + 6930a b c^2 d^2 e^2 x^7 + 2772a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 x^6 + 15400a b c^2 d^2 e^2 x^6 + 1260a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 x^5 + 1386a b c^2 d^2 e^2 x^5 + 6930a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 x^4 + 1386a b c^2 d^2 e^2 x^4 + 6930a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 x^3 + 1386a b c^2 d^2 e^2 x^3 + 6930a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 1386a b c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 6930a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 x + 1386a b c^2 d^2 e^2 x + 6930a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2)}{1386}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
(x*(13860*a**3*d**5 + 34650*a**3*d**4*e*x + 46200*a**3*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 34
650*a**3*d**2*e**3*x**3 + 13860*a**3*d*e**4*x**4 + 2310*a**3*e**5*x**5 + 6
930*a**2*b*d**5*x + 23100*a**2*b*d**4*e*x**2 + 34650*a**2*b*d**3*e**2*x**3
+ 27720*a**2*b*d**2*e**3*x**4 + 11550*a**2*b*d*e**4*x**5 + 1980*a**2*b*e*
*5*x**6 + 9240*a**2*c*d**5*x**2 + 34650*a**2*c*d**4*e*x**3 + 55440*a**2*c*
d**3*e**2*x**4 + 46200*a**2*c*d**2*e**3*x**5 + 19800*a**2*c*d*e**4*x**6 +
3465*a**2*c*e**5*x**7 + 6930*a*b*c*d**5*x**3 + 27720*a*b*c*d**4*e*x**4 + 4
6200*a*b*c*d**3*e**2*x**5 + 39600*a*b*c*d**2*e**3*x**6 + 17325*a*b*c*d*e**
4*x**7 + 3080*a*b*c*e**5*x**8 + 2772*a*c**2*d**5*x**4 + 11550*a*c**2*d**4*
e*x**5 + 19800*a*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**6 + 17325*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**7 + 7700*
a*c**2*d*e**4*x**8 + 1386*a*c**2*e**5*x**9 + 2310*b*c**2*d**5*x**5 + 9900*
b*c**2*d**4*e*x**6 + 17325*b*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**7 + 15400*b*c**2*d**2*e**3*
x**8 + 6930*b*c**2*d*e**4*x**9 + 1260*b*c**2*e**5*x**10))/13860
```

3.47 $\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	415
Mathematica [A] (verified)	416
Rubi [A] (verified)	417
Maple [A] (verified)	418
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	419
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	420
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	421
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	422
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	423
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	423

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= -\frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^5}{5e^6}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)(5Bcd^2 - 4Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^6}{6e^6}$$

$$- \frac{2c(5Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)(d + ex)^7}{7e^6}$$

$$+ \frac{c(5Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^8}{4e^6} - \frac{c^2(5Bd - Ae)(d + ex)^9}{9e^6} + \frac{Bc^2(d + ex)^{10}}{10e^6}$$

output `-1/5*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^5/e^6+1/6*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-4*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^6/e^6-2/7*c*(-A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+5*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^7/e^6+1/4*c*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^8/e^6-1/9*c^2*(-A*e+5*B*d)*(e*x+d)^9/e^6+1/10*B*c^2*(e*x+d)^10/e^6`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = & a^2 Ad^4 x + \frac{1}{2} a^2 d^3 (Bd + 4Ae) x^2 \\
& + \frac{2}{3} ad^2 (Acd^2 + 2aBde + 3aAe^2) x^3 \\
& + \frac{1}{2} ad (Bcd^3 + 4Acd^2 e + 3aBde^2 + 2aAe^3) x^4 \\
& + \frac{1}{5} (Ac^2 d^4 + 8aBcd^3 e + 12aAcd^2 e^2 + 4a^2 Bde^3 \\
& + a^2 Ae^4) x^5 + \frac{1}{6} (Bc^2 d^4 + 4Ac^2 d^3 e + 12aBcd^2 e^2 \\
& \quad + 8aAcde^3 + a^2 Be^4) x^6 \\
& + \frac{2}{7} ce (2Bcd^3 + 3Acd^2 e + 4aBde^2 + aAe^3) x^7 \\
& + \frac{1}{4} ce^2 (3Bcd^2 + 2Acde + aBe^2) x^8 \\
& + \frac{1}{9} c^2 e^3 (4Bd + Ae) x^9 + \frac{1}{10} Bc^2 e^4 x^{10}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^4*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
a^2*A*d^4*x + (a^2*d^3*(B*d + 4*A*e)*x^2)/2 + (2*a*d^2*(A*c*d^2 + 2*a*B*d*
e + 3*a*A*e^2)*x^3)/3 + (a*d*(B*c*d^3 + 4*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 + 2*a*A*
e^3)*x^4)/2 + ((A*c^2*d^4 + 8*a*B*c*d^3*e + 12*a*A*c*d^2*e^2 + 4*a^2*B*d*e
^3 + a^2*A*e^4)*x^5)/5 + ((B*c^2*d^4 + 4*A*c^2*d^3*e + 12*a*B*c*d^2*e^2 +
8*a*A*c*d*e^3 + a^2*B*e^4)*x^6)/6 + (2*c*e*(2*B*c*d^3 + 3*A*c*d^2*e + 4*a*
B*d*e^2 + a*A*e^3)*x^7)/7 + (c*e^2*(3*B*c*d^2 + 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*x^8)/
4 + (c^2*e^3*(4*B*d + A*e)*x^9)/9 + (B*c^2*e^4*x^10)/10
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{2c(d + ex)^7 (-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 5Bcd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{(d + ex)^5 (ae^2 + cd^2) (aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{(d + ex)^4 (a^2 + c^2d^2)}{e^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{c(d + ex)^8 (aBe^2 - 2Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{4e^6} + \frac{(d + ex)^6 (ae^2 + cd^2) (aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{6e^6} - \frac{(d + ex)^5 (ae^2 + cd^2)^2 (Bd - Ae)}{5e^6} - \frac{2c(d + ex)^7 (-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 3Acd^2e + 5Bcd^3)}{9e^6} - \frac{c^2(d + ex)^9 (5Bd - Ae)}{9e^6} + \frac{Bc^2(d + ex)^{10}}{10e^6}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^4*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/5*((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^5)/e^6 + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^6)/(6*e^6) - (2*c*(5*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^6) + (c*(5*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^8)/(4*e^6) - (c^2*(5*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^9)/(9*e^6) + (B*c^2*(d + e*x)^10)/(10*e^6)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 652

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result
default	$\frac{B e^4 c^2 x^{10}}{10} + \frac{(A e^4 + 4 B d e^3) c^2 x^9}{9} + \frac{((4 A d e^3 + 6 B d^2 e^2) c^2 + 2 B e^4 a c) x^8}{8} + \frac{((6 A d^2 e^2 + 4 B d^3 e) c^2 + 2(A e^4 + 4 B d e^3) a c)}{7}$
norman	$\frac{B e^4 c^2 x^{10}}{10} + \left(\frac{1}{9} A c^2 e^4 + \frac{4}{9} B c^2 d e^3\right) x^9 + \left(\frac{1}{2} A c^2 d e^3 + \frac{1}{4} B e^4 a c + \frac{3}{4} B c^2 d^2 e^2\right) x^8 + \left(\frac{2}{7} A a c e^4 + \frac{4}{3} B a c d e^3\right) x^7 + \frac{1}{2} x^4 B a c d^4 + 2 x^3 A a^2 d^2 e^2 + \frac{2}{3} x^3 A d^4 a c + 2 x^6 B a c d^2 e^2 + \frac{3}{2} x^4 B a^2 d^2 e^2 + \frac{12}{5} x^5 A a c d^2 e^2 + \frac{4}{3} x^5 A a^2 d^2 e^2 + \frac{12}{5} x^5 A a c d^2 e^2 + \frac{4}{3} x^5 A a^2 d^2 e^2$
gospers	$\frac{1}{2} x^4 B a c d^4 + 2 x^3 A a^2 d^2 e^2 + \frac{2}{3} x^3 A d^4 a c + 2 x^6 B a c d^2 e^2 + \frac{3}{2} x^4 B a^2 d^2 e^2 + \frac{12}{5} x^5 A a c d^2 e^2 + \frac{4}{3} x^5 A a^2 d^2 e^2$
risch	$\frac{1}{2} x^4 B a c d^4 + 2 x^3 A a^2 d^2 e^2 + \frac{2}{3} x^3 A d^4 a c + 2 x^6 B a c d^2 e^2 + \frac{3}{2} x^4 B a^2 d^2 e^2 + \frac{12}{5} x^5 A a c d^2 e^2 + \frac{4}{3} x^5 A a^2 d^2 e^2$
paralelrisch	$\frac{1}{2} x^4 B a c d^4 + 2 x^3 A a^2 d^2 e^2 + \frac{2}{3} x^3 A d^4 a c + 2 x^6 B a c d^2 e^2 + \frac{3}{2} x^4 B a^2 d^2 e^2 + \frac{12}{5} x^5 A a c d^2 e^2 + \frac{4}{3} x^5 A a^2 d^2 e^2$
orering	$\frac{x(126 B e^4 c^2 x^9 + 140 A c^2 e^4 x^8 + 560 B c^2 d e^3 x^8 + 630 A c^2 d e^3 x^7 + 315 B a c e^4 x^7 + 945 B c^2 d^2 e^2 x^7 + 360 A a c e^4 x^6 + 1080 A c^2 d^2 e^2 x^5 + 1080 A a c d^2 e^2 x^5 + 1080 A a^2 d^2 e^2 x^5 + 1080 A a c d^2 e^2 x^5 + 1080 A a^2 d^2 e^2 x^5)}{1080}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/10*B*e^4*c^2*x^10+1/9*(A*e^4+4*B*d*e^3)*c^2*x^9+1/8*((4*A*d*e^3+6*B*d^2*e^2)*c^2+2*B*e^4*a*c)*x^8+1/7*((6*A*d^2*e^2+4*B*d^3*e)*c^2+2*(A*e^4+4*B*d*e^3)*a*c)*x^7+1/6*((4*A*d^3*e+B*d^4)*c^2+2*(4*A*d*e^3+6*B*d^2*e^2)*a*c+B*e^4*a^2)*x^6+1/5*(A*c^2*d^4+2*(6*A*d^2*e^2+4*B*d^3*e)*a*c+(A*e^4+4*B*d*e^3)*a^2)*x^5+1/4*(2*(4*A*d^3*e+B*d^4)*a*c+(4*A*d*e^3+6*B*d^2*e^2)*a^2)*x^4+1/3*(2*A*d^4*a*c+(6*A*d^2*e^2+4*B*d^3*e)*a^2)*x^3+1/2*(4*A*d^3*e+B*d^4)*a^2*x^2+A*d^4*a^2*x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^2 dx \\
&= \frac{1}{10} Bc^2 e^4 x^{10} + \frac{1}{9} (4 Bc^2 d e^3 + Ac^2 e^4) x^9 + \frac{1}{4} (3 Bc^2 d^2 e^2 + 2 Ac^2 d e^3 + Bace^4) x^8 \\
&\quad + Aa^2 d^4 x + \frac{2}{7} (2 Bc^2 d^3 e + 3 Ac^2 d^2 e^2 + 4 Bacd e^3 + Aace^4) x^7 \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{6} (Bc^2 d^4 + 4 Ac^2 d^3 e + 12 Bacd^2 e^2 + 8 Aacde^3 + Ba^2 e^4) x^6 \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{5} (Ac^2 d^4 + 8 Bacd^3 e + 12 Aacd^2 e^2 + 4 Ba^2 d e^3 + Aa^2 e^4) x^5 \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} (Bacd^4 + 4 Aacd^3 e + 3 Ba^2 d^2 e^2 + 2 Aa^2 d e^3) x^4 \\
&\quad + \frac{2}{3} (Aacd^4 + 2 Ba^2 d^3 e + 3 Aa^2 d^2 e^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^2 d^4 + 4 Aa^2 d^3 e) x^2
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/10*B*c^2*e^4*x^10 + 1/9*(4*B*c^2*d*e^3 + A*c^2*e^4)*x^9 + 1/4*(3*B*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*A*c^2*d*e^3 + B*a*c*e^4)*x^8 + A*a^2*d^4*x + 2/7*(2*B*c^2*d^3*e + 3*A*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 4*B*a*c*d*e^3 + A*a*c*e^4)*x^7 + 1/6*(B*c^2*d^4 + 4*A*c^2*d^3*e + 12*B*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 8*A*a*c*d*e^3 + B*a^2*e^4)*x^6 + 1/5*(A*c^2*d^4 + 8*B*a*c*d^3*e + 12*A*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 4*B*a^2*d*e^3 + A*a^2*e^4)*x^5 + 1/2*(B*a*c*d^4 + 4*A*a*c*d^3*e + 3*B*a^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*A*a^2*d*e^3)*x^4 + 2/3*(A*a*c*d^4 + 2*B*a^2*d^3*e + 3*A*a^2*d^2*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^2*d^4 + 4*A*a^2*d^3*e)*x^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 398, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = & Aa^2d^4x + \frac{Bc^2e^4x^{10}}{10} + x^9 \left(\frac{Ac^2e^4}{9} + \frac{4Bc^2de^3}{9} \right) \\
& + x^8 \left(\frac{Ac^2de^3}{2} + \frac{Bace^4}{4} + \frac{3Bc^2d^2e^2}{4} \right) + x^7 \\
& \cdot \left(\frac{2Aace^4}{7} + \frac{6Ac^2d^2e^2}{7} + \frac{8Bacde^3}{7} + \frac{4Bc^2d^3e}{7} \right) \\
& + x^6 \cdot \left(\frac{4Aacde^3}{3} + \frac{2Ac^2d^3e}{3} + \frac{Ba^2e^4}{6} + 2Bacd^2e^2 \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{Bc^2d^4}{6} \right) + x^5 \left(\frac{Aa^2e^4}{5} + \frac{12Aacd^2e^2}{5} + \frac{Ac^2d^4}{5} \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{4Ba^2de^3}{5} + \frac{8Bacd^3e}{5} \right) \\
& + x^4 \left(Aa^2de^3 + 2Aacd^3e + \frac{3Ba^2d^2e^2}{2} + \frac{Bacd^4}{2} \right) \\
& + x^3 \cdot \left(2Aa^2d^2e^2 + \frac{2Aacd^4}{3} + \frac{4Ba^2d^3e}{3} \right) \\
& + x^2 \cdot \left(2Aa^2d^3e + \frac{Ba^2d^4}{2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**4*(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`output `A*a**2*d**4*x + B*c**2*e**4*x**10/10 + x**9*(A*c**2*e**4/9 + 4*B*c**2*d*e**3/9) + x**8*(A*c**2*d*e**3/2 + B*a*c*e**4/4 + 3*B*c**2*d**2*e**2/4) + x**7*(2*A*a*c*e**4/7 + 6*A*c**2*d**2*e**2/7 + 8*B*a*c*d*e**3/7 + 4*B*c**2*d**3*e/7) + x**6*(4*A*a*c*d*e**3/3 + 2*A*c**2*d**3*e/3 + B*a**2*e**4/6 + 2*B*a*c*d**2*e**2 + B*c**2*d**4/6) + x**5*(A*a**2*e**4/5 + 12*A*a*c*d**2*e**2/5 + A*c**2*d**4/5 + 4*B*a**2*d*e**3/5 + 8*B*a*c*d**3*e/5) + x**4*(A*a**2*d*e**3 + 2*A*a*c*d**3*e + 3*B*a**2*d**2*e**2/2 + B*a*c*d**4/2) + x**3*(2*A*a**2*d**2*e**2 + 2*A*a*c*d**4/3 + 4*B*a**2*d**3*e/3) + x**2*(2*A*a**2*d**3*e + B*a**2*d**4/2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^2 dx \\
&= \frac{1}{10} Bc^2 e^4 x^{10} + \frac{1}{9} (4 Bc^2 d e^3 + Ac^2 e^4) x^9 + \frac{1}{4} (3 Bc^2 d^2 e^2 + 2 Ac^2 d e^3 + Bace^4) x^8 \\
&\quad + Aa^2 d^4 x + \frac{2}{7} (2 Bc^2 d^3 e + 3 Ac^2 d^2 e^2 + 4 Bacd e^3 + Aace^4) x^7 \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{6} (Bc^2 d^4 + 4 Ac^2 d^3 e + 12 Bacd^2 e^2 + 8 Aacde^3 + Ba^2 e^4) x^6 \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{5} (Ac^2 d^4 + 8 Bacd^3 e + 12 Aacd^2 e^2 + 4 Ba^2 d e^3 + Aa^2 e^4) x^5 \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} (Bacd^4 + 4 Aacd^3 e + 3 Ba^2 d^2 e^2 + 2 Aa^2 d e^3) x^4 \\
&\quad + \frac{2}{3} (Aacd^4 + 2 Ba^2 d^3 e + 3 Aa^2 d^2 e^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^2 d^4 + 4 Aa^2 d^3 e) x^2
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/10*B*c^2*e^4*x^10 + 1/9*(4*B*c^2*d*e^3 + A*c^2*e^4)*x^9 + 1/4*(3*B*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*A*c^2*d*e^3 + B*a*c*e^4)*x^8 + A*a^2*d^4*x + 2/7*(2*B*c^2*d^3*e + 3*A*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 4*B*a*c*d*e^3 + A*a*c*e^4)*x^7 + 1/6*(B*c^2*d^4 + 4*A*c^2*d^3*e + 12*B*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 8*A*a*c*d*e^3 + B*a^2*e^4)*x^6 + 1/5*(A*c^2*d^4 + 8*B*a*c*d^3*e + 12*A*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 4*B*a^2*d*e^3 + A*a^2*e^4)*x^5 + 1/2*(B*a*c*d^4 + 4*A*a*c*d^3*e + 3*B*a^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*A*a^2*d*e^3)*x^4 + 2/3*(A*a*c*d^4 + 2*B*a^2*d^3*e + 3*A*a^2*d^2*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^2*d^4 + 4*A*a^2*d^3*e)*x^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 377, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = & \frac{1}{10} Bc^2e^4x^{10} + \frac{4}{9} Bc^2de^3x^9 + \frac{1}{9} Ac^2e^4x^9 \\
& + \frac{3}{4} Bc^2d^2e^2x^8 + \frac{1}{2} Ac^2de^3x^8 + \frac{1}{4} Bace^4x^8 \\
& + \frac{4}{7} Bc^2d^3ex^7 + \frac{6}{7} Ac^2d^2e^2x^7 + \frac{8}{7} Bacde^3x^7 \\
& + \frac{2}{7} Aace^4x^7 + \frac{1}{6} Bc^2d^4x^6 + \frac{2}{3} Ac^2d^3ex^6 \\
& + 2 Bacd^2e^2x^6 + \frac{4}{3} Aacde^3x^6 + \frac{1}{6} Ba^2e^4x^6 \\
& + \frac{1}{5} Ac^2d^4x^5 + \frac{8}{5} Bacd^3ex^5 + \frac{12}{5} Aacd^2e^2x^5 \\
& + \frac{4}{5} Ba^2de^3x^5 + \frac{1}{5} Aa^2e^4x^5 + \frac{1}{2} Bacd^4x^4 \\
& + 2 Aacd^3ex^4 + \frac{3}{2} Ba^2d^2e^2x^4 + Aa^2de^3x^4 \\
& + \frac{2}{3} Aacd^4x^3 + \frac{4}{3} Ba^2d^3ex^3 + 2 Aa^2d^2e^2x^3 \\
& + \frac{1}{2} Ba^2d^4x^2 + 2 Aa^2d^3ex^2 + Aa^2d^4x
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/10*B*c^2*e^4*x^10 + 4/9*B*c^2*d*e^3*x^9 + 1/9*A*c^2*e^4*x^9 + 3/4*B*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^8 + 1/2*A*c^2*d*e^3*x^8 + 1/4*B*a*c*e^4*x^8 + 4/7*B*c^2*d^3*e*x^7 + 6/7*A*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^7 + 8/7*B*a*c*d*e^3*x^7 + 2/7*A*a*c*e^4*x^7 + 1/6*B*c^2*d^4*x^6 + 2/3*A*c^2*d^3*e*x^6 + 2*B*a*c*d^2*e^2*x^6 + 4/3*A*a*c*d*e^3*x^6 + 1/6*B*a^2*e^4*x^6 + 1/5*A*c^2*d^4*x^5 + 8/5*B*a*c*d^3*e*x^5 + 12/5*A*a*c*d^2*e^2*x^5 + 4/5*B*a^2*d*e^3*x^5 + 1/5*A*a^2*e^4*x^5 + 1/2*B*a*c*d^4*x^4 + 2*A*a*c*d^3*e*x^4 + 3/2*B*a^2*d^2*e^2*x^4 + A*a^2*d*e^3*x^4 + 2/3*A*a*c*d^4*x^3 + 4/3*B*a^2*d^3*e*x^3 + 2*A*a^2*d^2*e^2*x^3 + 1/2*B*a^2*d^4*x^2 + 2*A*a^2*d^3*e*x^2 + A*a^2*d^4*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^2 dx \\
&= x^5 \left(\frac{4Ba^2de^3}{5} + \frac{Aa^2e^4}{5} + \frac{8Bacd^3e}{5} + \frac{12Aacd^2e^2}{5} + \frac{Ac^2d^4}{5} \right) \\
&+ x^6 \left(\frac{Ba^2e^4}{6} + 2Bacd^2e^2 + \frac{4Aacde^3}{3} + \frac{Bc^2d^4}{6} + \frac{2Ac^2d^3e}{3} \right) \\
&+ \frac{2ad^2x^3(Acd^2 + 2Bade + 3Aae^2)}{3} + \frac{ce^2x^8(3Bcd^2 + 2Acde + Bae^2)}{4} \\
&+ \frac{a^2d^3x^2(4Ae + Bd)}{2} + \frac{c^2e^3x^9(Ae + 4Bd)}{9} \\
&+ \frac{adx^4(Bcd^3 + 4Acd^2e + 3Bade^2 + 2Aae^3)}{2} \\
&+ \frac{2cex^7(2Bcd^3 + 3Acd^2e + 4Bade^2 + Aae^3)}{7} + Aa^2d^4x + \frac{Bc^2e^4x^{10}}{10}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^4,x)`output
$$\begin{aligned}
&x^5 * ((A*a^2*e^4)/5 + (A*c^2*d^4)/5 + (4*B*a^2*d*e^3)/5 + (8*B*a*c*d^3*e)/5 \\
&+ (12*A*a*c*d^2*e^2)/5) + x^6 * ((B*a^2*e^4)/6 + (B*c^2*d^4)/6 + (2*A*c^2*d \\
&^3*e)/3 + (4*A*a*c*d*e^3)/3 + 2*B*a*c*d^2*e^2) + (2*a*d^2*x^3*(3*A*a*e^2 + \\
&A*c*d^2 + 2*B*a*d*e))/3 + (c*e^2*x^8*(B*a*e^2 + 3*B*c*d^2 + 2*A*c*d*e))/4 \\
&+ (a^2*d^3*x^2*(4*A*e + B*d))/2 + (c^2*e^3*x^9*(A*e + 4*B*d))/9 + (a*d*x^4 \\
&*(2*A*a*e^3 + B*c*d^3 + 3*B*a*d*e^2 + 4*A*c*d^2*e))/2 + (2*c*e*x^7*(A*a*e \\
&^3 + 2*B*c*d^3 + 4*B*a*d*e^2 + 3*A*c*d^2*e))/7 + A*a^2*d^4*x + (B*c^2*e^4*x \\
&^10)/10
\end{aligned}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 377, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^2 dx \\
&= \frac{x(126b^2c^2e^4x^9 + 140a^2c^2e^4x^8 + 560b^2c^2de^3x^8 + 315abc^2e^4x^7 + 630a^2c^2de^3x^7 + 945b^2c^2d^2e^2x^7 + 360a^2ce^4x^6 + 126b^2c^2d^2e^2x^6 + 140a^2c^2de^3x^6 + 560b^2c^2d^2e^2x^5 + 315abc^2d^2e^2x^5 + 630a^2c^2d^2e^2x^4 + 945b^2c^2d^2e^2x^4 + 360a^2ce^4x^3 + 126b^2c^2d^2e^2x^3 + 140a^2c^2de^3x^3 + 560b^2c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 315abc^2d^2e^2x^2 + 630a^2c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 945b^2c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 360a^2ce^4x + 126b^2c^2d^2e^2x + 140a^2c^2de^3x + 560b^2c^2d^2e^2x + 315abc^2d^2e^2x + 630a^2c^2d^2e^2x + 945b^2c^2d^2e^2x + 360a^2ce^4x)}{10}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output `(x*(1260*a**3*d**4 + 2520*a**3*d**3*e*x + 2520*a**3*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 1260*a**3*d*e**3*x**3 + 252*a**3*e**4*x**4 + 630*a**2*b*d**4*x + 1680*a**2*b*d**3*e*x**2 + 1890*a**2*b*d**2*e**2*x**3 + 1008*a**2*b*d*e**3*x**4 + 210*a**2*b*e**4*x**5 + 840*a**2*c*d**4*x**2 + 2520*a**2*c*d**3*e*x**3 + 3024*a**2*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 + 1680*a**2*c*d*e**3*x**5 + 360*a**2*c*e**4*x**6 + 630*a*b*c*d**4*x**3 + 2016*a*b*c*d**3*e*x**4 + 2520*a*b*c*d**2*e**2*x**5 + 1440*a*b*c*d*e**3*x**6 + 315*a*b*c*e**4*x**7 + 252*a*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 840*a*c**2*d**3*e*x**5 + 1080*a*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**6 + 630*a*c**2*d*e**3*x**7 + 140*a*c**2*e**4*x**8 + 210*b*c**2*d**4*x**5 + 720*b*c**2*d**3*e*x**6 + 945*b*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**7 + 560*b*c**2*d*e**3*x**8 + 126*b*c**2*e**4*x**9))/1260`

3.48 $\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	425
Mathematica [A] (verified)	426
Rubi [A] (verified)	426
Maple [A] (verified)	428
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	428
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	429
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	430
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	431
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	432
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	432

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = -\frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^4}{4e^6} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)(5Bcd^2 - 4Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^5}{5e^6} - \frac{c(5Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)(d + ex)^6}{3e^6} + \frac{2c(5Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^7}{7e^6} - \frac{c^2(5Bd - Ae)(d + ex)^8}{8e^6} + \frac{Bc^2(d + ex)^9}{9e^6}$$

output

```
-1/4*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^4/e^6+1/5*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-4*A*c*d*
e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^5/e^6-1/3*c*(-A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2
+5*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^6/e^6+2/7*c*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^7/e
^6-1/8*c^2*(-A*e+5*B*d)*(e*x+d)^8/e^6+1/9*B*c^2*(e*x+d)^9/e^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = a^2 Ad^3 x + \frac{1}{2} a^2 d^2 (Bd + 3Ae) x^2 + \frac{1}{3} ad(2Acd^2 + 3aBde + 3aAe^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{4} a(2Bcd^3 + 6Acd^2 e + 3aBde^2 + aAe^3) x^4 + \frac{1}{5} (Ac^2 d^3 + 6aBcd^2 e + 6aAcde^2 + a^2 Be^3) x^5 + \frac{1}{6} c(Bcd^3 + 3Acd^2 e + 6aBde^2 + 2aAe^3) x^6 + \frac{1}{7} ce(3Bcd^2 + 3Acde + 2aBe^2) x^7 + \frac{1}{8} c^2 e^2 (3Bd + Ae) x^8 + \frac{1}{9} Bc^2 e^3 x^9$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
a^2*A*d^3*x + (a^2*d^2*(B*d + 3*A*e)*x^2)/2 + (a*d*(2*A*c*d^2 + 3*a*B*d*e + 3*a*A*e^2)*x^3)/3 + (a*(2*B*c*d^3 + 6*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 + a*A*e^3)*x^4)/4 + ((A*c^2*d^3 + 6*a*B*c*d^2*e + 6*a*A*c*d*e^2 + a^2*B*e^3)*x^5)/5 + (c*(B*c*d^3 + 3*A*c*d^2*e + 6*a*B*d*e^2 + 2*a*A*e^3)*x^6)/6 + (c*e*(3*B*c*d^2 + 3*A*c*d*e + 2*a*B*e^2)*x^7)/7 + (c^2*e^2*(3*B*d + A*e)*x^8)/8 + (B*c^2*e^3*x^9)/9
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{2c(d+ex)^6(-aBe^2+2Acde-5Bcd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{(d+ex)^4(ae^2+cd^2)(aBe^2-4Acde+5Bcd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{(d+ex)^3(d+ex)(aBe^2-4Acde+5Bcd^2)}{e^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2c(d+ex)^7(aBe^2-2Acde+5Bcd^2)}{7e^6} + \frac{(d+ex)^5(ae^2+cd^2)(aBe^2-4Acde+5Bcd^2)}{5e^6} - \frac{(d+ex)^4(ae^2+cd^2)^2(Bd-Ae)}{4e^6} - \frac{c(d+ex)^6(-aAe^3+3aBde^2-3Acd^2e+5Bcd^3)}{8e^6} - \frac{c^2(d+ex)^8(5Bd-Ae)}{8e^6} + \frac{Bc^2(d+ex)^9}{9e^6}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/4*((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^4)/e^6 + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^5)/(5*e^6) - (c*(5*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^6)/(3*e^6) + (2*c*(5*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^6) - (c^2*(5*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^8)/(8*e^6) + (B*c^2*(d + e*x)^9)/(9*e^6)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
default	$\frac{B e^3 c^2 x^9}{9} + \frac{(A e^3 + 3 B d e^2) c^2 x^8}{8} + \frac{((3 A d e^2 + 3 B d^2 e) c^2 + 2 B e^3 a c) x^7}{7} + \frac{((3 A d^2 e + B d^3) c^2 + 2 (A e^3 + 3 B d e^2) a c) x^6}{6} +$
norman	$\frac{B e^3 c^2 x^9}{9} + (\frac{1}{8} A c^2 e^3 + \frac{3}{8} B c^2 d e^2) x^8 + (\frac{3}{7} A c^2 d e^2 + \frac{2}{7} B e^3 a c + \frac{3}{7} B c^2 d^2 e) x^7 + (\frac{1}{3} A a c e^3 + \frac{1}{2}$
gosper	$\frac{1}{9} B e^3 c^2 x^9 + \frac{1}{8} x^8 A c^2 e^3 + \frac{3}{8} x^8 B c^2 d e^2 + \frac{3}{7} x^7 A c^2 d e^2 + \frac{2}{7} x^7 B e^3 a c + \frac{3}{7} x^7 B c^2 d^2 e + \frac{1}{3} x^6 A a c$
risch	$\frac{1}{9} B e^3 c^2 x^9 + \frac{1}{8} x^8 A c^2 e^3 + \frac{3}{8} x^8 B c^2 d e^2 + \frac{3}{7} x^7 A c^2 d e^2 + \frac{2}{7} x^7 B e^3 a c + \frac{3}{7} x^7 B c^2 d^2 e + \frac{1}{3} x^6 A a c$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{9} B e^3 c^2 x^9 + \frac{1}{8} x^8 A c^2 e^3 + \frac{3}{8} x^8 B c^2 d e^2 + \frac{3}{7} x^7 A c^2 d e^2 + \frac{2}{7} x^7 B e^3 a c + \frac{3}{7} x^7 B c^2 d^2 e + \frac{1}{3} x^6 A a c$
orering	$x(280 B e^3 c^2 x^8 + 315 A c^2 e^3 x^7 + 945 B c^2 d e^2 x^7 + 1080 A c^2 d e^2 x^6 + 720 B a c e^3 x^6 + 1080 B c^2 d^2 e x^6 + 840 A a c e^3 x^5 + 1260 A c^2 d^2 e$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{9} B e^3 c^2 x^9 + \frac{1}{8} (A e^3 + 3 B d e^2) c^2 x^8 + \frac{1}{7} ((3 A d e^2 + 3 B d^2 e) c^2 + 2 (A e^3 + 3 B d e^2) a c) x^7 + \frac{1}{6} ((3 A d^2 e + B d^3) c^2 + 2 (A e^3 + 3 B d e^2) a c) x^6 + \frac{1}{5} (A c^2 d^3 + 2 (3 A d e^2 + 3 B d^2 e) a c + B e^3 a^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (2 (3 A d^2 e + B d^3) a c + (A e^3 + 3 B d e^2) a^2) x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (2 A d^3 a c + (3 A d e^2 + 3 B d^2 e) a^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (3 A d^2 e + B d^3) a^2 x^2 + A d^3 a^2 x$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{9} B c^2 e^3 x^9 + \frac{1}{8} (3 B c^2 d e^2 + A c^2 e^3) x^8$$

$$+ \frac{1}{7} (3 B c^2 d^2 e + 3 A c^2 d e^2 + 2 B a c e^3) x^7 + A a^2 d^3 x^6$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6} (B c^2 d^3 + 3 A c^2 d^2 e + 6 B a c d e^2 + 2 A a c e^3) x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5} (A c^2 d^3 + 6 B a c d^2 e + 6 A a c d e^2 + B a^2 e^3) x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} (2 B a c d^3 + 6 A a c d^2 e + 3 B a^2 d e^2 + A a^2 e^3) x^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (2 A a c d^3 + 3 B a^2 d^2 e + 3 A a^2 d e^2) x^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (B a^2 d^3 + 3 A a^2 d^2 e) x$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/9*B*c^2*e^3*x^9 + 1/8*(3*B*c^2*d*e^2 + A*c^2*e^3)*x^8 + 1/7*(3*B*c^2*d^2 \\ & *e + 3*A*c^2*d*e^2 + 2*B*a*c*e^3)*x^7 + A*a^2*d^3*x + 1/6*(B*c^2*d^3 + 3*A \\ & *c^2*d^2*e + 6*B*a*c*d*e^2 + 2*A*a*c*e^3)*x^6 + 1/5*(A*c^2*d^3 + 6*B*a*c*d \\ & ^2*e + 6*A*a*c*d*e^2 + B*a^2*e^3)*x^5 + 1/4*(2*B*a*c*d^3 + 6*A*a*c*d^2*e + \\ & 3*B*a^2*d*e^2 + A*a^2*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(2*A*a*c*d^3 + 3*B*a^2*d^2*e + 3*A*a \\ & ^2*d*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^2*d^3 + 3*A*a^2*d^2*e)*x^2 \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\begin{aligned} \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = & Aa^2d^3x + \frac{Bc^2e^3x^9}{9} + x^8 \left(\frac{Ac^2e^3}{8} + \frac{3Bc^2de^2}{8} \right) \\ & + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{3Ac^2de^2}{7} + \frac{2Bace^3}{7} + \frac{3Bc^2d^2e}{7} \right) \\ & + x^6 \left(\frac{Aace^3}{3} + \frac{Ac^2d^2e}{2} + Bacde^2 + \frac{Bc^2d^3}{6} \right) \\ & + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{6Aacde^2}{5} + \frac{Ac^2d^3}{5} + \frac{Ba^2e^3}{5} + \frac{6Bacd^2e}{5} \right) \\ & + x^4 \left(\frac{Aa^2e^3}{4} + \frac{3Aacd^2e}{2} + \frac{3Ba^2de^2}{4} + \frac{Bacd^3}{2} \right) \\ & + x^3 \left(Aa^2de^2 + \frac{2Aacd^3}{3} + Ba^2d^2e \right) \\ & + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3Aa^2d^2e}{2} + \frac{Ba^2d^3}{2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**3*(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output

```
A*a**2*d**3*x + B*c**2*e**3*x**9/9 + x**8*(A*c**2*e**3/8 + 3*B*c**2*d*e**2/8) + x**7*(3*A*c**2*d*e**2/7 + 2*B*a*c*e**3/7 + 3*B*c**2*d**2*e/7) + x**6*(A*a*c*e**3/3 + A*c**2*d**2*e/2 + B*a*c*d*e**2 + B*c**2*d**3/6) + x**5*(6*A*a*c*d*e**2/5 + A*c**2*d**3/5 + B*a**2*e**3/5 + 6*B*a*c*d**2*e/5) + x**4*(A*a**2*e**3/4 + 3*A*a*c*d**2*e/2 + 3*B*a**2*d*e**2/4 + B*a*c*d**3/2) + x**3*(A*a**2*d*e**2 + 2*A*a*c*d**3/3 + B*a**2*d**2*e) + x**2*(3*A*a**2*d**2*e/2 + B*a**2*d**3/2)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{9} Bc^2 e^3 x^9 + \frac{1}{8} (3 Bc^2 d e^2 + Ac^2 e^3) x^8 + \frac{1}{7} (3 Bc^2 d^2 e + 3 Ac^2 d e^2 + 2 Bace^3) x^7 + Aa^2 d^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{6} (Bc^2 d^3 + 3 Ac^2 d^2 e + 6 Bacd e^2 + 2 Aace^3) x^5 + \frac{1}{5} (Ac^2 d^3 + 6 Bacd^2 e + 6 Aacde^2 + Ba^2 e^3) x^4 + \frac{1}{4} (2 Bacd^3 + 6 Aacd^2 e + 3 Ba^2 d e^2 + Aa^2 e^3) x^3 + \frac{1}{3} (2 Aacd^3 + 3 Ba^2 d^2 e + 3 Aa^2 d e^2) x^2 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^2 d^3 + 3 Aa^2 d^2 e) x^2$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/9*B*c^2*e^3*x^9 + 1/8*(3*B*c^2*d*e^2 + A*c^2*e^3)*x^8 + 1/7*(3*B*c^2*d^2*e + 3*A*c^2*d*e^2 + 2*B*a*c*e^3)*x^7 + A*a^2*d^3*x + 1/6*(B*c^2*d^3 + 3*A*c^2*d^2*e + 6*B*a*c*d*e^2 + 2*A*a*c*e^3)*x^6 + 1/5*(A*c^2*d^3 + 6*B*a*c*d^2*e + 6*A*a*c*d*e^2 + B*a^2*e^3)*x^5 + 1/4*(2*B*a*c*d^3 + 6*A*a*c*d^2*e + 3*B*a^2*d*e^2 + A*a^2*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(2*A*a*c*d^3 + 3*B*a^2*d^2*e + 3*A*a^2*d*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^2*d^3 + 3*A*a^2*d^2*e)*x^2
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = & \frac{1}{9} Bc^2 e^3 x^9 + \frac{3}{8} Bc^2 d e^2 x^8 + \frac{1}{8} Ac^2 e^3 x^8 \\
& + \frac{3}{7} Bc^2 d^2 e x^7 + \frac{3}{7} Ac^2 d e^2 x^7 + \frac{2}{7} Bace^3 x^7 \\
& + \frac{1}{6} Bc^2 d^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{2} Ac^2 d^2 e x^6 + Bacd e^2 x^6 \\
& + \frac{1}{3} Aace^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{5} Ac^2 d^3 x^5 + \frac{6}{5} Bacd^2 e x^5 \\
& + \frac{6}{5} Aacd e^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{5} Ba^2 e^3 x^5 + \frac{1}{2} Bacd^3 x^4 \\
& + \frac{3}{2} Aacd^2 e x^4 + \frac{3}{4} Ba^2 d e^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{4} Aa^2 e^3 x^4 \\
& + \frac{2}{3} Aacd^3 x^3 + Ba^2 d^2 e x^3 + Aa^2 d e^2 x^3 \\
& + \frac{1}{2} Ba^2 d^3 x^2 + \frac{3}{2} Aa^2 d^2 e x^2 + Aa^2 d^3 x
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/9*B*c^2*e^3*x^9 + 3/8*B*c^2*d*e^2*x^8 + 1/8*A*c^2*e^3*x^8 + 3/7*B*c^2*d^2*e*x^7 + 3/7*A*c^2*d*e^2*x^7 + 2/7*B*a*c*e^3*x^7 + 1/6*B*c^2*d^3*x^6 + 1/2*A*c^2*d^2*e*x^6 + B*a*c*d*e^2*x^6 + 1/3*A*a*c*e^3*x^6 + 1/5*A*c^2*d^3*x^5 + 6/5*B*a*c*d^2*e*x^5 + 6/5*A*a*c*d*e^2*x^5 + 1/5*B*a^2*e^3*x^5 + 1/2*B*a*c*d^3*x^4 + 3/2*A*a*c*d^2*e*x^4 + 3/4*B*a^2*d*e^2*x^4 + 1/4*A*a^2*e^3*x^4 + 2/3*A*a*c*d^3*x^3 + B*a^2*d^2*e*x^3 + A*a^2*d*e^2*x^3 + 1/2*B*a^2*d^3*x^2 + 3/2*A*a^2*d^2*e*x^2 + A*a^2*d^3*x`

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output `(x*(2520*a**3*d**3 + 3780*a**3*d**2*e*x + 2520*a**3*d*e**2*x**2 + 630*a**3*e**3*x**3 + 1260*a**2*b*d**3*x + 2520*a**2*b*d**2*e*x**2 + 1890*a**2*b*d*e**2*x**3 + 504*a**2*b*e**3*x**4 + 1680*a**2*c*d**3*x**2 + 3780*a**2*c*d**2*e*x**3 + 3024*a**2*c*d*e**2*x**4 + 840*a**2*c*e**3*x**5 + 1260*a*b*c*d**3*x**3 + 3024*a*b*c*d**2*e*x**4 + 2520*a*b*c*d*e**2*x**5 + 720*a*b*c*e**3*x**6 + 504*a*c**2*d**3*x**4 + 1260*a*c**2*d**2*e*x**5 + 1080*a*c**2*d*e**2*x**6 + 315*a*c**2*e**3*x**7 + 420*b*c**2*d**3*x**5 + 1080*b*c**2*d**2*e*x**6 + 945*b*c**2*d*e**2*x**7 + 280*b*c**2*e**3*x**8))/2520`

3.49 $\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	434
Mathematica [A] (verified)	435
Rubi [A] (verified)	435
Maple [A] (verified)	437
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	437
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	438
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	439
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	439
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	440
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	441

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= -\frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^3}{3e^6}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)(5Bcd^2 - 4Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^4}{4e^6}$$

$$- \frac{2c(5Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)(d + ex)^5}{5e^6}$$

$$+ \frac{c(5Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^6}{3e^6} - \frac{c^2(5Bd - Ae)(d + ex)^7}{7e^6} + \frac{Bc^2(d + ex)^8}{8e^6}$$

```
output -1/3*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^3/e^6+1/4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-4*A*c*d*
e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^4/e^6-2/5*c*(-A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2
+5*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^5/e^6+1/3*c*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^6/e
^6-1/7*c^2*(-A*e+5*B*d)*(e*x+d)^7/e^6+1/8*B*c^2*(e*x+d)^8/e^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = a^2 Ad^2 x + \frac{1}{2} a^2 d(Bd + 2Ae)x^2 + \frac{1}{3} a(2Acd^2 + 2aBde + aAe^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{4} a(2Bcd^2 + 4Acde + aBe^2) x^4 + \frac{1}{5} c(Acd^2 + 4aBde + 2aAe^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{6} c(Bcd^2 + 2Acde + 2aBe^2) x^6 + \frac{1}{7} c^2 e(2Bd + Ae)x^7 + \frac{1}{8} Bc^2 e^2 x^8$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
a^2*A*d^2*x + (a^2*d*(B*d + 2*A*e)*x^2)/2 + (a*(2*A*c*d^2 + 2*a*B*d*e + a*A*e^2)*x^3)/3 + (a*(2*B*c*d^2 + 4*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*x^4)/4 + (c*(A*c*d^2 + 4*a*B*d*e + 2*a*A*e^2)*x^5)/5 + (c*(B*c*d^2 + 2*A*c*d*e + 2*a*B*e^2)*x^6)/6 + (c^2*e*(2*B*d + A*e)*x^7)/7 + (B*c^2*e^2*x^8)/8
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{2c(d+ex)^5(-aBe^2+2Acde-5Bcd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{(d+ex)^3(ae^2+cd^2)(aBe^2-4Acde+5Bcd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{(d+ex)^2(d+ex)(aBe^2-4Acde+5Bcd^2)}{e^5} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{c(d+ex)^6(aBe^2-2Acde+5Bcd^2)}{3e^6} + \frac{(d+ex)^4(ae^2+cd^2)(aBe^2-4Acde+5Bcd^2)}{4e^6} - \frac{(d+ex)^3(ae^2+cd^2)^2(Bd-Ae)}{3e^6} - \frac{2c(d+ex)^5(-aAe^3+3aBde^2-3Acd^2e+5Bcd^3)}{5e^6} - \frac{c^2(d+ex)^7(5Bd-Ae)}{7e^6} + \frac{Bc^2(d+ex)^8}{8e^6}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/3*((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^3)/e^6 + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^4)/(4*e^6) - (2*c*(5*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^5)/(5*e^6) + (c*(5*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^6)/(3*e^6) - (c^2*(5*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^6) + (B*c^2*(d + e*x)^8)/(8*e^6)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
default	$\frac{B e^2 c^2 x^8}{8} + \frac{(A e^2 + 2Bde)c^2 x^7}{7} + \frac{((2Ade + B d^2)c^2 + 2B e^2 ac)x^6}{6} + \frac{(A c^2 d^2 + 2(A e^2 + 2Bde)ac)x^5}{5} + \frac{(2(2Ade + B d^2))x^4}{4}$
norman	$\frac{B e^2 c^2 x^8}{8} + (\frac{1}{7}A c^2 e^2 + \frac{2}{7}B c^2 de) x^7 + (\frac{1}{3}A c^2 de + \frac{1}{3}B e^2 ac + \frac{1}{6}B c^2 d^2) x^6 + (\frac{2}{5}Aac e^2 + \frac{1}{5}A c^2 d^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{5}Aac d^2 x^4$
gosper	$\frac{1}{8}B e^2 c^2 x^8 + \frac{1}{7}x^7 A c^2 e^2 + \frac{2}{7}x^7 B c^2 de + \frac{1}{3}x^6 A c^2 de + \frac{1}{3}x^6 B e^2 ac + \frac{1}{6}x^6 B c^2 d^2 + \frac{2}{5}x^5 Aac e^2 + \frac{1}{5}x^5 A c^2 d^2$
risch	$\frac{1}{8}B e^2 c^2 x^8 + \frac{1}{7}x^7 A c^2 e^2 + \frac{2}{7}x^7 B c^2 de + \frac{1}{3}x^6 A c^2 de + \frac{1}{3}x^6 B e^2 ac + \frac{1}{6}x^6 B c^2 d^2 + \frac{2}{5}x^5 Aac e^2 + \frac{1}{5}x^5 A c^2 d^2$
paralelrisch	$\frac{1}{8}B e^2 c^2 x^8 + \frac{1}{7}x^7 A c^2 e^2 + \frac{2}{7}x^7 B c^2 de + \frac{1}{3}x^6 A c^2 de + \frac{1}{3}x^6 B e^2 ac + \frac{1}{6}x^6 B c^2 d^2 + \frac{2}{5}x^5 Aac e^2 + \frac{1}{5}x^5 A c^2 d^2$
orering	$x(105B e^2 c^2 x^7 + 120A c^2 e^2 x^6 + 240B c^2 de x^6 + 280A c^2 de x^5 + 280Bac e^2 x^5 + 140B c^2 d^2 x^5 + 336Aac e^2 x^4 + 168A c^2 d^2 x^4 + 672Aac d^2 x^3 + 168A c^2 d^2 x^3 + 144Aac d^2 x^2 + 144A c^2 d^2 x^2 + 144Aac d^2 x + 144A c^2 d^2)$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8*B*e^2*c^2*x^8+1/7*(A*e^2+2*B*d*e)*c^2*x^7+1/6*((2*A*d*e+B*d^2)*c^2+2*B*e^2*a*c)*x^6+1/5*(A*c^2*d^2+2*(A*e^2+2*B*d*e)*a*c)*x^5+1/4*(2*(2*A*d*e+B*d^2)*a*c+B*e^2*a^2)*x^4+1/3*(2*A*d^2*a*c+(A*e^2+2*B*d*e)*a^2)*x^3+1/2*(2*A*d*e+B*d^2)*a^2*x^2+A*a^2*d^2*x`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{8} Bc^2 e^2 x^8 + \frac{1}{7} (2Bc^2 de + Ac^2 e^2) x^7 + \frac{1}{6} (Bc^2 d^2 + 2Ac^2 de + 2Bace^2) x^6 + Aa^2 d^2 x + \frac{1}{5} (Ac^2 d^2 + 4Bacde + 2Aace^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (2Bacd^2 + 4Aacde + Ba^2 e^2) x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (2Aacd^2 + 2Ba^2 de + Aa^2 e^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^2 d^2 + 2Aa^2 de) x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/8*B*c^2*e^2*x^8 + 1/7*(2*B*c^2*d*e + A*c^2*e^2)*x^7 + 1/6*(B*c^2*d^2 + 2
*A*c^2*d*e + 2*B*a*c*e^2)*x^6 + A*a^2*d^2*x + 1/5*(A*c^2*d^2 + 4*B*a*c*d*e
+ 2*A*a*c*e^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(2*B*a*c*d^2 + 4*A*a*c*d*e + B*a^2*e^2)*x^4 + 1/
3*(2*A*a*c*d^2 + 2*B*a^2*d*e + A*a^2*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^2*d^2 + 2*A*a^2*d
*e)*x^2
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = Aa^2d^2x + \frac{Bc^2e^2x^8}{8} + x^7 \left(\frac{Ac^2e^2}{7} + \frac{2Bc^2de}{7} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{Ac^2de}{3} + \frac{Bace^2}{3} + \frac{Bc^2d^2}{6} \right) + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{2Aace^2}{5} + \frac{Ac^2d^2}{5} + \frac{4Bacde}{5} \right) + x^4 \left(Aacde + \frac{Ba^2e^2}{4} + \frac{Bacd^2}{2} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{Aa^2e^2}{3} + \frac{2Aacd^2}{3} + \frac{2Ba^2de}{3} \right) + x^2 \left(Aa^2de + \frac{Ba^2d^2}{2} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**2*(c*x**2+a)**2,x)
```

output

```
A*a**2*d**2*x + B*c**2*e**2*x**8/8 + x**7*(A*c**2*e**2/7 + 2*B*c**2*d*e/7)
+ x**6*(A*c**2*d*e/3 + B*a*c*e**2/3 + B*c**2*d**2/6) + x**5*(2*A*a*c*e**2
/5 + A*c**2*d**2/5 + 4*B*a*c*d*e/5) + x**4*(A*a*c*d*e + B*a**2*e**2/4 + B*
a*c*d**2/2) + x**3*(A*a**2*e**2/3 + 2*A*a*c*d**2/3 + 2*B*a**2*d*e/3) + x**
2*(A*a**2*d*e + B*a**2*d**2/2)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{8} Bc^2 e^2 x^8 + \frac{1}{7} (2 Bc^2 de + Ac^2 e^2) x^7$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6} (Bc^2 d^2 + 2 Ac^2 de + 2 Bace^2) x^6 + Aa^2 d^2 x$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5} (Ac^2 d^2 + 4 Bacde + 2 Aace^2) x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} (2 Bacd^2 + 4 Aacde + Ba^2 e^2) x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (2 Aacd^2 + 2 Ba^2 de + Aa^2 e^2) x^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (Ba^2 d^2 + 2 Aa^2 de) x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/8*B*c^2*e^2*x^8 + 1/7*(2*B*c^2*d*e + A*c^2*e^2)*x^7 + 1/6*(B*c^2*d^2 + 2
*A*c^2*d*e + 2*B*a*c*e^2)*x^6 + A*a^2*d^2*x + 1/5*(A*c^2*d^2 + 4*B*a*c*d*e
+ 2*A*a*c*e^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(2*B*a*c*d^2 + 4*A*a*c*d*e + B*a^2*e^2)*x^4 + 1/
3*(2*A*a*c*d^2 + 2*B*a^2*d*e + A*a^2*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^2*d^2 + 2*A*a^2*d
*e)*x^2
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{8} Bc^2 e^2 x^8 + \frac{2}{7} Bc^2 dex^7 + \frac{1}{7} Ac^2 e^2 x^7 + \frac{1}{6} Bc^2 d^2 x^6$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} Ac^2 dex^6 + \frac{1}{3} Bace^2 x^6 + \frac{1}{5} Ac^2 d^2 x^5$$

$$+ \frac{4}{5} Bacdex^5 + \frac{2}{5} Aace^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{2} Bacd^2 x^4$$

$$+ Aacdex^4 + \frac{1}{4} Ba^2 e^2 x^4 + \frac{2}{3} Aacd^2 x^3 + \frac{2}{3} Ba^2 dex^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} Aa^2 e^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} Ba^2 d^2 x^2 + Aa^2 dex^2 + Aa^2 d^2 x$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*B*c^2*e^2*x^8 + 2/7*B*c^2*d*e*x^7 + 1/7*A*c^2*e^2*x^7 + 1/6*B*c^2*d^2*x^6 + 1/3*A*c^2*d*e*x^6 + 1/3*B*a*c*e^2*x^6 + 1/5*A*c^2*d^2*x^5 + 4/5*B*a*c*d*e*x^5 + 2/5*A*a*c*e^2*x^5 + 1/2*B*a*c*d^2*x^4 + A*a*c*d*e*x^4 + 1/4*B*a^2*e^2*x^4 + 2/3*A*a*c*d^2*x^3 + 2/3*B*a^2*d*e*x^3 + 1/3*A*a^2*e^2*x^3 + 1/2*B*a^2*d^2*x^2 + A*a^2*d*e*x^2 + A*a^2*d^2*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = x^3 \left(\frac{2Ba^2de}{3} + \frac{Aa^2e^2}{3} + \frac{2Acad^2}{3} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{Bc^2d^2}{6} + \frac{Ac^2de}{3} + \frac{Bace^2}{3} \right) + \frac{cx^5 (Acd^2 + 4Bade + 2Aae^2)}{5} + \frac{ax^4 (2Bcd^2 + 4Acde + Ba e^2)}{4} + Aa^2d^2x + \frac{a^2dx^2 (2Ae + Bd)}{2} + \frac{c^2ex^7 (Ae + 2Bd)}{7} + \frac{Bc^2e^2x^8}{8}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `x^3*((A*a^2*e^2)/3 + (2*A*a*c*d^2)/3 + (2*B*a^2*d*e)/3) + x^6*((B*c^2*d^2)/6 + (B*a*c*e^2)/3 + (A*c^2*d*e)/3) + (c*x^5*(2*A*a*e^2 + A*c*d^2 + 4*B*a*d*e))/5 + (a*x^4*(B*a*e^2 + 2*B*c*d^2 + 4*A*c*d*e))/4 + A*a^2*d^2*x + (a^2*d*x^2*(2*A*e + B*d))/2 + (c^2*e*x^7*(A*e + 2*B*d))/7 + (B*c^2*e^2*x^8)/8`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(105bc^2e^2x^7 + 120ac^2e^2x^6 + 240bc^2dex^6 + 280abc^2e^2x^5 + 280ac^2dex^5 + 140bc^2d^2x^5 + 336a^2ce^2x^4 + 105b^2c^2e^2x^3 + 120abc^2e^2x^2 + 105a^2bc^2e^2x + 105a^2b^2c^2e^2)}{840}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`output `(x*(840*a**3*d**2 + 840*a**3*d*e*x + 280*a**3*e**2*x**2 + 420*a**2*b*d**2*x + 560*a**2*b*d*e*x**2 + 210*a**2*b*e**2*x**3 + 560*a**2*c*d**2*x**2 + 840*a**2*c*d*e*x**3 + 336*a**2*c*e**2*x**4 + 420*a*b*c*d**2*x**3 + 672*a*b*c*d*e*x**4 + 280*a*b*c*e**2*x**5 + 168*a*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 280*a*c**2*d*e*x**5 + 120*a*c**2*e**2*x**6 + 140*b*c**2*d**2*x**5 + 240*b*c**2*d*e*x**6 + 105*b*c**2*e**2*x**7))/840`

3.50 $\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	442
Mathematica [A] (verified)	442
Rubi [A] (verified)	443
Maple [A] (verified)	444
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	445
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	445
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	446
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	446
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	447
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	447

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 106

$$\begin{aligned} \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2 dx = & a^2 Adx + \frac{1}{2}a^2(Bd + Ae)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}a(2Acd + aBe)x^3 \\ & + \frac{1}{2}ac(Bd + Ae)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}c(Acd + 2aBe)x^5 \\ & + \frac{1}{6}c^2(Bd + Ae)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}Bc^2ex^7 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
a^2*A*d*x+1/2*a^2*(A*e+B*d)*x^2+1/3*a*(2*A*c*d+B*a*e)*x^3+1/2*a*c*(A*e+B*d)*x^4+1/5*c*(A*c*d+2*B*a*e)*x^5+1/6*c^2*(A*e+B*d)*x^6+1/7*B*c^2*e*x^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\begin{aligned} \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2 dx = & \frac{1}{210}x(35a^2(3A(2d + ex) + Bx(3d + 2ex)) \\ & + 7acx^2(5A(4d + 3ex) + 3Bx(5d + 4ex)) \\ & + c^2x^4(7A(6d + 5ex) + 5Bx(7d + 6ex))) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(x*(35*a^2*(3*A*(2*d + e*x) + B*x*(3*d + 2*e*x)) + 7*a*c*x^2*(5*A*(4*d + 3
*e*x) + 3*B*x*(5*d + 4*e*x)) + c^2*x^4*(7*A*(6*d + 5*e*x) + 5*B*x*(7*d + 6
*e*x))))/210
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx)(d + ex) dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int (a^2x(Ae + Bd) + a^2Ad + cx^4(2aBe + Acd) + 2acx^3(Ae + Bd) + ax^2(aBe + 2Acd) + c^2x^5(Ae + Bd) + Bc^2ex^6) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{2}a^2x^2(Ae + Bd) + a^2Adx + \frac{1}{5}cx^5(2aBe + Acd) + \frac{1}{2}acx^4(Ae + Bd) + \frac{1}{3}ax^3(aBe + 2Acd) + \frac{1}{6}c^2x^6(Ae + Bd) + \frac{1}{7}Bc^2ex^7$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
a^2*A*d*x + (a^2*(B*d + A*e)*x^2)/2 + (a*(2*A*c*d + a*B*e)*x^3)/3 + (a*c*(
B*d + A*e)*x^4)/2 + (c*(A*c*d + 2*a*B*e)*x^5)/5 + (c^2*(B*d + A*e)*x^6)/6
+ (B*c^2*e*x^7)/7
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 652

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
default	$\frac{B c^2 e x^7}{7} + \frac{c^2 (A e + B d) x^6}{6} + \frac{(A c^2 d + 2 B e a c) x^5}{5} + \frac{a c (A e + B d) x^4}{2} + \frac{(2 A a c d + B e a^2) x^3}{3} + \frac{a^2 (A e + B d) x^2}{2} + a^2 A d$
norman	$\frac{B c^2 e x^7}{7} + \left(\frac{1}{6} A c^2 e + \frac{1}{6} B c^2 d\right) x^6 + \left(\frac{1}{5} A c^2 d + \frac{2}{5} B e a c\right) x^5 + \left(\frac{1}{2} A a c e + \frac{1}{2} B a c d\right) x^4 + \left(\frac{2}{3} A a c d$
orering	$\frac{x(30 B e c^2 x^6 + 35 A c^2 e x^5 + 35 B c^2 d x^5 + 42 A c^2 d x^4 + 84 B a c e x^4 + 105 A a c e x^3 + 105 B a c d x^3 + 140 A a c d x^2 + 70 B a^2 e x^2 + 105 A a^2 d x + 35 a^3 e + 35 a^3 d)}{210}$
gosper	$\frac{1}{7} B c^2 e x^7 + \frac{1}{6} x^6 A c^2 e + \frac{1}{6} x^6 B c^2 d + \frac{1}{5} x^5 A c^2 d + \frac{2}{5} x^5 B e a c + \frac{1}{2} x^4 A a c e + \frac{1}{2} x^4 B a c d + \frac{2}{3} x^3 A a c d$
risch	$\frac{1}{7} B c^2 e x^7 + \frac{1}{6} x^6 A c^2 e + \frac{1}{6} x^6 B c^2 d + \frac{1}{5} x^5 A c^2 d + \frac{2}{5} x^5 B e a c + \frac{1}{2} x^4 A a c e + \frac{1}{2} x^4 B a c d + \frac{2}{3} x^3 A a c d$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{7} B c^2 e x^7 + \frac{1}{6} x^6 A c^2 e + \frac{1}{6} x^6 B c^2 d + \frac{1}{5} x^5 A c^2 d + \frac{2}{5} x^5 B e a c + \frac{1}{2} x^4 A a c e + \frac{1}{2} x^4 B a c d + \frac{2}{3} x^3 A a c d$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/7*B*c^2*e*x^7+1/6*c^2*(A*e+B*d)*x^6+1/5*(A*c^2*d+2*B*a*c*e)*x^5+1/2*a*c*(A*e+B*d)*x^4+1/3*(2*A*a*c*d+B*a^2*e)*x^3+1/2*a^2*(A*e+B*d)*x^2+a^2*A*d*x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{7} Bc^2ex^7 + \frac{1}{6} (Bc^2d + Ac^2e)x^6$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5} (Ac^2d + 2Bace)x^5$$

$$+ Aa^2dx + \frac{1}{2} (Bacd + Aace)x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (2Aacd + Ba^2e)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^2d + Aa^2e)x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/7*B*c^2*e*x^7 + 1/6*(B*c^2*d + A*c^2*e)*x^6 + 1/5*(A*c^2*d + 2*B*a*c*e)*x^5 + A*a^2*d*x + 1/2*(B*a*c*d + A*a*c*e)*x^4 + 1/3*(2*A*a*c*d + B*a^2*e)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^2*d + A*a^2*e)*x^2`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2 dx = Aa^2dx + \frac{Bc^2ex^7}{7} + x^6 \left(\frac{Ac^2e}{6} + \frac{Bc^2d}{6} \right)$$

$$+ x^5 \left(\frac{Ac^2d}{5} + \frac{2Bace}{5} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{Aace}{2} + \frac{Bacd}{2} \right)$$

$$+ x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{2Aacd}{3} + \frac{Ba^2e}{3} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{Aa^2e}{2} + \frac{Ba^2d}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)*(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`output `A*a**2*d*x + B*c**2*e*x**7/7 + x**6*(A*c**2*e/6 + B*c**2*d/6) + x**5*(A*c**2*d/5 + 2*B*a*c*e/5) + x**4*(A*a*c*e/2 + B*a*c*d/2) + x**3*(2*A*a*c*d/3 + B*a**2*e/3) + x**2*(A*a**2*e/2 + B*a**2*d/2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{7} Bc^2 ex^7 + \frac{1}{6} (Bc^2 d + Ac^2 e)x^6$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5} (Ac^2 d + 2 Bace)x^5$$

$$+ Aa^2 dx + \frac{1}{2} (Bacd + Aace)x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (2 Aacd + Ba^2 e)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^2 d + Aa^2 e)x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/7*B*c^2*e*x^7 + 1/6*(B*c^2*d + A*c^2*e)*x^6 + 1/5*(A*c^2*d + 2*B*a*c*e)*x^5 + A*a^2*d*x + 1/2*(B*a*c*d + A*a*c*e)*x^4 + 1/3*(2*A*a*c*d + B*a^2*e)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^2*d + A*a^2*e)*x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{7} Bc^2 ex^7 + \frac{1}{6} Bc^2 dx^6 + \frac{1}{6} Ac^2 ex^6 + \frac{1}{5} Ac^2 dx^5$$

$$+ \frac{2}{5} Bacex^5 + \frac{1}{2} Bacdx^4 + \frac{1}{2} Aacex^4 + \frac{2}{3} Aacd x^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} Ba^2 ex^3 + \frac{1}{2} Ba^2 dx^2 + \frac{1}{2} Aa^2 ex^2 + Aa^2 dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/7*B*c^2*e*x^7 + 1/6*B*c^2*d*x^6 + 1/6*A*c^2*e*x^6 + 1/5*A*c^2*d*x^5 + 2/5*B*a*c*e*x^5 + 1/2*B*a*c*d*x^4 + 1/2*A*a*c*e*x^4 + 2/3*A*a*c*d*x^3 + 1/3*B*a^2*e*x^3 + 1/2*B*a^2*d*x^2 + 1/2*A*a^2*e*x^2 + A*a^2*d*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2 dx = x^3 \left(\frac{Bea^2}{3} + \frac{2Acda}{3} \right) + x^5 \left(\frac{Adc^2}{5} + \frac{2Baec}{5} \right) + \frac{a^2 x^2 (Ae + Bd)}{2} + \frac{c^2 x^6 (Ae + Bd)}{6} + Aa^2 dx + \frac{acx^4 (Ae + Bd)}{2} + \frac{Bc^2 ex^7}{7}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x),x)`output `x^3*((B*a^2*e)/3 + (2*A*a*c*d)/3) + x^5*((A*c^2*d)/5 + (2*B*a*c*e)/5) + (a^2*x^2*(A*e + B*d))/2 + (c^2*x^6*(A*e + B*d))/6 + A*a^2*d*x + (a*c*x^4*(A*e + B*d))/2 + (B*c^2*e*x^7)/7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{x(30bc^2ex^6 + 35a^2c^2ex^5 + 35b^2c^2dx^5 + 84abce^4x^4 + 42a^2c^2dx^4 + 105a^2cex^3 + 105abcdx^3 + 70a^2bex^2 + 210a^3d + 105a^3ex + 105a^2bdx + 70a^2bex^2 + 140a^2c^2dx^2 + 105a^2c^2ex^3 + 105a^2b^2cdx^3 + 84a^2b^2cex^4 + 42a^2c^2d^2x^4 + 35a^2c^2e^2x^5 + 35b^2c^2d^2x^5 + 30b^2c^2e^2x^6)}{210}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`output `(x*(210*a**3*d + 105*a**3*e*x + 105*a**2*b*d*x + 70*a**2*b*e*x**2 + 140*a**2*c*d*x**2 + 105*a**2*c*e*x**3 + 105*a*b*c*d*x**3 + 84*a*b*c*e*x**4 + 42*a*c**2*d*x**4 + 35*a*c**2*e*x**5 + 35*b*c**2*d*x**5 + 30*b*c**2*e*x**6))/210`

3.51 $\int (A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	448
Mathematica [A] (verified)	448
Rubi [A] (verified)	449
Maple [A] (verified)	450
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	450
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	451
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	451
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	451
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	452
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	452

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int (A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2 dx = a^2 Ax + \frac{2}{3} aAcx^3 + \frac{1}{5} Ac^2x^5 + \frac{B(a + cx^2)^3}{6c}$$

output

```
a^2*A*x+2/3*a*A*c*x^3+1/5*A*c^2*x^5+1/6*B*(c*x^2+a)^3/c
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int (A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2 dx = a^2 Ax + \frac{1}{2} a^2 Bx^2 + \frac{2}{3} aAcx^3 + \frac{1}{2} aBcx^4 + \frac{1}{5} Ac^2x^5 + \frac{1}{6} Bc^2x^6$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
a^2*A*x + (a^2*B*x^2)/2 + (2*a*A*c*x^3)/3 + (a*B*c*x^4)/2 + (A*c^2*x^5)/5 + (B*c^2*x^6)/6
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {455, 210, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$A \int (cx^2 + a)^2 dx + \frac{B(a + cx^2)^3}{6c}$$

$$\downarrow 210$$

$$A \int (c^2x^4 + 2acx^2 + a^2) dx + \frac{B(a + cx^2)^3}{6c}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$A \left(a^2x + \frac{2}{3}acx^3 + \frac{c^2x^5}{5} \right) + \frac{B(a + cx^2)^3}{6c}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(B*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(6*c) + A*(a^2*x + (2*a*c*x^3)/3 + (c^2*x^5)/5)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 210 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{1}{6}Bc^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5}Ac^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2}Bacx^4 + \frac{2}{3}aAcx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Ba^2x^2 + a^2Ax$	51
default	$\frac{1}{6}Bc^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5}Ac^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2}Bacx^4 + \frac{2}{3}aAcx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Ba^2x^2 + a^2Ax$	51
norman	$\frac{1}{6}Bc^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5}Ac^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2}Bacx^4 + \frac{2}{3}aAcx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Ba^2x^2 + a^2Ax$	51
risch	$\frac{1}{6}Bc^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5}Ac^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2}Bacx^4 + \frac{2}{3}aAcx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Ba^2x^2 + a^2Ax$	51
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{6}Bc^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5}Ac^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2}Bacx^4 + \frac{2}{3}aAcx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Ba^2x^2 + a^2Ax$	51
orering	$\frac{x(5Bc^2x^5 + 6x^4Ac^2 + 15aBcx^3 + 20Aacx^2 + 15a^2Bx + 30a^2A)}{30}$	52

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $1/6*B*c^2*x^6 + 1/5*A*c^2*x^5 + 1/2*B*a*c*x^4 + 2/3*a*A*c*x^3 + 1/2*B*a^2*x^2 + a^2*A*x$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{6}Bc^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5}Ac^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2}Bacx^4 + \frac{2}{3}Aacx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Ba^2x^2 + Aa^2x$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/6*B*c^2*x^6 + 1/5*A*c^2*x^5 + 1/2*B*a*c*x^4 + 2/3*A*a*c*x^3 + 1/2*B*a^2*x^2 + A*a^2*x$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + cx^2)^2 dx = Aa^2x + \frac{2Aacx^3}{3} + \frac{Ac^2x^5}{5} + \frac{Ba^2x^2}{2} + \frac{Bacx^4}{2} + \frac{Bc^2x^6}{6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`output `A*a**2*x + 2*A*a*c*x**3/3 + A*c**2*x**5/5 + B*a**2*x**2/2 + B*a*c*x**4/2 + B*c**2*x**6/6`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{6} Bc^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5} Ac^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2} Bacx^4 + \frac{2}{3} Aacx^3 + \frac{1}{2} Ba^2x^2 + Aa^2x$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*B*c^2*x^6 + 1/5*A*c^2*x^5 + 1/2*B*a*c*x^4 + 2/3*A*a*c*x^3 + 1/2*B*a^2*x^2 + A*a^2*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{6} Bc^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5} Ac^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2} Bacx^4 + \frac{2}{3} Aacx^3 + \frac{1}{2} Ba^2x^2 + Aa^2x$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*B*c^2*x^6 + 1/5*A*c^2*x^5 + 1/2*B*a*c*x^4 + 2/3*A*a*c*x^3 + 1/2*B*a^2*x^2 + A*a^2*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{B a^2 x^2}{2} + A a^2 x + \frac{B a c x^4}{2} + \frac{2 A a c x^3}{3} + \frac{B c^2 x^6}{6} + \frac{A c^2 x^5}{5}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x),x)`

output `(B*a^2*x^2)/2 + (A*c^2*x^5)/5 + (B*c^2*x^6)/6 + A*a^2*x + (2*A*a*c*x^3)/3 + (B*a*c*x^4)/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{x(5b c^2 x^5 + 6a c^2 x^4 + 15abc x^3 + 20a^2 c x^2 + 15a^2 b x + 30a^3)}{30}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output `(x*(30*a**3 + 15*a**2*b*x + 20*a**2*c*x**2 + 15*a*b*c*x**3 + 6*a*c**2*x**4 + 5*b*c**2*x**5))/30`

3.52
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{d+ex} dx$$

Optimal result	453
Mathematica [A] (verified)	454
Rubi [A] (verified)	454
Maple [A] (verified)	455
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	456
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	456
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	457
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	457
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	458
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	459

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{d+ex} dx = \frac{\left(B(cd^2+ae^2)^2 - Acde(cd^2+2ae^2)\right)x}{e^5} - \frac{c(Bd-Ae)(cd^2+2ae^2)x^2}{2e^4} + \frac{c(Bcd^2 - Acde + 2aBe^2)x^3}{3e^3} - \frac{c^2(Bd-Ae)x^4}{4e^2} + \frac{Bc^2x^5}{5e} - \frac{(Bd-Ae)(cd^2+ae^2)^2 \log(d+ex)}{e^6}$$

output

```
(B*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2-A*c*d*e*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2))*x/e^5-1/2*c*(-A*e+B*d)*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^2/e^4+1/3*c*(-A*c*d*e+2*B*a*e^2+B*c*d^2)*x^3/e^3-1/4*c^2*(-A*e+B*d)*x^4/e^2+1/5*B*c^2*x^5/e-(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*ln(e*x+d)/e^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{ex(5Ace(12ae^2(-2d + ex) + c(-12d^3 + 6d^2ex - 4de^2x^2 + 3e^3x^3)) + B(60a^2e^4 + 20ace^2(6d^2 - 3dex + 2e^2x^2)) - 60(Bd - Ae)(c^2d^2 + ae^2)^2 \text{Log}[d + ex])}{60e^6}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(e*x*(5*A*c*e*(12*a*e^2*(-2*d + e*x) + c*(-12*d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x - 4*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*e^3*x^3)) + B*(60*a^2*e^4 + 20*a*c*e^2*(6*d^2 - 3*d*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2) + c^2*(60*d^4 - 30*d^3*e*x + 20*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 15*d*e^3*x^3 + 12*e^4*x^4)) - 60*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*Log[d + e*x])/(60*e^6)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2 (Ae - Bd)}{e^5(d + ex)} + \frac{B(ae^2 + cd^2)^2 - Acde(2ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{cx(2ae^2 + cd^2)(Ae - Bd)}{e^4} - \frac{cx^2(-2aBe^2 + cd^2)}{e^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2 (Bd - Ae) \log(d + ex)}{e^6} + \frac{x(B(ae^2 + cd^2)^2 - Acde(2ae^2 + cd^2))}{e^5} - \frac{cx^2(2ae^2 + cd^2)(Bd - Ae)}{2e^4} + \frac{cx^3(2aBe^2 - Acde + Bcd^2)}{3e^3} - \frac{c^2x^4(Bd - Ae)}{4e^2} + \frac{Bc^2x^5}{5e}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x),x]`

output
$$\frac{((B*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2 - A*c*d*e*(c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2))*x)/e^5 - (c*(B*d - A*e) * (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*x^2)/(2*e^4) + (c*(B*c*d^2 - A*c*d*e + 2*a*B*e^2)*x^3)/(3*e^3) - (c^2*(B*d - A*e)*x^4)/(4*e^2) + (B*c^2*x^5)/(5*e) - ((B*d - A*e) * (c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/e^6$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
norman	$-\frac{(2Aacde^3 + Ac^2d^3e - Be^4a^2 - 2Bacd^2e^2 - Bc^2d^4)x}{e^5} + \frac{Bc^2x^5}{5e} + \frac{c(2Aae^3 + Acd^2e - 2Bad^2e - Bcd^3)x^2}{2e^4} - \frac{c(Acde - 2Bcd^2)x^3}{e^3} - \frac{c^2(Acd - Bcd^2)x^4}{e^2} + \frac{c^3x^5}{e}$
default	$-\frac{\frac{1}{5}Bc^2x^5e^4 - \frac{1}{4}Ac^2e^4x^4 + \frac{1}{4}Bc^2de^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3}Ac^2de^3x^3 - \frac{2}{3}Bace^4x^3 - \frac{1}{3}Bc^2d^2e^2x^3 - Aace^4x^2 - \frac{1}{2}Ac^2d^2e^2x^2 + Bacde^3x^2 + \frac{1}{2}Ac^2d^2e^2x^2 - \frac{1}{2}Ac^2d^2e^2x^2 + Bacde^3x^2}{e^5}$
risch	$\frac{Bc^2x^5}{5e} + \frac{Ac^2x^4}{4e} - \frac{Bc^2dx^4}{4e^2} - \frac{Ac^2dx^3}{3e^2} + \frac{2Bacx^3}{3e} + \frac{Bc^2d^2x^3}{3e^3} + \frac{Aacx^2}{e} + \frac{Ac^2d^2x^2}{2e^3} - \frac{Bacd^2x^2}{e^2} - \frac{Bc^2d^3x^2}{2e^4}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{12Bx^5c^2e^5 + 15Ax^4c^2e^5 - 15Bx^4c^2de^4 - 20Ax^3c^2de^4 + 40Bx^3ace^5 + 20Bx^3c^2d^2e^3 + 60Ax^2ace^5 + 30Ax^2c^2d^2e^3 - 60Bx^2d^3e^3}{e^5}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{-(2A*ac*d*e^3 + A*c^2*d^3*e - B*a^2*e^4 - 2*B*a*c*d^2*e^2 - B*c^2*d^4)/e^5*x + 1/5 * B*c^2*x^5/e + 1/2*c/e^4*(2A*a*e^3 + A*c*d^2*e - 2*B*a*d*e^2 - B*c*d^3)*x^2 - 1/3*c/e^3*(A*c*d*e^2 - 2*B*a*e^2 - B*c*d^2)*x^3 + 1/4*c^2/e^2*(A*e - B*d)*x^4 + (A*a^2*e^5 + 2*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + A*c^2*d^4*e - B*a^2*d*e^4 - 2*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - B*c^2*d^5)/e^6*\ln(e*x+d)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 Bc^2 e^5 x^5 - 15 (Bc^2 d e^4 - Ac^2 e^5) x^4 + 20 (Bc^2 d^2 e^3 - Ac^2 d e^4 + 2 B a c e^5) x^3 - 30 (Bc^2 d^3 e^2 - Ac^2 d^2 e^3 +$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/60*(12*B*c^2*e^5*x^5 - 15*(B*c^2*d*e^4 - A*c^2*e^5)*x^4 + 20*(B*c^2*d^2*e^3 - A*c^2*d*e^4 + 2*B*a*c*e^5)*x^3 - 30*(B*c^2*d^3*e^2 - A*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 2*B*a*c*d*e^4 - 2*A*a*c*e^5)*x^2 + 60*(B*c^2*d^4*e - A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 2*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 2*A*a*c*d*e^4 + B*a^2*e^5)*x - 60*(B*c^2*d^5 - A*c^2*d^4*e + 2*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 2*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + B*a^2*d*e^4 - A*a^2*e^5)*log(e*x + d)/e^6`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{Bc^2 x^5}{5e} + x^4 \left(\frac{Ac^2}{4e} - \frac{Bc^2 d}{4e^2} \right) + x^3 \left(-\frac{Ac^2 d}{3e^2} + \frac{2Bac}{3e} + \frac{Bc^2 d^2}{3e^3} \right)$$

$$+ x^2 \left(\frac{Aac}{e} + \frac{Ac^2 d^2}{2e^3} - \frac{Bacd}{e^2} - \frac{Bc^2 d^3}{2e^4} \right)$$

$$+ x \left(-\frac{2Aacd}{e^2} - \frac{Ac^2 d^3}{e^4} + \frac{Ba^2}{e} + \frac{2Bacd^2}{e^3} + \frac{Bc^2 d^4}{e^5} \right)$$

$$- \frac{(-Ae + Bd)(ae^2 + cd^2)^2 \log(d + ex)}{e^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d),x)`

output

```
B*c**2*x**5/(5*e) + x**4*(A*c**2/(4*e) - B*c**2*d/(4*e**2)) + x**3*(-A*c**
2*d/(3*e**2) + 2*B*a*c/(3*e) + B*c**2*d**2/(3*e**3)) + x**2*(A*a*c/e + A*c
**2*d**2/(2*e**3) - B*a*c*d/e**2 - B*c**2*d**3/(2*e**4)) + x*(-2*A*a*c*d/e
**2 - A*c**2*d**3/e**4 + B*a**2/e + 2*B*a*c*d**2/e**3 + B*c**2*d**4/e**5)
- (-A*e + B*d)*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2*log(d + e*x)/e**6
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 Bc^2 e^4 x^5 - 15 (Bc^2 d e^3 - Ac^2 e^4) x^4 + 20 (Bc^2 d^2 e^2 - Ac^2 d e^3 + 2 Bace^4) x^3 - 30 (Bc^2 d^3 e - Ac^2 d^2 e^2 + 2 Bace^4) x^2 - (Bc^2 d^4 - Ac^2 d^3 e + 2 Bace^4) x + (Bc^2 d^5 - Ac^2 d^4 e + 2 Bacd^3 e^2 - 2 Aacd^2 e^3 + Ba^2 d e^4 - Aa^2 e^5) \log(ex + d)}{60 e^5}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/60*(12*B*c^2*e^4*x^5 - 15*(B*c^2*d*e^3 - A*c^2*e^4)*x^4 + 20*(B*c^2*d^2*
e^2 - A*c^2*d*e^3 + 2*B*a*c*e^4)*x^3 - 30*(B*c^2*d^3*e - A*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 2
*B*a*c*d*e^3 - 2*A*a*c*e^4)*x^2 + 60*(B*c^2*d^4 - A*c^2*d^3*e + 2*B*a*c*d^
2*e^2 - 2*A*a*c*d*e^3 + B*a^2*e^4)*x)/e^5 - (B*c^2*d^5 - A*c^2*d^4*e + 2*B
*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 2*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + B*a^2*d*e^4 - A*a^2*e^5)*log(e*x + d)/e^6
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 Bc^2 e^4 x^5 - 15 Bc^2 d e^3 x^4 + 15 Ac^2 e^4 x^4 + 20 Bc^2 d^2 e^2 x^3 - 20 Ac^2 d e^3 x^3 + 40 Bace^4 x^3 - 30 Bc^2 d^3 e x^2 + (Bc^2 d^5 - Ac^2 d^4 e + 2 Bacd^3 e^2 - 2 Aacd^2 e^3 + Ba^2 d e^4 - Aa^2 e^5) \log(|ex + d|)}{e^6}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/60*(12*B*c^2*e^4*x^5 - 15*B*c^2*d*e^3*x^4 + 15*A*c^2*e^4*x^4 + 20*B*c^2*
d^2*e^2*x^3 - 20*A*c^2*d*e^3*x^3 + 40*B*a*c*e^4*x^3 - 30*B*c^2*d^3*e*x^2 +
30*A*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 60*B*a*c*d*e^3*x^2 + 60*A*a*c*e^4*x^2 + 60*B*c^2*d
^4*x - 60*A*c^2*d^3*e*x + 120*B*a*c*d^2*e^2*x - 120*A*a*c*d*e^3*x + 60*B*a
^2*e^4*x)/e^5 - (B*c^2*d^5 - A*c^2*d^4*e + 2*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 2*A*a*c*d^2*e
^3 + B*a^2*d*e^4 - A*a^2*e^5)*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^6
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= x \left(\frac{B a^2}{e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{A c^2}{e} - \frac{B c^2 d}{e^2} \right) - \frac{2 B a c}{e}}{e} + \frac{2 A a c}{e} \right)}{e} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{A c^2}{4 e} - \frac{B c^2 d}{4 e^2} \right)$$

$$- x^3 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{A c^2}{e} - \frac{B c^2 d}{e^2} \right) - \frac{2 B a c}{3 e}}{3 e} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{A c^2}{e} - \frac{B c^2 d}{e^2} \right) - \frac{2 B a c}{e} \right)}{2 e} + \frac{A a c}{e} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(d + ex) (-B a^2 d e^4 + A a^2 e^5 - 2 B a c d^3 e^2 + 2 A a c d^2 e^3 - B c^2 d^5 + A c^2 d^4 e)}{e^6}$$

$$+ \frac{B c^2 x^5}{5 e}$$

input

```
int(((a + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x),x)
```

output

```
x*((B*a^2)/e - (d*((d*((d*((A*c^2)/e - (B*c^2*d)/e^2))/e - (2*B*a*c)/e))/e
+ (2*A*a*c)/e))/e) + x^4*((A*c^2)/(4*e) - (B*c^2*d)/(4*e^2)) - x^3*((d*((
A*c^2)/e - (B*c^2*d)/e^2))/(3*e) - (2*B*a*c)/(3*e)) + x^2*((d*((d*((A*c^2)
/e - (B*c^2*d)/e^2))/e - (2*B*a*c)/e))/(2*e) + (A*a*c)/e) + (log(d + e*x)*
(A*a^2*e^5 - B*c^2*d^5 - B*a^2*d*e^4 + A*c^2*d^4*e + 2*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 2*B
*a*c*d^3*e^2))/e^6 + (B*c^2*x^5)/(5*e)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{60 \log(ex + d) a^3 e^5 - 60 \log(ex + d) a^2 b d e^4 + 120 \log(ex + d) a^2 c d^2 e^3 - 120 \log(ex + d) a b c d^3 e^2 + 60 \log(ex + d) a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 - 60 \log(ex + d) a^2 b c d^2 e^2 + 60 \log(ex + d) a^2 b^2 c d^2 e^2 - 60 \log(ex + d) a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + 60 \log(ex + d) a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 e^2}{60 e^6}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
(60*log(d + e*x)*a**3*e**5 - 60*log(d + e*x)*a**2*b*d*e**4 + 120*log(d + e
*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 - 120*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c*d**3*e**2 + 60*log(d + e*x)*
a*c**2*d**4*e - 60*log(d + e*x)*b*c**2*d**5 + 60*a**2*b*e**5*x - 120*a**2*
c*d*e**4*x + 60*a**2*c*e**5*x**2 + 120*a*b*c*d**2*e**3*x - 60*a*b*c*d*e**4
*x**2 + 40*a*b*c*e**5*x**3 - 60*a*c**2*d**3*e**2*x + 30*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x
**2 - 20*a*c**2*d*e**4*x**3 + 15*a*c**2*e**5*x**4 + 60*b*c**2*d**4*e*x - 3
0*b*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 20*b*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**3 - 15*b*c**2*d*e**4*x**4
+ 12*b*c**2*e**5*x**5)/(60*e**6)
```

3.53
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	460
Mathematica [A] (verified)	461
Rubi [A] (verified)	461
Maple [A] (verified)	462
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	463
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	464
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	464
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	465
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	466
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	466

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 180

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx = -\frac{c(4Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + 4aBde^2 - 2aAe^3)x}{e^5} + \frac{c(3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + 2aBe^2)x^2}{2e^4} - \frac{c^2(2Bd - Ae)x^3}{3e^3} + \frac{Bc^2x^4}{4e^2} + \frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{e^6(d+ex)} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)(5Bcd^2 - 4Acde + aBe^2)\log(d+ex)}{e^6}$$

output

```
-c*(-2*A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e+4*B*a*d*e^2+4*B*c*d^3)*x/e^5+1/2*c*(-2*A*c*d*e+
2*B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)*x^2/e^4-1/3*c^2*(-A*e+2*B*d)*x^3/e^3+1/4*B*c^2*x^4/e^
2+(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^6/(e*x+d)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-4*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2
+5*B*c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{12ce(Ae(3cd^2 + 2ae^2) - 4B(cd^3 + ade^2))x + 6ce^2(3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + 2aBe^2)x^2 + 4c^2e^3(-2Bd + Ae)x^3}{12e^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
(12*c*e*(A*e*(3*c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2) - 4*B*(c*d^3 + a*d*e^2))*x + 6*c*e^2*(3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + 2*a*B*e^2)*x^2 + 4*c^2*e^3*(-2*B*d + A*e)*x^3 + 3*B*c^2*e^4*x^4 + (12*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(d + e*x) + 12*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/(12*e^6)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 652$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Ae - Bd)}{e^5(d + ex)^2} - \frac{cx(-2aBe^2 + 2Acde - 3Bcd^2)}{e^4} + \frac{c(2a}{e^4} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2 (Bd - Ae)}{e^6(d + ex)} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2) \log(d + ex) (aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^6} + \frac{cx^2(2aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{2e^4} - \frac{cx(-2aAe^3 + 4aBde^2 - 3Acd^2e + 4Bcd^3)}{e^5} - \frac{c^2x^3(2Bd - Ae)}{3e^3} + \frac{Bc^2x^4}{4e^2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `-((c*(4*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e + 4*a*B*d*e^2 - 2*a*A*e^3)*x)/e^5) + (c*(3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + 2*a*B*e^2)*x^2)/(2*e^4) - (c^2*(2*B*d - A*e)*x^3)/(3*e^3) + (B*c^2*x^4)/(4*e^2) + ((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(e^6*(d + e*x)) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/e^6`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

method	result
default	$\frac{c(\frac{1}{4}Bcx^4e^3 + \frac{1}{3}Ax^3ce^3 - \frac{2}{3}Bx^3cde^2 - Ax^2cde^2 + Bx^2ae^3 + \frac{3}{2}Bx^2cd^2e + 2Aae^3x + 3Ac d^2ex - 4Bad e^2x - 4Bcd^3x)}{e^5} + \frac{(-4Aa^2e^5 + 4Aac d^2e^3 + 4Ac^2d^4e - Ba^2de^4 - 6Bacd^3e^2 - 5Bc^2d^5)x}{de^5} + \frac{Bc^2x^5}{4e^4} - \frac{c(4Acde - 6Bae^2 - 5Bcd^2)x^3}{6e^3} + \frac{c(4Aae^3 + 4Ac d^2e - 6Bacd^3x)}{2e^4}$
norman	$\frac{Bc^2x^4}{4e^2} + \frac{c^2Ax^3}{3e^2} - \frac{2c^2Bx^3d}{3e^3} - \frac{c^2Ax^2d}{e^3} + \frac{cBx^2a}{e^2} + \frac{3c^2Bx^2d^2}{2e^4} + \frac{2cAax}{e^2} + \frac{3c^2Ad^2x}{e^4} - \frac{4cBadx}{e^3} - \frac{4c^2Bd^3x}{e^5}$
risch	$-\frac{4Aa^4c^2e^5 - 60B \ln(ex+d)c^2d^5 + 48A \ln(ex+d)x c^2d^3e^2 - 60B \ln(ex+d)x c^2d^4e + 48Aac d^2e^3 - 72Bacd^3e^2 + 5Bx^4c^2de^4 + \dots}{e^5}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{4Aa^4c^2e^5 - 60B \ln(ex+d)c^2d^5 + 48A \ln(ex+d)x c^2d^3e^2 - 60B \ln(ex+d)x c^2d^4e + 48Aac d^2e^3 - 72Bacd^3e^2 + 5Bx^4c^2de^4 + \dots}{e^5}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `c/e^5*(1/4*B*c*x^4*e^3+1/3*A*x^3*c*e^3-2/3*B*x^3*c*d*e^2-A*x^2*c*d*e^2+B*x^2*a*e^3+3/2*B*x^2*c*d^2*e+2*A*a*e^3*x+3*A*c*d^2*e*x-4*B*a*d*e^2*x-4*B*c*d^3*x)+(-4*A*a*c*d*e^3-4*A*c^2*d^3*e+B*a^2*e^4+6*B*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*B*c^2*d^4)/e^6*ln(e*x+d)-(A*a^2*e^5+2*A*a*c*d^2*e^3+A*c^2*d^4*e-B*a^2*d*e^4-2*B*a*c*d^3*e^2-B*c^2*d^5)/e^6/(e*x+d)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 354 vs. $2(174) = 348$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3Bc^2e^5x^5 + 12Bc^2d^5 - 12Ac^2d^4e + 24Bacd^3e^2 - 24Aacd^2e^3 + 12Ba^2de^4 - 12Aa^2e^5 - (5Bc^2de^4 - 4Aa^2e^5)x^4 + 2(5Bc^2d^2e^3 - 4Aa^2d^2e^4 + 6Baa^2c^2e^5)x^3 - 6(5Bc^2d^3e^2 - 4Aa^2d^3e^3 + 6Baa^2c^2d^2e^4 - 4Aa^2c^2e^5)x^2 - 12(4Bc^2d^4e - 3Aa^2d^3e^2 + 4Baa^2c^2d^2e^3 - 2Aa^2c^2d^2e^4)x + 12(5Bc^2d^5 - 4Aa^2d^4e + 6Baa^2c^2d^3e^2 - 4Aa^2c^2d^2e^3 + Baa^2d^2e^4 + (5Bc^2d^4e - 4Aa^2d^3e^2 + 6Baa^2c^2d^2e^3 - 4Aa^2c^2d^2e^4 + Baa^2d^2e^5)x) \log(ex + d)}{(e^7x + d^6e^6)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(3*B*c^2*e^5*x^5 + 12*B*c^2*d^5 - 12*A*c^2*d^4*e + 24*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 24*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 12*B*a^2*d^2*e^4 - 12*A*a^2*e^5 - (5*B*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 4*A*a^2*c^2*e^5)*x^4 + 2*(5*B*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 4*A*a^2*d^2*e^4 + 6*B*a*a*c^2*e^5)*x^3 - 6*(5*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 4*A*a^2*d^3*e^3 + 6*B*a*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 4*A*a^2*c^2*e^5)*x^2 - 12*(4*B*c^2*d^4*e - 3*A*a^2*d^3*e^2 + 4*B*a*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 2*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x + 12*(5*B*c^2*d^5 - 4*A*a^2*d^4*e + 6*B*a*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 4*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 + B*a^2*d^2*e^4 + (5*B*c^2*d^4*e - 4*A*a^2*d^3*e^2 + 6*B*a*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 4*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4 + B*a^2*d^2*e^5)*x)*log(e*x + d))/(e^7*x + d^6e^6)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bc^2x^4}{4e^2} + x^3 \left(\frac{Ac^2}{3e^2} - \frac{2Bc^2d}{3e^3} \right) + x^2 \left(-\frac{Ac^2d}{e^3} + \frac{Bac}{e^2} + \frac{3Bc^2d^2}{2e^4} \right)$$

$$+ x \left(\frac{2Aac}{e^2} + \frac{3Ac^2d^2}{e^4} - \frac{4Bacd}{e^3} - \frac{4Bc^2d^3}{e^5} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{-Aa^2e^5 - 2Aacd^2e^3 - Ac^2d^4e + Ba^2de^4 + 2Bacd^3e^2 + Bc^2d^5}{de^6 + e^7x}$$

$$+ \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(-4Acde + Bae^2 + 5Bcd^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**2,x)`output `B*c**2*x**4/(4*e**2) + x**3*(A*c**2/(3*e**2) - 2*B*c**2*d/(3*e**3)) + x**2*(-A*c**2*d/e**3 + B*a*c/e**2 + 3*B*c**2*d**2/(2*e**4)) + x*(2*A*a*c/e**2 + 3*A*c**2*d**2/e**4 - 4*B*a*c*d/e**3 - 4*B*c**2*d**3/e**5) + (-A*a**2*e**5 - 2*A*a*c*d**2*e**3 - A*c**2*d**4*e + B*a**2*d*e**4 + 2*B*a*c*d**3*e**2 + B*c**2*d**5)/(d*e**6 + e**7*x) + (a*e**2 + c*d**2)*(-4*A*c*d*e + B*a*e**2 + 5*B*c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)/e**6`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bc^2d^5 - Ac^2d^4e + 2Bacd^3e^2 - 2Aacd^2e^3 + Ba^2de^4 - Aa^2e^5}{e^7x + de^6}$$

$$+ \frac{3Bc^2e^3x^4 - 4(2Bc^2de^2 - Ac^2e^3)x^3 + 6(3Bc^2d^2e - 2Ac^2de^2 + 2Bace^3)x^2 - 12(4Bc^2d^3 - 3Ac^2d^2e)}{12e^5}$$

$$+ \frac{(5Bc^2d^4 - 4Ac^2d^3e + 6Bacd^2e^2 - 4Aacde^3 + Ba^2e^4) \log(ex + d)}{e^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(B*c^2*d^5 - A*c^2*d^4*e + 2*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 2*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + B*a^2*d*e^4
- A*a^2*e^5)/(e^7*x + d*e^6) + 1/12*(3*B*c^2*e^3*x^4 - 4*(2*B*c^2*d*e^2 -
A*c^2*e^3)*x^3 + 6*(3*B*c^2*d^2*e - 2*A*c^2*d*e^2 + 2*B*a*c*e^3)*x^2 - 12
*(4*B*c^2*d^3 - 3*A*c^2*d^2*e + 4*B*a*c*d*e^2 - 2*A*a*c*e^3)*x)/e^5 + (5*B
*c^2*d^4 - 4*A*c^2*d^3*e + 6*B*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*A*a*c*d*e^3 + B*a^2*e^4)*lo
g(e*x + d)/e^6
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(3Bc^2 - \frac{4(5Bc^2de - Ac^2e^2)}{(ex+d)e} + \frac{12(5Bc^2d^2e^2 - 2Ac^2de^3 + Bace^4)}{(ex+d)^2e^2} - \frac{24(5Bc^2d^3e^3 - 3Ac^2d^2e^4 + 3Bacde^5 - Ace^6)}{(ex+d)^3e^3}\right)(ex+d)^4}{12e^6}$$

$$- \frac{(5Bc^2d^4 - 4Ac^2d^3e + 6Bacd^2e^2 - 4Aacde^3 + Ba^2e^4) \log\left(\frac{|ex+d|}{(ex+d)^2|e|}\right)}{e^6}$$

$$+ \frac{\frac{Bc^2d^5e^4}{ex+d} - \frac{Ac^2d^4e^5}{ex+d} + \frac{2Bacd^3e^6}{ex+d} - \frac{2Aacd^2e^7}{ex+d} + \frac{Ba^2de^8}{ex+d} - \frac{Aa^2e^9}{ex+d}}{e^{10}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/12*(3*B*c^2 - 4*(5*B*c^2*d*e - A*c^2*e^2)/((e*x + d)*e) + 12*(5*B*c^2*d^
2*e^2 - 2*A*c^2*d*e^3 + B*a*c*e^4)/((e*x + d)^2*e^2) - 24*(5*B*c^2*d^3*e^3
- 3*A*c^2*d^2*e^4 + 3*B*a*c*d*e^5 - A*a*c*e^6)/((e*x + d)^3*e^3))*(e*x +
d)^4/e^6 - (5*B*c^2*d^4 - 4*A*c^2*d^3*e + 6*B*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*A*a*c*d*e^3
+ B*a^2*e^4)*log(abs(e*x + d)/((e*x + d)^2*abs(e)))/e^6 + (B*c^2*d^5*e^4/(
e*x + d) - A*c^2*d^4*e^5/(e*x + d) + 2*B*a*c*d^3*e^6/(e*x + d) - 2*A*a*c*d
^2*e^7/(e*x + d) + B*a^2*d*e^8/(e*x + d) - A*a^2*e^9/(e*x + d))/e^10
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= x^3 \left(\frac{Ac^2}{3e^2} - \frac{2Bc^2d}{3e^3} \right) - x^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{Ac^2}{e^2} - \frac{2Bc^2d}{e^3} \right)}{e} - \frac{Bac}{e^2} + \frac{Bc^2d^2}{2e^4} \right)$$

$$+ x \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{Ac^2}{e^2} - \frac{2Bc^2d}{e^3} \right)}{e} - \frac{2Bac}{e^2} + \frac{Bc^2d^2}{e^4} \right)}{e} - \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{Ac^2}{e^2} - \frac{2Bc^2d}{e^3} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{2Aac}{e^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(d + ex) (Ba^2e^4 + 6Bacd^2e^2 - 4Aacde^3 + 5Bc^2d^4 - 4Ac^2d^3e)}{e^6}$$

$$- \frac{-Ba^2de^4 + Aa^2e^5 - 2Bacd^3e^2 + 2Aacd^2e^3 - Bc^2d^5 + Ac^2d^4e}{e(xe^6 + de^5)} + \frac{Bc^2x^4}{4e^2}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `x^3*((A*c^2)/(3*e^2) - (2*B*c^2*d)/(3*e^3)) - x^2*((d*((A*c^2)/e^2 - (2*B*c^2*d)/e^3))/e - (B*a*c)/e^2 + (B*c^2*d^2)/(2*e^4)) + x*((2*d*((2*d*((A*c^2)/e^2 - (2*B*c^2*d)/e^3))/e - (2*B*a*c)/e^2 + (B*c^2*d^2)/e^4))/e - (d^2*((A*c^2)/e^2 - (2*B*c^2*d)/e^3))/e^2 + (2*A*a*c)/e^2 + (log(d + e*x)*(B*a^2*e^4 + 5*B*c^2*d^4 - 4*A*c^2*d^3*e - 4*A*a*c*d*e^3 + 6*B*a*c*d^2*e^2))/e^6 - (A*a^2*e^5 - B*c^2*d^5 - B*a^2*d*e^4 + A*c^2*d^4*e + 2*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 2*B*a*c*d^3*e^2)/(e*(d*e^5 + e^6*x)) + (B*c^2*x^4)/(4*e^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 399, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{12a^3e^6x - 36abc d^2e^4x^2 + 12abcd e^5x^3 + 3b^2c^2d e^5x^5 - 5b^2c^2d^2e^4x^4 + 10b^2c^2d^3e^3x^3 - 60b^2c^2d^5ex - 30b^2c^2d^5}{(d + ex)^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `(12*log(d + e*x)*a**2*b*d**2*e**4 + 12*log(d + e*x)*a**2*b*d*e**5*x - 48*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d**3*e**3 - 48*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4*x + 72*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c*d**4*e**2 + 72*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c*d**3*e**3*x - 48*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**5*e - 48*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2*x + 60*log(d + e*x)*b*c**2*d**6 + 60*log(d + e*x)*b*c**2*d**5*e*x + 12*a**3*e**6*x - 12*a**2*b*d*e**5*x + 48*a**2*c*d**2*e**4*x + 24*a**2*c*d*e**5*x**2 - 72*a*b*c*d**3*e**3*x - 36*a*b*c*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 12*a*b*c*d*e**5*x**3 + 48*a*c**2*d**4*e**2*x + 24*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**2 - 8*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 4*a*c**2*d*e**5*x**4 - 60*b*c**2*d**5*e*x - 30*b*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 10*b*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**3 - 5*b*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 3*b*c**2*d*e**5*x**5)/(12*d*e**6*(d + e*x))`

3.54 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

Optimal result	468
Mathematica [A] (verified)	469
Rubi [A] (verified)	469
Maple [A] (verified)	470
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	471
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	472
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	472
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	473
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	474
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	474

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \frac{c(6Bcd^2 - 3Acde + 2aBe^2)x}{e^5} - \frac{c^2(3Bd - Ae)x^2}{2e^4} + \frac{Bc^2x^3}{3e^3} + \frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{2e^6(d+ex)^2} - \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)(5Bcd^2 - 4Acde + aBe^2)}{e^6(d+ex)} - \frac{2c(5Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)\log(d+ex)}{e^6}$$

output

```
c*(-3*A*c*d*e+2*B*a*e^2+6*B*c*d^2)*x/e^5-1/2*c^2*(-A*e+3*B*d)*x^2/e^4+1/3*B*c^2*x^3/e^3+1/2*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^6/(e*x+d)^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-4*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)/e^6/(e*x+d)-2*c*(-A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+5*B*c*d^3)*ln(e*x+d)/e^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{6ce(6Bcd^2 - 3Acde + 2aBe^2)x + 3c^2e^2(-3Bd + Ae)x^2 + 2Bc^2e^3x^3 + \frac{3(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} - \frac{6(cd^2 + ae^2)(5Bcd + 2ae^2)}{d}}{6e^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
(6*c*e*(6*B*c*d^2 - 3*A*c*d*e + 2*a*B*e^2)*x + 3*c^2*e^2*(-3*B*d + A*e)*x^2 + 2*B*c^2*e^3*x^3 + (3*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^2 - (6*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(d + e*x) + 12*c*(-5*B*c*d^3 + 3*A*c*d^2*e - 3*a*B*d*e^2 + a*A*e^3)*Log[d + e*x])/(6*e^6)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{652}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Ae - Bd)}{e^5(d + ex)^3} - \frac{c(-2aBe^2 + 3Acde - 6Bcd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{2c(Ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^5} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Bd - Ae)}{2e^6(d + ex)^2} + \frac{cx(2aBe^2 - 3Acde + 6Bcd^2)}{e^5} - \frac{2c \log(d + ex)(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 3Acd^2e + 5Bcd^3)}{e^6} - \frac{c^2x^2(3Bd - Ae)}{2e^4} + \frac{Bc^2x^3}{3e^3}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `(c*(6*B*c*d^2 - 3*A*c*d*e + 2*a*B*e^2)*x)/e^5 - (c^2*(3*B*d - A*e)*x^2)/(2*e^4) + (B*c^2*x^3)/(3*e^3) + ((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(2*e^6*(d + e*x)^2) - ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(e^6*(d + e*x)) - (2*c*(5*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*Log[d + e*x])/e^6`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result
norman	$\frac{(4Aacd e^3 + 12A c^2 d^3 e - B e^4 a^2 - 12Bac d^2 e^2 - 20B c^2 d^4)x - A a^2 e^5 - 6Aac d^2 e^3 - 18A c^2 d^4 e + B a^2 d e^4 + 18Bac d^3 e^2 + 30B c^2 d^5 + \frac{B c^2 x^5}{3e}}{e^5} - \frac{(ex+d)^2}{2e^6}$
default	$-\frac{c(-\frac{1}{3}Bc x^3 e^2 - \frac{1}{2}Ac e^2 x^2 + \frac{3}{2}Bcde x^2 + 3Acde x - 2Ba e^2 x - 6Bc d^2 x)}{e^5} + \frac{2c(Aa e^3 + 3Ac d^2 e - 3Bad e^2 - 5Bc d^3) \ln(ex+d)}{e^6}$
risch	$\frac{B c^2 x^3}{3e^3} + \frac{c^2 A x^2}{2e^3} - \frac{3c^2 B d x^2}{2e^4} - \frac{3c^2 A d x}{e^4} + \frac{2c B a x}{e^3} + \frac{6c^2 B d^2 x}{e^5} + \frac{(4Aacd e^3 + 4A c^2 d^3 e - B e^4 a^2 - 6Bac d^2 e^2 - 5B c^2 d^4)x - A a^2 e^5 - 6Aac d^2 e^3 - 18A c^2 d^4 e + B a^2 d e^4 + 18Bac d^3 e^2 + 30B c^2 d^5 + \frac{B c^2 x^5}{3e}}{e^5}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{3A x^4 c^2 e^5 - 60B \ln(ex+d)c^2 d^5 - 6Bx a^2 e^5 + 72A \ln(ex+d)x c^2 d^3 e^2 - 120B \ln(ex+d)x c^2 d^4 e + 72Ax c^2 d^3 e^2 + 18Aac d^2 e^3 - 54B c^2 d^4}{e^5}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((4*A*a*c*d*e^3+12*A*c^2*d^3*e-B*a^2*e^4-12*B*a*c*d^2*e^2-20*B*c^2*d^4)/e^5 \\ & *x-1/2*(A*a^2*e^5-6*A*a*c*d^2*e^3-18*A*c^2*d^4*e+B*a^2*d*e^4+18*B*a*c*d^3 \\ & *e^2+30*B*c^2*d^5)/e^6+1/3*B*c^2*x^5/e-2/3*c*(3*A*c*d*e-3*B*a*e^2-5*B*c*d^2) \\ & /e^3*x^3+1/6*c^2*(3*A*e-5*B*d)/e^2*x^4)/(e*x+d)^2+2*c/e^6*(A*a*e^3+3*A*c \\ & *d^2*e-3*B*a*d*e^2-5*B*c*d^3)*\ln(e*x+d) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 394 vs. $2(179) = 358$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 394, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \frac{2Bc^2e^5x^5 - 27Bc^2d^5 + 21Ac^2d^4e - 30Bacd^3e^2 + 18Aacd^2e^3 - 3Ba^2de^4 - 3Aa^2e^5 - (5Bc^2de^4 - 3Aa^2e^5)}{(d+ex)^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/6*(2*B*c^2*e^5*x^5 - 27*B*c^2*d^5 + 21*A*c^2*d^4*e - 30*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 + \\ & 18*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*B*a^2*d*e^4 - 3*A*a^2*e^5 - (5*B*c^2*d*e^4 - 3*A*c^2* \\ & e^5)*x^4 + 4*(5*B*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 3*A*c^2*d*e^4 + 3*B*a*c*e^5)*x^3 + 3*(21*B \\ & *c^2*d^3*e^2 - 11*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 8*B*a*c*d*e^4)*x^2 + 6*(B*c^2*d^4*e + A \\ & c^2*d^3*e^2 - 4*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 4*A*a*c*d*e^4 - B*a^2*e^5)*x - 12*(5*B*c^2 \\ & *d^5 - 3*A*c^2*d^4*e + 3*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + (5*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 \\ & - 3*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 3*B*a*c*d*e^4 - A*a*c*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(5*B*c^2*d^4*e - 3* \\ & A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 3*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 - A*a*c*d*e^4)*x)*\log(e*x + d))/(e^8*x^2 + \\ & 2*d*e^7*x + d^2*e^6) \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bc^2x^3}{3e^3} - \frac{2c(-Aae^3 - 3Acd^2e + 3Bade^2 + 5Bcd^3) \log(d + ex)}{e^6}$$

$$+ x^2 \left(\frac{Ac^2}{2e^3} - \frac{3Bc^2d}{2e^4} \right) + x \left(-\frac{3Ac^2d}{e^4} + \frac{2Bac}{e^3} + \frac{6Bc^2d^2}{e^5} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{-Aa^2e^5 + 6Aacd^2e^3 + 7Ac^2d^4e - Ba^2de^4 - 10Bacd^3e^2 - 9Bc^2d^5 + x(8Aacde^4 + 8Ac^2d^3e^2 - 2Ba^2e^5)}{2d^2e^6 + 4de^7x + 2e^8x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**3,x)`output `B*c**2*x**3/(3*e**3) - 2*c*(-A*a*e**3 - 3*A*c*d**2*e + 3*B*a*d*e**2 + 5*B*c*d**3)*log(d + e*x)/e**6 + x**2*(A*c**2/(2*e**3) - 3*B*c**2*d/(2*e**4)) + x*(-3*A*c**2*d/e**4 + 2*B*a*c/e**3 + 6*B*c**2*d**2/e**5) + (-A*a**2*e**5 + 6*A*a*c*d**2*e**3 + 7*A*c**2*d**4*e - B*a**2*d*e**4 - 10*B*a*c*d**3*e**2 - 9*B*c**2*d**5 + x*(8*A*a*c*d*e**4 + 8*A*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 2*B*a**2*e**5 - 12*B*a*c*d**2*e**3 - 10*B*c**2*d**4*e))/(2*d**2*e**6 + 4*d*e**7*x + 2*e**8*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx =$$

$$- \frac{9Bc^2d^5 - 7Ac^2d^4e + 10Bacd^3e^2 - 6Aacd^2e^3 + Ba^2de^4 + Aa^2e^5 + 2(5Bc^2d^4e - 4Ac^2d^3e^2 + 6Bacd^2e^3 - 3Bc^2e^2x^3 - 3(3Bc^2de - Ac^2e^2)x^2 + 6(6Bc^2d^2 - 3Ac^2de + 2Bace^2)x)}{2(e^8x^2 + 2de^7x + d^2e^6)}$$

$$- \frac{2(5Bc^2d^3 - 3Ac^2d^2e + 3Bacde^2 - Aace^3) \log(ex + d)}{e^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/2*(9*B*c^2*d^5 - 7*A*c^2*d^4*e + 10*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 6*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + B
*a^2*d*e^4 + A*a^2*e^5 + 2*(5*B*c^2*d^4*e - 4*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 6*B*a*c*d^2*
e^3 - 4*A*a*c*d*e^4 + B*a^2*e^5)*x)/(e^8*x^2 + 2*d*e^7*x + d^2*e^6) + 1/6*
(2*B*c^2*e^2*x^3 - 3*(3*B*c^2*d*e - A*c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 6*(6*B*c^2*d^2 - 3*A*
c^2*d*e + 2*B*a*c*e^2)*x)/e^5 - 2*(5*B*c^2*d^3 - 3*A*c^2*d^2*e + 3*B*a*c*d
*e^2 - A*a*c*e^3)*log(e*x + d)/e^6
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = -\frac{2(5Bc^2d^3 - 3Ac^2d^2e + 3Bacde^2 - Ace^3) \log(|ex + d|)}{e^6} - \frac{9Bc^2d^5 - 7Ac^2d^4e + 10Bacd^3e^2 - 6Aacd^2e^3 + Ba^2de^4 + Aa^2e^5 + 2(5Bc^2d^4e - 4Ac^2d^3e^2 + 6Bacde^3 - 4Aa^2de^4 + Aa^2e^5)x}{2(ex + d)^2e^6} + \frac{2Bc^2e^6x^3 - 9Bc^2de^5x^2 + 3Ac^2e^6x^2 + 36Bc^2d^2e^4x - 18Ac^2de^5x + 12Bace^6x}{6e^9}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-2*(5*B*c^2*d^3 - 3*A*c^2*d^2*e + 3*B*a*c*d*e^2 - A*a*c*e^3)*log(abs(e*x +
d))/e^6 - 1/2*(9*B*c^2*d^5 - 7*A*c^2*d^4*e + 10*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 6*A*a*c*d
^2*e^3 + B*a^2*d*e^4 + A*a^2*e^5 + 2*(5*B*c^2*d^4*e - 4*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 6*
B*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 4*A*a*c*d*e^4 + B*a^2*e^5)*x)/((e*x + d)^2*e^6) + 1/6*(2*B
*c^2*e^6*x^3 - 9*B*c^2*d*e^5*x^2 + 3*A*c^2*e^6*x^2 + 36*B*c^2*d^2*e^4*x -
18*A*c^2*d*e^5*x + 12*B*a*c*e^6*x)/e^9
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{Ac^2}{2e^3} - \frac{3Bc^2d}{2e^4} \right) \\ - \frac{x(Ba^2e^4 + 6Bacd^2e^2 - 4Aacde^3 + 5Bc^2d^4 - 4Ac^2d^3e) + \frac{Ba^2de^4 + Aa^2e^5 + 10Bacd^3e^2 - 6Aacd^2e^3 + 5Bc^2d^4e}{2e}}{d^2e^5 + 2de^6x + e^7x^2} \\ - x \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{Ac^2}{e^3} - \frac{3Bc^2d}{e^4} \right)}{e} - \frac{2Bac}{e^3} + \frac{3Bc^2d^2}{e^5} \right) \\ - \frac{\ln(d+ex)(10Bc^2d^3 - 6Ac^2d^2e + 6Bacde^2 - 2Aace^3)}{e^6} + \frac{Bc^2x^3}{3e^3}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^3,x)`output `x^2*((A*c^2)/(2*e^3) - (3*B*c^2*d)/(2*e^4)) - (x*(B*a^2*e^4 + 5*B*c^2*d^4 - 4*A*c^2*d^3*e - 4*A*a*c*d*e^3 + 6*B*a*c*d^2*e^2) + (A*a^2*e^5 + 9*B*c^2*d^5 + B*a^2*d*e^4 - 7*A*c^2*d^4*e - 6*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 10*B*a*c*d^3*e^2)/(2*e))/(d^2*e^5 + e^7*x^2 + 2*d*e^6*x) - x*((3*d*((A*c^2)/e^3 - (3*B*c^2*d)/e^4))/e - (2*B*a*c)/e^3 + (3*B*c^2*d^2)/e^5) - (log(d + e*x)*(10*B*c^2*d^3 - 2*A*a*c*e^3 - 6*A*c^2*d^2*e + 6*B*a*c*d*e^2))/e^6 + (B*c^2*x^3)/(3*e^3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 450, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx \\ = \frac{36abcd^2e^4x^2 + 12abcd e^5x^3 - 3a^3de^5 - 30bc^2d^6 + 2bc^2de^5x^5 - 5bc^2d^2e^4x^4 + 20bc^2d^3e^3x^3 + 60bc^2d^4e^2}{(d+ex)^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output

```
(12*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d**3*e**3 + 24*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4*x + 1
2*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d*e**5*x**2 - 36*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c*d**4*e**2 - 72*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c*d**3*e**3*x - 36*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 36*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**5*e + 72*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2*x + 36*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**2 - 60*log(d + e*x)*b*c**2*d**6 - 120*log(d + e*x)*b*c**2*d**5*e*x - 60*log(d + e*x)*b*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 3*a**3*d*e**5 + 3*a**2*b*e**6*x**2 + 6*a**2*c*d**3*e**3 - 12*a**2*c*d*e**5*x**2 - 18*a*b*c*d**4*e**2 + 36*a*b*c*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 12*a*b*c*d*e**5*x**3 + 18*a*c**2*d**5*e - 36*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**2 - 12*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*e**5*x**4 - 30*b*c**2*d**6 + 60*b*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 20*b*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**3 - 5*b*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 2*b*c**2*d*e**5*x**5)/(6*d*e**6*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2))
```

3.55 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

Optimal result	476
Mathematica [A] (verified)	477
Rubi [A] (verified)	477
Maple [A] (verified)	478
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	479
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	480
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	480
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	481
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	481
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	482

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 189

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^4} dx = -\frac{c^2(4Bd-Ae)x}{e^5} + \frac{Bc^2x^2}{2e^4} + \frac{(Bd-Ae)(cd^2+ae^2)^2}{3e^6(d+ex)^3} - \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)(5Bcd^2-4Acde+aBe^2)}{2e^6(d+ex)^2} + \frac{2c(5Bcd^3-3Acd^2e+3aBde^2-aAe^3)}{e^6(d+ex)} + \frac{2c(5Bcd^2-2Acde+aBe^2)\log(d+ex)}{e^6}$$

output

```
-c^2*(-A*e+4*B*d)*x/e^5+1/2*B*c^2*x^2/e^4+1/3*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^6/(e*x+d)^3-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-4*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)/e^6/(e*x+d)^2+2*c*(-A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+5*B*c*d^3)/e^6/(e*x+d)+2*c*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2Ae(a^2e^4 + 2ace^2(d^2 + 3dex + 3e^2x^2) + c^2(13d^4 + 27d^3ex + 9d^2e^2x^2 - 9de^3x^3 - 3e^4x^4)) + B(-a^2e^4(d + 3ex) + 2acde^2(11d^2 + 27dex + 18e^2x^2) + c^2(47d^5 + 81d^4ex - 9d^3e^2x^2 - 63d^2e^3x^3 - 15de^4x^4 + 3e^5x^5)) + 12c(5Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^3 \text{Log}[d + ex]}{(6e^6(d + ex)^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^4,x]
```

output

```
(-2*A*e*(a^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*e^2*(d^2 + 3*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2) + c^2*(13*d^4 + 27*d^3*e*x + 9*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 9*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*e^4*x^4)) + B*(-(a^2*e^4*(d + 3*e*x)) + 2*a*c*d*e^2*(11*d^2 + 27*d*e*x + 18*e^2*x^2) + c^2*(47*d^5 + 81*d^4*e*x - 9*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 63*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 15*d*e^4*x^4 + 3*e^5*x^5)) + 12*c*(5*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^3*Log[d + e*x]/(6*e^6*(d + e*x)^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{652}$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{2c(-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 5Bcd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^3} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Ae - Bd)}{e^5(d + ex)^4} + \frac{2c(a^2e^4 + 2ace^2(d + ex) + c^2e^2x^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{2e^6(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Bd - Ae)}{3e^6(d + ex)^3} + \\
 & \frac{2c \log(d + ex)(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^6} + \frac{2c(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 3Acd^2e + 5Bcd^3)}{e^6(d + ex)} - \\
 & \frac{c^2x(4Bd - Ae)}{e^5} + \frac{Bc^2x^2}{2e^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^4,x]
```

output

```

-((c^2*(4*B*d - A*e)*x)/e^5) + (B*c^2*x^2)/(2*e^4) + ((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 +
a*e^2)^2)/(3*e^6*(d + e*x)^3) - ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e +
a*B*e^2))/(2*e^6*(d + e*x)^2) + (2*c*(5*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e
^2 - a*A*e^3))/(e^6*(d + e*x)) + (2*c*(5*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*Lo
g[d + e*x])/e^6

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_
)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c
*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
default	$\frac{c^2(\frac{1}{2}Be^2x^2 + Aex - 4Bdx)}{e^5} - \frac{Aa^2e^5 + 2Aac d^2e^3 + A c^2d^4e - B a^2d e^4 - 2Bac d^3e^2 - B c^2d^5}{3e^6(ex+d)^3} - \frac{2c(2Acde - Ba e^2 - 5Bc d^2) \ln}{e^6}$
norman	$\frac{-2A a^2e^5 + 4Aac d^2e^3 + 44A c^2d^4e + B a^2d e^4 - 22Bac d^3e^2 - 110B c^2d^5}{6e^6} - \frac{(2Aac e^3 + 12A c^2d^2e - 6Bacd e^2 - 30B c^2d^3)x^2}{e^4} - \frac{(4Aacd e^3 + 36}{(ex+d)^3}$
risch	$\frac{B c^2x^2}{2e^4} + \frac{c^2Ax}{e^4} - \frac{4c^2Bdx}{e^5} + \frac{(-2Aac e^4 - 6A c^2d^2e^2 + 6Bacd e^3 + 10B c^2d^3e)x^2 + (-2Aacd e^3 - 10A c^2d^3e - \frac{1}{2}B e^4a^2 + 9B}{e^5(ex+d)}$
parallelrisch	$- \frac{6A x^4c^2e^5 - 60B \ln(ex+d)c^2d^5 + 3Bx a^2e^5 + 72A \ln(ex+d)x c^2d^3e^2 - 180B \ln(ex+d)x c^2d^4e + 108Ax c^2d^3e^2 + 4Aac d^2e^3 -$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bc^2x^2}{2e^4} + \frac{2c(-2Acde + Bae^2 + 5Bcd^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^6} + x \left(\frac{Ac^2}{e^4} - \frac{4Bc^2d}{e^5} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{-2Aa^2e^5 - 4Aacd^2e^3 - 26Ac^2d^4e - Ba^2de^4 + 22Bacd^3e^2 + 47Bc^2d^5 + x^2(-12Aace^5 - 36Ac^2d^2e^3 + 6d^3e^6 + 18d^2e^7x + 18d^2e^7x)}{6d^3e^6 + 18d^2e^7x + 18d^2e^7x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output

```
B*c**2*x**2/(2*e**4) + 2*c*(-2*A*c*d*e + B*a*e**2 + 5*B*c*d**2)*log(d + e
x)/e**6 + x*(A*c**2/e**4 - 4*B*c**2*d/e**5) + (-2*A*a**2*e**5 - 4*A*a*c*d*
**2*e**3 - 26*A*c**2*d**4*e - B*a**2*d*e**4 + 22*B*a*c*d**3*e**2 + 47*B*c**
2*d**5 + x**2*(-12*A*a*c*e**5 - 36*A*c**2*d**2*e**3 + 36*B*a*c*d*e**4 + 60
*B*c**2*d**3*e**2) + x*(-12*A*a*c*d*e**4 - 60*A*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 3*B*a**2*
e**5 + 54*B*a*c*d**2*e**3 + 105*B*c**2*d**4*e))/(6*d**3*e**6 + 18*d**2*e**
7*x + 18*d*e**8*x**2 + 6*e**9*x**3)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{47Bc^2d^5 - 26Ac^2d^4e + 22Bacd^3e^2 - 4Aacd^2e^3 - Ba^2de^4 - 2Aa^2e^5 + 12(5Bc^2d^3e^2 - 3Ac^2d^2e^3 + 3Bc^2d^3e^2 - 3Ac^2d^2e^3 + 3Bc^2d^3e^2)}{6(e^9x^3 + 3de^8x^2 + 3d^2e^7x)}$$

$$+ \frac{Bc^2ex^2 - 2(4Bc^2d - Ac^2e)x}{2e^5} + \frac{2(5Bc^2d^2 - 2Ac^2de + Bace^2) \log(ex + d)}{e^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/6*(47*B*c^2*d^5 - 26*A*c^2*d^4*e + 22*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 4*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 -
B*a^2*d*e^4 - 2*A*a^2*e^5 + 12*(5*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 3*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 3*B*a*
c*d*e^4 - A*a*c*e^5)*x^2 + 3*(35*B*c^2*d^4*e - 20*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 18*B*a*c
*d^2*e^3 - 4*A*a*c*d*e^4 - B*a^2*e^5)*x)/(e^9*x^3 + 3*d*e^8*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^
7*x + d^3*e^6) + 1/2*(B*c^2*e*x^2 - 2*(4*B*c^2*d - A*c^2*e)*x)/e^5 + 2*(5*
B*c^2*d^2 - 2*A*c^2*d*e + B*a*c*e^2)*log(e*x + d)/e^6
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(5Bc^2d^2 - 2Ac^2de + Bace^2) \log(|ex + d|)}{e^6} + \frac{Bc^2e^4x^2 - 8Bc^2de^3x + 2Ac^2e^4x}{2e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{47Bc^2d^5 - 26Ac^2d^4e + 22Bacd^3e^2 - 4Aacd^2e^3 - Ba^2de^4 - 2Aa^2e^5 + 12(5Bc^2d^3e^2 - 3Ac^2d^2e^3 + 3Bacde^4 - Aa^2e^5)x}{6(ex + d)^3e^6}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2*(5*B*c^2*d^2 - 2*A*c^2*d*e + B*a*c*e^2)*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^6 + 1/2*(B*c
^2*e^4*x^2 - 8*B*c^2*d*e^3*x + 2*A*c^2*e^4*x)/e^8 + 1/6*(47*B*c^2*d^5 - 26
*A*c^2*d^4*e + 22*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 4*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 - B*a^2*d*e^4 - 2*A*a^2*
e^5 + 12*(5*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 3*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 3*B*a*c*d*e^4 - A*a*c*e^5)*x
^2 + 3*(35*B*c^2*d^4*e - 20*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 18*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 4*A*a*c*d*e
^4 - B*a^2*e^5)*x)/((e*x + d)^3*e^6)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx = x \left(\frac{Ac^2}{e^4} - \frac{4Bc^2d}{e^5} \right)$$

$$- \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^2e^4}{2} - 9Bacd^2e^2 + 2Aacde^3 - \frac{35Bc^2d^4}{2} + 10Ac^2d^3e \right) + \frac{Ba^2de^4 + 2Aa^2e^5 - 22Bacd^3e^2 + 4Aacd^2e^3}{6e}}{d^3e^5 + 3d^2e^6x + 3de^7x^2 +}$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(d + ex)(10Bc^2d^2 - 4Ac^2de + 2Bace^2)}{e^6} + \frac{Bc^2x^2}{2e^4}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^4,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & x*((A*c^2)/e^4 - (4*B*c^2*d)/e^5) - (x*((B*a^2*e^4)/2 - (35*B*c^2*d^4)/2 + \\ & 10*A*c^2*d^3*e + 2*A*a*c*d*e^3 - 9*B*a*c*d^2*e^2) + (2*A*a^2*e^5 - 47*B*c^2*d^5 + \\ & B*a^2*d*e^4 + 26*A*c^2*d^4*e + 4*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 22*B*a*c*d^3*e^2))/(6*e) + x^2*(2*A*a*c*e^4 - \\ & 10*B*c^2*d^3*e + 6*A*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 6*B*a*c*d*e^3))/(d^3*e^5 + e^8*x^3 + 3*d^2*e^6*x + 3*d*e^7*x^2) + (\log(d + e*x)*(10*B*c^2*d^2 + \\ & 2*B*a*c*e^2 - 4*A*c^2*d*e))/e^6 + (B*c^2*x^2)/(2*e^4) \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 455, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12abcd e^5 x^3 - 2a^3 d e^5 + 50b c^2 d^6 + 3b c^2 d e^5 x^5 - 15b c^2 d^2 e^4 x^4 - 60b c^2 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 90b c^2 d^5 e x + 6a c^2 d e^5 a}{(d + ex)^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (12*\log(d + e*x)*a*b*c*d**4*e**2 + 36*\log(d + e*x)*a*b*c*d**3*e**3*x + 36* \\ & \log(d + e*x)*a*b*c*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 12*\log(d + e*x)*a*b*c*d*e**5*x**3 - 24* \\ & *log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**5*e - 72*\log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2*x - 72*\log(\\ & d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**2 - 24*\log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 6 \\ & 0*\log(d + e*x)*b*c**2*d**6 + 180*\log(d + e*x)*b*c**2*d**5*e*x + 180*\log(d \\ & + e*x)*b*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 60*\log(d + e*x)*b*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**3 - 2*a \\ & **3*d*e**5 - a**2*b*d**2*e**4 - 3*a**2*b*d*e**5*x + 4*a**2*c*e**6*x**3 + 1 \\ & 0*a*b*c*d**4*e**2 + 18*a*b*c*d**3*e**3*x - 12*a*b*c*d*e**5*x**3 - 20*a*c** \\ & 2*d**5*e - 36*a*c**2*d**4*e**2*x + 24*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 6*a*c**2*d*e \\ & **5*x**4 + 50*b*c**2*d**6 + 90*b*c**2*d**5*e*x - 60*b*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**3 \\ & - 15*b*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 3*b*c**2*d*e**5*x**5)/(6*d*e**6*(d**3 + 3*d** \\ & 2*e*x + 3*d*e**2*x**2 + e**3*x**3)) \end{aligned}$$

3.56
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^5} dx$$

Optimal result	483
Mathematica [A] (verified)	484
Rubi [A] (verified)	484
Maple [A] (verified)	485
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	486
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	487
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	487
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	488
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	489
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	489

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 189

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^5} dx = \frac{Bc^2x}{e^5} + \frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{4e^6(d+ex)^4} - \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)(5Bcd^2 - 4Acde + aBe^2)}{3e^6(d+ex)^3} + \frac{c(5Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)}{e^6(d+ex)^2} - \frac{2c(5Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)}{e^6(d+ex)} - \frac{c^2(5Bd - Ae) \log(d+ex)}{e^6}$$

output

```
B*c^2*x/e^5+1/4*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^6/(e*x+d)^4-1/3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-4*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)/e^6/(e*x+d)^3+c*(-A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+5*B*c*d^3)/e^6/(e*x+d)^2-2*c*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)/e^6/(e*x+d)-c^2*(-A*e+5*B*d)*ln(e*x+d)/e^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{Ae(-3a^2e^4 - 2ace^2(d^2 + 4dex + 6e^2x^2) + c^2d(25d^3 + 88d^2ex + 108de^2x^2 + 48e^3x^3)) - B(a^2e^4(d + 4ex$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^5,x]
```

output

```
(A*e*(-3*a^2*e^4 - 2*a*c*e^2*(d^2 + 4*d*e*x + 6*e^2*x^2) + c^2*d*(25*d^3 +
88*d^2*e*x + 108*d*e^2*x^2 + 48*e^3*x^3)) - B*(a^2*e^4*(d + 4*e*x) + 6*a*
c*e^2*(d^3 + 4*d^2*e*x + 6*d*e^2*x^2 + 4*e^3*x^3) + c^2*(77*d^5 + 248*d^4*
e*x + 252*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 48*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 48*d*e^4*x^4 - 12*e^5*x^5)) - 12*
c^2*(5*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^4*Log[d + e*x])/(12*e^6*(d + e*x)^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 652$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{2c(-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 5Bcd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^4} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Ae - Bd)}{e^5(d + ex)^5} + \frac{2c}{e^5} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2c(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{3e^6(d + ex)^3} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Bd - Ae)}{4e^6(d + ex)^4} + \frac{c(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 3Acd^2e + 5Bcd^3)}{e^6(d + ex)^2} - \frac{c^2(5Bd - Ae)\log(d + ex)}{e^6} + \frac{Bc^2x}{e^5}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^5,x]`

output $(Bc^2x)/e^5 + ((Bd - Ae)*(cd^2 + ae^2)^2)/(4e^6*(d + ex)^4) - ((cd^2 + ae^2)*(5Bcd^2 - 4Acd^2e + aBe^2))/(3e^6*(d + ex)^3) + (c*(5Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3))/(e^6*(d + ex)^2) - (2c*(5Bcd^2 - 2Acd^2e + aBe^2))/(e^6*(d + ex)) - (c^2*(5Bd - Ae)*Log[d + e*x])/e^6$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

method	result
default	$\frac{Bc^2x}{e^5} - \frac{-4Aacd e^3 - 4Ac^2d^3e + Be^4a^2 + 6Bacd^2e^2 + 5Bc^2d^4}{3e^6(ex+d)^3} - \frac{Aa^2e^5 + 2Aacd^2e^3 + Ac^2d^4e - Ba^2de^4 - 2Bacd^3e^2 - Bc^2d^5}{4e^6(ex+d)^4}$
norman	$\frac{Bc^2x^5}{e} - \frac{3Aa^2e^5 + 2Aacd^2e^3 - 25Ac^2d^4e + Ba^2de^4 + 6Bacd^3e^2 + 125Bc^2d^5}{12e^6} + \frac{2(2Ac^2de - Be^2ac - 10Bc^2d^2)x^3}{e^3} - \frac{(Aace^3 - 9Ac^2d^2e + 12Bcd^3e^2 - 12Bc^2d^5)}{(ex+d)^4}$
risch	$\frac{Bc^2x}{e^5} + \frac{(4Ac^2de^3 - 2Be^4ac - 10Bc^2d^2e^2)x^3 - ce(Aae^3 - 9Acd^2e + 3Bad^2e^2 + 25Bcd^3)x^2 + (-\frac{2}{3}Aacd e^3 + \frac{22}{3}Ac^2d^3e - \frac{1}{3}Bc^2d^5)}{e^5(ex+d)^4}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{-60B \ln(ex+d)c^2d^5 - 4Bxa^2e^5 + 48A \ln(ex+d)xc^2d^3e^2 - 240B \ln(ex+d)xc^2d^4e + 88Axc^2d^3e^2 - 2Aacd^2e^3 - 6Bacd^3e^2 + 12Bc^2d^5}{e^6}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{B^2 c^2 x^2 e^{-5} - \frac{1}{3} (-4 A a c^2 d e^3 - 4 A^2 c^2 d^3 e + B a^2 e^4 + 6 B a c^2 d^2 e^2 + 5 B^2 c^2 d^4) e^{-6} (e x + d)^{-3} - \frac{1}{4} (A a^2 e^5 + 2 A a c^2 d^2 e^3 + A c^2 d^4 e - B a^2 d e^4 - 2 B a c^2 d^3 e^2 - B c^2 d^5) e^{-6} (e x + d)^4 + \frac{c^2}{e^6} (A e - 5 B d) \ln(e x + d) + \frac{2}{e^6} c (2 A c^2 d e - B a e^2 - 5 B c^2 d^2) (e x + d) - \frac{c}{e^6} (A a e^3 + 3 A c^2 d^2 e - 3 B a c^2 d e^2 - 5 B c^2 d^3) (e x + d)^2}{1}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 405 vs. $2(185) = 370$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 B c^2 e^5 x^5 + 48 B c^2 d e^4 x^4 - 77 B c^2 d^5 + 25 A c^2 d^4 e - 6 B a c^2 d^3 e^2 - 2 A a c^2 d^2 e^3 - B a^2 d e^4 - 3 A a^2 e^5 - 24 (A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2 \log(ex + d)}{(e^2 x^2 + 4 d e x + d^2)^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{12} (12 B^2 c^2 e^5 x^5 + 48 B^2 c^2 d e^4 x^4 - 77 B^2 c^2 d^5 + 25 A c^2 d^4 e - 6 B a c^2 d^3 e^2 - 2 A a c^2 d^2 e^3 - B a^2 d e^4 - 3 A a^2 e^5 - 24 (2 B^2 c^2 d^2 e^3 - 2 A c^2 d^2 e^4 + B a c^2 e^5) x^3 - 12 (21 B^2 c^2 d^3 e^2 - 9 A c^2 d^2 e^3 + 3 B a c^2 d e^4 + A a c^2 e^5) x^2 - 4 (62 B^2 c^2 d^4 e - 22 A c^2 d^3 e^2 + 6 B a c^2 d^2 e^3 + 2 A a c^2 d e^4 + B a^2 e^5) x - 12 (5 B^2 c^2 d^5 - A c^2 d^4 e + (5 B^2 c^2 d e^4 - A c^2 e^5) x^4 + 4 (5 B^2 c^2 d^2 e^3 - A c^2 d e^4) x^3 + 6 (5 B^2 c^2 d^3 e^2 - A c^2 d^2 e^3) x^2 + 4 (5 B^2 c^2 d^4 e - A c^2 d^3 e^2) x) \log(ex + d)) / (e^{10} x^4 + 4 d e^9 x^3 + 6 d^2 e^8 x^2 + 4 d^3 e^7 x + d^4 e^6)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{Bc^2x}{e^5} - \frac{c^2(-Ae + 5Bd) \log(d + ex)}{e^6} + \frac{-3Aa^2e^5 - 2Aacd^2e^3 + 25Ac^2d^4e - Ba^2de^4 - 6Bacd^3e^2 - 77Bc^2d^5 + x^3 \cdot (48Ac^2de^4 - 24Bace^5 - 12d^4e^6)}{12d^4e^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**5,x)`output `B*c**2*x/e**5 - c**2*(-A*e + 5*B*d)*log(d + e*x)/e**6 + (-3*A*a**2*e**5 - 2*A*a*c*d**2*e**3 + 25*A*c**2*d**4*e - B*a**2*d*e**4 - 6*B*a*c*d**3*e**2 - 77*B*c**2*d**5 + x**3*(48*A*c**2*d*e**4 - 24*B*a*c*e**5 - 120*B*c**2*d**2*e**3) + x**2*(-12*A*a*c*e**5 + 108*A*c**2*d**2*e**3 - 36*B*a*c*d*e**4 - 300*B*c**2*d**3*e**2) + x*(-8*A*a*c*d*e**4 + 88*A*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 4*B*a**2*e**5 - 24*B*a*c*d**2*e**3 - 260*B*c**2*d**4*e))/(12*d**4*e**6 + 48*d**3*e**7*x + 72*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 48*d*e**9*x**3 + 12*e**10*x**4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{77Bc^2d^5 - 25Ac^2d^4e + 6Bacd^3e^2 + 2Aacd^2e^3 + Ba^2de^4 + 3Aa^2e^5 + 24(5Bc^2d^2e^3 - 2Ac^2de^4 + Bc^2d^2e^3 - 2Ac^2de^4 + Bc^2d^2e^3)}{12(e^{10}x^4 + \dots)} + \frac{Bc^2x}{e^5} - \frac{(5Bc^2d - Ac^2e) \log(ex + d)}{e^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$-1/12*(77*B*c^2*d^5 - 25*A*c^2*d^4*e + 6*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 2*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + B*a^2*d*e^4 + 3*A*a^2*e^5 + 24*(5*B*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 2*A*c^2*d*e^4 + B*a*c*e^5)*x^3 + 12*(25*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 9*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 3*B*a*c*d*e^4 + A*a*c*e^5)*x^2 + 4*(65*B*c^2*d^4*e - 22*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 6*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 2*A*a*c*d*e^4 + B*a^2*e^5)*x)/(e^10*x^4 + 4*d*e^9*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^8*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^7*x + d^4*e^6) + B*c^2*x/e^5 - (5*B*c^2*d - A*c^2*e)*log(e*x + d)/e^6$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 373 vs. 2(185) = 370.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{(ex + d)Bc^2}{e^6} + \frac{(5Bc^2d - Ac^2e) \log\left(\frac{|ex+d|}{(ex+d)^2|e|}\right)}{e^6} - \frac{120Bc^2d^2e^{22}}{ex+d} - \frac{60Bc^2d^3e^{22}}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{20Bc^2d^4e^{22}}{(ex+d)^3} - \frac{3Bc^2d^5e^{22}}{(ex+d)^4} - \frac{48Ac^2de^{23}}{ex+d} + \frac{36Ac^2d^2e^{23}}{(ex+d)^2} - \frac{16Ac^2d^3e^{23}}{(ex+d)^3} + \frac{3Ac^2d^4e^{23}}{(ex+d)^4} + \frac{24Bc^2d^5e^{23}}{(ex+d)^5}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$(e*x + d)*B*c^2/e^6 + (5*B*c^2*d - A*c^2*e)*log(abs(e*x + d)/((e*x + d)^2*abs(e)))/e^6 - 1/12*(120*B*c^2*d^2*e^22/(e*x + d) - 60*B*c^2*d^3*e^22/(e*x + d)^2 + 20*B*c^2*d^4*e^22/(e*x + d)^3 - 3*B*c^2*d^5*e^22/(e*x + d)^4 - 48*A*c^2*d*e^23/(e*x + d) + 36*A*c^2*d^2*e^23/(e*x + d)^2 - 16*A*c^2*d^3*e^23/(e*x + d)^3 + 3*A*c^2*d^4*e^23/(e*x + d)^4 + 24*B*a*c*e^24/(e*x + d) - 36*B*a*c*d*e^24/(e*x + d)^2 + 24*B*a*c*d^2*e^24/(e*x + d)^3 - 6*B*a*c*d^3*e^24/(e*x + d)^4 + 12*A*a*c*e^25/(e*x + d)^2 - 16*A*a*c*d*e^25/(e*x + d)^3 + 6*A*a*c*d^2*e^25/(e*x + d)^4 + 4*B*a^2*e^26/(e*x + d)^3 - 3*B*a^2*d*e^26/(e*x + d)^4 + 3*A*a^2*e^27/(e*x + d)^4)/e^28$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{\ln(d + ex)(Ac^2e - 5Bc^2d)}{e^6} - \frac{x^3(10Bc^2d^2e^2 - 4Ac^2de^3 + 2Bace^4) + x\left(\frac{Ba^2e^4}{3} + 2Bacd^2e^2 + \frac{2Aacde^3}{3} + \frac{65Bc^2d^4}{3} - \frac{22Ac^2d^3e}{3}\right)}{d^4e^5 + 4d^3e^6x + \dots} + \frac{Bc^2x}{e^5}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^5,x)`output `(log(d + e*x)*(A*c^2*e - 5*B*c^2*d))/e^6 - (x^3*(2*B*a*c*e^4 - 4*A*c^2*d*e^3 + 10*B*c^2*d^2*e^2) + x*((B*a^2*e^4)/3 + (65*B*c^2*d^4)/3 - (22*A*c^2*d^3*e)/3 + (2*A*a*c*d*e^3)/3 + 2*B*a*c*d^2*e^2) + (3*A*a^2*e^5 + 77*B*c^2*d^5 + B*a^2*d*e^4 - 25*A*c^2*d^4*e + 2*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 6*B*a*c*d^3*e^2)/(12*e) + x^2*(A*a*c*e^4 + 25*B*c^2*d^3*e - 9*A*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 3*B*a*c*d*e^3))/(d^4*e^5 + e^9*x^4 + 4*d^3*e^6*x + 4*d*e^8*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^7*x^2) + (B*c^2*x)/e^5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 435, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{-3a^3de^5 - 65b^2c^2d^6 + 12bc^2de^5x^5 + 60bc^2d^2e^4x^4 - 200bc^2d^5ex - 180bc^2d^4e^2x^2 - 12ac^2de^5x^4 + 36ac^2d^5}{(d + ex)^5}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^5,x)`

output

```
(12*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**5*e + 48*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2*x + 72*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 48*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 12*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d*e**5*x**4 - 60*log(d + e*x)*b*c**2*d**6 - 240*log(d + e*x)*b*c**2*d**5*e*x - 360*log(d + e*x)*b*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 240*log(d + e*x)*b*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**3 - 60*log(d + e*x)*b*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**4 - 3*a**3*d*e**5 - a**2*b*d**2*e**4 - 4*a**2*b*d*e**5*x - 2*a**2*c*d**3*e**3 - 8*a**2*c*d**2*e**4*x - 12*a**2*c*d*e**5*x**2 + 6*a*b*c*e**6*x**4 + 13*a*c**2*d**5*e + 40*a*c**2*d**4*e**2*x + 36*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**2 - 12*a*c**2*d*e**5*x**4 - 65*b*c**2*d**6 - 200*b*c**2*d**5*e*x - 180*b*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 60*b*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 12*b*c**2*d*e**5*x**5)/(12*d*e**6*(d**4 + 4*d**3*e*x + 6*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*d*e**3*x**3 + e**4*x**4))
```

$$3.57 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^6} dx$$

Optimal result	491
Mathematica [A] (verified)	492
Rubi [A] (verified)	492
Maple [A] (verified)	493
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	494
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	495
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	495
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	496
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	496
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	497

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 197

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^6} dx = \frac{(Bd-Ae)(cd^2+ae^2)^2}{5e^6(d+ex)^5} - \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)(5Bcd^2-4Acde+aBe^2)}{4e^6(d+ex)^4} + \frac{2c(5Bcd^3-3Acd^2e+3aBde^2-aAe^3)}{3e^6(d+ex)^3} - \frac{c(5Bcd^2-2Acde+aBe^2)}{e^6(d+ex)^2} + \frac{c^2(5Bd-Ae)}{e^6(d+ex)} + \frac{Bc^2 \log(d+ex)}{e^6}$$

output

```
1/5*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^6/(e*x+d)^5-1/4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-4*A*c*d*e
+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)/e^6/(e*x+d)^4+2/3*c*(-A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+
5*B*c*d^3)/e^6/(e*x+d)^3-c*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)/e^6/(e*x+d)^2+c^
2*(-A*e+5*B*d)/e^6/(e*x+d)+B*c^2*ln(e*x+d)/e^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4Ae(3a^2e^4 + ace^2(d^2 + 5dex + 10e^2x^2) + 3c^2(d^4 + 5d^3ex + 10d^2e^2x^2 + 10de^3x^3 + 5e^4x^4)) + B(-3a^2e^4 + 6ade^3 + 3c^2d^2 + 6c^2dex + 3c^2e^2x^2)}{(d + ex)^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^6,x]
```

output

```
(-4*A*e*(3*a^2*e^4 + a*c*e^2*(d^2 + 5*d*e*x + 10*e^2*x^2) + 3*c^2*(d^4 + 5*d^3*e*x + 10*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 10*d*e^3*x^3 + 5*e^4*x^4)) + B*(-3*a^2*e^4*(d + 5*e*x) - 6*a*c*e^2*(d^3 + 5*d^2*e*x + 10*d*e^2*x^2 + 10*e^3*x^3) + c^2*d*(137*d^4 + 625*d^3*e*x + 1100*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 900*d*e^3*x^3 + 300*e^4*x^4)) + 60*B*c^2*(d + e*x)^5*Log[d + e*x])/(60*e^6*(d + e*x)^5)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 652$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{2c(-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 5Bcd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^3} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^5} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Ae - Bd)}{e^5(d + ex)^6} + \frac{2c(Ae - Bd)}{e^5(d + ex)^6} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{c(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^6(d+ex)^2} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{4e^6(d+ex)^4} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Bd - Ae)}{5e^6(d+ex)^5} + \frac{2c(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 3Acd^2e + 5Bcd^3)}{3e^6(d+ex)^3} + \frac{c^2(5Bd - Ae)}{e^6(d+ex)} + \frac{Bc^2 \log(d+ex)}{e^6}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^6,x]`

output `((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(5*e^6*(d + e*x)^5) - ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(4*e^6*(d + e*x)^4) + (2*c*(5*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3))/(3*e^6*(d + e*x)^3) - (c*(5*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(e^6*(d + e*x)^2) + (c^2*(5*B*d - A*e))/(e^6*(d + e*x)) + (B*c^2*Log[d + e*x])/e^6`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{c^2(Ae-5Bd)x^4}{e^2} - \frac{c(2Acde+Ba e^2-15Bc d^2)x^3}{e^3} - \frac{c(2Aa e^3+6Ac d^2e+3Bad e^2-55Bc d^3)x^2}{3e^4} - \frac{(4Aacd e^3+12A c^2 d^3 e+3B e^4 a^2+6Bac d^2 e^2+5B c^2 d^4)}{12e^5}}{(ex+d)^5}$
default	$-\frac{2c(Aa e^3+3Ac d^2e-3Bad e^2-5Bc d^3)}{3e^6(ex+d)^3} - \frac{-4Aacd e^3-4A c^2 d^3 e+B e^4 a^2+6Bac d^2 e^2+5B c^2 d^4}{4e^6(ex+d)^4} + \frac{B c^2 \ln(ex+d)}{e^6} - A$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{12A a^2 e^5+4Aac d^2 e^3+12A c^2 d^4 e+3B a^2 d e^4+6Bac d^3 e^2-137B c^2 d^5}{60e^6} - \frac{(A c^2 e-5B c^2 d)x^4}{e^2} - \frac{(2A c^2 de+B e^2 ac-15B c^2 d^2)x^3}{e^3} - \frac{(2Aa e^3+6Ac d^2e+3Bad e^2-55Bc d^3)x^2}{3e^4} - \frac{(4Aacd e^3+12A c^2 d^3 e+3B e^4 a^2+6Bac d^2 e^2+5B c^2 d^4)}{12e^5}}{(ex+d)^5}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{60A x^4 c^2 e^5 - 60B \ln(ex+d) c^2 d^5 + 15Bx a^2 e^5 - 300B \ln(ex+d) x c^2 d^4 e + 60Ax c^2 d^3 e^2 + 4Aac d^2 e^3 + 6Bac d^3 e^2 - 60B \ln(ex+d) c^2 d^5}{60e^6}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (-c^2(Ae-5Bd)/e^2x^4 - c(2Acd+Ba^2-15Bcd^2)/e^3x^3 - 1/3c(2Aa^3+6Acd^2e+3Ba^2d^2-55Bcd^3)/e^4x^2 - 1/12(4Aa^3cd+e^3+12A^2c^2d^3e+3Ba^2e^4+6B^2a^2cd^2e-125B^2cd^4)/e^5x - 1/60(12A^2a^2e^5+4A^2a^2cd^2e^3+12A^2c^2d^4e+3Ba^2d^2e^4+6B^2a^2cd^3e^2-137B^2c^2d^5)/e^6)/(e*x+d)^5 + B^2c^2 \ln(e*x+d)/e^6 \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 365, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{137 Bc^2d^5 - 12 Ac^2d^4e - 6 Bacd^3e^2 - 4 Aacd^2e^3 - 3 Ba^2de^4 - 12 Aa^2e^5 + 60(5 Bc^2de^4 - Ac^2e^5)x^4 + 60(15 B^2c^2d^2e^3 - 2 A^2c^2d^2e^4 - B^2a^2c^2e^5)x^3 + 20(55 B^2c^2d^3e^2 - 6 A^2c^2d^2e^3 - 3 B^2a^2cd^2e^4 - 2 A^2a^2c^2e^5)x^2 + 5(125 B^2c^2d^4e - 12 A^2c^2d^3e^2 - 6 B^2a^2cd^2e^3 - 4 A^2a^2cd^2e^4 - 3 B^2a^2e^5)x + 60(B^2c^2e^5x^5 + 5 B^2c^2d^2e^4x^4 + 10 B^2c^2d^2e^3x^3 + 10 B^2c^2d^3e^2x^2 + 5 B^2c^2d^4e^2x + B^2c^2d^5e^2) \log(ex+d)}{(e^{11}x^5 + 5d^2e^{10}x^4 + 10d^2e^9x^3 + 10d^3e^8x^2 + 5d^4e^7x + d^5e^6)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/60(137B^2c^2d^5 - 12A^2c^2d^4e - 6B^2a^2cd^3e^2 - 4A^2a^2cd^2e^3 - 3B^2a^2d^2e^4 - 12A^2a^2e^5 + 60(5B^2c^2d^2e^4 - A^2c^2e^5)x^4 + 60(15B^2c^2d^2e^3 - 2A^2c^2d^2e^4 - B^2a^2c^2e^5)x^3 + 20(55B^2c^2d^3e^2 - 6A^2c^2d^2e^3 - 3B^2a^2cd^2e^4 - 2A^2a^2c^2e^5)x^2 + 5(125B^2c^2d^4e - 12A^2c^2d^3e^2 - 6B^2a^2cd^2e^3 - 4A^2a^2cd^2e^4 - 3B^2a^2e^5)x + 60(B^2c^2e^5x^5 + 5B^2c^2d^2e^4x^4 + 10B^2c^2d^2e^3x^3 + 10B^2c^2d^3e^2x^2 + 5B^2c^2d^4e^2x + B^2c^2d^5e^2) \log(ex+d))/(e^{11}x^5 + 5d^2e^{10}x^4 + 10d^2e^9x^3 + 10d^3e^8x^2 + 5d^4e^7x + d^5e^6) \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 26.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{Bc^2 \log(d + ex)}{e^6} + \frac{-12Aa^2e^5 - 4Aacd^2e^3 - 12Ac^2d^4e - 3Ba^2de^4 - 6Bacd^3e^2 + 137Bc^2d^5 + x^4(-60Ac^2e^5 + 300Bc^2de^4}{60d^5e^6 + 300d^4e^7x + 600d^3e^8x^2 + 600d^2e^9x^3 + 300de^{10}x^4 + 60e^{11}x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**6,x)`output `B*c**2*log(d + e*x)/e**6 + (-12*A*a**2*e**5 - 4*A*a*c*d**2*e**3 - 12*A*c**2*d**4*e - 3*B*a**2*d*e**4 - 6*B*a*c*d**3*e**2 + 137*B*c**2*d**5 + x**4*(-60*A*c**2*e**5 + 300*B*c**2*d*e**4) + x**3*(-120*A*c**2*d*e**4 - 60*B*a*c*e**5 + 900*B*c**2*d**2*e**3) + x**2*(-40*A*a*c*e**5 - 120*A*c**2*d**2*e**3 - 60*B*a*c*d*e**4 + 1100*B*c**2*d**3*e**2) + x*(-20*A*a*c*d*e**4 - 60*A*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 15*B*a**2*e**5 - 30*B*a*c*d**2*e**3 + 625*B*c**2*d**4*e))/ (60*d**5*e**6 + 300*d**4*e**7*x + 600*d**3*e**8*x**2 + 600*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 300*d*e**10*x**4 + 60*e**11*x**5)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{137Bc^2d^5 - 12Ac^2d^4e - 6Bacd^3e^2 - 4Aacd^2e^3 - 3Ba^2de^4 - 12Aa^2e^5 + 60(5Bc^2de^4 - Ac^2e^5)x^4 + 60Bc^2 \log(ex + d)}{60d^5e^6 + 300d^4e^7x + 600d^3e^8x^2 + 600d^2e^9x^3 + 300de^{10}x^4 + 60e^{11}x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/60*(137*B*c^2*d^5 - 12*A*c^2*d^4*e - 6*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 4*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 -
3*B*a^2*d*e^4 - 12*A*a^2*e^5 + 60*(5*B*c^2*d*e^4 - A*c^2*e^5)*x^4 + 60*(1
5*B*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 2*A*c^2*d*e^4 - B*a*c*e^5)*x^3 + 20*(55*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 -
6*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 3*B*a*c*d*e^4 - 2*A*a*c*e^5)*x^2 + 5*(125*B*c^2*d^4*e -
12*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 6*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 4*A*a*c*d*e^4 - 3*B*a^2*e^5)*x)/(e^11
*x^5 + 5*d*e^10*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^9*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^8*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^7*x + d^5*
e^6) + B*c^2*log(e*x + d)/e^6
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{Bc^2 \log(|ex + d|)}{e^6} + \frac{60(5Bc^2de^3 - Ac^2e^4)x^4 + 60(15Bc^2d^2e^2 - 2Ac^2de^3 - Bace^4)x^3 + 20(55Bc^2d^3e - 6Ac^2d^2e^2 - 3Bace^4)x^2 + 5(125Bc^2d^4e - 12Ac^2d^3e - 6Bac^2d^2e^3 - 2Aa^2c^2e^4)x + (137Bc^2d^5 - 12Aa^2c^2d^4e - 6Bac^2d^3e^2 - 4Aa^2c^2d^2e^3 - 3Bac^2d^2e^4 - 12Aa^2e^5)/e}{(ex + d)^5e^5}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
B*c^2*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^6 + 1/60*(60*(5*B*c^2*d*e^3 - A*c^2*e^4)*x^4 + 6
0*(15*B*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*A*c^2*d*e^3 - B*a*c*e^4)*x^3 + 20*(55*B*c^2*d^3*e
- 6*A*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 3*B*a*c*d*e^3 - 2*A*a*c*e^4)*x^2 + 5*(125*B*c^2*d^4 -
12*A*c^2*d^3*e - 6*B*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*A*a*c*d*e^3 - 3*B*a^2*e^4)*x + (137*B
*c^2*d^5 - 12*A*c^2*d^4*e - 6*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 4*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*B*a^2*d*
e^4 - 12*A*a^2*e^5)/e)/((e*x + d)^5*e^5)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{Bc^2 \ln(d + ex)}{e^6} + \frac{x^2 \left(-\frac{55Bc^2d^3e^2}{3} + 2Ac^2d^2e^3 + Bacde^4 + \frac{2Aace^5}{3} \right) + x^3 (-15Bc^2d^2e^3 + 2Ac^2de^4 + Bace^5) + x^4 (15Bc^2d^3e - 6Ac^2d^2e^2 - 3Bace^4) + x^5 (55Bc^2d^4e - 12Ac^2d^3e - 6Bac^2d^2e^3 - 2Aa^2c^2e^4)}{(ex + d)^5e^5}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^6,x)`

output
$$\frac{(B*c^2*\log(d + e*x))/e^6 - (x^2*((2*A*a*c*e^5)/3 + 2*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 - (55*B*c^2*d^3*e^2)/3 + B*a*c*d*e^4) + x^3*(B*a*c*e^5 + 2*A*c^2*d*e^4 - 15*B*c^2*d^2*e^3) + x^4*(A*c^2*e^5 - 5*B*c^2*d*e^4) + x*((B*a^2*e^5)/4 - (125*B*c^2*d^4*e)/12 + A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + (A*a*c*d*e^4)/3 + (B*a*c*d^2*e^3)/2) + (A*a^2*e^5)/5 - (137*B*c^2*d^5)/60 + (B*a^2*d*e^4)/20 + (A*c^2*d^4*e)/5 + (A*a*c*d^2*e^3)/15 + (B*a*c*d^3*e^2)/10)/(e^6*(d + e*x)^5)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{60 \log(ex + d) b c^2 d^6 + 300 \log(ex + d) b c^2 d^5 ex + 600 \log(ex + d) b c^2 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 600 \log(ex + d) b c^2 d^3 e^3 x^3}{(d + ex)^6}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^6,x)`

output
$$\frac{(60*\log(d + e*x)*b*c**2*d**6 + 300*\log(d + e*x)*b*c**2*d**5*e*x + 600*\log(d + e*x)*b*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 600*\log(d + e*x)*b*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**3 + 300*\log(d + e*x)*b*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 60*\log(d + e*x)*b*c**2*d*e**5*x**5 - 12*a**3*d*e**5 - 3*a**2*b*d**2*e**4 - 15*a**2*b*d*e**5*x - 4*a**2*c*d**3*e**3 - 20*a**2*c*d**2*e**4*x - 40*a**2*c*d*e**5*x**2 - 6*a*b*c*d**4*e**2 - 30*a*b*c*d**3*e**3*x - 60*a*b*c*d**2*e**4*x**2 - 60*a*b*c*d*e**5*x**3 + 12*a*c**2*e**6*x**5 + 77*b*c**2*d**6 + 325*b*c**2*d**5*e*x + 500*b*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 300*b*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**3 - 60*b*c**2*d*e**5*x**5)/(60*d*e**6*(d**5 + 5*d**4*e*x + 10*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 10*d**2*e**3*x**3 + 5*d*e**4*x**4 + e**5*x**5))}$$

3.58
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^7} dx$$

Optimal result	498
Mathematica [A] (verified)	499
Rubi [A] (verified)	499
Maple [A] (verified)	501
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	501
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	502
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	502
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	503
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	504
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	504

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^7} dx = \frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{6e^6(d+ex)^6} - \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)(5Bcd^2 - 4Acde + aBe^2)}{5e^6(d+ex)^5} + \frac{c(5Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)}{2e^6(d+ex)^4} - \frac{2c(5Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)}{3e^6(d+ex)^3} + \frac{c^2(5Bd - Ae)}{2e^6(d+ex)^2} - \frac{Bc^2}{e^6(d+ex)}$$

output

```
1/6*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^6/(e*x+d)^6-1/5*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-4*A*c*d*e
+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)/e^6/(e*x+d)^5+1/2*c*(-A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+
5*B*c*d^3)/e^6/(e*x+d)^4-2/3*c*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)/e^6/(e*x+d)^
3+1/2*c^2*(-A*e+5*B*d)/e^6/(e*x+d)^2-B*c^2/e^6/(e*x+d)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{Ae(5a^2e^4 + ace^2(d^2 + 6dex + 15e^2x^2) + c^2(d^4 + 6d^3ex + 15d^2e^2x^2 + 20de^3x^3 + 15e^4x^4)) + B(a^2e^4(d^5 + 6d^4ex + 15d^3e^2x^2 + 20d^2e^3x^3 + 15de^4x^4 + 6e^5x^5))}{e^6(d + ex)^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^7,x]
```

output

```
-1/30*(A*e*(5*a^2*e^4 + a*c*e^2*(d^2 + 6*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) + c^2*(d^4 + 6*d^3*e*x + 15*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 20*d*e^3*x^3 + 15*e^4*x^4)) + B*(a^2*e^4*(d + 6*e*x) + a*c*e^2*(d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x + 15*d*e^2*x^2 + 20*e^3*x^3) + 5*c^2*(d^5 + 6*d^4*e*x + 15*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 20*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 15*d*e^4*x^4 + 6*e^5*x^5)))/(e^6*(d + e*x)^6)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{2c(-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 5Bcd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^4} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^6} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Ae - Bd)}{e^5(d + ex)^7} + \frac{2c}{e^5(d + ex)^7} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{2c(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{3e^6(d+ex)^3} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{5e^6(d+ex)^5} + \\
& \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Bd - Ae)}{6e^6(d+ex)^6} + \frac{c(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 3Acd^2e + 5Bcd^3)}{2e^6(d+ex)^4} + \frac{c^2(5Bd - Ae)}{2e^6(d+ex)^2} - \\
& \frac{Bc^2}{e^6(d+ex)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^7,x]`

output `((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(6*e^6*(d + e*x)^6) - ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(5*e^6*(d + e*x)^5) + (c*(5*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3))/(2*e^6*(d + e*x)^4) - (2*c*(5*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(3*e^6*(d + e*x)^3) + (c^2*(5*B*d - A*e))/(2*e^6*(d + e*x)^2) - (B*c^2)/(e^6*(d + e*x))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{Bc^2x^5}{e} - \frac{c^2(Ae+5Bd)x^4}{2e^2} - \frac{2c(Acde+Ba e^2+5Bc d^2)x^3}{3e^3} - \frac{c(Aa e^3+Ac d^2e+Bad e^2+5Bc d^3)x^2}{2e^4} - \frac{(Aacd e^3+Ac^2 d^3e+Be^4 a^2+Bac d^3e^2)}{5e^5}}{(ex+d)^6}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{Bc^2x^5}{e} - \frac{(Ac^2e+5Bc^2d)x^4}{2e^2} - \frac{2(Ac^2de+B e^2ac+5Bc^2d^2)x^3}{3e^3} - \frac{(Aac e^3+Ac^2 d^2e+Bacd e^2+5Bc^2 d^3)x^2}{2e^4} - \frac{(Aacd e^3+Ac^2 d^3e+Be^4 a^2+Bac d^3e^2)}{5e^5}}{(ex+d)^6}$
default	$\frac{2c(2Acde-Ba e^2-5Bc d^2)}{3e^6(ex+d)^3} - \frac{c(Aa e^3+3Ac d^2e-3Bad e^2-5Bc d^3)}{2e^6(ex+d)^4} - \frac{-4Aacd e^3-4Ac^2 d^3e+Be^4 a^2+6Bacd^2 e^2+5Bc^2 d^3e^2}{5e^6(ex+d)^5}$
gosper	$-\frac{30Bx^5c^2e^5+15Ax^4c^2e^5+75Bx^4c^2de^4+20Ax^3c^2de^4+20Bx^3ace^5+100Bx^3c^2d^2e^3+15Ax^2ace^5+15Ax^2c^2d^2e^3+15Bx^2c^2d^2e^3}{30Bx^5c^2e^5+15Ax^4c^2e^5+75Bx^4c^2de^4+20Ax^3c^2de^4+20Bx^3ace^5+100Bx^3c^2d^2e^3+15Ax^2ace^5+15Ax^2c^2d^2e^3+15Bx^2c^2d^2e^3}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{30Bx^5c^2e^5+15Ax^4c^2e^5+75Bx^4c^2de^4+20Ax^3c^2de^4+20Bx^3ace^5+100Bx^3c^2d^2e^3+15Ax^2ace^5+15Ax^2c^2d^2e^3+15Bx^2c^2d^2e^3}{30Bx^5c^2e^5+15Ax^4c^2e^5+75Bx^4c^2de^4+20Ax^3c^2de^4+20Bx^3ace^5+100Bx^3c^2d^2e^3+15Ax^2ace^5+15Ax^2c^2d^2e^3+15Bx^2c^2d^2e^3}$
orering	$-\frac{30Bx^5c^2e^5+15Ax^4c^2e^5+75Bx^4c^2de^4+20Ax^3c^2de^4+20Bx^3ace^5+100Bx^3c^2d^2e^3+15Ax^2ace^5+15Ax^2c^2d^2e^3+15Bx^2c^2d^2e^3}{30Bx^5c^2e^5+15Ax^4c^2e^5+75Bx^4c^2de^4+20Ax^3c^2de^4+20Bx^3ace^5+100Bx^3c^2d^2e^3+15Ax^2ace^5+15Ax^2c^2d^2e^3+15Bx^2c^2d^2e^3}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{(-Bc^2x^5/e-1/2*c^2*(Ae+5Bd)/e^2*x^4-2/3*c*(Ac*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)/e^3*x^3-1/2*c*(A*a*e^3+Ac*d^2*e+B*a*d*e^2+5*B*c*d^3)/e^4*x^2-1/5*(A*a*c*d*e^3+Ac^2*d^3*e+B*a^2*e^4+B*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*B*c^2*d^4)/e^5*x-1/30*(5*A*a^2*e^5+A*a*c*d^2*e^3+Ac^2*d^4*e+B*a^2*d*e^4+B*a*c*d^3*e^2+5*B*c^2*d^5)/e^6}{(e*x+d)^6}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^7} dx = \frac{30Bc^2e^5x^5+5Bc^2d^5+Ac^2d^4e+Bacd^3e^2+Aacd^2e^3+Ba^2de^4+5Aa^2e^5+15(5Bc^2de^4+Ac^2e^5)x}{30(e^{12}x^6+6d)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/30*(30*B*c^2*e^5*x^5 + 5*B*c^2*d^5 + A*c^2*d^4*e + B*a*c*d^3*e^2 + A*a*
c*d^2*e^3 + B*a^2*d*e^4 + 5*A*a^2*e^5 + 15*(5*B*c^2*d*e^4 + A*c^2*e^5)*x^4
+ 20*(5*B*c^2*d^2*e^3 + A*c^2*d*e^4 + B*a*c*e^5)*x^3 + 15*(5*B*c^2*d^3*e^
2 + A*c^2*d^2*e^3 + B*a*c*d*e^4 + A*a*c*e^5)*x^2 + 6*(5*B*c^2*d^4*e + A*c^
2*d^3*e^2 + B*a*c*d^2*e^3 + A*a*c*d*e^4 + B*a^2*e^5)*x)/(e^12*x^6 + 6*d*e^
11*x^5 + 15*d^2*e^10*x^4 + 20*d^3*e^9*x^3 + 15*d^4*e^8*x^2 + 6*d^5*e^7*x +
d^6*e^6)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 70.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{-5Aa^2e^5 - Aacd^2e^3 - Ac^2d^4e - Ba^2de^4 - Bacd^3e^2 - 5Bc^2d^5 - 30Bc^2e^5x^5 + x^4(-15Ac^2e^5 - 75Bc^2de^4 + 30d^6e^6 + \dots)}{30d^6e^6 + \dots}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**7,x)
```

output

```
(-5*A*a**2*e**5 - A*a*c*d**2*e**3 - A*c**2*d**4*e - B*a**2*d*e**4 - B*a*c*
d**3*e**2 - 5*B*c**2*d**5 - 30*B*c**2*e**5*x**5 + x**4*(-15*A*c**2*e**5 -
75*B*c**2*d*e**4) + x**3*(-20*A*c**2*d*e**4 - 20*B*a*c*e**5 - 100*B*c**2*d
**2*e**3) + x**2*(-15*A*a*c*e**5 - 15*A*c**2*d**2*e**3 - 15*B*a*c*d*e**4 -
75*B*c**2*d**3*e**2) + x*(-6*A*a*c*d*e**4 - 6*A*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 6*B*a**2
*e**5 - 6*B*a*c*d**2*e**3 - 30*B*c**2*d**4*e))/(30*d**6*e**6 + 180*d**5*e*
*7*x + 450*d**4*e**8*x**2 + 600*d**3*e**9*x**3 + 450*d**2*e**10*x**4 + 180
*d*e**11*x**5 + 30*e**12*x**6)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{30Bc^2e^5x^5 + 5Bc^2d^5 + Ac^2d^4e + Bacd^3e^2 + Aacd^2e^3 + Ba^2de^4 + 5Aa^2e^5 + 15(5Bc^2de^4 + Ac^2e^5)x}{30(e^{12}x^6 + 6d \dots)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/30*(30*B*c^2*e^5*x^5 + 5*B*c^2*d^5 + A*c^2*d^4*e + B*a*c*d^3*e^2 + A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + B*a^2*d*e^4 + 5*A*a^2*e^5 + 15*(5*B*c^2*d*e^4 + A*c^2*e^5)*x^4 + 20*(5*B*c^2*d^2*e^3 + A*c^2*d*e^4 + B*a*c*e^5)*x^3 + 15*(5*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 + A*c^2*d^2*e^3 + B*a*c*d*e^4 + A*a*c*e^5)*x^2 + 6*(5*B*c^2*d^4*e + A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + B*a*c*d^2*e^3 + A*a*c*d*e^4 + B*a^2*e^5)*x)/(e^12*x^6 + 6*d*e^11*x^5 + 15*d^2*e^10*x^4 + 20*d^3*e^9*x^3 + 15*d^4*e^8*x^2 + 6*d^5*e^7*x + d^6*e^6)$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{30 Bc^2e^5x^5 + 75 Bc^2de^4x^4 + 15 Ac^2e^5x^4 + 100 Bc^2d^2e^3x^3 + 20 Ac^2de^4x^3 + 20 Bace^5x^3 + 75 Bc^2d^3e^2x^2 + 15 Aa^2e^5x^2 + 15 B*a*c*d*e^4x^2 + 15 A*a*c*e^5x^2 + 30 B*c^2*d^4*e*x + 6*A*c^2*d^3*e^2*x + 6*B*a*c*d^2*e^3*x + 6*A*a*c*d*e^4*x + 6*B*a^2*e^5*x + 5*B*c^2*d^5 + A*c^2*d^4*e + B*a*c*d^3*e^2 + A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + B*a^2*d*e^4 + 5*A*a^2*e^5)/((e*x + d)^6*e^6)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-1/30*(30*B*c^2*e^5*x^5 + 75*B*c^2*d*e^4*x^4 + 15*A*c^2*e^5*x^4 + 100*B*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 20*A*c^2*d*e^4*x^3 + 20*B*a*c*e^5*x^3 + 75*B*c^2*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 15*A*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 15*B*a*c*d*e^4*x^2 + 15*A*a*c*e^5*x^2 + 30*B*c^2*d^4*e*x + 6*A*c^2*d^3*e^2*x + 6*B*a*c*d^2*e^3*x + 6*A*a*c*d*e^4*x + 6*B*a^2*e^5*x + 5*B*c^2*d^5 + A*c^2*d^4*e + B*a*c*d^3*e^2 + A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + B*a^2*d*e^4 + 5*A*a^2*e^5)/((e*x + d)^6*e^6)$$

3.59 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^8} dx$

Optimal result	505
Mathematica [A] (verified)	506
Rubi [A] (verified)	506
Maple [A] (verified)	508
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	508
Sympy [F(-1)]	509
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	509
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	510
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	510
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	511

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^8} dx = \frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{7e^6(d+ex)^7} - \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)(5Bcd^2 - 4Acde + aBe^2)}{6e^6(d+ex)^6} + \frac{2c(5Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)}{5e^6(d+ex)^5} - \frac{c(5Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)}{2e^6(d+ex)^4} + \frac{c^2(5Bd - Ae)}{3e^6(d+ex)^3} - \frac{Bc^2}{2e^6(d+ex)^2}$$

output

```
1/7*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^6/(e*x+d)^7-1/6*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-4*A*c*d*e
+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)/e^6/(e*x+d)^6+2/5*c*(-A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+
5*B*c*d^3)/e^6/(e*x+d)^5-1/2*c*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)/e^6/(e*x+d)^
4+1/3*c^2*(-A*e+5*B*d)/e^6/(e*x+d)^3-1/2*B*c^2/e^6/(e*x+d)^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \frac{2Ae(15a^2e^4 + 2ace^2(d^2 + 7dex + 21e^2x^2) + c^2(d^4 + 7d^3ex + 21d^2e^2x^2 + 35de^3x^3 + 35e^4x^4)) + B(5a^2e^4(d + 7ex) + 3ac^2e^2(d^3 + 7d^2ex + 21de^2x^2 + 35e^3x^3) + 5c^2(d^5 + 7d^4ex + 21d^3e^2x^2 + 35d^2e^3x^3 + 35de^4x^4 + 21e^5x^5))}{e^6(d + ex)^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^8,x]
```

output

```
-1/210*(2*A*e*(15*a^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*e^2*(d^2 + 7*d*e*x + 21*e^2*x^2) + c^2*(d^4 + 7*d^3*e*x + 21*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 35*d*e^3*x^3 + 35*e^4*x^4)) + B*(5*a^2*e^4*(d + 7*e*x) + 3*a*c*e^2*(d^3 + 7*d^2*e*x + 21*d*e^2*x^2 + 35*e^3*x^3) + 5*c^2*(d^5 + 7*d^4*e*x + 21*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 35*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 35*d*e^4*x^4 + 21*e^5*x^5)))/(e^6*(d + e*x)^7)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{2c(-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 5Bcd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^5} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^7} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Ae - Bd)}{e^5(d + ex)^8} + \frac{2c}{e^5(d + ex)^8} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{c(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{2e^6(d+ex)^4} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{6e^6(d+ex)^6} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Bd - Ae)}{7e^6(d+ex)^7} + \frac{2c(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 3Acd^2e + 5Bcd^3)}{5e^6(d+ex)^5} + \frac{c^2(5Bd - Ae)}{3e^6(d+ex)^3} - \frac{Bc^2}{2e^6(d+ex)^2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^8,x]`

output `((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(7*e^6*(d + e*x)^7) - ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(6*e^6*(d + e*x)^6) + (2*c*(5*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3))/(5*e^6*(d + e*x)^5) - (c*(5*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(2*e^6*(d + e*x)^4) + (c^2*(5*B*d - A*e))/(3*e^6*(d + e*x)^3) - (B*c^2)/(2*e^6*(d + e*x)^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

output

```
-1/210*(105*B*c^2*e^5*x^5 + 5*B*c^2*d^5 + 2*A*c^2*d^4*e + 3*B*a*c*d^3*e^2
+ 4*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 5*B*a^2*d*e^4 + 30*A*a^2*e^5 + 35*(5*B*c^2*d*e^4 + 2*A
*c^2*e^5)*x^4 + 35*(5*B*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 2*A*c^2*d*e^4 + 3*B*a*c*e^5)*x^3 + 2
1*(5*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 2*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 3*B*a*c*d*e^4 + 4*A*a*c*e^5)*x^2 +
7*(5*B*c^2*d^4*e + 2*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 3*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 4*A*a*c*d*e^4 + 5*B
*a^2*e^5)*x)/(e^13*x^7 + 7*d*e^12*x^6 + 21*d^2*e^11*x^5 + 35*d^3*e^10*x^4
+ 35*d^4*e^9*x^3 + 21*d^5*e^8*x^2 + 7*d^6*e^7*x + d^7*e^6)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**8,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \frac{105 Bc^2e^5x^5 + 5 Bc^2d^5 + 2 Ac^2d^4e + 3 Bacd^3e^2 + 4 Aacd^2e^3 + 5 Ba^2de^4 + 30 Aa^2e^5 + 35 (5 Bc^2de^4 + 210 (e^{13}x^7 + 7d e^{12}x^6 + 21d^2 e^{11}x^5 + 35d^3 e^{10}x^4 + 35d^4 e^9x^3 + 21d^5 e^8x^2 + 7d^6 e^7x + d^7 e^6))}{210 (e^{13}x^7 + 7d e^{12}x^6 + 21d^2 e^{11}x^5 + 35d^3 e^{10}x^4 + 35d^4 e^9x^3 + 21d^5 e^8x^2 + 7d^6 e^7x + d^7 e^6)}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/210*(105*B*c^2*e^5*x^5 + 5*B*c^2*d^5 + 2*A*c^2*d^4*e + 3*B*a*c*d^3*e^2
+ 4*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 5*B*a^2*d*e^4 + 30*A*a^2*e^5 + 35*(5*B*c^2*d*e^4 + 2*A
*c^2*e^5)*x^4 + 35*(5*B*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 2*A*c^2*d*e^4 + 3*B*a*c*e^5)*x^3 + 2
1*(5*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 2*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 3*B*a*c*d*e^4 + 4*A*a*c*e^5)*x^2 +
7*(5*B*c^2*d^4*e + 2*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 3*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 4*A*a*c*d*e^4 + 5*B
*a^2*e^5)*x)/(e^13*x^7 + 7*d*e^12*x^6 + 21*d^2*e^11*x^5 + 35*d^3*e^10*x^4
+ 35*d^4*e^9*x^3 + 21*d^5*e^8*x^2 + 7*d^6*e^7*x + d^7*e^6)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx =$$

$$\frac{-105 Bc^2 e^5 x^5 + 175 Bc^2 d e^4 x^4 + 70 Ac^2 e^5 x^4 + 175 Bc^2 d^2 e^3 x^3 + 70 Ac^2 d e^4 x^3 + 105 Bace^5 x^3 + 105 Bc^2 d^3 e^2 x^2 + 42 Aac^2 d^2 e^3 x^2 + 63 B^2 a c d e^4 x^2 + 84 A^2 a c e^5 x^2 + 35 B^2 c^2 d^4 e x + 14 Aac^2 d^3 e^2 x + 21 B^2 a c d^2 e^3 x + 28 A^2 a c d e^4 x + 35 B^2 a^2 e^5 x + 5 B^2 c^2 d^5 + 2 Aac^2 d^4 e + 3 B^2 a c d^3 e^2 + 4 A^2 a c d^2 e^3 + 5 B^2 a^2 d e^4 + 30 A^2 a^2 e^5}{210 e^6 d^7 + 7 d^6 e x + 21 d^5 e^2 x^2 + 35 d^4 e^3 x^3 + 35 d^3 e^4 x^4 + 35 d^2 e^5 x^5 + 175 d e^6 x^6 + 105 e^7 x^7}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/210*(105*B*c^2*e^5*x^5 + 175*B*c^2*d*e^4*x^4 + 70*A*c^2*e^5*x^4 + 175*B
*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 70*A*c^2*d*e^4*x^3 + 105*B*a*c*e^5*x^3 + 105*B*c^2*d^3*
e^2*x^2 + 42*A*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 63*B*a*c*d*e^4*x^2 + 84*A*a*c*e^5*x^2 + 3
5*B*c^2*d^4*e*x + 14*A*c^2*d^3*e^2*x + 21*B*a*c*d^2*e^3*x + 28*A*a*c*d*e^4
*x + 35*B*a^2*e^5*x + 5*B*c^2*d^5 + 2*A*c^2*d^4*e + 3*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 4*A*
a*c*d^2*e^3 + 5*B*a^2*d*e^4 + 30*A*a^2*e^5)/((e*x + d)^7*e^6)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx =$$

$$\frac{5 B a^2 d e^4 + 30 A a^2 e^5 + 3 B a c d^3 e^2 + 4 A a c d^2 e^3 + 5 B c^2 d^5 + 2 A c^2 d^4 e}{210 e^6} + \frac{x (5 B a^2 e^4 + 3 B a c d^2 e^2 + 4 A a c d e^3 + 5 B c^2 d^4 + 2 A c^2 d^3 e)}{30 e^5 d^7 + 7 d^6 e x + 21 d^5 e^2 x^2 + 35 d^4 e^3 x^3 + 35 d^3 e^4 x^4 + 35 d^2 e^5 x^5 + 175 d e^6 x^6 + 105 e^7 x^7}$$

input

```
int(((a + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^8,x)
```


3.60 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^9} dx$

Optimal result	512
Mathematica [A] (verified)	513
Rubi [A] (verified)	513
Maple [A] (verified)	515
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	515
Sympy [F(-1)]	516
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	516
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	517
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	517
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	518

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^9} dx = \frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{8e^6(d+ex)^8} - \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)(5Bcd^2 - 4Acde + aBe^2)}{7e^6(d+ex)^7} + \frac{c(5Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)}{3e^6(d+ex)^6} - \frac{2c(5Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)}{5e^6(d+ex)^5} + \frac{c^2(5Bd - Ae)}{4e^6(d+ex)^4} - \frac{Bc^2}{3e^6(d+ex)^3}$$

output

```
1/8*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^6/(e*x+d)^8-1/7*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-4*A*c*d*e
+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)/e^6/(e*x+d)^7+1/3*c*(-A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+
5*B*c*d^3)/e^6/(e*x+d)^6-2/5*c*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)/e^6/(e*x+d)^
5+1/4*c^2*(-A*e+5*B*d)/e^6/(e*x+d)^4-1/3*B*c^2/e^6/(e*x+d)^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \frac{Ae(105a^2e^4 + 10ace^2(d^2 + 8dex + 28e^2x^2)) + 3c^2(d^4 + 8d^3ex + 28d^2e^2x^2 + 56de^3x^3 + 70e^4x^4)}{(d + ex)^8} + B(15a^2e^4(d + 8ex) + 6a^2c^2e^2(d^3 + 8d^2ex + 28d^2e^2x^2 + 56e^3x^3) + 5c^2(d^5 + 8d^4ex + 28d^3e^2x^2 + 56d^2e^3x^3 + 70de^4x^4 + 56e^5x^5)) / (e^6(d + ex)^8)$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^9,x]
```

output

```
-1/840*(A*e*(105*a^2*e^4 + 10*a*c*e^2*(d^2 + 8*d*e*x + 28*e^2*x^2) + 3*c^2*(d^4 + 8*d^3*e*x + 28*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 56*d*e^3*x^3 + 70*e^4*x^4)) + B*(15*a^2*e^4*(d + 8*e*x) + 6*a*c^2*e^2*(d^3 + 8*d^2*e*x + 28*d*e^2*x^2 + 56*e^3*x^3) + 5*c^2*(d^5 + 8*d^4*e*x + 28*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 56*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 70*d*e^4*x^4 + 56*e^5*x^5)))/(e^6*(d + e*x)^8)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^9} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{2c(-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 5Bcd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^6} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^8} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Ae - Bd)}{e^5(d + ex)^9} + \frac{2c(d + ex)^2}{e^5(d + ex)^9} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{2c(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{5e^6(d+ex)^5} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{7e^6(d+ex)^7} + \\
& \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Bd - Ae)}{8e^6(d+ex)^8} + \frac{c(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 3Acd^2e + 5Bcd^3)}{3e^6(d+ex)^6} + \frac{c^2(5Bd - Ae)}{4e^6(d+ex)^4} - \\
& \frac{Bc^2}{3e^6(d+ex)^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^9,x]`

output `((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(8*e^6*(d + e*x)^8) - ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(7*e^6*(d + e*x)^7) + (c*(5*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3))/(3*e^6*(d + e*x)^6) - (2*c*(5*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(5*e^6*(d + e*x)^5) + (c^2*(5*B*d - A*e))/(4*e^6*(d + e*x)^4) - (B*c^2)/(3*e^6*(d + e*x)^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{Bc^2x^5}{3e} - \frac{c^2(3Ae+5Bd)x^4}{12e^2} - \frac{c(3Acde+6Ba e^2+5Bc d^2)x^3}{15e^3} - \frac{c(10Aae^3+3Ac d^2e+6Bad e^2+5Bc d^3)x^2}{30e^4} - \frac{(10Aacd e^3+3A c^2d^3e+15B c^2d^3e^2)}{10e^5}}{(ex+d)^8}$
default	$-\frac{Bc^2}{3e^6(ex+d)^3} - \frac{c^2(Ae-5Bd)}{4e^6(ex+d)^4} - \frac{-4Aacd e^3-4A c^2d^3e+Be^4a^2+6Bac d^2e^2+5Bc^2d^4}{7e^6(ex+d)^7} + \frac{2c(2Acde-Ba e^2-5Bc d^2)}{5e^6(ex+d)^5}$
gospers	$-\frac{280Bx^5c^2e^5+210Ax^4c^2e^5+350Bx^4c^2de^4+168Ax^3c^2de^4+336Bx^3ace^5+280Bx^3c^2d^2e^3+280Ax^2ace^5+84Ax^2c^2d^2e^3}{(ex+d)^8}$
orering	$-\frac{280Bx^5c^2e^5+210Ax^4c^2e^5+350Bx^4c^2de^4+168Ax^3c^2de^4+336Bx^3ace^5+280Bx^3c^2d^2e^3+280Ax^2ace^5+84Ax^2c^2d^2e^3}{(ex+d)^8}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{280Bc^2x^5e^7+210Ac^2e^7x^4+350Bc^2de^6x^4+168Ac^2de^6x^3+336Bace^7x^3+280Bc^2d^2e^5x^3+280Aace^7x^2+84Ac^2d^2e^5x^2}{(ex+d)^8}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{Bc^2x^5}{3e} - \frac{(3Ac^2e^3+5Bc^2de^2)x^4}{12e^4} - \frac{(3Ac^2de^3+6Be^4ac+5Bc^2d^2e^2)x^3}{15e^5} - \frac{(10Aace^5+3Ac^2d^2e^3+6Bacd e^4+5Bc^2d^3e^2)x^2}{30e^6} - \frac{(10Aacd e^3+3A c^2d^3e+15B c^2d^3e^2)}{10e^5}}{(ex+d)^8}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-1/3*B*c^2*x^5/e-1/12*c^2/e^2*(3*A*e+5*B*d)*x^4-1/15*c/e^3*(3*A*c*d*e+6*B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)*x^3-1/30*c/e^4*(10*A*a*e^3+3*A*c*d^2*e+6*B*a*d*e^2+5*B*c*d^3)*x^2-1/105/e^5*(10*A*a*c*d*e^3+3*A*c^2*d^3*e+15*B*a^2*e^4+6*B*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*B*c^2*d^4)*x-1/840/e^6*(105*A*a^2*e^5+10*A*a*c*d^2*e^3+3*A*c^2*d^4*e+15*B*a^2*d*e^4+6*B*a*c*d^3*e^2+5*B*c^2*d^5))/(e*x+d)^8
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^9} dx = \frac{280Bc^2e^5x^5 + 5Bc^2d^5 + 3Ac^2d^4e + 6Bacd^3e^2 + 10Aacd^2e^3 + 15Ba^2de^4 + 105Aa^2e^5 + 70(5Bc^2de^3 + 15Bc^2d^2e^2 + 5Bc^2de + 5Bc^2d^2)}{840(e^{14}x^8 + \dots)}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^9,x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

$$\frac{-1/840*(280*B*c^2*e^5*x^5 + 5*B*c^2*d^5 + 3*A*c^2*d^4*e + 6*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 10*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 15*B*a^2*d*e^4 + 105*A*a^2*e^5 + 70*(5*B*c^2*d*e^4 + 3*A*c^2*e^5)*x^4 + 56*(5*B*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 3*A*c^2*d*e^4 + 6*B*a*c*e^5)*x^3 + 28*(5*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 3*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 6*B*a*c*d*e^4 + 10*A*a*c*e^5)*x^2 + 8*(5*B*c^2*d^4*e + 3*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 6*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 10*A*a*c*d*e^4 + 15*B*a^2*e^5)*x)/(e^14*x^8 + 8*d*e^13*x^7 + 28*d^2*e^12*x^6 + 56*d^3*e^11*x^5 + 70*d^4*e^10*x^4 + 56*d^5*e^9*x^3 + 28*d^6*e^8*x^2 + 8*d^7*e^7*x + d^8*e^6)}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \frac{280 Bc^2 e^5 x^5 + 350 Bc^2 d e^4 x^4 + 210 Ac^2 e^5 x^4 + 280 Bc^2 d^2 e^3 x^3 + 168 Ac^2 d e^4 x^3 + 336 Bace^5 x^3 + 140 Bc^2 d^3 e^2 x^2 + 84 Aac^2 d^2 e^3 x^2 + 168 B*ac*d*e^4 x^2 + 280 A*a*c*e^5 x^2 + 40 B*c^2*d^4*e*x + 24 A*c^2*d^3*e^2*x + 48 B*a*c*d^2*e^3*x + 80 A*a*c*d*e^4*x + 120 B*a^2*e^5*x + 5*B*c^2*d^5 + 3*A*c^2*d^4*e + 6*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 10*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 15*B*a^2*d*e^4 + 105*A*a^2*e^5)/(e^8*x^8 + 8*d*e^7*x^7 + 28*d^2*e^6*x^6 + 56*d^3*e^5*x^5 + 70*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 56*d^5*e^3*x^3 + 28*d^6*e^2*x^2 + 8*d^7*e*x + d^8)}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^9,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{-1/840*(280*B*c^2*e^5*x^5 + 350*B*c^2*d*e^4*x^4 + 210*A*c^2*e^5*x^4 + 280*B*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 168*A*c^2*d*e^4*x^3 + 336*B*a*c*e^5*x^3 + 140*B*c^2*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 84*A*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 168*B*a*c*d*e^4*x^2 + 280*A*a*c*e^5*x^2 + 40*B*c^2*d^4*e*x + 24*A*c^2*d^3*e^2*x + 48*B*a*c*d^2*e^3*x + 80*A*a*c*d*e^4*x + 120*B*a^2*e^5*x + 5*B*c^2*d^5 + 3*A*c^2*d^4*e + 6*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 10*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 15*B*a^2*d*e^4 + 105*A*a^2*e^5)/((e*x + d)^8*e^6)}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \frac{15 B a^2 d e^4 + 105 A a^2 e^5 + 6 B a c d^3 e^2 + 10 A a c d^2 e^3 + 5 B c^2 d^5 + 3 A c^2 d^4 e}{840 e^6} + \frac{x(15 B a^2 e^4 + 6 B a c d^2 e^2 + 10 A a c d e^3 + 5 B c^2 d^4 + 3 A c^2 d^3 e)}{105 e^5} \frac{1}{d^8 + 8 d^7 e x + 28 d^6 e^2 x^2 + 56 d^5 e^3 x^3 + 70 d^4 e^4 x^4 + 56 d^3 e^5 x^5 + 28 d^2 e^6 x^6 + 8 d e^7 x^7 + d^8 e^8}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^9,x)`

output `-((105*A*a^2*e^5 + 5*B*c^2*d^5 + 15*B*a^2*d*e^4 + 3*A*c^2*d^4*e + 10*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 6*B*a*c*d^3*e^2)/(840*e^6) + (x*(15*B*a^2*e^4 + 5*B*c^2*d^4 + 3*A*c^2*d^3*e + 10*A*a*c*d*e^3 + 6*B*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(105*e^5) + (c*x^3*(6*B*a*e^2 + 5*B*c*d^2 + 3*A*c*d*e))/(15*e^3) + (c^2*x^4*(3*A*e + 5*B*d))/(12*e^2) + (c*x^2*(10*A*a*e^3 + 5*B*c*d^3 + 6*B*a*d*e^2 + 3*A*c*d^2*e))/(30*e^4) + (B*c^2*x^5)/(3*e))/(d^8 + e^8*x^8 + 8*d*e^7*x^7 + 28*d^6*e^2*x^2 + 56*d^5*e^3*x^3 + 70*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 56*d^3*e^5*x^5 + 28*d^2*e^6*x^6 + 8*d^7*e*x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{-280b^2c^2e^5x^5 - 210ac^2e^5x^4 - 350b^2c^2de^4x^4 - 336abc^2e^5x^3 - 168ac^2de^4x^3 - 280b^2c^2d^2e^3x^3 - 280a^2ce^5x^2 - 280b^2c^2d^2e^3x^2 - 280b^2c^2d^2e^3x^2 - 56d^5e^3x^3 + 70d^4e^4x^4 + 56d^3e^5x^5 + 28d^2e^6x^6 + 8d^7ex^7 + e^8x^8}{840e^6}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^9,x)`

output `(- 105*a**3*e**5 - 15*a**2*b*d*e**4 - 120*a**2*b*e**5*x - 10*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 - 80*a**2*c*d*e**4*x - 280*a**2*c*e**5*x**2 - 6*a*b*c*d**3*e**2 - 48*a*b*c*d**2*e**3*x - 168*a*b*c*d*e**4*x**2 - 336*a*b*c*e**5*x**3 - 3*a*c**2*d**4*e - 24*a*c**2*d**3*e**2*x - 84*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2 - 168*a*c**2*d*e**4*x**3 - 210*a*c**2*e**5*x**4 - 5*b*c**2*d**5 - 40*b*c**2*d**4*e*x - 140*b*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 - 280*b*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**3 - 350*b*c**2*d*e**4*x**4 - 280*b*c**2*e**5*x**5)/(840*e**6*(d**8 + 8*d**7*e*x + 28*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 56*d**5*e**3*x**3 + 70*d**4*e**4*x**4 + 56*d**3*e**5*x**5 + 28*d**2*e**6*x**6 + 8*d*e**7*x**7 + e**8*x**8))`

3.61 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	519
Mathematica [A] (verified)	520
Rubi [A] (verified)	520
Maple [A] (verified)	522
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	522
Sympy [F(-1)]	523
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	523
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	524
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	524
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	525

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{9e^6(d+ex)^9} - \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)(5Bcd^2 - 4Acde + aBe^2)}{8e^6(d+ex)^8} + \frac{2c(5Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)}{7e^6(d+ex)^7} - \frac{c(5Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)}{3e^6(d+ex)^6} + \frac{c^2(5Bd - Ae)}{5e^6(d+ex)^5} - \frac{Bc^2}{4e^6(d+ex)^4}$$

output

```
1/9*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^6/(e*x+d)^9-1/8*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-4*A*c*d*e
+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)/e^6/(e*x+d)^8+2/7*c*(-A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+
5*B*c*d^3)/e^6/(e*x+d)^7-1/3*c*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)/e^6/(e*x+d)^
6+1/5*c^2*(-A*e+5*B*d)/e^6/(e*x+d)^5-1/4*B*c^2/e^6/(e*x+d)^4
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{4Ae(70a^2e^4 + 5ace^2(d^2 + 9dex + 36e^2x^2) + c^2(d^4 + 9d^3ex + 36d^2e^2x^2 + 84de^3x^3 + 126e^4x^4)) + 5B(70a^2e^4 + 5ace^2(d^2 + 9dex + 36e^2x^2) + c^2(d^4 + 9d^3ex + 36d^2e^2x^2 + 84de^3x^3 + 126e^4x^4))}{e^6(d + ex)^9}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^10,x]
```

output

```
-1/2520*(4*A*e*(70*a^2*e^4 + 5*a*c*e^2*(d^2 + 9*d*e*x + 36*e^2*x^2) + c^2*(d^4 + 9*d^3*e*x + 36*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 84*d*e^3*x^3 + 126*e^4*x^4)) + 5*B*(70*a^2*e^4*(d + 9*e*x) + 2*a*c*e^2*(d^3 + 9*d^2*e*x + 36*d*e^2*x^2 + 84*e^3*x^3) + c^2*(d^5 + 9*d^4*e*x + 36*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 84*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 126*d*e^4*x^4 + 126*e^5*x^5)))/(e^6*(d + e*x)^9)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{2c(-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 5Bcd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^7} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^9} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Ae - Bd)}{e^5(d + ex)^{10}} + \frac{2c(Ae - Bd)}{e^5(d + ex)^{10}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{c(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{3e^6(d+ex)^6} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{8e^6(d+ex)^8} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Bd - Ae)}{9e^6(d+ex)^9} + \frac{2c(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 3Acd^2e + 5Bcd^3)}{7e^6(d+ex)^7} + \frac{c^2(5Bd - Ae)}{5e^6(d+ex)^5} - \frac{Bc^2}{4e^6(d+ex)^4}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^10,x]`

output `((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(9*e^6*(d + e*x)^9) - ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(8*e^6*(d + e*x)^8) + (2*c*(5*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3))/(7*e^6*(d + e*x)^7) - (c*(5*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(3*e^6*(d + e*x)^6) + (c^2*(5*B*d - A*e))/(5*e^6*(d + e*x)^5) - (B*c^2)/(4*e^6*(d + e*x)^4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{Bc^2x^5}{4e} - \frac{c^2(4Ae+5Bd)x^4}{20e^2} - \frac{c(4Acde+10Ba^2e^2+5Bc^2d^2)x^3}{30e^3} - \frac{c(20Aae^3+4Ac^2d^2e+10Bad^2e^2+5Bcd^3)x^2}{70e^4} - \frac{(20Aacd^3e^3+4A^2c^2d^3e+35B^2c^2d^3e^2)}{(ex+d)^9}$
default	$-\frac{Bc^2}{4e^6(ex+d)^4} - \frac{Aa^2e^5+2Aacd^2e^3+A^2c^2d^4e-Ba^2de^4-2Bacd^3e^2-Bc^2d^5}{9e^6(ex+d)^9} - \frac{2c(Aae^3+3Ac^2d^2e-3Bad^2e^2-5Bcd^3)}{7e^6(ex+d)^7}$
gospers	$-\frac{630Bx^5c^2e^5+504Ax^4c^2e^5+630Bx^4c^2de^4+336Ax^3c^2de^4+840Bx^3ac^2e^5+420Bx^3c^2d^2e^3+720Ax^2ac^2e^5+144Ax^2c^2d^2e^3}{(ex+d)^9}$
orering	$-\frac{630Bx^5c^2e^5+504Ax^4c^2e^5+630Bx^4c^2de^4+336Ax^3c^2de^4+840Bx^3ac^2e^5+420Bx^3c^2d^2e^3+720Ax^2ac^2e^5+144Ax^2c^2d^2e^3}{(ex+d)^9}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{630Bc^2x^5e^8+504A^2c^2e^8x^4+630Bc^2de^7x^4+336A^2c^2de^7x^3+840Bac^2e^8x^3+420Bc^2d^2e^6x^3+720Aac^2e^8x^2+144A^2c^2d^2e^6x^2}{(ex+d)^9}$
norman	$-\frac{Bc^2x^5}{4e} - \frac{(4A^2c^2e^4+5B^2c^2de^3)x^4}{20e^5} - \frac{(4A^2c^2de^4+10B^2ac^2e^5+5B^2c^2d^2e^3)x^3}{30e^6} - \frac{(20Aac^2e^6+4A^2c^2d^2e^4+10Bacd^2e^5+5B^2c^2d^3e^3)x^2}{70e^7} - \frac{(20Aacd^3e^3+4A^2c^2d^3e^2+35B^2c^2d^3e^2)}{(ex+d)^9}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(-1/4*B*c^2*x^5/e-1/20*c^2/e^2*(4*A*e+5*B*d)*x^4-1/30/e^3*c*(4*A*c*d*e+10*B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)*x^3-1/70/e^4*c*(20*A*a*e^3+4*A*c*d^2*e+10*B*a*d*e^2+5*B*c*d^3)*x^2-1/280/e^5*(20*A*a*c*d*e^3+4*A*c^2*d^3*e+35*B*a^2*e^4+10*B*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*B*c^2*d^4)*x-1/2520/e^6*(280*A*a^2*e^5+20*A*a*c*d^2*e^3+4*A*c^2*d^4*e+35*B*a^2*d*e^4+10*B*a*c*d^3*e^2+5*B*c^2*d^5))/(e*x+d)^9
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 339, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{630Bc^2e^5x^5 + 5Bc^2d^5 + 4Ac^2d^4e + 10Bacd^3e^2 + 20Aacd^2e^3 + 35Ba^2de^4 + 280Aa^2e^5 + 126(5Bc^2d^3e^2 + 35B^2c^2d^3e^2)}{2520(e^{15}x^9 + 9d^9)}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^10,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/2520*(630*B*c^2*e^5*x^5 + 5*B*c^2*d^5 + 4*A*c^2*d^4*e + 10*B*a*c*d^3*e^
2 + 20*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 35*B*a^2*d*e^4 + 280*A*a^2*e^5 + 126*(5*B*c^2*d*e^4
+ 4*A*c^2*e^5)*x^4 + 84*(5*B*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 4*A*c^2*d*e^4 + 10*B*a*c*e^5)*
x^3 + 36*(5*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 4*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 10*B*a*c*d*e^4 + 20*A*a*c*e^
5)*x^2 + 9*(5*B*c^2*d^4*e + 4*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 10*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 20*A*a*c*
d*e^4 + 35*B*a^2*e^5)*x)/(e^15*x^9 + 9*d*e^14*x^8 + 36*d^2*e^13*x^7 + 84*d^
^3*e^12*x^6 + 126*d^4*e^11*x^5 + 126*d^5*e^10*x^4 + 84*d^6*e^9*x^3 + 36*d^
7*e^8*x^2 + 9*d^8*e^7*x + d^9*e^6)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**10,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 339, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{630 Bc^2e^5x^5 + 5 Bc^2d^5 + 4 Ac^2d^4e + 10 Bacd^3e^2 + 20 Aacd^2e^3 + 35 Ba^2de^4 + 280 Aa^2e^5 + 126 (5 Bc^2d^2e^3 + 4 Acd^2e^4 + 10 Bc^2de^5 + 4 Acd^2e^5)x^4 + 84 (5 Bc^2d^2e^3 + 4 Acd^2e^4 + 10 Bc^2de^5)x^3 + 36 (5 Bc^2d^3e^2 + 4 Acd^2e^3 + 10 Bc^2de^4 + 20 Acd^2e^5)x^2 + 9 (5 Bc^2d^4e + 4 Acd^3e^2 + 10 Bc^2d^2e^3 + 20 Acd^2e^5)x + d^9e^6}{2520 (e^{15}x^9 + 9d e^{14}x^8 + 36d^2 e^{13}x^7 + 84d^3 e^{12}x^6 + 126d^4 e^{11}x^5 + 126d^5 e^{10}x^4 + 84d^6 e^9x^3 + 36d^7 e^8x^2 + 9d^8 e^7x + d^9 e^6)}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^10,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/2520*(630*B*c^2*e^5*x^5 + 5*B*c^2*d^5 + 4*A*c^2*d^4*e + 10*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 \\ & + 20*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 35*B*a^2*d*e^4 + 280*A*a^2*e^5 + 126*(5*B*c^2*d*e^4 \\ & + 4*A*c^2*e^5)*x^4 + 84*(5*B*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 4*A*c^2*d*e^4 + 10*B*a*c*e^5)* \\ & x^3 + 36*(5*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 4*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 10*B*a*c*d*e^4 + 20*A*a*c*e^5)* \\ & x^2 + 9*(5*B*c^2*d^4*e + 4*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 10*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 20*A*a*c* \\ & d*e^4 + 35*B*a^2*e^5)*x)/(e^{15}x^9 + 9*d*e^{14}x^8 + 36*d^2*e^{13}x^7 + 84*d^3* \\ & e^{12}x^6 + 126*d^4*e^{11}x^5 + 126*d^5*e^{10}x^4 + 84*d^6*e^9x^3 + 36*d^7* \\ & e^8x^2 + 9*d^8*e^7x + d^9e^6) \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{630 Bc^2e^5x^5 + 630 Bc^2de^4x^4 + 504 Ac^2e^5x^4 + 420 Bc^2d^2e^3x^3 + 336 Ac^2de^4x^3 + 840 Bace^5x^3 + 180 Bc^2d^2e^3x^2 + 144 Aac^2d^2e^3x^2 + 360 B*a*c*d*e^4x^2 + 720 A*a*c*e^5x^2 + 45 B*c^2*d^4*e*x + 36 A*c^2*d^3*e^2*x + 90 B*a*c*d^2*e^3*x + 180 A*a*c*d*e^4x + 315 B*a^2*e^5*x + 5 B*c^2*d^5 + 4 A*c^2*d^4*e + 10 B*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 20 A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 35 B*a^2*d*e^4 + 280 A*a^2*e^5)/(e^9x^9 + 9 d e^8 x^8 + 36 d^2 e^7 x^7 + 84 d^3 e^6 x^6 + 126 d^4 e^5 x^5 + 126 d^5 e^4 x^4 + 84 d^6 e^3 x^3 + 36 d^7 e^2 x^2 + 9 d^8 e x + d^9)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^10,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/2520*(630*B*c^2*e^5*x^5 + 630*B*c^2*d*e^4*x^4 + 504*A*c^2*e^5*x^4 + 420 \\ & *B*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 336*A*c^2*d*e^4*x^3 + 840*B*a*c*e^5*x^3 + 180*B*c^2*d \\ & ^3*e^2*x^2 + 144*A*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 360*B*a*c*d*e^4*x^2 + 720*A*a*c*e^5*x \\ & ^2 + 45*B*c^2*d^4*e*x + 36*A*c^2*d^3*e^2*x + 90*B*a*c*d^2*e^3*x + 180*A*a* \\ & c*d*e^4*x + 315*B*a^2*e^5*x + 5*B*c^2*d^5 + 4*A*c^2*d^4*e + 10*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 \\ & ^2 + 20*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 35*B*a^2*d*e^4 + 280*A*a^2*e^5)/(e^9x^9 + 9 d e^8 x^8 + 36 d^2 e^7 x^7 + 84 d^3 e^6 x^6 + 126 d^4 e^5 x^5 + 126 d^5 e^4 x^4 + 84 d^6 e^3 x^3 + 36 d^7 e^2 x^2 + 9 d^8 e x + d^9) \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 321, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{35 B a^2 d e^4 + 280 A a^2 e^5 + 10 B a c d^3 e^2 + 20 A a c d^2 e^3 + 5 B c^2 d^5 + 4 A c^2 d^4 e}{2520 e^6} + \frac{x(35 B a^2 e^4 + 10 B a c d^2 e^2 + 20 A a c d e^3 + 5 B c^2 d^4 + 4 A c^2 d^3 e)}{280 e^5} + \frac{d^9 + 9 d^8 e x + 36 d^7 e^2 x^2 + 84 d^6 e^3 x^3 + 126 d^5 e^4 x^4 + 126 d^4 e^5 x^5 + 84 d^3 e^6 x^6 + 36 d^2 e^7 x^7 + 9 d e^8 x^8 + d^9}{e^9}$$

3.62 $\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	526
Mathematica [A] (verified)	527
Rubi [A] (verified)	528
Maple [A] (verified)	530
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	531
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	532
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	534
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	535
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	537
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	538

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 334

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^3 dx \\
 &= -\frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^3 (d + ex)^6}{6e^8} \\
 &+ \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (7Bcd^2 - 6Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^7}{7e^8} \\
 &- \frac{3c(cd^2 + ae^2)(7Bcd^3 - 5Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)(d + ex)^8}{8e^8} \\
 &- \frac{c(4Acde(5cd^2 + 3ae^2) - B(35c^2d^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4))(d + ex)^9}{9e^8} \\
 &- \frac{c^2(35Bcd^3 - 15Acd^2e + 15aBde^2 - 3aAe^3)(d + ex)^{10}}{10e^8} \\
 &+ \frac{3c^2(7Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^{11}}{11e^8} \\
 &- \frac{c^3(7Bd - Ae)(d + ex)^{12}}{12e^8} + \frac{Bc^3(d + ex)^{13}}{13e^8}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/6*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^6/e^8+1/7*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(-6*A*c*
d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^7/e^8-3/8*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-A*a*e^3-5*A*c*d
^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+7*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^8/e^8-1/9*c*(4*A*c*d*e*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^
2)-B*(3*a^2*e^4+30*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4))*(e*x+d)^9/e^8-1/10*c^2*(-3*A*a
*e^3-15*A*c*d^2*e+15*B*a*d*e^2+35*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^10/e^8+3/11*c^2*(-2*A*c
*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^11/e^8-1/12*c^3*(-A*e+7*B*d)*(e*x+d)^12/e^
8+1/13*B*c^3*(e*x+d)^13/e^8

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 542, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = & a^3 Ad^5 x + \frac{1}{2} a^3 d^4 (Bd + 5Ae) x^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{3} a^2 d^3 (3Acd^2 + 5ABde + 10aAe^2) x^3 \\
& + \frac{1}{4} a^2 d^2 (3Bcd^3 + 15Acd^2 e + 10aBde^2 \\
& \quad + 10aAe^3) x^4 + \frac{1}{5} ad(5aBde(3cd^2 + 2ae^2) \\
& \quad + A(3c^2 d^4 + 30acd^2 e^2 + 5a^2 e^4)) x^5 \\
& + \frac{1}{6} a(Ae(15c^2 d^4 + 30acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4) \\
& \quad + B(3c^2 d^5 + 30acd^3 e^2 + 5a^2 de^4)) x^6 \\
& + \frac{1}{7} (aBe(15c^2 d^4 + 30acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4) \\
& \quad + Acd(c^2 d^4 + 30acd^2 e^2 + 15a^2 e^4)) x^7 \\
& + \frac{1}{8} c(Ae(5c^2 d^4 + 30acd^2 e^2 + 3a^2 e^4) \\
& \quad + B(c^2 d^5 + 30acd^3 e^2 + 15a^2 de^4)) x^8 \\
& + \frac{1}{9} ce(5Acde(2cd^2 + 3ae^2) \\
& \quad + B(5c^2 d^4 + 30acd^2 e^2 + 3a^2 e^4)) x^9 \\
& + \frac{1}{10} c^2 e^2 (10Bcd^3 + 10Acd^2 e + 15aBde^2 \\
& \quad + 3aAe^3) x^{10} \\
& + \frac{1}{11} c^2 e^3 (10Bcd^2 + 5Acde + 3aBe^2) x^{11} \\
& + \frac{1}{12} c^3 e^4 (5Bd + Ae) x^{12} + \frac{1}{13} Bc^3 e^5 x^{13}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^5*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & a^3 A d^5 x + (a^3 d^4 (B d + 5 A e) x^2) / 2 + (a^2 d^3 (3 A c d^2 + 5 a B d e + 10 a A e^2) x^3) / 3 + (a^2 d^2 (3 B c d^3 + 15 A c d^2 e + 10 a B d e^2 + 10 a A e^3) x^4) / 4 + (a d (5 a B d e (3 c d^2 + 2 a e^2) + A (3 c^2 d^4 + 30 a c d^2 e^2 + 5 a^2 e^4)) x^5) / 5 + (a (A e (15 c^2 d^4 + 30 a c d^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4) + B (3 c^2 d^5 + 30 a c d^3 e^2 + 5 a^2 d e^4)) x^6) / 6 + ((a B e (15 c^2 d^4 + 30 a c d^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4) + A c d (c^2 d^4 + 30 a c d^2 e^2 + 15 a^2 e^4)) x^7) / 7 + (c (A e (5 c^2 d^4 + 30 a c d^2 e^2 + 3 a^2 e^4) + B (c^2 d^5 + 30 a c d^3 e^2 + 15 a^2 d e^4)) x^8) / 8 + (c e (5 A c d e (2 c d^2 + 3 a e^2) + B (5 c^2 d^4 + 30 a c d^2 e^2 + 3 a^2 e^4)) x^9) / 9 + (c^2 e^2 (10 B c d^3 + 10 A c d^2 e + 15 a B d e^2 + 3 a A e^3) x^{10}) / 10 + (c^2 e^3 (10 B c d^2 + 5 A c d e + 3 a B e^2) x^{11}) / 11 + (c^3 e^4 (5 B d + A e) x^{12}) / 12 + (B c^3 e^5 x^{13}) / 13 \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 652$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{c(d + ex)^8 (-3a^2 B e^4 + 12a A c d e^3 - 30a B c d^2 e^2 + 20A c^2 d^3 e - 35B c^2 d^4)}{e^7} - \frac{3c^2 (d + ex)^{10} (-a B e^2 + 2A c d e)}{e^7} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{c(d+ex)^9 (4Acde(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) - B(3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4))}{3c^2(d+ex)^{11} (aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2)} + \\
& \frac{c^2(d+ex)^{10} (-3aAe^3 + 15aBde^2 - 15Acd^2e + 35Bcd^3)}{11e^8} - \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^7 (ae^2 + cd^2)^2 (aBe^2 - 6Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{10e^8} - \frac{(d+ex)^6 (ae^2 + cd^2)^3 (Bd - Ae)}{7e^8} - \\
& \frac{3c(d+ex)^8 (ae^2 + cd^2) (-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 5Acd^2e + 7Bcd^3)}{8e^8} - \frac{c^3(d+ex)^{12} (7Bd - Ae)}{12e^8} + \\
& \frac{Bc^3(d+ex)^{13}}{13e^8}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^5*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/6*((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^6)/e^8 + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^8) - (3*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^8)/(8*e^8) - (c*(4*A*c*d*e*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - B*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4))*(d + e*x)^9)/(9*e^8) - (c^2*(35*B*c*d^3 - 15*A*c*d^2*e + 15*a*B*d*e^2 - 3*a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^10)/(10*e^8) + (3*c^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^11)/(11*e^8) - (c^3*(7*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^12)/(12*e^8) + (B*c^3*(d + e*x)^13)/(13*e^8)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 557, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

method	result
default	$\frac{B e^5 c^3 x^{13}}{13} + \frac{(A e^5 + 5 B d e^4) c^3 x^{12}}{12} + \frac{((5 A d e^4 + 10 B d^2 e^3) c^3 + 3 B e^5 a c^2) x^{11}}{11} + \frac{((10 A d^2 e^3 + 10 B d^3 e^2) c^3 + 3(A e^5 + 5 B d e^4) a c^2) x^{10}}{10}$
norman	$\frac{B e^5 c^3 x^{13}}{13} + \left(\frac{1}{12} A c^3 e^5 + \frac{5}{12} B c^3 d e^4\right) x^{12} + \left(\frac{5}{11} A c^3 d e^4 + \frac{3}{11} B e^5 a c^2 + \frac{10}{11} B c^3 d^2 e^3\right) x^{11} + \left(\frac{3}{10} A d^2 e^3 + \frac{3}{10} B d^3 e^2\right) x^{10} + \frac{3}{10} (A e^5 + 5 B d e^4) a c^2 x^9$
gosper	$\frac{5}{3} x^9 A a c^2 d e^4 + x^5 A a^3 d e^4 + \frac{3}{5} x^5 A d^5 a c^2 + 2 x^5 B a^3 d^2 e^3 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a^3 d^2 e^3 + \frac{15}{7} x^7 B a c^2 d^4 e + \frac{15}{7} x^7 B a c^2 d^4 e + \frac{15}{7} x^7 B a c^2 d^4 e + \frac{15}{7} x^7 B a c^2 d^4 e$
risch	$\frac{5}{3} x^9 A a c^2 d e^4 + x^5 A a^3 d e^4 + \frac{3}{5} x^5 A d^5 a c^2 + 2 x^5 B a^3 d^2 e^3 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a^3 d^2 e^3 + \frac{15}{7} x^7 B a c^2 d^4 e + \frac{15}{7} x^7 B a c^2 d^4 e + \frac{15}{7} x^7 B a c^2 d^4 e + \frac{15}{7} x^7 B a c^2 d^4 e$
parallelrisc	$\frac{5}{3} x^9 A a c^2 d e^4 + x^5 A a^3 d e^4 + \frac{3}{5} x^5 A d^5 a c^2 + 2 x^5 B a^3 d^2 e^3 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 A a^3 d^2 e^3 + \frac{15}{7} x^7 B a c^2 d^4 e + \frac{15}{7} x^7 B a c^2 d^4 e + \frac{15}{7} x^7 B a c^2 d^4 e + \frac{15}{7} x^7 B a c^2 d^4 e$
orering	$\frac{x(27720 B e^5 c^3 x^{12} + 30030 A c^3 e^5 x^{11} + 150150 B c^3 d e^4 x^{11} + 163800 A c^3 d e^4 x^{10} + 98280 B a c^2 e^5 x^{10} + 327600 B c^3 d^2 e^3 x^{10} + 108000 A a c^2 d e^4 x^9 + 36000 A a^3 d e^4 x^9 + 72000 A d^5 a c^2 x^9 + 144000 B a^3 d^2 e^3 x^9 + 18000 A a^3 d^2 e^3 x^9 + 18000 B a c^2 d^4 e x^9 + 18000 B a c^2 d^4 e x^9 + 18000 B a c^2 d^4 e x^9 + 18000 B a c^2 d^4 e x^9)}{108000}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{13} B e^5 c^3 x^{13} + \frac{1}{12} (A e^5 + 5 B d e^4) c^3 x^{12} + \frac{1}{11} ((5 A d e^4 + 10 B d^2 e^3) c^3 + 3 B e^5 a c^2) x^{11} + \frac{1}{10} ((10 A d^2 e^3 + 10 B d^3 e^2) c^3 + 3 (A e^5 + 5 B d e^4) a c^2) x^{10} + \frac{1}{9} ((10 A d^3 e^2 + 5 B d^4 e) c^3 + 3 (5 A d e^4 + 10 B d^2 e^3) a c^2 + 3 B e^5 a^2 c) x^9 + \frac{1}{8} ((5 A d^4 e + B d^5) c^3 + 3 (10 A d^2 e^3 + 10 B d^3 e^2) a c^2 + 3 (A e^5 + 5 B d e^4) a^2 c) x^8 + \frac{1}{7} (A d^5 c^3 + 3 (10 A d^3 e^2 + 5 B d^4 e) a c^2 + 3 (5 A d e^4 + 10 B d^2 e^3) a^2 c + B e^5 a^3) x^7 + \frac{1}{6} (3 (5 A d^4 e + B d^5) a c^2 + 3 (10 A d^2 e^3 + 10 B d^3 e^2) a^2 c + (A e^5 + 5 B d e^4) a^3) x^6 + \frac{1}{5} (3 A d^5 a c^2 + 3 (10 A d^3 e^2 + 5 B d^4 e) a^2 c + (5 A d e^4 + 10 B d^2 e^3) a^3) x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (3 (5 A d^4 e + B d^5) a^2 c + (10 A d^2 e^3 + 10 B d^3 e^2) a^3) x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (3 A d^5 a^2 c + (10 A d^3 e^2 + 5 B d^4 e) a^3) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (5 A d^4 e + B d^5) a^3 x^2 + A d^5 a^3 x$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 584, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^3 dx \\
&= \frac{1}{13} Bc^3 e^5 x^{13} + \frac{1}{12} (5 Bc^3 d e^4 + Ac^3 e^5) x^{12} \\
&+ \frac{1}{11} (10 Bc^3 d^2 e^3 + 5 Ac^3 d e^4 + 3 Bac^2 e^5) x^{11} \\
&+ \frac{1}{10} (10 Bc^3 d^3 e^2 + 10 Ac^3 d^2 e^3 + 15 Bac^2 d e^4 + 3 Aac^2 e^5) x^{10} + Aa^3 d^5 x \\
&+ \frac{1}{9} (5 Bc^3 d^4 e + 10 Ac^3 d^3 e^2 + 30 Bac^2 d^2 e^3 + 15 Aac^2 d e^4 + 3 Ba^2 c e^5) x^9 \\
&+ \frac{1}{8} (Bc^3 d^5 + 5 Ac^3 d^4 e + 30 Bac^2 d^3 e^2 + 30 Aac^2 d^2 e^3 + 15 Ba^2 c d e^4 + 3 Aa^2 c e^5) x^8 \\
&+ \frac{1}{7} (Ac^3 d^5 + 15 Bac^2 d^4 e + 30 Aac^2 d^3 e^2 + 30 Ba^2 c d^2 e^3 + 15 Aa^2 c d e^4 + Ba^3 e^5) x^7 \\
&+ \frac{1}{6} (3 Bac^2 d^5 + 15 Aac^2 d^4 e + 30 Ba^2 c d^3 e^2 + 30 Aa^2 c d^2 e^3 + 5 Ba^3 d e^4 + Aa^3 e^5) x^6 \\
&+ \frac{1}{5} (3 Aac^2 d^5 + 15 Ba^2 c d^4 e + 30 Aa^2 c d^3 e^2 + 10 Ba^3 d^2 e^3 + 5 Aa^3 d e^4) x^5 \\
&+ \frac{1}{4} (3 Ba^2 c d^5 + 15 Aa^2 c d^4 e + 10 Ba^3 d^3 e^2 + 10 Aa^3 d^2 e^3) x^4 \\
&+ \frac{1}{3} (3 Aa^2 c d^5 + 5 Ba^3 d^4 e + 10 Aa^3 d^3 e^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^3 d^5 + 5 Aa^3 d^4 e) x^2
\end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/13*B*c^3*e^5*x^13 + 1/12*(5*B*c^3*d*e^4 + A*c^3*e^5)*x^12 + 1/11*(10*B*c^3*d^2*e^3 + 5*A*c^3*d*e^4 + 3*B*a*c^2*e^5)*x^11 + 1/10*(10*B*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 10*A*c^3*d^2*e^3 + 15*B*a*c^2*d*e^4 + 3*A*a*c^2*e^5)*x^10 + A*a^3*d^5*x + 1/9*(5*B*c^3*d^4*e + 10*A*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 30*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 15*A*a*c^2*d*e^4 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^5)*x^9 + 1/8*(B*c^3*d^5 + 5*A*c^3*d^4*e + 30*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 30*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 15*B*a^2*c*d*e^4 + 3*A*a^2*c*e^5)*x^8 + 1/7*(A*c^3*d^5 + 15*B*a*c^2*d^4*e + 30*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 30*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 15*A*a^2*c*d*e^4 + B*a^3*e^5)*x^7 + 1/6*(3*B*a*c^2*d^5 + 15*A*a*c^2*d^4*e + 30*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 + 30*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 5*B*a^3*d*e^4 + A*a^3*e^5)*x^6 + 1/5*(3*A*a*c^2*d^5 + 15*B*a^2*c*d^4*e + 30*A*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 + 10*B*a^3*d^2*e^3 + 5*A*a^3*d*e^4)*x^5 + 1/4*(3*B*a^2*c*d^5 + 15*A*a^2*c*d^4*e + 10*B*a^3*d^3*e^2 + 10*A*a^3*d^2*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(3*A*a^2*c*d^5 + 5*B*a^3*d^4*e + 10*A*a^3*d^3*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^3*d^5 + 5*A*a^3*d^4*e)*x^2
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 694 vs. $2(340) = 680$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 694, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = & Aa^3d^5x + \frac{Bc^3e^5x^{13}}{13} + x^{12} \left(\frac{Ac^3e^5}{12} + \frac{5Bc^3de^4}{12} \right) \\
& + x^{11} \cdot \left(\frac{5Ac^3de^4}{11} + \frac{3Bac^2e^5}{11} + \frac{10Bc^3d^2e^3}{11} \right) + x^{10} \\
& \cdot \left(\frac{3Aac^2e^5}{10} + Ac^3d^2e^3 + \frac{3Bac^2de^4}{2} + Bc^3d^3e^2 \right) \\
& + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aac^2de^4}{3} + \frac{10Ac^3d^3e^2}{9} + \frac{Ba^2ce^5}{3} \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{10Bac^2d^2e^3}{3} + \frac{5Bc^3d^4e}{9} \right) \\
& + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{3Aa^2ce^5}{8} + \frac{15Aac^2d^2e^3}{4} + \frac{5Ac^3d^4e}{8} \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{15Ba^2cde^4}{8} + \frac{15Bac^2d^3e^2}{4} + \frac{Bc^3d^5}{8} \right) + x^7 \\
& \cdot \left(\frac{15Aa^2cde^4}{7} + \frac{30Aac^2d^3e^2}{7} + \frac{Ac^3d^5}{7} + \frac{Ba^3e^5}{7} \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{30Ba^2cd^2e^3}{7} + \frac{15Bac^2d^4e}{7} \right) \\
& + x^6 \left(\frac{Aa^3e^5}{6} + 5Aa^2cd^2e^3 + \frac{5Aac^2d^4e}{2} \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{5Ba^3de^4}{6} + 5Ba^2cd^3e^2 + \frac{Bac^2d^5}{2} \right) \\
& + x^5 \left(Aa^3de^4 + 6Aa^2cd^3e^2 + \frac{3Aac^2d^5}{5} \right. \\
& \quad \left. + 2Ba^3d^2e^3 + 3Ba^2cd^4e \right) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^3d^2e^3}{2} \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{15Aa^2cd^4e}{4} + \frac{5Ba^3d^3e^2}{2} + \frac{3Ba^2cd^5}{4} \right) \\
& + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{10Aa^3d^3e^2}{3} + Aa^2cd^5 + \frac{5Ba^3d^4e}{3} \right) \\
& + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^3d^4e}{2} + \frac{Ba^3d^5}{2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**5*(c*x**2+a)**3,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & A^{**3}d^{**5}x + B^{**3}e^{**5}x^{**13}/13 + x^{**12}(A^{**3}e^{**5}/12 + 5*B^{**3}d^{**4}e^{**4}/12) + x^{**11}(5*A^{**3}d^{**4}e^{**4}/11 + 3*B^{**3}d^{**2}e^{**5}/11 + 10*B^{**3}d^{**2}e^{**3}/11) \\
 & + x^{**10}(3*A^{**2}c^{**2}e^{**5}/10 + A^{**3}d^{**2}e^{**3} + 3*B^{**2}c^{**2}d^{**4}e^{**2} + B^{**3}d^{**3}e^{**2}) + x^{**9}(5*A^{**2}c^{**2}d^{**4}e^{**4}/3 + 10*A^{**3}d^{**3}e^{**2}/9 \\
 & + B^{**2}c^{**5}/3 + 10*B^{**2}c^{**2}d^{**2}e^{**3}/3 + 5*B^{**3}d^{**4}e/9) + x^{**8}(3*A^{**2}c^{**5}/8 + 15*A^{**2}d^{**2}e^{**3}/4 + 5*A^{**3}d^{**4}e/8 + 15*B^{**2}c^{**4}d^{**4}e/8 \\
 & + 15*B^{**2}c^{**2}d^{**3}e^{**2}/4 + B^{**3}d^{**5}/8) + x^{**7}(15*A^{**2}c^{**4}d^{**4}e/7 + 30*A^{**2}c^{**2}d^{**3}e^{**2}/7 + A^{**3}d^{**5}/7 + B^{**3}e^{**5}/7 + 30*B^{**2}c^{**2}d^{**2}e^{**3}/7 \\
 & + 15*B^{**2}c^{**2}d^{**4}e/7) + x^{**6}(A^{**3}e^{**5}/6 + 5*A^{**2}c^{**2}d^{**2}e^{**3} + 5*A^{**2}c^{**2}d^{**4}e/2 + 5*B^{**3}d^{**4}e/6 + 5*B^{**2}c^{**3}e^{**2} + B^{**2}c^{**2}d^{**5}/2) \\
 & + x^{**5}(A^{**3}d^{**4}e + 6*A^{**2}c^{**3}e^{**2} + 3*A^{**2}c^{**2}d^{**5}/5 + 2*B^{**3}d^{**2}e^{**3} + 3*B^{**2}c^{**4}e) + x^{**4}(5*A^{**3}d^{**2}e^{**3}/2 + 15*A^{**2}c^{**4}e/4 + 5*B^{**3}d^{**3}e^{**2}/2 + 3*B^{**2}c^{**5}d^{**5}/4) \\
 & + x^{**3}(10*A^{**3}d^{**3}e^{**2}/3 + A^{**2}c^{**5} + 5*B^{**3}d^{**4}e/3) + x^{**2}(5*A^{**3}d^{**4}e/2 + B^{**3}d^{**5}/2)
 \end{aligned}$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 584, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^3 dx \\
&= \frac{1}{13} Bc^3 e^5 x^{13} + \frac{1}{12} (5 Bc^3 d e^4 + Ac^3 e^5) x^{12} \\
&+ \frac{1}{11} (10 Bc^3 d^2 e^3 + 5 Ac^3 d e^4 + 3 Bac^2 e^5) x^{11} \\
&+ \frac{1}{10} (10 Bc^3 d^3 e^2 + 10 Ac^3 d^2 e^3 + 15 Bac^2 d e^4 + 3 Aac^2 e^5) x^{10} + Aa^3 d^5 x \\
&+ \frac{1}{9} (5 Bc^3 d^4 e + 10 Ac^3 d^3 e^2 + 30 Bac^2 d^2 e^3 + 15 Aac^2 d e^4 + 3 Ba^2 c e^5) x^9 \\
&+ \frac{1}{8} (Bc^3 d^5 + 5 Ac^3 d^4 e + 30 Bac^2 d^3 e^2 + 30 Aac^2 d^2 e^3 + 15 Ba^2 c d e^4 + 3 Aa^2 c e^5) x^8 \\
&+ \frac{1}{7} (Ac^3 d^5 + 15 Bac^2 d^4 e + 30 Aac^2 d^3 e^2 + 30 Ba^2 c d^2 e^3 + 15 Aa^2 c d e^4 + Ba^3 e^5) x^7 \\
&+ \frac{1}{6} (3 Bac^2 d^5 + 15 Aac^2 d^4 e + 30 Ba^2 c d^3 e^2 + 30 Aa^2 c d^2 e^3 + 5 Ba^3 d e^4 + Aa^3 e^5) x^6 \\
&+ \frac{1}{5} (3 Aac^2 d^5 + 15 Ba^2 c d^4 e + 30 Aa^2 c d^3 e^2 + 10 Ba^3 d^2 e^3 + 5 Aa^3 d e^4) x^5 \\
&+ \frac{1}{4} (3 Ba^2 c d^5 + 15 Aa^2 c d^4 e + 10 Ba^3 d^3 e^2 + 10 Aa^3 d^2 e^3) x^4 \\
&+ \frac{1}{3} (3 Aa^2 c d^5 + 5 Ba^3 d^4 e + 10 Aa^3 d^3 e^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^3 d^5 + 5 Aa^3 d^4 e) x^2
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/13*B*c^3*e^5*x^13 + 1/12*(5*B*c^3*d*e^4 + A*c^3*e^5)*x^12 + 1/11*(10*B*c^3*d^2*e^3 + 5*A*c^3*d*e^4 + 3*B*a*c^2*e^5)*x^11 + 1/10*(10*B*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 10*A*c^3*d^2*e^3 + 15*B*a*c^2*d*e^4 + 3*A*a*c^2*e^5)*x^10 + A*a^3*d^5*x + 1/9*(5*B*c^3*d^4*e + 10*A*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 30*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 15*A*a*c^2*d*e^4 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^5)*x^9 + 1/8*(B*c^3*d^5 + 5*A*c^3*d^4*e + 30*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 30*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 15*B*a^2*c*d*e^4 + 3*A*a^2*c*e^5)*x^8 + 1/7*(A*c^3*d^5 + 15*B*a*c^2*d^4*e + 30*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 30*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 15*A*a^2*c*d*e^4 + B*a^3*e^5)*x^7 + 1/6*(3*B*a*c^2*d^5 + 15*A*a*c^2*d^4*e + 30*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 + 30*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 5*B*a^3*d*e^4 + A*a^3*e^5)*x^6 + 1/5*(3*A*a*c^2*d^5 + 15*B*a^2*c*d^4*e + 30*A*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 + 10*B*a^3*d^2*e^3 + 5*A*a^3*d*e^4)*x^5 + 1/4*(3*B*a^2*c*d^5 + 15*A*a^2*c*d^4*e + 10*B*a^3*d^3*e^2 + 10*A*a^3*d^2*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(3*A*a^2*c*d^5 + 5*B*a^3*d^4*e + 10*A*a^3*d^3*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^3*d^5 + 5*A*a^3*d^4*e)*x^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 658 vs. $2(318) = 636$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 658, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = & \frac{1}{13} Bc^3e^5x^{13} + \frac{5}{12} Bc^3de^4x^{12} + \frac{1}{12} Ac^3e^5x^{12} \\
 & + \frac{10}{11} Bc^3d^2e^3x^{11} + \frac{5}{11} Ac^3de^4x^{11} + \frac{3}{11} Bac^2e^5x^{11} \\
 & + Bc^3d^3e^2x^{10} + Ac^3d^2e^3x^{10} + \frac{3}{2} Bac^2de^4x^{10} \\
 & + \frac{3}{10} Aac^2e^5x^{10} + \frac{5}{9} Bc^3d^4ex^9 + \frac{10}{9} Ac^3d^3e^2x^9 \\
 & + \frac{10}{3} Bac^2d^2e^3x^9 + \frac{5}{3} Aac^2de^4x^9 + \frac{1}{3} Ba^2ce^5x^9 \\
 & + \frac{1}{8} Bc^3d^5x^8 + \frac{5}{8} Ac^3d^4ex^8 + \frac{15}{4} Bac^2d^3e^2x^8 \\
 & + \frac{15}{4} Aac^2d^2e^3x^8 + \frac{15}{8} Ba^2cde^4x^8 + \frac{3}{8} Aa^2ce^5x^8 \\
 & + \frac{1}{7} Ac^3d^5x^7 + \frac{15}{7} Bac^2d^4ex^7 + \frac{30}{7} Aac^2d^3e^2x^7 \\
 & + \frac{30}{7} Ba^2cd^2e^3x^7 + \frac{15}{7} Aa^2cde^4x^7 + \frac{1}{7} Ba^3e^5x^7 \\
 & + \frac{1}{2} Bac^2d^5x^6 + \frac{5}{2} Aac^2d^4ex^6 + 5Ba^2cd^3e^2x^6 \\
 & + 5Aa^2cd^2e^3x^6 + \frac{5}{6} Ba^3de^4x^6 + \frac{1}{6} Aa^3e^5x^6 \\
 & + \frac{3}{5} Aac^2d^5x^5 + 3Ba^2cd^4ex^5 + 6Aa^2cd^3e^2x^5 \\
 & + 2Ba^3d^2e^3x^5 + Aa^3de^4x^5 + \frac{3}{4} Ba^2cd^5x^4 \\
 & + \frac{15}{4} Aa^2cd^4ex^4 + \frac{5}{2} Ba^3d^3e^2x^4 + \frac{5}{2} Aa^3d^2e^3x^4 \\
 & + Aa^2cd^5x^3 + \frac{5}{3} Ba^3d^4ex^3 + \frac{10}{3} Aa^3d^3e^2x^3 \\
 & + \frac{1}{2} Ba^3d^5x^2 + \frac{5}{2} Aa^3d^4ex^2 + Aa^3d^5x
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```


output

$$\begin{aligned}
& 1/13*B*c^3*e^5*x^13 + 5/12*B*c^3*d*e^4*x^12 + 1/12*A*c^3*e^5*x^12 + 10/11* \\
& B*c^3*d^2*e^3*x^11 + 5/11*A*c^3*d*e^4*x^11 + 3/11*B*a*c^2*e^5*x^11 + B*c^3 \\
& *d^3*e^2*x^10 + A*c^3*d^2*e^3*x^10 + 3/2*B*a*c^2*d*e^4*x^10 + 3/10*A*a*c^2 \\
& *e^5*x^10 + 5/9*B*c^3*d^4*e*x^9 + 10/9*A*c^3*d^3*e^2*x^9 + 10/3*B*a*c^2*d^ \\
& 2*e^3*x^9 + 5/3*A*a*c^2*d*e^4*x^9 + 1/3*B*a^2*c*e^5*x^9 + 1/8*B*c^3*d^5*x^ \\
& 8 + 5/8*A*c^3*d^4*e*x^8 + 15/4*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2*x^8 + 15/4*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3* \\
& x^8 + 15/8*B*a^2*c*d*e^4*x^8 + 3/8*A*a^2*c*e^5*x^8 + 1/7*A*c^3*d^5*x^7 + 1 \\
& 5/7*B*a*c^2*d^4*e*x^7 + 30/7*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2*x^7 + 30/7*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3*x^ \\
& 7 + 15/7*A*a^2*c*d*e^4*x^7 + 1/7*B*a^3*e^5*x^7 + 1/2*B*a*c^2*d^5*x^6 + 5/2 \\
& *A*a*c^2*d^4*e*x^6 + 5*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^2*x^6 + 5*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^3*x^6 + 5/6*B \\
& *a^3*d*e^4*x^6 + 1/6*A*a^3*e^5*x^6 + 3/5*A*a*c^2*d^5*x^5 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^4*e \\
& *x^5 + 6*A*a^2*c*d^3*e^2*x^5 + 2*B*a^3*d^2*e^3*x^5 + A*a^3*d*e^4*x^5 + 3/4 \\
& *B*a^2*c*d^5*x^4 + 15/4*A*a^2*c*d^4*e*x^4 + 5/2*B*a^3*d^3*e^2*x^4 + 5/2*A* \\
& a^3*d^2*e^3*x^4 + A*a^2*c*d^5*x^3 + 5/3*B*a^3*d^4*e*x^3 + 10/3*A*a^3*d^3*e \\
& ^2*x^3 + 1/2*B*a^3*d^5*x^2 + 5/2*A*a^3*d^4*e*x^2 + A*a^3*d^5*x
\end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 542, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^3 dx \\
&= x^6 \left(\frac{5Ba^3de^4}{6} + \frac{Aa^3e^5}{6} + 5Ba^2cd^3e^2 + 5Aa^2cd^2e^3 + \frac{Bac^2d^5}{2} + \frac{5Aac^2d^4e}{2} \right) \\
&+ x^7 \left(\frac{Ba^3e^5}{7} + \frac{30Ba^2cd^2e^3}{7} + \frac{15Aa^2cde^4}{7} + \frac{15Bac^2d^4e}{7} + \frac{30Aac^2d^3e^2}{7} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{Ac^3d^5}{7} \right) + x^8 \left(\frac{15Ba^2cde^4}{8} + \frac{3Aa^2ce^5}{8} + \frac{15Bac^2d^3e^2}{4} + \frac{15Aac^2d^2e^3}{4} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{Bc^3d^5}{8} + \frac{5Ac^3d^4e}{8} \right) \\
&+ x^5 \left(2Ba^3d^2e^3 + Aa^3de^4 + 3Ba^2cd^4e + 6Aa^2cd^3e^2 + \frac{3Aac^2d^5}{5} \right) \\
&+ x^9 \left(\frac{Ba^2ce^5}{3} + \frac{10Bac^2d^2e^3}{3} + \frac{5Aac^2de^4}{3} + \frac{5Bc^3d^4e}{9} + \frac{10Ac^3d^3e^2}{9} \right) \\
&+ \frac{c^2e^2x^{10}(10Bcd^3 + 10Acd^2e + 15Bade^2 + 3Aae^3)}{10} + \frac{a^3d^4x^2(5Ae + Bd)}{2} \\
&+ \frac{c^3e^4x^{12}(Ae + 5Bd)}{12} + \frac{a^2d^3x^3(3Acd^2 + 5Bade + 10Aae^2)}{3} \\
&+ \frac{c^2e^3x^{11}(10Bcd^2 + 5Acde + 3Bae^2)}{11} + Aa^3d^5x \\
&+ \frac{a^2d^2x^4(3Bcd^3 + 15Acd^2e + 10Bade^2 + 10Aae^3)}{4} + \frac{Bc^3e^5x^{13}}{13}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^5,x)`

output

```
x^6*((A*a^3*e^5)/6 + (B*a*c^2*d^5)/2 + (5*B*a^3*d*e^4)/6 + 5*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 5*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 + (5*A*a*c^2*d^4*e)/2) + x^7*((A*c^3*d^5)/7 + (B*a^3*e^5)/7 + (30*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2)/7 + (30*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3)/7 + (15*A*a^2*c*d*e^4)/7 + (15*B*a*c^2*d^4*e)/7) + x^8*((B*c^3*d^5)/8 + (3*A*a^2*c*e^5)/8 + (5*A*c^3*d^4*e)/8 + (15*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3)/4 + (15*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2)/4 + (15*B*a^2*c*d*e^4)/8) + x^5*((3*A*a*c^2*d^5)/5 + A*a^3*d*e^4 + 2*B*a^3*d^2*e^3 + 6*A*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^4*e) + x^9*((B*a^2*c*e^5)/3 + (5*B*c^3*d^4*e)/9 + (10*A*c^3*d^3*e^2)/9 + (10*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^3)/3 + (5*A*a*c^2*d*e^4)/3) + (c^2*e^2*x^10*(3*A*a*e^3 + 10*B*c*d^3 + 15*B*a*d*e^2 + 10*A*c*d^2*e))/10 + (a^3*d^4*x^2*(5*A*e + B*d))/2 + (c^3*e^4*x^12*(A*e + 5*B*d))/12 + (a^2*d^3*x^3*(10*A*a*e^2 + 3*A*c*d^2 + 5*B*a*d*e))/3 + (c^2*e^3*x^11*(3*B*a*e^2 + 10*B*c*d^2 + 5*A*c*d*e))/11 + A*a^3*d^5*x + (a^2*d^2*x^4*(10*A*a*e^3 + 3*B*c*d^3 + 10*B*a*d*e^2 + 15*A*c*d^2*e))/4 + (B*c^3*e^5*x^13)/13
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 655, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(27720bc^3e^5x^{12} + 30030ac^3e^5x^{11} + 150150bc^3de^4x^{11} + 98280abc^2e^5x^{10} + 163800ac^3de^4x^{10} + 327600$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a)^3,x)
```

output

```
(x*(360360*a**4*d**5 + 900900*a**4*d**4*e*x + 1201200*a**4*d**3*e**2*x**2
+ 900900*a**4*d**2*e**3*x**3 + 360360*a**4*d*e**4*x**4 + 60060*a**4*e**5*x
**5 + 180180*a**3*b*d**5*x + 600600*a**3*b*d**4*e*x**2 + 900900*a**3*b*d**
3*e**2*x**3 + 720720*a**3*b*d**2*e**3*x**4 + 300300*a**3*b*d*e**4*x**5 + 5
1480*a**3*b*e**5*x**6 + 360360*a**3*c*d**5*x**2 + 1351350*a**3*c*d**4*e*x*
*3 + 2162160*a**3*c*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 1801800*a**3*c*d**2*e**3*x**5 + 77220
0*a**3*c*d*e**4*x**6 + 135135*a**3*c*e**5*x**7 + 270270*a**2*b*c*d**5*x**3
+ 1081080*a**2*b*c*d**4*e*x**4 + 1801800*a**2*b*c*d**3*e**2*x**5 + 154440
0*a**2*b*c*d**2*e**3*x**6 + 675675*a**2*b*c*d*e**4*x**7 + 120120*a**2*b*c*
e**5*x**8 + 216216*a**2*c**2*d**5*x**4 + 900900*a**2*c**2*d**4*e*x**5 + 15
44400*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**6 + 1351350*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**7 + 600600
*a**2*c**2*d*e**4*x**8 + 108108*a**2*c**2*e**5*x**9 + 180180*a*b*c**2*d**5
*x**5 + 772200*a*b*c**2*d**4*e*x**6 + 1351350*a*b*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**7 + 12
01200*a*b*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**8 + 540540*a*b*c**2*d*e**4*x**9 + 98280*a*b*c*
*2*e**5*x**10 + 51480*a*c**3*d**5*x**6 + 225225*a*c**3*d**4*e*x**7 + 40040
0*a*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**8 + 360360*a*c**3*d**2*e**3*x**9 + 163800*a*c**3*d*e
**4*x**10 + 30030*a*c**3*e**5*x**11 + 45045*b*c**3*d**5*x**7 + 200200*b*c*
*3*d**4*e*x**8 + 360360*b*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**9 + 327600*b*c**3*d**2*e**3*x*
*10 + 150150*b*c**3*d*e**4*x**11 + 27720*b*c**3*e**5*x**12))/360360
```

3.63 $\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	540
Mathematica [A] (verified)	541
Rubi [A] (verified)	542
Maple [A] (verified)	543
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	544
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	546
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	547
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	549
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	550
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	551

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 334

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^3 dx \\
 &= -\frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^3 (d + ex)^5}{5e^8} \\
 &+ \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (7Bcd^2 - 6Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^6}{6e^8} \\
 &- \frac{3c(cd^2 + ae^2)(7Bcd^3 - 5Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)(d + ex)^7}{7e^8} \\
 &- \frac{c(4Acde(5cd^2 + 3ae^2) - B(35c^2d^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4))(d + ex)^8}{8e^8} \\
 &- \frac{c^2(35Bcd^3 - 15Acd^2e + 15aBde^2 - 3aAe^3)(d + ex)^9}{9e^8} \\
 &+ \frac{3c^2(7Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^{10}}{10e^8} \\
 &- \frac{c^3(7Bd - Ae)(d + ex)^{11}}{11e^8} + \frac{Bc^3(d + ex)^{12}}{12e^8}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/5*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^5/e^8+1/6*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(-6*A*c*
d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^6/e^8-3/7*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-A*a*e^3-5*A*c*d
^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+7*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^7/e^8-1/8*c*(4*A*c*d*e*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^
2)-B*(3*a^2*e^4+30*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4))*(e*x+d)^8/e^8-1/9*c^2*(-3*A*a*
e^3-15*A*c*d^2*e+15*B*a*d*e^2+35*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^9/e^8+3/10*c^2*(-2*A*c*d
*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^10/e^8-1/11*c^3*(-A*e+7*B*d)*(e*x+d)^11/e^8+
1/12*B*c^3*(e*x+d)^12/e^8
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 436, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = & a^3 Ad^4 x + \frac{1}{2} a^3 d^3 (Bd + 4Ae) x^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{3} a^2 d^2 (3Acd^2 + 4aBde + 6aAe^2) x^3 \\
& + \frac{1}{4} a^2 d (3Bcd^3 + 12Acd^2e + 6aBde^2 + 4aAe^3) x^4 \\
& + \frac{1}{5} a (4aBde(3cd^2 + ae^2) \\
& \quad + A(3c^2d^4 + 18acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)) x^5 \\
& + \frac{1}{6} a (12Acde(cd^2 + ae^2) \\
& \quad + B(3c^2d^4 + 18acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)) x^6 \\
& + \frac{1}{7} c (12aBde(cd^2 + ae^2) \\
& \quad + A(c^2d^4 + 18acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4)) x^7 \\
& + \frac{1}{8} c (4Acde(cd^2 + 3ae^2) \\
& \quad + B(c^2d^4 + 18acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4)) x^8 \\
& + \frac{1}{9} c^2 e (4Bcd^3 + 6Acd^2e + 12aBde^2 + 3aAe^3) x^9 \\
& + \frac{1}{10} c^2 e^2 (6Bcd^2 + 4Acde + 3aBe^2) x^{10} \\
& + \frac{1}{11} c^3 e^3 (4Bd + Ae) x^{11} + \frac{1}{12} Bc^3 e^4 x^{12}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^4*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
a^3*A*d^4*x + (a^3*d^3*(B*d + 4*A*e)*x^2)/2 + (a^2*d^2*(3*A*c*d^2 + 4*a*B*d*e + 6*a*A*e^2)*x^3)/3 + (a^2*d*(3*B*c*d^3 + 12*A*c*d^2*e + 6*a*B*d*e^2 + 4*a*A*e^3)*x^4)/4 + (a*(4*a*B*d*e*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2) + A*(3*c^2*d^4 + 18*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4))*x^5)/5 + (a*(12*A*c*d*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + B*(3*c^2*d^4 + 18*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4))*x^6)/6 + (c*(12*a*B*d*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + A*(c^2*d^4 + 18*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4))*x^7)/7 + (c*(4*A*c*d*e*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) + B*(c^2*d^4 + 18*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4))*x^8)/8 + (c^2*e*(4*B*c*d^3 + 6*A*c*d^2*e + 12*a*B*d*e^2 + 3*a*A*e^3)*x^9)/9 + (c^2*e^2*(6*B*c*d^2 + 4*A*c*d*e + 3*a*B*e^2)*x^10)/10 + (c^3*e^3*(4*B*d + A*e)*x^11)/11 + (B*c^3*e^4*x^12)/12
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{652} \\
 & \int \left(-\frac{c(d + ex)^7 (-3a^2Be^4 + 12aAcde^3 - 30aBcd^2e^2 + 20Ac^2d^3e - 35Bc^2d^4)}{e^7} - \frac{3c^2(d + ex)^9 (-aBe^2 + 2Acde)}{e^7} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{c(d + ex)^8 (4Acde(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) - B(3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4))}{8e^8} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3c^2(d + ex)^{10} (aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{7e^8} - \\
 & \quad \frac{c^2(d + ex)^9 (-3aAe^3 + 15aBde^2 - 15Acd^2e + 35Bcd^3)}{9e^8} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(d + ex)^6 (ae^2 + cd^2)^2 (aBe^2 - 6Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{6e^8} - \frac{(d + ex)^5 (ae^2 + cd^2)^3 (Bd - Ae)}{5e^8} - \\
 & \quad \frac{3c(d + ex)^7 (ae^2 + cd^2) (-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 5Acd^2e + 7Bcd^3)}{7e^8} - \frac{c^3(d + ex)^{11} (7Bd - Ae)}{11e^8} + \\
 & \quad \frac{Bc^3(d + ex)^{12}}{12e^8}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^4*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/5*((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^5)/e^8 + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2* \\ & (7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^6)/(6*e^8) - (3*c*(c*d^2 + a*e \\ & ^2)*(7*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^8) \\ & - (c*(4*A*c*d*e*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - B*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3* \\ & a^2*e^4))*(d + e*x)^8)/(8*e^8) - (c^2*(35*B*c*d^3 - 15*A*c*d^2*e + 15*a*B* \\ & d*e^2 - 3*a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^9)/(9*e^8) + (3*c^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + \\ & a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^10)/(10*e^8) - (c^3*(7*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^11)/(11*e^8) \\ &) + (B*c^3*(d + e*x)^12)/(12*e^8) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 455, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

method	result
default	$\frac{B e^4 c^3 x^{12}}{12} + \frac{(A e^4 + 4 B d e^3) c^3 x^{11}}{11} + \frac{((4 A d e^3 + 6 B d^2 e^2) c^3 + 3 B e^4 a c^2) x^{10}}{10} + \frac{((6 A d^2 e^2 + 4 B d^3 e) c^3 + 3 (A e^4 + 4 B d e^3)) x^9}{9}$
norman	$\frac{B e^4 c^3 x^{12}}{12} + \left(\frac{1}{11} A c^3 e^4 + \frac{4}{11} B c^3 d e^3\right) x^{11} + \left(\frac{2}{5} A c^3 d e^3 + \frac{3}{10} B e^4 a c^2 + \frac{3}{5} B c^3 d^2 e^2\right) x^{10} + \left(\frac{1}{3} A a c^3 e^4 + \frac{4}{3} B a^2 c^2 d e^3 + \frac{4}{3} x^9 B a c^2 d e^3 + 3 x^6 B a^2 c d^2 e^2 + A d^4 a^3 x + \frac{1}{11} x^{11} A c^3 e^4 + \frac{1}{8} x^8 A c^3 d e^3\right) x^9$
gosper	$\frac{3}{5} x^5 A d^4 a c^2 + \frac{4}{5} x^5 B a^3 d e^3 + \frac{4}{3} x^9 B a c^2 d e^3 + 3 x^6 B a^2 c d^2 e^2 + A d^4 a^3 x + \frac{1}{11} x^{11} A c^3 e^4 + \frac{1}{8} x^8 A c^3 d e^3$
risch	$\frac{3}{5} x^5 A d^4 a c^2 + \frac{4}{5} x^5 B a^3 d e^3 + \frac{4}{3} x^9 B a c^2 d e^3 + 3 x^6 B a^2 c d^2 e^2 + A d^4 a^3 x + \frac{1}{11} x^{11} A c^3 e^4 + \frac{1}{8} x^8 A c^3 d e^3$
paralelrisch	$\frac{3}{5} x^5 A d^4 a c^2 + \frac{4}{5} x^5 B a^3 d e^3 + \frac{4}{3} x^9 B a c^2 d e^3 + 3 x^6 B a^2 c d^2 e^2 + A d^4 a^3 x + \frac{1}{11} x^{11} A c^3 e^4 + \frac{1}{8} x^8 A c^3 d e^3$
orering	$\frac{x(2310 B e^4 c^3 x^{11} + 2520 A c^3 e^4 x^{10} + 10080 B c^3 d e^3 x^{10} + 11088 A c^3 d e^3 x^9 + 8316 B a c^2 e^4 x^9 + 16632 B c^3 d^2 e^2 x^9 + 9240 A a c^2 e^4 x^8)}{12}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/12*B*e^4*c^3*x^12+1/11*(A*e^4+4*B*d*e^3)*c^3*x^11+1/10*((4*A*d*e^3+6*B*d^2*e^2)*c^3+3*B*e^4*a*c^2)*x^10+1/9*((6*A*d^2*e^2+4*B*d^3*e)*c^3+3*(A*e^4+4*B*d*e^3)*a*c^2)*x^9+1/8*((4*A*d^3*e+B*d^4)*c^3+3*(4*A*d*e^3+6*B*d^2*e^2)*a*c^2+3*B*e^4*a^2*c)*x^8+1/7*(A*d^4*c^3+3*(6*A*d^2*e^2+4*B*d^3*e)*a*c^2+3*(A*e^4+4*B*d*e^3)*a^2*c)*x^7+1/6*(3*(4*A*d^3*e+B*d^4)*a*c^2+3*(4*A*d*e^3+6*B*d^2*e^2)*a^2*c+B*e^4*a^3)*x^6+1/5*(3*A*d^4*a*c^2+3*(6*A*d^2*e^2+4*B*d^3*e)*a^2*c+(A*e^4+4*B*d*e^3)*a^3)*x^5+1/4*(3*(4*A*d^3*e+B*d^4)*a^2*c+(4*A*d*e^3+6*B*d^2*e^2)*a^3)*x^4+1/3*(3*A*d^4*a^2*c+(6*A*d^2*e^2+4*B*d^3*e)*a^3)*x^3+1/2*(4*A*d^3*e+B*d^4)*a^3*x^2+A*d^4*a^3*x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 478, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} Bc^3e^4x^{12} + \frac{1}{11} (4Bc^3de^3 + Ac^3e^4)x^{11} + \frac{1}{10} (6Bc^3d^2e^2 + 4Ac^3de^3 + 3Bac^2e^4)x^{10}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{9} (4Bc^3d^3e + 6Ac^3d^2e^2 + 12Bac^2de^3 + 3Aac^2e^4)x^9 + Aa^3d^4x$$

$$+ \frac{1}{8} (Bc^3d^4 + 4Ac^3d^3e + 18Bac^2d^2e^2 + 12Aac^2de^3 + 3Ba^2ce^4)x^8$$

$$+ \frac{1}{7} (Ac^3d^4 + 12Bac^2d^3e + 18Aac^2d^2e^2 + 12Ba^2cde^3 + 3Aa^2ce^4)x^7$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6} (3Bac^2d^4 + 12Aac^2d^3e + 18Ba^2cd^2e^2 + 12Aa^2cde^3 + Ba^3e^4)x^6$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5} (3Aac^2d^4 + 12Ba^2cd^3e + 18Aa^2cd^2e^2 + 4Ba^3de^3 + Aa^3e^4)x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} (3Ba^2cd^4 + 12Aa^2cd^3e + 6Ba^3d^2e^2 + 4Aa^3de^3)x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (3Aa^2cd^4 + 4Ba^3d^3e + 6Aa^3d^2e^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^3d^4 + 4Aa^3d^3e)x^2$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/12*B*c^3*e^4*x^12 + 1/11*(4*B*c^3*d*e^3 + A*c^3*e^4)*x^11 + 1/10*(6*B*c^
3*d^2*e^2 + 4*A*c^3*d*e^3 + 3*B*a*c^2*e^4)*x^10 + 1/9*(4*B*c^3*d^3*e + 6*A
*c^3*d^2*e^2 + 12*B*a*c^2*d*e^3 + 3*A*a*c^2*e^4)*x^9 + A*a^3*d^4*x + 1/8*(
B*c^3*d^4 + 4*A*c^3*d^3*e + 18*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 12*A*a*c^2*d*e^3 + 3*B*a^
2*c*e^4)*x^8 + 1/7*(A*c^3*d^4 + 12*B*a*c^2*d^3*e + 18*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 12
*B*a^2*c*d*e^3 + 3*A*a^2*c*e^4)*x^7 + 1/6*(3*B*a*c^2*d^4 + 12*A*a*c^2*d^3*
e + 18*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + 12*A*a^2*c*d*e^3 + B*a^3*e^4)*x^6 + 1/5*(3*A*a*c^
2*d^4 + 12*B*a^2*c*d^3*e + 18*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + 4*B*a^3*d*e^3 + A*a^3*e^4)
*x^5 + 1/4*(3*B*a^2*c*d^4 + 12*A*a^2*c*d^3*e + 6*B*a^3*d^2*e^2 + 4*A*a^3*d
*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(3*A*a^2*c*d^4 + 4*B*a^3*d^3*e + 6*A*a^3*d^2*e^2)*x^3 + 1/
2*(B*a^3*d^4 + 4*A*a^3*d^3*e)*x^2
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 564, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = & Aa^3d^4x + \frac{Bc^3e^4x^{12}}{12} + x^{11} \left(\frac{Ac^3e^4}{11} + \frac{4Bc^3de^3}{11} \right) \\
& + x^{10} \cdot \left(\frac{2Ac^3de^3}{5} + \frac{3Bac^2e^4}{10} + \frac{3Bc^3d^2e^2}{5} \right) \\
& + x^9 \left(\frac{Aac^2e^4}{3} + \frac{2Ac^3d^2e^2}{3} + \frac{4Bac^2de^3}{3} \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{4Bc^3d^3e}{9} \right) + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{3Aac^2de^3}{2} + \frac{Ac^3d^3e}{2} \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{3Ba^2ce^4}{8} + \frac{9Bac^2d^2e^2}{4} + \frac{Bc^3d^4}{8} \right) + x^7 \\
& \cdot \left(\frac{3Aa^2ce^4}{7} + \frac{18Aac^2d^2e^2}{7} + \frac{Ac^3d^4}{7} + \frac{12Ba^2cde^3}{7} \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{12Bac^2d^3e}{7} \right) + x^6 \cdot \left(2Aa^2cde^3 + 2Aac^2d^3e \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{Ba^3e^4}{6} + 3Ba^2cd^2e^2 + \frac{Bac^2d^4}{2} \right) \\
& + x^5 \left(\frac{Aa^3e^4}{5} + \frac{18Aa^2cd^2e^2}{5} + \frac{3Aac^2d^4}{5} \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{4Ba^3de^3}{5} + \frac{12Ba^2cd^3e}{5} \right) + x^4 \left(Aa^3de^3 \right. \\
& \quad \left. + 3Aa^2cd^3e + \frac{3Ba^3d^2e^2}{2} + \frac{3Ba^2cd^4}{4} \right) \\
& + x^3 \cdot \left(2Aa^3d^2e^2 + Aa^2cd^4 + \frac{4Ba^3d^3e}{3} \right) \\
& + x^2 \cdot \left(2Aa^3d^3e + \frac{Ba^3d^4}{2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**4*(c*x**2+a)**3,x)
```

output

```
A*a**3*d**4*x + B*c**3*e**4*x**12/12 + x**11*(A*c**3*e**4/11 + 4*B*c**3*d*
e**3/11) + x**10*(2*A*c**3*d*e**3/5 + 3*B*a*c**2*e**4/10 + 3*B*c**3*d**2*e
**2/5) + x**9*(A*a*c**2*e**4/3 + 2*A*c**3*d**2*e**2/3 + 4*B*a*c**2*d*e**3/
3 + 4*B*c**3*d**3*e/9) + x**8*(3*A*a*c**2*d*e**3/2 + A*c**3*d**3*e/2 + 3*B
*a**2*c*e**4/8 + 9*B*a*c**2*d**2*e**2/4 + B*c**3*d**4/8) + x**7*(3*A*a**2*
c*e**4/7 + 18*A*a*c**2*d**2*e**2/7 + A*c**3*d**4/7 + 12*B*a**2*c*d*e**3/7
+ 12*B*a*c**2*d**3*e/7) + x**6*(2*A*a**2*c*d*e**3 + 2*A*a*c**2*d**3*e + B*
a**3*e**4/6 + 3*B*a**2*c*d**2*e**2 + B*a*c**2*d**4/2) + x**5*(A*a**3*e**4/
5 + 18*A*a**2*c*d**2*e**2/5 + 3*A*a*c**2*d**4/5 + 4*B*a**3*d*e**3/5 + 12*B
*a**2*c*d**3*e/5) + x**4*(A*a**3*d*e**3 + 3*A*a**2*c*d**3*e + 3*B*a**3*d**
2*e**2/2 + 3*B*a**2*c*d**4/4) + x**3*(2*A*a**3*d**2*e**2 + A*a**2*c*d**4 +
4*B*a**3*d**3*e/3) + x**2*(2*A*a**3*d**3*e + B*a**3*d**4/2)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 478, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} Bc^3 e^4 x^{12} + \frac{1}{11} (4 Bc^3 d e^3 + Ac^3 e^4) x^{11} + \frac{1}{10} (6 Bc^3 d^2 e^2 + 4 Ac^3 d e^3 + 3 Bac^2 e^4) x^{10}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{9} (4 Bc^3 d^3 e + 6 Ac^3 d^2 e^2 + 12 Bac^2 d e^3 + 3 Aac^2 e^4) x^9 + Aa^3 d^4 x$$

$$+ \frac{1}{8} (Bc^3 d^4 + 4 Ac^3 d^3 e + 18 Bac^2 d^2 e^2 + 12 Aac^2 d e^3 + 3 Ba^2 c e^4) x^8$$

$$+ \frac{1}{7} (Ac^3 d^4 + 12 Bac^2 d^3 e + 18 Aac^2 d^2 e^2 + 12 Ba^2 c d e^3 + 3 Aa^2 c e^4) x^7$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6} (3 Bac^2 d^4 + 12 Aac^2 d^3 e + 18 Ba^2 c d^2 e^2 + 12 Aa^2 c d e^3 + Ba^3 e^4) x^6$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5} (3 Aac^2 d^4 + 12 Ba^2 c d^3 e + 18 Aa^2 c d^2 e^2 + 4 Ba^3 d e^3 + Aa^3 e^4) x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} (3 Ba^2 c d^4 + 12 Aa^2 c d^3 e + 6 Ba^3 d^2 e^2 + 4 Aa^3 d e^3) x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (3 Aa^2 c d^4 + 4 Ba^3 d^3 e + 6 Aa^3 d^2 e^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^3 d^4 + 4 Aa^3 d^3 e) x^2$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/12*B*c^3*e^4*x^12 + 1/11*(4*B*c^3*d*e^3 + A*c^3*e^4)*x^11 + 1/10*(6*B*c^
3*d^2*e^2 + 4*A*c^3*d*e^3 + 3*B*a*c^2*e^4)*x^10 + 1/9*(4*B*c^3*d^3*e + 6*A
*c^3*d^2*e^2 + 12*B*a*c^2*d*e^3 + 3*A*a*c^2*e^4)*x^9 + A*a^3*d^4*x + 1/8*(
B*c^3*d^4 + 4*A*c^3*d^3*e + 18*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 12*A*a*c^2*d*e^3 + 3*B*a^
2*c*e^4)*x^8 + 1/7*(A*c^3*d^4 + 12*B*a*c^2*d^3*e + 18*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 12
*B*a^2*c*d*e^3 + 3*A*a^2*c*e^4)*x^7 + 1/6*(3*B*a*c^2*d^4 + 12*A*a*c^2*d^3*
e + 18*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + 12*A*a^2*c*d*e^3 + B*a^3*e^4)*x^6 + 1/5*(3*A*a*c^
2*d^4 + 12*B*a^2*c*d^3*e + 18*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + 4*B*a^3*d*e^3 + A*a^3*e^4)
*x^5 + 1/4*(3*B*a^2*c*d^4 + 12*A*a^2*c*d^3*e + 6*B*a^3*d^2*e^2 + 4*A*a^3*d
*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(3*A*a^2*c*d^4 + 4*B*a^3*d^3*e + 6*A*a^3*d^2*e^2)*x^3 + 1/
2*(B*a^3*d^4 + 4*A*a^3*d^3*e)*x^2
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 536, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = & \frac{1}{12} Bc^3 e^4 x^{12} + \frac{4}{11} Bc^3 d e^3 x^{11} + \frac{1}{11} Ac^3 e^4 x^{11} \\
& + \frac{3}{5} Bc^3 d^2 e^2 x^{10} + \frac{2}{5} Ac^3 d e^3 x^{10} + \frac{3}{10} Bac^2 e^4 x^{10} \\
& + \frac{4}{9} Bc^3 d^3 e x^9 + \frac{2}{3} Ac^3 d^2 e^2 x^9 + \frac{4}{3} Bac^2 d e^3 x^9 \\
& + \frac{1}{3} Aac^2 e^4 x^9 + \frac{1}{8} Bc^3 d^4 x^8 + \frac{1}{2} Ac^3 d^3 e x^8 \\
& + \frac{9}{4} Bac^2 d^2 e^2 x^8 + \frac{3}{2} Aac^2 d e^3 x^8 \\
& + \frac{3}{8} Ba^2 c e^4 x^8 + \frac{1}{7} Ac^3 d^4 x^7 + \frac{12}{7} Bac^2 d^3 e x^7 \\
& + \frac{18}{7} Aac^2 d^2 e^2 x^7 + \frac{12}{7} Ba^2 c d e^3 x^7 + \frac{3}{7} Aa^2 c e^4 x^7 \\
& + \frac{1}{2} Bac^2 d^4 x^6 + 2 Aac^2 d^3 e x^6 + 3 Ba^2 c d^2 e^2 x^6 \\
& + 2 Aa^2 c d e^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{6} Ba^3 e^4 x^6 + \frac{3}{5} Aac^2 d^4 x^5 \\
& + \frac{12}{5} Ba^2 c d^3 e x^5 + \frac{18}{5} Aa^2 c d^2 e^2 x^5 \\
& + \frac{4}{5} Ba^3 d e^3 x^5 + \frac{1}{5} Aa^3 e^4 x^5 + \frac{3}{4} Ba^2 c d^4 x^4 \\
& + 3 Aa^2 c d^3 e x^4 + \frac{3}{2} Ba^3 d^2 e^2 x^4 + Aa^3 d e^3 x^4 \\
& + Aa^2 c d^4 x^3 + \frac{4}{3} Ba^3 d^3 e x^3 + 2 Aa^3 d^2 e^2 x^3 \\
& + \frac{1}{2} Ba^3 d^4 x^2 + 2 Aa^3 d^3 e x^2 + Aa^3 d^4 x
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/12*B*c^3*e^4*x^12 + 4/11*B*c^3*d*e^3*x^11 + 1/11*A*c^3*e^4*x^11 + 3/5*B*
c^3*d^2*e^2*x^10 + 2/5*A*c^3*d*e^3*x^10 + 3/10*B*a*c^2*e^4*x^10 + 4/9*B*c^
3*d^3*e*x^9 + 2/3*A*c^3*d^2*e^2*x^9 + 4/3*B*a*c^2*d*e^3*x^9 + 1/3*A*a*c^2*
e^4*x^9 + 1/8*B*c^3*d^4*x^8 + 1/2*A*c^3*d^3*e*x^8 + 9/4*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^
8 + 3/2*A*a*c^2*d*e^3*x^8 + 3/8*B*a^2*c*e^4*x^8 + 1/7*A*c^3*d^4*x^7 + 12/7
*B*a*c^2*d^3*e*x^7 + 18/7*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^7 + 12/7*B*a^2*c*d*e^3*x^7 + 3
/7*A*a^2*c*e^4*x^7 + 1/2*B*a*c^2*d^4*x^6 + 2*A*a*c^2*d^3*e*x^6 + 3*B*a^2*c
*d^2*e^2*x^6 + 2*A*a^2*c*d*e^3*x^6 + 1/6*B*a^3*e^4*x^6 + 3/5*A*a*c^2*d^4*x
^5 + 12/5*B*a^2*c*d^3*e*x^5 + 18/5*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*x^5 + 4/5*B*a^3*d*e^3*x
^5 + 1/5*A*a^3*e^4*x^5 + 3/4*B*a^2*c*d^4*x^4 + 3*A*a^2*c*d^3*e*x^4 + 3/2*B
*a^3*d^2*e^2*x^4 + A*a^3*d*e^3*x^4 + A*a^2*c*d^4*x^3 + 4/3*B*a^3*d^3*e*x^3
+ 2*A*a^3*d^2*e^2*x^3 + 1/2*B*a^3*d^4*x^2 + 2*A*a^3*d^3*e*x^2 + A*a^3*d^4
*x

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 438, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^3 dx \\
&= x^5 \left(\frac{4Ba^3de^3}{5} + \frac{Aa^3e^4}{5} + \frac{12Ba^2cd^3e}{5} + \frac{18Aa^2cd^2e^2}{5} + \frac{3Aac^2d^4}{5} \right) \\
&+ x^8 \left(\frac{3Ba^2ce^4}{8} + \frac{9Bac^2d^2e^2}{4} + \frac{3Aac^2de^3}{2} + \frac{Bc^3d^4}{8} + \frac{Ac^3d^3e}{2} \right) \\
&+ x^6 \left(\frac{Ba^3e^4}{6} + 3Ba^2cd^2e^2 + 2Aa^2cde^3 + \frac{Bac^2d^4}{2} + 2Aac^2d^3e \right) \\
&+ x^7 \left(\frac{12Ba^2cde^3}{7} + \frac{3Aa^2ce^4}{7} + \frac{12Bac^2d^3e}{7} + \frac{18Aac^2d^2e^2}{7} + \frac{Ac^3d^4}{7} \right) \\
&+ \frac{a^3d^3x^2(4Ae + Bd)}{2} + \frac{c^3e^3x^{11}(Ae + 4Bd)}{11} \\
&+ \frac{a^2d^2x^3(3Acd^2 + 4Bade + 6Aae^2)}{3} + \frac{c^2e^2x^{10}(6Bcd^2 + 4Acde + 3Bae^2)}{10} \\
&+ Aa^3d^4x + \frac{a^2dx^4(3Bcd^3 + 12Acd^2e + 6Bade^2 + 4Aae^3)}{4} \\
&+ \frac{c^2ex^9(4Bcd^3 + 6Acd^2e + 12Bade^2 + 3Aae^3)}{9} + \frac{Bc^3e^4x^{12}}{12}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^4,x)
```

output

```
x^5*((A*a^3*e^4)/5 + (3*A*a*c^2*d^4)/5 + (4*B*a^3*d*e^3)/5 + (18*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^2)/5 + (12*B*a^2*c*d^3*e)/5) + x^8*((B*c^3*d^4)/8 + (3*B*a^2*c*e^4)/8 + (A*c^3*d^3*e)/2 + (9*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)/4 + (3*A*a*c^2*d*e^3)/2) + x^6*((B*a^3*e^4)/6 + (B*a*c^2*d^4)/2 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + 2*A*a*c^2*d^3*e + 2*A*a^2*c*d*e^3) + x^7*((A*c^3*d^4)/7 + (3*A*a^2*c*e^4)/7 + (18*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)/7 + (12*B*a*c^2*d^3*e)/7 + (12*B*a^2*c*d*e^3)/7) + (a^3*d^3*x^2*(4*A*e + B*d))/2 + (c^3*e^3*x^11*(A*e + 4*B*d))/11 + (a^2*d^2*x^3*(6*A*a*e^2 + 3*A*c*d^2 + 4*B*a*d*e))/3 + (c^2*e^2*x^10*(3*B*a*e^2 + 6*B*c*d^2 + 4*A*c*d*e))/10 + A*a^3*d^4*x + (a^2*d*x^4*(4*A*a*e^3 + 3*B*c*d^3 + 6*B*a*d*e^2 + 12*A*c*d^2*e))/4 + (c^2*e*x^9*(3*A*a*e^3 + 4*B*c*d^3 + 12*B*a*d*e^2 + 6*A*c*d^2*e))/9 + (B*c^3*e^4*x^12)/12
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 532, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(2310b c^3 e^4 x^{11} + 2520a c^3 e^4 x^{10} + 10080b c^3 d e^3 x^{10} + 8316ab c^2 e^4 x^9 + 11088a c^3 d e^3 x^9 + 16632b c^3 d^2 e^2 x^9 + \dots)}{27720}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a)^3,x)
```

output

```
(x*(27720*a**4*d**4 + 55440*a**4*d**3*e*x + 55440*a**4*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 27720*a**4*d*e**3*x**3 + 5544*a**4*e**4*x**4 + 13860*a**3*b*d**4*x + 36960*a**3*b*d**3*e*x**2 + 41580*a**3*b*d**2*e**2*x**3 + 22176*a**3*b*d*e**3*x**4 + 4620*a**3*b*e**4*x**5 + 27720*a**3*c*d**4*x**2 + 83160*a**3*c*d**3*e*x**3 + 99792*a**3*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 + 55440*a**3*c*d*e**3*x**5 + 11880*a**3*c*e**4*x**6 + 20790*a**2*b*c*d**4*x**3 + 66528*a**2*b*c*d**3*e*x**4 + 83160*a**2*b*c*d**2*e**2*x**5 + 47520*a**2*b*c*d*e**3*x**6 + 10395*a**2*b*c*e**4*x**7 + 16632*a**2*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 55440*a**2*c**2*d**3*e*x**5 + 71280*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**6 + 41580*a**2*c**2*d*e**3*x**7 + 9240*a**2*c**2*e**4*x**8 + 13860*a*b*c**2*d**4*x**5 + 47520*a*b*c**2*d**3*e*x**6 + 62370*a*b*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**7 + 36960*a*b*c**2*d*e**3*x**8 + 8316*a*b*c**2*e**4*x**9 + 3960*a*c**3*d**4*x**6 + 13860*a*c**3*d**3*e*x**7 + 18480*a*c**3*d**2*e**2*x**8 + 11088*a*c**3*d*e**3*x**9 + 2520*a*c**3*e**4*x**10 + 3465*b*c**3*d**4*x**7 + 12320*b*c**3*d**3*e*x**8 + 16632*b*c**3*d**2*e**2*x**9 + 10080*b*c**3*d*e**3*x**10 + 2310*b*c**3*e**4*x**11))/27720
```


3.64 $\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	552
Mathematica [A] (verified)	553
Rubi [A] (verified)	554
Maple [A] (verified)	555
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	556
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	557
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	558
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	559
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	560
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	561

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 334

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= -\frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^3 (d + ex)^4}{4e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (7Bcd^2 - 6Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^5}{5e^8}$$

$$- \frac{c(cd^2 + ae^2)(7Bcd^3 - 5Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)(d + ex)^6}{2e^8}$$

$$- \frac{c(4Acde(5cd^2 + 3ae^2) - B(35c^2d^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4))(d + ex)^7}{7e^8}$$

$$- \frac{c^2(35Bcd^3 - 15Acd^2e + 15aBde^2 - 3aAe^3)(d + ex)^8}{8e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{c^2(7Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^9}{3e^8} - \frac{c^3(7Bd - Ae)(d + ex)^{10}}{10e^8} + \frac{Bc^3(d + ex)^{11}}{11e^8}$$

output

```
-1/4*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^4/e^8+1/5*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(-6*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^5/e^8-1/2*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-A*a*e^3-5*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+7*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^6/e^8-1/7*c*(4*A*c*d*e*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)-B*(3*a^2*e^4+30*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4))*(e*x+d)^7/e^8-1/8*c^2*(-3*A*a*e^3-15*A*c*d^2*e+15*B*a*d*e^2+35*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^8/e^8+1/3*c^2*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^9/e^8-1/10*c^3*(-A*e+7*B*d)*(e*x+d)^10/e^8+1/11*B*c^3*(e*x+d)^11/e^8
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 323, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = & a^3 Ad^3 x + \frac{1}{2} a^3 d^2 (Bd + 3Ae) x^2 \\
& + a^2 d (Acd^2 + aBde + aAe^2) x^3 \\
& + \frac{1}{4} a^2 (3Bcd^3 + 9Acd^2 e + 3aBde^2 + aAe^3) x^4 \\
& + \frac{1}{5} a (aBe(9cd^2 + ae^2) + 3Acd(cd^2 + 3ae^2)) x^5 \\
& + \frac{1}{2} ac (Bcd^3 + 3Acd^2 e + 3aBde^2 + aAe^3) x^6 \\
& + \frac{1}{7} c (3aBe(3cd^2 + ae^2) + Acd(cd^2 + 9ae^2)) x^7 \\
& + \frac{1}{8} c^2 (Bcd^3 + 3Acd^2 e + 9aBde^2 + 3aAe^3) x^8 \\
& + \frac{1}{3} c^2 e (Bcd^2 + Acde + aBe^2) x^9 \\
& + \frac{1}{10} c^3 e^2 (3Bd + Ae) x^{10} + \frac{1}{11} Bc^3 e^3 x^{11}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
a^3*A*d^3*x + (a^3*d^2*(B*d + 3*A*e)*x^2)/2 + a^2*d*(A*c*d^2 + a*B*d*e + a
*A*e^2)*x^3 + (a^2*(3*B*c*d^3 + 9*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 + a*A*e^3)*x^4)/
4 + (a*(a*B*e*(9*c*d^2 + a*e^2) + 3*A*c*d*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))*x^5)/5 + (a*c
*(B*c*d^3 + 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 + a*A*e^3)*x^6)/2 + (c*(3*a*B*e*(3*c
*d^2 + a*e^2) + A*c*d*(c*d^2 + 9*a*e^2))*x^7)/7 + (c^2*(B*c*d^3 + 3*A*c*d^
2*e + 9*a*B*d*e^2 + 3*a*A*e^3)*x^8)/8 + (c^2*e*(B*c*d^2 + A*c*d*e + a*B*e^
2)*x^9)/3 + (c^3*e^2*(3*B*d + A*e)*x^10)/10 + (B*c^3*e^3*x^11)/11
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 652$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{c(d + ex)^6 (-3a^2Be^4 + 12aAcde^3 - 30aBcd^2e^2 + 20Ac^2d^3e - 35Bc^2d^4)}{e^7} - \frac{3c^2(d + ex)^8 (-aBe^2 + 2Acde)}{e^7} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{c(d + ex)^7 (4Acde(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) - B(3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4))}{7e^8} + \\ & \frac{c^2(d + ex)^9 (aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{3e^8} - \\ & \frac{c^2(d + ex)^8 (-3aAe^3 + 15aBde^2 - 15Acd^2e + 35Bcd^3)}{8e^8} + \\ & \frac{(d + ex)^5 (ae^2 + cd^2)^2 (aBe^2 - 6Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{5e^8} - \frac{(d + ex)^4 (ae^2 + cd^2)^3 (Bd - Ae)}{4e^8} - \\ & \frac{c(d + ex)^6 (ae^2 + cd^2) (-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 5Acd^2e + 7Bcd^3)}{2e^8} - \frac{c^3(d + ex)^{10} (7Bd - Ae)}{10e^8} + \\ & \frac{Bc^3(d + ex)^{11}}{11e^8} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output

```
-1/4*((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^4)/e^8 + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^5)/(5*e^8) - (c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^6)/(2*e^8) - (c*(4*A*c*d*e*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - B*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4))*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^8) - (c^2*(35*B*c*d^3 - 15*A*c*d^2*e + 15*a*B*d*e^2 - 3*a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^8)/(8*e^8) + (c^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^9)/(3*e^8) - (c^3*(7*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^10)/(10*e^8) + (B*c^3*(d + e*x)^11)/(11*e^8)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652

```
Int[(((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
default	$\frac{B e^3 c^3 x^{11}}{11} + \frac{(A e^3 + 3 B d e^2) c^3 x^{10}}{10} + \frac{((3 A d e^2 + 3 B d^2 e) c^3 + 3 B e^3 a c^2) x^9}{9} + \frac{((3 A d^2 e + B d^3) c^3 + 3(A e^3 + 3 B d e^2) a c^2) x^8}{8} + \dots$
norman	$\frac{B e^3 c^3 x^{11}}{11} + \left(\frac{1}{10} A c^3 e^3 + \frac{3}{10} B c^3 d e^2\right) x^{10} + \left(\frac{1}{3} A c^3 d e^2 + \frac{1}{3} B e^3 a c^2 + \frac{1}{3} B c^3 d^2 e\right) x^9 + \left(\frac{3}{8} A a c^2 d e^2 + \frac{3}{8} A a^2 c^2 d e\right) x^8 + \dots$
gospers	$\frac{1}{3} x^9 A c^3 d e^2 + \frac{1}{3} x^9 B e^3 a c^2 + A a^3 d e^2 x^3 + A a^2 c d^3 x^3 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 A a^3 e^3 + \frac{1}{2} x^2 a^3 B d^3 + \frac{1}{2} x^6 A a^2 c d e^2 + \dots$
risch	$\frac{1}{3} x^9 A c^3 d e^2 + \frac{1}{3} x^9 B e^3 a c^2 + A a^3 d e^2 x^3 + A a^2 c d^3 x^3 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 A a^3 e^3 + \frac{1}{2} x^2 a^3 B d^3 + \frac{1}{2} x^6 A a^2 c d e^2 + \dots$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{3} x^9 A c^3 d e^2 + \frac{1}{3} x^9 B e^3 a c^2 + A a^3 d e^2 x^3 + A a^2 c d^3 x^3 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 A a^3 e^3 + \frac{1}{2} x^2 a^3 B d^3 + \frac{1}{2} x^6 A a^2 c d e^2 + \dots$
orering	$x(840 B e^3 c^3 x^{10} + 924 A c^3 e^3 x^9 + 2772 B c^3 d e^2 x^9 + 3080 A c^3 d e^2 x^8 + 3080 B a c^2 e^3 x^8 + 3080 B c^3 d^2 e x^8 + 3465 A a c^2 e^3 x^7 + 3465 A a^2 c^2 d e^2 x^7 + \dots)$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/11*B*e^3*c^3*x^11+1/10*(A*e^3+3*B*d*e^2)*c^3*x^10+1/9*((3*A*d*e^2+3*B*d^2*e)*c^3+3*B*e^3*a*c^2)*x^9+1/8*((3*A*d^2*e+B*d^3)*c^3+3*(A*e^3+3*B*d*e^2)*a*c^2)*x^8+1/7*(A*c^3*d^3+3*(3*A*d*e^2+3*B*d^2*e)*a*c^2+3*B*e^3*a^2*c)*x^7+1/6*(3*(3*A*d^2*e+B*d^3)*a*c^2+3*(A*e^3+3*B*d*e^2)*a^2*c)*x^6+1/5*(3*A*d^3*a*c^2+3*(3*A*d*e^2+3*B*d^2*e)*a^2*c+B*e^3*a^3)*x^5+1/4*(3*(3*A*d^2*e+B*d^3)*a^2*c+(A*e^3+3*B*d*e^2)*a^3)*x^4+1/3*(3*A*d^3*a^2*c+(3*A*d*e^2+3*B*d^2*e)*a^3)*x^3+1/2*(3*A*d^2*e+B*d^3)*a^3*x^2+A*d^3*a^3*x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{11} Bc^3 e^3 x^{11} + \frac{1}{10} (3 Bc^3 d e^2 + Ac^3 e^3) x^{10} + \frac{1}{3} (Bc^3 d^2 e + Ac^3 d e^2 + Bac^2 e^3) x^9$$

$$+ \frac{1}{8} (Bc^3 d^3 + 3 Ac^3 d^2 e + 9 Bac^2 d e^2 + 3 Aac^2 e^3) x^8 + Aa^3 d^3 x$$

$$+ \frac{1}{7} (Ac^3 d^3 + 9 Bac^2 d^2 e + 9 Aac^2 d e^2 + 3 Ba^2 c e^3) x^7$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (Bac^2 d^3 + 3 Aac^2 d^2 e + 3 Ba^2 c d e^2 + Aa^2 c e^3) x^6$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5} (3 Aac^2 d^3 + 9 Ba^2 c d^2 e + 9 Aa^2 c d e^2 + Ba^3 e^3) x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} (3 Ba^2 c d^3 + 9 Aa^2 c d^2 e + 3 Ba^3 d e^2 + Aa^3 e^3) x^4$$

$$+ (Aa^2 c d^3 + Ba^3 d^2 e + Aa^3 d e^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^3 d^3 + 3 Aa^3 d^2 e) x^2$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/11*B*c^3*e^3*x^11 + 1/10*(3*B*c^3*d*e^2 + A*c^3*e^3)*x^10 + 1/3*(B*c^3*d^2*e + A*c^3*d*e^2 + B*a*c^2*e^3)*x^9 + 1/8*(B*c^3*d^3 + 3*A*c^3*d^2*e + 9*B*a*c^2*d*e^2 + 3*A*a*c^2*e^3)*x^8 + A*a^3*d^3*x + 1/7*(A*c^3*d^3 + 9*B*a*c^2*d^2*e + 9*A*a*c^2*d*e^2 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^3)*x^7 + 1/2*(B*a*c^2*d^3 + 3*A*a*c^2*d^2*e + 3*B*a^2*c*d*e^2 + A*a^2*c*e^3)*x^6 + 1/5*(3*A*a*c^2*d^3 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e + 9*A*a^2*c*d*e^2 + B*a^3*e^3)*x^5 + 1/4*(3*B*a^2*c*d^3 + 9*A*a^2*c*d^2*e + 3*B*a^3*d*e^2 + A*a^3*e^3)*x^4 + (A*a^2*c*d^3 + B*a^3*d^2*e + A*a^3*d*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^3*d^3 + 3*A*a^3*d^2*e)*x^2
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 435, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = & Aa^3d^3x + \frac{Bc^3e^3x^{11}}{11} + x^{10} \left(\frac{Ac^3e^3}{10} + \frac{3Bc^3de^2}{10} \right) \\
& + x^9 \left(\frac{Ac^3de^2}{3} + \frac{Bac^2e^3}{3} + \frac{Bc^3d^2e}{3} \right) + x^8 \\
& \cdot \left(\frac{3Aac^2e^3}{8} + \frac{3Ac^3d^2e}{8} + \frac{9Bac^2de^2}{8} + \frac{Bc^3d^3}{8} \right) + x^7 \\
& \cdot \left(\frac{9Aac^2de^2}{7} + \frac{Ac^3d^3}{7} + \frac{3Ba^2ce^3}{7} + \frac{9Bac^2d^2e}{7} \right) \\
& + x^6 \left(\frac{Aa^2ce^3}{2} + \frac{3Aac^2d^2e}{2} + \frac{3Ba^2cde^2}{2} \right. \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + \frac{Bac^2d^3}{2} \right) + x^5 \\
& \cdot \left(\frac{9Aa^2cde^2}{5} + \frac{3Aac^2d^3}{5} + \frac{Ba^3e^3}{5} + \frac{9Ba^2cd^2e}{5} \right) \\
& + x^4 \left(\frac{Aa^3e^3}{4} + \frac{9Aa^2cd^2e}{4} + \frac{3Ba^3de^2}{4} + \frac{3Ba^2cd^3}{4} \right) \\
& + x^3 (Aa^3de^2 + Aa^2cd^3 + Ba^3d^2e) \\
& + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3Aa^3d^2e}{2} + \frac{Ba^3d^3}{2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**3*(c*x**2+a)**3,x)`output `A*a**3*d**3*x + B*c**3*e**3*x**11/11 + x**10*(A*c**3*e**3/10 + 3*B*c**3*d*e**2/10) + x**9*(A*c**3*d*e**2/3 + B*a*c**2*e**3/3 + B*c**3*d**2*e/3) + x**8*(3*A*a*c**2*e**3/8 + 3*A*c**3*d**2*e/8 + 9*B*a*c**2*d*e**2/8 + B*c**3*d**3/8) + x**7*(9*A*a*c**2*d*e**2/7 + A*c**3*d**3/7 + 3*B*a**2*c*e**3/7 + 9*B*a*c**2*d**2*e/7) + x**6*(A*a**2*c*e**3/2 + 3*A*a*c**2*d**2*e/2 + 3*B*a**2*c*d*e**2/2 + B*a*c**2*d**3/2) + x**5*(9*A*a**2*c*d*e**2/5 + 3*A*a*c**2*d**3/5 + B*a**3*e**3/5 + 9*B*a**2*c*d**2*e/5) + x**4*(A*a**3*e**3/4 + 9*A*a**2*c*d**2*e/4 + 3*B*a**3*d*e**2/4 + 3*B*a**2*c*d**3/4) + x**3*(A*a**3*d*e**2 + A*a**2*c*d**3 + B*a**3*d**2*e) + x**2*(3*A*a**3*d**2*e/2 + B*a**3*d**3/2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^3 dx \\
&= \frac{1}{11} Bc^3 e^3 x^{11} + \frac{1}{10} (3Bc^3 de^2 + Ac^3 e^3) x^{10} + \frac{1}{3} (Bc^3 d^2 e + Ac^3 de^2 + Bac^2 e^3) x^9 \\
&+ \frac{1}{8} (Bc^3 d^3 + 3Ac^3 d^2 e + 9Bac^2 de^2 + 3Aac^2 e^3) x^8 + Aa^3 d^3 x \\
&+ \frac{1}{7} (Ac^3 d^3 + 9Bac^2 d^2 e + 9Aac^2 de^2 + 3Ba^2 ce^3) x^7 \\
&+ \frac{1}{2} (Bac^2 d^3 + 3Aac^2 d^2 e + 3Ba^2 cde^2 + Aa^2 ce^3) x^6 \\
&+ \frac{1}{5} (3Aac^2 d^3 + 9Ba^2 cd^2 e + 9Aa^2 cde^2 + Ba^3 e^3) x^5 \\
&+ \frac{1}{4} (3Ba^2 cd^3 + 9Aa^2 cd^2 e + 3Ba^3 de^2 + Aa^3 e^3) x^4 \\
&+ (Aa^2 cd^3 + Ba^3 d^2 e + Aa^3 de^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^3 d^3 + 3Aa^3 d^2 e) x^2
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/11*B*c^3*e^3*x^11 + 1/10*(3*B*c^3*d*e^2 + A*c^3*e^3)*x^10 + 1/3*(B*c^3*d^2*e + A*c^3*d*e^2 + B*a*c^2*e^3)*x^9 + 1/8*(B*c^3*d^3 + 3*A*c^3*d^2*e + 9*B*a*c^2*d*e^2 + 3*A*a*c^2*e^3)*x^8 + A*a^3*d^3*x + 1/7*(A*c^3*d^3 + 9*B*a*c^2*d^2*e + 9*A*a*c^2*d*e^2 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^3)*x^7 + 1/2*(B*a*c^2*d^3 + 3*A*a*c^2*d^2*e + 3*B*a^2*c*d*e^2 + A*a^2*c*e^3)*x^6 + 1/5*(3*A*a*c^2*d^3 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e + 9*A*a^2*c*d*e^2 + B*a^3*e^3)*x^5 + 1/4*(3*B*a^2*c*d^3 + 9*A*a^2*c*d^2*e + 3*B*a^3*d*e^2 + A*a^3*e^3)*x^4 + (A*a^2*c*d^3 + B*a^3*d^2*e + A*a^3*d*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^3*d^3 + 3*A*a^3*d^2*e)*x^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 411, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = & \frac{1}{11} Bc^3 e^3 x^{11} + \frac{3}{10} Bc^3 d e^2 x^{10} + \frac{1}{10} Ac^3 e^3 x^{10} \\
& + \frac{1}{3} Bc^3 d^2 e x^9 + \frac{1}{3} Ac^3 d e^2 x^9 + \frac{1}{3} Bac^2 e^3 x^9 \\
& + \frac{1}{8} Bc^3 d^3 x^8 + \frac{3}{8} Ac^3 d^2 e x^8 + \frac{9}{8} Bac^2 d e^2 x^8 \\
& + \frac{3}{8} Aac^2 e^3 x^8 + \frac{1}{7} Ac^3 d^3 x^7 + \frac{9}{7} Bac^2 d^2 e x^7 \\
& + \frac{9}{7} Aac^2 d e^2 x^7 + \frac{3}{7} Ba^2 c e^3 x^7 + \frac{1}{2} Bac^2 d^3 x^6 \\
& + \frac{3}{2} Aac^2 d^2 e x^6 + \frac{3}{2} Ba^2 c d e^2 x^6 \\
& + \frac{1}{2} Aa^2 c e^3 x^6 + \frac{3}{5} Aac^2 d^3 x^5 + \frac{9}{5} Ba^2 c d^2 e x^5 \\
& + \frac{9}{5} Aa^2 c d e^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{5} Ba^3 e^3 x^5 + \frac{3}{4} Ba^2 c d^3 x^4 \\
& + \frac{9}{4} Aa^2 c d^2 e x^4 + \frac{3}{4} Ba^3 d e^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{4} Aa^3 e^3 x^4 \\
& + Aa^2 c d^3 x^3 + Ba^3 d^2 e x^3 + Aa^3 d e^2 x^3 \\
& + \frac{1}{2} Ba^3 d^3 x^2 + \frac{3}{2} Aa^3 d^2 e x^2 + Aa^3 d^3 x
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/11*B*c^3*e^3*x^11 + 3/10*B*c^3*d*e^2*x^10 + 1/10*A*c^3*e^3*x^10 + 1/3*B*c^3*d^2*e*x^9 + 1/3*A*c^3*d*e^2*x^9 + 1/3*B*a*c^2*e^3*x^9 + 1/8*B*c^3*d^3*x^8 + 3/8*A*c^3*d^2*e*x^8 + 9/8*B*a*c^2*d*e^2*x^8 + 3/8*A*a*c^2*e^3*x^8 + 1/7*A*c^3*d^3*x^7 + 9/7*B*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^7 + 9/7*A*a*c^2*d*e^2*x^7 + 3/7*B*a^2*c*e^3*x^7 + 1/2*B*a*c^2*d^3*x^6 + 3/2*A*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^6 + 3/2*B*a^2*c*d*e^2*x^6 + 1/2*A*a^2*c*e^3*x^6 + 3/5*A*a*c^2*d^3*x^5 + 9/5*B*a^2*c*d^2*e*x^5 + 9/5*A*a^2*c*d*e^2*x^5 + 1/5*B*a^3*e^3*x^5 + 3/4*B*a^2*c*d^3*x^4 + 9/4*A*a^2*c*d^2*e*x^4 + 3/4*B*a^3*d*e^2*x^4 + 1/4*A*a^3*e^3*x^4 + A*a^2*c*d^3*x^3 + B*a^3*d^2*e*x^3 + A*a^3*d*e^2*x^3 + 1/2*B*a^3*d^3*x^2 + 3/2*A*a^3*d^2*e*x^2 + A*a^3*d^3*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = x^5 \left(\frac{Ba^3 e^3}{5} + \frac{9Ba^2 cd^2 e}{5} + \frac{9Aa^2 cde^2}{5} + \frac{3Aac^2 d^3}{5} \right) + x^7 \left(\frac{3Ba^2 ce^3}{7} + \frac{9Bac^2 d^2 e}{7} + \frac{9Aac^2 de^2}{7} + \frac{Ac^3 d^3}{7} \right) + \frac{a^2 x^4 (3Bcd^3 + 9Acd^2 e + 3Bade^2 + Aae^3)}{4} + \frac{c^2 x^8 (Bcd^3 + 3Acd^2 e + 9Bade^2 + 3Aae^3)}{8} + a^2 dx^3 (Acd^2 + Bade + Aae^2) + \frac{c^2 ex^9 (Bcd^2 + Acde + Bae^2)}{3} + \frac{a^3 d^2 x^2 (3Ae + Bd)}{2} + \frac{c^3 e^2 x^{10} (Ae + 3Bd)}{10} + \frac{acx^6 (Bcd^3 + 3Acd^2 e + 3Bade^2 + Aae^3)}{2} + Aa^3 d^3 x + \frac{Bc^3 e^3 x^{11}}{11}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^3,x)`output `x^5*((B*a^3*e^3)/5 + (3*A*a*c^2*d^3)/5 + (9*A*a^2*c*d*e^2)/5 + (9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e)/5) + x^7*((A*c^3*d^3)/7 + (3*B*a^2*c*e^3)/7 + (9*A*a*c^2*d*e^2)/7 + (9*B*a*c^2*d^2*e)/7) + (a^2*x^4*(A*a*e^3 + 3*B*c*d^3 + 3*B*a*d*e^2 + 9*A*c*d^2*e))/4 + (c^2*x^8*(3*A*a*e^3 + B*c*d^3 + 9*B*a*d*e^2 + 3*A*c*d^2*e))/8 + a^2*d*x^3*(A*a*e^2 + A*c*d^2 + B*a*d*e) + (c^2*e*x^9*(B*a*e^2 + B*c*d^2 + A*c*d*e))/3 + (a^3*d^2*x^2*(3*A*e + B*d))/2 + (c^3*e^2*x^10*(A*e + 3*B*d))/10 + (a*c*x^6*(A*a*e^3 + B*c*d^3 + 3*B*a*d*e^2 + 3*A*c*d^2*e))/2 + A*a^3*d^3*x + (B*c^3*e^3*x^11)/11`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(840bc^3e^3x^{10} + 924ac^3e^3x^9 + 2772bc^3de^2x^9 + 3080abc^2e^3x^8 + 3080ac^3de^2x^8 + 3080bc^3d^2ex^8 + 3465c^3d^2e^2x^7 + 3080abc^2d^2ex^7 + 11880a^2c^2d^2e^2x^6 + 3465a^2c^2e^3x^7 + 4620abc^2d^3x^5 + 11880ab^2c^2d^2e^2x^6 + 10395abc^2d^2e^2x^7 + 3080abc^2e^3x^8 + 1320ac^3d^3x^6 + 3465ac^3d^2e^2x^7 + 3080ac^3d^2e^2x^8 + 924ac^3e^3x^9 + 1155bc^3d^3x^7 + 3080bc^3d^2e^2x^8 + 2772bc^3d^2e^2x^9 + 840bc^3e^3x^{10})}{9240}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`output `(x*(9240*a**4*d**3 + 13860*a**4*d**2*e*x + 9240*a**4*d*e**2*x**2 + 2310*a**4*e**3*x**3 + 4620*a**3*b*d**3*x + 9240*a**3*b*d**2*e*x**2 + 6930*a**3*b*d*e**2*x**3 + 1848*a**3*b*e**3*x**4 + 9240*a**3*c*d**3*x**2 + 20790*a**3*c*d**2*e*x**3 + 16632*a**3*c*d*e**2*x**4 + 4620*a**3*c*e**3*x**5 + 6930*a**2*b*c*d**3*x**3 + 16632*a**2*b*c*d**2*e*x**4 + 13860*a**2*b*c*d*e**2*x**5 + 3960*a**2*b*c*e**3*x**6 + 5544*a**2*c**2*d**3*x**4 + 13860*a**2*c**2*d**2*e*x**5 + 11880*a**2*c**2*d*e**2*x**6 + 3465*a**2*c**2*e**3*x**7 + 4620*a*b*c**2*d**3*x**5 + 11880*a*b*c**2*d**2*e*x**6 + 10395*a*b*c**2*d*e**2*x**7 + 3080*a*b*c**2*e**3*x**8 + 1320*a*c**3*d**3*x**6 + 3465*a*c**3*d**2*e*x**7 + 3080*a*c**3*d^2e^2x^8 + 924*a*c**3*e**3*x**9 + 1155*b*c**3*d**3*x**7 + 3080*b*c**3*d**2*e*x**8 + 2772*b*c**3*d^2e^2x^9 + 840*b*c**3*e**3*x**10))/9240`

3.65 $\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	562
Mathematica [A] (verified)	563
Rubi [A] (verified)	563
Maple [A] (verified)	565
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	566
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	567
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	568
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	569
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	570
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	570

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 334

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= -\frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^3 (d + ex)^3}{3e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (7Bcd^2 - 6Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^4}{4e^8}$$

$$- \frac{3c(cd^2 + ae^2)(7Bcd^3 - 5Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)(d + ex)^5}{5e^8}$$

$$- \frac{c(4Acde(5cd^2 + 3ae^2) - B(35c^2d^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4))(d + ex)^6}{6e^8}$$

$$- \frac{c^2(35Bcd^3 - 15Acd^2e + 15aBde^2 - 3aAe^3)(d + ex)^7}{7e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{3c^2(7Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^8}{8e^8} - \frac{c^3(7Bd - Ae)(d + ex)^9}{9e^8} + \frac{Bc^3(d + ex)^{10}}{10e^8}$$

output

```
-1/3*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^3/e^8+1/4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(-6*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^4/e^8-3/5*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-A*a*e^3-5*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+7*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^5/e^8-1/6*c*(4*A*c*d*e*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)-B*(3*a^2*e^4+30*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4))*(e*x+d)^6/e^8-1/7*c^2*(-3*A*a*e^3-15*A*c*d^2*e+15*B*a*d*e^2+35*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^7/e^8+3/8*c^2*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^8/e^8-1/9*c^3*(-A*e+7*B*d)*(e*x+d)^9/e^8+1/10*B*c^3*(e*x+d)^10/e^8
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = a^3 Ad^2 x + \frac{1}{2} a^3 d(Bd + 2Ae)x^2 + \frac{1}{3} a^2 (3Acd^2 + 2aBde + aAe^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{4} a^2 (3Bcd^2 + 6Acde + aBe^2) x^4 + \frac{3}{5} ac(Acd^2 + 2aBde + aAe^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{2} ac(Bcd^2 + 2Acde + aBe^2) x^6 + \frac{1}{7} c^2 (Acd^2 + 6aBde + 3aAe^2) x^7 + \frac{1}{8} c^2 (Bcd^2 + 2Acde + 3aBe^2) x^8 + \frac{1}{9} c^3 e(2Bd + Ae)x^9 + \frac{1}{10} Bc^3 e^2 x^{10}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
a^3*A*d^2*x + (a^3*d*(B*d + 2*A*e)*x^2)/2 + (a^2*(3*A*c*d^2 + 2*a*B*d*e + a*A*e^2)*x^3)/3 + (a^2*(3*B*c*d^2 + 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*x^4)/4 + (3*a*c*(A*c*d^2 + 2*a*B*d*e + a*A*e^2)*x^5)/5 + (a*c*(B*c*d^2 + 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*x^6)/2 + (c^2*(A*c*d^2 + 6*a*B*d*e + 3*a*A*e^2)*x^7)/7 + (c^2*(B*c*d^2 + 2*A*c*d*e + 3*a*B*e^2)*x^8)/8 + (c^3*e*(2*B*d + A*e)*x^9)/9 + (B*c^3*e^2*x^10)/10
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{c(d + ex)^5 (-3a^2Be^4 + 12aAcde^3 - 30aBcd^2e^2 + 20Ac^2d^3e - 35Bc^2d^4)}{e^7} - \frac{3c^2(d + ex)^7 (-aBe^2 + 2Acde)}{e^7} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{c(d + ex)^6 (4Acde(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) - B(3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4))}{3c^2(d + ex)^8 (aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2)} + \\ & \frac{c^2(d + ex)^7 (-3aAe^3 + 15aBde^2 - 15Acd^2e + 35Bcd^3)}{8e^8} - \\ & \frac{(d + ex)^4 (ae^2 + cd^2)^2 (aBe^2 - 6Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{7e^8} - \frac{(d + ex)^3 (ae^2 + cd^2)^3 (Bd - Ae)}{4e^8} - \\ & \frac{3c(d + ex)^5 (ae^2 + cd^2) (-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 5Acd^2e + 7Bcd^3)}{5e^8} - \frac{c^3(d + ex)^9 (7Bd - Ae)}{9e^8} + \\ & \frac{Bc^3(d + ex)^{10}}{10e^8} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/3*((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^3)/e^8 + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^4)/(4*e^8) - (3*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^5)/(5*e^8) - (c*(4*A*c*d*e*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - B*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4))*(d + e*x)^6)/(6*e^8) - (c^2*(35*B*c*d^3 - 15*A*c*d^2*e + 15*a*B*d*e^2 - 3*a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^8) + (3*c^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^8)/(8*e^8) - (c^3*(7*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^9)/(9*e^8) + (B*c^3*(d + e*x)^10)/(10*e^8)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 652

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))^(n._)*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
default	$\frac{B e^2 c^3 x^{10}}{10} + \frac{(A e^2 + 2 B d e) c^3 x^9}{9} + \frac{((2 A d e + B d^2) c^3 + 3 B e^2 a c^2) x^8}{8} + \frac{(A c^3 d^2 + 3 (A e^2 + 2 B d e) a c^2) x^7}{7} + \frac{(3 (2 A d e + B d^2) a c^2 + 3 B e^2 a^2) x^6}{6} + \frac{(3 A d^2 e + 3 B d e^2 + 3 A^2) x^5}{5} + \frac{(3 A d e^2 + 3 A^2 d) x^4}{4} + \frac{(3 A e^2 + 3 A^2) x^3}{3} + \frac{A^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{A^3 x}{1}$
norman	$\frac{B e^2 c^3 x^{10}}{10} + (\frac{1}{9} A c^3 e^2 + \frac{2}{9} B c^3 d e) x^9 + (\frac{1}{4} A c^3 d e + \frac{3}{8} B e^2 a c^2 + \frac{1}{8} B c^3 d^2) x^8 + (\frac{3}{7} A a c^2 e^2 + \frac{1}{7} B a c^2 d e) x^7 + (\frac{3}{5} A d^2 e + \frac{3}{5} B d e^2 + \frac{3}{5} A^2) x^5 + (\frac{3}{4} A d e^2 + \frac{3}{4} A^2 d) x^4 + (\frac{3}{3} A e^2 + \frac{3}{3} A^2) x^3 + \frac{A^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{A^3 x}{1}$
gosper	$\frac{1}{10} B e^2 c^3 x^{10} + \frac{1}{9} x^9 A c^3 e^2 + \frac{2}{9} x^9 B c^3 d e + \frac{1}{4} x^8 A c^3 d e + \frac{3}{8} x^8 B e^2 a c^2 + \frac{1}{8} x^8 B c^3 d^2 + \frac{3}{7} x^7 A a c^2 e^2 + \frac{1}{7} x^7 B a c^2 d e + \frac{3}{5} x^5 A d^2 e + \frac{3}{5} x^5 B d e^2 + \frac{3}{5} x^5 A^2 + \frac{3}{4} x^4 A d e^2 + \frac{3}{4} x^4 A^2 d + \frac{3}{3} x^3 A e^2 + \frac{3}{3} x^3 A^2 + \frac{A^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{A^3 x}{1}$
risch	$\frac{1}{10} B e^2 c^3 x^{10} + \frac{1}{9} x^9 A c^3 e^2 + \frac{2}{9} x^9 B c^3 d e + \frac{1}{4} x^8 A c^3 d e + \frac{3}{8} x^8 B e^2 a c^2 + \frac{1}{8} x^8 B c^3 d^2 + \frac{3}{7} x^7 A a c^2 e^2 + \frac{1}{7} x^7 B a c^2 d e + \frac{3}{5} x^5 A d^2 e + \frac{3}{5} x^5 B d e^2 + \frac{3}{5} x^5 A^2 + \frac{3}{4} x^4 A d e^2 + \frac{3}{4} x^4 A^2 d + \frac{3}{3} x^3 A e^2 + \frac{3}{3} x^3 A^2 + \frac{A^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{A^3 x}{1}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{10} B e^2 c^3 x^{10} + \frac{1}{9} x^9 A c^3 e^2 + \frac{2}{9} x^9 B c^3 d e + \frac{1}{4} x^8 A c^3 d e + \frac{3}{8} x^8 B e^2 a c^2 + \frac{1}{8} x^8 B c^3 d^2 + \frac{3}{7} x^7 A a c^2 e^2 + \frac{1}{7} x^7 B a c^2 d e + \frac{3}{5} x^5 A d^2 e + \frac{3}{5} x^5 B d e^2 + \frac{3}{5} x^5 A^2 + \frac{3}{4} x^4 A d e^2 + \frac{3}{4} x^4 A^2 d + \frac{3}{3} x^3 A e^2 + \frac{3}{3} x^3 A^2 + \frac{A^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{A^3 x}{1}$
orering	$\frac{x(252 B e^2 c^3 x^9 + 280 A c^3 e^2 x^8 + 560 B c^3 d e x^8 + 630 A c^3 d e x^7 + 945 B a c^2 e^2 x^7 + 315 B c^3 d^2 x^7 + 1080 A a c^2 e^2 x^6 + 360 A c^3 d^2 x^6 + 1080 A^2 a c^2 e^2 x^5 + 360 A^2 a c^2 d e x^5 + 1080 A^3 x^5 + 1080 A^2 d e^2 x^4 + 360 A^2 d e^2 x^4 + 1080 A^3 x^4 + 1080 A^2 e^2 x^3 + 360 A^2 e^2 x^3 + 1080 A^3 x^3 + 1080 A^2 x^2 + 360 A^2 x^2 + 1080 A^3 x + 1080 A^2)}{1080}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/10*B*e^2*c^3*x^10+1/9*(A*e^2+2*B*d*e)*c^3*x^9+1/8*((2*A*d*e+B*d^2)*c^3+3*B*e^2*a*c^2)*x^8+1/7*(A*c^3*d^2+3*(A*e^2+2*B*d*e)*a*c^2)*x^7+1/6*(3*(2*A*d*e+B*d^2)*a*c^2+3*B*e^2*a^2*c)*x^6+1/5*(3*A*d^2*a*c^2+3*(A*e^2+2*B*d*e)*a^2*c)*x^5+1/4*(3*(2*A*d*e+B*d^2)*a^2*c+B*e^2*a^3)*x^4+1/3*(3*A*d^2*a^2*c+(A*e^2+2*B*d*e)*a^3)*x^3+1/2*(2*A*d*e+B*d^2)*a^3*x^2+A*d^2*a^3*x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = & \frac{1}{10} Bc^3e^2x^{10} + \frac{1}{9} (2Bc^3de + Ac^3e^2)x^9 \\
& + \frac{1}{8} (Bc^3d^2 + 2Ac^3de + 3Bac^2e^2)x^8 \\
& + \frac{1}{7} (Ac^3d^2 + 6Bac^2de + 3Aac^2e^2)x^7 \\
& + Aa^3d^2x + \frac{1}{2} (Bac^2d^2 + 2Aac^2de + Ba^2ce^2)x^6 \\
& + \frac{3}{5} (Aac^2d^2 + 2Ba^2cde + Aa^2ce^2)x^5 \\
& + \frac{1}{4} (3Ba^2cd^2 + 6Aa^2cde + Ba^3e^2)x^4 \\
& + \frac{1}{3} (3Aa^2cd^2 + 2Ba^3de + Aa^3e^2)x^3 \\
& + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^3d^2 + 2Aa^3de)x^2
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/10*B*c^3*e^2*x^10 + 1/9*(2*B*c^3*d*e + A*c^3*e^2)*x^9 + 1/8*(B*c^3*d^2 +
2*A*c^3*d*e + 3*B*a*c^2*e^2)*x^8 + 1/7*(A*c^3*d^2 + 6*B*a*c^2*d*e + 3*A*a
*c^2*e^2)*x^7 + A*a^3*d^2*x + 1/2*(B*a*c^2*d^2 + 2*A*a*c^2*d*e + B*a^2*c*e
^2)*x^6 + 3/5*(A*a*c^2*d^2 + 2*B*a^2*c*d*e + A*a^2*c*e^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(3*B*a
^2*c*d^2 + 6*A*a^2*c*d*e + B*a^3*e^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(3*A*a^2*c*d^2 + 2*B*a^3*d
*e + A*a^3*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^3*d^2 + 2*A*a^3*d*e)*x^2
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = & Aa^3d^2x + \frac{Bc^3e^2x^{10}}{10} + x^9\left(\frac{Ac^3e^2}{9} + \frac{2Bc^3de}{9}\right) \\
& + x^8\left(\frac{Ac^3de}{4} + \frac{3Bac^2e^2}{8} + \frac{Bc^3d^2}{8}\right) \\
& + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{3Aac^2e^2}{7} + \frac{Ac^3d^2}{7} + \frac{6Bac^2de}{7}\right) \\
& + x^6\left(Aac^2de + \frac{Ba^2ce^2}{2} + \frac{Bac^2d^2}{2}\right) + x^5 \\
& \cdot \left(\frac{3Aa^2ce^2}{5} + \frac{3Aac^2d^2}{5} + \frac{6Ba^2cde}{5}\right) \\
& + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{3Aa^2cde}{2} + \frac{Ba^3e^2}{4} + \frac{3Ba^2cd^2}{4}\right) \\
& + x^3\left(\frac{Aa^3e^2}{3} + Aa^2cd^2 + \frac{2Ba^3de}{3}\right) \\
& + x^2\left(Aa^3de + \frac{Ba^3d^2}{2}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**2*(c*x**2+a)**3,x)`output `A*a**3*d**2*x + B*c**3*e**2*x**10/10 + x**9*(A*c**3*e**2/9 + 2*B*c**3*d*e/9) + x**8*(A*c**3*d*e/4 + 3*B*a*c**2*e**2/8 + B*c**3*d**2/8) + x**7*(3*A*a*c**2*e**2/7 + A*c**3*d**2/7 + 6*B*a*c**2*d*e/7) + x**6*(A*a*c**2*d*e + B*a**2*c*e**2/2 + B*a*c**2*d**2/2) + x**5*(3*A*a**2*c*e**2/5 + 3*A*a*c**2*d**2/5 + 6*B*a**2*c*d*e/5) + x**4*(3*A*a**2*c*d*e/2 + B*a**3*e**2/4 + 3*B*a**2*c*d**2/4) + x**3*(A*a**3*e**2/3 + A*a**2*c*d**2 + 2*B*a**3*d*e/3) + x**2*(A*a**3*d*e + B*a**3*d**2/2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{10} Bc^3e^2x^{10} + \frac{1}{9} (2Bc^3de + Ac^3e^2)x^9$$

$$+ \frac{1}{8} (Bc^3d^2 + 2Ac^3de + 3Bac^2e^2)x^8$$

$$+ \frac{1}{7} (Ac^3d^2 + 6Bac^2de + 3Aac^2e^2)x^7$$

$$+ Aa^3d^2x + \frac{1}{2} (Bac^2d^2 + 2Aac^2de + Ba^2ce^2)x^6$$

$$+ \frac{3}{5} (Aac^2d^2 + 2Ba^2cde + Aa^2ce^2)x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} (3Ba^2cd^2 + 6Aa^2cde + Ba^3e^2)x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (3Aa^2cd^2 + 2Ba^3de + Aa^3e^2)x^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (Ba^3d^2 + 2Aa^3de)x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/10*B*c^3*e^2*x^10 + 1/9*(2*B*c^3*d*e + A*c^3*e^2)*x^9 + 1/8*(B*c^3*d^2 + 2*A*c^3*d*e + 3*B*a*c^2*e^2)*x^8 + 1/7*(A*c^3*d^2 + 6*B*a*c^2*d*e + 3*A*a*c^2*e^2)*x^7 + A*a^3*d^2*x + 1/2*(B*a*c^2*d^2 + 2*A*a*c^2*d*e + B*a^2*c*e^2)*x^6 + 3/5*(A*a*c^2*d^2 + 2*B*a^2*c*d*e + A*a^2*c*e^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(3*B*a^2*c*d^2 + 6*A*a^2*c*d*e + B*a^3*e^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(3*A*a^2*c*d^2 + 2*B*a^3*d*e + A*a^3*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^3*d^2 + 2*A*a^3*d*e)*x^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = & \frac{1}{10} Bc^3 e^2 x^{10} + \frac{2}{9} Bc^3 dex^9 + \frac{1}{9} Ac^3 e^2 x^9 \\
& + \frac{1}{8} Bc^3 d^2 x^8 + \frac{1}{4} Ac^3 dex^8 + \frac{3}{8} Bac^2 e^2 x^8 \\
& + \frac{1}{7} Ac^3 d^2 x^7 + \frac{6}{7} Bac^2 dex^7 + \frac{3}{7} Aac^2 e^2 x^7 \\
& + \frac{1}{2} Bac^2 d^2 x^6 + Aac^2 dex^6 + \frac{1}{2} Ba^2 ce^2 x^6 \\
& + \frac{3}{5} Aac^2 d^2 x^5 + \frac{6}{5} Ba^2 c dex^5 + \frac{3}{5} Aa^2 ce^2 x^5 \\
& + \frac{3}{4} Ba^2 cd^2 x^4 + \frac{3}{2} Aa^2 c dex^4 + \frac{1}{4} Ba^3 e^2 x^4 \\
& + Aa^2 cd^2 x^3 + \frac{2}{3} Ba^3 dex^3 + \frac{1}{3} Aa^3 e^2 x^3 \\
& + \frac{1}{2} Ba^3 d^2 x^2 + Aa^3 dex^2 + Aa^3 d^2 x
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/10*B*c^3*e^2*x^10 + 2/9*B*c^3*d*e*x^9 + 1/9*A*c^3*e^2*x^9 + 1/8*B*c^3*d^2*x^8 + 1/4*A*c^3*d*e*x^8 + 3/8*B*a*c^2*e^2*x^8 + 1/7*A*c^3*d^2*x^7 + 6/7*B*a*c^2*d*e*x^7 + 3/7*A*a*c^2*e^2*x^7 + 1/2*B*a*c^2*d^2*x^6 + A*a*c^2*d*e*x^6 + 1/2*B*a^2*c*e^2*x^6 + 3/5*A*a*c^2*d^2*x^5 + 6/5*B*a^2*c*d*e*x^5 + 3/5*A*a^2*c*e^2*x^5 + 3/4*B*a^2*c*d^2*x^4 + 3/2*A*a^2*c*d*e*x^4 + 1/4*B*a^3*e^2*x^4 + A*a^2*c*d^2*x^3 + 2/3*B*a^3*d*e*x^3 + 1/3*A*a^3*e^2*x^3 + 1/2*B*a^3*d^2*x^2 + A*a^3*d*e*x^2 + A*a^3*d^2*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = x^3 \left(\frac{2Ba^3de}{3} + \frac{Aa^3e^2}{3} + Aca^2d^2 \right) + x^8 \left(\frac{Bc^3d^2}{8} + \frac{Ac^3de}{4} + \frac{3Ba^2c^2e^2}{8} \right) + \frac{c^2x^7(Acd^2 + 6Bade + 3Aae^2)}{7} + \frac{a^2x^4(3Bcd^2 + 6Acde + Bae^2)}{4} + Aa^3d^2x + \frac{3acx^5(Acd^2 + 2Bade + Aae^2)}{5} + \frac{acx^6(Bcd^2 + 2Acde + Bae^2)}{2} + \frac{a^3dx^2(2Ae + Bd)}{2} + \frac{c^3ex^9(Ae + 2Bd)}{9} + \frac{Bc^3e^2x^{10}}{10}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `x^3*((A*a^3*e^2)/3 + (2*B*a^3*d*e)/3 + A*a^2*c*d^2) + x^8*((B*c^3*d^2)/8 + (A*c^3*d*e)/4 + (3*B*a*c^2*e^2)/8) + (c^2*x^7*(3*A*a*e^2 + A*c*d^2 + 6*B*a*d*e))/7 + (a^2*x^4*(B*a*e^2 + 3*B*c*d^2 + 6*A*c*d*e))/4 + A*a^3*d^2*x + (3*a*c*x^5*(A*a*e^2 + A*c*d^2 + 2*B*a*d*e))/5 + (a*c*x^6*(B*a*e^2 + B*c*d^2 + 2*A*c*d*e))/2 + (a^3*d*x^2*(2*A*e + B*d))/2 + (c^3*e*x^9*(A*e + 2*B*d))/9 + (B*c^3*e^2*x^10)/10`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{x(252bc^3e^2x^9 + 280a^3c^3e^2x^8 + 560b^3c^3dex^8 + 945abc^2e^2x^7 + 630a^3c^3dex^7 + 315b^3c^3d^2x^7 + 1080a^2c^2e^2x^6)}{10}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`

output $(x*(2520*a**4*d**2 + 2520*a**4*d*e*x + 840*a**4*e**2*x**2 + 1260*a**3*b*d*
*2*x + 1680*a**3*b*d*e*x**2 + 630*a**3*b*e**2*x**3 + 2520*a**3*c*d**2*x**2
+ 3780*a**3*c*d*e*x**3 + 1512*a**3*c*e**2*x**4 + 1890*a**2*b*c*d**2*x**3
+ 3024*a**2*b*c*d*e*x**4 + 1260*a**2*b*c*e**2*x**5 + 1512*a**2*c**2*d**2*x
4 + 2520*a2*c**2*d*e*x**5 + 1080*a**2*c**2*e**2*x**6 + 1260*a*b*c**2*d
2*x5 + 2160*a*b*c**2*d*e*x**6 + 945*a*b*c**2*e**2*x**7 + 360*a*c**3*d*
*2*x**6 + 630*a*c**3*d*e*x**7 + 280*a*c**3*e**2*x**8 + 315*b*c**3*d**2*x**
7 + 560*b*c**3*d*e*x**8 + 252*b*c**3*e**2*x**9))/2520$

3.66 $\int (A + Bx)(d + ex) (a + cx^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	572
Mathematica [A] (verified)	573
Rubi [A] (verified)	573
Maple [A] (verified)	574
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	575
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	576
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	576
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	577
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	577
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	578

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex) (a + cx^2)^3 dx = a^3 A dx + \frac{1}{2} a^3 (Bd + Ae) x^2 + \frac{1}{3} a^2 (3Acd + aBe) x^3 + \frac{3}{4} a^2 c (Bd + Ae) x^4 + \frac{3}{5} ac (Acd + aBe) x^5 + \frac{1}{2} ac^2 (Bd + Ae) x^6 + \frac{1}{7} c^2 (Acd + 3aBe) x^7 + \frac{1}{8} c^3 (Bd + Ae) x^8 + \frac{1}{9} Bc^3 ex^9$$

output

```
a^3*A*d*x+1/2*a^3*(A*e+B*d)*x^2+1/3*a^2*(3*A*c*d+B*a*e)*x^3+3/4*a^2*c*(A*e+B*d)*x^4+3/5*a*c*(A*c*d+B*a*e)*x^5+1/2*a*c^2*(A*e+B*d)*x^6+1/7*c^2*(A*c*d+3*B*a*e)*x^7+1/8*c^3*(A*e+B*d)*x^8+1/9*B*c^3*e*x^9
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{6}a^3x(3A(2d + ex) + Bx(3d + 2ex)) \\ + \frac{1}{20}a^2cx^3(5A(4d + 3ex) + 3Bx(5d + 4ex)) \\ + \frac{1}{70}ac^2x^5(7A(6d + 5ex) + 5Bx(7d + 6ex)) \\ + \frac{1}{504}c^3x^7(9A(8d + 7ex) + 7Bx(9d + 8ex))$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(a^3*x*(3*A*(2*d + e*x) + B*x*(3*d + 2*e*x)))/6 + (a^2*c*x^3*(5*A*(4*d + 3
*e*x) + 3*B*x*(5*d + 4*e*x)))/20 + (a*c^2*x^5*(7*A*(6*d + 5*e*x) + 5*B*x*(
7*d + 6*e*x)))/70 + (c^3*x^7*(9*A*(8*d + 7*e*x) + 7*B*x*(9*d + 8*e*x)))/50
4
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)(d + ex) dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int (a^3x(Ae + Bd) + a^3Ad + 3a^2cx^3(Ae + Bd) + a^2x^2(aBe + 3Acd) + c^2x^6(3aBe + Acd) + 3ac^2x^5(Ae + Bd) +$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{2}a^3x^2(Ae + Bd) + a^3Adx + \frac{3}{4}a^2cx^4(Ae + Bd) + \frac{1}{3}a^2x^3(aBe + 3Acd) + \frac{1}{7}c^2x^7(3aBe + Acd) + \frac{1}{2}ac^2x^6(Ae + Bd) + \frac{3}{5}acx^5(aBe + Acd) + \frac{1}{8}c^3x^8(Ae + Bd) + \frac{1}{9}Bc^3ex^9$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `a^3*A*d*x + (a^3*(B*d + A*e)*x^2)/2 + (a^2*(3*A*c*d + a*B*e)*x^3)/3 + (3*a^2*c*(B*d + A*e)*x^4)/4 + (3*a*c*(A*c*d + a*B*e)*x^5)/5 + (a*c^2*(B*d + A*e)*x^6)/2 + (c^2*(A*c*d + 3*a*B*e)*x^7)/7 + (c^3*(B*d + A*e)*x^8)/8 + (B*c^3*e*x^9)/9`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
default	$\frac{Bc^3ex^9}{9} + \frac{c^3(Ae+Bd)x^8}{8} + \frac{(Ac^3d+3Beac^2)x^7}{7} + \frac{ac^2(Ae+Bd)x^6}{2} + \frac{(3Ada^2+3Bea^2c)x^5}{5} + \frac{3a^2c(Ae+Bd)x^4}{4} + \dots$
norman	$\frac{Bc^3ex^9}{9} + (\frac{1}{8}Ac^3e + \frac{1}{8}Bc^3d)x^8 + (\frac{1}{7}Ac^3d + \frac{3}{7}Beac^2)x^7 + (\frac{1}{2}Aac^2e + \frac{1}{2}Bac^2d)x^6 + (\frac{3}{5}A$
gosper	$\frac{1}{9}Bc^3ex^9 + \frac{1}{8}x^8Ac^3e + \frac{1}{8}x^8Bc^3d + \frac{1}{7}x^7Ac^3d + \frac{3}{7}x^7Beac^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^6Aac^2e + \frac{1}{2}x^6Bac^2d + \frac{3}{5}A$
risch	$\frac{1}{9}Bc^3ex^9 + \frac{1}{8}x^8Ac^3e + \frac{1}{8}x^8Bc^3d + \frac{1}{7}x^7Ac^3d + \frac{3}{7}x^7Beac^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^6Aac^2e + \frac{1}{2}x^6Bac^2d + \frac{3}{5}A$
paralelrisch	$\frac{1}{9}Bc^3ex^9 + \frac{1}{8}x^8Ac^3e + \frac{1}{8}x^8Bc^3d + \frac{1}{7}x^7Ac^3d + \frac{3}{7}x^7Beac^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^6Aac^2e + \frac{1}{2}x^6Bac^2d + \frac{3}{5}A$
orering	$\frac{x(280Be^3c^3x^8+315A^3c^3ex^7+315B^3c^3dx^7+360A^3c^3dx^6+1080Ba^2c^2ex^6+1260Aa^2c^2e^5+1260Ba^2c^2dx^5+1512Aa^2c^2dx^4+1512Aa^2c^2dx^3+1512Aa^2c^2dx^2+1512Aa^2c^2dx+1512Aa^2c^2d)}{2520}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/9*B*c^3*e*x^9+1/8*c^3*(A*e+B*d)*x^8+1/7*(A*c^3*d+3*B*a*c^2*e)*x^7+1/2*a*
c^2*(A*e+B*d)*x^6+1/5*(3*A*a*c^2*d+3*B*a^2*c*e)*x^5+3/4*a^2*c*(A*e+B*d)*x^
4+1/3*(3*A*a^2*c*d+B*a^3*e)*x^3+1/2*a^3*(A*e+B*d)*x^2+a^3*A*d*x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{9} Bc^3 ex^9 + \frac{1}{8} (Bc^3 d + Ac^3 e)x^8$$

$$+ \frac{1}{7} (Ac^3 d + 3 Bac^2 e)x^7$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (Bac^2 d + Aac^2 e)x^6 + Aa^3 dx$$

$$+ \frac{3}{5} (Aac^2 d + Ba^2 ce)x^5 + \frac{3}{4} (Ba^2 cd + Aa^2 ce)x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (3 Aa^2 cd + Ba^3 e)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^3 d + Aa^3 e)x^2$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/9*B*c^3*e*x^9 + 1/8*(B*c^3*d + A*c^3*e)*x^8 + 1/7*(A*c^3*d + 3*B*a*c^2*e
)*x^7 + 1/2*(B*a*c^2*d + A*a*c^2*e)*x^6 + A*a^3*d*x + 3/5*(A*a*c^2*d + B*a
^2*c*e)*x^5 + 3/4*(B*a^2*c*d + A*a^2*c*e)*x^4 + 1/3*(3*A*a^2*c*d + B*a^3*e
)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^3*d + A*a^3*e)*x^2
```


Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^3 dx = Aa^3 dx + \frac{Bc^3 ex^9}{9} + x^8 \left(\frac{Ac^3 e}{8} + \frac{Bc^3 d}{8} \right) + x^7 \left(\frac{Ac^3 d}{7} + \frac{3Bac^2 e}{7} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{Aac^2 e}{2} + \frac{Bac^2 d}{2} \right) + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{3Aac^2 d}{5} + \frac{3Ba^2 ce}{5} \right) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{3Aa^2 ce}{4} + \frac{3Ba^2 cd}{4} \right) + x^3 \left(Aa^2 cd + \frac{Ba^3 e}{3} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{Aa^3 e}{2} + \frac{Ba^3 d}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)*(c*x**2+a)**3,x)`output `A*a**3*d*x + B*c**3*e*x**9/9 + x**8*(A*c**3*e/8 + B*c**3*d/8) + x**7*(A*c**3*d/7 + 3*B*a*c**2*e/7) + x**6*(A*a*c**2*e/2 + B*a*c**2*d/2) + x**5*(3*A*a*c**2*d/5 + 3*B*a**2*c*e/5) + x**4*(3*A*a**2*c*e/4 + 3*B*a**2*c*d/4) + x**3*(A*a**2*c*d + B*a**3*e/3) + x**2*(A*a**3*e/2 + B*a**3*d/2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{9} Bc^3 ex^9 + \frac{1}{8} (Bc^3 d + Ac^3 e)x^8 + \frac{1}{7} (Ac^3 d + 3Bac^2 e)x^7 + \frac{1}{2} (Bac^2 d + Aac^2 e)x^6 + Aa^3 dx + \frac{3}{5} (Aac^2 d + Ba^2 ce)x^5 + \frac{3}{4} (Ba^2 cd + Aa^2 ce)x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (3Aa^2 cd + Ba^3 e)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^3 d + Aa^3 e)x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/9*B*c^3*e*x^9 + 1/8*(B*c^3*d + A*c^3*e)*x^8 + 1/7*(A*c^3*d + 3*B*a*c^2*e)
)*x^7 + 1/2*(B*a*c^2*d + A*a*c^2*e)*x^6 + A*a^3*d*x + 3/5*(A*a*c^2*d + B*a
^2*c*e)*x^5 + 3/4*(B*a^2*c*d + A*a^2*c*e)*x^4 + 1/3*(3*A*a^2*c*d + B*a^3*e
)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^3*d + A*a^3*e)*x^2
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{9} Bc^3ex^9 + \frac{1}{8} Bc^3dx^8 + \frac{1}{8} Ac^3ex^8$$

$$+ \frac{1}{7} Ac^3dx^7 + \frac{3}{7} Bac^2ex^7 + \frac{1}{2} Bac^2dx^6$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} Aac^2ex^6 + \frac{3}{5} Aac^2dx^5 + \frac{3}{5} Ba^2cex^5$$

$$+ \frac{3}{4} Ba^2cdx^4 + \frac{3}{4} Aa^2cex^4 + Aa^2cdx^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} Ba^3ex^3 + \frac{1}{2} Ba^3dx^2 + \frac{1}{2} Aa^3ex^2 + Aa^3dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/9*B*c^3*e*x^9 + 1/8*B*c^3*d*x^8 + 1/8*A*c^3*e*x^8 + 1/7*A*c^3*d*x^7 + 3/
7*B*a*c^2*e*x^7 + 1/2*B*a*c^2*d*x^6 + 1/2*A*a*c^2*e*x^6 + 3/5*A*a*c^2*d*x^
5 + 3/5*B*a^2*c*e*x^5 + 3/4*B*a^2*c*d*x^4 + 3/4*A*a^2*c*e*x^4 + A*a^2*c*d*
x^3 + 1/3*B*a^3*e*x^3 + 1/2*B*a^3*d*x^2 + 1/2*A*a^3*e*x^2 + A*a^3*d*x
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^3 dx = x^3 \left(\frac{Bea^3}{3} + Acd a^2 \right) + x^7 \left(\frac{Adc^3}{7} + \frac{3Baec^2}{7} \right)$$

$$+ x^5 \left(\frac{3Bea^2c}{5} + \frac{3Ada^2c^2}{5} \right) + \frac{a^3x^2(Ae + Bd)}{2}$$

$$+ \frac{c^3x^8(Ae + Bd)}{8} + Aa^3dx + \frac{Bc^3ex^9}{9}$$

$$+ \frac{3a^2cx^4(Ae + Bd)}{4} + \frac{ac^2x^6(Ae + Bd)}{2}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x),x)`

output `x^3*((B*a^3*e)/3 + A*a^2*c*d) + x^7*((A*c^3*d)/7 + (3*B*a*c^2*e)/7) + x^5*
((3*A*a*c^2*d)/5 + (3*B*a^2*c*e)/5) + (a^3*x^2*(A*e + B*d))/2 + (c^3*x^8*(
A*e + B*d))/8 + A*a^3*d*x + (B*c^3*e*x^9)/9 + (3*a^2*c*x^4*(A*e + B*d))/4
+ (a*c^2*x^6*(A*e + B*d))/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(280b^3c^3ex^8 + 315a^3c^3ex^7 + 315b^3c^3dx^7 + 1080abc^2e^2x^6 + 360a^3c^3dx^6 + 1260a^2c^2e^2x^5 + 1260abc^2dx^5 -$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`

output `(x*(2520*a**4*d + 1260*a**4*e*x + 1260*a**3*b*d*x + 840*a**3*b*e*x**2 + 25
20*a**3*c*d*x**2 + 1890*a**3*c*e*x**3 + 1890*a**2*b*c*d*x**3 + 1512*a**2*b
*c*e*x**4 + 1512*a**2*c**2*d*x**4 + 1260*a**2*c**2*e*x**5 + 1260*a*b*c**2*
d*x**5 + 1080*a*b*c**2*e*x**6 + 360*a*c**3*d*x**6 + 315*a*c**3*e*x**7 + 31
5*b*c**3*d*x**7 + 280*b*c**3*e*x**8))/2520`

3.67 $\int (A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	579
Mathematica [A] (verified)	579
Rubi [A] (verified)	580
Maple [A] (verified)	581
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	581
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	582
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	582
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	583
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	583
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	584

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int (A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3 dx = a^3 Ax + a^2 Acx^3 + \frac{3}{5} aAc^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{7} Ac^3 x^7 + \frac{B(a + cx^2)^4}{8c}$$

output

```
a^3*A*x+a^2*A*c*x^3+3/5*a*A*c^2*x^5+1/7*A*c^3*x^7+1/8*B*(c*x^2+a)^4/c
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\begin{aligned} \int (A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3 dx = & a^3 Ax + \frac{1}{2} a^3 Bx^2 + a^2 Acx^3 + \frac{3}{4} a^2 Bcx^4 \\ & + \frac{3}{5} aAc^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{2} aBc^2 x^6 + \frac{1}{7} Ac^3 x^7 + \frac{1}{8} Bc^3 x^8 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
a^3*A*x + (a^3*B*x^2)/2 + a^2*A*c*x^3 + (3*a^2*B*c*x^4)/4 + (3*a*A*c^2*x^5)/5 + (a*B*c^2*x^6)/2 + (A*c^3*x^7)/7 + (B*c^3*x^8)/8
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {455, 210, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$A \int (cx^2 + a)^3 dx + \frac{B(a + cx^2)^4}{8c}$$

$$\downarrow 210$$

$$A \int (c^3x^6 + 3ac^2x^4 + 3a^2cx^2 + a^3) dx + \frac{B(a + cx^2)^4}{8c}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$A \left(a^3x + a^2cx^3 + \frac{3}{5}ac^2x^5 + \frac{c^3x^7}{7} \right) + \frac{B(a + cx^2)^4}{8c}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(B*(a + c*x^2)^4)/(8*c) + A*(a^3*x + a^2*c*x^3 + (3*a*c^2*x^5)/5 + (c^3*x^7)/7)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 210 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 455

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{1}{8}Bc^3x^8 + \frac{1}{7}Ac^3x^7 + \frac{1}{2}Bac^2x^6 + \frac{3}{5}aAc^2x^5 + \frac{3}{4}Ba^2cx^4 + a^2Acx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Ba^3x^2 + a^3Ax$	74
default	$\frac{1}{8}Bc^3x^8 + \frac{1}{7}Ac^3x^7 + \frac{1}{2}Bac^2x^6 + \frac{3}{5}aAc^2x^5 + \frac{3}{4}Ba^2cx^4 + a^2Acx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Ba^3x^2 + a^3Ax$	74
norman	$\frac{1}{8}Bc^3x^8 + \frac{1}{7}Ac^3x^7 + \frac{1}{2}Bac^2x^6 + \frac{3}{5}aAc^2x^5 + \frac{3}{4}Ba^2cx^4 + a^2Acx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Ba^3x^2 + a^3Ax$	74
risch	$\frac{1}{8}Bc^3x^8 + \frac{1}{7}Ac^3x^7 + \frac{1}{2}Bac^2x^6 + \frac{3}{5}aAc^2x^5 + \frac{3}{4}Ba^2cx^4 + a^2Acx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Ba^3x^2 + a^3Ax$	74
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{8}Bc^3x^8 + \frac{1}{7}Ac^3x^7 + \frac{1}{2}Bac^2x^6 + \frac{3}{5}aAc^2x^5 + \frac{3}{4}Ba^2cx^4 + a^2Acx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Ba^3x^2 + a^3Ax$	74
orering	$\frac{x(35Bc^3x^7 + 40Ac^3x^6 + 140Bac^2x^5 + 168Aac^2x^4 + 210Ba^2cx^3 + 280a^2Acx^2 + 140Ba^3x + 280a^3A)}{280}$	76

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/8*B*c^3*x^8+1/7*A*c^3*x^7+1/2*B*a*c^2*x^6+3/5*a*A*c^2*x^5+3/4*B*a^2*c*x^
4+a^2*A*c*x^3+1/2*B*a^3*x^2+a^3*A*x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int (A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{8}Bc^3x^8 + \frac{1}{7}Ac^3x^7 + \frac{1}{2}Bac^2x^6 + \frac{3}{5}Aac^2x^5 + \frac{3}{4}Ba^2cx^4 + Aa^2cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Ba^3x^2 + Aa^3x$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/8*B*c^3*x^8 + 1/7*A*c^3*x^7 + 1/2*B*a*c^2*x^6 + 3/5*A*a*c^2*x^5 + 3/4*B*
a^2*c*x^4 + A*a^2*c*x^3 + 1/2*B*a^3*x^2 + A*a^3*x
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int (A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3 dx = Aa^3x + Aa^2cx^3 + \frac{3Aac^2x^5}{5} + \frac{Ac^3x^7}{7} + \frac{Ba^3x^2}{2} + \frac{3Ba^2cx^4}{4} + \frac{Bac^2x^6}{2} + \frac{Bc^3x^8}{8}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**3,x)
```

output

```
A*a**3*x + A*a**2*c*x**3 + 3*A*a*c**2*x**5/5 + A*c**3*x**7/7 + B*a**3*x**2
/2 + 3*B*a**2*c*x**4/4 + B*a*c**2*x**6/2 + B*c**3*x**8/8
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int (A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{8}Bc^3x^8 + \frac{1}{7}Ac^3x^7 + \frac{1}{2}Bac^2x^6 + \frac{3}{5}Aac^2x^5 + \frac{3}{4}Ba^2cx^4 + Aa^2cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Ba^3x^2 + Aa^3x$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/8*B*c^3*x^8 + 1/7*A*c^3*x^7 + 1/2*B*a*c^2*x^6 + 3/5*A*a*c^2*x^5 + 3/4*B*
a^2*c*x^4 + A*a^2*c*x^3 + 1/2*B*a^3*x^2 + A*a^3*x
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{8} Bc^3x^8 + \frac{1}{7} Ac^3x^7 + \frac{1}{2} Bac^2x^6 + \frac{3}{5} Aac^2x^5 \\ + \frac{3}{4} Ba^2cx^4 + Aa^2cx^3 + \frac{1}{2} Ba^3x^2 + Aa^3x$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/8*B*c^3*x^8 + 1/7*A*c^3*x^7 + 1/2*B*a*c^2*x^6 + 3/5*A*a*c^2*x^5 + 3/4*B*a^2*c*x^4 + A*a^2*c*x^3 + 1/2*B*a^3*x^2 + A*a^3*x`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{Ba^3x^2}{2} + Aa^3x + \frac{3Ba^2cx^4}{4} + Aa^2cx^3 \\ + \frac{Ba^2cx^6}{2} + \frac{3Aa^2cx^5}{5} + \frac{Bc^3x^8}{8} + \frac{Ac^3x^7}{7}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x),x)`output `(B*a^3*x^2)/2 + (A*c^3*x^7)/7 + (B*c^3*x^8)/8 + A*a^3*x + A*a^2*c*x^3 + (3*A*a*c^2*x^5)/5 + (3*B*a^2*c*x^4)/4 + (B*a*c^2*x^6)/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(35bc^3x^7 + 40ac^3x^6 + 140abc^2x^5 + 168a^2c^2x^4 + 210a^2bcx^3 + 280a^3cx^2 + 140a^3bx + 280a^4)}{280}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`output `(x*(280*a**4 + 140*a**3*b*x + 280*a**3*c*x**2 + 210*a**2*b*c*x**3 + 168*a**2*c**2*x**4 + 140*a*b*c**2*x**5 + 40*a*c**3*x**6 + 35*b*c**3*x**7))/280`

3.68
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{d+ex} dx$$

Optimal result	585
Mathematica [A] (verified)	586
Rubi [A] (verified)	586
Maple [A] (verified)	588
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	588
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	589
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	590
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	591
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	592
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	593

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 290

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{d+ex} dx = \frac{\left(B(cd^2 + ae^2)^3 - Acde(c^2d^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4) \right) x}{e^7} - \frac{c(Bd - Ae)(c^2d^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4)x^2}{2e^6} - \frac{c(Acde(cd^2 + 3ae^2) - B(c^2d^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4))x^3}{3e^5} - \frac{c^2(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + 3ae^2)x^4}{4e^4} + \frac{c^2(Bcd^2 - Acde + 3aBe^2)x^5}{5e^3} - \frac{c^3(Bd - Ae)x^6}{6e^2} + \frac{Bc^3x^7}{7e} - \frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^3 \log(d+ex)}{e^8}$$

output

```
(B*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3-A*c*d*e*(3*a^2*e^4+3*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4))*x/e^7-1/2*c*
(-A*e+B*d)*(3*a^2*e^4+3*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*x^2/e^6-1/3*c*(A*c*d*e*(3*a*
e^2+c*d^2)-B*(3*a^2*e^4+3*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4))*x^3/e^5-1/4*c^2*(-A*e+B*d)*
(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^4/e^4+1/5*c^2*(-A*c*d*e+3*B*a*e^2+B*c*d^2)*x^5/e^3-1/6*c
^3*(-A*e+B*d)*x^6/e^2+1/7*B*c^3*x^7/e-(A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*ln(e*x+d)
/e^8
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{ex(7Ace(90a^2e^4(-2d + ex) + 15ace^2(-12d^3 + 6d^2ex - 4de^2x^2 + 3e^3x^3) + c^2(-60d^5 + 30d^4ex - 20d^3e^2x^2 + 15d^2e^3x^3 - 12de^4x^4 + 10e^5x^5)) + B(420a^3e^6 + 210a^2c^2e^4(6d^2 - 3de^2x + 2e^2x^2) + 21ac^2e^2(60d^4 - 30d^3ex + 20d^2e^2x^2 - 15de^3x^3 + 12e^4x^4) + c^3(420d^6 - 210d^5ex + 140d^4e^2x^2 - 105d^3e^3x^3 + 84d^2e^4x^4 - 70de^5x^5 + 60e^6x^6))) - 420(Bd - Ae)(c^2d^2 + ae^2)^3 \text{Log}[d + ex]}{(420e^8)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

```
(e*x*(7*A*c*e*(90*a^2*e^4*(-2*d + e*x) + 15*a*c*e^2*(-12*d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x - 4*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*e^3*x^3) + c^2*(-60*d^5 + 30*d^4*e*x - 20*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 15*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 12*d*e^4*x^4 + 10*e^5*x^5)) + B*(420*a^3*e^6 + 210*a^2*c^2*e^4*(6*d^2 - 3*d*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2) + 21*a*c^2*e^2*(60*d^4 - 30*d^3*e*x + 20*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 15*d*e^3*x^3 + 12*e^4*x^4) + c^3*(420*d^6 - 210*d^5*e*x + 140*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 105*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 84*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 70*d*e^5*x^5 + 60*e^6*x^6))) - 420*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*Log[d + e*x])/(420*e^8)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{B(ae^2 + cd^2)^3 - Acde(3a^2e^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{e^7} + \frac{cx(3a^2e^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)(Ae - Bd)}{e^6} + \frac{cx^2(B(3a^2e^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) - Ae^2)}{e^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{x(B(ae^2 + cd^2)^3 - Acde(3a^2e^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4))}{cx^2(3a^2e^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)(Bd - Ae)} - \frac{cx^3(Acde(3ae^2 + cd^2) - B(3a^2e^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4))}{3e^5} - \frac{c^2x^4(3ae^2 + cd^2)(Bd - Ae)}{4e^4} + \frac{c^2x^5(3aBe^2 - Acde + Bcd^2)}{5e^3} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3(Bd - Ae)\log(d + ex)}{e^8} - \frac{c^3x^6(Bd - Ae)}{6e^2} + \frac{Bc^3x^7}{7e}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x), x]`

output `((B*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3 - A*c*d*e*(c^2*d^4 + 3*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4))*x)/e^7 - (c*(B*d - A*e)*(c^2*d^4 + 3*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)*x^2)/(2*e^6) - (c*(A*c*d*e*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - B*(c^2*d^4 + 3*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4))*x^3)/(3*e^5) - (c^2*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*x^4)/(4*e^4) + (c^2*(B*c*d^2 - A*c*d*e + 3*a*B*e^2)*x^5)/(5*e^3) - (c^3*(B*d - A*e)*x^6)/(6*e^2) + (B*c^3*x^7)/(7*e) - ((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*Log[d + e*x])/e^8`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
norman	$-\frac{(3Aa^2cde^5+3Aa^2c^2d^3e^3+Ac^3d^5e-Ba^3e^6-3Ba^2cd^2e^4-3Ba^2cd^4e^2-Bc^3d^6)x}{e^7} + \frac{Bc^3x^7}{7e} + \frac{c(3Aa^2e^5+3Aacd^2e^3+3Aa^2cd^4e^3+3Aa^2cd^6e^3)}{e^7}$
default	$-\frac{3Aa^2cde^5x-3Ba^2cd^4e^2x+\frac{3}{2}Ba^2cd^3e^3x^2+\frac{3}{2}Ba^2cde^5x^2-Ba^2ce^6x^3-\frac{1}{3}Bc^3d^4e^2x^3-\frac{3}{2}Aa^2ce^6x^2+\frac{1}{6}Bc^3de^5x^6+\frac{1}{5}Aa^2cd^2e^5x^5}{e^7}$
risch	$\frac{3Aa^2cx^2}{2e} - \frac{Bc^3dx^6}{6e^2} - \frac{Ac^3dx^5}{5e^2} - \frac{Bc^3d^3x^4}{4e^4} - \frac{Aa^2cdx^3}{e^2} + \frac{3Aa^2d^2x^2}{2e^3} - \frac{3Ba^2cdx^4}{4e^2} + \frac{Bac^2d^2x^3}{e^3} + \frac{3\ln(ex+d)}{e^7}$
paralelrisch	$\frac{70Ax^6c^3e^7+60Bx^7c^3e^7+420A\ln(ex+d)a^3e^7-420B\ln(ex+d)c^3d^7+420Bxa^3e^7+1260Bxaca^2d^4e^3+105Ax^4c^3d^2e^5-105Bx^5c^3d^2e^5}{e^7}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-(3Aa^2cde^5+3Aa^2c^2d^3e^3+Ac^3d^5e-Ba^3e^6-3Ba^2cd^2e^4-3Ba^2cd^4e^2-Bc^3d^6)/e^7x+1/7Bc^3x^7/e+1/2c/e^6(3Aa^2e^5+3Aa^2c^2d^3e^3+Ac^3d^5e-3Ba^2cd^2e^4-3Ba^2cd^4e^2-Bc^3d^6)x^2-1/3c/e^5(3Aa^2cde^5+3Aa^2c^2d^3e^3+Ac^3d^5e-3Ba^2cd^2e^4-3Ba^2cd^4e^2-Bc^3d^6)x^3+1/4c^2/e^4(3Aa^2e^5+3Aa^2c^2d^3e^3+Ac^3d^5e-3Ba^2cd^2e^4-3Ba^2cd^4e^2-Bc^3d^6)x^4-1/5c^2/e^3(Aa^2cde^5+3Aa^2c^2d^3e^3+Ac^3d^5e-3Ba^2cd^2e^4-3Ba^2cd^4e^2-Bc^3d^6)x^5+1/6c^3/e^2(Ae-Bd)x^6+(Aa^3e^7+3Aa^2cde^5+3Aa^2c^2d^3e^3+Ac^3d^5e-Ba^3e^6-3Ba^2cd^2e^4-3Ba^2cd^4e^2-Bc^3d^6)/e^8\ln(ex+d)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 448, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{d+ex} dx = \frac{60Bc^3e^7x^7 - 70(Bc^3de^6 - Ac^3e^7)x^6 + 84(Bc^3d^2e^5 - Ac^3de^6 + 3Bac^2e^7)x^5 - 105(Bc^3d^3e^4 - Ac^3d^2e^5)}{e^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/420*(60*B*c^3*e^7*x^7 - 70*(B*c^3*d*e^6 - A*c^3*e^7)*x^6 + 84*(B*c^3*d^2
*e^5 - A*c^3*d*e^6 + 3*B*a*c^2*e^7)*x^5 - 105*(B*c^3*d^3*e^4 - A*c^3*d^2*e
^5 + 3*B*a*c^2*d*e^6 - 3*A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 140*(B*c^3*d^4*e^3 - A*c^3*d^3
*e^4 + 3*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 3*A*a*c^2*d*e^6 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^7)*x^3 - 210*(B*c
^3*d^5*e^2 - A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 3*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 3*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 3*B*a
^2*c*d*e^6 - 3*A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 + 420*(B*c^3*d^6*e - A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 3*B*a
*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 3*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 3*A*a^2*c*d*e^6 + B
*a^3*e^7)*x - 420*(B*c^3*d^7 - A*c^3*d^6*e + 3*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 3*A*a*c^2
*d^4*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 3*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + B*a^3*d*e^6 - A*a^3*e^7
)*log(e*x + d))/e^8
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 410, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{d + ex} dx = \frac{Bc^3x^7}{7e} + x^6 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{6e} - \frac{Bc^3d}{6e^2} \right) + x^5 \left(-\frac{Ac^3d}{5e^2} + \frac{3Bac^2}{5e} + \frac{Bc^3d^2}{5e^3} \right) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{3Aac^2}{4e} + \frac{Ac^3d^2}{4e^3} - \frac{3Bac^2d}{4e^2} - \frac{Bc^3d^3}{4e^4} \right) + x^3 \left(-\frac{Aac^2d}{e^2} - \frac{Ac^3d^3}{3e^4} + \frac{Ba^2c}{e} + \frac{Bac^2d^2}{e^3} + \frac{Bc^3d^4}{3e^5} \right) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3Aa^2c}{2e} + \frac{3Aac^2d^2}{2e^3} + \frac{Ac^3d^4}{2e^5} - \frac{3Ba^2cd}{2e^2} - \frac{3Bac^2d^3}{2e^4} - \frac{Bc^3d^5}{2e^6} \right) + x \left(-\frac{3Aa^2cd}{e^2} - \frac{3Aac^2d^3}{e^4} - \frac{Ac^3d^5}{e^6} + \frac{Ba^3}{e} + \frac{3Ba^2cd^2}{e^3} + \frac{3Bac^2d^4}{e^5} + \frac{Bc^3d^6}{e^7} \right) - \frac{(-Ae + Bd)(ae^2 + cd^2)^3 \log(d + ex)}{e^8}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```

B*c**3*x**7/(7*e) + x**6*(A*c**3/(6*e) - B*c**3*d/(6*e**2)) + x**5*(-A*c**
3*d/(5*e**2) + 3*B*a*c**2/(5*e) + B*c**3*d**2/(5*e**3)) + x**4*(3*A*a*c**2
/(4*e) + A*c**3*d**2/(4*e**3) - 3*B*a*c**2*d/(4*e**2) - B*c**3*d**3/(4*e**
4)) + x**3*(-A*a*c**2*d/e**2 - A*c**3*d**3/(3*e**4) + B*a**2*c/e + B*a*c**
2*d**2/e**3 + B*c**3*d**4/(3*e**5)) + x**2*(3*A*a**2*c/(2*e) + 3*A*a*c**2*
d**2/(2*e**3) + A*c**3*d**4/(2*e**5) - 3*B*a**2*c*d/(2*e**2) - 3*B*a*c**2*
d**3/(2*e**4) - B*c**3*d**5/(2*e**6)) + x*(-3*A*a**2*c*d/e**2 - 3*A*a*c**2
*d**3/e**4 - A*c**3*d**5/e**6 + B*a**3/e + 3*B*a**2*c*d**2/e**3 + 3*B*a*c
**2*d**4/e**5 + B*c**3*d**6/e**7) - (-A*e + B*d)*(a**2 + c*d**2)**3*log(d
+ e*x)/e**8

```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 447, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{60 Bc^3e^6x^7 - 70 (Bc^3de^5 - Ac^3e^6)x^6 + 84 (Bc^3d^2e^4 - Ac^3de^5 + 3Bac^2e^6)x^5 - 105 (Bc^3d^3e^3 - Ac^3d^2e^4 - (Bc^3d^7 - Ac^3d^6e + 3Bac^2d^5e^2 - 3Aac^2d^4e^3 + 3Ba^2cd^3e^4 - 3Aa^2cd^2e^5 + Ba^3de^6 - Aa^3e^7) \log(ex + d) - (Bc^3d^7 - Ac^3d^6e + 3Bac^2d^5e^2 - 3Aac^2d^4e^3 + 3Ba^2cd^3e^4 - 3Aa^2cd^2e^5 + Ba^3de^6 - Aa^3e^7) \log(ex + d)}{e^8}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/420*(60*B*c^3*e^6*x^7 - 70*(B*c^3*d*e^5 - A*c^3*e^6)*x^6 + 84*(B*c^3*d^2
*e^4 - A*c^3*d*e^5 + 3*B*a*c^2*e^6)*x^5 - 105*(B*c^3*d^3*e^3 - A*c^3*d^2*e
^4 + 3*B*a*c^2*d*e^5 - 3*A*a*c^2*e^6)*x^4 + 140*(B*c^3*d^4*e^2 - A*c^3*d^3
*e^3 + 3*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 3*A*a*c^2*d*e^5 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^6)*x^3 - 210*(B*c
^3*d^5*e - A*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 3*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + 3*B*a^2
*c*d*e^5 - 3*A*a^2*c*e^6)*x^2 + 420*(B*c^3*d^6 - A*c^3*d^5*e + 3*B*a*c^2*d
^4*e^2 - 3*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 3*A*a^2*c*d*e^5 + B*a^3*e
^6)*x)/e^7 - (B*c^3*d^7 - A*c^3*d^6*e + 3*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 3*A*a*c^2*d^4*
e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 3*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + B*a^3*d*e^6 - A*a^3*e^7)*log
(e*x + d)/e^8

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 488, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{60 Bc^3e^6x^7 - 70 Bc^3de^5x^6 + 70 Ac^3e^6x^6 + 84 Bc^3d^2e^4x^5 - 84 Ac^3de^5x^5 + 252 Bac^2e^6x^5 - 105 Bc^3d^3e^3x^4 + 105 Aa^3c^3d^2e^4x^4 - 315 Baa^2c^2de^5x^4 + 315 Aa^2c^2e^6x^4 + 140 Bc^3d^4e^2x^3 - 140 Aa^3c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 420 Baa^2c^2d^2e^4x^3 - 420 Aa^2c^2d^2e^5x^3 + 420 Baa^2c^2e^6x^3 - 210 Bc^3d^5e^5x^2 + 210 Aa^3c^3d^4e^2x^2 - 630 Baa^2c^2d^3e^3x^2 + 630 Aa^2c^2d^2e^4x^2 - 630 Baa^2c^2d^3e^5x^2 + 630 Aa^2c^2e^6x^2 + 420 Bc^3d^6x - 420 Aa^3c^3d^5e^5x + 1260 Baa^2c^2d^4e^2x - 1260 Aa^2c^2d^3e^3x + 1260 Baa^2c^2d^2e^4x - 1260 Aa^2c^2d^3e^5x + 420 Baa^3e^6x)/e^7 - (Bc^3d^7 - Ac^3d^6e + 3Baa^2c^2d^5e^2 - 3Aa^2c^2d^4e^3 + 3Baa^2c^2d^3e^4 - 3Aa^2c^2d^2e^5 + Baa^3d^2e^6 - Aa^3e^7) \log(|ex + d|)/e^8$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/420*(60*B*c^3*e^6*x^7 - 70*B*c^3*d*e^5*x^6 + 70*A*c^3*e^6*x^6 + 84*B*c^3*d^2*e^4*x^5 - 84*A*c^3*d*e^5*x^5 + 252*B*a*c^2*e^6*x^5 - 105*B*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^4 + 105*A*c^3*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 315*B*a*c^2*d*e^5*x^4 + 315*A*a*c^2*e^6*x^4 + 140*B*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^3 - 140*A*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 420*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^3 - 420*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5*x^3 + 420*B*a^2*c*e^6*x^3 - 210*B*c^3*d^5*e^5*x^2 + 210*A*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 630*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x^2 + 630*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 - 630*B*a^2*c*d*e^5*x^2 + 630*A*a^2*c*e^6*x^2 + 420*B*c^3*d^6*x - 420*A*c^3*d^5*e^5*x + 1260*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*x - 1260*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x + 1260*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*x - 1260*A*a^2*c*d^3*e^5*x + 420*B*a^3*e^6*x)/e^7 - (B*c^3*d^7 - A*c^3*d^6*e + 3*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 3*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 3*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + B*a^3*d^2*e^6 - A*a^3*e^7)*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^8
```


Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 494, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= x^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{Ac^3 - Bc^3 d}{e} - \frac{3Bac^2}{e} \right) + \frac{3Aac^2}{e} \right)}{e} - \frac{3Ba^2c}{e} \right)}{2e} + \frac{3Aa^2c}{2e} \right)$$

$$+ x^4 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{Ac^3 - Bc^3 d}{e} - \frac{3Bac^2}{e} \right) + \frac{3Aac^2}{e} \right)}{4e} + \frac{3Aa^2c}{4e} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{6e} - \frac{Bc^3 d}{6e^2} \right)$$

$$- x^3 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{Ac^3 - Bc^3 d}{e} - \frac{3Bac^2}{e} \right) + \frac{3Aac^2}{e} \right)}{3e} - \frac{Ba^2c}{e} \right)}{e} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{Ac^3 - Bc^3 d}{e} - \frac{3Bac^2}{e} \right) + \frac{3Aac^2}{e} \right)}{e} - \frac{3Ba^2c}{e} \right)}{e} + \frac{3Aa^2c}{e} \right)}{e} \right)}{e} \right)$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x),x)`

output $x^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{A c^3}{e} - \frac{B c^3 d}{e^2} \right)}{e} - \frac{3 B a c^2}{e} \right)}{e} + \frac{3 A a c^2}{e} \right)}{e} - \frac{3 B a^2 c}{e} \right)}{2 e} + \frac{3 A a^2 c}{2 e} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{A c^3}{e} - \frac{B c^3 d}{e^2} \right)}{e} - \frac{3 B a c^2}{e} \right)}{4 e} + \frac{3 A a c^2}{4 e} \right)}{e} + x^6 \left(\frac{A c^3}{6 e} - \frac{B c^3 d}{6 e^2} \right) - x^3 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{A c^3}{e} - \frac{B c^3 d}{e^2} \right)}{e} - \frac{3 B a c^2}{e} \right)}{3 e} - \frac{B a^2 c}{e} \right)}{e} + x \left(\frac{B a^3}{e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{A c^3}{e} - \frac{B c^3 d}{e^2} \right)}{e} - \frac{3 B a c^2}{e} \right)}{e} + \frac{3 A a c^2}{e} \right)}{e} - \frac{3 B a^2 c}{e} \right)}{e} + \frac{3 A a^2 c}{e} \right)}{e} - x^5 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{A c^3}{e} - \frac{B c^3 d}{e^2} \right)}{5 e} - \frac{3 B a c^2}{5 e} \right) + \frac{\log(d + e x) (A a^3 e^7 - B c^3 d^7 - B a^3 d e^6 + A c^3 d^6 e + 3 A a c^2 d^4 e^3 + 3 A a^2 c d^2 e^5 - 3 B a c^2 d^5 e^2 - 3 B a^2 c d^3 e^4)}{e^8} + \frac{B c^3 x^7}{7 e} \right)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 530, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{420 \log(ex + d) a^4 e^7 - 420 \log(ex + d) a^3 b d e^6 + 1260 \log(ex + d) a^3 c d^2 e^5 + 1260 \log(ex + d) a^2 c^2 d^4 e^3 + \dots}{e^8}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d),x)`

output

```
(420*log(d + e*x)*a**4*e**7 - 420*log(d + e*x)*a**3*b*d*e**6 + 1260*log(d
+ e*x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**5 - 1260*log(d + e*x)*a**2*b*c*d**3*e**4 + 1260*log(
d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**3 - 1260*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c**2*d**5*e**2 + 420*
log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**6*e - 420*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**7 + 420*a**3*b*e**
7*x - 1260*a**3*c*d*e**6*x + 630*a**3*c*e**7*x**2 + 1260*a**2*b*c*d**2*e**
5*x - 630*a**2*b*c*d*e**6*x**2 + 420*a**2*b*c*e**7*x**3 - 1260*a**2*c**2*d
**3*e**4*x + 630*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 - 420*a**2*c**2*d*e**6*x**3 + 31
5*a**2*c**2*e**7*x**4 + 1260*a*b*c**2*d**4*e**3*x - 630*a*b*c**2*d**3*e**4
*x**2 + 420*a*b*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**3 - 315*a*b*c**2*d*e**6*x**4 + 252*a*b*c
**2*e**7*x**5 - 420*a*c**3*d**5*e**2*x + 210*a*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**2 - 140*a
*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**3 + 105*a*c**3*d**2*e**5*x**4 - 84*a*c**3*d*e**6*x**5 +
70*a*c**3*e**7*x**6 + 420*b*c**3*d**6*e*x - 210*b*c**3*d**5*e**2*x**2 + 1
40*b*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**3 - 105*b*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**4 + 84*b*c**3*d**2*e**5
*x**5 - 70*b*c**3*d*e**6*x**6 + 60*b*c**3*e**7*x**7)/(420*e**8)
```

3.69
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	595
Mathematica [A] (verified)	596
Rubi [A] (verified)	596
Maple [A] (verified)	598
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	598
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	599
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	600
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	601
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	601
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	602

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 309

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^2} dx = -\frac{c(6Bd(cd^2+ae^2)^2 - Ae(5c^2d^4 + 9acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4))x}{e^7} - \frac{c(2Acde(2cd^2 + 3ae^2) - B(5c^2d^4 + 9acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4))x^2}{2e^6} + \frac{c^2(3Ae(cd^2 + ae^2) - B(4cd^3 + 6ade^2))x^3}{3e^5} - \frac{c^2(2Acde - 3B(cd^2 + ae^2))x^4}{4e^4} - \frac{c^3(2Bd - Ae)x^5}{5e^3} + \frac{Bc^3x^6}{6e^2} + \frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^3}{e^8(d+ex)} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(7Bcd^2 - 6Acde + aBe^2)\log(d+ex)}{e^8}$$

output

```
-c*(6*B*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2-A*e*(3*a^2*e^4+9*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4))*x/e^7-1/2*c*(2*A*c*d*e*(3*a*e^2+2*c*d^2)-B*(3*a^2*e^4+9*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4))*x^2/e^6+1/3*c^2*(3*A*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)-B*(6*a*d*e^2+4*c*d^3))*x^3/e^5-1/4*c^2*(2*A*c*d*e-3*B*(a*e^2+c*d^2))*x^4/e^4-1/5*c^3*(-A*e+2*B*d)*x^5/e^3+1/6*B*c^3*x^6/e^2+(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^8/(e*x+d)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(-6*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^8
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{6Ae(-10a^3e^6 + 30a^2ce^4(-d^2 + dex + e^2x^2) + 10ac^2e^2(-3d^4 + 9d^3ex + 6d^2e^2x^2 - 2de^3x^3 + e^4x^4) + c^3(-3d^4 + 9d^3ex + 6d^2e^2x^2 - 2de^3x^3 + e^4x^4) + c^3(-10d^6 + 50d^5ex + 30d^4e^2x^2 - 10d^3e^3x^3 + 5d^2e^4x^4 - 3de^5x^5 + 2e^6x^6)) + B(60a^3d^2e^6 + 90a^2c^2e^4(2d^3 - 4d^2ex - 3de^2x^2 + e^3x^3) + 15ac^2e^2(12d^5 - 48d^4ex - 30d^3e^2x^2 + 10d^2e^3x^3 - 5de^4x^4 + 3e^5x^5) + c^3(60d^7 - 360d^6ex - 210d^5e^2x^2 + 70d^4e^3x^3 - 35d^3e^4x^4 + 21d^2e^5x^5 - 14de^6x^6 + 10e^7x^7)) + 60(c^2d^2 + a^2e^2)^2(7Bcd^2 - 6Acd^2e + 6B^2e^2)(d + ex) \operatorname{Log}[d + ex]}{(60e^8(d + ex))}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
(6*A*e*(-10*a^3*e^6 + 30*a^2*c*e^4*(-d^2 + d*e*x + e^2*x^2) + 10*a*c^2*e^2*(-3*d^4 + 9*d^3*e*x + 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 2*d*e^3*x^3 + e^4*x^4) + c^3*(-10*d^6 + 50*d^5*e*x + 30*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 10*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 5*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 3*d*e^5*x^5 + 2*e^6*x^6)) + B*(60*a^3*d^2*e^6 + 90*a^2*c^2*e^4*(2*d^3 - 4*d^2*e*x - 3*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3) + 15*a*c^2*e^2*(12*d^5 - 48*d^4*e*x - 30*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 10*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 5*d*e^4*x^4 + 3*e^5*x^5) + c^3*(60*d^7 - 360*d^6*e*x - 210*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 70*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 35*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 21*d^2*e^5*x^5 - 14*d*e^6*x^6 + 10*e^7*x^7)) + 60*(c^2*d^2 + a^2*e^2)^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + 6*B^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)*Log[d + e*x]/(60*e^8*(d + e*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{c(Ae(3a^2e^4 + 9acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) - 6Bd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2)}{e^7} - \frac{cx(-3a^2Be^4 + 6aAcde^3 - 9aBcd^2e^2 + 4Ac^2d^3e - 3c^3d^4)}{e^6} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{cx(6Bd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2 - Ae(3a^2e^4 + 9acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4))}{e^7} - \frac{cx^2(2Acde(3ae^2 + 2cd^2) - B(3a^2e^4 + 9acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4))}{2e^6} - \frac{c^2x^4(2Acde - 3B(ae^2 + cd^2))}{4e^4} + \frac{c^2x^3(3Ae(ae^2 + cd^2) - B(6ade^2 + 4cd^3))}{3e^5} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3(Bd - Ae)}{e^8(d + ex)} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2 \log(d + ex)(aBe^2 - 6Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{e^8} - \frac{c^3x^5(2Bd - Ae)}{5e^3} + \frac{Bc^3x^6}{6e^2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^2, x]`

output `-((c*(6*B*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2 - A*e*(5*c^2*d^4 + 9*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)))*x)/e^7) - (c*(2*A*c*d*e*(2*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - B*(5*c^2*d^4 + 9*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4))*x^2)/(2*e^6) + (c^2*(3*A*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - B*(4*c*d^3 + 6*a*d*e^2))*x^3)/(3*e^5) - (c^2*(2*A*c*d*e - 3*B*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))*x^4)/(4*e^4) - (c^3*(2*B*d - A*e)*x^5)/(5*e^3) + (B*c^3*x^6)/(6*e^2) + ((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)/(e^8*(d + e*x)) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/e^8`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

method	result
norman	$\frac{(A a^3 e^7 + 6A a^2 c d^2 e^5 + 12A a c^2 d^4 e^3 + 6A c^3 d^6 e - B a^3 d e^6 - 9B a^2 c d^3 e^4 - 15B a c^2 d^5 e^2 - 7B c^3 d^7) x + \frac{B c^3 x^7}{6e} - c(12A a c d e^3 + 6A c^2 d^3 e - 4A c^3 d^5 e - 4A c^4 d^7 e)}{d e^7}$
default	$c(\frac{1}{6} B x^6 c^2 e^5 + \frac{1}{5} A x^5 c^2 e^5 - \frac{2}{5} B x^5 c^2 d e^4 - \frac{1}{2} A x^4 c^2 d e^4 + \frac{3}{4} B x^4 a c e^5 + \frac{3}{4} B x^4 c^2 d^2 e^3 + A x^3 a c e^5 + A x^3 c^2 d^2 e^3 - 2B x^3 a c d e^4 - \frac{4}{3} B x^3 c^2 d^3 e^2 - \frac{4}{3} B x^3 c^3 d^5 e) + \frac{B c^3 x^7}{6e} - c(12A a c d e^3 + 6A c^2 d^3 e - 4A c^3 d^5 e - 4A c^4 d^7 e)$
risch	$\frac{c^3 A x^5}{5e^2} - \frac{2c^2 B x^3 a d}{e^3} - \frac{3c^2 A x^2 a d}{e^3} + \frac{9c^2 B x^2 a d^2}{2e^4} + \frac{9c^2 A a d^2 x}{e^4} - \frac{6c B a^2 d x}{e^3} - \frac{12c^2 B a d^3 x}{e^5} - \frac{3A a^2 c d^2}{e^3(e x + d)} - \frac{3A a c^2 d^2}{e^5(e x + d)}$
parallelrisch	$- \frac{720A \ln(e x + d) x a c^2 d^3 e^4 - 60B \ln(e x + d) x a^3 e^7 - 540B a^2 c d^3 e^4 + 360A a^2 c d^2 e^5 + 720A a c^2 d^4 e^3 - 12A x^6 c^3 e^7 - 10B x^7 c^3 e^7}{e^8}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((A*a^3*e^7+6*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5+12*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3+6*A*c^3*d^6*e-B*a^3*d*e^6-9*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4-15*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2-7*B*c^3*d^7)/d/e^7*x+1/6*B*c^3*x^7/e-1/6*c*(12*A*a*c*d*e^3+6*A*c^2*d^3*e-9*B*a^2*e^4-15*B*a*c*d^2*e^2-7*B*c^2*d^4)/e^5*x^3+1/2*c*(6*A*a^2*e^5+12*A*a*c*d^2*e^3+6*A*c^2*d^4*e-9*B*a^2*d*e^4-15*B*a*c*d^3*e^2-7*B*c^2*d^5)/e^6*x^2-1/20*c^2*(6*A*c*d*e-15*B*a*e^2-7*B*c*d^2)/e^3*x^5+1/12*c^2*(12*A*a*e^3+6*A*c*d^2*e-15*B*a*d*e^2-7*B*c*d^3)/e^4*x^4+1/30*c^3*(6*A*e-7*B*d)/e^2*x^6)/(e*x+d)-(6*A*a^2*c*d*e^5+12*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3+6*A*c^3*d^5*e-B*a^3*e^6-9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-15*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-7*B*c^3*d^6)/e^8*ln(e*x+d)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 621 vs. 2(299) = 598.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 621, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{10 B c^3 e^7 x^7 + 60 B c^3 d^7 - 60 A c^3 d^6 e + 180 B a c^2 d^5 e^2 - 180 A a c^2 d^4 e^3 + 180 B a^2 c d^3 e^4 - 180 A a^2 c d^2 e^5 + 60 B a^2 c d e^3 - 180 A a^2 d e^4 + 180 B a^2 e^5 - 180 A a^2 e^6 + 180 B a^2 e^7}{e^8}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/60*(10*B*c^3*e^7*x^7 + 60*B*c^3*d^7 - 60*A*c^3*d^6*e + 180*B*a*c^2*d^5*e
^2 - 180*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 180*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 180*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 60*
B*a^3*d*e^6 - 60*A*a^3*e^7 - 2*(7*B*c^3*d*e^6 - 6*A*c^3*e^7)*x^6 + 3*(7*B*
c^3*d^2*e^5 - 6*A*c^3*d*e^6 + 15*B*a*c^2*e^7)*x^5 - 5*(7*B*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 6
*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 15*B*a*c^2*d*e^6 - 12*A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 10*(7*B*c^3*d^4*
e^3 - 6*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 15*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 12*A*a*c^2*d*e^6 + 9*B*a^2*c*
e^7)*x^3 - 30*(7*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 6*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 15*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 12
*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 9*B*a^2*c*d*e^6 - 6*A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 - 60*(6*B*c^3*d^6*
e - 5*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 12*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 9*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 6*B*a^2*c*d
^2*e^5 - 3*A*a^2*c*d*e^6)*x + 60*(7*B*c^3*d^7 - 6*A*c^3*d^6*e + 15*B*a*c^2
*d^5*e^2 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 6*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + B*
a^3*d*e^6 + (7*B*c^3*d^6*e - 6*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 15*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 12*A*a
*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 6*A*a^2*c*d*e^6 + B*a^3*e^7)*x)*log(e*x
+ d))/(e^9*x + d*e^8)

```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 454, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx &= \frac{Bc^3x^6}{6e^2} + x^5 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{5e^2} - \frac{2Bc^3d}{5e^3} \right) \\
&+ x^4 \left(-\frac{Ac^3d}{2e^3} + \frac{3Bac^2}{4e^2} + \frac{3Bc^3d^2}{4e^4} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{Aac^2}{e^2} + \frac{Ac^3d^2}{e^4} - \frac{2Bac^2d}{e^3} - \frac{4Bc^3d^3}{3e^5} \right) \\
&+ x^2 \left(-\frac{3Aac^2d}{e^3} - \frac{2Ac^3d^3}{e^5} + \frac{3Ba^2c}{2e^2} + \frac{9Bac^2d^2}{2e^4} + \frac{5Bc^3d^4}{2e^6} \right) \\
&+ x \left(\frac{3Aa^2c}{e^2} + \frac{9Aac^2d^2}{e^4} + \frac{5Ac^3d^4}{e^6} - \frac{6Ba^2cd}{e^3} - \frac{12Bac^2d^3}{e^5} - \frac{6Bc^3d^5}{e^7} \right) \\
&+ \frac{-Aa^3e^7 - 3Aa^2cd^2e^5 - 3Aac^2d^4e^3 - Ac^3d^6e + Ba^3de^6 + 3Ba^2cd^3e^4 + 3Bac^2d^5e^2 + Bc^3d^7}{de^8 + e^9x} \\
&+ \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(-6Acde + Bae^2 + 7Bcd^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^8}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**2,x)
```


output

```

B*c**3*x**6/(6*e**2) + x**5*(A*c**3/(5*e**2) - 2*B*c**3*d/(5*e**3)) + x**4
*(-A*c**3*d/(2*e**3) + 3*B*a*c**2/(4*e**2) + 3*B*c**3*d**2/(4*e**4)) + x**
3*(A*a*c**2/e**2 + A*c**3*d**2/e**4 - 2*B*a*c**2*d/e**3 - 4*B*c**3*d**3/(3
*e**5)) + x**2*(-3*A*a*c**2*d/e**3 - 2*A*c**3*d**3/e**5 + 3*B*a**2*c/(2*e*
*2) + 9*B*a*c**2*d**2/(2*e**4) + 5*B*c**3*d**4/(2*e**6)) + x*(3*A*a**2*c/e
**2 + 9*A*a*c**2*d**2/e**4 + 5*A*c**3*d**4/e**6 - 6*B*a**2*c*d/e**3 - 12*B
*a*c**2*d**3/e**5 - 6*B*c**3*d**5/e**7) + (-A*a**3*e**7 - 3*A*a**2*c*d**2*
e**5 - 3*A*a*c**2*d**4*e**3 - A*c**3*d**6*e + B*a**3*d*e**6 + 3*B*a**2*c*d
**3*e**4 + 3*B*a*c**2*d**5*e**2 + B*c**3*d**7)/(d*e**8 + e**9*x) + (a*e**2
+ c*d**2)**2*(-6*A*c*d*e + B*a*e**2 + 7*B*c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)/e**8

```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 456, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bc^3d^7 - Ac^3d^6e + 3Bac^2d^5e^2 - 3Aac^2d^4e^3 + 3Ba^2cd^3e^4 - 3Aa^2cd^2e^5 + Ba^3de^6 - Aa^3e^7}{e^9x + de^8}$$

$$+ \frac{10Bc^3e^5x^6 - 12(2Bc^3de^4 - Ac^3e^5)x^5 + 15(3Bc^3d^2e^3 - 2Ac^3de^4 + 3Bac^2e^5)x^4 - 20(4Bc^3d^3e^2 - 3Aa^2cd^2e^5 + Ba^3de^6) \log(ex + d)}{e^8}$$

input

```

integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")

```

output

```

(B*c^3*d^7 - A*c^3*d^6*e + 3*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 3*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*B*a^2
*c*d^3*e^4 - 3*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + B*a^3*d*e^6 - A*a^3*e^7)/(e^9*x + d*e^8)
+ 1/60*(10*B*c^3*e^5*x^6 - 12*(2*B*c^3*d*e^4 - A*c^3*e^5)*x^5 + 15*(3*B*c^
3*d^2*e^3 - 2*A*c^3*d*e^4 + 3*B*a*c^2*e^5)*x^4 - 20*(4*B*c^3*d^3*e^2 - 3*A
*c^3*d^2*e^3 + 6*B*a*c^2*d*e^4 - 3*A*a*c^2*e^5)*x^3 + 30*(5*B*c^3*d^4*e -
4*A*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 9*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 6*A*a*c^2*d*e^4 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^5)*x^2
- 60*(6*B*c^3*d^5 - 5*A*c^3*d^4*e + 12*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 9*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^
3 + 6*B*a^2*c*d*e^4 - 3*A*a^2*c*e^5)*x)/e^7 + (7*B*c^3*d^6 - 6*A*c^3*d^5*e
+ 15*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 6*A*a^2*c
*d*e^5 + B*a^3*e^6)*log(e*x + d)/e^8

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 563, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(10 Bc^3 - \frac{12(7Bc^3de - Ac^3e^2)}{(ex+d)e} + \frac{45(7Bc^3d^2e^2 - 2Ac^3de^3 + Bac^2e^4)}{(ex+d)^2e^2} - \frac{20(35Bc^3d^3e^3 - 15Ac^3d^2e^4 + 15Bac^2de^5 - 3Aac^2e^6)}{(ex+d)^3e^3} + 30\right)}{e^8} \log\left(\frac{|ex+d|}{(ex+d)^2|e|}\right)$$

$$+ \frac{\frac{Bc^3d^7e^6}{ex+d} - \frac{Ac^3d^6e^7}{ex+d} + \frac{3Bac^2d^5e^8}{ex+d} - \frac{3Aac^2d^4e^9}{ex+d} + \frac{3Ba^2cd^3e^{10}}{ex+d} - \frac{3Aa^2cd^2e^{11}}{ex+d} + \frac{Ba^3de^{12}}{ex+d} - \frac{Aa^3e^{13}}{ex+d}}{e^{14}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output
$$\frac{1}{60} \left(10Bc^3 - 12(7Bc^3d^2e - Ac^3e^2) / ((ex+d)e) + 45(7Bc^3d^2e^2 - 2Aac^3d^2e^3 + Baa^2c^2e^4) / ((ex+d)^2e^2) - 20(35Bc^3d^3e^3 - 15Aac^3d^2e^4 + 15Baa^2c^2d^2e^5 - 3Aaa^2c^2e^6) / ((ex+d)^3e^3) + 30(35Bc^3d^4e^4 - 20Aac^3d^3e^5 + 30Baa^2c^2d^2e^6 - 12Aaa^2c^2d^2e^7 + 3Baa^2c^2e^8) / ((ex+d)^4e^4) - 180(7Bc^3d^5e^5 - 5Aac^3d^4e^6 + 10Baa^2c^2d^3e^7 - 6Aaa^2c^2d^2e^8 + 3Baa^2c^2d^2e^9 - Aaa^2c^2e^{10}) / ((ex+d)^5e^5) \right) * (ex+d)^6 / e^8 - (7Bc^3d^6 - 6Aac^3d^5e + 15Baa^2c^2d^4e^2 - 12Aaa^2c^2d^3e^3 + 9Baa^2c^2d^2e^4 - 6Aaa^2c^2d^2e^5 + Baa^3e^6) * \log(\text{abs}(ex+d) / ((ex+d)^2 \text{abs}(e))) / e^8 + (Bc^3d^7e^6 / (ex+d) - Aac^3d^6e^7 / (ex+d) + 3Baa^2c^2d^5e^8 / (ex+d) - 3Aaa^2c^2d^4e^9 / (ex+d) + 3Baa^2c^2d^3e^{10} / (ex+d) - 3Aaa^2c^2d^2e^{11} / (ex+d) + Baa^3d^2e^{12} / (ex+d) - Aaa^3e^{13} / (ex+d)) / e^{14}$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 826, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output

```

x^3*((2*d*((2*d*((A*c^3)/e^2 - (2*B*c^3*d)/e^3))/e - (3*B*a*c^2)/e^2 + (B*
c^3*d^2)/e^4))/(3*e) - (d^2*((A*c^3)/e^2 - (2*B*c^3*d)/e^3))/(3*e^2) + (A*
a*c^2)/e^2) + x^5*((A*c^3)/(5*e^2) - (2*B*c^3*d)/(5*e^3)) - x^4*((d*((A*c^
3)/e^2 - (2*B*c^3*d)/e^3))/(2*e) - (3*B*a*c^2)/(4*e^2) + (B*c^3*d^2)/(4*e^
4)) - x*((2*d*((d^2*((2*d*((A*c^3)/e^2 - (2*B*c^3*d)/e^3))/e - (3*B*a*c^2)
/e^2 + (B*c^3*d^2)/e^4))/e^2 - (2*d*((2*d*((2*d*((A*c^3)/e^2 - (2*B*c^3*d)
/e^3))/e - (3*B*a*c^2)/e^2 + (B*c^3*d^2)/e^4))/e - (d^2*((A*c^3)/e^2 - (2*
B*c^3*d)/e^3))/e^2 + (3*A*a*c^2)/e^2))/e + (3*B*a^2*c)/e^2))/e + (d^2*((2*
d*((2*d*((A*c^3)/e^2 - (2*B*c^3*d)/e^3))/e - (3*B*a*c^2)/e^2 + (B*c^3*d^2)
/e^4))/e - (d^2*((A*c^3)/e^2 - (2*B*c^3*d)/e^3))/e^2 + (3*A*a*c^2)/e^2))/e
^2 - (3*A*a^2*c)/e^2) + x^2*((d^2*((2*d*((A*c^3)/e^2 - (2*B*c^3*d)/e^3))/e
- (3*B*a*c^2)/e^2 + (B*c^3*d^2)/e^4))/(2*e^2) - (d*((2*d*((2*d*((A*c^3)/e
^2 - (2*B*c^3*d)/e^3))/e - (3*B*a*c^2)/e^2 + (B*c^3*d^2)/e^4))/e - (d^2*((
A*c^3)/e^2 - (2*B*c^3*d)/e^3))/e^2 + (3*A*a*c^2)/e^2))/e + (3*B*a^2*c)/(2*
e^2)) + (log(d + e*x)*(B*a^3*e^6 + 7*B*c^3*d^6 - 6*A*c^3*d^5*e - 12*A*a*c^
2*d^3*e^3 + 15*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 6*A*a^2*c*d*e^5))/e^8
- (A*a^3*e^7 - B*c^3*d^7 - B*a^3*d*e^6 + A*c^3*d^6*e + 3*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3
+ 3*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 3*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4)/(e*(d*e^7 + e
^8*x)) + (B*c^3*x^6)/(6*e^2)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 689, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-720 \log(ex + d) a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 x + 900 \log(ex + d) ab c^2 d^6 e^2 - 360 \log(ex + d) a c^3 d^6 e^2 x + 420 \log(ex + d) b c^3 d^6 e^2 x^2 + 360 \log(ex + d) a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 x^2 + 360 \log(ex + d) ab c^2 d^6 e^2 x^2 + 360 \log(ex + d) a c^3 d^6 e^2 x^2 + 360 \log(ex + d) b c^3 d^6 e^2 x^2}{(d + ex)^2}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

output

```
(60*log(d + e*x)*a**3*b*d**2*e**6 + 60*log(d + e*x)*a**3*b*d*e**7*x - 360*
log(d + e*x)*a**3*c*d**3*e**5 - 360*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**6*x + 540*
log(d + e*x)*a**2*b*c*d**4*e**4 + 540*log(d + e*x)*a**2*b*c*d**3*e**5*x -
720*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**3 - 720*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**
4*x + 900*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c**2*d**6*e**2 + 900*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c**2*d**5
*e**3*x - 360*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**7*e - 360*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**6*e*
*2*x + 420*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**8 + 420*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**7*e*x + 6
0*a**4*e**8*x - 60*a**3*b*d*e**7*x + 360*a**3*c*d**2*e**6*x + 180*a**3*c*d
*e**7*x**2 - 540*a**2*b*c*d**3*e**5*x - 270*a**2*b*c*d**2*e**6*x**2 + 90*a
**2*b*c*d*e**7*x**3 + 720*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4*x + 360*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5*
x**2 - 120*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**3 + 60*a**2*c**2*d*e**7*x**4 - 900*a*b*c
**2*d**5*e**3*x - 450*a*b*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**2 + 150*a*b*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**
3 - 75*a*b*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**4 + 45*a*b*c**2*d*e**7*x**5 + 360*a*c**3*d**6
*e**2*x + 180*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x**2 - 60*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**3 + 30*a*c**3
*d**3*e**5*x**4 - 18*a*c**3*d**2*e**6*x**5 + 12*a*c**3*d*e**7*x**6 - 420*b
*c**3*d**7*e*x - 210*b*c**3*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 70*b*c**3*d**5*e**3*x**3 - 35
*b*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**4 + 21*b*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**5 - 14*b*c**3*d**2*e**6*x*
*6 + 10*b*c**3*d*e**7*x**7)/(60*d*e**8*(d + e*x))
```

3.70
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	604
Mathematica [A] (verified)	605
Rubi [A] (verified)	605
Maple [A] (verified)	607
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	607
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	608
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	609
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	610
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	611
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	612

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 300

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^3} dx \\ &= -\frac{c(Acde(10cd^2+9ae^2)-3B(5c^2d^4+6acd^2e^2+a^2e^4))x}{e^7} \\ & \quad -\frac{c^2(10Bcd^3-6Acd^2e+9aBde^2-3aAe^3)x^2}{2e^6} \\ & \quad +\frac{c^2(2Bcd^2-Acde+aBe^2)x^3}{e^5} -\frac{c^3(3Bd-Ae)x^4}{4e^4} +\frac{Bc^3x^5}{5e^3} \\ & \quad +\frac{(Bd-Ae)(cd^2+ae^2)^3}{2e^8(d+ex)^2} -\frac{(cd^2+ae^2)^2(7Bcd^2-6Acde+aBe^2)}{e^8(d+ex)} \\ & \quad -\frac{3c(cd^2+ae^2)(7Bcd^3-5Acd^2e+3aBde^2-aAe^3)\log(d+ex)}{e^8} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-c*(A*c*d*e*(9*a*e^2+10*c*d^2)-3*B*(a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4))*x/e^7-1/2*c^2*(-3*A*a*e^3-6*A*c*d^2*e+9*B*a*d*e^2+10*B*c*d^3)*x^2/e^6+c^2*(-A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+2*B*c*d^2)*x^3/e^5-1/4*c^3*(-A*e+3*B*d)*x^4/e^4+1/5*B*c^3*x^5/e^3+1/2*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^8/(e*x+d)^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(-6*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)/e^8/(e*x+d)-3*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-A*a*e^3-5*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+7*B*c*d^3)*ln(e*x+d)/e^8
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{5Ae(-2a^3e^6 + 6a^2cde^4(3d + 4ex) + 6ac^2e^2(7d^4 + 2d^3ex - 11d^2e^2x^2 - 4de^3x^3 + e^4x^4) + c^3(22d^6 - 16d^5e$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
(5*A*e*(-2*a^3*e^6 + 6*a^2*c*d*e^4*(3*d + 4*e*x) + 6*a*c^2*e^2*(7*d^4 + 2*d^3*e*x - 11*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 4*d*e^3*x^3 + e^4*x^4) + c^3*(22*d^6 - 16*d^5*e*x - 68*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 20*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 5*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 2*d*e^5*x^5 + e^6*x^6)) + B*(-10*a^3*e^6*(d + 2*e*x) + 30*a^2*c*e^4*(-5*d^3 - 4*d^2*e*x + 4*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*e^3*x^3) + 10*a*c^2*e^2*(-27*d^5 + 6*d^4*e*x + 63*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 20*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 5*d*e^4*x^4 + 2*e^5*x^5) + c^3*(-130*d^7 + 160*d^6*e*x + 500*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 140*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 35*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 14*d^2*e^5*x^5 - 7*d*e^6*x^6 + 4*e^7*x^7)) - 60*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e + 3*A*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^2*Log[d + e*x])/(20*e^8*(d + e*x)^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{c(3B(a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) - Acde(9ae^2 + 10cd^2))}{e^7} - \frac{3c^2x^2(-aBe^2 + Acde - 2Bcd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{c^2x(3aAe^3 -$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& -\frac{cx(Acde(9ae^2 + 10cd^2) - 3B(a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4))}{e^7} + \frac{c^2x^3(aBe^2 - Acde + 2Bcd^2)}{e^5} - \\
& \frac{c^2x^2(-3aAe^3 + 9aBde^2 - 6Acd^2e + 10Bcd^3)}{2e^6} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(aBe^2 - 6Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{e^8(d + ex)} + \\
& \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3(Bd - Ae)}{2e^8(d + ex)^2} - \\
& \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)\log(d + ex)(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 5Acd^2e + 7Bcd^3)}{e^8} - \frac{c^3x^4(3Bd - Ae)}{4e^4} + \frac{Bc^3x^5}{5e^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `-((c*(A*c*d*e*(10*c*d^2 + 9*a*e^2) - 3*B*(5*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4))*x)/e^7) - (c^2*(10*B*c*d^3 - 6*A*c*d^2*e + 9*a*B*d*e^2 - 3*a*A*e^3)*x^2)/(2*e^6) + (c^2*(2*B*c*d^2 - A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*x^3)/e^5 - (c^3*(3*B*d - A*e)*x^4)/(4*e^4) + (B*c^3*x^5)/(5*e^3) + ((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)/(2*e^8*(d + e*x)^2) - ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(e^8*(d + e*x)) - (3*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*Log[d + e*x])/e^8`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result
norman	$\frac{(6A a^2 c d e^5 + 36A a c^2 d^3 e^3 + 30A c^3 d^5 e - B a^3 e^6 - 18B a^2 c d^2 e^4 - 60B a c^2 d^4 e^2 - 42B c^3 d^6) x - A a^3 e^7 - 9A a^2 c d^2 e^5 - 54A a c^2 d^4 e^3 - 45A c^3 d^6}{e^7}$
default	$-\frac{c(-\frac{1}{5}B c^2 x^5 e^4 - \frac{1}{4}A c^2 e^4 x^4 + \frac{3}{4}B c^2 d e^3 x^4 + A c^2 d e^3 x^3 - B a c e^4 x^3 - 2B c^2 d^2 e^2 x^3 - \frac{3}{2}A a c e^4 x^2 - 3A c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 + \frac{9}{2}B a c d e^3 x^2)}{e^7}$
risch	$\frac{B c^3 x^5}{5e^3} + \frac{c^3 A x^4}{4e^3} - \frac{3c^3 B d x^4}{4e^4} - \frac{c^3 A d x^3}{e^4} + \frac{c^2 B a x^3}{e^3} + \frac{2c^3 B d^2 x^3}{e^5} + \frac{3c^2 A a x^2}{2e^3} + \frac{3c^3 A d^2 x^2}{e^5} - \frac{9c^2 B a d x^2}{2e^4} - 5$
parallelrisch	$720A \ln(ex+d) x a c^2 d^3 e^4 - 270B a^2 c d^3 e^4 + 90A a^2 c d^2 e^5 + 540A a c^2 d^4 e^3 + 5A x^6 c^3 e^7 + 4B x^7 c^3 e^7 - 420B \ln(ex+d) c^3 d^7 - 20B a$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\left((6A a^2 c d e^5 + 36A a c^2 d^3 e^3 + 30A c^3 d^5 e - B a^3 e^6 - 18B a^2 c d^2 e^4 - 60B a c^2 d^4 e^2 - 42B c^3 d^6) / e^7 x - 1/2 (A a^3 e^7 - 9A a^2 c d^2 e^5 - 54A a c^2 d^4 e^3 - 45A c^3 d^6 e + B a^3 d e^6 + 27B a^2 c d^3 e^4 + 90B a c^2 d^5 e^2 + 63B c^3 d^7) / e^8 + 1/5 B c^3 x^7 / e - c (6A a^2 c d e^3 + 5A c^2 d^3 e - 3B a^2 e^4 - 10B a c^2 d^2 e^2 - 7B c^2 d^4) / e^5 x^3 - 1/10 c^2 (5A c^2 d e - 10B a e^2 - 7B c^2 d^2) / e^3 x^5 + 1/4 c^2 (6A a^2 e^3 + 5A c^2 d^2 e - 10B a d e^2 - 7B c^2 d^3) / e^4 x^4 + 1/20 c^3 (5A e^7 - 7B d) / e^2 x^6 \right) / (e x + d)^2 + 3 c / e^8 (A a^2 e^5 + 6A a c^2 d^2 e^3 + 5A c^2 d^4 e - 3B a^2 d e^4 - 10B a c^2 d^3 e^2 - 7B c^2 d^5) * \ln(e x + d)$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 691 vs. 2(292) = 584.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 691, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 B c^3 e^7 x^7 - 130 B c^3 d^7 + 110 A c^3 d^6 e - 270 B a c^2 d^5 e^2 + 210 A a c^2 d^4 e^3 - 150 B a^2 c d^3 e^4 + 90 A a^2 c d^2 e^5 - 150 B a^3 d e^6 + 45 A a^3 e^7}{e^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/20*(4*B*c^3*e^7*x^7 - 130*B*c^3*d^7 + 110*A*c^3*d^6*e - 270*B*a*c^2*d^5*
e^2 + 210*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 150*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 90*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 10*
B*a^3*d*e^6 - 10*A*a^3*e^7 - (7*B*c^3*d*e^6 - 5*A*c^3*e^7)*x^6 + 2*(7*B*c^
3*d^2*e^5 - 5*A*c^3*d*e^6 + 10*B*a*c^2*e^7)*x^5 - 5*(7*B*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 5*A
*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 10*B*a*c^2*d*e^6 - 6*A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 20*(7*B*c^3*d^4*e^3
- 5*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 10*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 6*A*a*c^2*d*e^6 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^7)
*x^3 + 10*(50*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 34*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 63*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 33*A
*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 12*B*a^2*c*d*e^6)*x^2 + 20*(8*B*c^3*d^6*e - 4*A*c^3*d^5*e
^2 + 3*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 6*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 6*A*a^2*c
*d*e^6 - B*a^3*e^7)*x - 60*(7*B*c^3*d^7 - 5*A*c^3*d^6*e + 10*B*a*c^2*d^5*e
^2 - 6*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + (7*B*c^3*d^
5*e^2 - 5*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 10*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 3*B*a^2
*c*d*e^6 - A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 + 2*(7*B*c^3*d^6*e - 5*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 10*B*a*
c^2*d^4*e^3 - 6*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - A*a^2*c*d*e^6)*x)*lo
g(e*x + d)/(e^10*x^2 + 2*d*e^9*x + d^2*e^8)

```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 490, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx \\
&= \frac{Bc^3x^5}{5e^3} - \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(-Aae^3 - 5Acd^2e + 3Bade^2 + 7Bcd^3) \log(d + ex)}{e^8} \\
&+ x^4 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{4e^3} - \frac{3Bc^3d}{4e^4} \right) + x^3 \left(-\frac{Ac^3d}{e^4} + \frac{Bac^2}{e^3} + \frac{2Bc^3d^2}{e^5} \right) \\
&+ x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3Aac^2}{2e^3} + \frac{3Ac^3d^2}{e^5} - \frac{9Bac^2d}{2e^4} - \frac{5Bc^3d^3}{e^6} \right) \\
&+ x \left(-\frac{9Aac^2d}{e^4} - \frac{10Ac^3d^3}{e^6} + \frac{3Ba^2c}{e^3} + \frac{18Bac^2d^2}{e^5} + \frac{15Bc^3d^4}{e^7} \right) \\
&+ \frac{-Aa^3e^7 + 9Aa^2cd^2e^5 + 21Aac^2d^4e^3 + 11Ac^3d^6e - Ba^3de^6 - 15Ba^2cd^3e^4 - 27Bac^2d^5e^2 - 13Bc^3d^7 +}{2d^2e^8 + 4de^9x -}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**3,x)
```

output

```
B*c**3*x**5/(5*e**3) - 3*c*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*(-A*a*e**3 - 5*A*c*d**2*e + 3
*B*a*d*e**2 + 7*B*c*d**3)*log(d + e*x)/e**8 + x**4*(A*c**3/(4*e**3) - 3*B*
c**3*d/(4*e**4)) + x**3*(-A*c**3*d/e**4 + B*a*c**2/e**3 + 2*B*c**3*d**2/e
*5) + x**2*(3*A*a*c**2/(2*e**3) + 3*A*c**3*d**2/e**5 - 9*B*a*c**2*d/(2*e**
4) - 5*B*c**3*d**3/e**6) + x*(-9*A*a*c**2*d/e**4 - 10*A*c**3*d**3/e**6 + 3
*B*a**2*c/e**3 + 18*B*a*c**2*d**2/e**5 + 15*B*c**3*d**4/e**7) + (-A*a**3*e
**7 + 9*A*a**2*c*d**2*e**5 + 21*A*a*c**2*d**4*e**3 + 11*A*c**3*d**6*e - B*
a**3*d*e**6 - 15*B*a**2*c*d**3*e**4 - 27*B*a*c**2*d**5*e**2 - 13*B*c**3*d*
*7 + x*(12*A*a**2*c*d*e**6 + 24*A*a*c**2*d**3*e**4 + 12*A*c**3*d**5*e**2 -
2*B*a**3*e**7 - 18*B*a**2*c*d**2*e**5 - 30*B*a*c**2*d**4*e**3 - 14*B*c**3
*d**6*e))/(2*d**2*e**8 + 4*d*e**9*x + 2*e**10*x**2)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 464, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{13 Bc^3 d^7 - 11 Ac^3 d^6 e + 27 Bac^2 d^5 e^2 - 21 Aac^2 d^4 e^3 + 15 Ba^2 cd^3 e^4 - 9 Aa^2 cd^2 e^5 + Ba^3 de^6 + Aa^3 e^7 + 2(e^{10}x^2 + 2de^9x}{e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{4 Bc^3 e^4 x^5 - 5(3 Bc^3 de^3 - Ac^3 e^4)x^4 + 20(2 Bc^3 d^2 e^2 - Ac^3 de^3 + Bac^2 e^4)x^3 - 10(10 Bc^3 d^3 e - 6 Ac^3 d^2 e^2 + 3(7 Bc^3 d^5 - 5 Ac^3 d^4 e + 10 Bac^2 d^3 e^2 - 6 Aac^2 d^2 e^3 + 3 Ba^2 cde^4 - Aa^2 ce^5) \log(ex + d)}{e^8}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2*(13*B*c^3*d^7 - 11*A*c^3*d^6*e + 27*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 21*A*a*c^2*d^4*
e^3 + 15*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 9*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + B*a^3*d*e^6 + A*a^3*e^7 + 2
*(7*B*c^3*d^6*e - 6*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 15*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^
4 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 6*A*a^2*c*d*e^6 + B*a^3*e^7)*x)/(e^10*x^2 + 2*d*e^
9*x + d^2*e^8) + 1/20*(4*B*c^3*e^4*x^5 - 5*(3*B*c^3*d*e^3 - A*c^3*e^4)*x^4
+ 20*(2*B*c^3*d^2*e^2 - A*c^3*d*e^3 + B*a*c^2*e^4)*x^3 - 10*(10*B*c^3*d^3
*e - 6*A*c^3*d^2*e^2 + 9*B*a*c^2*d*e^3 - 3*A*a*c^2*e^4)*x^2 + 20*(15*B*c^3
*d^4 - 10*A*c^3*d^3*e + 18*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 9*A*a*c^2*d*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*e
^4)*x)/e^7 - 3*(7*B*c^3*d^5 - 5*A*c^3*d^4*e + 10*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 6*A*a*c
^2*d^2*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d*e^4 - A*a^2*c*e^5)*log(e*x + d)/e^8
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 469, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(7Bc^3d^5 - 5Ac^3d^4e + 10Bac^2d^3e^2 - 6Aac^2d^2e^3 + 3Ba^2cde^4 - Aa^2ce^5) \log(|ex + d|)}{e^8}$$

$$- \frac{13Bc^3d^7 - 11Ac^3d^6e + 27Bac^2d^5e^2 - 21Aac^2d^4e^3 + 15Ba^2cd^3e^4 - 9Aa^2cd^2e^5 + Ba^3de^6 + Aa^3e^7 + 2(ex + d)^2}{4Bc^3e^{12}x^5 - 15Bc^3de^{11}x^4 + 5Ac^3e^{12}x^4 + 40Bc^3d^2e^{10}x^3 - 20Ac^3de^{11}x^3 + 20Bac^2e^{12}x^3 - 100Bc^3d^3e^9x^2 + 60Ac^3d^2e^{10}x^2 - 90Bac^2d^3e^9x + 360Bac^2d^2e^{10}x - 180Aac^2de^{11}x + 60Ba^2ce^{12}x}/e^{15}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-3*(7*B*c^3*d^5 - 5*A*c^3*d^4*e + 10*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 +
3*B*a^2*c*d*e^4 - A*a^2*c*e^5)*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^8 - 1/2*(13*B*c^3*d^7
- 11*A*c^3*d^6*e + 27*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 21*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 15*B*a^2*c*d^
3*e^4 - 9*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + B*a^3*d*e^6 + A*a^3*e^7 + 2*(7*B*c^3*d^6*e - 6
*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 15*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e
^5 - 6*A*a^2*c*d*e^6 + B*a^3*e^7)*x)/((e*x + d)^2*e^8) + 1/20*(4*B*c^3*e^1
2*x^5 - 15*B*c^3*d*e^11*x^4 + 5*A*c^3*e^12*x^4 + 40*B*c^3*d^2*e^10*x^3 - 2
0*A*c^3*d*e^11*x^3 + 20*B*a*c^2*e^12*x^3 - 100*B*c^3*d^3*e^9*x^2 + 60*A*c^
3*d^2*e^10*x^2 - 90*B*a*c^2*d*e^11*x^2 + 30*A*a*c^2*e^12*x^2 + 300*B*c^3*d
^4*e^8*x - 200*A*c^3*d^3*e^9*x + 360*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^10*x - 180*A*a*c^2*d*e^
11*x + 60*B*a^2*c*e^12*x)/e^15
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 681, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx = x^4 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{4e^3} - \frac{3Bc^3d}{4e^4} \right) \frac{Ba^3de^6 + Aa^3e^7 + 15Ba^2cd^3e^4 - 9Aa^2cd^2e^5 + 27Ba^2c^2d^5e^2 - 21Aa^2c^2d^4e^3 + 13Bc^3d^7 - 11Ac^3d^6e}{2e} + x \frac{(Ba^3e^6 + 9Ba^2cd^2e^7 + 2de^8x + e^9x^2)}{d^2e^7 + 2de^8x + e^9x^2}$$

$$- x \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{Ac^3}{e^3} - \frac{3Bc^3d}{e^4} \right) - \frac{3Bac^2}{e^3} + \frac{3Bc^3d^2}{e^5} \right)}{e} - \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{e^3} - \frac{3Bc^3d}{e^4} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{3Aac^2}{e^3} - \frac{Bc^3d^3}{e^6} \right)$$

$$- \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{Ac^3}{e^3} - \frac{3Bc^3d}{e^4} \right) - \frac{3Bac^2}{e^3} + \frac{3Bc^3d^2}{e^5} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{d^3 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{e^3} - \frac{3Bc^3d}{e^4} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{3Ba^2c}{e^3}$$

$$- x^3 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{Ac^3}{e^3} - \frac{3Bc^3d}{e^4} \right)}{e} - \frac{Bac^2}{e^3} + \frac{Bc^3d^2}{e^5} \right)$$

$$+ x^2 \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{Ac^3}{e^3} - \frac{3Bc^3d}{e^4} \right) - \frac{3Bac^2}{e^3} + \frac{3Bc^3d^2}{e^5} \right)}{2e} - \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{e^3} - \frac{3Bc^3d}{e^4} \right)}{2e^2} + \frac{3Aac^2}{2e^3} \right)$$

$$- \frac{Bc^3d^3}{2e^6}$$

$$\frac{\ln(d + ex) (9Ba^2cde^4 - 3Aa^2ce^5 + 30Ba^2c^2d^3e^2 - 18Aa^2c^2d^2e^3 + 21Bc^3d^5 - 15Ac^3d^4e)}{e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{Bc^3x^5}{5e^3}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & x^4 \left(\frac{A^3 c^3}{4e^3} - \frac{3B^3 c^3 d}{4e^4} \right) - \left(\frac{A^3 a^3 e^7 + 13B^3 c^3 d^7 + B^3 a^3 d e^6 - 11A^3 c^3 d^6 e - 21A^3 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^3 - 9A^3 a^2 c d^2 e^5 + 27B^3 a^2 c^2 d^5 e^2 + 15B^3 a^2 c d^3 e^4}{2e} + x(B^3 a^3 e^6 + 7B^3 c^3 d^6 - 6A^3 c^3 d^5 e - 12A^3 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^3 + 15B^3 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^2 + 9B^3 a^2 c d^2 e^4 - 6A^3 a^2 c d e^5) \right) / (d^2 e^7 + e^9 x^2 + 2d e^8 x) - x \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{A^3 c^3}{e^3} - \frac{3B^3 c^3 d}{e^4} \right)}{e} - \frac{3B^3 a^2 c^2}{e^3} + \frac{3B^3 c^3 d^2}{e^5} \right)}{e} - \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{A^3 c^3}{e^3} - \frac{3B^3 c^3 d}{e^4} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{3A^3 a^2 c^2}{e^3} - \frac{B^3 c^3 d^3}{e^6} \right)}{e} - \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{A^3 c^3}{e^3} - \frac{3B^3 c^3 d}{e^4} \right)}{e} - \frac{3B^3 a^2 c^2}{e^3} + \frac{3B^3 c^3 d^2}{e^5} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{d^3 \left(\frac{A^3 c^3}{e^3} - \frac{3B^3 c^3 d}{e^4} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{3B^3 a^2 c}{e^3} \right) - x^3 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{A^3 c^3}{e^3} - \frac{3B^3 c^3 d}{e^4} \right)}{e} - \frac{B^3 a^2 c^2}{e^3} + \frac{B^3 c^3 d^2}{e^5} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{A^3 c^3}{e^3} - \frac{3B^3 c^3 d}{e^4} \right)}{e} - \frac{3B^3 a^2 c^2}{e^3} + \frac{3B^3 c^3 d^2}{e^5} \right)}{2e} - \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{A^3 c^3}{e^3} - \frac{3B^3 c^3 d}{e^4} \right)}{2e^2} + \frac{3A^3 a^2 c^2}{2e^3} - \frac{B^3 c^3 d^3}{2e^6} \right) - (\log(d + e*x) * (21B^3 c^3 d^5 - 3A^3 a^2 c e^5 - 15A^3 c^3 d^4 e - 18A^3 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^3 + 30B^3 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^2 + 9B^3 a^2 c d e^4)) / e^8 + \frac{B^3 c^3 x^5}{5e^3} \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 785, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output

```
(60*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c*d**3*e**5 + 120*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**6*x +
60*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c*d*e**7*x**2 - 180*log(d + e*x)*a**2*b*c*d**4*e**4 -
360*log(d + e*x)*a**2*b*c*d**3*e**5*x - 180*log(d + e*x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*e*
*6*x**2 + 360*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**3 + 720*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**
2*d**4*e**4*x + 360*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**2 - 600*log(d + e*
x)*a*b*c**2*d**6*e**2 - 1200*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c**2*d**5*e**3*x - 600*log(d
+ e*x)*a*b*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**2 + 300*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**7*e + 600*log
(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**6*e**2*x + 300*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x**2 - 42
0*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**8 - 840*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**7*e*x - 420*log(d
+ e*x)*b*c**3*d**6*e**2*x**2 - 10*a**4*d*e**7 + 10*a**3*b*e**8*x**2 + 30*a
**3*c*d**3*e**5 - 60*a**3*c*d*e**7*x**2 - 90*a**2*b*c*d**4*e**4 + 180*a**2
*b*c*d**2*e**6*x**2 + 60*a**2*b*c*d*e**7*x**3 + 180*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**3 -
360*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**2 - 120*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**3 + 30*a**2*c**2
*d*e**7*x**4 - 300*a*b*c**2*d**6*e**2 + 600*a*b*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**2 + 200*
a*b*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**3 - 50*a*b*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**4 + 20*a*b*c**2*d*e**7*
x**5 + 150*a*c**3*d**7*e - 300*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x**2 - 100*a*c**3*d**4*e**
4*x**3 + 25*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**4 - 10*a*c**3*d**2*e**6*x**5 + 5*a*c**3*d*
e**7*x**6 - 210*b*c**3*d**8 + 420*b*c**3*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 140*b*c**3*d**5*
e**3*x**3 - 35*b*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**4 + 14*b*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**5 - 7*b*c**3
*d**2*e**6*x**6 + 4*b*c**3*d*e**7*x**7)/(20*d*e**8*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e...
```

3.71
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	614
Mathematica [A] (verified)	615
Rubi [A] (verified)	615
Maple [A] (verified)	617
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	617
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	618
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	619
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	620
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	621
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	622

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 310

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^4} dx = -\frac{c^2(20Bcd^3 - 10Acd^2e + 12aBde^2 - 3aAe^3)x}{e^7} + \frac{c^2(10Bcd^2 - 4Acde + 3aBe^2)x^2}{2e^6} - \frac{c^3(4Bd - Ae)x^3}{3e^5} + \frac{Bc^3x^4}{4e^4} + \frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^3}{3e^8(d+ex)^3} - \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(7Bcd^2 - 6Acde + aBe^2)}{2e^8(d+ex)^2} + \frac{3c(cd^2 + ae^2)(7Bcd^3 - 5Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)}{e^8(d+ex)} - \frac{c(4Acde(5cd^2 + 3ae^2) - B(35c^2d^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4)) \log(d+ex)}{e^8}$$

output

```
-c^2*(-3*A*a*e^3-10*A*c*d^2*e+12*B*a*d*e^2+20*B*c*d^3)*x/e^7+1/2*c^2*(-4*A*c*d*e+3*B*a*e^2+10*B*c*d^2)*x^2/e^6-1/3*c^3*(-A*e+4*B*d)*x^3/e^5+1/4*B*c^3*x^4/e^4+1/3*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^8/(e*x+d)^3-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(-6*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)/e^8/(e*x+d)^2+3*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-A*a*e^3-5*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+7*B*c*d^3)/e^8/(e*x+d)-c*(4*A*c*d*e*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)-B*(3*a^2*e^4+30*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4))*ln(e*x+d)/e^8
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{12c^2e(Ae(10cd^2 + 3ae^2) - 4B(5cd^3 + 3ade^2))x + 6c^2e^2(10Bcd^2 - 4Acde + 3aBe^2)x^2 + 4c^3e^3(-4Bd +$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^4,x]
```

output

```
(12*c^2*e*(A*e*(10*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - 4*B*(5*c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2))*x + 6*c^2
*e^2*(10*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + 3*a*B*e^2)*x^2 + 4*c^3*e^3*(-4*B*d + A*e)*x
^3 + 3*B*c^3*e^4*x^4 + (4*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^3 - (6*
(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(d + e*x)^2 + (36*c*(
c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3))/(d + e*x
) + 12*c*(-4*A*c*d*e*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) + B*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e^2
+ 3*a^2*e^4))*Log[d + e*x]]/(12*e^8)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 652$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{c(-3a^2Be^4 + 12aAcde^3 - 30aBcd^2e^2 + 20Ac^2d^3e - 35Bc^2d^4)}{e^7(d + ex)} - \frac{c^2x(-3aBe^2 + 4Acde - 10Bcd^2)}{e^6} + \frac{c^2}{e^6} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{c \log(d + ex) (4Acde(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) - B(3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4))}{2e^6} + \\
& \frac{c^2x^2(3aBe^2 - 4Acde + 10Bcd^2)}{2e^6} - \frac{c^2x \left(-3aAe^3 + 12aBde^2 - 10Acd^2e + 20Bcd^3 \right)}{e^8} - \\
& \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2 (aBe^2 - 6Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{2e^8(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3 (Bd - Ae)}{3e^8(d + ex)^3} + \\
& \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2) (-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 5Acd^2e + 7Bcd^3)}{e^8(d + ex)} - \frac{c^3x^3(4Bd - Ae)}{3e^5} + \frac{Bc^3x^4}{4e^4}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `-((c^2*(20*B*c*d^3 - 10*A*c*d^2*e + 12*a*B*d*e^2 - 3*a*A*e^3)*x)/e^7) + (c^2*(10*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + 3*a*B*e^2)*x^2)/(2*e^6) - (c^3*(4*B*d - A*e)*x^3)/(3*e^5) + (B*c^3*x^4)/(4*e^4) + ((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)/(3*e^8*(d + e*x)^3) - ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(2*e^8*(d + e*x)^2) + (3*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3))/(e^8*(d + e*x)) - (c*(4*A*c*d*e*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - B*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4))*Log[d + e*x])/e^8`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 431, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
norman	$\frac{-2A^3e^7+6A^2cd^2e^5+132Aac^2d^4e^3+220A^3d^6e+B^3de^6-33Ba^2cd^3e^4-330Bac^2d^5e^2-385Bc^3d^7-3(Aa^2ce^5+12Aac^2d^2e^3+2A^2c^3d^3e^2)}{6e^8}$
default	$\frac{c^2(\frac{1}{4}Bcx^4e^3+\frac{1}{3}Ax^3ce^3-\frac{4}{3}Bx^3cde^2-2Ax^2cde^2+\frac{3}{2}Bx^2ae^3+5Bx^2cd^2e+3Aae^3x+10Ac d^2ex-12Bad e^2x-20Bcd^3x)}{e^7}$
risch	$\frac{Bc^3x^4}{4e^4} + \frac{c^3Ax^3}{3e^4} - \frac{4c^3Bx^3d}{3e^5} - \frac{2c^3Ax^2d}{e^5} + \frac{3c^2Bx^2a}{2e^4} + \frac{5c^3Bx^2d^2}{e^6} + \frac{3c^2Aax}{e^4} + \frac{10c^3Ad^2x}{e^6} - \frac{12c^2Badx}{e^5} - \frac{20Bcd^3x}{e^7}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{432A \ln(ex+d)xa^2c^2d^3e^4-66Ba^2cd^3e^4+12Aa^2cd^2e^5+264Aac^2d^4e^3-4Ax^6c^3e^7-3Bx^7c^3e^7-420B \ln(ex+d)c^3d^7+6Bc^3d^7}{e^8}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (-1/6*(2*A*a^3*e^7+6*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5+132*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3+220*A*c^3*d^6*e+B \\ & *a^3*d*e^6-33*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4-330*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2-385*B*c^3*d^7)/e^8-3*(A* \\ & a^2*c*e^5+12*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3+20*A*c^3*d^4*e-3*B*a^2*c*d*e^4-30*B*a*c^2*d^3 \\ & *e^2-35*B*c^3*d^5)/e^6*x^2-1/2*(6*A*a^2*c*d*e^5+108*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3+180*A* \\ & c^3*d^5*e+B*a^3*e^6-27*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-270*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-315*B*c^3*d^6)/ \\ & e^7*x+1/4*B*c^3*x^7/e-1/4*c^2*(4*A*c*d*e-6*B*a*e^2-7*B*c*d^2)/e^3*x^5+1/4* \\ & c^2*(12*A*a*e^3+20*A*c*d^2*e-30*B*a*d*e^2-35*B*c*d^3)/e^4*x^4+1/12*c^3*(4* \\ & A*e-7*B*d)/e^2*x^6)/(e*x+d)^3-1/e^8*c*(12*A*a*c*d*e^3+20*A*c^2*d^3*e-3*B*a \\ & ^2*e^4-30*B*a*c*d^2*e^2-35*B*c^2*d^4)*\ln(e*x+d) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 732 vs. 2(300) = 600.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 732, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{3Bc^3e^7x^7+214Bc^3d^7-148Ac^3d^6e+282Bac^2d^5e^2-156Aac^2d^4e^3+66Ba^2cd^3e^4-12Aa^2cd^2e^5-2A^2c^3d^3e^2}{(d+ex)^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/12*(3*B*c^3*e^7*x^7 + 214*B*c^3*d^7 - 148*A*c^3*d^6*e + 282*B*a*c^2*d^5*
e^2 - 156*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 66*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 12*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 2*B*
a^3*d*e^6 - 4*A*a^3*e^7 - (7*B*c^3*d*e^6 - 4*A*c^3*e^7)*x^6 + 3*(7*B*c^3*d
^2*e^5 - 4*A*c^3*d*e^6 + 6*B*a*c^2*e^7)*x^5 - 3*(35*B*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 20*A*c
^3*d^2*e^5 + 30*B*a*c^2*d*e^6 - 12*A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 - 2*(278*B*c^3*d^4*e^3
- 146*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 189*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 54*A*a*c^2*d*e^6)*x^3 - 6*(68
*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 26*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 9*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 18*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5
- 18*B*a^2*c*d*e^6 + 6*A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 + 6*(37*B*c^3*d^6*e - 34*A*c^3*d^
5*e^2 + 81*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 54*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 27*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 6*A
*a^2*c*d*e^6 - B*a^3*e^7)*x + 12*(35*B*c^3*d^7 - 20*A*c^3*d^6*e + 30*B*a*c
^2*d^5*e^2 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + (35*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 -
20*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 30*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 12*A*a*c^2*d*e^6 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^7)*
x^3 + 3*(35*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 20*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 30*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 12*A*a
*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 3*B*a^2*c*d*e^6)*x^2 + 3*(35*B*c^3*d^6*e - 20*A*c^3*d^5*e^2
+ 30*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5)*x)*log(e*x
+ d))/(e^11*x^3 + 3*d*e^10*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^9*x + d^3*e^8)

```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 530, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^4} dx \\
&= \frac{Bc^3x^4}{4e^4} + \frac{c(-12Aacde^3 - 20Ac^2d^3e + 3Ba^2e^4 + 30Bacd^2e^2 + 35Bc^2d^4) \log(d + ex)}{e^8} \\
&+ x^3 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{3e^4} - \frac{4Bc^3d}{3e^5} \right) + x^2 \left(-\frac{2Ac^3d}{e^5} + \frac{3Bac^2}{2e^4} + \frac{5Bc^3d^2}{e^6} \right) \\
&+ x \left(\frac{3Aac^2}{e^4} + \frac{10Ac^3d^2}{e^6} - \frac{12Bac^2d}{e^5} - \frac{20Bc^3d^3}{e^7} \right) \\
&+ \frac{-2Aa^3e^7 - 6Aa^2cd^2e^5 - 78Aac^2d^4e^3 - 74Ac^3d^6e - Ba^3de^6 + 33Ba^2cd^3e^4 + 141Bac^2d^5e^2 + 107Bc^3d^7}{e^8}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**4, x)
```

output

```

B***3*x**4/(4*e**4) + c*(-12*A*a*c*d*e**3 - 20*A*c**2*d**3*e + 3*B*a**2*e
**4 + 30*B*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 35*B*c**2*d**4)*log(d + e*x)/e**8 + x**3*(A*c**
3/(3*e**4) - 4*B*c**3*d/(3*e**5)) + x**2*(-2*A*c**3*d/e**5 + 3*B*a*c**2/(2
*e**4) + 5*B*c**3*d**2/e**6) + x*(3*A*a*c**2/e**4 + 10*A*c**3*d**2/e**6 -
12*B*a*c**2*d/e**5 - 20*B*c**3*d**3/e**7) + (-2*A*a**3*e**7 - 6*A*a**2*c*d
**2*e**5 - 78*A*a*c**2*d**4*e**3 - 74*A*c**3*d**6*e - B*a**3*d*e**6 + 33*B
*a**2*c*d**3*e**4 + 141*B*a*c**2*d**5*e**2 + 107*B*c**3*d**7 + x**2*(-18*A
*a**2*c*e**7 - 108*A*a*c**2*d**2*e**5 - 90*A*c**3*d**4*e**3 + 54*B*a**2*c*
d*e**6 + 180*B*a*c**2*d**3*e**4 + 126*B*c**3*d**5*e**2) + x*(-18*A*a**2*c*
d*e**6 - 180*A*a*c**2*d**3*e**4 - 162*A*c**3*d**5*e**2 - 3*B*a**3*e**7 + 8
1*B*a**2*c*d**2*e**5 + 315*B*a*c**2*d**4*e**3 + 231*B*c**3*d**6*e))/(6*d**
3*e**8 + 18*d**2*e**9*x + 18*d*e**10*x**2 + 6*e**11*x**3)

```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 478, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{107 Bc^3 d^7 - 74 Ac^3 d^6 e + 141 Bac^2 d^5 e^2 - 78 Aac^2 d^4 e^3 + 33 Ba^2 cd^3 e^4 - 6 Aa^2 cd^2 e^5 - Ba^3 de^6 - 2 Aa^3 e^7}{e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{3 Bc^3 e^3 x^4 - 4(4 Bc^3 de^2 - Ac^3 e^3)x^3 + 6(10 Bc^3 d^2 e - 4 Ac^3 de^2 + 3 Bac^2 e^3)x^2 - 12(20 Bc^3 d^3 - 10 Acd^2 e^2 + 3 Ba^2 cd^3)}{e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{(35 Bc^3 d^4 - 20 Ac^3 d^3 e + 30 Bac^2 d^2 e^2 - 12 Aac^2 de^3 + 3 Ba^2 ce^4) \log(ex + d)}{e^8}$$

input

```

integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")

```

output

$$\frac{1}{6}*(107*B*c^3*d^7 - 74*A*c^3*d^6*e + 141*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 78*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 33*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 6*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - B*a^3*d*e^6 - 2*A*a^3*e^7 + 18*(7*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 5*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 10*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 3*B*a^2*c*d*e^6 - A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 + 3*(77*B*c^3*d^6*e - 54*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 105*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 60*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 27*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 6*A*a^2*c*d*e^6 - B*a^3*e^7)*x)/(e^11*x^3 + 3*d*e^10*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^9*x + d^3*e^8) + \frac{1}{12}*(3*B*c^3*e^3*x^4 - 4*(4*B*c^3*d*e^2 - A*c^3*e^3)*x^3 + 6*(10*B*c^3*d^2*e - 4*A*c^3*d*e^2 + 3*B*a*c^2*e^3)*x^2 - 12*(20*B*c^3*d^3 - 10*A*c^3*d^2*e + 12*B*a*c^2*d*e^2 - 3*A*a*c^2*e^3)*x)/e^7 + (35*B*c^3*d^4 - 20*A*c^3*d^3*e + 30*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 12*A*a*c^2*d*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^4)*\log(e*x + d)/e^8$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 464, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{(35 Bc^3d^4 - 20 Ac^3d^3e + 30 Bac^2d^2e^2 - 12 Aac^2de^3 + 3 Ba^2ce^4) \log(|ex + d|) + \frac{e^8}{12} (107 Bc^3d^7 - 74 Ac^3d^6e + 141 Bac^2d^5e^2 - 78 Aac^2d^4e^3 + 33 Ba^2cd^3e^4 - 6 Aa^2cd^2e^5 - Ba^3de^6 - 2 Aa^3e^7) + \frac{3 Bc^3e^{12}x^4 - 16 Bc^3de^{11}x^3 + 4 Ac^3e^{12}x^3 + 60 Bc^3d^2e^{10}x^2 - 24 Ac^3de^{11}x^2 + 18 Bac^2e^{12}x^2 - 240 Bc^3d^3e^9x + 120 Aac^3d^2e^{10}x - 144 Baa^2c^2d^2e^{11}x + 36 Aaa^2c^2e^{12}x)}{12 e^{16}}}{12 e^{16}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$(35*B*c^3*d^4 - 20*A*c^3*d^3*e + 30*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 12*A*a*c^2*d*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^4)*\log(\text{abs}(e*x + d))/e^8 + \frac{1}{6}*(107*B*c^3*d^7 - 74*A*c^3*d^6*e + 141*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 78*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 33*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 6*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - B*a^3*d*e^6 - 2*A*a^3*e^7 + 18*(7*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 5*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 10*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 3*B*a^2*c*d*e^6 - A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 + 3*(77*B*c^3*d^6*e - 54*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 105*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 60*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 27*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 6*A*a^2*c*d*e^6 - B*a^3*e^7)*x)/((e*x + d)^3*e^8) + \frac{1}{12}*(3*B*c^3*e^3*x^4 - 16*B*c^3*d*e^11*x^3 + 4*A*c^3*e^12*x^3 + 60*B*c^3*d^2*e^10*x^2 - 24*A*c^3*d*e^11*x^2 + 18*B*a*c^2*e^12*x^2 - 240*B*c^3*d^3*e^9*x + 120*A*c^3*d^2*e^10*x - 144*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^11*x + 36*A*a*c^2*e^12*x)/e^{16}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 548, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^4} dx = x^3 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{3e^4} - \frac{4Bc^3d}{3e^5} \right) \frac{Ba^3de^6 + 2Aa^3e^7 - 33Ba^2cd^3e^4 + 6Aa^2cd^2e^5 - 141Ba^2c^2d^5e^2 + 78Aa^2c^2d^4e^3 - 107Bc^3d^7 + 74Ac^3d^6e}{6e} + x^2 (-9Ba^2cde^5 -$$

$$+ x \left(\frac{4d \left(\frac{4d \left(\frac{Ac^3}{e^4} - \frac{4Bc^3d}{e^5} \right) - \frac{3Ba^2c^2}{e^4} + \frac{6Bc^3d^2}{e^6} \right)}{e} - \frac{6d^2 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{e^4} - \frac{4Bc^3d}{e^5} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{3Aa^2c^2}{e^4} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{4Bc^3d^3}{e^7} \right) - x^2 \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{Ac^3}{e^4} - \frac{4Bc^3d}{e^5} \right)}{e} - \frac{3Ba^2c^2}{2e^4} + \frac{3Bc^3d^2}{e^6} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(d + ex) (3Ba^2ce^4 + 30Ba^2c^2d^2e^2 - 12Aa^2c^2de^3 + 35Bc^3d^4 - 20Ac^3d^3e)}{e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{Bc^3x^4}{4e^4}$$

input

```
int(((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^4,x)
```

output

```
x^3*((A*c^3)/(3*e^4) - (4*B*c^3*d)/(3*e^5)) - ((2*A*a^3*e^7 - 107*B*c^3*d^7 + B*a^3*d*e^6 + 74*A*c^3*d^6*e + 78*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 6*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 141*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 33*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4)/(6*e) + x^2*(3*A*a^2*c*e^6 - 21*B*c^3*d^5*e + 15*A*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 18*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 30*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 9*B*a^2*c*d*e^5) + x*((B*a^3*e^6)/2 - (77*B*c^3*d^6)/2 + 27*A*c^3*d^5*e + 30*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - (105*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2)/2 - (27*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/2 + 3*A*a^2*c*d*e^5)/(d^3*e^7 + e^10*x^3 + 3*d^2*e^8*x + 3*d*e^9*x^2) + x*((4*d*((4*d*((A*c^3)/e^4 - (4*B*c^3*d)/e^5))/e - (3*B*a*c^2)/e^4 + (6*B*c^3*d^2)/e^6))/e - (6*d^2*((A*c^3)/e^4 - (4*B*c^3*d)/e^5))/e^2 + (3*A*a*c^2)/e^4 - (4*B*c^3*d^3)/e^7 - x^2*((2*d*((A*c^3)/e^4 - (4*B*c^3*d)/e^5))/e - (3*B*a*c^2)/(2*e^4) + (3*B*c^3*d^2)/e^6) + (log(d + e*x)*(35*B*c^3*d^4 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^4 - 20*A*c^3*d^3*e + 30*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 12*A*a*c^2*d*e^3))/e^8 + (B*c^3*x^4)/(4*e^4)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 833, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

output

```
(36*log(d + e*x)*a**2*b*c*d**4*e**4 + 108*log(d + e*x)*a**2*b*c*d**3*e**5*x + 108*log(d + e*x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*e**6*x**2 + 36*log(d + e*x)*a**2*b*c*d*e**7*x**3 - 144*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**3 - 432*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4*x - 432*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**2 - 144*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**3 + 360*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c**2*d**6*e**2 + 1080*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c**2*d**5*e**3*x + 1080*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**2 + 360*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**3 - 240*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**7*e - 720*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**6*e**2*x - 720*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x**2 - 240*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**3 + 420*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**8 + 1260*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**7*e*x + 1260*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 420*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**5*e**3*x**3 - 4*a**4*d*e**7 - 2*a**3*b*d**2*e**6 - 6*a**3*b*d*e**7*x + 12*a**3*c*e**8*x**3 + 30*a**2*b*c*d**4*e**4 + 54*a**2*b*c*d**3*e**5*x - 36*a**2*b*c*d*e**7*x**3 - 120*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**3 - 216*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4*x + 144*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**3 + 36*a**2*c**2*d*e**7*x**4 + 300*a*b*c**2*d**6*e**2 + 540*a*b*c**2*d**5*e**3*x - 360*a*b*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**3 - 90*a*b*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**4 + 18*a*b*c**2*d*e**7*x**5 - 200*a*c**3*d**7*e - 360*a*c**3*d**6*e**2*x + 240*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**3 + 60*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**4 - 12*a*c**3*d**2*e**6*x**5 + 4*a*c**3*d*e**7*x**6 + 350*b*c**3*d**8 + 630*b*c**3*d**7*e*x - 420*b*c**3*d**5*e**3*x**3 - 105*b*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**4 + 21*b*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**5 - 7*b...
```

$$3.72 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^5} dx$$

Optimal result	623
Mathematica [A] (verified)	624
Rubi [A] (verified)	624
Maple [A] (verified)	626
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	626
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	627
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	628
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	629
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	630
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	630

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 314

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^5} dx = -\frac{c^2(5Acde-3B(5cd^2+ae^2))x}{e^7} - \frac{c^3(5Bd-Ae)x^2}{2e^6} + \frac{Bc^3x^3}{3e^5} + \frac{(Bd-Ae)(cd^2+ae^2)^3}{4e^8(d+ex)^4} - \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)^2(7Bcd^2-6Acde+aBe^2)}{3e^8(d+ex)^3} + \frac{3c(cd^2+ae^2)(7Bcd^3-5Ac d^2e+3aBde^2-aAe^3)}{2e^8(d+ex)^2} + \frac{c(4Acde(5cd^2+3ae^2)-B(35c^2d^4+30acd^2e^2+3a^2e^4))}{e^8(d+ex)} - \frac{c^2(35Bcd^3-15Ac d^2e+15aBde^2-3aAe^3)\log(d+ex)}{e^8}$$

output

```
-c^2*(5*A*c*d*e-3*B*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2))*x/e^7-1/2*c^3*(-A*e+5*B*d)*x^2/e^6+1/3*B*c^3*x^3/e^5+1/4*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^8/(e*x+d)^4-1/3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(-6*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)/e^8/(e*x+d)^3+3/2*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-A*a*e^3-5*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+7*B*c*d^3)/e^8/(e*x+d)^2+c*(4*A*c*d*e*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)-B*(3*a^2*e^4+30*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4))/e^8/(e*x+d)-c^2*(-3*A*a*e^3-15*A*c*d^2*e+15*B*a*d*e^2+35*B*c*d^3)*ln(e*x+d)/e^8
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{3Ae(-a^3e^6 - a^2ce^4(d^2 + 4dex + 6e^2x^2) + ac^2de^2(25d^3 + 88d^2ex + 108de^2x^2 + 48e^3x^3) + c^3(57d^6 + 168$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^5,x]
```

output

```
(3*A*e*(-(a^3*e^6) - a^2*c*e^4*(d^2 + 4*d*e*x + 6*e^2*x^2) + a*c^2*d*e^2*(25*d^3 + 88*d^2*e*x + 108*d*e^2*x^2 + 48*e^3*x^3) + c^3*(57*d^6 + 168*d^5*e*x + 132*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 32*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 68*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 12*d*e^5*x^5 + 2*e^6*x^6)) - B*(a^3*e^6*(d + 4*e*x) + 9*a^2*c*e^4*(d^3 + 4*d^2*e*x + 6*d*e^2*x^2 + 4*e^3*x^3) + 3*a*c^2*e^2*(77*d^5 + 248*d^4*e*x + 252*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 48*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 48*d*e^4*x^4 - 12*e^5*x^5) + c^3*(319*d^7 + 856*d^6*e*x + 444*d^5*e^2*x^2 - 544*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 556*d^3*e^4*x^4 - 84*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 14*d*e^6*x^6 - 4*e^7*x^7)) + 12*c^2*(3*A*e*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2) - 5*B*(7*c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2))*(d + e*x)^4*Log[d + e*x])/(12*e^8*(d + e*x)^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 652$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{c(-3a^2Be^4 + 12aAcde^3 - 30aBcd^2e^2 + 20Ac^2d^3e - 35Bc^2d^4)}{e^7(d + ex)^2} - \frac{c^2(-3aBe^2 + 5Acde - 15Bcd^2)}{e^7} + \frac{c^2(3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \frac{c(4Acde(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) - B(3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4))}{e^8(d+ex)} - \frac{c^2x(5Acde - 3B(ae^2 + 5cd^2))}{e^7} - \\
 & \frac{c^2 \log(d+ex)(-3aAe^3 + 15aBde^2 - 15Acd^2e + 35Bcd^3)}{e^8} - \\
 & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(aBe^2 - 6Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{3e^8(d+ex)^3} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3(Bd - Ae)}{4e^8(d+ex)^4} + \\
 & \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 5Acd^2e + 7Bcd^3)}{2e^8(d+ex)^2} - \frac{c^3x^2(5Bd - Ae)}{2e^6} + \frac{Bc^3x^3}{3e^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^5, x]`

output `-((c^2*(5*A*c*d*e - 3*B*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2))*x)/e^7) - (c^3*(5*B*d - A*e)*x^2)/(2*e^6) + (B*c^3*x^3)/(3*e^5) + ((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)/(4*e^8*(d + e*x)^4) - ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(3*e^8*(d + e*x)^3) + (3*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3))/(2*e^8*(d + e*x)^2) + (c*(4*A*c*d*e*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - B*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)))/(e^8*(d + e*x)) - (c^2*(35*B*c*d^3 - 15*A*c*d^2*e + 15*a*B*d*e^2 - 3*a*A*e^3)*Log[d + e*x])/e^8`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 432, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
default	$\frac{c^2(-\frac{1}{3}Bcx^3e^2 - \frac{1}{2}Ace^2x^2 + \frac{5}{2}Bcde x^2 + 5Acde x - 3Ba e^2x - 15Bc d^2x)}{e^7} - \frac{-6Aa^2cd e^5 - 12Aac^2d^3e^3 - 6Ac^3d^5e + Ba^3e^6}{3e^8(ex+d)}$
norman	$\frac{(12Aac^2de^3 + 60Ac^3d^3e - 3Be^4a^2c - 60Bac^2d^2e^2 - 140Bc^3d^4)x^3}{e^5} - \frac{3Aa^3e^7 + 3Aa^2cd^2e^5 - 75Aac^2d^4e^3 - 375Ac^3d^6e + Ba^3de^6 + 9Ba^2d^3e^4}{12e^8}$
risch	$\frac{Bc^3x^3}{3e^5} + \frac{c^3Ax^2}{2e^5} - \frac{5c^3Bdx^2}{2e^6} - \frac{5c^3Adx}{e^6} + \frac{3c^2Bax}{e^5} + \frac{15c^3Bd^2x}{e^7} + \frac{(12Aac^2de^5 + 20Ac^3d^3e^3 - 3Ba^2ce^6 - 30Ba^3de^4)}{e^8}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{144A \ln(ex+d)xa c^2d^3e^4 - 9Ba^2cd^3e^4 - 3Aa^2cd^2e^5 + 75Aac^2d^4e^3 + 6Ax^6c^3e^7 + 4Bx^7c^3e^7 - 420B \ln(ex+d)c^3d^7 - 4Bxa^3e^7}{e^8}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -c^2/e^7*(-1/3*B*c*x^3*e^2-1/2*A*c*e^2*x^2+5/2*B*c*d*e*x^2+5*A*c*d*e*x-3*B
*a*e^2*x-15*B*c*d^2*x)-1/3*(-6*A*a^2*c*d*e^5-12*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3-6*A*c^3*d^
5*e+B*a^3*e^6+9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+15*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+7*B*c^3*d^6)/e^8/(e*x+d
)^3-1/4*(A*a^3*e^7+3*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5+3*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3+A*c^3*d^6*e-B*a^3*d
*e^6-3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4-3*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2-B*c^3*d^7)/e^8/(e*x+d)^4+c^2/e^8*
(3*A*a*e^3+15*A*c*d^2*e-15*B*a*d*e^2-35*B*c*d^3)*ln(e*x+d)+1/e^8*c*(12*A*a
*c*d*e^3+20*A*c^2*d^3*e-3*B*a^2*e^4-30*B*a*c*d^2*e^2-35*B*c^2*d^4)/(e*x+d)
-3/2*c/e^8*(A*a^2*e^5+6*A*a*c*d^2*e^3+5*A*c^2*d^4*e-3*B*a^2*d*e^4-10*B*a*c
*d^3*e^2-7*B*c^2*d^5)/(e*x+d)^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 746 vs. 2(304) = 608.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 746, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{4Bc^3e^7x^7 - 319Bc^3d^7 + 171Ac^3d^6e - 231Bac^2d^5e^2 + 75Aac^2d^4e^3 - 9Ba^2cd^3e^4 - 3Aa^2cd^2e^5 - Ba^3d^3}{e^8}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/12*(4*B*c^3*e^7*x^7 - 319*B*c^3*d^7 + 171*A*c^3*d^6*e - 231*B*a*c^2*d^5*
e^2 + 75*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 9*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 3*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - B*a^3*d
*e^6 - 3*A*a^3*e^7 - 2*(7*B*c^3*d*e^6 - 3*A*c^3*e^7)*x^6 + 12*(7*B*c^3*d^2
*e^5 - 3*A*c^3*d*e^6 + 3*B*a*c^2*e^7)*x^5 + 4*(139*B*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 51*A*c^
3*d^2*e^5 + 36*B*a*c^2*d*e^6)*x^4 + 4*(136*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 24*A*c^3*d^3*e^
4 - 36*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 36*A*a*c^2*d*e^6 - 9*B*a^2*c*e^7)*x^3 - 6*(74*B*c
^3*d^5*e^2 - 66*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 126*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 54*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 +
9*B*a^2*c*d*e^6 + 3*A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 - 4*(214*B*c^3*d^6*e - 126*A*c^3*d^5
*e^2 + 186*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 66*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 3*A*
a^2*c*d*e^6 + B*a^3*e^7)*x - 12*(35*B*c^3*d^7 - 15*A*c^3*d^6*e + 15*B*a*c^
2*d^5*e^2 - 3*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + (35*B*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 15*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 15*
B*a*c^2*d*e^6 - 3*A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 4*(35*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 15*A*c^3*d^3*e^
4 + 15*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 3*A*a*c^2*d*e^6)*x^3 + 6*(35*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 15*A
*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 15*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 3*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^2 + 4*(35*B*c^3*d
^6*e - 15*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 15*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 3*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4)*x)*log(e
*x + d))/(e^12*x^4 + 4*d*e^11*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^10*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^9*x + d^4*e^8
)

```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 32.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 537, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx \\
 &= \frac{Bc^3x^3}{3e^5} - \frac{c^2(-3Aae^3 - 15Acd^2e + 15Bade^2 + 35Bcd^3) \log(d + ex)}{e^8} \\
 &+ x^2 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{2e^5} - \frac{5Bc^3d}{2e^6} \right) + x \left(-\frac{5Ac^3d}{e^6} + \frac{3Bac^2}{e^5} + \frac{15Bc^3d^2}{e^7} \right) \\
 &+ \frac{-3Aa^3e^7 - 3Aa^2cd^2e^5 + 75Aac^2d^4e^3 + 171Ac^3d^6e - Ba^3de^6 - 9Ba^2cd^3e^4 - 231Bac^2d^5e^2 - 319Bc^3d^4e}{e^8}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**5,x)
```

output

```

B*c**3*x**3/(3*e**5) - c**2*(-3*A*a*e**3 - 15*A*c*d**2*e + 15*B*a*d*e**2 +
35*B*c*d**3)*log(d + e*x)/e**8 + x**2*(A*c**3/(2*e**5) - 5*B*c**3*d/(2*e
*6)) + x*(-5*A*c**3*d/e**6 + 3*B*a*c**2/e**5 + 15*B*c**3*d**2/e**7) + (-3*
A*a**3*e**7 - 3*A*a**2*c*d**2*e**5 + 75*A*a*c**2*d**4*e**3 + 171*A*c**3*d*
*6*e - B*a**3*d*e**6 - 9*B*a**2*c*d**3*e**4 - 231*B*a*c**2*d**5*e**2 - 319
*B*c**3*d**7 + x**3*(144*A*a*c**2*d*e**6 + 240*A*c**3*d**3*e**4 - 36*B*a**
2*c*e**7 - 360*B*a*c**2*d**2*e**5 - 420*B*c**3*d**4*e**3) + x**2*(-18*A*a*
*2*c*e**7 + 324*A*a*c**2*d**2*e**5 + 630*A*c**3*d**4*e**3 - 54*B*a**2*c*d*
e**6 - 900*B*a*c**2*d**3*e**4 - 1134*B*c**3*d**5*e**2) + x*(-12*A*a**2*c*d
e**6 + 264*A*a*c**2*d**3*e**4 + 564*A*c**3*d**5*e**2 - 4*B*a**3*e**7 - 36
*B*a**2*c*d**2*e**5 - 780*B*a*c**2*d**4*e**3 - 1036*B*c**3*d**6*e))/(12*d*
*4*e**8 + 48*d**3*e**9*x + 72*d**2*e**10*x**2 + 48*d*e**11*x**3 + 12*e**12
*x**4)

```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 487, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx =$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{319 Bc^3 d^7 - 171 Ac^3 d^6 e + 231 Bac^2 d^5 e^2 - 75 Aac^2 d^4 e^3 + 9 Ba^2 cd^3 e^4 + 3 Aa^2 cd^2 e^5 + Ba^3 de^6 + 3 Aa^3}{e^8} \\
& + \frac{2 Bc^3 e^2 x^3 - 3(5 Bc^3 de - Ac^3 e^2)x^2 + 6(15 Bc^3 d^2 - 5 Ac^3 de + 3 Bac^2 e^2)x}{6 e^7} \\
& - \frac{(35 Bc^3 d^3 - 15 Ac^3 d^2 e + 15 Bac^2 de^2 - 3 Aac^2 e^3) \log(ex + d)}{e^8}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```

integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")

```

output

```
-1/12*(319*B*c^3*d^7 - 171*A*c^3*d^6*e + 231*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 75*A*a*c^2*
d^4*e^3 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 3*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + B*a^3*d*e^6 + 3*A*a^3*e^
7 + 12*(35*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 20*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 30*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 12*A*a*
c^2*d*e^6 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^7)*x^3 + 18*(63*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 35*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 +
50*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 18*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 3*B*a^2*c*d*e^6 + A*a^2*c*e^7)*
x^2 + 4*(259*B*c^3*d^6*e - 141*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 195*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 66*A*
a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 3*A*a^2*c*d*e^6 + B*a^3*e^7)*x)/(e^12*
x^4 + 4*d*e^11*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^10*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^9*x + d^4*e^8) + 1/6*(2*B*c^
3*e^2*x^3 - 3*(5*B*c^3*d*e - A*c^3*e^2)*x^2 + 6*(15*B*c^3*d^2 - 5*A*c^3*d*
e + 3*B*a*c^2*e^2)*x)/e^7 - (35*B*c^3*d^3 - 15*A*c^3*d^2*e + 15*B*a*c^2*d*
e^2 - 3*A*a*c^2*e^3)*log(e*x + d)/e^8
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 653 vs. $2(304) = 608$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 653, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/6*(2*B*c^3 - 3*(7*B*c^3*d*e - A*c^3*e^2)/((e*x + d)*e) + 18*(7*B*c^3*d^2
*e^2 - 2*A*c^3*d*e^3 + B*a*c^2*e^4)/((e*x + d)^2*e^2))*(e*x + d)^3/e^8 + (
35*B*c^3*d^3 - 15*A*c^3*d^2*e + 15*B*a*c^2*d*e^2 - 3*A*a*c^2*e^3)*log(abs(
e*x + d)/((e*x + d)^2*abs(e)))/e^8 - 1/12*(420*B*c^3*d^4*e^36/(e*x + d) -
126*B*c^3*d^5*e^36/(e*x + d)^2 + 28*B*c^3*d^6*e^36/(e*x + d)^3 - 3*B*c^3*d
^7*e^36/(e*x + d)^4 - 240*A*c^3*d^3*e^37/(e*x + d) + 90*A*c^3*d^4*e^37/(e*
x + d)^2 - 24*A*c^3*d^5*e^37/(e*x + d)^3 + 3*A*c^3*d^6*e^37/(e*x + d)^4 +
360*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^38/(e*x + d) - 180*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^38/(e*x + d)^2 + 60*B*a
*c^2*d^4*e^38/(e*x + d)^3 - 9*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^38/(e*x + d)^4 - 144*A*a*c^2*d
*e^39/(e*x + d) + 108*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^39/(e*x + d)^2 - 48*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^39/(
e*x + d)^3 + 9*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^39/(e*x + d)^4 + 36*B*a^2*c*e^40/(e*x + d) -
54*B*a^2*c*d*e^40/(e*x + d)^2 + 36*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^40/(e*x + d)^3 - 9*B*a^2*
c*d^3*e^40/(e*x + d)^4 + 18*A*a^2*c*e^41/(e*x + d)^2 - 24*A*a^2*c*d*e^41/(
e*x + d)^3 + 9*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^41/(e*x + d)^4 + 4*B*a^3*e^42/(e*x + d)^3 - 3
*B*a^3*d*e^42/(e*x + d)^4 + 3*A*a^3*e^43/(e*x + d)^4)/e^44
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 501, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$= x^2 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{2e^5} - \frac{5Bc^3d}{2e^6} \right) - x \left(\frac{5d \left(\frac{Ac^3}{e^5} - \frac{5Bc^3d}{e^6} \right)}{e} - \frac{3Bac^2}{e^5} + \frac{10Bc^3d^2}{e^7} \right)$$

$$- \frac{Ba^3de^6 + 3Aa^3e^7 + 9Ba^2cd^3e^4 + 3Aa^2cd^2e^5 + 231Ba^2c^2d^5e^2 - 75Aac^2d^4e^3 + 319Bc^3d^7 - 171Ac^3d^6e}{12e} + x^2 \left(\frac{9Ba^2cde^5}{2} + 3A \right)$$

$$- \frac{\ln(d + ex) (35Bc^3d^3 - 15Ac^3d^2e + 15Bac^2de^2 - 3Aac^2e^3)}{e^8} + \frac{Bc^3x^3}{3e^5}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^5,x)`output
$$x^2 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{2e^5} - \frac{5Bc^3d}{2e^6} \right) - x \left(\frac{5d \left(\frac{Ac^3}{e^5} - \frac{5Bc^3d}{e^6} \right)}{e} - \frac{3Bac^2}{e^5} + \frac{10Bc^3d^2}{e^7} \right) - \frac{(3Aa^3e^7 + 319Bc^3d^7 + Ba^3d^6e - 171Ac^3d^6e - 75Aa^2c^2d^4e^3 + 3Aa^2c^2d^2e^5 + 231Ba^2c^2d^5e^2 + 9Ba^2cd^3e^4)/(12e)}{12e} + x^2 \left(\frac{3Aa^2c^2e^6}{2} + \frac{189Bc^3d^5e}{2} - \frac{(105Ac^3d^4e^2)}{2} - \frac{27Aa^2c^2d^2e^4 + 75Bac^2d^3e^3 + (9Ba^2cd^5e)}{2} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{3Bac^2e^6 - 20Ac^3d^3e^3 + 35Bc^3d^4e^2 + 30Bac^2d^2e^4 - 12Aa^2c^2d^2e^5}{3} + \frac{(259Bc^3d^6)}{3} - \frac{47Ac^3d^5e - 22Aa^2c^2d^3e^3 + 65Bac^2d^4e^2 + 3Ba^2cd^2e^4 + Aa^2cd^2e^5}{d^4e^7 + e^{11}x^4 + 4d^3e^8x + 4d^2e^{10}x^3 + 6d^2e^9x^2} \right) - \frac{\ln(d + ex) (35Bc^3d^3 - 3Aa^2c^2e^3 - 15Ac^3d^2e + 15Bac^2d^2e^2)}{e^8} + \frac{Bc^3x^3}{3e^5}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 846, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^5,x)`

output

```
(36*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**3 + 144*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**
4*x + 216*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**2 + 144*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*
**2*d**2*e**6*x**3 + 36*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d*e**7*x**4 - 180*log(d + e*
x)*a*b*c**2*d**6*e**2 - 720*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c**2*d**5*e**3*x - 1080*log(d
+ e*x)*a*b*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**2 - 720*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**3
- 180*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**4 + 180*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**7
*e + 720*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**6*e**2*x + 1080*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e
**3*x**2 + 720*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**3 + 180*log(d + e*x)*a*c**
3*d**3*e**5*x**4 - 420*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**8 - 1680*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3
*d**7*e*x - 2520*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**6*e**2*x**2 - 1680*log(d + e*x)*b*
c**3*d**5*e**3*x**3 - 420*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**4 - 3*a**4*d*e*
*7 - a**3*b*d**2*e**6 - 4*a**3*b*d*e**7*x - 3*a**3*c*d**3*e**5 - 12*a**3*c
*d**2*e**6*x - 18*a**3*c*d*e**7*x**2 + 9*a**2*b*c*e**8*x**4 + 39*a**2*c**2
*d**5*e**3 + 120*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4*x + 108*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**2 - 36
*a**2*c**2*d*e**7*x**4 - 195*a*b*c**2*d**6*e**2 - 600*a*b*c**2*d**5*e**3*x
- 540*a*b*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**2 + 180*a*b*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**4 + 36*a*b*c**2
*d*e**7*x**5 + 195*a*c**3*d**7*e + 600*a*c**3*d**6*e**2*x + 540*a*c**3*d**
5*e**3*x**2 - 180*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**4 - 36*a*c**3*d**2*e**6*x**5 + 6*a*c
**3*d*e**7*x**6 - 455*b*c**3*d**8 - 1400*b*c**3*d**7*e*x - 1260*b*c**3*d**
6*e**2*x**2 + 420*b*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**4 + 84*b*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**5 - 14...
```


3.73 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^6} dx$

Optimal result	632
Mathematica [A] (verified)	633
Rubi [A] (verified)	633
Maple [A] (verified)	635
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	635
Sympy [F(-1)]	636
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	636
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	637
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	638
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	639

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 313

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^6} dx = -\frac{c^3(6Bd-Ae)x}{e^7} + \frac{Bc^3x^2}{2e^6} + \frac{(Bd-Ae)(cd^2+ae^2)^3}{5e^8(d+ex)^5} - \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)^2(7Bcd^2-6Acde+aBe^2)}{4e^8(d+ex)^4} + \frac{c(cd^2+ae^2)(7Bcd^3-5Acd^2e+3aBde^2-aAe^3)}{e^8(d+ex)^3} + \frac{c(4Acde(5cd^2+3ae^2)-B(35c^2d^4+30acd^2e^2+3a^2e^4))}{2e^8(d+ex)^2} + \frac{c^2(35Bcd^3-15Acd^2e+15aBde^2-3aAe^3)}{e^8(d+ex)} + \frac{3c^2(7Bcd^2-2Acde+aBe^2)\log(d+ex)}{e^8}$$

output

```
-c^3*(-A*e+6*B*d)*x/e^7+1/2*B*c^3*x^2/e^6+1/5*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^8/(e*x+d)^5-1/4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(-6*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)/e^8/(e*x+d)^4+c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-A*a*e^3-5*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+7*B*c*d^3)/e^8/(e*x+d)^3+1/2*c*(4*A*c*d*e*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)-B*(3*a^2*e^4+30*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4))/e^8/(e*x+d)^2+c^2*(-3*A*a*e^3-15*A*c*d^2*e+15*B*a*d*e^2+35*B*c*d^3)/e^8/(e*x+d)+3*c^2*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^8
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2Ae(2a^3e^6 + a^2ce^4(d^2 + 5dex + 10e^2x^2)) + 6ac^2e^2(d^4 + 5d^3ex + 10d^2e^2x^2 + 10de^3x^3 + 5e^4x^4) + c^3(87d^6 + 375d^5ex + 600d^4e^2x^2 + 400d^3e^3x^3 + 50d^2e^4x^4 - 50de^5x^5 - 10e^6x^6)) + B(-a^3e^6(d + 5ex) - 3a^2ce^4(d^3 + 5d^2ex + 10de^2x^2 + 10e^3x^3) + ac^2de^2(137d^4 + 625d^3ex + 1100d^2e^2x^2 + 900de^3x^3 + 300e^4x^4) + c^3(459d^7 + 1875d^6ex + 2700d^5e^2x^2 + 1300d^4e^3x^3 - 400d^3e^4x^4 - 500d^2e^5x^5 - 70de^6x^6 + 10e^7x^7)) + 60c^2(7Bcd^2 - 2Acd + aBc^2)(d + ex)^5 \operatorname{Log}[d + ex]}{(20e^8(d + ex)^5)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^6,x]
```

output

```
(-2*A*e*(2*a^3*e^6 + a^2*c*e^4*(d^2 + 5*d*e*x + 10*e^2*x^2) + 6*a*c^2*e^2*(d^4 + 5*d^3*e*x + 10*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 10*d*e^3*x^3 + 5*e^4*x^4) + c^3*(87*d^6 + 375*d^5*e*x + 600*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 400*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 50*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 50*d*e^5*x^5 - 10*e^6*x^6)) + B*(-(a^3*e^6*(d + 5*e*x)) - 3*a^2*c*e^4*(d^3 + 5*d^2*e*x + 10*d*e^2*x^2 + 10*e^3*x^3) + a*c^2*d*e^2*(137*d^4 + 625*d^3*e*x + 1100*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 900*d*e^3*x^3 + 300*e^4*x^4) + c^3*(459*d^7 + 1875*d^6*e*x + 2700*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 1300*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 400*d^3*e^4*x^4 - 500*d^2*e^5*x^5 - 70*d*e^6*x^6 + 10*e^7*x^7)) + 60*c^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*c^2)*(d + e*x)^5*Log[d + e*x])/(20*e^8*(d + e*x)^5)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{c(-3a^2Be^4 + 12aAcde^3 - 30aBcd^2e^2 + 20Ac^2d^3e - 35Bc^2d^4)}{e^7(d + ex)^3} - \frac{3c^2(-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 7Bcd^2)}{e^7(d + ex)} + \frac{c^2(3a^3 + 3a^2c + 3ac^2 + c^3)}{e^7(d + ex)} \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \frac{c(4Acde(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) - B(3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4))}{2e^8(d+ex)^2} + \\
 & \frac{3c^2 \log(d+ex)(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{e^8} + \frac{c^2(-3aAe^3 + 15aBde^2 - 15Acd^2e + 35Bcd^3)}{e^8(d+ex)} - \\
 & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(aBe^2 - 6Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{4e^8(d+ex)^4} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3(Bd - Ae)}{5e^8(d+ex)^5} + \\
 & \frac{c(ae^2 + cd^2)(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 5Acd^2e + 7Bcd^3)}{e^8(d+ex)^3} - \frac{c^3x(6Bd - Ae)}{e^7} + \frac{Bc^3x^2}{2e^6}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^6,x]`

output `-((c^3*(6*B*d - A*e)*x)/e^7) + (B*c^3*x^2)/(2*e^6) + ((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)/(5*e^8*(d + e*x)^5) - ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(4*e^8*(d + e*x)^4) + (c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3))/(e^8*(d + e*x)^3) + (c*(4*A*c*d*e*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - B*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)))/(2*e^8*(d + e*x)^2) + (c^2*(35*B*c*d^3 - 15*A*c*d^2*e + 15*a*B*d*e^2 - 3*a*A*e^3))/(e^8*(d + e*x)) + (3*c^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/e^8`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
default	$\frac{c^3(\frac{1}{2}Be^x + Aex - 6Bdx)}{e^7} - \frac{c(Aa^2e^5 + 6Aacd^2e^3 + 5A^2c^2d^4e - 3Ba^2de^4 - 10Bacd^3e^2 - 7Bc^2d^5)}{e^8(ex+d)^3} - \frac{-6Aa^2cde^5 - 12Aac^2d^4e^3 + 30A^2c^3d^2e - 15Ba^3e^7 + 2Aa^2c^2d^2e^5 + 12Aac^2d^4e^3 + 274A^2c^3d^6e + Ba^3de^6 + 3Ba^2cd^3e^4 - 137Bac^2d^5e^2 - 959Bc^3d^7}{20e^8} - \frac{(3Aac^2e^3 + 30A^2c^3d^2e - 15Ba^3e^7)}{e^4}$
norman	
risch	$\frac{Bc^3x^2}{2e^6} + \frac{c^3Ax}{e^6} - \frac{6c^3Bdx}{e^7} + \frac{(-3Aac^2e^6 - 15A^2c^3d^2e^4 + 15Bac^2de^5 + 35Bc^3d^3e^3)x^4 - e^2c(12Aacd^3e^3 + 100A^2c^2d^3e + 3Ba^3e^4)}{2}$
paralelrisch	$-\frac{3Ba^2cd^3e^4 + 2Aa^2c^2d^2e^5 + 12Aac^2d^4e^3 - 20A^2x^6c^3e^7 - 10Bx^7c^3e^7 - 420B \ln(ex+d)c^3d^7 + 5Bx^3a^3e^7 + 120A \ln(ex+d)x^5c^3}{e^8}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output c^3/e^7*(1/2*B*e*x^2+A*e*x-6*B*d*x)-c/e^8*(A*a^2*e^5+6*A*a*c*d^2*e^3+5*A*c^2*d^4*e-3*B*a^2*d*e^4-10*B*a*c*d^3*e^2-7*B*c^2*d^5)/(e*x+d)^3-1/4*(-6*A*a^2*c*d*e^5-12*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3-6*A*c^3*d^5*e+Ba^3*e^6+9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+15*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+7*B*c^3*d^6)/e^8/(e*x+d)^4-3*c^2/e^8*(2*A*c*d*e-B*a*e^2-7*B*c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)-1/5*(A*a^3*e^7+3*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5+3*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3+A*c^3*d^6*e-B*a^3*d*e^6-3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4-3*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2-B*c^3*d^7)/e^8/(e*x+d)^5-c^2/e^8*(3*A*a*e^3+15*A*c*d^2*e-15*B*a*d*e^2-35*B*c*d^3)/(e*x+d)+1/2/e^8*c*(12*A*a*c*d*e^3+20*A*c^2*d^3*e-3*B*a^2*e^4-30*B*a*c*d^2*e^2-35*B*c^2*d^4)/(e*x+d)^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 730 vs. 2(305) = 610.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 730, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{10 Bc^3e^7x^7 + 459 Bc^3d^7 - 174 Ac^3d^6e + 137 Bac^2d^5e^2 - 12 Aac^2d^4e^3 - 3 Ba^2cd^3e^4 - 2 Aa^2cd^2e^5 - Ba^3}{e^8}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/20*(10*B*c^3*e^7*x^7 + 459*B*c^3*d^7 - 174*A*c^3*d^6*e + 137*B*a*c^2*d^5
*e^2 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 2*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - B*a^3*
*d*e^6 - 4*A*a^3*e^7 - 10*(7*B*c^3*d*e^6 - 2*A*c^3*e^7)*x^6 - 100*(5*B*c^3*
*d^2*e^5 - A*c^3*d*e^6)*x^5 - 20*(20*B*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 5*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 - 15*B
*a*c^2*d*e^6 + 3*A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 10*(130*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 80*A*c^3*d^3*e
^4 + 90*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 12*A*a*c^2*d*e^6 - 3*B*a^2*c*e^7)*x^3 + 10*(270*
B*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 120*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 110*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^2*e
^5 - 3*B*a^2*c*d*e^6 - 2*A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 + 5*(375*B*c^3*d^6*e - 150*A*c^3
*d^5*e^2 + 125*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 -
2*A*a^2*c*d*e^6 - B*a^3*e^7)*x + 60*(7*B*c^3*d^7 - 2*A*c^3*d^6*e + B*a*c^2
*d^5*e^2 + (7*B*c^3*d^2*e^5 - 2*A*c^3*d*e^6 + B*a*c^2*e^7)*x^5 + 5*(7*B*c^
3*d^3*e^4 - 2*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 + B*a*c^2*d*e^6)*x^4 + 10*(7*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 2
*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 + B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^3 + 10*(7*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 2*A*c^3*d^4*
e^3 + B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4)*x^2 + 5*(7*B*c^3*d^6*e - 2*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + B*a*c^2*
d^4*e^3)*x)*log(e*x + d))/(e^13*x^5 + 5*d*e^12*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^11*x^3 + 10*
d^3*e^10*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^9*x + d^5*e^8)

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**6,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 499, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{459 Bc^3d^7 - 174 Ac^3d^6e + 137 Bac^2d^5e^2 - 12 Aac^2d^4e^3 - 3 Ba^2cd^3e^4 - 2 Aa^2cd^2e^5 - Ba^3de^6 - 4 Aa^3e^7}{2e^7} + \frac{Bc^3ex^2 - 2(6Bc^3d - Ac^3e)x}{2e^7} + \frac{3(7Bc^3d^2 - 2Ac^3de + Bac^2e^2)\log(ex + d)}{e^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{1}{20}*(459*B*c^3*d^7 - 174*A*c^3*d^6*e + 137*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 2*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - B*a^3*d*e^6 - 4*A*a^3*e^7 + 20*(35*B*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 15*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 15*B*a*c^2*d*e^6 - 3*A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 10*(245*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 100*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 90*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 12*A*a*c^2*d*e^6 - 3*B*a^2*c*e^7)*x^3 + 10*(329*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 130*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 110*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 3*B*a^2*c*d*e^6 - 2*A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 + 5*(399*B*c^3*d^6*e - 154*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 125*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 2*A*a^2*c*d*e^6 - B*a^3*e^7)*x)/(e^13*x^5 + 5*d*e^12*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^11*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^10*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^9*x + d^5*e^8) + 1/2*(B*c^3*e*x^2 - 2*(6*B*c^3*d - A*c^3*e)*x)/e^7 + 3*(7*B*c^3*d^2 - 2*A*c^3*d*e + B*a*c^2*e^2)*log(e*x + d)/e^8$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 458, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{3(7Bc^3d^2 - 2Ac^3de + Bac^2e^2) \log(|ex + d|)}{e^8} + \frac{Bc^3e^6x^2 - 12Bc^3de^5x + 2Ac^3e^6x}{2e^{12}} + \frac{459Bc^3d^7 - 174Ac^3d^6e + 137Bac^2d^5e^2 - 12Aac^2d^4e^3 - 3Ba^2cd^3e^4 - 2Aa^2cd^2e^5 - Ba^3de^6 - 4Aa^3e^7}{e^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

3*(7*B*c^3*d^2 - 2*A*c^3*d*e + B*a*c^2*e^2)*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^8 + 1/2*(B
*c^3*e^6*x^2 - 12*B*c^3*d*e^5*x + 2*A*c^3*e^6*x)/e^12 + 1/20*(459*B*c^3*d^
7 - 174*A*c^3*d^6*e + 137*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 3*B*a^2*c
*d^3*e^4 - 2*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - B*a^3*d*e^6 - 4*A*a^3*e^7 + 20*(35*B*c^3*d^
3*e^4 - 15*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 15*B*a*c^2*d*e^6 - 3*A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 10*(245
*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 100*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 90*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 12*A*a*c^2*d*e^6
- 3*B*a^2*c*e^7)*x^3 + 10*(329*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 130*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 110*B*
a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 3*B*a^2*c*d*e^6 - 2*A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2
+ 5*(399*B*c^3*d^6*e - 154*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 125*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 12*A*a*c^
2*d^3*e^4 - 3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 2*A*a^2*c*d*e^6 - B*a^3*e^7)*x)/((e*x + d)
^5*e^8)

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 494, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^6} dx = x \left(\frac{Ac^3}{e^6} - \frac{6Bc^3d}{e^7} \right) - \frac{Ba^3de^6 + 4Aa^3e^7 + 3Ba^2cd^3e^4 + 2Aa^2cd^2e^5 - 137Bac^2d^5e^2 + 12Aac^2d^4e^3 - 459Bc^3d^7 + 174Ac^3d^6e}{20e} + x^2 \left(\frac{3Ba^2cde^5}{2} + A \right) + \frac{\ln(d + ex)(21Bc^3d^2 - 6Ac^3de + 3Bac^2e^2)}{e^8} + \frac{Bc^3x^2}{2e^6}$$

input

```
int(((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^6,x)
```

output

```

x*((A*c^3)/e^6 - (6*B*c^3*d)/e^7) - ((4*A*a^3*e^7 - 459*B*c^3*d^7 + B*a^3*
d*e^6 + 174*A*c^3*d^6*e + 12*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 2*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 137*B*
a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4)/(20*e) + x^2*(A*a^2*c*e^6 - (329*B*c^3*d
^5*e)/2 + 65*A*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 55*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + (3*B
*a^2*c*d*e^5)/2) + x^3*((3*B*a^2*c*e^6)/2 + 50*A*c^3*d^3*e^3 - (245*B*c^3*
d^4*e^2)/2 - 45*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + 6*A*a*c^2*d*e^5) + x*((B*a^3*e^6)/4 - (3
99*B*c^3*d^6)/4 + (77*A*c^3*d^5*e)/2 + 3*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - (125*B*a*c^2*d^
4*e^2)/4 + (3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/4 + (A*a^2*c*d*e^5)/2) + x^4*(3*A*a*c^2*e^6
+ 15*A*c^3*d^2*e^4 - 35*B*c^3*d^3*e^3 - 15*B*a*c^2*d*e^5))/(d^5*e^7 + e^1
2*x^5 + 5*d^4*e^8*x + 5*d*e^11*x^4 + 10*d^3*e^9*x^2 + 10*d^2*e^10*x^3) + (
log(d + e*x)*(21*B*c^3*d^2 - 6*A*c^3*d*e + 3*B*a*c^2*e^2))/e^8 + (B*c^3*x^
2)/(2*e^6)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 808, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^6,x)`

output

```
(60*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c**2*d**6*e**2 + 300*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c**2*d**5*e**3*x + 600*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**2 + 600*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**3 + 300*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**4 + 60*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c**2*d*e**7*x**5 - 120*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**7*e - 600*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**6*e**2*x - 1200*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x**2 - 1200*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**3 - 600*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**4 - 120*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**2*e**6*x**5 + 420*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**8 + 2100*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**7*e*x + 4200*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 4200*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**5*e**3*x**3 + 2100*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**4 + 420*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**5 - 4*a**4*d*e**7 - a**3*b*d**2*e**6 - 5*a**3*b*d*e**7*x - 2*a**3*c*d**3*e**5 - 10*a**3*c*d**2*e**6*x - 20*a**3*c*d*e**7*x**2 - 3*a**2*b*c*d**4*e**4 - 15*a**2*b*c*d**3*e**5*x - 30*a**2*b*c*d**2*e**6*x**2 - 30*a**2*b*c*d*e**7*x**3 + 12*a**2*c**2*e**8*x**5 + 77*a*b*c**2*d**6*e**2 + 325*a*b*c**2*d**5*e**3*x + 500*a*b*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**2 + 300*a*b*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**3 - 60*a*b*c**2*d*e**7*x**5 - 154*a*c**3*d**7*e - 650*a*c**3*d**6*e**2*x - 1000*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x**2 - 600*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**3 + 120*a*c**3*d**2*e**6*x**5 + 20*a*c**3*d*e**7*x**6 + 539*b*c**3*d**8 + 2275*b*c**3*d**7*e*x + 3500*b*c**3*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 2100*b*c**3*d**5*e**3*x**3 - 420*b*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**5 - 70*b*c**3*d**2*e**6*x**6 + 10*b*c**3*d*e**7*x**7)/(20*d*e**8*(d**5 + 5*d**4*e*x + 10*d**3...
```


$$3.74 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^7} dx$$

Optimal result	640
Mathematica [A] (verified)	641
Rubi [A] (verified)	641
Maple [A] (verified)	643
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	643
Sympy [F(-1)]	644
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	644
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	645
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	646
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	646

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 320

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^7} dx = & \frac{Bc^3x}{e^7} + \frac{(Bd-Ae)(cd^2+ae^2)^3}{6e^8(d+ex)^6} \\ & - \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)^2(7Bcd^2-6Acde+aBe^2)}{5e^8(d+ex)^5} \\ & + \frac{3c(cd^2+ae^2)(7Bcd^3-5Acd^2e+3aBde^2-aAe^3)}{4e^8(d+ex)^4} \\ & + \frac{c(4Acde(5cd^2+3ae^2)-B(35c^2d^4+30acd^2e^2+3a^2e^4))}{3e^8(d+ex)^3} \\ & + \frac{c^2(35Bcd^3-15Acd^2e+15aBde^2-3aAe^3)}{2e^8(d+ex)^2} \\ & - \frac{3c^2(7Bcd^2-2Acde+aBe^2)}{e^8(d+ex)} \\ & - \frac{c^3(7Bd-Ae)\log(d+ex)}{e^8} \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & B*c^3*x/e^7+1/6*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^8/(e*x+d)^6-1/5*(a*e^2+c*d^2) \\ & ^2*(-6*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)/e^8/(e*x+d)^5+3/4*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-A*a \\ & e^3-5*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+7*B*c*d^3)/e^8/(e*x+d)^4+1/3*c*(4*A*c*d*e*(3*a \\ & *e^2+5*c*d^2)-B*(3*a^2*e^4+30*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4))/e^8/(e*x+d)^3+1/2*c \\ & ^2*(-3*A*a*e^3-15*A*c*d^2*e+15*B*a*d*e^2+35*B*c*d^3)/e^8/(e*x+d)^2-3*c^2*(\\ & -2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)/e^8/(e*x+d)-c^3*(-A*e+7*B*d)*ln(e*x+d)/e^8 \end{aligned}$$
Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 377, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{Ae(10a^3e^6 + 3a^2ce^4(d^2 + 6dex + 15e^2x^2)) + 6ac^2e^2(d^4 + 6d^3ex + 15d^2e^2x^2 + 20de^3x^3 + 15e^4x^4) - c^3d^5}{(d + ex)^6 \ln(d + ex)}$$

input

Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^7,x]

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/60*(A*e*(10*a^3*e^6 + 3*a^2*c*e^4*(d^2 + 6*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) + 6*a*c^ \\ & 2*e^2*(d^4 + 6*d^3*e*x + 15*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 20*d*e^3*x^3 + 15*e^4*x^4) - c^3 \\ & *d*(147*d^5 + 822*d^4*e*x + 1875*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 2200*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 1350*d*e \\ & ^4*x^4 + 360*e^5*x^5)) + B*(2*a^3*e^6*(d + 6*e*x) + 3*a^2*c*e^4*(d^3 + 6*d \\ & ^2*e*x + 15*d*e^2*x^2 + 20*e^3*x^3) + 30*a*c^2*e^2*(d^5 + 6*d^4*e*x + 15*d \\ & ^3*e^2*x^2 + 20*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 15*d*e^4*x^4 + 6*e^5*x^5) + c^3*(669*d^7 + 3 \\ & 594*d^6*e*x + 7725*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 8200*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 4050*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 360 \\ & *d^2*e^5*x^5 - 360*d*e^6*x^6 - 60*e^7*x^7)) + 60*c^3*(7*B*d - A*e)*(d + e \\ & x)^6*Log[d + e*x])/(e^8*(d + e*x)^6) \end{aligned}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{c(-3a^2Be^4 + 12aAcde^3 - 30aBcd^2e^2 + 20Ac^2d^3e - 35Bc^2d^4)}{e^7(d + ex)^4} - \frac{3c^2(-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 7Bcd^2)}{e^7(d + ex)^2} + \frac{c^2(3a^2e^2 + 6Acde - 3Bcd^2)}{e^7(d + ex)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{c(4Acde(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) - B(3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4))}{3e^8(d + ex)^3} - \frac{3c^2(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{e^8(d + ex)} + \\ & \frac{c^2(-3aAe^3 + 15aBde^2 - 15Acd^2e + 35Bcd^3)}{2e^8(d + ex)^2} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(aBe^2 - 6Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{5e^8(d + ex)^5} + \\ & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3(Bd - Ae)}{6e^8(d + ex)^6} + \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 5Acd^2e + 7Bcd^3)}{4e^8(d + ex)^4} - \\ & \frac{c^3(7Bd - Ae)\log(d + ex)}{e^8} + \frac{Bc^3x}{e^7} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^7,x]`

output `(B*c^3*x)/e^7 + ((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)/(6*e^8*(d + e*x)^6) - ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(5*e^8*(d + e*x)^5) + (3*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3))/(4*e^8*(d + e*x)^4) + (c*(4*A*c*d*e*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - B*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)))/(3*e^8*(d + e*x)^3) + (c^2*(35*B*c*d^3 - 15*A*c*d^2*e + 15*a*B*d*e^2 - 3*a*A*e^3))/(2*e^8*(d + e*x)^2) - (3*c^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(e^8*(d + e*x)) - (c^3*(7*B*d - A*e)*Log[d + e*x])/e^8`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 435, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

method	result
risch	$\frac{Bc^3x}{e^7} + \frac{(6Ac^3de^5 - 3Ba^2c^2e^6 - 21Bc^3d^2e^4)x^5 - \frac{c^2e^3(3Aae^3 - 45Ac^2d^2e + 15Bad^2e^2 + 175Bcd^3)}{2}x^4 - \frac{e^2c(6Aacd^3e^3 - 110A^2c^2d^3e + 10A^3c^3d^3)}{4e^8}x^3 - \frac{3c(Aa^2e^5 + 6Aacd^2e^3 + 5A^2c^2d^4e - 3Ba^2de^4 - 10A^3c^3d^4)}{4e^8}x^2 - \frac{3c(Aa^2e^5 + 6Aacd^2e^3 + 5A^2c^2d^4e - 3Ba^2de^4 - 10A^3c^3d^4)}{4e^8}x + \frac{3c(Aa^2e^5 + 6Aacd^2e^3 + 5A^2c^2d^4e - 3Ba^2de^4 - 10A^3c^3d^4)}{4e^8}$
default	$\frac{Bc^3x}{e^7} + \frac{c(12Aacd^3e^3 + 20A^2c^2d^3e - 3Be^4a^2 - 30Bacd^2e^2 - 35Bc^2d^4)}{3e^8(ex+d)^3} - \frac{3c(Aa^2e^5 + 6Aacd^2e^3 + 5A^2c^2d^4e - 3Ba^2de^4 - 10A^3c^3d^4)}{4e^8(ex+d)^4}$
norman	$\frac{Bc^3x^7}{e} - \frac{10Aa^3e^7 + 3Aa^2c^2d^2e^5 + 6Aa^2c^2d^4e^3 - 147A^3c^3d^6e + 2Ba^3de^6 + 3Ba^2c^2d^3e^4 + 30Ba^2c^2d^5e^2 + 1029Bc^3d^7}{60e^8} + \frac{3(2A^3c^3de - Be^2a^2c^2 - 10A^3c^3d^3)}{e^3}$
paralelrisch	$-\frac{3Ba^2c^2d^3e^4 - 3Aa^2c^2d^2e^5 - 6Aa^2c^2d^4e^3 + 60Bx^7c^3e^7 - 420B\ln(ex+d)c^3d^7 - 12Bxa^3e^7 + 360A\ln(ex+d)x^5c^3de^6 - 2520B\ln(ex+d)c^3d^7}{e^8}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output B*c^3*x/e^7+((6*A*c^3*d*e^5-3*B*a*c^2*e^6-21*B*c^3*d^2*e^4)*x^5-1/2*c^2*e^3*
(3*A*a*e^3-45*A*c*d^2*e+15*B*a*d*e^2+175*B*c*d^3)*x^4-1/3*e^2*c*(6*A*a*c
*d*e^3-110*A*c^2*d^3*e+3*B*a^2*e^4+30*B*a*c*d^2*e^2+455*B*c^2*d^4)*x^3-1/4
*c*e*(3*A*a^2*e^5+6*A*a*c*d^2*e^3-125*A*c^2*d^4*e+3*B*a^2*d*e^4+30*B*a*c*d
^3*e^2+539*B*c^2*d^5)*x^2+(-3/10*A*a^2*c*d*e^5-3/5*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3+137/10*
A*c^3*d^5*e-1/5*B*a^3*e^6-3/10*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-3*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-609/10*B*
c^3*d^6)*x-1/60/e*(10*A*a^3*e^7+3*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5+6*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3-147*A*
c^3*d^6*e+2*B*a^3*d*e^6+3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4+30*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2+669*B*c^3*d^7
))/e^7/(e*x+d)^6+c^3/e^7*ln(e*x+d)*A-7*c^3/e^8*ln(e*x+d)*B*d
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 695 vs. 2(310) = 620.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 695, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{60 Bc^3e^7x^7 + 360 Bc^3de^6x^6 - 669 Bc^3d^7 + 147 Ac^3d^6e - 30 Bac^2d^5e^2 - 6 Aac^2d^4e^3 - 3 Ba^2cd^3e^4 - 3 Aa^3d^2e^5 + 3 A^2c^2d^3e^4 + 3 A^3c^3d^4e^3}{e^8} + \frac{3c(Aa^2e^5 + 6Aacd^2e^3 + 5A^2c^2d^4e - 3Ba^2de^4 - 10A^3c^3d^4)}{4e^8} \ln(ex+d)$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/60*(60*B*c^3*e^7*x^7 + 360*B*c^3*d*e^6*x^6 - 669*B*c^3*d^7 + 147*A*c^3*d
^6*e - 30*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 6*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 3*A*a^
2*c*d^2*e^5 - 2*B*a^3*d*e^6 - 10*A*a^3*e^7 - 180*(2*B*c^3*d^2*e^5 - 2*A*c^
3*d*e^6 + B*a*c^2*e^7)*x^5 - 90*(45*B*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 15*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 5*B
*a*c^2*d*e^6 + A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 - 20*(410*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 110*A*c^3*d^3*e^
4 + 30*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 6*A*a*c^2*d*e^6 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^7)*x^3 - 15*(515*B*
c^3*d^5*e^2 - 125*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 30*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 +
3*B*a^2*c*d*e^6 + 3*A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 - 6*(599*B*c^3*d^6*e - 137*A*c^3*d^5
*e^2 + 30*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 6*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 3*A*a^
2*c*d*e^6 + 2*B*a^3*e^7)*x - 60*(7*B*c^3*d^7 - A*c^3*d^6*e + (7*B*c^3*d*e^
6 - A*c^3*e^7)*x^6 + 6*(7*B*c^3*d^2*e^5 - A*c^3*d*e^6)*x^5 + 15*(7*B*c^3*d
^3*e^4 - A*c^3*d^2*e^5)*x^4 + 20*(7*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 - A*c^3*d^3*e^4)*x^3 + 1
5*(7*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 - A*c^3*d^4*e^3)*x^2 + 6*(7*B*c^3*d^6*e - A*c^3*d^5*e^2
)*x)*log(e*x + d)/(e^14*x^6 + 6*d*e^13*x^5 + 15*d^2*e^12*x^4 + 20*d^3*e^1
1*x^3 + 15*d^4*e^10*x^2 + 6*d^5*e^9*x + d^6*e^8)

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**7,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 511, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^7} dx =$$

$$\frac{669 Bc^3d^7 - 147 Ac^3d^6e + 30 Bac^2d^5e^2 + 6 Aac^2d^4e^3 + 3 Ba^2cd^3e^4 + 3 Aa^2cd^2e^5 + 2 Ba^3de^6 + 10 Aa^4e^7}{e^7} - \frac{(7 Bc^3d - Ac^3e) \log(ex + d)}{e^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{-1/60*(669*B*c^3*d^7 - 147*A*c^3*d^6*e + 30*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 6*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 3*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 2*B*a^3*d*e^6 + 10*A*a^3*e^7 + 180*(7*B*c^3*d^2*e^5 - 2*A*c^3*d*e^6 + B*a*c^2*e^7)*x^5 + 30*(175*B*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 45*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 15*B*a*c^2*d*e^6 + 3*A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 20*(455*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 110*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 30*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 6*A*a*c^2*d*e^6 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^7)*x^3 + 15*(539*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 125*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 30*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 3*B*a^2*c*d*e^6 + 3*A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 + 6*(609*B*c^3*d^6*e - 137*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 30*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 6*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 3*A*a^2*c*d*e^6 + 2*B*a^3*e^7)*x)/(e^14*x^6 + 6*d*e^13*x^5 + 15*d^2*e^12*x^4 + 20*d^3*e^11*x^3 + 15*d^4*e^10*x^2 + 6*d^5*e^9*x + d^6*e^8) + B*c^3*x/e^7 - (7*B*c^3*d - A*c^3*e)*log(e*x + d)/e^8$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 454, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{Bc^3x}{e^7} - \frac{(7Bc^3d - Ac^3e) \log(|ex + d|)}{e^8} - \frac{669Bc^3d^7 - 147Ac^3d^6e + 30Bac^2d^5e^2 + 6Aac^2d^4e^3 + 3Ba^2cd^3e^4 + 3Aa^2cd^2e^5 + 2Ba^3de^6 + 10Aa^3e^7}{e^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$B*c^3*x/e^7 - (7*B*c^3*d - A*c^3*e)*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^8 - 1/60*(669*B*c^3*d^7 - 147*A*c^3*d^6*e + 30*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 6*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 3*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 2*B*a^3*d*e^6 + 10*A*a^3*e^7 + 180*(7*B*c^3*d^2*e^5 - 2*A*c^3*d*e^6 + B*a*c^2*e^7)*x^5 + 30*(175*B*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 45*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 15*B*a*c^2*d*e^6 + 3*A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 20*(455*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 110*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 30*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 6*A*a*c^2*d*e^6 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^7)*x^3 + 15*(539*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 125*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 30*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 3*B*a^2*c*d*e^6 + 3*A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 + 6*(609*B*c^3*d^6*e - 137*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 30*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 6*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 3*A*a^2*c*d*e^6 + 2*B*a^3*e^7)*x)/((e*x + d)^6*e^8)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 505, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{\ln(d + ex)(Ac^3e - 7Bc^3d)}{e^8} - \frac{2Ba^3de^6 + 10Aa^3e^7 + 3Ba^2cd^3e^4 + 3Aa^2cd^2e^5 + 30Ba^2c^2d^5e^2 + 6Aa^2c^2d^4e^3 + 669Bc^3d^7 - 147Ac^3d^6e}{60e} + x^2 \left(\frac{3Ba^2cde^5}{4} + \frac{3Aa^2c^2d^2e^4}{4} \right) + \frac{Bc^3x}{e^7}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^7,x)`

output

```
(log(d + e*x)*(A*c^3*e - 7*B*c^3*d))/e^8 - ((10*A*a^3*e^7 + 669*B*c^3*d^7
+ 2*B*a^3*d*e^6 - 147*A*c^3*d^6*e + 6*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5
+ 30*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4)/(60*e) + x^2*((3*A*a^2*c*e^6)/4
+ (539*B*c^3*d^5*e)/4 - (125*A*c^3*d^4*e^2)/4 + (3*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)/2 + (1
5*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^3)/2 + (3*B*a^2*c*d*e^5)/4) + x^3*(B*a^2*c*e^6 - (110*A*c
^3*d^3*e^3)/3 + (455*B*c^3*d^4*e^2)/3 + 10*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + 2*A*a*c^2*d*e
^5) + x^5*(3*B*a*c^2*e^6 - 6*A*c^3*d*e^5 + 21*B*c^3*d^2*e^4) + x*((B*a^3*e
^6)/5 + (609*B*c^3*d^6)/10 - (137*A*c^3*d^5*e)/10 + (3*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3)/5 +
3*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + (3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/10 + (3*A*a^2*c*d*e^5)/10) + x^4*
((3*A*a*c^2*e^6)/2 - (45*A*c^3*d^2*e^4)/2 + (175*B*c^3*d^3*e^3)/2 + (15*B*
a*c^2*d*e^5)/2))/(d^6*e^7 + e^13*x^6 + 6*d^5*e^8*x + 6*d*e^12*x^5 + 15*d^4
*e^9*x^2 + 20*d^3*e^10*x^3 + 15*d^2*e^11*x^4) + (B*c^3*x)/e^7
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 738, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{-3a^3cd^3e^5 - 6a^2c^2d^5e^3 + 87a^3c^3d^7e - 2a^3bd^2e^6 + 360 \log(ex + d)ac^3d^6e^2x - 2520 \log(ex + d)bc^3d^7ex}{(d + ex)^7}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^7,x)`

output

```
(60*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**7*e + 360*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**6*e**2*x + 900*
*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x**2 + 1200*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x
**3 + 900*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**4 + 360*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**
2*e**6*x**5 + 60*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d*e**7*x**6 - 420*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3
*d**8 - 2520*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**7*e*x - 6300*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**6*
e**2*x**2 - 8400*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**5*e**3*x**3 - 6300*log(d + e*x)*b*
c**3*d**4*e**4*x**4 - 2520*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**5 - 420*log(d
+ e*x)*b*c**3*d**2*e**6*x**6 - 10*a**4*d*e**7 - 2*a**3*b*d**2*e**6 - 12*a*
**3*b*d*e**7*x - 3*a**3*c*d**3*e**5 - 18*a**3*c*d**2*e**6*x - 45*a**3*c*d*
e**7*x**2 - 3*a**2*b*c*d**4*e**4 - 18*a**2*b*c*d**3*e**5*x - 45*a**2*b*c*d
**2*e**6*x**2 - 60*a**2*b*c*d*e**7*x**3 - 6*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**3 - 36*a**2*c
**2*d**4*e**4*x - 90*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**2 - 120*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6*x
**3 - 90*a**2*c**2*d*e**7*x**4 + 30*a*b*c**2*e**8*x**6 + 87*a*c**3*d**7*e +
462*a*c**3*d**6*e**2*x + 975*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x**2 + 1000*a*c**3*d**4*e**
4*x**3 + 450*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**4 - 60*a*c**3*d*e**7*x**6 - 609*b*c**3*d
**8 - 3234*b*c**3*d**7*e*x - 6825*b*c**3*d**6*e**2*x**2 - 7000*b*c**3*d**5*
e**3*x**3 - 3150*b*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**4 + 420*b*c**3*d**2*e**6*x**6 + 60*b*
c**3*d*e**7*x**7)/(60*d*e**8*(d**6 + 6*d**5*e*x + 15*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 20*d
**3*e**3*x**3 + 15*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 6*d*e**5*x**5 + e**6*x**6))
```


$$3.75 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^8} dx$$

Optimal result	648
Mathematica [A] (verified)	649
Rubi [A] (verified)	650
Maple [A] (verified)	651
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	652
Sympy [F(-1)]	652
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	653
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	653
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	654
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	655

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 327

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^8} dx = \frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^3}{7e^8(d+ex)^7} - \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(7Bcd^2 - 6Acde + aBe^2)}{6e^8(d+ex)^6} + \frac{3c(cd^2 + ae^2)(7Bcd^3 - 5Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)}{5e^8(d+ex)^5} + \frac{c(4Acde(5cd^2 + 3ae^2) - B(35c^2d^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4))}{4e^8(d+ex)^4} + \frac{c^2(35Bcd^3 - 15Acd^2e + 15aBde^2 - 3aAe^3)}{3e^8(d+ex)^3} - \frac{3c^2(7Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)}{2e^8(d+ex)^2} + \frac{c^3(7Bd - Ae)}{e^8(d+ex)} + \frac{Bc^3 \log(d+ex)}{e^8}$$

output

```
1/7*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^8/(e*x+d)^7-1/6*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(-6*A*c*d
*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)/e^8/(e*x+d)^6+3/5*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-A*a*e^3-5*A*c*d^
2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+7*B*c*d^3)/e^8/(e*x+d)^5+1/4*c*(4*A*c*d*e*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2
)-B*(3*a^2*e^4+30*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4))/e^8/(e*x+d)^4+1/3*c^2*(-3*A*a*e
^3-15*A*c*d^2*e+15*B*a*d*e^2+35*B*c*d^3)/e^8/(e*x+d)^3-3/2*c^2*(-2*A*c*d*e
+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)/e^8/(e*x+d)^2+c^3*(-A*e+7*B*d)/e^8/(e*x+d)+B*c^3*ln(e*
x+d)/e^8
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 366, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12Ae(5a^3e^6 + a^2ce^4(d^2 + 7dex + 21e^2x^2)) + ac^2e^2(d^4 + 7d^3ex + 21d^2e^2x^2 + 35de^3x^3 + 35e^4x^4) + 5c^3(d^6 + 7d^5ex + 21d^4e^2x^2 + 35d^3e^3x^3 + 35d^2e^4x^4 + 21de^5x^5 + 7e^6x^6)}{(d + ex)^8} + B \frac{-10a^3e^6(d + 7ex) - 9a^2ce^4(d^3 + 7d^2ex + 21de^2x^2 + 35e^3x^3) - 30ac^2e^2(d^5 + 7d^4ex + 21d^3e^2x^2 + 35d^2e^3x^3 + 35de^4x^4 + 21e^5x^5) + c^3d(1089d^6 + 7203d^5ex + 20139d^4e^2x^2 + 30625d^3e^3x^3 + 26950d^2e^4x^4 + 13230de^5x^5 + 2940e^6x^6)}{(d + ex)^7} + 420Bc^3 \frac{\log(d + ex)}{(d + ex)^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^8,x]
```

output

```
(-12*A*e*(5*a^3*e^6 + a^2*c*e^4*(d^2 + 7*d*e*x + 21*e^2*x^2) + a*c^2*e^2*(
d^4 + 7*d^3*e*x + 21*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 35*d*e^3*x^3 + 35*e^4*x^4) + 5*c^3*(d^6
+ 7*d^5*e*x + 21*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 35*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 35*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 21*d*e^5
*x^5 + 7*e^6*x^6)) + B*(-10*a^3*e^6*(d + 7*e*x) - 9*a^2*c*e^4*(d^3 + 7*d^2
*e*x + 21*d*e^2*x^2 + 35*e^3*x^3) - 30*a*c^2*e^2*(d^5 + 7*d^4*e*x + 21*d^3
*e^2*x^2 + 35*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 35*d*e^4*x^4 + 21*e^5*x^5) + c^3*d*(1089*d^6 +
7203*d^5*e*x + 20139*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 30625*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 26950*d^2*e^4*x^4
+ 13230*d*e^5*x^5 + 2940*e^6*x^6)) + 420*B*c^3*(d + e*x)^7*Log[d + e*x])/
(420*e^8*(d + e*x)^7)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{c(-3a^2Be^4 + 12aAcde^3 - 30aBcd^2e^2 + 20Ac^2d^3e - 35Bc^2d^4)}{e^7(d + ex)^5} - \frac{3c^2(-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 7Bcd^2)}{e^7(d + ex)^3} + \frac{c^2(3a^2e^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^7(d + ex)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{c(4Acde(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) - B(3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4))}{4e^8(d + ex)^4} - \frac{3c^2(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{2e^8(d + ex)^2} + \frac{c^2(-3aAe^3 + 15aBde^2 - 15Acd^2e + 35Bcd^3)}{3e^8(d + ex)^3} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(aBe^2 - 6Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{6e^8(d + ex)^6} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3(Bd - Ae)}{7e^8(d + ex)^7} + \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 5Acd^2e + 7Bcd^3)}{5e^8(d + ex)^5} + \frac{c^3(7Bd - Ae)}{e^8(d + ex)} + \frac{Bc^3 \log(d + ex)}{e^8}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^8,x]`

output `((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)/(7*e^8*(d + e*x)^7) - ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(6*e^8*(d + e*x)^6) + (3*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3))/(5*e^8*(d + e*x)^5) + (c*(4*A*c*d*e*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - B*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)))/(4*e^8*(d + e*x)^4) + (c^2*(35*B*c*d^3 - 15*A*c*d^2*e + 15*a*B*d*e^2 - 3*a*A*e^3))/(3*e^8*(d + e*x)^3) - (3*c^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(2*e^8*(d + e*x)^2) + (c^3*(7*B*d - A*e))/(e^8*(d + e*x)) + (B*c^3*Log[d + e*x])/e^8`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 652 Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 426, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

method	result
risch	$-\frac{c^3(Ae-7Bd)x^6}{e^2} - \frac{3c^2(2Acde+Ba e^2-21Bc d^2)x^5}{2e^3} - \frac{c^2(6Aa e^3+30Ac d^2e+15Bad e^2-385Bc d^3)x^4}{6e^4} - \frac{c(12Aacd e^3+60A c^2 d^3 e+9B e^4}{12e^5}$
default	$-\frac{c^2(3Aa e^3+15Ac d^2e-15Bad e^2-35Bc d^3)}{3e^8(ex+d)^3} + \frac{c(12Aacd e^3+20A c^2 d^3 e-3B e^4 a^2-30Bac d^2 e^2-35B c^2 d^4)}{4e^8(ex+d)^4} - \frac{A a^3 e^7+}{e^8}$
norman	$-\frac{60A a^3 e^7+12A a^2 c d^2 e^5+12Aa c^2 d^4 e^3+60A c^3 d^6 e+10B a^3 d e^6+9B a^2 c d^3 e^4+30Ba c^2 d^5 e^2-1089B c^3 d^7}{420e^8} - \frac{(A c^3 e-7B c^3 d)x^6}{e^2} - \frac{3(2A}{e^2}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{9B a^2 c d^3 e^4+12A a^2 c d^2 e^5+12Aa c^2 d^4 e^3+420A x^6 c^3 e^7-420B \ln(ex+d)c^3 d^7+70Bx a^3 e^7-8820B \ln(ex+d)x^5 c^3 d^2 e^5+21}{e^8}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-c^3*(A*e-7*B*d)/e^2*x^6-3/2*c^2*(2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2-21*B*c*d^2)/e^3*x^5-1/6*c^2*(6*A*a*e^3+30*A*c*d^2*e+15*B*a*d*e^2-385*B*c*d^3)/e^4*x^4-1/12*c*(12*A*a*c*d*e^3+60*A*c^2*d^3*e+9*B*a^2*e^4+30*B*a*c*d^2*e^2-875*B*c^2*d^4)/e^5*x^3-1/20*c*(12*A*a^2*e^5+12*A*a*c*d^2*e^3+60*A*c^2*d^4*e+9*B*a^2*d*e^4+30*B*a*c*d^3*e^2-959*B*c^2*d^5)/e^6*x^2-1/60*(12*A*a^2*c*d*e^5+12*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3+60*A*c^3*d^5*e+10*B*a^3*e^6+9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+30*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-1029*B*c^3*d^6)/e^7*x-1/420*(60*A*a^3*e^7+12*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5+12*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3+60*A*c^3*d^6*e+10*B*a^3*d*e^6+9*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4+30*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2-1089*B*c^3*d^7)/e^8)/(e*x+d)^7+B*c^3*ln(e*x+d)/e^8
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 624, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{1089 Bc^3d^7 - 60 Ac^3d^6e - 30 Bac^2d^5e^2 - 12 Aac^2d^4e^3 - 9 Ba^2cd^3e^4 - 12 Aa^2cd^2e^5 - 10 Ba^3de^6 - 60 Aa^4e^7}{(d + ex)^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/420*(1089*B*c^3*d^7 - 60*A*c^3*d^6*e - 30*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 9*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 12*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 10*B*a^3*d*e^6 - 60*A*a^3*e^7 + 420*(7*B*c^3*d*e^6 - A*c^3*e^7)*x^6 + 630*(21*B*c^3*d^2*e^5 - 2*A*c^3*d*e^6 - B*a*c^2*e^7)*x^5 + 70*(385*B*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 30*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 - 15*B*a*c^2*d*e^6 - 6*A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 35*(875*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 60*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 30*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 12*A*a*c^2*d*e^6 - 9*B*a^2*c*e^7)*x^3 + 21*(959*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 60*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 30*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 9*B*a^2*c*d*e^6 - 12*A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 + 7*(1029*B*c^3*d^6*e - 60*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 30*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 12*A*a^2*c*d*e^6 - 10*B*a^3*e^7)*x + 420*(B*c^3*e^7*x^7 + 7*B*c^3*d*e^6*x^6 + 21*B*c^3*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 35*B*c^3*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 35*B*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 21*B*c^3*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 7*B*c^3*d^6*e*x + B*c^3*d^7)*log(e*x + d))/(e^15*x^7 + 7*d*e^14*x^6 + 21*d^2*e^13*x^5 + 35*d^3*e^12*x^4 + 35*d^4*e^11*x^3 + 21*d^5*e^10*x^2 + 7*d^6*e^9*x + d^7*e^8)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**8,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 527, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{1089 Bc^3 d^7 - 60 Ac^3 d^6 e - 30 Bac^2 d^5 e^2 - 12 Aac^2 d^4 e^3 - 9 Ba^2 cd^3 e^4 - 12 Aa^2 cd^2 e^5 - 10 Ba^3 de^6 - 60 Aa^4 e^7}{e^8} + \frac{Bc^3 \log(ex + d)}{e^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/420*(1089*B*c^3*d^7 - 60*A*c^3*d^6*e - 30*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 9*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 12*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 10*B*a^3*d*e^6 - 60*A*a^3*e^7 + 420*(7*B*c^3*d*e^6 - A*c^3*e^7)*x^6 + 630*(21*B*c^3*d^2*e^5 - 2*A*c^3*d*e^6 - B*a*c^2*e^7)*x^5 + 70*(385*B*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 30*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 - 15*B*a*c^2*d*e^6 - 6*A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 35*(875*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 60*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 30*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 12*A*a*c^2*d*e^6 - 9*B*a^2*c*e^7)*x^3 + 21*(959*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 60*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 30*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 9*B*a^2*c*d*e^6 - 12*A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 + 7*(1029*B*c^3*d^6*e - 60*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 30*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 12*A*a^2*c*d*e^6 - 10*B*a^3*e^7)*x)/(e^15*x^7 + 7*d*e^14*x^6 + 21*d^2*e^13*x^5 + 35*d^3*e^12*x^4 + 35*d^4*e^11*x^3 + 21*d^5*e^10*x^2 + 7*d^6*e^9*x + d^7*e^8) + B*c^3*log(e*x + d)/e^8
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 459, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \frac{Bc^3 \log(|ex + d|)}{e^8} + \frac{420(7Bc^3 de^5 - Ac^3 e^6)x^6 + 630(21Bc^3 d^2 e^4 - 2Ac^3 de^5 - Bac^2 e^6)x^5 + 70(385Bc^3 d^3 e^3 - 30Ac^3 d^2 e^4 - 15Bac^2 d^2 e^5 - 6Aa^2 c^2 d e^6 - 12Aa^2 c^2 e^7)x^4 + 35(875Bc^3 d^4 e^3 - 60Aa^2 c^2 d^3 e^4 - 30Bac^2 d^2 e^5 - 12Aa^2 c^2 d e^6 - 9Bac^2 e^7)x^3 + 21(959Bc^3 d^5 e^2 - 60Aa^2 c^2 d^4 e^3 - 30Bac^2 d^3 e^4 - 12Aa^2 c^2 d^2 e^5 - 9Bac^2 d e^6 - 12Aa^2 c^2 e^7)x^2 + 7(1029Bc^3 d^6 e - 60Aa^2 c^2 d^5 e^2 - 30Bac^2 d^4 e^3 - 12Aa^2 c^2 d^3 e^4 - 9Bac^2 d^2 e^5 - 12Aa^2 c^2 d e^6 - 10Bac^2 e^7)x}{e^{15}x^7 + 7de^{14}x^6 + 21d^2e^{13}x^5 + 35d^3e^{12}x^4 + 35d^4e^{11}x^3 + 21d^5e^{10}x^2 + 7d^6e^9x + d^7e^8} + \frac{Bc^3 \log(|ex + d|)}{e^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
B*c^3*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^8 + 1/420*(420*(7*B*c^3*d*e^5 - A*c^3*e^6)*x^6 +
630*(21*B*c^3*d^2*e^4 - 2*A*c^3*d*e^5 - B*a*c^2*e^6)*x^5 + 70*(385*B*c^3*
d^3*e^3 - 30*A*c^3*d^2*e^4 - 15*B*a*c^2*d*e^5 - 6*A*a*c^2*e^6)*x^4 + 35*(8
75*B*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 60*A*c^3*d^3*e^3 - 30*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 12*A*a*c^2*d*e^
5 - 9*B*a^2*c*e^6)*x^3 + 21*(959*B*c^3*d^5*e - 60*A*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 30*B*a*c
^2*d^3*e^3 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 9*B*a^2*c*d*e^5 - 12*A*a^2*c*e^6)*x^2 +
7*(1029*B*c^3*d^6 - 60*A*c^3*d^5*e - 30*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^3*e
^3 - 9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 12*A*a^2*c*d*e^5 - 10*B*a^3*e^6)*x + (1089*B*c^3*
d^7 - 60*A*c^3*d^6*e - 30*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 9*B*a^2*c
*d^3*e^4 - 12*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 10*B*a^3*d*e^6 - 60*A*a^3*e^7)/e)/((e*x +
d)^7*e^7)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 448, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \frac{Bc^3 \ln(d + ex)}{e^8} - \frac{x^3 \left(\frac{3Ba^2ce^7}{4} + \frac{5Bac^2d^2e^5}{2} + Aac^2de^6 - \frac{875Bc^3d^4e^3}{12} + 5Ac^3d^3e^4 \right)}{e^8} + x^6 (Ac^3e^7 - 7Bc^3de^6) + x^2 \left(\frac{9Bc^3d^4e^3}{12} - \frac{3Bac^2d^2e^5}{2} - Aac^2de^6 - \frac{875Bc^3d^4e^3}{12} + 5Ac^3d^3e^4 \right)$$

input

```
int(((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^8,x)
```

output

```
(B*c^3*log(d + e*x))/e^8 - (x^3*((3*B*a^2*c*e^7)/4 + 5*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 - (87
5*B*c^3*d^4*e^3)/12 + (5*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5)/2 + A*a*c^2*d*e^6) + x^6*(A*c^3*
e^7 - 7*B*c^3*d*e^6) + x^2*((3*A*a^2*c*e^7)/5 + 3*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 - (959*B*c
^3*d^5*e^2)/20 + (3*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5)/5 + (3*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4)/2 + (9*B*a^2*
c*d*e^6)/20) + x^5*((3*B*a*c^2*e^7)/2 + 3*A*c^3*d*e^6 - (63*B*c^3*d^2*e^5)
/2) + x*((B*a^3*e^7)/6 - (343*B*c^3*d^6*e)/20 + A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + (A*a*c^2*d
^3*e^4)/5 + (B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3)/2 + (3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5)/20 + (A*a^2*c*d*e^6)
/5) + x^4*(A*a*c^2*e^7 + 5*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 - (385*B*c^3*d^3*e^4)/6 + (5*B*a*
c^2*d*e^6)/2) + (A*a^3*e^7)/7 - (363*B*c^3*d^7)/140 + (B*a^3*d*e^6)/42 + (
A*c^3*d^6*e)/7 + (A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3)/35 + (A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5)/35 + (B*a*c^2*d
^5*e^2)/14 + (3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4)/140)/(e^8*(d + e*x)^7)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 637, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{60a^3 c^3 e^8 x^7 - 12a^3 c d^3 e^5 - 12a^2 c^2 d^5 e^3 + 420 \log(ex + d) b c^3 d e^7 x^7 - 10a^3 b d^2 e^6 + 2940 \log(ex + d) b c^3 d^7}{(d + ex)^8}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^8,x)`

output

```
(420*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**8 + 2940*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**7*e*x + 8820*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 14700*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**5*e**3*x**3 + 14700*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**4 + 8820*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**5 + 2940*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d**2*e**6*x**6 + 420*log(d + e*x)*b*c**3*d*e**7*x**7 - 60*a**4*d*e**7 - 10*a**3*b*d**2*e**6 - 70*a**3*b*d*e**7*x - 12*a**3*c*d**3*e**5 - 84*a**3*c*d**2*e**6*x - 252*a**3*c*d*e**7*x**2 - 9*a**2*b*c*d**4*e**4 - 63*a**2*b*c*d**3*e**5*x - 189*a**2*b*c*d**2*e**6*x**2 - 315*a**2*b*c*d*e**7*x**3 - 12*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**3 - 84*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4*x - 252*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**2 - 420*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**3 - 420*a**2*c**2*d*e**7*x**4 - 30*a*b*c**2*d**6*e**2 - 210*a*b*c**2*d**5*e**3*x - 630*a*b*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**2 - 1050*a*b*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**3 - 1050*a*b*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**4 - 630*a*b*c**2*d*e**7*x**5 + 60*a*c**3*e**8*x**7 + 669*b*c**3*d**8 + 4263*b*c**3*d**7*e*x + 11319*b*c**3*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 15925*b*c**3*d**5*e**3*x**3 + 12250*b*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**4 + 4410*b*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**5 - 420*b*c**3*d*e**7*x**7)/(420*d*e**8*(d**7 + 7*d**6*e*x + 21*d**5*e**2*x**2 + 35*d**4*e**3*x**3 + 35*d**3*e**4*x**4 + 21*d**2*e**5*x**5 + 7*d*e**6*x**6 + e**7*x**7))
```


3.76
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^9} dx$$

Optimal result	656
Mathematica [A] (verified)	657
Rubi [A] (verified)	657
Maple [A] (verified)	659
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	659
Sympy [F(-1)]	660
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	660
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	661
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	662
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	662

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 330

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^9} dx = \frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^3}{8e^8(d+ex)^8} - \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(7Bcd^2 - 6Acde + aBe^2)}{7e^8(d+ex)^7} + \frac{c(cd^2 + ae^2)(7Bcd^3 - 5Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)}{2e^8(d+ex)^6} + \frac{c(4Acde(5cd^2 + 3ae^2) - B(35c^2d^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4))}{5e^8(d+ex)^5} + \frac{c^2(35Bcd^3 - 15Acd^2e + 15aBde^2 - 3aAe^3)}{4e^8(d+ex)^4} - \frac{c^2(7Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)}{e^8(d+ex)^3} + \frac{c^3(7Bd - Ae)}{2e^8(d+ex)^2} - \frac{Bc^3}{e^8(d+ex)}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{8}(-Ae+Bd)(a^2e+cd^2)^3/e^8/(e^x+d)^8 - \frac{1}{7}(a^2e+cd^2)^2(-6Acd^2e+Bae^2+7Bcd^2)/e^8/(e^x+d)^7 + \frac{1}{2}c(a^2e+cd^2)(-Aae^3-5Acd^2e+3Bae^2+7Bcd^3)/e^8/(e^x+d)^6 + \frac{1}{5}c(4Acd^2e(3ae^2+5cd^2)-B(3a^2e^4+30acd^2e^2+35c^2d^4))/e^8/(e^x+d)^5 + \frac{1}{4}c^2(-3Aae^3-15Acd^2e+15Bae^2+35Bcd^3)/e^8/(e^x+d)^4 - c^2(-2Acd^2e+Bae^2+7Bcd^2)/e^8/(e^x+d)^3 + \frac{1}{2}c^3(-Ae+7Bd)/e^8/(e^x+d)^2 - Bc^3/e^8/(e^x+d)$$
Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^9} dx = \frac{Ae(35a^3e^6 + 5a^2ce^4(d^2 + 8dex + 28e^2x^2)) + 3ac^2e^2(d^4 + 8d^3ex + 28d^2e^2x^2 + 56de^3x^3 + 70e^4x^4) + 5c^3}{(d+ex)^8}$$

input

Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^9,x]

output

$$\frac{-1/280(Ae(35a^3e^6 + 5a^2ce^4(d^2 + 8d^2ex + 28e^2x^2)) + 3ac^2e^2(d^4 + 8d^3ex + 28d^2e^2x^2 + 56d^3e^3x^3 + 70e^4x^4) + 5c^3(d^6 + 8d^5ex + 28d^4e^2x^2 + 56d^3e^3x^3 + 70d^2e^4x^4 + 56d^2e^5x^5 + 28e^6x^6)) + B(5a^3e^6(d + 8ex) + 3a^2ce^4(d^3 + 8d^2ex + 28d^2e^2x^2 + 56e^3x^3) + 5ac^2e^2(d^5 + 8d^4ex + 28d^3e^2x^2 + 56d^2e^3x^3 + 70d^2e^4x^4 + 56e^5x^5) + 35c^3(d^7 + 8d^6ex + 28d^5e^2x^2 + 56d^4e^3x^3 + 70d^3e^4x^4 + 56d^2e^5x^5 + 28d^2e^6x^6 + 8e^7x^7))}{(e^8(d + e*x)^8)}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^9} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{c(-3a^2Be^4 + 12aAcde^3 - 30aBcd^2e^2 + 20Ac^2d^3e - 35Bc^2d^4)}{e^7(d + ex)^6} - \frac{3c^2(-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 7Bcd^2)}{e^7(d + ex)^4} + \frac{c^2(3a^2e^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^7(d + ex)^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{c(4Acde(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) - B(3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4))}{5e^8(d + ex)^5} - \frac{c^2(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{e^8(d + ex)^3} + \\ & \frac{c^2(-3aAe^3 + 15aBde^2 - 15Acd^2e + 35Bcd^3)}{4e^8(d + ex)^4} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(aBe^2 - 6Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{7e^8(d + ex)^7} + \\ & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3(Bd - Ae)}{8e^8(d + ex)^8} + \frac{c(ae^2 + cd^2)(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 5Acd^2e + 7Bcd^3)}{2e^8(d + ex)^6} + \\ & \frac{c^3(7Bd - Ae)}{2e^8(d + ex)^2} - \frac{Bc^3}{e^8(d + ex)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^9,x]`

output `((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)/(8*e^8*(d + e*x)^8) - ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(7*e^8*(d + e*x)^7) + (c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3))/(2*e^8*(d + e*x)^6) + (c*(4*A*c*d*e*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - B*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)))/(5*e^8*(d + e*x)^5) + (c^2*(35*B*c*d^3 - 15*A*c*d^2*e + 15*a*B*d*e^2 - 3*a*A*e^3))/(4*e^8*(d + e*x)^4) - (c^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(e^8*(d + e*x)^3) + (c^3*(7*B*d - A*e))/(2*e^8*(d + e*x)^2) - (B*c^3)/(e^8*(d + e*x))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol]
:> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol]
:> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 422, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{Bc^3x^7}{e} - \frac{c^3(Ae+7Bd)x^6}{2e^2} - \frac{c^2(Acde+Ba e^2+7Bc d^2)x^5}{e^3} - \frac{c^2(3Aa e^3+5Ac d^2e+5Bad e^2+35Bc d^3)x^4}{4e^4} - \frac{c(3Aacd e^3+5A c^2d^3e+3B e^4)}{5e^5}}{e^8(e^2x+d)^3}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{Bc^3x^7}{e} - \frac{(Ac^3e+7Bc^3d)x^6}{2e^2} - \frac{(Ac^3de+Be^2ac^2+7Bc^3d^2)x^5}{e^3} - \frac{(3Aa c^2e^3+5A c^3d^2e+5Ba c^2de^2+35Bc^3d^3)x^4}{4e^4} - \frac{(3Aa c^2de^3+5A c^3d^2e^2+3B e^4)}{5e^5}}{e^8(e^2x+d)^3}$
default	$\frac{c^2(2Acde-Ba e^2-7Bc d^2)}{e^8(e^2x+d)^3} - \frac{c^2(3Aa e^3+15Ac d^2e-15Bad e^2-35Bc d^3)}{4e^8(e^2x+d)^4} - \frac{-6A a^2cde^5-12Aa c^2d^3e^3-6A c^3d^5e+B a^3}{7e^8(e^2x+d)^5}}$
gospers	$-\frac{280B x^7c^3e^7+140A x^6c^3e^7+980B x^6c^3de^6+280A x^5c^3de^6+280B x^5a c^2e^7+1960B x^5c^3d^2e^5+210A x^4a c^2e^7+350A x^4c^3d^3e^5}{e^8(e^2x+d)^3}$
paralelrisch	$-\frac{280B x^7c^3e^7+140A x^6c^3e^7+980B x^6c^3de^6+280A x^5c^3de^6+280B x^5a c^2e^7+1960B x^5c^3d^2e^5+210A x^4a c^2e^7+350A x^4c^3d^3e^5}{e^8(e^2x+d)^3}$
orering	$-\frac{280B x^7c^3e^7+140A x^6c^3e^7+980B x^6c^3de^6+280A x^5c^3de^6+280B x^5a c^2e^7+1960B x^5c^3d^2e^5+210A x^4a c^2e^7+350A x^4c^3d^3e^5}{e^8(e^2x+d)^3}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-B*c^3*x^7/e-1/2*c^3*(A*e+7*B*d)/e^2*x^6-c^2*(A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)/e^3*x^5-1/4*c^2*(3*A*a*e^3+5*A*c*d^2*e+5*B*a*d*e^2+35*B*c*d^3)/e^4*x^4-1/5*c*(3*A*a*c*d*e^3+5*A*c^2*d^3*e+3*B*a^2*e^4+5*B*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*B*c^2*d^4)/e^5*x^3-1/10*c*(5*A*a^2*e^5+3*A*a*c*d^2*e^3+5*A*c^2*d^4*e+3*B*a^2*d*e^4+5*B*a*c*d^3*e^2+35*B*c^2*d^5)/e^6*x^2-1/35*(5*A*a^2*c*d*e^5+3*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3+5*A*c^3*d^5*e+5*B*a^3*e^6+3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+5*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+35*B*c^3*d^6)/e^7*x-1/280*(35*A*a^3*e^7+5*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5+3*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3+5*A*c^3*d^6*e+5*B*a^3*d*e^6+3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4+5*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2+35*B*c^3*d^7)/e^8)/(e*x+d)^8
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 532, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \frac{280 Bc^3e^7x^7 + 35 Bc^3d^7 + 5 Ac^3d^6e + 5 Bac^2d^5e^2 + 3 Aac^2d^4e^3 + 3 Ba^2cd^3e^4 + 5 Aa^2cd^2e^5 + 5 Ba^3de^6}{(e^2x+d)^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{-1/280*(280*B*c^3*e^7*x^7 + 35*B*c^3*d^7 + 5*A*c^3*d^6*e + 5*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 3*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 5*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 5*B*a^3*d*e^6 + 35*A*a^3*e^7 + 140*(7*B*c^3*d*e^6 + A*c^3*e^7)*x^6 + 280*(7*B*c^3*d^2*e^5 + A*c^3*d*e^6 + B*a*c^2*e^7)*x^5 + 70*(35*B*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 5*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 5*B*a*c^2*d*e^6 + 3*A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 56*(35*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 5*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 5*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 3*A*a*c^2*d*e^6 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^7)*x^3 + 28*(35*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 5*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 5*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 3*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 3*B*a^2*c*d*e^6 + 5*A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 + 8*(35*B*c^3*d^6*e + 5*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 5*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 5*A*a^2*c*d*e^6 + 5*B*a^3*e^7)*x)/(e^16*x^8 + 8*d*e^15*x^7 + 28*d^2*e^14*x^6 + 56*d^3*e^13*x^5 + 70*d^4*e^12*x^4 + 56*d^5*e^11*x^3 + 28*d^6*e^10*x^2 + 8*d^7*e^9*x + d^8*e^8)$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**9,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 532, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \frac{280 Bc^3 e^7 x^7 + 35 Bc^3 d^7 + 5 Ac^3 d^6 e + 5 Bac^2 d^5 e^2 + 3 Aac^2 d^4 e^3 + 3 Ba^2 cd^3 e^4 + 5 Aa^2 cd^2 e^5 + 5 Ba^3 de^6}{(d + ex)^9}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/280*(280*B*c^3*e^7*x^7 + 35*B*c^3*d^7 + 5*A*c^3*d^6*e + 5*B*a*c^2*d^5*e
^2 + 3*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 5*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 5*B*a^3*d
*e^6 + 35*A*a^3*e^7 + 140*(7*B*c^3*d*e^6 + A*c^3*e^7)*x^6 + 280*(7*B*c^3*d
^2*e^5 + A*c^3*d*e^6 + B*a*c^2*e^7)*x^5 + 70*(35*B*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 5*A*c^3*d
^2*e^5 + 5*B*a*c^2*d*e^6 + 3*A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 56*(35*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 5*A
*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 5*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 3*A*a*c^2*d*e^6 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^7)*x^3 +
28*(35*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 5*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 5*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 3*A*a*c^2*d^2
*e^5 + 3*B*a^2*c*d*e^6 + 5*A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 + 8*(35*B*c^3*d^6*e + 5*A*c^3*
d^5*e^2 + 5*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 5*A*
a^2*c*d*e^6 + 5*B*a^3*e^7)*x)/(e^16*x^8 + 8*d*e^15*x^7 + 28*d^2*e^14*x^6 +
56*d^3*e^13*x^5 + 70*d^4*e^12*x^4 + 56*d^5*e^11*x^3 + 28*d^6*e^10*x^2 + 8
*d^7*e^9*x + d^8*e^8)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 488, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \frac{280 Bc^3e^7x^7 + 980 Bc^3de^6x^6 + 140 Ac^3e^7x^6 + 1960 Bc^3d^2e^5x^5 + 280 Ac^3de^6x^5 + 280 Bac^2e^7x^5 + 2450 Bc^3d^3e^4x^4 + 350 Aa^3c^3d^2e^5x^4 + 350 Baa^2c^2d^2e^6x^4 + 210 Aaa^2c^2e^7x^4 + 1960 Bc^3d^4e^3x^3 + 280 Aa^3c^3d^3e^4x^3 + 280 Baa^2c^2d^2e^5x^3 + 168 Aaa^2c^2d^6e^6x^3 + 168 Baa^2c^2e^7x^3 + 980 Bc^3d^5e^2x^2 + 140 Aa^3c^3d^4e^3x^2 + 140 Baa^2c^2d^3e^4x^2 + 84 Aaa^2c^2d^2e^5x^2 + 84 Baa^2c^2d^6e^6x^2 + 140 Aaa^2c^2e^7x^2 + 280 Bc^3d^6e^6x + 40 Aa^3c^3d^5e^2x + 40 Baa^2c^2d^4e^3x + 24 Aaa^2c^2d^3e^4x + 24 Baa^2c^2d^2e^5x + 40 Aaa^2c^2d^6e^6x + 40 Baa^3e^7x + 35 Bc^3d^7 + 5 Aa^3c^3d^6e + 5 Baa^2c^2d^5e^2 + 3 Aaa^2c^2d^4e^3 + 3 Baa^2c^2d^3e^4 + 5 Aaa^2c^2d^2e^5 + 5 Baa^3d^6e + 35 Aaa^3e^7)/(e^8x^8 + 8d^7e^7x^7 + 28d^6e^6x^6 + 56d^5e^5x^5 + 70d^4e^4x^4 + 56d^3e^3x^3 + 28d^2e^2x^2 + 8de^1x + d^8e^8)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^9,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/280*(280*B*c^3*e^7*x^7 + 980*B*c^3*d*e^6*x^6 + 140*A*c^3*e^7*x^6 + 1960
*B*c^3*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 280*A*c^3*d^3*e^6*x^5 + 280*B*a*c^2*e^7*x^5 + 2450*B*c^
3*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 350*A*c^3*d^2*e^5*x^4 + 350*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^6*x^4 + 210*A*a*c^
2*e^7*x^4 + 1960*B*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 280*A*c^3*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 280*B*a*c^2*d
^2*e^5*x^3 + 168*A*a*c^2*d^6*e^6*x^3 + 168*B*a^2*c^2*e^7*x^3 + 980*B*c^3*d^5*
e^2*x^2 + 140*A*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^2 + 140*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 84*A*a*c^2*d^2*
e^5*x^2 + 84*B*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^6*x^2 + 140*A*a^2*c^2*e^7*x^2 + 280*B*c^3*d^6*
e^6*x + 40*A*c^3*d^5*e^2*x + 40*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3*x + 24*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4*x + 24*B*
a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5*x + 40*A*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^6*x + 40*B*a^3*e^7*x + 35*B*c^3*d^7 + 5*A*
c^3*d^6*e + 5*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 3*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 5*
A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 5*B*a^3*d^6*e + 35*A*a^3*e^7)/((e*x + d)^8*e^8)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 570, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^9} dx =$$

$$\frac{5Ba^3de^6 + 40Ba^3e^7x + 35Aa^3e^7 + 3Ba^2cd^3e^4 + 24Ba^2cd^2e^5x + 5Aa^2cd^2e^5 + 84Ba^2cde^6 + 140Aac^3e^7x^6 + 280Bc^3e^7x^7 + 280Bc^3d^6ex + 3Aa^2c^2d^4e^3 + 5Aa^2c^2d^2e^5 + 5Bac^2d^5e^2 + 3Ba^2c^2d^3e^4 + 140Aa^2c^2e^7x^2 + 210Aa^2c^2e^7x^4 + 168Ba^2c^2e^7x^3 + 280Bac^2e^7x^5 + 40Ac^3d^5e^2x + 280Ac^3d^6ex^5 + 980Bc^3d^6ex^6 + 140Ac^3d^4e^3x^2 + 280Ac^3d^3e^4x^3 + 350Ac^3d^2e^5x^4 + 980Bc^3d^5e^2x^2 + 1960Bc^3d^4e^3x^3 + 2450Bc^3d^3e^4x^4 + 1960Bc^3d^2e^5x^5 + 84Aa^2c^2d^2e^5x^2 + 140Bac^2d^3e^4x^2 + 280Bac^2d^2e^5x^3 + 40Aa^2c^2d^3e^4x + 168Aa^2c^2d^4e^3x^3 + 40Bac^2d^4e^3x + 24Ba^2c^2d^2e^5x + 84Ba^2c^2d^2e^6x^2 + 350Bac^2d^2e^6x^4}{(280d^8e^8 + 280e^16x^8 + 2240d^7e^9x + 2240d^7e^9x + 7840d^6e^10x^2 + 15680d^5e^11x^3 + 19600d^4e^12x^4 + 15680d^3e^13x^5 + 7840d^2e^14x^6)}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^9,x)`

output

```

-(35*A*a^3*e^7 + 35*B*c^3*d^7 + 5*B*a^3*d*e^6 + 5*A*c^3*d^6*e + 40*B*a^3*e^7*x
+ 140*A*c^3*e^7*x^6 + 280*B*c^3*e^7*x^7 + 280*B*c^3*d^6*e*x + 3*A*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3
+ 5*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 5*B*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 3*B*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 140*A*a^2*c^2*e^7*x^2
+ 210*A*a^2*c^2*e^7*x^4 + 168*B*a^2*c^2*e^7*x^3 + 280*B*a^2*c^2*e^7*x^5 + 40*A*c^3*d^5*e^2*x
+ 280*A*c^3*d^6*e^6*x^5 + 980*B*c^3*d^6*e^6*x^6 + 140*A*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^2 + 280*A*c^3*d^3*e^4*x^3
+ 350*A*c^3*d^2*e^5*x^4 + 980*B*c^3*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 1960*B*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 2450*B*c^3*d^3*e^4*x^4
+ 1960*B*c^3*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 84*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5*x^2 + 140*B*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4*x^2
+ 280*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5*x^3 + 40*A*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4*x + 168*A*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3*x^3
+ 40*B*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3*x + 24*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5*x + 84*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6*x^2
+ 350*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6*x^4)/(280*d^8*e^8 + 280*e^16*x^8 + 2240*d^7*e^9*x
+ 2240*d^7*e^9*x + 7840*d^6*e^10*x^2 + 15680*d^5*e^11*x^3 + 19600*d^4*e^12*x^4
+ 15680*d^3*e^13*x^5 + 7840*d^2*e^14*x^6)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 490, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{35b^3c^3e^7x^8 - 140a^3c^3de^6x^6 - 280abc^2de^6x^5 - 280a^3c^3d^2e^5x^5 - 210a^2c^2de^6x^4 - 350abc^2d^2e^5x^4 - 350a^3c^3de^6x^4 - 140a^3c^3de^6x^4 - 280abc^2de^6x^3 - 280a^3c^3de^6x^3 - 210a^2c^2de^6x^3 - 350abc^2d^2e^5x^3 - 350a^3c^3de^6x^3 - 140a^3c^3de^6x^2 - 280abc^2de^6x^2 - 280a^3c^3de^6x^2 - 210a^2c^2de^6x^2 - 350abc^2d^2e^5x^2 - 350a^3c^3de^6x^2 - 140a^3c^3de^6x - 280abc^2de^6x - 280a^3c^3de^6x - 210a^2c^2de^6x - 350abc^2d^2e^5x - 350a^3c^3de^6x - 140a^3c^3de^6 - 280abc^2de^6 - 280a^3c^3de^6 - 210a^2c^2de^6 - 350abc^2d^2e^5 - 350a^3c^3de^6}{(d + ex)^9}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^9,x)`

output

```
( - 35*a**4*d**6 - 5*a**3*b*d**2*e**5 - 40*a**3*b*d**6*x - 5*a**3*c*d*
*3*e**4 - 40*a**3*c*d**2*e**5*x - 140*a**3*c*d**6*x**2 - 3*a**2*b*c*d**4
*e**3 - 24*a**2*b*c*d**3*e**4*x - 84*a**2*b*c*d**2*e**5*x**2 - 168*a**2*b*
c*d**6*x**3 - 3*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**2 - 24*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**3*x - 84*a**2
*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**2 - 168*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**3 - 210*a**2*c**2*d**6
*x**4 - 5*a*b*c**2*d**6*e - 40*a*b*c**2*d**5*e**2*x - 140*a*b*c**2*d**4*e*
*3*x**2 - 280*a*b*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**3 - 350*a*b*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**4 - 280*
a*b*c**2*d**6*x**5 - 5*a*c**3*d**7 - 40*a*c**3*d**6*e*x - 140*a*c**3*d**
5*e**2*x**2 - 280*a*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**3 - 350*a*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**4 - 280*
a*c**3*d**2*e**5*x**5 - 140*a*c**3*d**6*x**6 + 35*b*c**3*e**7*x**8)/(280
*d**7*(d**8 + 8*d**7*e*x + 28*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 56*d**5*e**3*x**3 + 70*d*
*4*e**4*x**4 + 56*d**3*e**5*x**5 + 28*d**2*e**6*x**6 + 8*d**7*x**7 + e**
8*x**8))
```


$$3.77 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx$$

Optimal result	664
Mathematica [A] (verified)	665
Rubi [A] (verified)	665
Maple [A] (verified)	667
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	667
Sympy [F(-1)]	668
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	668
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	669
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	670
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	671

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 334

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{(Bd-Ae)(cd^2+ae^2)^3}{9e^8(d+ex)^9} - \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)^2(7Bcd^2-6Acde+aBe^2)}{8e^8(d+ex)^8} + \frac{3c(cd^2+ae^2)(7Bcd^3-5Acd^2e+3aBde^2-aAe^3)}{7e^8(d+ex)^7} + \frac{c(4Acde(5cd^2+3ae^2)-B(35c^2d^4+30acd^2e^2+3a^2e^4))}{6e^8(d+ex)^6} + \frac{c^2(35Bcd^3-15Acd^2e+15aBde^2-3aAe^3)}{5e^8(d+ex)^5} - \frac{3c^2(7Bcd^2-2Acde+aBe^2)}{4e^8(d+ex)^4} + \frac{c^3(7Bd-Ae)}{3e^8(d+ex)^3} - \frac{Bc^3}{2e^8(d+ex)^2}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{9}(-Ae+Bd)(a^2e+cd^2)^3/e^8/(e^8+x^8)^9 - \frac{1}{8}(a^2e+cd^2)^2(-6Acd+e+Bae^2+7Bcd^2)/e^8/(e^8+x^8)^8 + \frac{3}{7}c(a^2e+cd^2)(-Aae^3-5Acd^2e+3Bae^2+7Bcd^3)/e^8/(e^8+x^8)^7 + \frac{1}{6}c(4Acd+e)(3a^2e+5cd^2)-B(3a^2e^4+30a^2cd^2e^2+35c^2d^4)/e^8/(e^8+x^8)^6 + \frac{1}{5}c^2(-3Aae^3-15Acd^2e+15Bae^2+35Bcd^3)/e^8/(e^8+x^8)^5 - \frac{3}{4}c^2(-2Acd+e+Bae^2+7Bcd^2)/e^8/(e^8+x^8)^4 + \frac{1}{3}c^3(-Ae+7Bd)/e^8/(e^8+x^8)^3 - \frac{1}{2}Bc^3/e^8/(e^8+x^8)^2$$
Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{2Ae(140a^3e^6 + 15a^2ce^4(d^2 + 9dex + 36e^2x^2)) + 6ac^2e^2(d^4 + 9d^3ex + 36d^2e^2x^2 + 84de^3x^3 + 126e^4x^4)}{(d+ex)^{10}}$$

input

Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^10,x]

output

$$\frac{-1/2520*(2Ae*(140a^3e^6 + 15a^2ce^4*(d^2 + 9d*ex + 36e^2*x^2) + 6a^2c^2e^2*(d^4 + 9d^3*ex + 36d^2e^2*x^2 + 84d*e^3*x^3 + 126e^4*x^4) + 5c^3*(d^6 + 9d^5*ex + 36d^4e^2*x^2 + 84d^3e^3*x^3 + 126d^2e^4*x^4 + 126d*e^5*x^5 + 84e^6*x^6)) + 5B*(7a^3e^6*(d + 9e*x) + 3a^2ce^4*(d^3 + 9d^2*ex + 36d*e^2*x^2 + 84e^3*x^3) + 3a^2c^2e^2*(d^5 + 9d^4*ex + 36d^3e^2*x^2 + 84d^2e^3*x^3 + 126d*e^4*x^4 + 126e^5*x^5) + 7c^3*(d^7 + 9d^6*ex + 36d^5e^2*x^2 + 84d^4e^3*x^3 + 126d^3e^4*x^4 + 126d^2e^5*x^5 + 84d*e^6*x^6 + 36e^7*x^7))}{(e^8*(d + e*x)^9)}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{c(-3a^2Be^4 + 12aAcde^3 - 30aBcd^2e^2 + 20Ac^2d^3e - 35Bc^2d^4)}{e^7(d + ex)^7} - \frac{3c^2(-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 7Bcd^2)}{e^7(d + ex)^5} + \frac{c^2(3a^2e^4 + 6Acde^3 - 3Bcd^2e^2)}{e^7(d + ex)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{c(4Acde(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) - B(3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4))}{6e^8(d + ex)^6} - \frac{3c^2(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{4e^8(d + ex)^4} + \\ & \frac{c^2(-3aAe^3 + 15aBde^2 - 15Acd^2e + 35Bcd^3)}{5e^8(d + ex)^5} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(aBe^2 - 6Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{8e^8(d + ex)^8} + \\ & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3(Bd - Ae)}{9e^8(d + ex)^9} + \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 5Acd^2e + 7Bcd^3)}{7e^8(d + ex)^7} + \\ & \frac{c^3(7Bd - Ae)}{3e^8(d + ex)^3} - \frac{Bc^3}{2e^8(d + ex)^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^10,x]`

output `((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)/(9*e^8*(d + e*x)^9) - ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(8*e^8*(d + e*x)^8) + (3*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3))/(7*e^8*(d + e*x)^7) + (c*(4*A*c*d*e*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - B*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)))/(6*e^8*(d + e*x)^6) + (c^2*(35*B*c*d^3 - 15*A*c*d^2*e + 15*a*B*d*e^2 - 3*a*A*e^3))/(5*e^8*(d + e*x)^5) - (3*c^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(4*e^8*(d + e*x)^4) + (c^3*(7*B*d - A*e))/(3*e^8*(d + e*x)^3) - (B*c^3)/(2*e^8*(d + e*x)^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol]
:> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol]
:> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

method	result
risch	$-\frac{Bc^3x^7}{2e} - \frac{c^3(2Ae+7Bd)x^6}{6e^2} - \frac{c^2(2Acde+3Ba e^2+7Bc d^2)x^5}{4e^3} - \frac{c^2(12Aa e^3+10Ac d^2e+15Bad e^2+35Bc d^3)x^4}{20e^4} - \frac{c(12Aacd e^3+10A c^2d^3e^2+3B a^2c d^3e^4-3B a^2c d^3e^4-3B a^2c d^3e^4-3B a^2c d^3e^4)}{9e^8(ex+d)^9}$
default	$-\frac{c^3(Ae-7Bd)}{3e^8(ex+d)^3} + \frac{3c^2(2Acde-Ba e^2-7Bc d^2)}{4e^8(ex+d)^4} - \frac{Aa^3e^7+3Aa^2c d^2e^5+3Aa c^2d^4e^3+Ac^3d^6e-Ba^3d e^6-3Ba^2c d^3e^4-3B a^2c d^3e^4-3B a^2c d^3e^4-3B a^2c d^3e^4}{9e^8(ex+d)^9}$
norman	$-\frac{Bc^3x^7}{2e} - \frac{(2Ac^3e^2+7Bc^3de)x^6}{6e^3} - \frac{(2Ac^3de^2+3Be^3ac^2+7Bc^3d^2e)x^5}{4e^4} - \frac{(12Aa c^2e^4+10Ac^3d^2e^2+15Ba c^2de^3+35Bc^3d^3e)x^4}{20e^5} - \frac{c(12Aacd e^3+10A c^2d^3e^2+3B a^2c d^3e^4-3B a^2c d^3e^4-3B a^2c d^3e^4-3B a^2c d^3e^4)}{9e^8(ex+d)^9}$
gosper	$-\frac{1260Bx^7c^3e^7+840Ax^6c^3e^7+2940Bx^6c^3de^6+1260Ax^5c^3de^6+1890Bx^5ac^2e^7+4410Bx^5c^3d^2e^5+1512Ax^4ac^2e^7+1260Bx^4c^3d^2e^5+1260Bx^4c^3d^2e^5+1260Bx^4c^3d^2e^5+1260Bx^4c^3d^2e^5}{1260Bx^7c^3e^7+840Ax^6c^3e^7+2940Bx^6c^3de^6+1260Ax^5c^3de^6+1890Bx^5ac^2e^7+4410Bx^5c^3d^2e^5+1512Ax^4ac^2e^7+1260Bx^4c^3d^2e^5+1260Bx^4c^3d^2e^5+1260Bx^4c^3d^2e^5+1260Bx^4c^3d^2e^5}$
orering	$-\frac{1260Bx^7c^3e^7+840Ax^6c^3e^7+2940Bx^6c^3de^6+1260Ax^5c^3de^6+1890Bx^5ac^2e^7+4410Bx^5c^3d^2e^5+1512Ax^4ac^2e^7+1260Bx^4c^3d^2e^5+1260Bx^4c^3d^2e^5+1260Bx^4c^3d^2e^5+1260Bx^4c^3d^2e^5}{1260Bx^7c^3e^7+840Ax^6c^3e^7+2940Bx^6c^3de^6+1260Ax^5c^3de^6+1890Bx^5ac^2e^7+4410Bx^5c^3d^2e^5+1512Ax^4ac^2e^7+1260Bx^4c^3d^2e^5+1260Bx^4c^3d^2e^5+1260Bx^4c^3d^2e^5+1260Bx^4c^3d^2e^5}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{1260Bc^3x^7e^8+840Ac^3e^8x^6+2940Bc^3de^7x^6+1260Ac^3de^7x^5+1890Bac^2e^8x^5+4410Bc^3d^2e^6x^5+1512Aa c^2e^8x^4+1260Bc^3d^2e^6x^4+1260Bc^3d^2e^6x^4+1260Bc^3d^2e^6x^4+1260Bc^3d^2e^6x^4}{1260Bc^3x^7e^8+840Ac^3e^8x^6+2940Bc^3de^7x^6+1260Ac^3de^7x^5+1890Bac^2e^8x^5+4410Bc^3d^2e^6x^5+1512Aa c^2e^8x^4+1260Bc^3d^2e^6x^4+1260Bc^3d^2e^6x^4+1260Bc^3d^2e^6x^4+1260Bc^3d^2e^6x^4}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-1/2*B*c^3*x^7/e-1/6*c^3/e^2*(2*A*e+7*B*d)*x^6-1/4/e^3*c^2*(2*A*c*d*e+3*B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)*x^5-1/20/e^4*c^2*(12*A*a*e^3+10*A*c*d^2*e+15*B*a*d*e^2+35*B*c*d^3)*x^4-1/30*c/e^5*(12*A*a*c*d*e^3+10*A*c^2*d^3*e+15*B*a^2*e^4+15*B*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*B*c^2*d^4)*x^3-1/70*c/e^6*(30*A*a^2*e^5+12*A*a*c*d^2*e^3+10*A*c^2*d^4*e+15*B*a^2*d*e^4+15*B*a*c*d^3*e^2+35*B*c^2*d^5)*x^2-1/280/e^7*(30*A*a^2*c*d*e^5+12*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3+10*A*c^3*d^5*e+35*B*a^3*e^6+15*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+15*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+35*B*c^3*d^6)*x-1/2520/e^8*(280*A*a^3*e^7+30*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5+12*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3+10*A*c^3*d^6*e+35*B*a^3*d*e^6+15*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4+15*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2+35*B*c^3*d^7))/(e*x+d)^9
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 546, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{1260 Bc^3e^7x^7 + 35 Bc^3d^7 + 10 Ac^3d^6e + 15 Bac^2d^5e^2 + 12 Aac^2d^4e^3 + 15 Ba^2cd^3e^4 + 30 Aa^2cd^2e^5 + 30 Aa^2cd^2e^5 + 30 Aa^2cd^2e^5 + 30 Aa^2cd^2e^5}{1260 Bc^3e^7x^7 + 35 Bc^3d^7 + 10 Ac^3d^6e + 15 Bac^2d^5e^2 + 12 Aac^2d^4e^3 + 15 Ba^2cd^3e^4 + 30 Aa^2cd^2e^5 + 30 Aa^2cd^2e^5 + 30 Aa^2cd^2e^5 + 30 Aa^2cd^2e^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/2520*(1260*B*c^3*e^7*x^7 + 35*B*c^3*d^7 + 10*A*c^3*d^6*e + 15*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 12*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 15*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 30*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 35*B*a^3*d*e^6 + 280*A*a^3*e^7 + 420*(7*B*c^3*d*e^6 + 2*A*c^3*e^7)*x^6 + 630 \\ & *(7*B*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 2*A*c^3*d*e^6 + 3*B*a*c^2*e^7)*x^5 + 126*(35*B*c^3*d^3 \\ & *e^4 + 10*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 15*B*a*c^2*d*e^6 + 12*A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 84*(35*B \\ & *c^3*d^4*e^3 + 10*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 15*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 12*A*a*c^2*d*e^6 + \\ & 15*B*a^2*c*e^7)*x^3 + 36*(35*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 10*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 15*B*a*c^2 \\ & *d^3*e^4 + 12*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 15*B*a^2*c*d*e^6 + 30*A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 + \\ & 9*(35*B*c^3*d^6*e + 10*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 15*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 12*A*a*c^2*d^3 \\ & *e^4 + 15*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 30*A*a^2*c*d*e^6 + 35*B*a^3*e^7)*x)/(e^17*x^9 \\ & + 9*d*e^16*x^8 + 36*d^2*e^15*x^7 + 84*d^3*e^14*x^6 + 126*d^4*e^13*x^5 + 12 \\ & 6*d^5*e^12*x^4 + 84*d^6*e^11*x^3 + 36*d^7*e^10*x^2 + 9*d^8*e^9*x + d^9*e^8 \\ &) \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**10,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 546, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{1260 Bc^3e^7x^7 + 35 Bc^3d^7 + 10 Ac^3d^6e + 15 Bac^2d^5e^2 + 12 Aac^2d^4e^3 + 15 Ba^2cd^3e^4 + 30 Aa^2cd^2e^5 + 35 B^2a^2cd^2e^6 + 12 A^2a^2cd^2e^7}{(d+ex)^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -1/2520*(1260*B*c^3*e^7*x^7 + 35*B*c^3*d^7 + 10*A*c^3*d^6*e + 15*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 12*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 15*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 30*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 35*B*a^3*d*e^6 + 280*A*a^3*e^7 + 420*(7*B*c^3*d*e^6 + 2*A*c^3*e^7)*x^6 + 630 \\
 & *(7*B*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 2*A*c^3*d*e^6 + 3*B*a*c^2*e^7)*x^5 + 126*(35*B*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 10*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 15*B*a*c^2*d*e^6 + 12*A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 84*(35*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 10*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 15*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 12*A*a*c^2*d*e^6 + 15*B*a^2*c*e^7)*x^3 + 36*(35*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 10*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 15*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 12*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 15*B*a^2*c*d*e^6 + 30*A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 + \\
 & 9*(35*B*c^3*d^6*e + 10*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 15*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 12*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 15*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 30*A*a^2*c*d*e^6 + 35*B*a^3*e^7)*x)/(e^17*x^9 + 9*d*e^16*x^8 + 36*d^2*e^15*x^7 + 84*d^3*e^14*x^6 + 126*d^4*e^13*x^5 + 126*d^5*e^12*x^4 + 84*d^6*e^11*x^3 + 36*d^7*e^10*x^2 + 9*d^8*e^9*x + d^9*e^8)
 \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 488, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{1260 Bc^3e^7x^7 + 2940 Bc^3de^6x^6 + 840 Ac^3e^7x^6 + 4410 Bc^3d^2e^5x^5 + 1260 Ac^3de^6x^5 + 1890 Bac^2e^7x^5 + \dots}{(d + ex)^{10}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^10,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/2520*(1260*B*c^3*e^7*x^7 + 2940*B*c^3*d*e^6*x^6 + 840*A*c^3*e^7*x^6 + 4
410*B*c^3*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 1260*A*c^3*d*e^6*x^5 + 1890*B*a*c^2*e^7*x^5 + 4410
*B*c^3*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 1260*A*c^3*d^2*e^5*x^4 + 1890*B*a*c^2*d*e^6*x^4 + 151
2*A*a*c^2*e^7*x^4 + 2940*B*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 840*A*c^3*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 1260*
B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5*x^3 + 1008*A*a*c^2*d*e^6*x^3 + 1260*B*a^2*c*e^7*x^3 + 1260
*B*c^3*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 360*A*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^2 + 540*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 432
*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5*x^2 + 540*B*a^2*c*d*e^6*x^2 + 1080*A*a^2*c*e^7*x^2 + 315*
B*c^3*d^6*e*x + 90*A*c^3*d^5*e^2*x + 135*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3*x + 108*A*a*c^2*d
^3*e^4*x + 135*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5*x + 270*A*a^2*c*d*e^6*x + 315*B*a^3*e^7*x +
35*B*c^3*d^7 + 10*A*c^3*d^6*e + 15*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 12*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 +
15*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 30*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 35*B*a^3*d*e^6 + 280*A*a^3*e^7)
/((e*x + d)^9*e^8)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 513, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx =$$

$$\frac{35Ba^3de^6 + 280Aa^3e^7 + 15Ba^2cd^3e^4 + 30Aa^2cd^2e^5 + 15Bac^2d^5e^2 + 12Aac^2d^4e^3 + 35Bc^3d^7 + 10Ac^3d^6e}{2520e^8} + \frac{x(35Ba^3e^6 + 15Ba^2cde^5 + 15Bac^2d^4e^3 + 35Bc^3d^7 + 10Ac^3d^6e)}{2520e^8}$$

input

```
int(((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^10,x)
```

output

```
-((280*A*a^3*e^7 + 35*B*c^3*d^7 + 35*B*a^3*d*e^6 + 10*A*c^3*d^6*e + 12*A*a
*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 30*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 15*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 15*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^
4)/(2520*e^8) + (x*(35*B*a^3*e^6 + 35*B*c^3*d^6 + 10*A*c^3*d^5*e + 12*A*a*
c^2*d^3*e^3 + 15*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 15*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 30*A*a^2*c*d*e^5))
/(280*e^7) + (c^2*x^4*(12*A*a*e^3 + 35*B*c*d^3 + 15*B*a*d*e^2 + 10*A*c*d^2
*e))/(20*e^4) + (c*x^3*(15*B*a^2*e^4 + 35*B*c^2*d^4 + 10*A*c^2*d^3*e + 12*
A*a*c*d*e^3 + 15*B*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(30*e^5) + (c^3*x^6*(2*A*e + 7*B*d))/(6*e
^2) + (c^2*x^5*(3*B*a*e^2 + 7*B*c*d^2 + 2*A*c*d*e))/(4*e^3) + (c*x^2*(30*A
*a^2*e^5 + 35*B*c^2*d^5 + 15*B*a^2*d*e^4 + 10*A*c^2*d^4*e + 12*A*a*c*d^2*e
^3 + 15*B*a*c*d^3*e^2))/(70*e^6) + (B*c^3*x^7)/(2*e))/(d^9 + e^9*x^9 + 9*d
*e^8*x^8 + 36*d^7*e^2*x^2 + 84*d^6*e^3*x^3 + 126*d^5*e^4*x^4 + 126*d^4*e^5
*x^5 + 84*d^3*e^6*x^6 + 36*d^2*e^7*x^7 + 9*d^8*e*x)
```


$$3.78 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{11}} dx$$

Optimal result	672
Mathematica [A] (verified)	673
Rubi [A] (verified)	674
Maple [A] (verified)	675
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	676
Sympy [F(-1)]	676
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	677
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	677
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	678
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	679

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 334

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{11}} dx = & \frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^3}{10e^8(d+ex)^{10}} \\ & - \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(7Bcd^2 - 6Acde + aBe^2)}{9e^8(d+ex)^9} \\ & + \frac{3c(cd^2 + ae^2)(7Bcd^3 - 5Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)}{8e^8(d+ex)^8} \\ & + \frac{c(4Acde(5cd^2 + 3ae^2) - B(35c^2d^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4))}{7e^8(d+ex)^7} \\ & + \frac{c^2(35Bcd^3 - 15Acd^2e + 15aBde^2 - 3aAe^3)}{6e^8(d+ex)^6} \\ & - \frac{3c^2(7Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)}{5e^8(d+ex)^5} \\ & + \frac{c^3(7Bd - Ae)}{4e^8(d+ex)^4} - \frac{Bc^3}{3e^8(d+ex)^3} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/10*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^8/(e*x+d)^10-1/9*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(-6*A*c
*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)/e^8/(e*x+d)^9+3/8*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-A*a*e^3-5*A*c*
d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+7*B*c*d^3)/e^8/(e*x+d)^8+1/7*c*(4*A*c*d*e*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d
^2)-B*(3*a^2*e^4+30*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4))/e^8/(e*x+d)^7+1/6*c^2*(-3*A*a
*e^3-15*A*c*d^2*e+15*B*a*d*e^2+35*B*c*d^3)/e^8/(e*x+d)^6-3/5*c^2*(-2*A*c*d
*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)/e^8/(e*x+d)^5+1/4*c^3*(-A*e+7*B*d)/e^8/(e*x+d)^4-1/3
*B*c^3/e^8/(e*x+d)^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx = \frac{3Ae(84a^3e^6 + 7a^2ce^4(d^2 + 10dex + 45e^2x^2)) + 2ac^2e^2(d^4 + 10d^3ex + 45d^2e^2x^2 + 120de^3x^3 + 210e^4x^4)}{(d + ex)^{10}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^11,x]
```

output

```
-1/2520*(3*A*e*(84*a^3*e^6 + 7*a^2*c*e^4*(d^2 + 10*d*e*x + 45*e^2*x^2) + 2
*a*c^2*e^2*(d^4 + 10*d^3*e*x + 45*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 120*d*e^3*x^3 + 210*e^4*x^
4) + c^3*(d^6 + 10*d^5*e*x + 45*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 120*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 210*d^2*e^
4*x^4 + 252*d*e^5*x^5 + 210*e^6*x^6)) + B*(28*a^3*e^6*(d + 10*e*x) + 9*a^2
*c*e^4*(d^3 + 10*d^2*e*x + 45*d*e^2*x^2 + 120*e^3*x^3) + 6*a*c^2*e^2*(d^5
+ 10*d^4*e*x + 45*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 120*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 210*d*e^4*x^4 + 252*e^5*
x^5) + 7*c^3*(d^7 + 10*d^6*e*x + 45*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 120*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 210*d^
3*e^4*x^4 + 252*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 210*d*e^6*x^6 + 120*e^7*x^7)))/(e^8*(d + e*x
)^10)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{c(-3a^2Be^4 + 12aAcde^3 - 30aBcd^2e^2 + 20Ac^2d^3e - 35Bc^2d^4)}{e^7(d + ex)^8} - \frac{3c^2(-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 7Bcd^2)}{e^7(d + ex)^6} + \frac{c^2(3a}{e^7(d + ex)^6} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{c(4Acde(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) - B(3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4))}{7e^8(d + ex)^7} - \frac{3c^2(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{5e^8(d + ex)^5} + \frac{c^2(-3aAe^3 + 15aBde^2 - 15Acd^2e + 35Bcd^3)}{6e^8(d + ex)^6} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(aBe^2 - 6Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{9e^8(d + ex)^9} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3(Bd - Ae)}{10e^8(d + ex)^{10}} + \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 5Acd^2e + 7Bcd^3)}{8e^8(d + ex)^8} + \frac{c^3(7Bd - Ae)}{4e^8(d + ex)^4} - \frac{Bc^3}{3e^8(d + ex)^3}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^11,x]`

output `((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)/(10*e^8*(d + e*x)^10) - ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(9*e^8*(d + e*x)^9) + (3*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3))/(8*e^8*(d + e*x)^8) + (c*(4*A*c*d*e*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - B*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)))/(7*e^8*(d + e*x)^7) + (c^2*(35*B*c*d^3 - 15*A*c*d^2*e + 15*a*B*d*e^2 - 3*a*A*e^3))/(6*e^8*(d + e*x)^6) - (3*c^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(5*e^8*(d + e*x)^5) + (c^3*(7*B*d - A*e))/(4*e^8*(d + e*x)^4) - (B*c^3)/(3*e^8*(d + e*x)^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 652 Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{Bc^3x^7}{3e} - \frac{c^3(3Ae+7Bd)x^6}{12e^2} - \frac{c^2(3Acde+6Ba e^2+7Bc d^2)x^5}{10e^3} - \frac{c^2(6Aa e^3+3Ac d^2e+6Bad e^2+7Bc d^3)x^4}{12e^4} - \frac{c(6Aacd e^3+3A c^2 d^3 e+9B a^2 c^2 d^3)}{12e^5}}{e^{11}}$
default	$-\frac{Bc^3}{3e^8(ex+d)^3} - \frac{c^3(Ae-7Bd)}{4e^8(ex+d)^4} - \frac{-6Aa^2cde^5-12Aa c^2d^3e^3-6A c^3d^5e+B a^3e^6+9B a^2c d^2e^4+15B a c^2d^4e^2+7B c^3d^6}{9e^8(ex+d)^9}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{Bc^3x^7}{3e} - \frac{(3A c^3e^3+7B c^3d e^2)x^6}{12e^4} - \frac{(3A c^3d e^3+6B e^4a c^2+7B c^3d^2e^2)x^5}{10e^5} - \frac{(6Aa c^2e^5+3A c^3d^2e^3+6Ba c^2d e^4+7B c^3d^3e^2)x^4}{12e^6} - \frac{c(6Aacd e^3+3A c^2 d^3 e+9B a^2 c^2 d^3)}{12e^5}}{e^{11}}$
gosper	$-\frac{840B x^7c^3e^7+630A x^6c^3e^7+1470B x^6c^3de^6+756A x^5c^3de^6+1512B x^5ac^2e^7+1764B x^5c^3d^2e^5+1260A x^4ac^2e^7+630A x^4c^3d^2e^5}{e^{11}}$
orering	$-\frac{840B x^7c^3e^7+630A x^6c^3e^7+1470B x^6c^3de^6+756A x^5c^3de^6+1512B x^5ac^2e^7+1764B x^5c^3d^2e^5+1260A x^4ac^2e^7+630A x^4c^3d^2e^5}{e^{11}}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{840B c^3x^7e^9+630A c^3e^9x^6+1470B c^3de^8x^6+756A c^3de^8x^5+1512Ba c^2e^9x^5+1764B c^3d^2e^7x^5+1260Aa c^2e^9x^4+630A x^4c^3d^2e^5}{e^{11}}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^11,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-1/3*B*c^3*x^7/e-1/12*c^3/e^2*(3*A*e+7*B*d)*x^6-1/10*c^2/e^3*(3*A*c*d*e+6*B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)*x^5-1/12*c^2/e^4*(6*A*a*e^3+3*A*c*d^2*e+6*B*a*d*e^2+7*B*c*d^3)*x^4-1/21*c/e^5*(6*A*a*c*d*e^3+3*A*c^2*d^3*e+9*B*a^2*e^4+6*B*a*c*d^2*e^2+7*B*c^2*d^4)*x^3-1/56*c/e^6*(21*A*a^2*e^5+6*A*a*c*d^2*e^3+3*A*c^2*d^4*e+9*B*a^2*d*e^4+6*B*a*c*d^3*e^2+7*B*c^2*d^5)*x^2-1/252/e^7*(21*A*a^2*c*d*e^5+6*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3+3*A*c^3*d^5*e+28*B*a^3*e^6+9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+6*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+7*B*c^3*d^6)*x-1/2520/e^8*(252*A*a^3*e^7+21*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5+6*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3+3*A*c^3*d^6*e+28*B*a^3*d*e^6+9*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4+6*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2+7*B*c^3*d^7))/(e*x+d)^10
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 557, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx = \frac{840 Bc^3 e^7 x^7 + 7 Bc^3 d^7 + 3 Ac^3 d^6 e + 6 Bac^2 d^5 e^2 + 6 Aac^2 d^4 e^3 + 9 Ba^2 cd^3 e^4 + 21 Aa^2 cd^2 e^5 + 28 Ba^3 d^2 e^6 + 252 Aa^3 e^7 + 210(7Bc^3 d^2 e^6 + 3Ac^3 e^7)x^6 + 252(7Bc^3 d^2 e^5 + 3Ac^3 d^2 e^6 + 6Bac^2 d^2 e^7)x^5 + 210(7Bc^3 d^3 e^4 + 3Ac^3 d^2 e^5 + 6Bac^2 d^2 e^6 + 6Aa^2 c^2 e^7)x^4 + 120(7Bc^3 d^4 e^3 + 3Ac^3 d^3 e^4 + 6Bac^2 d^2 e^5 + 6Aa^2 c^2 d^2 e^6 + 9Bac^2 d^2 e^7)x^3 + 45(7Bc^3 d^5 e^2 + 3Ac^3 d^4 e^3 + 6Bac^2 d^3 e^4 + 6Aa^2 c^2 d^2 e^5 + 9Bac^2 d^2 e^6 + 21Aa^2 c^2 e^7)x^2 + 10(7Bc^3 d^6 e + 3Ac^3 d^5 e^2 + 6Bac^2 d^4 e^3 + 6Aa^2 c^2 d^3 e^4 + 9Bac^2 d^2 e^5 + 21Aa^2 c^2 d^2 e^6 + 28Bac^3 e^7)x}{(e^{18}x^{10} + 10d^2e^{17}x^9 + 45d^4e^{16}x^8 + 120d^3e^{15}x^7 + 210d^4e^{14}x^6 + 252d^5e^{13}x^5 + 210d^6e^{12}x^4 + 120d^7e^{11}x^3 + 45d^8e^{10}x^2 + 10d^9e^9x + d^{10}e^8)}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^11,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/2520*(840*B*c^3*e^7*x^7 + 7*B*c^3*d^7 + 3*A*c^3*d^6*e + 6*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 6*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 21*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 28*B*a^3*d*e^6 + 252*A*a^3*e^7 + 210*(7*B*c^3*d^2*e^6 + 3*A*c^3*e^7)*x^6 + 252*(7*B*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 3*A*c^3*d^2*e^6 + 6*B*a*c^2*e^7)*x^5 + 210*(7*B*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 3*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 6*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^6 + 6*A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 120*(7*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 3*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 6*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^6 + 9*B*a^2*c*e^7)*x^3 + 45*(7*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 3*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 6*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^6 + 21*A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 + 10*(7*B*c^3*d^6*e + 3*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 6*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 6*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 21*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^6 + 28*B*a^3*e^7)*x)/(e^18*x^10 + 10*d^2*e^17*x^9 + 45*d^4*e^16*x^8 + 120*d^3*e^15*x^7 + 210*d^4*e^14*x^6 + 252*d^5*e^13*x^5 + 210*d^6*e^12*x^4 + 120*d^7*e^11*x^3 + 45*d^8*e^10*x^2 + 10*d^9*e^9*x + d^10*e^8)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**11,x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 557, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx = \frac{840 Bc^3 e^7 x^7 + 7 Bc^3 d^7 + 3 Ac^3 d^6 e + 6 Bac^2 d^5 e^2 + 6 Aac^2 d^4 e^3 + 9 Ba^2 cd^3 e^4 + 21 Aa^2 cd^2 e^5 + 28 Ba^3 a^2}{(d + ex)^{11}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^11,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/2520*(840*B*c^3*e^7*x^7 + 7*B*c^3*d^7 + 3*A*c^3*d^6*e + 6*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 6*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 21*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 28*B*a^3*d*e^6 + 252*A*a^3*e^7 + 210*(7*B*c^3*d*e^6 + 3*A*c^3*e^7)*x^6 + 252*(7*B*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 3*A*c^3*d*e^6 + 6*B*a*c^2*e^7)*x^5 + 210*(7*B*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 3*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 6*B*a*c^2*d*e^6 + 6*A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 120*(7*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 3*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 6*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 6*A*a*c^2*d*e^6 + 9*B*a^2*c*e^7)*x^3 + 45*(7*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 3*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 6*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 9*B*a^2*c*d*e^6 + 21*A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 + 10*(7*B*c^3*d^6*e + 3*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 6*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 6*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 21*A*a^2*c*d*e^6 + 28*B*a^3*e^7)*x)/(e^18*x^10 + 10*d*e^17*x^9 + 45*d^2*e^16*x^8 + 120*d^3*e^15*x^7 + 210*d^4*e^14*x^6 + 252*d^5*e^13*x^5 + 210*d^6*e^12*x^4 + 120*d^7*e^11*x^3 + 45*d^8*e^10*x^2 + 10*d^9*e^9*x + d^10*e^8)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 488, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx = \frac{840 Bc^3 e^7 x^7 + 1470 Bc^3 d e^6 x^6 + 630 Ac^3 e^7 x^6 + 1764 Bc^3 d^2 e^5 x^5 + 756 Ac^3 d e^6 x^5 + 1512 Bac^2 e^7 x^5 + 1470 Bc^3 d^3 e^4 x^4 + 420 Ac^3 d^2 e^5 x^4 + 1080 Bc^3 d^4 e^3 x^3 + 252 Ac^3 d^3 e^4 x^3 + 360 Bc^3 d^5 e^2 x^2 + 720 Bc^3 d^6 e x + 1080 Bc^3 d^7}{(d + ex)^{11}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^11,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/2520*(840*B*c^3*e^7*x^7 + 1470*B*c^3*d*e^6*x^6 + 630*A*c^3*e^7*x^6 + 17
64*B*c^3*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 756*A*c^3*d*e^6*x^5 + 1512*B*a*c^2*e^7*x^5 + 1470*B
*c^3*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 630*A*c^3*d^2*e^5*x^4 + 1260*B*a*c^2*d*e^6*x^4 + 1260*A
*a*c^2*e^7*x^4 + 840*B*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 360*A*c^3*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 720*B*a*c
^2*d^2*e^5*x^3 + 720*A*a*c^2*d*e^6*x^3 + 1080*B*a^2*c*e^7*x^3 + 315*B*c^3*
d^5*e^2*x^2 + 135*A*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^2 + 270*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 270*A*a*c^
2*d^2*e^5*x^2 + 405*B*a^2*c*d*e^6*x^2 + 945*A*a^2*c*e^7*x^2 + 70*B*c^3*d^6
*e*x + 30*A*c^3*d^5*e^2*x + 60*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3*x + 60*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4*x +
90*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5*x + 210*A*a^2*c*d*e^6*x + 280*B*a^3*e^7*x + 7*B*c^3*d^7
+ 3*A*c^3*d^6*e + 6*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 6*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^3*e
^4 + 21*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 28*B*a^3*d*e^6 + 252*A*a^3*e^7)/((e*x + d)^10*e^
8)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 524, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx =$$

$$\frac{28Ba^3de^6 + 252Aa^3e^7 + 9Ba^2cd^3e^4 + 21Aa^2cd^2e^5 + 6Bac^2d^5e^2 + 6Aac^2d^4e^3 + 7Bc^3d^7 + 3Ac^3d^6e}{2520e^8} + \frac{x(28Ba^3e^6 + 9Ba^2cd^2e^5 + 6Bac^2d^5e^2 + 6Aac^2d^4e^3 + 7Bc^3d^7 + 3Ac^3d^6e)}{2520e^8}$$

input

```
int(((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^11,x)
```

output

```
-((252*A*a^3*e^7 + 7*B*c^3*d^7 + 28*B*a^3*d*e^6 + 3*A*c^3*d^6*e + 6*A*a*c^
2*d^4*e^3 + 21*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 6*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4)/(2
520*e^8) + (x*(28*B*a^3*e^6 + 7*B*c^3*d^6 + 3*A*c^3*d^5*e + 6*A*a*c^2*d^3*
e^3 + 6*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 21*A*a^2*c*d*e^5))/(252*e^7)
+ (c^2*x^4*(6*A*a*e^3 + 7*B*c*d^3 + 6*B*a*d*e^2 + 3*A*c*d^2*e))/(12*e^4)
+ (c*x^3*(9*B*a^2*e^4 + 7*B*c^2*d^4 + 3*A*c^2*d^3*e + 6*A*a*c*d*e^3 + 6*B*
a*c*d^2*e^2))/(21*e^5) + (c^3*x^6*(3*A*e + 7*B*d))/(12*e^2) + (c^2*x^5*(6*
B*a*e^2 + 7*B*c*d^2 + 3*A*c*d*e))/(10*e^3) + (c*x^2*(21*A*a^2*e^5 + 7*B*c^
2*d^5 + 9*B*a^2*d*e^4 + 3*A*c^2*d^4*e + 6*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 6*B*a*c*d^3*e^2)
)/(56*e^6) + (B*c^3*x^7)/(3*e))/(d^10 + e^10*x^10 + 10*d*e^9*x^9 + 45*d^8*
e^2*x^2 + 120*d^7*e^3*x^3 + 210*d^6*e^4*x^4 + 252*d^5*e^5*x^5 + 210*d^4*e^
6*x^6 + 120*d^3*e^7*x^7 + 45*d^2*e^8*x^8 + 10*d^9*e*x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 588, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-840bc^3e^7x^7 - 630ac^3e^7x^6 - 1470bc^3de^6x^6 - 1512abc^2e^7x^5 - 756ac^3de^6x^5 - 1764bc^3d^2e^5x^5 - 1260a$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^11,x)`

output

```
( - 252*a**4*e**7 - 28*a**3*b*d*e**6 - 280*a**3*b*e**7*x - 21*a**3*c*d**2*
e**5 - 210*a**3*c*d*e**6*x - 945*a**3*c*e**7*x**2 - 9*a**2*b*c*d**3*e**4 -
90*a**2*b*c*d**2*e**5*x - 405*a**2*b*c*d*e**6*x**2 - 1080*a**2*b*c*e**7*x
**3 - 6*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**3 - 60*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**4*x - 270*a**2*c**2*d**
2*e**5*x**2 - 720*a**2*c**2*d*e**6*x**3 - 1260*a**2*c**2*e**7*x**4 - 6*a*b
*c**2*d**5*e**2 - 60*a*b*c**2*d**4*e**3*x - 270*a*b*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**2 -
720*a*b*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**3 - 1260*a*b*c**2*d*e**6*x**4 - 1512*a*b*c**2*e
*7*x**5 - 3*a*c**3*d**6*e - 30*a*c**3*d**5*e**2*x - 135*a*c**3*d**4*e**3*x
**2 - 360*a*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**3 - 630*a*c**3*d**2*e**5*x**4 - 756*a*c**3*d
*e**6*x**5 - 630*a*c**3*e**7*x**6 - 7*b*c**3*d**7 - 70*b*c**3*d**6*e*x - 3
15*b*c**3*d**5*e**2*x**2 - 840*b*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**3 - 1470*b*c**3*d**3*e
*4*x**4 - 1764*b*c**3*d**2*e**5*x**5 - 1470*b*c**3*d*e**6*x**6 - 840*b*c**
3*e**7*x**7)/(2520*e**8*(d**10 + 10*d**9*e*x + 45*d**8*e**2*x**2 + 120*d**
7*e**3*x**3 + 210*d**6*e**4*x**4 + 252*d**5*e**5*x**5 + 210*d**4*e**6*x**6
+ 120*d**3*e**7*x**7 + 45*d**2*e**8*x**8 + 10*d*e**9*x**9 + e**10*x**10))
```


3.79 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^4}{a+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	680
Mathematica [A] (verified)	681
Rubi [A] (verified)	681
Maple [A] (verified)	682
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	683
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	684
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	685
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	686
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	687
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	687

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 240

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^4}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{e(4Bcd^3 + 6Acd^2e - 4aBde^2 - aAe^3)x}{c^2} + \frac{e^2(6Bcd^2 + 4Acde - aBe^2)x^2}{2c^2} + \frac{e^3(4Bd + Ae)x^3}{3c} + \frac{Be^4x^4}{4c} - \frac{(4aBde(cd^2 - ae^2) - A(c^2d^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{5/2}} + \frac{(4Acde(cd^2 - ae^2) + B(c^2d^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)) \log(a + cx^2)}{2c^3}$$

output

```
e*(-A*a*e^3+6*A*c*d^2*e-4*B*a*d*e^2+4*B*c*d^3)*x/c^2+1/2*e^2*(4*A*c*d*e-B*a*e^2+6*B*c*d^2)*x^2/c^2+1/3*e^3*(A*e+4*B*d)*x^3/c+1/4*B*e^4*x^4/c-(4*a*B*d*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)-A*(a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4))*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(5/2)+1/2*(4*A*c*d*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)+B*(a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4))*ln(c*x^2+a)/c^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^4}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(4aBde(-cd^2 + ae^2) + A(c^2d^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{cex(-12aAe^3 - 6aBe^2(8d + ex) + 4Ace(18d^2 + 6dex + e^2x^2) + Bc(48d^3 + 36d^2ex + 16de^2x^2 + 3e^3x^3))}{12c^3}}{\sqrt{ac^{5/2}}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^4)/(a + c*x^2), x]`output `((4*a*B*d*e*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2) + A*(c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*c^(5/2)) + (c*e*x*(-12*a*A*e^3 - 6*a*B*e^2*(8*d + e*x) + 4*A*c*e*(18*d^2 + 6*d*e*x + e^2*x^2) + B*c*(48*d^3 + 36*d^2*e*x + 16*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*e^3*x^3)) + 6*(4*A*c*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2) + B*(c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4))*Log[a + c*x^2])/(12*c^3)`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^4}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 657$$

$$\int \left(\frac{x(B(a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) + 4Acde(cd^2 - ae^2)) + A(a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) - 4aBde(cd^2 - ae^2)}{c^2(a + cx^2)} + \frac{e^2x^3}{12c^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (4aBde(cd^2 - ae^2) - A(a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4))}{\sqrt{ac^5/2}} + \\
 & \frac{\log(a + cx^2) (B(a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) + 4Acde(cd^2 - ae^2))}{2c^2} + \\
 & \frac{e^2x^2(-aBe^2 + 4Acde + 6Bcd^2)}{2c^2} + \frac{2c^3}{c^2} \frac{ex(-aAe^3 - 4aBde^2 + 6Acd^2e + 4Bcd^3)}{c^2} + \\
 & \frac{e^3x^3(Ae + 4Bd)}{3c} + \frac{Be^4x^4}{4c}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^4)/(a + c*x^2), x]
```

```
output (e*(4*B*c*d^3 + 6*A*c*d^2*e - 4*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*x)/c^2 + (e^2*(6*B*c*d^2 + 4*A*c*d*e - a*B*e^2)*x^2)/(2*c^2) + (e^3*(4*B*d + A*e)*x^3)/(3*c) + (B*e^4*x^4)/(4*c) - (((4*a*B*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2) - A*(c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*c^(5/2)) + ((4*A*c*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2) + B*(c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4))*Log[a + c*x^2])/(2*c^3)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 657 Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.))/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
default	$-\frac{e\left(-\frac{1}{4}Bcx^4e^3 - \frac{1}{3}Ax^3ce^3 - \frac{4}{3}Bx^3cde^2 - 2Ax^2cde^2 + \frac{1}{2}Bx^2ae^3 - 3Bx^2cd^2e + Aae^3x - 6Acd^2ex + 4Bad^2e^2x - 4Bcd^3x\right)}{c^2} + \frac{(-4}{c^2}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-e/c^2*(-1/4*B*c*x^4*e^3-1/3*A*x^3*c*e^3-4/3*B*x^3*c*d*e^2-2*A*x^2*c*d*e^2+1/2*B*x^2*a*e^3-3*B*x^2*c*d^2*e+A*a*e^3*x-6*A*c*d^2*e*x+4*B*a*d*e^2*x-4*B*c*d^3*x)+1/c^2*(1/2*(-4*A*a*c*d*e^3+4*A*c^2*d^3*e+B*a^2*e^4-6*B*a*c*d^2*e^2+B*c^2*d^4)/c*\ln(c*x^2+a)+(A*a^2*e^4-6*A*a*c*d^2*e^2+A*c^2*d^4+4*B*a^2*d*e^3-4*B*a*c*d^3*e)/(a*c)^(1/2)*\arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2)))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 550, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^4}{a+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3Bac^2e^4x^4 + 4(4Bac^2de^3 + Aac^2e^4)x^3 + 6(6Bac^2d^2e^2 + 4Aac^2de^3 - Ba^2ce^4)x^2 - 6(Ac^2d^4 - 4Bac^2d^3e - 6Aa^2cde^2 + 4Aa^2c^2d^3e + Aa^2e^4)\sqrt{-ac}\log((cx^2 - 2\sqrt{-ac}x - a)/(cx^2 + a)) + 12(4Baa^2c^2d^3e + 6Aaa^2c^2d^2e^2 - 4Baa^2c^2d^2e^3 - Aaa^2c^2e^4)x + 6(Baa^2c^2d^4 + 4Aaa^2c^2d^3e - 6Baa^2c^2d^2e^2 - 4Aaa^2c^2d^2e^3 + Baa^3e^4)\log(cx^2 + a)}{(ac^3)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$[1/12*(3*B*a*c^2*e^4*x^4 + 4*(4*B*a*c^2*d*e^3 + A*a*c^2*e^4)*x^3 + 6*(6*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 4*A*a*c^2*d*e^3 - B*a^2*c*e^4)*x^2 - 6*(A*c^2*d^4 - 4*B*a*c*d^3*e - 6*A*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 4*B*a^2*d*e^3 + A*a^2*e^4)*\sqrt{-a*c}*\log((c*x^2 - 2*\sqrt{-a*c}*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) + 12*(4*B*a*c^2*d^3*e + 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 4*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 - A*a^2*c*e^4)*x + 6*(B*a*c^2*d^4 + 4*A*a*c^2*d^3*e - 6*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + B*a^3*e^4)*\log(c*x^2 + a)]/(a*c^3), 1/12*(3*B*a*c^2*e^4*x^4 + 4*(4*B*a*c^2*d*e^3 + A*a*c^2*e^4)*x^3 + 6*(6*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 4*A*a*c^2*d*e^3 - B*a^2*c*e^4)*x^2 + 12*(A*c^2*d^4 - 4*B*a*c*d^3*e - 6*A*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 4*B*a^2*d*e^3 + A*a^2*e^4)*\sqrt{a*c}*\arctan(\sqrt{a*c}*x/a) + 12*(4*B*a*c^2*d^3*e + 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 4*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 - A*a^2*c*e^4)*x + 6*(B*a*c^2*d^4 + 4*A*a*c^2*d^3*e - 6*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + B*a^3*e^4)*\log(c*x^2 + a)]/(a*c^3)]$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 908 vs. $2(236) = 472$.

Time = 1.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 908, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.78

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^4}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{Be^4x^4}{4c} + x^3 \left(\frac{Ae^4}{3c} + \frac{4Bde^3}{3c} \right) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{2Ade^3}{c} - \frac{Bae^4}{2c^2} + \frac{3Bd^2e^2}{c} \right) + x \left(-\frac{Aae^4}{c^2} + \frac{6Ad^2e^2}{c} - \frac{4Bade^3}{c^2} + \frac{4Bd^3e}{c} \right) + \left(\frac{-4Aacde^3 + 4Ac^2d^3e + Ba^2e^4 - 6Bacd^2e^2 + Bc^2d^4}{2c^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac^7}(Aa^2e^4 - 6Aacd^2e^2 + Ac^2d^4 + 4Ba^2de^3 - 4Bacd^3e)}{2ac^6} \right) \log \left(x + \frac{4Aa^2cde^3 - 4Aac^2d^3e - Ba^3}{2ac^6} \right) + \left(\frac{-4Aacde^3 + 4Ac^2d^3e + Ba^2e^4 - 6Bacd^2e^2 + Bc^2d^4}{2c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-ac^7}(Aa^2e^4 - 6Aacd^2e^2 + Ac^2d^4 + 4Ba^2de^3 - 4Bacd^3e)}{2ac^6} \right) \log \left(x + \frac{4Aa^2cde^3 - 4Aac^2d^3e - Ba^3}{2ac^6} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**4/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output

```

B***4*x**4/(4*c) + x**3*(A***4/(3*c) + 4*B*d***3/(3*c)) + x**2*(2*A*d***
**3/c - B*a***4/(2*c**2) + 3*B*d***2*e**2/c) + x*(-A*a***4/c**2 + 6*A*d***
2*e**2/c - 4*B*a*d***3/c**2 + 4*B*d***3*e/c) + ((-4*A*a*c*d***3 + 4*A*c**
2*d***3*e + B*a**2*e**4 - 6*B*a*c*d***2*e**2 + B*c**2*d***4)/(2*c**3) - sqrt(
-a*c**7)*(A*a**2*e**4 - 6*A*a*c*d***2*e**2 + A*c**2*d***4 + 4*B*a**2*d***3
- 4*B*a*c*d***3*e)/(2*a*c**6))*log(x + (4*A*a**2*c*d***3 - 4*A*a*c**2*d***3
*e - B*a**3*e**4 + 6*B*a**2*c*d***2*e**2 - B*a*c**2*d***4 + 2*a*c**3*((-4*A*
a*c*d***3 + 4*A*c**2*d***3*e + B*a**2*e**4 - 6*B*a*c*d***2*e**2 + B*c**2*d*
**4)/(2*c**3) - sqrt(-a*c**7)*(A*a**2*e**4 - 6*A*a*c*d***2*e**2 + A*c**2*d**
4 + 4*B*a**2*d***3 - 4*B*a*c*d***3*e)/(2*a*c**6)))/(A*a**2*c*e**4 - 6*A*a*
c**2*d***2*e**2 + A*c**3*d***4 + 4*B*a**2*c*d***3 - 4*B*a*c**2*d***3*e)) + (
(-4*A*a*c*d***3 + 4*A*c**2*d***3*e + B*a**2*e**4 - 6*B*a*c*d***2*e**2 + B*c
**2*d***4)/(2*c**3) + sqrt(-a*c**7)*(A*a**2*e**4 - 6*A*a*c*d***2*e**2 + A*c*
**2*d***4 + 4*B*a**2*d***3 - 4*B*a*c*d***3*e)/(2*a*c**6))*log(x + (4*A*a**2*
c*d***3 - 4*A*a*c**2*d***3*e - B*a**3*e**4 + 6*B*a**2*c*d***2*e**2 - B*a*c*
**2*d***4 + 2*a*c**3*((-4*A*a*c*d***3 + 4*A*c**2*d***3*e + B*a**2*e**4 - 6*B
*a*c*d***2*e**2 + B*c**2*d***4)/(2*c**3) + sqrt(-a*c**7)*(A*a**2*e**4 - 6*A*
a*c*d***2*e**2 + A*c**2*d***4 + 4*B*a**2*d***3 - 4*B*a*c*d***3*e)/(2*a*c**6)
)))/(A*a**2*c*e**4 - 6*A*a*c**2*d***2*e**2 + A*c**3*d***4 + 4*B*a**2*c*d***3
- 4*B*a*c**2*d***3*e))

```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^4}{a + cx^2} dx \\
&= \frac{(Ac^2d^4 - 4Bacd^3e - 6Aacd^2e^2 + 4Ba^2de^3 + Aa^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{acc^2}} \\
&+ \frac{3Bce^4x^4 + 4(4Bcde^3 + Ace^4)x^3 + 6(6Bcd^2e^2 + 4Acde^3 - Bae^4)x^2 + 12(4Bcd^3e + 6Acd^2e^2 - 4Bcd^2e^2 + 4Acde^3 - Bae^4)x + 12c^2}{12c^2} \\
&+ \frac{(Bc^2d^4 + 4Ac^2d^3e - 6Bacd^2e^2 - 4Aacde^3 + Ba^2e^4) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2c^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(A*c^2*d^4 - 4*B*a*c*d^3*e - 6*A*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 4*B*a^2*d*e^3 + A*a^2*e^4)*
arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*c^2) + 1/12*(3*B*c*e^4*x^4 + 4*(4*B*c*d*e
^3 + A*c*e^4)*x^3 + 6*(6*B*c*d^2*e^2 + 4*A*c*d*e^3 - B*a*e^4)*x^2 + 12*(4*
B*c*d^3*e + 6*A*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*B*a*d*e^3 - A*a*e^4)*x)/c^2 + 1/2*(B*c^2*d^4
+ 4*A*c^2*d^3*e - 6*B*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*A*a*c*d*e^3 + B*a^2*e^4)*log(c*x^2
+ a)/c^3
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^4}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(Ac^2d^4 - 4Bacd^3e - 6Aacd^2e^2 + 4Ba^2de^3 + Aa^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right) + (Bc^2d^4 + 4Ac^2d^3e - 6Bacd^2e^2 - 4Aacde^3 + Ba^2e^4) \log(cx^2 + a) + \frac{3Bc^3e^4x^4 + 16Bc^3de^3x^3 + 4Ac^3e^4x^3 + 36Bc^3d^2e^2x^2 + 24Ac^3de^3x^2 - 6Bac^2e^4x^2 + 48Bc^3d^3ex + 72Aac^3d^2e^2x - 48B*a*c^2*d*e^3*x - 12*A*a*c^2*e^4*x}{12c^4}}{\sqrt{acc^2}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(A*c^2*d^4 - 4*B*a*c*d^3*e - 6*A*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 4*B*a^2*d*e^3 + A*a^2*e^4)*
arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*c^2) + 1/2*(B*c^2*d^4 + 4*A*c^2*d^3*e - 6
*B*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*A*a*c*d*e^3 + B*a^2*e^4)*log(c*x^2 + a)/c^3 + 1/12*(3*B
*c^3*e^4*x^4 + 16*B*c^3*d*e^3*x^3 + 4*A*c^3*e^4*x^3 + 36*B*c^3*d^2*e^2*x^2
+ 24*A*c^3*d*e^3*x^2 - 6*B*a*c^2*e^4*x^2 + 48*B*c^3*d^3*e*x + 72*A*c^3*d^
2*e^2*x - 48*B*a*c^2*d*e^3*x - 12*A*a*c^2*e^4*x)/c^4
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^4}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{x^3 (Ae^4 + 4Bde^3)}{3c} - x \left(\frac{a(Ae^4 + 4Bde^3)}{c^2} - \frac{2d^2e(3Ae + 2Bd)}{c} \right) - x^2 \left(\frac{Ba^2e^4}{2c^2} - \frac{de^2(2Ae + 3Bd)}{c} \right) + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (4Ba^2de^3 + Aa^2e^4 - 4Bac d^3e - 6Aacd^2e^2 + Ac^2d^4)}{\sqrt{a}c^{5/2}} + \frac{\ln(cx^2 + a) (4Ba^3c^3e^4 - 24Ba^2c^4d^2e^2 - 16Aa^2c^4de^3 + 4Bac^5d^4 + 16Aac^5d^3e)}{8ac^6} + \frac{Be^4x^4}{4c}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^4)/(a + c*x^2),x)`output
$$\frac{(x^3(Ae^4 + 4Bde^3))/(3c) - x((a(Ae^4 + 4Bde^3))/c^2 - (2d^2e(3Ae + 2Bd))/c) - x^2((Ba^2e^4)/(2c^2) - (de^2(2Ae + 3Bd))/c) + (\operatorname{atan}((c^{1/2}*x)/a^{1/2})*(Aa^2e^4 + Ac^2d^4 + 4Ba^2de^3 - 4Ba^2cd^3e - 6Aa^2cd^2e^2))/(a^{1/2}*c^{5/2}) + (\log(a + c*x^2)*(4Ba^3c^3e^4 + 4Bac^5d^4 + 4Bac^5d^3e - 16Aa^2c^4de^3 - 24Ba^2c^4d^2e^2 + 16Aa^2c^5d^3e))/(8ac^6) + (Be^4*x^4)/(4c)}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^4}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{12\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2e^4 + 48\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) abde^3 - 72\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) acd^2e^2 - 48\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a),x)`

output

```
(12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*e**4 + 48*sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*d*e**3 - 72*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan(
(c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 48*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sq
rt(c)*sqrt(a)))*b*c*d**3*e + 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a
)))*c**2*d**4 + 6*log(a + c*x**2)*a**2*b*e**4 - 24*log(a + c*x**2)*a**2*c*
d*e**3 - 36*log(a + c*x**2)*a*b*c*d**2*e**2 + 24*log(a + c*x**2)*a*c**2*d*
*3*e + 6*log(a + c*x**2)*b*c**2*d**4 - 12*a**2*c*e**4*x - 48*a*b*c*d*e**3*
x - 6*a*b*c*e**4*x**2 + 72*a*c**2*d**2*e**2*x + 24*a*c**2*d*e**3*x**2 + 4*
a*c**2*e**4*x**3 + 48*b*c**2*d**3*e*x + 36*b*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 16*b*c*
*2*d*e**3*x**3 + 3*b*c**2*e**4*x**4)/(12*c**3)
```

3.80 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^3}{a+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	689
Mathematica [A] (verified)	690
Rubi [A] (verified)	690
Maple [A] (verified)	691
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	692
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	692
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	694
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	694
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	695
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	696

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^3}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{e(3Bcd^2 + 3Acde - aBe^2)x}{c^2} + \frac{e^2(3Bd + Ae)x^2}{2c} + \frac{Be^3x^3}{3c} + \frac{(Acd(cd^2 - 3ae^2) - aBe(3cd^2 - ae^2)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{5/2}} + \frac{(Bcd^3 + 3Acd^2e - 3aBde^2 - aAe^3) \log(a + cx^2)}{2c^2}$$

output

```
e*(3*A*c*d*e-B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)*x/c^2+1/2*e^2*(A*e+3*B*d)*x^2/c+1/3*B*e^3*x^3/c+(A*c*d*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)-a*B*e*(-a*e^2+3*c*d^2))*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(5/2)+1/2*(-A*a*e^3+3*A*c*d^2*e-3*B*a*d*e^2+B*c*d^3)*ln(c*x^2+a)/c^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^3}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{(Acd(cd^2 - 3ae^2) + aBe(-3cd^2 + ae^2)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{ex(-6aBe^2 + 3Ace(6d + ex) + Bc(18d^2 + 9dex + 2e^2x^2)) + 3(Bcd^3 + 3Acd^2e - 3aBde^2 - aAe^3) \log}{6c^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^3)/(a + c*x^2),x]
```

output

```
((A*c*d*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) + a*B*e*(-3*c*d^2 + a*e^2))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*c^(5/2)) + (e*x*(-6*a*B*e^2 + 3*A*c*e*(6*d + e*x) + B*c*(18*d^2 + 9*d*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2)) + 3*(B*c*d^3 + 3*A*c*d^2*e - 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*Log[a + c*x^2])/(6*c^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^3}{a + cx^2} dx$$

↓ 657

$$\int \left(\frac{e(-aBe^2 + 3Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{c^2} + \frac{cx(-aAe^3 - 3aBde^2 + 3Acd^2e + Bcd^3) + Acd(cd^2 - 3ae^2) - aBe(3cd^2 - 3ae^2)}{c^2(a + cx^2)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (Acd(cd^2 - 3ae^2) - aBe(3cd^2 - ae^2))}{\sqrt{ac}c^{5/2}} + \frac{ex(-aBe^2 + 3Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{c^2} + \frac{\log(a + cx^2) (-aAe^3 - 3aBde^2 + 3Acd^2e + Bcd^3)}{2c^2} + \frac{e^2x^2(Ae + 3Bd)}{2c} + \frac{Be^3x^3}{3c}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^3)/(a + c*x^2), x]`

output `(e*(3*B*c*d^2 + 3*A*c*d*e - a*B*e^2)*x)/c^2 + (e^2*(3*B*d + A*e)*x^2)/(2*c) + (B*e^3*x^3)/(3*c) + ((A*c*d*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) - a*B*e*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*c^(5/2)) + ((B*c*d^3 + 3*A*c*d^2*e - 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*Log[a + c*x^2])/(2*c^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 657 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$\frac{e(\frac{1}{3}Bcx^3e^2 + \frac{1}{2}Ace^2x^2 + \frac{3}{2}Bcde x^2 + 3Acde x - Ba e^2x + 3Bcd^2x)}{c^2} + \frac{(-Aace^3 + 3Ac^2d^2e - 3Bacde^2 + Bc^2d^3) \ln(cx^2 + a)}{2c} + \frac{(-3Aacde^3)}{c^2}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
e/c^2*(1/3*B*c*x^3*e^2+1/2*A*c*e^2*x^2+3/2*B*c*d*e*x^2+3*A*c*d*e*x-B*a*e^2
*x+3*B*c*d^2*x)+1/c^2*(1/2*(-A*a*c*e^3+3*A*c^2*d^2*e-3*B*a*c*d*e^2+B*c^2*d
^3)/c*ln(c*x^2+a)+(-3*A*a*c*d*e^2+A*c^2*d^3+B*a^2*e^3-3*B*a*c*d^2*e)/(a*c)
^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 398, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^3}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2 Bac^2 e^3 x^3 + 3(3 Bac^2 de^2 + Aac^2 e^3)x^2 - 3(Ac^2 d^3 - 3 Bacd^2 e - 3 Aacde^2 + Ba^2 e^3)\sqrt{-ac} \log\left(\frac{cx^2 - 2\sqrt{-ac}x - a}{cx^2 + a}\right)}{a^2 c^3} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/6*(2*B*a*c^2*e^3*x^3 + 3*(3*B*a*c^2*d*e^2 + A*a*c^2*e^3)*x^2 - 3*(A*c^2
*d^3 - 3*B*a*c*d^2*e - 3*A*a*c*d*e^2 + B*a^2*e^3)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 -
2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) + 6*(3*B*a*c^2*d^2*e + 3*A*a*c^2*d*e^2 -
B*a^2*c*e^3)*x + 3*(B*a*c^2*d^3 + 3*A*a*c^2*d^2*e - 3*B*a^2*c*d*e^2 - A*a^
2*c*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c^3), 1/6*(2*B*a*c^2*e^3*x^3 + 3*(3*B*a*c^2*d*
e^2 + A*a*c^2*e^3)*x^2 + 6*(A*c^2*d^3 - 3*B*a*c*d^2*e - 3*A*a*c*d*e^2 + B*
a^2*e^3)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) + 6*(3*B*a*c^2*d^2*e + 3*A*a*c^2*
d*e^2 - B*a^2*c*e^3)*x + 3*(B*a*c^2*d^3 + 3*A*a*c^2*d^2*e - 3*B*a^2*c*d*e^
2 - A*a^2*c*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c^3)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 641 vs. 2(170) = 340.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 641, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.84

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^3}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{Be^3x^3}{3c} + x^2 \left(\frac{Ae^3}{2c} + \frac{3Bde^2}{2c} \right) + x \left(\frac{3Ade^2}{c} - \frac{Bae^3}{c^2} + \frac{3Bd^2e}{c} \right) + \left(-\frac{Aae^3 - 3Acd^2e + 3Bade^2 - Bcd^3}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac^5}(-3Aacde^2 + Ac^2d^3 + Ba^2e^3 - 3Bacd^2e)}{2ac^5} \right) \log \left(x + \frac{Aa^2e^3 - 3Aacd^2e + 3Ba^2de^2 - Bacd^3 - 3Aacde^2 + Ac^2d^3 + Ba^2e^3 - 3Bacd^2e}{-3Aac^2d^2e + 3Bade^2 - Bcd^3} \right) + \left(-\frac{Aae^3 - 3Acd^2e + 3Bade^2 - Bcd^3}{2c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-ac^5}(-3Aacde^2 + Ac^2d^3 + Ba^2e^3 - 3Bacd^2e)}{2ac^5} \right) \log \left(x + \frac{Aa^2e^3 - 3Aacd^2e + 3Ba^2de^2 - Bacd^3 - 3Aacde^2 + Ac^2d^3 + Ba^2e^3 - 3Bacd^2e}{-3Aac^2d^2e + 3Bade^2 - Bcd^3} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**3/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output

```
B*e**3*x**3/(3*c) + x**2*(A*e**3/(2*c) + 3*B*d*e**2/(2*c)) + x*(3*A*d*e**2/c - B*a*e**3/c**2 + 3*B*d**2*e/c) + (- (A*a*e**3 - 3*A*c*d**2*e + 3*B*a*d*e**2 - B*c*d**3)/(2*c**2) - sqrt(-a*c**5)*(-3*A*a*c*d*e**2 + A*c**2*d**3 + B*a**2*e**3 - 3*B*a*c*d**2*e)/(2*a*c**5))*log(x + (A*a**2*e**3 - 3*A*a*c*d**2*e + 3*B*a**2*d*e**2 - B*a*c*d**3 + 2*a*c**2*(-(A*a*e**3 - 3*A*c*d**2*e + 3*B*a*d*e**2 - B*c*d**3)/(2*c**2) - sqrt(-a*c**5)*(-3*A*a*c*d*e**2 + A*c**2*d**3 + B*a**2*e**3 - 3*B*a*c*d**2*e)/(2*a*c**5)))/(-3*A*a*c*d*e**2 + A*c**2*d**3 + B*a**2*e**3 - 3*B*a*c*d**2*e)) + (- (A*a*e**3 - 3*A*c*d**2*e + 3*B*a*d*e**2 - B*c*d**3)/(2*c**2) + sqrt(-a*c**5)*(-3*A*a*c*d*e**2 + A*c**2*d**3 + B*a**2*e**3 - 3*B*a*c*d**2*e)/(2*a*c**5))*log(x + (A*a**2*e**3 - 3*A*a*c*d**2*e + 3*B*a**2*d*e**2 - B*a*c*d**3 + 2*a*c**2*(-(A*a*e**3 - 3*A*c*d**2*e + 3*B*a*d*e**2 - B*c*d**3)/(2*c**2) + sqrt(-a*c**5)*(-3*A*a*c*d*e**2 + A*c**2*d**3 + B*a**2*e**3 - 3*B*a*c*d**2*e)/(2*a*c**5)))/(-3*A*a*c*d*e**2 + A*c**2*d**3 + B*a**2*e**3 - 3*B*a*c*d**2*e))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^3}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(Bcd^3 + 3Acd^2e - 3Bade^2 - Aae^3) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(Ac^2d^3 - 3Bacd^2e - 3Aacde^2 + Ba^2e^3) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{acc^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2Bce^3x^3 + 3(3Bcde^2 + Ace^3)x^2 + 6(3Bcd^2e + 3Acde^2 - Bae^3)x}{6c^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(B*c*d^3 + 3*A*c*d^2*e - 3*B*a*d*e^2 - A*a*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a)/c^2 + (A*c^2*d^3 - 3*B*a*c*d^2*e - 3*A*a*c*d*e^2 + B*a^2*e^3)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*c^2) + 1/6*(2*B*c*e^3*x^3 + 3*(3*B*c*d*e^2 + A*c*e^3)*x^2 + 6*(3*B*c*d^2*e + 3*A*c*d*e^2 - B*a*e^3)*x)/c^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^3}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(Bcd^3 + 3Acd^2e - 3Bade^2 - Aae^3) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(Ac^2d^3 - 3Bacd^2e - 3Aacde^2 + Ba^2e^3) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{acc^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2Bc^2e^3x^3 + 9Bc^2de^2x^2 + 3Ac^2e^3x^2 + 18Bc^2d^2ex + 18Ac^2de^2x - 6Bace^3x}{6c^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/2*(B*c*d^3 + 3*A*c*d^2*e - 3*B*a*d*e^2 - A*a*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a)/c^2 + (
A*c^2*d^3 - 3*B*a*c*d^2*e - 3*A*a*c*d*e^2 + B*a^2*e^3)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c
))/sqrt(a*c)*c^2) + 1/6*(2*B*c^2*e^3*x^3 + 9*B*c^2*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*A*c^2*e^
3*x^2 + 18*B*c^2*d^2*e*x + 18*A*c^2*d*e^2*x - 6*B*a*c*e^3*x)/c^3
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^3}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$= x \left(\frac{3de(Ae + Bd)}{c} - \frac{Bae^3}{c^2} \right) + \frac{x^2(Ae^3 + 3Bde^2)}{2c}$$

$$+ \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (Ba^2e^3 - 3Bacd^2e - 3Aacde^2 + Aa^2d^3)}{\sqrt{a}c^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(cx^2 + a) (-12Ba^2c^3de^2 - 4Aa^2c^3e^3 + 4Bac^4d^3 + 12Aac^4d^2e)}{8ac^5}$$

$$+ \frac{Be^3x^3}{3c}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^3)/(a + c*x^2),x)
```

output

```
x*((3*d*e*(A*e + B*d))/c - (B*a*e^3)/c^2) + (x^2*(A*e^3 + 3*B*d*e^2))/(2*c
) + (atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2))*(A*c^2*d^3 + B*a^2*e^3 - 3*A*a*c*d*e^2 - 3*
B*a*c*d^2*e))/(a^(1/2)*c^(5/2)) + (log(a + c*x^2)*(4*B*a*c^4*d^3 - 4*A*a^2
*c^3*e^3 - 12*B*a^2*c^3*d*e^2 + 12*A*a*c^4*d^2*e))/(8*a*c^5) + (B*e^3*x^3
)/(3*c)
```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^3}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) abe^3 - 18\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) acd e^2 - 18\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) bcd^2 e + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 d^3 - 3\log(a + cx^2) a^2 c e^3 - 9\log(a + cx^2) a^2 b c d e^2 + 9\log(a + cx^2) a^2 c^2 d^2 e + 3\log(a + cx^2) b c^2 d^3 - 6a^2 b c e^3 x + 18a^2 c^2 d e^2 x + 3a^2 c^3 e^3 x^2 + 18b c^2 d^2 e^2 x + 9b c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 2b c^2 e^3 x^3}{6c^3}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a),x)
```

output

```
(6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*e**3 - 18*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c*d*e**2 - 18*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*b*c*d**2*e + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**2*d**3 - 3*log(a + c*x**2)*a**2*c*e**3 - 9*log(a + c*x**2)*a**2*b*c*d*e**2 + 9*log(a + c*x**2)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e + 3*log(a + c*x**2)*b*c**2*d**3 - 6*a*b*c*e**3*x + 18*a*c**2*d*e**2*x + 3*a*c**3*e**3*x**2 + 18*b*c**2*d**2*e*x + 9*b*c**2*d*e**2*x**2 + 2*b*c**2*e**3*x**3)/(6*c**3)
```

3.81 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^2}{a+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	697
Mathematica [A] (verified)	697
Rubi [A] (verified)	698
Maple [A] (verified)	699
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	699
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	700
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	701
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	701
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	702
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	702

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^2}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{e(2Bd+ Ae)x}{c} + \frac{Be^2x^2}{2c} + \frac{(Acd^2 - 2aBde - aAe^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}c^{3/2}} + \frac{(Bcd^2 + 2Acde - aBe^2) \log(a+ cx^2)}{2c^2}$$

output

```
e*(A*e+2*B*d)*x/c+1/2*B*e^2*x^2/c+(-A*a*e^2+A*c*d^2-2*B*a*d*e)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(3/2)+1/2*(2*A*c*d*e-B*a*e^2+B*c*d^2)*ln(c*x^2+a)/c^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^2}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{cex(4Bd+ 2Ae+ Bex) - \frac{2\sqrt{c}(-Acd^2+2aBde+aAe^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + (Bcd^2 + 2Acde - aBe^2) \log(a+ cx^2)}{2c^2}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^2)/(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `(c*e*x*(4*B*d + 2*A*e + B*e*x) - (2*Sqrt[c]*(-(A*c*d^2) + 2*a*B*d*e + a*A*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a] + (B*c*d^2 + 2*A*c*d*e - a*B*e^2)*Log[a + c*x^2]/(2*c^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^2}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 657$$

$$\int \left(\frac{x(-aBe^2 + 2Acde + Bcd^2) - aAe^2 - 2aBde + Acd^2}{c(a + cx^2)} + \frac{e(Ae + 2Bd)}{c} + \frac{Be^2x}{c} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(-aAe^2 - 2aBde + Acd^2)}{\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}} + \frac{\log(a + cx^2)(-aBe^2 + 2Acde + Bcd^2)}{2c^2} + \frac{ex(Ae + 2Bd)}{c} + \frac{Be^2x^2}{2c}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^2)/(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `(e*(2*B*d + A*e)*x)/c + (B*e^2*x^2)/(2*c) + ((A*c*d^2 - 2*a*B*d*e - a*A*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)) + ((B*c*d^2 + 2*A*c*d*e - a*B*e^2)*Log[a + c*x^2])/(2*c^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 657 Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
default	$\frac{e(\frac{1}{2}Bex^2+Aex+2Bdx)}{c} + \frac{(2Acde-Bae^2+Bcd^2)\ln(cx^2+a)}{2c} + \frac{(-Aae^2+Ac d^2-2Bade)\arctan(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}})}{c\sqrt{ac}}$
risch	$\frac{B e^2 x^2}{2c} + \frac{e^2 A x}{c} + \frac{2e B d x}{c} + \frac{\ln(-A a^2 e^2 + A d^2 a c - 2B a^2 d e - \sqrt{-ac(A a e^2 - A c d^2 + 2B a d e)^2} x)}{c} A d e - \frac{a \ln(-A a^2 e^2 + A d^2 a c)}{c}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output e/c*(1/2*B*e*x^2+A*e*x+2*B*d*x)+1/c*(1/2*(2*A*c*d*e-B*a*e^2+B*c*d^2)/c*ln(c*x^2+a)+(-A*a*e^2+A*c*d^2-2*B*a*d*e)/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^2}{a + cx^2} dx = \left[\frac{Bace^2x^2 + (Acd^2 - 2Bade - Aae^2)\sqrt{-ac} \log\left(\frac{cx^2 + 2\sqrt{-ac}x - a}{cx^2 + a}\right) + 2(2Bacde + Ace^2)x + (Bacd^2 + 2Acd^2)}{2ac^2} \right]$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*(B*a*c*e^2*x^2 + (A*c*d^2 - 2*B*a*d*e - A*a*e^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) + 2*(2*B*a*c*d*e + A*a*c*e^2)*x + (B*a*c*d^2 + 2*A*a*c*d*e - B*a^2*e^2)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c^2), 1/2*(B*a*c*e^2*x^2 + 2*(A*c*d^2 - 2*B*a*d*e - A*a*e^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) + 2*(2*B*a*c*d*e + A*a*c*e^2)*x + (B*a*c*d^2 + 2*A*a*c*d*e - B*a^2*e^2)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c^2)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 425 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.94

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^2}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{Be^2x^2}{2c} + x \left(\frac{Ae^2}{c} + \frac{2Bde}{c} \right) + \left(-\frac{-2Acde + Bae^2 - Bcd^2}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac^5}(Aae^2 - Acd^2 + 2Bade)}{2ac^4} \right) \log \left(x + \frac{2Aacde - Ba^2e^2 + Bacd^2 - 2ac^2 \left(-\frac{-2Acde + Bae^2 - Bcd^2}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac^5}(Aae^2 - Acd^2 + 2Bade)}{2ac^4} \right)}{Aae^2 - Ac^2d^2 + 2Bacde} \right) + \left(-\frac{-2Acde + Bae^2 - Bcd^2}{2c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-ac^5}(Aae^2 - Acd^2 + 2Bade)}{2ac^4} \right) \log \left(x + \frac{2Aacde - Ba^2e^2 + Bacd^2 - 2ac^2 \left(-\frac{-2Acde + Bae^2 - Bcd^2}{2c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-ac^5}(Aae^2 - Acd^2 + 2Bade)}{2ac^4} \right)}{Aae^2 - Ac^2d^2 + 2Bacde} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a),x)
```

output

```
B*e**2*x**2/(2*c) + x*(A*e**2/c + 2*B*d*e/c) + (-(-2*A*c*d*e + B*a*e**2 - B*c*d**2)/(2*c**2) - sqrt(-a*c**5)*(A*a*e**2 - A*c*d**2 + 2*B*a*d*e)/(2*a*c**4))*log(x + (2*A*a*c*d*e - B*a**2*e**2 + B*a*c*d**2 - 2*a*c**2*(-(-2*A*c*d*e + B*a*e**2 - B*c*d**2)/(2*c**2) - sqrt(-a*c**5)*(A*a*e**2 - A*c*d**2 + 2*B*a*d*e)/(2*a*c**4)))/(A*a*c*e**2 - A*c**2*d**2 + 2*B*a*c*d*e)) + (-(-2*A*c*d*e + B*a*e**2 - B*c*d**2)/(2*c**2) + sqrt(-a*c**5)*(A*a*e**2 - A*c*d**2 + 2*B*a*d*e)/(2*a*c**4))*log(x + (2*A*a*c*d*e - B*a**2*e**2 + B*a*c*d**2 - 2*a*c**2*(-(-2*A*c*d*e + B*a*e**2 - B*c*d**2)/(2*c**2) + sqrt(-a*c**5)*(A*a*e**2 - A*c*d**2 + 2*B*a*d*e)/(2*a*c**4)))/(A*a*c*e**2 - A*c**2*d**2 + 2*B*a*c*d*e))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^2}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{(Acd^2 - 2Bade - Aae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{acc}} + \frac{Be^2x^2 + 2(2Bde + Ae^2)x}{2c} + \frac{(Bcd^2 + 2Acde - Bae^2) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2c^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(A*c*d^2 - 2*B*a*d*e - A*a*e^2)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*c) + 1/2*(B*e^2*x^2 + 2*(2*B*d*e + A*e^2)*x)/c + 1/2*(B*c*d^2 + 2*A*c*d*e - B*a*e^2)*log(c*x^2 + a)/c^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^2}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{(Acd^2 - 2Bade - Aae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{acc}} + \frac{(Bcd^2 + 2Acde - Bae^2) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2c^2} + \frac{Bce^2x^2 + 4Bcdex + 2Ace^2x}{2c^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `(A*c*d^2 - 2*B*a*d*e - A*a*e^2)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*c) + 1/2*(B*c*d^2 + 2*A*c*d*e - B*a*e^2)*log(c*x^2 + a)/c^2 + 1/2*(B*c*e^2*x^2 + 4*B*c*d*e*x + 2*A*c*e^2*x)/c^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^2}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{x(Ae^2 + 2Bde)}{c} + \frac{\ln(cx^2 + a)(-4Ba^2c^2e^2 + 4Bac^3d^2 + 8Aac^3de)}{8ac^4} - \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(-Acd^2 + 2Bade + Aae^2)}{\sqrt{a}c^{3/2}} + \frac{Be^2x^2}{2c}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^2)/(a + c*x^2),x)`output `(x*(A*e^2 + 2*B*d*e))/c + (log(a + c*x^2)*(4*B*a*c^3*d^2 - 4*B*a^2*c^2*e^2 + 8*A*a*c^3*d*e))/(8*a*c^4) - (atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2))*(A*a*e^2 - A*c*d^2 + 2*B*a*d*e))/(a^(1/2)*c^(3/2)) + (B*e^2*x^2)/(2*c)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^2}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)ae^2 - 4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)bde + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)cd^2 - \log(cx^2 + a)abe^2}{2c^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a),x)`output `(- 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*e**2 - 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*b*d*e + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c*d**2 - log(a + c*x**2)*a*b*e**2 + 2*log(a + c*x**2)*a*c*d*e + log(a + c*x**2)*b*c*d**2 + 2*a*c*e**2*x + 4*b*c*d*e*x + b*c*e**2*x**2)/(2*c**2)`

3.82 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)}{a+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	703
Mathematica [A] (verified)	703
Rubi [A] (verified)	704
Maple [A] (verified)	705
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	705
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	706
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	707
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	707
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	707
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	708

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{Bex}{c} + \frac{(Acd - aBe) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}} + \frac{(Bd + Ae) \log(a + cx^2)}{2c}$$

output

```
B*e*x/c+(A*c*d-B*a*e)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(3/2)+1/2*(A*e+B*d)*ln(c*x^2+a)/c
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{Bex}{c} - \frac{(-Acd + aBe) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}} + \frac{(Bd + Ae) \log(a + cx^2)}{2c}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x))/(a + c*x^2),x]
```


output

$$(B*e*x)/c - ((-A*c*d) + a*B*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)) + ((B*d + A*e)*Log[a + c*x^2])/(2*c)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)}{a + cx^2} dx$$

↓ 657

$$\int \left(\frac{-aBe + cx(Ae + Bd) + Acd}{c(a + cx^2)} + \frac{Be}{c} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(Acd - aBe)}{\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}} + \frac{\log(a + cx^2)(Ae + Bd)}{2c} + \frac{Bex}{c}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)/(a + c*x^2), x]$$

output

$$(B*e*x)/c + ((A*c*d - a*B*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)) + ((B*d + A*e)*Log[a + c*x^2])/(2*c)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
default	$\frac{Bex}{c} + \frac{(Ace+Bcd)\ln(cx^2+a)}{2c} + \frac{(Acd-Bae)\arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{c}$
risch	$\frac{Bex}{c} + \frac{\ln\left(Aacd-Bea^2-\sqrt{-ac(Acd-Bae)^2}x\right)Ae}{2c} + \frac{\ln\left(Aacd-Bea^2-\sqrt{-ac(Acd-Bae)^2}x\right)Bd}{2c} + \frac{\ln\left(Aacd-Bea^2-\sqrt{-ac(Acd-Bae)^2}x\right)C}{2c}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `B*e*x/c+1/c*(1/2*(A*c*e+B*c*d)/c*ln(c*x^2+a)+(A*c*d-B*a*e)/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)}{a+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2Bacex + (Acd - Bae)\sqrt{-ac} \log\left(\frac{cx^2 + 2\sqrt{-ac}x - a}{cx^2 + a}\right) + (Bacd + Ace) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2ac^2}, \frac{2Bacex + 2(Acd - Bae)\sqrt{-ac} \log\left(\frac{cx^2 + 2\sqrt{-ac}x - a}{cx^2 + a}\right) + (Bacd + Ace) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2ac^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2*(2*B*a*c*e*x + (A*c*d - B*a*e)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) + (B*a*c*d + A*a*c*e)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c^2), 1/2*(2*B*a*c*e*x + 2*(A*c*d - B*a*e)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) + (B*a*c*d + A*a*c*e)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c^2)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 212 vs. $2(60) = 120$.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.31

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bex}{c} + \left(\frac{Ae + Bd}{2c} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac^3}(-Acd + Bae)}{2ac^3} \right) \log \left(x + \frac{Aae + Bad - 2ac \left(\frac{Ae+Bd}{2c} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac^3}(-Acd+Bae)}{2ac^3} \right)}{-Acd + Bae} \right)$$

$$+ \left(\frac{Ae + Bd}{2c} + \frac{\sqrt{-ac^3}(-Acd + Bae)}{2ac^3} \right) \log \left(x + \frac{Aae + Bad - 2ac \left(\frac{Ae+Bd}{2c} + \frac{\sqrt{-ac^3}(-Acd+Bae)}{2ac^3} \right)}{-Acd + Bae} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a),x)
```

output

```
B*e*x/c + ((A*e + B*d)/(2*c) - sqrt(-a*c**3)*(-A*c*d + B*a*e)/(2*a*c**3))*log(x + (A*a*e + B*a*d - 2*a*c*((A*e + B*d)/(2*c) - sqrt(-a*c**3)*(-A*c*d + B*a*e)/(2*a*c**3)))/(-A*c*d + B*a*e)) + ((A*e + B*d)/(2*c) + sqrt(-a*c**3)*(-A*c*d + B*a*e)/(2*a*c**3))*log(x + (A*a*e + B*a*d - 2*a*c*((A*e + B*d)/(2*c) + sqrt(-a*c**3)*(-A*c*d + B*a*e)/(2*a*c**3)))/(-A*c*d + B*a*e))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{Bex}{c} + \frac{(Bd + Ae) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2c} + \frac{(Acd - Bae) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{acc}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `B*e*x/c + 1/2*(B*d + A*e)*log(c*x^2 + a)/c + (A*c*d - B*a*e)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*c)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{Bex}{c} + \frac{(Bd + Ae) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2c} + \frac{(Acd - Bae) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{acc}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `B*e*x/c + 1/2*(B*d + A*e)*log(c*x^2 + a)/c + (A*c*d - B*a*e)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*c)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{Bex}{c} + \frac{Ae \ln(cx^2 + a)}{2c} + \frac{Bd \ln(cx^2 + a)}{2c} + \frac{Ad \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{B\sqrt{a}e \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{c^{3/2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x))/(a + c*x^2),x)`

output

```
(B*e*x)/c + (A*e*log(a + c*x^2))/(2*c) + (B*d*log(a + c*x^2))/(2*c) + (A*d
*atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2)))/(a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)) - (B*a^(1/2)*e*atan((c^(1/2)
*x)/a^(1/2)))/c^(3/2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) be + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) cd + \log(cx^2 + a) ace + \log(cx^2 + a) bcd + 2bcex}{2c^2}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*b*e + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)
)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c*d + log(a + c*x**2)*a*c*e + log(a + c*x*
*2)*b*c*d + 2*b*c*e*x)/(2*c**2)
```

3.83 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{a+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	709
Mathematica [A] (verified)	709
Rubi [A] (verified)	710
Maple [A] (verified)	711
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	711
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	712
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	712
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	713
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	713
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	713

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{A \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{B \log(a+cx^2)}{2c}$$

output `A*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)+1/2*B*ln(c*x^2+a)/c`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{A \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{B \log(a+cx^2)}{2c}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `(A*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]) + (B*Log[a + c*x^2])/(2*c)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {452, 218, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 452$$

$$A \int \frac{1}{cx^2 + a} dx + B \int \frac{x}{cx^2 + a} dx$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$B \int \frac{x}{cx^2 + a} dx + \frac{A \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\downarrow 240$$

$$\frac{A \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{B \log(a + cx^2)}{2c}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `(A*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]) + (B*Log[a + c*x^2])/(2*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 240 `Int[(x_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^2, x]]/(2*b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 452

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[1/
(a + b*x^2), x], x] + Simp[d Int[x/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
default	$\frac{B \ln(cx^2+a)}{2c} + \frac{A \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}}$	32
risch	$\frac{\ln(-\sqrt{-ac}x+a)A\sqrt{-ac}}{2ac} + \frac{\ln(-\sqrt{-ac}x+a)B}{2c} - \frac{\ln(\sqrt{-ac}x+a)A\sqrt{-ac}}{2ac} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{-ac}x+a)B}{2c}$	90

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*B*ln(c*x^2+a)/c+A/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{Ba \log(cx^2 + a) - \sqrt{-ac}A \log\left(\frac{cx^2 - 2\sqrt{-ac}x - a}{cx^2 + a}\right)}{2ac}, \frac{Ba \log(cx^2 + a) + 2\sqrt{ac}A \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ac}x}{a}\right)}{2ac} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*(B*a*log(c*x^2 + a) - sqrt(-a*c)*A*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(
c*x^2 + a)))/(a*c), 1/2*(B*a*log(c*x^2 + a) + 2*sqrt(a*c)*A*arctan(sqrt(a*
c)*x/a))/(a*c)]
```


Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 124 vs. $2(37) = 74$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{a + cx^2} dx = \left(-\frac{A\sqrt{-ac^3}}{2ac^2} + \frac{B}{2c} \right) \log \left(x + \frac{-Ba + 2ac \left(-\frac{A\sqrt{-ac^3}}{2ac^2} + \frac{B}{2c} \right)}{Ac} \right) \\ + \left(\frac{A\sqrt{-ac^3}}{2ac^2} + \frac{B}{2c} \right) \log \left(x + \frac{-Ba + 2ac \left(\frac{A\sqrt{-ac^3}}{2ac^2} + \frac{B}{2c} \right)}{Ac} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `(-A*sqrt(-a*c**3)/(2*a*c**2) + B/(2*c))*log(x + (-B*a + 2*a*c*(-A*sqrt(-a*c**3)/(2*a*c**2) + B/(2*c)))/(A*c)) + (A*sqrt(-a*c**3)/(2*a*c**2) + B/(2*c))*log(x + (-B*a + 2*a*c*(A*sqrt(-a*c**3)/(2*a*c**2) + B/(2*c)))/(A*c))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{A \arctan \left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac}} + \frac{B \log(cx^2 + a)}{2c}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `A*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/sqrt(a*c) + 1/2*B*log(c*x^2 + a)/c`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{A \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}} + \frac{B \log(cx^2 + a)}{2c}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `A*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/sqrt(a*c) + 1/2*B*log(c*x^2 + a)/c`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{B \ln(cx^2 + a)}{2c} + \frac{A \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(a + c*x^2),x)`output `(B*log(a + c*x^2))/(2*c) + (A*atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2)))/(a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) + \log(cx^2 + a)b}{2c}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+a),x)`output `(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))) + log(a + c*x**2)*b)/(2*c)`

3.84 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	714
Mathematica [A] (verified)	714
Rubi [A] (verified)	715
Maple [A] (verified)	716
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	716
Sympy [F(-1)]	717
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	717
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	718
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	718
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	719

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)(a + cx^2)} dx = \frac{(Acd + aBe) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(cd^2 + ae^2)} - \frac{(Bd - Ae) \log(d + ex)}{cd^2 + ae^2} + \frac{(Bd - Ae) \log(a + cx^2)}{2(cd^2 + ae^2)}$$

output $(A*c*d+B*a*e)*\arctan(c^{(1/2)}*x/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(1/2)}/c^{(1/2)}/(a*e^2+c*d^2)-(-A*e+B*d)*\ln(e*x+d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)+(-A*e+B*d)*\ln(c*x^2+a)/(2*a*e^2+2*c*d^2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)(a + cx^2)} dx = \frac{2(Acd + aBe) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(Bd - Ae) (2 \log(d + ex) - \log(a + cx^2))}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(cd^2 + ae^2)}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output

```
(2*(A*c*d + a*B*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]] - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*(B*d - A*
e)*(2*Log[d + e*x] - Log[a + c*x^2]))/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)(d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 657

$$\int \left(\frac{aBe + cx(Bd - Ae) + Acd}{(a + cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{e(Ae - Bd)}{(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(aBe + Acd)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{\log(a + cx^2)(Bd - Ae)}{2(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{(Bd - Ae)\log(d + ex)}{ae^2 + cd^2}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)),x]
```

output

```
((A*c*d + a*B*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*(c*d^2 + a*
e^2)) - ((B*d - A*e)*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + ((B*d - A*e)*Log[a +
c*x^2])/(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 657 Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
default	$\frac{(Ae - Bd) \ln(ex + d)}{a e^2 + c d^2} + \frac{(-Ace + Bcd) \ln(cx^2 + a)}{2c} + \frac{(Acd + Bae) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}}$
risch	$\frac{\ln(ex + d)Ae}{a e^2 + c d^2} - \frac{\ln(ex + d)Bd}{a e^2 + c d^2} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}((a^2 c e^2 + a c^2 d^2) Z^2 + (2Aace - 2Bacd) Z + c A^2 + B^2 a)} R \ln\left(\frac{(3ace^2 - c^2 d^2) - R}{2}\right)}{2}$

```
input int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (A*e-B*d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)+1/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(1/2*(-A*c*e+B*c*d)/c*ln(c*x^2+a)+(A*c*d+B*a*e)/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)(a + cx^2)} dx = \left[-\frac{(Acd + Bae)\sqrt{-ac} \log\left(\frac{cx^2 - 2\sqrt{-ac}x - a}{cx^2 + a}\right) - (Bacd - Aace) \log(cx^2 + a) + 2(Bacd - Aace) \log(ex + d)}{2(ac^2d^2 + a^2ce^2)} \right]$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/2*((A*c*d + B*a*e)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) - (B*a*c*d - A*a*c*e)*log(c*x^2 + a) + 2*(B*a*c*d - A*a*c*e)*log(e*x + d))/(a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2), 1/2*(2*(A*c*d + B*a*e)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) + (B*a*c*d - A*a*c*e)*log(c*x^2 + a) - 2*(B*a*c*d - A*a*c*e)*log(e*x + d))/(a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)(a + cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)(a + cx^2)} dx = \frac{(Bd - Ae) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2(cd^2 + ae^2)} - \frac{(Bd - Ae) \log(ex + d)}{cd^2 + ae^2} + \frac{(Acd + Bae) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{(cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{ac}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*(B*d - A*e)*log(c*x^2 + a)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - (B*d - A*e)*log(e*x + d)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + (A*c*d + B*a*e)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(a*c))
```


output

```
(log(d + e*x)*(A*e - B*d))/(a*e^2 + c*d^2) - (log(B^2*c*e*x - ((c*(a*((A*e)/2 - (B*d)/2) + (A*d*(-a*c)^(1/2)))/2) + (B*a*e*(-a*c)^(1/2))/2)*(x*(3*A*c^2*e^2 - B*c^2*d*e) - ((c*(a*((A*e)/2 - (B*d)/2) + (A*d*(-a*c)^(1/2)))/2) + (B*a*e*(-a*c)^(1/2))/2)*(x*(6*a*c^2*e^3 - 2*c^3*d^2*e) + 8*a*c^2*d*e^2))/(a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2) - B*a*c*e^2 + A*c^2*d*e)/(a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2) + A*B*c*e*(c*(a*((A*e)/2 - (B*d)/2) + (A*d*(-a*c)^(1/2)))/2) + (B*a*e*(-a*c)^(1/2))/2)/(a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2) - (log(B^2*c*e*x - ((c*(a*((A*e)/2 - (B*d)/2) - (A*d*(-a*c)^(1/2)))/2) - (B*a*e*(-a*c)^(1/2))/2)*(x*(3*A*c^2*e^2 - B*c^2*d*e) - ((c*(a*((A*e)/2 - (B*d)/2) - (A*d*(-a*c)^(1/2)))/2) - (B*a*e*(-a*c)^(1/2))/2)*(x*(6*a*c^2*e^3 - 2*c^3*d^2*e) + 8*a*c^2*d*e^2))/(a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2) - B*a*c*e^2 + A*c^2*d*e)/(a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2) + A*B*c*e*(c*(a*((A*e)/2 - (B*d)/2) - (A*d*(-a*c)^(1/2)))/2) - (B*a*e*(-a*c)^(1/2))/2)/(a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)(a + cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) be + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) cd - \log(cx^2 + a) ace + \log(cx^2 + a) bcd + 2 \log(ex + d) a^2}{2c(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*b*e + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c*d - log(a + c*x**2)*a*c*e + log(a + c*x**2)*b*c*d + 2*log(d + e*x)*a*c*e - 2*log(d + e*x)*b*c*d)/(2*c*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))
```


3.85 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	720
Mathematica [A] (verified)	721
Rubi [A] (verified)	721
Maple [A] (verified)	722
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	723
Sympy [F(-1)]	724
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	724
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	725
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	725
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	726

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{Bd - Ae}{(cd^2 + ae^2)(d+ex)} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(Acd^2 + 2aBde - aAe^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(cd^2 + ae^2)^2} - \frac{(Bcd^2 - 2Acde - aBe^2) \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2} + \frac{(Bcd^2 - 2Acde - aBe^2) \log(a+cx^2)}{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}$$

output

```
(-A*e+B*d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)+c^(1/2)*(-A*a*e^2+A*c*d^2+2*B*a*d*e)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2-(-2*A*c*d*e-B*a*e^2+B*c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2+1/2*(-2*A*c*d*e-B*a*e^2+B*c*d^2)*ln(c*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{2(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)}{d + ex} + \frac{2\sqrt{c}(Acd^2 + 2aBde - aAe^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + (-2Bcd^2 + 4Acde + 2aBe^2) \log(d + ex) + (Bcd^2 - aAe^2)}{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)), x]
```

output

```
((2*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(d + e*x) + (2*Sqrt[c]*(A*c*d^2 + 2*a*B*d
*e - a*A*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[a] + (-2*B*c*d^2 + 4*A*c*d
*e + 2*a*B*e^2)*Log[d + e*x] + (B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e - a*B*e^2)*Log[a + c*x
^2])/(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 657$$

$$\int \left(\frac{c(x(-aBe^2 - 2Acde + Bcd^2) - aAe^2 + 2aBde + Acd^2)}{(a + cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)^2} + \frac{e(Ae - Bd)}{(d + ex)^2(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{e(aBe^2 + 2Acde - Bcd^2)}{(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (-aAe^2 + 2aBde + Acd^2)}{\sqrt{a}(ae^2 + cd^2)^2} + \frac{\log(a + cx^2) (-aBe^2 - 2Acde + Bcd^2)}{2(ae^2 + cd^2)^2} + \frac{Bd - Ae}{(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{\log(d + ex) (-aBe^2 - 2Acde + Bcd^2)}{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(B*d - A*e)/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) + (Sqrt[c]*(A*c*d^2 + 2*a*B*d*e - a*A*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2) - ((B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e - a*B*e^2)*Log[d + e*x]/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2 + ((B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e - a*B*e^2)*Log[a + c*x^2])/(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 657 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
default	$-\frac{Ae - Bd}{(ae^2 + cd^2)(ex + d)} + \frac{(2Acde + Ba e^2 - Bc d^2) \ln(ex + d)}{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2} - \frac{c \left(\frac{(2Acde + Ba e^2 - Bc d^2) \ln(cx^2 + a)}{2c} + \frac{(Aa e^2 - Ac d^2 - 2Bade) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}} \right)}{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$-\frac{(Ae-Bd)}{(a^2+cd^2)}\frac{1}{(ex+d)} + \frac{(2Acde+Ba^2-Bcd^2)}{(a^2+cd^2)} \frac{1}{(ex+d)^2} \ln(ex+d) - \frac{c}{(a^2+cd^2)^2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{(2Acde+Ba^2-Bcd^2)}{c} \frac{1}{\ln(cx^2+a)} + \frac{(Aa^2-Acd^2-2Bade)}{(ac)^{1/2}} \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{(ac)^{1/2}}\right)$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 562, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.25

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 Bcd^3 - 2 Acd^2e + 2 Bade^2 - 2 Aae^3 - (Acd^3 + 2 Bad^2e - Aade^2 + (Acd^2e + 2 Bade^2 - Aae^3)x)\sqrt{-a}}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*(2*B*c*d^3 - 2*A*c*d^2*e + 2*B*a*d*e^2 - 2*A*a*e^3 - (A*c*d^3 + 2*B*a*d^2*e - A*a*d*e^2 + (A*c*d^2*e + 2*B*a*d*e^2 - A*a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-c/a)*log((c*x^2 - 2*a*x*sqrt(-c/a) - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) + (B*c*d^3 - 2*A*c*d^2*e - B*a*d*e^2 + (B*c*d^2*e - 2*A*c*d*e^2 - B*a*e^3)*x)*log(c*x^2 + a) - 2*(B*c*d^3 - 2*A*c*d^2*e - B*a*d*e^2 + (B*c*d^2*e - 2*A*c*d*e^2 - B*a*e^3)*x)*log(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^5 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x), 1/2*(2*B*c*d^3 - 2*A*c*d^2*e + 2*B*a*d*e^2 - 2*A*a*e^3 + 2*(A*c*d^3 + 2*B*a*d^2*e - A*a*d*e^2 + (A*c*d^2*e + 2*B*a*d*e^2 - A*a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c/a)*arctan(x*sqrt(c/a)) + (B*c*d^3 - 2*A*c*d^2*e - B*a*d*e^2 + (B*c*d^2*e - 2*A*c*d*e^2 - B*a*e^3)*x)*log(c*x^2 + a) - 2*(B*c*d^3 - 2*A*c*d^2*e - B*a*d*e^2 + (B*c*d^2*e - 2*A*c*d*e^2 - B*a*e^3)*x)*log(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^5 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a),x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)} dx = \frac{(Bcd^2 - 2Acde - Bae^2) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2(c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)} - \frac{(Bcd^2 - 2Acde - Bae^2) \log(ex + d)}{c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4} + \frac{(Ac^2d^2 + 2Bacde - Aace^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{(c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)\sqrt{ac}} + \frac{Bd - Ae}{cd^3 + ade^2 + (cd^2e + ae^3)x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e - B*a*e^2)*log(c*x^2 + a)/(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4) - (B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e - B*a*e^2)*log(e*x + d)/(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4) + (A*c^2*d^2 + 2*B*a*c*d*e - A*a*c*e^2)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/((c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(a*c)) + (B*d - A*e)/(c*d^3 + a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)} dx = \frac{(Bcd^2 - 2Acde - Bae^2) \log\left(c - \frac{2cd}{ex+d} + \frac{cd^2}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{ae^2}{(ex+d)^2}\right)}{2(c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)} + \frac{\frac{Bde^2}{ex+d} - \frac{Ae^3}{ex+d}}{cd^2e^2 + ae^4} + \frac{(Ac^2d^2e^2 + 2Bacde^3 - Ace^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cd - \frac{cd^2}{ex+d} - \frac{ae^2}{ex+d}}{\sqrt{ace}}\right)}{(c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)\sqrt{ace^2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e - B*a*e^2)*log(c - 2*c*d/(e*x + d) + c*d^2/(e*x + d)^2 + a*e^2/(e*x + d)^2)/(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4) + (B*d*e^2/(e*x + d) - A*e^3/(e*x + d))/(c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4) + (A*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*B*a*c*d*e^3 - A*a*c*e^4)*arctan((c*d - c*d^2/(e*x + d) - a*e^2/(e*x + d))/(sqrt(a*c)*e))/((c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(a*c)*e^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 810, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.68

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)} dx = \frac{\ln\left(3Ba^3e^4 + 3Bac^2d^4 + Ac^3d^4x + Aa^2e^4\sqrt{-ac} + Ac^2d^4\sqrt{-ac} + 14Ad^2e^2(-ac)^{3/2} + Aa^2ce^4\right)}{a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4} - \frac{\ln(d + ex) (c(Bd^2 - 2Ade) - Bae^2)}{a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4} - \frac{\ln\left(3Ba^3e^4 + 8Bd^3e(-ac)^{3/2} + 3Bac^2d^4 + Ac^3d^4x - Aa^2e^4\sqrt{-ac} - Ac^2d^4\sqrt{-ac} + Aa^2ce^4\right)}{a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4} - \frac{Ae - Bd}{(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output

```
(log(3*B*a^3*e^4 + 3*B*a*c^2*d^4 + A*c^3*d^4*x + A*a^2*e^4*(-a*c)^(1/2) +
A*c^2*d^4*(-a*c)^(1/2) + 14*A*d^2*e^2*(-a*c)^(3/2) + A*a^2*c*e^4*x - 8*B*a
^2*d*e^3*(-a*c)^(1/2) - 3*B*a^2*e^4*x*(-a*c)^(1/2) - 3*B*c^2*d^4*x*(-a*c)^(
1/2) - 10*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + 8*A*d*e^3*x*(-a*c)^(3/2) - 8*A*a*c^2*d^3*e +
8*A*a^2*c*d*e^3 + 8*B*a*c*d^3*e*(-a*c)^(1/2) + 8*B*a*c^2*d^3*e*x - 8*B*a^2
*c*d*e^3*x + 8*A*c^2*d^3*e*x*(-a*c)^(1/2) - 14*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*x + 10*B*a*
c*d^2*e^2*x*(-a*c)^(1/2))*(c*((B*a*d^2)/2 + (A*d^2*(-a*c)^(1/2))/2 - A*a*d
*e) - e^2*((B*a^2)/2 + (A*a*(-a*c)^(1/2))/2) + B*a*d*e*(-a*c)^(1/2)))/(a^3
*e^4 + a*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2) - (log(d + e*x)*(c*(B*d^2 - 2*A*d*e) -
B*a*e^2))/(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2) - (log(3*B*a^3*e^4 + 8*B*d^
3*e*(-a*c)^(3/2) + 3*B*a*c^2*d^4 + A*c^3*d^4*x - A*a^2*e^4*(-a*c)^(1/2) -
A*c^2*d^4*(-a*c)^(1/2) + A*a^2*c*e^4*x + 8*B*a^2*d*e^3*(-a*c)^(1/2) + 3*B*
a^2*e^4*x*(-a*c)^(1/2) + 3*B*c^2*d^4*x*(-a*c)^(1/2) + 10*B*d^2*e^2*x*(-a*c
)^(3/2) - 10*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*A*a*c^2*d^3*e + 8*A*a^2*c*d*e^3 + 8*B*a*c
^2*d^3*e*x - 8*B*a^2*c*d*e^3*x + 14*A*a*c*d^2*e^2*(-a*c)^(1/2) - 8*A*c^2*d
^3*e*x*(-a*c)^(1/2) - 14*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*x + 8*A*a*c*d*e^3*x*(-a*c)^(1/2))
*(e^2*((B*a^2)/2 - (A*a*(-a*c)^(1/2))/2) + c*((A*d^2*(-a*c)^(1/2))/2 - (B*
a*d^2)/2 + A*a*d*e) + B*a*d*e*(-a*c)^(1/2)))/(a^3*e^4 + a*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^2*
c*d^2*e^2) - (A*e - B*d)/((a*e^2 + c*d^2)*(d + e*x))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a d^2 e^2 - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a d e^3 x + 4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) b d^3 e + 4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) b d^2 e x}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*d**2*e**2 - 2*sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*d*e**3*x + 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*ata
n((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*b*d**3*e + 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(a)))*b*d**2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))
)*c*d**4 + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c*d**3*e*x - lo
g(a + c*x**2)*a*b*d**2*e**2 - log(a + c*x**2)*a*b*d*e**3*x - 2*log(a + c*x
**2)*a*c*d**3*e - 2*log(a + c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + log(a + c*x**2)*b*c*
d**4 + log(a + c*x**2)*b*c*d**3*e*x + 2*log(d + e*x)*a*b*d**2*e**2 + 2*log
(d + e*x)*a*b*d*e**3*x + 4*log(d + e*x)*a*c*d**3*e + 4*log(d + e*x)*a*c*d*
**2*e**2*x - 2*log(d + e*x)*b*c*d**4 - 2*log(d + e*x)*b*c*d**3*e*x + 2*a**2
*e**4*x - 2*a*b*d*e**3*x + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x - 2*b*c*d**3*e*x)/(2*d*(a**2*
d*e**4 + a**2*e**5*x + 2*a*c*d**3*e**2 + 2*a*c*d**2*e**3*x + c**2*d**5 + c
**2*d**4*e*x))
```


3.86 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	728
Mathematica [A] (verified)	729
Rubi [A] (verified)	729
Maple [A] (verified)	730
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	731
Sympy [F(-1)]	732
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	733
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	733
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	734
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	735

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 251

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{Bd - Ae}{2(cd^2 + ae^2)(d+ex)^2} + \frac{Bcd^2 - 2Acde - aBe^2}{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(d+ex)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{c}(Acd(cd^2 - 3ae^2) + aBe(3cd^2 - ae^2)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(cd^2 + ae^2)^3}$$

$$- \frac{c(Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e - 3aBde^2 + aAe^3) \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2 + ae^2)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{c(Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e - 3aBde^2 + aAe^3) \log(a+cx^2)}{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^3}$$

output

```
1/2*(-A*e+B*d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^2+(-2*A*c*d*e-B*a*e^2+B*c*d^2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)+c^(1/2)*(A*c*d*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*B*e*(-a*e^2+3*c*d^2))*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3-c*(A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e-3*B*a*d*e^2+B*c*d^3)*ln(e*x+d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3+1/2*c*(A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e-3*B*a*d*e^2+B*c*d^3)*ln(c*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)(B(-ae^2(d + 2ex) + cd^2(3d + 2ex)) - Ae(ae^2 + cd(5d + 4ex)))}{(d + ex)^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{c}(Acd(cd^2 - 3ae^2) + aBe(3cd^2 - ae^2)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - 2c(Bcd^2 - ae^2)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2)), x]`

output `((((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(B*(-(a*e^2*(d + 2*e*x)) + c*d^2*(3*d + 2*e*x)) - A*e*(a*e^2 + c*d*(5*d + 4*e*x))))/(d + e*x)^2 + (2*sqrt[c]*(A*c*d*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) + a*B*e*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2))*ArcTan[(sqrt[c]*x)/sqrt[a]])/sqrt[a] - 2*c*(B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e - 3*a*B*d*e^2 + a*A*e^3)*Log[d + e*x] + c*(B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e - 3*a*B*d*e^2 + a*A*e^3)*Log[a + c*x^2])/(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 657

$$\int \left(\frac{e(Ae - Bd)}{(d + ex)^3 (ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{e(aBe^2 + 2Acde - Bcd^2)}{(d + ex)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)^2} + \frac{c(cx(aAe^3 - 3aBde^2 - 3Acd^2e + Bcd^3) + Acd(cd^2 - 3ae^2))}{(a + cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (Acd(cd^2 - 3ae^2) + aBe(3cd^2 - ae^2))}{\sqrt{a}(ae^2 + cd^2)^3} + \frac{Bd - Ae}{2(d + ex)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{-aBe^2 - 2Acde + Bcd^2}{(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)^2} + \frac{c \log(a + cx) (aAe^3 - 3aBde^2 - 3Acd^2e + Bcd^3)}{2(ae^2 + cd^2)^3} - \frac{c \log(d + ex) (aAe^3 - 3aBde^2 - 3Acd^2e + Bcd^3)}{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(B*d - A*e)/(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) + (B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e - a*B*e^2)/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)) + (Sqrt[c]*(A*c*d*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) + a*B*e*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3) - (c*(B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e - 3*a*B*d*e^2 + a*A*e^3)*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3 + (c*(B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e - 3*a*B*d*e^2 + a*A*e^3)*Log[a + c*x^2])/(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 657 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.))/((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
default	$-\frac{Ae - Bd}{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(ex + d)^2} - \frac{2Acde + Ba e^2 - Bcd^2}{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(ex + d)} - \frac{c(Aae^3 - 3Ac d^2e - 3Bad e^2 + Bcd^3) \ln(ex + d)}{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3} - \frac{c}{2} \left(\frac{-Aac e^3 + 3A e^2 d^2 e + 3Acd^3}{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(A*e-B*d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^2-(2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2-B*c*d^2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)-c*(A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e-3*B*a*d*e^2+B*c*d^3)*ln(e*x+d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3-c/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(1/2*(-A*a*c*e^3+3*A*c^2*d^2*e+3*B*a*c*d*e^2-B*c^2*d^3)/c*ln(c*x^2+a)+(3*A*a*c*d*e^2-A*c^2*d^3+B*a^2*e^3-3*B*a*c*d^2*e)/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 663 vs. $2(239) = 478$.

Time = 19.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1350, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.38

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2*(3*B*c^2*d^5 - 5*A*c^2*d^4*e + 2*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 6*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 - B*
a^2*d*e^4 - A*a^2*e^5 - (A*c^2*d^5 + 3*B*a*c*d^4*e - 3*A*a*c*d^3*e^2 - B*a
^2*d^2*e^3 + (A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 3*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*A*a*c*d*e^4 - B*a^2*e^5)
*x^2 + 2*(A*c^2*d^4*e + 3*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 3*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 - B*a^2*d*e^4)*x
)*sqrt(-c/a)*log((c*x^2 - 2*a*x*sqrt(-c/a) - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) + 2*(B*c^2*d^
4*e - 2*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 2*A*a*c*d*e^4 - B*a^2*e^5)*x + (B*c^2*d^5 - 3*A*c^
2*d^4*e - 3*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 + A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + (B*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 3*A*c^2*d^2*
e^3 - 3*B*a*c*d*e^4 + A*a*c*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(B*c^2*d^4*e - 3*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 3
*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 + A*a*c*d*e^4)*x)*log(c*x^2 + a) - 2*(B*c^2*d^5 - 3*A*c^2*d
^4*e - 3*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 + A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + (B*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 3*A*c^2*d^2*e^3
- 3*B*a*c*d*e^4 + A*a*c*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(B*c^2*d^4*e - 3*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 3*B*
a*c*d^2*e^3 + A*a*c*d*e^4)*x)*log(e*x + d))/(c^3*d^8 + 3*a*c^2*d^6*e^2 + 3
*a^2*c*d^4*e^4 + a^3*d^2*e^6 + (c^3*d^6*e^2 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 3*a^2*c*d^
2*e^6 + a^3*e^8)*x^2 + 2*(c^3*d^7*e + 3*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^5 +
a^3*d*e^7)*x), 1/2*(3*B*c^2*d^5 - 5*A*c^2*d^4*e + 2*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 6*A*a*
c*d^2*e^3 - B*a^2*d*e^4 - A*a^2*e^5 + 2*(A*c^2*d^5 + 3*B*a*c*d^4*e - 3*A*a*
c*d^3*e^2 - B*a^2*d^2*e^3 + (A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 3*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*A*a*c*d*
e^4 - B*a^2*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(A*c^2*d^4*e + 3*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 3*A*a*c*d^2*e^3
- B*a^2*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c/a)*arctan(x*sqrt(c/a)) + 2*(B*c^2*d^4*e - 2*A*c^2
*d^3*e^2 - 2*A*a*c*d*e^4 - B*a^2*e^5)*x + (B*c^2*d^5 - 3*A*c^2*d^4*e - ...
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)**3/(c*x**2+a),x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 419, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)} dx = \frac{(Bc^2d^3 - 3Ac^2d^2e - 3Bacde^2 + Aace^3) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2(c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6)} - \frac{(Bc^2d^3 - 3Ac^2d^2e - 3Bacde^2 + Aace^3) \log(ex + d)}{c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6} + \frac{(Ac^3d^3 + 3Bac^2d^2e - 3Aac^2de^2 - Ba^2ce^3) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{(c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6)\sqrt{ac}} + \frac{3Bcd^3 - 5Acd^2e - Bade^2 - Aae^3 + 2(Bcd^2e - 2Acde^2 - Bae^3)x}{2(c^2d^6 + 2acd^4e^2 + a^2d^2e^4 + (c^2d^4e^2 + 2acd^2e^4 + a^2e^6)x^2 + 2(c^2d^5e + 2acd^3e^3 + a^2de^5)x)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output
$$\frac{1}{2} * (B * c^2 * d^3 - 3 * A * c^2 * d^2 * e - 3 * B * a * c * d * e^2 + A * a * c * e^3) * \log(c * x^2 + a) / (c^3 * d^6 + 3 * a * c^2 * d^4 * e^2 + 3 * a^2 * c * d^2 * e^4 + a^3 * e^6) - (B * c^2 * d^3 - 3 * A * c^2 * d^2 * e - 3 * B * a * c * d * e^2 + A * a * c * e^3) * \log(e * x + d) / (c^3 * d^6 + 3 * a * c^2 * d^4 * e^2 + 3 * a^2 * c * d^2 * e^4 + a^3 * e^6) + (A * c^3 * d^3 + 3 * B * a * c^2 * d^2 * e - 3 * A * a * c^2 * d * e^2 - B * a^2 * c * e^3) * \arctan(c * x / \sqrt{a * c}) / ((c^3 * d^6 + 3 * a * c^2 * d^4 * e^2 + 3 * a^2 * c * d^2 * e^4 + a^3 * e^6) * \sqrt{a * c}) + 1 / 2 * (3 * B * c * d^3 - 5 * A * c * d^2 * e - B * a * d * e^2 - A * a * e^3 + 2 * (B * c * d^2 * e - 2 * A * c * d * e^2 - B * a * e^3) * x) / (c^2 * d^6 + 2 * a * c * d^4 * e^2 + a^2 * d^2 * e^4 + (c^2 * d^4 * e^2 + 2 * a * c * d^2 * e^4 + a^2 * e^6) * x^2 + 2 * (c^2 * d^5 * e + 2 * a * c * d^3 * e^3 + a^2 * d * e^5) * x)$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 399, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)} dx = \frac{(Bc^2d^3 - 3Ac^2d^2e - 3Bacde^2 + Aace^3) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2(c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6)} - \frac{(Bc^2d^3e - 3Ac^2d^2e^2 - 3Bacde^3 + Aace^4) \log(|ex + d|)}{c^3d^6e + 3ac^2d^4e^3 + 3a^2cd^2e^5 + a^3e^7} + \frac{(Ac^3d^3 + 3Bac^2d^2e - 3Aac^2de^2 - Ba^2ce^3) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{(c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6)\sqrt{ac}} + \frac{3Bc^2d^5 - 5Ac^2d^4e + 2Bacd^3e^2 - 6Aacd^2e^3 - Ba^2de^4 - Aa^2e^5 + 2(Bc^2d^4e - 2Ac^2d^3e^2 - 2Aacde^4)}{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^3(ex + d)^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{2}(Bc^2d^3 - 3Ac^2d^2e - 3B*ac*d*e^2 + A*ac*e^3)*\log(cx^2 + a) / (c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6) - (Bc^2d^3e - 3Ac^2d^2e^2 - 3B*ac*d*e^3 + A*ac*e^4)*\log(\text{abs}(ex + d)) / (c^3d^6e + 3ac^2d^4e^3 + 3a^2cd^2e^5 + a^3e^7) + (Ac^3d^3 + 3B*ac^2d^2e - 3A*ac^2d*e^2 - B*a^2*c*e^3)*\arctan(cx/\sqrt{ac}) / ((c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6)*\sqrt{ac}) + \frac{1}{2}(3Bc^2d^5 - 5Ac^2d^4e + 2B*ac*d^3e^2 - 6A*ac*d^2e^3 - B*a^2*d*e^4 - A*a^2*e^5 + 2*(Bc^2d^4e - 2Ac^2d^3e^2 - 2A*ac*d*e^4 - B*a^2*e^5)*x) / ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(ex + d)^2)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1680, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.69

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^3),x)`

output

```
(log(B^2*a^7*e^10*(-a*c)^(1/2) - A^2*c^5*d^10*(-a*c)^(3/2) - 9*A^2*a^5*e^10*(-a*c)^(3/2) + 9*B^2*c^3*d^10*(-a*c)^(5/2) + A^2*a*c^7*d^10*x + B^2*a^7*c*e^10*x + 6*A^2*a*d^4*e^6*(-a*c)^(7/2) + 6*B^2*a*d^6*e^4*(-a*c)^(7/2) - 106*A^2*c*d^6*e^4*(-a*c)^(7/2) + 27*B^2*c*d^8*e^2*(-a*c)^(7/2) + 9*A^2*a^6*c^2*e^10*x + 9*B^2*a^2*c^6*d^10*x - 27*A^2*a^3*d^2*e^8*(-a*c)^(5/2) + 106*B^2*a^3*d^4*e^6*(-a*c)^(5/2) - 77*B^2*a^5*d^2*e^8*(-a*c)^(3/2) + 77*A^2*c^3*d^8*e^2*(-a*c)^(5/2) - 224*A*B*a*d^5*e^5*(-a*c)^(7/2) + 48*A*B*a^5*d*e^9*(-a*c)^(3/2) - 64*A*B*c*d^7*e^3*(-a*c)^(7/2) - 48*A*B*c^3*d^9*e*(-a*c)^(5/2) + 77*A^2*a^2*c^6*d^8*e^2*x + 106*A^2*a^3*c^5*d^6*e^4*x - 6*A^2*a^4*c^4*d^4*e^6*x - 27*A^2*a^5*c^3*d^2*e^8*x - 27*B^2*a^3*c^5*d^8*e^2*x - 6*B^2*a^4*c^4*d^6*e^4*x + 106*B^2*a^5*c^3*d^4*e^6*x + 77*B^2*a^6*c^2*d^2*e^8*x + 64*A*B*a^3*d^3*e^7*(-a*c)^(5/2) - 48*A*B*a^2*c^6*d^9*e*x - 48*A*B*a^6*c^2*d*e^9*x + 64*A*B*a^3*c^5*d^7*e^3*x + 224*A*B*a^4*c^4*d^5*e^5*x + 64*A*B*a^5*c^3*d^3*e^7*x)*(a^2*e^3*((A*c)/2 - (B*(-a*c)^(1/2))/2) - e^2*((3*B*a^2*c*d)/2 + (3*A*a*c*d*(-a*c)^(1/2))/2) - a*e*((3*A*c^2*d^2)/2 - (3*B*c*d^2*(-a*c)^(1/2))/2) + (B*a*c^2*d^3)/2 + (A*c^2*d^3*(-a*c)^(1/2))/2))/(a^4*e^6 + a*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2) - (log(d + e*x)*(c^2*(B*d^3 - 3*A*d^2*e) + a*c*(A*e^3 - 3*B*d*e^2)))/(a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4) - (log(9*A^2*a^5*e^10*(-a*c)^(3/2) + A^2*c^5*d^10*(-a*c)^(3/2) - B^2*a^7*e^10*(-a*c)^(1/2) - 9*B^2*c^3*d^10*(-a*c)^(5/2)...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1036, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.13

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a),x)
```


output

```
( - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*d**3*e**3 - 4*sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*d**2*e**4*x - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*d*e**5*x**2 - 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan
((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c*d**4*e**2 - 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(s
qrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c*d**3*e**3*x - 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a)))*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a
)))*b*c*d**5*e + 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*b*c*d**4
*e**2*x + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*b*c*d**3*e**3*x*
*2 + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**2*d**6 + 4*sqrt(c)
*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**2*d**5*e*x + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*a
tan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**2 + log(a + c*x**2)*a**2*c*
d**3*e**3 + 2*log(a + c*x**2)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4*x + log(a + c*x**2)*a**2*c*
d*e**5*x**2 - 3*log(a + c*x**2)*a*b*c*d**4*e**2 - 6*log(a + c*x**2)*a*b*c*
d**3*e**3*x - 3*log(a + c*x**2)*a*b*c*d**2*e**4*x**2 - 3*log(a + c*x**2)*a
*c**2*d**5*e - 6*log(a + c*x**2)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2*x - 3*log(a + c*x**2)*a*
c**2*d**3*e**3*x**2 + log(a + c*x**2)*b*c**2*d**6 + 2*log(a + c*x**2)*b*c*
*2*d**5*e*x + log(a + c*x**2)*b*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 2*log(d + e*x)*a**2*
c*d**3*e**3 - 4*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4*x - 2*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d*
e**5*x**2 + 6*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c*d**4*e**2 + 12*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c*d**3*e*
*3*x + 6*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 6*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**5...
```

3.87 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	737
Mathematica [A] (verified)	738
Rubi [A] (verified)	738
Maple [A] (verified)	740
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	741
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	742
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	743
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	743
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	744
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	745

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 297

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{e^2(3Acd(2cd^2-5ae^2)-5aBe(6cd^2-ae^2))x}{2ac^3} - \frac{e^3(2Acd^2-5aBde-aAe^2)x^2}{ac^2} - \frac{e^4(3Acd-5aBe)x^3}{6ac^2} - \frac{(d+ex)^4(a(Bd+ Ae)-(Acd-aBe)x)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} + \frac{(Acd(c^2d^4+10acd^2e^2-15a^2e^4)+5aBe(c^2d^4-6acd^2e^2+a^2e^4))\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}c^{7/2}} + \frac{e^2(5Bcd^3+5Acd^2e-5aBde^2-aAe^3)\log(a+cx^2)}{c^3}$$

output

```
-1/2*e^2*(3*A*c*d*(-5*a*e^2+2*c*d^2)-5*a*B*e*(-a*e^2+6*c*d^2))*x/a/c^3-e^3
*(-A*a*e^2+2*A*c*d^2-5*B*a*d*e)*x^2/a/c^2-1/6*e^4*(3*A*c*d-5*B*a*e)*x^3/a/
c^2-1/2*(e*x+d)^4*(a*(A*e+B*d)-(A*c*d-B*a*e)*x)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)+1/2*(A*c*d*(
-15*a^2*e^4+10*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)+5*a*B*e*(a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4
))*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(7/2)+e^2*(-A*a*e^3+5*A*c*d^2*e-5*B
*a*d*e^2+5*B*c*d^3)*ln(c*x^2+a)/c^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^5}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{e^3(10Bcd^2 + 5Acde - 2aBe^2)x}{c^3} + \frac{e^4(5Bd + Ae)x^2}{2c^2} + \frac{Be^5x^3}{3c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{Ac^3d^5x - a^3e^4(5Bd + Ae + Bex) + 5a^2cde^2(2Bd(d + ex) + Ae(2d + ex)) - ac^2d^3(5Ae(d + 2ex) + Bex)}{2ac^3(a + cx^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{(Acd(c^2d^4 + 10acd^2e^2 - 15a^2e^4) + 5aBe(c^2d^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}c^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2(5Bcd^3 + 5Acde^2 - 5aBde^2 - aAe^3) \log(a + cx^2)}{c^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^5)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(e^3*(10*B*c*d^2 + 5*A*c*d*e - 2*a*B*e^2)*x)/c^3 + (e^4*(5*B*d + A*e)*x^2)/(2*c^2) + (B*e^5*x^3)/(3*c^2) + (A*c^3*d^5*x - a^3*e^4*(5*B*d + A*e + B*e*x) + 5*a^2*c*d*e^2*(2*B*d*(d + e*x) + A*e*(2*d + e*x)) - a*c^2*d^3*(5*A*e*(d + 2*e*x) + B*d*(d + 5*e*x)))/(2*a*c^3*(a + c*x^2)) + ((A*c*d*(c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 15*a^2*e^4) + 5*a*B*e*(c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(2*a^(3/2)*c^(7/2)) + (e^2*(5*B*c*d^3 + 5*A*c*d^2*e - 5*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*Log[a + c*x^2])/c^3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {684, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^5}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 684

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (Acd^2+ae(5Bd+4Ae)-e(3Acd-5aBe)x)}{cx^2+a} dx - \frac{(d+ex)^4 (a(Ae+Bd) - x(Acd - aBe))}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$

↓ 657

$$\frac{\int \left(-\frac{(3Acd-5aBe)x^2 e^4}{c} - \frac{4(2Acd^2-5aBed-aAe^2)xe^3}{c} - \frac{(3Acd(2cd^2-5ae^2)-5aBe(6cd^2-ae^2))e^2}{c^2} + \frac{4ac(5Bcd^3+5Acd^2-5aBe^2d-aAe^3)}{2ac} \right)}{(d+ex)^4 (a(Ae+Bd) - x(Acd - aBe))}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (Acd(-15a^2e^4+10acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)+5aBe(a^2e^4-6acd^2e^2+c^2d^4))}{\sqrt{ac}^{5/2}} - \frac{e^2x(3Acd(2cd^2-5ae^2)-5aBe(6cd^2-ae^2))}{c^2} + \frac{2ae^2 \log(a+cx)}{2ac}}{(d+ex)^4 (a(Ae+Bd) - x(Acd - aBe))}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^5)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*((d + e*x)^4*(a*(B*d + A*e) - (A*c*d - a*B*e)*x))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) +
(-(e^2*(3*A*c*d*(2*c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2) - 5*a*B*e*(6*c*d^2 - a*e^2))*x)/c^2)
- (2*e^3*(2*A*c*d^2 - 5*a*B*d*e - a*A*e^2)*x^2)/c - (e^4*(3*A*c*d - 5*a*B
*e)*x^3)/(3*c) + ((A*c*d*(c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 15*a^2*e^4) + 5*a*B*e
*(c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a
]*c^(5/2)) + (2*a*e^2*(5*B*c*d^3 + 5*A*c*d^2*e - 5*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*Lo
g[a + c*x^2])/c^2)/(2*a*c)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 657 Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m)*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]
```

```
rule 684 Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2] && EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 360, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
default	$\frac{e^3(\frac{1}{3}Bc x^3 e^2 + \frac{1}{2}Ac e^2 x^2 + \frac{5}{2}Bcde x^2 + 5Acde x - 2Ba e^2 x + 10Bc d^2 x)}{c^3} - \frac{(5A a^2 c d e^4 - 10A a c^2 d^3 e^2 + A d^5 e^3 - B e^5 a^3 + 10B a^2 c d^2 e^3 - \dots)}{2a}$
risch	Expression too large to display

```
input int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output e^3/c^3*(1/3*B*c*x^3*e^2+1/2*A*c*e^2*x^2+5/2*B*c*d*e*x^2+5*A*c*d*e*x-2*B*a*e^2*x+10*B*c*d^2*x)-1/c^3*((-1/2*(5*A*a^2*c*d*e^4-10*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2+A*c^3*d^5-B*a^3*e^5+10*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3-5*B*a*c^2*d^4*e)/a*x+1/2*A*a^2*e^5-5*A*a*c*d^2*e^3+5/2*A*c^2*d^4*e+5/2*B*a^2*d*e^4-5*B*a*c*d^3*e^2+1/2*B*c^2*d^5)/(c*x^2+a)+1/2/a*(1/2*(4*A*a^2*c*e^5-20*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3+20*B*a^2*c*d*e^4-20*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2)/c*ln(c*x^2+a)+(15*A*a^2*c*d*e^4-10*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2-A*c^3*d^5-5*B*a^3*e^5+30*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3-5*B*a*c^2*d^4*e)/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 585 vs. $2(281) = 562$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1190, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.01

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^5}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/12*(4*B*a^2*c^3*e^5*x^5 - 6*B*a^2*c^3*d^5 - 30*A*a^2*c^3*d^4*e + 60*B*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 60*A*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 30*B*a^4*c*d*e^4 - 6*A*a^4*c*e^5 + 6*(5*B*a^2*c^3*d*e^4 + A*a^2*c^3*e^5)*x^4 + 20*(6*B*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^3 + 3*A*a^2*c^3*d*e^4 - B*a^3*c^2*e^5)*x^3 + 6*(5*B*a^3*c^2*d*e^4 + A*a^3*c^2*e^5)*x^2 - 3*(A*a*c^3*d^5 + 5*B*a^2*c^2*d^4*e + 10*A*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 30*B*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - 15*A*a^3*c*d*e^4 + 5*B*a^4*e^5 + (A*c^4*d^5 + 5*B*a*c^3*d^4*e + 10*A*a*c^3*d^3*e^2 - 30*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 15*A*a^2*c^2*d*e^4 + 5*B*a^3*c*e^5)*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) + 6*(A*a*c^4*d^5 - 5*B*a^2*c^3*d^4*e - 10*A*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 30*B*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 15*A*a^3*c^2*d*e^4 - 5*B*a^4*c*e^5)*x + 12*(5*B*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 5*A*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 5*B*a^4*c*d*e^4 - A*a^4*c*e^5 + (5*B*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 5*A*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^3 - 5*B*a^3*c^2*d*e^4 - A*a^3*c^2*e^5)*x^2)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a^2*c^5*x^2 + a^3*c^4), 1/6*(2*B*a^2*c^3*e^5*x^5 - 3*B*a^2*c^3*d^5 - 15*A*a^2*c^3*d^4*e + 30*B*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 30*A*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 15*B*a^4*c*d*e^4 - 3*A*a^4*c*e^5 + 3*(5*B*a^2*c^3*d*e^4 + A*a^2*c^3*e^5)*x^4 + 10*(6*B*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^3 + 3*A*a^2*c^3*d*e^4 - B*a^3*c^2*e^5)*x^3 + 3*(5*B*a^3*c^2*d*e^4 + A*a^3*c^2*e^5)*x^2 + 3*(A*a*c^3*d^5 + 5*B*a^2*c^2*d^4*e + 10*A*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 30*B*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - 15*A*a^3*c*d*e^4 + 5*B*a^4*e^5 + (A*c^4*d^5 + 5*B*a*c^3*d^4*e + 10*A*a*c^3*d^3*e^2 - 30*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 15*A*a^2*c^2*d*e^4 + 5*B*a^3*c*e^5)*x^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a...
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1091 vs. $2(294) = 588$.

Time = 6.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1091, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.67

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^5}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**5/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output

```
B*e**5*x**3/(3*c**2) + x**2*(A*e**5/(2*c**2) + 5*B*d*e**4/(2*c**2)) + x*(5
*A*d*e**4/c**2 - 2*B*a*e**5/c**3 + 10*B*d**2*e**3/c**2) + (-e**2*(A*a*e**3
- 5*A*c*d**2*e + 5*B*a*d*e**2 - 5*B*c*d**3)/c**3 - sqrt(-a**3*c**7)*(-15*
A*a**2*c*d*e**4 + 10*A*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 + A*c**3*d**5 + 5*B*a**3*e**5 - 30
*B*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 + 5*B*a*c**2*d**4*e)/(4*a**3*c**7))*log(x + (4*A*a**3*
e**5 - 20*A*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 + 20*B*a**3*d*e**4 - 20*B*a**2*c*d**3*e**2 +
4*a**2*c**3*(-e**2*(A*a*e**3 - 5*A*c*d**2*e + 5*B*a*d*e**2 - 5*B*c*d**3)/c
**3 - sqrt(-a**3*c**7)*(-15*A*a**2*c*d*e**4 + 10*A*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 + A*c
**3*d**5 + 5*B*a**3*e**5 - 30*B*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 + 5*B*a*c**2*d**4*e)/(4*a
**3*c**7)))/(-15*A*a**2*c*d*e**4 + 10*A*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 + A*c**3*d**5 + 5*
B*a**3*e**5 - 30*B*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 + 5*B*a*c**2*d**4*e) + (-e**2*(A*a*e*
**3 - 5*A*c*d**2*e + 5*B*a*d*e**2 - 5*B*c*d**3)/c**3 + sqrt(-a**3*c**7)*(-1
5*A*a**2*c*d*e**4 + 10*A*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 + A*c**3*d**5 + 5*B*a**3*e**5 -
30*B*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 + 5*B*a*c**2*d**4*e)/(4*a**3*c**7))*log(x + (4*A*a**
3*e**5 - 20*A*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 + 20*B*a**3*d*e**4 - 20*B*a**2*c*d**3*e**2
+ 4*a**2*c**3*(-e**2*(A*a*e**3 - 5*A*c*d**2*e + 5*B*a*d*e**2 - 5*B*c*d**3)
/c**3 + sqrt(-a**3*c**7)*(-15*A*a**2*c*d*e**4 + 10*A*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 + A*
c**3*d**5 + 5*B*a**3*e**5 - 30*B*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 + 5*B*a*c**2*d**4*e)/(4*
a**3*c**7)))/(-15*A*a**2*c*d*e**4 + 10*A*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 + A*c**3*d**5 +
5*B*a**3*e**5 - 30*B*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 + 5*B*a*c**2*d**4*e) + (-A*a**3*...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{Bac^2d^5 + 5Aac^2d^4e - 10Ba^2cd^3e^2 - 10Aa^2cd^2e^3 + 5Ba^3de^4 + Aa^3e^5 - (Ac^3d^5 - 5Bac^2d^4e - 10Aa^2cd^3e^2 + 10B^2a^2c^3d^2e^3 + 5A^2a^2c^3de^4 - B^2a^3e^5)x}{2(ac^4x^2 + a^2c^3)}$$

$$+ \frac{(5Bcd^3e^2 + 5Acd^2e^3 - 5Bade^4 - Aae^5) \log(cx^2 + a)}{c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2Bce^5x^3 + 3(5Bcde^4 + Ace^5)x^2 + 6(10Bcd^2e^3 + 5Acde^4 - 2Bae^5)x}{6c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(Ac^3d^5 + 5Bac^2d^4e + 10Aac^2d^3e^2 - 30Ba^2cd^2e^3 - 15Aa^2cde^4 + 5Ba^3e^5) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}c^3}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2*(B*a*c^2*d^5 + 5*A*a*c^2*d^4*e - 10*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 - 10*A*a^2*c*d^2*
e^3 + 5*B*a^3*d*e^4 + A*a^3*e^5 - (A*c^3*d^5 - 5*B*a*c^2*d^4*e - 10*A*a*c^
2*d^3*e^2 + 10*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 5*A*a^2*c*d*e^4 - B*a^3*e^5)*x)/(a*c^4*x^
2 + a^2*c^3) + (5*B*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*A*c*d^2*e^3 - 5*B*a*d*e^4 - A*a*e^5)*log
(c*x^2 + a)/c^3 + 1/6*(2*B*c*e^5*x^3 + 3*(5*B*c*d*e^4 + A*c*e^5)*x^2 + 6*(
10*B*c*d^2*e^3 + 5*A*c*d*e^4 - 2*B*a*e^5)*x)/c^3 + 1/2*(A*c^3*d^5 + 5*B*a*
c^2*d^4*e + 10*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 30*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 - 15*A*a^2*c*d*e^4 + 5
*B*a^3*e^5)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a*c^3)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 366, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(5Bcd^3e^2 + 5Acd^2e^3 - 5Bade^4 - Aae^5) \log(cx^2 + a)}{c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(Ac^3d^5 + 5Bac^2d^4e + 10Aac^2d^3e^2 - 30Ba^2cd^2e^3 - 15Aa^2cde^4 + 5Ba^3e^5) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}c^3}$$

$$- \frac{Bac^2d^5 + 5Aac^2d^4e - 10Ba^2cd^3e^2 - 10Aa^2cd^2e^3 + 5Ba^3de^4 + Aa^3e^5 - (Ac^3d^5 - 5Bac^2d^4e - 10Aa^2cd^3e^2 + 10B^2a^2c^3d^2e^3 + 5A^2a^2c^3de^4 - B^2a^3e^5)x}{2(cx^2 + a)ac^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2Bc^4e^5x^3 + 15Bc^4de^4x^2 + 3Ac^4e^5x^2 + 60Bc^4d^2e^3x + 30Ac^4de^4x - 12Bac^3e^5x}{6c^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (5*B*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*A*c*d^2*e^3 - 5*B*a*d*e^4 - A*a*e^5)*\log(c*x^2 + a)/c^3 \\ & + 1/2*(A*c^3*d^5 + 5*B*a*c^2*d^4*e + 10*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 30*B*a^2*c*d^2* \\ & e^3 - 15*A*a^2*c*d*e^4 + 5*B*a^3*e^5)*\arctan(c*x/\sqrt{a*c})/(\sqrt{a*c}*a*c \\ & ^3) - 1/2*(B*a*c^2*d^5 + 5*A*a*c^2*d^4*e - 10*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 - 10*A*a^2*c \\ & *d^2*e^3 + 5*B*a^3*d*e^4 + A*a^3*e^5 - (A*c^3*d^5 - 5*B*a*c^2*d^4*e - 10*A \\ & *a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 10*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 5*A*a^2*c*d*e^4 - B*a^3*e^5)*x)/((c* \\ & x^2 + a)*a*c^3) + 1/6*(2*B*c^4*e^5*x^3 + 15*B*c^4*d*e^4*x^2 + 3*A*c^4*e^5* \\ & x^2 + 60*B*c^4*d^2*e^3*x + 30*A*c^4*d*e^4*x - 12*B*a*c^3*e^5*x)/c^6 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^5}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx &= \frac{x^2 (Ae^5 + 5Bde^4)}{2c^2} \\ &- \frac{\frac{Aa^2e^5}{2} + \frac{Bc^2d^5}{2} - \frac{x(-Ba^3e^5 + 10Ba^2cd^2e^3 + 5Aa^2cde^4 - 5Ba^2d^4e - 10Aa^2d^3e^2 + A^3d^5)}{2a}}{c^4x^2 + ac^3} + \frac{5Ba^2de^4}{2} + \frac{5Ac^2d^4e}{2} \\ &- x \left(\frac{2Ba^5e^5}{c^3} - \frac{5de^3(Ae + 2Bd)}{c^2} \right) \\ &- \frac{\ln(cx^2 + a) (160Ba^4c^4de^4 + 32Aa^4c^4e^5 - 160Ba^3c^5d^3e^2 - 160Aa^3c^5d^2e^3)}{32a^3c^7} \\ &+ \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (5Ba^3e^5 - 30Ba^2cd^2e^3 - 15Aa^2cde^4 + 5Ba^2d^4e + 10Aa^2d^3e^2 + A^3d^5)}{2a^{3/2}c^{7/2}} \\ &+ \frac{Be^5x^3}{3c^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^5)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```
(x^2*(A*e^5 + 5*B*d*e^4))/(2*c^2) - ((A*a^2*e^5)/2 + (B*c^2*d^5)/2 - (x*(A*c^3*d^5 - B*a^3*e^5 - 10*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 10*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 5*A*a^2*c*d*e^4 - 5*B*a*c^2*d^4*e))/(2*a) + (5*B*a^2*d*e^4)/2 + (5*A*c^2*d^4*e)/2 - 5*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 5*B*a*c*d^3*e^2)/(a*c^3 + c^4*x^2) - x*((2*B*a*e^5)/c^3 - (5*d*e^3*(A*e + 2*B*d))/c^2) - (log(a + c*x^2)*(32*A*a^4*c^4*e^5 + 160*B*a^4*c^4*d*e^4 - 160*A*a^3*c^5*d^2*e^3 - 160*B*a^3*c^5*d^3*e^2))/(32*a^3*c^7) + (atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2))*(A*c^3*d^5 + 5*B*a^3*e^5 + 10*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 30*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 - 15*A*a^2*c*d*e^4 + 5*B*a*c^2*d^4*e))/(2*a^(3/2)*c^(7/2)) + (B*e^5*x^3)/(3*c^2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 787, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^5}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
(15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b**e**5 - 45*sqrt(c)
*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c*d**e**4 - 90*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*
atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*c*d**2*e**3 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan
((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*c**e**5*x**2 + 30*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*
x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**2*d**e**4*x**2 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*c**2*d**4*e - 90*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)
*sqrt(a)))*a*b*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)
*sqrt(a)))*a*c**3*d**5 + 30*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*
a*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*b
*c**3*d**4*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**4*d
**5*x**2 - 6*log(a + c*x**2)*a**4*c**e**5 - 30*log(a + c*x**2)*a**3*b*c*d**e
**4 + 30*log(a + c*x**2)*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**3 - 6*log(a + c*x**2)*a**3*c**2
*e**5*x**2 + 30*log(a + c*x**2)*a**2*b*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 30*log(a + c*x**2)
*a**2*b*c**2*d**e**4*x**2 + 30*log(a + c*x**2)*a**2*c**3*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 3
0*log(a + c*x**2)*a*b*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**2 - 15*a**3*b*c**e**5*x + 45*a**3*c
**2*d**e**4*x + 6*a**3*c**2*e**5*x**2 + 90*a**2*b*c**2*d**2*e**3*x + 30*a**
2*b*c**2*d**e**4*x**2 - 10*a**2*b*c**2*e**5*x**3 - 30*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**2*x
- 30*a**2*c**3*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 30*a**2*c**3*d**e**4*x**3 + 3*a**2*c**3*e
**5*x**4 - 15*a*b*c**3*d**4*e*x - 30*a*b*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 60*a*b*c...
```

$$3.88 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	747
Mathematica [A] (verified)	748
Rubi [A] (verified)	748
Maple [A] (verified)	750
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	750
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	751
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	752
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	753
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	754
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	754

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 220

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx \\ &= -\frac{3e^2(Acd^2 - 4aBde - aAe^2)x}{2ac^2} - \frac{e^3(Acd - 2aBe)x^2}{2ac^2} \\ & \quad - \frac{(d+ex)^3(a(Bd+ Ae) - (Acd - aBe)x)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \\ & \quad + \frac{(4aBde(cd^2 - 3ae^2) + A(c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 - 3a^2e^4)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}c^{5/2}} \\ & \quad + \frac{e^2(3Bcd^2 + 2Acde - aBe^2) \log(a+cx^2)}{c^3} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-3/2*e^2*(-A*a*e^2+A*c*d^2-4*B*a*d*e)*x/a/c^2-1/2*e^3*(A*c*d-2*B*a*e)*x^2/
a/c^2-1/2*(e*x+d)^3*(a*(A*e+B*d)-(A*c*d-B*a*e)*x)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)+1/2*(4*a*B
*d*e*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)+A*(-3*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4))*arctan(c^(1/2)
*x/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(5/2)+e^2*(2*A*c*d*e-B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)*ln(c*x^2+a)/
c^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^4}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2ce^3(4Bd + Ae)x + Bce^4x^2 + \frac{-a^3Be^4 + Ac^3d^4x + a^2ce^2(Ae(4d+ex) + 2Bd(3d+2ex)) - ac^2d^2(2Ae(2d+3ex) + Bd(d+4ex))}{a(a+cx^2)}}{2c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(4d+ex)^3}{2c^3}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^4)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(2*c*e^3*(4*B*d + A*e)*x + B*c*e^4*x^2 + (-a^3*B*e^4) + A*c^3*d^4*x + a^2*c*e^2*(A*e*(4*d + e*x) + 2*B*d*(3*d + 2*e*x)) - a*c^2*d^2*(2*A*e*(2*d + 3*e*x) + B*d*(d + 4*e*x)))/(a*(a + c*x^2)) + (Sqrt[c]*(4*a*B*d*e*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) + A*(c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2) + 2*e^2*(3*B*c*d^2 + 2*A*c*d*e - a*B*e^2)*Log[a + c*x^2])/(2*c^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {684, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^4}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 684$$

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(Acd^2+ae(4Bd+3Ae)-2e(Acd-2aBe)x)}{cx^2+a} dx - \frac{(d+ex)^3(a(Ae+Bd)-x(Acd-aBe))}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 657$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{2(Acd-2aBe)xe^3}{c} - \frac{3(Acd^2-4aBed-aAe^2)e^2}{c} + \frac{4a(3Bcd^2+2Acde-aBe^2)xe^2+4aBd(cd^2-3ae^2)e+A(c^2d^4+6ace^2d^2-3a^2e^4)}{c(cx^2+a)} \right) dx$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^3(a(Ae+Bd)-x(2ac-Acd-aBe))}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(A(-3a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)+4aBde(cd^2-3ae^2))}{\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}} + \frac{2ae^2 \log(a+cx^2)(-aBe^2+2Acde+3Bcd^2)}{c^2} - \frac{3e^2x(-aAe^2-4aBde+Ac d^2)}{c}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^3(a(Ae+Bd)-x(2ac-Acd-aBe))}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^4)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*((d + e*x)^3*(a*(B*d + A*e) - (A*c*d - a*B*e)*x)/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + ((-3*e^2*(A*c*d^2 - 4*a*B*d*e - a*A*e^2)*x)/c - (e^3*(A*c*d - 2*a*B*e)*x^2)/c + ((4*a*B*d*e*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) + A*(c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)) + (2*a*e^2*(3*B*c*d^2 + 2*A*c*d*e - a*B*e^2)*Log[a + c*x^2])/c^2)/(2*a*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 684 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m-1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p+1)*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p+1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p+1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m-2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p+1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m-1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p+3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m+2*p+2))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2] && EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m+2*p+3, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result
default	$\frac{e^3 \left(\frac{1}{2} B e x^2 + A e x + 4 B d x \right)}{c^2} - \frac{\left(A a^2 e^4 - 6 A a c d^2 e^2 + A c^2 d^4 + 4 B a^2 d e^3 - 4 B a c d^3 e \right) x - 4 A a c d e^3 - 4 A c^2 d^3 e - B e^4 a^2 + 6 B a c d^2 e^2 - B c^2 d^4}{c x^2 + a} + \dots$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$e^3/c^2 * (1/2 * B * e * x^2 + A * e * x + 4 * B * d * x) - 1/c^2 * ((-1/2 * (A * a^2 * e^4 - 6 * A * a * c * d^2 * e^2 + A * c^2 * d^4 + 4 * B * a^2 * d * e^3 - 4 * B * a * c * d^3 * e) / a * x - 1/2 * (4 * A * a * c * d * e^3 - 4 * A * c^2 * d^3 * e - B * a^2 * e^4 + 6 * B * a * c * d^2 * e^2 - B * c^2 * d^4) / c) / (c * x^2 + a) + 1/2 * a * (1/2 * (-8 * A * a * c * d * e^3 + 4 * B * a^2 * e^4 - 12 * B * a * c * d^2 * e^2) / c * \ln(c * x^2 + a) + (3 * A * a^2 * e^4 - 6 * A * a * c * d^2 * e^2 - A * c^2 * d^4 + 12 * B * a^2 * d * e^3 - 4 * B * a * c * d^3 * e) / (a * c)^{(1/2)} * \arctan(c * x / (a * c)^{(1/2)}))$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 413 vs. 2(204) = 408.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 849, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^4}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/4*(2*B*a^2*c^2*e^4*x^4 + 2*B*a^3*c*e^4*x^2 - 2*B*a^2*c^2*d^4 - 8*A*a^2*c^2*d^3*e + 12*B*a^3*c*d^2*e^2 + 8*A*a^3*c*d*e^3 - 2*B*a^4*e^4 + 4*(4*B*a^2*c^2*d*e^3 + A*a^2*c^2*e^4)*x^3 + (A*a*c^2*d^4 + 4*B*a^2*c*d^3*e + 6*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 12*B*a^3*d*e^3 - 3*A*a^3*e^4 + (A*c^3*d^4 + 4*B*a*c^2*d^3*e + 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 12*B*a^2*c*d*e^3 - 3*A*a^2*c*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) + 2*(A*a*c^3*d^4 - 4*B*a^2*c^2*d^3*e - 6*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 12*B*a^3*c*d*e^3 + 3*A*a^3*c*e^4)*x + 4*(3*B*a^3*c*d^2*e^2 + 2*A*a^3*c*d*e^3 - B*a^4*e^4 + (3*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*A*a^2*c^2*d*e^3 - B*a^3*c*e^4)*x^2)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a^2*c^4*x^2 + a^3*c^3) , 1/2*(B*a^2*c^2*e^4*x^4 + B*a^3*c*e^4*x^2 - B*a^2*c^2*d^4 - 4*A*a^2*c^2*d^3*e + 6*B*a^3*c*d^2*e^2 + 4*A*a^3*c*d*e^3 - B*a^4*e^4 + 2*(4*B*a^2*c^2*d*e^3 + A*a^2*c^2*e^4)*x^3 + (A*a*c^2*d^4 + 4*B*a^2*c*d^3*e + 6*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 12*B*a^3*d*e^3 - 3*A*a^3*e^4 + (A*c^3*d^4 + 4*B*a*c^2*d^3*e + 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 12*B*a^2*c*d*e^3 - 3*A*a^2*c*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) + (A*a*c^3*d^4 - 4*B*a^2*c^2*d^3*e - 6*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 12*B*a^3*c*d*e^3 + 3*A*a^3*c*e^4)*x + 2*(3*B*a^3*c*d^2*e^2 + 2*A*a^3*c*d*e^3 - B*a^4*e^4 + (3*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*A*a^2*c^2*d*e^3 - B*a^3*c*e^4)*x^2)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a^2*c^4*x^2 + a^3*c^3)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 836 vs. $2(212) = 424$.

Time = 4.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 836, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.80

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^4}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{Be^4x^2}{2c^2} + x \left(\frac{Ae^4}{c^2} + \frac{4Bde^3}{c^2} \right) + \left(-\frac{e^2(-2Acde + Bae^2 - 3Bcd^2)}{c^3} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{\sqrt{-a^3c^7} \cdot (3Aa^2e^4 - 6Aacd^2e^2 - Ac^2d^4 + 12Ba^2de^3 - 4Bacd^3e)}{4a^3c^6} \right) \log \left(x + \frac{8Aa^2cde^3 - 4Ba^3e^4 + 12Acd^2e^2 - 4Bacd^3e}{2a^2c^3 + 2ac^4x^2} \right)$$

$$+ \left(-\frac{e^2(-2Acde + Bae^2 - 3Bcd^2)}{c^3} \right.$$

$$\left. + \frac{\sqrt{-a^3c^7} \cdot (3Aa^2e^4 - 6Aacd^2e^2 - Ac^2d^4 + 12Ba^2de^3 - 4Bacd^3e)}{4a^3c^6} \right) \log \left(x + \frac{8Aa^2cde^3 - 4Ba^3e^4 + 12Acd^2e^2 - 4Bacd^3e}{2a^2c^3 + 2ac^4x^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{4Aa^2cde^3 - 4Aac^2d^3e - Ba^3e^4 + 6Ba^2cd^2e^2 - Bac^2d^4 + x(Aa^2ce^4 - 6Aac^2d^2e^2 + Ac^3d^4 + 4Ba^2cde^3 - 4Bacd^3e)}{2a^2c^3 + 2ac^4x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**4/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & B e^{4x} x^2 / (2c^2) + x(A e^{4x} / c^2 + 4B d e^{3x} / c^2) + (-e^{2x}(-2A c d e + B a e^{x^2} - 3B c d^2) / c^3 - \sqrt{-a^3 c^7} (3A a^2 e^{4x} - 6A a c d^2 e^{x^2} - A c^2 d^4 + 12B a^2 d e^{3x} - 4B a c d^3 e) / (4a^3 c^6)) \log(x + (8A a^2 c d e^{3x} - 4B a^3 e^{4x} + 12B a^2 c d^2 e^{x^2} - 4a^2 c^3 (-e^{2x}(-2A c d e + B a e^{x^2} - 3B c d^2) / c^3 - \sqrt{-a^3 c^7} (3A a^2 e^{4x} - 6A a c d^2 e^{x^2} - A c^2 d^4 + 12B a^2 d e^{3x} - 4B a c d^3 e) / (4a^3 c^6))) / (3A a^2 c e^{4x} - 6A a c^2 d^2 e^{x^2} - A c^3 d^4 + 12B a^2 c d e^{3x} - 4B a c^2 d^3 e)) + (-e^{2x}(-2A c d e + B a e^{x^2} - 3B c d^2) / c^3 + \sqrt{-a^3 c^7} (3A a^2 e^{4x} - 6A a c d^2 e^{x^2} - A c^2 d^4 + 12B a^2 d e^{3x} - 4B a c d^3 e) / (4a^3 c^6)) \log(x + (8A a^2 c d e^{3x} - 4B a^3 e^{4x} + 12B a^2 c d^2 e^{x^2} - 4a^2 c^3 (-e^{2x}(-2A c d e + B a e^{x^2} - 3B c d^2) / c^3 + \sqrt{-a^3 c^7} (3A a^2 e^{4x} - 6A a c d^2 e^{x^2} - A c^2 d^4 + 12B a^2 d e^{3x} - 4B a c d^3 e) / (4a^3 c^6))) / (3A a^2 c e^{4x} - 6A a c^2 d^2 e^{x^2} - A c^3 d^4 + 12B a^2 c d e^{3x} - 4B a c^2 d^3 e)) + (4A a^2 c d e^{3x} - 4A a c^2 d^3 e - B a^3 e^{4x} + 6B a^2 c d^2 e^{x^2} - B a c^2 d^4 + x(A a^2 c e^{4x} - 6A a c^2 d^2 e^{x^2} + A c^3 d^4 + 4B a^2 c d e^{3x} - 4B a c^2 d^3 e)) / (2a^2 c^3 + 2a c^4 x^2) \end{aligned}$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^4}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \\ & - \frac{Bac^2 d^4 + 4Aac^2 d^3 e - 6Ba^2 cd^2 e^2 - 4Aa^2 cde^3 + Ba^3 e^4 - (Ac^3 d^4 - 4Bac^2 d^3 e - 6Aac^2 d^2 e^2 + 4Ba^2 c^3)}{2(ac^4 x^2 + a^2 c^3)} \\ & + \frac{Be^4 x^2 + 2(4Bde^3 + Ae^4)x}{2c^2} + \frac{(3Bcd^2 e^2 + 2Acde^3 - Bae^4) \log(cx^2 + a)}{c^3} \\ & + \frac{(Ac^2 d^4 + 4Bacd^3 e + 6Aacd^2 e^2 - 12Ba^2 de^3 - 3Aa^2 e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}c^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/2*(B*a*c^2*d^4 + 4*A*a*c^2*d^3*e - 6*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*A*a^2*c*d*e^3
+ B*a^3*e^4 - (A*c^3*d^4 - 4*B*a*c^2*d^3*e - 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 4*B*a^2*c
*d*e^3 + A*a^2*c*e^4)*x)/(a*c^4*x^2 + a^2*c^3) + 1/2*(B*e^4*x^2 + 2*(4*B*d
*e^3 + A*e^4)*x)/c^2 + (3*B*c*d^2*e^2 + 2*A*c*d*e^3 - B*a*e^4)*log(c*x^2 +
a)/c^3 + 1/2*(A*c^2*d^4 + 4*B*a*c*d^3*e + 6*A*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 12*B*a^2*d*e^
3 - 3*A*a^2*e^4)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^4}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(3Bcd^2e^2 + 2Acde^3 - Bae^4) \log(cx^2 + a)}{c^3} + \frac{(Ac^2d^4 + 4Bacd^3e + 6Aacd^2e^2 - 12Ba^2de^3 - 3Aa^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}ac^2} + \frac{Bc^2e^4x^2 + 8Bc^2de^3x + 2Ac^2e^4x}{2c^4} - \frac{Bac^2d^4 + 4Aac^2d^3e - 6Ba^2cd^2e^2 - 4Aa^2cde^3 + Ba^3e^4 - (Ac^3d^4 - 4Bac^2d^3e - 6Aac^2d^2e^2 + 4Ba^2cde^3 - 3Aa^2e^4)}{2(cx^2 + a)ac^3}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(3*B*c*d^2*e^2 + 2*A*c*d*e^3 - B*a*e^4)*log(c*x^2 + a)/c^3 + 1/2*(A*c^2*d^
4 + 4*B*a*c*d^3*e + 6*A*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 12*B*a^2*d*e^3 - 3*A*a^2*e^4)*arctan
(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2) + 1/2*(B*c^2*e^4*x^2 + 8*B*c^2*d*e^3*x +
2*A*c^2*e^4*x)/c^4 - 1/2*(B*a*c^2*d^4 + 4*A*a*c^2*d^3*e - 6*B*a^2*c*d^2*e
^2 - 4*A*a^2*c*d*e^3 + B*a^3*e^4 - (A*c^3*d^4 - 4*B*a*c^2*d^3*e - 6*A*a*c^
2*d^2*e^2 + 4*B*a^2*c*d*e^3 + A*a^2*c*e^4)*x)/((c*x^2 + a)*a*c^3)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 276, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{x(Ae^4+4Bde^3)}{c^2} - \frac{\frac{Ba^2e^4-6Bacd^2e^2-4Aacde^3+Bc^2d^4+4Ac^2d^3e}{2c} - \frac{x(4Ba^2de^3+Aa^2e^4-4Bacd^3e-6Aacd^2e^2+Ac^2d^4)}{2a}}{c^3x^2+ac^2} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(-12Ba^2de^3-3Aa^2e^4+4Bacd^3e+6Aacd^2e^2+Ac^2d^4)}{2a^{3/2}c^{5/2}} + \frac{\ln(cx^2+a)(-32Ba^4c^3e^4+96Ba^3c^4d^2e^2+64Aa^3c^4de^3)}{32a^3c^6} + \frac{Be^4x^2}{2c^2}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^4)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x)`output
$$\frac{(x*(A*e^4 + 4*B*d*e^3))/c^2 - ((B*a^2*e^4 + B*c^2*d^4 + 4*A*c^2*d^3*e - 4*A*a*c*d*e^3 - 6*B*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(2*c) - (x*(A*a^2*e^4 + A*c^2*d^4 + 4*B*a^2*d*e^3 - 4*B*a*c*d^3*e - 6*A*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(2*a))/(a*c^2 + c^3*x^2) + (\operatorname{atan}((c^{1/2}*x)/a^{1/2})*(A*c^2*d^4 - 3*A*a^2*e^4 - 12*B*a^2*d*e^3 + 4*B*a*c*d^3*e + 6*A*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(2*a^{3/2}*c^{5/2}) + (\log(a + c*x^2)*(64*A*a^3*c^4*d*e^3 - 32*B*a^4*c^3*e^4 + 96*B*a^3*c^4*d^2*e^2))/(32*a^3*c^6) + (B*e^4*x^2)/(2*c^2)}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 577, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -12\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)abcd^3e^3x^2 + 4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)abcd^3e + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)ac^2d^2e^2x^2 + 4$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*e**4 - 12*sqrt(c)
*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*d*e**3 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*
tan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c*d**2*e**2 - 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*
x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c*e**4*x**2 + 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqr
t(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*c*d**3*e - 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(
a)))*a*b*c*d*e**3*x**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c
**2*d**4 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**2*d**2*e**
2*x**2 + 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*b*c**2*d**3*e*x**
2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**3*d**4*x**2 - 2*log(a
+ c*x**2)*a**3*b*e**4 + 4*log(a + c*x**2)*a**3*c*d*e**3 + 6*log(a + c*x**
2)*a**2*b*c*d**2*e**2 - 2*log(a + c*x**2)*a**2*b*c*e**4*x**2 + 4*log(a + c
*x**2)*a**2*c**2*d*e**3*x**2 + 6*log(a + c*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 +
3*a**3*c*e**4*x + 12*a**2*b*c*d*e**3*x + 2*a**2*b*c*e**4*x**2 - 6*a**2*c*
**2*d**2*e**2*x - 4*a**2*c**2*d*e**3*x**2 + 2*a**2*c**2*e**4*x**3 - 4*a*b*c
**2*d**3*e*x - 6*a*b*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 8*a*b*c**2*d*e**3*x**3 + a*b*c*
**2*e**4*x**4 + a*c**3*d**4*x + 4*a*c**3*d**3*e*x**2 + b*c**3*d**4*x**2)/(2
*a*c**3*(a + c*x**2))
```

3.89 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	756
Mathematica [A] (verified)	757
Rubi [A] (verified)	757
Maple [A] (verified)	759
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	759
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	760
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	761
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	762
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	762
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	763

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{e^2(Acd-3aBe)x}{2ac^2} - \frac{(d+ex)^2(a(Bd+ Ae) - (Acd - aBe)x)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} + \frac{(3aBe(cd^2 - ae^2) + Acd(cd^2 + 3ae^2)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}c^{5/2}} + \frac{e^2(3Bd + Ae) \log(a+cx^2)}{2c^2}$$

output

```
-1/2*e^2*(A*c*d-3*B*a*e)*x/a/c^2-1/2*(e*x+d)^2*(a*(A*e+B*d)-(A*c*d-B*a*e)*
x)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)+1/2*(3*a*B*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)+A*c*d*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2))*arctan
(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(5/2)+1/2*e^2*(A*e+3*B*d)*ln(c*x^2+a)/c^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^3}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2B\sqrt{c}e^3x + \frac{\sqrt{c}(Ac^2d^3x + a^2e^2(3Bd + Ae + Bex) - acd(3Ae(d + ex) + Bd(d + 3ex)))}{a(a + cx^2)} + \frac{(3aBe(cd^2 - ae^2) + Acd(cd^2 + 3ae^2)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}}{2c^{5/2}}$$

input

Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^3)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]

output

$$(2*B*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e^3*x + (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(A*c^2*d^3*x + a^2*e^2*(3*B*d + A*e + B*e*x) - a*c*d*(3*A*e*(d + e*x) + B*d*(d + 3*e*x))))/(a*(a + c*x^2)) + ((3*a*B*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2) + A*c*d*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/a^{3/2} + \text{Sqrt}[c]*e^2*(3*B*d + A*e)*\text{Log}[a + c*x^2])/(2*c^{5/2})$$
Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {684, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^3}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 684$$

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(Ac d^2 + ae(3Bd + 2Ae) - e(Acd - 3aBe)x)}{c x^2 + a} dx - \frac{(d + ex)^2(a(Ae + Bd) - x(Acd - aBe))}{2ac(a + cx^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 657$$

$$\int \left(\frac{2ac(3Bd + Ae)xe^2 + 3aB(cd^2 - ae^2)e + Acd(cd^2 + 3ae^2)}{c(cx^2 + a)} - e^2 \left(Ad - \frac{3aBe}{c} \right) \right) dx - \frac{(d + ex)^2(a(Ae + Bd) - x(Acd - aBe))}{2ac(a + cx^2)}$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(Acd(3ae^2+cd^2)+3aBe(cd^2-ae^2))}{\sqrt{ac^3/2}} + \frac{ae^2 \log(a+cx^2)(Ae+3Bd)}{c} - \left(e^2x\left(Ad - \frac{3aBe}{c}\right)\right) - \frac{2ac}{(d+ex)^2(a(Ae+Bd) - x(Acd - aBe))} - \frac{2ac}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^3)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*((d + e*x)^2*(a*(B*d + A*e) - (A*c*d - a*B*e)*x))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + (-e^2*(A*d - (3*a*B*e)/c)*x) + ((3*a*B*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2) + A*c*d*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)) + (a*e^2*(3*B*d + A*e)*Log[a + c*x^2])/c)/(2*a*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 657 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.))/((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 684 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2] && EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result
default	$\frac{B e^3 x}{c^2} + \frac{-\frac{(3Aacd e^2 - A c^2 d^3 - B e^3 a^2 + 3Bacd^2 e)x}{2a} + \frac{Aa e^3}{2} - \frac{3Ac d^2 e}{2} + \frac{3Bad e^2}{2} - \frac{Bc d^3}{2}}{c x^2 + a} + \frac{(2Aac e^3 + 6Bacd e^2) \ln(c x^2 + a)}{2c} + \frac{(3Aacd e^2 + 3Bacd^2 e)}{2a}$
risch	$\frac{B e^3 x}{c^2} + \frac{-\frac{(3Aacd e^2 - A c^2 d^3 - B e^3 a^2 + 3Bacd^2 e)x}{2a} + \frac{Aa e^3}{2} - \frac{3Ac d^2 e}{2} + \frac{3Bad e^2}{2} - \frac{Bc d^3}{2}}{c^2(c x^2 + a)} + \frac{\ln(3A a^2 c d e^2 + A d^3 a c^2 - 3B e^3 a^3 + 3B a^2 c d e^2)}{c^2(c x^2 + a)}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{B e^3}{c^2} x + \frac{1}{c^2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \frac{(3A a c d e^2 - A c^2 d^3 - B a^2 e^3 + 3B a c d^2 e)}{c x^2 + a} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{A a e^3}{c x^2 + a} - \frac{3}{2} \frac{A c d^2 e}{c x^2 + a} + \frac{3}{2} \frac{B a d e^2}{c x^2 + a} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{B c d^3}{c x^2 + a} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{A a e^3}{c^2} \ln(c x^2 + a) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{(2A a c d e^2 + 3B a c d^2 e)}{c^2} \ln(c x^2 + a) + \frac{3A a^2 c d e^2 + A d^3 a c^2 - 3B e^3 a^3 + 3B a^2 c d e^2}{c^2 (c x^2 + a)} \arctan\left(\frac{c x}{\sqrt{a c}}\right)$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 293 vs. 2(145) = 290.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 609, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.78

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^3}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4Ba^2c^2e^3x^3 - 2Ba^2c^2d^3 - 6Aa^2c^2d^2e + 6Ba^3cde^2 + 2Aa^3ce^3 + (Aac^2d^3 + 3Ba^2cd^2e + 3Aa^2cde^2 - \dots}{(a + cx^2)^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/4*(4*B*a^2*c^2*e^3*x^3 - 2*B*a^2*c^2*d^3 - 6*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e + 6*B*a^3*c*d*e^2 + 2*A*a^3*c*e^3 + (A*a*c^2*d^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e + 3*A*a^2*c*d*e^2 - 3*B*a^3*e^3 + (A*c^3*d^3 + 3*B*a*c^2*d^2*e + 3*A*a*c^2*d*e^2 - 3*B*a^2*c*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) + 2*(A*a*c^3*d^3 - 3*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e - 3*A*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 + 3*B*a^3*c*e^3)*x + 2*(3*B*a^3*c*d*e^2 + A*a^3*c*e^3 + (3*B*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 + A*a^2*c^2*e^3)*x^2)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a^2*c^4*x^2 + a^3*c^3), 1/2*(2*B*a^2*c^2*e^3*x^3 - B*a^2*c^2*d^3 - 3*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e + 3*B*a^3*c*d*e^2 + A*a^3*c*e^3 + (A*a*c^2*d^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e + 3*A*a^2*c*d*e^2 - 3*B*a^3*e^3 + (A*c^3*d^3 + 3*B*a*c^2*d^2*e + 3*A*a*c^2*d*e^2 - 3*B*a^2*c*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) + (A*a*c^3*d^3 - 3*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e - 3*A*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 + 3*B*a^3*c*e^3)*x + (3*B*a^3*c*d*e^2 + A*a^3*c*e^3 + (3*B*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 + A*a^2*c^2*e^3)*x^2)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a^2*c^4*x^2 + a^3*c^3)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 583 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 2.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 583, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.62

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^3}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{Be^3x}{c^2} + \left(\frac{e^2(Ae + 3Bd)}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^3c^5}(-3Aacde^2 - Ac^2d^3 + 3Ba^2e^3 - 3Bacd^2e)}{4a^3c^5} \right) \log \left(x + \frac{2Aa^2e^3 + 6Ba^2de^2 - 4a^2c^2 \left(\frac{e^2(Ae + 3Bd)}{2c^2} - 3Aacde^2 - Ac^2d^3 \right)}{-3Aacde^2 - Ac^2d^3} \right) + \left(\frac{e^2(Ae + 3Bd)}{2c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^3c^5}(-3Aacde^2 - Ac^2d^3 + 3Ba^2e^3 - 3Bacd^2e)}{4a^3c^5} \right) \log \left(x + \frac{2Aa^2e^3 + 6Ba^2de^2 - 4a^2c^2 \left(\frac{e^2(Ae + 3Bd)}{2c^2} - 3Aacde^2 - Ac^2d^3 \right)}{-3Aacde^2 - Ac^2d^3} \right) + \frac{Aa^2e^3 - 3Aacd^2e + 3Ba^2de^2 - Bacd^3 + x(-3Aacde^2 + Ac^2d^3 + Ba^2e^3 - 3Bacd^2e)}{2a^2c^2 + 2ac^3x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**3/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)
```

output

```
B*e**3*x/c**2 + (e**2*(A*e + 3*B*d)/(2*c**2) - sqrt(-a**3*c**5)*(-3*A*a*c*
d*e**2 - A*c**2*d**3 + 3*B*a**2*e**3 - 3*B*a*c*d**2*e)/(4*a**3*c**5))*log(
x + (2*A*a**2*e**3 + 6*B*a**2*d*e**2 - 4*a**2*c**2*(e**2*(A*e + 3*B*d)/(2*
c**2) - sqrt(-a**3*c**5)*(-3*A*a*c*d*e**2 - A*c**2*d**3 + 3*B*a**2*e**3 -
3*B*a*c*d**2*e)/(4*a**3*c**5)))/(-3*A*a*c*d*e**2 - A*c**2*d**3 + 3*B*a**2*
e**3 - 3*B*a*c*d**2*e)) + (e**2*(A*e + 3*B*d)/(2*c**2) + sqrt(-a**3*c**5)*
(-3*A*a*c*d*e**2 - A*c**2*d**3 + 3*B*a**2*e**3 - 3*B*a*c*d**2*e)/(4*a**3*c
**5))*log(x + (2*A*a**2*e**3 + 6*B*a**2*d*e**2 - 4*a**2*c**2*(e**2*(A*e +
3*B*d)/(2*c**2) + sqrt(-a**3*c**5)*(-3*A*a*c*d*e**2 - A*c**2*d**3 + 3*B*a
**2*e**3 - 3*B*a*c*d**2*e)/(4*a**3*c**5)))/(-3*A*a*c*d*e**2 - A*c**2*d**3 +
3*B*a**2*e**3 - 3*B*a*c*d**2*e)) + (A*a**2*e**3 - 3*A*a*c*d**2*e + 3*B*a
**2*d*e**2 - B*a*c*d**3 + x*(-3*A*a*c*d*e**2 + A*c**2*d**3 + B*a**2*e**3 -
3*B*a*c*d**2*e))/(2*a**2*c**2 + 2*a*c**3*x**2)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^3}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{Be^3x}{c^2} - \frac{Bacd^3 + 3Aacd^2e - 3Ba^2de^2 - Aa^2e^3 - (Ac^2d^3 - 3Bacd^2e - 3Aacde^2 + Ba^2e^3)x}{2(ac^3x^2 + a^2c^2)} + \frac{(3Bde^2 + Ae^3) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2c^2} + \frac{(Ac^2d^3 + 3Bacd^2e + 3Aacde^2 - 3Ba^2e^3) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}c^2}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
B*e^3*x/c^2 - 1/2*(B*a*c*d^3 + 3*A*a*c*d^2*e - 3*B*a^2*d*e^2 - A*a^2*e^3 -
(A*c^2*d^3 - 3*B*a*c*d^2*e - 3*A*a*c*d*e^2 + B*a^2*e^3)*x)/(a*c^3*x^2 + a
^2*c^2) + 1/2*(3*B*d*e^2 + A*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a)/c^2 + 1/2*(A*c^2*d^3 + 3*
B*a*c*d^2*e + 3*A*a*c*d*e^2 - 3*B*a^2*e^3)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c
)*a*c^2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{Be^3x}{c^2} + \frac{(3Bde^2 + Ae^3) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2c^2} + \frac{(Ac^2d^3 + 3Bacd^2e + 3Aacde^2 - 3Ba^2e^3) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}c^2} - \frac{Bacd^3 + 3Aacd^2e - 3Ba^2de^2 - Aa^2e^3 - (Ac^2d^3 - 3Bacd^2e - 3Aacde^2 + Ba^2e^3)x}{2(cx^2 + a)ac^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `B*e^3*x/c^2 + 1/2*(3*B*d*e^2 + A*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a)/c^2 + 1/2*(A*c^2*d^3 + 3*B*a*c*d^2*e + 3*A*a*c*d*e^2 - 3*B*a^2*e^3)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2) - 1/2*(B*a*c*d^3 + 3*A*a*c*d^2*e - 3*B*a^2*d*e^2 - A*a^2*e^3 - (A*c^2*d^3 - 3*B*a*c*d^2*e - 3*A*a*c*d*e^2 + B*a^2*e^3)*x)/((c*x^2 + a)*a*c^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{x(Ba^2e^3 - 3Bacd^2e - 3Aacde^2 + Ac^2d^3)}{2a} + \frac{Aae^3}{2} - \frac{Bcd^3}{2} + \frac{3Bade^2}{2} - \frac{3Acd^2e}{2} + \frac{\ln(cx^2 + a)(16Aa^3c^3e^3 + 48Bda^3c^3e^2)}{32a^3c^5} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(-3Ba^2e^3 + 3Bacd^2e + 3Aacde^2 + Ac^2d^3)}{2a^{3/2}c^{5/2}} + \frac{Be^3x}{c^2}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^3)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```
((x*(A*c^2*d^3 + B*a^2*e^3 - 3*A*a*c*d*e^2 - 3*B*a*c*d^2*e))/(2*a) + (A*a*
e^3)/2 - (B*c*d^3)/2 + (3*B*a*d*e^2)/2 - (3*A*c*d^2*e)/2)/(a*c^2 + c^3*x^2
) + (log(a + c*x^2)*(16*A*a^3*c^3*e^3 + 48*B*a^3*c^3*d*e^2))/(32*a^3*c^5)
+ (atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2))*(A*c^2*d^3 - 3*B*a^2*e^3 + 3*A*a*c*d*e^2 + 3*
B*a*c*d^2*e))/(2*a^(3/2)*c^(5/2)) + (B*e^3*x)/c^2
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 417, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^3}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 b e^3 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c d e^2 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a b c d^2 e - 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} a$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*e**3 + 3*sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c*d*e**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*
atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*c*d**2*e - 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*c*e**3*x**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a)))*a*c**2*d**3 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c
**2*d*e**2*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*b*c**2*d
**2*e*x**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**3*d**3*x**2
+ log(a + c*x**2)*a**3*c*e**3 + 3*log(a + c*x**2)*a**2*b*c*d*e**2 + log(a
+ c*x**2)*a**2*c**2*e**3*x**2 + 3*log(a + c*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d*e**2*x**2 + 3
*a**2*b*c*e**3*x - 3*a**2*c**2*d*e**2*x - a**2*c**2*e**3*x**2 - 3*a*b*c**2
*d**2*e*x - 3*a*b*c**2*d*e**2*x**2 + 2*a*b*c**2*e**3*x**3 + a*c**3*d**3*x
+ 3*a*c**3*d**2*e*x**2 + b*c**3*d**3*x**2)/(2*a*c**3*(a + c*x**2))
```

3.90 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	764
Mathematica [A] (verified)	765
Rubi [A] (verified)	765
Maple [A] (verified)	767
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	767
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	768
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	769
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	769
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	770
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	771

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{(d+ex)(a(Bd+ Ae) - (Acd - aBe)x)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} + \frac{(Acd^2 + 2aBde + aAe^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}c^{3/2}} + \frac{Be^2 \log(a+cx^2)}{2c^2}$$

output

```
-1/2*(e*x+d)*(a*(A*e+B*d)-(A*c*d-B*a*e)*x)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)+1/2*(A*a*e^2+A*c*d^2+2*B*a*d*e)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(3/2)+1/2*B*e^2*ln(c*x^2+a)/c^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^2}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{a^2 Be^2 + Ac^2 d^2 x - ac(Ae(2d + ex) + Bd(d + 2ex))}{a(a + cx^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(Acd^2 + 2aBde + aAe^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} + Be^2 \log(a + cx^2)}{2c^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^2)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
((a^2*B*e^2 + A*c^2*d^2*x - a*c*(A*e*(2*d + e*x) + B*d*(d + 2*e*x)))/(a*(a + c*x^2)) + (Sqrt[c]*(A*c*d^2 + 2*a*B*d*e + a*A*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2) + B*e^2*Log[a + c*x^2]/(2*c^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {684, 452, 218, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^2}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 684$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{Acd^2 + ae(2Bd + Ae) + 2aBe^2x}{cx^2 + a} dx}{2ac} - \frac{(d + ex)(a(Ae + Bd) - x(Acd - aBe))}{2ac(a + cx^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 452$$

$$\frac{(ae(Ae + 2Bd) + Acd^2) \int \frac{1}{cx^2 + a} dx + 2aBe^2 \int \frac{x}{cx^2 + a} dx}{2ac} - \frac{(d + ex)(a(Ae + Bd) - x(Acd - aBe))}{2ac(a + cx^2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{2aBe^2 \int \frac{x}{cx^2+a} dx + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(ae(Ae+2Bd)+Acd^2)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}}{2ac} - \frac{(d+ex)(a(Ae+Bd)-x(Acd-aBe))}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 240 \\
 & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(ae(Ae+2Bd)+Acd^2)}{2ac\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{aBe^2 \log(a+cx^2)}{c} - \frac{(d+ex)(a(Ae+Bd)-x(Acd-aBe))}{2ac(a+cx^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^2)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*((d + e*x)*(a*(B*d + A*e) - (A*c*d - a*B*e)*x))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + ((A*c*d^2 + a*e*(2*B*d + A*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]) + (a*B*e^2*Log[a + c*x^2])/c)/(2*a*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 240 `Int[(x_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^2, x]]/(2*b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 452 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] + Simp[d Int[x/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 684

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g
) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[
(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^
2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2]
&& EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
default	$\frac{-\frac{(Aae^2 - Acd^2 + 2Bade)x - 2Acde - Ba^2e^2 + Bcd^2}{2ac}}{cx^2 + a} + \frac{Bae^2 \ln(cx^2 + a)}{c} + \frac{(Aae^2 + Acd^2 + 2Bade) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2ac}$
risch	$\frac{-\frac{(Aae^2 - Acd^2 + 2Bade)x - 2Acde - Ba^2e^2 + Bcd^2}{2ac}}{cx^2 + a} + \frac{\ln\left(Aa^2e^2 + Ad^2ac + 2Ba^2de - \sqrt{-ac(Aae^2 + Acd^2 + 2Bade)^2}x\right)Be^2}{2c^2} + \frac{\ln\left(\dots\right)}{\dots}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(-1/2*(A*a*e^2-A*c*d^2+2*B*a*d*e)/a/c*x-1/2*(2*A*c*d*e-B*a*e^2+B*c*d^2)/c^
2)/(c*x^2+a)+1/2/a/c*(B*a*e^2/c*ln(c*x^2+a)+(A*a*e^2+A*c*d^2+2*B*a*d*e)/(a
*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.40

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^2}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2Ba^2cd^2 + 4Aa^2cde - 2Ba^3e^2 + (Aacd^2 + 2Ba^2de + Aa^2e^2 + (Ac^2d^2 + 2Bacde + Aace^2)x^2)\sqrt{-a}}{4(a^2c^3x^2 + \dots)} - \frac{Ba^2cd^2 + 2Aa^2cde - Ba^3e^2 - (Aacd^2 + 2Ba^2de + Aa^2e^2 + (Ac^2d^2 + 2Bacde + Aace^2)x^2)\sqrt{ac} \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2(a^2c^3x^2 + a^3c^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*(2*B*a^2*c*d^2 + 4*A*a^2*c*d*e - 2*B*a^3*e^2 + (A*a*c*d^2 + 2*B*a^2*d*e + A*a^2*e^2 + (A*c^2*d^2 + 2*B*a*c*d*e + A*a*c*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) - 2*(A*a*c^2*d^2 - 2*B*a^2*c*d*e - A*a^2*c*e^2)*x - 2*(B*a^2*c*e^2*x^2 + B*a^3*e^2)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a^2*c^3*x^2 + a^3*c^2), -1/2*(B*a^2*c*d^2 + 2*A*a^2*c*d*e - B*a^3*e^2 - (A*a*c*d^2 + 2*B*a^2*d*e + A*a^2*e^2 + (A*c^2*d^2 + 2*B*a*c*d*e + A*a*c*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) - (A*a*c^2*d^2 - 2*B*a^2*c*d*e - A*a^2*c*e^2)*x - (B*a^2*c*e^2*x^2 + B*a^3*e^2)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a^2*c^3*x^2 + a^3*c^2)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 382 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 382, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \left(\frac{Be^2}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^3c^5}(Aae^2 + Acd^2 + 2Bade)}{4a^3c^4} \right) \log \left(x + \frac{-2Ba^2e^2 + 4a^2c^2 \left(\frac{Be^2}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^3c^5}(Aae^2 + Acd^2 + 2Bade)}{4a^3c^4} \right)}{Aace^2 + Ac^2d^2 + 2Bacde} \right) + \left(\frac{Be^2}{2c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^3c^5}(Aae^2 + Acd^2 + 2Bade)}{4a^3c^4} \right) \log \left(x + \frac{-2Ba^2e^2 + 4a^2c^2 \left(\frac{Be^2}{2c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^3c^5}(Aae^2 + Acd^2 + 2Bade)}{4a^3c^4} \right)}{Aace^2 + Ac^2d^2 + 2Bacde} \right) + \frac{-2Aacde + Ba^2e^2 - Bacd^2 + x(-Aace^2 + Ac^2d^2 - 2Bacde)}{2a^2c^2 + 2ac^3x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output

```
(B***2/(2*c**2) - sqrt(-a**3*c**5)*(A*a*e**2 + A*c*d**2 + 2*B*a*d*e)/(4*a
**3*c**4))*log(x + (-2*B*a**2*e**2 + 4*a**2*c**2*(B*e**2/(2*c**2) - sqrt(-
a**3*c**5)*(A*a*e**2 + A*c*d**2 + 2*B*a*d*e)/(4*a**3*c**4)))/(A*a*c*e**2 +
A*c**2*d**2 + 2*B*a*c*d*e)) + (B*e**2/(2*c**2) + sqrt(-a**3*c**5)*(A*a*e
**2 + A*c*d**2 + 2*B*a*d*e)/(4*a**3*c**4))*log(x + (-2*B*a**2*e**2 + 4*a**2
*c**2*(B*e**2/(2*c**2) + sqrt(-a**3*c**5)*(A*a*e**2 + A*c*d**2 + 2*B*a*d*e
)/(4*a**3*c**4)))/(A*a*c*e**2 + A*c**2*d**2 + 2*B*a*c*d*e)) + (-2*A*a*c*d*
e + B*a**2*e**2 - B*a*c*d**2 + x*(-A*a*c*e**2 + A*c**2*d**2 - 2*B*a*c*d*e)
)/(2*a**2*c**2 + 2*a*c**3*x**2)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{Be^2 \log(cx^2+a)}{2c^2} - \frac{Bacd^2 + 2Aacde - Ba^2e^2 - (Ac^2d^2 - 2Bacde - Aae^2)x}{2(ac^3x^2 + a^2c^2)} + \frac{(Acd^2 + 2Bade + Aae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*B*e^2*log(c*x^2 + a)/c^2 - 1/2*(B*a*c*d^2 + 2*A*a*c*d*e - B*a^2*e^2 -
(A*c^2*d^2 - 2*B*a*c*d*e - A*a*c*e^2)*x)/(a*c^3*x^2 + a^2*c^2) + 1/2*(A*c*
d^2 + 2*B*a*d*e + A*a*e^2)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a*c)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{Be^2 \log(cx^2+a)}{2c^2} + \frac{(Acd^2 + 2Bade + Aae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}} + \frac{(Acd^2 - 2Bade - Aae^2)x - \frac{Bacd^2 + 2Aacde - Ba^2e^2}{c}}{2(cx^2+a)ac}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*B*e^2*log(c*x^2 + a)/c^2 + 1/2*(A*c*d^2 + 2*B*a*d*e + A*a*e^2)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a*c) + 1/2*((A*c*d^2 - 2*B*a*d*e - A*a*e^2)*x - (B*a*c*d^2 + 2*A*a*c*d*e - B*a^2*e^2)/c)/((c*x^2 + a)*a*c)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^2}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{Bae^2}{2(c^3x^2 + ac^2)} - \frac{Bd^2}{2(c^2x^2 + ac)} - \frac{Ade}{c^2x^2 + ac} + \frac{Ad^2x}{2(a^2 + cax^2)} - \frac{Ae^2x}{2(c^2x^2 + ac)} + \frac{Be^2 \ln(cx^2 + a)}{2c^2} + \frac{Ad^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{Ae^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}c^{3/2}} - \frac{Bdex}{c^2x^2 + ac} + \frac{Bde \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}c^{3/2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^2)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x)`

output `(B*a*e^2)/(2*(a*c^2 + c^3*x^2)) - (B*d^2)/(2*(a*c + c^2*x^2)) - (A*d*e)/(a*c + c^2*x^2) + (A*d^2*x)/(2*(a^2 + a*c*x^2)) - (A*e^2*x)/(2*(a*c + c^2*x^2)) + (B*e^2*log(a + c*x^2))/(2*c^2) + (A*d^2*atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2)))/(2*a^(3/2)*c^(1/2)) + (A*e^2*atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2)))/(2*a^(1/2)*c^(3/2)) - (B*d*e*x)/(a*c + c^2*x^2) + (B*d*e*atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2)))/(a^(1/2)*c^(3/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^2}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 e^2 + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) abde + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) acd^2 + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)}{}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`output `(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*e**2 + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*d*e + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c*d**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*b*c*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**2*d**2*x**2 + log(a + c*x**2)*a**2*b*e**2 + log(a + c*x**2)*a*b*c*e**2*x**2 - a**2*c*e**2*x - 2*a*b*c*d*e*x - a*b*c*e**2*x**2 + a*c**2*d**2*x + 2*a*c**2*d*e*x**2 + b*c**2*d**2*x**2)/(2*a*c**2*(a + c*x**2))`

3.91 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	772
Mathematica [A] (verified)	772
Rubi [A] (verified)	773
Maple [A] (verified)	774
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	774
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	775
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	775
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	776
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	776
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	776

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{(A+Bx)(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} + \frac{(Acd+aBe) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(B*x+A)*(-c*d*x+a*e)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)+1/2*(A*c*d+B*a*e)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-aBd-aAe+Ac dx-aBex}{2ac(a+cx^2)} + \frac{(Acd+aBe) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}c^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x))/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
((-a*B*d) - a*A*e + A*c*d*x - a*B*e*x)/(2*a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + ((A*c*d + a*B*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(2*a^(3/2)*c^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {675, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 675

$$\frac{(aBe + Acd) \int \frac{1}{cx^2+a} dx}{2ac} - \frac{Ae + Bd}{2c(a + cx^2)} + \frac{x(Acd - aBe)}{2ac(a + cx^2)}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (aBe + Acd)}{2a^{3/2}c^{3/2}} - \frac{Ae + Bd}{2c(a + cx^2)} + \frac{x(Acd - aBe)}{2ac(a + cx^2)}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x))/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*(B*d + A*e)/(c*(a + c*x^2)) + ((A*c*d - a*B*e)*x)/(2*a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + ((A*c*d + a*B*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(2*a^(3/2)*c^(3/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 675 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] + (-Simp[(c*d*f - a*e*g)*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] && NiceSqrtQ[(-a)*c])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(Acd - Bae)x - \frac{Ae + Bd}{2c}}{cx^2 + a} + \frac{(Acd + Bae) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2ac\sqrt{ac}}$	75
risch	$\frac{(Acd - Bae)x - \frac{Ae + Bd}{2c}}{cx^2 + a} - \frac{\ln(cx + \sqrt{-ac})Ad}{4\sqrt{-ac}a} - \frac{\ln(cx + \sqrt{-ac})Be}{4\sqrt{-ac}c} + \frac{\ln(-cx + \sqrt{-ac})Ad}{4\sqrt{-ac}a} + \frac{\ln(-cx + \sqrt{-ac})Be}{4\sqrt{-ac}c}$	142

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(1/2*(A*c*d-B*a*e)/a/c*x-1/2*(A*e+B*d)/c)/(c*x^2+a)+1/2*(A*c*d+B*a*e)/a/c/
(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2Ba^2cd + 2Aa^2ce + (Aacd + Ba^2e + (Ac^2d + Bace)x^2)\sqrt{-ac} \log\left(\frac{cx^2 - 2\sqrt{-ac}x - a}{cx^2 + a}\right) - 2(Aac^2d - Ba^2ce)}{4(a^2c^3x^2 + a^3c^2)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{Ba^2cd + Aa^2ce - (Aacd + Ba^2e + (Ac^2d + Bace)x^2)\sqrt{ac} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ac}x}{a}\right) - (Aac^2d - Ba^2ce)x}{2(a^2c^3x^2 + a^3c^2)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/4*(2*B*a^2*c*d + 2*A*a^2*c*e + (A*a*c*d + B*a^2*e + (A*c^2*d + B*a*c*e)
)*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) - 2*(A*a*c
^2*d - B*a^2*c*e)*x/(a^2*c^3*x^2 + a^3*c^2), -1/2*(B*a^2*c*d + A*a^2*c*e
- (A*a*c*d + B*a^2*e + (A*c^2*d + B*a*c*e)*x^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)
*x/a) - (A*a*c^2*d - B*a^2*c*e)*x/(a^2*c^3*x^2 + a^3*c^2)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 133 vs. $2(65) = 130$.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^3c^3}}(Acd + Bae) \log\left(-a^2c\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^3c^3}} + x\right)}{4}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^3c^3}}(Acd + Bae) \log\left(a^2c\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^3c^3}} + x\right)}{4}$$

$$+ \frac{-Aae - Bad + x(Acd - Bae)}{2a^2c + 2ac^2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `-sqrt(-1/(a**3*c**3))*(A*c*d + B*a*e)*log(-a**2*c*sqrt(-1/(a**3*c**3)) + x)/4 + sqrt(-1/(a**3*c**3))*(A*c*d + B*a*e)*log(a**2*c*sqrt(-1/(a**3*c**3)) + x)/4 + (-A*a*e - B*a*d + x*(A*c*d - B*a*e))/(2*a**2*c + 2*a*c**2*x**2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{Bad + Aae - (Acd - Bae)x}{2(ac^2x^2 + a^2c)} + \frac{(Acd + Bae) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(B*a*d + A*a*e - (A*c*d - B*a*e)*x)/(a*c^2*x^2 + a^2*c) + 1/2*(A*c*d + B*a*e)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a*c)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(Acd + Bae) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}ac} + \frac{Ac dx - Baex - Bad - Aae}{2(cx^2 + a)ac}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(A*c*d + B*a*e)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a*c) + 1/2*(A*c*d*x - B*a*e*x - B*a*d - A*a*e)/((c*x^2 + a)*a*c)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (Acd + Bae)}{2a^{3/2}c^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{Ae+Bd}{2c} - \frac{x(Acd-Bae)}{2ac}}{cx^2 + a}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x))/(a + c*x^2)^2,x)`output `(atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2))*(A*c*d + B*a*e))/(2*a^(3/2)*c^(3/2)) - ((A*e + B*d)/(2*c) - (x*(A*c*d - B*a*e))/(2*a*c))/(a + c*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) abe + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) acd + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) bce x^2 + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) c}{2ac^2(cx^2 + a)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output `(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*e + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c*d + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*b*c*e*x**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**2*d*x**2 - a*b*c*e*x + a*c**2*d*x + a*c**2*e*x**2 + b*c**2*d*x**2)/(2*a*c**2*(a + c*x**2))`

3.92 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	778
Mathematica [A] (verified)	778
Rubi [A] (verified)	779
Maple [A] (verified)	780
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	780
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	781
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	781
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	782
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	782
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	782

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-aB + Acx}{2ac(a + cx^2)} + \frac{A \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}}$$

output

```
1/2*(A*c*x-B*a)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)+1/2*A*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-aB + Acx}{2ac(a + cx^2)} + \frac{A \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(-(a*B) + A*c*x)/(2*a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + (A*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(2*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {454, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 454$$

$$\frac{A \int \frac{1}{cx^2+a} dx}{2a} - \frac{aB - Acx}{2ac(a + cx^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$\frac{A \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{aB - Acx}{2ac(a + cx^2)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*(a*B - A*c*x)/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + (A*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(2*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 454 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a*d - b*c*x)/(2*a*b*(p + 1)))*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x] + Simp[c*((2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2Acx-2Ba}{4ac(cx^2+a)} + \frac{A \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2a\sqrt{ac}}$	49
risch	$\frac{\frac{Ax}{2a} - \frac{B}{2c}}{cx^2+a} - \frac{A \ln(cx+\sqrt{-ac})}{4\sqrt{-ac}a} + \frac{A \ln(-cx+\sqrt{-ac})}{4\sqrt{-ac}a}$	73

input `int((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*(2*A*c*x-2*B*a)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)+1/2*A/a/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2Aacx - 2Ba^2 - (Acx^2 + Aa)\sqrt{-ac} \log\left(\frac{cx^2 - 2\sqrt{-ac}x - a}{cx^2 + a}\right)}{4(a^2c^2x^2 + a^3c)}, \frac{Aacx - Ba^2 + (Acx^2 + Aa)\sqrt{ac} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ac}x}{a}\right)}{2(a^2c^2x^2 + a^3c)} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(2*A*a*c*x - 2*B*a^2 - (A*c*x^2 + A*a)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)))/(a^2*c^2*x^2 + a^3*c), 1/2*(A*a*c*x - B*a^2 + (A*c*x^2 + A*a)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a))/(a^2*c^2*x^2 + a^3*c)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = A \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^3c}} \log\left(-a^2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^3c}} + x\right)}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^3c}} \log\left(a^2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^3c}} + x\right)}{4} \right) + \frac{Acx - Ba}{2a^2c + 2ac^2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`output `A*(-sqrt(-1/(a**3*c))*log(-a**2*sqrt(-1/(a**3*c)) + x)/4 + sqrt(-1/(a**3*c))*log(a**2*sqrt(-1/(a**3*c)) + x)/4) + (A*c*x - B*a)/(2*a**2*c + 2*a*c**2*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{A \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{aca}} + \frac{Acx - Ba}{2(ac^2x^2 + a^2c)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*A*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a) + 1/2*(A*c*x - B*a)/(a*c^2*x^2 + a^2*c)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{A \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{aca}} + \frac{Acx - Ba}{2(cx^2 + a)ac}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*A*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a) + 1/2*(A*c*x - B*a)/((c*x^2 + a)*a*c)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{A \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\frac{B}{2c} - \frac{Ax}{2a}}{cx^2 + a}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x)`

output `(A*atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2)))/(2*a^(3/2)*c^(1/2)) - (B/(2*c) - (A*x)/(2*a))/(a + c*x^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) cx^2 + acx + bcx^2}{2ac(cx^2 + a)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output

```
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c*x**2 + a*c*x + b*c*x**2)/(2*a*c*(a + c*x**2))
```


3.93 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	784
Mathematica [A] (verified)	785
Rubi [A] (verified)	785
Maple [A] (verified)	787
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	788
Sympy [F(-1)]	789
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	789
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	790
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	790
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	791

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 195

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{a(Bd - Ae) - (Acd + aBe)x}{2a(cd^2 + ae^2)(a + cx^2)} - \frac{(aBe(cd^2 - ae^2) - Acd(cd^2 + 3ae^2)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}(cd^2 + ae^2)^2} - \frac{e^2(Bd - Ae) \log(d + ex)}{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2} + \frac{e^2(Bd - Ae) \log(a + cx^2)}{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a*(-A*e+B*d)-(A*c*d+B*a*e)*x)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+a)-1/2*(a*B*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)-A*c*d*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2))*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2-e^2*(-A*e+B*d)*ln(e*x+d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2+1/2*e^2*(-A*e+B*d)*ln(c*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)(Acdx + a(-Bd + Ae + Bex))}{a(a + cx^2)} + \frac{(aBe(-cd^2 + ae^2) + Acd(cd^2 + 3ae^2)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{2e^2(-Bd + Ae)\log(d + ex) + e^2(Bd - Ae)\log[a + cx^2]}{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2), x]
```

output

```
((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(A*c*d*x + a*(-B*d) + A*e + B*e*x))/(a*(a + c*x^2)) + ((a*B*e*(-c*d^2) + a*e^2) + A*c*d*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c]) + 2*e^2*(-B*d) + A*e)*Log[d + e*x] + e^2*(B*d - A*e)*Log[a + c*x^2]/(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {686, 27, 25, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)^2 (d + ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 686$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{c(aBde - (Acd + aBe)xe - A(cd^2 + 2ae^2))}{(d+ex)(cx^2+a)} dx}{2ac(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)}{2a(a + cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{Acd^2 - aBed + 2aAe^2 + e(Acd + aBe)x}{(d+ex)(cx^2+a)} dx}{2a(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)}{2a(a + cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{Acd^2 - aBed + 2aAe^2 + e(Acd + aBe)x}{(d+ex)(cx^2+a)} dx \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)}{2a(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{2a(Ae - Bd)e^3}{(cd^2 + ae^2)(d+ex)} + \frac{2ac(Bd - Ae)xe^2 - aB(cd^2 - ae^2)e + Acd(cd^2 + 3ae^2)}{(cd^2 + ae^2)(cx^2 + a)} \right) dx \quad \downarrow \text{657} \\
 & \frac{2a(ae^2 + cd^2)}{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)} \\
 & \frac{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)}{2a(a + cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(aBe(cd^2 - ae^2) - Acd(3ae^2 + cd^2))}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{ae^2 \log(a + cx^2)(Bd - Ae)}{ae^2 + cd^2} - \frac{2ae^2(Bd - Ae) \log(d + ex)}{ae^2 + cd^2} \\
 & \frac{2a(ae^2 + cd^2)}{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)} \\
 & \frac{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)}{2a(a + cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2), x]`

output `-1/2*(a*(B*d - A*e) - (A*c*d + a*B*e)*x)/(a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)) +
 (-(((a*B*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2) - A*c*d*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/
 Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))) - (2*a*e^2*(B*d - A*e)*Log[d
 + e*x])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + (a*e^2*(B*d - A*e)*Log[a + c*x^2])/(c*d^2 + a*e^
 2))/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
 tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

```
rule 657 Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)/((a._) + (c._)*(x._)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

```
rule 686 Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))*((a._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
default	$\frac{(Ae-Bd)e^2 \ln(ex+d)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^2} + \frac{\frac{(Aacd e^2 + A c^2 d^3 + B e^3 a^2 + Bac d^2 e)x}{2a} + \frac{Aa e^3}{2} + \frac{Ac d^2 e}{2} - \frac{Bad e^2}{2} - \frac{Bc d^3}{2}}{c x^2 + a} + \frac{\frac{(-2Aac e^3 + 2Bacd e^2) \ln(cx^2+a)}{2c}}{(ae^2+cd^2)^2}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{(Acd+BAe)x}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{Ae-Bd}{2ae^2+2cd^2}}{cx^2+a} + \frac{e^3 \ln(ex+d)A}{a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4} - \frac{e^2 \ln(ex+d)Bd}{a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4} + \frac{\left(\begin{matrix} -R=RootOf((a^5c e^4+2a^4c^2d^2e^2+a^3c^3d^4)-Z^2 \\ -Z^2 \end{matrix} \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (A*e-B*d)*e^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*ln(e*x+d)+1/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*((1/2*(A*a*c*d*e^2+A*c^2*d^3+B*a^2*e^3+B*a*c*d^2*e)/a*x+1/2*A*a*e^3+1/2*A*c*d^2*e-1/2*B*a*d*e^2-1/2*B*c*d^3)/(c*x^2+a)+1/2/a*(1/2*(-2*A*a*c*e^3+2*B*a*c*d*e^2)/c*ln(c*x^2+a)+(3*A*a*c*d*e^2+A*c^2*d^3+B*a^2*e^3-B*a*c*d^2*e)/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 387 vs. $2(181) = 362$.

Time = 9.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 795, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.08

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2Ba^2c^2d^3 - 2Aa^2c^2d^2e + 2Ba^3cde^2 - 2Aa^3ce^3 + (Aac^2d^3 - Ba^2cd^2e + 3Aa^2cde^2 + Ba^3e^3 + (Ac^3d^3 - Ba^2c^2d^2e + 3Aa^2c^2de^2 + Ba^3ce^3) * x^2) * \sqrt{-ac}}{Ba^2c^2d^3 - Aa^2c^2d^2e + Ba^3cde^2 - Aa^3ce^3 - (Aac^2d^3 - Ba^2cd^2e + 3Aa^2cde^2 + Ba^3e^3 + (Ac^3d^3 - Ba^2c^2d^2e + 3Aa^2c^2de^2 + Ba^3ce^3) * x^2) * \sqrt{ac}} \right]$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/4*(2*B*a^2*c^2*d^3 - 2*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e + 2*B*a^3*c*d*e^2 - 2*A*a^3*c*e^3 + (A*a*c^2*d^3 - B*a^2*c*d^2*e + 3*A*a^2*c*d*e^2 + B*a^3*e^3 + (A*c^3*d^3 - B*a*c^2*d^2*e + 3*A*a*c^2*d*e^2 + B*a^2*c*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) - 2*(A*a*c^3*d^3 + B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e + A*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 + B*a^3*c*e^3)*x - 2*(B*a^3*c*d*e^2 - A*a^3*c*e^3 + (B*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 - A*a^2*c^2*e^3)*x^2)*log(c*x^2 + a) + 4*(B*a^3*c*d*e^2 - A*a^3*c*e^3 + (B*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 - A*a^2*c^2*e^3)*x^2)*log(e*x + d)]/(a^3*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c*e^4 + (a^2*c^4*d^4 + 2*a^3*c^3*d^2*e^2 + a^4*c^2*e^4)*x^2), -1/2*(B*a^2*c^2*d^3 - A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e + B*a^3*c*d*e^2 - A*a^3*c*e^3 - (A*a*c^2*d^3 - B*a^2*c*d^2*e + 3*A*a^2*c*d*e^2 + B*a^3*e^3 + (A*c^3*d^3 - B*a*c^2*d^2*e + 3*A*a*c^2*d*e^2 + B*a^2*c*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) - (A*a*c^3*d^3 + B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e + A*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 + B*a^3*c*e^3)*x - (B*a^3*c*d*e^2 - A*a^3*c*e^3 + (B*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 - A*a^2*c^2*e^3)*x^2)*log(c*x^2 + a) + 2*(B*a^3*c*d*e^2 - A*a^3*c*e^3 + (B*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 - A*a^2*c^2*e^3)*x^2)*log(e*x + d)]/(a^3*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c*e^4 + (a^2*c^4*d^4 + 2*a^3*c^3*d^2*e^2 + a^4*c^2*e^4)*x^2)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(Bde^2 - Ae^3) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2(c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)} - \frac{(Bde^2 - Ae^3) \log(ex + d)}{c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4} + \frac{(Ac^2d^3 - Bacd^2e + 3Aacde^2 + Ba^2e^3) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2(ac^2d^4 + 2a^2cd^2e^2 + a^3e^4)\sqrt{ac}} - \frac{Bad - Aae - (Acd + Bae)x}{2(a^2cd^2 + a^3e^2 + (ac^2d^2 + a^2ce^2)x^2)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(B*d*e^2 - A*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a)/(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4) - (B*d*e^2 - A*e^3)*log(e*x + d)/(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4) + 1/2*(A*c^2*d^3 - B*a*c*d^2*e + 3*A*a*c*d*e^2 + B*a^2*e^3)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(a*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4)*sqrt(a*c) - 1/2*(B*a*d - A*a*e - (A*c*d + B*a*e)*x)/(a^2*c*d^2 + a^3*e^2 + (a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)*x^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(Bde^2 - Ae^3) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2(c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)} - \frac{(Bde^3 - Ae^4) \log(|ex + d|)}{c^2d^4e + 2acd^2e^3 + a^2e^5}$$

$$+ \frac{(Ac^2d^3 - Bacd^2e + 3Aacde^2 + Ba^2e^3) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2(ac^2d^4 + 2a^2cd^2e^2 + a^3e^4)\sqrt{ac}}$$

$$- \frac{Bacd^3 - Aacd^2e + Ba^2de^2 - Aa^2e^3 - (Ac^2d^3 + Bacd^2e + Aacde^2 + Ba^2e^3)x}{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(cx^2 + a)a}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(B*d*e^2 - A*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a)/(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4) - (B*d*e^3 - A*e^4)*log(abs(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5) + 1/2*(A*c^2*d^3 - B*a*c*d^2*e + 3*A*a*c*d*e^2 + B*a^2*e^3)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/((a*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4)*sqrt(a*c)) - 1/2*(B*a*c*d^3 - A*a*c*d^2*e + B*a^2*d*e^2 - A*a^2*e^3 - (A*c^2*d^3 + B*a*c*d^2*e + A*a*c*d*e^2 + B*a^2*e^3)*x)/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(c*x^2 + a)*a)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1086, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.57

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((a + c*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)),x)`

output

```

((A*e - B*d)/(2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)) + (x*(A*c*d + B*a*e))/(2*a*(a*e^2 + c*d^2
)))/(a + c*x^2) - (log(A*c^3*d^5*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - B*a^3*e^5*(-a^3*c)^(1/2)
- 6*A*a^4*c*e^5 + B*a^4*c*e^5*x + 2*A*a^2*c^3*d^4*e + 12*A*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^
3 - 8*B*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 8*B*a^4*c*d*e^4 - A*a*c^4*d^5*x - 2*A*a^2*c^3*d^
3*e^2*x - 14*B*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*x + 2*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) + 14*B
*a^2*c*d^2*e^3*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) + 15*A*a^3*c^2*d*e^4*x + B*a^2*c^3*d^4*e*x -
15*A*a^2*c*d*e^4*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - B*a*c^2*d^4*e*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - 6*A*a^2*
c*e^5*x*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) + 2*A*c^3*d^4*e*x*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) + 8*B*a^2*c*d*e^4*
x*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) + 12*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*x*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - 8*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2
*x*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))*(c*(a*((3*A*d*e^2*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))/4 - (B*d^2*e*(-a^3*c)
^(1/2))/4) + a^3*((A*e^3)/2 - (B*d*e^2)/2)) + (A*c^2*d^3*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))/4
+ (B*a^2*e^3*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))/4))/(a^5*c*e^4 + a^3*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^4*c^2*d^2
*e^2) + (log(A*c^3*d^5*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - B*a^3*e^5*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) + 6*A*a^4
*c*e^5 - B*a^4*c*e^5*x - 2*A*a^2*c^3*d^4*e - 12*A*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 8*B*a^
3*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 8*B*a^4*c*d*e^4 + A*a*c^4*d^5*x + 2*A*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*x +
14*B*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*x + 2*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) + 14*B*a^2*c*d^2
*e^3*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - 15*A*a^3*c^2*d*e^4*x - B*a^2*c^3*d^4*e*x - 15*A*a^2*
c*d*e^4*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - B*a*c^2*d^4*e*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - 6*A*a^2*c*e^5*x*(-
a^3*c)^(1/2) + 2*A*c^3*d^4*e*x*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) + 8*B*a^2*c*d*e^4*x*(-a^3*c)
^(1/2) + 12*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*x*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - 8*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2*x*(-a^...

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 527, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 b e^3 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c d e^2 - \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a b c d^2 e + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 b e^3 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c d e^2 - \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a b c d^2 e + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 b e^3}{(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```


output

```
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*e**3 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c*d*e**2 - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*c*d**2*e + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*c*e**3*x**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**2*d**3 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**2*d*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*b*c**2*d**2*e*x**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**3*d**3*x**2 - log(a + c*x**2)*a**3*c*e**3 + log(a + c*x**2)*a**2*b*c*d*e**2 - log(a + c*x**2)*a**2*c**2*e**3*x**2 + log(a + c*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d*e**2*x**2 + 2*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c*e**3 - 2*log(d + e*x)*a**2*b*c*d*e**2 + 2*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*e**3*x**2 - 2*log(d + e*x)*a*b*c**2*d*e**2*x**2 + a**2*b*c*e**3*x + a**2*c**2*d*e**2*x - a**2*c**2*e**3*x**2 + a*b*c**2*d**2*e*x + a*b*c**2*d*e**2*x**2 + a*c**3*d**3*x - a*c**3*d**2*e*x**2 + b*c**3*d**3*x**2)/(2*a*c*(a**3*e**4 + 2*a**2*c*d**2*e**2 + a**2*c*e**4*x**2 + a*c**2*d**4 + 2*a*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + c**3*d**4*x**2))
```

3.94 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	793
Mathematica [A] (verified)	794
Rubi [A] (verified)	794
Maple [A] (verified)	796
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	797
Sympy [F(-1)]	798
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	798
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	799
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	800
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	800

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 291

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{e^2(Bd - Ae)}{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(d+ex)} - \frac{a(Bcd^2 - 2Acde - aBe^2) - c(Acd^2 + 2aBde - aAe^2)x}{2a(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(a+cx^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(2aBde(cd^2 - 3ae^2) - A(c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 - 3a^2e^4)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}(cd^2 + ae^2)^3} - \frac{e^2(3Bcd^2 - 4Acde - aBe^2) \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2 + ae^2)^3} + \frac{e^2(3Bcd^2 - 4Acde - aBe^2) \log(a+cx^2)}{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^3}$$

output

```
e^2*(-A*e+B*d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)-1/2*(a*(-2*A*c*d*e-B*a*e^2+B*c*d^2)-c*(-A*a*e^2+A*c*d^2+2*B*a*d*e)*x)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c*x^2+a)-1/2*c^(1/2)*(2*a*B*d*e*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)-A*(-3*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4))*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3-e^2*(-4*A*c*d*e-B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3+1/2*e^2*(-4*A*c*d*e-B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)*ln(c*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2e^2(-Bd+ Ae)(cd^2+ae^2)}{d+ex} + \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)(a^2Be^2+Ac^2d^2x-ac(Bd(d-2ex)+Ae(-2d+ex)))}{a(a+cx^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(2aBde(-cd^2+3ae^2)+A(c^2d^4+6acd^2e^2+3a^2d^2e^2+3a^2e^4))}{a^3/2}}{2(ca^2d^2+2cd^2e^2+ae^4)}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)^2), x]`

output
$$\frac{((-2e^2(-Bd) + Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2))/(d + ex) + ((cd^2 + ae^2)(a^2 * B * e^2 + A * c^2 * d^2 * x - a * c * (B * d * (d - 2 * e * x) + A * e * (-2 * d + e * x))))/(a * (a + c * x^2)) + (Sqrt[c] * (2 * a * B * d * e * (-cd^2) + 3 * a * e^2) + A * (c^2 * d^4 + 6 * a * c * d^2 * e^2 - 3 * a^2 * e^4)) * ArcTan[(Sqrt[c] * x) / Sqrt[a]] / a^(3/2) + 2 * e^2 * (-3 * B * c * d^2 + 4 * A * c * d * e + a * B * e^2) * Log[d + e * x] - e^2 * (-3 * B * c * d^2 + 4 * A * c * d * e + a * B * e^2) * Log[a + c * x^2]}{(2 * (c * d^2 + a * e^2))^3}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {686, 25, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)^2 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 686$$

$$\int -\frac{c(Acd^2 - 2aBed + 3aAe^2 + 2e(Acd + aBe)x)}{(d+ex)^2(cx^2+a)} dx - \frac{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)}{2a(a + cx^2)(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{c(Acd^2 - 2aBed + 3aAe^2 + 2e(Acd + aBe)x)}{(d+ex)^2(cx^2+a)} dx}{2ac(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)}{2a(a + cx^2)(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

27

$$\frac{\int \frac{Acd^2 - 2aBed + 3aAe^2 + 2e(Acd + aBe)x}{(d+ex)^2(cx^2+a)} dx}{2a(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)}{2a(a + cx^2)(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

657

$$\frac{\int \left(\frac{2a(-3Bcd^2 + 4Aced + aBe^2)e^3}{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(d+ex)} + \frac{(-Acd^2 - 4aBed + 3aAe^2)e^2}{(cd^2 + ae^2)(d+ex)^2} + \frac{c(2a(3Bcd^2 - 4Aced - aBe^2)xe^2 - 2aBd(cd^2 - 3ae^2)e + A(c^2d^4 + 6ace^2d^2 - 3a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4))}{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(cx^2 + a)} \right) dx}{2a(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)}{2a(a + cx^2)(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

2009

$$-\frac{\sqrt{c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (2aBde(cd^2 - 3ae^2) - A(-3a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4))}{\sqrt{a}(ae^2 + cd^2)^2} + \frac{ae^2 \log(a + cx^2) (-aBe^2 - 4Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2} + \frac{e(-3aAe^2 + 4aBde + Ac^2d^4)}{(d+ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)}{2a(a + cx^2)(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)^2), x]`

output `-1/2*(a*(B*d - A*e) - (A*c*d + a*B*e)*x)/(a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)) + ((e*(A*c*d^2 + 4*a*B*d*e - 3*a*A*e^2))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) - (Sqrt[c]*(2*a*B*d*e*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) - A*(c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2) - (2*a*e^2*(3*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e - a*B*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2 + (a*e^2*(3*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e - a*B*e^2)*Log[a + c*x^2])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 686 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegerQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result
default	$\frac{e^2(4Acde+Ba e^2-3Bc d^2) \ln(ex+d)}{(a e^2+c d^2)^3} - \frac{(Ae-Bd)e^2}{(a e^2+c d^2)^2(ex+d)} - c \left(\frac{(A a^2 e^4 - A c^2 d^4 - 2B a^2 d e^3 - 2B a c d^3 e)x}{2a} - \frac{2A a c d e^3 + 2A c^2 d^3 e + 2A c^2 d^3 e + 2A c^2 d^3 e}{c x^2 + a} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
e^2*(4*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2-3*B*c*d^2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*ln(e*x+d)-(A*e-B*d)*e^2/
(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)-c/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*((1/2*(A*a^2*e^4-A*c^2*d^4-2*B*a
^2*d*e^3-2*B*a*c*d^3*e)/a*x-1/2*(2*A*a*c*d*e^3+2*A*c^2*d^3*e+B*a^2*e^4-B*c
^2*d^4)/c)/(c*x^2+a)+1/2/a*(1/2*(8*A*a*c*d*e^3+2*B*a^2*e^4-6*B*a*c*d^2*e^2
)/c*ln(c*x^2+a)+(3*A*a^2*e^4-6*A*a*c*d^2*e^2-A*c^2*d^4-6*B*a^2*d*e^3+2*B*a
*c*d^3*e)/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 958 vs. $2(277) = 554$.

Time = 35.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1940, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.67

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/4*(2*B*a*c^2*d^5 - 4*A*a*c^2*d^4*e - 4*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 - 6*B*a^3*d*e^4
+ 4*A*a^3*e^5 - 2*(A*c^3*d^4*e + 4*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 2*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 +
4*B*a^2*c*d*e^4 - 3*A*a^2*c*e^5)*x^2 + (A*a*c^2*d^5 - 2*B*a^2*c*d^4*e + 6*
A*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 + 6*B*a^3*d^2*e^3 - 3*A*a^3*d*e^4 + (A*c^3*d^4*e - 2*B*a*c
^2*d^3*e^2 + 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 6*B*a^2*c*d*e^4 - 3*A*a^2*c*e^5)*x^3 + (A
*c^3*d^5 - 2*B*a*c^2*d^4*e + 6*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 6*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*A*a
^2*c*d*e^4)*x^2 + (A*a*c^2*d^4*e - 2*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 + 6*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 +
6*B*a^3*d*e^4 - 3*A*a^3*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-c/a)*log((c*x^2 - 2*a*x*sqrt(-c/a)
- a)/(c*x^2 + a)) - 2*(A*c^3*d^5 + B*a*c^2*d^4*e + 2*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 2*B
*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + A*a^2*c*d*e^4 + B*a^3*e^5)*x - 2*(3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 - 4*A
*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 - B*a^3*d*e^4 + (3*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 4*A*a*c^2*d*e^4 - B*a^
2*c*e^5)*x^3 + (3*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 4*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 - B*a^2*c*d*e^4)*x^2
+ (3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 - 4*A*a^2*c*d*e^4 - B*a^3*e^5)*x)*log(c*x^2 + a) + 4
*(3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 - 4*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 - B*a^3*d*e^4 + (3*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^3
- 4*A*a*c^2*d*e^4 - B*a^2*c*e^5)*x^3 + (3*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 4*A*a*c^2*d^2
*e^3 - B*a^2*c*d*e^4)*x^2 + (3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 - 4*A*a^2*c*d*e^4 - B*a^3*e
^5)*x)*log(e*x + d)/(a^2*c^3*d^7 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 3*a^4*c*d^3*e^4 +
a^5*d*e^6 + (a*c^4*d^6*e + 3*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^5 + a^4*c*e
^7)*x^3 + (a*c^4*d^7 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^4 + a^4*c*d*e^6
)*x^2 + (a^2*c^3*d^6*e + 3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^5 + a^5*e^7)...
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 511, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(3 Bcd^2e^2 - 4 Acde^3 - Bae^4) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2(c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6)} - \frac{(3 Bcd^2e^2 - 4 Acde^3 - Bae^4) \log(ex + d)}{c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6} + \frac{(Ac^3d^4 - 2 Bac^2d^3e + 6 Aac^2d^2e^2 + 6 Ba^2cde^3 - 3 Aa^2ce^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2(ac^3d^6 + 3a^2c^2d^4e^2 + 3a^3cd^2e^4 + a^4e^6)\sqrt{ac}} - \frac{Bacd^3 - 2 Aacd^2e - 3 Ba^2de^2 + 2 Aa^2e^3 - (Ac^2d^2e + 4 Bacde^2 - 3 Aace^3)x^2 - (Ac^2d^3 + Bacc^2d^2e^2 + 2a^3cde^4)x^2 + 2(a^2c^2d^5 + 2a^3cd^3e^2 + a^4de^4 + (ac^3d^4e + 2a^2c^2d^2e^3 + a^3ce^5)x^3 + (ac^3d^5 + 2a^2c^2d^3e^2 + a^3cde^4)x^2 + (ac^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6)x}{2(a^2c^2d^5 + 2a^3cd^3e^2 + a^4de^4 + (ac^3d^4e + 2a^2c^2d^2e^3 + a^3ce^5)x^3 + (ac^3d^5 + 2a^2c^2d^3e^2 + a^3cde^4)x^2 + (ac^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6)x}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(3*B*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*A*c*d*e^3 - B*a*e^4)*log(c*x^2 + a)/(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6) - (3*B*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*A*c*d*e^3 - B*a*e^4)*log(e*x + d)/(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6) + 1/2*(A*c^3*d^4 - 2*B*a*c^2*d^3*e + 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 6*B*a^2*c*d*e^3 - 3*A*a^2*c*e^4)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/((a*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 + a^4*e^6)*sqrt(a*c)) - 1/2*(B*a*c*d^3 - 2*A*a*c*d^2*e - 3*B*a^2*d*e^2 + 2*A*a^2*e^3 - (A*c^2*d^2*e + 4*B*a*c*d*e^2 - 3*A*a*c*e^3)*x^2 - (A*c^2*d^3 + B*a*c*d^2*e + A*a*c*d*e^2 + B*a^2*e^3)*x)/(a^2*c^2*d^5 + 2*a^3*c*d^3*e^2 + a^4*d*e^4 + (a*c^3*d^4*e + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^3*c*e^5)*x^3 + (a*c^3*d^5 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^3*c*d*e^4)*x^2 + (a^2*c^2*d^4*e + 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + a^4*e^5)*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 518, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2} dx \\
&= \frac{(3 Bcd^2e^2 - 4 Acde^3 - Bae^4) \log\left(c - \frac{2cd}{ex+d} + \frac{cd^2}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{ae^2}{(ex+d)^2}\right)}{2(c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6)} \\
&+ \frac{\frac{Bde^6}{ex+d} - \frac{Ae^7}{ex+d}}{c^2d^4e^4 + 2acd^2e^6 + a^2e^8} \\
&+ \frac{(Ac^3d^4e^2 - 2Bac^2d^3e^3 + 6Aac^2d^2e^4 + 6Ba^2cde^5 - 3Aa^2ce^6) \arctan\left(\frac{cd - \frac{cd^2}{ex+d} - \frac{ae^2}{ex+d}}{\sqrt{ace}}\right)}{2(ac^3d^6 + 3a^2c^2d^4e^2 + 3a^3cd^2e^4 + a^4e^6)\sqrt{ace}^2} \\
&+ \frac{\frac{Ac^3d^3e + 3Bac^2d^2e^2 - 3Aac^2de^3 - Ba^2ce^4}{cd^2 + ae^2} - \frac{Ac^3d^4e^2 + 4Bac^2d^3e^3 - 6Aac^2d^2e^4 - 4Ba^2cde^5 + Aa^2ce^6}{(cd^2 + ae^2)(ex+d)e}}{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 a \left(c - \frac{2cd}{ex+d} + \frac{cd^2}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{ae^2}{(ex+d)^2}\right)}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/2*(3*B*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*A*c*d*e^3 - B*a*e^4)*log(c - 2*c*d/(e*x + d) + c*d^
2/(e*x + d)^2 + a*e^2/(e*x + d)^2)/(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^
2*e^4 + a^3*e^6) + (B*d*e^6/(e*x + d) - A*e^7/(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^4*e^4 + 2*
a*c*d^2*e^6 + a^2*e^8) + 1/2*(A*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 2*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 6*A*a*c^
2*d^2*e^4 + 6*B*a^2*c*d*e^5 - 3*A*a^2*c*e^6)*arctan((c*d - c*d^2/(e*x + d)
- a*e^2/(e*x + d))/(sqrt(a*c)*e))/((a*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3
*c*d^2*e^4 + a^4*e^6)*sqrt(a*c)*e^2) + 1/2*((A*c^3*d^3*e + 3*B*a*c^2*d^2*e
^2 - 3*A*a*c^2*d*e^3 - B*a^2*c*e^4)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - (A*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 4*B
*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 4*B*a^2*c*d*e^5 + A*a^2*c*e^6)/((c*d^
2 + a*e^2)*(e*x + d)*e))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*a*(c - 2*c*d/(e*x + d) + c*d^2
/(e*x + d)^2 + a*e^2/(e*x + d)^2))

```


Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2029, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.97

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((a + c*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output

```
((x*(A*c*d + B*a*e))/(2*a*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)) - (2*A*a*e^3 + B*c*d^3 - 3*B*a*d*e^2 - 2*A*c*d^2*e)/(2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2) + (x^2*(A*c^2*d^2*e - 3*A*a*c*e^3 + 4*B*a*c*d*e^2))/(2*a*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)))/(a*d + a*e*x + c*d*x^2 + c*e*x^3) + (log(9*A^2*a^6*e^12*(-a^3*c)^(3/2) + A^2*c^6*d^12*(-a^3*c)^(3/2) - 36*B^2*a^10*e^12*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - 558*A^2*a^2*d^2*e^10*(-a^3*c)^(5/2) + 24*B^2*a^2*d^4*e^8*(-a^3*c)^(5/2) - 108*B^2*a^6*d^2*e^10*(-a^3*c)^(3/2) - 612*A^2*c^2*d^6*e^6*(-a^3*c)^(5/2) - 308*B^2*c^2*d^8*e^4*(-a^3*c)^(5/2) + 36*B^2*a^11*c*e^12*x + A^2*a^4*c^8*d^12*x + 9*A^2*a^10*c^2*e^12*x + 276*A*B*a^2*d^3*e^9*(-a^3*c)^(5/2) + 808*A*B*c^2*d^7*e^5*(-a^3*c)^(5/2) - 1119*A^2*a*c*d^4*e^8*(-a^3*c)^(5/2) - 424*B^2*a*c*d^6*e^6*(-a^3*c)^(5/2) + 14*A^2*a^5*c^7*d^10*e^2*x + 55*A^2*a^6*c^6*d^8*e^4*x + 612*A^2*a^7*c^5*d^6*e^6*x + 1119*A^2*a^8*c^4*d^4*e^8*x + 558*A^2*a^9*c^3*d^2*e^10*x + 4*B^2*a^6*c^6*d^10*e^2*x + 308*B^2*a^7*c^5*d^8*e^4*x + 424*B^2*a^8*c^4*d^6*e^6*x - 24*B^2*a^9*c^3*d^4*e^8*x - 108*B^2*a^10*c^2*d^2*e^10*x + 14*A^2*a*c^5*d^10*e^2*(-a^3*c)^(3/2) + 252*A*B*a^6*d*e^11*(-a^3*c)^(3/2) + 55*A^2*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4*(-a^3*c)^(3/2) + 4*B^2*a^2*c^4*d^10*e^2*(-a^3*c)^(3/2) - 4*A*B*a^5*c^7*d^11*e*x + 252*A*B*a^10*c^2*d*e^11*x + 1320*A*B*a*c*d^5*e^7*(-a^3*c)^(5/2) - 4*A*B*a*c^5*d^11*e*(-a^3*c)^(3/2) - 20*A*B*a^6*c^6*d^9*e^3*x - 808*A*B*a^7*c^5*d^7*e^5*x - 1320*A*B*a^8*c^4*d^5*e^7*x - 276*A*B*a^9*c^3*d^3*e^9*x - 20*A*B*a^2*c^4*d^9*e^3*(-a^3*c)^(3/2))*(c*(a^3*((3...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1504, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.17

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

3.95 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	802
Mathematica [A] (verified)	803
Rubi [A] (verified)	803
Maple [A] (verified)	805
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	806
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	807
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	808
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	809
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	810
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	810

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 306

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{e^2 \left(\frac{5aBe(cd^2-3ae^2)}{c} + A(3cd^3+7ade^2) \right) x}{8a^2c^2} - \frac{(d+ex)^4(a(Bd+ Ae) - (Acd - aBe)x)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

$$- \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ae(Acd^2+5aBde+2aAe^2) - (5aBe(cd^2-ae^2) + Acd(3cd^2+5ae^2))x)}{8a^2c^2(a+cx^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{(5aBe(c^2d^4+6acd^2e^2-3a^2e^4) + Acd(3c^2d^4+10acd^2e^2+15a^2e^4)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}c^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{e^4(5Bd+ Ae) \log(a+cx^2)}{2c^3}$$

output

```
-1/8*e^2*(5*a*B*e*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)/c+A*(7*a*d*e^2+3*c*d^3))*x/a^2/c^2-1/4*(e*x+d)^4*(a*(A*e+B*d)-(A*c*d-B*a*e)*x)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)^2-1/8*(e*x+d)^2*(2*a*e*(2*A*a*e^2+A*c*d^2+5*B*a*d*e)-(5*a*B*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)+A*c*d*(5*a*e^2+3*c*d^2))*x)/a^2/c^2/(c*x^2+a)+1/8*(5*a*B*e*(-3*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)+A*c*d*(15*a^2*e^4+10*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4))*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(7/2)+1/2*e^4*(A*e+5*B*d)*ln(c*x^2+a)/c^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^5}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{8B\sqrt{c}e^5x + \frac{2\sqrt{c}(Ac^3d^5x - a^3e^4(5Bd + Ae + Bex) + 5a^2cde^2(2Bd(d+ex) + Ae(2d+ex)) - ac^2d^3(5Ae(d+2ex) + Bd(d+5ex)))}{a(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(3Ac^3d^5}{$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^5)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(8B\sqrt{c}e^5x + (2\sqrt{c}(Ac^3d^5x - a^3e^4(5Bd + Ae + Bex) + 5a^2cde^2(2Bd(d+ex) + Ae(2d+ex)) - ac^2d^3(5Ae(d+2ex) + Bd(d+5ex))))}{a(a+cx^2)^2} + (\sqrt{c}(3Ac^3d^5x + 5a^2c^2d^3e(Bd + 2Ae)x + a^3e^4(40Bd + 8Ae + 9Bex) - 5a^2c^2de^2(2Bd(4d + 5ex) + Ae(8d + 5ex))))}{a^2(a + cx^2)} \\ & + ((5aB(e^2c^2d^4 + 6ac^2de^2 - 3a^2e^4) + Ac^2d^4 + 10ac^2de^2 + 15a^2e^4) \operatorname{ArcTan}[\sqrt{c}x/\sqrt{a}])/a^{5/2} + 4\sqrt{c}e^4(5Bd + Ae)\operatorname{Log}[a + cx^2]/(8c^{7/2}) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {684, 684, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^5}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 684$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(3Ac^2d^2+ae(5Bd+4Ae)-e(Acd-5aBe)x)}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^4(a(Ae+Bd)-x(Acd-aBe))}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 684$$

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(5aBde(cd^2+5ae^2)+A(3c^2d^4+7ace^2d^2+8a^2e^4))-e(5aBe(cd^2-3ae^2)+Acd(3cd^2+7ae^2))x}{c(x^2+a)^2} dx - \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ae(2aAe^2+5aBde+Acd^2)-x(A(3c^2d^4+7ace^2d^2+8a^2e^4)+Acd(3cd^2+7ae^2)))}{2ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^4(a(Ae+Bd)-x(Acd-aBe))}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 657

$$\int \left(\frac{8a^2c(5Bd+Ae)xe^4+5aB(c^2d^4+6ace^2d^2-3a^2e^4)e+Acd(3c^2d^4+10ace^2d^2+15a^2e^4)}{c(x^2+a)} - e^2(3Acd^3+5aBed^2+7aAe^2d-\frac{15a^2Be^3}{c}) \right) dx - \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ae(2aAe^2+5aBde+Acd^2)-x(A(3c^2d^4+7ace^2d^2+8a^2e^4)+Acd(3cd^2+7ae^2)))}{2ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^4(a(Ae+Bd)-x(Acd-aBe))}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(Acd(15a^2e^4+10acd^2e^2+3c^2d^4)+5aBe(-3a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+c^2d^4))}{\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}} + \frac{4a^2e^4 \log\left(\frac{a+cx^2}{c}\right)(Ae+5Bd)}{c} - e^2x \left(A(7ade^2+3cd^3) + \frac{5aBe(cd^2-3ae^2)}{c} \right) \frac{1}{2ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ae(2aAe^2+5aBde+Acd^2)-x(A(3c^2d^4+7ace^2d^2+8a^2e^4)+Acd(3cd^2+7ae^2)))}{2ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^4(a(Ae+Bd)-x(Acd-aBe))}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^5)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/4*((d + e*x)^4*(a*(B*d + A*e) - (A*c*d - a*B*e)*x))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)^2)
+ (-1/2*((d + e*x)^2*(2*a*e*(A*c*d^2 + 5*a*B*d*e + 2*a*A*e^2) - (5*a*B*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2) + A*c*d*(3*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2))*x))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2))
+ (-e^2*((5*a*B*e*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2))/c + A*(3*c*d^3 + 7*a*d*e^2))*x) + ((5*a*B*e*(c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4) + A*c*d*(3*c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 15*a^2*e^4))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2))
+ (4*a^2*e^4*(5*B*d + A*e)*Log[a + c*x^2])/c/(2*a*c))/(4*a*c)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 657 $\text{Int}[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^{\text{m_}}*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^{\text{n_}})/((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegersQ}[n]$

rule 684 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^{\text{m_}}*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{\text{p_}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{m-1}*(a + c*x^2)^{p+1}*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{m-2}*(a + c*x^2)^{p+1}*\text{Simp}[a*e*(e*f*(m-1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p+3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m+2*p+2))*x, x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[d, 0] \ || \ (\text{EqQ}[m, 2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[p, -3] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, c, d, e, f, g]) \ || \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0])$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 404, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
default	$\frac{c(25Aa^2cde^4 - 10Aac^2d^3e^2 - 3Ad^5c^3 - 9Be^5a^3 + 50Ba^2cd^2e^3 - 5Ba^2d^4e)x^3}{8a^2} + (Aac^5e^5 - 5Aa^2c^2d^2e^3 + 5Bacde^4 - 5Bc^2d^3e^2)x^2$
risch	Expression too large to display

input $\text{int}((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^3, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
B*e^5/c^3*x+1/c^3*((-1/8*c*(25*A*a^2*c*d*e^4-10*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2-3*A*c^3*d^5-9*B*a^3*e^5+50*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3-5*B*a*c^2*d^4*e)/a^2*x^3+(A*a*c*e^5-5*A*c^2*d^2*e^3+5*B*a*c*d*e^4-5*B*c^2*d^3*e^2)*x^2-1/8*(15*A*a^2*c*d*e^4+10*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2-5*A*c^3*d^5-7*B*a^3*e^5+30*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3+5*B*a*c^2*d^4*e)/a*x+3/4*A*a^2*e^5-5/2*A*a*c*d^2*e^3-5/4*A*c^2*d^4*e+15/4*B*a^2*d*e^4-5/2*B*a*c*d^3*e^2-1/4*B*c^2*d^5)/(c*x^2+a)^2+1/8/a^2*(1/2*(8*A*a^2*c*e^5+40*B*a^2*c*d*e^4)/c*ln(c*x^2+a)+(15*A*a^2*c*d*e^4+10*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2+3*A*c^3*d^5-15*B*a^3*e^5+30*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3+5*B*a*c^2*d^4*e)/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 691 vs. $2(288) = 576$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1403, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.58

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^5}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/16*(16*B*a^3*c^3*e^5*x^5 - 4*B*a^3*c^3*d^5 - 20*A*a^3*c^3*d^4*e - 40*B*
a^4*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 40*A*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 60*B*a^5*c*d*e^4 + 12*A*a^5*c*e^5
+ 2*(3*A*a*c^5*d^5 + 5*B*a^2*c^4*d^4*e + 10*A*a^2*c^4*d^3*e^2 - 50*B*a^3*
c^3*d^2*e^3 - 25*A*a^3*c^3*d*e^4 + 25*B*a^4*c^2*e^5)*x^3 - 16*(5*B*a^3*c^3
*d^3*e^2 + 5*A*a^3*c^3*d^2*e^3 - 5*B*a^4*c^2*d*e^4 - A*a^4*c^2*e^5)*x^2 +
(3*A*a^2*c^3*d^5 + 5*B*a^3*c^2*d^4*e + 10*A*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 30*B*a^4*c*d
^2*e^3 + 15*A*a^4*c*d*e^4 - 15*B*a^5*e^5 + (3*A*c^5*d^5 + 5*B*a*c^4*d^4*e
+ 10*A*a*c^4*d^3*e^2 + 30*B*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^3 + 15*A*a^2*c^3*d*e^4 - 15*B*a^
3*c^2*e^5)*x^4 + 2*(3*A*a*c^4*d^5 + 5*B*a^2*c^3*d^4*e + 10*A*a^2*c^3*d^3*e
^2 + 30*B*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 15*A*a^3*c^2*d*e^4 - 15*B*a^4*c*e^5)*x^2)*sqrt
(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) + 10*(A*a^2*c^4*d^5 -
B*a^3*c^3*d^4*e - 2*A*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^2 - 6*B*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 3*A*a^4*c^2
*d*e^4 + 3*B*a^5*c*e^5)*x + 8*(5*B*a^5*c*d*e^4 + A*a^5*c*e^5 + (5*B*a^3*c^
3*d*e^4 + A*a^3*c^3*e^5)*x^4 + 2*(5*B*a^4*c^2*d*e^4 + A*a^4*c^2*e^5)*x^2)*
log(c*x^2 + a))/(a^3*c^6*x^4 + 2*a^4*c^5*x^2 + a^5*c^4), 1/8*(8*B*a^3*c^3*
e^5*x^5 - 2*B*a^3*c^3*d^5 - 10*A*a^3*c^3*d^4*e - 20*B*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 20
*A*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 30*B*a^5*c*d*e^4 + 6*A*a^5*c*e^5 + (3*A*a*c^5*d^5 + 5
*B*a^2*c^4*d^4*e + 10*A*a^2*c^4*d^3*e^2 - 50*B*a^3*c^3*d^2*e^3 - 25*A*a^3*
c^3*d*e^4 + 25*B*a^4*c^2*e^5)*x^3 - 8*(5*B*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 5*A*a^3*c^3*d
^2*e^3 - 5*B*a^4*c^2*d*e^4 - A*a^4*c^2*e^5)*x^2 + (3*A*a^2*c^3*d^5 + 5*...
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1044 vs. $2(299) = 598$.

Time = 56.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1044, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.41

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^5}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**5/(c*x**2+a)**3,x)
```


output

```

B*e**5*x/c**3 + (e**4*(A*e + 5*B*d)/(2*c**3) - sqrt(-a**5*c**7)*(-15*A*a**
2*c*d*e**4 - 10*A*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 3*A*c**3*d**5 + 15*B*a**3*e**5 - 30*B
*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 - 5*B*a*c**2*d**4*e)/(16*a**5*c**7))*log(x + (8*A*a**3*e
**5 + 40*B*a**3*d*e**4 - 16*a**3*c**3*(e**4*(A*e + 5*B*d)/(2*c**3) - sqrt(
-a**5*c**7)*(-15*A*a**2*c*d*e**4 - 10*A*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 3*A*c**3*d**5 +
15*B*a**3*e**5 - 30*B*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 - 5*B*a*c**2*d**4*e)/(16*a**5*c**7
)))/(-15*A*a**2*c*d*e**4 - 10*A*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 3*A*c**3*d**5 + 15*B*a
**3*e**5 - 30*B*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 - 5*B*a*c**2*d**4*e)) + (e**4*(A*e + 5*B*d
)/(2*c**3) + sqrt(-a**5*c**7)*(-15*A*a**2*c*d*e**4 - 10*A*a*c**2*d**3*e**2
- 3*A*c**3*d**5 + 15*B*a**3*e**5 - 30*B*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 - 5*B*a*c**2*d**
4*e)/(16*a**5*c**7))*log(x + (8*A*a**3*e**5 + 40*B*a**3*d*e**4 - 16*a**3*c
**3*(e**4*(A*e + 5*B*d)/(2*c**3) + sqrt(-a**5*c**7)*(-15*A*a**2*c*d*e**4 -
10*A*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 3*A*c**3*d**5 + 15*B*a**3*e**5 - 30*B*a**2*c*d**2
*e**3 - 5*B*a*c**2*d**4*e)/(16*a**5*c**7)))/(-15*A*a**2*c*d*e**4 - 10*A*a
c**2*d**3*e**2 - 3*A*c**3*d**5 + 15*B*a**3*e**5 - 30*B*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 -
5*B*a*c**2*d**4*e)) + (6*A*a**4*e**5 - 20*A*a**3*c*d**2*e**3 - 10*A*a**2*c
**2*d**4*e + 30*B*a**4*d*e**4 - 20*B*a**3*c*d**3*e**2 - 2*B*a**2*c**2*d**5
+ x**3*(-25*A*a**2*c**2*d*e**4 + 10*A*a*c**3*d**3*e**2 + 3*A*c**4*d**5 +
9*B*a**3*c*e**5 - 50*B*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**3 + 5*B*a*c**3*d**4*e) + x**2*(8*
A*a**3*c*e**5 - 40*A*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**3 + 40*B*a**3*c*d*e**4 - 40*B*a...

```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 438, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^5}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{Be^5x}{c^3}$$

$$- \frac{2Ba^2c^2d^5 + 10Aa^2c^2d^4e + 20Ba^3cd^3e^2 + 20Aa^3cd^2e^3 - 30Ba^4de^4 - 6Aa^4e^5 - (3Ac^4d^5 + 5Bac^3d^4)}{2c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(5Bde^4 + Ae^5) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(3Ac^3d^5 + 5Bac^2d^4e + 10Aac^2d^3e^2 + 30Ba^2cd^2e^3 + 15Aa^2cde^4 - 15Ba^3e^5) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aca^2c^3}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
B*e^5*x/c^3 - 1/8*(2*B*a^2*c^2*d^5 + 10*A*a^2*c^2*d^4*e + 20*B*a^3*c*d^3*e^2 + 20*A*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - 30*B*a^4*d*e^4 - 6*A*a^4*e^5 - (3*A*c^4*d^5 + 5*B*a*c^3*d^4*e + 10*A*a*c^3*d^3*e^2 - 50*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 25*A*a^2*c^2*d*e^4 + 9*B*a^3*c*e^5)*x^3 + 8*(5*B*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 5*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 5*B*a^3*c*d*e^4 - A*a^3*c*e^5)*x^2 - (5*A*a*c^3*d^5 - 5*B*a^2*c^2*d^4*e - 10*A*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 30*B*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - 15*A*a^3*c*d*e^4 + 7*B*a^4*e^5)*x)/(a^2*c^5*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^4*x^2 + a^4*c^3) + 1/2*(5*B*d*e^4 + A*e^5)*log(c*x^2 + a)/c^3 + 1/8*(3*A*c^3*d^5 + 5*B*a*c^2*d^4*e + 10*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 30*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 15*A*a^2*c*d*e^4 - 15*B*a^3*e^5)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 422, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^5}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{Be^5x}{c^3} + \frac{(5Bde^4 + Ae^5) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2c^3} + \frac{(3Ac^3d^5 + 5Bac^2d^4e + 10Aac^2d^3e^2 + 30Ba^2cd^2e^3 + 15Aa^2cde^4 - 15Ba^3e^5) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aca^2c^3}} - \frac{2Ba^2c^2d^5 + 10Aa^2c^2d^4e + 20Ba^3cd^3e^2 + 20Aa^3cd^2e^3 - 30Ba^4de^4 - 6Aa^4e^5 - (3Ac^4d^5 + 5Bac^3d^4e + 10Aa^3c^2d^3e^2 + 20Aa^3c^2d^2e^3 - 30B*a^4*d*e^4 - 6*A*a^4*e^5 - (3*A*c^4*d^5 + 5*B*a*c^3*d^4*e + 10*A*a*c^3*d^3*e^2 - 50*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 25*A*a^2*c^2*d*e^4 + 9*B*a^3*c*e^5)*x^3 + 8*(5*B*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 5*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 5*B*a^3*c*d*e^4 - A*a^3*c*e^5)*x^2 - (5*A*a*c^3*d^5 - 5*B*a^2*c^2*d^4*e - 10*A*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 30*B*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - 15*A*a^3*c*d*e^4 + 7*B*a^4*e^5)*x)/((c*x^2 + a)^2*a^2*c^3)}{8\sqrt{aca^2c^3}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
B*e^5*x/c^3 + 1/2*(5*B*d*e^4 + A*e^5)*log(c*x^2 + a)/c^3 + 1/8*(3*A*c^3*d^5 + 5*B*a*c^2*d^4*e + 10*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 30*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 15*A*a^2*c*d*e^4 - 15*B*a^3*e^5)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3) - 1/8*(2*B*a^2*c^2*d^5 + 10*A*a^2*c^2*d^4*e + 20*B*a^3*c*d^3*e^2 + 20*A*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - 30*B*a^4*d*e^4 - 6*A*a^4*e^5 - (3*A*c^4*d^5 + 5*B*a*c^3*d^4*e + 10*A*a*c^3*d^3*e^2 - 50*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 25*A*a^2*c^2*d*e^4 + 9*B*a^3*c*e^5)*x^3 + 8*(5*B*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 5*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 5*B*a^3*c*d*e^4 - A*a^3*c*e^5)*x^2 - (5*A*a*c^3*d^5 - 5*B*a^2*c^2*d^4*e - 10*A*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 30*B*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - 15*A*a^3*c*d*e^4 + 7*B*a^4*e^5)*x)/((c*x^2 + a)^2*a^2*c^3)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 424, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^5}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\ln(cx^2 + a) (256 A a^5 c^4 e^5 + 1280 B d a^5 c^4 e^4)}{512 a^5 c^7} - \frac{B c^2 d^5}{4} - \frac{3 A a^2 e^5}{4} - x^2 (-5 B c^2 d^3 e^2 - 5 A c^2 d^2 e^3 + 5 B a c d e^4 + A a c e^5) - \frac{x^3 (9 B a^3 c e^5 - 50 B a^2 c^2 d^2 e^3 - 25 A a^3 c^2 d^2 e^3 + 15 A a^2 c d e^4 + 5 B a c^2 d^4 e + 10 A a c^2 d^3 e^2 + 3 A c^3 d^5)}{8 a^{5/2} c^{7/2}} + \frac{B e^5 x}{c^3} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (-15 B a^3 e^5 + 30 B a^2 c d^2 e^3 + 15 A a^2 c d e^4 + 5 B a c^2 d^4 e + 10 A a c^2 d^3 e^2 + 3 A c^3 d^5)}{8 a^{5/2} c^{7/2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^5)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x)`output $(\log(a + c*x^2)*(256*A*a^5*c^4*e^5 + 1280*B*a^5*c^4*d*e^4))/(512*a^5*c^7) - ((B*c^2*d^5)/4 - (3*A*a^2*e^5)/4 - x^2*(A*a*c*e^5 - 5*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 5*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 5*B*a*c*d*e^4) - (x^3*(3*A*c^4*d^5 + 9*B*a^3*c*e^5 + 10*A*a*c^3*d^3*e^2 - 25*A*a^2*c^2*d*e^4 - 50*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 5*B*a*c^3*d^4*e))/(8*a^2) + (x*(10*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 7*B*a^3*e^5 - 5*A*c^3*d^5 + 30*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 15*A*a^2*c*d*e^4 + 5*B*a*c^2*d^4*e))/(8*a) - (15*B*a^2*d*e^4)/4 + (5*A*c^2*d^4*e)/4 + (5*A*a*c*d^2*e^3)/2 + (5*B*a*c*d^3*e^2)/2)/(a^2*c^3 + c^5*x^4 + 2*a*c^4*x^2) + (B*e^5*x)/c^3 + (\operatorname{atan}((c^{1/2})*x)/a^{1/2})*(3*A*c^3*d^5 - 15*B*a^3*e^5 + 10*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 30*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 15*A*a^2*c*d*e^4 + 5*B*a*c^2*d^4*e))/(8*a^{5/2}*c^{7/2})$ **Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 983, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^5}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*b*e**5 + 15*sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c*d*e**4 + 30*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b*c*d**2*e**3 - 30*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*a
tan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b*c*e**5*x**2 + 10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan(
(c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**2 + 30*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*
x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**2*d*e**4*x**2 + 5*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)
/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*c**2*d**4*e + 60*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sq
rt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2 - 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)
/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*c**2*e**5*x**4 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(
sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**3*d**5 + 20*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*
sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(
c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**3*d*e**4*x**4 + 10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)
*sqrt(a)))*a*b*c**3*d**4*e*x**2 + 30*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a)))*a*b*c**3*d**2*e**3*x**4 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a)))*a*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)
))*a*c**4*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 5*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))
*b*c**4*d**4*e*x**4 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**5
*d**5*x**4 + 4*log(a + c*x**2)*a**5*c*e**5 + 20*log(a + c*x**2)*a**4*b*c*d
*e**4 + 8*log(a + c*x**2)*a**4*c**2*e**5*x**2 + 40*log(a + c*x**2)*a**3*b*
c**2*d*e**4*x**2 + 4*log(a + c*x**2)*a**3*c**3*e**5*x**4 + 20*log(a + c...
```

3.96 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	812
Mathematica [A] (verified)	813
Rubi [A] (verified)	813
Maple [A] (verified)	815
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	816
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	817
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	818
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	819
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	820
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	821

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(d+ex)^3(a(Bd+ Ae) - (Acd - aBe)x)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

$$- \frac{(d+ex)(ae(8aBde + 3A(cd^2 + ae^2)) - (4aBe(cd^2 - ae^2) + 3Acd(cd^2 + ae^2))x)}{8a^2c^2(a+cx^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{(3A(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 + 4aBde(cd^2 + 3ae^2)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}c^{5/2}} + \frac{Be^4 \log(a+cx^2)}{2c^3}$$

```
output -1/4*(e*x+d)^3*(a*(A*e+B*d)-(A*c*d-B*a*e)*x)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)^2-1/8*(e*x+d)*(
a*e*(8*B*a*d*e+3*A*(a*e^2+c*d^2))-(4*a*B*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)+3*A*c*d*(a*e^2+c
*d^2))*x)/a^2/c^2/(c*x^2+a)+1/8*(3*A*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2+4*a*B*d*e*(3*a*e^2+c*
d^2))*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(5/2)+1/2*B*e^4*ln(c*x^2+a)/c^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^4}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2a^3Be^4 + 2Ac^3d^4x + 2a^2ce^2(Ae(4d+ex) + 2Bd(3d+2ex)) - 2ac^2d^2(2Ae(2d+3ex) + Bd(d+4ex))}{a(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{8a^3Be^4 + 3Ac^3d^4x + 2ac^2d^2e(2Bd+3Ae)x}{a^2(a+c^2x^2)} + \frac{8c^3}{8c^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^4)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
((-2*a^3*B*e^4 + 2*A*c^3*d^4*x + 2*a^2*c*e^2*(A*e*(4*d + e*x) + 2*B*d*(3*d + 2*e*x)) - 2*a*c^2*d^2*(2*A*e*(2*d + 3*e*x) + B*d*(d + 4*e*x)))/(a*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (8*a^3*B*e^4 + 3*A*c^3*d^4*x + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e*(2*B*d + 3*A*e)*x - a^2*c*e^2*(4*B*d*(6*d + 5*e*x) + A*e*(16*d + 5*e*x)))/(a^2*(a + c*x^2)) + (Sqrt[c]*(3*A*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2 + 4*a*B*d*e*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/a^(5/2) + 4*B*e^4*Log[a + c*x^2])/(8*c^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {684, 684, 452, 218, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^4}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 684$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(3Acd^2+ae(4Bd+3Ae)+4aBe^2x)}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4ac} - \frac{(d + ex)^3(a(Ae + Bd) - x(Acd - aBe))}{4ac(a + cx^2)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 684$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{8a^2 B x e^4 + 4a B d (cd^2 + 3ae^2) e + 3A (cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{cx^2 + a} dx - \frac{(d+ex)(x(4a^2 B e^3 - cd(ae(3Ae+4Bd)+3Acd^2)) + ae(3A(ae^2+cd^2)+8aBde))}{2ac(a+cx^2)}}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \frac{4ac}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 452

$$\frac{8a^2 B e^4 \int \frac{x}{cx^2+a} dx + \frac{(3A(ae^2+cd^2)^2 + 4aBde(3ae^2+cd^2)) \int \frac{1}{cx^2+a} dx - \frac{(d+ex)(x(4a^2 B e^3 - cd(ae(3Ae+4Bd)+3Acd^2)) + ae(3A(ae^2+cd^2)+8aBde))}{2ac(a+cx^2)}}{2ac}}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \frac{4ac}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{8a^2 B e^4 \int \frac{x}{cx^2+a} dx + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (3A(ae^2+cd^2)^2 + 4aBde(3ae^2+cd^2))}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{(d+ex)(x(4a^2 B e^3 - cd(ae(3Ae+4Bd)+3Acd^2)) + ae(3A(ae^2+cd^2)+8aBde))}{2ac(a+cx^2)}}{2ac}}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \frac{4ac}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 240

$$\frac{\frac{4a^2 B e^4 \log(a+cx^2)}{c} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (3A(ae^2+cd^2)^2 + 4aBde(3ae^2+cd^2))}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{(d+ex)(x(4a^2 B e^3 - cd(ae(3Ae+4Bd)+3Acd^2)) + ae(3A(ae^2+cd^2)+8aBde))}{2ac(a+cx^2)}}{2ac}}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \frac{4ac}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^4)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/4*((d + e*x)^3*(a*(B*d + A*e) - (A*c*d - a*B*e)*x))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (-1/2*((d + e*x)*(a*e*(8*a*B*d*e + 3*A*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) + (4*a^2*B*e^3 - c*d*(3*A*c*d^2 + a*e*(4*B*d + 3*A*e)))*x))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + (((3*A*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2 + 4*a*B*d*e*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]) + (4*a^2*B*e^4*Log[a + c*x^2])/c)/(2*a*c)/(4*a*c)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 218 $\text{Int}[\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2\}^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 240 $\text{Int}[(x_)/\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2\}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x^2, x]]/(2*b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 452 $\text{Int}[\{(c_)+(d_)*(x_)/\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2\}\}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[d \ \text{Int}[x/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]$

rule 684 $\text{Int}[\{(d_)+(e_)*(x_)^m\}*\{(f_)+(g_)*(x_)\}*\{(a_)+(c_)*(x_)^2\}^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{m-1}*(a + c*x^2)^{p+1}*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{m-2}*(a + c*x^2)^{p+1}*\text{Simp}[a*e*(e*f*(m-1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[d, 0] \ || \ (\text{EqQ}[m, 2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[p, -3] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, c, d, e, f, g]) \ || \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result
default	$-\frac{(5Aa^2e^4 - 6Aacd^2e^2 - 3Ac^2d^4 + 20Ba^2de^3 - 4Bacd^3e)x^3}{8a^2c} - \frac{e^2(2Acde - Ba^2e^2 + 3Bcd^2)x^2}{c^2} - \frac{(3Aa^2e^4 + 6Aacd^2e^2 - 5Ac^2d^4 + 12Ba^2de^3 + 4Acd^3e)}{8ac^2(c^2+a)^2}$
risch	$-\frac{(5Aa^2e^4 - 6Aacd^2e^2 - 3Ac^2d^4 + 20Ba^2de^3 - 4Bacd^3e)x^3}{8a^2c} - \frac{e^2(2Acde - Ba^2e^2 + 3Bcd^2)x^2}{c^2} - \frac{(3Aa^2e^4 + 6Aacd^2e^2 - 5Ac^2d^4 + 12Ba^2de^3 + 4Acd^3e)}{8ac^2(c^2+a)^2}$

input $\text{int}((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^3, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
(-1/8*(5*A*a^2*e^4-6*A*a*c*d^2*e^2-3*A*c^2*d^4+20*B*a^2*d*e^3-4*B*a*c*d^3*
e)/a^2/c*x^3-e^2*(2*A*c*d*e-B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)/c^2*x^2-1/8*(3*A*a^2*e^4+6*
A*a*c*d^2*e^2-5*A*c^2*d^4+12*B*a^2*d*e^3+4*B*a*c*d^3*e)/a/c^2*x-1/4*(4*A*a
*c*d*e^3+4*A*c^2*d^3*e-3*B*a^2*e^4+6*B*a*c*d^2*e^2+B*c^2*d^4)/c^3)/(c*x^2+
a)^2+1/8/a^2/c^2*(4*B*e^4*a^2/c*ln(c*x^2+a)+(3*A*a^2*e^4+6*A*a*c*d^2*e^2+3
*A*c^2*d^4+12*B*a^2*d*e^3+4*B*a*c*d^3*e)/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2
)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 518 vs. $2(201) = 402$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1055, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^4}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/16*(4*B*a^3*c^2*d^4 + 16*A*a^3*c^2*d^3*e + 24*B*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + 16*A*a^4*c*d*e^3 - 12*B*a^5*e^4 - 2*(3*A*a*c^4*d^4 + 4*B*a^2*c^3*d^3*e + 6*A*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^2 - 20*B*a^3*c^2*d*e^3 - 5*A*a^3*c^2*e^4))*x^3 + 16*(3*B*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*A*a^3*c^2*d*e^3 - B*a^4*c*e^4))*x^2 + (3*A*a^2*c^2*d^4 + 4*B*a^3*c*d^3*e + 6*A*a^3*c*d^2*e^2 + 12*B*a^4*d*e^3 + 3*A*a^4*e^4 + (3*A*c^4*d^4 + 4*B*a*c^3*d^3*e + 6*A*a*c^3*d^2*e^2 + 12*B*a^2*c^2*d*e^3 + 3*A*a^2*c^2*e^4))*x^4 + 2*(3*A*a*c^3*d^4 + 4*B*a^2*c^2*d^3*e + 6*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 12*B*a^3*c*d*e^3 + 3*A*a^3*c*e^4))*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c))*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a) - 2*(5*A*a^2*c^3*d^4 - 4*B*a^3*c^2*d^3*e - 6*A*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 12*B*a^4*c*d*e^3 - 3*A*a^4*c*e^4))*x - 8*(B*a^3*c^2*e^4*x^4 + 2*B*a^4*c*e^4*x^2 + B*a^5*e^4)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a^3*c^5*x^4 + 2*a^4*c^4*x^2 + a^5*c^3), -1/8*(2*B*a^3*c^2*d^4 + 8*A*a^3*c^2*d^3*e + 12*B*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + 8*A*a^4*c*d*e^3 - 6*B*a^5*e^4 - (3*A*a*c^4*d^4 + 4*B*a^2*c^3*d^3*e + 6*A*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^2 - 20*B*a^3*c^2*d*e^3 - 5*A*a^3*c^2*e^4))*x^3 + 8*(3*B*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*A*a^3*c^2*d*e^3 - B*a^4*c*e^4))*x^2 - (3*A*a^2*c^2*d^4 + 4*B*a^3*c*d^3*e + 6*A*a^3*c*d^2*e^2 + 12*B*a^4*d*e^3 + 3*A*a^4*e^4 + (3*A*c^4*d^4 + 4*B*a*c^3*d^3*e + 6*A*a*c^3*d^2*e^2 + 12*B*a^2*c^2*d*e^3 + 3*A*a^2*c^2*e^4))*x^4 + 2*(3*A*a*c^3*d^4 + 4*B*a^2*c^2*d^3*e + 6*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 12*B*a^3*c*d*e^3 + 3*A*a^3*c*e^4))*x^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c))*x/a) - (5*A*a^2*c^3*d^4 - 4*B*a^3*c^2*d^3*e - 6*A*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 12*B*...

```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 816 vs. $2(202) = 404$.

Time = 22.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 816, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.76

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^4}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \left(\frac{Be^4}{2c^3} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{\sqrt{-a^5c^7} \cdot (3Aa^2e^4 + 6Aacd^2e^2 + 3Ac^2d^4 + 12Ba^2de^3 + 4Bacd^3e)}{16a^5c^6} \right) \log \left(x + \frac{-8Ba^3e^4 + 16a^3c^3 \left(\frac{Be^4}{2c^3} \right)}{3Aa^2ce^4 + 6Aa^2c^3} \right) \\
& + \left(\frac{Be^4}{2c^3} \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{\sqrt{-a^5c^7} \cdot (3Aa^2e^4 + 6Aacd^2e^2 + 3Ac^2d^4 + 12Ba^2de^3 + 4Bacd^3e)}{16a^5c^6} \right) \log \left(x + \frac{-8Ba^3e^4 + 16a^3c^3 \left(\frac{Be^4}{2c^3} \right)}{3Aa^2ce^4 + 6Aa^2c^3} \right) \\
& + \frac{-8Aa^3cde^3 - 8Aa^2c^2d^3e + 6Ba^4e^4 - 12Ba^3cd^2e^2 - 2Ba^2c^2d^4 + x^3(-5Aa^2c^2e^4 + 6Aac^3d^2e^2 + 3Ac^4d^4)}{16a^5c^6}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**4/(c*x**2+a)**3,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{B e^{4x}}{(2c)^3} - \sqrt{-a^5 c^7} \frac{(3A a^{2x} e^{4x} + 6A a^x c d^{2x} e^{2x} + 3A c^2 d^{4x} + 12B a^{2x} d^{e^{3x}} + 4B a^x c d^{3x} e)}{(16a^5 c^6)} \right) \log(x + \\ & \left(\frac{-8B a^{3x} e^{4x} + 16a^{3x} c^3 (B e^{4x}/(2c)^3) - \sqrt{-a^5 c^7} (3A a^{2x} e^{4x} + 6A a^x c d^{2x} e^{2x} + 3A c^2 d^{4x} + 12B a^{2x} d^{e^{3x}} + 4B a^x c d^{3x} e)}{(16a^5 c^6)}}{(3A a^{2x} c e^{4x} + 6A a^x c^2 d^{2x} e^{2x} + 3A c^3 d^{4x} + 12B a^{2x} c d^{e^{3x}} + 4B a^x c^2 d^{3x} e)} \right) + \frac{B e^{4x}}{(2c)^3} + \sqrt{-a^5 c^7} \frac{(3A a^{2x} e^{4x} + 6A a^x c d^{2x} e^{2x} + 3A c^2 d^{4x} + 12B a^{2x} d^{e^{3x}} + 4B a^x c d^{3x} e)}{(16a^5 c^6)} \log(x + \frac{-8B a^{3x} e^{4x} + 16a^{3x} c^3 (B e^{4x}/(2c)^3) + \sqrt{-a^5 c^7} (3A a^{2x} e^{4x} + 6A a^x c d^{2x} e^{2x} + 3A c^2 d^{4x} + 12B a^{2x} d^{e^{3x}} + 4B a^x c d^{3x} e)}{(16a^5 c^6))}}{(3A a^{2x} c e^{4x} + 6A a^x c^2 d^{2x} e^{2x} + 3A c^3 d^{4x} + 12B a^{2x} c d^{e^{3x}} + 4B a^x c^2 d^{3x} e)} \right) + \frac{(-8A a^{3x} c d^{e^{3x}} - 8A a^{2x} c^2 d^{3x} e + 6B a^{4x} e^{4x} - 12B a^{3x} c d^{2x} e^{2x} - 2B a^{2x} c^2 d^{4x} + x^3 (-5A a^{2x} c^2 e^{4x} + 6A a^x c^3 d^{2x} e^{2x} + 3A c^4 d^{4x} - 20B a^{2x} c^2 d^{e^{3x}} + 4B a^x c^3 d^{3x} e) + x^2 (-16A a^{2x} c^2 d^{e^{3x}} + 8B a^{3x} c e^{4x} - 24B a^{2x} c^2 d^{2x} e^{2x}) + x (-3A a^{3x} c e^{4x} - 6A a^{2x} c^2 d^{2x} e^{2x} + 5A a^x c^3 d^{4x} - 12B a^{3x} c d^{e^{3x}} - 4B a^{2x} c^2 d^{3x} e)}}{(8a^{4x} c^3 + 16a^{3x} c^4 x^2 + 8a^{2x} c^5 x^4)} \end{aligned}$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 352, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx &= \frac{Be^4 \log(cx^2+a)}{2c^3} \\ & - \frac{2Ba^2c^2d^4 + 8Aa^2c^2d^3e + 12Ba^3cd^2e^2 + 8Aa^3cde^3 - 6Ba^4e^4 - (3Ac^4d^4 + 4Bac^3d^3e + 6Aac^3d^2e^2 - (3Ac^2d^4 + 4Bacd^3e + 6Aacd^2e^2 + 12Ba^2de^3 + 3Aa^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right) + 8\sqrt{aca^2c^2}}{8\sqrt{aca^2c^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*B*e^4*log(c*x^2 + a)/c^3 - 1/8*(2*B*a^2*c^2*d^4 + 8*A*a^2*c^2*d^3*e +
12*B*a^3*c*d^2*e^2 + 8*A*a^3*c*d*e^3 - 6*B*a^4*e^4 - (3*A*c^4*d^4 + 4*B*a*
c^3*d^3*e + 6*A*a*c^3*d^2*e^2 - 20*B*a^2*c^2*d*e^3 - 5*A*a^2*c^2*e^4)*x^3
+ 8*(3*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*A*a^2*c^2*d*e^3 - B*a^3*c*e^4)*x^2 - (5*A*a*
c^3*d^4 - 4*B*a^2*c^2*d^3*e - 6*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 12*B*a^3*c*d*e^3 - 3*A*
a^3*c*e^4)*x)/(a^2*c^5*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^4*x^2 + a^4*c^3) + 1/8*(3*A*c^2*d^4 +
4*B*a*c*d^3*e + 6*A*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 12*B*a^2*d*e^3 + 3*A*a^2*e^4)*arctan(c*
x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c))*a^2*c^2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^4}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{Be^4 \log(cx^2 + a)}{2c^3} + \frac{(3Ac^2d^4 + 4Bacd^3e + 6Aacd^2e^2 + 12Ba^2de^3 + 3Aa^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aca^2c^2}} + \frac{(3Ac^3d^4 + 4Bac^2d^3e + 6Aac^2d^2e^2 - 20Ba^2cde^3 - 5Aa^2ce^4)x^3 - 8(3Ba^2cd^2e^2 + 2Aa^2cde^3 - Ba^3e^4)}{8\sqrt{aca^2c^2}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/2*B*e^4*log(c*x^2 + a)/c^3 + 1/8*(3*A*c^2*d^4 + 4*B*a*c*d^3*e + 6*A*a*c*
d^2*e^2 + 12*B*a^2*d*e^3 + 3*A*a^2*e^4)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c))*a
^2*c^2) + 1/8*((3*A*c^3*d^4 + 4*B*a*c^2*d^3*e + 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 20*B*a
^2*c*d*e^3 - 5*A*a^2*c*e^4)*x^3 - 8*(3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + 2*A*a^2*c*d*e^3 -
B*a^3*e^4)*x^2 + (5*A*a*c^2*d^4 - 4*B*a^2*c*d^3*e - 6*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 1
2*B*a^3*d*e^3 - 3*A*a^3*e^4)*x - 2*(B*a^2*c^2*d^4 + 4*A*a^2*c^2*d^3*e + 6*
B*a^3*c*d^2*e^2 + 4*A*a^3*c*d*e^3 - 3*B*a^4*e^4)/c)/((c*x^2 + a)^2*a^2*c^2
)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 763, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.52

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^4}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = & \frac{5 A d^4 x}{8 (a^3 + 2 a^2 c x^2 + a c^2 x^4)} - \frac{B d^4}{4 (a^2 c + 2 a c^2 x^2 + c^3 x^4)} \\
& + \frac{3 B a^2 e^4}{4 (a^2 c^3 + 2 a c^4 x^2 + c^5 x^4)} - \frac{A d^3 e}{a^2 c + 2 a c^2 x^2 + c^3 x^4} \\
& - \frac{5 A e^4 x^3}{8 (a^2 c + 2 a c^2 x^2 + c^3 x^4)} + \frac{B e^4 \ln (c x^2 + a)}{2 c^3} \\
& - \frac{A a d e^3}{a^2 c^2 + 2 a c^3 x^2 + c^4 x^4} + \frac{3 A c d^4 x^3}{8 (a^4 + 2 a^3 c x^2 + a^2 c^2 x^4)} \\
& - \frac{3 A a e^4 x}{8 (a^2 c^2 + 2 a c^3 x^2 + c^4 x^4)} + \frac{3 A d^2 e^2 x^3}{4 (a^3 + 2 a^2 c x^2 + a c^2 x^4)} \\
& - \frac{3 A d^2 e^2 x}{4 (a^2 c + 2 a c^2 x^2 + c^3 x^4)} - \frac{2 A d e^3 x^2}{a^2 c + 2 a c^2 x^2 + c^3 x^4} \\
& - \frac{5 B d e^3 x^3}{2 (a^2 c + 2 a c^2 x^2 + c^3 x^4)} - \frac{3 B a d^2 e^2}{2 (a^2 c^2 + 2 a c^3 x^2 + c^4 x^4)} \\
& + \frac{B a e^4 x^2}{a^2 c^2 + 2 a c^3 x^2 + c^4 x^4} - \frac{3 B d^2 e^2 x^2}{a^2 c + 2 a c^2 x^2 + c^3 x^4} \\
& + \frac{3 A d^4 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8 a^{5/2} \sqrt{c}} + \frac{3 A e^4 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8 \sqrt{a} c^{5/2}} \\
& + \frac{B d^3 e x^3}{2 (a^3 + 2 a^2 c x^2 + a c^2 x^4)} - \frac{B d^3 e x}{2 (a^2 c + 2 a c^2 x^2 + c^3 x^4)} \\
& + \frac{3 B d e^3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2 \sqrt{a} c^{5/2}} + \frac{B d^3 e \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2 a^{3/2} c^{3/2}} \\
& + \frac{3 A d^2 e^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4 a^{3/2} c^{3/2}} - \frac{3 B a d e^3 x}{2 (a^2 c^2 + 2 a c^3 x^2 + c^4 x^4)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^4)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(5*A*d^4*x)/(8*(a^3 + 2*a^2*c*x^2 + a*c^2*x^4)) - (B*d^4)/(4*(a^2*c + c^3*x^4 + 2*a*c^2*x^2)) + (3*B*a^2*e^4)/(4*(a^2*c^3 + c^5*x^4 + 2*a*c^4*x^2)) - (A*d^3*e)/(a^2*c + c^3*x^4 + 2*a*c^2*x^2) - (5*A*e^4*x^3)/(8*(a^2*c + c^3*x^4 + 2*a*c^2*x^2)) + (B*e^4*log(a + c*x^2))/(2*c^3) - (A*a*d*e^3)/(a^2*c^2 + c^4*x^4 + 2*a*c^3*x^2) + (3*A*c*d^4*x^3)/(8*(a^4 + 2*a^3*c*x^2 + a^2*c^2*x^4)) - (3*A*a*e^4*x)/(8*(a^2*c^2 + c^4*x^4 + 2*a*c^3*x^2)) + (3*A*d^2*e^2*x^3)/(4*(a^3 + 2*a^2*c*x^2 + a*c^2*x^4)) - (3*A*d^2*e^2*x)/(4*(a^2*c + c^3*x^4 + 2*a*c^2*x^2)) - (2*A*d*e^3*x^2)/(a^2*c + c^3*x^4 + 2*a*c^2*x^2) - (5*B*d*e^3*x^3)/(2*(a^2*c + c^3*x^4 + 2*a*c^2*x^2)) - (3*B*a*d^2*e^2)/(2*(a^2*c^2 + c^4*x^4 + 2*a*c^3*x^2)) + (B*a*e^4*x^2)/(a^2*c^2 + c^4*x^4 + 2*a*c^3*x^2) - (3*B*d^2*e^2*x^2)/(a^2*c + c^3*x^4 + 2*a*c^2*x^2) + (3*A*d^4*atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2)))/(8*a^(5/2)*c^(1/2)) + (3*A*e^4*atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2)))/(8*a^(1/2)*c^(5/2)) + (B*d^3*e*x^3)/(2*(a^3 + 2*a^2*c*x^2 + a*c^2*x^4)) - (B*d^3*e*x)/(2*(a^2*c + c^3*x^4 + 2*a*c^2*x^2)) + (3*B*d*e^3*atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2)))/(2*a^(1/2)*c^(5/2)) + (B*d^3*e*atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2)))/(2*a^(3/2)*c^(3/2)) + (3*A*d^2*e^2*atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2)))/(4*a^(3/2)*c^(3/2)) - (3*B*a*d*e^3*x)/(2*(a^2*c^2 + c^4*x^4 + 2*a*c^3*x^2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 733, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^4}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)
```

output

```

(3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*e**4 + 12*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b*d*e**3 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan
((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c*d**2*e**2 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c*e**4*x**2 + 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c
)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*c*d**3*e + 24*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(
a)))*a**2*b*c*d*e**3*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)
))*a**2*c**2*d**4 + 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c
**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*
c**2*e**4*x**4 + 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*c**2*
d**3*e*x**2 + 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*c**2*d*
e**3*x**4 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**3*d**4*x*
*2 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**3*d**2*e**2*x**4
+ 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*b*c**3*d**3*e*x**4 + 3*
sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**4*d**4*x**4 + 4*log(a + c
*x**2)*a**4*b*e**4 + 8*log(a + c*x**2)*a**3*b*c*e**4*x**2 + 4*log(a + c*x*
*2)*a**2*b*c**2*e**4*x**4 + 2*a**4*b*e**4 - 3*a**4*c*e**4*x - 12*a**3*b*c*
d*e**3*x - 8*a**3*c**2*d**3*e - 6*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**2*x - 5*a**3*c**2*e**4
*x**3 - 2*a**2*b*c**2*d**4 - 4*a**2*b*c**2*d**3*e*x - 20*a**2*b*c**2*d*e**
3*x**3 - 4*a**2*b*c**2*e**4*x**4 + 5*a**2*c**3*d**4*x + 6*a**2*c**3*d**2*e
**2*x**3 + 8*a**2*c**3*d*e**3*x**4 + 4*a*b*c**3*d**3*e*x**3 + 12*a*b*c...

```

$$3.97 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	823
Mathematica [A] (verified)	824
Rubi [A] (verified)	824
Maple [A] (verified)	826
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	826
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	827
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	828
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	829
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	829
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	830

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{(aB-Acx)(d+ex)^3}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} - \frac{3(Acd+aBe)(2ade-(cd^2-ae^2)x)}{8a^2c^2(a+cx^2)} + \frac{3(Acd+aBe)(cd^2+ae^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}c^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(-A*c*x+B*a)*(e*x+d)^3/a/c/(c*x^2+a)^2-3/8*(A*c*d+B*a*e)*(2*a*d*e-(-a
*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^2/c^2/(c*x^2+a)+3/8*(A*c*d+B*a*e)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctan(c^
(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(5/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^3}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx \\ &= \frac{3Ac^2d^3x + 3acde(Bd + Ae)x - a^2e^2(12Bd + 4Ae + 5Bex)}{8a^2c^2(a + cx^2)} \\ &+ \frac{Ac^2d^3x + a^2e^2(3Bd + Ae + Bex) - acd(3Ae(d + ex) + Bd(d + 3ex))}{4ac^2(a + cx^2)^2} \\ &+ \frac{3(Acd + aBe)(cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}c^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^3)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (3Ac^2d^3x + 3acde(Bd + Ae)x - a^2e^2(12Bd + 4Ae + 5Bex)) / (8a^2c^2(a + cx^2)) + (Ac^2d^3x + a^2e^2(3Bd + Ae + Bex) \\ & - acd(3Ae(d + ex) + Bd(d + 3ex))) / (4a^2c^2(a + cx^2)^2) + (3(Acd + aBe)(cd^2 + ae^2) * ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]) / (8a^{5/2} * c^{5/2}) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {678, 487, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^3}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{678} \\ & \frac{3(aBe + Acd) \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4ac} - \frac{(d + ex)^3(aB - Acx)}{4ac(a + cx^2)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 487 \\ & \frac{3(aBe + Acd) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{cx^2 + a} dx}{2ac} - \frac{(d+ex)(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \right)}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^3(aB - Acd)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \\ & \downarrow 218 \\ & \frac{3(aBe + Acd) \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(ae^2 + cd^2)}{2a^{3/2}c^{3/2}} - \frac{(d+ex)(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \right)}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^3(aB - Acd)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^3)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/4*((a*B - A*c*x)*(d + e*x)^3)/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (3*(A*c*d + a*B*e)*(-1/2*((a*e - c*d*x)*(d + e*x))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(2*a^(3/2)*c^(3/2))))/(4*a*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 487 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)*((b*c^2 + a*d^2)/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 678 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*g - c*f*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*d*f + a*e*g)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0] && LtQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{3Aacd e^2+3A c^2 d^3-5B e^3 a^2+3Bac d^2 e}{8a^2 c}\right)x^3 - \frac{e^2(Ae+3Bd)x^2}{2c} - \frac{\left(\frac{3Aacd e^2-5A c^2 d^3+3B e^3 a^2+3Bac d^2 e}{8a c^2}\right)x}{(c x^2+a)^2} - \frac{Aa e^3+3Ac d^2 e+3Bad e^2+Bc d^3}{4c^2}}$
risch	$\frac{\left(\frac{3Aacd e^2+3A c^2 d^3-5B e^3 a^2+3Bac d^2 e}{8a^2 c}\right)x^3 - \frac{e^2(Ae+3Bd)x^2}{2c} - \frac{\left(\frac{3Aacd e^2-5A c^2 d^3+3B e^3 a^2+3Bac d^2 e}{8a c^2}\right)x}{(c x^2+a)^2} - \frac{Aa e^3+3Ac d^2 e+3Bad e^2+Bc d^3}{4c^2}}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\left(\frac{1}{8}*(3*A*a*c*d*e^2+3*A*c^2*d^3-5*B*a^2*e^3+3*B*a*c*d^2*e)/a^2/c*x^3-1/2*e^2*(A*e+3*B*d)*x^2/c-1/8*(3*A*a*c*d*e^2-5*A*c^2*d^3+3*B*a^2*e^3+3*B*a*c*d^2*e)/a/c^2*x-1/4*(A*a*e^3+3*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+B*c*d^3)/c^2)/(c*x^2+a)^2+3/8*(A*a*c*d*e^2+A*c^2*d^3+B*a^2*e^3+B*a*c*d^2*e)/a^2/c^2/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 366 vs. 2(118) = 236.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 752, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.70

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4Ba^3c^2d^3 + 12Aa^3c^2d^2e + 12Ba^4cde^2 + 4Aa^4ce^3 - 2(3Aac^4d^3 + 3Ba^2c^3d^2e + 3Aa^2c^3de^2 - 5Ba^3c^2e^3)}{2Ba^3c^2d^3 + 6Aa^3c^2d^2e + 6Ba^4cde^2 + 2Aa^4ce^3 - (3Aac^4d^3 + 3Ba^2c^3d^2e + 3Aa^2c^3de^2 - 5Ba^3c^2e^3)} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

[-1/16*(4*B*a^3*c^2*d^3 + 12*A*a^3*c^2*d^2*e + 12*B*a^4*c*d*e^2 + 4*A*a^4*
c*e^3 - 2*(3*A*a*c^4*d^3 + 3*B*a^2*c^3*d^2*e + 3*A*a^2*c^3*d*e^2 - 5*B*a^3
*c^2*e^3)*x^3 + 8*(3*B*a^3*c^2*d*e^2 + A*a^3*c^2*e^3)*x^2 + 3*(A*a^2*c^2*d
^3 + B*a^3*c*d^2*e + A*a^3*c*d*e^2 + B*a^4*e^3 + (A*c^4*d^3 + B*a*c^3*d^2*
e + A*a*c^3*d*e^2 + B*a^2*c^2*e^3)*x^4 + 2*(A*a*c^3*d^3 + B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e
+ A*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 + B*a^3*c*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)
*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) - 2*(5*A*a^2*c^3*d^3 - 3*B*a^3*c^2*d^2*e - 3*A*a^3*c^
2*d*e^2 - 3*B*a^4*c*e^3)*x)/(a^3*c^5*x^4 + 2*a^4*c^4*x^2 + a^5*c^3), -1/8*
(2*B*a^3*c^2*d^3 + 6*A*a^3*c^2*d^2*e + 6*B*a^4*c*d*e^2 + 2*A*a^4*c*e^3 - (
3*A*a*c^4*d^3 + 3*B*a^2*c^3*d^2*e + 3*A*a^2*c^3*d*e^2 - 5*B*a^3*c^2*e^3)*x
^3 + 4*(3*B*a^3*c^2*d*e^2 + A*a^3*c^2*e^3)*x^2 - 3*(A*a^2*c^2*d^3 + B*a^3*
c*d^2*e + A*a^3*c*d*e^2 + B*a^4*e^3 + (A*c^4*d^3 + B*a*c^3*d^2*e + A*a*c^3
*d*e^2 + B*a^2*c^2*e^3)*x^4 + 2*(A*a*c^3*d^3 + B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e + A*a^2*c^2
*d*e^2 + B*a^3*c*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) - (5*A*a^2*c^3*
d^3 - 3*B*a^3*c^2*d^2*e - 3*A*a^3*c^2*d*e^2 - 3*B*a^4*c*e^3)*x)/(a^3*c^5*x
^4 + 2*a^4*c^4*x^2 + a^5*c^3)]

```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 468 vs. $2(129) = 258$.

Time = 8.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 468, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.55

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^3}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx \\
&= -\frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^5}}(ae^2 + cd^2)(Acd + Bae) \log\left(-\frac{3a^3c^2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^5}}(ae^2 + cd^2)(Acd + Bae)}{3Aacde^2 + 3Ac^2d^3 + 3Ba^2e^3 + 3Bacd^2e} + x\right)}{16} \\
&+ \frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^5}}(ae^2 + cd^2)(Acd + Bae) \log\left(\frac{3a^3c^2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^5}}(ae^2 + cd^2)(Acd + Bae)}{3Aacde^2 + 3Ac^2d^3 + 3Ba^2e^3 + 3Bacd^2e} + x\right)}{16} \\
&+ \frac{-2Aa^3e^3 - 6Aa^2cd^2e - 6Ba^3d^2e^2 - 2Ba^2cd^3 + x^3 \cdot (3Aac^2de^2 + 3Ac^3d^3 - 5Ba^2ce^3 + 3Bac^2d^2e) + x^2}{8a^4c^2 + 16a^3c^3x^2 + 8a^2c^4}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**3/(c*x**2+a)**3,x)
```

output

```
-3*sqrt(-1/(a**5*c**5))*(a**2 + c*d**2)*(A*c*d + B*a*e)*log(-3*a**3*c**2
*sqrt(-1/(a**5*c**5))*(a**2 + c*d**2)*(A*c*d + B*a*e)/(3*A*a*c*d**2 +
3*A*c**2*d**3 + 3*B*a**2*e**3 + 3*B*a*c*d**2*e) + x)/16 + 3*sqrt(-1/(a**5*
c**5))*(a**2 + c*d**2)*(A*c*d + B*a*e)*log(3*a**3*c**2*sqrt(-1/(a**5*c**
5))*(a**2 + c*d**2)*(A*c*d + B*a*e)/(3*A*a*c*d**2 + 3*A*c**2*d**3 + 3*
B*a**2*e**3 + 3*B*a*c*d**2*e) + x)/16 + (-2*A*a**3*e**3 - 6*A*a**2*c*d**2*
e - 6*B*a**3*d*e**2 - 2*B*a**2*c*d**3 + x**3*(3*A*a*c**2*d*e**2 + 3*A*c**3
*d**3 - 5*B*a**2*c*e**3 + 3*B*a*c**2*d**2*e) + x**2*(-4*A*a**2*c*e**3 - 12
*B*a**2*c*d*e**2) + x*(-3*A*a**2*c*d*e**2 + 5*A*a*c**2*d**3 - 3*B*a**3*e**
3 - 3*B*a**2*c*d**2*e))/(8*a**4*c**2 + 16*a**3*c**3*x**2 + 8*a**2*c**4*x**
4)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 248 vs. $2(118) = 236$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^3}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2Ba^2cd^3 + 6Aa^2cd^2e + 6Ba^3de^2 + 2Aa^3e^3 - (3Ac^3d^3 + 3Bac^2d^2e + 3Aac^2de^2 - 5Ba^2ce^3)x^3 + 4(3Ac^2d^3 + Bacd^2e + Aacde^2 + Ba^2e^3) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8(a^2c^4x^4 + 2a^3c^3x^2 + a^4c^2)}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/8*(2*B*a^2*c*d^3 + 6*A*a^2*c*d^2*e + 6*B*a^3*d*e^2 + 2*A*a^3*e^3 - (3*A
*c^3*d^3 + 3*B*a*c^2*d^2*e + 3*A*a*c^2*d*e^2 - 5*B*a^2*c*e^3)*x^3 + 4*(3*B
*a^2*c*d*e^2 + A*a^2*c*e^3)*x^2 - (5*A*a*c^2*d^3 - 3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e - 3*A*a
^2*c*d*e^2 - 3*B*a^3*e^3)*x)/(a^2*c^4*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^3*x^2 + a^4*c^2) + 3/8
*(A*c^2*d^3 + B*a*c*d^2*e + A*a*c*d*e^2 + B*a^2*e^3)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))
/(sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^2)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 239 vs. $2(118) = 236$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^3}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3(Ac^2d^3 + Bacd^2e + Aacde^2 + Ba^2e^3) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aca^2c^2}} + \frac{3Ac^3d^3x^3 + 3Bac^2d^2ex^3 + 3Aac^2de^2x^3 - 5Ba^2ce^3x^3 - 12Ba^2cde^2x^2 - 4Aa^2ce^3x^2 + 5Aac^2d^3x - 3Aa^2d^3}{8(cx^2 + a)^2a^2c^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/8*(A*c^2*d^3 + B*a*c*d^2*e + A*a*c*d*e^2 + B*a^2*e^3)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^2) + 1/8*(3*A*c^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*B*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^3 + 3*A*a*c^2*d*e^2*x^3 - 5*B*a^2*c*e^3*x^3 - 12*B*a^2*c*d*e^2*x^2 - 4*A*a^2*c*e^3*x^2 + 5*A*a*c^2*d^3*x - 3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e*x - 3*A*a^2*c*d*e^2*x - 3*B*a^3*e^3*x - 2*B*a^2*c*d^3 - 6*A*a^2*c*d^2*e - 6*B*a^3*d*e^2 - 2*A*a^3*e^3)/((c*x^2 + a)^2*a^2*c^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^3}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x(Acd + Bae)(cd^2 + ae^2)}{\sqrt{a}(Ba^2e^3 + Bacd^2e + Aacde^2 + Ac^2d^3)}\right) (Acd + Bae)(cd^2 + ae^2)}{8a^{5/2}c^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{Bcd^3 + 3Acd^2e + 3Bad^2e^2 + Aae^3}{4c^2} + \frac{x^2(Ae^3 + 3Bde^2)}{2c} + \frac{x(3Ba^2e^3 + 3Bacd^2e + 3Aacde^2 - 5Ac^2d^3)}{8ac^2} - \frac{x^3(-5Ba^2e^3 + 3Ba^2e^2d + 3Aae^3)}{8ac^2}}{a^2 + 2acx^2 + c^2x^4}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^3)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(3*atan((c^(1/2)*x*(A*c*d + B*a*e)*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(a^(1/2)*(A*c^2*d^3 +
B*a^2*e^3 + A*a*c*d*e^2 + B*a*c*d^2*e)))*(A*c*d + B*a*e)*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))/
(8*a^(5/2)*c^(5/2)) - ((A*a*e^3 + B*c*d^3 + 3*B*a*d*e^2 + 3*A*c*d^2*e)/(4*
c^2) + (x^2*(A*e^3 + 3*B*d*e^2))/(2*c) + (x*(3*B*a^2*e^3 - 5*A*c^2*d^3 + 3
*A*a*c*d*e^2 + 3*B*a*c*d^2*e))/(8*a*c^2) - (x^3*(3*A*c^2*d^3 - 5*B*a^2*e^3
+ 3*A*a*c*d*e^2 + 3*B*a*c*d^2*e))/(8*a^2*c))/(a^2 + c^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*x^2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 524, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.97

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^3}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3 b e^3 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3 c d e^2 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 b c d^2 e + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 b c d^2 e + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 b c d^2 e + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 b c d^2 e}{(a + cx^2)^3}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)
```

output

```
(3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b*e**3 + 3*sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c*d*e**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*ata
n((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*c*d**2*e + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*c*e**3*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**2*d**3 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(
a)))*a**2*c**2*d*e**2*x**2 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)
))*a*b*c**2*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*
a*b*c**2*e**3*x**4 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**
3*d**3*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**3*d*e**
2*x**4 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*b*c**3*d**2*e*x**
4 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**4*d**3*x**4 - 3*a**
3*b*c*e**3*x - 6*a**3*c**2*d**2*e - 3*a**3*c**2*d*e**2*x - 2*a**2*b*c**2*d
**3 - 3*a**2*b*c**2*d**2*e*x - 5*a**2*b*c**2*e**3*x**3 + 5*a**2*c**3*d**3*
x + 3*a**2*c**3*d*e**2*x**3 + 2*a**2*c**3*e**3*x**4 + 3*a*b*c**3*d**2*e*x*
*3 + 6*a*b*c**3*d*e**2*x**4 + 3*a*c**4*d**3*x**3)/(8*a**2*c**3*(a**2 + 2*a
*c*x**2 + c**2*x**4))
```

3.98 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	831
Mathematica [A] (verified)	832
Rubi [A] (verified)	832
Maple [A] (verified)	834
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	834
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	835
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	836
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	836
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	837
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	837

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{(d+ex)(a(Bd+ Ae) - (Acd - aBe)x)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} - \frac{2ae(Acd + aBe) - c(3Acd^2 + 2aBde + aAe^2)x}{8a^2c^2(a+cx^2)} + \frac{(3Acd^2 + 2aBde + aAe^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(e*x+d)*(a*(A*e+B*d)-(A*c*d-B*a*e)*x)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)^2-1/8*(2*a*e*(A*c*d+B*a*e)-c*(A*a*e^2+3*A*c*d^2+2*B*a*d*e)*x)/a^2/c^2/(c*x^2+a)+1/8*(A*a*e^2+3*A*c*d^2+2*B*a*d*e)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(3/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^2}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a}(-4a^2Be^2 + 3Ac^2d^2x + ace(2Bd + Ae)x)}{a + cx^2} + \frac{2a^{3/2}(a^2Be^2 + Ac^2d^2x - ac(Ae(2d + ex) + Bd(d + 2ex)))}{(a + cx^2)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(3Acd^2 + 2aBde + aAe^2)}{8a^{5/2}c^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^2)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
((Sqrt[a]*(-4*a^2*B*e^2 + 3*A*c^2*d^2*x + a*c*e*(2*B*d + A*e)*x))/(a + c*x^2) + (2*a^(3/2)*(a^2*B*e^2 + A*c^2*d^2*x - a*c*(A*e*(2*d + e*x) + B*d*(d + 2*e*x)))/(a + c*x^2)^2 + Sqrt[c]*(3*A*c*d^2 + 2*a*B*d*e + a*A*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(8*a^(5/2)*c^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {685, 675, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^2}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{685}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)(3Acd+2aBe+Acex)}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^2(aB - Acx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{675}$$

$$\frac{\frac{(aAe^2+2aBde+3Acd^2)}{2a} \int \frac{1}{cx^2+a} dx + \frac{x(-aAe^2+2aBde+3Acd^2)}{2a(a+cx^2)} - \frac{e(aBe+2Acd)}{c(a+cx^2)}}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^2(aB - Acx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(aAe^2+2aBde+3Acd^2)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{x(-aAe^2+2aBde+3Acd^2)}{2a(a+cx^2)} - \frac{e(aBe+2Acd)}{c(a+cx^2)} - \frac{(d+ex)^2(aB-Acx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^2)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/4*((a*B - A*c*x)*(d + e*x)^2)/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (-((e*(2*A*c*d + a*B*e))/(c*(a + c*x^2))) + ((3*A*c*d^2 + 2*a*B*d*e - a*A*e^2)*x)/(2*a*(a + c*x^2)) + ((3*A*c*d^2 + 2*a*B*d*e + a*A*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(2*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c]))/(4*a*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 675 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] + (-Simp[(c*d*f - a*e*g)*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] && NiceSqrtQ[(-a)*c])`

rule 685 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*g - c*f*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(2*p + 3) - c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
default	$\frac{\frac{(Aae^2+3Ac d^2+2Bade)x^3}{8a^2} - \frac{Be^2x^2}{2c} - \frac{(Aae^2-5Ac d^2+2Bade)x}{8ac} - \frac{2Acde+Ba e^2+Bc d^2}{4c^2}}{(cx^2+a)^2} + \frac{(Aae^2+3Ac d^2+2Bade) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8a^2c\sqrt{ac}}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{(Aae^2+3Ac d^2+2Bade)x^3}{8a^2} - \frac{Be^2x^2}{2c} - \frac{(Aae^2-5Ac d^2+2Bade)x}{8ac} - \frac{2Acde+Ba e^2+Bc d^2}{4c^2}}{(cx^2+a)^2} - \frac{\ln(cx+\sqrt{-ac})Ae^2}{16\sqrt{-ac}ca} - \frac{3\ln(cx+\sqrt{-ac})Ad}{16\sqrt{-ac}a^2}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (1/8*(A*a*e^2+3*A*c*d^2+2*B*a*d*e)/a^2*x^3-1/2*B*e^2*x^2/c-1/8*(A*a*e^2-5*
A*c*d^2+2*B*a*d*e)/a/c*x-1/4*(2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+B*c*d^2)/c^2)/(c*x^2+a)^2+
1/8*(A*a*e^2+3*A*c*d^2+2*B*a*d*e)/a^2/c/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2)
)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 537, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.53

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{8Ba^3ce^2x^2 + 4Ba^3cd^2 + 8Aa^3cde + 4Ba^4e^2 - 2(3Aac^3d^2 + 2Ba^2c^2de + Aa^2c^2e^2)x^3 + (3Aa^2cd^2 + 2Aa^2cde + Aa^2c^2e^2)x^4}{4Ba^3ce^2x^2 + 2Ba^3cd^2 + 4Aa^3cde + 2Ba^4e^2 - (3Aac^3d^2 + 2Ba^2c^2de + Aa^2c^2e^2)x^3 - (3Aa^2cd^2 + 2Aa^2cde + Aa^2c^2e^2)x^4} \right]$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/16*(8*B*a^3*c*e^2*x^2 + 4*B*a^3*c*d^2 + 8*A*a^3*c*d*e + 4*B*a^4*e^2 -
2*(3*A*a*c^3*d^2 + 2*B*a^2*c^2*d*e + A*a^2*c^2*e^2)*x^3 + (3*A*a^2*c*d^2 +
2*B*a^3*d*e + A*a^3*e^2 + (3*A*c^3*d^2 + 2*B*a*c^2*d*e + A*a*c^2*e^2)*x^4
+ 2*(3*A*a*c^2*d^2 + 2*B*a^2*c*d*e + A*a^2*c*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*
x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) - 2*(5*A*a^2*c^2*d^2 - 2*B*a^3*c*d*
e - A*a^3*c*e^2)*x)/(a^3*c^4*x^4 + 2*a^4*c^3*x^2 + a^5*c^2), -1/8*(4*B*a^3
*c*e^2*x^2 + 2*B*a^3*c*d^2 + 4*A*a^3*c*d*e + 2*B*a^4*e^2 - (3*A*a*c^3*d^2
+ 2*B*a^2*c^2*d*e + A*a^2*c^2*e^2)*x^3 - (3*A*a^2*c*d^2 + 2*B*a^3*d*e + A*
a^3*e^2 + (3*A*c^3*d^2 + 2*B*a*c^2*d*e + A*a*c^2*e^2)*x^4 + 2*(3*A*a*c^2*d
^2 + 2*B*a^2*c*d*e + A*a^2*c*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) - (
5*A*a^2*c^2*d^2 - 2*B*a^3*c*d*e - A*a^3*c*e^2)*x)/(a^3*c^4*x^4 + 2*a^4*c^3
*x^2 + a^5*c^2)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^2}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^3}}(Aae^2 + 3Acd^2 + 2Bade) \log\left(-a^3c\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^3}} + x\right)}{16}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^3}}(Aae^2 + 3Acd^2 + 2Bade) \log\left(a^3c\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^3}} + x\right)}{16}$$

$$+ \frac{-4Aa^2cde - 2Ba^3e^2 - 2Ba^2cd^2 - 4Ba^2ce^2x^2 + x^3(Aac^2e^2 + 3Ac^3d^2 + 2Bac^2de) + x(-Aa^2ce^2 + 5Aa^2c^2d^2 + 5Aa^2c^2e^2)}{8a^4c^2 + 16a^3c^3x^2 + 8a^2c^4x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a)**3,x)
```

output

```
-sqrt(-1/(a**5*c**3))*(A*a*e**2 + 3*A*c*d**2 + 2*B*a*d*e)*log(-a**3*c*sqrt
(-1/(a**5*c**3)) + x)/16 + sqrt(-1/(a**5*c**3))*(A*a*e**2 + 3*A*c*d**2 + 2
*B*a*d*e)*log(a**3*c*sqrt(-1/(a**5*c**3)) + x)/16 + (-4*A*a**2*c*d*e - 2*B
*a**3*e**2 - 2*B*a**2*c*d**2 - 4*B*a**2*c*e**2*x**2 + x**3*(A*a*c**2*e**2
+ 3*A*c**3*d**2 + 2*B*a*c**2*d*e) + x*(-A*a**2*c*e**2 + 5*A*a*c**2*d**2 -
2*B*a**2*c*d*e))/(8*a**4*c**2 + 16*a**3*c**3*x**2 + 8*a**2*c**4*x**4)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{4Ba^2ce^2x^2 + 2Ba^2cd^2 + 4Aa^2cde + 2Ba^3e^2 - (3Ac^3d^2 + 2Bac^2de + Aac^2e^2)x^3 - (5Aac^2d^2 - 2Bac^2de + Aa^2c^2e^2)x^4 - (3Acd^2 + 2Bade + Aae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8(a^2c^4x^4 + 2a^3c^3x^2 + a^4c^2)} + \frac{(3Acd^2 + 2Bade + Aae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aca^2c}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/8*(4*B*a^2*c*e^2*x^2 + 2*B*a^2*c*d^2 + 4*A*a^2*c*d*e + 2*B*a^3*e^2 - (3*A*c^3*d^2 + 2*B*a*c^2*d*e + A*a*c^2*e^2)*x^3 - (5*A*a*c^2*d^2 - 2*B*a^2*c*d*e - A*a^2*c*e^2)*x)/(a^2*c^4*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^3*x^2 + a^4*c^2) + 1/8*(3*A*c*d^2 + 2*B*a*d*e + A*a*e^2)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{(3Acd^2 + 2Bade + Aae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aca^2c}} + \frac{3Ac^3d^2x^3 + 2Bac^2dex^3 + Aac^2e^2x^3 - 4Ba^2ce^2x^2 + 5Aac^2d^2x - 2Ba^2cdex - Aa^2ce^2x - 2Ba^2cd^2 - 2Aa^2c^2e^2}{8(cx^2 + a)^2a^2c^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/8*(3*A*c*d^2 + 2*B*a*d*e + A*a*e^2)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c) + 1/8*(3*A*c^3*d^2*x^3 + 2*B*a*c^2*d*e*x^3 + A*a*c^2*e^2*x^3 - 4*B*a^2*c*e^2*x^2 + 5*A*a*c^2*d^2*x - 2*B*a^2*c*d*e*x - A*a^2*c*e^2*x - 2*B*a^2*c*d^2 - 4*A*a^2*c*d*e - 2*B*a^3*e^2)/((c*x^2 + a)^2*a^2*c^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^2}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (3Ac d^2 + 2Bade + Aae^2)}{8a^{5/2}c^{3/2}} - \frac{Bcd^2 + 2Acde + Bae^2}{4c^2} - \frac{x^3(3Ac d^2 + 2Bade + Aae^2)}{8a^2} + \frac{x(-5Ac d^2 + 2Bade + Aae^2)}{8ac} + \frac{Be^2x^2}{2c}$$

$$- \frac{a^2 + 2acx^2 + c^2x^4}{a^2 + 2acx^2 + c^2x^4}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^2)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x)`output `(atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2))*(A*a*e^2 + 3*A*c*d^2 + 2*B*a*d*e))/(8*a^(5/2)*c^(3/2)) - ((B*a*e^2 + B*c*d^2 + 2*A*c*d*e)/(4*c^2) - (x^3*(A*a*e^2 + 3*A*c*d^2 + 2*B*a*d*e))/(8*a^2) + (x*(A*a*e^2 - 5*A*c*d^2 + 2*B*a*d*e))/(8*a*c) + (B*e^2*x^2)/(2*c))/(a^2 + c^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^2}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^3e^2 + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2bde + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2 + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2e^2}{a^2 + 2acx^2 + c^2x^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`

output

```
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*e**2 + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*d*e + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c*d**2 + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c*e**2*x**2 + 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*c*d*e*x**2 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**2*e**2*x**4 + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*b*c**2*d*e*x**4 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**3*d**2*x**4 - 4*a**3*c*d*e - a**3*c*e**2*x - 2*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 2*a**2*b*c*d*e*x + 5*a**2*c**2*d**2*x + a**2*c**2*e**2*x**3 + 2*a*b*c**2*d*e*x**3 + 2*a*b*c**2*e**2*x**4 + 3*a*c**3*d**2*x**3)/(8*a**2*c**2*(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**2 + c**2*x**4))
```

3.99 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	839
Mathematica [A] (verified)	839
Rubi [A] (verified)	840
Maple [A] (verified)	841
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	842
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	842
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	843
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	843
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	844
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	844

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{(A+Bx)(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} - \frac{2aBd-(3Acd+aBe)x}{8a^2c(a+cx^2)} + \frac{(3Acd+aBe) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(B*x+A)*(-c*d*x+a*e)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)^2-1/8*(2*a*B*d-(3*A*c*d+B*a*e)*x)/a^2/c/(c*x^2+a)+1/8*(3*A*c*d+B*a*e)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3Ac^2dx^3 - a^2(2Bd+2Ae+Bex) + acx(5Ad+Bex^2)}{8a^2c(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{(3Acd+aBe) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}c^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(d+e*x))/(a+c*x^2)^3,x]
```


output

$$(3A*c^2*d*x^3 - a^2*(2*B*d + 2*A*e + B*e*x) + a*c*x*(5*A*d + B*e*x^2))/(8*a^2*c*(a + c*x^2)^2) + ((3*A*c*d + a*B*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(8*a^(5/2)*c^(3/2)))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {675, 215, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 675

$$\frac{(aBe + 3Acd) \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4ac} - \frac{Ae + Bd}{4c(a + cx^2)^2} + \frac{x(Acd - aBe)}{4ac(a + cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 215

$$\frac{(aBe + 3Acd) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{cx^2+a} dx}{2a} + \frac{x}{2a(a+cx^2)} \right)}{4ac} - \frac{Ae + Bd}{4c(a + cx^2)^2} + \frac{x(Acd - aBe)}{4ac(a + cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{x}{2a(a+cx^2)} \right) (aBe + 3Acd)}{4ac} - \frac{Ae + Bd}{4c(a + cx^2)^2} + \frac{x(Acd - aBe)}{4ac(a + cx^2)^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)/(a + c*x^2)^3, x]$$

output

$$-1/4*(B*d + A*e)/(c*(a + c*x^2)^2) + ((A*c*d - a*B*e)*x)/(4*a*c*(a + c*x^2)^2) + ((3*A*c*d + a*B*e)*(x/(2*a*(a + c*x^2)) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(2*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c]))/(4*a*c)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 215 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /;` `FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /;` `FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 675 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] + (-Simp[(c*d*f - a*e*g)*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x]) /;` `FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] && NiceSqrtQ[(-a)*c])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
default	$\frac{(3Acd+BAe)x^3 + \frac{(5Acd-BAe)x}{8ac} - \frac{Ae+Bd}{4c}}{(cx^2+a)^2} + \frac{(3Acd+BAe) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8a^2c\sqrt{ac}}$
risch	$\frac{(3Acd+BAe)x^3 + \frac{(5Acd-BAe)x}{8ac} - \frac{Ae+Bd}{4c}}{(cx^2+a)^2} - \frac{3 \ln(cx+\sqrt{-ac})Ad}{16\sqrt{-ac}a^2} - \frac{\ln(cx+\sqrt{-ac})Be}{16\sqrt{-ac}ca} + \frac{3 \ln(-cx+\sqrt{-ac})Ad}{16\sqrt{-ac}a^2} + \frac{\ln(-cx+\sqrt{-ac})}{16\sqrt{-ac}ca}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(1/8*(3*A*c*d+B*a*e)/a^2*x^3+1/8*(5*A*c*d-B*a*e)/a/c*x-1/4*(A*e+B*d)/c)/(c*x^2+a)^2+1/8*(3*A*c*d+B*a*e)/a^2/c/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{4Ba^3cd + 4Aa^3ce - 2(3Aac^3d + Ba^2c^2e)x^3 + (3Aa^2cd + Ba^3e + (3Ac^3d + Bac^2e)x^4 + 2(3Aac^2d + Ba^2ce))x^5}{16(a^3c^4x^4 + 2a^4c^3x^2 + a^5c^2)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2Ba^3cd + 2Aa^3ce - (3Aac^3d + Ba^2c^2e)x^3 - (3Aa^2cd + Ba^3e + (3Ac^3d + Bac^2e)x^4 + 2(3Aac^2d + Ba^2ce))x^5}{8(a^3c^4x^4 + 2a^4c^3x^2 + a^5c^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[-1/16*(4*B*a^3*c*d + 4*A*a^3*c*e - 2*(3*A*a*c^3*d + B*a^2*c^2*e)*x^3 + (3*A*a^2*c*d + B*a^3*e + (3*A*c^3*d + B*a*c^2*e)*x^4 + 2*(3*A*a*c^2*d + B*a^2*c*e)*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) - 2*(5*A*a^2*c^2*d - B*a^3*c*e)*x)/(a^3*c^4*x^4 + 2*a^4*c^3*x^2 + a^5*c^2), -1/8*(2*B*a^3*c*d + 2*A*a^3*c*e - (3*A*a*c^3*d + B*a^2*c^2*e)*x^3 - (3*A*a^2*c*d + B*a^3*e + (3*A*c^3*d + B*a*c^2*e)*x^4 + 2*(3*A*a*c^2*d + B*a^2*c*e)*x^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) - (5*A*a^2*c^2*d - B*a^3*c*e)*x)/(a^3*c^4*x^4 + 2*a^4*c^3*x^2 + a^5*c^2)]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^3}} \cdot (3Acd + Bae) \log\left(-a^3c\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^3}} + x\right)}{16}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^3}} \cdot (3Acd + Bae) \log\left(a^3c\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^3}} + x\right)}{16}$$

$$+ \frac{-2Aa^2e - 2Ba^2d + x^3 \cdot (3Ac^2d + Bace) + x(5Aacd - Ba^2e)}{8a^4c + 16a^3c^2x^2 + 8a^2c^3x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**3,x)`

output `-sqrt(-1/(a**5*c**3))*(3*A*c*d + B*a*e)*log(-a**3*c*sqrt(-1/(a**5*c**3)) + x)/16 + sqrt(-1/(a**5*c**3))*(3*A*c*d + B*a*e)*log(a**3*c*sqrt(-1/(a**5*c**3)) + x)/16 + (-2*A*a**2*e - 2*B*a**2*d + x**3*(3*A*c**2*d + B*a*c*e) + x*(5*A*a*c*d - B*a**2*e))/(8*a**4*c + 16*a**3*c**2*x**2 + 8*a**2*c**3*x**4)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{2Ba^2d + 2Aa^2e - (3Ac^2d + Bace)x^3 - (5Aacd - Ba^2e)x}{8(a^2c^3x^4 + 2a^3c^2x^2 + a^4c)} + \frac{(3Acd + Bae) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aca^2c}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/8*(2*B*a^2*d + 2*A*a^2*e - (3*A*c^2*d + B*a*c*e)*x^3 - (5*A*a*c*d - B*a^2*e)*x)/(a^2*c^3*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*x^2 + a^4*c) + 1/8*(3*A*c*d + B*a*e)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{(3Acd + Bae) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aca^2c}} + \frac{3Ac^2dx^3 + Bacex^3 + 5Aacdx - Ba^2ex - 2Ba^2d - 2Aa^2e}{8(cx^2 + a)^2a^2c}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{8}(3Ac*d + B*a*e)*\arctan(c*x/\sqrt{a*c})/(\sqrt{a*c}*a^2*c) + \frac{1}{8}(3A*c^2*d*x^3 + B*a*c*e*x^3 + 5A*a*c*d*x - B*a^2*e*x - 2B*a^2*d - 2A*a^2*e)/((c*x^2 + a)^2*a^2*c)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{x^3 \frac{3Ac*d + Bae}{8a^2} - \frac{Ae + Bd}{4c} + \frac{x(5Ac*d - Bae)}{8ac}}{a^2 + 2acx^2 + c^2x^4} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (3Ac*d + Bae)}{8a^{5/2}c^{3/2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x))/(a + c*x^2)^3,x)`

output
$$\frac{(x^3(3Ac*d + Bae))/(8a^2) - (Ae + Bd)/(4c) + (x(5Ac*d - Bae))/(8ac)}{(a^2 + c^2x^4 + 2acx^2)} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}((c^{1/2}*x)/a^{1/2})*(3Ac*d + Bae)}{(8a^{5/2}*c^{3/2})}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2be + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)abce x^2 + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)abce x^2 + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)abce x^2 + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)abce x^2}{(a + cx^2)^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`

output

```
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*e + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)
)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c*d + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(s
qrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*c*e*x**2 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a)))*a*c**2*d*x**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*b*c**2
*e*x**4 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**3*d*x**4 - 2*
a**3*c*e - 2*a**2*b*c*d - a**2*b*c*e*x + 5*a**2*c**2*d*x + a*b*c**2*e*x**3
+ 3*a*c**3*d*x**3)/(8*a**2*c**2*(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**2 + c**2*x**4))
```

3.100 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	846
Mathematica [A] (verified)	846
Rubi [A] (verified)	847
Maple [A] (verified)	848
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	849
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	849
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	850
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	850
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	850
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	851

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-aB+Acx}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{3Ax}{8a^2(a+cx^2)} + \frac{3A \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}\sqrt{c}}$$

output

```
1/4*(A*c*x-B*a)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)^2+3/8*A*x/a^2/(c*x^2+a)+3/8*A*arctan(c^(1/2)
*x/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(-2a^2B+5aAcx+3Ac^2x^3)}{(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{3A\sqrt{c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}c}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
((Sqrt[a]*(-2*a^2*B + 5*a*A*c*x + 3*A*c^2*x^3))/(a + c*x^2)^2 + 3*A*Sqrt[c]
]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(8*a^(5/2)*c)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {454, 215, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 454$$

$$\frac{3A \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4a} - \frac{aB - Acx}{4ac(a + cx^2)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 215$$

$$\frac{3A \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{cx^2+a} dx}{2a} + \frac{x}{2a(a+cx^2)} \right)}{4a} - \frac{aB - Acx}{4ac(a + cx^2)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$\frac{3A \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{x}{2a(a+cx^2)} \right)}{4a} - \frac{aB - Acx}{4ac(a + cx^2)^2}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/4*(a*B - A*c*x)/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (3*A*(x/(2*a*(a + c*x^2)) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(2*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c]))/(4*a)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 215 $\text{Int}[(a_+ + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^{(p_+)} , x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x) * ((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)} / (2*a*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}\{p, -1\} \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}\{4*p\} \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}\{6*p\})$

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_+ + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}\{a/b, 2\}/a) * \text{ArcTan}\{x/\text{Rt}\{a/b, 2\}\}, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}\{a/b\}$

rule 454 $\text{Int}[(c_+ + (d_+)(x_+)) * ((a_+ + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^{(p_+)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*x)/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) * (a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}, x] + \text{Simp}[c * ((2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}\{p, -1\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}\{p, -3/2\}$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2Acx-2Ba}{8ac(cx^2+a)^2} + \frac{3A \left(\frac{x}{2a(cx^2+a)} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2a\sqrt{ac}} \right)}{4a}$	70
risch	$\frac{\frac{3Acx^3}{8a^2} + \frac{5Ax}{8a} - \frac{B}{4c}}{(cx^2+a)^2} - \frac{3A \ln(cx + \sqrt{-ac})}{16\sqrt{-ac}a^2} + \frac{3A \ln(-cx + \sqrt{-ac})}{16\sqrt{-ac}a^2}$	83

input $\text{int}((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+a)^3, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $1/8*(2*A*c*x-2*B*a)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)^2+3/4*A/a*(1/2*x/a/(c*x^2+a)+1/2/a/(a*c)^{(1/2)}*\arctan(c*x/(a*c)^{(1/2))}$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{6Aac^2x^3 + 10Aa^2cx - 4Ba^3 - 3(Ac^2x^4 + 2Aacx^2 + Aa^2)\sqrt{-ac} \log\left(\frac{cx^2 - 2\sqrt{-ac}x - a}{cx^2 + a}\right)}{16(a^3c^3x^4 + 2a^4c^2x^2 + a^5c)}, \frac{3Aac^2x^3 + 5Aa^2cx - 2Ba^3}{16(a^3c^3x^4 + 2a^4c^2x^2 + a^5c)} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/16*(6*A*a*c^2*x^3 + 10*A*a^2*c*x - 4*B*a^3 - 3*(A*c^2*x^4 + 2*A*a*c*x^2 + A*a^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)))/(a^3*c^3*x^4 + 2*a^4*c^2*x^2 + a^5*c), 1/8*(3*A*a*c^2*x^3 + 5*A*a^2*c*x - 2*B*a^3 + 3*(A*c^2*x^4 + 2*A*a*c*x^2 + A*a^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a))/(a^3*c^3*x^4 + 2*a^4*c^2*x^2 + a^5*c)]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = A \left(-\frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c}} \log\left(-a^3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c}} + x\right)}{16} + \frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c}} \log\left(a^3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c}} + x\right)}{16} \right) + \frac{5Aacx + 3Ac^2x^3 - 2Ba^2}{8a^4c + 16a^3c^2x^2 + 8a^2c^3x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x**2+a)**3,x)`output `A*(-3*sqrt(-1/(a**5*c))*log(-a**3*sqrt(-1/(a**5*c)) + x)/16 + 3*sqrt(-1/(a**5*c))*log(a**3*sqrt(-1/(a**5*c)) + x)/16) + (5*A*a*c*x + 3*A*c**2*x**3 - 2*B*a**2)/(8*a**4*c + 16*a**3*c**2*x**2 + 8*a**2*c**3*x**4)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3Ac^2x^3 + 5Aacx - 2Ba^2}{8(a^2c^3x^4 + 2a^3c^2x^2 + a^4c)} + \frac{3A \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aca^2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/8*(3*A*c^2*x^3 + 5*A*a*c*x - 2*B*a^2)/(a^2*c^3*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*x^2 + a^4*c) + 3/8*A*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3A \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aca^2}} + \frac{3Ac^2x^3 + 5Aacx - 2Ba^2}{8(cx^2 + a)^2a^2c}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/8*A*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a^2) + 1/8*(3*A*c^2*x^3 + 5*A*a*c*x - 2*B*a^2)/((c*x^2 + a)^2*a^2*c)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{5Ax}{8a} - \frac{B}{4c} + \frac{3Acx^3}{8a^2}}{a^2 + 2acx^2 + c^2x^4} + \frac{3A \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}\sqrt{c}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x)`

output
$$\left(\frac{(5Ax)/(8a) - B/(4c) + (3Acx^3)/(8a^2)}{a^2 + c^2x^4 + 2acx^2} \right) + \frac{3A \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{c^{1/2}x}{a^{1/2}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}c^{1/2}}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) acx^2 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) c^2x^4 - 2a^2b + 5a^2cx + 3a^2b}{8a^2c(c^2x^4 + 2acx^2 + a^2)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`

output
$$\frac{(3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right))a^2 + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)acx^2 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)c^2x^4 - 2a^2b + 5a^2cx + 3a^2b}{8a^2c(c^2x^4 + 2acx^2 + a^2)}$$

3.101 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	852
Mathematica [A] (verified)	853
Rubi [A] (verified)	853
Maple [A] (verified)	856
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	856
Sympy [F(-1)]	857
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	858
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	859
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	859
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	860

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 307

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{a(Bd - Ae) - (Acd + aBe)x}{4a(cd^2 + ae^2)(a + cx^2)^2}$$

$$- \frac{4a^2e^2(Bd - Ae) + (aBe(cd^2 - 3ae^2) - Acd(3cd^2 + 7ae^2))x}{8a^2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(a + cx^2)}$$

$$- \frac{(aBe(c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 - 3a^2e^4) - Acd(3c^2d^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 15a^2e^4)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}\sqrt{c}(cd^2 + ae^2)^3}$$

$$- \frac{e^4(Bd - Ae) \log(d + ex)}{(cd^2 + ae^2)^3} + \frac{e^4(Bd - Ae) \log(a + cx^2)}{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^3}$$

output

```
-1/4*(a*(-A*e+B*d)-(A*c*d+B*a*e)*x)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+a)^2-1/8*(4*a^2
*e^2*(-A*e+B*d)+(a*B*e*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)-A*c*d*(7*a*e^2+3*c*d^2))*x)/a^2/(a
*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c*x^2+a)-1/8*(a*B*e*(-3*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)-A*c*
d*(15*a^2*e^4+10*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4))*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)
/c^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3-e^4*(-A*e+B*d)*ln(e*x+d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3+1/2*e^4*
(-A*e+B*d)*ln(c*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (Ac dx + a(-Bd + Ae + Bex))}{a(a + cx^2)^2} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)(3Ac^2 d^3 x + acde(-Bd + 7Ae)x + a^2 e^2(-4Bd + 4Ae + 3Bex))}{a^2(a + cx^2)} + \frac{(aBe(-c^2 d^4 - 6acd^2 e^2 + 8(cd^2 + ae^2)^2))}{8(cd^2 + ae^2)^3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right]$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3), x]
```

output

```
((2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(A*c*d*x + a*(-(B*d) + A*e + B*e*x)))/(a*(a + c*x^2)^2) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(3*A*c^2*d^3*x + a*c*d*e*(-(B*d) + 7*A*e)*x + a^2*e^2*(-4*B*d + 4*A*e + 3*B*e*x)))/(a^2*(a + c*x^2)) + ((a*B*e*(-(c^2*d^4) - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4) + A*c*d*(3*c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 15*a^2*e^4))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(a^(5/2)*Sqrt[c]) + 8*e^4*(-(B*d) + A*e)*Log[d + e*x] + 4*e^4*(B*d - A*e)*Log[a + c*x^2]/(8*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {686, 25, 27, 686, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)^3 (d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 686

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{c(3Ac d^2 - aBed + 4aAe^2 + 3e(Acd + aBe)x)}{(d+ex)(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4ac(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)}{4a(a + cx^2)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{c(3Acd^2 - aBed + 4aAe^2 + 3e(Acd + aBe)x)}{(d+ex)(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4ac(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)}{4a(a + cx^2)^2(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{3Acd^2 - aBed + 4aAe^2 + 3e(Acd + aBe)x}{(d+ex)(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4a(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)}{4a(a + cx^2)^2(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 686

$$\frac{\int \frac{c(aBde(cd^2 + 5ae^2) - A(3c^2d^4 + 7ace^2d^2 + 8a^2e^4) + e(aBe(cd^2 - 3ae^2) - Acd(3cd^2 + 7ae^2))x)}{(d+ex)(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{2ac(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{4a^2e^2(Bd - Ae) + x(aBe(cd^2 - 3ae^2) - Acd(7ae^2 + 3cd^2))}{2a(a + cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{4a(ae^2 + cd^2)}{4a(a + cx^2)^2(ae^2 + cd^2)} \frac{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)}{4a(a + cx^2)^2(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{aBde(cd^2 + 5ae^2) - A(3c^2d^4 + 7ace^2d^2 + 8a^2e^4) + e(aBe(cd^2 - 3ae^2) - Acd(3cd^2 + 7ae^2))x}{(d+ex)(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{2a(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{4a^2e^2(Bd - Ae) + x(aBe(cd^2 - 3ae^2) - Acd(7ae^2 + 3cd^2))}{2a(a + cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{4a(ae^2 + cd^2)}{4a(a + cx^2)^2(ae^2 + cd^2)} \frac{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)}{4a(a + cx^2)^2(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 657

$$\frac{\int \left(\frac{-8a^2c(Bd - Ae)xe^4 + aB(c^2d^4 + 6ace^2d^2 - 3a^2e^4)e - Acd(3c^2d^4 + 10ace^2d^2 + 15a^2e^4)}{(cd^2 + ae^2)(cx^2 + a)} - \frac{8a^2e^5(Ae - Bd)}{(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)} \right) dx}{2a(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{4a^2e^2(Bd - Ae) + x(aBe(cd^2 - 3ae^2) - Acd(7ae^2 + 3cd^2))}{2a(a + cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{4a(ae^2 + cd^2)}{4a(a + cx^2)^2(ae^2 + cd^2)} \frac{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)}{4a(a + cx^2)^2(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \left(aBe(-3a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) - Acd(15a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4) \right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{4a^2e^4 \log(a + cx^2)(Bd - Ae)}{ae^2 + cd^2} + \frac{8a^2e^4(Bd - Ae) \log(d + ex)}{ae^2 + cd^2} - \frac{4a^2e^2(Bd - Ae) + x(aBe(cd^2 - 3ae^2) - Acd(7ae^2 + 3cd^2))}{2a(a + cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{4a(ae^2 + cd^2)}{4a(a + cx^2)^2(ae^2 + cd^2)} \frac{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)}{4a(a + cx^2)^2(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3),x]`

output `-1/4*(a*(B*d - A*e) - (A*c*d + a*B*e)*x)/(a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)^2 + (-1/2*(4*a^2*e^2*(B*d - A*e) + (a*B*e*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) - A*c*d*(3*c*d^2 + 7*a*e^2))*x)/(a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)) - (((a*B*e*(c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4) - A*c*d*(3*c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 15*a^2*e^4))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) + (8*a^2*e^4*(B*d - A*e)*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - (4*a^2*e^4*(B*d - A*e)*Log[a + c*x^2])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(4*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)]/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 686 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegerQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 435, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result
default	$\frac{(Ae-Bd)e^4 \ln(ex+d)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^3} + \frac{c(7Aa^2cd^4e^4+10Aa^2c^2d^3e^2+3Ad^5c^3+3Be^5a^3+2Ba^2cd^2e^3-Bac^2d^4e)x^3}{8a^2} + \left(\frac{1}{2}Aac^2e^5 + \frac{1}{2}Ac^2d^2e^3 - \frac{1}{2}Bacd^4e^4 - \frac{1}{2}Bac^2d^4e^4\right)$
risch	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(A*e-B*d)*e^4/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*ln(e*x+d)+1/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*((1/8*c*(7*A*a^2*c*d*e^4+10*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2+3*A*c^3*d^5+3*B*a^3*e^5+2*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3-B*a*c^2*d^4*e)/a^2*x^3+(1/2*A*a*c*e^5+1/2*A*c^2*d^2*e^3-1/2*B*a*c*d*e^4-1/2*B*c^2*d^3*e^2)*x^2+1/8*(9*A*a^2*c*d*e^4+14*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2+5*A*c^3*d^5+5*B*a^3*e^5+6*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3+B*a*c^2*d^4*e)/a*x+3/4*A*a^2*e^5+A*a*c*d^2*e^3+1/4*A*c^2*d^4*e-3/4*B*a^2*d*e^4-B*a*c*d^3*e^2-1/4*B*c^2*d^5)/(c*x^2+a)^2+1/8/a^2*(1/2*(-8*A*a^2*c*e^5+8*B*a^2*c*d*e^4)/c*ln(c*x^2+a)+(15*A*a^2*c*d*e^4+10*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2+3*A*c^3*d^5+3*B*a^3*e^5-6*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3-B*a*c^2*d^4*e)/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 889 vs. 2(292) = 584.

Time = 72.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1797, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.85

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/16*(4*B*a^3*c^3*d^5 - 4*A*a^3*c^3*d^4*e + 16*B*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 16*A*
a^4*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 12*B*a^5*c*d*e^4 - 12*A*a^5*c*e^5 - 2*(3*A*a*c^5*d^5 - B
*a^2*c^4*d^4*e + 10*A*a^2*c^4*d^3*e^2 + 2*B*a^3*c^3*d^2*e^3 + 7*A*a^3*c^3*
d*e^4 + 3*B*a^4*c^2*e^5)*x^3 + 8*(B*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^2 - A*a^3*c^3*d^2*e^3 +
B*a^4*c^2*d*e^4 - A*a^4*c^2*e^5)*x^2 + (3*A*a^2*c^3*d^5 - B*a^3*c^2*d^4*e
+ 10*A*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 6*B*a^4*c*d^2*e^3 + 15*A*a^4*c*d*e^4 + 3*B*a^5*e^
5 + (3*A*c^5*d^5 - B*a*c^4*d^4*e + 10*A*a*c^4*d^3*e^2 - 6*B*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^
3 + 15*A*a^2*c^3*d*e^4 + 3*B*a^3*c^2*e^5)*x^4 + 2*(3*A*a*c^4*d^5 - B*a^2*c
^3*d^4*e + 10*A*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2 - 6*B*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 15*A*a^3*c^2*d*e^4
+ 3*B*a^4*c*e^5)*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2
+ a)) - 2*(5*A*a^2*c^4*d^5 + B*a^3*c^3*d^4*e + 14*A*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 6*B*
a^4*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 9*A*a^4*c^2*d*e^4 + 5*B*a^5*c*e^5)*x - 8*(B*a^5*c*d*e^4
- A*a^5*c*e^5 + (B*a^3*c^3*d*e^4 - A*a^3*c^3*e^5)*x^4 + 2*(B*a^4*c^2*d*e^4
- A*a^4*c^2*e^5)*x^2)*log(c*x^2 + a) + 16*(B*a^5*c*d*e^4 - A*a^5*c*e^5 +
(B*a^3*c^3*d*e^4 - A*a^3*c^3*e^5)*x^4 + 2*(B*a^4*c^2*d*e^4 - A*a^4*c^2*e^5
)*x^2)*log(e*x + d))/(a^5*c^4*d^6 + 3*a^6*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^7*c^2*d^2*e^4
+ a^8*c*e^6 + (a^3*c^6*d^6 + 3*a^4*c^5*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^5*c^4*d^2*e^4 + a^6*c
^3*e^6)*x^4 + 2*(a^4*c^5*d^6 + 3*a^5*c^4*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^6*c^3*d^2*e^4 + a^7
*c^2*e^6)*x^2), -1/8*(2*B*a^3*c^3*d^5 - 2*A*a^3*c^3*d^4*e + 8*B*a^4*c^2*d^
3*e^2 - 8*A*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 6*B*a^5*c*d*e^4 - 6*A*a^5*c*e^5 - (3*A*a...

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 525, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(Bde^4 - Ae^5) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2(c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6)} - \frac{(Bde^4 - Ae^5) \log(ex + d)}{c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6}$$

$$+ \frac{(3Ac^3d^5 - Bac^2d^4e + 10Aac^2d^3e^2 - 6Ba^2cd^2e^3 + 15Aa^2cde^4 + 3Ba^3e^5) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8(a^2c^3d^6 + 3a^3c^2d^4e^2 + 3a^4cd^2e^4 + a^5e^6)\sqrt{ac}}$$

$$- \frac{2Ba^2cd^3 - 2Aa^2cd^2e + 6Ba^3de^2 - 6Aa^3e^3 - (3Ac^3d^3 - Bac^2d^2e + 7Aac^2de^2 + 3Ba^2ce^3)x^3 + 4(Ba^2cd^2e - Aa^2ce^3)x^2 - (5Aa^2cd^2e + 9Aa^2cde^2 + 5Ba^3e^3)x}{8(a^4c^2d^4 + 2a^5cd^2e^2 + a^6e^4 + (a^2c^4d^4 + 2a^3c^3d^2e^2 + a^4c^2e^4)x^4 + 2(a^3c^3d^4 + 2a^4c^2d^2e^2 + a^5c^2e^4)x^2)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*(B*d*e^4 - A*e^5)*log(c*x^2 + a)/(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6) - (B*d*e^4 - A*e^5)*log(e*x + d)/(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6) + 1/8*(3*A*c^3*d^5 - B*a*c^2*d^4*e + 10*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 6*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 15*A*a^2*c*d*e^4 + 3*B*a^3*e^5)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/((a^2*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^4 + a^5*e^6)*sqrt(a*c)) - 1/8*(2*B*a^2*c*d^3 - 2*A*a^2*c*d^2*e + 6*B*a^3*d*e^2 - 6*A*a^3*e^3 - (3*A*c^3*d^3 - B*a*c^2*d^2*e + 7*A*a*c^2*d*e^2 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^3)*x^3 + 4*(B*a^2*c*d*e^2 - A*a^2*c*e^3)*x^2 - (5*A*a*c^2*d^3 + B*a^2*c*d^2*e + 9*A*a^2*c*d*e^2 + 5*B*a^3*e^3)*x)/(a^4*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^5*c*d^2*e^2 + a^6*e^4 + (a^2*c^4*d^4 + 2*a^3*c^3*d^2*e^2 + a^4*c^2*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(a^3*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c^2*e^4)*x^2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 562, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(Bde^4 - Ae^5) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2(c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6)} - \frac{(Bde^5 - Ae^6) \log(|ex + d|)}{c^3d^6e + 3ac^2d^4e^3 + 3a^2cd^2e^5 + a^3e^7}$$

$$+ \frac{(3Ac^3d^5 - Bac^2d^4e + 10Aac^2d^3e^2 - 6Ba^2cd^2e^3 + 15Aa^2cde^4 + 3Ba^3e^5) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8(a^2c^3d^6 + 3a^3c^2d^4e^2 + 3a^4cd^2e^4 + a^5e^6)\sqrt{ac}}$$

$$- \frac{2Ba^2c^2d^5 - 2Aa^2c^2d^4e + 8Ba^3cd^3e^2 - 8Aa^3cd^2e^3 + 6Ba^4de^4 - 6Aa^4e^5 - (3Ac^4d^5 - Bac^3d^4e + 10Aac^3d^3e^2 - 6Ba^2cd^2e^3 + 15Aa^2cde^4 + 3Ba^3e^5)}{8(a^2c^3d^6 + 3a^3c^2d^4e^2 + 3a^4cd^2e^4 + a^5e^6)\sqrt{ac}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(B*d*e^4 - A*e^5)*log(c*x^2 + a)/(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6) - (B*d*e^5 - A*e^6)*log(abs(e*x + d))/(c^3*d^6*e + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + a^3*e^7) + 1/8*(3*A*c^3*d^5 - B*a*c^2*d^4*e + 10*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 6*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 15*A*a^2*c*d*e^4 + 3*B*a^3*e^5)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/((a^2*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^4 + a^5*e^6)*sqrt(a*c)) - 1/8*(2*B*a^2*c^2*d^5 - 2*A*a^2*c^2*d^4*e + 8*B*a^3*c*d^3*e^2 - 8*A*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + 6*B*a^4*d*e^4 - 6*A*a^4*e^5 - (3*A*c^4*d^5 - B*a*c^3*d^4*e + 10*A*a*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 2*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 7*A*a^2*c^2*d*e^4 + 3*B*a^3*c*e^5)*x^3 + 4*(B*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 + B*a^3*c*d*e^4 - A*a^3*c*e^5)*x^2 - (5*A*a*c^3*d^5 + B*a^2*c^2*d^4*e + 14*A*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 6*B*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + 9*A*a^3*c*d*e^4 + 5*B*a^4*e^5)*x)/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(c*x^2 + a)^2*a^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2415, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.87

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((a + c*x^2)^3*(d + e*x)),x)`

output

```

((3*A*a*e^3 - B*c*d^3 - 3*B*a*d*e^2 + A*c*d^2*e)/(4*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2
*a*c*d^2*e^2)) + (x^2*(A*c*e^3 - B*c*d*e^2))/(2*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c
*d^2*e^2)) + (x^3*(3*A*c^3*d^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^3 + 7*A*a*c^2*d*e^2 - B*a*c^2
*d^2*e))/(8*a^2*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)) + (x*(5*A*c^2*d^3 + 5
*B*a^2*e^3 + 9*A*a*c*d*e^2 + B*a*c*d^2*e))/(8*a*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c
*d^2*e^2)))/(a^2 + c^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*x^2) - (log(576*A^2*a^7*e^14*(-a^5*c)^(
3/2) + 9*A^2*c^7*d^14*(-a^5*c)^(3/2) - 9*B^2*a^13*e^14*(-a^5*c)^(1/2) + 55
8*B^2*a^7*d^2*e^12*(-a^5*c)^(3/2) + 9*B^2*a^15*c*e^14*x + 9*A^2*a^7*c^9*d^
14*x + 576*A^2*a^14*c^2*e^14*x - 1377*A^2*a*d^2*e^12*(-a^5*c)^(5/2) - 1119
*B^2*a*d^4*e^10*(-a^5*c)^(5/2) - 1326*A^2*c*d^4*e^10*(-a^5*c)^(5/2) - 612*
B^2*c*d^6*e^8*(-a^5*c)^(5/2) + 78*A^2*a^8*c^8*d^12*e^2*x + 319*A^2*a^9*c^7
*d^10*e^4*x + 740*A^2*a^10*c^6*d^8*e^6*x + 1015*A^2*a^11*c^5*d^6*e^8*x + 1
326*A^2*a^12*c^4*d^4*e^10*x + 1377*A^2*a^13*c^3*d^2*e^12*x + B^2*a^9*c^7*d
^12*e^2*x + 14*B^2*a^10*c^6*d^10*e^4*x + 55*B^2*a^11*c^5*d^8*e^6*x + 612*B
^2*a^12*c^4*d^6*e^8*x + 1119*B^2*a^13*c^3*d^4*e^10*x + 558*B^2*a^14*c^2*d^
2*e^12*x + 78*A^2*a*c^6*d^12*e^2*(-a^5*c)^(3/2) + 2244*A*B*a*d^3*e^11*(-a^
5*c)^(5/2) - 1062*A*B*a^7*d*e^13*(-a^5*c)^(3/2) + 1434*A*B*c*d^5*e^9*(-a^5
*c)^(5/2) + 319*A^2*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^4*(-a^5*c)^(3/2) + 740*A^2*a^3*c^4*d^8*
e^6*(-a^5*c)^(3/2) + 1015*A^2*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^8*(-a^5*c)^(3/2) + B^2*a^2*c^5
*d^12*e^2*(-a^5*c)^(3/2) + 14*B^2*a^3*c^4*d^10*e^4*(-a^5*c)^(3/2) + 55*...

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1251, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.07

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)
```

output

```

(3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*b*e**5 + 15*sqrt(c)*
sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c*d*e**4 - 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*at
an((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b*c*d**2*e**3 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c
*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b*c*e**5*x**2 + 10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**2 + 30*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sq
rt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**2*d*e**4*x**2 - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c
)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*c**2*d**4*e - 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a)))*a**2*b*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)
*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*c**2*e**5*x**4 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a)))*a**2*c**3*d**5 + 20*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))
)*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)
))*a**2*c**3*d*e**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))
)*a*b*c**3*d**4*e*x**2 - 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*
b*c**3*d**2*e**3*x**4 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*
c**4*d**5*x**2 + 10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**4*d
**3*e**2*x**4 - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*b*c**4*d**4*
e*x**4 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**5*d**5*x**4 -
4*log(a + c*x**2)*a**5*c*e**5 + 4*log(a + c*x**2)*a**4*b*c*d*e**4 - 8*log(
a + c*x**2)*a**4*c**2*e**5*x**2 + 8*log(a + c*x**2)*a**3*b*c**2*d*e**4*x**
2 - 4*log(a + c*x**2)*a**3*c**3*e**5*x**4 + 4*log(a + c*x**2)*a**2*b*c...

```

3.102 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	862
Mathematica [A] (verified)	863
Rubi [A] (verified)	864
Maple [A] (verified)	866
Fricas [F(-1)]	867
Sympy [F(-1)]	867
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	868
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	869
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	869
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	870

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 461

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{e(2aBde(cd^2-11ae^2)-3A(c^2d^4+4acd^2e^2-5a^2e^4))}{8a^2(cd^2+ae^2)^3(d+ex)} - \frac{a(Bcd^2-2Acde-aBe^2)-c(Acd^2+2aBde-aAe^2)x}{4a(cd^2+ae^2)^2(a+cx^2)^2} - \frac{ae(3Acd^2+10aBde-7aAe^2)+(2aBe(cd^2-2ae^2)-3Acd(cd^2+3ae^2))x}{8a^2(cd^2+ae^2)^2(d+ex)(a+cx^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(2aBde(c^2d^4+10acd^2e^2-15a^2e^4)-3A(c^3d^6+5ac^2d^4e^2+15a^2cd^2e^4-5a^3e^6))\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}(cd^2+ae^2)^4} - \frac{e^4(5Bcd^2-6Acde-aBe^2)\log(d+ex)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^4} + \frac{e^4(5Bcd^2-6Acde-aBe^2)\log(a+cx^2)}{2(cd^2+ae^2)^4}$$

output

```
-1/8*e*(2*a*B*d*e*(-11*a*e^2+c*d^2)-3*A*(-5*a^2*e^4+4*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)
)/a^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)-1/4*(a*(-2*A*c*d*e-B*a*e^2+B*c*d^2)-c*(-A*a*
e^2+A*c*d^2+2*B*a*d*e)*x)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2-1/8*(a*e*(-7*A*a*
e^2+3*A*c*d^2+10*B*a*d*e)+(2*a*B*e*(-2*a*e^2+c*d^2)-3*A*c*d*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)
)*x)/a^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)-1/8*c^(1/2)*(2*a*B*d*e*(-15*a^2
*e^4+10*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)-3*A*(-5*a^3*e^6+15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+5*a*c^2*d^4*
e^2+c^3*d^6))*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^4-e^4*(-6*A*
c*d*e-B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^4+1/2*e^4*(-6*A*c*d*e-B*a
*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)*ln(c*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 378, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{8e^4(-Bd+ Ae)(cd^2+ae^2)}{d+ex} + \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)(4a^3Be^4+3Ac^3d^4x-2ac^2d^2e(Bd-6Ae)x+a^2ce^2(-2Bd(6d-7ex)+Ae(16d-7ex)))}{a^2(a+cx^2)}}{a^2(a+cx^2)} + \frac{2(cd^2+ae^2)}{a^2(a+cx^2)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)^3),x]
```

output

```
((-8*e^4*(-(B*d) + A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(d + e*x) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(4*a
^3*B*e^4 + 3*A*c^3*d^4*x - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e*(B*d - 6*A*e)*x + a^2*c*e^2*(-2*B
*d*(6*d - 7*e*x) + A*e*(16*d - 7*e*x))))/(a^2*(a + c*x^2)) + (2*(c*d^2 + a
*e^2)^2*(a^2*B*e^2 + A*c^2*d^2*x - a*c*(B*d*(d - 2*e*x) + A*e*(-2*d + e*x)
)))/(a*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (Sqrt[c]*(2*a*B*d*e*(-(c^2*d^4) - 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 +
15*a^2*e^4) + 3*A*(c^3*d^6 + 5*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 5*a^3*e
^6))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/a^(5/2) + 8*e^4*(-5*B*c*d^2 + 6*A*c*d*e
+ a*B*e^2)*Log[d + e*x] - 4*e^4*(-5*B*c*d^2 + 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*Log[a +
c*x^2])/(8*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^4)
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 480, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {686, 25, 27, 686, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + cx^2)^3 (d + ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 686 \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{c(3Acd^2 - 2aBed + 5aAe^2 + 4e(Acd + aBe)x)}{(d+ex)^2(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4ac(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)}{4a(a + cx^2)^2 (d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{c(3Acd^2 - 2aBed + 5aAe^2 + 4e(Acd + aBe)x)}{(d+ex)^2(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4ac(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)}{4a(a + cx^2)^2 (d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3Acd^2 - 2aBed + 5aAe^2 + 4e(Acd + aBe)x}{(d+ex)^2(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4a(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)}{4a(a + cx^2)^2 (d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 686 \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{c(2aBde(cd^2 + 7ae^2) - 3A(c^2d^4 + 2ace^2d^2 + 5a^2e^4) + 2e(2aBe(cd^2 - 2ae^2) - 3Acd(cd^2 + 3ae^2))x)}{(d+ex)^2(cx^2+a)} dx}{2ac(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{x(2aBe(cd^2 - 2ae^2) - 3Acd(3ae^2 + cd^2)) + ae(-1)}{2a(a + cx^2)(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{4a(ae^2 + cd^2)}{4a(a + cx^2)^2 (d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{2aBde(cd^2 + 7ae^2) - 3A(c^2d^4 + 2ace^2d^2 + 5a^2e^4) + 2e(2aBe(cd^2 - 2ae^2) - 3Acd(cd^2 + 3ae^2))x}{(d+ex)^2(cx^2+a)} dx}{2a(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{x(2aBe(cd^2 - 2ae^2) - 3Acd(3ae^2 + cd^2)) + ae(-1)}{2a(a + cx^2)(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{4a(ae^2 + cd^2)}{4a(a + cx^2)^2 (d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 657

$$\int \left(-\frac{8a^2(-5Bcd^2+6Acde+aBe^2)e^5}{(cd^2+ae^2)^2(d+ex)} + \frac{(3A(c^2d^4+4ace^2d^2-5a^2e^4)-2aBde(cd^2-11ae^2))e^2}{(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^2} + \frac{c(-8a^2(5Bcd^2-6Acde-aBe^2)xe^4+2aBd(c^2d^4+10ace^2d^2-5a^2e^4))e^2}{(cd^2+ae^2)^2} \right) dx$$

$$\frac{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)}{4a(a + cx^2)^2(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{e(2aBde(cd^2-11ae^2)-3A(-5a^2e^4+4acd^2e^2+c^2d^4))}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{4a^2e^4 \log(a+cx^2)(-aBe^2-6Acde+5Bcd^2)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^2} + \frac{8a^2e^4 \log(d+ex)(-aBe^2-6Acde+5Bcd^2)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{c} \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{a(Bd - Ae) - x(aBe + Acd)}{4a(a + cx^2)^2(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

```
input Int[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)^3), x]
```

```
output -1/4*(a*(B*d - A*e) - (A*c*d + a*B*e)*x)/(a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (-1/2*(a*e*(A*c*d^2 + 6*a*B*d*e - 5*a*A*e^2) + (2*a*B*e*(c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2) - 3*A*c*d*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))*x)/(a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)) - ((e*(2*a*B*d*e*(c*d^2 - 11*a*e^2) - 3*A*(c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 5*a^2*e^4)))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) + (Sqrt[c]*(2*a*B*d*e*(c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 15*a^2*e^4) - 3*A*(c^3*d^6 + 5*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 5*a^3*e^6))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2) + (8*a^2*e^4*(5*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e - a*B*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2 - (4*a^2*e^4*(5*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e - a*B*e^2)*Log[a + c*x^2])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(4*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 657 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))/((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

```
rule 686 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 567, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
default	$\frac{e^4(6Acde+Ba e^2-5Bcd^2) \ln(ex+d)}{(a e^2+cd^2)^4} - \frac{(Ae-Bd)e^4}{(a e^2+cd^2)^3(ex+d)} - \frac{c \left(\frac{c(7A a^3 e^6 - 5A a^2 c d^2 e^4 - 15A a c^2 d^4 e^2 - 3A c^3 d^6 - 14B a^3 d e^5 - 12B a^2 c d^3 e^3 - 6B a c^2 d^5 - 6B c^3 d^7)}{8a^2} \right)}{(a e^2+cd^2)^3(ex+d)}$
risch	Expression too large to display

```
input int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
e^4*(6*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2-5*B*c*d^2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*ln(e*x+d)-(A*e-B*d)*e^4/
(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)-c/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*((1/8*c*(7*A*a^3*e^6-5*A*a^2*c*d
^2*e^4-15*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-3*A*c^3*d^6-14*B*a^3*d*e^5-12*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^3+2*
B*a*c^2*d^5*e)/a^2*x^3+(-2*A*a*c*d*e^5-2*A*c^2*d^3*e^3-1/2*B*a^2*e^6+B*a*c
*d^2*e^4+3/2*B*c^2*d^4*e^2)*x^2+1/8*(9*A*a^3*e^6-3*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-17*A*a*
c^2*d^4*e^2-5*A*c^3*d^6-18*B*a^3*d*e^5-20*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^3-2*B*a*c^2*d^5*e)
/a*x-1/4*(10*A*a^2*c*d*e^5+12*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3+2*A*c^3*d^5*e+3*B*a^3*e^6-3*
B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-7*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-B*c^3*d^6)/c)/(c*x^2+a)^2+1/8/a^2*(1/2*(
48*A*a^2*c*d*e^5+8*B*a^3*e^6-40*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/c*ln(c*x^2+a)+(15*A*a^3*e
^6-45*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-15*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-3*A*c^3*d^6-30*B*a^3*d*e^5+20*B*a
^2*c*d^3*e^3+2*B*a*c^2*d^5*e)/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 997 vs. $2(444) = 888$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 997, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*(5*B*c*d^2*e^4 - 6*A*c*d*e^5 - B*a*e^6)*log(c*x^2 + a)/(c^4*d^8 + 4*a*
c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8) - (5*B*c*d^2*
e^4 - 6*A*c*d*e^5 - B*a*e^6)*log(e*x + d)/(c^4*d^8 + 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a
^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8) + 1/8*(3*A*c^4*d^6 - 2*B*a*c^3
*d^5*e + 15*A*a*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 20*B*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 45*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4
+ 30*B*a^3*c*d*e^5 - 15*A*a^3*c*e^6)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/((a^2*c^4*d^8 +
4*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^5*c*d^2*e^6 + a^6*e^8)*sqrt(a
*c)) - 1/8*(2*B*a^2*c^2*d^5 - 4*A*a^2*c^2*d^4*e + 12*B*a^3*c*d^3*e^2 - 20*
A*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - 14*B*a^4*d*e^4 + 8*A*a^4*e^5 - (3*A*c^4*d^4*e - 2*B*a*c^
3*d^3*e^2 + 12*A*a*c^3*d^2*e^3 + 22*B*a^2*c^2*d*e^4 - 15*A*a^2*c^2*e^5)*x^
4 - (3*A*c^4*d^5 - 2*B*a*c^3*d^4*e + 12*A*a*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 2*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*
e^3 + 9*A*a^2*c^2*d*e^4 + 4*B*a^3*c*e^5)*x^3 - (5*A*a*c^3*d^4*e - 10*B*a^2
*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 28*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 38*B*a^3*c*d*e^4 - 25*A*a^3*c*e^5)*x
^2 - (5*A*a*c^3*d^5 + 16*A*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 6*B*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + 11*A*a^3*
c*d*e^4 + 6*B*a^4*e^5)*x)/(a^4*c^3*d^7 + 3*a^5*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 3*a^6*c*d^3*e
^4 + a^7*d*e^6 + (a^2*c^5*d^6*e + 3*a^3*c^4*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^4*c^3*d^2*e^5 +
a^5*c^2*e^7)*x^5 + (a^2*c^5*d^7 + 3*a^3*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 3*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^4 +
a^5*c^2*d*e^6)*x^4 + 2*(a^3*c^4*d^6*e + 3*a^4*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^5*c^2*d^2*
e^5 + a^6*c*e^7)*x^3 + 2*(a^3*c^4*d^7 + 3*a^4*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 3*a^5*c^2*d^3*
e^4 + a^6*c*d*e^6)*x^2 + (a^4*c^3*d^6*e + 3*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^6*c*d...
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 884, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/2*(5*B*c*d^2*e^4 - 6*A*c*d*e^5 - B*a*e^6)*log(c - 2*c*d/(e*x + d) + c*d^2/(e*x + d)^2 + a*e^2/(e*x + d)^2)/(c^4*d^8 + 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8) + (B*d*e^10/(e*x + d) - A*e^11/(e*x + d))/(c^3*d^6*e^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^10 + a^3*e^12) + 1/8*(3*A*c^4*d^6*e^2 - 2*B*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 15*A*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 - 20*B*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 45*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6 + 30*B*a^3*c*d*e^7 - 15*A*a^3*c*e^8)*arctan((c*d - c*d^2/(e*x + d) - a*e^2/(e*x + d))/(sqrt(a*c)*e))/((a^2*c^4*d^8 + 4*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^5*c*d^2*e^6 + a^6*e^8)*sqrt(a*c)*e^2) + 1/8*(3*A*c^5*d^5*e - 2*B*a*c^4*d^4*e^2 + 14*A*a*c^4*d^3*e^3 + 32*B*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^4 - 29*A*a^2*c^3*d*e^5 - 6*B*a^3*c^2*e^6 - (9*A*c^5*d^6*e^2 - 6*B*a*c^4*d^5*e^3 + 41*A*a*c^4*d^4*e^4 + 116*B*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^5 - 121*A*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^6 - 38*B*a^3*c^2*d*e^7 + 7*A*a^3*c^2*e^8))/((e*x + d)*e) + (9*A*c^5*d^7*e^3 - 6*B*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 + 45*A*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 + 140*B*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 - 145*A*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7 - 22*B*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8 - 21*A*a^3*c^2*d*e^9 - 8*B*a^4*c*e^10)/((e*x + d)^2*e^2) - (3*A*c^5*d^8*e^4 - 2*B*a*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 18*A*a*c^4*d^6*e^6 + 58*B*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^7 - 60*A*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^8 + 26*B*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^9 - 66*A*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^10 - 34*B*a^4*c*d*e^11 + 9*A*a^4*c*e^12)/((e*x + d)^3*e^3)/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^4*a^2*(c - 2*c*d/(e*x + d) + c*d^2/(e*x + d)^2 + a*e^2/(e*x + d)^2)^2)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3015, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.54

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((a + c*x^2)^3*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output

```

((x*(5*A*c^2*d^3 + 6*B*a^2*e^3 + 11*A*a*c*d*e^2))/(8*a*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4
+ 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)) - (4*A*a^2*e^5 + B*c^2*d^5 - 7*B*a^2*d*e^4 - 2*A*c^2*d^4
*e - 10*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 6*B*a*c*d^3*e^2)/(4*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)*(a^2*e^4 + c^2
*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)) + (x^3*(3*A*c^3*d^3 + 4*B*a^2*c*e^3 + 9*A*a*c^2*d*e
^2 - 2*B*a*c^2*d^2*e))/(8*a^2*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)) + (x^4*
(3*A*c^4*d^4*e - 15*A*a^2*c^2*e^5 + 12*A*a*c^3*d^2*e^3 - 2*B*a*c^3*d^3*e^2
+ 22*B*a^2*c^2*d*e^4))/(8*a^2*(a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^
2*c*d^2*e^4)) + (x^2*(5*A*c^3*d^4*e - 25*A*a^2*c*e^5 + 28*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3
- 10*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 38*B*a^2*c*d*e^4))/(8*a*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)*(a^2*e^4 +
c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)))/(a^2*d + c^2*d*x^4 + c^2*e*x^5 + a^2*e*x + 2*a*
c*d*x^2 + 2*a*c*e*x^3) - (log(d + e*x)*(c*(5*B*d^2*e^4 - 6*A*d*e^5) - B*a*
e^6))/(a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 + 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d
^4*e^4) + (log(576*B^2*a^14*e^16*(-a^5*c)^(1/2) - 9*A^2*c^8*d^16*(-a^5*c)^(
3/2) - 225*A^2*a^8*e^16*(-a^5*c)^(3/2) + 19836*A^2*a^2*d^2*e^14*(-a^5*c)^(
5/2) + 4056*B^2*a^2*d^4*e^12*(-a^5*c)^(5/2) + 3708*B^2*a^8*d^2*e^14*(-a^5
*c)^(3/2) + 23796*A^2*c^2*d^6*e^10*(-a^5*c)^(5/2) + 13840*B^2*c^2*d^8*e^8*
(-a^5*c)^(5/2) + 576*B^2*a^16*c*e^16*x + 9*A^2*a^7*c^10*d^16*x + 225*A^2*a
^15*c^2*e^16*x - 19236*A*B*a^2*d^3*e^13*(-a^5*c)^(5/2) - 33540*A*B*c^2*d^7
*e^9*(-a^5*c)^(5/2) + 40572*A^2*a*c*d^4*e^12*(-a^5*c)^(5/2) + 21820*B^2*a*
c*d^6*e^10*(-a^5*c)^(5/2) + 108*A^2*a^8*c^9*d^14*e^2*x + 684*A^2*a^9*c^...

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3096, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.72

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**5*d**2*e**6 - 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**5*d*e**7*x + 30*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*b*d**3*e**5 + 30*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*b*d**2*e**6*x + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c*d**4*e**4 + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c*d**3*e**5*x - 30*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c*d**2*e**6*x**2 - 30*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c*d*e**7*x**3 - 20*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b*c*d**5*e**3 - 20*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b*c*d**4*e**4*x + 60*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b*c*d**3*e**5*x**2 + 60*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b*c*d**2*e**6*x**3 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**2*d**6*e**2 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**2*d**5*e**3*x + 90*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**2 + 90*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**3 - 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**4 - 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**2*d*e**7*x**5 - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*c**2*d**7*e - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*c**2*d**6*e**2*x - 40*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt...
```


$$3.103 \quad \int \frac{2+2x}{(-1+x)^3(1+x^2)} dx$$

Optimal result	872
Mathematica [A] (verified)	872
Rubi [A] (verified)	873
Maple [A] (verified)	874
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	874
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	874
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	875
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	875
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	875
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	876

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 17

$$\int \frac{2+2x}{(-1+x)^3(1+x^2)} dx = -\frac{1}{(1-x)^2} + \frac{1}{-1+x} + \arctan(x)$$

output `-1/(1-x)^2+1/(-1+x)+arctan(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{2+2x}{(-1+x)^3(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{-2+x+(-1+x)^2 \arctan(x)}{(-1+x)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(2 + 2*x)/((-1 + x)^3*(1 + x^2)), x]`

output `(-2 + x + (-1 + x)^2*ArcTan[x])/(-1 + x)^2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{2x + 2}{(x - 1)^3 (x^2 + 1)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 657$$

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{x^2 + 1} - \frac{1}{(x - 1)^2} + \frac{2}{(x - 1)^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\arctan(x) + \frac{1}{x - 1} - \frac{1}{(1 - x)^2}$$

input `Int[(2 + 2*x)/((-1 + x)^3*(1 + x^2)),x]`

output `-(1 - x)^(-2) + (-1 + x)^(-1) + ArcTan[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 657 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x-2}{(x-1)^2} + \arctan(x)$	13
default	$\arctan(x) - \frac{1}{(x-1)^2} + \frac{1}{x-1}$	16
parallelrisch	$-\frac{i \ln(x-i)x^2 - i \ln(x+i)x^2 - 2i \ln(x-i)x + 2i \ln(x+i)x + 3 + i \ln(x-i) - i \ln(x+i) - x^2}{2(x-1)^2}$	71

input `int((2+2*x)/(x-1)^3/(x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `(x-2)/(x-1)^2+arctan(x)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{2+2x}{(-1+x)^3(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{(x^2-2x+1)\arctan(x)+x-2}{x^2-2x+1}$$

input `integrate((2+2*x)/(x-1)^3/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `((x^2 - 2*x + 1)*arctan(x) + x - 2)/(x^2 - 2*x + 1)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{2+2x}{(-1+x)^3(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{x-2}{x^2-2x+1} + \operatorname{atan}(x)$$

input `integrate((2+2*x)/(x-1)**3/(x**2+1),x)`

output $(x - 2)/(x^2 - 2x + 1) + \operatorname{atan}(x)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{2 + 2x}{(-1 + x)^3 (1 + x^2)} dx = \frac{x - 2}{x^2 - 2x + 1} + \operatorname{arctan}(x)$$

input `integrate((2+2*x)/(x-1)^3/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $(x - 2)/(x^2 - 2x + 1) + \operatorname{arctan}(x)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{2 + 2x}{(-1 + x)^3 (1 + x^2)} dx = \frac{x - 2}{(x - 1)^2} + \operatorname{arctan}(x)$$

input `integrate((2+2*x)/(x-1)^3/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $(x - 2)/(x - 1)^2 + \operatorname{arctan}(x)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{2 + 2x}{(-1 + x)^3 (1 + x^2)} dx = \operatorname{atan}(x) + \frac{x - 2}{x^2 - 2x + 1}$$

input `int((2*x + 2)/((x^2 + 1)*(x - 1)^3),x)`

output $\operatorname{atan}(x) + (x - 2)/(x^2 - 2x + 1)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{2 + 2x}{(-1 + x)^3 (1 + x^2)} dx = \frac{2\operatorname{atan}(x)x^2 - 4\operatorname{atan}(x)x + 2\operatorname{atan}(x) + x^2 - 3}{2x^2 - 4x + 2}$$

input

```
int((2+2*x)/(x-1)^3/(x^2+1),x)
```

output

```
(2*atan(x)*x**2 - 4*atan(x)*x + 2*atan(x) + x**2 - 3)/(2*(x**2 - 2*x + 1))
```

3.104 $\int \frac{-11+6x}{(-1+2x)(-1+x^2)} dx$

Optimal result	877
Mathematica [A] (verified)	877
Rubi [A] (verified)	878
Maple [A] (verified)	879
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	879
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	879
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	880
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	880
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	880
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	881

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int \frac{-11 + 6x}{(-1 + 2x)(-1 + x^2)} dx = \frac{16}{3} \log(1 - 2x) - \frac{5}{2} \log(1 - x) - \frac{17}{6} \log(1 + x)$$

output `16/3*ln(1-2*x)-5/2*ln(1-x)-17/6*ln(1+x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{-11 + 6x}{(-1 + 2x)(-1 + x^2)} dx = -\frac{5}{2} \log(2 - 2x) + \frac{16}{3} \log(-1 + 2x) - \frac{17}{6} \log(2 + 2x)$$

input `Integrate[(-11 + 6*x)/((-1 + 2*x)*(-1 + x^2)),x]`

output `(-5*Log[2 - 2*x])/2 + (16*Log[-1 + 2*x])/3 - (17*Log[2 + 2*x])/6`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{6x - 11}{(2x - 1)(x^2 - 1)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 657$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{17}{6(x+1)} + \frac{32}{3(2x-1)} - \frac{5}{2(x-1)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{16}{3} \log(1 - 2x) - \frac{5}{2} \log(1 - x) - \frac{17}{6} \log(x + 1)$$

input

```
Int[(-11 + 6*x)/((-1 + 2*x)*(-1 + x^2)), x]
```

output

```
(16*Log[1 - 2*x])/3 - (5*Log[1 - x])/2 - (17*Log[1 + x])/6
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 657

```
Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result	size
parallelsch	$\frac{16 \ln(x - \frac{1}{2})}{3} - \frac{5 \ln(x-1)}{2} - \frac{17 \ln(x+1)}{6}$	20
default	$-\frac{17 \ln(x+1)}{6} - \frac{5 \ln(x-1)}{2} + \frac{16 \ln(2x-1)}{3}$	22
norman	$-\frac{17 \ln(x+1)}{6} - \frac{5 \ln(x-1)}{2} + \frac{16 \ln(2x-1)}{3}$	22
risch	$-\frac{17 \ln(x+1)}{6} - \frac{5 \ln(x-1)}{2} + \frac{16 \ln(2x-1)}{3}$	22

input `int((-11+6*x)/(2*x-1)/(x^2-1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `16/3*ln(x-1/2)-5/2*ln(x-1)-17/6*ln(x+1)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{-11 + 6x}{(-1 + 2x)(-1 + x^2)} dx = \frac{16}{3} \log(2x - 1) - \frac{17}{6} \log(x + 1) - \frac{5}{2} \log(x - 1)$$

input `integrate((-11+6*x)/(-1+2*x)/(x^2-1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `16/3*log(2*x - 1) - 17/6*log(x + 1) - 5/2*log(x - 1)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{-11 + 6x}{(-1 + 2x)(-1 + x^2)} dx = -\frac{5 \log(x - 1)}{2} + \frac{16 \log(x - \frac{1}{2})}{3} - \frac{17 \log(x + 1)}{6}$$

input `integrate((-11+6*x)/(-1+2*x)/(x**2-1),x)`

output `-5*log(x - 1)/2 + 16*log(x - 1/2)/3 - 17*log(x + 1)/6`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{-11 + 6x}{(-1 + 2x)(-1 + x^2)} dx = \frac{16}{3} \log(2x - 1) - \frac{17}{6} \log(x + 1) - \frac{5}{2} \log(x - 1)$$

input `integrate((-11+6*x)/(-1+2*x)/(x^2-1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `16/3*log(2*x - 1) - 17/6*log(x + 1) - 5/2*log(x - 1)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{-11 + 6x}{(-1 + 2x)(-1 + x^2)} dx = \frac{16}{3} \log(|2x - 1|) - \frac{17}{6} \log(|x + 1|) - \frac{5}{2} \log(|x - 1|)$$

input `integrate((-11+6*x)/(-1+2*x)/(x^2-1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `16/3*log(abs(2*x - 1)) - 17/6*log(abs(x + 1)) - 5/2*log(abs(x - 1))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{-11 + 6x}{(-1 + 2x)(-1 + x^2)} dx = \frac{16 \ln(x - \frac{1}{2})}{3} - \frac{17 \ln(x + 1)}{6} - \frac{5 \ln(x - 1)}{2}$$

input `int((6*x - 11)/((2*x - 1)*(x^2 - 1)),x)`

output `(16*log(x - 1/2))/3 - (17*log(x + 1))/6 - (5*log(x - 1))/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{-11 + 6x}{(-1 + 2x)(-1 + x^2)} dx = \frac{16 \log(2x - 1)}{3} - \frac{5 \log(x - 1)}{2} - \frac{17 \log(x + 1)}{6}$$

input `int((-11+6*x)/(-1+2*x)/(x^2-1),x)`

output `(32*log(2*x - 1) - 15*log(x - 1) - 17*log(x + 1))/6`

3.105 $\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	882
Mathematica [A] (verified)	882
Rubi [A] (verified)	883
Maple [A] (verified)	884
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	885
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	885
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	886
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	886
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	887
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	888

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2) dx = -\frac{2(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} + \frac{2(3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} - \frac{2c(3Bd - Ae)(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} + \frac{2Bc(d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^4}$$

output

```
-2/5*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^4+2/7*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^4-2/9*c*(-A*e+3*B*d)*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^4+2/11*B*c*(e*x+d)^(11/2)/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{2(d + ex)^{5/2} (11Ae(63ae^2 + c(8d^2 - 20dex + 35e^2x^2)) - 3B(33ae^2(2d - 5ex) + c(16d^3 - 40d^2e^2)))}{3465e^4}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(11*A*e*(63*a*e^2 + c*(8*d^2 - 20*d*e*x + 35*e^2*x^2)) - 3*B*(33*a*e^2*(2*d - 5*e*x) + c*(16*d^3 - 40*d^2*e*x + 70*d*e^2*x^2 - 105*e^3*x^3)))/(3465*e^4)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2) (A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 652$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(d + ex)^{5/2} (aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2} (ae^2 + cd^2) (Ae - Bd)}{e^3} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{7/2} (Ae - 3Bd)}{e^3} + \dots \right)$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2(d + ex)^{7/2} (aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{7e^4} - \frac{2(d + ex)^{5/2} (ae^2 + cd^2) (Bd - Ae)}{5e^4} - \frac{2c(d + ex)^{9/2} (3Bd - Ae)}{9e^4} + \frac{2Bc(d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^4}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `(-2*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^4) + (2*(3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^4) - (2*c*(3*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^4) + (2*B*c*(d + e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 652 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(\left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{9Bx+A}{11} \right) x^2 c}{9} + a \left(\frac{5Bx+A}{7} \right) \right) e^3 - \frac{20 \left(x \left(\frac{21Bx+A}{22} \right) c + \frac{9Ba}{10} \right) d e^2}{63} + \frac{8c d^2 \left(\frac{15Bx+A}{11} \right) e}{63} - \frac{16Bc d^3}{231} \right)}{5e^4}$
gospers	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} (315Bc x^3 e^3 + 385A x^2 c e^3 - 210B x^2 c d e^2 - 220A x c d e^2 + 495B x a e^3 + 120B x c d^2 e + 693A a e^3 + 88A c d^2 e - 19 a^2 c d^2)}{3465e^4}$
orering	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} (315Bc x^3 e^3 + 385A x^2 c e^3 - 210B x^2 c d e^2 - 220A x c d e^2 + 495B x a e^3 + 120B x c d^2 e + 693A a e^3 + 88A c d^2 e - 19 a^2 c d^2)}{3465e^4}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2Bc(ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2((Ae-Bd)c-2Bcd)(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(-2(Ae-Bd)cd+B(ae^2+cd^2))(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(Ae-Bd)(ae^2+cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{e^4}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2Bc(ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2((Ae-Bd)c-2Bcd)(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(-2(Ae-Bd)cd+B(ae^2+cd^2))(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(Ae-Bd)(ae^2+cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{e^4}$
trager	$\frac{2(315Bc e^5 x^5 + 385Ac e^5 x^4 + 420Bcd e^4 x^4 + 550Acd e^4 x^3 + 495B e^5 a x^3 + 15Bc d^2 e^3 x^3 + 693Aa e^5 x^2 + 33Ac d^2 e^3 x^2 + 79 a^2 c d^2)}{e^4}$
risch	$\frac{2(315Bc e^5 x^5 + 385Ac e^5 x^4 + 420Bcd e^4 x^4 + 550Acd e^4 x^3 + 495B e^5 a x^3 + 15Bc d^2 e^3 x^3 + 693Aa e^5 x^2 + 33Ac d^2 e^3 x^2 + 79 a^2 c d^2)}{e^4}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/5*(e*x+d)^(5/2)*((5/9*(9/11*B*x+A)*x^2*c+a*(5/7*B*x+A))*e^3-20/63*(x*(21/22*B*x+A)*c+9/10*B*a)*d*e^2+8/63*c*d^2*(15/11*B*x+A)*e-16/231*B*c*d^3)/e^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{2(315 Bce^5 x^5 - 48 Bcd^5 + 88 Acd^4 e - 198 Bad^3 e^2 + 693 Aad^2 e^3 + 35(12 Bcde^4 + 11 Ace^5)x^4}{e}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/3465*(315*B*c*e^5*x^5 - 48*B*c*d^5 + 88*A*c*d^4*e - 198*B*a*d^3*e^2 + 693*A*a*d^2*e^3 + 35*(12*B*c*d*e^4 + 11*A*c*e^5)*x^4 + 5*(3*B*c*d^2*e^3 + 110*A*c*d*e^4 + 99*B*a*e^5)*x^3 - 3*(6*B*c*d^3*e^2 - 11*A*c*d^2*e^3 - 264*B*a*d*e^4 - 231*A*a*e^5)*x^2 + (24*B*c*d^4*e - 44*A*c*d^3*e^2 + 99*B*a*d^2*e^3 + 1386*A*a*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/e^4`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(\frac{Bc(d+ex)^{11}}{11e^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^9(Ace-3Bcd)}{9e^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^7(-2Acde+BAe^2+3Bcd^2)}{7e^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^5(Aae^3+Ac d^2e-Bade^2-Bcd^3)}{5e^3}\right)}{e} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ d^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(Aax + \frac{Acr^3}{3} + \frac{Bax^2}{2} + \frac{Bcx^4}{4}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(3/2)*(c*x**2+a),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(B*c*(d + e*x)**(11/2))/(11*e**3) + (d + e*x)**(9/2)*(A*c*e - 3*B*c*d)/(9*e**3) + (d + e*x)**(7/2)*(-2*A*c*d*e + B*a*e**2 + 3*B*c*d**2)/(7*e**3) + (d + e*x)**(5/2)*(A*a*e**3 + A*c*d**2*e - B*a*d*e**2 - B*c*d**3)/(5*e**3))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (d**(3/2)*(A*a*x + A*c*x**3/3 + B*a*x**2/2 + B*c*x**4/4), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{2 \left(315 (ex + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} Bc - 385 (3 Bcd - Ace)(ex + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} + 495 (3 Bcd^2 - 2 Acde + Bae^2)(ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 693 (B^2cd - A^2c^2e + B^2ad^2 - A^2ae^3)(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} \right)}{3465 e^4}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/3465*(315*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*B*c - 385*(3*B*c*d - A*c*e)*(e*x + d)^(9/2) +
495*(3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + B*a*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 693*(B*c*d^3 - A*
c*d^2*e + B*a*d*e^2 - A*a*e^3)*(e*x + d)^(5/2))/e^4
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 548 vs. 2(100) = 200.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 548, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.72

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

2/3465*(3465*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*a*d^2 + 2310*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x +
d)*d)*A*a*d + 1155*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*B*a*d^2/e + 231*(
3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*A*a + 231
*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*A*c*d^2
/e^2 + 462*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^
2)*B*a*d/e + 99*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(
3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*B*c*d^2/e^3 + 198*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21
*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*A*c*d/
e^2 + 99*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^
2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*B*a/e + 22*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(
7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x
+ d)*d^4)*B*c*d/e^3 + 11*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378
*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*A*
c/e^2 + 5*(63*(e*x + d)^(11/2) - 385*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d + 990*(e*x + d)^(7/
2)*d^2 - 1386*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^3 + 1155*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^4 - 693*sqrt(e*
x + d)*d^5)*B*c/e^3)/e

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2) dx &= \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2} (6 B c d^2 - 4 A c d e + 2 B a e^2)}{7 e^4} \\
 &+ \frac{2 B c (d + ex)^{11/2}}{11 e^4} + \frac{2 c (A e - 3 B d) (d + ex)^{9/2}}{9 e^4} \\
 &+ \frac{2 (c d^2 + a e^2) (A e - B d) (d + ex)^{5/2}}{5 e^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^2)*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```

((d + e*x)^(7/2)*(2*B*a*e^2 + 6*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e))/(7*e^4) + (2*B*c*(d
+ e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^4) + (2*c*(A*e - 3*B*d)*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^4) + (2
*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)*(A*e - B*d)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^4)

```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d} (315bc e^5 x^5 + 385ac e^5 x^4 + 420bcd e^4 x^4 + 495ab e^5 x^3 + 550acd e^4 x^3 + 15bc d^2 e^3 x^3 + \dots)}{\dots}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+a),x)`output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(693*a**2*d**2*e**3 + 1386*a**2*d*e**4*x + 693*a**2*e**5*x**2 - 198*a*b*d**3*e**2 + 99*a*b*d**2*e**3*x + 792*a*b*d*e**4*x**2 + 495*a*b*e**5*x**3 + 88*a*c*d**4*e - 44*a*c*d**3*e**2*x + 33*a*c*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 550*a*c*d*e**4*x**3 + 385*a*c*e**5*x**4 - 48*b*c*d**5 + 24*b*c*d**4*e*x - 18*b*c*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 15*b*c*d**2*e**3*x**3 + 420*b*c*d*e**4*x**4 + 315*b*c*e**5*x**5))/(3465*e**4)`

3.106 $\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	889
Mathematica [A] (verified)	889
Rubi [A] (verified)	890
Maple [A] (verified)	891
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	892
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	892
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	893
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	893
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	894
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	894

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2) dx = -\frac{2(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} + \frac{2(3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} - \frac{2c(3Bd - Ae)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \frac{2Bc(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4}$$

output

```
-2/3*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^4+2/5*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^4-2/7*c*(-A*e+3*B*d)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^4+2/9*B*c*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2) dx = \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2} (105aAe^3 + 21aBe^2(-2d + 3ex) + 3Ace(8d^2 - 12dex + 15e^2x^2) + Bc(-16d^3 + 24d^2ex - 3))}{315e^4}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + c*x^2),x]`

output
$$\frac{(2*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*(105*a*A*e^3 + 21*a*B*e^2*(-2*d + 3*e*x) + 3*A*c*e*(8*d^2 - 12*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) + B*c*(-16*d^3 + 24*d^2*e*x - 30*d*e^2*x^2 + 35*e^3*x^3)))/(315*e^4)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2) (A + Bx) \sqrt{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{(d + ex)^{3/2} (aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{e^3} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex} (ae^2 + cd^2) (Ae - Bd)}{e^3} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{5/2} (Ae - 3Bd)}{e^3} + \frac{Bc(d + ex)^{3/2} (Ae - 3Bd)}{e^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2(d + ex)^{5/2} (aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{5e^4} - \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2} (ae^2 + cd^2) (Bd - Ae)}{7e^4} - \frac{2c(d + ex)^{7/2} (3Bd - Ae)}{9e^4} + \frac{2Bc(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + c*x^2),x]`

output
$$\frac{(-2*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)))/(3*e^4) + (2*(3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)))/(5*e^4) - (2*c*(3*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)))/(7*e^4) + (2*B*c*(d + e*x)^{(9/2)))/(9*e^4)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 652 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(\left(\frac{3\left(\frac{7Bx+A}{9}\right)x^2c}{7} + a\left(\frac{3Bx+A}{5}\right) \right) e^3 - \frac{12d\left(x\left(\frac{5Bx+A}{6}\right)c + \frac{7Ba}{6}\right)e^2}{35} + \frac{8cd^2(Bx+A)e}{35} - \frac{16Bcd^3}{105} \right)}{3e^4}$
gospers	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (35Bcx^3e^3 + 45Ax^2ce^3 - 30Bx^2cde^2 - 36Axcd e^2 + 63Bxa e^3 + 24Bxc d^2e + 105Aa e^3 + 24Ac d^2e - 42Bad e^2)}{315e^4}$
orering	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (35Bcx^3e^3 + 45Ax^2ce^3 - 30Bx^2cde^2 - 36Axcd e^2 + 63Bxa e^3 + 24Bxc d^2e + 105Aa e^3 + 24Ac d^2e - 42Bad e^2)}{315e^4}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2Bc(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2((Ae-Bd)c-2Bcd)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(-2(Ae-Bd)cd+B(ae^2+cd^2))(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(Ae-Bd)(ae^2+cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{e^4}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2Bc(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2((Ae-Bd)c-2Bcd)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(-2(Ae-Bd)cd+B(ae^2+cd^2))(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(Ae-Bd)(ae^2+cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{e^4}$
trager	$\frac{2(35Bce^4x^4 + 45Ace^4x^3 + 5Bcde^3x^3 + 9Acd e^3x^2 + 63Ba e^4x^2 - 6Bcd^2e^2x^2 + 105Aa e^4x - 12Ac d^2e^2x + 21Bad e^3x + 81A^2e^4)}{315e^4}$
risch	$\frac{2(35Bce^4x^4 + 45Ace^4x^3 + 5Bcde^3x^3 + 9Acd e^3x^2 + 63Ba e^4x^2 - 6Bcd^2e^2x^2 + 105Aa e^4x - 12Ac d^2e^2x + 21Bad e^3x + 81A^2e^4)}{315e^4}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*((3/7*(7/9*B*x+A)*x^2*c+a*(3/5*B*x+A))*e^3-12/35*d*(x*(5/6*B*x+A)*c+7/6*B*a)*e^2+8/35*c*d^2*(B*x+A)*e-16/105*B*c*d^3)/e^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(35Bce^4x^4 - 16Bcd^4 + 24Acd^3e - 42Bad^2e^2 + 105Aade^3 + 5(Bcde^3 + 9Ace^4)x^3 - 3(2Bcd^2e^2 - 3Acd^2e^2 + 3Acd^2e^2 - 3Acd^2e^2)x^2 - 3(2Bcd^2e^2 - 3Acd^2e^2 + 3Acd^2e^2)x + 3(2Bcd^2e^2 - 3Acd^2e^2 + 3Acd^2e^2))}{315e^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/315*(35*B*c*e^4*x^4 - 16*B*c*d^4 + 24*A*c*d^3*e - 42*B*a*d^2*e^2 + 105*A*a*d*e^3 + 5*(B*c*d*e^3 + 9*A*c*e^4)*x^3 - 3*(2*B*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*A*c*d*e^3 - 21*B*a*e^4)*x^2 + (8*B*c*d^3*e - 12*A*c*d^2*e^2 + 21*B*a*d*e^3 + 105*A*a*e^4)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/e^4`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(\frac{Bc(d+ex)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9e^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{7}{2}}(Ace-3Bcd)}{7e^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}(-2Acde+BAe^2+3Bcd^2)}{5e^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}(Aae^3+Ac d^2e-Bade^2-Bcd^3)}{3e^3}\right)}{e} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{d}\left(Aax + \frac{Acx^3}{3} + \frac{Bax^2}{2} + \frac{Bcx^4}{4}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(1/2)*(c*x**2+a),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(B*c*(d + e*x)**(9/2)/(9*e**3) + (d + e*x)**(7/2)*(A*c*e - 3*B*c*d)/(7*e**3) + (d + e*x)**(5/2)*(-2*A*c*d*e + B*a*e**2 + 3*B*c*d**2)/(5*e**3) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)*(A*a*e**3 + A*c*d**2*e - B*a*d*e**2 - B*c*d**3)/(3*e**3))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (sqrt(d)*(A*a*x + A*c*x**3/3 + B*a*x**2/2 + B*c*x**4/4), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(35 (ex + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} Bc - 45 (3 Bcd - Ace)(ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} + 63 (3 Bcd^2 - 2 Acde + Bae^2)(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 105 (Bcd^3 \right)}{315 e^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/315*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*B*c - 45*(3*B*c*d - A*c*e)*(e*x + d)^(7/2) + 63*(3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + B*a*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 105*(B*c*d^3 - A*c*d^2*e + B*a*d*e^2 - A*a*e^3)*(e*x + d)^(3/2))/e^4`**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 310 vs. 2(100) = 200.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(315 \sqrt{ex + d} A a d + 105 \left((ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{ex + dd} \right) A a + \frac{105 \left((ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{ex + dd} \right) B a d}{e} + \frac{21 \left(3 (ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 (ex \right)}{e} \right)}{e^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/315*(315*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*a*d + 105*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*A*a + 105*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*B*a*d/e + 21*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*A*c*d/e^2 + 21*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*B*a/e + 9*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*B*c*d/e^3 + 9*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*A*c/e^2 + (35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*B*c/e^3)/e`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2) dx = \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2} (6Bcd^2 - 4Acde + 2Bae^2)}{5e^4} + \frac{2Bc(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} + \frac{2c(Ae - 3Bd)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)(Ae - Bd)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`output `((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(2*B*a*e^2 + 6*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e))/(5*e^4) + (2*B*c*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^4) + (2*c*(A*e - 3*B*d)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^4) + (2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)*(A*e - B*d)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^4)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d}(35bce^4x^4 + 45ace^4x^3 + 5bcd e^3x^3 + 63abe^4x^2 + 9acd e^3x^2 - 6bcd^2e^2x^2 + 105a^2e^4x + 21abd)}{315e^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a), x)`output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(105*a**2*d*e**3 + 105*a**2*e**4*x - 42*a*b*d**2*e**2 + 21*a*b*d*e**3*x + 63*a*b*e**4*x**2 + 24*a*c*d**3*e - 12*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + 9*a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + 45*a*c*e**4*x**3 - 16*b*c*d**4 + 8*b*c*d**3*e*x - 6*b*c*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 5*b*c*d*e**3*x**3 + 35*b*c*e**4*x**4))/(315*e**4)`

3.107 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

Optimal result	895
Mathematica [A] (verified)	895
Rubi [A] (verified)	896
Maple [A] (verified)	897
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	898
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	898
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	899
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	899
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	900
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	900

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = -\frac{2(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^4} + \frac{2(3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} - \frac{2c(3Bd - Ae)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} + \frac{2Bc(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4}$$

output

```
-2*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^4+2/3*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^4-2/5*c*(-A*e+3*B*d)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^4+2/7*B*c*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(105aAe^3 + 35aBe^2(-2d+ex) + 7Ace(8d^2 - 4dex + 3e^2x^2) - 3Bc(16d^3 - 8d^2ex + 6de^2x^2 - 105e^4))}{105e^4}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2))/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(105*a*A*e^3 + 35*a*B*e^2*(-2*d + e*x) + 7*A*c*e*(8*d^2 - 4*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2) - 3*B*c*(16*d^3 - 8*d^2*e*x + 6*d*e^2*x^2 - 5*e^3*x^3)))/(105*e^4)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{e^3} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(Ae - Bd)}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{3/2}(Ae - 3Bd)}{e^3} + \frac{Bc(d + ex)^{5/2}}{e^3} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{3e^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(ae^2 + cd^2)(Bd - Ae)}{5e^4} + \frac{2Bc(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2))/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output `(-2*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/e^4 + (2*(3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^4) - (2*c*(3*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^4) + (2*B*c*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 652 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} \left(\left(\frac{x^2 \left(\frac{5Bx+A}{7} \right)^c + a \left(\frac{Bx+A}{3} + A \right) \right) e^3 - \frac{4d \left(x \left(\frac{9Bx+A}{14} + A \right)^c + \frac{5Ba}{2} \right) e^2}{15} + \frac{8cd^2 \left(\frac{3Bx+A}{7} + A \right) e}{15} - \frac{16Bcd^3}{35} \right)}{e^4}$
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} (15Bc x^3 e^3 + 21A x^2 c e^3 - 18B x^2 c d e^2 - 28A x c d e^2 + 35B x a e^3 + 24B x c d^2 e + 105A a e^3 + 56A c d^2 e - 70B a d e^2 - 16B c d^3)}{105e^4}$
trager	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} (15Bc x^3 e^3 + 21A x^2 c e^3 - 18B x^2 c d e^2 - 28A x c d e^2 + 35B x a e^3 + 24B x c d^2 e + 105A a e^3 + 56A c d^2 e - 70B a d e^2 - 16B c d^3)}{105e^4}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} (15Bc x^3 e^3 + 21A x^2 c e^3 - 18B x^2 c d e^2 - 28A x c d e^2 + 35B x a e^3 + 24B x c d^2 e + 105A a e^3 + 56A c d^2 e - 70B a d e^2 - 16B c d^3)}{105e^4}$
orering	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} (15Bc x^3 e^3 + 21A x^2 c e^3 - 18B x^2 c d e^2 - 28A x c d e^2 + 35B x a e^3 + 24B x c d^2 e + 105A a e^3 + 56A c d^2 e - 70B a d e^2 - 16B c d^3)}{105e^4}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2Bc(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2((Ae-Bd)c-2Bcd)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(-2(Ae-Bd)cd+B(ae^2+cd^2))(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2(Ae-Bd)(ae^2+cd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^4}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2Bc(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2((Ae-Bd)c-2Bcd)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(-2(Ae-Bd)cd+B(ae^2+cd^2))(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2(Ae-Bd)(ae^2+cd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^4}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((1/5*x^2*(5/7*B*x+A)*c+a*(1/3*B*x+A))*e^3-4/15*d*(x*(9/14*B*x+A)*c+5/2*B*a)*e^2+8/15*c*d^2*(3/7*B*x+A)*e-16/35*B*c*d^3)/e^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(15Bce^3x^3 - 48Bcd^3 + 56Acd^2e - 70Bade^2 + 105Aae^3 - 3(6Bcde^2 - 7Ace^3)x^2 + (24Bcd^2e - 28Aae^3)x) \sqrt{d + ex}}{105e^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/105*(15*B*c*e^3*x^3 - 48*B*c*d^3 + 56*A*c*d^2*e - 70*B*a*d*e^2 + 105*A*a*e^3 - 3*(6*B*c*d*e^2 - 7*A*c*e^3)*x^2 + (24*B*c*d^2*e - 28*A*c*d*e^2 + 35*B*a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/e^4`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left(\frac{Bc(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(Ace-3Bcd)}{5e^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(-2Acde+BAe^2+3Bcd^2)}{3e^3} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(Aae^3+Ac d^2e-Bade^2-Bcd^3)}{e^3} \right)}{e} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{Aax + \frac{Acx^3}{3} + \frac{Bax^2}{2} + \frac{Bcx^4}{4}}{\sqrt{d}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(B*c*(d + e*x)**(7/2)/(7*e**3) + (d + e*x)**(5/2)*(A*c*e - 3*B*c*d)/(5*e**3) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)*(-2*A*c*d*e + B*a*e**2 + 3*B*c*d**2)/(3*e**3) + sqrt(d + e*x)*(A*a*e**3 + A*c*d**2*e - B*a*d*e**2 - B*c*d**3)/e**3)/e, Ne(e, 0)), ((A*a*x + A*c*x**3/3 + B*a*x**2/2 + B*c*x**4/4)/sqrt(d), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(15 (ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} Bc - 21 (3 Bcd - Ace)(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 35 (3 Bcd^2 - 2 Acde + Bae^2)(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 105 (Bcd^3 + Aae^2) \sqrt{ex + d} \right)}{105 e^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2/105*(15*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*B*c - 21*(3*B*c*d - A*c*e)*(e*x + d)^(5/2) + 35*
(3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + B*a*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(3/2) - 105*(B*c*d^3 - A*c*d^2
*e + B*a*d*e^2 - A*a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d))/e^4
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(105 \sqrt{ex + d} Aa + \frac{35 \left((ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{ex+dd} \right) Ba}{e} + \frac{7 \left(3 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d + 15 \sqrt{ex+dd^2} \right) Ac}{e^2} + \frac{3 \left(5 (ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} d + 35 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2 - 35 \sqrt{ex+d} d^3 \right) Bc}{e^3} \right)}{105 e}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/105*(105*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*a + 35*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*B*
a/e + 7*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*
A*c/e^2 + 3*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)
*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*B*c/e^3)/e
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2} (6Bcd^2 - 4Acde + 2Bae^2)}{3e^4} + \frac{2Bc(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \frac{2c(Ae - 3Bd)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} + \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)(Ae - Bd)\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^4}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`output `((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(2*B*a*e^2 + 6*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e))/(3*e^4) + (2*B*c*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^4) + (2*c*(A*e - 3*B*d)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^4) + (2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)*(A*e - B*d)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/e^4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d}(15bce^3x^3 + 21ace^3x^2 - 18bcd^2e^2x^2 + 35abe^3x - 28acd^2e^2x + 24bcd^2ex + 105a^2e^3 - 70abde^2)}{105e^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x)`output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(105*a**2*e**3 - 70*a*b*d*e**2 + 35*a*b*e**3*x + 56*a*c*d**2*e - 28*a*c*d*e**2*x + 21*a*c*e**3*x**2 - 48*b*c*d**3 + 24*b*c*d**2*e*x - 18*b*c*d*e**2*x**2 + 15*b*c*e**3*x**3))/(105*e**4)`

3.108 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	901
Mathematica [A] (verified)	901
Rubi [A] (verified)	902
Maple [A] (verified)	903
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	904
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	904
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	905
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	905
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	906
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	906

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2(3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^4} - \frac{2c(3Bd - Ae)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} + \frac{2Bc(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4}$$

output

```
2*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^4-2/3*c*(-A*e+3*B*d)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^4+2/5*B*c*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-10Ae(3ae^2 + c(8d^2 + 4dex - e^2x^2)) + 6B(5ae^2(2d + ex) + c(16d^3 + 8d^2ex))}{15e^4\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-10*A*e*(3*a*e^2 + c*(8*d^2 + 4*d*e*x - e^2*x^2)) + 6*B*(5*a*e^2*(2*d + e*x) + c*(16*d^3 + 8*d^2*e*x - 2*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3)))/(15*e^4*Sqrt[d + e*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)(A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(Ae - Bd)}{e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{c\sqrt{d + ex}(Ae - 3Bd)}{e^3} + \frac{Bc(d + ex)^{3/2}}{e^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{e^4} + \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(Bd - Ae)}{e^4\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{2c(d + ex)^{3/2}(3Bd - Ae)}{3e^4} + \frac{2Bc(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(e^4*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*(3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/e^4 - (2*c*(3*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^4) + (2*B*c*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^4)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 652 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{((6Bx^3+10Ax^2)c-30a(-Bx+A))e^3-40d\left(x\left(\frac{3Bx}{10}+A\right)c-\frac{3Ba}{2}\right)e^2-80cd^2\left(-\frac{3Bx}{5}+A\right)e+96Bcd^3}{15\sqrt{ex+d}e^4}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(-3Bcx^3e^3-5Ax^2ce^3+6Bx^2cde^2+20Axcd e^2-15Bxa e^3-24Bxc d^2e+15Aae^3+40Ac d^2e-30Bad e^2-48Bcd^3)}{15\sqrt{ex+d}e^4}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-3Bcx^3e^3-5Ax^2ce^3+6Bx^2cde^2+20Axcd e^2-15Bxa e^3-24Bxc d^2e+15Aae^3+40Ac d^2e-30Bad e^2-48Bcd^3)}{15\sqrt{ex+d}e^4}$
risch	$-\frac{2(-3e^2Bcx^2-5Ace^2x+9Bcdex+25Acde-15Ba e^2-33Bcd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{15e^4} - \frac{2(Aae^3+Ac d^2e-Bad e^2-Bcd^3)}{e^4\sqrt{ex+d}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-3Bcx^3e^3-5Ax^2ce^3+6Bx^2cde^2+20Axcd e^2-15Bxa e^3-24Bxc d^2e+15Aae^3+40Ac d^2e-30Bad e^2-48Bcd^3)}{15\sqrt{ex+d}e^4}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2Bc(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ace(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 2Bcd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 4Acde\sqrt{ex+d} + 2Ba e^2\sqrt{ex+d} + 6Bcd^2\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^4} - \frac{2(Aae^3+Ac d^2e-Bad e^2)}{\sqrt{ex+d}}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2Bc(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ace(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 2Bcd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 4Acde\sqrt{ex+d} + 2Ba e^2\sqrt{ex+d} + 6Bcd^2\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^4} - \frac{2(Aae^3+Ac d^2e-Bad e^2)}{\sqrt{ex+d}}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/15*(((6*B*x^3+10*A*x^2)*c-30*a*(-B*x+A))*e^3-40*d*(x*(3/10*B*x+A)*c-3/2*B*a)*e^2-80*c*d^2*(-3/5*B*x+A)*e+96*B*c*d^3)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^4
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(3Bce^3x^3 + 48Bcd^3 - 40Acd^2e + 30Bade^2 - 15Aae^3 - (6Bcde^2 - 5Ace^3 - 3Bcd^2 + 2Acd^2e - 20Acd^2e^2 + 15Bade^2 - 15Aae^3)x) \sqrt{ex + d}}{15(e^5x + de^4)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(3*B*c*e^3*x^3 + 48*B*c*d^3 - 40*A*c*d^2*e + 30*B*a*d*e^2 - 15*A*a*e^3 - (6*B*c*d*e^2 - 5*A*c*e^3)*x^2 + (24*B*c*d^2*e - 20*A*c*d*e^2 + 15*B*a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^5*x + d*e^4)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left(\frac{Bc(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(Ace-3Bcd)}{3e^3} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(-2Acde+BAe^2+3Bcd^2)}{e^3} + \frac{(-Ae+Bd)(ae^2+cd^2)}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{e} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{Aax + \frac{Acx^3}{3} + \frac{Bax^2}{2} + \frac{Bcx^4}{4}}{d^{3/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(B*c*(d + e*x)**(5/2)/(5*e**3) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)*(A*c*e - 3*B*c*d)/(3*e**3) + sqrt(d + e*x)*(-2*A*c*d*e + B*a*e**2 + 3*B*c*d**2)/e**3 + (-A*e + B*d)*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)/(e**3*sqrt(d + e*x)))/e, Ne(e, 0)), ((A*a*x + A*c*x**3/3 + B*a*x**2/2 + B*c*x**4/4)/d**(3/2), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{3(ex+d)^{5/2} Bc - 5(3Bcd - Ace)(ex+d)^{3/2} + 15(3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + Bae^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^3} + \frac{15(Bcd^3 - Acd^2e + Bade^2 - Aae^3)}{\sqrt{ex+d}e^3} \right)}{15e}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/15*((3*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*B*c - 5*(3*B*c*d - A*c*e)*(e*x + d)^(3/2) + 15*(3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + B*a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/e^3 + 15*(B*c*d^3 - A*c*d^2*e + B*a*d*e^2 - A*a*e^3)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^3))/e`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bcd^3 - Acd^2e + Bade^2 - Aae^3)}{\sqrt{ex + d}e^4} + \frac{2 \left(3(ex + d)^{5/2} Bce^{16} - 15(ex + d)^{3/2} Bcde^{16} + 45\sqrt{ex + d} Bcd^2e^{16} + 5(ex + d)^{3/2} Ace^{17} - 30\sqrt{ex + d} Acde^{16} + 15\sqrt{ex + d} Bae^{18} \right)}{15e^{20}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*(B*c*d^3 - A*c*d^2*e + B*a*d*e^2 - A*a*e^3)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^4) + 2/15*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*B*c*e^16 - 15*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*c*d*e^16 + 45*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*c*d^2*e^16 + 5*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*A*c*e^17 - 30*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*c*d*e^16 + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*a*e^18)/e^20`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(6Bcd^2 - 4Acde + 2Bae^2)}{e^4} - \frac{-2Bcd^3 + 2Ac d^2 e - 2Bade^2 + 2Aae^3}{e^4 \sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2Bc(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} + \frac{2c(Ae - 3Bd)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)`output `((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(2*B*a*e^2 + 6*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e))/e^4 - (2*A*a*e^3 - 2*B*c*d^3 - 2*B*a*d*e^2 + 2*A*c*d^2*e)/(e^4*(d + e*x)^(1/2)) + (2*B*c*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^4) + (2*c*(A*e - 3*B*d)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^4)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{5}bce^3x^3 + \frac{2}{3}ace^3x^2 - \frac{4}{5}bcd e^2x^2 + 2abe^3x - \frac{8}{3}acd e^2x + \frac{16}{5}bcd^2ex - 2a^2e^3 + 4a^2e}{\sqrt{ex + d}e^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(3/2), x)`output `(2*(- 15*a**2*e**3 + 30*a*b*d*e**2 + 15*a*b*e**3*x - 40*a*c*d**2*e - 20*a*c*d*e**2*x + 5*a*c*e**3*x**2 + 48*b*c*d**3 + 24*b*c*d**2*e*x - 6*b*c*d*e**2*x**2 + 3*b*c*e**3*x**3))/(15*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**4)`

3.109 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	907
Mathematica [A] (verified)	907
Rubi [A] (verified)	908
Maple [A] (verified)	909
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	910
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	910
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	911
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	911
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	912
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	912

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c(3Bd - Ae)\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^4} + \frac{2Bc(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4}$$

output

```
2/3*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-2*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-2*c*(-A*e+3*B*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^4+2/3*B*c*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(aAe^3 + aBe^2(2d + 3ex) - Ace(8d^2 + 12dex + 3e^2x^2) + Bc(16d^3 + 24d^2ex + 6de^2x^2 - e^3x^3))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-2*(a*A*e^3 + a*B*e^2*(2*d + 3*e*x) - A*c*e*(8*d^2 + 12*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2) + B*c*(16*d^3 + 24*d^2*e*x + 6*d*e^2*x^2 - e^3*x^3)))/(3*e^4*(d + e*x)^(3/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)(A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2}{e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(Ae - Bd)}{e^3(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{c(Ae - 3Bd)}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{Bc\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{e^4\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(Bd - Ae)}{3e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d + ex}(3Bd - Ae)}{e^4} + \frac{2Bc(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(3*e^4*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (2*(3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(e^4*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) - (2*c*(3*B*d - A*e)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/e^4 + (2*B*c*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^4)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 652 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	si
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\left(\left(-Bx^3-3Ax^2\right)c+(3Bx+A)a\right)e^3-12d\left(x\left(-\frac{Bx}{2}+A\right)c-\frac{Ba}{6}\right)e^2-8cd^2(-3Bx+A)e+16Bcd^3}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^4}$	8
risch	$\frac{2c(Bex+3Ae-8Bd)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3e^4} - \frac{2(-6Axcd e^2+3Bxa e^3+9Bxc d^2 e+Aa e^3-5Ac d^2 e+2Bad e^2+8Bc d^3)}{3e^4(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	9
gosper	$-\frac{2(-Bcx^3e^3-3Ax^2ce^3+6Bx^2cde^2-12Axcd e^2+3Bxa e^3+24Bxc d^2 e+Aa e^3-8Ac d^2 e+2Bad e^2+16Bc d^3)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^4}$	1
trager	$-\frac{2(-Bcx^3e^3-3Ax^2ce^3+6Bx^2cde^2-12Axcd e^2+3Bxa e^3+24Bxc d^2 e+Aa e^3-8Ac d^2 e+2Bad e^2+16Bc d^3)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^4}$	1
orering	$-\frac{2(-Bcx^3e^3-3Ax^2ce^3+6Bx^2cde^2-12Axcd e^2+3Bxa e^3+24Bxc d^2 e+Aa e^3-8Ac d^2 e+2Bad e^2+16Bc d^3)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^4}$	1
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2Bc(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2Ace\sqrt{ex+d}-6Bcd\sqrt{ex+d}-\frac{2(-2Acde+Ba e^2+3Bc d^2)}{\sqrt{ex+d}}}{e^4} - \frac{2(Aa e^3+Ac d^2 e-Bad e^2-Bc d^3)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	1
default	$\frac{\frac{2Bc(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2Ace\sqrt{ex+d}-6Bcd\sqrt{ex+d}-\frac{2(-2Acde+Ba e^2+3Bc d^2)}{\sqrt{ex+d}}}{e^4} - \frac{2(Aa e^3+Ac d^2 e-Bad e^2-Bc d^3)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	1

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(((B*x^3-3*A*x^2)*c+(3*B*x+A)*a)*e^3-12*d*(x*(-1/2*B*x+A)*c-1/6*B*a)*e^2-8*c*d^2*(-3*B*x+A)*e+16*B*c*d^3)/e^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bce^3x^3 - 16Bcd^3 + 8Acd^2e - 2Bade^2 - Aae^3 - 3(2Bcde^2 - Ace^3)x^2 - 3(Bcd^2e - Aae^3)x - Acd^2e)}{3(e^6x^2 + 2de^5x + d^2e^4)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(B*c*e^3*x^3 - 16*B*c*d^3 + 8*A*c*d^2*e - 2*B*a*d*e^2 - A*a*e^3 - 3*(2*B*c*d*e^2 - A*c*e^3)*x^2 - 3*(8*B*c*d^2*e - 4*A*c*d*e^2 + B*a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^6*x^2 + 2*d*e^5*x + d^2*e^4)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 449 vs. 2(114) = 228.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 449, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.01

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{2Aae^3}{3de^4\sqrt{d+ex}+3e^5x\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{16Acd^2e}{3de^4\sqrt{d+ex}+3e^5x\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{24Acde^2x}{3de^4\sqrt{d+ex}+3e^5x\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{Aax + \frac{Acx^3}{3} + \frac{Bax^2}{2} + \frac{Bcx^4}{4}}{d^{\frac{5}{2}}} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((-2*A*a*e**3/(3*d*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 16*A*c*d**2*e/(3*d*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 24*A*c*d*e**2*x/(3*d*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 6*A*c*e**3*x**2/(3*d*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 4*B*a*d*e**2/(3*d*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 6*B*a*e**3*x/(3*d*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 32*B*c*d**3/(3*d*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 48*B*c*d**2*e*x/(3*d*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 12*B*c*d*e**2*x**2/(3*d*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 2*B*c*e**3*x**3/(3*d*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x)), Ne(e, 0)), ((A*a*x + A*c*x**3/3 + B*a*x**2/2 + B*c*x**4/4)/d**(5/2), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} Bc - 3(3Bcd - Ace)\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^3} + \frac{Bcd^3 - Acd^2e + Bade^2 - Aae^3 - 3(3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + Bae^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{e^3} \right)}{3e}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3*(((e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*c - 3*(3*B*c*d - A*c*e)*sqrt(e*x + d))/e^3 + (B*c*d^3 - A*c*d^2*e + B*a*d*e^2 - A*a*e^3 - 3*(3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + B*a*e^2)*(e*x + d))/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*e^3))/e`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(9(ex+d)Bcd^2 - Bcd^3 - 6(ex+d)Acde + Acd^2e + 3(ex+d)Bae^2 - Bade^2 + Aae^3)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^4} + \frac{2\left((ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bce^8 - 9\sqrt{ex+d}Bcde^8 + 3\sqrt{ex+d}Ace^9\right)}{3e^{12}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2/3*(9*(e*x + d)*B*c*d^2 - B*c*d^3 - 6*(e*x + d)*A*c*d*e + A*c*d^2*e + 3*(e*x + d)*B*a*e^2 - B*a*d*e^2 + A*a*e^3)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*e^4) + 2/3*(((e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*c*e^8 - 9*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*c*d*e^8 + 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*c*e^9)/e^12`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2Bc(d + ex)^3 - 2Aae^3 + 2Bcd^3 + 2Bade^2 - 2Acd^2e - 6Bae^2(d + ex)}{3e^4}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)`output `(2*B*c*(d + e*x)^3 - 2*A*a*e^3 + 2*B*c*d^3 + 2*B*a*d*e^2 - 2*A*c*d^2*e - 6*B*a*e^2*(d + e*x) + 6*A*c*e*(d + e*x)^2 - 18*B*c*d*(d + e*x)^2 - 18*B*c*d^2*(d + e*x) + 12*A*c*d*e*(d + e*x))/(3*e^4*(d + e*x)^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{3}bce^3x^3 + 2ace^3x^2 - 4bcd e^2x^2 - 2abe^3x + 8acd e^2x - 16bcd^2ex - \frac{2}{3}a^2e^3 - \frac{4}{3}a^2e^2}{\sqrt{ex + d}e^4(ex + d)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(5/2), x)`output `(2*(- a**2*e**3 - 2*a*b*d*e**2 - 3*a*b*e**3*x + 8*a*c*d**2*e + 12*a*c*d*e**2*x + 3*a*c*e**3*x**2 - 16*b*c*d**3 - 24*b*c*d**2*e*x - 6*b*c*d*e**2*x**2 + b*c*e**3*x**3))/(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**4*(d + e*x))`

3.110 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	913
Mathematica [A] (verified)	913
Rubi [A] (verified)	914
Maple [A] (verified)	915
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	916
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	916
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	917
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	918
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	918
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	919

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)}{5e^4(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{2(3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2c(3Bd - Ae)}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2Bc\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^4}$$

output

```
2/5*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^(5/2)-2/3*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2*c*(-A*e+3*B*d)/e^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2*B*c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(3aAe^3 + aBe^2(2d + 5ex) + Ace(8d^2 + 20dex + 15e^2x^2) - 3Bc(16d^3 + 40d^2ex + 30de^2x^2 + 5e^3x^3))}{15e^4(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2))/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-2*(3*a*A*e^3 + a*B*e^2*(2*d + 5*e*x) + A*c*e*(8*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) - 3*B*c*(16*d^3 + 40*d^2*e*x + 30*d*e^2*x^2 + 5*e^3*x^3)))/(15*e^4*(d + e*x)^(5/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)(A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2}{e^3(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(Ae - Bd)}{e^3(d + ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{c(Ae - 3Bd)}{e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{Bc}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{3e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(Bd - Ae)}{5e^4(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{2c(3Bd - Ae)}{e^4\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2Bc\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(7/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(5*e^4*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) - (2*(3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(3*e^4*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (2*c*(3*B*d - A*e))/(e^4*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) + (2*B*c*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/e^4$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 652 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(-30x^2(-Bx+A)c-6\left(\frac{5Bx}{3}+A\right)a)e^3-40\left(x\left(-\frac{9Bx}{2}+A\right)c+\frac{Ba}{10}\right)de^2-16cd^2(-15Bx+A)e+96Bcd^3}{15(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^4}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(-15Bcx^3e^3+15Ax^2ce^3-90Bx^2cde^2+20Axcd e^2+5Bxae^3-120Bxcd^2e+3Aae^3+8Ac d^2e+2Bad e^2-48Bcd^3)}{15(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^4}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-15Bcx^3e^3+15Ax^2ce^3-90Bx^2cde^2+20Axcd e^2+5Bxae^3-120Bxcd^2e+3Aae^3+8Ac d^2e+2Bad e^2-48Bcd^3)}{15(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^4}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-15Bcx^3e^3+15Ax^2ce^3-90Bx^2cde^2+20Axcd e^2+5Bxae^3-120Bxcd^2e+3Aae^3+8Ac d^2e+2Bad e^2-48Bcd^3)}{15(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^4}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Bc\sqrt{ex+d}-\frac{2(Aae^3+Ac d^2e-Bade^2-Bcd^3)}{5(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}-\frac{2c(Ae-3Bd)}{\sqrt{ex+d}}-\frac{2(-2Acde+Ba e^2+3Bcd^2)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{e^4}$
default	$\frac{2Bc\sqrt{ex+d}-\frac{2(Aae^3+Ac d^2e-Bade^2-Bcd^3)}{5(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}-\frac{2c(Ae-3Bd)}{\sqrt{ex+d}}-\frac{2(-2Acde+Ba e^2+3Bcd^2)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{e^4}$
risch	$\frac{2Bc\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^4}-\frac{2(15Ax^2ce^3-45Bx^2cde^2+20Axcd e^2+5Bxae^3-75Bxcd^2e+3Aae^3+8Ac d^2e+2Bad e^2-33Bcd^3)}{15e^4\sqrt{ex+d}(e^2x^2+2dex+d^2)}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/15*((-30*x^2*(-B*x+A)*c-6*(5/3*B*x+A)*a)*e^3-40*(x*(-9/2*B*x+A)*c+1/10*B*a)*d*e^2-16*c*d^2*(-15*B*x+A)*e+96*B*c*d^3)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(15Bce^3x^3 + 48Bcd^3 - 8Acd^2e - 2Bade^2 - 3Aae^3 + 15(6Bcde^2 - Ace^3))}{15(e^7x^3 + 3de^6x^2 + 3d^2e^5x + d^3)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(15*B*c*e^3*x^3 + 48*B*c*d^3 - 8*A*c*d^2*e - 2*B*a*d*e^2 - 3*A*a*e^3 + 15*(6*B*c*d*e^2 - A*c*e^3))*x^2 + 5*(24*B*c*d^2*e - 4*A*c*d*e^2 - B*a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^7*x^3 + 3*d*e^6*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^5*x + d^3*e^4)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 653 vs. 2(116) = 232.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 653, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.83

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{6Aae^3}{15d^2e^4\sqrt{d+ex}+30de^5x\sqrt{d+ex}+15e^6x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{16Acd^2e}{15d^2e^4\sqrt{d+ex}+30de^5x\sqrt{d+ex}+15e^6x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ \frac{Aax + \frac{Acx^3}{3} + \frac{Bax^2}{2} + \frac{Bcx^4}{4}}{d^{\frac{7}{2}}} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**(7/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-6*A*a*e**3/(15*d**2*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 16*A*c*d**2*e/(15*d**2*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 40*A*c*d*e**2*x/(15*d**2*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 30*A*c*e**3*x**2/(15*d**2*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 4*B*a*d*e**2/(15*d**2*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 10*B*a*e**3*x/(15*d**2*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 96*B*c*d**3/(15*d**2*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 240*B*c*d**2*e*x/(15*d**2*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 180*B*c*d*e**2*x**2/(15*d**2*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 30*B*c*e**3*x**3/(15*d**2*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)), Ne(e, 0)), ((A*a*x + A*c*x**3/3 + B*a*x**2/2 + B*c*x**4/4)/d**(7/2), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{15\sqrt{ex+d}Bc}{e^3} + \frac{3Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + 3Bade^2 - 3Aae^3 + 15(3Bcd - Ace)(ex+d)^2 - 5(3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + Ae^2)}{(ex+d)^{5/2}e^3} \right)}{15e}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/15*(15*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*c/e^3 + (3*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*B*a*d*e^2 - 3*A*a*e^3 + 15*(3*B*c*d - A*c*e)*(e*x + d)^2 - 5*(3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + B*a*e^2)*(e*x + d))/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*e^3)/e
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d}Bc}{e^4} + \frac{2(45(ex + d)^2 Bcd - 15(ex + d)Bcd^2 + 3Bcd^3 - 15(ex + d)^2 Ace + 10(ex + d)Acde - 3Acd^2e - 5(ex + d)Acd^2e^2 - 5(ex + d)Acd^2e^3 - 5(ex + d)Acd^2e^4)}{15(ex + d)^{5/2}e^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*c/e^4 + 2/15*(45*(e*x + d)^2*B*c*d - 15*(e*x + d)*B*c*d^2 + 3*B*c*d^3 - 15*(e*x + d)^2*A*c*e + 10*(e*x + d)*A*c*d*e - 3*A*c*d^2*e - 5*(e*x + d)*B*a*e^2 + 3*B*a*d*e^2 - 3*A*a*e^3)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*e^4)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(-48Bcd^3 - 120Bcd^2ex + 8Acd^2e - 90Bcde^2x^2 + 20Acde^2x + 2Bade^2 - 15Bce^3x^3 + 15Acd^2e^2x^2 - 15Acd^2e^3x^3 - 90Bcd^2e^2x^2 + 20Acd^2e^2x - 120Bcd^2e^2x^2)}{15e^4(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x)`

output

```
-(2*(3*A*a*e^3 - 48*B*c*d^3 + 2*B*a*d*e^2 + 8*A*c*d^2*e + 5*B*a*e^3*x + 15*A*c*e^3*x^2 - 15*B*c*e^3*x^3 - 90*B*c*d*e^2*x^2 + 20*A*c*d*e^2*x - 120*B*c*d^2*e*x))/(15*e^4*(d + e*x)^(5/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2bce^3x^3 - 2ace^3x^2 + 12bcd e^2x^2 - \frac{2}{3}abe^3x - \frac{8}{3}acd e^2x + 16bcd^2ex - \frac{2}{5}a^2e^3 - \frac{2}{5}a^2e^3 - \frac{2}{5}a^2e^3}{\sqrt{ex + d}e^4(e^2x^2 + 2dex + d^2)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x)`output `(2*(- 3*a**2*e**3 - 2*a*b*d*e**2 - 5*a*b*e**3*x - 8*a*c*d**2*e - 20*a*c*d*e**2*x - 15*a*c*e**3*x**2 + 48*b*c*d**3 + 120*b*c*d**2*e*x + 90*b*c*d*e**2*x**2 + 15*b*c*e**3*x**3))/(15*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**4*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2))`

3.111 $\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	920
Mathematica [A] (verified)	921
Rubi [A] (verified)	921
Maple [A] (verified)	923
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	923
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	924
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	925
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	925
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	926
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	927

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 218

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2)^2 dx \\ &= -\frac{2(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^6} \\ & \quad + \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)(5Bcd^2 - 4Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^6} \\ & \quad - \frac{4c(5Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^6} \\ & \quad + \frac{4c(5Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^6} \\ & \quad - \frac{2c^2(5Bd - Ae)(d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^6} + \frac{2Bc^2(d + ex)^{13/2}}{13e^6} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-2/3*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^6+2/5*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-4*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^6-4/7*c*(-A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+5*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^6+4/9*c*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^6-2/11*c^2*(-A*e+5*B*d)*(e*x+d)^(11/2)/e^6+2/13*B*c^2*(e*x+d)^(13/2)/e^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2} (13Ae(1155a^2e^4 + 66ace^2(8d^2 - 12dex + 15e^2x^2) + c^2(128d^4 - 192d^3ex + 240d^2e^2x^2 - 280d^3e^3x^3 + 315e^4x^4)) + B(3003a^2e^4(-2d + 3eex) + 286a*c*e^2(-16d^3 + 24d^2*ex - 30d*e^2*x^2 + 35e^3*x^3) - 5*c^2*(256*d^5 - 384*d^4*ex + 480*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 560*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 630*d*e^4*x^4 - 693*e^5*x^5)))/(45045 * e^6)$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(13*A*e*(1155*a^2*e^4 + 66*a*c*e^2*(8*d^2 - 12*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) + c^2*(128*d^4 - 192*d^3*e*x + 240*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 280*d*e^3*x^3 + 315*e^4*x^4)) + B*(3003*a^2*e^4*(-2*d + 3*e*x) + 286*a*c*e^2*(-16*d^3 + 24*d^2*e*x - 30*d*e^2*x^2 + 35*e^3*x^3) - 5*c^2*(256*d^5 - 384*d^4*e*x + 480*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 560*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 630*d*e^4*x^4 - 693*e^5*x^5)))/(45045 * e^6)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow 652$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{2c(d + ex)^{7/2} (-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 5Bcd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2} (ae^2 + cd^2) (aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{e} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{4c(d+ex)^{9/2}(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{9e^6} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{7e^6} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Bd - Ae)}{11e^6} - \frac{4c(d+ex)^{7/2}(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 3Acd^2e + 5Bcd^3)}{7e^6} - \frac{2c^2(d+ex)^{11/2}(5Bd - Ae)}{11e^6} + \frac{2Bc^2(d+ex)^{13/2}}{13e^6}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(-2*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^6) + (2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^6) - (4*c*(5*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^6) + (4*c*(5*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^6) - (2*c^2*(5*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^6) + (2*B*c^2*(d + e*x)^(13/2))/(13*e^6)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(\left(\left(\frac{3}{13} B x^5 + \frac{3}{11} A x^4 \right) c^2 + \frac{6 \left(\frac{7 B x + A}{9} \right) x^2 a c}{7} + a^2 \left(\frac{3 B x + A}{5} \right) \right) e^5 - \frac{24 \left(\frac{35 \left(\frac{45 B x + A}{52} \right) x^3 c^2}{99} + a x \left(\frac{5 B x + A}{6} + A \right) c + \frac{7 a^2 B}{12} \right)}{35} \right)$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2 B c^2 (ex+d)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2 \left((Ae-Bd)c^2 - 4Bc^2d \right) (ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2 \left(-4(Ae-Bd)c^2d + B \left(2(ae^2+cd^2)c + 4c^2d^2 \right) \right) (ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2 \left((Ae-Bd) \left(2(ae^2+cd^2)c + 4c^2d^2 \right) \right) (ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2 \left((Ae-Bd) \left(2(ae^2+cd^2)c + 4c^2d^2 \right) \right) (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2 \left((Ae-Bd) \left(2(ae^2+cd^2)c + 4c^2d^2 \right) \right) (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$
default	$\frac{2 B c^2 (ex+d)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2 \left((Ae-Bd)c^2 - 4Bc^2d \right) (ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2 \left(-4(Ae-Bd)c^2d + B \left(2(ae^2+cd^2)c + 4c^2d^2 \right) \right) (ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2 \left((Ae-Bd) \left(2(ae^2+cd^2)c + 4c^2d^2 \right) \right) (ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2 \left((Ae-Bd) \left(2(ae^2+cd^2)c + 4c^2d^2 \right) \right) (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2 \left((Ae-Bd) \left(2(ae^2+cd^2)c + 4c^2d^2 \right) \right) (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$
gosper	$2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (3465 B x^5 c^2 e^5 + 4095 A x^4 c^2 e^5 - 3150 B x^4 c^2 d e^4 - 3640 A x^3 c^2 d e^4 + 10010 B x^3 a c e^5 + 2800 B x^3 c^2 d^2 e^3 + 12870 A a c^2 d e^3 - 256/3003 B c^2 d^5) / e^6$
oring	$2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (3465 B x^5 c^2 e^5 + 4095 A x^4 c^2 e^5 - 3150 B x^4 c^2 d e^4 - 3640 A x^3 c^2 d e^4 + 10010 B x^3 a c e^5 + 2800 B x^3 c^2 d^2 e^3 + 12870 A a c^2 d e^3 - 256/3003 B c^2 d^5) / e^6$
trager	$2(3465 B c^2 e^6 x^6 + 4095 A c^2 e^6 x^5 + 315 B c^2 d e^5 x^5 + 455 A c^2 d e^5 x^4 + 10010 B a c e^6 x^4 - 350 B c^2 d^2 e^4 x^4 + 12870 A a c e^6 x^3 - 256/3003 B c^2 d^5) / e^6$
risch	$2(3465 B c^2 e^6 x^6 + 4095 A c^2 e^6 x^5 + 315 B c^2 d e^5 x^5 + 455 A c^2 d e^5 x^4 + 10010 B a c e^6 x^4 - 350 B c^2 d^2 e^4 x^4 + 12870 A a c e^6 x^3 - 256/3003 B c^2 d^5) / e^6$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(((3/13*B*x^5+3/11*A*x^4)*c^2+6/7*(7/9*B*x+A)*x^2*a*c+a^2*(3/5*B*x+A))*e^5-24/35*(35/99*(45/52*B*x+A)*x^3*c^2+a*x*(5/6*B*x+A)*c+7/12*a^2*B)*d*e^4+16/35*c*d^2*(5/11*x^2*(35/39*B*x+A)*c+a*(B*x+A))*e^3-64/385*c*d^3*(x*(25/26*B*x+A)*c+11/6*B*a)*e^2+128/1155*c^2*d^4*(15/13*B*x+A)*e-256/3003*B*c^2*d^5)/e^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(3465 Bc^2e^6x^6 - 1280 Bc^2d^6 + 1664 Ac^2d^5e - 4576 Bacd^4e^2 + 6864 Aacd^3e^3 - 6006 Ba^2d^2e^4 + 15015 Aa^2de^3 - 1280 Aa^2d^2e^2 + 640 Aa^2de - 128 Aa^2d + 128 Aa^2)}{e^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2}{45045} \cdot (3465 B^2 c^2 e^6 x^6 - 1280 B^2 c^2 d^6 + 1664 A c^2 d^5 e - 4576 B^2 a c d^4 e^2 + 6864 A^2 a c d^3 e^3 - 6006 B^2 a^2 d^2 e^4 + 15015 A^2 a^2 d e^5 + 315 (B^2 c^2 d e^5 + 13 A c^2 e^6) x^5 - 35 (10 B^2 c^2 d^2 e^4 - 13 A c^2 d e^5 - 286 B^2 a c e^6) x^4 + 10 (40 B^2 c^2 d^3 e^3 - 52 A c^2 d^2 e^4 + 143 B^2 a c d e^5 + 1287 A^2 a c e^6) x^3 - 3 (160 B^2 c^2 d^4 e^2 - 208 A c^2 d^3 e^3 + 572 B^2 a c d^2 e^4 - 858 A^2 a c d e^5 - 3003 B^2 a^2 e^6) x^2 + (640 B^2 c^2 d^5 e - 832 A c^2 d^4 e^2 + 2288 B^2 a c d^3 e^3 - 3432 A^2 a c d^2 e^4 + 3003 B^2 a^2 d e^5 + 15015 A^2 a^2 e^6) x) \cdot \sqrt{e x + d} / e^6$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int (A + Bx) \sqrt{d + ex} (a + cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\frac{Bc^2(d+ex)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13e^5} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{11}{2}} (Ac^2e-5Bc^2d)}{11e^5} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{9}{2}} (-4Ac^2de+2Bace^2+10Bc^2d^2)}{9e^5} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{7}{2}} (2Aace^3+6Ac^2d^2e-6Bacde^2-10Bc^2d^3)}{7e^5} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}} (2Aa^2c^2e^3+6Aa^2c^2de+6Aa^2c^2d^2)}{5e^5} \right)}{e} + \sqrt{d} \left(Aa^2x + \frac{2Aacx^3}{3} + \frac{Ac^2x^5}{5} + \frac{Ba^2x^2}{2} + \frac{Bacx^4}{2} + \frac{Bc^2x^6}{6} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(1/2)*(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(B*c**2*(d + e*x)**(13/2)/(13*e**5) + (d + e*x)**(11/2)*(A*c**2*e - 5*B*c**2*d)/(11*e**5) + (d + e*x)**(9/2)*(-4*A*c**2*d*e + 2*B*a*c**2**2 + 10*B*c**2*d**2)/(9*e**5) + (d + e*x)**(7/2)*(2*A*a*c*e**3 + 6*A*c**2*d**2*e - 6*B*a*c*d*e**2 - 10*B*c**2*d**3)/(7*e**5) + (d + e*x)**(5/2)*(-4*A*a*c*d*e**3 - 4*A*c**2*d**3*e + B*a**2*e**4 + 6*B*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 5*B*c**2*d**4)/(5*e**5) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)*(A*a**2*e**5 + 2*A*a*c*d**2*e**3 + A*c**2*d**4*e - B*a**2*d*e**4 - 2*B*a*c*d**3*e**2 - B*c**2*d**5)/(3*e**5))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (sqrt(d)*(A*a**2*x + 2*A*a*c*x**3/3 + A*c**2*x**5/5 + B*a**2*x**2/2 + B*a*c*x**4/2 + B*c**2*x**6/6), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(3465 (ex + d)^{\frac{13}{2}} Bc^2 - 4095 (5 Bc^2d - Ac^2e)(ex + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} + 10010 (5 Bc^2d^2 - 2 Ac^2de + Bace^2)(ex + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 12870 (5 Bc^2d^3 - 3 Ac^2d^2e + 3 B^2acde - A^2ac^2e^2)(ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} + 9009 (5 Bc^2d^4 - 4 Ac^2d^3e + 6 B^2ac^2de^2 - 4 A^2ac^3de^3 + B^2a^2e^4)(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 15015 (Bc^2d^5 - Ac^2d^4e + 2 B^2ac^2d^3e^2 - 2 A^2ac^3d^2e^3 + B^2a^2d^2e^4 - A^2a^2e^5)(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)}{e^6}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/45045*(3465*(e*x + d)^(13/2)*B*c^2 - 4095*(5*B*c^2*d - A*c^2*e)*(e*x + d)^(11/2) + 10010*(5*B*c^2*d^2 - 2*A*c^2*d*e + B*a*c*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 12870*(5*B*c^2*d^3 - 3*A*c^2*d^2*e + 3*B*a*c*d*e^2 - A*a*c*e^3)*(e*x + d)^(7/2) + 9009*(5*B*c^2*d^4 - 4*A*c^2*d^3*e + 6*B*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*A*a*c*d*e^3 + B*a^2*e^4)*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 15015*(B*c^2*d^5 - A*c^2*d^4*e + 2*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 2*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + B*a^2*d*e^4 - A*a^2*e^5)*(e*x + d)^(3/2))/e^6
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 633 vs. 2(194) = 388.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 633, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

2/45045*(45045*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*a^2*d + 15015*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x
+ d)*d)*A*a^2 + 15015*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*B*a^2*d/e + 6
006*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*A*a*
c*d/e^2 + 3003*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d
)*d^2)*B*a^2/e + 2574*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x
+ d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*B*a*c*d/e^3 + 2574*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/
2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)
*A*a*c/e^2 + 143*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x +
d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*A*c^2*d/e^
4 + 286*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*
d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*B*a*c/e^3 + 65*(63*
(e*x + d)^(11/2) - 385*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d + 990*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^2 - 1386*
(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^3 + 1155*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^4 - 693*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^5)*B*
c^2*d/e^5 + 65*(63*(e*x + d)^(11/2) - 385*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d + 990*(e*x + d
)^(7/2)*d^2 - 1386*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^3 + 1155*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^4 - 693*sq
rt(e*x + d)*d^5)*A*c^2/e^4 + 15*(231*(e*x + d)^(13/2) - 1638*(e*x + d)^(11
/2)*d + 5005*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d^2 - 8580*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^3 + 9009*(e*x +
d)^(5/2)*d^4 - 6006*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^5 + 3003*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^6)*B*c^2/e^
5)/e

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2)^2 dx \\
&= \frac{(d + ex)^{9/2} (20 B c^2 d^2 - 8 A c^2 d e + 4 B a c e^2)}{9 e^6} \\
&+ \frac{4 c (d + ex)^{7/2} (-5 B c d^3 + 3 A c d^2 e - 3 B a d e^2 + A a e^3)}{7 e^6} \\
&+ \frac{2 B c^2 (d + ex)^{13/2}}{13 e^6} + \frac{2 (c d^2 + a e^2) (d + ex)^{5/2} (5 B c d^2 - 4 A c d e + B a e^2)}{5 e^6} \\
&+ \frac{2 c^2 (A e - 5 B d) (d + ex)^{11/2}}{11 e^6} + \frac{2 (c d^2 + a e^2)^2 (A e - B d) (d + ex)^{3/2}}{3 e^6}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
((d + e*x)^(9/2)*(20*B*c^2*d^2 + 4*B*a*c*e^2 - 8*A*c^2*d*e))/(9*e^6) + (4*
c*(d + e*x)^(7/2)*(A*a*e^3 - 5*B*c*d^3 - 3*B*a*d*e^2 + 3*A*c*d^2*e))/(7*e^
6) + (2*B*c^2*(d + e*x)^(13/2))/(13*e^6) + (2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(5
/2)*(B*a*e^2 + 5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e))/(5*e^6) + (2*c^2*(A*e - 5*B*d)*(d +
e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^6) + (2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2*(A*e - B*d)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))
/(3*e^6)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d}(3465b^2c^2e^6x^6 + 4095abc^2e^6x^5 + 315b^2c^2de^5x^5 + 10010abc^2e^6x^4 + 455a^2c^2de^5x^4 - 350b^2c^2d^2e^4x^4 + \dots)}{45045e^6}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(15015*a**3*d*e**5 + 15015*a**3*e**6*x - 6006*a**2*b*d**2
*e**4 + 3003*a**2*b*d*e**5*x + 9009*a**2*b*e**6*x**2 + 6864*a**2*c*d**3*e*
*x**3 - 3432*a**2*c*d**2*e**4*x + 2574*a**2*c*d*e**5*x**2 + 12870*a**2*c*e**6
*x**3 - 4576*a*b*c*d**4*e**2 + 2288*a*b*c*d**3*e**3*x - 1716*a*b*c*d**2*e*
*x**2 + 1430*a*b*c*d*e**5*x**3 + 10010*a*b*c*e**6*x**4 + 1664*a*c**2*d**
5*e - 832*a*c**2*d**4*e**2*x + 624*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**2 - 520*a*c**2*d**2
*e**4*x**3 + 455*a*c**2*d*e**5*x**4 + 4095*a*c**2*e**6*x**5 - 1280*b*c**2*
d**6 + 640*b*c**2*d**5*e*x - 480*b*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 400*b*c**2*d**3*e
**3*x**3 - 350*b*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 315*b*c**2*d*e**5*x**5 + 3465*b*c**
2*e**6*x**6))/(45045*e**6)
```


3.112
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

Optimal result	928
Mathematica [A] (verified)	929
Rubi [A] (verified)	929
Maple [A] (verified)	931
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	931
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	932
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	933
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	933
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	934
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	935

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 216

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = -\frac{2(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{e^6} + \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)(5Bcd^2 - 4Acde + aBe^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^6} - \frac{4c(5Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^6} + \frac{4c(5Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^6} - \frac{2c^2(5Bd - Ae)(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^6} + \frac{2Bc^2(d+ex)^{11/2}}{11e^6}$$

output

```
-2*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^6+2/3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-4*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^6-4/5*c*(-A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+5*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^6+4/7*c*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^6-2/9*c^2*(-A*e+5*B*d)*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^6+2/11*B*c^2*(e*x+d)^(11/2)/e^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(11Ae(315a^2e^4 + 42ace^2(8d^2 - 4dex + 3e^2x^2) + c^2(128d^4 - 64d^3ex + 48d^2e^2x^2 - 40de^3x^3 + 3$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(11*A*e*(315*a^2*e^4 + 42*a*c*e^2*(8*d^2 - 4*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2) + c^2*(128*d^4 - 64*d^3*e*x + 48*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 40*d*e^3*x^3 + 35*e^4*x^4)) + B*(1155*a^2*e^4*(-2*d + e*x) + 198*a*c*e^2*(-16*d^3 + 8*d^2*e*x - 6*d*e^2*x^2 + 5*e^3*x^3) - 5*c^2*(256*d^5 - 128*d^4*e*x + 96*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 80*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 70*d*e^4*x^4 - 63*e^5*x^5))))/(3465*e^6)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 652$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{2c(d + ex)^{5/2} (-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 5Bcd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^5\sqrt{d + ex}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{4c(d+ex)^{7/2}(aBe^2-2Acde+5Bcd^2)}{7e^6} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2+cd^2)(aBe^2-4Acde+5Bcd^2)}{3e^6} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)^2(Bd-Ae)}{9e^6} - \frac{4c(d+ex)^{5/2}(-aAe^3+3aBde^2-3Acd^2e+5Bcd^3)}{5e^6} - \frac{2c^2(d+ex)^{9/2}(5Bd-Ae)}{9e^6} + \frac{2Bc^2(d+ex)^{11/2}}{11e^6}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/Sqrt[d + e*x], x]`

output `(-2*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/e^6 + (2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^6) - (4*c*(5*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^6) + (4*c*(5*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^6) - (2*c^2*(5*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^6) + (2*B*c^2*(d + e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^6)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$2\sqrt{ex+d} \left(\left(\frac{(9Bx+A)x^4c^2}{9} + \frac{2x^2a(5Bx+A)c}{5} + a^2 \left(\frac{Bx}{3} + A \right) \right) e^5 - \frac{8 \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{35Bx}{44} + A \right) x^3 c^2}{21} + ax \left(\frac{9Bx}{14} + A \right) c + \frac{5a^2 B}{4} \right) d e^4}{15} + \dots \right)$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Bc^2(ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2((Ae-Bd)c^2-4Bc^2d)(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(-4(Ae-Bd)c^2d+B(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4c^2d^2))(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2((Ae-Bd)(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4c^2d^2))}{e^6}$
default	$\frac{2Bc^2(ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2((Ae-Bd)c^2-4Bc^2d)(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(-4(Ae-Bd)c^2d+B(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4c^2d^2))(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2((Ae-Bd)(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4c^2d^2))}{e^6}$
gosper	$2\sqrt{ex+d} (315Bx^5c^2e^5 + 385Ax^4c^2e^5 - 350Bx^4c^2de^4 - 440Ax^3c^2de^4 + 990Bx^3ace^5 + 400Bx^3c^2d^2e^3 + 1386Ax^2ace^5)$
trager	$2\sqrt{ex+d} (315Bx^5c^2e^5 + 385Ax^4c^2e^5 - 350Bx^4c^2de^4 - 440Ax^3c^2de^4 + 990Bx^3ace^5 + 400Bx^3c^2d^2e^3 + 1386Ax^2ace^5)$
risch	$2\sqrt{ex+d} (315Bx^5c^2e^5 + 385Ax^4c^2e^5 - 350Bx^4c^2de^4 - 440Ax^3c^2de^4 + 990Bx^3ace^5 + 400Bx^3c^2d^2e^3 + 1386Ax^2ace^5)$
orering	$2\sqrt{ex+d} (315Bx^5c^2e^5 + 385Ax^4c^2e^5 - 350Bx^4c^2de^4 - 440Ax^3c^2de^4 + 990Bx^3ace^5 + 400Bx^3c^2d^2e^3 + 1386Ax^2ace^5)$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((1/9*(9/11*B*x+A)*x^4*c^2+2/5*x^2*a*(5/7*B*x+A)*c+a^2*(1/3*B*x+A))*e^5-8/15*(5/21*(35/44*B*x+A)*x^3*c^2+a*x*(9/14*B*x+A)*c+5/4*a^2*B)*d*e^4+16/15*c*d^2*(1/7*x^2*(25/33*B*x+A)*c+a*(3/7*B*x+A))*e^3-64/315*(x*(15/22*B*x+A)*c+9/2*B*a)*c*d^3*e^2+128/315*(5/11*B*x+A)*c^2*d^4*e-256/693*B*c^2*d^5)/e^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(315Bc^2e^5x^5 - 1280Bc^2d^5 + 1408Ac^2d^4e - 3168Bacd^3e^2 + 3696Aacd^2e^3 - 2310Ba^2de^4 + 3465Aa^2d^5)}{e^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2}{3465}*(315*B*c^2*e^5*x^5 - 1280*B*c^2*d^5 + 1408*A*c^2*d^4*e - 3168*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 3696*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 2310*B*a^2*d*e^4 + 3465*A*a^2*e^5 - 35*(10*B*c^2*d*e^4 - 11*A*c^2*e^5)*x^4 + 10*(40*B*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 44*A*c^2*d*e^4 + 99*B*a*c*e^5)*x^3 - 6*(80*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 88*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 198*B*a*c*d*e^4 - 231*A*a*c*e^5)*x^2 + (640*B*c^2*d^4*e - 704*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 1584*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 1848*A*a*c*d*e^4 + 1155*B*a^2*e^5)*x)*\sqrt{e*x + d}/e^6$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2 \left(\frac{Bc^2(d+ex)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11e^5} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{9}{2}}(Ac^2e-5Bc^2d)}{9e^5} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{7}{2}}(-4Ac^2de+2Bace^2+10Bc^2d^2)}{7e^5} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}(2Aace^3+6Ac^2d^2e-6Bacde^2-10Bc^2d^3)}{5e^5} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{e} \right) \\ \frac{Aa^2x + \frac{2Aacx^3}{3} + \frac{Ac^2x^5}{5} + \frac{Ba^2x^2}{2} + \frac{Bacx^4}{2} + \frac{Bc^2x^6}{6}}{\sqrt{d}} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(B*c**2*(d + e*x)**(11/2))/(11*e**5) + (d + e*x)**(9/2)*(A*c**2*e - 5*B*c**2*d)/(9*e**5) + (d + e*x)**(7/2)*(-4*A*c**2*d*e + 2*B*a*c*e**2 + 10*B*c**2*d**2)/(7*e**5) + (d + e*x)**(5/2)*(2*A*a*c*e**3 + 6*A*c**2*d**2*e - 6*B*a*c*d*e**2 - 10*B*c**2*d**3)/(5*e**5) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)*(-4*A*a*c*d*e**3 - 4*A*c**2*d**3*e + B*a**2*e**4 + 6*B*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 5*B*c**2*d**4)/(3*e**5) + sqrt(d + e*x)*(A*a**2*e**5 + 2*A*a*c*d**2*e**3 + A*c**2*d**4*e - B*a**2*d*e**4 - 2*B*a*c*d**3*e**2 - B*c**2*d**5)/e**5)/e, Ne(e, 0)), ((A*a**2*x + 2*A*a*c*x**3/3 + A*c**2*x**5/5 + B*a**2*x**2/2 + B*a*c*x**4/2 + B*c**2*x**6/6)/sqrt(d), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(315 (ex + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} Bc^2 - 385 (5 Bc^2 d - Ac^2 e)(ex + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} + 990 (5 Bc^2 d^2 - 2 Ac^2 de + Bace^2)(ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 1386 (5 Bc^2 d^3 - 3 Aac^2 d^2 e + 3 B^2 a^2 c^2 d e^2 - A^2 a^2 c^2 e^3)(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 1155 (5 Bc^2 d^4 - 4 Aac^2 d^3 e + 6 B^2 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 - 4 A^2 a^2 c^2 d e^3 + B^2 a^2 e^4)(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3465 (Bc^2 d^5 - Aac^2 d^4 e + 2 B^2 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^2 - 2 A^2 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^3 + B^2 a^2 d^2 e^4 - A^2 a^2 e^5) \sqrt{ex + d} \right)}{e^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3465*(315*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*B*c^2 - 385*(5*B*c^2*d - A*c^2*e)*(e*x + d)^(9/2) + 990*(5*B*c^2*d^2 - 2*A*c^2*d*e + B*a*c*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 1386*(5*B*c^2*d^3 - 3*A*c^2*d^2*e + 3*B*a*c*d*e^2 - A*a*c*e^3)*(e*x + d)^(5/2) + 1155*(5*B*c^2*d^4 - 4*A*c^2*d^3*e + 6*B*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*A*a*c*d*e^3 + B*a^2*e^4)*(e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3465*(B*c^2*d^5 - A*c^2*d^4*e + 2*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 2*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + B*a^2*d*e^4 - A*a^2*e^5)*sqrt(e*x + d))/e^6`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(3465 \sqrt{ex + d} Aa^2 + \frac{1155 \left((ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{ex+dd} \right) Ba^2}{e} + \frac{462 \left(3 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d + 15 \sqrt{ex+dd^2} \right) Aac}{e^2} + \frac{198 \left(5 (ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 10 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} d + 5 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2 - 5 \sqrt{ex+dd^2} \right) A^2 a^2}{e^3} \right)}{e^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/3465*(3465*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*a^2 + 1155*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)
*d)*B*a^2/e + 462*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x
+ d)*d^2)*A*a*c/e^2 + 198*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(
e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*B*a*c/e^3 + 11*(35*(e*x + d)^(9
/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2
)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*A*c^2/e^4 + 5*(63*(e*x + d)^(11/2) - 385*(e
*x + d)^(9/2)*d + 990*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^2 - 1386*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^3 + 115
5*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^4 - 693*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^5)*B*c^2/e^5)/e
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2} (20 B c^2 d^2 - 8 A c^2 d e + 4 B a c e^2)}{7 e^6}$$

$$+ \frac{4 c (d + ex)^{5/2} (-5 B c d^3 + 3 A c d^2 e - 3 B a d e^2 + A a e^3)}{5 e^6}$$

$$+ \frac{2 B c^2 (d + ex)^{11/2}}{11 e^6} + \frac{2 (c d^2 + a e^2) (d + ex)^{3/2} (5 B c d^2 - 4 A c d e + B a e^2)}{3 e^6}$$

$$+ \frac{2 c^2 (A e - 5 B d) (d + ex)^{9/2}}{9 e^6} + \frac{2 (c d^2 + a e^2)^2 (A e - B d) \sqrt{d + ex}}{e^6}$$

input

```
int(((a + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
((d + e*x)^(7/2)*(20*B*c^2*d^2 + 4*B*a*c*e^2 - 8*A*c^2*d*e))/(7*e^6) + (4*
c*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(A*a*e^3 - 5*B*c*d^3 - 3*B*a*d*e^2 + 3*A*c*d^2*e))/(5*e^
6) + (2*B*c^2*(d + e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^6) + (2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(3
/2)*(B*a*e^2 + 5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e))/(3*e^6) + (2*c^2*(A*e - 5*B*d)*(d +
e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^6) + (2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2*(A*e - B*d)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/e
^6
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d}(315b^2c^2e^5x^5 + 385a^2c^2e^5x^4 - 350b^2c^2de^4x^4 + 990abc^2e^5x^3 - 440a^2c^2de^4x^3 + 400b^2c^2d^2e^3x^3 + 1$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(3465*a**3*e**5 - 2310*a**2*b*d*e**4 + 1155*a**2*b*e**5*x + 3696*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 - 1848*a**2*c*d*e**4*x + 1386*a**2*c*e**5*x**2 - 3168*a*b*c*d**3*e**2 + 1584*a*b*c*d**2*e**3*x - 1188*a*b*c*d*e**4*x**2 + 990*a*b*c*e**5*x**3 + 1408*a*c**2*d**4*e - 704*a*c**2*d**3*e**2*x + 528*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2 - 440*a*c**2*d*e**4*x**3 + 385*a*c**2*e**5*x**4 - 1280*b*c**2*d**5 + 640*b*c**2*d**4*e*x - 480*b*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 400*b*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**3 - 350*b*c**2*d*e**4*x**4 + 315*b*c**2*e**5*x**5))/(3465*e**6)`

3.113 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	936
Mathematica [A] (verified)	937
Rubi [A] (verified)	937
Maple [A] (verified)	939
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	939
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	940
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	940
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	941
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	942
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	942

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{e^6 \sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)(5Bcd^2 - 4Acde + aBe^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^6} - \frac{4c(5Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^6} + \frac{4c(5Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^6} - \frac{2c^2(5Bd - Ae)(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^6} + \frac{2Bc^2(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^6}$$

output

```
2*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^6/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-4*A*c*d*e
+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^6-4/3*c*(-A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*
e^2+5*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^6+4/5*c*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)*(e*x
+d)^(5/2)/e^6-2/7*c^2*(-A*e+5*B*d)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^6+2/9*B*c^2*(e*x+d)^(9/
2)/e^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-6Ae(105a^2e^4 + 70ace^2(8d^2 + 4dex - e^2x^2) + 3c^2(128d^4 + 64d^3ex - 16d^2e^2x^2)) + 2B(315a^2e^4(2d + ex) + 126a^2ce^2(16d^3 + 8d^2ex - 2de^2x^2 + e^3x^3) + 5c^2(256d^5 + 128d^4ex - 32d^3e^2x^2 + 16d^2e^3x^3 - 10de^4x^4 + 7e^5x^5))}{315e^6\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]`output `(-6*A*e*(105*a^2*e^4 + 70*a*c*e^2*(8*d^2 + 4*d*e*x - e^2*x^2) + 3*c^2*(128*d^4 + 64*d^3*e*x - 16*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 8*d*e^3*x^3 - 5*e^4*x^4)) + 2*B*(315*a^2*e^4*(2*d + e*x) + 126*a*c*e^2*(16*d^3 + 8*d^2*e*x - 2*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3) + 5*c^2*(256*d^5 + 128*d^4*e*x - 32*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 16*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 10*d*e^4*x^4 + 7*e^5*x^5)))/(315*e^6*sqrt[d + e*x])`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{2c(d + ex)^{3/2}(-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 5Bcd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^5\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Ae - Bx)}{e^5(d + ex)^{3/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4c(d+ex)^{5/2}(aBe^2-2Acde+5Bcd^2)}{5e^6} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)(aBe^2-4Acde+5Bcd^2)}{e^6} + \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)^2(Bd-Ae)}{e^6\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4c(d+ex)^{3/2}(-aAe^3+3aBde^2-3Acd^2e+5Bcd^3)}{7e^6} - \frac{2c^2(d+ex)^{7/2}(5Bd-Ae)}{7e^6} + \frac{2Bc^2(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^6}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(e^6*sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*sqrt[d + e*x])/e^6 - (4*c*(5*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^6) + (4*c*(5*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^6) - (2*c^2*(5*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^6) + (2*B*c^2*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^6)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\left(\left(70Bx^5+90Ax^4\right)c^2+420\left(\frac{3Bx}{5}+A\right)x^2ac-630a^2(-Bx+A)\right)e^5-1680d\left(\left(\frac{5}{84}Bx^4+\frac{3}{35}Ax^3\right)c^2+ax\left(\frac{3Bx}{10}+A\right)c-\frac{3a^2}{4}\right)}{315e^5}$
risch	$\frac{2(-35e^4Bc^2x^4-45e^4Ac^2x^3+85de^3Bc^2x^3+117de^3Ac^2x^2-126e^4Bacx^2-165d^2e^2c^2Bx^2-210e^4Aacx-261d^2e^2)}{315e^5}$
gosper	$\frac{2(-35Bx^5c^2e^5-45Ax^4c^2e^5+50Bx^4c^2de^4+72Ax^3c^2de^4-126Bx^3ace^5-80Bx^3c^2d^2e^3-210Ax^2ace^5-144Ax^2c^2d^2e^3-210Ax^2c^2d^2e^3-210Ax^2ace^5-144Ax^2c^2d^2e^3)}{315e^5}$
trager	$\frac{2(-35Bx^5c^2e^5-45Ax^4c^2e^5+50Bx^4c^2de^4+72Ax^3c^2de^4-126Bx^3ace^5-80Bx^3c^2d^2e^3-210Ax^2ace^5-144Ax^2c^2d^2e^3-210Ax^2c^2d^2e^3-210Ax^2ace^5-144Ax^2c^2d^2e^3)}{315e^5}$
oring	$\frac{2(-35Bx^5c^2e^5-45Ax^4c^2e^5+50Bx^4c^2de^4+72Ax^3c^2de^4-126Bx^3ace^5-80Bx^3c^2d^2e^3-210Ax^2ace^5-144Ax^2c^2d^2e^3-210Ax^2c^2d^2e^3-210Ax^2ace^5-144Ax^2c^2d^2e^3)}{315e^5}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Bc^2(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2Ac^2e(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{10Bc^2d(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{8Ac^2de(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{4Bace^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 4Bc^2d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{4Aace^3(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3}$
default	$\frac{2Bc^2(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2Ac^2e(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{10Bc^2d(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{8Ac^2de(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{4Bace^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 4Bc^2d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{4Aace^3(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/315*(((70*B*x^5+90*A*x^4)*c^2+420*(3/5*B*x+A)*x^2*a*c-630*a^2*(-B*x+A))*e^5-1680*d*((5/84*B*x^4+3/35*A*x^3)*c^2+a*x*(3/10*B*x+A)*c-3/4*a^2*B)*e^4-3360*c*d^2*(-3/35*(5/9*B*x+A)*x^2*c+a*(-3/5*B*x+A))*e^3-1152*c*d^3*(x*(5/18*B*x+A)*c-7/2*B*a)*e^2-2304*(-5/9*B*x+A)*c^2*d^4*e+2560*B*c^2*d^5)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(35Bc^2e^5x^5+1280Bc^2d^5-1152Ac^2d^4e+2016Bacd^3e^2-1680Aacd^2e^3-3360c^2d^2(-3/35(5/9Bx+A)x^2c+a(-3/5Bx+A))*e^3-1152c^2d^3(x(5/18Bx+A)*c-7/2Ba)*e^2-2304(-5/9Bx+A)*c^2d^4e+2560Bc^2d^5)}{(e*x+d)^{1/2}/e^6}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/315*(35*B*c^2*e^5*x^5 + 1280*B*c^2*d^5 - 1152*A*c^2*d^4*e + 2016*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 1680*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 630*B*a^2*d*e^4 - 315*A*a^2*e^5 - 5*(10*B*c^2*d*e^4 - 9*A*c^2*e^5)*x^4 + 2*(40*B*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 36*A*c^2*d*e^4 + 63*B*a*c*e^5)*x^3 - 2*(80*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 72*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 126*B*a*c*d*e^4 - 105*A*a*c*e^5)*x^2 + (640*B*c^2*d^4*e - 576*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 1008*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 840*A*a*c*d*e^4 + 315*B*a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^7*x + d*e^6)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 323, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{Bc^2(d+ex)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9e^5} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{7}{2}}(Ac^2e-5Bc^2d)}{7e^5} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}(-4Ac^2de+2Bace^2+10Bc^2d^2)}{5e^5} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}(2Aace^3+6Aa^2c^2e^2)}{3e^5} \right)}{\frac{Aa^2x + \frac{2Aacx^3}{3} + \frac{Ac^2x^5}{5} + \frac{Ba^2x^2}{2} + \frac{Bacx^4}{2} + \frac{Bc^2x^6}{6}}{d^{\frac{3}{2}}}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((2*(B*c**2*(d + e*x)**(9/2)/(9*e**5) + (d + e*x)**(7/2)*(A*c**2*e - 5*B*c**2*d)/(7*e**5) + (d + e*x)**(5/2)*(-4*A*c**2*d*e + 2*B*a*c*e**2 + 10*B*c**2*d**2)/(5*e**5) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)*(2*A*a*c*e**3 + 6*A*c**2*d**2*e - 6*B*a*c*d*e**2 - 10*B*c**2*d**3))/(3*e**5) + sqrt(d + e*x)*(-4*A*a*c*d*e**3 - 4*A*c**2*d**3*e + B*a**2*e**4 + 6*B*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 5*B*c**2*d**4)/e**5 + (-A*e + B*d)*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(e**5*sqrt(d + e*x)))/e, Ne(e, 0)), ((A*a**2*x + 2*A*a*c*x**3/3 + A*c**2*x**5/5 + B*a**2*x**2/2 + B*a*c*x**4/2 + B*c**2*x**6/6)/d**(3/2), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{35(e*x+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}Bc^2 - 45(5Bc^2d - Ac^2e)(e*x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} + 126(5Bc^2d^2 - 2Ac^2de + Bace^2)(e*x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 210(5Bc^2d^2 - 2Ac^2de + Bace^2)(e*x+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 105Aa^2c^2e^2(e*x+d)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{d^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{d^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/315*((35*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*B*c^2 - 45*(5*B*c^2*d - A*c^2*e)*(e*x + d)^(7/2)
) + 126*(5*B*c^2*d^2 - 2*A*c^2*d*e + B*a*c*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 210*(5*B
*c^2*d^3 - 3*A*c^2*d^2*e + 3*B*a*c*d*e^2 - A*a*c*e^3)*(e*x + d)^(3/2) + 31
5*(5*B*c^2*d^4 - 4*A*c^2*d^3*e + 6*B*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*A*a*c*d*e^3 + B*a^2*e
^4)*sqrt(e*x + d))/e^5 + 315*(B*c^2*d^5 - A*c^2*d^4*e + 2*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 -
2*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + B*a^2*d*e^4 - A*a^2*e^5)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^5))/e
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bc^2d^5 - Ac^2d^4e + 2Bacd^3e^2 - 2Aacd^2e^3 + Ba^2de^4 - Aa^2e^5)}{\sqrt{ex + d}e^6} + \frac{2\left(35(ex + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}Bc^2e^{48} - 225(ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}Bc^2de^{48} + 630(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}Bc^2d^2e^{48} - 1050(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bc^2d^3e^{48} + 1575(ex + d)^{\frac{1}{2}}Bc^2d^4e^{48} - 45(ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}A*c^2*e^{49} - 252(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}A*c^2*d*e^{49} + 630(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}A*c^2*d^2*e^{49} - 1260*sqrt(ex + d)*A*c^2*d^3*e^{49} + 126*(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}*B*a*c*e^{50} - 630*(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}*B*a*c*d*e^{50} + 1890*sqrt(ex + d)*B*a*c*d^2*e^{50} + 210*(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}*A*a*c*e^{51} - 1260*sqrt(ex + d)*A*a*c*d*e^{51} + 315*sqrt(ex + d)*B*a^2*e^{52}\right)}{e^{54}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2*(B*c^2*d^5 - A*c^2*d^4*e + 2*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 2*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + B*a^2*d*e
^4 - A*a^2*e^5)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^6) + 2/315*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*B*c^2*e^48
- 225*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*B*c^2*d*e^48 + 630*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*B*c^2*d^2*e^48 -
1050*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*c^2*d^3*e^48 + 1575*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*c^2*d^4*e^48 +
45*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*A*c^2*e^49 - 252*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*A*c^2*d*e^49 + 630*(e
*x + d)^(3/2)*A*c^2*d^2*e^49 - 1260*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*c^2*d^3*e^49 + 126*(e
*x + d)^(5/2)*B*a*c*e^50 - 630*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*a*c*d*e^50 + 1890*sqrt(e*x
+ d)*B*a*c*d^2*e^50 + 210*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*A*a*c*e^51 - 1260*sqrt(e*x + d)
*A*a*c*d*e^51 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*a^2*e^52)/e^54
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(20Bc^2d^2 - 8Ac^2de + 4Bace^2)}{5e^6} - \frac{-2Ba^2de^4 + 2Aa^2e^5 - 4Bacd^3e^2 + 4Aacd^2e^3 - 2Bc^2d^5 + 2Ac^2d^4e}{e^6\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{4c(d+ex)^{3/2}(-5Bcd^3 + 3Ac d^2e - 3Bade^2 + Aae^3)}{3e^6} + \frac{2Bc^2(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^6} + \frac{2(c d^2 + a e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(5Bcd^2 - 4Acde + Bae^2)}{e^6} + \frac{2c^2(Ae - 5Bd)(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^6}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)`output $((d+ex)^{5/2}(20Bc^2d^2 + 4B*a*c*e^2 - 8A*c^2*d*e))/(5*e^6) - (2*A*a^2*e^5 - 2*B*c^2*d^5 - 2*B*a^2*d*e^4 + 2*A*c^2*d^4*e + 4*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 4*B*a*c*d^3*e^2)/(e^6*(d+e*x)^{1/2}) + (4*c*(d+e*x)^{3/2}*(A*a*e^3 - 5*B*c*d^3 - 3*B*a*d*e^2 + 3*A*c*d^2*e))/(3*e^6) + (2*B*c^2*(d+e*x)^{9/2})/(9*e^6) + (2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)*(d+e*x)^{1/2}*(B*a*e^2 + 5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e))/e^6 + (2*c^2*(A*e - 5*B*d)*(d+e*x)^{7/2})/(7*e^6)$ **Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{9}bc^2e^5x^5 + \frac{2}{7}ac^2e^5x^4 - \frac{20}{63}b^2c^2de^4x^4 + \frac{4}{5}abc^2e^5x^3 - \frac{16}{35}ac^2de^4x^3 + \frac{32}{63}b^2c^2d^2e^3x^3}{(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2), x)`

output

```
(2*( - 315*a**3*e**5 + 630*a**2*b*d*e**4 + 315*a**2*b*e**5*x - 1680*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 - 840*a**2*c*d*e**4*x + 210*a**2*c*e**5*x**2 + 2016*a*b*c*d**3*e**2 + 1008*a*b*c*d**2*e**3*x - 252*a*b*c*d*e**4*x**2 + 126*a*b*c*e**5*x**3 - 1152*a*c**2*d**4*e - 576*a*c**2*d**3*e**2*x + 144*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2 - 72*a*c**2*d*e**4*x**3 + 45*a*c**2*e**5*x**4 + 1280*b*c**2*d**5 + 640*b*c**2*d**4*e*x - 160*b*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 80*b*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**3 - 50*b*c**2*d*e**4*x**4 + 35*b*c**2*e**5*x**5))/(315*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**6)
```


3.114
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	944
Mathematica [A] (verified)	945
Rubi [A] (verified)	945
Maple [A] (verified)	947
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	947
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	948
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	949
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	949
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	950
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	951

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{3e^6(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)(5Bcd^2 - 4Acde + aBe^2)}{e^6\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4c(5Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^6} + \frac{4c(5Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^6} - \frac{2c^2(5Bd - Ae)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^6} + \frac{2Bc^2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^6}$$

output

```
2/3*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^6/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-4*A*c*d
*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)/e^6/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-4*c*(-A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*
e^2+5*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^6+4/3*c*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)*(e*x
+d)^(3/2)/e^6-2/5*c^2*(-A*e+5*B*d)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^6+2/7*B*c^2*(e*x+d)^(7/
2)/e^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{14Ae(-5a^2e^4 + 10ace^2(8d^2 + 12dex + 3e^2x^2) + c^2(128d^4 + 192d^3ex + 48d^2e^2x^2) - 8d^2e^3x^3 + 3e^4x^4) - 10B(7a^2e^4(2d + 3ex) + 14aac^2e^2(16d^3 + 24d^2ex + 6d^2e^2x^2 - e^3x^3) + c^2(256d^5 + 384d^4ex + 96d^3e^2x^2 - 16d^2e^3x^3 + 6d^2e^4x^4 - 3e^5x^5))}{105e^6(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output
$$\frac{(14Ae(-5a^2e^4 + 10aac^2e^2(8d^2 + 12dex + 3e^2x^2) + c^2(128d^4 + 192d^3ex + 48d^2e^2x^2 - 8d^2e^3x^3 + 3e^4x^4)) - 10B(7a^2e^4(2d + 3ex) + 14aac^2e^2(16d^3 + 24d^2ex + 6d^2e^2x^2 - e^3x^3) + c^2(256d^5 + 384d^4ex + 96d^3e^2x^2 - 16d^2e^3x^3 + 6d^2e^4x^4 - 3e^5x^5))}{105e^6(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}(-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 5Bcd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^5(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Ae - Bc)}{e^5(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4c(d+ex)^{3/2}(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{3e^6} - \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^6\sqrt{d+ex}} +$$

$$\frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Bd - Ae)}{3e^6(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{4c\sqrt{d+ex}(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 3Acd^2e + 5Bcd^3)}{e^6} -$$

$$\frac{2c^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(5Bd - Ae)}{5e^6} + \frac{2Bc^2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^6}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(3*e^6*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(e^6*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (4*c*(5*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/e^6 + (4*c*(5*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^6) - (2*c^2*(5*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^6) + (2*B*c^2*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^6)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\left((30Bx^5+42Ax^4)c^2+420x^2a\left(\frac{Bx}{3}+A\right)c-70a^2(3Bx+A)\right)e^5+1680d\left(-\frac{1}{28}Bx^4-\frac{1}{15}Ax^3\right)c^2+ax\left(-\frac{Bx}{2}+A\right)c-\frac{a^2B}{12}}{10}$
risch	$\frac{2c(15Bcx^3e^3+21A^2c^2e^3-60Bx^2cde^2-98Axcde^2+70Bxa^3e^3+185Bxcde^2+210Aae^3+511Acde^2e-560Bad^2e^2-790Ad^2e^2)}{105e^6}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(-15Bx^5c^2e^5-21Ax^4c^2e^5+30Bx^4c^2de^4+56Ax^3c^2de^4-70Bx^3ace^5-80Bx^3c^2d^2e^3-210Ax^2ace^5-336Ax^2c^2d^2e^3)}{105e^6}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-15Bx^5c^2e^5-21Ax^4c^2e^5+30Bx^4c^2de^4+56Ax^3c^2de^4-70Bx^3ace^5-80Bx^3c^2d^2e^3-210Ax^2ace^5-336Ax^2c^2d^2e^3)}{105e^6}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-15Bx^5c^2e^5-21Ax^4c^2e^5+30Bx^4c^2de^4+56Ax^3c^2de^4-70Bx^3ace^5-80Bx^3c^2d^2e^3-210Ax^2ace^5-336Ax^2c^2d^2e^3)}{105e^6}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Bc^2(e^7x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2A^2c^2e^{\frac{5}{2}}(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - 2Bc^2d(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{8A^2c^2de^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{4Bac^2e^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{20Bc^2d^2(e^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}})}{3} + 4Aace^3\sqrt{ex+d}$
default	$\frac{2Bc^2(e^7x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2A^2c^2e^{\frac{5}{2}}(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - 2Bc^2d(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{8A^2c^2de^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{4Bac^2e^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{20Bc^2d^2(e^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}})}{3} + 4Aace^3\sqrt{ex+d}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/105*(((30*B*x^5+42*A*x^4)*c^2+420*x^2*a*(1/3*B*x+A)*c-70*a^2*(3*B*x+A))*
e^5+1680*d*((-1/28*B*x^4-1/15*A*x^3)*c^2+a*x*(-1/2*B*x+A)*c-1/12*a^2*B)*e^
4+1120*c*d^2*((1/7*B*x^3+3/5*A*x^2)*c+a*(-3*B*x+A))*e^3+2688*c*d^3*(x*(-5/
14*B*x+A)*c-5/6*B*a)*e^2+1792*c^2*d^4*(-15/7*B*x+A)*e-2560*B*c^2*d^5)/(e*x
+d)^(3/2)/e^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(15Bc^2e^5x^5 - 1280Bc^2d^5 + 896Ac^2d^4e - 1120Bacd^3e^2 + 560Aacd^2e^3 - \dots)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/105*(15*B*c^2*e^5*x^5 - 1280*B*c^2*d^5 + 896*A*c^2*d^4*e - 1120*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 560*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 70*B*a^2*d*e^4 - 35*A*a^2*e^5 - 3*(10*B*c^2*d*e^4 - 7*A*c^2*e^5)*x^4 + 2*(40*B*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 28*A*c^2*d*e^4 + 35*B*a*c*e^5)*x^3 - 6*(80*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 56*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 70*B*a*c*d*e^4 - 35*A*a*c*e^5)*x^2 - 3*(640*B*c^2*d^4*e - 448*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 560*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 280*A*a*c*d*e^4 + 35*B*a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^8*x^2 + 2*d*e^7*x + d^2*e^6)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \left\{ \frac{2 \left(\frac{Bc^2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^5} + \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(Ac^2e-5Bc^2d)}{5e^5} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(-4Ac^2de+2Bace^2+10Bc^2d^2)}{3e^5} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(2Aace^3+6Ac^2e)}{e}}{\frac{Aa^2x + \frac{2Aacx^3}{3} + \frac{Ac^2x^5}{5} + \frac{Ba^2x^2}{2} + \frac{Bacx^4}{2} + \frac{Bc^2x^6}{6}}{d^{5/2}}} \right.$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((2*(B*c**2*(d + e*x)**(7/2)/(7*e**5) + (d + e*x)**(5/2)*(A*c**2*e - 5*B*c**2*d)/(5*e**5) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)*(-4*A*c**2*d*e + 2*B*a*c*e**2 + 10*B*c**2*d**2)/(3*e**5) + sqrt(d + e*x)*(2*A*a*c*e**3 + 6*A*c**2*d**2*e - 6*B*a*c*d*e**2 - 10*B*c**2*d**3)/e**5 - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)*(-4*A*c*d*e + B*a*e**2 + 5*B*c*d**2)/(e**5*sqrt(d + e*x)) + (-A*e + B*d)*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(3*e**5*(d + e*x)**(3/2)))/e, Ne(e, 0)), ((A*a**2*x + 2*A*a*c*x**3/3 + A*c**2*x**5/5 + B*a**2*x**2/2 + B*a*c*x**4/2 + B*c**2*x**6/6)/d**(5/2), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{15(ex+d)^{7/2} Bc^2 - 21(5Bc^2d - Ac^2e)(ex+d)^{5/2} + 70(5Bc^2d^2 - 2Ac^2de + Bace^2)(ex+d)^{3/2} - 210(5Bc^2d^3 - 3Ac^2d^2e + 3B^2acde - A^2ac^2e^3) \sqrt{ex+d}}{e^5} \right)}{e^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2/105*((15*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*B*c^2 - 21*(5*B*c^2*d - A*c^2*e)*(e*x + d)^(5/2)
) + 70*(5*B*c^2*d^2 - 2*A*c^2*d*e + B*a*c*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(3/2) - 210*(5*B*
c^2*d^3 - 3*A*c^2*d^2*e + 3*B*a*c*d*e^2 - A*a*c*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d))/e^5 +
35*(B*c^2*d^5 - A*c^2*d^4*e + 2*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 2*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + B*a^2*d*
e^4 - A*a^2*e^5 - 3*(5*B*c^2*d^4 - 4*A*c^2*d^3*e + 6*B*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*A*a
*c*d*e^3 + B*a^2*e^4)*(e*x + d))/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*e^5))/e
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(15(ex+d)Bc^2d^4 - Bc^2d^5 - 12(ex+d)Ac^2d^3e + Ac^2d^4e + 18(ex+d)Bacd^2e^2 - 2Bacd^3e^2 - 12(ex+d)B^2acd^2e^2 + 12(ex+d)A^2ac^2e^3) \sqrt{ex+d} + 2 \left(15(ex+d)^{7/2} Bc^2e^{36} - 105(ex+d)^{5/2} Bc^2de^{36} + 350(ex+d)^{3/2} Bc^2d^2e^{36} - 1050 \sqrt{ex+d} Bc^2d^3e^{36} + 2100 Bc^2d^4e^{36} - 1050 Bc^2d^5e^{36} \right)}{3(ex+d)^{3/2}e^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-2/3*(15*(e*x + d)*B*c^2*d^4 - B*c^2*d^5 - 12*(e*x + d)*A*c^2*d^3*e + A*c^
2*d^4*e + 18*(e*x + d)*B*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 12*(e*x + d)*A*a*
c*d*e^3 + 2*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 3*(e*x + d)*B*a^2*e^4 - B*a^2*d*e^4 + A*a^2*e^
5)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*e^6) + 2/105*(15*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*B*c^2*e^36 - 105*(e*x
+ d)^(5/2)*B*c^2*d*e^36 + 350*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*c^2*d^2*e^36 - 1050*sqrt(
e*x + d)*B*c^2*d^3*e^36 + 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*A*c^2*e^37 - 140*(e*x + d)^(3
/2)*A*c^2*d*e^37 + 630*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*c^2*d^2*e^37 + 70*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*B
*a*c*e^38 - 630*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*a*c*d*e^38 + 210*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*a*c*e^39)
/e^42
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}(20Bc^2d^2 - 8Ac^2de + 4Bace^2)}{3e^6}$$

$$- \frac{(d + ex)(2Ba^2e^4 + 12Bacd^2e^2 - 8Aacde^3 + 10Bc^2d^4 - 8Ac^2d^3e) + \frac{2Aa^2e^5}{3} - \frac{2Bc^2d^5}{3} - \frac{2Ba^2de}{3}}{e^6(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{4c\sqrt{d + ex}(-5Bcd^3 + 3Acd^2e - 3Bade^2 + Aae^3)}{e^6}$$

$$+ \frac{2Bc^2(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^6} + \frac{2c^2(Ae - 5Bd)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^6}$$

input

```
int(((a + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(20*B*c^2*d^2 + 4*B*a*c*e^2 - 8*A*c^2*d*e))/(3*e^6) - ((d
+ e*x)*(2*B*a^2*e^4 + 10*B*c^2*d^4 - 8*A*c^2*d^3*e - 8*A*a*c*d*e^3 + 12*B
*a*c*d^2*e^2) + (2*A*a^2*e^5)/3 - (2*B*c^2*d^5)/3 - (2*B*a^2*d*e^4)/3 + (2
*A*c^2*d^4*e)/3 + (4*A*a*c*d^2*e^3)/3 - (4*B*a*c*d^3*e^2)/3)/(e^6*(d + e*x
)^(3/2)) + (4*c*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(A*a*e^3 - 5*B*c*d^3 - 3*B*a*d*e^2 + 3*A*c
*d^2*e))/e^6 + (2*B*c^2*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^6) + (2*c^2*(A*e - 5*B*d)*(d
+ e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^6)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{7}bc^2e^5x^5 + \frac{2}{5}ac^2e^5x^4 - \frac{4}{7}bc^2de^4x^4 + \frac{4}{3}abc^2e^5x^3 - \frac{16}{15}ac^2de^4x^3 + \frac{32}{21}bc^2d^2e^3x^3$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*(-35*a**3*e**5 - 70*a**2*b*d*e**4 - 105*a**2*b*e**5*x + 560*a**2*c*d*
*2*e**3 + 840*a**2*c*d*e**4*x + 210*a**2*c*e**5*x**2 - 1120*a*b*c*d**3*e**
2 - 1680*a*b*c*d**2*e**3*x - 420*a*b*c*d*e**4*x**2 + 70*a*b*c*e**5*x**3 +
896*a*c**2*d**4*e + 1344*a*c**2*d**3*e**2*x + 336*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2 -
56*a*c**2*d*e**4*x**3 + 21*a*c**2*e**5*x**4 - 1280*b*c**2*d**5 - 1920*b*c*
*2*d**4*e*x - 480*b*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 80*b*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**3 - 30*b*
c**2*d*e**4*x**4 + 15*b*c**2*e**5*x**5)/(105*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**6*(d + e*x)
)`

3.115 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	952
Mathematica [A] (verified)	953
Rubi [A] (verified)	953
Maple [A] (verified)	955
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	955
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	956
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	957
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	957
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	958
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	958

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{5e^6(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)(5Bcd^2 - 4Acde + aBe^2)}{3e^6(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4c(5Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)}{e^6\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{4c(5Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^6} - \frac{2c^2(5Bd - Ae)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^6} + \frac{2Bc^2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^6}$$

output

```
2/5*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^6/(e*x+d)^(5/2)-2/3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-4*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)/e^6/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+4*c*(-A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+5*B*c*d^3)/e^6/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+4*c*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^6-2/3*c^2*(-A*e+5*B*d)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^6+2/5*B*c^2*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(3a^2Ae^5 + a^2Be^4(2d + 5ex) + 2aAce^3(8d^2 + 20dex + 15e^2x^2) - 6aBce^2(16d^3 + 40d^2ex + 30de^2x^2 + 5e^3x^3) + A^2c^2e^2(128d^4 + 320d^3ex + 240d^2e^2x^2 + 40de^3x^3 - 5e^4x^4) - B^2c^2(256d^5 + 640d^4ex + 480d^3e^2x^2 + 80d^2e^3x^3 - 10de^4x^4 + 3e^5x^5))}{15e^6(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(3*a^2*A*e^5 + a^2*B*e^4*(2*d + 5*e*x) + 2*a*A*c*e^3*(8*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) - 6*a*B*c*e^2*(16*d^3 + 40*d^2*e*x + 30*d*e^2*x^2 + 5*e^3*x^3) + A*c^2*e*(128*d^4 + 320*d^3*e*x + 240*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 40*d*e^3*x^3 - 5*e^4*x^4) - B*c^2*(256*d^5 + 640*d^4*e*x + 480*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 80*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 10*d*e^4*x^4 + 3*e^5*x^5))/(15*e^6*(d + e*x)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{2c(-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 5Bcd^2)}{e^5\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Ae - Bd)}{e^5(d + ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{2c(Ae - Bd)}{e^5(d + ex)^{7/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4c\sqrt{d+ex}(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^6} - \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{3e^6(d+ex)^{3/2}} +$$

$$\frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Bd - Ae)}{5e^6(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{4c(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 3Acd^2e + 5Bcd^3)}{e^6\sqrt{d+ex}} -$$

$$\frac{2c^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(5Bd - Ae)}{3e^6} + \frac{2Bc^2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^6}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(5*e^6*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) - (2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(3*e^6*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (4*c*(5*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3))/(e^6*sqrt[d + e*x]) + (4*c*(5*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*sqrt[d + e*x])/e^6 - (2*c^2*(5*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^6) + (2*B*c^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^6)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

output

```
2/15*(3*B*c^2*e^5*x^5 + 256*B*c^2*d^5 - 128*A*c^2*d^4*e + 96*B*a*c*d^3*e^2
- 16*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 2*B*a^2*d*e^4 - 3*A*a^2*e^5 - 5*(2*B*c^2*d*e^4 - A*c
^2*e^5)*x^4 + 10*(8*B*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 4*A*c^2*d*e^4 + 3*B*a*c*e^5)*x^3 + 30*
(16*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 8*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 6*B*a*c*d*e^4 - A*a*c*e^5)*x^2 + 5*(
128*B*c^2*d^4*e - 64*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 48*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 8*A*a*c*d*e^4 - B*
a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^9*x^3 + 3*d*e^8*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^7*x + d^3*e^6)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1426 vs. $2(226) = 452$.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1426, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.66

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**(7/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((-6*A*a**2*e**5/(15*d**2*e**6*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**7*x*sqrt(d
+ e*x) + 15*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 32*A*a*c*d**2*e**3/(15*d**2*e**6*s
qrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**7*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 8
0*A*a*c*d*e**4*x/(15*d**2*e**6*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**7*x*sqrt(d + e*x) +
15*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 60*A*a*c*e**5*x**2/(15*d**2*e**6*sqrt(d + e
*x) + 30*d*e**7*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 256*A*c**2
*d**4*e/(15*d**2*e**6*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**7*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**8*
x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 640*A*c**2*d**3*e**2*x/(15*d**2*e**6*sqrt(d + e*x) +
30*d*e**7*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 480*A*c**2*d**2
*e**3*x**2/(15*d**2*e**6*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**7*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e
**8*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 80*A*c**2*d*e**4*x**3/(15*d**2*e**6*sqrt(d + e*x)
+ 30*d*e**7*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 10*A*c**2*e**
5*x**4/(15*d**2*e**6*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**7*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**8*x
**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 4*B*a**2*d*e**4/(15*d**2*e**6*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e
**7*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 10*B*a**2*e**5*x/(15*d
**2*e**6*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**7*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d +
e*x)) + 192*B*a*c*d**3*e**2/(15*d**2*e**6*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**7*x*sqrt
(d + e*x) + 15*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 480*B*a*c*d**2*e**3*x/(15*d**2*
e**6*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**7*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)
) + 360*B*a*c*d*e**4*x**2/(15*d**2*e**6*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**7*x*sqr...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{3(ex+d)^{5/2} Bc^2 - 5(5Bc^2d - Ac^2e)(ex+d)^{3/2} + 30(5Bc^2d^2 - 2Ac^2de + Bace^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^5} + \frac{3Bc^2d^5 - 3Aa^2c^2e^5}{e^5} \right)}{e^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*((3*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*B*c^2 - 5*(5*B*c^2*d - A*c^2*e)*(e*x + d)^(3/2) + 30*(5*B*c^2*d^2 - 2*A*c^2*d*e + B*a*c*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/e^5 + (3*B*c^2*d^5 - 3*A*c^2*d^4*e + 6*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 6*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*d*e^4 - 3*A*a^2*e^5 + 30*(5*B*c^2*d^3 - 3*A*c^2*d^2*e + 3*B*a*c*d*e^2 - A*a*c*e^3)*(e*x + d)^2 - 5*(5*B*c^2*d^4 - 4*A*c^2*d^3*e + 6*B*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*A*a*c*d*e^3 + B*a^2*e^4)*(e*x + d))/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*e^5))/e`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(150(ex+d)^2Bc^2d^3 - 25(ex+d)Bc^2d^4 + 3Bc^2d^5 - 90(ex+d)^2Ac^2d^2e + 2(3(ex+d)^{5/2}Bc^2e^{24} - 25(ex+d)^{3/2}Bc^2de^{24} + 150\sqrt{ex+d}Bc^2d^2e^{24} + 5(ex+d)^{3/2}Ac^2e^{25} - 60\sqrt{ex+d}Aa^2c^2e^5) + 30(5Bc^2d^2 - 2Ac^2de + Bace^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{15e^{30}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*(150*(e*x + d)^2*B*c^2*d^3 - 25*(e*x + d)*B*c^2*d^4 + 3*B*c^2*d^5 - 90*(e*x + d)^2*A*c^2*d^2*e + 20*(e*x + d)*A*c^2*d^3*e - 3*A*c^2*d^4*e + 90*(e*x + d)^2*B*a*c*d*e^2 - 30*(e*x + d)*B*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 6*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 30*(e*x + d)^2*A*a*c*e^3 + 20*(e*x + d)*A*a*c*d*e^3 - 6*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 5*(e*x + d)*B*a^2*e^4 + 3*B*a^2*d*e^4 - 3*A*a^2*e^5)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*e^6) + 2/15*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*B*c^2*e^24 - 25*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*c^2*d*e^24 + 150*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*c^2*d^2*e^24 + 5*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*A*c^2*e^25 - 60*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*c^2*d*e^25 + 30*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*a*c*e^26)/e^30`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(20Bc^2d^2 - 8Ac^2de + 4Bace^2)}{e^6} - \frac{(d + ex) \left(\frac{2Ba^2e^4}{3} + 4Bacd^2e^2 - \frac{8Aacde^3}{3} + \frac{10Bc^2d^4}{3} - \frac{8Ac^2d^3e}{3} \right) - (d + ex)^2(20Bc^2d^3 - 12Ac^2d^2e)}{e^6(d + ex)^5} + \frac{2Bc^2(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^6} + \frac{2c^2(Ae - 5Bd)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^6}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x)`output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*(20*B*c^2*d^2 + 4*B*a*c*e^2 - 8*A*c^2*d*e))/e^6 - ((d + e \\ & *x)*((2*B*a^2*e^4)/3 + (10*B*c^2*d^4)/3 - (8*A*c^2*d^3*e)/3 - (8*A*a*c*d*e \\ & ^3)/3 + 4*B*a*c*d^2*e^2) - (d + e*x)^2*(20*B*c^2*d^3 - 4*A*a*c*e^3 - 12*A* \\ & c^2*d^2*e + 12*B*a*c*d*e^2) + (2*A*a^2*e^5)/5 - (2*B*c^2*d^5)/5 - (2*B*a^2 \\ & *d*e^4)/5 + (2*A*c^2*d^4*e)/5 + (4*A*a*c*d^2*e^3)/5 - (4*B*a*c*d^3*e^2)/5 \\ & /(e^6*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)}) + (2*B*c^2*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)})/(5*e^6) + (2*c^2*(A*e - \\ & 5*B*d)*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)})/(3*e^6) \end{aligned}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{5}bc^2e^5x^5 + \frac{2}{3}ac^2e^5x^4 - \frac{4}{3}bc^2de^4x^4 + 4abc^2e^5x^3 - \frac{16}{3}ac^2de^4x^3 + \frac{32}{3}bc^2d^2e^3x^3}{(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x)`

output

```
(2*( - 3*a**3*e**5 - 2*a**2*b*d*e**4 - 5*a**2*b*e**5*x - 16*a**2*c*d**2*e*
*3 - 40*a**2*c*d*e**4*x - 30*a**2*c*e**5*x**2 + 96*a*b*c*d**3*e**2 + 240*a
*b*c*d**2*e**3*x + 180*a*b*c*d*e**4*x**2 + 30*a*b*c*e**5*x**3 - 128*a*c**2
*d**4*e - 320*a*c**2*d**3*e**2*x - 240*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2 - 40*a*c**2*d
*e**4*x**3 + 5*a*c**2*e**5*x**4 + 256*b*c**2*d**5 + 640*b*c**2*d**4*e*x +
480*b*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 80*b*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**3 - 10*b*c**2*d*e**4*x*
*4 + 3*b*c**2*e**5*x**5))/(15*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**6*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x*
*2))
```


3.116 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	960
Mathematica [A] (verified)	961
Rubi [A] (verified)	961
Maple [A] (verified)	963
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	963
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	964
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	965
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	966
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	966
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	967

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{7e^6(d+ex)^{7/2}} - \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)(5Bcd^2 - 4Acde + aBe^2)}{5e^6(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{4c(5Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)}{3e^6(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{4c(5Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)}{e^6\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c^2(5Bd - Ae)\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^6} + \frac{2Bc^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^6}$$

output

```
2/7*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^6/(e*x+d)^(7/2)-2/5*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-4*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)/e^6/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+4/3*c*(-A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+5*B*c*d^3)/e^6/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-4*c*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)/e^6/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-2*c^2*(-A*e+5*B*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^6+2/3*B*c^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx =$$

$$2(Ae(15a^2e^4 + 2ace^2(8d^2 + 28dex + 35e^2x^2) - 3c^2(128d^4 + 448d^3ex + 560d^2e^2x^2 + 280de^3x^3 + 35e^4x^4)$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^(9/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(A*e*(15*a^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*e^2*(8*d^2 + 28*d*e*x + 35*e^2*x^2) - 3*c^2*(128*d^4 + 448*d^3*e*x + 560*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 280*d*e^3*x^3 + 35*e^4*x^4)) + B*(3*a^2*e^4*(2*d + 7*e*x) + 6*a*c*e^2*(16*d^3 + 56*d^2*e*x + 70*d*e^2*x^2 + 35*e^3*x^3) + 5*c^2*(256*d^5 + 896*d^4*e*x + 1120*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 560*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 70*d*e^4*x^4 - 7*e^5*x^5)))/(105*e^6*(d + e*x)^(7/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{2c(-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 5Bcd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Ae - Bd)}{e^5(d + ex)^{9/2}} + \frac{2c(d + ex)^{3/2}}{e^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{4c(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^6\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{5e^6(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \\
& \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(Bd - Ae)}{7e^6(d+ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{4c(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 3Acd^2e + 5Bcd^3)}{3e^6(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{2c^2\sqrt{d+ex}(5Bd - Ae)}{e^6} + \frac{2Bc^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^6}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^(9/2), x]`

output `(2*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(7*e^6*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) - (2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(5*e^6*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (4*c*(5*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3))/(3*e^6*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (4*c*(5*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(e^6*sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*c^2*(5*B*d - A*e)*sqrt[d + e*x])/e^6 + (2*B*c^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^6)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\left((70Bx^5+210Ax^4)c^2-140ax^2(3Bx+A)c-30a^2\left(\frac{7Bx}{5}+A\right)\right)e^5-112d\left(\left(\frac{25}{4}Bx^4-15Ax^3\right)c^2+ax\left(\frac{15Bx}{2}+A\right)c+\frac{3a^2B}{28}\right)e^4}{105}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Bc^2\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2c^2eA\sqrt{ex+d}-10Bc^2d\sqrt{ex+d}-\frac{2(-4Aacd e^3-4Ac^2d^3e+Be^4a^2+6Bacd^2e^2+5Bc^2d^4)}{5(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}}{\sqrt{ex+d}}+\frac{4c(2Acde-Bae^2)}{e^6}$
default	$\frac{2Bc^2\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2c^2eA\sqrt{ex+d}-10Bc^2d\sqrt{ex+d}-\frac{2(-4Aacd e^3-4Ac^2d^3e+Be^4a^2+6Bacd^2e^2+5Bc^2d^4)}{5(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}}{\sqrt{ex+d}}+\frac{4c(2Acde-Bae^2)}{e^6}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(-35Bx^5c^2e^5-105Ax^4c^2e^5+350Bx^4c^2de^4-840Ax^3c^2de^4+210Bx^3ace^5+2800Bx^3c^2d^2e^3+70Ax^2ace^5-168Bx^2c^2d^2e^3)}{e^6}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-35Bx^5c^2e^5-105Ax^4c^2e^5+350Bx^4c^2de^4-840Ax^3c^2de^4+210Bx^3ace^5+2800Bx^3c^2d^2e^3+70Ax^2ace^5-168Bx^2c^2d^2e^3)}{e^6}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-35Bx^5c^2e^5-105Ax^4c^2e^5+350Bx^4c^2de^4-840Ax^3c^2de^4+210Bx^3ace^5+2800Bx^3c^2d^2e^3+70Ax^2ace^5-168Bx^2c^2d^2e^3)}{e^6}$
risch	$\frac{2c^2(Bex+3Ae-14Bd)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3e^6}-\frac{2(-420Ax^3c^2de^4+210Bx^3ace^5+1050Bx^3c^2d^2e^3+70Ax^2ace^5-1050Ax^2c^2d^2e^3)}{e^6}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/105*(((70*B*x^5+210*A*x^4)*c^2-140*a*x^2*(3*B*x+A)*c-30*a^2*(7/5*B*x+A))*e^5-112*d*((25/4*B*x^4-15*A*x^3)*c^2+a*x*(15/2*B*x+A)*c+3/28*a^2*B)*e^4-3*2*c*((175*B*x^3-105*A*x^2)*c+a*(21*B*x+A))*d^2*e^3+2688*c*(x*(-25/6*B*x+A)*c-1/14*B*a)*d^3*e^2+768*c^2*d^4*(-35/3*B*x+A)*e-2560*B*c^2*d^5)/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^6`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(35Bc^2e^5x^5-1280Bc^2d^5+384Ac^2d^4e-96Bacd^3e^2-16Aacd^2e^3-6Bcd^2e^2)}{(d+ex)^{9/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
2/105*(35*B*c^2*e^5*x^5 - 1280*B*c^2*d^5 + 384*A*c^2*d^4*e - 96*B*a*c*d^3*
e^2 - 16*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 6*B*a^2*d*e^4 - 15*A*a^2*e^5 - 35*(10*B*c^2*d*e^4
- 3*A*c^2*e^5)*x^4 - 70*(40*B*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 12*A*c^2*d*e^4 + 3*B*a*c*e^5)
*x^3 - 70*(80*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 24*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 6*B*a*c*d*e^4 + A*a*c*e^5
)*x^2 - 7*(640*B*c^2*d^4*e - 192*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 48*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 8*A*a*
c*d*e^4 + 3*B*a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^10*x^4 + 4*d*e^9*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^
8*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^7*x + d^4*e^6)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1855 vs. $2(226) = 452$.

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1855, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.67

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**(9/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((-30*A*a**2*e**5/(105*d**3*e**6*sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d**2*e**7*x*
sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*e**9*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)
)) - 32*A*a*c*d**2*e**3/(105*d**3*e**6*sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d**2*e**7*x*sq
rt(d + e*x) + 315*d*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*e**9*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x))
- 112*A*a*c*d*e**4*x/(105*d**3*e**6*sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d**2*e**7*x*sqrt(d
+ e*x) + 315*d*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*e**9*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 1
40*A*a*c*e**5*x**2/(105*d**3*e**6*sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d**2*e**7*x*sqrt(d +
e*x) + 315*d*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*e**9*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 768
*A*c**2*d**4*e/(105*d**3*e**6*sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d**2*e**7*x*sqrt(d + e*x)
) + 315*d*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*e**9*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 2688*A*
c**2*d**3*e**2*x/(105*d**3*e**6*sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d**2*e**7*x*sqrt(d + e
*x) + 315*d*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*e**9*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 3360*
A*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2/(105*d**3*e**6*sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d**2*e**7*x*sqrt(
d + e*x) + 315*d*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*e**9*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) +
1680*A*c**2*d*e**4*x**3/(105*d**3*e**6*sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d**2*e**7*x*sq
rt(d + e*x) + 315*d*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*e**9*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x))
+ 210*A*c**2*e**5*x**4/(105*d**3*e**6*sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d**2*e**7*x*sqrt
(d + e*x) + 315*d*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*e**9*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) -
12*B*a**2*d*e**4/(105*d**3*e**6*sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d**2*e**7*x*sqrt(d +
e*x) + 315*d*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*e**9*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 4...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{35((ex+d)^{3/2} Bc^2 - 3(5Bc^2d - Ac^2e)\sqrt{ex+d})}{e^5} + \frac{15Bc^2d^5 - 15Ac^2d^4e + 30Bacd^3e^2 - 30Aacd^2e^3 + 15A^2cd^2e^4 - 15A^2a^2e^5 - 210(5Bc^2d^2 - 2Ac^2de + B^2ac^2e^2)(ex+d)^3 + 70(5Bc^2d^3 - 3Ac^2d^2e + 3B^2acd^2e^2 - A^2ac^2e^3)(ex+d)^2 - 21(5Bc^2d^4 - 4Ac^2d^3e + 6B^2acd^2e^2 - 4A^2acd^2e^3 + B^2a^2e^4)(ex+d)}{(ex+d)^{7/2}e^5} \right)}{e}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/105*(35*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*c^2 - 3*(5*B*c^2*d - A*c^2*e)*sqrt(e*x + d))/
e^5 + (15*B*c^2*d^5 - 15*A*c^2*d^4*e + 30*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 30*A*a*c*d^2*e^3
+ 15*B*a^2*d*e^4 - 15*A*a^2*e^5 - 210*(5*B*c^2*d^2 - 2*A*c^2*d*e + B^2*a*c
e^2)*(e*x + d)^3 + 70*(5*B*c^2*d^3 - 3*A*c^2*d^2*e + 3*B^2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - A^2*a
c^2*e^3)*(e*x + d)^2 - 21*(5*B*c^2*d^4 - 4*A*c^2*d^3*e + 6*B^2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*
A^2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + B^2*a^2*e^4)*(e*x + d))/((e*x + d)^(7/2)*e^5))/e
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(1050(ex + d)^3 Bc^2 d^2 - 350(ex + d)^2 Bc^2 d^3 + 105(ex + d) Bc^2 d^4 - 15 Bc^2 d^5 - 420(ex + d)^3 Ac^2 de + 2((ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} Bc^2 e^{12} - 15\sqrt{ex + d} Bc^2 de^{12} + 3\sqrt{ex + d} Ac^2 e^{13})}{3e^{18}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/105*(1050*(e*x + d)^3*B*c^2*d^2 - 350*(e*x + d)^2*B*c^2*d^3 + 105*(e*x + d)*B*c^2*d^4 - 15*B*c^2*d^5 - 420*(e*x + d)^3*A*c^2*d*e + 210*(e*x + d)^2*A*c^2*d^2*e - 84*(e*x + d)*A*c^2*d^3*e + 15*A*c^2*d^4*e + 210*(e*x + d)^3*B*a*c*e^2 - 210*(e*x + d)^2*B*a*c*d*e^2 + 126*(e*x + d)*B*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 30*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 70*(e*x + d)^2*A*a*c*e^3 - 84*(e*x + d)*A*a*c*d*e^3 + 30*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 21*(e*x + d)*B*a^2*e^4 - 15*B*a^2*d*e^4 + 15*A*a^2*e^5)/((e*x + d)^(7/2)*e^6) + 2/3*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*c^2*e^12 - 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*c^2*d*e^12 + 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*c^2*e^13)/e^18`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(6Ba^2de^4 + 21Ba^2e^5x + 15Aa^2e^5 + 96Bacd^3e^2 + 336Bacd^2e^3x + 16Aacd^2e^3 + 420Bacde^4 + 210Aa^2e^5 + 126Bacd^2e^2 + 70Aa^2e^3 + 21Bac^2e^4 - 15Bac^2de^4 + 15Aa^2e^5)}{3e^{18}}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(9/2),x)`

output

```

-(2*(15*A*a^2*e^5 + 1280*B*c^2*d^5 + 6*B*a^2*d*e^4 - 384*A*c^2*d^4*e + 21*
B*a^2*e^5*x - 105*A*c^2*e^5*x^4 - 35*B*c^2*e^5*x^5 + 70*A*a*c*e^5*x^2 + 21
0*B*a*c*e^5*x^3 + 4480*B*c^2*d^4*e*x - 1344*A*c^2*d^3*e^2*x - 840*A*c^2*d*
e^4*x^3 + 350*B*c^2*d*e^4*x^4 - 1680*A*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 5600*B*c^2*d^3*e^
2*x^2 + 2800*B*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 16*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 96*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 56*
A*a*c*d*e^4*x + 336*B*a*c*d^2*e^3*x + 420*B*a*c*d*e^4*x^2))/(105*e^6*(d +
e*x)^(7/2))

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3}bc^2e^5x^5 + 2ac^2e^5x^4 - \frac{20}{3}bc^2de^4x^4 - 4abc e^5x^3 + 16ac^2de^4x^3 - \frac{160}{3}bc^2d^2e^3x^2 + \dots$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x)
```

output

```

(2*( - 15*a**3*e**5 - 6*a**2*b*d*e**4 - 21*a**2*b*e**5*x - 16*a**2*c*d**2*
e**3 - 56*a**2*c*d*e**4*x - 70*a**2*c*e**5*x**2 - 96*a*b*c*d**3*e**2 - 336
*a*b*c*d**2*e**3*x - 420*a*b*c*d*e**4*x**2 - 210*a*b*c*e**5*x**3 + 384*a*c
**2*d**4*e + 1344*a*c**2*d**3*e**2*x + 1680*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 840*a*
c**2*d*e**4*x**3 + 105*a*c**2*e**5*x**4 - 1280*b*c**2*d**5 - 4480*b*c**2*d
**4*e*x - 5600*b*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 - 2800*b*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**3 - 350*b*
c**2*d*e**4*x**4 + 35*b*c**2*e**5*x**5))/(105*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**6*(d**3 + 3
*d**2*e*x + 3*d*e**2*x**2 + e**3*x**3))

```


3.117 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

Optimal result	968
Mathematica [A] (verified)	969
Rubi [A] (verified)	970
Maple [A] (verified)	971
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	972
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	973
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	973
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	974
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	975
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	976

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 348

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx \\ &= -\frac{2(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{e^8} \\ & \quad + \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (7Bcd^2 - 6Acde + aBe^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^8} \\ & \quad - \frac{6c(cd^2 + ae^2)(7Bcd^3 - 5Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^8} \\ & \quad - \frac{2c(4Acde(5cd^2 + 3ae^2) - B(35c^2d^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4))(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^8} \\ & \quad - \frac{2c^2(35Bcd^3 - 15Acd^2e + 15aBde^2 - 3aAe^3)(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^8} \\ & \quad + \frac{6c^2(7Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d+ex)^{11/2}}{11e^8} \\ & \quad - \frac{2c^3(7Bd - Ae)(d+ex)^{13/2}}{13e^8} + \frac{2Bc^3(d+ex)^{15/2}}{15e^8} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-2*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^8+2/3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(-6*A*
c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^8-6/5*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-A*a*e^3-5
*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+7*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^8-2/7*c*(4*A*c*d*e*(3*a*
e^2+5*c*d^2)-B*(3*a^2*e^4+30*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4))*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^8-2/
9*c^2*(-3*A*a*e^3-15*A*c*d^2*e+15*B*a*d*e^2+35*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^8+
6/11*c^2*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(11/2)/e^8-2/13*c^3*(-A*e+
7*B*d)*(e*x+d)^(13/2)/e^8+2/15*B*c^3*(e*x+d)^(15/2)/e^8
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(3Ae(15015a^3e^6 + 3003a^2ce^4(8d^2 - 4dex + 3e^2x^2) + 143ac^2e^2(128d^4 - 64d^3ex + 48d^2e^2x^2 - 40de^3x^3 + 35e^4x^4) + 5c^3(1024d^6 - 512d^5ex + 384d^4e^2x^2 - 320d^3e^3x^3 + 280d^2e^4x^4 - 252de^5x^5 + 231e^6x^6)) + B(15015a^3e^6(-2d + ex) + 3861a^2ce^4(-16d^3 + 8d^2ex - 6de^2x^2 + 5e^3x^3) + 195ac^2e^2(-256d^5 + 128d^4ex - 96d^3e^2x^2 + 80d^2e^3x^3 - 70de^4x^4 + 63e^5x^5) - 7c^3(2048d^7 - 1024d^6ex + 768d^5e^2x^2 - 640d^4e^3x^3 + 560d^3e^4x^4 - 504d^2e^5x^5 + 462de^6x^6 - 429e^7x^7)))/(45045e^8)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(3*A*e*(15015*a^3*e^6 + 3003*a^2*c*e^4*(8*d^2 - 4*d*e*x +
3*e^2*x^2) + 143*a*c^2*e^2*(128*d^4 - 64*d^3*e*x + 48*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 40*d*
e^3*x^3 + 35*e^4*x^4) + 5*c^3*(1024*d^6 - 512*d^5*e*x + 384*d^4*e^2*x^2 -
320*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 280*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 252*d*e^5*x^5 + 231*e^6*x^6)) + B*(150
15*a^3*e^6*(-2*d + e*x) + 3861*a^2*c*e^4*(-16*d^3 + 8*d^2*e*x - 6*d*e^2*x^
2 + 5*e^3*x^3) + 195*a*c^2*e^2*(-256*d^5 + 128*d^4*e*x - 96*d^3*e^2*x^2 +
80*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 70*d*e^4*x^4 + 63*e^5*x^5) - 7*c^3*(2048*d^7 - 1024*d^6*e
*x + 768*d^5*e^2*x^2 - 640*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 560*d^3*e^4*x^4 - 504*d^2*e^5*x^5
+ 462*d*e^6*x^6 - 429*e^7*x^7)))/(45045*e^8)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 348, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{c(d + ex)^{5/2} (-3a^2Be^4 + 12aAcde^3 - 30aBcd^2e^2 + 20Ac^2d^3e - 35Bc^2d^4)}{e^7} - \frac{3c^2(d + ex)^{9/2} (-aBe^2 + 2Ae)}{e^7} \right.$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{2c(d + ex)^{7/2} (4Acde(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) - B(3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4))}{7e^8} + \\ & - \frac{6c^2(d + ex)^{11/2} (aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{11e^8} - \\ & + \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^{9/2} (-3aAe^3 + 15aBde^2 - 15Acd^2e + 35Bcd^3)}{9e^8} + \\ & - \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2} (ae^2 + cd^2)^2 (aBe^2 - 6Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{3e^8} - \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex} (ae^2 + cd^2)^3 (Bd - Ae)}{e^8} \\ & - \frac{6c(d + ex)^{5/2} (ae^2 + cd^2) (-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 5Acd^2e + 7Bcd^3)}{5e^8} - \\ & + \frac{2c^3(d + ex)^{13/2} (7Bd - Ae)}{13e^8} + \frac{2Bc^3(d + ex)^{15/2}}{15e^8} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/Sqrt[d + e*x], x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (-2*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/e^8 + (2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^8) - (6*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^8) - (2*c*(4*A*c*d*e*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - B*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4))*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^8) - (2*c^2*(35*B*c*d^3 - 15*A*c*d^2*e + 15*a*B*d*e^2 - 3*a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^8) + (6*c^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^8) - (2*c^3*(7*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^(13/2))/(13*e^8) + (2*B*c^3*(d + e*x)^(15/2))/(15*e^8)
 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652

```

Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol]
-> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
    
```

rule 2009

```

Int[u_, x_Symbol]
-> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x]
/; SumQ[u]
    
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$ 2 \left(\left(\left(\frac{1}{15} B x^7 + \frac{1}{13} A x^6 \right) c^3 + \frac{\left(\frac{9 B x}{11} + A \right) x^4 a c^2}{3} + \frac{3 x^2 a^2 \left(\frac{5 B x}{7} + A \right) c}{5} + a^3 \left(\frac{B x}{3} + A \right) \right) e^7 - \frac{4 d \left(\left(\frac{7}{78} B x^6 + \frac{15}{143} A x^5 \right) c^3 + \frac{10 \left(\frac{35 B}{44} \right)}{11} \right)}{11} \right) $
gospers	$ \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} (3003B x^7 c^3 e^7 + 3465A x^6 c^3 e^7 - 3234B x^6 c^3 d e^6 - 3780A x^5 c^3 d e^6 + 12285B x^5 a c^2 e^7 + 3528B x^5 c^3 d^2 e^5 + 1501)}{11} $
trager	$ \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} (3003B x^7 c^3 e^7 + 3465A x^6 c^3 e^7 - 3234B x^6 c^3 d e^6 - 3780A x^5 c^3 d e^6 + 12285B x^5 a c^2 e^7 + 3528B x^5 c^3 d^2 e^5 + 1501)}{11} $
risch	$ \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} (3003B x^7 c^3 e^7 + 3465A x^6 c^3 e^7 - 3234B x^6 c^3 d e^6 - 3780A x^5 c^3 d e^6 + 12285B x^5 a c^2 e^7 + 3528B x^5 c^3 d^2 e^5 + 1501)}{11} $
orering	$ \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} (3003B x^7 c^3 e^7 + 3465A x^6 c^3 e^7 - 3234B x^6 c^3 d e^6 - 3780A x^5 c^3 d e^6 + 12285B x^5 a c^2 e^7 + 3528B x^5 c^3 d^2 e^5 + 1501)}{11} $
derivativedivides	$ \frac{2B c^3 (ex+d)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2((Ae-Bd)c^3 - 6B c^3 d)(ex+d)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(-6(Ae-Bd)c^3 d + B((a e^2 + c d^2)^2 c^2 + 8c^3 d^2 + c(2(a e^2 + c d^2)c + 4c^2 d^2)))}{11} $
default	$ \frac{2B c^3 (ex+d)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2((Ae-Bd)c^3 - 6B c^3 d)(ex+d)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(-6(Ae-Bd)c^3 d + B((a e^2 + c d^2)^2 c^2 + 8c^3 d^2 + c(2(a e^2 + c d^2)c + 4c^2 d^2)))}{11} $

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$2 \left(\left(\frac{1}{15} B x^7 + \frac{1}{13} A x^6 \right) c^3 + \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{9}{11} B x + A \right) x^4 a c^2 + \frac{3}{5} x^2 a^2 \left(\frac{5}{7} B x + A \right) c + a^3 \left(\frac{1}{3} B x + A \right) \right) e^{-4/5} d \left(\frac{7}{78} B x^6 + \frac{15}{143} A x^5 \right) c^3 + \frac{10}{21} \left(\frac{35}{44} B x + A \right) x^3 a c^2 + a^2 x \left(\frac{9}{14} B x + A \right) c + \frac{5}{6} B a^3 \right) e^{-6+8/5} c d^2 \left(\frac{25}{429} \left(\frac{21}{25} B x + A \right) x^4 c^2 + \frac{2}{7} x^2 \left(\frac{25}{33} B x + A \right) a c + a^2 \left(\frac{3}{7} B x + A \right) \right) e^{-5-64/105} c d^3 \left(\frac{25}{143} x^3 \left(\frac{49}{60} B x + A \right) c^2 + a x \left(\frac{15}{22} B x + A \right) c + \frac{9}{4} a^2 B \right) e^{-4+128/105} c^2 \left(\frac{15}{143} \left(\frac{7}{9} B x + A \right) x^2 c + a \left(\frac{5}{11} B x + A \right) \right) d^4 e^{-3-512/3003} c^2 d^5 \left(x \left(\frac{7}{10} B x + A \right) c + \frac{13}{2} B a \right) e^{-2+1024/3003} c^3 d^6 \left(\frac{7}{15} B x + A \right) e^{-2048/6435} B c^3 d^7 \right) (e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/e^8$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 454, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(3003 Bc^3e^7x^7 - 14336 Bc^3d^7 + 15360 Ac^3d^6e - 49920 Bac^2d^5e^2 + 54912 Aac^2d^4e^3 - 61776 Ba^2cd^3e^4}{\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2}{45045} \left(3003 B c^3 e^7 x^7 - 14336 B c^3 d^7 + 15360 A c^3 d^6 e - 49920 B a c^2 d^5 e^2 + 54912 A a c^2 d^4 e^3 - 61776 B a^2 c d^3 e^4 + 72072 A a^2 c d^2 e^5 - 30030 B a^3 d e^6 + 45045 A a^3 e^7 - 231 \left(14 B c^3 d e^6 - 15 A c^3 e^7 \right) x^6 + 63 \left(56 B c^3 d^2 e^5 - 60 A c^3 d e^6 + 195 B a c^2 e^7 \right) x^5 - 35 \left(112 B c^3 d^3 e^4 - 120 A c^3 d^2 e^5 + 390 B a c^2 d e^6 - 429 A a c^2 e^7 \right) x^4 + 5 \left(896 B c^3 d^4 e^3 - 960 A c^3 d^3 e^4 + 3120 B a c^2 d^2 e^5 - 3432 A a c^2 d e^6 + 3861 B a^2 c e^7 \right) x^3 - 3 \left(1792 B c^3 d^5 e^2 - 1920 A c^3 d^4 e^3 + 6240 B a c^2 d^3 e^4 - 6864 A a c^2 d^2 e^5 + 7722 B a^2 c d e^6 - 9009 A a^2 c e^7 \right) x^2 + \left(7168 B c^3 d^6 e - 7680 A c^3 d^5 e^2 + 24960 B a c^2 d^4 e^3 - 27456 A a c^2 d^3 e^4 + 30888 B a^2 c d^2 e^5 - 36036 A a^2 c d e^6 + 15015 B a^3 e^7 \right) x \right) \sqrt{e*x + d} / e^8$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 643, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2 \left(\frac{Bc^3(d+ex)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15e^7} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{13}{2}}(Ac^3e-7Bc^3d)}{13e^7} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{11}{2}}(-6Ac^3de+3Bac^2e^2+21Bc^3d^2)}{11e^7} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{9}{2}}(3Aac^2e^3+15Ac^3d^2e-15Bac^2de^2-35Bc^3d^3)}{9e^7} \right) + \\ \frac{Aa^3x + Aa^2cx^3 + \frac{3Aac^2x^5}{5} + \frac{Ac^3x^7}{7} + \frac{Ba^3x^2}{2} + \frac{3Ba^2cx^4}{4} + \frac{Bac^2x^6}{2} + \frac{Bc^3x^8}{8}}{\sqrt{d}} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((2*(B*c**3*(d + e*x)**(15/2)/(15*e**7) + (d + e*x)**(13/2)*(A*c**3*e - 7*B*c**3*d)/(13*e**7) + (d + e*x)**(11/2)*(-6*A*c**3*d*e + 3*B*a*c**2*e**2 + 21*B*c**3*d**2)/(11*e**7) + (d + e*x)**(9/2)*(3*A*a*c**2*e**3 + 15*A*c**3*d**2*e - 15*B*a*c**2*d*e**2 - 35*B*c**3*d**3))/(9*e**7) + (d + e*x)**(7/2)*(-12*A*a*c**2*d*e**3 - 20*A*c**3*d**3*e + 3*B*a**2*c*e**4 + 30*B*a*c**2*d**2*e**2 + 35*B*c**3*d**4)/(7*e**7) + (d + e*x)**(5/2)*(3*A*a**2*c*e**5 + 18*A*a*c**2*d**2*e**3 + 15*A*c**3*d**4*e - 9*B*a**2*c*d*e**4 - 30*B*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 21*B*c**3*d**5)/(5*e**7) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)*(-6*A*a**2*c*d*e**5 - 12*A*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 - 6*A*c**3*d**5*e + B*a**3*e**6 + 9*B*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 15*B*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 7*B*c**3*d**6)/(3*e**7) + sqrt(d + e*x)*(A*a**3*e**7 + 3*A*a**2*c*d**2*e**5 + 3*A*a*c**2*d**4*e**3 + A*c**3*d**6*e - B*a**3*d*e**6 - 3*B*a**2*c*d**3*e**4 - 3*B*a*c**2*d**5*e**2 - B*c**3*d**7)/e, Ne(e, 0)), ((A*a**3*x + A*a**2*c*x**3 + 3*A*a*c**2*x**5/5 + A*c**3*x**7/7 + B*a**3*x**2/2 + 3*B*a**2*c*x**4/4 + B*a*c**2*x**6/2 + B*c**3*x**8/8)/sqrt(d), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 453, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(3003 (ex + d)^{\frac{15}{2}} Bc^3 - 3465 (7 Bc^3d - Ac^3e)(ex + d)^{\frac{13}{2}} + 12285 (7 Bc^3d^2 - 2 Ac^3de + Bac^2e^2)(ex + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} - 12285 (7 Bc^3d^2 - 2 Ac^3de + Bac^2e^2)(ex + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} + 3465 (7 Bc^3d - Ac^3e)(ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 3003 (ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} Bc^3 \right)}{\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/45045*(3003*(e*x + d)^{(15/2)}*B*c^3 - 3465*(7*B*c^3*d - A*c^3*e)*(e*x + d)^{(13/2)} \\ & + 12285*(7*B*c^3*d^2 - 2*A*c^3*d*e + B*a*c^2*e^2)*(e*x + d)^{(11/2)} \\ & - 5005*(35*B*c^3*d^3 - 15*A*c^3*d^2*e + 15*B*a*c^2*d*e^2 - 3*A*a*c^2*e^3) \\ & *(e*x + d)^{(9/2)} + 6435*(35*B*c^3*d^4 - 20*A*c^3*d^3*e + 30*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 \\ & - 12*A*a*c^2*d*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^4)*(e*x + d)^{(7/2)} - 27027*(7*B*c^3*d^5 \\ & - 5*A*c^3*d^4*e + 10*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d*e^4 \\ & - A*a^2*c*e^5)*(e*x + d)^{(5/2)} + 15015*(7*B*c^3*d^6 - 6*A*c^3*d^5*e + 15*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 \\ & - 12*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 6*A*a^2*c*d*e^5 + B*a^3*e^6)*(e*x + d)^{(3/2)} \\ & - 45045*(B*c^3*d^7 - A*c^3*d^6*e + 3*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 3*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 \\ & - 3*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + B*a^3*d*e^6 - A*a^3*e^7)*\text{sqrt}(e*x + d))/e^8 \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 476, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(45045 \sqrt{ex + d} A a^3 + \frac{15015 \left((ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{ex+dd} \right) B a^3}{e} + \frac{9009 \left(3(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d + 15\sqrt{ex+dd^2} \right) A a^2 c}{e^2} + \frac{3861 \left(5(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 15(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} d + 15\sqrt{ex+dd^2} \right) A a c}{e^3} + \frac{12285 \left(5(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 15(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} d + 15\sqrt{ex+dd^2} \right) A a^2 c}{e^4} + \frac{12285 \left(5(ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}} - 15(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}} d + 15\sqrt{ex+dd^2} \right) A a c}{e^5} + \frac{3003 \left(5(ex+d)^{\frac{13}{2}} - 15(ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}} d + 15\sqrt{ex+dd^2} \right) A a^2 c}{e^6} + \frac{3003 \left(5(ex+d)^{\frac{15}{2}} - 15(ex+d)^{\frac{13}{2}} d + 15\sqrt{ex+dd^2} \right) A a c}{e^7} \right)}{e^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2/45045*(45045*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*a^3 + 15015*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x +
d)*d)*B*a^3/e + 9009*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(
e*x + d)*d^2)*A*a^2*c/e^2 + 3861*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d
+ 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*B*a^2*c/e^3 + 429*(35*(e
*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x
+ d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*A*a*c^2/e^4 + 195*(63*(e*x + d)^(
11/2) - 385*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d + 990*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^2 - 1386*(e*x + d)^(
5/2)*d^3 + 1155*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^4 - 693*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^5)*B*a*c^2/e^5 +
15*(231*(e*x + d)^(13/2) - 1638*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*d + 5005*(e*x + d)^(9/2)
*d^2 - 8580*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^3 + 9009*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^4 - 6006*(e*x + d)
^(3/2)*d^5 + 3003*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^6)*A*c^3/e^6 + 7*(429*(e*x + d)^(15/2)
- 3465*(e*x + d)^(13/2)*d + 12285*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*d^2 - 25025*(e*x + d)^(
9/2)*d^3 + 32175*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^4 - 27027*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^5 + 15015*(
e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^6 - 6435*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^7)*B*c^3/e^7)/e

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx \\
&= \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2} (6Ba^2ce^4 + 60Bac^2d^2e^2 - 24Aac^2de^3 + 70Bc^3d^4 - 40Ac^3d^3e)}{7e^8} \\
&+ \frac{(d + ex)^{11/2} (42Bc^3d^2 - 12Ac^3de + 6Bac^2e^2)}{11e^8} \\
&+ \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^{3/2} (7Bcd^2 - 6Acde + Bae^2)}{3e^8} + \frac{2Bc^3 (d + ex)^{15/2}}{15e^8} \\
&+ \frac{2c^2 (d + ex)^{9/2} (-35Bcd^3 + 15Acd^2e - 15Bade^2 + 3Aae^3)}{9e^8} \\
&+ \frac{2c^3 (Ae - 7Bd) (d + ex)^{13/2}}{13e^8} + \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^3 (Ae - Bd) \sqrt{d + ex}}{e^8} \\
&+ \frac{6c(cd^2 + ae^2) (d + ex)^{5/2} (-7Bcd^3 + 5Acd^2e - 3Bade^2 + Aae^3)}{5e^8}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)
```


$$3.118 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	977
Mathematica [A] (verified)	978
Rubi [A] (verified)	978
Maple [A] (verified)	980
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	981
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	982
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	982
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	983
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	984
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	985

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 344

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx &= \frac{2(Bd-Ae)(cd^2+ae^2)^3}{e^8\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ &+ \frac{2(cd^2+ae^2)^2(7Bcd^2-6Acde+aBe^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^8} \\ &- \frac{2c(cd^2+ae^2)(7Bcd^3-5Acd^2e+3aBde^2-aAe^3)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{e^8} \\ &- \frac{2c(4Acde(5cd^2+3ae^2)-B(35c^2d^4+30acd^2e^2+3a^2e^4))(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^8} \\ &- \frac{2c^2(35Bcd^3-15Acd^2e+15aBde^2-3aAe^3)(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^8} \\ &+ \frac{2c^2(7Bcd^2-2Acde+aBe^2)(d+ex)^{9/2}}{3e^8} \\ &- \frac{2c^3(7Bd-Ae)(d+ex)^{11/2}}{11e^8} + \frac{2Bc^3(d+ex)^{13/2}}{13e^8} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
2*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^8/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(-6*A*c*d
*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^8-2*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-A*a*e^3-5*A*c*
d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+7*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^8-2/5*c*(4*A*c*d*e*(3*a*e^2+5
*c*d^2)-B*(3*a^2*e^4+30*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4))*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^8-2/7*c^2
*(-3*A*a*e^3-15*A*c*d^2*e+15*B*a*d*e^2+35*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^8+2/3*c
^2*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^8-2/11*c^3*(-A*e+7*B*d)*
(e*x+d)^(11/2)/e^8+2/13*B*c^3*(e*x+d)^(13/2)/e^8
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-26Ae(1155a^3e^6 + 1155a^2ce^4(8d^2 + 4dex - e^2x^2) + 99ac^2e^2(128d^4 + 64d^3ea$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-26*A*e*(1155*a^3*e^6 + 1155*a^2*c*e^4*(8*d^2 + 4*d*e*x - e^2*x^2) + 99*a
*c^2*e^2*(128*d^4 + 64*d^3*e*x - 16*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 8*d*e^3*x^3 - 5*e^4*x^4)
+ 5*c^3*(1024*d^6 + 512*d^5*e*x - 128*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 64*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 40*d
^2*e^4*x^4 + 28*d*e^5*x^5 - 21*e^6*x^6)) + 2*B*(15015*a^3*e^6*(2*d + e*x)
+ 9009*a^2*c*e^4*(16*d^3 + 8*d^2*e*x - 2*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3) + 715*a*c^2*
e^2*(256*d^5 + 128*d^4*e*x - 32*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 16*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 10*d*e^4*x^
4 + 7*e^5*x^5) + 35*c^3*(2048*d^7 + 1024*d^6*e*x - 256*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 128*d
^4*e^3*x^3 - 80*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 56*d^2*e^5*x^5 - 42*d*e^6*x^6 + 33*e^7*x^7))
)/(15015*e^8*Sqrt[d + e*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{c(d + ex)^{3/2} (-3a^2Be^4 + 12aAcde^3 - 30aBcd^2e^2 + 20Ac^2d^3e - 35Bc^2d^4)}{e^7} - \frac{3c^2(d + ex)^{7/2} (-aBe^2 + 2Ae)}{e^7} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{2c(d + ex)^{5/2} (4Acde(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) - B(3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4))}{5e^8} + \\ & \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^{9/2} (aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{3e^8} - \\ & \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^{7/2} (-3aAe^3 + 15aBde^2 - 15Acd^2e + 35Bcd^3)}{7e^8} + \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(ae^2 + cd^2)^2 (aBe^2 - 6Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{e^8} + \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)^3 (Bd - Ae)}{e^8\sqrt{d + ex}} - \\ & \frac{2c(d + ex)^{3/2} (ae^2 + cd^2) (-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 5Acd^2e + 7Bcd^3)}{e^8} - \\ & \frac{2c^3(d + ex)^{11/2} (7Bd - Ae)}{11e^8} + \frac{2Bc^3(d + ex)^{13/2}}{13e^8} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)/(e^8*sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*sqrt[d + e*x])/e^8 - (2*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/e^8 - (2*c*(4*A*c*d*e*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - B*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4))*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^8) - (2*c^2*(35*B*c*d^3 - 15*A*c*d^2*e + 15*a*B*d*e^2 - 3*a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^8) + (2*c^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(3*e^8) - (2*c^3*(7*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^8) + (2*B*c^3*(d + e*x)^(13/2))/(13*e^8)
```


output

```
-2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((( -1/13*B*x^7-1/11*A*x^6)*c^3-3/7*(7/9*B*x+A)*x^4*a*c^2-
(3/5*B*x+A)*x^2*a^2*c+a^3*(-B*x+A))*e^7+4*d*(1/33*x^5*(21/26*B*x+A)*c^3+6/
35*x^3*(25/36*B*x+A)*a*c^2+a^2*x*(3/10*B*x+A)*c-1/2*B*a^3)*e^6+8*c*(-5/231
*(49/65*B*x+A)*x^4*c^2-6/35*(5/9*B*x+A)*x^2*a*c+a^2*(-3/5*B*x+A))*d^2*e^5+
192/35*c*d^3*(5/99*x^3*(35/52*B*x+A)*c^2+a*x*(5/18*B*x+A)*c-7/4*a^2*B)*e^4
+384/35*c^2*d^4*(-5/99*x^2*(7/13*B*x+A)*c+a*(-5/9*B*x+A))*e^3+512/231*(x*(
7/26*B*x+A)*c-11/2*B*a)*c^2*d^5*e^2+1024/231*c^3*d^6*(-7/13*B*x+A)*e-2048/
429*B*c^3*d^7)/e^8
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 463, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(1155Bc^3e^7x^7 + 71680Bc^3d^7 - 66560Ac^3d^6e + 183040Bac^2d^5e^2 - 164736A^2c^2d^4e^3 + 144144B^2a^2c^3d^3e^4 - 120120A^2a^2c^3d^2e^5 + 30030B^2a^3d^2e^6 - 15015A^2a^3e^7 - 105(14B^2c^3d^2e^6 - 13A^2c^3e^7)*x^6 + 35(56B^2c^3d^2e^5 - 52A^2c^3d^2e^6 + 143B^2a^2c^2e^7)*x^5 - 5(560B^2c^3d^3e^4 - 520A^2c^3d^2e^5 + 1430B^2a^2c^2d^2e^6 - 1287A^2a^2c^2e^7)*x^4 + (4480B^2c^3d^4e^3 - 4160A^2c^3d^3e^4 + 11440B^2a^2c^2d^2e^5 - 10296A^2a^2c^2d^2e^6 + 9009B^2a^2c^2e^7)*x^3 - (8960B^2c^3d^5e^2 - 8320A^2c^3d^4e^3 + 22880B^2a^2c^2d^3e^4 - 20592A^2a^2c^2d^2e^5 + 18018B^2a^2c^2d^2e^6 - 15015A^2a^2c^2e^7)*x^2 + (35840B^2c^3d^6e - 33280A^2c^3d^5e^2 + 91520B^2a^2c^2d^4e^3 - 82368A^2a^2c^2d^3e^4 + 72072B^2a^2c^2d^2e^5 - 60060A^2a^2c^2d^2e^6 + 15015B^2a^3e^7)*x)*sqrt(ex+d)/(e^9x+d*e^8)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/15015*(1155*B*c^3*e^7*x^7 + 71680*B*c^3*d^7 - 66560*A*c^3*d^6*e + 183040
*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 164736*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 144144*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 12012
0*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 30030*B*a^3*d^2*e^6 - 15015*A*a^3*e^7 - 105*(14*B*c^3*d*
e^6 - 13*A*c^3*e^7)*x^6 + 35*(56*B*c^3*d^2*e^5 - 52*A*c^3*d^2*e^6 + 143*B*a
c^2*e^7)*x^5 - 5*(560*B*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 520*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 1430*B*a*c^2*d*e
^6 - 1287*A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + (4480*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 4160*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 11
440*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 10296*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^6 + 9009*B*a^2*c*e^7)*x^3 - (8960*
B*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 8320*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 22880*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 20592*A*a*c^2
*d^2*e^5 + 18018*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^6 - 15015*A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 + (35840*B*c^3*d^6
*e - 33280*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 91520*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 82368*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 +
72072*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 60060*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^6 + 15015*B*a^3*e^7)*x)*sqrt(e
x + d)/(e^9*x + d*e^8)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 561, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \left\{ \frac{2 \left(\frac{Bc^3(d+ex)^{13/2}}{13e^7} + \frac{(d+ex)^{11/2} (Ac^3e-7Bc^3d)}{11e^7} + \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2} (-6Ac^3de+3Bac^2e^2+21Bc^3d^2)}{9e^7} + \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2} (3Aac^2e^2-7Bc^3d^2)}{7e^7} \right)}{\frac{Aa^3x+Aa^2cx^3+\frac{3Aac^2x^5}{5}+\frac{Ac^3x^7}{7}+\frac{Ba^3x^2}{2}+\frac{3Ba^2cx^4}{4}+\frac{Bac^2x^6}{2}+\frac{Bc^3x^8}{8}}{d^{3/2}}} \right.$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(B*c**3*(d+e*x)**(13/2)/(13*e**7) + (d+e*x)**(11/2)*(A*c**3*e - 7*B*c**3*d)/(11*e**7) + (d+e*x)**(9/2)*(-6*A*c**3*d*e + 3*B*a*c**2*e**2 + 21*B*c**3*d**2)/(9*e**7) + (d+e*x)**(7/2)*(3*A*a*c**2*e**3 + 15*A*c**3*d**2*e - 15*B*a*c**2*d*e**2 - 35*B*c**3*d**3)/(7*e**7) + (d+e*x)**(5/2)*(-12*A*a*c**2*d*e**3 - 20*A*c**3*d**3*e + 3*B*a**2*c*e**4 + 30*B*a*c**2*d**2*e**2 + 35*B*c**3*d**4)/(5*e**7) + (d+e*x)**(3/2)*(3*A*a**2*c*e**5 + 18*A*a*c**2*d**2*e**3 + 15*A*c**3*d**4*e - 9*B*a**2*c*d*e**4 - 30*B*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 21*B*c**3*d**5)/(3*e**7) + sqrt(d+e*x)*(-6*A*a**2*c*d*e**5 - 12*A*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 - 6*A*c**3*d**5*e + B*a**3*e**6 + 9*B*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 15*B*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 7*B*c**3*d**6)/e**7 + (-A*e + B*d)*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**3/(e**7*sqrt(d+e*x))), Ne(e, 0)), ((A*a**3*x + A*a**2*c*x**3 + 3*A*a*c**2*x**5/5 + A*c**3*x**7/7 + B*a**3*x**2/2 + 3*B*a**2*c*x**4/4 + B*a*c**2*x**6/2 + B*c**3*x**8/8)/d**(3/2), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 461, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{1155 (ex+d)^{13/2} Bc^3 - 1365 (7Bc^3d - Ac^3e)(ex+d)^{11/2} + 5005 (7Bc^3d^2 - 2Ac^3de + Bac^2e^2)(ex+d)^{9/2} - 2100 (7Bc^3d^2 - 2Ac^3de + Bac^2e^2)(ex+d)^{7/2} + 1050 (7Bc^3d^2 - 2Ac^3de + Bac^2e^2)(ex+d)^{5/2} - 210 (7Bc^3d^2 - 2Ac^3de + Bac^2e^2)(ex+d)^{3/2}}{d^{3/2}} \right)}{d^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2/15015*((1155*(e*x + d)^(13/2)*B*c^3 - 1365*(7*B*c^3*d - A*c^3*e)*(e*x +
d)^(11/2) + 5005*(7*B*c^3*d^2 - 2*A*c^3*d*e + B*a*c^2*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(9/2)
- 2145*(35*B*c^3*d^3 - 15*A*c^3*d^2*e + 15*B*a*c^2*d*e^2 - 3*A*a*c^2*e^3)
*(e*x + d)^(7/2) + 3003*(35*B*c^3*d^4 - 20*A*c^3*d^3*e + 30*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^
2 - 12*A*a*c^2*d*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^4)*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 15015*(7*B*c^3*d^5
- 5*A*c^3*d^4*e + 10*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d*e^
4 - A*a^2*c*e^5)*(e*x + d)^(3/2) + 15015*(7*B*c^3*d^6 - 6*A*c^3*d^5*e + 15
*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 6*A*a^2*c*d*e^
5 + B*a^3*e^6)*sqrt(e*x + d))/e^7 + 15015*(B*c^3*d^7 - A*c^3*d^6*e + 3*B*a
*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 3*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 3*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 +
B*a^3*d*e^6 - A*a^3*e^7)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^7))/e
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 621, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2*(B*c^3*d^7 - A*c^3*d^6*e + 3*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 3*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*B*a
^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 3*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + B*a^3*d*e^6 - A*a^3*e^7)/(sqrt(e*x + d)
*e^8) + 2/15015*(1155*(e*x + d)^(13/2)*B*c^3*e^96 - 9555*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*
B*c^3*d*e^96 + 35035*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*B*c^3*d^2*e^96 - 75075*(e*x + d)^(7/2)
)*B*c^3*d^3*e^96 + 105105*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*B*c^3*d^4*e^96 - 105105*(e*x + d)
^(3/2)*B*c^3*d^5*e^96 + 105105*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*c^3*d^6*e^96 + 1365*(e*x +
d)^(11/2)*A*c^3*e^97 - 10010*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*A*c^3*d*e^97 + 32175*(e*x +
d)^(7/2)*A*c^3*d^2*e^97 - 60060*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*A*c^3*d^3*e^97 + 75075*(e*
x + d)^(3/2)*A*c^3*d^4*e^97 - 90090*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*c^3*d^5*e^97 + 5005*(e
*x + d)^(9/2)*B*a*c^2*e^98 - 32175*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*B*a*c^2*d*e^98 + 90090*
(e*x + d)^(5/2)*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^98 - 150150*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^98
+ 225225*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^98 + 6435*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*A*a*c^2*e^
99 - 36036*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*A*a*c^2*d*e^99 + 90090*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*A*a*c^2*
d^2*e^99 - 180180*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^99 + 9009*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*B*
a^2*c*e^100 - 45045*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*a^2*c*d*e^100 + 135135*sqrt(e*x + d)
*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^100 + 15015*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*A*a^2*c*e^101 - 90090*sqrt(e*x
+ d)*A*a^2*c*d*e^101 + 15015*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*a^3*e^102)/e^104
```


Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 394, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2} (6Ba^2ce^4 + 60Ba^2c^2d^2e^2 - 24Aa^2c^2de^3 + 70Bc^3d^4 - 40Aa^2c^3d^3e - 2Ba^3de^6 + 2Aa^3e^7 - 6Ba^2cd^3e^4 + 6Aa^2cd^2e^5 - 6Ba^2c^2d^5e^2 + 6Aa^2c^2d^4e^3 - 2Bc^3d^7 + 2Aa^2c^3d^6e)}{5e^8} - \frac{-2Ba^3de^6 + 2Aa^3e^7 - 6Ba^2cd^3e^4 + 6Aa^2cd^2e^5 - 6Ba^2c^2d^5e^2 + 6Aa^2c^2d^4e^3 - 2Bc^3d^7 + 2Aa^2c^3d^6e}{e^8 \sqrt{d + ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{(d + ex)^{9/2} (42Bc^3d^2 - 12Ac^3de + 6Ba^2c^2e^2)}{9e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 \sqrt{d + ex} (7Bcd^2 - 6Acde + Bae^2)}{e^8} + \frac{2Bc^3(d + ex)^{13/2}}{13e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^{7/2} (-35Bcd^3 + 15Ac^2de - 15Bade^2 + 3Aae^3)}{7e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{2c^3(Ae - 7Bd)(d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{2c(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{3/2} (-7Bcd^3 + 5Ac^2de - 3Bade^2 + Aae^3)}{e^8}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)`output `((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(70*B*c^3*d^4 + 6*B*a^2*c*e^4 - 40*A*c^3*d^3*e + 60*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 24*A*a*c^2*d*e^3))/(5*e^8) - (2*A*a^3*e^7 - 2*B*c^3*d^7 - 2*B*a^3*d*e^6 + 2*A*c^3*d^6*e + 6*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 6*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 6*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 6*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4)/(e^8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)) + ((d + e*x)^(9/2)*(42*B*c^3*d^2 - 12*A*c^3*d*e + 6*B*a*c^2*e^2))/(9*e^8) + (2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(B*a*e^2 + 7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e))/e^8 + (2*B*c^3*(d + e*x)^(13/2))/(13*e^8) + (2*c^2*(d + e*x)^(7/2)*(3*A*a*e^3 - 35*B*c*d^3 - 15*B*a*d*e^2 + 15*A*c*d^2*e))/(7*e^8) + (2*c^3*(A*e - 7*B*d)*(d + e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^8) + (2*c*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(A*a*e^3 - 7*B*c*d^3 - 3*B*a*d*e^2 + 5*A*c*d^2*e))/e^8`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 490, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4096}{429}bc^3d^7 - 8a^3cde^6x + \frac{6}{5}a^2bce^7x^3 + 4a^3bde^6 - 16a^3cd^2e^5 - \frac{768}{35}a^2c^2d^4e^3 -$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(2*(-15015*a**4*e**7 + 30030*a**3*b*d*e**6 + 15015*a**3*b*e**7*x - 12012
0*a**3*c*d**2*e**5 - 60060*a**3*c*d*e**6*x + 15015*a**3*c*e**7*x**2 + 1441
44*a**2*b*c*d**3*e**4 + 72072*a**2*b*c*d**2*e**5*x - 18018*a**2*b*c*d*e**6
*x**2 + 9009*a**2*b*c*e**7*x**3 - 164736*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**3 - 82368*a**2*
c**2*d**3*e**4*x + 20592*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 - 10296*a**2*c**2*d*e**6
*x**3 + 6435*a**2*c**2*e**7*x**4 + 183040*a*b*c**2*d**5*e**2 + 91520*a*b*c
**2*d**4*e**3*x - 22880*a*b*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**2 + 11440*a*b*c**2*d**2*e**5
*x**3 - 7150*a*b*c**2*d*e**6*x**4 + 5005*a*b*c**2*e**7*x**5 - 66560*a*c**3
*d**6*e - 33280*a*c**3*d**5*e**2*x + 8320*a*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**2 - 4160*a*c
**3*d**3*e**4*x**3 + 2600*a*c**3*d**2*e**5*x**4 - 1820*a*c**3*d*e**6*x**5
+ 1365*a*c**3*e**7*x**6 + 71680*b*c**3*d**7 + 35840*b*c**3*d**6*e*x - 8960
*b*c**3*d**5*e**2*x**2 + 4480*b*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**3 - 2800*b*c**3*d**3*e**
4*x**4 + 1960*b*c**3*d**2*e**5*x**5 - 1470*b*c**3*d*e**6*x**6 + 1155*b*c**
3*e**7*x**7))/(15015*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**8)
```

3.119
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	986
Mathematica [A] (verified)	987
Rubi [A] (verified)	987
Maple [A] (verified)	989
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	990
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	991
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	991
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	992
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	993
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	994

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 346

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^3}{3e^8(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(7Bcd^2 - 6Acde + aBe^2)}{e^8\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6c(cd^2 + ae^2)(7Bcd^3 - 5Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^8} - \frac{2c(4Acde(5cd^2 + 3ae^2) - B(35c^2d^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4))(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^8} - \frac{2c^2(35Bcd^3 - 15Acd^2e + 15aBde^2 - 3aAe^3)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^8} + \frac{6c^2(7Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^8} - \frac{2c^3(7Bd - Ae)(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^8} + \frac{2Bc^3(d+ex)^{11/2}}{11e^8}$$

output

$$\frac{2}{3}(-Ae+Bd)(ae^2+cd^2)^3/e^8/(e^x+d)^{(3/2)}-2(ae^2+cd^2)^2(-6Acd*e+Bae^2+7B*c*d^2)/e^8/(e^x+d)^{(1/2)}-6c*(ae^2+cd^2)*(-A*a*e^3-5A*c*d^2*e+3B*a*d*e^2+7B*c*d^3)*(e^x+d)^{(1/2)}/e^8-2/3c*(4A*c*d*e*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)-B*(3*a^2*e^4+30*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4))*(e^x+d)^{(3/2)}/e^8-2/5c^2*(-3A*a*e^3-15A*c*d^2*e+15B*a*d*e^2+35B*c*d^3)*(e^x+d)^{(5/2)}/e^8+6/7*c^2*(-2A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7B*c*d^2)*(e^x+d)^{(7/2)}/e^8-2/9c^3*(-Ae+7B*d)*(e^x+d)^{(9/2)}/e^8+2/11B*c^3*(e^x+d)^{(11/2)}/e^8$$
Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{22Ae(-105a^3e^6 + 315a^2ce^4(8d^2 + 12dex + 3e^2x^2) + 63ac^2e^2(128d^4 + 192d^3e^2x^2 + 48d^2e^4x^4 + 1536d^5e^2x^5 + 384d^4e^6x^6) - 10B*(231a^3e^6*(2d + 3ex) + 693a^2ce^4*(16d^3 + 24d^2ex + 6d^2e^2x^2 - e^3x^3) + 99a*c^2e^2*(256d^5 + 384d^4ex + 96d^3e^2x^2 - 16d^2e^3x^3 + 6d^2e^4x^4 - 3e^5x^5) + 7c^3*(2048d^7 + 3072d^6ex + 768d^5e^2x^2 - 128d^4e^3x^3 + 48d^3e^4x^4 - 24d^2e^5x^5 + 14d^2e^6x^6 - 9e^7x^7))}{(3465e^8(d+ex)^{(3/2)})}$$

input

Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]

output

$$(22Ae*(-105*a^3*e^6 + 315*a^2*c*e^4*(8*d^2 + 12*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2) + 63*a*c^2*e^2*(128*d^4 + 192*d^3*e*x + 48*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 8*d*e^3*x^3 + 3*e^4*x^4) + 5*c^3*(1024*d^6 + 1536*d^5*e*x + 384*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 64*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 24*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 12*d*e^5*x^5 + 7*e^6*x^6)) - 10*B*(231*a^3*e^6*(2*d + 3*e*x) + 693*a^2*c*e^4*(16*d^3 + 24*d^2*e*x + 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 - e^3*x^3) + 99*a*c^2*e^2*(256*d^5 + 384*d^4*e*x + 96*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 16*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 3*e^5*x^5) + 7*c^3*(2048*d^7 + 3072*d^6*e*x + 768*d^5*e^2*x^2 - 128*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 48*d^3*e^4*x^4 - 24*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 14*d^2*e^6*x^6 - 9*e^7*x^7)))/(3465*e^8*(d + e*x)^(3/2))$$
Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{c\sqrt{d+ex}(-3a^2Be^4 + 12aAcde^3 - 30aBcd^2e^2 + 20Ac^2d^3e - 35Bc^2d^4)}{e^7} - \frac{3c^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(-aBe^2 + 2Acd)}{e^7} \right.$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{2c(d+ex)^{3/2}(4Acde(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) - B(3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4))}{3e^8} + \\ & \frac{6c^2(d+ex)^{7/2}(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{7e^8} - \\ & \frac{2c^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(-3aAe^3 + 15aBde^2 - 15Acd^2e + 35Bcd^3)}{5e^8} - \\ & \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(aBe^2 - 6Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{e^8\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)^3(Bd - Ae)}{3e^8(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \\ & \frac{6c\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2 + cd^2)(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 5Acd^2e + 7Bcd^3)}{e^8} - \frac{2c^3(d+ex)^{9/2}(7Bd - Ae)}{9e^8} + \\ & \frac{2Bc^3(d+ex)^{11/2}}{11e^8} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)/(3*e^8*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (2*(c*d^2 + a*
e^2)^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(e^8*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (6*c*(c*d^
2 + a*e^2)*(7*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*Sqrt[d + e*x]
)/e^8 - (2*c*(4*A*c*d*e*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - B*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e
^2 + 3*a^2*e^4))*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^8) - (2*c^2*(35*B*c*d^3 - 15*A*c*d^
2*e + 15*a*B*d*e^2 - 3*a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^8) + (6*c^2*(7*B*c*d
^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^8) - (2*c^3*(7*B*d - A*e)*
(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^8) + (2*B*c^3*(d + e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^8)
```


output

```
-2/3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)*((-1/3*(9/11*B*x+A)*x^6*c^3-9/5*x^4*a*(5/7*B*x+A)*c^2-9
*x^2*a^2*(1/3*B*x+A)*c+a^3*(3*B*x+A))*e^7-36*d*(-1/63*(49/66*B*x+A)*x^5*c^
3-2/15*(15/28*B*x+A)*x^3*a*c^2+a^2*x*(-1/2*B*x+A)*c-1/18*B*a^3)*e^6-24*c*(
1/21*(7/11*B*x+A)*x^4*c^2+6/5*(5/21*B*x+A)*x^2*a*c+a^2*(-3*B*x+A))*d^2*e^5
-576/5*c*d^3*(-5/189*(21/44*B*x+A)*x^3*c^2+a*x*(-5/14*B*x+A)*c-5/12*a^2*B)
*e^4-384/5*c^2*d^4*(5/21*(7/33*B*x+A)*x^2*c+a*(-15/7*B*x+A))*e^3-512/7*c^2
*d^5*(x*(-7/22*B*x+A)*c-3/2*B*a)*e^2-1024/21*c^3*d^6*(-21/11*B*x+A)*e+2048
/33*B*c^3*d^7)/e^8
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 475, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(315Bc^3e^7x^7 - 71680Bc^3d^7 + 56320Ac^3d^6e - 126720Bac^2d^5e^2 + 88704A^2c^2d^4e^3 - 55440B^2a^2c^2d^3e^4 + 27720A^2c^2d^2e^5 - 2310B^2a^3d^2e^6 - 1155A^2a^3e^7 - 35(14B^2c^3d^2e^6 - 11A^2c^3e^7))x^6 + 15(56B^2c^3d^2e^5 - 44A^2c^3d^2e^6 + 99B^2a^2c^2e^7)x^5 - 3(560B^2c^3d^3e^4 - 440A^2c^3d^2e^5 + 990B^2a^2c^2d^2e^6 - 693A^2a^2c^2e^7)x^4 + (4480B^2c^3d^4e^3 - 3520A^2c^3d^3e^4 + 7920B^2a^2c^2d^2e^5 - 5544A^2a^2c^2d^2e^6 + 3465B^2a^2c^2e^7)x^3 - 3(8960B^2c^3d^5e^2 - 7040A^2c^3d^4e^3 + 15840B^2a^2c^2d^3e^4 - 11088A^2a^2c^2d^2e^5 + 6930B^2a^2c^2d^2e^6 - 3465A^2a^2c^2e^7)x^2 - 3(35840B^2c^3d^6e - 28160A^2c^3d^5e^2 + 63360B^2a^2c^2d^4e^3 - 44352A^2a^2c^2d^3e^4 + 27720B^2a^2c^2d^2e^5 - 13860A^2a^2c^2d^2e^6 + 1155B^2a^3e^7)x}{(e^10x^2 + 2d^9e^9x + d^2e^8)} \sqrt{e^7x + d}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/3465*(315*B*c^3*e^7*x^7 - 71680*B*c^3*d^7 + 56320*A*c^3*d^6*e - 126720*B
*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 88704*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 55440*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 27720*A*a
^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 2310*B*a^3*d^2*e^6 - 1155*A*a^3*e^7 - 35*(14*B*c^3*d^2*e^6 - 11
*A*c^3*e^7))*x^6 + 15*(56*B*c^3*d^2*e^5 - 44*A*c^3*d^2*e^6 + 99*B*a*c^2*e^7)*
x^5 - 3*(560*B*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 440*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 990*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^6 - 693*A
*a*c^2*e^7))*x^4 + (4480*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 3520*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 7920*B*a*c^2*
d^2*e^5 - 5544*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^6 + 3465*B*a^2*c*e^7))*x^3 - 3*(8960*B*c^3*d^5*e
^2 - 7040*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 15840*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 11088*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 +
6930*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^6 - 3465*A*a^2*c*e^7))*x^2 - 3*(35840*B*c^3*d^6*e - 28160*
A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 63360*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 44352*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 27720*B*a^
2*c*d^2*e^5 - 13860*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^6 + 1155*B*a^3*e^7)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^10
*x^2 + 2*d^9*e^9*x + d^2*e^8)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 507, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \left\{ \frac{2 \left(\frac{Bc^3(d+ex)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11e^7} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{9}{2}}(Ac^3e-7Bc^3d)}{9e^7} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{7}{2}}(-6Ac^3de+3Bac^2e^2+21Bc^3d^2)}{7e^7} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}(3Aac^2e^3)}{5e^7} \right)}{\frac{Aa^3x+ Aa^2cx^3+ \frac{3Aac^2x^5}{5}+ \frac{Ac^3x^7}{7}+ \frac{Ba^3x^2}{2}+ \frac{3Ba^2cx^4}{4}+ \frac{Bac^2x^6}{2}+ \frac{Bc^3x^8}{8}}{d^{\frac{5}{2}}}} \right.$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(B*c**3*(d + e*x)**(11/2)/(11*e**7) + (d + e*x)**(9/2)*(A*c**3*e - 7*B*c**3*d)/(9*e**7) + (d + e*x)**(7/2)*(-6*A*c**3*d*e + 3*B*a*c**2*e**2 + 21*B*c**3*d**2)/(7*e**7) + (d + e*x)**(5/2)*(3*A*a*c**2*e**3 + 15*A*c**3*d**2*e - 15*B*a*c**2*d*e**2 - 35*B*c**3*d**3))/(5*e**7) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)*(-12*A*a*c**2*d*e**3 - 20*A*c**3*d**3*e + 3*B*a**2*c*e**4 + 30*B*a*c**2*d**2*e**2 + 35*B*c**3*d**4)/(3*e**7) + sqrt(d + e*x)*(3*A*a**2*c*e**5 + 18*A*a*c**2*d**2*e**3 + 15*A*c**3*d**4*e - 9*B*a**2*c*d*e**4 - 30*B*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 21*B*c**3*d**5)/e**7 - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2*(-6*A*c*d*e + B*a*e**2 + 7*B*c*d**2)/(e**7*sqrt(d + e*x)) + (-A*e + B*d)*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**3/(3*e**7*(d + e*x)**(3/2)))/e, Ne(e, 0)), ((A*a**3*x + A*a**2*c*x**3 + 3*A*a*c**2*x**5/5 + A*c**3*x**7/7 + B*a**3*x**2/2 + 3*B*a**2*c*x**4/4 + B*a*c**2*x**6/2 + B*c**3*x**8/8)/d**(5/2), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 459, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{315(ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}Bc^3 - 385(7Bc^3d - Ac^3e)(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}} + 1485(7Bc^3d^2 - 2Ac^3de + Bac^2e^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 693(3Aac^2e^3)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{d^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)}{d^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

2/3465*((315*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*B*c^3 - 385*(7*B*c^3*d - A*c^3*e)*(e*x + d)^(9/2) + 1485*(7*B*c^3*d^2 - 2*A*c^3*d*e + B*a*c^2*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 693*(35*B*c^3*d^3 - 15*A*c^3*d^2*e + 15*B*a*c^2*d*e^2 - 3*A*a*c^2*e^3)*(e*x + d)^(5/2) + 1155*(35*B*c^3*d^4 - 20*A*c^3*d^3*e + 30*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 12*A*a*c^2*d*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^4)*(e*x + d)^(3/2) - 10395*(7*B*c^3*d^5 - 5*A*c^3*d^4*e + 10*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d*e^4 - A*a^2*c*e^5)*sqrt(e*x + d))/e^7 + 1155*(B*c^3*d^7 - A*c^3*d^6*e + 3*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 3*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 3*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + B*a^3*d*e^6 - A*a^3*e^7 - 3*(7*B*c^3*d^6 - 6*A*c^3*d^5*e + 15*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 6*A*a^2*c*d*e^5 + B*a^3*e^6)*(e*x + d))/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*e^7))/e

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 602, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(21(ex + d)Bc^3d^6 - Bc^3d^7 - 18(ex + d)Ac^3d^5e + Ac^3d^6e + 45(ex + d)Bac^2d^4e^2 - 3Bac^2d^5e^2 - 36($$

$$+ \frac{2\left(315(ex + d)^{\frac{11}{2}}Bc^3e^{80} - 2695(ex + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}Bc^3de^{80} + 10395(ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}Bc^3d^2e^{80} - 24255(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}Bc^3d^3e^8\right)}{(ex + d)^{3/2}}}{e^7}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-2/3*(21*(e*x + d)*B*c^3*d^6 - B*c^3*d^7 - 18*(e*x + d)*A*c^3*d^5*e + A*c^
3*d^6*e + 45*(e*x + d)*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 3*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 36*(e*x + d)*
A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 27*(e*x + d)*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 3*B*a
^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 18*(e*x + d)*A*a^2*c*d*e^5 + 3*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 3*(e*x + d
)*B*a^3*e^6 - B*a^3*d*e^6 + A*a^3*e^7)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*e^8) + 2/3465*(315
*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*B*c^3*e^80 - 2695*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*B*c^3*d*e^80 + 10395*(
e*x + d)^(7/2)*B*c^3*d^2*e^80 - 24255*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*B*c^3*d^3*e^80 + 404
25*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*c^3*d^4*e^80 - 72765*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*c^3*d^5*e^80 + 3
85*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*A*c^3*e^81 - 2970*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*A*c^3*d*e^81 + 10395*
(e*x + d)^(5/2)*A*c^3*d^2*e^81 - 23100*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*A*c^3*d^3*e^81 + 51
975*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*c^3*d^4*e^81 + 1485*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*B*a*c^2*e^82 - 103
95*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*B*a*c^2*d*e^82 + 34650*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^82
- 103950*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^82 + 2079*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*A*a*c^2*e^
83 - 13860*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*A*a*c^2*d*e^83 + 62370*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*a*c^2*d^
2*e^83 + 3465*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*a^2*c*e^84 - 31185*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*a^2*c*d
*e^84 + 10395*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*a^2*c*e^85)/e^88

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2} (6Ba^2ce^4 + 60Bac^2d^2e^2 - 24Aac^2de^3 + 70Bc^3d^4 - 40Acd^3e)}{3e^8} \\
& + \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2} (42Bc^3d^2 - 12Ac^3de + 6Bac^2e^2)}{7e^8} \\
& - \frac{(d + ex) (2Ba^3e^6 + 18Ba^2cd^2e^4 - 12Aa^2cde^5 + 30Bac^2d^4e^2 - 24Aac^2d^3e^3 + 14Bc^3d^6 - 12Acd^3e)}{e^8} \\
& + \frac{2Bc^3(d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^8} + \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^{5/2} (-35Bcd^3 + 15Acd^2e - 15Bade^2 + 3Aae^3)}{5e^8} \\
& + \frac{2c^3(Ae - 7Bd)(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^8} \\
& + \frac{6c(cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{d + ex}(-7Bcd^3 + 5Acd^2e - 3Bade^2 + Aae^3)}{e^8}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((d + ex)^{3/2} * (70 * B * c^3 * d^4 + 6 * B * a^2 * c * e^4 - 40 * A * c^3 * d^3 * e + 60 * B * a * c \\ & \quad ^2 * d^2 * e^2 - 24 * A * a * c^2 * d * e^3)) / (3 * e^8) + ((d + ex)^{7/2} * (42 * B * c^3 * d^2 - \\ & \quad 12 * A * c^3 * d * e + 6 * B * a * c^2 * e^2)) / (7 * e^8) - ((d + ex) * (2 * B * a^3 * e^6 + 14 * B * c \\ & \quad ^3 * d^6 - 12 * A * c^3 * d^5 * e - 24 * A * a * c^2 * d^3 * e^3 + 30 * B * a * c^2 * d^4 * e^2 + 18 * B * a \\ & \quad ^2 * c * d^2 * e^4 - 12 * A * a^2 * c * d * e^5) + (2 * A * a^3 * e^7) / 3 - (2 * B * c^3 * d^7) / 3 - (2 * \\ & \quad B * a^3 * d * e^6) / 3 + (2 * A * c^3 * d^6 * e) / 3 + 2 * A * a * c^2 * d^4 * e^3 + 2 * A * a^2 * c * d^2 * e^5 \\ & \quad - 2 * B * a * c^2 * d^5 * e^2 - 2 * B * a^2 * c * d^3 * e^4) / (e^8 * (d + ex)^{3/2}) + (2 * B * c^3 \\ & \quad * (d + ex)^{11/2}) / (11 * e^8) + (2 * c^2 * (d + ex)^{5/2} * (3 * A * a * e^3 - 35 * B * c * d \\ & \quad ^3 - 15 * B * a * d * e^2 + 15 * A * c * d^2 * e)) / (5 * e^8) + (2 * c^3 * (A * e - 7 * B * d) * (d + ex) \\ & \quad)^{9/2}) / (9 * e^8) + (6 * c * (a * e^2 + c * d^2) * (d + ex)^{1/2} * (A * a * e^3 - 7 * B * c * d \\ & \quad ^3 - 3 * B * a * d * e^2 + 5 * A * c * d^2 * e)) / e^8 \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 497, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{4096}{99} b c^3 d^7 + 24 a^3 c d e^6 x + 2 a^2 b c e^7 x^3 - \frac{4}{3} a^3 b d e^6 + 16 a^3 c d^2 e^5 + \frac{256}{5} a^2 c^2 d^4 e^3}{(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2 * (- 1155 * a ** 4 * e ** 7 - 2310 * a ** 3 * b * d * e ** 6 - 3465 * a ** 3 * b * e ** 7 * x + 27720 * a * \\ & \quad * 3 * c * d ** 2 * e ** 5 + 41580 * a ** 3 * c * d * e ** 6 * x + 10395 * a ** 3 * c * e ** 7 * x ** 2 - 55440 * a * \\ & \quad * 2 * b * c * d ** 3 * e ** 4 - 83160 * a ** 2 * b * c * d ** 2 * e ** 5 * x - 20790 * a ** 2 * b * c * d * e ** 6 * x ** 2 \\ & \quad + 3465 * a ** 2 * b * c * e ** 7 * x ** 3 + 88704 * a ** 2 * c ** 2 * d ** 4 * e ** 3 + 133056 * a ** 2 * c ** 2 * \\ & \quad d ** 3 * e ** 4 * x + 33264 * a ** 2 * c ** 2 * d ** 2 * e ** 5 * x ** 2 - 5544 * a ** 2 * c ** 2 * d * e ** 6 * x ** 3 \\ & \quad + 2079 * a ** 2 * c ** 2 * e ** 7 * x ** 4 - 126720 * a * b * c ** 2 * d ** 5 * e ** 2 - 190080 * a * b * c ** 2 * \\ & \quad ** 4 * e ** 3 * x - 47520 * a * b * c ** 2 * d ** 3 * e ** 4 * x ** 2 + 7920 * a * b * c ** 2 * d ** 2 * e ** 5 * x ** 3 \\ & \quad - 2970 * a * b * c ** 2 * d * e ** 6 * x ** 4 + 1485 * a * b * c ** 2 * e ** 7 * x ** 5 + 56320 * a * c ** 3 * d ** 6 * \\ & \quad e + 84480 * a * c ** 3 * d ** 5 * e ** 2 * x + 21120 * a * c ** 3 * d ** 4 * e ** 3 * x ** 2 - 3520 * a * c ** 3 * d \\ & \quad ** 3 * e ** 4 * x ** 3 + 1320 * a * c ** 3 * d ** 2 * e ** 5 * x ** 4 - 660 * a * c ** 3 * d * e ** 6 * x ** 5 + 385 * \\ & \quad a * c ** 3 * e ** 7 * x ** 6 - 71680 * b * c ** 3 * d ** 7 - 107520 * b * c ** 3 * d ** 6 * e * x - 26880 * b * c * \\ & \quad * 3 * d ** 5 * e ** 2 * x ** 2 + 4480 * b * c ** 3 * d ** 4 * e ** 3 * x ** 3 - 1680 * b * c ** 3 * d ** 3 * e ** 4 * x ** \\ & \quad 4 + 840 * b * c ** 3 * d ** 2 * e ** 5 * x ** 5 - 490 * b * c ** 3 * d * e ** 6 * x ** 6 + 315 * b * c ** 3 * e ** 7 * x \\ & \quad ** 7)) / (3465 * sqrt(d + e * x) * e ** 8 * (d + e * x)) \end{aligned}$$

$$3.120 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	995
Mathematica [A] (verified)	996
Rubi [A] (verified)	996
Maple [A] (verified)	998
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	999
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1000
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1000
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1001
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1002
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1003

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 346

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx &= \frac{2(Bd-Ae)(cd^2+ae^2)^3}{5e^8(d+ex)^{5/2}} \\ &- \frac{2(cd^2+ae^2)^2(7Bcd^2-6Acde+aBe^2)}{3e^8(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\ &+ \frac{6c(cd^2+ae^2)(7Bcd^3-5Acd^2e+3aBde^2-aAe^3)}{e^8\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ &- \frac{2c(4Acde(5cd^2+3ae^2)-B(35c^2d^4+30acd^2e^2+3a^2e^4))\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^8} \\ &- \frac{2c^2(35Bcd^3-15Acd^2e+15aBde^2-3aAe^3)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^8} \\ &+ \frac{6c^2(7Bcd^2-2Acde+aBe^2)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^8} \\ &- \frac{2c^3(7Bd-Ae)(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^8} + \frac{2Bc^3(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^8} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
2/5*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^8/(e*x+d)^(5/2)-2/3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(-6*A
*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)/e^8/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+6*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-A*a*e^3-5*
A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+7*B*c*d^3)/e^8/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-2*c*(4*A*c*d*e*(3*a*e^2
+5*c*d^2)-B*(3*a^2*e^4+30*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4))*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^8-2/3*c
^2*(-3*A*a*e^3-15*A*c*d^2*e+15*B*a*d*e^2+35*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^8+6/5
*c^2*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^8-2/7*c^3*(-A*e+7*B*d)
*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^8+2/9*B*c^3*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^8
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(-9Ae(7a^3e^6 + 7a^2ce^4(8d^2 + 20dex + 15e^2x^2)) + 7ac^2e^2(128d^4 + 320d^3ex +$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(-9*A*e*(7*a^3*e^6 + 7*a^2*c*e^4*(8*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) + 7*a*
c^2*e^2*(128*d^4 + 320*d^3*e*x + 240*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 40*d*e^3*x^3 - 5*e^4*x^
4) + c^3*(1024*d^6 + 2560*d^5*e*x + 1920*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 320*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 4
0*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 12*d*e^5*x^5 - 5*e^6*x^6)) + 7*B*(-3*a^3*e^6*(2*d + 5*e*x)
+ 27*a^2*c*e^4*(16*d^3 + 40*d^2*e*x + 30*d*e^2*x^2 + 5*e^3*x^3) + 9*a*c^2
*e^2*(256*d^5 + 640*d^4*e*x + 480*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 80*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 10*d*e^4*
x^4 + 3*e^5*x^5) + c^3*(2048*d^7 + 5120*d^6*e*x + 3840*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 640*d
^4*e^3*x^3 - 80*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 24*d^2*e^5*x^5 - 10*d*e^6*x^6 + 5*e^7*x^7)))
)/(315*e^8*(d + e*x)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00,
 number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules
 used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{c(-3a^2Be^4 + 12aAcde^3 - 30aBcd^2e^2 + 20Ac^2d^3e - 35Bc^2d^4)}{e^7\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{3c^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 7Bcd^2)}{e^7} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}(4Acde(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) - B(3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4))}{e^8} + \\ & \frac{6c^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{5e^8} - \\ & \frac{2c^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(-3aAe^3 + 15aBde^2 - 15Acd^2e + 35Bcd^3)}{3e^8} - \\ & \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(aBe^2 - 6Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{3e^8(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)^3(Bd - Ae)}{5e^8(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \\ & \frac{6c(ae^2 + cd^2)(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 5Acd^2e + 7Bcd^3)}{e^8\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c^3(d+ex)^{7/2}(7Bd - Ae)}{7e^8} + \\ & \frac{2Bc^3(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^8} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^(7/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)/(5*e^8*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) - (2*(c*d^2 + a*
e^2)^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(3*e^8*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (6*c*(
c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3))/(e^8*Sqr
t[d + e*x]) - (2*c*(4*A*c*d*e*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - B*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c
*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4))*Sqrt[d + e*x])/e^8 - (2*c^2*(35*B*c*d^3 - 15*A*c*d^
2*e + 15*a*B*d*e^2 - 3*a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^8) + (6*c^2*(7*B*c*d
^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^8) - (2*c^3*(7*B*d - A*e)*
(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^8) + (2*B*c^3*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^8)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 652 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2 \left(\left(-\frac{5(7Bx+A)x^6c^3}{7} - 5\left(\frac{3Bx+A}{5}\right)x^4ac^2 + 15a^2x^2(-Bx+A)c + a^3\left(\frac{5Bx+A}{3}\right) \right) e^7 + 20 \left(\frac{1}{18} Bx^6 + \frac{3}{35} Ax^5 \right) c^3 + 2 \left(\dots \right) \right)}{\dots}$
risch	$\frac{2c(-35e^4Bc^2x^4 - 45e^4Ac^2x^3 + 175de^3Bc^2x^3 + 243de^3Ac^2x^2 - 189e^4Bacx^2 - 588d^2e^2c^2Bx^2 - 315e^4Aacx - 954d^2c^3)}{3}$
gospers	$\frac{2(-35Bx^7c^3e^7 - 45Ax^6c^3e^7 + 70Bx^6c^3de^6 + 108Ax^5c^3de^6 - 189Bx^5ac^2e^7 - 168Bx^5c^3d^2e^5 - 315Ax^4ac^2e^7 - 360\dots)}{\dots}$
trager	$\frac{2(-35Bx^7c^3e^7 - 45Ax^6c^3e^7 + 70Bx^6c^3de^6 + 108Ax^5c^3de^6 - 189Bx^5ac^2e^7 - 168Bx^5c^3d^2e^5 - 315Ax^4ac^2e^7 - 360\dots)}{\dots}$
orering	$\frac{2(-35Bx^7c^3e^7 - 45Ax^6c^3e^7 + 70Bx^6c^3de^6 + 108Ax^5c^3de^6 - 189Bx^5ac^2e^7 - 168Bx^5c^3d^2e^5 - 315Ax^4ac^2e^7 - 360\dots)}{\dots}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Bc^3\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + 2Ac^3e\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - 2Bc^3d\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{12Ac^3de(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{6Bac^2e^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{42Bc^3d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 2Aac^2e^3}{\dots}$
default	$\frac{2Bc^3\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + 2Ac^3e\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - 2Bc^3d\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{12Ac^3de(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{6Bac^2e^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{42Bc^3d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 2Aac^2e^3}{\dots}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/5/(e*x+d)^(5/2)*((-5/7*(7/9*B*x+A)*x^6*c^3-5*(3/5*B*x+A)*x^4*a*c^2+15*a
^2*x^2*(-B*x+A)*c+a^3*(5/3*B*x+A))*e^7+20*((1/18*B*x^6+3/35*A*x^5)*c^3+2*(
1/4*B*x+A)*x^3*a*c^2+a^2*x*(-9/2*B*x+A)*c+1/30*B*a^3)*d*e^6+8*c*d^2*((-1/3
*B*x^5-5/7*A*x^4)*c^2+30*x^2*(-1/3*B*x+A)*a*c+a^2*(-15*B*x+A))*e^5+320*c*d
^3*(1/7*(7/36*B*x+A)*x^3*c^2+a*x*(-3/2*B*x+A)*c-3/20*a^2*B)*e^4+128*c^2*((
-5/9*B*x^3+15/7*A*x^2)*c+a*(-5*B*x+A))*d^4*e^3+2560/7*c^2*d^5*(x*(-7/6*B*x
+A)*c-7/10*B*a)*e^2+1024/7*c^3*d^6*(-35/9*B*x+A)*e-2048/9*B*c^3*d^7)/e^8
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 487, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(35Bc^3e^7x^7 + 14336Bc^3d^7 - 9216Ac^3d^6e + 16128Bac^2d^5e^2 - 8064Aac^2d^4e^3 + 3024B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 504A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 42B*a^3*d*e^6 - 63A*a^3*e^7 - 5*(14*B*c^3*d*e^6 - 9*A*c^3*e^7)*x^6 + 3*(56*B*c^3*d^2*e^5 - 36*A*c^3*d*e^6 + 63*B*a*c^2*e^7)*x^5 - 5*(112*B*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 72*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 126*B*a*c^2*d*e^6 - 63A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 5*(896*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 576*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 1008*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 504A*a*c^2*d*e^6 + 189B*a^2*c*e^7)*x^3 + 15*(1792*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 1152A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 2016B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 1008A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 378B*a^2*c*d*e^6 - 63A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 + 5*(7168*B*c^3*d^6*e - 4608A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 8064B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 4032A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 1512B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 252A*a^2*c*d*e^6 - 21B*a^3*e^7)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^11*x^3 + 3*d*e^10*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^9*x + d^3*e^8)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/315*(35*B*c^3*e^7*x^7 + 14336*B*c^3*d^7 - 9216*A*c^3*d^6*e + 16128*B*a*c
^2*d^5*e^2 - 8064*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3024*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 504*A*a^2*c*d^2
*e^5 - 42*B*a^3*d*e^6 - 63*A*a^3*e^7 - 5*(14*B*c^3*d*e^6 - 9*A*c^3*e^7)*x^
6 + 3*(56*B*c^3*d^2*e^5 - 36*A*c^3*d*e^6 + 63*B*a*c^2*e^7)*x^5 - 5*(112*B*
c^3*d^3*e^4 - 72*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 126*B*a*c^2*d*e^6 - 63A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 +
5*(896*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 576*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 1008*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 504A*a
*c^2*d*e^6 + 189B*a^2*c*e^7)*x^3 + 15*(1792*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 1152A*c^3*d^
4*e^3 + 2016B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 1008A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 378B*a^2*c*d*e^6 -
63A*a^2*c*e^7)*x^2 + 5*(7168*B*c^3*d^6*e - 4608A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 8064B*a*
c^2*d^4*e^3 - 4032A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 1512B*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 252A*a^2*c*d*
e^6 - 21B*a^3*e^7)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^11*x^3 + 3*d*e^10*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^9*
x + d^3*e^8)
```


Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 21.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 476, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = \left\{ \frac{2 \left(\frac{Bc^3(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^7} + \frac{3c(ae^2+cd^2)(-Aae^3-5Acd^2e+3Bade^2+7Bcd^3)}{e^7\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}(Ac^3e-7Bc^3d)}{7e^7} + \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(-6Aa^3x+3Aa^2cx^2+3Aac^2x^5+Ac^3x^7)}{7e^7} + \frac{Ba^3x^2}{2} + \frac{3Ba^2cx^4}{4} + \frac{Bac^2x^6}{2} + \frac{Bc^3x^8}{8} \right)}{d^{7/2}} \right.$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**(7/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(B*c**3*(d + e*x)**(9/2)/(9*e**7) + 3*c*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*(-A*a*e**3 - 5*A*c*d**2*e + 3*B*a*d*e**2 + 7*B*c*d**3)/(e**7*sqrt(d + e*x)) + (d + e*x)**(7/2)*(A*c**3*e - 7*B*c**3*d)/(7*e**7) + (d + e*x)**(5/2)*(-6*A*c**3*d*e + 3*B*a*c**2*e**2 + 21*B*c**3*d**2)/(5*e**7) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)*(3*A*a*c**2*e**3 + 15*A*c**3*d**2*e - 15*B*a*c**2*d*e**2 - 35*B*c**3*d**3)/(3*e**7) + sqrt(d + e*x)*(-12*A*a*c**2*d*e**3 - 20*A*c**3*d**3*e + 3*B*a**2*c*e**4 + 30*B*a*c**2*d**2*e**2 + 35*B*c**3*d**4)/e**7 - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2*(-6*A*c*d*e + B*a*e**2 + 7*B*c*d**2)/(3*e**7*(d + e*x)**(3/2)) + (-A*e + B*d)*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**3/(5*e**7*(d + e*x)**(5/2)))/e, Ne(e, 0)), ((A*a**3*x + A*a**2*c*x**3 + 3*A*a*c**2*x**5/5 + A*c**3*x**7/7 + B*a**3*x**2/2 + 3*B*a**2*c*x**4/4 + B*a*c**2*x**6/2 + B*c**3*x**8/8)/d**7/2, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 461, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{35(ex+d)^{9/2}Bc^3 - 45(7Bc^3d - Ac^3e)(ex+d)^{7/2} + 189(7Bc^3d^2 - 2Ac^3de + Bac^2e^2)(ex+d)^{5/2} - 105(35E}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{d^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

2/315*((35*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*B*c^3 - 45*(7*B*c^3*d - A*c^3*e)*(e*x + d)^(7/2)
) + 189*(7*B*c^3*d^2 - 2*A*c^3*d*e + B*a*c^2*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 105*(3
5*B*c^3*d^3 - 15*A*c^3*d^2*e + 15*B*a*c^2*d*e^2 - 3*A*a*c^2*e^3)*(e*x + d)
^(3/2) + 315*(35*B*c^3*d^4 - 20*A*c^3*d^3*e + 30*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 12*A*a*
c^2*d*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^4)*sqrt(e*x + d))/e^7 + 21*(3*B*c^3*d^7 - 3*A*c^3*
d^6*e + 9*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 9*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 9*A*a^
2*c*d^2*e^5 + 3*B*a^3*d*e^6 - 3*A*a^3*e^7 + 45*(7*B*c^3*d^5 - 5*A*c^3*d^4*
e + 10*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d*e^4 - A*a^2*c*e^5
)*(e*x + d)^2 - 5*(7*B*c^3*d^6 - 6*A*c^3*d^5*e + 15*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 12*A
*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 6*A*a^2*c*d*e^5 + B*a^3*e^6)*(e*x + d
))/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*e^7))/e

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 599, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(315(ex + d)^2 Bc^3 d^5 - 35(ex + d) Bc^3 d^6 + 3 Bc^3 d^7 - 225(ex + d)^2 Ac^3 d^4 e}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{2\left(35(ex + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} Bc^3 e^{64} - 315(ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} Bc^3 d e^{64} + 1323(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} Bc^3 d^2 e^{64} - 3675(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} Bc^3 d^3 e^{64} + 1323(ex + d)^{\frac{1}{2}} Bc^3 d^4 e^{64} - 315 Bc^3 d^5 e^{64} + 45 Bc^3 d^6 e^{64} - 15 Bc^3 d^7 e^{64}\right)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

2/15*(315*(e*x + d)^2*B*c^3*d^5 - 35*(e*x + d)*B*c^3*d^6 + 3*B*c^3*d^7 - 2
25*(e*x + d)^2*A*c^3*d^4*e + 30*(e*x + d)*A*c^3*d^5*e - 3*A*c^3*d^6*e + 45
0*(e*x + d)^2*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 75*(e*x + d)*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 9*B*a*c^2*d
^5*e^2 - 270*(e*x + d)^2*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 60*(e*x + d)*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 -
9*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 135*(e*x + d)^2*B*a^2*c*d*e^4 - 45*(e*x + d)*B*a^2*c*d
^2*e^4 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 45*(e*x + d)^2*A*a^2*c*e^5 + 30*(e*x + d)*A*a
^2*c*d*e^5 - 9*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 5*(e*x + d)*B*a^3*e^6 + 3*B*a^3*d*e^6 - 3
*A*a^3*e^7)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*e^8) + 2/315*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*B*c^3*e^64 -
315*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*B*c^3*d*e^64 + 1323*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*B*c^3*d^2*e^64 -
3675*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*c^3*d^3*e^64 + 11025*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*c^3*d^4*e^64 +
45*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*A*c^3*e^65 - 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*A*c^3*d*e^65 + 1575*(e
*x + d)^(3/2)*A*c^3*d^2*e^65 - 6300*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*c^3*d^3*e^65 + 189*(e
*x + d)^(5/2)*B*a*c^2*e^66 - 1575*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*a*c^2*d*e^66 + 9450*sq
rt(e*x + d)*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^66 + 315*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*A*a*c^2*e^67 - 3780*sq
rt(e*x + d)*A*a*c^2*d*e^67 + 945*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*a^2*c*e^68)/e^72

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 455, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(6Ba^2ce^4 + 60Bac^2d^2e^2 - 24Aac^2de^3 + 70Bc^3d^4 - 40Ac^3d^5)}{e^8}$$

$$\frac{(d + ex) \left(\frac{2Ba^3e^6}{3} + 6Ba^2cd^2e^4 - 4Aa^2cde^5 + 10Bac^2d^4e^2 - 8Aac^2d^3e^3 + \frac{14Bc^3d^6}{3} - 4Ac^3d^5e \right)}{e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}(42Bc^3d^2 - 12Ac^3de + 6Bac^2e^2)}{5e^8} + \frac{2Bc^3(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^{3/2}(-35Bcd^3 + 15Acd^2e - 15Bade^2 + 3Aae^3)}{3e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{2c^3(Ae - 7Bd)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^8}$$

input

```
int(((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(7/2), x)
```

output

```
((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(70*B*c^3*d^4 + 6*B*a^2*c*e^4 - 40*A*c^3*d^3*e + 60*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 24*A*a*c^2*d*e^3))/e^8 - ((d + e*x)*((2*B*a^3*e^6)/3 + (14*B*c^3*d^6)/3 - 4*A*c^3*d^5*e - 8*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 10*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 4*A*a^2*c*d*e^5) - (d + e*x)^2*(42*B*c^3*d^5 - 6*A*a^2*c*e^5 - 30*A*c^3*d^4*e - 36*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 60*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 18*B*a^2*c*d*e^4) + (2*A*a^3*e^7)/5 - (2*B*c^3*d^7)/5 - (2*B*a^3*d*e^6)/5 + (2*A*c^3*d^6*e)/5 + (6*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3)/5 + (6*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5)/5 - (6*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2)/5 - (6*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4)/5)/(e^8*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + ((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(42*B*c^3*d^2 - 12*A*c^3*d*e + 6*B*a*c^2*e^2))/(5*e^8) + (2*B*c^3*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^8) + (2*c^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(3*A*a*e^3 - 35*B*c*d^3 - 15*B*a*d*e^2 + 15*A*c*d^2*e))/(3*e^8) + (2*c^3*(A*e - 7*B*d)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^8)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 508, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{4096}{45}bc^3d^7 - 8a^3cde^6x + 6a^2bce^7x^3 - \frac{4}{15}a^3bde^6 - \frac{16}{5}a^3cd^2e^5 - \frac{256}{5}a^2c^2d^4e^3 -$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(- 63*a**4*e**7 - 42*a**3*b*d*e**6 - 105*a**3*b*e**7*x - 504*a**3*c*d*
**2*e**5 - 1260*a**3*c*d*e**6*x - 945*a**3*c*e**7*x**2 + 3024*a**2*b*c*d**3
*e**4 + 7560*a**2*b*c*d**2*e**5*x + 5670*a**2*b*c*d*e**6*x**2 + 945*a**2*b
*c*e**7*x**3 - 8064*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**3 - 20160*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**4*x - 15
120*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 - 2520*a**2*c**2*d*e**6*x**3 + 315*a**2*c**2*
e**7*x**4 + 16128*a*b*c**2*d**5*e**2 + 40320*a*b*c**2*d**4*e**3*x + 30240*
a*b*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**2 + 5040*a*b*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**3 - 630*a*b*c**2*d*e*
**6*x**4 + 189*a*b*c**2*e**7*x**5 - 9216*a*c**3*d**6*e - 23040*a*c**3*d**5*
e**2*x - 17280*a*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**2 - 2880*a*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**3 + 360*a*
c**3*d**2*e**5*x**4 - 108*a*c**3*d*e**6*x**5 + 45*a*c**3*e**7*x**6 + 14336
*b*c**3*d**7 + 35840*b*c**3*d**6*e*x + 26880*b*c**3*d**5*e**2*x**2 + 4480*
b*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**3 - 560*b*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**4 + 168*b*c**3*d**2*e**5*x
**5 - 70*b*c**3*d*e**6*x**6 + 35*b*c**3*e**7*x**7))/(315*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**
8*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2))
```

$$3.121 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1004
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1005
Rubi [A] (verified)	1005
Maple [A] (verified)	1007
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1008
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1009
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1010
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1010
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1011
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1012

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 342

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx &= \frac{2(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^3}{7e^8(d+ex)^{7/2}} \\ &- \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(7Bcd^2 - 6Acde + aBe^2)}{5e^8(d+ex)^{5/2}} \\ &+ \frac{2c(cd^2 + ae^2)(7Bcd^3 - 5Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)}{e^8(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\ &+ \frac{2c(4Acde(5cd^2 + 3ae^2) - B(35c^2d^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4))}{e^8\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ &- \frac{2c^2(35Bcd^3 - 15Acd^2e + 15aBde^2 - 3aAe^3)\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^8} \\ &+ \frac{2c^2(7Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{e^8} \\ &- \frac{2c^3(7Bd - Ae)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^8} + \frac{2Bc^3(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^8} \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\frac{2}{7}(-Ae+Bd)(ae^2+cd^2)^3/e^8/(e*x+d)^{(7/2)}-2/5*(ae^2+cd^2)^2*(-6*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)/e^8/(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}+2*c*(ae^2+cd^2)*(-A*a*e^3-5*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+7*B*c*d^3)/e^8/(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}+2*c*(4*A*c*d*e*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)-B*(3*a^2*e^4+30*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4))/e^8/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}-2*c^2*(-3*A*a*e^3-15*A*c*d^2*e+15*B*a*d*e^2+35*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/e^8+2*c^2*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}/e^8-2/5*c^3*(-A*e+7*B*d)*(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}/e^8+2/7*B*c^3*(e*x+d)^{(7/2)}/e^8$$
Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2Ae(-5a^3e^6 - a^2ce^4(8d^2 + 28dex + 35e^2x^2) + 3ac^2e^2(128d^4 + 448d^3ex + 56$$

input

Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^(9/2),x]

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*A*e*(-5*a^3*e^6 - a^2*c*e^4*(8*d^2 + 28*d*e*x + 35*e^2*x^2) + 3*a*c^2*e \\ & ^2*(128*d^4 + 448*d^3*e*x + 560*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 280*d*e^3*x^3 + 35*e^4*x^4) \\ & + c^3*(1024*d^6 + 3584*d^5*e*x + 4480*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 2240*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 280 \\ & *d^2*e^4*x^4 - 28*d*e^5*x^5 + 7*e^6*x^6)) - 2*B*(a^3*e^6*(2*d + 7*e*x) + 3 \\ & *a^2*c*e^4*(16*d^3 + 56*d^2*e*x + 70*d*e^2*x^2 + 35*e^3*x^3) + 5*a*c^2*e^2 \\ & *(256*d^5 + 896*d^4*e*x + 1120*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 560*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 70*d*e^4*x^4 \\ & - 7*e^5*x^5) + c^3*(2048*d^7 + 7168*d^6*e*x + 8960*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 4480*d^4 \\ & *e^3*x^3 + 560*d^3*e^4*x^4 - 56*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 14*d*e^6*x^6 - 5*e^7*x^7))) \\ & / (35*e^8*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)}) \end{aligned}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{c(-3a^2Be^4 + 12aAcde^3 - 30aBcd^2e^2 + 20Ac^2d^3e - 35Bc^2d^4)}{e^7(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{3c^2\sqrt{d + ex}(-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 7Bcd^2)}{e^7} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2c(4Acde(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) - B(3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4))}{e^8\sqrt{d + ex}} + \\ & \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^{3/2}(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{e^8} - \\ & \frac{2c^2\sqrt{d + ex}(-3aAe^3 + 15aBde^2 - 15Acd^2e + 35Bcd^3)}{e^8} - \\ & \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(aBe^2 - 6Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{5e^8(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)^3(Bd - Ae)}{7e^8(d + ex)^{7/2}} + \\ & \frac{2c(ae^2 + cd^2)(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 5Acd^2e + 7Bcd^3)}{e^8(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2c^3(d + ex)^{5/2}(7Bd - Ae)}{5e^8} + \\ & \frac{2Bc^3(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^8} \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^(9/2),x]`

output

$(2*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)/(7*e^8*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) - (2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(5*e^8*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (2*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3))/(e^8*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (2*c*(4*A*c*d*e*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - B*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)))/(e^8*sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*c^2*(35*B*c*d^3 - 15*A*c*d^2*e + 15*a*B*d*e^2 - 3*a*A*e^3)*sqrt[d + e*x])/e^8 + (2*c^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/e^8 - (2*c^3*(7*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^8) + (2*B*c^3*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^8)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 652 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\left((10Bx^7 + 14Ax^6)c^3 + 210x^4a\left(\frac{Bx}{3} + A\right)c^2 - 70a^2x^2(3Bx + A)c - 10a^3\left(\frac{7Bx}{5} + A\right) \right) e^7 - 56d\left(x^5\left(\frac{Bx}{2} + A\right)c^3 - 30\left(-\frac{5Bx}{12}\right)\right)$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Bc^3(e^7x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ac^3e(e^7x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{14Bc^3d(e^7x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - 4Ac^3de(e^7x+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2Ba^2c^2e^2(e^7x+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 14Bc^3d^2(e^7x+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6Aa^2c^2e^2$
default	$\frac{2Bc^3(e^7x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ac^3e(e^7x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{14Bc^3d(e^7x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - 4Ac^3de(e^7x+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2Ba^2c^2e^2(e^7x+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 14Bc^3d^2(e^7x+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6Aa^2c^2e^2$
risch	$\frac{2c^2(5Bc^3x^3e^3 + 7Ax^2ce^3 - 34Bx^2cde^2 - 56Axcde^2 + 35Bxae^3 + 162Bxc d^2e + 105Aae^3 + 462Ac d^2e - 490Bad e^2 - 102A^2c^2d^2e^2)}{35e^8}$
gospert	$-\frac{2(-5Bx^7c^3e^7 - 7Ax^6c^3e^7 + 14Bx^6c^3de^6 + 28Ax^5c^3de^6 - 35Bx^5ac^2e^7 - 56Bx^5c^3d^2e^5 - 105Ax^4ac^2e^7 - 280Ax^4c^3d^2e^5)}{35e^8}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-5Bx^7c^3e^7 - 7Ax^6c^3e^7 + 14Bx^6c^3de^6 + 28Ax^5c^3de^6 - 35Bx^5ac^2e^7 - 56Bx^5c^3d^2e^5 - 105Ax^4ac^2e^7 - 280Ax^4c^3d^2e^5)}{35e^8}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-5Bx^7c^3e^7 - 7Ax^6c^3e^7 + 14Bx^6c^3de^6 + 28Ax^5c^3de^6 - 35Bx^5ac^2e^7 - 56Bx^5c^3d^2e^5 - 105Ax^4ac^2e^7 - 280Ax^4c^3d^2e^5)}{35e^8}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(9/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

```
1/35*((10*B*x^7+14*A*x^6)*c^3+210*x^4*a*(1/3*B*x+A)*c^2-70*a^2*x^2*(3*B*x+A)*c-10*a^3*(7/5*B*x+A))*e^7-56*d*(x^5*(1/2*B*x+A)*c^3-30*(-5/12*B*x+A)*x^3*a*c^2+a^2*x*(15/2*B*x+A)*c+1/14*B*a^3)*e^6-16*c*d^2*((-7*B*x^5-35*A*x^4)*c^2-210*x^2*(-5/3*B*x+A)*a*c+a^2*(21*B*x+A))*e^5+2688*c*d^3*(5/3*(-1/4*B*x+A)*x^3*c^2+a*x*(-25/6*B*x+A)*c-1/28*a^2*B)*e^4+768*c^2*d^4*(35/3*x^2*(-B*x+A)*c+a*(-35/3*B*x+A))*e^3+7168*c^2*d^5*(x*(-5/2*B*x+A)*c-5/14*B*a)*e^2+2048*c^3*d^6*(-7*B*x+A)*e-4096*B*c^3*d^7)/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^8
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 496, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(5Bc^3e^7x^7 - 2048Bc^3d^7 + 1024Ac^3d^6e - 1280Bac^2d^5e^2 + 384Aac^2d^4e^3 - 48B^2ac^2d^3e^4 - 8A^2ac^2d^2e^5 - 2B^3ad^2e^6 - 5A^3ae^7 - 7(2B^2c^3d^2e^6 - A^2c^3e^7)*x^6 + 7(8B^2c^3d^2e^5 - 4A^2c^3d^2e^6 + 5B^2ac^2e^7)*x^5 - 35(16B^2c^3d^3e^4 - 8A^2c^3d^2e^5 + 10B^2ac^2d^2e^6 - 3A^2ac^2e^7)*x^4 - 35(128B^2c^3d^4e^3 - 64A^2c^3d^3e^4 + 80B^2ac^2d^2e^5 - 24A^2ac^2d^2e^6 + 3B^2a^2c^2e^7)*x^3 - 35(256B^2c^3d^5e^2 - 128A^2c^3d^4e^3 + 160B^2ac^2d^3e^4 - 48A^2ac^2d^2e^5 + 6B^2a^2c^2d^2e^6 + A^2a^2c^2e^7)*x^2 - 7(1024B^2c^3d^6e - 512A^2c^3d^5e^2 + 640B^2ac^2d^4e^3 - 192A^2ac^2d^3e^4 + 24B^2a^2c^2d^2e^5 + 4A^2a^2c^2d^2e^6 + B^2a^3e^7)*x)*sqrt(e*x+d)/(e^12*x^4 + 4*d^2*e^11*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^10*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^9*x + d^4*e^8)}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/35*(5*B*c^3*e^7*x^7 - 2048*B*c^3*d^7 + 1024*A*c^3*d^6*e - 1280*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 384*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 48*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 8*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 2*B*a^3*d^2*e^6 - 5*A*a^3*e^7 - 7*(2*B*c^3*d^2*e^6 - A*c^3*e^7)*x^6 + 7*(8*B*c^3*d^2*e^5 - 4*A*c^3*d^2*e^6 + 5*B*a*c^2*e^7)*x^5 - 35*(16*B*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 8*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 10*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^6 - 3*A*a*c^2*e^7)*x^4 - 35*(128*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 64*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 80*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 24*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^6 + 3*B*a^2*c^2*e^7)*x^3 - 35*(256*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 128*A*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 160*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 48*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 6*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^6 + A*a^2*c^2*e^7)*x^2 - 7*(1024*B*c^3*d^6*e - 512*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 640*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 192*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 24*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 4*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6 + B*a^3*e^7)*x)*sqrt(e*x+d)/(e^12*x^4 + 4*d^2*e^11*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^10*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^9*x + d^4*e^8)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3218 vs. $2(359) = 718$.

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3218, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.41

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**(9/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-10*A*a**3*e**7/(35*d**3*e**8*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d**2*e**9*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d*e**10*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 35*e**11*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 16*A*a**2*c*d**2*e**5/(35*d**3*e**8*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d**2*e**9*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d*e**10*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 35*e**11*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 56*A*a**2*c*d*e**6*x/(35*d**3*e**8*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d**2*e**9*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d*e**10*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 35*e**11*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 70*A*a**2*c*e**7*x**2/(35*d**3*e**8*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d**2*e**9*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d*e**10*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 35*e**11*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 768*A*a*c**2*d**4*e**3/(35*d**3*e**8*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d**2*e**9*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d*e**10*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 35*e**11*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 2688*A*a*c**2*d**3*e**4*x/(35*d**3*e**8*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d**2*e**9*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d*e**10*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 35*e**11*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 3360*A*a*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**2/(35*d**3*e**8*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d**2*e**9*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d*e**10*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 35*e**11*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 1680*A*a*c**2*d*e**6*x**3/(35*d**3*e**8*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d**2*e**9*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d*e**10*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 35*e**11*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 210*A*a*c**2*e**7*x**4/(35*d**3*e**8*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d**2*e**9*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d*e**10*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 35*e**11*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 2048*A*c**3*d**6*e/(35*d**3*e**8*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d**2*e**9*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d*e**10*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 35*e**11*x...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 460, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{5(ex+d)^{7/2} Bc^3 - 7(7Bc^3d - Ac^3e)(ex+d)^{5/2} + 35(7Bc^3d^2 - 2Ac^3de + Bac^2e^2)(ex+d)^{3/2} - 35(35Bc^3d^3 - 15A^2c^3d^2e + 15B^2ac^2d^2e^2 - 3A^2ac^2e^3) \sqrt{ex+d}}{e^7} \right)}{e^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\frac{2/35*((5*(ex+d)^{(7/2)}*B*c^3 - 7*(7*B*c^3*d - A*c^3*e)*(ex+d)^{(5/2)} + 35*(7*B*c^3*d^2 - 2*A*c^3*d*e + B*a*c^2*e^2)*(ex+d)^{(3/2)} - 35*(35*B*c^3*d^3 - 15*A*c^3*d^2*e + 15*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 3*A*a*c^2*e^3)*sqrt(ex+d))/e^7 + (5*B*c^3*d^7 - 5*A*c^3*d^6*e + 15*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 15*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 15*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 15*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 5*B*a^3*d^2*e^6 - 5*A*a^3*e^7 - 35*(35*B*c^3*d^4 - 20*A*c^3*d^3*e + 30*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 6*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - A*a^2*c*e^5)*(ex+d)^2 - 7*(7*B*c^3*d^6 - 6*A*c^3*d^5*e + 15*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 6*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + B*a^3*e^6)*(ex+d))/((ex+d)^{(7/2)}*e^7))}{e}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 594, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(1225 (ex+d)^3 Bc^3 d^4 - 245 (ex+d)^2 Bc^3 d^5 + 49 (ex+d) Bc^3 d^6 - 5 Bc^3 d^7 - 700 (ex+d)^3 Ac^3 d^3 e + 1225 (ex+d)^3 Bc^3 d^4 - 245 (ex+d)^2 Bc^3 d^5 + 49 (ex+d) Bc^3 d^6 - 5 Bc^3 d^7 - 700 (ex+d)^3 Ac^3 d^3 e + 1225 \sqrt{ex+d} Bc^3 d^3 e^{48} + 7 (ex+d)^{7/2} Bc^3 e^{48} - 49 (ex+d)^{5/2} Bc^3 d e^{48} + 245 (ex+d)^{3/2} Bc^3 d^2 e^{48} - 1225 \sqrt{ex+d} Bc^3 d^3 e^{48} + 7 (ex+d)^{7/2} Bc^3 e^{48} \right)}{e^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-2/35*(1225*(e*x + d)^3*B*c^3*d^4 - 245*(e*x + d)^2*B*c^3*d^5 + 49*(e*x +
d)*B*c^3*d^6 - 5*B*c^3*d^7 - 700*(e*x + d)^3*A*c^3*d^3*e + 175*(e*x + d)^2
*A*c^3*d^4*e - 42*(e*x + d)*A*c^3*d^5*e + 5*A*c^3*d^6*e + 1050*(e*x + d)^3
*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 350*(e*x + d)^2*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 105*(e*x + d)*B*a*c^2
*d^4*e^2 - 15*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^3*A*a*c^2*d*e^3 + 210*(e*x +
d)^2*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 84*(e*x + d)*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 15*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3
+ 105*(e*x + d)^3*B*a^2*c*e^4 - 105*(e*x + d)^2*B*a^2*c*d*e^4 + 63*(e*x +
d)*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 15*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 35*(e*x + d)^2*A*a^2*c*e^5 - 42*
(e*x + d)*A*a^2*c*d*e^5 + 15*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 7*(e*x + d)*B*a^3*e^6 - 5*B
*a^3*d*e^6 + 5*A*a^3*e^7)/((e*x + d)^(7/2)*e^8) + 2/35*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*
B*c^3*e^48 - 49*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*B*c^3*d*e^48 + 245*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*c^3*d
^2*e^48 - 1225*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*c^3*d^3*e^48 + 7*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*A*c^3*e^49
- 70*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*A*c^3*d*e^49 + 525*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*c^3*d^2*e^49 + 35
*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*a*c^2*e^50 - 525*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*a*c^2*d*e^50 + 105*sq
rt(e*x + d)*A*a*c^2*e^51)/e^56

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 452, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2} (42 B c^3 d^2 - 12 A c^3 d e + 6 B a c^2 e^2)}{3 e^8}$$

$$\frac{(d + ex) \left(\frac{2 B a^3 e^6}{5} + \frac{18 B a^2 c d^2 e^4}{5} - \frac{12 A a^2 c d e^5}{5} + 6 B a c^2 d^4 e^2 - \frac{24 A a c^2 d^3 e^3}{5} + \frac{14 B c^3 d^6}{5} - \frac{12 A c^3 d^5 e}{5} \right) + (d + ex)^{3/2} (42 B c^3 d^2 - 12 A c^3 d e + 6 B a c^2 e^2)}{3 e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{2 B c^3 (d + ex)^{7/2}}{7 e^8} + \frac{2 c^2 \sqrt{d + ex} (-35 B c d^3 + 15 A c d^2 e - 15 B a d e^2 + 3 A a e^3)}{e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{2 c^3 (A e - 7 B d) (d + ex)^{5/2}}{5 e^8}$$

input

```
int(((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(9/2),x)
```

output

```
((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(42*B*c^3*d^2 - 12*A*c^3*d*e + 6*B*a*c^2*e^2))/(3*e^8) -
((d + e*x)*((2*B*a^3*e^6)/5 + (14*B*c^3*d^6)/5 - (12*A*c^3*d^5*e)/5 - (24*
A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3)/5 + 6*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + (18*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/5 - (12*A*a^
2*c*d*e^5)/5) + (d + e*x)^3*(70*B*c^3*d^4 + 6*B*a^2*c*e^4 - 40*A*c^3*d^3*e
+ 60*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 24*A*a*c^2*d*e^3) - (d + e*x)^2*(14*B*c^3*d^5 - 2*
A*a^2*c*e^5 - 10*A*c^3*d^4*e - 12*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 20*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 6
*B*a^2*c*d*e^4) + (2*A*a^3*e^7)/7 - (2*B*c^3*d^7)/7 - (2*B*a^3*d*e^6)/7 +
(2*A*c^3*d^6*e)/7 + (6*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3)/7 + (6*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5)/7 - (6*B*a
*c^2*d^5*e^2)/7 - (6*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4)/7)/(e^8*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) + (2*B*c^3*
(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^8) + (2*c^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(3*A*a*e^3 - 35*B*c*d^3
- 15*B*a*d*e^2 + 15*A*c*d^2*e))/e^8 + (2*c^3*(A*e - 7*B*d)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)
)/(5*e^8)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 519, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{4096}{35}b^3d^7 - \frac{8}{5}a^3cd^6e^6x - 6a^2bc^7e^7x^3 - \frac{4}{35}a^3bd^6e^6 - \frac{16}{35}a^3cd^2e^5 + \frac{768}{35}a^2c^2d^4e^3}{(d + ex)^{9/2}}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(- 5*a**4*e**7 - 2*a**3*b*d*e**6 - 7*a**3*b*e**7*x - 8*a**3*c*d**2*e**
5 - 28*a**3*c*d*e**6*x - 35*a**3*c*e**7*x**2 - 48*a**2*b*c*d**3*e**4 - 168
*a**2*b*c*d**2*e**5*x - 210*a**2*b*c*d*e**6*x**2 - 105*a**2*b*c*e**7*x**3
+ 384*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**3 + 1344*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**4*x + 1680*a**2*c**2*d
**2*e**5*x**2 + 840*a**2*c**2*d*e**6*x**3 + 105*a**2*c**2*e**7*x**4 - 1280*
a*b*c**2*d**5*e**2 - 4480*a*b*c**2*d**4*e**3*x - 5600*a*b*c**2*d**3*e**4*x
**2 - 2800*a*b*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**3 - 350*a*b*c**2*d*e**6*x**4 + 35*a*b*c**
2*e**7*x**5 + 1024*a*c**3*d**6*e + 3584*a*c**3*d**5*e**2*x + 4480*a*c**3*d
**4*e**3*x**2 + 2240*a*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**3 + 280*a*c**3*d**2*e**5*x**4 - 2
8*a*c**3*d*e**6*x**5 + 7*a*c**3*e**7*x**6 - 2048*b*c**3*d**7 - 7168*b*c**3
*d**6*e*x - 8960*b*c**3*d**5*e**2*x**2 - 4480*b*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**3 - 560*
b*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**4 + 56*b*c**3*d**2*e**5*x**5 - 14*b*c**3*d*e**6*x**6 +
5*b*c**3*e**7*x**7))/(35*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**8*(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x + 3*d*e**2
*x**2 + e**3*x**3))
```

$$3.122 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1013
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1014
Rubi [A] (verified)	1014
Maple [A] (verified)	1016
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1017
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1018
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1019
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1019
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1020
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1021

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 346

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx &= \frac{2(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^3}{9e^8(d+ex)^{9/2}} \\ &- \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(7Bcd^2 - 6Acde + aBe^2)}{7e^8(d+ex)^{7/2}} \\ &+ \frac{6c(cd^2 + ae^2)(7Bcd^3 - 5Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)}{5e^8(d+ex)^{5/2}} \\ &+ \frac{2c(4Acde(5cd^2 + 3ae^2) - B(35c^2d^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4))}{3e^8(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\ &+ \frac{2c^2(35Bcd^3 - 15Acd^2e + 15aBde^2 - 3aAe^3)}{e^8\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ &+ \frac{6c^2(7Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^8} \\ &- \frac{2c^3(7Bd - Ae)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^8} + \frac{2Bc^3(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^8} \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 2/9*(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^8/(e*x+d)^(9/2)-2/7*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(-6*A \\ & *c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)/e^8/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+6/5*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-A*a*e^3- \\ & 5*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+7*B*c*d^3)/e^8/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+2/3*c*(4*A*c*d*e*(3*a \\ & *e^2+5*c*d^2)-B*(3*a^2*e^4+30*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4))/e^8/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2 \\ & *c^2*(-3*A*a*e^3-15*A*c*d^2*e+15*B*a*d*e^2+35*B*c*d^3)/e^8/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+6 \\ & *c^2*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^8-2/3*c^3*(-A*e+7*B*d) \\ & *(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^8+2/5*B*c^3*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^8 \end{aligned}$$
Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{-2Ae(35a^3e^6 + 3a^2ce^4(8d^2 + 36dex + 63e^2x^2) + 3ac^2e^2(128d^4 + 576d^3ex +$$

input

`Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^(11/2),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2*A*e*(35*a^3*e^6 + 3*a^2*c*e^4*(8*d^2 + 36*d*e*x + 63*e^2*x^2) + 3*a*c^ \\ & 2*e^2*(128*d^4 + 576*d^3*e*x + 1008*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 840*d*e^3*x^3 + 315*e^4* \\ & x^4) + 5*c^3*(1024*d^6 + 4608*d^5*e*x + 8064*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 6720*d^3*e^3*x^ \\ & 3 + 2520*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 252*d*e^5*x^5 - 21*e^6*x^6)) + 2*B*(-5*a^3*e^6*(2*d \\ & + 9*e*x) - 3*a^2*c*e^4*(16*d^3 + 72*d^2*e*x + 126*d*e^2*x^2 + 105*e^3*x^3 \\ &) + 15*a*c^2*e^2*(256*d^5 + 1152*d^4*e*x + 2016*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 1680*d^2*e^3 \\ & *x^3 + 630*d*e^4*x^4 + 63*e^5*x^5) + 7*c^3*(2048*d^7 + 9216*d^6*e*x + 1612 \\ & 8*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 13440*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 5040*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 504*d^2*e^5*x^5 - 4 \\ & 2*d*e^6*x^6 + 9*e^7*x^7))/((315*e^8*(d + e*x)^(9/2)) \end{aligned}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{c(-3a^2Be^4 + 12aAcde^3 - 30aBcd^2e^2 + 20Ac^2d^3e - 35Bc^2d^4)}{e^7(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{3c^2(-aBe^2 + 2Acde - 7Bcd^2)}{e^7\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{c^2(3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4)}{e^8\sqrt{d + ex}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2c(4Acde(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) - B(3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4))}{3e^8(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \\ & \frac{6c^2\sqrt{d + ex}(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{e^8} + \frac{2c^2(-3aAe^3 + 15aBde^2 - 15Acd^2e + 35Bcd^3)}{e^8\sqrt{d + ex}} - \\ & \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(aBe^2 - 6Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{7e^8(d + ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)^3(Bd - Ae)}{9e^8(d + ex)^{9/2}} + \\ & \frac{6c(ae^2 + cd^2)(-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 5Acd^2e + 7Bcd^3)}{5e^8(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{2c^3(d + ex)^{3/2}(7Bd - Ae)}{3e^8} + \\ & \frac{2Bc^3(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^8} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^(11/2),x]`

output `(2*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)/(9*e^8*(d + e*x)^(9/2)) - (2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/(7*e^8*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) + (6*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3))/(5*e^8*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (2*c*(4*A*c*d*e*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - B*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)))/(3*e^8*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (2*c^2*(35*B*c*d^3 - 15*A*c*d^2*e + 15*a*B*d*e^2 - 3*a*A*e^3))/(e^8*sqrt[d + e*x]) + (6*c^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*sqrt[d + e*x])/e^8 - (2*c^3*(7*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^8) + (2*B*c^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^8)`

output

```
1/315*((((126*B*x^7+210*A*x^6)*c^3-1890*a*x^4*(-B*x+A)*c^2-378*(5/3*B*x+A)*
x^2*a^2*c-70*a^3*(9/7*B*x+A))*e^7-216*d*(35/3*x^5*(7/30*B*x+A)*c^3+70/3*(-
15/4*B*x+A)*x^3*a*c^2+a^2*x*(7/2*B*x+A)*c+5/54*B*a^3)*e^6-48*c*d^2*((-147*
B*x^5+525*A*x^4)*c^2+126*(-25/3*B*x+A)*x^2*a*c+a^2*(9*B*x+A))*e^5-3456*c*d
^3*(175/9*(-21/20*B*x+A)*x^3*c^2+a*x*(-35/2*B*x+A)*c+1/36*a^2*B)*e^4-768*c
^2*((-245*B*x^3+105*A*x^2)*c+a*(-45*B*x+A))*d^4*e^3-46080*c^2*d^5*(x*(-49/
10*B*x+A)*c-1/6*B*a)*e^2-10240*c^3*(-63/5*B*x+A)*d^6*e+28672*B*c^3*d^7)/(e
*x+d)^(9/2)/e^8
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 509, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(63Bc^3e^7x^7 + 14336Bc^3d^7 - 5120Ac^3d^6e + 3840Bac^2d^5e^2 - 384Aac^2d^4e^3 + 10240A^2c^2d^4e^3 - 48B^2ac^2d^3e^4 - 24A^2ac^2d^2e^5 - 10B^2a^3d^2e^6 - 35A^2a^3e^7 - 21(14B^2c^3d^2e^6 - 5A^2c^3e^7)*x^6 + 63(56B^2c^3d^2e^5 - 20A^2c^3d^2e^6 + 15B^2a^2c^2e^7)*x^5 + 315(112B^2c^3d^3e^4 - 40A^2c^3d^2e^5 + 30B^2a^2c^2d^2e^6 - 3A^2a^2c^2e^7)*x^4 + 105(896B^2c^3d^4e^3 - 320A^2c^3d^3e^4 + 240B^2a^2c^2d^2e^5 - 24A^2a^2c^2d^2e^6 - 3B^2a^2c^2e^7)*x^3 + 63(1792B^2c^3d^5e^2 - 640A^2c^3d^4e^3 + 480B^2a^2c^2d^3e^4 - 48A^2a^2c^2d^2e^5 - 6B^2a^2c^2d^2e^6 - 3A^2a^2c^2e^7)*x^2 + 9(7168B^2c^3d^6e - 2560A^2c^3d^5e^2 + 1920B^2a^2c^2d^4e^3 - 192A^2a^2c^2d^3e^4 - 24B^2a^2c^2d^2e^5 - 12A^2a^2c^2d^2e^6 - 5B^2a^3e^7)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^13*x^5 + 5*d*e^12*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^11*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^10*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^9*x + d^5*e^8)}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/315*(63*B*c^3*e^7*x^7 + 14336*B*c^3*d^7 - 5120*A*c^3*d^6*e + 3840*B*a*c^
2*d^5*e^2 - 384*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 48*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 24*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5
- 10*B*a^3*d^2*e^6 - 35*A*a^3*e^7 - 21*(14*B*c^3*d^2*e^6 - 5*A*c^3*e^7)*x^6 +
63*(56*B*c^3*d^2*e^5 - 20*A*c^3*d^2*e^6 + 15*B*a^2*c^2*e^7)*x^5 + 315*(112*B*c
^3*d^3*e^4 - 40*A*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 30*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6 - 3*A*a^2*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 10
5*(896*B*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 320*A*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 240*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 24*A*a^2*c
^2*d^2*e^6 - 3*B*a^2*c^2*e^7)*x^3 + 63*(1792*B*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 640*A*c^3*d^4*e^3
+ 480*B*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 48*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 6*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6 - 3*A*a
^2*c^2*e^7)*x^2 + 9*(7168*B*c^3*d^6*e - 2560*A*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 1920*B*a^2*c^2*d
^4*e^3 - 192*A*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 24*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 12*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6
- 5*B*a^3*e^7)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^13*x^5 + 5*d*e^12*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^11*x^3
+ 10*d^3*e^10*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^9*x + d^5*e^8)
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 461, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{21 \left(3(ex+d)^{5/2} Bc^3 - 5(7Bc^3d - Ac^3e)(ex+d)^{3/2} + 45(7Bc^3d^2 - 2Ac^3de + Bac^2e^2)\sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{e^7} + \frac{35Bc^3d^3}{e^7} \right)}{15e^{40}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{2/315*(21*(3*(ex+d)^{(5/2)}*B*c^3 - 5*(7*B*c^3*d - A*c^3*e)*(ex+d)^{(3/2)} + 45*(7*B*c^3*d^2 - 2*A*c^3*d*e + B*a*c^2*e^2)*sqrt(ex+d))/e^7 + (35*B*c^3*d^3 - 35*A*c^3*d^2*e + 105*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 105*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 105*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 105*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 35*B*a^3*d^2*e^6 - 35*A*a^3*e^7 + 315*(35*B*c^3*d^3 - 15*A*c^3*d^2*e + 15*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 3*A*a*c^2*e^3)*(ex+d)^4 - 105*(35*B*c^3*d^4 - 20*A*c^3*d^3*e + 30*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^4)*(ex+d)^3 + 189*(7*B*c^3*d^5 - 5*A*c^3*d^4*e + 10*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 6*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*d*e^4 - A*a^2*c*e^5)*(ex+d)^2 - 45*(7*B*c^3*d^6 - 6*A*c^3*d^5*e + 15*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 12*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 9*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 6*A*a^2*c*d*e^5 + B*a^3*e^6)*(ex+d))/((ex+d)^(9/2)*e^7))/e$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 589, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(11025 (ex+d)^4 Bc^3 d^3 - 3675 (ex+d)^3 Bc^3 d^4 + 1323 (ex+d)^2 Bc^3 d^5 - 315 (ex+d) Bc^3 d^6 + 15 Bc^3 d^7 \right)}{15e^{40}} + \frac{2 \left(3 (ex+d)^{5/2} Bc^3 e^{32} - 35 (ex+d)^{3/2} Bc^3 d e^{32} + 315 \sqrt{ex+d} Bc^3 d^2 e^{32} + 5 (ex+d)^{3/2} Ac^3 e^{33} - 90 \sqrt{ex+d} Ac^3 e^{33} \right)}{15e^{40}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2/315*(11025*(e*x + d)^4*B*c^3*d^3 - 3675*(e*x + d)^3*B*c^3*d^4 + 1323*(e*
x + d)^2*B*c^3*d^5 - 315*(e*x + d)*B*c^3*d^6 + 35*B*c^3*d^7 - 4725*(e*x +
d)^4*A*c^3*d^2*e + 2100*(e*x + d)^3*A*c^3*d^3*e - 945*(e*x + d)^2*A*c^3*d^
4*e + 270*(e*x + d)*A*c^3*d^5*e - 35*A*c^3*d^6*e + 4725*(e*x + d)^4*B*a*c^
2*d*e^2 - 3150*(e*x + d)^3*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 1890*(e*x + d)^2*B*a*c^2*d^3*
e^2 - 675*(e*x + d)*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 105*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 945*(e*x + d)^
4*A*a*c^2*e^3 + 1260*(e*x + d)^3*A*a*c^2*d*e^3 - 1134*(e*x + d)^2*A*a*c^2*
d^2*e^3 + 540*(e*x + d)*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 105*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 315*(e*x +
d)^3*B*a^2*c*e^4 + 567*(e*x + d)^2*B*a^2*c*d*e^4 - 405*(e*x + d)*B*a^2*c*
d^2*e^4 + 105*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 189*(e*x + d)^2*A*a^2*c*e^5 + 270*(e*x + d
)*A*a^2*c*d*e^5 - 105*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 45*(e*x + d)*B*a^3*e^6 + 35*B*a^3*
d*e^6 - 35*A*a^3*e^7)/((e*x + d)^(9/2)*e^8) + 2/15*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*B*c^
3*e^32 - 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*c^3*d*e^32 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*c^3*d^2*e^3
2 + 5*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*A*c^3*e^33 - 90*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*c^3*d*e^33 + 45*sqrt
(e*x + d)*B*a*c^2*e^34)/e^40

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 454, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{(d + ex)^4 (70 B c^3 d^3 - 30 A c^3 d^2 e + 30 B a c^2 d e^2 - 6 A a c^2 e^3) - (d + ex)}{e^8} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex} (42 B c^3 d^2 - 12 A c^3 d e + 6 B a c^2 e^2)}{e^8} + \frac{2 B c^3 (d + ex)^{5/2}}{5 e^8} + \frac{2 c^3 (A e - 7 B d) (d + ex)^{3/2}}{3 e^8}$$

input

```
int(((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(11/2),x)
```

output

```
((d + e*x)^4*(70*B*c^3*d^3 - 6*A*a*c^2*e^3 - 30*A*c^3*d^2*e + 30*B*a*c^2*d
*e^2) - (d + e*x)*((2*B*a^3*e^6)/7 + 2*B*c^3*d^6 - (12*A*c^3*d^5*e)/7 - (2
4*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3)/7 + (30*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2)/7 + (18*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/7 - (
12*A*a^2*c*d*e^5)/7) - (d + e*x)^3*((70*B*c^3*d^4)/3 + 2*B*a^2*c*e^4 - (40
*A*c^3*d^3*e)/3 + 20*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 8*A*a*c^2*d*e^3) + (d + e*x)^2*((42
*B*c^3*d^5)/5 - (6*A*a^2*c*e^5)/5 - 6*A*c^3*d^4*e - (36*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3)/5
+ 12*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + (18*B*a^2*c*d*e^4)/5) - (2*A*a^3*e^7)/9 + (2*B*c^3
*d^7)/9 + (2*B*a^3*d*e^6)/9 - (2*A*c^3*d^6*e)/9 - (2*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3)/3 -
(2*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5)/3 + (2*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2)/3 + (2*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4)/3)/(e^
8*(d + e*x)^(9/2)) + ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(42*B*c^3*d^2 - 12*A*c^3*d*e + 6*B*a
*c^2*e^2))/e^8 + (2*B*c^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^8) + (2*c^3*(A*e - 7*B*d)*
(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^8)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 530, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{4096}{45}bc^3d^7 - \frac{24}{35}a^3cde^6x - 2a^2bce^7x^3 - \frac{4}{63}a^3bde^6 - \frac{16}{105}a^3cd^2e^5 - \frac{256}{105}a^2c^2d^4e^3$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*( - 35*a**4*e**7 - 10*a**3*b*d*e**6 - 45*a**3*b*e**7*x - 24*a**3*c*d**2
*e**5 - 108*a**3*c*d*e**6*x - 189*a**3*c*e**7*x**2 - 48*a**2*b*c*d**3*e**4
- 216*a**2*b*c*d**2*e**5*x - 378*a**2*b*c*d*e**6*x**2 - 315*a**2*b*c*e**7
*x**3 - 384*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**3 - 1728*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**4*x - 3024*a**2*c
**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 - 2520*a**2*c**2*d*e**6*x**3 - 945*a**2*c**2*e**7*x**4
+ 3840*a*b*c**2*d**5*e**2 + 17280*a*b*c**2*d**4*e**3*x + 30240*a*b*c**2*d
**3*e**4*x**2 + 25200*a*b*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**3 + 9450*a*b*c**2*d*e**6*x**4 +
945*a*b*c**2*e**7*x**5 - 5120*a*c**3*d**6*e - 23040*a*c**3*d**5*e**2*x -
40320*a*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**2 - 33600*a*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**3 - 12600*a*c**3*d
**2*e**5*x**4 - 1260*a*c**3*d*e**6*x**5 + 105*a*c**3*e**7*x**6 + 14336*b*c
**3*d**7 + 64512*b*c**3*d**6*e*x + 112896*b*c**3*d**5*e**2*x**2 + 94080*b*
c**3*d**4*e**3*x**3 + 35280*b*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**4 + 3528*b*c**3*d**2*e**5*
x**5 - 294*b*c**3*d*e**6*x**6 + 63*b*c**3*e**7*x**7))/(315*sqrt(d + e*x)*
e**8*(d**4 + 4*d**3*e*x + 6*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*d*e**3*x**3 + e**4*x**4))
```

3.123 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{a-cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1022
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1023
Rubi [A] (verified)	1023
Maple [A] (verified)	1026
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1028
Sympy [F(-1)]	1028
Maxima [F]	1028
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1029
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1030
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1030

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 237

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{a-cx^2} dx = -\frac{2(Bcd^2+2Acde+aBe^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2} - \frac{2(Bd+ Ae)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{2B(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c} + \frac{(\sqrt{a}B - A\sqrt{c})(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{9/4}} + \frac{(\sqrt{a}B + A\sqrt{c})(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{9/4}}$$

output

```
-2*(2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^2-2/3*(A*e+B*d)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c-2/5*B*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/c+(a^(1/2)*B-A*c^(1/2))*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(9/4)+(a^(1/2)*B+A*c^(1/2))*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(9/4)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{a - cx^2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{d + ex}(15aBe^2 + 5Ace(7d + ex) + Bc(23d^2 + 11dex + 3e^2x^2)) + \frac{15(\sqrt{a}}{c} \dots}{a - cx^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(a - c*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(15*a*B*e^2 + 5*A*c*e*(7*d + e*x) + B*c*(23*d^2 + 11*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2)) + (15*(Sqrt[a]*B + A*Sqrt[c])*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]) - (15*(Sqrt[a]*B - A*Sqrt[c])*(-(Sqrt[c]*d) + Sqrt[a]*e)^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]))/(15*c^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {653, 25, 653, 25, 27, 653, 25, 654, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{a - cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{653}$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(Acd+aBe+c(Bd+Ae)x)}{a-cx^2} dx}{c} - \frac{2B(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(Acd+aBe+c(Bd+Ae)x)}{a-cx^2} dx}{c} - \frac{2B(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c}$$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{c\sqrt{d+ex}(Acd^2+2aBed+aAe^2+(Bcd^2+2Aced+aBe^2)x)}{a-cx^2} dx}{c} - \frac{2}{3}(d+ex)^{3/2}(Ae+Bd) - \frac{2B(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c}$$

653

$$\frac{\int \frac{c\sqrt{d+ex}(Acd^2+2aBed+aAe^2+(Bcd^2+2Aced+aBe^2)x)}{a-cx^2} dx}{c} - \frac{2}{3}(d+ex)^{3/2}(Ae+Bd) - \frac{2B(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c}$$

25

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(Acd^2+2aBed+aAe^2+(Bcd^2+2Aced+aBe^2)x)}{a-cx^2} dx}{c} - \frac{2}{3}(d+ex)^{3/2}(Ae+Bd) - \frac{2B(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c}$$

27

$$\frac{\int -\frac{aBe(3cd^2+ae^2)+Acd(cd^2+3ae^2)+c(Bcd^3+3Aced^2+3aBe^2d+aAe^3)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{c} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(aBe^2+2Acde+Bcd^2)}{c} - \frac{2}{3}(d+ex)^{3/2}(Ae+Bd) - \frac{2B(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c}$$

653

25

$$\frac{\int \frac{aBe(3cd^2+ae^2)+Acd(cd^2+3ae^2)+c(Bcd^3+3Aced^2+3aBe^2d+aAe^3)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{c} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(aBe^2+2Acde+Bcd^2)}{c} - \frac{2}{3}(d+ex)^{3/2}(Ae+Bd) - \frac{2B(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c}$$

654

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(Bcd^2+2Aced+aBe^2)-c(Bcd^3+3Aced^2+3aBe^2d+aAe^3)(d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(aBe^2+2Acde+Bcd^2)}{c} - \frac{2}{3}(d+ex)^{3/2}(Ae+Bd) - \frac{2B(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c}$$

1480

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a}B - A\sqrt{c})(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^3 \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a}B + A\sqrt{c})(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd})^3 \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{a}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2B(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{(\sqrt{a}B - A\sqrt{c})(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{(\sqrt{a}B + A\sqrt{c})(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd})^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2B(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(a - c*x^2), x]`

output `(-2*B*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*c) + ((-2*(B*c*d^2 + 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/c - (2*(B*d + A*e)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/3 + (2*(((Sqrt[a]*B - A*Sqrt[c])*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)) + ((Sqrt[a]*B + A*Sqrt[c])*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4))))/c)/c`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 653

```
Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)))/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2),
x_Symbol] := Simp[g*((d + e*x)^m/(c*m)), x] + Simp[1/c Int[(d + e*x)^(m
- 1)*(Simp[c*d*f - a*e*g + (g*c*d + c*e*f)*x, x]/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && FractionQ[m] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 654

```
Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)),
x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*
x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

rule 1480

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(
b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2
+ q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
&& NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$14 \frac{9\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})}cc\left(\left(-Ad^2e-\frac{1}{3}Bd^3\right)c-\frac{ae^2(Ae+3Bd)}{3}\right)\sqrt{ace^2}+\left(\frac{Ac^2d^3}{3}+ade(Ae+Bd)c+\frac{Be^3a^2}{3}\right)e}{14} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\dots}}{\dots}\right)$
risch	$\frac{2(3e^2Bcx^2+5Ace^2x+11Bcdex+35Acde+15Ba e^2+23Bcd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{15c^2} - \frac{2\left(\frac{(-3Aacd e^3-Ac^2d^3e-Be^4a^2-3Bacd^2)}{2}\right)}{\dots}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\left(\frac{Bc(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}+\frac{Ace(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+\frac{Bcd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2Acde\sqrt{ex+d}+Ba e^2\sqrt{ex+d}+Bcd^2\sqrt{ex+d}\right)}{c^2} - \frac{2\left(\frac{(-3Aacd e^3-Ac^2d^3e-Be^4a^2-3Bacd^2)}{2}\right)}{\dots}$
default	$\frac{2\left(\frac{Bc(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}+\frac{Ace(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+\frac{Bcd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2Acde\sqrt{ex+d}+Ba e^2\sqrt{ex+d}+Bcd^2\sqrt{ex+d}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{(3Aacd e^3+Ac^2d^3e+\dots)}{\dots}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -14/3*(-9/14*((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*c*(((-A*d^2*e-1/3*B*d^3)*c-1/3*a*e^2*(A*e+3*B*d))*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)+(1/3*A*c^2*d^3+a*d*e*(A*e+B*d)*c+1/3*B*e^3*a^2)*e)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+(-9/14*c*((A*e+1/3*B*d)*d^2*c+1/3*a*e^2*(A*e+3*B*d))*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)+(1/3*A*c^2*d^3+a*d*e*(A*e+B*d)*c+1/3*B*e^3*a^2)*e)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*((23/35*B*d^2+e*(11/35*B*x+A)*d+1/7*(3/5*B*x+A)*e^2*x)*c+3/7*B*a*e^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/c^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 7410 vs. $2(179) = 358$.

Time = 10.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7410, normalized size of antiderivative = 31.27

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{a - cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{a - cx^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**2+a),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{a - cx^2} dx = \int -\frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{cx^2 - a} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2 - a), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11383, normalized size of antiderivative = 48.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{a - cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(a - c*x^2), x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & - (2*d*((2*A*e - 2*B*d)/c + (4*B*d)/c) + (2*B*(a*e^2 - c*d^2))/c^2)*(d + e \\ & *x)^{(1/2)} - ((2*A*e - 2*B*d)/(3*c) + (4*B*d)/(3*c))*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)} - \text{atan} \\ & (((((8*(4*B*a^3*c^4*e^6 - 8*A*a*c^6*d^3*e^3 + 8*A*a^2*c^5*d*e^5 - 4*B*a*c^6 \\ & *d^4*e^2))/c^3 - 64*a*c^4*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^{(1/2))*((B^2*a^2*c^7*d^5 + B^2*a \\ & ^3*e^5*(a^3*c^9)^{(1/2)} + A^2*a*c^8*d^5 + 10*A^2*a^2*c^7*d^3*e^2 + 10*B^2*a \\ & ^3*c^6*d^3*e^2 + A^2*a^2*c*e^5*(a^3*c^9)^{(1/2)} + 2*A*B*a^4*c^5*e^5 + 5*A^2 \\ & *c^3*d^4*e*(a^3*c^9)^{(1/2)} + 2*A*B*c^3*d^5*(a^3*c^9)^{(1/2)} + 5*A^2*a^3*c^6 \\ & *d*e^4 + 5*B^2*a^4*c^5*d*e^4 + 10*A*B*a^2*c^7*d^4*e + 5*B^2*a*c^2*d^4*e*(a \\ & ^3*c^9)^{(1/2)} + 10*A^2*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*(a^3*c^9)^{(1/2)} + 20*A*B*a^3*c^6*d^2* \\ & e^3 + 10*B^2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3*(a^3*c^9)^{(1/2)} + 10*A*B*a^2*c*d*e^4*(a^3*c^9)^{(1/2)} \\ & + 20*A*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2*(a^3*c^9)^{(1/2)})/(4*a^2*c^9))^{(1/2))*((B^2*a^2 \\ & *c^7*d^5 + B^2*a^3*e^5*(a^3*c^9)^{(1/2)} + A^2*a*c^8*d^5 + 10*A^2*a^2*c^7*d \\ & ^3*e^2 + 10*B^2*a^3*c^6*d^3*e^2 + A^2*a^2*c*e^5*(a^3*c^9)^{(1/2)} + 2*A*B*a^4 \\ & *c^5*e^5 + 5*A^2*c^3*d^4*e*(a^3*c^9)^{(1/2)} + 2*A*B*c^3*d^5*(a^3*c^9)^{(1/2)} \\ &) + 5*A^2*a^3*c^6*d*e^4 + 5*B^2*a^4*c^5*d*e^4 + 10*A*B*a^2*c^7*d^4*e + 5*B \\ & ^2*a*c^2*d^4*e*(a^3*c^9)^{(1/2)} + 10*A^2*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*(a^3*c^9)^{(1/2)} + 20 \\ & *A*B*a^3*c^6*d^2*e^3 + 10*B^2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3*(a^3*c^9)^{(1/2)} + 10*A*B*a^2*c \\ & *d*e^4*(a^3*c^9)^{(1/2)} + 20*A*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2*(a^3*c^9)^{(1/2)})/(4*a^2*c^9) \\ &)^{(1/2)} + (16*(d + e*x)^{(1/2))*(B^2*a^4*e^8 + A^2*c^4*d^6*e^2 + A^2*a^3*c*e \\ & ^8 + 15*A^2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6 + 15*B^2*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 15*A^2*a*c^3*d^4... \end{aligned}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 899, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.79

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{a - cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a), x)`

output

```
( - 30*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c*e**2 - 60*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*b*c*d*e - 30*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*c**2*d**2 + 30*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*b*e**2 + 60*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c*d*e + 30*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*b*c*d**2 - 15*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*c*e**2 - 30*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*b*c*d*e - 15*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c**2*d**2 + 15*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*c*e**2 + 30*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*b*c*d*e + 15*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c**2*d**2 - 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*...
```


3.124 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a-cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1032
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1033
Rubi [A] (verified)	1033
Maple [A] (verified)	1036
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1037
Sympy [F]	1037
Maxima [F]	1037
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1038
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1039
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1039

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 202

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a-cx^2} dx = -\frac{2(Bd+ Ae)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{2B(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} + \frac{(\sqrt{a}B - A\sqrt{c})(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{7/4}} + \frac{(\sqrt{a}B + A\sqrt{c})(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{7/4}}$$

output

```
-2*(A*e+B*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c-2/3*B*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c+(a^(1/2)*B-A*c^(1/2))*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(7/4)+(a^(1/2)*B+A*c^(1/2))*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(7/4)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{a - cx^2} dx = \frac{2c\sqrt{d + ex}(4Bd + 3Ae + Bex) + \frac{3(\sqrt{aB + A\sqrt{c}})(\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{ae}})\sqrt{-cd - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{3(-\sqrt{aB + A\sqrt{c}})}{3c^2}}{3c^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a - c*x^2),x]
```

output

```
-1/3*(2*c*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(4*B*d + 3*A*e + B*e*x) + (3*(Sqrt[a]*B + A*Sqrt[c])*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)))/Sqrt[a] + (3*(-(Sqrt[a]*B) + A*Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]))/c^2
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {653, 25, 653, 25, 27, 654, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{a - cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 653$$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(Acd+aBe+c(Bd+ Ae)x)}{a-cx^2} dx}{c} - \frac{2B(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(Acd+aBe+c(Bd+ Ae)x)}{a-cx^2} dx}{c} - \frac{2B(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{-c(Acd^2+2aBed+aAe^2+(Bcd^2+2Aced+aBe^2)x)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 653 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{-c(Acd^2+2aBed+aAe^2+(Bcd^2+2Aced+aBe^2)x)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{c} - 2\sqrt{d+ex}(Ae+Bd) - \frac{2B(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{c(Acd^2+2aBed+aAe^2+(Bcd^2+2Aced+aBe^2)x)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{c} - 2\sqrt{d+ex}(Ae+Bd) - \frac{2B(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{Acd^2+2aBed+aAe^2+(Bcd^2+2Aced+aBe^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{c} - 2\sqrt{d+ex}(Ae+Bd) - \frac{2B(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{(Bd+Ae)(cd^2-ae^2)-(Bcd^2+2Aced+aBe^2)(d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} - 2\sqrt{d+ex}(Ae+Bd)}{c} - \frac{2B(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(-\frac{(\sqrt{a}B-A\sqrt{c})(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2 \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{a}} - \frac{(\sqrt{a}B+A\sqrt{c})(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^2 \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{a}} \right) - 2\sqrt{d+ex}(Ae+Bd)}{c} - \frac{2B(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{(\sqrt{a}B-A\sqrt{c})(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}^{3/4}} + \frac{(\sqrt{a}B+A\sqrt{c})(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}^{3/4}} \right) - 2\sqrt{d+ex}(Ae+Bd)}{c} - \frac{2B(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a - c*x^2), x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*B*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)})/(3*c) + (-2*(B*d + A*e)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x] + 2*((\text{Sqrt}[a]*B - A*\text{Sqrt}[c])*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)^{(3/2)}*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e]])/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*c^{(3/4)}) + ((\text{Sqrt}[a]*B + A*\text{Sqrt}[c])*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)^{(3/2)}*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e]])/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*c^{(3/4)})))/c$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 221

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 653

$$\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_)*(x_)^m)*(f_ + (g_)*(x_)) / (a_ + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g*(d + e*x)^m/(c*m), x] + \text{Simp}[1/c \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{m-1}*(\text{Simp}[c*d*f - a*e*g + (g*c*d + c*e*f)*x, x]/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$$

rule 654

$$\text{Int}[(f_ + (g_)*(x_)) / (\text{Sqrt}[(d_ + (e_)*(x_)]*(a_ + (c_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x]$$

rule 1480

$$\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_)*(x_)^2) / (a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) \quad \text{Int}[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) \quad \text{Int}[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(Be x+3Ae+4Bd)\sqrt{e x+d}}{3} - \frac{(-Aac e^3 - A c^2 d^2 e - 2Bad e^2 c + 2A\sqrt{ac e^2} cde + B\sqrt{ac e^2} a e^2 + B\sqrt{ac e^2} c d^2) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{e x+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}$
risch	$\frac{2(Be x+3Ae+4Bd)\sqrt{e x+d}}{3c} - \frac{(-Aac e^3 - A c^2 d^2 e - 2Bad e^2 c + 2A\sqrt{ac e^2} cde + B\sqrt{ac e^2} a e^2 + B\sqrt{ac e^2} c d^2) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{e x+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{c\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2\left(\frac{B(e x+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + Ae\sqrt{e x+d} + Bd\sqrt{e x+d}\right)}{c} + \frac{(Aac e^3 + A c^2 d^2 e + 2Bad e^2 c + 2A\sqrt{ac e^2} cde + B\sqrt{ac e^2} a e^2 + B\sqrt{ac e^2} c d^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{e x+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{c\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}$
default	$-\frac{2\left(\frac{B(e x+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + Ae\sqrt{e x+d} + Bd\sqrt{e x+d}\right)}{c} - \frac{(-Aac e^3 - A c^2 d^2 e - 2Bad e^2 c - 2A\sqrt{ac e^2} cde - B\sqrt{ac e^2} a e^2 - B\sqrt{ac e^2} c d^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{e x+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{c\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c*(-2/3*(B*e*x+3*A*e+4*B*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-(-A*a*c*e^3-A*c^2*d^2*e-2*B*a*d*e^2*c+2*A*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*c*d*e+B*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*a*e^2+B*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*c*d^2)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+ (A*a*c*e^3+A*c^2*d^2*e+2*B*a*d*e^2*c+2*A*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*c*d*e+B*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*a*e^2+B*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*c*d^2)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4480 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4480, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.18

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{a - cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{a - cx^2} dx &= - \int \frac{Ad\sqrt{d + ex}}{-a + cx^2} dx \\ &- \int \frac{Aex\sqrt{d + ex}}{-a + cx^2} dx - \int \frac{Bdx\sqrt{d + ex}}{-a + cx^2} dx - \int \frac{Bex^2\sqrt{d + ex}}{-a + cx^2} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**2+a),x)`

output `-Integral(A*d*sqrt(d + e*x)/(-a + c*x**2), x) - Integral(A*e*x*sqrt(d + e*x)/(-a + c*x**2), x) - Integral(B*d*x*sqrt(d + e*x)/(-a + c*x**2), x) - Integral(B*e*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)/(-a + c*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{a - cx^2} dx = \int -\frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{cx^2 - a} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2 - a), x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 550 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 550, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.72

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{a - cx^2} dx =$$

$$(2\sqrt{ac}Bac^3d^2e^2 - 2\sqrt{ac}Aac^3de^3 - (\sqrt{ac}acd^2 + \sqrt{aca^2e^2})Bc^2e^2 + (ac^3d^2e - a^2c^2e^3)A|c||e| + (ac^3d^3 - a$$

$$\frac{(ac^4d - \sqrt{ac}ac^3e)\sqrt{-c^2d - \sqrt{ac}ac^3e}}{3c^3}$$

$$(2\sqrt{ac}Bac^3d^2e^2 - 2\sqrt{ac}Aac^3de^3 - (\sqrt{ac}acd^2 + \sqrt{aca^2e^2})Bc^2e^2 - (ac^3d^2e - a^2c^2e^3)A|c||e| - (ac^3d^3 - a$$

$$+ \frac{(ac^4d + \sqrt{ac}ac^3e)\sqrt{-c^2d + \sqrt{ac}ac^3e}}{3c^3}$$

$$- \frac{2\left((ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bc^2 + 3\sqrt{ex + d}Bc^2d + 3\sqrt{ex + d}Ac^2e\right)}{3c^3}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-(2*sqrt(a*c)*B*a*c^3*d^2*e^2 - 2*sqrt(a*c)*A*a*c^3*d*e^3 - (sqrt(a*c)*a*c
*d^2 + sqrt(a*c)*a^2*e^2)*B*c^2*e^2 + (a*c^3*d^2*e - a^2*c^2*e^3)*A*abs(c)
*abs(e) + (a*c^3*d^3 - a^2*c^2*d*e^2)*B*abs(c)*abs(e) + (sqrt(a*c)*c^4*d^3
*e + sqrt(a*c)*a*c^3*d*e^3)*A)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c^4*d + sqrt(c^
8*d^2 - (c^4*d^2 - a*c^3*e^2)*c^4))/c^4))/((a*c^4*d - sqrt(a*c)*a*c^3*e)*s
qrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) + (2*sqrt(a*c)*B*a*c^3*d^2*e^2 - 2*sq
rt(a*c)*A*a*c^3*d*e^3 - (sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d^2 + sqrt(a*c)*a^2*e^2)*B*c^2*e^2 -
(a*c^3*d^2*e - a^2*c^2*e^3)*A*abs(c)*abs(e) - (a*c^3*d^3 - a^2*c^2*d*e^2)
*B*abs(c)*abs(e) + (sqrt(a*c)*c^4*d^3*e + sqrt(a*c)*a*c^3*d*e^3)*A)*arctan
(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c^4*d - sqrt(c^8*d^2 - (c^4*d^2 - a*c^3*e^2)*c^4))/c
^4))/((a*c^4*d + sqrt(a*c)*a*c^3*e)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) -
2/3*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*c^2 + 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*c^2*d + 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*
c^2*e)/c^3
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7560, normalized size of antiderivative = 37.43

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{a - cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a - c*x^2),x)`

output

```
- ((2*A*e - 2*B*d)/c + (4*B*d)/c)*(d + e*x)^(1/2) - atan((((8*(4*A*a^2*c^4*e^5 - 4*A*a*c^5*d^2*e^3 - 4*B*a*c^5*d^3*e^2 + 4*B*a^2*c^4*d*e^4))/c^2 - 64*a*c^4*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((B^2*a^2*c^5*d^3 + B^2*a^2*e^3*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2) + A^2*a*c^6*d^3 + 2*A*B*a^3*c^4*e^3 + 3*A^2*c^2*d^2*e*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2) + 2*A*B*c^2*d^3*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2) + 3*A^2*a^2*c^5*d*e^2 + 3*B^2*a^3*c^4*d*e^2 + A^2*a*c*e^3*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2) + 3*B^2*a*c*d^2*e*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2) + 6*A*B*a^2*c^5*d^2*e + 6*A*B*a*c*d*e^2*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^7))^(1/2))*((B^2*a^2*c^5*d^3 + B^2*a^2*e^3*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2) + A^2*a*c^6*d^3 + 2*A*B*a^3*c^4*e^3 + 3*A^2*c^2*d^2*e*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2) + 2*A*B*c^2*d^3*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2) + 3*A^2*a^2*c^5*d*e^2 + 3*B^2*a^3*c^4*d*e^2 + A^2*a*c*e^3*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2) + 3*B^2*a*c*d^2*e*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2) + 6*A*B*a^2*c^5*d^2*e + 6*A*B*a*c*d*e^2*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^7))^(1/2) + (d + e*x)^(1/2)*(16*B^2*a^3*e^6 + 16*A^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 16*A^2*a^2*c*e^6 + 96*A^2*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + 16*B^2*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 96*B^2*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 128*A*B*a^2*c*d*e^5 + 128*A*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^3))*(B^2*a^2*c^5*d^3 + B^2*a^2*e^3*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2) + A^2*a*c^6*d^3 + 2*A*B*a^3*c^4*e^3 + 3*A^2*c^2*d^2*e*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2) + 2*A*B*c^2*d^3*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2) + 3*A^2*a^2*c^5*d*e^2 + 3*B^2*a^3*c^4*d*e^2 + A^2*a*c*e^3*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2) + 3*B^2*a*c*d^2*e*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2) + 6*A*B*a^2*c^5*d^2*e + 6*A*B*a*c*d*e^2*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^7))^(1/2)*1i - (((8*(4*A*a^2*c^4*e^5 - 4*A*a*c^5*d^2*e^3 - 4*B*a*c^5*d^3*e^2 + 4*B*a^2*c^4*d*e^4))/c^2 + 64*a*c^4*...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 540, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{a - cx^2} dx = \frac{-6\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} e - cd} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} e - cd}}\right) be - 6\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} e - cd} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} e - cd}}\right)}{a - cx^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x)`

output

```
( - 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*b*e - 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e -
c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*c*d
+ 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*
sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*a*e + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c
*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*b*d -
3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*
d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*b*e - 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*
log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c*d + 3*sqrt
(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt
(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*b*e + 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(
sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c*d - 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqr
t(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(
d + e*x))*a*e - 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*b*d + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))
*a*e + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e
+ c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*b*d - 12*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c*e - 16*sqrt(d +
e*x)*b*c*d - 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*b*c*e*x)/(6*c**2)
```

3.125 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{a-cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1041
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1042
Rubi [A] (verified)	1042
Maple [A] (verified)	1044
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1045
Sympy [F]	1046
Maxima [F]	1047
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1047
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1048
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1048

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{a-cx^2} dx = -\frac{2B\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} + \frac{(\sqrt{a}B - A\sqrt{c})\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{5/4}} + \frac{(\sqrt{a}B + A\sqrt{c})\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{5/4}}$$

output

```
-2*B*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c+(a^(1/2)*B-A*c^(1/2))*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*arc
tanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(5/4)+(a
^(1/2)*B+A*c^(1/2))*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1
/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(5/4)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{a - cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{a}B\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d + ex} - (\sqrt{a}B + A\sqrt{c})\sqrt{-cd - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d + ex}}}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{a}e}}\right) + (-\sqrt{a}B + A\sqrt{c})\sqrt{-cd - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d + ex}}}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a - c*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[a]*B*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x] - (Sqrt[a]*B + A*Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)] + (-(Sqrt[a]*B) + A*Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)])/(Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {653, 25, 654, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{a - cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{653}$$

$$\int \frac{-\frac{Acd + aBe + c(Bd + Ae)x}{\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)} dx}{c} - \frac{2B\sqrt{d + ex}}{c}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$\int \frac{\frac{Acd + aBe + c(Bd + Ae)x}{\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)} dx}{c} - \frac{2B\sqrt{d + ex}}{c}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{B(cd^2 - ae^2) - c(Bd + Ae)(d + ex)}{cd^2 - 2c(d + ex)d - ae^2 + c(d + ex)^2} d\sqrt{d + ex}}{c} - \frac{2B\sqrt{d + ex}}{c} \\
 & \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a}B - A\sqrt{c})(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}) \int \frac{1}{c(d + ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d + ex}}{2\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a}B + A\sqrt{c})(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}) \int \frac{1}{c(d + ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d + ex}}{2\sqrt{a}} \right)}{c} \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{(\sqrt{a}B - A\sqrt{c})\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{(\sqrt{a}B + A\sqrt{c})\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{c} \\
 & \frac{2B\sqrt{d + ex}}{c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a - c*x^2), x]`

output `(-2*B*Sqrt[d + e*x])/c + (2*(((Sqrt[a]*B - A*Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e])*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)) + ((Sqrt[a]*B + A*Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e])*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]]/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4))))/c`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

```
rule 653 Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)))/((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2),
x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m/(c*m), x] + Simp[1/c Int[(d + e*x)^(m
- 1)*(Simp[c*d*f - a*e*g + (g*c*d + c*e*f)*x, x]/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && FractionQ[m] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 654 Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)),
x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*
x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

```
rule 1480 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(
b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2
+ q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
&& NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2B\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} - \frac{(-Acde - Ba e^2 + A\sqrt{ac e^2} e + B\sqrt{ac e^2} d) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c}} + \frac{(Acde + Ba e^2 + A\sqrt{ac e^2} e + B\sqrt{ac e^2} d) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c}}$
risch	$-\frac{2B\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} - \frac{(-Acde - Ba e^2 + A\sqrt{ac e^2} e + B\sqrt{ac e^2} d) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c}} + \frac{(Acde + Ba e^2 + A\sqrt{ac e^2} e + B\sqrt{ac e^2} d) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c}}$
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2B\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} - \frac{(-Acde - Ba e^2 + A\sqrt{ac e^2} e + B\sqrt{ac e^2} d) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c}} + \frac{(Acde + Ba e^2 + A\sqrt{ac e^2} e + B\sqrt{ac e^2} d) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c}}$
default	$-\frac{2B\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} + \frac{(Acde + Ba e^2 - A\sqrt{ac e^2} e - B\sqrt{ac e^2} d) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c}} - \frac{(-Acde - Ba e^2 - A\sqrt{ac e^2} e - B\sqrt{ac e^2} d) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c}}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*B*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c-(-A*c*d*e-B*a*e^2+A*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*e+B*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)+(A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+A*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*e+B*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1538 vs. $2(129) = 258$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1538, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.59

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{a - cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-1/2*(c*sqrt((2*A*B*a*e + a*c^2*sqrt((4*A^2*B^2*c^2*d^2 + 4*(A*B^3*a*c + A
^3*B*c^2)*d*e + (B^4*a^2 + 2*A^2*B^2*a*c + A^4*c^2)*e^2)/(a*c^5)) + (B^2*a
+ A^2*c)*d)/(a*c^2))*log(-(2*(A*B^3*a*c - A^3*B*c^2)*d + (B^4*a^2 - A^4*c
^2)*e)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (2*A*B^2*a*c^2*d - A*a*c^4*sqrt((4*A^2*B^2*c^2*d^2
+ 4*(A*B^3*a*c + A^3*B*c^2)*d*e + (B^4*a^2 + 2*A^2*B^2*a*c + A^4*c^2)*e^2)
/(a*c^5)) + (B^3*a^2*c + A^2*B*a*c^2)*e)*sqrt((2*A*B*a*e + a*c^2*sqrt((4*A
^2*B^2*c^2*d^2 + 4*(A*B^3*a*c + A^3*B*c^2)*d*e + (B^4*a^2 + 2*A^2*B^2*a*c
+ A^4*c^2)*e^2)/(a*c^5)) + (B^2*a + A^2*c)*d)/(a*c^2))) - c*sqrt((2*A*B*a*
e + a*c^2*sqrt((4*A^2*B^2*c^2*d^2 + 4*(A*B^3*a*c + A^3*B*c^2)*d*e + (B^4*a
^2 + 2*A^2*B^2*a*c + A^4*c^2)*e^2)/(a*c^5)) + (B^2*a + A^2*c)*d)/(a*c^2))*
log(-(2*(A*B^3*a*c - A^3*B*c^2)*d + (B^4*a^2 - A^4*c^2)*e)*sqrt(e*x + d) -
(2*A*B^2*a*c^2*d - A*a*c^4*sqrt((4*A^2*B^2*c^2*d^2 + 4*(A*B^3*a*c + A^3*B
*c^2)*d*e + (B^4*a^2 + 2*A^2*B^2*a*c + A^4*c^2)*e^2)/(a*c^5)) + (B^3*a^2*c
+ A^2*B*a*c^2)*e)*sqrt((2*A*B*a*e + a*c^2*sqrt((4*A^2*B^2*c^2*d^2 + 4*(A
B^3*a*c + A^3*B*c^2)*d*e + (B^4*a^2 + 2*A^2*B^2*a*c + A^4*c^2)*e^2)/(a*c^5
)) + (B^2*a + A^2*c)*d)/(a*c^2))) + c*sqrt((2*A*B*a*e - a*c^2*sqrt((4*A^2*
B^2*c^2*d^2 + 4*(A*B^3*a*c + A^3*B*c^2)*d*e + (B^4*a^2 + 2*A^2*B^2*a*c + A
^4*c^2)*e^2)/(a*c^5)) + (B^2*a + A^2*c)*d)/(a*c^2))*log(-(2*(A*B^3*a*c - A
^3*B*c^2)*d + (B^4*a^2 - A^4*c^2)*e)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (2*A*B^2*a*c^2*d + A
a*c^4*sqrt((4*A^2*B^2*c^2*d^2 + 4*(A*B^3*a*c + A^3*B*c^2)*d*e + (B^4*a^...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{a - cx^2} dx = - \int \frac{A\sqrt{d + ex}}{-a + cx^2} dx - \int \frac{Bx\sqrt{d + ex}}{-a + cx^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**2+a),x)
```

output

```
-Integral(A*sqrt(d + e*x)/(-a + c*x**2), x) - Integral(B*x*sqrt(d + e*x)/(
-a + c*x**2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{a - cx^2} dx = \int -\frac{(Bx + A)\sqrt{ex + d}}{cx^2 - a} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((B*x + A)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*x^2 - a), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 316 vs. 2(129) = 258.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{a - cx^2} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{ex + d}B}{c}$$

$$- \frac{(\sqrt{ac}Ac^3d^2e - \sqrt{ac}Aac^2e^3 + (ac^2d^2 - a^2ce^2)B|c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2d + \sqrt{c^4d^2 - (c^2d^2 - ace^2)c^2}}{c^2}}}\right)}{(ac^3d - \sqrt{acac^2e})\sqrt{-c^2d - \sqrt{acce}|e|}}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{ac}Ac^3d^2e - \sqrt{ac}Aac^2e^3 - (ac^2d^2 - a^2ce^2)B|c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2d - \sqrt{c^4d^2 - (c^2d^2 - ace^2)c^2}}{c^2}}}\right)}{(ac^3d + \sqrt{acac^2e})\sqrt{-c^2d + \sqrt{acce}|e|}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*sqrt(e*x + d)*B/c - (sqrt(a*c)*A*c^3*d^2*e - sqrt(a*c)*A*a*c^2*e^3 + (a*c^2*d^2 - a^2*c*e^2)*B*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c^2*d + sqrt(c^4*d^2 - (c^2*d^2 - a*c*e^2)*c^2))/c^2))/((a*c^3*d - sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2*e)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) + (sqrt(a*c)*A*c^3*d^2*e - sqrt(a*c)*A*a*c^2*e^3 - (a*c^2*d^2 - a^2*c*e^2)*B*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c^2*d - sqrt(c^4*d^2 - (c^2*d^2 - a*c*e^2)*c^2))/c^2))/((a*c^3*d + sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2*e)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(e))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4276, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.89

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{a - cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a - c*x^2),x)`

output

```
- 2*atanh((32*A^2*a*c^2*e^4*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((B^2*d)/(4*c^2) + (A*B*e)/(2*c^2) + (A^2*d)/(4*a*c) + (A^2*e*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^4) + (B^2*e*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a*c^5) + (A*B*d*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(2*a^2*c^4))^(1/2))/(16*A^3*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 16*A^3*a*c*e^5 - 16*A*B^2*a^2*e^5 - (16*A^2*B*e^5*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^2 - (16*B^3*a*e^5*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^3 + 32*A^2*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 + (16*B^3*d^2*e^3*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^2 - 32*A^2*B*a*c*d*e^4 - (32*A*B^2*d*e^4*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^2 + 16*A*B^2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + (32*A*B^2*d^3*e^2*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(a*c) + (16*A^2*B*d^2*e^3*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(a*c)) + (32*B^2*a^2*c*e^4*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((B^2*d)/(4*c^2) + (A*B*e)/(2*c^2) + (A^2*d)/(4*a*c) + (A^2*e*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^4) + (B^2*e*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a*c^5) + (A*B*d*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(2*a^2*c^4))^(1/2))/(16*A^3*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 16*A^3*a*c*e^5 - 16*A*B^2*a^2*e^5 - (16*A^2*B*e^5*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^2 - (16*B^3*a*e^5*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^3 + 32*A^2*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 + (16*B^3*d^2*e^3*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^2 - 32*A^2*B*a*c*d*e^4 - (32*A*B^2*d*e^4*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^2 + 16*A*B^2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + (32*A*B^2*d^3*e^2*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(a*c) + (16*A^2*B*d^2*e^3*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(a*c)) + (32*A^2*d*e^3*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((B^2*d)/(4*c^2) + (A*B*e)/(2*c^2) + (A^2*d)/(4*a*c) + (A^2*e*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^4) + (B^2*e*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a*c^5) + (A*B*d*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(2*a^2*c^4))^(1/2))/(16*A*B^2*a^3*e^5 + 16*A^3*a^2*c*e^5 + (16*B^3*a^2*e^5*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^3 - 16*A^3*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + (16*A...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{a - cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} e - cd} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} e - cd}}\right) c + 2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} e - cd} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} e - cd}}\right) b - \sqrt{a} \sqrt{\sqrt{c}}}{}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x)`

output `(- 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*c + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*b - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(- sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(- sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*b + sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*b - 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*b*c)/(2*c**2)`

3.126 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1050
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1051
Rubi [A] (verified)	1051
Maple [A] (verified)	1053
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1053
Sympy [F]	1054
Maxima [F]	1055
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1055
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1056
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1056

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx = \frac{\left(B - \frac{A\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} + \frac{\left(B + \frac{A\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}$$

output

$(B-A*c^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})*\operatorname{arctanh}(c^{(1/4)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/(c^{(1/2)*d-a^{(1/2)*e}})^{(1/2)})/c^{(3/4)}/(c^{(1/2)*d-a^{(1/2)*e}})^{(1/2)}+(B+A*c^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})*\operatorname{arctanh}(c^{(1/4)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/(c^{(1/2)*d+a^{(1/2)*e}})^{(1/2)})/c^{(3/4)}/(c^{(1/2)*d+a^{(1/2)*e}})^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(\sqrt{a}B + A\sqrt{c}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}} + \frac{(\sqrt{a}B - A\sqrt{c}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd + \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd + \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}}$$

$$\frac{\hspace{10em}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)),x]`

output `((Sqrt[a]*B + A*Sqrt[c])*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]/Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e] + (Sqrt[a]*B - A*Sqrt[c])*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e])/Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$, Rules used = {654, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a - cx^2)\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 654$$

$$2 \int \frac{Bd - Ae - B(d + ex)}{cd^2 - 2c(d + ex)d - ae^2 + c(d + ex)^2} d\sqrt{d + ex}$$

$$\downarrow 1480$$

$$2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(B - \frac{A\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \int \frac{1}{c(d + ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d + ex} - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{A\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}} + B \right) \int \frac{1}{c(d + ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d + ex} \right)$$

$$2 \left(\frac{\left(B - \frac{A\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} \right)}{2c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} + \frac{\left(\frac{A\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}} + B \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)}{2c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)), x]`

output `2*((B - (A*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[a])*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*c^(3/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]) + ((B + (A*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[a])*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*c^(3/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 654 `Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(Ace - B\sqrt{ace^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right) - (Ace + B\sqrt{ace^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c} \sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c} \sqrt{ace^2}}$	133
derivativedivides	$-2c \left(\frac{(-Ace + B\sqrt{ace^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{ace^2} \sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} - \frac{(Ace + B\sqrt{ace^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{ace^2} \sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)$	148
default	$2c \left(\frac{(Ace - B\sqrt{ace^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{ace^2} \sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} - \frac{(-Ace - B\sqrt{ace^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{ace^2} \sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)$	150

```
input int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*(-(A*c*e-B*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)-(A*c*e+B*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2385 vs. 2(108) = 216.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2385, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.69

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/2*sqrt(-(2*A*B*a*e - (B^2*a + A^2*c)*d + (a*c^2*d^2 - a^2*c*e^2)*sqrt((4
*A^2*B^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*(A*B^3*a*c + A^3*B*c^2)*d*e + (B^4*a^2 + 2*A^2*B^2*a*
c + A^4*c^2)*e^2)/(a*c^5*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^4*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c^3*e^4)))/(a*c^2*d
^2 - a^2*c*e^2))*log((2*(A*B^3*a*c - A^3*B*c^2)*d - (B^4*a^2 - A^4*c^2)*e)
*sqrt(e*x + d) + (2*A*B^2*a*c^2*d^2 - (B^3*a^2*c + 3*A^2*B*a*c^2)*d*e + (A
*B^2*a^2*c + A^3*a*c^2)*e^2 + (A*a*c^4*d^3 - B*a^2*c^3*d^2*e - A*a^2*c^3*d
*e^2 + B*a^3*c^2*e^3)*sqrt((4*A^2*B^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*(A*B^3*a*c + A^3*B*c^2)*
d*e + (B^4*a^2 + 2*A^2*B^2*a*c + A^4*c^2)*e^2)/(a*c^5*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^4*d^2*
e^2 + a^3*c^3*e^4)))*sqrt(-(2*A*B*a*e - (B^2*a + A^2*c)*d + (a*c^2*d^2 - a
^2*c*e^2)*sqrt((4*A^2*B^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*(A*B^3*a*c + A^3*B*c^2)*d*e + (B^4*a
^2 + 2*A^2*B^2*a*c + A^4*c^2)*e^2)/(a*c^5*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^4*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c^
3*e^4)))/(a*c^2*d^2 - a^2*c*e^2))) - 1/2*sqrt(-(2*A*B*a*e - (B^2*a + A^2*c
)*d + (a*c^2*d^2 - a^2*c*e^2)*sqrt((4*A^2*B^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*(A*B^3*a*c + A^3
*B*c^2)*d*e + (B^4*a^2 + 2*A^2*B^2*a*c + A^4*c^2)*e^2)/(a*c^5*d^4 - 2*a^2*
c^4*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c^3*e^4)))/(a*c^2*d^2 - a^2*c*e^2))*log((2*(A*B^3*a*c -
A^3*B*c^2)*d - (B^4*a^2 - A^4*c^2)*e)*sqrt(e*x + d) - (2*A*B^2*a*c^2*d^2 -
(B^3*a^2*c + 3*A^2*B*a*c^2)*d*e + (A*B^2*a^2*c + A^3*a*c^2)*e^2 + (A*a*c^
4*d^3 - B*a^2*c^3*d^2*e - A*a^2*c^3*d*e^2 + B*a^3*c^2*e^3)*sqrt((4*A^2*B^2
*c^2*d^2 - 4*(A*B^3*a*c + A^3*B*c^2)*d*e + (B^4*a^2 + 2*A^2*B^2*a*c + A^4*
c^2)*e^2)/(a*c^5*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^4*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c^3*e^4)))*sqrt(-(2*A*B*...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)} dx = - \int \frac{A}{-a\sqrt{d + ex} + cx^2\sqrt{d + ex}} dx - \int \frac{Bx}{-a\sqrt{d + ex} + cx^2\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**2+a),x)
```

output

```
-Integral(A/(-a*sqrt(d + e*x) + c*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)), x) - Integral(B*x/(
-a*sqrt(d + e*x) + c*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)} dx = \int -\frac{Bx + A}{(cx^2 - a)\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((B*x + A)/((c*x^2 - a)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 269 vs. 2(108) = 216.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)} dx =$$

$$\frac{(Bacd|c||e| - Ace|c||e| + \sqrt{ac}Acde|c| - \sqrt{ac}Bae^2|c|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{\frac{cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2-(cd^2-ae^2)c}}{c}}}\right)}{(ac^2d - \sqrt{acace})\sqrt{-c^2d - \sqrt{acce}|e|}}$$

$$- \frac{(Bacd|c||e| - Ace|c||e| - \sqrt{ac}Acde|c| + \sqrt{ac}Bae^2|c|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{\frac{cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2-(cd^2-ae^2)c}}{c}}}\right)}{(ac^2d + \sqrt{acace})\sqrt{-c^2d + \sqrt{acce}|e|}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(B*a*c*d*abs(c)*abs(e) - A*a*c*e*abs(c)*abs(e) + sqrt(a*c)*A*c*d*e*abs(c) - sqrt(a*c)*B*a*e^2*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c*d + sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c))/c))/((a*c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*a*c*e)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(e) - (B*a*c*d*abs(c)*abs(e) - A*a*c*e*abs(c)*abs(e) - sqrt(a*c)*A*c*d*e*abs(c) + sqrt(a*c)*B*a*e^2*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c*d - sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c))/c))/((a*c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*a*c*e)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(e))`

input `int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*b*e + 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e -
c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*c*d
+ 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*
sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*a*e - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c
*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*b*d -
sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)
+ sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*b*e + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(
- sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c*d + sqrt(a)*sq
rt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sq
rt(d + e*x))*b*e - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*
sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c*d - sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(
a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*
a*e + sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e
+ c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*b*d + sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d
)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*e - sqrt(c)
*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)
*sqrt(d + e*x))*b*d)/(2*c*(a*e**2 - c*d**2))
```

3.127 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1058
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1059
Rubi [A] (verified)	1059
Maple [A] (verified)	1061
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1062
Sympy [F]	1063
Maxima [F]	1063
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1064
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1065
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1065

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 197

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2(Bd-Ae)}{(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{(\sqrt{a}B-A\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}} + \frac{(\sqrt{a}B+A\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}}$$

output

```
(2*A*e-2*B*d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(a^(1/2)*B-A*c^(1/2))*arctanh(c
^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(1/4)/(c^(1/2)
*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)+(a^(1/2)*B+A*c^(1/2))*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c
^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(1/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)} dx = \frac{-2Bd + 2Ae}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{(\sqrt{a}B + A\sqrt{c}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}) \sqrt{-cd - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}} + \frac{(\sqrt{a}B - A\sqrt{c}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd + \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd - \sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}) \sqrt{-cd + \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^2)),x]`

output $(-2*B*d + 2*A*e)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) + ((\text{Sqrt}[a]*B + A*\text{Sqrt}[c])*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) - \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)])/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)*\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) - \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]) + ((\text{Sqrt}[a]*B - A*\text{Sqrt}[c])* \text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) + \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)])/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)*\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) + \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {655, 25, 654, 25, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a - cx^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 655

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{Acd - aBe + c(Bd - Ae)x}{\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2(Bd - Ae)}{\sqrt{d + ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{Acd - aBe + c(Bd - Ae)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{2(Bd - Ae)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \downarrow \text{654} \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{2Acde - B(cd^2 + ae^2) + c(Bd - Ae)(d+ex)}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2(Bd - Ae)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{2 \int \frac{2Acde - B(cd^2 + ae^2) + c(Bd - Ae)(d+ex)}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2(Bd - Ae)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \downarrow \text{1480} \\
 & \frac{2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a}B - A\sqrt{c})(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a}B + A\sqrt{c})(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{a}} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2(Bd - Ae)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{(\sqrt{a}B - A\sqrt{c})(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}} + \frac{(\sqrt{a}B + A\sqrt{c})(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2(Bd - Ae)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^2)), x]`

output `(-2*(B*d - A*e))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*(((Sqrt[a]*B - A*Sqrt[c])*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]) + ((Sqrt[a]*B + A*Sqrt[c])*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 654 `Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`
- rule 655 `Int((((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(Simp[c*d*f + a*e*g - c*(e*f - d*g)*x, x]/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && FractionQ[m] && LtQ[m, -1]`
- rule 1480 `Int(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result
derivativedivides	$2c \left(\frac{(-Acde + Ba e^2 + A\sqrt{ac e^2} e - B\sqrt{ac e^2} d) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}} + \frac{(Acde - Ba e^2 + A\sqrt{ac e^2} e - B\sqrt{ac e^2} d) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}} \right) \frac{1}{ae^2 - cd^2}$
default	$2c \left(\frac{(Acde - Ba e^2 - A\sqrt{ac e^2} e + B\sqrt{ac e^2} d) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}} + \frac{(-Acde + Ba e^2 - A\sqrt{ac e^2} e + B\sqrt{ac e^2} d) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}} \right) \frac{1}{ae^2 - cd^2}$
pseudoelliptic	$2 \left(\frac{c((Ae - Bd)\sqrt{ac e^2} + e(Acd - Bae)) \sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c} \sqrt{ex+d} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{2} + \frac{c((-Ae + Bd)\sqrt{ac e^2} + e(Acd - Bae)) \sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c} \sqrt{ex+d} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{2} \right) \frac{1}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c} \sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}$

```
input int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*c*(-1/2*(-A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+A*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*e-B*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+1/2*(A*c*d*e-B*a*e^2+A*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*e-B*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+2*(-A*e+B*d)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 6448 vs. 2(147) = 294.

Time = 3.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6448, normalized size of antiderivative = 32.73

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)} dx =$$

$$- \int \frac{A}{-ad\sqrt{d + ex} - aex\sqrt{d + ex} + cdx^2\sqrt{d + ex} + cex^3\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$- \int \frac{Bx}{-ad\sqrt{d + ex} - aex\sqrt{d + ex} + cdx^2\sqrt{d + ex} + cex^3\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**2+a), x)`

output `-Integral(A/(-a*d*sqrt(d + e*x) - a*e*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + c*d*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + c*e*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)), x) - Integral(B*x/(-a*d*sqrt(d + e*x) - a*e*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + c*d*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + c*e*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)} dx = \int -\frac{Bx + A}{(cx^2 - a)(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((B*x + A)/((c*x^2 - a)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 941 vs. $2(147) = 294$.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 941, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.78

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-2*(B*d - A*e)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)) + ((c*d^2*e - a*e^3)^2*sqrt(a*c)*B*a*d*abs(c) - (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)^2*sqrt(a*c)*A*a*e*abs(c) + 2*(a*c^2*d^3*e - a^2*c*d*e^3)*A*abs(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*abs(c) - (a*c^2*d^4 - a^3*e^4)*B*abs(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*abs(c) - (sqrt(a*c)*c^3*d^6*e - 2*sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c*d^2*e^5)*A*abs(c) + (sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 2*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + sqrt(a*c)*a^3*d*e^6)*B*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)^2 - (c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*(c^2*d^2 - a*c*e^2)))/(c^2*d^2 - a*c*e^2))/((a*c^3*d^5 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^3*c*d*e^4 - sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2*d^4*e + 2*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 - sqrt(a*c)*a^3*e^5)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)) - ((c*d^2*e - a*e^3)^2*sqrt(a*c)*B*a*d*abs(c) - (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)^2*sqrt(a*c)*A*a*e*abs(c) - 2*(a*c^2*d^3*e - a^2*c*d*e^3)*A*abs(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*abs(c) + (a*c^2*d^4 - a^3*e^4)*B*abs(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*abs(c) - (sqrt(a*c)*c^3*d^6*e - 2*sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c*d^2*e^5)*A*abs(c) + (sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 2*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + sqrt(a*c)*a^3*d*e^6)*B*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2 - sqrt((c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)^2 - (c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*(c^2*d^2 - a*c*e^2)))/(c^2*d^2 - a*c*e^2)))/((a*c^3*d^5 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^3*c*d*e^4 + sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2*d^4*e - 2*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + sqrt(a*c)*a^3*e^5)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(c*d^2*e - a*e^3))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10288, normalized size of antiderivative = 52.22

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((a - c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `atan((((-(B^2*a^2*c^2*d^3 + B^2*a^2*e^3*(a^3*c)^(1/2) + A^2*a*c^3*d^3 - 2*A*B*c^2*d^3*(a^3*c)^(1/2) + 3*B^2*a^3*c*d*e^2 + A^2*a*c*e^3*(a^3*c)^(1/2) + 3*A^2*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 - 2*A*B*a^3*c*e^3 + 3*A^2*c^2*d^2*e*(a^3*c)^(1/2) - 6*A*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e + 3*B^2*a*c*d^2*e*(a^3*c)^(1/2) - 6*A*B*a*c*d*e^2*(a^3*c)^(1/2)))/(4*(a^5*c*e^6 - a^2*c^4*d^6 + 3*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^4)))^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-(B^2*a^2*c^2*d^3 + B^2*a^2*e^3*(a^3*c)^(1/2) + A^2*a*c^3*d^3 - 2*A*B*c^2*d^3*(a^3*c)^(1/2) + 3*B^2*a^3*c*d*e^2 + A^2*a*c*e^3*(a^3*c)^(1/2) + 3*A^2*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 - 2*A*B*a^3*c*e^3 + 3*A^2*c^2*d^2*e*(a^3*c)^(1/2) - 6*A*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e + 3*B^2*a*c*d^2*e*(a^3*c)^(1/2) - 6*A*B*a*c*d*e^2*(a^3*c)^(1/2)))/(4*(a^5*c*e^6 - a^2*c^4*d^6 + 3*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^4)))^(1/2)*(64*a*c^9*d^11*e^2 - 64*a^6*c^4*d*e^12 - 320*a^2*c^8*d^9*e^4 + 640*a^3*c^7*d^7*e^6 - 640*a^4*c^6*d^5*e^8 + 320*a^5*c^5*d^3*e^10) - 32*B*a^6*c^3*e^12 + 64*A*a*c^8*d^9*e^3 + 64*A*a^5*c^4*d*e^11 - 32*B*a*c^8*d^10*e^2 - 256*A*a^2*c^7*d^7*e^5 + 384*A*a^3*c^6*d^5*e^7 - 256*A*a^4*c^5*d^3*e^9 + 96*B*a^2*c^7*d^8*e^4 - 64*B*a^3*c^6*d^6*e^6 - 64*B*a^4*c^5*d^4*e^8 + 96*B*a^5*c^4*d^2*e^10) + (d + e*x)^(1/2)*(16*A^2*a^4*c^4*e^10 + 16*B^2*a^5*c^3*e^10 - 16*A^2*c^8*d^8*e^2 - 32*A^2*a^3*c^5*d^2*e^8 + 32*B^2*a^2*c^6*d^6*e^4 - 32*B^2*a^4*c^4*d^2*e^8 + 32*A^2*a*c^7*d^6*e^4 - 16*B^2*a*c^7*d^8*e^2 + 64*A*B*a*c^7*d^7*e^3 - 64*A*B*a^4*c^4*d*e^9 - 192*A*B*a^2*c^6*d^5*e^5 + 192*A*B*a^3*c^5*d^3*e^7))*(-(B^2*a^2*c^2*d...`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 983, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.99

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e
*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c*e**2 + 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(
d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqr
t(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*b*c*d*e - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e
- c*d)))*c**2*d**2 + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)
*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*b*e**2
- 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)
*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c*d*e + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d +
e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(s
qrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*b*c*d**2 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x
))*a*c*e**2 + 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( -
sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*b*c*d*e - sqrt(a)*
sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e
+ c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c**2*d**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqr
t(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d +
e*x))*a*c*e**2 - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*lo
g(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*b*c*d*e + sqrt(a)
*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e...
```

3.128 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1067
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1068
Rubi [A] (verified)	1068
Maple [A] (verified)	1071
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1072
Sympy [F]	1072
Maxima [F]	1073
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1073
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1074
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1075

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 243

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2(Bd - Ae)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{(\sqrt{a}B - A\sqrt{c}) \sqrt[4]{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^{5/2}} + \frac{(\sqrt{a}B + A\sqrt{c}) \sqrt[4]{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/3*(2*A*e-2*B*d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-2*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+B*c*d^2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(a^(1/2)*B-A*c^(1/2))*c^(1/4)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)+(a^(1/2)*B+A*c^(1/2))*c^(1/4)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{5/2} (a - cx^2)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(aAe^3 + aBe^2(2d + 3ex) + Bcd^2(4d + 3ex) - Acde(7d + 6ex))}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{(\sqrt{a}B + A\sqrt{c}) \sqrt{-cd - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{a}B\sqrt{c} - Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd + \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd - \sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^2 \sqrt{-cd + \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a - c*x^2)),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(a*A*e^3 + a*B*e^2*(2*d + 3*e*x) + B*c*d^2*(4*d + 3*e*x) - A*c*d*e*(7*d + 6*e*x)))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - ((Sqrt[a]*B + A*Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]/(Sqrt[a]*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^3) + ((Sqrt[a]*B*Sqrt[c] - A*c)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/(Sqrt[a]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^2*Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {655, 25, 655, 25, 27, 654, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a - cx^2)(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 655

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{Acd - aBe + c(Bd - Ae)x}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2(Bd - Ae)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{Acd - aBe + c(Bd - Ae)x}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2(Bd - Ae)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 655 \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{c(Acd^2 - 2aBed + aAe^2 + (Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)x)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2(aBe^2 - 2Acde + Bcd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2(Bd - Ae)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{c(Acd^2 - 2aBed + aAe^2 + (Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)x)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2(aBe^2 - 2Acde + Bcd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2(Bd - Ae)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{c \int \frac{Acd^2 - 2aBed + aAe^2 + (Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2(aBe^2 - 2Acde + Bcd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2(Bd - Ae)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{2c \int \frac{Bcd^3 - 3Acde^2 + 3aBe^2d - aAe^3 - (Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d+ex)}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2(aBe^2 - 2Acde + Bcd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \\
 & \quad \frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{2c \left(-\frac{(\sqrt{a}B + A\sqrt{c})(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^2}{2\sqrt{a}} \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{(\sqrt{a}B - A\sqrt{c})(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd})^2}{2\sqrt{a}} \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2(aBe^2 - 2Acde)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{2(Bd - Ae)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2c \left(\frac{(\sqrt{a}B + A\sqrt{c})(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}} + \frac{(\sqrt{a}B - A\sqrt{c})(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd})^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}} \right) - \frac{2(aBe^2 - 2Acde + Bcd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a - c*x^2)), x]`

output `(-2*(B*d - A*e))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + ((-2*(B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*c*((Sqrt[a]*B - A*Sqrt[c])*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^2*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]) + ((Sqrt[a]*B + A*Sqrt[c])*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^2*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 654 `Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 655

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)))/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2),
 x_Symbol] :> Simp[(e*f - d*g)*((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(Simp[c*d*f + a*e*g
- c*(e*f - d*g)*x, x]/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
&& FractionQ[m] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 1480

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(
b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2
+ q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
&& NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result
default	$-\frac{2(Ae-Bd)}{3(ae^2-cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(-2Acde+Ba e^2+Bcd^2)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2c^2 \left(\frac{(-Aac e^3 - A c^2 d^2 e + 2Bad e^2 c - 2A\sqrt{ac e^2} cde + B\sqrt{ac e^2} a e^2 + B^2 c d^2)}{2c\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c}} \right)}{2c^2 \sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c}}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{2Ae}{3} + \frac{2Bd}{3}}{(ae^2-cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{4Acde-2Ba e^2-2Bcd^2}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2c^2 \left(\frac{(-Aac e^3 - A c^2 d^2 e + 2Bad e^2 c - 2A\sqrt{ac e^2} cde + B\sqrt{ac e^2} a e^2 + B^2 c d^2)}{2c\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c}} \right)}{2c^2 \sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c}}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} c \left((2Ade - B d^2)c - Ba e^2 \right) \sqrt{ac e^2} + c(Ac d^2 + ae(Ae - 2Bd))e \sqrt{(cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c} \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2\sqrt{ex+d}}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

```
-2/3*(A*e-B*d)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*(-2*A*c*d*e+B
*a*e^2+B*c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-2*c^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*(1/2*(-A*a*c*e^3-A*c^2
*d^2*e+2*B*a*d*e^2*c-2*A*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*c*d*e+B*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*a*e^2+B*(
a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*c*d^2)/c/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*a
rctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))-1/2*(A*a*c*e^3+A*c
^2*d^2*e-2*B*a*d*e^2*c-2*A*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*c*d*e+B*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*a*e^2+B
*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*c*d^2)/c/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*
arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 11231 vs. $2(189) = 378$.

Time = 24.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11231, normalized size of antiderivative = 46.22

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{5/2} (a - cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{5/2} (a - cx^2)} dx =$$

$$-\int \frac{A}{-ad^2\sqrt{d+ex} - 2adex\sqrt{d+ex} - ae^2x^2\sqrt{d+ex} + cd^2x^2\sqrt{d+ex} + 2cdex^3\sqrt{d+ex} + ce^2x^4\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$-\int \frac{Bx}{-ad^2\sqrt{d+ex} - 2adex\sqrt{d+ex} - ae^2x^2\sqrt{d+ex} + cd^2x^2\sqrt{d+ex} + 2cdex^3\sqrt{d+ex} + ce^2x^4\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**2+a),x)
```

output

```
-Integral(A/(-a*d**2*sqrt(d + e*x) - 2*a*d*e*x*sqrt(d + e*x) - a*e**2*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + c*d**2*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 2*c*d*e*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + c*e**2*x**4*sqrt(d + e*x)), x) - Integral(B*x/(-a*d**2*sqrt(d + e*x) - 2*a*d*e*x*sqrt(d + e*x) - a*e**2*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + c*d**2*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 2*c*d*e*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + c*e**2*x**4*sqrt(d + e*x)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{5/2} (a - cx^2)} dx = \int -\frac{Bx + A}{(cx^2 - a)(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-integrate((B*x + A)/((c*x^2 - a)*(e*x + d)^(5/2)), x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1751 vs. $2(189) = 378$.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1751, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.21

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{5/2} (a - cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-(2*(c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)^2*sqrt(a*c)*A*a*c*d*e*abs(c) - (
c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)^2*(sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d^2 + sqrt(a*c)*a^2*
e^2)*B*abs(c) - (3*a*c^4*d^6*e - 5*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^3 + a^3*c^2*d^2*e^5 + a^4
*c*e^7)*A*abs(c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*abs(c) + (a*c^4*d^7 + a
^2*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 5*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 3*a^4*c*d*e^6)*B*abs(c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*
c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*abs(c) + (sqrt(a*c)*c^6*d^11*e - 3*sqrt(a*c)*a*c^5*d^
9*e^3 + 2*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 2*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 - 3*sqrt
(a*c)*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 + sqrt(a*c)*a^5*c*d*e^11)*A*abs(c) - 2*(sqrt(a*c)*a*
c^5*d^10*e^2 - 4*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 + 6*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 -
4*sqrt(a*c)*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + sqrt(a*c)*a^5*c*d^2*e^10)*B*abs(c))*arctan(
sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c^3*d^5 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4 + sqrt((c^3*d
^5 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)^2 - (c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2
*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*(c^3*d^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4)))/(c^3*d^4 -
2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4)))/((a*c^5*d^9 - 4*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^2 + 6*a^3*c^
3*d^5*e^4 - 4*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^6 + a^5*c*d*e^8 - sqrt(a*c)*a*c^4*d^8*e + 4*sq
rt(a*c)*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 6*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 4*sqrt(a*c)*a^4*c*
d^2*e^7 - sqrt(a*c)*a^5*e^9)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(c^2*d^4*e -
2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)) + (2*(c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)^2*sq
rt(a*c)*A*a*c*d*e*abs(c) - (c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)^2*(sqrt(a*
c)*a*c*d^2 + sqrt(a*c)*a^2*e^2)*B*abs(c) + (3*a*c^4*d^6*e - 5*a^2*c^3*d...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17610, normalized size of antiderivative = 72.47

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{5/2} (a - cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/((a - c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

```

- atan((((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(16*A^2*a^8*c^5*e^18 + 16*B^2*a^9*c^4*e^18 + 16*A
^2*c^13*d^16*e^2 - 320*A^2*a^2*c^11*d^12*e^6 + 1024*A^2*a^3*c^10*d^10*e^8
- 1440*A^2*a^4*c^9*d^8*e^10 + 1024*A^2*a^5*c^8*d^6*e^12 - 320*A^2*a^6*c^7*
d^4*e^14 - 320*B^2*a^3*c^10*d^12*e^6 + 1024*B^2*a^4*c^9*d^10*e^8 - 1440*B^
2*a^5*c^8*d^8*e^10 + 1024*B^2*a^6*c^7*d^6*e^12 - 320*B^2*a^7*c^6*d^4*e^14
+ 16*B^2*a*c^12*d^16*e^2 - 128*A*B*a*c^12*d^15*e^3 - 128*A*B*a^8*c^5*d*e^1
7 + 640*A*B*a^2*c^11*d^13*e^5 - 1152*A*B*a^3*c^10*d^11*e^7 + 640*A*B*a^4*c
^9*d^9*e^9 + 640*A*B*a^5*c^8*d^7*e^11 - 1152*A*B*a^6*c^7*d^5*e^13 + 640*A*
B*a^7*c^6*d^3*e^15) - ((- (B^2*a^2*c^3*d^5 + B^2*a^3*e^5*(a^3*c)^(1/2) + A^2
*a*c^4*d^5 + 10*A^2*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 10*B^2*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 2*A*B*c^3*d
^5*(a^3*c)^(1/2) + 5*B^2*a^4*c*d*e^4 + 5*A^2*a^3*c^2*d*e^4 + A^2*a^2*c*e^5
*(a^3*c)^(1/2) - 2*A*B*a^4*c*e^5 + 5*A^2*c^3*d^4*e*(a^3*c)^(1/2) + 5*B^2*a
*c^2*d^4*e*(a^3*c)^(1/2) + 10*A^2*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*(a^3*c)^(1/2) - 10*A*B*a^2
*c^3*d^4*e + 10*B^2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3*(a^3*c)^(1/2) - 20*A*B*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3 -
10*A*B*a^2*c*d*e^4*(a^3*c)^(1/2) - 20*A*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2*(a^3*c)^(1/2)))/(4
*(a^7*e^10 - a^2*c^5*d^10 - 5*a^6*c*d^2*e^8 + 5*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 10*a^4*c
^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^6))^(1/2)*((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(- (B^2*a^2*c^3*d
^5 + B^2*a^3*e^5*(a^3*c)^(1/2) + A^2*a*c^4*d^5 + 10*A^2*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2 +
10*B^2*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 2*A*B*c^3*d^5*(a^3*c)^(1/2) + 5*B^2*a^4*c*d*e^4 +
5*A^2*a^3*c^2*d*e^4 + A^2*a^2*c*e^5*(a^3*c)^(1/2) - 2*A*B*a^4*c*e^5 + ...

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2731, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.24

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{5/2} (a - cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a), x)
```

output

```
( - 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e
*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*b*d**e**3 - 6*sqrt(a)*sqr
t(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*s
qrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*b*e**4*x + 18*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(
sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 18*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(
a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))
)*a*c*d*e**3*x - 18*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*at
an((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*b*c*d**3*e -
18*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x
)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*b*c*d**2*e**2*x + 6*sqrt(a)*
sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c
)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*c**2*d**4 + 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqr
t(a)*e - c*d)))*c**2*d**3*e*x + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(
a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))
)*a**2*d*e**3 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan
((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*e**4*x -
18*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x
)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*b*d**2*e**2 - 18*sqrt(c)...
```

3.129
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1077
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1078
Rubi [A] (verified)	1078
Maple [A] (verified)	1081
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1083
Sympy [F(-1)]	1083
Maxima [F]	1084
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1084
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1085
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1086

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 280

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2Be^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a(Bcd^2+2Acde+aBe^2)+c(Acd^2+2aBde+aAe^2)x)}{2ac^2(a-cx^2)} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}(2Acd-5aBe+3\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce})\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}c^{9/4}} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}(2Acd-5aBe-3\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce})\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}c^{9/4}}$$

output

```
2*B*e^(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^2+1/2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*(2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+B*c*d^2)
+c*(A*a*e^2+A*c*d^2+2*B*a*d*e)*x)/a/c^2/(-c*x^2+a)-1/4*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*
e)^(3/2)*(2*A*c*d-5*B*a*e+3*a^(1/2)*A*c^(1/2)*e)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(
1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(9/4)+1/4*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e
)^(3/2)*(2*A*c*d-5*B*a*e-3*a^(1/2)*A*c^(1/2)*e)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(
1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(9/4)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 323, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+ex}(5a^2Be^2 + Ac^2d^2x + ac(Ae(2d+ex) + B(d^2 + 2dex - 4e^2x^2)))}{-a+cx^2} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})^2(2Acd - 5aB)}{4a^{3/2}c^2}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(a - c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(5*a^2*B*e^2 + A*c^2*d^2*x + a*c*(A*e*(2*d + e*x) + B*(d^2 + 2*d*e*x - 4*e^2*x^2))))/(-a + c*x^2) + ((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^2*(2*A*c*d - 5*a*B*e - 3*Sqrt[a]*A*Sqrt[c]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]/Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e] - ((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^2*(2*A*c*d - 5*a*B*e + 3*Sqrt[a]*A*Sqrt[c]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e])/(4*a^(3/2)*c^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {684, 27, 653, 25, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 684$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))}{2ac(a - cx^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(2Acd^2 - ae(5Bd + 3Ae) - e(Acd + 5aBe)x)}{2(a - cx^2)} dx}{2ac}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(2Acd^2 - ae(5Bd + 3Ae) - e(Acd + 5aBe)x)}{a - cx^2} dx}{4ac} + \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))}{2ac(a - cx^2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 653 \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe+Ac d)}{c} - \frac{\int \frac{2Acd(cd^2-2ae^2)-5aBe(cd^2+ae^2)+ce(Acd^2-10aBed-3aAe^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{c} + \\
 & \frac{4ac}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))} \\
 & \frac{2ac(a-cx^2)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2Acd(cd^2-2ae^2)-5aBe(cd^2+ae^2)+ce(Acd^2-10aBed-3aAe^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{c} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe+Ac d)}{c} + \\
 & \frac{4ac}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))} \\
 & \frac{2ac(a-cx^2)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{2\int \frac{e((Ac d+5aBe)(cd^2-ae^2)+c(Acd^2-10aBed-3aAe^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe+Ac d)}{c} + \\
 & \frac{4ac}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))} \\
 & \frac{2ac(a-cx^2)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe+Ac d)}{c} - \frac{2\int \frac{e((Ac d+5aBe)(cd^2-ae^2)+c(Acd^2-10aBed-3aAe^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} + \\
 & \frac{4ac}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))} \\
 & \frac{2ac(a-cx^2)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe+Ac d)}{c} - \frac{2e\int \frac{(Ac d+5aBe)(cd^2-ae^2)+c(Acd^2-10aBed-3aAe^2)(d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} + \\
 & \frac{4ac}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))} \\
 & \frac{2ac(a-cx^2)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe+Ac d)}{c} - \frac{2e\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^2(-3\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}-5aBe+2Ac d)}{2\sqrt{ae}} \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2(3\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}-5aBe+2Ac d)}{2\sqrt{ae}}\right)}{c} + \\
 & \frac{4ac}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))} \\
 & \frac{2ac(a-cx^2)}{2ac(a-cx^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe+Ac d)}{c} - \frac{2e \left(\frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}(3\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}-5aBe+2Ac d)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{Ce}} - \frac{(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^{3/2}(-3\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}-5aBe+2Ac d)\operatorname{arctan}}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{Ce}} \right)}{c} = \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{2ac(a-cx^2)}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(a - c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a*(B*d + A*e) + (A*c*d + a*B*e)*x))/(2*a*c*(a - c*x^2)) + ((2*e*(A*c*d + 5*a*B*e)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/c - (2*e*(((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^(3/2)*(2*A*c*d - 5*a*B*e + 3*Sqrt[a]*A*Sqrt[c]*e)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)*e) - ((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^(3/2)*(2*A*c*d - 5*a*B*e - 3*Sqrt[a]*A*Sqrt[c]*e)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)*e)))/c)/(4*a*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 653 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)))/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*((d + e*x)^m/(c*m)), x] + Simp[1/c Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(Simp[c*d*f - a*e*g + (g*c*d + c*e*f)*x, x]/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && FractionQ[m] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 654

```
Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)),
x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*
x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

rule 684

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g)
) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[
(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^
2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2]
&& EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])
```

rule 1480

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(
b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2
+ q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
&& NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 380, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-ce\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})}c\left(\frac{(Ac d^2-3(Ae+\frac{10Bd}{3})ea)\sqrt{ace^2}}{4}-\frac{Ac^2d^3}{2}+ade\left(Ae+\frac{5Bd}{4}\right)c+\frac{5B e^3 a^2}{4}\right)(-cx^2+a)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ace^2}}}{\sqrt{-cx^2+a}}\right)$
derivativedivides	$2e^2\left(\frac{B\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^2}+\frac{\frac{c(Aae^2+Ac d^2+2Bade)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4ae}+\frac{(Aacd e^2-Ac^2 d^3+Be^3 a^2-Bacd^2e)\sqrt{ex+d}}{4ae}}{-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2}+\frac{\left(\frac{4Aacd e^2-2Aae^3}{c}\right)\sqrt{ex+d}}{-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2}\right)$
default	$2e^2\left(\frac{B\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^2}+\frac{\frac{c(Aae^2+Ac d^2+2Bade)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4ae}+\frac{(Aacd e^2-Ac^2 d^3+Be^3 a^2-Bacd^2e)\sqrt{ex+d}}{4ae}}{-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2}+\frac{\left(\frac{4Aacd e^2-2Aae^3}{c}\right)\sqrt{ex+d}}{-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2}\right)$
risch	$\frac{2B e^2\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^2}+\frac{\frac{c(Aae^2+Ac d^2+2Bade)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4ae}-\frac{(Aacd e^2-Ac^2 d^3+Be^3 a^2-Bacd^2e)\sqrt{ex+d}}{4ae}}{c(ex+d)^2-2cd(ex+d)-ae^2+cd^2}+\frac{\left(\frac{4Aacd e^2-2Aae^3}{c}\right)\sqrt{ex+d}}{c(ex+d)^2-2cd(ex+d)-ae^2+cd^2}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*
c)^(1/2)*(-c*e*((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(1/4*(A*c*d^2-3*(A*e+10/3*B
*d)*e*a)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)-1/2*A*c^2*d^3+a*d*e*(A*e+5/4*B*d)*c+5/4*B*e^3*a^2
)*(-c*x^2+a)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+((-c
*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(-c*e*(1/4*(-A*c*d^2+3*(A*e+10/3*B*d)*e*a)*(a
*c*e^2)^(1/2)-1/2*A*c^2*d^3+a*d*e*(A*e+5/4*B*d)*c+5/4*B*e^3*a^2)*(-c*x^2+a
)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+((c*d+(a*c*e^2)
^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*(1/2*A*c^2*d^2*x+a*((1/2*A*
x-2*B*x^2)*e^2+e*(B*x+A)*d+1/2*B*d^2)*c+5/2*B*e^2*a^2))/c^2/(-c*x^2+a)/a
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5611 vs. $2(223) = 446$.

Time = 10.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5611, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.04

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{5/2}}{(cx^2 - a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2 - a)^2, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 755 vs. 2(223) = 446.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 755, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*e^2/c^2 - 1/4*(10*sqrt(a*c)*B*a^3*d*e^4*abs(c) - (sqrt(a
*c)*c*d^2*e - 3*sqrt(a*c)*a*e^3)*A*a^2*e^2*abs(c) - (a*c^2*d^3*e - a^2*c*d
*e^3)*A*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e) - 5*(a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - a^3*e^4)*B*abs(a)*abs(c)
*abs(e) + 2*(sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2*d^4*e - 2*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c*d^2*e^3)*A*abs(c) -
5*(sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 + sqrt(a*c)*a^3*d*e^4)*B*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e
*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^3*d + sqrt(a^2*c^6*d^2 - (a*c^3*d^2 - a^2*c^2*e^2)*a*c^
3)))/(a*c^3)))/((a^2*c^3*d - sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^2*e)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c
*e)*abs(a)*abs(e)) + 1/4*(10*B*a^3*c*d*e^4*abs(c) - (c^2*d^2*e - 3*a*c*e^3)
)*A*a^2*e^2*abs(c) + (sqrt(a*c)*c^2*d^3*e - sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d*e^3)*A*abs(a)*
abs(c)*abs(e) + 5*(sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d^2*e^2 - sqrt(a*c)*a^2*e^4)*B*abs(a)*abs
(c)*abs(e) + 2*(a*c^3*d^4*e - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*A*abs(c) - 5*(a^2*c^2*d^3
*e^2 + a^3*c*d*e^4)*B*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^3*d - sqrt(a
^2*c^6*d^2 - (a*c^3*d^2 - a^2*c^2*e^2)*a*c^3)))/(a*c^3)))/((a^2*c^3*e + sqr
t(a*c)*a*c^3*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(a)*abs(e)) - 1/2*((e*x +
d)^(3/2)*A*c^2*d^2*e - sqrt(e*x + d)*A*c^2*d^3*e + 2*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*a*c
*d*e^2 - sqrt(e*x + d)*B*a*c*d^2*e^2 + (e*x + d)^(3/2)*A*a*c*e^3 + sqrt(e*
x + d)*A*a*c*d*e^3 + sqrt(e*x + d)*B*a^2*e^4)/(((e*x + d)^2*c - 2*(e*x + d)
)*c*d + c*d^2 - a*e^2)*a*c^2)

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9253, normalized size of antiderivative = 33.05

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(a - c*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
atan((((320*B*a^5*c^4*e^6 + 64*A*a^4*c^5*d*e^5 - 64*A*a^3*c^6*d^3*e^3 - 3
20*B*a^4*c^5*d^2*e^4)/(8*a^3*c^3) - 64*a*c^4*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((4*A^2
*a^3*c^8*d^5 - 25*B^2*a^2*e^5*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2) - 15*A^2*a^4*c^7*d^3*e^2 + 2
5*B^2*a^5*c^6*d^3*e^2 + 30*A*B*a^6*c^5*e^5 + 5*A^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*(a^9*c^9)^(
1/2) + 15*A^2*a^5*c^6*d*e^4 + 75*B^2*a^6*c^5*d*e^4 - 9*A^2*a*c*e^5*(a^9*c^
9)^(1/2) + 30*A*B*c^2*d^3*e^2*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2) - 20*A*B*a^4*c^7*d^4*e - 75*
B^2*a*c*d^2*e^3*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2) + 30*A*B*a^5*c^6*d^2*e^3 - 70*A*B*a*c*d*e^
4*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*c^9)^(1/2))*((4*A^2*a^3*c^8*d^5 - 25*B^2*a^2*e
^5*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2) - 15*A^2*a^4*c^7*d^3*e^2 + 25*B^2*a^5*c^6*d^3*e^2 + 30*
A*B*a^6*c^5*e^5 + 5*A^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2) + 15*A^2*a^5*c^6*d*e^4
+ 75*B^2*a^6*c^5*d*e^4 - 9*A^2*a*c*e^5*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2) + 30*A*B*c^2*d^3*e
^2*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2) - 20*A*B*a^4*c^7*d^4*e - 75*B^2*a*c*d^2*e^3*(a^9*c^9)^(
1/2) + 30*A*B*a^5*c^6*d^2*e^3 - 70*A*B*a*c*d*e^4*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*
c^9)^(1/2) + ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(25*B^2*a^4*e^8 + 4*A^2*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 9*A^2
*a^3*c*e^8 + 10*A^2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6 + 25*B^2*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 15*A^2*a*c^
3*d^4*e^4 + 150*B^2*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 100*A*B*a^3*c*d*e^7 - 20*A*B*a*c^3*d^5
*e^3))/(a^2*c))*((4*A^2*a^3*c^8*d^5 - 25*B^2*a^2*e^5*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2) - 15*
A^2*a^4*c^7*d^3*e^2 + 25*B^2*a^5*c^6*d^3*e^2 + 30*A*B*a^6*c^5*e^5 + 5*A^2*
c^2*d^2*e^3*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2) + 15*A^2*a^5*c^6*d*e^4 + 75*B^2*a^6*c^5*d*e^4
- 9*A^2*a*c*e^5*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2) + 30*A*B*c^2*d^3*e^2*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2) - ...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1558, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.56

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
(6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c*e**2 + 10*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*b*c*d*e - 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**2*d**2 - 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**2*e**2*x**2 - 10*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*b*c**2*d*e*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*b*e**2 - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c*d*e + 10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*b*c*e**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**2*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(-sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a**2*c*e**2 + 5*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(-sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*b*c*d*e - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( ...
```


3.130
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1088
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1089
Rubi [A] (verified)	1089
Maple [A] (verified)	1092
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1093
Sympy [F(-1)]	1094
Maxima [F]	1094
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1095
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1096
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1096

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 238

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a(Bd+ Ae) + (Acd + aBe)x)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}(2Acd-3aBe + \sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}c^{7/4}} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}(2Acd-3aBe - \sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}c^{7/4}}$$

output

```
1/2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*(A*e+B*d)+(A*c*d+B*a*e)*x)/a/c/(-c*x^2+a)-1/4*(c^(1/2)
)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*(2*A*c*d-3*B*a*e+a^(1/2)*A*c^(1/2)*e)*arctanh(c^(1/4)
*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(7/4)+1/4*(c^(1/2)*d
+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*(2*A*c*d-3*B*a*e-a^(1/2)*A*c^(1/2)*e)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e
*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(7/4)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{d+ex}(aAe+Ac dx+aB(d+ex))}{-a+cx^2} - \sqrt{-cd - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}(2Acd - 3aBe - \sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce})}{4a^{3/2}c^2}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a - c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((-2*Sqrt[a]*c*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*A*e + A*c*d*x + a*B*(d + e*x)))/(-a + c*x^2) - Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*(2*A*c*d - 3*a*B*e - Sqrt[a]*A*Sqrt[c]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)] + Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*(2*A*c*d - 3*a*B*e + Sqrt[a]*A*Sqrt[c]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)])/(4*a^(3/2)*c^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {684, 27, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 684 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))}{2ac(a - cx^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{2Acd^2 - 3aBed - aAe^2 + e(Acd - 3aBe)x}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{2ac} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{2Acd^2 - 3aBed - aAe^2 + e(Acd - 3aBe)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{4ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))}{2ac(a - cx^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 654 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{e \frac{A(cd^2 - ae^2) + (Acd - 3aBe)(d+ex)}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))}{2ac(a - cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))}{2ac(a - cx^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{e \frac{A(cd^2 - ae^2) + (Acd - 3aBe)(d+ex)}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac}}{2ac} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))}{2ac(a - cx^2)} - \frac{e \int \frac{A(cd^2 - ae^2) + (Acd - 3aBe)(d+ex)}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))}{2ac(a - cx^2)} - \frac{e \left(\frac{(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd})(-\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce} - 3aBe + 2Acd) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{ae}} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce} - 3aBe + 2Acd) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{ae}} \right)}{2ac} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))}{2ac(a - cx^2)} - \frac{e \left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}(\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce} - 3aBe + 2Acd) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}^{3/4}e} - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}(-\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce} - 3aBe + 2Acd) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}^{3/4}e} \right)}{2ac}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a - c*x^2)^2,x]

output

(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*(B*d + A*e) + (A*c*d + a*B*e)*x))/(2*a*c*(a - c*x^2)) - (e*((Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]*(2*A*c*d - 3*a*B*e + Sqrt[a]*A*Sqrt[c]*e)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/4)*e) - (Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]*(2*A*c*d - 3*a*B*e - Sqrt[a]*A*Sqrt[c]*e)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/4)*e))/(2*a*c)

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 654 `Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`
- rule 684 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2] && EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])`
- rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{((Acd-3Bae)\sqrt{ace^2+c}(-2Ac d^2+ae(Ae+3Bd)))e\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}(-cx^2+a)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2} + \sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}$
derivativedivides	$2e^2 \left(\frac{\frac{(Acd+Bae)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4ace} + \frac{A(ae^2-cd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{4ace}}{-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2} + \frac{(Aace^2-2Ac^2d^2+3Bacde-A\sqrt{ace^2}cd+3B\sqrt{ace^2}ae)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)$
default	$2e^2 \left(\frac{\frac{(Acd+Bae)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4ace} + \frac{A(ae^2-cd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{4ace}}{-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2} + \frac{(Aace^2-2Ac^2d^2+3Bacde-A\sqrt{ace^2}cd+3B\sqrt{ace^2}ae)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*(-1/2*((A*c*d-3*B*a*e)
*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)+c*(-2*A*c*d^2+a*e*(A*e+3*B*d)))*e*((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*
c)^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+a)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)
))+((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(-1/2*((-A*c*d+3*B*a*e)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)
)+c*(-2*A*c*d^2+a*e*(A*e+3*B*d)))*e*(-c*x^2+a)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c
*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)+(c*x*A*d+a*(B*d+e*(B*x+A)))*((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(
1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)
^(1/2)/a/c/(-c*x^2+a)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2327 vs. $2(183) = 366$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2327, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.78

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/8*((a*c^2*x^2 - a^2*c)*sqrt((4*A^2*c^2*d^3 - 12*A*B*a*c*d^2*e + 6*A*B*a^2*e^3 + a^3*c^3*sqrt((36*A^2*B^2*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 12*(9*A*B^3*a*c + A^3*B*c^2)*d*e^5 + (81*B^4*a^2 + 18*A^2*B^2*a*c + A^4*c^2)*e^6)/(a^3*c^7)) + 3*(3*B^2*a^2 - A^2*a*c)*d*e^2)/(a^3*c^3))*log((24*A^3*B*c^3*d^3*e^2 - 4*(27*A^2*B^2*a*c^2 + A^4*c^3)*d^2*e^3 + 6*(27*A*B^3*a^2*c + A^3*B*a*c^2)*d*e^4 - (81*B^4*a^3 - A^4*a*c^2)*e^5)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (6*A^2*B*a^2*c^3*d*e^3 - (9*A*B^2*a^3*c^2 + A^3*a^2*c^3)*e^4 - (2*A*a^3*c^6*d - 3*B*a^4*c^5*e)*sqrt((36*A^2*B^2*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 12*(9*A*B^3*a*c + A^3*B*c^2)*d*e^5 + (81*B^4*a^2 + 18*A^2*B^2*a*c + A^4*c^2)*e^6)/(a^3*c^7)))*sqrt((4*A^2*c^2*d^3 - 12*A*B*a*c*d^2*e + 6*A*B*a^2*e^3 + a^3*c^3*sqrt((36*A^2*B^2*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 12*(9*A*B^3*a*c + A^3*B*c^2)*d*e^5 + (81*B^4*a^2 + 18*A^2*B^2*a*c + A^4*c^2)*e^6)/(a^3*c^7)) + 3*(3*B^2*a^2 - A^2*a*c)*d*e^2)/(a^3*c^3)) - (a*c^2*x^2 - a^2*c)*sqrt((4*A^2*c^2*d^3 - 12*A*B*a*c*d^2*e + 6*A*B*a^2*e^3 + a^3*c^3*sqrt((36*A^2*B^2*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 12*(9*A*B^3*a*c + A^3*B*c^2)*d*e^5 + (81*B^4*a^2 + 18*A^2*B^2*a*c + A^4*c^2)*e^6)/(a^3*c^7)) + 3*(3*B^2*a^2 - A^2*a*c)*d*e^2)/(a^3*c^3))*log((24*A^3*B*c^3*d^3*e^2 - 4*(27*A^2*B^2*a*c^2 + A^4*c^3)*d^2*e^3 + 6*(27*A*B^3*a^2*c + A^3*B*a*c^2)*d*e^4 - (81*B^4*a^3 - A^4*a*c^2)*e^5)*sqrt(e*x + d) - (6*A^2*B*a^2*c^3*d*e^3 - (9*A*B^2*a^3*c^2 + A^3*a^2*c^3)*e^4 - (2*A*a^3*c^6*d - 3*B*a^4*c^5*e)*sqrt((36*A^2*B^2*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 12*(9*A*B^3*a*c + A^3*B*c^2)*d*e^5 + (81*B^4*a^2 + 18*A^2*B^2*a*c + A^4*c^2)*e^6)/(a^3*c^7)))*sqrt((4*A^2*c^2*d^3 - 12*A*B*a*c*d^2*e + 6*A*B*a^2*e^3 + a^3*c^3*sqrt((36*A^2*B^2*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 12*(9*A*B^3*a*c + A^3*B*c^2)*d*e^5 + (81*B^4*a^2 + 18*A^2*B^2*a*c + A^4*c^2)*e^6)/(a^3*c^7)) + 3*(3*B^2*a^2 - A^2*a*c)*d*e^2)/(a^3*c^3))
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(cx^2 - a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2 - a)^2, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 546 vs. 2(183) = 366.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 546, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(3\sqrt{ac}Ba^2c^3d^2e^2 + \sqrt{ac}Aa^2c^3de^3 - 3\sqrt{ac}Ba^3c^2e^4 + (ac^3d^2e - a^2c^2e^3)A|a|)}{4(a^2c^4d - \sqrt{aca^2c^3e}}$$

$$(3Ba^2c^3d^2e^2 + Aa^2c^3de^3 - 3Ba^3c^2e^4 - (\sqrt{acc^2d^2e} - \sqrt{acace^3})A|a||c||e| - (2ac^4d^3e - a^2c^3de^3)A) \arctan$$

$$\frac{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}Acde - \sqrt{ex + d}Acd^2e + (ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bae^2 + \sqrt{ex + d}Aae^3}{2((ex + d)^2c - 2(ex + d)cd + cd^2 - ae^2)ac}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/4*(3*sqrt(a*c)*B*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^2 + sqrt(a*c)*A*a^2*c^3*d*e^3 - 3*sqrt(a*c)*B*a^3*c^2*e^4 + (a*c^3*d^2*e - a^2*c^2*e^3)*A*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e) - (2*sqrt(a*c)*a*c^4*d^3*e - sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3*d*e^3)*A)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^2*d + sqrt(a^2*c^4*d^2 - (a*c^2*d^2 - a^2*c*e^2)*a*c^2)))/(a*c^2)))/((a^2*c^4*d - sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3*e)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(a)*abs(e)) - 1/4*(3*B*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^2 + A*a^2*c^3*d*e^3 - 3*B*a^3*c^2*e^4 - (sqrt(a*c)*c^2*d^2*e - sqrt(a*c)*a*c*e^3)*A*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e) - (2*a*c^4*d^3*e - a^2*c^3*d*e^3)*A)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^2*d - sqrt(a^2*c^4*d^2 - (a*c^2*d^2 - a^2*c*e^2)*a*c^2)))/(a*c^2)))/((a^2*c^3*e + sqrt(a*c)*a*c^3*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(a)*abs(e)) - 1/2*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*A*c*d*e - sqrt(e*x + d)*A*c*d^2*e + (e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*a*e^2 + sqrt(e*x + d)*A*a*e^3)/(((e*x + d)^2*c - 2*(e*x + d)*c*d + c*d^2 - a*e^2)*a*c)
```


Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5212, normalized size of antiderivative = 21.90

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a - c*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```
atan((((64*A*a^4*c^4*e^5 - 64*A*a^3*c^5*d^2*e^3)/(8*a^3*c^2) - 64*a*c^4*d
*e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((4*A^2*a^3*c^6*d^3 + 9*B^2*a*e^3*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2) + A
^2*c*e^3*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2) + 6*A*B*a^5*c^4*e^3 - 3*A^2*a^4*c^5*d*e^2 + 9*B^2
*a^5*c^4*d*e^2 - 12*A*B*a^4*c^5*d^2*e - 6*A*B*c*d*e^2*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(64
*a^6*c^7))^(1/2))*((4*A^2*a^3*c^6*d^3 + 9*B^2*a*e^3*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2) + A^2*
c*e^3*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2) + 6*A*B*a^5*c^4*e^3 - 3*A^2*a^4*c^5*d*e^2 + 9*B^2*a^
5*c^4*d*e^2 - 12*A*B*a^4*c^5*d^2*e - 6*A*B*c*d*e^2*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(64*a^
6*c^7))^(1/2) + ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(9*B^2*a^3*e^6 + 4*A^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 + A^2*
a^2*c*e^6 - 3*A^2*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + 9*B^2*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 12*A*B*a*c^2*d^3*e
^3))/a^2)*((4*A^2*a^3*c^6*d^3 + 9*B^2*a*e^3*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2) + A^2*c*e^3*(a
^9*c^7)^(1/2) + 6*A*B*a^5*c^4*e^3 - 3*A^2*a^4*c^5*d*e^2 + 9*B^2*a^5*c^4*d*
e^2 - 12*A*B*a^4*c^5*d^2*e - 6*A*B*c*d*e^2*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*c^7))^(
1/2)*1i - (((64*A*a^4*c^4*e^5 - 64*A*a^3*c^5*d^2*e^3)/(8*a^3*c^2) + 64*a*
c^4*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((4*A^2*a^3*c^6*d^3 + 9*B^2*a*e^3*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2)
+ A^2*c*e^3*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2) + 6*A*B*a^5*c^4*e^3 - 3*A^2*a^4*c^5*d*e^2 +
9*B^2*a^5*c^4*d*e^2 - 12*A*B*a^4*c^5*d^2*e - 6*A*B*c*d*e^2*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2)
))/(64*a^6*c^7))^(1/2))*((4*A^2*a^3*c^6*d^3 + 9*B^2*a*e^3*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2) +
A^2*c*e^3*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2) + 6*A*B*a^5*c^4*e^3 - 3*A^2*a^4*c^5*d*e^2 + 9*B
^2*a^5*c^4*d*e^2 - 12*A*B*a^4*c^5*d^2*e - 6*A*B*c*d*e^2*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(
64*a^6*c^7))^(1/2) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(9*B^2*a^3*e^6 + 4*A^2*c^3*d^4*e^...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 870, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.66

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output

```
(6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*b*e - 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c*d - 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*b*c*e*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*c**2*d*x**2 - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*e + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(-sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*b*e - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(-sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*c*d - 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(-sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*b*c*e*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(-sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c**2*d*x**2 - 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*b*e + 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*c*d + 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*b*c*e*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a)*...
```

3.131 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1098
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1099
Rubi [A] (verified)	1099
Maple [A] (verified)	1102
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1103
Sympy [F(-1)]	1103
Maxima [F]	1103
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1104
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1105
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1105

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 225

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(aB+Acx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - \frac{(2Acd-aBe-\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}c^{5/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} + \frac{(2Acd-aBe+\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}c^{5/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}$$

output

```
1/2*(A*c*x+B*a)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/a/c/(-c*x^2+a)-1/4*(2*A*c*d-B*a*e-a^(1/2)*A*c^(1/2)*e)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(5/4)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)+1/4*(2*A*c*d-B*a*e+a^(1/2)*A*c^(1/2)*e)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(5/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(aB+Acx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{-a+cx^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}(2Ac d-aBe+\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{a}e}} + \frac{\sqrt{-cd+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}(2Ac d-aBe-\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{a}e}}}{4a^{3/2}c^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a - c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*(a*B + A*c*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(-a + c*x^2) - (Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*(2*A*c*d - a*B*e + Sqrt[a]*A*Sqrt[c]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e) + (Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*(2*A*c*d - a*B*e - Sqrt[a]*A*Sqrt[c]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e))/(4*a^(3/2)*c^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {685, 27, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{685}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(aB + Acx)}{2ac(a - cx^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{2Ac d-aBe+Acex}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{2ac}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{2Acd - aBe + Acex}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{4ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB + Acx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{e(Acd - aBe + Ac(d+ex))}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB + Acx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB + Acx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{e(Acd - aBe + Ac(d+ex))}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB + Acx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - \frac{e \int \frac{Acd - aBe + Ac(d+ex)}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB + Acx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - \frac{e \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{c} \left(A\sqrt{c} - \frac{2Acd - aBe}{\sqrt{ae}} \right) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{c} \left(\frac{2Acd - aBe}{\sqrt{ae}} + A\sqrt{c} \right) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{2ac} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB + Acx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - \frac{e \left(-\frac{\left(A\sqrt{c} - \frac{2Acd - aBe}{\sqrt{ae}} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}} \right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}} - \frac{\left(\frac{2Acd - aBe}{\sqrt{ae}} + A\sqrt{c} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}} \right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}} \right)}{2ac}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a - c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((a*B + A*c*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(2*a*c*(a - c*x^2)) - (e*(-1/2*((A*Sqrt[c] - (2*A*c*d - a*B*e)/(Sqrt[a]*e))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]) - ((A*Sqrt[c] + (2*A*c*d - a*B*e)/(Sqrt[a]*e))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]))/(2*a*c)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 654 `Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`
- rule 685 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^m)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*g - c*f*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(2*p + 3) - c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`
- rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result
derivativedivides	$2e^2 \left(\frac{\frac{A(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4ae} - \frac{(Acd-Bae)\sqrt{ex+d}}{4aec}}{-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2} + \frac{(2Acd-Bae-A\sqrt{ace^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right) (-2Acd+Bae-A\sqrt{ace^2})}{2\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c} \cdot 4ae} \right)$
default	$2e^2 \left(\frac{\frac{A(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4ae} - \frac{(Acd-Bae)\sqrt{ex+d}}{4aec}}{-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2} + \frac{(2Acd-Bae-A\sqrt{ace^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right) (-2Acd+Bae-A\sqrt{ace^2})}{2\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c} \cdot 4ae} \right)$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{ce \left(Acd - \frac{Bae}{2} - \frac{A\sqrt{ace^2}}{2} \right) \sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c} (-cx^2+a) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right) + \sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c} \left(c \left(Acd - \frac{Bae}{2} - \frac{A\sqrt{ace^2}}{2} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*e^2*((1/4*A/a/e*(e*x+d)^(3/2)-1/4*(A*c*d-B*a*e)/a/e/c*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c*(e*x+d)^2+2*c*d*(e*x+d)+a*e^2-c*d^2)+1/4/a/e*(1/2*(2*A*c*d-B*a*e-A*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))-1/2*(-2*A*c*d+B*a*e-A*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3195 vs. $2(170) = 340$.

Time = 3.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3195, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.20

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)\sqrt{ex + d}}{(cx^2 - a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*x^2 - a)^2, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 449 vs. $2(170) = 340$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 449, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(2Aac^3d^2e - Ba^2c^2de^2 - Aa^2c^2e^3 - \sqrt{ac}Acde|a||c||e| + \sqrt{ac}Bae^2|a||c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-\frac{ac^2d + \sqrt{a^2c^4d^2 - (ac^2d^2 - a^2c^2e^2)}}{ac^2}}}\right)}{4(a^2c^2e - \sqrt{ac}ac^2d)\sqrt{-c^2d - \sqrt{ac}ce|a||e|}}$$

$$+ \frac{(2Aac^3d^2e - Ba^2c^2de^2 - Aa^2c^2e^3 + \sqrt{ac}Acde|a||c||e| - \sqrt{ac}Bae^2|a||c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-\frac{ac^2d - \sqrt{a^2c^4d^2 - (ac^2d^2 - a^2c^2e^2)}}{ac^2}}}\right)}{4(a^2c^2e + \sqrt{ac}ac^2d)\sqrt{-c^2d + \sqrt{ac}ce|a||e|}}$$

$$- \frac{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ace - \sqrt{ex + d}Acde + \sqrt{ex + d}Bae^2}{2((ex + d)^2c - 2(ex + d)cd + cd^2 - ae^2)ac}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(2*A*a*c^3*d^2*e - B*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 - A*a^2*c^2*e^3 - sqrt(a*c)*A*c*d*e*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e) + sqrt(a*c)*B*a*e^2*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^2*d + sqrt(a^2*c^4*d^2 - (a*c^2*d^2 - a^2*c*e^2))*a*c^2))/(a*c^2)))/((a^2*c^2*e - sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(a)*abs(e)) + 1/4*(2*A*a*c^3*d^2*e - B*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 - A*a^2*c^2*e^3 + sqrt(a*c)*A*c*d*e*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e) - sqrt(a*c)*B*a*e^2*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^2*d - sqrt(a^2*c^4*d^2 - (a*c^2*d^2 - a^2*c*e^2))*a*c^2))/(a*c^2)))/((a^2*c^2*e + sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(a)*abs(e)) - 1/2*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*A*c*e - sqrt(e*x + d)*A*c*d*e + sqrt(e*x + d)*B*a*e^2)/(((e*x + d)^2*c - 2*(e*x + d)*c*d + c*d^2 - a*e^2)*a*c)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*a**2*c*e**2 - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqr
t(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d
)))*a*b*c*d*e + 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x
)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*a*c**2*d**2 + 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqr
t(a)*e - c*d))*a*c**2*e**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)
*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*b*c**2*d*
e*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(s
qrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqr
t(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)
*e - c*d))*a**2*b*e**2 + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sq
rt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*a**2*c*d*e + 2*sqr
t(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqr
t(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*a*b*c*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*
e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*a
*c**2*d*e*x**2 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a**2*c*e**2 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d
+ e*x))*a*b*c*d*e + 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqr...
```

3.132 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1107
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1108
Rubi [A] (verified)	1108
Maple [A] (verified)	1111
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1112
Sympy [F(-1)]	1112
Maxima [F]	1113
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1113
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1114
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1115

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 250

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a(Bd-Ae)+(Acd-aBe)x)}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)(a-cx^2)} - \frac{(2Acd+aBe-3\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}c^{3/4}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}} + \frac{(2Acd+aBe+3\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}c^{3/4}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*(-A*e+B*d)+(A*c*d-B*a*e)*x)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c*x^2+a)-1/4*(2*A*c*d+B*a*e-3*a^(1/2)*A*c^(1/2)*e)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(3/4)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)+1/4*(2*A*c*d+B*a*e+3*a^(1/2)*A*c^(1/2)*e)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(3/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+ex}(-Ac dx+a(-Bd+ Ae+Bex))}{(-cd^2+ae^2)(a-cx^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}(2Ac d+aBe+3\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{c(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}})^2} - \frac{(2Ac d+aBe-3\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce})}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}})^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)^2), x]
```

output

```
((2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-(A*c*d*x) + a*(-(B*d) + A*e + B*e*x)))/((-c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a - c*x^2)) - (Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*(2*A*c*d + a*B*e + 3*Sqrt[a]*A*Sqrt[c]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]/(c*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^2) - ((2*A*c*d + a*B*e - 3*Sqrt[a]*A*Sqrt[c]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/(Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]))/(4*a^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {686, 27, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a - cx^2)^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

↓ 686

$$\frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))}{2a(a - cx^2)(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{c(2Ac d^2+aBed-3aAe^2+e(Acd-aBe)x)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{2ac(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{2Acd^2+aBed-3aAe^2+e(Acd-aBe)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{e(Acd^2+2aBed-3aAe^2+(Acd-aBe)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{e(Acd^2+2aBed-3aAe^2+(Acd-aBe)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{e \int \frac{Acd^2+2aBed-3aAe^2+(Acd-aBe)(d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} - \\
 & e \left(\frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})(3\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}+aBe+2Acd) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{ae}} - \frac{(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})(-3\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}+aBe+2Acd) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{ae}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} - \\
 & e \left(\frac{(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})(-3\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}+aBe+2Acd) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}^{3/4}e\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})(3\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}+aBe+2Acd) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}^{3/4}e\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} -
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)^2), x]`

output
$$\frac{(\sqrt{d+ex}(a(Bd-Ae)+(Ac*d-aB*e)x))/(2a(c*d^2-ae^2)(a-cx^2)) - (e(((\sqrt{c}*d+\sqrt{a}*e)*(2A*c*d+aB*e-3\sqrt{a}*A*\sqrt{c}*e)*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^{1/4})*\sqrt{d+ex}]/\sqrt{(\sqrt{c}*d-\sqrt{a}*e)}]))/(2*\sqrt{a}*c^{3/4}*e*\sqrt{(\sqrt{c}*d-\sqrt{a}*e)}) - ((\sqrt{c}*d-\sqrt{a}*e)*(2A*c*d+aB*e+3*\sqrt{a}*A*\sqrt{c}*e)*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^{1/4})*\sqrt{d+ex}]/\sqrt{(\sqrt{c}*d+\sqrt{a}*e)}]))/(2*\sqrt{a}*c^{3/4}*e*\sqrt{(\sqrt{c}*d+\sqrt{a}*e)})))/(2a(c*d^2-ae^2))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25
$$\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x]$$

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 221
$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 654
$$\text{Int}(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))/(\sqrt{(d_) + (e_)*(x_)}*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(ef - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, \sqrt{d+ex}], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x]$$

rule 686
$$\text{Int}(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(d+ex)^{(m+1)}*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x))*((a+c*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(2*a*c*(p+1)*(c*d^2+a*e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*c*(p+1)*(c*d^2+a*e^2)) \quad \text{Int}[(d+ex)^m*(a+c*x^2)^{(p+1)}*\text{Simp}[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p+3) + a*c*e^2*(m+2*p+3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m+2*p+4)*x, x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$$

rule 1480

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(
b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2
+ q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
&& NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

method	result
derivativedivides	$2e^2c^2 \left(\frac{\frac{(Bae+A\sqrt{ace^2})\sqrt{ex+d}}{2c(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})(-ex+\frac{\sqrt{ace^2}}{c})} + \frac{(2Acd+BAe+3A\sqrt{ace^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{4eca\sqrt{ace^2}}}{2c(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})(-ex+\frac{\sqrt{ace^2}}{c})} + \frac{(Bae-A\sqrt{ace^2})}{2c(cd-\sqrt{ace^2})(-ex+\frac{\sqrt{ace^2}}{c})} \right)$
default	$2e^2c^2 \left(\frac{\frac{(Bae+A\sqrt{ace^2})\sqrt{ex+d}}{2c(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})(-ex+\frac{\sqrt{ace^2}}{c})} + \frac{(2Acd+BAe+3A\sqrt{ace^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{4eca\sqrt{ace^2}}}{2c(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})(-ex+\frac{\sqrt{ace^2}}{c})} + \frac{(Bae-A\sqrt{ace^2})}{2c(cd-\sqrt{ace^2})(-ex+\frac{\sqrt{ace^2}}{c})} \right)$
pseudoelliptic	$ce \frac{\left(-c^2e^2x^2(Acd-BAe)\sqrt{ace^2}+2Ac^4d^2e^2x^2-2e^2a\left(\frac{3}{2}Ae^2x^2-\frac{1}{2}Bdex^2+Ad^2\right)c^3+a^2(3Ae^4-Bde^3)c^2+(ace^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Acd-(ace^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Acd \right)}{2}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

```
2*e^2*c^2*(1/4/e/c/a/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*(1/2/c/(c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*(B*a*e+A
*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-e*x+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/c)+1/2*(2*A*c*d+B*a*
e+3*A*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/(c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/
2)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)))+1/4/e/c/a/(a*
c*e^2)^(1/2)*(-1/2/c/(c*d-(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*(B*a*e-A*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*(e*x+
d)^(1/2)/(-e*x-(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/c)+1/2*(-2*A*c*d-B*a*e+3*A*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))
/(-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(
1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 7506 vs. $2(195) = 390$.

Time = 55.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7506, normalized size of antiderivative = 30.02

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(cx^2 - a)^2 \sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((c*x^2 - a)^2*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1182 vs. $2(195) = 390$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1182, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.73

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/4*((a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)^2*A*c*d*e*abs(c) - (a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)^2*B*a
*e^2*abs(c) + (sqrt(a*c)*c^2*d^4*e - 4*sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 3*sqrt(a*c)
*a^2*e^5)*A*abs(a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*abs(c) + 2*(sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d^3*e^2 - s
qrt(a*c)*a^2*d*e^4)*B*abs(a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*abs(c) - (2*a*c^4*d^7*e - 7
*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 8*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^5 - 3*a^4*c*d*e^7)*A*abs(c) - (a^2*c^3*
d^6*e^2 - 2*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^4 + a^4*c*d^2*e^6)*B*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d
)/sqrt(-(a*c^2*d^3 - a^2*c*d*e^2 + sqrt((a*c^2*d^3 - a^2*c*d*e^2)^2 - (a*c
^2*d^4 - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4)*(a*c^2*d^2 - a^2*c*e^2)))/(a*c^2*d^2 -
a^2*c*e^2)))/((a^2*c^3*d^4*e - 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^4*c*e^5 - sqrt(a*c)*
a*c^3*d^5 + 2*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c*d*e^4)*sqrt(-c^2
*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)) - 1/4*((a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)
^2*sqrt(a*c)*A*c*d*e*abs(c) - (a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)^2*sqrt(a*c)*B*a*e^2*ab
s(c) - (a*c^3*d^4*e - 4*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 3*a^3*c*e^5)*A*abs(a*c*d^2*e - a
^2*e^3)*abs(c) - 2*(a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - a^3*c*d*e^4)*B*abs(a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e
^3)*abs(c) - (2*sqrt(a*c)*a*c^4*d^7*e - 7*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 8*sq
rt(a*c)*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^5 - 3*sqrt(a*c)*a^4*c*d*e^7)*A*abs(c) - (sqrt(a*c)*a
^2*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 2*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^4 + sqrt(a*c)*a^4*c*d^2*e^6)*B*
abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^2*d^3 - a^2*c*d*e^2 - sqrt((a*c^2*
d^3 - a^2*c*d*e^2)^2 - (a*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4)*(a*c^2*d^2
- a^2*c*e^2)))/(a*c^2*d^2 - a^2*c*e^2)))/((a^2*c^4*d^5 - 2*a^3*c^3*d^3*...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10862, normalized size of antiderivative = 43.45

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/((a - c*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
atan((((192*A*a^5*c^3*e^7 - 128*B*a^5*c^3*d*e^6 + 64*A*a^3*c^5*d^4*e^3 -
256*A*a^4*c^4*d^2*e^5 + 128*B*a^4*c^4*d^3*e^4)/(8*(a^5*e^4 + a^3*c^2*d^4 -
2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2)) + ((d + e*x)^(1/2))*((4*A^2*a^3*c^5*d^5 + B^2*a^2*e^5*(a
^9*c^3)^(1/2) - 15*A^2*a^4*c^4*d^3*e^2 + B^2*a^5*c^3*d^3*e^2 - 6*A*B*a^6*c
^2*e^5 - 5*A^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) + 15*A^2*a^5*c^3*d*e^4 + 3*B^2*
a^6*c^2*d*e^4 + 9*A^2*a*c*e^5*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) + 6*A*B*c^2*d^3*e^2*(a^9*c^3
)^(1/2) + 4*A*B*a^4*c^4*d^4*e + 3*B^2*a*c*d^2*e^3*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) - 6*A*B*
a^5*c^3*d^2*e^3 - 14*A*B*a*c*d*e^4*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2))/(64*(a^6*c^6*d^6 - a^9
*c^3*e^6 - 3*a^7*c^5*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^8*c^4*d^2*e^4)))^(1/2)*(64*a^5*c^4*d*e^
6 + 64*a^3*c^6*d^5*e^2 - 128*a^4*c^5*d^3*e^4))/(a^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^4 - 2*
a^3*c*d^2*e^2))*((4*A^2*a^3*c^5*d^5 + B^2*a^2*e^5*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) - 15*A^2
*a^4*c^4*d^3*e^2 + B^2*a^5*c^3*d^3*e^2 - 6*A*B*a^6*c^2*e^5 - 5*A^2*c^2*d^2
*e^3*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) + 15*A^2*a^5*c^3*d*e^4 + 3*B^2*a^6*c^2*d*e^4 + 9*A^2*
a*c*e^5*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) + 6*A*B*c^2*d^3*e^2*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) + 4*A*B*a^4*c^
4*d^4*e + 3*B^2*a*c*d^2*e^3*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) - 6*A*B*a^5*c^3*d^2*e^3 - 14*A
*B*a*c*d*e^4*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2))/(64*(a^6*c^6*d^6 - a^9*c^3*e^6 - 3*a^7*c^5*d
^4*e^2 + 3*a^8*c^4*d^2*e^4)))^(1/2) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2))*(9*A^2*a^2*c^3*e^6
+ B^2*a^3*c^2*e^6 + 4*A^2*c^5*d^4*e^2 + B^2*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^4 - 11*A^2*a*c^4
*d^2*e^4 + 4*A*B*a*c^4*d^3*e^3 - 8*A*B*a^2*c^3*d*e^5))/(a^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*
d^4 - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^2))*((4*A^2*a^3*c^5*d^5 + B^2*a^2*e^5*(a^9*c^3)^(1/...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2239, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.96

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))**2*b**3 + 8*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqr
t(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d
)))*a**2*c*d**2 - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d +
e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*b*c*d**2*e + 2*sqrt(a)
*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*b*c**3*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e -
c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**
2*d**3 - 8*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(s
qrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqr
t(a)*e - c*d)))*b*c**2*d**2*e*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*
d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*c**3*d*
*3*x**2 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(
sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*e**3 - 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e -
c*d)))*a**2*b*d**2 - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt
(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c*d**2*e - 6*sq
rt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(s
qrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**3*x**2 + 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqr...
```

3.133 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1117
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1118
Rubi [A] (verified)	1118
Maple [A] (verified)	1122
Fricas [F(-1)]	1123
Sympy [F(-1)]	1123
Maxima [F]	1124
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1124
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1125
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1126

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 303

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{e(Acd^2 - 6aBde + 5aAe^2)}{2a(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{a(Bd - Ae) + (Acd - aBe)x}{2a(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{d+ex} (a - cx^2)} - \frac{(2Acd + 3aBe - 5\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^{5/2}} + \frac{(2Acd + 3aBe + 5\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*e*(5*A*a*e^2+A*c*d^2-6*B*a*d*e)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+1/2*(a*(-A*e+B*d)+(A*c*d-B*a*e)*x)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)-1/4*(2*A*c*d+3*B*a*e-5*a^(1/2)*A*c^(1/2)*e)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(1/4)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)+1/4*(2*A*c*d+3*B*a*e+5*a^(1/2)*A*c^(1/2)*e)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(1/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{a}(Ac^2d^2x(d+ex)+a^2e^2(5Bd-4Ae+Bex))+ac(Bd(d^2-dex-6e^2x^2)+Ae(-2d^2-dex+5e^2x^2))}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex}(-a+cx^2)}}{}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^2)^2),x]`output
$$\frac{((-2\sqrt{a}(Ac^2d^2x(d+ex)+a^2e^2(5Bd-4Ae+Bex))+ac(Bd(d^2-dex-6e^2x^2)+Ae(-2d^2-dex+5e^2x^2)))/((cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex}(-a+cx^2)))+(2Ac^2d+3aBe+5\sqrt{a}c\sqrt{c}e)\operatorname{ArcTan}(\frac{\sqrt{-(cd)}-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}e\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c}d+\sqrt{a}e})}{(\sqrt{c}d+\sqrt{a}e)^2\sqrt{-(cd)}-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}e)-((2Ac^2d+3aBe-5\sqrt{a}c\sqrt{c}e)\operatorname{ArcTan}(\frac{\sqrt{-(cd)}+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}e\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c}d-\sqrt{a}e})/(\sqrt{c}d-\sqrt{a}e)^2\sqrt{-(cd)}+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}e))}{4a^{3/2}}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 379, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {686, 27, 655, 25, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a - cx^2)^2 (d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 686$$

$$\frac{x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae)}{2a(a - cx^2)\sqrt{d + ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \int \frac{c(2Acd^2 + 3aBed - 5aAe^2 + 3e(Acd - aBe)x)}{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(a - cx^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{2Acd^2+3aBed-5aAe^2+3e(Acd-aBe)x}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} dx}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{x(Acd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae)}{2a(a-cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 655 \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{2Acd(cd^2-4ae^2)+3aBe(cd^2+ae^2)+ce(Acd^2-6aBed+5aAe^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{2e(5aAe^2-6aBde+Acd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{4a(cd^2-ae^2)}{2a(a-cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{2Acd(cd^2-4ae^2)+3aBe(cd^2+ae^2)+ce(Acd^2-6aBed+5aAe^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{2e(5aAe^2-6aBde+Acd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{4a(cd^2-ae^2)}{2a(a-cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 654 \\
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{e(Acd(cd^2-13ae^2)+3aBe(3cd^2+ae^2)+c(Acd^2-6aBed+5aAe^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{2e(5aAe^2-6aBde+Acd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{4a(cd^2-ae^2)}{2a(a-cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{e(Acd(cd^2-13ae^2)+3aBe(3cd^2+ae^2)+c(Acd^2-6aBed+5aAe^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{2e(5aAe^2-6aBde+Acd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{4a(cd^2-ae^2)}{2a(a-cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2e \int \frac{Acd(cd^2-13ae^2)+3aBe(3cd^2+ae^2)+c(Acd^2-6aBed+5aAe^2)(d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{2e(5aAe^2-6aBde+Acd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{4a(cd^2-ae^2)}{2a(a-cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1480
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2e \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2(5\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}+3aBe+2Acd) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{ae}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^2(-5\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}+3aBe+2Acd) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})}}{2\sqrt{ae}} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} \\
 & \frac{4a(cd^2-ae^2)}{2a(a-cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{2e \left(\frac{(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^2(-5\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}+3aBe+2Acd) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{ce}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2(5\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{ce}+3aBe+2Acd) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{ce}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{2e(5a)}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}} \\
 & \frac{4a(cd^2-ae^2)}{2a(a-cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^2)^2), x]
```

```
output (a*(B*d - A*e) + (A*c*d - a*B*e)*x)/(2*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)) + ((-2*e*(A*c*d^2 - 6*a*B*d*e + 5*a*A*e^2))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*e*(((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^2*(2*A*c*d + 3*a*B*e - 5*Sqrt[a]*A*Sqrt[c]*e)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)*e*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]) - ((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^2*(2*A*c*d + 3*a*B*e + 5*Sqrt[a]*A*Sqrt[c]*e)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)*e*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e])))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(4*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 654 `Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 655 `Int((((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*((d + e*x)^(m + 1))/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[1/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(Simp[c*d*f + a*e*g - c*(e*f - d*g)*x, x]/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && FractionQ[m] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 686 `Int(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1480 `Int(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 431, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$2 \left(ce \left(\frac{(Ac d^2 + 5e(Ae - \frac{6Bd}{5})a) \sqrt{ace^2}}{8} - \frac{Ac^2 d^3}{4} + ade \left(Ae - \frac{3Bd}{8} \right) c - \frac{3B e^3 a^2}{8} \right) \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{(cd + \sqrt{ace^2})} c(-cx^2+a) \right)$
derivativedivides	$2e^2 \left(-\frac{Ae-Bd}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2 \sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{\frac{c(Aae^2+Ac d^2-2Bade)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4ae} + \frac{(3Aacd e^2+Ac^2 d^3-B e^3 a^2-3Bacd^2 e) \sqrt{ex+d}}{4ae}}{-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2} + \dots \right)$
default	$2e^2 \left(-\frac{Ae-Bd}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2 \sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{\frac{c(Aae^2+Ac d^2-2Bade)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4ae} + \frac{(3Aacd e^2+Ac^2 d^3-B e^3 a^2-3Bacd^2 e) \sqrt{ex+d}}{4ae}}{-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2} + \dots \right)$

input `int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-2*(c*e*(1/8*(A*c*d^2+5*e*(A*e-6/5*B*d)*a)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)-1/4*A*c^2*d^3+a
*d*e*(A*e-3/8*B*d)*c-3/8*B*e^3*a^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c
)^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+a)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)
)+(c*e*(1/8*(-A*c*d^2-5*e*(A*e-6/5*B*d)*a)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)-1/4*A*c^2*d^3+a
*d*e*(A*e-3/8*B*d)*c-3/8*B*e^3*a^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+a)*arctanh(c*(e*
x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+(-1/4*A*d^2*x*(e*x+d)*c^2+1/2*
a*(-1/2*B*d^3+e*(1/2*B*x+A)*d^2+1/2*e^2*x*(6*B*x+A)*d-5/2*A*e^3*x^2)*c+(-5
/4*B*d+e*(-1/4*B*x+A))*e^2*a^2)*((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(a*c*e^2)^(
1/2))*((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/
(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)/
a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/a

```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(cx^2 - a)^2 (ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((c*x^2 - a)^2*(e*x + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1970 vs. 2(244) = 488.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1970, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.50

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/4*(6*(a*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5)^2*B*a*c*d*e^2*abs(c) - (a
*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5)^2*(c^2*d^2*e + 5*a*c*e^3)*A*abs(c)
- (sqrt(a*c)*c^4*d^7*e - 15*sqrt(a*c)*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 27*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^
2*d^3*e^5 - 13*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c*d*e^7)*A*abs(a*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3
+ a^3*e^5)*abs(c) - 3*(3*sqrt(a*c)*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 5*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^2*d^4
*e^4 + sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + sqrt(a*c)*a^4*e^8)*B*abs(a*c^2*d^4*e - 2*
a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5)*abs(c) + 2*(a*c^7*d^12*e - 8*a^2*c^6*d^10*e^3 + 2
2*a^3*c^5*d^8*e^5 - 28*a^4*c^4*d^6*e^7 + 17*a^5*c^3*d^4*e^9 - 4*a^6*c^2*d^
2*e^11)*A*abs(c) + 3*(a^2*c^6*d^11*e^2 - 3*a^3*c^5*d^9*e^4 + 2*a^4*c^4*d^7
*e^6 + 2*a^5*c^3*d^5*e^8 - 3*a^6*c^2*d^3*e^10 + a^7*c*d*e^12)*B*abs(c))*ar
ctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^3*d^5 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^3*c*d*e^4 + sq
rt((a*c^3*d^5 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^3*c*d*e^4)^2 - (a*c^3*d^6 - 3*a^2*c^
2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 - a^4*e^6)*(a*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^
3*c*e^4)))/(a*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)))/((a^2*c^5*d^8*e -
4*a^3*c^4*d^6*e^3 + 6*a^4*c^3*d^4*e^5 - 4*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^7 + a^6*c*e^9 - s
qrt(a*c)*a*c^5*d^9 + 4*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^2 - 6*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^3*d^5
*e^4 + 4*sqrt(a*c)*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^6 - sqrt(a*c)*a^5*c*d*e^8)*sqrt(-c^2*d -
sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(a*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5)) + 1/4*(6*(a*c
^2*d^4*e - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5)^2*sqrt(a*c)*B*a*d*e^2*abs(c) - (a*c^
2*d^4*e - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5)^2*(sqrt(a*c)*c*d^2*e + 5*sqrt(a*c)...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19787, normalized size of antiderivative = 65.30

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/((a - c*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```

(((d + e*x)*(B*a^2*e^4 - A*c^2*d^3*e - 11*A*a*c*d*e^3 + 11*B*a*c*d^2*e^2))
/(2*a*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2) - (2*(A*e^3 - B*d*e^2))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2) + (c*(d +
e*x)^2*(5*A*a*e^3 - 6*B*a*d*e^2 + A*c*d^2*e))/(2*a*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2))/((
a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2) - c*(d + e*x)^(5/2) + 2*c*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)
) - atan((((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(800*A^2*a^12*c^4*e^20 + 288*B^2*a^13*c^3*e^20
+ 128*A^2*a^3*c^13*d^18*e^2 - 1760*A^2*a^4*c^12*d^16*e^4 + 10240*A^2*a^5*c
^11*d^14*e^6 - 30848*A^2*a^6*c^10*d^12*e^8 + 52480*A^2*a^7*c^9*d^10*e^10 -
51008*A^2*a^8*c^8*d^8*e^12 + 25600*A^2*a^9*c^7*d^6*e^14 - 3200*A^2*a^10*c
^6*d^4*e^16 - 2432*A^2*a^11*c^5*d^2*e^18 + 288*B^2*a^5*c^11*d^16*e^4 - 576
0*B^2*a^7*c^9*d^12*e^8 + 18432*B^2*a^8*c^8*d^10*e^10 - 25920*B^2*a^9*c^7*d
^8*e^12 + 18432*B^2*a^10*c^6*d^6*e^14 - 5760*B^2*a^11*c^5*d^4*e^16 - 3456*
A*B*a^12*c^4*d*e^19 + 384*A*B*a^4*c^12*d^17*e^3 - 3840*A*B*a^5*c^11*d^15*e
^5 + 11520*A*B*a^6*c^10*d^13*e^7 - 9984*A*B*a^7*c^9*d^11*e^9 - 15360*A*B*a
^8*c^8*d^9*e^11 + 43776*A*B*a^9*c^7*d^7*e^13 - 42240*A*B*a^10*c^6*d^5*e^15
+ 19200*A*B*a^11*c^5*d^3*e^17) + (-(4*A^2*a^3*c^5*d^7 + 9*B^2*a^3*e^7*(a^
9*c)^(1/2) - 35*A^2*a^4*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 70*A^2*a^5*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 9*B^2*a^5*c
^3*d^5*e^2 + 90*B^2*a^6*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 35*A^2*c^3*d^4*e^3*(a^9*c)^(1/2) + 4
5*B^2*a^7*c*d*e^6 + 105*A^2*a^6*c^2*d*e^6 + 25*A^2*a^2*c*e^7*(a^9*c)^(1/2)
- 30*A*B*a^7*c*e^7 + 30*A*B*c^3*d^5*e^2*(a^9*c)^(1/2) + 154*A^2*a*c^2*d^2
*e^5*(a^9*c)^(1/2) + 12*A*B*a^4*c^4*d^6*e + 45*B^2*a*c^2*d^4*e^3*(a^9*c...

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3362, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.10

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 10*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d +
e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*c**4 + 18*sqrt(a)*
sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*b*c*d**3 - 18*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*
x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**2 + 10*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqr
t(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**2*e**4*x**2 + 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e -
c*d)))*a*b*c**2*d**3*e - 18*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e
- c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*b
*c**2*d**3*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*
atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**3*d**
4 + 18*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d +
e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**3*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 6
*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c
)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*b*c**3*d**3*e*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a)*
sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*c**4*d**4*x**2 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)
*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqr...
```


3.134
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1128
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1129
Rubi [A] (verified)	1129
Maple [A] (verified)	1132
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1134
Sympy [F(-1)]	1134
Maxima [F]	1134
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1135
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1136
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1136

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 396

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a(Bd+ Ae) + (Acd+ aBe)x)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(7Acd^2 - 14aBde - 5aAe^2) + (2Acd(3cd^2 - 2ae^2) - 7aBe(cd^2 + ae^2))x)}{16a^2c^2(a-cx^2)} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^{3/2} (7aBe(2\sqrt{cd} + 3\sqrt{ae}) - A(12c^{3/2}d^2 + 18\sqrt{acde} + 5a\sqrt{ce^2})) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{32a^{5/2}c^{11/4}} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})^{3/2} (7aBe(2\sqrt{cd} - 3\sqrt{ae}) - A(12c^{3/2}d^2 - 18\sqrt{acde} + 5a\sqrt{ce^2})) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{32a^{5/2}c^{11/4}}$$

output

```
1/4*(e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a*(A*e+B*d)+(A*c*d+B*a*e)*x)/a/c/(-c*x^2+a)^2+1/16*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*e*(-5*A*a*e^2+7*A*c*d^2-14*B*a*d*e)+(2*A*c*d*(-2*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)-7*a*B*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2))*x)/a^2/c^2/(-c*x^2+a)+1/32*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)*(7*a*B*e*(2*c^(1/2)*d+3*a^(1/2)*e)-A*(12*c^(3/2)*d^2+18*a^(1/2)*c*d*e+5*a*c^(1/2)*e^2))*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(11/4)-1/32*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)*(7*a*B*e*(2*c^(1/2)*d-3*a^(1/2)*e)-A*(12*c^(3/2)*d^2-18*a^(1/2)*c*d*e+5*a*c^(1/2)*e^2))*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(11/4)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 6.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 472, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{d+ex}(6Ac^3d^3x^3 + a^3e^2(5Ae + 7B(2d+ex)) - ac^2dx(7Bdex^2 + A(10d^2 + dex + 8e^2x^2)) - a^2c(Ae(10d^2 + dex + 8e^2x^2) + B(4d^3 + 5d^2ex + 26de^2x^2 + 11e^3x^3)))}{(a - cx^2)^2}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(a - c*x^2)^3,x]`

output

```
((-2*Sqrt[a]*c*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(6*A*c^3*d^3*x^3 + a^3*e^2*(5*A*e + 7*B*(2*d + e*x)) - a*c^2*d*x*(7*B*d*e*x^2 + A*(10*d^2 + d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)) - a^2*c*(A*e*(11*d^2 + 4*d*e*x + 9*e^2*x^2) + B*(4*d^3 + 5*d^2*e*x + 26*d*e^2*x^2 + 11*e^3*x^3))))/(a - c*x^2)^2 - (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*(7*a*B*e*(-2*Sqrt[c]*d + 3*Sqrt[a]*e) + A*(12*c^(3/2)*d^2 - 18*Sqrt[a]*c*d*e + 5*a*Sqrt[c]*e^2))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)] - (Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^2*(-7*a*B*e*(2*Sqrt[c]*d + 3*Sqrt[a]*e) + A*(12*c^(3/2)*d^2 + 18*Sqrt[a]*c*d*e + 5*a*Sqrt[c]*e^2))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]/(32*a^(5/2)*c^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 424, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {684, 27, 684, 27, 654, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 684

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))}{4ac(a - cx^2)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(6Acd^2 - ae(7Bd + 5Ae) + e(Acd - 7aBe)x)}{2(a - cx^2)^2} dx}{4ac}$$

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(6Acd^2 - ae(7Bd+5Ae) + e(Acd - 7aBe)x)}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx + \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

27

684

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(2Acd(3cd^2-2ae^2) - 7aBe(ae^2+cd^2)) + ae(-5aAe^2 - 14aBde + 7Acd^2))}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{14aBde(cd^2-2ae^2) - A(12c^2d^4 - 19ace^2d^2 + 5a^2e^4) - e(2Acd^2 - 7aBe(ae^2+cd^2))}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{2ac}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(2Acd(3cd^2-2ae^2) - 7aBe(ae^2+cd^2)) + ae(-5aAe^2 - 14aBde + 7Acd^2))}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{14aBde(cd^2-2ae^2) - A(12c^2d^4 - 19ace^2d^2 + 5a^2e^4) - e(2Acd^2 - 7aBe(ae^2+cd^2))}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{4ac}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

654

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(2Acd(3cd^2-2ae^2) - 7aBe(ae^2+cd^2)) + ae(-5aAe^2 - 14aBde + 7Acd^2))}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{e((cd^2-ae^2)(6Acd^2 - 7aBed - 5aAe^2) + (2Acd(3cd^2 - 4ae^2) - e(2Acd^2 - 7aBe(ae^2+cd^2))))}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} dx}{2ac}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(2Acd(3cd^2-2ae^2) - 7aBe(ae^2+cd^2)) + ae(-5aAe^2 - 14aBde + 7Acd^2))}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - \frac{e \int \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(6Acd^2 - 7aBed - 5aAe^2) + (2Acd(3cd^2 - 4ae^2) - e(2Acd^2 - 7aBe(ae^2+cd^2))))}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} dx}{2ac}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

1480

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(2Acd(3cd^2-2ae^2)-7aBe(ae^2+cd^2))+ae(-5aAe^2-14aBde+7Acd^2))}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - e^{\left(\frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2(-21a^{3/2}Be^2+18\sqrt{a}Acde+5aA\sqrt{ce^2}-14aB}{2\sqrt{a}}}\right)}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(2Acd(3cd^2-2ae^2)-7aBe(ae^2+cd^2))+ae(-5aAe^2-14aBde+7Acd^2))}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - e^{\left(\frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}(-21a^{3/2}Be^2+18\sqrt{a}Acde+5aA\sqrt{ce^2}-14aB}{2\sqrt{ac}^{3/4}e}\right)}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(a - c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a*(B*d + A*e) + (A*c*d + a*B*e)*x)/(4*a*c*(a - c*x^2)^2) + ((Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*e*(7*A*c*d^2 - 14*a*B*d*e - 5*a*A*e^2) + (2*A*c*d*(3*c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2) - 7*a*B*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))*x))/(2*a*c*(a - c*x^2)) - (e*((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^(3/2)*(12*A*c^(3/2)*d^2 - 14*a*B*Sqrt[c]*d*e + 18*Sqrt[a]*A*c*d*e - 21*a^(3/2)*B*e^2 + 5*a*A*Sqrt[c]*e^2)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/4)*e) + ((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^(3/2)*(7*a*B*e*(2*Sqrt[c]*d - 3*Sqrt[a]*e) - A*(12*c^(3/2)*d^2 - 18*Sqrt[a]*c*d*e + 5*a*Sqrt[c]*e^2))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/4)*e))/(2*a*c)/(8*a*c)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 654 `Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 684 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2] && EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])`

rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 499, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$5 \frac{e^{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})}c} \left(\frac{-6Ac^2d^3+8e\left(Ae+\frac{7Bd}{8}\right)dac-21Be^3a^2}{5} \sqrt{ace^2} + c \left(\frac{12Ae^2d^4}{5} - \frac{19ed^2\left(Ae+\frac{14Bd}{19}\right)ac}{5} + a^2e^3(Ae+\dots) \right)}{2}$
default	$2e^4 \frac{\left(\frac{8Aacd e^2-6Ac^2d^3+11Be^3a^2+7Bacd^2e}{32a^2e^3c} \right)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} + \left(\frac{9Aa^2e^4-23Aacd^2e^2+18Ac^2d^4-7Ba^2de^3-21Bacd^3e}{32ca^2e^3} \right)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{\dots}$
derivativedivides	$-2e^4 \frac{\left(\frac{8Aacd e^2-6Ac^2d^3+11Be^3a^2+7Bacd^2e}{32a^2e^3c} \right)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} + \left(\frac{9Aa^2e^4-23Aacd^2e^2+18Ac^2d^4-7Ba^2de^3-21Bacd^3e}{32ca^2e^3} \right)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{\dots}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -5/16/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*(-1/2*e*((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(1/5*(-6*A*c^2*d^3+8*e*(A*e+7/8*B*d)*d*a*c-21*B*e^3*a^2)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)+c*(12/5*A*c^2*d^4-19/5*e*d^2*(A*e+14/19*B*d)*a*c+a^2*e^3*(A*e+28/5*B*d)))*(-c*x^2+a)^2*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(-1/2*e*(1/5*(6*A*c^2*d^3-8*e*(A*e+7/8*B*d)*d*a*c+21*B*e^3*a^2)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)+c*(12/5*A*c^2*d^4-19/5*e*d^2*(A*e+14/19*B*d)*a*c+a^2*e^3*(A*e+28/5*B*d)))*(-c*x^2+a)^2*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*(6/5*A*c^3*d^3*x^3-2*d*(A*d^2+1/10*e*x*(7*B*x+A)*d+4/5*A*e^2*x^2)*x*a*c^2-11/5*(4/11*B*d^3+e*(5/11*B*x+A)*d^2+4/11*e^2*(13/2*B*x+A)*x*d+9/11*e^3*x^2*(11/9*B*x+A))*a^2*c+e^2*a^3*(14/5*B*d+e*(7/5*B*x+A)))/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/a^2/c^2/(-c*x^2+a)^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 6669 vs. $2(326) = 652$.

Time = 10.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6669, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.84

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(7/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**3,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{7/2}}{(cx^2 - a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^(7/2)/(c*x^2 - a)^3, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1106 vs. $2(326) = 652$.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1106, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/32*(2*(3*a*c^2*d^3*e - 4*a^2*c*d*e^3)*A*e^2*abs(c) - 7*(a^2*c*d^2*e^2 -
3*a^3*e^4)*B*e^2*abs(c) + (6*sqrt(a*c)*c^2*d^4*e - 11*sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d^2*e
^3 + 5*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*e^5)*A*abs(c)*abs(e) - 7*(sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d^3*e^2 - sqr
t(a*c)*a^2*d*e^4)*B*abs(c)*abs(e) - (12*c^3*d^5*e - 19*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 5*a
^2*c*d*e^5)*A*abs(c) + 14*(a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)*B*abs(c))*arct
an(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^3*d + sqrt(a^4*c^6*d^2 - (a^2*c^3*d^2 - a^3*c
^2*e^2)*a^2*c^3)))/(a^2*c^3)))/((a^3*c^3*e - sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3*d)*sqrt(-c^
2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) - 1/32*(2*(3*a*c^2*d^3*e - 4*a^2*c*d*e^3)*A*e
^2*abs(c) - 7*(a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^3*e^4)*B*e^2*abs(c) - (6*sqrt(a*c)*c^2*
d^4*e - 11*sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 5*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*e^5)*A*abs(c)*abs(e) +
7*(sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d^3*e^2 - sqrt(a*c)*a^2*d*e^4)*B*abs(c)*abs(e) - (12*c^3*
d^5*e - 19*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 5*a^2*c*d*e^5)*A*abs(c) + 14*(a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 2
*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)*B*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^3*d - sqrt(a^4
*c^6*d^2 - (a^2*c^3*d^2 - a^3*c^2*e^2)*a^2*c^3)))/(a^2*c^3)))/((a^3*c^3*e +
sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) - 1/16*(6*(e*x
+ d)^(7/2)*A*c^3*d^3*e - 18*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*A*c^3*d^4*e + 18*(e*x + d)^(3/
2)*A*c^3*d^5*e - 6*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*c^3*d^6*e - 7*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*B*a*c^2*d
^2*e^2 + 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 21*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*a*c^2*d
^4*e^2 + 7*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 8*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*A*a*c^2*d*e^3
+ 23*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 32*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*A*a*c^2*d^3*...
```


Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11687, normalized size of antiderivative = 29.51

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(a - c*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
- atan((((20480*A*a^7*c^6*e^7 + 28672*B*a^7*c^6*d*e^6 + 24576*A*a^5*c^8*d^4*e^3 - 45056*A*a^6*c^7*d^2*e^5 - 28672*B*a^6*c^7*d^3*e^4)/(4096*a^6*c^5) - 64*a*c^4*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((144*A^2*a^5*c^10*d^7 - 441*B^2*a^2*e^7*(a^15*c^11)^(1/2) - 420*A^2*a^6*c^9*d^5*e^2 + 385*A^2*a^7*c^8*d^3*e^4 + 196*B^2*a^7*c^8*d^5*e^2 - 735*B^2*a^8*c^7*d^3*e^4 + 210*A*B*a^9*c^6*e^7 + 21*A^2*c^2*d^2*e^5*(a^15*c^11)^(1/2) - 105*A^2*a^8*c^7*d*e^6 + 735*B^2*a^9*c^6*d*e^6 - 25*A^2*a*c*e^7*(a^15*c^11)^(1/2) - 210*A*B*c^2*d^3*e^4*(a^15*c^11)^(1/2) - 336*A*B*a^6*c^9*d^6*e + 245*B^2*a*c*d^2*e^5*(a^15*c^11)^(1/2) + 1120*A*B*a^7*c^8*d^4*e^3 - 1050*A*B*a^8*c^7*d^2*e^5 + 266*A*B*a*c*d*e^6*(a^15*c^11)^(1/2))/(4096*a^10*c^11))^(1/2))*((144*A^2*a^5*c^10*d^7 - 441*B^2*a^2*e^7*(a^15*c^11)^(1/2) - 420*A^2*a^6*c^9*d^5*e^2 + 385*A^2*a^7*c^8*d^3*e^4 + 196*B^2*a^7*c^8*d^5*e^2 - 735*B^2*a^8*c^7*d^3*e^4 + 210*A*B*a^9*c^6*e^7 + 21*A^2*c^2*d^2*e^5*(a^15*c^11)^(1/2) - 105*A^2*a^8*c^7*d*e^6 + 735*B^2*a^9*c^6*d*e^6 - 25*A^2*a*c*e^7*(a^15*c^11)^(1/2) - 210*A*B*c^2*d^3*e^4*(a^15*c^11)^(1/2) - 336*A*B*a^6*c^9*d^6*e + 245*B^2*a*c*d^2*e^5*(a^15*c^11)^(1/2) + 1120*A*B*a^7*c^8*d^4*e^3 - 1050*A*B*a^8*c^7*d^2*e^5 + 266*A*B*a*c*d*e^6*(a^15*c^11)^(1/2))/(4096*a^10*c^11))^(1/2) + ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(441*B^2*a^5*e^10 + 144*A^2*c^5*d^8*e^2 + 25*A^2*a^4*c*e^10 + 385*A^2*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 - 126*A^2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8 + 196*B^2*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 735*B^2*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 420*A^2*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 + 490*B^2*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 56*A...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3452, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.72

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 42*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*b*e**3 + 26*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*c*d*e**2 + 28*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*b*c*d**2*e + 84*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*b*c*e**3*x**2 - 24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**2*d**3 - 52*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**2*d*e**2*x**2 - 56*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*b*c**2*d**2*e*x**2 - 42*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*b*c**2*e**3*x**4 + 48*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**3*d**3*x**2 + 26*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**3*d*e**2*x**4 + 28*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*b*c**3*d**2*e*x**4 - 24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))...
```

3.135
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1138
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1139
Rubi [A] (verified)	1139
Maple [A] (verified)	1143
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1144
Sympy [F(-1)]	1144
Maxima [F]	1144
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1145
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1146
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1146

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 372

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a(Bd+ Ae) + (Acd + aBe)x)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(3Acd - 5aBe) + c(6Acd^2 - 5aBde - 3aAe^2)x)}{16a^2c^2(a-cx^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}(5aBe(2\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}) - 3A(4c^{3/2}d^2 + 2\sqrt{acde} - a\sqrt{ce^2})) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{32a^{5/2}c^{9/4}} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}}(5aBe(2\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}) - 3A(4c^{3/2}d^2 - 2\sqrt{acde} - a\sqrt{ce^2})) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{32a^{5/2}c^{9/4}}$$

output

```
1/4*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*(A*e+B*d)+(A*c*d+B*a*e)*x)/a/c/(-c*x^2+a)^2+1/16*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*e*(3*A*c*d-5*B*a*e)+c*(-3*A*a*e^2+6*A*c*d^2-5*B*a*d*e)*x)/a^2/c^2/(-c*x^2+a)+1/32*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*(5*a*B*e*(2*c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)-3*A*(4*c^(3/2)*d^2+2*a^(1/2)*c*d*e-a*c^(1/2)*e^2))*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(9/4)-1/32*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*(5*a*B*e*(2*c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)-3*A*(4*c^(3/2)*d^2+2*a^(1/2)*c*d*e-a*c^(1/2)*e^2))*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(9/4)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}(5a^3Be^2+6Ac^3d^2x^3-ac^2x(5Bdex^2+A(10d^2+dex+3e^2x^2)))-a^2c(Ae(7d+ex)+B(4d^2+ex^2))}{(a-cx^2)^2}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(a - c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(5*a^3*B*e^2 + 6*A*c^3*d^2*x^3 - a*c^2*x*(5*B*d*e*x^2 + A*(10*d^2 + d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2)) - a^2*c*(A*e*(7*d + e*x) + B*(4*d^2 + 3*d*e*x + 9*e^2*x^2))))/(a - c*x^2)^2 - Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*(5*a*B*e*(-2*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e) + 3*A*(4*c^(3/2)*d^2 - 2*Sqrt[a]*c*d*e - a*Sqrt[c]*e^2))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)] + Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*(-5*a*B*e*(2*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e) + 3*A*(4*c^(3/2)*d^2 + 2*Sqrt[a]*c*d*e - a*Sqrt[c]*e^2))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/(32*a^(5/2)*c^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 401, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {684, 27, 685, 27, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 684$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))}{4ac(a - cx^2)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(6Acd^2 - ae(5Bd + 3Ae) + e(3Acd - 5aBe)x)}{2(a - cx^2)^2} dx}{4ac}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(6Acd^2-ae(5Bd+3Ae)+e(3Acd-5aBe)x)}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx}{8ac} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 685

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx(6Acd^2-ae(3Ae+5Bd))+ae(3Acd-5aBe))}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{3Acd(4cd^2-3ae^2)-5aBe(2cd^2-ae^2)+ce(6Acd^2-ae(5Bd+3Ae))x}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{2ac} +$$

$$\frac{8ac}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{3Acd(4cd^2-3ae^2)-5aBe(2cd^2-ae^2)+ce(6Acd^2-ae(5Bd+3Ae))x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{4ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx(6Acd^2-ae(3Ae+5Bd))+ae(3Acd-5aBe))}{2ac(a-cx^2)} +$$

$$\frac{8ac}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 654

$$\frac{\int -\frac{e((6Acd-5aBe)(cd^2-ae^2)+c(6Acd^2-ae(5Bd+3Ae))(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx(6Acd^2-ae(3Ae+5Bd))+ae(3Acd-5aBe))}{2ac(a-cx^2)} +$$

$$\frac{8ac}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx(6Acd^2-ae(3Ae+5Bd))+ae(3Acd-5aBe))}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{e((6Acd-5aBe)(cd^2-ae^2)+c(6Acd^2-ae(5Bd+3Ae))(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac} +$$

$$\frac{8ac}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx(6Acd^2-ae(3Ae+5Bd))+ae(3Acd-5aBe))}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - \frac{e \int \frac{(6Acd-5aBe)(cd^2-ae^2)+c(6Acd^2-ae(5Bd+3Ae))(d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac} +$$

$$\frac{8ac}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 1480

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx(6Acd^2 - ae(3Ae+5Bd)) + ae(3Acd - 5aBe))}{2ac(a - cx^2)} - \frac{e \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})(5aBe(\sqrt{ae} + 2\sqrt{cd}) - 3A(2\sqrt{acde} - a\sqrt{ce^2} + 4c^{3/2}d^2))}{2\sqrt{ae}} \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})} \right)}{8ac}$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))}{4ac(a - cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx(6Acd^2 - ae(3Ae+5Bd)) + ae(3Acd - 5aBe))}{2ac(a - cx^2)} - \frac{e \left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}(5aBe(2\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}) - 3A(-2\sqrt{acde} - a\sqrt{ce^2} + 4c^{3/2}d^2))}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{ce}} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}} \right) \right)}{8ac}$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))}{4ac(a - cx^2)^2}$$

input

`Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(a - c*x^2)^3,x]`

output

`((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a*(B*d + A*e) + (A*c*d + a*B*e)*x))/(4*a*c*(a - c*x^2)^2) + ((Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*e*(3*A*c*d - 5*a*B*e) + c*(6*A*c*d^2 - a*e*(5*B*d + 3*A*e))*x))/(2*a*c*(a - c*x^2)) - (e*(-1/2*(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]*(5*a*B*e*(2*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e) - 3*A*(4*c^(3/2)*d^2 + 2*Sqrt[a]*c*d*e - a*Sqrt[c]*e^2))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)*e) + (Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]*(5*a*B*e*(2*Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e) - 3*A*(4*c^(3/2)*d^2 - 2*Sqrt[a]*c*d*e - a*Sqrt[c]*e^2))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)*e))/(2*a*c)/(8*a*c)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 654 `Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`
- rule 684 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2] && EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])`
- rule 685 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*g - c*f*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(2*p + 3) - c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`
- rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 420, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{9ce\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})}c\left(\frac{2Ac d^2-e\left(Ae+\frac{5Bd}{3}\right)a}{3}\sqrt{ace^2}-\frac{4Ae^2d^3}{3}+ade\left(Ae+\frac{10Bd}{9}\right)c-\frac{5Be^3a^2}{9}\right)(-cx^2+a)^2\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{-cd-}}$
default	$2e^4\left(\frac{(3Aae^2-6Ac d^2+5Bade)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{32a^2e^3}-\frac{(8Aacd e^2-18A c^2d^3-9Be^3a^2+15Bac d^2e)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{32a^2e^3c}+\frac{(Aa^2e^4+17Aac d^2e^2-18Acd^3)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+c^2)}\right)$
derivativedivides	$-2e^4\left(-\frac{(3Aae^2-6Ac d^2+5Bade)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{32a^2e^3}-\frac{(8Aacd e^2-18A c^2d^3-9Be^3a^2+15Bac d^2e)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{32a^2e^3c}+\frac{(Aa^2e^4+17Aac d^2e^2-18Acd^3)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+c^2)}\right)$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 7/16/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*(-9/14*c*e*((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(1/3*(2*A*c*d^2-e*(A*e+5/3*B*d)*a)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)-4/3*A*c^2*d^3+a*d*e*(A*e+10/9*B*d)*c-5/9*B*e^3*a^2)*(-c*x^2+a)^2*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(-9/14*c*e*(1/3*(-2*A*c*d^2+e*(A*e+5/3*B*d)*a)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)-4/3*A*c^2*d^3+a*d*e*(A*e+10/9*B*d)*c-5/9*B*e^3*a^2)*(-c*x^2+a)^2*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*(-6/7*A*c^3*d^2*x^3+10/7*x*a*(A*d^2+1/10*e*x*(5*B*x+A)*d+3/10*A*e^2*x^2)*c^2+(4/7*B*d^2+e*(3/7*B*x+A)*d+1/7*e^2*x*(9*B*x+A))*a^2*c-5/7*B*e^2*a^3))/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/a^2/c^2/(-c*x^2+a)^2
```


Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3382 vs. $2(302) = 604$.

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3382, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.09

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**3,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{5/2}}{(cx^2 - a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2 - a)^3, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 941 vs. $2(302) = 604$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 941, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/32*(5*B*a^2*c*d*e^4*abs(c) - 3*(2*a*c^2*d^2*e - a^2*c*e^3)*A*e^2*abs(c)
- 6*(sqrt(a*c)*c^2*d^3*e - sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d*e^3)*A*abs(c)*abs(e) + 5*(sqrt(
a*c)*a*c*d^2*e^2 - sqrt(a*c)*a^2*e^4)*B*abs(c)*abs(e) + 3*(4*c^3*d^4*e - 3
*a*c^2*d^2*e^3)*A*abs(c) - 5*(2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - a^2*c*d*e^4)*B*abs(c))*arc
tan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^3*d + sqrt(a^4*c^6*d^2 - (a^2*c^3*d^2 - a^3
*c^2*e^2)*a^2*c^3)))/(a^2*c^3)))/((a^3*c^3*e - sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3*d)*sqrt(-c
^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) + 1/32*(5*B*a^2*c*d*e^4*abs(c) - 3*(2*a*c^2*
d^2*e - a^2*c*e^3)*A*e^2*abs(c) + 6*(sqrt(a*c)*c^2*d^3*e - sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d
*e^3)*A*abs(c)*abs(e) - 5*(sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d^2*e^2 - sqrt(a*c)*a^2*e^4)*B*ab
s(c)*abs(e) + 3*(4*c^3*d^4*e - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^3)*A*abs(c) - 5*(2*a*c^2*d^3*
e^2 - a^2*c*d*e^4)*B*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^3*d - sqrt(
a^4*c^6*d^2 - (a^2*c^3*d^2 - a^3*c^2*e^2)*a^2*c^3)))/(a^2*c^3)))/((a^3*c^3*
e + sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) - 1/16*(6*(e
*x + d)^(7/2)*A*c^3*d^2*e - 18*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*A*c^3*d^3*e + 18*(e*x + d)^(
3/2)*A*c^3*d^4*e - 6*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*c^3*d^5*e - 5*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*B*a*c^
2*d*e^2 + 15*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 15*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*a*c^2*
d^3*e^2 + 5*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 3*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*A*a*c^2*e^3
+ 8*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*A*a*c^2*d*e^3 - 17*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 1
2*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 9*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*B*a^2*c*e^4 + 15*(e*x
+ d)^(3/2)*B*a^2*c*d*e^4 - 10*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - (e*x + d)...
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7702, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.70

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(a - c*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
((e*(d + e*x)^(7/2)*(3*A*a*e^2 - 6*A*c*d^2 + 5*B*a*d*e))/(16*a^2) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(5*B*a^3*e^6 - 6*A*c^3*d^5*e + 12*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 5*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 10*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 6*A*a^2*c*d*e^5))/(16*a^2*c^2) + ((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(A*a^2*e^5 - 15*B*a^2*d*e^4 - 18*A*c^2*d^4*e + 17*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 15*B*a*c*d^3*e^2))/(16*a^2*c) + (e*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(18*A*c^2*d^3 + 9*B*a^2*e^3 - 8*A*a*c*d*e^2 - 15*B*a*c*d^2*e))/(16*a^2*c)/(c^2*(d + e*x)^4 + a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + (6*c^2*d^2 - 2*a*c*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2 - (4*c^2*d^3 - 4*a*c*d*e^2)*(d + e*x) - 4*c^2*d*(d + e*x)^3 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2) - atan((((20480*B*a^7*c^4*e^6 - 24576*A*a^6*c^5*d*e^5 + 24576*A*a^5*c^6*d^3*e^3 - 20480*B*a^6*c^5*d^2*e^4)/(4096*a^6*c^3) - 64*a*c^4*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-(25*B^2*a*e^5*(a^15*c^9)^(1/2) - 144*A^2*a^5*c^8*d^5 + 9*A^2*c*e^5*(a^15*c^9)^(1/2) + 180*A^2*a^6*c^7*d^3*e^2 - 100*B^2*a^7*c^6*d^3*e^2 + 30*A*B*a^8*c^5*e^5 - 45*A^2*a^7*c^6*d*e^4 + 75*B^2*a^8*c^5*d*e^4 + 240*A*B*a^6*c^7*d^4*e - 30*A*B*c*d*e^4*(a^15*c^9)^(1/2) - 240*A*B*a^7*c^6*d^2*e^3)/(4096*a^10*c^9))^(1/2))*(-(25*B^2*a*e^5*(a^15*c^9)^(1/2) - 144*A^2*a^5*c^8*d^5 + 9*A^2*c*e^5*(a^15*c^9)^(1/2) + 180*A^2*a^6*c^7*d^3*e^2 - 100*B^2*a^7*c^6*d^3*e^2 + 30*A*B*a^8*c^5*e^5 - 45*A^2*a^7*c^6*d*e^4 + 75*B^2*a^8*c^5*d*e^4 + 240*A*B*a^6*c^7*d^4*e - 30*A*B*c*d*e^4*(a^15*c^9)^(1/2) - 240*A*B*a^7*c^6*d^2*e^3)/(4096*a^10*c^9))^(1/2) + ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(25*B^2*a^4*e^8 + 144*A^2*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 9*A^2*a^3*c*e^8 + 45*A^2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6 + 100*B^2*a^2*c^2*d^4*...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2428, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.53

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x)`

output

```
(6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*c*e**2 + 20*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*b*c*d*e - 24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**2*d**2 - 12*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**2*e**2*x**2 - 40*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*b*c**2*d*e*x**2 + 48*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**3*d**2*x**2 + 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**3*e**2*x**4 + 20*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*b*c**3*d*e*x**4 - 24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*c**4*d**2*x**4 + 10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*b*e**2 - 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*c*d*e - 20*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*b*c*e**2*x**2 + 24*sqrt(c...
```

3.136
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1148
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1149
Rubi [A] (verified)	1149
Maple [A] (verified)	1153
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1154
Sympy [F(-1)]	1154
Maxima [F]	1154
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1155
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1155
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1156

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 350

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a(Bd+ Ae) + (Acd+ aBe)x)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aAe-3(2Acd- aBe)x)}{16a^2c(a-cx^2)} + \frac{3(aBe(2\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})-A(4c^{3/2}d^2-2\sqrt{acde}-a\sqrt{ce^2}))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{32a^{5/2}c^{7/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} - \frac{3(aBe(2\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})-A(4c^{3/2}d^2+2\sqrt{acde}-a\sqrt{ce^2}))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{32a^{5/2}c^{7/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}$$

output

```
1/4*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*(A*e+B*d)+(A*c*d+B*a*e)*x)/a/c/(-c*x^2+a)^2-1/16*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*A*e-3*(2*A*c*d-B*a*e)*x)/a^2/c/(-c*x^2+a)+3/32*(a*B*e*(2*c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)-A*(4*c^(3/2)*d^2-2*a^(1/2)*c*d*e-a*c^(1/2)*e^2))*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(7/4)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)-3/32*(a*B*e*(2*c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)-A*(4*c^(3/2)*d^2+2*a^(1/2)*c*d*e-a*c^(1/2)*e^2))*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(7/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 352, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}(6Ac^2dx^3 - a^2(4Bd+3Ae+Bex) - acx(10Ad+Aex+3Bex^2))}{(a-cx^2)^2} - \frac{3(aBe(2\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})+}{(a-cx^2)^2}}{(a-cx^2)^2}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a - c*x^2)^3,x]`

output

```
((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(6*A*c^2*d*x^3 - a^2*(4*B*d + 3*A*e + B
*e*x) - a*c*x*(10*A*d + A*e*x + 3*B*e*x^2)))/(a - c*x^2)^2 - (3*(a*B*e*(2*
Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e) + A*(-4*c^(3/2)*d^2 - 2*Sqrt[a]*c*d*e + a*Sqrt[c]*e
^2))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d +
Sqrt[a]*e)]/Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e] - (3*(a*B*e*(-2*Sqrt[c]*d +
Sqrt[a]*e) + A*(4*c^(3/2)*d^2 - 2*Sqrt[a]*c*d*e - a*Sqrt[c]*e^2))*ArcTan[(
Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/
Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e])/(32*a^(5/2)*c^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 411, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {684, 27, 686, 27, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 684

$$\frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))}{4ac(a - cx^2)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{6Acd^2 - 3aBed - aAe^2 + e(5Acd - 3aBe)x}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx}{4ac}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{6Acd^2 - 3aBed - aAe^2 + e(5Acd - 3aBe)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx}{8ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 686 \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{3c(cd^2 - ae^2)(4Acd^2 - 2aBed - aAe^2 + e(2Acd - aBe)x)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{2ac(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aAe(cd^2 - ae^2) - 3x(cd^2 - ae^2)(2Acd - aBe))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
& \quad \frac{8ac}{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))} \\
& \quad \frac{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}{} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{4Acd^2 - 2aBed - aAe^2 + e(2Acd - aBe)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aAe(cd^2 - ae^2) - 3x(cd^2 - ae^2)(2Acd - aBe))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
& \quad \frac{8ac}{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))} \\
& \quad \frac{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}{} \\
& \quad \downarrow 654 \\
& \frac{3 \int -\frac{e(2Acd^2 - aBed - aAe^2 + (2Acd - aBe)(d+ex))}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aAe(cd^2 - ae^2) - 3x(cd^2 - ae^2)(2Acd - aBe))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
& \quad \frac{8ac}{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))} \\
& \quad \frac{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}{} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{e(2Acd^2 - aBed - aAe^2 + (2Acd - aBe)(d+ex))}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aAe(cd^2 - ae^2) - 3x(cd^2 - ae^2)(2Acd - aBe))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
& \quad \frac{8ac}{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))} \\
& \quad \frac{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}{} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{3e \int \frac{2Acd^2 - aBed - aAe^2 + (2Acd - aBe)(d+ex)}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aAe(cd^2 - ae^2) - 3x(cd^2 - ae^2)(2Acd - aBe))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
& \quad \frac{8ac}{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))} \\
& \quad \frac{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}{} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1480
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3e \left(\frac{(aBe(2\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})-A(-2\sqrt{acde}-a\sqrt{ce^2+4c^{3/2}d^2})) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{ae}} - \frac{(aBe(\sqrt{ae}+2\sqrt{cd})-A(2\sqrt{acde}-a\sqrt{ce^2+4c^{3/2}d^2})) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)+\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{ae}} \right)}{2a} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} \qquad \qquad \qquad 8ac \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{3e \left(\frac{(aBe(\sqrt{ae}+2\sqrt{cd})-A(2\sqrt{acde}-a\sqrt{ce^2+4c^{3/2}d^2})) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}^{3/4}e\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}} - \frac{(aBe(2\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})-A(-2\sqrt{acde}-a\sqrt{ce^2+4c^{3/2}d^2})) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}^{3/4}e\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} \right)}{2a} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} \qquad \qquad \qquad 8ac
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a - c*x^2)^3,x]
```

```
output (Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*(B*d + A*e) + (A*c*d + a*B*e)*x))/(4*a*c*(a - c*x^2)^2
+ (-1/2*(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*A*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2) - 3*(2*A*c*d - a*B*e)*(c*d^2
- a*e^2)*x))/(a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a - c*x^2)) - (3*e*(-1/2*((a*B*e*(2*Sqrt
[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e) - A*(4*c^(3/2)*d^2 - 2*Sqrt[a]*c*d*e - a*Sqrt[c]*e^2))*
ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(Sqrt[a]*c^(
3/4)*e*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]) + ((a*B*e*(2*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e) -
A*(4*c^(3/2)*d^2 + 2*Sqrt[a]*c*d*e - a*Sqrt[c]*e^2))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt
[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/4)*e*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]
*d + Sqrt[a]*e]))/(2*a))/(8*a*c)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```


rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 654 $\text{Int}[(f_ + (g_)*(x_))/(\text{Sqrt}[(d_ + (e_)*(x_)]*(a_ + (c_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x]$

rule 684 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*(f_ + (g_)*(x_))*((a_ + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m-1)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p+1))], x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*c*(p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m-2)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}*\text{Simp}[a*e*(e*f*(m-1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p+3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m+2*p+2))*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[d, 0] \ || \ (\text{EqQ}[m, 2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[p, -3] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, c, d, e, f, g]) \ || \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0])]$

rule 686 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*(f_ + (g_)*(x_))*((a_ + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(2*a*c*(p+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*c*(p+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}*\text{Simp}[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p+3) + a*c*e^2*(m+2*p+3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m+2*p+4)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])]$

rule 1480 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) \ \text{Int}[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) \ \text{Int}[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{3e\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c((2Acd-Bae)\sqrt{ace^2+c(-4Ac d^2+ae(Ae+2Bd))}(-cx^2+a)^2\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{32} + \frac{3\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}{32}$
default	$2e^4 \left(\frac{-\frac{3(2Acd-Bae)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{32a^2e^3} + \frac{(Aae^2+18Ac d^2-9Bade)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{32a^2e^3} + \frac{(8Aacd e^2-18Ac^2 d^3+Be^3 a^2+9Bacd^2e)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{32a^2e^3c}}{(-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2)^2} + \dots \right)$
derivativedivides	$-2e^4 \left(-\frac{-\frac{3(2Acd-Bae)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{32a^2e^3} + \frac{(Aae^2+18Ac d^2-9Bade)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{32a^2e^3} + \frac{(8Aacd e^2-18Ac^2 d^3+Be^3 a^2+9Bacd^2e)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{32a^2e^3c}}{(-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2)^2} + \dots \right)$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 3/16*(-1/2*e*((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*((2*A*c*d-B*a*e)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)+c*(-4*A*c*d^2+a*e*(A*e+2*B*d)))*(-c*x^2+a)^2*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(-1/2*e*((-2*A*c*d+B*a*e)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)+c*(-4*A*c*d^2+a*e*(A*e+2*B*d)))*(-c*x^2+a)^2*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*(-2*A*c^2*d*x^3+10/3*x*(A*d+1/10*e*x*(3*B*x+A))*a*c+(4/3*B*d+e*(1/3*B*x+A))*a^2))/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/a^2/c/(-c*x^2+a)^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4176 vs. $2(280) = 560$.

Time = 2.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4176, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**3,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(cx^2 - a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2 - a)^3, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 731 vs. $2(280) = 560$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 731, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-3/32*(2*B*a*c^3*d^2*e^2 + 2*A*a*c^3*d*e^3 - B*a^2*c^2*e^4 - sqrt(a*c)*B*a
*c*d*e^2*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*sqrt(a*c)*c^2*d^2*e - sqrt(a*c)*a*c*e^3)*A*abs
(c)*abs(e) - (4*c^4*d^3*e - a*c^3*d*e^3)*A)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^
2*c^2*d + sqrt(a^4*c^4*d^2 - (a^2*c^2*d^2 - a^3*c*e^2)*a^2*c^2)))/(a^2*c^2
)))/((a^3*c^3*e - sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(e))
- 3/32*(2*B*a*c^3*d^2*e^2 + 2*A*a*c^3*d*e^3 - B*a^2*c^2*e^4 + sqrt(a*c)*B
*a*c*d*e^2*abs(c)*abs(e) - (2*sqrt(a*c)*c^2*d^2*e - sqrt(a*c)*a*c*e^3)*A*
abs(c)*abs(e) - (4*c^4*d^3*e - a*c^3*d*e^3)*A)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(
a^2*c^2*d - sqrt(a^4*c^4*d^2 - (a^2*c^2*d^2 - a^3*c*e^2)*a^2*c^2)))/(a^2*c^
2)))/((a^3*c^3*e + sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(e
)) - 1/16*(6*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*A*c^2*d*e - 18*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*A*c^2*d^2*e +
18*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*A*c^2*d^3*e - 6*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*c^2*d^4*e - 3*(e*x + d)
^(7/2)*B*a*c*e^2 + 9*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*B*a*c*d*e^2 - 9*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*B*a*c
*d^2*e^2 + 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 - (e*x + d)^(5/2)*A*a*c*e^3 - 8*(
e*x + d)^(3/2)*A*a*c*d*e^3 + 9*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 - (e*x + d)^(3/
2)*B*a^2*e^4 - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*a^2*d*e^4 - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*A*a^2*e^5)/((
(e*x + d)^2*c - 2*(e*x + d)*c*d + c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*a^2*c)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7239, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.68

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a - c*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```

((3*(B*a*e^2 - 2*A*c*d*e)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(16*a^2) + ((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(A*
a*e^3 - 9*B*a*d*e^2 + 18*A*c*d^2*e))/(16*a^2) + (3*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(A*a^2*
e^5 + B*a^2*d*e^4 + 2*A*c^2*d^4*e - 3*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 - B*a*c*d^3*e^2))/(16*
a^2*c) + (((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(B*a^2*e^4 - 18*A*c^2*d^3*e + 8*A*a*c*d*e^3 + 9*
B*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(16*a^2*c))/(c^2*(d + e*x)^4 + a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + (6*c^2*
d^2 - 2*a*c*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2 - (4*c^2*d^3 - 4*a*c*d*e^2)*(d + e*x) - 4*c^2
*d*(d + e*x)^3 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2) + atan((((3*(4096*A*a^6*c^4*e^5 + 4096*B*
a^6*c^4*d*e^4 - 8192*A*a^5*c^5*d^2*e^3))/(4096*a^6*c^2) - 64*a*c^4*d*e^2*(
d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-9*(B^2*a*e^5*(a^15*c^7)^(1/2) - 16*A^2*a^5*c^7*d^5 + A^2
*c*e^5*(a^15*c^7)^(1/2) + 20*A^2*a^6*c^6*d^3*e^2 - 4*B^2*a^7*c^5*d^3*e^2 +
2*A*B*a^8*c^4*e^5 - 5*A^2*a^7*c^5*d*e^4 + 3*B^2*a^8*c^4*d*e^4 + 16*A*B*a^
6*c^6*d^4*e - 2*A*B*c*d*e^4*(a^15*c^7)^(1/2) - 16*A*B*a^7*c^5*d^2*e^3))/(4
096*(a^10*c^8*d^2 - a^11*c^7*e^2)))^(1/2))*(-9*(B^2*a*e^5*(a^15*c^7)^(1/2)
) - 16*A^2*a^5*c^7*d^5 + A^2*c*e^5*(a^15*c^7)^(1/2) + 20*A^2*a^6*c^6*d^3*e
^2 - 4*B^2*a^7*c^5*d^3*e^2 + 2*A*B*a^8*c^4*e^5 - 5*A^2*a^7*c^5*d*e^4 + 3*B
^2*a^8*c^4*d*e^4 + 16*A*B*a^6*c^6*d^4*e - 2*A*B*c*d*e^4*(a^15*c^7)^(1/2) -
16*A*B*a^7*c^5*d^2*e^3))/(4096*(a^10*c^8*d^2 - a^11*c^7*e^2)))^(1/2) + ((
d + e*x)^(1/2)*(9*B^2*a^3*e^6 + 144*A^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 9*A^2*a^2*c*e^6 - 36
*A^2*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + 36*B^2*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 144*A*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^3))/(64*a^
4))*(-9*(B^2*a*e^5*(a^15*c^7)^(1/2) - 16*A^2*a^5*c^7*d^5 + A^2*c*e^5*(...

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3475, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x)
```

output

```
(6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*b*e**3 - 18*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*c*d*e**2 - 12*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*b*c*d**2*e - 12*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*b*c*e**3*x**2 + 24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**2*d**3 + 36*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**2*d*e**2*x**2 + 24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*b*c**2*d**2*e*x**2 + 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*b*c**2*e**3*x**4 - 48*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**3*d**3*x**2 - 18*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**3*d*e**2*x**4 - 12*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*b*c**3*d**2*e*x**4 + 24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*c**...
```

3.137 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1158
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1159
Rubi [A] (verified)	1159
Maple [A] (verified)	1163
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1164
Sympy [F(-1)]	1164
Maxima [F]	1164
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1165
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1166
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1166

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 372

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{(aB+Acx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(Acd-aBe) - c(6Acd^2 - aBde - 5aAe^2)x)}{16a^2c(cd^2 - ae^2)(a-cx^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{(aBe(2\sqrt{cd} - 3\sqrt{ae}) - A(12c^{3/2}d^2 - 18\sqrt{acde} + 5a\sqrt{ce^2})) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{32a^{5/2}c^{5/4}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{(aBe(2\sqrt{cd} + 3\sqrt{ae}) - A(12c^{3/2}d^2 + 18\sqrt{acde} + 5a\sqrt{ce^2})) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{32a^{5/2}c^{5/4}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/4*(A*c*x+B*a)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/a/c/(-c*x^2+a)^2-1/16*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*e*(A*c*d-B*a*e)-c*(-5*A*a*e^2+6*A*c*d^2-B*a*d*e)*x)/a^2/c/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c*x^2+a)+1/32*(a*B*e*(2*c^(1/2)*d-3*a^(1/2)*e)-A*(12*c^(3/2)*d^2-18*a^(1/2)*c*d*e+5*a*c^(1/2)*e^2))*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(5/4)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)-1/32*(a*B*e*(2*c^(1/2)*d+3*a^(1/2)*e)-A*(12*c^(3/2)*d^2+18*a^(1/2)*c*d*e+5*a*c^(1/2)*e^2))*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(5/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 438, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+ex}(3a^3Be^2+6Ac^3d^2x^3+a^2c(Ae(d+9ex)+B(-4d^2+dex+e^2x^2))-ac^2x(Bdex^2+A(10d^2+dex+5e^2x^2)))}{(-cd^2+ae^2)(a-cx^2)^2} + \frac{(-aBe(2\sqrt{cd}+3\sqrt{ae})+}{$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a - c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(3*a^3*B*e^2 + 6*A*c^3*d^2*x^3 + a^2*c*(A*e*(d + 9*e*x) + B*(-4*d^2 + d*e*x + e^2*x^2)) - a*c^2*x*(B*d*e*x^2 + A*(10*d^2 + d*e*x + 5*e^2*x^2))))/((-c*d^2) + a*e^2)*(a - c*x^2)^2 + ((-(a*B*e*(2*Sqrt[c]*d + 3*Sqrt[a]*e)) + A*(12*c^(3/2)*d^2 + 18*Sqrt[a]*c*d*e + 5*a*Sqrt[c]*e^2))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]/((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]) - ((a*B*e*(-2*Sqrt[c]*d + 3*Sqrt[a]*e) + A*(12*c^(3/2)*d^2 - 18*Sqrt[a]*c*d*e + 5*a*Sqrt[c]*e^2))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]))/(32*a^(5/2)*c)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 440, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {685, 27, 686, 27, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 685

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB+Acx)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{6Ac d-aBe+5Acex}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx}{4ac}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{6Ac d-aBe+5Acex}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx}{8ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB+Acx)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 686

$$\frac{\int -\frac{c(Acd(12cd^2-13ae^2)-aBe(2cd^2-3ae^2)+ce(6Ac d^2-aBed-5aAe^2)x)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{2ac(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(Acd-aBe)-cx(-5aAe^2-aBde+6Ac d^2))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} +$$

$$\frac{8ac}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} \sqrt{d+ex}(aB+Acx)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{Ac d(12cd^2-13ae^2)-aBe(2cd^2-3ae^2)+ce(6Ac d^2-aBed-5aAe^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(Acd-aBe)-cx(-5aAe^2-aBde+6Ac d^2))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} +$$

$$\frac{8ac}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} \sqrt{d+ex}(aB+Acx)$$

↓ 654

$$\frac{\int -\frac{e(2Ac d(3cd^2-4ae^2)-aBe(cd^2-3ae^2)+c(6Ac d^2-aBed-5aAe^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(Acd-aBe)-cx(-5aAe^2-aBde+6Ac d^2))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} +$$

$$\frac{8ac}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} \sqrt{d+ex}(aB+Acx)$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{e(2Ac d(3cd^2-4ae^2)-aBe(cd^2-3ae^2)+c(6Ac d^2-aBed-5aAe^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(Acd-aBe)-cx(-5aAe^2-aBde+6Ac d^2))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} +$$

$$\frac{8ac}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} \sqrt{d+ex}(aB+Acx)$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{e \int \frac{2Acd(3cd^2 - 4ae^2) - aBe(cd^2 - 3ae^2) + c(6Acd^2 - aBed - 5aAe^2)(d+ex)}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(Acd - aBe) - cx(-5aAe^2 - aBde + 6Acd^2))}{2a(a - cx^2)(cd^2 - ae^2)}}{2a(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \\
 & \frac{8ac \sqrt{d+ex}(aB + Acx)}{4ac(a - cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1480 \\
 & - \frac{e \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd})(aBe(2\sqrt{cd} - 3\sqrt{ae}) - A(-18\sqrt{acde} + 5a\sqrt{ce^2} + 12c^{3/2}d^2))}{2\sqrt{ae}} \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})(aBe(3\sqrt{ae} + 2\sqrt{cd}) - A(18\sqrt{acde} + 5a\sqrt{ce^2} + 12c^{3/2}d^2))}{2\sqrt{ae}} \right)}{2a(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \frac{8ac \sqrt{d+ex}(aB + Acx)}{4ac(a - cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & - \frac{e \left(\frac{(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})(aBe(3\sqrt{ae} + 2\sqrt{cd}) - A(18\sqrt{acde} + 5a\sqrt{ce^2} + 12c^{3/2}d^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{c}e\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd})(aBe(2\sqrt{cd} - 3\sqrt{ae}) - A(-18\sqrt{acde} + 5a\sqrt{ce^2} + 12c^{3/2}d^2))}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{c}e\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}} \right)}{2a(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \frac{8ac \sqrt{d+ex}(aB + Acx)}{4ac(a - cx^2)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a - c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((a*B + A*c*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(4*a*c*(a - c*x^2)^2) + (-1/2*(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*e*(A*c*d - a*B*e) - c*(6*A*c*d^2 - a*B*d*e - 5*a*A*e^2)*x))/(a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a - c*x^2)) - (e*(-1/2*((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*(a*B*e*(2*Sqrt[c]*d - 3*Sqrt[a]*e) - A*(12*c^(3/2)*d^2 - 18*Sqrt[a]*c*d*e + 5*a*Sqrt[c]*e^2))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]]/(Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)*e*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]) + ((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(a*B*e*(2*Sqrt[c]*d + 3*Sqrt[a]*e) - A*(12*c^(3/2)*d^2 + 18*Sqrt[a]*c*d*e + 5*a*Sqrt[c]*e^2))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)*e*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]))/(2*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(8*a*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a})*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 654 $\text{Int}[(\text{f}_.) + (\text{g}_.)*(x_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{d}_.) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)]*(\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(\text{e}*f - \text{d}*g + \text{g}*x^2)/(\text{c}*d^2 + \text{a}*e^2 - 2*\text{c}*d*x^2 + \text{c}*x^4), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{Sqrt}[\text{d} + \text{e}*x]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 685 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_.) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)]^{(m_)}*(\text{f}_.) + (\text{g}_.)*(x_)]*(\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{d} + \text{e}*x)^m*(\text{a} + \text{c}*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((\text{a}*g - \text{c}*f*x)/(2*\text{a}*c*(p+1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{a}*c*(p+1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{d} + \text{e}*x)^{(m-1)}*(\text{a} + \text{c}*x^2)^{(p+1)}*\text{Simp}[\text{a}*e*g*m - \text{c}*d*f*(2*p+3) - \text{c}*e*f*(m+2*p+3)*x, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$
- rule 686 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_.) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)]^{(m_)}*(\text{f}_.) + (\text{g}_.)*(x_)]*(\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{d} + \text{e}*x)^{(m+1)}*(\text{f}*a*c*e - \text{a}*g*c*d + \text{c}*(\text{c}*d*f + \text{a}*e*g)*x)*(\text{a} + \text{c}*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(2*\text{a}*c*(p+1)*(c*d^2 + \text{a}*e^2)), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{a}*c*(p+1)*(c*d^2 + \text{a}*e^2)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{d} + \text{e}*x)^m*(\text{a} + \text{c}*x^2)^{(p+1)}*\text{Simp}[\text{f}*(\text{c}^2*d^2*(2*p+3) + \text{a}*c*e^2*(m+2*p+3)) - \text{a}*c*d*e*g*m + \text{c}*e*(\text{c}*d*f + \text{a}*e*g)*(m+2*p+4)*x, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$
- rule 1480 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_.) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^2]/((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2 + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^4), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(\text{e}/2 + (2*\text{c}*d - \text{b}*e)/(2*\text{q})) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{b}/2 - \text{q}/2 + \text{c}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(\text{e}/2 - (2*\text{c}*d - \text{b}*e)/(2*\text{q})) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{b}/2 + \text{q}/2 + \text{c}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{c}*d^2 - \text{a}*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*c]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{13ce\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ace^2}}c\left(\frac{6Ac d^2-5e\left(Ae+\frac{Bd}{5}\right)a\sqrt{ace^2}}{13}-\frac{12Ac^2d^3}{13}+ade\left(Ae+\frac{2Bd}{13}\right)c-\frac{3B\frac{e^3a^2}{13}}{13}\right)(-cx^2+a)^2\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{e}}{\sqrt{(-cd+}}$
default	$2e^4\left(\frac{-\frac{c(5Aae^2-6Ac d^2+Bade)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{32a^2e^3(ae^2-cd^2)}+\frac{(14Aacd e^2-18Ac^2d^3+Be^3a^2+3Bacd^2e)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{32a^2e^3(ae^2-cd^2)}+\frac{(9Aa^2e^4-23Aacd^2e^2+18Aad^3e^2+3Bade^2+3Bacd^2e)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{32a^2e^3(ae^2-cd^2)}\right)\frac{1}{(-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd)}$
derivativedivides	$-2e^4\left(-\frac{c(5Aae^2-6Ac d^2+Bade)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{32a^2e^3(ae^2-cd^2)}+\frac{(14Aacd e^2-18Ac^2d^3+Be^3a^2+3Bacd^2e)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{32a^2e^3(ae^2-cd^2)}+\frac{(9Aa^2e^4-23Aacd^2e^2+18Aad^3e^2+3Bade^2+3Bacd^2e)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{32a^2e^3(ae^2-cd^2)}\right)\frac{1}{(-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd)}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/16*(13/2*c*e*((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(1/13*(6*A*c*d^2-5*e*(A*e+1/5*B*d)*a)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)-12/13*A*c^2*d^3+a*d*e*(A*e+2/13*B*d)*c-3/13*B*e^3*a^2)*(-c*x^2+a)^2*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+
(13/2*c*(1/13*(-6*A*c*d^2+5*e*(A*e+1/5*B*d)*a)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)-12/13*A*c^2*d^3+a*d*e*(A*e+2/13*B*d)*c-3/13*B*e^3*a^2)*e*(-c*x^2+a)^2*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+
((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(6*A*c^3*d^2*x^3-10*(A*d^2+1/10*e*x*(B*x+A)*d+1/2*A*e^2*x^2)*x*a*c^2+a^2*(-4*B*d^2+e*(B*x+A)*d+9*e^2*(1/9*B*x+A)*x)*c+3*B*e^2*a^3)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*
(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/a^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/c/(-c*x^2+a)^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 8803 vs. $2(302) = 604$.

Time = 108.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8803, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.66

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**3,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{(Bx + A)\sqrt{ex + d}}{(cx^2 - a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((B*x + A)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*x^2 - a)^3, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1633 vs. $2(302) = 604$.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1633, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.39

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/32*((a^2*c^2*d^2*e - a^3*c*e^3)^2*B*a*d*e^2*abs(c) - (a^2*c^2*d^2*e - a^3*c*e^3)^2*(6*c*d^2*e - 5*a*e^3)*A*abs(c) - 2*(3*sqrt(a*c)*a*c^3*d^5*e - 7*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 4*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c*d*e^5)*A*abs(a^2*c^2*d^2*e - a^3*c*e^3)*abs(c) + (sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 4*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 + 3*sqrt(a*c)*a^4*e^6)*B*abs(a^2*c^2*d^2*e - a^3*c*e^3)*abs(c) + (12*a^3*c^6*d^8*e - 37*a^4*c^5*d^6*e^3 + 38*a^5*c^4*d^4*e^5 - 13*a^6*c^3*d^2*e^7)*A*abs(c) - (2*a^4*c^5*d^7*e^2 - 7*a^5*c^4*d^5*e^4 + 8*a^6*c^3*d^3*e^6 - 3*a^7*c^2*d*e^8)*B*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^3*d^3 - a^3*c^2*d*e^2 + sqrt((a^2*c^3*d^3 - a^3*c^2*d*e^2)^2 - (a^2*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^4*c*e^4)*(a^2*c^3*d^2 - a^3*c^2*e^2)))/((a^4*c^4*d^4*e - 2*a^5*c^3*d^2*e^3 + a^6*c^2*e^5 - sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^4*d^5 + 2*sqrt(a*c)*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^2 - sqrt(a*c)*a^5*c^2*d*e^4)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(a^2*c^2*d^2*e - a^3*c*e^3)) + 1/32*((a^2*c^2*d^2*e - a^3*c*e^3)^2*B*a*d*e^2*abs(c) - (a^2*c^2*d^2*e - a^3*c*e^3)^2*(6*c*d^2*e - 5*a*e^3)*A*abs(c) + 2*(3*sqrt(a*c)*a*c^3*d^5*e - 7*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 4*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c*d*e^5)*A*abs(a^2*c^2*d^2*e - a^3*c*e^3)*abs(c) - (sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 4*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 + 3*sqrt(a*c)*a^4*e^6)*B*abs(a^2*c^2*d^2*e - a^3*c*e^3)*abs(c) + (12*a^3*c^6*d^8*e - 37*a^4*c^5*d^6*e^3 + 38*a^5*c^4*d^4*e^5 - 13*a^6*c^3*d^2*e^7)*A*abs(c) - (2*a^4*c^5*d^7*e^2 - 7*a^5*c^4*d^5*e^4 + 8*a^6*c^3*d^3*e^6 - 3*a^7*c^2*d*e^8)*...
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13200, normalized size of antiderivative = 35.48

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a - c*x^2)^3,x)`

output `atan((((12288*B*a^8*c^2*e^8 - 32768*A*a^7*c^3*d*e^7 - 24576*A*a^5*c^5*d^5*e^3 + 57344*A*a^6*c^4*d^3*e^5 + 4096*B*a^6*c^4*d^4*e^4 - 16384*B*a^7*c^3*d^2*e^6)/(4096*(a^8*e^4 + a^6*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^7*c*d^2*e^2)) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2))*((144*A^2*a^5*c^7*d^7 - 9*B^2*a^2*e^7*(a^15*c^5)^(1/2) - 420*A^2*a^6*c^6*d^5*e^2 + 385*A^2*a^7*c^5*d^3*e^4 + 4*B^2*a^7*c^5*d^5*e^2 - 15*B^2*a^8*c^4*d^3*e^4 + 30*A*B*a^9*c^3*e^7 + 21*A^2*c^2*d^2*e^5*(a^15*c^5)^(1/2) - 105*A^2*a^8*c^4*d*e^6 + 15*B^2*a^9*c^3*d*e^6 - 25*A^2*a*c*e^7*(a^15*c^5)^(1/2) - 30*A*B*c^2*d^3*e^4*(a^15*c^5)^(1/2) - 48*A*B*a^6*c^6*d^6*e + 5*B^2*a*c*d^2*e^5*(a^15*c^5)^(1/2) + 160*A*B*a^7*c^5*d^4*e^3 - 150*A*B*a^8*c^4*d^2*e^5 + 38*A*B*a*c*d*e^6*(a^15*c^5)^(1/2))/(4096*(a^10*c^8*d^6 - a^13*c^5*e^6 - 3*a^11*c^7*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^12*c^6*d^2*e^4)))^(1/2)*(4096*a^7*c^4*d*e^6 + 4096*a^5*c^6*d^5*e^2 - 8192*a^6*c^5*d^3*e^4))/(64*(a^6*e^4 + a^4*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^5*c*d^2*e^2))*((144*A^2*a^5*c^7*d^7 - 9*B^2*a^2*e^7*(a^15*c^5)^(1/2) - 420*A^2*a^6*c^6*d^5*e^2 + 385*A^2*a^7*c^5*d^3*e^4 + 4*B^2*a^7*c^5*d^5*e^2 - 15*B^2*a^8*c^4*d^3*e^4 + 30*A*B*a^9*c^3*e^7 + 21*A^2*c^2*d^2*e^5*(a^15*c^5)^(1/2) - 105*A^2*a^8*c^4*d*e^6 + 15*B^2*a^9*c^3*d*e^6 - 25*A^2*a*c*e^7*(a^15*c^5)^(1/2) - 30*A*B*c^2*d^3*e^4*(a^15*c^5)^(1/2) - 48*A*B*a^6*c^6*d^6*e + 5*B^2*a*c*d^2*e^5*(a^15*c^5)^(1/2) + 160*A*B*a^7*c^5*d^4*e^3 - 150*A*B*a^8*c^4*d^2*e^5 + 38*A*B*a*c*d*e^6*(a^15*c^5)^(1/2))/(4096*(a^10*c^8*d^6 - a^13*c^5*e^6 - 3*a^11*c^7*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^12*c^6*d^2*e^4)))^(1/2)...`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4633, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.45

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 10*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**4*c*e**4 - 8*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*b*c*d*e**3 + 38*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**2 + 20*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*c**2*e**4*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*b*c**2*d**3*e + 16*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*b*c**2*d*e**3*x**2 - 24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**3*d**4 - 76*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**3*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 10*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**3*e**4*x**4 - 8*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*b*c**3*d**3*e*x**2 - 8*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*b*c**3*d*e**3*x**4 + 48*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*s...
```


3.138
$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1168
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1169
Rubi [A] (verified)	1170
Maple [A] (verified)	1173
Fricas [F(-1)]	1174
Sympy [F(-1)]	1174
Maxima [F]	1175
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1175
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1176
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1177

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 417

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^3} dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a(Bd-Ae)+(Acd-aBe)x)}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)(a-cx^2)^2} \\ & \quad - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(Acd^2+6aBde-7aAe^2)-(6Acd(cd^2-2ae^2)+aBe(cd^2+5ae^2))x)}{16a^2(cd^2-ae^2)^2(a-cx^2)} \\ & \quad - \frac{(aBe(2\sqrt{cd}-5\sqrt{ae})+3A(4c^{3/2}d^2-10\sqrt{acde}+7a\sqrt{ce^2}))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{32a^{5/2}c^{3/4}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{5/2}} \\ & \quad + \frac{(aBe(2\sqrt{cd}+5\sqrt{ae})+3A(4c^{3/2}d^2+10\sqrt{acde}+7a\sqrt{ce^2}))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{32a^{5/2}c^{3/4}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/4*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(a*(-A*e+B*d)+(A*c*d-B*a*e)*x)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2-1/16*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(a*e*(-7*A*a*e^2+A*c*d^2+6*B*a*d*e)-(6*A*c*d*(-2*a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*B*e*(5*a*e^2+c*d^2))*x)/a^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(-c*x^2+a)-1/32 \\ & *(a*B*e*(2*c^{(1/2)}*d-5*a^{(1/2)}*e)+3*A*(4*c^{(3/2)}*d^2-10*a^{(1/2)}*c*d*e+7*a*c^{(1/2)}*e^2))*\operatorname{arctanh}(c^{(1/4)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/(c^{(1/2)}*d-a^{(1/2)}*e)^{(1/2)})/a^{(5/2)}/c^{(3/4)}/(c^{(1/2)}*d-a^{(1/2)}*e)^{(5/2)}+1/32*(a*B*e*(2*c^{(1/2)}*d+5*a^{(1/2)}*e)+3*A*(4*c^{(3/2)}*d^2+10*a^{(1/2)}*c*d*e+7*a*c^{(1/2)}*e^2))*\operatorname{arctanh}(c^{(1/4)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/(c^{(1/2)}*d+a^{(1/2)}*e)^{(1/2)})/a^{(5/2)}/c^{(3/4)}/(c^{(1/2)}*d+a^{(1/2)}*e)^{(5/2)} \end{aligned}$$
Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 485, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+ex}(6Ac^3d^3x^3+a^3e^2(10Bd-11Ae-9Bex)-ac^2dx(-Bdex^2+A(10d^2+dex+12e^2x^2))+a^2c(Ae(5d^2+16dex+7e^2x^2)+B(-4d^3+3d^2ex+2dex^2+5e^3x^3))))}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2(a-cx^2)^2}$$

input

`Integrate[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)^3), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((-2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(6*A*c^3*d^3*x^3 + a^3*e^2*(10*B*d - 11*A*e - 9*B*e*x) - a*c^2*d*x*(-(B*d*e*x^2) + A*(10*d^2 + d*e*x + 12*e^2*x^2)) + a^2*c*(A*e*(5*d^2 + 16*d*e*x + 7*e^2*x^2) + B*(-4*d^3 + 3*d^2*e*x - 6*d*e^2*x^2 + 5*e^3*x^3))))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a - c*x^2)^2) - (\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d) - \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*e]*(a*B*e*(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d + 5*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e) + 3*A*(4*c^{(3/2)}*d^2 + 10*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*c*d*e + 7*a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*e^2))*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d) - \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d + \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e))]/(c*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d + \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e)^3) - ((a*B*e*(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d - 5*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e) + 3*A*(4*c^{(3/2)}*d^2 - 10*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*c*d*e + 7*a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*e^2))*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d) + \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d - \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e))]/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d - \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e)^2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d) + \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*e]))/(32*a^{(5/2)}) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 503, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {686, 27, 686, 27, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{(a - cx^2)^3 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{686} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))}{4a(a - cx^2)^2(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{c(6Acd^2 + aBed - 7aAe^2 + 5e(Acd - aBe)x)}{2\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)^2} dx}{4ac(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{6Acd^2 + aBed - 7aAe^2 + 5e(Acd - aBe)x}{\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)^2} dx}{8a(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))}{4a(a - cx^2)^2(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{686} \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{c(2aBde(cd^2 - 4ae^2) + 3A(4c^2d^4 - 9ace^2d^2 + 7a^2e^4) + e(6Acd(cd^2 - 2ae^2) + aBe(cd^2 + 5ae^2)))x}{2\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)^2} dx}{2ac(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(ae(-7aAe^2 + 6aBde + Acd^2) - x(6Acd(cd^2 - 2ae^2) + aBe(cd^2 + 5ae^2)))}{2a(a - cx^2)(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \frac{8a(cd^2 - ae^2)}{4a(a - cx^2)^2(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))}{4a(a - cx^2)^2(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2aBde(cd^2 - 4ae^2) + 3A(4c^2d^4 - 9ace^2d^2 + 7a^2e^4) + e(6Acd(cd^2 - 2ae^2) + aBe(cd^2 + 5ae^2))x}{\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)^2} dx}{4a(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(ae(-7aAe^2 + 6aBde + Acd^2) - x(6Acd(cd^2 - 2ae^2) + aBe(cd^2 + 5ae^2)))}{2a(a - cx^2)(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \frac{8a(cd^2 - ae^2)}{4a(a - cx^2)^2(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))}{4a(a - cx^2)^2(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{654}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \frac{e \left(aBde(cd^2 - 13ae^2) + 3A(2c^2d^4 - 5ace^2d^2 + 7a^2e^4) + (6Acd(cd^2 - 2ae^2) + aBe(cd^2 + 5ae^2))(d+ex) \right) d\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(-7aAe^2 + 6aBde + Acd^2))}{2a(a-c)}$$

$$\frac{8a(cd^2 - ae^2)}{4a(a - cx^2)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)} \sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))$$

25

$$\int \frac{e \left(aBde(cd^2 - 13ae^2) + 3A(2c^2d^4 - 5ace^2d^2 + 7a^2e^4) + (6Acd(cd^2 - 2ae^2) + aBe(cd^2 + 5ae^2))(d+ex) \right) d\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(-7aAe^2 + 6aBde + Acd^2))}{2a(a-c)}$$

$$\frac{8a(cd^2 - ae^2)}{4a(a - cx^2)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)} \sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))$$

27

$$e \int \frac{aBde(cd^2 - 13ae^2) + 3A(2c^2d^4 - 5ace^2d^2 + 7a^2e^4) + (6Acd(cd^2 - 2ae^2) + aBe(cd^2 + 5ae^2))(d+ex)}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(-7aAe^2 + 6aBde + Acd^2))}{2a(a-c)}$$

$$\frac{8a(cd^2 - ae^2)}{4a(a - cx^2)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)} \sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))$$

1480

$$e \left(\frac{(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^2 (3A(10\sqrt{acde} + 7a\sqrt{ce^2} + 4c^{3/2}d^2) + aBe(5\sqrt{ae} + 2\sqrt{cd}))}{2\sqrt{ae}} \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd})^2 (3A(-10\sqrt{acde} + 7a\sqrt{ce^2} + 4c^{3/2}d^2) + aBe(2\sqrt{cd} - 5\sqrt{ae}))}{2\sqrt{ac^3/4}e\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(-7aAe^2 + 6aBde + Acd^2))}{2a(a-c)}$$

$$\frac{8a(cd^2 - ae^2)}{4a(a - cx^2)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)} \sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))$$

221

$$e \left(\frac{(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd})^2 (3A(-10\sqrt{acde} + 7a\sqrt{ce^2} + 4c^{3/2}d^2) + aBe(2\sqrt{cd} - 5\sqrt{ae})) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}} \right)}{2\sqrt{ac^3/4}e\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^2 (3A(10\sqrt{acde} + 7a\sqrt{ce^2} + 4c^{3/2}d^2) + aBe(5\sqrt{ae} + 2\sqrt{cd}))}{2\sqrt{ac^3/4}e\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(-7aAe^2 + 6aBde + Acd^2))}{2a(a-c)}$$

$$\frac{8a(cd^2 - ae^2)}{4a(a - cx^2)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)} \sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)^3), x]`

output `(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*(B*d - A*e) + (A*c*d - a*B*e)*x))/(4*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a - c*x^2)^2) + (-1/2*(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*e*(A*c*d^2 + 6*a*B*d*e - 7*a*A*e^2) - (6*A*c*d*(c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2) + a*B*e*(c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2))*x))/(a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a - c*x^2)) - (e*((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^2*(a*B*e*(2*Sqrt[c]*d - 5*Sqrt[a]*e) + 3*A*(4*c^(3/2)*d^2 - 10*Sqrt[a]*c*d*e + 7*a*Sqrt[c]*e^2))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/4)*e*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]) - ((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^2*(a*B*e*(2*Sqrt[c]*d + 5*Sqrt[a]*e) + 3*A*(4*c^(3/2)*d^2 + 10*Sqrt[a]*c*d*e + 7*a*Sqrt[c]*e^2))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/4)*e*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]))/(2*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(8*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 654 `Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 686

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^(m_))*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f +
a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[
1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Sim
p[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f
+ a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ
[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 1480

```
Int[((d_) + (e._)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2 + (c._)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(
b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2
+ q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
&& NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 663, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result
derivativedivides	$-2e^4c^3 \left(\frac{\frac{\sqrt{ace^2} (6Acde+5Ba e^2-9A\sqrt{ace^2} e-2B\sqrt{ace^2} d)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4c^2e(ae^2+cd^2-2\sqrt{ace^2} d)} - \frac{\sqrt{ace^2} (6Acde+7Ba e^2-11A\sqrt{ace^2} e-2B\sqrt{ace^2} d)}{4c^2e(cd-\sqrt{ace^2})}}{(-ex-\frac{\sqrt{ace^2}}{c})^2} \right)$
default	$2e^4c^3 \left(\frac{\frac{\sqrt{ace^2} (6Acde+5Ba e^2-9A\sqrt{ace^2} e-2B\sqrt{ace^2} d)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4c^2e(ae^2+cd^2-2\sqrt{ace^2} d)} - \frac{\sqrt{ace^2} (6Acde+7Ba e^2-11A\sqrt{ace^2} e-2B\sqrt{ace^2} d)}{4c^2e(cd-\sqrt{ace^2})}}{(-ex-\frac{\sqrt{ace^2}}{c})^2} \right)$
pseudoelliptic	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-2*e^4*c^3*(1/16/e^3/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/a^2/c^2*((1/4*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/c^2/e*(
6*A*c*d*e+5*B*a*e^2-9*A*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*e-2*B*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)/(a*e^2+c*
d^2-2*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)-1/4*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/c^2/e*(6*A*c*d*
e+7*B*a*e^2-11*A*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*e-2*B*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)/(c*d-(a*c*e^2)^(
1/2))*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-e*x-(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/c)^2-1/4*(-21*A*a*c*e^2-12*A*c^
2*d^2-2*B*a*c*d*e+30*A*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*c*d+5*B*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*a*e)/c/(-a*
e^2-c*d^2+2*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(
e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))-1/16/e^3/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/a
^2/c^2*((-1/4*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/c^2/e*(6*A*c*d*e+5*B*a*e^2+9*A*(a*c*e^2)^(1/
2)*e+2*B*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2+2*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)*(e*x+d)^(3/2
)+1/4*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/c^2/e*(6*A*c*d*e+7*B*a*e^2+11*A*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*e+2*
B*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)/(c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-e*x+(a*c*e^2)^(
1/2)/c)^2+1/4*(21*A*a*c*e^2+12*A*c^2*d^2+2*B*a*c*d*e+30*A*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)
*c*d+5*B*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*a*e)/c/(a*e^2+c*d^2+2*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)/((c*d+(a
*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(
1/2))))

```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**3,x)
```

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{Bx + A}{(cx^2 - a)^3 \sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((B*x + A)/((c*x^2 - a)^3*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2380 vs. 2(347) = 694.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2380, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.71

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/32*(6*(a^2*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + a^4*e^5)^2*(c^2*d^3*e - 2*a*c*
d*e^3)*A*abs(c) + (a^2*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + a^4*e^5)^2*(a*c*d^2*e
^2 + 5*a^2*e^4)*B*abs(c) + 3*(2*sqrt(a*c)*a*c^4*d^8*e - 9*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^
3*d^6*e^3 + 19*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 19*sqrt(a*c)*a^4*c*d^2*e^7 + 7*
sqrt(a*c)*a^5*e^9)*A*abs(a^2*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + a^4*e^5)*abs(c)
+ (sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3*d^7*e^2 - 15*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 27*sqrt(a*c
)*a^4*c*d^3*e^6 - 13*sqrt(a*c)*a^5*d*e^8)*B*abs(a^2*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^3*c*d^
2*e^3 + a^4*e^5)*abs(c) - 3*(4*a^3*c^7*d^13*e - 25*a^4*c^6*d^11*e^3 + 67*a
^5*c^5*d^9*e^5 - 98*a^6*c^4*d^7*e^7 + 82*a^7*c^3*d^5*e^9 - 37*a^8*c^2*d^3*
e^11 + 7*a^9*c*d*e^13)*A*abs(c) - 2*(a^4*c^6*d^12*e^2 - 8*a^5*c^5*d^10*e^4
+ 22*a^6*c^4*d^8*e^6 - 28*a^7*c^3*d^6*e^8 + 17*a^8*c^2*d^4*e^10 - 4*a^9*c
*d^2*e^12)*B*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^3*d^5 - 2*a^3*c^2*d
^3*e^2 + a^4*c*d*e^4 + sqrt((a^2*c^3*d^5 - 2*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^4*c*d*e^4
)^2 - (a^2*c^3*d^6 - 3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^4 - a^5*e^6)*(a^2*c
^3*d^4 - 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^4*c*e^4)))/(a^2*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^2
+ a^4*c*e^4)))/((a^4*c^5*d^8*e - 4*a^5*c^4*d^6*e^3 + 6*a^6*c^3*d^4*e^5 -
4*a^7*c^2*d^2*e^7 + a^8*c*e^9 - sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^5*d^9 + 4*sqrt(a*c)*a^4*c^
4*d^7*e^2 - 6*sqrt(a*c)*a^5*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 4*sqrt(a*c)*a^6*c^2*d^3*e^6 - sq
rt(a*c)*a^7*c*d*e^8)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(a^2*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^
3*c*d^2*e^3 + a^4*e^5)) - 1/32*(6*(a^2*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + a^...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19125, normalized size of antiderivative = 45.86

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/((a - c*x^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
- atan((((86016*A*a^9*c^3*e^11 - 53248*B*a^9*c^3*d*e^10 + 24576*A*a^5*c^7
*d^8*e^3 - 110592*A*a^6*c^6*d^6*e^5 + 233472*A*a^7*c^5*d^4*e^7 - 233472*A*
a^8*c^4*d^2*e^9 + 4096*B*a^6*c^6*d^7*e^4 - 61440*B*a^7*c^5*d^5*e^6 + 11059
2*B*a^8*c^4*d^3*e^8)/(4096*(a^10*e^8 + a^6*c^4*d^8 - 4*a^9*c*d^2*e^6 - 4*a
^7*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^8*c^2*d^4*e^4)) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2))*((144*A^2*a^5*c^7*
d^9 - 25*B^2*a^3*e^9*(a^15*c^3)^(1/2) - 756*A^2*a^6*c^6*d^7*e^2 + 1701*A^2
*a^7*c^5*d^5*e^4 - 1890*A^2*a^8*c^4*d^3*e^6 + 4*B^2*a^7*c^5*d^7*e^2 - 35*B
^2*a^8*c^4*d^5*e^4 + 70*B^2*a^9*c^3*d^3*e^6 - 441*A^2*a^2*c*e^9*(a^15*c^3)
^(1/2) - 210*A*B*a^10*c^2*e^9 - 189*A^2*c^3*d^4*e^5*(a^15*c^3)^(1/2) + 945
*A^2*a^9*c^3*d*e^8 + 105*B^2*a^10*c^2*d*e^8 + 210*A*B*c^3*d^5*e^4*(a^15*c^
3)^(1/2) + 48*A*B*a^6*c^6*d^8*e + 486*A^2*a*c^2*d^2*e^7*(a^15*c^3)^(1/2) -
336*A*B*a^7*c^5*d^6*e^3 + 630*A*B*a^8*c^4*d^4*e^5 - 420*A*B*a^9*c^3*d^2*e
^7 + 35*B^2*a*c^2*d^4*e^5*(a^15*c^3)^(1/2) - 154*B^2*a^2*c*d^2*e^7*(a^15*c
^3)^(1/2) + 666*A*B*a^2*c*d*e^8*(a^15*c^3)^(1/2) - 588*A*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^6*(
a^15*c^3)^(1/2))/(4096*(a^10*c^8*d^10 - a^15*c^3*e^10 - 5*a^11*c^7*d^8*e^2
+ 10*a^12*c^6*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^13*c^5*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^14*c^4*d^2*e^8)))^(1/2)
*(4096*a^9*c^4*d*e^10 + 4096*a^5*c^8*d^9*e^2 - 16384*a^6*c^7*d^7*e^4 + 245
76*a^7*c^6*d^5*e^6 - 16384*a^8*c^5*d^3*e^8))/(64*(a^8*e^8 + a^4*c^4*d^8 -
4*a^7*c*d^2*e^6 - 4*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^4))*((144*A^2*a^5*c
^7*d^9 - 25*B^2*a^3*e^9*(a^15*c^3)^(1/2) - 756*A^2*a^6*c^6*d^7*e^2 + 17...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5713, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.70

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 10*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**4*b*e**5 + 66*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**4*c*d*e**4 - 18*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*b*c*d**2*e**3 + 20*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*b*c*e**5*x**2 - 66*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 132*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*c**2*d*e**4*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*b*c**2*d**4*e + 36*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*b*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2 - 10*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*b*c**2*e**5*x**4 + 24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**3*d**5 + 132*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 66*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqr...
```

3.139 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(2ABd-A^2e-B^2ex^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1179
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1179
Rubi [B] (verified)	1180
Maple [B] (verified)	1182
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1183
Sympy [F]	1183
Maxima [F]	1184
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1184
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1185
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1186

Optimal result

Integrand size = 38, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (2ABd - A^2e - B^2ex^2)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{B}\sqrt{2Bd - Ae}\sqrt{d+ex}}{2Bd - Ae + Bex}\right)}{\sqrt{Be}\sqrt{2Bd - Ae}}$$

output `2^(1/2)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*B^(1/2)*(-A*e+2*B*d)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(B*e*x-A*e+2*B*d))/B^(1/2)/e/(-A*e+2*B*d)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.32

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (2ABd - A^2e - B^2ex^2)} dx = \frac{\frac{(-i\sqrt{A}\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-2Bd + Ae}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{B}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-Bd - i\sqrt{A}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-2Bd + Ae}}}\right) - (i\sqrt{A}\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-2Bd + Ae}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{B}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-Bd + i\sqrt{A}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-2Bd + Ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-Bd - i\sqrt{A}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-2Bd + Ae}} - \sqrt{-Bd + i\sqrt{A}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-2Bd + Ae}}}{\sqrt{Be}\sqrt{-2Bd + Ae}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(2*A*B*d - A^2*e - B^2*e*x^2)),x]`

output

```
(-((((-I)*Sqrt[A]*Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-2*B*d + A*e])*ArcTan[(Sqrt[B]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-(B*d) - I*Sqrt[A]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-2*B*d + A*e]])/Sqrt[-(B*d) - I*Sqrt[A]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-2*B*d + A*e]]) - ((I*Sqrt[A]*Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-2*B*d + A*e])*ArcTan[(Sqrt[B]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-(B*d) + I*Sqrt[A]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-2*B*d + A*e]])/Sqrt[-(B*d) + I*Sqrt[A]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-2*B*d + A*e]])/(Sqrt[B]*e*Sqrt[-2*B*d + A*e])
```

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 162 vs. 2(76) = 152.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.132$, Rules used = {654, 1478, 25, 27, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (A^2(-e) + 2ABd - B^2ex^2)} dx$$

↓ 654

$$2 \int \frac{Bd - Ae - B(d + ex)}{e(d + ex)^2 B^2 - 2de(d + ex)B^2 + e(Bd - Ae)^2} d\sqrt{d + ex}$$

↓ 1478

$$2 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2Bd - Ae} - 2\sqrt{B}\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{B}\left(2d - \frac{Ae}{B} + ex - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2Bd - Ae}\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{B}}\right)} d\sqrt{d + ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{Be}\sqrt{2Bd - Ae}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2Bd - Ae} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{B}\sqrt{d + ex}\right)}{\sqrt{B}\left(2d - \frac{Ae}{B} + ex + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2Bd - Ae}\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{B}}\right)} d\sqrt{d + ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{Be}\sqrt{2Bd - Ae}} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2Bd - Ae} - 2\sqrt{B}\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{B}\left(2d - \frac{Ae}{B} + ex - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2Bd - Ae}\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{B}}\right)} d\sqrt{d + ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{Be}\sqrt{2Bd - Ae}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2Bd - Ae} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{B}\sqrt{d + ex}\right)}{\sqrt{B}\left(2d - \frac{Ae}{B} + ex + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2Bd - Ae}\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{B}}\right)} d\sqrt{d + ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{Be}\sqrt{2Bd - Ae}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2Bd-Ae}-2\sqrt{B}\sqrt{d+ex}}{2d-\frac{Ae}{B}+ex-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2Bd-Ae}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{B}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}Be\sqrt{2Bd-Ae}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2Bd-Ae}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{B}\sqrt{d+ex}}{2d-\frac{Ae}{B}+ex+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2Bd-Ae}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{B}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2Be\sqrt{2Bd-Ae}} \right)$$

↓ 1103

$$2 \left(\frac{\log\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{B}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{2Bd-Ae}-Ae+B(d+ex)+Bd\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{Be}\sqrt{2Bd-Ae}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{B}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{2Bd-Ae}-Ae+B(d+ex)+Bd\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{Be}\sqrt{2Bd-Ae}} \right)$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(2*A*B*d - A^2*e - B^2*e*x^2)),x]`

output `2*(-1/2*Log[B*d - A*e - Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[B]*Sqrt[2*B*d - A*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + B*(d + e*x)]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[B]*e*Sqrt[2*B*d - A*e]) + Log[B*d - A*e + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[B]*Sqrt[2*B*d - A*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + B*(d + e*x)]/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[B]*e*Sqrt[2*B*d - A*e]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 654 `Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1478

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[-2*(d/e) - b/c, 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q - 2*x)/Simp[d/e
+ q*x - x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q + 2*x)/Simp[d/e - q*x -
x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && EqQ
[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && !GtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 196 vs. 2(62) = 124.

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\left(AeB + \sqrt{-eB^2A(Ae-2Bd)}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{B\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{B^2d + \sqrt{-eB^2A(Ae-2Bd)}}}\right)}{\sqrt{B^2d + \sqrt{-eB^2A(Ae-2Bd)}}} + \frac{\left(AeB - \sqrt{-eB^2A(Ae-2Bd)}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{B\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{B^2d - \sqrt{-eB^2A(Ae-2Bd)}}}\right)}{\sqrt{B^2d - \sqrt{-eB^2A(Ae-2Bd)}}}$
derivativedivides	$2B^2 \left(\frac{\left(AeB + \sqrt{-eB^2A(Ae-2Bd)}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{B\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{B^2d + \sqrt{-eB^2A(Ae-2Bd)}}}\right)}{2B^2 \sqrt{-eB^2A(Ae-2Bd)} \sqrt{B^2d + \sqrt{-eB^2A(Ae-2Bd)}}} - \frac{\left(-AeB + \sqrt{-eB^2A(Ae-2Bd)}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{B\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{B^2d - \sqrt{-eB^2A(Ae-2Bd)}}}\right)}{2B^2 \sqrt{-eB^2A(Ae-2Bd)} \sqrt{B^2d - \sqrt{-eB^2A(Ae-2Bd)}}} \right)$
default	$2B^2 \left(\frac{\left(AeB + \sqrt{-eB^2A(Ae-2Bd)}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{B\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{B^2d + \sqrt{-eB^2A(Ae-2Bd)}}}\right)}{2B^2 \sqrt{-eB^2A(Ae-2Bd)} \sqrt{B^2d + \sqrt{-eB^2A(Ae-2Bd)}}} - \frac{\left(-AeB + \sqrt{-eB^2A(Ae-2Bd)}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{B\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{B^2d - \sqrt{-eB^2A(Ae-2Bd)}}}\right)}{2B^2 \sqrt{-eB^2A(Ae-2Bd)} \sqrt{B^2d - \sqrt{-eB^2A(Ae-2Bd)}}} \right)$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-B^2*e*x^2-A^2*e+2*A*B*d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/e/(-e*B^2*A*(A*e-2*B*d))^(1/2)*(-A*e*B+(-e*B^2*A*(A*e-2*B*d))^(1/2))/(
B^2*d+(-e*B^2*A*(A*e-2*B*d))^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(B*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(B^2*d+(
-e*B^2*A*(A*e-2*B*d))^(1/2))^(1/2))+A*e*B-(-e*B^2*A*(A*e-2*B*d))^(1/2))*a
rctanh(B*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(B^2*d-(-e*B^2*A*(A*e-2*B*d))^(1/2))^(1/2))/(B^2*d-
(-e*B^2*A*(A*e-2*B*d))^(1/2))^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.11

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (2ABd - A^2e - B^2ex^2)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{2} \log \left(\frac{B^2e^2x^2 + 8B^2d^2 - 6ABde + A^2e^2 + 4(2B^2de - AB^2e^2)x + \frac{2\sqrt{2}(4B^3d^2 - 4AB^2de + A^2Be^2 + (2B^3de - AB^2e^2)x)\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{2B^2d - ABe}}}{B^2ex^2 - 2ABd + A^2e} \right)}{2\sqrt{2B^2d - ABe}} \right],$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{2B^2d - ABe}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(Bex + 2Bd - Ae) \sqrt{-\frac{1}{2B^2d - ABe}}}{2\sqrt{ex+d}} \right)}{e}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-B^2*e*x^2-A^2*e+2*A*B*d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*sqrt(2)*log((B^2*e^2*x^2 + 8*B^2*d^2 - 6*A*B*d*e + A^2*e^2 + 4*(2*B^2*d*e - A*B*e^2)*x + 2*sqrt(2)*(4*B^3*d^2 - 4*A*B^2*d*e + A^2*B*e^2 + (2*B^3*d*e - A*B^2*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(2*B^2*d - A*B*e))/(B^2*e*x^2 - 2*A*B*d + A^2*e))/(sqrt(2*B^2*d - A*B*e)*e), -sqrt(2)*sqrt(-1/(2*B^2*d - A*B*e))*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(B*e*x + 2*B*d - A*e)*sqrt(-1/(2*B^2*d - A*B*e))/sqrt(e*x + d))/e]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (2ABd - A^2e - B^2ex^2)} dx$$

$$= - \int \frac{A}{A^2e\sqrt{d + ex} - 2ABd\sqrt{d + ex} + B^2ex^2\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$- \int \frac{Bx}{A^2e\sqrt{d + ex} - 2ABd\sqrt{d + ex} + B^2ex^2\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(-B**2*e*x**2-A**2*e+2*A*B*d),x)`

output `-Integral(A/(A**2*e*sqrt(d + e*x) - 2*A*B*d*sqrt(d + e*x) + B**2*e*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)), x) - Integral(B*x/(A**2*e*sqrt(d + e*x) - 2*A*B*d*sqrt(d + e*x) + B**2*e*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (2ABd - A^2e - B^2ex^2)} dx = \int -\frac{Bx + A}{(B^2ex^2 - 2ABd + A^2e)\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-B^2*e*x^2-A^2*e+2*A*B*d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((B*x + A)/((B^2*e*x^2 - 2*A*B*d + A^2*e)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1495 vs. $2(62) = 124$.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1495, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.67

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (2ABd - A^2e - B^2ex^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-B^2*e*x^2-A^2*e+2*A*B*d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
(2*A*B^5*d^2*e^3 - A^2*B^4*d*e^4 - (4*A*B^3*d^2*e - 4*A^2*B^2*d*e^2 + A^3*B*e^3 + (2*A*B^2*d*e - A^2*B*e^2)*sqrt(2*A*B*d*e - A^2*e^2))*B^2*e^2*sgn(e) - (4*A*B^3*d^2*e - 4*A^2*B^2*d*e^2 + A^3*B*e^3 + (4*B^3*d^2 - 4*A*B^2*d*e + A^2*B*e^2)*sqrt(2*A*B*d*e - A^2*e^2))*B^2*e^2 - (2*A*B^4*d^2*e^2 - 3*A^2*B^3*d*e^3 + A^3*B^2*e^4 - (2*B^4*d^2*e - 3*A*B^3*d*e^2 + A^2*B^2*e^3)*sqrt(2*A*B*d*e - A^2*e^2))*abs(B)*abs(e)*sgn(e) - (4*B^5*d^3*e - 8*A*B^4*d^2*e^2 + 5*A^2*B^3*d*e^3 - A^3*B^2*e^4 + (2*B^4*d^2*e - 3*A*B^3*d*e^2 + A^2*B^2*e^3)*sqrt(2*A*B*d*e - A^2*e^2))*abs(B)*abs(e) + (2*A*B^5*d^2*e^3 - A^2*B^4*d*e^4 - sqrt(2*A*B*d*e - A^2*e^2)*A*B^4*d*e^3)*sgn(e) - (2*B^5*d^2*e^2 - A*B^4*d*e^3)*sqrt(2*A*B*d*e - A^2*e^2))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(B^2*d*e + sqrt(B^4*d^2*e^2 - (B^2*d^2*e - 2*A*B*d*e^2 + A^2*e^3)*B^2*e)))/(B^2*e)))/((2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-2*B^2*d + A*B*e)*B^5*d^3*e^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-A*B*e)*B^5*d^3*e^2 - 5*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-2*B^2*d + A*B*e)*A*B^4*d^2*e^3 + 5*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-A*B*e)*A*B^4*d^2*e^3 + 4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-2*B^2*d + A*B*e)*A^2*B^3*d*e^4 - 4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-A*B*e)*A^2*B^3*d*e^4 - sqrt(2)*sqrt(-2*B^2*d + A*B*e)*A^3*B^2*e^5 + sqrt(2)*sqrt(-A*B*e)*A^3*B^2*e^5)*abs(B)*abs(e)) + (2*A*B^5*d^2*e^3 - A^2*B^4*d*e^4 + (4*A*B^3*d^2*e - 4*A^2*B^2*d*e^2 + A^3*B*e^3 - (2*A*B^2*d*e - A^2*B*e^2)*sqrt(2*A*B*d*e - A^2*e^2))*B^2*e^2*sgn(e) - (4*A*B^3*d^2*e - 4*A^2*B^2*d*e^2 + A^3*B*e^3 + (4*B^3*d^2 - 4*A*B^2*d*e + A^2*B*e^2)*sqrt(2*A*B*d*e - A^2*e^2))*B^2*e^2 + (2*A*B^4*d^2*e^2 - 3*A...
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.08

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (2ABd - A^2e - B^2ex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{(Ae^2 \sqrt{ABe - 2B^2d} - 2Bde \sqrt{ABe - 2B^2d}) \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\frac{2B^4d - 2AB^3e - 4A^2B^4e^4 - 8AB^5de^3 + 4B^6d^2e^2}{e^2} \right)}{(Ae - Bd)(Ae - 2Bd)} + \frac{4\sqrt{2}A}{e(2B^2d - ABe)} \right)}{4AB^3} \right)}{e \sqrt{ABe - 2B^2d}}$$

input

```
int(-(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(A^2*e + B^2*e*x^2 - 2*A*B*d)), x)
```

output

```
(2^(1/2)*(atan(((A*e^2*(A*B*e - 2*B^2*d)^(1/2) - 2*B*d*e*(A*B*e - 2*B^2*d)
^(1/2))*(((2^(1/2)*((2*B^4*d - 2*A*B^3*e)/e^2 - (4*A^2*B^4*e^4 + 4*B^6*d^2
*e^2 - 8*A*B^5*d*e^3)/(e^4*(2*B^2*d - A*B*e)))))/((A*e - B*d)*(A*e - 2*B*d)
) + (4*2^(1/2)*A*B^4)/(e*(2*B^2*d - A*B*e)*(A*e - B*d)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2) -
(2^(1/2)*((2*B^4)/e^2 - (4*B^6*d)/(e^2*(2*B^2*d - A*B*e)))*(d + e*x)^(3/2
)))/((A*e - B*d)*(A*e - 2*B*d))))/(4*A*B^3)) - atan((2^(1/2)*(A*B*e - 2*B^2
*d)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(2*(A*e - 2*B*d))))/(e*(A*B*e - 2*B^2*d)^(1/2)
)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (2ABd - A^2e - B^2ex^2)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{ae - 2bd} \sqrt{2} \left(\operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ex+db} - \sqrt{e} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{ae - 2bd} \sqrt{2}} \right) + \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ex+db} + \sqrt{e} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{ae - 2bd} \sqrt{2}} \right) \right)}{be (ae - 2bd)}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-B^2*e*x^2-A^2*e+2*A*B*d),x)
```

output

```
( - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*e - 2*b*d)*sqrt(2)*(atan((2*sqrt(d + e*x)*b - sqrt(e)*s
qrt(b)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(2))/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*e - 2*b*d)*sqrt(2))) + atan((2*sq
rt(d + e*x)*b + sqrt(e)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(2))/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*e - 2*b*d)
*sqrt(2))))/(b*e*(a*e - 2*b*d))
```

3.140
$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{\frac{A^2e-B^2e}{2AB}+ex(1+x^2)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1187
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1188
Rubi [A] (verified)	1188
Maple [A] (verified)	1191
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1191
Sympy [F]	1192
Maxima [F]	1192
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	1193
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1194
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1194

Optimal result

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{\frac{A^2e-B^2e}{2AB}+ex(1+x^2)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{A}\sqrt{B} \arctan\left(\frac{A}{B} + \frac{\sqrt{A}\sqrt{e\left(\frac{A}{B}-\frac{B}{A}+2x\right)}}{\sqrt{B}\sqrt{e}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{A}\sqrt{B} \arctan\left(\frac{A}{B} - \frac{\sqrt{A}\sqrt{\left(\frac{A}{B}-\frac{B}{A}\right)e+2ex}}{\sqrt{B}\sqrt{e}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}$$

output `2^(1/2)*A^(1/2)*B^(1/2)*arctan(A/B+A^(1/2)*(e*(A/B-B/A+2*x))^(1/2)/B^(1/2)/e^(1/2))/e^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*A^(1/2)*B^(1/2)*arctan(A/B-A^(1/2)*((A/B-B/A)*e+2*e*x)^(1/2)/B^(1/2)/e^(1/2))/e^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{\frac{A^2e - B^2e}{2AB} + ex(1 + x^2)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{A}\sqrt{B}\sqrt{\frac{A}{B} - \frac{B}{A} + 2x} \left(\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{A}\sqrt{B}\sqrt{\frac{A}{B} - \frac{B}{A} + 2x}}{A - iB}\right) - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{A}\sqrt{B}\sqrt{\frac{A}{B} - \frac{B}{A} + 2x}}{A + iB}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{e\left(\frac{A}{B} - \frac{B}{A} + 2x\right)}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[(A^2*e - B^2*e)/(2*A*B) + e*x]*(1 + x^2)),x]`

output `((-I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[A]*Sqrt[B]*Sqrt[A/B - B/A + 2*x]*(ArcTanh[(Sqrt[A]*Sqrt[B]*Sqrt[A/B - B/A + 2*x])/(A - I*B)] - ArcTanh[(Sqrt[A]*Sqrt[B]*Sqrt[A/B - B/A + 2*x])/(A + I*B)]))/Sqrt[e*(A/B - B/A + 2*x)]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.116$, Rules used = {654, 27, 1475, 1083, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(x^2 + 1)\sqrt{\frac{A^2e - B^2e}{2AB} + ex}} dx$$

↓ 654

$$2 \int \frac{2((A^2 + B^2)e + 2AB(\frac{1}{2}(\frac{A}{B} - \frac{B}{A})e + xe))}{A \left(\frac{(A^2 + B^2)^2 e^2}{A^2 B^2} - \frac{4(A^2 - B^2)(\frac{1}{2}(\frac{A}{B} - \frac{B}{A})e + xe)e}{AB} + 4(\frac{1}{2}(\frac{A}{B} - \frac{B}{A})e + xe)^2 \right)} d\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{A}{B} - \frac{B}{A} \right) e + xe}$$

$$4 \int \frac{(A^2+B^2)e+2AB\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{A}{B}-\frac{B}{A}\right)e+xe\right)}{\frac{(A^2+B^2)^2 e^2}{A^2 B^2} - 4(A^2-B^2)\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{A}{B}-\frac{B}{A}\right)e+xe\right)e + 4\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{A}{B}-\frac{B}{A}\right)e+xe\right)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{A}{B}-\frac{B}{A}\right)e+xe}$$

27

A

1475

$$4 \left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}AB \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{A}{B}-\frac{B}{A}\right)e + \frac{(A^2+B^2)e}{2AB} + xe - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{A}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{A}{B}-\frac{B}{A}\right)e+xe\sqrt{e}}}{\sqrt{B}}} d\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{A}{B}-\frac{B}{A}\right)e+xe} + \frac{1}{4}AB \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{A}{B}-\frac{B}{A}\right)e + \frac{(A^2+B^2)e}{2AB} + xe + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{A}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{A}{B}-\frac{B}{A}\right)e+xe\sqrt{e}}}{\sqrt{B}}} d\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{A}{B}-\frac{B}{A}\right)e+xe} \right)$$

A

1083

$$4 \left(-\frac{1}{2}AB \int \frac{1}{-\frac{2Be}{A} - \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{A}{B}-\frac{B}{A}\right)e - xe} d\left(2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{A}{B}-\frac{B}{A}\right)e+xe} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{A}\sqrt{e}}{\sqrt{B}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}AB \int \frac{1}{-\frac{2Be}{A} - \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{A}{B}-\frac{B}{A}\right)e - xe} d\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{A}\sqrt{e}}{\sqrt{B}} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{A}{B}-\frac{B}{A}\right)e+xe}\right) \right)$$

A

217

$$4 \left(\frac{A^{3/2}\sqrt{B} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{A}\left(2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{A}{B}-\frac{B}{A}\right)e+xe} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{A}\sqrt{e}}{\sqrt{B}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{B}\sqrt{e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{A^{3/2}\sqrt{B} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{A}\left(2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{A}{B}-\frac{B}{A}\right)e+xe} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{A}\sqrt{e}}{\sqrt{B}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{B}\sqrt{e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{e}} \right)$$

A

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[(A^2*e - B^2*e)/(2*A*B) + e*x]*(1 + x^2)),x]`

output `(4*((A^(3/2)*Sqrt[B]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[A]*(-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[A]*Sqrt[e])/Sqrt[B]) + 2*Sqrt[((A/B - B/A)*e)/2 + e*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[B]*Sqrt[e]))/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]) + (A^(3/2)*Sqrt[B]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[A]*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[A]*Sqrt[e])/Sqrt[B] + 2*Sqrt[((A/B - B/A)*e)/2 + e*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[B]*Sqrt[e]))/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e])))/A`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 217 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 654 $\text{Int}[((f_) + (g_*)(x_))/(\text{Sqrt}[(d_) + (e_*)(x_)]*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x]$
- rule 1083 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1475 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2 + (c_*)(x_)^4), x_Symbol] : > \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[2*(d/e) - b/c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{ Int}[1/\text{Simp}[d/e + q*x + x^2, x], x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{ Int}[1/\text{Simp}[d/e - q*x + x^2, x], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[2*(d/e) - b/c, 0] \ || \ (\ !\text{LtQ}[2*(d/e) - b/c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[d - e*\text{Rt}[a/c, 2], 0]))$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{AB\sqrt{2} \left(\arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{e(2xAB+A^2-B^2)}{AB}} AB - \sqrt{A^3Be}}{\sqrt{AeB}} \right) + \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{e(2xAB+A^2-B^2)}{AB}} AB + \sqrt{A^3Be}}{\sqrt{AeB}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{AeB}}$
default	$2\sqrt{2} B^2 A \left(\frac{\arctan \left(\frac{2AB\sqrt{2ex + \frac{e(A^2-B^2)}{AB}} + 2\sqrt{A^3Be}}{2B\sqrt{AeB}} \right)}{2B\sqrt{AeB}} + \frac{\arctan \left(\frac{2AB\sqrt{2ex + \frac{e(A^2-B^2)}{AB}} - 2\sqrt{A^3Be}}{2B\sqrt{AeB}} \right)}{2B\sqrt{AeB}} \right)$
derivativedivides	$4B^2 A \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\frac{\left(2\sqrt{4ex + \frac{2A^2e-2B^2e}{AB}} AB + 2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{A^3Be} \right) \sqrt{2}}{4B\sqrt{AeB}} \right)}{4B\sqrt{AeB}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\frac{\left(2\sqrt{4ex + \frac{2A^2e-2B^2e}{AB}} AB - 2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{A^3Be} \right) \sqrt{2}}{4B\sqrt{AeB}} \right)}{4B\sqrt{AeB}} \right)$

input

```
int(2*(B*x+A)/(2*(A^2*e-B^2*e)/A/B+4*e*x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

output

```
A*B*2^(1/2)*(arctan(((e*(2*A*B*x+A^2-B^2)/A/B)^(1/2)*A*B-(A^3*B*e)^(1/2))/
(A*e*B)^(1/2)/B)+arctan(((e*(2*A*B*x+A^2-B^2)/A/B)^(1/2)*A*B+(A^3*B*e)^(1/
2))/(A*e*B)^(1/2)/B))/(A*e*B)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{\frac{A^2e - B^2e}{2AB} + ex(1 + x^2)}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\frac{AB}{e}} \log \left(\frac{A^2x^2 - 4ABx - A^2 + 2B^2 + 2(Ax - B) \sqrt{-\frac{AB}{e}} \sqrt{\frac{2ABex + (A^2 - B^2)e}{AB}}}{x^2 + 1} \right) \right], \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{AB}{e}}$$

input `integrate(2*(B*x+A)/(2*(A^2*e-B^2*e)/A/B+4*e*x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-A*B/e)*log((A^2*x^2 - 4*A*B*x - A^2 + 2*B^2 + 2*(A*x - B)*sqrt(-A*B/e)*sqrt((2*A*B*e*x + (A^2 - B^2)*e)/(A*B)))/(x^2 + 1)), sqrt(2)*sqrt(A*B/e)*arctan((A*x - B)*sqrt(A*B/e)*sqrt((2*A*B*e*x + (A^2 - B^2)*e)/(A*B)))/(2*A*B*x + A^2 - B^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{\frac{A^2e - B^2e}{2AB} + ex(1 + x^2)}} dx = \sqrt{2} \left(\int \frac{A}{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{Ae}{B} + 2ex - \frac{Be}{A}} + \sqrt{\frac{Ae}{B} + 2ex - \frac{Be}{A}}} dx + \int \frac{Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{Ae}{B} + 2ex - \frac{Be}{A}} + \sqrt{\frac{Ae}{B} + 2ex - \frac{Be}{A}}} dx \right)$$

input `integrate(2*(B*x+A)/(2*(A**2*e-B**2*e)/A/B+4*e*x)**(1/2)/(x**2+1),x)`

output `sqrt(2)*(Integral(A/(x**2*sqrt(A*e/B + 2*e*x - B*e/A) + sqrt(A*e/B + 2*e*x - B*e/A)), x) + Integral(B*x/(x**2*sqrt(A*e/B + 2*e*x - B*e/A) + sqrt(A*e/B + 2*e*x - B*e/A)), x))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{\frac{A^2e - B^2e}{2AB} + ex(1 + x^2)}} dx = \int \frac{2(Bx + A)}{\sqrt{4ex + \frac{2(A^2e - B^2e)}{AB}}(x^2 + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(2*(B*x+A)/(2*(A^2*e-B^2*e)/A/B+4*e*x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2*integrate((B*x + A)/(sqrt(4*e*x + 2*(A^2*e - B^2*e)/(A*B))*(x^2 + 1)), x
)
```

Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 13.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18107, normalized size of antiderivative = 134.13

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{\frac{A^2e - B^2e}{2AB} + ex(1 + x^2)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(2*(B*x+A)/(2*(A^2*e-B^2*e)/A/B+4*e*x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm
="giac")
```

output

```
1/2*sqrt(2)*(6*A*B*e^2*abs(A)*abs(B)*cos(1/2*real_part(arccos(A^3*B*e/abs(
A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e) - A*B^3*e/abs(A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e))))^2*cosh(1/2*imag_par
t(arccos(A^3*B*e/abs(A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e) - A*B^3*e/abs(A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e)))
)^3*sin(1/2*real_part(arccos(A^3*B*e/abs(A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e) - A*B^3*e/abs(
A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e)))) - 2*A*B*e^2*abs(A)*abs(B)*cosh(1/2*imag_part(arccos(
A^3*B*e/abs(A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e) - A*B^3*e/abs(A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e))))^3*sin(1
/2*real_part(arccos(A^3*B*e/abs(A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e) - A*B^3*e/abs(A^3*B*e +
A*B^3*e))))^3 - 18*A*B*e^2*abs(A)*abs(B)*cos(1/2*real_part(arccos(A^3*B*e
/abs(A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e) - A*B^3*e/abs(A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e))))^2*cosh(1/2*ima
g_part(arccos(A^3*B*e/abs(A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e) - A*B^3*e/abs(A^3*B*e + A*B^3
*e))))^2*sin(1/2*real_part(arccos(A^3*B*e/abs(A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e) - A*B^3*e
/abs(A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e))))*sinh(1/2*imag_part(arccos(A^3*B*e/abs(A^3*B*e +
A*B^3*e) - A*B^3*e/abs(A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e)))) + 6*A*B*e^2*abs(A)*abs(B)*co
sh(1/2*imag_part(arccos(A^3*B*e/abs(A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e) - A*B^3*e/abs(A^3*B
*e + A*B^3*e))))^2*sin(1/2*real_part(arccos(A^3*B*e/abs(A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e)
- A*B^3*e/abs(A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e))))^3*sinh(1/2*imag_part(arccos(A^3*B*e/a
bs(A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e) - A*B^3*e/abs(A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e)))) + 18*A*B*e^2*abs
(A)*abs(B)*cos(1/2*real_part(arccos(A^3*B*e/abs(A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e) - A*B^3
*e/abs(A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e))))^2*cosh(1/2*imag_part(arccos(A^3*B*e/abs(A^3*B
*e + A*B^3*e) - A*B^3*e/abs(A^3*B*e + A*B^3*e))))*sin(1/2*real_part(arc...
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{\frac{A^2e - B^2e}{2AB} + ex(1 + x^2)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{A} \sqrt{B} \left(\operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{A^{3/2} \left(4ex + \frac{2A^2e - 2B^2e}{AB} \right)^{3/2} \sqrt{2B}}{8e^{3/2} (A^2 + B^2)} - \frac{A^{5/2} \sqrt{8ex + \frac{2(2A^2e - 2B^2e)}{AB}}}{4\sqrt{B} \sqrt{e} (A^2 + B^2)} + \frac{3\sqrt{2} \sqrt{A} B^{3/2} \sqrt{4ex + \frac{2A^2e - 2B^2e}{AB}}}{4\sqrt{e} (A^2 + B^2)} \right)}{\sqrt{e}} \right)}{\sqrt{e}}$$

input `int((2*A + 2*B*x)/((x^2 + 1)*(4*e*x + (2*A^2*e - 2*B^2*e)/(A*B))^(1/2)),x)`output
$$\frac{(2^{(1/2)} * A^{(1/2)} * B^{(1/2)} * (\operatorname{atan}((A^{(3/2)} * (4 * e * x + (2 * A^2 * e - 2 * B^2 * e) / (A * B))^{(3/2)} * (2 * B)^{(1/2))} / (8 * e^{(3/2)} * (A^2 + B^2)) - (A^{(5/2)} * (8 * e * x + (2 * (2 * A^2 * e - 2 * B^2 * e)) / (A * B))^{(1/2)} / (4 * B^{(1/2)} * e^{(1/2)} * (A^2 + B^2)) + (3 * 2^{(1/2)} * A^{(1/2)} * B^{(3/2)} * (4 * e * x + (2 * A^2 * e - 2 * B^2 * e) / (A * B))^{(1/2)} / (4 * e^{(1/2)} * (A^2 + B^2))) + \operatorname{atan}((2^{(1/2)} * A^{(1/2)} * (4 * e * x + (2 * A^2 * e - 2 * B^2 * e) / (A * B))^{(1/2)} / (4 * B^{(1/2)} * e^{(1/2))})) / e^{(1/2)})}{e^{(1/2)}}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{\frac{A^2e - B^2e}{2AB} + ex(1 + x^2)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{2} \left(\operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2abx + a^2 - b^2} - a}{b} \right) + \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2abx + a^2 - b^2} + a}{b} \right) \right)}{e}$$

input `int(2*(B*x+A)/(2*(A^2*e-B^2*e)/A/B+4*e*x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x)`output
$$\frac{(\sqrt{e} * \sqrt{b} * \sqrt{a} * \sqrt{2} * (\operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{a^2 + 2 * a * b * x - b^2} - a) / b) + \operatorname{atan}((\sqrt{a^2 + 2 * a * b * x - b^2} + a) / b))}{e}$$

3.141 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(1-x^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1195
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1195
Rubi [A] (verified)	1196
Maple [A] (verified)	1197
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1198
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1198
Maxima [F(-2)]	1199
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1199
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1200
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1200

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(1-x^2)} dx = -\frac{(A-B)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{d-e}} + \frac{(A+B)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d+e}}\right)}{\sqrt{d+e}}$$

output `-(A-B)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(d-e)^(1/2))/(d-e)^(1/2)+(A+B)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(d+e)^(1/2))/(d+e)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(1-x^2)} dx = -\frac{(A+B)\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-d-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d-e}} + \frac{(A-B)\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-d+e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d+e}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(1 - x^2)),x]`

output `-(((A + B)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[-d - e]])/Sqrt[-d - e]) + ((A - B)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[-d + e]])/Sqrt[-d + e]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {654, 1480, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(1 - x^2)\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 654$$

$$2 \int \frac{Bd - Ae - B(d + ex)}{d^2 - 2(d + ex)d - e^2 + (d + ex)^2} d\sqrt{d + ex}$$

$$\downarrow 1480$$

$$2 \left(\frac{1}{2}(A - B) \int \frac{1}{xe + e} d\sqrt{d + ex} - \frac{1}{2}(A + B) \int \frac{1}{ex - e} d\sqrt{d + ex} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 220$$

$$2 \left(\frac{(A + B)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d+e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d+e}} - \frac{(A - B)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d-e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d-e}} \right)$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(1 - x^2)),x]`

output `2*(-1/2*((A - B)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d - e]]/Sqrt[d - e] + ((A + B)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d + e]])/(2*Sqrt[d + e]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 654

```
Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)),
x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*
x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

rule 1480

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(
b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2
+ q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
&& NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(A-B) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-d+e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d+e}} + \frac{(A+B) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d+e}}\right)}{\sqrt{d+e}}$	54
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{A}{2} + \frac{B}{2}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-d+e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d+e}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{A}{2} + \frac{B}{2}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d+e}}\right)}{\sqrt{d+e}}$	62
default	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{A}{2} + \frac{B}{2}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-d+e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d+e}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{A}{2} + \frac{B}{2}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d+e}}\right)}{\sqrt{d+e}}$	62

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(A-B)*arctan((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-d+e)^(1/2))/(-d+e)^(1/2)+(A+B)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(d+e)^(1/2))/(d+e)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 424, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.42

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}(1 - x^2)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{((A - B)d + (A - B)e)\sqrt{d - e} \log\left(\frac{ex + 2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{d-e} + 2d - e}{x+1}\right) - ((A + B)d - (A + B)e)\sqrt{d + e} \log\left(\frac{ex + 2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{d+e} + 2d + e}{x-1}\right)}{2(d^2 - e^2)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2((A + B)d - (A + B)e)\sqrt{-d - e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-d-e}}{\sqrt{ex+d}}\right) + ((A - B)d + (A - B)e)\sqrt{d - e} \log\left(\frac{ex + 2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{d-e} + 2d - e}{x+1}\right)}{2(d^2 - e^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*(((A - B)*d + (A - B)*e)*sqrt(d - e)*log((e*x + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(d - e) + 2*d - e)/(x + 1)) - ((A + B)*d - (A + B)*e)*sqrt(d + e)*log((e*x + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(d + e) + 2*d + e)/(x - 1)))/(d^2 - e^2), 1/2*(2*((A - B)*d + (A - B)*e)*sqrt(-d + e)*arctan(sqrt(-d + e)/sqrt(e*x + d)) + ((A + B)*d - (A + B)*e)*sqrt(d + e)*log((e*x + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(d + e) + 2*d + e)/(x - 1)))/(d^2 - e^2), -1/2*(2*((A + B)*d - (A + B)*e)*sqrt(-d - e)*arctan(sqrt(-d - e)/sqrt(e*x + d)) + ((A - B)*d + (A - B)*e)*sqrt(d - e)*log((e*x + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(d - e) + 2*d - e)/(x + 1)))/(d^2 - e^2), (((A - B)*d + (A - B)*e)*sqrt(-d + e)*arctan(sqrt(-d + e)/sqrt(e*x + d)) - ((A + B)*d - (A + B)*e)*sqrt(-d - e)*arctan(sqrt(-d - e)/sqrt(e*x + d)))/(d^2 - e^2)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}(1 - x^2)} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left(\frac{e^{(A-B)} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-d+e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d+e}} - \frac{e^{(A+B)} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-d-e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d-e}} \right)}{e} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{A \left(-\frac{\log(x-1)}{2} + \frac{\log(x+1)}{2} \right) - \frac{B \log(1-x^2)}{2}}{\sqrt{d}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(-x**2+1),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((2*(e*(A - B)*atan(sqrt(d + e*x)/sqrt(-d + e))/(2*sqrt(-d + e))
- e*(A + B)*atan(sqrt(d + e*x)/sqrt(-d - e))/(2*sqrt(-d - e)))/e, Ne(e, 0)
), ((A*(-log(x - 1)/2 + log(x + 1)/2) - B*log(1 - x**2)/2)/sqrt(d), True))
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}(1 - x^2)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*d-4*e>0)', see `assume?` for m
ore detail
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}(1 - x^2)} dx = \frac{(A - B) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-d+e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d+e}} - \frac{(A + B) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-d-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d-e}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(A - B)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-d + e))/sqrt(-d + e) - (A + B)*arctan(s
qrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-d - e))/sqrt(-d - e)
```


Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 773, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.71

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}(1 - x^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(-(A + B*x)/((x^2 - 1)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output

```
- (atan((((16*A^2*e^2 + 16*B^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2) - ((A - B)*(32*B*d*e^2 - 32*A*e^3 + (32*d*e^2*(A - B)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(d - e)^(1/2)))/(2*(d - e)^(1/2))))*(A - B)*1i)/(2*(d - e)^(1/2)) + (((16*A^2*e^2 + 16*B^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2) - ((A - B)*(32*A*e^3 - 32*B*d*e^2 + (32*d*e^2*(A - B)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(d - e)^(1/2)))/(2*(d - e)^(1/2))))*(A - B)*1i)/(2*(d - e)^(1/2)))/(16*B^3*e^2 - 16*A^2*B*e^2 + (((16*A^2*e^2 + 16*B^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2) - ((A - B)*(32*B*d*e^2 - 32*A*e^3 + (32*d*e^2*(A - B)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(d - e)^(1/2)))/(2*(d - e)^(1/2))))*(A - B))/(2*(d - e)^(1/2)) - (((16*A^2*e^2 + 16*B^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2) - ((A - B)*(32*A*e^3 - 32*B*d*e^2 + (32*d*e^2*(A - B)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(d - e)^(1/2)))/(2*(d - e)^(1/2))))*(A - B))/(2*(d - e)^(1/2))))*(A - B)*1i)/(d - e)^(1/2) - (atan((((16*A^2*e^2 + 16*B^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2) - ((A + B)*(32*B*d*e^2 - 32*A*e^3 + (32*d*e^2*(A + B)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(d + e)^(1/2)))/(2*(d + e)^(1/2))))*(A + B)*1i)/(2*(d + e)^(1/2)) + (((16*A^2*e^2 + 16*B^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2) - ((A + B)*(32*A*e^3 - 32*B*d*e^2 + (32*d*e^2*(A + B)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(d + e)^(1/2)))/(2*(d + e)^(1/2))))*(A + B)*1i)/(2*(d + e)^(1/2)))/(16*B^3*e^2 - 16*A^2*B*e^2 + (((16*A^2*e^2 + 16*B^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2) - ((A + B)*(32*B*d*e^2 - 32*A*e^3 + (32*d*e^2*(A + B)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(d + e)^(1/2)))/(2*(d + e)^(1/2))))*(A + B))/(2*(d + e)^(1/2)) - (((16*A^2*e^2 + 16*B^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2) - ((A + B)*(32*A*e^3 - 32*B*d*e^2 + (32*d*e^2*(A + B)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(d + e)^(1/2)))/(2*(d + e)^(1/2))))*(A + B))/(2*(d + e)^(1/2))...)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.68

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}(1 - x^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d - e} \log(-\sqrt{d - e} + \sqrt{ex + d}) ad + \sqrt{d - e} \log(-\sqrt{d - e} + \sqrt{ex + d}) ae - \sqrt{d - e} \log(-\sqrt{d - e} + \sqrt{ex + d})}{\dots}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1),x)`

output `(sqrt(d - e)*log(- sqrt(d - e) + sqrt(d + e*x))*a*d + sqrt(d - e)*log(-
sqrt(d - e) + sqrt(d + e*x))*a*e - sqrt(d - e)*log(- sqrt(d - e) + sqrt(d
+ e*x))*b*d - sqrt(d - e)*log(- sqrt(d - e) + sqrt(d + e*x))*b*e - sqrt(
d - e)*log(sqrt(d - e) + sqrt(d + e*x))*a*d - sqrt(d - e)*log(sqrt(d - e)
+ sqrt(d + e*x))*a*e + sqrt(d - e)*log(sqrt(d - e) + sqrt(d + e*x))*b*d +
sqrt(d - e)*log(sqrt(d - e) + sqrt(d + e*x))*b*e - sqrt(d + e)*log(sqrt(d
+ e*x) - sqrt(d + e))*a*d + sqrt(d + e)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) - sqrt(d + e))*a
*e - sqrt(d + e)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) - sqrt(d + e))*b*d + sqrt(d + e)*log(sq
rt(d + e*x) - sqrt(d + e))*b*e + sqrt(d + e)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt(d +
e))*a*d - sqrt(d + e)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt(d + e))*a*e + sqrt(d + e)*l
og(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt(d + e))*b*d - sqrt(d + e)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt
(d + e))*b*e)/(2*(d**2 - e**2))`

3.142 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(1+x^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1202
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1203
Rubi [A] (verified)	1203
Maple [A] (verified)	1207
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1207
Sympy [F]	1208
Maxima [F]	1209
Giac [F(-1)]	1209
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1209
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1210

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 304

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(1+x^2)} dx = -\frac{\left(B - \frac{Bd-Ae}{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}} + \frac{\left(B - \frac{Bd-Ae}{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}} - \frac{\left(B + \frac{Bd-Ae}{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+ex}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(B-(-A*e+B*d)/(d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*arctan(((d+(d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-d+(d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(-d+(d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/2*(B-(-A*e+B*d)/(d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*arctan(((d+(d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-d+(d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(-d+(d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-1/2*(B+(-A*e+B*d)/(d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*(d+(d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(d+(d^2+e^2)^(1/2)+e*x))*2^(1/2)/(d+(d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}(1 + x^2)} dx = \frac{(-iA + B) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-d-ie}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d - ie}} + \frac{(iA + B) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-d+ie}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d + ie}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(1 + x^2)),x]`

output `(((-I)*A + B)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[-d - I*e]])/Sqrt[-d - I*e] + ((I*A + B)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[-d + I*e]])/Sqrt[-d + I*e]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 467, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$, Rules used = {654, 25, 1483, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{(x^2 + 1)\sqrt{d + ex}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{654} \\ & 2 \int -\frac{Bd - Ae - B(d + ex)}{d^2 - 2(d + ex)d + e^2 + (d + ex)^2} d\sqrt{d + ex} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & -2 \int \frac{Bd - Ae - B(d + ex)}{d^2 - 2(d + ex)d + e^2 + (d + ex)^2} d\sqrt{d + ex} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1483} \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left(- \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}(Bd-Ae)\sqrt{d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}} - (Ae-B(d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}))\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d^2+e^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}(Bd-Ae) + (Ae-B(d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}))\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d^2+e^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d}} \right)$$

↓ 1142

$$2 \left(- \frac{\frac{1}{2}(Ae-B(\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d)) \int - \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d+ex})}{d+ex+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d}(Ae-B(d-\sqrt{d^2+e^2}))}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d^2+e^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d^2+e^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d}} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$2 \left(- \frac{\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d}(Ae-B(d-\sqrt{d^2+e^2}))}{\sqrt{2}} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{1}{2}(Ae-B(\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d)) \int \frac{1}{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d^2+e^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$2 \left(- \frac{\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d}(Ae-B(d-\sqrt{d^2+e^2}))}{\sqrt{2}} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{(Ae-B(\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d)) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}}{d+ex+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d^2+e^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d}} \right)$$

↓ 1083

$$2 \left(- \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d}(Ae-B(d-\sqrt{d^2+e^2})) \int \frac{1}{-d+2(d-\sqrt{d^2+e^2})-ex}} d(2\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}) - \frac{(Ae-B(\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d)) \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d^2+e^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d}} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$2 \left(\frac{\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d}(Ae-B(d-\sqrt{d^2+e^2}))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d-\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{d-\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}} - \frac{(Ae-B(\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d)) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d^2+e^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d}} \right)$$

↓ 1103

$$2 \left(\frac{\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d}(Ae-B(d-\sqrt{d^2+e^2}))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d-\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{d-\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}} + \frac{1}{2}(Ae-B(\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d)) \log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d^2+e^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+d}} \right)$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(1 + x^2)),x]`

output `2*(-1/2*((Sqrt[d + Sqrt[d^2 + e^2]]*(A*e - B*(d - Sqrt[d^2 + e^2]))*ArcTan
h[(-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[d + Sqrt[d^2 + e^2]]) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[d
- Sqrt[d^2 + e^2]])]/Sqrt[d - Sqrt[d^2 + e^2]] + ((A*e - B*(d + Sqrt[d^2
+ e^2]))*Log[d + Sqrt[d^2 + e^2] + e*x - Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[d + Sqrt[d^2 + e^2]
]*Sqrt[d + e*x]]/2)/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[d^2 + e^2]*Sqrt[d + Sqrt[d^2 + e^2]]) -
((Sqrt[d + Sqrt[d^2 + e^2]]*(A*e - B*(d - Sqrt[d^2 + e^2]))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt
[2]*Sqrt[d + Sqrt[d^2 + e^2]] + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[d - Sqrt[d^
2 + e^2]])]/Sqrt[d - Sqrt[d^2 + e^2]] - ((A*e - B*(d + Sqrt[d^2 + e^2]))*
Log[d + Sqrt[d^2 + e^2] + e*x + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[d + Sqrt[d^2 + e^2]]*Sqrt[d +
e*x]]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[d^2 + e^2]*Sqrt[d + Sqrt[d^2 + e^2]]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])] \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 654 $\text{Int}[(f_ + (g_ \cdot x))/(\text{Sqrt}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x)] \cdot ((a_ + (c_ \cdot x)^2))), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(e \cdot f - d \cdot g + g \cdot x^2)/(c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2 - 2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot x^2 + c \cdot x^4), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[d + e \cdot x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x$

rule 1083 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x$

rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x))/((a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e, 0]$

rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x))/((a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e)/(2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[(b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x)/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x$

rule 1483 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x)^2)/((a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2 + (c_ \cdot x)^4), x_Symbol] : > \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[a/c, 2]\}, \text{With}\{r = \text{Rt}[2 \cdot q - b/c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/(2 \cdot c \cdot q \cdot r) \ \text{Int}[(d \cdot r - (d - e \cdot q) \cdot x)/(q - r \cdot x + x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2 \cdot c \cdot q \cdot r) \ \text{Int}[(d \cdot r + (d - e \cdot q) \cdot x)/(q + r \cdot x + x^2), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c \cdot d^2 - b \cdot d \cdot e + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{d^2+e^2}-2d}\sqrt{2\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+2d}\left(\ln\left(\frac{d+ex-\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+2d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}}{4}\right)-\ln\left(\frac{ex+d+\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+2d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}}{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+2d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+2d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}}$
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1/(d^2+e^2)^{1/2}*(1/4*(2*(d^2+e^2)^{1/2}-2*d)^{1/2}*(2*(d^2+e^2)^{1/2}+2*d)^{1/2}*(\ln(d+e*x-(e*x+d)^{1/2}*(2*(d^2+e^2)^{1/2}+2*d)^{1/2}+(d^2+e^2)^{1/2}))-\ln(e*x+d+(e*x+d)^{1/2}*(2*(d^2+e^2)^{1/2}+2*d)^{1/2}+(d^2+e^2)^{1/2}))*(A*d-A*(d^2+e^2)^{1/2}+B*e)+e*(\arctan((2*(e*x+d)^{1/2}-(2*(d^2+e^2)^{1/2}+2*d)^{1/2}))/((2*(d^2+e^2)^{1/2}-2*d)^{1/2})+\arctan((2*(e*x+d)^{1/2}+(2*(d^2+e^2)^{1/2}+2*d)^{1/2}))/((2*(d^2+e^2)^{1/2}-2*d)^{1/2}))*(A*e-B*d+B*(d^2+e^2)^{1/2}))/((2*(d^2+e^2)^{1/2}-2*d)^{1/2})/e}{\sqrt{d^2+e^2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{d^2+e^2}+2d+\sqrt{d^2+e^2}}}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1545 vs. 2(249) = 498.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1545, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.08

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}(1 + x^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-1/2*sqrt(-(2*A*B*e + (A^2 - B^2)*d + (d^2 + e^2)*sqrt(-(4*A^2*B^2*d^2 - 4
*(A^3*B - A*B^3)*d*e + (A^4 - 2*A^2*B^2 + B^4)*e^2)/(d^4 + 2*d^2*e^2 + e^4
)))/(d^2 + e^2))*log((2*(A^3*B + A*B^3)*d - (A^4 - B^4)*e)*sqrt(e*x + d) +
(2*A*B^2*d^2 - (3*A^2*B - B^3)*d*e + (A^3 - A*B^2)*e^2 + (A*d^3 + B*d^2*e
+ A*d*e^2 + B*e^3)*sqrt(-(4*A^2*B^2*d^2 - 4*(A^3*B - A*B^3)*d*e + (A^4 -
2*A^2*B^2 + B^4)*e^2)/(d^4 + 2*d^2*e^2 + e^4)))*sqrt(-(2*A*B*e + (A^2 - B^
2)*d + (d^2 + e^2)*sqrt(-(4*A^2*B^2*d^2 - 4*(A^3*B - A*B^3)*d*e + (A^4 - 2
*A^2*B^2 + B^4)*e^2)/(d^4 + 2*d^2*e^2 + e^4)))/(d^2 + e^2))) + 1/2*sqrt(-(
2*A*B*e + (A^2 - B^2)*d + (d^2 + e^2)*sqrt(-(4*A^2*B^2*d^2 - 4*(A^3*B - A*
B^3)*d*e + (A^4 - 2*A^2*B^2 + B^4)*e^2)/(d^4 + 2*d^2*e^2 + e^4)))/(d^2 + e
^2))*log((2*(A^3*B + A*B^3)*d - (A^4 - B^4)*e)*sqrt(e*x + d) - (2*A*B^2*d^
2 - (3*A^2*B - B^3)*d*e + (A^3 - A*B^2)*e^2 + (A*d^3 + B*d^2*e + A*d*e^2 +
B*e^3)*sqrt(-(4*A^2*B^2*d^2 - 4*(A^3*B - A*B^3)*d*e + (A^4 - 2*A^2*B^2 +
B^4)*e^2)/(d^4 + 2*d^2*e^2 + e^4)))*sqrt(-(2*A*B*e + (A^2 - B^2)*d + (d^2
+ e^2)*sqrt(-(4*A^2*B^2*d^2 - 4*(A^3*B - A*B^3)*d*e + (A^4 - 2*A^2*B^2 + B
^4)*e^2)/(d^4 + 2*d^2*e^2 + e^4)))/(d^2 + e^2))) - 1/2*sqrt(-(2*A*B*e + (A
^2 - B^2)*d - (d^2 + e^2)*sqrt(-(4*A^2*B^2*d^2 - 4*(A^3*B - A*B^3)*d*e + (
A^4 - 2*A^2*B^2 + B^4)*e^2)/(d^4 + 2*d^2*e^2 + e^4)))/(d^2 + e^2))*log((2*
(A^3*B + A*B^3)*d - (A^4 - B^4)*e)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (2*A*B^2*d^2 - (3*A^2*B
- B^3)*d*e + (A^3 - A*B^2)*e^2 - (A*d^3 + B*d^2*e + A*d*e^2 + B*e^3)*s...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}(1 + x^2)} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}(x^2 + 1)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(x**2+1), x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*(x**2 + 1)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}(1 + x^2)} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{\sqrt{ex + d}(x^2 + 1)} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*(x^2 + 1)), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}(1 + x^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1244, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.09

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}(1 + x^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((x^2 + 1)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output

```

- atan((((32*B*d*e^2 - 32*A*e^3 + 64*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))*((B^2*1i - A^2*
1i + 2*A*B)/(4*(d*1i - e)))^(1/2))*((B^2*1i - A^2*1i + 2*A*B)/(4*(d*1i - e
)))^(1/2) + (16*A^2*e^2 - 16*B^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))*((B^2*1i - A^2*1i +
2*A*B)/(4*(d*1i - e)))^(1/2)*1i + ((32*A*e^3 - 32*B*d*e^2 + 64*d*e^2*(d +
e*x)^(1/2))*((B^2*1i - A^2*1i + 2*A*B)/(4*(d*1i - e)))^(1/2))*((B^2*1i - A
^2*1i + 2*A*B)/(4*(d*1i - e)))^(1/2) + (16*A^2*e^2 - 16*B^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)
^(1/2))*((B^2*1i - A^2*1i + 2*A*B)/(4*(d*1i - e)))^(1/2)*1i)/(((32*A*e^3 -
32*B*d*e^2 + 64*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))*((B^2*1i - A^2*1i + 2*A*B)/(4*(d*1i
- e)))^(1/2))*((B^2*1i - A^2*1i + 2*A*B)/(4*(d*1i - e)))^(1/2) + (16*A^2*
e^2 - 16*B^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))*((B^2*1i - A^2*1i + 2*A*B)/(4*(d*1i - e
)))^(1/2) - ((32*B*d*e^2 - 32*A*e^3 + 64*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))*((B^2*1i -
A^2*1i + 2*A*B)/(4*(d*1i - e)))^(1/2))*((B^2*1i - A^2*1i + 2*A*B)/(4*(d*1i
- e)))^(1/2) + (16*A^2*e^2 - 16*B^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))*((B^2*1i - A^2*
1i + 2*A*B)/(4*(d*1i - e)))^(1/2) + 16*B^3*e^2 + 16*A^2*B*e^2))*((B^2*1i -
A^2*1i + 2*A*B)/(4*(d*1i - e)))^(1/2)*2i - atan((((16*A^2*e^2 - 16*B^2*e^
2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2) + ((B^2 - A^2 + A*B*2i)/(4*(d - e*1i)))^(1/2)*(32*B*d*e
^2 - 32*A*e^3 + 64*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))*((B^2 - A^2 + A*B*2i)/(4*(d - e*1
i)))^(1/2))))*((B^2 - A^2 + A*B*2i)/(4*(d - e*1i)))^(1/2)*1i + ((16*A^2*e^2
- 16*B^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2) + ((B^2 - A^2 + A*B*2i)/(4*(d - e*1i)))^(1/
2)*(32*A*e^3 - 32*B*d*e^2 + 64*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))*((B^2 - A^2 + A*B*...

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 977, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}(1 + x^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x)
```

output

```

(sqrt(2)*(- 2*sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e**2) - d)*sqrt(d**2 + e**2)*atan((sqrt(sq
rt(d**2 + e**2) + d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e**2) -
d)*sqrt(2))))*a*d - 2*sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e**2) - d)*sqrt(d**2 + e**2)*atan((s
qrt(sqrt(d**2 + e**2) + d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e
*2) - d)*sqrt(2))))*b*e - 2*sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e**2) - d)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(d**
2 + e**2) + d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e**2) - d)*sq
rt(2))))*a*d**2 - 2*sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e**2) - d)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e**2)
+ d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e**2) - d)*sqrt(2))))*a*
e**2 + 2*sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e**2) - d)*sqrt(d**2 + e**2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(d**
2 + e**2) + d)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e**2) - d)*sq
rt(2))))*a*d + 2*sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e**2) - d)*sqrt(d**2 + e**2)*atan((sqrt(sq
rt(d**2 + e**2) + d)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e**2) -
d)*sqrt(2))))*b*e + 2*sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e**2) - d)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e
*2) + d)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e**2) - d)*sqrt(2)))
*a*d**2 + 2*sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e**2) - d)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e**2) + d)*
sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e**2) - d)*sqrt(2))))*a*e**2 +
sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e**2) + d)*sqrt(d**2 + e**2)*log(sqrt(d**2 + e**2) - sqr
t(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e**2) + d)*sqrt(2) + d + e*x)*a*d + sqrt(sqrt(
d**2 + e**2) + d)*sqrt(d**2 + e**2)*log(sqrt(d**2 + e**2) - sqrt(d + e*x)*
sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e**2) + d)*sqrt(2) + d + e*x)*b*e - sqrt(sqrt(d**2 + e...

```

3.143 $\int \frac{(1-x)\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1212
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1213
Rubi [A] (verified)	1213
Maple [B] (verified)	1217
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1218
Sympy [F]	1218
Maxima [F]	1219
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1219
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1220
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1221

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{(1-x)\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx = -2\sqrt{1+x} - \sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})} - 2\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}}\right) + \sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})} + 2\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}}\right) + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{1+x}}{1+\sqrt{2}+x}\right)}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}}$$

output

```
-2*(1+x)^(1/2)-(1+2^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(((2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)-2*(1+x)^(1/2)))/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)+(1+2^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(((2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2)))/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)+arctanh((2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)/(1+2^(1/2)+x))/(1+2^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{(1-x)\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx = -2\sqrt{1+x} + \sqrt{2+2i} \arctan\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}}\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\ + \sqrt{2-2i} \arctan\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}}\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

input `Integrate[((1 - x)*Sqrt[1 + x])/(1 + x^2), x]`

output `-2*Sqrt[1 + x] + Sqrt[2 + 2*I]*ArcTan[Sqrt[-1/2 - I/2]*Sqrt[1 + x]] + Sqrt[2 - 2*I]*ArcTan[Sqrt[-1/2 + I/2]*Sqrt[1 + x]]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$, Rules used = {653, 27, 484, 1407, 1142, 25, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(1-x)\sqrt{x+1}}{x^2+1} dx \\ \downarrow 653 \\ \int \frac{2}{\sqrt{x+1}(x^2+1)} dx - 2\sqrt{x+1} \\ \downarrow 27 \\ 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}(x^2+1)} dx - 2\sqrt{x+1} \\ \downarrow 484$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 4 \int \frac{1}{(x+1)^2 - 2(x+1) + 2} d\sqrt{x+1} - 2\sqrt{x+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1407} \\
 & 4 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})} - \sqrt{x+1}}{x - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{x + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} \right) - 2\sqrt{x+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1142} \\
 & 4 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{2})} \int \frac{1}{x - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})} - 2\sqrt{x+1}}{x - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{2})} \int \frac{1}{x + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} \right) - 2\sqrt{x+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & 4 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{2})} \int \frac{1}{x - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})} - 2\sqrt{x+1}}{x - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{2})} \int \frac{1}{x + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} \right) - 2\sqrt{x+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1083} \\
 & 4 \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})} - 2\sqrt{x+1}}{x - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})} \int \frac{1}{-x+2(1-\sqrt{2})-1} d\left(2\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\right)}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} \right) - 2\sqrt{x+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{217}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$4 \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}-2\sqrt{x+1}}{x-\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2}+1} d\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{\frac{1+\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}-1}} \arctan \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}} \right)}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{x+\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2}+1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} \right)$$

$2\sqrt{x+1}$
↓ 1103

$$4 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1+\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}-1}} \arctan \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log \left(x - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1 \right)}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1+\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}-1}} \arctan \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}} \right)}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} \right)$$

$2\sqrt{x+1}$

input `Int[((1 - x)*Sqrt[1 + x])/(1 + x^2),x]`

output `-2*Sqrt[1 + x] + 4*((Sqrt[(1 + Sqrt[2])]/(-1 + Sqrt[2]))*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[2])) + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[2])]] - Log[1 + Sqrt[2] + x - Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[2])]*Sqrt[1 + x]]/2)/(4*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[2]]) + (Sqrt[(1 + Sqrt[2])]/(-1 + Sqrt[2]))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[2])) + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[2])]] + Log[1 + Sqrt[2] + x + Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[2])]*Sqrt[1 + x]]/2)/(4*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[2]])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1}) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 484 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)] \cdot ((a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \cdot d \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2 - 2 \cdot b \cdot c \cdot x^2 + b \cdot x^4), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x]], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, x\}$

rule 653 $\text{Int}[(((d_) + (e_ \cdot)(x_))^m) \cdot ((f_) + (g_ \cdot)(x_)) / ((a_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g \cdot (d + e \cdot x)^m / (c \cdot m), x] + \text{Simp}[1/c \ \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot (\text{Simp}[c \cdot d \cdot f - a \cdot e \cdot g + (g \cdot c \cdot d + c \cdot e \cdot f) \cdot x, x] / (a + c \cdot x^2)), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 1083 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\}$

rule 1103 $\text{Int}(((d_) + (e_ \cdot)(x_)) / ((a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2, x]] / b), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e, 0]$

rule 1142 $\text{Int}(((d_) + (e_ \cdot)(x_)) / ((a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e) / (2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e / (2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[(b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x) / (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\}$

rule 1407 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2 + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^4)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[a/c, 2]\}, \text{With}[\{r = \text{Rt}[2 \cdot q - b/c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/(2 \cdot c \cdot q \cdot r) \ \text{Int}[(r - x) / (q - r \cdot x + x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2 \cdot c \cdot q \cdot r) \ \text{Int}[(r + x) / (q + r \cdot x + x^2), x], x]]] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 271 vs. 2(113) = 226.

Time = 2.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

method	result
derivativedivides	$-2\sqrt{x+1} + \frac{(\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}})\ln(x+1-\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}})}{4} + \frac{\left(2\sqrt{2}+\frac{(\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}})}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-}}$
default	$-2\sqrt{x+1} + \frac{(\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}})\ln(x+1-\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}})}{4} + \frac{\left(2\sqrt{2}+\frac{(\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}})}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-}}$
trager	$-2\sqrt{x+1} - \text{RootOf}\left(-Z^2 + 16\text{RootOf}\left(512-Z^4 + 32-Z^2 + 1\right)^2 + 1\right) \ln\left(\frac{1024\text{RootOf}\left(512-Z^4 + 32-Z^2 + 1\right)}{\dots}\right)$
risch	$-2\sqrt{x+1} - \frac{\ln(x+1+\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}})\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{2}}{4} + \frac{\ln(x+1+\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}})\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}{2} + \dots$

```
input int((1-x)*(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2*(x+1)^(1/2)+1/4*((2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)-2*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))*ln(x+1-(x+1)^(1/2)*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2))+2*(2^(1/2)+1/2*((2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)-2*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan((2*(x+1)^(1/2)-(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))+1/4*(-(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+2*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))*ln(x+1+(x+1)^(1/2)*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2))+2*(2^(1/2)-1/2*(-(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+2*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(((2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*(x+1)^(1/2))/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(1-x)\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx$$

$$= \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1} \arctan\left(\left(\left(\sqrt{2}+1\right)\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x+1}}\right)\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\right)$$

$$- \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1} \arctan\left(\left(\left(\sqrt{2}+1\right)\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x+1}}\right)\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1} \log\left(\sqrt{x+1}\left(\sqrt{2}+2\right)\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1+x+\sqrt{2}+1}\right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1} \log\left(-\sqrt{x+1}\left(\sqrt{2}+2\right)\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1+x+\sqrt{2}+1}\right) - 2\sqrt{x+1}$$

input `integrate((1-x)*(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*arctan(((sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(x + 1))*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)) - sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*arctan(((sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) - sqrt(2)*sqrt(x + 1))*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)) + 1/2*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*log(sqrt(x + 1)*(sqrt(2) + 2)*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x + sqrt(2) + 1) - 1/2*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*log(-sqrt(x + 1)*(sqrt(2) + 2)*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x + sqrt(2) + 1) - 2*sqrt(x + 1)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(1-x)\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx = - \int \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{x^2+1} \right) dx - \int \frac{x\sqrt{x+1}}{x^2+1} dx$$

input `integrate((1-x)*(1+x)**(1/2)/(x**2+1),x)`

output `-Integral(-sqrt(x + 1)/(x**2 + 1), x) - Integral(x*sqrt(x + 1)/(x**2 + 1), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(1-x)\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx = \int -\frac{\sqrt{x+1}(x-1)}{x^2+1} dx$$

input `integrate((1-x)*(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 1)/(x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(1-x)\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx = & \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1} \arctan \left(\frac{2^{\frac{3}{4}} \left(2^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2} + 2\sqrt{x+1} \right)}{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2}} \right) \\ & + \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1} \arctan \left(-\frac{2^{\frac{3}{4}} \left(2^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2} - 2\sqrt{x+1} \right)}{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2}} \right) \\ & + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1} \log \left(2^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2} + x + \sqrt{2} + 1 \right) \\ & - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1} \log \left(-2^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2} + x + \sqrt{2} + 1 \right) \\ & - 2\sqrt{x+1} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((1-x)*(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*arctan(1/2*2^(3/4)*(2^(1/4)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2) + 2*sqrt(x + 1))/sqrt(-sqrt(2) + 2)) + sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*arctan(-1/2*2^(3/4)*(2^(1/4)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2) - 2*sqrt(x + 1))/sqrt(-sqrt(2) + 2)) + 1/2*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*log(2^(1/4)*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2) + x + sqrt(2) + 1) - 1/2*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*log(-2^(1/4)*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2) + x + sqrt(2) + 1) - 2*sqrt(x + 1)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(1-x)\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx = \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{64\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}-\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{x+1}}{256\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}-\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}-\frac{1}{4}}-64}} - \frac{64\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}-\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{x+1}}{256\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}-\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}-\frac{1}{4}}-64}} \right) \left(2\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}-\frac{1}{4}} + 2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}-\frac{1}{4}} \right) - 2\sqrt{x+1} - \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{64\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}-\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{x+1}}{256\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}-\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}-\frac{1}{4}}+64}} + \frac{64\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}-\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{x+1}}{256\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}-\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}-\frac{1}{4}}+64}} \right) \left(2\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}-\frac{1}{4}} - 2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}-\frac{1}{4}} \right)$$

input `int(-((x - 1)*(x + 1)^(1/2))/(x^2 + 1),x)`output `atanh((64*2^(1/2)*(- 2^(1/2)/4 - 1/4)^(1/2)*(x + 1)^(1/2))/(256*(2^(1/2)/4 - 1/4)^(1/2)*(- 2^(1/2)/4 - 1/4)^(1/2) - 64) - (64*2^(1/2)*(2^(1/2)/4 - 1/4)^(1/2)*(x + 1)^(1/2))/(256*(2^(1/2)/4 - 1/4)^(1/2)*(- 2^(1/2)/4 - 1/4)^(1/2) - 64))*(2*(- 2^(1/2)/4 - 1/4)^(1/2) + 2*(2^(1/2)/4 - 1/4)^(1/2)) - 2*(x + 1)^(1/2) - atanh((64*2^(1/2)*(- 2^(1/2)/4 - 1/4)^(1/2)*(x + 1)^(1/2))/(256*(2^(1/2)/4 - 1/4)^(1/2)*(- 2^(1/2)/4 - 1/4)^(1/2) + 64) + (64*2^(1/2)*(2^(1/2)/4 - 1/4)^(1/2)*(x + 1)^(1/2))/(256*(2^(1/2)/4 - 1/4)^(1/2)*(- 2^(1/2)/4 - 1/4)^(1/2) + 64))*(2*(- 2^(1/2)/4 - 1/4)^(1/2) - 2*(2^(1/2)/4 - 1/4)^(1/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(1-x)\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx = & -\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\sqrt{2}}\right) \\
& -\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\sqrt{2}}\right) \\
& +\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}+2\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\sqrt{2}}\right) \\
& +\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}+2\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\sqrt{2}}\right) \\
& -\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2} \log\left(-\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}+x+1\right)}{2} \\
& +\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2} \log\left(\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}+x+1\right)}{2} \\
& +\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1} \log\left(-\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}+x+1\right)}{2} \\
& -\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1} \log\left(\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}+x+1\right)}{2} \\
& -2\sqrt{x+1}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((1-x)*(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(x + 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2))) - 2*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(x + 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2))) + 2*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(x + 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2))) + 2*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(x + 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2))) - sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2)*log(-sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(2) + x + 1) + sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(2) + x + 1) + sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*log(-sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(2) + x + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*log(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(2) + x + 1) - 4*sqrt(x + 1))/2
```

3.144 $\int \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{4+3x}(1+x^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1222
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1222
Rubi [A] (verified)	1223
Maple [A] (verified)	1224
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1225
Sympy [F]	1225
Maxima [F]	1226
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1226
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1226
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1227

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{4+3x}(1+x^2)} dx = -\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(3 - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{4+3x}\right) + \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(3 + \sqrt{8+6x}\right)$$

output

```
2^(1/2)*arctan(-3+2^(1/2)*(4+3*x)^(1/2))+2^(1/2)*arctan(3+(8+6*x)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{4+3x}(1+x^2)} dx = \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{-1+3x}{\sqrt{8+6x}}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(3 + x)/(Sqrt[4 + 3*x]*(1 + x^2)), x]
```

output

```
Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[(-1 + 3*x)/Sqrt[8 + 6*x]]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {654, 1475, 1083, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x+3}{\sqrt{3x+4}(x^2+1)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{654} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{3x+9}{(3x+4)^2 - 8(3x+4) + 25} d\sqrt{3x+4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1475} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{3x - 3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x+4} + 9} d\sqrt{3x+4} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{3x + 3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x+4} + 9} d\sqrt{3x+4} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1083} \\
 & 2 \left(- \int \frac{1}{-3x-6} d(2\sqrt{3x+4} - 3\sqrt{2}) - \int \frac{1}{-3x-6} d(2\sqrt{3x+4} + 3\sqrt{2}) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{217} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3x+4}-3\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3x+4}+3\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(3 + x)/(Sqrt[4 + 3*x]*(1 + x^2)),x]`

output `2*(ArcTan[(-3*Sqrt[2] + 2*Sqrt[4 + 3*x])/Sqrt[2]]/Sqrt[2] + ArcTan[(3*Sqrt[2] + 2*Sqrt[4 + 3*x])/Sqrt[2]]/Sqrt[2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 654 `Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 1083 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1475 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[2*(d/e) - b/c, 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e + q*x + x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e - q*x + x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && (GtQ[2*(d/e) - b/c, 0] || (!LtQ[2*(d/e) - b/c, 0] && EqQ[d - e*Rt[a/c, 2], 0]))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\left(\arctan(-3 + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x+4}) + \arctan\left(\frac{(2\sqrt{3x+4}+3\sqrt{2})\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \right) \sqrt{2}$
derivativedivides	$\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{(2\sqrt{3x+4}-3\sqrt{2})\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) + \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{(2\sqrt{3x+4}+3\sqrt{2})\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$
default	$\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{(2\sqrt{3x+4}-3\sqrt{2})\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) + \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{(2\sqrt{3x+4}+3\sqrt{2})\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$
trager	$\frac{\text{RootOf}(_Z^2+2) \ln\left(\frac{9\text{RootOf}(_Z^2+2)x^2-12x\text{RootOf}(_Z^2+2)+12\sqrt{3x+4}x-7\text{RootOf}(_Z^2+2)-4\sqrt{3x+4}}{x^2+1}\right)}{2}$

input `int((3+x)/(3*x+4)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(arctan(-3+2^(1/2)*(3*x+4)^(1/2))+arctan(1/2*(2*(3*x+4)^(1/2)+3*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)))*2^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{4+3x}(1+x^2)} dx = \sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(3x-1)}{2\sqrt{3x+4}} \right)$$

input `integrate((3+x)/(4+3*x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(3*x - 1)/sqrt(3*x + 4))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{4+3x}(1+x^2)} dx = \int \frac{x+3}{\sqrt{3x+4}(x^2+1)} dx$$

input `integrate((3+x)/(4+3*x)**(1/2)/(x**2+1),x)`

output `Integral((x + 3)/(sqrt(3*x + 4)*(x**2 + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{4+3x}(1+x^2)} dx = \int \frac{x+3}{(x^2+1)\sqrt{3x+4}} dx$$

input `integrate((3+x)/(4+3*x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x + 3)/((x^2 + 1)*sqrt(3*x + 4)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{4+3x}(1+x^2)} dx = \sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{250} \cdot 25^{\frac{3}{4}} \sqrt{10} \left(3 \cdot 25^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{10} + 10 \sqrt{3x+4} \right) \right) \\ + \sqrt{2} \arctan \left(-\frac{1}{250} \cdot 25^{\frac{3}{4}} \sqrt{10} \left(3 \cdot 25^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{10} - 10 \sqrt{3x+4} \right) \right)$$

input `integrate((3+x)/(4+3*x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(2)*arctan(1/250*25^(3/4)*sqrt(10)*(3*25^(1/4)*sqrt(10) + 10*sqrt(3*x + 4))) + sqrt(2)*arctan(-1/250*25^(3/4)*sqrt(10)*(3*25^(1/4)*sqrt(10) - 10*sqrt(3*x + 4)))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{4+3x}(1+x^2)} dx \\ = \sqrt{2} \left(\operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(3x+4)^{3/2}}{10} - \frac{3\sqrt{6x+8}}{10} \right) + \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{6x+8}}{2} \right) \right)$$

input `int((x + 3)/((3*x + 4)^(1/2)*(x^2 + 1)),x)`

output

```
2^(1/2)*(atan((2^(1/2)*(3*x + 4)^(3/2))/10 - (3*(6*x + 8)^(1/2))/10) + atan((6*x + 8)^(1/2)/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{4+3x}(1+x^2)} dx = \sqrt{2} \left(\operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{3x+4} - 3\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{3x+4} + 3\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right)$$

input

```
int((3+x)/(4+3*x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x)
```

output

```
sqrt(2)*(atan((2*sqrt(3*x + 4) - 3*sqrt(2))/sqrt(2)) + atan((2*sqrt(3*x + 4) + 3*sqrt(2))/sqrt(2)))
```

$$3.145 \quad \int \frac{1-3x}{\sqrt{4+3x}(1+x^2)} dx$$

Optimal result	1228
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1228
Rubi [B] (verified)	1229
Maple [A] (verified)	1231
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1231
Sympy [F]	1232
Maxima [F]	1232
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1232
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1233
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1233

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int \frac{1-3x}{\sqrt{4+3x}(1+x^2)} dx = \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{4+3x}}{3+x} \right)$$

output

```
2^(1/2)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*(4+3*x)^(1/2)/(3+x))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1-3x}{\sqrt{4+3x}(1+x^2)} dx = \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{8+6x}}{3+x} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(1 - 3*x)/(Sqrt[4 + 3*x]*(1 + x^2)),x]
```

output

```
Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[8 + 6*x]/(3 + x)]
```

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 65 vs. $2(27) = 54$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {654, 27, 1478, 25, 27, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1-3x}{\sqrt{3x+4}(x^2+1)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & 2 \int \frac{3(1-3x)}{(3x+4)^2 - 8(3x+4) + 25} d\sqrt{3x+4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & 6 \int \frac{1-3x}{(3x+4)^2 - 8(3x+4) + 25} d\sqrt{3x+4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1478 \\
 & 6 \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{3\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{3x+4}}{3x-3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x+4}+9} d\sqrt{3x+4}}{6\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x+4}+3)}{3x+3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x+4}+9} d\sqrt{3x+4}}{6\sqrt{2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & 6 \left(\frac{\int \frac{3\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{3x+4}}{3x-3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x+4}+9} d\sqrt{3x+4}}{6\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x+4}+3)}{3x+3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x+4}+9} d\sqrt{3x+4}}{6\sqrt{2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & 6 \left(\frac{\int \frac{3\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{3x+4}}{3x-3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x+4}+9} d\sqrt{3x+4}}{6\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x+4}+3}{3x+3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x+4}+9} d\sqrt{3x+4} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1103 \\
 & 6 \left(\frac{\log(3x+3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x+4}+9)}{6\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\log(3x-3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x+4}+9)}{6\sqrt{2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 - 3*x)/(Sqrt[4 + 3*x]*(1 + x^2)),x]`

output `6*(-1/6*Log[9 + 3*x - 3*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[4 + 3*x]]/Sqrt[2] + Log[9 + 3*x + 3*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[4 + 3*x]]/(6*Sqrt[2]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 654 `Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1478 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-2*(d/e) - b/c, 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q - 2*x)/Simp[d/e + q*x - x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q + 2*x)/Simp[d/e - q*x - x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && !GtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{(\ln(3+x-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x+4})-\ln(3+x+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x+4}))\sqrt{2}}{2}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}\ln(3x+9-3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x+4})}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\ln(3x+9+3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x+4})}{2}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}\ln(3x+9-3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x+4})}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\ln(3x+9+3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x+4})}{2}$
trager	$-\frac{\text{RootOf}(_Z^2-2)\ln\left(-\frac{\text{RootOf}(_Z^2-2)x^2+12\text{RootOf}(_Z^2-2)x-4\sqrt{3x+4}x+17\text{RootOf}(_Z^2-2)-12\sqrt{3x+4}}{x^2+1}\right)}{2}$

input `int((1-3*x)/(3*x+4)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/2*(ln(3+x-2^(1/2)*(3*x+4)^(1/2))-ln(3+x+2^(1/2)*(3*x+4)^(1/2)))*2^(1/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{1-3x}{\sqrt{4+3x}(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \log \left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x+4}(x+3) + x^2 + 12x + 17}{x^2 + 1} \right)$$

input `integrate((1-3*x)/(4+3*x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*sqrt(2)*log((2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(3*x + 4)*(x + 3) + x^2 + 12*x + 17)/(x^2 + 1))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1-3x}{\sqrt{4+3x}(1+x^2)} dx = -\int \frac{3x}{x^2\sqrt{3x+4} + \sqrt{3x+4}} dx - \int \left(-\frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{3x+4} + \sqrt{3x+4}} \right) dx$$

input `integrate((1-3*x)/(4+3*x)**(1/2)/(x**2+1), x)`

output `-Integral(3*x/(x**2*sqrt(3*x + 4) + sqrt(3*x + 4)), x) - Integral(-1/(x**2*sqrt(3*x + 4) + sqrt(3*x + 4)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1-3x}{\sqrt{4+3x}(1+x^2)} dx = \int -\frac{3x-1}{(x^2+1)\sqrt{3x+4}} dx$$

input `integrate((1-3*x)/(4+3*x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((3*x - 1)/((x^2 + 1)*sqrt(3*x + 4)), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 53 vs. 2(21) = 42.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{1-3x}{\sqrt{4+3x}(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \log \left(\frac{3}{5} \cdot 25^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{10} \sqrt{3x+4} + 3x+9 \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \log \left(-\frac{3}{5} \cdot 25^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{10} \sqrt{3x+4} + 3x+9 \right)$$

input `integrate((1-3*x)/(4+3*x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1), x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/2*\sqrt{2}*\log(3/5*25^{(1/4)}*\sqrt{10}*\sqrt{3*x + 4} + 3*x + 9) - 1/2*\sqrt{2}*\log(-3/5*25^{(1/4)}*\sqrt{10}*\sqrt{3*x + 4} + 3*x + 9)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1 - 3x}{\sqrt{4 + 3x}(1 + x^2)} dx = \sqrt{2} \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{24\sqrt{6x + 8}}{24x + 72}\right)$$

input $\text{int}(-(3*x - 1)/((3*x + 4)^{(1/2)}*(x^2 + 1)), x)$

output $2^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{atanh}((24*(6*x + 8)^{(1/2)})/(24*x + 72))$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{1 - 3x}{\sqrt{4 + 3x}(1 + x^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}(-\log(-3\sqrt{3x + 4}\sqrt{2} + 3x + 9) + \log(3\sqrt{3x + 4}\sqrt{2} + 3x + 9))}{2}$$

input $\text{int}((1-3*x)/(4+3*x)^{(1/2)}/(x^2+1), x)$

output $(\sqrt{2}*(-\log(-3*\sqrt{3*x + 4}*\sqrt{2} + 3*x + 9) + \log(3*\sqrt{3*x + 4}*\sqrt{2} + 3*x + 9)))/2$

3.146 $\int \frac{2+x}{\sqrt{3+4x}(1+x^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1234
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1234
Rubi [A] (verified)	1235
Maple [A] (verified)	1236
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1237
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1237
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1237
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1238
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1238
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1238

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int \frac{2+x}{\sqrt{3+4x}(1+x^2)} dx = -\arctan\left(2 - \sqrt{3+4x}\right) + \arctan\left(2 + \sqrt{3+4x}\right)$$

output `arctan(-2+(3+4*x)^(1/2))+arctan(2+(3+4*x)^(1/2))`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{2+x}{\sqrt{3+4x}(1+x^2)} dx = \arctan\left(\frac{-\frac{5}{2} + \frac{1}{2}(3+4x)}{\sqrt{3+4x}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(2 + x)/(Sqrt[3 + 4*x]*(1 + x^2)), x]`

output `ArcTan[(-5/2 + (3 + 4*x)/2)/Sqrt[3 + 4*x]]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {654, 1475, 1083, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x+2}{\sqrt{4x+3}(x^2+1)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{654} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{4x+8}{(4x+3)^2 - 6(4x+3) + 25} d\sqrt{4x+3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1475} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{4x - 4\sqrt{4x+3} + 8} d\sqrt{4x+3} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{4x + 4\sqrt{4x+3} + 8} d\sqrt{4x+3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1083} \\
 & 2 \left(- \int \frac{1}{-4x-7} d(2\sqrt{4x+3}-4) - \int \frac{1}{-4x-7} d(2\sqrt{4x+3}+4) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{217} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{2} (2\sqrt{4x+3}-4) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{2} (2\sqrt{4x+3}+4) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(2 + x)/(Sqrt[3 + 4*x]*(1 + x^2)),x]`

output `2*(ArcTan[(-4 + 2*Sqrt[3 + 4*x])/2]/2 + ArcTan[(4 + 2*Sqrt[3 + 4*x])/2]/2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 654 `Int[((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 1083 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1475 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[2*(d/e) - b/c, 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e + q*x + x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e - q*x + x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && (GtQ[2*(d/e) - b/c, 0] || (!LtQ[2*(d/e) - b/c, 0] && EqQ[d - e*Rt[a/c, 2], 0]))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\arctan(-2 + \sqrt{3 + 4x}) + \arctan(2 + \sqrt{3 + 4x})$	22
default	$\arctan(-2 + \sqrt{3 + 4x}) + \arctan(2 + \sqrt{3 + 4x})$	22
pseudoelliptic	$\arctan(-2 + \sqrt{3 + 4x}) + \arctan(2 + \sqrt{3 + 4x})$	22
trager	$\frac{\text{RootOf}(-Z^2+1) \ln\left(-\frac{2 \text{RootOf}(-Z^2+1) x^2 - 4 \text{RootOf}(-Z^2+1) x - 2\sqrt{3+4x} x - \text{RootOf}(-Z^2+1) + \sqrt{3+4x}}{x^2+1}\right)}{2}$	65

input `int((2+x)/(3+4*x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `arctan(-2+(3+4*x)^(1/2))+arctan(2+(3+4*x)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{2+x}{\sqrt{3+4x}(1+x^2)} dx = \arctan\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{4x+3}}\right)$$

input `integrate((2+x)/(3+4*x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `arctan((2*x - 1)/sqrt(4*x + 3))`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{2+x}{\sqrt{3+4x}(1+x^2)} dx = \operatorname{atan}\left(\sqrt{4x+3}-2\right) + \operatorname{atan}\left(\sqrt{4x+3}+2\right)$$

input `integrate((2+x)/(3+4*x)**(1/2)/(x**2+1),x)`

output `atan(sqrt(4*x + 3) - 2) + atan(sqrt(4*x + 3) + 2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{2+x}{\sqrt{3+4x}(1+x^2)} dx = \arctan\left(\sqrt{4x+3}+2\right) + \arctan\left(\sqrt{4x+3}-2\right)$$

input `integrate((2+x)/(3+4*x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `arctan(sqrt(4*x + 3) + 2) + arctan(sqrt(4*x + 3) - 2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{2+x}{\sqrt{3+4x}(1+x^2)} dx = \arctan\left(\sqrt{4x+3}+2\right) + \arctan\left(\sqrt{4x+3}-2\right)$$

input `integrate((2+x)/(3+4*x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`output `arctan(sqrt(4*x + 3) + 2) + arctan(sqrt(4*x + 3) - 2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{2+x}{\sqrt{3+4x}(1+x^2)} dx = \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{4x+3}}{2}\right) + \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(4x+2)\sqrt{4x+3}}{10}\right)$$

input `int((x + 2)/((4*x + 3)^(1/2)*(x^2 + 1)),x)`output `atan((4*x + 3)^(1/2)/2) + atan(((4*x + 2)*(4*x + 3)^(1/2))/10)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{2+x}{\sqrt{3+4x}(1+x^2)} dx = \operatorname{atan}\left(\sqrt{4x+3}-2\right) + \operatorname{atan}\left(\sqrt{4x+3}+2\right)$$

input `int((2+x)/(3+4*x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x)`output `atan(sqrt(4*x + 3) - 2) + atan(sqrt(4*x + 3) + 2)`

3.147 $\int \frac{-2+x}{\sqrt{-3+x}(-8+x^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1239
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1239
Rubi [B] (verified)	1240
Maple [C] (verified)	1241
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1242
Sympy [F]	1242
Maxima [F]	1242
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1243
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1243
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1243

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \frac{-2+x}{\sqrt{-3+x}(-8+x^2)} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{(-1+\sqrt{2})\sqrt{-3+x}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{(1+\sqrt{2})\sqrt{-3+x}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}}$$

output

```
1/2*arctan((2^(1/2)-1)*(-3+x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)+1/2*arctan((1+2^(1/2))*(-3+x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{-2+x}{\sqrt{-3+x}(-8+x^2)} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{-4+x}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-3+x}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(-2 + x)/(Sqrt[-3 + x]*(-8 + x^2)),x]
```

output

```
ArcTan[(-4 + x)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-3 + x])]/Sqrt[2]
```


Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 97 vs. $2(45) = 90$.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {654, 1477, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x-2}{\sqrt{x-3}(x^2-8)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 654$$

$$2 \int \frac{x-2}{(x-3)^2 + 6(x-3) + 1} d\sqrt{x-3}$$

$$\downarrow 1477$$

$$2 \left(\frac{1}{4} (2 - \sqrt{2}) \int \frac{1}{x - 2\sqrt{2}} d\sqrt{x-3} + \frac{1}{4} (2 + \sqrt{2}) \int \frac{1}{x + 2\sqrt{2}} d\sqrt{x-3} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 216$$

$$2 \left(\frac{(2 - \sqrt{2}) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{x-3}}{\sqrt{3-2\sqrt{2}}} \right)}{4\sqrt{3-2\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{(2 + \sqrt{2}) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{x-3}}{\sqrt{3+2\sqrt{2}}} \right)}{4\sqrt{3+2\sqrt{2}}} \right)$$

input `Int[(-2 + x)/(Sqrt[-3 + x]*(-8 + x^2)),x]`

output `2*(((2 - Sqrt[2])*ArcTan[Sqrt[-3 + x]/Sqrt[3 - 2*Sqrt[2]]])/(4*Sqrt[3 - 2*Sqrt[2]]) + ((2 + Sqrt[2])*ArcTan[Sqrt[-3 + x]/Sqrt[3 + 2*Sqrt[2]]])/(4*Sqrt[3 + 2*Sqrt[2]]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 216 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 654 Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

```
rule 1477 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

method	result
trager	$\frac{\text{RootOf}(-Z^2+2) \ln\left(\frac{\text{RootOf}(-Z^2+2)x^2-16x\text{RootOf}(-Z^2+2)-8\sqrt{-3+x}x+40\text{RootOf}(-Z^2+2)+32\sqrt{-3+x}}{x^2-8}\right)}{4}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\sqrt{2}(1+\sqrt{2}) \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{-3+x}}{2+2\sqrt{2}}\right)}{2+2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{(\sqrt{2}-1)\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{-3+x}}{-2+2\sqrt{2}}\right)}{-2+2\sqrt{2}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2}(1+\sqrt{2}) \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{-3+x}}{2+2\sqrt{2}}\right)}{2+2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{(\sqrt{2}-1)\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{-3+x}}{-2+2\sqrt{2}}\right)}{-2+2\sqrt{2}}$

```
input int((x-2)/(-3+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-8), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4*RootOf(_Z^2+2)*ln((RootOf(_Z^2+2)*x^2-16*x*RootOf(_Z^2+2)-8*(-3+x)^(1/2)*x+40*RootOf(_Z^2+2)+32*(-3+x)^(1/2))/(x^2-8))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{-2+x}{\sqrt{-3+x}(-8+x^2)} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(x-4)}{4\sqrt{x-3}} \right)$$

input `integrate((-2+x)/(-3+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-8),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/4*sqrt(2)*(x - 4)/sqrt(x - 3))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{-2+x}{\sqrt{-3+x}(-8+x^2)} dx = \int \frac{x-2}{\sqrt{x-3}(x^2-8)} dx$$

input `integrate((-2+x)/(-3+x)**(1/2)/(x**2-8),x)`

output `Integral((x - 2)/(sqrt(x - 3)*(x**2 - 8)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{-2+x}{\sqrt{-3+x}(-8+x^2)} dx = \int \frac{x-2}{(x^2-8)\sqrt{x-3}} dx$$

input `integrate((-2+x)/(-3+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-8),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x - 2)/((x^2 - 8)*sqrt(x - 3)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{-2+x}{\sqrt{-3+x}(-8+x^2)} dx = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2} \left(\pi + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(x-4)}{4\sqrt{x-3}} \right) \right)$$

input `integrate((-2+x)/(-3+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-8),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*sqrt(2)*(pi + 2*arctan(1/4*sqrt(2)*(x - 4)/sqrt(x - 3)))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{-2+x}{\sqrt{-3+x}(-8+x^2)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x-3}}{4} \right) + \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{7\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x-3}}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(x-3)^{3/2}}{4} \right) \right)}{2}$$

input `int((x - 2)/((x^2 - 8)*(x - 3)^(1/2)),x)`output `(2^(1/2)*(atan((2^(1/2)*(x - 3)^(1/2))/4) + atan((7*2^(1/2)*(x - 3)^(1/2))/4 + (2^(1/2)*(x - 3)^(3/2))/4)))/2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{-2+x}{\sqrt{-3+x}(-8+x^2)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2 \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x-3}}{\sqrt{2}+1} \right) - \log(\sqrt{x-3} - \sqrt{2}i + i) i + \log(\sqrt{x-3} + \sqrt{2}i - i) i \right)}{4}$$

input `int((-2+x)/(-3+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-8),x)`

output
$$\frac{(\sqrt{2}*(2*\operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{x-3})/(\sqrt{2}+1)) - \log(\sqrt{x-3} - \sqrt{2}*i + i)*i + \log(\sqrt{x-3} + \sqrt{2}*i - i)*i))/4}$$

3.148 $\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1245
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1246
Rubi [A] (verified)	1246
Maple [A] (verified)	1249
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1250
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1250
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1252
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1253
Mupad [F(-1)]	1253
Reduce [F]	1254

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 256

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{(2Abc(4bc^2 - 3ad^2) - aBd(6bc^2 - ad^2)) x \sqrt{a + bx^2}}{16b^2} + \frac{(Bc + 2Ad)(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{10b} + \frac{B(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{6b} - \frac{(8(2ad^2(3Bc + Ad) - bc^2(Bc + 12Ad)) + 3d(5aBd^2 - 2bc(Bc + 7Ad)) x) (a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{120b^2} + \frac{a(2Abc(4bc^2 - 3ad^2) - aBd(6bc^2 - ad^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{16b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/16*(2*A*b*c*(-3*a*d^2+4*b*c^2)-a*B*d*(-a*d^2+6*b*c^2))*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
/b^2+1/10*(2*A*d+B*c)*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b+1/6*B*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b-1/120*(16*a*d^2*(A*d+3*B*c)-8*b*c^2*(12*A*d+B*c)+3*d*(5*a*B*d^2-2*b*c*(7*A*d+B*c))*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b^2+1/16*a*(2*A*b*c*(-3*a*d^2+4*b*c^2)-a*B*d*(-a*d^2+6*b*c^2))*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-a^2d^2(96Bc + 32Ad + 15Bdx) + 2ab(Ad(120c^2 + 45cdx + 8d^2x^2) + B(40c^3 + 45c^2dx + 24c^2d^2x^2 + 5d^3x^3)) + 4b^2x(3A(10c^3 + 20c^2dx + 15cd^2x^2 + 4d^3x^3) + Bx(20c^3 + 45c^2dx + 36cd^2x^2 + 10d^3x^3))) - 15a(2Abc(4b^2c^2 - 3ad^2) + aBd(-6b^2c^2 + ad^2))\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[b]x) + \text{Sqrt}[a + bx^2]]}{(240b^{5/2})}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^2],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-(a^2*d^2*(96*B*c + 32*A*d + 15*B*d*x)) + 2*a*b*(A*d*(120*c^2 + 45*c*d*x + 8*d^2*x^2) + B*(40*c^3 + 45*c^2*d*x + 24*c*d^2*x^2 + 5*d^3*x^3)) + 4*b^2*x*(3*A*(10*c^3 + 20*c^2*d*x + 15*c*d^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*x^3) + B*x*(20*c^3 + 45*c^2*d*x + 36*c*d^2*x^2 + 10*d^3*x^3))) - 15*a*(2*A*b*c*(4*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2) + a*B*d*(-6*b*c^2 + a*d^2))*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(240*b^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {687, 27, 687, 27, 676, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^2}(A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\frac{\int 3(c + dx)^2(2Abc - aBd + b(Bc + 2Ad)x)\sqrt{bx^2 + adx}}{6b} + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)^3}{6b}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\int (c + dx)^2(2Abc - aBd + b(Bc + 2Ad)x)\sqrt{bx^2 + adx}}{2b} + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)^3}{6b}$$

↓ 687

$$\frac{\int b(c+dx)(10Abc^2-7aBdc-4aAd^2-(5aBd^2-2bc(Bc+7Ad))x)\sqrt{bx^2+adx} + \frac{1}{5}(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^2(2Ad+Bc) + \frac{B(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^3}{6b}}{2b}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}\int(c+dx)(10Abc^2-7aBdc-4aAd^2-(5aBd^2-2bc(Bc+7Ad))x)\sqrt{bx^2+adx} + \frac{1}{5}(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^2(2Ad+Bc) + \frac{B(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^3}{6b}}{2b}$$

↓ 676

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{5(2Abc(4bc^2-3ad^2)-aBd(6bc^2-ad^2))\int\sqrt{bx^2+adx}}{4b} - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(2ad^2(Ad+3Bc)-bc^2(12Ad+Bc))}{3b} - \frac{dx(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(5aBd^2-2bc(7Ad+Bc))}{4b}\right)}{2b} + \frac{B(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^3}{6b}}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{5(2Abc(4bc^2-3ad^2)-aBd(6bc^2-ad^2))\left(\frac{1}{2}a\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}dx+\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2}\right)}{4b} - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(2ad^2(Ad+3Bc)-bc^2(12Ad+Bc))}{3b} - \frac{dx(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(5aBd^2-2bc(7Ad+Bc))}{4b}\right)}{2b} + \frac{B(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^3}{6b}}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{5(2Abc(4bc^2-3ad^2)-aBd(6bc^2-ad^2))\left(\frac{1}{2}a\int\frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}}d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}+\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2}\right)}{4b} - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(2ad^2(Ad+3Bc)-bc^2(12Ad+Bc))}{3b} - \frac{dx(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(5aBd^2-2bc(7Ad+Bc))}{4b}\right)}{2b} + \frac{B(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^3}{6b}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{a \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2\sqrt{b}} \right) (2Abc(4bc^2 - 3ad^2) - aBd(6bc^2 - ad^2))}{4b} - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{3/2} (2ad^2(Ad+3Bc) - bc^2(12Ad+Bc))}{3b} - \frac{dx}{2b} \right)$$

$$\frac{B(a+bx^2)^{3/2} (c+dx)^3}{6b}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]`

output `(B*(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(6*b) + (((B*c + 2*A*d)*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/5 + ((-2*(2*a*d^2*(3*B*c + A*d) - b*c^2*(B*c + 12*A*d))*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*b) - (d*(5*a*B*d^2 - 2*b*c*(B*c + 7*A*d))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*b) + (5*(2*A*b*c*(4*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2) - a*B*d*(6*b*c^2 - a*d^2))*((x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b])))/(4*b))/5)/(2*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 676

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp
p[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p
+ 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g
, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 687

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result
default	$A c^3 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right) + d^2(Ad + 3Bc) \left(\frac{x^2(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5b} - \frac{2a(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15b^2} \right) + 3cd(Ad + B$
risch	$-\frac{(-40B d^3 b^2 x^5 - 48A b^2 d^3 x^4 - 144B b^2 c d^2 x^4 - 180A b^2 c d^2 x^3 - 10B a d^3 b x^3 - 180B b^2 c^2 d x^3 - 16A d^3 a b x^2 - 240A b^2 c^2 d x^2 - 48B a$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
A*c^3*(1/2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a/b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)))+
d^2*(A*d+3*B*c)*(1/5*x^2*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b-2/15*a/b^2*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2))+3*c
*d*(A*d+B*c)*(1/4*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b-1/4*a/b*(1/2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a
/b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))))+1/3*c^2*(3*A*d+B*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/
2)/b+B*d^3*(1/6*x^3*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b-1/2*a/b*(1/4*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b-1/4
*a/b*(1/2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a/b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 580, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{15(8Aab^2c^3 - 6Ba^2bc^2d - 6Aa^2bcd^2 + Ba^3d^3)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-2bx^2 - 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}\sqrt{bx} - a\right) + 2(40Bb^3d^3x^5 + 80Bab^2c^3 + 240Aa^2b^2c^2d - 96Ba^2b^2c^2d - 32Aa^2b^2d^3 + 48(3Bb^3c^2d + Ab^3d^3)x^4 + 10(18Bb^3c^2d + 18Ab^3c^2d^2 + B^2ab^2d^3)x^3 + 16(5Bb^3c^3 + 15Ab^3c^2d + 3B^2ab^2c^2d + A^2ab^2d^3)x^2 + 15(8Ab^3c^3 + 6B^2ab^2c^2d + 6A^2ab^2c^2d - B^2ab^2d^3)x)\sqrt{b^3} - 1/240(15(8Aa^2b^2c^3 - 6Ba^2b^2c^2d - 6Aa^2b^2c^2d + Ba^3d^3)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) - (40Bb^3d^3x^5 + 80Bab^2c^3 + 240Aa^2b^2c^2d - 96Ba^2b^2c^2d - 32Aa^2b^2d^3 + 48(3Bb^3c^2d + Ab^3d^3)x^4 + 10(18Bb^3c^2d + 18Ab^3c^2d^2 + B^2ab^2d^3)x^3 + 16(5Bb^3c^3 + 15Ab^3c^2d + 3B^2ab^2c^2d + A^2ab^2d^3)x^2 + 15(8Ab^3c^3 + 6B^2ab^2c^2d + 6A^2ab^2c^2d - B^2ab^2d^3)x)\sqrt{b^3}}{b^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/480*(15*(8*A*a*b^2*c^3 - 6*B*a^2*b*c^2*d - 6*A*a^2*b*c*d^2 + B*a^3*d^3)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*(40*B*b^3*d^3*x^5 + 80*B*a*b^2*c^3 + 240*A*a*b^2*c^2*d - 96*B*a^2*b*c^2*d - 32*A*a^2*b*d^3 + 48*(3*B*b^3*c^2*d + A*b^3*d^3)*x^4 + 10*(18*B*b^3*c^2*d + 18*A*b^3*c^2*d^2 + B*a*b^2*d^3)*x^3 + 16*(5*B*b^3*c^3 + 15*A*b^3*c^2*d + 3*B*a*b^2*c^2*d + A*a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 15*(8*A*b^3*c^3 + 6*B*a*b^2*c^2*d + 6*A*a*b^2*c^2*d - B*a^2*b*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^3, -1/240*(15*(8*A*a*b^2*c^3 - 6*B*a^2*b*c^2*d - 6*A*a^2*b*c*d^2 + B*a^3*d^3)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (40*B*b^3*d^3*x^5 + 80*B*a*b^2*c^3 + 240*A*a*b^2*c^2*d - 96*B*a^2*b*c^2*d - 32*A*a^2*b*d^3 + 48*(3*B*b^3*c^2*d + A*b^3*d^3)*x^4 + 10*(18*B*b^3*c^2*d + 18*A*b^3*c^2*d^2 + B*a*b^2*d^3)*x^3 + 16*(5*B*b^3*c^3 + 15*A*b^3*c^2*d + 3*B*a*b^2*c^2*d + A*a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 15*(8*A*b^3*c^3 + 6*B*a*b^2*c^2*d + 6*A*a*b^2*c^2*d - B*a^2*b*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^3]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 493 vs. $2(241) = 482$.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 493, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \left(\frac{Bd^3x^5}{6} + \frac{x^4(Ad^3 + 3Bbcd^2)}{5b} + \frac{x^3(3Abcd^2 + \frac{Bbd^3}{6} + 3Bbc^2d)}{4b} + \frac{x^2(Aad^3 + 3Abc^2d + 3Bacd^2 + Bbc^3 - \frac{4a(Ad^3 + 3Bbcd^2)}{5b})}{3b} \right) \\ \sqrt{a} \left(Ac^3x + \frac{Bd^3x^5}{5} + \frac{x^4(Ad^3 + 3Bcd^2)}{4} + \frac{x^3(3Acd^2 + 3Bc^2d)}{3} + \frac{x^2(3Ac^2d + Bc^3)}{2} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)**3*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(B*d**3*x**5/6 + x**4*(A*b*d**3 + 3*B*b*c*d**2)
)/(5*b) + x**3*(3*A*b*c*d**2 + B*a*d**3/6 + 3*B*b*c**2*d)/(4*b) + x**2*(A*
a*d**3 + 3*A*b*c**2*d + 3*B*a*c*d**2 + B*b*c**3 - 4*a*(A*b*d**3 + 3*B*b*c*
d**2)/(5*b))/(3*b) + x*(3*A*a*c*d**2 + A*b*c**3 + 3*B*a*c**2*d - 3*a*(3*A*
b*c*d**2 + B*a*d**3/6 + 3*B*b*c**2*d)/(4*b))/(2*b) + (3*A*a*c**2*d + B*a*c
**3 - 2*a*(A*a*d**3 + 3*A*b*c**2*d + 3*B*a*c*d**2 + B*b*c**3 - 4*a*(A*b*d*
**3 + 3*B*b*c*d**2)/(5*b))/(3*b))/b + (A*a*c**3 - a*(3*A*a*c*d**2 + A*b*c*
**3 + 3*B*a*c**2*d - 3*a*(3*A*b*c*d**2 + B*a*d**3/6 + 3*B*b*c**2*d)/(4*b))/
(2*b))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0
)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*(A*c**3*x + B*d**3
*x**5/5 + x**4*(A*d**3 + 3*B*c*d**2)/4 + x**3*(3*A*c*d**2 + 3*B*c**2*d)/3
+ x**2*(3*A*c**2*d + B*c**3)/2), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = & \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} B d^3 x^3}{6b} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} A c^3 x \\
& - \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} B a d^3 x}{8b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} B a^2 d^3 x}{16b^2} \\
& + \frac{A a c^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{B a^3 d^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{16b^{\frac{5}{2}}} \\
& + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} B c^3}{3b} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} A c^2 d}{b} \\
& + \frac{(3Bcd^2 + Ad^3)(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2}{5b} \\
& + \frac{3(Bc^2d + Acd^2)(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x}{4b} \\
& - \frac{3(Bc^2d + Acd^2)\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a x}{8b} \\
& - \frac{3(Bc^2d + Acd^2)a^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \\
& - \frac{2(3Bcd^2 + Ad^3)(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a}{15b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*d^3*x^3/b + 1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*c^3*x - 1/8*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*a*d^3*x/b^2 + 1/16*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*a^2*d^3*x/b^2 + 1/2*A*a*c^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) + 1/16*B*a^3*d^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(5/2) + 1/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*c^3/b + (b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*A*c^2*d/b + 1/5*(3*B*c*d^2 + A*d^3)*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*x^2/b + 3/4*(B*c^2*d + A*c*d^2)*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*x/b - 3/8*(B*c^2*d + A*c*d^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*x/b - 3/8*(B*c^2*d + A*c*d^2)*a^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) - 2/15*(3*B*c*d^2 + A*d^3)*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a/b^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{240} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left(\left(2 \left(\left(4 \left(5 B d^3 x + \frac{6 (3 B b^4 c d^2 + A b^4 d^3)}{b^4} \right) x + \frac{5 (18 B b^4 c^2 d + 18 A b^4 c d^2 + B a b^3 d^3)}{b^4} \right) \right) x + \frac{(8 A a b^2 c^3 - 6 B a^2 b c^2 d - 6 A a^2 b c d^2 + B a^3 d^3) \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right| \right)}{16 b^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/240*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*((2*((4*(5*B*d^3*x + 6*(3*B*b^4*c*d^2 + A*b^4*d^3)/b^4)*x + 5*(18*B*b^4*c^2*d + 18*A*b^4*c*d^2 + B*a*b^3*d^3)/b^4)*x + 8*(5*B*b^4*c^3 + 15*A*b^4*c^2*d + 3*B*a*b^3*c*d^2 + A*a*b^3*d^3)/b^4)*x + 15*(8*A*b^4*c^3 + 6*B*a*b^3*c^2*d + 6*A*a*b^3*c*d^2 - B*a^2*b^2*d^3)/b^4)*x + 16*(5*B*a*b^3*c^3 + 15*A*a*b^3*c^2*d - 6*B*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 - 2*A*a^2*b^2*d^3)/b^4) - 1/16*(8*A*a*b^2*c^3 - 6*B*a^2*b*c^2*d - 6*A*a^2*b*c*d^2 + B*a^3*d^3)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(5/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} (A + Bx) (c + dx)^3 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \int (Bx + A)(dx + c)^3 \sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.149 $\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1255
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1256
Rubi [A] (verified)	1256
Maple [A] (verified)	1259
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1259
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1260
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1261
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1261
Mupad [F(-1)]	1262
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1262

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(4Abc^2 - 2aBcd - aAd^2)x\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{8b} + \frac{B(c + dx)^2(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{5b}$$

$$- \frac{(8(aBd^2 - bc(Bc + 5Ad)) - 3bd(2Bc + 5Ad)x)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{60b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{a(4Abc^2 - 2aBcd - aAd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}\right)}{8b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/8*(-A*a*d^2+4*A*b*c^2-2*B*a*c*d)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+1/5*B*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b-1/60*(8*a*B*d^2-8*b*c*(5*A*d+B*c)-3*b*d*(5*A*d+2*B*c)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b^2+1/8*a*(-A*a*d^2+4*A*b*c^2-2*B*a*c*d)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-16a^2Bd^2 + 2b^2x(5A(6c^2 + 8cdx + 3d^2x^2) + 2Bx(10c^2 + 15cdx + 6d^2x^2)) + ab(5Ad(16c + 3d) + 5Bd^2(16c + 3d))}{120b^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^2],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-16*a^2*B*d^2 + 2*b^2*x*(5*A*(6*c^2 + 8*c*d*x + 3*d^2*x^2) + 2*B*x*(10*c^2 + 15*c*d*x + 6*d^2*x^2)) + a*b*(5*A*d*(16*c + 3*d*x) + B*(40*c^2 + 30*c*d*x + 8*d^2*x^2))) + 15*a*Sqrt[b]*(-4*A*b*c^2 + 2*a*B*c*d + a*A*d^2)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/(120*b^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {687, 676, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^2}(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\frac{\int (c + dx)(5Abc - 2aBd + b(2Bc + 5Ad)x)\sqrt{bx^2 + adx}}{5b} + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)^2}{5b}$$

$$\downarrow 676$$

$$\frac{\frac{5}{4}(-aAd^2 - 2aBcd + 4Abc^2) \int \sqrt{bx^2 + adx} - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(aBd^2 - bc(5Ad+Bc))}{3b}}{5b} + \frac{1}{4}dx(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(5Ad + 2Bc) + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)^2}{5b}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\frac{5}{4}(-aAd^2 - 2aBcd + 4Abc^2) \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(aBd^2 - bc(5Ad+Bc))}{3b} + \frac{1}{4}dx(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{5b} = \frac{B(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^2}{5b}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\frac{5}{4}(-aAd^2 - 2aBcd + 4Abc^2) \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(aBd^2 - bc(5Ad+Bc))}{3b} + \frac{1}{4}dx(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{5b} = \frac{B(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^2}{5b}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{5}{4} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) (-aAd^2 - 2aBcd + 4Abc^2) - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(aBd^2 - bc(5Ad+Bc))}{3b} + \frac{1}{4}dx(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{5b} = \frac{B(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^2}{5b}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(B*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*b) + ((-2*(a*B*d^2 - b*c*(B*c + 5*A*d))*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*b) + (d*(2*B*c + 5*A*d)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (5*(4*A*b*c^2 - 2*a*B*c*d - a*A*d^2)*((x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (a*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b]*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(2*Sqrt[b]))/4)/(5*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p / (2 \cdot p + 1), x] + \text{Simp}[2 \cdot a \cdot (p / (2 \cdot p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x / \text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / (1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]

rule 676 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x)) \cdot ((f_ + (g_ \cdot x)) \cdot ((a_ + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e \cdot f + d \cdot g) \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot c \cdot (p+1)), x] + (\text{Simp}[e \cdot g \cdot x \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot e \cdot g - c \cdot d \cdot f \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) / (c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) \text{Int}[(a + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x]) /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]

rule 687 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x))^m \cdot ((f_ + (g_ \cdot x)) \cdot ((a_ + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g \cdot (d + e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (c \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (c \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 2)) \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^p \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot d \cdot f \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 2) - a \cdot e \cdot g \cdot m + c \cdot (e \cdot f \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 2) + d \cdot g \cdot m) \cdot x, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2 \cdot p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2 \cdot m, 2 \cdot p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
default	$A c^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right) + d(Ad + 2Bc) \left(\frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4b} \right)$
risch	$\frac{(24Bd^2b^2x^4 + 30Ab^2d^2x^3 + 60Bb^2cdx^3 + 80Ab^2cdx^2 + 8Babd^2x^2 + 40c^2x^2Bb^2 + 15Aad^2xb + 60Ab^2c^2x + 30Bacdx + 80Aabcd - 16Bcd^2)}{120b^2}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `A*c^2*(1/2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a/b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)))+d*(A*d+2*B*c)*(1/4*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b-1/4*a/b*(1/2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a/b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)))+1/3*c*(2*A*d+B*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b+B*d^2*(1/5*x^2*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b-2/15*a/b^2*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{15(4Aabc^2 - 2Ba^2cd - Aa^2d^2)\sqrt{b} \log(-2bx^2 + 2\sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{bx} - a) - 2(24Bb^2d^2x^4 + 40Babc^2}{15(4Aabc^2 - 2Ba^2cd - Aa^2d^2)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) - (24Bb^2d^2x^4 + 40Babc^2 + 80Aabcd - 16Bcd^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[ -1/240*(15*(4*A*a*b*c^2 - 2*B*a^2*c*d - A*a^2*d^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 +
2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(24*B*b^2*d^2*x^4 + 40*B*a*b*c^2 + 8
0*A*a*b*c*d - 16*B*a^2*d^2 + 30*(2*B*b^2*c*d + A*b^2*d^2)*x^3 + 8*(5*B*b^2
*c^2 + 10*A*b^2*c*d + B*a*b*d^2)*x^2 + 15*(4*A*b^2*c^2 + 2*B*a*b*c*d + A*a
*b*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2, -1/120*(15*(4*A*a*b*c^2 - 2*B*a^2*c*d - A
*a^2*d^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (24*B*b^2*d^2*x^4
+ 40*B*a*b*c^2 + 80*A*a*b*c*d - 16*B*a^2*d^2 + 30*(2*B*b^2*c*d + A*b^2*d^2
)*x^3 + 8*(5*B*b^2*c^2 + 10*A*b^2*c*d + B*a*b*d^2)*x^2 + 15*(4*A*b^2*c^2 +
2*B*a*b*c*d + A*a*b*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 323, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \left(\frac{Bd^2x^4}{5} + \frac{x^3(Ad^2 + 2Bbcd)}{4b} + \frac{x^2 \cdot (2Abcd + \frac{BAd^2}{5} + Bbc^2)}{3b} + \frac{x \left(Aad^2 + Abc^2 + 2Bacd - \frac{3a(Ad^2 + 2Bbcd)}{4b} \right)}{2b} + \frac{2Aacd + Bc^2}{2b} \right) \\ \sqrt{a} \left(Ac^2x + \frac{Bd^2x^4}{4} + \frac{x^3(Ad^2 + 2Bcd)}{3} + \frac{x^2 \cdot (2Acd + Bc^2)}{2} \right) \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)**2*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(B*d**2*x**4/5 + x**3*(A*b*d**2 + 2*B*b*c*d)/(
4*b) + x**2*(2*A*b*c*d + B*a*d**2/5 + B*b*c**2)/(3*b) + x*(A*a*d**2 + A*b*
c**2 + 2*B*a*c*d - 3*a*(A*b*d**2 + 2*B*b*c*d)/(4*b))/(2*b) + (2*A*a*c*d +
B*a*c**2 - 2*a*(2*A*b*c*d + B*a*d**2/5 + B*b*c**2)/(3*b))/b) + (A*a*c**2 -
a*(A*a*d**2 + A*b*c**2 + 2*B*a*c*d - 3*a*(A*b*d**2 + 2*B*b*c*d)/(4*b))/(2
*b))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0))
, (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*(A*c**2*x + B*d**2*x
**4/4 + x**3*(A*d**2 + 2*B*c*d)/3 + x**2*(2*A*c*d + B*c**2)/2), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} B d^2 x^2}{5b} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} A c^2 x$$

$$+ \frac{A a c^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} B c^2}{3b}$$

$$+ \frac{2(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} A c d}{3b} - \frac{2(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} B a d^2}{15b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(2Bcd + Ad^2)(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x}{4b}$$

$$- \frac{(2Bcd + Ad^2)\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a x}{8b}$$

$$- \frac{(2Bcd + Ad^2)a^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/5*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*d^2*x^2/b + 1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*c^2*x + 1/2*A*a*c^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) + 1/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*c^2/b + 2/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*A*c*d/b - 2/15*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*a*d^2/b^2 + 1/4*(2*B*c*d + A*d^2)*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*x/b - 1/8*(2*B*c*d + A*d^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*x/b - 1/8*(2*B*c*d + A*d^2)*a^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{120} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left(\left(2 \left(3 \left(4 B d^2 x + \frac{5 (2 B b^3 c d + A b^3 d^2)}{b^3} \right) x + \frac{4 (5 B b^3 c^2 + 10 A b^3 c d + B a b^2 d^2)}{b^3} \right) x + \frac{15 (4 A a b c^2 - 2 B a^2 c d - A a^2 d^2) \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right| \right)}{8 b^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/120*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*((2*(3*(4*B*d^2*x + 5*(2*B*b^3*c*d + A*b^3*d^2)/b^3)*x + 4*(5*B*b^3*c^2 + 10*A*b^3*c*d + B*a*b^2*d^2)/b^3)*x + 15*(4*A*b^3*c^2 + 2*B*a*b^2*c*d + A*a*b^2*d^2)/b^3)*x + 8*(5*B*a*b^2*c^2 + 10*A*a*b^2*c*d - 2*B*a^2*b*d^2)/b^3) - 1/8*(4*A*a*b*c^2 - 2*B*a^2*c*d - A*a^2*d^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(3/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} (A + Bx) (c + dx)^2 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{80\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 bcd + 15\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 b d^2 x - 16\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 b d^2 + 60\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a b^2 c^2 x + 40\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a b^2}{1}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(80*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*c*d + 15*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*d**2*x - 16*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*d**2 + 60*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*c**2*x + 40*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*c**2 + 80*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 + 30*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*c*d*x + 30*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*d**2*x**3 + 8*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 40*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*c**2*x**2 + 60*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*c*d*x**3 + 24*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*d**2*x**4 - 15*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**3*d**2 + 60*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c**2 - 30*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c*d)/(120*b**2)
```


3.150 $\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1264
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1264
Rubi [A] (verified)	1265
Maple [A] (verified)	1267
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1267
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1268
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1269
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1269
Mupad [F(-1)]	1270
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1270

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{(4Abc - aBd)x\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{8b} + \frac{(4(Bc + Ad) + 3Bdx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{12b} + \frac{a(4Abc - aBd)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{8b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/8*(4*A*b*c-B*a*d)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+1/12*(3*B*d*x+4*A*d+4*B*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b+1/8*a*(4*A*b*c-B*a*d)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a + bx^2}(a(8Bc + 8Ad + 3Bdx) + 2bx(Bx(4c + 3dx) + A(6c + 4dx))) + 3a(-4Abc + aBd)\log\left(-\right)}{24b^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(a*(8*B*c + 8*A*d + 3*B*d*x) + 2*b*x*(B*x*(4*c + 3*d*x) + A*(6*c + 4*d*x))) + 3*a*(-4*A*b*c + a*B*d)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(24*b^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {676, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + bx^2}(A + Bx)(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 676 \\
 & \frac{(4Abc - aBd) \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx}{4b} + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (Ad + Bc)}{3b} + \frac{Bdx(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & \frac{(4Abc - aBd) \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)}{4b} + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (Ad + Bc)}{3b} + \frac{Bdx(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{(4Abc - aBd) \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2 + a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)}{4b} + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (Ad + Bc)}{3b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{Bdx(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2}\right)(4Abc - aBd)}{4b} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(Ad+Bc)}{3b} + \frac{Bdx(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{4b}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]`

output `((B*c + A*d)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*b) + (B*d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*b) + ((4*A*b*c - a*B*d)*((x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]))/(2*Sqrt[b]))/(4*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

output

```
[-1/48*(3*(4*A*a*b*c - B*a^2*d)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(6*B*b^2*d*x^3 + 8*B*a*b*c + 8*A*a*b*d + 8*(B*b^2*c + A*b^2*d)*x^2 + 3*(4*A*b^2*c + B*a*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2, -1/24*(3*(4*A*a*b*c - B*a^2*d)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (6*B*b^2*d*x^3 + 8*B*a*b*c + 8*A*a*b*d + 8*(B*b^2*c + A*b^2*d)*x^2 + 3*(4*A*b^2*c + B*a*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \left(\frac{Bdx^3}{4} + \frac{x^2(Abd+Bbc)}{3b} + \frac{x(Abc+\frac{Bad}{4})}{2b} + \frac{Aad+Bac-\frac{2a(Abd+Bbc)}{3b}}{b} \right) + \left(Aac - \frac{a(Abc+\frac{Bad}{4})}{2b} \right) \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{a+bx^2})}{\sqrt{bx^2}} \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{bx^2}} \end{cases} \right) \\ \sqrt{a} \left(Acx + \frac{Bdx^3}{3} + \frac{x^2(Ad+Bc)}{2} \right) \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(B*d*x**3/4 + x**2*(A*b*d + B*b*c)/(3*b) + x*(A*b*c + B*a*d/4)/(2*b) + (A*a*d + B*a*c - 2*a*(A*b*d + B*b*c)/(3*b))/b) + (A*a*c - a*(A*b*c + B*a*d/4)/(2*b))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*(A*c*x + B*d*x**3/3 + x**2*(A*d + B*c)/2), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} A c x + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} B d x}{4 b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} B a d x}{8 b} + \frac{A a c \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2 \sqrt{b}} - \frac{B a^2 d \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8 b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} B c}{3 b} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} A d}{3 b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*c*x + 1/4*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*d*x/b - 1/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*a*d*x/b + 1/2*A*a*c*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) - 1/8*B*a^2*d*a*rcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) + 1/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*c/b + 1/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*A*d/b`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left(\left(2 \left(3 B d x + \frac{4 (B b^2 c + A b^2 d)}{b^2} \right) x + \frac{3 (4 A b^2 c + B a b d)}{b^2} \right) x + \frac{8 (B a b c + A a b d)}{b^2} \right) - \frac{(4 A a b c - B a^2 d) \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{b} x + \sqrt{b x^2 + a} \right| \right)}{8 b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/24*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*((2*(3*B*d*x + 4*(B*b^2*c + A*b^2*d)/b^2)*x + 3*(4*A*b^2*c + B*a*b*d)/b^2)*x + 8*(B*a*b*c + A*a*b*d)/b^2 - 1/8*(4*A*a*b*c - B*a^2*d)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(3/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} (A + Bx) (c + dx) dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x), x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{8\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 d + 12\sqrt{bx^2 + a} abcx + 8\sqrt{bx^2 + a} abc + 8\sqrt{bx^2 + a} abd x^2 + 3\sqrt{bx^2 + a} abdx + 8\sqrt{bx^2 + a} abdx + 8\sqrt{bx^2 + a} abdx + 8\sqrt{bx^2 + a} abdx}{24b}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x)`

output `(8*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*d + 12*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c*x + 8*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c + 8*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*d*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*d*x + 8*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c*x**2 + 6*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*d*x**3 + 12*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**2*c - 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**2*d)/(24*b)`

3.151 $\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1271
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1271
Rubi [A] (verified)	1272
Maple [A] (verified)	1273
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1274
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1274
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1275
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1275
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1276
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1276

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{1}{2}Ax\sqrt{a + bx^2} + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{3b} + \frac{aA\operatorname{Arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
1/2*A*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/3*B*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b+1/2*a*A*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/
(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(2aB + 3Abx + 2bBx^2)}{6b} - \frac{aA \log\left(-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a + bx^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(2*a*B + 3*A*b*x + 2*b*B*x^2))/(6*b) - (a*A*Log[-(Sqrt[b]
*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b])
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$, Rules used = {455, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + bx^2}(A + Bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & A \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & A \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & A \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2 + a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & A \left(\frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{3b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2],x]`

output `(B*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*b) + A*((x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b]))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
default	$A \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right) + \frac{B(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b}$	54
risch	$\frac{(2Bbx^2+3Abx+2Ba)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{6b} + \frac{Aa \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}}$	56

input `int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `A*(1/2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a/b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)))+1/3*B*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3 Aa\sqrt{b} \log\left(-2bx^2 - 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}\sqrt{bx} - a\right) + 2(2Bbx^2 + 3Abx + 2Ba)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{12b}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3 Aa\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}\right) - (2Bbx^2 + 3Abx + 2Ba)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{6b} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/12*(3*A*a*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*(2*B*b*x^2 + 3*A*b*x + 2*B*a)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b, -1/6*(3*A*a*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (2*B*b*x^2 + 3*A*b*x + 2*B*a)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{Aa \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx^2}+2bx)}{\sqrt{b}} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{bx^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2} + \sqrt{a + bx^2} \left(\frac{Ax}{2} + \frac{Ba}{3b} + \frac{Bx^2}{3} \right) & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{a} \left(Ax + \frac{Bx^2}{2} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((A*a*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True))/2 + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(A*x/2 + B*a/(3*b) + B*x**2/3), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*(A*x + B*x**2/2), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{bx^2 + a}Ax + \frac{Aa \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}B}{3b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*x + 1/2*A*a*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) + 1/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B/b`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = -\frac{Aa \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right|\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{6}\sqrt{bx^2 + a}\left((2Bx + 3A)x + \frac{2Ba}{b}\right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*A*a*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/sqrt(b) + 1/6*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*((2*B*x + 3*A)*x + 2*B*a/b)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (A+Bx)\sqrt{a+bx^2} dx = \frac{B(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}{3b} + \frac{Ax\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{Aa \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x),x)`output `(B*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*b) + (A*x*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))/2 + (A*a*log(b^(1/2)*x + (a + b*x^2)^(1/2)))/(2*b^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (A+Bx)\sqrt{a+bx^2} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+a}abx + 2\sqrt{bx^2+a}ab + 2\sqrt{bx^2+a}b^2x^2 + 3\sqrt{b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}+\sqrt{b}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2}{6b}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*x + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*x**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**2)/(6*b)`

3.152 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+dx} dx$

Optimal result	1277
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1278
Rubi [A] (verified)	1278
Maple [A] (verified)	1281
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1282
Sympy [F]	1282
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1283
Giac [F(-2)]	1283
Mupad [F(-1)]	1284
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1284

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+dx} dx = -\frac{(2(Bc-Ad)-Bdx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2d^2} + \frac{(aBd^2+2bc(Bc-Ad))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bd^3}} + \frac{(Bc-Ad)\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d^3}$$

output

```
-1/2*(-B*d*x-2*A*d+2*B*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^2+1/2*(a*B*d^2+2*b*c*(-A*d+B*c))
)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/d^3+(-A*d+B*c)*(a*d^2+b*c^2)
)^(1/2)*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{d(-2Bc + 2Ad + Bdx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} - 4(Bc - Ad)\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx) - d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}}\right) - \frac{(aBd^2 + 2bc(Bc - Ad))}{2d^3}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(c + d*x),x]`

output `(d*(-2*B*c + 2*A*d + B*d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] - 4*(B*c - A*d)*Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]] - ((a*B*d^2 + 2*b*c*(B*c - A*d))*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/Sqrt[b])/(2*d^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {682, 25, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(A + Bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

$$\downarrow 682$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(ad(Bc - 2Ad) - (aBd^2 + 2bc(Bc - Ad))x)}{(c + dx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{2bd^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(2(Bc - Ad) - Bdx)}{2d^2}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{b(ad(Bc - 2Ad) - (aBd^2 + 2bc(Bc - Ad))x)}{(c + dx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{2bd^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(2(Bc - Ad) - Bdx)}{2d^2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{ad(Bc-2Ad)-(aBd^2+2bc(Bc-Ad))x}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2(Bc-Ad)-Bdx)}{2d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{719} \\
 & \frac{2(ad^2+bc^2)(Bc-Ad) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{(aBd^2+2bc(Bc-Ad)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \frac{2d^2}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2(Bc-Ad)-Bdx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{2(ad^2+bc^2)(Bc-Ad) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{(aBd^2+2bc(Bc-Ad)) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d} \\
 & \quad \frac{2d^2}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2(Bc-Ad)-Bdx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{2(ad^2+bc^2)(Bc-Ad) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(aBd^2+2bc(Bc-Ad))}{\sqrt{bd}} \\
 & \quad \frac{2d^2}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2(Bc-Ad)-Bdx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{488} \\
 & \frac{2(ad^2+bc^2)(Bc-Ad) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(aBd^2+2bc(Bc-Ad))}{\sqrt{bd}} \\
 & \quad \frac{2d^2}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2(Bc-Ad)-Bdx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}(Bc-Ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{d} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(aBd^2+2bc(Bc-Ad))}{\sqrt{bd}} \\
 & \quad \frac{2d^2}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2(Bc-Ad)-Bdx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[(A + B*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x), x]`

output

$$-1/2*((2*(B*c - A*d) - B*d*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])/d^2 - (-(((a*B*d^2 + 2*b*c*(B*c - A*d))*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]])/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*d) - (2*(B*c - A*d)*\text{Sqrt}[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*\text{ArcTanh}[(a*d - b*c*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])])/d)/(2*d^2)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 488

$$\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$$

rule 682

$$\text{Int}(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^m)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{m+1}*(c*e*f*(m+2*p+2) - g*c*d*(2*p+1) + g*c*e*(m+2*p+1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m+2*p+1)*(m+2*p+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m+2*p+1)*(m+2*p+2))) \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^{p-1}*\text{Simp}[f*a*c*e^2*(m+2*p+2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*d*e*(m+2*p+2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p+1) + a*c*e^2*(m+2*p+1))]*x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[m] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, 0])) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m+2*p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$$

rule 719

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

method	result
risch	$\frac{(Bdx+2Ad-2Bc)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2d^2} - \frac{(2Abcd-aBd^2-2Bbc^2)\ln(\sqrt{b}x+\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{d\sqrt{b}} + \frac{2(Aa^3a+Abc^2d-aBcd^2-bBc^3)\ln\left(\frac{2ad^2+2bc^2-2bc(x+\frac{c}{d})}{d^2}\right)}{2d^2}$
default	$\frac{B\left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a\ln(\sqrt{b}x+\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)}{d} + (Ad-Bc)\left(\sqrt{b\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{b}c\ln\left(\frac{-\frac{bc}{d}+b\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{b\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}\right)}{d}\right)$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*(B*d*x+2*A*d-2*B*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^2-1/2/d^2*((2*A*b*c*d-B*a*d^2-2*
B*b*c^2)/d*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)+2*(A*a*d^3+A*b*c^2*d-B*a*
c*d^2-B*b*c^3)/d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c
/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2
+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 39.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 784, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.26

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + dx} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*((2*B*b*c^2 - 2*A*b*c*d + B*a*d^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(B*b*c - A*b*d)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*(B*b*d^2*x - 2*B*b*c*d + 2*A*b*d^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(b*d^3), -1/2*((2*B*b*c^2 - 2*A*b*c*d + B*a*d^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) + (B*b*c - A*b*d)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - (B*b*d^2*x - 2*B*b*c*d + 2*A*b*d^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(b*d^3), 1/4*(4*(B*b*c - A*b*d)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) + (2*B*b*c^2 - 2*A*b*c*d + B*a*d^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*(B*b*d^2*x - 2*B*b*c*d + 2*A*b*d^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(b*d^3), 1/2*(2*(B*b*c - A*b*d)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) - (2*B*b*c^2 - 2*A*b*c*d + B*a*d^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) + (B*b*d^2*x - 2*B*b*c*d + 2*A*b*d^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(b*d^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + dx} dx$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(d*x+c),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)/(c + d*x), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + dx} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}Bx}{2d} + \frac{B\sqrt{bc^2} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{d^3} - \frac{A\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{Ba \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bd}} - \frac{B\sqrt{a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}} c \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{A\sqrt{a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}Bc}{d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}A}{d}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*x/d + B*sqrt(b)*c^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^3 - A*sqrt(b)*c*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^2 + 1/2*B*a*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(b)*d) - B*sqrt(a + b*c^2/d^2)*c*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/d^2 + A*sqrt(a + b*c^2/d^2)*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/d - sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*c/d^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A/d`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + dx} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E
rror: Bad Argument Value
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}(A + Bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input

```
int(((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(c + d*x), x)
```

output

```
int(((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(c + d*x), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2189, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.69

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + dx} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c), x)
```

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*
sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(
b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a*c*d + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*
sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c*
**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*b*c**2 - 2*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sq
rt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a**2*d**3 - 2*sqrt(2*s
qrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)
*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c*
**2))*a*b*c**2*d + 2*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*
c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a*b*c*d**2 + 2*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2
+ b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/
sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*b**2*c**3 - s
qrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*
d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**2 + 2*
b*c**2) + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)*a*c*d + sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)
*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( -
sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2) + sqrt(a +...
```

3.153 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1286
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1287
Rubi [A] (verified)	1287
Maple [B] (verified)	1290
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1291
Sympy [F]	1292
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1292
Giac [F(-1)]	1293
Mupad [F(-1)]	1293
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1293

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \frac{(2Bc - Ad + Bdx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(2Bc - Ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d^3} - \frac{(aBd^2 + bc(2Bc - Ad))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}}$$

output

```
(B*d*x-A*d+2*B*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^2/(d*x+c)-b^(1/2)*(-A*d+2*B*c)*arctanh
(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^3-(a*B*d^2+b*c*(-A*d+2*B*c))*arctanh((-b*c*x
+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^3/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{d(2Bc - Ad + Bdx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + dx} - \frac{2(aBd^2 + bc(2Bc - Ad)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c + dx) - d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}}\right) + \sqrt{b}(2Bc - Ad) \log\left(-\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{a + bx^2}\right)}{d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(c + d*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
((d*(2*B*c - A*d + B*d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(c + d*x) - (2*(a*B*d^2 + b*c*(2*B*c - A*d))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2 - a*d^2)])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2 - a*d^2)] + Sqrt[b]*(2*B*c - A*d)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x + Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/d^3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {681, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(A + Bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 681$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-Ad + 2Bc + Bdx)}{d^2(c + dx)} - \frac{\int -\frac{2(aBd - b(2Bc - Ad)x)}{(c + dx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{2d^2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{aBd - b(2Bc - Ad)x}{(c + dx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-Ad + 2Bc + Bdx)}{d^2(c + dx)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 719 \\
& \frac{(aBd^2+bc(2Bc-Ad)) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{b(2Bc-Ad) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-Ad+2Bc+Bdx)}{d^2(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 224 \\
& \frac{(aBd^2+bc(2Bc-Ad)) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{b(2Bc-Ad) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d} + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-Ad+2Bc+Bdx)}{d^2(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{(aBd^2+bc(2Bc-Ad)) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{b}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(2Bc-Ad)}{d} + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-Ad+2Bc+Bdx)}{d^2(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 488 \\
& -\frac{(aBd^2+bc(2Bc-Ad)) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{b}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(2Bc-Ad)}{d} + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-Ad+2Bc+Bdx)}{d^2(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 219 \\
& -\frac{(aBd^2+bc(2Bc-Ad))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{d\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{b}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(2Bc-Ad)}{d} + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-Ad+2Bc+Bdx)}{d^2(c+dx)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `((2*B*c - A*d + B*d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(d^2*(c + d*x)) + (-((Sqrt[b]*(2*B*c - A*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/d) - ((a*B*d^2 + b*c*(2*B*c - A*d))*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/(d*Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]))/d^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 488 $\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_*)(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$
- rule 681 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_.) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1) + e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}*\text{Simp}[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1] \ || \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !\text{RationalQ}[m])) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$
- rule 719 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_.) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)/e \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 440 vs. $2(136) = 272$.

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 441, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

method	result
risch	$\frac{B\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(Ad-2Bc)\ln(\sqrt{b}x+\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{d} + \frac{(2Abcd-aBd^2-3Bbc^2)\ln\left(\frac{2ad^2+2bc^2-2bc\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right)+2\sqrt{\frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}\sqrt{b\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right)^2-\frac{2bc\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right)}{d}}}{x+\frac{c}{d}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{\frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}}$
default	$B\left(\sqrt{b\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right)^2-\frac{2bc\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right)}{d}+\frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}-\frac{\sqrt{b}c\ln\left(\frac{-\frac{bc}{d}+b\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}+\sqrt{b\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right)^2-\frac{2bc\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right)}{d}+\frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}\right)}{d}\right)-\frac{(ad^2+bc^2)\ln\left(\frac{2ad^2+2bc^2-2bc\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right)+2\sqrt{\frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}\sqrt{b\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right)^2-\frac{2bc\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right)}{d}}}{x+\frac{c}{d}}\right)}{d^2}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output B/d^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/d^2*(b^(1/2)*(A*d-2*B*c)/d*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))+1/d^2*(2*A*b*c*d-B*a*d^2-3*B*b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))+1/d^3*(A*a*d^3+A*b*c^2*d-B*a*c*d^2-B*b*c^3)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 326 vs. $2(137) = 274$.

Time = 64.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1369, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.13

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/2*((2*B*b*c^4 - A*b*c^3*d + 2*B*a*c^2*d^2 - A*a*c*d^3 + (2*B*b*c^3*d -
A*b*c^2*d^2 + 2*B*a*c*d^3 - A*a*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x
^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - (2*B*b*c^3 - A*b*c^2*d + B*a*c*d^2 + (2*B*b*c^2*d
- A*b*c*d^2 + B*a*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2
- 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a
*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - 2*(2*B*b*c^3*d - A*b*c
^2*d^2 + 2*B*a*c*d^3 - A*a*d^4 + (B*b*c^2*d^2 + B*a*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)
/(b*c^3*d^3 + a*c*d^5 + (b*c^2*d^4 + a*d^6)*x), -1/2*(2*(2*B*b*c^3 - A*b*c
^2*d + B*a*c*d^2 + (2*B*b*c^2*d - A*b*c*d^2 + B*a*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*
d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 +
a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) + (2*B*b*c^4 - A*b*c^3*d + 2*B*a*c^2*d
^2 - A*a*c*d^3 + (2*B*b*c^3*d - A*b*c^2*d^2 + 2*B*a*c*d^3 - A*a*d^4)*x)*sq
rt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(2*B*b*c^3*d - A
*b*c^2*d^2 + 2*B*a*c*d^3 - A*a*d^4 + (B*b*c^2*d^2 + B*a*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2
+ a))/(b*c^3*d^3 + a*c*d^5 + (b*c^2*d^4 + a*d^6)*x), 1/2*(2*(2*B*b*c^4 -
A*b*c^3*d + 2*B*a*c^2*d^2 - A*a*c*d^3 + (2*B*b*c^3*d - A*b*c^2*d^2 + 2*B*
a*c*d^3 - A*a*d^4)*x)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) + (2*B*b*
c^3 - A*b*c^2*d + B*a*c*d^2 + (2*B*b*c^2*d - A*b*c*d^2 + B*a*d^3)*x)*sqrt(
b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d
^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)/(c + d*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = & \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}Bc}{d^3x + cd^2} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}A}{d^2x + cd} - \frac{2B\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{d^3} \\ & + \frac{A\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{Bbc^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}}d^4} \\ & - \frac{Abc \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}}d^3} \\ & + \frac{B\sqrt{a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}B}{d^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*c/(d^3*x + c*d^2) - sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A/(d^2*x + c*d) - 2*B*sqrt(b)*c*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^3 + A*sqrt(b)*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^2 + B*b*c^2*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/(sqrt(a + b*c^2/d^2)*d^4) - A*b*c*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/(sqrt(a + b*c^2/d^2)*d^3) + B*sqrt(a + b*c^2/d^2)*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/d^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B/d^2`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}(A + Bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(c + d*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1018, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.79

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output

```

(2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(-sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a
*d + b*c*x)*a*b*c**2*d + 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(-sqrt(a + b*x**2)*s
qrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b*c*d**2*x - 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
*log(-sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b*c*d**2 -
2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(-sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a
*d + b*c*x)*a*b*d**3*x - 4*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(-sqrt(a + b*x**2)*s
qrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**2*c**3 - 4*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*lo
g(-sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**2*c**2*d*x -
2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b*c**2*d - 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
*log(c + d*x)*a*b*c*d**2*x + 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b*c*d*
*2 + 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b*d**3*x + 4*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c
**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**2*c**3 + 4*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**2*c*
*2*d*x - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*d**4 - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d**2 +
4*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c*d**3 + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*d**4*x + 4*sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*b**2*c**3*d + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*d**2*x - sqrt(b)*log(
sqrt(a + b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*a**2*c*d**3 - sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) -
sqrt(b)*x)*a**2*d**4*x - sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*a*b*c*
*3*d - sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*a*b*c**2*d**2*x + 2*sqrt(
b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*a*b*c**2*d**2 + 2*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a
+ b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*a*b*c*d**3*x + 2*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) - ...

```

3.154 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1295
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1296
Rubi [A] (verified)	1296
Maple [B] (verified)	1299
Fricas [F(-1)]	1300
Sympy [F]	1301
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1301
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1303
Mupad [F(-1)]	1304
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1304

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx = \frac{(Bc-Ad)(ad-bcx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2d(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^2} - \frac{B\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{d^2(c+dx)} + \frac{\sqrt{b}B\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d^3} + \frac{b(2bBc^3+ad^2(3Bc-Ad))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2d^3(bc^2+ad^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/2*(-A*d+B*c)*(-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^2-B*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^2/(d*x+c)+b^(1/2)*B*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^3+1/2*b*(2*b*B*c^3+a*d^2*(-A*d+3*B*c))*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^3/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(3/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-ad^2(Ad+B(c+2dx))+bc(Ad^2x-Bc(2c+3dx)))}{(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^2} - \frac{2b(2bBc^3+ad^2(3Bc-Ad)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right)}{(-bc^2-ad^2)^{3/2}} - 2\sqrt{b}B \log\left(\frac{\dots}{2d^3}\right)$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `((d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-(a*d^2*(A*d + B*(c + 2*d*x))) + b*c*(A*d^2*x - B*c*(2*c + 3*d*x))))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) - (2*b*(2*b*B*c^3 + a*d^2*(3*B*c - A*d))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]])/(-(b*c^2) - a*d^2)^(3/2) - 2*Sqrt[b]*B*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*d^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {680, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(A + Bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 680$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{2b(ad(Bc-Ad)-2B(bc^2+ad^2)x)}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{4d^2(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(dx(2aBd^2 + bc(3Bc - Ad)) + ad^2(Ad + Bc) + 2bBc^3)}{2d^2(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b \int \frac{ad(Bc-Ad)-2B(bc^2+ad^2)x}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(2aBd^2+bc(3Bc-Ad))+ad^2(Ad+Bc)+2bBc^3)}{2d^2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 719 \\
& \frac{b \left(\frac{(ad^2(3Bc-Ad)+2bBc^3) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{2B(ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} \right)}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(2aBd^2+bc(3Bc-Ad))+ad^2(Ad+Bc)+2bBc^3)}{2d^2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 224 \\
& \frac{b \left(\frac{(ad^2(3Bc-Ad)+2bBc^3) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{2B(ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d} \right)}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(2aBd^2+bc(3Bc-Ad))+ad^2(Ad+Bc)+2bBc^3)}{2d^2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{b \left(\frac{(ad^2(3Bc-Ad)+2bBc^3) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{2B \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(2aBd^2+bc(3Bc-Ad))+ad^2(Ad+Bc)+2bBc^3)}{2d^2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 488 \\
& \frac{b \left(\frac{(ad^2(3Bc-Ad)+2bBc^3) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d} - \frac{2B \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(2aBd^2+bc(3Bc-Ad))+ad^2(Ad+Bc)+2bBc^3)}{2d^2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 219
\end{aligned}$$

$$b \left(-\frac{(ad^2(3Bc-Ad)+2bBc^3)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right) - \frac{2B\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt{bd}}}{d\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}} \right) - \frac{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(2aBd^2+bc(3Bc-Ad))+ad^2(Ad+Bc)+2bBc^3)} - \frac{2d^2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*((2*b*B*c^3 + a*d^2*(B*c + A*d) + d*(2*a*B*d^2 + b*c*(3*B*c - A*d))*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(d^2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) - (b*((-2*B*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(Sqrt[b]*d) - ((2*b*B*c^3 + a*d^2*(3*B*c - A*d))*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/(d*Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]))/(2*d^2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 680

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m
+ 2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)))*((d*g - e*f*(m + 2))*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - 2*c*d^2*p*(e*
f - d*g) - e*(g*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + 2*c*d*p*(e*f - d*g))*x), x] - Sim
p[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + c*x^
2)^(p - 1)*Simp[2*a*c*e*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2) - c*(2*c*d*(d*g*(2*p + 1) - e*f
*(m + 2*p + 2)) - 2*a*e^2*g*(m + 1))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f,
g}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3
, 0]
```

rule 719

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1444 vs. $2(171) = 342$.

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1445, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.57

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1445

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

B/d^3*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*
c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*((b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b
*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*c/d*ln((-b*c/d+b*(x+c/d))/b^(1/2)+(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*
b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))-(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d
^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1
/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))+2*b/(
a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(1/4*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/b*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)
+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/b^(3/2
)*ln((-b*c/d+b*(x+c/d))/b^(1/2)+(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)
/d^2)^(1/2)))+(A*d-B*c)/d^4*(-1/2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^2*(b*(x+c/d)^
2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+1/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/(a*
d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/
2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*((b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1
/2)-b^(1/2)*c/d*ln((-b*c/d+b*(x+c/d))/b^(1/2)+(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)
+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))-(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln(
(2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)
)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))+2*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*
d^2*(1/4*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/b*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)
/d^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/b^(3/2)*ln((-b*c/d+
b*(x+c/d))/b^(1/2)+(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)...

```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)/(c + d*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 548 vs. $2(172) = 344$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 548, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx = & \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}Bbc^2}{2(bc^2d^3x+ad^5x+bc^3d^2+acd^4)} \\
 & + \frac{(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bc}{2(bc^2d^2x^2+ad^4x^2+2bc^3dx+2acd^3x+bc^4+ac^2d^2)} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}Abc}{2(bc^2d^2x+ad^4x+bc^3d+acd^3)} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}Bbc}{2(bc^2d^2+ad^4)} \\
 & - \frac{(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}A}{2(bc^2dx^2+ad^3x^2+2bc^3x+2acd^2x+\frac{bc^4}{d}+ac^2d)} \\
 & + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}Ab}{2(bc^2d+ad^3)} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}B}{d^3x+cd^2} + \frac{B\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{d^3} \\
 & + \frac{Bb^2c^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{2\left(a+\frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^6} \\
 & - \frac{Ab^2c^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{2\left(a+\frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^5} \\
 & - \frac{3Bbc \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+\frac{bc^2}{d^2}}d^4} \\
 & + \frac{Ab \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+\frac{bc^2}{d^2}}d^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*b*c^2/(b*c^2*d^3*x + a*d^5*x + b*c^3*d^2 + a*c*d^4)
+ 1/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*c/(b*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a*d^4*x^2 + 2*b*c^3*d*x + 2*a
*c*d^3*x + b*c^4 + a*c^2*d^2) - 1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*b*c/(b*c^2*d^2*x + a
*d^4*x + b*c^3*d + a*c*d^3) - 1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*b*c/(b*c^2*d^2 + a*d^4
) - 1/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*A/(b*c^2*d*x^2 + a*d^3*x^2 + 2*b*c^3*x + 2*a*c*d
^2*x + b*c^4/d + a*c^2*d) + 1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*b/(b*c^2*d + a*d^3) - sq
rt(b*x^2 + a)*B/(d^3*x + c*d^2) + B*sqrt(b)*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^3 + 1
/2*B*b^2*c^3*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d
*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(3/2)*d^6) - 1/2*A*b^2*c^2*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(
a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(3/2)*
d^5) - 3/2*B*b*c*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*a
bs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)*d^4) + 1/2*A*b*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)
*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)*d^3)

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 617 vs. $2(172) = 344$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 617, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.23

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(2Bb^2c^3 + 3Babcd^2 - Aabd^3) \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})d + \sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}}\right)}{(bc^2d^3 + ad^5)\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}}$$

$$- \frac{B\sqrt{b} \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right|\right)}{d^3}$$

$$- \frac{4\left(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right)^3 Bb^2c^3d - 2\left(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right)^3 Ab^2c^2d^2 + 3\left(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right)^3 Babcd^3 - \left(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right)^3 Aabd^3}{(bc^2d^3 + ad^5)\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```


output

```

-(2*B*b^2*c^3 + 3*B*a*b*c*d^2 - A*a*b*d^3)*arctan(-((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))/((b*c^2*d^3 + a*d^5)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)) - B*sqrt(b)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/d^3 - (4*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*B*b^2*c^3*d - 2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*A*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*B*a*b*c*d^3 - (sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*A*a*b*d^4 + 6*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*B*b^(5/2)*c^4 - 2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*A*b^(5/2)*c^3*d + (sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*B*a*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^2 + (sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*A*a*b^(3/2)*c*d^3 - 2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*B*a^2*sqrt(b)*d^4 - 8*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*B*a*b^2*c^3*d + 2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*A*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 5*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*B*a^2*b*c*d^3 - (sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*A*a^2*b*d^4 + 3*B*a^2*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^2 - A*a^2*b^(3/2)*c*d^3 + 2*B*a^3*sqrt(b)*d^4)/((b*c^2*d^3 + a*d^5)*((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*d + 2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*sqrt(b)*c - a*d)^2)

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}(A + Bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input

```
int(((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(c + d*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
int(((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(c + d*x)^3, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1555, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.14

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d +
b*c*x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**3 + 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sq
rt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b*c*d**4*x + sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*
log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b*d**5*x**2
- 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*
d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d**2 - 6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)
*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**3*x - 3*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*
c*d**4*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b
*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**3*c**5 - 4*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x
**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**3*c**4*d*x - 2*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**3*c**
3*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**3 - 2*sqrt
(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*c*d**4*x - sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log
(c + d*x)*a**2*b*d**5*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c
**3*d**2 + 6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**3*x + 3*sq
rt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c*d**4*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**
2)*log(c + d*x)*b**3*c**5 + 4*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**3*c**4
*d*x + 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**3*c**3*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*a**3*d**6 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*c**2*d**4 + sqrt(a + b*x**...
```

3.155 $\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1306
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1307
Rubi [A] (verified)	1307
Maple [A] (verified)	1310
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1311
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1312
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1314
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1315
Mupad [F(-1)]	1315
Reduce [F]	1316

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 317

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3a(8Abc(2bc^2 - ad^2) - aBd(8bc^2 - ad^2)) x \sqrt{a + bx^2}}{128b^2} + \frac{(8Abc(2bc^2 - ad^2) - aBd(8bc^2 - ad^2)) x (a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{64b^2} + \frac{(3Bc + 8Ad)(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{56b} + \frac{B(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{8b} - \frac{(4(8ad^2(3Bc + Ad) - bc^2(3Bc + 64Ad)) + 5d(7aBd^2 - 2bc(Bc + 12Ad)) x) (a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{560b^2} + \frac{3a^2(8Abc(2bc^2 - ad^2) - aBd(8bc^2 - ad^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{128b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
3/128*a*(8*A*b*c*(-a*d^2+2*b*c^2)-a*B*d*(-a*d^2+8*b*c^2))*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^2+1/64*(8*A*b*c*(-a*d^2+2*b*c^2)-a*B*d*(-a*d^2+8*b*c^2))*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b^2+1/56*(8*A*d+3*B*c)*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b+1/8*B*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b-1/560*(32*a*d^2*(A*d+3*B*c)-4*b*c^2*(64*A*d+3*B*c)+5*d*(7*a*B*d^2-2*b*c*(12*A*d+B*c))*x*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b^2+3/128*a^2*(8*A*b*c*(-a*d^2+2*b*c^2)-a*B*d*(-a*d^2+8*b*c^2))*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-a^3d^2(768Bc + 256Ad + 105Bdx) + 16b^3x^3(2A(35c^3 + 84c^2dx + 70cd^2x^2 + 20d^3x^3) + Bx(56c^3 + 140c^2dx + 120cd^2x^2 + 35d^3x^3)) + 2a^2b(4Ad(336c^2 + 105cdx + 16d^2x^2) + B(448c^3 + 420c^2dx + 192cd^2x^2 + 35d^3x^3)) + 8ab^2x(2A(175c^3 + 336c^2dx + 245cd^2x^2 + 64d^3x^3) + Bx(224c^3 + 490c^2dx + 384cd^2x^2 + 105d^3x^3))) - 105a^2(8Abc(2b^2c^2 - ad^2) + aBd(-8b^2c^2 + ad^2))*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x + \text{Sqrt}[a + bx^2])]}{(4480b^{5/2})}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-(a^3*d^2*(768*B*c + 256*A*d + 105*B*d*x)) + 16*b^3*x^3*(2*A*(35*c^3 + 84*c^2*d*x + 70*c*d^2*x^2 + 20*d^3*x^3) + B*x*(56*c^3 + 140*c^2*d*x + 120*c*d^2*x^2 + 35*d^3*x^3)) + 2*a^2*b*(4*A*d*(336*c^2 + 105*c*d*x + 16*d^2*x^2) + B*(448*c^3 + 420*c^2*d*x + 192*c*d^2*x^2 + 35*d^3*x^3)) + 8*a*b^2*x*(2*A*(175*c^3 + 336*c^2*d*x + 245*c*d^2*x^2 + 64*d^3*x^3) + B*x*(224*c^3 + 490*c^2*d*x + 384*c*d^2*x^2 + 105*d^3*x^3))) - 105*a^2*(8*A*b*c*(2*b^2*c^2 - a*d^2) + a*B*d*(-8*b^2*c^2 + a*d^2))*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x + Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/(4480*b^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {687, 687, 27, 676, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\frac{\int (c + dx)^2(8Abc - 3aBd + b(3Bc + 8Ad)x) (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} dx}{8b} + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^3}{8b}$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\frac{\int b(c+dx)(56Abc^2-27aBdc-16aAd^2-3(7aBd^2-2bc(Bc+12Ad))x)(bx^2+a)^{3/2}dx}{7b} + \frac{1}{7}(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^2(8Ad+3Bc) +$$

$$\frac{B(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^3}{8b}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{7} \int (c+dx)(56Abc^2-27aBdc-16aAd^2-3(7aBd^2-2bc(Bc+12Ad))x)(bx^2+a)^{3/2}dx + \frac{1}{7}(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(c$$

$$\frac{B(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^3}{8b}$$

↓ 676

$$\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{7(8Abc(2bc^2-ad^2)-aBd(8bc^2-ad^2))}{2b} \int (bx^2+a)^{3/2}dx - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(8ad^2(Ad+3Bc)-bc^2(64Ad+3Bc))}{5b} - \frac{dx(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(7aBd^2-2bc}{2b} \right)$$

$$\frac{B(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^3}{8b}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{7(8Abc(2bc^2-ad^2)-aBd(8bc^2-ad^2))}{2b} \left(\frac{3}{4}a \int \sqrt{bx^2+ax} + \frac{1}{4}x(a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(8ad^2(Ad+3Bc)-bc^2(64Ad+3Bc))}{5b} - \frac{dx(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(7aBd^2-2bc}{2b} \right)$$

$$\frac{B(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^3}{8b}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{7(8Abc(2bc^2-ad^2)-aBd(8bc^2-ad^2))}{2b} \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(8ad^2(Ad+3Bc)-bc^2(64Ad+3Bc))}{5b} - \frac{dx(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(7aBd^2-2bc}{2b} \right)$$

$$\frac{B(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^3}{8b}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{7(8Abc(2bc^2 - ad^2) - aBd(8bc^2 - ad^2)) \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2 + a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right)}{2b} - \frac{2(a + bx^2)^{5/2}(8ad^2(Ad + 3Bc) - 5b^2)}{5b} \right)$$

8b

$$\frac{B(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^3}{8b}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{\arctanh\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) (8Abc(2bc^2 - ad^2) - aBd(8bc^2 - ad^2))}{2b} - \frac{2(a + bx^2)^{5/2}(8ad^2(Ad + 3Bc) - 5b^2)}{5b} \right)$$

8b

$$\frac{B(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^3}{8b}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(B*(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(8*b) + (((3*B*c + 8*A*d)*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/7 + ((-2*(8*a*d^2*(3*B*c + A*d) - b*c^2*(3*B*c + 64*A*d))*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*b) - (d*(7*a*B*d^2 - 2*b*c*(B*c + 12*A*d))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(2*b) + (7*(8*A*b*c*(2*b*c^2 - a*d^2) - a*B*d*(8*b*c^2 - a*d^2))*((x*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*a*((x*sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (a*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b]*x)/sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*sqrt[b]))/4)/(2*b))/7)/(8*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 676 $\text{Int}(((d_) + (e_ \cdot)(x_)) \cdot ((f_) + (g_ \cdot)(x_)) \cdot ((a_ + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e \cdot f + d \cdot g) \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^{(p+1)}/(2 \cdot c \cdot (p+1)), x] + (\text{Simp}[e \cdot g \cdot x \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^{(p+1)}/(c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot e \cdot g - c \cdot d \cdot f \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3))/(c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) \ \text{Int}[(a + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 687 $\text{Int}(((d_) + (e_ \cdot)(x_))^m \cdot ((f_) + (g_ \cdot)(x_)) \cdot ((a_ + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g \cdot (d + e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^{(p+1)}/(c \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 2)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^{(m-1)} \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^p \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot d \cdot f \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 2) - a \cdot e \cdot g \cdot m + c \cdot (e \cdot f \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 2) + d \cdot g \cdot m) \cdot x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2 \cdot p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2 \cdot m, 2 \cdot p]) \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[f, 0])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

output

```
[1/8960*(105*(16*A*a^2*b^2*c^3 - 8*B*a^3*b*c^2*d - 8*A*a^3*b*c*d^2 + B*a^4*d^3)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*(560*B*b^4*d^3*x^7 + 896*B*a^2*b^2*c^3 + 2688*A*a^2*b^2*c^2*d - 768*B*a^3*b*c*d^2 - 256*A*a^3*b*d^3 + 640*(3*B*b^4*c*d^2 + A*b^4*d^3)*x^6 + 280*(8*B*b^4*c^2*d + 8*A*b^4*c*d^2 + 3*B*a*b^3*d^3)*x^5 + 128*(7*B*b^4*c^3 + 21*A*b^4*c^2*d + 24*B*a*b^3*c*d^2 + 8*A*a*b^3*d^3)*x^4 + 70*(16*A*b^4*c^3 + 56*B*a*b^3*c^2*d + 56*A*a*b^3*c*d^2 + B*a^2*b^2*d^3)*x^3 + 128*(14*B*a*b^3*c^3 + 42*A*a*b^3*c^2*d + 3*B*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 + A*a^2*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 35*(80*A*a*b^3*c^3 + 24*B*a^2*b^2*c^2*d + 24*A*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 - 3*B*a^3*b*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^3, -1/4480*(105*(16*A*a^2*b^2*c^3 - 8*B*a^3*b*c^2*d - 8*A*a^3*b*c*d^2 + B*a^4*d^3)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (560*B*b^4*d^3*x^7 + 896*B*a^2*b^2*c^3 + 2688*A*a^2*b^2*c^2*d - 768*B*a^3*b*c*d^2 - 256*A*a^3*b*d^3 + 640*(3*B*b^4*c*d^2 + A*b^4*d^3)*x^6 + 280*(8*B*b^4*c^2*d + 8*A*b^4*c*d^2 + 3*B*a*b^3*d^3)*x^5 + 128*(7*B*b^4*c^3 + 21*A*b^4*c^2*d + 24*B*a*b^3*c*d^2 + 8*A*a*b^3*d^3)*x^4 + 70*(16*A*b^4*c^3 + 56*B*a*b^3*c^2*d + 56*A*a*b^3*c*d^2 + B*a^2*b^2*d^3)*x^3 + 128*(14*B*a*b^3*c^3 + 42*A*a*b^3*c^2*d + 3*B*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 + A*a^2*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 35*(80*A*a*b^3*c^3 + 24*B*a^2*b^2*c^2*d + 24*A*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 - 3*B*a^3*b*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^3]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 921 vs. $2(301) = 602$.

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 921, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)**3*(b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```

Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(B*b*d**3*x**7/8 + x**6*(A*b**2*d**3 + 3*B*b**
2*c*d**2))/(7*b) + x**5*(3*A*b**2*c*d**2 + 9*B*a*b*d**3/8 + 3*B*b**2*c**2*d
)/(6*b) + x**4*(2*A*a*b*d**3 + 3*A*b**2*c**2*d + 6*B*a*b*c*d**2 + B*b**2*c
**3 - 6*a*(A*b**2*d**3 + 3*B*b**2*c*d**2))/(5*b) + x**3*(6*A*a*b*c*d
**2 + A*b**2*c**3 + B*a**2*d**3 + 6*B*a*b*c**2*d - 5*a*(3*A*b**2*c*d**2 +
9*B*a*b*d**3/8 + 3*B*b**2*c**2*d))/(4*b) + x**2*(A*a**2*d**3 + 6*A*a
*b*c**2*d + 3*B*a**2*c*d**2 + 2*B*a*b*c**3 - 4*a*(2*A*a*b*d**3 + 3*A*b**2*
c**2*d + 6*B*a*b*c*d**2 + B*b**2*c**3 - 6*a*(A*b**2*d**3 + 3*B*b**2*c*d**2
))/(7*b))/(5*b))/(3*b) + x*(3*A*a**2*c*d**2 + 2*A*a*b*c**3 + 3*B*a**2*c**2*
d - 3*a*(6*A*a*b*c*d**2 + A*b**2*c**3 + B*a**2*d**3 + 6*B*a*b*c**2*d - 5*a
*(3*A*b**2*c*d**2 + 9*B*a*b*d**3/8 + 3*B*b**2*c**2*d))/(6*b))/(4*b))/(2*b)
+ (3*A*a**2*c**2*d + B*a**2*c**3 - 2*a*(A*a**2*d**3 + 6*A*a*b*c**2*d + 3*B
*a**2*c*d**2 + 2*B*a*b*c**3 - 4*a*(2*A*a*b*d**3 + 3*A*b**2*c**2*d + 6*B*a*
b*c*d**2 + B*b**2*c**3 - 6*a*(A*b**2*d**3 + 3*B*b**2*c*d**2))/(7*b))/(5*b)
)/(3*b))/b + (A*a**2*c**3 - a*(3*A*a**2*c*d**2 + 2*A*a*b*c**3 + 3*B*a**2*c
**2*d - 3*a*(6*A*a*b*c*d**2 + A*b**2*c**3 + B*a**2*d**3 + 6*B*a*b*c**2*d -
5*a*(3*A*b**2*c*d**2 + 9*B*a*b*d**3/8 + 3*B*b**2*c**2*d))/(6*b))/(4*b))/(2
*b))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0))
, (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), (a**(3/2)*(A*c**3*x + B*d**3*
x**5/5 + x**4*(A*d**3 + 3*B*c*d**2)/4 + x**3*(3*A*c*d**2 + 3*B*c**2*d)/...

```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx &= \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2} B d^3 x^3}{8b} \\
&+ \frac{1}{4} (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} A c^3 x + \frac{3}{8} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} A a c^3 x - \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2} B a d^3 x}{16b^2} \\
&+ \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} B a^2 d^3 x}{64b^2} + \frac{3 \sqrt{bx^2 + a} B a^3 d^3 x}{128b^2} + \frac{3 A a^2 c^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}} \\
&+ \frac{3 B a^4 d^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128b^{5/2}} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2} B c^3}{5b} + \frac{3 (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} A c^2 d}{5b} \\
&+ \frac{(3 B c d^2 + A d^3)(bx^2 + a)^{5/2} x^2}{7b} + \frac{(B c^2 d + A c d^2)(bx^2 + a)^{5/2} x}{2b} \\
&- \frac{(B c^2 d + A c d^2)(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} a x}{8b} - \frac{3 (B c^2 d + A c d^2) \sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 x}{16b} \\
&- \frac{3 (B c^2 d + A c d^2) a^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} - \frac{2 (3 B c d^2 + A d^3)(bx^2 + a)^{5/2} a}{35b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/8*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*B*d^3*x^3/b + 1/4*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*A*c^3*x + 3/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*a*c^3*x - 1/16*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*B*a*d^3*x/b^2 + 1/64*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*a^2*d^3*x/b^2 + 3/128*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*a^3*d^3*x/b^2 + 3/8*A*a^2*c^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) + 3/128*B*a^4*d^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(5/2) + 1/5*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*B*c^3/b + 3/5*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*A*c^2*d/b + 1/7*(3*B*c*d^2 + A*d^3)*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*x^2/b + 1/2*(B*c^2*d + A*c*d^2)*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*x/b - 1/8*(B*c^2*d + A*c*d^2)*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*x/b - 3/16*(B*c^2*d + A*c*d^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*x/b - 3/16*(B*c^2*d + A*c*d^2)*a^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) - 2/35*(3*B*c*d^2 + A*d^3)*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*a/b^2
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 424, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{4480} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left(\left(2 \left(\left(4 \left(5 \left(2 \left(7 Bbd^3x + \frac{8(3Bb^7cd^2 + Ab^7d^3)}{b^6} \right) \right) x + \frac{7(8Bb^7c^2d + 8Ab^7d^3)}{b^6} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\ - \frac{3(16Aa^2b^2c^3 - 8Ba^3bc^2d - 8Aa^3bcd^2 + Ba^4d^3) \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right| \right)}{128b^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/4480*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*((2*((4*(5*(2*(7*B*b*d^3*x + 8*(3*B*b^7*c*d^2 + A*b^7*d^3)/b^6)*x + 7*(8*B*b^7*c^2*d + 8*A*b^7*c*d^2 + 3*B*a*b^6*d^3)/b^6)*x + 16*(7*B*b^7*c^3 + 21*A*b^7*c^2*d + 24*B*a*b^6*c*d^2 + 8*A*a*b^6*d^3)/b^6)*x + 35*(16*A*b^7*c^3 + 56*B*a*b^6*c^2*d + 56*A*a*b^6*c*d^2 + B*a^2*b^5*d^3)/b^6)*x + 64*(14*B*a*b^6*c^3 + 42*A*a*b^6*c^2*d + 3*B*a^2*b^5*c*d^2 + A*a^2*b^5*d^3)/b^6)*x + 35*(80*A*a*b^6*c^3 + 24*B*a^2*b^5*c^2*d + 24*A*a^2*b^5*c*d^2 - 3*B*a^3*b^4*d^3)/b^6)*x + 128*(7*B*a^2*b^5*c^3 + 21*A*a^2*b^5*c^2*d - 6*B*a^3*b^4*c*d^2 - 2*A*a^3*b^4*d^3)/b^6) - 3/128*(16*A*a^2*b^2*c^3 - 8*B*a^3*b*c^2*d - 8*A*a^3*b*c*d^2 + B*a^4*d^3)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(5/2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} (A + Bx) (c + dx)^3 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output

```
int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^3, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (Bx + A)(dx + c)^3 (bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

3.156 $\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1317
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1318
Rubi [A] (verified)	1318
Maple [A] (verified)	1321
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1321
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1322
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1323
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1324
Mupad [F(-1)]	1325
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1325

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a(6Abc^2 - 2aBcd - aAd^2) x \sqrt{a + bx^2}}{16b} + \frac{(6Abc^2 - 2aBcd - aAd^2) x (a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{24b} + \frac{B(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{7b} - \frac{(12(aBd^2 - bc(Bc + 7Ad)) - 5bd(2Bc + 7Ad)x) (a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{210b^2} + \frac{a^2(6Abc^2 - 2aBcd - aAd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/16*a*(-A*a*d^2+6*A*b*c^2-2*B*a*c*d)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+1/24*(-A*a*d^2+6
*A*b*c^2-2*B*a*c*d)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b+1/7*B*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b-
1/210*(12*a*B*d^2-12*b*c*(7*A*d+B*c)-5*b*d*(7*A*d+2*B*c)*x)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2
)/b^2+1/16*a^2*(-A*a*d^2+6*A*b*c^2-2*B*a*c*d)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(
1/2))/b^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-96a^3Bd^2 + 3a^2b(7Ad(32c + 5dx) + 2B(56c^2 + 35cdx + 8d^2x^2)) + 4b^3x^3(7A(15c^2 + 35c*d*x + 8*d^2*x^2)) + 4*b^3*x^3*(7*A*(15*c^2 + 24*c*d*x + 10*d^2*x^2) + 4*B*x*(21*c^2 + 35*c*d*x + 15*d^2*x^2)) + 2*a*b^2*x*(7*A*(75*c^2 + 96*c*d*x + 35*d^2*x^2) + 2*B*x*(168*c^2 + 245*c*d*x + 96*d^2*x^2))) + 105*a^2*sqrt[b]*(-6*A*b*c^2 + 2*a*B*c*d + a*A*d^2)*Log[-(sqrt[b]*x) + sqrt[a + b*x^2]]}{1680*b^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-96*a^3*B*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*(7*A*d*(32*c + 5*d*x) + 2*B*(56*c^2 + 35*c*d*x + 8*d^2*x^2)) + 4*b^3*x^3*(7*A*(15*c^2 + 24*c*d*x + 10*d^2*x^2) + 4*B*x*(21*c^2 + 35*c*d*x + 15*d^2*x^2)) + 2*a*b^2*x*(7*A*(75*c^2 + 96*c*d*x + 35*d^2*x^2) + 2*B*x*(168*c^2 + 245*c*d*x + 96*d^2*x^2))) + 105*a^2*Sqrt[b]*(-6*A*b*c^2 + 2*a*B*c*d + a*A*d^2)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(1680*b^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {687, 676, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\frac{\int (c + dx)(7Abc - 2aBd + b(2Bc + 7Ad)x) (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} dx}{7b} + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^2}{7b}$$

$$\downarrow 676$$

$$\frac{\frac{7}{6}(-aAd^2 - 2aBcd + 6Abc^2) \int (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} dx - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(aBd^2 - bc(7Ad+Bc))}{5b} + \frac{1}{6}dx(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(7Ad+2Bc)}{\frac{7b}{B(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^2}} \downarrow 211$$

$$\frac{\frac{7}{6}(-aAd^2 - 2aBcd + 6Abc^2) \left(\frac{3}{4}a \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(aBd^2 - bc(7Ad+Bc))}{5b} + \frac{1}{6}dx(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(7Ad+2Bc)}{\frac{7b}{B(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^2}} \downarrow 211$$

$$\frac{\frac{7}{6}(-aAd^2 - 2aBcd + 6Abc^2) \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(aBd^2 - bc(7Ad+Bc))}{5b} + \frac{1}{6}dx(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(7Ad+2Bc)}{\frac{7b}{B(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^2}} \downarrow 224$$

$$\frac{\frac{7}{6}(-aAd^2 - 2aBcd + 6Abc^2) \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(aBd^2 - bc(7Ad+Bc))}{5b} + \frac{1}{6}dx(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(7Ad+2Bc)}{\frac{7b}{B(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^2}} \downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{\frac{7}{6} \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) (-aAd^2 - 2aBcd + 6Abc^2) - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(aBd^2 - bc(7Ad+Bc))}{5b} + \frac{1}{6}dx(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(7Ad+2Bc)}{\frac{7b}{B(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^2}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```


output

```
(B*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*b) + ((-2*(a*B*d^2 - b*c*(B*c + 7*A*d))*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*b) + (d*(2*B*c + 7*A*d)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/6 + (7*(6*A*b*c^2 - 2*a*B*c*d - a*A*d^2)*((x*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*a*((x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/2 + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b])))/4)/6)/(7*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 224

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 676

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 687

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
default	$A c^2 \left(\frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3a \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4} \right) + d(Ad + 2Bc) \left(\frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \dots \right)}{\dots} \right)$
risch	$\frac{(240B b^3 d^2 x^6 + 280A b^3 d^2 x^5 + 560B b^3 c d x^5 + 672A b^3 c d x^4 + 384B a b^2 d^2 x^4 + 336B b^3 c^2 x^4 + 490A a b^2 d^2 x^3 + 420A b^3 c^2 x^3 + 980B a b^2 d^2 x^2 + \dots)}{\dots}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output A*c^2*(1/4*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+3/4*a*(1/2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a/b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))))+d*(A*d+2*B*c)*(1/6*x*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b-1/6*a/b*(1/4*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+3/4*a*(1/2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a/b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))))+1/5*c*(2*A*d+B*c)/b*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)+B*d^2*(1/7*x^2*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b-2/35*a/b^2*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 538, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \left[-\frac{105(6Aa^2bc^2 - 2Ba^3cd - Aa^3d^2)\sqrt{b} \log(-2bx^2 + 2\sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{bx} - a) - 2(240Bb^3d^2x^6 + \dots)}{\dots} \right]$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/3360*(105*(6*A*a^2*b*c^2 - 2*B*a^3*c*d - A*a^3*d^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(240*B*b^3*d^2*x^6 + 336*B*a^2*b*c^2 + 672*A*a^2*b*c*d - 96*B*a^3*d^2 + 280*(2*B*b^3*c*d + A*b^3*d^2))*x^5 + 48*(7*B*b^3*c^2 + 14*A*b^3*c*d + 8*B*a*b^2*d^2)*x^4 + 70*(6*A*b^3*c^2 + 14*B*a*b^2*c*d + 7*A*a*b^2*d^2)*x^3 + 48*(14*B*a*b^2*c^2 + 28*A*a*b^2*c*d + B*a^2*b*d^2)*x^2 + 105*(10*A*a*b^2*c^2 + 2*B*a^2*b*c*d + A*a^2*b*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2, -1/1680*(105*(6*A*a^2*b*c^2 - 2*B*a^3*c*d - A*a^3*d^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (240*B*b^3*d^2*x^6 + 336*B*a^2*b*c^2 + 672*A*a^2*b*c*d - 96*B*a^3*d^2 + 280*(2*B*b^3*c*d + A*b^3*d^2))*x^5 + 48*(7*B*b^3*c^2 + 14*A*b^3*c*d + 8*B*a*b^2*d^2)*x^4 + 70*(6*A*b^3*c^2 + 14*B*a*b^2*c*d + 7*A*a*b^2*d^2)*x^3 + 48*(14*B*a*b^2*c^2 + 28*A*a*b^2*c*d + B*a^2*b*d^2)*x^2 + 105*(10*A*a*b^2*c^2 + 2*B*a^2*b*c*d + A*a^2*b*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 609 vs. $2(209) = 418$.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 609, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \begin{cases} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \left(\frac{Bbd^2x^6}{7} + \frac{x^5(Ab^2d^2 + 2Bb^2cd)}{6b} + \frac{x^4(2Ab^2cd + \frac{8Babd^2}{7} + Bb^2c^2)}{5b} + \frac{x^3(2Aabd^2 + Ab^2c^2 + 4Babcd - \frac{5a}{4b})}{4b} \right) \\ a^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(Ac^2x + \frac{Bd^2x^4}{4} + \frac{x^3(Ad^2 + 2Bcd)}{3} + \frac{x^2(2Acd + Bc^2)}{2} \right) \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)**2*(b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(B*b*d**2*x**6/7 + x**5*(A*b**2*d**2 + 2*B*b**2*c*d)/(6*b) + x**4*(2*A*b**2*c*d + 8*B*a*b*d**2/7 + B*b**2*c**2)/(5*b) + x**3*(2*A*a*b*d**2 + A*b**2*c**2 + 4*B*a*b*c*d - 5*a*(A*b**2*d**2 + 2*B*b**2*c*d)/(6*b))/(4*b) + x**2*(4*A*a*b*c*d + B*a**2*d**2 + 2*B*a*b*c**2 - 4*a*(2*A*b**2*c*d + 8*B*a*b*d**2/7 + B*b**2*c**2)/(5*b))/(3*b) + x*(A*a**2*d**2 + 2*A*a*b*c**2 + 2*B*a**2*c*d - 3*a*(2*A*a*b*d**2 + A*b**2*c**2 + 4*B*a*b*c*d - 5*a*(A*b**2*d**2 + 2*B*b**2*c*d)/(6*b))/(4*b))/(2*b) + (2*A*a**2*c*d + B*a**2*c**2 - 2*a*(4*A*a*b*c*d + B*a**2*d**2 + 2*B*a*b*c**2 - 4*a*(2*A*b**2*c*d + 8*B*a*b*d**2/7 + B*b**2*c**2)/(5*b))/(3*b))/b + (A*a**2*c**2 - a*(A*a**2*d**2 + 2*A*a*b*c**2 + 2*B*a**2*c*d - 3*a*(2*A*a*b*d**2 + A*b**2*c**2 + 4*B*a*b*c*d - 5*a*(A*b**2*d**2 + 2*B*b**2*c*d)/(6*b))/(4*b))/(2*b))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), (a**(3/2)*(A*c**2*x + B*d**2*x**4/4 + x**3*(A*d**2 + 2*B*c*d)/3 + x**2*(2*A*c*d + B*c**2)/2), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2} B d^2 x^2}{7b} + \frac{1}{4} (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} A c^2 x$$

$$+ \frac{3}{8} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} A a c^2 x + \frac{3 A a^2 c^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8 \sqrt{b}} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2} B c^2}{5b} + \frac{2 (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} A c d}{5b}$$

$$- \frac{2 (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} B a d^2}{35 b^2} + \frac{(2 B c d + A d^2)(bx^2 + a)^{5/2} x}{6b} - \frac{(2 B c d + A d^2)(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} a x}{24b}$$

$$- \frac{(2 B c d + A d^2) \sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 x}{16b} - \frac{(2 B c d + A d^2) a^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{16 b^{3/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/7*(b*x^2 + a)^{(5/2)}*B*d^2*x^2/b + 1/4*(b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*A*c^2*x + 3/8*\text{sqrt}(b*x^2 + a)*A*a*c^2*x + 3/8*A*a^2*c^2*\text{arcsinh}(b*x/\text{sqrt}(a*b))/\text{sqrt}(b) + 1 \\ & /5*(b*x^2 + a)^{(5/2)}*B*c^2/b + 2/5*(b*x^2 + a)^{(5/2)}*A*c*d/b - 2/35*(b*x^2 + a)^{(5/2)}*B*a*d^2/b^2 + 1/6*(2*B*c*d + A*d^2)*(b*x^2 + a)^{(5/2)}*x/b - 1/ \\ & 24*(2*B*c*d + A*d^2)*(b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*a*x/b - 1/16*(2*B*c*d + A*d^2)*\text{sqrt}(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*x/b - 1/16*(2*B*c*d + A*d^2)*a^3*\text{arcsinh}(b*x/\text{sqrt}(a*b))/b^{(3/2)} \end{aligned}$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 (a \\ & + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{1680} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left(\left(2 \left(\left(4 \left(5 \left(6 Bbd^2x + \frac{7(2Bb^6cd + Ab^6d^2)}{b^5} \right) \right) x + \frac{6(7Bb^6c^2 + 14Ab^6cd + \right. \right. \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. \left. \left(6Aa^2bc^2 - 2Ba^3cd - Aa^3d^2 \right) \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right| \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\ & - \frac{\quad}{16b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/1680*\text{sqrt}(b*x^2 + a)*((2*((4*(5*(6*B*b*d^2*x + 7*(2*B*b^6*c*d + A*b^6*d^2)/b^5)*x + 6*(7*B*b^6*c^2 + 14*A*b^6*c*d + 8*B*a*b^5*d^2)/b^5)*x + 35*(6* \\ & A*b^6*c^2 + 14*B*a*b^5*c*d + 7*A*a*b^5*d^2)/b^5)*x + 24*(14*B*a*b^5*c^2 + \\ & 28*A*a*b^5*c*d + B*a^2*b^4*d^2)/b^5)*x + 105*(10*A*a*b^5*c^2 + 2*B*a^2*b^4 \\ & *c*d + A*a^2*b^4*d^2)/b^5)*x + 48*(7*B*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 14*A*a^2*b^4*c*d - 2* \\ & B*a^3*b^3*d^2)/b^5 - 1/16*(6*A*a^2*b*c^2 - 2*B*a^3*c*d - A*a^3*d^2)*\log(a \\ & bs(-\text{sqrt}(b)*x + \text{sqrt}(b*x^2 + a)))/b^{(3/2)} \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} (A + Bx) (c + dx)^2 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 442, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{672\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^3bcd + 105\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^3bd^2x - 96\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^3bd^2 + 1050\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2b^2c^2x + 36\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^3bd^2 + 1050\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2b^2c^2x + 1344\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2b^2cdx + 210\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2b^2cdx + 490\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2b^2d^2x^3 + 48\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2b^2d^2x^2 + 420\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2b^3c^2x^3 + 672\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2b^3c^2x^2 + 672\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2b^3cd^2x^4 + 980\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2b^3cd^2x^3 + 280\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2b^3d^2x^5 + 384\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2b^3d^2x^4 + 336\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2b^4c^2x^4 + 560\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2b^4cd^2x^5 + 240\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2b^4d^2x^6 - 105\sqrt{b}\log((\sqrt{a + bx^2}) + \sqrt{b}x)/\sqrt{a})a^4d^2 + 630\sqrt{b}\log((\sqrt{a + bx^2}) + \sqrt{b}x)/\sqrt{a})a^3b^2c^2 - 210\sqrt{b}\log((\sqrt{a + bx^2}) + \sqrt{b}x)/\sqrt{a})a^3b^2cd)/(1680b^2)$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `(672*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b*c*d + 105*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b*d**2*x - 96*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b*d**2 + 1050*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*c**2*x + 36*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*c**2 + 1344*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*c*d*x**2 + 210*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*c*d*x + 490*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*d**2*x**3 + 48*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 420*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**3*c**2*x**3 + 672*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**3*c**2*x**2 + 672*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**3*c*d*x**4 + 980*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**3*c*d*x**3 + 280*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**3*d**2*x**5 + 384*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**3*d**2*x**4 + 336*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**4*c**2*x**4 + 560*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**4*c*d*x**5 + 240*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**4*d**2*x**6 - 105*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**4*d**2 + 630*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**3*b*c**2 - 210*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**3*b*c*d)/(1680*b**2)`

3.157 $\int (A + Bx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1326
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1326
Rubi [A] (verified)	1327
Maple [A] (verified)	1329
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1330
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1330
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1331
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1332
Mupad [F(-1)]	1332
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1333

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a(6Abc - aBd)x\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{16b} + \frac{(6Abc - aBd)x(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{24b} + \frac{(6(Bc + Ad) + 5Bdx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{30b} + \frac{a^2(6Abc - aBd)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/16*a*(6*A*b*c-B*a*d)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+1/24*(6*A*b*c-B*a*d)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b+1/30*(5*B*d*x+6*A*d+6*B*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b+1/16*a^2*(6*A*b*c-B*a*d)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a + bx^2}(3a^2(16Bc + 16Ad + 5Bdx) + 4b^2x^3(3A(5c + 4dx) + 2Bx(6c + 5dx)) + 2abx(3a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2))}{240b^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(3*a^2*(16*B*c + 16*A*d + 5*B*d*x) + 4*b^2*x^3*(3*A*(5*c + 4*d*x) + 2*B*x*(6*c + 5*d*x)) + 2*a*b*x*(B*x*(48*c + 35*d*x) + A*(75*c + 48*d*x))) + 15*a^2*(-6*A*b*c + a*B*d)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(240*b^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {676, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + bx^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 676 \\
 & \frac{(6Abc - aBd) \int (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} dx}{6b} + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (Ad + Bc)}{5b} + \frac{Bdx(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{6b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & \frac{(6Abc - aBd) \left(\frac{3}{4}a \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right)}{6b} + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (Ad + Bc)}{5b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{Bdx(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{6b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & \frac{(6Abc - aBd) \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right)}{6b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (Ad + Bc)}{5b} + \frac{Bdx(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{6b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(6Abc - aBd) \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right)}{6b} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(Ad+Bc)}{5b} + \frac{Bdx(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{6b}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) (6Abc - aBd)}{6b} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(Ad+Bc)}{5b} + \frac{Bdx(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{6b}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `((B*c + A*d)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*b) + (B*d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(6*b) + ((6*A*b*c - a*B*d)*((x*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*a*((x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b])))/4))/(6*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 676

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x
_Symbol] :> Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp
p[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p
+ 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g
, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result
risch	$\frac{(40Bb^2dx^5+48Ab^2dx^4+48x^4Bb^2c+60Ab^2cx^3+70aBbdx^3+96Aabd^2x^2+96Babcx^2+150Aabcx+15Ba^2dx+48a^2Ad+48Ba^2c)}{240b}$
default	$Ac \left(\frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3a \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4} \right) + \frac{(Ad+Bc)(bx^2+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5b} + Bd \left(\frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{x(bx^2+a)}{4} \right)}{4} \right)$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/240/b*(40*B*b^2*d*x^5+48*A*b^2*d*x^4+48*B*b^2*c*x^4+60*A*b^2*c*x^3+70*B*
a*b*d*x^3+96*A*a*b*d*x^2+96*B*a*b*c*x^2+150*A*a*b*c*x+15*B*a^2*d*x+48*A*a^
2*d+48*B*a^2*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/16*a^2*(6*A*b*c-B*a*d)/b^(3/2)*ln(b^(1/2)
)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \left[-\frac{15(6Aa^2bc - Ba^3d)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-2bx^2 + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}\sqrt{bx} - a\right) - 2(40Bb^3dx^5 + 48Ba^2bc - 15(6Aa^2bc - Ba^3d)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}\right) - (40Bb^3dx^5 + 48Ba^2bc + 48Aa^2bd + 48(Bb^3c + Ab^3d)x^4 - 240b^2}{240b^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/480*(15*(6*A*a^2*b*c - B*a^3*d)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(40*B*b^3*d*x^5 + 48*B*a^2*b*c + 48*A*a^2*b*d + 48*(B*b^3*c + A*b^3*d)*x^4 + 10*(6*A*b^3*c + 7*B*a*b^2*d)*x^3 + 96*(B*a*b^2*c + A*a*b^2*d)*x^2 + 15*(10*A*a*b^2*c + B*a^2*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2, -1/240*(15*(6*A*a^2*b*c - B*a^3*d)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (40*B*b^3*d*x^5 + 48*B*a^2*b*c + 48*A*a^2*b*d + 48*(B*b^3*c + A*b^3*d)*x^4 + 10*(6*A*b^3*c + 7*B*a*b^2*d)*x^3 + 96*(B*a*b^2*c + A*a*b^2*d)*x^2 + 15*(10*A*a*b^2*c + B*a^2*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 335 vs. 2(124) = 248.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \left(\frac{Bbdx^5}{6} + \frac{x^4(Ab^2d + Bb^2c)}{5b} + \frac{x^3(Ab^2c + \frac{7Babd}{6})}{4b} + \frac{x^2 \left(2Aabd + 2Babc - \frac{4a(Ab^2d + Bb^2c)}{5b} \right)}{3b} + \frac{x(2Aa^2c + 2Bab^2c)}{2b} \right) \\ a^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(Acx + \frac{Bdx^3}{3} + \frac{x^2(Ad + Bc)}{2} \right) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)*(b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(B*b*d*x**5/6 + x**4*(A*b**2*d + B*b**2*c)/(5*b) + x**3*(A*b**2*c + 7*B*a*b*d/6)/(4*b) + x**2*(2*A*a*b*d + 2*B*a*b*c - 4*a*(A*b**2*d + B*b**2*c)/(5*b))/(3*b) + x*(2*A*a*b*c + B*a**2*d - 3*a*(A*b**2*c + 7*B*a*b*d/6)/(4*b))/(2*b) + (A*a**2*d + B*a**2*c - 2*a*(2*A*a*b*d + 2*B*a*b*c - 4*a*(A*b**2*d + B*b**2*c)/(5*b))/(3*b))/b + (A*a**2*c - a*(2*A*a*b*c + B*a**2*d - 3*a*(A*b**2*c + 7*B*a*b*d/6)/(4*b))/(2*b))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), (a**(3/2)*(A*c*x + B*d*x**3/3 + x**2*(A*d + B*c)/2), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{4} (bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} Acx + \frac{3}{8} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} Aacx + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} Bdx}{6b} - \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} Badx}{24b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} Ba^2 dx}{16b} + \frac{3Aa^2 c \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}} - \frac{Ba^3 d \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{16b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} Bc}{5b} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} Ad}{5b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*A*c*x + 3/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*a*c*x + 1/6*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*B*d*x/b - 1/24*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*a*d*x/b - 1/16*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*a^2*d*x/b + 3/8*A*a^2*c*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) - 1/16*B*a^3*d*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) + 1/5*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*B*c/b + 1/5*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*A*d/b`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{240} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left(\left(2 \left(\left(4 \left(5 Bbdx + \frac{6(Bb^5c + Ab^5d)}{b^4} \right) x + \frac{5(6Ab^5c + 7Bab^4d)}{b^4} \right) x + \frac{48(B(6Aa^2bc - Ba^3d) \log(|-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}|)}{16b^{3/2}} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/240*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*((2*((4*(5*B*b*d*x + 6*(B*b^5*c + A*b^5*d)/b^4)*x + 5*(6*A*b^5*c + 7*B*a*b^4*d)/b^4)*x + 48*(B*a*b^4*c + A*a*b^4*d)/b^4)*x + 15*(10*A*a*b^4*c + B*a^2*b^3*d)/b^4)*x + 48*(B*a^2*b^3*c + A*a^2*b^3*d)/b^4) - 1/16*(6*A*a^2*b*c - B*a^3*d)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(3/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} (A + Bx) (c + dx) dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x), x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{48\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^3 d + 150\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 bcx + 48\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 bc + 96\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 bd x^2 + 15\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 cd x^3}{(240b)}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(48*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*d + 150*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*c*x + 48*sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*a**2*b*c + 96*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*d*x**2 + 15*sqrt(a + b*x**
2)*a**2*b*d*x + 60*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*c*x**3 + 96*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*
b**2*c*x**2 + 48*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*d*x**4 + 70*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*
*2*d*x**3 + 48*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*c*x**4 + 40*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*d*x
**5 + 90*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**3*c - 15*s
qrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**3*d)/(240*b)
```

3.158 $\int (A + Bx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1334
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1334
Rubi [A] (verified)	1335
Maple [A] (verified)	1336
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1337
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1337
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1338
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1338
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1339
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1339

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3}{8}aAx\sqrt{a + bx^2} + \frac{1}{4}Ax(a + bx^2)^{3/2} + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{5b} + \frac{3a^2A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
3/8*a*A*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/4*A*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/5*B*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b+
3/8*a^2*A*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(8a^2B + 2b^2x^3(5A + 4Bx) + abx(25A + 16Bx)) - 15a^2A\sqrt{b}\log\left(-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a + bx^2}\right)}{40b}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(8*a^2*B + 2*b^2*x^3*(5*A + 4*B*x) + a*b*x*(25*A + 16*B*x)) - 15*a^2*A*Sqrt[b]*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(40*b)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$, Rules used = {455, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$A \int (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{5b}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$A \left(\frac{3}{4}a \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{5b}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$A \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{5b}$$

$$\downarrow 224$$

$$A \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2 + a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{5b}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$A \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{5b}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```


output $(B*(a + b*x^2)^{(5/2)}/(5*b) + A*((x*(a + b*x^2)^{(3/2)})/4 + (3*a*((x*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])/2 + (a*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]])/(2*\text{Sqrt}[b])))/4)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[6*p])$

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 455 $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_))*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
default	$A \left(\frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3a \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4} \right) + \frac{B(bx^2+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5b}$	70
risch	$\frac{(8x^4Bb^2+10Ax^3b^2+16Bax^2b+25abAx+8a^2B)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{40b} + \frac{3a^2A \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{8\sqrt{b}}$	80

input $\text{int}((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^{(3/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
A*(1/4*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+3/4*a*(1/2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a/b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))))+1/5*B*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \left[\frac{15 Aa^2 \sqrt{b} \log(-2bx^2 - 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}\sqrt{bx} - a) + 2(8Bb^2x^4 + 10Ab^2x^3 + 16Babx^2 + 25Aa^2bx + 8B^2a^2)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{80b} - \frac{15 Aa^2 \sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b}x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}\right) - (8Bb^2x^4 + 10Ab^2x^3 + 16Babx^2 + 25Aabx + 8Ba^2)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{40b} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/80*(15*A*a^2*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*(8*B*b^2*x^4 + 10*A*b^2*x^3 + 16*B*a*b*x^2 + 25*A*a*b*x + 8*B*a^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b, -1/40*(15*A*a^2*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (8*B*b^2*x^4 + 10*A*b^2*x^3 + 16*B*a*b*x^2 + 25*A*a*b*x + 8*B*a^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{3Aa^2 \begin{cases} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx^2}+2bx)}{\sqrt{b}} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{bx^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}}{8} + \sqrt{a + bx^2} \cdot \left(\frac{5Aax}{8} + \frac{Abx^3}{4} + \frac{Ba^2}{5b} + \frac{2Bax^2}{5} + \frac{Bbx^4}{5} \right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(Ax + \frac{Bx^2}{2} \right)} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((3*A*a**2*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True))/8 + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(5*A*a*x/8 + A*b*x**3/4 + B*a**2/(5*b) + 2*B*a*x**2/5 + B*b*x**4/5), Ne(b, 0)), (a**(3/2)*(A*x + B*x**2/2), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{4} (bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} Ax + \frac{3}{8} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} Aax + \frac{3Aa^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} B}{5b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*A*x + 3/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*a*x + 3/8*A*a^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) + 1/5*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*B/b`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{3Aa^2 \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right|\right)}{8\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{40} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left(\frac{8Ba^2}{b} + (25Aa + 2(8Ba + (4Bbx + 5Ab)x)x)x\right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-3/8*A*a^2*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/sqrt(b) + 1/40*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*(8*B*a^2/b + (25*A*a + 2*(8*B*a + (4*B*b*x + 5*A*b)*x)*x)*x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{B (bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{5b} + \frac{Ax (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x),x)`output `(B*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*b) + (A*x*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, 1/2], 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a))/((b*x^2)/a + 1)^(3/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{25\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2bx + 8\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2b + 10\sqrt{bx^2 + a}ab^2x^3 + 16\sqrt{bx^2 + a}ab^2x^2 + 8\sqrt{bx^2 + a}ab^2x + 15\sqrt{b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + \sqrt{b}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a^3}{40b}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`output `(25*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*x + 8*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b + 10*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*x**3 + 16*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*x**2 + 8*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*x**4 + 15*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**3)/(40*b)`

3.159
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{c+dx} dx$$

Optimal result	1340
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1341
Rubi [A] (verified)	1341
Maple [A] (verified)	1344
Fricas [F(-1)]	1345
Sympy [F]	1346
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1346
Giac [F(-2)]	1347
Mupad [F(-1)]	1347
Reduce [F]	1348

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 236

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{c+dx} dx =$$

$$\frac{(8(Bc-Ad)(bc^2+ad^2)-d(3aBd^2+4bc(Bc-Ad))x)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{8d^4}$$

$$-\frac{(4(Bc-Ad)-3Bdx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{12d^2}$$

$$+\frac{(3a^2Bd^4+8b^2c^3(Bc-Ad)+12abcd^2(Bc-Ad))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}d^5}$$

$$+\frac{(Bc-Ad)(bc^2+ad^2)^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d^5}$$

output

```
-1/8*(8*(-A*d+B*c)*(a*d^2+b*c^2)-d*(3*a*B*d^2+4*b*c*(-A*d+B*c))*x)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^4-1/12*(-3*B*d*x-4*A*d+4*B*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d^2+1/8*(3*a^2*B*d^4+8*b^2*c^3*(-A*d+B*c)+12*a*b*c*d^2*(-A*d+B*c))*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/d^5+(-A*d+B*c)*(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(3/2)*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{c + dx} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{a + bx^2}(ad^2(-32Bc + 32Ad + 15Bdx) + 4Abd(6c^2 - 3cdx + 2d^2x^2) + \dots}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(c + d*x),x]`

output `(d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(a*d^2*(-32*B*c + 32*A*d + 15*B*d*x) + 4*A*b*d*(6*c^2 - 3*c*d*x + 2*d^2*x^2) + b*B*(-24*c^3 + 12*c^2*d*x - 8*c*d^2*x^2 + 6*d^3*x^3)) + 48*(B*c - A*d)*(-(b*c^2) - a*d^2)^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]] - (3*(3*a^2*B*d^4 + 8*b^2*c^3*(B*c - A*d) + 12*a*b*c*d^2*(B*c - A*d))*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[b])/(24*d^5)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$, Rules used = {682, 25, 27, 682, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

↓ 682

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{b(ad(Bc-4Ad)-(3aBd^2+4bc(Bc-Ad))x)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{c+dx} dx}{4bd^2} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (4(Bc - Ad) - 3Bdx)}{12d^2}$$

↓ 25

$$-\frac{\int \frac{b(ad(Bc-4Ad)-(3aBd^2+4bc(Bc-Ad))x)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{c+dx} dx}{4bd^2} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (4(Bc - Ad) - 3Bdx)}{12d^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{(ad(Bc-4Ad) - (3aBd^2 + 4bc(Bc-Ad))x)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{c+dx} dx - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4(Bc-Ad) - 3Bdx)}{12d^2}$$

↓ 682

$$\int \frac{b(ad(4b(Bc-Ad)c^2 + ad^2(5Bc-8Ad)) - (3a^2Bd^4 + 12abc(Bc-Ad)d^2 + 8b^2c^3(Bc-Ad))x)}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(8(ad^2+bc^2)(Bc-Ad) - dx(3aBd^2 + 4bc(Bc-Ad)))}{2d^2}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4(Bc-Ad) - 3Bdx)}{12d^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{ad(4b(Bc-Ad)c^2 + ad^2(5Bc-8Ad)) - (3a^2Bd^4 + 12abc(Bc-Ad)d^2 + 8b^2c^3(Bc-Ad))x}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(8(ad^2+bc^2)(Bc-Ad) - dx(3aBd^2 + 4bc(Bc-Ad)))}{2d^2}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4(Bc-Ad) - 3Bdx)}{12d^2}$$

↓ 719

$$\frac{8(ad^2+bc^2)^2(Bc-Ad) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{(3a^2Bd^4 + 12abcd^2(Bc-Ad) + 8b^2c^3(Bc-Ad)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(8(ad^2+bc^2)(Bc-Ad) - dx(3aBd^2 + 4bc(Bc-Ad)))}{2d^2}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4(Bc-Ad) - 3Bdx)}{12d^2}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{8(ad^2+bc^2)^2(Bc-Ad) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{(3a^2Bd^4 + 12abcd^2(Bc-Ad) + 8b^2c^3(Bc-Ad)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(8(ad^2+bc^2)(Bc-Ad) - dx(3aBd^2 + 4bc(Bc-Ad)))}{2d^2}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4(Bc-Ad) - 3Bdx)}{12d^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{8(ad^2+bc^2)^2(Bc-Ad) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(3a^2Bd^4 + 12abcd^2(Bc-Ad) + 8b^2c^3(Bc-Ad))}{\sqrt{bd}} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(8(ad^2+bc^2)(Bc-Ad) - dx(3aBd^2 + 4bc(Bc-Ad)))}{2d^2}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4(Bc-Ad) - 3Bdx)}{12d^2}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{8(ad^2+bc^2)^2(Bc-Ad) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right) (3a^2Bd^4+12abcd^2(Bc-Ad)+8b^2c^3(Bc-Ad))}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(8(ad^2+bc^2)^2(Bc-Ad))}{4d^2}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4(Bc-Ad)-3Bdx)}{12d^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right) (3a^2Bd^4+12abcd^2(Bc-Ad)+8b^2c^3(Bc-Ad))}{\sqrt{bd}} - \frac{8(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2}(Bc-Ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(8(ad^2+bc^2)^2(Bc-Ad))}{4d^2}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4(Bc-Ad)-3Bdx)}{12d^2}$$

```
input Int[((A + B*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(c + d*x), x]
```

```
output -1/12*((4*(B*c - A*d) - 3*B*d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/d^2 - (((8*(B*c - A*d)
*(b*c^2 + a*d^2) - d*(3*a*B*d^2 + 4*b*c*(B*c - A*d))*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/
(2*d^2) + (-(((3*a^2*B*d^4 + 8*b^2*c^3*(B*c - A*d) + 12*a*b*c*d^2*(B*c - A
d))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(Sqrt[b]*d) - (8*(B*c - A*d)*(b
*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b
x^2]]))/d)/(2*d^2))/(4*d^2)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```


rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 682 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p + 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 719 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

method	result
risch	$\frac{(6Bbd^3x^3 + 8Abd^3x^2 - 8Bbc d^2x^2 - 12Abc d^2x + 15Ba d^3x + 12Bbc^2dx + 32A d^3a + 24Abc^2d - 32aBc d^2 - 24bBc^3)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{24d^4} - \frac{(12A}{d} \left(\frac{b\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{bc \left(\frac{2b\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right) - 2}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$
default	$\frac{B \left(\frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3a \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4} \right)}{d} + \frac{(Ad-Bc) \left(\frac{b\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{bc \left(\frac{2b\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right) - 2}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{d}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/24*(6*B*b*d^3*x^3+8*A*b*d^3*x^2-8*B*b*c*d^2*x^2-12*A*b*c*d^2*x+15*B*a*d^3*x+12*B*b*c^2*d*x+32*A*a*d^3+24*A*b*c^2*d-32*B*a*c*d^2-24*B*b*c^3)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^4-1/8/d^4*((12*A*a*b*c*d^3+8*A*b^2*c^3*d-3*B*a^2*d^4-12*B*a*b*c^2*d^2-8*B*b^2*c^4)/d*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)+8*(A*a^2*d^5+2*A*a*b*c^2*d^3+A*b^2*c^4*d-B*a^2*c*d^4-2*B*a*b*c^3*d^2-B*b^2*c^5)/d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{c + dx} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{c + dx} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x**2+a)**(3/2)/(d*x+c), x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*(a + b*x**2)**(3/2)/(c + d*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{c + dx} dx &= \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}Bbc^2x}{2d^3} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}Abcx}{2d^2} \\ &+ \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bx}{4d} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + a}Bax}{8d} + \frac{Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}c^4 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{d^5} \\ &- \frac{Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}c^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{d^4} + \frac{3Ba\sqrt{bc^2} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2d^3} - \frac{3Aa\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2d^2} \\ &+ \frac{3Ba^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{bd}} - \frac{B\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}c \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{d^2} \\ &+ \frac{A\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}Bbc^3}{d^4} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}Abc^2}{d^3} \\ &- \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bc}{3d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}Bac}{d^2} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}A}{3d} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}Aa}{d} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*b*c^2*x/d^3 - 1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*b*c*x/d^2 + 1/4*
(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*x/d + 3/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*a*x/d + B*b^(3/2)*c^4*arcs
inh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^5 - A*b^(3/2)*c^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^4 + 3/2*B*
a*sqrt(b)*c^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^3 - 3/2*A*a*sqrt(b)*c*arcsinh(b*x/s
qrt(a*b))/d^2 + 3/8*B*a^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(b)*d) - B*(a + b*c^
2/d^2)^(3/2)*c*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs
(d*x + c))/d^2 + A*(a + b*c^2/d^2)^(3/2)*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x
+ c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c))/d - sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*b*c^3/d^4 + s
qrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*b*c^2/d^3 - 1/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*c/d^2 - sqrt(b*x^2 +
a)*B*a*c/d^2 + 1/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*A/d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*a/d
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{c + dx} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E
rror: Bad Argument Value
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input

```
int(((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(c + d*x),x)
```

output

```
int(((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(c + d*x), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c),x)`

output `int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c),x)`

3.160
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1349
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1350
Rubi [A] (verified)	1350
Maple [B] (verified)	1354
Fricas [F(-1)]	1354
Sympy [F]	1355
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1355
Giac [F(-1)]	1356
Mupad [F(-1)]	1356
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1357

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 231

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \frac{(2(aBd^2 + bc(4Bc - 3Ad)) - bd(4Bc - 3Ad)x) \sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2d^4} + \frac{(4Bc - 3Ad + Bdx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(2aBcd^2 + (4Bc - 3Ad)(2bc^2 + ad^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2d^5} - \frac{\sqrt{bc^2 + ad^2}(aBd^2 + bc(4Bc - 3Ad)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d^5}$$

output

```
1/2*(2*a*B*d^2+2*b*c*(-3*A*d+4*B*c)-b*d*(-3*A*d+4*B*c)*x)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/
d^4+1/3*(B*d*x-3*A*d+4*B*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d^2/(d*x+c)-1/2*b^(1/2)*(2*a*B
*c*d^2+(-3*A*d+4*B*c)*(a*d^2+2*b*c^2))*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/
d^5-(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)*(a*B*d^2+b*c*(-3*A*d+4*B*c))*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/
(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2ad^2(7Bc-3Ad+4Bdx)+3Abd(-6c^2-3cdx+d^2x^2)+2bB(12c^3+6c^2dx-2cd^2x^2+d^3x^3))}{c+dx} +$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `((d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(2*a*d^2*(7*B*c - 3*A*d + 4*B*d*x) + 3*A*b*d*(-6*c^2 - 3*c*d*x + d^2*x^2) + 2*b*B*(12*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x - 2*c*d^2*x^2 + d^3*x^3)))/(c + d*x) + 12*Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]*(a*B*d^2 + b*c*(4*B*c - 3*A*d))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]] + 3*Sqrt[b]*(2*b*c^2*(4*B*c - 3*A*d) - 3*a*d^2*(-2*B*c + A*d))*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x + Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]/(6*d^5)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {681, 27, 682, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 681$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (-3Ad + 4Bc + Bdx)}{3d^2(c + dx)} - \int \frac{-2(aBd - b(4Bc - 3Ad)x)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{c + dx} dx}{2d^2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(aBd - b(4Bc - 3Ad)x)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{c + dx} dx}{d^2} + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (-3Ad + 4Bc + Bdx)}{3d^2(c + dx)}$$

$$\downarrow 682$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(ad(2aBd^2+bc(4Bc-3Ad))-b(2aBcd^2+(4Bc-3Ad)(2bc^2+ad^2))x}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2(aBd^2+bc(4Bc-3Ad))-bdx(4Bc-3Ad))}{2d^2}}{d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(-3Ad+4Bc+Bdx)}{3d^2(c+dx)}$$

27

$$\frac{\int \frac{ad(2aBd^2+bc(4Bc-3Ad))-b(2aBcd^2+(4Bc-3Ad)(2bc^2+ad^2))x}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2(aBd^2+bc(4Bc-3Ad))-bdx(4Bc-3Ad))}{2d^2}}{d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(-3Ad+4Bc+Bdx)}{3d^2(c+dx)}$$

719

$$\frac{2(ad^2+bc^2)(aBd^2+bc(4Bc-3Ad)) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{b((ad^2+2bc^2)(4Bc-3Ad)+2aBcd^2)}{d} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2(aBd^2+bc(4Bc-3Ad))-bdx(4Bc-3Ad))}{2d^2}}{d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(-3Ad+4Bc+Bdx)}{3d^2(c+dx)}$$

224

$$\frac{2(ad^2+bc^2)(aBd^2+bc(4Bc-3Ad)) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{b((ad^2+2bc^2)(4Bc-3Ad)+2aBcd^2)}{d} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2(aBd^2+bc(4Bc-3Ad))-bdx(4Bc-3Ad))}{2d^2}}{d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(-3Ad+4Bc+Bdx)}{3d^2(c+dx)}$$

219

$$\frac{2(ad^2+bc^2)(aBd^2+bc(4Bc-3Ad)) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)((ad^2+2bc^2)(4Bc-3Ad)+2aBcd^2)}{d}}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2(aBd^2+bc(4Bc-3Ad))-bdx(4Bc-3Ad))}{2d^2}}{d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(-3Ad+4Bc+Bdx)}{3d^2(c+dx)}$$

488

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(ad^2+bc^2)(aBd^2+bc(4Bc-3Ad)) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right) \left((ad^2+2bc^2)(4Bc-3Ad)+2aBcd^2\right)}{d}}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2(aBd^2+bc(4Bc-3Ad)) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right) \left((ad^2+2bc^2)(4Bc-3Ad)+2aBcd^2\right)}{d})}{d^2}}{3d^2(c+dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right) \left((ad^2+2bc^2)(4Bc-3Ad)+2aBcd^2\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}(aBd^2+bc(4Bc-3Ad)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{d}}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2(aBd^2+bc(4Bc-3Ad)) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right) \left((ad^2+2bc^2)(4Bc-3Ad)+2aBcd^2\right)}{d})}{d^2}}{3d^2(c+dx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(c + d*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
((4*B*c - 3*A*d + B*d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*d^2*(c + d*x)) + (((2*(a*B*d^2 + b*c*(4*B*c - 3*A*d)) - b*d*(4*B*c - 3*A*d)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(2*d^2) + (-((Sqrt[b]*(2*a*B*c*d^2 + (4*B*c - 3*A*d)*(2*b*c^2 + a*d^2))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/d - (2*Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*(a*B*d^2 + b*c*(4*B*c - 3*A*d))*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]))/d)/(2*d^2))/d^2
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 224

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 488 `Int[1/((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := -Subst[
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 681 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1)
+ e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/
(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Sim
p[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] ||
EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2
*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 682 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p
+ 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p
+ 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)
^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*
d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !
RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (Intege
rQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 719 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 570 vs. 2(208) = 416.

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 571, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-2Bbd^2x^2-3Abd^2x+6Bbcdx+12Abcd-8aBd^2-18Bbc^2)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{6d^4} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(3Ad^3a+6Abc^2d-6aBcd^2-8bBc^3)\ln(\sqrt{b}x+\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{d}$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/6*(-2*B*b*d^2*x^2-3*A*b*d^2*x+6*B*b*c*d*x+12*A*b*c*d-8*B*a*d^2-18*B*b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^4+1/2/d^4*(b^(1/2)*(3*A*a*d^3+6*A*b*c^2*d-6*B*a*c*d^2-8*B*b*c^3)/d*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))+2/d^2*(4*A*a*b*c*d^3+4*A*b^2*c^3*d-B*a^2*d^4-6*B*a*b*c^2*d^2-5*B*b^2*c^4)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))+2*(A*a^2*d^5+2*A*a*b*c^2*d^3+A*b^2*c^4*d-B*a^2*c*d^4-2*B*a*b*c^3*d^2-B*b^2*c^5)/d^3*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))))
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x**2+a)**(3/2)/(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*(a + b*x**2)**(3/2)/(c + d*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 398, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx &= \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} Bc}{d^3 x + cd^2} - \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} A}{d^2 x + cd} \\ &- \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + a} Bbcx}{d^3} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + a} Abx}{2d^2} - \frac{4Bb^{\frac{3}{2}} c^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{d^5} \\ &+ \frac{3Ab^{\frac{3}{2}} c^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{d^4} - \frac{3Ba\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{d^3} \\ &+ \frac{3Aa\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2d^2} + \frac{3B\sqrt{a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}} bc^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{d^4} \\ &- \frac{3A\sqrt{a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}} bc \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{d^3} \\ &+ \frac{B\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2 + a} Bbc^2}{d^4} \\ &- \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + a} Abc}{d^3} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} B}{3d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} Ba}{d^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*c/(d^3*x + c*d^2) - (b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*A/(d^2*x + c*d)
- 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*b*c*x/d^3 + 3/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*b*x/d^2 - 4*B*b^(3
/2)*c^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^5 + 3*A*b^(3/2)*c^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b)
)/d^4 - 3*B*a*sqrt(b)*c*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^3 + 3/2*A*a*sqrt(b)*arcsi
nh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^2 + 3*B*sqrt(a + b*c^2/d^2)*b*c^2*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(
a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/d^4 - 3*A*sqrt(a + b*c^
2/d^2)*b*c*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x
+ c)))/d^3 + B*(a + b*c^2/d^2)^(3/2)*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c
))) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c))/d^2 + 4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*b*c^2/d^4 - 3
*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*b*c/d^3 + 1/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B/d^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)
*B*a/d^2
```

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

Timed out

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(c + d*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
int(((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(c + d*x)^2, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1076, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.66

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output

```
(36*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(- sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) -
a*d + b*c*x)*a*b*c**2*d + 36*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(- sqrt(a + b*x**2)
*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b*c*d**2*x - 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c
**2)*log(- sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b*c*d**
2 - 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(- sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
- a*d + b*c*x)*a*b*d**3*x - 48*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(- sqrt(a + b*x*
**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**2*c**3 - 48*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c
**2)*log(- sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**2*c**2
*d*x - 36*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b*c**2*d - 36*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b*c*d**2*x + 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)
*a*b*c*d**2 + 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b*d**3*x + 48*sqrt(a
*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**2*c**3 + 48*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c +
d*x)*b**2*c**2*d*x - 12*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*d**4 - 36*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a
*b*c**2*d**2 - 18*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c*d**3*x + 28*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*
c*d**3 + 6*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*d**4*x**2 + 16*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*d**4*x
+ 48*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c**3*d + 24*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*d**2*x
- 8*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c*d**3*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*d**4*x**3
- 9*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*a**2*c*d**3 - 9*sqrt(b)*log(
sqrt(a + b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*a**2*d**4*x - 18*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)
) - sqrt(b)*x)*a*b*c**3*d - 18*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x...
```

3.161
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1358
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1359
Rubi [A] (verified)	1359
Maple [B] (verified)	1363
Fricas [F(-1)]	1364
Sympy [F]	1364
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1364
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1365
Mupad [F(-1)]	1366
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1367

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 238

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(aBd^2 + 2bc(2Bc - Ad) + bd(2Bc - Ad)x) \sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2d^4(c+dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{(2Bc - Ad + Bdx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{2d^2(c+dx)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{b}(aBd^2 + 2bc(2Bc - Ad)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2d^5}$$

$$+ \frac{3b(2bc^2(2Bc - Ad) + ad^2(3Bc - Ad)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2d^5\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}}$$

output

```
-3/2*(a*B*d^2+2*b*c*(-A*d+2*B*c)+b*d*(-A*d+2*B*c)*x)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^4/(
d*x+c)+1/2*(B*d*x-A*d+2*B*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d^2/(d*x+c)^2+3/2*b^(1/2)*(a*
B*d^2+2*b*c*(-A*d+2*B*c))*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^5+3/2*b*(2*
b*c^2*(-A*d+2*B*c)+a*d^2*(-A*d+3*B*c))*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(
1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^5/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2(Ad+B(c+2dx))+b(-Ad(6c^2+9cdx+2d^2x^2)+B(12c^3+18c^2dx+4cd^2x^2-d^3x^3)))}{(c+dx)^2} - \frac{6b(2bc^2(2Bc-Ad)+ad^2(3Bc-Ad)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right)}{2d^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(c + d*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*((d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(a*d^2*(A*d + B*(c + 2*d*x)) + b*(-(A*d*(6*c^2 + 9*c*d*x + 2*d^2*x^2)) + B*(12*c^3 + 18*c^2*d*x + 4*c*d^2*x^2 - d^3*x^3)))) / (c + d*x)^2 - (6*b*(2*b*c^2*(2*B*c - A*d) + a*d^2*(3*B*c - A*d))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]]/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2] + 3*Sqrt[b]*(a*B*d^2 + 2*b*c*(2*B*c - A*d))*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/d^5
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {681, 27, 681, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

↓ 681

$$\frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (-Ad + 2Bc + Bdx)}{2d^2(c + dx)^2} - \frac{3 \int -\frac{4(aBd - b(2Bc - Ad)x)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{(c + dx)^2} dx}{8d^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{(aBd - b(2Bc - Ad)x)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{(c + dx)^2} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(-Ad + 2Bc + Bdx)}{2d^2(c + dx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 681 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(- \frac{\int \frac{2b(ad(2Bc - Ad) - (aBd^2 + 2bc(2Bc - Ad))x}{(c + dx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(aBd^2 + bdx(2Bc - Ad) + 2bc(2Bc - Ad))}{d^2(c + dx)} \right)}{2d^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(-Ad + 2Bc + Bdx)}{2d^2(c + dx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(- \frac{b \int \frac{ad(2Bc - Ad) - (aBd^2 + 2bc(2Bc - Ad))x}{(c + dx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(aBd^2 + bdx(2Bc - Ad) + 2bc(2Bc - Ad))}{d^2(c + dx)} \right)}{2d^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(-Ad + 2Bc + Bdx)}{2d^2(c + dx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 719 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(- \frac{b \left(\frac{(ad^2(3Bc - Ad) + 2bc^2(2Bc - Ad)) \int \frac{1}{(c + dx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{d} - \frac{(aBd^2 + 2bc(2Bc - Ad)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{d} \right)}{d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(aBd^2 + bdx(2Bc - Ad) + 2bc(2Bc - Ad))}{d^2(c + dx)} \right)}{2d^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(-Ad + 2Bc + Bdx)}{2d^2(c + dx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(- \frac{b \left(\frac{(ad^2(3Bc - Ad) + 2bc^2(2Bc - Ad)) \int \frac{1}{(c + dx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{d} - \frac{(aBd^2 + 2bc(2Bc - Ad)) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2 + a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{d} \right)}{d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(aBd^2 + bdx(2Bc - Ad) + 2bc(2Bc - Ad))}{d^2(c + dx)} \right)}{2d^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(-Ad + 2Bc + Bdx)}{2d^2(c + dx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(ad^2(3Bc-Ad)+2bc^2(2Bc-Ad)) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(aBd^2+2bc(2Bc-Ad))}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)}{d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(aBd^2+bdx(2Bc-Ad)+b^2c)}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2 (a+bx^2)^{3/2} (-Ad+2Bc+Bdx)}{2d^2(c+dx)^2}$$

↓ 488

$$3 \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{(ad^2(3Bc-Ad)+2bc^2(2Bc-Ad)) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(aBd^2+2bc(2Bc-Ad))}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)}{d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(aBd^2+bdx(2Bc-Ad)+b^2c)}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2 (a+bx^2)^{3/2} (-Ad+2Bc+Bdx)}{2d^2(c+dx)^2}$$

↓ 219

$$3 \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{(ad^2(3Bc-Ad)+2bc^2(2Bc-Ad)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right) - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(aBd^2+2bc(2Bc-Ad))}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)}{d\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(aBd^2+bdx(2Bc-Ad)+b^2c)}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2 (a+bx^2)^{3/2} (-Ad+2Bc+Bdx)}{2d^2(c+dx)^2}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(c + d*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
((2*B*c - A*d + B*d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(2*d^2*(c + d*x)^2) + (3*(-(((a*B*d^2 + 2*b*c*(2*B*c - A*d) + b*d*(2*B*c - A*d)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(d^2*(c + d*x))) - (b*(-(((a*B*d^2 + 2*b*c*(2*B*c - A*d))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(Sqrt[b]*d)) - ((2*b*c^2*(2*B*c - A*d) + a*d^2*(3*B*c - A*d))*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/(d*Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2])))/d^2))/(2*d^2)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 488 $\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_*)(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$
- rule 681 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*}((f_.) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1) + e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}*\text{Simp}[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1] \ || \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !\text{RationalQ}[m])) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$
- rule 719 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*}((f_.) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)/e \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1004 vs. $2(214) = 428$.

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1005, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.22

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1005
default	Expression too large to display	2352

input `int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} b (B d x + 2 A d - 6 B c) (b x^2 + a)^{1/2} / d^4 - \frac{1}{2} / d^4 * (2 / d^3 * (4 A a b c d^3 + 4 A a^2 b^2 c^3 d - B a^2 d^4 - 6 B a b c^2 d^2 - 5 B b^2 c^4) * (-1 / (a d^2 + b c^2) * d^2 / (x + c / d) * (b * (x + c / d)^2 - 2 b c / d * (x + c / d) + (a d^2 + b c^2) / d^2)^{1/2} - b c d / (a d^2 + b c^2) / ((a d^2 + b c^2) / d^2)^{1/2} * \ln((2 * (a d^2 + b c^2) / d^2 - 2 b c / d * (x + c / d) + 2 * ((a d^2 + b c^2) / d^2)^{1/2} * (b * (x + c / d)^2 - 2 b c / d * (x + c / d) + (a d^2 + b c^2) / d^2)^{1/2})) / (x + c / d)) - 2 * (A a^2 d^5 + 2 A a b c^2 d^3 + A b^2 c^4 d - B a^2 c d^4 - 2 B a b c^3 d^2 - B b^2 c^5) / d^4 * (-1 / 2 / (a d^2 + b c^2) * d^2 / (x + c / d)^2 * (b * (x + c / d)^2 - 2 b c / d * (x + c / d) + (a d^2 + b c^2) / d^2)^{1/2} + 3 / 2 * b c d / (a d^2 + b c^2) * (-1 / (a d^2 + b c^2) * d^2 / (x + c / d) * (b * (x + c / d)^2 - 2 b c / d * (x + c / d) + (a d^2 + b c^2) / d^2)^{1/2} - b c d / (a d^2 + b c^2) / ((a d^2 + b c^2) / d^2)^{1/2} * \ln((2 * (a d^2 + b c^2) / d^2 - 2 b c / d * (x + c / d) + 2 * ((a d^2 + b c^2) / d^2)^{1/2} * (b * (x + c / d)^2 - 2 b c / d * (x + c / d) + (a d^2 + b c^2) / d^2)^{1/2})) / (x + c / d)) + 1 / 2 * b / (a d^2 + b c^2) * d^2 / ((a d^2 + b c^2) / d^2)^{1/2} * \ln((2 * (a d^2 + b c^2) / d^2 - 2 b c / d * (x + c / d) + 2 * ((a d^2 + b c^2) / d^2)^{1/2} * (b * (x + c / d)^2 - 2 b c / d * (x + c / d) + (a d^2 + b c^2) / d^2)^{1/2})) / (x + c / d)) + 3 * b^{1/2} * (2 A b c d - B a d^2 - 4 B b c^2) / d * \ln(b^{1/2} * x + (b x^2 + a)^{1/2}) + 4 * b / d^2 * (A a d^3 + 3 A b c^2 d - 3 B a c d^2 - 5 B b c^3) / ((a d^2 + b c^2) / d^2)^{1/2} * \ln((2 * (a d^2 + b c^2) / d^2 - 2 b c / d * (x + c / d) + 2 * ((a d^2 + b c^2) / d^2)^{1/2} * (b * (x + c / d)^2 - 2 b c / d * (x + c / d) + (a d^2 + b c^2) / d^2)^{1/2})) / (x + c / d)) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x**2+a)**(3/2)/(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*(a + b*x**2)**(3/2)/(c + d*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 776 vs. $2(215) = 430$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 776, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-3/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*b^2*c^3/(b*c^2*d^4 + a*d^6) + 3/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B
*b^2*c^2*x/(b*c^2*d^3 + a*d^5) - 1/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*b*c^2/(b*c^2*d^3*
x + a*d^5*x + b*c^3*d^2 + a*c*d^4) + 3/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*b^2*c^2/(b*c^2*
d^3 + a*d^5) - 3/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*b^2*c*x/(b*c^2*d^2 + a*d^4) + 1/2*(b*
x^2 + a)^(5/2)*B*c/(b*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a*d^4*x^2 + 2*b*c^3*d*x + 2*a*c*d^3*x
+ b*c^4 + a*c^2*d^2) + 1/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*A*b*c/(b*c^2*d^2*x + a*d^4*x
+ b*c^3*d + a*c*d^3) - 1/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*b*c/(b*c^2*d^2 + a*d^4) - 1
/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*A/(b*c^2*d*x^2 + a*d^3*x^2 + 2*b*c^3*x + 2*a*c*d^2*x
+ b*c^4/d + a*c^2*d) + 1/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*A*b/(b*c^2*d + a*d^3) - (b*x^
2 + a)^(3/2)*B/(d^3*x + c*d^2) + 3/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*b*x/d^3 + 6*B*b^(3/
2)*c^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^5 - 3*A*b^(3/2)*c*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d
^4 + 3/2*B*a*sqrt(b)*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^3 - 3/2*B*b^2*c^3*arcsinh(b*
c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/(sqrt(a + b*c
^2/d^2)*d^6) + 3/2*A*b^2*c^2*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/
(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/(sqrt(a + b*c^2/d^2)*d^5) - 9/2*B*sqrt(a + b*c^
2/d^2)*b*c*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x
+ c)))/d^4 + 3/2*A*sqrt(a + b*c^2/d^2)*b*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x
+ c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/d^3 - 9/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*b*c/d^4
+ 3/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*b/d^3

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 666 vs. $2(215) = 430$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 666, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left(\frac{Bbx}{d^3} - \frac{2(3Bbcd^8 - Abd^9)}{d^{12}} \right)$$

$$- \frac{3 \left(4Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2 - 2Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}cd + Ba\sqrt{bd^2} \right) \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right| \right)}{2d^5}$$

$$- \frac{3(4Bb^2c^3 - 2Ab^2c^2d + 3Babcd^2 - Aabd^3) \arctan \left(-\frac{(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})d + \sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}d^5}$$

$$- \frac{8 \left(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right)^3 Bb^2c^3d - 6 \left(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right)^3 Ab^2c^2d^2 + 3 \left(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right)^3 Babcd^3 - \left(\sqrt{bx} \right)}{d^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{bx^2+a}\left(\frac{Bbx}{d^3} - \frac{2(3Bbc^2d^8 - Abd^9)}{d^{12}}\right) - \frac{3}{2}\frac{(4Bb^{3/2}c^2 - 2Ab^{3/2}cd + B^2a\sqrt{b}d^2)\log(\text{abs}(-\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a}))}{d^5} \\ & - \frac{3(4Bb^2c^3 - 2Ab^2c^2d + 3B^2abc^2d^2 - Abd^3)\arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{b}x - \sqrt{bx^2+a})d + \sqrt{b}c}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}}\right)}{(\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2})d^5} \\ & - \frac{8(\sqrt{b}x - \sqrt{bx^2+a})^3Bb^2c^3d - 6(\sqrt{b}x - \sqrt{bx^2+a})^3A^2b^2c^2d^2 + 3(\sqrt{b}x - \sqrt{bx^2+a})^3B^2abc^2d^3 - (\sqrt{b}x - \sqrt{bx^2+a})^3A^2abd^4}{d^5} \\ & + \frac{14(\sqrt{b}x - \sqrt{bx^2+a})^2Bb^{5/2}c^4 - 10(\sqrt{b}x - \sqrt{bx^2+a})^2A^2b^{5/2}c^3d - 3(\sqrt{b}x - \sqrt{bx^2+a})^2B^2abc^{3/2}cd^2 + 5(\sqrt{b}x - \sqrt{bx^2+a})^2A^2ab^{3/2}cd^3 - 2(\sqrt{b}x - \sqrt{bx^2+a})^2B^2a^2\sqrt{b}d^4 - 20(\sqrt{b}x - \sqrt{bx^2+a})B^2abc^3d + 14(\sqrt{b}x - \sqrt{bx^2+a})A^2ab^2c^2d^2 - 5(\sqrt{b}x - \sqrt{bx^2+a})B^2a^2bcd^3 - (\sqrt{b}x - \sqrt{bx^2+a})A^2abd^4 + 7B^2a^2b^{3/2}c^2d^2 - 5A^2ab^{3/2}cd^3 + 2B^2a^3\sqrt{b}d^4}{((\sqrt{b}x - \sqrt{bx^2+a})^2d + 2(\sqrt{b}x - \sqrt{bx^2+a})\sqrt{b}c - ad)^2d^5} \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(c + d*x)^3, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2274, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.55

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output

```
(6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d
+ b*c*x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**3 + 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*
sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b*c*d**4*x + 6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c
**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b*d**5
*x**2 + 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**4*d + 24*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x
**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d**2*x - 18*sqrt(a*d
**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*
b**2*c**3*d**2 + 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2
+ b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**3*x**2 - 36*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**
3*x - 18*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
- a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c*d**4*x**2 - 24*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**3*c**5 - 48*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**3*c**
4*d*x - 24*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**3*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x
)*a**2*b*c**2*d**3 - 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*c*d**4*x
- 6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*d**5*x**2 - 12*sqrt(a*d**2
+ b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**4*d - 24*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c +...
```


3.162 $\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1368
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1369
Rubi [A] (verified)	1370
Maple [A] (verified)	1373
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1374
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1375
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1377
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1378
Mupad [F(-1)]	1378
Reduce [F]	1379

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 377

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^2(10Abc(8bc^2 - 3ad^2) - 3aBd(10bc^2 - ad^2)) x \sqrt{a + bx^2}}{256b^2} + \frac{a(10Abc(8bc^2 - 3ad^2) - 3aBd(10bc^2 - ad^2)) x (a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{384b^2} + \frac{(10Abc(8bc^2 - 3ad^2) - 3aBd(10bc^2 - ad^2)) x (a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{480b^2} + \frac{(3Bc + 10Ad)(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{90b} + \frac{B(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{10b} - \frac{(16(10ad^2(3Bc + Ad) - bc^2(3Bc + 100Ad)) + 7d(27aBd^2 - 2bc(3Bc + 55Ad)) x) (a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{5040b^2} + \frac{a^3(10Abc(8bc^2 - 3ad^2) - 3aBd(10bc^2 - ad^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{256b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/256*a^2*(10*A*b*c*(-3*a*d^2+8*b*c^2)-3*a*B*d*(-a*d^2+10*b*c^2))*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^2+1/384*a*(10*A*b*c*(-3*a*d^2+8*b*c^2)-3*a*B*d*(-a*d^2+10*b*c^2))*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b^2+1/480*(10*A*b*c*(-3*a*d^2+8*b*c^2)-3*a*B*d*(-a*d^2+10*b*c^2))*x*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b^2+1/90*(10*A*d+3*B*c)*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b+1/10*B*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b-1/5040*(160*a*d^2*(A*d+3*B*c)-16*b*c^2*(100*A*d+3*B*c)+7*d*(27*a*B*d^2-2*b*c*(55*A*d+3*B*c)))*x*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b^2+1/256*a^3*(10*A*b*c*(-3*a*d^2+8*b*c^2)-3*a*B*d*(-a*d^2+10*b*c^2))*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 406, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-5a^4d^2(512Ad + 3B(512c + 63dx)) + 10a^3b(Ad(3456c^2 + 945cdx + 128d^2x^2) + 3B(384c^3 + 315c^2dx + 128cd^2x^2 + 21d^3x^3)) + 32b^4x^5(5A(84c^3 + 216c^2dx + 189cd^2x^2 + 56d^3x^3) + 3B*x*(120c^3 + 315c^2dx + 280cd^2x^2 + 84d^3x^3)) + 12a^2b^2x*(5A(924c^3 + 1728c^2dx + 1239cd^2x^2 + 320d^3x^3) + 3B*x*(960c^3 + 2065c^2dx + 1600cd^2x^2 + 434d^3x^3)) + 16ab^3x^3(5A(546c^3 + 1296c^2dx + 1071cd^2x^2 + 304d^3x^3) + 3B*x*(720c^3 + 1785c^2dx + 1520cd^2x^2 + 441d^3x^3))) - 315a^3(10A*b*c*(8b*c^2 - 3a*d^2) + 3a*B*d*(-10b*c^2 + a*d^2))}{80640*b^(5/2)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-5*a^4*d^2*(512*A*d + 3*B*(512*c + 63*d*x)) + 10*a^3*b*(A*d*(3456*c^2 + 945*c*d*x + 128*d^2*x^2) + 3*B*(384*c^3 + 315*c^2*d*x + 128*c*d^2*x^2 + 21*d^3*x^3)) + 32*b^4*x^5*(5*A*(84*c^3 + 216*c^2*d*x + 189*c*d^2*x^2 + 56*d^3*x^3) + 3*B*x*(120*c^3 + 315*c^2*d*x + 280*c*d^2*x^2 + 84*d^3*x^3)) + 12*a^2*b^2*x*(5*A*(924*c^3 + 1728*c^2*d*x + 1239*c*d^2*x^2 + 320*d^3*x^3) + 3*B*x*(960*c^3 + 2065*c^2*d*x + 1600*c*d^2*x^2 + 434*d^3*x^3)) + 16*a*b^3*x^3*(5*A*(546*c^3 + 1296*c^2*d*x + 1071*c*d^2*x^2 + 304*d^3*x^3) + 3*B*x*(720*c^3 + 1785*c^2*d*x + 1520*c*d^2*x^2 + 441*d^3*x^3))) - 315*a^3*(10*A*b*c*(8*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2) + 3*a*B*d*(-10*b*c^2 + a*d^2))*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/(80640*b^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {687, 687, 27, 676, 211, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\frac{\int (c + dx)^2(10Abc - 3aBd + b(3Bc + 10Ad)x) (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} dx}{10b} + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (c + dx)^3}{10b}$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\frac{\int b(c+dx)(90Abc^2-33aBdc-20aAd^2-(27aBd^2-2bc(3Bc+55Ad))x)(bx^2+a)^{5/2} dx}{9b} + \frac{1}{9}(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (c + dx)^2(10Ad + 3Bc) + \frac{10b}{10b} \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (c + dx)^3}{10b}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \frac{\int (c + dx) (90Abc^2 - 33aBdc - 20aAd^2 - (27aBd^2 - 2bc(3Bc + 55Ad)) x) (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} dx + \frac{1}{9}(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (c + dx)^2(10Ad + 3Bc)}{10b} + \frac{10b}{10b} \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (c + dx)^3}{10b}$$

$$\downarrow 676$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{9(10Abc(8bc^2 - 3ad^2) - 3aBd(10bc^2 - ad^2))}{8b} \int (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} dx - \frac{2(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (10ad^2(Ad + 3Bc) - bc^2(100Ad + 3Bc))}{7b} - \frac{dx(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (27aBd^2 - 2bc(3Bc + 55Ad))}{10b} \right) + \frac{10b}{10b} \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (c + dx)^3}{10b}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{9(10Abc(8bc^2-3ad^2)-3aBd(10bc^2-ad^2)) \left(\frac{5}{6} a \int (bx^2+a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{6} x(a+bx^2)^{5/2} \right)}{8b} - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{7/2} (10ad^2(Ad+3Bc)-bc^2(100Ad+3Bc))}{7b} \right)$$

10b

$$\frac{B(a+bx^2)^{7/2} (c+dx)^3}{10b}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{9(10Abc(8bc^2-3ad^2)-3aBd(10bc^2-ad^2)) \left(\frac{5}{6} a \left(\frac{3}{4} a \int \sqrt{bx^2+ad} dx + \frac{1}{4} x(a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6} x(a+bx^2)^{5/2} \right)}{8b} - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{7/2} (10ad^2(Ad+3Bc)-bc^2(100Ad+3Bc))}{7b} \right)$$

10b

$$\frac{B(a+bx^2)^{7/2} (c+dx)^3}{10b}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{9(10Abc(8bc^2-3ad^2)-3aBd(10bc^2-ad^2)) \left(\frac{5}{6} a \left(\frac{3}{4} a \left(\frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x\sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x(a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6} x(a+bx^2)^{5/2} \right)}{8b} - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{7/2} (10ad^2(Ad+3Bc)-bc^2(100Ad+3Bc))}{7b} \right)$$

10b

$$\frac{B(a+bx^2)^{7/2} (c+dx)^3}{10b}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{9(10Abc(8bc^2-3ad^2)-3aBd(10bc^2-ad^2)) \left(\frac{5}{6} a \left(\frac{3}{4} a \left(\frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{1}{2} x\sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x(a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6} x(a+bx^2)^{5/2} \right)}{8b} - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{7/2} (10ad^2(Ad+3Bc)-bc^2(100Ad+3Bc))}{7b} \right)$$

10b

$$\frac{B(a+bx^2)^{7/2} (c+dx)^3}{10b}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{9 \left(\frac{5}{6} a \left(\frac{3}{4} a \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2} x\sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x(a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6} x(a+bx^2)^{5/2} \right) (10Abc(8bc^2-3ad^2)-3aBd(10bc^2-ad^2))}{8b} - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{7/2} (10ad^2(Ad+3Bc)-bc^2(100Ad+3Bc))}{7b} \right)$$

10b

$$\frac{B(a+bx^2)^{7/2} (c+dx)^3}{10b}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(B*(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/(10*b) + (((3*B*c + 10*A*d)*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/9 + ((-2*(10*a*d^2*(3*B*c + A*d) - b*c^2*(3*B*c + 10*A*d))*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*b) - (d*(27*a*B*d^2 - 2*b*c*(3*B*c + 55*A*d))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/(8*b) + (9*(10*A*b*c*(8*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2) - 3*a*B*d*(10*b*c^2 - a*d^2))*((x*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/6 + (5*a*((x*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*a*((x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b])))/4))/6)/(8*b))/9)/(10*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 687

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
default	$A c^3 \left(\frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5a \left(\frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3a \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4} \right)}{6} \right) + d^2(Ad + 3Bc) \left(\frac{x^2(bx^2+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{9b} - \dots \right)$
risch	$- \frac{(-8064B b^4 d^3 x^9 - 8960A b^4 d^3 x^8 - 26880B b^4 c d^2 x^8 - 30240A b^4 c d^2 x^7 - 21168B a b^3 d^3 x^7 - 30240B b^4 c^2 d x^7 - 24320A a b^3 d^3 x^6 - 3 \dots)}{\dots}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `A*c^3*(1/6*x*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)+5/6*a*(1/4*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+3/4*a*(1/2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a/b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)))))+d^2*(A*d+3*B*c)*(1/9*x^2*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b-2/63*a/b^2*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2))+3*c*d*(A*d+B*c)*(1/8*x*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b-1/8*a/b*(1/6*x*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)+5/6*a*(1/4*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+3/4*a*(1/2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a/b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)))))+1/7*c^2*(3*A*d+B*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b+B*d^3*(1/10*x^3*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b-3/10*a/b*(1/8*x*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b-1/8*a/b*(1/6*x*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)+5/6*a*(1/4*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+3/4*a*(1/2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a/b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))))))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1032, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/161280*(315*(80*A*a^3*b^2*c^3 - 30*B*a^4*b*c^2*d - 30*A*a^4*b*c*d^2 + 3
*B*a^5*d^3)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*(8
064*B*b^5*d^3*x^9 + 11520*B*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 34560*A*a^3*b^2*c^2*d - 7680*B*a
^4*b*c*d^2 - 2560*A*a^4*b*d^3 + 8960*(3*B*b^5*c*d^2 + A*b^5*d^3)*x^8 + 302
4*(10*B*b^5*c^2*d + 10*A*b^5*c*d^2 + 7*B*a*b^4*d^3)*x^7 + 1280*(9*B*b^5*c^
3 + 27*A*b^5*c^2*d + 57*B*a*b^4*c*d^2 + 19*A*a*b^4*d^3)*x^6 + 168*(80*A*b^
5*c^3 + 510*B*a*b^4*c^2*d + 510*A*a*b^4*c*d^2 + 93*B*a^2*b^3*d^3)*x^5 + 38
40*(9*B*a*b^4*c^3 + 27*A*a*b^4*c^2*d + 15*B*a^2*b^3*c*d^2 + 5*A*a^2*b^3*d^
3)*x^4 + 210*(208*A*a*b^4*c^3 + 354*B*a^2*b^3*c^2*d + 354*A*a^2*b^3*c*d^2
+ 3*B*a^3*b^2*d^3)*x^3 + 1280*(27*B*a^2*b^3*c^3 + 81*A*a^2*b^3*c^2*d + 3*B
*a^3*b^2*c*d^2 + A*a^3*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 315*(176*A*a^2*b^3*c^3 + 30*B*a^3*b^
2*c^2*d + 30*A*a^3*b^2*c*d^2 - 3*B*a^4*b*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^3, -1/
80640*(315*(80*A*a^3*b^2*c^3 - 30*B*a^4*b*c^2*d - 30*A*a^4*b*c*d^2 + 3*B*a
^5*d^3)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (8064*B*b^5*d^3*x^9
+ 11520*B*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 34560*A*a^3*b^2*c^2*d - 7680*B*a^4*b*c*d^2 - 2560*
A*a^4*b*d^3 + 8960*(3*B*b^5*c*d^2 + A*b^5*d^3)*x^8 + 3024*(10*B*b^5*c^2*d
+ 10*A*b^5*c*d^2 + 7*B*a*b^4*d^3)*x^7 + 1280*(9*B*b^5*c^3 + 27*A*b^5*c^2*d
+ 57*B*a*b^4*c*d^2 + 19*A*a*b^4*d^3)*x^6 + 168*(80*A*b^5*c^3 + 510*B*a*b^
4*c^2*d + 510*A*a*b^4*c*d^2 + 93*B*a^2*b^3*d^3)*x^5 + 3840*(9*B*a*b^4*c^3
+ 27*A*a*b^4*c^2*d + 15*B*a^2*b^3*c*d^2 + 5*A*a^2*b^3*d^3)*x^4 + 210*(2...
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1486 vs. $2(366) = 732$.

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1486, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.94

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)**3*(b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)
```


output

```

Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(B*b**2*d**3*x**9/10 + x**8*(A*b**3*d**3 + 3*B
*b**3*c*d**2)/(9*b) + x**7*(3*A*b**3*c*d**2 + 21*B*a*b**2*d**3/10 + 3*B*b*
*3*c**2*d)/(8*b) + x**6*(3*A*a*b**2*d**3 + 3*A*b**3*c**2*d + 9*B*a*b**2*c*
d**2 + B*b**3*c**3 - 8*a*(A*b**3*d**3 + 3*B*b**3*c*d**2)/(9*b))/(7*b) + x*
*5*(9*A*a*b**2*c*d**2 + A*b**3*c**3 + 3*B*a**2*b*d**3 + 9*B*a*b**2*c**2*d
- 7*a*(3*A*b**3*c*d**2 + 21*B*a*b**2*d**3/10 + 3*B*b**3*c**2*d)/(8*b))/(6*
b) + x**4*(3*A*a**2*b*d**3 + 9*A*a*b**2*c**2*d + 9*B*a**2*b*c*d**2 + 3*B*a
*b**2*c**3 - 6*a*(3*A*a*b**2*d**3 + 3*A*b**3*c**2*d + 9*B*a*b**2*c*d**2 +
B*b**3*c**3 - 8*a*(A*b**3*d**3 + 3*B*b**3*c*d**2)/(9*b))/(7*b))/(5*b) + x*
*3*(9*A*a**2*b*c*d**2 + 3*A*a*b**2*c**3 + B*a**3*d**3 + 9*B*a**2*b*c**2*d
- 5*a*(9*A*a*b**2*c*d**2 + A*b**3*c**3 + 3*B*a**2*b*d**3 + 9*B*a*b**2*c**2
*d - 7*a*(3*A*b**3*c*d**2 + 21*B*a*b**2*d**3/10 + 3*B*b**3*c**2*d)/(8*b))/
(6*b))/(4*b) + x**2*(A*a**3*d**3 + 9*A*a**2*b*c**2*d + 3*B*a**3*c*d**2 + 3
*B*a**2*b*c**3 - 4*a*(3*A*a**2*b*d**3 + 9*A*a*b**2*c**2*d + 9*B*a**2*b*c*d
**2 + 3*B*a*b**2*c**3 - 6*a*(3*A*a*b**2*d**3 + 3*A*b**3*c**2*d + 9*B*a*b**
2*c*d**2 + B*b**3*c**3 - 8*a*(A*b**3*d**3 + 3*B*b**3*c*d**2)/(9*b))/(7*b))
/(5*b))/(3*b) + x*(3*A*a**3*c*d**2 + 3*A*a**2*b*c**3 + 3*B*a**3*c**2*d - 3
*a*(9*A*a**2*b*c*d**2 + 3*A*a*b**2*c**3 + B*a**3*d**3 + 9*B*a**2*b*c**2*d
- 5*a*(9*A*a*b**2*c*d**2 + A*b**3*c**3 + 3*B*a**2*b*d**3 + 9*B*a*b**2*c**2
*d - 7*a*(3*A*b**3*c*d**2 + 21*B*a*b**2*d**3/10 + 3*B*b**3*c**2*d)/(8*b)...

```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 446, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (A+Bx)(c+dx)^3(a+bx^2)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{(bx^2+a)^{7/2} B d^3 x^3}{10b} \\
&+ \frac{1}{6} (bx^2+a)^{5/2} A c^3 x + \frac{5}{24} (bx^2+a)^{3/2} A a c^3 x + \frac{5}{16} \sqrt{bx^2+a} A a^2 c^3 x \\
&- \frac{3(bx^2+a)^{7/2} B a d^3 x}{80b^2} + \frac{(bx^2+a)^{5/2} B a^2 d^3 x}{160b^2} + \frac{(bx^2+a)^{3/2} B a^3 d^3 x}{128b^2} \\
&+ \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+a} B a^4 d^3 x}{256b^2} + \frac{5Aa^3c^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{16\sqrt{b}} + \frac{3Ba^5d^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{256b^{5/2}} \\
&+ \frac{(bx^2+a)^{7/2} B c^3}{7b} + \frac{3(bx^2+a)^{7/2} A c^2 d}{7b} + \frac{(3Bcd^2 + Ad^3)(bx^2+a)^{7/2} x^2}{9b} \\
&+ \frac{3(Bc^2d + Acd^2)(bx^2+a)^{7/2} x}{8b} - \frac{(Bc^2d + Acd^2)(bx^2+a)^{5/2} a x}{16b} \\
&- \frac{5(Bc^2d + Acd^2)(bx^2+a)^{3/2} a^2 x}{64b} - \frac{15(Bc^2d + Acd^2)\sqrt{bx^2+a} a^3 x}{128b} \\
&- \frac{15(Bc^2d + Acd^2)a^4 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128b^{3/2}} - \frac{2(3Bcd^2 + Ad^3)(bx^2+a)^{7/2} a}{63b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/10*(b*x^2 + a)^(7/2)*B*d^3*x^3/b + 1/6*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*A*c^3*x + 5/24*
(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*A*a*c^3*x + 5/16*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*a^2*c^3*x - 3/80*(b*x
^2 + a)^(7/2)*B*a*d^3*x/b^2 + 1/160*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*B*a^2*d^3*x/b^2 + 1/
128*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*a^3*d^3*x/b^2 + 3/256*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*a^4*d^3*x/
b^2 + 5/16*A*a^3*c^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) + 3/256*B*a^5*d^3*arcs
inh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(5/2) + 1/7*(b*x^2 + a)^(7/2)*B*c^3/b + 3/7*(b*x^2 +
a)^(7/2)*A*c^2*d/b + 1/9*(3*B*c*d^2 + A*d^3)*(b*x^2 + a)^(7/2)*x^2/b + 3/8
*(B*c^2*d + A*c*d^2)*(b*x^2 + a)^(7/2)*x/b - 1/16*(B*c^2*d + A*c*d^2)*(b*x
^2 + a)^(5/2)*a*x/b - 5/64*(B*c^2*d + A*c*d^2)*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^2*x/b -
15/128*(B*c^2*d + A*c*d^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*x/b - 15/128*(B*c^2*d + A*
c*d^2)*a^4*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) - 2/63*(3*B*c*d^2 + A*d^3)*(b*x^
2 + a)^(7/2)*a/b^2

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 547, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{80640} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left(\left(2 \left(\left(4 \left(\left(2 \left(7 \left(8 \left(9 Bb^2 d^3 x + \frac{10(3 Bb^{10} cd^2 + Ab^{10} d^3)}{b^8} \right) x + \frac{27(10 Bb^2 d^3 c^2 + 10 A^2 b^2 c^2 d + 7 A^2 b^2 c d^2 + 7 B^2 a^2 b^9 d^3)}{b^8} \right) x + 80(9 B^2 b^{10} c^3 + 27 A^2 b^{10} c^2 d + 57 B^2 a^2 b^9 c d^2 + 19 A^2 a^2 b^9 d^3)}{b^8} \right) x + 21(80 A^2 b^{10} c^3 + 510 B^2 a^2 b^9 c^2 d + 510 A^2 a^2 b^9 c d^2 + 93 B^2 a^2 b^8 d^3)}{b^8} \right) x + 480(9 B^2 a^2 b^9 c^3 + 27 A^2 a^2 b^9 c^2 d + 15 B^2 a^2 b^8 c^2 d^2 + 5 A^2 a^2 b^8 d^3)}{b^8} \right) x + 105(208 A^2 a^2 b^9 c^3 + 354 B^2 a^2 b^8 c^2 d + 354 A^2 a^2 b^8 c^2 d^2 + 3 B^2 a^3 b^7 d^3)}{b^8} \right) x + 640(27 B^2 a^2 b^8 c^3 + 81 A^2 a^2 b^8 c^2 d + 3 B^2 a^3 b^7 c^2 d^2 + A^2 a^3 b^7 d^3)}{b^8} \right) x + 315(176 A^2 a^2 b^8 c^3 + 30 B^2 a^3 b^7 c^2 d + 30 A^2 a^3 b^7 c^2 d^2 - 3 B^2 a^4 b^6 d^3)}{b^8} \right) x + 1280(9 B^2 a^3 b^7 c^3 + 27 A^2 a^3 b^7 c^2 d - 6 B^2 a^4 b^6 c^2 d^2 - 2 A^2 a^4 b^6 d^3)}{b^8} - \frac{1}{256} (80 A^2 a^3 b^2 c^3 - 30 B^2 a^4 b c^2 d - 30 A^2 a^4 b c d^2 + 3 B^2 a^5 d^3) \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right| \right) \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/80640*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*((2*((4*((2*(7*(8*(9*B*b^2*d^3*x + 10*(3*B*b^10*c*d^2 + A*b^10*d^3)/b^8)*x + 27*(10*B*b^10*c^2*d + 10*A*b^10*c*d^2 + 7*B*a*b^9*d^3)/b^8)*x + 80*(9*B*b^10*c^3 + 27*A*b^10*c^2*d + 57*B*a*b^9*c*d^2 + 19*A*a*b^9*d^3)/b^8)*x + 21*(80*A*b^10*c^3 + 510*B*a*b^9*c^2*d + 510*A*a*b^9*c*d^2 + 93*B*a^2*b^8*d^3)/b^8)*x + 480*(9*B*a*b^9*c^3 + 27*A*a*b^9*c^2*d + 15*B*a^2*b^8*c^2*d + 5*A*a^2*b^8*d^3)/b^8)*x + 105*(208*A*a*b^9*c^3 + 354*B*a^2*b^8*c^2*d + 354*A*a^2*b^8*c^2*d^2 + 3*B*a^3*b^7*d^3)/b^8)*x + 640*(27*B*a^2*b^8*c^3 + 81*A*a^2*b^8*c^2*d + 3*B*a^3*b^7*c^2*d^2 + A*a^3*b^7*d^3)/b^8)*x + 315*(176*A*a^2*b^8*c^3 + 30*B*a^3*b^7*c^2*d + 30*A*a^3*b^7*c^2*d^2 - 3*B*a^4*b^6*d^3)/b^8)*x + 1280*(9*B*a^3*b^7*c^3 + 27*A*a^3*b^7*c^2*d - 6*B*a^4*b^6*c^2*d^2 - 2*A*a^4*b^6*d^3)/b^8) - 1/256*(80*A*a^3*b^2*c^3 - 30*B*a^4*b*c^2*d - 30*A*a^4*b*c*d^2 + 3*B*a^5*d^3)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(5/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} (A + Bx) (c + dx)^3 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (Bx + A)(dx + c)^3 (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

3.163 $\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1380
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1381
Rubi [A] (verified)	1381
Maple [A] (verified)	1384
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1385
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1386
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1387
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1387
Mupad [F(-1)]	1388
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1388

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 257

$$\begin{aligned} \int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = & \frac{5a^2(8Abc^2 - 2aBcd - aAd^2) x\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{128b} \\ & + \frac{5a(8Abc^2 - 2aBcd - aAd^2) x(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{192b} \\ & + \frac{(8Abc^2 - 2aBcd - aAd^2) x(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{48b} + \frac{B(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{9b} \\ & - \frac{(16(aBd^2 - bc(Bc + 9Ad)) - 7bd(2Bc + 9Ad)x) (a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{504b^2} \\ & + \frac{5a^3(8Abc^2 - 2aBcd - aAd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{128b^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
5/128*a^2*(-A*a*d^2+8*A*b*c^2-2*B*a*c*d)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+5/192*a*(-A*a*d^2+8*A*b*c^2-2*B*a*c*d)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b+1/48*(-A*a*d^2+8*A*b*c^2-2*B*a*c*d)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b+1/9*B*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b-1/504*(16*a*B*d^2-16*b*c*(9*A*d+B*c)-7*b*d*(9*A*d+2*B*c)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b^2+5/128*a^3*(-A*a*d^2+8*A*b*c^2-2*B*a*c*d)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-256a^4Bd^2 + 16b^4x^5(3A(28c^2 + 48cdx + 21d^2x^2) + 2Bx(36c^2 + 63cdx + 28d^2x^2)) + a^3b(9Ad(256c + 35dx) + 2B(576c^2 + 315cdx + 64d^2x^2)) + 8ab^3x^3(2Bx(216c^2 + 357cdx + 152d^2x^2) + A(546c^2 + 864cdx + 357d^2x^2)) + 6a^2b^2x(2Bx(288c^2 + 413cdx + 160d^2x^2) + A(924c^2 + 1152cdx + 413d^2x^2))) + 315a^3\sqrt{b}(-8Abc^2 + 2aBcd + aAd^2)\text{Log}[-(\sqrt{b}x) + \sqrt{a + bx^2}]}{(8064b^2)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-256*a^4*B*d^2 + 16*b^4*x^5*(3*A*(28*c^2 + 48*c*d*x + 21*d^2*x^2) + 2*B*x*(36*c^2 + 63*c*d*x + 28*d^2*x^2)) + a^3*b*(9*A*d*(256*c + 35*d*x) + 2*B*(576*c^2 + 315*c*d*x + 64*d^2*x^2)) + 8*a*b^3*x^3*(2*B*x*(216*c^2 + 357*c*d*x + 152*d^2*x^2) + A*(546*c^2 + 864*c*d*x + 357*d^2*x^2)) + 6*a^2*b^2*x*(2*B*x*(288*c^2 + 413*c*d*x + 160*d^2*x^2) + A*(924*c^2 + 1152*c*d*x + 413*d^2*x^2))) + 315*a^3*Sqrt[b]*(-8*A*b*c^2 + 2*a*B*c*d + a*A*d^2)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(8064*b^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {687, 676, 211, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\frac{\int (c + dx)(9Abc - 2aBd + b(2Bc + 9Ad)x) (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} dx}{9b} + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (c + dx)^2}{9b}$$

$$\downarrow 676$$

$$\frac{\frac{9}{8}(-aAd^2 - 2aBcd + 8Abc^2) \int (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} dx - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(aBd^2 - bc(9Ad+Bc))}{7b} + \frac{1}{8}dx(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(9Ad+2Bc)}{\frac{9b}{B(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(c+dx)^2}} +$$

$$\downarrow \text{211}$$

$$\frac{\frac{9}{8}(-aAd^2 - 2aBcd + 8Abc^2) \left(\frac{5}{6}a \int (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{6}x(a+bx^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(aBd^2 - bc(9Ad+Bc))}{7b} + \frac{1}{8}dx(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(9Ad+2Bc)}{9b}}{\frac{9b}{B(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(c+dx)^2}} +$$

$$\downarrow \text{211}$$

$$\frac{\frac{9}{8}(-aAd^2 - 2aBcd + 8Abc^2) \left(\frac{5}{6}a \left(\frac{3}{4}a \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(a+bx^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(aBd^2 - bc(9Ad+Bc))}{7b} + \frac{1}{8}dx(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(9Ad+2Bc)}{9b}}{\frac{9b}{B(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(c+dx)^2}} +$$

$$\downarrow \text{211}$$

$$\frac{\frac{9}{8}(-aAd^2 - 2aBcd + 8Abc^2) \left(\frac{5}{6}a \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(a+bx^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(aBd^2 - bc(9Ad+Bc))}{7b} + \frac{1}{8}dx(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(9Ad+2Bc)}{9b}}{\frac{9b}{B(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(c+dx)^2}} +$$

$$\downarrow \text{224}$$

$$\frac{\frac{9}{8}(-aAd^2 - 2aBcd + 8Abc^2) \left(\frac{5}{6}a \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(a+bx^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(aBd^2 - bc(9Ad+Bc))}{7b} + \frac{1}{8}dx(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(9Ad+2Bc)}{9b}}{\frac{9b}{B(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(c+dx)^2}} +$$

$$\downarrow \text{219}$$

$$\frac{\frac{9}{8} \left(\frac{5}{6} a \left(\frac{3}{4} a \left(\frac{a \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6} x (a+bx^2)^{5/2} \right) (-aAd^2 - 2aBcd + 8a^2d)}{9b}}{B(a+bx^2)^{7/2} (c+dx)^2}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(B*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*b) + ((-2*(a*B*d^2 - b*c*(B*c + 9*A*d))*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*b) + (d*(2*B*c + 9*A*d)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/8 + (9*(8*A*b*c^2 - 2*a*B*c*d - a*A*d^2)*((x*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/6 + (5*a*((x*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*a*((x*sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (a*ArcTanh[(sqrt[b]*x)/sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*sqrt[b])))/4))/6))/8)/(9*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 687

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
default	$A c^2 \left(\frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5a \left(\frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3a \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4} \right)}{6} \right) + d(Ad + 2Bc) \left(\frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8b} - \dots \right)$
risch	$\frac{(896B b^4 d^2 x^8 + 1008A b^4 d^2 x^7 + 2016B b^4 c d x^7 + 2304A b^4 c d x^6 + 2432B a b^3 d^2 x^6 + 1152B b^4 c^2 x^6 + 2856A a b^3 d^2 x^5 + 1344A b^4 c^2 x^5 + \dots)}{\dots}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
A*c^2*(1/6*x*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)+5/6*a*(1/4*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+3/4*a*(1/2*x*(b*
x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a/b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))))+d*(A*d+2*B*c)*
(1/8*x*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b-1/8*a/b*(1/6*x*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)+5/6*a*(1/4*x*(b*x^
2+a)^(3/2)+3/4*a*(1/2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a/b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+
a)^(1/2)))))+1/7*c*(2*A*d+B*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b+B*d^2*(1/9*x^2*(b*x^2+a)
^(7/2)/b-2/63*a/b^2*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 704, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \left[-\frac{315(8Aa^3bc^2 - 2Ba^4cd - Aa^4d^2)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-2bx^2 + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}\sqrt{bx - a}\right) - 2(896Bb^4d^2x^8 + 1008(2Bb^4cd + Ab^4d^2)x^7 + 1152B^2a^3b^2c^2d + 2304A^2a^3b^2c^2d - 256B^2a^4d^2 + 128(9B^2b^4c^2 + 18A^2b^4cd + 19B^2ab^3d^2))x^6 + 168(8A^2b^4c^2 + 34B^2ab^3cd + 17A^2ab^3d^2)x^5 + 384(9B^2ab^3c^2 + 18A^2ab^3cd + 5B^2a^2b^2d^2)x^4 + 42(104A^2ab^3c^2 + 118B^2a^2b^2cd + 59A^2a^2b^2d^2)x^3 + 128(27B^2a^2b^2c^2 + 54A^2a^2b^2cd + B^2a^3bd^2)x^2 + 63(88A^2a^2b^2c^2 + 10B^2a^3b^2cd + 5A^2a^3bd^2)x}{315(8Aa^3bc^2 - 2Ba^4cd - Aa^4d^2)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}\right) - (896Bb^4d^2x^8 + 1008(2Bb^4cd + Ab^4d^2)x^7 + 1152B^2a^3b^2c^2d + 2304A^2a^3b^2c^2d - 256B^2a^4d^2 + 128(9B^2b^4c^2 + 18A^2b^4cd + 19B^2ab^3d^2))x^6 + 168(8A^2b^4c^2 + 34B^2ab^3cd + 17A^2ab^3d^2)x^5 + 384(9B^2ab^3c^2 + 18A^2ab^3cd + 5B^2a^2b^2d^2)x^4 + 42(104A^2ab^3c^2 + 118B^2a^2b^2cd + 59A^2a^2b^2d^2)x^3 + 128(27B^2a^2b^2c^2 + 54A^2a^2b^2cd + B^2a^3bd^2)x^2 + 63(88A^2a^2b^2c^2 + 10B^2a^3b^2cd + 5A^2a^3bd^2)x}{b^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[ -1/16128*(315*(8*A*a^3*b*c^2 - 2*B*a^4*c*d - A*a^4*d^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(896*B*b^4*d^2*x^8 + 1008*(2*B*b^4*c*d + A*b^4*d^2)*x^7 + 1152*B*a^3*b*c^2 + 2304*A*a^3*b*c*d - 256*B*a^4*d^2 + 128*(9*B*b^4*c^2 + 18*A*b^4*c*d + 19*B*a*b^3*d^2))*x^6 + 168*(8*A*b^4*c^2 + 34*B*a*b^3*c*d + 17*A*a*b^3*d^2)*x^5 + 384*(9*B*a*b^3*c^2 + 18*A*a*b^3*c*d + 5*B*a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^4 + 42*(104*A*a*b^3*c^2 + 118*B*a^2*b^2*c*d + 59*A*a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^3 + 128*(27*B*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 54*A*a^2*b^2*c*d + B*a^3*b*d^2)*x^2 + 63*(88*A*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 10*B*a^3*b^2*c*d + 5*A*a^3*b*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2, -1/8064*(315*(8*A*a^3*b*c^2 - 2*B*a^4*c*d - A*a^4*d^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (896*B*b^4*d^2*x^8 + 1008*(2*B*b^4*c*d + A*b^4*d^2)*x^7 + 1152*B*a^3*b*c^2 + 2304*A*a^3*b*c*d - 256*B*a^4*d^2 + 128*(9*B*b^4*c^2 + 18*A*b^4*c*d + 19*B*a*b^3*d^2))*x^6 + 168*(8*A*b^4*c^2 + 34*B*a*b^3*c*d + 17*A*a*b^3*d^2)*x^5 + 384*(9*B*a*b^3*c^2 + 18*A*a*b^3*c*d + 5*B*a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^4 + 42*(104*A*a*b^3*c^2 + 118*B*a^2*b^2*c*d + 59*A*a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^3 + 128*(27*B*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 54*A*a^2*b^2*c*d + B*a^3*b*d^2)*x^2 + 63*(88*A*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 10*B*a^3*b^2*c*d + 5*A*a^3*b*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 994 vs. $2(257) = 514$.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 994, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.87

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)**2*(b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(B*b**2*d**2*x**8/9 + x**7*(A*b**3*d**2 + 2*B*
b**3*c*d)/(8*b) + x**6*(2*A*b**3*c*d + 19*B*a*b**2*d**2/9 + B*b**3*c**2)/(
7*b) + x**5*(3*A*a*b**2*d**2 + A*b**3*c**2 + 6*B*a*b**2*c*d - 7*a*(A*b**3*
d**2 + 2*B*b**3*c*d)/(8*b))/(6*b) + x**4*(6*A*a*b**2*c*d + 3*B*a**2*b*d**2
+ 3*B*a*b**2*c**2 - 6*a*(2*A*b**3*c*d + 19*B*a*b**2*d**2/9 + B*b**3*c**2)
/(7*b))/(5*b) + x**3*(3*A*a**2*b*d**2 + 3*A*a*b**2*c**2 + 6*B*a**2*b*c*d -
5*a*(3*A*a*b**2*d**2 + A*b**3*c**2 + 6*B*a*b**2*c*d - 7*a*(A*b**3*d**2 +
2*B*b**3*c*d)/(8*b))/(6*b))/(4*b) + x**2*(6*A*a**2*b*c*d + B*a**3*d**2 + 3
*B*a**2*b*c**2 - 4*a*(6*A*a*b**2*c*d + 3*B*a**2*b*d**2 + 3*B*a*b**2*c**2 -
6*a*(2*A*b**3*c*d + 19*B*a*b**2*d**2/9 + B*b**3*c**2)/(7*b))/(5*b))/(3*b)
+ x*(A*a**3*d**2 + 3*A*a**2*b*c**2 + 2*B*a**3*c*d - 3*a*(3*A*a**2*b*d**2
+ 3*A*a*b**2*c**2 + 6*B*a**2*b*c*d - 5*a*(3*A*a*b**2*d**2 + A*b**3*c**2 +
6*B*a*b**2*c*d - 7*a*(A*b**3*d**2 + 2*B*b**3*c*d)/(8*b))/(6*b))/(4*b))/(2*
b) + (2*A*a**3*c*d + B*a**3*c**2 - 2*a*(6*A*a**2*b*c*d + B*a**3*d**2 + 3*B
*a**2*b*c**2 - 4*a*(6*A*a*b**2*c*d + 3*B*a**2*b*d**2 + 3*B*a*b**2*c**2 - 6
*a*(2*A*b**3*c*d + 19*B*a*b**2*d**2/9 + B*b**3*c**2)/(7*b))/(5*b))/(3*b))/
b) + (A*a**3*c**2 - a*(A*a**3*d**2 + 3*A*a**2*b*c**2 + 2*B*a**3*c*d - 3*a*
(3*A*a**2*b*d**2 + 3*A*a*b**2*c**2 + 6*B*a**2*b*c*d - 5*a*(3*A*a*b**2*d**2
+ A*b**3*c**2 + 6*B*a*b**2*c*d - 7*a*(A*b**3*d**2 + 2*B*b**3*c*d)/(8*b))/
(6*b))/(4*b))/(2*b))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{7/2} B d^2 x^2}{9b} + \frac{1}{6} (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} A c^2 x + \frac{5}{24} (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} A a c^2 x + \frac{5}{16} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} A a^2 c^2 x + \frac{5 A a^3 c^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{16 \sqrt{b}} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{7/2} B c^2}{7b} + \frac{2 (bx^2 + a)^{7/2} A c d}{7b} - \frac{2 (bx^2 + a)^{7/2} B a d^2}{63 b^2} + \frac{(2 B c d + A d^2)(bx^2 + a)^{7/2} x}{8b} - \frac{(2 B c d + A d^2)(bx^2 + a)^{5/2} a x}{48 b} - \frac{5 (2 B c d + A d^2)(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} a^2 x}{192 b} - \frac{5 (2 B c d + A d^2) \sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^3 x}{128 b} - \frac{5 (2 B c d + A d^2) a^4 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128 b^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output
$$\frac{1}{9} (bx^2 + a)^{7/2} B d^2 x^2 / b + \frac{1}{6} (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} A c^2 x + \frac{5}{24} (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} A a c^2 x + \frac{5}{16} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} A a^2 c^2 x + \frac{5}{16} A a^3 c^2 \operatorname{arsinh}(bx/\sqrt{ab}) / \sqrt{b} + \frac{1}{7} (bx^2 + a)^{7/2} B c^2 / b + \frac{2}{7} (bx^2 + a)^{7/2} A c d / b - \frac{2}{63} (bx^2 + a)^{7/2} B a d^2 / b^2 + \frac{1}{8} (2 B c d + A d^2) (bx^2 + a)^{7/2} x / b - \frac{1}{48} (2 B c d + A d^2) (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} a x / b - \frac{5}{192} (2 B c d + A d^2) (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} a^2 x / b - \frac{5}{128} (2 B c d + A d^2) \sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^3 x / b - \frac{5}{128} (2 B c d + A d^2) a^4 \operatorname{arsinh}(bx/\sqrt{ab}) / b^{3/2}$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{8064} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left(\left(2 \left(\left(4 \left(\left(2 \left(7 \left(8 B b^2 d^2 x + \frac{9 (2 B b^9 c d + A b^9 d^2)}{b^7} \right) x + \frac{8 (9 B b^9 c^2 + 18 A a^9 c^2)}{b^7} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right| \right) - \frac{5 (8 A a^3 b c^2 - 2 B a^4 c d - A a^4 d^2)}{128 b^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{8064}\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left((2 \left((4 \left((2 \left(7 \left(8B^2b^2d^2x + 9(2Bb^9cd + Ab^9d^2)/b^7 \right) x + 8(9Bb^9c^2 + 18Aab^9cd + 19B^2a^2b^8d^2)/b^7 \right) x + 21(8A^2b^9c^2 + 34B^2a^2b^8cd + 17A^2a^2b^8d^2)/b^7 \right) x + 48(9B^2a^2b^8c^2 + 18A^2a^2b^8cd + 5B^2a^2b^7d^2)/b^7 \right) x + 21(104A^2a^2b^8c^2 + 118B^2a^2b^7cd + 59A^2a^2b^7d^2)/b^7 \right) x + 64(27B^2a^2b^7c^2 + 54A^2a^2b^7cd + B^2a^3b^6d^2)/b^7 \right) x + 63(88A^2a^2b^7c^2 + 10B^2a^3b^6cd + 5A^2a^3b^6d^2)/b^7 \right) x + 128(9B^2a^3b^6c^2 + 18A^2a^3b^6cd - 2B^2a^4b^5d^2)/b^7 - \frac{5}{128}(8A^2a^3b^6c^2 - 2B^2a^4cd - A^2a^4d^2) \log(\text{abs}(-\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}))/b^{3/2}$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} (A + Bx) (c + dx)^2 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 572, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{315\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^4bd^2x + 5544\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^3b^2c^2x + 2478\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^3b^2d^2x^3 + 128\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^5}{128}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(2304*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**4*b*c*d + 315*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**4*b*d**2*x - 2
56*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**4*b*d**2 + 5544*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b**2*c**2*x +
1152*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b**2*c**2 + 6912*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b**2*c*
d*x**2 + 630*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b**2*c*d*x + 2478*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3
*b**2*d**2*x**3 + 128*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 4368*sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*a**2*b**3*c**2*x**3 + 3456*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**3*c**2*x**2 +
6912*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**3*c*d*x**4 + 4956*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**
3*c*d*x**3 + 2856*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**3*d**2*x**5 + 1920*sqrt(a + b*x
**2)*a**2*b**3*d**2*x**4 + 1344*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**4*c**2*x**5 + 3456*s
qrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**4*c**2*x**4 + 2304*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**4*c*d*x**6 +
5712*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**4*c*d*x**5 + 1008*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**4*d**2
*x**7 + 2432*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**4*d**2*x**6 + 1152*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**
5*c**2*x**6 + 2016*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**5*c*d*x**7 + 896*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b
**5*d**2*x**8 - 315*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a*
*5*d**2 + 2520*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**4*b*
c**2 - 630*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**4*b*c*d
/(8064*b**2)
```

3.164 $\int (A + Bx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1390
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1391
Rubi [A] (verified)	1391
Maple [A] (verified)	1393
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1394
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1395
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1396
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1397
Mupad [F(-1)]	1397
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1398

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{5a^2(8Abc - aBd)x\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{128b} + \frac{5a(8Abc - aBd)x(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{192b} + \frac{(8Abc - aBd)x(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{48b} + \frac{(8(Bc + Ad) + 7Bdx)(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{56b} + \frac{5a^3(8Abc - aBd)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{128b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
5/128*a^2*(8*A*b*c-B*a*d)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+5/192*a*(8*A*b*c-B*a*d)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b+1/48*(8*A*b*c-B*a*d)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b+1/56*(7*B*d*x+8*A*d+8*B*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b+5/128*a^3*(8*A*b*c-B*a*d)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a + bx^2}(3a^3(128Bc + 128Ad + 35Bdx) + 16b^3x^5(4A(7c + 6dx) + 3Bx(8c + 7dx)) + 8a^2b^2x^3(2A(91c + 72d) + Bx(144c + 119d)) + 2a^2b^2x^3(12A(77c + 48d) + Bx(576c + 413d))) + 105a^3(-8Abc + aBd)\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]]}{2688b^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(3*a^3*(128*B*c + 128*A*d + 35*B*d*x) + 16*b^3*x^5*(4*A*(7*c + 6*d*x) + 3*B*x*(8*c + 7*d*x)) + 8*a*b^2*x^3*(2*A*(91*c + 72*d*x) + B*x*(144*c + 119*d*x)) + 2*a^2*b*x*(12*A*(77*c + 48*d*x) + B*x*(576*c + 413*d*x))) + 105*a^3*(-8*A*b*c + a*B*d)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2688*b^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {676, 211, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx)(c + dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 676$$

$$\frac{(8Abc - aBd) \int (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} dx}{8b} + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (Ad + Bc)}{7b} + \frac{Bdx(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{8b}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$\frac{(8Abc - aBd) \left(\frac{5}{6}a \int (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{6}x(a + bx^2)^{5/2} \right)}{8b} + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (Ad + Bc)}{7b} + \frac{Bdx(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{8b}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 211 \\
& \frac{(8Abc - aBd) \left(\frac{5}{6}a \left(\frac{3}{4}a \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(a + bx^2)^{5/2} \right)}{\frac{8b}{(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (Ad + Bc)} + \frac{Bdx(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{8b}} + \\
& \downarrow 211 \\
& \frac{(8Abc - aBd) \left(\frac{5}{6}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{\frac{8b}{(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (Ad + Bc)} + \frac{Bdx(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{8b}} + \\
& \downarrow 224 \\
& \frac{(8Abc - aBd) \left(\frac{5}{6}a \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2 + a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(a + bx^2)^{5/2} \right)}{\frac{8b}{(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (Ad + Bc)} + \frac{Bdx(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{8b}} + \\
& \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{5}{6}a \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(a + bx^2)^{5/2} \right) (8Abc - aBd)}{\frac{8b}{(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (Ad + Bc)} + \frac{Bdx(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{8b}} +
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `((B*c + A*d)*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*b) + (B*d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/(8*b) + ((8*A*b*c - a*B*d)*((x*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/6 + (5*a*((x*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*a*((x*sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (a*ArcTanh[(sqrt[b]*x)/sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*sqrt[b])))/4))/6))/(8*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[p[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
default	$Ac \left(\frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5a \left(\frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3a \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4} \right)}{6} \right) + \frac{(Ad+Bc)(bx^2+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7b} + Bd \left(\frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8b} \right)$
risch	$\frac{(336Bb^3dx^7 + 384Ab^3dx^6 + 384Bb^3cx^6 + 448Ab^3cx^5 + 952aBb^2dx^5 + 1152Aab^2dx^4 + 1152Bab^2cx^4 + 1456Aab^2cx^3 + 826Ba^2bdx^3 + 1152Aa^2bdx^2 + 384Aa^2cdx^2 + 1152Aab^2cdx + 384Aa^2cdx + 384Aa^2cdx + 384Aa^2cdx)}{2688b}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output A*c*(1/6*x*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)+5/6*a*(1/4*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+3/4*a*(1/2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a/b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))))+1/7*(A*d+B*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b+B*d*(1/8*x*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b-1/8*a/b*(1/6*x*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)+5/6*a*(1/4*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+3/4*a*(1/2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a/b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \left[-\frac{105(8Aa^3bc - Ba^4d)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-2bx^2 + 2\sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{bx} - a\right) - 2(336Bb^4dx^7 + 384(Bb^4c + Ab^4d)x^6 + 384Ba^3bc + 384Aa^2bdx^5 + 1152Aab^2cdx^4 + 1152Bab^2cdx^3 + 1456Aa^2bdx^2 + 384Aa^2cdx^2 + 1152Aab^2cdx + 384Aa^2cdx + 384Aa^2cdx)}{2688b} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{105(8Aa^3bc - Ba^4d)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b}x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) - (336Bb^4dx^7 + 384(Bb^4c + Ab^4d)x^6 + 384Ba^3bc + 384Aa^2bdx^5 + 1152Aab^2cdx^4 + 1152Bab^2cdx^3 + 1456Aa^2bdx^2 + 384Aa^2cdx^2 + 1152Aab^2cdx + 384Aa^2cdx + 384Aa^2cdx)}{2688b} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & [-1/5376*(105*(8*A*a^3*b*c - B*a^4*d)*\sqrt{b}*\log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*\sqrt{b*x^2} \\ & + a)*\sqrt{b}*x - a) - 2*(336*B*b^4*d*x^7 + 384*(B*b^4*c + A*b^4*d)*x^6 + 3 \\ & 84*B*a^3*b*c + 384*A*a^3*b*d + 56*(8*A*b^4*c + 17*B*a*b^3*d)*x^5 + 1152*(B \\ & *a*b^3*c + A*a*b^3*d)*x^4 + 14*(104*A*a*b^3*c + 59*B*a^2*b^2*d)*x^3 + 1152 \\ & *(B*a^2*b^2*c + A*a^2*b^2*d)*x^2 + 21*(88*A*a^2*b^2*c + 5*B*a^3*b*d)*x)*\sqrt{ \\ & b*x^2 + a)}/b^2, -1/2688*(105*(8*A*a^3*b*c - B*a^4*d)*\sqrt{-b}*\arctan(\sqrt{ \\ & -b}*x/\sqrt{b*x^2 + a}) - (336*B*b^4*d*x^7 + 384*(B*b^4*c + A*b^4*d)*x^6 \\ & + 384*B*a^3*b*c + 384*A*a^3*b*d + 56*(8*A*b^4*c + 17*B*a*b^3*d)*x^5 + 11 \\ & 52*(B*a*b^3*c + A*a*b^3*d)*x^4 + 14*(104*A*a*b^3*c + 59*B*a^2*b^2*d)*x^3 + \\ & 1152*(B*a^2*b^2*c + A*a^2*b^2*d)*x^2 + 21*(88*A*a^2*b^2*c + 5*B*a^3*b*d)* \\ & x)*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a)}/b^2] \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 561 vs. $2(160) = 320$.

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 561, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.30

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \left(\frac{Bb^2 dx^7}{8} + \frac{x^6 (Ab^3 d + Bb^3 c)}{7b} + \frac{x^5 \left(Ab^3 c + \frac{17Bab^2 d}{8} \right)}{6b} + \frac{x^4 \left(3Aab^2 d + 3Bab^2 c - \frac{6a(Ab^3 d + Bb^3 c)}{7b} \right)}{5b} + \dots \right) \\ a^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(Acx + \frac{Bdx^3}{3} + \frac{x^2(Ad+Bc)}{2} \right) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)*(b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(B*b**2*d*x**7/8 + x**6*(A*b**3*d + B*b**3*c)/
(7*b) + x**5*(A*b**3*c + 17*B*a*b**2*d/8)/(6*b) + x**4*(3*A*a*b**2*d + 3*B
*a*b**2*c - 6*a*(A*b**3*d + B*b**3*c)/(7*b))/(5*b) + x**3*(3*A*a*b**2*c +
3*B*a**2*b*d - 5*a*(A*b**3*c + 17*B*a*b**2*d/8)/(6*b))/(4*b) + x**2*(3*A*a
**2*b*d + 3*B*a**2*b*c - 4*a*(3*A*a*b**2*d + 3*B*a*b**2*c - 6*a*(A*b**3*d
+ B*b**3*c)/(7*b))/(5*b))/(3*b) + x*(3*A*a**2*b*c + B*a**3*d - 3*a*(3*A*a
b**2*c + 3*B*a**2*b*d - 5*a*(A*b**3*c + 17*B*a*b**2*d/8)/(6*b))/(4*b))/(2*
b) + (A*a**3*d + B*a**3*c - 2*a*(3*A*a**2*b*d + 3*B*a**2*b*c - 4*a*(3*A*a
b**2*d + 3*B*a*b**2*c - 6*a*(A*b**3*d + B*b**3*c)/(7*b))/(5*b))/(3*b))/b)
+ (A*a**3*c - a*(3*A*a**2*b*c + B*a**3*d - 3*a*(3*A*a*b**2*c + 3*B*a**2*b*
d - 5*a*(A*b**3*c + 17*B*a*b**2*d/8)/(6*b))/(4*b))/(2*b))*Piecewise((log(2
*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x*
*2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), (a**(5/2)*(A*c*x + B*d*x**3/3 + x**2*(A*d + B*c)/2
), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{6} (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} Acx$$

$$+ \frac{5}{24} (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} Aacx + \frac{5}{16} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} Aa^2cx + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{7/2} Bdx}{8b}$$

$$- \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2} Badx}{48b} - \frac{5(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} Ba^2dx}{192b} - \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2 + a} Ba^3dx}{128b}$$

$$+ \frac{5Aa^3c \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{16\sqrt{b}} - \frac{5Ba^4d \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128b^{3/2}} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{7/2} Bc}{7b} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{7/2} Ad}{7b}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/6*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*A*c*x + 5/24*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*A*a*c*x + 5/16*sqrt(b
*x^2 + a)*A*a^2*c*x + 1/8*(b*x^2 + a)^(7/2)*B*d*x/b - 1/48*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/
2)*B*a*d*x/b - 5/192*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*a^2*d*x/b - 5/128*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)
*B*a^3*d*x/b + 5/16*A*a^3*c*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) - 5/128*B*a^4*d
*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) + 1/7*(b*x^2 + a)^(7/2)*B*c/b + 1/7*(b*x^2
+ a)^(7/2)*A*d/b
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{2688} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left(\left(2 \left(\left(4 \left(\left(6 \left(7 Bb^2 dx + \frac{8 (Bb^8 c + Ab^8 d)}{b^6} \right) x + \frac{7 (8 Ab^8 c + 17 Bab^7 d)}{b^6} \right) \right) \right) \right) x + \frac{5 (8 Aa^3 bc - Ba^4 d) \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right| \right)}{128 b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2688*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*((2*((4*((6*(7*B*b^2*d*x + 8*(B*b^8*c + A*b^8*d)/b^6)*x + 7*(8*A*b^8*c + 17*B*a*b^7*d)/b^6)*x + 144*(B*a*b^7*c + A*a*b^7*d)/b^6)*x + 7*(104*A*a*b^7*c + 59*B*a^2*b^6*d)/b^6)*x + 576*(B*a^2*b^6*c + A*a^2*b^6*d)/b^6)*x + 21*(88*A*a^2*b^6*c + 5*B*a^3*b^5*d)/b^6)*x + 384*(B*a^3*b^5*c + A*a^3*b^5*d)/b^6) - 5/128*(8*A*a^3*b*c - B*a^4*d)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(3/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} (A + Bx) (c + dx) dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{384\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^4 d + 1848\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^3 bcx + 384\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^3 bc + 1152\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^3 bdx^2 + 105\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^3 b^2 dx^3 + 1456\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 b^2 c x^3 + 1152\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 b^2 d x^4 + 826\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 b^2 d x^3 + 448\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a b^3 c x^5 + 1152\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a b^3 c x^4 + 384\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a b^3 d x^6 + 952\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a b^3 d x^5 + 384\sqrt{bx^2 + a} b^4 c x^6 + 336\sqrt{bx^2 + a} b^4 d x^7 + 840\sqrt{b} \log((\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + \sqrt{b}x)/\sqrt{a}) a^4 c - 105\sqrt{b} \log((\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + \sqrt{b}x)/\sqrt{a}) a^4 d}{(2688*b)}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(384*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**4*d + 1848*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b*c*x + 384*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b*c + 1152*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b*d*x**2 + 105*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b*d*x + 1456*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*c*x**3 + 1152*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*c*x**2 + 1152*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*d*x**4 + 826*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*d*x**3 + 448*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**3*c*x**5 + 1152*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**3*c*x**4 + 384*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**3*d*x**6 + 952*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**3*d*x**5 + 384*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**4*c*x**6 + 336*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**4*d*x**7 + 840*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**4*c - 105*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**4*d)/(2688*b)
```

3.165 $\int (A + Bx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1399
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1399
Rubi [A] (verified)	1400
Maple [A] (verified)	1402
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1402
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1403
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1404
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1404
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1405
Reduce [F]	1405

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{5}{16}a^2 Ax\sqrt{a + bx^2} + \frac{5}{24}aAx(a + bx^2)^{3/2} + \frac{1}{6}Ax(a + bx^2)^{5/2} + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{7b} + \frac{5a^3 A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{16\sqrt{b}}$$

output `5/16*a^2*A*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+5/24*a*A*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/6*A*x*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)+1/7*B*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b+5/16*a^3*A*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(48a^3B + 8b^3x^5(7A + 6Bx) + 3a^2bx(77A + 48Bx) + 2ab^2x^3(91A + 72Bx)) - 105a^2Ax\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{336b}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(48*a^3*B + 8*b^3*x^5*(7*A + 6*B*x) + 3*a^2*b*x*(77*A + 4
8*B*x) + 2*a*b^2*x^3*(91*A + 72*B*x)) - 105*a^3*A*Sqrt[b]*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x)
+ Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(336*b)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.353$, Rules used = {455, 211, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$A \int (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} dx + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{7b}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$A \left(\frac{5}{6} a \int (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{6} x (a + bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{7b}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$A \left(\frac{5}{6} a \left(\frac{3}{4} a \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx + \frac{1}{4} x (a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6} x (a + bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{7b}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$A \left(\frac{5}{6} a \left(\frac{3}{4} a \left(\frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6} x (a + bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{B(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{7b}$$

$$\downarrow 224$$

$$A \left(\frac{5}{6} a \left(\frac{3}{4} a \left(\frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6} x (a+bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{B(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{7b}$$

↓ 219

$$A \left(\frac{5}{6} a \left(\frac{3}{4} a \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6} x (a+bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{B(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{7b}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(B*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*b) + A*((x*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/6 + (5*a*((x*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*a*((x*sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (a*ArcTanh[(sqrt[b]*x)/sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*sqrt[b])))/4))/6)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	si
default	$A \left(\frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5a \left(\frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3a \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4} \right)}{6} \right) + \frac{B(bx^2+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7b}$	8
risch	$\frac{(48Bb^3x^6 + 56Ab^3x^5 + 144Bab^2x^4 + 182Aa^2x^3b^2 + 144Ba^2bx^2 + 231Aa^2bx + 48Ba^3)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{336b} + \frac{5a^3A \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{16\sqrt{b}}$	10

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
A*(1/6*x*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)+5/6*a*(1/4*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+3/4*a*(1/2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a/b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))))+1/7*B*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{105 Aa^3 \sqrt{b} \log(-2bx^2 - 2\sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{bx} - a) + 2(48Bb^3x^6 + 56Ab^3x^5 + 144Bab^2x^4 + 182Aa^2bx^3 + 144Ba^2bx^2 + 231Aa^2bx + 48Ba^3)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{672b} - \frac{105 Aa^3 \sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) - (48Bb^3x^6 + 56Ab^3x^5 + 144Bab^2x^4 + 182Aa^2bx^3 + 144Ba^2bx^2 + 231Aa^2bx + 48Ba^3)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{336b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/672*(105*A*a^3*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*(48*B*b^3*x^6 + 56*A*b^3*x^5 + 144*B*a*b^2*x^4 + 182*A*a*b^2*x^3 + 144*B*a^2*b*x^2 + 231*A*a^2*b*x + 48*B*a^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b, -1/336*(105*A*a^3*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (48*B*b^3*x^6 + 56*A*b^3*x^5 + 144*B*a*b^2*x^4 + 182*A*a*b^2*x^3 + 144*B*a^2*b*x^2 + 231*A*a^2*b*x + 48*B*a^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{5Aa^3 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx^2+2bx})}{\sqrt{b}} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{bx^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{16} + \sqrt{a + bx^2} \cdot \left(\frac{11Aa^2x}{16} + \frac{13Aabx^3}{24} + \frac{Ab^2x^5}{6} + \frac{Ba^3}{7b} + 3 \right) \\ a^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(Ax + \frac{Bx^2}{2} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((5*A*a**3*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True))/16 + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(11*A*a**2*x/16 + 13*A*a*b*x**3/24 + A*b**2*x**5/6 + B*a**3/(7*b) + 3*B*a**2*x**2/7 + 3*B*a*b*x**4/7 + B*b**2*x**6/7), Ne(b, 0)), (a**(5/2)*(A*x + B*x**2/2), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{6} (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} Ax + \frac{5}{24} (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} Aax$$

$$+ \frac{5}{16} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} Aa^2 x + \frac{5 Aa^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{16 \sqrt{b}} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{7/2} B}{7b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/6*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*A*x + 5/24*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*A*a*x + 5/16*sqrt(b*x^2
+ a)*A*a^2*x + 5/16*A*a^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) + 1/7*(b*x^2 + a
)^(7/2)*B/b
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{5 Aa^3 \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right|\right)}{16 \sqrt{b}}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{336} \left(\frac{48 Ba^3}{b} + (231 Aa^2 + 2(72 Ba^2 + (91 Aab + 4(18 Bab + (6 Bb^2x + 7 Ab^2)x)x)x)x) \right) \sqrt{bx^2 + a}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-5/16*A*a^3*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/sqrt(b) + 1/336*(48*B*a
^3/b + (231*A*a^2 + 2*(72*B*a^2 + (91*A*a*b + 4*(18*B*a*b + (6*B*b^2*x + 7
*A*b^2)*x)*x)*x)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{B(bx^2 + a)^{7/2}}{7b} + \frac{Ax(bx^2 + a)^{5/2} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x),x)`output `(B*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*b) + (A*x*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*hypergeom([-5/2, 1/2], 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a))/((b*x^2)/a + 1)^(5/2)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (Bx + A) (bx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`output `int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

3.166
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{c+dx} dx$$

Optimal result	1406
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1407
Rubi [A] (verified)	1407
Maple [A] (verified)	1412
Fricas [F(-1)]	1413
Sympy [F]	1413
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1414
Giac [F(-2)]	1414
Mupad [F(-1)]	1415
Reduce [F]	1415

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 346

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{c+dx} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(16(Bc-Ad)(bc^2+ad^2)^2 - d(5a^2Bd^4 + 8b^2c^3(Bc-Ad) + 14abcd^2(Bc-Ad))x\right)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{16d^6}$$

$$- \frac{(8(Bc-Ad)(bc^2+ad^2) - d(5aBd^2 + 6bc(Bc-Ad))x)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{24d^4}$$

$$- \frac{(6(Bc-Ad) - 5Bdx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{30d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(5a^3Bd^6 + 16b^3c^5(Bc-Ad) + 40ab^2c^3d^2(Bc-Ad) + 30a^2bcd^4(Bc-Ad))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{16\sqrt{bd^7}}$$

$$+ \frac{(Bc-Ad)(bc^2+ad^2)^{5/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d^7}$$

output

```
-1/16*(16*(-A*d+B*c)*(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2-d*(5*a^2*B*d^4+8*b^2*c^3*(-A*d+B*c)+1
4*a*b*c*d^2*(-A*d+B*c))*x)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^6-1/24*(8*(-A*d+B*c)*(a*d^2+b
*c^2)-d*(5*a*B*d^2+6*b*c*(-A*d+B*c))*x)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d^4-1/30*(-5*B*d*x
-6*A*d+6*B*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/d^2+1/16*(5*a^3*B*d^6+16*b^3*c^5*(-A*d+B*c)+
40*a*b^2*c^3*d^2*(-A*d+B*c)+30*a^2*b*c*d^4*(-A*d+B*c))*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(
b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/d^7+(-A*d+B*c)*(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(5/2)*arctanh((-b*c*x
+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{c+dx} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(a^2d^4(-368Bc+368Ad+165Bdx) - 2abd^2(Ad(-280c^2+135c^2d+135cd^2+88d^2x^2) + B(280c^3-135c^2d+88cd^2x^2-65d^3x^3)) - 4b^2(Ad(-60c^4+30c^3d+20c^2d^2x^2+15cd^3x^3-12d^4x^4) + B(60c^5-30c^4d+20c^3d^2x^2-15c^2d^3x^3+12cd^4x^4-10d^5x^5)) - 480(Bc-Ad)*(-(b*c^2) - a*d^2)^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c+dx) - d*Sqrt[a+bx^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]] - (15*(5*a^3*B*d^6+16*b^3*c^5*(Bc-Ad)+40*a*b^2*c^3*d^2*(Bc-Ad)+30*a^2*b*c*d^4*(Bc-Ad))*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x)+Sqrt[a+bx^2]])/Sqrt[b])/(240*d^7)$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(c + d*x),x]
```

output

```
(d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(a^2*d^4*(-368*B*c + 368*A*d + 165*B*d*x) - 2*a*b*d^2*(
A*d*(-280*c^2 + 135*c*d*x - 88*d^2*x^2) + B*(280*c^3 - 135*c^2*d*x + 88*c*
d^2*x^2 - 65*d^3*x^3)) - 4*b^2*(A*d*(-60*c^4 + 30*c^3*d*x - 20*c^2*d^2*x^2
+ 15*c*d^3*x^3 - 12*d^4*x^4) + B*(60*c^5 - 30*c^4*d*x + 20*c^3*d^2*x^2 -
15*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 12*c*d^4*x^4 - 10*d^5*x^5))) - 480*(B*c - A*d)*(-(b*c^2)
- a*d^2)^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2)
- a*d^2]] - (15*(5*a^3*B*d^6 + 16*b^3*c^5*(B*c - A*d) + 40*a*b^2*c^3*d^2
*(B*c - A*d) + 30*a^2*b*c*d^4*(B*c - A*d))*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x
^2]])/Sqrt[b])/(240*d^7)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 369, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {682, 25, 27, 682, 27, 682, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{c+dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 682 \\
 & \int -\frac{b(ad(Bc-6Ad)-(5aBd^2+6bc(Bc-Ad))x)(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}{c+dx} dx - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(6(Bc-Ad)-5Bdx)}{30d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \int \frac{b(ad(Bc-6Ad)-(5aBd^2+6bc(Bc-Ad))x)(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}{c+dx} dx - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(6(Bc-Ad)-5Bdx)}{30d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{(ad(Bc-6Ad)-(5aBd^2+6bc(Bc-Ad))x)(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}{c+dx} dx - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(6(Bc-Ad)-5Bdx)}{30d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 682 \\
 & \int \frac{3b(ad(2b(Bc-Ad)c^2+ad^2(3Bc-8Ad))-(5a^2Bd^4+14abc(Bc-Ad)d^2+8b^2c^3(Bc-Ad))x)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{c+dx} dx + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(8(ad^2+bc^2)(Bc-Ad)-dx(5aBd^2+6bc(Bc-Ad)))}{4d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{(ad(2b(Bc-Ad)c^2+ad^2(3Bc-8Ad))-(5a^2Bd^4+14abc(Bc-Ad)d^2+8b^2c^3(Bc-Ad))x)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{c+dx} dx + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(8(ad^2+bc^2)(Bc-Ad)-dx(5aBd^2+6bc(Bc-Ad)))}{4d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 682 \\
 & 3 \int \frac{b(ad(8b^2(Bc-Ad)c^4+18abd^2(Bc-Ad)c^2+a^2d^4(11Bc-16Ad))-(5a^3Bd^6+30a^2bc(Bc-Ad)d^4+40ab^2c^3(Bc-Ad)d^2+16b^3c^5(Bc-Ad))x)}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{4d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{ad(8b^2(Bc-Ad)c^4+18abd^2(Bc-Ad)c^2+a^2d^4(11Bc-16Ad))-(5a^3Bd^6+30a^2bc(Bc-Ad)d^4+40ab^2c^3(Bc-Ad)d^2+16b^3c^5(Bc-Ad))x}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{1} \right)$$

$4d^2$ $6d^2$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(6(Bc-Ad)-5Bdx)}{30d^2}$$

↓ 719

$$3 \left(\frac{16(ad^2+bc^2)^3(Bc-Ad) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{(5a^3Bd^6+30a^2bcd^4(Bc-Ad)+40ab^2c^3d^2(Bc-Ad)+16b^3c^5(Bc-Ad)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{1} \right)$$

$4d^2$ $6d^2$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(6(Bc-Ad)-5Bdx)}{30d^2}$$

↓ 224

$$3 \left(\frac{16(ad^2+bc^2)^3(Bc-Ad) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{(5a^3Bd^6+30a^2bcd^4(Bc-Ad)+40ab^2c^3d^2(Bc-Ad)+16b^3c^5(Bc-Ad)) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{1} \right)$$

$4d^2$ $6a$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(6(Bc-Ad)-5Bdx)}{30d^2}$$

↓ 219

$$3 \left(\frac{16(ad^2+bc^2)^3(Bc-Ad) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(5a^3Bd^6+30a^2bcd^4(Bc-Ad)+40ab^2c^3d^2(Bc-Ad)+16b^3c^5(Bc-Ad))}{2d^2 \sqrt{bd}} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{1} \right)$$

$4d^2$ $6a$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(6(Bc-Ad)-5Bdx)}{30d^2}$$

↓ 488

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{16(ad^2+bc^2)^3 (Bc-Ad) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right) (5a^3Bd^6+30a^2bcd^4(Bc-Ad)+40ab^2c^3d^2(Bc-Ad)+16b^3c^5(Bc-Ad))}{d} \right)}{4d^2} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2} (6(Bc-Ad) - 5Bdx)}{30d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2} (16(ad^2+bc^2)^2 (Bc-Ad) - dx (5a^2Bd^4+14abcd^2(Bc-Ad)+8b^2c^3(Bc-Ad)))}{2d^2} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right) (5a^3Bd^6+30a^2bcd^4(Bc-Ad)+40ab^2c^3d^2(Bc-Ad)+16b^3c^5(Bc-Ad))}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)}{4d^2} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2} (6(Bc-Ad) - 5Bdx)}{30d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(c + d*x), x]`

output `-1/30*((6*(B*c - A*d) - 5*B*d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/d^2 - (((8*(B*c - A*d)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2) - d*(5*a*B*d^2 + 6*b*c*(B*c - A*d))*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*d^2) + (3*(((16*(B*c - A*d)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^2 - d*(5*a^2*B*d^4 + 8*b^2*c^3*(B*c - A*d) + 14*a*b*c*d^2*(B*c - A*d))*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(2*d^2) + (-(((5*a^3*B*d^6 + 16*b^3*c^5*(B*c - A*d) + 40*a*b^2*c^3*d^2*(B*c - A*d) + 30*a^2*b*c*d^4*(B*c - A*d))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(Sqrt[b]*d) - (16*(B*c - A*d)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/d)/(2*d^2)))/(4*d^2))/(6*d^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 488 $\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$

rule 682 $\text{Int}(((d_) + (e_ \cdot)(x_))^m \cdot ((f_) + (g_ \cdot)(x_)) \cdot ((a_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (c \cdot e \cdot f \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 2) - g \cdot c \cdot d \cdot (2 \cdot p + 1) + g \cdot c \cdot e \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 1) \cdot x) \cdot ((a + c \cdot x^2)^p / (c \cdot e^{2 \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 1)} \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[2 \cdot (p / (c \cdot e^{2 \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 1)} \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 2))) \cdot \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^{p-1} \cdot \text{Simp}[f \cdot a \cdot c \cdot e^{2 \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 2)} + a \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot g \cdot m - (c^{2 \cdot f} \cdot d \cdot e \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 2) - g \cdot (c^{2 \cdot d} \cdot (2 \cdot p + 1) + a \cdot c \cdot e^{2 \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 1)})) \cdot x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[m] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, 0])) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2 \cdot p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2 \cdot m, 2 \cdot p])$

rule 719 $\text{Int}(((d_) + (e_ \cdot)(x_))^m \cdot ((f_) + (g_ \cdot)(x_)) \cdot ((a_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \cdot \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e \cdot f - d \cdot g)/e \cdot \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

output

```
1/240*(40*B*b^2*d^5*x^5+48*A*b^2*d^5*x^4-48*B*b^2*c*d^4*x^4-60*A*b^2*c*d^4
*x^3+130*B*a*b*d^5*x^3+60*B*b^2*c^2*d^3*x^3+176*A*a*b*d^5*x^2+80*A*b^2*c^2
*d^3*x^2-176*B*a*b*c*d^4*x^2-80*B*b^2*c^3*d^2*x^2-270*A*a*b*c*d^4*x-120*A*
b^2*c^3*d^2*x+165*B*a^2*d^5*x+270*B*a*b*c^2*d^3*x+120*B*b^2*c^4*d*x+368*A*
a^2*d^5+560*A*a*b*c^2*d^3+240*A*b^2*c^4*d-368*B*a^2*c*d^4-560*B*a*b*c^3*d^
2-240*B*b^2*c^5)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^6-1/16/d^6*((30*A*a^2*b*c*d^5+40*A*a*b^
2*c^3*d^3+16*A*b^3*c^5*d-5*B*a^3*d^6-30*B*a^2*b*c^2*d^4-40*B*a*b^2*c^4*d^2
-16*B*b^3*c^6)/d*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)+16*(A*a^3*d^7+3*A*a
^2*b*c^2*d^5+3*A*a*b^2*c^4*d^3+A*b^3*c^6*d-B*a^3*c*d^6-3*B*a^2*b*c^3*d^4-3
*B*a*b^2*c^5*d^2-B*b^3*c^7)/d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c
^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(
x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{c + dx} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{c + dx} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x**2+a)**(5/2)/(d*x+c),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)*(a + b*x**2)**(5/2)/(c + d*x), x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 654 vs. $2(318) = 636$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 654, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{c + dx} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*b^2*c^4*x/d^5 - 1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*b^2*c^3*x/d^4
+ 1/4*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*b*c^2*x/d^3 + 7/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*a*b*c^2*x/d^
3 - 1/4*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*A*b*c*x/d^2 - 7/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*a*b*c*x/d^2
+ 1/6*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*B*x/d + 5/24*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*a*x/d + 5/16*sqrt
(b*x^2 + a)*B*a^2*x/d + B*b^(5/2)*c^6*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^7 - A*b^(5/
2)*c^5*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^6 + 5/2*B*a*b^(3/2)*c^4*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a
*b))/d^5 - 5/2*A*a*b^(3/2)*c^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^4 + 15/8*B*a^2*sq
rt(b)*c^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^3 - 15/8*A*a^2*sqrt(b)*c*arcsinh(b*x/sq
rt(a*b))/d^2 + 5/16*B*a^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(b)*d) - B*(a + b*c^2
/d^2)^(5/2)*c*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(
d*x + c))/d^2 + A*(a + b*c^2/d^2)^(5/2)*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x
+ c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/d - sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*b^2*c^5/d^6 +
sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*b^2*c^4/d^5 - 1/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*b*c^3/d^4 - 2*sqrt
(b*x^2 + a)*B*a*b*c^3/d^4 + 1/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*A*b*c^2/d^3 + 2*sqrt(b*x
^2 + a)*A*a*b*c^2/d^3 - 1/5*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*B*c/d^2 - 1/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3
/2)*B*a*c/d^2 - sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*a^2*c/d^2 + 1/5*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*A/d +
1/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*A*a/d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*a^2/d
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{c + dx} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E
rror: Bad Argument Value
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input

```
int(((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(c + d*x), x)
```

output

```
int(((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(c + d*x), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{dx + c} dx$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c), x)
```

output

```
int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c), x)
```


3.167 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1416
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1417
Rubi [A] (verified)	1417
Maple [B] (verified)	1421
Fricas [F(-1)]	1422
Sympy [F]	1422
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1423
Giac [F(-1)]	1423
Mupad [F(-1)]	1424
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1424

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 340

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \frac{(8(bc^2+ad^2)(aBd^2+bc(6Bc-5Ad)) - bd(ad^2(22Bc-15Ad) + 4bc^2(6Bc-5Ad)) - 3bd(6Bc-5Ad)x)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{8d^6} + \frac{(4(aBd^2+bc(6Bc-5Ad)) - 3bd(6Bc-5Ad)x)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{12d^4} + \frac{(6Bc-5Ad+Bdx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(8b^2c^4(6Bc-5Ad) + 20abc^2d^2(4Bc-3Ad) + 15a^2d^4(2Bc-Ad)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{8d^7} - \frac{(bc^2+ad^2)^{3/2}(aBd^2+bc(6Bc-5Ad)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d^7}$$

output

```
1/8*(8*(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(a*B*d^2+b*c*(-5*A*d+6*B*c))-b*d*(a*d^2*(-15*A*d+22*B*c)+4*b*c^2*(-5*A*d+6*B*c))*x)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^6+1/12*(4*a*B*d^2+4*b*c*(-5*A*d+6*B*c)-3*b*d*(-5*A*d+6*B*c)*x)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d^4+1/5*(B*d*x-5*A*d+6*B*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/d^2/(d*x+c)-1/8*b^(1/2)*(8*b^2*c^4*(-5*A*d+6*B*c)+20*a*b*c^2*d^2*(-3*A*d+4*B*c)+15*a^2*d^4*(-A*d+2*B*c))*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^7-(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(3/2)*(a*B*d^2+b*c*(-5*A*d+6*B*c))*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(8a^2d^4(38Bc-15Ad+23Bdx)+abd^2(5Ad(-160c^2-85cdx+27d^2x^2)+2B(540c^3+285c^2dx-91cd^2x^2+44d^3x^3))+2b^2(5Ad(-60c^4-30c^3dx+10c^2d^2x^2-5cd^3x^3+3d^4x^4)+6B(60c^5+30c^4dx-10c^3d^2x^2+5c^2d^3x^3-3cd^4x^4+2d^5x^5)))}{(c+dx)^2} - 240\frac{(-bc^2-ad^2)^{3/2}(aBd^2+bc(6Bc-5Ad))\text{ArcTan}[\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-(bc^2-ad^2)}}]+15\sqrt{b}(8b^2c^4(6Bc-5Ad)+20ab^2c^2d^2(4Bc-3Ad)-15a^2d^4(-2Bc+Ad))\text{Log}[-\frac{\sqrt{b}x+\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(120d^7)}]}}{(c+dx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `((d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(8*a^2*d^4*(38*B*c - 15*A*d + 23*B*d*x) + a*b*d^2*(5*A*d*(-160*c^2 - 85*c*d*x + 27*d^2*x^2) + 2*B*(540*c^3 + 285*c^2*d*x - 91*c*d^2*x^2 + 44*d^3*x^3)) + 2*b^2*(5*A*d*(-60*c^4 - 30*c^3*d*x + 10*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 5*c*d^3*x^3 + 3*d^4*x^4) + 6*B*(60*c^5 + 30*c^4*d*x - 10*c^3*d^2*x^2 + 5*c^2*d^3*x^3 - 3*c*d^4*x^4 + 2*d^5*x^5)))/(c + d*x) - 240*(-(b*c^2) - a*d^2)^(3/2)*(a*B*d^2 + b*c*(6*B*c - 5*A*d))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]] + 15*Sqrt[b]*(8*b^2*c^4*(6*B*c - 5*A*d) + 20*a*b*c^2*d^2*(4*B*c - 3*A*d) - 15*a^2*d^4*(-2*B*c + A*d))*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(120*d^7)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.458$, Rules used = {681, 27, 682, 27, 682, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 681$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (-5Ad + 6Bc + Bdx)}{5d^2(c + dx)} - \int \frac{-2(aBd - b(6Bc - 5Ad)x)(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}{c + dx} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(aBd - b(6Bc - 5Ad)x)(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}{c + dx} dx + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}(-5Ad + 6Bc + Bdx)}{5d^2(c + dx)}$$

↓ 682

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(ad(4aBd^2 + bc(6Bc - 5Ad)) - b(4b(6Bc - 5Ad)c^2 + ad^2(22Bc - 15Ad))x)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{c + dx} dx + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(4(aBd^2 + bc(6Bc - 5Ad)) - 3bdx(6Bc - 5Ad))}{12d^2}}{d^2} + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}(-5Ad + 6Bc + Bdx)}{5d^2(c + dx)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(ad(4aBd^2 + bc(6Bc - 5Ad)) - b(4b(6Bc - 5Ad)c^2 + ad^2(22Bc - 15Ad))x)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{c + dx} dx + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(4(aBd^2 + bc(6Bc - 5Ad)) - 3bdx(6Bc - 5Ad))}{12d^2}}{4d^2} + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}(-5Ad + 6Bc + Bdx)}{5d^2(c + dx)}$$

↓ 682

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(ad(8a^2Bd^4 + abc(34Bc - 25Ad)d^2 + 4b^2c^3(6Bc - 5Ad)) - b(8b^2(6Bc - 5Ad)c^4 + 20abd^2(4Bc - 3Ad)c^2 + 15a^2d^4(2Bc - Ad))x)}{(c + dx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(8(ad^2 + bc^2)(aBd^2 + bc(6Bc - 5Ad)) - 3bdx(6Bc - 5Ad))}{4d^2}}{2bd^2} + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}(-5Ad + 6Bc + Bdx)}{5d^2(c + dx)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{ad(8a^2Bd^4 + abc(34Bc - 25Ad)d^2 + 4b^2c^3(6Bc - 5Ad)) - b(8b^2(6Bc - 5Ad)c^4 + 20abd^2(4Bc - 3Ad)c^2 + 15a^2d^4(2Bc - Ad))x}{(c + dx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(8(ad^2 + bc^2)(aBd^2 + bc(6Bc - 5Ad)) - 3bdx(6Bc - 5Ad))}{4d^2}}{2d^2} + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}(-5Ad + 6Bc + Bdx)}{5d^2(c + dx)}$$

↓ 719

$$\frac{8(ad^2 + bc^2)^2(aBd^2 + bc(6Bc - 5Ad)) \int \frac{1}{(c + dx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx - \frac{b(15a^2d^4(2Bc - Ad) + 20abc^2d^2(4Bc - 3Ad) + 8b^2c^4(6Bc - 5Ad)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(8(ad^2 + bc^2)(aBd^2 + bc(6Bc - 5Ad)) - 3bdx(6Bc - 5Ad))}{4d^2}}{d} + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}(-5Ad + 6Bc + Bdx)}{5d^2(c + dx)}$$

224

$$\frac{8(ad^2+bc^2)^2(aBd^2+bc(6Bc-5Ad)) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{b(15a^2d^4(2Bc-Ad)+20abc^2d^2(4Bc-3Ad)+8b^2c^4(6Bc-5Ad)) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{\frac{d}{2d^2} - \frac{d}{4d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{d^2}}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(-5Ad+6Bc+Bdx)}{5d^2(c+dx)}$$

219

$$\frac{8(ad^2+bc^2)^2(aBd^2+bc(6Bc-5Ad)) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right) (15a^2d^4(2Bc-Ad)+20abc^2d^2(4Bc-3Ad)+8b^2c^4(6Bc-5Ad))}{\frac{d}{2d^2} - \frac{d}{4d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{d^2}}}{\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(-5Ad+6Bc+Bdx)}{5d^2(c+dx)}}$$

488

$$\frac{8(ad^2+bc^2)^2(aBd^2+bc(6Bc-5Ad)) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right) (15a^2d^4(2Bc-Ad)+20abc^2d^2(4Bc-3Ad)+8b^2c^4(6Bc-5Ad))}{\frac{d}{2d^2} - \frac{d}{4d^2}}}{\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(-5Ad+6Bc+Bdx)}{5d^2(c+dx)}}$$

219

$$\frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right) (15a^2d^4(2Bc-Ad)+20abc^2d^2(4Bc-3Ad)+8b^2c^4(6Bc-5Ad)) - \frac{8(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2}(aBd^2+bc(6Bc-5Ad)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{\frac{d}{2d^2} - \frac{d}{4d^2}}}{\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(-5Ad+6Bc+Bdx)}{5d^2(c+dx)}}$$

input

`Int[((A + B*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((6*B*c - 5*A*d + B*d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^{(5/2)})/(5*d^2*(c + d*x)) + (((4*(a*B*d^2 + b*c*(6*B*c - 5*A*d)) - 3*b*d*(6*B*c - 5*A*d)*x)*(a + b*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(12*d^2) \\ & + (((8*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(a*B*d^2 + b*c*(6*B*c - 5*A*d)) - b*d*(a*d^2*(22*B*c - 15*A*d) + 4*b*c^2*(6*B*c - 5*A*d))*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])/(2*d^2) \\ & + (-((\text{Sqrt}[b]*(8*b^2*c^4*(6*B*c - 5*A*d) + 20*a*b*c^2*d^2*(4*B*c - 3*A*d) + 15*a^2*d^4*(2*B*c - A*d))*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]])/d) - (8*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^{(3/2)*(a*B*d^2 + b*c*(6*B*c - 5*A*d))*\text{ArcTanh}[(a*d - b*c*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])])/(2*d^2))/(4*d^2))/d^2 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224
$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{!GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 488
$$\text{Int}[1/(((c_*) + (d_*)(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$$

rule 681
$$\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_)^m)^*(f_*) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(e*f*(m+2*p+2) - d*g*(2*p+1) + e*g*(m+1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m+1)*(m+2*p+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[p/(e^2*(m+1)*(m+2*p+2)) \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p-1)}*\text{Simp}[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m+2*p+2))*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \parallel \text{EqQ}[p, 1] \parallel (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{!RationalQ}[m])) \&\& \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{!ILtQ}[m+2*p+1, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \parallel \text{IntegerQ}[p] \parallel \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$$

rule 682

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p
+ 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p
+ 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)
^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*
d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))]*x, x], x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !
RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (Intege
rQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 719

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 782 vs. 2(313) = 626.

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 783, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-24Bb^2x^4d^4 - 30Ab^2d^4x^3 + 60Bb^2cd^3x^3 + 80Ab^2cd^3x^2 - 88Babd^4x^2 - 120Bb^2c^2d^2x^2 - 135Aabd^4x - 180Ab^2c^2d^2x + 270Babc^2d^2x - 120d^6)}{120d^6}$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/120*(-24*B*b^2*d^4*x^4-30*A*b^2*d^4*x^3+60*B*b^2*c*d^3*x^3+80*A*b^2*c*d^3*x^2-88*B*a*b*d^4*x^2-120*B*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2-135*A*a*b*d^4*x-180*A*b^2*c^2*d^2*x+270*B*a*b*c*d^3*x+240*B*b^2*c^3*d*x+560*A*a*b*c*d^3+480*A*b^2*c^3*d-184*B*a^2*d^4-840*B*a*b*c^2*d^2-600*B*b^2*c^4)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^6+1/8/d^6*(b^(1/2)*(15*A*a^2*d^5+60*A*a*b*c^2*d^3+40*A*b^2*c^4*d-30*B*a^2*c*d^4-80*B*a*b*c^3*d^2-48*B*b^2*c^5)/d*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))+8/d^2*(6*A*a^2*b*c*d^5+12*A*a*b^2*c^3*d^3+6*A*b^3*c^5*d-B*a^3*d^6-9*B*a^2*b*c^2*d^4-15*B*a*b^2*c^4*d^2-7*B*b^3*c^6)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))+8*(A*a^3*d^7+3*A*a^2*b*c^2*d^5+3*A*a*b^2*c^4*d^3+A*b^3*c^6*d-B*a^3*c*d^6-3*B*a^2*b*c^3*d^4-3*B*a*b^2*c^5*d^2-B*b^3*c^7)/d^3*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x**2+a)**(5/2)/(d*x+c)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)*(a + b*x**2)**(5/2)/(c + d*x)**2, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 625, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*B*c/(d^3*x + c*d^2) - (b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*A/(d^2*x + c*d)
- 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*b^2*c^3*x/d^5 + 5/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*b^2*c^2*x/d^4
- 3/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*b*c*x/d^3 - 11/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*a*b*c*x/d^3 +
5/4*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*A*b*x/d^2 + 15/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*a*b*x/d^2 - 6*B*
b^(5/2)*c^5*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^7 + 5*A*b^(5/2)*c^4*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(
a*b))/d^6 - 10*B*a*b^(3/2)*c^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^5 + 15/2*A*a*b^(3/
2)*c^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^4 - 15/4*B*a^2*sqrt(b)*c*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(
a*b))/d^3 + 15/8*A*a^2*sqrt(b)*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^2 + 5*B*(a + b*c^2
/d^2)^(3/2)*b*c^2*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*
abs(d*x + c)))/d^4 - 5*A*(a + b*c^2/d^2)^(3/2)*b*c*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)
)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c))/d^3 + B*(a + b*c^2/d^2)^(5
/2)*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c))
)/d^2 + 6*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*b^2*c^4/d^6 - 5*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*b^2*c^3/d^5 +
2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*b*c^2/d^4 + 7*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*a*b*c^2/d^4 - 5/3*(
b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*A*b*c/d^3 - 5*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*a*b*c/d^3 + 1/5*(b*x^2 +
a)^(5/2)*B/d^2 + 1/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*a/d^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*a^2/d^2
```

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(c + d*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1929, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.67

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output

```
(1200*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
- a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**3 + 1200*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b*c*d**4*x - 240*sqrt
(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*
c*x)*a**2*b*c*d**4 - 240*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqr
t(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b*d**5*x + 1200*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**
2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**
4*d + 1200*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c
**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d**2*x - 1680*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( -
sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d**2 -
1680*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) -
a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**3*x - 1440*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(
a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**3*c**5 - 1440*sqrt(a*d
**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)
*b**3*c**4*d*x - 1200*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**3
- 1200*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*c*d**4*x + 240*sqrt(a*d**
2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*c*d**4 + 240*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c +
d*x)*a**2*b*d**5*x - 1200*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**4*
d - 1200*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d**2*x + 1680*sqrt
(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d**2 + 1680*sqrt(a*d**2 + b...
```

3.168
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1426
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1427
Rubi [A] (verified)	1428
Maple [B] (verified)	1432
Fricas [F(-1)]	1433
Sympy [F]	1434
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1434
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1435
Mupad [F(-1)]	1436
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1437

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 341

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx =$$

$$-\frac{5b(4(ad^2(3Bc-Ad)+b(6Bc^3-4Ac^2d))-d(3aBd^2+4bc(3Bc-2Ad))x)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{8d^6}$$

$$-\frac{5(3aBd^2+4bc(3Bc-2Ad)+bd(3Bc-2Ad)x)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{12d^4(c+dx)}$$

$$+\frac{(3Bc-2Ad+Bdx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{4d^2(c+dx)^2}$$

$$+\frac{5\sqrt{b}(3a^2Bd^4+8b^2c^3(3Bc-2Ad)+12abcd^2(2Bc-Ad))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{8d^7}$$

$$+\frac{5b\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}(2bc^2(3Bc-2Ad)+ad^2(3Bc-Ad))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2d^7}$$

output

```
-5/8*b*(4*a*d^2*(-A*d+3*B*c)+4*b*(-4*A*c^2*d+6*B*c^3)-d*(3*a*B*d^2+4*b*c*(-2*A*d+3*B*c)))*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^6-5/12*(3*a*B*d^2+4*b*c*(-2*A*d+3*B*c)+b*d*(-2*A*d+3*B*c)*x)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d^4/(d*x+c)+1/4*(B*d*x-2*A*d+3*B*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/d^2/(d*x+c)^2+5/8*b^(1/2)*(3*a^2*B*d^4+8*b^2*c^3*(-2*A*d+3*B*c)+12*a*b*c*d^2*(-A*d+2*B*c))*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^7+5/2*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)*(2*b*c^2*(-2*A*d+3*B*c)+a*d^2*(-A*d+3*B*c))*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(12a^2d^4(Ad+B(c+2dx))+abd^2(-4Ad(35c^2+55cdx+14d^2x^2)+3B(100c^3+155c^2dx+38cd^2x^2-9d^3x^3))+2b^2(-2Ad(60c^4+90c^3dx+20c^2d^2x^2-5cd^3x^3+2d^4x^4)+3B(60c^5+90c^4dx+20c^3d^2x^2-5c^2d^3x^3+2cd^4x^4-d^5x^5)))}{(c+dx)^2} + \frac{15\sqrt{b}(3a^2Bd^4+8b^2c^3(3Bc-2Ad)+12a*b*c*d^2(2Bc-Ad))*\text{Log}[-\sqrt{b}(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}]/\sqrt{-(b*c^2-a*d^2)}}{d^7} + \frac{15\sqrt{b}(3a^2Bd^4+8b^2c^3(3Bc-2Ad)+12a*b*c*d^2(2Bc-Ad))*\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{b}(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}]/\sqrt{-(b*c^2-a*d^2)}}{d^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(c + d*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/24*((d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(12*a^2*d^4*(A*d + B*(c + 2*d*x)) + a*b*d^2*(-4*A*d*(35*c^2 + 55*c*d*x + 14*d^2*x^2) + 3*B*(100*c^3 + 155*c^2*d*x + 38*c*d^2*x^2 - 9*d^3*x^3)) + 2*b^2*(-2*A*d*(60*c^4 + 90*c^3*d*x + 20*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 5*c*d^3*x^3 + 2*d^4*x^4) + 3*B*(60*c^5 + 90*c^4*d*x + 20*c^3*d^2*x^2 - 5*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 2*c*d^4*x^4 - d^5*x^5))))/(c + d*x)^2 + 120*b*Sqrt[-(b*c^2 - a*d^2)]*(2*b*c^2*(3*B*c - 2*A*d) + a*d^2*(3*B*c - A*d))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2 - a*d^2)]] + 15*Sqrt[b]*(3*a^2*B*d^4 + 8*b^2*c^3*(3*B*c - 2*A*d) + 12*a*b*c*d^2*(2*B*c - A*d))*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/d^7
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 358, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.458$, Rules used = {681, 27, 681, 27, 682, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 681 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(-2Ad+3Bc+Bdx)}{4d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{5 \int -\frac{4(aBd-b(3Bc-2Ad)x)(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx}{16d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{5 \int \frac{(aBd-b(3Bc-2Ad)x)(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx}{4d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(-2Ad+3Bc+Bdx)}{4d^2(c+dx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 681 \\
 & \frac{5 \left(-\frac{\int \frac{2b(ad(3Bc-2Ad)-(3aBd^2+4bc(3Bc-2Ad))x)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{c+dx} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(3aBd^2+bdx(3Bc-2Ad)+4bc(3Bc-2Ad))}{3d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{4d^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(-2Ad+3Bc+Bdx)}{4d^2(c+dx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{5 \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{(ad(3Bc-2Ad)-(3aBd^2+4bc(3Bc-2Ad))x)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{c+dx} dx}{d^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(3aBd^2+bdx(3Bc-2Ad)+4bc(3Bc-2Ad))}{3d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{4d^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(-2Ad+3Bc+Bdx)}{4d^2(c+dx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 682
 \end{aligned}$$

$$5 \left(\frac{b \left(\int \frac{b(ad(4b(3Bc-2Ad)c^2+ad^2(9Bc-4Ad))-(3a^2Bd^4+12abc(2Bc-Ad)d^2+8b^2c^3(3Bc-2Ad))x}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(4(ad^2(3Bc-Ad)+b(6Bc^3-4Ac^2d))}{2d^2} \right)}{d^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(-2Ad+3Bc+Bdx)}{4d^2(c+dx)^2} \quad 4d^2$$

↓ 27

$$5 \left(\frac{b \left(\int \frac{ad(4b(3Bc-2Ad)c^2+ad^2(9Bc-4Ad))-(3a^2Bd^4+12abc(2Bc-Ad)d^2+8b^2c^3(3Bc-2Ad))x}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(4(ad^2(3Bc-Ad)+b(6Bc^3-4Ac^2d))}{2d^2} \right)}{d^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(-2Ad+3Bc+Bdx)}{4d^2(c+dx)^2} \quad 4d^2$$

↓ 719

$$5 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{4(ad^2+bc^2)(ad^2(3Bc-Ad)+2bc^2(3Bc-2Ad))}{d} \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{(3a^2Bd^4+12abcd^2(2Bc-Ad)+8b^2c^3(3Bc-2Ad))}{d} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(4(ad^2(3Bc-Ad)+b(6Bc^3-4Ac^2d))}{2d^2} \right)}{d^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(-2Ad+3Bc+Bdx)}{4d^2(c+dx)^2} \quad 4d^2$$

↓ 224

$$5 \left(b \left(\frac{4(ad^2+bc^2)(ad^2(3Bc-Ad)+2bc^2(3Bc-2Ad)) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{(3a^2Bd^4+12abcd^2(2Bc-Ad)+8b^2c^3(3Bc-2Ad)) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} \frac{d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{2d^2} \right) + \dots \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(-2Ad+3Bc+Bdx)}{4d^2(c+dx)^2} \qquad 4d^2$$

↓ 219

$$5 \left(b \left(\frac{4(ad^2+bc^2)(ad^2(3Bc-Ad)+2bc^2(3Bc-2Ad)) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(3a^2Bd^4+12abcd^2(2Bc-Ad)+8b^2c^3(3Bc-2Ad))}{2d^2 \sqrt{bd}} \right) + \dots \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(-2Ad+3Bc+Bdx)}{4d^2(c+dx)^2} \qquad 4d^2$$

↓ 488

$$5 \left(b \left(\frac{4(ad^2+bc^2)(ad^2(3Bc-Ad)+2bc^2(3Bc-2Ad)) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} \frac{d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(3a^2Bd^4+12abcd^2(2Bc-Ad)+8b^2c^3(3Bc-2Ad))}{2d^2 \sqrt{bd}} \right) + \dots \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(-2Ad+3Bc+Bdx)}{4d^2(c+dx)^2} \qquad 4d^2$$

↓ 219

$$5 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right) (3a^2 B d^4 + 12abcd^2(2Bc - Ad) + 8b^2 c^3(3Bc - 2Ad))}{\sqrt{bd}} - \frac{4\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2} (ad^2(3Bc - Ad) + 2bc^2(3Bc - 2Ad))}{2d^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-b}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^2} \right)}{d^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (-2Ad + 3Bc + Bdx)}{4d^2(c + dx)^2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `((3*B*c - 2*A*d + B*d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(4*d^2*(c + d*x)^2) + (5*(-1/3 * ((3*a*B*d^2 + 4*b*c*(3*B*c - 2*A*d) + b*d*(3*B*c - 2*A*d)*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(d^2*(c + d*x)) - (b*((4*(a*d^2*(3*B*c - A*d) + b*(6*B*c^3 - 4*A*c^2*d)) - d*(3*a*B*d^2 + 4*b*c*(3*B*c - 2*A*d))*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(2*d^2) + (-(((3*a^2*B*d^4 + 8*b^2*c^3*(3*B*c - 2*A*d) + 12*a*b*c*d^2*(2*B*c - A*d))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(Sqrt[b]*d) - (4*Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*(2*b*c^2*(3*B*c - 2*A*d) + a*d^2*(3*B*c - A*d))*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/d)/(2*d^2)))/d^2)/(4*d^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 681 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1)
+ e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/
(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Sim
p[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] ||
EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2
*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 682 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p
+ 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p
+ 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)
^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*
d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))*x, x], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !
RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (Intege
rQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 719 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1197 vs. $2(312) = 624$.

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1198, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.51

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1198
default	Expression too large to display	3562

input `int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/24*b*(6*B*b*d^3*x^3+8*A*b*d^3*x^2-24*B*b*c*d^2*x^2-36*A*b*c*d^2*x+27*B*a
*d^3*x+72*B*b*c^2*d*x+56*A*a*d^3+144*A*b*c^2*d-168*B*a*c*d^2-240*B*b*c^3)*
(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^6-1/8/d^6*(8/d^3*(6*A*a^2*b*c*d^5+12*A*a*b^2*c^3*d^3+6*A
*b^3*c^5*d-B*a^3*d^6-9*B*a^2*b*c^2*d^4-15*B*a*b^2*c^4*d^2-7*B*b^3*c^6))*(-1
/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)
^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d
^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d
)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))-8*(A*a^3*d^7+3*A*a^2*b*c^2*d^5+3*A*a
*b^2*c^4*d^3+A*b^3*c^6*d-B*a^3*c*d^6-3*B*a^2*b*c^3*d^4-3*B*a*b^2*c^5*d^2-B
*b^3*c^7)/d^4*(-1/2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^2*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/
d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+3/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/
(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2
+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+
2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2
)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))+1/2*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2
*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^
2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))+5*b^(1/2)*(12*A*a*b*
c*d^3+16*A*b^2*c^3*d-3*B*a^2*d^4-24*B*a*b*c^2*d^2-24*B*b^2*c^4)/d*ln(b^(1/
2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))+24*b/d^2*(A*a^2*d^5+6*A*a*b*c^2*d^3+5*A*b^2*c^4*d-3*
B*a^2*c*d^4-10*B*a*b*c^3*d^2-7*B*b^2*c^5)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln(...

```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x**2+a)**(5/2)/(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*(a + b*x**2)**(5/2)/(c + d*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1257 vs. $2(313) = 626$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1257, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.69

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-15/4*B*b^4*c^6*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(3/2)*c^2*d^7 + a*sqrt(b)*d^9) +
15/4*A*b^4*c^5*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(3/2)*c^2*d^6 + a*sqrt(b)*d^8) -
15/4*B*a*b^3*c^4*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(3/2)*c^2*d^5 + a*sqrt(b)*d^7)
+ 15/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*b^3*c^4*x/(b*c^2*d^5 + a*d^7) + 15/4*A*a*b^3*c^3
*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(3/2)*c^2*d^4 + a*sqrt(b)*d^6) - 15/4*sqrt(b*x^
2 + a)*A*b^3*c^3*x/(b*c^2*d^4 + a*d^6) - 5/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*b^2*c^3/(
b*c^2*d^4 + a*d^6) + 5/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*b^2*c^2*x/(b*c^2*d^3 + a*d^5)
+ 15/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*a*b^2*c^2*x/(b*c^2*d^3 + a*d^5) - 3/2*(b*x^2 + a
)^(5/2)*B*b*c^2/(b*c^2*d^3*x + a*d^5*x + b*c^3*d^2 + a*c*d^4) + 5/2*(b*x^2
+ a)^(3/2)*A*b^2*c^2/(b*c^2*d^3 + a*d^5) - 5/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*A*b^2*c*
x/(b*c^2*d^2 + a*d^4) - 15/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*a*b^2*c*x/(b*c^2*d^2 + a*d^
4) + 1/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(7/2)*B*c/(b*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a*d^4*x^2 + 2*b*c^3*d*x +
2*a*c*d^3*x + b*c^4 + a*c^2*d^2) + 3/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*A*b*c/(b*c^2*d^2*
x + a*d^4*x + b*c^3*d + a*c*d^3) - 1/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*B*b*c/(b*c^2*d^2
+ a*d^4) - 1/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(7/2)*A/(b*c^2*d*x^2 + a*d^3*x^2 + 2*b*c^3*x +
2*a*c*d^2*x + b*c^4/d + a*c^2*d) + 1/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*A*b/(b*c^2*d + a
d^3) - (b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*B/(d^3*x + c*d^2) + 15/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*b^2*c^
2*x/d^5 - 5/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*b^2*c*x/d^4 + 5/4*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*B*b*x/
d^3 + 15/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*a*b*x/d^3 + 75/4*B*b^(5/2)*c^4*arcsinh(b*x/sq
rt(a*b))/d^7 - 55/4*A*b^(5/2)*c^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^6 + 15*B*a*b...

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1067 vs. $2(313) = 626$.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1067, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/24*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*((2*(3*B*b^2*x/d^3 - 4*(3*B*b^4*c*d^21 - A*b^4*d^22)/
(b^2*d^25))*x + 9*(8*B*b^4*c^2*d^20 - 4*A*b^4*c*d^21 + 3*B*a*b^3*d^22)/(b^
2*d^25))*x - 8*(30*B*b^4*c^3*d^19 - 18*A*b^4*c^2*d^20 + 21*B*a*b^3*c*d^21
- 7*A*a*b^3*d^22)/(b^2*d^25)) - 5/8*(24*B*b^(5/2)*c^4 - 16*A*b^(5/2)*c^3*d
+ 24*B*a*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^2 - 12*A*a*b^(3/2)*c*d^3 + 3*B*a^2*sqrt(b)*d^4)*lo
g(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/d^7 - 5*(6*B*b^3*c^5 - 4*A*b^3*c^4*d
+ 9*B*a*b^2*c^3*d^2 - 5*A*a*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 3*B*a^2*b*c*d^4 - A*a^2*b*d^5)*a
rctan(-((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))
/(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*d^7) - (12*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*B*b^3*c^
5*d - 10*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*A*b^3*c^4*d^2 + 15*(sqrt(b)*x - s
qrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*B*a*b^2*c^3*d^3 - 11*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*A*a
*b^2*c^2*d^4 + 3*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*B*a^2*b*c*d^5 - (sqrt(b)*
x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*A*a^2*b*d^6 + 22*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*B*
b^(7/2)*c^6 - 18*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*A*b^(7/2)*c^5*d + 15*(sqr
t(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*B*a*b^(5/2)*c^4*d^2 - 9*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^
2 + a))^2*A*a*b^(5/2)*c^3*d^3 - 9*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*B*a^2*b^
(3/2)*c^2*d^4 + 9*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*A*a^2*b^(3/2)*c*d^5 - 2*
(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*B*a^3*sqrt(b)*d^6 - 32*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b
*x^2 + a))*B*a*b^3*c^5*d + 26*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*A*a*b^3*c^4*d^
2 - 37*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*B*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^3 + 25*(sqrt(b)*x ...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input

```
int(((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(c + d*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
int(((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(c + d*x)^3, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2321, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.81

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output

```
(120*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**3 + 240*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b*c*d**4*x + 120*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b*d**5*x**2 + 480*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**4*d + 960*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d**2*x - 360*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d**2 + 480*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**3*x**2 - 720*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**3*x**2 - 360*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c*d**4*x**2 - 720*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**3*c**5 - 1440*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**3*c**4*d*x - 720*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**3*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 120*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**3 - 240*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*c*d**4*x - 120*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*d**5*x**2 - 480*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**4*d - 960*sqrt(a...
```

3.169 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1438
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1439
Rubi [A] (verified)	1439
Maple [A] (verified)	1442
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1443
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1444
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1445
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1446
Mupad [F(-1)]	1446
Reduce [F]	1447

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 284

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = -\frac{(16aBd^2 - bc(12Bc + 35Ad))(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{60b^2} + \frac{(4Bc + 5Ad)(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{20b} + \frac{B(c+dx)^4\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{5b} + \frac{(4(16a^2Bd^4 - 16abcd^2(7Bc + 5Ad)) + b^2c^3(12Bc + 95Ad)) - bd(ad^2(116Bc + 45Ad) - 2bc^2(12Bc + 95Ad))}{120b^3} - \frac{(4aBcd(4bc^2 - 3ad^2) - A(8b^2c^4 - 24abc^2d^2 + 3a^2d^4)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{8b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/60*(16*a*B*d^2-b*c*(35*A*d+12*B*c))*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^2+1/20*(5*A*d+4*B*c)*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+1/5*B*(d*x+c)^4*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+1/120*(64*a^2*B*d^4-64*a*b*c*d^2*(5*A*d+7*B*c)+4*b^2*c^3*(95*A*d+12*B*c)-b*d*(a*d^2*(45*A*d+116*B*c)-2*b*c^2*(65*A*d+12*B*c))*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^3-1/8*(4*a*B*c*d*(-3*a*d^2+4*b*c^2)-A*(3*a^2*d^4-24*a*b*c^2*d^2+8*b^2*c^4))*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(64a^2Bd^4 - abd^2(5Ad(64c + 9dx) + 4B(120c^2 + 45cdx + 8d^2x^2)) + 2b^2(5Ad(48c^3 + 36c^2dx + 16c^2d^2x^2 + 3d^3x^3) + 12B(5c^4 + 10c^3dx + 10c^2d^2x^2 + 5cd^3x^3 + d^4x^4))) - 15\sqrt{b}(4aBcd(-4b^2c^2 + 3ad^2) + A(8b^2c^4 - 24ab^2cd^2 + 3a^2d^4))\text{Log}[-(\sqrt{b}x) + \sqrt{a + bx^2}]}{(120b^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^4)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(64*a^2*B*d^4 - a*b*d^2*(5*A*d*(64*c + 9*d*x) + 4*B*(120*c^2 + 45*c*d*x + 8*d^2*x^2)) + 2*b^2*(5*A*d*(48*c^3 + 36*c^2*d*x + 16*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*d^3*x^3) + 12*B*(5*c^4 + 10*c^3*d*x + 10*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 5*c*d^3*x^3 + d^4*x^4))) - 15*Sqrt[b]*(4*a*B*c*d*(-4*b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2) + A*(8*b^2*c^4 - 24*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*d^4))*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/(120*b^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {687, 687, 27, 687, 676, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^3(5Abc-4aBd+b(4Bc+5Ad)x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{5b} + \frac{B\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^4}{5b}$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\int \frac{b(c+dx)^2(20Abc^2-28aBdc-15aAd^2-(16aBd^2-bc(12Bc+35Ad))x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a} \cdot 4b} dx + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^3(5Ad+4Bc) + \frac{5b}{B\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(c+dx)^2(20Abc^2-28aBdc-15aAd^2-(16aBd^2-bc(12Bc+35Ad))x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^3(5Ad+4Bc) + \frac{5b}{B\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^4}$$

↓ 687

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\int \frac{(c+dx)(5Abc(12bc^2-23ad^2)-4aBd(27bc^2-8ad^2)-b(ad^2(116Bc+45Ad)-2bc^2(12Bc+65Ad))x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a} \cdot 3b} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(16aBd^2-bc(35Ad+12Bc))}{3b} \right) + \frac{5b}{B\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^4}$$

↓ 676

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{-\frac{15}{2}(4aBcd(4bc^2-3ad^2)-A(3a^2d^4-24abc^2d^2+8b^2c^4))}{3b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^2}(16a^2Bd^4-16abcd^2(5Ad+7Bc)+b^2c^3(95Ad+12Bc))}{b} - \frac{1}{2} dx \sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{5b}{B\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^4}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{-\frac{15}{2}(4aBcd(4bc^2-3ad^2)-A(3a^2d^4-24abc^2d^2+8b^2c^4))}{3b} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^2}(16a^2Bd^4-16abcd^2(5Ad+7Bc)+b^2c^3(95Ad+12Bc))}{b} \right) + \frac{5b}{B\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^4}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right) (4aBcd(4bc^2-3ad^2) - A(3a^2d^4 - 24abc^2d^2 + 8b^2c^4))}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^2} (16a^2Bd^4 - 16abcd^2(5Ad+7Bc) + b^2c^3(95Ad+12Bc))}{3b} - \frac{1}{2} dx \right)$$

$$\frac{B\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^4}{5b}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^4)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]`

output `(B*(c + d*x)^4*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(5*b) + (((4*B*c + 5*A*d)*(c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/4 + (-1/3*((16*a*B*d^2 - b*c*(12*B*c + 35*A*d))*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/b + ((2*(16*a^2*B*d^4 - 16*a*b*c*d^2*(7*B*c + 5*A*d) + b^2*c^3*(12*B*c + 95*A*d))*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/b - (d*(a*d^2*(116*B*c + 45*A*d) - 2*b*c^2*(12*B*c + 65*A*d))*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 - (15*(4*a*B*c*d*(4*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2) - A*(8*b^2*c^4 - 24*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*d^4))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b]))/(3*b))/4)/(5*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p+1)/(2*c*(p+1))), x] + (Simp[p*e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p+1)/(c*(2*p+3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p+3))/(c*(2*p+3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 516, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{15(8Ab^2c^4 - 16Babc^3d - 24Aabc^2d^2 + 12Ba^2cd^3 + 3Aa^2d^4)\sqrt{b} \log(-2bx^2 - 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}\sqrt{bx - a})}{15(8Ab^2c^4 - 16Babc^3d - 24Aabc^2d^2 + 12Ba^2cd^3 + 3Aa^2d^4)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}\right) - (24Bb^2d^4x^4 + \dots)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/240*(15*(8*A*b^2*c^4 - 16*B*a*b*c^3*d - 24*A*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 12*B*a^2*c*d^3 + 3*A*a^2*d^4)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*(24*B*b^2*d^4*x^4 + 120*B*b^2*c^4 + 480*A*b^2*c^3*d - 480*B*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 320*A*a*b*c*d^3 + 64*B*a^2*d^4 + 30*(4*B*b^2*c*d^3 + A*b^2*d^4))*x^3 + 16*(15*B*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 10*A*b^2*c*d^3 - 2*B*a*b*d^4))*x^2 + 15*(16*B*b^2*c^3*d + 24*A*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 12*B*a*b*c*d^3 - 3*A*a*b*d^4))*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^3, -1/120*(15*(8*A*b^2*c^4 - 16*B*a*b*c^3*d - 24*A*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 12*B*a^2*c*d^3 + 3*A*a^2*d^4)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (24*B*b^2*d^4*x^4 + 120*B*b^2*c^4 + 480*A*b^2*c^3*d - 480*B*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 320*A*a*b*c*d^3 + 64*B*a^2*d^4 + 30*(4*B*b^2*c*d^3 + A*b^2*d^4))*x^3 + 16*(15*B*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 10*A*b^2*c*d^3 - 2*B*a*b*d^4))*x^2 + 15*(16*B*b^2*c^3*d + 24*A*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 12*B*a*b*c*d^3 - 3*A*a*b*d^4))*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^3]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \left(\frac{Bd^4x^4}{5b} + \frac{x^3(Ad^4 + 4Bcd^3)}{4b} + \frac{x^2 \cdot (4Ac^2d^2 + 4Bc^3d - \frac{3a(Ad^4 + 4Bcd^3)}{4b})}{3b} + \frac{x(6Ac^2d^2 + 4Bc^3d - \frac{3a(Ad^4 + 4Bcd^3)}{4b})}{2b} + \frac{4Ac^3d + Bc^4}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \\ \frac{Ac^4x + \frac{Bd^4x^6}{6} + \frac{x^5(Ad^4 + 4Bcd^3)}{5} + \frac{x^4 \cdot (4Ac^2d^2 + 6Bc^2d^2)}{4} + \frac{x^3 \cdot (6Ac^2d^2 + 4Bc^3d)}{3} + \frac{x^2 \cdot (4Ac^3d + Bc^4)}{2}}{\sqrt{a}} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)**4/(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(B*d**4*x**4/(5*b) + x**3*(A*d**4 + 4*B*c*d**3))/(4*b) + x**2*(4*A*c*d**3 - 4*B*a*d**4/(5*b) + 6*B*c**2*d**2)/(3*b) + x*(6*A*c**2*d**2 + 4*B*c**3*d - 3*a*(A*d**4 + 4*B*c*d**3)/(4*b))/(2*b) + (4*A*c**3*d + B*c**4 - 2*a*(4*A*c*d**3 - 4*B*a*d**4/(5*b) + 6*B*c**2*d**2)/(3*b))/b) + (A*c**4 - a*(6*A*c**2*d**2 + 4*B*c**3*d - 3*a*(A*d**4 + 4*B*c*d**3)/(4*b))/(2*b))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), ((A*c**4*x + B*d**4*x**6/6 + x**5*(A*d**4 + 4*B*c*d**3)/5 + x**4*(4*A*c*d**3 + 6*B*c**2*d**2)/4 + x**3*(6*A*c**2*d**2 + 4*B*c**3*d)/3 + x**2*(4*A*c**3*d + B*c**4)/2)/sqrt(a), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = & \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}Bd^4x^4}{5b} - \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+a}Bad^4x^2}{15b^2} \\
& + \frac{Ac^4 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}Bc^4}{b} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+a}Ac^3d}{b} \\
& + \frac{8\sqrt{bx^2+a}Ba^2d^4}{15b^3} + \frac{(4Bcd^3+Ad^4)\sqrt{bx^2+ax^3}}{4b} \\
& + \frac{2(3Bc^2d^2+2Acd^3)\sqrt{bx^2+ax^2}}{3b} \\
& - \frac{3(4Bcd^3+Ad^4)\sqrt{bx^2+ax}}{8b^2} \\
& + \frac{(2Bc^3d+3Ac^2d^2)\sqrt{bx^2+ax}}{b} \\
& + \frac{3(4Bcd^3+Ad^4)a^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8b^{\frac{5}{2}}} \\
& - \frac{(2Bc^3d+3Ac^2d^2)a \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \\
& - \frac{4(3Bc^2d^2+2Acd^3)\sqrt{bx^2+aa}}{3b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*d^4*x^4/b - 4/15*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*a*d^4*x^2/b^2 + A*c^4*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*c^4/b + 4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*c^3*d/b + 8/15*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*a^2*d^4/b^3 + 1/4*(4*B*c*d^3 + A*d^4)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*x^3/b + 2/3*(3*B*c^2*d^2 + 2*A*c*d^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*x^2/b - 3/8*(4*B*c*d^3 + A*d^4)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*x/b^2 + (2*B*c^3*d + 3*A*c^2*d^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*x/b + 3/8*(4*B*c*d^3 + A*d^4)*a^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(5/2) - (2*B*c^3*d + 3*A*c^2*d^2)*a*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) - 4/3*(3*B*c^2*d^2 + 2*A*c*d^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a/b^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{120} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left(\left(2 \left(3 \left(\frac{4Bd^4x}{b} + \frac{5(4Bb^4cd^3 + Ab^4d^4)}{b^5} \right) x + \frac{8(15Bb^4c^2d^2 + 10Ab^4cd^3 - 2Bab^3d^4)}{b^5} \right) \right) x + \frac{8Ab^2c^4 - 16Babc^3d - 24Aabc^2d^2 + 12Ba^2cd^3 + 3Aa^2d^4}{8b^{\frac{5}{2}}} \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right| \right) \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/120*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*((2*(3*(4*B*d^4*x/b + 5*(4*B*b^4*c*d^3 + A*b^4*d^4)/b^5)*x + 8*(15*B*b^4*c^2*d^2 + 10*A*b^4*c*d^3 - 2*B*a*b^3*d^4)/b^5)*x + 15*(16*B*b^4*c^3*d + 24*A*b^4*c^2*d^2 - 12*B*a*b^3*c*d^3 - 3*A*a*b^3*d^4)/b^5)*x + 8*(15*B*b^4*c^4 + 60*A*b^4*c^3*d - 60*B*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 40*A*a*b^3*c*d^3 + 8*B*a^2*b^2*d^4)/b^5) - 1/8*(8*A*b^2*c^4 - 16*B*a*b*c^3*d - 24*A*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 12*B*a^2*c*d^3 + 3*A*a^2*d^4)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(5/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^4)/(a + b*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^4)/(a + b*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(dx + c)^4}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.170 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1448
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1449
Rubi [A] (verified)	1449
Maple [A] (verified)	1452
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1452
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1453
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1454
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1454
Mupad [F(-1)]	1455
Reduce [F]	1455

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 201

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{(3Bc+4Ad)(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{12b} + \frac{B(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{4b} - \frac{(4(4ad^2(3Bc+Ad) - bc^2(3Bc+16Ad)) + d(9aBd^2 - 2bc(3Bc+10Ad))x)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{24b^2} + \frac{(4Abc(2bc^2 - 3ad^2) - 3aBd(4bc^2 - ad^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{8b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/12*(4*A*d+3*B*c)*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+1/4*B*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b-1/24*(16*a*d^2*(A*d+3*B*c)-4*b*c^2*(16*A*d+3*B*c)+d*(9*a*B*d^2-2*b*c*(10*A*d+3*B*c))*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^2+1/8*(4*A*b*c*(-3*a*d^2+2*b*c^2)-3*a*B*d*(-a*d^2+4*b*c^2))*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-ad^2(48Bc + 16Ad + 9Bdx) + 4Abd(18c^2 + 9cdx + 2d^2x^2) + 6bB(4c^3 + 6c^2dx + 4cd^2x^2 + d^3x^3))}{24b^2}$$

$$- \frac{(4Abc(2bc^2 - 3ad^2) + 3aBd(-4bc^2 + ad^2)) \log\left(-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a + bx^2}\right)}{8b^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^3)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2],x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-(a*d^2*(48*B*c + 16*A*d + 9*B*d*x)) + 4*A*b*d*(18*c^2 +
9*c*d*x + 2*d^2*x^2) + 6*b*B*(4*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x + 4*c*d^2*x^2 + d^3*x^3))
)/(24*b^2) - ((4*A*b*c*(2*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2) + 3*a*B*d*(-4*b*c^2 + a*d^2))*L
og[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(8*b^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {687, 687, 27, 676, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^2(4Abc-3aBd+b(3Bc+4Ad)x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{4b} + \frac{B\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^3}{4b}$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(c+dx)(12Abc^2-15aBdc-8aAd^2-(9aBd^2-2bc(3Bc+10Ad))x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(4Ad+3Bc)}{\frac{4b}{B\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^3}} +$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx)(12Abc^2-15aBdc-8aAd^2-(9aBd^2-2bc(3Bc+10Ad))x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(4Ad+3Bc)}{\frac{4b}{B\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^3}} +$$

↓ 676

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3(4Abc(2bc^2-3ad^2)-3aBd(4bc^2-ad^2)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^2}(4ad^2(Ad+3Bc)-bc^2(16Ad+3Bc))}{b} - \frac{dx\sqrt{a+bx^2}(9aBd^2-2bc(10Ad+3Bc))}{2b} \right)}{\frac{4b}{B\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^3}}}{4b}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3(4Abc(2bc^2-3ad^2)-3aBd(4bc^2-ad^2)) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^2}(4ad^2(Ad+3Bc)-bc^2(16Ad+3Bc))}{b} - \frac{dx\sqrt{a+bx^2}(9aBd^2-2bc(10Ad+3Bc))}{2b} \right)}{\frac{4b}{B\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^3}}}{4b}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3\arctanh\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(4Abc(2bc^2-3ad^2)-3aBd(4bc^2-ad^2))}{2b^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^2}(4ad^2(Ad+3Bc)-bc^2(16Ad+3Bc))}{b} - \frac{dx\sqrt{a+bx^2}(9aBd^2-2bc(10Ad+3Bc))}{2b} \right)}{\frac{4b}{B\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^3}}}{4b}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^3)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (B*(c + d*x)^3*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])/(4*b) + (((3*B*c + 4*A*d)*(c + d*x)^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])/3 + ((-2*(4*a*d^2*(3*B*c + A*d) - b*c^2*(3*B*c + 16*A*d))*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])/b - (d*(9*a*B*d^2 - 2*b*c*(3*B*c + 10*A*d))*x*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])/(2*b) + (3*(4*A*b*c*(2*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2) - 3*a*B*d*(4*b*c^2 - a*d^2))*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]])/(2*b^(3/2)))/3)/(4*b) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \&\& \text{!GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 676

$$\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1})/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (\text{Simp}[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1})/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) \text{ Int}[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x \&\& \text{!LeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 687

$$\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_))*((f_.) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1})/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \parallel \text{IntegerQ}[p] \parallel \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p]) \&\& \text{!(GtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[f, 0])$$

output

```
[1/48*(3*(8*A*b^2*c^3 - 12*B*a*b*c^2*d - 12*A*a*b*c*d^2 + 3*B*a^2*d^3)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*(6*B*b^2*d^3*x^3 + 24*B*b^2*c^3 + 72*A*b^2*c^2*d - 48*B*a*b*c*d^2 - 16*A*a*b*d^3 + 8*(3*B*b^2*c*d^2 + A*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 9*(4*B*b^2*c^2*d + 4*A*b^2*c*d^2 - B*a*b*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^3, -1/24*(3*(8*A*b^2*c^3 - 12*B*a*b*c^2*d - 12*A*a*b*c*d^2 + 3*B*a^2*d^3)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (6*B*b^2*d^3*x^3 + 24*B*b^2*c^3 + 72*A*b^2*c^2*d - 48*B*a*b*c*d^2 - 16*A*a*b*d^3 + 8*(3*B*b^2*c*d^2 + A*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 9*(4*B*b^2*c^2*d + 4*A*b^2*c*d^2 - B*a*b*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^3]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \left(\frac{Bd^3x^3}{4b} + \frac{x^2(Ad^3 + 3Bcd^2)}{3b} + \frac{x(3Acd^2 - \frac{3Bad^3}{4b} + 3Bc^2d)}{2b} + \frac{3Ac^2d + Bc^3 - \frac{2a(Ad^3 + 3Bcd^2)}{3b}}{b} \right) + \left(Ac^3 - \frac{a(3Acd^2}{\sqrt{a}} \right. \\ \left. \frac{Ac^3x + \frac{Bd^3x^5}{5} + \frac{x^4(Ad^3 + 3Bcd^2)}{4} + \frac{x^3 \cdot (3Acd^2 + 3Bc^2d)}{3} + \frac{x^2 \cdot (3Ac^2d + Bc^3)}{2}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \end{array} \right.$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)**3/(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(B*d**3*x**3/(4*b) + x**2*(A*d**3 + 3*B*c*d**2))/(3*b) + x*(3*A*c*d**2 - 3*B*a*d**3/(4*b) + 3*B*c**2*d)/(2*b) + (3*A*c**2*d + B*c**3 - 2*a*(A*d**3 + 3*B*c*d**2)/(3*b))/b) + (A*c**3 - a*(3*A*c*d**2 - 3*B*a*d**3/(4*b) + 3*B*c**2*d)/(2*b))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), ((A*c**3*x + B*d**3*x**5/5 + x**4*(A*d**3 + 3*B*c*d**2)/4 + x**3*(3*A*c*d**2 + 3*B*c**2*d)/3 + x**2*(3*A*c**2*d + B*c**3)/2)/sqrt(a), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}Bd^3x^3}{4b} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+a}Bad^3x}{8b^2} + \frac{Ac^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

$$+ \frac{3Ba^2d^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8b^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}Bc^3}{b} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+a}Ac^2d}{b}$$

$$+ \frac{(3Bcd^2+Ad^3)\sqrt{bx^2+ax}}{3b} + \frac{3(Bc^2d+Ac^2d^2)\sqrt{bx^2+ax}}{2b}$$

$$- \frac{3(Bc^2d+Ac^2d^2)a \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

$$- \frac{2(3Bcd^2+Ad^3)\sqrt{bx^2+aa}}{3b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*d^3*x^3/b - 3/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*a*d^3*x/b^2 + A*c^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) + 3/8*B*a^2*d^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(5/2) + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*c^3/b + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*c^2*d/b + 1/3*(3*B*c*d^2 + A*d^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*x^2/b + 3/2*(B*c^2*d + A*c*d^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*x/b - 3/2*(B*c^2*d + A*c*d^2)*a*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) - 2/3*(3*B*c*d^2 + A*d^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a/b^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{bx^2+a} \left(\left(2 \left(\frac{3Bd^3x}{b} + \frac{4(3Bb^3cd^2+Ab^3d^3)}{b^4} \right) x + \frac{9(4Bb^3c^2d+4Ab^3cd^2-Bab^2d^3)}{b^4} \right) x + \frac{8(3B(8Ab^2c^3-12Babc^2d-12Aabcd^2+3Ba^2d^3) \log\left(|-\sqrt{bx}+\sqrt{bx^2+a}|\right)}{8b^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/24*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*((2*(3*B*d^3*x/b + 4*(3*B*b^3*c*d^2 + A*b^3*d^3)/b^4)
*x + 9*(4*B*b^3*c^2*d + 4*A*b^3*c*d^2 - B*a*b^2*d^3)/b^4)*x + 8*(3*B*b^3*c
^3 + 9*A*b^3*c^2*d - 6*B*a*b^2*c*d^2 - 2*A*a*b^2*d^3)/b^4) - 1/8*(8*A*b^2*
c^3 - 12*B*a*b*c^2*d - 12*A*a*b*c*d^2 + 3*B*a^2*d^3)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x +
sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(5/2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^3)/(a + b*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
int(((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^3)/(a + b*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x)
```


3.171 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1456
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1456
Rubi [A] (verified)	1457
Maple [A] (verified)	1459
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1459
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1460
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1461
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1461
Mupad [F(-1)]	1462
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1462

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{B(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{3b} - \frac{(4(aBd^2 - bc(Bc+3Ad)) - bd(2Bc+3Ad)x)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{6b^2} + \frac{(2Abc^2 - 2aBcd - aAd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/3*B*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b-1/6*(4*a*B*d^2-4*b*c*(3*A*d+B*c)-b*d*(3*A*d+2*B*c)*x)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^2+1/2*(-A*a*d^2+2*A*b*c^2-2*B*a*c*d)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-4aBd^2 + 3Abd(4c+dx) + 2bB(3c^2 + 3cdx + d^2x^2)) + 3\sqrt{b}(-2Abc^2 + 2aBcd + aAd^2) \log(\dots)}{6b^2}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-4*a*B*d^2 + 3*A*b*d*(4*c + d*x) + 2*b*B*(3*c^2 + 3*c*d*x + d^2*x^2)) + 3*Sqrt[b]*(-2*A*b*c^2 + 2*a*B*c*d + a*A*d^2)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(6*b^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {687, 676, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)(3Abc-2aBd+b(2Bc+3Ad)x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{3b} + \frac{B\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 676$$

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2}(-aAd^2 - 2aBcd + 2Abc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^2}(aBd^2 - bc(3Ad+Bc))}{b} + \frac{1}{2}dx\sqrt{a+bx^2}(3Ad + 2Bc)}{3b} + \frac{B\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 224$$

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2}(-aAd^2 - 2aBcd + 2Abc^2) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^2}(aBd^2 - bc(3Ad+Bc))}{b} + \frac{1}{2}dx\sqrt{a+bx^2}(3Ad + 2Bc)}{3b} + \frac{B\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(-aAd^2 - 2aBcd + 2Abc^2) - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^2}(aBd^2 - bc(3Ad+Bc))}{b} + \frac{1}{2}dx\sqrt{a+bx^2}(3Ad+2Bc)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{B\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2}{3b}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]`

output `(B*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(3*b) + ((-2*(a*B*d^2 - b*c*(B*c + 3*A*d))*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/b + (d*(2*B*c + 3*A*d)*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (3*(2*A*b*c^2 - 2*a*B*c*d - a*A*d^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b])/(3*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 687

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
risch	$\frac{(2Bbd^2x^2 + 3Abd^2x + 6Bbcdx + 12Abcd - 4aBd^2 + 6Bbc^2)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{6b^2} - \frac{(Aad^2 - 2Abc^2 + 2Bacd) \ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{Ac^2 \ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{\sqrt{b}} + d(Ad + 2Bc) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2b} - \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) + \frac{c(2Ad+Bc)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b} + Bd^2 \left(\frac{x^2}{2b} + \frac{a}{b} \right)$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/6*(2*B*b*d^2*x^2+3*A*b*d^2*x+6*B*b*c*d*x+12*A*b*c*d-4*B*a*d^2+6*B*b*c^2)
*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^2-1/2/b^(3/2)*(A*a*d^2-2*A*b*c^2+2*B*a*c*d)*ln(b^(1/2)*
x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(2Abc^2 - 2Bacd - Aad^2)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-2bx^2 + 2\sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{bx} - a\right) - 2(2Bbd^2x^2 + 6Bbc^2 + 12Abcd)}{12b^2} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{3(2Abc^2 - 2Bacd - Aad^2)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) - (2Bbd^2x^2 + 6Bbc^2 + 12Abcd - 4Bad^2 + 3(2Bbd^2x^2 + 6Bbc^2 + 12Abcd))\sqrt{a}}{6b^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/12*(3*(2*A*b*c^2 - 2*B*a*c*d - A*a*d^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(2*B*b*d^2*x^2 + 6*B*b*c^2 + 12*A*b*c*d - 4*B*a*d^2 + 3*(2*B*b*c*d + A*b*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2, -1/6*(3*(2*A*b*c^2 - 2*B*a*c*d - A*a*d^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (2*B*b*d^2*x^2 + 6*B*b*c^2 + 12*A*b*c*d - 4*B*a*d^2 + 3*(2*B*b*c*d + A*b*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \left(\frac{Bd^2x^2}{3b} + \frac{x(Ad^2 + 2Bcd)}{2b} + \frac{2Acd - \frac{2Bad^2}{3b} + Bc^2}{b} \right) + \left(Ac^2 - \frac{a(Ad^2 + 2Bcd)}{2b} \right) \begin{cases} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx^2} + 2bx)}{\sqrt{b}} \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{bx^2}} \end{cases} \\ \frac{Ac^2x + \frac{Bd^2x^4}{4} + \frac{x^3(Ad^2 + 2Bcd)}{3} + \frac{x^2 \cdot (2Acd + Bc^2)}{2}}{\sqrt{a}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)**2/(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(B*d**2*x**2/(3*b) + x*(A*d**2 + 2*B*c*d)/(2*b) + (2*A*c*d - 2*B*a*d**2/(3*b) + B*c**2)/b) + (A*c**2 - a*(A*d**2 + 2*B*c*d)/(2*b))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), ((A*c**2*x + B*d**2*x**4/4 + x**3*(A*d**2 + 2*B*c*d)/3 + x**2*(2*A*c*d + B*c**2)/2)/sqrt(a), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}Bd^2x^2}{3b} + \frac{Ac^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}Bc^2}{b}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+a}Acd}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+a}Bad^2}{3b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(2Bcd+Ad^2)\sqrt{bx^2+a}x}{2b} - \frac{(2Bcd+Ad^2)a \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*d^2*x^2/b + A*c^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*c^2/b + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*c*d/b - 2/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*a*d^2/b^2 + 1/2*(2*B*c*d + A*d^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*x/b - 1/2*(2*B*c*d + A*d^2)*a*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{bx^2+a} \left(\left(\frac{2Bd^2x}{b} + \frac{3(2Bb^2cd+Ab^2d^2)}{b^3} \right) x + \frac{2(3Bb^2c^2+6Ab^2cd-2Babd^2)}{b^3} \right)$$

$$- \frac{(2Abc^2-2Bacd-Aad^2) \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2+a}\right|\right)}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*((2*B*d^2*x/b + 3*(2*B*b^2*c*d + A*b^2*d^2)/b^3)*x + 2*(3*B*b^2*c^2 + 6*A*b^2*c*d - 2*B*a*b*d^2)/b^3) - 1/2*(2*A*b*c^2 - 2*B*a*c*d - A*a*d^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(3/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2)/(a + b*x^2)^(1/2), x)`output `int(((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2)/(a + b*x^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{12\sqrt{bx^2 + a}abcd + 3\sqrt{bx^2 + a}abd^2x - 4\sqrt{bx^2 + a}abd^2 + 6\sqrt{bx^2 + a}b^2c^2 + 6\sqrt{bx^2 + a}b^2cdx + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}b^2cdx}{6b^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x)`output `(12*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c*d + 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*d**2*x - 4*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*d**2 + 6*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c**2 + 6*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c*d*x + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*d**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**2*d**2 + 6*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a*b*c**2 - 6*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a*b*c*d)/(6*b**2)`

$$3.172 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1463
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1463
Rubi [A] (verified)	1464
Maple [A] (verified)	1465
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1466
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1466
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1467
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1467
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1468
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1468

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{(2(Bc+Ad)+Bdx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2b} + \frac{(2Abc-aBd)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/2*(B*d*x+2*A*d+2*B*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+1/2*(2*A*b*c-B*a*d)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{(2Bc+2Ad+Bdx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2b} + \frac{(-2Abc+aBd)\log\left(-\sqrt{bx}+\sqrt{a+bx^2}\right)}{2b^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(c+d*x))/Sqrt[a+b*x^2],x]
```


output

$$\frac{((2*B*c + 2*A*d + B*d*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])/(2*b) + ((-2*A*b*c + a*B*d)*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]])/(2*b^{(3/2)})}{}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {676, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

↓ 676

$$\frac{(2Abc - aBd) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2b} + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(Ad + Bc)}{b} + \frac{Bdx\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{2b}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{(2Abc - aBd) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{2b} + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(Ad + Bc)}{b} + \frac{Bdx\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{2b}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right) (2Abc - aBd)}{2b^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(Ad + Bc)}{b} + \frac{Bdx\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{2b}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\frac{(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)}{\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(B*c + A*d)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]}{b} + \frac{(B*d*x*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])}{(2*b)} + \frac{((2*A*b*c - a*B*d)*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]])}{(2*b^{(3/2)})}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 224

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 676

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Sim
p[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p
+ 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g
, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{(Bdx+2Ad+2Bc)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2b} + \frac{(2Abc-Bad)\ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	61
default	$\frac{Ac\ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{(Ad+Bc)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b} + Bd\left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2b} - \frac{a\ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)$	85

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*(B*d*x+2*A*d+2*B*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+1/2*(2*A*b*c-B*a*d)/b^(3/2)*ln(b
^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(2Abc - Bad)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-2bx^2 + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}\sqrt{bx} - a\right) - 2(Bbdx + 2Bbc + 2Abd)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{4b^2}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(2Abc - Bad)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}\right) - (Bbdx + 2Bbc + 2Abd)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{2b^2} \right],$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[-1/4*((2*A*b*c - B*a*d)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(B*b*d*x + 2*B*b*c + 2*A*b*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/b^2, -1/2*((2*A*b*c - B*a*d)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (B*b*d*x + 2*B*b*c + 2*A*b*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \left(\frac{Bdx}{2b} + \frac{Ad+Bc}{b} \right) + \left(Ac - \frac{Bad}{2b} \right) \begin{cases} \frac{\log\left(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx^2}+2bx\right)}{\sqrt{b}} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{bx^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{Acx + \frac{Bdx^3}{3} + \frac{x^2(Ad+Bc)}{2}}{\sqrt{a}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(B*d*x/(2*b) + (A*d + B*c)/b) + (A*c - B*a*d/(2*b))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), ((A*c*x + B*d*x**3/3 + x**2*(A*d + B*c)/2)/sqrt(a), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}Bdx}{2b} + \frac{Ac \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{Bad \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}Bc}{b} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}Ad}{b}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*d*x/b + A*c*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) - 1/2*B*a*d*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*c/b + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*d/b
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left(\frac{Bdx}{b} + \frac{2(Bbc + Abd)}{b^2} \right) - \frac{(2Abc - Bad) \log\left(\left| -\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right| \right)}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*(B*d*x/b + 2*(B*b*c + A*b*d)/b^2) - 1/2*(2*A*b*c - B*a*d)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(3/2)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{6Acx + 3Adx^2 + 3Bcx^2 + 2Bdx^3}{6\sqrt{a}} & \text{if } b = 0 \\ \frac{Ad\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b} + \frac{Bc\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b} + \frac{Ac \ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{Bad \ln(2\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2b^{3/2}} + \frac{Bdx\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2b} & \text{if } b \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(c + d*x))/(a + b*x^2)^(1/2), x)`output `piecewise(b == 0, (6*A*c*x + 3*A*d*x^2 + 3*B*c*x^2 + 2*B*d*x^3)/(6*a^(1/2)), b ~= 0, (A*d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))/b + (B*c*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))/b + (A*c*log(b^(1/2)*x + (a + b*x^2)^(1/2)))/b^(1/2) - (B*a*d*log(2*b^(1/2)*x + 2*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2)))/(2*b^(3/2)) + (B*d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))/(2*b))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+a}ad + 2\sqrt{bx^2+a}bc + \sqrt{bx^2+a}bdx + 2\sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a} + \sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)ac - \sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a} + \sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)ad}{2b}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*d + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*d*x + 2*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a*c - sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a*d)/(2*b)`

3.173 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1469
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1469
Rubi [A] (verified)	1470
Maple [A] (verified)	1471
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1471
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1472
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1472
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1473
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1473
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1473

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{B\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{b} + \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

output `B*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+A*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{B\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{b} - \frac{A \log\left(-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a+bx^2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]`

output `(B*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/b - (A*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/Sqrt[b]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {455, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

↓ 455

$$A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \frac{B\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{b}$$

↓ 224

$$A \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2 + a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + \frac{B\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{b}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{B\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{b}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]`

output `(B*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/b + (A*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/Sqrt[b]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
default	$\frac{A \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2 + a})}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{B\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{b}$	37
risch	$\frac{A \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2 + a})}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{B\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{b}$	37

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
A*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)+B*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \left[\frac{A\sqrt{b} \log(-2bx^2 - 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}\sqrt{bx} - a) + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}B}{2b}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{A\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}\right) - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}B}{b} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*(A*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*sqrt(b
*x^2 + a)*B)/b, -(A*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - sqrt(b*x
^2 + a)*B)/b]
```


Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \begin{cases} A \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx^2}+2bx)}{\sqrt{b}} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{bx^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + \frac{B\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{Ax + \frac{Bx^2}{2}}{\sqrt{a}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((A*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)) + B*sqrt(a + b*x**2)/b, Ne(b, 0)), ((A*x + B*x**2/2)/sqrt(a), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \frac{A \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}B}{b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `A*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B/b`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = -\frac{A \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right|\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}B}{b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-A*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/sqrt(b) + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B/b`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \frac{B \sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{b} + \frac{A \ln\left(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(a + b*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(B*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))/b + (A*log(b^(1/2)*x + (a + b*x^2)^(1/2)))/b^(1/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}b + \sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + \sqrt{b}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a}{b}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b + sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a)/b`

3.174 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1474
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1474
Rubi [A] (verified)	1475
Maple [A] (verified)	1476
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1477
Sympy [F]	1478
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1478
Giac [F(-2)]	1479
Mupad [F(-1)]	1479
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1479

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{B \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}} + \frac{(Bc-Ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}}$$

output

$B \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) / \sqrt{b} / d + (-A d + B c) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-b c x + a d}{\sqrt{a d^2 + b c^2}}\right) / \sqrt{a d^2 + b c^2} / \sqrt{bx^2+a} / d$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{2(Bc-Ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}} - \frac{B \log\left(-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a+bx^2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

input

$\text{Integrate}[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x]$

output

```
((2*(B*c - A*d)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2] - (B*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/Sqrt[b])/d
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 719$$

$$\frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{(Bc - Ad) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 224$$

$$\frac{B \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d} - \frac{(Bc - Ad) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{\text{Barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}} - \frac{(Bc - Ad) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 488$$

$$\frac{(Bc - Ad) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d} + \frac{\text{Barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{(Bc - Ad)\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{d\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}} + \frac{\text{Barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}}$$

input $\text{Int}[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]),x]$

output $(B*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]])/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*d) + ((B*c - A*d)*\text{ArcTanh}[(a*d - b*c*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])])/(d*\text{Sqrt}[b*c^2 + a*d^2])$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 488 $\text{Int}[1/(((c_ + (d_)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$

rule 719 $\text{Int}(((d_ + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_ + (g_)*(x_))*((a_ + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)/e \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

method	result	size
default	$\frac{B \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2 + a})}{d\sqrt{b}} - \frac{(Ad - Bc) \ln\left(\frac{2ad^2 + 2bc^2 - 2bc\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right) + 2\sqrt{\frac{ad^2 + bc^2}{d^2}} \sqrt{b\left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right) + ad^2 + bc^2}{d^2}}}{x + \frac{c}{d}}\right)}{d^2 \sqrt{\frac{ad^2 + bc^2}{d^2}}}$	160

input `int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{B/d \cdot \ln(b^{1/2} \cdot x + (b \cdot x^2 + a)^{1/2}) / b^{1/2} - (A \cdot d - B \cdot c) / d^2 / ((a \cdot d^2 + b \cdot c^2) / d^2)^{1/2} \cdot \ln((2 \cdot (a \cdot d^2 + b \cdot c^2) / d^2 - 2 \cdot b \cdot c / d \cdot (x + c / d) + 2 \cdot ((a \cdot d^2 + b \cdot c^2) / d^2)^{1/2}) \cdot (b \cdot (x + c / d)^2 - 2 \cdot b \cdot c / d \cdot (x + c / d) + (a \cdot d^2 + b \cdot c^2) / d^2)^{1/2}) / (x + c / d)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 672, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.15

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[(Bbc^2 + Bad^2)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-2bx^2 - 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}\sqrt{bx} - a\right) - (Bbc - Abd)\sqrt{bc^2 + ad^2} \log\left(\frac{2abcdx - abc^2 - 2a^2d^2}{2(b^2c^2d + abd^3)}\right) \right]}{2(b^2c^2d + abd^3)}$$

$$- \frac{2(Bbc^2 + Bad^2)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}\right) + (Bbc - Abd)\sqrt{bc^2 + ad^2} \log\left(\frac{2abcdx - abc^2 - 2a^2d^2 - (2b^2c^2 + abd^2)x^2}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2}\right)}{2(b^2c^2d + abd^3)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[\frac{1}{2} \cdot \left((B \cdot b \cdot c^2 + B \cdot a \cdot d^2) \cdot \sqrt{b} \cdot \log(-2 \cdot b \cdot x^2 - 2 \cdot \sqrt{b \cdot x^2 + a} \cdot \sqrt{b} \cdot x - a) - (B \cdot b \cdot c - A \cdot b \cdot d) \cdot \sqrt{b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2} \cdot \log\left(\frac{2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot c \cdot d \cdot x - a \cdot b \cdot c^2 - 2 \cdot a^2 \cdot d^2 - (2 \cdot b^2 \cdot c^2 + a \cdot b \cdot d^2) \cdot x^2 - 2 \cdot \sqrt{b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2} \cdot (b \cdot c \cdot x - a \cdot d) \cdot \sqrt{b \cdot x^2 + a}}{d^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot x + c^2}\right) \right) / (b^2 \cdot c^2 \cdot d + a \cdot b \cdot d^3), -1/2 \cdot \left(2 \cdot (B \cdot b \cdot c^2 + B \cdot a \cdot d^2) \cdot \sqrt{-b} \cdot \arctan(\sqrt{-b} \cdot x / \sqrt{b \cdot x^2 + a}) + (B \cdot b \cdot c - A \cdot b \cdot d) \cdot \sqrt{b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2} \cdot \log\left(\frac{2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot c \cdot d \cdot x - a \cdot b \cdot c^2 - 2 \cdot a^2 \cdot d^2 - (2 \cdot b^2 \cdot c^2 + a \cdot b \cdot d^2) \cdot x^2 - 2 \cdot \sqrt{b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2} \cdot (b \cdot c \cdot x - a \cdot d) \cdot \sqrt{b \cdot x^2 + a}}{d^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot x + c^2}\right) \right) / (b^2 \cdot c^2 \cdot d + a \cdot b \cdot d^3), 1/2 \cdot \left(2 \cdot (B \cdot b \cdot c - A \cdot b \cdot d) \cdot \sqrt{-b \cdot c^2 - a \cdot d^2} \cdot \arctan(\sqrt{-b \cdot c^2 - a \cdot d^2} \cdot (b \cdot c \cdot x - a \cdot d) \cdot \sqrt{b \cdot x^2 + a} / (a \cdot b \cdot c^2 + a^2 \cdot d^2 + (b^2 \cdot c^2 + a \cdot b \cdot d^2) \cdot x^2)) + (B \cdot b \cdot c^2 + B \cdot a \cdot d^2) \cdot \sqrt{b} \cdot \log(-2 \cdot b \cdot x^2 - 2 \cdot \sqrt{b \cdot x^2 + a} \cdot \sqrt{b} \cdot x - a) \right) / (b^2 \cdot c^2 \cdot d + a \cdot b \cdot d^3), \left((B \cdot b \cdot c - A \cdot b \cdot d) \cdot \sqrt{-b \cdot c^2 - a \cdot d^2} \cdot \arctan(\sqrt{-b \cdot c^2 - a \cdot d^2} \cdot (b \cdot c \cdot x - a \cdot d) \cdot \sqrt{b \cdot x^2 + a} / (a \cdot b \cdot c^2 + a^2 \cdot d^2 + (b^2 \cdot c^2 + a \cdot b \cdot d^2) \cdot x^2)) - (B \cdot b \cdot c^2 + B \cdot a \cdot d^2) \cdot \sqrt{-b} \cdot \arctan(\sqrt{-b} \cdot x / \sqrt{b \cdot x^2 + a}) \right) / (b^2 \cdot c^2 \cdot d + a \cdot b \cdot d^3) \right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2} (c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)/(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(c + d*x)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \frac{B \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}} - \frac{Bc \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}d^2}} + \frac{A \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}d}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `B*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(b)*d) - B*c*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/(sqrt(a + b*c^2/d^2)*d^2) + A*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/(sqrt(a + b*c^2/d^2)*d)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} (c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2126, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.62

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*
sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(
b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a*c*d + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*
sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c*
**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*b*c**2 - 2*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sq
rt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a**2*d**3 - 2*sqrt(2*s
qrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)
*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c*
**2))*a*b*c**2*d + 2*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*
c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a*b*c*d**2 + 2*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2
+ b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/
sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*b**2*c**3 - s
qrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*
d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**2 + 2*
b*c**2) + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)*a*c*d + sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)
*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( -
sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2) + sqrt(a +...
```

3.175 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1481
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1481
Rubi [A] (verified)	1482
Maple [B] (verified)	1483
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1484
Sympy [F]	1485
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1485
Giac [F(-1)]	1486
Mupad [F(-1)]	1486
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1486

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^2\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \frac{(Bc - Ad)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(bc^2 + ad^2)(c + dx)} - \frac{(Abc + aBd)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad - bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2 + ad^2}\sqrt{a + bx^2}}\right)}{(bc^2 + ad^2)^{3/2}}$$

output `(-A*d+B*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)-(A*b*c+B*a*d)*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\begin{aligned} &\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^2\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx \\ &= \frac{(Bc - Ad)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(bc^2 + ad^2)(c + dx)} + \frac{2(Abc + aBd) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx) - d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}}\right)}{(-bc^2 - ad^2)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]),x]`

output

$$\frac{((B*c - A*d)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)) + (2*(A*b*c + a*B*d)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*(c + d*x) - d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])/(\text{Sqrt}[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2])]}{(-(b*c^2) - a*d^2)^{(3/2)}}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 679

$$\frac{(aBd + Abc) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ad^2 + bc^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(Bc - Ad)}{(c + dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(Bc - Ad)}{(c + dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{(aBd + Abc) \int \frac{1}{bc^2 + ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{ad^2 + bc^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(Bc - Ad)}{(c + dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{(aBd + Abc) \text{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{(ad^2 + bc^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]),x]$$

output

$$\frac{((B*c - A*d)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)) - ((A*b*c + a*B*d)*\text{ArcTanh}[(a*d - b*c*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])]}{(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^{(3/2)}}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 488

```
Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x]
```

rule 679

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)
)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 350 vs. $2(96) = 192$.

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

method	result
default	$-\frac{B \ln \left(\frac{2ad^2 + 2bc^2 - \frac{2bc(x+\frac{c}{d})}{d} + 2\sqrt{\frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}} \sqrt{b(x+\frac{c}{d})^2 - \frac{2bc(x+\frac{c}{d})}{d} + \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}}{x+\frac{c}{d}} \right)}{d^2 \sqrt{\frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}} + \frac{(Ad-Bc) \left(-\frac{d^2 \sqrt{b(x+\frac{c}{d})^2 - \frac{2bc(x+\frac{c}{d})}{d} + \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}}{(ad^2+bc^2)(x+\frac{c}{d})} \right)}{d^2 \sqrt{\frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

$$-B/d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^{(1/2)}*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+c/d)+(A*d-B*c)/d^3*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^{(1/2)}-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^{(1/2)}*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+c/d))$$
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 210 vs. $2(97) = 194$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 446, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.29

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(Abc^2 + Bacd + (Abcd + Bad^2)x) \sqrt{bc^2 + ad^2} \log \left(\frac{2abcdx - abc^2 - 2a^2d^2 - (2b^2c^2 + abd^2)x^2 - 2\sqrt{bc^2 + ad^2}(bcx - ad)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} \right)}{2(b^2c^5 + 2abc^3d^2 + a^2cd^4 + (b^2c^4d + 2abc^2d^3 + a^2d^5)x)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(Abc^2 + Bacd + (Abcd + Bad^2)x) \sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}(bcx - ad)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{abc^2 + a^2d^2 + (b^2c^2 + abd^2)x^2} \right) - (Bbc^3 - Abc^2d + a^2d^5)x}{b^2c^5 + 2abc^3d^2 + a^2cd^4 + (b^2c^4d + 2abc^2d^3 + a^2d^5)x} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*((A*b*c^2 + B*a*c*d + (A*b*c*d + B*a*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log(
(2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*
c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2
*(B*b*c^3 - A*b*c^2*d + B*a*c*d^2 - A*a*d^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(b^2*c^5 + 2
*a*b*c^3*d^2 + a^2*c*d^4 + (b^2*c^4*d + 2*a*b*c^2*d^3 + a^2*d^5)*x), -((A*
b*c^2 + B*a*c*d + (A*b*c*d + B*a*d^2)*x)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(
-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^
2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) - (B*b*c^3 - A*b*c^2*d + B*a*c*d^2 - A*a*d^3)*sqrt(b*x^
2 + a))/(b^2*c^5 + 2*a*b*c^3*d^2 + a^2*c*d^4 + (b^2*c^4*d + 2*a*b*c^2*d^3
+ a^2*d^5)*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2} (c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)**2/(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(c + d*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 245 vs. 2(97) = 194.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} Bc}{bc^2 dx + ad^3 x + bc^3 + acd^2} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} A}{bc^2 x + ad^2 x + \frac{bc^3}{d} + acd}$$

$$- \frac{Bbc^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}}\right)}{\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^4}$$

$$+ \frac{Abc \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}}\right)}{\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{B \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}} d^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*c/(b*c^2*d*x + a*d^3*x + b*c^3 + a*c*d^2) - sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A/(b*c^2*x + a*d^2*x + b*c^3/d + a*c*d) - B*b*c^2*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c))) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(3/2)*d^4) + A*b*c*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c))) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(3/2)*d^3) + B*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c))) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/sqrt(a + b*c^2/d^2)*d^2)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} (c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 416, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.00

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a d^2 + b c^2} \log(\sqrt{b x^2 + a} \sqrt{a d^2 + b c^2} - a d + b c x)}{a b c^2 + \sqrt{a d^2 + b c^2} \log(\sqrt{b x^2 + a} \sqrt{a d^2 + b c^2} - a d + b c x)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d +
b*c*x)*a*b*c**2 + sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b*c*d*x + sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x
**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b*c*d + sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*
log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b*d**2*x - sqr
t(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b*c**2 - sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d
*x)*a*b*c*d*x - sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b*c*d - sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b*d**2*x - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*d**3 - sqrt(a + b
*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c*d**2 + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c*
*3)/(a**2*c*d**4 + a**2*d**5*x + 2*a*b*c**3*d**2 + 2*a*b*c**2*d**3*x + b**
2*c**5 + b**2*c**4*d*x)
```


3.176 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1488
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1489
Rubi [A] (verified)	1489
Maple [B] (verified)	1491
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1492
Sympy [F]	1493
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1494
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1495
Mupad [F(-1)]	1496
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1496

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 177

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{(Bc-Ad)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^2} - \frac{(2aBd^2-bc(Bc-3Ad))\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2(bc^2+ad^2)^2(c+dx)} - \frac{b(2Abc^2+3aBcd-aAd^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2(bc^2+ad^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/2*(-A*d+B*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^2-1/2*(2*a*B*d^2-b*c*
(-3*A*d+B*c))*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)-1/2*b*(-A*a*d^2+2*A*
b*c^2+3*B*a*c*d)*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))
/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-ad^2(Ad + B(c + 2dx)) + bc(Bc(2c + dx) - Ad(4c + 3dx)))}{2(bc^2 + ad^2)^2(c + dx)^2} - \frac{b(2Abc^2 + 3aBcd - aAd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx) - d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right)}{(-bc^2 - ad^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-(a*d^2*(A*d + B*(c + 2*d*x))) + b*c*(B*c*(2*c + d*x) - A*d*(4*c + 3*d*x)))/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^2*(c + d*x)^2) - (b*(2*A*b*c^2 + 3*a*B*c*d - a*A*d^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2 - a*d^2)]]/(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {688, 25, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 688$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(Bc - Ad)}{2(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{2(Abc + aBd) + b(Bc - Ad)x}{(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{2(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{2(ABC+aBd)+b(BC-Ad)x}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(BC-Ad)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{679} \\
 & \frac{\frac{b(-aAd^2+3aBcd+2Abc^2)}{ad^2+bc^2} \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2aBd^2-bc(BC-3Ad))}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)}}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(BC-Ad)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{488} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{b(-aAd^2+3aBcd+2Abc^2) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2aBd^2-bc(BC-3Ad))}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)}}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(BC-Ad)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{b(-aAd^2+3aBcd+2Abc^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2aBd^2-bc(BC-3Ad))}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)}}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(BC-Ad)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]),x]`

output `((B*c - A*d)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) + (-(((2*a*B*d^2 - b*c*(B*c - 3*A*d))*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)))) - (b*(2*A*b*c^2 + 3*a*B*c*d - a*A*d^2)*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2))/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

```
rule 488 Int[1/((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := -Subst[
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 679 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1
))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

```
rule 688 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 667 vs. 2(161) = 322.

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 668, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.77

method	result
default	$B \left(-\frac{d^2 \sqrt{b(x+\frac{c}{d})^2 - \frac{2bc(x+\frac{c}{d})}{d} + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}}}{(a d^2 + b c^2)(x+\frac{c}{d})} - \frac{bcd \ln \left(\frac{2a d^2 + 2b c^2 - \frac{2bc(x+\frac{c}{d})}{d} + 2\sqrt{\frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}} \sqrt{b(x+\frac{c}{d})^2 - \frac{2bc(x+\frac{c}{d})}{d} + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}}}{x+\frac{c}{d}} \right)}{(a d^2 + b c^2) \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}}} \right) + \dots$

```
input int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
B/d^3*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))+(A*d-B*c)/d^4*(-1/2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^2*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+3/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))+1/2*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 444 vs. $2(162) = 324$.

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 914, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.16

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/4*((2*A*b^2*c^4 + 3*B*a*b*c^3*d - A*a*b*c^2*d^2 + (2*A*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*B*a*b*c*d^3 - A*a*b*d^4)*x^2 + 2*(2*A*b^2*c^3*d + 3*B*a*b*c^2*d^2 - A*a*b*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - 2*(2*B*b^2*c^5 - 4*A*b^2*c^4*d + B*a*b*c^3*d^2 - 5*A*a*b*c^2*d^3 - B*a^2*c*d^4 - A*a^2*d^5 + (B*b^2*c^4*d - 3*A*b^2*c^3*d^2 - B*a*b*c^2*d^3 - 3*A*a*b*c*d^4 - 2*B*a^2*d^5)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(b^3*c^8 + 3*a*b^2*c^6*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^4*d^4 + a^3*c^2*d^6 + (b^3*c^6*d^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^4 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^6 + a^3*d^8)*x^2 + 2*(b^3*c^7*d + 3*a*b^2*c^5*d^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^3*d^5 + a^3*c*d^7)*x), -1/2*((2*A*b^2*c^4 + 3*B*a*b*c^3*d - A*a*b*c^2*d^2 + (2*A*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*B*a*b*c*d^3 - A*a*b*d^4)*x^2 + 2*(2*A*b^2*c^3*d + 3*B*a*b*c^2*d^2 - A*a*b*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) - (2*B*b^2*c^5 - 4*A*b^2*c^4*d + B*a*b*c^3*d^2 - 5*A*a*b*c^2*d^3 - B*a^2*c*d^4 - A*a^2*d^5 + (B*b^2*c^4*d - 3*A*b^2*c^3*d^2 - B*a*b*c^2*d^3 - 3*A*a*b*c*d^4 - 2*B*a^2*d^5)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(b^3*c^8 + 3*a*b^2*c^6*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^4*d^4 + a^3*c^2*d^6 + (b^3*c^6*d^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^4 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^6 + a^3*d^8)*x^2 + 2*(b^3*c^7*d + 3*a*b^2*c^5*d^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^3*d^5 + a^3*c*d^7)*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2} (c + dx)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)**3/(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)/(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(c + d*x)**3), x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 538 vs. $2(162) = 324$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 538, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.04

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + a}Bbc^2}{2(b^2c^4dx + 2abc^2d^3x + a^2d^5x + b^2c^5 + 2abc^3d^2 + a^2cd^4)}$$

$$- \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + a}Abc}{2(b^2c^4x + 2abc^2d^2x + a^2d^4x + \frac{b^2c^5}{d} + 2abc^3d + a^2cd^3)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}Bc}{2(bc^2d^2x^2 + ad^4x^2 + 2bc^3dx + 2acd^3x + bc^4 + ac^2d^2)}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}A}{2(bc^2dx^2 + ad^3x^2 + 2bc^3x + 2acd^2x + \frac{bc^4}{d} + ac^2d)}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}B}{bc^2dx + ad^3x + bc^3 + acd^2}$$

$$- \frac{3Bb^2c^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}}\right)}{2\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}d^6}$$

$$+ \frac{3Ab^2c^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}}\right)}{2\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}d^5}$$

$$+ \frac{3Bbc \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}}\right)}{2\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^4}$$

$$- \frac{Ab \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}}\right)}{2\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

3/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*b*c^2/(b^2*c^4*d*x + 2*a*b*c^2*d^3*x + a^2*d^5*x + b
^2*c^5 + 2*a*b*c^3*d^2 + a^2*c*d^4) - 3/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*b*c/(b^2*c^4*x
+ 2*a*b*c^2*d^2*x + a^2*d^4*x + b^2*c^5/d + 2*a*b*c^3*d + a^2*c*d^3) + 1/
2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*c/(b*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a*d^4*x^2 + 2*b*c^3*d*x + 2*a*c*d^3
*x + b*c^4 + a*c^2*d^2) - 1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A/(b*c^2*d*x^2 + a*d^3*x^2 +
2*b*c^3*x + 2*a*c*d^2*x + b*c^4/d + a*c^2*d) - sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B/(b*c^2*d
*x + a*d^3*x + b*c^3 + a*c*d^2) - 3/2*B*b^2*c^3*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*a
bs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(5/2)*d^6) +
3/2*A*b^2*c^2*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs
(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(5/2)*d^5) + 3/2*B*b*c*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*
b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(3/2)*d^
4) - 1/2*A*b*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d
*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(3/2)*d^3)

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 583 vs. $2(162) = 324$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 583, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = - \frac{(2Ab^2c^2 + 3Babcd - Aabd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{bx - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}})d + \sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}}\right)}{(b^2c^4 + 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4)\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}} - \frac{2(\sqrt{bx - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}})^3 Ab^2c^2d^2 + 3(\sqrt{bx - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}})^3 Babcd^3 - (\sqrt{bx - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}})^3 Aabd^4 - 2(\sqrt{bx - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}})^3 Aabd^4 - 2(\sqrt{bx - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}})^3 Aabd^4}{(b^2c^4 + 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4)\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```


output

```

-(2*A*b^2*c^2 + 3*B*a*b*c*d - A*a*b*d^2)*arctan(((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 +
a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))/((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*
d^4)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)) - (2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*A*b^2*c^2*
d^2 + 3*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*B*a*b*c*d^3 - (sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*
x^2 + a))^3*A*a*b*d^4 - 2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*B*b^(5/2)*c^4 +
6*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*A*b^(5/2)*c^3*d + 5*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*
x^2 + a))^2*B*a*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^2 - 3*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*A*a*b^(
3/2)*c*d^3 - 2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*B*a^2*sqrt(b)*d^4 + 4*(sqr
t(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*B*a*b^2*c^3*d - 10*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))
*A*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 5*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*B*a^2*b*c*d^3 - (sqrt(b)
)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*A*a^2*b*d^4 - B*a^2*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^2 + 3*A*a^2*b^(3/
2)*c*d^3 + 2*B*a^3*sqrt(b)*d^4)/((b^2*c^4*d + 2*a*b*c^2*d^3 + a^2*d^5)*((s
qrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*d + 2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*sqrt(b)*
c - a*d)^2)

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} (c + dx)^3} dx$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^3), x)
```

output

```
int((A + B*x)/((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^3), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1120, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.33

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d
+ b*c*x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**2 + 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**
2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b*c*d**3*x + sqrt(a*d**2 + b*
c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b*
d**4*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**4 - 4*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d*x - 3*sqrt(a
*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*
x)*a*b**2*c**3*d - 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*
d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c*
**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c*
**2*d**2*x - 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c*d**3*x**2 - sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c +
d*x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**2 - 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*c*d**3
*x - sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**4 + 4*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a
*b**2*c**3*d*x + 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d + 2*sq
rt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b
*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**2*x + 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d
*x)*a*b**2*c*d**3*x**2 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*d**5 - 5*sqrt(a + b*x**2...
```

3.177 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^4\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1498
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1499
Rubi [A] (verified)	1499
Maple [B] (verified)	1502
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1503
Sympy [F]	1504
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1505
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1506
Mupad [F(-1)]	1507
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1507

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 258

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^4\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(Bc-Ad)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{3(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^3} - \frac{(3aBd^2-bc(2Bc-5Ad))\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{6(bc^2+ad^2)^2(c+dx)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{b(bc^2(2Bc-11Ad)-ad^2(13Bc-4Ad))\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{6(bc^2+ad^2)^3(c+dx)}$$

$$- \frac{b(Abc(2bc^2-3ad^2)+aBd(4bc^2-ad^2))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2(bc^2+ad^2)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
1/3*(-A*d+B*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^3-1/6*(3*a*B*d^2-b*c*
(-5*A*d+2*B*c))*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)^2+1/6*b*(b*c^2*(-1
1*A*d+2*B*c)-a*d^2*(-4*A*d+13*B*c))*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^3/(d*x+c
)-1/2*b*(A*b*c*(-3*a*d^2+2*b*c^2)+a*B*d*(-a*d^2+4*b*c^2))*arctanh((-b*c*x+
a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{bc^2 + ad^2} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \left(2(Bc - Ad)(bc^2 + ad^2)^2 + (bc^2 + ad^2)(-3aBd^2 + bc(2Bc - 5Ad))(c + dx) + b(b^2c^2 + a^2d^2)(c + dx)^2 \right) + 3b(A^2c^2 - 3a^2d^2) + aBd(4b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)(c + dx)^3 \operatorname{Log}[c + dx] - 3b(A^2c^2 - 3a^2d^2) + aBd(4b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)(c + dx)^3 \operatorname{Log}[a^2d - b^2cx + \sqrt{bc^2 + ad^2} \sqrt{a + bx^2}]}{(6(bc^2 + ad^2))^{7/2}(c + dx)^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)^4*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(2*(B*c - A*d)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^2 + (b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(-3*a*B*d^2 + b*c*(2*B*c - 5*A*d))*(c + d*x) + b*(b*c^2*(2*B*c - 11*A*d) + a*d^2*(-13*B*c + 4*A*d))*(c + d*x)^2) + 3*b*(A*b*c*(2*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2) + a*B*d*(4*b*c^2 - a*d^2))*(c + d*x)^3*Log[c + d*x] - 3*b*(A*b*c*(2*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2) + a*B*d*(4*b*c^2 - a*d^2))*(c + d*x)^3*Log[a*d - b*c*x + Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(6*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(7/2)*(c + d*x)^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {688, 25, 688, 25, 27, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 688$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(Bc - Ad)}{3(c + dx)^3(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \int \frac{3(ABC + aBd) + 2b(Bc - Ad)x}{(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{3(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{3(ABC+aBd)+2b(Bc-Ad)x}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{3(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(Bc-Ad)}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 688 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{b(2(3Abc^2+5aBdc-2aAd^2)-(3aBd^2-bc(2Bc-5Ad))x)}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(3aBd^2-bc(2Bc-5Ad))}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3(ad^2+bc^2)}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(Bc-Ad)}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b(2(3Abc^2+5aBdc-2aAd^2)-(3aBd^2-bc(2Bc-5Ad))x)}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(3aBd^2-bc(2Bc-5Ad))}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3(ad^2+bc^2)}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(Bc-Ad)}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{2(3Abc^2+5aBdc-2aAd^2)-(3aBd^2-bc(2Bc-5Ad))x}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(3aBd^2-bc(2Bc-5Ad))}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3(ad^2+bc^2)}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(Bc-Ad)}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 679 \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{3(ABC(2bc^2-3ad^2)+aBd(4bc^2-ad^2))}{ad^2+bc^2} \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(bc^2(2Bc-11Ad)-ad^2(13Bc-4Ad))}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(3aBd^2-bc(2Bc-5Ad))}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3(ad^2+bc^2)}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(Bc-Ad)}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 488 \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(bc^2(2Bc-11Ad)-ad^2(13Bc-4Ad))}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{3(ABC(2bc^2-3ad^2)+aBd(4bc^2-ad^2)) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{ad^2+bc^2} \right)}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(3aBd^2-bc(2Bc-5Ad))}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3(ad^2+bc^2)}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(Bc-Ad)}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{b \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(bc^2(2Bc-11Ad)-ad^2(13Bc-4Ad))}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{3(Abc(2bc^2-3ad^2)+aBd(4bc^2-ad^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(3aBd^2-bc(2Bc-11Ad))}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\frac{3(ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(Bc-Ad)}$$

$$\frac{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)^4*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]),x]`

output `((B*c - A*d)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(3*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^3) + (-1/2*((3*a*B*d^2 - b*c*(2*B*c - 5*A*d))*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) + (b*((b*c^2*(2*B*c - 11*A*d) - a*d^2*(13*B*c - 4*A*d))*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)) - (3*(A*b*c*(2*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2) + a*B*d*(4*b*c^2 - a*d^2))*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2)))/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)))/(3*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 679

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)
)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

rule 688

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1214 vs. $2(238) = 476$.

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1215, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.71

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1215

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

B/d^4*(-1/2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^2*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^
2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+3/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*
(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/
((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^
2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))
/(x+c/d)))+1/2*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+
b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/
d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))+(A*d-B*c)/d^5*(-1/3/(a*d^2+b
*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^3*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+
5/3*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^2*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b
*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+3/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/(a*d^2+b
*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*
c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/
d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+
b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))+1/2*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(
1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(
b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))-2/3*b/(a*d
^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(
a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((
2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 797 vs. $2(239) = 478$.

Time = 4.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1620, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.28

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```

[-1/12*(3*(2*A*b^3*c^6 + 4*B*a*b^2*c^5*d - 3*A*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 - B*a^2*b*c^3
*d^3 + (2*A*b^3*c^3*d^3 + 4*B*a*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 3*A*a*b^2*c*d^5 - B*a^2*b*d^
6)*x^3 + 3*(2*A*b^3*c^4*d^2 + 4*B*a*b^2*c^3*d^3 - 3*A*a*b^2*c^2*d^4 - B*a^
2*b*c*d^5)*x^2 + 3*(2*A*b^3*c^5*d + 4*B*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 3*A*a*b^2*c^3*d^3
- B*a^2*b*c^2*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a
^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*s
qrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - 2*(6*B*b^3*c^7 - 18*A*b^3*c^6
*d - 4*B*a*b^2*c^5*d^2 - 23*A*a*b^2*c^4*d^3 - 11*B*a^2*b*c^3*d^4 - 7*A*a^2
*b*c^2*d^5 - B*a^3*c*d^6 - 2*A*a^3*d^7 + (2*B*b^3*c^5*d^2 - 11*A*b^3*c^4*d
^3 - 11*B*a*b^2*c^3*d^4 - 7*A*a*b^2*c^2*d^5 - 13*B*a^2*b*c*d^6 + 4*A*a^2*b
*d^7)*x^2 + 3*(2*B*b^3*c^6*d - 9*A*b^3*c^5*d^2 - 7*B*a*b^2*c^4*d^3 - 8*A*a
*b^2*c^3*d^4 - 10*B*a^2*b*c^2*d^5 + A*a^2*b*c*d^6 - B*a^3*d^7)*x)*sqrt(b*x
^2 + a))/(b^4*c^11 + 4*a*b^3*c^9*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^7*d^4 + 4*a^3*b*c^5*d^6
+ a^4*c^3*d^8 + (b^4*c^8*d^3 + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^5 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^7 + 4*a^
3*b*c^2*d^9 + a^4*d^11)*x^3 + 3*(b^4*c^9*d^2 + 4*a*b^3*c^7*d^4 + 6*a^2*b^2
*c^5*d^6 + 4*a^3*b*c^3*d^8 + a^4*c*d^10)*x^2 + 3*(b^4*c^10*d + 4*a*b^3*c^8
*d^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^6*d^5 + 4*a^3*b*c^4*d^7 + a^4*c^2*d^9)*x), -1/6*(3*(2*A
*b^3*c^6 + 4*B*a*b^2*c^5*d - 3*A*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 - B*a^2*b*c^3*d^3 + (2*A*b^
3*c^3*d^3 + 4*B*a*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 3*A*a*b^2*c*d^5 - B*a^2*b*d^6)*x^3 + 3*(2*
A*b^3*c^4*d^2 + 4*B*a*b^2*c^3*d^3 - 3*A*a*b^2*c^2*d^4 - B*a^2*b*c*d^5)*...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2} (c + dx)^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)**4/(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)/(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(c + d*x)**4), x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1097 vs. $2(239) = 478$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1097, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.25

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
5/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*b^2*c^3/(b^3*c^6*d*x + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^3*x + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^5*x + a^3*d^7*x + b^3*c^7 + 3*a*b^2*c^5*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^3*d^4 + a^3*c*d^6) - 5/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*b^2*c^2/(b^3*c^6*x + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^2*x + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^4*x + a^3*d^6*x + b^3*c^7/d + 3*a*b^2*c^5*d + 3*a^2*b*c^3*d^3 + a^3*c*d^5) + 5/6*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*b*c^2/(b^2*c^4*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^4*x^2 + a^2*d^6*x^2 + 2*b^2*c^5*d*x + 4*a*b*c^3*d^3*x + 2*a^2*c*d^5*x + b^2*c^6 + 2*a*b*c^4*d^2 + a^2*c^2*d^4) - 5/6*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*b*c/(b^2*c^4*d*x^2 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^3*x^2 + a^2*d^5*x^2 + 2*b^2*c^5*x + 4*a*b*c^3*d^2*x + 2*a^2*c*d^4*x + b^2*c^6/d + 2*a*b*c^4*d + a^2*c^2*d^3) - 13/6*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*b*c/(b^2*c^4*d*x + 2*a*b*c^2*d^3*x + a^2*d^5*x + b^2*c^5 + 2*a*b*c^3*d^2 + a^2*c*d^4) + 2/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A*b/(b^2*c^4*x + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2*x + a^2*d^4*x + b^2*c^5/d + 2*a*b*c^3*d + a^2*c*d^3) + 1/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B*c/(b*c^2*d^3*x^3 + a*d^5*x^3 + 3*b*c^3*d^2*x^2 + 3*a*c*d^4*x^2 + 3*b*c^4*d*x + 3*a*c^2*d^3*x + b*c^5 + a*c^3*d^2) - 1/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*A/(b*c^2*d^2*x^3 + a*d^4*x^3 + 3*b*c^3*d*x^2 + 3*a*c*d^3*x^2 + 3*b*c^4*x + 3*a*c^2*d^2*x + b*c^5/d + a*c^3*d) - 1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*B/(b*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a*d^4*x^2 + 2*b*c^3*d*x + 2*a*c*d^3*x + b*c^4 + a*c^2*d^2) - 5/2*B*b^3*c^4*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(7/2)*d^8) + 5/2*A*b^3*c^3*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(7/2)*d^7) + 3*B*b^2*c^2*...
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1076 vs. $2(239) = 478$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1076, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.17

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
(2*A*b^3*c^3 + 4*B*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*A*a*b^2*c*d^2 - B*a^2*b*d^3)*arctan(-((
sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))/((b^3*c^
6 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 + a^3*d^6)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)) - 1
/3*(6*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^5*A*b^3*c^3*d^3 + 12*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt
(b*x^2 + a))^5*B*a*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 9*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^5*A*a*b^2
*c*d^5 - 3*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^5*B*a^2*b*d^6 + 30*(sqrt(b)*x - s
qrt(b*x^2 + a))^4*A*b^(7/2)*c^4*d^2 + 60*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^4*B
*a*b^(5/2)*c^3*d^3 - 45*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^4*A*a*b^(5/2)*c^2*d^
4 - 15*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^4*B*a^2*b^(3/2)*c*d^5 - 8*(sqrt(b)*x
- sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*B*b^4*c^6 + 44*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*A*b^4*
c^5*d + 64*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*B*a*b^3*c^4*d^2 - 82*(sqrt(b)*x
- sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*A*a*b^3*c^3*d^3 - 78*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3
*B*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^4 + 24*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*A*a^2*b^2*c*d^5 +
24*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*B*a*b^(7/2)*c^5*d - 102*(sqrt(b)*x - sq
rt(b*x^2 + a))^2*A*a*b^(7/2)*c^4*d^2 - 102*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2
*B*a^2*b^(5/2)*c^3*d^3 + 36*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*A*a^2*b^(5/2)*
c^2*d^4 + 24*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*B*a^3*b^(3/2)*c*d^5 - 12*(sq
rt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*A*a^3*b^(3/2)*d^6 - 12*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2
+ a))*B*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^2 + 60*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*A*a^2*b^3*c^3*
d^3 + 66*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*B*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 15*(sqrt(b)*...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} (c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^4), x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^4), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2137, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.28

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x)`

output

```
(9*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a
*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c**4*d**2 + 27*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c**3*d**3*x + 3*sq
rt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d +
b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c**3*d**3 + 27*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x*
*2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**2 + 9*sqrt
(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*
c*x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**4*x + 9*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**
2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**5*x**3 + 9*sqrt(a*d
**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)
*a**2*b**2*c*d**5*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*s
qrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*d**6*x**3 - 6*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**
3*c**6 - 18*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*
c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**3*c**5*d*x - 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqr
t(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**3*c**5*d - 18*sqrt
(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*
c*x)*a*b**3*c**4*d**2*x**2 - 36*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x*
*2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**3*c**4*d**2*x - 6*sqrt(a*d**
2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x...
```

3.178
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1509
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1510
Rubi [A] (verified)	1510
Maple [A] (verified)	1513
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1514
Sympy [F]	1514
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1515
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1516
Mupad [F(-1)]	1516
Reduce [F]	1517

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 235

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(c+dx)^3(a(Bc+Ad)-(Abc-aBd)x)}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{d(3Abc-4aBd)(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{3ab^2} - \frac{d(4(3Abc(bc^2-4ad^2)-4aBd(4bc^2-ad^2))+bd(6Abc^2-20aBcd-9aAd^2)x)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{6ab^3} - \frac{d(3ad^2(4Bc+Ad)-4bc^2(2Bc+3Ad))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-(d*x+c)^3*(a*(A*d+B*c)-(A*b*c-B*a*d)*x)/a/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/3*d*(3*A*b*c-4*B*a*d)*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a/b^2-1/6*d*(12*A*b*c*(-4*a*d^2+b*c^2)-16*a*B*d*(-a*d^2+4*b*c^2)+b*d*(-9*A*a*d^2+6*A*b*c^2-20*B*a*c*d)*x)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a/b^3-1/2*d*(3*a*d^2*(A*d+4*B*c)-4*b*c^2*(3*A*d+2*B*c))*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-16a^3Bd^4 + 6Ab^3c^4x + a^2bd^2(3Ad(16c + 3dx) + 4B(18c^2 + 9cdx - 2d^2x^2))}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} + \dots$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^4)/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-16*a^3*B*d^4 + 6*A*b^3*c^4*x + a^2*b*d^2*(3*A*d*(16*c + 3*d*x) + 4*B*(18*c^2 + 9*c*d*x - 2*d^2*x^2)) + a*b^2*(3*A*d*(-8*c^3 - 12*c^2*d*x + 8*c*d^2*x^2 + d^3*x^3) + B*(-6*c^4 - 24*c^3*d*x + 36*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 12*c*d^3*x^3 + 2*d^4*x^4)) + 3*a*Sqrt[b]*d*(3*a*d^2*(4*B*c + A*d) - 4*b*c^2*(2*B*c + 3*A*d))*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/(6*a*b^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {684, 27, 687, 25, 676, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 684$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{d(c+dx)^2(a(4Bc+3Ad)-(3Abc-4aBd)x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ab} - \frac{(c + dx)^3(a(Ad + Bc) - x(Abc - aBd))}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{d \int \frac{(c+dx)^2(a(4Bc+3Ad)-(3Abc-4aBd)x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ab} - \frac{(c + dx)^3(a(Ad + Bc) - x(Abc - aBd))}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & d \left(\frac{\int -\frac{(c+dx)(a(8aBd^2-3bc(4Bc+5Ad))+b(6Abc^2-20aBdc-9aAd^2))x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(3Abc-4aBd)}{3b}}{\frac{(c+dx)^3(a(Ad+Bc)-x(Abc-aBd))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & d \left(-\frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)(a(8aBd^2-3bc(4Bc+5Ad))+b(6Abc^2-20aBdc-9aAd^2))x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(3Abc-4aBd)}{3b}}{\frac{(c+dx)^3(a(Ad+Bc)-x(Abc-aBd))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 676 \\
 & d \left(-\frac{\frac{3}{2}a(3ad^2(Ad+4Bc)-4bc^2(3Ad+2Bc)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^2}(3Abc(bc^2-4ad^2)-4aBd(4bc^2-ad^2))}{3b} + \frac{1}{2}dx\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-9aAd^2-20aBcd+6Aa^2)}{\frac{(c+dx)^3(a(Ad+Bc)-x(Abc-aBd))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & d \left(-\frac{\frac{3}{2}a(3ad^2(Ad+4Bc)-4bc^2(3Ad+2Bc)) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^2}(3Abc(bc^2-4ad^2)-4aBd(4bc^2-ad^2))}{3b} + \frac{1}{2}dx\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-9aAd^2-20aBcd+6Aa^2)}{\frac{(c+dx)^3(a(Ad+Bc)-x(Abc-aBd))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & d \left(-\frac{3a\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(3ad^2(Ad+4Bc)-4bc^2(3Ad+2Bc))}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^2}(3Abc(bc^2-4ad^2)-4aBd(4bc^2-ad^2))}{3b} + \frac{1}{2}dx\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-9aAd^2-20aBcd+6Aa^2)}{\frac{(c+dx)^3(a(Ad+Bc)-x(Abc-aBd))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^4)/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-(((c + d*x)^3*(a*(B*c + A*d) - (A*b*c - a*B*d)*x))/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])) + (d*(-1/3*((3*A*b*c - 4*a*B*d)*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/b - ((2*(3*A*b*c*(b*c^2 - 4*a*d^2) - 4*a*B*d*(4*b*c^2 - a*d^2))*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/b + (d*(6*A*b*c^2 - 20*a*B*c*d - 9*a*A*d^2)*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (3*a*(3*a*d^2*(4*B*c + A*d) - 4*b*c^2*(2*B*c + 3*A*d))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b]))/(3*b)))/(a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[p*e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 684

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g)
) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[
(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^
2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2]
&& EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])
```

rule 687

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
risch	$\frac{d^2(2Bbd^2x^2+3Abd^2x+12Bbcdx+24Abcd-10aBd^2+36Bbc^2)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{6b^3} - \frac{bd(3Ad^3a-12Abc^2d+12aBcd^2-8Bbc^3)}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}} \left(-\frac{x}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{b^{3/2}} \right)$
default	$\frac{Ac^4x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + d^3(Ad + 4Bc) \left(\frac{x^3}{2b\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{3a \left(-\frac{x}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} \right) + 2cd^2(2Ad + 3Bc) \left(\frac{x}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{b^{3/2}} \right)$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/6*d^2*(2*B*b*d^2*x^2+3*A*b*d^2*x+12*B*b*c*d*x+24*A*b*c*d-10*B*a*d^2+36*B
*b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^3-1/2/b^2*(b*d*(3*A*a*d^3-12*A*b*c^2*d+12*B*a*c*
d^2-8*B*b*c^3)*(-x/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/b^(3/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2
)))-(8*A*a*b*c*d^3-8*A*b^2*c^3*d-2*B*a^2*d^4+12*B*a*b*c^2*d^2-2*B*b^2*c^4)
/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+A*a*d^4*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-2*A*b^2*c^4*x/a/(b*x^2+a)^(1/
2)+4*B*a*c*d^3*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 692, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3(8Ba^2bc^3d + 12Aa^2bc^2d^2 - 12Ba^3cd^3 - 3Aa^3d^4 + (8Bab^2c^3d + 12Aab^2c^2d^2 - 12Ba^2bcd^3 - 3Aa^2bd^3))}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/12*(3*(8*B*a^2*b*c^3*d + 12*A*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 - 12*B*a^3*c*d^3 - 3*A*a^3*d^4 + (8*B*a*b^2*c^3*d + 12*A*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 12*B*a^2*b*c*d^3 - 3*A*a^2*b*d^4)*x^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(2*B*a*b^2*d^4*x^4 - 6*B*a*b^2*c^4 - 24*A*a*b^2*c^3*d + 72*B*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 + 48*A*a^2*b*c*d^3 - 16*B*a^3*d^4 + 3*(4*B*a*b^2*c*d^3 + A*a*b^2*d^4)*x^3 + 4*(9*B*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 6*A*a*b^2*c*d^3 - 2*B*a^2*b*d^4)*x^2 + 3*(2*A*b^3*c^4 - 8*B*a*b^2*c^3*d - 12*A*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 12*B*a^2*b*c*d^3 + 3*A*a^2*b*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a*b^4*x^2 + a^2*b^3), -1/6*(3*(8*B*a^2*b*c^3*d + 12*A*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 - 12*B*a^3*c*d^3 - 3*A*a^3*d^4 + (8*B*a*b^2*c^3*d + 12*A*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 12*B*a^2*b*c*d^3 - 3*A*a^2*b*d^4)*x^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (2*B*a*b^2*d^4*x^4 - 6*B*a*b^2*c^4 - 24*A*a*b^2*c^3*d + 72*B*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 + 48*A*a^2*b*c*d^3 - 16*B*a^3*d^4 + 3*(4*B*a*b^2*c*d^3 + A*a*b^2*d^4)*x^3 + 4*(9*B*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 6*A*a*b^2*c*d^3 - 2*B*a^2*b*d^4)*x^2 + 3*(2*A*b^3*c^4 - 8*B*a*b^2*c^3*d - 12*A*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 12*B*a^2*b*c*d^3 + 3*A*a^2*b*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a*b^4*x^2 + a^2*b^3)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)**4/(b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)**4/(a + b*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Bd^4x^4}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}} - \frac{4Bad^4x^2}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ab^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{Ac^4x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}} - \frac{Bc^4}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}} - \frac{4Ac^3d}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}} - \frac{8Ba^2d^4}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ab^3}}$$

$$+ \frac{(4Bcd^3 + Ad^4)x^3}{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}} + \frac{2(3Bc^2d^2 + 2Acd^3)x^2}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}} + \frac{3(4Bcd^3 + Ad^4)ax}{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ab^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2(2Bc^3d + 3Ac^2d^2)x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}} - \frac{3(4Bcd^3 + Ad^4)a \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2b^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(2Bc^3d + 3Ac^2d^2) \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} + \frac{4(3Bc^2d^2 + 2Acd^3)a}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab^2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*B*d^4*x^4/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b) - 4/3*B*a*d^4*x^2/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2)`
`+ A*c^4*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a) - B*c^4/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b) - 4*A*c^3*d/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b)`
`- 8/3*B*a^2*d^4/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^3) + 1/2*(4*B*c*d^3 + A*d^4)*x^3/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b)`
`+ 2*(3*B*c^2*d^2 + 2*A*c*d^3)*x^2/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b) + 3/2*(4*B*c*d^3 + A*d^4)*a*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2)`
`- 2*(2*B*c^3*d + 3*A*c^2*d^2)*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b) - 3/2*(4*B*c*d^3 + A*d^4)*a*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(5/2)`
`+ 2*(2*B*c^3*d + 3*A*c^2*d^2)*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) + 4*(3*B*c^2*d^2 + 2*A*c*d^3)*a/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(\left(\frac{2Bd^4x}{b} + \frac{3(4Bab^4cd^3 + Aab^4d^4)}{ab^5} \right) x + \frac{4(9Bab^4c^2d^2 + 6Aab^4cd^3 - 2Ba^2b^3d^4)}{ab^5} \right) x + \frac{3(2Ab^5c}{2b^{5/2}} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(8Bbc^3d + 12Abc^2d^2 - 12Bacd^3 - 3Aad^4) \log\left(|-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}|\right)}{2b^{5/2}} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*(((2*B*d^4*x/b + 3*(4*B*a*b^4*c*d^3 + A*a*b^4*d^4)/(a*b^5))*x + 4*(9*B*a*b^4*c^2*d^2 + 6*A*a*b^4*c*d^3 - 2*B*a^2*b^3*d^4)/(a*b^5))*x + 3*(2*A*b^5*c^4 - 8*B*a*b^4*c^3*d - 12*A*a*b^4*c^2*d^2 + 12*B*a^2*b^3*c*d^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^3*d^4)/(a*b^5))*x - 2*(3*B*a*b^4*c^4 + 12*A*a*b^4*c^3*d - 36*B*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 24*A*a^2*b^3*c*d^3 + 8*B*a^3*b^2*d^4)/(a*b^5))/sqrt(b*x^2 + a) - 1/2*(8*B*b*c^3*d + 12*A*b*c^2*d^2 - 12*B*a*c*d^3 - 3*A*a*d^4)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(5/2)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^4)/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int(((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^4)/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(dx + c)^4}{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

3.179
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1518
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1519
Rubi [A] (verified)	1519
Maple [A] (verified)	1522
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1522
Sympy [F]	1523
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1523
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1524
Mupad [F(-1)]	1524
Reduce [F]	1525

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(c+dx)^2(a(Bc+Ad)-(Abc-aBd)x)}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{d(4(Abc^2-3aBcd-aAd^2)+d(2Abc-3aBd)x)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2ab^2} - \frac{3d(aBd^2-2bc(Bc+Ad))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-(d*x+c)^2*(a*(A*d+B*c)-(A*b*c-B*a*d)*x)/a/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/2*d*(-4*A*a*d^2+4*A*b*c^2-12*B*a*c*d+d*(2*A*b*c-3*B*a*d)*x)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a/b^2-3/2*d*(a*B*d^2-2*b*c*(A*d+B*c))*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2Ab^2c^3x + a^2d^2(4Ad + 3B(4c + dx)) + ab(2Ad(-3c^2 - 3cdx + d^2x^2) + B(-2c^2d - 3cd^2x + d^3x^2))}{2ab^2\sqrt{a + bx^2}} + \frac{3d(aBd^2 - 2bc(Bc + Ad)) \log\left(-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a + bx^2}\right)}{2b^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^3)/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output $(2A*b^2*c^3*x + a^2*d^2*(4A*d + 3B*(4c + d*x)) + a*b*(2A*d*(-3*c^2 - 3*c*d*x + d^2*x^2) + B*(-2*c^3 - 6*c^2*d*x + 6*c*d^2*x^2 + d^3*x^3)))/(2*a*b^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]) + (3*d*(a*B*d^2 - 2*b*c*(B*c + A*d))*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]])/(2*b^(5/2))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {684, 27, 676, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 684

$$\frac{\int \frac{d(c+dx)(a(3Bc+2Ad)-(2Abc-3aBd)x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ab} - \frac{(c + dx)^2(a(Ad + Bc) - x(Abc - aBd))}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{d \int \frac{(c+dx)(a(3Bc+2Ad)-(2Abc-3aBd)x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ab} - \frac{(c + dx)^2(a(Ad + Bc) - x(Abc - aBd))}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

↓ 676

$$d \left(-\frac{3a(ABd^2 - 2bc(Ad + Bc))}{2b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-aAd^2 - 3aBcd + Abc^2)}{b} - \frac{dx\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2Abc - 3aBd)}{2b} \right) -$$

$$\frac{(c + dx)^2(a(Ad + Bc) - x(Abc - aBd))}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

↓ 224

$$d \left(-\frac{3a(ABd^2 - 2bc(Ad + Bc))}{2b} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2 + a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-aAd^2 - 3aBcd + Abc^2)}{b} - \frac{dx\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2Abc - 3aBd)}{2b} \right) -$$

$$\frac{(c + dx)^2(a(Ad + Bc) - x(Abc - aBd))}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

↓ 219

$$d \left(-\frac{3a \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} \right) (ABd^2 - 2bc(Ad + Bc))}{2b^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-aAd^2 - 3aBcd + Abc^2)}{b} - \frac{dx\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2Abc - 3aBd)}{2b} \right) -$$

$$\frac{(c + dx)^2(a(Ad + Bc) - x(Abc - aBd))}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^3)/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-(((c + d*x)^2*(a*(B*c + A*d) - (A*b*c - a*B*d)*x))/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])) + (d*((-2*(A*b*c^2 - 3*a*B*c*d - a*A*d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/b - (d*(2*A*b*c - 3*a*B*d)*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(2*b) - (3*a*(a*B*d^2 - 2*b*c*(B*c + A*d))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/(2*b^(3/2)))/(a*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 676 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))*((f_) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1})/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (\text{Simp}[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1})/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) \text{ Int}[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 684 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*}((f_) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 2)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*\text{Simp}[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[d, 0] \ || \ (\text{EqQ}[m, 2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[p, -3] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, c, d, e, f, g]) \ || \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
risch	$\frac{d^2(Bdx+2Ad+6Bc)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2b^2} + \frac{3bd(2Abcd-aBd^2+2Bbc^2)}{2b^2} \left(-\frac{x}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{b}x+\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) + \frac{2Ad^3a-6Abc^2d+6aBcd^2-2bBc^3}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}$
default	$\frac{Ac^3x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + d^2(Ad+3Bc) \left(\frac{x^2}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{2a}{b^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} \right) + 3cd(Ad+Bc) \left(-\frac{x}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{b}x+\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{2}d^2(Bdx+2Ad+6Bc)(bx^2+a)^{1/2}/b^2 + \frac{1}{2}b^2(3bd(2Abcd-aBd^2+2Bbc^2)(-x/b/(bx^2+a)^{1/2} + 1/b^{3/2}\ln(b^{1/2}x+(bx^2+a)^{1/2})) + 2(Aad^3-3Abc^2d+3Bacd^2-2Bbc^3)/(bx^2+a)^{1/2} + 2Ab^2c^3x/a/(bx^2+a)^{1/2} - aBd^3x/(bx^2+a)^{1/2})$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 508, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3(2Ba^2bc^2d+2Aa^2bcd^2-Ba^3d^3+(2Bab^2c^2d+2Aab^2cd^2-Ba^2bd^3)x^2}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(2Ba^2bc^2d+2Aa^2bcd^2-Ba^3d^3+(2Bab^2c^2d+2Aab^2cd^2-Ba^2bd^3)x^2)\sqrt{-b}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b}x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) - (Ba^2c^3d+2Abcd^2-2Bbc^3)}{2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/4*(3*(2*B*a^2*b*c^2*d + 2*A*a^2*b*c*d^2 - B*a^3*d^3 + (2*B*a*b^2*c^2*d
+ 2*A*a*b^2*c*d^2 - B*a^2*b*d^3)*x^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2
+ a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(B*a*b^2*d^3*x^3 - 2*B*a*b^2*c^3 - 6*A*a*b^2*c^2*d
+ 12*B*a^2*b*c*d^2 + 4*A*a^2*b*d^3 + 2*(3*B*a*b^2*c*d^2 + A*a*b^2*d^3)*x
^2 + (2*A*b^3*c^3 - 6*B*a*b^2*c^2*d - 6*A*a*b^2*c*d^2 + 3*B*a^2*b*d^3)*x)*
sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a*b^4*x^2 + a^2*b^3), -1/2*(3*(2*B*a^2*b*c^2*d + 2*A*a^2
*b*c*d^2 - B*a^3*d^3 + (2*B*a*b^2*c^2*d + 2*A*a*b^2*c*d^2 - B*a^2*b*d^3)*x
^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (B*a*b^2*d^3*x^3 - 2*B*a
*b^2*c^3 - 6*A*a*b^2*c^2*d + 12*B*a^2*b*c*d^2 + 4*A*a^2*b*d^3 + 2*(3*B*a*b
^2*c*d^2 + A*a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + (2*A*b^3*c^3 - 6*B*a*b^2*c^2*d - 6*A*a*b^2*c
*d^2 + 3*B*a^2*b*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a*b^4*x^2 + a^2*b^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)**3/(b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)**3/(a + b*x**2)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx &= \frac{Bd^3x^3}{2\sqrt{bx^2+ab}} + \frac{Ac^3x}{\sqrt{bx^2+ab}} + \frac{3Bad^3x}{2\sqrt{bx^2+ab^2}} \\ &- \frac{3Bad^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2b^{5/2}} - \frac{Bc^3}{\sqrt{bx^2+ab}} - \frac{3Ac^2d}{\sqrt{bx^2+ab}} + \frac{(3Bcd^2+Ad^3)x^2}{\sqrt{bx^2+ab}} \\ &- \frac{3(Bc^2d+Ac^2d)x}{\sqrt{bx^2+ab}} + \frac{3(Bc^2d+Ac^2d) \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} + \frac{2(3Bcd^2+Ad^3)a}{\sqrt{bx^2+ab^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output $\frac{1}{2}Bd^3x^3/(\sqrt{bx^2+a})b + Ac^3x/(\sqrt{bx^2+a})a + 3/2B*ad^3x/(\sqrt{bx^2+a})b^2 - 3/2B*ad^3\operatorname{arcsinh}(bx/\sqrt{ab})/b^{5/2} - Bc^3/(\sqrt{bx^2+a})b - 3*Ac^2d/(\sqrt{bx^2+a})b + (3B*c*d^2 + A*d^3)*x^2/(\sqrt{bx^2+a})b - 3*(B*c^2*d + A*c*d^2)*x/(\sqrt{bx^2+a})b + 3*(B*c^2*d + A*c*d^2)*\operatorname{arcsinh}(bx/\sqrt{ab})/b^{3/2} + 2*(3B*c*d^2 + A*d^3)*a/(\sqrt{bx^2+a})b^2$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(\frac{Bd^3x}{b} + \frac{2(3Bab^3cd^2+Ab^3d^3)}{ab^4}\right)x + \frac{2Ab^4c^3-6Bab^3c^2d-6Aab^3cd^2+3Ba^2b^2d^3}{ab^4}\right)x - \frac{2(Bab^3c^3-6B^2ab^3c^2d-6A^2ab^3c^2d^2+3B^2a^2b^2d^3)}{ab^4}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{3(2Bbc^2d+2Abcd^2-Bad^3)\log\left(\left|-\sqrt{bx}+\sqrt{bx^2+a}\right|\right)}{2b^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{2}*\left(\left(\frac{B*d^3*x}{b} + 2*(3*B*a*b^3*c*d^2 + A*a*b^3*d^3)/(a*b^4)\right)*x + (2*A*b^4*c^3 - 6*B*a*b^3*c^2*d - 6*A*a*b^3*c*d^2 + 3*B*a^2*b^2*d^3)/(a*b^4)\right)*x - 2*(B*a*b^3*c^3 + 3*A*a*b^3*c^2*d - 6*B*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 - 2*A*a^2*b^2*d^3)/(a*b^4)/\sqrt{b*x^2+a} - 3/2*(2*B*b*c^2*d + 2*A*b*c*d^2 - B*a*d^3)*\log(\operatorname{abs}(-\sqrt{b}*x + \sqrt{b*x^2+a}))/b^{5/2}$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A+B*x)*(c+d*x)^3)/(a+b*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((A+B*x)*(c+d*x)^3)/(a+b*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(dx + c)^3}{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

3.180 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^2}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1526
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1526
Rubi [A] (verified)	1527
Maple [A] (verified)	1529
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1529
Sympy [F]	1530
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1530
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1531
Mupad [F(-1)]	1531
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1532

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^2}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(c+dx)(a(Bc+Ad) - (Abc - aBd)x)}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{d(Abc - 2aBd)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{ab^2} + \frac{d(2Bc+Ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-(d*x+c)*(a*(A*d+B*c)-(A*b*c-B*a*d)*x)/a/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-d*(A*b*c-2*B*a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a/b^2+d*(A*d+2*B*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^2}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2a^2Bd^2 + Ab^2c^2x - ab(Ad(2c+dx) + B(c^2 + 2cdx - d^2x^2))}{ab^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{d(2Bc+Ad)\log\left(-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a+bx^2}\right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2)/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output
$$\frac{(2a^2Bd^2 + Ab^2c^2x - a*b*(A*d*(2c + d*x) + B*(c^2 + 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2)))/(a*b^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]) - (d*(2*B*c + A*d)*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]])/b^(3/2)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {684, 27, 455, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 684

$$\frac{\int \frac{d(a(2Bc+Ad)-(Abc-2aBd)x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ab} - \frac{(c + dx)(a(Ad + Bc) - x(Abc - aBd))}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{d \int \frac{a(2Bc+Ad)-(Abc-2aBd)x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ab} - \frac{(c + dx)(a(Ad + Bc) - x(Abc - aBd))}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

↓ 455

$$\frac{d\left(a(Ad + 2Bc) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(Abc-2aBd)}{b}\right)}{ab} - \frac{(c + dx)(a(Ad + Bc) - x(Abc - aBd))}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{d\left(a(Ad + 2Bc) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(Abc-2aBd)}{b}\right)}{ab} - \frac{(c + dx)(a(Ad + Bc) - x(Abc - aBd))}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{d \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} \right) (Ad+2Bc)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2} (Abc-2aBd)}{b} \right)}{ab} - \frac{(c+dx)(a(Ad+Bc) - x(Abc-aBd))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2)/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-(((c + d*x)*(a*(B*c + A*d) - (A*b*c - a*B*d)*x))/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])) + (d*(-(((A*b*c - 2*a*B*d)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/b) + (a*(2*B*c + A*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/Sqrt[b]))/(a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 684

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g
) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[
(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^
2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2]
&& EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
risch	$\frac{d^2 B \sqrt{b x^2 + a}}{b^2} + \frac{bd(Ad + 2Bc) \left(-\frac{x}{b\sqrt{b x^2 + a}} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{b} x + \sqrt{b x^2 + a})}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) - \frac{2Abcd - aBd^2 + Bbc^2}{b\sqrt{b x^2 + a}} + \frac{Abc^2 x}{a\sqrt{b x^2 + a}}}{b}$
default	$\frac{Ac^2 x}{\sqrt{b x^2 + a}} + d(Ad + 2Bc) \left(-\frac{x}{b\sqrt{b x^2 + a}} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{b} x + \sqrt{b x^2 + a})}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) - \frac{c(2Ad + Bc)}{b\sqrt{b x^2 + a}} + B d^2 \left(\frac{x^2}{b\sqrt{b x^2 + a}} + \frac{2a}{b^2 \sqrt{b x^2 + a}} \right)$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
d^2*B/b^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/b*(b*d*(A*d+2*B*c)*(-x/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/b^(
3/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)))-(2*A*b*c*d-B*a*d^2+B*b*c^2)/b/(b*x^2+a
)^(1/2)+A*b*c^2*x/a/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left[(2Ba^2cd + Aa^2d^2 + (2Babcd + Aabd^2)x^2)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-2bx^2 - 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}\sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right) + (2Ba^2cd + Aa^2d^2 + (2Babcd + Aabd^2)x^2)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}\right) - (Babd^2x^2 - Babc^2 - 2Aabcd + 2Bac^2) \right]}{ab^3x^2 + a^2b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*((2*B*a^2*c*d + A*a^2*d^2 + (2*B*a*b*c*d + A*a*b*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*(B*a*b*d^2*x^2 - B*a*b*c^2 - 2*A*a*b*c*d + 2*B*a^2*d^2 + (A*b^2*c^2 - 2*B*a*b*c*d - A*a*b*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a*b^3*x^2 + a^2*b^2), -((2*B*a^2*c*d + A*a^2*d^2 + (2*B*a*b*c*d + A*a*b*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (B*a*b*d^2*x^2 - B*a*b*c^2 - 2*A*a*b*c*d + 2*B*a^2*d^2 + (A*b^2*c^2 - 2*B*a*b*c*d - A*a*b*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a*b^3*x^2 + a^2*b^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)**2/(b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)**2/(a + b*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Bd^2x^2}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}} + \frac{Ac^2x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + aa}} - \frac{Bc^2}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}} - \frac{2Acd}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}} + \frac{2Bad^2}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab^2}} - \frac{(2Bcd + Ad^2)x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}} + \frac{(2Bcd + Ad^2) \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$B*d^2*x^2/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b) + A*c^2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a) - B*c^2/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b) - 2*A*c*d/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b) + 2*B*a*d^2/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2) - (2*B*c*d + A*d^2)*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b) + (2*B*c*d + A*d^2)*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2)$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{Bd^2x}{b} + \frac{Ab^3c^2 - 2Bab^2cd - Aab^2d^2}{ab^3}\right)x - \frac{Bab^2c^2 + 2Aab^2cd - 2Ba^2bd^2}{ab^3}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} - \frac{(2Bcd + Ad^2) \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right|\right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\left(\frac{B*d^2*x}{b} + \frac{A*b^3*c^2 - 2*B*a*b^2*c*d - A*a*b^2*d^2}{a*b^3}\right)*x - \frac{B*a*b^2*c^2 + 2*A*a*b^2*c*d - 2*B*a^2*b*d^2}{a*b^3}/sqrt(b*x^2 + a) - \frac{(2*B*c*d + A*d^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))}{b^(3/2)}$$
Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2)/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2)/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}abcd - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}abd^2x + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}abd^2 + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}b^2c^2x -$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c*d - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*d**2*x + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*d**2 + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*x - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c**2 - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c*d*x + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**2*d**2 + 2*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a*b*c*d + sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a*b*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*b**2*c*d*x**2 - sqrt(b)*a**2*d**2 + sqrt(b)*a*b*c**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*a*b*c*d - sqrt(b)*a*b*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(b)*b**2*c**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*b**2*c*d*x**2)/(b**2*(a + b*x**2))`

$$3.181 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1533
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1533
Rubi [A] (verified)	1534
Maple [A] (verified)	1535
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1536
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1536
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1537
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1537
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1538
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1538

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{a(Bc+Ad) - (Abc - aBd)x}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}} + \frac{Bd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-(a*(A*d+B*c)-(A*b*c-B*a*d)*x)/a/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+B*d*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-aBc - aAd + Abcx - aBdx}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{Bd \log\left(-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a+bx^2}\right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x))/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(-(a*B*c) - a*A*d + A*b*c*x - a*B*d*x)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) - (B*d*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/b^(3/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {675, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{675}$$

$$\frac{Bd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{b} - \frac{Ad + Bc}{b\sqrt{a + bx^2}} + \frac{x(ABC - aBd)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{224}$$

$$\frac{Bd \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{b} - \frac{Ad + Bc}{b\sqrt{a + bx^2}} + \frac{x(ABC - aBd)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{219}$$

$$-\frac{Ad + Bc}{b\sqrt{a + bx^2}} + \frac{x(ABC - aBd)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}} + \frac{Bd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x))/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `-((B*c + A*d)/(b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])) + ((A*b*c - a*B*d)*x)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) + (B*d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/b^(3/2)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 675 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] + (-Simp[(c*d*f - a*e*g)*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] && NiceSqrtQ[(-a)*c])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result	size
default	$\frac{Acx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{Ad+Bc}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + Bd \left(-\frac{x}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$	78

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `A*c/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a*x-(A*d+B*c)/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+B*d*(-x/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/b^(3/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{(Babdx^2 + Ba^2d)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-2bx^2 - 2\sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{bx-a}\right) - 2(Babc + Abd - (Ab^2c - Babd)x)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2(ab^3x^2 + a^2b^2)} - \frac{(Babdx^2 + Ba^2d)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) + (Babc + Abd - (Ab^2c - Babd)x)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{ab^3x^2 + a^2b^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*((B*a*b*d*x^2 + B*a^2*d)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(B*a*b*c + A*a*b*d - (A*b^2*c - B*a*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/ (a*b^3*x^2 + a^2*b^2), -((B*a*b*d*x^2 + B*a^2*d)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) + (B*a*b*c + A*a*b*d - (A*b^2*c - B*a*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a*b^3*x^2 + a^2*b^2)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = Ad \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{1}{b\sqrt{a+bx^2}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2a^{3/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + \frac{Acx}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^2}{a}}} + Bc \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{1}{b\sqrt{a+bx^2}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2a^{3/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + Bd \left(\frac{\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{x}{\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^2}{a}}} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `A*d*Piecewise((-1/(b*sqrt(a + b*x**2)), Ne(b, 0)), (x**2/(2*a**(3/2)), True)) + A*c*x/(a**(3/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x**2/a)) + B*c*Piecewise((-1/(b*sqrt(a + b*x**2)), Ne(b, 0)), (x**2/(2*a**(3/2)), True)) + B*d*(asinh(sqrt(b)*x/sqrt(a))/b**(3/2) - x/(sqrt(a)*b*sqrt(1 + b*x**2/a)))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Acx}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} - \frac{Bdx}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}} + \frac{Bd \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{Bc}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}} - \frac{Ad}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `A*c*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a) - B*d*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b) + B*d*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) - B*c/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b) - A*d/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{Bd \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right|\right)}{b^{3/2}} + \frac{(Ab^2c - Babd)x - \frac{Babc + Aabd}{ab^2}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-B*d*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(3/2) + ((A*b^2*c - B*a*b*d)*x/(a*b^2) - (B*a*b*c + A*a*b*d)/(a*b^2))/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Bd \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2 + a})}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{Bc}{b\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} - \frac{\frac{Ad}{b} - \frac{Acx}{a}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} - \frac{Bdx}{b\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(c + d*x))/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(B*d*log(b^(1/2)*x + (a + b*x^2)^(1/2)))/b^(3/2) - (B*c)/(b*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2)) - ((A*d)/b - (A*c*x)/a)/(a + b*x^2)^(1/2) - (B*d*x)/(b*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^2 + a}ad + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}bcx - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}bc - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}bdx + \sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + \sqrt{b}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`output `(- sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*d + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c*x - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*d*x + sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a*d + sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*b*d*x**2 + sqrt(b)*a*c - sqrt(b)*a*d + sqrt(b)*b*c*x**2 - sqrt(b)*b*d*x**2)/(b*(a + b*x**2))`

$$3.182 \quad \int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1539
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1539
Rubi [A] (verified)	1540
Maple [A] (verified)	1540
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1541
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1541
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1542
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1542
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1542
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1543

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{aB - Abx}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

output `-(-A*b*x+B*a)/a/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-aB + Abx}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-(a*B) + A*b*x)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$, Rules used = {453}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 453

$$-\frac{aB - Abx}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-((a*B - A*b*x)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 453 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(a*d - b*c*x)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
gosper	$\frac{Abx - Ba}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}$	26
trager	$\frac{Abx - Ba}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}$	26
oring	$\frac{Abx - Ba}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}$	26
default	$\frac{Ax}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} - \frac{B}{b\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}$	32

input `int((B*x+A)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(A*b*x-B*a)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a/b`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(Abx - Ba)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{ab^2x^2 + a^2b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(A*b*x - B*a)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b^2*x^2 + a^2*b)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Ax}{a^{3/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}}} + B \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{1}{b\sqrt{a+bx^2}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2a^{3/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `A*x/(a**(3/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x**2/a)) + B*Piecewise((-1/(b*sqrt(a + b*x**2)),
Ne(b, 0)), (x**2/(2*a**(3/2)), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Ax}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} - \frac{B}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `A*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a) - B/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{Ax}{a} - \frac{B}{b}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `(A*x/a - B/b)/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\frac{B}{b} - \frac{Ax}{a}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `-(B/b - (A*x)/a)/(a + b*x^2)^(1/2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}bx - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}b + \sqrt{b}a + \sqrt{b}bx^2}{b(bx^2 + a)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*x - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b + sqrt(b)*a + sqrt(b)*b*x**2)/(b*(a + b*x**2))`

3.183 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1544
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1544
Rubi [A] (verified)	1545
Maple [B] (verified)	1547
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1547
Sympy [F]	1548
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1548
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1549
Mupad [F(-1)]	1550
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1550

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{a(Bc-Ad)-(Abc+aBd)x}{a(bc^2+ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} + \frac{d(Bc-Ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{(bc^2+ad^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-(a*(-A*d+B*c)-(A*b*c+B*a*d)*x)/a/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+d*(-A*d+B*c)*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Abcx+a(-Bc+Ad+Bdx)}{a(bc^2+ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{2d(Bc-Ad)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right)}{(-bc^2-ad^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output
$$\frac{(A*b*c*x + a*(-(B*c) + A*d + B*d*x))/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]) - (2*d*(B*c - A*d)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*(c + d*x) - d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])/\text{Sqrt}[-(b*c^2 - a*d^2)])]/(-(b*c^2 - a*d^2)^(3/2))}{1}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {686, 27, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 686 \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{abd(Bc - Ad)}{(c + dx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{ab(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & -\frac{d(Bc - Ad) \int \frac{1}{(c + dx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{ad^2 + bc^2} - \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 488 \\ & \frac{d(Bc - Ad) \int \frac{1}{bc^2 + ad^2 - \frac{(ad - bcx)^2}{bx^2 + a}} d \frac{ad - bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{ad^2 + bc^2} - \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 219 \\ & \frac{d(Bc - Ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad - bcx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2 + bc^2}}\right)}{(ad^2 + bc^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(ad^2 + bc^2)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output

$$-\frac{((A(Bc - Ad) - (Abc + aBd)x)/(a(b^2c^2 + a^2d^2)\sqrt{a + bx^2})) + (d(Bc - Ad)\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(ad - bcx)/(\sqrt{b^2c^2 + a^2d^2}\sqrt{a + bx^2})])}{(b^2c^2 + a^2d^2)^{3/2}}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \operatorname{!MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1/(\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2]*\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \operatorname{||} \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 488

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/((c_*) + (d_*)(x_))*\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(b^2c^2 + a^2d^2 - x^2), x], x, (ad - bcx)/\sqrt{a + bx^2}] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$$

rule 686

$$\operatorname{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_)^m]*((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-d + ex)^{m+1}*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*a*c*(p+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1/(2*a*c*(p+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \operatorname{Int}[(d + ex)^m*(a + c*x^2)^{p+1}*\operatorname{Simp}[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p+3) + a*c*e^2*(m+2*p+3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m+2*p+4)*x, x], x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (\operatorname{IntegerQ}[m] \operatorname{||} \operatorname{IntegerQ}[p] \operatorname{||} \operatorname{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 341 vs. 2(107) = 214.

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

method	result
default	$\frac{Bx}{d\sqrt{bx^2+aa}} + \frac{(Ad-Bc)}{d^2} \left(\frac{d^2}{(ad^2+bc^2)\sqrt{b\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc}{d}\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right) + \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}} + \frac{2bcd\left(2b\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right) - \frac{2bc}{d}\right)}{(ad^2+bc^2)\left(\frac{4b(ad^2+bc^2)}{d^2} - \frac{4b^2c^2}{d^2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc}{d}\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right) + \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}} \right)$

```
input int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output B/d/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a*x+(A*d-B*c)/d^2*(1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 272 vs. 2(108) = 216.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 571, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.97

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{(Ba^2cd - Aa^2d^2 + (Babcd - Aabd^2)x^2)\sqrt{bc^2 + ad^2} \log\left(\frac{2abcdx - abc^2 - 2a^2d^2}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{2} \right]$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/2*((B*a^2*c*d - A*a^2*d^2 + (B*a*b*c*d - A*a*b*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt(b*c^2 +
a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2
- 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x
+ c^2)) + 2*(B*a*b*c^3 - A*a*b*c^2*d + B*a^2*c*d^2 - A*a^2*d^3 - (A*b^2*c^
3 + B*a*b*c^2*d + A*a*b*c*d^2 + B*a^2*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^2*b^2*c^
4 + 2*a^3*b*c^2*d^2 + a^4*d^4 + (a*b^3*c^4 + 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^3*b*d^4
)*x^2), ((B*a^2*c*d - A*a^2*d^2 + (B*a*b*c*d - A*a*b*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-b*c^2
- a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c
^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) - (B*a*b*c^3 - A*a*b*c^2*d + B*a^
2*c*d^2 - A*a^2*d^3 - (A*b^2*c^3 + B*a*b*c^2*d + A*a*b*c*d^2 + B*a^2*d^3)*
x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^2*b^2*c^4 + 2*a^3*b*c^2*d^2 + a^4*d^4 + (a*b^3*c^4
+ 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^3*b*d^4)*x^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)/(b*x**2+a)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)/((a + b*x**2)**(3/2)*(c + d*x)), x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 278 vs. 2(108) = 216.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx &= -\frac{Bbc^2x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + abc^2d} + \sqrt{bx^2 + aa^2d^3}} \\ &+ \frac{Abcx}{\sqrt{bx^2 + abc^2} + \sqrt{bx^2 + aa^2d^2}} - \frac{Bc}{\sqrt{bx^2 + abc^2} + \sqrt{bx^2 + aad^2}} \\ &+ \frac{A}{\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+abc^2}}{d} + \sqrt{bx^2 + aad}} + \frac{Bx}{\sqrt{bx^2 + aad}} \\ &- \frac{Bc \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}}\right)}{\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2} + \frac{A \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}}\right)}{\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} d} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -B*b*c^2*x/(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a})*a*b*c^2*d + \sqrt{b*x^2 + a}*a^2*d^3 + A*b*c*x \\ & /(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a})*a*b*c^2 + \sqrt{b*x^2 + a}*a^2*d^2 - B*c/(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a})* \\ & b*c^2 + \sqrt{b*x^2 + a}*a*d^2 + A/(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a})*b*c^2/d + \sqrt{b*x^2 + a} \\ & *a*d + B*x/(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a})*a*d - B*c*arcsinh(b*c*x/(\sqrt{a*b})*abs(d*x + c)) - \\ & a*d/(\sqrt{a*b})*abs(d*x + c))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(3/2)*d^2) + A* \\ & arcsinh(b*c*x/(\sqrt{a*b})*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(\sqrt{a*b})*abs(d*x + c))/((a + \\ & b*c^2/d^2)^(3/2)*d) \end{aligned}$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 227 vs. 2(108) = 216.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(Ab^2c^3 + Babc^2d + Aabcd^2 + Ba^2d^3)x - \frac{Babc^3 - Aabc^2d + Ba^2cd^2 - Aa^2d^3}{ab^2c^4 + 2a^2bc^2d^2 + a^3d^4}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + \frac{2(Bcd - Ad^2) \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})d + \sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}}\right)}{(bc^2 + ad^2)\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((A*b^2*c^3 + B*a*b*c^2*d + A*a*b*c*d^2 + B*a^2*d^3)*x/(a*b^2*c^4 + 2*a^2* \\ & b*c^2*d^2 + a^3*d^4) - (B*a*b*c^3 - A*a*b*c^2*d + B*a^2*c*d^2 - A*a^2*d^3) \\ & / (a*b^2*c^4 + 2*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 + a^3*d^4))/\sqrt{b*x^2 + a} + 2*(B*c*d - A*d \\ & ^2)*\arctan(((\sqrt{b}*x - \sqrt{b*x^2 + a})*d + \sqrt{b}*c)/\sqrt{-b*c^2 - a*d \\ & ^2}))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*\sqrt{-b*c^2 - a*d^2}) \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)), x)`output `int((A + B*x)/((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4555, normalized size of antiderivative = 39.61

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*
sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(
b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a**2*c*d + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt
(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c*
**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b
*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a*b*c**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*
d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2
- 2*b*c**2))*a*b*c*d*x**2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + s
qrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*b
**2*c**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c*
**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b
*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a**3*d**3 - 2*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqr
t(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a**2*b*c**2*d +
2*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**
2 - 2*b*c**2))*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 2*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c -
a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(...
```


3.184 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1552
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1553
Rubi [A] (verified)	1553
Maple [B] (verified)	1555
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1557
Sympy [F]	1558
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1558
Giac [F(-1)]	1560
Mupad [F(-1)]	1560
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1561

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Bc-Ad}{(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} + \frac{a(aBd^2-bc(2Bc-3Ad))+b(Abc^2+3aBcd-2aAd^2)x}{a(bc^2+ad^2)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{d(aBd^2-bc(2Bc-3Ad))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{(bc^2+ad^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
(-A*d+B*c)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+(a*(a*B*d^2-b*c*(-3*A*d+2*B*c))+b*(-2*A*a*d^2+A*b*c^2+3*B*a*c*d)*x)/a/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-d*(a*B*d^2-b*c*(-3*A*d+2*B*c))*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Ab^2c^2x(c + dx) + a^2d^2(2Bc - Ad + Bdx) + ab(Ad(2c^2 + cdx - 2d^2x^2) + E}{a(bc^2 + ad^2)^2(c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}} - \frac{2d(aBd^2 + bc(-2Bc + 3Ad)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx) - d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}}\right)}{(-bc^2 - ad^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(A*b^2*c^2*x*(c + d*x) + a^2*d^2*(2*B*c - A*d + B*d*x) + a*b*(A*d*(2*c^2 + c*d*x - 2*d^2*x^2) + B*c*(-c^2 + c*d*x + 3*d^2*x^2)))/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^2*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) - (2*d*(a*B*d^2 + b*c*(-2*B*c + 3*A*d))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]])/(-(b*c^2) - a*d^2)^(5/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {686, 27, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 686

$$-\frac{\int \frac{bd(2a(Bc - Ad) - (Abc + aBd)x)}{(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{ab(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{d \int \frac{2a(Bc - Ad) - (Abc + aBd)x}{(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{a(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 679 \\
 & d \left(-\frac{a(ad^2 - bc(2Bc - 3Ad)) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-2aAd^2 + 3aBcd + Abc^2)}{(c+dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)}}{ad^2 + bc^2} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & \frac{a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)} \\
 & \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 488 \\
 & d \left(\frac{a(ad^2 - bc(2Bc - 3Ad)) \int \frac{1}{bc^2 + ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-2aAd^2 + 3aBcd + Abc^2)}{(c+dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)}}{ad^2 + bc^2} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & \frac{a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)} \\
 & \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & d \left(\frac{a(ad^2 - bc(2Bc - 3Ad)) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-2aAd^2 + 3aBcd + Abc^2)}{(c+dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)}}{(ad^2 + bc^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & \frac{a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)} \\
 & \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-((a*(B*c - A*d) - (A*b*c + a*B*d)*x)/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])) - (d*(-(((A*b*c^2 + 3*a*B*c*d - 2*a*A*d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x))) + (a*(a*B*d^2 - b*c*(2*B*c - 3*A*d))*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2)))/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 679 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 686 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 838 vs. $2(180) = 360$.

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 839, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

method	result
default	$B \left(\frac{d^2}{(a d^2 + b c^2) \sqrt{b \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc}{d} \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right) + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}}} + \frac{2bcd \left(2b \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right) - \frac{2bc}{d}\right)}{(a d^2 + b c^2) \left(\frac{4b(a d^2 + b c^2)}{d^2} - \frac{4b^2 c^2}{d^2}\right) \sqrt{b \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc}{d} \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right) + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}}} - d^2 \ln \left(\frac{2b \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right) - \frac{2bc}{d}}{\sqrt{b \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc}{d} \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right) + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}}} \right) \right)$

input `int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

B/d^2*(1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)
^(1/2)+2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-
4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*
d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(
x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c
^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))+A*d-B*c)/d^3*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)/(b*(
x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+3*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(1
/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+2
*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^
2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*d^2+b*c^
2)*d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2
*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)
^(1/2))/(x+c/d))-4*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+
b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(
1/2))
    
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 635 vs. $2(181) = 362$.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1297, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.83

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/2*((2*B*a^2*b*c^3*d - 3*A*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 - B*a^3*c*d^3 + (2*B*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 3*A*a*b^2*c*d^3 - B*a^2*b*d^4)*x^3 + (2*B*a*b^2*c^3*d - 3*A*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 - B*a^2*b*c*d^3)*x^2 + (2*B*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 - 3*A*a^2*b*c*d^3 - B*a^3*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*(B*a*b^2*c^5 - 2*A*a*b^2*c^4*d - B*a^2*b*c^3*d^2 - A*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 - 2*B*a^3*c*d^4 + A*a^3*d^5 - (A*b^3*c^4*d + 3*B*a*b^2*c^3*d^2 - A*a*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 3*B*a^2*b*c*d^4 - 2*A*a^2*b*d^5)*x^2 - (A*b^3*c^5 + B*a*b^2*c^4*d + 2*A*a*b^2*c^3*d^2 + 2*B*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 + A*a^2*b*c*d^4 + B*a^3*d^5)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^2*b^3*c^7 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^5*d^2 + 3*a^4*b*c^3*d^4 + a^5*c*d^6 + (a*b^4*c^6*d + 3*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^3 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^3*d^4 + a^4*b*c*d^6)*x^3 + (a*b^4*c^7 + 3*a^2*b^3*c^5*d^2 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^3*d^4 + a^4*b*c*d^6)*x^2 + (a^2*b^3*c^6*d + 3*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^3 + 3*a^4*b*c^2*d^5 + a^5*d^7)*x), ((2*B*a^2*b*c^3*d - 3*A*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 - B*a^3*c*d^3 + (2*B*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 3*A*a*b^2*c*d^3 - B*a^2*b*d^4)*x^3 + (2*B*a*b^2*c^3*d - 3*A*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 - B*a^2*b*c*d^3 - B*a^3*d^4)*x)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) - (B*a*b^2*c^5 - 2*A*a*b^2*c^4*d - B*a^2*b*c^3*d^2 - A*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 - 2*B*a^3*c*d^4 + A*a^3*d^5 - (A*b^3*c^4*d + 3*B*a*b^2*c^3*d^2 - A*a*b^...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)**2/(b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/((a + b*x**2)**(3/2)*(c + d*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 669 vs. 2(181) = 362.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 669, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.52

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \\
 & - \frac{3 B b^2 c^3 x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + aab^2c^4d} + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + aa^2bc^2d^3} + \sqrt{bx^2 + aa^3d^5}} \\
 & + \frac{3 A b^2 c^2 x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + aab^2c^4} + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + aa^2bc^2d^2} + \sqrt{bx^2 + aa^3d^4}} \\
 & - \frac{3 B b c^2}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab^2c^4} + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + aabc^2d^2} + \sqrt{bx^2 + aa^2d^4}} \\
 & + \frac{3 B b c x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + aabc^2d} + \sqrt{bx^2 + aa^2d^3}} \\
 & + \frac{3 A b c}{\frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab^2c^4}}{d} + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + aabc^2d} + \sqrt{bx^2 + aa^2d^3}} \\
 & - \frac{2 A b x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + aabc^2} + \sqrt{bx^2 + aa^2d^2}} \\
 & + \frac{B c}{\sqrt{bx^2 + abc^2dx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + aad^3x} + \sqrt{bx^2 + abc^3} + \sqrt{bx^2 + aacd^2}} \\
 & - \frac{A}{\sqrt{bx^2 + abc^2x} + \sqrt{bx^2 + aad^2x} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + abc^3}}{d} + \sqrt{bx^2 + aacd}} \\
 & + \frac{B}{\sqrt{bx^2 + abc^2} + \sqrt{bx^2 + aad^2}} - \frac{3 B b c^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}}\right)}{\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^4} \\
 & + \frac{3 A b c \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}}\right)}{\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^3} + \frac{B \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}}\right)}{\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-3*B*b^2*c^3*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^2*c^4*d + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*c^2*
d^3 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^5) + 3*A*b^2*c^2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^2*c^4
+ 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^4) - 3*B*b*c^2/(
sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^4 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^2*d^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*
a^2*d^4) + 3*B*b*c*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^2*d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*d^3)
+ 3*A*b*c/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^4/d + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^2*d + sqrt
(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*d^3) - 2*A*b*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*
a^2*d^2) + B*c/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b*c^2*d*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*d^3*x + sqrt
(b*x^2 + a)*b*c^3 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*c*d^2) - A/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b*c^2*x
+ sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*d^2*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b*c^3/d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*c*
d) + B/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b*c^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*d^2) - 3*B*b*c^2*arcsinh
(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^
2/d^2)^(5/2)*d^4) + 3*A*b*c*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(
sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(5/2)*d^3) + B*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sq
rt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(3/
2)*d^2)
```

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

Timed out

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} (c + dx)^2} dx$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^2),x)
```

output `int((A + B*x)/((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1540, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.11

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x)`

output

```
(3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d
+ b*c*x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**2 + 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*s
qrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b*c*d**3*x + sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2
)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b*c*d**3
+ sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d +
b*c*x)*a**2*b*d**4*x - 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(
a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d + 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*lo
g(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**2*x
**2 - 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) -
a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**2*x + 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b
x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c*d**3*x**3 + sqrt(a*d**
2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b
**2*c*d**3*x**2 + sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*d**4*x**3 - 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt
(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**3*c**3*d*x**2 - 2*sqr
t(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*
x)*b**3*c**2*d**2*x**3 - 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*c**2*
d**2 - 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*c*d**3*x - sqrt(a*d**2
+ b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*c*d**3 - sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*
a**2*b*d**4*x + 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d - 3*...
```

3.185 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^3(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1562
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1563
Rubi [A] (verified)	1564
Maple [B] (verified)	1567
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1568
Sympy [F]	1569
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1569
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1570
Mupad [F(-1)]	1571
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1572

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 292

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^3(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Bc-Ad}{2(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{2aBd^2-bc(3Bc-5Ad)}{2(bc^2+ad^2)^2(c+dx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{b(3a(2bc^2(Bc-2Ad)-ad^2(3Bc-Ad))-(Abc(2bc^2-13ad^2)+aBd(11bc^2-4ad^2))x)}{2a(bc^2+ad^2)^3\sqrt{a+bx^2}} + \frac{3bd(2bc^2(Bc-2Ad)-ad^2(3Bc-Ad))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2(bc^2+ad^2)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
1/2*(-A*d+B*c)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/2*(2*a*B*d^2-b*c*
(-5*A*d+3*B*c))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/2*b*(3*a*(2*b*c^
2*(-2*A*d+B*c)-a*d^2*(-A*d+3*B*c))-(A*b*c*(-13*a*d^2+2*b*c^2)+a*B*d*(-4*a*
d^2+11*b*c^2))*x)/a/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+3/2*b*d*(2*b*c^2*(-2*A
*d+B*c)-a*d^2*(-A*d+3*B*c))*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^
2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 774 vs. $2(292) = 584$.

Time = 10.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 774, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2} \left(4b^3 c^2 x \left(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) (Bcx(2c^2 + 9cdx + 6d^2 x^2) + A(c^3 - 4c^2 dx - 18cd^2 x^2 - 12d^3 x^3) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output

```
-1/2*(Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]*(4*b^3*c^2*x*(Sqrt[b]*x - Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*(B
*c*x*(2*c^2 + 9*c*d*x + 6*d^2*x^2) + A*(c^3 - 4*c^2*d*x - 18*c*d^2*x^2 - 1
2*d^3*x^3)) + a*b^2*(Sqrt[b]*B*c*x*(6*c^4 + 49*c^3*d*x + 14*c^2*d^2*x^2 -
54*c*d^3*x^3 - 36*d^4*x^4) + 3*A*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(2*c^4 + 15*c^3*d*x + 8
*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 6*c*d^3*x^3 - 4*d^4*x^4) + B*c*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-2*c^4 - 31
*c^3*d*x - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 54*c*d^3*x^3 + 36*d^4*x^4) + A*Sqrt[b]*(2*c^5 -
14*c^4*d*x - 81*c^3*d^2*x^2 - 48*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 18*c*d^4*x^4 + 12*d^5*x^5)
) - a^3*d^3*(d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(A*d + B*(c + 2*d*x)) + Sqrt[b]*(-3*A*d^2*x
+ B*(4*c^2 + 5*c*d*x - 2*d^2*x^2))) + a^2*b*d*(d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(3*B*c*(
4*c^2 + 9*c*d*x + 7*d^2*x^2) - A*d*(10*c^2 + 11*c*d*x + 7*d^2*x^2)) + Sqrt
[b]*(B*c*(11*c^3 - 14*c^2*d*x - 54*c*d^2*x^2 - 39*d^3*x^3) + A*d*(-13*c^3
+ 4*c^2*d*x + 20*c*d^2*x^2 + 13*d^3*x^3)))) + 6*b*d*(-2*b*c^2*(B*c - 2*A*d
) + a*d^2*(3*B*c - A*d))*(c + d*x)^2*(a^2 + 5*a*b*x^2 + 4*b^2*x^4 - 3*a*Sq
rt[b]*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] - 4*b^(3/2)*x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ArcTan[(-(Sqrt[b]
*(c + d*x)) + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]]/((-b*c^2) - a*d
^2)^(7/2)*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(a*(-3*Sqrt[b]*x + Sqrt[a + b*x^2])
+ 4*b*x^2*(-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2])))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {686, 27, 688, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 686$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{bd(3a(Bc-Ad)-2(Abc+aBd)x)}{(c+dx)^3\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ab(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{a(Bc-Ad) - x(aBd+Abc)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{d \int \frac{3a(Bc-Ad)-2(Abc+aBd)x}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{a(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{a(Bc-Ad) - x(aBd+Abc)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 688$$

$$d \left(-\frac{\int \frac{2a(2aBd^2-bc(3Bc-5Ad))+b(2Abc^2+5aBdc-3aAd^2)x}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-3aAd^2+5aBcd+2Abc^2)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{a(ad^2+bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{a(Bc-Ad) - x(aBd+Abc)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 679$$

$$d \left(-\frac{\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(Abc(2bc^2-13ad^2)+aBd(11bc^2-4ad^2))}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{3ab(2bc^2(Bc-2Ad)-ad^2(3Bc-Ad)) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ad^2+bc^2}}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-3aAd^2+5aBcd+2Abc^2)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{a(ad^2+bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{a(Bc-Ad) - x(aBd+Abc)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 488$$

$$d \left(\frac{3ab(2bc^2(Bc-2Ad)-ad^2(3Bc-Ad)) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(Abc(2bc^2-13ad^2)+aBd(11bc^2-4ad^2))}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-3aAd)}{2(c+dx)^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)} \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

219

$$d \left(\frac{3ab(2bc^2(Bc-2Ad)-ad^2(3Bc-Ad)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(Abc(2bc^2-13ad^2)+aBd(11bc^2-4ad^2))}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-3aAd)}{2(c+dx)^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)} \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-((a*(B*c - A*d) - (A*b*c + a*B*d)*x)/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2*sqrt[a + b*x^2])) - (d*(-1/2*((2*A*b*c^2 + 5*a*B*c*d - 3*a*A*d^2)*sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) - (((A*b*c*(2*b*c^2 - 13*a*d^2) + a*B*d*(11*b*c^2 - 4*a*d^2))*sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)) + (3*a*b*(2*b*c^2*(B*c - 2*A*d) - a*d^2*(3*B*c - A*d))*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2))/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))))/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 488 $\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$
- rule 679 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + c*x^2)^{(p+1)})/(2*(p+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + 2*p + 3], 0]$
- rule 686 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(d + e*x)^{(m+1)})*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^{(p+1)})/(2*a*c*(p+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*c*(p+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}*\text{Simp}[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p+3) + a*c*e^2*(m+2*p+3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m+2*p+4)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$
- rule 688 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + c*x^2)^{(p+1)})/(m+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m+1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m+2*p+3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1105 vs. $2(273) = 546$.

Time = 2.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2236, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.66

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/4*(3*(2*B*a^2*b^2*c^5*d - 4*A*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 3*B*a^3*b*c^3*d^3 + A*a^3*b*c^2*d^4 + (2*B*a*b^3*c^3*d^3 - 4*A*a*b^3*c^2*d^4 - 3*B*a^2*b^2*c*d^5 + A*a^2*b^2*d^6)*x^4 + 2*(2*B*a*b^3*c^4*d^2 - 4*A*a*b^3*c^3*d^3 - 3*B*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^4 + A*a^2*b^2*c*d^5)*x^3 + (2*B*a*b^3*c^5*d - 4*A*a*b^3*c^4*d^2 - B*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^3 - 3*A*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 3*B*a^3*b*c*d^5 + A*a^3*b*d^6)*x^2 + 2*(2*B*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 4*A*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^3 - 3*B*a^3*b*c^2*d^4 + A*a^3*b*c*d^5)*x)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - 2*(2*B*a*b^3*c^7 - 6*A*a*b^3*c^6*d - 10*B*a^2*b^2*c^5*d^2 + 4*A*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^3 - 11*B*a^3*b*c^3*d^4 + 11*A*a^3*b*c^2*d^5 + B*a^4*c*d^6 + A*a^4*d^7 - (2*A*b^4*c^5*d^2 + 11*B*a*b^3*c^4*d^3 - 11*A*a*b^3*c^3*d^4 + 7*B*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^5 - 13*A*a^2*b^2*c*d^6 - 4*B*a^3*b*d^7)*x^3 - (4*A*b^4*c^6*d + 16*B*a*b^3*c^5*d^2 - 10*A*a*b^3*c^4*d^3 + 17*B*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^4 - 17*A*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^5 + B*a^3*b*c*d^6 - 3*A*a^3*b*d^7)*x^2 - (2*A*b^4*c^7 + 2*B*a*b^3*c^6*d + 8*A*a*b^3*c^5*d^2 + 17*B*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^3 - 5*A*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^4 + 13*B*a^3*b*c^2*d^5 - 11*A*a^3*b*c*d^6 - 2*B*a^4*d^7)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^2*b^4*c^10 + 4*a^3*b^3*c^8*d^2 + 6*a^4*b^2*c^6*d^4 + 4*a^5*b*c^4*d^6 + a^6*c^2*d^8 + (a*b^5*c^8*d^2 + 4*a^2*b^4*c^6*d^4 + 6*a^3*b^3*c^4*d^6 + 4*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^8 + a^5*b*d^10)*x^4 + 2*(a*b^5*c^9*d + 4*a^2*b^4*c^7*d^3 + 6*a^3*b^3*c^5*d^5 + 4*a^4*b^2*c^3*d^...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)**3/(b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/((a + b*x**2)**(3/2)*(c + d*x)**3), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1390 vs. $2(273) = 546$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1390, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.76

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-15/2*B*b^3*c^4*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^3*c^6*d + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b^2
*c^4*d^3 + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*b*c^2*d^5 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^4*d^7) + 15
/2*A*b^3*c^3*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^3*c^6 + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b^2*c^4*
d^2 + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*b*c^2*d^4 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^4*d^6) - 15/2*B*
b^2*c^3/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^3*c^6 + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 3*sq
rt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^6) + 19/2*B*b^2*c^2*x/(
sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^2*c^4*d + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 + sqrt(b*x^2
+ a)*a^3*d^5) + 15/2*A*b^2*c^2/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^3*c^6/d + 3*sqrt(b*x^2
+ a)*a*b^2*c^4*d + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d
^5) - 13/2*A*b^2*c*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^2*c^4 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*
c^2*d^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^4) + 5/2*B*b*c^2/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^4*
d*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^2*d^3*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*d^5*x + sqrt(b
*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^5 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^3*d^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*c*
d^4) - 5/2*A*b*c/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^4*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^2*d
^2*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*d^4*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^5/d + 2*sqrt(b*x^2
+ a)*a*b*c^3*d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*c*d^3) + 9/2*B*b*c/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*
b^2*c^4 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^2*d^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*d^4) - 2*B*b
*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^2*d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*d^3) - 3/2*A*b/(sqrt(b
*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^4/d + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^2*d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*d
^3) + 1/2*B*c/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b*c^2*d^2*x^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*d^4*x^2...

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1048 vs. $2(273) = 546$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1048, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.59

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

((A*b^6*c^9 + 3*B*a*b^5*c^8*d + 8*B*a^2*b^4*c^6*d^3 - 6*A*a^2*b^4*c^5*d^4
+ 6*B*a^3*b^3*c^4*d^5 - 8*A*a^3*b^3*c^3*d^6 - 3*A*a^4*b^2*c*d^8 - B*a^5*b*
d^9)*x/(a*b^6*c^12 + 6*a^2*b^5*c^10*d^2 + 15*a^3*b^4*c^8*d^4 + 20*a^4*b^3*
c^6*d^6 + 15*a^5*b^2*c^4*d^8 + 6*a^6*b*c^2*d^10 + a^7*d^12) - (B*a*b^5*c^9
- 3*A*a*b^5*c^8*d - 8*A*a^2*b^4*c^6*d^3 - 6*B*a^3*b^3*c^5*d^4 - 6*A*a^3*b
^3*c^4*d^5 - 8*B*a^4*b^2*c^3*d^6 - 3*B*a^5*b*c*d^8 + A*a^5*b*d^9)/(a*b^6*c
^12 + 6*a^2*b^5*c^10*d^2 + 15*a^3*b^4*c^8*d^4 + 20*a^4*b^3*c^6*d^6 + 15*a^
5*b^2*c^4*d^8 + 6*a^6*b*c^2*d^10 + a^7*d^12))/sqrt(b*x^2 + a) + 3*(2*B*b^2
*c^3*d - 4*A*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 3*B*a*b*c*d^3 + A*a*b*d^4)*arctan(((sqrt(b)*x -
sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))/((b^3*c^6 + 3*a*b^2
*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 + a^3*d^6)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)) + (4*(sqrt(b)*
x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*B*b^2*c^3*d^2 - 6*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*A
*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 3*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*B*a*b*c*d^4 + (sqrt(b)*x
- sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*A*a*b*d^5 + 10*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*B*b^(5
/2)*c^4*d - 14*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*A*b^(5/2)*c^3*d^2 - 9*(sqrt
(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*B*a*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^3 + 7*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2
+ a))^2*A*a*b^(3/2)*c*d^4 + 2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*B*a^2*sqrt(
b)*d^5 - 16*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*B*a*b^2*c^3*d^2 + 22*(sqrt(b)*x
- sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*A*a*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 5*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*B*a^2
*b*c*d^4 + (sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*A*a^2*b*d^5 + 5*B*a^2*b^(3/2)*...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} (c + dx)^3} dx$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^3), x)
```

output

```
int((A + B*x)/((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^3), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2940, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.07

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(-sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a
*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b*c**2*d**4 + 6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(-sqrt(a + b*x
**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b*c*d**5*x + 3*sqrt(a*d**2
+ b*c**2)*log(-sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**
3*b*d**6*x**2 - 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(-sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d
**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c**4*d**2 - 24*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
*log(-sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c
**3*d**3*x - 9*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(-sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c**3*d**3 - 9*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(
-sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**
4*x**2 - 18*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(-sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b
c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**4*x + 6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(
-sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**5*x
**3 - 9*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(-sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**5*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(-sq
rt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*d**6*x**4 +
6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(-sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a
d + b*c*x)*a*b**3*c**5*d - 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(-sqrt(a + b*x**2)
)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**3*c**4*d**2*x**2 + 12*sqrt(a*d
**2 + b*c**2)*log(-sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c...
```

3.186 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^5}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1573
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1574
Rubi [A] (verified)	1574
Maple [A] (verified)	1577
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1578
Sympy [F]	1579
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1580
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1581
Mupad [F(-1)]	1582
Reduce [F]	1582

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 299

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^5}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(c+dx)^4(a(Bc+Ad) - (Abc - aBd)x)}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{(c+dx)^2(2a^2d^2(5Bc+2Ad) - (5aBd(bc^2 - ad^2) + 2Abc(bc^2 + 3ad^2))x)}{3a^2b^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{d(4(5aBcd(bc^2 - 4ad^2) + 2A(b^2c^4 + 4abc^2d^2 - 2a^2d^4)) + d(5aBd(2bc^2 - 3ad^2) + 2Abc(2bc^2 + 7ad^2))x)}{6a^2b^3} - \frac{5d^3(aBd^2 - 2bc(2Bc + Ad)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2b^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(d*x+c)^4*(a*(A*d+B*c)-(A*b*c-B*a*d)*x)/a/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-1/3*(d*x+c)^2*(2*a^2*d^2*(2*A*d+5*B*c)-(5*a*B*d*(-a*d^2+b*c^2)+2*A*b*c*(3*a*d^2+b*c^2))*x)/a^2/b^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/6*d*(20*a*B*c*d*(-4*a*d^2+b*c^2)+8*A*(-2*a^2*d^4+4*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)+d*(5*a*B*d*(-3*a*d^2+2*b*c^2)+2*A*b*c*(7*a*d^2+2*b*c^2))*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^2/b^3-5/2*d^3*(a*B*d^2-2*b*c*(A*d+2*B*c))*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^5}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4Ab^4c^5x^3 + a^4d^4(80Bc + 16Ad + 15Bdx) + 2ab^3c^3x(3Ac^2 + 5Bcdx^2 + 10Ad^2 - 5d^3(abd^2 - 2bc(2Bc + Ad)) \log\left(-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a + bx^2}\right)}{2b^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^5)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(4*A*b^4*c^5*x^3 + a^4*d^4*(80*B*c + 16*A*d + 15*B*d*x) + 2*a*b^3*c^3*x*(3
*A*c^2 + 5*B*c*d*x^2 + 10*A*d^2*x^2) - 2*a^3*b*d^2*(A*d*(20*c^2 + 15*c*d*x
- 12*d^2*x^2) + 10*B*(2*c^3 + 3*c^2*d*x - 6*c*d^2*x^2 - d^3*x^3)) - a^2*b
^2*(2*A*d*(5*c^4 + 30*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 20*c*d^3*x^3 - 3*d^4*x^4) + B*(2*c^5 +
60*c^3*d^2*x^2 + 80*c^2*d^3*x^3 - 30*c*d^4*x^4 - 3*d^5*x^5)))/(6*a^2*b^3*
(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)) + (5*d^3*(a*B*d^2 - 2*b*c*(2*B*c + A*d))*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*
x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*b^(7/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {684, 684, 25, 27, 676, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^5}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 684

$$\frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^3(2Abc^2+ad(5Bc+4Ad)-d(2Abc-5aBd)x)}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} - \frac{(c + dx)^4(a(Ad + Bc) - x(Abc - aBd))}{3ab(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 684

$$\int \frac{d(c+dx)(ad(2Abc^2-25aBdc-8aAd^2)+(5aBd(2bc^2-3ad^2)+2Abc(2bc^2+7ad^2))x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}ab} dx - \frac{(c+dx)^2(2a^2d^2(2Ad+5Bc)-x(2Abc(3ad^2+bc^2)+5aBd))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^4(a(Ad+Bc)-x(Abc-aBd))}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 25

$$\int \frac{d(c+dx)(ad(2Abc^2-25aBdc-8aAd^2)+(5aBd(2bc^2-3ad^2)+2Abc(2bc^2+7ad^2))x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}ab} dx - \frac{(c+dx)^2(2a^2d^2(2Ad+5Bc)-x(2Abc(3ad^2+bc^2)+5aBd))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^4(a(Ad+Bc)-x(Abc-aBd))}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$d \int \frac{(c+dx)(ad(2Abc^2-25aBdc-8aAd^2)+(5aBd(2bc^2-3ad^2)+2Abc(2bc^2+7ad^2))x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}ab} dx - \frac{(c+dx)^2(2a^2d^2(2Ad+5Bc)-x(2Abc(3ad^2+bc^2)+5aBd))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^4(a(Ad+Bc)-x(Abc-aBd))}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 676

$$d \left(\frac{15a^2d^2(adBd^2-2bc(Ad+2Bc))}{2b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2A(-2a^2d^4+4abc^2d^2+b^2c^4)+5aBcd(bc^2-4ad^2))}{b} + \frac{dx\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2Abc(7ad^2+2bc^2)+5aBd(2ad^2+2bc^2))}{2b} \right) - \frac{(c+dx)^2(2a^2d^2(2Ad+5Bc)-x(2Abc(3ad^2+bc^2)+5aBd))}{ab}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^4(a(Ad+Bc)-x(Abc-aBd))}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 224

$$d \left(\frac{15a^2d^2(adBd^2-2bc(Ad+2Bc))}{2b} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} \frac{d}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2A(-2a^2d^4+4abc^2d^2+b^2c^4)+5aBcd(bc^2-4ad^2))}{b} + \frac{dx\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2Abc(7ad^2+2bc^2))}{2b} \right) - \frac{(c+dx)^2(2a^2d^2(2Ad+5Bc)-x(2Abc(3ad^2+bc^2)+5aBd))}{ab}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^4(a(Ad+Bc)-x(Abc-aBd))}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{d \left(\frac{15a^2 d^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} \right) (aBd^2 - 2bc(Ad + 2Bc))}{2b^{3/2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^2} (2A(-2a^2 d^4 + 4abc^2 d^2 + b^2 c^4) + 5aBcd(bc^2 - 4ad^2))}{b} + \frac{dx\sqrt{a+bx^2} (2Abc(7ad^2 + 2bc^2))}{2b} \right)}{ab} = \frac{(c + dx)^4 (a(Ad + Bc) - x(Abc - aBd))}{3ab (a + bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

3ab

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^5)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `-1/3*((c + d*x)^4*(a*(B*c + A*d) - (A*b*c - a*B*d)*x))/(a*b*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)) + (-(((c + d*x)^2*(2*a^2*d^2*(5*B*c + 2*A*d) - (5*a*B*d*(b*c^2 - a*d^2) + 2*A*b*c*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2))*x))/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])) - (d*((2*(5*a*B*c*d*(b*c^2 - 4*a*d^2) + 2*A*(b^2*c^4 + 4*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 2*a^2*d^4))*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/b + (d*(5*a*B*d*(2*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2) + 2*A*b*c*(2*b*c^2 + 7*a*d^2))*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(2*b) + (15*a^2*d^2*(a*B*d^2 - 2*b*c*(2*B*c + A*d))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*b^(3/2)))/(a*b))/(3*a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 676

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp
p[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p
+ 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g
, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 684

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g
) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[
(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^
2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2]
&& EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result
default	$A c^5 \left(\frac{x}{3a(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3a^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} \right) + d^4(Ad + 5Bc) \left(\frac{x^4}{b(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{4a \left(-\frac{x^2}{b(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2a}{3b^2(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{b} \right) + 5$
risch	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^5/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
A*c^5*(1/3*x/a/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+2/3/a^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*x)+d^4*(A*d+5*B*c)*
(x^4/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-4*a/b*(-x^2/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-2/3*a/b^2/(b*x^2+a)^(
3/2)))+5*c*d^3*(A*d+2*B*c)*(-1/3*x^3/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/b*(-x/b/(b*x^2+a)
^(1/2)+1/b^(3/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))))+10*c^2*d^2*(A*d+B*c)*(-x^
2/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-2/3*a/b^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2))+5*d*c^3*(2*A*d+B*c)*(-1/2*x
/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/2*a/b*(1/3*x/a/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+2/3/a^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2
)*x))-1/3*c^4*(5*A*d+B*c)/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+B*d^5*(1/2*x^5/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/
2)-5/2*a/b*(-1/3*x^3/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/b*(-x/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/b^(3/2)
*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1020, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.41

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^5}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^5/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/12*(15*(4*B*a^4*b*c^2*d^3 + 2*A*a^4*b*c*d^4 - B*a^5*d^5 + (4*B*a^2*b^3
*c^2*d^3 + 2*A*a^2*b^3*c*d^4 - B*a^3*b^2*d^5)*x^4 + 2*(4*B*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3
+ 2*A*a^3*b^2*c*d^4 - B*a^4*b*d^5)*x^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x
^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(3*B*a^2*b^3*d^5*x^5 - 2*B*a^2*b^3*c^5 - 10*A*a
^2*b^3*c^4*d - 40*B*a^3*b^2*c^3*d^2 - 40*A*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 80*B*a^4*b*c*
d^4 + 16*A*a^4*b*d^5 + 6*(5*B*a^2*b^3*c*d^4 + A*a^2*b^3*d^5)*x^4 + 2*(2*A*
b^5*c^5 + 5*B*a*b^4*c^4*d + 10*A*a*b^4*c^3*d^2 - 40*B*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^3 - 20
*A*a^2*b^3*c*d^4 + 10*B*a^3*b^2*d^5)*x^3 - 12*(5*B*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 5*A*a
^2*b^3*c^2*d^3 - 10*B*a^3*b^2*c*d^4 - 2*A*a^3*b^2*d^5)*x^2 + 3*(2*A*a*b^4*
c^5 - 20*B*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 10*A*a^3*b^2*c*d^4 + 5*B*a^4*b*d^5)*x)*sqrt(b
*x^2 + a))/(a^2*b^6*x^4 + 2*a^3*b^5*x^2 + a^4*b^4), -1/6*(15*(4*B*a^4*b*c^
2*d^3 + 2*A*a^4*b*c*d^4 - B*a^5*d^5 + (4*B*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^3 + 2*A*a^2*b^3*c
*d^4 - B*a^3*b^2*d^5)*x^4 + 2*(4*B*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 2*A*a^3*b^2*c*d^4 - B
*a^4*b*d^5)*x^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (3*B*a^2*b^
3*d^5*x^5 - 2*B*a^2*b^3*c^5 - 10*A*a^2*b^3*c^4*d - 40*B*a^3*b^2*c^3*d^2 -
40*A*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 80*B*a^4*b*c*d^4 + 16*A*a^4*b*d^5 + 6*(5*B*a^2*b^3*
c*d^4 + A*a^2*b^3*d^5)*x^4 + 2*(2*A*b^5*c^5 + 5*B*a*b^4*c^4*d + 10*A*a*b^4
*c^3*d^2 - 40*B*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^3 - 20*A*a^2*b^3*c*d^4 + 10*B*a^3*b^2*d^5)*x
^3 - 12*(5*B*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 5*A*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^3 - 10*B*a^3*b^2*c*d^4 -
2*A*a^3*b^2*d^5)*x^2 + 3*(2*A*a*b^4*c^5 - 20*B*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 10*A*a...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^5}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^5}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)**5/(b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)**5/(a + b*x**2)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 514, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^5}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{Bd^5x^5}{2(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b} \\
& + \frac{5Bad^5x\left(\frac{3x^2}{(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b} + \frac{2a}{(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2}\right)}{6b} + \frac{2Ac^5x}{3\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2}} + \frac{Ac^5x}{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a} \\
& + \frac{5Bad^5x}{6\sqrt{bx^2+ab^3}} - \frac{5Bad^5\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2b^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{Bc^5}{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b} \\
& - \frac{5Ac^4d}{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b} - \frac{5}{3}(2Bc^2d^3+Ac^4d)x\left(\frac{3x^2}{(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b} + \frac{2a}{(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2}\right) \\
& + \frac{(5Bcd^4+Ad^5)x^4}{(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b} + \frac{4(5Bcd^4+Ad^5)ax^2}{(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2} - \frac{10(Bc^3d^2+Ac^2d^3)x^2}{(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b} \\
& - \frac{5(2Bc^2d^3+Ac^4d)x}{3\sqrt{bx^2+ab^2}} - \frac{5(Bc^4d+2Ac^3d^2)x}{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b} \\
& + \frac{5(Bc^4d+2Ac^3d^2)x}{3\sqrt{bx^2+aab}} + \frac{5(2Bc^2d^3+Ac^4d)\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}} \\
& + \frac{8(5Bcd^4+Ad^5)a^2}{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^3} - \frac{20(Bc^3d^2+Ac^2d^3)a}{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^5/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/2*B*d^5*x^5/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) + 5/6*B*a*d^5*x*(3*x^2/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) + 2*a/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^2))/b + 2/3*A*c^5*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2) + 1/3*A*c^5*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a) + 5/6*B*a*d^5*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^3) - 5/2*B*a*d^5*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(7/2) - 1/3*B*c^5/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) - 5/3*A*c^4*d/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) - 5/3*(2*B*c^2*d^3 + A*c*d^4)*x*(3*x^2/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) + 2*a/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^2)) + (5*B*c*d^4 + A*d^5)*x^4/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) + 4*(5*B*c*d^4 + A*d^5)*a*x^2/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^2) - 10*(B*c^3*d^2 + A*c^2*d^3)*x^2/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) - 5/3*(2*B*c^2*d^3 + A*c*d^4)*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2) - 5/3*(B*c^4*d + 2*A*c^3*d^2)*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) + 5/3*(B*c^4*d + 2*A*c^3*d^2)*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b) + 5*(2*B*c^2*d^3 + A*c*d^4)*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(5/2) + 8/3*(5*B*c*d^4 + A*d^5)*a^2/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^3) - 20/3*(B*c^3*d^2 + A*c^2*d^3)*a/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^2)

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 410, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^5}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(3 \left(\frac{Bd^5x}{b} + \frac{2(5Ba^2b^5cd^4 + Aa^2b^5d^5)}{a^2b^6} \right) x + \frac{2(2Ab^7c^5 + 5Bab^6c^4d + 10Aab^6c^3d^2 - 40Ba^2b^5c^2d^3)}{a^2b^6} \right) \right)}{2b^{7/2}} \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right| \right)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^5/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/6*(((3*(B*d^5*x/b + 2*(5*B*a^2*b^5*c*d^4 + A*a^2*b^5*d^5)/(a^2*b^6))*x + 2*(2*A*b^7*c^5 + 5*B*a*b^6*c^4*d + 10*A*a*b^6*c^3*d^2 - 40*B*a^2*b^5*c^2*d^3 - 20*A*a^2*b^5*c*d^4 + 10*B*a^3*b^4*d^5)/(a^2*b^6))*x - 12*(5*B*a^2*b^5*c^3*d^2 + 5*A*a^2*b^5*c^2*d^3 - 10*B*a^3*b^4*c*d^4 - 2*A*a^3*b^4*d^5)/(a^2*b^6))*x + 3*(2*A*a*b^6*c^5 - 20*B*a^3*b^4*c^2*d^3 - 10*A*a^3*b^4*c*d^4 + 5*B*a^4*b^3*d^5)/(a^2*b^6))*x - 2*(B*a^2*b^5*c^5 + 5*A*a^2*b^5*c^4*d + 20*B*a^3*b^4*c^3*d^2 + 20*A*a^3*b^4*c^2*d^3 - 40*B*a^4*b^3*c*d^4 - 8*A*a^4*b^3*d^5)/(a^2*b^6))/(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2) - 5/2*(4*B*b*c^2*d^3 + 2*A*b*c*d^4 - B*a*d^5)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(7/2)

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^5}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^5}{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^5)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2), x)`output `int(((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^5)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^5}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(dx + c)^5}{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^5/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2), x)`output `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^5/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2), x)`

3.187 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1583
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1584
Rubi [A] (verified)	1584
Maple [A] (verified)	1587
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1587
Sympy [F]	1588
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1589
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1590
Mupad [F(-1)]	1590
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1591

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 232

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(c+dx)^3(a(Bc+Ad) - (Abc - aBd)x)}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{(c+dx)(ad(Abc^2 + 8aBcd + 3aAd^2) - 2(2aBd(bc^2 - ad^2) + Abc(bc^2 + 2ad^2))x)}{3a^2b^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{d(4aBd(bc^2 - 2ad^2) + Abc(2bc^2 + 5ad^2))\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{3a^2b^3} + \frac{d^3(4Bc + Ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(d*x+c)^3*(a*(A*d+B*c)-(A*b*c-B*a*d)*x)/a/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-1/3*(d*x+c)*(a*d*(3*A*a*d^2+A*b*c^2+8*B*a*c*d)-2*(2*a*B*d*(-a*d^2+b*c^2)+A*b*c*(2*a*d^2+b*c^2))*x)/a^2/b^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/3*d*(4*a*B*d*(-2*a*d^2+b*c^2)+A*b*c*(5*a*d^2+2*b*c^2))*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^2/b^3+d^3*(A*d+4*B*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{8a^4Bd^4 + 2Ab^4c^4x^3 - a^3bd^2(Ad(8c + 3dx) + 12B(c^2 + cdx - d^2x^2)) + ab^3c^2x}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^4)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(8*a^4*B*d^4 + 2*A*b^4*c^4*x^3 - a^3*b*d^2*(A*d*(8*c + 3*d*x) + 12*B*(c^2 + c*d*x - d^2*x^2)) + a*b^3*c^2*x*(4*B*c*d*x^2 + 3*A*(c^2 + 2*d^2*x^2)) - a^2*b^2*(4*A*d*(c^3 + 3*c*d^2*x^2 + d^3*x^3) + B*(c^4 + 18*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 16*c*d^3*x^3 - 3*d^4*x^4)) - 3*a^2*sqrt[b]*d^3*(4*B*c + A*d)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*Log[-(sqrt[b]*x) + sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/(3*a^2*b^3*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {684, 684, 27, 455, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 684

$$\frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^2(2Abc^2+ad(4Bc+3Ad)-d(ABC-4aBd)x)}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} - \frac{(c + dx)^3(a(Ad + Bc) - x(ABC - aBd))}{3ab(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 684

$$\frac{\int \frac{d(3a^2d^2(4Bc+Ad) - (4aBd(bc^2-2ad^2) + Abc(2bc^2+5ad^2))x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ab} - \frac{(c+dx)(ad(3aAd^2+8aBcd+Abc^2) - 2x(Abc(2ad^2+bc^2) + 2aBd(bc^2-ad^2)))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^3(a(Ad+Bc) - x(Abc-aBd))}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$d \int \frac{3a^2d^2(4Bc+Ad) - (4aBd(bc^2-2ad^2) + Abc(2bc^2+5ad^2))x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{(c+dx)(ad(3aAd^2+8aBcd+Abc^2) - 2x(Abc(2ad^2+bc^2) + 2aBd(bc^2-ad^2)))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^3(a(Ad+Bc) - x(Abc-aBd))}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 455

$$d \left(\frac{3a^2d^2(Ad+4Bc) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(Abc(5ad^2+2bc^2) + 4aBd(bc^2-2ad^2))}{b}}{ab} \right) - \frac{(c+dx)(ad(3aAd^2+8aBcd+Abc^2) - 2x(Abc(2ad^2+bc^2) + 2aBd(bc^2-ad^2)))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^3(a(Ad+Bc) - x(Abc-aBd))}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 224

$$d \left(\frac{3a^2d^2(Ad+4Bc) \int \frac{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(Abc(5ad^2+2bc^2) + 4aBd(bc^2-2ad^2))}{b}}{ab} \right) - \frac{(c+dx)(ad(3aAd^2+8aBcd+Abc^2) - 2x(Abc(2ad^2+bc^2) + 2aBd(bc^2-ad^2)))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^3(a(Ad+Bc) - x(Abc-aBd))}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 219

$$d \left(\frac{3a^2d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(Ad+4Bc) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(Abc(5ad^2+2bc^2) + 4aBd(bc^2-2ad^2))}{b}}{\sqrt{b}}}{ab} \right) - \frac{(c+dx)(ad(3aAd^2+8aBcd+Abc^2) - 2x(Abc(2ad^2+bc^2) + 2aBd(bc^2-ad^2)))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^3(a(Ad+Bc) - x(Abc-aBd))}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^4)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

$$-1/3*((c + d*x)^3*(a*(B*c + A*d) - (A*b*c - a*B*d)*x))/(a*b*(a + b*x^2)^{(3/2)}) + (-(((c + d*x)*(a*d*(A*b*c^2 + 8*a*B*c*d + 3*a*A*d^2) - 2*(2*a*B*d*(b*c^2 - a*d^2) + A*b*c*(b*c^2 + 2*a*d^2))*x))/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])) + (d*(-(((4*a*B*d*(b*c^2 - 2*a*d^2) + A*b*c*(2*b*c^2 + 5*a*d^2))*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/b) + (3*a^2*d^2*(4*B*c + A*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/Sqrt[b]))/(a*b))/(3*a*b)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 455

$$\text{Int}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_))*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))}), x] + \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 684

$$\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_)^m)*((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 2)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*\text{Simp}[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[d, 0] \ || \ (\text{EqQ}[m, 2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[p, -3] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, c, d, e, f, g]) \ || \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0])$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

method	result
default	$A c^4 \left(\frac{x}{3a(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3a^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} \right) + d^3(Ad + 4Bc) \left(-\frac{x^3}{3b(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{-\frac{x}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{b} \right) + 2c$
risch	$\frac{B d^4 \sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b^3} + \frac{d^3(Ad+4Bc) \ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{\sqrt{b}}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
A*c^4*(1/3*x/a/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+2/3/a^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*x)+d^3*(A*d+4*B*c)*
(-1/3*x^3/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/b*(-x/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/b^(3/2)*ln(b^(1/2)
*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))))+2*c*d^2*(2*A*d+3*B*c)*(-x^2/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-2/3*a/
b^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2))+2*c^2*d*(3*A*d+2*B*c)*(-1/2*x/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/2*a
/b*(1/3*x/a/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+2/3/a^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*x))-1/3*c^3*(4*A*d+B*c
)/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+B*d^4*(x^4/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-4*a/b*(-x^2/b/(b*x^2+a)^(
3/2)-2/3*a/b^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 724, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.12

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(4Ba^4cd^3 + Aa^4d^4 + (4Ba^2b^2cd^3 + Aa^2b^2d^4)x^4 + 2(4Ba^3bcd^3 + Aa^3bd^4)x^2) \sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) - \dots}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/6*(3*(4*B*a^4*c*d^3 + A*a^4*d^4 + (4*B*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 + A*a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^4 + 2*(4*B*a^3*b*c*d^3 + A*a^3*b*d^4)*x^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*(3*B*a^2*b^2*d^4*x^4 - B*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 4*A*a^2*b^2*c^3*d - 12*B*a^3*b*c^2*d^2 - 8*A*a^3*b*c*d^3 + 8*B*a^4*d^4 + 2*(A*b^4*c^4 + 2*B*a*b^3*c^3*d + 3*A*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 8*B*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 - 2*A*a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^3 - 6*(3*B*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 2*A*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 - 2*B*a^3*b*d^4)*x^2 + 3*(A*a*b^3*c^4 - 4*B*a^3*b*c*d^3 - A*a^3*b*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^2*b^5*x^4 + 2*a^3*b^4*x^2 + a^4*b^3), -1/3*(3*(4*B*a^4*c*d^3 + A*a^4*d^4 + (4*B*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 + A*a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^4 + 2*(4*B*a^3*b*c*d^3 + A*a^3*b*d^4)*x^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (3*B*a^2*b^2*d^4*x^4 - B*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 4*A*a^2*b^2*c^3*d - 12*B*a^3*b*c^2*d^2 - 8*A*a^3*b*c*d^3 + 8*B*a^4*d^4 + 2*(A*b^4*c^4 + 2*B*a*b^3*c^3*d + 3*A*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 8*B*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 - 2*A*a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^3 - 6*(3*B*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 2*A*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 - 2*B*a^3*b*d^4)*x^2 + 3*(A*a*b^3*c^4 - 4*B*a^3*b*c*d^3 - A*a^3*b*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^2*b^5*x^4 + 2*a^3*b^4*x^2 + a^4*b^3)]
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)**4/(b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)**4/(a + b*x**2)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx &= \frac{Bd^4x^4}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}b} + \frac{4Bad^4x^2}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}b^2} + \frac{2Ac^4x}{3\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2}} \\
&+ \frac{Ac^4x}{3(bx^2+a)^{3/2}a} - \frac{1}{3}(4Bcd^3+Ad^4)x \left(\frac{3x^2}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}b} + \frac{2a}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}b^2} \right) \\
&- \frac{Bc^4}{3(bx^2+a)^{3/2}b} - \frac{4Ac^3d}{3(bx^2+a)^{3/2}b} + \frac{8Ba^2d^4}{3(bx^2+a)^{3/2}b^3} - \frac{2(3Bc^2d^2+2Acd^3)x^2}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}b} \\
&- \frac{(4Bcd^3+Ad^4)x}{3\sqrt{bx^2+ab^2}} - \frac{2(2Bc^3d+3Ac^2d^2)x}{3(bx^2+a)^{3/2}b} + \frac{2(2Bc^3d+3Ac^2d^2)x}{3\sqrt{bx^2+aab}} \\
&+ \frac{(4Bcd^3+Ad^4)\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^{5/2}} - \frac{4(3Bc^2d^2+2Acd^3)a}{3(bx^2+a)^{3/2}b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
B*d^4*x^4/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) + 4*B*a*d^4*x^2/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^2) +
2/3*A*c^4*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2) + 1/3*A*c^4*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a) - 1/
3*(4*B*c*d^3 + A*d^4)*x*(3*x^2/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) + 2*a/((b*x^2 + a)^(3
/2)*b^2)) - 1/3*B*c^4/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) - 4/3*A*c^3*d/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/
2)*b) + 8/3*B*a^2*d^4/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^3) - 2*(3*B*c^2*d^2 + 2*A*c*d^3
)*x^2/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) - 1/3*(4*B*c*d^3 + A*d^4)*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b
^2) - 2/3*(2*B*c^3*d + 3*A*c^2*d^2)*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) + 2/3*(2*B*c^3
*d + 3*A*c^2*d^2)*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b) + (4*B*c*d^3 + A*d^4)*arcsinh(b*
x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(5/2) - 4/3*(3*B*c^2*d^2 + 2*A*c*d^3)*a/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*
b^2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(\frac{3Bd^4x}{b} + \frac{2(Ab^6c^4 + 2Bab^5c^3d + 3Aab^5c^2d^2 - 8Ba^2b^4cd^3 - 2Aa^2b^4d^4)}{a^2b^5} \right) x - \frac{6(3Ba^2b^4c^2d^2 + 2Aa^2b^4d^4)}{a^2b^5} \right)}{b^{5/2}} - \frac{(4Bcd^3 + Ad^4) \log\left(\left| -\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right|\right)}{b^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*(((3*B*d^4*x/b + 2*(A*b^6*c^4 + 2*B*a*b^5*c^3*d + 3*A*a*b^5*c^2*d^2 - 8*B*a^2*b^4*c*d^3 - 2*A*a^2*b^4*d^4)/(a^2*b^5))*x - 6*(3*B*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^2 + 2*A*a^2*b^4*c*d^3 - 2*B*a^3*b^3*d^4)/(a^2*b^5))*x + 3*(A*a*b^5*c^4 - 4*B*a^3*b^3*c*d^3 - A*a^3*b^3*d^4)/(a^2*b^5))*x - (B*a^2*b^4*c^4 + 4*A*a^2*b^4*c^3*d + 12*B*a^3*b^3*c^2*d^2 + 8*A*a^3*b^3*c*d^3 - 8*B*a^4*b^2*d^4)/(a^2*b^5))/(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2) - (4*B*c*d^3 + A*d^4)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(5/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^4)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^4)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 704, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^2 + a} ab^3c^4 + 8\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^3bd^4 + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a} b^4c^4x^3 + 3\sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 8*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b*c*d**3 - 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b*d**4*x +
8*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b*d**4 - 4*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*c**3*d - 12*
sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 - 12*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*c*d**
3*x**2 - 12*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*c*d**3*x - 4*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*
b**2*d**4*x**3 + 12*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*d**4*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a + b*x*
**2)*a*b**3*c**4*x - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**3*c**4 + 6*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*
**3*c**2*d**2*x**3 - 18*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**3*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 16*sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*a*b**3*c*d**3*x**3 + 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**3*d**4*x**4 + 2*sqr
t(a + b*x**2)*b**4*c**4*x**3 + 4*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**4*c**3*d*x**3 + 3*sqr
t(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**4*d**4 + 12*sqrt(b)*lo
g((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**3*b*c*d**3 + 6*sqrt(b)*log((s
qrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**3*b*d**4*x**2 + 24*sqrt(b)*log((s
qrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**2*b**2*c*d**3*x**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*lo
g((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**2*b**2*d**4*x**4 + 12*sqrt(b)
*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a*b**3*c*d**3*x**4 + 6*sqrt(b)
)*a**3*b*c**2*d**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*a**2*b**2*c**4 + 4*sqrt(b)*a**2*b**2*c**3*d
+ 12*sqrt(b)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(b)*a*b**3*c**4*x**2 + 8*sq
rt(b)*a*b**3*c**3*d*x**2 + 6*sqrt(b)*a*b**3*c**2*d**2*x**4 - 2*sqrt(b)*b**
4*c**4*x**4 + 4*sqrt(b)*b**4*c**3*d*x**4)/(3*a*b**3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**2 + b
**2*x**4))
```


3.188
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1592
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1593
Rubi [A] (verified)	1593
Maple [A] (verified)	1595
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1596
Sympy [F]	1596
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1597
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1597
Mupad [F(-1)]	1598
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1598

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(c+dx)^2(a(Bc+Ad) - (Abc - aBd)x)}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2ad(Abc^2 + 3aBcd + aAd^2) - (3aBd(bc^2 - ad^2) + 2Abc(bc^2 + ad^2))x}{3a^2b^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} + \frac{Bd^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(d*x+c)^2*(a*(A*d+B*c)-(A*b*c-B*a*d)*x)/a/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-1/3*(2*a*d*(A*a*d^2+A*b*c^2+3*B*a*c*d)-(3*a*B*d*(-a*d^2+b*c^2)+2*A*b*c*(a*d^2+b*c^2))*x)/a^2/b^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+B*d^3*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2Ab^3c^3x^3 - a^3d^2(6Bc + 2Ad + 3Bdx) + 3ab^2cx(Bcdx^2 + A(c^2 + d^2x^2)) - a^2b^3}{3a^2b^2(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{Bd^3 \log\left(-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a + bx^2}\right)}{b^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^3)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*A*b^3*c^3*x^3 - a^3*d^2*(6*B*c + 2*A*d + 3*B*d*x) + 3*a*b^2*c*x*(B*c*d*x^2 + A*(c^2 + d^2*x^2)) - a^2*b*(3*A*d*(c^2 + d^2*x^2) + B*(c^3 + 9*c*d^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*x^3)))/(3*a^2*b^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)) - (B*d^3*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/b^(5/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {684, 675, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 684

$$\frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)(2Abc^2+ad(3Bc+2Ad)+3aBd^2x)}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} - \frac{(c + dx)^2(a(Ad + Bc) - x(Abc - aBd))}{3ab(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 675

$$\frac{3aBd^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{x \left(\frac{2Abc^3}{a} - \frac{3aBd^3}{b} + cd(2Ad+3Bc) \right)}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{2d(aAd^2+3aBcd+Abc^2)}{b\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\frac{3ab}{(c+dx)^2(a(Ad+Bc) - x(Abc - aBd))} - \frac{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{3aBd^3 \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{x \left(\frac{2Abc^3}{a} - \frac{3aBd^3}{b} + cd(2Ad+3Bc) \right)}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{2d(aAd^2+3aBcd+Abc^2)}{b\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\frac{3ab}{(c+dx)^2(a(Ad+Bc) - x(Abc - aBd))} - \frac{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{x \left(\frac{2Abc^3}{a} - \frac{3aBd^3}{b} + cd(2Ad+3Bc) \right)}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{2d(aAd^2+3aBcd+Abc^2)}{b\sqrt{a+bx^2}} + \frac{3aBd^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{b^{3/2}}}{\frac{3ab}{(c+dx)^2(a(Ad+Bc) - x(Abc - aBd))} - \frac{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}}$$

input

`Int[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^3)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output

`-1/3*((c + d*x)^2*(a*(B*c + A*d) - (A*b*c - a*B*d)*x))/(a*b*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((-2*d*(A*b*c^2 + 3*a*B*c*d + a*A*d^2))/(b*sqrt[a + b*x^2]) + (((2*A*b*c^3)/a - (3*a*B*d^3)/b + c*d*(3*B*c + 2*A*d))*x)/sqrt[a + b*x^2] + (3*a*B*d^3*ArcTanh[(sqrt[b]*x)/sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/b^(3/2))/(3*a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

`Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224

`Int[1/sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 675

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a*(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] + (-Simp[(c*d*f - a*e*g)*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x]) / ; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] && NiceSqrtQ[(-a)*c])
```

rule 684

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2] && EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

method	result
default	$A c^3 \left(\frac{x}{3a(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3a^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} \right) + d^2(Ad + 3Bc) \left(-\frac{x^2}{b(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2a}{3b^2(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) + 3cd(Ad + Bc) \left(\dots \right)$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
A*c^3*(1/3*x/a/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+2/3/a^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*x)+d^2*(A*d+3*B*c)*(-x^2/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-2/3*a/b^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2))+3*c*d*(A*d+B*c)*(-1/2*x/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/2*a/b*(1/3*x/a/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+2/3/a^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*x))-1/3*c^2*(3*A*d+B*c)/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+B*d^3*(-1/3*x^3/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/b*(-x/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/b^(3/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 513, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.15

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(Ba^2b^2d^3x^4 + 2Ba^3bd^3x^2 + Ba^4d^3)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-2bx^2 - 2\sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{bx-a}\right) + (Ba^2b^2c^3 + 3Aa^2b^2c^2d + 6Ba^3bcd^2 + 2Aa^2b^2c^2d^2 + 3Aa^2b^2c^2d^3)x^4 + 3(Ba^2b^2d^3x^4 + 2Ba^3bd^3x^2 + Ba^4d^3)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b}x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) + (Ba^2b^2c^3 + 3Aa^2b^2c^2d + 6Ba^3bcd^2 + 2Aa^2b^2c^2d^2 + 3Aa^2b^2c^2d^3)x^2 - 3(Aa^2b^3c^3 - Ba^3b^2d^3)x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{3(a^2b^5x^4 + 2a^3b^4x^2 + a^4b^3)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(3*(B*a^2*b^2*d^3*x^4 + 2*B*a^3*b*d^3*x^2 + B*a^4*d^3)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(B*a^2*b^2*c^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^2*c^2*d + 6*B*a^3*b*c*d^2 + 2*A*a^3*b*d^3 - (2*A*b^4*c^3 + 3*B*a*b^3*c^2*d + 3*A*a*b^3*c*d^2 - 4*B*a^2*b^2*d^3)*x^3 + 3*(3*B*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 + A*a^2*b^2*d^3)*x^2 - 3*(A*a*b^3*c^3 - B*a^3*b*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^2*b^5*x^4 + 2*a^3*b^4*x^2 + a^4*b^3), -1/3*(3*(B*a^2*b^2*d^3*x^4 + 2*B*a^3*b*d^3*x^2 + B*a^4*d^3)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) + (B*a^2*b^2*c^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^2*c^2*d + 6*B*a^3*b*c*d^2 + 2*A*a^3*b*d^3 - (2*A*b^4*c^3 + 3*B*a*b^3*c^2*d + 3*A*a*b^3*c*d^2 - 4*B*a^2*b^2*d^3)*x^3 + 3*(3*B*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 + A*a^2*b^2*d^3)*x^2 - 3*(A*a*b^3*c^3 - B*a^3*b*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^2*b^5*x^4 + 2*a^3*b^4*x^2 + a^4*b^3)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)**3/(b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)**3/(a + b*x**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{3} Bd^3 x \left(\frac{3x^2}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}b} + \frac{2a}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}b^2} \right) + \frac{2Ac^3x}{3\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2}} + \frac{Ac^3x}{3(bx^2+a)^{3/2}a} - \frac{Bd^3x}{3\sqrt{bx^2+ab^2}} + \frac{Bd^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^{5/2}} - \frac{Bc^3}{3(bx^2+a)^{3/2}b} - \frac{Ac^2d}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}b} - \frac{(3Bcd^2+Ad^3)x^2}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}b} - \frac{(Bc^2d+Ac^2d^2)x}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}b} + \frac{(Bc^2d+Ac^2d^2)x}{\sqrt{bx^2+aab}} - \frac{2(3Bcd^2+Ad^3)a}{3(bx^2+a)^{3/2}b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output
$$-1/3*B*d^3*x*(3*x^2/((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)*b) + 2*a/((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)*b^2)) + 2/3*A*c^3*x/(sqrt(b*x^2+a)*a^2) + 1/3*A*c^3*x/((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)*a) - 1/3*B*d^3*x/(sqrt(b*x^2+a)*b^2) + B*d^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(5/2) - 1/3*B*c^3/((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)*b) - A*c^2*d/((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)*b) - (3*B*c*d^2 + A*d^3)*x^2/((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)*b) - (B*c^2*d + A*c*d^2)*x/((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)*b) + (B*c^2*d + A*c*d^2)*x/(sqrt(b*x^2+a)*a*b) - 2/3*(3*B*c*d^2 + A*d^3)*a/((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)*b^2)$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{Bd^3 \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2+a}\right|\right)}{b^{5/2}} + \frac{\left(x\left(\frac{2Ab^5c^3+3Bab^4c^2d+3Aab^4cd^2-4Ba^2b^3d^3}{a^2b^4}x - \frac{3(3Ba^2b^3cd^2+Aa^2b^3d^3)}{a^2b^4}\right) + \frac{3(Aab^4c^3-Ba^3b^2d^3)}{a^2b^4}\right)x - \frac{Ba^2b^3c^3+3Aa^2b^3c^2d}{a^2}}{3(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-B*d^3*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(5/2) + 1/3*((x*((2*A*b^5*c^3 + 3*B*a*b^4*c^2*d + 3*A*a*b^4*c*d^2 - 4*B*a^2*b^3*d^3)*x/(a^2*b^4) - 3*(3*B*a^2*b^3*c*d^2 + A*a^2*b^3*d^3)/(a^2*b^4)) + 3*(A*a*b^4*c^3 - B*a^3*b^2*d^3)/(a^2*b^4))*x - (B*a^2*b^3*c^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^3*c^2*d + 6*B*a^3*b^2*c*d^2 + 2*A*a^3*b^2*d^3)/(a^2*b^4))/(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(bx^2+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^3)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int(((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^3)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 470, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{bx^2+a}a^3d^3 - 3\sqrt{bx^2+a}a^2bc^2d - 6\sqrt{bx^2+a}a^2bcd^2 - 3\sqrt{bx^2+a}a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 3\sqrt{bx^2+a}a^2b^2cd^3}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*d**3 - 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*c**2*d - 6*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*d**3*x**2 - 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*d**3*x + 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*c**3*x - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*c**3 + 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**3 - 9*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*d**3*x**3 + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*c**3*x**3 + 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*c**2*d*x**3 + 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**3*d**3 + 6*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**2*b*d**3*x**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a*b**2*d**3*x**4 + 3*sqrt(b)*a**3*c*d**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*a**2*b*c**3 + 3*sqrt(b)*a**2*b*c**2*d + 6*sqrt(b)*a**2*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(b)*a*b**2*c**3*x**2 + 6*sqrt(b)*a*b**2*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**4 - 2*sqrt(b)*b**3*c**3*x**4 + 3*sqrt(b)*b**3*c**2*d*x**4)/(3*a*b**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**2 + b**2*x**4))
```


3.189
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^2}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1600
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1600
Rubi [A] (verified)	1601
Maple [A] (verified)	1602
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1602
Sympy [F]	1603
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1603
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1604
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1604
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1605

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^2}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(aB - Abx)(c+dx)^2}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(Abc + aBd)(ad - bcx)}{3a^2b^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

output `-1/3*(-A*b*x+B*a)*(d*x+c)^2/a/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-2/3*(A*b*c+B*a*d)*(-b*c*x+a*d)/a^2/b^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)^2}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2a^3Bd^2 + 2Ab^3c^2x^3 + ab^2x(3Ac^2 + 2Bcdx^2 + Ad^2x^2) - a^2b(2Acd + B(c^2 + 3d^2x^2))}{3a^2b^2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*a^3*B*d^2 + 2*A*b^3*c^2*x^3 + a*b^2*x*(3*A*c^2 + 2*B*c*d*x^2 + A*d^2*x^2) - a^2*b*(2*A*c*d + B*(c^2 + 3*d^2*x^2)))/(3*a^2*b^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {678, 453}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 678

$$\frac{2(aBd + Abc) \int \frac{c+dx}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} - \frac{(c + dx)^2(aB - Abx)}{3ab(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 453

$$-\frac{2(ad - bcx)(aBd + Abc)}{3a^2b^2\sqrt{a + bx^2}} - \frac{(c + dx)^2(aB - Abx)}{3ab(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `-1/3*((a*B - A*b*x)*(c + d*x)^2)/(a*b*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)) - (2*(A*b*c + a*B*d)*(a*d - b*c*x))/(3*a^2*b^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 453 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(a*d - b*c*x)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 678 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*g - c*f*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*d*f + a*e*g)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0] && LtQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{-Aa^2b^2d^2x^3 - 2Ab^3c^2x^3 - 2Bab^2cdx^3 + 3Ba^2bd^2x^2 - 3Aab^2c^2x + 2Aa^2bcd + 2Ba^3d^2 + Ba^2bc^2}{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b^2}$
trager	$-\frac{-Aa^2b^2d^2x^3 - 2Ab^3c^2x^3 - 2Bab^2cdx^3 + 3Ba^2bd^2x^2 - 3Aab^2c^2x + 2Aa^2bcd + 2Ba^3d^2 + Ba^2bc^2}{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b^2}$
orering	$-\frac{-Aa^2b^2d^2x^3 - 2Ab^3c^2x^3 - 2Bab^2cdx^3 + 3Ba^2bd^2x^2 - 3Aab^2c^2x + 2Aa^2bcd + 2Ba^3d^2 + Ba^2bc^2}{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b^2}$
default	$A^2c^2 \left(\frac{x}{3a(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3a^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} \right) + d(Ad + 2Bc) \left(-\frac{x}{2b(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{a \left(\frac{x}{3a(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3a^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} \right)}{2b} \right) - \frac{c}{3b}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*(-A*a*b^2*d^2*x^3-2*A*b^3*c^2*x^3-2*B*a*b^2*c*d*x^3+3*B*a^2*b*d^2*x^2-3*A*a*b^2*c^2*x+2*A*a^2*b*c*d+2*B*a^3*d^2+B*a^2*b*c^2)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/a^2/b^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(3Ba^2bd^2x^2 - 3Aab^2c^2x + Ba^2bc^2 + 2Aa^2bcd + 2Ba^3d^2 - (2Ab^3c^2 + 2Bab^2cd + Aab^2d^2)x^3)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{3(a^2b^4x^4 + 2a^3b^3x^2 + a^4b^2)}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/3*(3*B*a^2*b*d^2*x^2 - 3*A*a*b^2*c^2*x + B*a^2*b*c^2 + 2*A*a^2*b*c*d + 2*B*a^3*d^2 - (2*A*b^3*c^2 + 2*B*a*b^2*c*d + A*a*b^2*d^2)*x^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a^2*b^4*x^4 + 2*a^3*b^3*x^2 + a^4*b^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)**2/(b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)**2/(a + b*x**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 169 vs. 2(69) = 138.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx &= -\frac{Bd^2x^2}{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}b} + \frac{2Ac^2x}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + aa^2}} \\ &+ \frac{Ac^2x}{3(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}a} - \frac{Bc^2}{3(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}b} - \frac{2Acd}{3(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}b} \\ &- \frac{2Bad^2}{3(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}b^2} - \frac{(2Bcd + Ad^2)x}{3(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}b} + \frac{(2Bcd + Ad^2)x}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + aab}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-B*d^2*x^2/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) + 2/3*A*c^2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2) + 1/3
*A*c^2*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a) - 1/3*B*c^2/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) - 2/3*A*c
*d/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) - 2/3*B*a*d^2/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^2) - 1/3*(2*B*c
*d + A*d^2)*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) + 1/3*(2*B*c*d + A*d^2)*x/(sqrt(b*x^2
+ a)*a*b)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{3Ac^2}{a} - \left(\frac{3Bd^2}{b} - \frac{(2Ab^3c^2 + 2Bab^2cd + Aab^2d^2)x}{a^2b^2}\right)x - \frac{Ba^2bc^2 + 2Aa^2bcd + 2Ba^3d^2}{a^2b^2}\right)}{3(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*((3*A*c^2/a - (3*B*d^2/b - (2*A*b^3*c^2 + 2*B*a*b^2*c*d + A*a*b^2*d^2)*x/(a^2*b^2))*x)*x - (B*a^2*b*c^2 + 2*A*a^2*b*c*d + 2*B*a^3*d^2)/(a^2*b^2))/(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2Ba^3d^2 + Ba^2bc^2 + 2Aa^2bcd + 3Ba^2bd^2x^2 - 3Aab^2c^2x - 2Bab^2cdx^3 - Aab^2d^2x^3 - 2Ab^3c^2x}{3a^2b^2(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^2)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x)`output `-(2*B*a^3*d^2 + B*a^2*b*c^2 - 2*A*b^3*c^2*x^3 - A*a*b^2*d^2*x^3 + 3*B*a^2*b*d^2*x^2 + 2*A*a^2*b*c*d - 3*A*a*b^2*c^2*x - 2*B*a*b^2*c*d*x^3)/(3*a^2*b^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.66

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 bcd - 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 b d^2 + 3\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a b^2 c^2 x - \sqrt{bx^2 + a} a b^2 c}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`output `(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*c*d - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*d**2 + 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*c**2*x - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*c**2 + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*d**2*x**3 - 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*c**2*x**3 + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*c*d*x**3 + sqrt(b)*a**3*d**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*a**2*b*c**2 + 2*sqrt(b)*a**2*b*c*d + 2*sqrt(b)*a**2*b*d**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(b)*a*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 4*sqrt(b)*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 + sqrt(b)*a*b**2*d**2*x**4 - 2*sqrt(b)*b**3*c**2*x**4 + 2*sqrt(b)*b**3*c*d*x**4)/(3*a*b**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**2 + b**2*x**4))`

$$3.190 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1606
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1606
Rubi [A] (verified)	1607
Maple [A] (verified)	1608
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1608
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1609
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1609
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1610
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1610
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1611

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{a(Bc+Ad) - (Abc - aBd)x}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{(2Abc + aBd)x}{3a^2b\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(a*(A*d+B*c)-(A*b*c-B*a*d)*x)/a/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/3*(2*A*b*c+B*a*d)*x/a^2/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-a^2Bc - a^2Ad + 3aAbcx + 2Ab^2cx^3 + abBdx^3}{3a^2b(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x))/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(-(a^2*B*c) - a^2*A*d + 3*a*A*b*c*x + 2*A*b^2*c*x^3 + a*b*B*d*x^3)/(3*a^2*b*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {675, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 675

$$\frac{(aBd + 2Abc) \int \frac{1}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} - \frac{Ad + Bc}{3b(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(Abc - aBd)}{3ab(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 208

$$\frac{x(aBd + 2Abc)}{3a^2b\sqrt{a + bx^2}} - \frac{Ad + Bc}{3b(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(Abc - aBd)}{3ab(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(c + d*x))/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `-1/3*(B*c + A*d)/(b*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((A*b*c - a*B*d)*x)/(3*a*b*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((2*A*b*c + a*B*d)*x)/(3*a^2*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 675 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] + (-Simp[(c*d*f - a*e*g)*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] && NiceSqrtQ[(-a)*c])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	si
gospers	$-\frac{-2Ab^2cx^3 - aBbdx^3 - 3Aabcx + a^2Ad + Ba^2c}{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b}$	57
trager	$-\frac{-2Ab^2cx^3 - aBbdx^3 - 3Aabcx + a^2Ad + Ba^2c}{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b}$	57
orering	$-\frac{-2Ab^2cx^3 - aBbdx^3 - 3Aabcx + a^2Ad + Ba^2c}{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b}$	57
default	$Ac\left(\frac{x}{3a(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3a^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) - \frac{Ad+Bc}{3b(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + Bd\left(-\frac{x}{2b(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{a\left(\frac{x}{3a(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3a^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right)}{2b}\right)$	11

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/3*(-2*A*b^2*c*x^3 - B*a*b*d*x^3 - 3*A*a*b*c*x + A*a^2*d + B*a^2*c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/a^2/b$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(3Aabcx - Ba^2c - Aa^2d + (2Ab^2c + Babd)x^3)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{3(a^2b^3x^4 + 2a^3b^2x^2 + a^4b)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$1/3*(3*A*a*b*c*x - B*a^2*c - A*a^2*d + (2*A*b^2*c + B*a*b*d)*x^3)*\text{sqrt}(b*x^2 + a)/(a^2*b^3*x^4 + 2*a^3*b^2*x^2 + a^4*b)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.25

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = Ac \left(\frac{3ax}{3a^{7/2} \sqrt{1+\frac{bx^2}{a}} + 3a^{5/2} bx^2 \sqrt{1+\frac{bx^2}{a}}} + \frac{2bx^3}{3a^{7/2} \sqrt{1+\frac{bx^2}{a}} + 3a^{5/2} bx^2 \sqrt{1+\frac{bx^2}{a}}} \right) + Ad \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{1}{3ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}+3b^2x^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2a^{5/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + Bc \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{1}{3ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}+3b^2x^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2a^{5/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + \frac{Bdx^3}{3a^{5/2} \sqrt{1+\frac{bx^2}{a}} + 3a^{3/2} bx^2 \sqrt{1+\frac{bx^2}{a}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`output `A*c*(3*a*x/(3*a**(7/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x**2/a) + 3*a**(5/2)*b*x**2*sqrt(1 + b*x**2/a)) + 2*b*x**3/(3*a**(7/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x**2/a) + 3*a**(5/2)*b*x**2*sqrt(1 + b*x**2/a))) + A*d*Piecewise((-1/(3*a*b*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 3*b**2*x**2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)), Ne(b, 0)), (x**2/(2*a**(5/2))), True)) + B*c*Piecewise((-1/(3*a*b*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 3*b**2*x**2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)), Ne(b, 0)), (x**2/(2*a**(5/2))), True)) + B*d*x**3/(3*a**(5/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x**2/a) + 3*a**(3/2)*b*x**2*sqrt(1 + b*x**2/a))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(c+dx)}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2Acx}{3\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2}} + \frac{Acx}{3(bx^2+a)^{3/2}a} - \frac{Bdx}{3(bx^2+a)^{3/2}b} + \frac{Bdx}{3\sqrt{bx^2+aab}} - \frac{Bc}{3(bx^2+a)^{3/2}b} - \frac{Ad}{3(bx^2+a)^{3/2}b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{2}{3}A*c*x/(\text{sqrt}(b*x^2 + a)*a^2) + \frac{1}{3}A*c*x/((b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*a) - \frac{1}{3}B*d*x/((b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*b) + \frac{1}{3}B*d*x/(\text{sqrt}(b*x^2 + a)*a*b) - \frac{1}{3}B*c/((b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*b) - \frac{1}{3}A*d/((b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*b)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{3Ac}{a} + \frac{(2Ab^2c + Babd)x^2}{a^2b}\right)x - \frac{Ba^2c + Aa^2d}{a^2b}}{3(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{3}*((3*A*c/a + (2*A*b^2*c + B*a*b*d)*x^2/(a^2*b))*x - (B*a^2*c + A*a^2*d)/(a^2*b))/(b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{a(Bbdx^3 + 3Abcx)}{3(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{2Ab^2cx^3}{3(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}}{a^2b} - \frac{Ad + Bc}{3b(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(c + d*x))/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output $\frac{((a*(B*b*d*x^3 + 3*A*b*c*x))/(3*(a + b*x^2)^{(3/2)}) + (2*A*b^2*c*x^3)/(3*(a + b*x^2)^{(3/2)}))/(a^2*b) - (A*d + B*c)/(3*b*(a + b*x^2)^{(3/2)})$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 d + 3\sqrt{bx^2 + a} abc x - \sqrt{bx^2 + a} abc + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a} b^2 c x^3 + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} b^2 c x^3 + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} b^2 c x^3}{3ab(b^2 x^4)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`output `(- sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*d + 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c*x - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c*x**3 + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*d*x**3 - 2*sqrt(b)*a**2*c + sqrt(b)*a**2*d - 4*sqrt(b)*a*b*c*x**2 + 2*sqrt(b)*a*b*d*x**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*b**2*c*x**4 + sqrt(b)*b**2*d*x**4)/(3*a*b*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**2 + b**2*x**4))`

$$3.191 \quad \int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1612
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1612
Rubi [A] (verified)	1613
Maple [A] (verified)	1614
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1614
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1615
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1615
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1616
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1616
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1616

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-aB+Abx}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2Ax}{3a^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

output `1/3*(A*b*x-B*a)/a/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+2/3*A*x/a^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-a^2B+3aAbx+2Ab^2x^3}{3a^2b(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(-(a^2*B) + 3*a*A*b*x + 2*A*b^2*x^3)/(3*a^2*b*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {454, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 454$$

$$\frac{2A \int \frac{1}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3a} - \frac{aB - Abx}{3ab(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 208$$

$$\frac{2Ax}{3a^2\sqrt{a + bx^2}} - \frac{aB - Abx}{3ab(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `-1/3*(a*B - A*b*x)/(a*b*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*A*x)/(3*a^2*sqrt[a + b*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 454 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a*d - b*c*x)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x] + Simp[c*((2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1))) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2Ax^3b^2+3abAx-a^2B}{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b}$	40
trager	$\frac{2Ax^3b^2+3abAx-a^2B}{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b}$	40
orering	$\frac{2Ax^3b^2+3abAx-a^2B}{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b}$	40
default	$A\left(\frac{x}{3a(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3a^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) - \frac{B}{3b(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	50

input `int((B*x+A)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*(2*A*b^2*x^3+3*A*a*b*x-B*a^2)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/a^2/b`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(2Ab^2x^3+3Aabx-Ba^2)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{3(a^2b^3x^4+2a^3b^2x^2+a^4b)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(2*A*b^2*x^3 + 3*A*a*b*x - B*a^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a^2*b^3*x^4 + 2*a^3*b^2*x^2 + a^4*b)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 97 vs. $2(44) = 88$.

Time = 4.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = A \left(\frac{3ax}{3a^{7/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}} + 3a^{5/2} bx^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}}} + \frac{2bx^3}{3a^{7/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}} + 3a^{5/2} bx^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}}} \right) + B \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{1}{3ab\sqrt{a+bx^2} + 3b^2x^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2a^{5/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `A*(3*a*x/(3*a**(7/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x**2/a) + 3*a**(5/2)*b*x**2*sqrt(1 + b*x**2/a)) + 2*b*x**3/(3*a**(7/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x**2/a) + 3*a**(5/2)*b*x**2*sqrt(1 + b*x**2/a))) + B*Piecewise((-1/(3*a*b*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 3*b**2*x**2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)), Ne(b, 0)), (x**2/(2*a**(5/2)), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2Ax}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + aa^2}} + \frac{Ax}{3(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}a} - \frac{B}{3(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*A*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2) + 1/3*A*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a) - 1/3*B/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{2Abx^2}{a^2} + \frac{3A}{a}\right)x - \frac{B}{b}}{3(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*((2*A*b*x^2/a^2 + 3*A/a)*x - B/b)/(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2Abx(bx^2 + a) - Ba^2 + Aabx}{3a^2b(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*A*b*x*(a + b*x^2) - B*a^2 + A*a*b*x)/(3*a^2*b*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + a}abx - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}ab + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}b^2x^3 - 2\sqrt{b}a^2 - 4\sqrt{b}abx^2 - 2\sqrt{b}b^2x^4}{3ab(b^2x^4 + 2abx^2 + a^2)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*x - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*x**3 - 2*sqrt(b)*a**2 - 4*sqrt(b)*a*b*x**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*b**2*x**4)/(3*a*b*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**2 + b**2*x**4))`

3.192 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1617
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1618
Rubi [A] (verified)	1618
Maple [B] (verified)	1621
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1622
Sympy [F]	1623
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1623
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1625
Mupad [F(-1)]	1626
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1627

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{a(Bc-Ad)-(Abc+aBd)x}{3a(bc^2+ad^2)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3a^2d^2(Bc-Ad)+(aBd(bc^2-2ad^2)-Abc(2bc^2+5ad^2))x}{3a^2(bc^2+ad^2)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} + \frac{d^3(Bc-Ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{(bc^2+ad^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(a*(-A*d+B*c)-(A*b*c+B*a*d)*x)/a/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-1/3*(3*a^2*d^2*(-A*d+B*c)+(a*B*d*(-2*a*d^2+b*c^2)-A*b*c*(5*a*d^2+2*b*c^2))*x)/a^2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+d^3*(-A*d+B*c)*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2Ab^3c^3x^3 + a^3d^2(-4Bc + 4Ad + 3Bdx) + ab^2cx(3Ac^2 - Bcdx^2 + 5Ad^2x^2) - 2d^3(Bc - Ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)} - d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}}\right)}{3a^2(bc^2 + ad^2)^2(a + bx^2)^{3/2} + (-bc^2 - ad^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output
$$\frac{(2A^3b^3c^3x^3 + a^3d^2(-4Bc + 4Ad + 3Bdx) + a^2b^2c^2x(3Ac^2 - Bcdx^2 + 5Ad^2x^2) + a^2b^2c^2x^2 + 5A^2d^2x^2) + a^2b^2c^2x^2 + a^2b^2c^2x^2 + a^2b^2c^2x^2 - Bc^3 + 3c^2d^2x^2 - 2d^3x^3)}{(3a^2(bc^2 + ad^2)^2(a + bx^2)^{3/2}) + (2d^3(Bc - Ad) \operatorname{ArcTan}[\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)} - d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}}]) / (-bc^2 - ad^2)^{5/2}}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {686, 25, 27, 686, 27, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 686

$$-\frac{\int \frac{b(2Abc^2 - aBdc + 3aAd^2 + 2d(Abc + aBd)x)}{(c+dx)(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{b(2Abc^2 - aBdc + 3aAd^2 + 2d(Abc + aBd)x)}{(c+dx)(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{2Abc^2 - aBdc + 3aAd^2 + 2d(Abc + aBd)x}{(c+dx)(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 686 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3a^2bd^3(Bc-Ad)}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ab(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{3a^2d^2(Bc-Ad)+x(aBd(bc^2-2ad^2)-Abc(5ad^2+2bc^2))}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \quad \frac{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)} \\
& \quad \frac{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{3ad^3(Bc-Ad) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{3a^2d^2(Bc-Ad)+x(aBd(bc^2-2ad^2)-Abc(5ad^2+2bc^2))}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \quad \frac{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)} \\
& \quad \frac{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 488 \\
& \frac{3ad^3(Bc-Ad) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{3a^2d^2(Bc-Ad)+x(aBd(bc^2-2ad^2)-Abc(5ad^2+2bc^2))}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \quad \frac{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)} \\
& \quad \frac{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{3ad^3(Bc-Ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3a^2d^2(Bc-Ad)+x(aBd(bc^2-2ad^2)-Abc(5ad^2+2bc^2))}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \quad \frac{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)} \\
& \quad \frac{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(ad^2 + bc^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)), x]$$

output

$$-1/3*(a*(B*c - A*d) - (A*b*c + a*B*d)*x)/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(a + b*x^2)^{(3/2)}) + (-((3*a^2*d^2*(B*c - A*d) + (a*B*d*(b*c^2 - 2*a*d^2) - A*b*c*(2*b*c^2 + 5*a*d^2))*x)/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])) + (3*a*d^3*(B*c - A*d)*\text{ArcTanh}[(a*d - b*c*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^{(3/2)}/(3*a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{ !MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{ NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \text{ || LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 488

$$\text{Int}[1/(((c_ + (d_)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2])), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$$

rule 686

$$\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_)*(x_)^m)*((f_ + (g_)*(x_))*((a_ + (c_)*(x_)^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^{(p+1})/(2*a*c*(p+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*c*(p+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}*\text{Simp}[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p+3) + a*c*e^2*(m+2*p+3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m+2*p+4)*x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \&\& \text{ LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \text{ || IntegerQ}[p] \text{ || IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 645 vs. 2(190) = 380.

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 646, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

method	result
default	$\frac{B \left(\frac{x}{3a(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3a^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} \right)}{d} + \frac{(Ad-Bc) \left(\frac{d^2}{3(ad^2+bc^2) \left(b \left(x + \frac{c}{d} \right)^2 - \frac{2bc}{d} \left(x + \frac{c}{d} \right) + \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{bcd \left(\frac{4b(ad^2+bc^2)}{d^2} - \frac{4b^2c^2}{d^2} \right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output B/d*(1/3*x/a/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+2/3/a^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*x)+(A*d-B*c)/d^2*(1/3/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2/3*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+16/3*b/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)^2*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))+1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 585 vs. $2(192) = 384$.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1196, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.86

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[ -1/6*(3*(B*a^4*c*d^3 - A*a^4*d^4 + (B*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 - A*a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^4
+ 2*(B*a^3*b*c*d^3 - A*a^3*b*d^4)*x^2)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x
- a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)
)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*(B*a^2*b^2
*c^5 - A*a^2*b^2*c^4*d + 5*B*a^3*b*c^3*d^2 - 5*A*a^3*b*c^2*d^3 + 4*B*a^4*c
*d^4 - 4*A*a^4*d^5 - (2*A*b^4*c^5 - B*a*b^3*c^4*d + 7*A*a*b^3*c^3*d^2 + B
a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 5*A*a^2*b^2*c*d^4 + 2*B*a^3*b*d^5)*x^3 + 3*(B*a^2*b^2*c^
3*d^2 - A*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 + B*a^3*b*c*d^4 - A*a^3*b*d^5)*x^2 - 3*(A*a*b^3*c
^5 + 3*A*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^2 + B*a^3*b*c^2*d^3 + 2*A*a^3*b*c*d^4 + B*a^4*d^5)
*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^4*b^3*c^6 + 3*a^5*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^6*b*c^2*d^4 +
a^7*d^6 + (a^2*b^5*c^6 + 3*a^3*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^4*b^3*c^2*d^4 + a^5*b^2*d
^6)*x^4 + 2*(a^3*b^4*c^6 + 3*a^4*b^3*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^5*b^2*c^2*d^4 + a^6*b*d
^6)*x^2), 1/3*(3*(B*a^4*c*d^3 - A*a^4*d^4 + (B*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 - A*a^2*b^2*d
^4)*x^4 + 2*(B*a^3*b*c*d^3 - A*a^3*b*d^4)*x^2)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan
(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (
b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) - (B*a^2*b^2*c^5 - A*a^2*b^2*c^4*d + 5*B*a^3*b*c^
3*d^2 - 5*A*a^3*b*c^2*d^3 + 4*B*a^4*c*d^4 - 4*A*a^4*d^5 - (2*A*b^4*c^5 - B
*a*b^3*c^4*d + 7*A*a*b^3*c^3*d^2 + B*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 5*A*a^2*b^2*c*d^4 +
2*B*a^3*b*d^5)*x^3 + 3*(B*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^2 - A*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 + B*a^3*b*c
*d^4 - A*a^3*b*d^5)*x^2 - 3*(A*a*b^3*c^5 + 3*A*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^2 + B*a^3*b*...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)/(b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/((a + b*x**2)**(5/2)*(c + d*x)), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 630 vs. 2(192) = 384.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 630, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \\
 & - \frac{Bbc^2x}{\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+aab^2c^4}}{d} + 2\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2bc^2d} + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^3d^3}} \\
 & - \frac{Bbc^2x}{3\left((bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}abc^2d + (bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2d^3\right)} \\
 & - \frac{2Bbc^2x}{3\left(\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2bc^2d} + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^3d^3}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{Abcx}{3\left((bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}abc^2 + (bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2d^2\right)} \\
 & + \frac{Abcx}{2\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2bc^2} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+aab^2c^4}}{d^2} + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^3d^2}} \\
 & + \frac{2Abcx}{3\left(\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2bc^2} + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^3d^2}\right)} - \frac{Bc}{3\left((bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}bc^2 + (bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}ad^2\right)} \\
 & - \frac{Bc}{2\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2bc^2} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ab^2c^4}}{d^2} + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^2d^2}} \\
 & + \frac{A}{\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ab^2c^4}}{d^3} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2bc^2}}{d} + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^2d}} \\
 & + \frac{A}{3\left(\frac{(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}bc^2}{d} + (bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}ad\right)} + \frac{2Bx}{3\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2d}} + \frac{Bx}{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}ad} \\
 & - \frac{Bc \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}}\right)}{\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}d^2} + \frac{A \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}}\right)}{\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-B*b*c^2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^2*c^4/d + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*c^2*d +
sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^3) - 1/3*B*b*c^2*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*b*c^2*d + (b
*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^2*d^3) - 2/3*B*b*c^2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*c^2*d + sq
rt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^3) + 1/3*A*b*c*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*b*c^2 + (b*x^2 +
a)^(3/2)*a^2*d^2) + A*b*c*x/(2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*c^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a
)*a*b^2*c^4/d^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^2) + 2/3*A*b*c*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*
a^2*b*c^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^2) - 1/3*B*c/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b*c^2 +
(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*d^2) - B*c/(2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a
)*b^2*c^4/d^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*d^2) + A/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^4/d^3
+ 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^2/d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*d) + 1/3*A/((b*x^2 + a
)^(3/2)*b*c^2/d + (b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*d) + 2/3*B*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*d)
+ 1/3*B*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*d) - B*c*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x
+ c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(5/2)*d^2) + A*arcs
inh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b
*c^2/d^2)^(5/2)*d)

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1467 vs. $2(192) = 384$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1467, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.19

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

2*(B*c*d^3 - A*d^4)*arctan(((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/s
qrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))/((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*
d^2)) + 1/3*(((2*A*b^10*c^15 - B*a*b^9*c^14*d + 17*A*a*b^9*c^13*d^2 - 4*B
*a^2*b^8*c^12*d^3 + 60*A*a^2*b^8*c^11*d^4 - 3*B*a^3*b^7*c^10*d^5 + 115*A*a
^3*b^7*c^9*d^6 + 10*B*a^4*b^6*c^8*d^7 + 130*A*a^4*b^6*c^7*d^8 + 25*B*a^5*b
^5*c^6*d^9 + 87*A*a^5*b^5*c^5*d^10 + 24*B*a^6*b^4*c^4*d^11 + 32*A*a^6*b^4*
c^3*d^12 + 11*B*a^7*b^3*c^2*d^13 + 5*A*a^7*b^3*c*d^14 + 2*B*a^8*b^2*d^15)*
x/(a^2*b^9*c^16 + 8*a^3*b^8*c^14*d^2 + 28*a^4*b^7*c^12*d^4 + 56*a^5*b^6*c^
10*d^6 + 70*a^6*b^5*c^8*d^8 + 56*a^7*b^4*c^6*d^10 + 28*a^8*b^3*c^4*d^12 +
8*a^9*b^2*c^2*d^14 + a^10*b*d^16) - 3*(B*a^2*b^8*c^13*d^2 - A*a^2*b^8*c^12
*d^3 + 6*B*a^3*b^7*c^11*d^4 - 6*A*a^3*b^7*c^10*d^5 + 15*B*a^4*b^6*c^9*d^6
- 15*A*a^4*b^6*c^8*d^7 + 20*B*a^5*b^5*c^7*d^8 - 20*A*a^5*b^5*c^6*d^9 + 15*
B*a^6*b^4*c^5*d^10 - 15*A*a^6*b^4*c^4*d^11 + 6*B*a^7*b^3*c^3*d^12 - 6*A*a^
7*b^3*c^2*d^13 + B*a^8*b^2*c*d^14 - A*a^8*b^2*d^15)/(a^2*b^9*c^16 + 8*a^3*
b^8*c^14*d^2 + 28*a^4*b^7*c^12*d^4 + 56*a^5*b^6*c^10*d^6 + 70*a^6*b^5*c^8*
d^8 + 56*a^7*b^4*c^6*d^10 + 28*a^8*b^3*c^4*d^12 + 8*a^9*b^2*c^2*d^14 + a^1
0*b*d^16))*x + 3*(A*a*b^9*c^15 + 8*A*a^2*b^8*c^13*d^2 + B*a^3*b^7*c^12*d^3
+ 27*A*a^3*b^7*c^11*d^4 + 6*B*a^4*b^6*c^10*d^5 + 50*A*a^4*b^6*c^9*d^6 + 1
5*B*a^5*b^5*c^8*d^7 + 55*A*a^5*b^5*c^7*d^8 + 20*B*a^6*b^4*c^6*d^9 + 36*A*a
^6*b^4*c^5*d^10 + 15*B*a^7*b^3*c^4*d^11 + 13*A*a^7*b^3*c^3*d^12 + 6*B*a...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)), x)
```

output

```
int((A + B*x)/((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7379, normalized size of antiderivative = 36.17

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*
sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(
b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a**3*c*d**2 + 6*sqrt(b)*s
qrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b
*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2
+ b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a**2*b*c**2*d - 12*sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)
)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*atan(
(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c
- a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a**2*b*c*d**2*x**2 + 12*sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(
a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(
a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**
2 - 2*b*c**2))*a*b**2*c**2*d*x**2 - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**
2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*
c**2))*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**4 + 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + s
qrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*b
**3*c**2*d*x**4 - 6*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*
c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a**4*d**4 - 6*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d...
```

3.193 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^2(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1628
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1629
Rubi [A] (verified)	1629
Maple [B] (verified)	1632
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1633
Sympy [F(-1)]	1634
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1635
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1636
Mupad [F(-1)]	1637
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1637

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 308

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^2(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{Bc-Ad}{(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{a(aBd^2-bc(4Bc-5Ad))+b(Abc^2+5aBcd-4aAd^2)x}{3a(bc^2+ad^2)^2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{3a^2d^2(aBd^2-bc(4Bc-5Ad))-b(aBcd(2bc^2-13ad^2)-A(2b^2c^4+9abc^2d^2-8a^2d^4))x}{3a^2(bc^2+ad^2)^3\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{d^3(aBd^2-bc(4Bc-5Ad))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{(bc^2+ad^2)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
(-A*d+B*c)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/3*(a*(a*B*d^2-b*c*(-5*A*d+4*B*c))+b*(-4*A*a*d^2+A*b*c^2+5*B*a*c*d)*x)/a/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/3*(3*a^2*d^2*(a*B*d^2-b*c*(-5*A*d+4*B*c))-b*(a*B*c*d*(-13*a*d^2+2*b*c^2)-A*(-8*a^2*d^4+9*a*b*c^2*d^2+2*b^2*c^4))*x)/a^2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-d^3*(a*B*d^2-b*c*(-5*A*d+4*B*c))*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 11.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{d(aBcd(-2bc^2+13ad^2)+A(2b^2c^4+9abc^2d^2-8a^2d^4))\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a(bc^2+ad^2)^2} + \frac{Abcx+a(-Bc+Ad+Bdx)}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2Ab^2c}{3a^2(bc^2+ad^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((d*(a*B*c*d*(-2*b*c^2 + 13*a*d^2) + A*(2*b^2*c^4 + 9*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 8*a^2*d^4))*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^2) + (A*b*c*x + a*(-(B*c) + A*d + B*d*x))/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2) + (2*A*b^2*c^3*x + a^2*d^2*(-5*B*c + 4*A*d + 3*B*d*x) - a*b*c*d*(2*B*c*x + A*(c - 7*d*x)))/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) - (3*a*d^3*(a*B*d^2 + b*c*(-4*B*c + 5*A*d))*(c + d*x)*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(5/2))/(3*a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {686, 25, 27, 686, 27, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 686

$$\int \frac{-\frac{b(2(ABC^2 - aBdc + 2aAd^2) + 3d(ABC + aBd)x)}{(c+dx)^2(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx) (ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(2(ABC^2 - aBdc + 2aAd^2) + 3d(ABC + aBd)x)}{(c+dx)^2(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{2(ABC^2 - aBdc + 2aAd^2) + 3d(ABC + aBd)x}{(c+dx)^2(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

↓ 686

$$\frac{\int \frac{bd(2ad(ABC^2 + 5aBdc - 4aAd^2) + (aBd(2bc^2 - 3ad^2) - Abc(2bc^2 + 7ad^2))x)}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ab(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{x(aBd(2bc^2 - 3ad^2) - Abc(7ad^2 + 2bc^2)) + ad(-4aAd^2 + 5aBcd + Abc^2)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

$$\frac{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)} \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{d \int \frac{2ad(ABC^2 + 5aBdc - 4aAd^2) + (aBd(2bc^2 - 3ad^2) - Abc(2bc^2 + 7ad^2))x}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{a(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{x(aBd(2bc^2 - 3ad^2) - Abc(7ad^2 + 2bc^2)) + ad(-4aAd^2 + 5aBcd + Abc^2)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

$$\frac{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)} \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

↓ 679

$$\frac{d \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(aBcd(2bc^2 - 13ad^2) - A(-8a^2d^4 + 9abc^2d^2 + 2b^2c^4))}{(c+dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{3a^2d^2(aBd^2 - bc(4Bc - 5Ad)) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ad^2 + bc^2} \right)}{a(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{x(aBd(2bc^2 - 3ad^2) - Abc^2)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

$$\frac{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)} \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{d \left(\frac{3a^2d^2(aBd^2 - bc(4Bc - 5Ad)) \int \frac{1}{bc^2 + ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{ad^2 + bc^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(aBcd(2bc^2 - 13ad^2) - A(-8a^2d^4 + 9abc^2d^2 + 2b^2c^4))}{(c+dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)} \right)}{a(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{x(aBd(2bc^2 - 3ad^2) - Abc^2)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

$$\frac{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)} \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

↓ 219

$$-\frac{d\left(\frac{3a^2d^2(ad^2-bc(4Bc-5Ad))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)+\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(aBcd(2bc^2-13ad^2)-A(-8a^2d^4+9abc^2d^2+2b^2c^4))}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)}\right)}{a(ad^2+bc^2)}-\frac{x(aBd(2bc^2-3a(ad^2+bc^2))}{3a(ad^2+bc^2)}-\frac{a(Bc-Ad)-x(aBd+Abc)}{3a(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `-1/3*(a*(B*c - A*d) - (A*b*c + a*B*d)*x)/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)) + (-((a*d*(A*b*c^2 + 5*a*B*c*d - 4*a*A*d^2) + (a*B*d*(2*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2) - A*b*c*(2*b*c^2 + 7*a*d^2))*x)/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])) - (d*(((a*B*c*d*(2*b*c^2 - 13*a*d^2) - A*(2*b^2*c^4 + 9*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 8*a^2*d^4))*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)) + (3*a^2*d^2*(a*B*d^2 - b*c*(4*B*c - 5*A*d))*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2)))/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))/(3*a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 679

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)
)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

rule 686

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f +
a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[
1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Sim
p[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f
+ a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ
[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1508 vs. $2(292) = 584$.

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1509, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.90

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1509

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

B/d^2*(1/3/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^
2)^(3/2)+b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2/3*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)
/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+
16/3*b/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)^2*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(b*(x
+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))+1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(1/(
a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+2*b
*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/
d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)
*d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*(
a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(
1/2))/(x+c/d)))+(A*d-B*c)/d^3*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-
2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+5*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(1/3/(a*d^2
+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+b*c*d/(a
*d^2+b*c^2)*(2/3*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^
2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+16/3*b/(4*b*(a*d^
2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)^2*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(
x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))+1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/
(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)
)*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2
-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/((a*d^2+b...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1254 vs. $2(293) = 586$.

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2534, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.23

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/6*(3*(4*B*a^4*b*c^3*d^3 - 5*A*a^4*b*c^2*d^4 - B*a^5*c*d^5 + (4*B*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^4 - 5*A*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^4 - 5*A*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^4 - B*a^3*b^2*c*d^5 - B*a^3*b^2*d^6)*x^5 + (4*B*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^3 - 5*A*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^4 - B*a^3*b^2*c*d^5)*x^4 + 2*(4*B*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 5*A*a^3*b^2*c*d^5 - B*a^4*b*d^6)*x^3 + 2*(4*B*a^3*b^2*c^3*d^3 - 5*A*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^4 - B*a^4*b*c*d^5)*x^2 + (4*B*a^4*b*c^2*d^4 - 5*A*a^4*b*c*d^5 - B*a^5*d^6)*x)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*(B*a^2*b^3*c^7 - 2*A*a^2*b^3*c^6*d + 10*B*a^3*b^2*c^5*d^2 - 16*A*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^3 + 2*B*a^4*b*c^3*d^4 - 11*A*a^4*b*c^2*d^5 - 7*B*a^5*c*d^6 + 3*A*a^5*d^7 - (2*A*b^5*c^6*d - 2*B*a*b^4*c^5*d^2 + 11*A*a*b^4*c^4*d^3 + 11*B*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^4 + A*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^5 + 13*B*a^3*b^2*c*d^6 - 8*A*a^3*b^2*d^7)*x^4 - (2*A*b^5*c^7 - 2*B*a*b^4*c^6*d + 11*A*a*b^4*c^5*d^2 - B*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^3 + 16*A*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^4 + 4*B*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^5 + 7*A*a^3*b^2*c*d^6 + 3*B*a^4*b*d^7)*x^3 - 3*(A*a*b^4*c^6*d - 3*B*a^2*b^3*c^5*d^2 + 8*A*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^3 + 4*B*a^3*b^2*c^3*d^4 + 3*A*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^5 + 7*B*a^4*b*c*d^6 - 4*A*a^4*b*d^7)*x^2 - (3*A*a*b^4*c^7 - B*a^2*b^3*c^6*d + 14*A*a^2*b^3*c^5*d^2 + 2*B*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^3 + 19*A*a^3*b^2*c^3*d^4 + 7*B*a^4*b*c^2*d^5 + 8*A*a^4*b*c*d^6 + 4*B*a^5*d^7)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^4*b^4*c^9 + 4*a^5*b^3*c^7*d^2 + 6*a^6*b^2*c^5*d^4 + 4*a^7*b*c^3*d^6 + a^8*c*d^8 + (a^2*b^6*c^8*d + 4*a^3*b^5*c^6*d^3 + 6*a^4*b^4*c^4*d^5 + 4*...

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)**2/(b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1360 vs. $2(293) = 586$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1360, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-5*B*b^2*c^3*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^3*c^6/d + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b^2*c^4*d + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*b*c^2*d^3 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^4*d^5) - 5/3*B*b^2*c^3*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*b^2*c^4*d + 2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 + (b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^3*d^5) - 10/3*B*b^2*c^3*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b^2*c^4*d + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*b*c^2*d^3 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^4*d^5) + 5/3*A*b^2*c^2*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*b^2*c^4 + 2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 + (b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^3*d^4) + 5*A*b^2*c^2*x/(3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b^2*c^4 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^3*c^6/d^2 + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*b*c^2*d^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^4*d^4) + 10/3*A*b^2*c^2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b^2*c^4 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*b*c^2*d^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^4*d^4) - 5/3*B*b*c^2/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^2*c^4 + 2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*b*c^2*d^2 + (b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^2*d^4) - 5*B*b*c^2/(3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^2*c^4 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^3*c^6/d^2 + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^4) + B*b*c*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^2*c^4/d + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*c^2*d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^3) + 5/3*B*b*c*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*b*c^2*d + (b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^2*d^3) + 10/3*B*b*c*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*c^2*d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^3) + 5*A*b*c/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^3*c^6/d^3 + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^2*c^4/d + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*c^2*d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^3) + 5/3*A*b*c/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^2*c^4/d + 2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*b*c^2*d + (b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^2*d^3) - 4/3*A*b*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*b*c^2 + (b...
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1957 vs. $2(293) = 586$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1957, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.35

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/3*((12*B*a^2*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^6*log(abs(-b*c*d + sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2))*sqrt(b)*abs(d))) - 15*A*a^2*b^(3/2)*c*d^7*log(abs(-b*c*d + sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2))*sqrt(b)*abs(d))) - 3*B*a^3*sqrt(b)*d^8*log(abs(-b*c*d + sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2))*sqrt(b)*abs(d))) + 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*A*b^3*c^4*d^2*abs(d) - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*B*a*b^2*c^3*d^3*abs(d) + 9*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*A*a*b^2*c^2*d^4*abs(d) + 13*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*B*a^2*b*c*d^5*abs(d) - 8*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*A*a^2*b*d^6*abs(d))*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d)/(sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*a^2*b^(7/2)*c^6*abs(d) + 3*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*a^3*b^(5/2)*c^4*d^2*abs(d) + 3*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*a^4*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^4*abs(d) + sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*a^5*sqrt(b)*d^6*abs(d)) - ((2*A*b^5*c^4*d^13*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d) - 2*B*a*b^4*c^3*d^14*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d) + 9*A*a*b^4*c^2*d^15*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d) + 13*B*a^2*b^3*c*d^16*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d) - 8*A*a^2*b^3*d^17*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d))/(a^2*b^4*c^6*d^11*sgn(1/(d*x + c))^2*sgn(d)^2 + 3*a^3*b^3*c^4*d^13*sgn(1/(d*x + c))^2*sgn(d)^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^15*sgn(1/(d*x + c))^2*sgn(d)^2 + a^5*b*d^17*sgn(1/(d*x + c))^2*sgn(d)^2) - (3*(2*A*b^5*c^5*d^14*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d) - 2*B*a*b^4*c^4*d^15*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d) + 9*A*a*b^4*c^3*d^16*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d) + 17*B*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^17*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d) - 13*A*a^2*b^3*c*d^18*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d) - B*a^3*b^2*d^19*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d))/(a^2*b^4*c^6*d^11*sgn(1/(d*x + c))^2*sgn(d)^2 + 3*a^3*b^3*c^4*d^13*sgn(1/(d*x + c))^2*sgn(d)^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2} (c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)^2), x)`output `int((A + B*x)/((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)^2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2864, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.30

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2), x)`

output

```
(15*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d
+ b*c*x)*a**4*b*c**2*d**4 + 15*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)
*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**4*b*c*d**5*x + 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*
c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**4*b*c*d
**5 + 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) -
a*d + b*c*x)*a**4*b*d**6*x - 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)
)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**2*c**3*d**3 + 30*sqrt(a*d**
2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3
*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**2 - 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(
a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**2*c**2*d**4*x + 30*sqrt(a*d**2 + b
*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**2
*c*d**5*x**3 + 6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**2*c*d**5*x**2 + 6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log
(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**2*d**6*x**3
- 24*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a
*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**3*c**3*d**3*x**2 + 15*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**3*c**2*d**4*x**4 -
24*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d
+ b*c*x)*a**2*b**3*c**2*d**4*x**3 + 15*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**3*c*d**5*x**5 + 3...
```

3.194
$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^3(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1639
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1640
Rubi [A] (verified)	1641
Maple [B] (verified)	1644
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1645
Sympy [F(-1)]	1646
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1646
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1647
Mupad [F(-1)]	1648
Reduce [F]	1649

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 436

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(c+dx)^3(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{Bc-Ad}{2(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2aBd^2-bc(5Bc-7Ad)}{2(bc^2+ad^2)^2(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{b(5a(2bc^2(2Bc-3Ad)-ad^2(3Bc-Ad))-(Abc(2bc^2-33ad^2)+aBd(27bc^2-8ad^2))x)}{6a(bc^2+ad^2)^3(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{b(15a^2d^2(2bc^2(2Bc-3Ad)-ad^2(3Bc-Ad))-(Abc(4b^2c^4+28abc^2d^2-81a^2d^4))-aBd(6b^2c^4-83abc^2d^2))}{6a^2(bc^2+ad^2)^4\sqrt{a+bx^2}} + \frac{5bd^3(ad^2(3Bc-Ad)-b(4Bc^3-6Ac^2d))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2(bc^2+ad^2)^{9/2}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/2*(-A*d+B*c)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-1/2*(2*a*B*d^2-b*c* \\ & (-7*A*d+5*B*c))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-1/6*b*(5*a*(2*b*c^ \\ & 2*(-3*A*d+2*B*c)-a*d^2*(-A*d+3*B*c))-(A*b*c*(-33*a*d^2+2*b*c^2)+a*B*d*(-8* \\ & a*d^2+27*b*c^2))*x)/a/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-1/6*b*(15*a^2*d^2*(2 \\ & *b*c^2*(-3*A*d+2*B*c)-a*d^2*(-A*d+3*B*c))-(A*b*c*(-81*a^2*d^4+28*a*b*c^2*d \\ & ^2+4*b^2*c^4)-a*B*d*(16*a^2*d^4-83*a*b*c^2*d^2+6*b^2*c^4))*x)/a^2/(a*d^2+b \\ & *c^2)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-5/2*b*d^3*(a*d^2*(-A*d+3*B*c)-b*(-6*A*c^2*d+4*B*c^ \\ & 3))*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2 \\ &)^(9/2) \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 13.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = & \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2} \left(-\frac{3d^4(-Bc+Ad)(bc^2+ad^2)}{(c+dx)^2} - \frac{3d^4(2aBd^2+bc(-9Bc+11Ad))}{c+dx} + \frac{2b(bc^2+ad^2)}{(c+dx)^3} \right)}{15bd^3(2bc^2(2Bc - 3Ad) + ad^2(-3Bc + Ad)) \log(c + dx)} \right. \\ & - \frac{15bd^3(2bc^2(2Bc - 3Ad) + ad^2(-3Bc + Ad)) \log(c + dx)}{(bc^2 + ad^2)^{9/2}} \\ & \left. + \frac{15bd^3(2bc^2(2Bc - 3Ad) + ad^2(-3Bc + Ad)) \log(ad - bcx + \sqrt{bc^2 + ad^2}\sqrt{a + bx^2})}{(bc^2 + ad^2)^{9/2}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*((-3*d^4*(-(B*c) + A*d)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))/(c + d*x)^2 - (\\ & 3*d^4*(2*a*B*d^2 + b*c*(-9*B*c + 11*A*d)))/(c + d*x) + (2*b*(b*c^2 + a*d^2) \\ &)*(A*b^2*c^3*x - a^2*d^2*(-3*B*c + A*d + B*d*x) + a*b*c*(-(B*c*(c - 3*d*x) \\ &) + 3*A*d*(c - d*x))))/(a*(a + b*x^2)^2) + (2*b*(2*A*b^3*c^5*x + a*b^2*c^3 \\ & *d*(-3*B*c + 14*A*d)*x + a^3*d^4*(18*B*c - 6*A*d - 5*B*d*x) + 2*a^2*b*c*d^ \\ & 2*(3*A*d*(5*c - 4*d*x) + B*c*(-9*c + 14*d*x)))/(a^2*(a + b*x^2)))/(b*c^2 \\ & + a*d^2)^4 - (15*b*d^3*(2*b*c^2*(2*B*c - 3*A*d) + a*d^2*(-3*B*c + A*d))*L \\ & \text{og}[c + d*x])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(9/2) + (15*b*d^3*(2*b*c^2*(2*B*c - 3*A*d) + \\ & a*d^2*(-3*B*c + A*d))*\text{Log}[a*d - b*c*x + \text{Sqrt}[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 \\ &]])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(9/2))/6 \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 493, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$, Rules used = {686, 25, 27, 686, 27, 688, 25, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{686} \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{b(2Abc^2 - 3aBdc + 5aAd^2 + 4d(ABC + aBd)x)}{(c+dx)^3 (bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^2 (ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b(2Abc^2 - 3aBdc + 5aAd^2 + 4d(ABC + aBd)x)}{(c+dx)^3 (bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^2 (ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2Abc^2 - 3aBdc + 5aAd^2 + 4d(ABC + aBd)x}{(c+dx)^3 (bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^2 (ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{686} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{bd(3ad(2Abc^2 + 7aBdc - 5aAd^2) + 2(aBd(3bc^2 - 4ad^2) - Abc(2bc^2 + 9ad^2))x)}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ab(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{x(aBd(3bc^2 - 4ad^2) - Abc(9ad^2 + 2bc^2)) + ad(-5aAd^2 + 7aBcd + 2a^2c)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^2 (ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \frac{d \int \frac{3ad(2Abc^2 + 7aBdc - 5aAd^2) + 2(aBd(3bc^2 - 4ad^2) - Abc(2bc^2 + 9ad^2))x}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{a(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{x(aBd(3bc^2 - 4ad^2) - Abc(9ad^2 + 2bc^2)) + ad(-5aAd^2 + 7aBcd + 2a^2c)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^2 (ad^2 + bc^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

688

$$d \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2} (aBcd(6bc^2-29ad^2) - A(-15a^2d^4+24abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4))}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{2ad(Abc(2bc^2-33ad^2)+aBd(27bc^2-8ad^2))+b(aBcd(6bc^2-29ad^2)-A(4b^2c^4+24abd^2c^2-15a^2d^4))}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} \right) - \frac{2ad(Abc(2bc^2-33ad^2)+aBd(27bc^2-8ad^2))+b(aBcd(6bc^2-29ad^2)-A(4b^2c^4+24abd^2c^2-15a^2d^4))}{2(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^2 (ad^2 + bc^2)} \quad 3a(ad^2 + bc^2)$$

25

$$d \left(\frac{\int \frac{2ad(Abc(2bc^2-33ad^2)+aBd(27bc^2-8ad^2))+b(aBcd(6bc^2-29ad^2)-A(4b^2c^4+24abd^2c^2-15a^2d^4))}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2} (aBcd(6bc^2-29ad^2) - A(-15a^2d^4+24abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4))}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) - \frac{2ad(Abc(2bc^2-33ad^2)+aBd(27bc^2-8ad^2))+b(aBcd(6bc^2-29ad^2)-A(4b^2c^4+24abd^2c^2-15a^2d^4))}{2(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^2 (ad^2 + bc^2)} \quad 3a(ad^2 + bc^2)$$

679

$$d \left(\frac{15a^2bd^2(2bc^2(2Bc-3Ad)-ad^2(3Bc-Ad)) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2} (Abc(-81a^2d^4+28abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4) - aBd(16a^2d^4-83abc^2d^2+6b^2c^4))}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2} (Abc(-81a^2d^4+28abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4) - aBd(16a^2d^4-83abc^2d^2+6b^2c^4))}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) - \frac{15a^2bd^2(2bc^2(2Bc-3Ad)-ad^2(3Bc-Ad)) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^2 (ad^2 + bc^2)} \quad 3a(ad^2 + bc^2)$$

488

$$d \left(\frac{15a^2bd^2(2bc^2(2Bc-3Ad)-ad^2(3Bc-Ad)) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2} (Abc(-81a^2d^4+28abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4) - aBd(16a^2d^4-83abc^2d^2+6b^2c^4))}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) - \frac{15a^2bd^2(2bc^2(2Bc-3Ad)-ad^2(3Bc-Ad)) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{2(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^2 (ad^2 + bc^2)} \quad 3a(ad^2 + bc^2)$$

219

$$d \left(\frac{15a^2bd^2(2bc^2(2Bc-3Ad)-ad^2(3Bc-Ad))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right) - \sqrt{a+bx^2}\left(ABC(-81a^2d^4+28abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4)-aBd(16a^2d^4-83abc^2d^2+\right)}{(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2(ad^2+bc^2)}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) - \frac{a(ad^2+bc^2)}{3a(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\frac{a(Bc - Ad) - x(aBd + Abc)}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/((c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `-1/3*(a*(B*c - A*d) - (A*b*c + a*B*d)*x)/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)) + (-((a*d*(2*A*b*c^2 + 7*a*B*c*d - 5*a*A*d^2) + (a*B*d*(3*b*c^2 - 4*a*d^2) - A*b*c*(2*b*c^2 + 9*a*d^2))*x)/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])) - (d*(((a*B*c*d*(6*b*c^2 - 29*a*d^2) - A*(4*b^2*c^4 + 24*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 15*a^2*d^4))*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) + (-(((A*b*c*(4*b^2*c^4 + 28*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 81*a^2*d^4) - a*B*d*(6*b^2*c^4 - 83*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 16*a^2*d^4))*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x))) - (15*a^2*b*d^2*(2*b*c^2*(2*B*c - 3*A*d) - a*d^2*(3*B*c - A*d))*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2))/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))))/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))/(3*a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 679 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1
)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 686 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f +
a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[
1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Sim
p[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f
+ a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ
[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 688 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(
m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2510 vs. $2(412) = 824$.

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2511, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.76

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2511

input `int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

B/d^3*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+5*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(1/3/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2/3*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+16/3*b/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)^2*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))+1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))) -4*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(2/3*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+16/3*b/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)^2*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)))+(A*d-B*c)/d^4*(-1/2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+7/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+5*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(1/3/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2/3*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1934 vs. $2(413) = 826$.

Time = 4.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3894, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.93

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)**3/(b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2543 vs. $2(413) = 826$.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2543, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.83

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-35/2*B*b^3*c^4*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^4*c^8/d + 4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b^3
*c^6*d + 6*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^3 + 4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^4*b*c^2*d
^5 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^5*d^7) - 35/6*B*b^3*c^4*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*b^3*
c^6*d + 3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^3 + 3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^3*b*c^
2*d^5 + (b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^4*d^7) - 35/3*B*b^3*c^4*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2
*b^3*c^6*d + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^3 + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^4*b*c
^2*d^5 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^5*d^7) + 35/6*A*b^3*c^3*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*
b^3*c^6 + 3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^3*b*
c^2*d^4 + (b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^4*d^6) + 35/2*A*b^3*c^3*x/(4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)
*a^2*b^3*c^6 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^4*c^8/d^2 + 6*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*b^2*c
^4*d^2 + 4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^4*b*c^2*d^4 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^5*d^6) + 35/3
*A*b^3*c^3*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b^3*c^6 + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*b^2*c^4*
d^2 + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^4*b*c^2*d^4 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^5*d^6) - 35/6*B*
b^2*c^3/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^3*c^6 + 3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 3
*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 + (b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^3*d^6) - 35/2*B*b^2
*c^3/(4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^3*c^6 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^4*c^8/d^2 + 6*sqrt(b
*x^2 + a)*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*b*c^2*d^4 + sqrt(b*x^2 +
a)*a^4*d^6) + 15/2*B*b^2*c^2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^3*c^6/d + 3*sqrt(b*x^
2 + a)*a^2*b^2*c^4*d + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*b*c^2*d^3 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a
^4*d^5) + 43/6*B*b^2*c^2*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*b^2*c^4*d + 2*(b*x^2 + ...

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3353 vs. $2(413) = 826$.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3353, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.69

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```


output

```

5*(4*B*b^2*c^3*d^3 - 6*A*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 3*B*a*b*c*d^5 + A*a*b*d^6)*arctan((
(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))/((b^4*c
^8 + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^4 + 4*a^3*b*c^2*d^6 + a^4*d^8)*sqrt
(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)) + 1/3((((2*A*b^18*c^29 - 3*B*a*b^17*c^28*d + 38*A*a*b^1
7*c^27*d^2 - 8*B*a^2*b^16*c^26*d^3 + 276*A*a^2*b^16*c^25*d^4 + 133*B*a^3*b
^15*c^24*d^5 + 1076*A*a^3*b^15*c^23*d^6 + 1128*B*a^4*b^14*c^22*d^7 + 2486*
A*a^4*b^14*c^21*d^8 + 4345*B*a^5*b^13*c^20*d^9 + 3234*A*a^5*b^13*c^19*d^10
+ 10384*B*a^6*b^12*c^18*d^11 + 1056*A*a^6*b^12*c^17*d^12 + 16929*B*a^7*b^
11*c^16*d^13 - 4488*A*a^7*b^11*c^15*d^14 + 19536*B*a^8*b^10*c^14*d^15 - 10
098*A*a^8*b^10*c^13*d^16 + 16071*B*a^9*b^9*c^12*d^17 - 11638*A*a^9*b^9*c^1
1*d^18 + 9240*B*a^10*b^8*c^10*d^19 - 8668*A*a^10*b^8*c^9*d^20 + 3487*B*a^1
1*b^7*c^8*d^21 - 4332*A*a^11*b^7*c^7*d^22 + 712*B*a^12*b^6*c^6*d^23 - 1414
*A*a^12*b^6*c^5*d^24 + 3*B*a^13*b^5*c^4*d^25 - 274*A*a^13*b^5*c^3*d^26 - 3
2*B*a^14*b^4*c^2*d^27 - 24*A*a^14*b^4*c*d^28 - 5*B*a^15*b^3*d^29))*x/(a^2*b
^17*c^32 + 16*a^3*b^16*c^30*d^2 + 120*a^4*b^15*c^28*d^4 + 560*a^5*b^14*c^2
6*d^6 + 1820*a^6*b^13*c^24*d^8 + 4368*a^7*b^12*c^22*d^10 + 8008*a^8*b^11*c
^20*d^12 + 11440*a^9*b^10*c^18*d^14 + 12870*a^10*b^9*c^16*d^16 + 11440*a^1
1*b^8*c^14*d^18 + 8008*a^12*b^7*c^12*d^20 + 4368*a^13*b^6*c^10*d^22 + 1820
*a^14*b^5*c^8*d^24 + 560*a^15*b^4*c^6*d^26 + 120*a^16*b^3*c^4*d^28 + 16*a^
17*b^2*c^2*d^30 + a^18*b*d^32) - 6*(3*B*a^2*b^16*c^27*d^2 - 5*A*a^2*b^1...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2} (c + dx)^3} dx$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)^3), x)
```

output

```
int((A + B*x)/((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)^3), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(dx + c)^3 (bx^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((B*x+A)/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

3.195 $\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^4 \sqrt{2 + 3x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1650
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1650
Rubi [A] (verified)	1651
Maple [A] (verified)	1654
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1654
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1655
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1655
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1656
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1656
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1657

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^4 \sqrt{2 + 3x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2341}{18} x \sqrt{2 + 3x^2} + \frac{923}{315} (3 + 2x)^2 (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{29}{63} (3 + 2x)^3 (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2}$$

$$- \frac{1}{21} (3 + 2x)^4 (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{2}{405} (13781 + 4599x) (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{2341 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{9\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
2341/18*x*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+923/315*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+29/63*(3+2*x)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)-1/21*(3+2*x)^4*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+2/405*(13781+4599*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+2341/27*arcsinh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*3^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^4 \sqrt{2 + 3x^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2 + 3x^2}(-1167988 - 1558935x - 1956174x^2 - 1222200x^3 - 297648x^4 + 15120x^5 + 12960x^6)}{5670}$$

$$- \frac{2341 \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2 + 3x^2})}{9\sqrt{3}}$$

input `Integrate[(5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^4*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2], x]`

output `-1/5670*(Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(-1167988 - 1558935*x - 1956174*x^2 - 1222200*x^3 - 297648*x^4 + 15120*x^5 + 12960*x^6)) - (2341*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/(9*Sqrt[3])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {687, 687, 27, 687, 27, 676, 211, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (5 - x)(2x + 3)^4 \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 687 \\
 & \frac{1}{21} \int (2x + 3)^3 (174x + 331) \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} \, dx - \frac{1}{21} (2x + 3)^4 (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 687 \\
 & \frac{1}{21} \left(\frac{1}{18} \int 18(2x + 3)^2 (923x + 877) \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} \, dx + \frac{29}{3} (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} (2x + 3)^3 \right) - \frac{1}{21} (2x + 3)^4 (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{21} \left(\int (2x + 3)^2 (923x + 877) \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} \, dx + \frac{29}{3} (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} (2x + 3)^3 \right) - \frac{1}{21} (2x + 3)^4 (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 687 \\
 & \frac{1}{21} \left(\frac{1}{15} \int 7(2x + 3) (6132x + 4583) \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} \, dx + \frac{29}{3} (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} (2x + 3)^3 + \frac{923}{15} (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} (2x + 3)^2 \right) - \frac{1}{21} (2x + 3)^4 (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{21} \left(\frac{7}{15} \int (2x+3)(6132x+4583)\sqrt{3x^2+2} dx + \frac{29}{3}(3x^2+2)^{3/2}(2x+3)^3 + \frac{923}{15}(3x^2+2)^{3/2}(2x+3)^2 \right) - \frac{1}{21}(2x+3)^4(3x^2+2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 676

$$\frac{1}{21} \left(\frac{7}{15} \left(11705 \int \sqrt{3x^2+2} dx + 1022x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} + \frac{27562}{9}(3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{29}{3}(3x^2+2)^{3/2}(2x+3)^3 + \frac{923}{15}(3x^2+2)^{3/2}(2x+3)^2 \right) - \frac{1}{21}(2x+3)^4(3x^2+2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{1}{21} \left(\frac{7}{15} \left(11705 \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) + 1022x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} + \frac{27562}{9}(3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{29}{3}(3x^2+2)^{3/2}(2x+3)^3 + \frac{923}{15}(3x^2+2)^{3/2}(2x+3)^2 \right) - \frac{1}{21}(2x+3)^4(3x^2+2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 222

$$\frac{1}{21} \left(\frac{7}{15} \left(11705 \left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) + 1022x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} + \frac{27562}{9}(3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{29}{3}(3x^2+2)^{3/2}(2x+3)^3 + \frac{923}{15}(3x^2+2)^{3/2}(2x+3)^2 \right) - \frac{1}{21}(2x+3)^4(3x^2+2)^{3/2}$$

input `Int[(5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^4*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2], x]`

output `-1/21*((3 + 2*x)^4*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((923*(3 + 2*x)^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/15 + (29*(3 + 2*x)^3*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/3 + (7*((27562*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/9 + 1022*x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2) + 11705*((x*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/2 + ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x]/Sqrt[3])))/15)/21`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 211 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[6*p])$
- rule 222 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[b, 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$
- rule 676 $\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_*)*((f_*) + (g_*)(x_*)*((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/(2*c*(p + 1)), x] + (\text{Simp}[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/(c*(2*p + 3)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) \text{ Int}[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 687 $\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_*)^m)^*((f_*) + (g_*)(x_*)*((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p * \text{Simp}[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p]) \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[f, 0])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(12960x^6+15120x^5-297648x^4-1222200x^3-1956174x^2-1558935x-1167988)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{5670} + \frac{2341 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{27}$
trager	$\left(-\frac{16}{7}x^6 - \frac{8}{3}x^5 + \frac{5512}{105}x^4 + \frac{1940}{9}x^3 + \frac{326029}{945}x^2 + \frac{4949}{18}x + \frac{583994}{2835}\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{2341 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-3\right)\ln\left(\dots\right)}{\dots}$
default	$\frac{2341x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{18} + \frac{2341 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{27} + \frac{291997(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2835} + \frac{652x(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{9} + \frac{5672x^2(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{315} - \frac{8x^3(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{9} - \dots$
meijerg	$-\frac{135\sqrt{3}\left(-\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}-2\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{32\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}x(-90x^4-15x^2+15)\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}}{120} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)}{4}\right)}{27\sqrt{\pi}}$

input `int((5-x)*(2*x+3)^4*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/5670*(12960*x^6+15120*x^5-297648*x^4-1222200*x^3-1956174*x^2-1558935*x-1167988)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+2341/27*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4\sqrt{2+3x^2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{5670}(12960x^6+15120x^5-297648x^4-1222200x^3-1956174x^2-1558935x-1167988)\sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

$$+\frac{2341}{54}\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x-3x^2-1\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/5670*(12960*x^6 + 15120*x^5 - 297648*x^4 - 1222200*x^3 - 1956174*x^2 - 1558935*x - 1167988)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 2341/54*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4 \sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = -\frac{16x^6 \sqrt{3x^2+2}}{7} - \frac{8x^5 \sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{5512x^4 \sqrt{3x^2+2}}{105} + \frac{1940x^3 \sqrt{3x^2+2}}{9} + \frac{326029x^2 \sqrt{3x^2+2}}{945} + \frac{4949x \sqrt{3x^2+2}}{18} + \frac{583994 \sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2835} + \frac{2341 \sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6x}}{2}\right)}{27}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)**4*(3*x**2+2)**(1/2),x)`output `-16*x**6*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/7 - 8*x**5*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/3 + 5512*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/105 + 1940*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/9 + 326029*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/945 + 4949*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/18 + 583994*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/2835 + 2341*sqrt(3)*asinh(sqrt(6)*x/2)/27`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4 \sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = -\frac{16}{21} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^4 - \frac{8}{9} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 + \frac{5672}{315} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2 + \frac{652}{9} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} x + \frac{291997}{2835} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{2341}{18} \sqrt{3x^2+2} x + \frac{2341}{27} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{6x}\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-16/21*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x^4 - 8/9*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x^3 + 5672/315*(3*x^2
+ 2)^(3/2)*x^2 + 652/9*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 291997/2835*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2
) + 2341/18*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 2341/27*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4 \sqrt{2+3x^2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{5670} (3(2(12(6(5(6x+7)x-689)x-16975)x-326029)x-519645)x-1167988)\sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

$$-\frac{2341}{27} \sqrt{3} \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}))$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/5670*(3*(2*(12*(6*(5*(6*x + 7)*x - 689)*x - 16975)*x - 326029)*x - 5196
45)*x - 1167988)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 2341/27*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3
*x^2 + 2))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4 \sqrt{2+3x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2341 \sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{27}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(-\frac{48x^6}{7} - 8x^5 + \frac{5512x^4}{35} + \frac{1940x^3}{3} + \frac{326029x^2}{315} + \frac{4949x}{6} + \frac{583994}{945} \right)}{3}$$

input

```
int(-(2*x + 3)^4*(3*x^2 + 2)^(1/2)*(x - 5),x)
```

output

```
(2341*3^(1/2)*asinh((6^(1/2)*x)/2))/27 + (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*((4949
*x)/6 + (326029*x^2)/315 + (1940*x^3)/3 + (5512*x^4)/35 - 8*x^5 - (48*x^6)
/7 + 583994/945))/3
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4 \sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = -\frac{16\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^6}{7} - \frac{8\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^5}{3} + \frac{5512\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4}{105} + \frac{1940\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3}{9} + \frac{326029\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2}{945} + \frac{4949\sqrt{3x^2+2}x}{18} + \frac{583994\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2835} + \frac{2341\sqrt{3} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{27}$$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 12960*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**6 - 15120*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 + 297648*sq
rt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 1222200*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 1956174*sqrt(3*x**2 +
2)*x**2 + 1558935*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 1167988*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 491610*
sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/5670
```

3.196 $\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^3 \sqrt{2 + 3x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1658
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1658
Rubi [A] (verified)	1659
Maple [A] (verified)	1661
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1662
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1662
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1663
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1663
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1664
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1664

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^3 \sqrt{2 + 3x^2} dx = \frac{511}{9} x \sqrt{2 + 3x^2} + \frac{17}{30} (3 + 2x)^2 (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{18} (3 + 2x)^3 (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{7}{270} (898 + 267x) (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{1022 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{9\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
511/9*x*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+17/30*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)-1/18*(3+2*x)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+7/270*(898+267*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+1022/27*arcsinh(1/2*x*sqrt(3/2))*3^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^3 \sqrt{2 + 3x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{270} \sqrt{2 + 3x^2} (-14516 - 21120x - 21918x^2 - 8445x^3 - 216x^4 + 360x^5) - \frac{1022 \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2 + 3x^2})}{9\sqrt{3}}$$

input `Integrate[(5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^3*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2], x]`

output `-1/270*(Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(-14516 - 21120*x - 21918*x^2 - 8445*x^3 - 216*x^4 + 360*x^5)) - (1022*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/(9*Sqrt[3])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {687, 27, 687, 27, 676, 211, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (5 - x)(2x + 3)^3 \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{687} \\
 & \frac{1}{18} \int 3(2x + 3)^2(51x + 94) \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} \, dx - \frac{1}{18} (2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \int (2x + 3)^2(51x + 94) \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} \, dx - \frac{1}{18} (2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{687} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{15} \int 42(2x + 3)(89x + 91) \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} \, dx + \frac{17}{5} (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} (2x + 3)^2 \right) - \frac{1}{18} (2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{14}{5} \int (2x + 3)(89x + 91) \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} \, dx + \frac{17}{5} (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} (2x + 3)^2 \right) - \frac{1}{18} (2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{676}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{14}{5} \left(\frac{730}{3} \int \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} dx + \frac{89}{6} x(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} + \frac{449}{9} (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{17}{5} (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} (2x + 3)^2 \right) - \frac{1}{18} (2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{14}{5} \left(\frac{730}{3} \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} x \right) + \frac{89}{6} x(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} + \frac{449}{9} (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{17}{5} (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} (2x + 3)^2 \right) - \frac{1}{18} (2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 222

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{14}{5} \left(\frac{730}{3} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} x \right) + \frac{89}{6} x(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} + \frac{449}{9} (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{17}{5} (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} (2x + 3)^2 \right) - \frac{1}{18} (2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}$$

input `Int[(5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^3*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2],x]`

output `-1/18*((3 + 2*x)^3*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((17*(3 + 2*x)^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/5 + (14*((449*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/9 + (89*x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/6 + (730*(x*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/2 + ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x]/Sqrt[3]))/3)/5)/6`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 687 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^(m+1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(360x^5 - 216x^4 - 8445x^3 - 21918x^2 - 21120x - 14516)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{270} + \frac{1022 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{27}$
trager	$\left(-\frac{4}{3}x^5 + \frac{4}{5}x^4 + \frac{563}{18}x^3 + \frac{3653}{45}x^2 + \frac{704}{9}x + \frac{7258}{135}\right)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2} - \frac{1022 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2 - 3\right) \ln\left(-\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2 - 3\right)\right)}{27}$
default	$\frac{511x\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{9} + \frac{1022 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{27} + \frac{3629(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{135} + \frac{193x(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{18} + \frac{4x^2(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15} - \frac{4x^3(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{9}$
meijerg	$-\frac{45\sqrt{3}\left(-\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2} + 1} - 2\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{4\sqrt{2}\left(-\frac{8\sqrt{\pi}}{15} + \frac{4\sqrt{\pi}\left(\frac{3x^2}{2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(-\frac{9x^2}{2} + 2\right)}{15}\right)}{9\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{14\sqrt{3}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}x(9x^2 + 2)}{15}\right)}{9\sqrt{\pi}}$

input `int((5-x)*(2*x+3)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/270*(360*x^5-216*x^4-8445*x^3-21918*x^2-21120*x-14516)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+
1022/27*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3 \sqrt{2+3x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{270} (360x^5 - 216x^4 - 8445x^3 - 21918x^2 - 21120x - 14516) \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}$$

$$+ \frac{511}{27} \sqrt{3} \log \left(-\sqrt{3} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} - 3x^2 - 1 \right)$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/270*(360*x^5 - 216*x^4 - 8445*x^3 - 21918*x^2 - 21120*x - 14516)*sqrt(3
*x^2 + 2) + 511/27*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3 \sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} \left(-\frac{4x^5}{3} + \frac{4x^4}{5} + \frac{563x^3}{18} + \frac{3653x^2}{45} + \frac{704x}{9} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{7258}{135} \right) + \frac{1022\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2} \right)}{27}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)**3*(3*x**2+2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*(-4*x**5/3 + 4*x**4/5 + 563*x**3/18 + 3653*x**2/45 + 704*
x/9 + 7258/135) + 1022*sqrt(3)*asinh(sqrt(6)*x/2)/27
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3 \sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = -\frac{4}{9} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 + \frac{4}{15} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2 + \frac{193}{18} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} x + \frac{3629}{135} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{511}{9} \sqrt{3x^2+2} x + \frac{1022}{27} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{6} x\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-4/9*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x^3 + 4/15*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x^2 + 193/18*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 3629/135*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) + 511/9*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 1022/27*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3 \sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{270} (3(((24(5x-3)x-2815)x-7306)x-7040)x-14516)\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{1022}{27} \sqrt{3} \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}))$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/270*(3*(((24*(5*x - 3)*x - 2815)*x - 7306)*x - 7040)*x - 14516)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 1022/27*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3 \sqrt{2+3x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1022 \sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{27} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(-4x^5 + \frac{12x^4}{5} + \frac{563x^3}{6} + \frac{3653x^2}{15} + \frac{704x}{3} + \frac{7258}{45}\right)}{3}$$

input `int(-(2*x + 3)^3*(3*x^2 + 2)^(1/2)*(x - 5), x)`output `(1022*3^(1/2)*asinh((6^(1/2)*x)/2))/27 + (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*((704*x)/3 + (3653*x^2)/15 + (563*x^3)/6 + (12*x^4)/5 - 4*x^5 + 7258/45))/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3 \sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = -\frac{4\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^5}{3} + \frac{4\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4}{5} + \frac{563\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3}{18}$$

$$+ \frac{3653\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2}{45} + \frac{704\sqrt{3x^2+2}x}{9}$$

$$+ \frac{7258\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{135} + \frac{1022\sqrt{3} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{27}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2), x)`output `(- 360*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 + 216*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 8445*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 21918*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 21120*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 14516*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 10220*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/270`

3.197 $\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^2 \sqrt{2 + 3x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1665
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1665
Rubi [A] (verified)	1666
Maple [A] (verified)	1668
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1668
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1669
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1669
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1670
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1670
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1671

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^2 \sqrt{2 + 3x^2} dx = \frac{131}{6} x \sqrt{2 + 3x^2} - \frac{1}{15} (3 + 2x)^2 (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{2}{135} (431 + 99x) (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{131 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} x\right)}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
131/6*x*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-1/15*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+2/135*(431+99*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+131/9*arcsinh(1/2*x*sqrt(3))*(2+3*x^2)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^2 \sqrt{2 + 3x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{270} \sqrt{2 + 3x^2} (-3124 - 6255x - 4542x^2 - 540x^3 + 216x^4) - \frac{131 \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2 + 3x^2})}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2], x]
```

output

$$-1/270*(\text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*x^2]*(-3124 - 6255*x - 4542*x^2 - 540*x^3 + 216*x^4)) - (131*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[3]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*x^2]])/(3*\text{Sqrt}[3])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {687, 676, 211, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (5-x)(2x+3)^2 \sqrt{3x^2+2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\frac{1}{15} \int (2x+3)(132x+233) \sqrt{3x^2+2} dx - \frac{1}{15} (2x+3)^2 (3x^2+2)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 676$$

$$\frac{1}{15} \left(655 \int \sqrt{3x^2+2} dx + 22x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} + \frac{862}{9} (3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{15} (2x+3)^2 (3x^2+2)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$\frac{1}{15} \left(655 \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) + 22x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} + \frac{862}{9} (3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{15} (2x+3)^2 (3x^2+2)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 222$$

$$\frac{1}{15} \left(655 \left(\frac{\text{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) + 22x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} + \frac{862}{9} (3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{15} (2x+3)^2 (3x^2+2)^{3/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(5-x)*(3+2*x)^2*\text{Sqrt}[2+3*x^2],x]$$

output

$$-1/15*((3 + 2*x)^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^{(3/2)}) + ((862*(2 + 3*x^2)^{(3/2)}/9 + 22*x*(2 + 3*x^2)^{(3/2)} + 655*((x*\text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*x^2])/2 + \text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[3/2]*x]/\text{Sqrt}[3]))/15$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[6*p])$$

rule 222

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[b, 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$$

rule 676

$$\text{Int}(((d_ + (e_)*(x_))*((f_ + (g_)*(x_))*((a_ + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/(2*c*(p + 1)), x] + (\text{Simp}[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/(c*(2*p + 3)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) \text{Int}[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 687

$$\text{Int}(((d_ + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((f_ + (g_)*(x_))*((a_ + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p]) \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[f, 0])$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(216x^4 - 540x^3 - 4542x^2 - 6255x - 3124)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{270} + \frac{131 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9}$
trager	$\left(-\frac{4}{5}x^4 + 2x^3 + \frac{757}{45}x^2 + \frac{139}{6}x + \frac{1562}{135}\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{131 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-3) \ln(-\operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}+3x)}{9}$
default	$\frac{131x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{6} + \frac{131 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9} + \frac{781(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{135} + \frac{2x(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{4x^2(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15}$
meijerg	$-\frac{15\sqrt{3}\left(-\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}-2\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{8\sqrt{3}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}x(9x^2+3)\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)}{2}\right)}{9\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{17\sqrt{2}}{9}$

input `int((5-x)*(2*x+3)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/270*(216*x^4-540*x^3-4542*x^2-6255*x-3124)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+131/9*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*(1/2)*x)*sqrt(3)^(1/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (5-x)(3+2x)^2\sqrt{2+3x^2} dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{270} (216x^4 - 540x^3 - 4542x^2 - 6255x - 3124)\sqrt{3x^2+2} \\ & \quad + \frac{131}{18} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 3x^2 - 1\right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/270*(216*x^4 - 540*x^3 - 4542*x^2 - 6255*x - 3124)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 131/18*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2 \sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = -\frac{4x^4 \sqrt{3x^2+2}}{5} + 2x^3 \sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{757x^2 \sqrt{3x^2+2}}{45} + \frac{139x \sqrt{3x^2+2}}{6} + \frac{1562 \sqrt{3x^2+2}}{135} + \frac{131\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{9}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)**2*(3*x**2+2)**(1/2),x)`output `-4*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/5 + 2*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 757*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/45 + 139*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/6 + 1562*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/135 + 131*sqrt(3)*asinh(sqrt(6)*x/2)/9`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2 \sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = -\frac{4}{15} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2 + \frac{2}{3} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} x + \frac{781}{135} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{131}{6} \sqrt{3x^2+2} x + \frac{131}{9} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{6} x\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-4/15*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x^2 + 2/3*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 781/135*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) + 131/6*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 131/9*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2 \sqrt{2+3x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{270} (3(2(18(2x-5)x - 757)x - 2085)x - 3124) \sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

$$- \frac{131}{9} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/270*(3*(2*(18*(2*x - 5)*x - 757)*x - 2085)*x - 3124)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 131/9*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2 \sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = \frac{131 \sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{9}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(-\frac{12x^4}{5} + 6x^3 + \frac{757x^2}{15} + \frac{139x}{2} + \frac{1562}{45}\right)}{3}$$

input `int(-(2*x + 3)^2*(3*x^2 + 2)^(1/2)*(x - 5),x)`output `(131*3^(1/2)*asinh((6^(1/2)*x)/2))/9 + (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*((139*x)/2 + (757*x^2)/15 + 6*x^3 - (12*x^4)/5 + 1562/45))/3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2 \sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = -\frac{4\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4}{5} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3$$

$$+ \frac{757\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2}{45} + \frac{139\sqrt{3x^2+2}x}{6}$$

$$+ \frac{1562\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{135} + \frac{131\sqrt{3}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{9}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x)`output `(- 216*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 540*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 4542*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 6255*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 3124*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 3930*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/270`

3.198 $\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)\sqrt{2 + 3x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1672
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1672
Rubi [A] (verified)	1673
Maple [A] (verified)	1674
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1675
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1675
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1675
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1676
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1676
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1677

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)\sqrt{2 + 3x^2} dx = \frac{23}{3}x\sqrt{2 + 3x^2} + \frac{1}{18}(14 - 3x)(2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{46\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
23/3*x*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+1/18*(14-3*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+46/9*arcsinh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*3^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)\sqrt{2 + 3x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{18}\sqrt{2 + 3x^2}(-28 - 132x - 42x^2 + 9x^3) - \frac{46 \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2 + 3x^2})}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2], x]
```

output

$$-1/18*(\text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*x^2]*(-28 - 132*x - 42*x^2 + 9*x^3)) - (46*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[3]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*x^2]])/(3*\text{Sqrt}[3])$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {676, 211, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (5-x)(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 676$$

$$\frac{46}{3} \int \sqrt{3x^2+2} dx - \frac{1}{6}x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} + \frac{7}{9}(3x^2+2)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$\frac{46}{3} \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) - \frac{1}{6}x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} + \frac{7}{9}(3x^2+2)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 222$$

$$\frac{46}{3} \left(\frac{\text{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) - \frac{1}{6}x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} + \frac{7}{9}(3x^2+2)^{3/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(5-x)*(3+2*x)*\text{Sqrt}[2+3*x^2],x]$$

output

$$(7*(2+3*x^2)^{(3/2)})/9 - (x*(2+3*x^2)^{(3/2)})/6 + (46*((x*\text{Sqrt}[2+3*x^2])/2 + \text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[3/2]*x]/\text{Sqrt}[3]))/3$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 211 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p / (2 \cdot p + 1), x] + \text{Simp}[2 \cdot a \cdot (p / (2 \cdot p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4 \cdot p] || IntegerQ[6 \cdot p])

rule 222 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[b, 2], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]

rule 676 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x) \cdot (f_ + (g_ \cdot x) \cdot (a_ + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e \cdot f + d \cdot g) \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot c \cdot (p+1)), x] + (\text{Simp}[e \cdot g \cdot x \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot e \cdot g - c \cdot d \cdot f \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) / (c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) \text{Int}[(a + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x]) /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(9x^3 - 42x^2 - 132x - 28)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{18} + \frac{46 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9}$
default	$\frac{23x\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{3} + \frac{46 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9} + \frac{7(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{9} - \frac{x(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6}$
trager	$\left(-\frac{1}{2}x^3 + \frac{7}{3}x^2 + \frac{22}{3}x + \frac{14}{9}\right)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2} - \frac{46 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2 - 3) \ln(-\operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2 - 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2} + 3x)}{9}$
meijerg	$-\frac{5\sqrt{3}\left(-\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2} + 1} - 2\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{7\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{4\sqrt{\pi}}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{\pi}(3x^2 + 2)\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2} + 1}}{3}\right)}{6\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{2\sqrt{3}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}x(9x^2 + 3)\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2} + 1}}{12}\right)}{9}$

input $\text{int}((5-x) \cdot (2 \cdot x + 3) \cdot (3 \cdot x^2 + 2)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method} = _RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $-1/18 \cdot (9 \cdot x^3 - 42 \cdot x^2 - 132 \cdot x - 28) \cdot (3 \cdot x^2 + 2)^{(1/2)} + 46/9 \cdot \operatorname{arcsinh}(1/2 \cdot 6^{(1/2)} \cdot x) \cdot 3^{(1/2)}$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{18} (9x^3 - 42x^2 - 132x - 28)\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{23}{9} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 3x^2 - 1\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/18*(9*x^3 - 42*x^2 - 132*x - 28)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 23/9*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = \sqrt{3x^2+2} \left(-\frac{x^3}{2} + \frac{7x^2}{3} + \frac{22x}{3} + \frac{14}{9} \right) + \frac{46\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{9}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)*(3*x**2+2)**(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*(-x**3/2 + 7*x**2/3 + 22*x/3 + 14/9) + 46*sqrt(3)*asinh(sqrt(6)*x/2)/9`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{6} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}x + \frac{7}{9} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{23}{3} \sqrt{3x^2+2}x + \frac{46}{9} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{6}x\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/6*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 7/9*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) + 23/3*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 46/9*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{18} (3((3x-14)x-44)x-28)\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{46}{9} \sqrt{3} \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2})$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/18*(3*((3*x - 14)*x - 44)*x - 28)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 46/9*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = \frac{46\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(-\frac{3x^3}{2} + 7x^2 + 22x + \frac{14}{3}\right)}{3}$$

input `int(-(2*x + 3)*(3*x^2 + 2)^(1/2)*(x - 5),x)`

output `(46*3^(1/2)*asinh((6^(1/2)*x)/2))/9 + (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*(22*x + 7*x^2 - (3*x^3)/2 + 14/3))/3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3}{2} + \frac{7\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2}{3} + \frac{22\sqrt{3x^2+2}x}{3} \\ + \frac{14\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{9} + \frac{46\sqrt{3}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{9}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3+2*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x)`output `(- 9*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 42*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 132*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 28*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 92*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/18`

3.199 $\int (5 - x)\sqrt{2 + 3x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1678
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1678
Rubi [A] (verified)	1679
Maple [A] (verified)	1680
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1680
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1681
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1681
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1682
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1682
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1682

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int (5 - x)\sqrt{2 + 3x^2} dx = \frac{5}{2}x\sqrt{2 + 3x^2} - \frac{1}{9}(2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{5\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{3}}$$

output `5/2*x*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-1/9*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+5/3*arcsinh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*3^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (5 - x)\sqrt{2 + 3x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{18}\sqrt{2 + 3x^2}(4 - 45x + 6x^2) - \frac{5 \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2 + 3x^2})}{\sqrt{3}}$$

input `Integrate[(5 - x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2],x]`

output `-1/18*(Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(4 - 45*x + 6*x^2)) - (5*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/Sqrt[3]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {455, 211, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (5 - x)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$5 \int \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} dx - \frac{1}{9}(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$5 \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2x} \right) - \frac{1}{9}(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 222$$

$$5 \left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2x} \right) - \frac{1}{9}(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}$$

input `Int[(5 - x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2], x]`

output `-1/9*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2) + 5*((x*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/2 + ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x]/Sqrt[3])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{(6x^2-45x+4)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{18} + \frac{5 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{3}$	35
default	$\frac{5x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2} - \frac{(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{9} + \frac{5 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{3}$	37
trager	$\left(-\frac{1}{3}x^2 + \frac{5}{2}x - \frac{2}{9}\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-3) \ln\left(-\operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}+3x\right)}{3}$	52
meijerg	$-\frac{5\sqrt{3}\left(-\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}-2\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\right)}{6\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{4\sqrt{\pi}}{3}-\frac{2\sqrt{\pi}(3x^2+2)\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}}{3}\right)}{6\sqrt{\pi}}$	79

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/18*(6*x^2-45*x+4)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+5/3*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{18}(6x^2-45x+4)\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{5}{6}\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x-3x^2-1\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/18*(6*x^2 - 45*x + 4)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 5/6*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = -\frac{x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{5x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2} - \frac{2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{9} + \frac{5\sqrt{3}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{3}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
-x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/3 + 5*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/2 - 2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/9 + 5*sqrt(3)*asinh(sqrt(6)*x/2)/3
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{9}(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{5}{2}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + \frac{5}{3}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}x\right)$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/9*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) + 5/2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 5/3*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{18}(3(2x-15)x+4)\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{5}{3}\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}x+\sqrt{3x^2+2}\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/18*(3*(2*x - 15)*x + 4)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 5/3*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int (5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{3}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}\left(x^2-\frac{15x}{2}+\frac{2}{3}\right)}{3}$$

input `int(-(3*x^2 + 2)^(1/2)*(x - 5),x)`

output `(5*3^(1/2)*asinh((6^(1/2)*x)/2))/3 - (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*(x^2 - (15*x)/2 + 2/3))/3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2}{3} + \frac{5\sqrt{3x^2+2}x}{2} - \frac{2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{9} + \frac{5\sqrt{3}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{3}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 6*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 45*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) +
30*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/18`

3.200 $\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{3+2x} dx$

Optimal result	1684
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1684
Rubi [A] (verified)	1685
Maple [A] (verified)	1687
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1688
Sympy [F]	1688
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1688
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1689
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1689
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1690

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{3+2x} dx = \frac{1}{4}(13-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} - \frac{121\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{8\sqrt{3}} - \frac{13}{8}\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)$$

output

```
1/4*(13-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-121/24*arcsinh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*3^(1/2)-13/8*35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{3+2x} dx = \frac{1}{24} \left(-6(-13+x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} + 78\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x-2\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right) + 121\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}x+\sqrt{2+3x^2}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[((5 - x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(3 + 2*x), x]`

output `(-6*(-13 + x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2] + 78*Sqrt[35]*ArcTanh[(3*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sqrt[3]*x - 2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/Sqrt[35]] + 121*Sqrt[3]*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/24`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {682, 27, 719, 222, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 682$$

$$\frac{1}{24} \int \frac{6(46-121x)}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2+2}(13-x)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{46-121x}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2+2}(13-x)$$

$$\downarrow 719$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{455}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{121}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2+2}(13-x)$$

$$\downarrow 222$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{455}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{121 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2+2}(13-x)$$

$$\downarrow 488$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{455}{2} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d \frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{121 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2+2}(13-x)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{121 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{13}{2} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right) \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2+2}(13-x)$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(3 + 2*x),x]`

output `((13 - x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/4 + ((-121*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x])/(2*Sqrt[3]) - (13*Sqrt[35]*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])])/2)/4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 682

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p
+ 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p
+ 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)
^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*
d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))]*x, x], x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !
RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (Intege
rQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 719

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-13+x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{4} - \frac{121 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{24} - \frac{13\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{8}$
default	$-\frac{x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{4} - \frac{121 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{24} + \frac{13\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}{8} - \frac{13\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{8}$
trager	$\left(\frac{13}{4} - \frac{x}{4}\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{121 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-3\right) \ln\left(-\operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-3\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2}+3x\right)}{24} - \frac{13 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-35\right) \ln\left(-\dots\right)}{8}$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(2*x+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/4*(-13+x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-121/24*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)-13/8*35
^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{3+2x} dx = -\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(x-13) + \frac{121}{48}\sqrt{3}\log\left(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x-3x^2-1\right) + \frac{13}{16}\sqrt{35}\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(9x-4)+93x^2-36x+43}{4x^2+12x+9}\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(x - 13) + 121/48*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1) + 13/16*sqrt(35)*log(-(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{3+2x} dx = -\int \left(-\frac{5\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3}\right) dx - \int \frac{x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3} dx$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(1/2)/(3+2*x),x)`

output `-Integral(-5*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/(2*x + 3), x) - Integral(x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/(2*x + 3), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{3+2x} dx = -\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - \frac{121}{24}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}x\right) + \frac{13}{8}\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|}\right) + \frac{13}{4}\sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 121/24*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) + 13/8*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) + 13/4*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{3+2x} dx = -\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2+2}(x-13) + \frac{121}{24} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}\right) + \frac{13}{8} \sqrt{35} \log\left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(x - 13) + 121/24*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) + 13/8*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{3+2x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{35} \left(910 \ln\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right) - 910 \ln\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}} - \frac{4}{9}}{9}\right) \right)}{560} - \frac{121\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)}{24} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{3x}{4} - \frac{39}{4}\right)\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{3}$$

input `int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(1/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3),x)`

output

```
(35^(1/2)*(910*log(x + 3/2) - 910*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)))/9 - 4/9))/560 - (121*3^(1/2)*asinh((2^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*x)/2))/24 - (3^(1/2)*((3*x)/4 - 39/4)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/3
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{3+2x} dx = \frac{13\sqrt{35} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3x^2+2}i+2\sqrt{3}ix}{\sqrt{35}-3\sqrt{3}}\right) i}{8} - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}x}{4} + \frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{4}$$

$$+ \frac{13\sqrt{35} \log(4\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{3}x + 3\sqrt{105} + 12x^2 - 27)}{16}$$

$$- \frac{13\sqrt{35} \log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{35}+2\sqrt{3}x+3\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{8}$$

$$- \frac{121\sqrt{3} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{24}$$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x),x)
```

output

```
(78*sqrt(35)*atan((2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*i + 2*sqrt(3)*i*x)/(sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3)))*i - 12*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 156*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 39*sqrt(35)*log(4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(3)*x + 3*sqrt(105) + 12*x**2 - 27) - 78*sqrt(35)*log((2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(35) + 2*sqrt(3)*x + 3*sqrt(3))/sqrt(2)) - 24*2*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/48
```

3.201 $\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1691
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1691
Rubi [A] (verified)	1692
Maple [A] (verified)	1694
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1694
Sympy [F]	1695
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1695
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1696
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1697
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1697

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx = -\frac{(8+x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{2(3+2x)} + 2\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right) + \frac{19\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{35}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(8+x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)+2*arcsinh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*3^(1/2)+19/35*35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx = -\frac{(8+x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{6+4x} - \frac{38\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x-2\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right)}{\sqrt{35}} - 2\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2+3x^2}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((5 - x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(3 + 2*x)^2,x]
```

output

```

-(((8 + x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(6 + 4*x)) - (38*ArcTanh[(3*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sqrt[3]
]*x - 2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/Sqrt[35]])/Sqrt[35] - 2*Sqrt[3]*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x)
+ Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]]

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {681, 27, 719, 222, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{681} \\
& -\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{8(1-12x)}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(x+8)}{2(2x+3)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& -\int \frac{1-12x}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(x+8)}{2(2x+3)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{719} \\
& 6 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - 19 \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(x+8)}{2(2x+3)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{222} \\
& -19 \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + 2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right) - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(x+8)}{2(2x+3)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{488} \\
& 19 \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d \frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + 2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right) - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(x+8)}{2(2x+3)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219}
\end{aligned}$$

$$2\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right) + \frac{19\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{\sqrt{35}} - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(x+8)}{2(2x+3)}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(3 + 2*x)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*((8 + x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(3 + 2*x) + 2*Sqrt[3]*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x] + (19*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])])/Sqrt[35]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 681 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1) + e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] || EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 719

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result
risch	$-\frac{3x^3+24x^2+2x+16}{2(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + 2 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right) \sqrt{3} + \frac{19\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{35}$
default	$-\frac{13\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{70\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} - \frac{19\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}{35} + 2 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right) \sqrt{3} + \frac{19\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{35}$
trager	$-\frac{(8+x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2(2x+3)} - \frac{19\operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2-35) \ln\left(\frac{9\operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2-35)x-4\operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2-35)+35\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3}\right)}{35} + 2\operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2-35)$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(2*x+3)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*(3*x^3+24*x^2+2*x+16)/(2*x+3)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+2*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x
)*3^(1/2)+19/35*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-
19)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{70\sqrt{3}(2x+3) \log(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2x-3x^2-1}) + 19\sqrt{35}(2x+3) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(9x-4)-93x^2+36x-43}{4x^2+12x+9}\right)}{70(2x+3)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/70*(70*sqrt(3)*(2*x + 3)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1) + 19*sqrt(35)*(2*x + 3)*log((sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) - 93*x^2 + 36*x - 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)) - 35*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(x + 8))/(2*x + 3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx = -\int \left(-\frac{5\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{4x^2+12x+9} \right) dx - \int \frac{x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{4x^2+12x+9} dx$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(1/2)/(3+2*x)**2,x)`

output `-Integral(-5*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/(4*x**2 + 12*x + 9), x) - Integral(x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/(4*x**2 + 12*x + 9), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx = 2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}x\right) - \frac{19}{35}\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|}\right) - \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{4(2x+3)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) - 19/35*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) - 1/4*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 13/4*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)/(2*x + 3)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 285 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.90

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{19}{35} \sqrt{35} \log \left(\sqrt{35} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right) - 9 \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)$$

$$- 2\sqrt{3} \log \left(\frac{\left| -2\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{2\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right|}{2 \left(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right)} \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)$$

$$- \frac{13}{8} \sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{3 \left(3 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right) - \sqrt{35} \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right) \right)}{4 \left(\left(\sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right)^2 - 3 \right)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `19/35*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(35)*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3)) - 9)*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) - 2*sqrt(3)*log(1/2*abs(-2*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + 2*sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))/(sqrt(3) + sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) - 13/8*sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3)*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) + 3/4*(3*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) - sqrt(35)*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)))/((sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))^2 - 3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx = 2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{4} - \frac{19\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)}{35}$$

$$+ \frac{19\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{9} - \frac{4}{9}\right)}{35} - \frac{13\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{8\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)}$$

input `int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(1/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3)^2,x)`output `2*3^(1/2)*asinh((2^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*x)/2) - (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/4 - (19*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/35 + (19*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/35 - (13*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(8*(x + 3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-35\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 280\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 76\sqrt{35} \log(-\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x + 114\sqrt{35} \log(-\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4) - 76\sqrt{35} \log(2x+3)x - 114\sqrt{35} \log(2x+3) - 140\sqrt{3} \log(\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \sqrt{3}x)x - 210\sqrt{3} \log(\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \sqrt{3}x) + 140\sqrt{3} \log(\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \sqrt{3}x)x + 210\sqrt{3} \log(\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \sqrt{3}x)}}{(70(2x+3))}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^2,x)`output `(- 35*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 280*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 76*sqrt(35)*log(- sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x + 114*sqrt(35)*log(- sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 76*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 114*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3) - 140*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x - 210*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x) + 140*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x + 210*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x))/(70*(2*x + 3))`

3.202 $\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1698
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1698
Rubi [A] (verified)	1699
Maple [A] (verified)	1701
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1702
Sympy [F]	1702
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1703
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1703
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1704
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1704

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx = \frac{(53+187x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{140(3+2x)^2} - \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right) - \frac{471\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{280\sqrt{35}}$$

output

```
1/140*(53+187*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^2-1/8*arcsinh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*3^(1/2)-471/9800*35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx = \frac{(53+187x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{140(3+2x)^2} + \frac{471\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x-2\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right)}{140\sqrt{35}} + \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2+3x^2}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((5 - x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(3 + 2*x)^3,x]
```

output

$$\frac{((53 + 187x)\sqrt{2 + 3x^2})/(140(3 + 2x)^2) + (471\text{ArcTanh}[(3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3}x - 2\sqrt{2 + 3x^2})/\sqrt{35}])/(140\sqrt{35}) + (\sqrt{3} \cdot \text{Log}[-(\sqrt{3}x) + \sqrt{2 + 3x^2}])}{8}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {680, 27, 719, 222, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^3} dx$$

↓ 680

$$\frac{(187x+53)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{140(2x+3)^2} - \frac{1}{560} \int -\frac{12(26-35x)}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3}{140} \int \frac{26-35x}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(187x+53)}{140(2x+3)^2}$$

↓ 719

$$\frac{3}{140} \left(\frac{157}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{35}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(187x+53)}{140(2x+3)^2}$$

↓ 222

$$\frac{3}{140} \left(\frac{157}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{35 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(187x+53)}{140(2x+3)^2}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{3}{140} \left(-\frac{157}{2} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{35 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(187x+53)}{140(2x+3)^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{3}{140} \left(-\frac{35 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{157 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{35}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(187x+53)}{140(2x+3)^2}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(3 + 2*x)^3,x]`

output `((53 + 187*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(140*(3 + 2*x)^2) + (3*((-35*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x])/(2*Sqrt[3]) - (157*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])])/(2*Sqrt[35]))) / 140`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 680

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m
+ 2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)))*((d*g - e*f*(m + 2))*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - 2*c*d^2*p*(e*
f - d*g) - e*(g*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + 2*c*d*p*(e*f - d*g))*x), x] - Sim
p[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + c*x^
2)^(p - 1)*Simp[2*a*c*e*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2) - c*(2*c*d*(d*g*(2*p + 1) - e*f
*(m + 2*p + 2)) - 2*a*e^2*g*(m + 1))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f,
g}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3
, 0]
```

rule 719

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
risch	$\frac{561x^3+159x^2+374x+106}{140(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{8} - \frac{471\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{9800}$
trager	$\frac{(53+187x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{140(2x+3)^2} - \frac{\operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-3\right) \ln\left(\operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-3\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2}+3x\right)}{8} + \frac{471 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-35\right) \ln\left(\frac{9 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-35\right)}{9800}\right)}{9800}$
default	$-\frac{13\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{280\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2} - \frac{47\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4900\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} + \frac{471\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}{9800} - \frac{471\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{9800}$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(2*x+3)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/140*(561*x^3+159*x^2+374*x+106)/(2*x+3)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-1/8*arcsinh(1/
2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)-471/9800*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(
x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 126 vs. $2(61) = 122$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{1225\sqrt{3}(4x^2+12x+9)\log(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2x-3x^2-1}) + 471\sqrt{35}(4x^2+12x+9)\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2x-3x^2-1}}{4x}\right)}{19600(4x^2+12x+9)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/19600*(1225*sqrt(3)*(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)*log(sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1) + 471*sqrt(35)*(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)*log(-(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)) + 140*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(187*x + 53))/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx = -\int \left(-\frac{5\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{8x^3+36x^2+54x+27} \right) dx - \int \frac{x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{8x^3+36x^2+54x+27} dx$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(1/2)/(3+2*x)**3,x)`

output `-Integral(-5*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/(8*x**3 + 36*x**2 + 54*x + 27), x) - Integral(x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/(8*x**3 + 36*x**2 + 54*x + 27), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{8}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}x\right) + \frac{471}{9800}\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|}\right) + \frac{39}{280}\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{70(4x^2+12x+9)} - \frac{47\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{280(2x+3)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/8*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) + 471/9800*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) + 39/280*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 13/70*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9) - 47/280*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)/(2*x + 3)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 205 vs. 2(61) = 122.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx = \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}\right) + \frac{471}{9800}\sqrt{35}\log\left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right) + \frac{3048(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^3 + 4301\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 - 7368\sqrt{3}x + 1496\sqrt{3} + 7368\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{560\left((\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 + 3\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) - 2\right)^2}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/8*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) + 471/9800*sqrt(35)*log(-abs
(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - s
qrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))) + 1/560*(3048*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(
3*x^2 + 2))^3 + 4301*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 - 7368*sqrt(3
)*x + 1496*sqrt(3) + 7368*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/((sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^
2 + 3*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 2)^2
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx = \frac{471\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}{9800} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)}{8}$$

$$- \frac{471\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{9} - \frac{4}{9}\right)}{9800}$$

$$+ \frac{187\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{560\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} - \frac{13\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{32\left(x^2+3x+\frac{9}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(1/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3)^3,x)
```

output

```
(471*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/9800 - (3^(1/2)*asinh((2^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*x)/2))/
8 - (471*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/9
800 + (187*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(560*(x + 3/2)) - (13*3^(1/2)*(x^2 +
2/3)^(1/2))/(32*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.23

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{26180\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + 7420\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 3768\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35}+9x-4)x^2 + 11304\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2})}{(3+2x)^3}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^3,x)`

output `(26180*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 7420*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 3768*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 11304*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x + 8478*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 3768*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 11304*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 8478*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3) + 4900*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x**2 + 14700*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x + 11025*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x) - 4900*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x**2 - 14700*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x - 11025*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x))/(19600*(4*x**2 + 12*x + 9))`

3.203 $\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx$

Optimal result	1706
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1706
Rubi [A] (verified)	1707
Maple [A] (verified)	1709
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1709
Sympy [F]	1710
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1710
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1711
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1711
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1712

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx = -\frac{41(4-9x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{2450(3+2x)^2} - \frac{13(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{105(3+2x)^3} - \frac{123\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{1225\sqrt{35}}$$

output

```
-41/2450*(4-9*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^2-13/105*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^3-123/42875*35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2+3x^2}(3296-2337x+516x^2)}{7350(3+2x)^3} + \frac{246\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3x-2}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right)}{1225\sqrt{35}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((5-x)*Sqrt[2+3*x^2])/(3+2*x)^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/7350*(Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(3296 - 2337*x + 516*x^2))/(3 + 2*x)^3 + (246*Arc
Tanh[(3*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sqrt[3]*x - 2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/Sqrt[35]])/(1225*Sqrt[3
5])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {679, 486, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^4} dx$$

↓ 679

$$\frac{41}{35} \int \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^3} dx - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{105(2x+3)^3}$$

↓ 486

$$\frac{41}{35} \left(\frac{3}{35} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{(4-9x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{105(2x+3)^3}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{41}{35} \left(-\frac{3}{35} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4-9x)}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{105(2x+3)^3}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{41}{35} \left(-\frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{35\sqrt{35}} - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4-9x)}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{105(2x+3)^3}$$

input

```
Int[((5 - x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(3 + 2*x)^4, x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-13(2 + 3x^2)^{3/2})/(105(3 + 2x)^3) + (41(-1/70((4 - 9x)\sqrt{2 + 3x^2}))/((3 + 2x)^2 - (3\text{ArcTanh}[(4 - 9x)/(\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2 + 3x^2})]))/(35\sqrt{35}))}{35}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[\{(a_) + (b_)(x_)^2\}^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 486

$$\text{Int}[\{(c_) + (d_)(x_)^n\}*(a_) + (b_)(x_)^2\}^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{n+1}*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n+1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - \text{Simp}[2*a*b*(p/((n+1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{n+2}*(a + b*x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n + 2*p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0]$$

rule 488

$$\text{Int}[1/(\{(c_) + (d_)(x_)*\sqrt{(a_) + (b_)(x_)^2}\}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\sqrt{a + b*x^2}] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$$

rule 679

$$\text{Int}[\{(d_) + (e_)(x_)^m\}*(f_) + (g_)(x_)*\{(a_) + (c_)(x_)^2\}^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^{m+1}*(a + c*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*(p+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{m+1}*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + 2*p + 3], 0]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
risch	$-\frac{1548x^4-7011x^3+10920x^2-4674x+6592}{7350(2x+3)^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{123\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{42875}$
trager	$-\frac{(516x^2-2337x+3296)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{7350(2x+3)^3} - \frac{123 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-35\right) \ln\left(-\frac{9 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-35\right)x-4 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-35\right)-35\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3}\right)}{42875}$
default	$-\frac{13\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{840\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^3} - \frac{41\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4900\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2} - \frac{369\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{85750\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} + \frac{123\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}{42875} - \frac{123\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{42875}$

```
input int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(2*x+3)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/7350*(1548*x^4-7011*x^3+10920*x^2-4674*x+6592)/(2*x+3)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)
-123/42875*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{369\sqrt{35}(8x^3+36x^2+54x+27)\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(9x-4)+93x^2-36x+43}{4x^2+12x+9}\right)-35(516x^2-2337x+3296)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{257250(8x^3+36x^2+54x+27)}$$

```
input integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/257250*(369*sqrt(35)*(8*x^3+36*x^2+54*x+27)*log(-(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2+2)*(9*x-4)+93*x^2-36*x+43)/(4*x^2+12*x+9))-35*(516*x^2-2337*x+3296)*sqrt(3*x^2+2))/(8*x^3+36*x^2+54*x+27)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx = - \int \left(-\frac{5\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{16x^4+96x^3+216x^2+216x+81} \right) dx$$

$$- \int \frac{x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{16x^4+96x^3+216x^2+216x+81} dx$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(1/2)/(3+2*x)**4,x)`

output `-Integral(-5*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/(16*x**4 + 96*x**3 + 216*x**2 + 216*x + 81), x) - Integral(x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/(16*x**4 + 96*x**3 + 216*x**2 + 216*x + 81), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx = \frac{123}{42875} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{123}{4900} \sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{105(8x^3+36x^2+54x+27)}$$

$$- \frac{41(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{1225(4x^2+12x+9)} - \frac{369\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{4900(2x+3)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `123/42875*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) + 123/4900*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 13/105*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)/(8*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 54*x + 27) - 41/1225*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9) - 369/4900*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)/(2*x + 3)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 232 vs. $2(67) = 134$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx = \frac{123}{42875} \sqrt{35} \log \left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) \\ - \frac{\sqrt{3} \left(1553 \sqrt{3} (\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^5 + 30 (\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^4 + 3870 \sqrt{3} (\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^3 - 25740 \right)}{9800 \left((\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 + 3\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) \right)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `123/42875*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))) - 1/800*sqrt(3)*(1553*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^5 + 30*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^4 + 3870*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^3 - 25740*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 - 20*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 1376)/((sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 3*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 2)^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx = \frac{123 \sqrt{35} \ln \left(x + \frac{3}{2} \right)}{42875} - \frac{123 \sqrt{35} \ln \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{35} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} - \frac{4}{9}}{9} \right)}{42875} \\ - \frac{43 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{4900 \left(x + \frac{3}{2} \right)} + \frac{37 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{560 \left(x^2 + 3x + \frac{9}{4} \right)} \\ - \frac{13 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{96 \left(x^3 + \frac{9x^2}{2} + \frac{27x}{4} + \frac{27}{8} \right)}$$

input `int(-(3*x^2 + 2)^(1/2)*(x - 5)/(2*x + 3)^4,x)`

output

```
(123*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/42875 - (123*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)
)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/42875 - (43*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(490
0*(x + 3/2)) + (37*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(560*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4)) - (1
3*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(96*((27*x)/4 + (9*x^2)/2 + x^3 + 27/8))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-18060\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 + 81795\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 115360\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 5904\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)}{x^5}$$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^4,x)
```

output

```
( - 18060*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 81795*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 115360*sqrt(3
*x**2 + 2) + 5904*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**3 +
26568*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 39852*sqrt
(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x + 19926*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(
3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 5904*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**3 - 26568*
sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 39852*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 19926*sqrt(35
)*log(2*x + 3))/(257250*(8*x**3 + 36*x**2 + 54*x + 27))
```

3.204 $\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx$

Optimal result	1713
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1713
Rubi [A] (verified)	1714
Maple [A] (verified)	1716
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1717
Sympy [F(-1)]	1717
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1718
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1719
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1720
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1720

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx = -\frac{(297-257x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{840(3+2x)^4} - \frac{3\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{3920(3+2x)^2} - \frac{739\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{137200(3+2x)} - \frac{198\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{8575\sqrt{35}}$$

output

```
-1/840*(297-257*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^4-3/3920*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^2-739*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(411600+274400*x)-198/300125*35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2+3x^2}(26028-304x+10134x^2+2217x^3)}{51450(3+2x)^4} + \frac{396\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3x-2}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right)}{8575\sqrt{35}}$$

input `Integrate[((5 - x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(3 + 2*x)^5,x]`

output `-1/51450*(Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(26028 - 304*x + 10134*x^2 + 2217*x^3))/(3 + 2*x)^4 + (396*ArcTanh[(3*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sqrt[3]*x - 2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/Sqrt[35]])/(8575*Sqrt[35])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {688, 25, 679, 486, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{688} \\
 & -\frac{1}{140} \int -\frac{(164-39x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^4} dx - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{140} \int \frac{(164-39x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^4} dx - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{679} \\
 & \frac{1}{140} \left(\frac{264}{7} \int \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^3} dx - \frac{89(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{21(2x+3)^3} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{486} \\
 & \frac{1}{140} \left(\frac{264}{7} \left(\frac{3}{35} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{(4-9x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{89(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{21(2x+3)^3} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{488}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{140} \left(\frac{264}{7} \left(-\frac{3}{35} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d \frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4-9x)}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{89(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{21(2x+3)^3} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{140} \left(\frac{264}{7} \left(-\frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{35\sqrt{35}} - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4-9x)}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{89(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{21(2x+3)^3} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(3 + 2*x)^5,x]`

output `(-13*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(140*(3 + 2*x)^4) + ((-89*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(21*(3 + 2*x)^3) + (264*(-1/70*((4 - 9*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(3 + 2*x)^2 - (3*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])])/(35*Sqrt[35])))/7)/140`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 486 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[2*a*b*(p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 679 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1
))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 688 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
risch	$-\frac{6651x^5+30402x^4+3522x^3+98352x^2-608x+52056}{51450(2x+3)^4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{198\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{300125}$
trager	$-\frac{(2217x^3+10134x^2-304x+26028)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{51450(2x+3)^4} - \frac{198 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-35\right) \ln\left(-\frac{9 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-35\right)x-4 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-35\right)-35\sqrt{35}}{2x+3}\right)}{300125}$
default	$-\frac{13\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2240\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^4} - \frac{89\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{23520\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^3} - \frac{33\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{17150\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2} - \frac{297\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{300125\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} + \frac{198\sqrt{105}}{300125}$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(2*x+3)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/51450*(6651*x^5+30402*x^4+3522*x^3+98352*x^2-608*x+52056)/(2*x+3)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-198/300125*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{594\sqrt{35}(16x^4 + 96x^3 + 216x^2 + 216x + 81) \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(9x-4)+93x^2-36x+43}{4x^2+12x+9}\right) - 35(2217x^3 + 10134x^2 - 304x + 26028)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{1800750(16x^4 + 96x^3 + 216x^2 + 216x + 81)}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/1800750*(594*sqrt(35)*(16*x^4 + 96*x^3 + 216*x^2 + 216*x + 81)*log(-(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)) - 35*(2217*x^3 + 10134*x^2 - 304*x + 26028)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(16*x^4 + 96*x^3 + 216*x^2 + 216*x + 81)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(1/2)/(3+2*x)**5,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx = \frac{198}{300125} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|} \right) + \frac{99}{17150} \sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{140(16x^4+96x^3+216x^2+216x+81)} - \frac{89(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2940(8x^3+36x^2+54x+27)} - \frac{66(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8575(4x^2+12x+9)} - \frac{297\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{17150(2x+3)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `198/300125*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) + 99/17150*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 13/140*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)/(16*x^4 + 96*x^3 + 216*x^2 + 216*x + 81) - 89/2940*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)/(8*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 54*x + 27) - 66/8575*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9) - 297/17150*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)/(2*x + 3)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 181 vs. 2(85) = 170.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{9604000} \sqrt{35} \left(739 \sqrt{35} \sqrt{3} + 6336 \log(\sqrt{35} \sqrt{3} - 9) \right) \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{2x+3}\right)$$

$$- \frac{198}{300125} \sqrt{35} \log\left(\sqrt{35} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right) - 9\right) \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{2x+3}\right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{823200} \left(\frac{35 \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{1365 \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{2x+3}\right) - 257 \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{2x+3}\right)}{2x+3} \right) + 9 \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{2x+3}\right)}{2x+3} \right) + 2217 \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{2x+3}\right)}{2x+3} \right) \sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/9604000*sqrt(35)*(739*sqrt(35)*sqrt(3) + 6336*log(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3) - 9)) *sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) - 198/300125*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(35)*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3)) - 9)*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) - 1/823200*(35*(7*(1365*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)))/(2*x + 3) - 257*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)))/(2*x + 3) + 9*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)))/(2*x + 3) + 2217*sgn(1/(2*x + 3))*sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx = \frac{198\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}{300125} - \frac{198\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} - \frac{4}{9}}{9}\right)}{300125}$$

$$- \frac{13\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{256\left(x^4 + 6x^3 + \frac{27x^2}{2} + \frac{27x}{2} + \frac{81}{16}\right)} - \frac{739\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{274400\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{15680\left(x^2 + 3x + \frac{9}{4}\right)} + \frac{257\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{13440\left(x^3 + \frac{9x^2}{2} + \frac{27x}{4} + \frac{27}{8}\right)}$$

input `int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(1/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3)^5,x)`output `(198*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/300125 - (198*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/300125 - (13*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(256*((27*x)/2 + (27*x^2)/2 + 6*x^3 + x^4 + 81/16)) - (739*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(274400*(x + 3/2)) - (3*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(15680*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4)) + (257*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(13440*((27*x)/4 + (9*x^2)/2 + x^3 + 27/8))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-77595\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}x^3 - 354690\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}x^2 + 10640\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}x - 910980\sqrt{3x^2 + 2} + 19008\sqrt{35} \log(\sqrt{3x^2 + 2})}{(3+2x)^5}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^5,x)`

output

```
( - 77595*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 - 354690*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 10640*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 910980*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 19008*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**4 + 114048*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**3 + 256608*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 256608*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x + 96228*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 19008*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**4 - 114048*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**3 - 256608*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 256608*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 96228*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3))/(1800750*(16*x**4 + 96*x**3 + 216*x**2 + 216*x + 81))
```

3.205 $\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx$

Optimal result	1722
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1722
Rubi [A] (verified)	1723
Maple [A] (verified)	1726
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1726
Sympy [F(-1)]	1727
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1727
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1728
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1729
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1729

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx = -\frac{(118-73x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{350(3+2x)^5} + \frac{\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{875(3+2x)^3} - \frac{12\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{6125(3+2x)^2} - \frac{366\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{214375(3+2x)} - \frac{1017\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{214375\sqrt{35}}$$

output

```
-1/350*(118-73*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^5+1/875*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^3-12/6125*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^2-366*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(643125+428750*x)-1017/7503125*35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx = \frac{-35\sqrt{2+3x^2}(222112+108167x+186392x^2+76992x^3+11712x^4)}{(3+2x)^5} + 4068\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x-2\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right)$$

= 15006250

input `Integrate[((5 - x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(3 + 2*x)^6,x]`

output `((-35*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(222112 + 108167*x + 186392*x^2 + 76992*x^3 + 11712*x^4))/(3 + 2*x)^5 + 4068*Sqrt[35]*ArcTanh[(3*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sqrt[3]*x - 2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/Sqrt[35]])/15006250`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {688, 25, 688, 27, 679, 486, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 688 \\
 & -\frac{1}{175} \int -\frac{(205-78x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^5} dx - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{175(2x+3)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{1}{175} \int \frac{(205-78x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^5} dx - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{175(2x+3)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 688 \\
 & \frac{1}{175} \left(-\frac{1}{140} \int -\frac{84(73-23x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^4} dx - \frac{23(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{5(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{175(2x+3)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{175} \left(\frac{3}{5} \int \frac{(73-23x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^4} dx - \frac{23(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{5(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{175(2x+3)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 679 \\
 & \frac{1}{175} \left(\frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{113}{7} \int \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^3} dx - \frac{43(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{21(2x+3)^3} \right) - \frac{23(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{5(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{175(2x+3)^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 486

$$\frac{1}{175} \left(\frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{113}{7} \left(\frac{3}{35} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{(4-9x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{43(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{21(2x+3)^3} \right) - \frac{23(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{5(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{175(2x+3)^5}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{1}{175} \left(\frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{113}{7} \left(-\frac{3}{35} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d \frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4-9x)}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{43(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{21(2x+3)^3} \right) - \frac{23(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{5(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{175(2x+3)^5}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{175} \left(\frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{113}{7} \left(-\frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{35\sqrt{35}} - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4-9x)}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{43(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{21(2x+3)^3} \right) - \frac{23(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{5(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{175(2x+3)^5}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(3 + 2*x)^6,x]`

output `(-13*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(175*(3 + 2*x)^5) + ((-23*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*(3 + 2*x)^4) + (3*((-43*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(21*(3 + 2*x)^3) + (113*(-1/70*((4 - 9*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(3 + 2*x)^2 - (3*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])])/(35*Sqrt[35])))/7))/5)/175`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 486 $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^n) \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d \cdot x)^{n+1} \cdot (a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot x) \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^p / ((n+1) \cdot (b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2))), x] - \text{Simp}[2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p / ((n+1) \cdot (b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2))) \ \text{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^{n+2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n + 2 \cdot p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0]$

rule 488 $\text{Int}[1/((c_ + (d_ \cdot x)) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot x) / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$

rule 679 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x)^m) \cdot (f_ + (g_ \cdot x)) \cdot (a_ + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(e \cdot f - d \cdot g)) \cdot (d + e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot ((a + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot (p+1) \cdot (c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[(c \cdot d \cdot f + a \cdot e \cdot g) / (c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2) \ \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + 2 \cdot p + 3], 0]$

rule 688 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x)^m) \cdot (f_ + (g_ \cdot x)) \cdot (a_ + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e \cdot f - d \cdot g) \cdot (d + e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot ((a + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / ((m+1) \cdot (c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / ((m+1) \cdot (c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^p \cdot \text{Simp}[(c \cdot d \cdot f + a \cdot e \cdot g) \cdot (m+1) - c \cdot (e \cdot f - d \cdot g) \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 3) \cdot x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2 \cdot m, 2 \cdot p])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
risch	$-\frac{35136x^6+230976x^5+582600x^4+478485x^3+1039120x^2+216334x+444224}{428750(2x+3)^5\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{1017\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{7503125}$
trager	$-\frac{(11712x^4+76992x^3+186392x^2+108167x+222112)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{428750(2x+3)^5} + \frac{1017 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-35) \ln\left(\frac{9 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-35)x-4 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-35)}{2x+3}\right)}{7503125}$
default	$-\frac{13\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5600\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^5} - \frac{23\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{14000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^4} - \frac{43\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{49000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^3} - \frac{339\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{857500\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2} - \frac{3051\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{1000000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)}$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(2*x+3)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/428750*(35136*x^6+230976*x^5+582600*x^4+478485*x^3+1039120*x^2+216334*x+444224)/(2*x+3)^5/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-1017/7503125*35^(1/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{1017\sqrt{35}(32x^5+240x^4+720x^3+1080x^2+810x+243) \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(9x-4)+93x^2-36x+43}{4x^2+12x+9}\right) - 35}{15006250(32x^5+240x^4+720x^3+1080x^2+810x+243)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/15006250*(1017*sqrt(35)*(32*x^5 + 240*x^4 + 720*x^3 + 1080*x^2 + 810*x +
243)*log(-(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^
2 + 12*x + 9)) - 35*(11712*x^4 + 76992*x^3 + 186392*x^2 + 108167*x + 22211
2)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(32*x^5 + 240*x^4 + 720*x^3 + 1080*x^2 + 810*x + 243)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(1/2)/(3+2*x)**6,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx = \frac{1017}{7503125} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|} \right) + \frac{1017}{857500} \sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{175(32x^5+240x^4+720x^3+1080x^2+810x+243)} - \frac{23(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{875(16x^4+96x^3+216x^2+216x+81)} - \frac{43(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6125(8x^3+36x^2+54x+27)} - \frac{339(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{214375(4x^2+12x+9)} - \frac{3051\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{857500(2x+3)}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output

```
1017/7503125*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs
(2*x + 3)) + 1017/857500*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 13/175*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)/(32*x^
5 + 240*x^4 + 720*x^3 + 1080*x^2 + 810*x + 243) - 23/875*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)
/(16*x^4 + 96*x^3 + 216*x^2 + 216*x + 81) - 43/6125*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)/(8*x
^3 + 36*x^2 + 54*x + 27) - 339/214375*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)
- 3051/857500*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)/(2*x + 3)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 322 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx = \frac{1017}{7503125} \sqrt{35} \log \left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) \\ - \frac{3\sqrt{3} \left(904\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^9 + 36612(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^8 + 254217\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^7 - \dots \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^6,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1017/7503125*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt
(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))) -
3/1715000*sqrt(3)*(904*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^9 + 36612*(sq
rt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^8 + 254217*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)
)^7 - 142464*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^6 - 338184*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x -
sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^5 - 4315808*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^4 + 1676892*sq
rt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^3 - 1737184*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 +
2))^2 + 219776*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 31232)/((sqrt(3)*x
- sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 3*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 2)^5
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx = \frac{1017\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}{7503125} - \frac{1017\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{9} - \frac{4}{9}\right)}{7503125}$$

$$+ \frac{73\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{11200\left(x^4 + 6x^3 + \frac{27x^2}{2} + \frac{27x}{2} + \frac{81}{16}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{13\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{640\left(x^5 + \frac{15x^4}{2} + \frac{45x^3}{2} + \frac{135x^2}{4} + \frac{405x}{16} + \frac{243}{32}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{183\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{214375\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)} - \frac{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{6125\left(x^2 + 3x + \frac{9}{4}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{7000\left(x^3 + \frac{9x^2}{2} + \frac{27x}{4} + \frac{27}{8}\right)}$$

input `int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(1/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3)^6,x)`output `(1017*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/7503125 - (1017*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/7503125 + (73*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(11200*((27*x)/2 + (27*x^2)/2 + 6*x^3 + x^4 + 81/16)) - (13*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(640*((405*x)/16 + (135*x^2)/4 + (45*x^3)/2 + (15*x^4)/2 + x^5 + 243/32)) - (183*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(214375*(x + 3/2)) - (3*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(6125*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4)) + (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(7000*((27*x)/4 + (9*x^2)/2 + x^3 + 27/8))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{-409920\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4 - 2694720\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 - 6523720\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 - 3785845\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 7773920\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(3+2x)^6}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^6,x)`

output `(- 409920*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 - 2694720*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 - 6523720*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 - 3785845*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 7773920*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 65088*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**5 + 488160*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**4 + 1464480*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**3 + 2196720*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 1647540*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x + 494262*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 65088*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**5 - 488160*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**4 - 1464480*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**3 - 2196720*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 1647540*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 494262*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3))/(15006250*(32*x**5 + 240*x**4 + 720*x**3 + 1080*x**2 + 810*x + 243))`

3.206 $\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx$

Optimal result	1731
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1732
Rubi [A] (verified)	1732
Maple [A] (verified)	1735
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1736
Sympy [F(-1)]	1736
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1737
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1738
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1739
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1740

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx = -\frac{(647-327x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{2100(3+2x)^6} + \frac{127\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{98000(3+2x)^4} - \frac{479\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{490000(3+2x)^3} - \frac{2727\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{3430000(3+2x)^2} - \frac{53511\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{120050000(3+2x)} - \frac{6102\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{7503125\sqrt{35}}$$

output

```
-1/2100*(647-327*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^6+127/98000*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^4-479/490000*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^3-2727/3430000*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^2-53511*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(360150000+240100000*x)-6102/262609375*35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{35\sqrt{2+3x^2}(22308548+18651300x+30753930x^2+18236055x^3+5388660x^4+642132x^5)}{(3+2x)^6} + 73224\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3x-2}\sqrt{2+3x}}{\sqrt{35}}\right)}{1575656250}$$

input

```
Integrate[((5 - x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(3 + 2*x)^7, x]
```

output

```
((-35*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(22308548 + 18651300*x + 30753930*x^2 + 18236055*x^3 + 5388660*x^4 + 642132*x^5))/(3 + 2*x)^6 + 73224*Sqrt[35]*ArcTanh[(3*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sqrt[3]*x - 2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/Sqrt[35]])/1575656250
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$, Rules used = {688, 27, 688, 27, 688, 27, 679, 486, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^7} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{688}$$

$$-\frac{1}{210} \int -\frac{3(82-39x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^6} dx - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{210(2x+3)^6}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{1}{70} \int \frac{(82-39x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^6} dx - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{210(2x+3)^6}$$

$$\downarrow \text{688}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{70} \left(-\frac{1}{175} \int -\frac{6(485 - 281x)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{(2x + 3)^5} dx - \frac{281(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{175(2x + 3)^5} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{210(2x + 3)^6} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{70} \left(\frac{6}{175} \int \frac{(485 - 281x)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{(2x + 3)^5} dx - \frac{281(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{175(2x + 3)^5} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{210(2x + 3)^6} \\
& \quad \downarrow 688 \\
& \frac{1}{70} \left(\frac{6}{175} \left(-\frac{1}{140} \int -\frac{7(1852 - 777x)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{(2x + 3)^4} dx - \frac{259(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{20(2x + 3)^4} \right) - \frac{281(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{175(2x + 3)^5} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{13(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{210(2x + 3)^6} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{70} \left(\frac{6}{175} \left(\frac{1}{20} \int \frac{(1852 - 777x)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{(2x + 3)^4} dx - \frac{259(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{20(2x + 3)^4} \right) - \frac{281(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{175(2x + 3)^5} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{13(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{210(2x + 3)^6} \\
& \quad \downarrow 679 \\
& \frac{1}{70} \left(\frac{6}{175} \left(\frac{1}{20} \left(\frac{2712}{7} \int \frac{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{(2x + 3)^3} dx - \frac{1207(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{21(2x + 3)^3} \right) - \frac{259(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{20(2x + 3)^4} \right) - \frac{281(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{175(2x + 3)^5} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{13(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{210(2x + 3)^6} \\
& \quad \downarrow 486 \\
& \frac{1}{70} \left(\frac{6}{175} \left(\frac{1}{20} \left(\frac{2712}{7} \left(\frac{3}{35} \int \frac{1}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx - \frac{(4 - 9x)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{70(2x + 3)^2} \right) - \frac{1207(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{21(2x + 3)^3} \right) - \frac{259(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{20(2x + 3)^4} \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{13(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{210(2x + 3)^6} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 488 \\
& \frac{1}{70} \left(\frac{6}{175} \left(\frac{1}{20} \left(\frac{2712}{7} \left(-\frac{3}{35} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4-9x)}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{1207(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{21(2x+3)^3} \right) - \frac{259(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{20(2x+3)^4} \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{210(2x+3)^6} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{70} \left(\frac{6}{175} \left(\frac{1}{20} \left(\frac{2712}{7} \left(-\frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{35\sqrt{35}} - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4-9x)}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{1207(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{21(2x+3)^3} \right) - \frac{259(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{20(2x+3)^4} \right) \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{210(2x+3)^6}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(3 + 2*x)^7, x]`

output `(-13*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(210*(3 + 2*x)^6) + ((-281*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(175*(3 + 2*x)^5) + (6*((-259*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(20*(3 + 2*x)^4) + ((-1207*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(21*(3 + 2*x)^3) + (2712*(-1/70*((4 - 9*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/((3 + 2*x)^2 - (3*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])])/(35*Sqrt[35])))/7)/20))/175)/70`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 486 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[2*a*b*(p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

```
rule 679 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)
)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

```
rule 688 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

method	result
risch	$-\frac{1926396x^7+16165980x^6+55992429x^5+103039110x^4+92426010x^3+128433504x^2+37302600x+44617096}{45018750(2x+3)^6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{6102\sqrt{35} \arctan\left(\frac{2x+3}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{45018750(2x+3)^6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$
trager	$-\frac{(642132x^5+5388660x^4+18236055x^3+30753930x^2+18651300x+22308548)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{45018750(2x+3)^6} - \frac{6102 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-35\right) \ln\left(-\frac{9 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-35\right)+2x+3}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{45018750(2x+3)^6}$
default	$-\frac{13\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{13440\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^6} - \frac{281\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{392000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^5} - \frac{111\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{280000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^4} - \frac{1207\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6860000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^3} - \frac{109375\sqrt{35}}{6860000}$

```
input int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(2*x+3)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/45018750*(1926396*x^7+16165980*x^6+55992429*x^5+103039110*x^4+92426010*
x^3+128433504*x^2+37302600*x+44617096)/(2*x+3)^6/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-6102/2626
09375*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{18306\sqrt{35}(64x^6 + 576x^5 + 2160x^4 + 4320x^3 + 4860x^2 + 2916x + 729) \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(9x-4)+93x^2-36x+43}{4x^2+12x+9}\right) - 35(642132x^5 + 5388660x^4 + 18236055x^3 + 30753930x^2 + 18651300x + 22308548) \sqrt{3x^2+2}}{1575656250(64x^6 + 576x^5 + 2160x^4 + 4320x^3 + 4860x^2 + 2916x + 729)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/1575656250*(18306*sqrt(35)*(64*x^6 + 576*x^5 + 2160*x^4 + 4320*x^3 + 4860*x^2 + 2916*x + 729)*log(-(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)) - 35*(642132*x^5 + 5388660*x^4 + 18236055*x^3 + 30753930*x^2 + 18651300*x + 22308548)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(64*x^6 + 576*x^5 + 2160*x^4 + 4320*x^3 + 4860*x^2 + 2916*x + 729)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(1/2)/(3+2*x)**7,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{6102}{262609375} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|} \right) + \frac{3051}{15006250} \sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

$$- \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{210(64x^6+576x^5+2160x^4+4320x^3+4860x^2+2916x+729)}$$

$$- \frac{281(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{12250(32x^5+240x^4+720x^3+1080x^2+810x+243)}$$

$$- \frac{111(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{17500(16x^4+96x^3+216x^2+216x+81)} - \frac{1207(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{857500(8x^3+36x^2+54x+27)}$$

$$- \frac{2034(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{7503125(4x^2+12x+9)} - \frac{9153\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{15006250(2x+3)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `6102/262609375*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) + 3051/15006250*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 13/210*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)/(64*x^6 + 576*x^5 + 2160*x^4 + 4320*x^3 + 4860*x^2 + 2916*x + 729) - 281/12250*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)/(32*x^5 + 240*x^4 + 720*x^3 + 1080*x^2 + 810*x + 243) - 111/17500*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)/(16*x^4 + 96*x^3 + 216*x^2 + 216*x + 81) - 1207/857500*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)/(8*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 54*x + 27) - 2034/7503125*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9) - 9153/15006250*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)/(2*x + 3)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 367 vs. $2(121) = 242$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{6102}{262609375} \sqrt{35} \log \left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{3} \left(21696\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{11} + 1073952(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{10} + 6978880\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^9 + 87678735(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^8 - 66333990\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^7 - 258582989(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^6 - 426764436\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^5 + 755892540(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^4 - 355133440\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^3 + 207134880(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 - 19853952\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) + 2283136 \right)}{\left((\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 + 3\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) - 2 \right)^6}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `6102/262609375*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))) - 3/240100000*sqrt(3)*(21696*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^11 + 1073952*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^10 + 6978880*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^9 + 87678735*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^8 - 66333990*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^7 - 258582989*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^6 - 426764436*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^5 + 755892540*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^4 - 355133440*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^3 + 207134880*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 - 19853952*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) + 2283136)/((sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 3*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 2)^6`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx = \frac{6102\sqrt{35}\ln\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)}{262609375} - \frac{6102\sqrt{35}\ln\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{9} - \frac{4}{9}\right)}{262609375}$$

$$+ \frac{127\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{1568000\left(x^4+6x^3+\frac{27x^2}{2}+\frac{27x}{2}+\frac{81}{16}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{109\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{44800\left(x^5+\frac{15x^4}{2}+\frac{45x^3}{2}+\frac{135x^2}{4}+\frac{405x}{16}+\frac{243}{32}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{53511\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{240100000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{13\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{1536\left(x^6+9x^5+\frac{135x^4}{4}+\frac{135x^3}{2}+\frac{1215x^2}{16}+\frac{729x}{16}+\frac{729}{64}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{2727\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{13720000\left(x^2+3x+\frac{9}{4}\right)} - \frac{479\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{3920000\left(x^3+\frac{9x^2}{2}+\frac{27x}{4}+\frac{27}{8}\right)}$$

input `int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(1/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3)^7,x)`output `(6102*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/262609375 - (6102*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)*3
5^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/262609375 + (127*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(
1/2))/(1568000*((27*x)/2 + (27*x^2)/2 + 6*x^3 + x^4 + 81/16)) + (109*3^(1
/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(44800*((405*x)/16 + (135*x^2)/4 + (45*x^3)/2 + (15
*x^4)/2 + x^5 + 243/32)) - (53511*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(240100000*(x
+ 3/2)) - (13*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(1536*((729*x)/16 + (1215*x^2)/1
6 + (135*x^3)/2 + (135*x^4)/4 + 9*x^5 + x^6 + 729/64)) - (2727*3^(1/2)*(x^
2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(13720000*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4)) - (479*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1
/2))/(3920000*((27*x)/4 + (9*x^2)/2 + x^3 + 27/8))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{(5-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{-22474620\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^5 - 188603100\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4 - 638261925\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 - 1076387550\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 - 65279550\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 780799180\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 2343168\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^6 + 21088512\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^5 + 79081920\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^4 + 158163840\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^3 + 177934320\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^2 + 106760592\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x + 26690148\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4) - 2343168\sqrt{35}\log(2x + 3)x^6 - 21088512\sqrt{35}\log(2x + 3)x^5 - 79081920\sqrt{35}\log(2x + 3)x^4 - 158163840\sqrt{35}\log(2x + 3)x^3 - 177934320\sqrt{35}\log(2x + 3)x^2 - 106760592\sqrt{35}\log(2x + 3)x - 26690148\sqrt{35}\log(2x + 3)}}{(1575656250(64x^6 + 576x^5 + 2160x^4 + 4320x^3 + 4860x^2 + 2916x + 729))}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^7,x)`

output

```
( - 22474620*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 - 188603100*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 - 638
261925*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 - 1076387550*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 - 65279550
0*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 780799180*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 2343168*sqrt(35)*log(s
qrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**6 + 21088512*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x*
*2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**5 + 79081920*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*
sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**4 + 158163840*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35
) + 9*x - 4)*x**3 + 177934320*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x
- 4)*x**2 + 106760592*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x
+ 26690148*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 2343168*sq
rt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**6 - 21088512*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**5 - 79081920*
sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**4 - 158163840*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**3 - 177934
320*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 106760592*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 26690
148*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3))/(1575656250*(64*x**6 + 576*x**5 + 2160*x**4 + 4
320*x**3 + 4860*x**2 + 2916*x + 729))
```

3.207 $\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^4 (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1741
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1742
Rubi [A] (verified)	1742
Maple [A] (verified)	1745
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1746
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1746
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1747
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1747
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1748
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1748

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^4 (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2777}{12}x\sqrt{2 + 3x^2} + \frac{2777}{36}x(2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{4421(3 + 2x)^2(2 + 3x^2)^{5/2}}{2268} + \frac{13}{36}(3 + 2x)^3(2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} - \frac{1}{27}(3 + 2x)^4(2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} + \frac{(661583 + 226755x)(2 + 3x^2)^{5/2}}{17010} + \frac{2777\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{6\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
2777/12*x*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+2777/36*x*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+4421/2268*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)+13/36*(3+2*x)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)-1/27*(3+2*x)^4*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)+1/17010*(661583+226755*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)+2777/18*arcsinh(1/2*x*sqrt(3/2))*sqrt(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4(2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2+3x^2}(-8598544 - 19683405x - 27537072x^2 - 27468315x^3 - 24490404x^4 - 14492520x^5 - 3676320x^6) + 2777 \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2+3x^2})}{34020 \cdot 6\sqrt{3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^4*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
-1/34020*(Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(-8598544 - 19683405*x - 27537072*x^2 - 27468315*x^3 - 24490404*x^4 - 14492520*x^5 - 3676320*x^6 + 204120*x^7 + 181440*x^8)) - (2777*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/(6*Sqrt[3])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {687, 687, 27, 687, 27, 676, 211, 211, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (5-x)(2x+3)^4(3x^2+2)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\frac{1}{27} \int (2x+3)^3(234x+421)(3x^2+2)^{3/2} dx - \frac{1}{27}(2x+3)^4(3x^2+2)^{5/2}$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\frac{1}{27} \left(\frac{1}{24} \int 6(2x+3)^2(4421x+4584)(3x^2+2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{39}{4}(3x^2+2)^{5/2}(2x+3)^3 \right) - \frac{1}{27}(2x+3)^4(3x^2+2)^{5/2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{27} \left(\frac{1}{4} \int (2x+3)^2 (4421x+4584) (3x^2+2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{39}{4} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} (2x+3)^3 \right) - \frac{1}{27} (2x+3)^4 (3x^2+2)^{5/2} \\ & \downarrow 687 \\ & \frac{1}{27} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{21} \int 2(2x+3)(136053x+126712) (3x^2+2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{4421}{21} (2x+3)^2 (3x^2+2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{39}{4} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} (2x+3)^3 \right) - \frac{1}{27} (2x+3)^4 (3x^2+2)^{5/2} \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{27} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{2}{21} \int (2x+3)(136053x+126712) (3x^2+2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{4421}{21} (2x+3)^2 (3x^2+2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{39}{4} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} (2x+3)^3 \right) - \frac{1}{27} (2x+3)^4 (3x^2+2)^{5/2} \\ & \downarrow 676 \\ & \frac{1}{27} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{2}{21} \left(349902 \int (3x^2+2)^{3/2} dx + 15117x(3x^2+2)^{5/2} + \frac{661583}{15} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{4421}{21} (2x+3)^2 (3x^2+2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{39}{4} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} (2x+3)^3 \right) - \frac{1}{27} (2x+3)^4 (3x^2+2)^{5/2} \\ & \downarrow 211 \\ & \frac{1}{27} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{2}{21} \left(349902 \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \sqrt{3x^2+2} dx + \frac{1}{4} x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right) + 15117x(3x^2+2)^{5/2} + \frac{661583}{15} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{4421}{21} (2x+3)^2 (3x^2+2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{39}{4} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} (2x+3)^3 \right) - \frac{1}{27} (2x+3)^4 (3x^2+2)^{5/2} \\ & \downarrow 211 \\ & \frac{1}{27} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{2}{21} \left(349902 \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right) + 15117x(3x^2+2)^{5/2} + \frac{661583}{15} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{4421}{21} (2x+3)^2 (3x^2+2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{39}{4} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} (2x+3)^3 \right) - \frac{1}{27} (2x+3)^4 (3x^2+2)^{5/2} \\ & \downarrow 222 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{27} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{2}{21} \left(349902 \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3x^2+2x}\right) + \frac{1}{4}x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right) + 15117x(3x^2+2)^{5/2} + \frac{66158}{15} \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. + \frac{1}{27}(2x+3)^4(3x^2+2)^{5/2} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^4*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `-1/27*((3 + 2*x)^4*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((39*(3 + 2*x)^3*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2)) / 4 + ((4421*(3 + 2*x)^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2)) / 21 + (2*((661583*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2)) / 15 + 15117*x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2) + 349902*((x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2)) / 4 + (3*(x*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]) / 2 + ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x] / Sqrt[3])) / 2)) / 21) / 4) / 27`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 687

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(181440x^8+204120x^7-3676320x^6-14492520x^5-24490404x^4-27468315x^3-27537072x^2-19683405x-8598544)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{34020} + \dots$
trager	$\left(-\frac{16}{3}x^8 - 6x^7 + \frac{6808}{63}x^6 + 426x^5 + \frac{226763}{315}x^4 + \frac{9689}{12}x^3 + \frac{2294756}{2835}x^2 + \frac{6943}{12}x + \frac{2149636}{8505}\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \dots$
default	$\frac{2777x(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{36} + \frac{2777x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{12} + \frac{2777 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{18} + \frac{537409(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{8505} + \frac{434x(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9} + \frac{7256x^2(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{567}$
meijerg	$\frac{405\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{4\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{3x^2}{8} + \frac{5}{8} \right) \sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}}{3} + \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{32\sqrt{3} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}x(-270x^6-270x^4-15x^2+15)\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}}{480} + \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \right)}{9\sqrt{\pi}}$

input

```
int((5-x)*(2*x+3)^4*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/34020*(181440*x^8+204120*x^7-3676320*x^6-14492520*x^5-24490404*x^4-2746
8315*x^3-27537072*x^2-19683405*x-8598544)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+2777/18*arcsinh(
1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4 (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{34020} (181440 x^8 + 204120 x^7 - 3676320 x^6 - 14492520 x^5 - 24490404 x^4 - 27468315 x^3 - 27537072 x^2$$

$$+ \frac{2777}{36} \sqrt{3} \log \left(-\sqrt{3} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} x - 3x^2 - 1 \right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/34020*(181440*x^8 + 204120*x^7 - 3676320*x^6 - 14492520*x^5 - 24490404*x^4 - 27468315*x^3 - 27537072*x^2 - 19683405*x - 8598544)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 2777/36*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4 (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{16x^8 \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{3}$$

$$- 6x^7 \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} + \frac{6808x^6 \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{63} + 426x^5 \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}$$

$$+ \frac{226763x^4 \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{315} + \frac{9689x^3 \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{12} + \frac{2294756x^2 \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{2835}$$

$$+ \frac{6943x \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{12} + \frac{2149636 \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{8505} + \frac{2777 \sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{6x}}{2} \right)}{18}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)**4*(3*x**2+2)**(3/2),x)`output `-16*x**8*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/3 - 6*x**7*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 6808*x**6*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/63 + 426*x**5*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 226763*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/315 + 9689*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/12 + 2294756*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/2835 + 6943*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/12 + 2149636*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/8505 + 2777*sqrt(3)*asinh(sqrt(6)*x/2)/18`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4 (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{16}{27} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} x^4 - \frac{2}{3} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} x^3 + \frac{7256}{567} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} x^2 + \frac{434}{9} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} x + \frac{537409}{8505} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} + \frac{2777}{36} (3x^2+2)^{3/2} x + \frac{2777}{12} \sqrt{3x^2+2} x + \frac{2777}{18} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{6} x\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-16/27*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*x^4 - 2/3*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*x^3 + 7256/567*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*x^2 + 434/9*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*x + 537409/8505*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2) + 2777/36*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 2777/12*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 2777/18*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4 (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{1}{34020} (3((9(4(10((21(8x+9)x - 3404)x - 13419)x - 226763)x - 1017345)x - 9179024)x - 6561135) - \frac{2777}{18} \sqrt{3} \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}))$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/34020*(3*((9*(4*(10*((21*(8*x + 9)*x - 3404)*x - 13419)*x - 226763)*x - 1017345)*x - 9179024)*x - 6561135)*x - 8598544)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 2777/18 *sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4 (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2777\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{18} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(-16x^8 - 18x^7 + \frac{6808x^6}{21} + 1278x^5 + \frac{226763x^4}{105} + \frac{9689x^3}{4} + \frac{2294756x^2}{945} + \frac{6943x}{4} + \frac{2149636}{2835}\right)}{3}$$

input `int(-(2*x + 3)^4*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*(x - 5), x)`output `(2777*3^(1/2)*asinh((6^(1/2)*x)/2))/18 + (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*((6943*x)/4 + (2294756*x^2)/945 + (9689*x^3)/4 + (226763*x^4)/105 + 1278*x^5 + (6808*x^6)/21 - 18*x^7 - 16*x^8 + 2149636/2835))/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4 (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{16\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^8}{3} - 6\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^7 + \frac{6808\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^6}{63} + 426\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^5 + \frac{226763\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4}{315} + \frac{9689\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3}{12} + \frac{2294756\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2}{2835} + \frac{6943\sqrt{3x^2+2}x}{12} + \frac{2149636\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{8505} + \frac{2777\sqrt{3} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{18}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2), x)`output `(- 181440*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**8 - 204120*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**7 + 3676320*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**6 + 14492520*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 + 24490404*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 27468315*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 27537072*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 19683405*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 8598544*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 5248530*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/34020`

3.208 $\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^3 (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1749
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1749
Rubi [A] (verified)	1750
Maple [A] (verified)	1753
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1753
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1754
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1754
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1755
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1755
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1756

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^3 (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1087}{12}x\sqrt{2 + 3x^2} + \frac{1087}{36}x(2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{71}{168}(3 + 2x)^2 (2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} - \frac{1}{24}(3 + 2x)^3 (2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} + \frac{(16973 + 5405x)(2 + 3x^2)^{5/2}}{1260} + \frac{1087\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{6\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
1087/12*x*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+1087/36*x*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+71/168*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)-1/24*(3+2*x)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)+1/1260*(16973+5405*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)+1087/18*arcsinh(1/2*x*sqrt(3))*sqrt(3)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^3 (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2 + 3x^2}(-81392 - 226065x - 245136x^2 - 219975x^3 - 186012x^4 - 75600x^5 - 2160x^6 + 3780x^7)}{1260} - \frac{1087 \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2 + 3x^2})}{6\sqrt{3}}$$

input `Integrate[(5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^3*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output
$$-1/1260*(\text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*x^2]*(-81392 - 226065*x - 245136*x^2 - 219975*x^3 - 186012*x^4 - 75600*x^5 - 2160*x^6 + 3780*x^7)) - (1087*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[3]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*x^2]])/(6*\text{Sqrt}[3])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {687, 27, 687, 27, 676, 211, 211, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (5 - x)(2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 687 \\ & \frac{1}{24} \int 3(2x + 3)^2(71x + 124) (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} dx - \frac{1}{24}(2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{8} \int (2x + 3)^2(71x + 124) (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} dx - \frac{1}{24}(2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 687 \\ & \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{1}{21} \int 2(2x + 3)(3243x + 3622) (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{71}{21}(2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{24}(2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{2}{21} \int (2x + 3)(3243x + 3622) (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{71}{21}(2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{24}(2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 676 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{30436}{3} \int (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1081}{3} x(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} + \frac{16973}{15} (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{71}{21} (2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{24} (2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{30436}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} dx + \frac{1}{4} x(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1081}{3} x(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} + \frac{16973}{15} (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{71}{21} (2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{24} (2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{30436}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} x \right) + \frac{1}{4} x(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1081}{3} x(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} + \frac{16973}{15} (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{71}{21} (2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{24} (2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}$$

↓ 222

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{30436}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} x \right) + \frac{1}{4} x(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1081}{3} x(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} + \frac{16973}{15} (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{71}{21} (2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{24} (2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}$$

input `Int[(5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^3*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `-1/24*((3 + 2*x)^3*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((71*(3 + 2*x)^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/21 + (2*((16973*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/15 + (1081*x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/3 + (30436*((x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*((x*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/2 + ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x]/sqrt[3]))/2))/3))/21)/8`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 211 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[6*p])$
- rule 222 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[b, 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$
- rule 676 $\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_*)]*((f_*) + (g_*)(x_*)]*((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))}), x] + (\text{Simp}[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))}), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) \text{ Int}[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 687 $\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_*)]^{(m_*)]*((f_*) + (g_*)(x_*)]*((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))}), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p]) \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[f, 0])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(3780x^7 - 2160x^6 - 75600x^5 - 186012x^4 - 219975x^3 - 245136x^2 - 226065x - 81392)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{1260} + \frac{1087 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{18}$
trager	$\left(-3x^7 + \frac{12}{7}x^6 + 60x^5 + \frac{5167}{35}x^4 + \frac{2095}{12}x^3 + \frac{20428}{105}x^2 + \frac{2153}{12}x + \frac{20348}{315}\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{1087 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2 - \frac{1087}{315}Z - \frac{20348}{315}\right)}{315}$
default	$\frac{1087x(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{36} + \frac{1087x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{12} + \frac{1087 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{18} + \frac{5087(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{315} + \frac{64x(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9} + \frac{4x^2(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{21} - x^3$
meijerg	$\frac{135\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{4\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{3x^2}{8} + \frac{5}{8}\right)\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}}{3} + \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{4\sqrt{2} \left(\frac{16\sqrt{\pi}}{105} - \frac{2\sqrt{\pi}(-\frac{135}{2}x^6 - 72x^4 - 6x^2 + 8)\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}}{105} \right)}{3\sqrt{\pi}} + \dots$

```
input int((5-x)*(2*x+3)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/1260*(3780*x^7-2160*x^6-75600*x^5-186012*x^4-219975*x^3-245136*x^2-226065*x-81392)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+1087/18*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{1}{1260}(3780x^7 - 2160x^6 - 75600x^5 - 186012x^4 - 219975x^3 - 245136x^2 - 226065x - 81392)\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{1087}{36}\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 3x^2 - 1\right)$$

```
input integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/1260*(3780*x^7 - 2160*x^6 - 75600*x^5 - 186012*x^4 - 219975*x^3 - 245136*x^2 - 226065*x - 81392)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 1087/36*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3 (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = -3x^7\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{12x^6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{7} + 60x^5\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{5167x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{35} + \frac{2095x^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{12} + \frac{20428x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{105} + \frac{2153x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{12} + \frac{20348\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{315} + \frac{1087\sqrt{3}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6x}}{2}\right)}{18}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)**3*(3*x**2+2)**(3/2),x)`output `-3*x**7*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**6*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/7 + 60*x**5*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 5167*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/35 + 2095*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/12 + 20428*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/105 + 2153*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/12 + 20348*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/315 + 1087*sqrt(3)*asinh(sqrt(6)*x/2)/18`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3 (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{1}{3} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}x^3 + \frac{4}{21} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2 + \frac{64}{9} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}x + \frac{5087}{315} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{1087}{36} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}x + \frac{1087}{12} \sqrt{3x^2+2}x + \frac{1087}{18} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6x}\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/3*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*x^3 + 4/21*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*x^2 + 64/9*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*x + 5087/315*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2) + 1087/36*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 1087/12*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 1087/18*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3 (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{1260} (3(((12(15((7x-4)x-140)x-5167)x-73325)x-81712)x-75355)x-81392)\sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

$$-\frac{1087}{18} \sqrt{3} \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}))$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/1260*(3*(((12*(15*((7*x - 4)*x - 140)*x - 5167)*x - 73325)*x - 81712)*x - 75355)*x - 81392)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 1087/18*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3 (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1087 \sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{18}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(-9x^7 + \frac{36x^6}{7} + 180x^5 + \frac{15501x^4}{35} + \frac{2095x^3}{4} + \frac{20428x^2}{35} + \frac{2153x}{4} + \frac{20348}{105} \right)}{3}$$

input `int(-(2*x + 3)^3*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*(x - 5),x)`

output `(1087*3^(1/2)*asinh((6^(1/2)*x)/2))/18 + (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*((2153*x)/4 + (20428*x^2)/35 + (2095*x^3)/4 + (15501*x^4)/35 + 180*x^5 + (36*x^6)/7 - 9*x^7 + 20348/105))/3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3 (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = -3\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^7 + \frac{12\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^6}{7} + 60\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^5 + \frac{5167\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4}{35} + \frac{2095\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3}{12} + \frac{20428\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2}{105} + \frac{2153\sqrt{3x^2+2}x}{12} + \frac{20348\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{315} + \frac{1087\sqrt{3}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{18}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x)`output `(- 3780*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**7 + 2160*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**6 + 75600*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 + 186012*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 219975*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 245136*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 226065*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 81392*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 76090*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/1260`

3.209 $\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^2 (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1757
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1757
Rubi [A] (verified)	1758
Maple [A] (verified)	1760
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1760
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1761
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1761
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1762
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1762
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1763

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^2 (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{397}{12} x \sqrt{2 + 3x^2} + \frac{397}{36} x (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{21} (3 + 2x)^2 (2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} + \frac{2}{315} (611 + 160x) (2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} + \frac{397 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{6\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
397/12*x*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+397/36*x*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)-1/21*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)+2/315*(611+160*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)+397/18*arcsinh(1/2*x*sqrt(3/2))*3^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^2 (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2 + 3x^2}(-17392 - 71715x - 51216x^2 - 48405x^3 - 36252x^4 - 5040x^5 + 2160x^6)}{1260} - \frac{397 \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2 + 3x^2})}{6\sqrt{3}}$$

input `Integrate[(5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/1260*(Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(-17392 - 71715*x - 51216*x^2 - 48405*x^3 - 36252*x^4 - 5040*x^5 + 2160*x^6)) - (397*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/(6*Sqrt[3])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {687, 676, 211, 211, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (5 - x)(2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{687} \\
 & \frac{1}{21} \int (2x + 3)(192x + 323) (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} dx - \frac{1}{21} (2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{676} \\
 & \frac{1}{21} \left(\frac{2779}{3} \int (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{64}{3} x (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} + \frac{1222}{15} (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{21} (2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{1}{21} \left(\frac{2779}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} dx + \frac{1}{4} x (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{64}{3} x (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} + \frac{1222}{15} (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{21} (2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{1}{21} \left(\frac{2779}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{64}{3} x (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} + \frac{1222}{15} (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{21} (2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 222

$$\frac{1}{21} \left(\frac{2779}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3x^2+2x}\right) + \frac{1}{4}x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{64}{3}x(3x^2+2)^{5/2} + \frac{1222}{15}(3x^2+2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{1}{21}(2x+3)^2(3x^2+2)^{5/2}$$

input `Int[(5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `-1/21*((3 + 2*x)^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((1222*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/15 + (64*x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/3 + (2779*((x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*((x*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/2 + ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x]/Sqrt[3]))/2))/3)/21`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 687

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(2160x^6 - 5040x^5 - 36252x^4 - 48405x^3 - 51216x^2 - 71715x - 17392)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{1260} + \frac{397 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{18}$
trager	$\left(-\frac{12}{7}x^6 + 4x^5 + \frac{1007}{35}x^4 + \frac{461}{12}x^3 + \frac{4268}{105}x^2 + \frac{683}{12}x + \frac{4348}{315}\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{397 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-3\right)\ln\left(-\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-3\right)\right)}{18}$
default	$\frac{397x(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{36} + \frac{397x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{12} + \frac{397 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{18} + \frac{1087(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{315} + \frac{4x(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9} - \frac{4x^2(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{21}$
meijerg	$\frac{45\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{4\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{3x^2}{8} + \frac{5}{8}\right)\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1} + \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{8\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}x(18x^4+21x^2+3)\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}}{36} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)}{6} \right)}{3\sqrt{\pi}}$

input

```
int((5-x)*(2*x+3)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/1260*(2160*x^6-5040*x^5-36252*x^4-48405*x^3-51216*x^2-71715*x-17392)*(3
*x^2+2)^(1/2)+397/18*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{1260} (2160x^6 - 5040x^5 - 36252x^4 - 48405x^3 - 51216x^2 - 71715x - 17392)\sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

$$+ \frac{397}{36} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 3x^2 - 1\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/1260*(2160*x^6 - 5040*x^5 - 36252*x^4 - 48405*x^3 - 51216*x^2 - 71715*x - 17392)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 397/36*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{12x^6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{7} + 4x^5\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{1007x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{35} + \frac{461x^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{12} + \frac{4268x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{105} + \frac{683x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{12} + \frac{4348\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{315} + \frac{397\sqrt{3}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{18}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)**2*(3*x**2+2)**(3/2),x)`

output `-12*x**6*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/7 + 4*x**5*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 1007*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/35 + 461*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/12 + 4268*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/105 + 683*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/12 + 4348*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/315 + 397*sqrt(3)*asinh(sqrt(6)*x/2)/18`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{4}{21}(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2 + \frac{4}{9}(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}x + \frac{1087}{315}(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{397}{36}(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}x + \frac{397}{12}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + \frac{397}{18}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}x\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-4/21*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*x^2 + 4/9*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*x + 1087/315*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2) + 397/36*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 397/12*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 397/18*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2 (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{1260} (3(((12(20(3x-7)x-1007)x-16135)x-17072)x-23905)x-17392)\sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

$$-\frac{397}{18} \sqrt{3} \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}))$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/1260*(3*(((12*(20*(3*x - 7)*x - 1007)*x - 16135)*x - 17072)*x - 23905)*x - 17392)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 397/18*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2 (2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{397\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{18}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(-\frac{36x^6}{7} + 12x^5 + \frac{3021x^4}{35} + \frac{461x^3}{4} + \frac{4268x^2}{35} + \frac{683x}{4} + \frac{4348}{105} \right)}{3}$$

input

```
int(-(2*x + 3)^2*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*(x - 5),x)
```

output

```
(397*3^(1/2)*asinh((6^(1/2)*x)/2))/18 + (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))*((683*x)/4 + (4268*x^2)/35 + (461*x^3)/4 + (3021*x^4)/35 + 12*x^5 - (36*x^6)/7 + 4348/105)/3
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{12\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^6}{7} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1007\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4}{35} + \frac{461\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3}{12} + \frac{4268\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2}{105}$$

$$+ \frac{683\sqrt{3x^2+2}x}{12} + \frac{4348\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{315} + \frac{397\sqrt{3}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{18}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x)`output `(- 2160*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**6 + 5040*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 + 36252*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 48405*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 51216*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 71715*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 17392*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 27790*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/1260`

3.210 $\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x) (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1764
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1764
Rubi [A] (verified)	1765
Maple [A] (verified)	1766
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1767
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1767
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1768
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1768
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1769
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1769

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x) (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{137}{12}x\sqrt{2 + 3x^2} + \frac{137}{36}x(2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{1}{45}(21 - 5x)(2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} + \frac{137\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{6\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
137/12*x*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+137/36*x*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+1/45*(21-5*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)+137/18*arcsinh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*3^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x) (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{1}{60}\sqrt{2 + 3x^2}(-112 - 1115x - 336x^2 - 605x^3 - 252x^4 + 60x^5) - \frac{137 \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2 + 3x^2})}{6\sqrt{3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

$$-1/60*(\text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*x^2]*(-112 - 1115*x - 336*x^2 - 605*x^3 - 252*x^4 + 60*x^5)) - (137*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[3]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*x^2]])/(6*\text{Sqrt}[3])$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {676, 211, 211, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (5-x)(2x+3)(3x^2+2)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 676$$

$$\frac{137}{9} \int (3x^2+2)^{3/2} dx - \frac{1}{9}x(3x^2+2)^{5/2} + \frac{7}{15}(3x^2+2)^{5/2}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$\frac{137}{9} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \sqrt{3x^2+2} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{9}x(3x^2+2)^{5/2} + \frac{7}{15}(3x^2+2)^{5/2}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$\frac{137}{9} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{9}x(3x^2+2)^{5/2} + \frac{7}{15}(3x^2+2)^{5/2}$$

$$\downarrow 222$$

$$\frac{137}{9} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\text{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{9}x(3x^2+2)^{5/2} + \frac{7}{15}(3x^2+2)^{5/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(5-x)*(3+2*x)*(2+3*x^2)^(3/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(7*(2 + 3*x^2)^{(5/2)})/15 - (x*(2 + 3*x^2)^{(5/2)})/9 + (137*((x*(2 + 3*x^2)^{(3/2)})/4 + (3*((x*\text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*x^2])/2 + \text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[3/2]*x]/\text{Sqrt}[3]))/2))/9$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p - 1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] || \text{IntegerQ}[6*p])$$

rule 222

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[b, 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \&\& \text{PosQ}[b]$$

rule 676

$$\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_)*(x_))*((f_ + (g_)*(x_))*((a_ + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^{p + 1}/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (\text{Simp}[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^{p + 1}/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) \text{Int}[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \&\& !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(60x^5 - 252x^4 - 605x^3 - 336x^2 - 1115x - 112)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{60} + \frac{137 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{18}$
default	$\frac{137x(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{36} + \frac{137x\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{12} + \frac{137 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{18} + \frac{7(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15} - \frac{x(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9}$
trager	$\left(-x^5 + \frac{21}{5}x^4 + \frac{121}{12}x^3 + \frac{28}{5}x^2 + \frac{223}{12}x + \frac{28}{15}\right)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2} - \frac{137 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2 - 3\right) \ln\left(-\operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2 - 3\right)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}\right)}{18}$
meijerg	$\frac{15\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{4\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{3x^2}{8} + \frac{5}{8}\right)\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2} + 1} + \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{7\sqrt{2} \left(-\frac{8\sqrt{\pi}}{15} + \frac{4\sqrt{\pi} \left(\frac{9}{2}x^4 + 6x^2 + 2\right)\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2} + 1}}{15} \right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{2\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{2} \right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}}$

input

```
int((5-x)*(2*x+3)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/60*(60*x^5-252*x^4-605*x^3-336*x^2-1115*x-112)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+137/18*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{60}(60x^5 - 252x^4 - 605x^3 - 336x^2 - 1115x - 112)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}$$

$$+ \frac{137}{36}\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}x - 3x^2 - 1\right)$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/60*(60*x^5 - 252*x^4 - 605*x^3 - 336*x^2 - 1115*x - 112)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 137/36*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = -x^5\sqrt{3x^2 + 2} + \frac{21x^4\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{5} + \frac{121x^3\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{12}$$

$$+ \frac{28x^2\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{5} + \frac{223x\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{12} + \frac{28\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{15} + \frac{137\sqrt{3}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{18}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)*(3*x**2+2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
-x**5*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 21*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/5 + 121*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/12 + 28*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/5 + 223*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/12 + 28*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/15 + 137*sqrt(3)*asinh(sqrt(6)*x/2)/18
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{1}{9}(3x^2+2)^{5/2}x + \frac{7}{15}(3x^2+2)^{5/2} \\ + \frac{137}{36}(3x^2+2)^{3/2}x + \frac{137}{12}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + \frac{137}{18}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6x}\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/9*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*x + 7/15*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2) + 137/36*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 137/12*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 137/18*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = \\ -\frac{1}{60}(((12(5x-21)x-605)x-336)x-1115)x-112)\sqrt{3x^2+2} \\ -\frac{137}{18}\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}x+\sqrt{3x^2+2}\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/60*(((12*(5*x - 21)*x - 605)*x - 336)*x - 1115)*x - 112)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 137/18*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{137\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{18} + \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}\left(-3x^5 + \frac{63x^4}{5} + \frac{121x^3}{4} + \frac{84x^2}{5} + \frac{223x}{4} + \frac{28}{5}\right)}{3}$$

input

```
int(-(2*x + 3)*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*(x - 5),x)
```

output

```
(137*3^(1/2)*asinh((6^(1/2)*x)/2))/18 + (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*((223*x)/4 + (84*x^2)/5 + (121*x^3)/4 + (63*x^4)/5 - 3*x^5 + 28/5))/3
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = -\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^5 + \frac{21\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4}{5} + \frac{121\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3}{12} + \frac{28\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2}{5} + \frac{223\sqrt{3x^2+2}x}{12} + \frac{28\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{15} + \frac{137\sqrt{3}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{18}$$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3+2*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 180*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 + 756*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 1815*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 1008*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 3345*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 336*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 1370*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/180
```

3.211 $\int (5 - x) (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1770
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1770
Rubi [A] (verified)	1771
Maple [A] (verified)	1772
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1773
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1773
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1774
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1774
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1775
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1775

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int (5 - x) (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{15}{4} x \sqrt{2 + 3x^2} + \frac{5}{4} x (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{15} (2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} + \frac{5}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} x \right)$$

output

```
15/4*x*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+5/4*x*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)-1/15*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)+5/2*arcsinh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*3^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (5 - x) (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{1}{60} \sqrt{2 + 3x^2} (16 - 375x + 48x^2 - 225x^3 + 36x^4) - \frac{5}{2} \sqrt{3} \log \left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2 + 3x^2} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
-1/60*(Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(16 - 375*x + 48*x^2 - 225*x^3 + 36*x^4)) - (5*Sqrt
[3]*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/2
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$, Rules used = {455, 211, 211, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (5 - x) (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & 5 \int (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} dx - \frac{1}{15} (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & 5 \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} dx + \frac{1}{4} x (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{15} (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & 5 \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{15} (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 222 \\
 & 5 \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{15} (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/15*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2) + 5*((x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*((x*Sqrt[2 + 3*x
^2])/2 + ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x]/Sqrt[3]))/2)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 211 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])
```

```
rule 222 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]
```

```
rule 455 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{(36x^4 - 225x^3 + 48x^2 - 375x + 16)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{60} + \frac{5 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{2}$	45
default	$\frac{15x\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{4} + \frac{5x(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} - \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15} + \frac{5 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{2}$	49
trager	$\left(-\frac{3}{5}x^4 + \frac{15}{4}x^3 - \frac{4}{5}x^2 + \frac{25}{4}x - \frac{4}{15}\right)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2} + \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2 - 3) \ln(\operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2 - 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2} + 3x)}{2}$	61
meijerg	$\frac{5\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{4\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{3x^2}{8} + \frac{5}{8}\right)\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2} + 1}}{3} + \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(-\frac{8\sqrt{\pi}}{15} + \frac{4\sqrt{\pi} \left(\frac{9}{2}x^4 + 6x^2 + 2\right)\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2} + 1}}{15} \right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}}$	93

```
input int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/60*(36*x^4-225*x^3+48*x^2-375*x+16)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+5/2*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{1}{60}(36x^4 - 225x^3 + 48x^2 - 375x + 16)\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{5}{4}\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 3x^2 - 1\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/60*(36*x^4 - 225*x^3 + 48*x^2 - 375*x + 16)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 5/4*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int (5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{3x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{5} + \frac{15x^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{4} - \frac{4x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{5} + \frac{25x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{4} - \frac{4\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{15} + \frac{5\sqrt{3}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{2}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(3/2),x)`output `-3*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/5 + 15*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/4 - 4*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/5 + 25*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/4 - 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/15 + 5*sqrt(3)*asinh(sqrt(6)*x/2)/2`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{1}{15}(3x^2+2)^{5/2} + \frac{5}{4}(3x^2+2)^{3/2}x + \frac{15}{4}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + \frac{5}{2}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}x\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/15*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2) + 5/4*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 15/4*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 5/2*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{1}{60}(3((3(4x-25)x+16)x-125)x+16)\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{5}{2}\sqrt{3}\log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}))$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/60*(3*((3*(4*x - 25)*x + 16)*x - 125)*x + 16)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 5/2*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int (5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{9x^4}{5} - \frac{45x^3}{4} + \frac{12x^2}{5} - \frac{75x}{4} + \frac{4}{5}\right)}{3}$$

input `int(-(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*(x - 5),x)`output `(5*3^(1/2)*asinh((6^(1/2)*x)/2))/2 - (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*((12*x^2)/5 - (75*x)/4 - (45*x^3)/4 + (9*x^4)/5 + 4/5))/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{3\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4}{5} + \frac{15\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3}{4} - \frac{4\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2}{5} + \frac{25\sqrt{3x^2+2}x}{4} - \frac{4\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{15} + \frac{5\sqrt{3} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{2}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x)`output `(- 36*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 225*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 - 48*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 375*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 16*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 150*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/60`

$$3.212 \quad \int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{3+2x} dx$$

Optimal result	1776
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1776
Rubi [A] (verified)	1777
Maple [A] (verified)	1779
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1780
Sympy [F]	1780
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1781
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1781
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1782
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1782

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{3+2x} dx = \frac{1}{16}(455-123x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} + \frac{1}{24}(26-3x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2} - \frac{1529}{32}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right) - \frac{455}{32}\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)$$

output

```
1/16*(455-123*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+1/24*(26-3*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)-1529/32*arc
sinh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*3^(1/2)-455/32*35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/
(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{3+2x} dx = \frac{1}{96} \left(-2\sqrt{2+3x^2}(-1469+381x-156x^2+18x^3) + 2730\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x-2\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right) + 4587\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}x+\sqrt{2+3x^2}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(-1469 + 381*x - 156*x^2 + 18*x^3) + 2730*Sqrt[35]*ArcTanh[(3*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sqrt[3]*x - 2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/Sqrt[35]] + 4587*Sqrt[3]*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/96`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {682, 27, 682, 27, 719, 222, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{2x+3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 682$$

$$\frac{1}{48} \int \frac{12(43-123x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3} dx + \frac{1}{24}(26-3x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(43-123x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3} dx + \frac{1}{24}(26-3x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 682$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{24} \int \frac{6(1082-4587x)}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(455-123x) \right) + \frac{1}{24}(26-3x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1082-4587x}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(455-123x) \right) + \frac{1}{24}(26-3x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 719$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{15925}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{4587}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(455-123x) \right) + \frac{1}{24}(26-3x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 222

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{15925}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{1529}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} x \right) \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2+2} (455 - 123x) \right) + \frac{1}{24} (26 - 3x) (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{15925}{2} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d \frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{1529}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} x \right) \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2+2} (455 - 123x) \right) + \frac{1}{24} (26 - 3x) (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{1529}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} x \right) - \frac{455}{2} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2+2} (455 - 123x) \right) + \frac{1}{24} (26 - 3x) (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x), x]`

output `((26 - 3*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/24 + (((455 - 123*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/4 + (-1529*Sqrt[3]*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x])/2 - (455*Sqrt[35]*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])]))/2)/4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 682 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p + 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || ! RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 719 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(18x^3 - 156x^2 + 381x - 1469)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{48} - \frac{1529 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{32} - \frac{455\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 36x - 19}}\right)}{32}$
trager	$\left(-\frac{3}{8}x^3 + \frac{13}{4}x^2 - \frac{127}{16}x + \frac{1469}{48}\right)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2} + \frac{455 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2 - 35\right) \ln\left(\frac{9 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2 - 35\right)x - 4 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2 - 35\right)}{2x + 3}\right)}{32}$
default	$-\frac{x(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8} - \frac{3x\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{8} - \frac{1529 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{32} + \frac{13\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 9x - \frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{12} - \frac{117x\sqrt{3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 9x - \frac{19}{4}}}{16} + \frac{455\sqrt{105}}{16}$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(2*x+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/48*(18*x^3-156*x^2+381*x-1469)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-1529/32*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)-455/32*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{3+2x} dx = -\frac{1}{48} (18x^3 - 156x^2 + 381x - 1469) \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} + \frac{1529}{64} \sqrt{3} \log \left(\sqrt{3} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} x - 3x^2 - 1 \right) + \frac{455}{64} \sqrt{35} \log \left(-\frac{\sqrt{35} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} (9x - 4) + 93x^2 - 36x + 43}{4x^2 + 12x + 9} \right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/48*(18*x^3 - 156*x^2 + 381*x - 1469)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 1529/64*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1) + 455/64*sqrt(35)*log(-(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{3+2x} dx = -\int \left(-\frac{10\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3} \right) dx - \int \frac{2x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3} dx - \int \left(-\frac{15x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3} \right) dx - \int \frac{3x^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3} dx$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(3/2)/(3+2*x),x)`

output

```
-Integral(-10*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/(2*x + 3), x) - Integral(2*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/(2*x + 3), x) - Integral(-15*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/(2*x + 3), x) - Integral(3*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/(2*x + 3), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{3+2x} dx = -\frac{1}{8}(3x^2+2)^{3/2}x + \frac{13}{12}(3x^2+2)^{3/2} - \frac{123}{16}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - \frac{1529}{32}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}x\right) + \frac{455}{32}\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|}\right) + \frac{455}{16}\sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/8*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 13/12*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 123/16*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 1529/32*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) + 455/32*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) + 455/16*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{3+2x} dx = -\frac{1}{48}(3(2(3x-26)x+127)x-1469)\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{1529}{32}\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}x+\sqrt{3x^2+2}\right) + \frac{455}{32}\sqrt{35}\log\left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x-\sqrt{35}-3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x-\sqrt{35}+3\sqrt{3}-2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/48*(3*(2*(3*x - 26)*x + 127)*x - 1469)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 1529/32*sqrt(3)
)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) + 455/32*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*
x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*
sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{3+2x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{35} \left(31850 \ln \left(x + \frac{3}{2} \right) - 31850 \ln \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}} - \frac{4}{9}}{9} \right) \right)}{2240} - \frac{1529\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2} \right)}{32} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{9x^3}{8} - \frac{39x^2}{4} + \frac{381x}{16} - \frac{1469}{16} \right)}{3}$$

input

```
int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3),x)
```

output

```
(35^(1/2)*(31850*log(x + 3/2) - 31850*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)
)^(1/2)))/9 - 4/9))/2240 - (1529*3^(1/2)*asinh((2^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*x)/2))/32
- (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*((381*x)/16 - (39*x^2)/4 + (9*x^3)/8 - 1469/16))/3
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{3+2x} dx = \frac{455\sqrt{35} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{3x^2+2}i+2\sqrt{3}ix}{\sqrt{35}-3\sqrt{3}} \right) i}{32} - \frac{3\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3}{8} + \frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2}{4} - \frac{127\sqrt{3x^2+2}x}{16} + \frac{1469\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{48} + \frac{455\sqrt{35} \log(4\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{3}x + 3\sqrt{105} + 12x^2 - 27)}{64} - \frac{455\sqrt{35} \log \left(\frac{2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \sqrt{35} + 2\sqrt{3}x + 3\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}} \right)}{32} - \frac{1529\sqrt{3} \log \left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)}{32}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x),x)`

output `(2730*sqrt(35)*atan((2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*i + 2*sqrt(3)*i*x)/(sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3)))*i - 72*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 624*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 - 1524*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 5876*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 1365*sqrt(35)*log(4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(3)*x + 3*sqrt(105) + 12*x**2 - 27) - 2730*sqrt(35)*log((2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(35) + 2*sqrt(3)*x + 3*sqrt(3))/sqrt(2)) - 9174*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/192`

$$3.213 \quad \int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1784
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1784
Rubi [A] (verified)	1785
Maple [A] (verified)	1788
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1788
Sympy [F]	1789
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1789
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1790
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1791
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1792

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{8}(193-63x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} - \frac{(21+x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{6(3+2x)} + \frac{663}{16}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right) + \frac{193}{16}\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)$$

output

```
-1/8*(193-63*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-(21+x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(6*(3+2*x))+663/16*arcsinh(1/2*x*sqrt(3))+(193/16)*sqrt(35)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*sqrt(35)/sqrt(3*x^2+2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx = \frac{1}{48} \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{2+3x^2}(1905+599x-126x^2+12x^3)}{3+2x} - 1158\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x-2\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right) - 1989\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}x+\sqrt{2+3x^2}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x)^2,x]`

output `((-2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(1905 + 599*x - 126*x^2 + 12*x^3))/(3 + 2*x) - 1158*Sqrt[35]*ArcTanh[(3*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sqrt[3]*x - 2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/Sqrt[35]] - 1989*Sqrt[3]*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/48`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {681, 27, 682, 27, 719, 222, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(5-x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{681} \\
 & -\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{4(2-63x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3} dx - \frac{(x+21)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{6(2x+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(2-63x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3} dx - \frac{(x+21)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{6(2x+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{682} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{24} \int \frac{6(394-1989x)}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2+2}(193-63x) \right) - \frac{(x+21)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{6(2x+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{394-1989x}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2+2}(193-63x) \right) - \frac{(x+21)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{6(2x+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{719}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1989}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{6755}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \right) - \frac{1}{4} (193 - 63x) \sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) - \frac{(x+21)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{6(2x+3)}$$

↓ 222

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{663}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} x \right) - \frac{6755}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \right) - \frac{1}{4} (193 - 63x) \sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) - \frac{(x+21)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{6(2x+3)}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{6755}{2} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d \frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{663}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} x \right) \right) - \frac{1}{4} (193 - 63x) \sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) - \frac{(x+21)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{6(2x+3)}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{663}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} x \right) + \frac{193}{2} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{4} (193 - 63x) \sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) - \frac{(x+21)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{6(2x+3)}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x)^2, x]`

output

```
-1/6*((21 + x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x) + (-1/4*((193 - 63*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]) + ((663*Sqrt[3]*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x])/2 + (193*Sqrt[35]*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])]))/2)/4/2
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 222 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[b, 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$
- rule 488 $\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_*)(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$
- rule 681 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*}((f_) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1) + e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}*\text{Simp}[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1] \ || \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !\text{RationalQ}[m])) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$
- rule 682 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*}((f_) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p + 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}*\text{Simp}[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[m] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, 0])) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$

rule 719

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
risch	$-\frac{36x^5-378x^4+1821x^3+5463x^2+1198x+3810}{24(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{663 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{16} + \frac{193\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{16}$
trager	$-\frac{(12x^3-126x^2+599x+1905)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{24(2x+3)} + \frac{\operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-1303715\right) \ln\left(\frac{-9 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-1303715\right)x+6755\sqrt{3x^2+2}+4 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-1303715\right)}{2x+3}\right)}{16}$
default	$-\frac{13\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{70\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} - \frac{193\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{210} + \frac{63x\sqrt{3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}}}{8} + \frac{663 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{16} - \frac{193\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}{16}$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(2*x+3)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/24*(36*x^5-378*x^4+1821*x^3+5463*x^2+1198*x+3810)/(2*x+3)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/
2)+663/16*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)+193/16*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9
*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx = \frac{1989\sqrt{3}(2x+3)\log(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2x-3x^2-1}) + 579\sqrt{35}(2x+3)\log\left(\frac{y}{96(2x+3)}\right)}{96(2x+3)}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/96*(1989*sqrt(3)*(2*x + 3)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1) +
579*sqrt(35)*(2*x + 3)*log((sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) - 93*x^2 +
36*x - 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)) - 4*(12*x^3 - 126*x^2 + 599*x + 1905)*sqrt
(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*x + 3)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx = - \int \left(-\frac{10\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{4x^2+12x+9} \right) dx$$

$$- \int \frac{2x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{4x^2+12x+9} dx - \int \left(-\frac{15x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{4x^2+12x+9} \right) dx - \int \frac{3x^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{4x^2+12x+9} dx$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(3/2)/(3+2*x)**2,x)
```

output

```
-Integral(-10*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/(4*x**2 + 12*x + 9), x) - Integral(2*x*sqrt
(3*x**2 + 2)/(4*x**2 + 12*x + 9), x) - Integral(-15*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/
(4*x**2 + 12*x + 9), x) - Integral(3*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/(4*x**2 + 12*x
+ 9), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{12} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$+ \frac{63}{8} \sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{663}{16} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{6}x \right)$$

$$- \frac{193}{16} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|} \right) - \frac{193}{8} \sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4(2x+3)}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/12*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) + 63/8*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 663/16*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(
1/2*sqrt(6)*x) - 193/16*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*
sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) - 193/8*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 13/4*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)/(2*
x + 3)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 475 vs. $2(75) = 150$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 475, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.90

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx = \frac{193}{16} \sqrt{35} \log \left(\sqrt{35} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right) - 9 \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right) - \frac{663}{16} \sqrt{3} \log \left(\frac{\left| -2\sqrt{3} + 2 \sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{2\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right|}{2 \left(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right)} \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right) - \frac{455}{32} \sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right) + \frac{3 \left(704 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right)^5 \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right) - 323 \sqrt{35} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right)^4 \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right) \right)}{2x+3}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

193/16*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(35)*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + s
qrt(35)/(2*x + 3)) - 9)*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) - 663/16*sqrt(3)*log(1/2*abs(-2*s
qrt(3) + 2*sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + 2*sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3)
)/(sqrt(3) + sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3)
))*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) - 455/32*sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3)*sgn(
1/(2*x + 3)) + 3/8*(704*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(3
5)/(2*x + 3))^5*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) - 323*sqrt(35)*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(
2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))^4*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) - 1944*(sqrt(-18/
(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))^3*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) +
1158*sqrt(35)*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x +
3))^2*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) + 1872*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) +
sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) - 1263*sqrt(35)*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)))/((
sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))^2 - 3)^3

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx &= \frac{663\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)}{16} - \frac{815\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{48} \\
&- \frac{193\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}{16} + \frac{193\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{9} - \frac{4}{9}\right)}{16} \\
&- \frac{\sqrt{3}x^2\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{4} - \frac{455\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{32\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)} + 3\sqrt{3}x\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3)^2,x)
```

output

```

(663*3^(1/2)*asinh((2^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*x)/2))/16 - (815*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(
1/2))/48 - (193*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/16 + (193*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)
*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/16 - (3^(1/2)*x^2*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)
)/4 - (455*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(32*(x + 3/2)) + 3*3^(1/2)*x*(x^2 +
2/3)^(1/2)

```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx = \frac{-48\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 + 504\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 - 2396\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 7620\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 2316\sqrt{35}\log(-\sqrt{3x^2+2})\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4}{96(2x+3)}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^2,x)`output `(- 48*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 504*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 - 2396*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 7620*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 2316*sqrt(35)*log(- sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x + 3474*sqrt(35)*log(- sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 2316*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 3474*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3) - 3978*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x - 5967*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x) + 3978*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x + 5967*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x))/(96*(2*x + 3))`

$$3.214 \quad \int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1793
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1793
Rubi [A] (verified)	1794
Maple [A] (verified)	1797
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1797
Sympy [F]	1798
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1798
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1799
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1799
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1800

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx = \frac{9}{140}(127-38x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} + \frac{(404+421x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{140(3+2x)^2} - \frac{111}{8}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right) - \frac{1143\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{35}}$$

output `9/140*(127-38*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+1/140*(404+421*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^2-111/8*arcsinh(1/2*x*sqrt(3))*sqrt(3)-1143/280*sqrt(35)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*sqrt(35)/sqrt(3*x^2+2))`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2+3x^2}(-317-328x-48x^2+3x^3)}{4(3+2x)^2} + \frac{1143\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x-2\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right)}{4\sqrt{35}} + \frac{111}{8}\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}x+\sqrt{2+3x^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/4*(Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(-317 - 328*x - 48*x^2 + 3*x^3))/(3 + 2*x)^2 + (1143*ArcTanh[(3*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sqrt[3]*x - 2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/Sqrt[35]])/(4*Sqrt[35]) + (111*Sqrt[3]*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/8`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {681, 27, 681, 27, 719, 222, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(5-x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{681} \\
 & -\frac{3}{32} \int \frac{16(1-12x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^2} dx - \frac{(x+8)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{4(2x+3)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{(1-12x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^2} dx - \frac{(x+8)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{4(2x+3)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{681} \\
 & -\frac{3}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{12(8-37x)}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(12x+37)}{2(2x+3)} \right) - \frac{(x+8)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{4(2x+3)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{3}{2} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{8-37x}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(12x+37)}{2(2x+3)} \right) - \frac{(x+8)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{4(2x+3)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{719}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{3}{2} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{127}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{37}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(12x+37)}{2(2x+3)} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(x+8)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{4(2x+3)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{222} \\
& -\frac{3}{2} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{127}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{37 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(12x+37)}{2(2x+3)} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(x+8)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{4(2x+3)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{488} \\
& -\frac{3}{2} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \left(-\frac{127}{2} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d \frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{37 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(12x+37)}{2(2x+3)} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(x+8)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{4(2x+3)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& -\frac{3}{2} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \left(-\frac{37 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{127 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{35}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(12x+37)}{2(2x+3)} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(x+8)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{4(2x+3)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x)^3, x]`

output `-1/4*((8 + x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x)^2 - (3*(-1/2*((37 + 12*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]))/(3 + 2*x) - (3*((-37*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x])/(2*Sqrt[3]) - (127*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])])/(2*Sqrt[35])))/2)/2`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 222 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[b, 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$
- rule 488 $\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_*)(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$
- rule 681 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_.) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1) + e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}*\text{Simp}[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1] \ || \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !\text{RationalQ}[m])) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$
- rule 719 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_.) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)/e \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
risch	$-\frac{9x^5-144x^4-978x^3-1047x^2-656x-634}{4(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{111 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{8} - \frac{1143\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{280}$
trager	$-\frac{(3x^3-48x^2-328x-317)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{4(2x+3)^2} - \frac{1143 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-35\right) \ln\left(-\frac{9 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-35\right)x-4 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-35\right)-35\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3}\right)}{280}$
default	$-\frac{13\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{280\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2} + \frac{187\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{4900\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} + \frac{381\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{1225} - \frac{171x\sqrt{3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}}}{70} - \frac{111 a}{111 a}$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(2*x+3)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4*(9*x^5-144*x^4-978*x^3-1047*x^2-656*x-634)/(2*x+3)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-111/8*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)-1143/280*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx = \frac{3885\sqrt{3}(4x^2+12x+9)\log(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x-3x^2-1)+1143\sqrt{35}(4x^2+12x+9)\log(-\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x-9x-4)+93x^2-36x+43}{(4x^2+12x+9)} - \frac{140(3x^3-48x^2-328x-317)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(4x^2+12x+9)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/560*(3885*sqrt(3)*(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)*log(sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1) + 1143*sqrt(35)*(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)*log(-sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)) - 140*(3*x^3 - 48*x^2 - 328*x - 317)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx =$$

$$- \int \left(-\frac{10\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{8x^3+36x^2+54x+27} \right) dx - \int \frac{2x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{8x^3+36x^2+54x+27} dx$$

$$- \int \left(-\frac{15x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{8x^3+36x^2+54x+27} \right) dx - \int \frac{3x^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{8x^3+36x^2+54x+27} dx$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(3/2)/(3+2*x)**3,x)`

output `-Integral(-10*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/(8*x**3 + 36*x**2 + 54*x + 27), x) - Integral(2*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/(8*x**3 + 36*x**2 + 54*x + 27), x) - Integral(-15*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/(8*x**3 + 36*x**2 + 54*x + 27), x) - Integral(3*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/(8*x**3 + 36*x**2 + 54*x + 27), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx = \frac{39}{280} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{70(4x^2+12x+9)}$$

$$- \frac{171}{70} \sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{111}{8} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{6}x \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1143}{280} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|} \right) + \frac{1143}{140} \sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{187(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{280(2x+3)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `39/280*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 13/70*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9) - 171/70*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 111/8*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) + 1143/280*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) + 1143/140*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 187/280*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)/(2*x + 3)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 219 vs. $2(77) = 154$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx = -\frac{3}{16} \sqrt{3x^2+2}(x-19) + \frac{111}{8} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}\right) \\ + \frac{1143}{280} \sqrt{35} \log\left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right) \\ + \frac{5\left(1452(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^3 + 3013\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 - 6528\sqrt{3}x + 1048\sqrt{3} + 6528\sqrt{3x^2+2}\right)}{64\left((\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 + 3\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) - 2\right)^2}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-3/16*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(x - 19) + 111/8*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) + 1143/280*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))) + 5/64*(1452*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^3 + 3013*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 - 6528*sqrt(3)*x + 1048*sqrt(3) + 6528*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/((sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 3*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 2)^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx = \frac{1143\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}{280} + \frac{57\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{16} \\ - \frac{111\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)}{8} - \frac{1143\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{9} - \frac{4}{9}\right)}{280} \\ + \frac{655\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{64\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)} - \frac{455\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{128\left(x^2 + 3x + \frac{9}{4}\right)} - \frac{3\sqrt{3}x\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{16}$$

input `int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3)^3,x)`

output `(1143*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/280 + (57*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/16 - (111*3^(1/2)*asinh((2^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*x)/2))/8 - (1143*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2))*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/280 + (655*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(64*(x + 3/2)) - (455*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(128*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4)) - (3*3^(1/2)*x*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/16`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx = \frac{-420\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 + 6720\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 + 45920\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + 44380\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(3+2x)^3}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^3,x)`

output `(- 420*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 6720*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 45920*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 44380*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 9144*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2))*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 27432*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2))*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x + 20574*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2))*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 9144*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 27432*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 20574*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3) + 15540*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x**2 + 46620*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x + 34965*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x) - 15540*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x**2 - 46620*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x - 34965*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x))/(560*(4*x**2 + 12*x + 9))`

3.215 $\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx$

Optimal result	1801
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1801
Rubi [A] (verified)	1802
Maple [A] (verified)	1805
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1805
Sympy [F(-1)]	1806
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1806
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1807
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1808
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1808

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx = -\frac{3(385+111x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{280(3+2x)} + \frac{(229+456x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{420(3+2x)^3} + \frac{33}{16}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right) + \frac{11727\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{560\sqrt{35}}$$

output

```
-3*(385+111*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(840+560*x)+1/420*(229+456*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^3+33/16*arcsinh(1/2*x*sqrt(3))*sqrt(3)+11727/19600*sqrt(35)^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*sqrt(35)^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2+3x^2}(30269+48747x+24474x^2+1260x^3)}{840(3+2x)^3} - \frac{11727\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x-2\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right)}{280\sqrt{35}} - \frac{33}{16}\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}x+\sqrt{2+3x^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x)^4,x]`

output `-1/840*(Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(30269 + 48747*x + 24474*x^2 + 1260*x^3))/(3 + 2*x)^3 - (11727*ArcTanh[(3*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sqrt[3]*x - 2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/Sqrt[35]])/(280*Sqrt[35]) - (33*Sqrt[3]*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/16`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {680, 27, 681, 27, 719, 222, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(5-x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{680} \\
 & \frac{(456x+229)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{420(2x+3)^3} - \frac{1}{560} \int -\frac{12(52-111x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3}{140} \int \frac{(52-111x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^2} dx + \frac{(456x+229)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{420(2x+3)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{681} \\
 & \frac{3}{140} \left(-\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{12(74-385x)}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(111x+385)}{2(2x+3)} \right) + \frac{(456x+229)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{420(2x+3)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3}{140} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{74-385x}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(111x+385)}{2(2x+3)} \right) + \frac{(456x+229)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{420(2x+3)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{719}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3}{140} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1303}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{385}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(111x+385)}{2(2x+3)} \right) + \frac{(456x+229)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{420(2x+3)^3}$$

↓ 222

$$\frac{3}{140} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1303}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{385 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(111x+385)}{2(2x+3)} \right) + \frac{(456x+229)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{420(2x+3)^3}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{3}{140} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \left(-\frac{1303}{2} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{385 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(111x+385)}{2(2x+3)} \right) + \frac{(456x+229)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{420(2x+3)^3}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{3}{140} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \left(-\frac{385 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1303 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{35}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(111x+385)}{2(2x+3)} \right) + \frac{(456x+229)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{420(2x+3)^3}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x)^4, x]`

output `((229 + 456*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(420*(3 + 2*x)^3) + (3*(-1/2*((385 + 111*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]))/(3 + 2*x) - (3*((-385*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x])/(2*Sqrt[3]) - (1303*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])])/(2*Sqrt[35])))/2)/140`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 222 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[b, 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$
- rule 488 $\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_*)(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$
- rule 680 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_.) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^{2*(m+1)*(m+2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)}))*((d*g - e*f*(m+2))*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - 2*c*d^2*p*(e*f - d*g) - e*(g*(m+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + 2*c*d*p*(e*f - d*g))*x), x] - \text{Simp}[p/(e^{2*(m+1)*(m+2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)} \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+2)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p-1)}*\text{Simp}[2*a*c*e*(e*f - d*g)*(m+2) - c*(2*c*d*(d*g*(2*p+1) - e*f*(m+2*p+2)) - 2*a*e^2*g*(m+1)]*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -2] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m + 2*p, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0]$
- rule 681 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_.) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(e*f*(m+2*p+2) - d*g*(2*p+1) + e*g*(m+1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^{2*(m+1)*(m+2*p+2)}), x] + \text{Simp}[p/(e^{2*(m+1)*(m+2*p+2)} \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p-1)}*\text{Simp}[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m+2*p+2))*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1] \ || \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !\text{RationalQ}[m])) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$

rule 719

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
risch	$-\frac{3780x^5+73422x^4+148761x^3+139755x^2+97494x+60538}{840(2x+3)^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{33 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{16} + \frac{11727\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{19600}$
trager	$-\frac{(1260x^3+24474x^2+48747x+30269)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{840(2x+3)^3} - \frac{33 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-3\right) \ln\left(-\operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-3\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2}+3x\right)}{16} + \frac{11727 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-3\right)}{19600}$
default	$-\frac{13\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{840\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^3} - \frac{\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2450\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2} - \frac{446\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{42875\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} - \frac{3909\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{85750} + \frac{3933x}{19600}$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(2*x+3)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/840*(3780*x^5+73422*x^4+148761*x^3+139755*x^2+97494*x+60538)/(2*x+3)^3/
(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+33/16*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)+11727/19600*35^(1/2)*
arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx = \frac{121275\sqrt{3}(8x^3+36x^2+54x+27)\log(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x-3x^2-1)+3518x^4}{(3+2x)^4}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^4,x,algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/117600*(121275*sqrt(3)*(8*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 54*x + 27)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1) + 35181*sqrt(35)*(8*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 54*x + 27)*log((sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) - 93*x^2 + 36*x - 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)) - 140*(1260*x^3 + 24474*x^2 + 48747*x + 30269)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(8*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 54*x + 27)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(3/2)/(3+2*x)**4,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx &= \frac{3}{2450} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \\ &- \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{105(8x^3+36x^2+54x+27)} - \frac{2(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{1225(4x^2+12x+9)} + \frac{3933}{9800} \sqrt{3x^2+2}x \\ &+ \frac{33}{16} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}x\right) - \frac{11727}{19600} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|}\right) \\ &- \frac{11727}{9800} \sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{223(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{1225(2x+3)} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
3/2450*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 13/105*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(8*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 54*x
+ 27) - 2/1225*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9) + 3933/9800*sqrt(3*x^
2 + 2)*x + 33/16*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) - 11727/19600*sqrt(35)*arc
sinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) - 11727/9800*s
qrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 223/1225*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)/(2*x + 3)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 265 vs. 2(84) = 168.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx = -\frac{33}{16} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}\right) - \frac{11727}{19600} \sqrt{35} \log\left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right) - \frac{3}{16} \sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\left(14792\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^5 + 189285(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^4 + 141030\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^3 - 561630(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 + 166480\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) - 50144\right)}{1120\left((\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 + 3\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) - 2\right)^3}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-33/16*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 11727/19600*sqrt(35)*lo
g(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)
*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))) - 3/16*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 1
/1120*sqrt(3)*(14792*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^5 + 189285*(sqr
t(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^4 + 141030*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))
^3 - 561630*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 166480*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x -
sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 50144)/((sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 3*sqrt(3)*(sq
rt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 2)^3
```


Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx = \frac{33\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)}{16} - \frac{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{16}$$

$$- \frac{11727\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)}{19600} + \frac{11727\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{9} - \frac{4}{9}\right)}{19600}$$

$$- \frac{1567\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{560\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} + \frac{77\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{32\left(x^2+3x+\frac{9}{4}\right)} - \frac{455\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{384\left(x^3+\frac{9x^2}{2}+\frac{27x}{4}+\frac{27}{8}\right)}$$

input `int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3)^4,x)`output `(33*3^(1/2)*asinh((2^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*x)/2))/16 - (3*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/16 - (11727*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/19600 + (11727*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/19600 - (1567*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(560*(x + 3/2)) + (77*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(32*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4)) - (455*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(384*((27*x)/4 + (9*x^2)/2 + x^3 + 27/8))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.49

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx = \frac{-176400\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 - 3426360\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 - 6824580\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 4237660}{(3+2x)^4}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^4,x)`

output

```
( - 176400*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 - 3426360*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 - 6824580
*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 4237660*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 562896*sqrt(35)*log( - sq
rt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**3 + 2533032*sqrt(35)*log( - sqrt(3*x
**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 3799548*sqrt(35)*log( - sqrt(3*x**2 +
2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x + 1899774*sqrt(35)*log( - sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(3
5) + 9*x - 4) - 562896*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**3 - 2533032*sqrt(35)*log(2
*x + 3)*x**2 - 3799548*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 1899774*sqrt(35)*log(2*x
+ 3) - 970200*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x**3 - 4365900*sq
rt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x**2 - 6548850*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x
**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x - 3274425*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x
) + 970200*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x**3 + 4365900*sqrt(3
)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x**2 + 6548850*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2
+ 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x + 3274425*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x))/
(117600*(8*x**3 + 36*x**2 + 54*x + 27))
```

3.216
$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx$$

Optimal result	1810
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1810
Rubi [A] (verified)	1811
Maple [A] (verified)	1814
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1814
Sympy [F(-1)]	1815
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1815
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1816
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1817
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1817

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx = \frac{3(2943+4097x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{19600(3+2x)^2} + \frac{(54+491x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{840(3+2x)^4} - \frac{3}{32}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right) - \frac{39663\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{39200\sqrt{35}}$$

output

```
3/19600*(2943+4097*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^2+1/840*(54+491*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^4-3/32*arcsinh(1/2*x*sqrt(3))*(3+2*x)^(1/2)-39663/1372000*sqrt(35)^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*sqrt(35)^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2+3x^2}(245943+718441x+559764x^2+250602x^3)}{58800(3+2x)^4} + \frac{39663\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x-2\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right)}{19600\sqrt{35}} + \frac{3}{32}\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}x+\sqrt{2+3x^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x)^5,x]`

output `(Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(245943 + 718441*x + 559764*x^2 + 250602*x^3))/(58800*(3 + 2*x)^4) + (39663*ArcTanh[(3*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sqrt[3]*x - 2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/Sqrt[35]])/(19600*Sqrt[35]) + (3*Sqrt[3]*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/32`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {680, 27, 680, 27, 719, 222, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(5-x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 680 \\
 & \frac{(491x+54)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{840(2x+3)^4} - \int \frac{-24(39-35x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3}{140} \int \frac{(39-35x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^3} dx + \frac{(491x+54)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{840(2x+3)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 680 \\
 & \frac{3}{140} \left(\frac{(4097x+2943)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{140(2x+3)^2} - \frac{1}{560} \int \frac{12(366-1225x)}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \right) + \frac{(491x+54)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{840(2x+3)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3}{140} \left(\frac{3}{140} \int \frac{366-1225x}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4097x+2943)}{140(2x+3)^2} \right) + \frac{(491x+54)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{840(2x+3)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 719
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3}{140} \left(\frac{3}{140} \left(\frac{4407}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{1225}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4097x+2943)}{140(2x+3)^2} \right) + \frac{(491x+54)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{840(2x+3)^4}$$

↓ 222

$$\frac{3}{140} \left(\frac{3}{140} \left(\frac{4407}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{1225 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4097x+2943)}{140(2x+3)^2} \right) + \frac{(491x+54)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{840(2x+3)^4}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{3}{140} \left(\frac{3}{140} \left(-\frac{4407}{2} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{1225 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4097x+2943)}{140(2x+3)^2} \right) + \frac{(491x+54)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{840(2x+3)^4}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{3}{140} \left(\frac{3}{140} \left(-\frac{1225 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{4407 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{35}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4097x+2943)}{140(2x+3)^2} \right) + \frac{(491x+54)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{840(2x+3)^4}$$

input

```
Int[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x)^5,x]
```

output

```
((54 + 491*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(840*(3 + 2*x)^4) + (3*(((2943 + 4097*x)*
Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(140*(3 + 2*x)^2) + (3*((-1225*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x])/(2*S
qrt[3]) - (4407*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])]))/(2*Sqrt[35]
)))/140))/140
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 222 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[b, 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$
- rule 488 $\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_*)(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$
- rule 680 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_.) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^{2*(m+1)*(m+2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)}))*((d*g - e*f*(m+2))*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - 2*c*d^2*p*(e*f - d*g) - e*(g*(m+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + 2*c*d*p*(e*f - d*g))*x), x] - \text{Simp}[p/(e^{2*(m+1)*(m+2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)} \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+2)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p-1)}*\text{Simp}[2*a*c*e*(e*f - d*g)*(m+2) - c*(2*c*d*(d*g*(2*p+1) - e*f*(m+2*p+2)) - 2*a*e^2*g*(m+1))*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -2] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m + 2*p, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0]$
- rule 719 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_.) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)/e \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
risch	$\frac{751806x^5+1679292x^4+2656527x^3+1857357x^2+1436882x+491886}{58800(2x+3)^4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{32} - \frac{39663\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)}{35\sqrt{12}\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)}\right)}{137200}$
trager	$\frac{(250602x^3+559764x^2+718441x+245943)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{58800(2x+3)^4} + \frac{3 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-3) \ln(-\operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}+3x)}{32} - \frac{39663 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-3)}{137200}$
default	$-\frac{13\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2240\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^4} - \frac{211\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{117600\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^3} - \frac{999\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{686000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2} - \frac{5779\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{12005000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} + \frac{13}{137200}$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(2*x+3)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/58800*(751806*x^5+1679292*x^4+2656527*x^3+1857357*x^2+1436882*x+491886)/(2*x+3)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-3/32*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)-39663/137200*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx = \frac{385875\sqrt{3}(16x^4+96x^3+216x^2+216x+81)\log(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x-3x^2-1) + 118989\sqrt{35}(16x^4+96x^3+216x^2+216x+81)\log(-\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(9x-4)+93x^2-36x+43)/(4x^2+12x+9) + 140(250602x^3+559764x^2+718441x+245943)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(16x^4+96x^3+216x^2+216x+81)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8232000*(385875*sqrt(3)*(16*x^4 + 96*x^3 + 216*x^2 + 216*x + 81)*log(sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1) + 118989*sqrt(35)*(16*x^4 + 96*x^3 + 216*x^2 + 216*x + 81)*log(-sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)) + 140*(250602*x^3 + 559764*x^2 + 718441*x + 245943)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(16*x^4 + 96*x^3 + 216*x^2 + 216*x + 81)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(3/2)/(3+2*x)**5,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 183 vs. 2(84) = 168.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx = & \frac{2997}{686000} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \\ & - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{140(16x^4+96x^3+216x^2+216x+81)} - \frac{211(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{14700(8x^3+36x^2+54x+27)} \\ & - \frac{999(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{171500(4x^2+12x+9)} - \frac{7227}{686000} \sqrt{3x^2+2x} \\ & - \frac{3}{32} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6x}\right) + \frac{39663}{1372000} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|}\right) \\ & + \frac{39663}{686000} \sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{5779(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{686000(2x+3)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2997/686000*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 13/140*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(16*x^4 + 96*x^3 + 216*x^2 + 216*x + 81) - 211/14700*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(8*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 54*x + 27) - 999/171500*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9) - 7227/686000*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3/32*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) + 39663/1372000*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) + 39663/686000*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 5779/686000*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)/(2*x + 3)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 245 vs. 2(84) = 168.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx =$$

$$-\frac{39663}{1372000} \sqrt{35} \log \left(\sqrt{35} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right) \right.$$

$$\left. - 9 \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{3}{32} \sqrt{3} \log \left(\frac{\left| -2\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{2\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right|}{2 \left(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right)} \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{470400} \left(\frac{35 \left(\frac{35 \left(\frac{1365 \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right) - 1193 \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right) \right)}{2x+3} \right) + 16227 \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)}{2x+3} - 125301 \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right) \right) \sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-39663/1372000*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(35)*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3)) - 9)*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) + 3/32*sqrt(3)*log(1/2*abs(-2*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + 2*sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))/(sqrt(3) + sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3)))*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) - 1/470400*(35*(35*(1365*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)))/(2*x + 3) - 1193*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)))/(2*x + 3) + 16227*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)))/(2*x + 3) - 125301*sgn(1/(2*x + 3))*sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx = \frac{39663\sqrt{35}\ln\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)}{1372000} - \frac{3\sqrt{3}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)}{32}$$

$$- \frac{39663\sqrt{35}\ln\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{9} - \frac{4}{9}\right)}{1372000} - \frac{455\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{1024\left(x^4+6x^3+\frac{27x^2}{2}+\frac{27x}{2}+\frac{81}{16}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{41767\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{156800\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} - \frac{5409\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{8960\left(x^2+3x+\frac{9}{4}\right)} + \frac{1193\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{1536\left(x^3+\frac{9x^2}{2}+\frac{27x}{4}+\frac{27}{8}\right)}$$

input `int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3)^5,x)`output `(39663*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/1372000 - (3*3^(1/2)*asinh((2^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*x)/2))/32 - (39663*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/1372000 - (455*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(1024*((27*x)/2 + (27*x^2)/2 + 6*x^3 + x^4 + 81/16)) + (41767*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(156800*(x + 3/2)) - (5409*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(8960*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4)) + (1193*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(1536*((27*x)/4 + (9*x^2)/2 + x^3 + 27/8))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 451, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.25

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx = \frac{35084280\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 + 78366960\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 + 100581740\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + 344163840\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(3+2x)^5}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^5,x)`

output

```
(35084280*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 78366960*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 1005817
40*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 34432020*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 3807648*sqrt(35)*log(s
qrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**4 + 22845888*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x*
**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**3 + 51403248*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*
sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 51403248*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35)
+ 9*x - 4)*x + 19276218*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)
- 3807648*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**4 - 22845888*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**
3 - 51403248*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 51403248*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x
- 19276218*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3) + 6174000*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) -
sqrt(3)*x)*x**4 + 37044000*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x**3
+ 83349000*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x**2 + 83349000*sqrt
(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x + 31255875*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2
+ 2) - sqrt(3)*x) - 6174000*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x**
4 - 37044000*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x**3 - 83349000*sqr
t(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x**2 - 83349000*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*
x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x - 31255875*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)
*x))/(8232000*(16*x**4 + 96*x**3 + 216*x**2 + 216*x + 81))
```

3.217 $\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx$

Optimal result	1819
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1819
Rubi [A] (verified)	1820
Maple [A] (verified)	1822
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1822
Sympy [F(-1)]	1823
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1823
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1824
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1825
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1825

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx = -\frac{369(4-9x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{171500(3+2x)^2} - \frac{41(4-9x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{4900(3+2x)^4} - \frac{13(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{175(3+2x)^5} - \frac{1107 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{85750\sqrt{35}}$$

output

```
-369/171500*(4-9*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^2-41/4900*(4-9*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^4-13/175*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^5-1107/3001250*35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx = \frac{-\frac{35\sqrt{2+3x^2}(125252-64493x+26682x^2-189543x^3+10602x^4)}{(3+2x)^5} + 4428\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{6002500}$$

input

```
Integrate[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x)^6,x]
```

output

```
((-35*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(125252 - 64493*x + 26682*x^2 - 189543*x^3 + 10602*x^4))/(3 + 2*x)^5 + 4428*Sqrt[35]*ArcTanh[(3*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sqrt[3]*x - 2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/Sqrt[35]])/6002500
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {679, 486, 486, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^6} dx$$

↓ 679

$$\frac{41}{35} \int \frac{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^5} dx - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{175(2x+3)^5}$$

↓ 486

$$\frac{41}{35} \left(\frac{9}{70} \int \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^3} dx - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{175(2x+3)^5}$$

↓ 486

$$\frac{41}{35} \left(\frac{9}{70} \left(\frac{3}{35} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{(4-9x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{175(2x+3)^5}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{41}{35} \left(\frac{9}{70} \left(-\frac{3}{35} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d \frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4-9x)}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{175(2x+3)^5}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{41}{35} \left(\frac{9}{70} \left(-\frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{35\sqrt{35}} - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4-9x)}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{175(2x+3)^5}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x)^6,x]`

output `(-13*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(175*(3 + 2*x)^5) + (41*(-1/140*((4 - 9*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x)^4 + (9*(-1/70*((4 - 9*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(3 + 2*x)^2 - (3*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])])/(35*Sqrt[35])))/70)) /35`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 486 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[2*a*b*(p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 679 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
risch	$-\frac{31806x^6 - 568629x^5 + 101250x^4 - 572565x^3 + 429120x^2 - 128986x + 250504}{171500(2x+3)^5\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{1107\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 36x - 19}}\right)}{3001250}$
trager	$-\frac{(10602x^4 - 189543x^3 + 26682x^2 - 64493x + 125252)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{171500(2x+3)^5} - \frac{1107 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2 - 35\right) \ln\left(-\frac{9 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2 - 35\right)x - 4 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2 - 35\right)}{2x+3}\right)}{3001250}$
default	$-\frac{13\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 9x - \frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5600\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^5} - \frac{41\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 9x - \frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{39200\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^4} - \frac{369\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 9x - \frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{686000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^3} - \frac{3813\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 9x - \frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{12005000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2} - \frac{4313\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 9x - \frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{12005000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)}$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(2*x+3)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/171500*(31806*x^6-568629*x^5+101250*x^4-572565*x^3+429120*x^2-128986*x+250504)/(2*x+3)^5/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-1107/3001250*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx = \frac{1107\sqrt{35}(32x^5 + 240x^4 + 720x^3 + 1080x^2 + 810x + 243) \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{4}\right)}{6002500(32x^5 + 240x^4 + 720x^3 + 1080x^2 + 810x + 243)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6002500*(1107*sqrt(35)*(32*x^5 + 240*x^4 + 720*x^3 + 1080*x^2 + 810*x + 243)*log(-(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)) - 35*(10602*x^4 - 189543*x^3 + 26682*x^2 - 64493*x + 125252)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)/(32*x^5 + 240*x^4 + 720*x^3 + 1080*x^2 + 810*x + 243)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(3/2)/(3+2*x)**6,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 209 vs. 2(90) = 180.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx &= \frac{11439}{12005000} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \\ &- \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{175(32x^5+240x^4+720x^3+1080x^2+810x+243)} \\ &- \frac{41(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2450(16x^4+96x^3+216x^2+216x+81)} \\ &- \frac{369(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{85750(8x^3+36x^2+54x+27)} - \frac{3813(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3001250(4x^2+12x+9)} \\ &+ \frac{9963}{6002500} \sqrt{3x^2+2x} + \frac{1107}{3001250} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|} \right) \\ &+ \frac{1107}{1500625} \sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{43173(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{12005000(2x+3)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
11439/12005000*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 13/175*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(32*x^5 + 240*
x^4 + 720*x^3 + 1080*x^2 + 810*x + 243) - 41/2450*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(16*x^
4 + 96*x^3 + 216*x^2 + 216*x + 81) - 369/85750*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(8*x^3 +
36*x^2 + 54*x + 27) - 3813/3001250*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9) +
9963/6002500*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 1107/3001250*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)
*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) + 1107/1500625*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)
- 43173/12005000*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)/(2*x + 3)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 318 vs. $2(90) = 180$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.92

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx = \frac{1107}{3001250} \sqrt{35} \log \left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) \\ - \frac{9 \left(89686 (\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^9 + 138886 \sqrt{3} (\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^8 + 1224478 (\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^7 + 245133 \sqrt{3} (\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^6 - 1224531 (\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^5 - 4374874 \sqrt{3} (\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^4 + 4855928 (\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^3 - 1339152 \sqrt{3} (\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 - 586816 \sqrt{3} (\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) - 37696 \sqrt{3} + 586816 \sqrt{3} (3x^2+2) \right)}{((\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 + 3\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) - 2)^5}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^6,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1107/3001250*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt
(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))) -
9/2744000*(89686*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^9 + 138886*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)
*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^8 + 1224478*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^7 + 245133
*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^6 - 1224531*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2
+ 2))^5 - 4374874*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^4 + 4855928*(sqrt
(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^3 - 1339152*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))
^2 - 586816*sqrt(3)*x - 37696*sqrt(3) + 586816*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/((sqrt(3)*
x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 3*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 2)^5
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx = \frac{1107\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}{3001250}$$

$$- \frac{1107\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} - \frac{4}{9}}{9}\right)}{3001250} + \frac{731\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{2560\left(x^4 + 6x^3 + \frac{27x^2}{2} + \frac{27x}{2} + \frac{81}{16}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{91\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{512\left(x^5 + \frac{15x^4}{2} + \frac{45x^3}{2} + \frac{135x^2}{4} + \frac{405x}{16} + \frac{243}{32}\right)} - \frac{5301\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{2744000\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{7233\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{156800\left(x^2 + 3x + \frac{9}{4}\right)} - \frac{8349\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{44800\left(x^3 + \frac{9x^2}{2} + \frac{27x}{4} + \frac{27}{8}\right)}$$

input `int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3)^6,x)`output `(1107*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/3001250 - (1107*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/3001250 + (731*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(2560*((27*x)/2 + (27*x^2)/2 + 6*x^3 + x^4 + 81/16)) - (91*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(512*((405*x)/16 + (135*x^2)/4 + (45*x^3)/2 + (15*x^4)/2 + x^5 + 243/32)) - (5301*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(2744000*(x + 3/2)) + (7233*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(156800*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4)) - (8349*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(44800*((27*x)/4 + (9*x^2)/2 + x^3 + 27/8))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx = \frac{-371070\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4 + 6634005\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 - 933870\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 + 225725\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 11070\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(3+2x)^6}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^6,x)`

output

```
( - 371070*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 6634005*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 - 933870*
sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 2257255*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 4383820*sqrt(3*x**2 +
 2) + 70848*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**5 + 53136
0*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**4 + 1594080*sqrt(35
)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**3 + 2391120*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 1793340*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x + 538002*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 70848*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**5 - 531360*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**4 - 1594080*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**3 - 2391120*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 1793340*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 538002*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3))
/(6002500*(32*x**5 + 240*x**4 + 720*x**3 + 1080*x**2 + 810*x + 243))
```

3.218 $\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx$

Optimal result	1827
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1827
Rubi [A] (verified)	1828
Maple [A] (verified)	1830
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1831
Sympy [F(-1)]	1832
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1832
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1833
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1834
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1835

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx = -\frac{3(67-2x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{3500(3+2x)^4} + \frac{9\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{7000(3+2x)^2} - \frac{9\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{35000(3+2x)} - \frac{(296-561x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{2100(3+2x)^6} - \frac{27\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{8750\sqrt{35}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -3/3500*(67-2*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^4+9/7000*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^2 \\ & -2-9*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(105000+70000*x)-1/2100*(296-561*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3 \\ & +2*x)^6-27/306250*35^(1/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)) \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2+3x^2}(39748+3675x+33180x^2-39195x^3+2160x^4+432x^5)}{52500(3+2x)^6} + \frac{27\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x-2\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right)}{4375\sqrt{35}}$$

input `Integrate[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x)^7,x]`

output `-1/52500*(Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(39748 + 3675*x + 33180*x^2 - 39195*x^3 + 2160*x^4 + 432*x^5))/(3 + 2*x)^6 + (27*ArcTanh[(3*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sqrt[3]*x - 2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/Sqrt[35]])/(4375*Sqrt[35])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {688, 27, 679, 486, 486, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(5-x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^7} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{688} \\
 & -\frac{1}{210} \int -\frac{3(82-13x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^6} dx - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{210(2x+3)^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{70} \int \frac{(82-13x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^6} dx - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{210(2x+3)^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{679} \\
 & \frac{1}{70} \left(\frac{98}{5} \int \frac{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^5} dx - \frac{29(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{25(2x+3)^5} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{210(2x+3)^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{486} \\
 & \frac{1}{70} \left(\frac{98}{5} \left(\frac{9}{70} \int \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^3} dx - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{29(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{25(2x+3)^5} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{210(2x+3)^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{486}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{70} \left(\frac{98}{5} \left(\frac{9}{70} \left(\frac{3}{35} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{(4-9x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{29(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{25(2x+3)^5} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{210(2x+3)^6}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{1}{70} \left(\frac{98}{5} \left(\frac{9}{70} \left(-\frac{3}{35} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d \frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4-9x)}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{29(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{25(2x+3)^5} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{210(2x+3)^6}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{70} \left(\frac{98}{5} \left(\frac{9}{70} \left(-\frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{35\sqrt{35}} - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4-9x)}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{29(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{25(2x+3)^5} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{210(2x+3)^6}$$

input

```
Int[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x)^7,x]
```

output

```
(-13*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(210*(3 + 2*x)^6) + ((-29*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(25*(3 + 2*x)^5) + (98*(-1/140*((4 - 9*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x)^4 + (9*(-1/70*((4 - 9*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]))/(3 + 2*x)^2 - (3*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])])/(35*Sqrt[35])))/70))/5)/70
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 486 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[2*a*b*(p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 679 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 688 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result
risch	$-\frac{1296x^7+6480x^6-116721x^5+103860x^4-67365x^3+185604x^2+7350x+79496}{52500(2x+3)^6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{27\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{306250}$
trager	$-\frac{(432x^5+2160x^4-39195x^3+33180x^2+3675x+39748)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{52500(2x+3)^6} - \frac{27 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-35) \ln\left(-\frac{9 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-35)x-4 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-35)}{2x+3}\right)}{306250}$
default	$-\frac{13\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{13440\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^6} - \frac{29\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{56000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^5} - \frac{\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{4000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^4} - \frac{9\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{70000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^3} - \frac{93\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{122500\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2}$

```
input int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(2*x+3)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/52500*(1296*x^7+6480*x^6-116721*x^5+103860*x^4-67365*x^3+185604*x^2+7350*x+79496)/(2*x+3)^6/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-27/306250*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx = \frac{81\sqrt{35}(64x^6+576x^5+2160x^4+4320x^3+4860x^2+2916x+729)\log\left(-\frac{1837500(64x^6+576x^5+2160x^4+4320x^3+4860x^2+2916x+729)}{(4x^2+12x+9)\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right) - 35(432x^5+2160x^4-39195x^3+33180x^2+3675x+39748)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(64x^6+576x^5+2160x^4+4320x^3+4860x^2+2916x+729)}$$

```
input integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/1837500*(81*sqrt(35)*(64*x^6 + 576*x^5 + 2160*x^4 + 4320*x^3 + 4860*x^2 + 2916*x + 729)*log(-(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)) - 35*(432*x^5 + 2160*x^4 - 39195*x^3 + 33180*x^2 + 3675*x + 39748)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(64*x^6 + 576*x^5 + 2160*x^4 + 4320*x^3 + 4860*x^2 + 2916*x + 729)
```


Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(3/2)/(3+2*x)**7,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 252 vs. 2(108) = 216.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx = \frac{279}{1225000} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{210(64x^6+576x^5+2160x^4+4320x^3+4860x^2+2916x+729)} - \frac{29(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{1750(32x^5+240x^4+720x^3+1080x^2+810x+243)} - \frac{(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{250(16x^4+96x^3+216x^2+216x+81)} - \frac{9(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{8750(8x^3+36x^2+54x+27)} - \frac{93(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{306250(4x^2+12x+9)} + \frac{243}{612500} \sqrt{3x^2+2x} + \frac{27}{306250} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|} \right) + \frac{27}{153125} \sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{1053(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{1225000(2x+3)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
279/1225000*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 13/210*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(64*x^6 + 576*x^5
+ 2160*x^4 + 4320*x^3 + 4860*x^2 + 2916*x + 729) - 29/1750*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5
/2)/(32*x^5 + 240*x^4 + 720*x^3 + 1080*x^2 + 810*x + 243) - 1/250*(3*x^2 +
2)^(5/2)/(16*x^4 + 96*x^3 + 216*x^2 + 216*x + 81) - 9/8750*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5
/2)/(8*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 54*x + 27) - 93/306250*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(4*x^2 + 12
*x + 9) + 243/612500*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 27/306250*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sq
rt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) + 27/153125*sqrt(3*x^2 +
2) - 1053/1225000*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)/(2*x + 3)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 367 vs. $2(108) = 216$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx = \frac{27}{306250} \sqrt{35} \log \left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) \\ + \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{306250} \left(96\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{11} + 17877(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{10} - 4120\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^9 + 25860(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^8 - 225240\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^7 - 173964(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^6 - 648336\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^5 + 641040(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^4 - 309440\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^3 - 135120(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 - 10752\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) + 1536 \right) / ((\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 + 3\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) - 2)^6$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^7,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
27/306250*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3
*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))) - 3/2
80000*sqrt(3)*(96*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^11 + 17877*(sqrt(3
)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^10 - 4120*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^9 +
25860*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^8 - 225240*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(
3*x^2 + 2))^7 - 173964*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^6 - 648336*sqrt(3)*(s
qrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^5 + 641040*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^4 - 3
09440*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^3 - 135120*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3
*x^2 + 2))^2 - 10752*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) + 1536)/((sqrt(
3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 3*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 2)^6
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx = \frac{27\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}{306250}$$

$$- \frac{27\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{9} - \frac{4}{9}\right)}{306250} - \frac{5977\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{89600\left(x^4 + 6x^3 + \frac{27x^2}{2} + \frac{27x}{2} + \frac{81}{16}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{577\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{5120\left(x^5 + \frac{15x^4}{2} + \frac{45x^3}{2} + \frac{135x^2}{4} + \frac{405x}{16} + \frac{243}{32}\right)} - \frac{9\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{70000\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{455\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{6144\left(x^6 + 9x^5 + \frac{135x^4}{4} + \frac{135x^3}{2} + \frac{1215x^2}{16} + \frac{729x}{16} + \frac{729}{64}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{9\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{28000\left(x^2 + 3x + \frac{9}{4}\right)} + \frac{2829\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{224000\left(x^3 + \frac{9x^2}{2} + \frac{27x}{4} + \frac{27}{8}\right)}$$

input `int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3)^7,x)`output `(27*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/306250 - (27*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/306250 - (5977*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(89600*((27*x)/2 + (27*x^2)/2 + 6*x^3 + x^4 + 81/16)) + (577*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(5120*((405*x)/16 + (135*x^2)/4 + (45*x^3)/2 + (15*x^4)/2 + x^5 + 243/32)) - (9*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(70000*(x + 3/2)) - (455*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(6144*((729*x)/16 + (1215*x^2)/16 + (135*x^3)/2 + (135*x^4)/4 + 9*x^5 + x^6 + 729/64)) + (9*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(28000*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4)) + (2829*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(224000*((27*x)/4 + (9*x^2)/2 + x^3 + 27/8))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.72

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx = \frac{-15120\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^5 - 75600\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4 + 1371825\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 - 1161300\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 - 128625\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 1391180\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 10368\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2})\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^{*6} + 93312\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2})\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^{*5} + 349920\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2})\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^{*4} + 699840\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2})\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^{*3} + 787320\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2})\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^{*2} + 472392\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2})\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x + 118098\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2})\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4) - 10368\sqrt{35}\log(2x+3)x^{*6} - 93312\sqrt{35}\log(2x+3)x^{*5} - 349920\sqrt{35}\log(2x+3)x^{*4} - 699840\sqrt{35}\log(2x+3)x^{*3} - 787320\sqrt{35}\log(2x+3)x^{*2} - 472392\sqrt{35}\log(2x+3)x - 118098\sqrt{35}\log(2x+3))/(1837500*(64x^{*6} + 576x^{*5} + 2160x^{*4} + 4320x^{*3} + 4860x^{*2} + 2916x + 729))$$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^7,x)`output `(- 15120*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 - 75600*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 1371825*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 - 1161300*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 - 128625*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 1391180*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 10368*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2))*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**6 + 93312*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2))*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**5 + 349920*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2))*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**4 + 699840*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2))*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**3 + 787320*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2))*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 472392*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2))*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x + 118098*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2))*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 10368*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**6 - 93312*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**5 - 349920*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**4 - 699840*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**3 - 787320*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 472392*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 118098*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3))/(1837500*(64*x**6 + 576*x**5 + 2160*x**4 + 4320*x**3 + 4860*x**2 + 2916*x + 729))`

3.219
$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^8} dx$$

Optimal result	1836
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1837
Rubi [A] (verified)	1837
Maple [A] (verified)	1840
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1841
Sympy [F(-1)]	1841
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1842
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1843
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1844
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1845

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^8} dx = \frac{7569\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{6860000(3+2x)^3} + \frac{3897\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{48020000(3+2x)^2} - \frac{212679\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{1680700000(3+2x)} - \frac{3(22557+7898x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{1372000(3+2x)^5} - \frac{(471-596x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{2940(3+2x)^7} - \frac{72603 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{105043750\sqrt{35}}$$

output

```
7569/6860000*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^3+3897/48020000*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^2-212679*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(5042100000+3361400000*x)-3/1372000*(22557+7898*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^5-1/2940*(471-596*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^7-72603/3676531250*35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^8} dx = \frac{-\frac{35\sqrt{2+3x^2}(471103116+256388969x+740031210x^2-98810025x^3+148868010x^4+44301924x^5+5104296x^6)}{(3+2x)^7}}{22059187500}$$

input `Integrate[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x)^8,x]`

output `((-35*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(471103116 + 256388969*x + 740031210*x^2 - 98810025*x^3 + 148868010*x^4 + 44301924*x^5 + 5104296*x^6))/(3 + 2*x)^7 + 871236*sqrt[35]*ArcTanh[(3*sqrt[3] + 2*sqrt[3]*x - 2*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/sqrt[35]])/22059187500`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {688, 25, 688, 27, 679, 486, 486, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(5-x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^8} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{688} \\ & -\frac{1}{245} \int -\frac{(287-78x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^7} dx - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{245(2x+3)^7} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{1}{245} \int \frac{(287-78x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^7} dx - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{245(2x+3)^7} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{688} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{245} \left(-\frac{1}{210} \int -\frac{6(2271 - 404x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{(2x + 3)^6} dx - \frac{404(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{105(2x + 3)^6} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{245(2x + 3)^7}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{245} \left(\frac{1}{35} \int \frac{(2271 - 404x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{(2x + 3)^6} dx - \frac{404(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{105(2x + 3)^6} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{245(2x + 3)^7}$$

↓ 679

$$\frac{1}{245} \left(\frac{1}{35} \left(\frac{2689}{5} \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{(2x + 3)^5} dx - \frac{822(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{25(2x + 3)^5} \right) - \frac{404(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{105(2x + 3)^6} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{245(2x + 3)^7}$$

↓ 486

$$\frac{1}{245} \left(\frac{1}{35} \left(\frac{2689}{5} \left(\frac{9}{70} \int \frac{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{(2x + 3)^3} dx - \frac{(4 - 9x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{140(2x + 3)^4} \right) - \frac{822(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{25(2x + 3)^5} \right) - \frac{404(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{105(2x + 3)^6} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{245(2x + 3)^7}$$

↓ 486

$$\frac{1}{245} \left(\frac{1}{35} \left(\frac{2689}{5} \left(\frac{9}{70} \left(\frac{3}{35} \int \frac{1}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx - \frac{(4 - 9x)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{70(2x + 3)^2} \right) - \frac{(4 - 9x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{140(2x + 3)^4} \right) - \frac{822(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{25(2x + 3)^5} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{245(2x + 3)^7}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{1}{245} \left(\frac{1}{35} \left(\frac{2689}{5} \left(\frac{9}{70} \left(-\frac{3}{35} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d \frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4-9x)}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{822(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{25(2x+3)^5} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{245(2x+3)^7}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{245} \left(\frac{1}{35} \left(\frac{2689}{5} \left(\frac{9}{70} \left(-\frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{35\sqrt{35}} - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4-9x)}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{822(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{245(2x+3)^7} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x)^8,x]`

output `(-13*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(245*(3 + 2*x)^7) + ((-404*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(105*(3 + 2*x)^6) + ((-822*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(25*(3 + 2*x)^5) + (2689*(-1/140*((4 - 9*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x)^4 + (9*(-1/70*((4 - 9*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]))/(3 + 2*x)^2 - (3*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]]))/(35*Sqrt[35])))/70))/5)/35)/245`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 486 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[2*a*b*(p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`


```
rule 488 Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 679 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1
))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

```
rule 688 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result
risch	$-\frac{15312888x^8+132905772x^7+456812622x^6-207826227x^5+2517829650x^4+571546857x^3+2893371768x^2+512777938x+9422062}{630262500(2x+3)^7\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$
trager	$-\frac{(5104296x^6+44301924x^5+148868010x^4-98810025x^3+740031210x^2+256388969x+471103116)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{630262500(2x+3)^7} + \frac{72603 \operatorname{RootOf}(\dots)}{\dots}$
default	$-\frac{13\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{31360\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^7} - \frac{101\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{411600\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^6} - \frac{411\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3430000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^5} - \frac{2689\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{48020000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^4} - \dots$

```
input int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(2*x+3)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/630262500*(15312888*x^8+132905772*x^7+456812622*x^6-207826227*x^5+25178
29650*x^4+571546857*x^3+2893371768*x^2+512777938*x+942206232)/(2*x+3)^7/(3
*x^2+2)^(1/2)-72603/3676531250*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*
(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^8} dx = \frac{217809 \sqrt{35}(128x^7 + 1344x^6 + 6048x^5 + 15120x^4 + 22680x^3 + 20412x^2 + 10206x + 2187) \log(-(\sqrt{35})\sqrt{3x^2+2})(9x-4) + 93x^2 - 36x + 43}{(4x^2+12x+9)} - \frac{35(5104296x^6 + 44301924x^5 + 148868010x^4 - 98810025x^3 + 740031210x^2 + 256388969x + 471103116)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(128x^7 + 1344x^6 + 6048x^5 + 15120x^4 + 22680x^3 + 20412x^2 + 10206x + 2187)}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/22059187500*(217809*sqrt(35)*(128*x^7 + 1344*x^6 + 6048*x^5 + 15120*x^4
+ 22680*x^3 + 20412*x^2 + 10206*x + 2187)*log(-(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))*
(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)) - 35*(5104296*x^6 + 443
01924*x^5 + 148868010*x^4 - 98810025*x^3 + 740031210*x^2 + 256388969*x + 4
71103116)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(128*x^7 + 1344*x^6 + 6048*x^5 + 15120*x^4 + 22
680*x^3 + 20412*x^2 + 10206*x + 2187)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^8} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(3/2)/(3+2*x)**8,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 300 vs. $2(126) = 252$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^8} dx = \frac{750231}{14706125000} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{245(128x^7+1344x^6+6048x^5+15120x^4+22680x^3+20412x^2+10206x+2187)} - \frac{404(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{25725(64x^6+576x^5+2160x^4+4320x^3+4860x^2+2916x+729)} - \frac{822(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{214375(32x^5+240x^4+720x^3+1080x^2+810x+243)} - \frac{2689(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3001250(16x^4+96x^3+216x^2+216x+81)} - \frac{24201(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{105043750(8x^3+36x^2+54x+27)} - \frac{250077(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3676531250(4x^2+12x+9)} + \frac{653427}{7353062500} \sqrt{3x^2+2}x + \frac{72603}{3676531250} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|}\right) + \frac{72603}{1838265625} \sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{2831517(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{14706125000(2x+3)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `750231/14706125000*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 13/245*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(128*x^7 + 1344*x^6 + 6048*x^5 + 15120*x^4 + 22680*x^3 + 20412*x^2 + 10206*x + 2187) - 404/25725*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(64*x^6 + 576*x^5 + 2160*x^4 + 4320*x^3 + 4860*x^2 + 2916*x + 729) - 822/214375*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(32*x^5 + 240*x^4 + 720*x^3 + 1080*x^2 + 810*x + 243) - 2689/3001250*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(16*x^4 + 96*x^3 + 216*x^2 + 216*x + 81) - 24201/105043750*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(8*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 54*x + 27) - 250077/3676531250*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9) + 653427/7353062500*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 72603/3676531250*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) + 72603/1838265625*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 2831517/14706125000*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)/(2*x + 3)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 408 vs. $2(126) = 252$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^8} dx = \frac{72603}{3676531250} \sqrt{35} \log \left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) \\ - \frac{9 \left(258144 (\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{13} + 5033808 \sqrt{3} (\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{12} + 225898166 (\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{11} \right)}{3676531250}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `72603/3676531250*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))) - 9/3361400000*(258144*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^13 + 5033808*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^12 + 225898166*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^11 + 26360013*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^10 + 555459995*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^9 - 2679767547*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^8 - 4252091247*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^7 - 6029804778*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^6 + 11677158028*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^5 - 7324195080*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^4 + 2245361152*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^3 - 675266496*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 174039168*sqrt(3)*x - 6049536*sqrt(3) - 174039168*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 3*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 2)^7`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^8} dx = \frac{72603\sqrt{35}\ln\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)}{3676531250} \\
& - \frac{72603\sqrt{35}\ln\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{9} - \frac{4}{9}\right)}{3676531250} \\
& + \frac{92453\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{21952000\left(x^4+6x^3+\frac{27x^2}{2}+\frac{27x}{2}+\frac{81}{16}\right)} \\
& - \frac{507\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{19600\left(x^5+\frac{15x^4}{2}+\frac{45x^3}{2}+\frac{135x^2}{4}+\frac{405x}{16}+\frac{243}{32}\right)} - \frac{212679\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{3361400000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} \\
& + \frac{125\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{2688\left(x^6+9x^5+\frac{135x^4}{4}+\frac{135x^3}{2}+\frac{1215x^2}{16}+\frac{729x}{16}+\frac{729}{64}\right)} \\
& + \frac{3897\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{192080000\left(x^2+3x+\frac{9}{4}\right)} \\
& - \frac{65\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{2048\left(x^7+\frac{21x^6}{2}+\frac{189x^5}{4}+\frac{945x^4}{8}+\frac{2835x^3}{16}+\frac{5103x^2}{32}+\frac{5103x}{64}+\frac{2187}{128}\right)} \\
& + \frac{7569\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{54880000\left(x^3+\frac{9x^2}{2}+\frac{27x}{4}+\frac{27}{8}\right)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3)^8,x)`

output

```
(72603*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/3676531250 - (72603*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)
)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/3676531250 + (92453*3^(1/2)*(x^2 +
2/3)^(1/2))/(21952000*((27*x)/2 + (27*x^2)/2 + 6*x^3 + x^4 + 81/16)) - (5
07*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(19600*((405*x)/16 + (135*x^2)/4 + (45*x^3)/
2 + (15*x^4)/2 + x^5 + 243/32)) - (212679*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(3361
400000*(x + 3/2)) + (125*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(2688*((729*x)/16 + (1
215*x^2)/16 + (135*x^3)/2 + (135*x^4)/4 + 9*x^5 + x^6 + 729/64)) + (3897*3
^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(192080000*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4)) - (65*3^(1/2)*(x^2
+ 2/3)^(1/2))/(2048*((5103*x)/64 + (5103*x^2)/32 + (2835*x^3)/16 + (945*x
^4)/8 + (189*x^5)/4 + (21*x^6)/2 + x^7 + 2187/128)) + (7569*3^(1/2)*(x^2 +
2/3)^(1/2))/(54880000*((27*x)/4 + (9*x^2)/2 + x^3 + 27/8))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 411, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{(3+2x)^8} dx = \frac{-178650360\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^6 - 1550567340\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^5 - 5210380350\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4 - 1210380350\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 - 16488609060\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 - 8973613915\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 16488609060\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(3+2x)^8} + 55759104\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^7 + 585470592\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^6 + 2634617664\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^5 + 6586544160\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^4 + 9879816240\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^3 + 8891834616\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^2 + 4445917308\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x + 952696566\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4) - 55759104\sqrt{35}\log(2x + 3)x^7 - 585470592\sqrt{35}\log(2x + 3)x^6 - 2634617664\sqrt{35}\log(2x + 3)x^5 - 6586544160\sqrt{35}\log(2x + 3)x^4 - 9879816240\sqrt{35}\log(2x + 3)x^3 - 8891834616\sqrt{35}\log(2x + 3)x^2 - 4445917308\sqrt{35}\log(2x + 3)x - 952696566\sqrt{35}\log(2x + 3)}/(22059187500*(128x^7 + 1344x^6 + 6048x^5 + 15120x^4 + 22680x^3 + 20412x^2 + 10206x + 2187))$$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^8,x)
```

output

```
( - 178650360*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**6 - 1550567340*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 - 5
210380350*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 3458350875*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 - 25901
092350*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 - 8973613915*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 16488609060
*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 55759104*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x
- 4)*x**7 + 585470592*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x*
*6 + 2634617664*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**5 + 6
586544160*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**4 + 9879816
240*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**3 + 8891834616*sq
rt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 4445917308*sqrt(35)
*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x + 952696566*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(
3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 55759104*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**7 - 58
5470592*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**6 - 2634617664*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**5
- 6586544160*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**4 - 9879816240*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3
)*x**3 - 8891834616*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 4445917308*sqrt(35)*log(2
*x + 3)*x - 952696566*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3))/(22059187500*(128*x**7 + 1344
*x**6 + 6048*x**5 + 15120*x**4 + 22680*x**3 + 20412*x**2 + 10206*x + 2187)
)
```

3.220 $\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^4 (2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1846
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1847
Rubi [A] (verified)	1847
Maple [A] (verified)	1850
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1850
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1851
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1852
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1852
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1853
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1853

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^4 (2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{4991}{12}x\sqrt{2 + 3x^2} + \frac{4991}{36}x(2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{4991}{90}x(2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} + \frac{6433(3 + 2x)^2(2 + 3x^2)^{7/2}}{4455} + \frac{49}{165}(3 + 2x)^3(2 + 3x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{1}{33}(3 + 2x)^4(2 + 3x^2)^{7/2} + \frac{2(181243 + 62244x)(2 + 3x^2)^{7/2}}{13365} + \frac{4991 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}{6\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
4991/12*x*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+4991/36*x*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+4991/90*x*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)+6433/4455*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(7/2)+49/165*(3+2*x)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(7/2)-1/33*(3+2*x)^4*(3*x^2+2)^(7/2)+2/13365*(181243+62244*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(7/2)+4991/18*arcsinh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*3^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4(2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2+3x^2}(-19537120 - 64370295x - 92160240x^2 - 127123425x^3 - 150762600x^4 - 129966606x^5 - 93646260x^6 - 50615928x^7 - 12921120x^8 + 769824x^9 + 699840x^{10}) - (4991 \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2+3x^2}))}{53460 \cdot 6\sqrt{3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^4*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/53460*(Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(-19537120 - 64370295*x - 92160240*x^2 - 127123425*x^3 - 150762600*x^4 - 129966606*x^5 - 93646260*x^6 - 50615928*x^7 - 12921120*x^8 + 769824*x^9 + 699840*x^10)) - (4991*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/(6*Sqrt[3])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$, Rules used = {687, 27, 687, 27, 687, 676, 211, 211, 211, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (5-x)(2x+3)^4(3x^2+2)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\frac{1}{33} \int 7(2x+3)^3(42x+73)(3x^2+2)^{5/2} dx - \frac{1}{33}(2x+3)^4(3x^2+2)^{7/2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{7}{33} \int (2x+3)^3(42x+73)(3x^2+2)^{5/2} dx - \frac{1}{33}(2x+3)^4(3x^2+2)^{7/2}$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\frac{7}{33} \left(\frac{1}{30} \int 6(2x+3)^2(919x+1011)(3x^2+2)^{5/2} dx + \frac{7}{5}(2x+3)^3(3x^2+2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{1}{33}(2x+3)^4(3x^2+2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{7}{33} \left(\frac{1}{5} \int (2x+3)^2(919x+1011)(3x^2+2)^{5/2} dx + \frac{7}{5}(2x+3)^3(3x^2+2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{1}{33}(2x+3)^4(3x^2+2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 687

$$\frac{7}{33} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{27} \int (2x+3)(71136x+74539)(3x^2+2)^{5/2} dx + \frac{919}{27}(2x+3)^2(3x^2+2)^{7/2} \right) + \frac{7}{5}(2x+3)^3(3x^2+2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{1}{33}(2x+3)^4(3x^2+2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 676

$$\frac{7}{33} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{27} \left(211761 \int (3x^2+2)^{5/2} dx + 5928x(3x^2+2)^{7/2} + \frac{362486}{21}(3x^2+2)^{7/2} \right) + \frac{919}{27}(2x+3)^2(3x^2+2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{1}{33}(2x+3)^4(3x^2+2)^{7/2} \right)$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{7}{33} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{27} \left(211761 \left(\frac{5}{3} \int (3x^2+2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{6}x(3x^2+2)^{5/2} \right) + 5928x(3x^2+2)^{7/2} + \frac{362486}{21}(3x^2+2)^{7/2} \right) + \frac{919}{27}(2x+3)^2(3x^2+2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{1}{33}(2x+3)^4(3x^2+2)^{7/2} \right)$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{7}{33} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{27} \left(211761 \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \sqrt{3x^2+2} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(3x^2+2)^{5/2} \right) + 5928x(3x^2+2)^{7/2} + \frac{362486}{21}(3x^2+2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{1}{33}(2x+3)^4(3x^2+2)^{7/2} \right)$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{7}{33} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{27} \left(211761 \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(3x^2+2)^{5/2} \right) + 5928x(3x^2+2)^{7/2} + \frac{362486}{21}(3x^2+2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{1}{33}(2x+3)^4(3x^2+2)^{7/2} \right)$$

↓ 222

$$\frac{7}{33} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{27} \left(211761 \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3x^2+2x}\right) + \frac{1}{4}x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(3x^2+2)^{5/2} \right) + 5928 \frac{1}{33}(2x+3)^4(3x^2+2)^{7/2} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^4*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `-1/33*((3 + 2*x)^4*(2 + 3*x^2)^(7/2)) + (7*((7*(3 + 2*x)^3*(2 + 3*x^2)^(7/2))/5 + ((919*(3 + 2*x)^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^(7/2))/27 + ((362486*(2 + 3*x^2)^(7/2))/21 + 5928*x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(7/2) + 211761*((x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/6 + (5*(x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*((x*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/2 + ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x]/sqrt[3]))/2))/3))/27)/5)/33`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 687

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))*((a._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(699840x^{10}+769824x^9-12921120x^8-50615928x^7-93646260x^6-129966606x^5-150762600x^4-127123425x^3-92160240x^2-64370295x-19537120)}{53460}$
trager	$\left(-\frac{144}{11}x^{10} - \frac{72}{5}x^9 + \frac{7976}{33}x^8 + \frac{4734}{5}x^7 + \frac{173419}{99}x^6 + \frac{24311}{10}x^5 + \frac{279190}{99}x^4 + \frac{28535}{12}x^3 + \frac{1536004}{891}x^2 + \frac{1444}{12}x - \frac{19537120}{11}\right) \sqrt{3x^2+2}$
default	$\frac{4991x(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{90} + \frac{4991x(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{36} + \frac{4991x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{12} + \frac{4991 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{18} + \frac{122107(3x^2+2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{2673} + \frac{542x(3x^2+2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{15}$
meijerg	$-\frac{2025\sqrt{3} \left(-\frac{8\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{3}{8}x^4 + \frac{13}{16}x^2 + \frac{11}{16} \right) \sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1} - \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{160\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}x(-648x^8-1134x^6-558x^4-15x^2+2400)}{2400} \right)}{9\sqrt{\pi}}$

input

```
int((5-x)*(2*x+3)^4*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/53460*(699840*x^10+769824*x^9-12921120*x^8-50615928*x^7-93646260*x^6-12
9966606*x^5-150762600*x^4-127123425*x^3-92160240*x^2-64370295*x-19537120)*
(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+4991/18*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4(2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{53460} (699840x^{10} + 769824x^9 - 12921120x^8 - 50615928x^7 - 93646260x^6 - 129966606x^5 - 150762600x^4 - 127123425x^3 - 92160240x^2 - 64370295x - 19537120)$$

$$+ \frac{4991}{36} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 3x^2 - 1\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/53460*(699840*x^10 + 769824*x^9 - 12921120*x^8 - 50615928*x^7 - 93646260*x^6 - 129966606*x^5 - 150762600*x^4 - 127123425*x^3 - 92160240*x^2 - 64370295*x - 19537120)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 4991/36*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4(2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{144x^{10}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{11} - \frac{72x^9\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{5} + \frac{7976x^8\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{33} + \frac{4734x^7\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{5} + \frac{173419x^6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{99} + \frac{24311x^5\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{10} + \frac{279190x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{99} + \frac{28535x^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{12} + \frac{1536004x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{891} + \frac{14449x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{12} + \frac{976856\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2673} + \frac{4991\sqrt{3}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{18}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)**4*(3*x**2+2)**(5/2),x)`

output `-144*x**10*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/11 - 72*x**9*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/5 + 7976*x**8*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/33 + 4734*x**7*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/5 + 173419*x**6*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/99 + 24311*x**5*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/10 + 279190*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/99 + 28535*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/12 + 1536004*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/891 + 14449*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/12 + 976856*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/2673 + 4991*sqrt(3)*asinh(sqrt(6)*x/2)/18`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4 (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{16}{33} (3x^2+2)^{7/2} x^4 - \frac{8}{15} (3x^2+2)^{7/2} x^3 + \frac{8840}{891} (3x^2+2)^{7/2} x^2 + \frac{542}{15} (3x^2+2)^{7/2} x + \frac{122107}{2673} (3x^2+2)^{7/2} + \frac{4991}{90} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} x + \frac{4991}{36} (3x^2+2)^{3/2} x + \frac{4991}{12} \sqrt{3x^2+2} x + \frac{4991}{18} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{6} x\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-16/33*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)*x^4 - 8/15*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)*x^3 + 8840/891*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)*x^2 + 542/15*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)*x + 122107/2673*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2) + 4991/90*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*x + 4991/36*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 4991/12*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 4991/18*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4 (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{1}{53460} (3((9(2((2(6(4(27(10x+11)x - 4985)x - 78111)x - 867095)x - 2406789)x - 2791900)x - 4708275)x - 30720080)x - 21456765)x - 19537120)\sqrt{3x^2+2} - 4991/18\sqrt{3}\log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}))$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/53460*(3*((9*(2*((2*(6*(4*(27*(10*x + 11)*x - 4985)*x - 78111)*x - 867095)*x - 2406789)*x - 2791900)*x - 4708275)*x - 30720080)*x - 21456765)*x - 19537120)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 4991/18*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4 (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{4991 \sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{18} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(-\frac{432x^{10}}{11} - \frac{216x^9}{5} + \frac{7976x^8}{11} + \frac{14202x^7}{5} + \frac{173419x^6}{33} + \frac{72933x^5}{10} + \frac{279190x^4}{33} + \frac{28535x^3}{4} + \frac{1536004x^2}{297} + \frac{14449x}{12} + \frac{976856}{2673} + \frac{4991\sqrt{3} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{18} \right)}{3}$$

input

```
int(-(2*x + 3)^4*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*(x - 5), x)
```

output

```
(4991*3^(1/2)*asinh((6^(1/2)*x)/2))/18 + (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*((1444
9*x)/4 + (1536004*x^2)/297 + (28535*x^3)/4 + (279190*x^4)/33 + (72933*x^5)
/10 + (173419*x^6)/33 + (14202*x^7)/5 + (7976*x^8)/11 - (216*x^9)/5 - (432
*x^10)/11 + 976856/891))/3
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^4 (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{144\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^{10}}{11} - \frac{72\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^9}{5} + \frac{7976\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^8}{33} + \frac{4734\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^7}{5} + \frac{173419\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^6}{99} + \frac{24311\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^5}{10} + \frac{279190\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4}{99} + \frac{28535\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3}{12} + \frac{1536004\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2}{891} + \frac{14449\sqrt{3x^2+2}x}{12} + \frac{976856\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2673} + \frac{4991\sqrt{3} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{18}$$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 699840*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**10 - 769824*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**9 + 1292112
0*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**8 + 50615928*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**7 + 93646260*sqrt(3
*x**2 + 2)*x**6 + 129966606*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 + 150762600*sqrt(3*x**2
+ 2)*x**4 + 127123425*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 92160240*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x
*2 + 64370295*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 19537120*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 14823270*sq
rt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/53460
```

3.221 $\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^3 (2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1855
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1855
Rubi [A] (verified)	1856
Maple [A] (verified)	1859
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1859
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1860
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1860
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1861
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1861
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1862

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^3 (2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{3731}{24}x\sqrt{2 + 3x^2} + \frac{3731}{72}x(2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{3731}{180}x(2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} + \frac{91}{270}(3 + 2x)^2(2 + 3x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{1}{30}(3 + 2x)^3(2 + 3x^2)^{7/2} + \frac{(15244 + 4977x)(2 + 3x^2)^{7/2}}{1620} + \frac{3731\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{12\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
3731/24*x*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+3731/72*x*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+3731/180*x*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)+91/270*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(7/2)-1/30*(3+2*x)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(7/2)+1/1620*(15244+4977*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(7/2)+3731/36*arcsinh(1/2*x*sqrt(3))*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^3 (2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2 + 3x^2}(-299200 - 1245915x - 1350240x^2 - 1922805x^3 - 2036880x^4 - 1503522x^5 - 1035720x^6 - 43200x^7)}{3240} - \frac{3731 \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2 + 3x^2})}{12\sqrt{3}}$$

input `Integrate[(5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^3*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `-1/3240*(Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(-299200 - 1245915*x - 1350240*x^2 - 1922805*x^3 - 2036880*x^4 - 1503522*x^5 - 1035720*x^6 - 418446*x^7 - 12960*x^8 + 23328*x^9)) - (3731*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/(12*Sqrt[3])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {687, 27, 687, 27, 676, 211, 211, 211, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (5 - x)(2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 687 \\
 & \frac{1}{30} \int 21(2x + 3)^2(13x + 22) (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} dx - \frac{1}{30}(2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{7}{10} \int (2x + 3)^2(13x + 22) (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} dx - \frac{1}{30}(2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 687 \\
 & \frac{7}{10} \left(\frac{1}{27} \int 2(2x + 3)(711x + 839) (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} dx + \frac{13}{27}(2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{1}{30}(2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{7}{10} \left(\frac{2}{27} \int (2x + 3)(711x + 839) (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} dx + \frac{13}{27}(2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{1}{30}(2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 676
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{7}{10} \left(\frac{2}{27} \left(\frac{4797}{2} \int (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} dx + \frac{237}{4} x(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} + \frac{3811}{21} (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \right) + \frac{13}{27} (2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{1}{30} (2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{7}{10} \left(\frac{2}{27} \left(\frac{4797}{2} \left(\frac{5}{3} \int (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{6} x(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{237}{4} x(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} + \frac{3811}{21} (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \right) + \frac{13}{27} (2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{1}{30} (2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{7}{10} \left(\frac{2}{27} \left(\frac{4797}{2} \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} dx + \frac{1}{4} x(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6} x(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{237}{4} x(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} + \frac{3811}{21} (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \right) + \frac{13}{27} (2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{1}{30} (2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{7}{10} \left(\frac{2}{27} \left(\frac{4797}{2} \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6} x(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{237}{4} x(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} + \frac{3811}{21} (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \right) + \frac{13}{27} (2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{1}{30} (2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 222

$$\frac{7}{10} \left(\frac{2}{27} \left(\frac{4797}{2} \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6} x(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{237}{4} x(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} + \frac{3811}{21} (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \right) + \frac{13}{27} (2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{1}{30} (2x + 3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}$$

input `Int[(5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^3*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `-1/30*((3 + 2*x)^3*(2 + 3*x^2)^(7/2)) + (7*((13*(3 + 2*x)^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^(7/2))/27 + (2*((3811*(2 + 3*x^2)^(7/2))/21 + (237*x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(7/2))/4 + (4797*((x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/6 + (5*((x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*((x*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/2 + ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x]/Sqrt[3]))/2))/3))/27))/10`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 211 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[6*p])$
- rule 222 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[b, 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$
- rule 676 $\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_*)]*((f_*) + (g_*)(x_*)]*((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (\text{Simp}[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) \text{ Int}[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 687 $\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_*)]^{(m_*)}*((f_*) + (g_*)(x_*)]*((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p]) \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[f, 0])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(23328x^9 - 12960x^8 - 418446x^7 - 1035720x^6 - 1503522x^5 - 2036880x^4 - 1922805x^3 - 1350240x^2 - 1245915x - 299200)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3240} +$
trager	$\left(-\frac{36}{5}x^9 + 4x^8 + \frac{2583}{20}x^7 + \frac{959}{3}x^6 + \frac{9281}{20}x^5 + \frac{1886}{3}x^4 + \frac{14243}{24}x^3 + \frac{11252}{27}x^2 + \frac{9229}{24}x + \frac{7480}{81}\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2} +$
default	$\frac{3731x(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{180} + \frac{3731x(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{72} + \frac{3731x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{24} + \frac{3731 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{36} + \frac{935(3x^2+2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{81} + \frac{319x(3x^2+2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{60} +$
meijerg	$-\frac{675\sqrt{3}\left(-\frac{8\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{3}{8}x^4 + \frac{13}{16}x^2 + \frac{11}{16}\right)\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)}{3}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{20\sqrt{2}\left(-\frac{32\sqrt{\pi}}{945} + \frac{4\sqrt{\pi}\left(-\frac{567}{4}x^8 - \frac{513}{2}x^6 - 135x^4 - 6x^2 - 1\right)}{945}\right)}{3\sqrt{\pi}}$

input

```
int((5-x)*(2*x+3)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/3240*(23328*x^9-12960*x^8-418446*x^7-1035720*x^6-1503522*x^5-2036880*x^4-1922805*x^3-1350240*x^2-1245915*x-299200)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+3731/36*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{3240}(23328x^9 - 12960x^8 - 418446x^7 - 1035720x^6 - 1503522x^5 - 2036880x^4 - 1922805x^3 - 1350240x^2 - 1245915x - 299200)\sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

$$+ \frac{3731}{72}\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 3x^2 - 1\right)$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/3240*(23328*x^9 - 12960*x^8 - 418446*x^7 - 1035720*x^6 - 1503522*x^5 - 2036880*x^4 - 1922805*x^3 - 1350240*x^2 - 1245915*x - 299200)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 3731/72*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3 (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{36x^9\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{5} + 4x^8\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{2583x^7\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{20} + \frac{959x^6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{9281x^5\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{20} + \frac{1886x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{14243x^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{24} + \frac{11252x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{27} + \frac{9229x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{24} + \frac{7480\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{81} + \frac{3731\sqrt{3}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{36}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)**3*(3*x**2+2)**(5/2),x)`output `-36*x**9*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/5 + 4*x**8*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 2583*x**7*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/20 + 959*x**6*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/3 + 9281*x**5*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/20 + 1886*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/3 + 14243*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/24 + 11252*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/27 + 9229*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/24 + 7480*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/81 + 3731*sqrt(3)*asinh(sqrt(6)*x/2)/36`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3 (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{4}{15} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{7}{2}} x^3 + \frac{4}{27} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{7}{2}} x^2 + \frac{319}{60} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{7}{2}} x + \frac{935}{81} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{3731}{180} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}} x + \frac{3731}{72} (3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} x + \frac{3731}{24} \sqrt{3x^2+2} x + \frac{3731}{36} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{6} x\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-4/15*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)*x^3 + 4/27*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)*x^2 + 319/60*(3*x^2 +
2)^(7/2)*x + 935/81*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2) + 3731/180*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*x + 37
31/72*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 3731/24*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 3731/36*sqrt(3)*ar
csinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3 (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{3240} (3((9(2(((3(16(9x-5)x-2583)x-19180)x-27843)x-37720)x-71215)x-450080)x-41$$

$$-\frac{3731}{36} \sqrt{3} \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}))$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/3240*(3*((9*(2*((3*(16*(9*x - 5)*x - 2583)*x - 19180)*x - 27843)*x - 3
7720)*x - 71215)*x - 450080)*x - 415305)*x - 299200)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 373
1/36*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3 (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{3731 \sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{36}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(-\frac{108x^9}{5} + 12x^8 + \frac{7749x^7}{20} + 959x^6 + \frac{27843x^5}{20} + 1886x^4 + \frac{14243x^3}{8} + \frac{11252x^2}{9} + \frac{9229x}{8} + \frac{7480}{27} \right)}{3}$$

input

```
int(-(2*x + 3)^3*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*(x - 5),x)
```

output

```
(3731*3^(1/2)*asinh((6^(1/2)*x)/2))/36 + (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*((9229
*x)/8 + (11252*x^2)/9 + (14243*x^3)/8 + 1886*x^4 + (27843*x^5)/20 + 959*x^
6 + (7749*x^7)/20 + 12*x^8 - (108*x^9)/5 + 7480/27))/3
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{36\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^9}{5} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^8$$

$$+ \frac{2583\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^7}{20} + \frac{959\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^6}{3} + \frac{9281\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^5}{20}$$

$$+ \frac{1886\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4}{3} + \frac{14243\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3}{24} + \frac{11252\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2}{27}$$

$$+ \frac{9229\sqrt{3x^2+2}x}{24} + \frac{7480\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{81} + \frac{3731\sqrt{3}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{36}$$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 23328*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**9 + 12960*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**8 + 418446*sqr
t(3*x**2 + 2)*x**7 + 1035720*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**6 + 1503522*sqrt(3*x**2 +
2)*x**5 + 2036880*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 1922805*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 +
1350240*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 1245915*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 299200*sqrt(
3*x**2 + 2) + 335790*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/
3240
```

3.222 $\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^2 (2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1863
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1863
Rubi [A] (verified)	1864
Maple [A] (verified)	1866
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1867
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1867
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1868
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1868
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1869
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1869

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 110

$$\begin{aligned} \int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^2 (2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} dx = & \frac{665}{12} x \sqrt{2 + 3x^2} \\ & + \frac{665}{36} x (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{133}{18} x (2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} \\ & - \frac{1}{27} (3 + 2x)^2 (2 + 3x^2)^{7/2} + \frac{1}{81} (226 + 63x) (2 + 3x^2)^{7/2} + \frac{665 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{6\sqrt{3}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
665/12*x*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+665/36*x*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+133/18*x*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)
-1/27*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(7/2)+1/81*(226+63*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(7/2)+665/18*arc
sinh(1/2*x*sqrt(3/2))*sqrt(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\begin{aligned} \int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)^2 (2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} dx = & \\ & - \frac{1}{324} \sqrt{2 + 3x^2} (-6368 - 40365x - 28272x^2 - 50571x^3 - 41256x^4 \\ & - 27378x^5 - 18900x^6 - 2916x^7 + 1296x^8) - \frac{665 \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2 + 3x^2})}{6\sqrt{3}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `-1/324*(Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(-6368 - 40365*x - 28272*x^2 - 50571*x^3 - 41256*x^4 - 27378*x^5 - 18900*x^6 - 2916*x^7 + 1296*x^8)) - (665*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/(6*Sqrt[3])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {687, 27, 676, 211, 211, 211, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (5 - x)(2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{687} \\
 & \frac{1}{27} \int 7(2x + 3)(36x + 59) (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} dx - \frac{1}{27} (2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{7}{27} \int (2x + 3)(36x + 59) (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} dx - \frac{1}{27} (2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{676} \\
 & \frac{7}{27} \left(171 \int (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} dx + 3x(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} + \frac{226}{21} (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{1}{27} (2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{7}{27} \left(171 \left(\frac{5}{3} \int (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{6} x(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \right) + 3x(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} + \frac{226}{21} (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{27} (2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{7}{27} \left(171 \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} dx + \frac{1}{4} x (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6} x (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \right) + 3x (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} + \frac{226}{21} (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{1}{27} (2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{7}{27} \left(171 \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} x \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6} x (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \right) + 3x (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} + \frac{226}{21} (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{1}{27} (2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 222

$$\frac{7}{27} \left(171 \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} x \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6} x (3x^2 + 2)^{5/2} \right) + 3x (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} + \frac{226}{21} (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{1}{27} (2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}$$

input `Int[(5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `-1/27*((3 + 2*x)^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^(7/2)) + (7*((226*(2 + 3*x^2)^(7/2))/21 + 3*x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(7/2) + 171*((x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/6 + (5*((x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*((x*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/2 + ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x]/sqrt[3]))/2)))/3))/27`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 687 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(1296x^8 - 2916x^7 - 18900x^6 - 27378x^5 - 41256x^4 - 50571x^3 - 28272x^2 - 40365x - 6368)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{324} + \frac{665 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{18}$
trager	$\left(-4x^8 + 9x^7 + \frac{175}{3}x^6 + \frac{169}{2}x^5 + \frac{382}{3}x^4 + \frac{1873}{12}x^3 + \frac{2356}{27}x^2 + \frac{1495}{12}x + \frac{1592}{81}\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{665 \operatorname{RootOf}}{18}$
default	$\frac{133x(3x^2+2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{18} + \frac{665x(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{36} + \frac{665x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{12} + \frac{665 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{18} + \frac{199(3x^2+2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{81} + \frac{x(3x^2+2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3} - \frac{4x^2(3x^2+2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{27}$
meijerg	$-\frac{225\sqrt{3} \left(-\frac{8\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{3}{8}x^4 + \frac{13}{16}x^2 + \frac{11}{16} \right) \sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)}{3} \right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{40\sqrt{3} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}x(162x^6+306x^4+177x^2+15)\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}}}{720} \right)}{3\sqrt{\pi}}$

input `int((5-x)*(2*x+3)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/324*(1296*x^8-2916*x^7-18900*x^6-27378*x^5-41256*x^4-50571*x^3-28272*x^2-40365*x-6368)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+665/18*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2 (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{324} (1296x^8 - 2916x^7 - 18900x^6 - 27378x^5 - 41256x^4 - 50571x^3 - 28272x^2 - 40365x - 6368)\sqrt{3}$$

$$+ \frac{665}{36} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2x-3x^2-1}\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/324*(1296*x^8 - 2916*x^7 - 18900*x^6 - 27378*x^5 - 41256*x^4 - 50571*x^3 - 28272*x^2 - 40365*x - 6368)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 665/36*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2 (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = -4x^8\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 9x^7\sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

$$+ \frac{175x^6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{169x^5\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2} + \frac{382x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{1873x^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{12}$$

$$+ \frac{2356x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{27} + \frac{1495x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{12} + \frac{1592\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{81} + \frac{665\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6x}}{2}\right)}{18}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)**2*(3*x**2+2)**(5/2),x)`

output `-4*x**8*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 9*x**7*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 175*x**6*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/3 + 169*x**5*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/2 + 382*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/3 + 1873*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/12 + 2356*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/27 + 1495*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/12 + 1592*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/81 + 665*sqrt(3)*asinh(sqrt(6)*x/2)/18`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2 (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{4}{27} (3x^2+2)^{7/2} x^2 + \frac{1}{3} (3x^2+2)^{7/2} x + \frac{199}{81} (3x^2+2)^{7/2} + \frac{133}{18} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} x + \frac{665}{36} (3x^2+2)^{3/2} x + \frac{665}{12} \sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{665}{18} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{6}x\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-4/27*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)*x^2 + 1/3*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)*x + 199/81*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2) + 133/18*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*x + 665/36*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 665/12*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 665/18*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2 (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{1}{324} (3((9(2((2(3(4x-9)x-175)x-507)x-764)x-1873)x-9424)x-13455)x-6368)\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{665}{18} \sqrt{3} \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}))$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/324*(3*((9*(2*((2*(3*(4*x - 9)*x - 175)*x - 507)*x - 764)*x - 1873)*x - 9424)*x - 13455)*x - 6368)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 665/18*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2 (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{665\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{18} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(-12x^8 + 27x^7 + 175x^6 + \frac{507x^5}{2} + 382x^4 + \frac{1873x^3}{4} + \frac{2356x^2}{9} + \frac{1495x}{4} + \frac{1592}{27}\right)}{3}$$

input

```
int(-(2*x + 3)^2*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*(x - 5), x)
```

output

```
(665*3^(1/2)*asinh((6^(1/2)*x)/2))/18 + (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*((1495*x)/4 + (2356*x^2)/9 + (1873*x^3)/4 + 382*x^4 + (507*x^5)/2 + 175*x^6 + 27*x^7 - 12*x^8 + 1592/27))/3
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)^2 (2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = -4\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^8 + 9\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^7 + \frac{175\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^6}{3} + \frac{169\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^5}{2} + \frac{382\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4}{3} + \frac{1873\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3}{12} + \frac{2356\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2}{27} + \frac{1495\sqrt{3x^2+2}x}{12} + \frac{1592\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{81} + \frac{665\sqrt{3} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{18}$$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 1296*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**8 + 2916*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**7 + 18900*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**6 + 27378*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 + 41256*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 50571*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 28272*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 40365*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 6368*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 11970*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/324
```

3.223 $\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)(2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1870
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1870
Rubi [A] (verified)	1871
Maple [A] (verified)	1873
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1873
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1874
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1874
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1875
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1875
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1876

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)(2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{455}{24}x\sqrt{2 + 3x^2} + \frac{455}{72}x(2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{91}{36}x(2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} + \frac{1}{12}(4 - x)(2 + 3x^2)^{7/2} + \frac{455\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{12\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
455/24*x*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+455/72*x*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+91/36*x*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)+
1/12*(4-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(7/2)+455/36*arcsinh(1/2*x*sqrt(3))*sqrt(3)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (5 - x)(3 + 2x)(2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{1}{24}\sqrt{2 + 3x^2}(-64 - 985x - 288x^2 - 1111x^3 - 432x^4 - 438x^5 - 216x^6 + 54x^7) - \frac{455 \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2 + 3x^2})}{12\sqrt{3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
-1/24*(Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(-64 - 985*x - 288*x^2 - 1111*x^3 - 432*x^4 - 438*x^5 - 216*x^6 + 54*x^7)) - (455*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/(12*Sqrt[3])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {676, 211, 211, 211, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (5-x)(2x+3)(3x^2+2)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{676} \\
 & \frac{91}{6} \int (3x^2+2)^{5/2} dx - \frac{1}{12}x(3x^2+2)^{7/2} + \frac{1}{3}(3x^2+2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{91}{6} \left(\frac{5}{3} \int (3x^2+2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{6}x(3x^2+2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{12}x(3x^2+2)^{7/2} + \frac{1}{3}(3x^2+2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{91}{6} \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \sqrt{3x^2+2} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(3x^2+2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{12}x(3x^2+2)^{7/2} + \frac{1}{3}(3x^2+2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{91}{6} \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3x^2+2} x \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(3x^2+2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{12}x(3x^2+2)^{7/2} + \frac{1}{3}(3x^2+2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{222}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{91}{6} \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3x^2+2x}\right) + \frac{1}{4}x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} + \frac{1}{6}x(3x^2+2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{12}x(3x^2+2)^{7/2} + \frac{1}{3}(3x^2+2)^{7/2} \right)$$

input `Int[(5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(2 + 3*x^2)^(7/2)/3 - (x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(7/2))/12 + (91*((x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/6 + (5*((x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*((x*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/2 + ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x]/Sqrt[3]))/2))/3))/6`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(54x^7 - 216x^6 - 438x^5 - 432x^4 - 1111x^3 - 288x^2 - 985x - 64)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{24} + \frac{455 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{36}$
default	$\frac{91x(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{36} + \frac{455x(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{72} + \frac{455x\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{24} + \frac{455 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{36} + \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3} - \frac{x(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{12}$
trager	$\left(-\frac{9}{4}x^7 + 9x^6 + \frac{73}{4}x^5 + 18x^4 + \frac{1111}{24}x^3 + 12x^2 + \frac{985}{24}x + \frac{8}{3}\right)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2} - \frac{455 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2 - 3\right) \ln\left(-\operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2 - 3\right)\right)}{36}$
meijerg	$-\frac{75\sqrt{3}\left(-\frac{8\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{3}{8}x^4 + \frac{13}{16}x^2 + \frac{11}{16}\right)\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2} + 1}}{15} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)}{3}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{35\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{16\sqrt{\pi}}{105} - \frac{8\sqrt{\pi}\left(\frac{27}{4}x^6 + \frac{27}{2}x^4 + 9x^2 + 2\right)\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2} + 1}}{105}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}}$

input `int((5-x)*(2*x+3)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/24*(54*x^7-216*x^6-438*x^5-432*x^4-1111*x^3-288*x^2-985*x-64)*(3*x^2+2)^{(1/2)}+455/36*\operatorname{arcsinh}(1/2*6^{(1/2)*x})*3^{(1/2)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{24}(54x^7 - 216x^6 - 438x^5 - 432x^4 - 1111x^3 - 288x^2 - 985x - 64)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}$$

$$+ \frac{455}{72}\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}x - 3x^2 - 1\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/24*(54*x^7 - 216*x^6 - 438*x^5 - 432*x^4 - 1111*x^3 - 288*x^2 - 985*x - 64)*\operatorname{sqrt}(3*x^2 + 2) + 455/72*\operatorname{sqrt}(3)*\log(-\operatorname{sqrt}(3)*\operatorname{sqrt}(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{9x^7\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{4} + 9x^6\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{73x^5\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{4} + 18x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{1111x^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{24} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{985x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{24} + \frac{8\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{455\sqrt{3}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{36}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)*(3*x**2+2)**(5/2),x)`output `-9*x**7*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/4 + 9*x**6*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 73*x**5*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/4 + 18*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 1111*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/24 + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 985*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/24 + 8*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/3 + 455*sqrt(3)*asinh(sqrt(6)*x/2)/36`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{1}{12}(3x^2+2)^{7/2}x + \frac{1}{3}(3x^2+2)^{7/2} + \frac{91}{36}(3x^2+2)^{5/2}x + \frac{455}{72}(3x^2+2)^{3/2}x + \frac{455}{24}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + \frac{455}{36}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}x\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/12*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)*x + 1/3*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2) + 91/36*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*x + 455/72*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 455/24*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 455/36*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{24} (((6((9(x-4)x-73)x-72)x-1111)x-288)x-985)x-64)\sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

$$-\frac{455}{36}\sqrt{3}\log(-\sqrt{3}x+\sqrt{3x^2+2}))$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/24*(((6*((9*(x-4)*x-73)*x-72)*x-1111)*x-288)*x-985)*x-64)*sqrt(3*x^2+2)-455/36*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x+sqrt(3*x^2+2))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{455\sqrt{3}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{36}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}\left(-\frac{27x^7}{4}+27x^6+\frac{219x^5}{4}+54x^4+\frac{1111x^3}{8}+36x^2+\frac{985x}{8}+8\right)}{3}$$

input `int(-(2*x+3)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)*(x-5),x)`output `(455*3^(1/2)*asinh((6^(1/2)*x)/2))/36+(3^(1/2)*(x^2+2/3)^(1/2)*((985*x)/8+36*x^2+(1111*x^3)/8+54*x^4+(219*x^5)/4+27*x^6-(27*x^7)/4+8))/3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (5-x)(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{9\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^7}{4} + 9\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^6$$

$$+ \frac{73\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^5}{4} + 18\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4 + \frac{1111\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3}{24} + 12\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2$$

$$+ \frac{985\sqrt{3x^2+2}x}{24} + \frac{8\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{455\sqrt{3}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{36}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3+2*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x)`output `(- 162*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**7 + 648*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**6 + 1314*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 + 1296*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 3333*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 864*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 2955*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 192*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 910*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/72`

3.224 $\int (5 - x) (2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1877
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1877
Rubi [A] (verified)	1878
Maple [A] (verified)	1879
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1880
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1880
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1881
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1881
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1882
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1882

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int (5 - x) (2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{25}{4} x \sqrt{2 + 3x^2} + \frac{25}{12} x (2 + 3x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{5}{6} x (2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} - \frac{1}{21} (2 + 3x^2)^{7/2} + \frac{25 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
25/4*x*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+25/12*x*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+5/6*x*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)-1/21*(3*x^2+2)^(7/2)+25/6*arcsinh(1/2*x*sqrt(3))*3^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (5 - x) (2 + 3x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{1}{84} \sqrt{2 + 3x^2} (32 - 1155x + 144x^2 - 1365x^3 + 216x^4 - 630x^5 + 108x^6) - \frac{25 \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2 + 3x^2})}{2\sqrt{3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
-1/84*(Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(32 - 1155*x + 144*x^2 - 1365*x^3 + 216*x^4 - 630*x^5 + 108*x^6)) - (25*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[3])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$, Rules used = {455, 211, 211, 211, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (5-x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$5 \int (3x^2+2)^{5/2} dx - \frac{1}{21}(3x^2+2)^{7/2}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$5 \left(\frac{5}{3} \int (3x^2+2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{6}x(3x^2+2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{21}(3x^2+2)^{7/2}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$5 \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \sqrt{3x^2+2} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(3x^2+2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{21}(3x^2+2)^{7/2}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$5 \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(3x^2+2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{21}(3x^2+2)^{7/2}$$

$$\downarrow 222$$

$$5 \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(3x^2+2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{21}(3x^2+2)^{7/2}$$

input `Int[(5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/21*(2 + 3*x^2)^(7/2) + 5*((x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/6 + (5*((x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*((x*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/2 + ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x]/Sqrt[3]))/2))/3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(108x^6 - 630x^5 + 216x^4 - 1365x^3 + 144x^2 - 1155x + 32)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{84} + \frac{25 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{6}$
default	$\frac{25x\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{4} + \frac{25x(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{12} + \frac{5x(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} - \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{21} + \frac{25 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{6}$
trager	$\left(-\frac{9}{7}x^6 + \frac{15}{2}x^5 - \frac{18}{7}x^4 + \frac{65}{4}x^3 - \frac{12}{7}x^2 + \frac{55}{4}x - \frac{8}{21}\right)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2} + \frac{25 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2 - 3) \ln(\operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2 - 3))}{6}$
meijerg	$-\frac{25\sqrt{3} \left(-\frac{8\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{3}{8}x^4 + \frac{13}{16}x^2 + \frac{11}{16} \right) \sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2} + 1} - \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{5\sqrt{2} \left(\frac{16\sqrt{\pi}}{105} - \frac{8\sqrt{\pi} \left(\frac{27}{4}x^6 + \frac{27}{2}x^4 + 9x^2 + 2 \right) \sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2} + 1}}{105} \right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}}$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/84*(108*x^6-630*x^5+216*x^4-1365*x^3+144*x^2-1155*x+32)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+25/6*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{1}{84}(108x^6 - 630x^5 + 216x^4 - 1365x^3 + 144x^2 - 1155x + 32)\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{25}{12}\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 3x^2 - 1\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/84*(108*x^6 - 630*x^5 + 216*x^4 - 1365*x^3 + 144*x^2 - 1155*x + 32)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 25/12*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int (5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{9x^6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{7} + \frac{15x^5\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2} - \frac{18x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{7} + \frac{65x^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{4} - \frac{12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{7} + \frac{55x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{4} - \frac{8\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{21} + \frac{25\sqrt{3}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{6}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(5/2),x)`

output

```
-9*x**6*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/7 + 15*x**5*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/2 - 18*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/7 + 65*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/4 - 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/7 + 55*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/4 - 8*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/21 + 25*sqrt(3)*asinh(sqrt(6)*x/2)/6
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{1}{21}(3x^2+2)^{7/2} + \frac{5}{6}(3x^2+2)^{5/2}x + \frac{25}{12}(3x^2+2)^{3/2}x + \frac{25}{4}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + \frac{25}{6}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}x\right)$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/21*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2) + 5/6*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*x + 25/12*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 25/4*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 25/6*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{1}{84}(3(((6((6x-35)x+12)x-455)x+48)x-385)x+32)\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{25}{6}\sqrt{3}\log(-\sqrt{3}x+\sqrt{3x^2+2}))$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/84*(3*(((6*((6*x - 35)*x + 12)*x - 455)*x + 48)*x - 385)*x + 32)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 25/6*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int (5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{25\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{27x^6}{7} - \frac{45x^5}{2} + \frac{54x^4}{7} - \frac{195x^3}{4} + \frac{36x^2}{7} - \frac{165x}{4} + \frac{8}{7}\right)}{3}$$

input `int(-(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*(x - 5), x)`output `(25*3^(1/2)*asinh((6^(1/2)*x)/2))/6 - (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*((36*x^2)/7 - (165*x)/4 - (195*x^3)/4 + (54*x^4)/7 - (45*x^5)/2 + (27*x^6)/7 + 8/7))/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int (5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{9\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^6}{7} + \frac{15\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^5}{2} - \frac{18\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4}{7} + \frac{65\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3}{4} - \frac{12\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2}{7} + \frac{55\sqrt{3x^2+2}x}{4} - \frac{8\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{21} + \frac{25\sqrt{3} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{6}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2), x)`output `(-108*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**6 + 630*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 - 216*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 1365*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 - 144*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 1155*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 32*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 350*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/84`

$$3.225 \quad \int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{3+2x} dx$$

Optimal result	1883
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1884
Rubi [A] (verified)	1884
Maple [A] (verified)	1887
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1888
Sympy [F(-1)]	1888
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1889
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1889
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1890
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1890

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{3+2x} dx = \frac{7}{64}(2275-691x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} + \frac{7}{96}(130-53x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{1}{60}(39-5x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2} - \frac{162673 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{128\sqrt{3}} - \frac{15925}{128}\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)$$

output

```
7/64*(2275-691*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+7/96*(130-53*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+1/60*(39-5*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)-162673/384*arcsinh(1/2*x*sqrt(3/2))*3^(1/2)-15925/128*sqrt(35)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*sqrt(35)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{3+2x} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{2+3x^2}(-259571+80295x-34788x^2+12090x^3-5616x^4+720x^5)+19}{19}$$

input

```
Integrate[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x),x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(-259571 + 80295*x - 34788*x^2 + 12090*x^3 - 5616*x^4 + 720*x^5) + 477750*Sqrt[35]*ArcTanh[(3*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sqrt[3]*x - 2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/Sqrt[35]] + 813365*Sqrt[3]*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/1920
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$, Rules used = {682, 27, 682, 27, 682, 27, 719, 222, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{2x+3} dx$$

↓ 682

$$\frac{1}{72} \int \frac{42(18-53x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{2x+3} dx + \frac{1}{60} (39-5x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{7}{12} \int \frac{(18-53x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{2x+3} dx + \frac{1}{60} (39-5x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}$$

↓ 682

$$\frac{7}{12} \left(\frac{1}{48} \int \frac{36(101 - 691x)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{2x + 3} dx + \frac{1}{8}(130 - 53x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{60}(39 - 5x)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{7}{12} \left(\frac{3}{4} \int \frac{(101 - 691x)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{2x + 3} dx + \frac{1}{8}(130 - 53x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{60}(39 - 5x)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}$$

↓ 682

$$\frac{7}{12} \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{24} \int \frac{6(4954 - 23239x)}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(2275 - 691x) \right) + \frac{1}{8}(130 - 53x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{60}(39 - 5x)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{7}{12} \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{4954 - 23239x}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(2275 - 691x) \right) + \frac{1}{8}(130 - 53x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{60}(39 - 5x)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}$$

↓ 719

$$\frac{7}{12} \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{79625}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx - \frac{23239}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(2275 - 691x) \right) + \frac{1}{8}(130 - 53x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{60}(39 - 5x)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}$$

↓ 222

$$\frac{7}{12} \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{79625}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx - \frac{23239 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(2275 - 691x) \right) + \frac{1}{8}(130 - 53x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{60}(39 - 5x)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{7}{12} \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{79625}{2} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{23239 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(2275 - 691x) \right) + \frac{1}{8}(130 - 53x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{60}(39 - 5x)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{7}{12} \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{23239 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2275}{2} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right) \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2+2} (2275-691x) \right) + \frac{1}{8} \right) + \frac{1}{60} (39-5x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x), x]`

output `((39 - 5*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/60 + (7*(((130 - 53*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/8 + (3*(((2275 - 691*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/4 + ((-23239*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x])/(2*Sqrt[3]) - (2275*Sqrt[35]*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/2)/4))/4))/12`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 682

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p
+ 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p
+ 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)
^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*
d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !
RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (Intege
rQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 719

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(720x^5 - 5616x^4 + 12090x^3 - 34788x^2 + 80295x - 259571)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{960} - \frac{162673 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{384} - \frac{15925\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2}{35\sqrt{12x^2 + 2}}\right)}{128}$
trager	$\left(-\frac{3}{4}x^5 + \frac{117}{20}x^4 - \frac{403}{32}x^3 + \frac{2899}{80}x^2 - \frac{5353}{64}x + \frac{259571}{960}\right)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2} - \frac{162673 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2 - 3\right) \ln\left(\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2 - 3\right)\right)}{384}$
default	$-\frac{x(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{12} - \frac{5x(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{24} - \frac{5x\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{8} - \frac{162673 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{384} + \frac{13\left(3\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 9x - \frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{20} - \frac{117x\left(3\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 9x - \frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{32}$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(2*x+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/960*(720*x^5-5616*x^4+12090*x^3-34788*x^2+80295*x-259571)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/
2)-162673/384*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)-15925/128*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/
35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{3+2x} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{960} (720x^5 - 5616x^4 + 12090x^3 - 34788x^2 + 80295x - 259571) \sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

$$+ \frac{162673}{768} \sqrt{3} \log(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 3x^2 - 1)$$

$$+ \frac{15925}{256} \sqrt{35} \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(9x-4) + 93x^2 - 36x + 43}{4x^2 + 12x + 9}\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/960*(720*x^5 - 5616*x^4 + 12090*x^3 - 34788*x^2 + 80295*x - 259571)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 162673/768*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1) + 15925/256*sqrt(35)*log(-(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9))`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{3+2x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(5/2)/(3+2*x),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{3+2x} dx = -\frac{1}{12} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} x + \frac{13}{20} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} - \frac{371}{96} (3x^2+2)^{3/2} x + \frac{455}{48} (3x^2+2)^{3/2} - \frac{4837}{64} \sqrt{3x^2+2} x - \frac{162673}{384} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{6} x\right) + \frac{15925}{128} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|}\right) + \frac{15925}{64} \sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/12*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*x + 13/20*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2) - 371/96*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 455/48*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 4837/64*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 162673/384*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) + 15925/128*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) + 15925/64*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{3+2x} dx = -\frac{1}{960} (3(2((24(5x-39)x+2015)x-5798)x+26765)x-259571)\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{162673}{384} \sqrt{3} \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}) + \frac{15925}{128} \sqrt{35} \log\left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/960*(3*(2*((24*(5*x - 39)*x + 2015)*x - 5798)*x + 26765)*x - 259571)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 162673/384*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) + 15925/128*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{3+2x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{35} \left(1114750 \ln \left(x + \frac{3}{2} \right) - 1114750 \ln \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} - \frac{4}{9}}{9} \right) \right)}{8960} - \frac{162673 \sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2} \right)}{384} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{9x^5}{4} - \frac{351x^4}{20} + \frac{1209x^3}{32} - \frac{8697x^2}{80} + \frac{16059x}{64} - \frac{259571}{320} \right)}{3}$$

input

```
int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3),x)
```

output

```
(35^(1/2)*(1114750*log(x + 3/2) - 1114750*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9)))/8960 - (162673*3^(1/2)*asinh((2^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*x)/2))/384 - (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*((16059*x)/64 - (8697*x^2)/80 + (1209*x^3)/32 - (351*x^4)/20 + (9*x^5)/4 - 259571/320))/3
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{3+2x} dx = \frac{15925\sqrt{35} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{3x^2+2}i+2\sqrt{3}ix}{\sqrt{35}-3\sqrt{3}} \right) i}{128} - \frac{3\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^5}{4} + \frac{117\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4}{20} - \frac{403\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3}{32} + \frac{2899\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2}{80} - \frac{5353\sqrt{3x^2+2}x}{64} + \frac{259571\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{960} + \frac{15925\sqrt{35} \log(4\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{3}x + 3\sqrt{105} + 12x^2 - 27)}{256} - \frac{15925\sqrt{35} \log \left(\frac{2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \sqrt{35} + 2\sqrt{3}x + 3\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}} \right)}{128} - \frac{162673\sqrt{3} \log \left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)}{384}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x),x)`

output `(477750*sqrt(35)*atan((2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*i + 2*sqrt(3)*i*x)/(sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3)))*i - 2880*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 + 22464*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 - 48360*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 139152*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 - 321180*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 1038284*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 238875*sqrt(35)*log(4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(3)*x + 3*sqrt(105) + 12*x**2 - 27) - 477750*sqrt(35)*log((2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(35) + 2*sqrt(3)*x + 3*sqrt(3))/sqrt(2)) - 1626730*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/3840`

3.226
$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1892
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1893
Rubi [A] (verified)	1893
Maple [A] (verified)	1897
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1897
Sympy [F(-1)]	1898
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1898
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1899
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1900
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1900

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{7}{16}(775-243x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} - \frac{1}{24}(310-153x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2} - \frac{(34+x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{10(3+2x)}$$

$$+ \frac{18543}{32}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right) + \frac{5425}{32}\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)$$

output

```
-7/16*(775-243*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-1/24*(310-153*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)-(34+x)*
(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(30+20*x)+18543/32*arcsinh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*3^(1/2)+5425/32*
35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx = \frac{1}{480} \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{2+3x^2}(265989 + 89521x - 19458x^2 + 5118x^3 - 1836x^4 + 216x^5)}{3+2x} \right. \\ \left. - 162750\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3}x - 2\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right) \right. \\ \left. - 278145\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2+3x^2}\right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
((-2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(265989 + 89521*x - 19458*x^2 + 5118*x^3 - 1836*x^4 + 216*x^5))/(3 + 2*x) - 162750*Sqrt[35]*ArcTanh[(3*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sqrt[3]*x - 2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/Sqrt[35]] - 278145*Sqrt[3]*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/480
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$, Rules used = {681, 27, 682, 27, 682, 27, 719, 222, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{(2x+3)^2} dx \\ \downarrow 681 \\ -\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{8(1-51x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{2x+3} dx - \frac{(x+34)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{10(2x+3)} \\ \downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \frac{(1 - 51x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{2x + 3} dx - \frac{(x + 34)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{10(2x + 3)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 682 \\
& - \frac{1}{48} \int \frac{84(23 - 243x)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{2x + 3} dx - \frac{(x + 34)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{10(2x + 3)} - \frac{1}{24}(310 - 153x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& - \frac{7}{4} \int \frac{(23 - 243x)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{2x + 3} dx - \frac{(x + 34)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{10(2x + 3)} - \frac{1}{24}(310 - 153x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 682 \\
& - \frac{7}{4} \left(\frac{1}{24} \int \frac{6(1642 - 7947x)}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(775 - 243x) \right) - \frac{(x + 34)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{10(2x + 3)} - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{24}(310 - 153x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& - \frac{7}{4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1642 - 7947x}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(775 - 243x) \right) - \frac{(x + 34)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{10(2x + 3)} - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{24}(310 - 153x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 719 \\
& - \frac{7}{4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{27125}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx - \frac{7947}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(775 - 243x) \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(x + 34)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{10(2x + 3)} - \frac{1}{24}(310 - 153x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 222 \\
& - \frac{7}{4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{27125}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx - \frac{2649}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} x \right) \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(775 - 243x) \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(x + 34)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{10(2x + 3)} - \frac{1}{24}(310 - 153x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 488
\end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{7}{4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{27125}{2} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d \frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{2649}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} x \right) \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2+2} (775 - 243x) \right) - \frac{(x+34)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{10(2x+3)} - \frac{1}{24} (310 - 153x) (3x^2+2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 219

$$-\frac{7}{4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{2649}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} x \right) - \frac{775}{2} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35} \sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2+2} (775 - 243x) \right) - \frac{(x+34)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{10(2x+3)} - \frac{1}{24} (310 - 153x) (3x^2+2)^{3/2}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^2,x]`

output `-1/24*((310 - 153*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((34 + x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(10*(3 + 2*x)) - (7*((775 - 243*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/4 + ((-2649*Sqrt[3]*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x])/2 - (775*Sqrt[35]*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])]))/2)/4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 488 `Int[1/((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := -Subst[
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 681 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1)
+ e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/
(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Sim
p[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] ||
EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2
*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 682 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p
+ 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p
+ 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)
^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*
d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !
RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (Intege
rQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 719 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
risch	$-\frac{648x^7-5508x^6+15786x^5-62046x^4+278799x^3+759051x^2+179042x+531978}{240(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{18543 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{32} + \frac{5425\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{35}(4-9x)}{12(x+\frac{3}{2})^2-36x-19}\right)}{32}$
trager	$-\frac{(216x^5-1836x^4+5118x^3-19458x^2+89521x+265989)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{240(2x+3)} - \frac{21 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-2339067) \ln(-\operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-2339067))}{32}$
default	$-\frac{13\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{70\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} - \frac{31\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{35} + \frac{51x\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8} + \frac{1701x\sqrt{3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}}}{16} + \frac{18543\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{32} + \frac{5425\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{35}(4-9x)}{12(x+\frac{3}{2})^2-36x-19}\right)}{32}$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(2*x+3)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/240*(648*x^7-5508*x^6+15786*x^5-62046*x^4+278799*x^3+759051*x^2+179042*x+531978)/(2*x+3)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+18543/32*\operatorname{arcsinh}(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)+5425/32*35^(1/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx = \frac{278145\sqrt{3}(2x+3)\log(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x-3x^2-1)+81375\sqrt{35}(2x+3)\log(\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(9x-4)-93x^2+36x-43)/(4x^2+12x+9)-4(216x^5-1836x^4+5118x^3-19458x^2+89521x+265989)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(3+2x)^2}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$1/960*(278145*\sqrt{3}*(2*x+3)*\log(-\sqrt{3}*\sqrt{3*x^2+2}*x-3*x^2-1)+81375*\sqrt{35}*(2*x+3)*\log((\sqrt{35}*\sqrt{3*x^2+2}*(9*x-4)-93*x^2+36*x-43)/(4*x^2+12*x+9))-4*(216*x^5-1836*x^4+5118*x^3-19458*x^2+89521*x+265989)*\sqrt{3*x^2+2})/(2*x+3)$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(5/2)/(3+2*x)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx = & -\frac{1}{20} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} + \frac{51}{8} (3x^2+2)^{3/2} x - \frac{155}{12} (3x^2+2)^{3/2} \\ & - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{4(2x+3)} + \frac{1701}{16} \sqrt{3x^2+2} x + \frac{18543}{32} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{6} x\right) \\ & - \frac{5425}{32} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|}\right) - \frac{5425}{16} \sqrt{3x^2+2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/20*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2) + 51/8*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x - 155/12*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 13/4*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(2*x + 3) + 1701/16*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 18543/32*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) - 5425/32*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) - 5425/16*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 665 vs. $2(91) = 182$.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 665, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.68

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
5425/32*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(35)*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) +
sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3)) - 9)*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) - 18543/32*sqrt(3)*log(1/2*abs(-
2*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + 2*sqrt(35)/(2*x +
3)))/(sqrt(3) + sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x +
3)))*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) - 15925/128*sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3
)*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) + 9/320*(238455*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 +
3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))^9*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) - 149045*sqrt(35)*(sqrt(-18/(2
*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))^8*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) - 6
97600*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))^7*sg
n(1/(2*x + 3)) + 719040*sqrt(35)*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3)
+ sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))^6*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) + 4150566*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) +
35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))^5*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) - 2707250*sq
rt(35)*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))^4*sg
n(1/(2*x + 3)) - 6756120*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(
35)/(2*x + 3))^3*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) + 4557000*sqrt(35)*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) +
35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))^2*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) + 3563595*(s
qrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))*sgn(1/(2*x +
3)) - 2833425*sqrt(35)*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)))/((sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x +
3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))^2 - 3)^5
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx = \frac{18543\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)}{32} - \frac{275027\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{960}$$

$$- \frac{5425\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)}{32} + \frac{5425\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{9} - \frac{4}{9}\right)}{32}$$

$$- \frac{1393\sqrt{3}x^2\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{80} + \frac{9\sqrt{3}x^3\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{2} - \frac{9\sqrt{3}x^4\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{20}$$

$$- \frac{15925\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{128\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} + \frac{2133\sqrt{3}x\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{32}$$

input `int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3)^2,x)`output
$$\frac{(18543*3^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{asinh}((2^{(1/2)}*3^{(1/2)}*x)/2))/32 - (275027*3^{(1/2)}*(x^2 + 2/3)^{(1/2)})/960 - (5425*35^{(1/2)}*\log(x + 3/2))/32 + (5425*35^{(1/2)}*\log(x - (3^{(1/2)}*35^{(1/2)}*(x^2 + 2/3)^{(1/2)})/9 - 4/9))/32 - (1393*3^{(1/2)}*x^2*(x^2 + 2/3)^{(1/2)})/80 + (9*3^{(1/2)}*x^3*(x^2 + 2/3)^{(1/2)})/2 - (9*3^{(1/2)}*x^4*(x^2 + 2/3)^{(1/2)})/20 - (15925*3^{(1/2)}*(x^2 + 2/3)^{(1/2)})/(128*(x + 3/2)) + (2133*3^{(1/2)}*x*(x^2 + 2/3)^{(1/2)})/32$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^2} dx = \frac{-864\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^5 + 7344\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4 - 20472\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 + 77832\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 - 15925\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + 15925\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(3+2x)^2}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 864*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 + 7344*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 - 20472*sqrt(3*
x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 77832*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 - 358084*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x -
 1063956*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 325500*sqrt(35)*log( - sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(3
5) + 9*x - 4)*x + 488250*sqrt(35)*log( - sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x -
 4) - 325500*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 488250*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3) - 5562
90*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x - 834435*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3
*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x) + 556290*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x
*x + 834435*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x))/(960*(2*x + 3))
```

$$3.227 \quad \int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1902
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1903
Rubi [A] (verified)	1903
Maple [A] (verified)	1907
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1907
Sympy [F(-1)]	1908
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1908
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1909
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1910
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1910

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 119

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx &= \frac{15}{64}(859-267x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} \\ &+ \frac{1}{224}(1718-807x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{(151+131x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{28(3+2x)^2} \\ &- \frac{43995}{128}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right) - \frac{12885}{128}\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right) \end{aligned}$$

output

```
15/64*(859-267*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+1/224*(1718-807*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+1/28*
(151+131*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^2-43995/128*arcsinh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*3^(
1/2)-12885/128*35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx = \frac{1}{128} \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{2+3x^2}(-126181 - 127403x - 19268x^2 + 2826x^3 - 696x^4 + 72x^5)}{(3+2x)^2} \right. \\ \left. + 25770\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3}x - 2\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right) + 43995\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2+3x^2}\right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
((-2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(-126181 - 127403*x - 19268*x^2 + 2826*x^3 - 696*x^4 + 72*x^5))/(3 + 2*x)^2 + 25770*Sqrt[35]*ArcTanh[(3*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sqrt[3]*x - 2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/Sqrt[35]] + 43995*Sqrt[3]*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/128
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$, Rules used = {681, 27, 681, 27, 682, 27, 719, 222, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{(2x+3)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{681}$$

$$-\frac{5}{64} \int \frac{4(4-87x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^2} dx - \frac{(2x+29)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{16(2x+3)^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$-\frac{5}{16} \int \frac{(4-87x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^2} dx - \frac{(2x+29)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{16(2x+3)^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 681 \\
& -\frac{5}{16} \left(-\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{24(29 - 267x)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{2x + 3} dx - \frac{(29x + 178)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{2(2x + 3)} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(2x + 29)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{16(2x + 3)^2} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& -\frac{5}{16} \left(-3 \int \frac{(29 - 267x)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{2x + 3} dx - \frac{(29x + 178)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{2(2x + 3)} \right) - \frac{(2x + 29)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{16(2x + 3)^2} \\
& \downarrow 682 \\
& -\frac{5}{16} \left(-3 \left(\frac{1}{24} \int \frac{42(262 - 1257x)}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(859 - 267x) \right) - \frac{(29x + 178)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{2(2x + 3)} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(2x + 29)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{16(2x + 3)^2} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& -\frac{5}{16} \left(-3 \left(\frac{7}{4} \int \frac{262 - 1257x}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(859 - 267x) \right) - \frac{(29x + 178)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{2(2x + 3)} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(2x + 29)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{16(2x + 3)^2} \\
& \downarrow 719 \\
& -\frac{5}{16} \left(-3 \left(\frac{7}{4} \left(\frac{4295}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx - \frac{1257}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(859 - 267x) \right) - \frac{(29x + 178)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{2(2x + 3)} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(2x + 29)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{16(2x + 3)^2} \\
& \downarrow 222 \\
& -\frac{5}{16} \left(-3 \left(\frac{7}{4} \left(\frac{4295}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx - \frac{419}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} x \right) \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(859 - 267x) \right) - \frac{(29x + 178)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{2(2x + 3)} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(2x + 29)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{16(2x + 3)^2} \\
& \downarrow 488
\end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{5}{16} \left(-3 \left(\frac{7}{4} \left(-\frac{4295}{2} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d \frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{419}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} x \right) \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2+2} (859 - 267x) \right) - \frac{(2x+29)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{16(2x+3)^2} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$-\frac{5}{16} \left(-3 \left(\frac{7}{4} \left(-\frac{419}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} x \right) - \frac{859}{2} \sqrt{\frac{5}{7}} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3x^2+2} (859 - 267x) \right) - \frac{(2x+29)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{16(2x+3)^2} \right)$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^3, x]`

output `-1/16*((29 + 2*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^2 - (5*(-1/2*((178 + 29*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x) - 3*((859 - 267*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/4 + (7*(-419*Sqrt[3]*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x])/2 - (859*Sqrt[5/7]*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])]))/2)/4)/16`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 488 `Int[1/((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := -Subst[
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 681 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1)
+ e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/
(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Sim
p[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] ||
EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2
*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 682 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p
+ 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p
+ 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)
^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*
d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !
RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (Intege
rQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 719 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
risch	$-\frac{216x^7-2088x^6+8622x^5-59196x^4-376557x^3-417079x^2-254806x-252362}{64(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{43995 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{128} - \frac{12885\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{2(3x-4)\sqrt{35}}{12x^2-36x-19}\right)}{128}$
trager	$-\frac{(72x^5-696x^4+2826x^3-19268x^2-127403x-126181)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{64(2x+3)^2} + \frac{43995 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-3) \ln(-\operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-3)\sqrt{3x^2+2})}{128}$
default	$-\frac{13\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{280\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2} + \frac{421\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{4900\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} + \frac{2577\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{4900} - \frac{807x\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{224} - \frac{43995\sqrt{3}\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{128}$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(2*x+3)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/64*(216*x^7-2088*x^6+8622*x^5-59196*x^4-376557*x^3-417079*x^2-254806*x-252362)/(2*x+3)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-43995/128*\operatorname{arcsinh}(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)-12885/128*35^(1/2)*\operatorname{arctan}(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx = \frac{43995\sqrt{3}(4x^2+12x+9)\log(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2x-3x^2-1}) + 12885\sqrt{35}(4x^2+12x+9)\log(-\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2x-3x^2-1})}{(4x^2+12x+9)^2} + \frac{43995\sqrt{3}(4x^2+12x+9)}{(4x^2+12x+9)^2} + \frac{12885\sqrt{35}(4x^2+12x+9)}{(4x^2+12x+9)^2} - \frac{4(72x^5-696x^4+2826x^3-19268x^2-127403x-126181)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(4x^2+12x+9)^2}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$1/256*(43995*\sqrt{3}*(4*x^2+12*x+9)*\log(\sqrt{3}*\sqrt{3*x^2+2})*x-3*x^2-1)+12885*\sqrt{35}*(4*x^2+12*x+9)*\log(-(\sqrt{35}*\sqrt{3*x^2+2}))*x-3*x^2-1)+93*x^2-36*x+43)/(4*x^2+12*x+9)-4*(72*x^5-696*x^4+2826*x^3-19268*x^2-127403*x-126181)*\sqrt{3*x^2+2})/(4*x^2+12*x+9)$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(5/2)/(3+2*x)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx &= \frac{39}{280} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{70(4x^2+12x+9)} \\ &- \frac{807}{224} (3x^2+2)^{3/2}x + \frac{859}{112} (3x^2+2)^{3/2} + \frac{421(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{280(2x+3)} \\ &- \frac{4005}{64} \sqrt{3x^2+2}x - \frac{43995}{128} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}x\right) \\ &+ \frac{12885}{128} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|}\right) + \frac{12885}{64} \sqrt{3x^2+2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `39/280*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2) - 13/70*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9) - 807/224*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 859/112*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) + 421/280*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(2*x + 3) - 4005/64*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 43995/128*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) + 12885/128*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) + 12885/64*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 230 vs. $2(93) = 186$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{32} (3((3x-38)x+225)x-4177)\sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

$$+ \frac{43995}{128} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}\right)$$

$$+ \frac{12885}{128} \sqrt{35} \log\left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)$$

$$+ \frac{35\left(11472(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^3 + 25829\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 - 57912\sqrt{3}x + 8984\sqrt{3} + 57912\sqrt{3x^2+2}\right)}{256\left((\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 + 3\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) - 2\right)^2}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/32*(3*((3*x - 38)*x + 225)*x - 4177)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 43995/128*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) + 12885/128*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))) + 35/256*(11472*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^3 + 25829*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 - 57912*sqrt(3)*x + 8984*sqrt(3) + 57912*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/((sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 3*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 2)^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx = \frac{12885\sqrt{35}\ln\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)}{128} + \frac{4177\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{32}$$

$$- \frac{43995\sqrt{3}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)}{128} - \frac{12885\sqrt{35}\ln\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{9}-\frac{4}{9}\right)}{128}$$

$$+ \frac{57\sqrt{3}x^2\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{16} - \frac{9\sqrt{3}x^3\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{32} + \frac{39305\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{256\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{15925\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{512\left(x^2+3x+\frac{9}{4}\right)} - \frac{675\sqrt{3}x\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{32}$$

input `int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3)^3,x)`output `(12885*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/128 + (4177*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/32 - (43995*3^(1/2)*asinh((2^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*x)/2))/128 - (12885*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/128 + (57*3^(1/2)*x^2*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/16 - (9*3^(1/2)*x^3*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/32 + (39305*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(256*(x + 3/2)) - (15925*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(512*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4)) - (675*3^(1/2)*x*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/32`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^3} dx = \frac{-288\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^5 + 2784\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4 - 11304\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 + 77072\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 - 11304\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + 2784\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(3+2x)^3}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 288*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 + 2784*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 - 11304*sqrt(3*  
x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 77072*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 509612*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x +  
504724*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 103080*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) +  
9*x - 4)*x**2 + 309240*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*  
x + 231930*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 103080*sqrt  
(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 309240*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 231930*sqrt(35)*  
log(2*x + 3) + 175980*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x**2 + 527  
940*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x + 395955*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(  
3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x) - 175980*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x  
) *x**2 - 527940*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x - 395955*sqrt(  
3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x))/(256*(4*x**2 + 12*x + 9))
```


$$3.228 \quad \int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1912
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1913
Rubi [A] (verified)	1913
Maple [A] (verified)	1916
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1917
Sympy [F(-1)]	1917
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1918
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1918
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1919
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1920

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx =$$

$$-\frac{3}{56}(1219-381x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} - \frac{(127+19x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{14(3+2x)} + \frac{(58+69x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{42(3+2x)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{1785}{16}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right) + \frac{3657}{16}\sqrt{\frac{5}{7}}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)$$

output

```
-3/56*(1219-381*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-(127+19*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(42+28*x)+1/
42*(58+69*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^3+1785/16*arcsinh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*3^(1
/2)+3657/112*35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2+3x^2}(46103 + 77061x + 37974x^2 + 3408x^3 - 432x^4 + 36x^5)}{24(3+2x)^3}$$

$$- \frac{3657}{8} \sqrt{\frac{5}{7}} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(3\sqrt{\frac{3}{35}} + 2\sqrt{\frac{3}{35}}x - \frac{2\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1785}{16} \sqrt{3} \log \left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2+3x^2} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/24*(Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(46103 + 77061*x + 37974*x^2 + 3408*x^3 - 432*x^4 +
36*x^5))/(3 + 2*x)^3 - (3657*Sqrt[5/7]*ArcTanh[3*Sqrt[3/35] + 2*Sqrt[3/35
]*x - (2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/Sqrt[35]])/8 - (1785*Sqrt[3]*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) +
Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/16
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$, Rules used = {681, 27, 681, 27, 681, 27, 719, 222, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{(2x+3)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 681$$

$$-\frac{5}{72} \int \frac{24(1-12x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^3} dx - \frac{(x+8)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{6(2x+3)^3}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{5}{3} \int \frac{(1-12x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^3} dx - \frac{(x+8)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{6(2x+3)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 681 \\
& -\frac{5}{3} \left(-\frac{3}{32} \int \frac{24(8-37x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^2} dx - \frac{(12x+37)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{4(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{(x+8)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{6(2x+3)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& -\frac{5}{3} \left(-\frac{9}{4} \int \frac{(8-37x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^2} dx - \frac{(12x+37)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{4(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{(x+8)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{6(2x+3)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 681 \\
& -\frac{5}{3} \left(-\frac{9}{4} \left(-\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{4(74-357x)}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(37x+119)}{2(2x+3)} \right) - \frac{(12x+37)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{4(2x+3)^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(x+8)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{6(2x+3)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& -\frac{5}{3} \left(-\frac{9}{4} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{74-357x}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(37x+119)}{2(2x+3)} \right) - \frac{(12x+37)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{4(2x+3)^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(x+8)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{6(2x+3)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 719 \\
& -\frac{5}{3} \left(-\frac{9}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{357}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{1219}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \right) - \frac{(37x+119)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2(2x+3)} \right) - \frac{(12x+37)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{4(2x+3)^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(x+8)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{6(2x+3)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 222 \\
& -\frac{5}{3} \left(-\frac{9}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{119}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} x \right) - \frac{1219}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \right) - \frac{(37x+119)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2(2x+3)} \right) - \frac{(12x+37)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{4(2x+3)^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(x+8)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{6(2x+3)^3}
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 488

$$-\frac{5}{3} \left(-\frac{9}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1219}{2} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} dx \frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{119}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} x \right) \right) - \frac{(37x+119)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2(2x+3)} \right) - \frac{(12x+37)}{4(2x+3)} \right) - \frac{(x+8)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{6(2x+3)^3}$$

↓ 219

$$-\frac{5}{3} \left(-\frac{9}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{119}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} x \right) + \frac{1219 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right)}{2\sqrt{35}} \right) - \frac{(37x+119)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2(2x+3)} \right) - \frac{(12x+37)}{4(2x+3)} \right) - \frac{(x+8)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{6(2x+3)^3}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^4,x]`

output `-1/6*((8 + x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^3 - (5*(-1/4*((37 + 12*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x)^2 - (9*(-1/2*((119 + 37*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(3 + 2*x) + ((119*Sqrt[3]*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x])/2 + (1219*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])])/(2*Sqrt[35]))/2)/4))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 488 `Int[1/((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := -Subst[
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 681 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1)
+ e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/
(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Sim
p[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] ||
EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !LtQ[m + 2
*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 719 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
risch	$-\frac{108x^7 - 1296x^6 + 10296x^5 + 113058x^4 + 237999x^3 + 214257x^2 + 154122x + 92206}{24(2x+3)^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{1785 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{16} + \frac{3657\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{16}$
trager	$-\frac{(36x^5 - 432x^4 + 3408x^3 + 37974x^2 + 77061x + 46103)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{24(2x+3)^3} - \frac{1785 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-3) \ln\left(-\operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}+3x\right)}{16}$
default	$-\frac{13\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{840\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^3} + \frac{37\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{4900\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2} - \frac{2819\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{85750\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} - \frac{7314\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{42875} + \frac{5913\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{42875}$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(2*x+3)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/24*(108*x^7-1296*x^6+10296*x^5+113058*x^4+237999*x^3+214257*x^2+154122*x+92206)/(2*x+3)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+1785/16*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)+3657/112*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx = \frac{5355\sqrt{3}(8x^3+36x^2+54x+27)\log(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2x-3x^2-1})+10971}{(3+2x)^4}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/96*(5355*sqrt(3)*(8*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 54*x + 27)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1) + 10971*sqrt(5/7)*(8*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 54*x + 27)*log((7*sqrt(5/7)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) - 93*x^2 + 36*x - 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)) - 4*(36*x^5 - 432*x^4 + 3408*x^3 + 37974*x^2 + 77061*x + 46103)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(8*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 54*x + 27)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(5/2)/(3+2*x)**4,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx = -\frac{111}{4900} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{105(8x^3+36x^2+54x+27)} + \frac{37(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{1225(4x^2+12x+9)} + \frac{591}{490} (3x^2+2)^{3/2}x - \frac{1219}{490} (3x^2+2)^{3/2} - \frac{2819(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{4900(2x+3)} + \frac{1143}{56} \sqrt{3x^2+2}x + \frac{1785}{16} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}x\right) - \frac{3657}{112} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|}\right) - \frac{3657}{56} \sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-111/4900*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2) - 13/105*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(8*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 54*x + 27) + 37/1225*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9) + 591/490*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x - 1219/490*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 2819/4900*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(2*x + 3) + 1143/56*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 1785/16*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) - 3657/112*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) - 3657/56*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 275 vs. 2(100) = 200.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx = -\frac{1}{32} (3(2x-33)x+973)\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{1785}{16} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}\right) - \frac{3657}{112} \sqrt{35} \log\left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{3}\left(40667\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^5 + 589140(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^4 + 467730\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^3 - 128\left((\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 + 3\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})\right) + 3\sqrt{3}\right)}{128\left((\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 + 3\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})\right) + 3\sqrt{3}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/32*(3*(2*x - 33)*x + 973)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 1785/16*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 3657/112*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35)) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 1/128*sqrt(3)*(40667*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^5 + 589140*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^4 + 467730*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^3 - 1939920*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 585700*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 166304)/((sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 3*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 2)^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx = \frac{1785\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)}{16} - \frac{973\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{32}$$

$$- \frac{3657\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}{112} + \frac{3657\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{9} - \frac{4}{9}\right)}{112}$$

$$- \frac{3\sqrt{3}x^2\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{16} - \frac{5197\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{64\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)} + \frac{9485\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{256\left(x^2+3x+\frac{9}{4}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{99\sqrt{3}x\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{32} - \frac{15925\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{1536\left(x^3+\frac{9x^2}{2}+\frac{27x}{4}+\frac{27}{8}\right)}$$

input `int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3)^4,x)`

output `(1785*3^(1/2)*asinh((2^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*x)/2))/16 - (973*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/32 - (3657*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/112 + (3657*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/112 - (3*3^(1/2)*x^2*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/16 - (5197*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(64*(x + 3/2)) + (9485*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(256*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4)) + (99*3^(1/2)*x*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/32 - (15925*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(1536*((27*x)/4 + (9*x^2)/2 + x^3 + 27/8))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 396, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^4} dx = \frac{-1008\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^5 + 12096\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4 - 95424\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 - 1063272\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 + 12096\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 1063272}{(3+2x)^4}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^4,x)`

output

```
( - 1008*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 + 12096*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 - 95424*sqrt(
3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 - 1063272*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 - 2157708*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)
)*x - 1290884*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 175536*sqrt(35)*log( - sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*s
qrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**3 + 789912*sqrt(35)*log( - sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35)
+ 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 1184868*sqrt(35)*log( - sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x
- 4)*x + 592434*sqrt(35)*log( - sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 17
5536*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**3 - 789912*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 1184
868*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 592434*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3) - 299880*sqrt(3
)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x**3 - 1349460*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2
+ 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x**2 - 2024190*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x
)*x - 1012095*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x) + 299880*sqrt(3)*l
og(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x**3 + 1349460*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 +
2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x**2 + 2024190*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x
+ 1012095*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x))/(672*(8*x**3 + 36*x*
*2 + 54*x + 27))
```

$$3.229 \quad \int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx$$

Optimal result	1921
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1922
Rubi [A] (verified)	1922
Maple [A] (verified)	1926
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1926
Sympy [F(-1)]	1927
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1927
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1928
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1929
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1930

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx = \frac{9(20931-6499x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{15680} + \frac{(36126+32449x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{7840(3+2x)^2} + \frac{(81+145x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{168(3+2x)^4} - \frac{2625}{128}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right) - \frac{188379\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{896\sqrt{35}}$$

output

```
9/15680*(20931-6499*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+1/7840*(36126+32449*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^2+1/168*(81+145*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^4-2625/128*arcsinh(1/2*x*sqrt(3))/(3+2*x)^2-188379/31360*sqrt(3)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*sqrt(35)/sqrt(2+3*x^2))/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx = -\frac{70\sqrt{2+3x^2}(-1421955-3335009x-2762820x^2-898734x^3-57456x^4+3024x^5)}{(3+2x)^4} + 1130274\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x-2\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right) + 1929375\sqrt{3}\operatorname{Log}\left[-\frac{\sqrt{3}x+\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right] + C$$

94080

input `Integrate[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^5,x]`

output `((-70*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(-1421955 - 3335009*x - 2762820*x^2 - 898734*x^3 - 57456*x^4 + 3024*x^5))/(3 + 2*x)^4 + 1130274*sqrt[35]*ArcTanh[(3*sqrt[3] + 2*sqrt[3]*x - 2*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/sqrt[35]] + 1929375*sqrt[3]*Log[-(sqrt[3]*x + sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/sqrt[35]])/94080`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$, Rules used = {681, 27, 680, 27, 681, 27, 719, 222, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{(2x+3)^5} dx$$

↓ 681

$$-\frac{5}{64} \int \frac{4(8-57x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^4} dx - \frac{(4x+19)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{16(2x+3)^4}$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{5}{16} \int \frac{(8-57x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^4} dx - \frac{(4x+19)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{16(2x+3)^4}$$

↓ 680

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{5}{16} \left(\frac{(5517x + 5003)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{210(2x + 3)^3} - \frac{1}{560} \int -\frac{24(374 - 1917x)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{(2x + 3)^2} dx \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(4x + 19)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{16(2x + 3)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& -\frac{5}{16} \left(\frac{3}{70} \int \frac{(374 - 1917x)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{(2x + 3)^2} dx + \frac{(5517x + 5003)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{210(2x + 3)^3} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(4x + 19)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{16(2x + 3)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 681 \\
& -\frac{5}{16} \left(\frac{3}{70} \left(-\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{12(1278 - 6125x)}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(1917x + 6125)}{2(2x + 3)} \right) + \frac{(5517x + 5003)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{210(2x + 3)^3} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(4x + 19)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{16(2x + 3)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& -\frac{5}{16} \left(\frac{3}{70} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1278 - 6125x}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(1917x + 6125)}{2(2x + 3)} \right) + \frac{(5517x + 5003)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{210(2x + 3)^3} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(4x + 19)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{16(2x + 3)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 719 \\
& -\frac{5}{16} \left(\frac{3}{70} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{20931}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx - \frac{6125}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(1917x + 6125)}{2(2x + 3)} \right) + \frac{(5517x + 5003)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{210(2x + 3)^3} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(4x + 19)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{16(2x + 3)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 222 \\
& -\frac{5}{16} \left(\frac{3}{70} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{20931}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx - \frac{6125 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(1917x + 6125)}{2(2x + 3)} \right) + \frac{(5517x + 5003)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{210(2x + 3)^3} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(4x + 19)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{16(2x + 3)^4}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 488 \\
 & -\frac{5}{16} \left(\frac{3}{70} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \left(-\frac{20931}{2} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{6125 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(1917x+6125)}{2(2x+3)} \right) + \frac{(4x+19)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{16(2x+3)^4} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & -\frac{5}{16} \left(\frac{3}{70} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \left(-\frac{6125 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{20931 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{35}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(1917x+6125)}{2(2x+3)} \right) + \frac{(4x+19)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{16(2x+3)^4} \right) + \frac{(5517x+6125)}{16(2x+3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^5,x]`

output `-1/16*((19 + 4*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^4 - (5*(((5003 + 5517*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(210*(3 + 2*x)^3) + (3*(-1/2*((6125 + 1917*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]))/(3 + 2*x) - (3*((-6125*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x])/(2*Sqrt[3]) - (20931*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])])/(2*Sqrt[35])))/2)/70))/16`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 488 `Int[1/((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := -Subst[
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 680 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m
+ 2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)))*((d*g - e*f*(m + 2))*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - 2*c*d^2*p*(e*
f - d*g) - e*(g*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + 2*c*d*p*(e*f - d*g))*x), x] - Sim
p[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + c*x^2
)^p - 1]*Simp[2*a*c*e*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2) - c*(2*c*d*(d*g*(2*p + 1) - e*f
(m + 2*p + 2)) - 2*a*e^2*g*(m + 1))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f,
g}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3
, 0]`

rule 681 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1)
+ e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/
(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Sim
p[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] ||
EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2
*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 719 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
risch	$-\frac{9072x^7 - 172368x^6 - 2690154x^5 - 8403372x^4 - 11802495x^3 - 9791505x^2 - 6670018x - 2843910}{1344(2x+3)^4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{2625 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{128}$
trager	$-\frac{(3024x^5 - 57456x^4 - 898734x^3 - 2762820x^2 - 3335009x - 1421955)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{1344(2x+3)^4} + \frac{188379 \operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2-35) \ln\left(\frac{9 \operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2-35)}{31360}\right)}{31360}$
default	$-\frac{13\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{2240\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^4} + \frac{23\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{117600\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^3} - \frac{1041\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{343000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2} + \frac{29717\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{6002500\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} + \dots$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(2*x+3)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/1344*(9072*x^7-172368*x^6-2690154*x^5-8403372*x^4-11802495*x^3-9791505*x^2-6670018*x-2843910)/(2*x+3)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-2625/128*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)-188379/31360*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx = \frac{1929375\sqrt{3}(16x^4+96x^3+216x^2+216x+81)\log(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x-3x^2-19)}{(3+2x)^5}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/188160*(1929375*sqrt(3)*(16*x^4 + 96*x^3 + 216*x^2 + 216*x + 81)*log(sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1) + 565137*sqrt(35)*(16*x^4 + 96*x^3 + 216*x^2 + 216*x + 81)*log(-(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)) - 140*(3024*x^5 - 57456*x^4 - 898734*x^3 - 2762820*x^2 - 3335009*x - 1421955)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(16*x^4 + 96*x^3 + 216*x^2 + 216*x + 81)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(5/2)/(3+2*x)**5,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 206 vs. 2(100) = 200.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx = & \frac{3123}{343000} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} \\ & - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{140(16x^4+96x^3+216x^2+216x+81)} + \frac{23(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{14700(8x^3+36x^2+54x+27)} \\ & - \frac{1041(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{85750(4x^2+12x+9)} - \frac{58629}{274400} (3x^2+2)^{3/2}x + \frac{62793}{137200} (3x^2+2)^{3/2} \\ & + \frac{29717(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{343000(2x+3)} - \frac{58491}{15680} \sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{2625}{128} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}x\right) \\ & + \frac{188379}{31360} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|}\right) + \frac{188379}{15680} \sqrt{3x^2+2} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output

```

3123/343000*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2) - 13/140*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(16*x^4 + 96*x^3
+ 216*x^2 + 216*x + 81) + 23/14700*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(8*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 54*
x + 27) - 1041/85750*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9) - 58629/274400*(
3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 62793/137200*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) + 29717/343000*(3*x^2
+ 2)^(5/2)/(2*x + 3) - 58491/15680*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 2625/128*sqrt(3)*ar
csinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) + 188379/31360*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x
+ 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) + 188379/15680*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 440 vs. $2(100) = 200$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 440, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.49

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx = \\
& -\frac{188379}{31360} \sqrt{35} \log \left(\sqrt{35} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right) - 9 \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right) \\
& + \frac{2625}{128} \sqrt{3} \log \left(\frac{\left| -2\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{2\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right|}{2 \left(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right)} \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right) \\
& - \frac{1}{10752} \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{35 \left(\frac{1365 \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right) - 2129 \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)}{2x+3} \right) + 57681 \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)}{2x+3} \right) - 242979 \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)}{2x+3} \right) \sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} \\
& - \frac{9 \left(256 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right)^3 \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right) - 93 \sqrt{35} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right)^2 \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right) \right)}{64 \left(\left(\sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right)^2 \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right) \right)}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```

integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^5,x, algorithm="giac")

```

output

```
-188379/31360*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(35)*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3)) - 9)*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) + 2625/128*sqrt(3)*log(1/2*abs(-2*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + 2*sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3)))/(sqrt(3) + sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) - 1/10752*(7*(35*(1365*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)))/(2*x + 3) - 2129*sgn(1/(2*x + 3))))/(2*x + 3) + 57681*sgn(1/(2*x + 3))/(2*x + 3) - 242979*sgn(1/(2*x + 3))*sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) - 9/64*(256*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))^3*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) - 93*sqrt(35)*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))^2*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) - 582*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) + 225*sqrt(35)*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)))/((sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3))^2 - 3)^2
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx = \frac{188379 \sqrt{35} \ln\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}{31360} + \frac{225 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{64}$$

$$- \frac{2625 \sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)}{128} - \frac{188379 \sqrt{35} \ln\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{9} - \frac{4}{9}\right)}{31360}$$

$$- \frac{15925 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{4096 \left(x^4 + 6x^3 + \frac{27x^2}{2} + \frac{27x}{2} + \frac{81}{16}\right)} + \frac{80993 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{3584 \left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{19227 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{1024 \left(x^2 + 3x + \frac{9}{4}\right)} - \frac{9 \sqrt{3} x \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{64} + \frac{74515 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{6144 \left(x^3 + \frac{9x^2}{2} + \frac{27x}{4} + \frac{27}{8}\right)}$$

input

```
int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3)^5,x)
```

output

```
(188379*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/31360 + (225*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/64
- (2625*3^(1/2)*asinh((2^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*x)/2))/128 - (188379*35^(1/2)*log(x
- (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/31360 - (15925*3^(1/2)*(
x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(4096*((27*x)/2 + (27*x^2)/2 + 6*x^3 + x^4 + 81/16)) + (
80993*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(3584*(x + 3/2)) - (19227*3^(1/2)*(x^2 +
2/3)^(1/2))/(1024*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4)) - (9*3^(1/2)*x*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/64
+ (74515*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(6144*((27*x)/4 + (9*x^2)/2 + x^3 + 27
/8))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 477, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.79

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^5} dx = \frac{199073700\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 30870000\sqrt{3}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \sqrt{3}x)x^4 - 30870000\sqrt{3}}$$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^5,x)
```

output

```
( - 423360*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 + 8043840*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 1258227
60*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 386794800*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 466901260*sq
rt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 199073700*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 18084384*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(
3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**4 + 108506304*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2
+ 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**3 + 244139184*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sq
rt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 244139184*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35)
+ 9*x - 4)*x + 91552194*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)
- 18084384*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**4 - 108506304*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x
**3 - 244139184*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 244139184*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3
)*x - 91552194*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3) + 30870000*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 +
2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x**4 + 185220000*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)
*x**3 + 416745000*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x**2 + 4167450
00*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x + 156279375*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(
3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x) - 30870000*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(
3)*x)*x**4 - 185220000*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x**3 - 41
6745000*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x**2 - 416745000*sqrt(3)
*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x - 156279375*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 +
2) + sqrt(3)*x))/(188160*(16*x**4 + 96*x**3 + 216*x**2 + 216*x + 81))
```

3.230
$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx$$

Optimal result	1931
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1932
Rubi [A] (verified)	1932
Maple [A] (verified)	1936
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1936
Sympy [F(-1)]	1937
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1937
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1939
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1940
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1941

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx = -\frac{9(8575+2643x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{19600(3+2x)} + \frac{(6637+8193x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{9800(3+2x)^3} + \frac{(23+76x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{140(3+2x)^5} + \frac{63}{32}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right) + \frac{789723\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{39200\sqrt{35}}$$

output

```
-9*(8575+2643*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(58800+39200*x)+1/9800*(6637+8193*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^3+1/140*(23+76*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^5+63/32*arcsinh(1/2*x*sqrt(3)/(sqrt(2+3*x^2)))^(1/2)+789723/1372000*sqrt(35)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*sqrt(35)/(sqrt(2+3*x^2)))^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2+3x^2}(5999363 + 17940463x + 20911298x^2 + 11367738x^3 + 2740188x^4 + 88200x^5)}{19600(3+2x)^5} - \frac{789723 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x-2\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right)}{19600\sqrt{35}} - \frac{63}{32}\sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2+3x^2}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^6, x]
```

output

```
-1/19600*(Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(5999363 + 17940463*x + 20911298*x^2 + 11367738*x^3 + 2740188*x^4 + 88200*x^5))/(3 + 2*x)^5 - (789723*ArcTanh[(3*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sqrt[3]*x - 2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/Sqrt[35]])/(19600*Sqrt[35]) - (63*Sqrt[3]*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/32
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$, Rules used = {680, 27, 680, 27, 681, 27, 719, 222, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{(2x+3)^6} dx$$

↓ 680

$$\frac{(76x+23)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{140(2x+3)^5} - \int \frac{24(52-73x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^4} dx$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3}{140} \int \frac{(52 - 73x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{(2x + 3)^4} dx + \frac{(76x + 23)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{140(2x + 3)^5}$$

↓ 680

$$\frac{3}{140} \left(\frac{(8193x + 6637)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{210(2x + 3)^3} - \frac{1}{560} \int -\frac{24(646 - 2643x)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{(2x + 3)^2} dx \right) + \frac{(76x + 23)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{140(2x + 3)^5}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3}{140} \left(\frac{3}{70} \int \frac{(646 - 2643x)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{(2x + 3)^2} dx + \frac{(8193x + 6637)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{210(2x + 3)^3} \right) + \frac{(76x + 23)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{140(2x + 3)^5}$$

↓ 681

$$\frac{3}{140} \left(\frac{3}{70} \left(-\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{12(1762 - 8575x)}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(2643x + 8575)}{2(2x + 3)} \right) + \frac{(8193x + 6637)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{210(2x + 3)^3} \right) + \frac{(76x + 23)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{140(2x + 3)^5}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3}{140} \left(\frac{3}{70} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1762 - 8575x}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(2643x + 8575)}{2(2x + 3)} \right) + \frac{(8193x + 6637)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{210(2x + 3)^3} \right) + \frac{(76x + 23)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{140(2x + 3)^5}$$

↓ 719

$$\frac{3}{140} \left(\frac{3}{70} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{29249}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx - \frac{8575}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(2643x + 8575)}{2(2x + 3)} \right) + \frac{(8193x + 6637)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{210(2x + 3)^3} \right) + \frac{(76x + 23)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{140(2x + 3)^5}$$

↓ 222

$$\frac{3}{140} \left(\frac{3}{70} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{29249}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{8575 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(2643x+8575)}{2(2x+3)} \right) + \frac{(8193x^2+2643x+8575)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{140(2x+3)^5} \right)$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{3}{140} \left(\frac{3}{70} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \left(-\frac{29249}{2} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{8575 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(2643x+8575)}{2(2x+3)} \right) + \frac{(76x+23)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{140(2x+3)^5} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{3}{140} \left(\frac{3}{70} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \left(-\frac{8575 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{29249 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{35}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(2643x+8575)}{2(2x+3)} \right) + \frac{(76x+23)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{140(2x+3)^5} \right)$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^6,x]`

output `((23 + 76*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(140*(3 + 2*x)^5) + (3*((6637 + 8193*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(210*(3 + 2*x)^3) + (3*(-1/2*((8575 + 2643*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]))/(3 + 2*x) - (3*((-8575*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x])/(2*Sqrt[3]) - (29249*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[35])))/2))/70))/140`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 222 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[b, 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$
- rule 488 $\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_*)(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$
- rule 680 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_.) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^{2*(m+1)*(m+2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)}))*((d*g - e*f*(m+2))*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - 2*c*d^2*p*(e*f - d*g) - e*(g*(m+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + 2*c*d*p*(e*f - d*g))*x), x] - \text{Simp}[p/(e^{2*(m+1)*(m+2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)} \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+2)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p-1)}*\text{Simp}[2*a*c*e*(e*f - d*g)*(m+2) - c*(2*c*d*(d*g*(2*p+1) - e*f*(m+2*p+2)) - 2*a*e^2*g*(m+1))*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -2] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m + 2*p, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0]$
- rule 681 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_.) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(e*f*(m+2*p+2) - d*g*(2*p+1) + e*g*(m+1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^{2*(m+1)*(m+2*p+2)}), x] + \text{Simp}[p/(e^{2*(m+1)*(m+2*p+2)} \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p-1)}*\text{Simp}[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m+2*p+2))*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1] \ || \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !\text{RationalQ}[m])) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$

rule 719

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
risch	$-\frac{264600x^7+8220564x^6+34279614x^5+68214270x^4+76556865x^3+59820685x^2+35880926x+11998726}{19600(2x+3)^5\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{63 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{32}$
trager	$-\frac{(88200x^5+2740188x^4+11367738x^3+20911298x^2+17940463x+5999363)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{19600(2x+3)^5} - \frac{789723 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-35) \ln\left(\frac{9 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-35)}{\dots}\right)}{\dots}$
default	$-\frac{13\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{5600\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^5} - \frac{789723\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}{1372000} - \frac{789723\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{262609375} - \frac{263241\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)}{6002500}$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(2*x+3)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/19600*(264600*x^7+8220564*x^6+34279614*x^5+68214270*x^4+76556865*x^3+59
820685*x^2+35880926*x+11998726)/(2*x+3)^5/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+63/32*arcsinh(1/
2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)+789723/1372000*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)
/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx = \frac{2701125\sqrt{3}(32x^5+240x^4+720x^3+1080x^2+810x+243)\log(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2})}{(3+2x)^6}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/2744000*(2701125*sqrt(3)*(32*x^5 + 240*x^4 + 720*x^3 + 1080*x^2 + 810*x
+ 243)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1) + 789723*sqrt(35)*(32*x
^5 + 240*x^4 + 720*x^3 + 1080*x^2 + 810*x + 243)*log((sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2
+ 2)*(9*x - 4) - 93*x^2 + 36*x - 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)) - 140*(88200*x^5
+ 2740188*x^4 + 11367738*x^3 + 20911298*x^2 + 17940463*x + 5999363)*sqrt(3
*x^2 + 2))/(32*x^5 + 240*x^4 + 720*x^3 + 1080*x^2 + 810*x + 243)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(5/2)/(3+2*x)**6,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 244 vs. $2(107) = 214$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx = \frac{6723}{30012500} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{175(32x^5+240x^4+720x^3+1080x^2+810x+243)} - \frac{44(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{6125(16x^4+96x^3+216x^2+216x+81)} - \frac{1042(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{214375(8x^3+36x^2+54x+27)} - \frac{2241(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{7503125(4x^2+12x+9)} + \frac{267723}{12005000} (3x^2+2)^{3/2} x - \frac{263241}{6002500} (3x^2+2)^{3/2} - \frac{377133(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{30012500(2x+3)} + \frac{248967}{686000} \sqrt{3x^2+2} x + \frac{63}{32} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}x\right) - \frac{789723}{1372000} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|}\right) - \frac{789723}{686000} \sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `6723/30012500*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2) - 13/175*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(32*x^5 + 240*x^4 + 720*x^3 + 1080*x^2 + 810*x + 243) - 44/6125*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(16*x^4 + 96*x^3 + 216*x^2 + 216*x + 81) - 1042/214375*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(8*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 54*x + 27) - 2241/7503125*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9) + 267723/12005000*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x - 263241/6002500*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 377133/30012500*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(2*x + 3) + 248967/686000*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 63/32*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) - 789723/1372000*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) - 789723/686000*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 355 vs. $2(107) = 214$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx = -\frac{63}{32} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}\right) - \frac{789723}{1372000} \sqrt{35} \log\left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right) - \frac{9}{64} \sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{3\sqrt{3}\left(1034487\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^9 + 28143036(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^8 + 94364251\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^7 + 328235733(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^6 - 120044232\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^5 - 774358774(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^4 + 578739476\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^3 - 495467552(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 + 66595728\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) - 11086336\right)}{(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 + 3\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) - 2)^5}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-63/32*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 789723/1372000*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))) - 9/64*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 3/156800*sqrt(3)*(1034487*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^9 + 28143036*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^8 + 94364251*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^7 + 328235733*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^6 - 120044232*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^5 - 774358774*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^4 + 578739476*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^3 - 495467552*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 66595728*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 11086336)/((sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 3*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 2)^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx = \frac{63\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)}{32} - \frac{9\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{64} - \frac{789723\sqrt{35}\ln\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)}{1372000} + \frac{789723\sqrt{35}\ln\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{9}-\frac{4}{9}\right)}{1372000} + \frac{2303\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{512\left(x^4+6x^3+\frac{27x^2}{2}+\frac{27x}{2}+\frac{81}{16}\right)} - \frac{3185\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{2048\left(x^5+\frac{15x^4}{2}+\frac{45x^3}{2}+\frac{135x^2}{4}+\frac{405x}{16}+\frac{243}{32}\right)} - \frac{64959\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{19600\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} + \frac{44127\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{8960\left(x^2+3x+\frac{9}{4}\right)} - \frac{15397\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{2560\left(x^3+\frac{9x^2}{2}+\frac{27x}{4}+\frac{27}{8}\right)}$$

input `int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3)^6,x)`output `(63*3^(1/2)*asinh((2^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*x)/2))/32 - (9*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/64 - (789723*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/1372000 + (789723*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/1372000 + (2303*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(512*((27*x)/2 + (27*x^2)/2 + 6*x^3 + x^4 + 81/16)) - (3185*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(2048*((405*x)/16 + (135*x^2)/4 + (45*x^3)/2 + (15*x^4)/2 + x^5 + 243/32)) - (64959*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(19600*(x + 3/2)) + (44127*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(8960*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4)) - (15397*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(2560*((27*x)/4 + (9*x^2)/2 + x^3 + 27/8))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 568, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.27

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^6,x)`

output

```
( - 12348000*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 - 383626320*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 - 159
1483320*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 - 2927581720*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 - 2511664
820*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 839910820*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 50542272*sqrt(35)*lo
g( - sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**5 + 379067040*sqrt(35)*log( -
sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**4 + 1137201120*sqrt(35)*log( - sq
rt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**3 + 1705801680*sqrt(35)*log( - sqrt(
3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 1279351260*sqrt(35)*log( - sqrt(3*x
**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x + 383805378*sqrt(35)*log( - sqrt(3*x**2 + 2
)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 50542272*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**5 - 379067040*sq
rt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**4 - 1137201120*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**3 - 1705801
680*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 1279351260*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 3838
05378*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3) - 86436000*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt
(3)*x)*x**5 - 648270000*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x**4 - 1
944810000*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x**3 - 2917215000*sqrt
(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x**2 - 2187911250*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3
*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x - 656373375*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(
3)*x) + 86436000*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x**5 + 64827000
0*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x**4 + 1944810000*sqrt(3)*log(
sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x**3 + 2917215000*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 +
2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x**2 + 2187911250*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3...
```

3.231
$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx$$

Optimal result	1942
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1943
Rubi [A] (verified)	1943
Maple [A] (verified)	1946
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1947
Sympy [F(-1)]	1947
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1948
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1949
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1950
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1951

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx = \frac{9(4373+5167x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{109760(3+2x)^2} + \frac{(202+403x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{1568(3+2x)^4} + \frac{(11+159x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{420(3+2x)^6} - \frac{9}{128}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right) - \frac{159759\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{219520\sqrt{35}}$$

output

```
9/109760*(4373+5167*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^2+1/1568*(202+403*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^4+1/420*(11+159*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^6-9/128*arcsinh(1/2*x*sqrt(3))*(3+2*x)^(-1/2)-159759/7683200*sqrt(35)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*sqrt(35)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx = \frac{70\sqrt{2+3x^2}(10361807+39843609x+59256588x^2+47453802x^3+18915336x^4+4369608x^5)}{(3+2x)^6} + \frac{958554\sqrt{35}}{23049600}$$

input `Integrate[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^7,x]`

output `((70*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(10361807 + 39843609*x + 59256588*x^2 + 47453802*x^3 + 18915336*x^4 + 4369608*x^5))/(3 + 2*x)^6 + 958554*sqrt[35]*ArcTanh[(3*sqrt[3] + 2*sqrt[3]*x - 2*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/sqrt[35]] + 1620675*sqrt[3]*Log[-(sqrt[3]*x) + sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/23049600`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$, Rules used = {680, 27, 680, 27, 680, 27, 719, 222, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{(2x+3)^7} dx$$

↓ 680

$$\frac{(159x+11)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{420(2x+3)^6} - \int \frac{60(26-21x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^5} dx$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{28} \int \frac{(26-21x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^5} dx + \frac{(159x+11)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{420(2x+3)^6}$$

↓ 680

$$\frac{1}{28} \left(\frac{(403x + 202)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{56(2x + 3)^4} - \frac{\int -\frac{360(23-49x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^3} dx}{1120} \right) + \frac{(159x + 11)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{420(2x + 3)^6}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{28} \left(\frac{9}{28} \int \frac{(23 - 49x)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{(2x + 3)^3} dx + \frac{(403x + 202)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{56(2x + 3)^4} \right) + \frac{(159x + 11)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{420(2x + 3)^6}$$

↓ 680

$$\frac{1}{28} \left(\frac{9}{28} \left(\frac{(5167x + 4373)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{140(2x + 3)^2} - \frac{1}{560} \int -\frac{12(386 - 1715x)}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx \right) + \frac{(403x + 202)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{56(2x + 3)^4} \right) + \frac{(159x + 11)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{420(2x + 3)^6}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{28} \left(\frac{9}{28} \left(\frac{3}{140} \int \frac{386 - 1715x}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(5167x + 4373)}{140(2x + 3)^2} \right) + \frac{(403x + 202)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{56(2x + 3)^4} \right) + \frac{(159x + 11)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{420(2x + 3)^6}$$

↓ 719

$$\frac{1}{28} \left(\frac{9}{28} \left(\frac{3}{140} \left(\frac{5917}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx - \frac{1715}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(5167x + 4373)}{140(2x + 3)^2} \right) + \frac{(403x + 202)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{56(2x + 3)^4} \right) + \frac{(159x + 11)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{420(2x + 3)^6}$$

↓ 222

$$\frac{1}{28} \left(\frac{9}{28} \left(\frac{3}{140} \left(\frac{5917}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx - \frac{1715 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}(5167x + 4373)}{140(2x + 3)^2} \right) + \frac{(403x + 202)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{56(2x + 3)^4} \right) + \frac{(159x + 11)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{420(2x + 3)^6}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{1}{28} \left(\frac{9}{28} \left(\frac{3}{140} \left(-\frac{5917}{2} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d \frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{1715 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(5167x+4373)}{140(2x+3)^2} \right) + \frac{(159x+11)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{420(2x+3)^6} \right) + \frac{(403x+5167)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{140(2x+3)^2} + \frac{(403x+5167)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{420(2x+3)^6}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{28} \left(\frac{9}{28} \left(\frac{3}{140} \left(-\frac{1715 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{5917 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{35}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(5167x+4373)}{140(2x+3)^2} \right) + \frac{(159x+11)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{420(2x+3)^6} \right) + \frac{(403x+5167)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{140(2x+3)^2} + \frac{(403x+5167)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{420(2x+3)^6}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^7, x]`

output `((11 + 159*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(420*(3 + 2*x)^6) + (((202 + 403*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(56*(3 + 2*x)^4) + (9*((4373 + 5167*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(140*(3 + 2*x)^2) + (3*((-1715*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x])/(2*Sqrt[3]) - (5917*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])])/(2*Sqrt[35])))/140))/28)/28`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 488 `Int[1/((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := -Subst[
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 680 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m
+ 2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)))*((d*g - e*f*(m + 2))*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - 2*c*d^2*p*(e*
f - d*g) - e*(g*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + 2*c*d*p*(e*f - d*g))*x), x] - Sim
p[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + c*x^2
)^p - 1]*Simp[2*a*c*e*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2) - c*(2*c*d*(d*g*(2*p + 1) - e*f
(m + 2*p + 2)) - 2*a*e^2*g*(m + 1))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f,
g}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3
, 0]`

rule 719 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
risch	$\frac{13108824x^7 + 56746008x^6 + 151100622x^5 + 215600436x^4 + 214438431x^3 + 149598597x^2 + 79687218x + 20723614}{329280(2x+3)^6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{9 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{128}$
trager	$\frac{(4369608x^5 + 18915336x^4 + 47453802x^3 + 59256588x^2 + 39843609x + 10361807)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{329280(2x+3)^6} + \frac{9 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2 - 3) \ln(-\operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2 - 3))}{128}$
default	$-\frac{\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 9x - \frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3136\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^5} + \frac{159759\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 36x - 19}}{7683200} + \frac{159759\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 9x - \frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{1470612500} + \frac{53253\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 9x - \frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{33614000}$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(2*x+3)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/329280*(13108824*x^7+56746008*x^6+151100622*x^5+215600436*x^4+214438431*
x^3+149598597*x^2+79687218*x+20723614)/(2*x+3)^6/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-9/128*arc
sinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)-159759/7683200*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*3
5^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx = \frac{1620675\sqrt{3}(64x^6 + 576x^5 + 2160x^4 + 4320x^3 + 4860x^2 + 2916x + 729)\log(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}) + 479277\sqrt{35}(64x^6 + 576x^5 + 2160x^4 + 4320x^3 + 4860x^2 + 2916x + 729)\log(-\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(9x-4) + 93x^2 - 36x + 43)/(4x^2 + 12x + 9) + 140(4369608x^5 + 18915336x^4 + 47453802x^3 + 59256588x^2 + 39843609x + 10361807)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(64x^6 + 576x^5 + 2160x^4 + 4320x^3 + 4860x^2 + 2916x + 729)}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/46099200*(1620675*sqrt(3)*(64*x^6 + 576*x^5 + 2160*x^4 + 4320*x^3 + 4860
*x^2 + 2916*x + 729)*log(sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1) + 479277*s
qrt(35)*(64*x^6 + 576*x^5 + 2160*x^4 + 4320*x^3 + 4860*x^2 + 2916*x + 729)
*log(-(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 1
2*x + 9)) + 140*(4369608*x^5 + 18915336*x^4 + 47453802*x^3 + 59256588*x^2
+ 39843609*x + 10361807)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(64*x^6 + 576*x^5 + 2160*x^4 + 4
320*x^3 + 4860*x^2 + 2916*x + 729)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(5/2)/(3+2*x)**7,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 287 vs. $2(107) = 214$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx = \frac{19683}{84035000} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{210(64x^6+576x^5+2160x^4+4320x^3+4860x^2+2916x+729)} - \frac{(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{98(32x^5+240x^4+720x^3+1080x^2+810x+243)} - \frac{113(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{34300(16x^4+96x^3+216x^2+216x+81)} - \frac{1039(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{1200500(8x^3+36x^2+54x+27)} - \frac{6561(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{21008750(4x^2+12x+9)} - \frac{27009}{67228000} (3x^2+2)^{3/2}x + \frac{53253}{33614000} (3x^2+2)^{3/2} - \frac{41043(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{84035000(2x+3)} - \frac{45711}{3841600} \sqrt{3x^2+2}x - \frac{9}{128} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}x\right) + \frac{159759}{7683200} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|}\right) + \frac{159759}{3841600} \sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
19683/84035000*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2) - 13/210*(3*x^2+2)^(7/2)/(64*x^6+576*x^5+2160*x^4+4320*x^3+4860*x^2+2916*x+729) - 1/98*(3*x^2+2)^(7/2)/(32*x^5+240*x^4+720*x^3+1080*x^2+810*x+243) - 113/34300*(3*x^2+2)^(7/2)/(16*x^4+96*x^3+216*x^2+216*x+81) - 1039/1200500*(3*x^2+2)^(7/2)/(8*x^3+36*x^2+54*x+27) - 6561/21008750*(3*x^2+2)^(7/2)/(4*x^2+12*x+9) - 27009/67228000*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)*x + 53253/33614000*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2) - 41043/84035000*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(2*x+3) - 45711/3841600*sqrt(3*x^2+2)*x - 9/128*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) + 159759/7683200*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x+3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x+3)) + 159759/3841600*sqrt(3*x^2+2)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 389 vs. $2(107) = 214$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.92

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx = \frac{9}{128} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}\right) + \frac{159759}{7683200} \sqrt{35} \log\left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right) + \frac{3\sqrt{3}\left(566976\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{11} + 16427322(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{10} + 70792520\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^9 + 421378065(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^8 + 244013814\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^7 - 879808433(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^6 - 512612604\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^5 + 2079633300(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^4 - 831934400\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^3 + 500387712(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 - 51770496\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) + 7768192\right)}{(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 + 3\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) - 2)^6}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `9/128*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) + 159759/7683200*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))) + 3/878080*sqrt(3)*(566976*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^11 + 16427322*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^10 + 70792520*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^9 + 421378065*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^8 + 244013814*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^7 - 879808433*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^6 - 512612604*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^5 + 2079633300*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^4 - 831934400*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^3 + 500387712*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 - 51770496*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) + 7768192)/((sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 3*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 2)^6`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx = \frac{159759\sqrt{35}\ln\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)}{7683200} - \frac{9\sqrt{3}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)}{128} - \frac{159759\sqrt{35}\ln\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{9}-\frac{4}{9}\right)}{7683200} - \frac{9019\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{4096\left(x^4+6x^3+\frac{27x^2}{2}+\frac{27x}{2}+\frac{81}{16}\right)} + \frac{7315\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{4096\left(x^5+\frac{15x^4}{2}+\frac{45x^3}{2}+\frac{135x^2}{4}+\frac{405x}{16}+\frac{243}{32}\right)} + \frac{182067\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{878080\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} - \frac{15925\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{24576\left(x^6+9x^5+\frac{135x^4}{4}+\frac{135x^3}{2}+\frac{1215x^2}{16}+\frac{729x}{16}+\frac{729}{64}\right)} - \frac{164961\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{250880\left(x^2+3x+\frac{9}{4}\right)} + \frac{109789\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{71680\left(x^3+\frac{9x^2}{2}+\frac{27x}{4}+\frac{27}{8}\right)}$$

input `int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3)^7,x)`output `(159759*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/7683200 - (9*3^(1/2)*asinh((2^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*x)/2))/128 - (159759*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/7683200 - (9019*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(4096*((27*x)/2 + (27*x^2)/2 + 6*x^3 + x^4 + 81/16)) + (7315*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(4096*((405*x)/16 + (135*x^2)/4 + (45*x^3)/2 + (15*x^4)/2 + x^5 + 243/32)) + (182067*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(878080*(x + 3/2)) - (15925*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(24576*((729*x)/16 + (1215*x^2)/16 + (135*x^3)/2 + (135*x^4)/4 + 9*x^5 + x^6 + 729/64)) - (164961*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(250880*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4)) + (109789*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(71680*((27*x)/4 + (9*x^2)/2 + x^3 + 27/8))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 647, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.86

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^7} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^7,x)`

output

```
(611745120*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 + 2648147040*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 6643
532280*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 8295922320*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 55781052
60*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 1450652980*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 61347456*sqrt(35)*lo
g(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**6 + 552127104*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(
3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**5 + 2070476640*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2
+ 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**4 + 4140953280*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*
sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**3 + 4658572440*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(3
5) + 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 2795143464*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9
*x - 4)*x + 698785866*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) -
61347456*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**6 - 552127104*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**5
- 2070476640*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**4 - 4140953280*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3
)*x**3 - 4658572440*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 2795143464*sqrt(35)*log(2
*x + 3)*x - 698785866*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3) + 103723200*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3
*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x**6 + 933508800*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sq
rt(3)*x)*x**5 + 3500658000*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x**4
+ 7001316000*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x**3 + 7876480500*s
qrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x**2 + 4725888300*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt
(3*x**2 + 2) - sqrt(3)*x)*x + 1181472075*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - s
qrt(3)*x) - 103723200*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x**6 - 933
508800*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)*x**5 - 3500658000*sqrt...
```


3.232
$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^8} dx$$

Optimal result	1952
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1952
Rubi [A] (verified)	1953
Maple [A] (verified)	1955
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1956
Sympy [F(-1)]	1956
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1956
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1958
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1959
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1960

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^8} dx = -\frac{369(4-9x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{1200500(3+2x)^2} - \frac{41(4-9x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{34300(3+2x)^4} - \frac{41(4-9x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{7350(3+2x)^6} - \frac{13(2+3x^2)^{7/2}}{245(3+2x)^7} - \frac{1107\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{600250\sqrt{35}}$$

output

```
-369/1200500*(4-9*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^2-41/34300*(4-9*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^4-41/7350*(4-9*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^6-13/245*(3*x^2+2)^(7/2)/(3+2*x)^7-1107/21008750*35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^8} dx = \frac{-\frac{35\sqrt{2+3x^2}(4499004-593639x+3488490x^2-15015225x^3-2997810x^4-9455994x^5+656424x^6)}{(3+2x)^7}}{126052500} + 132$$

input

```
Integrate[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^8, x]
```

output

$$\frac{((-35\sqrt{2+3x^2})(4499004 - 593639x + 3488490x^2 - 15015225x^3 - 2997810x^4 - 9455994x^5 + 656424x^6))/(3+2x)^7 + 13284\sqrt{35}\operatorname{Arctan}[(3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3}x - 2\sqrt{2+3x^2})/\sqrt{35}])}{126052500}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {679, 486, 486, 486, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{(2x+3)^8} dx$$

↓ 679

$$\frac{41}{35} \int \frac{(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{(2x+3)^7} dx - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{245(2x+3)^7}$$

↓ 486

$$\frac{41}{35} \left(\frac{1}{7} \int \frac{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{(2x+3)^5} dx - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{210(2x+3)^6} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{245(2x+3)^7}$$

↓ 486

$$\frac{41}{35} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{9}{70} \int \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(2x+3)^3} dx - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{210(2x+3)^6} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{245(2x+3)^7}$$

↓ 486

$$\frac{41}{35} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{9}{70} \left(\frac{3}{35} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{(4-9x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{210(2x+3)^6} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{245(2x+3)^7}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{41}{35} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{9}{70} \left(-\frac{3}{35} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d \frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4-9x)}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{210(2x+3)^6} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{245(2x+3)^7}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{41}{35} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{9}{70} \left(-\frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{35\sqrt{35}} - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4-9x)}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{210(2x+3)^6} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{245(2x+3)^7}$$

input

```
Int[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^8, x]
```

output

```
(-13*(2 + 3*x^2)^(7/2))/(245*(3 + 2*x)^7) + (41*(-1/210*((4 - 9*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^6 + (-1/140*((4 - 9*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x)^4 + (9*(-1/70*((4 - 9*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]))/(3 + 2*x)^2 - (3*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/(35*Sqrt[35])))/70)/7)/35
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 486

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[2*a*b*(p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 488 Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 679 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1
))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result
risch	$-\frac{1969272x^8 - 28367982x^7 - 7680582x^6 - 63957663x^5 + 4469850x^4 - 31811367x^3 + 20473992x^2 - 1187278x + 8998008}{3601500(2x+3)^7\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{1107\sqrt{35}}{3601500(2x+3)^7}$
trager	$-\frac{(656424x^6 - 9455994x^5 - 2997810x^4 - 15015225x^3 + 3488490x^2 - 593639x + 4499004)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3601500(2x+3)^7} + \frac{1107 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2 - 35) \ln\left(\frac{1107 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2 - 35) \sqrt{3x^2+2} + (2x+3)^7}{1107 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2 - 35)}\right)}{3601500(2x+3)^7}$
default	$-\frac{123\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 9x - \frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{1372000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^5} + \frac{1107\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 36x - 19}}{21008750} + \frac{17712\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 9x - \frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{64339296875} + \frac{1476\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 9x - \frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{367653125} + \dots$

```
input int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(2*x+3)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3601500*(1969272*x^8-28367982*x^7-7680582*x^6-63957663*x^5+4469850*x^4-
31811367*x^3+20473992*x^2-1187278*x+8998008)/(2*x+3)^7/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-110
7/21008750*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(
1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^8} dx = \frac{3321 \sqrt{35}(128x^7 + 1344x^6 + 6048x^5 + 15120x^4 + 22680x^3 + 20412x^2 + 10680x + 2187) \log(-(\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2})(9x-4) + 93x^2 - 36x + 43)/(4x^2 + 12x + 9)) - 35(656424x^6 - 945994x^5 - 2997810x^4 - 15015225x^3 + 3488490x^2 - 593639x + 4499004)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{12605(128x^7 + 1344x^6 + 6048x^5 + 15120x^4 + 22680x^3 + 20412x^2 + 10206x + 2187)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/126052500*(3321*sqrt(35)*(128*x^7 + 1344*x^6 + 6048*x^5 + 15120*x^4 + 22680*x^3 + 20412*x^2 + 10206*x + 2187)*log(-(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)) - 35*(656424*x^6 - 945994*x^5 - 2997810*x^4 - 15015225*x^3 + 3488490*x^2 - 593639*x + 4499004)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(128*x^7 + 1344*x^6 + 6048*x^5 + 15120*x^4 + 22680*x^3 + 20412*x^2 + 10206*x + 2187)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^8} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(5/2)/(3+2*x)**8,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 323 vs. $2(113) = 226$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 323, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^8} dx = \frac{397413}{7353062500} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{245(128x^7+1344x^6+6048x^5+15120x^4+22680x^3+20412x^2+10206x+2187)} - \frac{41(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{3675(64x^6+576x^5+2160x^4+4320x^3+4860x^2+2916x+729)} - \frac{123(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{42875(32x^5+240x^4+720x^3+1080x^2+810x+243)} - \frac{1189(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{1500625(16x^4+96x^3+216x^2+216x+81)} - \frac{12177(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{52521875(8x^3+36x^2+54x+27)} - \frac{132471(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{1838265625(4x^2+12x+9)} + \frac{129519}{1470612500} (3x^2+2)^{3/2} x + \frac{1476}{367653125} (3x^2+2)^{3/2} - \frac{1537623(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{7353062500(2x+3)} + \frac{9963}{42017500} \sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{1107}{21008750} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|} \right) + \frac{1107}{10504375} \sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `397413/7353062500*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2) - 13/245*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(128*x^7 + 1344*x^6 + 6048*x^5 + 15120*x^4 + 22680*x^3 + 20412*x^2 + 10206*x + 2187) - 41/3675*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(64*x^6 + 576*x^5 + 2160*x^4 + 4320*x^3 + 4860*x^2 + 2916*x + 729) - 123/42875*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(32*x^5 + 240*x^4 + 720*x^3 + 1080*x^2 + 810*x + 243) - 1189/1500625*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(16*x^4 + 96*x^3 + 216*x^2 + 216*x + 81) - 12177/52521875*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(8*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 54*x + 27) - 132471/1838265625*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9) + 129519/1470612500*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 1476/367653125*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 1537623/7353062500*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(2*x + 3) + 9963/42017500*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 1107/21008750*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) + 1107/10504375*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 408 vs. $2(113) = 226$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^8} dx = \frac{1107}{21008750} \sqrt{35} \log \left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) \\ - \frac{9 \left(908247 (\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{13} + 3755004 \sqrt{3} (\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{12} + 52905908 (\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{11} - \dots \right)}{21008750}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1107/21008750*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))) - 9/38416000*(908247*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^13 + 3755004*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^12 + 52905908*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^11 + 114259794*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^10 + 422075810*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^9 - 16674486*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^8 - 1093657086*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^7 - 205745364*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^6 + 1886581864*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^5 - 1023977040*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^4 + 660654976*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^3 - 94952448*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 - 9114816*sqrt(3)*x - 1555968*sqrt(3) + 9114816*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/((sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 3*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 2)^7`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^8} dx = \frac{1107\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}{21008750} \\
& - \frac{1107\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{9} - \frac{4}{9}\right)}{21008750} \\
& + \frac{34571\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{62720\left(x^4 + 6x^3 + \frac{27x^2}{2} + \frac{27x}{2} + \frac{81}{16}\right)} \\
& - \frac{6213\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{7168\left(x^5 + \frac{15x^4}{2} + \frac{45x^3}{2} + \frac{135x^2}{4} + \frac{405x}{16} + \frac{243}{32}\right)} - \frac{27351\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{19208000\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)} \\
& + \frac{9095\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{12288\left(x^6 + 9x^5 + \frac{135x^4}{4} + \frac{135x^3}{2} + \frac{1215x^2}{16} + \frac{729x}{16} + \frac{729}{64}\right)} \\
& + \frac{73161\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{2195200\left(x^2 + 3x + \frac{9}{4}\right)} \\
& - \frac{2275\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{8192\left(x^7 + \frac{21x^6}{2} + \frac{189x^5}{4} + \frac{945x^4}{8} + \frac{2835x^3}{16} + \frac{5103x^2}{32} + \frac{5103x}{64} + \frac{2187}{128}\right)} \\
& - \frac{122553\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{627200\left(x^3 + \frac{9x^2}{2} + \frac{27x}{4} + \frac{27}{8}\right)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3)^8,x)`

output

```
(1107*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/21008750 - (1107*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2))*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/21008750 + (34571*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(62720*((27*x)/2 + (27*x^2)/2 + 6*x^3 + x^4 + 81/16)) - (6213*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(7168*((405*x)/16 + (135*x^2)/4 + (45*x^3)/2 + (15*x^4)/2 + x^5 + 243/32)) - (27351*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(19208000*(x + 3/2)) + (9095*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(12288*((729*x)/16 + (1215*x^2)/16 + (135*x^3)/2 + (135*x^4)/4 + 9*x^5 + x^6 + 729/64)) + (73161*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(2195200*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4)) - (2275*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(8192*((5103*x)/64 + (5103*x^2)/32 + (2835*x^3)/16 + (945*x^4)/8 + (189*x^5)/4 + (21*x^6)/2 + x^7 + 2187/128)) - (122553*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(627200*((27*x)/4 + (9*x^2)/2 + x^3 + 27/8))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 411, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.02

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^8} dx = \frac{-22974840\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^6 + 330959790\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^5 + 104923350\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4 + \dots}{(3+2x)^8}$$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^8,x)
```

output

```
( - 22974840*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**6 + 330959790*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 + 104923350*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 525532875*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 - 122097150*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 20777365*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 157465140*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 850176*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**7 + 8926848*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**6 + 40170816*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**5 + 100427040*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**4 + 150640560*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**3 + 135576504*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 67788252*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x + 14526054*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 850176*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**7 - 8926848*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**6 - 40170816*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**5 - 100427040*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**4 - 150640560*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**3 - 135576504*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 67788252*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 14526054*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3))/(126052500*(128*x**7 + 1344*x**6 + 6048*x**5 + 15120*x**4 + 22680*x**3 + 20412*x**2 + 10206*x + 2187))
```

3.233 $\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^9} dx$

Optimal result	1961
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1962
Rubi [A] (verified)	1962
Maple [A] (verified)	1965
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1966
Sympy [F(-1)]	1966
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1967
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1968
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1970
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1971

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 158

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^9} dx = \frac{48141\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{153664000(3+2x)^2} + \frac{24813\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{5378240000(3+2x)} - \frac{9(11323+4037x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{10976000(3+2x)^4} - \frac{(13106-16521x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{548800(3+2x)^6} - \frac{(59-173x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{784(3+2x)^8} - \frac{18873 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{42017500\sqrt{35}}$$

output

```
48141/153664000*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^2+24813*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(161347200
00+10756480000*x)-9/10976000*(11323+4037*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^4-1/54
8800*(13106-16521*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(3+2*x)^6-1/784*(59-173*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(
5/2)/(3+2*x)^8-18873/1470612500*35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3
*x^2+2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^9} dx = \frac{35\sqrt{2+3x^2}(-104577556-38788883x-178164896x^2+226355535x^3+33613440x^4+210306726x^5+2206008x^6+49626x^7)}{(3+2x)^8} + 75492\sqrt{35}\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x-2\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right] + 2941225000$$

input `Integrate[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^9,x]`

output `((35*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(-104577556 - 38788883*x - 178164896*x^2 + 226355535*x^3 + 33613440*x^4 + 210306726*x^5 + 2206008*x^6 + 49626*x^7))/(3 + 2*x)^8 + 75492*sqrt[35]*ArcTanh[(3*sqrt[3] + 2*sqrt[3]*x - 2*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/sqrt[35]])/2941225000`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {688, 25, 679, 486, 486, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(5-x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{(2x+3)^9} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{688} \\ & -\frac{1}{280} \int -\frac{(328-39x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{(2x+3)^8} dx - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{280(2x+3)^8} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{1}{280} \int \frac{(328-39x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{(2x+3)^8} dx - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{280(2x+3)^8} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{679} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{280} \left(\frac{2796}{35} \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{(2x + 3)^7} dx - \frac{773(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}}{245(2x + 3)^7} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}}{280(2x + 3)^8}$$

↓ 486

$$\frac{1}{280} \left(\frac{2796}{35} \left(\frac{1}{7} \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{(2x + 3)^5} dx - \frac{(4 - 9x)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{210(2x + 3)^6} \right) - \frac{773(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}}{245(2x + 3)^7} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}}{280(2x + 3)^8}$$

↓ 486

$$\frac{1}{280} \left(\frac{2796}{35} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{9}{70} \int \frac{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{(2x + 3)^3} dx - \frac{(4 - 9x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{140(2x + 3)^4} \right) - \frac{(4 - 9x)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{210(2x + 3)^6} \right) - \frac{773(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}}{245(2x + 3)^7} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}}{280(2x + 3)^8}$$

↓ 486

$$\frac{1}{280} \left(\frac{2796}{35} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{9}{70} \left(\frac{3}{35} \int \frac{1}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx - \frac{(4 - 9x)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{70(2x + 3)^2} \right) - \frac{(4 - 9x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{140(2x + 3)^4} \right) - \frac{(4 - 9x)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{210(2x + 3)^6} \right) - \frac{773(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}}{245(2x + 3)^7} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}}{280(2x + 3)^8}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{1}{280} \left(\frac{2796}{35} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{9}{70} \left(-\frac{3}{35} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4-9x)}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{210(2x+3)^6} \right) - \frac{773(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{245(2x+3)^7} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{280(2x+3)^8}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{280} \left(\frac{2796}{35} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{9}{70} \left(-\frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{35\sqrt{35}} - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4-9x)}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{210(2x+3)^6} \right) - \frac{773(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{245(2x+3)^7} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{280(2x+3)^8}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^9,x]`

output `(-13*(2 + 3*x^2)^(7/2))/(280*(3 + 2*x)^8) + ((-773*(2 + 3*x^2)^(7/2))/(245*(3 + 2*x)^7) + (2796*(-1/210*((4 - 9*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^6 + (-1/140*((4 - 9*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x)^4 + (9*(-1/70*((4 - 9*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]))/(3 + 2*x)^2 - (3*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])])/(35*Sqrt[35])))/(70/7))/35)/280`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 486 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[2*a*b*(p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 679 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 688

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result
risch	$\frac{148878x^9 + 6618024x^8 + 631019430x^7 + 105252336x^6 + 1099680057x^5 - 467267808x^4 + 336344421x^3 - 670062460x^2 - 77577766x - 209155112}{84035000(2x+3)^8\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$
trager	$\frac{(49626x^7 + 2206008x^6 + 210306726x^5 + 33613440x^4 + 226355535x^3 - 178164896x^2 - 38788883x - 104577556)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{84035000(2x+3)^8} + \frac{18873 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2}{35}(4-9x)\right)}{1470612500}$
default	$-\frac{2097\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{96040000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^5} + \frac{18873\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}{1470612500} + \frac{150984\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2251875390625} + \frac{12582\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)}{12867859375}$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(2*x+3)^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/84035000*(148878*x^9+6618024*x^8+631019430*x^7+105252336*x^6+1099680057*
x^5-467267808*x^4+336344421*x^3-670062460*x^2-77577766*x-209155112)/(2*x+3
)^8/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-18873/1470612500*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2
))/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^9} dx = \frac{18873 \sqrt{35}(256x^8 + 3072x^7 + 16128x^6 + 48384x^5 + 90720x^4 + 108864x^3 + 81648x^2 + 34992x + 6561) \log(-(\sqrt{35})\sqrt{(3x^2+2)(9x-4)+93x^2-36x+43}/(4x^2+12x+9)) + 35(49626x^7 + 2206008x^6 + 210306726x^5 + 33613440x^4 + 226355535x^3 - 178164896x^2 - 38788883x - 104577556)\sqrt{(3x^2+2)}}{(256x^8 + 3072x^7 + 16128x^6 + 48384x^5 + 90720x^4 + 108864x^3 + 81648x^2 + 34992x + 6561)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2941225000*(18873*sqrt(35)*(256*x^8 + 3072*x^7 + 16128*x^6 + 48384*x^5 + 90720*x^4 + 108864*x^3 + 81648*x^2 + 34992*x + 6561)*log(-(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)) + 35*(49626*x^7 + 2206008*x^6 + 210306726*x^5 + 33613440*x^4 + 226355535*x^3 - 178164896*x^2 - 38788883*x - 104577556)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(256*x^8 + 3072*x^7 + 16128*x^6 + 48384*x^5 + 90720*x^4 + 108864*x^3 + 81648*x^2 + 34992*x + 6561)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^9} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(5/2)/(3+2*x)**9,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 376 vs. $2(131) = 262$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 376, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^9} dx = \frac{6775407}{514714375000} (3x^2+2)^{5/2} - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{280(256x^8+3072x^7+16128x^6+48384x^5+90720x^4+108864x^3+81648x^2+34992x+6561)} - \frac{773(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{68600(128x^7+1344x^6+6048x^5+15120x^4+22680x^3+20412x^2+10206x+2187)} - \frac{233(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{85750(64x^6+576x^5+2160x^4+4320x^3+4860x^2+2916x+729)} - \frac{2097(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{3001250(32x^5+240x^4+720x^3+1080x^2+810x+243)} - \frac{20271(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{105043750(16x^4+96x^3+216x^2+216x+81)} - \frac{207603(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{3676531250(8x^3+36x^2+54x+27)} - \frac{2258469(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{128678593750(4x^2+12x+9)} + \frac{2208141}{102942875000} (3x^2+2)^{3/2}x + \frac{12582}{12867859375} (3x^2+2)^{3/2} - \frac{26214597(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{514714375000(2x+3)} + \frac{169857}{2941225000} \sqrt{3x^2+2}x + \frac{18873}{1470612500} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|} \right) + \frac{18873}{735306250} \sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^9,x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output

```

6775407/514714375000*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2) - 13/280*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(256*x^8
+ 3072*x^7 + 16128*x^6 + 48384*x^5 + 90720*x^4 + 108864*x^3 + 81648*x^2 +
34992*x + 6561) - 773/68600*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(128*x^7 + 1344*x^6 + 6048*
x^5 + 15120*x^4 + 22680*x^3 + 20412*x^2 + 10206*x + 2187) - 233/85750*(3*x
^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(64*x^6 + 576*x^5 + 2160*x^4 + 4320*x^3 + 4860*x^2 + 2916*x
+ 729) - 2097/3001250*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(32*x^5 + 240*x^4 + 720*x^3 + 1080
*x^2 + 810*x + 243) - 20271/105043750*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(16*x^4 + 96*x^3 +
216*x^2 + 216*x + 81) - 207603/3676531250*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(8*x^3 + 36*x
^2 + 54*x + 27) - 2258469/128678593750*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9
) + 2208141/102942875000*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 12582/12867859375*(3*x^2 +
2)^(3/2) - 26214597/514714375000*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(2*x + 3) + 169857/2941
225000*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 18873/1470612500*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x
/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) + 18873/735306250*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2
)

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 457 vs. $2(131) = 262$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 457, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^9} dx = \frac{18873}{1470612500} \sqrt{35} \log \left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) \\ - \frac{9\sqrt{3} \left(178944\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{15} + 138131220(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{14} + 30787400\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{13} \right)}{(3+2x)^9}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^9,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
18873/1470612500*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2
*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))
) - 9/10756480000*sqrt(3)*(178944*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^15
+ 138131220*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^14 + 30787400*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*
x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^13 + 573375810*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^12 - 332
8877720*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^11 - 8681082564*(sqrt(3)*x -
sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^10 - 13787031160*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^9
+ 1566458475*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^8 - 28541438480*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(
3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^7 + 30582301680*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^6 -
23140527424*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^5 - 12885596640*(sqrt(3)
*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^4 + 1726278400*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))
^3 - 9101541120*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 39843840*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)
*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 1411584)/((sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 3*sqrt
(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 2)^8
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^9} dx = \frac{18873\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}{1470612500} \\
& - \frac{18873\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{9} - \frac{4}{9}\right)}{1470612500} \\
& - \frac{15925\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{131072\left(x^8 + 12x^7 + 63x^6 + 189x^5 + \frac{2835x^4}{8} + \frac{1701x^3}{4} + \frac{5103x^2}{16} + \frac{2187x}{16} + \frac{6561}{256}\right)} \\
& - \frac{4816641\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{70246400\left(x^4 + 6x^3 + \frac{27x^2}{2} + \frac{27x}{2} + \frac{81}{16}\right)} \\
& + \frac{861381\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{4014080\left(x^5 + \frac{15x^4}{2} + \frac{45x^3}{2} + \frac{135x^2}{4} + \frac{405x}{16} + \frac{243}{32}\right)} + \frac{24813\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{10756480000\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)} \\
& - \frac{81899\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{229376\left(x^6 + 9x^5 + \frac{135x^4}{4} + \frac{135x^3}{2} + \frac{1215x^2}{16} + \frac{729x}{16} + \frac{729}{64}\right)} + \frac{48141\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{614656000\left(x^2 + 3x + \frac{9}{4}\right)} \\
& + \frac{20705\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{65536\left(x^7 + \frac{21x^6}{2} + \frac{189x^5}{4} + \frac{945x^4}{8} + \frac{2835x^3}{16} + \frac{5103x^2}{32} + \frac{5103x}{64} + \frac{2187}{128}\right)} \\
& + \frac{1573857\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{175616000\left(x^3 + \frac{9x^2}{2} + \frac{27x}{4} + \frac{27}{8}\right)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3)^9,x)`

output

```
(18873*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/1470612500 - (18873*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)
)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/1470612500 - (15925*3^(1/2)*(x^2 +
2/3)^(1/2))/(131072*((2187*x)/16 + (5103*x^2)/16 + (1701*x^3)/4 + (2835*x
^4)/8 + 189*x^5 + 63*x^6 + 12*x^7 + x^8 + 6561/256)) - (4816641*3^(1/2)*(x
^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(70246400*((27*x)/2 + (27*x^2)/2 + 6*x^3 + x^4 + 81/16))
+ (861381*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(4014080*((405*x)/16 + (135*x^2)/4 +
(45*x^3)/2 + (15*x^4)/2 + x^5 + 243/32)) + (24813*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2
))/(10756480000*(x + 3/2)) - (81899*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(229376*((7
29*x)/16 + (1215*x^2)/16 + (135*x^3)/2 + (135*x^4)/4 + 9*x^5 + x^6 + 729/6
4)) + (48141*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(614656000*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4)) + (2
0705*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(65536*((5103*x)/64 + (5103*x^2)/32 + (283
5*x^3)/16 + (945*x^4)/8 + (189*x^5)/4 + (21*x^6)/2 + x^7 + 2187/128)) + (1
573857*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(175616000*((27*x)/4 + (9*x^2)/2 + x^3 +
27/8))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 466, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^9} dx = \frac{-9662976\sqrt{35}\log(2x+3)x^8 + 9662976\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35}+9x-4)x^8}{(3+2x)^9}$$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^9,x)
```

output

```
(1736910*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**7 + 77210280*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**6 + 73607354
10*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 + 1176470400*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 7922443725*s
qrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 - 6235771360*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 - 1357610905*sqrt(
3*x**2 + 2)*x - 3660214460*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 9662976*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*
x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**8 + 115955712*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 +
2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**7 + 608767488*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt
(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**6 + 1826302464*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) +
9*x - 4)*x**5 + 3424317120*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x -
4)*x**4 + 4109180544*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x*
*3 + 3081885408*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 1
320808032*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x + 247651506*
sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 9662976*sqrt(35)*log(2
*x + 3)*x**8 - 115955712*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**7 - 608767488*sqrt(35)*l
og(2*x + 3)*x**6 - 1826302464*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**5 - 3424317120*sqrt
(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**4 - 4109180544*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**3 - 308188540
8*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 1320808032*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 247651
506*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3))/(2941225000*(256*x**8 + 3072*x**7 + 16128*x**6
+ 48384*x**5 + 90720*x**4 + 108864*x**3 + 81648*x**2 + 34992*x + 6561))
```

$$3.234 \quad \int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^{10}} dx$$

Optimal result	1973
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1974
Rubi [A] (verified)	1974
Maple [A] (verified)	1977
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1978
Sympy [F(-1)]	1979
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1979
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1980
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1981
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1982

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 180

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^{10}} dx &= \frac{55473\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{192080000(3+2x)^3} \\ &+ \frac{80649\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{1344560000(3+2x)^2} - \frac{152343\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{47059600000(3+2x)} \\ &- \frac{3(95869+112866x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{38416000(3+2x)^5} - \frac{(2497-447x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}{82320(3+2x)^7} \\ &- \frac{(47-90x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{504(3+2x)^9} - \frac{76869 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{735306250\sqrt{35}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
55473/192080000*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^3+80649/1344560000*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)
/(3+2*x)^2-152343*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(141178800000+94119200000*x)-3/38416000*
(95869+112866*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^5-1/82320*(2497-447*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(
3/2)/(3+2*x)^7-1/504*(47-90*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^9-76869/2573571875
0*35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^{10}} dx = \frac{-\frac{35\sqrt{2+3x^2}(15948113036+11990965797x+42455611758x^2-11567526201x^3+9750269970x^4-2519734661x^5+620594352x^6+30006612x^7+10968696x^8)}{(3+2x)^9} + 2767284\sqrt{35}\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x-2\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right]}{463242937500}$$

input

```
Integrate[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^10,x]
```

output

```
((-35*sqrt(2 + 3*x^2)*(15948113036 + 11990965797*x + 42455611758*x^2 - 11567526201*x^3 + 9750269970*x^4 - 2519734661*x^5 - 620594352*x^6 + 30006612*x^7 + 10968696*x^8))/(3 + 2*x)^9 + 2767284*sqrt(35)*ArcTanh[(3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3)*x - 2*sqrt(2 + 3*x^2))/sqrt(35)])/463242937500
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$, Rules used = {688, 27, 688, 27, 679, 486, 486, 486, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(5-x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{(2x+3)^{10}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 688 \\ & -\frac{1}{315} \int -\frac{3(123-26x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{(2x+3)^9} dx - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{315(2x+3)^9} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{105} \int \frac{(123-26x)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}}{(2x+3)^9} dx - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{315(2x+3)^9} \\ & \quad \downarrow 688 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{105} \left(-\frac{1}{280} \int -\frac{4(2006 - 243x)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{(2x + 3)^8} dx - \frac{81(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}}{70(2x + 3)^8} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}}{315(2x + 3)^9}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{1}{70} \int \frac{(2006 - 243x)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{(2x + 3)^8} dx - \frac{81(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}}{70(2x + 3)^8} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}}{315(2x + 3)^9}$$

↓ 679

$$\frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{1}{70} \left(\frac{17082}{35} \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{(2x + 3)^7} dx - \frac{4741(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}}{245(2x + 3)^7} \right) - \frac{81(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}}{70(2x + 3)^8} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}}{315(2x + 3)^9}$$

↓ 486

$$\frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{1}{70} \left(\frac{17082}{35} \left(\frac{1}{7} \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{(2x + 3)^5} dx - \frac{(4 - 9x)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{210(2x + 3)^6} \right) - \frac{4741(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}}{245(2x + 3)^7} \right) - \frac{81(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}}{70(2x + 3)^8} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}}{315(2x + 3)^9}$$

↓ 486

$$\frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{1}{70} \left(\frac{17082}{35} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{9}{70} \int \frac{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{(2x + 3)^3} dx - \frac{(4 - 9x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{140(2x + 3)^4} \right) - \frac{(4 - 9x)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{210(2x + 3)^6} \right) - \frac{4741(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}}{245(2x + 3)^8} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}}{315(2x + 3)^9}$$

↓ 486

$$\frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{1}{70} \left(\frac{17082}{35} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{9}{70} \left(\frac{3}{35} \int \frac{1}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx - \frac{(4 - 9x)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{70(2x + 3)^2} \right) - \frac{(4 - 9x)(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}{140(2x + 3)^4} \right) - \frac{(4 - 9x)(3x^2 + 2)^{5/2}}{210(2x + 3)^6} \right) - \frac{4741(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}}{245(2x + 3)^8} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2 + 2)^{7/2}}{315(2x + 3)^9}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{1}{70} \left(\frac{17082}{35} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{9}{70} \left(-\frac{3}{35} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} dx \frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4-9x)}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{315(2x+3)^9} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{1}{70} \left(\frac{17082}{35} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{9}{70} \left(-\frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{35\sqrt{35}} - \frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}(4-9x)}{70(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{(4-9x)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}{140(2x+3)^4} \right) - \frac{13(3x^2+2)^{7/2}}{315(2x+3)^9} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^10,x]`

output `(-13*(2 + 3*x^2)^(7/2))/(315*(3 + 2*x)^9) + ((-81*(2 + 3*x^2)^(7/2))/(70*(3 + 2*x)^8) + ((-4741*(2 + 3*x^2)^(7/2))/(245*(3 + 2*x)^7) + (17082*(-1/210*((4 - 9*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2))/(3 + 2*x)^6 + (-1/140*((4 - 9*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))/(3 + 2*x)^4 + (9*(-1/70*((4 - 9*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]))/(3 + 2*x)^2 - (3*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/(35*Sqrt[35])))/70)/7)/35)/70)/105`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 486 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[2*a*b*(p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 679 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 688 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result
risch	$-\frac{32906088x^{10}+90019836x^9-1839845664x^8-75532026474x^7+28009621206x^6-85097271735x^5+146867375214x^4+12837844989x^3+13275556624x^2+23981931594x+31896226072}{13235512500(2x+3)^9\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$
trager	$-\frac{(10968696x^8+30006612x^7-620594352x^6-25197346566x^5+9750269970x^4-11567526201x^3+42455611758x^2+11990965797x+15948113036)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{13235512500(2x+3)^9}$
default	$-\frac{8541\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{1680700000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^5} + \frac{76869\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}{25735718750} + \frac{1229904\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{78815638671875} + \frac{102492\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)}{450375078125}$

```
input int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(2*x+3)^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/13235512500*(32906088*x^10+90019836*x^9-1839845664*x^8-75532026474*x^7+
28009621206*x^6-85097271735*x^5+146867375214*x^4+12837844989*x^3+132755566
624*x^2+23981931594*x+31896226072)/(2*x+3)^9/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-76869/2573571
8750*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^{10}} dx = \frac{691821\sqrt{35}(512x^9 + 6912x^8 + 41472x^7 + 145152x^6 + 326592x^5 + 489888x^4 + 489888x^3 + 314928x^2 + 118098x + 19683) \log(-(\sqrt{35})\sqrt{3x^2+2}(9x-4) + 93x^2 - 36x + 43)/(4x^2 + 12x + 9)) - 35(10968696x^8 + 30006612x^7 - 620594352x^6 - 25197346566x^5 + 9750269970x^4 - 11567526201x^3 + 42455611758x^2 + 11990965797x + 15948113036)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(512x^9 + 6912x^8 + 41472x^7 + 145152x^6 + 326592x^5 + 489888x^4 + 489888x^3 + 314928x^2 + 118098x + 19683)}$$

```
input integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^10,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/463242937500*(691821*sqrt(35)*(512*x^9 + 6912*x^8 + 41472*x^7 + 145152*x
^6 + 326592*x^5 + 489888*x^4 + 489888*x^3 + 314928*x^2 + 118098*x + 19683)
*log(-(\sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 1
2*x + 9)) - 35*(10968696*x^8 + 30006612*x^7 - 620594352*x^6 - 25197346566*
x^5 + 9750269970*x^4 - 11567526201*x^3 + 42455611758*x^2 + 11990965797*x +
15948113036)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(512*x^9 + 6912*x^8 + 41472*x^7 + 145152*x^
6 + 326592*x^5 + 489888*x^4 + 489888*x^3 + 314928*x^2 + 118098*x + 19683)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^{10}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x**2+2)**(5/2)/(3+2*x)**10,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 434 vs. $2(149) = 298$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^{10}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `27595971/9007501562500*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2) - 13/315*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(512*x^9 + 6912*x^8 + 41472*x^7 + 145152*x^6 + 326592*x^5 + 489888*x^4 + 489888*x^3 + 314928*x^2 + 118098*x + 19683) - 27/2450*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(256*x^8 + 3072*x^7 + 16128*x^6 + 48384*x^5 + 90720*x^4 + 108864*x^3 + 81648*x^2 + 34992*x + 6561) - 4741/1800750*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(128*x^7 + 1344*x^6 + 6048*x^5 + 15120*x^4 + 22680*x^3 + 20412*x^2 + 10206*x + 2187) - 949/1500625*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(64*x^6 + 576*x^5 + 2160*x^4 + 4320*x^3 + 4860*x^2 + 2916*x + 729) - 8541/52521875*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(32*x^5 + 240*x^4 + 720*x^3 + 1080*x^2 + 810*x + 243) - 82563/1838265625*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(16*x^4 + 96*x^3 + 216*x^2 + 216*x + 81) - 845559/64339296875*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(8*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 54*x + 27) - 9198657/2251875390625*(3*x^2 + 2)^(7/2)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9) + 8993673/1801500312500*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 102492/450375078125*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 106771041/9007501562500*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)/(2*x + 3) + 691821/51471437500*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 76869/25735718750*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) + 76869/12867859375*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 502 vs. $2(149) = 298$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 502, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^{10}} dx = \frac{76869}{25735718750} \sqrt{35} \log \left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) \\ - \frac{9\sqrt{3} \left(364416\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{17} + 27877824(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{16} + 1042205258\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{15} \right.}{\left. - 956098170(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{14} + 1003625490\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{13} - 85987901496(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{12} \right.}{\left. - 60468401868\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{11} - 331045664193(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^{10} - 22913148915\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^9 \right.} \\ - \frac{544736640510(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^8 + 284856270864\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^7 - 908850124224(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^6 + 90616216992\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^5 - 115517223360(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^4 - 52895204480\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^3 - 565618176(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 + 140708352\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) - 17333248}{(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 + 3\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) - 2)^9}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^10,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `76869/25735718750*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))) - 9/94119200000*sqrt(3)*(364416*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^17 + 27877824*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^16 + 1042205258*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^15 - 956098170*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^14 + 1003625490*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^13 - 85987901496*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^12 - 60468401868*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^11 - 331045664193*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^10 - 22913148915*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^9 - 544736640510*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^8 + 284856270864*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^7 - 908850124224*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^6 + 90616216992*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^5 - 115517223360*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^4 - 52895204480*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^3 - 565618176*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 140708352*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 17333248)/((sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 3*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 2)^9`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^{10}} dx = \frac{76869\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}{25735718750} \\
& - \frac{76869\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{9} - \frac{4}{9}\right)}{25735718750} \\
& + \frac{4515\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{32768\left(x^8+12x^7+63x^6+189x^5+\frac{2835x^4}{8}+\frac{1701x^3}{4}+\frac{5103x^2}{16}+\frac{2187x}{16}+\frac{6561}{256}\right)} \\
& + \frac{1838301\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{614656000\left(x^4+6x^3+\frac{27x^2}{2}+\frac{27x}{2}+\frac{81}{16}\right)} \\
& - \frac{15925\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{294912\left(x^9+\frac{27x^8}{2}+81x^7+\frac{567x^6}{2}+\frac{5103x^5}{8}+\frac{15309x^4}{16}+\frac{15309x^3}{16}+\frac{19683x^2}{32}+\frac{59049x}{256}+\frac{19683}{512}\right)} \\
& - \frac{923241\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{35123200\left(x^5+\frac{15x^4}{2}+\frac{45x^3}{2}+\frac{135x^2}{4}+\frac{405x}{16}+\frac{243}{32}\right)} - \frac{152343\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{94119200000\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} \\
& + \frac{35213\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{401408\left(x^6+9x^5+\frac{135x^4}{4}+\frac{135x^3}{2}+\frac{1215x^2}{16}+\frac{729x}{16}+\frac{729}{64}\right)} \\
& + \frac{80649\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{5378240000\left(x^2+3x+\frac{9}{4}\right)} \\
& - \frac{52201\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{344064\left(x^7+\frac{21x^6}{2}+\frac{189x^5}{4}+\frac{945x^4}{8}+\frac{2835x^3}{16}+\frac{5103x^2}{32}+\frac{5103x}{64}+\frac{2187}{128}\right)} \\
& + \frac{55473\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{1536640000\left(x^3+\frac{9x^2}{2}+\frac{27x}{4}+\frac{27}{8}\right)}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(-((3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)*(x - 5))/(2*x + 3)^10,x)
```

output

```
(76869*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/25735718750 - (76869*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/25735718750 + (4515*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(32768*((2187*x)/16 + (5103*x^2)/16 + (1701*x^3)/4 + (2835*x^4)/8 + 189*x^5 + 63*x^6 + 12*x^7 + x^8 + 6561/256)) + (1838301*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(614656000*((27*x)/2 + (27*x^2)/2 + 6*x^3 + x^4 + 81/16)) - (15925*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(294912*((59049*x)/256 + (19683*x^2)/32 + (15309*x^3)/16 + (15309*x^4)/16 + (5103*x^5)/8 + (567*x^6)/2 + 81*x^7 + (27*x^8)/2 + x^9 + 19683/512)) - (923241*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(35123200*((405*x)/16 + (135*x^2)/4 + (45*x^3)/2 + (15*x^4)/2 + x^5 + 243/32)) - (152343*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(94119200000*(x + 3/2)) + (35213*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(401408*((729*x)/16 + (1215*x^2)/16 + (135*x^3)/2 + (135*x^4)/4 + 9*x^5 + x^6 + 729/64)) + (80649*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(5378240000*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4)) - (52201*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(344064*((5103*x)/64 + (5103*x^2)/32 + (2835*x^3)/16 + (945*x^4)/8 + (189*x^5)/4 + (21*x^6)/2 + x^7 + 2187/128)) + (55473*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(1536640000*((27*x)/4 + (9*x^2)/2 + x^3 + 27/8))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 521, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}{(3+2x)^{10}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(5/2)/(3+2*x)^10,x)
```

output

```
( - 383904360*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**8 - 1050231420*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**7 + 2
1720802320*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**6 + 881907129810*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 - 34
1259448950*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 404863417035*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 - 14
85946411530*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 - 419683802895*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 5581
83956260*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 708424704*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(3
5) + 9*x - 4)*x**9 + 9563733504*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9
*x - 4)*x**8 + 57382401024*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x -
4)*x**7 + 200838403584*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x
**6 + 451886408064*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**5
+ 677829612096*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**4 + 67
7829612096*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**3 + 435747
607776*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 1634053529
16*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x + 27234225486*sqrt(
35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 708424704*sqrt(35)*log(2*x
+ 3)*x**9 - 9563733504*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**8 - 57382401024*sqrt(35)*l
og(2*x + 3)*x**7 - 200838403584*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**6 - 451886408064*
sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**5 - 677829612096*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**4 - 677
829612096*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**3 - 435747607776*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*
x**2 - 163405352916*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 27234225486*sqrt(35)*log(2*x
+ 3))/(463242937500*(512*x**9 + 6912*x**8 + 41472*x**7 + 145152*x**6 + ...
```


$$3.235 \quad \int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1984
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1984
Rubi [A] (verified)	1985
Maple [A] (verified)	1987
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1987
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1988
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1988
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1989
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1989
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1990

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{1477}{270}(3+2x)^2\sqrt{2+3x^2} + \frac{19}{30}(3+2x)^3\sqrt{2+3x^2} - \frac{1}{15}(3+2x)^4\sqrt{2+3x^2} + \frac{49}{81}(383+99x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} + \frac{343\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
1477/270*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+19/30*(3+2*x)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-1/15*(3+2*x)^4*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+49/81*(383+99*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+343/9*arcsinh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*3^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{405}\sqrt{2+3x^2}(-118513-58860x-12264x^2+540x^3+432x^4) - \frac{343\log(-\sqrt{3}x+\sqrt{2+3x^2})}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

input `Integrate[((5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^4)/Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2], x]`

output `-1/405*(Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(-118513 - 58860*x - 12264*x^2 + 540*x^3 + 432*x^4)) - (343*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/(3*Sqrt[3])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {687, 687, 27, 687, 27, 676, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(5-x)(2x+3)^4}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 687 \\
 & \frac{1}{15} \int \frac{(2x+3)^3(114x+241)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{1}{15}(2x+3)^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 687 \\
 & \frac{1}{15} \left(\frac{1}{12} \int \frac{42(2x+3)^2(211x+174)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{19}{2} \sqrt{3x^2+2}(2x+3)^3 \right) - \frac{1}{15}(2x+3)^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{15} \left(\frac{7}{2} \int \frac{(2x+3)^2(211x+174)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{19}{2} \sqrt{3x^2+2}(2x+3)^3 \right) - \frac{1}{15}(2x+3)^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 687 \\
 & \frac{1}{15} \left(\frac{7}{2} \left(\frac{1}{9} \int \frac{70(2x+3)(99x+43)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{211}{9} \sqrt{3x^2+2}(2x+3)^2 \right) + \frac{19}{2} \sqrt{3x^2+2}(2x+3)^3 \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{15}(2x+3)^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{15} \left(\frac{7}{2} \left(\frac{70}{9} \int \frac{(2x+3)(99x+43)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{211}{9} \sqrt{3x^2+2}(2x+3)^2 \right) + \frac{19}{2} \sqrt{3x^2+2}(2x+3)^3 \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{15}(2x+3)^4\sqrt{3x^2+2}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 676

$$\frac{1}{15} \left(\frac{7}{2} \left(\frac{70}{9} \left(63 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + 33\sqrt{3x^2+2x} + \frac{383}{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) + \frac{211}{9}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(2x+3)^2 \right) + \frac{19}{2}\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) + \frac{1}{15}(2x+3)^4\sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

↓ 222

$$\frac{1}{15} \left(\frac{7}{2} \left(\frac{70}{9} \left(21\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right) + 33\sqrt{3x^2+2x} + \frac{383}{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) + \frac{211}{9}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(2x+3)^2 \right) + \frac{19}{2}\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) + \frac{1}{15}(2x+3)^4\sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^4)/Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2], x]`

output `-1/15*((3 + 2*x)^4*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]) + ((19*(3 + 2*x)^3*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/2 + (7*((211*(3 + 2*x)^2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/9 + (70*((383*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/3 + 33*x*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2] + 21*Sqrt[3]*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x]))/9))/2)/15`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p+1)/(2*c*(p+1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p+1)/(c*(2*p+3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p+3))/(c*(2*p+3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 687

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^(m+1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
], x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(432x^4+540x^3-12264x^2-58860x-118513)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{405} + \frac{343 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9}$
trager	$\left(-\frac{16}{15}x^4 - \frac{4}{3}x^3 + \frac{4088}{135}x^2 + \frac{436}{3}x + \frac{118513}{405}\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{343 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-3\right) \ln\left(-\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-3\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2}\right)}{9}$
default	$\frac{343 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9} + \frac{118513\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{405} + \frac{436x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{4088x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{135} - \frac{4x^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} - \frac{16x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{15}$
meijerg	$135\sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) - \frac{32\sqrt{3} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}(-15x^2+15)\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}}{40} + \frac{3\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)}{4} \right)}{27\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{88\sqrt{2} \left(\frac{4\sqrt{\pi}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{3\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3\sqrt{3}}$

input

```
int((5-x)*(2*x+3)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/405*(432*x^4+540*x^3-12264*x^2-58860*x-118513)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+343/9*ar
csinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{405} (432x^4 + 540x^3 - 12264x^2 - 58860x - 118513)\sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

$$+ \frac{343}{18} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 3x^2 - 1\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/405*(432*x^4 + 540*x^3 - 12264*x^2 - 58860*x - 118513)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)
+ 343/18*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{16x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{15} - \frac{4x^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{4088x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{135} \\ + \frac{436x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{118513\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{405} + \frac{343\sqrt{3}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{9}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)**4/(3*x**2+2)**(1/2),x)`

output `-16*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/15 - 4*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/3 + 4088*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/135 + 436*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/3 + 118513*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/405 + 343*sqrt(3)*asinh(sqrt(6)*x/2)/9`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{16}{15}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4 - \frac{4}{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 \\ + \frac{4088}{135}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 + \frac{436}{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x \\ + \frac{343}{9}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}x\right) + \frac{118513}{405}\sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-16/15*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x^4 - 4/3*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x^3 + 4088/135*sqrt(3*x^2
+ 2)*x^2 + 436/3*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 343/9*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x)
+ 118513/405*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{405} (12((9(4x+5)x - 1022)x - 4905)x - 118513)\sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

$$- \frac{343}{9} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}\right)$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/405*(12*((9*(4*x + 5)*x - 1022)*x - 4905)*x - 118513)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) -
343/9*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{343\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{9}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(-\frac{16x^4}{5} - 4x^3 + \frac{4088x^2}{45} + 436x + \frac{118513}{135}\right)}{3}$$

input

```
int(-(2*x + 3)^4*(x - 5)/(3*x^2 + 2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(343*3^(1/2)*asinh((6^(1/2)*x)/2))/9 + (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*(436*x +
(4088*x^2)/45 - 4*x^3 - (16*x^4)/5 + 118513/135))/3
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{16\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4}{15} - \frac{4\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3}{3} + \frac{4088\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2}{135} + \frac{436\sqrt{3x^2+2}x}{3} + \frac{118513\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{405} + \frac{343\sqrt{3}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{9}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x)`output `(- 432*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 - 540*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 12264*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 58860*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 118513*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 15435*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/405`

$$3.236 \quad \int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1991
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1991
Rubi [A] (verified)	1992
Maple [A] (verified)	1994
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1994
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1995
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1995
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1996
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1996
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1997

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{31}{36}(3+2x)^2\sqrt{2+3x^2} - \frac{1}{12}(3+2x)^3\sqrt{2+3x^2} \\ + \frac{5}{54}(809+171x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} + \frac{275\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
31/36*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-1/12*(3+2*x)^3*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+5/54*(809+171*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+275/9*arcsinh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*3^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{27}\sqrt{2+3x^2}(-2171-585x-12x^2+18x^3) \\ - \frac{275\log(-\sqrt{3}x+\sqrt{2+3x^2})}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^3)/Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2], x]
```


output

$$-1/27*(\text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*x^2]*(-2171 - 585*x - 12*x^2 + 18*x^3)) - (275*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[3]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*x^2]])/(3*\text{Sqrt}[3])$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {687, 27, 687, 27, 676, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(5-x)(2x+3)^3}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 687 \\ & \frac{1}{12} \int \frac{3(2x+3)^2(31x+64)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{1}{12} (2x+3)^3 \sqrt{3x^2+2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(2x+3)^2(31x+64)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{1}{12} (2x+3)^3 \sqrt{3x^2+2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 687 \\ & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \int \frac{10(2x+3)(171x+148)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{31}{9} \sqrt{3x^2+2} (2x+3)^2 \right) - \frac{1}{12} (2x+3)^3 \sqrt{3x^2+2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{10}{9} \int \frac{(2x+3)(171x+148)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{31}{9} \sqrt{3x^2+2} (2x+3)^2 \right) - \frac{1}{12} (2x+3)^3 \sqrt{3x^2+2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 676 \\ & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{10}{9} \left(330 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + 57 \sqrt{3x^2+2} x + \frac{809}{3} \sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) + \frac{31}{9} \sqrt{3x^2+2} (2x+3)^2 \right) - \\ & \quad \frac{1}{12} (2x+3)^3 \sqrt{3x^2+2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 222 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{10}{9} \left(110\sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} x \right) + 57\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + \frac{809}{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) + \frac{31}{9}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(2x+3)^2 \right) - \frac{1}{12}(2x+3)^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^3)/Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2], x]`

output `-1/12*((3 + 2*x)^3*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]) + ((31*(3 + 2*x)^2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/9 + (10*((809*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/3 + 57*x*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2] + 110*Sqrt[3]*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x]))/9)/4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 687 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(18x^3-12x^2-585x-2171)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{27} + \frac{275 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9}$
trager	$\left(-\frac{2}{3}x^3 + \frac{4}{9}x^2 + \frac{65}{3}x + \frac{2171}{27}\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{275 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-3) \ln(\operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}+3x)}{9}$
default	$\frac{275 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9} + \frac{2171\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{27} + \frac{65x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{4x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{9} - \frac{2x^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3}$
meijerg	$45\sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) + \frac{4\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{4\sqrt{\pi}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}(-6x^2+8)\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}}{6}\right)}{9\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{14\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}}{2} - \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\pi}}$

input `int((5-x)*(2*x+3)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/27*(18*x^3-12*x^2-585*x-2171)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+275/9*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{27} (18x^3 - 12x^2 - 585x - 2171)\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \frac{275}{18} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 3x^2 - 1\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/27*(18*x^3 - 12*x^2 - 585*x - 2171)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 275/18*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{2x^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{4x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{9} + \frac{65x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} \\ + \frac{2171\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{27} + \frac{275\sqrt{3}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{9}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)**3/(3*x**2+2)**(1/2),x)`output `-2*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/3 + 4*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/9 + 65*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/3 + 2171*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/27 + 275*sqrt(3)*asinh(sqrt(6)*x/2)/9`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 + \frac{4}{9}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 + \frac{65}{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x \\ + \frac{275}{9}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}x\right) + \frac{2171}{27}\sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2/3*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x^3 + 4/9*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x^2 + 65/3*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 275/9*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) + 2171/27*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{27} (3(2(3x-2)x-195)x-2171)\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{275}{9} \sqrt{3} \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2})$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/27*(3*(2*(3*x - 2)*x - 195)*x - 2171)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 275/9*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{275\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(-2x^3 + \frac{4x^2}{3} + 65x + \frac{2171}{9}\right)}{3}$$

input `int(-((2*x + 3)^3*(x - 5))/(3*x^2 + 2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(275*3^(1/2)*asinh((6^(1/2)*x)/2))/9 + (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*(65*x + (4*x^2)/3 - 2*x^3 + 2171/9))/3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3}{3} + \frac{4\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2}{9} + \frac{65\sqrt{3x^2+2}x}{3} \\ + \frac{2171\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{27} + \frac{275\sqrt{3}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{9}$$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 18*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 12*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 585*sqrt(3*x**2
+ 2)*x + 2171*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 825*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(
3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/27
```

$$3.237 \quad \int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1998
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1998
Rubi [A] (verified)	1999
Maple [A] (verified)	2000
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2001
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2001
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2002
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2002
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2003
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2003

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{9}(3+2x)^2\sqrt{2+3x^2} + \frac{2}{27}(251+36x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} + \frac{127\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

output `-1/9*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+2/27*(251+36*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+127/9*arcsinh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*3^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{27}\sqrt{2+3x^2}(-475-36x+12x^2) - \frac{127\log(-\sqrt{3}x+\sqrt{2+3x^2})}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

input `Integrate[((5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^2)/Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2], x]`

output

$$\frac{-1/27*(\text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*x^2]*(-475 - 36*x + 12*x^2)) - (127*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[3]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*x^2]])}{(3*\text{Sqrt}[3])}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {687, 676, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(5-x)(2x+3)^2}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{687} \\ & \frac{1}{9} \int \frac{(2x+3)(72x+143)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{1}{9}(2x+3)^2 \sqrt{3x^2+2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{676} \\ & \frac{1}{9} \left(381 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + 24\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + \frac{502}{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) - \frac{1}{9}(2x+3)^2 \sqrt{3x^2+2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{222} \\ & \frac{1}{9} \left(127\sqrt{3}\text{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right) + 24\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + \frac{502}{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) - \frac{1}{9}(2x+3)^2 \sqrt{3x^2+2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\frac{(5-x)*(3+2*x)^2}{\text{Sqrt}[2+3*x^2]}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{-1/9*((3+2*x)^2*\text{Sqrt}[2+3*x^2]) + ((502*\text{Sqrt}[2+3*x^2])/3 + 24*x*\text{Sqrt}[2+3*x^2] + 127*\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[3/2]*x])/9}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 222 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[b, 2], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$

rule 676 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (\text{Simp}[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) \ \text{Int}[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 687 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p * \text{Simp}[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p]) \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[f, 0])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(12x^2-36x-475)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{27} + \frac{127 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9}$
default	$\frac{127 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9} + \frac{475\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{27} + \frac{4x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} - \frac{4x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{9}$
trager	$\left(-\frac{4}{9}x^2 + \frac{4}{3}x + \frac{475}{27}\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{127 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-3\right) \ln\left(-\operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-3\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2+3x}\right)}{9}$
meijerg	$15\sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) + \frac{8\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}}{2} - \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\right)}{9\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{17\sqrt{2} \left(-2\sqrt{\pi}+2\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}}$

input $\text{int}((5-x)*(2*x+3)^2/(3*x^2+2)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output
$$-1/27*(12*x^2-36*x-475)*(3*x^2+2)^{(1/2)}+127/9*\operatorname{arcsinh}(1/2*6^{(1/2)}*x)*3^{(1/2)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{27} (12x^2 - 36x - 475) \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} + \frac{127}{18} \sqrt{3} \log \left(-\sqrt{3} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} - 3x^2 - 1 \right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/27*(12*x^2 - 36*x - 475)*\operatorname{sqrt}(3*x^2 + 2) + 127/18*\operatorname{sqrt}(3)*\log(-\operatorname{sqrt}(3)*\operatorname{sqrt}(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{4x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{9} + \frac{4x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{475\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{27} + \frac{127\sqrt{3}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{9}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)**2/(3*x**2+2)**(1/2),x)`

output
$$-4*x**2*\operatorname{sqrt}(3*x**2 + 2)/9 + 4*x*\operatorname{sqrt}(3*x**2 + 2)/3 + 475*\operatorname{sqrt}(3*x**2 + 2)/27 + 127*\operatorname{sqrt}(3)*\operatorname{asinh}(\operatorname{sqrt}(6)*x/2)/9$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{4}{9} \sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 + \frac{4}{3} \sqrt{3x^2+2}x + \frac{127}{9} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{6}x\right) + \frac{475}{27} \sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-4/9*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x^2 + 4/3*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 127/9*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) + 475/27*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{27} (12(x-3)x - 475) \sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{127}{9} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/27*(12*(x - 3)*x - 475)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 127/9*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{127\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}\left(-\frac{4x^2}{3} + 4x + \frac{475}{9}\right)}{3}$$

input `int(-((2*x + 3)^2*(x - 5))/(3*x^2 + 2)^(1/2), x)`output `(127*3^(1/2)*asinh((6^(1/2)*x)/2))/9 + (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*(4*x - (4*x^2)/3 + 475/9))/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{4\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2}{9} + \frac{4\sqrt{3x^2+2}x}{3} + \frac{475\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{27} + \frac{127\sqrt{3}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{9}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2), x)`output `(- 12*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 36*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 475*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)) + 381*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2))/27`

$$3.238 \quad \int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2004
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2004
Rubi [A] (verified)	2005
Maple [A] (verified)	2006
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2006
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2007
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2007
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2007
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2008
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2008

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{3}(7-x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} + \frac{47\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

output `1/3*(7-x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+47/9*arcsinh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*3^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{3}(-7+x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} - \frac{47 \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2+3x^2})}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

input `Integrate[((5 - x)*(3 + 2*x))/Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2], x]`

output `-1/3*((-7 + x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]) - (47*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/(3*Sqrt[3])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {676, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2x+3)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx$$

↓ 676

$$\frac{47}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3x^2+2}x + \frac{7}{3} \sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

↓ 222

$$\frac{47 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{3\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3x^2+2}x + \frac{7}{3} \sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(3 + 2*x))/Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2], x]`

output `(7*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/3 - (x*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/3 + (47*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x])/(3*Sqrt[3])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{(-7+x)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{47 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9}$	28
default	$\frac{47 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9} + \frac{7\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} - \frac{x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3}$	37
trager	$\left(\frac{7}{3} - \frac{x}{3}\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{47 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-3\right) \ln\left(-\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-3\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2}+3x\right)}{9}$	47
meijerg	$5\sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) + \frac{7\sqrt{2}\left(-2\sqrt{\pi}+2\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}\right)}{6\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}}{2} - \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\right)}{9\sqrt{\pi}}$	90

input `int((5-x)*(2*x+3)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*(-7+x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+47/9*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(x-7) + \frac{47}{18}\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x-3x^2-1\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(x - 7) + 47/18*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{7\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{47\sqrt{3}}{9} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)/(3*x**2+2)**(1/2),x)`output `-x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/3 + 7*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/3 + 47*sqrt(3)*asinh(sqrt(6)*x/2)/9`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3x^2+2}x + \frac{47}{9} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{6}x\right) + \frac{7}{3} \sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/3*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 47/9*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) + 7/3*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3x^2+2}(x-7) - \frac{47}{9} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/3*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(x - 7) - 47/9*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{47\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{9} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}(x-7)}{3}$$

input `int(-((2*x + 3)*(x - 5))/(3*x^2 + 2)^(1/2), x)`output `(47*3^(1/2)*asinh((6^(1/2)*x)/2))/9 - (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*(x - 7))/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}x}{3} + \frac{7\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{47\sqrt{3} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{9}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2), x)`output `(- 3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 21*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 47*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/9`

3.239 $\int \frac{5-x}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2009
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2009
Rubi [A] (verified)	2010
Maple [A] (verified)	2011
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2011
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2012
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2012
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2012
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2013
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2013

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \frac{5-x}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{2+3x^2} + \frac{5\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+5/3*arcsinh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*3^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{5-x}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{2+3x^2} - \frac{5 \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2+3x^2})}{\sqrt{3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(5 - x)/Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2], x]
```

output

```
-1/3*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2] - (5*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/Sqrt[3]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {455, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{5-x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$5 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

$$\downarrow 222$$

$$\frac{5 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

input `Int[(5 - x)/Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2],x]`

output `-1/3*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2] + (5*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x])/Sqrt[3]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{5 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{3}$	25
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{5 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{3}$	25
trager	$-\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-3) \ln(\operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}+3x)}{3}$	42
meijerg	$\frac{5\sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(-2\sqrt{\pi}+2\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}\right)}{6\sqrt{\pi}}$	45

input `int((5-x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+5/3*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{5-x}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{5}{6} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 3x^2 - 1\right) - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `5/6*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1) - 1/3*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{5-x}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{5\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{3}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3*x**2+2)**(1/2),x)`output `-sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/3 + 5*sqrt(3)*asinh(sqrt(6)*x/2)/3`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{5-x}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{5}{3} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{6}x\right) - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `5/3*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) - 1/3*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{5-x}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{5}{3} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}\right) - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3x^2+2}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-5/3*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 1/3*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{5-x}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{3}$$

input `int(-(x - 5)/(3*x^2 + 2)^(1/2),x)`output `(5*3^(1/2)*asinh((6^(1/2)*x)/2))/3 - (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{5-x}{\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{3} + \frac{5\sqrt{3} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{3}$$

input `int((5-x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x)`output `(- sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 5*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/3`

$$3.240 \quad \int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2014
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2014
Rubi [A] (verified)	2015
Maple [A] (verified)	2016
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2017
Sympy [F]	2017
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2018
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2018
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2019
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2019

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{13\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{35}}$$

output
$$-1/6*\operatorname{arcsinh}(1/2*x*6^{(1/2)})*3^{(1/2)}-13/70*35^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^{(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^{(1/2)})}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{13\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x-2\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right)}{\sqrt{35}} + \frac{\log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2+3x^2})}{2\sqrt{3}}$$

input
$$\operatorname{Integrate}[(5-x)/((3+2*x)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2+3*x^2]),x]$$

output
$$(13*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(3*\operatorname{Sqrt}[3]+2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[3]*x-2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2+3*x^2])/ \operatorname{Sqrt}[35]])/\operatorname{Sqrt}[35]+ \operatorname{Log}[-(\operatorname{Sqrt}[3]*x)+ \operatorname{Sqrt}[2+3*x^2]]/(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[3])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {719, 222, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{5-x}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{719} \\
 & \frac{13}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{222} \\
 & \frac{13}{2} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{488} \\
 & -\frac{13}{2} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & -\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{13\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{35}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(5 - x)/((3 + 2*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
-1/2*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x]/Sqrt[3] - (13*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])])/(2*Sqrt[35])
```


Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

- rule 222 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[b, 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$

- rule 488 $\text{Int}[1/(((c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2])), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$

- rule 719 $\text{Int}(((d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_))^m) \cdot ((f_ + (g_ \cdot)(x_)) \cdot ((a_ + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^p)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \ \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e \cdot f - d \cdot g)/e \ \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
default	$-\frac{\text{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{6} - \frac{13\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{70}$
trager	$-\frac{13\operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-35\right) \ln\left(-\frac{9\operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-35\right)x-4\operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-35\right)-35\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3}\right)}{70} + \frac{\operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-3\right) \ln\left(-\operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-3\right)\right)}{6}$

input `int((5-x)/(2*x+3)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/6 \cdot \text{arcsinh}(1/2 \cdot 6^{1/2} \cdot x) \cdot 3^{1/2} - 13/70 \cdot 35^{1/2} \cdot \text{arctanh}(2/35 \cdot (4-9 \cdot x) \cdot 35^{1/2}) / (12 \cdot (x+3/2)^2 - 36 \cdot x - 19)^{1/2}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} \sqrt{3} \log \left(\sqrt{3} \sqrt{3x^2+2} x - 3x^2 - 1 \right)$$

$$+ \frac{13}{140} \sqrt{35} \log \left(-\frac{\sqrt{35} \sqrt{3x^2+2} (9x-4) + 93x^2 - 36x + 43}{4x^2 + 12x + 9} \right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1) + 13/140*sqrt(35)*log(-(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = - \int \frac{x}{2x\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 3\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx$$

$$- \int \left(-\frac{5}{2x\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 3\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)/(3*x**2+2)**(1/2),x)`

output `-Integral(x/(2*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-5/(2*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{6}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6x}\right) + \frac{13}{70}\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{6x}}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|}\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/6*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) + 13/70*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3))`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 90 vs. 2(38) = 76.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{6}\sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}\right) + \frac{13}{70}\sqrt{35} \log\left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) + 13/70*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{35} \left(26 \ln \left(x + \frac{3}{2} \right) - 26 \ln \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}} - \frac{4}{9}}{9} \right) \right)}{140} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2} \right)}{6}$$

input `int(-(x - 5)/((2*x + 3)*(3*x^2 + 2)^(1/2)), x)`output `(35^(1/2)*(26*log(x + 3/2) - 26*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9)))/140 - (3^(1/2)*asinh((2^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*x)/2))/6`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{13\sqrt{35} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{3x^2+2}i+2\sqrt{3}ix}{\sqrt{35}-3\sqrt{3}} \right) i}{70} + \frac{13\sqrt{35} \log(4\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{3}x + 3\sqrt{105} + 12x^2 - 27)}{140} - \frac{13\sqrt{35} \log \left(\frac{2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \sqrt{35} + 2\sqrt{3}x + 3\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}} \right)}{70} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \log \left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)}{6}$$

input `int((5-x)/(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2), x)`output `(78*sqrt(35)*atan((2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*i + 2*sqrt(3)*i*x)/(sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3)))*i + 39*sqrt(35)*log(4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(3)*x + 3*sqrt(105) + 12*x**2 - 27) - 78*sqrt(35)*log((2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(35) + 2*sqrt(3)*x + 3*sqrt(3))/sqrt(2)) - 70*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)))/420`

$$3.241 \quad \int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2 \sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2020
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2020
Rubi [A] (verified)	2021
Maple [A] (verified)	2022
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2023
Sympy [F]	2023
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2024
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2024
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2025
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2025

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2 \sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{13\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{35(3+2x)} - \frac{41 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{35\sqrt{35}}$$

output
$$-13*(3*x^2+2)^{(1/2)}/(105+70*x)-41/1225*35^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^{(1/2)}/(3*x^2+2)^{(1/2)})$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2 \sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{13\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{35(3+2x)} + \frac{82 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x-2\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right)}{35\sqrt{35}}$$

input
$$\operatorname{Integrate}[(5-x)/((3+2*x)^2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2+3*x^2]),x]$$

output
$$(-13*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2+3*x^2])/(35*(3+2*x)) + (82*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(3*\operatorname{Sqrt}[3]+2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[3]*x-2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2+3*x^2])/ \operatorname{Sqrt}[35]])/(35*\operatorname{Sqrt}[35])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{5-x}{(2x+3)^2 \sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{679} \\
 & \frac{41}{35} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{35(2x+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{488} \\
 & -\frac{41}{35} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{35(2x+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & -\frac{41 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{35\sqrt{35}} - \frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{35(2x+3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(5 - x)/((3 + 2*x)^2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]),x]`

output `(-13*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(35*(3 + 2*x)) - (41*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/(35*Sqrt[35])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

- rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

- rule 679 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{35(2x+3)} - \frac{41\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{1225}$	50
default	$-\frac{13\sqrt{3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}}}{70\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} - \frac{41\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{1225}$	53
trager	$-\frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{35(2x+3)} + \frac{41 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-35\right) \ln\left(\frac{9 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-35\right)x-4 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-35\right)+35\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3}\right)}{1225}$	66

input `int((5-x)/(2*x+3)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-13/35*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(2*x+3)-41/1225*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{41\sqrt{35}(2x+3)\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(9x-4)+93x^2-36x+43}{4x^2+12x+9}\right) - 910\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2450(2x+3)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2450*(41*sqrt(35)*(2*x + 3)*log(-(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)) - 910*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*x + 3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\int \frac{x}{4x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 9\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx$$

$$- \int \left(-\frac{5}{4x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 9\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)**2/(3*x**2+2)**(1/2),x)`

output `-Integral(x/(4*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 9*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-5/(4*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 9*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2 \sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{41}{1225} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|} \right) - \frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{35(2x+3)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `41/1225*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) - 13/35*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)/(2*x + 3)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 125 vs. $2(44) = 88$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2 \sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2450} \sqrt{35} \left(13 \sqrt{35} \sqrt{3} + 82 \log \left(\sqrt{35} \sqrt{3} - 9 \right) \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right) \\ & \quad - \frac{41 \sqrt{35} \log \left(\sqrt{35} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right) - 9 \right)}{1225 \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)} \\ & \quad - \frac{13 \sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3}}{70 \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2450*sqrt(35)*(13*sqrt(35)*sqrt(3) + 82*log(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3) - 9))*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) - 41/1225*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(35)*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3)) - 9)/sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) - 13/70*sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3)/sgn(1/(2*x + 3))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2 \sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{41 \sqrt{35} \ln\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}{1225} - \frac{41 \sqrt{35} \ln\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{35} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} - \frac{4}{9}}{9}\right)}{1225} - \frac{13 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{70 \left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}$$

input `int(-(x - 5)/((2*x + 3)^2*(3*x^2 + 2)^(1/2)),x)`output `(41*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/1225 - (41*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/1225 - (13*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(70*(x + 3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2 \sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{-455\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 82\sqrt{35} \log(\sqrt{3x^2+2} \sqrt{35} + 9x - 4) x + 123\sqrt{35} \log(\sqrt{3x^2+2} \sqrt{35} + 9x - 4) - 82\sqrt{35} \log(2x+3) x - 123\sqrt{35} \log(2x+3)}{2450x + 3675}$$

input `int((5-x)/(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x)`output `(- 455*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 82*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x + 123*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 82*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 123*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3))/(1225*(2*x + 3))`

3.242 $\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2026
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2026
Rubi [A] (verified)	2027
Maple [A] (verified)	2029
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2029
Sympy [F]	2030
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2030
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2031
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2031
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2032

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{13\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{70(3+2x)^2} - \frac{281\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{2450(3+2x)} - \frac{291\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{1225\sqrt{35}}$$

output

$$-13/70*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^2-281*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(7350+4900*x)-291/42875*35^(1/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{35(649+281x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{(3+2x)^2} + 582\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x-2\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right)}{42875}$$

input

`Integrate[(5 - x)/((3 + 2*x)^3*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]), x]`

output

$$\frac{((-35*(649 + 281*x))*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2 + 3*x^2])/(3 + 2*x)^2 + 582*\operatorname{Sqrt}[35]*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(3*\operatorname{Sqrt}[3] + 2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[3]*x - 2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2 + 3*x^2])/ \operatorname{Sqrt}[35]]}{42875}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {688, 25, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{5-x}{(2x+3)^3 \sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{688} \\
 & -\frac{1}{70} \int -\frac{82-39x}{(2x+3)^2 \sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{70(2x+3)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{70} \int \frac{82-39x}{(2x+3)^2 \sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{70(2x+3)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{679} \\
 & \frac{1}{70} \left(\frac{582}{35} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{281\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{35(2x+3)} \right) - \frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{70(2x+3)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{488} \\
 & \frac{1}{70} \left(-\frac{582}{35} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d \frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{281\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{35(2x+3)} \right) - \frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{70(2x+3)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{1}{70} \left(-\frac{582 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{35\sqrt{35}} - \frac{281\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{35(2x+3)} \right) - \frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{70(2x+3)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(5 - x)/((3 + 2*x)^3*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]),x]`

output `(-13*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(70*(3 + 2*x)^2) + ((-281*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(35*(3 + 2*x))) - (582*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])])/(35*Sqrt[35])/70`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 679 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`
- rule 688 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{843x^3+1947x^2+562x+1298}{1225(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{291\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{42875}$	65
trager	$-\frac{(281x+649)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{1225(2x+3)^2} + \frac{291 \operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2-35) \ln\left(\frac{9 \operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2-35)x-4 \operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2-35)+35\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3}\right)}{42875}$	71
default	$-\frac{13\sqrt{3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}}}{280\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2} - \frac{281\sqrt{3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}}}{4900\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} - \frac{291\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{42875}$	74

input `int((5-x)/(2*x+3)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/1225*(843*x^3+1947*x^2+562*x+1298)/(2*x+3)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-291/42875*35^(1/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{291\sqrt{35}(4x^2+12x+9) \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(9x-4)+93x^2-36x+43}{4x^2+12x+9}\right) - 70\sqrt{3x^2+2}(281x+649)}{85750(4x^2+12x+9)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$1/85750*(291*\operatorname{sqrt}(35)*(4*x^2+12*x+9)*\log(-(\operatorname{sqrt}(35)*\operatorname{sqrt}(3*x^2+2))*(9*x-4)+93*x^2-36*x+43)/(4*x^2+12*x+9))-70*\operatorname{sqrt}(3*x^2+2)*(281*x+649))/(4*x^2+12*x+9)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3 \sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$$

$$= - \int \frac{x}{8x^3 \sqrt{3x^2+2} + 36x^2 \sqrt{3x^2+2} + 54x \sqrt{3x^2+2} + 27 \sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx$$

$$- \int \left(- \frac{5}{8x^3 \sqrt{3x^2+2} + 36x^2 \sqrt{3x^2+2} + 54x \sqrt{3x^2+2} + 27 \sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)**3/(3*x**2+2)**(1/2),x)`

output `-Integral(x/(8*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 36*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 54*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 27*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-5/(8*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 36*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 54*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 27*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3 \sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{291}{42875} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|} \right)$$

$$- \frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{70(4x^2+12x+9)} - \frac{281\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2450(2x+3)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `291/42875*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) - 13/70*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9) - 281/2450*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)/(2*x + 3)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 183 vs. $2(62) = 124$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3 \sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{291}{42875} \sqrt{35} \log \left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) - \frac{1164(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^3 + 6463\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 - 17904\sqrt{3}x + 2248\sqrt{3} + 17904\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{4900 \left((\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 + 3\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) - 2 \right)^2}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `291/42875*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))) - 1/4900*(1164*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^3 + 6463*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 - 17904*sqrt(3)*x + 2248*sqrt(3) + 17904*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 3*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 2)^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3 \sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{291 \sqrt{35} \ln \left(x + \frac{3}{2} \right)}{42875} - \frac{291 \sqrt{35} \ln \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{35} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{9} - \frac{4}{9} \right)}{42875} - \frac{281 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{4900 \left(x + \frac{3}{2} \right)} - \frac{13 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{280 \left(x^2 + 3x + \frac{9}{4} \right)}$$

input `int(-(x - 5)/((2*x + 3)^3*(3*x^2 + 2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `(291*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/42875 - (291*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/42875 - (281*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(4900*(x + 3/2)) - (13*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(280*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3 \sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-9835\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 22715\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 1164\sqrt{35} \log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4) x^2 + 3492\sqrt{35} \log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4) x + 2619\sqrt{35} \log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4) - 1164\sqrt{35} \log(2x + 3) x^2 - 3492\sqrt{35} \log(2x + 3) x - 2619\sqrt{35} \log(2x + 3)}}{(42875(4x^2 + 12x + 9))}$$

input `int((5-x)/(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x)`output `(- 9835*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 22715*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 1164*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 3492*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x + 2619*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 1164*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 3492*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 2619*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3))/(42875*(4*x**2 + 12*x + 9))`

3.243 $\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^4\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2033
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2033
Rubi [A] (verified)	2034
Maple [A] (verified)	2036
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2037
Sympy [F(-1)]	2037
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2037
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2038
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2039
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2039

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^4\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = -\frac{13\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{105(3+2x)^3} - \frac{16\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{245(3+2x)^2} - \frac{10\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{343(3+2x)} - \frac{57\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{1715\sqrt{35}}$$

output

```
-13/105*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^3-16/245*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(3+2*x)^2-10*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(1029+686*x)-57/60025*35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^4\sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{35\sqrt{2+3x^2}(2995+2472x+600x^2)}{(3+2x)^3} + 342\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3x-2}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right)}{180075}$$

input

```
Integrate[(5 - x)/((3 + 2*x)^4*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]), x]
```

output

```
((-35*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(2995 + 2472*x + 600*x^2))/(3 + 2*x)^3 + 342*sqrt[35]
]*ArcTanh[(3*sqrt[3] + 2*sqrt[3]*x - 2*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/sqrt[35]])/180075
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {688, 27, 688, 27, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(2x+3)^4 \sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 688$$

$$-\frac{1}{105} \int -\frac{3(41-26x)}{(2x+3)^3 \sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{105(2x+3)^3}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{35} \int \frac{41-26x}{(2x+3)^3 \sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{105(2x+3)^3}$$

$$\downarrow 688$$

$$\frac{1}{35} \left(-\frac{1}{70} \int -\frac{10(53-48x)}{(2x+3)^2 \sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{16\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{7(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{105(2x+3)^3}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{35} \left(\frac{1}{7} \int \frac{53-48x}{(2x+3)^2 \sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{16\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{7(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{105(2x+3)^3}$$

$$\downarrow 679$$

$$\frac{1}{35} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{57}{7} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{50\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{7(2x+3)} \right) - \frac{16\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{7(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{105(2x+3)^3}$$

$$\downarrow 488$$

$$\frac{1}{35} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(-\frac{57}{7} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{50\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{7(2x+3)} \right) - \frac{16\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{7(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{105(2x+3)^3}$$

$$\frac{1}{35} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(-\frac{57 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{7\sqrt{35}} - \frac{50\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{7(2x+3)} \right) - \frac{16\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{7(2x+3)^2} \right) - \frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{105(2x+3)^3}$$

input `Int[(5 - x)/((3 + 2*x)^4*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]),x]`

output `(-13*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(105*(3 + 2*x)^3) + ((-16*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(7*(3 + 2*x)^2) + ((-50*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(7*(3 + 2*x)) - (57*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])])/(7*Sqrt[35]))/7)/35`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 679 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 688

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))], x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
risch	$-\frac{1800x^4+7416x^3+10185x^2+4944x+5990}{5145(2x+3)^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{57\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{60025}$
trager	$-\frac{(600x^2+2472x+2995)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{5145(2x+3)^3} - \frac{57 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-35\right) \ln\left(-\frac{9 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-35\right)x-4 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-35\right)-35\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3}\right)}{60025}$
default	$-\frac{13\sqrt{3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}}}{840\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^3} - \frac{4\sqrt{3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}}}{245\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2} - \frac{5\sqrt{3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}}}{343\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} - \frac{57\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{60025}$

input

```
int((5-x)/(2*x+3)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/5145*(1800*x^4+7416*x^3+10185*x^2+4944*x+5990)/(2*x+3)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)
)-57/60025*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(
1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^4 \sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{171 \sqrt{35} (8x^3 + 36x^2 + 54x + 27) \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(9x-4)+93x^2-36x+43}{4x^2+12x+9}\right) - 70(600x^2 + 2472x + 2995)\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{360150(8x^3 + 36x^2 + 54x + 27)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/360150*(171*sqrt(35)*(8*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 54*x + 27)*log(-(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)) - 70*(600*x^2 + 2472*x + 2995)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(8*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 54*x + 27)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^4 \sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)**4/(3*x**2+2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^4 \sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{57}{60025} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|}\right)$$

$$- \frac{13\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{105(8x^3+36x^2+54x+27)}$$

$$- \frac{16\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{245(4x^2+12x+9)} - \frac{10\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{343(2x+3)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `57/60025*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) - 13/105*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)/(8*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 54*x + 27) - 16/245*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9) - 10/343*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)/(2*x + 3)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 232 vs. $2(80) = 160$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^4 \sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{57}{60025} \sqrt{35} \log \left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{3} \left(38\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^5 + 855(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^4 + 2250\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^3 - 13290(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 + 3448\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) - 800 \right)}{3430 \left((\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 + 3\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) - 2 \right)^3}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `57/60025*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))) - 1/3430*sqrt(3)*(38*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^5 + 855*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^4 + 2250*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^3 - 13290*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 3448*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 800)/((sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 3*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 2)^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^4 \sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx = \frac{57\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}{60025} - \frac{57\sqrt{35} \ln\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} - \frac{4}{9}}{9}\right)}{60025}$$

$$- \frac{5\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{343\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)} - \frac{4\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{245\left(x^2 + 3x + \frac{9}{4}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{13\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{840\left(x^3 + \frac{9x^2}{2} + \frac{27x}{4} + \frac{27}{8}\right)}$$

input `int(-(x - 5)/((2*x + 3)^4*(3*x^2 + 2)^(1/2)),x)`output `(57*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/60025 - (57*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/60025 - (5*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(343*(x + 3/2)) - (4*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(245*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4)) - (13*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(840*((27*x)/4 + (9*x^2)/2 + x^3 + 27/8))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^4 \sqrt{2+3x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-21000\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}x^2 - 86520\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}x - 104825\sqrt{3x^2 + 2} + 1368\sqrt{35} \log(\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)}{x^5}$$

input `int((5-x)/(3+2*x)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 21000*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 - 86520*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 104825*sqrt(3
*x**2 + 2) + 1368*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**3 +
 6156*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 9234*sqrt(3
5)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x + 4617*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x
**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 1368*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**3 - 6156*sqrt
(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 9234*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 4617*sqrt(35)*log(
2*x + 3))/(180075*(8*x**3 + 36*x**2 + 54*x + 27))
```

3.244 $\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2041
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2041
Rubi [A] (verified)	2042
Maple [A] (verified)	2044
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2044
Sympy [F]	2045
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2045
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2046
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2046
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2047

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{7(2-7x)(3+2x)^3}{6\sqrt{2+3x^2}} - \frac{151}{27}(3+2x)^2\sqrt{2+3x^2} - \frac{10}{81}(185+207x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} + \frac{880\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
-7/6*(2-7*x)*(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-151/27*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-10/81*(185+207*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+880/9*arcsinh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*3^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{33914 + 14715x - 15024x^2 + 432x^3 + 288x^4}{162\sqrt{2+3x^2}} - \frac{880 \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2+3x^2})}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^4)/(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

$$-1/162*(33914 + 14715*x - 15024*x^2 + 432*x^3 + 288*x^4)/\text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*x^2] - (880*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[3]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*x^2]])/(3*\text{Sqrt}[3])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {684, 27, 687, 27, 676, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2x+3)^4}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 684$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{2(36-151x)(2x+3)^2}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^3}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(36-151x)(2x+3)^2}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^3}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{9} \int \frac{10(218-207x)(2x+3)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{151}{9} (2x+3)^2 \sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^3}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{10}{9} \int \frac{(218-207x)(2x+3)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{151}{9} (2x+3)^2 \sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^3}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

$$\downarrow 676$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{10}{9} \left(792 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - 69\sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{185}{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) - \frac{151}{9} (2x+3)^2 \sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^3}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

$$\downarrow 222$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{10}{9} \left(264\sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} x \right) - 69\sqrt{3x^2+2x} - \frac{185}{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) - \frac{151}{9}(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^3}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^4)/(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(-7*(2 - 7*x)*(3 + 2*x)^3)/(6*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]) + ((-151*(3 + 2*x)^2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/9 + (10*((-185*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/3 - 69*x*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2] + 264*Sqrt[3]*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x]))/9)/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 684 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2] && EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])`

rule 687

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

method	result
risch	$-\frac{288x^4+432x^3-15024x^2+14715x+33914}{162\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{880 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9}$
trager	$-\frac{288x^4+432x^3-15024x^2+14715x+33914}{162\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{880 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-3\right) \ln\left(-\operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-3\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2}+3x\right)}{9}$
default	$-\frac{545x}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{880 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9} + \frac{2504x^2}{27\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{16957}{81\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{8x^3}{3\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{16x^4}{9\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$
meijerg	$\frac{405\sqrt{2}x}{4\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}} - \frac{32\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{15x^2}{2}+15\right)}{20\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}} - \frac{3\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)}{2} \right)}{27\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{88\sqrt{2} \left(-2\sqrt{\pi} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}(6x^2+8)}{4\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}} \right)}{3\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{96\sqrt{3} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}} \right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}}$

input

```
int((5-x)*(2*x+3)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/162*(288*x^4+432*x^3-15024*x^2+14715*x+33914)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+880/9*arc
sinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{7920\sqrt{3}(3x^2+2) \log(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x-3x^2-1) - (288x^4+432x^3-15024x^2+14715x+33914)\sqrt{3}}{162(3x^2+2)}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/162*(7920*sqrt(3)*(3*x^2 + 2)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1) - (288*x^4 + 432*x^3 - 15024*x^2 + 14715*x + 33914)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(3*x^2 + 2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx &= - \int \left(-\frac{999x}{3x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx \\ &- \int \left(-\frac{864x^2}{3x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx \\ &- \int \left(-\frac{264x^3}{3x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx - \int \frac{16x^4}{3x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \\ &- \int \frac{16x^5}{3x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \int \left(-\frac{405}{3x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)**4/(3*x**2+2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
-Integral(-999*x/(3*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-864*x**2/(3*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-264*x**3/(3*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(16*x**4/(3*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(16*x**5/(3*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-405/(3*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx &= -\frac{16x^4}{9\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{8x^3}{3\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{2504x^2}{27\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \\ &+ \frac{880}{9}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6x}\right) - \frac{545x}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{16957}{81\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$-16/9*x^4/\sqrt{3*x^2 + 2} - 8/3*x^3/\sqrt{3*x^2 + 2} + 2504/27*x^2/\sqrt{3*x^2 + 2} + 880/9*\sqrt{3}*\operatorname{arcsinh}(1/2*\sqrt{6}*x) - 545/6*x/\sqrt{3*x^2 + 2} - 16957/81/\sqrt{3*x^2 + 2}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{880}{9} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}\right) - \frac{3(16(3(2x+3)x - 313)x + 4905)x + 33914}{162\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-880/9*\sqrt{3}*\log(-\sqrt{3}*x + \sqrt{3*x^2 + 2}) - 1/162*(3*(16*(3*(2*x + 3)*x - 313)*x + 4905)*x + 33914)/\sqrt{3*x^2 + 2}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{880\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)}{9} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}\left(\frac{16x^2}{9} + \frac{8x}{3} - \frac{2536}{27}\right)}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6}(-44058 + \sqrt{6}4809i)\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \operatorname{li}}{1944\left(x + \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6}(44058 + \sqrt{6}4809i)\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \operatorname{li}}{1944\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)}$$

input

```
int(-((2*x + 3)^4*(x - 5))/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(880*3^(1/2)*asinh((2^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*x)/2))/9 - (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*
((8*x)/3 + (16*x^2)/9 - 2536/27))/3 + (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(6^(1/2)*4809i - 44
058)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*1i)/(1944*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) + (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*
(6^(1/2)*4809i + 44058)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*1i)/(1944*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-288\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4 - 432\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 + 15024\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 - 14715\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 33914\sqrt{3}}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 288*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 - 432*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 15024*sqrt(3*x
**2 + 2)*x**2 - 14715*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 33914*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 47520*
sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2))*x**2 + 31680*sqrt(3)*l
og((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)) - 14499*sqrt(3)*x**2 - 9666*sq
rt(3))/(162*(3*x**2 + 2))
```


$$3.245 \quad \int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2048
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2048
Rubi [A] (verified)	2049
Maple [A] (verified)	2050
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2051
Sympy [F]	2051
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2052
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2052
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2053
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2053

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{7(2-7x)(3+2x)^2}{6\sqrt{2+3x^2}} - \frac{2}{9}(131+51x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} + \frac{134\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
-7/6*(2-7*x)*(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-2/9*(131+51*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+134/9*arcsinh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*3^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{1426-411x-24x^2+24x^3}{18\sqrt{2+3x^2}} - \frac{134\log(-\sqrt{3}x+\sqrt{2+3x^2})}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3)/(2+3*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$-1/18*(1426 - 411*x - 24*x^2 + 24*x^3)/\text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*x^2] - (134*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[3]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*x^2]])/(3*\text{Sqrt}[3])$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {684, 27, 676, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2x+3)^3}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 684$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{4(11-51x)(2x+3)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^2}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(11-51x)(2x+3)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^2}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

$$\downarrow 676$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(67 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - 17\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - \frac{131}{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^2}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

$$\downarrow 222$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{67 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{3}} - 17\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - \frac{131}{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^2}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(5-x)*(3+2*x)^3/(2+3*x^2)^(3/2),x]$$

output

$$(-7*(2-7*x)*(3+2*x)^2)/(6*\text{Sqrt}[2+3*x^2]) + (2*((-131*\text{Sqrt}[2+3*x^2])/3 - 17*x*\text{Sqrt}[2+3*x^2] + (67*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[3/2]*x])/3))/3$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 222 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[b, 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$

rule 676 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))*((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (\text{Simp}[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) \text{ Int}[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 684 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*}((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 2)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*\text{Simp}[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[d, 0] \ || \ (\text{EqQ}[m, 2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[p, -3] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, c, d, e, f, g]) \ || \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result
risch	$-\frac{24x^3-24x^2-411x+1426}{18\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{134 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9}$
trager	$-\frac{24x^3-24x^2-411x+1426}{18\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{134 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-3\right) \ln\left(\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-3\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2}+3x\right)}{9}$
default	$\frac{137x}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{134 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9} + \frac{4x^2}{3\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{713}{9\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{4x^3}{3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$
meijerg	$\frac{135\sqrt{2}x}{4\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}} + \frac{4\sqrt{2}\left(-2\sqrt{\pi} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}(6x^2+8)}{4\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}}\right)}{9\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{14\sqrt{3}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}} + \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{81\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{\pi} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} -$

input `int((5-x)*(2*x+3)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/18*(24*x^3-24*x^2-411*x+1426)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+134/9*\operatorname{arcsinh}(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{134\sqrt{3}(3x^2+2)\log(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x-3x^2-1) - (24x^3 - 24x^2 - 411x + 1426)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{18(3x^2+2)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$1/18*(134*\sqrt{3}*(3*x^2+2)*\log(-\sqrt{3}*\sqrt{3*x^2+2}*x-3*x^2-1) - (24*x^3-24*x^2-411*x+1426)*\sqrt{3*x^2+2})/(3*x^2+2)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx &= - \int \left(-\frac{243x}{3x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx \\ &- \int \left(-\frac{126x^2}{3x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx - \int \left(-\frac{4x^3}{3x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx \\ &- \int \frac{8x^4}{3x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \int \left(-\frac{135}{3x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)**3/(3*x**2+2)**(3/2),x)`

output
$$-\operatorname{Integral}(-243*x/(3*x**2*\sqrt{3*x**2+2} + 2*\sqrt{3*x**2+2}), x) - \operatorname{Integral}(-126*x**2/(3*x**2*\sqrt{3*x**2+2} + 2*\sqrt{3*x**2+2}), x) - \operatorname{Integral}(-4*x**3/(3*x**2*\sqrt{3*x**2+2} + 2*\sqrt{3*x**2+2}), x) - \operatorname{Integral}(8*x**4/(3*x**2*\sqrt{3*x**2+2} + 2*\sqrt{3*x**2+2}), x) - \operatorname{Integral}(-135/(3*x**2*\sqrt{3*x**2+2} + 2*\sqrt{3*x**2+2}), x)$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{4x^3}{3\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{4x^2}{3\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{134}{9}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6x}\right) + \frac{137x}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{713}{9\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-4/3*x^3/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 4/3*x^2/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 134/9*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) + 137/6*x/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 713/9/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{134}{9}\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}\right) - \frac{3(8(x-1)x - 137)x + 1426}{18\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-134/9*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 1/18*(3*(8*(x - 1)*x - 137)*x + 1426)/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{134\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)}{9} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{4x}{3} - \frac{4}{3}\right) \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6}(-12978 + \sqrt{6}1281i) \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} i}{1944\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6}(12978 + \sqrt{6}1281i) \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} i}{1944\left(x + \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)}$$

input `int(-((2*x + 3)^3*(x - 5))/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2),x)`output `(134*3^(1/2)*asinh((2^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*x)/2))/9 - (3^(1/2)*((4*x)/3 - 4/3)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/3 - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(6^(1/2)*1281i - 12978)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*i)/(1944*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(6^(1/2)*1281i + 12978)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*i)/(1944*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-24\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 + 24\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 + 411\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 1426\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 804\sqrt{3}}{54x^2 + 36}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x)`output `(-24*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 24*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 411*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 1426*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 804*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2))*x**2 + 536*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)) + 423*sqrt(3)*x**2 + 282*sqrt(3))/(18*(3*x**2 + 2))`

$$3.246 \quad \int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2054
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2054
Rubi [A] (verified)	2055
Maple [A] (verified)	2056
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2057
Sympy [F]	2057
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2058
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2058
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2058
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2059

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{7(2-7x)(3+2x)}{6\sqrt{2+3x^2}} - \frac{53}{9}\sqrt{2+3x^2} + \frac{8\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
-7/6*(2-7*x)*(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-53/9*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+8/9*arcsinh(1/2*
x*6^(1/2))*3^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{338-357x+24x^2}{18\sqrt{2+3x^2}} - \frac{8\log(-\sqrt{3}x+\sqrt{2+3x^2})}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^2)/(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/18*(338 - 357*x + 24*x^2)/Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2] - (8*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[
2 + 3*x^2]])/(3*Sqrt[3])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {684, 27, 455, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(5-x)(2x+3)^2}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{684} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{2(8-53x)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{8-53x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{53}{3} \sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{222} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{8 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{53}{3} \sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^2)/(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(-7*(2 - 7*x)*(3 + 2*x))/(6*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]) + ((-53*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/3 + (8*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x])/Sqrt[3])/3
```


Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 222 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[b, 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$

rule 455 $\text{Int}[((c_*) + (d_*)(x_))*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/(2*b*(p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 684 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}*((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 2)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*\text{Simp}[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[d, 0] \ || \ (\text{EqQ}[m, 2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[p, -3] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, c, d, e, f, g]) \ || \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{24x^2-357x+338}{18\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{8 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9}$	35
default	$\frac{119x}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{8 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9} - \frac{4x^2}{3\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{169}{9\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$	51
trager	$-\frac{24x^2-357x+338}{18\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{8 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-3\right) \ln\left(\operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-3\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2}+3x\right)}{9}$	52
meijerg	$\frac{45\sqrt{2}x}{4\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}} + \frac{8\sqrt{3}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}} + \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\right)}{9\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{17\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{\pi} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{4\sqrt{2}\left(-2\sqrt{\pi} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}(6x^2+8)}{4\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}}\right)}{9\sqrt{\pi}}$	12

input `int((5-x)*(2*x+3)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/18*(24*x^2-357*x+338)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+8/9*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{3}(3x^2+2)\log(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x-3x^2-1) - (24x^2-357x+338)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{18(3x^2+2)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/18*(8*sqrt(3)*(3*x^2 + 2)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1) - (24*x^2 - 357*x + 338)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(3*x^2 + 2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \\ & - \int \left(-\frac{51x}{3x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx - \int \left(-\frac{8x^2}{3x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx \\ & - \int \frac{4x^3}{3x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \int \left(-\frac{45}{3x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)**2/(3*x**2+2)**(3/2),x)`

output `-Integral(-51*x/(3*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-8*x**2/(3*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(4*x**3/(3*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-45/(3*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{4x^2}{3\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{8}{9}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}x\right) + \frac{119x}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{169}{9\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-4/3*x^2/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 8/9*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) + 119/6*x/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 169/9/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{8}{9}\sqrt{3}\log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}\right) - \frac{3(8x-119)x+338}{18\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-8/9*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 1/18*(3*(8*x - 119)*x + 338)/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{3}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)}{9} - \frac{4\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{9} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6}(-966+\sqrt{6}357i)\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}\operatorname{li}}{648\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6}(966+\sqrt{6}357i)\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}\operatorname{li}}{648\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)}$$

input `int(-((2*x + 3)^2*(x - 5))/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(8*3^(1/2)*asinh((2^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*x)/2))/9 - (4*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(6^(1/2)*357i - 966)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*1i)/(648*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(6^(1/2)*357i + 966)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*1i)/(648*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-24\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 + 357\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 338\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 48\sqrt{3}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)x^2}{54x^2+36}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(- 24*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 357*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 338*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 48*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2))*x**2 + 32*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)) + 357*sqrt(3)*x**2 + 238*sqrt(3))/(18*(3*x**2 + 2))`

$$3.247 \quad \int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2060
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2060
Rubi [A] (verified)	2061
Maple [A] (verified)	2062
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2062
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2063
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2063
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2064
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2064
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2065

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{7(2-7x)}{6\sqrt{2+3x^2}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

output `1/6*(-14+49*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-2/9*arcsinh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*3^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{7(-2+7x)}{6\sqrt{2+3x^2}} + \frac{2\log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2+3x^2})}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

input `Integrate[((5 - x)*(3 + 2*x))/(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(7*(-2 + 7*x))/(6*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]) + (2*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/(3*Sqrt[3])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {675, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2x+3)}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 675$$

$$-\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{49x}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{7}{3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

$$\downarrow 222$$

$$-\frac{2\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{3\sqrt{3}} + \frac{49x}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{7}{3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(3 + 2*x))/(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `-7/(3*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]) + (49*x)/(6*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]) - (2*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x])/(3*Sqrt[3])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 675 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] + (-Simp[(c*d*f - a*e*g)*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] && NiceSqrtQ[(-a)*c])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{-\frac{7}{3} + \frac{49x}{6}}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9}$	30
default	$\frac{49x}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9} - \frac{7}{3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$	37
trager	$\frac{-\frac{7}{3} + \frac{49x}{6}}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-3) \ln(\operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2-3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}+3x)}{9}$	47
meijerg	$\frac{15\sqrt{2}x}{4\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}} + \frac{7\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{\pi} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}}\right)}{6\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}} + \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\right)}{9\sqrt{\pi}}$	87

input `int((5-x)*(2*x+3)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `7/6*(-2+7*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-2/9*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 62 vs. 2(29) = 58.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{3}(3x^2+2) \log(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 3x^2 - 1) + 21\sqrt{3x^2+2}(7x-2)}{18(3x^2+2)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/18*(2*sqrt(3)*(3*x^2 + 2)*log(sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1) + 21*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(7*x - 2))/(3*x^2 + 2)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 99 vs. 2(36) = 72.

Time = 6.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{6\sqrt{3}x^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{27x^2+18} + \frac{6x\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{27x^2+18}$$

$$+ \frac{15x}{2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{4\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{27x^2+18} - \frac{7}{3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)/(3*x**2+2)**(3/2), x)`

output `-6*sqrt(3)*x**2*asinh(sqrt(6)*x/2)/(27*x**2 + 18) + 6*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)/(27*x**2 + 18) + 15*x/(2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)) - 4*sqrt(3)*asinh(sqrt(6)*x/2)/(27*x**2 + 18) - 7/(3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{9} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{6}x\right) + \frac{49x}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{7}{3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/9*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) + 49/6*x/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 7/3/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{9} \sqrt{3} \log \left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) + \frac{7(7x-2)}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/9*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) + 7/6*(7*x - 2)/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)}{9} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6}(-126 + \sqrt{6}147i) \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \operatorname{li}}{648 \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{6}i}{3}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6}(126 + \sqrt{6}147i) \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \operatorname{li}}{648 \left(x + \frac{\sqrt{6}i}{3}\right)}$$

input `int(-((2*x + 3)*(x - 5))/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2),x)`output `- (2*3^(1/2)*asinh((2^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*x)/2))/9 - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(6^(1/2)*147i - 126)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*1i)/(648*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(6^(1/2)*147i + 126)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*1i)/(648*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{147\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 42\sqrt{3x^2+2} - 12\sqrt{3}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)x^2 - 8\sqrt{3}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2}+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{54x^2+36}$$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(147*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 42*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - 12*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2))*x**2 - 8*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)) + 147*sqrt(3)*x**2 + 98*sqrt(3))/(18*(3*x**2 + 2))
```

$$3.248 \quad \int \frac{5-x}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2066
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2066
Rubi [A] (verified)	2067
Maple [A] (verified)	2068
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2068
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2069
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2069
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2069
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2070
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2070

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2+15x}{6\sqrt{2+3x^2}}$$

output `1/6*(2+15*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2+15x}{6\sqrt{2+3x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(5 - x)/(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(2 + 15*x)/(6*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$, Rules used = {453}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 453

$$\frac{15x+2}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input `Int[(5 - x)/(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2 + 15*x)/(6*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 453 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-(a*d - b*c*x)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2+15x}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$	17
trager	$\frac{2+15x}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$	17
risch	$\frac{2+15x}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$	17
default	$\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{5x}{2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$	25
orering	$-\frac{(2+15x)(5-x)}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}(-5+x)}$	27
meijerg	$\frac{5\sqrt{2}x}{4\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{\pi} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{\sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{2}+1}}\right)}{6\sqrt{\pi}}$	43

input `int((5-x)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*(2+15*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{15x+2}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(15*x + 2)/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{5x}{2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3*x**2+2)**(3/2),x)`output `5*x/(2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)) + 1/(3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{5x}{2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `5/2*x/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 1/3/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{15x+2}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*(15*x + 2)/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{5x}{2} + \frac{1}{3}}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input `int(-(x - 5)/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2),x)`output `((5*x)/2 + 1/3)/(3*x^2 + 2)^(1/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 15\sqrt{3}x^2 + 10\sqrt{3}}{18x^2 + 12}$$

input `int((5-x)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x)`output `(15*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 15*sqrt(3)*x**2 + 10*sqrt(3))/ (6*(3*x**2 + 2))`

3.249 $\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2071
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2071
Rubi [A] (verified)	2072
Maple [A] (verified)	2073
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2074
Sympy [F]	2074
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2075
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2075
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2076
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2076

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{26+41x}{70\sqrt{2+3x^2}} - \frac{26\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{35\sqrt{35}}$$

output

`1/70*(26+41*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-26/1225*35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{26+41x}{70\sqrt{2+3x^2}} + \frac{52\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3x-2}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right)}{35\sqrt{35}}$$

input

`Integrate[(5-x)/((3+2*x)*(2+3*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output

`(26+41*x)/(70*Sqrt[2+3*x^2])+(52*ArcTanh[(3*Sqrt[3]+2*Sqrt[3]*x-2*Sqrt[2+3*x^2])/Sqrt[35]])/(35*Sqrt[35])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {686, 27, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{5-x}{(2x+3)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{686} \\
 & \frac{41x+26}{70\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{1}{210} \int -\frac{156}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{26}{35} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{41x+26}{70\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{488} \\
 & \frac{41x+26}{70\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{26}{35} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{41x+26}{70\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{26 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{35\sqrt{35}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(5 - x)/((3 + 2*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

output `(26 + 41*x)/(70*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]) - (26*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(sqrt[35]*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/(35*sqrt[35])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

- rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

- rule 686 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{26+41x}{70\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{26\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{1225}$	48
trager	$\frac{26+41x}{70\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{26 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-35\right) \ln\left(\frac{9 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-35\right) x-4 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-35\right)+35\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3}\right)}{1225}$	64
default	$-\frac{x}{4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{13}{35\sqrt{3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}}} + \frac{117x}{140\sqrt{3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}}} - \frac{26\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{1225}$	77

input `int((5-x)/(2*x+3)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{70} \cdot \frac{(26+41x)}{(3x^2+2)^{1/2}} - \frac{26}{1225} \cdot 35^{1/2} \cdot \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2}{35} \cdot (4-9x) \cdot 35^{1/2}\right) - \frac{1/2}{(12 \cdot (x+3/2)^2 - 36x - 19)^{1/2}}$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{26\sqrt{35}(3x^2+2)\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(9x-4)+93x^2-36x+43}{4x^2+12x+9}\right) + 35\sqrt{3x^2+2}(41x+26)}{2450(3x^2+2)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{2450} \cdot \frac{(26 \cdot \sqrt{35} \cdot (3x^2 + 2) \cdot \log(-(\sqrt{35} \cdot \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} \cdot (9x - 4) + 93x^2 - 36x + 43)/(4x^2 + 12x + 9)) + 35 \cdot \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} \cdot (41x + 26))}{(3x^2 + 2)}$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{6x^3\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 9x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4x\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \int \left(-\frac{5}{6x^3\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 9x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4x\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)/(3*x**2+2)**(3/2),x)`

output `-Integral(x/(6*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 9*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 6*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-5/(6*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 9*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 6*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{26}{1225} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|} \right) + \frac{41x}{70\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{13}{35\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `26/1225*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) + 41/70*x/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 13/35/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{26}{1225} \sqrt{35} \log \left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) + \frac{41x+26}{70\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `26/1225*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))) + 1/70*(41*x + 26)/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{35} \left(26 \ln \left(x + \frac{3}{2} \right) - 26 \ln \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}} - \frac{4}{9}}{9} \right) \right)}{1225} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6}(-234 + \sqrt{6}123i)\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}} \operatorname{li}}{7560 \left(x + \frac{\sqrt{6}i}{3} \right)} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6}(234 + \sqrt{6}123i)\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}} \operatorname{li}}{7560 \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{6}i}{3} \right)}$$

input `int(-(x - 5)/((2*x + 3)*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)),x)`output `(35^(1/2)*(26*log(x + 3/2) - 26*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9)))/1225 - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(6^(1/2)*123i - 234)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*1i)/(7560*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(6^(1/2)*123i + 234)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*1i)/(7560*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.57

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{468\sqrt{35} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3x^2+2}i+2\sqrt{3}ix}{\sqrt{35}-3\sqrt{3}}\right) i x^2 + 312\sqrt{35} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3x^2+2}i+2\sqrt{3}ix}{\sqrt{35}-3\sqrt{3}}\right) i + 4305\sqrt{35} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3x^2+2}i+2\sqrt{3}ix}{\sqrt{35}-3\sqrt{3}}\right) i}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((5-x)/(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x)`output `(468*sqrt(35)*atan((2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*i + 2*sqrt(3)*i*x)/(sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3)))*i*x**2 + 312*sqrt(35)*atan((2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*i + 2*sqrt(3)*i*x)/(sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3)))*i + 4305*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 2730*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 234*sqrt(35)*log(4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(3)*x + 3*sqrt(105) + 12*x**2 - 27)*x**2 + 156*sqrt(35)*log(4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(3)*x + 3*sqrt(105) + 12*x**2 - 27) - 468*sqrt(35)*log((2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(35) + 2*sqrt(3)*x + 3*sqrt(3))/sqrt(2))*x**2 - 312*sqrt(35)*log((2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(35) + 2*sqrt(3)*x + 3*sqrt(3))/sqrt(2)) + 4305*sqrt(3)*x**2 + 2870*sqrt(3))/(7350*(3*x**2 + 2))`

3.250 $\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2077
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2077
Rubi [A] (verified)	2078
Maple [A] (verified)	2080
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2080
Sympy [F]	2081
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2081
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2082
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2082
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2083

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{13}{35(3+2x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}} + \frac{632+57x}{2450\sqrt{2+3x^2}} - \frac{632\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{1225\sqrt{35}}$$

output -13/35/(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+1/2450*(632+57*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-632/42875*35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{35(986+1435x+114x^2)}{(3+2x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}} - \frac{1264\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{85750}$$

input Integrate[(5 - x)/((3 + 2*x)^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2)),x]

output

```
((35*(986 + 1435*x + 114*x^2))/((3 + 2*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]) - 1264*Sqrt[35]
*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])])/85750
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {686, 27, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(2x+3)^2(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 686$$

$$\frac{41x+26}{70(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{1}{210} \int -\frac{6(41x+52)}{(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{35} \int \frac{41x+52}{(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{41x+26}{70(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

$$\downarrow 679$$

$$\frac{1}{35} \left(\frac{632}{35} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{19\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{35(2x+3)} \right) + \frac{41x+26}{70(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

$$\downarrow 488$$

$$\frac{1}{35} \left(\frac{19\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{35(2x+3)} - \frac{632}{35} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) + \frac{41x+26}{70(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{1}{35} \left(\frac{19\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{35(2x+3)} - \frac{632 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{35\sqrt{35}} \right) + \frac{41x+26}{70(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input

```
Int[(5 - x)/((3 + 2*x)^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2)), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(26 + 41x)}{(70(3 + 2x)\sqrt{2 + 3x^2})} + \frac{((19\sqrt{2 + 3x^2})/(35(3 + 2x))) - (632\text{ArcTanh}[(4 - 9x)/(\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2 + 3x^2})])}{(35\sqrt{35})}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 488

$$\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_*)(x_))*\sqrt{(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\sqrt{a + b*x^2}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$$

rule 679

$$\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_.) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + 2*p + 3], 0]$$

rule 686

$$\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_.) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*\text{Simp}[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
risch	$\frac{114x^2+1435x+986}{2450(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{632\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{42875}$
default	$-\frac{13}{70\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)\sqrt{3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}}} + \frac{316}{1225\sqrt{3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}}} + \frac{57x}{2450\sqrt{3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}}} - \frac{632\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{42875}$
trager	$\frac{(114x^2+1435x+986)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{14700x^3+22050x^2+9800x+14700} + \frac{632 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-35\right) \ln\left(\frac{9 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-35\right)x-4 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-35\right)+35\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3}\right)}{42875}$

input `int((5-x)/(2*x+3)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/2450*(114*x^2+1435*x+986)/(2*x+3)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-632/42875*35^(1/2)*arc
tanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{632\sqrt{35}(6x^3+9x^2+4x+6) \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(9x-4)+93x^2-36x+43}{4x^2+12x+9}\right) + 35(114x^2+1435x+986)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{85750(6x^3+9x^2+4x+6)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/85750*(632*sqrt(35)*(6*x^3 + 9*x^2 + 4*x + 6)*log(-(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2
+ 2)*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)) + 35*(114*x^2 + 1
435*x + 986)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(6*x^3 + 9*x^2 + 4*x + 6)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\int \frac{x}{12x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 36x^3\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 35x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 24x\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 18\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx$$

$$-\int \left(-\frac{5}{12x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 36x^3\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 35x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 24x\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 18\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)**2/(3*x**2+2)**(3/2),x)`

output `-Integral(x/(12*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 36*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 35*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 24*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 18*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-5/(12*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 36*x**3*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 35*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 24*x*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 18*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{632}{42875} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{57x}{2450\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{316}{1225\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{13}{35(2\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + 3\sqrt{3x^2+2})}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `632/42875*sqrt(35)*arsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) + 57/2450*x/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 316/1225/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 13/35/(2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 3*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 168 vs. $2(60) = 120$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{85750} \sqrt{35} \left(19 \sqrt{35} \sqrt{3} - 1264 \log \left(\sqrt{35} \sqrt{3} - 9 \right) \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{\frac{1093}{\operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)} - \frac{1820}{(2x+3) \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)}}{2x+3} + \frac{57}{\operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)}$$

$$+ \frac{2450 \sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3}}{632 \sqrt{35} \log \left(\sqrt{35} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right) - 9 \right)}$$

$$- \frac{42875 \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)}{42875 \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/85750*sqrt(35)*(19*sqrt(35)*sqrt(3) - 1264*log(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3) - 9))*sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) + 1/2450*((1093/sgn(1/(2*x + 3))) - 1820/((2*x + 3)*sgn(1/(2*x + 3))))/(2*x + 3) + 57/sgn(1/(2*x + 3)))/sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) - 632/42875*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(35)*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3)) - 9)/sgn(1/(2*x + 3))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{632 \sqrt{35} \ln \left(x + \frac{3}{2} \right)}{42875}$$

$$- \frac{632 \sqrt{35} \ln \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{35} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{9} - \frac{4}{9} \right)}{42875} + \frac{71 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{4900 \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{6} \operatorname{li}}{3} \right)} + \frac{71 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{4900 \left(x + \frac{\sqrt{6} \operatorname{li}}{3} \right)}$$

$$- \frac{26 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{1225 \left(x + \frac{3}{2} \right)} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{6} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} 199i}{14700 \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{6} \operatorname{li}}{3} \right)} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{6} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} 199i}{14700 \left(x + \frac{\sqrt{6} \operatorname{li}}{3} \right)}$$

input `int(-(x - 5)/((2*x + 3)^2*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `(632*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/42875 - (632*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)
)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/42875 + (71*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(490
0*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) + (71*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(4900*(x + (6^(1/
2)*1i)/3)) - (26*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(1225*(x + 3/2)) - (3^(1/2)*6^(
1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*199i)/(14700*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) + (3^(1/2)*6^(1/
2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*199i)/(14700*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3990\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 + 50225\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + 34510\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 7584\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2})}{(85750(6x^3+9x^2+4x+6))}$$

input `int((5-x)/(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(3990*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 50225*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 34510*sqrt(3*x**2
+ 2) + 7584*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**3 + 1137
6*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 5056*sqrt(35)*l
og(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x + 7584*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2
+ 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 7584*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**3 - 11376*sqrt(35
)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 5056*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 7584*sqrt(35)*log(2*x
+ 3))/(85750*(6*x**3 + 9*x**2 + 4*x + 6))`

3.251 $\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2084
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2084
Rubi [A] (verified)	2085
Maple [A] (verified)	2087
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2088
Sympy [F(-1)]	2088
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2089
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2089
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2090
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2091

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3(654-331x)}{17150\sqrt{2+3x^2}} - \frac{13}{70(3+2x)^2\sqrt{2+3x^2}} - \frac{103}{490(3+2x)\sqrt{2+3x^2}} - \frac{1962\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{8575\sqrt{35}}$$

output `3/17150*(654-331*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-13/70/(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-103/490/(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-1962/300125*35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{35(3658+7397x-4068x^2-3972x^3)}{(3+2x)^2\sqrt{2+3x^2}} + \frac{7848\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x-2\sqrt{2+3x^2}}{\sqrt{35}}\right)}{600250}$$

input `Integrate[(5-x)/((3+2*x)^3*(2+3*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output

```
((35*(3658 + 7397*x - 4068*x^2 - 3972*x^3))/((3 + 2*x)^2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])
+ 7848*Sqrt[35]*ArcTanh[(3*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sqrt[3]*x - 2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/Sqrt
[35]])/600250
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {686, 27, 688, 27, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(2x+3)^3(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 686$$

$$\frac{41x+26}{70(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{1}{210} \int -\frac{12(41x+39)}{(2x+3)^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{2}{35} \int \frac{41x+39}{(2x+3)^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{41x+26}{70(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

$$\downarrow 688$$

$$\frac{2}{35} \left(\frac{9\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{14(2x+3)^2} - \frac{1}{70} \int -\frac{5(27x+206)}{(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \right) + \frac{41x+26}{70(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{2}{35} \left(\frac{1}{14} \int \frac{27x+206}{(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{9\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{14(2x+3)^2} \right) + \frac{41x+26}{70(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

$$\downarrow 679$$

$$\frac{2}{35} \left(\frac{1}{14} \left(\frac{1962}{35} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{331\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{35(2x+3)} \right) + \frac{9\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{14(2x+3)^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{41x+26}{70(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

$$\downarrow 488$$

$$\frac{2}{35} \left(\frac{1}{14} \left(-\frac{1962}{35} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d \frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{331\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{35(2x+3)} \right) + \frac{9\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{14(2x+3)^2} \right) + \frac{41x+26}{70(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{2}{35} \left(\frac{1}{14} \left(-\frac{1962 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{35\sqrt{35}} - \frac{331\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{35(2x+3)} \right) + \frac{9\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{14(2x+3)^2} \right) + \frac{41x+26}{70(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input `Int[(5 - x)/((3 + 2*x)^3*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(26 + 41*x)/(70*(3 + 2*x)^2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]) + (2*((9*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(14*(3 + 2*x)^2) + ((-331*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(35*(3 + 2*x)) - (1962*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])])/(35*Sqrt[35]))/14)/35`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

```
rule 679 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)
)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

```
rule 686 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f +
a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[
1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Sim
p[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f
+ a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ
[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

```
rule 688 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d +
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result
risch	$-\frac{3972x^3+4068x^2-7397x-3658}{17150(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{1962\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{300125}$
trager	$-\frac{3972x^3+4068x^2-7397x-3658}{17150(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{1962\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-35\right) \ln\left(-\frac{9\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-35\right)x-4\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-35\right)-35\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3}\right)}{300125}$
default	$-\frac{13}{280\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2\sqrt{3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}}} - \frac{103}{980\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)\sqrt{3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}}} + \frac{981}{8575\sqrt{3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}}} - \frac{993x}{17150\sqrt{3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}}}$

input `int((5-x)/(2*x+3)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/17150*(3972*x^3+4068*x^2-7397*x-3658)/(2*x+3)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-1962/30
0125*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1962\sqrt{35}(12x^4+36x^3+35x^2+24x+18)\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(9x-4)+93x^2-36x+43}{4x^2+12x+9}\right) - 35(3972x^3+4068x^2-7397x-3658)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{600250(12x^4+36x^3+35x^2+24x+18)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/600250*(1962*sqrt(35)*(12*x^4 + 36*x^3 + 35*x^2 + 24*x + 18)*log(-(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)) - 35*(3972*x^3 + 4068*x^2 - 7397*x - 3658)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(12*x^4 + 36*x^3 + 35*x^2 + 24*x + 18)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)**3/(3*x**2+2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1962}{300125} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|} \right) - \frac{993x}{17150\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{981}{8575\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{13}{70(4\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 + 12\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + 9\sqrt{3x^2+2})} - \frac{103}{490(2\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + 3\sqrt{3x^2+2})}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1962/300125*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) - 993/17150*x/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 981/8575/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 13/70/(4*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x^2 + 12*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 9*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 103/490/(2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x + 3*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 199 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1962}{300125} \sqrt{35} \log \left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) - \frac{3(157x - 1478)}{85750\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{768(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^3 + 2461\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 - 6168\sqrt{3}x + 856\sqrt{3} + 6168\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{6125\left((\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 + 3\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) - 2\right)^2}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1962/300125*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))) - 3/85750*(157*x - 1478)/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 1/6125*(768*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^3 + 2461*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 - 6168*sqrt(3)*x + 856*sqrt(3) + 6168*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/((sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 3*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 2)^2
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1962\sqrt{35}\ln\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}{300125} - \frac{1962\sqrt{35}\ln\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{9} - \frac{4}{9}\right)}{300125} - \frac{157\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{171500\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)} - \frac{157\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{171500\left(x + \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)} - \frac{107\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{6125\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)} - \frac{13\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{2450\left(x^2 + 3x + \frac{9}{4}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}739i}{171500\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}739i}{171500\left(x + \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)}$$

input

```
int(-(x - 5)/((2*x + 3)^3*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
(1962*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/300125 - (1962*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/300125 - (157*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(171500*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) - (157*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(171500*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) - (107*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(6125*(x + 3/2)) - (13*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(2450*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4)) - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*739i)/(171500*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) + (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*739i)/(171500*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-139020\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 - 142380\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 + 258895\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + 128030}{(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((5-x)/(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 139020*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 - 142380*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 258895*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 128030*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 47088*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**4 + 141264*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**3 + 137340*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 94176*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x + 70632*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 47088*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**4 - 141264*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**3 - 137340*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 94176*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 70632*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3))/(600250*(12*x**4 + 36*x**3 + 35*x**2 + 24*x + 18))
```

3.252 $\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^6}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2092
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2092
Rubi [A] (verified)	2093
Maple [A] (verified)	2096
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2096
Sympy [F]	2097
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2098
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2098
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2099
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2100

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^6}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{7(2-7x)(3+2x)^5}{18(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{(3+2x)^3(158+2427x)}{54\sqrt{2+3x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2639}{81}(3+2x)^2\sqrt{2+3x^2} - \frac{70}{243}(2167+801x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} + \frac{20720\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{27\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
-7/18*(2-7*x)*(3+2*x)^5/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+1/54*(3+2*x)^3*(158+2427*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-2639/81*(3+2*x)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-70/243*(2167+801*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+20720/81*arcsinh(1/2*x*sqrt(3))*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^6}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1798610 - 139815x + 2363976x^2 - 1125999x^3 - 130464x^4 + 20736x^5 + 3456x^6}{486(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{20720 \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2+3x^2})}{27\sqrt{3}}$$

input `Integrate[((5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^6)/(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output
$$\frac{-1/486*(1798610 - 139815*x + 2363976*x^2 - 1125999*x^3 - 130464*x^4 + 20736*x^5 + 3456*x^6)/(2 + 3*x^2)^{(3/2)} - (20720*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[3]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*x^2]])}{(27*\text{Sqrt}[3])}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {684, 27, 684, 27, 687, 27, 676, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(5-x)(2x+3)^6}{(3x^2+2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 684 \\ & \frac{1}{18} \int \frac{2(199-159x)(2x+3)^4}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^5}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{9} \int \frac{(199-159x)(2x+3)^4}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^5}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 684 \\ & \frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{1}{6} \int -\frac{42(2x+3)^2(377x+68)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{(2427x+158)(2x+3)^3}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^5}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{(2x+3)^3(2427x+158)}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - 7 \int \frac{(2x+3)^2(377x+68)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \right) - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^5}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 687 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{(2x+3)^3(2427x+158)}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - 7 \left(\frac{1}{9} \int -\frac{10(118-801x)(2x+3)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{377}{9} \sqrt{3x^2+2}(2x+3)^2 \right) \right) - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^5}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{(2x+3)^3(2427x+158)}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - 7 \left(\frac{377}{9} (2x+3)^2 \sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{10}{9} \int \frac{(118-801x)(2x+3)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \right) \right) - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^5}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 676

$$\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{(2x+3)^3(2427x+158)}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - 7 \left(\frac{377}{9} (2x+3)^2 \sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{10}{9} \left(888 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - 267\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - \frac{2167}{3} \sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) \right) \right) - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^5}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 222

$$\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{(2x+3)^3(2427x+158)}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - 7 \left(\frac{377}{9} (2x+3)^2 \sqrt{3x^2+2} - \frac{10}{9} \left(296\sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x \right) - 267\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - \frac{2167}{3} \sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) \right) \right) - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^5}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^6)/(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output

```
(-7*(2 - 7*x)*(3 + 2*x)^5)/(18*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2)) + (((3 + 2*x)^3*(158 + 2
427*x))/(6*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]) - 7*((377*(3 + 2*x)^2*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/9 - (10
*((-2167*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/3 - 267*x*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2] + 296*sqrt[3]*ArcSinh[
sqrt[3/2]*x]))/9))/9
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 222 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[b, 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$
- rule 676 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))*((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (\text{Simp}[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) \text{ Int}[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 684 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*}((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 2)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*\text{Simp}[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[d, 0] \ || \ (\text{EqQ}[m, 2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[p, -3] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, c, d, e, f, g]) \ || \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0])$
- rule 687 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*}((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p]) \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[f, 0])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

method	result
risch	$-\frac{3456x^6+20736x^5-130464x^4-1125999x^3+2363976x^2-139815x+1798610}{486(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{20720 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{81}$
trager	$-\frac{3456x^6+20736x^5-130464x^4-1125999x^3+2363976x^2-139815x+1798610}{486(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{20720 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-3\right) \ln\left(-\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-3\right)\right)}{81}$
default	$-\frac{3537x}{2(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{55517x}{54\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{899305}{243(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{131332x^2}{27(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{20720x^3}{27(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{20720 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{81} + \frac{2416x^4}{9(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
meijerg	$\frac{1215\sqrt{2}x(3x^2+3)}{8\left(\frac{3x^2}{2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{1024\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{189}{4}x^4+210x^2+105\right)-15\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)}{56\left(\frac{3x^2}{2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}-\frac{15\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)}{4}\right)}{243\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{160\sqrt{2}\left(-4\sqrt{\pi}+\frac{\sqrt{\pi}\left(\frac{27}{2}x^4+36x^2+12\right)}{4\left(\frac{3x^2}{2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{9\sqrt{\pi}}$

input `int((5-x)*(2*x+3)^6/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{-1/486*(3456*x^6+20736*x^5-130464*x^4-1125999*x^3+2363976*x^2-139815*x+1798610)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+20720/81*\operatorname{arcsinh}(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^6}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{62160\sqrt{3}(9x^4+12x^2+4)\log(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x-3x^2-1) - (3456x^6+20736x^5-130464x^4-1125999x^3+2363976x^2-139815x+1798610)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{486(9x^4+12x^2+4)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^6/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1/486*(62160*\sqrt{3}*(9*x^4+12*x^2+4)*\log(-\sqrt{3}*\sqrt{3*x^2+2}*x-3*x^2-1)-(3456*x^6+20736*x^5-130464*x^4-1125999*x^3+2363976*x^2-139815*x+1798610)*\sqrt{3*x^2+2})/(9*x^4+12*x^2+4)}$$

SymPy [F]

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^6}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \\
& - \int \left(\frac{13851x}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx \\
& - \int \left(\frac{21384x^2}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx \\
& - \int \left(\frac{16740x^3}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx \\
& - \int \left(\frac{6480x^4}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx \\
& - \int \left(\frac{720x^5}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx \\
& - \int \frac{256x^6}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \\
& - \int \frac{64x^7}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \\
& - \int \left(\frac{3645}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)**6/(3*x**2+2)**(5/2), x)`

output `-Integral(-13851*x/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-21384*x**2/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-16740*x**3/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-6480*x**4/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-720*x**5/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(256*x**6/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(64*x**7/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-3645/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^6}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{64x^6}{9(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} - \frac{128x^5}{3(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2416x^4}{9(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} - \frac{20720}{81}x \left(\frac{9x^2}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{20720}{81}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}x\right) + \frac{249431x}{162\sqrt{3}x^2+2} - \frac{131332x^2}{27(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3537x}{2(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} - \frac{899305}{243(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^6/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-64/9*x^6/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 128/3*x^5/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) + 2416/9*x^4/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 20720/81*x*(9*x^2/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) + 4/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)) + 20720/81*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) + 249431/162*x/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 131332/27*x^2/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 3537/2*x/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 899305/243/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^6}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{20720}{81}\sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}\right) - \frac{9(((96(4(x+6)x-151)x-125111)x+262664)x-15535)x+1798610)}{486(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^6/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-20720/81*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 1/486*(9*(((96*(4*(x + 6)*x - 151)*x - 125111)*x + 262664)*x - 15535)*x + 1798610)/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^6}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{20720 \sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)}{81} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{64x^2}{27} + \frac{128x}{9} - \frac{7504}{81}\right)}{3} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{-\frac{206689}{144} + \frac{\sqrt{6}81809i}{432}}{x - \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}} - \frac{\sqrt{6}\left(-\frac{206689}{216} + \frac{\sqrt{6}81809i}{648}\right)1i}{2\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)^2}\right)}{27} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{\frac{206689}{144} + \frac{\sqrt{6}81809i}{432}}{x + \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}} + \frac{\sqrt{6}\left(\frac{206689}{216} + \frac{\sqrt{6}81809i}{648}\right)1i}{2\left(x + \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)^2}\right)}{27} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{6} (-3390048 + \sqrt{6}719421i) \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} 1i}{23328 \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{6} (3390048 + \sqrt{6}719421i) \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} 1i}{23328 \left(x + \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(-((2*x + 3)^6*(x - 5))/(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2),x)`output `(20720*3^(1/2)*asinh((2^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*x)/2))/81 - (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*((128*x)/9 + (64*x^2)/27 - 7504/81))/3 + (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*(((6^(1/2)*81809i)/432 - 206689/144)/(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3) - (6^(1/2)*((6^(1/2)*81809i)/648 - 206689/216)*1i)/(2*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)^2)))/27 - (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*(((6^(1/2)*81809i)/432 + 206689/144)/(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3) + (6^(1/2)*((6^(1/2)*81809i)/648 + 206689/216)*1i)/(2*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)^2)))/27 - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(6^(1/2)*719421i - 3390048)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*1i)/(23328*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(6^(1/2)*719421i + 3390048)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*1i)/(23328*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^6}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-3456\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^6 - 20736\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^5 + 130464\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4 + 1125999\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 - 2363976\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 + 139815\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 1798610\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 1118880\sqrt{3}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)x^4 + 1491840\sqrt{3}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)x^2 + 497280\sqrt{3}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + 857889\sqrt{3}x^4 + 1143852\sqrt{3}x^2 + 381284\sqrt{3}}{(486(9x^4 + 12x^2 + 4))}$$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3+2*x)^6/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 3456*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**6 - 20736*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 + 130464*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 1125999*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 - 2363976*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 139815*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 1798610*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 1118880*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2))*x**4 + 1491840*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2))*x**2 + 497280*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)) + 857889*sqrt(3)*x**4 + 1143852*sqrt(3)*x**2 + 381284*sqrt(3))/(486*(9*x**4 + 12*x**2 + 4))
```

3.253 $\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^5}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2101
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2101
Rubi [A] (verified)	2102
Maple [A] (verified)	2104
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2105
Sympy [F]	2105
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2106
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2107
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2107
Reduce [F]	2108

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^5}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{7(2-7x)(3+2x)^4}{18(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{5(16-421x)(3+2x)^2}{54\sqrt{2+3x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{50}{81}(299+93x)\sqrt{2+3x^2} + \frac{1600\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{27\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
-7/18*(2-7*x)*(3+2*x)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)-5/54*(16-421*x)*(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-50/81*(299+93*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)+1600/81*arcsinh(1/2*x*sqrt(3/2))*sqrt(3)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^5}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{134126 - 79215x + 147600x^2 - 183945x^3 + 4320x^4 + 864x^5}{162(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{1600 \log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{2+3x^2})}{27\sqrt{3}}$$

input `Integrate[((5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^5)/(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output
$$-1/162*(134126 - 79215*x + 147600*x^2 - 183945*x^3 + 4320*x^4 + 864*x^5)/(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2) - (1600*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[3]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*x^2]])/(27*\text{Sqrt}[3])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {684, 27, 684, 27, 676, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2x+3)^5}{(3x^2+2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 684

$$\frac{1}{18} \int \frac{10(37-22x)(2x+3)^3}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^4}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{5}{9} \int \frac{(37-22x)(2x+3)^3}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^4}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 684

$$\frac{5}{9} \left(\frac{1}{6} \int -\frac{20(2x+3)(93x+10)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{(16-421x)(2x+3)^2}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^4}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{5}{9} \left(-\frac{10}{3} \int \frac{(2x+3)(93x+10)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{(16-421x)(2x+3)^2}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^4}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 676

$$\frac{5}{9} \left(-\frac{10}{3} \left(-32 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + 31\sqrt{3x^2+2x} + \frac{299}{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) - \frac{(16-421x)(2x+3)^2}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^4}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{5}{9} \left(-\frac{10}{3} \left(-\frac{32 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + 31\sqrt{3x^2+2x} + \frac{299}{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) - \frac{(16-421x)(2x+3)^2}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^4}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^5)/(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(-7*(2 - 7*x)*(3 + 2*x)^4)/(18*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2)) + (5*(-1/6*((16 - 421*x)*(3 + 2*x)^2)/Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2] - (10*((299*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/3 + 31*x*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2] - (32*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x])/Sqrt[3]))/3))/9`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p+1)/(2*c*(p+1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p+1)/(c*(2*p+3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p+3))/(c*(2*p+3) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x)) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 684

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g
) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[
(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^
2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2]
&& EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result
risch	$-\frac{864x^5+4320x^4-183945x^3+147600x^2-79215x+134126}{162(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{1600 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{81}$
trager	$-\frac{864x^5+4320x^4-183945x^3+147600x^2-79215x+134126}{162(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{1600 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-3\right) \ln\left(-\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-3\right)\sqrt{3x^2+2+3x}\right)}{81}$
default	$-\frac{615x}{2(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{21505x}{54\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{67063}{81(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{8200x^2}{9(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{1600x^3}{27(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{1600 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{81} - \frac{80x^4}{3(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
meijerg	$\frac{405\sqrt{2}x(3x^2+3)}{8\left(\frac{3x^2}{2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{160\sqrt{2}\left(-4\sqrt{\pi} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\left(\frac{27}{2}x^4+36x^2+16\right)}{4\left(\frac{3x^2}{2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{81\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{320\sqrt{3}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\left(30x^2+15\right)}{20\left(\frac{3x^2}{2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{3\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)}{2}\right)}{27\sqrt{\pi}} +$

input

```
int((5-x)*(2*x+3)^5/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/162*(864*x^5+4320*x^4-183945*x^3+147600*x^2-79215*x+134126)/(3*x^2+2)^(
3/2)+1600/81*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^5}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1600\sqrt{3}(9x^4+12x^2+4)\log(-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2+2}x-3x^2-1) - (864x^5+4320x^4 - 183945x^3 + 147600x^2 - 79215x + 134126)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{162(9x^4+12x^2+4)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^5/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/162*(1600*sqrt(3)*(9*x^4 + 12*x^2 + 4)*log(-sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1) - (864*x^5 + 4320*x^4 - 183945*x^3 + 147600*x^2 - 79215*x + 134126)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(9*x^4 + 12*x^2 + 4)`

Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^5}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \\ & - \int \left(\frac{3807x}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx \\ & - \int \left(\frac{4590x^2}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx \\ & - \int \left(\frac{2520x^3}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx \\ & - \int \left(\frac{480x^4}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx \\ & - \int \frac{80x^5}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \\ & - \int \frac{32x^6}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \\ & - \int \left(\frac{1215}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)**5/(3*x**2+2)**(5/2),x)`

output

```
-Integral(-3807*x/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-4590*x**2/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-2520*x**3/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-480*x**4/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(80*x**5/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(32*x**6/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-1215/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^5}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{16x^5}{3(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} - \frac{80x^4}{3(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} - \frac{1600}{81}x \left(\frac{9x^2}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1600}{81}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}x\right) + \frac{70915x}{162\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{8200x^2}{9(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} - \frac{615x}{2(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} - \frac{67063}{81(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^5/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-16/3*x^5/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 80/3*x^4/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 1600/81*x*(9*x^2/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) + 4/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)) + 1600/81*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) + 70915/162*x/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 8200/9*x^2/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 615/2*x/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 67063/81/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^5}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{1600}{81} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2}\right) - \frac{3(((288(x+5)x - 61315)x + 49200)x - 26405)x + 134126)}{162(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^5/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1600/81*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 1/162*(3*(((288*(x + 5)*x - 61315)*x + 49200)*x - 26405)*x + 134126)/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^5}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1600 \sqrt{3} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)}{81} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{16x}{9} + \frac{80}{9}\right) \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{-\frac{43799}{144} + \frac{\sqrt{6}18823i}{144}}{x - \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}} - \frac{\sqrt{6} \left(-\frac{43799}{216} + \frac{\sqrt{6}18823i}{216}\right) 1i}{2 \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)^2} \right)}{27} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{\frac{43799}{144} + \frac{\sqrt{6}18823i}{144}}{x + \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}} + \frac{\sqrt{6} \left(\frac{43799}{216} + \frac{\sqrt{6}18823i}{216}\right) 1i}{2 \left(x + \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)^2} \right)}{27} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{6} (-567360 + \sqrt{6}290595i) \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} 1i}{23328 \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{6} (567360 + \sqrt{6}290595i) \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} 1i}{23328 \left(x + \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)}$$

input `int(-((2*x + 3)^5*(x - 5))/(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(1600*3^(1/2)*asinh((2^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*x)/2))/81 - (3^(1/2)*((16*x)/9 + 80/9)
)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/3 + (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*(((6^(1/2)*18823i)/144
- 43799/144)/(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3) - (6^(1/2)*((6^(1/2)*18823i)/216 - 4379
9/216)*1i)/(2*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)^2))/27 - (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*((
6^(1/2)*18823i)/144 + 43799/144)/(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3) + (6^(1/2)*((6^(1/2)
)*18823i)/216 + 43799/216)*1i)/(2*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)^2))/27 - (3^(1/2)*
6^(1/2)*(6^(1/2)*290595i - 567360)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*1i)/(23328*(x - (6^(1
/2)*1i)/3)) - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(6^(1/2)*290595i + 567360)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2
)*1i)/(23328*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3))
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^5}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(5-x)(2x+3)^5}{(3x^2+2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((5-x)*(3+2*x)^5/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((5-x)*(3+2*x)^5/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x)
```

3.254 $\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2109
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2109
Rubi [A] (verified)	2110
Maple [A] (verified)	2112
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2112
Sympy [F]	2113
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2114
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2114
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2115
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2116

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{7(2-7x)(3+2x)^3}{18(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{(318-1783x)(3+2x)}{54\sqrt{2+3x^2}} - \frac{2027}{81}\sqrt{2+3x^2} - \frac{16\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{9\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
-7/18*(2-7*x)*(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)-1/54*(318-1783*x)*(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-2027/81*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-16/27*arcsinh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*3^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{25342-33381x+16560x^2-57285x^3+864x^4}{162(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{16\log(-\sqrt{3}x+\sqrt{2+3x^2})}{9\sqrt{3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4)/(2+3*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/162*(25342 - 33381*x + 16560*x^2 - 57285*x^3 + 864*x^4)/(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2) + (16*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x) + Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])/(9*Sqrt[3])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {684, 27, 684, 27, 455, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(5-x)(2x+3)^4}{(3x^2+2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 684 \\
 & \frac{1}{18} \int \frac{2(171-61x)(2x+3)^2}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^3}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{9} \int \frac{(171-61x)(2x+3)^2}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^3}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 684 \\
 & \frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{1}{6} \int -\frac{2(2027x+48)}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{(318-1783x)(2x+3)}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^3}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{9} \left(-\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2027x+48}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{(318-1783x)(2x+3)}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^3}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & \frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-48 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx - \frac{2027}{3} \sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) - \frac{(318-1783x)(2x+3)}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^3}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 222
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-16\sqrt{3} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} x \right) - \frac{2027}{3} \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} \right) - \frac{(318 - 1783x)(2x + 3)}{6\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} \right) - \frac{7(2 - 7x)(2x + 3)^3}{18(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^4)/(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-7*(2 - 7*x)*(3 + 2*x)^3)/(18*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2)) + (-1/6*((318 - 1783*x)*(3 + 2*x))/Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2] + ((-2027*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/3 - 16*Sqrt[3]*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x])/3)/9`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 684 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2] && EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result
risch	$-\frac{864x^4 - 57285x^3 + 16560x^2 - 33381x + 25342}{162(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{16 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{27}$
trager	$-\frac{864x^4 - 57285x^3 + 16560x^2 - 33381x + 25342}{162(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{16 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2 - 3\right) \ln\left(\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2 - 3\right)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2} + 3x\right)}{27}$
default	$-\frac{57x}{2(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2111x}{18\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} - \frac{12671}{81(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{920x^2}{9(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{16x^3}{9(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{16 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{27} - \frac{16x^4}{3(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
meijerg	$\frac{135\sqrt{2}x(3x^2 + 3)}{8\left(\frac{3x^2}{2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{32\sqrt{3}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}(30x^2 + 15)}{20\left(\frac{3x^2}{2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)}{2}\right)}{81\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{88\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{\pi} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}(18x^2 + 8)}{8\left(\frac{3x^2}{2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{9\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{36\sqrt{2}x^3}{\left(\frac{3x^2}{2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input `int((5-x)*(2*x+3)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/162*(864*x^4-57285*x^3+16560*x^2-33381*x+25342)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)-16/27*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{48\sqrt{3}(9x^4 + 12x^2 + 4) \log(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}x - 3x^2 - 1) - (864x^4 - 57285x^3 + 16560x^2 - 33381x + 25342)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{162(9x^4 + 12x^2 + 4)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/162*(48*sqrt(3)*(9*x^4 + 12*x^2 + 4)*log(sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1) - (864*x^4 - 57285*x^3 + 16560*x^2 - 33381*x + 25342)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(9*x^4 + 12*x^2 + 4)`

SymPy [F]

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \\
& - \int \left(\frac{999x}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx \\
& - \int \left(\frac{864x^2}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx \\
& - \int \left(\frac{264x^3}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx \\
& - \int \frac{16x^4}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \\
& - \int \frac{16x^5}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \\
& - \int \left(\frac{405}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)**4/(3*x**2+2)**(5/2),x)`

output

```

-Integral(-999*x/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-864*x**2/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-264*x**3/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(16*x**4/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(16*x**5/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-405/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x)

```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{16x^4}{3(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} + \frac{16}{27}x \left(\frac{9x^2}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{16}{27}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh} \left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}x \right) + \frac{6269x}{54\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{920x^2}{9(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} - \frac{57x}{2(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} - \frac{12671}{81(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-16/3*x^4/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) + 16/27*x*(9*x^2/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) + 4/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)) - 16/27*sqrt(3)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(6)*x) + 6269/54*x/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 920/9*x^2/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 57/2*x/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 12671/81/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{16}{27}\sqrt{3} \log \left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2+2} \right) - \frac{9(((96x-6365)x+1840)x-3709)x+25342}{162(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `16/27*sqrt(3)*log(-sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 1/162*(9*(((96*x - 6365)*x + 1840)*x - 3709)*x + 25342)/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx &= -\frac{16\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{27} - \frac{16\sqrt{3}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)}{27} \\
&+ \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}\left(\frac{-\frac{1603}{48}+\frac{\sqrt{6}7343i}{144}}{x-\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}} - \frac{\sqrt{6}\left(-\frac{1603}{72}+\frac{\sqrt{6}7343i}{216}\right)1i}{2\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)^2}\right)}{27} \\
&- \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}\left(\frac{\frac{1603}{48}+\frac{\sqrt{6}7343i}{144}}{x+\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}} + \frac{\sqrt{6}\left(\frac{1603}{72}+\frac{\sqrt{6}7343i}{216}\right)1i}{2\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)^2}\right)}{27} \\
&- \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6}\left(-20544+\sqrt{6}27063i\right)\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}1i}{7776\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)} \\
&- \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6}\left(20544+\sqrt{6}27063i\right)\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}1i}{7776\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(-((2*x + 3)^4*(x - 5))/(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2),x)`output `(3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*(((6^(1/2)*7343i)/144 - 1603/48)/(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3) - (6^(1/2)*((6^(1/2)*7343i)/216 - 1603/72)*1i)/(2*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)^2)))/27 - (16*3^(1/2)*asinh((2^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*x)/2))/27 - (16*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/27 - (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*(((6^(1/2)*7343i)/144 + 1603/48)/(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3) + (6^(1/2)*((6^(1/2)*7343i)/216 + 1603/72)*1i)/(2*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)^2)))/27 - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(6^(1/2)*27063i - 20544)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*1i)/(7776*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(6^(1/2)*27063i + 20544)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*1i)/(7776*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^4}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-864\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4 + 57285\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 - 16560\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 + 33381\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 25342\sqrt{3x^2+2} - 864\sqrt{3}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)x^4 - 1152\sqrt{3}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)x^2 - 384\sqrt{3}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x^2+2} + \sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right) - 9477\sqrt{3}x^4 - 12636\sqrt{3}x^2 - 4212\sqrt{3}}{162(9x^4 + 12x^2 + 4)}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3+2*x)^4/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x)`output `(- 864*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 57285*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 - 16560*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 33381*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 25342*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - 864*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2))*x**4 - 1152*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2))*x**2 - 384*sqrt(3)*log((sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(3)*x)/sqrt(2)) - 9477*sqrt(3)*x**4 - 12636*sqrt(3)*x**2 - 4212*sqrt(3))/(162*(9*x**4 + 12*x**2 + 4))`

$$3.255 \quad \int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2117
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2117
Rubi [A] (verified)	2118
Maple [A] (verified)	2119
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2120
Sympy [F]	2121
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2121
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2122
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2122
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2123

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{7(2-7x)(3+2x)^2}{18(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{556-1461x}{54\sqrt{2+3x^2}} - \frac{8\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{9\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
-7/18*(2-7*x)*(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)-1/54*(556-1461*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-
8/27*arcsinh(1/2*x*sqrt(3))/(sqrt(3))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{1490-3741x+72x^2-4971x^3}{54(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8\log(-\sqrt{3}x+\sqrt{2+3x^2})}{9\sqrt{3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3)/(2+3*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/54*(1490-3741*x+72*x^2-4971*x^3)/(2+3*x^2)^(3/2)+(8*Log[-(Sqrt[3]*x)+Sqrt[2+3*x^2]])/(9*Sqrt[3])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {684, 27, 675, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2x+3)^3}{(3x^2+2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 684$$

$$\frac{1}{18} \int \frac{2(157-12x)(2x+3)}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^2}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \int \frac{(157-12x)(2x+3)}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^2}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 675$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \left(-8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{487x}{2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{278}{3\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^2}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 222$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \left(-\frac{8 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{487x}{2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{278}{3\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) - \frac{7(2-7x)(2x+3)^2}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Int[((5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^3)/(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(-7*(2 - 7*x)*(3 + 2*x)^2)/(18*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2)) + (-278/(3*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]) + (487*x)/(2*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]) - (8*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3/2]*x])/sqrt[3])/9
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 675 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] + (-Simp[(c*d*f - a*e*g)*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] && NiceSqrtQ[(-a)*c])`

rule 684 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2] && EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g])) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result
risch	$\frac{4971x^3 - 72x^2 + 3741x - 1490}{54(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{8 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{27}$
trager	$\frac{4971x^3 - 72x^2 + 3741x - 1490}{54(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2 - 3\right) \ln\left(-\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2 - 3\right)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2} + 3x\right)}{27}$
default	$\frac{17x}{2(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{547x}{18\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} - \frac{745}{27(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{4x^2}{3(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x^3}{9(3x^2 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{8 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{27}$
meijerg	$\frac{45\sqrt{2}x(3x^2 + 3)}{8\left(\frac{3x^2}{2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{4\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{\pi} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}(18x^2 + 8)}{8\left(\frac{3x^2}{2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{27\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{21\sqrt{2}x^3}{4\left(\frac{3x^2}{2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{27\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2\left(\frac{3x^2}{2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{16\sqrt{3}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}(30x^2 - 1)}{20\left(\frac{3x^2}{2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{8}$

input `int((5-x)*(2*x+3)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/54*(4971*x^3-72*x^2+3741*x-1490)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)-8/27*arcsinh(1/2*6^(1/2)*x)*3^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{3}(9x^4 + 12x^2 + 4) \log(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}x - 3x^2 - 1) + (4971x^3 - 72x^2 + 3741x - 1490)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{54(9x^4 + 12x^2 + 4)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/54*(8*sqrt(3)*(9*x^4 + 12*x^2 + 4)*log(sqrt(3)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*x - 3*x^2 - 1) + (4971*x^3 - 72*x^2 + 3741*x - 1490)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(9*x^4 + 12*x^2 + 4)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$- \int \left(\frac{243x}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx$$

$$- \int \left(\frac{126x^2}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx$$

$$- \int \left(\frac{4x^3}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx$$

$$- \int \frac{8x^4}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx$$

$$- \int \left(\frac{135}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)**3/(3*x**2+2)**(5/2), x)`

output `-Integral(-243*x/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-126*x**2/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-4*x**3/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(8*x**4/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-135/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{8}{27} x \left(\frac{9x^2}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$- \frac{8}{27} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arsinh} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{6x} \right) + \frac{1609x}{54\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

$$- \frac{4x^2}{3(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} + \frac{17x}{2(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} - \frac{745}{27(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{8}{27}x(9x^2/(3x^2 + 2)^{(3/2)} + 4/(3x^2 + 2)^{(3/2)}) - \frac{8}{27}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{arcsinh}(1/2\sqrt{6}x) + \frac{1609}{54}x/\sqrt{3x^2 + 2} - \frac{4}{3}x^2/(3x^2 + 2)^{(3/2)} + \frac{17}{2}x/(3x^2 + 2)^{(3/2)} - \frac{745}{27}/(3x^2 + 2)^{(3/2)}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{8}{27} \sqrt{3} \log\left(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}\right) + \frac{3((1657x - 24)x + 1247)x - 1490}{54(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{8}{27}\sqrt{3}\log(-\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}) + \frac{1}{54}(3((1657x - 24)x + 1247)x - 1490)/(3x^2 + 2)^{(3/2)}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{8\sqrt{3}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)}{27} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}\left(\frac{-\frac{427}{48} + \frac{\sqrt{6}721i}{48}}{x + \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}} + \frac{\sqrt{6}\left(-\frac{427}{72} + \frac{\sqrt{6}721i}{72}\right)1i}{2\left(x + \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)^2}\right)}{27} + \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}\left(\frac{\frac{427}{48} + \frac{\sqrt{6}721i}{48}}{x - \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}} - \frac{\sqrt{6}\left(\frac{427}{72} + \frac{\sqrt{6}721i}{72}\right)1i}{2\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)^2}\right)}{27} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6}(-96 + \sqrt{6}2067i)\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}1i}{2592\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6}(96 + \sqrt{6}2067i)\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}}1i}{2592\left(x + \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)}$$

input `int(-((2*x + 3)^3*(x - 5))/(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (3^{1/2}*(x^2 + 2/3)^{1/2}*(((6^{1/2}*721i)/48 + 427/48)/(x - (6^{1/2}*1i)/3) - (6^{1/2}*((6^{1/2}*721i)/72 + 427/72)*1i)/(2*(x - (6^{1/2}*1i)/3)^2)))/27 - (3^{1/2}*(x^2 + 2/3)^{1/2}*(((6^{1/2}*721i)/48 - 427/48)/(x + (6^{1/2}*1i)/3) + (6^{1/2}*((6^{1/2}*721i)/72 - 427/72)*1i)/(2*(x + (6^{1/2}*1i)/3)^2)))/27 - (8*3^{1/2}*asinh((2^{1/2}*3^{1/2}*x)/2))/27 - (3^{1/2}*6^{1/2}*(6^{1/2}*2067i - 96)*(x^2 + 2/3)^{1/2}*1i)/(2592*(x - (6^{1/2}*1i)/3)) - (3^{1/2}*6^{1/2}*(6^{1/2}*2067i + 96)*(x^2 + 2/3)^{1/2}*1i)/(2592*(x + (6^{1/2}*1i)/3)) \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^3}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4971\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 - 72\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 + 3741\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 1490\sqrt{3x^2+2} - 144\sqrt{3}}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (4971*\sqrt{3*x**2 + 2}*x**3 - 72*\sqrt{3*x**2 + 2}*x**2 + 3741*\sqrt{3*x**2 + 2}*x - 1490*\sqrt{3*x**2 + 2} - 144*\sqrt{3}*\log((\sqrt{3*x**2 + 2} + \sqrt{3})*x)/\sqrt{2})*x**4 - 192*\sqrt{3}*\log((\sqrt{3*x**2 + 2} + \sqrt{3})*x)/\sqrt{2})*x**2 - 64*\sqrt{3}*\log((\sqrt{3*x**2 + 2} + \sqrt{3})*x)/\sqrt{2}) - 2511*\sqrt{3}*x**4 - 3348*\sqrt{3}*x**2 - 1116*\sqrt{3}))/ (54*(9*x**4 + 12*x**2 + 4)) \end{aligned}$$

$$3.256 \quad \int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2124
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2124
Rubi [A] (verified)	2125
Maple [A] (verified)	2126
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2126
Sympy [F]	2127
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2127
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2128
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2128
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2129

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{7(2-7x)(3+2x)}{18(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{74-429x}{54\sqrt{2+3x^2}}$$

output $-7/18*(2-7*x)*(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)-1/54*(74-429*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{274-1215x-72x^2-1287x^3}{54(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^2)/(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output $-1/54*(274 - 1215*x - 72*x^2 - 1287*x^3)/(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {678, 453}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2x+3)^2}{(3x^2+2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 678

$$\frac{41}{9} \int \frac{2x+3}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{(15x+2)(2x+3)^2}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 453

$$\frac{(2x+3)^2(15x+2)}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} - \frac{41(4-9x)}{54\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(3 + 2*x)^2)/(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `((3 + 2*x)^2*(2 + 15*x))/(18*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2)) - (41*(4 - 9*x))/(54*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 453 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(a*d - b*c*x)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 678 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*g - c*f*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*d*f + a*e*g)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0] && LtQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{1287x^3+72x^2+1215x-274}{54(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	27
trager	$\frac{1287x^3+72x^2+1215x-274}{54(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	27
risch	$\frac{1287x^3+72x^2+1215x-274}{54(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	27
orering	$-\frac{(1287x^3+72x^2+1215x-274)(5-x)}{54(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-5+x)}$	37
default	$\frac{119x}{18(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{143x}{18\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{137}{27(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{4x^2}{3(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	51
meijerg	$\frac{15\sqrt{2}x(3x^2+3)}{8\left(\frac{3x^2}{2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}x^3}{3\left(\frac{3x^2}{2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{17\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2\left(\frac{3x^2}{2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{6\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{4\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{\pi} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}(18x^2+8)}{8\left(\frac{3x^2}{2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{27\sqrt{\pi}}$	102

input `int((5-x)*(2*x+3)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/54*(1287*x^3+72*x^2+1215*x-274)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(1287x^3 + 72x^2 + 1215x - 274)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{54(9x^4 + 12x^2 + 4)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/54*(1287*x^3 + 72*x^2 + 1215*x - 274)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)/(9*x^4 + 12*x^2 + 4)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$- \int \left(-\frac{51x}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx$$

$$- \int \left(-\frac{8x^2}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx$$

$$- \int \frac{4x^3}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx$$

$$- \int \left(-\frac{45}{9x^4\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) dx$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)**2/(3*x**2+2)**(5/2), x)`

output `-Integral(-51*x/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-8*x**2/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(4*x**3/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x) - Integral(-45/(9*x**4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{143x}{18\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{4x^2}{3(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} + \frac{119x}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} - \frac{137}{27(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `143/18*x/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 4/3*x^2/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) + 119/18*x/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 137/27/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{9((143x+8)x+135)x-274}{54(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/54*(9*((143*x + 8)*x + 135)*x - 274)/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.02

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{-\frac{119}{16} + \frac{\sqrt{6}161i}{48}}{x + \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}} + \frac{\sqrt{6} \left(-\frac{119}{24} + \frac{\sqrt{6}161i}{72} \right) 1i}{2 \left(x + \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3} \right)^2} \right)}{27}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{\frac{119}{16} + \frac{\sqrt{6}161i}{48}}{x - \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}} - \frac{\sqrt{6} \left(\frac{119}{24} + \frac{\sqrt{6}161i}{72} \right) 1i}{2 \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3} \right)^2} \right)}{27}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{6} (-96 + \sqrt{6}453i) \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} 1i}{2592 \left(x + \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3} \right)} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{6} (96 + \sqrt{6}453i) \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} 1i}{2592 \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3} \right)}$$

input `int(-((2*x + 3)^2*(x - 5))/(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2),x)`output `(3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*(((6^(1/2)*161i)/48 + 119/16)/(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3) - (6^(1/2)*((6^(1/2)*161i)/72 + 119/24)*1i)/(2*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)^2))/27 - (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*(((6^(1/2)*161i)/48 - 119/16)/(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3) + (6^(1/2)*((6^(1/2)*161i)/72 - 119/24)*1i)/(2*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)^2))/27 - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(6^(1/2)*453i - 96)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*1i)/(2592*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(6^(1/2)*453i + 96)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*1i)/(2592*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)^2}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1287\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 + 72\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 + 1215\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 274\sqrt{3x^2+2} - 1143\sqrt{3}}{486x^4 + 648x^2 + 216}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x)`output `(1287*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 72*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 1215*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 274*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - 1143*sqrt(3)*x**4 - 1524*sqrt(3)*x**2 - 508*sqrt(3))/(54*(9*x**4 + 12*x**2 + 4))`

$$3.257 \quad \int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2130
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2130
Rubi [A] (verified)	2131
Maple [A] (verified)	2132
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2132
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2133
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2133
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2134
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2134
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2135

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{7(2-7x)}{18(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{43x}{18\sqrt{2+3x^2}}$$

output $1/18*(-14+49*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+43/18*x/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{14-135x-129x^3}{18(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(5-x)*(3+2*x)/(2+3*x^2)^(5/2),x]$

output $-1/18*(14-135*x-129*x^3)/(2+3*x^2)^(3/2)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {675, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(2x+3)}{(3x^2+2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 675

$$\frac{43}{9} \int \frac{1}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{49x}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} - \frac{7}{9(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 208

$$\frac{43x}{18\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{49x}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} - \frac{7}{9(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[((5 - x)*(3 + 2*x))/(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `-7/(9*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2)) + (49*x)/(18*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2)) + (43*x)/(18*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 675 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] + (-Simp[(c*d*f - a*e*g)*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] && NiceSqrtQ[(-a)*c])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{129x^3+135x-14}{18(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	22
trager	$\frac{129x^3+135x-14}{18(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	22
risch	$\frac{129x^3+135x-14}{18(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	22
orering	$-\frac{(129x^3+135x-14)(5-x)}{18(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-5+x)}$	32
default	$\frac{49x}{18(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{43x}{18\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{7}{9(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	37
meijerg	$\frac{5\sqrt{2}x(3x^2+3)}{8\left(\frac{3x^2}{2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{7\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2\left(\frac{3x^2}{2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{18\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}x^3}{12\left(\frac{3x^2}{2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	69

input `int((5-x)*(2*x+3)/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/18*(129*x^3+135*x-14)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(129x^3+135x-14)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{18(9x^4+12x^2+4)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/18*(129*x^3 + 135*x - 14)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)/(9*x^4 + 12*x^2 + 4)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 122 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 22.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.30

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2x^3}{18x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 12\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{15x^3}{6x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{15x}{6x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{7}{27x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 18\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)/(3*x**2+2)**(5/2), x)`

output `-2*x**3/(18*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 12*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)) + 15*x**3/(6*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)) + 15*x/(6*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)) - 7/(27*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 18*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{43x}{18\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{49x}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} - \frac{7}{9(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `43/18*x/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 49/18*x/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 7/9/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(43x^2+45)x-14}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)*(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/18*(3*(43*x^2 + 45)*x - 14)/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.35

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{41\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{144\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)} + \frac{41\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{144\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}\left(\frac{-\frac{49}{16}+\frac{\sqrt{6}7i}{16}}{x+\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}} + \frac{\sqrt{6}\left(-\frac{49}{24}+\frac{\sqrt{6}7i}{24}\right)1i}{2\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)^2}\right)}{27}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}\left(\frac{\frac{49}{16}+\frac{\sqrt{6}7i}{16}}{x-\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}} - \frac{\sqrt{6}\left(\frac{49}{24}+\frac{\sqrt{6}7i}{24}\right)1i}{2\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)^2}\right)}{27}$$

input `int(-((2*x + 3)*(x - 5))/(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2),x)`output `(41*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(144*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) + (41*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(144*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) - (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*((6^(1/2)*7i)/16 - 49/16)/(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3) + (6^(1/2)*((6^(1/2)*7i)/24 - 49/24)*1i)/(2*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)^2))/27 + (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*(((6^(1/2)*7i)/16 + 49/16)/(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3) - (6^(1/2)*((6^(1/2)*7i)/24 + 49/24)*1i)/(2*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)^2))/27`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{(5-x)(3+2x)}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{387\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 + 405\sqrt{3x^2+2}x - 42\sqrt{3x^2+2} - 423\sqrt{3}x^4 - 564\sqrt{3}x^2 - 188\sqrt{3}}{486x^4 + 648x^2 + 216}$$

input `int((5-x)*(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x)`

output `(387*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 405*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x - 42*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - 423*sqrt(3)*x**4 - 564*sqrt(3)*x**2 - 188*sqrt(3))/(54*(9*x**4 + 12*x**2 + 4))`

$$3.258 \quad \int \frac{5-x}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2136
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2136
Rubi [A] (verified)	2137
Maple [A] (verified)	2138
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2138
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2139
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2139
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2140
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2140
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2141

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2+15x}{18(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{5x}{6\sqrt{2+3x^2}}$$

output `1/18*(2+15*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+5/6*x/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2+45x+45x^3}{18(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(5 - x)/(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(2 + 45*x + 45*x^3)/(18*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {454, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3x^2+2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 454$$

$$\frac{5}{3} \int \frac{1}{(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{15x+2}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 208$$

$$\frac{5x}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{15x+2}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(5 - x)/(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(2 + 15*x)/(18*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2)) + (5*x)/(6*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 454 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a*d - b*c*x)/(2*a*b*(p + 1)))*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x] + Simp[c*((2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{45x^3+45x+2}{18(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	22
trager	$\frac{45x^3+45x+2}{18(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	22
risch	$\frac{45x^3+45x+2}{18(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	22
orering	$-\frac{(45x^3+45x+2)(5-x)}{18(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-5+x)}$	32
default	$\frac{1}{9(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{5x}{6(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{5x}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$	37
meijerg	$\frac{5\sqrt{2}x(3x^2+3)}{24\left(\frac{3x^2}{2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2\left(\frac{3x^2}{2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{18\sqrt{\pi}}$	52

input `int((5-x)/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/18*(45*x^3+45*x+2)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(45x^3+45x+2)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{18(9x^4+12x^2+4)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/18*(45*x^3 + 45*x + 2)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)/(9*x^4 + 12*x^2 + 4)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 90 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 15.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5x^3}{6x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{5x}{6x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 4\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{1}{27x^2\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 18\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3*x**2+2)**(5/2),x)`

output `5*x**3/(6*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)) + 5*x/(6*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)) + 1/(27*x**2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 18*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5x}{6\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{5x}{6(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{9(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `5/6*x/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 5/6*x/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) + 1/9/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{45(x^2+1)x+2}{18(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/18*(45*(x^2 + 1)*x + 2)/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.35

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{48\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)} + \frac{5\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{48\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}\left(\frac{-\frac{15}{16}+\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{16}}{x-\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}} - \frac{\sqrt{6}\left(-\frac{5}{8}+\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{24}\right)1i}{2\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)^2}\right)}{27}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}\left(\frac{\frac{15}{16}+\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{16}}{x+\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}} + \frac{\sqrt{6}\left(\frac{5}{8}+\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{24}\right)1i}{2\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)^2}\right)}{27}$$

input `int(-(x - 5)/(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2),x)`output `(5*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(48*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) + (5*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(48*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) - (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*(((6^(1/2)*1i)/16 - 15/16)/(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3) - (6^(1/2)*((6^(1/2)*1i)/24 - 5/8)*1i)/(2*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)^2))/27 + (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*(((6^(1/2)*1i)/16 + 15/16)/(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3) + (6^(1/2)*((6^(1/2)*1i)/24 + 5/8)*1i)/(2*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)^2))/27`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{45\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 + 45\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2} - 45\sqrt{3}x^4 - 60\sqrt{3}x^2 - 20\sqrt{3}}{162x^4 + 216x^2 + 72}$$

input `int((5-x)/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x)`

output `(45*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 45*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) - 45*sqrt(3)*x**4 - 60*sqrt(3)*x**2 - 20*sqrt(3))/(18*(9*x**4 + 12*x**2 + 4))`

3.259 $\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2142
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2142
Rubi [A] (verified)	2143
Maple [C] (verified)	2145
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2145
Sympy [F(-1)]	2146
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2146
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2146
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2147
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2148

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{26+41x}{210(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{312+2137x}{7350\sqrt{2+3x^2}} - \frac{104\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{1225\sqrt{35}}$$

output

```
1/210*(26+41*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+1/7350*(312+2137*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-104/42
875*35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{35(1534+5709x+936x^2+6411x^3)}{(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{624\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{257250}$$

input

```
Integrate[(5 - x)/((3 + 2*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
((35*(1534 + 5709*x + 936*x^2 + 6411*x^3))/(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2) - 624*Sqrt[35]
]*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])]/257250
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {686, 27, 686, 27, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{5-x}{(2x+3)(3x^2+2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{686} \\
 & \frac{41x+26}{210(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{630} \int -\frac{6(82x+201)}{(2x+3)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{105} \int \frac{82x+201}{(2x+3)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{41x+26}{210(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{686} \\
 & \frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{2137x+312}{70\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{1}{210} \int -\frac{1872}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \right) + \frac{41x+26}{210(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{312}{35} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{2137x+312}{70\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) + \frac{41x+26}{210(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{488} \\
 & \frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{2137x+312}{70\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{312}{35} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) + \frac{41x+26}{210(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{2137x+312}{70\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{312 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{35\sqrt{35}} \right) + \frac{41x+26}{210(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(5 - x)/((3 + 2*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2)), x]`

output
$$\frac{(26 + 41x)}{(210(2 + 3x^2)^{3/2})} + \frac{((312 + 2137x)/(70\sqrt{2 + 3x^2}) - (312\text{ArcTanh}[(4 - 9x)/(\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2 + 3x^2})])/(35\sqrt{35}))}{105}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] \text{ /; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219
$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 488
$$\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_.)(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \text{ :> -Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$$

rule 686
$$\text{Int}(((d_.) + (e_.)(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_.) + (g_.)(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[(-d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*\text{Simp}[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
trager	$\frac{6411x^3+936x^2+5709x+1534}{7350(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{104 \operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2-35) \ln\left(-\frac{9 \operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2-35)x-4 \operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2-35)-35\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3}\right)}{42875}$
default	$-\frac{x}{12(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{x}{12\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{13}{105\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{39x}{140\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{1833x}{4900\sqrt{3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}}} + \dots$

input `int((5-x)/(2*x+3)/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/7350*(6411*x^3+936*x^2+5709*x+1534)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)-104/42875*RootOf(_Z^2-35)*ln(-(9*RootOf(_Z^2-35)*x-4*RootOf(_Z^2-35)-35*(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))/(2*x+3))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{312\sqrt{35}(9x^4+12x^2+4) \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(9x-4)+93x^2-36x+43}{4x^2+12x+9}\right) + 35(6411x^3+936x^2+5709x+1534)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{257250(9x^4+12x^2+4)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/257250*(312*sqrt(35)*(9*x^4 + 12*x^2 + 4)*log(-(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)) + 35*(6411*x^3 + 936*x^2 + 5709*x + 1534)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(9*x^4 + 12*x^2 + 4)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)/(3*x**2+2)**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{104}{42875} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|} \right) + \frac{2137x}{7350\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{52}{1225\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{41x}{210(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} + \frac{13}{105(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `104/42875*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) + 2137/7350*x/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 52/1225/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 41/210*x/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) + 13/105/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{104}{42875} \sqrt{35} \log \left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) + \frac{3((2137x+312)x+1903)x+1534}{7350(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `104/42875*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))) + 1/7350*(3*((2137*x + 312)*x + 1903)*x + 1534)/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{35} \left(104 \ln \left(x + \frac{3}{2} \right) - 104 \ln \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}} - \frac{4}{9}}{9} \right) \right)}{42875}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{-\frac{123}{560} + \frac{\sqrt{6}39i}{560}}{x - \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}} - \frac{\sqrt{6} \left(-\frac{41}{280} + \frac{\sqrt{6}13i}{280} \right) 1i}{2 \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3} \right)^2} \right)}{27}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{\frac{123}{560} + \frac{\sqrt{6}39i}{560}}{x + \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}} + \frac{\sqrt{6} \left(\frac{41}{280} + \frac{\sqrt{6}13i}{280} \right) 1i}{2 \left(x + \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3} \right)^2} \right)}{27}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6}(-3744 + \sqrt{6}7113i) \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} 1i}{1058400 \left(x + \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3} \right)} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6}(3744 + \sqrt{6}7113i) \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{2}{3}} 1i}{1058400 \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3} \right)}$$

input `int(-(x - 5)/((2*x + 3)*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `(35^(1/2)*(104*log(x + 3/2) - 104*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9)))/42875 - (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*(((6^(1/2)*39i)/560 - 123/560)/(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3) - (6^(1/2)*((6^(1/2)*13i)/280 - 41/280)*1i)/(2*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)^2))/27 + (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*(((6^(1/2)*39i)/560 + 123/560)/(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3) + (6^(1/2)*((6^(1/2)*13i)/280 + 41/280)*1i)/(2*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)^2))/27 - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(6^(1/2)*7113i - 3744)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*1i)/(1058400*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(6^(1/2)*7113i + 3744)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*1i)/(1058400*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.26

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{16848\sqrt{35} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3x^2+2}i+2\sqrt{3}ix}{\sqrt{35}-3\sqrt{3}}\right)ix^4 + 22464\sqrt{35} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3x^2+2}i+2\sqrt{3}ix}{\sqrt{35}-3\sqrt{3}}\right)ix^3}{(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int((5-x)/(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(16848*sqrt(35)*atan((2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*i + 2*sqrt(3)*i*x)/(sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3)))*i*x**4 + 22464*sqrt(35)*atan((2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*i + 2*sqrt(3)*i*x)/(sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3)))*i*x**3 + 7488*sqrt(35)*atan((2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*i + 2*sqrt(3)*i*x)/(sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3)))*i + 673155*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 98280*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 599445*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 161070*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 8424*sqrt(35)*log(4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(3)*x + 3*sqrt(105) + 12*x**2 - 27)*x**4 + 11232*sqrt(35)*log(4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(3)*x + 3*sqrt(105) + 12*x**2 - 27)*x**2 + 3744*sqrt(35)*log(4*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(3)*x + 3*sqrt(105) + 12*x**2 - 27) - 16848*sqrt(35)*log((2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(35) + 2*sqrt(3)*x + 3*sqrt(3))/sqrt(2))*x**4 - 22464*sqrt(35)*log((2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(35) + 2*sqrt(3)*x + 3*sqrt(3))/sqrt(2))*x**2 - 7488*sqrt(35)*log((2*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + sqrt(35) + 2*sqrt(3)*x + 3*sqrt(3))/sqrt(2)) - 525735*sqrt(3)*x**4 - 700980*sqrt(3)*x**2 - 233660*sqrt(3))/(771750*(9*x**4 + 12*x**2 + 4))
```

3.260 $\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2149
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2149
Rubi [A] (verified)	2150
Maple [A] (verified)	2152
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2153
Sympy [F(-1)]	2153
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2153
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2154
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2155
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2156

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{220-51x}{1470(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{13}{35(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{176+277x}{3430\sqrt{2+3x^2}} - \frac{176\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{1715\sqrt{35}}$$

output 1/1470*(220-51*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)-13/35/(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+1/3430*(176+277*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-176/60025*35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{35(3966+9107x+7362x^2+10647x^3+4986x^4)-1056\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}(6+3x^2)}{360150(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input Integrate[(5-x)/((3+2*x)^2*(2+3*x^2)^(5/2)),x]

output

```
(35*(3966 + 9107*x + 7362*x^2 + 10647*x^3 + 4986*x^4) - 1056*sqrt[35]*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]*(6 + 4*x + 9*x^2 + 6*x^3)*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(sqrt[35]*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2]])]/(360150*(3 + 2*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {686, 27, 686, 27, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(2x+3)^2(3x^2+2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 686$$

$$\frac{41x+26}{210(2x+3)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{630} \int -\frac{6(123x+227)}{(2x+3)^2(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{105} \int \frac{123x+227}{(2x+3)^2(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{41x+26}{210(2x+3)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 686$$

$$\frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{507x+34}{14(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{1}{210} \int -\frac{30(507x+68)}{(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \right) + \frac{41x+26}{210(2x+3)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{1}{7} \int \frac{507x+68}{(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{507x+34}{14(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) + \frac{41x+26}{210(2x+3)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 679$$

$$\frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{528}{7} \int \frac{1}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{277\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{7(2x+3)} \right) + \frac{507x+34}{14(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) + \frac{41x+26}{210(2x+3)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 488$$

$$\frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{277\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{7(2x+3)} - \frac{528}{7} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d \frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) + \frac{507x+34}{14(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) + \frac{41x+26}{210(2x+3)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{277\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{7(2x+3)} - \frac{528 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{7\sqrt{35}} \right) + \frac{507x+34}{14(2x+3)\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) + \frac{41x+26}{210(2x+3)(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(5 - x)/((3 + 2*x)^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(26 + 41*x)/(210*(3 + 2*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((34 + 507*x)/(14*(3 + 2*x)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])) + ((277*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(7*(3 + 2*x)) - (528*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])])/(7*Sqrt[35]))/7)/105`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 679

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^(m_))*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)
)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

rule 686

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^(m_))*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f +
a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[
1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Sim
p[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f
+ a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ
[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
risch	$\frac{4986x^4+10647x^3+7362x^2+9107x+3966}{10290(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(2x+3)} - \frac{176\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{60025}$
trager	$\frac{4986x^4+10647x^3+7362x^2+9107x+3966}{10290(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(2x+3)} + \frac{176 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-35\right) \ln\left(\frac{9 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-35\right)x-4 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-35\right)+35\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{2x+3}\right)}{60025}$
default	$-\frac{13}{70\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{22}{147\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{17x}{490\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{277x}{3430\sqrt{3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}}} + \dots$

input

```
int((5-x)/(2*x+3)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/10290*(4986*x^4+10647*x^3+7362*x^2+9107*x+3966)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)/(2*x+3)-
176/60025*35^(1/2)*arctanh(2/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(12*(x+3/2)^2-36*x-19)^(1
/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{528\sqrt{35}(18x^5+27x^4+24x^3+36x^2+8x+12)\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}(9x-4)+9}{4x^2+12x+9}\right)+35(4986x^4+10647x^3+7362x^2+9107x+3966)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{360150(18x^5+27x^4+24x^3+36x^2+8x+12)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/360150*(528*sqrt(35)*(18*x^5 + 27*x^4 + 24*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 8*x + 12)*log(-sqrt(35)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)*(9*x - 4) + 93*x^2 - 36*x + 43)/(4*x^2 + 12*x + 9)) + 35*(4986*x^4 + 10647*x^3 + 7362*x^2 + 9107*x + 3966)*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(18*x^5 + 27*x^4 + 24*x^3 + 36*x^2 + 8*x + 12)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)**2/(3*x**2+2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{176}{60025}\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|}\right) + \frac{277x}{3430\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{88}{1715\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{17x}{490(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{13}{35\left(2(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}x + 3(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)} + \frac{22}{147(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `176/60025*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) + 277/3430*x/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 88/1715/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 17/490*x/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 13/35/(2*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 3*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)) + 22/147/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 233 vs. 2(76) = 152.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{360150} \sqrt{35} \left(277 \sqrt{35} \sqrt{3} - 1056 \log \left(\sqrt{35} \sqrt{3} - 9 \right) \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)$$

$$-\frac{176 \sqrt{35} \log \left(\sqrt{35} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3} + \frac{\sqrt{35}}{2x+3} \right) - 9 \right)}{60025 \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)}$$

$$+\frac{7 \left(\frac{4813}{\operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)} + \frac{4368}{(2x+3) \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)} \right)}{2x+3} - \frac{53523}{\operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)} + \frac{19269}{\operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)} - \frac{2493}{\operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{2x+3} \right)}$$

$$+ \frac{10290 \left(\frac{18}{2x+3} - \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} - 3 \right) \sqrt{-\frac{18}{2x+3} + \frac{35}{(2x+3)^2} + 3}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/360150*sqrt(35)*(277*sqrt(35)*sqrt(3) - 1056*log(sqrt(35)*sqrt(3) - 9)) *sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) - 176/60025*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(35)*(sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3) + sqrt(35)/(2*x + 3)) - 9)/sgn(1/(2*x + 3)) + 1/10290*((7*(4813/sgn(1/(2*x + 3))) + 4368/((2*x + 3)*sgn(1/(2*x + 3))))/(2*x + 3) - 53523/sgn(1/(2*x + 3)))/(2*x + 3) + 19269/sgn(1/(2*x + 3)))/(2*x + 3) - 2493/sgn(1/(2*x + 3)))/((18/(2*x + 3) - 35/(2*x + 3)^2 - 3)*sqrt(-18/(2*x + 3) + 35/(2*x + 3)^2 + 3))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{35} \left(3464 \ln \left(x + \frac{3}{2} \right) - 3464 \ln \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}} - \frac{4}{9}}{9} \right) \right)}{1500625}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{35} \left(\frac{1872 \ln \left(x + \frac{3}{2} \right)}{42875} - \frac{1872 \ln \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}} - \frac{4}{9}}{9} \right)}{42875} \right)}{70} - \frac{104\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{42875 \left(x + \frac{3}{2} \right)}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{-\frac{639}{19600} + \frac{\sqrt{6}597i}{19600}}{x - \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}} - \frac{\sqrt{6} \left(-\frac{213}{9800} + \frac{\sqrt{6}199i}{9800} \right) 1i}{2 \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3} \right)^2} \right)}{27}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{\frac{639}{19600} + \frac{\sqrt{6}597i}{19600}}{x + \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}} + \frac{\sqrt{6} \left(\frac{213}{9800} + \frac{\sqrt{6}199i}{9800} \right) 1i}{2 \left(x + \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3} \right)^2} \right)}{27}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6} \left(-41568 + \sqrt{6}27711i \right) \sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}} 1i}{12348000 \left(x + \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3} \right)} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6} \left(41568 + \sqrt{6}27711i \right) \sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}} 1i}{12348000 \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3} \right)}$$

input `int(-(x - 5)/((2*x + 3)^2*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)),x)`

output

```
(35^(1/2)*(3464*log(x + 3/2) - 3464*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/1500625 + (35^(1/2)*((1872*log(x + 3/2))/42875 - (1872*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/42875))/70 - (104*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(42875*(x + 3/2)) - (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*((6^(1/2)*597i)/19600 - 639/19600)/(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3) - (6^(1/2)*((6^(1/2)*199i)/9800 - 213/9800)*1i)/(2*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)^2))/27 + (3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*(((6^(1/2)*597i)/19600 + 639/19600)/(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3) + (6^(1/2)*((6^(1/2)*199i)/9800 + 213/9800)*1i)/(2*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)^2)))/27 - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(6^(1/2)*27711i - 41568)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*1i)/(12348000*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(6^(1/2)*27711i + 41568)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*1i)/(12348000*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{174510\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4 + 372645\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 + 257670\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 + 318745\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + 138810\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^{5/2} + 28512\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^{3/2} + 25344\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^{1/2} + 38016\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2}\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4) - 19008\sqrt{35}\log(2x+3)x^{5/2} - 28512\sqrt{35}\log(2x+3)x^{3/2} - 25344\sqrt{35}\log(2x+3)x^{1/2} - 8448\sqrt{35}\log(2x+3)}{(360150(18x^5 + 27x^4 + 24x^3 + 36x^2 + 8x + 12))}$$

input `int((5-x)/(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x)`output

```
(174510*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 372645*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 257670*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 318745*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 138810*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 19008*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**5 + 28512*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**4 + 25344*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**3 + 38016*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 8448*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x + 12672*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 19008*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**5 - 28512*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**4 - 25344*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**3 - 38016*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 8448*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 12672*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3))/(360150*(18*x**5 + 27*x**4 + 24*x**3 + 36*x**2 + 8*x + 12))
```

3.261 $\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2157
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2157
Rubi [A] (verified)	2158
Maple [A] (verified)	2161
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2161
Sympy [F(-1)]	2162
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2162
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2163
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2164
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2165

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{256-173x}{2450(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{13}{70(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{107}{350(3+2x)(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{3072+857x}{85750\sqrt{2+3x^2}} - \frac{3072\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{2+3x^2}}\right)}{42875\sqrt{35}}$$

output `1/2450*(256-173*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)-13/70/(3+2*x)^2/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)-107/350/(3+2*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(3/2)+1/85750*(3072+857*x)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2)-3072/1500625*35^(1/2)*arctanh(1/35*(4-9*x)*35^(1/2)/(3*x^2+2)^(1/2))`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{35(41366+89749x+91268x^2+116367x^3+67716x^4+10284x^5)}{(3+2x)^2(2+3x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{12288\sqrt{35}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}}{\dots}\right)}{3001250}$$

input `Integrate[(5 - x)/((3 + 2*x)^3*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2)), x]`

output

```
((35*(41366 + 89749*x + 91268*x^2 + 116367*x^3 + 67716*x^4 + 10284*x^5))/((3 + 2*x)^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2)) + 12288*sqrt[35]*ArcTanh[(3*sqrt[3] + 2*sqrt[3]*x - 2*sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/sqrt[35]])/3001250
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {686, 27, 686, 27, 688, 27, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(2x+3)^3(3x^2+2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 686$$

$$\frac{41x+26}{210(2x+3)^2(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{630} \int -\frac{6(164x+253)}{(2x+3)^3(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{105} \int \frac{164x+253}{(2x+3)^3(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{41x+26}{210(2x+3)^2(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 686$$

$$\frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{419x+4}{10(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{1}{210} \int -\frac{84(419x+6)}{(2x+3)^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \right) + \frac{41x+26}{210(2x+3)^2(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{2}{5} \int \frac{419x+6}{(2x+3)^3\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx + \frac{419x+4}{10(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) + \frac{41x+26}{210(2x+3)^2(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 688$$

$$\frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{249\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{14(2x+3)^2} - \frac{1}{70} \int -\frac{5(747x+692)}{(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} dx \right) + \frac{419x+4}{10(2x+3)^2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) + \frac{41x+26}{210(2x+3)^2(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{1}{14} \int \frac{747x + 692}{(2x + 3)^2 \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx + \frac{249\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{14(2x + 3)^2} \right) + \frac{419x + 4}{10(2x + 3)^2 \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} \right) + \frac{41x + 26}{210(2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 679

$$\frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{1}{14} \left(\frac{9216}{35} \int \frac{1}{(2x + 3)\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} dx + \frac{857\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{35(2x + 3)} \right) + \frac{249\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{14(2x + 3)^2} \right) + \frac{419x + 4}{10(2x + 3)^2 \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} \right) + \frac{41x + 26}{210(2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{1}{14} \left(\frac{857\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{35(2x + 3)} - \frac{9216}{35} \int \frac{1}{35 - \frac{(4-9x)^2}{3x^2+2}} d \frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} \right) + \frac{249\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{14(2x + 3)^2} \right) + \frac{419x + 4}{10(2x + 3)^2 \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} \right) + \frac{41x + 26}{210(2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{105} \left(\frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{1}{14} \left(\frac{857\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{35(2x + 3)} - \frac{9216 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-9x}{\sqrt{35}\sqrt{3x^2+2}}\right)}{35\sqrt{35}} \right) + \frac{249\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}{14(2x + 3)^2} \right) + \frac{419x + 4}{10(2x + 3)^2 \sqrt{3x^2 + 2}} \right) + \frac{41x + 26}{210(2x + 3)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(5 - x)/((3 + 2*x)^3*(2 + 3*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(26 + 41*x)/(210*(3 + 2*x)^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((4 + 419*x)/(10*(3 + 2*x)^2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])) + (2*((249*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(14*(3 + 2*x)^2) + ((857*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])/(35*(3 + 2*x)) - (9216*ArcTanh[(4 - 9*x)/(Sqrt[35]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x^2])])/(35*Sqrt[35]))/14)/5)/105`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 488 $\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$
- rule 679 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + c*x^2)^{(p+1)})/(2*(p+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + 2*p + 3], 0]$
- rule 686 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(d + e*x)^{(m+1)})*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^{(p+1)})/(2*a*c*(p+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*c*(p+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}*\text{Simp}[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p+3) + a*c*e^2*(m+2*p+3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m+2*p+4)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$
- rule 688 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + c*x^2)^{(p+1)})/(m+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m+1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m+2*p+3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result
risch	$\frac{10284x^5+67716x^4+116367x^3+91268x^2+89749x+41366}{85750(2x+3)^2(3x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{3072\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{1500625}$
trager	$\frac{(10284x^5+67716x^4+116367x^3+91268x^2+89749x+41366)\sqrt{3x^2+2}}{85750(6x^3+9x^2+4x+6)^2} + \frac{3072 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-35\right) \ln\left(\frac{9 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-35\right) x-4 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(_Z^2-35\right)}{2x}\right)}{1500625}$
default	$-\frac{13}{280\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{107}{700\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{128}{1225\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{173x}{2450\left(3\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-9x-\frac{19}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input `int((5-x)/(2*x+3)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{85750} \cdot \frac{(10284x^5+67716x^4+116367x^3+91268x^2+89749x+41366)}{(2x+3)^2(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3072}{1500625} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{35} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-9x)\sqrt{35}}{35\sqrt{12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19}}\right)}{\left(12\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^2-36x-19\right)^{1/2}}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3072\sqrt{35}(36x^6+108x^5+129x^4+144x^3+124x^2+48x+36) \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}(36x^6+108x^5+129x^4+144x^3+124x^2+48x+36)}{3001250(36x^6+108x^5+129x^4+144x^3+124x^2+48x+36)}\right)}{3001250(36x^6+108x^5+129x^4+144x^3+124x^2+48x+36)}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{3001250} \cdot \frac{3072 \sqrt{35} (36x^6+108x^5+129x^4+144x^3+124x^2+48x+36) \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{35} \sqrt{3x^2+2} (9x-4) + 93x^2 - 36x + 43}{(4x^2+12x+9)}\right) + 35(10284x^5+67716x^4+116367x^3+91268x^2+89749x+41366) \sqrt{3x^2+2}}{(36x^6+108x^5+129x^4+144x^3+124x^2+48x+36)}$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3 (2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)**3/(3*x**2+2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3 (2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3072}{1500625} \sqrt{35} \operatorname{arsinh} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}x}{2|2x+3|} - \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3|2x+3|} \right) + \frac{857x}{85750\sqrt{3x^2+2}} + \frac{1536}{42875\sqrt{3x^2+2}} - \frac{173x}{2450(3x^2+2)^{3/2}} - \frac{13}{70 \left(4(3x^2+2)^{3/2}x^2 + 12(3x^2+2)^{3/2}x + 9(3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right)} - \frac{107}{350 \left(2(3x^2+2)^{3/2}x + 3(3x^2+2)^{3/2} \right)} + \frac{128}{1225(3x^2+2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3072/1500625*sqrt(35)*arcsinh(3/2*sqrt(6)*x/abs(2*x + 3) - 2/3*sqrt(6)/abs(2*x + 3)) + 857/85750*x/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) + 1536/42875/sqrt(3*x^2 + 2) - 173/2450*x/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 13/70/(4*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x^2 + 12*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 9*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)) - 107/350/(2*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)*x + 3*(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)) + 128/1225/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 208 vs. 2(94) = 188.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3072}{1500625} \sqrt{35} \log \left(-\frac{|-2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} - 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}|}{2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{35} + 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3x^2+2}} \right) + \frac{3((59203x + 69168)x + 37637)x + 190066}{3001250(3x^2 + 2)^{3/2}} - \frac{4(9588(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^3 + 27991\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 - 68448\sqrt{3}x + 9736\sqrt{3} + 68448\sqrt{3x^2+2})}{1500625((\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2})^2 + 3\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3x^2+2}) - 2)^2}$$

input `integrate((5-x)/(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3072/1500625*sqrt(35)*log(-abs(-2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) - 3*sqrt(3) + 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(35) + 3*sqrt(3) - 2*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))) + 1/3001250*(3*((59203*x + 69168)*x + 37637)*x + 190066)/(3*x^2 + 2)^(3/2) - 4/1500625*(9588*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^3 + 27991*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 - 68448*sqrt(3)*x + 9736*sqrt(3) + 68448*sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))/((sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2))^2 + 3*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*x^2 + 2)) - 2)^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx &= \frac{3072\sqrt{35}\ln\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)}{1500625} \\
&- \frac{3072\sqrt{35}\ln\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{35}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{9}-\frac{4}{9}\right)}{1500625} - \frac{739\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{1029000\left(x^2+\frac{2i\sqrt{6}x-\frac{2}{3}}{3}\right)} \\
&+ \frac{59203\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{18007500\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)} + \frac{59203\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{18007500\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)} \\
&+ \frac{739\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{1029000\left(-x^2+\frac{2i\sqrt{6}x+\frac{2}{3}}{3}\right)} - \frac{4868\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{1500625\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)} - \frac{26\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}}{42875\left(x^2+3x+\frac{9}{4}\right)} \\
&- \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}157i}{6174000\left(x^2+\frac{2i\sqrt{6}x-\frac{2}{3}}{3}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}164201i}{72030000\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)} \\
&+ \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}164201i}{72030000\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{6}1i}{3}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{6}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{2}{3}}157i}{6174000\left(-x^2+\frac{2i\sqrt{6}x+\frac{2}{3}}{3}\right)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(-(x - 5)/((2*x + 3)^3*(3*x^2 + 2)^(5/2)),x)`

output

```

(3072*35^(1/2)*log(x + 3/2))/1500625 - (3072*35^(1/2)*log(x - (3^(1/2)*35^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/9 - 4/9))/1500625 - (739*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(1029000*((6^(1/2)*x*2i)/3 + x^2 - 2/3)) + (59203*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(18007500*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) + (59203*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(18007500*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) + (739*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(1029000*((6^(1/2)*x*2i)/3 - x^2 + 2/3)) - (4868*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(1500625*(x + 3/2)) - (26*3^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2))/(42875*(3*x + x^2 + 9/4)) - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*157i)/(6174000*((6^(1/2)*x*2i)/3 + x^2 - 2/3)) - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*164201i)/(72030000*(x - (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) + (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*164201i)/(72030000*(x + (6^(1/2)*1i)/3)) - (3^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2/3)^(1/2)*157i)/(6174000*((6^(1/2)*x*2i)/3 - x^2 + 2/3))

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.04

$$\int \frac{5-x}{(3+2x)^3(2+3x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{359940\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^5 + 2370060\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^4 + 4072845\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^3 + 3194380\sqrt{3x^2+2}x^2 + 3141215\sqrt{3x^2+2}x + 1447810\sqrt{3x^2+2} + 221184\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2})\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^6 + 663552\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2})\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^5 + 792576\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2})\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^4 + 884736\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2})\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^3 + 761856\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2})\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x^2 + 294912\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2})\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4)x + 221184\sqrt{35}\log(\sqrt{3x^2+2})\sqrt{35} + 9x - 4) - 221184\sqrt{35}\log(2x+3)x^6 - 663552\sqrt{35}\log(2x+3)x^5 - 792576\sqrt{35}\log(2x+3)x^4 - 884736\sqrt{35}\log(2x+3)x^3 - 761856\sqrt{35}\log(2x+3)x^2 - 294912\sqrt{35}\log(2x+3)x - 221184\sqrt{35}\log(2x+3)}}{(3001250(36x^6 + 108x^5 + 129x^4 + 144x^3 + 124x^2 + 48x + 36))}$$

input `int((5-x)/(3+2*x)^3/(3*x^2+2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(359940*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**5 + 2370060*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**4 + 4072845*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**3 + 3194380*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x**2 + 3141215*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2)*x + 1447810*sqrt(3*x**2 + 2) + 221184*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2))*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**6 + 663552*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2))*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**5 + 792576*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2))*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**4 + 884736*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2))*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**3 + 761856*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2))*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x**2 + 294912*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2))*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4)*x + 221184*sqrt(35)*log(sqrt(3*x**2 + 2))*sqrt(35) + 9*x - 4) - 221184*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**6 - 663552*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**5 - 792576*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**4 - 884736*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**3 - 761856*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x**2 - 294912*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3)*x - 221184*sqrt(35)*log(2*x + 3))/(3001250*(36*x**6 + 108*x**5 + 129*x**4 + 144*x**3 + 124*x**2 + 48*x + 36))
```

3.262 $\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	2166
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2167
Rubi [A] (verified)	2168
Maple [B] (verified)	2173
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2175
Sympy [F]	2176
Maxima [F]	2176
Giac [F]	2176
Mupad [F(-1)]	2177
Reduce [F]	2177

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 433

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2} dx = \frac{4(4Bcd^2 - 7Acde - 5aBe^2)\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{105ce^2}$$

$$- \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(4Bd - 7Ae - 5Bex)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{35e^2}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{a}(4Bcd^3 - 7Acd^2e - 8aBde^2 - 21aAe^3)\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{105\sqrt{ce^3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a - cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{4\sqrt{a}(cd^2 - ae^2)(4Bcd^2 - 7Acde - 5aBe^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{105c^{3/2}e^3\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2}}$$

output

```

4/105*(-7*A*c*d*e-5*B*a*e^2+4*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/e^
2-2/35*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(-5*B*e*x-7*A*e+4*B*d)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e^2+4/105*a^(
1/2)*(-21*A*a*e^3-7*A*c*d^2*e-8*B*a*d*e^2+4*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^
2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1
/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e^3/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*
d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-4/105*a^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-7*A*c*
d*e-5*B*a*e^2+4*B*c*d^2)*(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-
c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(
a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+
a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 26.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 586, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{a - cx^2} \left(-((d + ex)(10aBe^2 - 7Ace(d + 3ex) + Bc(4d^2 - 3dex - 15e^2x^2))) - \frac{2 \left(e^2 \sqrt{-d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}} (-7Ae(c \dots \right)} \right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2],x]
```


output

```
(2*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]*(-((d + e*x)*(10*a*B*e^2 - 7*A*c*e*(d + 3*e*x) + B*c*(4*d^2 - 3*d*e*x - 15*e^2*x^2))) - (2*(e^2*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-7*A*e*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) + 4*B*(c*d^3 - 2*a*d*e^2))*(-a + c*x^2) + I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(-4*B*c*d^3 + 7*A*c*d^2*e + 8*a*B*d*e^2 + 21*a*A*e^3)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)] + I*Sqrt[a]*e*(-(Sqrt[c]*d) + Sqrt[a]*e)*(4*B*c*d^2 + 3*Sqrt[a]*B*Sqrt[c]*d*e - 7*A*c*d*e - 5*a*B*e^2 + 21*Sqrt[a]*A*Sqrt[c]*e^2)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e))))/(e^2*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(a - c*x^2)))/(105*c*e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 430, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {687, 27, 682, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a - cx^2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 687 \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{(7Ac d + aBe + c(Bd + 7Ae)x)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{2\sqrt{d + ex}} dx}{7c} - \frac{2B(a - cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d + ex}}{7c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(7Ac d + aBe + c(Bd + 7Ae)x)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx}{7c} - \frac{2B(a - cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d + ex}}{7c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 682
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4 \int \frac{c(ae(Bcd^2 - 28Aced - 5aBe^2) + c(4Bcd^3 - 7Aced^2 - 8aBe^2d - 21aAe^3)x)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{15ce^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(-5aBe^2 - 3ce^2(7Ae+Bd) - 7Acde + 4Bcd^2)}{15e^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2B(a-cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{7c} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{ae(Bcd^2 - 28Aced - 5aBe^2) + c(4Bcd^3 - 7Aced^2 - 8aBe^2d - 21aAe^3)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{15e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(-5aBe^2 - 3ce^2(7Ae+Bd) - 7Acde + 4Bcd^2)}{15e^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2B(a-cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{7c} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{600} \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{c(-21aAe^3 - 8aBde^2 - 7Acd^2e + 4Bcd^3) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(-5aBe^2 - 7Acde + 4Bcd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right)}{15e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(-5aBe^2)}{7c} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2B(a-cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{7c} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{509} \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(-21aAe^3 - 8aBde^2 - 7Acd^2e + 4Bcd^3) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(-5aBe^2 - 7Acde + 4Bcd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right)}{15e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{7c} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2B(a-cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{7c} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{508}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(-5aBe^2 - 7Acde + 4Bcd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(-21aAe^3 - 8aBde^2 - 7Acd^2e + 4Bcd^3) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{cd}{\sqrt{a}}+e}} d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right)$$

$15e^2$

$$\frac{2B(a - cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d + ex}}{7c}$$

\downarrow 327

$$2 \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(-5aBe^2 - 7Acde + 4Bcd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(-21aAe^3 - 8aBde^2 - 7Acd^2e + 4Bcd^3) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right)$$

$15e^2$

$$\frac{2B(a - cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d + ex}}{7c}$$

\downarrow 512

$$2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2 - ae^2)(-5aBe^2 - 7Acde + 4Bcd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(-21aAe^3 - 8aBde^2 - 7Acd^2e + 4Bcd^3) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right)$$

$15e^2$

$$\frac{2B(a - cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d + ex}}{7c}$$

\downarrow 511

$$2 \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\left(-5aBe^2-7Acde+4Bcd^2\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}} d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}} - \frac{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{1-\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}\left(-21aAe^3\right)}{15e^2}$$

$$\frac{2B(a-cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{7c}$$

↓ 321

$$2 \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\left(-5aBe^2-7Acde+4Bcd^2\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}\left(-21aAe^3-8aBde^2\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{15e^2}$$

$$\frac{2B(a-cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{7c}$$

```
input Int[(A + B*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2], x]
```

```
output (-2*B*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*c) + ((-2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(4*B*c*d^2 - 7*A*c*d*e - 5*a*B*e^2 - 3*c*e*(B*d + 7*A*e)*x)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])/(15*e^2) - (2*((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*(4*B*c*d^3 - 7*A*c*d^2*e - 8*a*B*d*e^2 - 21*a*A*e^3)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)))/(e*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(4*B*c*d^2 - 7*A*c*d*e - 5*a*B*e^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)))/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]))/(15*e^2))/(7*c)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 682 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p + 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || ! RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 687 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 791 vs. $2(363) = 726$.

Time = 4.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 792, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(-cx^2+a)} \left(\frac{2Bx^2\sqrt{-cex^3-cdx^2+aex+ad}}{7} - \frac{2(-Ace-\frac{1}{7}Bcd)x\sqrt{-cex^3-cdx^2+aex+ad}}{5ce} - \frac{2\left(-Acd+\frac{2Bae}{7}-\frac{4d(-Ace-\frac{1}{7}Bcd)}{5e}\right)}{3ce} \right)$
risch	$\frac{2(15e^2Bcx^2+21Ace^2x+3Bcdex+7Acde-10Ba e^2-4Bcd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{-cx^2+a}}{105ce^2} + \frac{(21Aae^3+7Ac d^2e+8Bad e^2-4Bcd^3)\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{2}}{2}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(2/7*B*x^2*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)-2/5*(-A*c*e-1/7*B*c*d)/c/e*x*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)-2/3*(-A*c*d+2/7*B*a*e-4/5*d/e*(-A*c*e-1/7*B*c*d))/c/e*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)+2*(A*a*d+2/5*a/c*d/e*(-A*c*e-1/7*B*c*d)+1/3*a/c*(-A*c*d+2/7*B*a*e-4/5*d/e*(-A*c*e-1/7*B*c*d)))*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+2*(a*A*e+3/7*B*a*d+3/5*a/c*(-A*c*e-1/7*B*c*d)-2/3*d/e*(-A*c*d+2/7*B*a*e-4/5*d/e*(-A*c*e-1/7*B*c*d)))*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))))^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left(2 (4 Bc^2d^4 - 7 Ac^2d^3e - 11 Bacd^2e^2 + 63 Aacde^3 + 15 Ba^2e^4) \sqrt{-c} \text{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(cd^2 + 3ae^2)}{3ce^2} \right) \right)}{}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/315*(2*(4*B*c^2*d^4 - 7*A*c^2*d^3*e - 11*B*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 63*A*a*c*d*e^3 + 15*B*a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 6*(4*B*c^2*d^3*e - 7*A*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 8*B*a*c*d*e^3 - 21*A*a*c*e^4)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) - 3*(15*B*c^2*e^4*x^2 - 4*B*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 7*A*c^2*d*e^3 - 10*B*a*c*e^4 + 3*(B*c^2*d*e^3 + 7*A*c^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^2*e^4)
```


Sympy [F]

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2} dx = \int (A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}\sqrt{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(1/2)*(-c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{-cx^2 + a}(Bx + A)\sqrt{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*(B*x + A)*sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{-cx^2 + a}(Bx + A)\sqrt{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*(B*x + A)*sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{a - cx^2} (A + Bx) \sqrt{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a - c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-14\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}a^2e^2 - 12\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}abde + 14\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}acdex + 2\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}ac^2e^2}{(35cde)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 14*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2 - 12*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*b*d*e + 14*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c*d**2*x + 10*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c*d*e*x**2 - 21*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a**2*c*e**3 - 8*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a*b*c*d*e**2 - 7*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a*c**2*d**2*e + 4*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*b*c**2*d**3 + 7*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a**3*e**3 + 6*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a**2*b*d*e**2 + 21*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a**2*c*d**2*e - 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a*b*c*d**3)/(35*c*d*e)`

3.263 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

Optimal result	2178
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2179
Rubi [A] (verified)	2179
Maple [B] (verified)	2183
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2185
Sympy [F]	2186
Maxima [F]	2186
Giac [F]	2186
Mupad [F(-1)]	2187
Reduce [F]	2187

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 359

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(4Bd-5Ae-3Bex)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{15e^2}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{a}(4Bcd^2-5Acde-3aBe^2)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{15\sqrt{ce^3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{4\sqrt{a}(4Bd-5Ae)(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{15\sqrt{ce^3}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

```
-2/15*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-3*B*e*x-5*A*e+4*B*d)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e^2+4/15*a^(1/2)*(-5*A*c*d*e-3*B*a*e^2+4*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e^3/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-4/15*a^(1/2)*(-5*A*e+4*B*d)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 26.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 519, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} \left(\frac{2(d+ex)(-4Bd+5Ae+3Bex)}{e^2} + \frac{4 \left(e^2 \sqrt{-d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}} (4Bcd^2 - 5Acde - 3aBe^2) (-a + cx^2) + i\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})(-4Bcd^2 + 5Acde + 3aBe^2) \right)}{e^2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a - c*x^2]*((2*(d + e*x)*(-4*B*d + 5*A*e + 3*B*e*x))/e^2 + (4*(e^2*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(4*B*c*d^2 - 5*A*c*d*e - 3*a*B*e^2)*(-a + c*x^2) + I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(-4*B*c*d^2 + 5*A*c*d*e + 3*a*B*e^2)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x])*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x]))*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)] + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(-4*B*Sqrt[c]*d - 3*Sqrt[a]*B*e + 5*A*Sqrt[c]*e)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x])*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x]))*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)))/(c*e^4*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-a + c*x^2)))/(15*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {682, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{682} \\
 & - \frac{4 \int \frac{c(ae(Bd-5Ae)+(4Bcd^2-5Aced-3aBe^2)x)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{15ce^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(-5Ae+4Bd-3Bex)}{15e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \frac{2 \int \frac{ae(Bd-5Ae)+(4Bcd^2-5Aced-3aBe^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{15e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(-5Ae+4Bd-3Bex)}{15e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{600} \\
 & - \frac{2 \left(\frac{(-3aBe^2-5Acde+4Bcd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(4Bd-5Ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right)}{15e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(-5Ae+4Bd-3Bex)}{15e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{509} \\
 & - \frac{2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(-3aBe^2-5Acde+4Bcd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(4Bd-5Ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right)}{15e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(-5Ae+4Bd-3Bex)}{15e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{508} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(4Bd-5Ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(-3aBe^2-5Acde+4Bcd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}{\sqrt{ce\sqrt{a-cx^2}}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} \right) \\
 & - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(-5Ae+4Bd-3Bex)}{15e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(4Bd - 5Ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(-3aBe^2 - 5Acde + 4Bcd^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \mid \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{15e^2}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(-5Ae + 4Bd - 3Bex)} - \frac{15e^2}{15e^2}$$

↓ 512

$$2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2 - ae^2)(4Bd - 5Ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(-3aBe^2 - 5Acde + 4Bcd^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \mid \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{15e^2}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(-5Ae + 4Bd - 3Bex)} - \frac{15e^2}{15e^2}$$

↓ 511

$$2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2 - ae^2)(4Bd - 5Ae)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}} - 1\right) + 1}} dx - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(-3aBe^2 - 5Acde + 4Bcd^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \mid \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{15e^2}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(-5Ae + 4Bd - 3Bex)} - \frac{15e^2}{15e^2}$$

↓ 321

$$2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2 - ae^2)(4Bd - 5Ae)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(-3aBe^2 - 5Acde + 4Bcd^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \mid \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{15e^2}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(-5Ae + 4Bd - 3Bex)} - \frac{15e^2}{15e^2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(4*B*d - 5*A*e - 3*B*e*x)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])/(15*e^2) - (2*((-2*Sqrt[a]*(4*B*c*d^2 - 5*A*c*d*e - 3*a*B*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)])/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(4*B*d - 5*A*e)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)])/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]))/(15*e^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2)/(d + c*q)]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 682 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p + 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 667 vs. $2(295) = 590$.

Time = 3.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 668, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(-cx^2+a)} \left(\frac{2Bx\sqrt{-cex^3-cdx^2+aex+ad}}{5e} - \frac{2(-Ac+\frac{4cdB}{5e})\sqrt{-cex^3-cdx^2+aex+ad}}{3ce} + \frac{2\left(Aa-\frac{2adB}{5e}+\frac{a(-Ac+\frac{4cdB}{5e})}{3c}\right)\left(\frac{d}{e}-\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}\right)}{c\sqrt{-c}}$
risch	$\frac{2(3Bex+5Ae-4Bd)\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{-cx^2+a}}{15e^2} + \frac{2}{c\sqrt{-c}} \left((5Acde+3Ba e^2-4Bc d^2)\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{(x+\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c})c}{\sqrt{ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e}-\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{-\frac{2(x-\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c})c}{\sqrt{ac}}} \left(\frac{d}{e}-\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}\right) \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(2/5*B/e*x*(-c*e
*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)-2/3*(-A*c+4/5*c*d/e*B)/c/e*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2
+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)+2*(A*a-2/5*a*d/e*B+1/3*a/c*(-A*c+4/5*c*d/e*B))*(d/e-1/c*
(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-
d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(
1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(
1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+2*(2/
5*B*a-2/3*d/e*(-A*c+4/5*c*d/e*B))*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*
(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x
+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*
d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))
^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/c*(a*c)^(1
/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)
)/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)))

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left(4 Bcd^3 - 5 Acd^2e - 6 Bade^2 + 15 Aae^3 \right) \sqrt{-c} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4 (cd^2 + 3ae^2)}{3ce^2}, -\frac{8 (cd^3 - 9ade^2)}{27ce^3}, \frac{3e}{27ce^3} \right) + \dots}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

-2/45*(2*(4*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e - 6*B*a*d*e^2 + 15*A*a*e^3)*sqrt(-c*e)*w
eierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2
)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 6*(4*B*c*d^2*e - 5*A*c*d*e^2 - 3*B*a*e^3)*
sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9
*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/2
7*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) - 3*(3*B*c*e^3*x - 4*B*
c*d*e^2 + 5*A*c*e^3)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c*e^4)

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)/sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}(Bx + A)}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*(B*x + A)/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}(Bx + A)}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*(B*x + A)/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `int(((a - c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(((a - c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}abe + 2\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}bcdx - 3\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{-cx^2+ax^2}}{-ce x^3 - cd x^2 + aex + ad} dx\right) abc e^2 - 5\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{e}}{-ce}\right)$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x)`

output `(- 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*b*e + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c*d*x - 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3), x)*a*b*c*e**2 - 5*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3), x)*a*c**2*d*e + 4*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3), x)*b*c**2*d**2 + int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3), x)*a**2*b*e**2 + 5*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3), x)*a**2*c*d*e - 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3), x)*a*b*c*d**2)/(5*c*d*e)`

3.264 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2188
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2189
Rubi [A] (verified)	2189
Maple [B] (verified)	2193
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2194
Sympy [F]	2195
Maxima [F]	2195
Giac [F]	2196
Mupad [F(-1)]	2196
Reduce [F]	2196

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 346

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(4Bd-3Ae+Bex)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(4Bd-3Ae)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{3e^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{a}(4Bcd^2-3Acde-aBe^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{3\sqrt{ce^3}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

```
2/3*(B*e*x-3*A*e+4*B*d)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-4/3*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(-3*A*e+4*B*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/e^3/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+4/3*a^(1/2)*(-3*A*c*d*e-B*a*e^2+4*B*c*d^2)*(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 462, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a - cx^2} \left(3Bd - 3Ae + B(d + ex) - \frac{2 \left(e^2(4Bd - 3Ae)\sqrt{-d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}(a - cx^2)} + i\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \dots \right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]*(3*B*d - 3*A*e + B*(d + e*x) - (2*(e^2*(4*B*d - 3*A*e)*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(a - c*x^2) + I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(4*B*d - 3*A*e)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)] - I*Sqrt[a]*e*(-4*B*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*B*e + 3*A*Sqrt[c]*e)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)))/(e^2*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(a - c*x^2)))/(3*e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {681, 25, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^2}(A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 681 \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(-3Ae+4Bd+Bex)}{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\int -\frac{aBe+c(4Bd-3Ae)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{3e^2} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2\int \frac{aBe+c(4Bd-3Ae)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{3e^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(-3Ae+4Bd+Bex)}{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \downarrow 600 \\
 & \frac{2\left(\frac{(aBe^2-cd(4Bd-3Ae))\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} + \frac{c(4Bd-3Ae)\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e}\right)}{3e^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(-3Ae+4Bd+Bex)}{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \downarrow 509 \\
 & \frac{2\left(\frac{(aBe^2-cd(4Bd-3Ae))\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} + \frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(4Bd-3Ae)\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}}\right)}{3e^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(-3Ae+4Bd+Bex)}{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \downarrow 508 \\
 & \frac{2\left(\frac{(aBe^2-cd(4Bd-3Ae))\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(4Bd-3Ae)\int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}\right)}{3e^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(-3Ae+4Bd+Bex)}{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \downarrow 327
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{(aBe^2 - cd(4Bd - 3Ae)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(4Bd-3Ae)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}\right) +$$

$$\frac{3e^2}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(-3Ae+4Bd+Bex)} - \frac{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

↓ 512

$$2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(aBe^2 - cd(4Bd - 3Ae)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(4Bd-3Ae)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}\right) +$$

$$\frac{3e^2}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(-3Ae+4Bd+Bex)} - \frac{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

↓ 511

$$2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(aBe^2 - cd(4Bd - 3Ae)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(4Bd-3Ae)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}\right) +$$

$$\frac{3e^2}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(-3Ae+4Bd+Bex)} - \frac{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

↓ 321

$$2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(aBe^2 - cd(4Bd - 3Ae)) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(4Bd-3Ae)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}\right) +$$

$$\frac{3e^2}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(-3Ae+4Bd+Bex)} - \frac{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(4*B*d - 3*A*e + B*e*x)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])/(3*e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*(4*B*d - 3*A*e)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)])/(e*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[a]*(a*B*e^2 - c*d*(4*B*d - 3*A*e))*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)]/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])))/(3*e^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 681 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1) + e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] || EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 680 vs. $2(282) = 564$.

Time = 6.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 681, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(-cx^2+a)} \left(-\frac{2(-ce x^2+ae)(Ae-Bd)}{e^3 \sqrt{(x+\frac{d}{e})(-ce x^2+ae)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{-ce x^3-cd x^2+ae x+ad}}{3e^2} + \frac{2\left(\frac{Acde+Ba e^2-Bc d^2}{e^3} - \frac{(Ae-Bd)cd}{e^3} - \frac{Ba}{3e}\right)\left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}\right)}{\sqrt{-ce x^3-cd x^2+ae x+ad}} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2*(-c*e*x^2+a*e)*(A*e-B*d)/e^3/((x+d/e)*(-c*e*x^2+a*e))^(1/2)+2/3*B/e^2*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)+2*((A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2-B*c*d^2)/e^3-(A*e-B*d)*c/e^3*d-1/3*B*a/e)*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+2*(-2*(A*e-B*d)*c/e^2+2/3*d/e^2*B*c)*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))))^(1/2)+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))))^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(2(4 Bcd^3 - 3 Acd^2e - 3 Bade^2 + (4 Bcd^2e - 3 Acde^2 - 3 Bae^3)x \right) \sqrt{-cex}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/9*(2*(4*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e - 3*B*a*d*e^2 + (4*B*c*d^2*e - 3*A*c*d*e^2
- 3*B*a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e
^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 6*(4*B*c*d^2*
e - 3*A*c*d*e^2 + (4*B*c*d*e^2 - 3*A*c*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(
4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstr
assPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^
3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 3*(B*c*e^3*x + 4*B*c*d*e^2 - 3*A*c*e^3)*sqrt(-c*
x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c*e^5*x + c*d*e^4)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)/(d + e*x)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}(Bx + A)}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*(B*x + A)/(e*x + d)^(3/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}(Bx + A)}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*(B*x + A)/(e*x + d)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^2}(A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a - c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((a - c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*b*e + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x*
*2)*b*c*d*x - int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*
x + a*e**2*x**2 - c*d**2*x**2 - 2*c*d*e*x**3 - c*e**2*x**4),x)*a*b*c*d*e**
2 - int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x + a*e**2
*x**2 - c*d**2*x**2 - 2*c*d*e*x**3 - c*e**2*x**4),x)*a*b*c*e**3*x - 3*int(
(sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x + a*e**2*x**2 -
c*d**2*x**2 - 2*c*d*e*x**3 - c*e**2*x**4),x)*a*c**2*d**2*e - 3*int((sqrt(d
+ e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x + a*e**2*x**2 - c*d**2*
x**2 - 2*c*d*e*x**3 - c*e**2*x**4),x)*a*c**2*d*e**2*x + 4*int((sqrt(d + e
x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x + a*e**2*x**2 - c*d**2*x**2
- 2*c*d*e*x**3 - c*e**2*x**4),x)*b*c**2*d**3 + 4*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a
- c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x + a*e**2*x**2 - c*d**2*x**2 - 2*c*d*e
*x**3 - c*e**2*x**4),x)*b*c**2*d**2*e*x - int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x*
*2))/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x + a*e**2*x**2 - c*d**2*x**2 - 2*c*d*e*x**3 - c*e
**2*x**4),x)*a**2*b*d*e**2 - int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d**2 +
2*a*d*e*x + a*e**2*x**2 - c*d**2*x**2 - 2*c*d*e*x**3 - c*e**2*x**4),x)*a
*2*b*e**3*x + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x +
a*e**2*x**2 - c*d**2*x**2 - 2*c*d*e*x**3 - c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**2*c*d**2*e
+ 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x + a*e**2*x**2
- c*d**2*x**2 - 2*c*d*e*x**3 - c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**2*c*d*e**2*x - 2*int...
```

3.265
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2198
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2199
Rubi [A] (verified)	2200
Maple [B] (verified)	2204
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2205
Sympy [F]	2206
Maxima [F]	2206
Giac [F]	2207
Mupad [F(-1)]	2207
Reduce [F]	2207

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 424

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{4(4Bcd^2 - Acde - 3aBe^2)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{3e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(4Bd - Ae + 3Bex)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(4Bcd^2 - Acde - 3aBe^2)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{3e^3(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(4Bd - Ae)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{3e^3\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

```
-4/3*(-A*c*d*e-3*B*a*e^2+4*B*c*d^2)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e
*x+d)^(1/2)+2/3*(3*B*e*x-A*e+4*B*d)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+4/3
*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(-A*c*d*e-3*B*a*e^2+4*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(
1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e
/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/e^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2
)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-4/3*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(-A*e+4*B*d)*(c
^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/
2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2
)*e))^(1/2))/e^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 525, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2} \left(3Bcd^2 - 3aBe^2 + \frac{(Bd-Ae)(cd^2-ae^2)}{d+ex} + \frac{2i\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})(-4Bcd^2+Acde+3a)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]*(3*B*c*d^2 - 3*a*B*e^2 + ((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/
(d + e*x) + ((2*I)*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(-4*B*c*d^2 + A*c*d*e +
3*a*B*e^2)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/
Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (
Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - S
qrt[a]*e)]/(e^2*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-a + c*x^2)) + ((2*I)*Sqr
t[a]*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(-4*B*Sqrt[c]*d - 3*Sqrt[a]*B*e + A*S
qrt[c]*e)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sq
rt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sq
rt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqr
t[a]*e)]/(e*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-a + c*x^2)))/(3*e^2*(c*d^2
- a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x])
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.370$, Rules used = {680, 25, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^2}(A+Bx)}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{680} \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{c(ae(Bd-Ae)+(4Bcd^2-Aced-3aBe^2)x)}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{3e^2(cd^2-ae^2)} - \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-3aBe^2-2Acde+5Bcd^2)-aAe^3-2aBde^2-Acd^2e+4Bcd^3)}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{2 \int \frac{c(ae(Bd-Ae)+(4Bcd^2-Aced-3aBe^2)x)}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{3e^2(cd^2-ae^2)} - \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-3aBe^2-2Acde+5Bcd^2)-aAe^3-2aBde^2-Acd^2e+4Bcd^3)}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{2c \int \frac{ae(Bd-Ae)+(4Bcd^2-Aced-3aBe^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{3e^2(cd^2-ae^2)} - \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-3aBe^2-2Acde+5Bcd^2)-aAe^3-2aBde^2-Acd^2e+4Bcd^3)}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{600} \\
 & -\frac{2c \left(\frac{(-3aBe^2-Acde+4Bcd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(4Bd-Ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right)}{3e^2(cd^2-ae^2)} - \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-3aBe^2-2Acde+5Bcd^2)-aAe^3-2aBde^2-Acd^2e+4Bcd^3)}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{509}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2c \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(-3aBe^2 - Acde + 4Bcd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(4Bd - Ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right)$$

$$\frac{3e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-3aBe^2 - 2Acde + 5Bcd^2) - aAe^3 - 2aBde^2 - Acd^2e + 4Bcd^3)}$$

$$\frac{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 508

$$2c \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(4Bd - Ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(-3aBe^2 - Acde + 4Bcd^2) \int \frac{\frac{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{1-\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e} d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-3aBe^2 - 2Acde + 5Bcd^2) - aAe^3 - 2aBde^2 - Acd^2e + 4Bcd^3)}$$

$$\frac{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 327

$$2c \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(4Bd - Ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(-3aBe^2 - Acde + 4Bcd^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-3aBe^2 - 2Acde + 5Bcd^2) - aAe^3 - 2aBde^2 - Acd^2e + 4Bcd^3)}$$

$$\frac{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 512

$$2c \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2 - ae^2)(4Bd - Ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(-3aBe^2 - Acde + 4Bcd^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-3aBe^2 - 2Acde + 5Bcd^2) - aAe^3 - 2aBde^2 - Acd^2e + 4Bcd^3)}$$

$$\frac{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 511

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 2c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)(4Bd-Ae)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{2}}}{\sqrt{ce\sqrt{a-cx^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(-3aBe^2-Acde+4Bcd^2)}{\sqrt{ce\sqrt{a-cx^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \frac{3e^2(cd^2-ae^2)}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-3aBe^2-2Acde+5Bcd^2)-aAe^3-2aBde^2-Acd^2e+4Bcd^3)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 321 \\
 & 2c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)(4Bd-Ae)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce\sqrt{a-cx^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(-3aBe^2-Acde+4Bcd^2)}{\sqrt{ce\sqrt{a-cx^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \frac{3e^2(cd^2-ae^2)}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-3aBe^2-2Acde+5Bcd^2)-aAe^3-2aBde^2-Acd^2e+4Bcd^3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*(4*B*c*d^3 - A*c*d^2*e - 2*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3 + e*(5*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e - 3*a*B*e^2)*x)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])/(3*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (2*c*((-2*Sqrt[a]*(4*B*c*d^2 - A*c*d*e - 3*a*B*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)]/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(4*B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)]/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])))/(3*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])]`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp`
`p[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^`
`2/a))], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]`
`), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp`
`[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,`
`b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 680 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p`
`_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m`
`+ 2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)))*((d*g - e*f*(m + 2))*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - 2*c*d^2*p*(e*`
`f - d*g) - e*(g*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + 2*c*d*p*(e*f - d*g))*x], x] - Sim`
`p[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + c*x^`
`2)^(p - 1)*Simp[2*a*c*e*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2) - c*(2*c*d*(d*g*(2*p + 1) - e*f`
`*(m + 2*p + 2)) - 2*a*e^2*g*(m + 1))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f,`
`g}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3`
`, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 774 vs. 2(354) = 708.

Time = 4.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 775, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(-cx^2+a)} \left(-\frac{2(Ae-Bd)\sqrt{-ce^3-cd^2+ae^2+ad}}{3e^4\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{2(-ce^2+ae)(2Acde+3Bae^2-5Bcd^2)}{3e^3(ae^2-cd^2)\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-ce^2+ae)}} + 2\left(-\frac{c(Ae-2Bd)}{e^3} + \frac{(Ae-Bd)c}{3e^3} - \frac{cd}{3e^3}\right) \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2/3*(A*e-B*d)/
e^4*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)/(x+d/e)^2-2/3*(-c*e*x^2+a*e)/e^3/(a
*e^2-c*d^2)*(2*A*c*d*e+3*B*a*e^2-5*B*c*d^2)/((x+d/e)*(-c*e*x^2+a*e))^(1/2)
+2*(-c*(A*e-2*B*d)/e^3+1/3*(A*e-B*d)*c/e^3-1/3*c/e^3*d*(2*A*c*d*e+3*B*a*e^
2-5*B*c*d^2)/(a*e^2-c*d^2))*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(
1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a
*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/
2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))
/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+2*(-B*c/e^2-1/3*c/e^2*(2*A*c*d*e+3*B*a*e^2
-5*B*c*d^2)/(a*e^2-c*d^2))*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(
1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a
*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)
)*((-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),
((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)*Ell
ipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e
-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)))

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 515, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left(2(4Bcd^5 - Acd^4e - 6Bad^3e^2 + 3Aad^2e^3 + (4Bcd^3e^2 - Acd^2e^3 - 6Bade^4 + 3Aae^5)x^2 + 2(4Bcd^4e^2 - Acd^3e^3 - 6Bade^4 + 3Aae^5)x + 2(4Bcd^4e^2 - Acd^3e^3 - 6Bade^4 + 3Aae^5) \right)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/9*(2*(4*B*c*d^5 - A*c*d^4*e - 6*B*a*d^3*e^2 + 3*A*a*d^2*e^3 + (4*B*c*d^3*e^2 - A*c*d^2*e^3 - 6*B*a*d*e^4 + 3*A*a*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(4*B*c*d^4*e - A*c*d^3*e^2 - 6*B*a*d^2*e^3 + 3*A*a*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 6*(4*B*c*d^4*e - A*c*d^3*e^2 - 3*B*a*d^2*e^3 + (4*B*c*d^2*e^3 - A*c*d*e^4 - 3*B*a*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(4*B*c*d^3*e^2 - A*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*B*a*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) + 3*(4*B*c*d^3*e^2 - A*c*d^2*e^3 - 2*B*a*d*e^4 - A*a*e^5 + (5*B*c*d^2*e^3 - 2*A*c*d*e^4 - 3*B*a*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d^4*e^4 - a*d^2*e^6 + (c*d^2*e^6 - a*e^8)*x^2 + 2*(c*d^3*e^5 - a*d*e^7)*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)/(d + e*x)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}(Bx + A)}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*(B*x + A)/(e*x + d)^(5/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}(Bx + A)}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*(B*x + A)/(e*x + d)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^2}(A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a - c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((a - c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*b*e + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x*
*2)*b*c*d*x + int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**3 + 3*a*d**2
*e*x + 3*a*d*e**2*x**2 + a*e**3*x**3 - c*d**3*x**2 - 3*c*d**2*e*x**3 - 3*c
*d*e**2*x**4 - c*e**3*x**5),x)*a*b*c*d**2*e**2 + 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt
(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**3 + 3*a*d**2*e*x + 3*a*d*e**2*x**2 + a*e**3*x**3
- c*d**3*x**2 - 3*c*d**2*e*x**3 - 3*c*d*e**2*x**4 - c*e**3*x**5),x)*a*b*c*
d*e**3*x + int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**3 + 3*a*d**2*e*
x + 3*a*d*e**2*x**2 + a*e**3*x**3 - c*d**3*x**2 - 3*c*d**2*e*x**3 - 3*c*d*
e**2*x**4 - c*e**3*x**5),x)*a*b*c*e**4*x**2 - int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a -
c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**3 + 3*a*d**2*e*x + 3*a*d*e**2*x**2 + a*e**3*x**3 - c*d
**3*x**2 - 3*c*d**2*e*x**3 - 3*c*d*e**2*x**4 - c*e**3*x**5),x)*a*c**2*d**3
*e - 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**3 + 3*a*d**2*e*x +
3*a*d*e**2*x**2 + a*e**3*x**3 - c*d**3*x**2 - 3*c*d**2*e*x**3 - 3*c*d*e**2
*x**4 - c*e**3*x**5),x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**2*x - int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c
*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**3 + 3*a*d**2*e*x + 3*a*d*e**2*x**2 + a*e**3*x**3 - c*d*
*3*x**2 - 3*c*d**2*e*x**3 - 3*c*d*e**2*x**4 - c*e**3*x**5),x)*a*c**2*d*e**
3*x**2 + 4*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**3 + 3*a*d**2*e*
x + 3*a*d*e**2*x**2 + a*e**3*x**3 - c*d**3*x**2 - 3*c*d**2*e*x**3 - 3*c*d*
e**2*x**4 - c*e**3*x**5),x)*b*c**2*d**4 + 8*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c
*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**3 + 3*a*d**2*e*x + 3*a*d*e**2*x**2 + a*e**3*x**3 - c...
```

3.266 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2209
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2210
Rubi [A] (verified)	2211
Maple [A] (verified)	2217
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2218
Sympy [F]	2218
Maxima [F]	2219
Giac [F]	2219
Mupad [F(-1)]	2219
Reduce [F]	2220

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 529

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{4(4Bcd^2 + Acde - 5aBe^2)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{15e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4c(4Bcd^3 + Acd^2e - 8aBde^2 + 3aAe^3)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{15e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2(4Bd + Ae + 5Bex)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{5e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$4\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}(4Bcd^3 + Acd^2e - 8aBde^2 + 3aAe^3)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)$$

$$15e^3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a-cx^2}$$

$$4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(4Bcd^2 + Acde - 5aBe^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)$$

$$15e^3(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}$$

output

```

4/15*(A*c*d*e-5*B*a*e^2+4*B*c*d^2)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*
x+d)^(3/2)+4/15*c*(3*A*a*e^3+A*c*d^2*e-8*B*a*d*e^2+4*B*c*d^3)*(-c*x^2+a)^(
1/2)/e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-2/5*(5*B*e*x+A*e+4*B*d)*(-c*x^2+a)
^(1/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2)-4/15*a^(1/2)*c^(3/2)*(3*A*a*e^3+A*c*d^2*e-8*B*a*d
*e^2+4*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x
/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/e
^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+
a)^(1/2)+4/15*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(A*c*d*e-5*B*a*e^2+4*B*c*d^2)*(c^(1/2)*(e*x+
d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)
*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)
/e^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 26.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 584, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^2} \left(\frac{3(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(7Bcd^2 - 2Acde - 5aBe^2)}{d + ex} \right) + \frac{2ic^{3/2}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})}{(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]*((3*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^2 - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(7*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e - 5*a*B*e^2))/(d + e*x) + ((2*I)*c^(3/2)*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(4*B*c*d^2 + A*c*d^2*e - 8*a*B*d*e^2 + 3*a*A*e^3)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x])*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)))/(e^2*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-a + c*x^2)) + ((2*I)*Sqrt[a]*c*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(4*B*c*d^2 + 3*Sqrt[a]*B*Sqrt[c]*d*e + A*c*d*e - 5*a*B*e^2 - 3*Sqrt[a]*A*Sqrt[c]*e^2)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x])*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)))/(e*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-a + c*x^2)))/(15*(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 524, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {680, 25, 27, 688, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^2}(A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 680$$

$$\frac{2 \int -\frac{c(3ae(Bd - Ae) + (4Bcd^2 + Aced - 5aBe^2)x)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx}{15e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)} -$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a - cx^2}(ex(-5aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2) - 3aAe^3 - 2aBde^2 + Acd^2e + 4Bcd^3)}{15e^2(d + ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{c(3ae(Bd - Ae) + (4Bcd^2 + Aced - 5aBe^2)x)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx}{15e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)} -$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a - cx^2}(ex(-5aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2) - 3aAe^3 - 2aBde^2 + Acd^2e + 4Bcd^3)}{15e^2(d + ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2c \int \frac{3ae(Bd-Ae) + (4Bcd^2 + Aced - 5aBe^2)x}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{15e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-5aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2) - 3aAe^3 - 2aBde^2 + Acd^2e + 4Bcd^3)}{15e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 688 \\
 & \frac{2c \left(\frac{2 \int -\frac{ae(Bcd^2 + 4Aced - 5aBe^2) + c(4Bcd^3 + Aced^2 - 8aBe^2d + 3aAe^3)x}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(3aAe^3 - 8aBde^2 + Acd^2e + 4Bcd^3)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{15e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-5aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2) - 3aAe^3 - 2aBde^2 + Acd^2e + 4Bcd^3)}{15e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2c \left(-\frac{\int \frac{ae(Bcd^2 + 4Aced - 5aBe^2) + c(4Bcd^3 + Aced^2 - 8aBe^2d + 3aAe^3)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(3aAe^3 - 8aBde^2 + Acd^2e + 4Bcd^3)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{15e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-5aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2) - 3aAe^3 - 2aBde^2 + Acd^2e + 4Bcd^3)}{15e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 600 \\
 & \frac{2c \left(-\frac{c(3aAe^3 - 8aBde^2 + Acd^2e + 4Bcd^3) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(-5aBe^2 + Acde + 4Bcd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(3aAe^3 - 8aBde^2 + Acd^2e + 4Bcd^3)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{15e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-5aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2) - 3aAe^3 - 2aBde^2 + Acd^2e + 4Bcd^3)}{15e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 509
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2c \left(\frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(3aAe^3-8aBde^2+Acde+4Bcd^3) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(-5aBe^2+Acde+4Bcd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(3aAe^3-8aBde^2+Acde+4Bcd^3)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-5aBe^2-2Acde+7Bcd^2)-3aAe^3-2aBde^2+Acde+4Bcd^3)}{15e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

508

$$2c \left(\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(-5aBe^2+Acde+4Bcd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(3aAe^3-8aBde^2+Acde+4Bcd^3) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{cd+e}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1} d \sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-5aBe^2-2Acde+7Bcd^2)-3aAe^3-2aBde^2+Acde+4Bcd^3)}{15e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

327

$$2c \left(\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(-5aBe^2+Acde+4Bcd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(3aAe^3-8aBde^2+Acde+4Bcd^3) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1} d \sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-5aBe^2-2Acde+7Bcd^2)-3aAe^3-2aBde^2+Acde+4Bcd^3)}{15e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

512

$$2c \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)(-5aBe^2+Acde+4Bcd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(3aAe^3-8aBde^2+Ac d^2e+4Bcd^3)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}}\right)\right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-5aBe^2-2Acde+7Bcd^2)-3aAe^3-2aBde^2+Ac d^2e+4Bcd^3)}{15e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

511

$$2c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}(-5aBe^2+Acde+4Bcd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}} dx}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(3aAe^3-8aBde^2+Ac d^2e+4Bcd^3)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}}\right)\right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-5aBe^2-2Acde+7Bcd^2)-3aAe^3-2aBde^2+Ac d^2e+4Bcd^3)}{15e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

321

$$2c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}(-5aBe^2+Acde+4Bcd^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}}\right), \frac{2e}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(3aAe^3-8aBde^2+Ac d^2e+4Bcd^3)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}}\right)\right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-5aBe^2-2Acde+7Bcd^2)-3aAe^3-2aBde^2+Ac d^2e+4Bcd^3)}{15e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2*(4*B*c*d^3 + A*c*d^2*e - 2*a*B*d*e^2 - 3*a*A*e^3 + e*(7*B*c*d^2 - 2*A* \\ & c*d*e - 5*a*B*e^2)*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^2])/(15*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(\\ & 5/2)) - (2*c*((-2*(4*B*c*d^3 + A*c*d^2*e - 8*a*B*d*e^2 + 3*a*A*e^3)*\text{Sqrt}[a \\ & - c*x^2]))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) - ((-2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*(4*B*c*d \\ & ^3 + A*c*d^2*e - 8*a*B*d*e^2 + 3*a*A*e^3)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^2)/a \\ &]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - (\text{Sqrt}[c]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a]]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (2*e)/((\text{Sqrt}[c] \\ & *d)/\text{Sqrt}[a] + e)))/(e*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)]*\text{Sqr} \\ & \text{rt}[a - c*x^2]) + (2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(4*B*c*d^2 + A*c*d*e - 5*a*B*e \\ & ^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^2)/a]* \\ & \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - (\text{Sqrt}[c]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a]]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (2*e)/((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d \\ &)/\text{Sqrt}[a] + e)))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*e*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2 \\ &))/(15*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(\text{Gx}_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 321

$$\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \&\& \text{!(NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$$

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 508

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 509 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_)+(d_)(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_)+(d_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_)+(d_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 600 $\text{Int}(((A_)+(B_)(x_))/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_)+(d_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[B/d \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B*c - A*d)/d \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 680 $\text{Int}(((d_)+(e_)(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_)+(g_)(x_))*((a_)+(c_)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^{2*(m + 1)}*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)))*((d*g - e*f*(m + 2))*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - 2*c*d^2*p*(e*f - d*g) - e*(g*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + 2*c*d*p*(e*f - d*g))*x), x] - \text{Simp}[p/(e^{2*(m + 1)}*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 2)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}*\text{Simp}[2*a*c*e*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2) - c*(2*c*d*(d*g*(2*p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)) - 2*a*e^2*g*(m + 1))*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -2] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m + 2*p, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0]$

rule 688 $\text{Int}(((d_)+(e_)(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_)+(g_)(x_))*((a_)+(c_)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 890, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(-cx^2+a)} \left(-\frac{2(Ae-Bd)\sqrt{-ce^3-cd^2+ae^2+ad}}{5e^5\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} - \frac{2(2Acde+5Ba^2e-7Bcd^2)\sqrt{-ce^3-cd^2+ae^2+ad}}{15(ae^2-cd^2)e^4\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{4(-ce^2+ae)c(3Aae^2-cd^2)}{15e^3(ae^2-cd^2)^2} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2/5*(A*e-B*d)/
e^5*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)/(x+d/e)^3-2/15*(2*A*c*d*e+5*B*a*e^2
-7*B*c*d^2)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/e^4*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)/(x+d/e)^2
+4/15*(-c*e*x^2+a*e)/e^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*c*(3*A*a*e^3+A*c*d^2*e-8*B*a*d*e^
2+4*B*c*d^3)/((x+d/e)*(-c*e*x^2+a*e))^(1/2)+2*(-B*c/e^3+1/15*c*(2*A*c*d*e+
5*B*a*e^2-7*B*c*d^2)/e^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)+2/15*c^2/e^3*d*(3*A*a*e^3+A*c*d^2*e
-8*B*a*d*e^2+4*B*c*d^3)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d
/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1
/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a
*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c
*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+4/15*c^2/e^2*(3*A*a*e^3+A*c*d
^2*e-8*B*a*d*e^2+4*B*c*d^3)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)
/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))
^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^
2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*
c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/
c*(a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(
a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 903, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
2/45*(2*(4*B*c^2*d^7 + A*c^2*d^6*e - 11*B*a*c*d^5*e^2 - 9*A*a*c*d^4*e^3 +
15*B*a^2*d^3*e^4 + (4*B*c^2*d^4*e^3 + A*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 11*B*a*c*d^2*e^5 - 9
*A*a*c*d*e^6 + 15*B*a^2*e^7)*x^3 + 3*(4*B*c^2*d^5*e^2 + A*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 11
*B*a*c*d^3*e^4 - 9*A*a*c*d^2*e^5 + 15*B*a^2*d*e^6)*x^2 + 3*(4*B*c^2*d^6*e
+ A*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 11*B*a*c*d^4*e^3 - 9*A*a*c*d^3*e^4 + 15*B*a^2*d^2*e^5)*x
)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d
^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 6*(4*B*c^2*d^6*e + A*c^2*d^5
*e^2 - 8*B*a*c*d^4*e^3 + 3*A*a*c*d^3*e^4 + (4*B*c^2*d^3*e^4 + A*c^2*d^2*e^
5 - 8*B*a*c*d*e^6 + 3*A*a*c*e^7)*x^3 + 3*(4*B*c^2*d^4*e^3 + A*c^2*d^3*e^4
- 8*B*a*c*d^2*e^5 + 3*A*a*c*d*e^6)*x^2 + 3*(4*B*c^2*d^5*e^2 + A*c^2*d^4*e^
3 - 8*B*a*c*d^3*e^4 + 3*A*a*c*d^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(
c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstrassPI
nverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1
/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) + 3*(4*B*c^2*d^5*e^2 + A*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 10*B*a*c*d^3*e^4
+ 10*A*a*c*d^2*e^5 - 2*B*a^2*d*e^6 - 3*A*a^2*e^7 + 2*(4*B*c^2*d^3*e^4 + A
*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 8*B*a*c*d*e^6 + 3*A*a*c*e^7)*x^2 + (9*B*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 6*A*c
^2*d^3*e^4 - 20*B*a*c*d^2*e^5 + 10*A*a*c*d*e^6 - 5*B*a^2*e^7)*x)*sqrt(-c*x
^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^7*e^4 - 2*a*c*d^5*e^6 + a^2*d^3*e^8 + (c^2*d
^4*e^7 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^9 + a^2*e^11)*x^3 + 3*(c^2*d^5*e^6 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^8 +
a^2*d*e^10)*x^2 + 3*(c^2*d^6*e^5 - 2*a*c*d^4*e^7 + a^2*d^2*e^9)*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)/(d + e*x)**(7/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}(Bx + A)}{(ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*(B*x + A)/(e*x + d)^(7/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}(Bx + A)}{(ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*(B*x + A)/(e*x + d)^(7/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^2}(A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a - c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(((a - c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*b*e - 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)
*b*c*d*x - 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**4 + 4*a*d**3*
e*x + 6*a*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*a*d*e**3*x**3 + a*e**4*x**4 - c*d**4*x**2 - 4
*c*d**3*e*x**3 - 6*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 - 4*c*d*e**3*x**5 - c*e**4*x**6),x)*a*
b*c*d**3*e**2 - 9*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**4 + 4*a*
d**3*e*x + 6*a*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*a*d*e**3*x**3 + a*e**4*x**4 - c*d**4*x**
2 - 4*c*d**3*e*x**3 - 6*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 - 4*c*d*e**3*x**5 - c*e**4*x**6),
x)*a*b*c*d**2*e**3*x - 9*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**4
+ 4*a*d**3*e*x + 6*a*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*a*d*e**3*x**3 + a*e**4*x**4 - c*d
**4*x**2 - 4*c*d**3*e*x**3 - 6*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 - 4*c*d*e**3*x**5 - c*e**4
*x**6),x)*a*b*c*d*e**4*x**2 - 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/
(a*d**4 + 4*a*d**3*e*x + 6*a*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*a*d*e**3*x**3 + a*e**4*x**
4 - c*d**4*x**2 - 4*c*d**3*e*x**3 - 6*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 - 4*c*d*e**3*x**5 -
c*e**4*x**6),x)*a*b*c*e**5*x**3 - int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**
2)/(a*d**4 + 4*a*d**3*e*x + 6*a*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*a*d*e**3*x**3 + a*e**4*
x**4 - c*d**4*x**2 - 4*c*d**3*e*x**3 - 6*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 - 4*c*d*e**3*x**
5 - c*e**4*x**6),x)*a*c**2*d**4*e - 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*
x**2)/(a*d**4 + 4*a*d**3*e*x + 6*a*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*a*d*e**3*x**3 + a*e*
**4*x**4 - c*d**4*x**2 - 4*c*d**3*e*x**3 - 6*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 - 4*c*d*e**3*
x**5 - c*e**4*x**6),x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**2*x - 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a...
```

3.267 $\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2221
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2222
Rubi [A] (verified)	2223
Maple [B] (verified)	2230
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2231
Sympy [F]	2232
Maxima [F]	2232
Giac [F]	2233
Mupad [F(-1)]	2233
Reduce [F]	2233

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 603

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{8(44Acde(cd^2 - 3ae^2) - B(32c^2d^4 - 69acd^2e^2 + 45a^2e^4))\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{3465ce^4} + \frac{4(d + ex)^{3/2}(32Bcd^3 - 44Acd^2e - 29aBde^2 + 77aAe^3 - 5e(8Bcd^2 - 11Acde - 9aBe^2)x)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{1155e^4} - \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(8Bd - 11Ae - 9Bex)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{99e^2} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}(32Bc^2d^5 - 44Ac^2d^4e - 93aBcd^3e^2 + 165aAcd^2e^3 + 93a^2Bde^4 + 231a^2Ae^5)\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{ae}}}\right)\right)}{3465\sqrt{ce^5}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d + ex)}}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a - cx^2}} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}(cd^2 - ae^2)(44Acde(cd^2 - 3ae^2) - B(32c^2d^4 - 69acd^2e^2 + 45a^2e^4))\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d + ex)}}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{ae}}}\right)\right)}{3465c^{3/2}e^5\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2}}$$

output

```

8/3465*(44*A*c*d*e*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)-B*(45*a^2*e^4-69*a*c*d^2*e^2+32*c^2*d^4))*
(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/e^4+4/1155*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(32*B*c*d^3-44*A*c*d^2*e-29*B*a*d*e^2+77*A*a*e^3-5*e*(-11*A*c*d*e-9*B*a*e^2+8*B*c*d^2)*x)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e^4-2/99*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(-9*B*e*x-11*A*e+8*B*d)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/e^2-8/3465*a^(1/2)*(231*A*a^2*e^5+165*A*a*c*d^2*e^3-44*A*c^2*d^4*e+93*B*a^2*d*e^4-93*B*a*c*d^3*e^2+32*B*c^2*d^5)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e^5/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-8/3465*a^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(44*A*c*d*e*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)-B*(45*a^2*e^4-69*a*c*d^2*e^2+32*c^2*d^4))*(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^5/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 27.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 801, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a - cx^2} \left((d + ex) (11Ace(ae^2(29d + 77ex) - c(8d^3 - 6d^2ex + 5de^2x^2 + 35e^3x^3)) + B(- \right)}{-cx^2)^{3/2} dx =$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]*((d + e*x)*(11*A*c*e*(a*e^2*(29*d + 77*e*x) - c*(8*d^3
- 6*d^2*e*x + 5*d*e^2*x^2 + 35*e^3*x^3)) + B*(-180*a^2*e^4 + a*c*e^2*(-178
*d^2 + 131*d*e*x + 585*e^2*x^2) + c^2*(64*d^4 - 48*d^3*e*x + 40*d^2*e^2*x^
2 - 35*d*e^3*x^3 - 315*e^4*x^4))) - (4*(e^2*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]
*(11*A*e*(-4*c^2*d^4 + 15*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 21*a^2*e^4) + B*(32*c^2*d^5 - 93*a
*c*d^3*e^2 + 93*a^2*d*e^4))*(a - c*x^2) + I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e
)*(11*A*e*(-4*c^2*d^4 + 15*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 21*a^2*e^4) + B*(32*c^2*d^5 - 93*
a*c*d^3*e^2 + 93*a^2*d*e^4))*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqr
t[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*Ar
cSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*
e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)] - I*Sqrt[a]*e*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(11*A*Sq
rt[c]*e*(4*c^(3/2)*d^3 + 3*Sqrt[a]*c*d^2*e - 12*a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 + 21*a^(3/
2)*e^3) + B*(-32*c^2*d^4 - 24*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)*d^3*e + 69*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 48*
a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c]*d*e^3 - 45*a^2*e^4))*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e
*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Ellipt
icF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d +
Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)))/(e^2*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*
(a - c*x^2)))/(3465*c*e^4*Sqrt[d + e*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 609, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.481$, Rules used = {687, 27, 682, 27, 682, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a - cx^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx) \sqrt{d + ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 687 \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{(11Acd + aBe + c(Bd + 11Ae)x)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{2\sqrt{d + ex}} dx}{11c} - \frac{2B(a - cx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d + ex}}{11c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(11Acd + aBe + c(Bd + 11Ae)x)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx}{11c} - \frac{2B(a - cx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d + ex}}{11c}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 682

$$\frac{4 \int \frac{c(ae(Bcd^2 - 88Aced - 9aBe^2) + c(8Bcd^3 - 11Aced^2 - 16aBe^2d - 77aAe^3)x)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{21ce^2} - \frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}(-9aBe^2 - 7cex(11Ae+Bd) - 11Acd)}{63e^2}$$

$$\frac{2B(a-cx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{11c}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{(ae(Bcd^2 - 88Aced - 9aBe^2) + c(8Bcd^3 - 11Aced^2 - 16aBe^2d - 77aAe^3)x)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{21e^2} - \frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}(-9aBe^2 - 7cex(11Ae+Bd) - 11Acd)}{63e^2}$$

$$\frac{2B(a-cx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{11c}$$

↓ 682

$$2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(-B(45a^2e^4 - 69acd^2e^2 + 32c^2d^4) + 3cex(-77aAe^3 - 16aBde^2 - 11Acd^2e + 8Bcd^3) + 44Acde(cd^2 - 3ae^2))}{15e^2} - 4 \int \frac{c(ae(11Acde(cd^2 - 33ae^2))}{21e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2B(a-cx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{11c}$$

↓ 27

$$2 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{ae(11Acde(cd^2 - 33ae^2) - B(8c^2d^4 - 21ace^2d^2 + 45a^2e^4)) + c(11Ae(4c^2d^4 - 15ace^2d^2 - 21a^2e^4) - B(32c^2d^5 - 93ace^2d^3 + 93a^2e^4d))x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{15e^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{21e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2B(a-cx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{11c}$$

↓ 600

$$2 \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(44Acde(cd^2 - 3ae^2) - B(45a^2e^4 - 69acd^2e^2 + 32c^2d^4)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx - \frac{c(231a^2Ae^5 + 93a^2Bde^4 + 165aAcd^2e^3 - 93aBcd^3e^2 - 44Ac^2d^4e + 32Bc^2d^5)}{e} \right) \frac{1}{15e^2}$$

$$\frac{2B(a - cx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d + ex}}{11c}$$

↓ 509

$$2 \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(44Acde(cd^2 - 3ae^2) - B(45a^2e^4 - 69acd^2e^2 + 32c^2d^4)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx - \frac{c\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}}(231a^2Ae^5 + 93a^2Bde^4 + 165aAcd^2e^3 - 93aBcd^3e^2 - 44Ac^2d^4e + 32Bc^2d^5)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} \right) \frac{1}{15e^2}$$

$$\frac{2B(a - cx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d + ex}}{11c}$$

↓ 508

$$2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(231a^2Ae^5 + 93a^2Bde^4 + 165aAcd^2e^3 - 93aBcd^3e^2 - 44Ac^2d^4e + 32Bc^2d^5) \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e} d \sqrt{\frac{1 - \sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}} - 1) + 1} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(44Acde(cd^2 - 3ae^2) - B(45a^2e^4 - 69acd^2e^2 + 32c^2d^4)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae^3 + cd}}}} \right) \frac{1}{15e^2}$$

$$\frac{2B(a - cx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d + ex}}{11c}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(231a^2 Ae^5+93a^2 Bde^4+165aAcd^2 e^3-93aBcd^3 e^2-44Ac^2 d^4 e+32Bc^2 d^5) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}} \right)}{15e^2} (cd^2-ae^2) (44.$$

$$\frac{2B(a-cx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{11c}$$

↓ 512

$$\frac{2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(231a^2 Ae^5+93a^2 Bde^4+165aAcd^2 e^3-93aBcd^3 e^2-44Ac^2 d^4 e+32Bc^2 d^5) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}} \right)}{15e^2} \sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}} (cd^2-$$

$$\frac{2B(a-cx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{11c}$$

↓ 511

$$\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(44Acde(cd^2-3ae^2)-B(45a^2e^4-69acd^2e^2+32c^2d^4))}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{15e^2}$$

$$\frac{2B(a-cx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{11c}$$

↓ 321

$$\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(44Acde(cd^2-3ae^2)-B(45a^2e^4-69acd^2e^2+32c^2d^4))}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right) \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{15e^2}$$

$$\frac{2B(a-cx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{11c}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2*B*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)^{(5/2)})/(11*c) + ((-2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(8*B*c*d^2 - 11*A*c*d*e - 9*a*B*e^2 - 7*c*e*(B*d + 11*A*e)*x)*(a - c*x^2)^{(3/2)})/ \\ & (63*e^2) - (2*((2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(44*A*c*d*e*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) - B*(32*c^2*d^4 - 69*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 45*a^2*e^4) + 3*c*e*(8*B*c*d^3 - 11*A*c*d^2*e - 16*a*B*d*e^2 - 77*a*A*e^3)*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^2])/(15*e^2) + (2*((2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*(32*B*c^2*d^5 - 44*A*c^2*d^4*e - 93*a*B*c*d^3*e^2 + 165*a*A*c*d^2*e^3 + 93*a^2*B*d*e^4 + 231*a^2*A*e^5)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - (\text{Sqrt}[c]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a]]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (2*e)/((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[a] + e)))/(e*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)]*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^2]) + (2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(44*A*c*d*e*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) - B*(32*c^2*d^4 - 69*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 45*a^2*e^4))*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - (\text{Sqrt}[c]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a]]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (2*e)/((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[a] + e)))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*e*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^2]))/(15*e^2)))/(21*e^2))/(11*c) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) \text{ /; FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 321

$$\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$$

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 508

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 682 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p + 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 687

```

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])

```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1380 vs. $2(527) = 1054$.

Time = 5.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1381, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1381
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1519
default	Expression too large to display	3551

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

2/3465/c*(-315*B*c^2*e^4*x^4-385*A*c^2*e^4*x^3-35*B*c^2*d*e^3*x^3-55*A*c^2
*d*e^3*x^2+585*B*a*c*e^4*x^2+40*B*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+847*A*a*c*e^4*x+66*A*c^2
*d^2*e^2*x+131*B*a*c*d*e^3*x-48*B*c^2*d^3*e*x+319*A*a*c*d*e^3-88*A*c^2*d^3
*e-180*B*a^2*e^4-178*B*a*c*d^2*e^2+64*B*c^2*d^4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^4*(-c*x^2
+a)^(1/2)+4/3465/e^4/c*((231*A*a^2*e^5+165*A*a*c*d^2*e^3-44*A*c^2*d^4*e+93
*B*a^2*d*e^4-93*B*a*c*d^3*e^2+32*B*c^2*d^5)*(a*c)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a
*c)^(1/2))*c/(a*c)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*
(x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*c/(a*c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)
)*((d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticE(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*c/(a*c
)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-2/c*(a*c)^(1/2)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-d/e*Ellipti
cF(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*c/(a*c)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-2/c*(a*c)^(1/2)
/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+45*B*e^5*a^3/c*(a*c)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/c
*(a*c)^(1/2))*c/(a*c)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*
(-2*(x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*c/(a*c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(
1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*c/(a*c)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-2/c
*(a*c)^(1/2)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-11*A*a*c*d^3*e^2*(a*c)^(1/2)*2^
(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*c/(a*c)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1
/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*c/(a*c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2
+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*c/(a*c)^(1/2)
)^(1/2),(-2/c*(a*c)^(1/2)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+363*A*a^2*d*e^4...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 522, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2 \left(4(32 Bc^3d^6 - 44 Ac^3d^5e - 117 Bac^2d^4e^2 + 198 Aac^2d^3e^3 + 156 Ba^2cd^2e^4 - 858 Aa^2cde^5 \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
2/10395*(4*(32*B*c^3*d^6 - 44*A*c^3*d^5*e - 117*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 198*A*a*
c^2*d^3*e^3 + 156*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 858*A*a^2*c*d*e^5 - 135*B*a^3*e^6)*sq
rt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 -
9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 12*(32*B*c^3*d^5*e - 44*A*c^3*d^4
*e^2 - 93*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 165*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + 93*B*a^2*c*d*e^5 + 231*A
*a^2*c*e^6)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/2
7*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(
c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) - 3*(315*B*
c^3*e^6*x^4 - 64*B*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 88*A*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 178*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 -
319*A*a*c^2*d*e^5 + 180*B*a^2*c*e^6 + 35*(B*c^3*d*e^5 + 11*A*c^3*e^6)*x^3
- 5*(8*B*c^3*d^2*e^4 - 11*A*c^3*d*e^5 + 117*B*a*c^2*e^6)*x^2 + (48*B*c^3*d
^3*e^3 - 66*A*c^3*d^2*e^4 - 131*B*a*c^2*d*e^5 - 847*A*a*c^2*e^6)*x)*sqrt(-
c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^2*e^6)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{d + ex} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(1/2)*(-c*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)*(a - c*x**2)**(3/2)*sqrt(d + e*x), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (-cx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(Bx + A)\sqrt{ex + d} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((-c*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(B*x + A)*sqrt(e*x + d), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (-cx^2 + a)^{3/2}(Bx + A)\sqrt{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-c*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(B*x + A)*sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (a - cx^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx) \sqrt{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a - c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(2*( - 462*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**3*e**4 - 366*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*b*d*e**3 - 11*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*c*d**2*e**2 + 847*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*c*d*e**3*x + 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*b*c*d**3*e + 131*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*b*c*d**2*e**2*x + 585*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*b*c*d*e**3*x**2 + 66*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c**2*d**3*e*x - 55*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 385*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c**2*d*e**3*x**3 - 48*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c**2*d**4*x + 40*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c**2*d**3*e*x**2 - 35*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**3 - 315*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c**2*d*e**3*x**4 - 693*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a**3*c*e**5 - 279*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a**2*b*c*d*e**4 - 495*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**3 + 279*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a*b*c**2*d**3*e**2 + 132*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a*c**3*d**4*e - 96*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*b*c**3*d**5 + 231*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a**4*e**5 + 183*int((sqrt(d + ...
```

3.268
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

Optimal result	2235
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2236
Rubi [A] (verified)	2237
Maple [B] (verified)	2244
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2245
Sympy [F]	2245
Maxima [F]	2246
Giac [F]	2246
Mupad [F(-1)]	2246
Reduce [F]	2247

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 493

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{d+ex}(32Bcd^3 - 36Acd^2e - 33aBde^2 + 45aAe^3 - 3e(8Bcd^2 - 9Acde - 2\sqrt{d+ex}(8Bd - 9Ae - 7Bex))(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{315e^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(8Bd - 9Ae - 7Bex)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{63e^2} + \frac{8\sqrt{a}(36Acde(cd^2 - 2ae^2) - B(32c^2d^4 - 57acd^2e^2 + 21a^2e^4))\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{315\sqrt{ce^5}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} + \frac{8\sqrt{a}(cd^2 - ae^2)(32Bcd^3 - 36Acd^2e - 33aBde^2 + 45aAe^3)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{315\sqrt{ce^5}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

```

4/315*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(32*B*c*d^3-36*A*c*d^2*e-33*B*a*d*e^2+45*A*a*e^3-3*e*(-
-9*A*c*d*e-7*B*a*e^2+8*B*c*d^2)*x)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e^4-2/63*(e*x+d)^(1/2)
*(-7*B*e*x-9*A*e+8*B*d)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/e^2+8/315*a^(1/2)*(36*A*c*d*e*(-2
*a*e^2+c*d^2)-B*(21*a^2*e^4-57*a*c*d^2*e^2+32*c^2*d^4))*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c
*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a
^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e^5/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/
2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+8/315*a^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(45*A
*a*e^3-36*A*c*d^2*e-33*B*a*d*e^2+32*B*c*d^3)*(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a
^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/
2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e^5/(e
*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 27.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 693, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^2} \left(\frac{2(d+ex)(135aAe^3 + aBe^2(-106d+77ex) - 9Ace(8d^2 - 6dex + 5e^2x^2)) + Bc(64d^3 - 48d^2ex)}{e^4} \right)}{\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2))/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a - c*x^2]*((2*(d + e*x)*(135*a*A*e^3 + a*B*e^2*(-106*d + 77*e*x) -
9*A*c*e*(8*d^2 - 6*d*e*x + 5*e^2*x^2) + B*c*(64*d^3 - 48*d^2*e*x + 40*d*e^
2*x^2 - 35*e^3*x^3)))/e^4 + (8*(e^2*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-36*A*
c*d*e*(c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2) + B*(32*c^2*d^4 - 57*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 21*a^2*e^4))*(-
a + c*x^2) + I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(36*A*c*d*e*(c*d^2 - 2*a*e^
2) + B*(-32*c^2*d^4 + 57*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 21*a^2*e^4))*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[
c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*
x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]]
, (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)] + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e*(
Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(9*A*Sqrt[c]*e*(4*c*d^2 + 3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - 5
*a*e^2) + B*(-32*c^(3/2)*d^3 - 24*Sqrt[a]*c*d^2*e + 33*a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 + 2
1*a^(3/2)*e^3))*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]
*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d
+ (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d
- Sqrt[a]*e)))]/(c*e^6*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(a - c*x^2)))/(315
*Sqrt[d + e*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 493, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {682, 27, 682, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 682$$

$$-\frac{4 \int \frac{c(ae(Bd - 9Ae) + (8Bcd^2 - 9Aced - 7aBe^2)x)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{2\sqrt{d + ex}} dx}{21ce^2}$$

$$\frac{2(a - cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d + ex} (-9Ae + 8Bd - 7Bex)}{63e^2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{(ae(Bd-9Ae)+(8Bcd^2-9Aced-7aBe^2)x)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{21e^2} - \frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex}(-9Ae+8Bd-7Bex)}{63e^2}$$

↓ 682

$$2 \left(-\frac{4 \int \frac{c(ae(8Bcd^3-9Aced^2-12aBe^2d+45aAe^3)-(36Acde(cd^2-2ae^2)-B(32c^2d^4-57ace^2d^2+21a^2e^4))x)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{15ce^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(-3ex(-7aBe^2-9Ae+8Bd))}{21e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex}(-9Ae+8Bd-7Bex)}{63e^2}$$

↓ 27

$$2 \left(-\frac{2 \int \frac{ae(8Bcd^3-9Aced^2-12aBe^2d+45aAe^3)-(36Acde(cd^2-2ae^2)-B(32c^2d^4-57ace^2d^2+21a^2e^4))x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{15e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(-3ex(-7aBe^2-9Ae+8Bd))}{21e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex}(-9Ae+8Bd-7Bex)}{63e^2}$$

↓ 600

$$2 \left(-\frac{2 \left(\frac{(36Acde(cd^2-2ae^2)-B(21a^2e^4-57acd^2e^2+32c^2d^4)) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(45aAe^3-33aBde^2-36Acd^2e+32Bcd^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right)}{15e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(-3ex(-7aBe^2-9Ae+8Bd))}{21e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex}(-9Ae+8Bd-7Bex)}{63e^2}$$

↓ 509

$$2 \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}} (36Acde(cd^2-2ae^2) - B(21a^2e^4 - 57acd^2e^2 + 32c^2d^4)) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(45aAe^3 - 33aBde^2 - 36Acd^2e + 32Bcd^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}}}{e} \right)}{15e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex} (-9Ae + 8Bd - 7Bex)}{63e^2} \qquad 21e^2$$

↓ 508

$$2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}} \sqrt{d+ex} (36Acde(cd^2-2ae^2) - B(21a^2e^4 - 57acd^2e^2 + 32c^2d^4)) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}}{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1)+1} d \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(45aAe^3 - 33aBde^2 - 36Acd^2e + 32Bcd^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}}}{e} \right)}{15e^2}$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex} (-9Ae + 8Bd - 7Bex)}{63e^2} \qquad 21e^2$$

↓ 327

$$2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(36Acde(cd^2-2ae^2)-B(21a^2e^4-57acd^2e^2+32c^2d^4))E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\sqrt{\frac{cd}{a}+e}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(45aAe^3-33aBde^2-21e^4)}{15e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}(-9Ae+8Bd-7Bex)}{63e^2}$$

↓ 512

$$2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(36Acde(cd^2-2ae^2)-B(21a^2e^4-57acd^2e^2+32c^2d^4))E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\sqrt{\frac{cd}{a}+e}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)(45aAe^3-33aBde^2-21e^4)}{15e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}(-9Ae+8Bd-7Bex)}{63e^2}$$

↓ 511

$$2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}(45aAe^3-33aBde^2-36Acd^2e+32Bcd^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{1-\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{2}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{15e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}(-9Ae+8Bd-7Bex)}{63e^2}$$

↓ 321

$$2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(36Acde(cd^2-2ae^2)-B(21a^2e^4-57acd^2e^2+32c^2d^4))E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\sqrt{cd}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae}}}}{15e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}(-9Ae+8Bd-7Bex)}{63e^2}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2))/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2\sqrt{d+ex}(8Bd-9Ae-7Bex)(a-cx^2)^{3/2})/(63e^2) - \\ & (2((-2\sqrt{d+ex})(32Bcd^3-36Acd^2e-33aBde^2+45aAe^3-3e(8Bcd^2-9Acd^2e-7aBde^2)x)\sqrt{a-cx^2})/(15e^2) \\ & - (2((2\sqrt{a}(36Acd^2e(c^2d^2-2ae^2)-B(32c^2d^4-57a^2cd^2e^2+21a^2e^4))\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-(cx^2)/a}\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{1-(\sqrt{c}x)/\sqrt{a}}]/\sqrt{2}], (2e)/((\sqrt{c}d)/\sqrt{a}+e)))/(\sqrt{c}e\sqrt{(\sqrt{c}(d+ex))/(\sqrt{c}d+\sqrt{a}e)}\sqrt{a-cx^2}) \\ & + (2\sqrt{a}(c^2d^2-ae^2)(32Bcd^3-36Acd^2e-33aBde^2+45aAe^3)\sqrt{(\sqrt{c}(d+ex))/(\sqrt{c}d+\sqrt{a}e)}\sqrt{1-(cx^2)/a}\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{1-(\sqrt{c}x)/\sqrt{a}}]/\sqrt{2}], (2e)/((\sqrt{c}d)/\sqrt{a}+e)))/(\sqrt{c}e\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}))/15e^2)))/(21e^2) \end{aligned}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 321

$$\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a_)+(b_)(x_)^2})\sqrt{(c_)+(d_)(x_)^2}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]x], b(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$$

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{(a_)+(b_)(x_)^2}/\sqrt{(c_)+(d_)(x_)^2}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\sqrt{a}/(\sqrt{c}\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]x], b(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 508

$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{(c_)+(d_)(x_)^2}/\sqrt{(a_)+(b_)(x_)^2}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\sqrt{c+dx}/(\sqrt{a}q\sqrt{q((c+dx)/(d+cq))})) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\sqrt{1-2d*(x^2/(d+cq))}/\sqrt{1-x^2}], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1-qx)/2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A.) + (B.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 682 `Int[((d.) + (e.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f.) + (g.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p + 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1049 vs. $2(423) = 846$.

Time = 7.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1050, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1050
risch	Expression too large to display	1117
default	Expression too large to display	2966

input `int((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a))^{1/2}/(e*x+d)^{1/2}/(-c*x^2+a)^{1/2}*(-2/9*B/e*c*x^3 \\ & (-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^{1/2}-2/7*(A*c^2-8/9*c^2*d/e*B)/c/e*x^2*(-c*e \\ & *x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^{1/2}-2/5*(-11/9*a*B*c-6/7*d/e*(A*c^2-8/9*c^2*d/e* \\ & B))/c/e*x*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^{1/2}-2/3*(-2*A*a*c-4/5*d/e*(-11/9* \\ & a*B*c-6/7*d/e*(A*c^2-8/9*c^2*d/e*B))+5/7*a/c*(A*c^2-8/9*c^2*d/e*B)+2/3*a*c \\ & *d/e*B)/c/e*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^{1/2}+2*(a^2*A+2/5*a/c*d/e*(-11/9 \\ & *a*B*c-6/7*d/e*(A*c^2-8/9*c^2*d/e*B))+1/3*a/c*(-2*A*a*c-4/5*d/e*(-11/9*a*B \\ & *c-6/7*d/e*(A*c^2-8/9*c^2*d/e*B))+5/7*a/c*(A*c^2-8/9*c^2*d/e*B)+2/3*a*c*d/ \\ & e*B))*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^{1/2})*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^{1/2}))^{1/2}*((x-1/c* \\ & (a*c)^{1/2})/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^{1/2}))^{1/2}*((x+1/c*(a*c)^{1/2})/(-d/e+1/c* \\ & (a*c)^{1/2}))^{1/2}/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^{1/2}*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/ \\ & (d/e-1/c*(a*c)^{1/2}))^{1/2},((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^{1/2})/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^{1/2} \\ &))^{1/2})+2*(a^2*B+4/7*a/c*d/e*(A*c^2-8/9*c^2*d/e*B)+3/5*a/c*(-11/9*a*B*c- \\ & 6/7*d/e*(A*c^2-8/9*c^2*d/e*B))-2/3*d/e*(-2*A*a*c-4/5*d/e*(-11/9*a*B*c-6/7* \\ & d/e*(A*c^2-8/9*c^2*d/e*B))+5/7*a/c*(A*c^2-8/9*c^2*d/e*B)+2/3*a*c*d/e*B))* \\ & (d/e-1/c*(a*c)^{1/2})*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^{1/2}))^{1/2}*((x-1/c*(a*c)^{ \\ & 1/2})/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^{1/2}))^{1/2}*((x+1/c*(a*c)^{1/2})/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^{ \\ & 1/2}))^{1/2}/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^{1/2}*((-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^{1/2})*El \\ & lipticE(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^{1/2}))^{1/2},((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^{1/2})/(-d/ \\ & e-1/c*(a*c)^{1/2}))^{1/2})+1/c*(a*c)^{1/2}*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*... \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 417, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2 \left(4(32Bc^2d^5 - 36Ac^2d^4e - 81Bacd^3e^2 + 99Aacd^2e^3 + 57Ba^2de^4 - 135$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/945*(4*(32*B*c^2*d^5 - 36*A*c^2*d^4*e - 81*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 99*A*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 57*B*a^2*d*e^4 - 135*A*a^2*e^5)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 12*(32*B*c^2*d^4*e - 36*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 57*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 72*A*a*c*d*e^4 + 21*B*a^2*e^5)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) - 3*(35*B*c^2*e^5*x^3 - 64*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 72*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 106*B*a*c*d*e^4 - 135*A*a*c*e^5 - 5*(8*B*c^2*d*e^4 - 9*A*c^2*e^5)*x^2 + (48*B*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 54*A*c^2*d*e^4 - 77*B*a*c*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*e^6)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x**2+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*(a - c*x**2)**(3/2)/sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^2 + a)^{3/2}(Bx + A)}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-c*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(B*x + A)/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^2 + a)^{3/2}(Bx + A)}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-c*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(B*x + A)/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `int(((a - c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((a - c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(2*( - 42*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*b*e**3 - 9*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*c*d*e**2 + 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*b*c*d**2*e + 77*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*b*c*d*e**2*x + 54*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c**2*d**2*e*x - 45*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c**2*d*e**2*x**2 - 48*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c**2*d**3*x + 40*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c**2*d**2*e*x**2 - 35*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c**2*d*e**2*x**3 - 63*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a**2*b*c*e**4 - 216*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a**2*c**2*d*e**3 + 171*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a*b*c**2*d**2*e**2 + 108*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a*c**3*d**3*e - 96*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*b*c**3*d**4 + 21*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a**3*b*e**4 + 162*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a**3*c*d*e**3 - 81*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*e**2 - 54*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e + 48*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a*b*c**2*d**4))/(315*c*d*e**3)
```


3.269
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2248
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2249
Rubi [A] (verified)	2250
Maple [B] (verified)	2256
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2257
Sympy [F]	2258
Maxima [F]	2258
Giac [F]	2259
Mupad [F(-1)]	2259
Reduce [F]	2259

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 443

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe^2 - 4cd(8Bd - 7Ae) + 3ce(8Bd - 7Ae)x)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{35e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{2(8Bd - 7Ae + Bex)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{7e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(32Bcd^3 - 28Acd^2e - 29aBde^2 + 21aAe^3)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{35e^5\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{8\sqrt{a}(cd^2 - ae^2)(32Bcd^2 - 28Acde - 5aBe^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{35\sqrt{ce^5}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

```

4/35*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(5*B*a*e^2-4*c*d*(-7*A*e+8*B*d)+3*c*e*(-7*A*e+8*B*d)*x)
*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e^4+2/7*(B*e*x-7*A*e+8*B*d)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)
^(1/2)+8/35*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(21*A*a*e^3-28*A*c*d^2*e-29*B*a*d*e^2+32*B*c*d
^3)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1
/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/e^5/(c^(1/2)*
(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-8/35*a^(1/2)*(-a*e^2
+c*d^2)*(-28*A*c*d*e-5*B*a*e^2+32*B*c*d^2)*(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(
1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)
*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e^5/(e*x
+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 26.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 617, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{\dots} \left(-35(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 - ae^2) - (29Bcd^2 - 21Acde - 15aBe^2) \right) (d + ex)^{3/2} + \dots$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]*(-35*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2) - (29*B*c*d^2 - 21*A*c
*d*e - 15*a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x) + c*e*(13*B*d - 7*A*e)*x*(d + e*x) - 5*B*c*e^
2*x^2*(d + e*x) + (4*(e^2*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(32*B*c*d^3 - 28*
A*c*d^2*e - 29*a*B*d*e^2 + 21*a*A*e^3)*(a - c*x^2) + I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d
- Sqrt[a]*e)*(32*B*c*d^3 - 28*A*c*d^2*e - 29*a*B*d*e^2 + 21*a*A*e^3)*Sqrt[
(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d
+ e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]
]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)) + I*Sq
rt[a]*e*(-(Sqrt[c]*d) + Sqrt[a]*e)*(B*(-32*c*d^2 - 24*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e
+ 5*a*e^2) + 7*A*(4*c*d*e + 3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e^2))*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[
c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e
x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]]
, (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)))/(e^2*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[
a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(a - c*x^2)))/(35*e^4*Sqrt[d + e*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 443, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {681, 25, 682, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{681}$$

$$\frac{2(a - cx^2)^{3/2} (-7Ae + 8Bd + Bex)}{7e^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{6 \int -\frac{(aBe + c(8Bd - 7Ae)x)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx}{7e^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$\frac{6 \int \frac{(aBe + c(8Bd - 7Ae)x)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx}{7e^2} + \frac{2(a - cx^2)^{3/2} (-7Ae + 8Bd + Bex)}{7e^2 \sqrt{d + ex}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{682}$$

$$6 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe^2+3cex(8Bd-7Ae))-4cd(8Bd-7Ae)}{15e^2} - 4 \int \frac{c(ae(8Bcd^2-7Aced-5aBe^2)+c(32Bcd^3-28Aced^2-29aBe^2d+21aAe^3)x)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx \right)$$

$$\frac{7e^2}{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-7Ae+8Bd+Bex)} \frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-7Ae+8Bd+Bex)}{7e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

↓ 27

$$6 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe^2+3cex(8Bd-7Ae))-4cd(8Bd-7Ae)}{15e^2} - 2 \int \frac{ae(8Bcd^2-7Aced-5aBe^2)+c(32Bcd^3-28Aced^2-29aBe^2d+21aAe^3)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx \right)$$

$$\frac{7e^2}{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-7Ae+8Bd+Bex)} \frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-7Ae+8Bd+Bex)}{7e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

↓ 600

$$6 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe^2+3cex(8Bd-7Ae))-4cd(8Bd-7Ae)}{15e^2} - 2 \left(\frac{c(21aAe^3-29aBde^2-28Acd^2e+32Bcd^3)}{e} \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(-5aBe)}{15e^2} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{7e^2}{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-7Ae+8Bd+Bex)} \frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-7Ae+8Bd+Bex)}{7e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

↓ 509

$$6 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe^2+3cex(8Bd-7Ae))-4cd(8Bd-7Ae)}{15e^2} - 2 \left(\frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(21aAe^3-29aBde^2-28Acd^2e+32Bcd^3)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)}{15e^2} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{7e^2}{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-7Ae+8Bd+Bex)} \frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-7Ae+8Bd+Bex)}{7e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

↓ 508

$$6 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe^2+3cex(8Bd-7Ae)-4cd(8Bd-7Ae))}{15e^2} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(-5aBe^2-28Acde+32Bcd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-}}{\dots} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-7Ae+8Bd+Bex)}{7e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} \quad 7e^2$$

↓ 327

$$6 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe^2+3cex(8Bd-7Ae)-4cd(8Bd-7Ae))}{15e^2} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(-5aBe^2-28Acde+32Bcd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-}}{\dots} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-7Ae+8Bd+Bex)}{7e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} \quad 7e^2$$

↓ 512

$$6 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe^2+3cex(8Bd-7Ae)-4cd(8Bd-7Ae))}{15e^2} - \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)(-5aBe^2-28Acde+32Bcd^2)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx \right)}{2} \right)$$

$7e^2$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-7Ae+8Bd+Bex)}{7e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

↓ 511

$$6 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe^2+3cex(8Bd-7Ae)-4cd(8Bd-7Ae))}{15e^2} - \frac{\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}(-5aBe^2-28Acde+32Bcd^2)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} \int \frac{e}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx \right)}{2} \right)$$

$7e^2$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-7Ae+8Bd+Bex)}{7e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

↓ 321

$$6 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe^2+3cex(8Bd-7Ae)-4cd(8Bd-7Ae))}{15e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \right) - \frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-7Ae+8Bd+Bex)}{7e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

```
input Int[((A + B*x)*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x]
```

```
output (2*(8*B*d - 7*A*e + B*e*x)*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (6*(2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(5*a*B*e^2 - 4*c*d*(8*B*d - 7*A*e) + 3*c*e*(8*B*d - 7*A*e)*x)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])/(15*e^2) - (2*((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*(32*B*c*d^3 - 28*A*c*d^2*e - 29*a*B*d*e^2 + 21*a*A*e^3)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)])/(e*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(32*B*c*d^2 - 28*A*c*d*e - 5*a*B*e^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)]/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])))/(15*e^2))/(7*e^2)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q
= Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c
*q))])) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqr
t[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sq
rt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)],
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Wit
h[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt
[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))])*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x]
, x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[
a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^
2/a))], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]
) , x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp
[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 681

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1)
+ e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/
(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Sim
p[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] ||
EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2
*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 682

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p
+ 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p
+ 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)
^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*
d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !
RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (Intege
rQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1136 vs. $2(373) = 746$.

Time = 8.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1137, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1137
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1178
default	Expression too large to display	2439

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

2/35*(-5*B*c*e^2*x^2-7*A*c*e^2*x+13*B*c*d*e*x+21*A*c*d*e+15*B*a*e^2-29*B*c
*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^4*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/35/e^4*((49*A*a*e^3-77*A*c*d^2*
e-81*B*a*d*e^2+93*B*c*d^3)*(a*c)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*c/(a*c
)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2
))*c/(a*c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((d/e-1/c*(a*c)
^(1/2))*EllipticE(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*c/(a*c)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-
2/c*(a*c)^(1/2)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-d/e*EllipticF(1/2*2^(1/2)*((
x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*c/(a*c)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-2/c*(a*c)^(1/2)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(
1/2)))^(1/2))-35*(A*a^2*e^5-2*A*a*c*d^2*e^3+A*c^2*d^4*e-B*a^2*d*e^4+2*B*a
*c*d^3*e^2-B*c^2*d^5)/e*(-2*(-c*e*x^2+a*e)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/((x+d/e)*(-c*e*x^
2+a*e))^(1/2)-d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(a*c)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*c/(
a*c)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x-1/c*(a*c)^(
1/2))*c/(a*c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/
2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*c/(a*c)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-2/c*(a*c)^(1/2)/(d/e
-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(a*c)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c
)^(1/2))*c/(a*c)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x
-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*c/(a*c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*
((d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticE(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*c/(a*c)^(
1/2))^(1/2),(-2/c*(a*c)^(1/2)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-d/e*EllipticF
(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*c/(a*c)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-2/c*(a*c)^(1/2)...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 506, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left(4(32 Bc^2d^5 - 28 Ac^2d^4e - 53 Bacd^3e^2 + 42 Aacd^2e^3 + 15 Ba^2de^4 + (32 Bc^2d^4e - 28 Ac^2d^3e^2 - 53 Ba$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/105*(4*(32*B*c^2*d^5 - 28*A*c^2*d^4*e - 53*B*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 42*A*a*c*d^2*
*e^3 + 15*B*a^2*d*e^4 + (32*B*c^2*d^4*e - 28*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 53*B*a*c*d^2*
*e^3 + 42*A*a*c*d*e^4 + 15*B*a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3
*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x
+ d)/e) + 12*(32*B*c^2*d^4*e - 28*A*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 29*B*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 21*A*
a*c*d*e^4 + (32*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 28*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 29*B*a*c*d*e^4 + 21*A*a
*c*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27
*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c
*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 3*(5*B*c^2
*e^5*x^3 + 64*B*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 56*A*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 50*B*a*c*d*e^4 + 35*A*a*c
*e^5 - (8*B*c^2*d*e^4 - 7*A*c^2*e^5)*x^2 + (16*B*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 14*A*c^2*d*
e^4 - 15*B*a*c*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c*e^7*x + c*d*e^6)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d + ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x**2+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)*(a - c*x**2)**(3/2)/(d + e*x)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(Bx + A)}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((-c*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(B*x + A)/(e*x + d)^(3/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^2 + a)^{3/2}(Bx + A)}{(ex + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-c*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(B*x + A)/(e*x + d)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a - c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((a - c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output

```

(2*( - 10*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*b*e**3 - 7*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*c*d*e**2 + 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*b*c*d**2*e + 15*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*b*c*d*e**2*x + 14*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c**2*d**2*e*x - 7*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 16*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c**2*d**3*x + 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c**2*d**2*e*x**2 - 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c**2*d*e**2*x**3 - 5*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x + a*e**2*x**2 - c*d**2*x**2 - 2*c*d*e*x**3 - c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**2*b*c*d*e**4 - 5*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x + a*e**2*x**2 - c*d**2*x**2 - 2*c*d*e*x**3 - c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**2*b*c*e**5*x - 28*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x + a*e**2*x**2 - c*d**2*x**2 - 2*c*d*e*x**3 - c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**3 - 28*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x + a*e**2*x**2 - c*d**2*x**2 - 2*c*d*e*x**3 - c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**2*c**2*d*e**4*x + 37*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x + a*e**2*x**2 - c*d**2*x**2 - 2*c*d*e*x**3 - c*e**2*x**4),x)*a*b*c**2*d**3*e**2 + 37*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x + a*e**2*x**2 - c*d**2*x**2 - 2*c*d*e*x**3 - c*e**2*x**4),x)*a*b*c**2*d**2*e**3*x + 28*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x + a*e**2*x**2 - c*d**2*x**2 - 2*c*d*e*x**3 - c*e**2*x**4),x)*a*c**3*...

```

3.270
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2261
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2262
Rubi [A] (verified)	2263
Maple [B] (verified)	2270
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2271
Sympy [F]	2272
Maxima [F]	2272
Giac [F]	2273
Mupad [F(-1)]	2273
Reduce [F]	2273

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 432

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{4(9aBe^2 - 4cd(8Bd - 5Ae) - ce(8Bd - 5Ae)x) \sqrt{a-cx^2}}{15e^4 \sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(8Bd - 5Ae + 3Bex)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{15e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(9aBe^2 - 4cd(8Bd - 5Ae)) \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{15e^5 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{ae}}}} \sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(32Bcd^3 - 20Acd^2e - 17aBde^2 + 5aAe^3) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{ae}}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{15e^5 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

```

-4/15*(9*B*a*e^2-4*c*d*(-5*A*e+8*B*d)-c*e*(-5*A*e+8*B*d)*x)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2/15*(3*B*e*x-5*A*e+8*B*d)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+8/15*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(9*B*a*e^2-4*c*d*(-5*A*e+8*B*d))*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/e^5/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+8/15*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(5*A*a*e^3-20*A*c*d^2*e-17*B*a*d*e^2+32*B*c*d^3)*(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/e^5/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 25.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 592, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{e^4(d + ex)} \left(-\frac{2(5aAe^3 + 5aBe^2(2d + 3ex) + 5Ace(8d^2 + 10dex + e^2x^2) - Bc(64d^3 + 80d^2ex + 8de^2x^2 - \dots)}{e^4(d + ex)} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a - c*x^2]*((-2*(5*a*A*e^3 + 5*a*B*e^2*(2*d + 3*e*x) + 5*A*c*e*(8*d^2 + 10*d*e*x + e^2*x^2) - B*c*(64*d^3 + 80*d^2*e*x + 8*d*e^2*x^2 - 3*e^3*x^3)))/(e^4*(d + e*x)) - (8*(e^2*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(32*B*c*d^2 - 20*A*c*d*e - 9*a*B*e^2)*(-a + c*x^2) + I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(-32*B*c*d^2 + 20*A*c*d*e + 9*a*B*e^2)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)] + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e*(-32*B*c*d^2 + 8*Sqrt[a]*B*Sqrt[c]*d*e + 20*A*c*d*e + 9*a*B*e^2 - 5*Sqrt[a]*A*Sqrt[c]*e^2)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)])))/(e^6*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-a + c*x^2)))/(15*Sqrt[d + e*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {681, 25, 681, 25, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 681$$

$$\frac{2(a - cx^2)^{3/2} (-5Ae + 8Bd + 3Bex)}{15e^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{(3aBe + c(8Bd - 5Ae)x)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx}{5e^2}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{(3aBe + c(8Bd - 5Ae)x)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx}{5e^2} + \frac{2(a - cx^2)^{3/2} (-5Ae + 8Bd + 3Bex)}{15e^2(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 681$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 2 \left(-\frac{2 \int -\frac{c(ae(8Bd-5Ae)-(9aBe^2-4cd(8Bd-5Ae))x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{3e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(9aBe^2-cex(8Bd-5Ae)-4cd(8Bd-5Ae))}{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \quad + \frac{5e^2}{15e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} 2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-5Ae+8Bd+3Bex) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{c(ae(8Bd-5Ae)-(9aBe^2-4cd(8Bd-5Ae))x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{3e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(9aBe^2-cex(8Bd-5Ae)-4cd(8Bd-5Ae))}{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \quad + \frac{5e^2}{15e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} 2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-5Ae+8Bd+3Bex) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{2c \int \frac{ae(8Bd-5Ae)-(9aBe^2-4cd(8Bd-5Ae))x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{3e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(9aBe^2-cex(8Bd-5Ae)-4cd(8Bd-5Ae))}{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \quad + \frac{5e^2}{15e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} 2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-5Ae+8Bd+3Bex) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{600} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{2c \left(-\frac{(5aAe^3-17aBde^2-20Acd^2e+32Bcd^3)}{e} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx - \frac{(9aBe^2-4cd(8Bd-5Ae))}{e} \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx \right)}{3e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(9aBe^2-cex(8Bd-5Ae)-4cd(8Bd-5Ae))}{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \quad + \frac{5e^2}{15e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} 2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-5Ae+8Bd+3Bex) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{509}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{2c \left(\frac{(5aAe^3 - 17aBde^2 - 20Acd^2e + 32Bcd^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}} (9aBe^2 - 4cd(8Bd-5Ae)) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} \right)}{3e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(9aBe^2 - cex(8Bd-5Ae))}{3e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a - cx^2)^{3/2} (-5Ae + 8Bd + 3Bex)}{15e^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} \quad 5e^2$$

↓ 508

$$2 \left(\frac{2c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(9aBe^2 - 4cd(8Bd-5Ae)) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} - \frac{(5aAe^3 - 17aBde^2 - 20Acd^2e + 32Bcd^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right)}{3e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(9aBe^2 - cex(8Bd-5Ae))}{3e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a - cx^2)^{3/2} (-5Ae + 8Bd + 3Bex)}{15e^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} \quad 5e^2$$

↓ 327

$$2 \left(\frac{2c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(9aBe^2-4cd(8Bd-5Ae))E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) - \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}} \right) - \frac{(5aAe^3-17aBde^2-20Acd^2e+32Bcd^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e}}{3e^2} \right)$$

$5e^2$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-5Ae+8Bd+3Bex)}{15e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 512

$$2 \left(\frac{2c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(9aBe^2-4cd(8Bd-5Ae))E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) - \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(5aAe^3-17aBde^2-20Acd^2e+32Bcd^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}}}{3e^2} \right)$$

$5e^2$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-5Ae+8Bd+3Bex)}{15e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 511

$$2c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(5aAe^3-17aBde^2-20Acd^2e+32Bcd^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{1-\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{ce\sqrt{a-cx^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(9aBe^2-4cd(8Bd-4cd))}{\sqrt{ce\sqrt{a-cx^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-5Ae+8Bd+3Bex)}{15e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

5e²

321

$$2c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(5aAe^3-17aBde^2-20Acd^2e+32Bcd^3) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce\sqrt{a-cx^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(9aBe^2-4cd(8Bd-4cd))}{\sqrt{ce\sqrt{a-cx^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-5Ae+8Bd+3Bex)}{15e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

5e²

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*(8*B*d - 5*A*e + 3*B*e*x)*(a - c*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(15*e^2*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}) + \\ & (2*((-2*(9*a*B*e^2 - 4*c*d*(8*B*d - 5*A*e) - c*e*(8*B*d - 5*A*e))*x)*\text{Sqrt}[\\ & a - c*x^2])/(3*e^2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) + (2*c*((2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*(9*a*B*e^2 - 4*c*d*(8 \\ & *B*d - 5*A*e))*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - \\ & (\text{Sqrt}[c]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a]]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (2*e)/((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[a] + e)))/(\text{Sqrt}[c] \\ & *e*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)]*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^2]) + (2 \\ & *\text{Sqrt}[a]*(32*B*c*d^3 - 20*A*c*d^2*e - 17*a*B*d*e^2 + 5*a*A*e^3)*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{Sqrt} \\ & [c]*(d + e*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcS} \\ & \text{in}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - (\text{Sqrt}[c]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a]]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (2*e)/((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[a] + e \\ &)]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*e*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^2])))/(3*e^2))/(5*e^2) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(Gx_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 321

$$\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{imp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])]$$

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 508

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 681 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1) + e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] || EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 988 vs. 2(362) = 724.

Time = 15.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 989, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(-cx^2+a)} \left(-\frac{2(Aae^3 - Acd^2e - Bad e^2 + Bcd^3)\sqrt{-ce x^3 - cd x^2 + aex + ad}}{3e^6 \left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{2(-ce x^2 + ae)(8Acde + 3Bae^2 - 11Bcd^2)}{3e^5 \sqrt{\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)(-ce x^2 + ae)}} - \frac{2Bcx\sqrt{-ce x^3 - cd x^2 + aex + ad}}{3e^6 \left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2/3*(A*a*e^3-A
*c*d^2*e-B*a*d*e^2+B*c*d^3)/e^6*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)/(x+d/e)
^2-2/3*(-c*e*x^2+a*e)*(8*A*c*d*e+3*B*a*e^2-11*B*c*d^2)/e^5/((x+d/e)*(-c*e*
x^2+a*e))^(1/2)-2/5*B*c/e^3*x*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)-2/3*(c^2/
e^3*(A*e-2*B*d)-4/5*B*c^2/e^3*d)/c/e*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)+2*
(-c*(2*A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e-4*B*a*d*e^2+4*B*c*d^3)/e^5+1/3*(A*a*e^3-A*c*d^2
*e-B*a*d*e^2+B*c*d^3)*c/e^5-1/3*(8*A*c*d*e+3*B*a*e^2-11*B*c*d^2)*c/e^5*d+2
/5*B*c/e^3*a*d+1/3*(c^2/e^3*(A*e-2*B*d)-4/5*B*c^2/e^3*d)/c*a)*(d/e-1/c*(a*
c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e
-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2
)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/
2))))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+2*(-c/e^
4*(2*A*c*d*e+2*B*a*e^2-3*B*c*d^2)-1/3*(8*A*c*d*e+3*B*a*e^2-11*B*c*d^2)*c/e
^4+3/5*B*c/e^2*a-2/3*(c^2/e^3*(A*e-2*B*d)-4/5*B*c^2/e^3*d)/e*d)*(d/e-1/c*(
a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d
/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1
/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticE((
(x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*
c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))
)^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)))

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 513, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(4(32 Bcd^5 - 20 Acd^4e - 33 Bad^3e^2 + 15 Aad^2e^3 + (32 Bcd^3e^2 - 20 Acd^2e^3 - 12 Bcd^2e^2 - 12 Aad^2e^2 - 12 Acd^2e^2 - 12 Aad^2e^2) \right)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
2/45*(4*(32*B*c*d^5 - 20*A*c*d^4*e - 33*B*a*d^3*e^2 + 15*A*a*d^2*e^3 + (32
*B*c*d^3*e^2 - 20*A*c*d^2*e^3 - 33*B*a*d*e^4 + 15*A*a*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(32*B*c
*d^4*e - 20*A*c*d^3*e^2 - 33*B*a*d^2*e^3 + 15*A*a*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(-c*e)*wei
erstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/
(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 12*(32*B*c*d^4*e - 20*A*c*d^3*e^2 - 9*B*a*d^
2*e^3 + (32*B*c*d^2*e^3 - 20*A*c*d*e^4 - 9*B*a*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(32*B*c*d^3*e^
2 - 20*A*c*d^2*e^3 - 9*B*a*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*d^2
+ 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstrassPInvers
e(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3
*e*x + d)/e)) - 3*(3*B*c*e^5*x^3 - 64*B*c*d^3*e^2 + 40*A*c*d^2*e^3 + 10*B*
a*d*e^4 + 5*A*a*e^5 - (8*B*c*d*e^4 - 5*A*c*e^5)*x^2 - 5*(16*B*c*d^2*e^3 -
10*A*c*d*e^4 - 3*B*a*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^8*x^2 + 2*
d*e^7*x + d^2*e^6)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x**2+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)*(a - c*x**2)**(3/2)/(d + e*x)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^2+a)^{3/2}(Bx+A)}{(ex+d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((-c*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(B*x + A)/(e*x + d)^(5/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^2 + a)^{3/2}(Bx + A)}{(ex + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-c*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(B*x + A)/(e*x + d)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a - c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((a - c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

output

```

(2*( - 18*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*b*e**3 - 25*sqrt(d + e*x)*sq
rt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*c*d*e**2 + 40*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*b*c*d**
2*e + 21*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*b*c*d*e**2*x + 30*sqrt(d + e*x)*
sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c**2*d**2*e*x - 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c**2
*d*e**2*x**2 - 48*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c**2*d**3*x + 8*sqrt(d
+ e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c**2*d**2*e*x**2 - 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**
2)*b*c**2*d*e**2*x**3 + 9*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**
3 + 3*a*d**2*e*x + 3*a*d*e**2*x**2 + a*e**3*x**3 - c*d**3*x**2 - 3*c*d**2
*e*x**3 - 3*c*d*e**2*x**4 - c*e**3*x**5),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*e**4 + 18*int((s
qrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**3 + 3*a*d**2*e*x + 3*a*d*e**2*x**
2 + a*e**3*x**3 - c*d**3*x**2 - 3*c*d**2*e*x**3 - 3*c*d*e**2*x**4 - c*e**
3*x**5),x)*a**2*b*c*d*e**5*x + 9*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)
/(a*d**3 + 3*a*d**2*e*x + 3*a*d*e**2*x**2 + a*e**3*x**3 - c*d**3*x**2 - 3*
c*d**2*e*x**3 - 3*c*d*e**2*x**4 - c*e**3*x**5),x)*a**2*b*c*e**6*x**2 + 27*
int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**3 + 3*a*d**2*e*x + 3*a*d*e
**2*x**2 + a*e**3*x**3 - c*d**3*x**2 - 3*c*d**2*e*x**3 - 3*c*d*e**2*x**4 -
c*e**3*x**5),x)*a*b*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 54*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**
2)*x**2)/(a*d**3 + 3*a*d**2*e*x + 3*a*d*e**2*x**2 + a*e**3*x**3 - c*d**3*x
**2 - 3*c*d**2*e*x**3 - 3*c*d*e**2*x**4 - c*e**3*x**5),x)*a*b*c**2*d**3*e
**3*x + 27*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**3 + 3*a*d**2*...

```

3.271
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2275
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2276
Rubi [A] (verified)	2277
Maple [B] (verified)	2284
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2285
Sympy [F]	2286
Maxima [F]	2287
Giac [F]	2287
Mupad [F(-1)]	2287
Reduce [F]	2288

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 520

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{8c(32Bcd^3 - 12Acd^2e - 29aBde^2 + 9aAe^3) \sqrt{a-cx^2}}{15e^4 (cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4(5aBe^2 - 4cd(8Bd - 3Ae) - 3ce(8Bd - 3Ae)x) \sqrt{a-cx^2}}{15e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(8Bd - 3Ae + 5Bex)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{15e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{8\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}(32Bcd^3 - 12Acd^2e - 29aBde^2 + 9aAe^3) \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{15e^5 (cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{ae}}}} \sqrt{a-cx^2}} + \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(32Bcd^2 - 12Acde - 5aBe^2) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{ae}}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{15e^5 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

```
-8/15*c*(9*A*a*e^3-12*A*c*d^2*e-29*B*a*d*e^2+32*B*c*d^3)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/
e^4/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-4/15*(5*B*a*e^2-4*c*d*(-3*A*e+8*B*d)-3*c*
e*(-3*A*e+8*B*d)*x)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2/15*(5*B*e*x-3*A*e
+8*B*d)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+8/15*a^(1/2)*c^(3/2)*(9*A*a*e^3
-12*A*c*d^2*e-29*B*a*d*e^2+32*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*Ell
ipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)
*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/e^5/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/
2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-8/15*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(-12*A*c*d*e-5*B*a*e^2+
32*B*c*d^2)*(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2
)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^
(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/e^5/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 26.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 672, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^2} \left(\frac{2(d+ex) \left(-5Bc - \frac{3(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 - ae^2)}{(d+ex)^3} + \frac{17Bcd^2 - 12Acde - 5aBe^2}{(d+ex)^2} + \frac{c(73Bcd^3 - 33Acd^2e - 6)}{(-cd^2 + ae^2)} \right)}{e^4} \right)}{e^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a - c*x^2]*((2*(d + e*x)*(-5*B*c - (3*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(d + e*x)^3 + (17*B*c*d^2 - 12*A*c*d*e - 5*a*B*e^2)/(d + e*x)^2 + (c*(73*B*c*d^3 - 33*A*c*d^2*e - 61*a*B*d*e^2 + 21*a*A*e^3))/((-c*d^2) + a*e^2)*(d + e*x))))/e^4 + (8*c*(e^2*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(32*B*c*d^3 - 12*A*c*d^2*e - 29*a*B*d*e^2 + 9*a*A*e^3)*(a - c*x^2) + I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(32*B*c*d^3 - 12*A*c*d^2*e - 29*a*B*d*e^2 + 9*a*A*e^3)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)] + I*Sqrt[a]*e*(-(Sqrt[c]*d) + Sqrt[a]*e)*(-32*B*c*d^2 - 24*Sqrt[a]*B*Sqrt[c]*d*e + 12*A*c*d*e + 5*a*B*e^2 + 9*Sqrt[a]*A*Sqrt[c]*e^2)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)))]/(e^6*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)*(-a + c*x^2)))/(15*Sqrt[d + e*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 537, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {680, 25, 27, 681, 25, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 680$$

$$\frac{2 \int -\frac{c(3ae(Bd - Ae) + (8Bcd^2 - 3Aced - 5aBe^2)x)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx}{5e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)} +$$

$$\frac{2(a - cx^2)^{3/2} (-ex(-5aBe^2 - 6Acde + 11Bcd^2) + 3Ae(ae^2 + cd^2) - 2B(4cd^3 - ade^2))}{15e^2(d + ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-ex(-5aBe^2-6Acde+11Bcd^2)+3Ae(ae^2+cd^2)-2B(4cd^3-ade^2))}{15e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \\
 & \frac{2\int\frac{c(3ae(Bd-Ae)+(8Bcd^2-3Acde-5aBe^2)x)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}}dx}{5e^2(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-ex(-5aBe^2-6Acde+11Bcd^2)+3Ae(ae^2+cd^2)-2B(4cd^3-ade^2))}{15e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \\
 & \frac{2c\int\frac{(3ae(Bd-Ae)+(8Bcd^2-3Acde-5aBe^2)x)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}}dx}{5e^2(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 681 \\
 & \frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-ex(-5aBe^2-6Acde+11Bcd^2)+3Ae(ae^2+cd^2)-2B(4cd^3-ade^2))}{15e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \\
 & 2c\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-5aBe^2-3Acde+8Bcd^2)+9aAe^3-29aBde^2-12Acd^2e+32Bcd^3)}{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\int-\frac{ae(8Bcd^2-3Acde-5aBe^2)+c(32Bcd^3-12Acde^2-29aAe^3-29aBde^2-12Acd^2e+32Bcd^3)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}dx}{3e^2}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-ex(-5aBe^2-6Acde+11Bcd^2)+3Ae(ae^2+cd^2)-2B(4cd^3-ade^2))}{15e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \\
 & 2c\left(\frac{2\int\frac{ae(8Bcd^2-3Acde-5aBe^2)+c(32Bcd^3-12Acde^2-29aAe^3-29aBde^2-12Acd^2e+32Bcd^3)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}dx}{3e^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-5aBe^2-3Acde+8Bcd^2)+9aAe^3-29aBde^2-12Acd^2e+32Bcd^3)}{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 600 \\
 & \frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-ex(-5aBe^2-6Acde+11Bcd^2)+3Ae(ae^2+cd^2)-2B(4cd^3-ade^2))}{15e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \\
 & 2c\left(\frac{2\left(\frac{c(9aAe^3-29aBde^2-12Acd^2e+32Bcd^3)\int\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}}dx}{e} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(-5aBe^2-12Acde+32Bcd^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}dx}{e}\right)}{3e^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-5aBe^2-3Acde+8Bcd^2)+9aAe^3-29aBde^2-12Acd^2e+32Bcd^3)}{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 509 \\
 & \frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(-ex(-5aBe^2-6Acde+11Bcd^2)+3Ae(ae^2+cd^2)-2B(4cd^3-ade^2))}{15e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \\
 & 2c\left(\frac{2\left(\frac{c(9aAe^3-29aBde^2-12Acd^2e+32Bcd^3)\int\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}}dx}{e} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(-5aBe^2-12Acde+32Bcd^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}dx}{e}\right)}{3e^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(-5aBe^2-3Acde+8Bcd^2)+9aAe^3-29aBde^2-12Acd^2e+32Bcd^3)}{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 509
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2(a - cx^2)^{3/2} (-ex(-5aBe^2 - 6Acde + 11Bcd^2) + 3Ae(ae^2 + cd^2) - 2B(4cd^3 - ade^2))}{15e^2(d + ex)^{5/2} (cd^2 - ae^2)} -$$

$$2c \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}} (9aAe^3 - 29aBde^2 - 12Acd^2e + 32Bcd^3) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(-5aBe^2 - 12Acde + 32Bcd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right)}{3e^2} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(e)}{5e^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

508

$$\frac{2(a - cx^2)^{3/2} (-ex(-5aBe^2 - 6Acde + 11Bcd^2) + 3Ae(ae^2 + cd^2) - 2B(4cd^3 - ade^2))}{15e^2(d + ex)^{5/2} (cd^2 - ae^2)} -$$

$$2c \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(-5aBe^2 - 12Acde + 32Bcd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex} (9aAe^3 - 29aBde^2 - 12Acd^2e + 32Bcd^3) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{e(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}}}{3e^2} \right) \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(e)}{5e^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

327

$$\frac{2(a - cx^2)^{3/2} (-ex(-5aBe^2 - 6Acde + 11Bcd^2) + 3Ae(ae^2 + cd^2) - 2B(4cd^3 - ade^2))}{15e^2(d + ex)^{5/2} (cd^2 - ae^2)} -$$

$$2c \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(-5aBe^2 - 12Acde + 32Bcd^2)}{e} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(9aAe^3 - 29aBde^2 - 12Acd^2e + 32Bcd^3)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} \right) E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right)}{3e^2} \right)$$

$$5e^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)$$

↓ 512

$$\frac{2(a - cx^2)^{3/2} (-ex(-5aBe^2 - 6Acde + 11Bcd^2) + 3Ae(ae^2 + cd^2) - 2B(4cd^3 - ade^2))}{15e^2(d + ex)^{5/2} (cd^2 - ae^2)} -$$

$$2c \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2 - ae^2)(-5aBe^2 - 12Acde + 32Bcd^2)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(9aAe^3 - 29aBde^2 - 12Acd^2e + 32Bcd^3)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} \right) E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right)}{3e^2} \right)$$

$$5e^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)$$

↓ 511

$$\frac{2(a - cx^2)^{3/2} (-ex(-5aBe^2 - 6Acde + 11Bcd^2) + 3Ae(ae^2 + cd^2) - 2B(4cd^3 - ade^2))}{15e^2(d + ex)^{5/2} (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(-5aBe^2 - 12Acde + 32Bcd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}}}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(9aAe^3 - 29aBe^2 + 11cd^2)}{3e^2} \right)$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2(a - cx^2)^{3/2} (-ex(-5aBe^2 - 6Acde + 11Bcd^2) + 3Ae(ae^2 + cd^2) - 2B(4cd^3 - ade^2))}{15e^2(d + ex)^{5/2} (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(-5aBe^2 - 12Acde + 32Bcd^2) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(9aAe^3 - 29aBe^2 + 11cd^2)}{3e^2} \right)$$

input Int[((A + B*x)*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(7/2), x]

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*(3*A*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - 2*B*(4*c*d^3 - a*d*e^2) - e*(11*B*c*d^2 - 6*A* \\ & c*d*e - 5*a*B*e^2)*x)*(a - c*x^2)^{(3/2)}/(15*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x) \\ & ^{(5/2)}) - (2*c*((2*(32*B*c*d^3 - 12*A*c*d^2*e - 29*a*B*d*e^2 + 9*a*A*e^3 + \\ & e*(8*B*c*d^2 - 3*A*c*d*e - 5*a*B*e^2)*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^2])/((3*e^2*\text{Sqrt}[d + \\ & e*x]) + (2*((-2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*(32*B*c*d^3 - 12*A*c*d^2*e - 29*a*B*d*e^2 \\ & + 9*a*A*e^3)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - \\ & (\text{Sqrt}[c]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a]]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (2*e)/((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[a] + e)))/(e*\text{Sqrt}[(\\ & \text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)]*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^2]) + (2*\text{Sqrt}[a]* \\ & (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(32*B*c*d^2 - 12*A*c*d*e - 5*a*B*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e \\ & *x))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[1 \\ & - (\text{Sqrt}[c]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a]]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (2*e)/((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[a] + e)))/(\text{Sqrt}[c] \\ &]*e*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^2])))/(3*e^2)))/(5*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, \text{x}]$$

rule 321

$$\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!(NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$$

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 508

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 680 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)))*((d*g - e*f*(m + 2))*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - 2*c*d^2*p*(e*f - d*g) - e*(g*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + 2*c*d*p*(e*f - d*g))*x), x] - Simp[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[2*a*c*e*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2) - c*(2*c*d*(d*g*(2*p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)) - 2*a*e^2*g*(m + 1))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 681

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1)
+ e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/
(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Sim
p[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] ||
EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2
*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 972 vs. 2(444) = 888.

Time = 17.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 973, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(-cx^2+a)} \left(-\frac{2(Aae^3 - Acd^2e - Bade^2 + Bcd^3)\sqrt{-ce^3 - cd^2 + aex + ad}}{5e^7\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^3} - \frac{2(12Acde + 5Bae^2 - 17Bcd^2)\sqrt{-ce^3 - cd^2 + aex + ad}}{15e^6\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2/5*(A*a*e^3-A
*c*d^2*e-B*a*d*e^2+B*c*d^3)/e^7*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)/(x+d/e)
^3-2/15*(12*A*c*d*e+5*B*a*e^2-17*B*c*d^2)/e^6*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)
^(1/2)/(x+d/e)^2+2/15*(-c*e*x^2+a*e)/e^5/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*c*(21*A*a*e^3-33*A*
c*d^2*e-61*B*a*d*e^2+73*B*c*d^3)/((x+d/e)*(-c*e*x^2+a*e))^(1/2)-2/3*B/e^4*
c*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)+2*(-c*(3*A*c*d*e+2*B*a*e^2-6*B*c*d^2)
/e^5+1/15*c*(12*A*c*d*e+5*B*a*e^2-17*B*c*d^2)/e^5+1/15*c^2/e^5*d*(21*A*a*e
^3-33*A*c*d^2*e-61*B*a*d*e^2+73*B*c*d^3)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)+1/3*B/e^3*c*a)*(d/e
-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)
))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)
)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(
a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+
2*(1/e^4*c^2*(A*e-3*B*d)+1/15*c^2/e^4*(21*A*a*e^3-33*A*c*d^2*e-61*B*a*d*e^
2+73*B*c*d^3)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)-2/3*B/e^4*c^2*d)*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)
)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)
))^1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x
^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticE((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a
*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1
/c*(a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*
(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)))

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 885, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

-2/45*(4*(32*B*c^2*d^7 - 12*A*c^2*d^6*e - 53*B*a*c*d^5*e^2 + 18*A*a*c*d^4*
e^3 + 15*B*a^2*d^3*e^4 + (32*B*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 12*A*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 53*B*a*c*d
^2*e^5 + 18*A*a*c*d*e^6 + 15*B*a^2*e^7)*x^3 + 3*(32*B*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 12*A*c
^2*d^4*e^3 - 53*B*a*c*d^3*e^4 + 18*A*a*c*d^2*e^5 + 15*B*a^2*d*e^6)*x^2 + 3
*(32*B*c^2*d^6*e - 12*A*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 53*B*a*c*d^4*e^3 + 18*A*a*c*d^3*e^4
+ 15*B*a^2*d^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2
)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 12*(32*
B*c^2*d^6*e - 12*A*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 29*B*a*c*d^4*e^3 + 9*A*a*c*d^3*e^4 + (32*
B*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 12*A*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 29*B*a*c*d*e^6 + 9*A*a*c*e^7)*x^3 + 3*(
32*B*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 12*A*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 29*B*a*c*d^2*e^5 + 9*A*a*c*d*e^6)*x^
2 + 3*(32*B*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 12*A*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 29*B*a*c*d^3*e^4 + 9*A*a*c*d^
2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*
(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*
e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) + 3*(64*B*c^2
*d^5*e^2 - 24*A*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 50*B*a*c*d^3*e^4 + 15*A*a*c*d^2*e^5 - 2*B*a^
2*d*e^6 - 3*A*a^2*e^7 + 5*(B*c^2*d^2*e^5 - B*a*c*e^7)*x^3 + (88*B*c^2*d^3*
e^4 - 33*A*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 76*B*a*c*d*e^6 + 21*A*a*c*e^7)*x^2 + (144*B*c^2*d
^4*e^3 - 54*A*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 115*B*a*c*d^2*e^5 + 30*A*a*c*d*e^6 - 5*B*a^2*e
^7)*x)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d^5*e^6 - a*d^3*e^8 + (c*d^2*e^9
- a*e^11)*x^3 + 3*(c*d^3*e^8 - a*d*e^10)*x^2 + 3*(c*d^4*e^7 - a*d^2*e^...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d + ex)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x**2+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(7/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)*(a - c*x**2)**(3/2)/(d + e*x)**(7/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^2 + a)^{3/2}(Bx + A)}{(ex + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-c*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(B*x + A)/(e*x + d)^(7/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^2 + a)^{3/2}(Bx + A)}{(ex + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-c*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(B*x + A)/(e*x + d)^(7/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a - c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(((a - c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x)`

output

```
(2*(6*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*b*e**3 + 21*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a
- c*x**2)*a**2*c*d*e**2 - 56*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*b*c*d**2*e
- 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*b*c*d*e**2*x - 18*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(
a - c*x**2)*a*c**2*d**2*e*x - 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c**2*d*e
*2*x**2 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c**2*d**3*x + 8*sqrt(d + e*x
)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c**2*d**2*e*x**2 - sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c
**2*d*e**2*x**3 - 9*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**4 + 4*
a*d**3*e*x + 6*a*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*a*d*e**3*x**3 + a*e**4*x**4 - c*d**4*x
**2 - 4*c*d**3*e*x**3 - 6*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 - 4*c*d*e**3*x**5 - c*e**4*x**6
),x)*a**2*b*c*d**3*e**4 - 27*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*
d**4 + 4*a*d**3*e*x + 6*a*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*a*d*e**3*x**3 + a*e**4*x**4 -
c*d**4*x**2 - 4*c*d**3*e*x**3 - 6*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 - 4*c*d*e**3*x**5 - c*
e**4*x**6),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*e**5*x - 27*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2
)*x**2)/(a*d**4 + 4*a*d**3*e*x + 6*a*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*a*d*e**3*x**3 + a*
e**4*x**4 - c*d**4*x**2 - 4*c*d**3*e*x**3 - 6*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 - 4*c*d*e**
3*x**5 - c*e**4*x**6),x)*a**2*b*c*d*e**6*x**2 - 9*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(
a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**4 + 4*a*d**3*e*x + 6*a*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*a*d*e**3
*x**3 + a*e**4*x**4 - c*d**4*x**2 - 4*c*d**3*e*x**3 - 6*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 -
4*c*d*e**3*x**5 - c*e**4*x**6),x)*a**2*b*c*e**7*x**3 - 36*int((sqrt(d + e
*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**4 + 4*a*d**3*e*x + 6*a*d**2*e**2*x**2 ...
```

3.272
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2289
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2290
Rubi [A] (verified)	2291
Maple [A] (verified)	2298
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2299
Sympy [F]	2300
Maxima [F]	2300
Giac [F]	2300
Mupad [F(-1)]	2301
Reduce [F]	2301

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 654

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{8c(32Bcd^3 - 4Acd^2e - 33aBde^2 + 5aAe^3) \sqrt{a-cx^2}}{35e^4 (cd^2 - ae^2) (d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{8c(4Acde(cd^2 - 2ae^2) - B(32c^2d^4 - 57acd^2e^2 + 21a^2e^4)) \sqrt{a-cx^2}}{35e^4 (cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{12(7aBe^2 + 4cd(8Bd - Ae) + 5ce(8Bd - Ae)x) \sqrt{a-cx^2}}{35e^4(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{2(8Bd - Ae + 7Bex)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}{7e^2(d+ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{8\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}(4Acde(cd^2 - 2ae^2) - B(32c^2d^4 - 57acd^2e^2 + 21a^2e^4)) \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{35e^5 (cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}} \sqrt{a-cx^2}} + \frac{8\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}(32Bcd^3 - 4Acd^2e - 33aBde^2 + 5aAe^3) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{35e^5 (cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

```

8/35*c*(5*A*a*e^3-4*A*c*d^2*e-33*B*a*d*e^2+32*B*c*d^3)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e^
4/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-8/35*c*(4*A*c*d*e*(-2*a*e^2+c*d^2)-B*(21*a^
2*e^4-57*a*c*d^2*e^2+32*c^2*d^4))*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e^4/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e
*x+d)^(1/2)-12/35*(7*B*a*e^2+4*c*d*(-A*e+8*B*d)+5*c*e*(-A*e+8*B*d)*x)*(-c*
x^2+a)^(1/2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+2/7*(7*B*e*x-A*e+8*B*d)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/e^
2/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+8/35*a^(1/2)*c^(3/2)*(4*A*c*d*e*(-2*a*e^2+c*d^2)-B*(21*a^2
*e^4-57*a*c*d^2*e^2+32*c^2*d^4))*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE
(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e
))^(1/2))/e^5/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e
))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+8/35*a^(1/2)*c^(3/2)*(5*A*a*e^3-4*A*c*d^2*e-33*B
*a*d*e^2+32*B*c*d^3)*(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^
2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1
/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/e^5/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x
^2+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 28.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 795, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{4c(4Acde(cd^2 - 2ae^2) + B(-32c^2d^4 + 57acd^2e^2 - 21a^2e^4)) + \dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(9/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]*(4*c*(4*A*c*d*e*(c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2) + B*(-32*c^2*d^4 + 57
*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 21*a^2*e^4)) + c*(-16*A*c*d*e*(c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2) + B*(93*c^2
*d^4 - 158*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 49*a^2*e^4)) - (5*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3)/
(d + e*x)^3 + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(23*B*c*d^2 - 16*A*c*d*e - 7*a*B*e^2))/(d
+ e*x)^2 - (c*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(47*B*c*d^3 - 19*A*c*d^2*e - 43*a*B*d*e^2 +
15*a*A*e^3))/(d + e*x) + ((4*I)*c^(3/2)*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(-4*A*c*d
*e*(c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2) + B*(32*c^2*d^4 - 57*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 21*a^2*e^4))*Sqrt[
(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d
+ e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]
]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/(e^2*
Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-a + c*x^2)) - ((4*I)*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)*(Sqr
t[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(A*Sqrt[c]*e*(4*c*d^2 + 3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - 5*a*e^
2) + B*(-32*c^(3/2)*d^3 - 24*Sqrt[a]*c*d^2*e + 33*a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 + 21*a^(
3/2)*e^3))*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/S
qrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (S
qrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqr
t[a]*e)]/(e*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-a + c*x^2)))/(35*e^4*(c*d^
2 - a*e^2)^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 650, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.481$, Rules used = {680, 25, 27, 680, 25, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 680$$

$$\frac{6 \int -\frac{c(5ae(Bd - Ae) + (8Bcd^2 - Aced - 7aBe^2)x)\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx}{35e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)} -$$

$$\frac{2(a - cx^2)^{3/2} (ex(-7aBe^2 - 6Acde + 13Bcd^2) - 5aAe^3 - 2aBde^2 - Acd^2e + 8Bcd^3)}{35e^2(d + ex)^{7/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{6 \int \frac{c(5ae(Bd-Ae)+(8Bcd^2-Aced-7aBe^2)x)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{35e^2(cd^2-ae^2)} -$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2} (ex(-7aBe^2-6Acde+13Bcd^2)-5aAe^3-2aBde^2-Acd^2e+8Bcd^3)}{35e^2(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{6c \int \frac{(5ae(Bd-Ae)+(8Bcd^2-Aced-7aBe^2)x)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{35e^2(cd^2-ae^2)} -$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2} (ex(-7aBe^2-6Acde+13Bcd^2)-5aAe^3-2aBde^2-Acd^2e+8Bcd^3)}{35e^2(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 680

$$6c \left(\frac{2 \int -\frac{c(ae(8Bcd^3-Aced^2-12aBe^2d+5aAe^3)-(4Acde(cd^2-2ae^2))-B(32c^2d^4-57ace^2d^2+21a^2e^4))x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{3e^2(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(Acde(5cd^2-13ae^2))}{35e^2(cd^2-ae^2)} \right) -$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2} (ex(-7aBe^2-6Acde+13Bcd^2)-5aAe^3-2aBde^2-Acd^2e+8Bcd^3)}{35e^2(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$6c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(Acde(5cd^2-13ae^2))-B(21a^2e^4-69acd^2e^2+40c^2d^4))+Ae(-5a^2e^4-7acd^2e^2+4c^2d^4))-B(9a^2de^4-49acd^3e^2+32c^2d^5))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right) -$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2} (ex(-7aBe^2-6Acde+13Bcd^2)-5aAe^3-2aBde^2-Acd^2e+8Bcd^3)}{35e^2(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$6c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(Acde(5cd^2-13ae^2))-B(21a^2e^4-69acd^2e^2+40c^2d^4))+Ae(-5a^2e^4-7acd^2e^2+4c^2d^4))-B(9a^2de^4-49acd^3e^2+32c^2d^5))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right) -$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2} (ex(-7aBe^2-6Acde+13Bcd^2)-5aAe^3-2aBde^2-Acd^2e+8Bcd^3)}{35e^2(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 600

$$6c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2} (ex (Acde(5cd^2-13ae^2) - B(21a^2e^4-69acd^2e^2+40c^2d^4)) + Ae(-5a^2e^4-7acd^2e^2+4c^2d^4) - B(9a^2de^4-49acd^3e^2+32c^2d^5))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)$$

35e² (cd

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2} (ex(-7aBe^2-6Acde+13Bcd^2) - 5aAe^3 - 2aBde^2 - Acd^2e + 8Bcd^3)}{35e^2(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 509

$$6c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2} (ex (Acde(5cd^2-13ae^2) - B(21a^2e^4-69acd^2e^2+40c^2d^4)) + Ae(-5a^2e^4-7acd^2e^2+4c^2d^4) - B(9a^2de^4-49acd^3e^2+32c^2d^5))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)$$

35e²

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2} (ex(-7aBe^2-6Acde+13Bcd^2) - 5aAe^3 - 2aBde^2 - Acd^2e + 8Bcd^3)}{35e^2(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 508

$$6c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2} (ex (Acde(5cd^2-13ae^2) - B(21a^2e^4-69acd^2e^2+40c^2d^4)) + Ae(-5a^2e^4-7acd^2e^2+4c^2d^4) - B(9a^2de^4-49acd^3e^2+32c^2d^5))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2} (ex(-7aBe^2-6Acde+13Bcd^2) - 5aAe^3 - 2aBde^2 - Acd^2e + 8Bcd^3)}{35e^2(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 327

$$6c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2} (ex(Acde(5cd^2-13ae^2)-B(21a^2e^4-69acd^2e^2+40c^2d^4))+Ae(-5a^2e^4-7acd^2e^2+4c^2d^4)-B(9a^2de^4-49acd^3e^2+32c^2d^5))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2} (ex(-7aBe^2-6Acde+13Bcd^2)-5aAe^3-2aBde^2-Acd^2e+8Bcd^3)}{35e^2(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 512

$$6c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2} (ex(Acde(5cd^2-13ae^2)-B(21a^2e^4-69acd^2e^2+40c^2d^4))+Ae(-5a^2e^4-7acd^2e^2+4c^2d^4)-B(9a^2de^4-49acd^3e^2+32c^2d^5))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2} (ex(-7aBe^2-6Acde+13Bcd^2)-5aAe^3-2aBde^2-Acd^2e+8Bcd^3)}{35e^2(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 511

$$6c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(Acde(5cd^2-13ae^2)-B(21a^2e^4-69acd^2e^2+40c^2d^4))+Ae(-5a^2e^4-7acd^2e^2+4c^2d^4))-B(9a^2de^4-49acd^3e^2+32c^2d^5))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(ex(-7aBe^2-6Acde+13Bcd^2)-5aAe^3-2aBde^2-Acd^2e+8Bcd^3)}{35e^2(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 321

$$6c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(ex(Acde(5cd^2-13ae^2)-B(21a^2e^4-69acd^2e^2+40c^2d^4))+Ae(-5a^2e^4-7acd^2e^2+4c^2d^4))-B(9a^2de^4-49acd^3e^2+32c^2d^5))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(ex(-7aBe^2-6Acde+13Bcd^2)-5aAe^3-2aBde^2-Acd^2e+8Bcd^3)}{35e^2(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

input Int[((A + B*x)*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(9/2),x]

output

```
(-2*(8*B*c*d^3 - A*c*d^2*e - 2*a*B*d*e^2 - 5*a*A*e^3 + e*(13*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e - 7*a*B*e^2)*x)*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2))/(35*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) - (6*c*((2*(A*e*(4*c^2*d^4 - 7*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 5*a^2*e^4) - B*(32*c^2*d^5 - 49*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 9*a^2*d*e^4) + e*(A*c*d*e*(5*c*d^2 - 13*a*e^2) - B*(40*c^2*d^4 - 69*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 21*a^2*e^4))*x)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])/(3*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (2*c*((2*Sqrt[a]*(4*A*c*d*e*(c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2) - B*(32*c^2*d^4 - 57*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 21*a^2*e^4))*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)))/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(32*B*c*d^3 - 4*A*c*d^2*e - 33*a*B*d*e^2 + 5*a*A*e^3)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)))/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]))/(3*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(35*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 321

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 508 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_)+(d_)(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 509 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_)+(d_)(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_)+(d_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_)+(d_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 600 $\text{Int}[(A_)+(B_)(x_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_)+(d_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[B/d \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B*c - A*d)/d \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 680 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)(x_)]^{(m_)}*((f_)+(g_)(x_))*((a_)+(c_)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m+1)*(m+2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)))*((d*g - e*f*(m+2))*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - 2*c*d^2*p*(e*f - d*g) - e*(g*(m+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + 2*c*d*p*(e*f - d*g))*x), x] - \text{Simp}[p/(e^2*(m+1)*(m+2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+2)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p-1)}*\text{Simp}[2*a*c*e*(e*f - d*g)*(m+2) - c*(2*c*d*(d*g*(2*p+1) - e*f*(m+2*p+2)) - 2*a*e^2*g*(m+1))*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -2] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m + 2*p, 0] \&\& !\text{LtQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 9.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1069, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1069
default	Expression too large to display	11309

input `int((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a))^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/(-c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}*(-2/7*(A*a*e^3-A \\ & *c*d^2*e-B*a*d*e^2+B*c*d^3)/e^8*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^{(1/2)}/(x+d/e) \\ & ^4-2/35*(16*A*c*d*e+7*B*a*e^2-23*B*c*d^2)/e^7*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d) \\ & ^{(1/2)}/(x+d/e)^3+2/35*c*(15*A*a*e^3-19*A*c*d^2*e-43*B*a*d*e^2+47*B*c*d^3)/ \\ & (a*e^2-c*d^2)/e^6*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^{(1/2)}/(x+d/e)^2+2/35*(-c*e* \\ & x^2+a*e)/e^5/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*c*(32*A*a*c*d*e^3-16*A*c^2*d^3*e+49*B*a^2*e^4 \\ & -158*B*a*c*d^2*e^2+93*B*c^2*d^4)/((x+d/e)*(-c*e*x^2+a*e))^{(1/2)}+2*(c^2*(A* \\ & e-4*B*d)/e^5-1/35*c^2*(15*A*a*e^3-19*A*c*d^2*e-43*B*a*d*e^2+47*B*c*d^3)/(a \\ & *e^2-c*d^2)/e^5+1/35*c^2/e^5*d*(32*A*a*c*d*e^3-16*A*c^2*d^3*e+49*B*a^2*e^4 \\ & -158*B*a*c*d^2*e^2+93*B*c^2*d^4)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^{(1/2)))*((\\ & x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^{(1/2))})^{(1/2)}*((x-1/c*(a*c)^{(1/2)))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^{(\\ & 1/2))})^{(1/2)}*((x+1/c*(a*c)^{(1/2)))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^{(1/2))})^{(1/2)}/(-c*e*x^3- \\ & c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^{(1/2))})^{(1/2)},(\\ & (-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^{(1/2)))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^{(1/2))})^{(1/2)}+2*(B*c^2/e^4+1/35*c^ \\ & 2/e^4*(32*A*a*c*d*e^3-16*A*c^2*d^3*e+49*B*a^2*e^4-158*B*a*c*d^2*e^2+93*B*c \\ & ^2*d^4)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^{(1/2)))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^{(1/ \\ & 2))})^{(1/2)}*((x-1/c*(a*c)^{(1/2)))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^{(1/2))})^{(1/2)}*((x+1/c*(a*c) \\ &)^{(1/2)))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^{(1/2))})^{(1/2)}/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^{(1/2)}* \\ & ((-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^{(1/2)))*EllipticE(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^{(1/2))})^{(1/2)},((\\ & -d/e+1/c*(a*c)^{(1/2)))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^{(1/2))})^{(1/2)}+1/c*(a*c)^{(1/2)}*El... \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1392 vs. $2(572) = 1144$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1392, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
2/105*(4*(32*B*c^3*d^9 - 4*A*c^3*d^8*e - 81*B*a*c^2*d^7*e^2 + 11*A*a*c^2*d^6*e^3 + 57*B*a^2*c*d^5*e^4 - 15*A*a^2*c*d^4*e^5 + (32*B*c^3*d^5*e^4 - 4*A*c^3*d^4*e^5 - 81*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^6 + 11*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^7 + 57*B*a^2*c*d*e^8 - 15*A*a^2*c*e^9)*x^4 + 4*(32*B*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 4*A*c^3*d^5*e^4 - 81*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 11*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^6 + 57*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^7 - 15*A*a^2*c*d*e^8)*x^3 + 6*(32*B*c^3*d^7*e^2 - 4*A*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 81*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 11*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 57*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^6 - 15*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^7)*x^2 + 4*(32*B*c^3*d^8*e - 4*A*c^3*d^7*e^2 - 81*B*a*c^2*d^6*e^3 + 11*A*a*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 57*B*a^2*c*d^4*e^5 - 15*A*a^2*c*d^3*e^6)*x)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 12*(32*B*c^3*d^8*e - 4*A*c^3*d^7*e^2 - 57*B*a*c^2*d^6*e^3 + 8*A*a*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 21*B*a^2*c*d^4*e^5 + (32*B*c^3*d^4*e^5 - 4*A*c^3*d^3*e^6 - 57*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^7 + 8*A*a*c^2*d*e^8 + 21*B*a^2*c*e^9)*x^4 + 4*(32*B*c^3*d^5*e^4 - 4*A*c^3*d^4*e^5 - 57*B*a*c^2*d^3*e^6 + 8*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^7 + 21*B*a^2*c*d*e^8)*x^3 + 6*(32*B*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 4*A*c^3*d^5*e^4 - 57*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 8*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^6 + 21*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^7)*x^2 + 4*(32*B*c^3*d^7*e^2 - 4*A*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 57*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 8*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 21*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^6)*x)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) + 3*(64*B*c^3*d^7*...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x**2+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(9/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*(a - c*x**2)**(3/2)/(d + e*x)**(9/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^2 + a)^{3/2}(Bx + A)}{(ex + d)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-c*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(B*x + A)/(e*x + d)^(9/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^2 + a)^{3/2}(Bx + A)}{(ex + d)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-c*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(B*x + A)/(e*x + d)^(9/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a - c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(9/2), x)`

output `int(((a - c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(d + e*x)^(9/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2), x)`

output

```

(2*(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*b*e**3 - 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a
- c*x**2)*a**2*c*d*e**2 + 24*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*b*c*d**2*e
- sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*b*c*d*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a -
c*x**2)*a*c**2*d**2*e*x + sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c**2*d*e**2*x**
2 - 16*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c**2*d**3*x - 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt
(a - c*x**2)*b*c**2*d**2*e*x**2 - sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c**2*d*
e**2*x**3 - 5*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**5 + 5*a*d**4
*e*x + 10*a*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 10*a*d**2*e**3*x**3 + 5*a*d*e**4*x**4 + a*e**
5*x**5 - c*d**5*x**2 - 5*c*d**4*e*x**3 - 10*c*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 10*c*d**2*
e**3*x**5 - 5*c*d*e**4*x**6 - c*e**5*x**7),x)*a**2*b*c*d**4*e**4 - 20*int((
sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**5 + 5*a*d**4*e*x + 10*a*d**3*
e**2*x**2 + 10*a*d**2*e**3*x**3 + 5*a*d*e**4*x**4 + a*e**5*x**5 - c*d**5*
x**2 - 5*c*d**4*e*x**3 - 10*c*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 10*c*d**2*e**3*x**5 - 5*c*d*
e**4*x**6 - c*e**5*x**7),x)*a**2*b*c*d**3*e**5*x - 30*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sq
r(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d**5 + 5*a*d**4*e*x + 10*a*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 10*a*d
**2*e**3*x**3 + 5*a*d*e**4*x**4 + a*e**5*x**5 - c*d**5*x**2 - 5*c*d**4*
e*x**3 - 10*c*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 10*c*d**2*e**3*x**5 - 5*c*d*e**4*x**6 - c*
e**5*x**7),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*e**6*x**2 - 20*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x
**2)/(a*d**5 + 5*a*d**4*e*x + 10*a*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 10*a*d**2*e**3*x**3 +
5*a*d*e**4*x**4 + a*e**5*x**5 - c*d**5*x**2 - 5*c*d**4*e*x**3 - 10*c*d...

```

3.273 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2303
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2304
Rubi [A] (verified)	2305
Maple [B] (verified)	2309
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2311
Sympy [F]	2312
Maxima [F]	2312
Giac [F]	2312
Mupad [F(-1)]	2313
Reduce [F]	2313

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 383

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(3Bd+5Ae)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{15c} - \frac{2B(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{5c}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{a}(3Bcd^2+20Acde+9aBe^2)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{15c^{3/2}e\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{a}(3Bd+5Ae)(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{15c^{3/2}e\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

```
-2/15*(5*A*e+3*B*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c-2/5*B*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c-2/15*a^(1/2)*(20*A*c*d*e+9*B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+2/15*a^(1/2)*(5*A*e+3*B*d)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 512, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a - cx^2} \left(-3Bcd^2 - 20Acde - 9aBe^2 - c(d + ex)(6Bd + 5Ae + 3Bex) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/Sqrt[a - c*x^2],x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]*(-3*B*c*d^2 - 20*A*c*d*e - 9*a*B*e^2 - c*(d + e*x)*(6*B*d + 5*A*e + 3*B*e*x) + (I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(3*B*c*d^2 + 20*A*c*d*e + 9*a*B*e^2)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/(e^2*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-a + c*x^2)) - (I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(15*A*c*d + 9*a*B*e - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*(3*B*d + 5*A*e))*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/(e*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-a + c*x^2))))/(15*c^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 377, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {687, 27, 687, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 687 \\
 & -\frac{2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(5Acd+3aBe+c(3Bd+5Ae)x)}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{5c} - \frac{2B\sqrt{a-cx^2}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{5c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(5Acd+3aBe+c(3Bd+5Ae)x)}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{5c} - \frac{2B\sqrt{a-cx^2}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{5c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 687 \\
 & -\frac{2 \int -\frac{c(12aBde+5A(3cd^2+ae^2)+(3Bcd^2+20Aced+9aBe^2)x)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{3c} - \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(5Ae+3Bd) \\
 & \quad \frac{5c}{2B\sqrt{a-cx^2}(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{15Acd^2+12aBed+5aAe^2+(3Bcd^2+20Aced+9aBe^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx - \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(5Ae+3Bd) \\
 & \quad \frac{5c}{2B\sqrt{a-cx^2}(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 600 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(9aBe^2+20Acde+3Bcd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(5Ae+3Bd) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right) - \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(5Ae+3Bd) \\
 & \quad \frac{5c}{2B\sqrt{a-cx^2}(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 509
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(9aBe^2+20Acde+3Bcd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(5Ae+3Bd) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right) - \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{a-cx^2} \sqrt{d+ex} (5Ae+3Bd)$$

$$\frac{2B\sqrt{a-cx^2}(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c}$$

↓ 508

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(5Ae+3Bd) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(9aBe^2+20Acde+3Bcd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1} d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right) - \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{a-cx^2} \sqrt{d+ex} (5Ae+3Bd)$$

$$\frac{2B\sqrt{a-cx^2}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{5c}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(5Ae+3Bd) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(9aBe^2+20Acde+3Bcd^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right) - \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{a-cx^2} \sqrt{d+ex} (5Ae+3Bd)$$

$$\frac{2B\sqrt{a-cx^2}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{5c}$$

↓ 512

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)(5Ae+3Bd) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(9aBe^2+20Acde+3Bcd^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right) - \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{a-cx^2} \sqrt{d+ex} (5Ae+3Bd)$$

$$\frac{2B\sqrt{a-cx^2}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{5c}$$

↓ 511

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)(5Ae+3Bd)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}} \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(9aBe^2+20Acde+3Bcd)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2B\sqrt{a-cx^2}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{5c}$$

5c

↓ 321

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)(5Ae+3Bd)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(9aBe^2+20Acde+3Bcd)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2B\sqrt{a-cx^2}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{5c}$$

5c

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/Sqrt[a - c*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(-2*B*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])/(5*c) + ((-2*(3*B*d + 5*A*e)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])/3 + ((-2*Sqrt[a]*(3*B*c*d^2 + 20*A*c*d*e + 9*a*B*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)))/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(3*B*d + 5*A*e)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)))/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]))/3)/(5*c)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600

```
Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp
[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
```

rule 687

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 681 vs. $2(313) = 626$.

Time = 5.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 682, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(-cx^2+a)} \left(-\frac{2Bex\sqrt{-cex^3-cdx^2+aux+ad}}{5c} - \frac{2\left(Ae^2+\frac{6}{5}Bde\right)\sqrt{-cex^3-cdx^2+aux+ad}}{3ce} + \frac{2\left(Ad^2+\frac{2adeB}{5c}+\frac{a\left(Ae^2+\frac{6}{5}Bde\right)}{3c}\right)}{\dots} \right)$
risch	$-\frac{2(3Bex+5Ae+6Bd)\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{-cx^2+a}}{15c} + \left((20Acde+9Ba e^2+3Bc d^2)\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}\right)c}{\sqrt{ac}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e}-\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}}\sqrt{-\frac{2\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}\right)c}{\sqrt{ac}}}\left(\frac{d}{e}-\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}\right) \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2/5*B*e/c*x*(-
c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)-2/3*(A*e^2+6/5*B*d*e)/c/e*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x
^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)+2*(A*d^2+2/5*a/c*d*e*B+1/3*a/c*(A*e^2+6/5*B*d*e))*(d/e
-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)
)/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)
)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(
a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+
2*(2*A*d*e+B*d^2+3/5*a/c*e^2*B-2/3*d/e*(A*e^2+6/5*B*d*e))*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(
1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c
*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-
c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+d/e)
)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/
2)))^(1/2))+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)))

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx = \frac{2 \left((3Bcd^3 - 25Acd^2e - 27Bade^2 - 15Aae^3) \sqrt{-c} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4}{3} \left(\frac{c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2}{c*e^2} \right), -\frac{8}{27} \left(\frac{c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2}{c*e^3} \right), \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3*e*x + d}{e} \right) \right) + 3 \left(\frac{3*B*c*d^2*e + 20*A*c*d*e^2 + 9*B*a*e^3}{c*e^3} \right) \sqrt{-c} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta} \left(\frac{4}{3} \left(\frac{c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2}{c*e^2} \right), -\frac{8}{27} \left(\frac{c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2}{c*e^3} \right), \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4}{3} \left(\frac{c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2}{c*e^2} \right), -\frac{8}{27} \left(\frac{c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2}{c*e^3} \right), \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3*e*x + d}{e} \right) \right) \right) - 3 \left(\frac{3*B*c*e^3*x + 6*B*c*d*e^2 + 5*A*c*e^3}{c^2*e^2} \right) \sqrt{-c*x^2 + a} \sqrt{e*x + d}}{c^2*e^2}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

2/45*((3*B*c*d^3 - 25*A*c*d^2*e - 27*B*a*d*e^2 - 15*A*a*e^3)*sqrt(-c*e)*we
ierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)
/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 3*(3*B*c*d^2*e + 20*A*c*d*e^2 + 9*B*a*e^3)*
sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9
*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/2
7*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) - 3*(3*B*c*e^3*x + 6*B*
c*d*e^2 + 5*A*c*e^3)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^2*e^2)

```


Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)**(3/2)/sqrt(a - c*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)/sqrt(-c*x^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)/sqrt(-c*x^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \frac{-6\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}abe^2 - 20\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}acde - 10\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}acde}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2), x)`

output

```
( - 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*b*e**2 - 20*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a -
c*x**2)*a*c*d*e - 10*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c*d**2 - 4*sqrt(d +
e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c*d*e*x - 9*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x*
*2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3), x)*a*b*c*e**3 - 20*int((sqrt(d + e
*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3), x)*a*c**2*d
*e**2 - 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**
2 - c*e*x**3), x)*b*c**2*d**2*e + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a
*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3), x)*a**2*b*e**3 + 10*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*s
qrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3), x)*a**2*c*d*e**2 + 9*
int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3), x
)*a*b*c*d**2*e + 10*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d + a*e*x - c
d*x**2 - c*e*x**3), x)*a*c**2*d**3)/(10*c**2*d)
```

3.274 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2314
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2315
Rubi [A] (verified)	2315
Maple [B] (verified)	2319
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2321
Sympy [F]	2322
Maxima [F]	2322
Giac [F]	2322
Mupad [F(-1)]	2323
Reduce [F]	2323

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 325

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2B\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{3c}$$

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{a}(Bd+3Ae)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\mid\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{3\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

$$+\frac{2\sqrt{a}B(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{3c^{3/2}e\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*B*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c-2/3*a^(1/2)*(3*A*e+B*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+2/3*a^(1/2)*B*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 453, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx$$

$$= 2\sqrt{a - cx^2} \left(-B(d + ex) + \frac{e^2(Bd + 3Ae)\sqrt{-d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}(a - cx^2)} + i\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})(Bd + 3Ae)\sqrt{\frac{e(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}} + x)}{d + ex}}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{ae} - ex}{d + ex}}(d + ex)^{3/2} E(i\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{a - cx^2}{d + ex}})}{e^2(Bd + 3Ae)\sqrt{-d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}(a - cx^2)} + i\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})(Bd + 3Ae)\sqrt{\frac{e(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}} + x)}{d + ex}}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{ae} - ex}{d + ex}}(d + ex)^{3/2} E(i\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{a - cx^2}{d + ex}})} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[a - c*x^2],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]*(-(B*(d + e*x)) + (e^2*(B*d + 3*A*e)*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(a - c*x^2) + I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(B*d + 3*A*e)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x])*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)] + I*(Sqrt[a]*B - 3*A*Sqrt[c])*e*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x])*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)))/(e^2*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-a + c*x^2)))/(3*c*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {687, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 687 \\
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{3Ac d+aBe+c(Bd+3Ae)x}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{3c} - \frac{2B\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3Ac d+aBe+c(Bd+3Ae)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{3c} - \frac{2B\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c} \\
& \quad \downarrow 600 \\
& \frac{\frac{c(3Ae+Bd) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{B(cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e}}{3c} - \frac{2B\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c} \\
& \quad \downarrow 509 \\
& \frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(3Ae+Bd) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{B(cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2B\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c} \\
& \quad \downarrow 508 \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(3Ae+Bd) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{1-\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} - \frac{B(cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 327 \\
& \frac{B(cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(3Ae+Bd)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 512 \\
& \frac{2B\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{B\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(3Ae+Bd)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}$$

$$\frac{3c}{2B\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

↓ 511

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a}B\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{1-\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(3Ae+Bd)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}$$

$$\frac{3c}{2B\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a}B\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(3Ae+Bd)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}$$

$$\frac{3c}{2B\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[a - c*x^2], x]`

output `(-2*B*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])/(3*c) + ((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*(B*d + 3*A*e)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e))/((e*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*B*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)))/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]))/(3*c)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600

```
Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp
[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
```

rule 687

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 586 vs. $2(261) = 522$.

Time = 2.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 587, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(-cx^2+a)} \left(-\frac{2B\sqrt{-ce x^3-cd x^2+ae x+ad}}{3c} + \frac{2\left(Ad+\frac{Bae}{3c}\right)\left(\frac{d}{e}-\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e}-\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}{-\frac{d}{e}-\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}{-\frac{d}{e}+\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}}}{\sqrt{-ce x^3-cd x^2+ae x+ad}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e}-\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}}\right) \right)$
risch	$-\frac{2B\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{-cx^2+a}}{3c} + \frac{(3Ae+Bd)\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}\right)c}{\sqrt{ac}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e}-\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}}\sqrt{-\frac{2\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}\right)c}{\sqrt{ac}}}}{\sqrt{-ce x^3-cd x^2+ae x+ad}} \left(\frac{d}{e}-\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}\right) \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}\right)c}{\sqrt{ac}}}}{2}\right),$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2/3*B/c*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)+2*(A*d+1/3*B/c*a*e)*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),(((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+2*(A*e+1/3*B*d)*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left(3 \sqrt{-cx^2 + a} \sqrt{ex + d} Bce^2 - (Bcd^2 - 6Acde - 3Bae^2) \sqrt{-c} \text{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(cd^2 + 3ae^2)}{3ce^2}, -\frac{8}{3} \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/9*(3*sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)*B*c*e^2 - (B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e - 3*B*a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) - 3*(B*c*d*e + 3*A*c*e^2)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)))/(c^2*e^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*sqrt(d + e*x)/sqrt(a - c*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)\sqrt{ex + d}}{\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-c*x^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)\sqrt{ex + d}}{\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-c*x^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}ae - 2\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}bd - 3\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{-cx^2+ax^2}}{-cex^3-cdx^2+ax+ad}dx\right)ace^2 - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{-cx^2+ax^2}}{-cex^3-cdx^2+ax+ad}dx\right)ace^2}{1}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e - 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*d - 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a*c*e**2 - int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*b*c*d*e + int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a**2*e**2 + int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a*b*d*e + 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a*c*d**2)/(2*c*d)`

3.275 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2324
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2325
Rubi [A] (verified)	2325
Maple [B] (verified)	2328
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2329
Sympy [F]	2330
Maxima [F]	2330
Giac [F]	2330
Mupad [F(-1)]	2331
Reduce [F]	2331

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 280

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2\sqrt{a}B\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\mid\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{a}(Bd-Ae)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

```
-2*a^(1/2)*B*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+2*a^(1/2)*(-A*e+B*d)*(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 22.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left(Be^2 \sqrt{-d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}(a - cx^2)} + iB\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}) \sqrt{\frac{e(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}} + x)}{d+ex}} \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{ae}-ex}{d+ex}} (d + ex)^{3/2} E \left(i \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{-d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}(a - cx^2)}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} \right) \right)}{ce^2 \sqrt{-d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}(a - cx^2)}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*(B*e^2*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(a - c*x^2) + I*B*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)] + I*(Sqrt[a]*B - A*Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)))/(c*e^2*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.259$, Rules used = {600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

↓ 600

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{B \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{(Bd - Ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 509 \\
& \frac{B \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e \sqrt{a - cx^2}} - \frac{(Bd - Ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 508 \\
& \frac{(Bd - Ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}B \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}} \sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}} - 1) + 1}} d \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a - cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 327 \\
& \frac{(Bd - Ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}B \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}} \sqrt{d+ex} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e} \right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a - cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 512 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}} (Bd - Ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e \sqrt{a - cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}B \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}} \sqrt{d+ex} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e} \right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a - cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 511 \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}} (Bd - Ae) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e(1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}} - 1) + 1}} d \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a - cx^2} \sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}B \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}} \sqrt{d+ex} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e} \right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a - cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(Bd-Ae)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}B\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[a]*B*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)]/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(B*d - A*e)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)]/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])] * EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])) * EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 497 vs. 2(226) = 452.

Time = 4.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 498, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

method	result
default	$2 \left(A \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)}{\sqrt{ac}e-cd}}, \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{ac}e-cd}{\sqrt{ac}e+cd}} \right) cde - A\sqrt{ac} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)}{\sqrt{ac}e-cd}}, \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{ac}e-cd}{\sqrt{ac}e+cd}} \right) e^2 - B \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)}{\sqrt{ac}e-cd}}, \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{ac}e-cd}{\sqrt{ac}e+cd}} \right) \right)$
elliptic	$\frac{2A \left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}{-\frac{d}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}{-\frac{d}{e} + \frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{d}{e} + \frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}{-\frac{d}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}} \right) + 2B \left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}}}{\sqrt{(ex+d)(-cx^2+a)} \sqrt{-ce x^3 - cd x^2 + aex + ad}}$

input `int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*(A*EllipticF((-c*(e*x+d)/((a*c)^(1/2)*e-c*d))^(1/2),(-(a*c)^(1/2)*e-c*d)/((a*c)^(1/2)*e+c*d)^(1/2))*c*d*e-A*(a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF((-c*(e*x+d)/((a*c)^(1/2)*e-c*d))^(1/2),(-(a*c)^(1/2)*e-c*d)/((a*c)^(1/2)*e+c*d)^(1/2))*e^2-B*EllipticF((-c*(e*x+d)/((a*c)^(1/2)*e-c*d))^(1/2),(-(a*c)^(1/2)*e-c*d)/((a*c)^(1/2)*e+c*d)^(1/2))*a*e^2+B*(a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF((-c*(e*x+d)/((a*c)^(1/2)*e-c*d))^(1/2),(-(a*c)^(1/2)*e-c*d)/((a*c)^(1/2)*e+c*d)^(1/2))*d*e+B*EllipticE((-c*(e*x+d)/((a*c)^(1/2)*e-c*d))^(1/2),(-(a*c)^(1/2)*e-c*d)/((a*c)^(1/2)*e+c*d)^(1/2))*a*e^2-B*EllipticE((-c*(e*x+d)/((a*c)^(1/2)*e-c*d))^(1/2),(-(a*c)^(1/2)*e-c*d)/((a*c)^(1/2)*e+c*d)^(1/2))*c*d^2*((c*x+(a*c)^(1/2))*e/((a*c)^(1/2)*e-c*d)^(1/2))*((-c*x+(a*c)^(1/2))*e/((a*c)^(1/2)*e+c*d)^(1/2))*(-c*(e*x+d)/((a*c)^(1/2)*e-c*d)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/e^2/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(3 \sqrt{-ce} \operatorname{BewierstrassZeta} \left(\frac{4(cd^2 + 3ae^2)}{3ce^2}, -\frac{8(cd^3 - 9ade^2)}{27ce^3}, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(cd^2 + 3ae^2)}{3ce^2}, -\frac{8(cd^3 - 9ade^2)}{27ce^3} \right) \right)}{3ce^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(3*sqrt(-c*e)*B*e*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) + (B*d - 3*A*e)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e))/(c*e^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*sqrt(d + e*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/(sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/(sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((a - c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/((a - c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}}{-ce x^3 - cd x^2 + aex + ad} dx \right) b + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}}{-ce x^3 - cd x^2 + aex + ad} dx \right) a$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x)/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*b + int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d + a*e*x - c*d*x**2 - c*e*x**3),x)*a`

3.276 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2332
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2333
Rubi [A] (verified)	2333
Maple [B] (verified)	2337
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2338
Sympy [F]	2339
Maxima [F]	2339
Giac [F]	2339
Mupad [F(-1)]	2340
Reduce [F]	2340

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 339

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2(Bd-Ae)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(Bd-Ae)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{e(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{a}B\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

```
-2*(-A*e+B*d)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(-A*e+B*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2),2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-2*a^(1/2)*B*(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2),2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \frac{2i \sqrt{\frac{e\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}} + x\right)}{d+ex}} \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{ae}-ex}{d+ex}} (d + ex) \left(\sqrt{c}(Bd - Ae) E \left(\operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{-d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \right) \right)}{e^2 (\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}) \sqrt{-}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]),x]`

output

```
((2*I)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)*(Sqrt[c]*(B*d - A*e)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)] + (Sqrt[a]*B + A*Sqrt[c])*e*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)))/(e^2*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {688, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 688

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{Acd - aBe - c(Bd - Ae)x}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a - cx^2}(Bd - Ae)}{\sqrt{d + ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{Acd - aBe - c(Bd - Ae)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(Bd - Ae)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 600

$$\frac{B(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{c(Bd - Ae) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(Bd - Ae)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 509

$$\frac{B(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(Bd - Ae) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(Bd - Ae)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 508

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(Bd - Ae) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} + \frac{B(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e}$$

$$\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(Bd - Ae)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(Bd - Ae)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{B(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(Bd - Ae) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}$$

$$\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(Bd - Ae)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(Bd - Ae)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 512

$$\frac{B\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(Bd - Ae) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}$$

$$\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(Bd - Ae)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(Bd - Ae)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 511

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(Bd-Ae)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}-\frac{2\sqrt{a}B\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(Bd-Ae)}{\sqrt{d+ex}}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(Bd-Ae)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}-\frac{2\sqrt{a}B\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{\frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(Bd-Ae)}{\sqrt{d+ex}}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

```
input Int[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]),x]
```

```
output (-2*(B*d - A*e)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + ((2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*(B*d - A*e)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)])/((e*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[a]*B*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)]/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```


rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q
= Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c
*q))])) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqr
t[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sq
rt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)],
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Wit
h[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt
[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))])*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x]
, x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[
a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^
2/a))], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]
) , x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp
[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 688

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 653 vs. 2(281) = 562.

Time = 5.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 654, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(-cx^2+a)} \left(-\frac{2(-ce x^2+ae)(Ae-Bd)}{e(ae^2-cd^2)\sqrt{(x+\frac{d}{e})(-ce x^2+ae)}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{B}{e}-\frac{cd(Ae-Bd)}{e(ae^2-cd^2)}\right)\left(\frac{d}{e}-\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e}-\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}{-\frac{d}{e}-\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}{-\frac{d}{e}+\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}}}{\sqrt{-ce x^3-cd x^2+ae x+ad}} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2*(-c*e*x^2+a*
e)/e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(A*e-B*d)/((x+d/e)*(-c*e*x^2+a*e))^(1/2)+2*(B/e-c*d/e*(
A*e-B*d)/(a*e^2-c*d^2))*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2
)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)
^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*E
llipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d
/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-2*(A*e-B*d)*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/
2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(
a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*
e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+d/e)/
(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)
))^(1/2))+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),
((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left((Bcd^3 + 2Acd^2e - 3Bade^2 + (Bcd^2e + 2Acde^2 - 3Bae^3)x \right) \sqrt{-c} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(cd^2 + 3ae^2)}{3ce^2}, - \right)}{}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/3*((B*c*d^3 + 2*A*c*d^2*e - 3*B*a*d*e^2 + (B*c*d^2*e + 2*A*c*d*e^2 - 3*
B*a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2),
-8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 3*(B*c*d^2*e - A*c
*d*e^2 + (B*c*d*e^2 - A*c*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*d^2 +
3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4
/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*
x + d)/e)) + 3*(B*c*d*e^2 - A*c*e^3)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^2*
d^3*e^2 - a*c*d*e^4 + (c^2*d^2*e^3 - a*c*e^5)*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a - cx^2} (d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}(ex + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/(sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{\sqrt{-cx^2 + a}(ex + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/(sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a - cx^2} (d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((a - c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/((a - c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{-cx^2 + a} x}{-ce^2x^4 - 2cde x^3 + ae^2x^2 - cd^2x^2 + 2adex + ad^2} dx \right) b$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{-cx^2 + a}}{-ce^2x^4 - 2cde x^3 + ae^2x^2 - cd^2x^2 + 2adex + ad^2} dx \right) a$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x)/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x + a*e**2*x**2 - c*d**2*x**2 - 2*c*d*e*x**3 - c*e**2*x**4),x)*b + int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x + a*e**2*x**2 - c*d**2*x**2 - 2*c*d*e*x**3 - c*e**2*x**4),x)*a`

3.277 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2341
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2342
Rubi [A] (verified)	2343
Maple [B] (verified)	2347
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2348
Sympy [F]	2349
Maxima [F]	2349
Giac [F]	2350
Mupad [F(-1)]	2350
Reduce [F]	2350

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 437

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2(Bd-Ae)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{3(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(Bcd^2-4Acde+3aBe^2)\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(Bcd^2-4Acde+3aBe^2)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{3e(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(Bd-Ae)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{3e(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(-A*e+B*d)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-2/3*(-4*A*c*
d*e+3*B*a*e^2+B*c*d^2)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2/3
*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(-4*A*c*d*e+3*B*a*e^2+B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(
1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e
/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2
)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-2/3*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(-A*e+B*d)*(c^(
1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*
(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*
e))^(1/2))/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 485, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(-e^2(Bd - Ae) \sqrt{-d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}(cd^2 - ae^2)} (a - cx^2) + i\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}) (Bc - Ae) \right)}{(d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{a - cx^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
(2*(-(e^2*(B*d - A*e)*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a -
c*x^2)) + I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + 3*a*B*e
^2)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]
- e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*
e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e
)] + I*Sqrt[c]*e*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(3*A*c*d - 3*a*B*e + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt
[c]*(B*d - A*e))*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]
*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-
d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*
d - Sqrt[a]*e)))/(3*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)^2*(d
+ e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 439, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {688, 27, 688, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 688 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{3(Acd - aBe) + c(Bd - Ae)x}{2(d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a - cx^2}(Bd - Ae)}{3(d + ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3(Acd - aBe) + c(Bd - Ae)x}{(d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a - cx^2}(Bd - Ae)}{3(d + ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 688 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{c(3Acd^2 - 4aBed + aAe^2 - (Bcd^2 - 4Aced + 3aBe^2)x)}{2\sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a - cx^2}(3aBe^2 - 4Acde + Bcd^2)}{\sqrt{d + ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)}{3(d + ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a - cx^2}(Bd - Ae)}{3(d + ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{c \int \frac{3Acd^2 - 4aBed + aAe^2 - (Bcd^2 - 4Aced + 3aBe^2)x}{\sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a - cx^2}(3aBe^2 - 4Acde + Bcd^2)}{\sqrt{d + ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)}{3(d + ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a - cx^2}(Bd - Ae)}{3(d + ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 600
 \end{aligned}$$

$$c \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(Bd - Ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{(3aBe^2 - 4Acde + Bcd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(3aBe^2 - 4Acde + Bcd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(Bd - Ae)}$$

$$\frac{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 509

$$c \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(Bd - Ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(3aBe^2 - 4Acde + Bcd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(3aBe^2 - 4Acde + Bcd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(Bd - Ae)}$$

$$\frac{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 508

$$c \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(Bd - Ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(3aBe^2 - 4Acde + Bcd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}} - 1\right) + 1} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(3aBe^2 - 4Acde + Bcd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(Bd - Ae)}$$

$$\frac{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 327

$$c \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(Bd - Ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(3aBe^2 - 4Acde + Bcd^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2e}{\sqrt{cd} + e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(3aBe^2 - 4Acde + Bcd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(Bd - Ae)}$$

$$\frac{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 512

$$c \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)(Bd-Ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(3aBe^2-4Acde+Bcd^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)(Bd-Ae)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(3aBe^2-4Acde+Bcd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(Bd-Ae)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 511

$$c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(3aBe^2-4Acde+Bcd^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)(Bd-Ae)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} dx}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(3aBe^2-4Acde+Bcd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(Bd-Ae)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 321

$$c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(3aBe^2-4Acde+Bcd^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)(Bd-Ae)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(3aBe^2-4Acde+Bcd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(Bd-Ae)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2*(B*d - A*e)*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^2])/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}) + ((- \\ & 2*(B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + 3*a*B*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^2])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt} \\ & [d + e*x]) + (c*((2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*(B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + 3*a*B*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x] \\ &]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - (\text{Sqrt}[c]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a]]/\text{Sqrt}[\\ & 2]], (2*e)/((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[a] + e)))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*e*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x)) \\ &]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e))*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^2]) - (2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*(B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 \\ & - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e))*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^ \\ & 2)/a]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - (\text{Sqrt}[c]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a]]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (2*e)/((\text{Sqr} \\ & t[c]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[a] + e))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*e*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^2])))/(c*d^2 \\ & - a*e^2))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) \end{aligned}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] \text{ /; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 321

$$\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$$

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 508

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 509

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 688 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 775 vs. $2(367) = 734$.

Time = 8.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 776, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(-cx^2+a)} \left(-\frac{2(Ae-Bd)\sqrt{-cex^3-cdx^2+aex+ad}}{3e^2(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{2(-cex^2+ae)(4Acde-3Ba^2e^2-Bcd^2)}{3e(ae^2-cd^2)^2\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-cex^2+ae)}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{c(Ae-Bd)}{3e(ae^2-cd^2)} + \frac{cd(4Acde-3Ba^2e^2)}{3e(ae^2-cd^2)}\right)}{3e(ae^2-cd^2)^2\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-cex^2+ae)}} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2/3/e^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(A*e-B*d)*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)/(x+d/e)^2+2/3*(-c*e*x^2+a*e)/e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*(4*A*c*d*e-3*B*a*e^2-B*c*d^2)/((x+d/e)*(-c*e*x^2+a*e))^(1/2)+2*(1/3*c/e*(A*e-B*d)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)+1/3*c*d/e*(4*A*c*d*e-3*B*a*e^2-B*c*d^2)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+2/3*c*(4*A*c*d*e-3*B*a*e^2-B*c*d^2)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))))^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 545, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \frac{2 \left((Bcd^5 + 5 Acd^4e - 9 Bad^3e^2 + 3 Aad^2e^3 + (Bcd^3e^2 + 5 Acd^2e^3 - 9 Bade^4 + 3 Aae^5)x^2 + 2 (Bcd^4e + \dots \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/9*((B*c*d^5 + 5*A*c*d^4*e - 9*B*a*d^3*e^2 + 3*A*a*d^2*e^3 + (B*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*A*c*d^2*e^3 - 9*B*a*d^2*e^4 + 3*A*a*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(B*c*d^4*e + 5*A*c*d^3*e^2 - 9*B*a*d^2*e^3 + 3*A*a*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 3*(B*c*d^4*e - 4*A*c*d^3*e^2 + 3*B*a*d^2*e^3 + (B*c*d^2*e^3 - 4*A*c*d*e^4 + 3*B*a*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(B*c*d^3*e^2 - 4*A*c*d^2*e^3 + 3*B*a*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) + 3*(2*B*c*d^3*e^2 - 5*A*c*d^2*e^3 + 2*B*a*d*e^4 + A*a*e^5 + (B*c*d^2*e^3 - 4*A*c*d*e^4 + 3*B*a*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^2*d^6*e^2 - 2*a*c*d^4*e^4 + a^2*d^2*e^6 + (c^2*d^4*e^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^6 + a^2*e^8)*x^2 + 2*(c^2*d^5*e^3 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^5 + a^2*d*e^7)*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a - cx^2} (d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{\sqrt{-cx^2 + a} (ex + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/(sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^(5/2)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{\sqrt{-cx^2 + a} (ex + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/(sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^(5/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a - cx^2} (d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((a - c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/((a - c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{-cx^2 + a} x}{-ce^3x^5 - 3cde^2x^4 + ae^3x^3 - 3cd^2ex^3 + 3ade^2x^2 - cd^3x^2 + 3ad^2ex + a} dx \right. \\ \left. + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{-cx^2 + a}}{-ce^3x^5 - 3cde^2x^4 + ae^3x^3 - 3cd^2ex^3 + 3ade^2x^2 - cd^3x^2 + 3ad^2ex + ad^3} dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x)/(a*d**3 + 3*a*d**2*e*x + 3*a*d*e**2
*x**2 + a*e**3*x**3 - c*d**3*x**2 - 3*c*d**2*e*x**3 - 3*c*d*e**2*x**4 - c*
e**3*x**5),x)*b + int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/(a*d**3 + 3*a*d**2*
e*x + 3*a*d*e**2*x**2 + a*e**3*x**3 - c*d**3*x**2 - 3*c*d**2*e*x**3 - 3*c*
d*e**2*x**4 - c*e**3*x**5),x)*a
```


3.278
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2352
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2353
Rubi [A] (verified)	2354
Maple [B] (verified)	2359
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2360
Sympy [F]	2360
Maxima [F]	2361
Giac [F]	2361
Mupad [F(-1)]	2361
Reduce [F]	2362

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 405

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a(Bd+ Ae) + (Acd+ aBe)x)}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} + \frac{e(3Acd+ 5aBe)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}{3ac^2} + \frac{(3Acd^2+ 20aBde+ 9aAe^2)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{3\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} + \frac{(3Acd+ 5aBe)(cd^2- ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{3\sqrt{ac}^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

```
(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*(A*e+B*d)+(A*c*d+B*a*e)*x)/a/c/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/3*e*(3*
A*c*d+5*B*a*e)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a/c^2+1/3*(9*A*a*e^2+3*A*c*d
^2+20*B*a*d*e)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/
a^(1/2))^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/a^(
1/2)/c^(3/2)/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/
2)-1/3*(3*A*c*d+5*B*a*e)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)
*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2),2^(
1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(5/2)/(e*
x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 25.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 565, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{e^2 \sqrt{-d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}(3Acd^2 + 20aBde + 9aAe^2)(a - cx^2) + e \sqrt{-d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}(d + ex)}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(e^2*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(3*A*c*d^2 + 20*a*B*d*e + 9*a*A*e^2)*(
a - c*x^2) + e*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(d + e*x)*(5*a^2*B*e^2 + 3*A
*c^2*d^2*x + a*c*(3*A*e*(2*d + e*x) + B*(3*d^2 + 6*d*e*x - 2*e^2*x^2))) +
I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(3*A*c*d^2 + 20*a*B*d*e + 9*a*A*e^2)*Sqr
t[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/
(d + e*x)]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt
[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)] + I*
Sqrt[a]*e*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(3*A*c*d + 5*a*B*e - 3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*(
5*B*d + 3*A*e))*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[a]
*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x)]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d
+ (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d
- Sqrt[a]*e)]/(3*a*c^2*e*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqr
t[a - c*x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 411, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {684, 27, 687, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{684} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{e\sqrt{d+ex}(a(5Bd+3Ae)+(3Ac d+5aBe)x)}{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{ac} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a(5Bd+3Ae)+(3Ac d+5aBe)x)}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{2ac} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{687} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \\
 & e \left(-\frac{2 \int -\frac{a(12Ac de+5B(3cd^2+ae^2))+c(3Ac d^2+20aBed+9aAe^2)x}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{3c} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe+3Ac d)}{3c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \\
 & e \left(\frac{\int \frac{a(15Bcd^2+12Ac ed+5aBe^2)+c(3Ac d^2+20aBed+9aAe^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{3c} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe+3Ac d)}{3c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{600}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$e \left(\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d) + a(Ae+Bd))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{c(9aAe^2+20aBde+3Ac d^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(5aBe+3Ac d) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe+3Ac d)}{3c} \right)$$

2ac
↓ 509

$$e \left(\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d) + a(Ae+Bd))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(9aAe^2+20aBde+3Ac d^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(5aBe+3Ac d) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe+3Ac d)}{3c} \right)$$

2ac
↓ 508

$$e \left(\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d) + a(Ae+Bd))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(5aBe+3Ac d) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(9aAe^2+20aBde+3Ac d^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe+3Ac d)}{3c} \right)$$

2ac
↓ 327

$$e \left(\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d) + a(Ae+Bd))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(5aBe+3Ac d) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(9aAe^2+20aBde+3Ac d^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\frac{1-\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}\right)\right) \frac{2e}{\sqrt{\frac{cx}{a}}+e}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(5aBe+3Ac d)}{3c} \right)$$

2ac
↓ 512

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} \\
 e \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)(5aBe+3Ac d) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(9aAe^2+20aBde+3Ac d^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(9aAe^2+20aBde+3Ac d^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right) - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(9aAe^2+20aBde+3Ac d^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e} \\
 & \hspace{15em} 3c \hspace{15em} 3c
 \end{aligned}$$

2ac

511

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} \\
 e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(5aBe+3Ac d) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{1-\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}{2}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(9aAe^2+20aBde+3Ac d^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right) \\
 & \hspace{15em} 3c \hspace{15em} 3c
 \end{aligned}$$

2ac

321

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} \\
 e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(5aBe+3Ac d) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right) + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(9aAe^2+20aBde+3Ac d^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(9aAe^2+20aBde+3Ac d^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right) \\
 & \hspace{15em} 3c \hspace{15em} 3c
 \end{aligned}$$

2ac

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((d + ex)^{3/2} * (a * (B * d + A * e) + (A * c * d + a * B * e) * x)) / (a * c * \text{Sqrt}[a - c * x^2]) \\ & - (e * ((-2 * (3 * A * c * d + 5 * a * B * e) * \text{Sqrt}[d + ex] * \text{Sqrt}[a - c * x^2]) / (3 * c) + ((- \\ & 2 * \text{Sqrt}[a] * \text{Sqrt}[c] * (3 * A * c * d^2 + 20 * a * B * d * e + 9 * a * A * e^2) * \text{Sqrt}[d + ex] * \text{Sqrt}[\\ & 1 - (c * x^2) / a] * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - (\text{Sqrt}[c] * x) / \text{Sqrt}[a]] / \text{Sqrt}[2]], (2 \\ & * e) / ((\text{Sqrt}[c] * d) / \text{Sqrt}[a] + e))] / (e * \text{Sqrt}[(\text{Sqrt}[c] * (d + ex)) / (\text{Sqrt}[c] * d + \text{S} \\ & \text{qrt}[a] * e)] * \text{Sqrt}[a - c * x^2]) + (2 * \text{Sqrt}[a] * (3 * A * c * d + 5 * a * B * e) * (c * d^2 - a * e^ \\ & 2) * \text{Sqrt}[(\text{Sqrt}[c] * (d + ex)) / (\text{Sqrt}[c] * d + \text{Sqrt}[a] * e)] * \text{Sqrt}[1 - (c * x^2) / a] * \text{E} \\ & \text{llipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - (\text{Sqrt}[c] * x) / \text{Sqrt}[a]] / \text{Sqrt}[2]], (2 * e) / ((\text{Sqrt}[c] * d) \\ & / \text{Sqrt}[a] + e))] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] * e * \text{Sqrt}[d + ex] * \text{Sqrt}[a - c * x^2])) / (3 * c)) / (2 * a * c) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) * (F x_*) , x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F x, x], x] / ; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F x, (b_*) * (G x_*) / ; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 321
$$\text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*) * (x_*)^2] * \text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*) * (x_*)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a] * \text{Sqrt}[c] * \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] * x], b * (c / (a * d))], x] / ; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$$

rule 327
$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*) * (x_*)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*) * (x_*)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] * \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] * x], b * (c / (a * d))], x] / ; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 508
$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*) * (x_*)] / \text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*) * (x_*)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2 * (\text{Sqrt}[c + d * x] / (\text{Sqrt}[a] * q * \text{Sqrt}[q * ((c + d * x) / (d + c * q))])) \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2 * d * (x^2 / (d + c * q))] / \text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q * x) / 2]], x]] / ; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 509
$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*) * (x_*)] / \text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*) * (x_*)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b * (x^2 / a)] / \text{Sqrt}[a + b * x^2] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d * x] / \text{Sqrt}[1 + b * (x^2 / a)], x], x] / ; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 684 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2] && EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])`

rule 687 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 844 vs. $2(337) = 674$.

Time = 10.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 845, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(-cx^2+a)} \left(-\frac{2(-cex-cd) \left(\frac{(Aae^2+Ac d^2+2Bade)x}{2c^2 a} + \frac{2Acde+Ba e^2+Bc d^2}{2c^3} \right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{c}\right)(-cex-cd)}} + \frac{2B e^2 \sqrt{-cex^3-cd x^2+ae x+ad}}{3c^2} + \frac{e(3Acde+...)}{2} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2*(-c*e*x-c*d)
*(1/2*(A*a*e^2+A*c*d^2+2*B*a*d*e)/c^2/a*x+1/2*(2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+B*c*d^2)/
c^3)/((x^2-a/c)*(-c*e*x-c*d))^(1/2)+2/3*B*e^2/c^2*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+
a*d)^(1/2)+2*(-e*(3*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+3*B*c*d^2)/c^2+1/c^2*(3*A*a*c*d*e^2+A*
c^2*d^3+B*a^2*e^3+3*B*a*c*d^2*e)/a-1/2/c^2*e*(2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+B*c*d^2)-1
/c*d*(A*a*e^2+A*c*d^2+2*B*a*d*e)/a-1/3*a/c^2*B*e^3)*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*
((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)
^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^
3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
,((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+2*(-e^2*(A*e+3*B*d)
/c-1/2*(A*a*e^2+A*c*d^2+2*B*a*d*e)*e/a/c+2/3/c*d*e^2*B)*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1
/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*
(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c
*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+d/e)
/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)
)))^(1/2))+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
,((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 444, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(3Aac^2d^3 - 25Ba^2cd^2e - 27Aa^2cde^2 - 15Ba^3e^3 - (3Ac^3d^3 - 25Bac^2d^2e$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9*((3*A*a*c^2*d^3 - 25*B*a^2*c*d^2*e - 27*A*a^2*c*d*e^2 - 15*B*a^3*e^3 - (3*A*c^3*d^3 - 25*B*a*c^2*d^2*e - 27*A*a*c^2*d*e^2 - 15*B*a^2*c*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 3*(3*A*a*c^2*d^2*e + 20*B*a^2*c*d*e^2 + 9*A*a^2*c*e^3 - (3*A*c^3*d^2*e + 20*B*a*c^2*d*e^2 + 9*A*a*c^2*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) + 3*(2*B*a*c^2*e^3*x^2 - 3*B*a*c^2*d^2*e - 6*A*a*c^2*d*e^2 - 5*B*a^2*c*e^3 - 3*(A*c^3*d^2*e + 2*B*a*c^2*d*e^2 + A*a*c^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(a*c^4*e*x^2 - a^2*c^3*e)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)**(5/2)/(a - c*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{5/2}}{(-cx^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{5/2}}{(-cx^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(18*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**3 + 50*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c
*x**2)*a*b*d*e**2 + 18*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*e - 12*sqrt
(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d*e**2*x + 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)
*b*c*d**3 - 28*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c*d**2*e*x - 4*sqrt(d + e*
x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c*d*e**2*x**2 - 9*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)
)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*d**2*x**2 + s
qrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**4*d*e**4 - 25*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a
- c*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*d**2
*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**3*b*d**2*e**3 + 3*int(sqrt(d +
e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - c
*x**2)*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**3*c*d**3*e**2 + 9
*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2
- sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**3*c*
d*e**4*x**2 + 25*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x
**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*
x**4),x)*a**2*b*c*d**4*e + 25*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*d**2 -
sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*
x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 6*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(
a - c*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*d**
2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**2*c**2*d**5 - 3*int(sqrt(d...
```

3.279 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2363
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2364
Rubi [A] (verified)	2364
Maple [B] (verified)	2368
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2369
Sympy [F]	2370
Maxima [F]	2370
Giac [F]	2371
Mupad [F(-1)]	2371
Reduce [F]	2371

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 336

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a(Bd+ Ae) + (Acd + aBe)x)}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} + \frac{(Acd + 3aBe)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{A(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

```
(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*(A*e+B*d)+(A*c*d+B*a*e)*x)/a/c/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+(A*c*d+3*
B*a*e)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))
^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^
(3/2)/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-A*(-a
*e^2+c*d^2)*(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2
)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^
(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 497, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^2}} \left(-\frac{c(d+ex)(aAe+Ac dx+aB(d+ex))}{-a+cx^2} - \frac{e^2(Acd+3aBe)\sqrt{-d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}(a-cx^2)+i\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\dots}}{\dots} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[a - c*x^2]*(-((c*(d + e*x)*(a*A*e + A*c*d*x + a*B*(d + e*x)))/(-a + c*x^2)) - (e^2*(A*c*d + 3*a*B*e)*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(a - c*x^2) + I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(A*c*d + 3*a*B*e)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x])*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x]))*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)] + I*Sqrt[a]*(-3*Sqrt[a]*B + A*Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[c]*e*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x])*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x]))*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)))/(e*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-a + c*x^2)))/(a*c^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {684, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 684 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{e(a(3Bd+ Ae)+(Ac d+3aBe)x) dx}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}}{ac} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{e \int \frac{a(3Bd+ Ae)+(Ac d+3aBe)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{2ac} \\
 & \downarrow 600 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \\
 & e \left(\frac{(3aBe+Ac d) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{A(cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right) \\
 & \frac{2ac}{\downarrow 509} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \\
 & e \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(3aBe+Ac d) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{A(cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right) \\
 & \frac{2ac}{\downarrow 508} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \\
 & e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(3aBe+Ac d) \int \frac{\sqrt{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e} d\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} - \frac{A(cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right) \\
 & \frac{2ac}{\downarrow 327}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{d+ex}(a(Bd+ Ae) + (Ac*d + a*Be)*x))/(a*c*\sqrt{a-c*x^2}) - (e*((-2*\sqrt{a}*(Ac*d + 3*a*Be)*\sqrt{d+ex}*\sqrt{1-(c*x^2)/a})*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{1-(\sqrt{c}*x)/\sqrt{a}}]/\sqrt{2}], (2*e)/((\sqrt{c}*d)/\sqrt{a} + e)))/(\sqrt{c}*e*\sqrt{(\sqrt{c}*(d+ex))/(\sqrt{c}*d + \sqrt{a}*e)})*\sqrt{a-c*x^2}) + (2*\sqrt{a}*A*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\sqrt{(\sqrt{c}*(d+ex))/(\sqrt{c}*d + \sqrt{a}*e)})*\sqrt{1-(c*x^2)/a})*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{1-(\sqrt{c}*x)/\sqrt{a}}]/\sqrt{2}], (2*e)/((\sqrt{c}*d)/\sqrt{a} + e)))/(\sqrt{c}*e*\sqrt{d+ex}*\sqrt{a-c*x^2})))/(2*a*c}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 321

$$\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2})*\sqrt{(c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{c}*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \&\& \text{!(NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$$

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2}/\sqrt{(c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\sqrt{a}/(\sqrt{c}*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 508

$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{(c_)+(d_)*(x_)}/\sqrt{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\sqrt{c+d*x}/(\sqrt{a}*q*\sqrt{q*((c+d*x)/(d+c*q))})) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\sqrt{1-2*d*(x^2/(d+c*q))}]/\sqrt{1-x^2}, x], x, \sqrt{1-(1-q*x)/2}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 509

$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{(c_)+(d_)*(x_)}/\sqrt{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\sqrt{1+b*(x^2/a)}/\sqrt{a+b*x^2} \text{ Int}[\sqrt{c+d*x}/\sqrt{1+b*(x^2/a)}], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{!GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 684 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2] && EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 702 vs. $2(278) = 556$.

Time = 4.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 703, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(-cx^2+a)} \left(-\frac{2(-cex-cd) \left(\frac{(Acd+BAe)x + Ae+Bd}{2ac^2} \right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{c}\right)(-cex-cd)}} + \frac{2 \left(-\frac{e(Ae+2Bd)}{c} + \frac{Aae^2+Ac d^2+2Bade}{ac} - \frac{e(Ae+Bd)}{2c} - \frac{d(Acd+BAe)}{ca} \right) \left(\frac{d}{e} \right)}{\sqrt{-cex-cd}} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2*(-c*e*x-c*d)
*(1/2*(A*c*d+B*a*e)/a/c^2*x+1/2*(A*e+B*d)/c^2)/((x^2-a/c)*(-c*e*x-c*d))^(1
/2)+2*(-e*(A*e+2*B*d)/c+(A*a*e^2+A*c*d^2+2*B*a*d*e)/a/c-1/2/c*e*(A*e+B*d)-
1/c*d*(A*c*d+B*a*e)/a)*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)
))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(
1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*El
lipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/
e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+2*(-B*e^2/c-1/2*(A*c*d+B*a*e)*e/a/c)*(d/e-1/c*(
a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d
/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1
/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticE((
(x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*
c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))
)^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(Aacd^2 - 6Ba^2de - 3Aa^2e^2 - (Ac^2d^2 - 6Bacde - 3Aace^2)x^2)\sqrt{-cex-cd}}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3*((A*a*c*d^2 - 6*B*a^2*d*e - 3*A*a^2*e^2 - (A*c^2*d^2 - 6*B*a*c*d*e - 3
*A*a*c*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e
^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 3*(A*a*c*d*e
+ 3*B*a^2*e^2 - (A*c^2*d*e + 3*B*a*c*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(
4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstr
assPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^
3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) - 3*(B*a*c*d*e + A*a*c*e^2 + (A*c^2*d*e + B*a*c*e^
2)*x)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a*c^3*e*x^2 - a^2*c^2*e)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a - cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)**(3/2)/(a - c*x**2)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-cx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2 + a)^(3/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-cx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(6*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*b*e**2 + 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x*
*2)*a*c*d*e + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c*d**2 - 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*
sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*c*d*e*x - 3*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*d**2
- sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c
*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**3*b*d*e**3 - 2*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**
2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*d**2*x**2 +
sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**2 + 3*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(s
qrt(a - c*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c
*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**2*b*c*d**3*e + 3*int(sqrt
(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a
- c*x**2)*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**2*b*c*d*e**3*
x**2 + 2*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e
**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)
*a**2*c**2*d**4 + 2*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a -
c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e
**2*x**4),x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 3*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**
2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*d**2*x**2 +
sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a*b*c**2*d**3*e*x**2 - 2*int(sqrt(d + e*x
)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**
2)*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a*c**3*d**4*x**2 - 3*...
```

3.280
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2373
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2374
Rubi [A] (verified)	2374
Maple [B] (verified)	2378
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2379
Sympy [F]	2380
Maxima [F]	2380
Giac [F]	2380
Mupad [F(-1)]	2381
Reduce [F]	2381

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 311

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(aB+Acx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{A\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{(Acd-aBe)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

```
(A*c*x+B*a)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/a/c/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+A*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-(A*c*d-B*a*e)*(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 442, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^2} \left(Ae + \frac{(aB + Acx)(d + ex)}{a - cx^2} - \frac{iA\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})\sqrt{\frac{e\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}} + x\right)}{d + ex}}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{ae} - ex}{\sqrt{c} - d + ex}}(d + ex)^{3/2} E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{d + ex}}\right)\right)}{e\sqrt{-d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}(-a + cx^2)}} \right)}{1}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a - c*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[a - c*x^2]*(A*e + ((a*B + A*c*x)*(d + e*x))/(a - c*x^2) - (I*A*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x])*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/(e*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-a + c*x^2)) + (I*Sqrt[a]*(Sqrt[a]*B - A*Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x])*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/(Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-a + c*x^2)))))/(a*c*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {685, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 685

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB+Acx)}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{e(aB+Acx)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{ac} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB+Acx)}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{e \int \frac{aB+Acx}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{2ac} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 600 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB+Acx)}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{e \left(\frac{Ac \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{(Acd-aBe) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right)}{2ac} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 509 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB+Acx)}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{e \left(\frac{Ac\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{(Acd-aBe) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right)}{2ac} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 508 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB+Acx)}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{e \left(\frac{(Acd-aBe) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} \right)}{2ac} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 327 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB+Acx)}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{e \left(\frac{(Acd-aBe) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e} \right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} \right)}{2ac} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 512
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB+Acx)}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \\
 & e \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(Acd-aBe) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)\left|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right.}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}\right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 511 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB+Acx)}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \\
 & e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(Acd-aBe) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{1-\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}} d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)\left|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right.}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}\right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 321 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB+Acx)}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \\
 & e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(Acd-aBe) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)\left|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right.}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}\right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 321
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a - c*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
((a*B + A*c*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a*c*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) - (e*((-2*Sqrt[a]*A*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)))/(e*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(A*c*d - a*B*e)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)))/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]))/(2*a*c)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600

```
Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp
[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
```

rule 685

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*g - c*f*x)/(2*a*c
*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)
^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(2*p + 3) - c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[m]
|| IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 624 vs. 2(253) = 506.

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 625, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(-cx^2+a)} \left(-\frac{2(-cex-cd)\left(\frac{Ax}{2ac} + \frac{B}{2c^2}\right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^2 - \frac{a}{c}\right)(-cex-cd)}} + \frac{2\left(-\frac{3Be}{2c} + \frac{Acd+Baec}{ac} - \frac{Ad}{a}\right)\left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}\right)}{\sqrt{-cex^3 - cd x^2 + aex + ad}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}{-\frac{d}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}{-\frac{d}{e} + \frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)}{\sqrt{ac}e-cd}}, \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{ac}e-cd}{\sqrt{ac}e+cd}}\right) \right)$
default	$\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{-cx^2+a} \left(A \sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)}{\sqrt{ac}e-cd}} \sqrt{\frac{(-cx+\sqrt{ac})e}{\sqrt{ac}e+cd}} \sqrt{\frac{(cx+\sqrt{ac})e}{\sqrt{ac}e-cd}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)}{\sqrt{ac}e-cd}}, \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{ac}e-cd}{\sqrt{ac}e+cd}}\right) ac e^2 - A \sqrt{ac} \sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)}{\sqrt{ac}e-cd}} \right)$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2*(-c*e*x-c*d)
*(1/2*A/a/c*x+1/2*B/c^2)/((x^2-a/c)*(-c*e*x-c*d))^(1/2)+2*(-3/2*B*e/c+(A*c
*d+B*a*e)/a/c-A/a*d)*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))
^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1
/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*Elli
pticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-
1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-A*e/a*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*
c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/
c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(
1/2)*((-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1
/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)
*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-
d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(Aacd - 3Ba^2e - (Ac^2d - 3Bace)x^2)\sqrt{-c}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(cd^2+3ae^2)}{3ce^2}, -\right)}{(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3*((A*a*c*d - 3*B*a^2*e - (A*c^2*d - 3*B*a*c*e)*x^2)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstr
assPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^
3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) - 3*(A*c^2*e*x^2 - A*a*c*e)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZ
eta(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weie
rstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(
c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) - 3*(A*c^2*e*x + B*a*c*e)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*sq
rt(e*x + d)/(a*c^3*e*x^2 - a^2*c^2*e)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*sqrt(d + e*x)/(a - c*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)\sqrt{ex + d}}{(-cx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(-c*x^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)\sqrt{ex + d}}{(-cx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(-c*x^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2), x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b
*d - int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2*
x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**
3*d*e**2 - int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a
*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),
x)*a**2*b*d**2*e + 2*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a -
c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e
**2*x**4),x)*a**2*c*d**3 + int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*d**2 - sq
rt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**
2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**2*c*d*e**2*x**2 + int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2
)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*d**2*x**2 + s
qrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a*b*c*d**2*e*x**2 - 2*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(s
qrt(a - c*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c
*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a*c**2*d**3*x**2 - int((sqrt
(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x - 2*a*c*d*x**2 - 2*a*c
*e*x**3 + c**2*d*x**4 + c**2*e*x**5),x)*a**2*c*e**2 + int((sqrt(d + e*x)*s
qrt(a - c*x**2)*x**2)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x - 2*a*c*d*x**2 - 2*a*c*e*x**3 + c
**2*d*x**4 + c**2*e*x**5),x)*a*b*c*d*e + int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**
2)*x**2)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x - 2*a*c*d*x**2 - 2*a*c*e*x**3 + c**2*d*x**4 +
c**2*e*x**5),x)*a*c**2*e**2*x**2 - int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*...
```

3.281 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2383
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2384
Rubi [A] (verified)	2384
Maple [B] (verified)	2388
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2389
Sympy [F]	2390
Maxima [F]	2390
Giac [F]	2391
Mupad [F(-1)]	2391
Reduce [F]	2391

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 351

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a(Bd-Ae)+(Acd-aBe)x)}{a(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{a-cx^2}} + \frac{(Acd-aBe)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{A\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

```
(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*(-A*e+B*d)+(A*c*d-B*a*e)*x)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+(A*c*d-B*a*e)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-A*(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 511, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-e^2(Acd - aBe)\sqrt{-d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}(-a + cx^2)} - ce\sqrt{-d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}(d + ex)(-Acdx +$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-e^2*(A*c*d - a*B*e)*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-a + c*x^2) - c*e*
Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(d + e*x)*(-(A*c*d*x) + a*(-(B*d) + A*e + B
*e*x)) + I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(A*c*d - a*B*e)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]
]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*
(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d
+ e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)] + I*Sqrt[a]*(Sqr
t[a]*B + A*Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[c]*e*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqr
t[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d +
e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x
]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e))]/(a*c*e*Sqrt[-d + (Sq
rt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {686, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

↓ 686

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae))}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{ce(a(Bd-Ae)-(Acd-aBe)x)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{ac(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{e \int \frac{a(Bd-Ae)-(Acd-aBe)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae))}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 600

$$\frac{e \left(\frac{A(cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{(Acd-aBe) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right)}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae))}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 509

$$\frac{e \left(\frac{A(cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(Acd-aBe) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} \right)}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae))}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 508

$$\frac{e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(Acd-aBe) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{e(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{2}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}}} + \frac{A(cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right)}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae))}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 327

$$\begin{aligned}
 & e \left(\frac{A(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(Acd-aBe)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}\right) \\
 & \frac{2a(cd^2 - ae^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))} \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{a - cx^2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{\phantom{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{512} \\
 & e \left(\frac{A\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(Acd-aBe)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}\right) \\
 & \frac{2a(cd^2 - ae^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))} \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{a - cx^2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{\phantom{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{511} \\
 & e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(Acd-aBe)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\phantom{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2a(cd^2 - ae^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))} \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{a - cx^2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{\phantom{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{321} \\
 & e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(Acd-aBe)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}A\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2a(cd^2 - ae^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))} \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{a - cx^2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{\phantom{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*(B*d - A*e) + (A*c*d - a*B*e)*x))/(a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) + (e*((2*Sqrt[a]*(A*c*d - a*B*e)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)))/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[a]*A*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)))/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]))/(2*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2)/(d + c*q)]]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 686 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 719 vs. $2(293) = 586$.

Time = 6.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 720, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{2(-cex-cd) \left(-\frac{(Acd-Bae)x}{2(ae^2-cd^2)ac} + \frac{Ae-Bd}{2c(ae^2-cd^2)} \right) + 2 \left(\frac{A}{a} - \frac{e(Ae-Bd)}{2(ae^2-cd^2)} + \frac{d(Acd-Bae)}{(ae^2-cd^2)a} \right) \left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e}-\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}}}{\sqrt{(ex+d)(-cx^2+a)} \sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{c}\right)(-cex-cd)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e}-\frac{\sqrt{ac}}{c}}}}{\sqrt{-cex^3-cd}}$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2*(-c*e*x-c*d)
*(-1/2*(A*c*d-B*a*e)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/a/c*x+1/2*(A*e-B*d)/c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)))/((
x^2-a/c)*(-c*e*x-c*d)^(1/2)+2*(A/a-1/2*e*(A*e-B*d)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)+d*(A*c*d
-B*a*e)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/a)*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/
2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)
^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*
EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2), ((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-
d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+e*(A*c*d-B*a*e)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/a*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)
^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-
1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+
d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2), ((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)
^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(
1/2), ((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 358, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(Aacd^2 + 2Ba^2de - 3Aa^2e^2 - (Ac^2d^2 + 2Bacde - 3Ace^2)x^2)\sqrt{-c}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(cd^2+3ae^2)}{3ce^2}, -\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*((A*a*c*d^2 + 2*B*a^2*d*e - 3*A*a^2*e^2 - (A*c^2*d^2 + 2*B*a*c*d*e - 3*A*a*c*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 3*(A*a*c*d*e - B*a^2*e^2 - (A*c^2*d*e - B*a*c*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) - 3*(B*a*c*d*e - A*a*c*e^2 + (A*c^2*d*e - B*a*c*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(a^2*c^2*d^2*e - a^3*c*e^3 - (a*c^3*d^2*e - a^2*c^2*e^3)*x^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/((a - c*x**2)**(3/2)*sqrt(d + e*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(-cx^2 + a)^{3/2} \sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((-c*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(-cx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((-c*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((a - c*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/((a - c*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```

(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*b*x + 3*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x*
**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*d**2*x**2 +
sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**3*d*e - 2*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a -
c*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*d**2*x
**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**2*b*d**2 - 3*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(
sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*
c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**2*c*d*e*x**2 + 2*int(sqr
t(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(
a - c*x**2)*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a*b*c*d**2*x**2
+ int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**3)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x - 2*a*c*d*
x**2 - 2*a*c*e*x**3 + c**2*d*x**4 + c**2*e*x**5),x)*a*b*c*e - int((sqrt(d
+ e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**3)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x - 2*a*c*d*x**2 - 2*a*c*e*
x**3 + c**2*d*x**4 + c**2*e*x**5),x)*b*c**2*e*x**2 - 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*
x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x*
**2)*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**3*e**2 + 2*int((sqrt
(d + e*x)*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2*x**2 - sqr
t(a - c*x**2)*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a**2*b*d*e +
3*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*e**2
*x**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*e**2*x**4),x)*a*
**2*c*e**2*x**2 - 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqr...

```

3.282
$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2393
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2394
Rubi [A] (verified)	2395
Maple [B] (verified)	2400
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2401
Sympy [F]	2402
Maxima [F]	2403
Giac [F]	2403
Mupad [F(-1)]	2403
Reduce [F]	2404

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 452

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(Bd - Ae)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a(3Bcd^2 - 4Acde + aBe^2) + c(Acd^2 - 4aBde + 3aAe^2)x)}{a(cd^2 - ae^2)^2\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{c}(Acd^2 - 4aBde + 3aAe^2)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(cd^2 - ae^2)^2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{(Acd - aBe)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

$$\frac{(2Ae-2Bd)/(-ae^2+cd^2)/(e^2x+d)^{1/2}/(-cx^2+a)^{1/2}+(e^2x+d)^{1/2}*(a*(-4Acd+3B^2e+3A^2e^2+3Bcd^2)+c*(3Aae^2+Acd^2-4Bade)*x)/a/(-ae^2+cd^2)^2/(-cx^2+a)^{1/2}+c^{1/2}*(3Aae^2+Acd^2-4Bade)*(e^2x+d)^{1/2}*(1-cx^2/a)^{1/2}*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^{1/2}*x/a^{1/2}))^{1/2}*2^{1/2},2^{1/2}*(a^{1/2}*e/(c^{1/2}*d+a^{1/2}*e))^{1/2})/a^{1/2}/(-ae^2+cd^2)^2/(c^{1/2}*(e^2x+d)/(c^{1/2}*d+a^{1/2}*e))^{1/2}/(-cx^2+a)^{1/2}-(Acd-Bade)*(c^{1/2}*(e^2x+d)/(c^{1/2}*d+a^{1/2}*e))^{1/2}*(1-cx^2/a)^{1/2}*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^{1/2}*x/a^{1/2}))^{1/2}*2^{1/2},2^{1/2}*(a^{1/2}*e/(c^{1/2}*d+a^{1/2}*e))^{1/2})/a^{1/2}/c^{1/2}/(-ae^2+cd^2)/(e^2x+d)^{1/2}/(-cx^2+a)^{1/2}}$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 570, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^2} \left(2ae^2(Bd - Ae) + e(Acd^2 - 4aBde + 3Ae^2) - \frac{(d+ex)(a^2Be^2 + A^2e^2)}{a} \right)}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{a - cx^2}*(2ae^2*(Bd - Ae) + e*(Acd^2 - 4aBde + 3Ae^2) - ((d + ex)*(a^2Be^2 + A^2e^2) - (I*\sqrt{c}*(\sqrt{c}*d - \sqrt{a}*e)*(Acd^2 - 4aBde + 3Ae^2)*\sqrt{((e*(\sqrt{a}/\sqrt{c} + x))/(d + ex))*\sqrt{-(((\sqrt{a}*e)/\sqrt{c} - e*x)/(d + ex))}*(d + ex)^{3/2}*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[\sqrt{-d + (\sqrt{a}*e)/\sqrt{c}}]/\sqrt{d + ex}], (\sqrt{c}*d + \sqrt{a}*e)/(\sqrt{c}*d - \sqrt{a}*e)]/(e*\sqrt{-d + (\sqrt{a}*e)/\sqrt{c}})*(-a + cx^2)) - (I*\sqrt{a}*(\sqrt{c}*d - \sqrt{a}*e)*(Acd - aBde + 3*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{c}*(Bd - Ae))*\sqrt{((e*(\sqrt{a}/\sqrt{c} + x))/(d + ex))*\sqrt{-(((\sqrt{a}*e)/\sqrt{c} - e*x)/(d + ex))}*(d + ex)^{3/2}*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[\sqrt{-d + (\sqrt{a}*e)/\sqrt{c}}]/\sqrt{d + ex}], (\sqrt{c}*d + \sqrt{a}*e)/(\sqrt{c}*d - \sqrt{a}*e)]/(e*\sqrt{-d + (\sqrt{a}*e)/\sqrt{c}})*(-a + cx^2)))))/(a*(cd^2 - ae^2)^2*\sqrt{d + ex})$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 459, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {686, 27, 688, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2} (d + ex)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{686} \\
 & \frac{x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae)}{a\sqrt{a - cx^2}\sqrt{d + ex} (cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{ce(3a(Bd - Ae) + (Acd - aBe)x)}{2(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx}{ac (cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{e \int \frac{3a(Bd - Ae) + (Acd - aBe)x}{(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx}{2a (cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae)}{a\sqrt{a - cx^2}\sqrt{d + ex} (cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{688} \\
 & e \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{a(3Bcd^2 - 4Aced + aBe^2) - c(Acd^2 - 4aBed + 3aAe^2)x}{2\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a - cx^2}(3aAe^2 - 4aBde + Acd^2)}{\sqrt{d + ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a (cd^2 - ae^2)}{a\sqrt{a - cx^2}\sqrt{d + ex} (cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & e \left(\frac{\int \frac{a(3Bcd^2 - 4Aced + aBe^2) - c(Acd^2 - 4aBed + 3aAe^2)x}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{a - cx^2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a - cx^2}(3aAe^2 - 4aBde + Acd^2)}{\sqrt{d + ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a (cd^2 - ae^2)}{a\sqrt{a - cx^2}\sqrt{d + ex} (cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{600}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$e \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(Acd - aBe) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{c(3aAe^2 - 4aBde + Acd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(3aAe^2 - 4aBde + Acd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2a(cd^2 - ae^2)}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \frac{x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae)}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 509

$$e \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(Acd - aBe) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(3aAe^2 - 4aBde + Acd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(3aAe^2 - 4aBde + Acd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2a(cd^2 - ae^2)}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \frac{x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae)}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 508

$$e \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(Acd - aBe) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(3aAe^2 - 4aBde + Acd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}} - 1\right) + 1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{2}}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(3aAe^2 - 4aBde + Acd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2a(cd^2 - ae^2)}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \frac{x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae)}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 327

$$e \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(Acd - aBe) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(3aAe^2 - 4aBde + Acd^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) \left| \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e} \right.}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(3aAe^2 - 4aBde + Acd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae)}{a\sqrt{a - cx^2}\sqrt{d + ex} (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

512

$$e \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2 - ae^2)(Acd - aBe) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(3aAe^2 - 4aBde + Acd^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) \left| \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e} \right.}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(3aAe^2 - 4aBde + Acd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae)}{a\sqrt{a - cx^2}\sqrt{d + ex} (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

511

$$e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(3aAe^2 - 4aBde + Acd^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) \left| \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e} \right.}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(Acd - aBe) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(3aAe^2 - 4aBde + Acd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae)}{a\sqrt{a - cx^2}\sqrt{d + ex} (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

321

$$e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(3aAe^2-4aBde+Acd^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)+\frac{2e}{\sqrt{\frac{cd}{a}+e}}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(Acd-aBe)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \frac{2a(cd^2-ae^2)}{x(Acd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae)} \frac{1}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(a*(B*d - A*e) + (A*c*d - a*B*e)*x)/(a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) + (e*((-2*(A*c*d^2 - 4*a*B*d*e + 3*a*A*e^2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + ((2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*(A*c*d^2 - 4*a*B*d*e + 3*a*A*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)))/(e*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[a]*(A*c*d - a*B*e)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)))/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(2*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 508 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 509 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]

rule 511 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 512 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]

rule 600 $\text{Int}[(A_) + (B_)*(x_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[B/d \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B*c - A*d)/d \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]

rule 686

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f +
a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[
1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Sim
p[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f
+ a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ
[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 688

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 883 vs. 2(390) = 780.

Time = 8.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 884, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(-cx^2+a)} \left(\frac{2ce \left(\frac{(3Aae^2+Ac d^2-4Bade)x^2}{2a(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)} - \frac{(Acd-Bae)x}{2ace(ae^2-cd^2)} - \frac{2Aae^3+2Ac d^2e-3Bade^2-Bcd^3}{2ce(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)} \right)}{\sqrt{-\left(x^3+\frac{dx^2}{e}-\frac{ax}{c}-\frac{ad}{ce}\right)ce}} \right) + \frac{2 \left(-\frac{6Aacd e^2-2A c^2d^3}{2a(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)} \right)}{\sqrt{-\left(x^3+\frac{dx^2}{e}-\frac{ax}{c}-\frac{ad}{ce}\right)ce}}$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(2*c*e*(1/2*(3*A
*a*e^2+A*c*d^2-4*B*a*d*e)/a/(a^2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*x^2-1/2*(A*c*d
-B*a*e)/a/c/e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*x-1/2*(2*A*a*e^3+2*A*c*d^2*e-3*B*a*d*e^2-B*c*d
^3)/c/e/(a^2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4))/(-(x^3+d/e*x^2-a/c*x-a/c*d/e)*c*e
)^(1/2)+2*(-1/2*(6*A*a*c*d*e^2-2*A*c^2*d^3-3*B*a^2*e^3-B*a*c*d^2*e)/a/(a^2
*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)+(A*c*d-B*a*e)/a/(a*e^2-c*d^2))*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^
(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/
c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-
c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))
)^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-c*e*(3*A*a*
e^2+A*c*d^2-4*B*a*d*e)/a/(a^2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1
/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*
(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c
*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+d/e)
/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2
)))^(1/2))+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
,((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)))

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 804 vs. $2(390) = 780$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 804, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/3*((A*a*c^2*d^4 + 5*B*a^2*c*d^3*e - 9*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*B*a^3*d*e^3 -
(A*c^3*d^3*e + 5*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 9*A*a*c^2*d*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c*e^4)*x^3 -
(A*c^3*d^4 + 5*B*a*c^2*d^3*e - 9*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 3*B*a^2*c*d*e^3)*x^2 +
(A*a*c^2*d^3*e + 5*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 9*A*a^2*c*d*e^3 + 3*B*a^3*e^4)*x)*sq
rt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 -
9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 3*(A*a*c^2*d^3*e - 4*B*a^2*c*d^2
*e^2 + 3*A*a^2*c*d*e^3 - (A*c^3*d^2*e^2 - 4*B*a*c^2*d*e^3 + 3*A*a*c^2*e^4)
*x^3 - (A*c^3*d^3*e - 4*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 3*A*a*c^2*d*e^3)*x^2 + (A*a*c^2*
d^2*e^2 - 4*B*a^2*c*d*e^3 + 3*A*a^2*c*e^4)*x)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4
/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstra
ssPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3
), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) - 3*(B*a*c^2*d^3*e - 2*A*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 3*B*a^2*c*
d*e^3 - 2*A*a^2*c*e^4 + (A*c^3*d^2*e^2 - 4*B*a*c^2*d*e^3 + 3*A*a*c^2*e^4)*
x^2 + (A*c^3*d^3*e - B*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - A*a*c^2*d*e^3 + B*a^2*c*e^4)*x)*sq
rt(-c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(a^2*c^3*d^5*e - 2*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^4*c*d*
e^5 - (a*c^4*d^4*e^2 - 2*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^4 + a^3*c^2*e^6)*x^3 - (a*c^4*d^5*e
- 2*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3 + a^3*c^2*d*e^5)*x^2 + (a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 2*a^3*c^2*d
^2*e^4 + a^4*c*e^6)*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(a - cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (d + ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)/((a - c*x**2)**(3/2)*(d + e*x)**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(-cx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((-c*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(-cx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((-c*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2} (d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((a - c*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/((a - c*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**3)/(a**2*d**2
+ 2*a**2*d*e*x + a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*a*c*d**2*x**2 - 4*a*c*d*e*x**3 - 2*a*c
*e**2*x**4 + c**2*d**2*x**4 + 2*c**2*d*e*x**5 + c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a*c*d*e
**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**3)/(a**2*d**
2 + 2*a**2*d*e*x + a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*a*c*d**2*x**2 - 4*a*c*d*e*x**3 - 2*a
*c*e**2*x**4 + c**2*d**2*x**4 + 2*c**2*d*e*x**5 + c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a*c*e
**3*x - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**3)/(a**2
*d**2 + 2*a**2*d*e*x + a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*a*c*d**2*x**2 - 4*a*c*d*e*x**3 -
2*a*c*e**2*x**4 + c**2*d**2*x**4 + 2*c**2*d*e*x**5 + c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*b
*c*d**2*e - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x**3)/(
a**2*d**2 + 2*a**2*d*e*x + a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*a*c*d**2*x**2 - 4*a*c*d*e*x**
3 - 2*a*c*e**2*x**4 + c**2*d**2*x**4 + 2*c**2*d*e*x**5 + c**2*e**2*x**6),
x)*b*c*d*e**2*x - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x)/
(a**2*d**2 + 2*a**2*d*e*x + a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*a*c*d**2*x**2 - 4*a*c*d*e*x
**3 - 2*a*c*e**2*x**4 + c**2*d**2*x**4 + 2*c**2*d*e*x**5 + c**2*e**2*x**6)
,x)*a**2*d*e**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x)/
(a**2*d**2 + 2*a**2*d*e*x + a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*a*c*d**2*x**2 - 4*a*c*d*e*x
**3 - 2*a*c*e**2*x**4 + c**2*d**2*x**4 + 2*c**2*d*e*x**5 + c**2*e**2*x**6)
,x)*a**2*e**3*x - 4*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2))/
(a**2*d**2 + 2*a**2*d*e*x + a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*a*c*d**2*x**2 - 4*a*c*d...
```

3.283
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2405
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2406
Rubi [A] (verified)	2407
Maple [B] (verified)	2412
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2413
Sympy [F(-1)]	2414
Maxima [F]	2414
Giac [F]	2415
Mupad [F(-1)]	2415
Reduce [F]	2415

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 482

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a(Bd+ Ae) + (Acd+ aBe)x)}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(3Acd^2 - 14aBde - 5aAe^2) + (2Acd(2cd^2 - 3ae^2) - 7aBe(cd^2 + ae^2))x)}{6a^2c^2\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{(4Acd(cd^2 - 2ae^2) - 7aBe(cd^2 + 3ae^2))\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{6a^{3/2}c^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(4Acd^2 - 7aBde - 5aAe^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{6a^{3/2}c^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

```

1/3*(e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a*(A*e+B*d)+(A*c*d+B*a*e)*x)/a/c/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/6*(
e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*e*(-5*A*a*e^2+3*A*c*d^2-14*B*a*d*e)+(2*A*c*d*(-3*a*e^2+2*c
*d^2)-7*a*B*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2))*x)/a^2/c^2/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/6*(4*A*c*d*(-2*
a*e^2+c*d^2)-7*a*B*e*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2))*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*Ellip
ticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*
d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(5/2)/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e
))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/6*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-5*A*a*e^2+4*A*c*d^2-7*B*a*d
*e)*(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*Ellipt
icF(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+
a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 27.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 710, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^2} \left(-\frac{(d+ex)(4Ac^3d^3x^3 + a^3e^2(5Ae + 7B(2d+ex)) - ac^2dx(7Bdex^2 + A(6d^2 + dex + 8e^2x^2)) - a^2c^2(a-cx^2)^2)}{a^2c^2(a-cx^2)^2} \right)}{a^2c^2(a-cx^2)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a - c*x^2]*(-(((d + e*x)*(4*A*c^3*d^3*x^3 + a^3*e^2*(5*A*e + 7*B*(2*d + e*x)) - a*c^2*d*x*(7*B*d*e*x^2 + A*(6*d^2 + d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)) - a^2*c*(A*e*(5*d^2 - 2*d*e*x + 7*e^2*x^2) + B*(2*d^3 - d^2*e*x + 20*d*e^2*x^2 + 9*e^3*x^3)))))/(a^2*c^2*(a - c*x^2)^2)) - (e^2*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(4*A*c*d*(c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2) - 7*a*B*e*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))*(a - c*x^2) + I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(4*A*c*d*(c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2) - 7*a*B*e*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)] + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(7*a*B*e*(-(Sqrt[c]*d) + 3*Sqrt[a]*e) + A*(4*c^(3/2)*d^2 + 3*Sqrt[a]*c*d*e - 5*a*Sqrt[c]*e^2))*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e))]/(a^2*c^3*e*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-a + c*x^2)))/(6*Sqrt[d + e*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 492, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {684, 27, 684, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 684 \\
 & \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))}{3ac(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} - \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(4Acd^2 - ae(7Bd + 5Ae) - e(Acd + 7aBe)x)}{2(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(4Acd^2 - ae(7Bd + 5Ae) - e(Acd + 7aBe)x)}{(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{6ac} + \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}(x(aBe + Acd) + a(Ae + Bd))}{3ac(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 684
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(2Acd(2cd^2-3ae^2)-7aBe(ae^2+cd^2))+ae(-5aAe^2-14aBde+3Acd^2))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{e \int \frac{ae(Acd^2-28aBed-5aAe^2)+(4Acd(cd^2-2ae^2))-7aBe(cd^2-2ae^2)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{ac}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(2Acd(2cd^2-3ae^2)-7aBe(ae^2+cd^2))+ae(-5aAe^2-14aBde+3Acd^2))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{e \int \frac{ae(Acd^2-28aBed-5aAe^2)+(4Acd(cd^2-2ae^2))-7aBe(cd^2-2ae^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{2ac}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 600

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(2Acd(2cd^2-3ae^2)-7aBe(ae^2+cd^2))+ae(-5aAe^2-14aBde+3Acd^2))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{e \left(\frac{(4Acd(cd^2-2ae^2)-7aBe(3ae^2+cd^2)) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{(cd^2-2ae^2)}{2ac} \right)}{6ac}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 509

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(2Acd(2cd^2-3ae^2)-7aBe(ae^2+cd^2))+ae(-5aAe^2-14aBde+3Acd^2))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{e \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(4Acd(cd^2-2ae^2)-7aBe(3ae^2+cd^2)) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{cd^2-2ae^2}{6ac} \right)}{6ac}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 508

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(2Acd(2cd^2-3ae^2)-7aBe(ae^2+cd^2))+ae(-5aAe^2-14aBde+3Acd^2))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - e \left(\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(-5aAe^2-7aBde+4Acd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}}{e} \right)$$

6ac

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(2Acd(2cd^2-3ae^2)-7aBe(ae^2+cd^2))+ae(-5aAe^2-14aBde+3Acd^2))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - e \left(\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(-5aAe^2-7aBde+4Acd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}}{e} \right)$$

6ac

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 512

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(2Acd(2cd^2-3ae^2)-7aBe(ae^2+cd^2))+ae(-5aAe^2-14aBde+3Acd^2))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - e \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)(-5aAe^2-7aBde+4Acd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} \right)$$

6ac

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 511

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(2Acd(2cd^2-3ae^2)-7aBe(ae^2+cd^2))+ae(-5aAe^2-14aBde+3Acd^2))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(-5aAe^2-7aBde+4Acd^2)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(2Acd(2cd^2-3ae^2)-7aBe(ae^2+cd^2))+ae(-5aAe^2-14aBde+3Acd^2))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(-5aAe^2-7aBde+4Acd^2)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d}}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(5/2),x]

output ((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a*(B*d + A*e) + (A*c*d + a*B*e)*x))/(3*a*c*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*e*(3*A*c*d^2 - 14*a*B*d*e - 5*a*A*e^2) + (2*A*c*d*(2*c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) - 7*a*B*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))*x))/(a*c*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) - (e*((-2*Sqrt[a]*(4*A*c*d*(c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2) - 7*a*B*e*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)])/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(4*A*c*d^2 - 7*a*B*d*e - 5*a*A*e^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)])/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])))/(2*a*c))/(6*a*c)

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

```
rule 600 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp
[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
```

```
rule 684 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g
) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[
(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^
2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2]
&& EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 968 vs. 2(412) = 824.

Time = 7.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 969, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)(-cx^2+a)} \left(\frac{(3Aacd e^2 + A c^2 d^3 + B e^3 a^2 + 3Bac d^2 e)x}{3a c^4} + \frac{Aa e^3 + 3Ac d^2 e + 3Bad e^2 + Bc d^3}{3c^4} \right)}{\left(x^2 - \frac{a}{c}\right)^2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{-ce x^3 - cd x^2 + aex + ad} \sqrt{-2(-ce x - c d)}}$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*((1/3*(3*A*a*c*d
*e^2+A*c^2*d^3+B*a^2*e^3+3*B*a*c*d^2*e)/a/c^4*x+1/3*(A*a*e^3+3*A*c*d^2*e+3
*B*a*d*e^2+B*c*d^3)/c^4)*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)/(x^2-a/c)^2-2*
(-c*e*x-c*d)*(-1/12*(8*A*a*c*d*e^2-4*A*c^2*d^3+9*B*a^2*e^3+7*B*a*c*d^2*e)/
a^2/c^3*x-1/12*(7*A*a*e^2+A*c*d^2+20*B*a*d*e)*e/c^3/a)/((x^2-a/c)*(-c*e*x-
c*d))^(1/2)+2*(e^3*(A*e+4*B*d)/c^2-1/6/c^2*(7*A*a^2*e^4+9*A*a*c*d^2*e^2-4*
A*c^2*d^4+29*B*a^2*d*e^3+7*B*a*c*d^3*e)/a^2+1/12/c^2*e^2*(7*A*a*e^2+A*c*d^
2+20*B*a*d*e)/a+1/6/c^2*d*(8*A*a*c*d*e^2-4*A*c^2*d^3+9*B*a^2*e^3+7*B*a*c*d
^2*e)/a^2)*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x
-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e
+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+
d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(
1/2)))^(1/2))+2*(B*e^4/c^2+1/12*(8*A*a*c*d*e^2-4*A*c^2*d^3+9*B*a^2*e^3+7*
B*a*c*d^2*e)*e/a^2/c^2)*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2
)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)
^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*
(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-
d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)*Ellipt
icF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/
c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)))

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 752, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/18*((4*A*a^2*c^2*d^4 - 7*B*a^3*c*d^3*e - 11*A*a^3*c*d^2*e^2 + 63*B*a^4*
d*e^3 + 15*A*a^4*e^4 + (4*A*c^4*d^4 - 7*B*a*c^3*d^3*e - 11*A*a*c^3*d^2*e^2
+ 63*B*a^2*c^2*d*e^3 + 15*A*a^2*c^2*e^4)*x^4 - 2*(4*A*a*c^3*d^4 - 7*B*a^2
*c^2*d^3*e - 11*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 63*B*a^3*c*d*e^3 + 15*A*a^3*c*e^4)*x^2
)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d
^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 3*(4*A*a^2*c^2*d^3*e - 7*B*a
^3*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*A*a^3*c*d*e^3 - 21*B*a^4*e^4 + (4*A*c^4*d^3*e - 7*B*a*c^3
*d^2*e^2 - 8*A*a*c^3*d*e^3 - 21*B*a^2*c^2*e^4)*x^4 - 2*(4*A*a*c^3*d^3*e -
7*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 8*A*a^2*c^2*d*e^3 - 21*B*a^3*c*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(-c*e)*
weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(
c*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 -
9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) - 3*(2*B*a^2*c^2*d^3*e + 5*A*a^2*c
^2*d^2*e^2 - 14*B*a^3*c*d*e^3 - 5*A*a^3*c*e^4 - (4*A*c^4*d^3*e - 7*B*a*c^3
*d^2*e^2 - 8*A*a*c^3*d*e^3 - 9*B*a^2*c^2*e^4)*x^3 + (A*a*c^3*d^2*e^2 + 20*
B*a^2*c^2*d*e^3 + 7*A*a^2*c^2*e^4)*x^2 + (6*A*a*c^3*d^3*e - B*a^2*c^2*d^2*
e^2 - 2*A*a^2*c^2*d*e^3 - 7*B*a^3*c*e^4)*x)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)
)/(a^2*c^5*e*x^4 - 2*a^3*c^4*e*x^2 + a^4*c^3*e)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(7/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{7/2}}{(-cx^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{7/2}}{(-cx^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```

(21*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(
a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a -
c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)
)*c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a**5*b*d*e**5 + 3*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/
(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a -
c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - c*x**
2)*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a**5*c*d**2*e**4 -
42*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(
a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a -
c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)
)*c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a**4*b*c*d**3*e**3 - 42*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d +
e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sq
rt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a -
c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a**4*b*c*d*e
**5*x**2 - 6*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**
2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2
*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a
- c*x**2)*c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a**4*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 6*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int
(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x*
*2 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**...

```

3.284
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2417
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2418
Rubi [A] (verified)	2419
Maple [B] (verified)	2424
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2425
Sympy [F(-1)]	2425
Maxima [F]	2426
Giac [F]	2426
Mupad [F(-1)]	2426
Reduce [F]	2427

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 434

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a(Bd+ Ae) + (Acd + aBe)x)}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(Acd - 5aBe) + c(4Acd^2 - 5aBde - 3aAe^2)x)}{6a^2c^2\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{(4Acd^2 - 5aBde - 3aAe^2)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{6a^{3/2}c^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{(4Acd - 5aBe)(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{6a^{3/2}c^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{3}(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}*(a*(A*e+B*d)+(A*c*d+B*a*e)*x)/a/c/(-c*x^2+a)^{(3/2)}+1/6*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(a*e*(A*c*d-5*B*a*e)+c*(-3*A*a*e^2+4*A*c*d^2-5*B*a*d*e)*x)/a^2/c^2/(-c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}+1/6*(-3*A*a*e^2+4*A*c*d^2-5*B*a*d*e)*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(1-c*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2))*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(3/2)/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d))/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}-1/6*(4*A*c*d-5*B*a*e)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2))*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 25.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 606, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^2} \left(-\frac{(d+ex)(5a^3Be^2+4Ac^3d^2x^3+a^2c(Ae(-3d+ex)+B(-2d^2+dex-7e^2x^2)))-ac^2x(5Bde)}{a^2c^2(a-cx^2)^2} \right)}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a - c*x^2]*(-(((d + e*x)*(5*a^3*B*e^2 + 4*A*c^3*d^2*x^3 + a^2*c*(A*e*(-3*d + e*x) + B*(-2*d^2 + d*e*x - 7*e^2*x^2)) - a*c^2*x*(5*B*d*e*x^2 + A*(6*d^2 + d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2))))/(a^2*c^2*(a - c*x^2)^2)) + (e^2*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(4*A*c*d^2 - 5*a*B*d*e - 3*a*A*e^2)*(-a + c*x^2) - I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(4*A*c*d^2 - 5*a*B*d*e - 3*a*A*e^2)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x])*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)] + I*Sqrt[a]*e*(-(Sqrt[c]*d) + Sqrt[a]*e)*(4*A*c*d - 5*a*B*e + 3*Sqrt[a]*A*Sqrt[c]*e)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x])*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)))/(a^2*c^2*e*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-a + c*x^2)))/(6*Sqrt[d + e*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 444, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {684, 27, 685, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{684} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(4Ac d^2-ae(5Bd+3Ae)+e(Ac d-5aBe)x)}{2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3ac} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(4Ac d^2-ae(5Bd+3Ae)+e(Ac d-5aBe)x)}{(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{6ac} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{685} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx(4Ac d^2-ae(3Ae+5Bd))+ae(Ac d-5aBe))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{e(ae(Ac d-5aBe)+c(4Ac d^2-ae(5Bd+3Ae))x)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{ac} + \\
 & \quad \frac{6ac}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx(4Ac d^2-ae(3Ae+5Bd))+ae(Ac d-5aBe))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{e \int \frac{ae(Ac d-5aBe)+c(4Ac d^2-ae(5Bd+3Ae))x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{2ac} + \\
 & \quad \frac{6ac}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{600}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx(4Acd^2-ae(3Ae+5Bd))+ae(Acd-5aBe))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{e \left(\frac{c(4Acd^2-ae(3Ae+5Bd)) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(4Acd-5aBe) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right)}{2ac}$$

$$\frac{6ac}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} (d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))$$

↓ 509

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx(4Acd^2-ae(3Ae+5Bd))+ae(Acd-5aBe))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{e \left(\frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(4Acd^2-ae(3Ae+5Bd)) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(4Acd-5aBe) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right)}{2ac}$$

$$\frac{6ac}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} (d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))$$

↓ 508

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx(4Acd^2-ae(3Ae+5Bd))+ae(Acd-5aBe))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{e \left(\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(4Acd-5aBe) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(4Acd^2-ae(3Ae+5Bd)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} \right)}{2ac}$$

$$\frac{6ac}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} (d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx(4Acd^2-ae(3Ae+5Bd))+ae(Acd-5aBe))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{e \left(\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(4Acd-5aBe) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(4Acd^2-ae(3Ae+5Bd)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} \right)}{2ac}$$

$$\frac{6ac}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} (d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))$$

↓ 512

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx(4Acd^2-ae(3Ae+5Bd))+ae(Acd-5aBe))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{e \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)(4Acd-5aBe)}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(4Acd-5aBe)}{2ac} \right)}{6ac}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

511

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx(4Acd^2-ae(3Ae+5Bd))+ae(Acd-5aBe))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{e \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(4Acd-5aBe)}{\sqrt{ce\sqrt{a-cx^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\frac{e(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}}} \right)}{6ac}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

321

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx(4Acd^2-ae(3Ae+5Bd))+ae(Acd-5aBe))}{ac\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{e \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(4Acd-5aBe) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce\sqrt{a-cx^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\frac{e(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}}} \right)}{6ac}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a*(B*d + A*e) + (A*c*d + a*B*e)*x))/(3*a*c*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*e*(A*c*d - 5*a*B*e) + c*(4*A*c*d^2 - a*e*(5*B*d + 3*A*e))*x))/(a*c*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) - (e*((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*(4*A*c*d^2 - a*e*(5*B*d + 3*A*e))*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)))/(e*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(4*A*c*d - 5*a*B*e)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)))/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]))/(2*a*c))/(6*a*c)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 321

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 508

```
Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 509

```
Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 684 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2] && EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])`

rule 685 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*g - c*f*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(2*p + 3) - c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 844 vs. $2(364) = 728$.

Time = 6.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 845, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)(-cx^2+a)} \left(\frac{\left(\frac{Aae^2+Ac d^2+2Bade}{3c^3a} \right)x + \frac{2Acde+Ba e^2+Bc d^2}{3c^4}}{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{c}\right)^2} \sqrt{-ce x^3-cd x^2+ae x+ad} - \frac{2(-ce x-cd) \left(-\frac{(3Aae^2-4Ac d^2+5Bade)}{12c^2a^2} \sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{c}\right)(-ce x-cd)} \right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{c}\right)(-ce x-cd)}} \right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{c}\right)(-ce x-cd)}}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2))*((1/3*(A*a*e^2+A*c*d^2+2*B*a*d*e)/c^3/a*x+1/3*(2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+B*c*d^2)/c^4)*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)/(x^2-a/c)^2-2*(-c*e*x-c*d)*(-1/12*(3*A*a*e^2-4*A*c*d^2+5*B*a*d*e)/c^2/a^2*x-1/12*(A*c*d+7*B*a*e)*e/c^3/a)/((x^2-a/c)*(-c*e*x-c*d))^(1/2)+2*(B*e^3/c^2-1/6/c^2*(4*A*a*c*d*e^2-4*A*c^2*d^3+7*B*a^2*e^3+5*B*a*c*d^2*e)/a^2+1/12/c^2*e^2*(A*c*d+7*B*a*e)/a+1/6/c*d*(3*A*a*e^2-4*A*c*d^2+5*B*a*d*e)/a^2)*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2), ((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/6*(3*A*a*e^2-4*A*c*d^2+5*B*a*d*e)*e/a^2/c*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2), ((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2), ((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 616, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$(4Aa^2c^2d^3 - 5Ba^3cd^2e - 6Aa^3cde^2 + 15Ba^4e^3 + (4Ac^4d^3 - 5Bac^3d^2e - 6Aac^3de^2 + 15Ba^2c^2e^3)x^4 -$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/18*((4*A*a^2*c^2*d^3 - 5*B*a^3*c*d^2*e - 6*A*a^3*c*d*e^2 + 15*B*a^4*e^3
+ (4*A*c^4*d^3 - 5*B*a*c^3*d^2*e - 6*A*a*c^3*d*e^2 + 15*B*a^2*c^2*e^3)*x^
4 - 2*(4*A*a*c^3*d^3 - 5*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e - 6*A*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 + 15*B*a^3*c*
e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8
/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 3*(4*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e
- 5*B*a^3*c*d*e^2 - 3*A*a^3*c*e^3 + (4*A*c^4*d^2*e - 5*B*a*c^3*d*e^2 - 3*
A*a*c^3*e^3)*x^4 - 2*(4*A*a*c^3*d^2*e - 5*B*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 - 3*A*a^2*c^2*e^
3)*x^2)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c
*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^
2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) - 3*(2*B*a^2*c^
2*d^2*e + 3*A*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 - 5*B*a^3*c*e^3 - (4*A*c^4*d^2*e - 5*B*a*c^3*d
*e^2 - 3*A*a*c^3*e^3)*x^3 + (A*a*c^3*d*e^2 + 7*B*a^2*c^2*e^3)*x^2 + (6*A*a
*c^3*d^2*e - B*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 - A*a^2*c^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x
+ d))/(a^2*c^5*e*x^4 - 2*a^3*c^4*e*x^2 + a^4*c^3*e)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{5/2}}{(-cx^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{5/2}}{(-cx^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a**5*d*e**4 + 5*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a**4*b*d**2*e**3 - 7*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a**4*c*d**3*e**2 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a**4*c*d*e**4*x**2 - 5*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a**3*b*c*d**4*e - 10*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - c...
```

3.285
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2428
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2429
Rubi [A] (verified)	2430
Maple [B] (verified)	2435
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2436
Sympy [F(-1)]	2436
Maxima [F]	2437
Giac [F]	2437
Mupad [F(-1)]	2437
Reduce [F]	2438

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 403

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a(Bd+ Ae) + (Acd+ aBe)x)}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aAe - (4Acd - 3aBe)x)}{6a^2c\sqrt{a-cx^2}} + \frac{(4Acd - 3aBe)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{6a^{3/2}c^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{(4Acd^2 - 3aBde - aAe^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{6a^{3/2}c^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{3}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(a*(A*e+B*d)+(A*c*d+B*a*e)*x)/a/c/(-c*x^2+a)^{(3/2)}-1/6*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(a*A*e-(4*A*c*d-3*B*a*e)*x)/a^2/c/(-c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}+1/6*(4*A*c*d-3*B*a*e)*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(1-c*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^{(1/2)}*x/a^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)},2^{(1/2)}*(a^{(1/2)}*e/(c^{(1/2)}*d+a^{(1/2)}*e))^{(1/2)})/a^{(3/2)}/c^{(3/2)}/(c^{(1/2)}*(e*x+d)/(c^{(1/2)}*d+a^{(1/2)}*e))^{(1/2)}/(-c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}-1/6*(-A*a*e^2+4*A*c*d^2-3*B*a*d*e)*(c^{(1/2)}*(e*x+d)/(c^{(1/2)}*d+a^{(1/2)}*e))^{(1/2)}*(1-c*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^{(1/2)}*x/a^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)},2^{(1/2)}*(a^{(1/2)}*e/(c^{(1/2)}*d+a^{(1/2)}*e))^{(1/2)})/a^{(3/2)}/c^{(3/2)}/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/(-c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 528, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^2} \left(\frac{(d+ex)(-4Ac^2dx^3+a^2(2Bd+Ae-Bex)+acx(6Ad+Aex+3Bex^2))}{a^2c(a-cx^2)^2} + \frac{e^2(4Acd-3aBe)}{a^2c(a-cx^2)^2} \right)}{a^2c(a-cx^2)^2} + \frac{e^2(4Acd-3aBe)}{a^2c(a-cx^2)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a - c*x^2]*(((d + e*x)*(-4*A*c^2*d*x^3 + a^2*(2*B*d + A*e - B*e*x) + a*c*x*(6*A*d + A*e*x + 3*B*e*x^2)))/(a^2*c*(a - c*x^2)^2) + (e^2*(4*A*c*d - 3*a*B*e)*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-a + c*x^2) - I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(4*A*c*d - 3*a*B*e)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x])*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x]))*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)] - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e*(4*A*c*d - 3*a*B*e - Sqrt[a]*A*Sqrt[c]*e)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x])*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x]))*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)))/(a^2*c^2*e*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-a + c*x^2)))/(6*Sqrt[d + e*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 446, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {684, 27, 686, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 684 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{4Ac d^2-3aBed-aAe^2+3e(Ac d-aBe)x}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3ac} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4Ac d^2-3aBed-aAe^2+3e(Ac d-aBe)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{6ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 686 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{ce(cd^2-ae^2)(aAe+(4Ac d-3aBe)x)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{ac(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aAe(cd^2-ae^2)-x(cd^2-ae^2)(4Ac d-3aBe))}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{6ac}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{e \int \frac{aAe+(4Ac d-3aBe)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aAe(cd^2-ae^2)-x(cd^2-ae^2)(4Ac d-3aBe))}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{6ac}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 600
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{e \left(\frac{(4Acd-3aBe) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{(-aAe^2-3aBde+4Acd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aAe(cd^2-ae^2)-x(cd^2-ae^2)(4Acd-3aBe))}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}(cd^2-ae^2)} +$$

$$\frac{6ac}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} \sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))$$

↓ 509

$$\frac{e \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(4Acd-3aBe) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{(-aAe^2-3aBde+4Acd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aAe(cd^2-ae^2)-x(cd^2-ae^2)(4Acd-3aBe))}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}(cd^2-ae^2)} +$$

$$\frac{6ac}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} \sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))$$

↓ 508

$$\frac{e \left(\frac{(-aAe^2-3aBde+4Acd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(4Acd-3aBe) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e} d \sqrt{\frac{1-\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aAe(cd^2-ae^2))}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}(cd^2-ae^2)} +$$

$$\frac{6ac}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} \sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{e \left(\frac{(-aAe^2-3aBde+4Acd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(4Acd-3aBe) \left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e} \right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aAe(cd^2-ae^2))}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}(cd^2-ae^2)} +$$

$$\frac{6ac}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} \sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))$$

↓ 512

$$e \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(-aAe^2-3aBde+4Acd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(4Acd-3aBe)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{a}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aAe^2+3aBde+4Acd^2)}{2a}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} \quad 6ac$$

511

$$e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(-aAe^2-3aBde+4Acd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{1-\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(4Acd-3aBe)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{a}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aAe^2+3aBde+4Acd^2)}{2a}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} \quad 6ac$$

321

$$e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(-aAe^2-3aBde+4Acd^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{a}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(4Acd-3aBe)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{a}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aAe^2+3aBde+4Acd^2)}{2a}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(aBe+Ac d)+a(Ae+Bd))}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} \quad 6ac$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(a*(B*d + A*e) + (A*c*d + a*B*e)*x))/(3*a*c*(a - c*x^2)^{(3/2)} \\ & + (-((\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(a*A*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2) - (4*A*c*d - 3*a*B*e)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x))/ \\ & (a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^2])) - (e*((-2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*(4*A*c*d - 3*a*B*e)* \\ & \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - (\text{Sqrt}[c]*x)/ \\ & \text{Sqrt}[a]]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (2*e)/((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[a] + e)))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*e*\text{Sqrt} \\ & [(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)]*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^2]) + (2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*(4*A*c*d^2 - \\ & 3*a*B*d*e - a*A*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)]* \\ & \text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - (\text{Sqrt}[c]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a]]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], \\ & (2*e)/((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[a] + e)))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*e*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^2])) \\ &)/(2*a))/(6*a*c) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 321

$$\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$$

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 508

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 509

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 684 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^m)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2] && EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])`

rule 686 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^m)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 749 vs. 2(333) = 666.

Time = 6.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 750, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(-cx^2+a)} \left(\frac{\left(\frac{Acd+BAe}{3c^3a}x + \frac{Ae+Bd}{3c^3}\right)\sqrt{-cex^3-cdx^2+ax+ad}}{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{c}\right)^2} - \frac{2(-cex-cd)\left(\frac{4Acd-3BAe}{12a^2c^2}x - \frac{Ae}{12ac^2}\right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{c}\right)(-cex-cd)}} + \frac{2\left(-\frac{Aae^2-4Acd^2}{6ca^2}+\dots\right)}{\dots} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*((1/3*(A*c*d+B*a
*e)/c^3/a*x+1/3*(A*e+B*d)/c^3)*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)/(x^2-a/c
)^2-2*(-c*e*x-c*d)*(1/12*(4*A*c*d-3*B*a*e)/a^2/c^2*x-1/12*A*e/a/c^2)/((x^2
-a/c)*(-c*e*x-c*d)^(1/2)+2*(-1/6/c*(A*a*e^2-4*A*c*d^2+3*B*a*d*e)/a^2+1/12
/a/c*A*e^2-1/6/c*d*(4*A*c*d-3*B*a*e)/a^2)*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(
d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(
1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+
a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/
c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-1/6*(4*A*c*d-3*B*a*e)*e/a^2/
c*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c
)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c
)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))
*EllipticE(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-
d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*
(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))
))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 459, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$(4Aa^2cd^2 - 3Ba^3de - 3Aa^3e^2 + (4Ac^3d^2 - 3Bac^2de - 3Aac^2e^2)x^4 - 2(4Aac^2d^2 - 3Ba^2cde - 3Aa^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/18*((4*A*a^2*c*d^2 - 3*B*a^3*d*e - 3*A*a^3*e^2 + (4*A*c^3*d^2 - 3*B*a*c^2*d*e - 3*A*a*c^2*e^2)*x^4 - 2*(4*A*a*c^2*d^2 - 3*B*a^2*c*d*e - 3*A*a^2*c*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 3*(4*A*a^2*c*d*e - 3*B*a^3*e^2 + (4*A*c^3*d*e - 3*B*a*c^2*e^2)*x^4 - 2*(4*A*a*c^2*d*e - 3*B*a^2*c*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) - 3*(A*a*c^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*B*a^2*c*d*e + A*a^2*c*e^2 - (4*A*c^3*d*e - 3*B*a*c^2*e^2)*x^3 + (6*A*a*c^2*d*e - B*a^2*c*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(a^2*c^4*e*x^4 - 2*a^3*c^3*e*x^2 + a^4*c^2*e)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-cx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-cx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(3*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(a
- c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a -
c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)
*c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a**4*b*d*e**3 - 3*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(
sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a -
c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)
)*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a**4*c*d**2*e**2 -
3*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(a
- c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - c
*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*
c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a**3*b*c*d**3*e - 6*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/
(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a -
c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - c*x**
2)*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a**3*b*c*d*e**3*x
**2 + 3*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sq
rt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(
a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - c*x
**2)*c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a**3*c**2*d**4 + 6*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e
*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(
a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a ...
```

3.286
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2439
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2440
Rubi [A] (verified)	2441
Maple [B] (verified)	2446
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2447
Sympy [F]	2447
Maxima [F]	2448
Giac [F]	2448
Mupad [F(-1)]	2448
Reduce [F]	2449

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 438

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(aB+Acx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(Acd-aBe) - c(4Acd^2 - aBde - 3aAe^2)x)}{6a^2c(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{a-cx^2}} + \frac{(4Acd^2 - aBde - 3aAe^2)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{6a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}} - \frac{(4Acd - aBe)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{6a^{3/2}c^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

```
1/3*(A*c*x+B*a)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/a/c/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)-1/6*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*e*
(A*c*d-B*a*e)-c*(-3*A*a*e^2+4*A*c*d^2-B*a*d*e)*x)/a^2/c/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c
*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/6*(-3*A*a*e^2+4*A*c*d^2-B*a*d*e)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)
^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*
e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c^(1/2)*(e
*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/6*(4*A*c*d-B*a*e)*(c
^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/
2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2
)*e))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 25.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 587, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^2} \left(\frac{(d+ex)(2a(cd^2-ae^2)(aB+Acx)+(a-cx^2)(a^2Be^2+4Ac^2d^2x-ace(Bdx+A(d+3ex))))}{(a-cx^2)^2} + \dots \right)}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a - c*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a - c*x^2]*(((d + e*x)*(2*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*B + A*c*x) + (a - c*x
^2)*(a^2*B*e^2 + 4*A*c^2*d^2*x - a*c*e*(B*d*x + A*(d + 3*e*x)))))/(a - c*x
^2)^2 + (e^2*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(4*A*c*d^2 - a*B*d*e - 3*a*A*e
^2)*(a - c*x^2) + I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(4*A*c*d^2 - a*B*d*e -
3*a*A*e^2)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x])*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/
Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (
Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - S
qrt[a]*e)] + I*Sqrt[a]*e*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(4*A*c*d - a*B*e + 3*Sqrt
[a]*A*Sqrt[c]*e)*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x])*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a
]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-
d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*
d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/(e*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(a - c*x^2)))))/(6*a^2*c
*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 455, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {685, 27, 686, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{685} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB+Acx)}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{4Acd-aBe+3Acex}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3ac} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4Acd-aBe+3Acex}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{6ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB+Acx)}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{686} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{ce(ae(Acd-aBe)+c(4Acd^2-aBed-3aAe^2))x}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{ac(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(Acd-aBe)-cx(-3aAe^2-aBde+4Acd^2))}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{6ac}{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB+Acx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{e \int \frac{ae(Acd-aBe)+c(4Acd^2-aBed-3aAe^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(Acd-aBe)-cx(-3aAe^2-aBde+4Acd^2))}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{6ac}{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB+Acx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{600}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$e \left(\frac{c(-3aAe^2 - aBde + 4Acd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(4Acd - aBe) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(Act - aBe) - cx(-3aAe^2 - aBde + 4Acd^2))}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{6ac}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} \sqrt{d+ex}(aB + Act)$$

↓ 509

$$e \left(\frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(-3aAe^2 - aBde + 4Acd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(4Acd - aBe) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(Act - aBe) - cx(-3aAe^2 - aBde + 4Acd^2))}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{6ac}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} \sqrt{d+ex}(aB + Act)$$

↓ 508

$$e \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(4Acd - aBe) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(-3aAe^2 - aBde + 4Acd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}} - 1\right) + 1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}}}}{e} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(Act - aBe) - cx(-3aAe^2 - aBde + 4Acd^2))}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{6ac}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} \sqrt{d+ex}(aB + Act)$$

↓ 327

$$e \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(4Acd - aBe) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(-3aAe^2 - aBde + 4Acd^2) E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2e}{\sqrt{cd} + e} \right)}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}}}}{e} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(Act - aBe) - cx(-3aAe^2 - aBde + 4Acd^2))}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{6ac}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} \sqrt{d+ex}(aB + Act)$$

↓ 512

$$e \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)(4Acd-aBe) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(-3aAe^2-aBde+4Acd^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) + \frac{2e}{\sqrt{cd+a}}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right)$$

$2a(cd^2-ae^2)$

$6ac$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB+Acx)}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

511

$$e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(4Acd-aBe) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{1-\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} dx}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(-3aAe^2-aBde+4Acd^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) + \frac{2e}{\sqrt{cd+a}}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right)$$

$2a(cd^2-ae^2)$

$6ac$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB+Acx)}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

321

$$e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(4Acd-aBe) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{\sqrt{cd+a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(-3aAe^2-aBde+4Acd^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) + \frac{2e}{\sqrt{cd+a}}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right)$$

$2a(cd^2-ae^2)$

$6ac$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(aB+Acx)}{3ac(a-cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a - c*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
((a*B + A*c*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(3*a*c*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2)) + (-((Sqrt[d + e*x]
)*(a*e*(A*c*d - a*B*e) - c*(4*A*c*d^2 - a*B*d*e - 3*a*A*e^2)*x))/(a*(c*d^2
- a*e^2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])) - (e*((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*(4*A*c*d^2 - a*B*d*e
- 3*a*A*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 -
(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)]/(e*Sqrt[(
Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*
(4*A*c*d - a*B*e)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sq
rt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a
]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)]/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sq
rt[a - c*x^2])))/(2*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(6*a*c)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 321

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 508

```
Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q
= Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c
*q))])) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqr
t[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 509

```
Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sq
rt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)],
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 685 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*g - c*f*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(2*p + 3) - c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 686 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 835 vs. $2(368) = 736$.

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 836, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(-cx^2+a)} \left(\frac{\left(\frac{Ax}{3c^2a} + \frac{B}{3c^3}\right) \sqrt{-ce x^3 - cd x^2 + aex + ad}}{\left(x^2 - \frac{a}{c}\right)^2} - \frac{2(-cex - cd) \left(\frac{(3Aae^2 - 4Ac d^2 + Bade)x}{12c a^2 (ae^2 - cd^2)} + \frac{e(Acd - Bae)}{12c^2 a (ae^2 - cd^2)} \right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^2 - \frac{a}{c}\right)(-cex - cd)}} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{4Acd - 6c a^2}{\dots} \right)}{\dots} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*((1/3*A/c^2/a*x+
1/3*B/c^3)*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)/(x^2-a/c)^2-2*(-c*e*x-c*d)*
(1/12/c*(3*A*a*e^2-4*A*c*d^2+B*a*d*e)/a^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*x+1/12*e*(A*c*d-B*a
*e)/c^2/a/(a*e^2-c*d^2))/((x^2-a/c)*(-c*e*x-c*d)^(1/2)+2*(1/6/c*(4*A*c*d-
B*a*e)/a^2-1/12/c*e^2*(A*c*d-B*a*e)/a/(a*e^2-c*d^2)-1/6*d*(3*A*a*e^2-4*A*c
*d^2+B*a*d*e)/a^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2))*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(
a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+
1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d
)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(
1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-1/6*e*(3*A*a*e^2-4*A*c*d^2+B*a*d*e)/(
a*e^2-c*d^2)/a^2*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/
2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)
)/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1
/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c
*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x
+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)
^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 662, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$(4Aa^2c^2d^3 - Ba^3cd^2e - 6Aa^3cde^2 + 3Ba^4e^3 + (4Ac^4d^3 - Bac^3d^2e - 6Aac^3de^2 + 3Ba^2c^2e^3)x^4 - 2(4$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/18*((4*A*a^2*c^2*d^3 - B*a^3*c*d^2*e - 6*A*a^3*c*d*e^2 + 3*B*a^4*e^3 + (4*A*c^4*d^3 - B*a*c^3*d^2*e - 6*A*a*c^3*d*e^2 + 3*B*a^2*c^2*e^3)*x^4 - 2*(4*A*a*c^3*d^3 - B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e - 6*A*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 + 3*B*a^3*c*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 3*(4*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e - B*a^3*c*d*e^2 - 3*A*a^3*c*e^3 + (4*A*c^4*d^2*e - B*a*c^3*d*e^2 - 3*A*a*c^3*e^3)*x^4 - 2*(4*A*a*c^3*d^2*e - B*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 - 3*A*a^2*c^2*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) - 3*(2*B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e - A*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 - B*a^3*c*e^3 - (4*A*c^4*d^2*e - B*a*c^3*d*e^2 - 3*A*a*c^3*e^3)*x^3 + (A*a*c^3*d*e^2 - B*a^2*c^2*e^3)*x^2 + (6*A*a*c^3*d^2*e - B*a^2*c^2*d*e^2 - 5*A*a^2*c^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(a^4*c^3*d^2*e - a^5*c^2*e^3 + (a^2*c^5*d^2*e - a^3*c^4*e^3)*x^4 - 2*(a^3*c^4*d^2*e - a^4*c^3*e^3)*x^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*sqrt(d + e*x)/(a - c*x**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)\sqrt{ex + d}}{(-cx^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(-c*x^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)\sqrt{ex + d}}{(-cx^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(-c*x^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a - c*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a**4*d*e**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a**3*b*d**2*e + 6*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a**3*c*d**3 + 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a**3*c*d*e**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*e*x**2 - 12*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - c*x...
```

3.287 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2450
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2451
Rubi [A] (verified)	2452
Maple [B] (verified)	2457
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2458
Sympy [F]	2459
Maxima [F]	2460
Giac [F]	2460
Mupad [F(-1)]	2460
Reduce [F]	2461

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 519

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a(Bd-Ae) + (Acd-aBe)x)}{3a(cd^2-ae^2)(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(Acd^2+4aBde-5aAe^2) - (4Acd(cd^2-2ae^2) + aBe(cd^2+3ae^2))x)}{6a^2(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{a-cx^2}} + \frac{(4Acd(cd^2-2ae^2) + aBe(cd^2+3ae^2))\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{6a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{(4Acd^2+aBde-5aAe^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{6a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

```

1/3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*(-A*e+B*d)+(A*c*d-B*a*e)*x)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)-1/6*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*e*(-5*A*a*e^2+A*c*d^2+4*B*a*d*e)-(4*A*c*d*(-2*a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*B*e*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2))*x)/a^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/6*(4*A*c*d*(-2*a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*B*e*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2))*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/6*(-5*A*a*e^2+4*A*c*d^2+B*a*d*e)*(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 26.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 674, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^2} \left(\frac{(d+ex)(2a(cd^2 - ae^2)(-aAe + Acdx + aB(d-ex)) + (a-cx^2)(4Ac^2d^3x + a^2e^2(-4Bd + 5Ae))}{(a-cx^2)^2} \right)}{(a-cx^2)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a - c*x^2]*(((d + e*x)*(2*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(-(a*A*e) + A*c*d*x + a*
B*(d - e*x)) + (a - c*x^2)*(4*A*c^2*d^3*x + a^2*e^2*(-4*B*d + 5*A*e + 3*B*
e*x) + a*c*d*e*(B*d*x - A*(d + 8*e*x))))))/(a - c*x^2)^2 + (e^2*Sqrt[-d + (
Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(4*A*c*d*(c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2) + a*B*e*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))*
(a - c*x^2) + I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(4*A*c*d*(c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2)
+ a*B*e*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt
[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*Arc
Sinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e
)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)] + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(
a*B*e*(Sqrt[c]*d - 3*Sqrt[a]*e) + A*(4*c^(3/2)*d^2 + 3*Sqrt[a]*c*d*e - 5*a
*Sqrt[c]*e^2))*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*
e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d
+ (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d
- Sqrt[a]*e)]/(c*e*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(a - c*x^2)))/(6*a^2*(
c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 536, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {686, 27, 686, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 686 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))}{3a(a - cx^2)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{c(4Acd^2 + aBed - 5aAe^2 + 3e(Acd - aBe)x)}{2\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3ac(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4Acd^2 + aBed - 5aAe^2 + 3e(Acd - aBe)x}{\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{6a(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))}{3a(a - cx^2)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 686
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{ce(Acd^2+4aBed-5aAe^2)+(4Acd(cd^2-2ae^2)+aBe(cd^2+3ae^2))x}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(-5aAe^2+4aBde+Acd^2)-x(4Acd(cd^2-2ae^2)+aBe(3ae^2+cd^2)))}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}(cd^2-ae^2)}}{6a(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae))}{3a(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{e \int \frac{ae(Acd^2+4aBed-5aAe^2)+(4Acd(cd^2-2ae^2)+aBe(cd^2+3ae^2))x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(-5aAe^2+4aBde+Acd^2)-x(4Acd(cd^2-2ae^2)+aBe(3ae^2+cd^2)))}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}(cd^2-ae^2)}}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{6a(cd^2-ae^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae))}$$

$$\frac{3a(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}{3a(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 600

$$\frac{e \left(\frac{(4Acd(cd^2-2ae^2)+aBe(3ae^2+cd^2)) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(-5aAe^2+aBde+4Acd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right)}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(-5aAe^2+4aBde+Acd^2)-x(4Acd(cd^2-2ae^2)+aBe(3ae^2+cd^2)))}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}(cd^2-ae^2)}}$$

$$\frac{6a(cd^2-ae^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae))}$$

$$\frac{3a(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}{3a(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 509

$$\frac{e \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(4Acd(cd^2-2ae^2)+aBe(3ae^2+cd^2)) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(-5aAe^2+aBde+4Acd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \right)}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(-5aAe^2+4aBde+Acd^2)-x(4Acd(cd^2-2ae^2)+aBe(3ae^2+cd^2)))}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}(cd^2-ae^2)}}$$

$$\frac{6a(cd^2-ae^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae))}$$

$$\frac{3a(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}{3a(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 508

$$e \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(-5aAe^2 + aBde + 4Acd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(4Acd(cd^2-2ae^2) + aBe(3ae^2+cd^2)) \int \frac{1 - \frac{e(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))}{3a(a - cx^2)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{2a(cd^2 - ae^2)}{6a(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

327

$$e \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(-5aAe^2 + aBde + 4Acd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(4Acd(cd^2-2ae^2) + aBe(3ae^2+cd^2)) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) \frac{2e}{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))}{3a(a - cx^2)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{2a(cd^2 - ae^2)}{6a(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

512

$$e \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2 - ae^2)(-5aAe^2 + aBde + 4Acd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(4Acd(cd^2-2ae^2) + aBe(3ae^2+cd^2)) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae))}{3a(a - cx^2)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{2a(cd^2 - ae^2)}{6a(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

511

$$\begin{aligned}
 & e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}} \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(4Acd(cd^2-2ae^2)+aBd-5Ae^2)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2a(cd^2-ae^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Actd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae))} \\
 & \frac{3a(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}{3a(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{321} \\
 & e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right) \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(4Acd(cd^2-2ae^2)+aBd-5Ae^2)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2a(cd^2-ae^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(Actd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae))} \\
 & \frac{3a(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}{3a(a-cx^2)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*(B*d - A*e) + (A*c*d - a*B*e)*x))/(3*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2)) + (-((Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*e*(A*c*d^2 + 4*a*B*d*e - 5*a*A*e^2) - (4*A*c*d*(c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2) + a*B*e*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))*x))/(a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])) - (e*((-2*Sqrt[a]*(4*A*c*d*(c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2) + a*B*e*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)))/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(4*A*c*d^2 + a*B*d*e - 5*a*A*e^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)))/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])))/(2*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(6*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))
```


Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

```
rule 600 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp
[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
```

```
rule 686 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f +
a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[
1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Sim
p[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f
+ a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ
[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 970 vs. 2(449) = 898.
 Time = 8.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 971, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(-cx^2+a)} \left(\frac{\left(-\frac{(Acd-Bae)x}{3a(ae^2-cd^2)c^2} + \frac{Ae-Bd}{3(ae^2-cd^2)c^2} \right) \sqrt{-ce x^3 - cd x^2 + aex + ad}}{(x^2 - \frac{a}{c})^2} - \frac{2(-ce x - cd) \left(-\frac{(8Aacd e^2 - 4A c^2 d^3 - 3B e^3 a^2 - E}{12a^2(ae^2 - cd^2)^2 c} \right)}{\sqrt{(x^2 - \frac{a}{c})(-ce x^3 - cd x^2 + aex + ad)}} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*((-1/3*(A*c*d-B*
a*e)/a/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/c^2*x+1/3*(A*e-B*d)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/c^2)*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*
x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)/(x^2-a/c)^2-2*(-c*e*x-c*d)*(-1/12*(8*A*a*c*d*e^2-4*A*
c^2*d^3-3*B*a^2*e^3-B*a*c*d^2*e)/a^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/c*x+1/12*e*(5*A*a*e^2
-A*c*d^2-4*B*a*d*e)/a/c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2)/((x^2-a/c)*(-c*e*x-c*d))^(1/2)+2*
(1/6/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(5*A*a*e^2-4*A*c*d^2-B*a*d*e)/a^2-1/12*e^2*(5*A*a*e^2-A
*c*d^2-4*B*a*d*e)/a/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2+1/6*d*(8*A*a*c*d*e^2-4*A*c^2*d^3-3*B*a
^2*e^3-B*a*c*d^2*e)/a^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d
/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1
/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a
*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c
*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/6*e*(8*A*a*c*d*e^2-4*A*c^2*
d^3-3*B*a^2*e^3-B*a*c*d^2*e)/a^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x
+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1
/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c
*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/
c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2
))+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+
1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)))

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 828, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/18*((4*A*a^2*c^2*d^4 + B*a^3*c*d^3*e - 11*A*a^3*c*d^2*e^2 - 9*B*a^4*d*e^3 + 15*A*a^4*e^4 + (4*A*c^4*d^4 + B*a*c^3*d^3*e - 11*A*a*c^3*d^2*e^2 - 9*B*a^2*c^2*d*e^3 + 15*A*a^2*c^2*e^4)*x^4 - 2*(4*A*a*c^3*d^4 + B*a^2*c^2*d^3*e - 11*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 9*B*a^3*c*d*e^3 + 15*A*a^3*c*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 3*(4*A*a^2*c^2*d^3*e + B*a^3*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*A*a^3*c*d*e^3 + 3*B*a^4*e^4 + (4*A*c^4*d^3*e + B*a*c^3*d^2*e^2 - 8*A*a*c^3*d*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c^2*e^4)*x^4 - 2*(4*A*a*c^3*d^3*e + B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 8*A*a^2*c^2*d*e^3 + 3*B*a^3*c*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e)) - 3*(2*B*a^2*c^2*d^3*e - 3*A*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 6*B*a^3*c*d*e^3 + 7*A*a^3*c*e^4 - (4*A*c^4*d^3*e + B*a*c^3*d^2*e^2 - 8*A*a*c^3*d*e^3 + 3*B*a^2*c^2*e^4)*x^3 + (A*a*c^3*d^2*e^2 + 4*B*a^2*c^2*d*e^3 - 5*A*a^2*c^2*e^4)*x^2 + (6*A*a*c^3*d^3*e - B*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 10*A*a^2*c^2*d*e^3 + 5*B*a^3*c*e^4)*x)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a^4*c^3*d^4*e - 2*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^6*c*e^5 + (a^2*c^5*d^4*e - 2*a^3*c^4*d^2*e^3 + a^4*c^3*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^6*c*e^5)*x^4 - 2*(a^3*c^4*d^4*e - 2*a^4*c^3*d^2*e^3 + a^5*c^2*e^5)*x^2)
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)/((a - c*x**2)**(5/2)*sqrt(d + e*x)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(-cx^2 + a)^{5/2} \sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((-c*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(-cx^2 + a)^{5/2} \sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((-c*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((a - c*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/((a - c*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{d + ex} (a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex + d}}{\sqrt{-cx^2 + a} a^2 d^2 - \sqrt{-cx^2 + a} a^2 e^2 x^2 - 2\sqrt{-cx^2 + a} a c d^2 x^2 + 2\sqrt{-cx^2 + a} a c e^2 x^4 + \sqrt{-cx^2 + a} a^3 d^2} dx \right) b$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{-cx^2 + a} x}{-c^3 e x^7 - c^3 d x^6 + 3a c^2 e x^5 + 3a c^2 d x^4 - 3a^2 c e x^3 - 3a^2 c d x^2 + a^3 e x + a^3 d} dx \right) b$$

$$- \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex + d} x}{\sqrt{-cx^2 + a} a^2 d^2 - \sqrt{-cx^2 + a} a^2 e^2 x^2 - 2\sqrt{-cx^2 + a} a c d^2 x^2 + 2\sqrt{-cx^2 + a} a c e^2 x^4 + \sqrt{-cx^2 + a} a^3 d^2} dx \right) b$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2
*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**
4 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*
a*d + int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*x)/(a**3*d + a**3*e*x - 3*a**2*c
*d*x**2 - 3*a**2*c*e*x**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x**4 + 3*a*c**2*e*x**5 - c**3*d*x**
6 - c**3*e*x**7),x)*b - int((sqrt(d + e*x)*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2
- sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*s
qrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a -
c*x**2)*c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a*e
```

3.288
$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2462
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2463
Rubi [A] (verified)	2464
Maple [B] (verified)	2470
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2471
Sympy [F(-1)]	2472
Maxima [F]	2473
Giac [F]	2473
Mupad [F(-1)]	2473
Reduce [F]	2474

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 645

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(Bd-Ae)}{(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a(7Bcd^2-8Acde+aBe^2)+c(Acd^2-8aBde+7aAe^2)x)}{3a(cd^2-ae^2)^2(a-cx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(Acd(cd^2-33ae^2)+aBe(27cd^2+5ae^2))-c(aBde(3cd^2+29ae^2)+A(4c^2d^4-15acd^2e^2-6a^2(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{a-cx^2}))}{6a^2(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{a-cx^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(aBde(3cd^2+29ae^2)+A(4c^2d^4-15acd^2e^2-21a^2e^4))\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{6a^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} + \frac{(4Acd(cd^2-3ae^2)+aBe(3cd^2+5ae^2))\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{6a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}$$

output

```
(2*A*e-2*B*d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*(-8*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)+c*(7*A*a*e^2+A*c*d^2-8*B*a*d*e)*x)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(-c*x^2+a)^(3/2)-1/6*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*e*(A*c*d*(-33*a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*B*e*(5*a*e^2+27*c*d^2))-c*(a*B*d*e*(29*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)+A*(-21*a^2*e^4-15*a*c*d^2*e^2+4*c^2*d^4))*x)/a^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/6*c^(1/2)*(a*B*d*e*(29*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)+A*(-21*a^2*e^4-15*a*c*d^2*e^2+4*c^2*d^4))*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/6*(4*A*c*d*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*B*e*(5*a*e^2+3*c*d^2))*(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2)*(1-c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 27.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 789, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^2}}{\dots} \left(12a^2e^4(-Bd + Ae) + e(aBde(3cd^2 + 29ae^2) + A(4c^2d^4 - 15a \dots) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```


output

```
(Sqrt[a - c*x^2]*(12*a^2*e^4*(-(B*d) + A*e) + e*(a*B*d*e*(3*c*d^2 + 29*a*e^2) + A*(4*c^2*d^4 - 15*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 21*a^2*e^4)) - (2*a*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*(a^2*B*e^2 + A*c^2*d^2*x + a*c*(B*d*(d - 2*e*x) + A*e*(-2*d + e*x)))))/(a - c*x^2)^2 - ((d + e*x)*(-5*a^3*B*e^4 + 4*A*c^3*d^4*x + a*c^2*d^2*e*(3*B*d*x - A*(d + 15*e*x)) + a^2*c*e^2*(3*A*e*(7*d - 3*e*x) + B*d*(-15*d + 17*e*x))))/(-a + c*x^2) - (I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(a*B*d*e*(3*c*d^2 + 29*a*e^2) + A*(4*c^2*d^4 - 15*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 21*a^2*e^4))*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/(e*Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-a + c*x^2)) - (I*Sqrt[a]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(a*B*e*(3*c*d^2 - 24*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + 5*a*e^2) + A*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)*d^2*e - 12*a*c*d*e^2 + 21*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c]*e^3))*Sqrt[(e*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[c] + x))/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] - e*x)/(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/(Sqrt[-d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]]*(-a + c*x^2)))/(6*a^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*Sqrt[d + e*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 666, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.481$, Rules used = {686, 27, 686, 27, 688, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2} (d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 686$$

$$\frac{x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae)}{3a(a - cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d + ex} (cd^2 - ae^2)} - \int \frac{c(4Acd^2 + 3aBed - 7aAe^2 + 5e(Acd - aBe)x)}{2(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3ac(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{4Acd^2 + 3aBed - 7aAe^2 + 5e(Acd - aBe)x}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{6a(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae)}{3a(a - cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d + ex} (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 686

$$\frac{x(4Acd(cd^2-3ae^2)+aBe(5ae^2+3cd^2))+ae(7aAe^2-8aBde+Ac d^2)}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{ce(3ae(Acd^2-8aBed+7aAe^2)+(4Acd(cd^2-3ae^2)+aBe(3cd^2+5ae^2)))x}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-cx^2}}}{ac(cd^2-ae^2)} dx}{\frac{6a(cd^2-ae^2)}{3a(a-cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \frac{x(Acd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae)}{}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{e \int \frac{3ae(Acd^2-8aBed+7aAe^2)+(4Acd(cd^2-3ae^2)+aBe(3cd^2+5ae^2))x}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{x(4Acd(cd^2-3ae^2)+aBe(5ae^2+3cd^2))+ae(7aAe^2-8aBde+Ac d^2)}{a\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)}}{\frac{6a(cd^2-ae^2)}{3a(a-cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \frac{x(Acd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae)}{}}$$

↓ 688

$$\frac{e \left(\int -\frac{ae(Acd(cd^2-33ae^2)+aBe(27cd^2+5ae^2))+c(aBde(3cd^2+29ae^2)+A(4c^2d^4-15ace^2d^2-21a^2e^4))x}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(A(-21a^2e^4-15acd^2e^2+4c^2d^4))}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)}}{\frac{6a(cd^2-ae^2)}{3a(a-cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \frac{x(Acd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae)}{}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{e \left(\int \frac{ae(Acd(cd^2-33ae^2)+aBe(27cd^2+5ae^2))+c(aBde(3cd^2+29ae^2)+A(4c^2d^4-15ace^2d^2-21a^2e^4))x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-cx^2}(A(-21a^2e^4-15acd^2e^2+4c^2d^4))}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)}}{\frac{6a(cd^2-ae^2)}{3a(a-cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \frac{x(Acd-aBe)+a(Bd-Ae)}{}}$$

↓ 600

$$e \left(\frac{c(A(-21a^2e^4 - 15acd^2e^2 + 4c^2d^4) + aBde(29ae^2 + 3cd^2)) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(4Acd(cd^2 - 3ae^2) + aBe(5ae^2 + 3cd^2)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - 2\sqrt{d+ex} \right)$$

$$2a(cd^2 - ae^2)$$

$$\frac{x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae)}{3a(a - cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex} (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

6a(cd² - ae²)

↓ 509

$$e \left(\frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(A(-21a^2e^4 - 15acd^2e^2 + 4c^2d^4) + aBde(29ae^2 + 3cd^2)) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(4Acd(cd^2 - 3ae^2) + aBe(5ae^2 + 3cd^2)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - 2\sqrt{d+ex} \right)$$

$$2a(cd^2 - ae^2)$$

$$\frac{x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae)}{3a(a - cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex} (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

6a(cd² - ae²)

↓ 508

$$e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(A(-21a^2e^4 - 15acd^2e^2 + 4c^2d^4) + aBde(29ae^2 + 3cd^2)) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(4Acd(cd^2 - 3ae^2) + aBe(5ae^2 + 3cd^2)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} - 2\sqrt{d+ex} \right)$$

$$2a(cd^2 - ae^2)$$

$$\frac{x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae)}{3a(a - cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex} (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 327

$$e \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(4Acd(cd^2 - 3ae^2) + aBe(5ae^2 + 3cd^2)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a-cx^2}} dx}{e} \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(A(-21a^2e^4 - 15acd^2e^2 + 4c^2d^4) + aBde(29ae^2 + 3cd^2))}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} \right)$$

$$2a(cd^2 - ae^2)$$

$$\frac{x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae)}{3a(a - cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 512

$$e \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2 - ae^2)(4Acd(cd^2 - 3ae^2) + aBe(5ae^2 + 3cd^2)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}} \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(A(-21a^2e^4 - 15acd^2e^2 + 4c^2d^4) + aBde(29ae^2 + 3cd^2))}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} \right)$$

$$2a(cd^2 - ae^2)$$

$$\frac{x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae)}{3a(a - cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 511

$$e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}(4Acd(cd^2 - 3ae^2) + aBe(5ae^2 + 3cd^2)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ce\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}}}{\sqrt{ce\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}} \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{e\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae+\sqrt{cd}}}}} \right)$$

$$2a(cd^2 - ae^2)$$

$$\frac{x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae)}{3a(a - cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 321

$$e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}(4Acd(cd^2-3ae^2)+aBe(5ae^2+3cd^2))\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a-cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}\sqrt{d+ex}(A(-21\sqrt{c}d^2-ae^2))}{cd^2-ae^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{x(Acd - aBe) + a(Bd - Ae)}{3a(a - cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(a*(B*d - A*e) + (A*c*d - a*B*e)*x)/(3*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((a*e*(A*c*d^2 - 8*a*B*d*e + 7*a*A*e^2) + (4*A*c*d*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) + a*B*e*(3*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2))*x)/(a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) + (e*((-2*(a*B*d*e*(3*c*d^2 + 29*a*e^2) + A*(4*c^2*d^4 - 15*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 21*a^2*e^4))*Sqrt[a - c*x^2])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - ((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*(a*B*d*e*(3*c*d^2 + 29*a*e^2) + A*(4*c^2*d^4 - 15*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 21*a^2*e^4))*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)))/(e*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(4*A*c*d*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) + a*B*e*(3*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2))*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)))/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a - c*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(2*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(6*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 686 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 688 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1194 vs. $2(571) = 1142$.

Time = 10.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1195
default	Expression too large to display	5787

input `int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

((e*x+d)*(-c*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*((1/3*(A*a*e^2+A
*c*d^2-2*B*a*d*e)/c/a/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*x-1/3*(2*A*c*d*e-B*a*e^2-B*c*d^2)/(a
*e^2-c*d^2)^2/c^2)*(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)/(x^2-a/c)^2-2*(-c*e*
x-c*d)*(1/12*(9*A*a^2*e^4+15*A*a*c*d^2*e^2-4*A*c^2*d^4-17*B*a^2*d*e^3-3*B*
a*c*d^3*e)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/a^2*x-1/12*e*(21*A*a*c*d*e^2-A*c^2*d^3-5*B*a^2*
e^3-15*B*a*c*d^2*e)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/a/c)/((x^2-a/c)*(-c*e*x-c*d))^(1/2)-2*
(-c*e*x^2+a*e)*e^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*(A*e-B*d)/((x+d/e)*(-c*e*x^2+a*e))^(1/2
)+2*(-1/6/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*(12*A*a*c*d*e^2-4*A*c^2*d^3-5*B*a^2*e^3-3*B*a*c*
d^2*e)/a^2+1/12*e^2*(21*A*a*c*d*e^2-A*c^2*d^3-5*B*a^2*e^3-15*B*a*c*d^2*e)/
(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/a-1/6*c*d*(9*A*a^2*e^4+15*A*a*c*d^2*e^2-4*A*c^2*d^4-17*B*a
^2*d*e^3-3*B*a*c*d^3*e)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/a^2-e^3*c*d*(A*e-B*d)/(a*e^2-c*d^2
)^3*(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(
a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(
a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(
d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))
)^(1/2))+2*(-1/12*c*e*(9*A*a^2*e^4+15*A*a*c*d^2*e^2-4*A*c^2*d^4-17*B*a^2*d
*e^3-3*B*a*c*d^3*e)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/a^2-c*e^4*(A*e-B*d)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*(
d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/c*(a*c)^(
1/2))/(-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))/(-d/e+1/c*(a*c)^(
1/2)))^(1/2)/(-c*e*x^3-c*d*x^2+a*e*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/c*(a*c)^(1/2))...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1814 vs. $2(571) = 1142$.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1814, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```

-1/18*((4*A*a^2*c^3*d^6 + 3*B*a^3*c^2*d^5*e - 18*A*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 52*B*
a^4*c*d^3*e^3 + 78*A*a^4*c*d^2*e^4 - 15*B*a^5*d*e^5 + (4*A*c^5*d^5*e + 3*B
*a*c^4*d^4*e^2 - 18*A*a*c^4*d^3*e^3 - 52*B*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^4 + 78*A*a^2*c^3*
d*e^5 - 15*B*a^3*c^2*e^6))*x^5 + (4*A*c^5*d^6 + 3*B*a*c^4*d^5*e - 18*A*a*c^
4*d^4*e^2 - 52*B*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 78*A*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^4 - 15*B*a^3*c^2*d*e
^5)*x^4 - 2*(4*A*a*c^4*d^5*e + 3*B*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 18*A*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3
- 52*B*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4 + 78*A*a^3*c^2*d*e^5 - 15*B*a^4*c*e^6)*x^3 - 2*(4*A
*a*c^4*d^6 + 3*B*a^2*c^3*d^5*e - 18*A*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 52*B*a^3*c^2*d^3*e
^3 + 78*A*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 15*B*a^4*c*d*e^5)*x^2 + (4*A*a^2*c^3*d^5*e + 3
*B*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 18*A*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 52*B*a^4*c*d^2*e^4 + 78*A*a^4*
c*d*e^5 - 15*B*a^5*e^6)*x)*sqrt(-c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*d^2 + 3*a
*e^2)/(c*e^2), -8/27*(c*d^3 - 9*a*d*e^2)/(c*e^3), 1/3*(3*e*x + d)/e) + 3*(
4*A*a^2*c^3*d^5*e + 3*B*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 15*A*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 29*B*a^4*
c*d^2*e^4 - 21*A*a^4*c*d*e^5 + (4*A*c^5*d^4*e^2 + 3*B*a*c^4*d^3*e^3 - 15*A
*a*c^4*d^2*e^4 + 29*B*a^2*c^3*d*e^5 - 21*A*a^2*c^3*e^6))*x^5 + (4*A*c^5*d^5
*e + 3*B*a*c^4*d^4*e^2 - 15*A*a*c^4*d^3*e^3 + 29*B*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^4 - 21*A*
a^2*c^3*d*e^5)*x^4 - 2*(4*A*a*c^4*d^4*e^2 + 3*B*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3 - 15*A*a^2
*c^3*d^2*e^4 + 29*B*a^3*c^2*d*e^5 - 21*A*a^3*c^2*e^6))*x^3 - 2*(4*A*a*c^4*d
^5*e + 3*B*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 15*A*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 29*B*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4 -
21*A*a^3*c^2*d*e^5)*x^2 + (4*A*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*B*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3 - ...

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(-cx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} (ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((-c*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(-cx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} (ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((-c*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(a - cx^2)^{5/2} (d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((a - c*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/((a - c*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a - cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(8*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**4 - 2*sqrt
(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**4*x**4 - 2*sq
rt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**4*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 - 2*sq
rt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**4*x**6 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(a
- c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**6 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*e**4*x**8),x)*a**2*b
*d**4*e + 8*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**4
- 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**4*x**
4 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**4*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*e**2*x*
*4 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**4*x**6 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**4*x**4 -
2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**6 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*e**4*x**8),
x)*a**2*b*d**3*e**2*x - 8*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(a - c*x
**2)*a**2*d**4 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)
*a**2*e**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**4*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*
c*d**2*e**2*x**4 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**4*x**6 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**
2*d**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**6 + sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c*
**2*e**4*x**8),x)*a*b*c*d**4*e*x**2 - 8*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*int(sqrt(d + e*x)/
(sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**4 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + sqr
t(a - c*x**2)*a**2*e**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*d**4*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a
- c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*a*c*e**4*x**6 + sqrt(a
- c*x**2)*c**2*d**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(a - c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**6 + sqr...
```

3.289 $\int \frac{2+dx}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2475
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2475
Rubi [A] (verified)	2476
Maple [B] (verified)	2478
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2479
Sympy [F]	2479
Maxima [F]	2480
Giac [F]	2480
Mupad [F(-1)]	2480
Reduce [F]	2481

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{2+dx}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{4\sqrt{de+2f}\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{de+2f}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{2-dx}}{\sqrt{de+2f}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{4}\left(2+\frac{de}{f}\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e+fx}}$$

output `-4*(d*e+2*f)^(1/2)*(d*(f*x+e)/(d*e+2*f))^(1/2)*EllipticE(f^(1/2)*(-d*x+2)^(1/2)/(d*e+2*f)^(1/2),1/2*(2+d*e/f)^(1/2))/d/f^(1/2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.16

$$\int \frac{2+dx}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2\left(f^2\sqrt{-e-\frac{2f}{d}(4-d^2x^2)}+id(de+2f)\sqrt{\frac{f(-2+dx)}{d(e+fx)}}\sqrt{\frac{f(2+dx)}{d(e+fx)}}(e+fx)^{3/2}E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e-\frac{2f}{d}}}{\sqrt{e+fx}}\right)\middle|\frac{de-2f}{de+2f}\right)\right)}{df^2\sqrt{-e-\frac{2f}{d}}\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(2 + d*x)/(Sqrt[e + f*x]*Sqrt[4 - d^2*x^2]),x]`

output

```
(-2*(f^2*Sqrt[-e - (2*f)/d]*(4 - d^2*x^2) + I*d*(d*e + 2*f)*Sqrt[(f*(-2 +
d*x))/(d*(e + f*x))]*Sqrt[(f*(2 + d*x))/(d*(e + f*x))]*(e + f*x)^(3/2)*Ell
ipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-e - (2*f)/d]/Sqrt[e + f*x]], (d*e - 2*f)/(d*e + 2*f
)] - (4*I)*d*f*Sqrt[(f*(-2 + d*x))/(d*(e + f*x))]*Sqrt[(f*(2 + d*x))/(d*(e
+ f*x))]*(e + f*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-e - (2*f)/d]/Sqrt[e +
f*x]], (d*e - 2*f)/(d*e + 2*f)))/(d*f^2*Sqrt[-e - (2*f)/d]*Sqrt[e + f*x]*
Sqrt[4 - d^2*x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$, Rules used = {600, 508, 327, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{dx + 2}{\sqrt{4 - d^2 x^2} \sqrt{e + fx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{600} \\
 & \frac{d \int \frac{\sqrt{e+fx}}{\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}} dx}{f} - \frac{(de - 2f) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}} dx}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{508} \\
 & \frac{(de - 2f) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}} dx}{f} - \frac{2\sqrt{e+fx} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{f(2-dx)}{de+2f}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}(dx-2)+1}} d(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-dx})}{f \sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{de+2f}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
 & \frac{(de - 2f) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}} dx}{f} - \frac{2\sqrt{e+fx} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-dx}\right) \middle| \frac{4f}{de+2f}\right)}{f \sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{de+2f}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{511}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2(de - 2f)\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{de+2f}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{f(2-dx)}{de+2f}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}(dx-2)+1}} d\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-dx}\right)}{df\sqrt{e+fx}} -$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{e+fx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-dx}\right)\middle|\frac{4f}{de+2f}\right)}{f\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{de+2f}}}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2(de - 2f)\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{de+2f}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-dx}\right), \frac{4f}{de+2f}\right)}{df\sqrt{e+fx}} -$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{e+fx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-dx}\right)\middle|\frac{4f}{de+2f}\right)}{f\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{de+2f}}}$$

input `Int[(2 + d*x)/(Sqrt[e + f*x]*Sqrt[4 - d^2*x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[e + f*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[2 - d*x]/2], (4*f)/(d*e + 2*f)])/(f*Sqrt[(d*(e + f*x))/(d*e + 2*f)]) + (2*(d*e - 2*f)*Sqrt[(d*(e + f*x))/(d*e + 2*f)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[2 - d*x]/2], (4*f)/(d*e + 2*f)])/(d*f*Sqrt[e + f*x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

```
rule 508 Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q
= Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c
*q))])) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqr
t[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 511 Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Wit
h[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt
[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x]
, x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[
a, 0]
```

```
rule 600 Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp
[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 160 vs. 2(76) = 152.
 Time = 2.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

method	result
default	$\frac{2(d^2e^2 - 4f^2) \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{d(fx+e)}{de+2f}}, \sqrt{\frac{de+2f}{de-2f}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{f(dx-2)}{de+2f}} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+2)f}{de-2f}} \sqrt{\frac{d(fx+e)}{de+2f}} \sqrt{fx+e} \sqrt{-d^2x^2+4}}{f^2d(d^2fx^3+d^2ex^2-4fx-4e)}$
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-(fx+e)(d^2x^2-4)}}{\sqrt{-d^2fx^3-d^2ex^2+4fx+4e}} \left(\frac{4\left(\frac{e}{f} + \frac{2}{d}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{e}{f}}{\frac{e}{f}+\frac{2}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{2}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}+\frac{2}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{2}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}-\frac{2}{d}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{e}{f}}{\frac{e}{f}+\frac{2}{d}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{e}{f}-\frac{2}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}+\frac{2}{d}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d^2fx^3-d^2ex^2+4fx+4e}} + \frac{2d\left(\frac{e}{f} + \frac{2}{d}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{e}{f}}{\frac{e}{f}+\frac{2}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{2}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}+\frac{2}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{2}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}-\frac{2}{d}}}}{\sqrt{fx+e} \sqrt{-d^2x^2+4}} \right)$

```
input int((d*x+2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^2+4)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*(d^2*e^2-4*f^2)*EllipticE((d*(f*x+e)/(d*e+2*f))^(1/2),((d*e+2*f)/(d*e-2*f))^(1/2))*(-f*(d*x-2)/(d*e+2*f))^(1/2)*(-(d*x+2)*f/(d*e-2*f))^(1/2)*(d*(f*x+e)/(d*e+2*f))^(1/2)*(f*x+e)^(1/2)*(-d^2*x^2+4)^(1/2)/f^2/d/(d^2*f*x^3+d^2*e*x^2-4*f*x-4*e)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 191 vs. $2(76) = 152$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{2 + dx}{\sqrt{e + fx}\sqrt{4 - d^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(3 \sqrt{-d^2 f} df \operatorname{weierstrassZeta} \left(\frac{4(d^2 e^2 + 12 f^2)}{3 d^2 f^2}, -\frac{8(d^2 e^3 - 36 e f^2)}{27 d^2 f^3} \right), \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(d^2 e^2 + 12 f^2)}{3 d^2 f^2}, -\frac{8(d^2 e^3 - 36 e f^2)}{27 d^2 f^3} \right) \right)}{3 d^2 f^2}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^2+4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/3*(3*sqrt(-d^2*f)*d*f*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(d^2*e^2 + 12*f^2)/(d^2*f^2), -8/27*(d^2*e^3 - 36*e*f^2)/(d^2*f^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(d^2*e^2 + 12*f^2)/(d^2*f^2), -8/27*(d^2*e^3 - 36*e*f^2)/(d^2*f^3), 1/3*(3*f*x + e)/f)) + sqrt(-d^2*f)*(d*e - 6*f)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(d^2*e^2 + 12*f^2)/(d^2*f^2), -8/27*(d^2*e^3 - 36*e*f^2)/(d^2*f^3), 1/3*(3*f*x + e)/f))/(d^2*f^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{2 + dx}{\sqrt{e + fx}\sqrt{4 - d^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{dx + 2}{\sqrt{-(dx - 2)(dx + 2)}\sqrt{e + fx}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+2)/(f*x+e)**(1/2)/(-d**2*x**2+4)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((d*x + 2)/(sqrt(-(d*x - 2)*(d*x + 2))*sqrt(e + f*x)), x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{2 + dx}{\sqrt{e + fx}\sqrt{4 - d^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{dx + 2}{\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 4}\sqrt{fx + e}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^2+4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + 2)/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 4)*sqrt(f*x + e)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{2 + dx}{\sqrt{e + fx}\sqrt{4 - d^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{dx + 2}{\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 4}\sqrt{fx + e}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^2+4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + 2)/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 4)*sqrt(f*x + e)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{2 + dx}{\sqrt{e + fx}\sqrt{4 - d^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{dx + 2}{\sqrt{e + fx}\sqrt{4 - d^2x^2}} dx$$

input `int((d*x + 2)/((e + f*x)^(1/2)*(4 - d^2*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((d*x + 2)/((e + f*x)^(1/2)*(4 - d^2*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{2 + dx}{\sqrt{e + fx}\sqrt{4 - d^2x^2}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{fx + e}\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 4}}{dfx^2 + dex - 2fx - 2e} dx \right)$$

input `int((d*x+2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^2+4)^(1/2),x)`

output `- int((sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(- d**2*x**2 + 4))/(d*e*x + d*f*x**2 - 2*e - 2*f*x),x)`

3.290 $\int \frac{\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}}{(2-dx)\sqrt{e+fx}} dx$

Optimal result	2482
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2482
Rubi [A] (verified)	2483
Maple [B] (verified)	2485
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2486
Sympy [F]	2487
Maxima [F]	2487
Giac [F(-2)]	2488
Mupad [F(-1)]	2488
Reduce [F]	2488

Optimal result

Integrand size = 32, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}}{(2-dx)\sqrt{e+fx}} dx = -\frac{4\sqrt{de+2f}\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{de+2f}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{2-dx}}{\sqrt{de+2f}}\right)\left|\frac{1}{4}\left(2+\frac{de}{f}\right)\right.\right)}{d\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e+fx}}$$

output -4*(d*e+2*f)^(1/2)*(d*(f*x+e)/(d*e+2*f))^(1/2)*EllipticE(f^(1/2)*(-d*x+2)^(1/2)/(d*e+2*f)^(1/2),1/2*(2+d*e/f)^(1/2))/d/f^(1/2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2)

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.15

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}}{(2-dx)\sqrt{e+fx}} dx = \frac{2\left(f^2\sqrt{-e-\frac{2f}{d}(-4+d^2x^2)}-id(de+2f)\sqrt{\frac{f(-2+dx)}{d(e+fx)}}\sqrt{\frac{f(2+dx)}{d(e+fx)}}(e+fx)^{3/2}E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e-\frac{2f}{d}}}{\sqrt{e+fx}}\right)\left|\frac{de-2f}{de+2f}\right.\right)}{df^2\sqrt{-e-\frac{2f}{d}}\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}}$$

input Integrate[Sqrt[4 - d^2*x^2]/((2 - d*x)*Sqrt[e + f*x]),x]

output

```
(2*(f^2*Sqrt[-e - (2*f)/d]*(-4 + d^2*x^2) - I*d*(d*e + 2*f)*Sqrt[(f*(-2 + d*x))/(d*(e + f*x))]*Sqrt[(f*(2 + d*x))/(d*(e + f*x))])*(e + f*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-e - (2*f)/d]/Sqrt[e + f*x]], (d*e - 2*f)/(d*e + 2*f)] + (4*I)*d*f*Sqrt[(f*(-2 + d*x))/(d*(e + f*x))]*Sqrt[(f*(2 + d*x))/(d*(e + f*x))]*(e + f*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-e - (2*f)/d]/Sqrt[e + f*x]], (d*e - 2*f)/(d*e + 2*f)]))/(d*f^2*Sqrt[-e - (2*f)/d]*Sqrt[e + f*x]*Sqrt[4 - d^2*x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {667, 600, 508, 327, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{4 - d^2 x^2}}{(2 - dx)\sqrt{e + fx}} dx$$

↓ 667

$$\int \frac{dx + 2}{\sqrt{4 - d^2 x^2}\sqrt{e + fx}} dx$$

↓ 600

$$\frac{d \int \frac{\sqrt{e+fx}}{\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}} dx}{f} - \frac{(de - 2f) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}} dx}{f}$$

↓ 508

$$\frac{(de - 2f) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}} dx}{f} - \frac{2\sqrt{e+fx} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{f(2-dx)}{de+2f}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}(dx-2)+1}} d(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-dx})}{f \sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{de+2f}}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{(de - 2f) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}} dx}{f} - \frac{2\sqrt{e+fx} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-dx}\right) \mid \frac{4f}{de+2f}\right)}{f \sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{de+2f}}}$$

↓ 511

$$\frac{2(de - 2f)\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{de+2f}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{f(2-dx)}{de+2f}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}(dx-2)+1}} d\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-dx}\right)}{df\sqrt{e+fx}} -$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{e+fx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-dx}\right)\middle|\frac{4f}{de+2f}\right)}{f\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{de+2f}}}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2(de - 2f)\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{de+2f}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-dx}\right), \frac{4f}{de+2f}\right)}{df\sqrt{e+fx}} -$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{e+fx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-dx}\right)\middle|\frac{4f}{de+2f}\right)}{f\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{de+2f}}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[4 - d^2*x^2]/((2 - d*x)*Sqrt[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[e + f*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[2 - d*x]/2], (4*f)/(d*e + 2*f)]/(f*Sqrt[(d*(e + f*x))/(d*e + 2*f)]) + (2*(d*e - 2*f)*Sqrt[(d*(e + f*x))/(d*e + 2*f)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[2 - d*x]/2], (4*f)/(d*e + 2*f)]/(d*f*Sqrt[e + f*x]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 667 `Int[(((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 160 vs. $2(76) = 152$.

Time = 2.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

method	result
default	$\frac{2(d^2e^2-4f^2) \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{d(fx+e)}{de+2f}}, \sqrt{\frac{de+2f}{de-2f}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{f(dx-2)}{de+2f}} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+2)f}{de-2f}} \sqrt{\frac{d(fx+e)}{de+2f}} \sqrt{fx+e} \sqrt{-d^2x^2+4}}{f^2d(d^2fx^3+d^2ex^2-4fx-4e)}$
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-(fx+e)(d^2x^2-4)}}{\sqrt{-d^2fx^3-d^2ex^2+4fx+4e}} \left(4\left(\frac{e}{f}+\frac{2}{d}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{e}{f}}{\frac{e}{f}+\frac{2}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{2}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}+\frac{2}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{2}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}-\frac{2}{d}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{e}{f}}{\frac{e}{f}+\frac{2}{d}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{e}{f}-\frac{2}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}+\frac{2}{d}}}\right) + 2d\left(\frac{e}{f}+\frac{2}{d}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{e}{f}}{\frac{e}{f}+\frac{2}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{2}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}+\frac{2}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{2}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}-\frac{2}{d}}} \right)$

```
input int((-d^2*x^2+4)^(1/2)/(-d*x+2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*(d^2*e^2-4*f^2)*EllipticE((d*(f*x+e)/(d*e+2*f))^(1/2), ((d*e+2*f)/(d*e-2*f))^(1/2))*(-f*(d*x-2)/(d*e+2*f))^(1/2)*(-(d*x+2)*f/(d*e-2*f))^(1/2)*(d*(f*x+e)/(d*e+2*f))^(1/2)*(f*x+e)^(1/2)*(-d^2*x^2+4)^(1/2)/f^2/d/(d^2*f*x^3+d^2*e*x^2-4*f*x-4*e)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 191 vs. 2(76) = 152.
 Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}}{(2-dx)\sqrt{e+fx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(3 \sqrt{-d^2 f d f} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}\left(\frac{4(d^2e^2+12f^2)}{3d^2f^2}, -\frac{8(d^2e^3-36ef^2)}{27d^2f^3}\right), \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(d^2e^2+12f^2)}{3d^2f^2}, -\frac{8(d^2e^3-36ef^2)}{27d^2f^3}\right) \right)}{3d^2f^2}$$

```
input integrate((-d^2*x^2+4)^(1/2)/(-d*x+2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/3*(3*sqrt(-d^2*f)*d*f*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(d^2*e^2 + 12*f^2)/(d^2*f^2),
-8/27*(d^2*e^3 - 36*e*f^2)/(d^2*f^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(d^2*e^2 + 1
2*f^2)/(d^2*f^2), -8/27*(d^2*e^3 - 36*e*f^2)/(d^2*f^3), 1/3*(3*f*x + e)/f)
) + sqrt(-d^2*f)*(d*e - 6*f)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(d^2*e^2 + 12*f^2)/(d
^2*f^2), -8/27*(d^2*e^3 - 36*e*f^2)/(d^2*f^3), 1/3*(3*f*x + e)/f))/(d^2*f^
2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{4 - d^2 x^2}}{(2 - dx)\sqrt{e + fx}} dx = - \int \frac{\sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + 4}}{dx\sqrt{e + fx} - 2\sqrt{e + fx}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-d**2*x**2+4)**(1/2)/(-d*x+2)/(f*x+e)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
-Integral(sqrt(-d**2*x**2 + 4)/(d*x*sqrt(e + f*x) - 2*sqrt(e + f*x)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{4 - d^2 x^2}}{(2 - dx)\sqrt{e + fx}} dx = \int - \frac{\sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + 4}}{(dx - 2)\sqrt{fx + e}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-d^2*x^2+4)^(1/2)/(-d*x+2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-integrate(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 4)/((d*x - 2)*sqrt(f*x + e)), x)
```


Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}}{(2-dx)\sqrt{e+fx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-d^2*x^2+4)^(1/2)/(-d*x+2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}}{(2-dx)\sqrt{e+fx}} dx = - \int \frac{\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}}{\sqrt{e+fx}(dx-2)} dx$$

input `int(-(4 - d^2*x^2)^(1/2)/((e + f*x)^(1/2)*(d*x - 2)),x)`

output `-int((4 - d^2*x^2)^(1/2)/((e + f*x)^(1/2)*(d*x - 2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{4-d^2x^2}}{(2-dx)\sqrt{e+fx}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{fx+e}\sqrt{-d^2x^2+4}}{dfx^2+dex-2fx-2e} dx \right)$$

input `int((-d^2*x^2+4)^(1/2)/(-d*x+2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2),x)`

output `- int((sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(- d**2*x**2 + 4))/(d*e*x + d*f*x**2 - 2*e - 2*f*x),x)`

3.291 $\int \frac{\sqrt{2+dx}}{\sqrt{2-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx$

Optimal result	2489
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2489
Rubi [A] (verified)	2490
Maple [B] (verified)	2491
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2492
Sympy [F]	2493
Maxima [F]	2493
Giac [F]	2493
Mupad [F(-1)]	2494
Reduce [F]	2494

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+dx}}{\sqrt{2-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx = -\frac{4\sqrt{de+2f}\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{de+2f}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{2-dx}}{\sqrt{de+2f}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{4}\left(2+\frac{de}{f}\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e+fx}}$$

output `-4*(d*e+2*f)^(1/2)*(d*(f*x+e)/(d*e+2*f))^(1/2)*EllipticE(f^(1/2)*(-d*x+2)^(1/2)/(d*e+2*f)^(1/2),1/2*(2+d*e/f)^(1/2))/d/f^(1/2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 7.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+dx}}{\sqrt{2-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e+fx}\left(\frac{2+dx}{\sqrt{2-dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{2+dx}{-2+dx}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{2-dx}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{4}\left(2+\frac{de}{f}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{f(-2+dx)}}}\right)}{f\sqrt{2+dx}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[2 + d*x]/(Sqrt[2 - d*x]*Sqrt[e + f*x]),x]`

output

```
(2*Sqrt[e + f*x]*((2 + d*x)/Sqrt[2 - d*x] - (2*Sqrt[(2 + d*x)/(-2 + d*x)]*
EllipticE[ArcSin[2/Sqrt[2 - d*x]], (2 + (d*e)/f)/4])/Sqrt[(d*(e + f*x))/(f
*(-2 + d*x))]))/(f*Sqrt[2 + d*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {124, 27, 123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+2}}{\sqrt{2-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 124 \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{de+2f}} \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+2}}{2\sqrt{2-dx}\sqrt{\frac{de}{de+2f} + \frac{dfx}{de+2f}}} dx}{\sqrt{e+fx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{de+2f}} \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+2}}{\sqrt{2-dx}\sqrt{\frac{de}{de+2f} + \frac{dfx}{de+2f}}} dx}{\sqrt{e+fx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 123 \\
 & -\frac{4\sqrt{de+2f}\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{de+2f}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{2-dx}}{\sqrt{de+2f}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{de}{f} + 2\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e+fx}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[2 + d*x]/(Sqrt[2 - d*x]*Sqrt[e + f*x]),x]
```

output

```
(-4*Sqrt[d*e + 2*f]*Sqrt[(d*(e + f*x))/(d*e + 2*f)]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt
[f]*Sqrt[2 - d*x])/Sqrt[d*e + 2*f]], (2 + (d*e)/f)/4])/(d*Sqrt[f]*Sqrt[e +
f*x])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 123 `Int[Sqrt[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]/(Sqrt[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[(2/b)*Rt[-(b*e-a*f)/d, 2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a+b*x]/Rt[-(b*c-a*d)/d, 2]], f*((b*c-a*d)/(d*(b*e-a*f)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[b/(b*c-a*d), 0] && GtQ[b/(b*e-a*f), 0] && !LtQ[-(b*c-a*d)/d, 0] && !(SimplerQ[c+d*x, a+b*x] && GtQ[-d/(b*c-a*d), 0] && GtQ[d/(d*e-c*f), 0] && !LtQ[(b*c-a*d)/b, 0])`

rule 124 `Int[Sqrt[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]/(Sqrt[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[Sqrt[e+f*x]*(Sqrt[b*((c+d*x)/(b*c-a*d))]/(Sqrt[c+d*x]*Sqrt[b*((e+f*x)/(b*e-a*f))])) Int[Sqrt[b*(e/(b*e-a*f))+b*f*(x/(b*e-a*f))]/(Sqrt[a+b*x]*Sqrt[b*(c/(b*c-a*d))+b*d*(x/(b*c-a*d))]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !(GtQ[b/(b*c-a*d), 0] && GtQ[b/(b*e-a*f), 0] && !LtQ[-(b*c-a*d)/d, 0])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 163 vs. 2(76) = 152.

Time = 1.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

method	result
default	$\frac{2(d^2e^2-4f^2) \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{d(fx+e)}{de+2f}}, \sqrt{\frac{de+2f}{de-2f}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{f(dx-2)}{de+2f}} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+2)f}{de-2f}} \sqrt{\frac{d(fx+e)}{de+2f}} \sqrt{dx+2} \sqrt{-dx+2} \sqrt{fx+e}}{f^2d(d^2fx^3+d^2ex^2-4fx-4e)}$
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-(fx+e)(d^2x^2-4)}}{\sqrt{-d^2fx^3-d^2ex^2+4fx+4e}} \left(\frac{4\left(\frac{e}{f}+\frac{2}{d}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{e}{f}}{\frac{e}{f}+\frac{2}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{2}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}+\frac{2}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{2}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}-\frac{2}{d}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{e}{f}}{\frac{e}{f}+\frac{2}{d}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{e}{f}-\frac{2}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}+\frac{2}{d}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d^2fx^3-d^2ex^2+4fx+4e}} + \frac{2d\left(\frac{e}{f}+\frac{2}{d}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{e}{f}}{\frac{e}{f}+\frac{2}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{2}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}+\frac{2}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{2}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}-\frac{2}{d}}}}{\sqrt{-d^2fx^3-d^2ex^2+4fx+4e}} \right)$

input `int((d*x+2)^(1/2)/(-d*x+2)^(1/2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*(d^2*e^2-4*f^2)*EllipticE((d*(f*x+e)/(d*e+2*f))^(1/2),((d*e+2*f)/(d*e-2*f))^(1/2))*(-f*(d*x-2)/(d*e+2*f))^(1/2)*(-(d*x+2)*f/(d*e-2*f))^(1/2)*(d*(f*x+e)/(d*e+2*f))^(1/2)*(d*x+2)^(1/2)*(-d*x+2)^(1/2)*(f*x+e)^(1/2)/f^2/d/(d^2*f*x^3+d^2*e*x^2-4*f*x-4*e)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 191 vs. $2(76) = 152$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+dx}}{\sqrt{2-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(3 \sqrt{-d^2 f} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta} \left(\frac{4(d^2 e^2 + 12 f^2)}{3 d^2 f^2}, -\frac{8(d^2 e^3 - 36 e f^2)}{27 d^2 f^3} \right), \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(d^2 e^2 + 12 f^2)}{3 d^2 f^2}, -\frac{8(d^2 e^3 - 36 e f^2)}{27 d^2 f^3} \right) \right)}{3 d^2 f^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+2)^(1/2)/(-d*x+2)^(1/2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(3*sqrt(-d^2*f)*d*f*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(d^2*e^2 + 12*f^2)/(d^2*f^2), -8/27*(d^2*e^3 - 36*e*f^2)/(d^2*f^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(d^2*e^2 + 12*f^2)/(d^2*f^2), -8/27*(d^2*e^3 - 36*e*f^2)/(d^2*f^3), 1/3*(3*f*x + e)/f)) + sqrt(-d^2*f)*(d*e - 6*f)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(d^2*e^2 + 12*f^2)/(d^2*f^2), -8/27*(d^2*e^3 - 36*e*f^2)/(d^2*f^3), 1/3*(3*f*x + e)/f))/(d^2*f^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+dx}}{\sqrt{2-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+2}}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{-dx+2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+2)**(1/2)/(-d*x+2)**(1/2)/(f*x+e)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d*x + 2)/(sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(-d*x + 2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+dx}}{\sqrt{2-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+2}}{\sqrt{-dx+2}\sqrt{fx+e}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+2)^(1/2)/(-d*x+2)^(1/2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + 2)/(sqrt(-d*x + 2)*sqrt(f*x + e)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+dx}}{\sqrt{2-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+2}}{\sqrt{-dx+2}\sqrt{fx+e}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+2)^(1/2)/(-d*x+2)^(1/2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + 2)/(sqrt(-d*x + 2)*sqrt(f*x + e)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+dx}}{\sqrt{2-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+2}}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{2-dx}} dx$$

input `int((d*x + 2)^(1/2)/((e + f*x)^(1/2)*(2 - d*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((d*x + 2)^(1/2)/((e + f*x)^(1/2)*(2 - d*x)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+dx}}{\sqrt{2-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{fx+e}\sqrt{dx+2}\sqrt{-dx+2}}{dfx^2+dex-2fx-2e} dx \right)$$

input `int((d*x+2)^(1/2)/(-d*x+2)^(1/2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2),x)`

output `- int((sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(d*x + 2)*sqrt(- d*x + 2))/(d*e*x + d*f*x**2 - 2*e - 2*f*x),x)`

3.292 $\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2495
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2495
Rubi [A] (verified)	2496
Maple [B] (verified)	2499
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2500
Sympy [F]	2500
Maxima [F]	2501
Giac [F]	2501
Mupad [F(-1)]	2501
Reduce [F]	2502

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{de+cf}\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{de+cf}}\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{c-dx}}{\sqrt{de+cf}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\frac{de}{cf}\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{f}\sqrt{c-dx}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx}{c}\sqrt{e+fx}}}$$

```
output -2*2^(1/2)*(c*f+d*e)^(1/2)*(d*(f*x+e)/(c*f+d*e))^(1/2)*(-d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/2)
)*EllipticE(f^(1/2)*(-d*x+c)^(1/2)/(c*f+d*e)^(1/2),1/2*(2+2*d*e/c/f)^(1/2)
)/d/f^(1/2)/(-d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+d*x/c)^(1/2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2\left(f^2\sqrt{-\frac{de+cf}{d}}(c^2-d^2x^2) + id(de+cf)\sqrt{\frac{f(-c+dx)}{d(e+fx)}}\sqrt{\frac{f(c+dx)}{d(e+fx)}}(e+fx)^{3/2}E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{de+cf}{d}}}{\sqrt{e+fx}}\right)\middle|\frac{de-cf}{de+cf}\right)\right)}{df^2\sqrt{-\frac{de+cf}{d}}\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)/(Sqrt[e + f*x]*Sqrt[c^2 - d^2*x^2]),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (-2*(f^2*\text{Sqrt}[-((d*e + c*f)/d)]*(c^2 - d^2*x^2) + I*d*(d*e + c*f)*\text{Sqrt}[(f* \\ & (-c + d*x))/(d*(e + f*x))]*\text{Sqrt}[(f*(c + d*x))/(d*(e + f*x))]*(e + f*x)^(3/ \\ & 2)*\text{EllipticE}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-((d*e + c*f)/d)]/\text{Sqrt}[e + f*x]], (d*e - c*f)/ \\ & (d*e + c*f)] - (2*I)*c*d*f*\text{Sqrt}[(f*(-c + d*x))/(d*(e + f*x))]*\text{Sqrt}[(f*(c + \\ & d*x))/(d*(e + f*x))]*(e + f*x)^(3/2)*\text{EllipticF}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-((d*e + c* \\ & f)/d)]/\text{Sqrt}[e + f*x]], (d*e - c*f)/(d*e + c*f)))/(d*f^2*\text{Sqrt}[-((d*e + c*f \\ &)/d)]*\text{Sqrt}[e + f*x]*\text{Sqrt}[c^2 - d^2*x^2]) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.226$, Rules used = {600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{c^2 - d^2x^2}\sqrt{e + fx}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 600 \\ & \frac{d \int \frac{\sqrt{e+fx}}{\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}} dx}{f} - \frac{(de - cf) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}} dx}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow 509 \\ & \frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{e+fx}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}}} dx}{f\sqrt{c^2 - d^2x^2}} - \frac{(de - cf) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}} dx}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow 508 \\ & \frac{(de - cf) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}} dx}{f} - \frac{2c\sqrt{1 - \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}}\sqrt{e + fx} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cf(1 - \frac{dx}{c})}{de+cf}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{dx}{c} - 1) + 1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{dx}{c}}{c}}}{f\sqrt{c^2 - d^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{cf+de}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 327 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(de - cf) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}} dx}{f} - \frac{2c\sqrt{1-\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}}\sqrt{e+fx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{dx}{c}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2cf}{de+cf}\right)}{f\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{cf+de}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 512 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}}(de - cf) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{1-\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}}} dx}{f\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{1-\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}}\sqrt{e+fx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{dx}{c}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2cf}{de+cf}\right)}{f\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{cf+de}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 511 \\
& \frac{2c\sqrt{1-\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}}(de - cf)\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{cf+de}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cf(1-\frac{dx}{c})}{de+cf}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{dx}{c}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{dx}{c}}{2}}}{df\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}\sqrt{e+fx}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{1-\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}}\sqrt{e+fx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{dx}{c}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2cf}{de+cf}\right)}{f\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{cf+de}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 321 \\
& \frac{2c\sqrt{1-\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}}(de - cf)\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{cf+de}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{dx}{c}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2cf}{de+cf}\right)}{df\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}\sqrt{e+fx}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{1-\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}}\sqrt{e+fx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{dx}{c}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2cf}{de+cf}\right)}{f\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{cf+de}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x)/(Sqrt[e + f*x]*Sqrt[c^2 - d^2*x^2]),x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2*c*\sqrt{e + f*x}*\sqrt{1 - (d^2*x^2)/c^2}*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{1 - (d*x)/c}/\sqrt{2}], (2*c*f)/(d*e + c*f)])/(f*\sqrt{(d*(e + f*x))/(d*e + c*f)}*\sqrt{c^2 - d^2*x^2}) \\ & + (2*c*(d*e - c*f)*\sqrt{(d*(e + f*x))/(d*e + c*f)}*\sqrt{1 - (d^2*x^2)/c^2}*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{1 - (d*x)/c}/\sqrt{2}], (2*c*f)/(d*e + c*f)])/(d*f*\sqrt{e + f*x}*\sqrt{c^2 - d^2*x^2}) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 321

$$\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a_)} + (b_)*(x_)^2)*\sqrt{(c_)} + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{c}*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$$

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{(a_)} + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\sqrt{(c_)} + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\sqrt{a}/(\sqrt{c}*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 508

$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{(c_)} + (d_)*(x_)]/\sqrt{(a_)} + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\sqrt{c + d*x}/(\sqrt{a}*q*\sqrt{q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))})) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\sqrt{1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))}]/\sqrt{1 - x^2}, x], x, \sqrt{(1 - q*x)/2}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 509

$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{(c_)} + (d_)*(x_)]/\sqrt{(a_)} + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\sqrt{1 + b*(x^2/a)}/\sqrt{a + b*x^2} \ \text{Int}[\sqrt{c + d*x}/\sqrt{1 + b*(x^2/a)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 511

$$\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(c_)} + (d_)*(x_)]*\sqrt{(a_)} + (b_)*(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\sqrt{q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))}/(\sqrt{a}*q*\sqrt{c + d*x})) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))})*\sqrt{1 - x^2}], x], x, \sqrt{(1 - q*x)/2}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 317 vs. 2(115) = 230.

Time = 1.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

method	result
default	$\frac{2 \left(2 \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{d(fx+e)}{cf-de}}, \sqrt{-\frac{cf-de}{cf+de}} \right) c^2 f^2 - 2 \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{d(fx+e)}{cf-de}}, \sqrt{-\frac{cf-de}{cf+de}} \right) cde f - \operatorname{EllipticE} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{d(fx+e)}{cf-de}}, \sqrt{-\frac{cf-de}{cf+de}} \right) f^2 d (-d^2 f x^3 - d^2 e x^2 + c^2 f x) \right)}{\sqrt{(fx+e)(-d^2 x^2 + c^2)}}$
elliptic	$\frac{2c \left(\frac{e}{f} - \frac{c}{d} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{e}{f}}{\frac{e}{f}-\frac{c}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{c}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}-\frac{c}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}+\frac{c}{d}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{e}{f}}{\frac{e}{f}-\frac{c}{d}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{e}{f}+\frac{c}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}-\frac{c}{d}}} \right) + 2d \left(\frac{e}{f} - \frac{c}{d} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{e}{f}}{\frac{e}{f}-\frac{c}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{c}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}-\frac{c}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}+\frac{c}{d}}}}{\sqrt{-d^2 f x^3 - d^2 e x^2 + c^2 f x + e c^2}}$

input `int((d*x+c)/(f*x+e)^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*(2*EllipticF((-d*(f*x+e)/(c*f-d*e))^(1/2),(-(c*f-d*e)/(c*f+d*e))^(1/2))*c^2*f^2-2*EllipticF((-d*(f*x+e)/(c*f-d*e))^(1/2),(-(c*f-d*e)/(c*f+d*e))^(1/2))*c*d*e*f-EllipticE((-d*(f*x+e)/(c*f-d*e))^(1/2),(-(c*f-d*e)/(c*f+d*e))^(1/2))*c^2*f^2+EllipticE((-d*(f*x+e)/(c*f-d*e))^(1/2),(-(c*f-d*e)/(c*f+d*e))^(1/2))*d^2*e^2)*(f*(d*x+c)/(c*f-d*e))^(1/2)*(f*(-d*x+c)/(c*f+d*e))^(1/2)*(-d*(f*x+e)/(c*f-d*e))^(1/2)/f^2/d*(f*x+e)^(1/2)*(-d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/2)/(-d^2*f*x^3-d^2*e*x^2+c^2*f*x+c^2*e)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{e + fx}\sqrt{c^2 - d^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(3 \sqrt{-d^2 f} \operatorname{dF} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta} \left(\frac{4(d^2 e^2 + 3c^2 f^2)}{3d^2 f^2}, -\frac{8(d^2 e^3 - 9c^2 e f^2)}{27d^2 f^3} \right), \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(d^2 e^2 + 3c^2 f^2)}{3d^2 f^2}, -\frac{8(d^2 e^3 - 9c^2 e f^2)}{27d^2 f^3} \right) \right)}{3d^2 f^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(f*x+e)^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(3*sqrt(-d^2*f)*d*f*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(d^2*e^2 + 3*c^2*f^2)/(d^2*f^2), -8/27*(d^2*e^3 - 9*c^2*e*f^2)/(d^2*f^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(d^2*e^2 + 3*c^2*f^2)/(d^2*f^2), -8/27*(d^2*e^3 - 9*c^2*e*f^2)/(d^2*f^3), 1/3*(3*f*x + e)/f)) + sqrt(-d^2*f)*(d*e - 3*c*f)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(d^2*e^2 + 3*c^2*f^2)/(d^2*f^2), -8/27*(d^2*e^3 - 9*c^2*e*f^2)/(d^2*f^3), 1/3*(3*f*x + e)/f))/(d^2*f^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{e + fx}\sqrt{c^2 - d^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{-(-c + dx)(c + dx)}\sqrt{e + fx}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(f*x+e)**(1/2)/(-d**2*x**2+c**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)/(sqrt(-(-c + d*x)*(c + d*x))*sqrt(e + f*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{e + fx}\sqrt{c^2 - d^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + c^2}\sqrt{fx + e}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(f*x+e)^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + c^2)*sqrt(f*x + e)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{e + fx}\sqrt{c^2 - d^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + c^2}\sqrt{fx + e}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(f*x+e)^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + c^2)*sqrt(f*x + e)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{e + fx}\sqrt{c^2 - d^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{e + fx}\sqrt{c^2 - d^2x^2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)/((e + f*x)^(1/2)*(c^2 - d^2*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)/((e + f*x)^(1/2)*(c^2 - d^2*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{e + fx}\sqrt{c^2 - d^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{fx + e}\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + c^2}}{-dfx^2 + cfx - dex + ce} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)/(f*x+e)^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(c**2 - d**2*x**2))/(c*e + c*f*x - d*e*x - d*f*x**2),x)`

3.293 $\int \frac{\sqrt{c^2 - d^2 x^2}}{(c - dx)\sqrt{e + fx}} dx$

Optimal result	2503
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2503
Rubi [A] (verified)	2504
Maple [B] (verified)	2507
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2508
Sympy [F]	2509
Maxima [F]	2509
Giac [F]	2510
Mupad [F(-1)]	2510
Reduce [F]	2510

Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c^2 - d^2 x^2}}{(c - dx)\sqrt{e + fx}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{de + cf}\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{de+cf}}\sqrt{c^2 - d^2 x^2}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{c-dx}}{\sqrt{de+cf}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\left(1 + \frac{de}{cf}\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{f}\sqrt{c - dx}\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx}{c}}\sqrt{e + fx}}$$

output

```
-2*2^(1/2)*(c*f+d*e)^(1/2)*(d*(f*x+e)/(c*f+d*e))^(1/2)*(-d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/2)
)*EllipticE(f^(1/2)*(-d*x+c)^(1/2)/(c*f+d*e)^(1/2),1/2*(2+2*d*e/c/f)^(1/2)
)/d/f^(1/2)/(-d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+d*x/c)^(1/2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 321, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c^2 - d^2 x^2}}{(c - dx)\sqrt{e + fx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c^2 - d^2 x^2} \left(f^2 \sqrt{-\frac{de+cf}{d}} (-c^2 + d^2 x^2) - id(de + cf) \sqrt{\frac{f(-c+dx)}{d(e+fx)}} \sqrt{\frac{f(c+dx)}{d(e+fx)}} (e + fx)^{3/2} E \left(i \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{de+cf}{d}}}{\sqrt{e + fx}} \right) \right) \right)}{f^2 \sqrt{-\frac{de+cf}{d}} \sqrt{e + fx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[c^2 - d^2*x^2]/((c - d*x)*Sqrt[e + f*x]),x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[c^2 - d^2*x^2]*(f^2*Sqrt[-((d*e + c*f)/d)]*(-c^2 + d^2*x^2) - I*d
*(d*e + c*f)*Sqrt[(f*(-c + d*x))/(d*(e + f*x))]*Sqrt[(f*(c + d*x))/(d*(e +
f*x))]*(e + f*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-((d*e + c*f)/d)]/Sqrt[e
+ f*x]], (d*e - c*f)/(d*e + c*f)] + (2*I)*c*d*f*Sqrt[(f*(-c + d*x))/(d*(e
+ f*x))]*Sqrt[(f*(c + d*x))/(d*(e + f*x))]*(e + f*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*Arc
Sinh[Sqrt[-((d*e + c*f)/d)]/Sqrt[e + f*x]], (d*e - c*f)/(d*e + c*f)))/(f^
2*Sqrt[-((d*e + c*f)/d)]*Sqrt[e + f*x]*(-(c^2*d) + d^3*x^2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$, Rules used = {667, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c^2 - d^2 x^2}}{(c - dx)\sqrt{e + fx}} dx$$

↓ 667

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{c^2 - d^2 x^2}\sqrt{e + fx}} dx$$

↓ 600

$$\frac{d \int \frac{\sqrt{e+fx}}{\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}} dx}{f} - \frac{(de-cf) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}} dx}{f}$$

↓ 509

$$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{e+fx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}}} dx}{f\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}} - \frac{(de-cf) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}} dx}{f}$$

↓ 508

$$\frac{(de-cf) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}} dx}{f} - \frac{2c\sqrt{1-\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}}\sqrt{e+fx} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cf(1-\frac{dx}{c})}{de+cf}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{dx}{c}-1)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{dx}{c}}{\sqrt{2}}}}{f\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{cf+de}}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{(de-cf) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}} dx}{f} - \frac{2c\sqrt{1-\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}}\sqrt{e+fx} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{dx}{c}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2cf}{de+cf}\right)}{f\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{cf+de}}}$$

↓ 512

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}}(de-cf) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{1-\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}}} dx}{f\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{1-\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}}\sqrt{e+fx} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{dx}{c}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2cf}{de+cf}\right)}{f\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{cf+de}}}$$

↓ 511

$$\frac{2c\sqrt{1-\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}}(de-cf)\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{cf+de}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cf(1-\frac{dx}{c})}{de+cf}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{dx}{c}-1)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{dx}{c}}{\sqrt{2}}}}{df\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}\sqrt{e+fx}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{1-\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}}\sqrt{e+fx} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{dx}{c}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2cf}{de+cf}\right)}{f\sqrt{c^2-d^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{cf+de}}}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2c\sqrt{1 - \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}}(de - cf)\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{cf+de}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx}{c}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2cf}{de+cf}\right)}{df\sqrt{c^2 - d^2x^2}\sqrt{e+fx} - \frac{2c\sqrt{1 - \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}}\sqrt{e+fx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx}{c}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2cf}{de+cf}\right)}{f\sqrt{c^2 - d^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{cf+de}}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c^2 - d^2*x^2]/((c - d*x)*Sqrt[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(-2*c*Sqrt[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 - (d^2*x^2)/c^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (d*x)/c]/Sqrt[2]], (2*c*f)/(d*e + c*f)]/(f*Sqrt[(d*(e + f*x))/(d*e + c*f)]*Sqrt[c^2 - d^2*x^2]) + (2*c*(d*e - c*f)*Sqrt[(d*(e + f*x))/(d*e + c*f)]*Sqrt[1 - (d^2*x^2)/c^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (d*x)/c]/Sqrt[2]], (2*c*f)/(d*e + c*f)]/(d*f*Sqrt[e + f*x]*Sqrt[c^2 - d^2*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 667 `Int[(((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 317 vs. $2(115) = 230$.

Time = 1.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

method	result
default	$\frac{2 \left(2 \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{d(fx+e)}{cf-de}}, \sqrt{-\frac{cf-de}{cf+de}} \right) c^2 f^2 - 2 \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{d(fx+e)}{cf-de}}, \sqrt{-\frac{cf-de}{cf+de}} \right) cde f - \operatorname{EllipticE} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{d(fx+e)}{cf-de}}, \sqrt{-\frac{cf-de}{cf+de}} \right) \right)}{f^2 d (-d^2 f x^3 - d^2 e x^2 + c^2 f x)}$
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(fx+e)(-d^2 x^2 + c^2)} \left(\frac{2c \left(\frac{e}{f} - \frac{c}{d} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{e}{f}}{\frac{e}{f}-\frac{c}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{c}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}-\frac{c}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}+\frac{c}{d}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{e}{f}}{\frac{e}{f}-\frac{c}{d}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{e}{f}+\frac{c}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}-\frac{c}{d}}} \right) + 2d \left(\frac{e}{f} - \frac{c}{d} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{e}{f}}{\frac{e}{f}-\frac{c}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{c}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}-\frac{c}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}+\frac{c}{d}}} \right)}{\sqrt{-d^2 f x^3 - d^2 e x^2 + c^2 f x + e c^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{fx+e} \sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + c^2}}$

```
input int((-d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/2)/(-d*x+c)/(f*x+e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2*(2*EllipticF((-d*(f*x+e)/(c*f-d*e))^(1/2),(-c*f-d*e)/(c*f+d*e))^(1/2))
*c^2*f^2-2*EllipticF((-d*(f*x+e)/(c*f-d*e))^(1/2),(-c*f-d*e)/(c*f+d*e))^(
1/2))*c*d*e*f-EllipticE((-d*(f*x+e)/(c*f-d*e))^(1/2),(-c*f-d*e)/(c*f+d*
e))^(1/2))*c^2*f^2+EllipticE((-d*(f*x+e)/(c*f-d*e))^(1/2),(-c*f-d*e)/(c*f+d
*e))^(1/2))*d^2*e^2*(f*(d*x+c)/(c*f-d*e))^(1/2)*(f*(-d*x+c)/(c*f+d*e))^(1
/2)*(-d*(f*x+e)/(c*f-d*e))^(1/2)/f^2/d*(f*x+e)^(1/2)*(-d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/2)/
(-d^2*f*x^3-d^2*e*x^2+c^2*f*x+c^2*e)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c^2 - d^2 x^2}}{(c - dx)\sqrt{e + fx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(3 \sqrt{-d^2 f d f} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta} \left(\frac{4(d^2 e^2 + 3c^2 f^2)}{3 d^2 f^2}, -\frac{8(d^2 e^3 - 9c^2 e f^2)}{27 d^2 f^3} \right), \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(d^2 e^2 + 3c^2 f^2)}{3 d^2 f^2}, -\frac{8(d^2 e^3 - 9c^2 e f^2)}{27 d^2 f^3} \right) \right)}{3 d^2 f^2}$$

```
input integrate((-d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/2)/(-d*x+c)/(f*x+e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/3*(3*sqrt(-d^2*f)*d*f*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(d^2*e^2 + 3*c^2*f^2)/(d^2*f^2
), -8/27*(d^2*e^3 - 9*c^2*e*f^2)/(d^2*f^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(d^2*e
^2 + 3*c^2*f^2)/(d^2*f^2), -8/27*(d^2*e^3 - 9*c^2*e*f^2)/(d^2*f^3), 1/3*(3
*f*x + e)/f)) + sqrt(-d^2*f)*(d*e - 3*c*f)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(d^2*e^
2 + 3*c^2*f^2)/(d^2*f^2), -8/27*(d^2*e^3 - 9*c^2*e*f^2)/(d^2*f^3), 1/3*(3*
f*x + e)/f))/(d^2*f^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c^2 - d^2 x^2}}{(c - dx)\sqrt{e + fx}} dx = - \int \frac{\sqrt{c^2 - d^2 x^2}}{-c\sqrt{e + fx} + dx\sqrt{e + fx}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-d**2*x**2+c**2)**(1/2)/(-d*x+c)/(f*x+e)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
-Integral(sqrt(c**2 - d**2*x**2)/(-c*sqrt(e + f*x) + d*x*sqrt(e + f*x)), x
)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c^2 - d^2 x^2}}{(c - dx)\sqrt{e + fx}} dx = \int -\frac{\sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + c^2}}{(dx - c)\sqrt{fx + e}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/2)/(-d*x+c)/(f*x+e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima
")
```

output

```
-integrate(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + c^2)/((d*x - c)*sqrt(f*x + e)), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c^2 - d^2 x^2}}{(c - dx)\sqrt{e + fx}} dx = \int -\frac{\sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + c^2}}{(dx - c)\sqrt{fx + e}} dx$$

input `integrate((-d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/2)/(-d*x+c)/(f*x+e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + c^2)/((d*x - c)*sqrt(f*x + e)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c^2 - d^2 x^2}}{(c - dx)\sqrt{e + fx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c^2 - d^2 x^2}}{\sqrt{e + fx} (c - dx)} dx$$

input `int((c^2 - d^2*x^2)^(1/2)/((e + f*x)^(1/2)*(c - d*x)),x)`

output `int((c^2 - d^2*x^2)^(1/2)/((e + f*x)^(1/2)*(c - d*x)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c^2 - d^2 x^2}}{(c - dx)\sqrt{e + fx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{fx + e}\sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + c^2}}{-df x^2 + cfx - dex + ce} dx$$

input `int((-d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/2)/(-d*x+c)/(f*x+e)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(c**2 - d**2*x**2))/(c*e + c*f*x - d*e*x - d*f*x**2),x)`

3.294 $\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx$

Optimal result	2511
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2511
Rubi [A] (verified)	2512
Maple [B] (verified)	2513
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2514
Sympy [F]	2515
Maxima [F]	2515
Giac [F]	2516
Mupad [F(-1)]	2516
Reduce [F]	2516

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{de+cf}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{de+cf}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{c-dx}}{\sqrt{de+cf}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\frac{de}{cf}\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{f}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx}{c}}\sqrt{e+fx}}$$

output

```
-2*2^(1/2)*(c*f+d*e)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(d*(f*x+e)/(c*f+d*e))^(1/2)*EllipticE(f^(1/2)*(-d*x+c)^(1/2)/(c*f+d*e)^(1/2),1/2*(2+2*d*e/c/f)^(1/2))/d/f^(1/2)/(1+d*x/c)^(1/2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 8.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e+fx}\left(\frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{c-dx}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{c+dx}{-c+dx}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c-dx}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\frac{de}{cf}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{f(-c+dx)}}}\right)}{f\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[c - d*x]*Sqrt[e + f*x]),x]
```


output

```
(2*Sqrt[e + f*x]*((c + d*x)/Sqrt[c - d*x] - (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(c + d*x)
])/(-c + d*x))*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[c - d*x]], (1 + (d*e
)/(c*f))/2])/Sqrt[(d*(e + f*x))/(f*(-c + d*x)))]/(f*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {124, 27, 123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 124 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{cf+de}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx}{c}+1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c-dx}\sqrt{\frac{de}{de+cf}+\frac{dfx}{de+cf}}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{c+dx}{c}}\sqrt{e+fx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{cf+de}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx}{c}+1}}{\sqrt{c-dx}\sqrt{\frac{de}{de+cf}+\frac{dfx}{de+cf}}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{c+dx}{c}}\sqrt{e+fx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 123 \\
 & -\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{cf+de}\sqrt{\frac{d(e+fx)}{cf+de}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{c-dx}}{\sqrt{de+cf}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{de}{cf}+1\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{f}\sqrt{\frac{c+dx}{c}}\sqrt{e+fx}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[c - d*x]*Sqrt[e + f*x]),x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[d*e + c*f]*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[(d*(e + f*x))/(d*e + c*f)]*
EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[f]*Sqrt[c - d*x])/Sqrt[d*e + c*f]], (1 + (d*e)/(c*f
))/2)]/(d*Sqrt[f]*Sqrt[(c + d*x)/c]*Sqrt[e + f*x])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 123

```
Int[Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_
)]), x_] := Simp[(2/b)*Rt[-(b*e - a*f)/d, 2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*x]
/Rt[-(b*c - a*d)/d, 2]], f*((b*c - a*d)/(d*(b*e - a*f)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && GtQ[b/(b*e - a*f), 0] && !L
tQ[-(b*c - a*d)/d, 0] && !(SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d
), 0] && GtQ[d/(d*e - c*f), 0] && !LtQ[(b*c - a*d)/b, 0])
```

rule 124

```
Int[Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_
)]), x_] := Simp[Sqrt[e + f*x]*(Sqrt[b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d))]/(Sqrt[c + d
*x]*Sqrt[b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f))])) Int[Sqrt[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x
/(b*e - a*f))]/(Sqrt[a + b*x]*Sqrt[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d))
], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !(GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && Gt
Q[b/(b*e - a*f), 0] && !LtQ[-(b*c - a*d)/d, 0])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 318 vs. $2(100) = 200$.

Time = 1.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

method	result
default	$\frac{2 \left(2 \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{d(fx+e)}{cf-de}}, \sqrt{-\frac{cf-de}{cf+de}} \right) c^2 f^2 - 2 \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{d(fx+e)}{cf-de}}, \sqrt{-\frac{cf-de}{cf+de}} \right) cde f - \operatorname{EllipticE} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{d(fx+e)}{cf-de}}, \sqrt{-\frac{cf-de}{cf+de}} \right) \right)}{f^2 d (-d^2 f x^3 - d^2 e x^2 + c^2)}$
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(fx+e)(-d^2x^2+c^2)} \left(\frac{2c \left(\frac{e}{f} - \frac{c}{d} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{e}{f}}{\frac{e}{f}-\frac{c}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{c}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}-\frac{c}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}+\frac{c}{d}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{e}{f}}{\frac{e}{f}-\frac{c}{d}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{e}{f}+\frac{c}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}-\frac{c}{d}}} \right) + 2d \left(\frac{e}{f} - \frac{c}{d} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{e}{f}}{\frac{e}{f}-\frac{c}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{c}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}-\frac{c}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}+\frac{c}{d}}} \right)}{\sqrt{-d^2 f x^3 - d^2 e x^2 + c^2 f x + e c^2}} + \frac{2d \left(\frac{e}{f} - \frac{c}{d} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{e}{f}}{\frac{e}{f}-\frac{c}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{c}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}-\frac{c}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{-\frac{e}{f}+\frac{c}{d}}}}{\sqrt{-d^2 f x^3 - d^2 e x^2 + c^2 f x + e c^2}}$

```
input int((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-d*x+c)^(1/2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2*(2*EllipticF((-d*(f*x+e)/(c*f-d*e))^(1/2),(-(c*f-d*e)/(c*f+d*e))^(1/2))
*c^2*f^2-2*EllipticF((-d*(f*x+e)/(c*f-d*e))^(1/2),(-(c*f-d*e)/(c*f+d*e))^(
1/2))*c*d*e*f-EllipticE((-d*(f*x+e)/(c*f-d*e))^(1/2),(-(c*f-d*e)/(c*f+d*
e))^(1/2))*c^2*f^2+EllipticE((-d*(f*x+e)/(c*f-d*e))^(1/2),(-(c*f-d*e)/(c*f+d
*e))^(1/2))*d^2*e^2)*(f*(d*x+c)/(c*f-d*e))^(1/2)*(f*(-d*x+c)/(c*f+d*e))^(1
/2)*(-d*(f*x+e)/(c*f-d*e))^(1/2)/f^2/d*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-d*x+c)^(1/2)*(f*x+
e)^(1/2)/(-d^2*f*x^3-d^2*e*x^2+c^2*f*x+c^2*e)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 210 vs. 2(100) = 200.
 Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx = \frac{2 \left(3 \sqrt{-d^2 f d f} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta} \left(\frac{4 (d^2 e^2 + 3 c^2 f^2)}{3 d^2 f^2}, -\frac{8 (d^2 e^3 - 9 c^2 e f^2)}{27 d^2 f^3} \right), \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4 (d^2 e^2 + 3 c^2 f^2)}{3 d^2 f^2}, -\frac{8 (d^2 e^3 - 9 c^2 e f^2)}{27 d^2 f^3} \right) \right)}{3 d^2 f^2}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-d*x+c)^(1/2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/3*(3*sqrt(-d^2*f)*d*f*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(d^2*e^2 + 3*c^2*f^2)/(d^2*f^2
), -8/27*(d^2*e^3 - 9*c^2*e*f^2)/(d^2*f^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(d^2*e
^2 + 3*c^2*f^2)/(d^2*f^2), -8/27*(d^2*e^3 - 9*c^2*e*f^2)/(d^2*f^3), 1/3*(3
*f*x + e)/f)) + sqrt(-d^2*f)*(d*e - 3*c*f)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(d^2*e^
2 + 3*c^2*f^2)/(d^2*f^2), -8/27*(d^2*e^3 - 9*c^2*e*f^2)/(d^2*f^3), 1/3*(3*
f*x + e)/f))/(d^2*f^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**(1/2)/(-d*x+c)**(1/2)/(f*x+e)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(c - d*x)*sqrt(e + f*x)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{-dx+c}\sqrt{fx+e}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-d*x+c)^(1/2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima"
)
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)/(sqrt(-d*x + c)*sqrt(f*x + e)), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{-dx+c}\sqrt{fx+e}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-d*x+c)^(1/2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)/(sqrt(-d*x + c)*sqrt(f*x + e)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{e+fx}\sqrt{c-dx}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(1/2)/((e + f*x)^(1/2)*(c - d*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^(1/2)/((e + f*x)^(1/2)*(c - d*x)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c-dx}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{fx+e}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-dx+c}}{-dfx^2+cfx-dex+ce} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-d*x+c)^(1/2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(c - d*x))/(c*e + c*f*x - d*e*x - d*f*x**2),x)`

3.295 $\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	2517
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2518
Rubi [A] (verified)	2519
Maple [B] (verified)	2521
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2522
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2522
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2523
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2524
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2525
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2526

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 372

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^3 dx \\
 &= -\frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^3 (d + ex)^{1+m}}{e^8(1 + m)} \\
 &+ \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (7Bcd^2 - 6Acde + aBe^2) (d + ex)^{2+m}}{e^8(2 + m)} \\
 &- \frac{3c(cd^2 + ae^2) (7Bcd^3 - 5Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3) (d + ex)^{3+m}}{e^8(3 + m)} \\
 &- \frac{c(4Acde(5cd^2 + 3ae^2) - B(35c^2d^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4)) (d + ex)^{4+m}}{e^8(4 + m)} \\
 &- \frac{c^2(35Bcd^3 - 15Acd^2e + 15aBde^2 - 3aAe^3) (d + ex)^{5+m}}{e^8(5 + m)} \\
 &+ \frac{3c^2(7Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2) (d + ex)^{6+m}}{e^8(6 + m)} \\
 &- \frac{c^3(7Bd - Ae)(d + ex)^{7+m}}{e^8(7 + m)} + \frac{Bc^3(d + ex)^{8+m}}{e^8(8 + m)}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/e^8/(1+m)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(-6*A*
c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(2+m)/e^8/(2+m)-3*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-A*a*e
^3-5*A*c*d^2*e+3*B*a*d*e^2+7*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^(3+m)/e^8/(3+m)-c*(4*A*c*d*e
*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)-B*(3*a^2*e^4+30*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4))*(e*x+d)^(4+m)/
e^8/(4+m)-c^2*(-3*A*a*e^3-15*A*c*d^2*e+15*B*a*d*e^2+35*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^(5
+m)/e^8/(5+m)+3*c^2*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+7*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(6+m)/e^8/(6+m)
-c^3*(-A*e+7*B*d)*(e*x+d)^(7+m)/e^8/(7+m)+B*c^3*(e*x+d)^(8+m)/e^8/(8+m)

```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 773 vs. $2(372) = 744$.

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 773, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{(d + ex)^{1+m} \left(-((Bd - Ae)(8 + m) (e^6(1 + m)(2 + m)(3 + m)(4 + m)(5 + m)(6 + m) (a + cx^2)^3 + 6($$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(-(B*d - A*e)*(8 + m)*(e^6*(1 + m)*(2 + m)*(3 + m)*(4 + m)*(5 + m)*(6 + m)*(a + c*x^2)^3 + 6*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(6 + m)*(e^4*(1 + m)*(2 + m)*(3 + m)*(4 + m)*(a + c*x^2)^2 + 4*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(4 + m)*(a*e^2*(6 + 5*m + m^2) + c*(2*d^2 - 2*d*e*(1 + m)*x + e^2*(2 + 3*m + m^2)*x^2)) - 4*c*d*(1 + m)*(d + e*x)*(a*e^2*(12 + 7*m + m^2) + c*(2*d^2 - 2*d*e*(2 + m)*x + e^2*(6 + 5*m + m^2)*x^2))) - 6*c*d*(1 + m)*(d + e*x)*(e^4*(2 + m)*(3 + m)*(4 + m)*(5 + m)*(a + c*x^2)^2 + 4*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5 + m)*(a*e^2*(12 + 7*m + m^2) + c*(2*d^2 - 2*d*e*(2 + m)*x + e^2*(6 + 5*m + m^2)*x^2)) - 4*c*d*(2 + m)*(d + e*x)*(a*e^2*(20 + 9*m + m^2) + c*(2*d^2 - 2*d*e*(3 + m)*x + e^2*(12 + 7*m + m^2)*x^2)))) + B*(1 + m)*(d + e*x)*(e^6*(2 + m)*(3 + m)*(4 + m)*(5 + m)*(6 + m)*(7 + m)*(a + c*x^2)^3 + 6*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7 + m)*(e^4*(2 + m)*(3 + m)*(4 + m)*(5 + m)*(a + c*x^2)^2 + 4*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5 + m)*(a*e^2*(12 + 7*m + m^2) + c*(2*d^2 - 2*d*e*(2 + m)*x + e^2*(6 + 5*m + m^2)*x^2)) - 4*c*d*(2 + m)*(d + e*x)*(a*e^2*(20 + 9*m + m^2) + c*(2*d^2 - 2*d*e*(3 + m)*x + e^2*(12 + 7*m + m^2)*x^2))) - 6*c*d*(2 + m)*(d + e*x)*(e^4*(3 + m)*(4 + m)*(5 + m)*(6 + m)*(a + c*x^2)^2 + 4*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(6 + m)*(a*e^2*(20 + 9*m + m^2) + c*(2*d^2 - 2*d*e*(3 + m)*x + e^2*(12 + 7*m + m^2)*x^2)) - 4*c*d*(3 + m)*(d + e*x)*(a*e^2*(30 + 11*m + m^2) + c*(2*d^2 - 2*d*e*(4 + m)*x + e^2*(20 + 9*m + m^2)*x^2)))))))/(e^8*(1 + m)*(2 + m)*(3 + m)*(4 + m)*(5 + m)*(6 + m)*(7 + m)*(8 + m))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^3 (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(-\frac{c(d + ex)^{m+3} (-3a^2Be^4 + 12aAcde^3 - 30aBcd^2e^2 + 20Ac^2d^3e - 35Bc^2d^4)}{e^7} - \frac{3c^2(d + ex)^{m+5} (-aBe^2 + \dots)}{e^7} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{c(d+ex)^{m+4} (4Acde(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) - B(3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4))}{e^{8(m+4)}} + \\
& \frac{3c^2(d+ex)^{m+6} (aBe^2 - 2Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{e^{8(m+6)}} - \\
& \frac{c^2(d+ex)^{m+5} (-3aAe^3 + 15aBde^2 - 15Acd^2e + 35Bcd^3)}{e^{8(m+5)}} - \\
& \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3 (Bd - Ae)(d+ex)^{m+1}}{e^{8(m+1)}} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2 (d+ex)^{m+2} (aBe^2 - 6Acde + 7Bcd^2)}{e^{8(m+2)}} - \\
& \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2) (d+ex)^{m+3} (-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 5Acd^2e + 7Bcd^3)}{e^{8(m+3)}} - \\
& \frac{c^3(7Bd - Ae)(d+ex)^{m+7}}{e^{8(m+7)}} + \frac{Bc^3(d+ex)^{m+8}}{e^{8(m+8)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-(((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(e^8*(1 + m))) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 6*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(2 + m))/(e^8*(2 + m)) - (3*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*B*c*d^3 - 5*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^(3 + m))/(e^8*(3 + m)) - (c*(4*A*c*d*e*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - B*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4))*(d + e*x)^(4 + m))/(e^8*(4 + m)) - (c^2*(35*B*c*d^3 - 15*A*c*d^2*e + 15*a*B*d*e^2 - 3*a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^(5 + m))/(e^8*(5 + m)) + (3*c^2*(7*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(6 + m))/(e^8*(6 + m)) - (c^3*(7*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^(7 + m))/(e^8*(7 + m)) + (B*c^3*(d + e*x)^(8 + m))/(e^8*(8 + m))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2311 vs. $2(372) = 744$.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2312, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.22

method	result	size
norman	Expression too large to display	2312
gosper	Expression too large to display	3176
oring	Expression too large to display	3179
risch	Expression too large to display	3864
parallelsch	Expression too large to display	5537

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
B*c^3/(8+m)*x^8*exp(m*ln(e*x+d))+d*(A*a^3*e^7*m^7+35*A*a^3*e^7*m^6-B*a^3*d
*e^6*m^6+511*A*a^3*e^7*m^5+6*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5*m^5-33*B*a^3*d*e^6*m^5+4025*A
*a^3*e^7*m^4+180*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5*m^4-445*B*a^3*d*e^6*m^4-18*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^
4*m^4+18424*A*a^3*e^7*m^3+2130*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^5*m^3+72*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3*m^3-
3135*B*a^3*d*e^6*m^3-468*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4*m^3+48860*A*a^3*e^7*m^2+12420*A*a
^2*c*d^2*e^5*m^2+1512*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3*m^2-12154*B*a^3*d*e^6*m^2-4518*B*a^2
*c*d^3*e^4*m^2-360*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2*m^2+69264*A*a^3*e^7*m+35664*A*a^2*c*d^2
*e^5*m+10512*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3*m+720*A*c^3*d^6*e*m-24552*B*a^3*d*e^6*m-19188
*B*a^2*c*d^3*e^4*m-5400*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2*m+40320*A*a^3*e^7+40320*A*a^2*c*d^
2*e^5+24192*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^3+5760*A*c^3*d^6*e-20160*B*a^3*d*e^6-30240*B*a^2
*c*d^3*e^4-20160*B*a*c^2*d^5*e^2-5040*B*c^3*d^7)/e^8/(m^8+36*m^7+546*m^6+4
536*m^5+22449*m^4+67284*m^3+118124*m^2+109584*m+40320)*exp(m*ln(e*x+d))+(3
*A*a^2*c*d*e^5*m^6+B*a^3*e^6*m^6+90*A*a^2*c*d*e^5*m^5+33*B*a^3*e^6*m^5-9*B
*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*m^5+1065*A*a^2*c*d*e^5*m^4+36*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*m^4+445*B*a^3
*e^6*m^4-234*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*m^4+6210*A*a^2*c*d*e^5*m^3+756*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^
3*m^3+3135*B*a^3*e^6*m^3-2259*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*m^3-180*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*m^3+
17832*A*a^2*c*d*e^5*m^2+5256*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*m^2+360*A*c^3*d^5*e*m^2+12154
*B*a^3*e^6*m^2-9594*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*m^2-2700*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*m^2+20160*A*a
^2*c*d*e^5*m+12096*A*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*m+2880*A*c^3*d^5*e*m+24552*B*a^3*e^6*m-
15120*B*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*m-10080*B*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*m-2520*B*c^3*d^6*m+20160*...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3116 vs. $2(372) = 744$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3116, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.38

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 46038 vs. $2(366) = 732$.

Time = 11.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46038, normalized size of antiderivative = 123.76

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+a)**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((d**m*(A*a**3*x + A*a**2*c*x**3 + 3*A*a*c**2*x**5/5 + A*c**3*x**
7/7 + B*a**3*x**2/2 + 3*B*a**2*c*x**4/4 + B*a*c**2*x**6/2 + B*c**3*x**8/8)
, Eq(e, 0)), (-60*A*a**3*e**7/(420*d**7*e**8 + 2940*d**6*e**9*x + 8820*d**
5*e**10*x**2 + 14700*d**4*e**11*x**3 + 14700*d**3*e**12*x**4 + 8820*d**2*e
**13*x**5 + 2940*d*e**14*x**6 + 420*e**15*x**7) - 12*A*a**2*c*d**2*e**5/(4
20*d**7*e**8 + 2940*d**6*e**9*x + 8820*d**5*e**10*x**2 + 14700*d**4*e**11*
x**3 + 14700*d**3*e**12*x**4 + 8820*d**2*e**13*x**5 + 2940*d*e**14*x**6 +
420*e**15*x**7) - 84*A*a**2*c*d*e**6*x/(420*d**7*e**8 + 2940*d**6*e**9*x +
8820*d**5*e**10*x**2 + 14700*d**4*e**11*x**3 + 14700*d**3*e**12*x**4 + 88
20*d**2*e**13*x**5 + 2940*d*e**14*x**6 + 420*e**15*x**7) - 252*A*a**2*c*e
**7*x**2/(420*d**7*e**8 + 2940*d**6*e**9*x + 8820*d**5*e**10*x**2 + 14700*d
**4*e**11*x**3 + 14700*d**3*e**12*x**4 + 8820*d**2*e**13*x**5 + 2940*d*e**
14*x**6 + 420*e**15*x**7) - 12*A*a*c**2*d**4*e**3/(420*d**7*e**8 + 2940*d*
**6*e**9*x + 8820*d**5*e**10*x**2 + 14700*d**4*e**11*x**3 + 14700*d**3*e**1
2*x**4 + 8820*d**2*e**13*x**5 + 2940*d*e**14*x**6 + 420*e**15*x**7) - 84*A
*a*c**2*d**3*e**4*x/(420*d**7*e**8 + 2940*d**6*e**9*x + 8820*d**5*e**10*x*
**2 + 14700*d**4*e**11*x**3 + 14700*d**3*e**12*x**4 + 8820*d**2*e**13*x**5
+ 2940*d*e**14*x**6 + 420*e**15*x**7) - 252*A*a*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**2/(420*d
**7*e**8 + 2940*d**6*e**9*x + 8820*d**5*e**10*x**2 + 14700*d**4*e**11*x**3
+ 14700*d**3*e**12*x**4 + 8820*d**2*e**13*x**5 + 2940*d*e**14*x**6 + 4...
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1104 vs. $2(372) = 744$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1104, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(e^2*(m + 1)*x^2 + d*e*m*x - d^2)*(e*x + d)^m*B*a^3/((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^2)
+ (e*x + d)^(m + 1)*A*a^3/(e*(m + 1)) + 3*((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^3*x^3 + (m^2
+ m)*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e*m*x + 2*d^3)*(e*x + d)^m*A*a^2*c/((m^3 + 6*m^2 +
11*m + 6)*e^3) + 3*((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^4*x^4 + (m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)
*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*(m^2 + m)*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*d^3*e*m*x - 6*d^4)*(e*x + d)^m*B*
a^2*c/((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)*e^4) + 3*((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^
2 + 50*m + 24)*e^5*x^5 + (m^4 + 6*m^3 + 11*m^2 + 6*m)*d*e^4*x^4 - 4*(m^3 +
3*m^2 + 2*m)*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 12*(m^2 + m)*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 24*d^4*e*m*x + 24*d
^5)*(e*x + d)^m*A*a*c^2/((m^5 + 15*m^4 + 85*m^3 + 225*m^2 + 274*m + 120)*e
^5) + 3*((m^5 + 15*m^4 + 85*m^3 + 225*m^2 + 274*m + 120)*e^6*x^6 + (m^5 +
10*m^4 + 35*m^3 + 50*m^2 + 24*m)*d*e^5*x^5 - 5*(m^4 + 6*m^3 + 11*m^2 + 6*m)
*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 20*(m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 60*(m^2 + m)*d^4*e^2*
x^2 + 120*d^5*e*m*x - 120*d^6)*(e*x + d)^m*B*a*c^2/((m^6 + 21*m^5 + 175*m^
4 + 735*m^3 + 1624*m^2 + 1764*m + 720)*e^6) + ((m^6 + 21*m^5 + 175*m^4 + 7
35*m^3 + 1624*m^2 + 1764*m + 720)*e^7*x^7 + (m^6 + 15*m^5 + 85*m^4 + 225*m
^3 + 274*m^2 + 120*m)*d*e^6*x^6 - 6*(m^5 + 10*m^4 + 35*m^3 + 50*m^2 + 24*m)
*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 30*(m^4 + 6*m^3 + 11*m^2 + 6*m)*d^3*e^4*x^4 - 120*(m^3 + 3
*m^2 + 2*m)*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 360*(m^2 + m)*d^5*e^2*x^2 - 720*d^6*e*m*x + 720*
d^7)*(e*x + d)^m*A*c^3/((m^7 + 28*m^6 + 322*m^5 + 1960*m^4 + 6769*m^3 + 13
132*m^2 + 13068*m + 5040)*e^7) + ((m^7 + 28*m^6 + 322*m^5 + 1960*m^4 + ...
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5562 vs. $2(372) = 744$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5562, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.95

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

((e*x + d)^m*B*c^3*e^8*m^7*x^8 + (e*x + d)^m*B*c^3*d*e^7*m^7*x^7 + (e*x +
d)^m*A*c^3*e^8*m^7*x^7 + 28*(e*x + d)^m*B*c^3*e^8*m^6*x^8 + (e*x + d)^m*A*
c^3*d*e^7*m^7*x^6 + 3*(e*x + d)^m*B*a*c^2*e^8*m^7*x^6 + 21*(e*x + d)^m*B*c
^3*d*e^7*m^6*x^7 + 29*(e*x + d)^m*A*c^3*e^8*m^6*x^7 + 322*(e*x + d)^m*B*c^
3*e^8*m^5*x^8 + 3*(e*x + d)^m*B*a*c^2*d*e^7*m^7*x^5 + 3*(e*x + d)^m*A*a*c^
2*e^8*m^7*x^5 - 7*(e*x + d)^m*B*c^3*d^2*e^6*m^6*x^6 + 23*(e*x + d)^m*A*c^3
*d*e^7*m^6*x^6 + 90*(e*x + d)^m*B*a*c^2*e^8*m^6*x^6 + 175*(e*x + d)^m*B*c^
3*d*e^7*m^5*x^7 + 343*(e*x + d)^m*A*c^3*e^8*m^5*x^7 + 1960*(e*x + d)^m*B*c
^3*e^8*m^4*x^8 + 3*(e*x + d)^m*A*a*c^2*d*e^7*m^7*x^4 + 3*(e*x + d)^m*B*a^2
*c*e^8*m^7*x^4 - 6*(e*x + d)^m*A*c^3*d^2*e^6*m^6*x^5 + 75*(e*x + d)^m*B*a*
c^2*d*e^7*m^6*x^5 + 93*(e*x + d)^m*A*a*c^2*e^8*m^6*x^5 - 105*(e*x + d)^m*B
*c^3*d^2*e^6*m^5*x^6 + 205*(e*x + d)^m*A*c^3*d*e^7*m^5*x^6 + 1098*(e*x + d
)^m*B*a*c^2*e^8*m^5*x^6 + 735*(e*x + d)^m*B*c^3*d*e^7*m^4*x^7 + 2135*(e*x
+ d)^m*A*c^3*e^8*m^4*x^7 + 6769*(e*x + d)^m*B*c^3*e^8*m^3*x^8 + 3*(e*x + d
)^m*B*a^2*c*d*e^7*m^7*x^3 + 3*(e*x + d)^m*A*a^2*c*e^8*m^7*x^3 - 15*(e*x +
d)^m*B*a*c^2*d^2*e^6*m^6*x^4 + 81*(e*x + d)^m*A*a*c^2*d*e^7*m^6*x^4 + 96*(
e*x + d)^m*B*a^2*c*e^8*m^6*x^4 + 42*(e*x + d)^m*B*c^3*d^3*e^5*m^5*x^5 - 10
8*(e*x + d)^m*A*c^3*d^2*e^6*m^5*x^5 + 723*(e*x + d)^m*B*a*c^2*d*e^7*m^5*x^
5 + 1173*(e*x + d)^m*A*a*c^2*e^8*m^5*x^5 - 595*(e*x + d)^m*B*c^3*d^2*e^6*m
^4*x^6 + 905*(e*x + d)^m*A*c^3*d*e^7*m^4*x^6 + 7020*(e*x + d)^m*B*a*c^2...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2585, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.95

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^m,x)
```

output

```

((d + e*x)^m*(40320*A*a^3*d*e^7 - 5040*B*c^3*d^8 + 5760*A*c^3*d^7*e - 2016
0*B*a^3*d^2*e^6 + 24192*A*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 40320*A*a^2*c*d^3*e^5 - 20160*B*
a*c^2*d^6*e^2 - 30240*B*a^2*c*d^4*e^4 + 48860*A*a^3*d*e^7*m^2 + 18424*A*a^
3*d*e^7*m^3 + 4025*A*a^3*d*e^7*m^4 + 511*A*a^3*d*e^7*m^5 + 35*A*a^3*d*e^7*
m^6 + A*a^3*d*e^7*m^7 - 24552*B*a^3*d^2*e^6*m - 12154*B*a^3*d^2*e^6*m^2 -
3135*B*a^3*d^2*e^6*m^3 - 445*B*a^3*d^2*e^6*m^4 - 33*B*a^3*d^2*e^6*m^5 - B*
a^3*d^2*e^6*m^6 + 69264*A*a^3*d*e^7*m + 720*A*c^3*d^7*e*m + 1512*A*a*c^2*d
^5*e^3*m^2 + 12420*A*a^2*c*d^3*e^5*m^2 + 72*A*a*c^2*d^5*e^3*m^3 + 2130*A*a
^2*c*d^3*e^5*m^3 + 180*A*a^2*c*d^3*e^5*m^4 + 6*A*a^2*c*d^3*e^5*m^5 - 360*B
*a*c^2*d^6*e^2*m^2 - 4518*B*a^2*c*d^4*e^4*m^2 - 468*B*a^2*c*d^4*e^4*m^3 -
18*B*a^2*c*d^4*e^4*m^4 + 10512*A*a*c^2*d^5*e^3*m + 35664*A*a^2*c*d^3*e^5*m
- 5400*B*a*c^2*d^6*e^2*m - 19188*B*a^2*c*d^4*e^4*m))/(e^8*(109584*m + 118
124*m^2 + 67284*m^3 + 22449*m^4 + 4536*m^5 + 546*m^6 + 36*m^7 + m^8 + 4032
0)) + (x*(d + e*x)^m*(40320*A*a^3*e^8 + 69264*A*a^3*e^8*m + 48860*A*a^3*e^
8*m^2 + 18424*A*a^3*e^8*m^3 + 4025*A*a^3*e^8*m^4 + 511*A*a^3*e^8*m^5 + 35*
A*a^3*e^8*m^6 + A*a^3*e^8*m^7 + 24552*B*a^3*d*e^7*m^2 + 12154*B*a^3*d*e^7*
m^3 + 3135*B*a^3*d*e^7*m^4 + 445*B*a^3*d*e^7*m^5 + 33*B*a^3*d*e^7*m^6 + B*
a^3*d*e^7*m^7 - 5760*A*c^3*d^6*e^2*m - 720*A*c^3*d^6*e^2*m^2 + 20160*B*a^3
*d*e^7*m + 5040*B*c^3*d^7*e*m - 10512*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^4*m^2 - 35664*A*a^2*c*
d^2*e^6*m^2 - 1512*A*a*c^2*d^4*e^4*m^3 - 12420*A*a^2*c*d^2*e^6*m^3 - 72...

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3854, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.36

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+a)^3,x)
```

output

```
((d + e*x)**m*(a**4*d*e**7*m**7 + 35*a**4*d*e**7*m**6 + 511*a**4*d*e**7*m**5 + 4025*a**4*d*e**7*m**4 + 18424*a**4*d*e**7*m**3 + 48860*a**4*d*e**7*m**2 + 69264*a**4*d*e**7*m + 40320*a**4*d*e**7 + a**4*e**8*m**7*x + 35*a**4*e**8*m**6*x + 511*a**4*e**8*m**5*x + 4025*a**4*e**8*m**4*x + 18424*a**4*e**8*m**3*x + 48860*a**4*e**8*m**2*x + 69264*a**4*e**8*m*x + 40320*a**4*e**8*x - a**3*b*d**2*e**6*m**6 - 33*a**3*b*d**2*e**6*m**5 - 445*a**3*b*d**2*e**6*m**4 - 3135*a**3*b*d**2*e**6*m**3 - 12154*a**3*b*d**2*e**6*m**2 - 24552*a**3*b*d**2*e**6*m - 20160*a**3*b*d**2*e**6 + a**3*b*d*e**7*m**7*x + 33*a**3*b*d*e**7*m**6*x + 445*a**3*b*d*e**7*m**5*x + 3135*a**3*b*d*e**7*m**4*x + 12154*a**3*b*d*e**7*m**3*x + 24552*a**3*b*d*e**7*m**2*x + 20160*a**3*b*d*e**7*m*x + a**3*b*e**8*m**7*x**2 + 34*a**3*b*e**8*m**6*x**2 + 478*a**3*b*e**8*m**5*x**2 + 3580*a**3*b*e**8*m**4*x**2 + 15289*a**3*b*e**8*m**3*x**2 + 36706*a**3*b*e**8*m**2*x**2 + 44712*a**3*b*e**8*m*x**2 + 20160*a**3*b*e**8*x**2 + 6*a**3*c*d**3*e**5*m**5 + 180*a**3*c*d**3*e**5*m**4 + 2130*a**3*c*d**3*e**5*m**3 + 12420*a**3*c*d**3*e**5*m**2 + 35664*a**3*c*d**3*e**5*m + 40320*a**3*c*d**3*e**5 - 6*a**3*c*d**2*e**6*m**6*x - 180*a**3*c*d**2*e**6*m**5*x - 2130*a**3*c*d**2*e**6*m**4*x - 12420*a**3*c*d**2*e**6*m**3*x - 35664*a**3*c*d**2*e**6*m**2*x - 40320*a**3*c*d**2*e**6*m*x + 3*a**3*c*d*e**7*m**7*x**2 + 93*a**3*c*d*e**7*m**6*x**2 + 1155*a**3*c*d*e**7*m**5*x**2 + 7275*a**3*c*d*e**7*m**4*x**2 + 24042*a**3*c*d*e**7*m**3*x**2 + 37992*...
```


3.296 $\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2528
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2529
Rubi [A] (verified)	2529
Maple [B] (verified)	2531
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2532
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2533
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2534
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2535
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2536
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2536

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 234

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^2 dx \\ &= -\frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^{1+m}}{e^6(1 + m)} \\ & \quad + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)(5Bcd^2 - 4Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^{2+m}}{e^6(2 + m)} \\ & \quad - \frac{2c(5Bcd^3 - 3Acd^2e + 3aBde^2 - aAe^3)(d + ex)^{3+m}}{e^6(3 + m)} \\ & \quad + \frac{2c(5Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^{4+m}}{e^6(4 + m)} \\ & \quad - \frac{c^2(5Bd - Ae)(d + ex)^{5+m}}{e^6(5 + m)} + \frac{Bc^2(d + ex)^{6+m}}{e^6(6 + m)} \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/e^6/(1+m)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-4*A*c*
d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(2+m)/e^6/(2+m)-2*c*(-A*a*e^3-3*A*c*d^2*e+3
*B*a*d*e^2+5*B*c*d^3)*(e*x+d)^(3+m)/e^6/(3+m)+2*c*(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+5*B*
c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(4+m)/e^6/(4+m)-c^2*(-A*e+5*B*d)*(e*x+d)^(5+m)/e^6/(5+m)+B*
c^2*(e*x+d)^(6+m)/e^6/(6+m)
    
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(d + ex)^{1+m} \left(- \left((Bd - Ae)(6 + m) \left(e^4(1 + m)(2 + m)(3 + m)(4 + m) (a + cx^2)^2 + 4(cd^2 + ae^2) (4 + m) \right) \right) \right)}{e^6(1 + m)(2 + m)(3 + m)(4 + m)(5 + m)(6 + m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(-(B*d - A*e)*(6 + m)*(e^4*(1 + m)*(2 + m)*(3 + m)*(4 + m)*(a + c*x^2)^2 + 4*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(4 + m)*(a*e^2*(6 + 5*m + m^2) + c*(2*d^2 - 2*d*e*(1 + m)*x + e^2*(2 + 3*m + m^2)*x^2)) - 4*c*d*(1 + m)*(d + e*x)*(a*e^2*(12 + 7*m + m^2) + c*(2*d^2 - 2*d*e*(2 + m)*x + e^2*(6 + 5*m + m^2)*x^2)))) + B*(1 + m)*(d + e*x)*(e^4*(2 + m)*(3 + m)*(4 + m)*(5 + m)*(a + c*x^2)^2 + 4*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5 + m)*(a*e^2*(12 + 7*m + m^2) + c*(2*d^2 - 2*d*e*(2 + m)*x + e^2*(6 + 5*m + m^2)*x^2)) - 4*c*d*(2 + m)*(d + e*x)*(a*e^2*(20 + 9*m + m^2) + c*(2*d^2 - 2*d*e*(3 + m)*x + e^2*(12 + 7*m + m^2)*x^2)))))/(e^6*(1 + m)*(2 + m)*(3 + m)*(4 + m)*(5 + m)*(6 + m))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^2 (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2 (Ae - Bd)(d + ex)^m}{e^5} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2) (d + ex)^{m+1} (aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^5} - \frac{2c(d + ex)^{m+3}}{e^5} \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2 (Bd - Ae)(d + ex)^{m+1}}{e^{6(m+1)}} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(d + ex)^{m+2} (aBe^2 - 4Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^{6(m+2)}} + \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \frac{2c(d + ex)^{m+4} (aBe^2 - 2Acde + 5Bcd^2)}{e^{6(m+4)}} - \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \frac{2c(d + ex)^{m+3} (-aAe^3 + 3aBde^2 - 3Acd^2e + 5Bcd^3)}{e^{6(m+3)}} - \frac{c^2(5Bd - Ae)(d + ex)^{m+5}}{e^{6(m+5)}} + \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \frac{Bc^2(d + ex)^{m+6}}{e^{6(m+6)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-(((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(e^6*(1 + m))) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*B*c*d^2 - 4*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(2 + m))/(e^6*(2 + m)) - (2*c*(5*B*c*d^3 - 3*A*c*d^2*e + 3*a*B*d*e^2 - a*A*e^3)*(d + e*x)^(3 + m))/(e^6*(3 + m)) + (2*c*(5*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(4 + m))/(e^6*(4 + m)) - (c^2*(5*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^(5 + m))/(e^6*(5 + m)) + (B*c^2*(d + e*x)^(6 + m))/(e^6*(6 + m))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1083 vs. $2(234) = 468$.

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1084, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.63

method	result	size
norman	Expression too large to display	1084
gosper	Expression too large to display	1271
oring	Expression too large to display	1274
risch	Expression too large to display	1639
parallelsch	Expression too large to display	2517

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
B*c^2/(6+m)*x^6*exp(m*ln(e*x+d))+d*(A*a^2*e^5*m^5+20*A*a^2*e^5*m^4-B*a^2*d
*e^4*m^4+155*A*a^2*e^5*m^3+4*A*a*c*d^2*e^3*m^3-18*B*a^2*d*e^4*m^3+580*A*a^
2*e^5*m^2+60*A*a*c*d^2*e^3*m^2-119*B*a^2*d*e^4*m^2-12*B*a*c*d^3*e^2*m^2+10
44*A*a^2*e^5*m+296*A*a*c*d^2*e^3*m+24*A*c^2*d^4*e*m-342*B*a^2*d*e^4*m-132*
B*a*c*d^3*e^2*m+720*A*a^2*e^5+480*A*a*c*d^2*e^3+144*A*c^2*d^4*e-360*B*a^2*
d*e^4-360*B*a*c*d^3*e^2-120*B*c^2*d^5)/e^6/(m^6+21*m^5+175*m^4+735*m^3+162
4*m^2+1764*m+720)*exp(m*ln(e*x+d))+(2*A*a*c*d*e^3*m^4+B*a^2*e^4*m^4+30*A*a
*c*d*e^3*m^3+18*B*a^2*e^4*m^3-6*B*a*c*d^2*e^2*m^3+148*A*a*c*d*e^3*m^2+12*A
*c^2*d^3*e*m^2+119*B*a^2*e^4*m^2-66*B*a*c*d^2*e^2*m^2+240*A*a*c*d*e^3*m+72
*A*c^2*d^3*e*m+342*B*a^2*e^4*m-180*B*a*c*d^2*e^2*m-60*B*c^2*d^4*m+360*B*a^
2*e^4)/e^4/(m^5+20*m^4+155*m^3+580*m^2+1044*m+720)*x^2*exp(m*ln(e*x+d))+(A
*a^2*e^5*m^5+B*a^2*d*e^4*m^5+20*A*a^2*e^5*m^4-4*A*a*c*d^2*e^3*m^4+18*B*a^2
*d*e^4*m^4+155*A*a^2*e^5*m^3-60*A*a*c*d^2*e^3*m^3+119*B*a^2*d*e^4*m^3+12*B
*a*c*d^3*e^2*m^3+580*A*a^2*e^5*m^2-296*A*a*c*d^2*e^3*m^2-24*A*c^2*d^4*e*m^
2+342*B*a^2*d*e^4*m^2+132*B*a*c*d^3*e^2*m^2+1044*A*a^2*e^5*m-480*A*a*c*d^2
*e^3*m-144*A*c^2*d^4*e*m+360*B*a^2*d*e^4*m+360*B*a*c*d^3*e^2*m+120*B*c^2*d
^5*m+720*A*a^2*e^5)/e^5/(m^6+21*m^5+175*m^4+735*m^3+1624*m^2+1764*m+720)*x
*exp(m*ln(e*x+d))+c*(A*c*d*e*m^2+2*B*a*e^2*m^2+6*A*c*d*e*m+22*B*a*e^2*m-5*
B*c*d^2*m+60*B*a*e^2)/e^2/(m^3+15*m^2+74*m+120)*x^4*exp(m*ln(e*x+d))+(A*e*
m+B*d*m+6*A*e)*c^2/e/(m^2+11*m+30)*x^5*exp(m*ln(e*x+d))+2*(A*a*e^3*m^3+...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1373 vs. $2(234) = 468$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1373, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.87

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
(A*a^2*d*e^5*m^5 - 120*B*c^2*d^6 + 144*A*c^2*d^5*e - 360*B*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 4
80*A*a*c*d^3*e^3 - 360*B*a^2*d^2*e^4 + 720*A*a^2*d*e^5 + (B*c^2*e^6*m^5 +
15*B*c^2*e^6*m^4 + 85*B*c^2*e^6*m^3 + 225*B*c^2*e^6*m^2 + 274*B*c^2*e^6*m
+ 120*B*c^2*e^6)*x^6 + (144*A*c^2*e^6 + (B*c^2*d*e^5 + A*c^2*e^6)*m^5 + 2*
(5*B*c^2*d*e^5 + 8*A*c^2*e^6)*m^4 + 5*(7*B*c^2*d*e^5 + 19*A*c^2*e^6)*m^3 +
10*(5*B*c^2*d*e^5 + 26*A*c^2*e^6)*m^2 + 12*(2*B*c^2*d*e^5 + 27*A*c^2*e^6)
*m)*x^5 - (B*a^2*d^2*e^4 - 20*A*a^2*d*e^5)*m^4 + (360*B*a*c*e^6 + (A*c^2*d
e^5 + 2*B*a*c*e^6)*m^5 - (5*B*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 12*A*c^2*d*e^5 - 34*B*a*c*e^6
)*m^4 - (30*B*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 47*A*c^2*d*e^5 - 214*B*a*c*e^6)*m^3 - (55*B*c^
2*d^2*e^4 - 72*A*c^2*d*e^5 - 614*B*a*c*e^6)*m^2 - 6*(5*B*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 6*A
*c^2*d*e^5 - 132*B*a*c*e^6)*m)*x^4 + (4*A*a*c*d^3*e^3 - 18*B*a^2*d^2*e^4 +
155*A*a^2*d*e^5)*m^3 + 2*(240*A*a*c*e^6 + (B*a*c*d*e^5 + A*a*c*e^6)*m^5 -
2*(A*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 7*B*a*c*d*e^5 - 9*A*a*c*e^6)*m^4 + (10*B*c^2*d^3*e^3 -
18*A*c^2*d^2*e^4 + 65*B*a*c*d*e^5 + 121*A*a*c*e^6)*m^3 + 2*(15*B*c^2*d^3*
e^3 - 20*A*c^2*d^2*e^4 + 56*B*a*c*d*e^5 + 186*A*a*c*e^6)*m^2 + 4*(5*B*c^2*
d^3*e^3 - 6*A*c^2*d^2*e^4 + 15*B*a*c*d*e^5 + 127*A*a*c*e^6)*m)*x^3 - (12*B
*a*c*d^4*e^2 - 60*A*a*c*d^3*e^3 + 119*B*a^2*d^2*e^4 - 580*A*a^2*d*e^5)*m^2
+ (360*B*a^2*e^6 + (2*A*a*c*d*e^5 + B*a^2*e^6)*m^5 - (6*B*a*c*d^2*e^4 - 3
2*A*a*c*d*e^5 - 19*B*a^2*e^6)*m^4 + (12*A*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 72*B*a*c*d^2*e^4 +
178*A*a*c*d*e^5 + 137*B*a^2*e^6)*m^3 - (60*B*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 84*A*c^2*d^...
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 16458 vs. $2(226) = 452$.

Time = 4.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16458, normalized size of antiderivative = 70.33

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise(((d**m*(A*a**2*x + 2*A*a*c*x**3/3 + A*c**2*x**5/5 + B*a**2*x**2/2 + B*a*c*x**4/2 + B*c**2*x**6/6), Eq(e, 0)), (-12*A*a**2*e**5/(60*d**5*e**6 + 300*d**4*e**7*x + 600*d**3*e**8*x**2 + 600*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 300*d*e**10*x**4 + 60*e**11*x**5) - 4*A*a*c*d**2*e**3/(60*d**5*e**6 + 300*d**4*e**7*x + 600*d**3*e**8*x**2 + 600*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 300*d*e**10*x**4 + 60*e**11*x**5) - 20*A*a*c*d*e**4*x/(60*d**5*e**6 + 300*d**4*e**7*x + 600*d**3*e**8*x**2 + 600*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 300*d*e**10*x**4 + 60*e**11*x**5) - 40*A*a*c*e**5*x**2/(60*d**5*e**6 + 300*d**4*e**7*x + 600*d**3*e**8*x**2 + 600*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 300*d*e**10*x**4 + 60*e**11*x**5) - 12*A*c**2*d**4*e/(60*d**5*e**6 + 300*d**4*e**7*x + 600*d**3*e**8*x**2 + 600*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 300*d*e**10*x**4 + 60*e**11*x**5) - 60*A*c**2*d**3*e**2*x/(60*d**5*e**6 + 300*d**4*e**7*x + 600*d**3*e**8*x**2 + 600*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 300*d*e**10*x**4 + 60*e**11*x**5) - 120*A*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2/(60*d**5*e**6 + 300*d**4*e**7*x + 600*d**3*e**8*x**2 + 600*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 300*d*e**10*x**4 + 60*e**11*x**5) - 120*A*c**2*d*e**4*x**3/(60*d**5*e**6 + 300*d**4*e**7*x + 600*d**3*e**8*x**2 + 600*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 300*d*e**10*x**4 + 60*e**11*x**5) - 60*A*c**2*e**5*x**4/(60*d**5*e**6 + 300*d**4*e**7*x + 600*d**3*e**8*x**2 + 600*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 300*d*e**10*x**4 + 60*e**11*x**5) - 3*B*a**2*d*e**4/(60*d**5*e**6 + 300*d**4*e**7*x + 600*d**3*e**8*x**2 + 600*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 300*d*e**10*x**4 + 60*e**11*x**5) - 15*B*a**2*e**5*x/(60*d**5*e**6 + 300*d**4*...`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 575 vs. $2(234) = 468$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 575, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(e^2(m+1)x^2 + demx - d^2)(ex + d)^m Ba^2}{(m^2 + 3m + 2)e^2} + \frac{(ex + d)^{m+1} Aa^2}{e(m+1)}$$

$$+ \frac{2((m^2 + 3m + 2)e^3x^3 + (m^2 + m)de^2x^2 - 2d^2emx + 2d^3)(ex + d)^m Aac}{(m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6)e^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2((m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6)e^4x^4 + (m^3 + 3m^2 + 2m)de^3x^3 - 3(m^2 + m)d^2e^2x^2 + 6d^3emx - 6d^4)(ex + d)^m Aac}{(m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24)e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{((m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24)e^5x^5 + (m^4 + 6m^3 + 11m^2 + 6m)de^4x^4 - 4(m^3 + 3m^2 + 2m)d^2e^3x^3 - 12(m^2 + m)d^3e^2x^2 + 24d^4emx - 24d^5)(ex + d)^m Aac}{(m^5 + 15m^4 + 85m^3 + 225m^2 + 274m + 120)e^5}$$

$$+ \frac{((m^5 + 15m^4 + 85m^3 + 225m^2 + 274m + 120)e^6x^6 + (m^5 + 10m^4 + 35m^3 + 50m^2 + 24m)de^5x^5 - 5(m^4 + 6m^3 + 11m^2 + 6m)d^2e^4x^4 + 20(m^3 + 3m^2 + 2m)d^3e^3x^3 - 60(m^2 + m)d^4e^2x^2 + 120d^5emx - 120d^6)(ex + d)^m Bc^2}{(m^6 + 21m^5 + 175m^4 + 735m^3 + 1624m^2 + 1764m + 720)e^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(e^2*(m + 1)*x^2 + d*e*m*x - d^2)*(e*x + d)^m*B*a^2/((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^2)
+ (e*x + d)^(m + 1)*A*a^2/(e*(m + 1)) + 2*((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^3*x^3 + (m^2
+ m)*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e*m*x + 2*d^3)*(e*x + d)^m*A*a*c/((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11
*m + 6)*e^3) + 2*((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^4*x^4 + (m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d
*e^3*x^3 - 3*(m^2 + m)*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*d^3*e*m*x - 6*d^4)*(e*x + d)^m*B*a*
c/((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)*e^4) + ((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50
*m + 24)*e^5*x^5 + (m^4 + 6*m^3 + 11*m^2 + 6*m)*d*e^4*x^4 - 4*(m^3 + 3*m^2
+ 2*m)*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 12*(m^2 + m)*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 24*d^4*e*m*x + 24*d^5)*(e
*x + d)^m*A*c^2/((m^5 + 15*m^4 + 85*m^3 + 225*m^2 + 274*m + 120)*e^5) + ((
m^5 + 15*m^4 + 85*m^3 + 225*m^2 + 274*m + 120)*e^6*x^6 + (m^5 + 10*m^4 + 3
5*m^3 + 50*m^2 + 24*m)*d*e^5*x^5 - 5*(m^4 + 6*m^3 + 11*m^2 + 6*m)*d^2*e^4*
x^4 + 20*(m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 60*(m^2 + m)*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 120*
d^5*e*m*x - 120*d^6)*(e*x + d)^m*B*c^2/((m^6 + 21*m^5 + 175*m^4 + 735*m^3
+ 1624*m^2 + 1764*m + 720)*e^6)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2435 vs. $2(234) = 468$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2435, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.41

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
((e*x + d)^m*B*c^2*e^6*m^5*x^6 + (e*x + d)^m*B*c^2*d*e^5*m^5*x^5 + (e*x +
d)^m*A*c^2*e^6*m^5*x^5 + 15*(e*x + d)^m*B*c^2*e^6*m^4*x^6 + (e*x + d)^m*A*
c^2*d*e^5*m^5*x^4 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*B*a*c*e^6*m^5*x^4 + 10*(e*x + d)^m*B*c^2
*d*e^5*m^4*x^5 + 16*(e*x + d)^m*A*c^2*e^6*m^4*x^5 + 85*(e*x + d)^m*B*c^2*e
^6*m^3*x^6 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*B*a*c*d*e^5*m^5*x^3 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*A*a*c*e^6*m
^5*x^3 - 5*(e*x + d)^m*B*c^2*d^2*e^4*m^4*x^4 + 12*(e*x + d)^m*A*c^2*d*e^5*
m^4*x^4 + 34*(e*x + d)^m*B*a*c*e^6*m^4*x^4 + 35*(e*x + d)^m*B*c^2*d*e^5*m^
3*x^5 + 95*(e*x + d)^m*A*c^2*e^6*m^3*x^5 + 225*(e*x + d)^m*B*c^2*e^6*m^2*x
^6 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*A*a*c*d*e^5*m^5*x^2 + (e*x + d)^m*B*a^2*e^6*m^5*x^2 - 4
*(e*x + d)^m*A*c^2*d^2*e^4*m^4*x^3 + 28*(e*x + d)^m*B*a*c*d*e^5*m^4*x^3 +
36*(e*x + d)^m*A*a*c*e^6*m^4*x^3 - 30*(e*x + d)^m*B*c^2*d^2*e^4*m^3*x^4 +
47*(e*x + d)^m*A*c^2*d*e^5*m^3*x^4 + 214*(e*x + d)^m*B*a*c*e^6*m^3*x^4 + 5
0*(e*x + d)^m*B*c^2*d*e^5*m^2*x^5 + 260*(e*x + d)^m*A*c^2*e^6*m^2*x^5 + 27
4*(e*x + d)^m*B*c^2*e^6*m*x^6 + (e*x + d)^m*B*a^2*d*e^5*m^5*x + (e*x + d)^
m*A*a^2*e^6*m^5*x - 6*(e*x + d)^m*B*a*c*d^2*e^4*m^4*x^2 + 32*(e*x + d)^m*A
*a*c*d*e^5*m^4*x^2 + 19*(e*x + d)^m*B*a^2*e^6*m^4*x^2 + 20*(e*x + d)^m*B*c
^2*d^3*e^3*m^3*x^3 - 36*(e*x + d)^m*A*c^2*d^2*e^4*m^3*x^3 + 130*(e*x + d)^
m*B*a*c*d*e^5*m^3*x^3 + 242*(e*x + d)^m*A*a*c*e^6*m^3*x^3 - 55*(e*x + d)^m
*B*c^2*d^2*e^4*m^2*x^4 + 72*(e*x + d)^m*A*c^2*d*e^5*m^2*x^4 + 614*(e*x + d
)^m*B*a*c*e^6*m^2*x^4 + 24*(e*x + d)^m*B*c^2*d*e^5*m*x^5 + 324*(e*x + d...
```


Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1229, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.25

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^m,x)`

output

```
((d + e*x)^m*(720*A*a^2*d*e^5 - 120*B*c^2*d^6 + 144*A*c^2*d^5*e - 360*B*a^2*d^2*e^4 + 580*A*a^2*d*e^5*m^2 + 155*A*a^2*d*e^5*m^3 + 20*A*a^2*d*e^5*m^4 + A*a^2*d*e^5*m^5 - 342*B*a^2*d^2*e^4*m - 119*B*a^2*d^2*e^4*m^2 - 18*B*a^2*d^2*e^4*m^3 - B*a^2*d^2*e^4*m^4 + 480*A*a*c*d^3*e^3 - 360*B*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 1044*A*a^2*d*e^5*m + 24*A*c^2*d^5*e*m + 296*A*a*c*d^3*e^3*m - 132*B*a*c*d^4*e^2*m^2 + 60*A*a*c*d^3*e^3*m^2 + 4*A*a*c*d^3*e^3*m^3 - 12*B*a*c*d^4*e^2*m^2))/(e^6*(1764*m + 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4 + 21*m^5 + m^6 + 720)) + (x*(d + e*x)^m*(720*A*a^2*e^6 + 1044*A*a^2*e^6*m + 580*A*a^2*e^6*m^2 + 155*A*a^2*e^6*m^3 + 20*A*a^2*e^6*m^4 + A*a^2*e^6*m^5 + 342*B*a^2*d*e^5*m^2 + 119*B*a^2*d*e^5*m^3 + 18*B*a^2*d*e^5*m^4 + B*a^2*d*e^5*m^5 - 144*A*c^2*d^4*e^2*m - 24*A*c^2*d^4*e^2*m^2 + 360*B*a^2*d*e^5*m + 120*B*c^2*d^5*e*m - 480*A*a*c*d^2*e^4*m + 360*B*a*c*d^3*e^3*m - 296*A*a*c*d^2*e^4*m^2 - 60*A*a*c*d^2*e^4*m^3 - 4*A*a*c*d^2*e^4*m^4 + 132*B*a*c*d^3*e^3*m^2 + 12*B*a*c*d^3*e^3*m^3))/(e^6*(1764*m + 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4 + 21*m^5 + m^6 + 720)) + (x^2*(m + 1)*(d + e*x)^m*(360*B*a^2*e^4 + 342*B*a^2*e^4*m - 60*B*c^2*d^4*m + 119*B*a^2*e^4*m^2 + 18*B*a^2*e^4*m^3 + B*a^2*e^4*m^4 + 12*A*c^2*d^3*e*m^2 + 72*A*c^2*d^3*e*m + 148*A*a*c*d*e^3*m^2 + 30*A*a*c*d*e^3*m^3 + 2*A*a*c*d*e^3*m^4 - 180*B*a*c*d^2*e^2*m - 66*B*a*c*d^2*e^2*m^2 - 6*B*a*c*d^2*e^2*m^3 + 240*A*a*c*d*e^3*m))/(e^4*(1764*m + 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4 + 21*m^5 + m^6 + 720)) + (B*c^2*x^6*(d + e*x)^m*(274*m + 225*m^2 + 85...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1645, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.03

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output

```

((d + e*x)**m*(a**3*d*e**5*m**5 + 20*a**3*d*e**5*m**4 + 155*a**3*d*e**5*m*
*3 + 580*a**3*d*e**5*m**2 + 1044*a**3*d*e**5*m + 720*a**3*d*e**5 + a**3*e*
*6*m**5*x + 20*a**3*e**6*m**4*x + 155*a**3*e**6*m**3*x + 580*a**3*e**6*m**
2*x + 1044*a**3*e**6*m*x + 720*a**3*e**6*x - a**2*b*d**2*e**4*m**4 - 18*a*
*2*b*d**2*e**4*m**3 - 119*a**2*b*d**2*e**4*m**2 - 342*a**2*b*d**2*e**4*m -
360*a**2*b*d**2*e**4 + a**2*b*d*e**5*m**5*x + 18*a**2*b*d*e**5*m**4*x + 1
19*a**2*b*d*e**5*m**3*x + 342*a**2*b*d*e**5*m**2*x + 360*a**2*b*d*e**5*m*x
+ a**2*b*e**6*m**5*x**2 + 19*a**2*b*e**6*m**4*x**2 + 137*a**2*b*e**6*m**3
*x**2 + 461*a**2*b*e**6*m**2*x**2 + 702*a**2*b*e**6*m*x**2 + 360*a**2*b*e*
*6*x**2 + 4*a**2*c*d**3*e**3*m**3 + 60*a**2*c*d**3*e**3*m**2 + 296*a**2*c*
d**3*e**3*m + 480*a**2*c*d**3*e**3 - 4*a**2*c*d**2*e**4*m**4*x - 60*a**2*c
*d**2*e**4*m**3*x - 296*a**2*c*d**2*e**4*m**2*x - 480*a**2*c*d**2*e**4*m*x
+ 2*a**2*c*d*e**5*m**5*x**2 + 32*a**2*c*d*e**5*m**4*x**2 + 178*a**2*c*d*e
**5*m**3*x**2 + 388*a**2*c*d*e**5*m**2*x**2 + 240*a**2*c*d*e**5*m*x**2 + 2
*a**2*c*e**6*m**5*x**3 + 36*a**2*c*e**6*m**4*x**3 + 242*a**2*c*e**6*m**3*x
**3 + 744*a**2*c*e**6*m**2*x**3 + 1016*a**2*c*e**6*m*x**3 + 480*a**2*c*e**
6*x**3 - 12*a*b*c*d**4*e**2*m**2 - 132*a*b*c*d**4*e**2*m - 360*a*b*c*d**4*
e**2 + 12*a*b*c*d**3*e**3*m**3*x + 132*a*b*c*d**3*e**3*m**2*x + 360*a*b*c*
d**3*e**3*m*x - 6*a*b*c*d**2*e**4*m**4*x**2 - 72*a*b*c*d**2*e**4*m**3*x**2
- 246*a*b*c*d**2*e**4*m**2*x**2 - 180*a*b*c*d**2*e**4*m*x**2 + 2*a*b*c...

```

3.297 $\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	2538
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2538
Rubi [A] (verified)	2539
Maple [B] (verified)	2540
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2541
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2541
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2542
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2543
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2544
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2545

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2) dx = -\frac{(Bd - Ae)(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{1+m}}{e^4(1 + m)} + \frac{(3Bcd^2 - 2Acde + aBe^2)(d + ex)^{2+m}}{e^4(2 + m)} - \frac{c(3Bd - Ae)(d + ex)^{3+m}}{e^4(3 + m)} + \frac{Bc(d + ex)^{4+m}}{e^4(4 + m)}$$

output

```

-(-A*e+B*d)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/e^4/(1+m)+(-2*A*c*d*e+B*a*e^2+3*B*
c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(2+m)/e^4/(2+m)-c*(-A*e+3*B*d)*(e*x+d)^(3+m)/e^4/(3+m)+B*c*
(e*x+d)^(4+m)/e^4/(4+m)
    
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{(d + ex)^{1+m} \left((-Bd + Ae) \left(\frac{cd^2 + ae^2}{1+m} - \frac{2cd(d+ex)}{2+m} + \frac{c(d+ex)^2}{3+m} \right) + B(d + ex) \left(\frac{cd^2 + ae^2}{2+m} - \frac{2cd(d+ex)}{3+m} + \frac{c(d+ex)^2}{4+m} \right) \right)}{e^4}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2), x]`

output
$$\frac{((d + e*x)^{(1 + m)*((-B*d) + A*e)*((c*d^2 + a*e^2)/(1 + m) - (2*c*d*(d + e*x))/(2 + m) + (c*(d + e*x)^2)/(3 + m)) + B*(d + e*x)*((c*d^2 + a*e^2)/(2 + m) - (2*c*d*(d + e*x))/(3 + m) + (c*(d + e*x)^2)/(4 + m))}{e^4}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)(A + Bx)(d + ex)^m dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(Ae - Bd)(d + ex)^m}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex)^{m+1}(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{e^3} + \frac{c(Ae - 3Bd)(d + ex)^{m+2}}{e^3} + \dots \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)(Bd - Ae)(d + ex)^{m+1}}{e^4(m + 1)} + \frac{(d + ex)^{m+2}(aBe^2 - 2Acde + 3Bcd^2)}{e^4(m + 2)} - \frac{c(3Bd - Ae)(d + ex)^{m+3}}{e^4(m + 3)} + \frac{Bc(d + ex)^{m+4}}{e^4(m + 4)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2), x]`

output
$$-(((B*d - A*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(1 + m)})/(e^4*(1 + m))) + ((3*B*c*d^2 - 2*A*c*d*e + a*B*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(2 + m)})/(e^4*(2 + m)) - (c*(3*B*d - A*e)*(d + e*x)^{(3 + m)})/(e^4*(3 + m)) + (B*c*(d + e*x)^{(4 + m)})/(e^4*(4 + m))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 652 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 337 vs. 2(126) = 252.

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(ex+d)^{1+m}(Bce^3m^3x^3+Ace^3m^3x^2+6Bce^3m^2x^3+7Ace^3m^2x^2+Ba e^3m^3x-3Bcd e^2m^2x^2+11Bce^3m x^3+Aa e^3m^3-2Acd e^2m^2)}{(ex+d)^m(Bce^3m^3x^3+Ace^3m^3x^2+6Bce^3m^2x^3+7Ace^3m^2x^2+Ba e^3m^3x-3Bcd e^2m^2x^2+11Bce^3m x^3+Aa e^3m^3-2Acd e^2m^2)}$
orering	$\frac{(ex+d)^m(Bce^3m^3x^3+Ace^3m^3x^2+6Bce^3m^2x^3+7Ace^3m^2x^2+Ba e^3m^3x-3Bcd e^2m^2x^2+11Bce^3m x^3+Aa e^3m^3-2Acd e^2m^2)}{(ex+d)^m(Bce^3m^3x^3+Ace^3m^3x^2+6Bce^3m^2x^3+7Ace^3m^2x^2+Ba e^3m^3x-3Bcd e^2m^2x^2+11Bce^3m x^3+Aa e^3m^3-2Acd e^2m^2)}$
norman	$\frac{Bcx^4e^{m \ln(ex+d)}}{4+m} + \frac{d(Aa e^3m^3+9Aa e^3m^2-Bad e^2m^2+26Aa e^3m+2Ac d^2em-7Bad e^2m+24Aa e^3+8Ac d^2e-12Bad e^2)}{e^4(m^4+10m^3+35m^2+50m+24)}$
risch	$\frac{(Bce^4m^3x^4+Ace^4m^3x^3+Bcd e^3m^3x^3+6Bce^4m^2x^4+Ac d e^3m^3x^2+7Ace^4m^2x^3+Ba e^4m^3x^2+3Bcd e^3m^2x^3+11Bce^4m^2x^2)}{(ex+d)^m(Bce^3m^3x^3+Ace^3m^3x^2+6Bce^3m^2x^3+7Ace^3m^2x^2+Ba e^3m^3x-3Bcd e^2m^2x^2+11Bce^3m x^3+Aa e^3m^3-2Acd e^2m^2)}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{12Bx^2(ex+d)^m a e^4+24Ax(ex+d)^m a e^4+24A(ex+d)^m ad e^3+8A(ex+d)^m cd^3e-12B(ex+d)^m a d^2e^2+5Ax^2(ex+d)^m cd e^3}{(ex+d)^m(Bce^3m^3x^3+Ace^3m^3x^2+6Bce^3m^2x^3+7Ace^3m^2x^2+Ba e^3m^3x-3Bcd e^2m^2x^2+11Bce^3m x^3+Aa e^3m^3-2Acd e^2m^2)}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/e^4*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/(m^4+10*m^3+35*m^2+50*m+24)*(B*c*e^3*m^3*x^3+A*c*e^3*m^3*x^2+6*B*c*e^3*m^2*x^3+7*A*c*e^3*m^2*x^2+B*a*e^3*m^3*x-3*B*c*d*e^2*m^2*x^2+11*B*c*e^3*m*x^3+A*a*e^3*m^3-2*A*c*d*e^2*m^2*x+14*A*c*e^3*m*x^2+8*B*a*e^3*m^2*x-9*B*c*d*e^2*m*x^2+6*B*c*e^3*x^3+9*A*a*e^3*m^2-10*A*c*d*e^2*m*x+8*A*c*e^3*x^2-B*a*d*e^2*m^2+19*B*a*e^3*m*x+6*B*c*d^2*e*m*x-6*B*c*d*e^2*x^2+26*A*a*e^3*m+2*A*c*d^2*e*m-8*A*c*d*e^2*x-7*B*a*d*e^2*m+12*B*a*e^3*x+6*B*c*d^2*e*x+24*A*a*e^3+8*A*c*d^2*e-12*B*a*d*e^2-6*B*c*d^3)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 434 vs. $2(126) = 252$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.44

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(Aade^3m^3 - 6Bcd^4 + 8Acd^3e - 12Bad^2e^2 + 24Aade^3 + (Bce^4m^3 + 6Bce^4m^2 + 11Bce^4m + 6Bce^4)a)}{e^4m^4 + 10e^4m^3 + 35e^4m^2 + 50e^4m + 24e^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $(A*a*d*e^3*m^3 - 6*B*c*d^4 + 8*A*c*d^3*e - 12*B*a*d^2*e^2 + 24*A*a*d*e^3 + (B*c*e^4*m^3 + 6*B*c*e^4*m^2 + 11*B*c*e^4*m + 6*B*c*e^4)*x^4 + (8*A*c*e^4 + (B*c*d*e^3 + A*c*e^4)*m^3 + (3*B*c*d*e^3 + 7*A*c*e^4)*m^2 + 2*(B*c*d*e^3 + 7*A*c*e^4)*m)*x^3 - (B*a*d^2*e^2 - 9*A*a*d*e^3)*m^2 + (12*B*a*e^4 + (A*c*d*e^3 + B*a*e^4)*m^3 - (3*B*c*d^2*e^2 - 5*A*c*d*e^3 - 8*B*a*e^4)*m^2 - (3*B*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*A*c*d*e^3 - 19*B*a*e^4)*m)*x^2 + (2*A*c*d^3*e - 7*B*a*d^2*e^2 + 26*A*a*d*e^3)*m + (24*A*a*e^4 + (B*a*d*e^3 + A*a*e^4)*m^3 - (2*A*c*d^2*e^2 - 7*B*a*d*e^3 - 9*A*a*e^4)*m^2 + 2*(3*B*c*d^3*e - 4*A*c*d^2*e^2 + 6*B*a*d*e^3 + 13*A*a*e^4)*m)*x)*(e*x + d)^m/(e^4*m^4 + 10*e^4*m^3 + 35*e^4*m^2 + 50*e^4*m + 24*e^4)$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3958 vs. $2(114) = 228$.

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3958, normalized size of antiderivative = 31.41

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+a),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((d**m*(A*a*x + A*c*x**3/3 + B*a*x**2/2 + B*c*x**4/4), Eq(e, 0)),
(-2*A*a*e**3/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3)
) - 2*A*c*d**2*e/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3)
- 6*A*c*d*e**2*x/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3)
- 6*A*c*e**3*x**2/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3)
- B*a*d*e**2/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3)
- 3*B*a*e**3*x/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3)
+ 6*B*c*d**3*log(d/e + x)/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3)
+ 11*B*c*d**3/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3)
+ 18*B*c*d**2*e*x*log(d/e + x)/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3)
+ 27*B*c*d**2*e*x/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3)
+ 18*B*c*d*e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3)
+ 18*B*c*d*e**2*x**2/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3)
+ 6*B*c*e**3*x**3*log(d/e + x)/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3), Eq(m, -4)),
(-A*a*e**3/(2*d**2*e**4 + 4*d*e**5*x + 2*e**6*x**2) + 2*A*c*d**2*e*log(d/e + x)/(2*d**2*e**4 + 4*d*e**5*x + 2*e**6*x**2)
+ 3*A*c*d**2*e/(2*d**2*e**4 + 4*d*e**5*x + 2*e**6*x**2) + 4*A*c*d*e**2*x*log(d/e + x)/(2*d**2*e**4 + 4*d*e**5*x + 2*e**6*x**2)
+ 4*A*c*d*e**2*x/(2*d**2*e**4 + 4*d*e**5*x + 2*e**6*x**2) + 2*A*c*e**...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(e^2(m+1)x^2 + demx - d^2)(ex + d)^m Ba}{(m^2 + 3m + 2)e^2} + \frac{(ex + d)^{m+1} Aa}{e(m+1)}$$

$$+ \frac{((m^2 + 3m + 2)e^3x^3 + (m^2 + m)de^2x^2 - 2d^2emx + 2d^3)(ex + d)^m Ac}{(m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6)e^3}$$

$$+ \frac{((m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6)e^4x^4 + (m^3 + 3m^2 + 2m)de^3x^3 - 3(m^2 + m)d^2e^2x^2 + 6d^3emx - 6d^4)(ex + d)^m}{(m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24)e^4}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (e^{2(m+1)}x^2 + d e^m x - d^2)(e^x + d)^m B^a / ((m^2 + 3m + 2)e^2) + \\ & (e^x + d)^{m+1} A^a / (e^{m+1}) + ((m^2 + 3m + 2)e^3 x^3 + (m^2 + m) * \\ & e^2 x^2 - 2d^2 e^m x + 2d^3)(e^x + d)^m A^c / ((m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6) * \\ & e^3) + ((m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6)e^4 x^4 + (m^3 + 3m^2 + 2m) * d e^3 x^3 - \\ & 3(m^2 + m) * d^2 e^2 x^2 + 6d^3 e^m x - 6d^4)(e^x + d)^m B^c / ((m^4 + 10 * \\ & m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24)e^4) \end{aligned}$$
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 768 vs. $2(126) = 252$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 768, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.10

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((e^x + d)^m B^c e^4 m^3 x^4 + (e^x + d)^m B^c d e^3 m^3 x^3 + (e^x + d)^m \\ & A^c e^4 m^3 x^3 + 6(e^x + d)^m B^c e^4 m^2 x^4 + (e^x + d)^m A^c d e^3 m \\ & ^3 x^2 + (e^x + d)^m B^a e^4 m^3 x^2 + 3(e^x + d)^m B^c d e^3 m^2 x^3 + 7 \\ & *(e^x + d)^m A^c e^4 m^2 x^3 + 11(e^x + d)^m B^c e^4 m x^4 + (e^x + d)^m \\ & B^a d e^3 m^3 x + (e^x + d)^m A^a e^4 m^3 x - 3(e^x + d)^m B^c d^2 e^2 m^ \\ & ^2 x^2 + 5(e^x + d)^m A^c d e^3 m^2 x^2 + 8(e^x + d)^m B^a e^4 m^2 x^2 + \\ & 2(e^x + d)^m B^c d e^3 m x^3 + 14(e^x + d)^m A^c e^4 m x^3 + 6(e^x + d) \\ & ^m B^c e^4 x^4 + (e^x + d)^m A^a d e^3 m^3 - 2(e^x + d)^m A^c d^2 e^2 m^2 \\ & * x + 7(e^x + d)^m B^a d e^3 m^2 x + 9(e^x + d)^m A^a e^4 m^2 x - 3(e^x \\ & + d)^m B^c d^2 e^2 m x^2 + 4(e^x + d)^m A^c d e^3 m x^2 + 19(e^x + d)^m \\ & B^a e^4 m x^2 + 8(e^x + d)^m A^c e^4 x^3 - (e^x + d)^m B^a d^2 e^2 m^2 + \\ & 9(e^x + d)^m A^a d e^3 m^2 + 6(e^x + d)^m B^c d^3 e^m x - 8(e^x + d)^m \\ & A^c d^2 e^2 m x + 12(e^x + d)^m B^a d e^3 m x + 26(e^x + d)^m A^a e^4 m \\ & x + 12(e^x + d)^m B^a e^4 x^2 + 2(e^x + d)^m A^c d^3 e^m - 7(e^x + d)^m \\ & B^a d^2 e^2 m + 26(e^x + d)^m A^a d e^3 m + 24(e^x + d)^m A^a e^4 x - 6 \\ & *(e^x + d)^m B^c d^4 + 8(e^x + d)^m A^c d^3 e - 12(e^x + d)^m B^a d^2 e^ \\ & ^2 + 24(e^x + d)^m A^a d e^3) / (e^4 m^4 + 10e^4 m^3 + 35e^4 m^2 + 50e^4 m \\ & + 24e^4) \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 446, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.54

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2) dx \\
&= \frac{(d + ex)^m (-6Bcd^4 + 2Acd^3em + 8Acd^3e - Bad^2e^2m^2 - 7Bad^2e^2m - 12Bad^2e^2 + Aade^3m)}{e^4(m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24)} \\
&+ \frac{x(d + ex)^m (6Bcd^3em - 2Acd^2e^2m^2 - 8Acd^2e^2m + Bade^3m^3 + 7Bade^3m^2 + 12Bade^3m)}{e^4(m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24)} \\
&+ \frac{x^2(m + 1)(d + ex)^m (-3Bcd^2m + Acdem^2 + 4Acdem + Bae^2m^2 + 7Bae^2m + 12Bae^2)}{e^2(m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24)} \\
&+ \frac{Bcx^4(d + ex)^m (m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6)}{m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24} \\
&+ \frac{cx^3(d + ex)^m (4Ae + Aem + Bdm)(m^2 + 3m + 2)}{e(m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)*(A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^m,x)`

output

```

((d + e*x)^m*(24*A*a*d*e^3 - 6*B*c*d^4 + 8*A*c*d^3*e - 12*B*a*d^2*e^2 - B*
a*d^2*e^2*m^2 + 26*A*a*d*e^3*m + 2*A*c*d^3*e*m + 9*A*a*d*e^3*m^2 + A*a*d*e
^3*m^3 - 7*B*a*d^2*e^2*m))/(e^4*(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24)) + (x*
(d + e*x)^m*(24*A*a*e^4 + 26*A*a*e^4*m + 9*A*a*e^4*m^2 + A*a*e^4*m^3 - 2*A
*c*d^2*e^2*m^2 + 12*B*a*d*e^3*m + 6*B*c*d^3*e*m + 7*B*a*d*e^3*m^2 + B*a*d*
e^3*m^3 - 8*A*c*d^2*e^2*m))/(e^4*(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24)) + (x
^2*(m + 1)*(d + e*x)^m*(12*B*a*e^2 + 7*B*a*e^2*m - 3*B*c*d^2*m + B*a*e^2*m
^2 + 4*A*c*d*e*m + A*c*d*e*m^2))/(e^2*(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24))
+ (B*c*x^4*(d + e*x)^m*(11*m + 6*m^2 + m^3 + 6))/(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3
+ m^4 + 24) + (c*x^3*(d + e*x)^m*(4*A*e + A*e*m + B*d*m)*(3*m + m^2 + 2))/
(e*(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24))

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 489, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.88

$$\int (A + Bx)(d + ex)^m (a + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex + d)^m (bc e^4 m^3 x^4 + ac e^4 m^3 x^3 + bcd e^3 m^3 x^3 + 6bc e^4 m^2 x^4 + ab e^4 m^3 x^2 + acd e^3 m^3 x^2 + 7ac e^4 m^2 x^3}{}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+a),x)
```

output

```
((d + e*x)**m*(a**2*d*e**3*m**3 + 9*a**2*d*e**3*m**2 + 26*a**2*d*e**3*m +
24*a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*m**3*x + 9*a**2*e**4*m**2*x + 26*a**2*e**4*m*x
+ 24*a**2*e**4*x - a*b*d**2*e**2*m**2 - 7*a*b*d**2*e**2*m - 12*a*b*d**2*e*
*2 + a*b*d*e**3*m**3*x + 7*a*b*d*e**3*m**2*x + 12*a*b*d*e**3*m*x + a*b*e**
4*m**3*x**2 + 8*a*b*e**4*m**2*x**2 + 19*a*b*e**4*m*x**2 + 12*a*b*e**4*x**2
+ 2*a*c*d**3*e*m + 8*a*c*d**3*e - 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*m**2*x - 8*a*c*d**2*e**
2*m*x + a*c*d*e**3*m**3*x**2 + 5*a*c*d*e**3*m**2*x**2 + 4*a*c*d*e**3*m*x**
2 + a*c*e**4*m**3*x**3 + 7*a*c*e**4*m**2*x**3 + 14*a*c*e**4*m*x**3 + 8*a*c
*e**4*x**3 - 6*b*c*d**4 + 6*b*c*d**3*e*m*x - 3*b*c*d**2*e**2*m**2*x**2 - 3
*b*c*d**2*e**2*m*x**2 + b*c*d*e**3*m**3*x**3 + 3*b*c*d*e**3*m**2*x**3 + 2*
b*c*d*e**3*m*x**3 + b*c*e**4*m**3*x**4 + 6*b*c*e**4*m**2*x**4 + 11*b*c*e**
4*m*x**4 + 6*b*c*e**4*x**4))/(e**4*(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24))
```

3.298 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^m}{a+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	2546
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2547
Rubi [A] (verified)	2547
Maple [F]	2548
Fricas [F]	2549
Sympy [F]	2549
Maxima [F]	2549
Giac [F]	2550
Mupad [F(-1)]	2550
Reduce [F]	2550

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 212

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^m}{a+cx^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(\sqrt{-a}B - A\sqrt{c})(d+ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(1+m)}$$

$$- \frac{(\sqrt{-a}B + A\sqrt{c})(d+ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(1+m)}$$

output

```
-1/2*((-a)^(1/2)*B-A*c^(1/2))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], c^(1/2)
/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d-(-a)^(1/2)*e)/(-a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-(-a)^(1
/2)*e)/(1+m)-1/2*((-a)^(1/2)*B+A*c^(1/2))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m]
, [2+m], c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+(-a)^(1/2)*e))/(-a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(c^(1
/2)*d+(-a)^(1/2)*e)/(1+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^m}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d + ex)^{1+m} \left(\frac{(aB + \sqrt{-a}A\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-a}e}}\right)}{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-a}e}} + \frac{(-aB + \sqrt{-a}A\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-a}e}} \right)}{2a\sqrt{c}(1+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + c*x^2), x]
```

output

```
((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(((a*B + Sqrt[-a]*A*Sqrt[c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(-(Sqrt[c]*d) + Sqrt[-a]*e) + ((-a*B) + Sqrt[-a]*A*Sqrt[c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e))))/(2*a*Sqrt[c]*(1 + m))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^m}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 657$$

$$\int \left(\frac{\left(\sqrt{-a}A - \frac{aB}{\sqrt{c}}\right)(d + ex)^m}{2a(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})} + \frac{\left(\sqrt{-a}A + \frac{aB}{\sqrt{c}}\right)(d + ex)^m}{2a(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{cx})} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(\sqrt{-a}A\sqrt{c} + aB)(d + ex)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m + 1, m + 2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2a\sqrt{c}(m+1)(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})} - \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}B}{\sqrt{c}} + A\right)(d + ex)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m + 1, m + 2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}(m+1)(\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd})}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + c*x^2), x]`

output `-1/2*((a*B + Sqrt[-a]*A*Sqrt[c])*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(a*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + m)) - ((A + (Sqrt[-a]*B)/Sqrt[c])*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(2*Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + m))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 657 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.))/((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^m}{cx^2 + a} dx$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+a), x)`

output `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+a), x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^m}{a + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^m}{cx^2 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^m/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^m}{a + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^m}{a + cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**m/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)**m/(a + c*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^m}{a + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^m}{cx^2 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^m/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^m}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)(ex+d)^m}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^m/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^m}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^m}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + c*x^2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + c*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^m}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{(ex+d)^m b - \left(\int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{ce x^3 + cd x^2 + aex + ad} dx \right) abem + \left(\int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{ce x^3 + cd x^2 + aex + ad} dx \right) acdm + \left(\int \frac{(ex+d)^m x}{ce x^3 + cd x^2 + aex + ad} dx \right) cm}{cm}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+a),x)`

output `((d + e*x)**m*b - int((d + e*x)**m/(a*d + a*e*x + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*
a*b*e**m + int((d + e*x)**m/(a*d + a*e*x + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*a*c*d**m
+ int(((d + e*x)**m*x)/(a*d + a*e*x + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*a*c*e**m + in
t(((d + e*x)**m*x)/(a*d + a*e*x + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*b*c*d**m)/(c*m)`

3.299 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^m}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2551
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2552
Rubi [A] (verified)	2552
Maple [F]	2555
Fricas [F]	2555
Sympy [F(-1)]	2555
Maxima [F]	2556
Giac [F]	2556
Mupad [F(-1)]	2556
Reduce [F]	2557

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 365

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^m}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{(d+ex)^{1+m}(a(Bd-Ae)-(Acd+aBe)x)}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^2)}$$

$$-\frac{(\sqrt{-ae}(Acd+aBe)m+\sqrt{c}(Acd^2+aAe^2(1-m)+aBdem))(d+ex)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1, 2+m, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{a+cx^2}\right)}{4(-a)^{3/2}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(cd^2+ae^2)(1+m)}$$

$$-\frac{(\sqrt{-ae}(Acd+aBe)m-\sqrt{c}(Acd^2+aAe^2(1-m)+aBdem))(d+ex)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1, 2+m, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{a+cx^2}\right)}{4(-a)^{3/2}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(cd^2+ae^2)(1+m)}$$

output

```
-1/2*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*(a*(-A*e+B*d)-(A*c*d+B*a*e)*x)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+a
)-1/4*((-a)^(1/2)*e*(A*c*d+B*a*e)*m+c^(1/2)*(A*c*d^2+a*A*e^2*(1-m)+a*B*d*e
*m))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d-(-a
)^(1/2)*e))/(-a)^(3/2)/c^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-(-a)^(1/2)*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(1+m
)-1/4*((-a)^(1/2)*e*(A*c*d+B*a*e)*m-c^(1/2)*(A*c*d^2+a*A*e^2*(1-m)+a*B*d*e
*m))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+(-a
)^(1/2)*e))/(-a)^(3/2)/c^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+(-a)^(1/2)*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(1+m
)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^m}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d + ex)^{1+m} \left(\frac{2c(Acdx + a(-Bd + Ae + Bex))}{a + cx^2} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(ae(Acd + aBe)m - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(Acd^2 - aAe^2(-1+m) + aBdem)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \dots\right)}{a(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae})(1+m)} \right)}{4ac(cd^2 + a^2e^2)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*((2*c*(A*c*d*x + a*(-B*d) + A*e + B*e*x))/(a + c*x^2) + (Sqrt[c]*(a*e*(A*c*d + a*B*e)*m - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*(A*c*d^2 - a*A*e^2*(-1 + m) + a*B*d*e*m))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)])/(a*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + m)) + (Sqrt[c]*(a*e*(A*c*d + a*B*e)*m + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*(A*c*d^2 - a*A*e^2*(-1 + m) + a*B*d*e*m))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)])/(a*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + m)))/(4*a*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {686, 25, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^m}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 686

$$\int \frac{c(d+ex)^m (Acd^2+aBemd+aAe^2(1-m)-e(Acd+aBe)mx)}{cx^2+a} dx - \frac{2ac(ae^2+cd^2)}{(d+ex)^{m+1}(a(Bd-Ae)-x(aBe+Ac d))} - \frac{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

25

$$\int \frac{c(d+ex)^m (Acd^2+aBemd+aAe^2(1-m)-e(Acd+aBe)mx)}{cx^2+a} dx - \frac{2ac(ae^2+cd^2)}{(d+ex)^{m+1}(a(Bd-Ae)-x(aBe+Ac d))} - \frac{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

27

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (Acd^2+aBemd+aAe^2(1-m)-e(Acd+aBe)mx)}{cx^2+a} dx - \frac{2a(ae^2+cd^2)}{(d+ex)^{m+1}(a(Bd-Ae)-x(aBe+Ac d))} - \frac{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

657

$$\int \left(\frac{\left(\frac{ae(Acd+aBe)m}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{-a}(Acd^2+aBemd+aAe^2(1-m)) \right) (d+ex)^m}{2a(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx})} + \frac{\left(\sqrt{-a}(Acd^2+aBemd+aAe^2(1-m)) - \frac{ae(Acd+aBe)m}{\sqrt{c}} \right) (d+ex)^m}{2a(\sqrt{cx}+\sqrt{-a})} \right) dx - \frac{2a(ae^2+cd^2)}{(d+ex)^{m+1}(a(Bd-Ae)-x(aBe+Ac d))} - \frac{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

2009

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} \left(\frac{aem(aBe+Ac d)}{\sqrt{c}} - \sqrt{-a}(aAe^2(1-m)+aBdem+Ac d^2) \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}} \right)}{2a(m+1)(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})} + \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} (\sqrt{-a}(aAe^2(1-m)+aBdem+Ac d^2))}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1}(a(Bd-Ae)-x(aBe+Ac d))}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output

```
-1/2*((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(a*(B*d - A*e) - (A*c*d + a*B*e)*x))/(a*(c*d^2 + a
*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)) + (((a*e*(A*c*d + a*B*e)*m)/Sqrt[c] - Sqrt[-a]*(A*c*d^
2 + a*A*e^2*(1 - m) + a*B*d*e*m))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1
+ m, 2 + m, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(2*a*(Sqrt[c]*
d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + m)) + (((a*e*(A*c*d + a*B*e)*m)/Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-a]*(A
*c*d^2 + a*A*e^2*(1 - m) + a*B*d*e*m))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1
[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(2*a*(Sqr
t[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + m)))/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 657

```
Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (c_)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^
2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

rule 686

```
Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f +
a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[
1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Sim
p[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f
+ a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ
[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegerQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^m}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^m}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^m}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^m/(c^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*x^2 + a^2), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^m}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**m/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^m}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^m}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^m/(c*x^2 + a)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^m}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^m}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^m/(c*x^2 + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^m}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^m}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + c*x^2)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^m}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - (d + e*x)**m*a*e - (d + e*x)**m*b*d + int((d + e*x)**m/(a**2*d + a**2*
e*x + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*c*e*x**3 + c**2*d*x**4 + c**2*e*x**5),x)*a**3*e**
2*m + int((d + e*x)**m/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*c*e*x**3 +
c**2*d*x**4 + c**2*e*x**5),x)*a**2*b*d*e**m + 2*int((d + e*x)**m/(a**2*d +
a**2*e*x + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*c*e*x**3 + c**2*d*x**4 + c**2*e*x**5),x)*a**
2*c*d**2 + int((d + e*x)**m/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*c*e*x**
*3 + c**2*d*x**4 + c**2*e*x**5),x)*a**2*c*e**2*m*x**2 + int((d + e*x)**m/(
a**2*d + a**2*e*x + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*c*e*x**3 + c**2*d*x**4 + c**2*e*x**
5),x)*a*b*c*d*e**m*x**2 + 2*int((d + e*x)**m/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x + 2*a*c*d*x
**2 + 2*a*c*e*x**3 + c**2*d*x**4 + c**2*e*x**5),x)*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 + int(
((d + e*x)**m*x**2)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*c*e*x**3 + c**
2*d*x**4 + c**2*e*x**5),x)*a**2*c*e**2*m - 2*int(((d + e*x)**m*x**2)/(a**2
*d + a**2*e*x + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*c*e*x**3 + c**2*d*x**4 + c**2*e*x**5),x
)*a**2*c*e**2 + int(((d + e*x)**m*x**2)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x + 2*a*c*d*x**2
+ 2*a*c*e*x**3 + c**2*d*x**4 + c**2*e*x**5),x)*a*b*c*d*e**m + int(((d + e*x
)**m*x**2)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*c*e*x**3 + c**2*d*x**4
+ c**2*e*x**5),x)*a*c**2*e**2*m*x**2 - 2*int(((d + e*x)**m*x**2)/(a**2*d +
a**2*e*x + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*c*e*x**3 + c**2*d*x**4 + c**2*e*x**5),x)*a*
c**2*e**2*x**2 + int(((d + e*x)**m*x**2)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x + 2*a*c*d*x**2
+ 2*a*c*e*x**3 + c**2*d*x**4 + c**2*e*x**5),x)*b*c**2*d*e**m*x**2)/(2*c...
```

3.300 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(d+ex)^{1+m}}{a+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	2558
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2559
Rubi [A] (verified)	2559
Maple [F]	2560
Fricas [F]	2561
Sympy [F]	2561
Maxima [F]	2561
Giac [F]	2562
Mupad [F(-1)]	2562
Reduce [F]	2562

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 212

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{1+m}}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(\sqrt{-a}B - A\sqrt{c})(d + ex)^{2+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 2 + m, 3 + m, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae})(2 + m)}$$

$$- \frac{(\sqrt{-a}B + A\sqrt{c})(d + ex)^{2+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 2 + m, 3 + m, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{-ae})(2 + m)}$$

output

```
-1/2*((-a)^(1/2)*B-A*c^(1/2))*(e*x+d)^(2+m)*hypergeom([1, 2+m], [3+m], c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d-(-a)^(1/2)*e)/(-a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-(-a)^(1/2)*e)/(2+m)-1/2*((-a)^(1/2)*B+A*c^(1/2))*(e*x+d)^(2+m)*hypergeom([1, 2+m], [3+m], c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+(-a)^(1/2)*e)/(-a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+(-a)^(1/2)*e)/(2+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{1+m}}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d + ex)^{2+m} \left(\frac{(aB + \sqrt{-a}A\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 2+m, 3+m, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-a}e}}\right)}{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-a}e}} + \frac{(-aB + \sqrt{-a}A\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 2+m, 3+m, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-a}e}} \right)}{2a\sqrt{c}(2+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(a + c*x^2), x]
```

output

```
((d + e*x)^(2 + m)*(((a*B + Sqrt[-a]*A*Sqrt[c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 2 + m, 3 + m, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(-(Sqrt[c]*d) + Sqrt[-a]*e) + ((-a*B) + Sqrt[-a]*A*Sqrt[c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 2 + m, 3 + m, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e))))/(2*a*Sqrt[c]*(2 + m))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{m+1}}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{657}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{\left(\sqrt{-a}A - \frac{aB}{\sqrt{c}}\right)(d + ex)^{m+1}}{2a(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})} + \frac{\left(\sqrt{-a}A + \frac{aB}{\sqrt{c}}\right)(d + ex)^{m+1}}{2a(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{cx})} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{(\sqrt{-a}A\sqrt{c} + aB)(d + ex)^{m+2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m + 2, m + 3, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2a\sqrt{c}(m+2)(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}} - \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}B}{\sqrt{c}} + A\right)(d + ex)^{m+2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m + 2, m + 3, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}(m+2)(\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd})}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(a + c*x^2), x]`

output `-1/2*((a*B + Sqrt[-a]*A*Sqrt[c])*(d + e*x)^(2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 2 + m, 3 + m, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(a*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(2 + m)) - ((A + (Sqrt[-a]*B)/Sqrt[c])*(d + e*x)^(2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 2 + m, 3 + m, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(2*Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(2 + m))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 657 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.))/((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{1+m}}{cx^2 + a} dx$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/(c*x^2+a), x)`

output `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/(c*x^2+a), x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{1+m}}{a + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{m+1}}{cx^2 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^(m + 1)/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{1+m}}{a + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{m+1}}{a + cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)**(1+m)/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)**(m + 1)/(a + c*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{1+m}}{a + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{m+1}}{cx^2 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^(m + 1)/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{1+m}}{a + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex + d)^{m+1}}{cx^2 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x + d)^(m + 1)/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{1+m}}{a + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{m+1}}{cx^2 + a} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1))/(a + c*x^2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1))/(a + c*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(d + ex)^{1+m}}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex + d)^m aem + (ex + d)^m ae + 2(ex + d)^m bdm + (ex + d)^m bd + (ex + d)^m bemx - \left(\int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{ce x^3 + cd x^2 + aex -} \right)}{}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/(c*x^2+a),x)`

output

```

((d + e*x)**m*a*e*m + (d + e*x)**m*a*e + 2*(d + e*x)**m*b*d*m + (d + e*x)*
*m*b*d + (d + e*x)**m*b*e**m*x - int((d + e*x)**m/(a*d + a*e*x + c*d*x**2 +
c*e*x**3),x)*a**2*e**2*m**2 - int((d + e*x)**m/(a*d + a*e*x + c*d*x**2 +
c*e*x**3),x)*a**2*e**2*m - 2*int((d + e*x)**m/(a*d + a*e*x + c*d*x**2 + c*
e*x**3),x)*a*b*d*e*m**2 - 2*int((d + e*x)**m/(a*d + a*e*x + c*d*x**2 + c*e
*x**3),x)*a*b*d*e*m + int((d + e*x)**m/(a*d + a*e*x + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3)
,x)*a*c*d**2*m**2 + int((d + e*x)**m/(a*d + a*e*x + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x
)*a*c*d**2*m - int(((d + e*x)**m*x)/(a*d + a*e*x + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)
*a*b*e**2*m**2 - int(((d + e*x)**m*x)/(a*d + a*e*x + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),
x)*a*b*e**2*m + 2*int(((d + e*x)**m*x)/(a*d + a*e*x + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3)
,x)*a*c*d*e*m**2 + 2*int(((d + e*x)**m*x)/(a*d + a*e*x + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x*
*3),x)*a*c*d*e*m + int(((d + e*x)**m*x)/(a*d + a*e*x + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3
),x)*b*c*d**2*m**2 + int(((d + e*x)**m*x)/(a*d + a*e*x + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x*
*3),x)*b*c*d**2*m)/(c*m*(m + 1))

```

3.301 $\int (d + ex)(f + gx) (a + cx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	2564
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2564
Rubi [A] (verified)	2565
Maple [F]	2566
Fricas [F]	2567
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2567
Maxima [F]	2568
Giac [F]	2568
Mupad [F(-1)]	2569
Reduce [F]	2569

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int (d + ex)(f + gx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{((ef + dg)(3 + 2p) + 2eg(1 + p)x) (a + cx^2)^{1+p}}{2c(3 + 5p + 2p^2)} + \left(df - \frac{aeg}{3c + 2cp} \right) x (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a} \right)$$

output

```
1/2*((d*g+e*f)*(3+2*p)+2*e*g*(p+1)*x)*(c*x^2+a)^(p+1)/c/(2*p^2+5*p+3)+(d*f-a*e*g/(2*c*p+3*c))*x*(c*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p],[3/2],-c*x^2/a)/((1+c*x^2/a)^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (d + ex)(f + gx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{(a + cx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{a} \right)^{-p} \left(3(ef + dg) (a + cx^2) \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{a} \right)^p + 6cdf(1 + p)x \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a} \right) \right)}{6c(1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output $((a + cx^2)^p(3(e*f + d*g)*(a + cx^2)*(1 + (cx^2)/a)^p + 6*c*d*f*(1 + p)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((cx^2)/a)] + 2*c*e*g*(1 + p)*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, -((cx^2)/a)])/(6*c*(1 + p)*(1 + (cx^2)/a)^p)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {676, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)(f + gx)(a + cx^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 676$$

$$\left(df - \frac{aeg}{2cp + 3c}\right) \int (cx^2 + a)^p dx + \frac{(a + cx^2)^{p+1}(dg + ef)}{2c(p+1)} + \frac{egx(a + cx^2)^{p+1}}{c(2p+3)}$$

$$\downarrow 238$$

$$(a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(df - \frac{aeg}{2cp + 3c}\right) \int \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p dx + \frac{(a + cx^2)^{p+1}(dg + ef)}{2c(p+1)} + \frac{egx(a + cx^2)^{p+1}}{c(2p+3)}$$

$$\downarrow 237$$

$$x(a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}\right) \left(df - \frac{aeg}{2cp + 3c}\right) + \frac{(a + cx^2)^{p+1}(dg + ef)}{2c(p+1)} + \frac{egx(a + cx^2)^{p+1}}{c(2p+3)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output
$$\frac{((e*f + d*g)*(a + c*x^2)^{(1 + p)})/(2*c*(1 + p)) + (e*g*x*(a + c*x^2)^{(1 + p)})/(c*(3 + 2*p)) + ((d*f - (a*e*g)/(3*c + 2*c*p))*x*(a + c*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((c*x^2)/a)]/(1 + (c*x^2)/a)^p}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 237
$$\text{Int}[\{(a_)+ (b_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[2*p] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 238
$$\text{Int}[\{(a_)+ (b_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*((a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \ \text{Int}[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[2*p] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 676
$$\text{Int}[\{(d_)+ (e_)*(x_)*\{(f_)+ (g_)*(x_)*\{(a_)+ (c_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}\}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f + d*g)*\{(a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*c*(p + 1))\}, x] + (\text{Simp}[e*g*x*\{(a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(2*p + 3))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/c*(2*p + 3) \ \text{Int}[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$$

Maple **[F]**

$$\int (ex + d)(gx + f)(cx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input
$$\text{int}((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)$$

output
$$\text{int}((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)$$

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)(f + gx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)(gx + f)(cx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)*(c*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (d+ex)(f+gx) (a+cx^2)^p dx = a^p df x {}_2F_1 \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p \left| \frac{cx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right. \right) + \frac{a^p e g x^3 {}_2F_1 \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p \left| \frac{cx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right. \right)}{3}$$

$$+ dg \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{a^p x^2}{2} \quad \text{for } c = 0 \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \quad \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \log(a+cx^2) \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right. \\ \frac{\quad}{2c} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

$$+ ef \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{a^p x^2}{2} \quad \text{for } c = 0 \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \quad \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \log(a+cx^2) \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right. \\ \frac{\quad}{2c} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)*(c*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output

```
a**p*d*f*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), c*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a) + a**p*e*g*x
**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), c*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/3 + d*g*Piecewise((
a**p*x**2/2, Eq(c, 0)), (Piecewise(((a + c*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -
1)), (log(a + c*x**2), True)))/(2*c), True)) + e*f*Piecewise((a**p*x**2/2,
Eq(c, 0)), (Piecewise(((a + c*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(a +
c*x**2), True)))/(2*c), True))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)(f + gx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)(gx + f)(cx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x + d)*(g*x + f)*(c*x^2 + a)^p, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)(f + gx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)(gx + f)(cx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x + d)*(g*x + f)*(c*x^2 + a)^p, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)(f + gx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (f + gx)(cx^2 + a)^p (d + ex) dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p*(d + e*x), x)`output `int((f + g*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p*(d + e*x), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)(f + gx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output

```
(4*(a + c*x**2)**p*a*d*g*p**2 + 8*(a + c*x**2)**p*a*d*g*p + 3*(a + c*x**2)
**p*a*d*g + 4*(a + c*x**2)**p*a*e*f*p**2 + 8*(a + c*x**2)**p*a*e*f*p + 3*(
a + c*x**2)**p*a*e*f + 4*(a + c*x**2)**p*a*e*g*p**2*x + 4*(a + c*x**2)**p*
a*e*g*p*x + 4*(a + c*x**2)**p*c*d*f*p**2*x + 10*(a + c*x**2)**p*c*d*f*p*x
+ 6*(a + c*x**2)**p*c*d*f*x + 4*(a + c*x**2)**p*c*d*g*p**2*x**2 + 8*(a + c
*x**2)**p*c*d*g*p*x**2 + 3*(a + c*x**2)**p*c*d*g*x**2 + 4*(a + c*x**2)**p*
c*e*f*p**2*x**2 + 8*(a + c*x**2)**p*c*e*f*p*x**2 + 3*(a + c*x**2)**p*c*e*f
*x**2 + 4*(a + c*x**2)**p*c*e*g*p**2*x**3 + 6*(a + c*x**2)**p*c*e*g*p*x**3
+ 2*(a + c*x**2)**p*c*e*g*x**3 - 16*int((a + c*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p
+ 3*a + 4*c*p**2*x**2 + 8*c*p*x**2 + 3*c*x**2),x)*a**2*e*g*p**4 - 48*int(
(a + c*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a + 4*c*p**2*x**2 + 8*c*p*x**2 + 3*c
*x**2),x)*a**2*e*g*p**3 - 44*int((a + c*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a +
4*c*p**2*x**2 + 8*c*p*x**2 + 3*c*x**2),x)*a**2*e*g*p**2 - 12*int((a + c*x
**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a + 4*c*p**2*x**2 + 8*c*p*x**2 + 3*c*x**2),x
)*a**2*e*g*p + 32*int((a + c*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a + 4*c*p**2*x
**2 + 8*c*p*x**2 + 3*c*x**2),x)*a*c*d*f*p**5 + 144*int((a + c*x**2)**p/(4*
a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a + 4*c*p**2*x**2 + 8*c*p*x**2 + 3*c*x**2),x)*a*c*d*f*p
**4 + 232*int((a + c*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a + 4*c*p**2*x**2 + 8*
c*p*x**2 + 3*c*x**2),x)*a*c*d*f*p**3 + 156*int((a + c*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 +
8*a*p + 3*a + 4*c*p**2*x**2 + 8*c*p*x**2 + 3*c*x**2),x)*a*c*d*f*p**2 + ...
```

3.302 $\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	2571
Mathematica [F]	2572
Rubi [A] (verified)	2572
Maple [F]	2574
Fricas [F]	2574
Sympy [F(-1)]	2574
Maxima [F]	2575
Giac [F]	2575
Mupad [F(-1)]	2575
Reduce [F]	2576

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 315

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^p dx =$$

$$-\frac{(Bc - Ad)(c + dx)^{1+m} (a + bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{d^2(1 + m)}$$

$$+\frac{B(c + dx)^{2+m} (a + bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(2 + m, -p, -p, 3 + m, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{d^2(2 + m)}$$

output

```
-(-A*d+B*c)*(d*x+c)^(1+m)*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1+m,-p,-p,2+m,(d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)),(d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))/d^2/(1+m)/(((1-(d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)+B*(d*x+c)^(2+m)*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(2+m,-p,-p,3+m,(d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)),(d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))/d^2/(2+m)/(((1-(d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p))
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]`

output `Integrate[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {719, 514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (A + Bx) (a + bx^2)^p (c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 719$$

$$\frac{B \int (c + dx)^{m+1} (bx^2 + a)^p dx}{d} - \frac{(Bc - Ad) \int (c + dx)^m (bx^2 + a)^p dx}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{B(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \int (c + dx)^{m+1} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p d(c + dx)}{(a + bx^2)^p (Bc - Ad) \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \int (c + dx)^m \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p d(c + dx)}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{B(a + bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{m+2} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(m + 2, -p, -p, m + 3, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{d^2(m + 2)}$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^2)^p (Bc - Ad)(c + dx)^{m+1} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(m + 1, -p, -p, m + 2, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{d^2(m + 1)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-(((B*c - A*d)*(c + d*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b])])/(d^2*(1 + m)*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p) + (B*(c + d*x)^(2 + m)*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[2 + m, -p, -p, 3 + m, (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b])])/(d^2*(2 + m)*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 719 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (Bx + A)(dx + c)^m (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (Bx + A)(bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x + A)*(b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)**m*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (Bx + A)(bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (Bx + A)(bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p (A + Bx) (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^m,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^p*(A + B*x)*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (A + Bx)(c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output

```
((c + d*x)**m*(a + b*x**2)**p*a**2*d**2*m + 2*(c + d*x)**m*(a + b*x**2)**p
*a**2*d**2*p + 2*(c + d*x)**m*(a + b*x**2)**p*a**2*d**2 + (c + d*x)**m*(a
+ b*x**2)**p*a*b*c*d*m*x + 2*(c + d*x)**m*(a + b*x**2)**p*a*b*c*d*m + 2*(c
+ d*x)**m*(a + b*x**2)**p*a*b*c*d*p*x + 2*(c + d*x)**m*(a + b*x**2)**p*a*
b*c*d*p + 2*(c + d*x)**m*(a + b*x**2)**p*a*b*c*d*x + (c + d*x)**m*(a + b*x
**2)**p*a*b*c*d + (c + d*x)**m*(a + b*x**2)**p*b**2*c**2*m*x + (c + d*x)**
m*(a + b*x**2)**p*b**2*c*d*m*x**2 + 2*(c + d*x)**m*(a + b*x**2)**p*b**2*c*
d*p*x**2 + (c + d*x)**m*(a + b*x**2)**p*b**2*c*d*x**2 - int(((c + d*x)**m*
(a + b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(a*c*m**2 + 4*a*c*m*p + 3*a*c*m + 4*a*c*p**2 + 6*a*c
*p + 2*a*c + a*d*m**2*x + 4*a*d*m*p*x + 3*a*d*m*x + 4*a*d*p**2*x + 6*a*d*p
*x + 2*a*d*x + b*c*m**2*x**2 + 4*b*c*m*p*x**2 + 3*b*c*m*x**2 + 4*b*c*p**2*
x**2 + 6*b*c*p*x**2 + 2*b*c*x**2 + b*d*m**2*x**3 + 4*b*d*m*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*
m*x**3 + 4*b*d*p**2*x**3 + 6*b*d*p*x**3 + 2*b*d*x**3),x)*a**2*b*d**3*m**4
- 8*int(((c + d*x)**m*(a + b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(a*c*m**2 + 4*a*c*m*p + 3*a*c*
m + 4*a*c*p**2 + 6*a*c*p + 2*a*c + a*d*m**2*x + 4*a*d*m*p*x + 3*a*d*m*x +
4*a*d*p**2*x + 6*a*d*p*x + 2*a*d*x + b*c*m**2*x**2 + 4*b*c*m*p*x**2 + 3*b*
c*m*x**2 + 4*b*c*p**2*x**2 + 6*b*c*p*x**2 + 2*b*c*x**2 + b*d*m**2*x**3 + 4
*b*d*m*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*m*x**3 + 4*b*d*p**2*x**3 + 6*b*d*p*x**3 + 2*b*d*x**3
),x)*a**2*b*d**3*m**3*p - 5*int(((c + d*x)**m*(a + b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(a*c*m
**2 + 4*a*c*m*p + 3*a*c*m + 4*a*c*p**2 + 6*a*c*p + 2*a*c + a*d*m**2*x + ...
```

3.303 $\int (d + ex)^{-5-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	2577
Mathematica [F]	2578
Rubi [F]	2578
Maple [F]	2584
Fricas [F]	2585
Sympy [F(-1)]	2585
Maxima [F]	2585
Giac [F]	2586
Mupad [F(-1)]	2586
Reduce [F]	2586

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 510

$$\int (d + ex)^{-5-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{(ae^2 f(2 + p) - cd(df - e^2(3 + p)))(d + ex)^{-3-2p}(a + cx^2)^{1+p}}{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(2 + p)(3 + 2p)}$$

$$+ \frac{c(cd^2(df - e^2(9 + 8p + 2p^2)) + ae^2(e^2(3 + 2p) - df(11 + 10p + 2p^2)))(d + ex)^{-2(1+p)}(a + cx^2)^{1+p}}{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^3(1 + p)(2 + p)(3 + 2p)}$$

$$- \frac{(e^2 - df)(d + ex)^{-2(2+p)}(a + cx^2)^{1+p}}{2(cd^2 + ae^2)(2 + p)}$$

$$+ \frac{ce(a^2 e^2 f - c^2 d^3(3 + 2p) + acd(3e^2 - df(5 + 2p)))(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx}) \left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{-ae})(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{cx})}{(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae})(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})} \right)^{-p} (d + ex)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{-ae})(cd^2 + ae^2)^3(1 + p)}$$

output

```

-(a*e^2*f*(2+p)-c*d*(d*f-e^2*(3+p)))*(e*x+d)^(-3-2*p)*(c*x^2+a)^(p+1)/(a*e
^2+c*d^2)^2/(2+p)/(3+2*p)+1/2*c*(c*d^2*(d*f-e^2*(2*p^2+8*p+9))+a*e^2*(e^2*
(3+2*p)-d*f*(2*p^2+10*p+11)))*(c*x^2+a)^(p+1)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(p+1)/(2+p)/
(3+2*p)/((e*x+d)^(2*p+2))-1/2*(-d*f+e^2)*(c*x^2+a)^(p+1)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(2+
p)/((e*x+d)^(4+2*p))+c*e*(a^2*e^2*f-c^2*d^3*(3+2*p)+a*c*d*(3*e^2-d*f*(5+2*
p)))*((-a)^(1/2)-c^(1/2)*x)*(e*x+d)^(-1-2*p)*(c*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([-p, -1
-2*p], [-2*p], 2*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d-(-a)^(1/2)*e)/((-a)^(
1/2)-c^(1/2)*x))/(c^(1/2)*d+(-a)^(1/2)*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(1+2*p)/(3+2*p)/
((-c^(1/2)*d+(-a)^(1/2)*e)*((-a)^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x)/(c^(1/2)*d-(-a)^(1/2)*e
)/((-a)^(1/2)-c^(1/2)*x))^p
    
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-5-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (d + ex)^{-5-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(-5 - 2*p)*(e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(-5 - 2*p)*(e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p (d + ex)^{-2p-5} dx$$

↓ 689

$$\frac{\int -2(d + ex)^{-2(p+2)} (ecd + af)(p + 2) - c(e^2 - df)x (cx^2 + a)^p dx}{\frac{2(p + 2)(ae^2 + cd^2)}{(e^2 - df)(a + cx^2)^{p+1}(d + ex)^{-2(p+2)}}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int (d+ex)^{-2(p+2)} (ecd+af)(p+2) - c(e^2-df)x (cx^2+a)^p dx}{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 689

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3} (e(2p+3)(cd^2(p+2)-a(e^2-df(p+3)))) - (ae^2 f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x (cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2 f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}}{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3} (e(2p+3)(-c(p+2)d^2-af(p+3)d+ae^2)+(ae^2 f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x (cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2 f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}}{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3} (e(2p+3)(cd^2(p+2)-a(e^2-df(p+3)))) - (ae^2 f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x (cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2 f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}}{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3} (e(2p+3)(-c(p+2)d^2-af(p+3)d+ae^2)+(ae^2 f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x (cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2 f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}}{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3} (e(2p+3)(cd^2(p+2)-a(e^2-df(p+3)))) - (ae^2 f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x (cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2 f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}}{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(-c(p+2)d^2-af(p+3)d+ae^2)+(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x)(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(cd^2(p+2)-a(e^2-df(p+3))))-(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x)(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(-c(p+2)d^2-af(p+3)d+ae^2)+(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x)(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(cd^2(p+2)-a(e^2-df(p+3))))-(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x)(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(-c(p+2)d^2-af(p+3)d+ae^2)+(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x)(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(cd^2(p+2)-a(e^2-df(p+3)))-(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}} \cdot \frac{1}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(-c(p+2)d^2-af(p+3)d+ae^2)+(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}} \cdot \frac{1}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(cd^2(p+2)-a(e^2-df(p+3)))-(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}} \cdot \frac{1}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(-c(p+2)d^2-af(p+3)d+ae^2)+(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}} \cdot \frac{1}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(cd^2(p+2)-a(e^2-df(p+3)))-(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}} \cdot \frac{1}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(-c(p+2)d^2-af(p+3)d+ae^2)+(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}} \cdot \frac{1}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(cd^2(p+2)-a(e^2-df(p+3)))-(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}}{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(-c(p+2)d^2-af(p+3)d+ae^2)+(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}}{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(cd^2(p+2)-a(e^2-df(p+3)))-(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}}{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(-c(p+2)d^2-af(p+3)d+ae^2)+(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}}{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(cd^2(p+2)-a(e^2-df(p+3)))-(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}}{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(-c(p+2)d^2-af(p+3)d+ae^2)+(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x)(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(cd^2(p+2)-a(e^2-df(p+3)))-(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x)(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(-c(p+2)d^2-af(p+3)d+ae^2)+(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x)(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(cd^2(p+2)-a(e^2-df(p+3)))-(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x)(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(-c(p+2)d^2-af(p+3)d+ae^2)+(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x)(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(cd^2(p+2)-a(e^2-df(p+3)))-(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x)(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -c(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(e(2p+3)(-c(p+2)d^2-af(p+3)d+ae^2)+(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))x)(cx^2+a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}(ae^2f(p+2)-cd(df-e^2(p+3)))}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)(e^2-df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)}}{2(p+2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(-5 - 2*p)*(e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 689 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^{-5-2p} (fx + e) (cx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(-5-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^(-5-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-5-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (fx + e)(cx^2 + a)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-5} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-5-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((f*x + e)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 5), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{-5-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(-5-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-5-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (fx + e)(cx^2 + a)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-5} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-5-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 5), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-5-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (fx + e)(cx^2 + a)^p(ex + d)^{-2p-5} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-5-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 5), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{-5-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(e + fx)(cx^2 + a)^p}{(d + ex)^{2p+5}} dx$$

input `int(((e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^(2*p + 5),x)`

output `int(((e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^(2*p + 5), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^{-5-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx \\ &= \left(\int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^{2p} d^5 + 5(ex + d)^{2p} d^4 ex + 10(ex + d)^{2p} d^3 e^2 x^2 + 10(ex + d)^{2p} d^2 e^3 x^3 + 5(ex + d)^{2p} d e^4 x^4} \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p x}{(ex + d)^{2p} d^5 + 5(ex + d)^{2p} d^4 ex + 10(ex + d)^{2p} d^3 e^2 x^2 + 10(ex + d)^{2p} d^2 e^3 x^3 + 5(ex + d)^{2p} d e^4 x^4} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(-5-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output

```
int((a + c*x**2)**p/((d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**5 + 5*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**4*e*x +
  10*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 10*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**2*e**3*x**3 +
  5*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d*e**4*x**4 + (d + e*x)**(2*p)*e**5*x**5),x)*e + int((
  (a + c*x**2)**p*x)/((d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**5 + 5*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**4*e*x +
  10*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 10*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**2*e**3*x**3 +
  5*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d*e**4*x**4 + (d + e*x)**(2*p)*e**5*x**5),x)*f
```

3.304 $\int (d + ex)^{-4-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	2588
Mathematica [F]	2589
Rubi [A] (verified)	2589
Maple [F]	2591
Fricas [F]	2591
Sympy [F(-1)]	2592
Maxima [F]	2592
Giac [F]	2592
Mupad [F(-1)]	2593
Reduce [F]	2593

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 387

$$\int (d + ex)^{-4-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = -\frac{(e^2 - df)(d + ex)^{-3-2p}(a + cx^2)^{1+p}}{(cd^2 + ae^2)(3 + 2p)} - \frac{(ae^2f(3 + 2p) - cd(df - 2e^2(2 + p)))(d + ex)^{-2(1+p)}(a + cx^2)^{1+p}}{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(1 + p)(3 + 2p)} + \frac{ce(ae^2 - 2adf(2 + p) - cd^2(3 + 2p))(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{-ae})(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{cx})}{(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae})(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})}\right)^{-p}(d + ex)^{-1-2p}(a + cx^2)^p}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{-ae})(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(1 + 2p)(3 + 2p)}$$

output

```

-(-d*f+e^2)*(e*x+d)^(-3-2*p)*(c*x^2+a)^(p+1)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(3+2*p)-1/2*(a*
e^2*f*(3+2*p)-c*d*(d*f-2*e^2*(2+p)))*(c*x^2+a)^(p+1)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(p+1)
/(3+2*p)/((e*x+d)^(2*p+2))+c*e*(a*e^2-2*a*d*f*(2+p)-c*d^2*(3+2*p))*((-a)^(
1/2)-c^(1/2)*x)*(e*x+d)^(-1-2*p)*(c*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([-p, -1-2*p], [-2*p]
,2*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d-(-a)^(1/2)*e)/((-a)^(1/2)-c^(1/2)
*x))/(c^(1/2)*d+(-a)^(1/2)*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(1+2*p)/(3+2*p)/((-c^(1/2)*
d+(-a)^(1/2)*e)*((-a)^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x)/(c^(1/2)*d-(-a)^(1/2)*e)/((-a)^(1/2)
-c^(1/2)*x))^p
    
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-4-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (d + ex)^{-4-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(-4 - 2*p)*(e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(-4 - 2*p)*(e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 395, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {689, 25, 679, 489}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p (d + ex)^{-2p-4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 689$$

$$\frac{\int -(d + ex)^{-2p-3} (e(cd + af)(2p + 3) - c(e^2 - df)x)(cx^2 + a)^p dx}{(2p + 3)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(e^2 - df)(a + cx^2)^{p+1}(d + ex)^{-2p-3}}{(2p + 3)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int (d + ex)^{-2p-3} (e(cd + af)(2p + 3) - c(e^2 - df)x)(cx^2 + a)^p dx}{(2p + 3)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(e^2 - df)(a + cx^2)^{p+1}(d + ex)^{-2p-3}}{(2p + 3)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 679$$

$$\frac{-\frac{ce(-2adf(p+2)+ae^2-cd^2(2p+3))}{ae^2+cd^2} \int (d+ex)^{-2(p+1)} (cx^2+a)^p dx - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{p+1} (d+ex)^{-2(p+1)} (ae^2 f(2p+3) - cd(df - 2e^2(p+2)))}{2(p+1)(ae^2+cd^2)}}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(e^2 - df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 489

$$\frac{ce(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx})(a+cx^2)^p(d+ex)^{-2p-1}(-2adf(p+2)+ae^2-cd^2(2p+3))\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{cx})(\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd})}{(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx})(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-2p-1, -p, -2p, \frac{(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx})(\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd})}{(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx})(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})}\right)}{(2p+1)(\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd})(ae^2+cd^2)}}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(e^2 - df)(a+cx^2)^{p+1}(d+ex)^{-2p-3}}{(2p+3)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(-4 - 2*p)*(e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-(((e^2 - d*f)*(d + e*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(a + c*x^2)^(1 + p))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(3 + 2*p))) + (-1/2*((a*e^2*f*(3 + 2*p) - c*d*(d*f - 2*e^2*(2 + p)))*(a + c*x^2)^(1 + p))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + p)*(d + e*x)^(2*(1 + p))) + (c*e*(a*e^2 - 2*a*d*f*(2 + p) - c*d^2*(3 + 2*p))*(Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[c]*x)*(d + e*x)^(-1 - 2*p)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1 - 2*p, -p, -2*p, (2*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[c]*x))])/((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + 2*p)*(-(((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[c]*x))/((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[c]*x))))^p))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(3 + 2*p))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 489 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[(-a)*b, 2]}, Simp[(q - b*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c + d*q)*((b*c + d*q)*((q + b*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(-q + b*x))))^p)*Hypergeometric2F1[n + 1, -p, n + 2, 2*b*q*((c + d*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(q - b*x)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 679 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 689 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^{-4-2p} (fx + e) (cx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(-4-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^(-4-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-4-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (fx + e)(cx^2 + a)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-4-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((f*x + e)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 4), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{-4-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(-4-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-4-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (fx + e)(cx^2 + a)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-4-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-4-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (fx + e)(cx^2 + a)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-4-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{-4-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(e + fx)(cx^2 + a)^p}{(d + ex)^{2p+4}} dx$$

input `int(((e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^(2*p + 4), x)`

output `int(((e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^(2*p + 4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-4-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \left(\int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^{2p} d^4 + 4(ex + d)^{2p} d^3 ex + 6(ex + d)^{2p} d^2 e^2 x^2 + 4(ex + d)^{2p} d e^3 x^3 + (ex + d)^{2p} e^4 x^4} dx \right) e$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p x}{(ex + d)^{2p} d^4 + 4(ex + d)^{2p} d^3 ex + 6(ex + d)^{2p} d^2 e^2 x^2 + 4(ex + d)^{2p} d e^3 x^3 + (ex + d)^{2p} e^4 x^4} dx \right) f$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(-4-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((a + c*x**2)**p/((d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**4 + 4*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**3*e*x + 6*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d*e**3*x**3 + (d + e*x)**(2*p)*e**4*x**4), x)*e + int(((a + c*x**2)**p*x)/((d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**4 + 4*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**3*e*x + 6*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d*e**3*x**3 + (d + e*x)**(2*p)*e**4*x**4), x)*f`

3.305 $\int (d + ex)^{-3-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	2594
Mathematica [F]	2595
Rubi [A] (verified)	2595
Maple [F]	2596
Fricas [F]	2597
Sympy [F(-1)]	2597
Maxima [F]	2597
Giac [F]	2598
Mupad [F(-1)]	2598
Reduce [F]	2598

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 283

$$\int (d + ex)^{-3-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = -\frac{(e^2 - df)(d + ex)^{-2(1+p)}(a + cx^2)^{1+p}}{2(cd^2 + ae^2)(1 + p)} - \frac{e(cd + af)(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx}) \left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{-ae}})(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{cx})}{(\sqrt{cd - \sqrt{-ae}})(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})} \right)^{-p} (d + ex)^{-1-2p} (a + cx^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\dots \right)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{-ae})(cd^2 + ae^2)(1 + 2p)}$$

output

```
-1/2*(-d*f+e^2)*(c*x^2+a)^(p+1)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(p+1)/((e*x+d)^(2*p+2))-e*(a
*f+c*d)*((-a)^(1/2)-c^(1/2)*x)*(e*x+d)^(-1-2*p)*(c*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([-p,
-1-2*p],[ -2*p],2*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d-(-a)^(1/2)*e)/((-a
)^(1/2)-c^(1/2)*x))/(c^(1/2)*d+(-a)^(1/2)*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(1+2*p)/((-c^(
1/2)*d+(-a)^(1/2)*e)*((-a)^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x)/(c^(1/2)*d-(-a)^(1/2)*e)/((-a
)^(1/2)-c^(1/2)*x))^p
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-3-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (d + ex)^{-3-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {679, 489}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p (d + ex)^{-2p-3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 679$$

$$\frac{e(af + cd) \int (d + ex)^{-2(p+1)} (cx^2 + a)^p dx}{ae^2 + cd^2} - \frac{(e^2 - df) (a + cx^2)^{p+1} (d + ex)^{-2(p+1)}}{2(p+1) (ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 489$$

$$\frac{e(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx}) (af + cd) (a + cx^2)^p (d + ex)^{-2p-1} \left(-\frac{(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{cx})(\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd})}{(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae})} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(-2p - 1, \sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx}, \sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{cd}, \frac{(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{cx})(\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd})}{(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae})})}{(2p+1) (\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd}) (ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{(e^2 - df) (a + cx^2)^{p+1} (d + ex)^{-2(p+1)}}{2(p+1) (ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output

```
-1/2*((e^2 - d*f)*(a + c*x^2)^(1 + p))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + p)*(d + e*x)^(2*(1 + p))) - (e*(c*d + a*f)*(Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[c]*x)*(d + e*x)^(-1 - 2*p)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1 - 2*p, -p, -2*p, (2*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[c]*x))])/((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + 2*p)*(-(((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[c]*x))/((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[c]*x))))^p)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 489

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[(-a)*b, 2]}, Simp[(q - b*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c + d*q)*((b*c + d*q)*((q + b*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(-q + b*x))))^p)]*Hypergeometric2F1[n + 1, -p, n + 2, 2*b*q*((c + d*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(q - b*x)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

rule 679

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^{-3-2p} (fx + e) (cx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(-3-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)^(-3-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-3-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (fx + e)(cx^2 + a)^p(ex + d)^{-2p-3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-3-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((f*x + e)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 3), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{-3-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(-3-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-3-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (fx + e)(cx^2 + a)^p(ex + d)^{-2p-3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-3-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-3-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (fx + e)(cx^2 + a)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-3-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{-3-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(e + fx)(cx^2 + a)^p}{(d + ex)^{2p+3}} dx$$

input `int(((e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^(2*p + 3),x)`

output `int(((e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^(2*p + 3), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^{-3-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx \\ &= \left(\int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^{2p} d^3 + 3(ex + d)^{2p} d^2 ex + 3(ex + d)^{2p} d e^2 x^2 + (ex + d)^{2p} e^3 x^3} dx \right) e \\ & \quad + \left(\int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p x}{(ex + d)^{2p} d^3 + 3(ex + d)^{2p} d^2 ex + 3(ex + d)^{2p} d e^2 x^2 + (ex + d)^{2p} e^3 x^3} dx \right) f \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(-3-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output

```
int((a + c*x**2)**p/((d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**3 + 3*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**2*e*x +
  3*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d*e**2*x**2 + (d + e*x)**(2*p)*e**3*x**3),x)*e + int((
(a + c*x**2)**p*x)/((d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**3 + 3*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**2*e*x +
  3*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d*e**2*x**2 + (d + e*x)**(2*p)*e**3*x**3),x)*f
```


3.306 $\int (d + ex)^{-2-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	2600
Mathematica [F]	2601
Rubi [A] (verified)	2601
Maple [F]	2603
Fricas [F]	2604
Sympy [F(-1)]	2604
Maxima [F]	2604
Giac [F]	2605
Mupad [F(-1)]	2605
Reduce [F]	2605

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 377

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx =$$

$$\frac{f(d + ex)^{-2p}(a + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d + \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1 - 2p, \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}, \frac{d+ex}{d + \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2e^{2p}}$$

$$\frac{(e^2 - df)(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx}) \left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{-ae})(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{cx})}{(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae})(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})}\right)^{-p} (d + ex)^{-1-2p} (a + cx^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -1-2p, 2, \frac{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{-ae})(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{cx})}{(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae})(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})}\right)}{e(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{-ae})(1 + 2p)}$$

output

```
-1/2*f*(c*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(-2*p, -p, -p, 1-2*p, (e*x+d)/(d-(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)), (e*x+d)/(d+(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))/e^2/p/((e*x+d)^(2*p))/((1-(e*x+d)/(d-(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(e*x+d)/(d+(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^p)-(-d*f+e^2)*((-a)^(1/2)-c^(1/2)*x)*(e*x+d)^(-1-2*p)*(c*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([-p, -1-2*p], [-2*p], 2*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d-(-a)^(1/2)*e)/((-a)^(1/2)-c^(1/2)*x))/e/(c^(1/2)*d+(-a)^(1/2)*e)/(1+2*p)/((-c^(1/2)*d+(-a)^(1/2)*e)*((-a)^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x)/(c^(1/2)*d-(-a)^(1/2)*e)/((-a)^(1/2)-c^(1/2)*x))^p
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (d + ex)^{-2-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(-2 - 2*p)*(e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(-2 - 2*p)*(e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 377, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {719, 489, 514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p (d + ex)^{-2p-2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{719} \\ & \frac{(e^2 - df) \int (d + ex)^{-2(p+1)} (cx^2 + a)^p dx}{e} + \frac{f \int (d + ex)^{-2p-1} (cx^2 + a)^p dx}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{489} \\ & \frac{f \int (d + ex)^{-2p-1} (cx^2 + a)^p dx}{e} - \\ & \frac{(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})(e^2 - df)(a + cx^2)^p (d + ex)^{-2p-1} \left(-\frac{(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{cx})(\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd})}{(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae})} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(-2p - 1, -}{e(2p + 1)(\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd})} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{514} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{f(a + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d}\right)^{-p} \int (d + ex)^{-2p-1} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d + \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^p d(d + ex)}{(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx}) (e^2 - df) (a + cx^2)^p (d + ex)^{-2p-1} \left(-\frac{e^2 (\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{cx})(\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd})}{(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae})}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(-2p - 1, -2p, e(2p + 1)(\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd}))}$$

↓ 150

$$\frac{f(a + cx^2)^p (d + ex)^{-2p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1 - 2p, \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}, \frac{d+ex}{d + \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx}) (e^2 - df) (a + cx^2)^p (d + ex)^{-2p-1} \left(-\frac{2e^2p (\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{cx})(\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd})}{(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae})}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(-2p - 1, -2p, e(2p + 1)(\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd}))}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^(-2 - 2*p)*(e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(f*(a + c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (d + e*x)/(d - (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c]), (d + e*x)/(d + (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c])])/(e^2*p*(d + e*x)^(2*p)*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c]))^p*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d + (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c]))^p) - ((e^2 - d*f)*(Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[c]*x)*(d + e*x)^(-1 - 2*p)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1 - 2*p, -p, -2*p, (2*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[c]*x))])/(e*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + 2*p)*(-((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[c]*x))/((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[c]*x))))^p)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 489 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[(-a)*b, 2]}, Simp[(q - b*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c + d*q)*((b*c + d*q)*((q + b*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(-q + b*x))))^p)]*Hypergeometric2F1[n + 1, -p, n + 2, 2*b*q*((c + d*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(q - b*x))), x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 719 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^{-2p-2} (fx + e) (cx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(-2*p-2)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^(-2*p-2)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (fx + e)(cx^2 + a)^p(ex + d)^{-2p-2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-2-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((f*x + e)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 2), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(-2-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (fx + e)(cx^2 + a)^p(ex + d)^{-2p-2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-2-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (fx + e)(cx^2 + a)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-2-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(e + fx)(cx^2 + a)^p}{(d + ex)^{2p+2}} dx$$

input `int(((e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^(2*p + 2),x)`

output `int(((e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^(2*p + 2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^{-2-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx \\ &= \left(\int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^{2p} d^2 + 2(ex + d)^{2p} dex + (ex + d)^{2p} e^2 x^2} dx \right) e \\ & \quad + \left(\int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p x}{(ex + d)^{2p} d^2 + 2(ex + d)^{2p} dex + (ex + d)^{2p} e^2 x^2} dx \right) f \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(-2-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output

```
int((a + c*x**2)**p/((d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**2 + 2*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d*e*x + (d
+ e*x)**(2*p)*e**2*x**2),x)*e + int(((a + c*x**2)**p*x)/((d + e*x)**(2*p)
*d**2 + 2*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d*e*x + (d + e*x)**(2*p)*e**2*x**2),x)*f
```

3.307 $\int (d + ex)^{-1-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	2607
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2608
Rubi [A] (verified)	2608
Maple [F]	2610
Fricas [F]	2610
Sympy [F(-1)]	2611
Maxima [F]	2611
Giac [F]	2611
Mupad [F(-1)]	2612
Reduce [F]	2612

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 325

$$\int (d + ex)^{-1-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{f(d + ex)^{1-2p}(a + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d + \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2 - 2p, \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}, \frac{d+ex}{d + \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{e^2(1 - 2p)}$$

$$- \frac{(e^2 - df)(d + ex)^{-2p}(a + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d + \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1 - 2p, \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}, \frac{d+ex}{d + \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2e^2p}$$

output

```
f*(e*x+d)^(1-2*p)*(c*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1-2*p,-p,-p,2-2*p,(e*x+d)/(d-(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)),(e*x+d)/(d+(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))/e^2/(1-2*p)/((1-(e*x+d)/(d-(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(e*x+d)/(d+(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^p)-1/2*(-d*f+e^2)*(c*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(-2*p,-p,-p,1-2*p,(e*x+d)/(d-(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)),(e*x+d)/(d+(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))/e^2/p/((e*x+d)^(2*p))/((1-(e*x+d)/(d-(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(e*x+d)/(d+(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^p)
```


Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (d + ex)^{-1-2p}(e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{\left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{c}}-x)}{d+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{c}}e}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{c}}+x)}{-d+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{c}}e}\right)^{-p} (d + ex)^{-2p} (a + cx^2)^p \left(2fp(d + ex) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2 - 2p, \frac{d + ex}{d - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{c}}e}, \frac{d + ex}{d + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{c}}e}\right) + (e^2 - df) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[-2p, -p, -p, 1 - 2p, \frac{d + ex}{d - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{c}}e}, \frac{d + ex}{d + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{c}}e}\right]\right)}{2e^2p(-1 + 2p) \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{c}}-x)}{d+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{c}}e}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{c}}+x)}{-d+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{c}}e}\right)^{-p} (d + ex)^{-2p} (a + cx^2)^p}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(-1 - 2*p)*(e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*((a + c*x^2)^p*(2*f*p*(d + e*x)*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (d + e*x)/(d - Sqrt[-(a/c)]*e), (d + e*x)/(d + Sqrt[-(a/c)]*e)] + (e^2 - d*f)*(-1 + 2*p)*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (d + e*x)/(d - Sqrt[-(a/c)]*e), (d + e*x)/(d + Sqrt[-(a/c)]*e)]))/(e^2*p*(-1 + 2*p)*((e*(Sqrt[-(a/c)] - x))/(d + Sqrt[-(a/c)]*e))^p*((e*(Sqrt[-(a/c)] + x))/(-d + Sqrt[-(a/c)]*e))^p*(d + e*x)^(2*p))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$, Rules used = {719, 514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p (d + ex)^{-2p-1} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{719}$$

$$\frac{(e^2 - df) \int (d + ex)^{-2p-1} (cx^2 + a)^p dx}{e} + \frac{f \int (d + ex)^{-2p} (cx^2 + a)^p dx}{e}$$

$$\downarrow \text{514}$$

$$\frac{(e^2 - df)(a + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d}\right)^{-p} \int (d + ex)^{-2p-1} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d + \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^p d(d + ex)}{e^2} = \frac{f(a + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d}\right)^{-p} \int (d + ex)^{-2p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d + \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^p d(d + ex)}{e^2}$$

↓ 150

$$\frac{f(a + cx^2)^p (d + ex)^{1-2p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2 - 2p, \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}, \frac{d+ex}{d + \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{e^2(1 - 2p)} = \frac{(e^2 - df)(a + cx^2)^p (d + ex)^{-2p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1 - 2p, \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}, \frac{d+ex}{d + \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2e^{2p}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(-1 - 2*p)*(e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(f*(d + e*x)^(1 - 2*p)*(a + c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (d + e*x)/(d - (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c]), (d + e*x)/(d + (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c])]) / (e^2*(1 - 2*p)*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c]))^p*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d + (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c]))^p) - ((e^2 - d*f)*(a + c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (d + e*x)/(d - (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c]), (d + e*x)/(d + (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c])]) / (2*e^2*p*(d + e*x)^(2*p)*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c]))^p*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d + (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c]))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^(p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] &&
 NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 719 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^{-1-2p} (fx + e) (cx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(-1-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^(-1-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-1-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (fx + e)(cx^2 + a)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-1-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((f*x + e)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{-1-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(-1-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-1-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (fx + e)(cx^2 + a)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-1-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-1-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (fx + e)(cx^2 + a)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-1-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{-1-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(e + fx) (cx^2 + a)^p}{(d + ex)^{2p+1}} dx$$

input `int(((e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^(2*p + 1),x)`

output `int(((e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^(2*p + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-1-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \left(\int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^{2p} d + (ex + d)^{2p} ex} dx \right) e + \left(\int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p x}{(ex + d)^{2p} d + (ex + d)^{2p} ex} dx \right) f$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(-1-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((a + c*x**2)**p/((d + e*x)**(2*p)*d + (d + e*x)**(2*p)*e*x),x)*e + int(((a + c*x**2)**p*x)/((d + e*x)**(2*p)*d + (d + e*x)**(2*p)*e*x),x)*f`

3.308 $\int (d + ex)^{-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	2613
Mathematica [F]	2614
Rubi [A] (verified)	2614
Maple [F]	2616
Fricas [F]	2616
Sympy [F(-1)]	2616
Maxima [F]	2617
Giac [F]	2617
Mupad [F(-1)]	2617
Reduce [F]	2618

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 333

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(e^2 - df)(d + ex)^{1-2p}(a + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d + \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2 - 2p, \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{e^2(1 - 2p)} + \frac{f(d + ex)^{2-2p}(a + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d + \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(2 - 2p, -p, -p, 3 - 2p, \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2e^2(1 - p)}$$

output

```
(-d*f+e^2)*(e*x+d)^(1-2*p)*(c*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1-2*p,-p,-p,2-2*p,(e*x+d)/(d-(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)),(e*x+d)/(d+(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))/e^2/(1-2*p)/((1-(e*x+d)/(d-(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(e*x+d)/(d+(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^p)+1/2*f*(e*x+d)^(2-2*p)*(c*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(2-2*p,-p,-p,3-2*p,(e*x+d)/(d-(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)),(e*x+d)/(d+(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))/e^2/(1-p)/((1-(e*x+d)/(d-(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(e*x+d)/(d+(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^p)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (d + ex)^{-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[((e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^(2*p), x]`

output `Integrate[((e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^(2*p), x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {719, 514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p (d + ex)^{-2p} dx$$

$$\downarrow 719$$

$$\frac{(e^2 - df) \int (d + ex)^{-2p} (cx^2 + a)^p dx}{e} + \frac{f \int (d + ex)^{1-2p} (cx^2 + a)^p dx}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{f(a + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d}\right)^{-p} \int (d + ex)^{1-2p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d + \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^p d(d + ex)}{e^2} +$$

$$\frac{(e^2 - df) (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d}\right)^{-p} \int (d + ex)^{-2p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d + \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^p d(d + ex)}{e^2}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{(e^2 - df)(a + cx^2)^p (d + ex)^{1-2p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2 - 2p, \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}, \frac{d+ex}{\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d}\right)}{e^2(1 - 2p)}$$

$$\frac{f(a + cx^2)^p (d + ex)^{2-2p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(2 - 2p, -p, -p, 3 - 2p, \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}, \frac{d+ex}{\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d}\right)}{2e^2(1 - p)}$$

input `Int[(e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^(2*p),x]`

output `((e^2 - d*f)*(d + e*x)^(1 - 2*p)*(a + c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (d + e*x)/(d - (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c]), (d + e*x)/(d + (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c])])/(e^2*(1 - 2*p)*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c]))^p*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d + (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c]))^p) + (f*(d + e*x)^(2 - 2*p)*(a + c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[2 - 2*p, -p, -p, 3 - 2*p, (d + e*x)/(d - (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c]), (d + e*x)/(d + (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c])])/(2*e^2*(1 - p)*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c]))^p*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d + (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c]))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 719

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (fx + e)(cx^2 + a)^p (ex + d)^{-2p} dx$$

input

```
int((f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p/((e*x+d)^(2*p)),x)
```

output

```
int((f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p/((e*x+d)^(2*p)),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(fx + e)(cx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^{2p}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p/((e*x+d)^(2*p)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((f*x + e)*(c*x^2 + a)^p/(e*x + d)^(2*p), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((f*x+e)*(c*x**2+a)**p/((e*x+d)**(2*p)),x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(fx + e)(cx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^{2p}} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p/((e*x+d)^(2*p)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)*(c*x^2 + a)^p/(e*x + d)^(2*p), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(fx + e)(cx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^{2p}} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p/((e*x+d)^(2*p)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)*(c*x^2 + a)^p/(e*x + d)^(2*p), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(e + fx) (cx^2 + a)^p}{(d + ex)^{2p}} dx$$

input `int(((e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^(2*p),x)`

output `int(((e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^(2*p), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \left(\int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^{2p}} dx \right) e + \left(\int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p x}{(ex + d)^{2p}} dx \right) f$$

input `int((f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p/((e*x+d)^(2*p)),x)`

output `int((a + c*x**2)**p/(d + e*x)**(2*p),x)*e + int(((a + c*x**2)**p*x)/(d + e*x)**(2*p),x)*f`

3.309 $\int (d + ex)^{1-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	2619
Mathematica [F]	2620
Rubi [A] (verified)	2620
Maple [F]	2622
Fricas [F]	2622
Sympy [F(-1)]	2622
Maxima [F]	2623
Giac [F]	2623
Mupad [F(-1)]	2623
Reduce [F]	2624

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 333

$$\int (d + ex)^{1-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(e^2 - df) (d + ex)^{2-2p} (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d + \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(2 - 2p, -p, -p, 3 - 2p, \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}, \frac{d+ex}{d + \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2e^2(1 - p)} + \frac{f(d + ex)^{3-2p} (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d + \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(3 - 2p, -p, -p, 4 - 2p, \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}, \frac{d+ex}{d + \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{e^2(3 - 2p)}$$

output

```
1/2*(-d*f+e^2)*(e*x+d)^(2-2*p)*(c*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(2-2*p,-p,-p,3-2*p,(e*x+d)/(d-(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)),(e*x+d)/(d+(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))/e^2/(1-p)/((1-(e*x+d)/(d-(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(e*x+d)/(d+(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^p)+f*(e*x+d)^(3-2*p)*(c*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(3-2*p,-p,-p,4-2*p,(e*x+d)/(d-(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)),(e*x+d)/(d+(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))/e^2/(3-2*p)/((1-(e*x+d)/(d-(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(e*x+d)/(d+(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^p)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{1-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (d + ex)^{1-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(1 - 2*p)*(e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(1 - 2*p)*(e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$, Rules used = {719, 514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p (d + ex)^{1-2p} dx$$

$$\downarrow 719$$

$$\frac{(e^2 - df) \int (d + ex)^{1-2p} (cx^2 + a)^p dx}{e} + \frac{f \int (d + ex)^{2-2p} (cx^2 + a)^p dx}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{(e^2 - df) (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d}\right)^{-p} \int (d + ex)^{1-2p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d + \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^p d(d + ex)}{e^2}$$

$$\frac{f (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d}\right)^{-p} \int (d + ex)^{2-2p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d + \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^p d(d + ex)}{e^2}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{(e^2 - df)(a + cx^2)^p (d + ex)^{2-2p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(2 - 2p, -p, -p, 3 - 2p, \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}, \frac{d+ex}{\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d}\right)}{2e^2(1-p)}$$

$$\frac{f(a + cx^2)^p (d + ex)^{3-2p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{d+ex}{\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(3 - 2p, -p, -p, 4 - 2p, \frac{d+ex}{d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}, \frac{d+ex}{\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d}\right)}{e^2(3 - 2p)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(1 - 2*p)*(e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((e^2 - d*f)*(d + e*x)^(2 - 2*p)*(a + c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[2 - 2*p, -p, -p, 3 - 2*p, (d + e*x)/(d - (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c]), (d + e*x)/(d + (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c])])/(2*e^2*(1 - p)*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c]))^p*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d + (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c]))^p) + (f*(d + e*x)^(3 - 2*p)*(a + c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[3 - 2*p, -p, -p, 4 - 2*p, (d + e*x)/(d - (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c]), (d + e*x)/(d + (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c])])/(e^2*(3 - 2*p)*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c]))^p*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d + (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c]))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 719

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^{1-2p} (fx + e) (cx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(1-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)^(1-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{1-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (fx + e) (cx^2 + a)^p (ex + d)^{-2p+1} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(1-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((f*x + e)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p + 1), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{1-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(1-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x**2+a)**p,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{1-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (fx + e)(cx^2 + a)^p(ex + d)^{-2p+1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{1-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (fx + e)(cx^2 + a)^p(ex + d)^{-2p+1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{1-2p}(e + fx)(a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (e + fx)(cx^2 + a)^p(d + ex)^{1-2p} dx$$

input `int((e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^(1 - 2*p),x)`

output `int((e + f*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^(1 - 2*p), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{1-2p} (e + fx) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \left(\int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^{2p}} dx \right) de$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p x^2}{(ex + d)^{2p}} dx \right) ef$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p x}{(ex + d)^{2p}} dx \right) df$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p x}{(ex + d)^{2p}} dx \right) e^2$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1-2*p)*(f*x+e)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((a + c*x**2)**p/(d + e*x)**(2*p),x)*d*e + int(((a + c*x**2)**p*x**2)/(d + e*x)**(2*p),x)*e*f + int(((a + c*x**2)**p*x)/(d + e*x)**(2*p),x)*d*f + int(((a + c*x**2)**p*x)/(d + e*x)**(2*p),x)*e**2`

3.310 $\int (-ae + cdx)(d + ex)^{-3-2p} (a + cx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	2625
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2625
Rubi [A] (verified)	2626
Maple [A] (verified)	2626
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2627
Sympy [F(-1)]	2627
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2628
Giac [F]	2628
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2628
Reduce [F]	2629

Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int (-ae + cdx)(d + ex)^{-3-2p} (a + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{(d + ex)^{-2(1+p)} (a + cx^2)^{1+p}}{2(1 + p)}$$

output

$$1/2*(c*x^2+a)^(p+1)/(p+1)/((e*x+d)^(2*p+2))$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (-ae + cdx)(d + ex)^{-3-2p} (a + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{(d + ex)^{-2-2p} (a + cx^2)^{1+p}}{2(1 + p)}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(-a*e) + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]$$

output

$$((d + e*x)^(-2 - 2*p)*(a + c*x^2)^(1 + p))/(2*(1 + p))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.033$, Rules used = {677}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^p (d + ex)^{-2p-3} (cdx - ae) dx$$

$$\downarrow 677$$

$$\frac{(a + cx^2)^{p+1} (d + ex)^{-2(p+1)}}{2(p + 1)}$$

input `Int[(-(a*e) + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(a + c*x^2)^(1 + p)/(2*(1 + p)*(d + e*x)^(2*(1 + p)))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 677 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0] && EqQ[c*d*f + a*e*g, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(cx^2+a)^{p+1}(ex+d)^{-2p-2}}{2+2p}$
orering	$-\frac{(ex+d)(cx^2+a)(cdx-ae)(ex+d)^{-3-2p}(cx^2+a)^p}{2(p+1)(-cdx+ae)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^3(cx^2+a)^p(ex+d)^{-3-2p}c^2e^2+x^2(cx^2+a)^p(ex+d)^{-3-2p}c^2de+x(cx^2+a)^p(ex+d)^{-3-2p}ace^2+(cx^2+a)^p(ex+d)^{-3-2p}ae^2}{2(p+1)ce}$

input `int((c*d*x-a*e)*(e*x+d)^(-3-2*p)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/(p+1)*(c*x^2+a)^(p+1)*(e*x+d)^(-2*p-2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int (-ae + cdx)(d + ex)^{-3-2p} (a + cx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(ce^3x^3 + cdx^2 + aex + ad)(cx^2 + a)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-3}}{2(p+1)}$$

input `integrate((c*d*x-a*e)*(e*x+d)^(-3-2*p)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(c*e*x^3 + c*d*x^2 + a*e*x + a*d)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 3)/(p + 1)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (-ae + cdx)(d + ex)^{-3-2p} (a + cx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*d*x-a*e)*(e*x+d)**(-3-2*p)*(c*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int (-ae + cdx)(d + ex)^{-3-2p} (a + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{(cx^2 + a)e^{(p \log(cx^2+a) - 2p \log(ex+d))}}{2(e^2(p+1)x^2 + 2de(p+1)x + d^2(p+1))}$$

input `integrate((c*d*x-a*e)*(e*x+d)^(-3-2*p)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(c*x^2 + a)*e^(p*log(c*x^2 + a) - 2*p*log(e*x + d))/(e^2*(p + 1)*x^2 + 2*d*e*(p + 1)*x + d^2*(p + 1))`

Giac [F]

$$\int (-ae + cdx)(d + ex)^{-3-2p} (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (cdx - ae)(cx^2 + a)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-3} dx$$

input `integrate((c*d*x-a*e)*(e*x+d)^(-3-2*p)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*x - a*e)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 3), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.16

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (-ae + cdx)(d + ex)^{-3-2p} (a + cx^2)^p dx \\ &= \frac{\frac{ad(cx^2+a)^p}{2p+2} + \frac{aex(cx^2+a)^p}{2p+2} + \frac{cdx^2(cx^2+a)^p}{2p+2} + \frac{ce x^3 (cx^2+a)^p}{2p+2}}{(d + ex)^{2p+3}} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(-((a*e - c*d*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^(2*p + 3),x)`

output `((a*d*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(2*p + 2) + (a*e*x*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(2*p + 2) + (c*d*x^2*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(2*p + 2) + (c*e*x^3*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(2*p + 2))/(d + e*x)^(2*p + 3)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (-ae + cdx)(d + ex)^{-3-2p} (a + cx^2)^p dx$$

$$= - \left(\int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^{2p} d^3 + 3(ex + d)^{2p} d^2 ex + 3(ex + d)^{2p} d e^2 x^2 + (ex + d)^{2p} e^3 x^3} dx \right) ae$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p x}{(ex + d)^{2p} d^3 + 3(ex + d)^{2p} d^2 ex + 3(ex + d)^{2p} d e^2 x^2 + (ex + d)^{2p} e^3 x^3} dx \right) cd$$

input `int((c*d*x-a*e)*(e*x+d)^(-3-2*p)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `- int((a + c*x**2)**p/((d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**3 + 3*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**2*e*x + 3*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d*e**2*x**2 + (d + e*x)**(2*p)*e**3*x**3),x)*a*e + int(((a + c*x**2)**p*x)/((d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**3 + 3*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**2*e*x + 3*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d*e**2*x**2 + (d + e*x)**(2*p)*e**3*x**3),x)*c*d`

CHAPTER 4

APPENDIX

4.1	Listing of Grading functions	2630
4.2	Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS .	2648

4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*                               Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*                               match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCountOptimal},
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal."}
        ]
      ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
      ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
      If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
        finalresult={"A",""}
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal."}
      ]
    ]
  ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
    If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
      finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order of result is higher than in optimal."}
    ]
  ]

```



```

        finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
  If[Head[expn]==Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]==Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]==Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]],
    If[Head[expn]==Plus || Head[expn]==Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],

```


Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
#                   if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#
#                   see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022  add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issue";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result    := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal   := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
#     is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal

```

```

#   antiderivative
#   "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf

            end if
        else #result contains complex but optimal is not
            if debug then
                print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
            fi;
            return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
        fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
        # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
        if debug then
            print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        fi;

```

```

        if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "A"," ";
        else
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of
                            convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                            convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_co
            fi;
        fi;
    else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
        if debug then
            print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
        fi;
        return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
    fi;
end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
    return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function

```

```

# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+'') or type(expn,'*') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
  9

```

```

    end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.

```

```
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc;
```

Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
  #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
  return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
  if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
      return True
    else:
      return False
  else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
  return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
  ]

def is_special_function(func):
  return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
  ]
```



```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+') or type(expn,'*')

```

```

    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""

```

```

else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is lar
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType

#print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

SageMath grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#       Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#       grade Fricas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#       'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#       issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

```

```

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arcsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:

```

```

    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi','zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral',
        'weierstrassPInverse','weierstrass','weierstrassP','weierstrassZeta',
        'weierstrassPPrime','weierstrassSigma']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric'] #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False

```

```

if debug:
    print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
    return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #instance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(instance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)

```

```

    return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isins
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print ("type(anti)=", type(result))
    print ("type(optimal)=", type(optimal))

```

```

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result - 2*leaf_count_optimal)
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result - expnType_optimal)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```


4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS

1. Mathematica integration problems as .m file
2. Maple integration problems as .txt file
3. Sagemath integration problems as .sage file
4. Reduce integration problems as .txt file
5. Mupad integration problems as .txt file
6. Sympy integration problems as .py file