

Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2024

1-Algebraic-functions/1.2-Trinomial/1.2.1-Quadratic-
trinomial/1.2.1.3/99-1.2.1.3-e2

Nasser M. Abbasi

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3.124	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{-2+m} (a+bx+cx^2)}{x^3} dx$	1239
3.125	$\int \frac{x^3 (d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	1246
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3.128	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	1263
3.129	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	1268
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3.163	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^7} dx$	1477
3.164	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^8} dx$	1484
3.165	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^9} dx$	1490
3.166	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{10}} dx$	1497
3.167	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{11}} dx$	1504
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3.171	$\int x^2 (A+Bx) (a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx$	1532

3.172	$\int x(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx$	1539
3.173	$\int (A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx$	1547
3.174	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x} dx$	1554
3.175	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^2} dx$	1562
3.176	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^3} dx$	1569
3.177	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^4} dx$	1576
3.178	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^5} dx$	1583
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3.185	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{12}} dx$	1632
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3.187	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{14}} dx$	1646
3.188	$\int x^7(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1653
3.189	$\int x^6(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1661
3.190	$\int x^5(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1669
3.191	$\int x^4(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1677
3.192	$\int x^3(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1684
3.193	$\int x^2(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1692
3.194	$\int x(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1700
3.195	$\int (d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1707
3.196	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x} dx$	1714
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3.217	$\int x^{11}(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1863
3.218	$\int x^{10}(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1869
3.219	$\int x^9(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1875
3.220	$\int x^8(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1881
3.221	$\int x^7(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1887
3.222	$\int x^6(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1893
3.223	$\int x^5(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1899
3.224	$\int x^4(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1905
3.225	$\int x^3(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1911
3.226	$\int x^2(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1917
3.227	$\int x(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1923
3.228	$\int (1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1929
3.229	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x} dx$	1934
3.230	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^2} dx$	1940
3.231	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^3} dx$	1946
3.232	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^4} dx$	1952
3.233	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^5} dx$	1958
3.234	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^6} dx$	1964
3.235	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^7} dx$	1970
3.236	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^8} dx$	1976
3.237	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^9} dx$	1982

3.238	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{10}} dx$	1988
3.239	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{11}} dx$	1994
3.240	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{12}} dx$	2000
3.241	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{13}} dx$	2006
3.242	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{14}} dx$	2012
3.243	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{15}} dx$	2018
3.244	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{16}} dx$	2024
3.245	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{17}} dx$	2030
3.246	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{18}} dx$	2037
3.247	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{19}} dx$	2044
3.248	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{20}} dx$	2051
3.249	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{21}} dx$	2058
3.250	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{22}} dx$	2064
3.251	$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2070
3.252	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2077
3.253	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2083
3.254	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2089
3.255	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2095
3.256	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2101
3.257	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$	2106
3.258	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$	2111
3.259	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$	2117
3.260	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$	2123
3.261	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$	2129
3.262	$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	2136
3.263	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	2143
3.264	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	2150
3.265	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	2156
3.266	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	2163
3.267	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	2169
3.268	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	2175
3.269	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	2181
3.270	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	2188

3.271	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	2195
3.272	$\int \frac{x^6(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	2202
3.273	$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	2209
3.274	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	2216
3.275	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	2223
3.276	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	2229
3.277	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	2235
3.278	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	2241
3.279	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	2247
3.280	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	2254
3.281	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	2261
3.282	$\int x^4(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2269
3.283	$\int x^3(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2278
3.284	$\int x^2(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2286
3.285	$\int x(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2293
3.286	$\int (A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2301
3.287	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x} dx$	2307
3.288	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^2} dx$	2313
3.289	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^3} dx$	2320
3.290	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^4} dx$	2326
3.291	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^5} dx$	2332
3.292	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^6} dx$	2339
3.293	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^7} dx$	2346
3.294	$\int x^5(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	2353
3.295	$\int x^4(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	2361
3.296	$\int x^3(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	2369
3.297	$\int x^2(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	2377
3.298	$\int x(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	2384
3.299	$\int (A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	2391
3.300	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$	2398
3.301	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	2405
3.302	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	2411
3.303	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$	2417

3.304	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$	2424
3.305	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$	2431
3.306	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$	2438
3.307	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$	2445
3.308	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx$	2452
3.309	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx$	2459
3.310	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{11}} dx$	2466
3.311	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{12}} dx$	2473
3.312	$\int x^6(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	2480
3.313	$\int x^5(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	2488
3.314	$\int x^4(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	2496
3.315	$\int x^3(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	2504
3.316	$\int x^2(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	2512
3.317	$\int x(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	2519
3.318	$\int (A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	2526
3.319	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx$	2533
3.320	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$	2540
3.321	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$	2547
3.322	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx$	2554
3.323	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$	2561
3.324	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$	2569
3.325	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$	2576
3.326	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$	2584
3.327	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx$	2591
3.328	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$	2599
3.329	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx$	2607
3.330	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx$	2615
3.331	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx$	2623
3.332	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{14}} dx$	2631
3.333	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	2639
3.334	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	2646
3.335	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	2653

3.336	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	2659
3.337	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	2665
3.338	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	2671
3.339	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	2677
3.340	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	2684
3.341	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	2690
3.342	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	2697
3.343	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2704
3.344	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2711
3.345	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2718
3.346	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2725
3.347	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2731
3.348	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2736
3.349	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2742
3.350	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2748
3.351	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2755
3.352	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2762
3.353	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2769
3.354	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2775
3.355	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2781
3.356	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2786
3.357	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2793
3.358	$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx$	2800
3.359	$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx$	2806
3.360	$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx$	2812
3.361	$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx$	2818
3.362	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	2824
3.363	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx$	2830
3.364	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx$	2836
3.365	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{7/2}} dx$	2842
3.366	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{9/2}} dx$	2848
3.367	$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx$	2854
3.368	$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx$	2861

3.369	$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx$	2868
3.370	$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx$	2875
3.371	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	2882
3.372	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx$	2889
3.373	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx$	2896
3.374	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx$	2903
3.375	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{9/2}} dx$	2910
3.376	$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx$	2917
3.377	$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx$	2924
3.378	$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx$	2931
3.379	$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx$	2938
3.380	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	2945
3.381	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx$	2953
3.382	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx$	2960
3.383	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{7/2}} dx$	2967
3.384	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{9/2}} dx$	2974
3.385	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{11/2}} dx$	2981
3.386	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2988
3.387	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2998
3.388	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	3007
3.389	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	3015
3.390	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$	3022
3.391	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$	3029
3.392	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$	3036
3.393	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$	3044
3.394	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$	3053
3.395	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	3062
3.396	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	3071
3.397	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	3080
3.398	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	3088
3.399	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	3096
3.400	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	3104
3.401	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	3113

3.402	$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	3122
3.403	$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	3138
3.404	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	3150
3.405	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	3160
3.406	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	3169
3.407	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	3178
3.408	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	3188
3.409	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	3198
3.410	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	3211
3.411	$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	3227
3.412	$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	3233
3.413	$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	3239
3.414	$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	3245
3.415	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	3251
3.416	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$	3257
3.417	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^{5/2}} dx$	3263
3.418	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$	3269
3.419	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$	3275
3.420	$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	3281
3.421	$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	3288
3.422	$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	3295
3.423	$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	3302
3.424	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	3309
3.425	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$	3316
3.426	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx$	3323
3.427	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$	3329
3.428	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$	3335
3.429	$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	3342
3.430	$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	3349
3.431	$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	3356
3.432	$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	3363
3.433	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	3370
3.434	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$	3377

3.435	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx$	3384
3.436	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$	3391
3.437	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$	3398
3.438	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	3405
3.439	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	3416
3.440	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	3425
3.441	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	3433
3.442	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	3440
3.443	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	3446
3.444	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	3452
3.445	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	3459
3.446	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	3467
3.447	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3476
3.448	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3487
3.449	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3496
3.450	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3504
3.451	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3511
3.452	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3518
3.453	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3526
3.454	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3535
3.455	$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3546
3.456	$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3563
3.457	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3578
3.458	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3589
3.459	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3598
3.460	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3607
3.461	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3616
3.462	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3625
3.463	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3636
3.464	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3651
3.465	$\int (gx)^m (A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx$	3668

3.466	$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$	3679
3.467	$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx$	3688
3.468	$\int \frac{(gx)^m (A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	3695
3.469	$\int \frac{(gx)^m (A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	3700
3.470	$\int x^m (1+x) (1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	3706
3.471	$\int x^m (d+ex) (1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	3715
3.472	$\int x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$	3725
3.473	$\int x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$	3731
3.474	$\int x \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$	3736
3.475	$\int \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$	3743
3.476	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} dx$	3749
3.477	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^2} dx$	3755
3.478	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^3} dx$	3762
3.479	$\int x^3 (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$	3768
3.480	$\int x^2 (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$	3775
3.481	$\int x (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$	3780
3.482	$\int (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$	3787
3.483	$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$	3793
3.484	$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	3799
3.485	$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	3806
3.486	$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$	3813
3.487	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$	3819
3.488	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$	3824
3.489	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$	3831
3.490	$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$	3837
3.491	$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$	3843
3.492	$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$	3850
3.493	$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3856
3.494	$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3862
3.495	$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3867
3.496	$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3874
3.497	$\int \frac{1}{x (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3880
3.498	$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3886
3.499	$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3894
3.500	$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{5/2} (1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3900

3.501	$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3906
3.502	$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3911
3.503	$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3918
3.504	$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3924
3.505	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3930
3.506	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3938
3.507	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	3945
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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [507]. This is test number [99].

1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 14 (January 9, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 14 on windows 10m pro.
3. Maple 2024 (March 1, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.4.0 on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
5. FriCAS 1.3.10 built with sbcl 2.3.11 (January 10, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-99 on Linux via sagemath 10.3.
7. Sympy 1.12 using Python 3.11.6 (Nov 14 2023, 09:36:21) [GCC 13.2.1 20230801] on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.
9. Reduce CSL rev 6687 (January 9, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

Reduce was called directly.

1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	99.61 (505)	0.39 (2)
Mathematica	99.21 (503)	0.79 (4)
Maple	96.45 (489)	3.55 (18)
Fricas	89.94 (456)	10.06 (51)
Giac	78.30 (397)	21.70 (110)
Reduce	76.73 (389)	23.27 (118)
Maxima	70.02 (355)	29.98 (152)
Mupad	55.82 (283)	44.18 (224)
Sympy	47.14 (239)	52.86 (268)

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

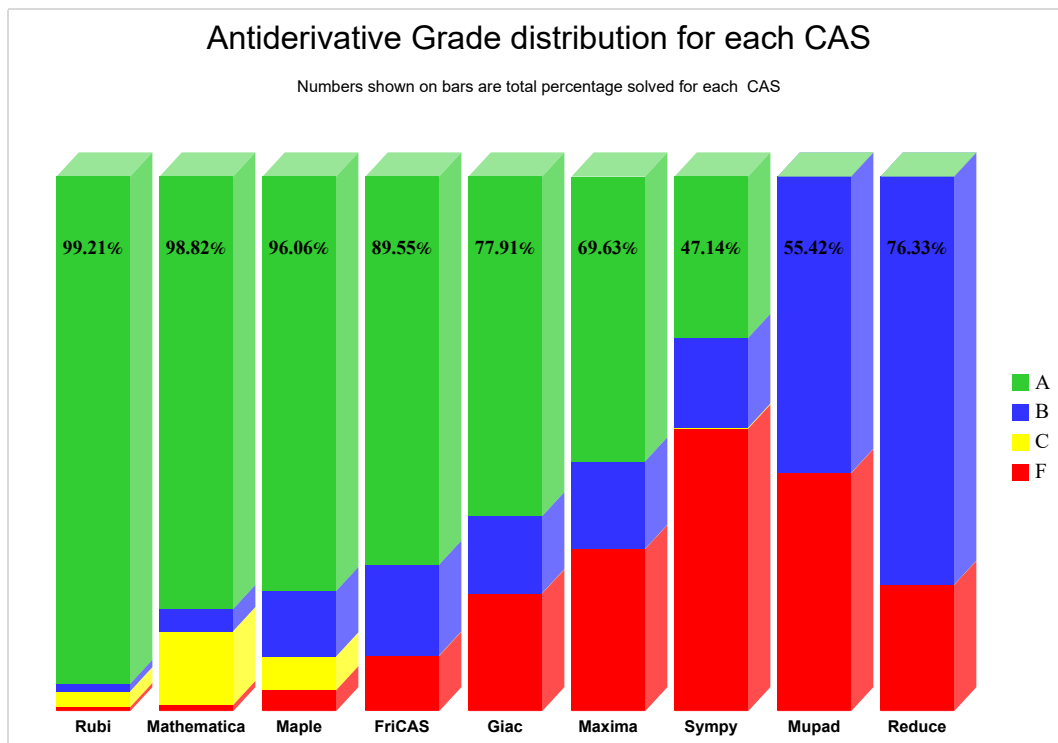
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

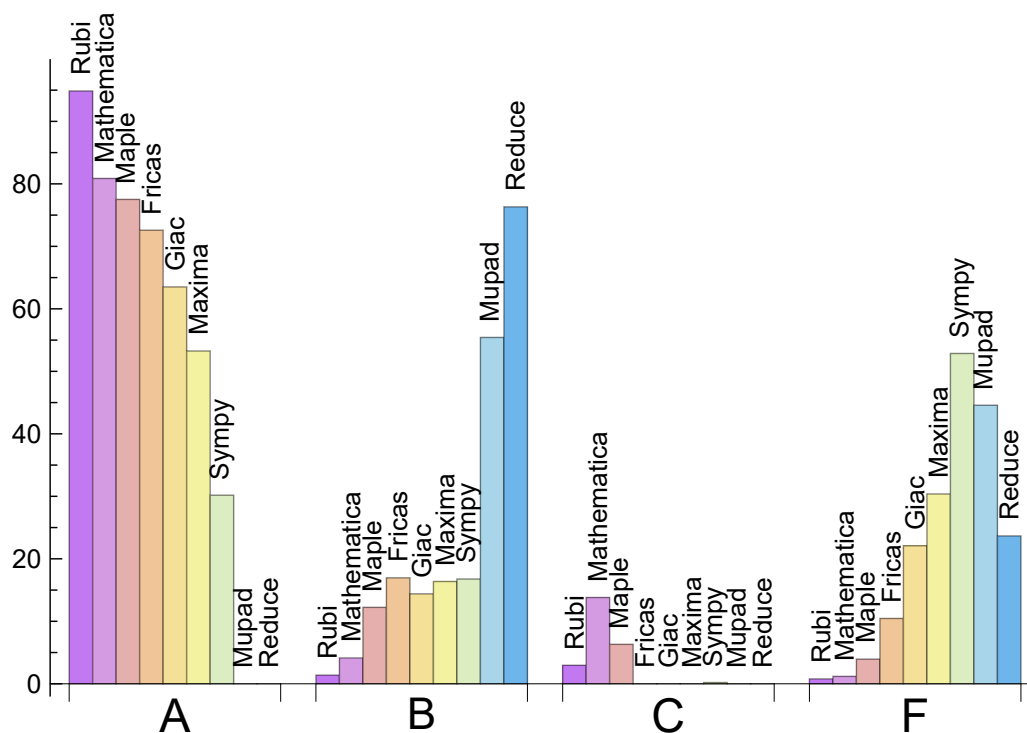
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	94.872	1.381	2.959	0.789
Mathematica	80.868	4.142	13.807	1.183
Maple	77.515	12.229	6.312	3.945
Fricas	72.584	16.963	0.000	10.454
Giac	63.511	14.398	0.000	22.091
Maxima	53.254	16.371	0.000	30.375
Sympy	30.178	16.765	0.197	52.860
Mupad	0.000	55.424	0.000	44.576
Reduce	0.000	76.331	0.000	23.669

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	2	100.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	4	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maple	18	100.00	0.00	0.00
Fricas	51	56.86	43.14	0.00
Giac	110	78.18	0.91	20.91
Reduce	118	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maxima	152	75.66	0.00	24.34
Mupad	224	0.00	100.00	0.00
Sympy	268	80.22	19.03	0.75

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Maxima	0.06
Giac	0.30
Rubi	0.56
Reduce	0.82
Maple	1.36
Fricas	2.79
Mathematica	3.89
Sympy	4.14
Mupad	6.10

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Maxima	168.88	1.30	129.00	1.05
Rubi	174.45	0.94	124.00	1.00
Mathematica	213.60	1.07	126.00	0.96
Maple	329.83	1.37	124.00	0.93
Giac	464.31	1.91	128.00	0.93
Reduce	481.61	3.58	67.00	0.64
Fricas	641.73	2.48	119.00	1.00
Sympy	1046.97	5.99	131.00	1.33
Mupad	1174.36	3.71	118.00	1.00

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the y axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the x axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

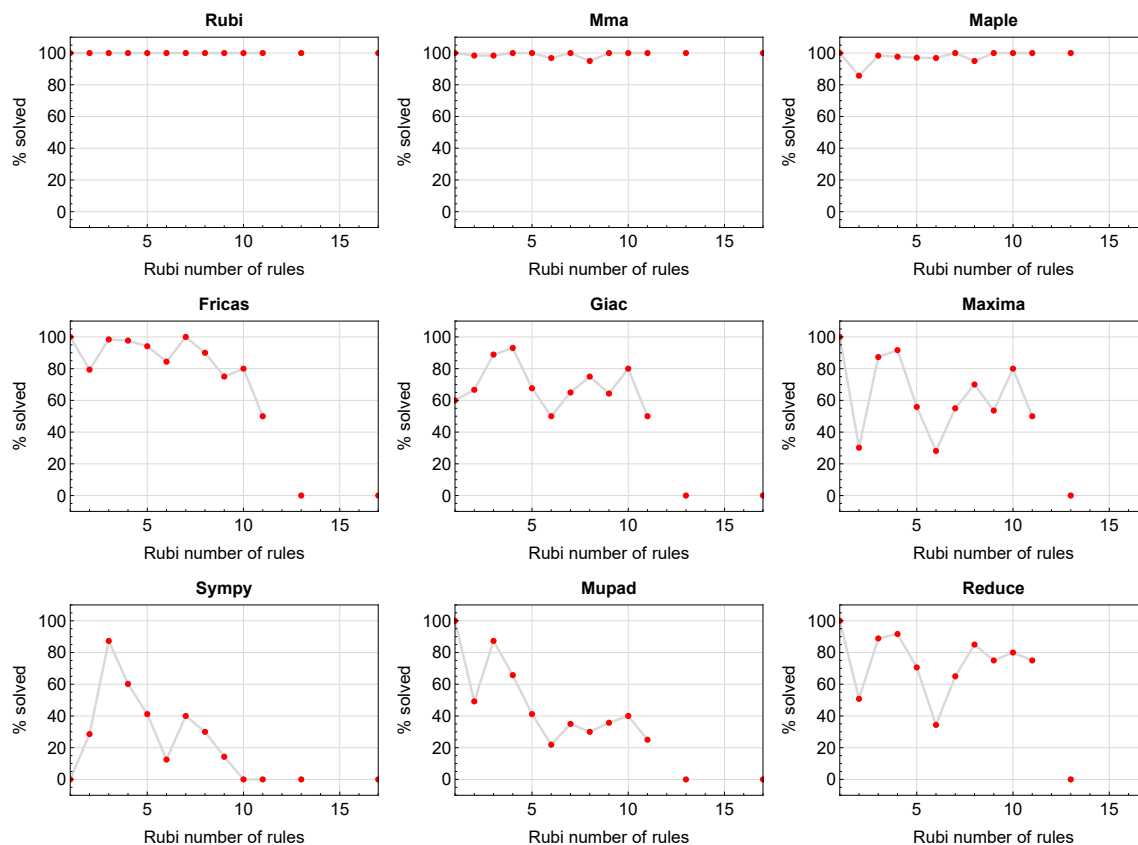


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

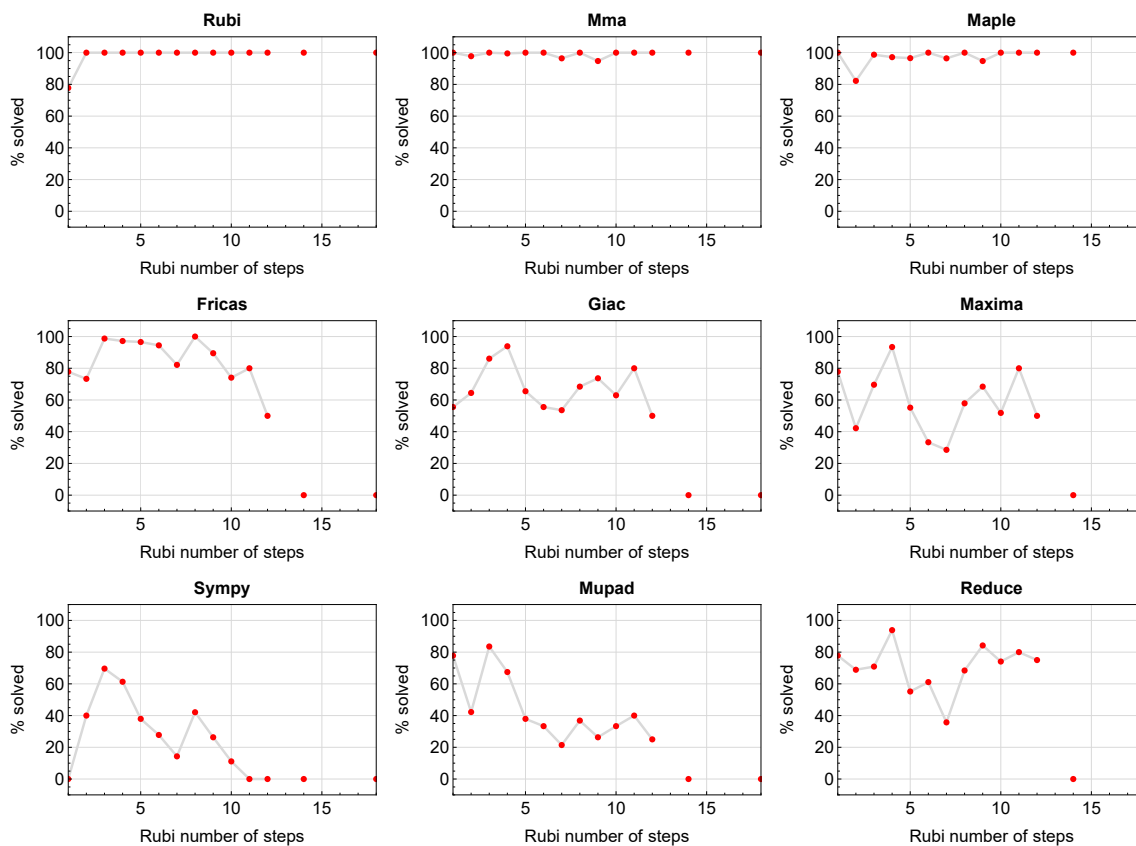


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram show that the percentage of solved intergals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

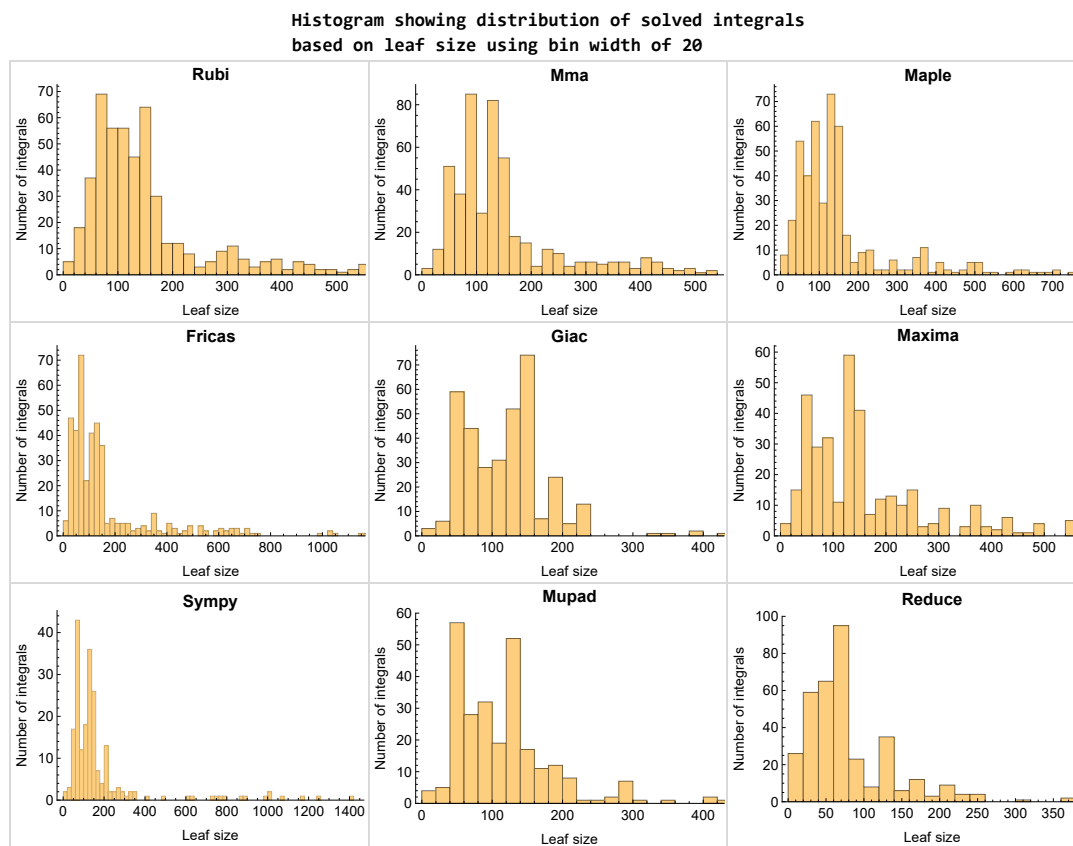


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

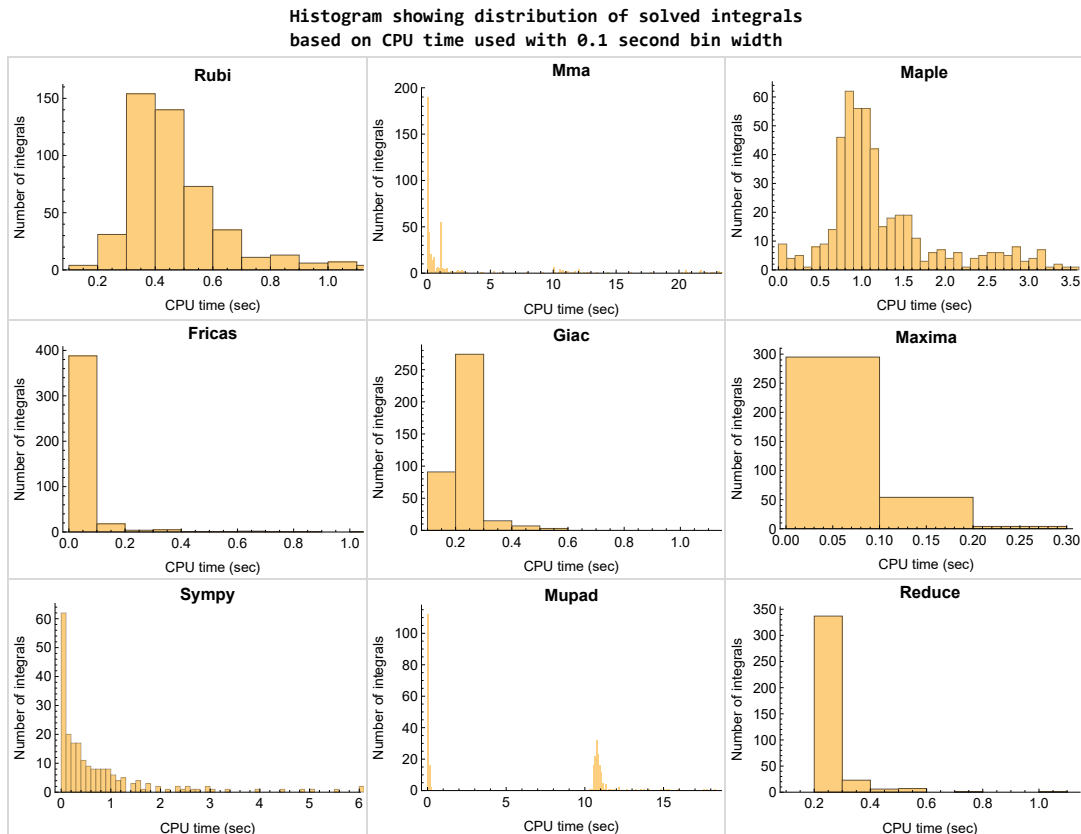


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fricas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

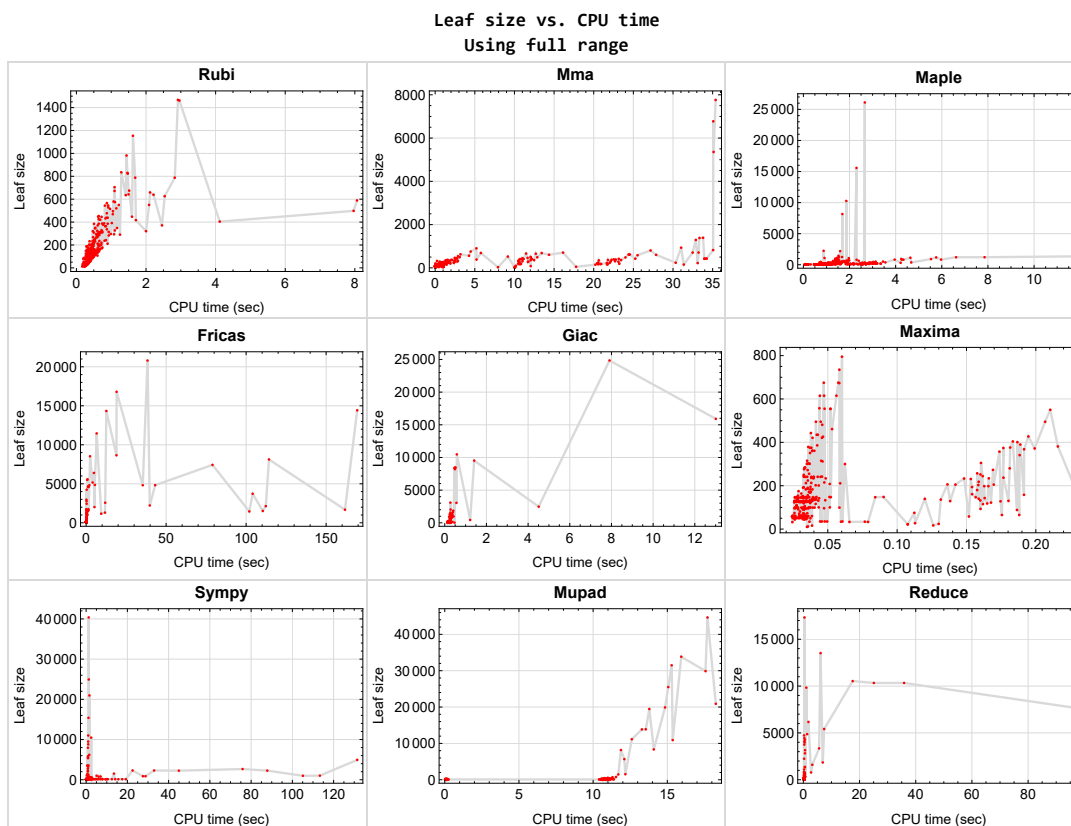


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{137, 138}

1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Reduce {}

Mupad {}

1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {92, 93, 94, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 110, 111, 112, 113, 115, 116, 474, 477, 484, 488, 491, 495, 498, 502, 505}

Mathematica {52, 481, 484}

Maple {144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419}

Maxima Verification phase not currently implemented.

Fricas Verification phase not currently implemented.

Sympy Verification phase not currently implemented.

Giac Verification phase not currently implemented.

Reduce Verification phase not currently implemented.

Mupad Verification phase not currently implemented.

1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for **Rubi** and **Mathematica**.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals.

These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

1.14 Important notes about some of the results

Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima `integrate` was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:  
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count  
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))  
  
except Exception as ee:  
    leafCount = 1
```

Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')  
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')  
anti = int(integrand,the_variable)
```

Which gives $\sin(x)^2/2$

1.15 Current tree layout of integration tests

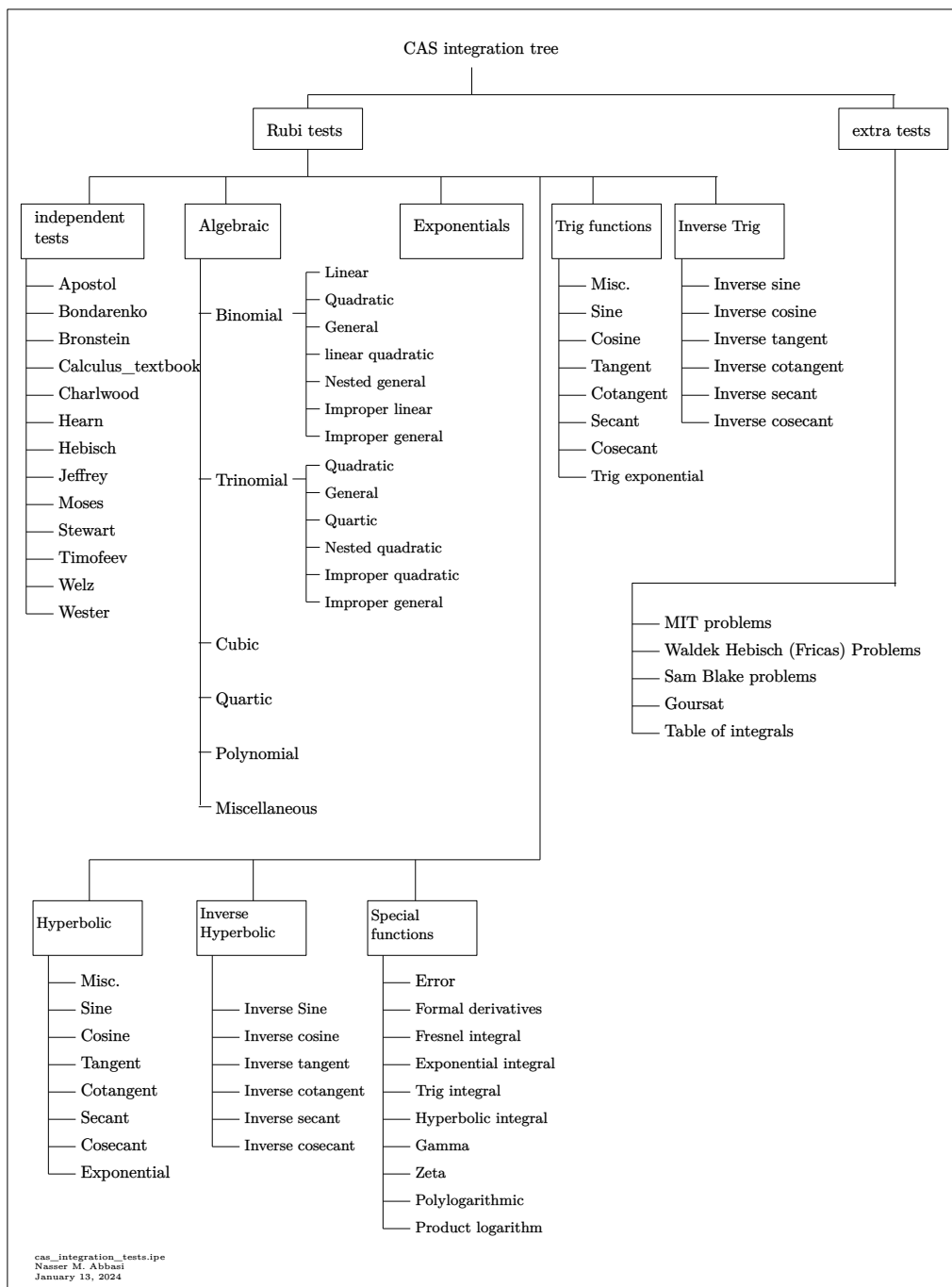
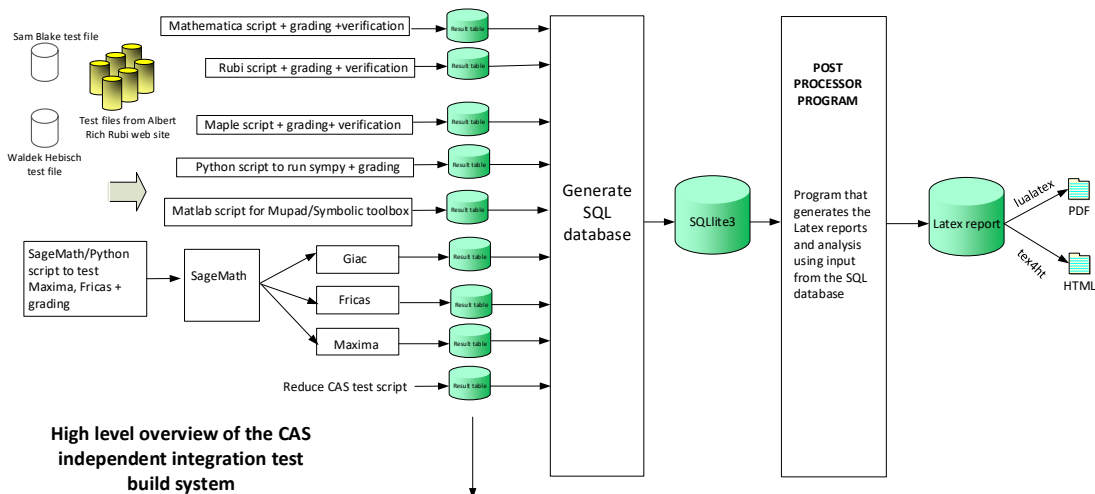


Figure 1.6: CAS integration tests tree

1.16 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "E"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Nasser M. Abbasi
January 13, 2024
Design note

CHAPTER 2

DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

2.1	List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS	39
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2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Rubi	39
Mma	40
Maple	41
Fricas	42
Maxima	43
Giac	44
Mupad	45
Sympy	46
Reduce	47

Rubi

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486,

487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507 }

B grade { 17, 25, 26, 27, 28, 94, 101 }

C grade { 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116 }

F normal fail { 86, 87 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Mma

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 56, 57, 59, 60, 63, 64, 65, 68, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 136, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 473, 476, 480, 483, 487, 490, 494, 497, 501, 504 }

B grade { 156, 172, 173, 182, 192, 193, 194, 195, 208, 209, 210, 225, 226, 227, 241, 242, 243, 289, 337, 347, 354 }

C grade { 53, 54, 55, 58, 61, 62, 66, 67, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115,

116, 472, 474, 475, 477, 478, 479, 481, 482, 484, 485, 486, 488, 489, 491, 492, 493, 495, 496, 498, 499, 500, 502, 503, 505, 506, 507 }

F normal fail { 132, 133, 134, 135 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maple

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 50, 53, 54, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 75, 76, 77, 78, 92, 93, 94, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 120, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507 }

B grade { 16, 24, 25, 34, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 51, 52, 55, 74, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 95, 96, 117, 118, 119, 156, 163, 172, 173, 182, 192, 193, 194, 195, 208, 209, 225, 226, 227, 241, 242, 318, 326, 458, 459, 460, 461, 470, 471 }

C grade { 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419 }

F normal fail { 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 468, 469 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Fricas

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 23, 27, 28, 29, 56, 57, 74, 75, 76, 77, 79, 88, 89, 90, 95, 96, 97, 98, 102, 103, 104, 105, 110, 111, 112, 113, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 265, 266, 267, 276, 277, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 406, 407, 408, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506 }

B grade { 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 80, 83, 84, 91, 117, 118, 119, 120, 156, 163, 172, 173, 182, 183, 192, 193, 194, 195, 208, 209, 210, 225, 226, 227, 228, 241, 242, 264, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 278, 279, 280, 281, 318, 403, 404, 405, 409, 465, 466, 467, 470, 471 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 93, 94, 101, 106, 107, 108, 109, 114, 115, 116, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 468, 469, 507 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 12, 20, 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 30, 38, 52, 53, 54, 55, 78, 81, 82, 85, 86, 87, 92, 99, 100 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maxima

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 56, 57, 118, 119, 120, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 276, 277, 279, 280, 281, 287, 297, 300, 313, 314, 319, 320, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 447, 448, 449, 455, 456, 457, 465, 466, 467, 470, 471, 473, 480, 487, 494, 501 }
}

B grade { 117, 156, 163, 172, 173, 182, 183, 192, 193, 194, 195, 208, 209, 210, 225, 226, 227, 241, 242, 275, 278, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 298, 299, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 315, 316, 317, 318, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 353, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464 }
}

C grade { }
}

F normal fail { 17, 18, 19, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 35, 36, 37, 43, 44, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 468, 469, 472, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507 }
}

F(-1) timeout fail { }
}

F(-2) exception fail { 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85 }
}

Giac

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 17, 34, 36, 56, 57, 74, 75, 76, 77, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 487 }

B grade { 18, 19, 27, 28, 29, 37, 40, 41, 42, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 51, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 80, 81, 83, 84, 85, 117, 118, 119, 120, 156, 163, 172, 173, 182, 183, 192, 193, 194, 195, 208, 209, 210, 225, 226, 227, 228, 241, 242, 299, 305, 317, 318, 326, 327, 465, 466, 467, 470, 471, 473, 480 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 52, 53, 54, 55, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 468, 469, 472, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507 }

F(-1) timeout fail { 79 }

F(-2) exception fail { 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35, 38, 39, 43, 50, 78, 82 }

Mupad

A grade { }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 77, 117, 118, 119, 120, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 299, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 337, 338, 339, 347, 353, 354, 355, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 425, 434, 465, 466, 467, 470, 471, 473, 480, 487, 494, 501 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 74, 75, 76, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 333, 334, 335, 336, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 356, 357, 411, 412, 413, 414, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 468, 469, 472, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Sympy

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 11, 56, 57, 121, 122, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 271, 272, 273, 274, 276, 277, 279, 281, 284, 285, 286, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385 }
}

B grade { 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 74, 75, 76, 77, 117, 118, 119, 120, 123, 124, 155, 156, 163, 171, 172, 173, 182, 183, 192, 193, 194, 195, 208, 209, 210, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 241, 242, 243, 258, 259, 260, 269, 270, 275, 278, 280, 282, 283, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 407, 465, 466, 467, 470, 471 }
}

C grade { 131 }
}

F normal fail { 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 70, 71, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 126, 127, 128, 129, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 414, 415, 416, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 468, 469, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507 }
}

F(-1) timedout fail { 66, 67, 68, 69, 72, 73, 130, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 394, 395, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 417, 418, 419, 420, 429, 430, 431, 438, 439, 445, 446, 447, 448, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464 }
}

F(-2) exception fail { 125, 138 }
}

Reduce

A grade { }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 43, 44, 50, 51, 56, 57, 61, 62, 70, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 117, 118, 119, 120, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 470, 471, 473, 480, 487, 494, 501 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 12, 13, 19, 20, 21, 27, 28, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 52, 53, 54, 55, 58, 59, 60, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 468, 469, 472, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$. To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	137	132	130	143	144	139	156	167	157
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.95	1.04	1.05	1.01	1.14	1.22	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.338	0.068	0.690	0.027	0.066	0.182	0.230	0.206	0.060

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	108	107	103	111	113	105	119	131	121
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.95	1.03	1.05	0.97	1.10	1.21	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	0.041	0.724	0.028	0.067	0.147	0.227	0.229	0.046

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	74	76	81	82	71	84	95	85
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.96	1.03	1.04	0.90	1.06	1.20	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	0.028	0.788	0.030	0.068	0.128	0.235	0.232	0.050

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	52	48	49	50	52	44	50	62	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.94	0.96	1.00	0.85	0.96	1.19	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.212	0.016	0.644	0.033	0.071	0.101	0.242	0.225	10.781

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	44	45	44	44	75	46	54	40
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.02	1.00	1.00	1.70	1.05	1.23	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.211	0.019	0.740	0.026	0.074	0.451	0.213	0.215	0.129

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	51	53	54	53	57	126	55	68	50
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	1.06	1.04	1.12	2.47	1.08	1.33	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	0.023	0.648	0.033	0.074	0.410	0.241	0.206	11.080

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	71	75	73	78	185	86	104	58
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.97	0.95	1.01	2.40	1.12	1.35	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	0.056	0.694	0.035	0.074	0.345	0.213	0.206	0.100

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	105	99	102	106	111	233	118	141	121
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.97	1.01	1.06	2.22	1.12	1.34	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	0.083	0.757	0.027	0.075	0.412	0.233	0.212	10.694

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	135	133	130	139	144	275	149	179	153
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.96	1.03	1.07	2.04	1.10	1.33	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.307	0.086	0.774	0.028	0.072	0.472	0.204	0.224	10.877

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	12	11	10	12	7	11	12	10
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.92	0.83	1.00	0.58	0.92	1.00	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.168	0.005	0.656	0.035	0.068	0.037	0.232	0.219	10.613

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	18	17	16	18	14	18	18	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.94	0.89	1.00	0.78	1.00	1.00	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.181	0.005	0.748	0.039	0.073	0.046	0.468	0.214	0.043

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	362	392	317	467	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.88	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.017	2.501	1.493	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.034	0.000

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	255	278	242	353	0	1459	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.95	1.38	0.00	5.72	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.590	1.398	1.454	0.000	101.975	0.000	0.000	200.044	0.000

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	203	184	280	0	1165	0	0	4268	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.96	1.47	0.00	6.10	0.00	0.00	22.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.443	0.944	1.366	0.000	9.429	0.000	0.000	0.517	0.000

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	158	175	236	0	992	0	0	3976	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.15	1.55	0.00	6.53	0.00	0.00	26.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.354	1.217	1.582	0.000	0.680	0.000	0.000	0.447	0.000

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	170	157	413	0	2218	0	0	163	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.94	2.47	0.00	13.28	0.00	0.00	0.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.416	0.747	1.404	0.000	39.785	0.000	0.000	0.493	0.000

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	324	142	249	0	1020	0	197	203	0
N.S.	1	2.08	0.91	1.60	0.00	6.54	0.00	1.26	1.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.597	0.854	1.526	0.000	0.268	0.000	0.203	0.272	0.000

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	216	420	223	288	0	1217	0	432	377	0
N.S.	1	1.94	1.03	1.33	0.00	5.63	0.00	2.00	1.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.682	1.595	1.537	0.000	0.478	0.000	1.220	0.505	0.000

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	298	544	293	368	0	1507	0	844	25	0
N.S.	1	1.83	0.98	1.23	0.00	5.06	0.00	2.83	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.819	2.798	1.842	0.000	1.088	0.000	0.277	200.028	0.000

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	635	675	662	890	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.04	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.516	11.466	1.480	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.039	0.000

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	461	495	443	664	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.96	1.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.049	11.012	1.424	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.044	0.000

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	339	364	324	500	0	0	0	0	10332	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.96	1.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.826	2.869	1.504	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	25.089	0.000

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	252	271	247	383	0	1523	0	0	9833	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.98	1.52	0.00	6.04	0.00	0.00	39.02	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.601	2.338	1.388	0.000	110.405	0.000	0.000	1.058	0.000

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	252	318	223	793	0	0	0	0	562	0
N.S.	1	1.26	0.88	3.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.744	1.511	1.434	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.522	0.000

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	A	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	231	516	210	406	0	0	0	0	513	0
N.S.	1	2.23	0.91	1.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.966	1.412	1.537	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.263	0.000

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	A	A	F	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	257	672	253	356	0	0	0	0	649	0
N.S.	1	2.61	0.98	1.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.095	1.717	1.605	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.533	0.000

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	A	A	F	A	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	279	835	289	402	0	1591	0	916	25	0
N.S.	1	2.99	1.04	1.44	0.00	5.70	0.00	3.28	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.290	2.497	1.546	0.000	1.484	0.000	0.335	200.026	0.000

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	A	A	F	A	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	417	982	384	526	0	2011	0	1853	25	0
N.S.	1	2.35	0.92	1.26	0.00	4.82	0.00	4.44	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.439	5.220	1.691	0.000	5.220	0.000	0.411	200.033	0.000

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	577	1154	522	702	0	2575	0	3046	1597	0
N.S.	1	2.00	0.90	1.22	0.00	4.46	0.00	5.28	2.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.624	9.165	1.984	0.000	11.921	0.000	0.560	3.181	0.000

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	294	327	254	337	0	0	0	0	5414	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.86	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	18.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.104	1.686	1.681	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	7.401	0.000

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	219	235	198	269	0	1685	0	0	4867	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.90	1.23	0.00	7.69	0.00	0.00	22.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.659	1.928	1.536	0.000	161.776	0.000	0.000	1.347	0.000

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	167	147	230	0	1306	0	0	4437	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.94	1.46	0.00	8.32	0.00	0.00	28.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	1.445	1.434	0.000	11.804	0.000	0.000	0.359	0.000

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	124	134	190	0	1034	0	0	4099	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.53	0.00	8.34	0.00	0.00	33.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.698	1.407	0.000	0.748	0.000	0.000	0.341	0.000

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	92	157	0	343	0	71	3755	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.16	1.99	0.00	4.34	0.00	0.90	47.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.199	0.408	1.455	0.000	0.125	0.000	0.238	0.326	0.000

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	126	135	194	0	1047	0	0	243	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	1.54	0.00	8.31	0.00	0.00	1.93	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.321	0.713	1.371	0.000	0.227	0.000	0.000	0.477	0.000

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	196	192	237	0	1340	0	191	431	0
N.S.	1	1.21	1.19	1.46	0.00	8.27	0.00	1.18	2.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	1.291	1.599	0.000	0.505	0.000	0.259	0.280	0.000

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	223	309	232	278	0	1737	0	399	756	0
N.S.	1	1.39	1.04	1.25	0.00	7.79	0.00	1.79	3.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.499	2.369	1.558	0.000	1.422	0.000	0.260	0.497	0.000

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	274	314	288	815	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.15	1.05	2.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.927	11.740	1.539	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.025	0.000

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	220	253	229	615	0	4811	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.15	1.04	2.80	0.00	21.87	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.539	1.223	1.493	0.000	35.399	0.000	0.000	200.047	0.000

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	156	191	498	0	1351	0	461	25	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.22	3.19	0.00	8.66	0.00	2.96	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	0.995	1.412	0.000	0.342	0.000	0.264	200.058	0.000

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	150	180	438	0	1320	0	444	23	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	2.92	0.00	8.80	0.00	2.96	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	0.946	1.356	0.000	0.358	0.000	0.278	200.054	0.000

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	155	190	400	0	1349	0	461	22	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.23	2.58	0.00	8.70	0.00	2.97	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	1.229	1.353	0.000	0.359	0.000	0.274	200.057	0.000

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	218	248	230	493	0	4819	0	0	3348	0
N.S.	1	1.14	1.06	2.26	0.00	22.11	0.00	0.00	15.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.510	1.871	1.411	0.000	2.012	0.000	0.000	5.604	0.000

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	277	386	332	649	0	6396	0	757	4729	0
N.S.	1	1.39	1.20	2.34	0.00	23.09	0.00	2.73	17.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.642	2.412	1.517	0.000	4.883	0.000	0.307	0.252	0.000

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	498	520	478	1448	0	4618	0	8448	25	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.96	2.91	0.00	9.27	0.00	16.96	0.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.147	12.059	1.522	0.000	1.208	0.000	0.517	200.040	0.000

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	417	446	412	1131	0	4600	0	8382	25	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.99	2.71	0.00	11.03	0.00	20.10	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.722	12.200	1.467	0.000	1.301	0.000	0.480	200.063	0.000

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	349	371	356	936	0	4636	0	8210	25	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.02	2.68	0.00	13.28	0.00	23.52	0.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.611	12.042	1.494	0.000	1.248	0.000	0.489	200.034	0.000

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	306	345	304	839	0	4596	0	8378	23	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.99	2.74	0.00	15.02	0.00	27.38	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.534	10.501	1.381	0.000	1.403	0.000	0.467	200.045	0.000

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	307	350	309	766	0	4612	0	8447	22	0
N.S.	1	1.14	1.01	2.50	0.00	15.02	0.00	27.51	0.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.544	10.523	1.444	0.000	1.362	0.000	0.497	200.050	0.000

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	515	477	459	953	0	16795	0	0	13522	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.89	1.85	0.00	32.61	0.00	0.00	26.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.873	11.658	1.417	0.000	19.054	0.000	0.000	6.129	0.000

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	628	705	654	1239	0	20807	0	10475	17328	0
N.S.	1	1.12	1.04	1.97	0.00	33.13	0.00	16.68	27.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.096	12.692	1.678	0.000	38.371	0.000	0.580	0.383	0.000

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	551	635	488	1071	0	0	0	0	27	0
N.S.	1	1.15	0.89	1.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.417	12.879	1.970	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.027	0.000

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	384	337	298	638	0	0	0	0	27	0
N.S.	1	0.88	0.78	1.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.875	22.143	1.942	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.034	0.000

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	212	284	238	0	0	0	0	27	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.31	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.607	23.112	2.803	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.032	0.000

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	419	550	424	819	0	0	0	0	27	0
N.S.	1	1.31	1.01	1.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.217	25.239	3.957	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.050	0.000

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	102	78	68	75	134	88	71	238	84
N.S.	1	1.13	0.87	0.76	0.83	1.49	0.98	0.79	2.64	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.074	2.589	0.112	0.077	0.107	0.256	0.298	0.137

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	30	33	22	20	32	32	31	20	33	20
N.S.	1	1.10	0.73	0.67	1.07	1.07	1.03	0.67	1.10	0.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.180	0.013	1.392	0.024	0.072	0.051	0.207	0.281	11.088

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	490	498	627	594	0	5507	0	1200	25	13879
N.S.	1	1.02	1.28	1.21	0.00	11.24	0.00	2.45	0.05	28.32
time (sec)	N/A	7.965	3.195	1.763	0.000	0.652	0.000	0.334	200.041	13.549

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	397	404	465	497	0	4245	0	1074	25	11143
N.S.	1	1.02	1.17	1.25	0.00	10.69	0.00	2.71	0.06	28.07
time (sec)	N/A	4.118	2.467	1.677	0.000	0.360	0.000	0.328	200.033	12.606

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	316	321	375	425	0	2966	0	897	25	8171
N.S.	1	1.02	1.19	1.34	0.00	9.39	0.00	2.84	0.08	25.86
time (sec)	N/A	2.001	1.579	1.577	0.000	0.173	0.000	0.296	200.033	11.873

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	287	293	341	325	0	1721	0	758	1844	5664
N.S.	1	1.02	1.19	1.13	0.00	6.00	0.00	2.64	6.43	19.74
time (sec)	N/A	1.082	1.540	1.552	0.000	0.113	0.000	0.303	6.896	12.103

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	233	252	222	0	715	0	445	1369	709
N.S.	1	1.18	1.27	1.12	0.00	3.61	0.00	2.25	6.91	3.58
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.988	1.415	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.282	0.482	11.306

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	275	283	266	291	0	2443	0	719	25	10894
N.S.	1	1.03	0.97	1.06	0.00	8.88	0.00	2.61	0.09	39.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.930	1.549	1.522	0.000	0.324	0.000	0.290	200.041	15.362

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	330	371	337	373	0	4857	0	776	25	19887
N.S.	1	1.12	1.02	1.13	0.00	14.72	0.00	2.35	0.08	60.26
time (sec)	N/A	2.459	1.886	1.659	0.000	5.452	0.000	0.328	200.040	14.847

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	462	550	433	489	0	7422	0	1043	25	33838
N.S.	1	1.19	0.94	1.06	0.00	16.06	0.00	2.26	0.05	73.24
time (sec)	N/A	2.088	2.763	1.746	0.000	78.988	0.000	0.329	200.024	15.940

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	650	659	901	762	0	14340	0	1612	25	31485
N.S.	1	1.01	1.39	1.17	0.00	22.06	0.00	2.48	0.04	48.44
time (sec)	N/A	2.114	5.201	1.951	0.000	12.640	0.000	0.392	200.036	15.293

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	581	589	755	680	0	11459	0	1397	25	25497
N.S.	1	1.01	1.30	1.17	0.00	19.72	0.00	2.40	0.04	43.88
time (sec)	N/A	8.063	4.477	1.869	0.000	6.579	0.000	0.352	200.043	15.063

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	441	447	537	541	0	8530	0	1195	25	19465
N.S.	1	1.01	1.22	1.23	0.00	19.34	0.00	2.71	0.06	44.14
time (sec)	N/A	1.598	2.883	1.760	0.000	2.450	0.000	0.371	200.039	13.785

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	376	386	493	485	0	5572	0	986	23	13841
N.S.	1	1.03	1.31	1.29	0.00	14.82	0.00	2.62	0.06	36.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.899	3.096	1.610	0.000	0.883	0.000	0.306	200.035	13.286

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	322	300	364	345	0	2770	0	797	2819	8334
N.S.	1	0.93	1.13	1.07	0.00	8.60	0.00	2.48	8.75	25.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.607	1.996	1.556	0.000	0.266	0.000	0.290	0.567	14.088

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	340	348	371	370	0	5164	0	833	25	20897
N.S.	1	1.02	1.09	1.09	0.00	15.19	0.00	2.45	0.07	61.46
time (sec)	N/A	1.166	2.113	1.931	0.000	4.070	0.000	0.327	200.029	18.268

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	376	417	416	409	0	8650	0	890	25	29890
N.S.	1	1.11	1.11	1.09	0.00	23.01	0.00	2.37	0.07	79.49
time (sec)	N/A	1.708	2.560	1.662	0.000	18.955	0.000	0.358	200.043	17.574

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	529	626	560	509	0	14414	0	1129	25	44649
N.S.	1	1.18	1.06	0.96	0.00	27.25	0.00	2.13	0.05	84.40
time (sec)	N/A	2.536	4.271	1.855	0.000	169.419	0.000	0.332	200.032	17.706

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	B	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	521	389	689	988	0	1719	5372	948	23	0
N.S.	1	0.75	1.32	1.90	0.00	3.30	10.31	1.82	0.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.795	5.765	1.383	0.000	0.243	0.923	0.273	200.038	0.000

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	331	268	446	610	0	1151	2742	602	23	0
N.S.	1	0.81	1.35	1.84	0.00	3.48	8.28	1.82	0.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.479	2.706	1.287	0.000	0.185	0.862	0.269	200.053	0.000

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	178	254	316	0	689	1175	329	775	0
N.S.	1	0.90	1.28	1.60	0.00	3.48	5.93	1.66	3.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.318	1.376	1.137	0.000	0.127	0.808	0.235	2.739	0.000

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	148	128	128	0	341	343	156	317	199
N.S.	1	1.09	0.94	0.94	0.00	2.51	2.52	1.15	2.33	1.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.273	0.565	1.185	0.000	0.149	0.394	0.223	0.728	11.313

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	339	364	324	500	0	0	0	0	10332	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.96	1.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.848	0.237	1.372	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	35.858	0.000

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	296	311	304	709	0	2135	0	0	1343	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.03	2.40	0.00	7.21	0.00	0.00	4.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.672	11.011	1.451	0.000	112.282	0.000	0.000	0.594	0.000

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	288	294	507	1235	0	3719	0	973	3154	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.76	4.29	0.00	12.91	0.00	3.38	10.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.565	12.040	1.541	0.000	104.095	0.000	0.426	0.595	0.000

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	367	432	685	2195	0	0	0	2470	6174	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.87	5.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.73	16.82	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.835	13.440	1.593	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.508	1.797	0.000

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	440	580	605	8161	0	0	0	0	10533	0
N.S.	1	1.32	1.38	18.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	23.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.066	14.364	1.690	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	17.555	0.000

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	293	321	274	10265	0	4824	0	9517	7687	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.94	35.03	0.00	16.46	0.00	32.48	26.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.470	11.705	1.861	0.000	43.121	0.000	1.413	96.498	0.000

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	414	425	357	15588	0	8120	0	15909	23	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.86	37.65	0.00	19.61	0.00	38.43	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.641	12.474	2.304	0.000	114.285	0.000	13.009	200.041	0.000

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	606	566	705	26119	0	0	0	24842	23	0
N.S.	1	0.93	1.16	43.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	40.99	0.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.875	16.129	2.663	0.000	0.000	0.000	7.907	200.044	0.000

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	B	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	652	0	1390	1177	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.00	2.13	1.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	33.792	5.758	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.039	0.000

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	B	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	723	0	7762	1344	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.00	10.74	1.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	35.376	11.750	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.033	0.000

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	599	642	5357	1125	0	588	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.07	8.94	1.88	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.499	35.119	4.637	0.000	0.095	0.000	0.000	200.052	0.000

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	496	528	707	925	0	486	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.43	1.86	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.916	32.477	4.244	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	200.060	0.000

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	423	447	602	807	0	418	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.42	1.91	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.624	27.869	2.306	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.000	200.049	0.000

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	188	365	746	0	359	0	0	22	0
N.S.	1	1.06	2.05	4.19	0.00	2.02	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.286	21.793	1.370	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.000	200.037	0.000

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	404	575	363	638	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.42	0.90	1.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.108	23.448	2.401	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.033	0.000

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	623	824	1292	820	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.32	2.07	1.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.477	32.881	4.276	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.034	0.000

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	719	1462	6774	1205	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	2.03	9.42	1.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.959	35.077	6.621	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.042	0.000

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	509	545	707	913	0	485	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.39	1.79	0.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.913	33.222	5.533	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.000	200.045	0.000

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	426	453	934	812	0	415	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.06	2.19	1.91	0.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.642	31.027	4.338	0.000	0.078	0.000	0.000	200.024	0.000

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	365	385	804	459	0	356	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.05	2.20	1.26	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.506	27.169	3.026	0.000	0.073	0.000	0.000	200.027	0.000

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	189	308	287	0	128	0	0	22	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.72	1.60	0.00	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.312	22.689	2.838	0.000	0.070	0.000	0.000	200.029	0.000

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	222	387	482	313	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.74	2.17	1.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.738	24.000	4.217	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.034	0.000

Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	630	829	1381	827	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.32	2.19	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.465	33.337	5.971	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.032	0.000

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	722	1467	823	1210	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	2.03	1.14	1.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.917	35.061	7.855	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.037	0.000

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	C	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	343	266	430	373	0	55	0	0	133	0
N.S.	1	0.78	1.25	1.09	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.571	34.246	4.677	0.000	0.071	0.000	0.000	0.575	0.000

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	C	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	318	234	425	368	0	50	0	0	113	0
N.S.	1	0.74	1.34	1.16	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.464	33.948	2.667	0.000	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.571	0.000

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	C	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	293	203	419	362	0	45	0	0	95	0
N.S.	1	0.69	1.43	1.24	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	23.162	2.926	0.000	0.071	0.000	0.000	0.492	0.000

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	C	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	252	87	238	287	0	26	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	0.35	0.94	1.14	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.215	30.340	2.843	0.000	0.069	0.000	0.000	0.406	0.000

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	287	313	244	201	0	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.85	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.644	20.572	2.606	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.044	0.000

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	339	438	615	373	0	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.29	1.81	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.898	24.449	3.556	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.045	0.000

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	499	788	620	504	0	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.58	1.24	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.689	24.551	3.451	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.042	0.000

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	653	309	385	225	0	0	0	0	57	0
N.S.	1	0.47	0.59	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.744	22.779	3.145	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.339	0.000

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	C	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	324	234	425	368	0	50	0	0	113	0
N.S.	1	0.72	1.31	1.14	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.482	34.165	2.866	0.000	0.075	0.000	0.000	0.539	0.000

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	C	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	299	203	420	362	0	45	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	0.68	1.40	1.21	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.413	33.972	2.556	0.000	0.082	0.000	0.000	0.449	0.000

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	C	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	268	173	391	216	0	26	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	0.65	1.46	0.81	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.337	22.543	2.953	0.000	0.071	0.000	0.000	0.439	0.000

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	C	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	85	153	150	0	11	0	0	35	0
N.S.	1	0.84	1.51	1.49	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	31.359	2.314	0.000	0.071	0.000	0.000	0.462	0.000

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	301	229	228	158	0	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	0.76	0.76	0.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.502	21.649	2.765	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.042	0.000

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	462	438	615	373	0	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.33	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.856	24.402	3.085	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.046	0.000

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	496	788	585	504	0	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.59	1.18	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.826	25.529	3.135	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.040	0.000

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	202	202	172	469	426	709	10479	1304	836	553
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	2.32	2.11	3.51	51.88	6.46	4.14	2.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.713	0.324	0.755	0.047	0.086	2.471	0.238	0.247	10.991

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	161	137	374	312	498	6195	921	582	419
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	2.32	1.94	3.09	38.48	5.72	3.61	2.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.602	0.231	0.698	0.046	0.083	1.516	0.211	0.260	10.818

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	121	142	281	215	342	3267	604	373	300
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	2.32	1.78	2.83	27.00	4.99	3.08	2.48
time (sec)	N/A	0.505	0.334	0.743	0.047	0.082	0.977	0.234	0.256	10.757

Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	82	83	135	132	201	1416	350	206	201
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	1.65	1.61	2.45	17.27	4.27	2.51	2.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.425	0.145	0.682	0.034	0.086	0.610	0.242	0.259	10.653

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	83	72	0	0	0	308	0	271	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.71	0.00	3.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	0.143	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.062	0.000	0.264	0.000

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	87	69	0	0	0	250	0	207	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.09	0.00	2.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.372	0.127	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.939	0.000	0.256	0.000

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	119	83	0	0	0	1006	0	194	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.58	0.00	1.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.425	0.143	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.067	0.000	0.266	0.000

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	123	77	0	0	0	1527	0	572	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	12.83	0.00	4.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.449	0.196	0.000	0.000	0.000	13.504	0.000	0.282	0.000

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	290	290	320	0	0	0	0	0	1239	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.253	1.474	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.311	0.000

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	237	237	289	0	0	0	0	0	487	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.808	0.577	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.308	0.000

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	218	198	183	0	0	0	0	0	170	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.624	0.380	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.281	0.000

Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	191	163	0	0	0	0	0	22	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.664	0.298	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.268	0.000

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	264	242	207	0	0	0	0	0	26	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.849	0.550	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.259	0.000

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	307	296	246	0	0	0	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.987	0.640	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.277	0.000

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	176	122	0	0	0	121	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.614	0.180	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.392	0.000	0.310	0.000

Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	211	0	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.895	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.305	0.000

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	650	639	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.215	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.042	0.000

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	471	469	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.044	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.039	0.000

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	377	377	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.768	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.034	0.000

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	187	205	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.477	0.052	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	7.697	0.000

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	23	25	25	0	25	4722	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.00	1.09	1.09	0.00	1.09	205.30	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	3.098	0.873	0.076	0.092	0.000	0.215	0.547	10.879

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	23	25	25	0	25	8766	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.00	1.09	1.09	0.00	1.09	381.13	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	2.735	0.893	0.076	0.164	0.000	0.203	0.753	10.961

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	55	52	51	51	54	53	35	51
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.93	0.93	0.98	0.96	0.64	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	0.011	0.214	0.032	0.066	0.030	0.216	0.300	0.060

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	55	52	51	51	54	53	35	51
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.93	0.93	0.98	0.96	0.64	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.372	0.010	0.218	0.028	0.064	0.020	0.203	0.270	0.046

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	50	52	51	51	54	53	35	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.95	0.93	0.93	0.98	0.96	0.64	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.013	0.211	0.025	0.063	0.022	0.225	0.270	0.049

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	50	52	51	51	54	53	35	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.95	0.93	0.93	0.98	0.96	0.64	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.354	0.012	0.217	0.026	0.062	0.020	0.203	0.270	0.047

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	46	48	48	48	49	49	32	47
N.S.	1	1.00	1.21	1.26	1.26	1.26	1.29	1.29	0.84	1.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	0.011	0.207	0.026	0.063	0.021	0.219	0.278	0.045

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	43	46	46	46	46	46	31	45
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	0.78	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.312	0.018	0.072	0.034	0.068	0.056	0.198	0.292	0.041

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	43	44	46	52	42	46	36	46
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	1.00	1.05	1.18	0.95	1.05	0.82	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	0.026	0.081	0.034	0.065	0.088	0.190	0.267	0.046

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	43	43	46	53	46	47	37	46
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.98	1.05	1.20	1.05	1.07	0.84	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	0.028	0.090	0.032	0.067	0.169	0.231	0.281	0.058

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	49	48	46	50	53	54	51	37	48
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.94	1.02	1.08	1.10	1.04	0.76	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.029	0.065	0.026	0.070	0.281	0.204	0.280	0.054

Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	47	48	51	51	56	51	35	49
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	1.09	1.16	1.16	1.27	1.16	0.80	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.291	0.019	0.060	0.026	0.063	0.371	0.233	0.283	0.037

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	50	48	51	51	56	51	35	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.87	0.93	0.93	1.02	0.93	0.64	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.336	0.018	0.064	0.029	0.064	0.527	0.212	0.291	0.037

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	50	48	51	51	56	51	35	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.87	0.93	0.93	1.02	0.93	0.64	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.019	0.062	0.030	0.064	0.545	0.227	0.280	0.036

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	50	48	51	51	56	51	35	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.87	0.93	0.93	1.02	0.93	0.64	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	0.018	0.073	0.035	0.065	0.654	0.203	0.270	0.037

Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	99	99	98	99	99	109	101	57	91
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.99	1.00	1.00	1.10	1.02	0.58	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.505	0.017	0.967	0.028	0.064	0.024	0.203	0.265	0.048

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	99	99	97	99	99	105	100	57	91
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.98	1.00	1.00	1.06	1.01	0.58	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.461	0.014	0.959	0.027	0.073	0.027	0.188	0.287	0.035

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	88	96	99	99	104	99	57	90
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	1.10	1.14	1.14	1.20	1.14	0.66	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.438	0.029	0.998	0.028	0.062	0.025	0.199	0.291	0.036

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	88	97	99	99	107	100	57	91
N.S.	1	1.00	1.44	1.59	1.62	1.62	1.75	1.64	0.93	1.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.385	0.026	0.916	0.034	0.067	0.026	0.212	0.289	0.035

Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	84	94	96	96	100	97	54	88
N.S.	1	1.00	2.21	2.47	2.53	2.53	2.63	2.55	1.42	2.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.017	0.852	0.047	0.064	0.027	0.191	0.289	0.036

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	64	83	92	93	93	95	94	53	84
N.S.	1	0.97	1.26	1.39	1.41	1.41	1.44	1.42	0.80	1.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.026	0.872	0.032	0.066	0.091	0.208	0.277	0.040

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	85	93	94	101	94	95	59	86
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	1.08	1.09	1.17	1.09	1.10	0.69	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.420	0.040	0.934	0.034	0.064	0.118	0.192	0.286	0.044

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	90	86	90	96	101	97	96	59	91
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	1.00	1.07	1.12	1.08	1.07	0.66	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.415	0.037	0.842	0.027	0.065	0.212	0.201	0.300	10.734

Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	89	86	85	96	101	99	96	59	94
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.96	1.08	1.13	1.11	1.08	0.66	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.437	0.038	0.911	0.032	0.063	0.393	0.213	0.286	10.623

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	85	83	95	101	99	96	59	93
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.97	1.10	1.17	1.15	1.12	0.69	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.413	0.041	0.868	0.036	0.067	0.648	0.165	0.280	0.076

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	69	87	86	98	101	105	99	59	94
N.S.	1	0.97	1.23	1.21	1.38	1.42	1.48	1.39	0.83	1.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.055	0.921	0.036	0.066	0.975	0.228	0.278	10.608

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	85	88	99	99	107	99	57	95
N.S.	1	1.00	1.93	2.00	2.25	2.25	2.43	2.25	1.30	2.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.029	0.860	0.033	0.064	1.225	0.215	0.295	0.052

Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	99	88	88	99	99	107	99	57	96
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.89	1.00	1.00	1.08	1.00	0.58	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.420	0.027	0.852	0.032	0.060	1.565	0.192	0.302	10.586

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	99	88	88	99	99	107	99	57	95
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.89	1.00	1.00	1.08	1.00	0.58	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.426	0.028	0.900	0.033	0.060	1.938	0.242	0.278	10.661

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	99	88	88	99	99	107	99	57	96
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.89	1.00	1.00	1.08	1.00	0.58	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.418	0.028	0.858	0.037	0.062	2.394	0.205	0.298	10.646

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	99	88	88	99	99	107	99	57	97
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.89	1.00	1.00	1.08	1.00	0.58	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.411	0.028	0.907	0.037	0.062	2.790	0.235	0.291	10.568

Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	143	143	144	147	147	162	149	79	131
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.01	1.03	1.03	1.13	1.04	0.55	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.602	0.025	0.998	0.032	0.062	0.029	0.243	0.279	0.066

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	139	143	143	147	147	162	148	79	130
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	1.03	1.06	1.06	1.17	1.06	0.57	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.569	0.020	0.992	0.026	0.064	0.035	0.176	0.274	10.517

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	112	143	143	147	147	162	148	79	131
N.S.	1	1.00	1.28	1.28	1.31	1.31	1.45	1.32	0.71	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.510	0.021	0.937	0.037	0.063	0.029	0.209	0.274	0.050

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	143	144	147	147	163	149	79	131
N.S.	1	1.00	1.64	1.66	1.69	1.69	1.87	1.71	0.91	1.51
time (sec)	N/A	0.452	0.021	0.931	0.031	0.062	0.031	0.274	0.305	0.050

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	140	144	146	146	160	149	79	130
N.S.	1	1.00	2.30	2.36	2.39	2.39	2.62	2.44	1.30	2.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.019	1.007	0.026	0.064	0.031	0.283	0.289	0.050

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	122	140	142	142	148	145	76	126
N.S.	1	1.00	3.21	3.68	3.74	3.74	3.89	3.82	2.00	3.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.325	0.038	0.937	0.035	0.064	0.032	0.196	0.282	0.049

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	92	128	138	142	142	148	142	75	125
N.S.	1	0.96	1.33	1.44	1.48	1.48	1.54	1.48	0.78	1.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.399	0.037	0.995	0.044	0.066	0.131	0.210	0.273	0.056

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	133	129	141	143	149	148	143	81	127
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	1.06	1.08	1.12	1.11	1.08	0.61	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.511	0.065	0.944	0.032	0.066	0.144	0.197	0.257	10.511

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	131	128	138	143	149	148	144	81	130
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	1.05	1.09	1.14	1.13	1.10	0.62	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.503	0.069	0.924	0.028	0.065	0.254	0.209	0.257	10.514

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	134	127	134	145	149	150	145	81	135
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.08	1.11	1.12	1.08	0.60	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.515	0.232	0.873	0.030	0.066	0.434	0.189	0.264	0.057

Problem 178	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	134	128	130	145	149	150	145	81	138
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.97	1.08	1.11	1.12	1.08	0.60	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.507	0.089	0.920	0.041	0.070	0.795	0.228	0.265	10.560

Problem 179	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	131	128	125	144	149	150	144	81	140
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.95	1.10	1.14	1.15	1.10	0.62	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.511	0.062	0.892	0.033	0.068	1.187	0.188	0.287	0.070

Problem 180	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	132	125	123	143	149	150	144	81	139
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.93	1.08	1.13	1.14	1.09	0.61	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.491	0.072	0.943	0.027	0.067	1.752	0.186	0.291	10.634

Problem 181	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	97	132	126	146	149	156	147	81	140
N.S.	1	0.96	1.31	1.25	1.45	1.48	1.54	1.46	0.80	1.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.401	0.064	0.876	0.027	0.066	2.379	0.126	0.292	10.768

Problem 182	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	123	128	147	147	158	147	79	141
N.S.	1	1.00	2.80	2.91	3.34	3.34	3.59	3.34	1.80	3.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.303	0.038	0.903	0.034	0.065	2.972	0.189	0.299	10.786

Problem 183	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	71	126	128	147	147	158	147	79	143
N.S.	1	0.99	1.75	1.78	2.04	2.04	2.19	2.04	1.10	1.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	0.037	0.894	0.027	0.077	3.909	0.179	0.281	0.075

Problem 184	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	143	126	128	147	147	158	147	79	143
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.90	1.03	1.03	1.10	1.03	0.55	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.515	0.038	0.837	0.035	0.064	4.808	0.159	0.292	0.075

Problem 185	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	143	126	128	147	147	158	147	79	142
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.90	1.03	1.03	1.10	1.03	0.55	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.494	0.040	0.929	0.039	0.065	6.008	0.150	0.302	10.861

Problem 186	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	143	126	128	147	147	158	147	79	142
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.90	1.03	1.03	1.10	1.03	0.55	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.496	0.038	0.852	0.028	0.067	7.887	0.140	0.306	0.076

Problem 187	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	143	126	128	147	147	158	147	79	143
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.90	1.03	1.03	1.10	1.03	0.55	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.506	0.039	0.932	0.035	0.064	10.150	0.152	0.302	10.843

Problem 188	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	131	149	122	129	129	133	132	131	121
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.93	0.98	0.98	1.02	1.01	1.00	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.572	0.031	0.815	0.028	0.061	0.042	0.124	0.291	10.960

Problem 189	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	119	150	124	128	128	134	133	131	123
N.S.	1	1.00	1.26	1.04	1.08	1.08	1.13	1.12	1.10	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.499	0.021	0.862	0.032	0.065	0.040	0.188	0.284	0.095

Problem 190	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	99	151	124	129	129	136	133	131	123
N.S.	1	1.00	1.53	1.25	1.30	1.30	1.37	1.34	1.32	1.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.480	0.021	0.886	0.026	0.079	0.036	0.199	0.263	0.095

Problem 191	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	153	124	129	129	139	133	131	123
N.S.	1	1.00	1.76	1.43	1.48	1.48	1.60	1.53	1.51	1.41
time (sec)	N/A	0.458	0.020	0.807	0.029	0.063	0.035	0.139	0.284	0.098

Problem 192	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	69	153	124	129	129	136	133	131	123
N.S.	1	1.00	2.22	1.80	1.87	1.87	1.97	1.93	1.90	1.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	0.020	0.873	0.029	0.063	0.037	0.162	0.297	0.095

Problem 193	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	148	124	128	128	133	133	131	123
N.S.	1	1.00	2.69	2.25	2.33	2.33	2.42	2.42	2.38	2.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.372	0.022	0.803	0.028	0.063	0.036	0.142	0.316	0.094

Problem 194	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	147	124	129	129	133	133	131	123
N.S.	1	1.00	3.77	3.18	3.31	3.31	3.41	3.41	3.36	3.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	0.018	0.885	0.031	0.063	0.034	0.180	0.281	0.095

Problem 195	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	113	119	126	126	119	129	129	118
N.S.	1	1.00	4.52	4.76	5.04	5.04	4.76	5.16	5.16	4.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.024	0.807	0.038	0.065	0.042	0.217	0.282	0.096

Problem 196	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	78	85	116	124	124	117	126	125	115
N.S.	1	0.90	0.98	1.33	1.43	1.43	1.34	1.45	1.44	1.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.038	0.903	0.030	0.075	0.123	0.186	0.278	0.103

Problem 197	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	139	139	123	125	131	121	126	135	118
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.88	0.90	0.94	0.87	0.91	0.97	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.506	0.044	0.786	0.031	0.065	0.135	0.192	0.282	0.105

Problem 198	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	138	139	123	125	131	122	126	135	119
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	0.89	0.91	0.95	0.88	0.91	0.98	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.514	0.047	0.852	0.029	0.064	0.210	0.166	0.272	10.984

Problem 199	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	138	140	123	127	131	124	128	135	121
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	0.89	0.92	0.95	0.90	0.93	0.98	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.514	0.039	0.868	0.036	0.066	0.329	0.204	0.271	0.085

Problem 200	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	137	139	123	126	131	122	128	135	121
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	0.90	0.92	0.96	0.89	0.93	0.99	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.502	0.046	0.856	0.027	0.066	0.525	0.156	0.303	0.066

Problem 201	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	140	142	123	127	131	124	128	135	121
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	0.88	0.91	0.94	0.89	0.91	0.96	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.522	0.041	0.795	0.035	0.065	0.856	0.212	0.274	10.841

Problem 202	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	140	142	123	127	131	128	128	135	121
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	0.88	0.91	0.94	0.91	0.91	0.96	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.514	0.041	0.784	0.035	0.064	1.234	0.180	0.271	10.853

Problem 203	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	138	139	122	127	131	128	128	135	121
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	0.88	0.92	0.95	0.93	0.93	0.98	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.529	0.043	0.807	0.026	0.066	1.760	0.184	0.278	0.062

Problem 204	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	138	140	121	127	131	126	128	135	121
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	0.88	0.92	0.95	0.91	0.93	0.98	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.515	0.044	0.896	0.026	0.064	2.525	0.375	0.285	10.827

Problem 205	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	137	139	119	126	131	126	127	135	119
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	0.87	0.92	0.96	0.92	0.93	0.99	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.519	0.049	0.790	0.026	0.069	3.331	0.180	0.279	0.072

Problem 206	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	138	140	119	125	131	124	126	135	118
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	0.86	0.91	0.95	0.90	0.91	0.98	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.496	0.051	0.799	0.032	0.068	4.483	0.190	0.280	10.873

Problem 207	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	83	143	122	128	131	129	129	133	118
N.S.	1	0.90	1.55	1.33	1.39	1.42	1.40	1.40	1.45	1.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.055	0.839	0.032	0.067	5.566	0.144	0.275	10.841

Problem 208	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	114	123	129	129	131	131	131	120
N.S.	1	1.00	3.68	3.97	4.16	4.16	4.23	4.23	4.23	3.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	0.031	0.773	0.027	0.063	6.909	0.173	0.289	0.131

Problem 209	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	50	115	123	129	129	131	131	131	123
N.S.	1	0.96	2.21	2.37	2.48	2.48	2.52	2.52	2.52	2.37
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	0.029	0.862	0.033	0.064	7.934	0.159	0.284	10.700

Problem 210	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	67	149	123	129	129	131	131	131	123
N.S.	1	0.94	2.10	1.73	1.82	1.82	1.85	1.85	1.85	1.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.043	0.770	0.033	0.073	9.486	0.190	0.277	10.632

Problem 211	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	84	153	123	129	129	131	131	131	123
N.S.	1	0.93	1.70	1.37	1.43	1.43	1.46	1.46	1.46	1.37
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	0.042	0.825	0.027	0.069	10.519	0.231	0.281	0.130

Problem 212	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	101	153	123	129	129	131	131	131	123
N.S.	1	0.93	1.40	1.13	1.18	1.18	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.338	0.042	0.764	0.028	0.067	12.493	0.166	0.287	10.607

Problem 213	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	118	151	123	129	129	131	131	131	123
N.S.	1	0.92	1.18	0.96	1.01	1.01	1.02	1.02	1.02	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.363	0.049	0.761	0.026	0.062	14.073	0.160	0.264	0.124

Problem 214	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	151	151	123	129	129	131	131	131	123
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.81	0.85	0.85	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.522	0.054	0.774	0.028	0.062	15.620	0.171	0.278	0.128

Problem 215	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	149	149	123	129	129	131	131	131	121
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.83	0.87	0.87	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.511	0.047	0.813	0.036	0.061	17.479	0.192	0.273	0.124

Problem 216	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	151	151	123	129	129	131	131	131	121
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.81	0.85	0.85	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.515	0.050	0.751	0.026	0.064	19.227	0.182	0.283	0.132

Problem 217	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	83	83	61	61	61	73	61	60	61
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.88	0.73	0.72	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.003	0.931	0.026	0.062	0.020	0.162	0.299	0.077

Problem 218	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	83	83	61	61	61	75	61	60	61
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.90	0.73	0.72	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.003	0.823	0.032	0.070	0.024	0.195	0.283	0.076

Problem 219	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	81	60	59	59	73	59	60	59
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.66	0.65	0.65	0.80	0.65	0.66	0.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.401	0.003	0.924	0.027	0.060	0.026	0.182	0.275	0.075

Problem 220	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	80	81	61	61	61	73	61	60	61
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.91	0.76	0.75	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.383	0.003	0.816	0.024	0.059	0.021	0.178	0.275	0.075

Problem 221	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	79	61	61	61	71	61	60	61
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.97	0.84	0.82	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	0.003	0.938	0.035	0.062	0.021	0.156	0.269	0.076

Problem 222	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	81	61	61	61	73	61	60	61
N.S.	1	1.00	1.27	0.95	0.95	0.95	1.14	0.95	0.94	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.003	0.817	0.029	0.064	0.028	0.184	0.282	0.075

Problem 223	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	81	61	61	61	73	61	60	61
N.S.	1	1.00	1.47	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.33	1.11	1.09	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.003	0.883	0.030	0.059	0.024	0.148	0.270	0.076

Problem 224	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	46	83	61	61	61	75	61	60	61
N.S.	1	1.00	1.80	1.33	1.33	1.33	1.63	1.33	1.30	1.33
time (sec)	N/A	0.325	0.003	0.817	0.031	0.069	0.021	0.174	0.270	0.075

Problem 225	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	37	83	61	61	61	75	61	60	61
N.S.	1	1.00	2.24	1.65	1.65	1.65	2.03	1.65	1.62	1.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	0.003	0.876	0.025	0.061	0.022	0.180	0.282	0.075

Problem 226	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	79	61	61	61	71	61	60	61
N.S.	1	1.00	2.82	2.18	2.18	2.18	2.54	2.18	2.14	2.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.312	0.003	0.802	0.034	0.058	0.025	0.179	0.284	0.075

Problem 227	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	77	61	61	61	70	61	60	61
N.S.	1	1.00	4.05	3.21	3.21	3.21	3.68	3.21	3.16	3.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.003	0.786	0.030	0.062	0.022	0.161	0.269	0.074

Problem 228	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	9	9	9	13	12	55	65	62	56	55
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.44	1.33	6.11	7.22	6.89	6.22	6.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.227	0.002	0.832	0.036	0.060	0.027	0.183	0.281	0.072

Problem 229	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	96	57	56	56	68	57	56	56
N.S.	1	1.00	1.33	0.79	0.78	0.78	0.94	0.79	0.78	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.013	0.755	0.031	0.061	0.041	0.191	0.268	0.075

Problem 230	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	72	59	58	62	66	59	62	58
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.82	0.81	0.86	0.92	0.82	0.86	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	0.005	0.815	0.025	0.060	0.043	0.145	0.289	0.075

Problem 231	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	70	58	58	62	66	59	62	58
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.83	0.83	0.89	0.94	0.84	0.89	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.004	0.780	0.030	0.063	0.058	0.196	0.295	0.064

Problem 232	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	70	58	58	62	65	59	62	58
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.83	0.83	0.89	0.93	0.84	0.89	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	0.005	0.835	0.035	0.067	0.053	0.125	0.276	0.056

Problem 233	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	70	58	58	62	63	59	62	58
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.83	0.83	0.89	0.90	0.84	0.89	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.347	0.004	0.764	0.031	0.067	0.054	0.127	0.272	0.038

Problem 234	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	72	58	58	62	63	59	62	58
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.81	0.81	0.86	0.88	0.82	0.86	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	0.005	0.787	0.031	0.071	0.057	0.145	0.271	0.033

Problem 235	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	72	58	58	62	65	59	62	58
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.81	0.81	0.86	0.90	0.82	0.86	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.004	0.812	0.033	0.060	0.061	0.157	0.283	0.029

Problem 236	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	70	58	58	62	63	59	62	58
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.83	0.83	0.89	0.90	0.84	0.89	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.367	0.004	0.760	0.024	0.063	0.058	0.142	0.268	0.027

Problem 237	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	70	58	58	62	61	59	62	58
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.83	0.83	0.89	0.87	0.84	0.89	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	0.004	0.772	0.032	0.062	0.076	0.178	0.291	0.026

Problem 238	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	70	58	58	62	60	59	62	58
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.83	0.83	0.89	0.86	0.84	0.89	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.354	0.004	0.803	0.032	0.062	0.072	0.144	0.275	0.033

Problem 239	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	70	56	56	62	58	57	62	62
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.80	0.80	0.89	0.83	0.81	0.89	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.353	0.005	0.851	0.031	0.063	0.070	0.232	0.271	10.556

Problem 240	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	74	74	58	58	62	60	59	62	58
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.78	0.78	0.84	0.81	0.80	0.84	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.004	0.799	0.026	0.064	0.074	0.191	0.266	0.036

Problem 241	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	75	60	60	60	61	60	60	56
N.S.	1	1.00	6.25	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.08	5.00	5.00	4.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	0.004	0.745	0.026	0.060	0.073	0.180	0.271	0.031

Problem 242	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	77	60	60	60	61	60	60	60
N.S.	1	1.00	3.08	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.44	2.40	2.40	2.40
time (sec)	N/A	0.265	0.004	0.746	0.029	0.061	0.104	0.200	0.320	10.549

Problem 243	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	42	79	60	60	60	61	60	60	60
N.S.	1	1.14	2.14	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.65	1.62	1.62	1.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.004	0.815	0.039	0.061	0.115	0.212	0.280	0.033

Problem 244	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	59	83	60	60	60	61	60	60	60
N.S.	1	1.20	1.69	1.22	1.22	1.22	1.24	1.22	1.22	1.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.283	0.004	0.749	0.026	0.061	0.089	0.178	0.289	10.523

Problem 245	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	76	83	60	60	60	61	60	60	60
N.S.	1	1.25	1.36	0.98	0.98	0.98	1.00	0.98	0.98	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.296	0.004	0.808	0.025	0.065	0.084	0.220	0.271	0.033

Problem 246	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	93	81	60	60	60	61	60	60	60
N.S.	1	1.27	1.11	0.82	0.82	0.82	0.84	0.82	0.82	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.312	0.004	0.829	0.036	0.062	0.089	0.169	0.283	10.665

Problem 247	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	110	81	60	60	60	61	60	60	60
N.S.	1	1.29	0.95	0.71	0.71	0.71	0.72	0.71	0.71	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.321	0.004	0.762	0.029	0.060	0.085	0.189	0.289	10.637

Problem 248	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	127	79	60	60	60	61	60	60	60
N.S.	1	1.31	0.81	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.63	0.62	0.62	0.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	0.004	0.739	0.031	0.065	0.096	0.186	0.278	0.034

Problem 249	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	81	81	60	60	60	61	60	60	60
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.74	0.74	0.74	0.75	0.74	0.74	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.004	0.856	0.031	0.066	0.101	0.198	0.265	10.695

Problem 250	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	83	83	60	60	60	61	60	60	58
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.73	0.72	0.72	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.007	0.762	0.025	0.066	0.097	0.189	0.290	0.037

Problem 251	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	134	127	136	149	188	143	152	63	279
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	1.01	1.11	1.40	1.07	1.13	0.47	2.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.615	0.071	1.096	0.031	0.072	0.288	0.210	0.279	0.075

Problem 252	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	113	107	116	123	164	119	126	52	173
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	1.03	1.09	1.45	1.05	1.12	0.46	1.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.542	0.065	1.025	0.026	0.072	0.250	0.208	0.285	10.843

Problem 253	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	90	87	90	101	140	92	104	41	115
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	1.00	1.12	1.56	1.02	1.16	0.46	1.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.472	0.057	1.129	0.027	0.079	0.236	0.197	0.297	0.055

Problem 254	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	69	66	67	74	113	68	75	29	77
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.97	1.07	1.64	0.99	1.09	0.42	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.418	0.065	1.025	0.026	0.071	0.197	0.168	0.282	0.063

Problem 255	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	41	46	53	72	44	51	17	54
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	1.02	1.18	1.60	0.98	1.13	0.38	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.027	1.111	0.034	0.067	0.147	0.240	0.280	11.142

Problem 256	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	32	31	33	34	37	27	32	10	32
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	1.03	1.06	1.16	0.84	1.00	0.31	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	0.013	1.004	0.037	0.071	0.085	0.204	0.280	0.050

Problem 257	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	42	38	42	44	62	32	48	15	39
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	1.00	1.05	1.48	0.76	1.14	0.36	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.354	0.029	1.089	0.033	0.074	0.140	0.230	0.301	10.972

Problem 258	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	56	64	67	107	128	71	26	58
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.98	1.03	1.65	1.97	1.09	0.40	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.414	0.042	1.095	0.033	0.079	0.253	0.200	0.268	11.018

Problem 259	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	85	84	99	150	184	106	43	104
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.99	1.16	1.76	2.16	1.25	0.51	1.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.468	0.080	1.064	0.031	0.074	0.299	0.189	0.264	10.975

Problem 260	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	113	106	109	128	179	219	133	54	131
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.96	1.13	1.58	1.94	1.18	0.48	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.519	0.104	1.237	0.038	0.074	0.381	0.193	0.272	0.114

Problem 261	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	133	129	127	152	203	243	157	65	150
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.95	1.14	1.53	1.83	1.18	0.49	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.566	0.097	1.066	0.032	0.073	0.369	0.205	0.270	10.972

Problem 262	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	143	147	140	168	257	168	149	109	180
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.98	1.17	1.80	1.17	1.04	0.76	1.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.636	0.057	1.093	0.037	0.075	0.766	0.216	0.287	11.011

Problem 263	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	121	129	115	143	231	144	124	97	141
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	0.95	1.18	1.91	1.19	1.02	0.80	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.564	0.048	1.096	0.040	0.078	0.732	0.194	0.275	0.087

Problem 264	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	97	97	89	120	193	119	96	85	118
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.92	1.24	1.99	1.23	0.99	0.88	1.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.488	0.039	1.052	0.037	0.070	0.613	0.231	0.273	10.663

Problem 265	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	75	73	71	100	128	100	76	71	96
N.S.	1	1.04	1.01	0.99	1.39	1.78	1.39	1.06	0.99	1.33
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	0.028	1.026	0.037	0.075	0.342	0.203	0.274	0.082

Problem 266	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	42	47	71	71	75	45	26	68
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.80	1.20	1.20	1.27	0.76	0.44	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.380	0.018	1.060	0.029	0.065	0.263	0.230	0.304	10.393

Problem 267	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	27	33	50	50	53	25	23	52
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.87	1.32	1.32	1.39	0.66	0.61	1.37
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	0.013	1.103	0.037	0.066	0.195	0.212	0.294	0.031

Problem 268	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	65	69	91	156	90	71	97	84
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.96	1.26	2.17	1.25	0.99	1.35	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	0.050	1.027	0.029	0.072	0.276	0.235	0.297	10.457

Problem 269	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	102	106	134	267	204	122	119	118
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.95	1.21	2.41	1.84	1.10	1.07	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.516	0.069	1.052	0.039	0.077	0.391	0.200	0.274	10.503

Problem 270	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	135	123	130	172	318	264	157	138	168
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.96	1.27	2.36	1.96	1.16	1.02	1.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.574	0.138	1.064	0.038	0.077	0.515	0.211	0.264	0.137

Problem 271	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	166	166	148	158	193	333	291	175	149	195
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.95	1.16	2.01	1.75	1.05	0.90	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.686	0.150	1.132	0.033	0.076	0.501	0.190	0.305	10.563

Problem 272	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	171	151	163	213	349	216	172	172	210
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.95	1.25	2.04	1.26	1.01	1.01	1.23
time (sec)	N/A	0.732	0.106	1.055	0.038	0.081	1.659	0.234	0.285	10.586

Problem 273	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	146	130	129	190	311	190	144	159	187
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.88	1.30	2.13	1.30	0.99	1.09	1.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.651	0.091	1.102	0.036	0.078	1.415	0.203	0.295	0.128

Problem 274	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	107	113	111	170	222	172	124	147	161
N.S.	1	1.01	1.07	1.05	1.60	2.09	1.62	1.17	1.39	1.52
time (sec)	N/A	0.475	0.049	1.033	0.037	0.076	1.055	0.202	0.267	10.727

Problem 275	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	76	85	139	139	150	93	48	128
N.S.	1	1.00	1.33	1.49	2.44	2.44	2.63	1.63	0.84	2.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.313	0.038	1.062	0.039	0.068	0.775	0.190	0.265	0.052

Problem 276	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	63	78	119	119	126	70	64	113
N.S.	1	1.00	0.72	0.90	1.37	1.37	1.45	0.80	0.74	1.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.447	0.028	1.033	0.033	0.068	0.527	0.200	0.287	0.046

Problem 277	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	46	56	95	95	100	46	53	93
N.S.	1	1.00	0.75	0.92	1.56	1.56	1.64	0.75	0.87	1.52
time (sec)	N/A	0.384	0.021	1.085	0.033	0.066	0.360	0.179	0.267	10.735

Problem 278	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	27	35	72	72	76	25	45	74
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.92	1.89	1.89	2.00	0.66	1.18	1.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	0.013	1.118	0.033	0.080	0.279	0.218	0.276	10.613

Problem 279	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	102	89	95	137	250	141	95	197	130
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	0.93	1.34	2.45	1.38	0.93	1.93	1.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.497	0.073	1.049	0.039	0.076	0.410	0.181	0.288	0.100

Problem 280	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	157	142	148	202	427	275	168	223	180
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.94	1.29	2.72	1.75	1.07	1.42	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.660	0.103	1.144	0.041	0.079	0.623	0.202	0.287	10.543

Problem 281	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	177	177	162	172	242	484	335	205	242	230
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.97	1.37	2.73	1.89	1.16	1.37	1.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.744	0.193	1.214	0.046	0.084	0.607	0.175	0.284	10.558

Problem 282	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	61	49	44	361	27	418	78	24	431
N.S.	1	0.54	0.43	0.39	3.17	0.24	3.67	0.68	0.21	3.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.394	1.026	0.592	0.039	0.063	2.569	0.199	0.278	11.272

Problem 283	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	61	49	44	301	27	357	78	24	340
N.S.	1	0.54	0.43	0.39	2.64	0.24	3.13	0.68	0.21	2.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	1.023	0.588	0.035	0.066	1.902	0.233	0.283	10.730

Problem 284	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	61	49	44	241	27	292	78	24	271
N.S.	1	0.54	0.43	0.39	2.11	0.24	2.56	0.68	0.21	2.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	1.025	0.569	0.034	0.069	1.721	0.264	0.278	10.649

Problem 285	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	61	95	44	183	27	228	77	24	176
N.S.	1	0.54	0.83	0.39	1.61	0.24	2.00	0.68	0.21	1.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.350	0.851	0.545	0.034	0.063	1.420	0.253	0.280	10.594

Problem 286	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	69	91	33	125	24	156	74	21	77
N.S.	1	1.00	1.32	0.48	1.81	0.35	2.26	1.07	0.30	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.902	0.484	0.034	0.067	0.935	0.237	0.283	10.687

Problem 287	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	52	44	54	133	22	0	46	20	122
N.S.	1	0.50	0.42	0.51	1.27	0.21	0.00	0.44	0.19	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	1.024	0.512	0.037	0.068	0.000	0.242	0.291	10.937

Problem 288	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	50	44	44	175	26	0	47	24	207
N.S.	1	0.49	0.43	0.43	1.70	0.25	0.00	0.46	0.23	2.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	1.024	0.513	0.029	0.065	0.000	0.246	0.284	11.086

Problem 289	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	55	225	38	172	29	0	50	26	134
N.S.	1	0.51	2.08	0.35	1.59	0.27	0.00	0.46	0.24	1.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.547	0.506	0.036	0.066	0.000	0.239	0.293	11.022

Problem 290	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	46	34	195	27	0	77	24	43
N.S.	1	1.00	0.61	0.45	2.60	0.36	0.00	1.03	0.32	0.57
time (sec)	N/A	0.357	0.478	0.594	0.038	0.069	0.000	0.259	0.295	10.813

Problem 291	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	61	47	34	255	27	0	77	24	43
N.S.	1	0.54	0.41	0.30	2.24	0.24	0.00	0.68	0.21	0.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.402	0.631	0.037	0.067	0.000	0.188	0.273	10.726

Problem 292	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	61	49	34	315	27	0	77	24	43
N.S.	1	0.54	0.43	0.30	2.76	0.24	0.00	0.68	0.21	0.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.503	0.698	0.035	0.069	0.000	0.284	0.259	10.772

Problem 293	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	61	49	34	375	27	0	77	24	43
N.S.	1	0.54	0.43	0.30	3.29	0.24	0.00	0.68	0.21	0.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.529	0.787	0.037	0.072	0.000	0.223	0.271	10.902

Problem 294	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	103	87	92	421	73	8803	150	46	0
N.S.	1	0.49	0.41	0.44	2.00	0.35	41.92	0.71	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.472	1.041	1.122	0.039	0.066	1.015	0.232	0.279	0.000

Problem 295	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	103	87	92	361	73	5448	150	46	0
N.S.	1	0.49	0.41	0.44	1.72	0.35	25.94	0.71	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.452	1.043	1.076	0.039	0.065	0.937	0.221	0.282	0.000

Problem 296	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	103	87	92	301	73	3364	149	46	0
N.S.	1	0.49	0.41	0.44	1.43	0.35	16.02	0.71	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.438	1.043	1.007	0.037	0.064	0.872	0.260	0.279	0.000

Problem 297	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	103	87	92	241	73	2071	150	46	0
N.S.	1	0.49	0.41	0.44	1.15	0.35	9.86	0.71	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.447	1.038	1.096	0.035	0.067	0.831	0.265	0.262	0.000

Problem 298	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	89	87	92	183	73	1258	148	46	0
N.S.	1	0.74	0.72	0.76	1.51	0.60	10.40	1.22	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.419	1.039	0.977	0.037	0.068	1.113	0.209	0.278	0.000

Problem 299	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	71	83	90	125	69	745	144	43	42
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	1.27	1.76	0.97	10.49	2.03	0.61	0.59
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	1.042	0.975	0.035	0.067	0.769	0.251	0.297	10.852

Problem 300	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	182	81	83	91	186	68	0	118	42	0
N.S.	1	0.45	0.46	0.50	1.02	0.37	0.00	0.65	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.375	1.047	1.026	0.036	0.067	0.000	0.231	0.268	0.000

Problem 301	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	93	89	96	283	75	0	119	47	0
N.S.	1	0.46	0.44	0.48	1.42	0.38	0.00	0.60	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.427	1.048	1.036	0.034	0.068	0.000	0.204	0.274	0.000

Problem 302	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	93	85	95	351	74	0	117	47	0
N.S.	1	0.46	0.42	0.48	1.76	0.37	0.00	0.58	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.427	1.051	1.008	0.037	0.069	0.000	0.243	0.275	0.000

Problem 303	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	199	92	88	96	443	75	0	118	48	0
N.S.	1	0.46	0.44	0.48	2.23	0.38	0.00	0.59	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.425	1.047	1.112	0.038	0.073	0.000	0.278	0.279	0.000

Problem 304	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	86	278	94	379	75	0	121	48	0
N.S.	1	0.46	1.49	0.50	2.03	0.40	0.00	0.65	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	1.047	1.097	0.036	0.071	0.000	0.241	0.283	0.000

Problem 305	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	77	43	90	315	73	0	149	46	196
N.S.	1	1.03	0.57	1.20	4.20	0.97	0.00	1.99	0.61	2.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.863	1.217	0.045	0.074	0.000	0.263	0.281	10.771

Problem 306	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	103	87	90	375	73	0	149	46	195
N.S.	1	0.90	0.76	0.78	3.26	0.63	0.00	1.30	0.40	1.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	0.886	1.190	0.038	0.067	0.000	0.268	0.291	10.855

Problem 307	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	103	87	90	435	73	0	149	46	196
N.S.	1	0.66	0.55	0.57	2.77	0.46	0.00	0.95	0.29	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.433	1.006	1.276	0.042	0.066	0.000	0.238	0.275	10.844

Problem 308	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	103	87	90	495	73	0	149	46	196
N.S.	1	0.49	0.41	0.43	2.36	0.35	0.00	0.71	0.22	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	1.012	1.448	0.041	0.070	0.000	0.251	0.299	10.760

Problem 309	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	103	87	90	555	73	0	149	46	196
N.S.	1	0.49	0.41	0.43	2.64	0.35	0.00	0.71	0.22	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	1.037	1.563	0.048	0.067	0.000	0.202	0.283	10.806

Problem 310	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	103	87	90	615	73	0	149	46	196
N.S.	1	0.49	0.41	0.43	2.93	0.35	0.00	0.71	0.22	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.422	1.041	1.614	0.044	0.067	0.000	0.270	0.261	10.800

Problem 311	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	103	87	90	675	73	0	149	46	196
N.S.	1	0.49	0.41	0.43	3.21	0.35	0.00	0.71	0.22	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.426	1.034	1.869	0.047	0.067	0.000	0.277	0.280	10.849

Problem 312	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	303	142	125	140	481	118	40368	220	68	0
N.S.	1	0.47	0.41	0.46	1.59	0.39	133.23	0.73	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.573	1.054	1.184	0.046	0.065	1.252	0.186	0.283	0.000

Problem 313	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	306	145	125	140	421	119	24941	220	68	0
N.S.	1	0.47	0.41	0.46	1.38	0.39	81.51	0.72	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.540	1.053	1.277	0.046	0.066	1.273	0.241	0.305	0.000

Problem 314	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	306	145	125	140	361	119	15400	222	68	0
N.S.	1	0.47	0.41	0.46	1.18	0.39	50.33	0.73	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.527	1.053	1.086	0.040	0.066	1.144	0.275	0.253	0.000

Problem 315	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	212	140	125	140	301	119	9493	221	68	0
N.S.	1	0.66	0.59	0.66	1.42	0.56	44.78	1.04	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.529	1.052	1.117	0.035	0.068	0.985	0.249	0.267	0.000

Problem 316	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	115	125	140	241	118	5836	220	68	0
N.S.	1	0.69	0.75	0.84	1.44	0.71	34.95	1.32	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.494	1.055	1.050	0.033	0.069	0.905	0.254	0.263	0.000

Problem 317	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	89	125	140	183	119	3563	221	68	0
N.S.	1	0.74	1.03	1.16	1.51	0.98	29.45	1.83	0.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.424	1.055	1.056	0.039	0.067	1.121	0.235	0.278	0.000

Problem 318	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	71	121	138	125	115	2147	217	65	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.70	1.94	1.76	1.62	30.24	3.06	0.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	1.052	1.010	0.038	0.069	0.857	0.277	0.273	0.000

Problem 319	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	262	105	122	139	236	114	0	190	64	0
N.S.	1	0.40	0.47	0.53	0.90	0.44	0.00	0.73	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.453	1.069	0.993	0.039	0.072	0.000	0.205	0.284	0.000

Problem 320	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	294	133	128	144	386	121	0	191	70	0
N.S.	1	0.45	0.44	0.49	1.31	0.41	0.00	0.65	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.516	1.055	1.031	0.042	0.072	0.000	0.231	0.265	0.000

Problem 321	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	297	136	126	144	461	121	0	191	69	0
N.S.	1	0.46	0.42	0.48	1.55	0.41	0.00	0.64	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.502	1.073	1.017	0.053	0.071	0.000	0.260	0.262	0.000

Problem 322	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	297	136	127	144	557	121	0	190	69	0
N.S.	1	0.46	0.43	0.48	1.88	0.41	0.00	0.64	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.519	1.067	1.118	0.044	0.076	0.000	0.264	0.258	0.000

Problem 323	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	296	135	126	144	615	121	0	188	70	0
N.S.	1	0.46	0.43	0.49	2.08	0.41	0.00	0.64	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.506	1.061	1.164	0.047	0.069	0.000	0.233	0.265	0.000

Problem 324	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	293	132	127	144	673	121	0	188	70	0
N.S.	1	0.45	0.43	0.49	2.30	0.41	0.00	0.64	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.508	1.065	1.279	0.058	0.066	0.000	0.254	0.289	0.000

Problem 325	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	267	110	354	142	554	121	0	191	70	0
N.S.	1	0.41	1.33	0.53	2.07	0.45	0.00	0.72	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.437	1.340	1.228	0.052	0.067	0.000	0.226	0.285	0.000

Problem 326	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	77	122	136	435	119	0	221	68	284
N.S.	1	1.03	1.63	1.81	5.80	1.59	0.00	2.95	0.91	3.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.377	1.050	1.374	0.043	0.068	0.000	0.220	0.288	10.801

Problem 327	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	98	125	136	495	119	0	221	68	284
N.S.	1	0.85	1.09	1.18	4.30	1.03	0.00	1.92	0.59	2.47
time (sec)	N/A	0.371	1.049	1.381	0.045	0.067	0.000	0.229	0.267	10.794

Problem 328	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	143	125	136	555	119	0	221	68	284
N.S.	1	0.91	0.80	0.87	3.54	0.76	0.00	1.41	0.43	1.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.501	1.049	1.628	0.052	0.070	0.000	0.226	0.311	10.942

Problem 329	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	199	145	125	136	615	119	0	221	68	283
N.S.	1	0.73	0.63	0.68	3.09	0.60	0.00	1.11	0.34	1.42
time (sec)	N/A	0.507	1.056	1.831	0.056	0.069	0.000	0.243	0.275	11.059

Problem 330	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	241	145	125	136	675	119	0	221	68	284
N.S.	1	0.60	0.52	0.56	2.80	0.49	0.00	0.92	0.28	1.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.510	1.064	2.049	0.058	0.066	0.000	0.251	0.273	10.916

Problem 331	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	306	145	125	136	735	119	0	221	68	284
N.S.	1	0.47	0.41	0.44	2.40	0.39	0.00	0.72	0.22	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.501	1.056	2.115	0.058	0.066	0.000	0.227	0.280	11.005

Problem 332	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	304	143	125	136	795	119	0	221	68	284
N.S.	1	0.47	0.41	0.45	2.62	0.39	0.00	0.73	0.22	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.506	1.052	2.488	0.060	0.071	0.000	0.248	0.266	10.724

Problem 333	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	258	134	116	138	272	117	726	185	5	0
N.S.	1	0.52	0.45	0.53	1.05	0.45	2.81	0.72	0.02	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.542	1.072	0.938	0.035	0.068	1.592	0.213	0.277	0.000

Problem 334	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	212	113	96	114	212	94	488	148	5	0
N.S.	1	0.53	0.45	0.54	1.00	0.44	2.30	0.70	0.02	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.494	1.055	0.898	0.034	0.070	1.489	0.253	0.274	0.000

Problem 335	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	166	92	77	90	125	71	330	113	5	0
N.S.	1	0.55	0.46	0.54	0.75	0.43	1.99	0.68	0.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.440	1.054	0.797	0.032	0.071	1.209	0.243	0.266	0.000

Problem 336	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	71	57	66	72	47	219	75	5	0
N.S.	1	0.59	0.48	0.55	0.60	0.39	1.82	0.62	0.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	1.031	0.780	0.032	0.068	1.048	0.215	0.276	0.000

Problem 337	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	69	177	43	52	25	134	45	1	79
N.S.	1	1.00	2.57	0.62	0.75	0.36	1.94	0.65	0.01	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	0.704	0.829	0.028	0.070	0.820	0.243	0.283	10.997

Problem 338	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	56	111	49	53	28	0	49	2	68
N.S.	1	0.70	1.39	0.61	0.66	0.35	0.00	0.61	0.02	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.362	0.510	0.766	0.030	0.074	0.000	0.250	0.292	10.965

Problem 339	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	86	147	61	106	41	0	81	5	117
N.S.	1	1.10	1.88	0.78	1.36	0.53	0.00	1.04	0.06	1.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.385	0.524	0.792	0.033	0.072	0.000	0.234	0.296	11.097

Problem 340	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	88	180	92	164	69	0	117	5	0
N.S.	1	0.54	1.11	0.57	1.01	0.43	0.00	0.72	0.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.431	0.579	0.855	0.031	0.069	0.000	0.206	0.273	0.000

Problem 341	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	112	230	119	224	94	0	153	5	0
N.S.	1	0.53	1.09	0.56	1.06	0.45	0.00	0.73	0.02	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.475	0.716	0.869	0.036	0.081	0.000	0.234	0.280	0.000

Problem 342	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	256	132	263	143	284	117	0	188	5	0
N.S.	1	0.52	1.03	0.56	1.11	0.46	0.00	0.73	0.02	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.520	0.852	1.000	0.033	0.086	0.000	0.259	0.256	0.000

Problem 343	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	249	142	140	155	303	197	0	149	71	0
N.S.	1	0.57	0.56	0.62	1.22	0.79	0.00	0.60	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.585	1.080	1.197	0.036	0.074	0.000	0.265	0.251	0.000

Problem 344	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	202	120	117	129	242	171	0	134	60	0
N.S.	1	0.59	0.58	0.64	1.20	0.85	0.00	0.66	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.519	1.065	1.197	0.033	0.077	0.000	0.266	0.283	0.000

Problem 345	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	97	233	110	154	134	0	96	46	0
N.S.	1	0.63	1.51	0.71	1.00	0.87	0.00	0.62	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.464	1.449	1.145	0.028	0.074	0.000	0.249	0.291	0.000

Problem 346	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	81	187	75	89	81	0	70	33	0
N.S.	1	0.72	1.65	0.66	0.79	0.72	0.00	0.62	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.416	1.253	1.098	0.033	0.072	0.000	0.271	0.282	0.000

Problem 347	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	69	176	32	56	38	0	32	12	42
N.S.	1	1.00	2.55	0.46	0.81	0.55	0.00	0.46	0.17	0.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.325	0.861	1.144	0.034	0.076	0.000	0.223	0.273	10.684

Problem 348	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	83	80	97	96	109	0	83	44	0
N.S.	1	0.59	0.57	0.69	0.69	0.78	0.00	0.59	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	1.044	1.070	0.026	0.075	0.000	0.249	0.267	0.000

Problem 349	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	196	114	110	132	191	187	0	123	70	0
N.S.	1	0.58	0.56	0.67	0.97	0.95	0.00	0.63	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.509	1.085	1.348	0.032	0.078	0.000	0.269	0.262	0.000

Problem 350	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	243	136	133	153	250	225	0	148	86	0
N.S.	1	0.56	0.55	0.63	1.03	0.93	0.00	0.61	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.562	1.094	3.126	0.033	0.077	0.000	0.256	0.276	0.000

Problem 351	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	245	148	127	150	211	252	0	144	120	0
N.S.	1	0.60	0.52	0.61	0.86	1.03	0.00	0.59	0.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.603	1.077	1.311	0.059	0.074	0.000	0.222	0.274	0.000

Problem 352	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	188	118	103	115	201	175	0	116	108	0
N.S.	1	0.63	0.55	0.61	1.07	0.93	0.00	0.62	0.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.461	1.064	1.237	0.043	0.074	0.000	0.218	0.321	0.000

Problem 353	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	77	73	75	156	105	0	77	37	201
N.S.	1	1.03	0.97	1.00	2.08	1.40	0.00	1.03	0.49	2.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.385	1.042	1.365	0.036	0.076	0.000	0.230	0.269	10.821

Problem 354	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	87	319	52	90	80	0	52	42	62
N.S.	1	0.72	2.64	0.43	0.74	0.66	0.00	0.43	0.35	0.51
time (sec)	N/A	0.421	1.307	1.220	0.032	0.068	0.000	0.208	0.281	10.799

Problem 355	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	71	39	33	56	61	0	33	34	43
N.S.	1	1.00	0.55	0.46	0.79	0.86	0.00	0.46	0.48	0.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	1.025	1.106	0.026	0.066	0.000	0.243	0.270	10.780

Problem 356	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	113	104	121	138	203	0	107	145	0
N.S.	1	0.54	0.50	0.58	0.66	0.97	0.00	0.51	0.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.500	1.065	1.171	0.041	0.073	0.000	0.255	0.258	0.000

Problem 357	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	282	160	148	172	276	347	0	169	171	0
N.S.	1	0.57	0.52	0.61	0.98	1.23	0.00	0.60	0.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.617	1.114	1.167	0.033	0.078	0.000	0.245	0.261	0.000

Problem 358	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	52	52	51	56	80	53	37	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.83	0.81	0.89	1.27	0.84	0.59	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.055	0.481	0.033	0.068	0.495	0.243	0.251	0.064

Problem 359	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	52	52	51	56	80	53	37	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.83	0.81	0.89	1.27	0.84	0.59	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.052	0.486	0.027	0.070	0.316	0.253	0.287	0.049

Problem 360	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	52	52	51	56	80	53	37	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.83	0.81	0.89	1.27	0.84	0.59	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.336	0.049	0.488	0.034	0.070	0.195	0.223	0.279	0.049

Problem 361	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	52	52	51	54	66	53	35	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.83	0.81	0.86	1.05	0.84	0.56	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.337	0.056	0.463	0.029	0.068	0.667	0.258	0.263	0.053

Problem 362	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	51	51	51	51	78	53	34	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	1.28	0.87	0.56	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.337	0.050	0.316	0.027	0.067	0.142	0.263	0.265	0.049

Problem 363	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	49	52	51	51	75	53	35	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.88	0.86	0.86	1.27	0.90	0.59	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	0.060	0.113	0.032	0.069	0.245	0.271	0.264	0.053

Problem 364	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	47	51	51	50	73	51	38	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	0.86	0.86	0.85	1.24	0.86	0.64	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.340	0.066	0.125	0.034	0.075	0.218	0.282	0.265	10.538

Problem 365	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	47	48	52	51	75	52	39	52
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	0.81	0.88	0.86	1.27	0.88	0.66	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.063	0.124	0.030	0.071	0.270	0.238	0.264	0.059

Problem 366	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	50	48	51	51	80	51	39	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.79	0.84	0.84	1.31	0.84	0.64	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.060	0.121	0.032	0.073	0.394	0.261	0.271	10.633

Problem 367	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	90	100	99	104	148	101	59	91
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.90	0.89	0.94	1.33	0.91	0.53	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.433	0.087	0.920	0.039	0.070	0.712	0.221	0.286	10.756

Problem 368	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	90	100	99	104	148	101	59	91
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.90	0.89	0.94	1.33	0.91	0.53	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.439	0.077	0.895	0.026	0.070	0.489	0.235	0.266	0.040

Problem 369	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	90	100	99	104	148	101	59	91
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.90	0.89	0.94	1.33	0.91	0.53	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.425	0.077	0.961	0.036	0.069	0.319	0.255	0.284	0.039

Problem 370	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	90	100	99	102	124	101	57	91
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.90	0.89	0.92	1.12	0.91	0.51	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	0.076	0.882	0.026	0.073	0.985	0.252	0.279	0.040

Problem 371	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	109	89	99	99	99	146	101	56	91
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.91	0.91	0.91	1.34	0.93	0.51	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.409	0.076	0.898	0.033	0.067	0.211	0.241	0.271	0.039

Problem 372	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	107	87	100	99	99	141	101	58	91
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.93	0.93	0.93	1.32	0.94	0.54	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.413	0.089	0.922	0.040	0.071	0.292	0.243	0.262	0.042

Problem 373	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	107	86	99	99	99	139	99	61	92
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	0.93	0.93	0.93	1.30	0.93	0.57	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.408	0.110	0.878	0.058	0.074	0.324	0.229	0.282	0.043

Problem 374	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	107	85	95	100	99	141	100	61	95
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.89	0.93	0.93	1.32	0.93	0.57	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.408	0.083	0.928	0.051	0.070	0.390	0.261	0.290	0.069

Problem 375	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	107	85	91	100	99	139	100	61	98
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.85	0.93	0.93	1.30	0.93	0.57	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.426	0.105	0.878	0.043	0.069	0.452	0.237	0.268	0.074

Problem 376	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	159	152	148	147	152	214	149	81	131
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.93	0.92	0.96	1.35	0.94	0.51	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.514	0.122	0.981	0.033	0.074	1.044	0.235	0.281	0.070

Problem 377	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	159	128	148	147	152	214	149	81	131
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.93	0.92	0.96	1.35	0.94	0.51	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.501	0.140	0.962	0.035	0.069	0.793	0.241	0.255	10.786

Problem 378	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	159	152	148	147	152	214	149	81	131
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.93	0.92	0.96	1.35	0.94	0.51	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.520	0.118	0.987	0.028	0.082	0.494	0.256	0.252	0.052

Problem 379	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	159	128	148	147	150	182	149	79	131
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.93	0.92	0.94	1.14	0.94	0.50	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.504	0.121	0.875	0.034	0.066	1.033	0.244	0.269	0.052

Problem 380	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	157	127	147	147	147	211	149	78	131
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.94	0.94	0.94	1.34	0.95	0.50	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.485	0.103	0.968	0.052	0.067	0.332	0.252	0.279	0.052

Problem 381	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	151	125	148	147	147	204	149	80	131
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.98	0.97	0.97	1.35	0.99	0.53	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.485	0.118	0.894	0.036	0.076	0.408	0.263	0.309	0.056

Problem 382	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	153	124	147	147	147	204	147	83	132
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.96	0.96	0.96	1.33	0.96	0.54	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.493	0.122	1.000	0.084	0.072	0.570	0.215	0.270	0.055

Problem 383	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	155	124	143	148	147	204	148	83	135
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	0.92	0.95	0.95	1.32	0.95	0.54	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.513	0.116	0.878	0.042	0.071	0.550	0.257	0.281	0.054

Problem 384	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	151	123	139	148	147	202	148	83	138
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.92	0.98	0.97	1.34	0.98	0.55	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.496	0.108	0.902	0.090	0.069	0.687	0.222	0.276	0.056

Problem 385	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	155	123	135	148	147	204	148	83	141
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.87	0.95	0.95	1.32	0.95	0.54	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.489	0.137	0.876	0.051	0.070	0.799	0.218	0.277	10.681

Problem 386	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	144	128	124	139	341	986	146	68	209
N.S.	1	1.02	0.91	0.88	0.99	2.42	6.99	1.04	0.48	1.48
time (sec)	N/A	0.431	0.260	1.072	0.120	0.087	105.121	0.282	0.275	0.075

Problem 387	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	125	110	99	115	290	877	122	55	146
N.S.	1	1.07	0.94	0.85	0.98	2.48	7.50	1.04	0.47	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.407	0.222	1.119	0.162	0.086	28.786	0.261	0.277	0.065

Problem 388	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	106	88	77	88	231	762	95	39	107
N.S.	1	1.12	0.93	0.81	0.93	2.43	8.02	1.00	0.41	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.182	1.069	0.186	0.082	6.067	0.265	0.282	0.085

Problem 389	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	86	67	62	65	198	634	65	29	62
N.S.	1	1.18	0.92	0.85	0.89	2.71	8.68	0.89	0.40	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.354	0.129	1.165	0.176	0.081	2.126	0.240	0.271	0.099

Problem 390	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	64	57	58	177	615	60	25	51
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.90	0.92	2.81	9.76	0.95	0.40	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	0.130	1.030	0.152	0.079	2.643	0.259	0.275	10.795

Problem 391	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	87	67	64	65	215	794	60	33	65
N.S.	1	1.16	0.89	0.85	0.87	2.87	10.59	0.80	0.44	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.354	0.125	1.198	0.188	0.084	7.032	0.254	0.259	10.734

Problem 392	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	106	90	77	93	257	882	85	46	81
N.S.	1	1.12	0.95	0.81	0.98	2.71	9.28	0.89	0.48	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.379	0.180	1.171	0.160	0.088	27.553	0.260	0.261	10.794

Problem 393	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	125	112	101	118	316	1017	110	61	103
N.S.	1	1.03	0.93	0.83	0.98	2.61	8.40	0.91	0.50	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	0.229	1.105	0.165	0.086	113.336	0.265	0.268	10.791

Problem 394	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	144	131	121	143	367	0	136	72	121
N.S.	1	1.01	0.92	0.85	1.00	2.57	0.00	0.95	0.50	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.419	0.254	1.221	0.163	0.082	0.000	0.234	0.263	10.867

Problem 395	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	160	128	118	161	467	0	143	136	176
N.S.	1	1.03	0.82	0.76	1.03	2.99	0.00	0.92	0.87	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.420	0.364	1.309	0.154	0.094	0.000	0.272	0.257	10.750

Problem 396	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	141	110	104	136	437	2271	111	120	131
N.S.	1	1.05	0.82	0.78	1.01	3.26	16.95	0.83	0.90	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.427	0.311	1.270	0.131	0.086	87.834	0.214	0.274	10.780

Problem 397	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	122	105	96	130	411	2261	107	113	112
N.S.	1	0.98	0.85	0.77	1.05	3.31	18.23	0.86	0.91	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.392	0.292	1.107	0.180	0.088	44.966	0.258	0.273	11.396

Problem 398	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	120	105	92	128	399	2302	106	110	107
N.S.	1	0.96	0.84	0.74	1.02	3.19	18.42	0.85	0.88	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.384	0.285	1.053	0.175	0.103	22.530	0.255	0.277	11.354

Problem 399	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	121	105	97	129	409	2300	107	113	112
N.S.	1	0.93	0.81	0.75	0.99	3.15	17.69	0.82	0.87	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.388	0.256	1.050	0.138	0.093	32.980	0.272	0.267	10.861

Problem 400	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	141	112	105	132	445	2660	110	124	147
N.S.	1	1.04	0.83	0.78	0.98	3.30	19.70	0.81	0.92	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.416	0.295	1.152	0.160	0.095	75.858	0.274	0.300	10.708

Problem 401	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	160	130	119	158	477	0	136	144	145
N.S.	1	1.01	0.82	0.75	0.99	3.00	0.00	0.86	0.91	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	0.357	1.070	0.191	0.089	0.000	0.255	0.281	10.682

Problem 402	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	215	169	165	231	703	0	191	240	246
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.77	1.08	3.29	0.00	0.89	1.12	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.468	0.535	2.152	0.153	0.105	0.000	0.249	0.291	0.180

Problem 403	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	195	150	150	206	673	0	159	224	200
N.S.	1	1.03	0.79	0.79	1.08	3.54	0.00	0.84	1.18	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.468	0.520	2.141	0.136	0.103	0.000	0.276	0.271	10.686

Problem 404	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	182	176	143	135	198	639	0	155	217	173
N.S.	1	0.97	0.79	0.74	1.09	3.51	0.00	0.85	1.19	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.432	0.466	2.032	0.163	0.104	0.000	0.251	0.284	10.702

Problem 405	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	176	145	137	205	657	0	156	217	175
N.S.	1	0.95	0.78	0.74	1.11	3.55	0.00	0.84	1.17	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.445	0.750	2.029	0.170	0.105	0.000	0.282	0.279	10.749

Problem 406	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	182	174	144	124	194	619	0	154	217	161
N.S.	1	0.96	0.79	0.68	1.07	3.40	0.00	0.85	1.19	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.443	0.451	1.099	0.154	0.106	0.000	0.221	0.273	10.810

Problem 407	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	176	144	137	205	657	4933	156	217	174
N.S.	1	0.92	0.75	0.72	1.07	3.44	25.83	0.82	1.14	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.446	0.380	1.047	0.142	0.098	131.444	0.258	0.291	10.983

Problem 408	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	175	144	135	198	637	0	155	217	172
N.S.	1	0.92	0.76	0.71	1.04	3.35	0.00	0.82	1.14	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.452	0.336	1.039	0.166	0.102	0.000	0.231	0.262	10.969

Problem 409	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	195	152	151	200	673	0	158	228	209
N.S.	1	1.02	0.80	0.79	1.05	3.52	0.00	0.83	1.19	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.450	0.510	1.178	0.228	0.104	0.000	0.225	0.266	11.094

Problem 410	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	214	172	165	233	729	0	180	248	207
N.S.	1	0.99	0.79	0.76	1.07	3.36	0.00	0.83	1.14	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.499	0.547	1.095	0.148	0.119	0.000	0.217	0.267	11.042

Problem 411	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	67	49	34	35	32	0	53	26	0
N.S.	1	0.56	0.41	0.28	0.29	0.27	0.00	0.44	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.357	0.047	0.651	0.044	0.074	0.000	0.284	0.278	0.000

Problem 412	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	67	49	34	35	32	0	53	26	0
N.S.	1	0.56	0.41	0.28	0.29	0.27	0.00	0.44	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.039	0.645	0.050	0.074	0.000	0.263	0.285	0.000

Problem 413	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	67	51	34	35	32	0	53	26	0
N.S.	1	0.56	0.42	0.28	0.29	0.27	0.00	0.44	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.350	0.038	0.649	0.048	0.074	0.000	0.258	0.267	0.000

Problem 414	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	67	51	34	35	30	0	53	24	0
N.S.	1	0.56	0.42	0.28	0.29	0.25	0.00	0.44	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	0.038	0.648	0.046	0.070	0.000	0.247	0.259	0.000

Problem 415	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	65	49	34	34	27	0	53	23	56
N.S.	1	0.55	0.42	0.29	0.29	0.23	0.00	0.45	0.19	0.47
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.043	0.651	0.060	0.075	0.000	0.212	0.255	11.041

Problem 416	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	63	49	34	33	26	0	53	24	53
N.S.	1	0.54	0.42	0.29	0.28	0.22	0.00	0.46	0.21	0.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	0.041	0.473	0.066	0.071	0.000	0.235	0.277	10.914

Problem 417	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	63	46	33	33	27	0	51	28	54
N.S.	1	0.54	0.40	0.28	0.28	0.23	0.00	0.44	0.24	0.47
time (sec)	N/A	0.347	0.048	0.470	0.079	0.070	0.000	0.228	0.267	10.799

Problem 418	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	65	49	34	34	27	0	51	28	54
N.S.	1	0.55	0.42	0.29	0.29	0.23	0.00	0.43	0.24	0.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.354	0.044	0.516	0.077	0.069	0.000	0.261	0.275	10.797

Problem 419	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	67	49	34	35	27	0	51	28	54
N.S.	1	0.56	0.41	0.28	0.29	0.22	0.00	0.42	0.23	0.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.354	0.046	0.484	0.061	0.068	0.000	0.278	0.269	10.762

Problem 420	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	220	113	89	92	137	78	0	125	48	0
N.S.	1	0.51	0.40	0.42	0.62	0.35	0.00	0.57	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	0.088	0.961	0.042	0.067	0.000	0.265	0.271	0.000

Problem 421	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	220	113	89	92	137	78	0	125	48	0
N.S.	1	0.51	0.40	0.42	0.62	0.35	0.00	0.57	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.434	0.078	0.904	0.040	0.071	0.000	0.259	0.269	0.000

Problem 422	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	220	113	89	92	137	78	0	125	48	0
N.S.	1	0.51	0.40	0.42	0.62	0.35	0.00	0.57	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.434	0.074	0.944	0.041	0.071	0.000	0.259	0.273	0.000

Problem 423	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	220	113	89	92	137	76	0	125	46	0
N.S.	1	0.51	0.40	0.42	0.62	0.35	0.00	0.57	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.415	0.076	0.983	0.039	0.070	0.000	0.236	0.268	0.000

Problem 424	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	218	111	88	92	136	73	0	125	45	0
N.S.	1	0.51	0.40	0.42	0.62	0.33	0.00	0.57	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.422	0.084	0.922	0.041	0.071	0.000	0.208	0.258	0.000

Problem 425	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	107	85	92	133	73	0	125	47	107
N.S.	1	0.50	0.40	0.43	0.62	0.34	0.00	0.58	0.22	0.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.433	0.097	0.963	0.048	0.072	0.000	0.234	0.270	11.115

Problem 426	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	216	109	84	92	130	73	0	123	50	0
N.S.	1	0.50	0.39	0.43	0.60	0.34	0.00	0.57	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.415	0.102	0.986	0.039	0.076	0.000	0.246	0.273	0.000

Problem 427	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	216	109	83	92	131	73	0	124	50	0
N.S.	1	0.50	0.38	0.43	0.61	0.34	0.00	0.57	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	0.083	0.911	0.043	0.080	0.000	0.251	0.266	0.000

Problem 428	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	107	84	92	134	73	0	124	50	0
N.S.	1	0.50	0.39	0.43	0.63	0.34	0.00	0.58	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.415	0.083	0.996	0.040	0.073	0.000	0.258	0.252	0.000

Problem 429	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	320	159	127	140	241	124	0	197	70	0
N.S.	1	0.50	0.40	0.44	0.75	0.39	0.00	0.62	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.510	0.116	0.915	0.043	0.076	0.000	0.234	0.268	0.000

Problem 430	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	320	159	127	140	241	124	0	197	70	0
N.S.	1	0.50	0.40	0.44	0.75	0.39	0.00	0.62	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.493	0.107	0.961	0.038	0.077	0.000	0.224	0.264	0.000

Problem 431	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	320	159	127	140	241	124	0	197	70	0
N.S.	1	0.50	0.40	0.44	0.75	0.39	0.00	0.62	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.504	0.106	0.921	0.045	0.070	0.000	0.246	0.241	0.000

Problem 432	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	320	159	127	140	241	122	0	197	68	0
N.S.	1	0.50	0.40	0.44	0.75	0.38	0.00	0.62	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.511	0.112	1.045	0.040	0.069	0.000	0.243	0.250	0.000

Problem 433	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	316	155	126	140	240	119	0	197	67	0
N.S.	1	0.49	0.40	0.44	0.76	0.38	0.00	0.62	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.491	0.111	0.921	0.040	0.071	0.000	0.263	0.248	0.000

Problem 434	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	314	153	124	140	238	119	0	197	69	140
N.S.	1	0.49	0.39	0.45	0.76	0.38	0.00	0.63	0.22	0.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.497	0.123	1.033	0.039	0.076	0.000	0.249	0.249	11.193

Problem 435	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	314	153	122	140	236	119	0	195	72	0
N.S.	1	0.49	0.39	0.45	0.75	0.38	0.00	0.62	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.505	0.098	0.911	0.038	0.072	0.000	0.214	0.277	0.000

Problem 436	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	316	155	122	140	234	119	0	196	72	0
N.S.	1	0.49	0.39	0.44	0.74	0.38	0.00	0.62	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.497	0.118	0.949	0.048	0.070	0.000	0.270	0.279	0.000

Problem 437	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	316	155	122	140	234	119	0	196	72	0
N.S.	1	0.49	0.39	0.44	0.74	0.38	0.00	0.62	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.488	0.115	0.937	0.040	0.073	0.000	0.257	0.284	0.000

Problem 438	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	286	149	139	156	257	276	0	205	7	0
N.S.	1	0.52	0.49	0.55	0.90	0.97	0.00	0.72	0.02	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.420	0.225	0.759	0.158	0.093	0.000	0.264	0.294	0.000

Problem 439	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	238	130	120	132	203	229	0	169	7	0
N.S.	1	0.55	0.50	0.55	0.85	0.96	0.00	0.71	0.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	0.178	0.747	0.159	0.088	0.000	0.208	0.270	0.000

Problem 440	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	111	100	108	147	180	0	133	7	0
N.S.	1	0.58	0.53	0.57	0.77	0.95	0.00	0.70	0.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.370	0.154	0.829	0.157	0.082	0.000	0.268	0.276	0.000

Problem 441	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	92	82	85	122	129	0	94	5	0
N.S.	1	0.64	0.57	0.59	0.85	0.90	0.00	0.65	0.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	0.099	0.725	0.168	0.082	0.000	0.226	0.271	0.000

Problem 442	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	75	72	65	140	102	0	57	4	0
N.S.	1	0.76	0.73	0.66	1.41	1.03	0.00	0.58	0.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	0.093	0.783	0.159	0.083	0.000	0.268	0.262	0.000

Problem 443	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	75	81	71	180	112	0	57	6	0
N.S.	1	0.76	0.82	0.72	1.82	1.13	0.00	0.58	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.079	0.783	0.158	0.077	0.000	0.262	0.270	0.000

Problem 444	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	93	88	86	244	141	0	85	9	0
N.S.	1	0.65	0.61	0.60	1.69	0.98	0.00	0.59	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.131	0.734	0.162	0.082	0.000	0.272	0.260	0.000

Problem 445	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	112	107	111	305	192	0	122	9	0
N.S.	1	0.59	0.56	0.58	1.61	1.01	0.00	0.64	0.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.373	0.159	0.739	0.160	0.083	0.000	0.275	0.248	0.000

Problem 446	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	238	131	127	135	357	241	0	158	9	0
N.S.	1	0.55	0.53	0.57	1.50	1.01	0.00	0.66	0.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.402	0.186	0.796	0.174	0.103	0.000	0.248	0.267	0.000

Problem 447	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	285	179	148	152	273	408	0	170	99	0
N.S.	1	0.63	0.52	0.53	0.96	1.43	0.00	0.60	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.460	0.309	1.367	0.169	0.090	0.000	0.259	0.255	0.000

Problem 448	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	238	160	127	130	252	349	0	143	84	0
N.S.	1	0.67	0.53	0.55	1.06	1.47	0.00	0.60	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.436	0.268	1.112	0.160	0.090	0.000	0.222	0.261	0.000

Problem 449	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	189	140	108	115	237	319	0	111	67	0
N.S.	1	0.74	0.57	0.61	1.25	1.69	0.00	0.59	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.414	0.234	1.184	0.177	0.090	0.000	0.256	0.259	0.000

Problem 450	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	121	103	194	218	291	0	98	60	0
N.S.	1	0.78	0.66	1.25	1.41	1.88	0.00	0.63	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.400	0.230	1.080	0.159	0.081	0.000	0.241	0.256	0.000

Problem 451	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	158	120	104	194	234	291	0	98	59	0
N.S.	1	0.76	0.66	1.23	1.48	1.84	0.00	0.62	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	0.207	1.302	0.166	0.092	0.000	0.252	0.249	0.000

Problem 452	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	140	110	117	280	331	0	110	71	0
N.S.	1	0.74	0.58	0.62	1.47	1.74	0.00	0.58	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.419	0.239	1.148	0.181	0.082	0.000	0.268	0.258	0.000

Problem 453	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	238	159	130	130	341	375	0	132	92	0
N.S.	1	0.67	0.55	0.55	1.43	1.58	0.00	0.55	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.449	0.279	1.216	0.188	0.085	0.000	0.232	0.258	0.000

Problem 454	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	289	178	157	156	404	434	0	159	107	0
N.S.	1	0.62	0.54	0.54	1.40	1.50	0.00	0.55	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.463	0.303	1.224	0.183	0.087	0.000	0.279	0.268	0.000

Problem 455	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	381	233	188	196	401	644	0	218	203	0
N.S.	1	0.61	0.49	0.51	1.05	1.69	0.00	0.57	0.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.522	0.456	1.139	0.187	0.100	0.000	0.268	0.267	0.000

Problem 456	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	334	214	167	174	381	585	0	191	188	0
N.S.	1	0.64	0.50	0.52	1.14	1.75	0.00	0.57	0.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.501	0.418	1.174	0.216	0.096	0.000	0.258	0.261	0.000

Problem 457	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	285	194	146	159	374	555	0	159	172	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.51	0.56	1.31	1.95	0.00	0.56	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.468	0.393	1.145	0.177	0.099	0.000	0.259	0.259	0.000

Problem 458	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	252	175	146	357	376	525	0	147	165	0
N.S.	1	0.69	0.58	1.42	1.49	2.08	0.00	0.58	0.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.462	0.374	1.240	0.182	0.093	0.000	0.237	0.260	0.000

Problem 459	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	256	175	148	357	372	537	0	148	165	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.58	1.39	1.45	2.10	0.00	0.58	0.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.455	0.375	1.089	0.199	0.093	0.000	0.187	0.264	0.000

Problem 460	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	258	175	146	357	368	537	0	148	165	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.57	1.38	1.43	2.08	0.00	0.57	0.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.445	0.350	1.168	0.192	0.093	0.000	0.270	0.255	0.000

Problem 461	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	258	174	145	357	390	523	0	147	165	0
N.S.	1	0.67	0.56	1.38	1.51	2.03	0.00	0.57	0.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.441	0.432	1.065	0.189	0.090	0.000	0.226	0.253	0.000

Problem 462	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	286	194	149	161	427	559	0	158	176	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.52	0.56	1.49	1.95	0.00	0.55	0.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.482	0.413	1.171	0.195	0.095	0.000	0.257	0.253	0.000

Problem 463	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	336	213	170	174	495	611	0	180	196	0
N.S.	1	0.63	0.51	0.52	1.47	1.82	0.00	0.54	0.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.498	0.502	1.185	0.207	0.100	0.000	0.235	0.257	0.000

Problem 464	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	391	232	191	200	550	670	0	207	211	0
N.S.	1	0.59	0.49	0.51	1.41	1.71	0.00	0.53	0.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.539	0.500	1.146	0.210	0.107	0.000	0.278	0.248	0.000

Problem 465	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	219	219	137	218	300	1193	7961	2032	783	745
N.S.	1	1.00	0.63	1.00	1.37	5.45	36.35	9.28	3.58	3.40
time (sec)	N/A	0.721	0.529	1.126	0.062	0.094	0.872	0.281	0.256	11.538

Problem 466	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	155	105	154	208	609	3538	1046	421	405
N.S.	1	1.00	0.68	0.99	1.34	3.93	22.83	6.75	2.72	2.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.572	0.220	1.004	0.051	0.083	0.538	0.275	0.244	11.131

Problem 467	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	73	90	116	217	1073	380	171	179
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	0.99	1.27	2.38	11.79	4.18	1.88	1.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.425	0.139	0.093	0.041	0.075	0.326	0.256	0.241	11.131

Problem 468	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	83	64	0	0	0	0	0	35	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.375	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.260	0.000

Problem 469	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	91	72	0	0	0	0	0	555	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.373	0.089	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.261	0.000

Problem 470	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	143	119	1095	143	757	11008	1560	1094	1459
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	7.66	1.00	5.29	76.98	10.91	7.65	10.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.473	0.095	0.916	0.032	0.087	1.037	0.270	0.263	11.697

Problem 471	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	209	135	2245	283	1569	20971	3092	2244	1515
N.S.	1	1.00	0.65	10.74	1.35	7.51	100.34	14.79	10.74	7.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.636	0.554	0.878	0.034	0.090	1.594	0.271	0.281	12.173

Problem 472	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	170	221	169	0	33	0	0	60	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.30	0.99	0.00	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.453	33.111	3.353	0.000	0.070	0.000	0.000	0.362	0.000

Problem 473	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	23	18	22	22	0	67	20	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.78	0.96	0.96	0.00	2.91	0.87	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.258	10.038	2.181	0.108	0.064	0.000	0.263	0.280	10.878

Problem 474	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	294	289	347	216	0	30	0	0	45	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.18	0.73	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.628	20.641	3.202	0.000	0.067	0.000	0.000	0.336	0.000

Problem 475	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	149	169	157	0	25	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.17	1.09	0.00	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	20.563	2.997	0.000	0.070	0.000	0.000	0.314	0.000

Problem 476	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	56	48	43	0	60	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	0.85	0.73	0.65	0.00	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	17.778	2.365	0.000	0.070	0.000	0.000	200.026	0.000

Problem 477	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	287	287	349	216	0	32	0	0	48	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.22	0.75	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.630	10.541	2.646	0.000	0.074	0.000	0.000	0.331	0.000

Problem 478	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	151	185	159	0	32	0	0	50	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.27	1.09	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.393	20.503	2.869	0.000	0.068	0.000	0.000	0.389	0.000

Problem 479	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	201	191	235	176	0	38	0	0	78	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.17	0.88	0.00	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.470	22.025	2.622	0.000	0.074	0.000	0.000	0.448	0.000

Problem 480	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	23	18	27	27	0	173	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.78	1.17	1.17	0.00	7.52	1.09	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.261	10.047	2.506	0.113	0.066	0.000	0.276	0.297	10.780

Problem 481	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	325	310	244	230	0	38	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.75	0.71	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.687	10.701	2.454	0.000	0.073	0.000	0.000	0.450	0.000

Problem 482	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	168	176	171	0	33	0	0	60	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.02	0.99	0.00	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.416	20.830	2.168	0.000	0.069	0.000	0.000	0.409	0.000

Problem 483	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	69	53	57	0	65	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	0.73	0.56	0.61	0.00	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	10.083	2.051	0.000	0.075	0.000	0.000	200.032	0.000

Problem 484	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	318	308	244	230	0	39	0	0	67	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.77	0.72	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.685	10.609	2.846	0.000	0.072	0.000	0.000	0.631	0.000

Problem 485	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	170	192	173	0	38	0	0	69	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.13	1.02	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.449	10.477	2.529	0.000	0.070	0.000	0.000	0.531	0.000

Problem 486	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	149	169	157	0	25	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.19	1.11	0.00	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.410	21.752	3.022	0.000	0.070	0.000	0.000	0.376	0.000

Problem 487	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	23	18	22	17	0	18	15	9
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.78	0.96	0.74	0.00	0.78	0.65	0.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	10.027	1.931	0.108	0.068	0.000	0.251	0.306	10.919

Problem 488	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	253	268	375	202	0	9	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.48	0.80	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.600	22.250	2.741	0.000	0.068	0.000	0.000	0.305	0.000

Problem 489	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	110	148	137	0	6	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.35	1.25	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	20.205	1.911	0.000	0.071	0.000	0.000	0.292	0.000

Problem 490	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	42	29	33	0	43	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.69	0.79	0.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	7.929	2.717	0.000	0.072	0.000	0.000	200.028	0.000

Problem 491	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	282	287	400	215	0	31	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.42	0.76	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.658	10.658	2.169	0.000	0.076	0.000	0.000	0.337	0.000

Problem 492	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	151	171	159	0	30	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.17	1.09	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	10.745	2.443	0.000	0.071	0.000	0.000	0.326	0.000

Problem 493	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	149	161	157	0	38	0	0	86	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.18	1.15	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	21.675	3.121	0.000	0.078	0.000	0.000	0.517	0.000

Problem 494	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	23	18	17	24	0	0	27	17
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.78	0.74	1.04	0.00	0.00	1.17	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.265	10.037	2.495	0.126	0.072	0.000	0.000	0.336	0.208

Problem 495	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	282	288	402	216	0	42	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.43	0.77	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.649	10.767	3.185	0.000	0.075	0.000	0.000	0.324	0.000

Problem 496	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	149	216	157	0	37	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.58	1.15	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.382	20.442	2.671	0.000	0.069	0.000	0.000	0.338	0.000

Problem 497	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	56	81	43	0	78	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	0.85	1.23	0.65	0.00	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.362	12.055	2.550	0.000	0.067	0.000	0.000	200.040	0.000

Problem 498	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	316	308	409	228	0	47	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.29	0.72	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.689	11.113	3.031	0.000	0.072	0.000	0.000	0.314	0.000

Problem 499	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	172	170	169	0	48	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.00	0.99	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.440	10.584	2.871	0.000	0.078	0.000	0.000	0.327	0.000

Problem 500	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	168	178	167	0	56	0	0	141	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	0.99	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.423	21.729	2.820	0.000	0.076	0.000	0.000	0.455	0.000

Problem 501	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	23	18	24	29	0	0	38	82
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.78	1.04	1.26	0.00	0.00	1.65	3.57
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	10.089	2.528	0.130	0.084	0.000	0.000	0.403	0.263

Problem 502	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	318	309	409	228	0	61	0	0	34	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.29	0.72	0.00	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.671	11.128	3.182	0.000	0.070	0.000	0.000	0.434	0.000

Problem 503	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	168	178	167	0	56	0	0	33	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	0.99	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.431	20.939	2.793	0.000	0.072	0.000	0.000	0.356	0.000

Problem 504	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	69	95	60	0	101	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	0.72	0.99	0.62	0.00	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.331	10.168	2.705	0.000	0.077	0.000	0.000	200.035	0.000

Problem 505	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	349	329	414	240	0	62	0	0	35	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.19	0.69	0.00	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.720	10.976	3.165	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.456	0.000

Problem 506	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	203	193	183	179	0	63	0	0	35	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.90	0.88	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.488	10.826	3.346	0.000	0.070	0.000	0.000	0.299	0.000

Problem 507	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	107	188	148	0	0	0	0	50	0
N.S.	1	1.20	2.11	1.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.605	23.219	2.224	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	8.579	0.000

2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [108] had the largest ratio of [.680000000000000049]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
2	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
3	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
4	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
5	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
6	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
7	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
8	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
9	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
10	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
11	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
12	A	12	11	1.08	25	0.440
13	A	10	9	1.09	25	0.360
14	A	8	7	1.06	23	0.304
15	A	7	6	1.04	22	0.273
16	A	10	9	1.02	25	0.360
17	B	2	2	2.08	25	0.080
18	A	2	2	1.94	25	0.080
19	A	2	2	1.83	25	0.080
20	A	14	13	1.06	25	0.520
21	A	12	11	1.07	25	0.440

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
22	A	10	9	1.07	23	0.391
23	A	9	8	1.08	22	0.364
24	A	12	11	1.26	25	0.440
25	B	2	2	2.23	25	0.080
26	B	2	2	2.61	25	0.080
27	B	2	2	2.99	25	0.080
28	B	2	2	2.35	25	0.080
29	A	2	2	2.00	25	0.080
30	A	12	11	1.11	25	0.440
31	A	10	9	1.07	25	0.360
32	A	8	7	1.06	25	0.280
33	A	6	5	1.00	23	0.217
34	A	3	2	1.00	22	0.091
35	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
36	A	2	2	1.21	25	0.080
37	A	2	2	1.39	25	0.080
38	A	10	9	1.15	25	0.360
39	A	8	7	1.15	25	0.280
40	A	5	4	1.00	25	0.160
41	A	5	4	1.00	23	0.174
42	A	5	4	1.00	22	0.182
43	A	2	2	1.14	25	0.080
44	A	2	2	1.39	25	0.080
45	A	7	6	1.04	25	0.240
46	A	7	6	1.07	25	0.240
47	A	7	6	1.06	25	0.240
48	A	7	6	1.13	23	0.261
49	A	7	6	1.14	22	0.273
50	A	2	2	0.93	25	0.080
51	A	2	2	1.12	25	0.080
52	A	2	2	1.15	29	0.069
53	A	11	10	0.88	29	0.345

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
54	A	7	6	0.98	29	0.207
55	A	2	2	1.31	29	0.069
56	A	4	4	1.13	19	0.211
57	A	3	3	1.10	15	0.200
58	A	3	2	1.02	25	0.080
59	A	3	2	1.02	25	0.080
60	A	3	2	1.02	25	0.080
61	A	6	5	1.02	23	0.217
62	A	4	3	1.18	22	0.136
63	A	3	2	1.03	25	0.080
64	A	3	2	1.12	25	0.080
65	A	3	2	1.19	25	0.080
66	A	3	2	1.01	25	0.080
67	A	3	2	1.01	25	0.080
68	A	3	2	1.01	25	0.080
69	A	7	6	1.03	23	0.261
70	A	7	6	0.93	22	0.273
71	A	3	2	1.02	25	0.080
72	A	3	2	1.11	25	0.080
73	A	3	2	1.18	25	0.080
74	A	10	9	0.75	23	0.391
75	A	8	7	0.81	23	0.304
76	A	6	5	0.90	21	0.238
77	A	6	5	1.09	16	0.312
78	A	10	9	1.07	23	0.391
79	A	9	8	1.05	23	0.348
80	A	9	8	1.02	23	0.348
81	A	10	9	1.18	23	0.391
82	A	10	9	1.32	23	0.391
83	A	6	5	1.10	23	0.217
84	A	8	7	1.03	23	0.304
85	A	10	9	0.93	23	0.391

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
86	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
87	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
88	A	10	9	1.07	27	0.333
89	A	8	7	1.06	27	0.259
90	A	7	6	1.06	25	0.240
91	A	3	2	1.06	24	0.083
92	A	9	8	1.42	27	0.296
93	A	14	13	1.32	27	0.481
94	B	18	17	2.03	27	0.630
95	A	8	7	1.07	27	0.259
96	A	7	6	1.06	27	0.222
97	A	5	4	1.05	25	0.160
98	A	3	2	1.06	24	0.083
99	A	6	5	1.74	27	0.185
100	A	14	13	1.32	27	0.481
101	B	18	17	2.03	27	0.630
102	C	10	9	0.78	25	0.360
103	C	9	8	0.74	25	0.320
104	C	7	6	0.69	23	0.261
105	C	3	2	0.35	22	0.091
106	C	10	9	1.09	25	0.360
107	C	14	13	1.29	25	0.520
108	C	18	17	1.58	25	0.680
109	C	7	6	0.47	27	0.222
110	C	8	7	0.72	25	0.280
111	C	7	6	0.68	25	0.240
112	C	5	4	0.65	23	0.174
113	C	3	2	0.84	22	0.091
114	C	7	6	0.76	25	0.240
115	C	14	13	0.95	25	0.520
116	C	18	17	1.59	25	0.680
117	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
118	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
119	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
120	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
121	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
122	A	4	4	1.07	21	0.190
123	A	4	4	1.13	21	0.190
124	A	4	4	1.03	23	0.174
125	A	2	2	1.00	23	0.087
126	A	2	2	1.00	23	0.087
127	A	2	2	0.91	21	0.095
128	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
129	A	2	2	0.92	23	0.087
130	A	2	2	0.96	23	0.087
131	A	5	5	1.11	23	0.217
132	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
133	A	9	8	0.98	23	0.348
134	A	7	6	1.00	23	0.261
135	A	4	3	1.00	21	0.143
136	A	3	2	1.00	20	0.100
137	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
138	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
139	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
140	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
141	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
142	A	4	4	1.00	23	0.174
143	A	4	4	1.00	22	0.182
144	A	5	5	1.00	25	0.200
145	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
146	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
147	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
148	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
149	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
150	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
151	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
152	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
153	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
154	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
155	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
156	A	4	4	1.00	24	0.167
157	A	5	5	0.97	27	0.185
158	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
159	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
160	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
161	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
162	A	5	5	0.97	27	0.185
163	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
164	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
165	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
166	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
167	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
168	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
169	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
170	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
171	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
172	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
173	A	4	4	1.00	24	0.167
174	A	5	5	0.96	27	0.185
175	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
176	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
177	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
178	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
179	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
180	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
181	A	5	5	0.96	27	0.185

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
182	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
183	A	5	5	0.99	27	0.185
184	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
185	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
186	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
187	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
188	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
189	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
190	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
191	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
192	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
193	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
194	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
195	A	3	3	1.00	16	0.188
196	A	4	4	0.90	19	0.211
197	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
198	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
199	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
200	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
201	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
202	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
203	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
204	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
205	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
206	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
207	A	4	4	0.90	19	0.211
208	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
209	A	4	4	0.96	19	0.211
210	A	5	5	0.94	19	0.263
211	A	6	6	0.93	19	0.316
212	A	7	7	0.93	19	0.368
213	A	8	8	0.92	19	0.421
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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
214	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
215	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
216	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
217	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
218	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
219	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
220	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
221	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
222	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
223	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
224	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
225	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
226	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
227	A	3	3	1.00	15	0.200
228	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
229	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
230	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
231	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
232	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
233	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
234	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
235	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
236	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
237	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
238	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
239	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
240	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
241	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
242	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
243	A	4	4	1.14	17	0.235
244	A	5	5	1.20	17	0.294
245	A	6	6	1.25	17	0.353

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
246	A	7	7	1.27	17	0.412
247	A	8	8	1.29	17	0.471
248	A	9	9	1.31	17	0.529
249	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
250	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
251	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
252	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
253	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
254	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
255	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
256	A	4	4	1.00	24	0.167
257	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
258	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
259	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
260	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
261	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
262	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
263	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
264	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
265	A	5	5	1.04	27	0.185
266	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
267	A	4	4	1.00	24	0.167
268	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
269	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
270	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
271	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
272	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
273	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
274	A	5	5	1.01	27	0.185
275	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
276	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
277	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
278	A	4	4	1.00	24	0.167
279	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
280	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
281	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
282	A	4	4	0.54	29	0.138
283	A	4	4	0.54	29	0.138
284	A	4	4	0.54	29	0.138
285	A	4	4	0.54	27	0.148
286	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
287	A	4	4	0.50	29	0.138
288	A	4	4	0.49	29	0.138
289	A	4	4	0.51	29	0.138
290	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
291	A	4	4	0.54	29	0.138
292	A	4	4	0.54	29	0.138
293	A	4	4	0.54	29	0.138
294	A	4	4	0.49	29	0.138
295	A	4	4	0.49	29	0.138
296	A	4	4	0.49	29	0.138
297	A	4	4	0.49	29	0.138
298	A	4	4	0.74	27	0.148
299	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
300	A	5	5	0.45	29	0.172
301	A	4	4	0.46	29	0.138
302	A	4	4	0.46	29	0.138
303	A	4	4	0.46	29	0.138
304	A	5	5	0.46	29	0.172
305	A	4	4	1.03	29	0.138
306	A	4	4	0.90	29	0.138
307	A	4	4	0.66	29	0.138
308	A	4	4	0.49	29	0.138
309	A	4	4	0.49	29	0.138

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
310	A	4	4	0.49	29	0.138
311	A	4	4	0.49	29	0.138
312	A	4	4	0.47	29	0.138
313	A	4	4	0.47	29	0.138
314	A	4	4	0.47	29	0.138
315	A	4	4	0.66	29	0.138
316	A	4	4	0.69	29	0.138
317	A	4	4	0.74	27	0.148
318	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
319	A	5	5	0.40	29	0.172
320	A	4	4	0.45	29	0.138
321	A	4	4	0.46	29	0.138
322	A	4	4	0.46	29	0.138
323	A	4	4	0.46	29	0.138
324	A	4	4	0.45	29	0.138
325	A	5	5	0.41	29	0.172
326	A	4	4	1.03	29	0.138
327	A	5	5	0.85	29	0.172
328	A	4	4	0.91	29	0.138
329	A	4	4	0.73	29	0.138
330	A	4	4	0.60	29	0.138
331	A	4	4	0.47	29	0.138
332	A	4	4	0.47	29	0.138
333	A	4	4	0.52	29	0.138
334	A	4	4	0.53	29	0.138
335	A	4	4	0.55	29	0.138
336	A	4	4	0.59	27	0.148
337	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
338	A	4	4	0.70	29	0.138
339	A	6	6	1.10	29	0.207
340	A	4	4	0.54	29	0.138
341	A	4	4	0.53	29	0.138

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
342	A	4	4	0.52	29	0.138
343	A	4	4	0.57	29	0.138
344	A	4	4	0.59	29	0.138
345	A	4	4	0.63	29	0.138
346	A	4	4	0.72	27	0.148
347	A	2	2	1.00	26	0.077
348	A	4	4	0.59	29	0.138
349	A	4	4	0.58	29	0.138
350	A	4	4	0.56	29	0.138
351	A	4	4	0.60	29	0.138
352	A	5	5	0.63	29	0.172
353	A	4	4	1.03	29	0.138
354	A	4	4	0.72	27	0.148
355	A	2	2	1.00	26	0.077
356	A	4	4	0.54	29	0.138
357	A	4	4	0.57	29	0.138
358	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
359	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
360	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
361	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
362	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
363	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
364	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
365	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
366	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
367	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
368	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
369	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
370	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
371	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
372	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
373	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
374	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
375	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
376	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
377	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
378	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
379	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
380	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
381	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
382	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
383	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
384	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
385	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
386	A	10	9	1.02	29	0.310
387	A	9	8	1.07	29	0.276
388	A	8	7	1.12	29	0.241
389	A	7	6	1.18	29	0.207
390	A	6	5	1.00	29	0.172
391	A	7	6	1.16	29	0.207
392	A	8	7	1.12	29	0.241
393	A	9	8	1.03	29	0.276
394	A	10	9	1.01	29	0.310
395	A	10	9	1.03	29	0.310
396	A	9	8	1.05	29	0.276
397	A	8	7	0.98	29	0.241
398	A	8	7	0.96	29	0.241
399	A	8	7	0.93	29	0.241
400	A	9	8	1.04	29	0.276
401	A	10	9	1.01	29	0.310
402	A	12	11	1.00	29	0.379
403	A	11	10	1.03	29	0.345
404	A	10	9	0.97	29	0.310
405	A	10	9	0.95	29	0.310

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
406	A	10	9	0.96	29	0.310
407	A	10	9	0.92	29	0.310
408	A	10	9	0.92	29	0.310
409	A	11	10	1.02	29	0.345
410	A	12	11	0.99	29	0.379
411	A	4	4	0.56	31	0.129
412	A	4	4	0.56	31	0.129
413	A	4	4	0.56	31	0.129
414	A	4	4	0.56	31	0.129
415	A	4	4	0.55	31	0.129
416	A	4	4	0.54	31	0.129
417	A	4	4	0.54	31	0.129
418	A	4	4	0.55	31	0.129
419	A	4	4	0.56	31	0.129
420	A	4	4	0.51	31	0.129
421	A	4	4	0.51	31	0.129
422	A	4	4	0.51	31	0.129
423	A	4	4	0.51	31	0.129
424	A	4	4	0.51	31	0.129
425	A	4	4	0.50	31	0.129
426	A	4	4	0.50	31	0.129
427	A	4	4	0.50	31	0.129
428	A	4	4	0.50	31	0.129
429	A	4	4	0.50	31	0.129
430	A	4	4	0.50	31	0.129
431	A	4	4	0.50	31	0.129
432	A	4	4	0.50	31	0.129
433	A	4	4	0.49	31	0.129
434	A	4	4	0.49	31	0.129
435	A	4	4	0.49	31	0.129
436	A	4	4	0.49	31	0.129
437	A	4	4	0.49	31	0.129

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
438	A	10	9	0.52	31	0.290
439	A	9	8	0.55	31	0.258
440	A	8	7	0.58	31	0.226
441	A	7	6	0.64	31	0.194
442	A	6	5	0.76	31	0.161
443	A	6	5	0.76	31	0.161
444	A	7	6	0.65	31	0.194
445	A	8	7	0.59	31	0.226
446	A	9	8	0.55	31	0.258
447	A	10	9	0.63	31	0.290
448	A	9	8	0.67	31	0.258
449	A	8	7	0.74	31	0.226
450	A	7	6	0.78	31	0.194
451	A	7	6	0.76	31	0.194
452	A	8	7	0.74	31	0.226
453	A	9	8	0.67	31	0.258
454	A	10	9	0.62	31	0.290
455	A	12	11	0.61	31	0.355
456	A	11	10	0.64	31	0.323
457	A	10	9	0.68	31	0.290
458	A	9	8	0.69	31	0.258
459	A	9	8	0.68	31	0.258
460	A	9	8	0.68	31	0.258
461	A	9	8	0.67	31	0.258
462	A	10	9	0.68	31	0.290
463	A	11	10	0.63	31	0.323
464	A	12	11	0.59	31	0.355
465	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
466	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
467	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
468	A	4	4	1.06	29	0.138
469	A	4	4	1.12	29	0.138

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
470	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
471	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
472	A	4	4	1.00	23	0.174
473	A	1	1	1.00	23	0.043
474	A	5	5	0.98	21	0.238
475	A	3	3	1.03	20	0.150
476	A	6	5	0.85	23	0.217
477	A	5	5	1.00	23	0.217
478	A	3	3	1.03	23	0.130
479	A	5	5	0.95	23	0.217
480	A	1	1	1.00	23	0.043
481	A	6	6	0.95	21	0.286
482	A	4	4	0.97	20	0.200
483	A	7	6	0.73	23	0.261
484	A	6	6	0.97	23	0.261
485	A	4	4	1.00	23	0.174
486	A	3	3	1.05	23	0.130
487	A	1	1	1.00	23	0.043
488	A	4	4	1.06	21	0.190
489	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
490	A	5	4	1.00	23	0.174
491	A	5	5	1.02	23	0.217
492	A	3	3	1.03	23	0.130
493	A	3	3	1.09	23	0.130
494	A	1	1	1.00	23	0.043
495	A	5	5	1.02	21	0.238
496	A	3	3	1.09	20	0.150
497	A	6	5	0.85	23	0.217
498	A	6	6	0.97	23	0.261
499	A	4	4	1.01	23	0.174
500	A	4	4	1.00	23	0.174
501	A	1	1	1.00	23	0.043

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
502	A	6	6	0.97	21	0.286
503	A	4	4	1.00	20	0.200
504	A	7	6	0.72	23	0.261
505	A	7	7	0.94	23	0.304
506	A	5	5	0.95	23	0.217
507	A	7	6	1.20	27	0.222

CHAPTER 3

LISTING OF INTEGRALS

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3.18	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$	319
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3.23	$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$	364
3.24	$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$	373
3.25	$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$	383
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3.28	$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$	405
3.29	$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx$	414
3.30	$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	424
3.31	$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	433
3.32	$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	442
3.33	$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	450
3.34	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	457
3.35	$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	463
3.36	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	469
3.37	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	476
3.38	$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	484
3.39	$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	493
3.40	$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	501
3.41	$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	508
3.42	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	515
3.43	$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	522
3.44	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	528
3.45	$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	536
3.46	$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	545
3.47	$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	554
3.48	$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	563
3.49	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	571
3.50	$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	580
3.51	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	587
3.52	$\int \frac{(gx)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	596
3.53	$\int \frac{\sqrt{gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	603

3.54	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	612
3.55	$\int \frac{1}{(gx)^{3/2}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	619
3.56	$\int \frac{x}{(-1+x)^3(3+5x+4x^2)^2} dx$	627
3.57	$\int \frac{x(1+x)^2}{(1+x+x^2)^3} dx$	634
3.58	$\int \frac{x^4\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	639
3.59	$\int \frac{x^3\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	648
3.60	$\int \frac{x^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	656
3.61	$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	665
3.62	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	675
3.63	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	685
3.64	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	694
3.65	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	703
3.66	$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	712
3.67	$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	721
3.68	$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	730
3.69	$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	738
3.70	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	747
3.71	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	757
3.72	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	765
3.73	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	773
3.74	$\int x(d+ex)^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx$	783
3.75	$\int x(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx$	795
3.76	$\int x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx$	806
3.77	$\int x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx$	815
3.78	$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$	824
3.79	$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	833
3.80	$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	843
3.81	$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	852
3.82	$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	862
3.83	$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^6} dx$	871
3.84	$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^7} dx$	879
3.85	$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^8} dx$	888

3.86	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	898
3.87	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	905
3.88	$\int \frac{x^3\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	911
3.89	$\int \frac{x^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	921
3.90	$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	931
3.91	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	940
3.92	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	947
3.93	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	956
3.94	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	969
3.95	$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	983
3.96	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	993
3.97	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	1002
3.98	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	1010
3.99	$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	1016
3.100	$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	1023
3.101	$\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	1036
3.102	$\int \frac{x^3\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$	1050
3.103	$\int \frac{x^2\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$	1059
3.104	$\int \frac{x\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$	1068
3.105	$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$	1077
3.106	$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$	1083
3.107	$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x^2\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$	1092
3.108	$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x^3\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$	1103
3.109	$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$	1116
3.110	$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$	1124
3.111	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$	1133
3.112	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$	1142
3.113	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$	1149
3.114	$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$	1155
3.115	$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$	1162
3.116	$\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$	1173
3.117	$\int x^3(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2) dx$	1185
3.118	$\int x^2(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2) dx$	1195
3.119	$\int x(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2) dx$	1204

3.120	$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx$	1212
3.121	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{x} dx$	1219
3.122	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{x^2} dx$	1225
3.123	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{x^3} dx$	1232
3.124	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{-2+m} (a+bx+cx^2)}{x^3} dx$	1239
3.125	$\int \frac{x^3 (d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	1246
3.126	$\int \frac{x^2 (d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	1252
3.127	$\int \frac{x (d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	1258
3.128	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	1263
3.129	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	1268
3.130	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	1274
3.131	$\int (gx)^n (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx$	1280
3.132	$\int \frac{(gx)^n (d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	1287
3.133	$\int x^3 (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx$	1292
3.134	$\int x^2 (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx$	1300
3.135	$\int x (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx$	1307
3.136	$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx$	1313
3.137	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{x} dx$	1319
3.138	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{x^2} dx$	1324
3.139	$\int x^4 (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx$	1329
3.140	$\int x^3 (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx$	1335
3.141	$\int x^2 (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx$	1341
3.142	$\int x (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx$	1347
3.143	$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx$	1353
3.144	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x} dx$	1359
3.145	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^2} dx$	1365
3.146	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^3} dx$	1371
3.147	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^4} dx$	1377
3.148	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^5} dx$	1383
3.149	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^6} dx$	1389
3.150	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^7} dx$	1395
3.151	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^8} dx$	1401
3.152	$\int x^4 (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$	1407
3.153	$\int x^3 (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$	1414
3.154	$\int x^2 (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$	1421
3.155	$\int x (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$	1427

3.156	$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$	1433
3.157	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x} dx$	1439
3.158	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^2} dx$	1446
3.159	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^3} dx$	1452
3.160	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^4} dx$	1458
3.161	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^5} dx$	1464
3.162	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^6} dx$	1470
3.163	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^7} dx$	1477
3.164	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^8} dx$	1484
3.165	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^9} dx$	1490
3.166	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{10}} dx$	1497
3.167	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{11}} dx$	1504
3.168	$\int x^5(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$	1511
3.169	$\int x^4(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$	1518
3.170	$\int x^3(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$	1525
3.171	$\int x^2(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$	1532
3.172	$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$	1539
3.173	$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$	1547
3.174	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x} dx$	1554
3.175	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^2} dx$	1562
3.176	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^3} dx$	1569
3.177	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^4} dx$	1576
3.178	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^5} dx$	1583
3.179	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^6} dx$	1590
3.180	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^7} dx$	1597
3.181	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^8} dx$	1604
3.182	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^9} dx$	1611
3.183	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{10}} dx$	1618
3.184	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{11}} dx$	1625
3.185	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{12}} dx$	1632
3.186	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{13}} dx$	1639
3.187	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{14}} dx$	1646
3.188	$\int x^7(d + ex) (1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx$	1653

3.189	$\int x^6(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1661
3.190	$\int x^5(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1669
3.191	$\int x^4(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1677
3.192	$\int x^3(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1684
3.193	$\int x^2(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1692
3.194	$\int x(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1700
3.195	$\int (d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1707
3.196	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x} dx$	1714
3.197	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^2} dx$	1721
3.198	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^3} dx$	1728
3.199	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^4} dx$	1735
3.200	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^5} dx$	1742
3.201	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^6} dx$	1749
3.202	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^7} dx$	1756
3.203	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^8} dx$	1763
3.204	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^9} dx$	1770
3.205	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{10}} dx$	1777
3.206	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{11}} dx$	1784
3.207	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{12}} dx$	1791
3.208	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{13}} dx$	1798
3.209	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{14}} dx$	1805
3.210	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{15}} dx$	1812
3.211	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{16}} dx$	1819
3.212	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{17}} dx$	1826
3.213	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{18}} dx$	1834
3.214	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{19}} dx$	1842
3.215	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{20}} dx$	1849
3.216	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{21}} dx$	1856
3.217	$\int x^{11}(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1863
3.218	$\int x^{10}(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1869
3.219	$\int x^9(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1875
3.220	$\int x^8(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1881
3.221	$\int x^7(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1887
3.222	$\int x^6(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1893

3.223	$\int x^5(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1899
3.224	$\int x^4(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1905
3.225	$\int x^3(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1911
3.226	$\int x^2(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1917
3.227	$\int x(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1923
3.228	$\int (1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	1929
3.229	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x} dx$	1934
3.230	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^2} dx$	1940
3.231	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^3} dx$	1946
3.232	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^4} dx$	1952
3.233	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^5} dx$	1958
3.234	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^6} dx$	1964
3.235	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^7} dx$	1970
3.236	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^8} dx$	1976
3.237	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^9} dx$	1982
3.238	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{10}} dx$	1988
3.239	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{11}} dx$	1994
3.240	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{12}} dx$	2000
3.241	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{13}} dx$	2006
3.242	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{14}} dx$	2012
3.243	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{15}} dx$	2018
3.244	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{16}} dx$	2024
3.245	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{17}} dx$	2030
3.246	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{18}} dx$	2037
3.247	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{19}} dx$	2044
3.248	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{20}} dx$	2051
3.249	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{21}} dx$	2058
3.250	$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{22}} dx$	2064
3.251	$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2070
3.252	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2077
3.253	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2083
3.254	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2089
3.255	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2095

3.256	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2101
3.257	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$	2106
3.258	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$	2111
3.259	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$	2117
3.260	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$	2123
3.261	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$	2129
3.262	$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	2136
3.263	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	2143
3.264	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	2150
3.265	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	2156
3.266	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	2163
3.267	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	2169
3.268	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	2175
3.269	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	2181
3.270	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	2188
3.271	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	2195
3.272	$\int \frac{x^6(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	2202
3.273	$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	2209
3.274	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	2216
3.275	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	2223
3.276	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	2229
3.277	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	2235
3.278	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	2241
3.279	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	2247
3.280	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	2254
3.281	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	2261
3.282	$\int x^4(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2269
3.283	$\int x^3(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2278
3.284	$\int x^2(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2286
3.285	$\int x(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2293
3.286	$\int (A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2301
3.287	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x} dx$	2307
3.288	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^2} dx$	2313

3.289	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^3} dx$	2320
3.290	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^4} dx$	2326
3.291	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^5} dx$	2332
3.292	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^6} dx$	2339
3.293	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^7} dx$	2346
3.294	$\int x^5(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	2353
3.295	$\int x^4(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	2361
3.296	$\int x^3(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	2369
3.297	$\int x^2(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	2377
3.298	$\int x(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	2384
3.299	$\int (A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	2391
3.300	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$	2398
3.301	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	2405
3.302	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	2411
3.303	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$	2417
3.304	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$	2424
3.305	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$	2431
3.306	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$	2438
3.307	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$	2445
3.308	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx$	2452
3.309	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx$	2459
3.310	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{11}} dx$	2466
3.311	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{12}} dx$	2473
3.312	$\int x^6(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	2480
3.313	$\int x^5(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	2488
3.314	$\int x^4(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	2496
3.315	$\int x^3(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	2504
3.316	$\int x^2(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	2512
3.317	$\int x(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	2519
3.318	$\int (A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	2526
3.319	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx$	2533
3.320	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$	2540
3.321	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$	2547

3.322	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx$	2554
3.323	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$	2561
3.324	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$	2569
3.325	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$	2576
3.326	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$	2584
3.327	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx$	2591
3.328	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$	2599
3.329	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx$	2607
3.330	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx$	2615
3.331	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx$	2623
3.332	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{14}} dx$	2631
3.333	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	2639
3.334	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	2646
3.335	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	2653
3.336	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	2659
3.337	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	2665
3.338	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	2671
3.339	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	2677
3.340	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	2684
3.341	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	2690
3.342	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	2697
3.343	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2704
3.344	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2711
3.345	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2718
3.346	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2725
3.347	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2731
3.348	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2736
3.349	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2742
3.350	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2748
3.351	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2755
3.352	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2762

3.353	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2769
3.354	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2775
3.355	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2781
3.356	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2786
3.357	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2793
3.358	$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx$	2800
3.359	$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx$	2806
3.360	$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx$	2812
3.361	$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx$	2818
3.362	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	2824
3.363	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx$	2830
3.364	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx$	2836
3.365	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{7/2}} dx$	2842
3.366	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{9/2}} dx$	2848
3.367	$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx$	2854
3.368	$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx$	2861
3.369	$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx$	2868
3.370	$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx$	2875
3.371	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	2882
3.372	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx$	2889
3.373	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx$	2896
3.374	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx$	2903
3.375	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{9/2}} dx$	2910
3.376	$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx$	2917
3.377	$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx$	2924
3.378	$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx$	2931
3.379	$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx$	2938
3.380	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	2945
3.381	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx$	2953
3.382	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx$	2960
3.383	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{7/2}} dx$	2967
3.384	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{9/2}} dx$	2974
3.385	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{11/2}} dx$	2981

3.386	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2988
3.387	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	2998
3.388	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	3007
3.389	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	3015
3.390	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$	3022
3.391	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$	3029
3.392	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$	3036
3.393	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$	3044
3.394	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$	3053
3.395	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	3062
3.396	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	3071
3.397	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	3080
3.398	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	3088
3.399	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	3096
3.400	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	3104
3.401	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	3113
3.402	$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	3122
3.403	$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	3138
3.404	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	3150
3.405	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	3160
3.406	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	3169
3.407	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	3178
3.408	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	3188
3.409	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	3198
3.410	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$	3211
3.411	$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	3227
3.412	$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	3233
3.413	$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	3239
3.414	$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	3245
3.415	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	3251
3.416	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$	3257
3.417	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^{5/2}} dx$	3263
3.418	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$	3269

3.419	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$	3275
3.420	$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	3281
3.421	$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	3288
3.422	$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	3295
3.423	$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	3302
3.424	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	3309
3.425	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$	3316
3.426	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx$	3323
3.427	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$	3329
3.428	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$	3335
3.429	$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	3342
3.430	$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	3349
3.431	$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	3356
3.432	$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	3363
3.433	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	3370
3.434	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$	3377
3.435	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx$	3384
3.436	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$	3391
3.437	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$	3398
3.438	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	3405
3.439	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	3416
3.440	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	3425
3.441	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	3433
3.442	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	3440
3.443	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	3446
3.444	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	3452
3.445	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	3459
3.446	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$	3467
3.447	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3476
3.448	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3487
3.449	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3496
3.450	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3504

3.451	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3511
3.452	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3518
3.453	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3526
3.454	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3535
3.455	$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3546
3.456	$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3563
3.457	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3578
3.458	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3589
3.459	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3598
3.460	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3607
3.461	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3616
3.462	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3625
3.463	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3636
3.464	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3651
3.465	$\int (gx)^m(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx$	3668
3.466	$\int (gx)^m(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx$	3679
3.467	$\int (gx)^m(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx$	3688
3.468	$\int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$	3695
3.469	$\int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$	3700
3.470	$\int x^m(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	3706
3.471	$\int x^m(dx+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$	3715
3.472	$\int x^3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$	3725
3.473	$\int x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$	3731
3.474	$\int x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$	3736
3.475	$\int \sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$	3743
3.476	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} dx$	3749
3.477	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^2} dx$	3755
3.478	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^3} dx$	3762
3.479	$\int x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$	3768
3.480	$\int x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$	3775
3.481	$\int x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$	3780
3.482	$\int (1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$	3787
3.483	$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$	3793

3.484	$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	3799
3.485	$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	3806
3.486	$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$	3813
3.487	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$	3819
3.488	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$	3824
3.489	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$	3831
3.490	$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$	3837
3.491	$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$	3843
3.492	$\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$	3850
3.493	$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3856
3.494	$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3862
3.495	$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3867
3.496	$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3874
3.497	$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3880
3.498	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3886
3.499	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3894
3.500	$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3900
3.501	$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3906
3.502	$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3911
3.503	$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3918
3.504	$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3924
3.505	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3930
3.506	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3938
3.507	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	3945

3.1 $\int \frac{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)}{d+ex} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)}{d+ex} dx = \frac{d^2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)x}{e^5} - \frac{d(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)x^2}{2e^4} + \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)x^3}{3e^3} - \frac{(cd - be)x^4}{4e^2} + \frac{cx^5}{5e} - \frac{d^3(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)\log(d+ex)}{e^6}$$

output

```
d^2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*x/e^5-1/2*d*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*x^2/e^4+1/3*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*x^3/e^3-1/4*(-b*e+c*d)*x^4/e^2+1/5*c*x^5/e-d^3*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)}{d+ex} dx = \frac{60d^2e(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))x - 30de^2(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))x^2 + 20e^3(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))x^3 + 15e^4(-cd + ae)x^4 - 5e^5x^5 - d^3e^2\log(d+ex)}{60e^6}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(d + e*x),x]`

output $(60*d^2*e*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*x - 30*d*e^2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*x^2 + 20*e^3*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*x^3 + 15*e^4*(-(c*d) + b*e)*x^4 + 12*c*e^5*x^5 - 60*(c*d^5 + d^3*e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/(60*e^6)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(\frac{d^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^5} - \frac{dx(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^4} + \frac{x^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^3} - \frac{d^3(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)} + \frac{x^3(be - cd)}{e^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{d^2x(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^5} - \frac{dx^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{2e^4} + \frac{x^3(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{3e^3} - \frac{d^3 \log(d + ex)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^6} - \frac{x^4(cd - be)}{4e^2} + \frac{cx^5}{5e}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(d + e*x),x]`

output $(d^2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*x)/e^5 - (d*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*x^2)/(2*e^4) + ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*x^3)/(3*e^3) - ((c*d - b*e)*x^4)/(4*e^2) + (c*x^5)/(5*e) - (d^3*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/e^6$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1195 Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x
_) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f +
g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x
] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
norman	$\frac{d^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)x}{e^5} + \frac{cx^5}{5e} + \frac{(be - cd)x^4}{4e^2} + \frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)x^3}{3e^3} - \frac{d(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)x^2}{2e^4} - \frac{d^3(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)\ln(ex+d)}{e^6}$
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{5}cx^5e^4 + \frac{1}{4}be^4x^4 - \frac{1}{4}cde^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3}ae^4x^3 - \frac{1}{3}bde^3x^3 + \frac{1}{3}cd^2e^2x^3 - \frac{1}{2}ade^3x^2 + \frac{1}{2}bd^2e^2x^2 - \frac{1}{2}cd^3ex^2 + ad^2e^2x - bd^3ex + cd^4x}{e^5} - \frac{d^3\ln(ex+d)}{e^6}$
risch	$\frac{cx^5}{5e} + \frac{bx^4}{4e} - \frac{cdx^4}{4e^2} + \frac{ax^3}{3e} - \frac{bdx^3}{3e^2} + \frac{cd^2x^3}{3e^3} - \frac{adx^2}{2e^2} + \frac{bd^2x^2}{2e^3} - \frac{cd^3x^2}{2e^4} + \frac{ad^2x}{e^3} - \frac{bd^3x}{e^4} + \frac{cd^4x}{e^5} - \frac{d^3\ln(ex+d)}{e^6}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-12cx^5e^5 - 15be^5x^4 + 15x^4cde^4 - 20x^3ae^5 + 20x^3bde^4 - 20x^3cd^2e^3 + 30x^2ade^4 - 30x^2bd^2e^3 + 30x^2cd^3e^2 + 60\ln(ex+d)ad}{60e^6}$

```
input int(x^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output d^2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*x/e^5+1/5*c*x^5/e+1/4/e^2*(b*e-c*d)*x^4+1/3*(a*e^2
-b*d*e+c*d^2)*x^3/e^3-1/2*d*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*x^2/e^4-d^3*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c
*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx = \frac{12ce^5x^5 - 15(cde^4 - be^5)x^4 + 20(cd^2e^3 - bde^4 + ae^5)x^3 - 30(cd^3e^2 - bd^2e^3 + ade^4)x^2 + 60(cd^4e - bd^3e^2 + ad^2e^3 - cd^3e^2 + 60\ln(ex+d)ad}{60e^6}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/60*(12*c*e^5*x^5 - 15*(c*d*e^4 - b*e^5)*x^4 + 20*(c*d^2*e^3 - b*d*e^4 + a*e^5)*x^3 - 30*(c*d^3*e^2 - b*d^2*e^3 + a*d*e^4)*x^2 + 60*(c*d^4*e - b*d^3*e^2 + a*d^2*e^3)*x - 60*(c*d^5 - b*d^4*e + a*d^3*e^2)*log(e*x + d))/e^6`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx = \frac{cx^5}{5e} - \frac{d^3(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^6} + x^4 \left(\frac{b}{4e} - \frac{cd}{4e^2} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{a}{3e} - \frac{bd}{3e^2} + \frac{cd^2}{3e^3} \right) + x^2 \left(-\frac{ad}{2e^2} + \frac{bd^2}{2e^3} - \frac{cd^3}{2e^4} \right) + x \left(\frac{ad^2}{e^3} - \frac{bd^3}{e^4} + \frac{cd^4}{e^5} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**3*(c*x**2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `c*x**5/(5*e) - d**3*(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)/e**6 + x**4*(b/(4*e) - c*d/(4*e**2)) + x**3*(a/(3*e) - b*d/(3*e**2) + c*d**2/(3*e**3)) + x**2*(-a*d/(2*e**2) + b*d**2/(2*e**3) - c*d**3/(2*e**4)) + x*(a*d**2/e**3 - b*d**3/e**4 + c*d**4/e**5)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx = \frac{12ce^4x^5 - 15(cde^3 - be^4)x^4 + 20(cd^2e^2 - bde^3 + ae^4)x^3 - 30(cd^3e - bd^2e^2 + ade^3)x^2 + 60(cd^4 - bd^3e - (cd^5 - bd^4e + ad^3e^2) \log(ex + d))}{60e^5}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\frac{1}{60}*(12*c*e^4*x^5 - 15*(c*d*e^3 - b*e^4)*x^4 + 20*(c*d^2*e^2 - b*d*e^3 + a*e^4)*x^3 - 30*(c*d^3*e - b*d^2*e^2 + a*d*e^3)*x^2 + 60*(c*d^4 - b*d^3*e + a*d^2*e^2)*x)/e^5 - (c*d^5 - b*d^4*e + a*d^3*e^2)*\log(e*x + d)/e^6$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 ce^4 x^5 - 15 cde^3 x^4 + 15 be^4 x^4 + 20 cd^2 e^2 x^3 - 20 bde^3 x^3 + 20 ae^4 x^3 - 30 cd^3 ex^2 + 30 bd^2 e^2 x^2 - 30 ade^3 x - (cd^5 - bd^4 e + ad^3 e^2) \log(|ex + d|)}{60 e^5}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{60}*(12*c*e^4*x^5 - 15*c*d*e^3*x^4 + 15*b*e^4*x^4 + 20*c*d^2*e^2*x^3 - 20*b*d*e^3*x^3 + 20*a*e^4*x^3 - 30*c*d^3*e*x^2 + 30*b*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 30*a*d*e^3*x^2 + 60*c*d^4*x - 60*b*d^3*e*x + 60*a*d^2*e^2*x)/e^5 - (c*d^5 - b*d^4*e + a*d^3*e^2)*\log(\text{abs}(e*x + d))/e^6$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx = x^4 \left(\frac{b}{4e} - \frac{cd}{4e^2} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{a}{3e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{b}{e} - \frac{cd}{e^2} \right)}{3e} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{cx^5}{5e} - \frac{\ln(d + ex) (cd^5 - bd^4 e + ad^3 e^2)}{e^6}$$

$$- \frac{dx^2 \left(\frac{a}{e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{b}{e} - \frac{cd}{e^2} \right)}{e} \right)}{2e} + \frac{d^2 x \left(\frac{a}{e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{b}{e} - \frac{cd}{e^2} \right)}{e} \right)}{e^2}$$

input

```
int((x^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(d + e*x),x)
```

output

```
x^4*(b/(4*e) - (c*d)/(4*e^2)) + x^3*(a/(3*e) - (d*(b/e - (c*d)/e^2))/(3*e)
) + (c*x^5)/(5*e) - (log(d + e*x)*(c*d^5 + a*d^3*e^2 - b*d^4*e))/e^6 - (d*
x^2*(a/e - (d*(b/e - (c*d)/e^2))/e))/(2*e) + (d^2*x*(a/e - (d*(b/e - (c*d)
/e^2))/e))/e^2
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{-60 \log(ex + d) a d^3 e^2 + 60 \log(ex + d) b d^4 e - 60 \log(ex + d) c d^5 + 60 a d^2 e^3 x - 30 a d e^4 x^2 + 20 a e^5 x^3 - 60 b d^3 e^2 x + 30 b d^2 e^3 x^2 - 20 b d e^4 x^3 + 15 b e^5 x^4 + 60 c d^4 e x - 30 c d^3 e^2 x^2 + 20 c d^2 e^3 x^3 - 15 c d e^4 x^4 + 12 c e^5 x^5}{(60 e^6)}$$

input

```
int(x^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
( - 60*log(d + e*x)*a*d**3*e**2 + 60*log(d + e*x)*b*d**4*e - 60*log(d + e*
x)*c*d**5 + 60*a*d**2*e**3*x - 30*a*d*e**4*x**2 + 20*a*e**5*x**3 - 60*b*d*
**3*e**2*x + 30*b*d**2*e**3*x**2 - 20*b*d*e**4*x**3 + 15*b*e**5*x**4 + 60*c
*d**4*e*x - 30*c*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 20*c*d**2*e**3*x**3 - 15*c*d*e**4*x**4 +
12*c*e**5*x**5)/(60*e**6)
```

3.2 $\int \frac{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{d+ex} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{d+ex} dx = -\frac{d(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)x}{e^4} + \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)x^2}{2e^3} - \frac{(cd - be)x^3}{3e^2} + \frac{cx^4}{4e} + \frac{d^2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)\log(d+ex)}{e^5}$$

output

```
-d*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*x/e^4+1/2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*x^2/e^3-1/3*(-b*e+c*d)*x^3/e^2+1/4*c*x^4/e+d^2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{d+ex} dx = \frac{ex(c(-12d^3 + 6d^2ex - 4de^2x^2 + 3e^3x^3) + 2e(3ae(-2d + ex) + b(6d^2 - 3dex + 2e^2x^2))) + 12(cd^4 + d^2e^2x^2)}{12e^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(d + e*x), x]
```

output

```
(e*x*(c*(-12*d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x - 4*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*e^3*x^3) + 2*e*(3*a*e*(-2*d + e*x) + b*(6*d^2 - 3*d*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2))) + 12*(c*d^4 + d^2*e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*Log[d + e*x])/(12*e^5)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(\frac{d^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^4(d + ex)} - \frac{d(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^4} + \frac{x(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^3} + \frac{x^2(be - cd)}{e^2} + \frac{cx^3}{e} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{d^2 \log(d + ex)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^5} - \frac{dx(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^4} + \frac{x^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{2e^3} - \frac{x^3(cd - be)}{3e^2} + \frac{cx^4}{4e}$$

input

```
Int[(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

```
-((d*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*x)/e^4) + ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*x^2)/(2*e^3) - ((c*d - b*e)*x^3)/(3*e^2) + (c*x^4)/(4*e) + (d^2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/e^5
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1195

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^(m._))*((f._) + (g._)*(x_)^(n._))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
norman	$\frac{cx^4}{4e} + \frac{(be-cd)x^3}{3e^2} + \frac{(ae^2-bde+cd^2)x^2}{2e^3} - \frac{d(ae^2-bde+cd^2)x}{e^4} + \frac{d^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)\ln(ex+d)}{e^5}$
default	$-\frac{1}{4}cx^4e^3 - \frac{1}{3}be^3x^3 + \frac{1}{3}cdx^3e^2 - \frac{1}{2}ae^3x^2 + \frac{1}{2}bd^2e^2x^2 - \frac{1}{2}cd^2ex^2 + de^2ax - bd^2ex + d^3cx + \frac{d^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)\ln(ex+d)}{e^5}$
risch	$\frac{cx^4}{4e} + \frac{bx^3}{3e} - \frac{cdx^3}{3e^2} + \frac{ax^2}{2e} - \frac{bdx^2}{2e^2} + \frac{cd^2x^2}{2e^3} - \frac{dax}{e^2} + \frac{bd^2x}{e^3} - \frac{d^3cx}{e^4} + \frac{d^2\ln(ex+d)a}{e^3} - \frac{d^3\ln(ex+d)b}{e^4} + \frac{d^4\ln(ex+d)c}{e^5}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{3cx^4e^4 + 4x^3be^4 - 4x^3cde^3 + 6x^2ae^4 - 6x^2bd^2e^3 + 6x^2cd^2e^2 + 12\ln(ex+d)a d^2e^2 - 12\ln(ex+d)b d^3e + 12\ln(ex+d)cd^4 - 12xad^5}{12e^5}$

input

```
int(x^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4*c*x^4/e+1/3/e^2*(b*e-c*d)*x^3+1/2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*x^2/e^3-d*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*x/e^4+d^2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{3ce^4x^4 - 4(cde^3 - be^4)x^3 + 6(cd^2e^2 - bde^3 + ae^4)x^2 - 12(cd^3e - bd^2e^2 + ade^3)x + 12(cd^4 - bd^3e + ad^5)}{12e^5}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/12*(3*c*e^4*x^4 - 4*(c*d*e^3 - b*e^4)*x^3 + 6*(c*d^2*e^2 - b*d*e^3 + a*e^4)*x^2 - 12*(c*d^3*e - b*d^2*e^2 + a*d*e^3)*x + 12*(c*d^4 - b*d^3*e + a*d^2*e^2)*log(e*x + d))/e^5
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx = \frac{cx^4}{4e} + \frac{d^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^5} + x^3 \left(\frac{b}{3e} - \frac{cd}{3e^2} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{a}{2e} - \frac{bd}{2e^2} + \frac{cd^2}{2e^3} \right) + x \left(-\frac{ad}{e^2} + \frac{bd^2}{e^3} - \frac{cd^3}{e^4} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(c*x**2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
c*x**4/(4*e) + d**2*(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)/e**5 + x**3*(b/(3*e) - c*d/(3*e**2)) + x**2*(a/(2*e) - b*d/(2*e**2) + c*d**2/(2*e**3)) + x*(-a*d/e**2 + b*d**2/e**3 - c*d**3/e**4)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx = \frac{3ce^3x^4 - 4(cde^2 - be^3)x^3 + 6(cd^2e - bde^2 + ae^3)x^2 - 12(cd^3 - bd^2e + ade^2)x + (cd^4 - bd^3e + ad^2e^2) \log(ex + d)}{12e^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/12*(3*c*e^3*x^4 - 4*(c*d*e^2 - b*e^3)*x^3 + 6*(c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*x^2 - 12*(c*d^3 - b*d^2*e + a*d*e^2)*x)/e^4 + (c*d^4 - b*d^3*e + a*d^2*e^2)*log(e*x + d)/e^5
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{3ce^3x^4 - 4cde^2x^3 + 4be^3x^3 + 6cd^2ex^2 - 6bde^2x^2 + 6ae^3x^2 - 12cd^3x + 12bd^2ex - 12ade^2x}{12e^4} + \frac{(cd^4 - bd^3e + ad^2e^2) \log(|ex + d|)}{e^5}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/12*(3*c*e^3*x^4 - 4*c*d*e^2*x^3 + 4*b*e^3*x^3 + 6*c*d^2*e*x^2 - 6*b*d*e^2*x^2 + 6*a*e^3*x^2 - 12*c*d^3*x + 12*b*d^2*e*x - 12*a*d*e^2*x)/e^4 + (c*d^4 - b*d^3*e + a*d^2*e^2)*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^5`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx = x^3 \left(\frac{b}{3e} - \frac{cd}{3e^2} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{a}{2e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{b}{e} - \frac{cd}{e^2} \right)}{2e} \right) + \frac{cx^4}{4e}$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(d + ex) (cd^4 - bd^3e + ad^2e^2)}{e^5} - \frac{dx \left(\frac{a}{e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{b}{e} - \frac{cd}{e^2} \right)}{e} \right)}{e}$$

input `int((x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(d + e*x),x)`output `x^3*(b/(3*e) - (c*d)/(3*e^2)) + x^2*(a/(2*e) - (d*(b/e - (c*d)/e^2))/(2*e)) + (c*x^4)/(4*e) + (log(d + e*x)*(c*d^4 + a*d^2*e^2 - b*d^3*e))/e^5 - (d*x*(a/e - (d*(b/e - (c*d)/e^2))/e))/e`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 \log(ex + d) a d^2 e^2 - 12 \log(ex + d) b d^3 e + 12 \log(ex + d) c d^4 - 12 a d e^3 x + 6 a e^4 x^2 + 12 b d^2 e^2 x - 6 b c d e x^2 + 3 c e^4 x^3}{12 e^5}$$

input `int(x^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d),x)`output `(12*log(d + e*x)*a*d**2*e**2 - 12*log(d + e*x)*b*d**3*e + 12*log(d + e*x)*c*d**4 - 12*a*d*e**3*x + 6*a*e**4*x**2 + 12*b*d**2*e**2*x - 6*b*d*e**3*x**2 + 4*b*e**4*x**3 - 12*c*d**3*e*x + 6*c*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 4*c*d*e**3*x**3 + 3*c*e**4*x**4)/(12*e**5)`

3.3 $\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)}{d+ex} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)x}{e^3} - \frac{(cd - be)x^2}{2e^2} + \frac{cx^3}{3e} - \frac{d(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^4}$$

output

```
(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*x/e^3-1/2*(-b*e+c*d)*x^2/e^2+1/3*c*x^3/e-d*(a*e^2-b*d*
e+c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx = \frac{ex(3e(-2bd + 2ae + bex) + c(6d^2 - 3dex + 2e^2x^2)) - 6(cd^3 + de(-bd + ae)) \log(d + ex)}{6e^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

```
(e*x*(3*e*(-2*b*d + 2*a*e + b*e*x) + c*(6*d^2 - 3*d*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2)) - 6*
(c*d^3 + d*e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*Log[d + e*x])/(6*e^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(-\frac{d(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^3(d + ex)} + \frac{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}{e^3} + \frac{x(be - cd)}{e^2} + \frac{cx^2}{e} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{d \log(d + ex)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^4} + \frac{x(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^3} - \frac{x^2(cd - be)}{2e^2} + \frac{cx^3}{3e}$$

input

```
Int[(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

```
((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*x)/e^3 - ((c*d - b*e)*x^2)/(2*e^2) + (c*x^3)/(3*e)
) - (d*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/e^4
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1195

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x
_) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f +
g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x
] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)x}{e^3} + \frac{cx^3}{3e} + \frac{(be - cd)x^2}{2e^2} - \frac{d(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \ln(ex + d)}{e^4}$	76
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{3}ce^2x^3 + \frac{1}{2}be^2x^2 - \frac{1}{2}cdx^2e + ae^2x - bdx + cd^2x}{e^3} - \frac{d(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \ln(ex + d)}{e^4}$	79
risch	$\frac{cx^3}{3e} + \frac{bx^2}{2e} - \frac{cdx^2}{2e^2} + \frac{ax}{e} - \frac{bdx}{e^2} + \frac{cd^2x}{e^3} - \frac{d \ln(ex + d)a}{e^2} + \frac{d^2 \ln(ex + d)b}{e^3} - \frac{d^3 \ln(ex + d)c}{e^4}$	95
parallelrisc	$-\frac{-2ce^3x^3 - 3x^2be^3 + 3cde^2x^2 + 6 \ln(ex + d)ade^2 - 6 \ln(ex + d)bd^2e + 6 \ln(ex + d)cd^3 - 6ae^3x + 6dxb e^2 - 6cd^2ex}{6e^4}$	96

input

```
int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*x/e^3+1/3*c*x^3/e+1/2/e^2*(b*e-c*d)*x^2-d*(a*e^2-b*d*e
+c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{2ce^3x^3 - 3(cde^2 - be^3)x^2 + 6(cd^2e - bde^2 + ae^3)x - 6(cd^3 - bd^2e + ade^2) \log(ex + d)}{6e^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/6*(2*c*e^3*x^3 - 3*(c*d*e^2 - b*e^3)*x^2 + 6*(c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*x - 6*(c*d^3 - b*d^2*e + a*d*e^2)*log(e*x + d))/e^4
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx = \frac{cx^3}{3e} - \frac{d(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^4} + x^2 \left(\frac{b}{2e} - \frac{cd}{2e^2} \right) + x \left(\frac{a}{e} - \frac{bd}{e^2} + \frac{cd^2}{e^3} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(x*(c*x**2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
c*x**3/(3*e) - d*(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)/e**4 + x**2*(b/(2*e) - c*d/(2*e**2)) + x*(a/e - b*d/e**2 + c*d**2/e**3)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx = \frac{2ce^2x^3 - 3(cde - be^2)x^2 + 6(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)x}{6e^3} - \frac{(cd^3 - bd^2e + ade^2) \log(ex + d)}{e^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/6*(2*c*e^2*x^3 - 3*(c*d*e - b*e^2)*x^2 + 6*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*x)/e^3 - (c*d^3 - b*d^2*e + a*d*e^2)*log(e*x + d)/e^4
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx = \frac{2ce^2x^3 - 3cdex^2 + 3be^2x^2 + 6cd^2x - 6bdex + 6ae^2x}{6e^3} - \frac{(cd^3 - bd^2e + ade^2) \log(|ex + d|)}{e^4}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*(2*c*e^2*x^3 - 3*c*d*e*x^2 + 3*b*e^2*x^2 + 6*c*d^2*x - 6*b*d*e*x + 6*a*e^2*x)/e^3 - (c*d^3 - b*d^2*e + a*d*e^2)*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{b}{2e} - \frac{cd}{2e^2} \right) + x \left(\frac{a}{e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{b}{e} - \frac{cd}{e^2} \right)}{e} \right) - \frac{\ln(d + ex) (cd^3 - bd^2e + ade^2)}{e^4} + \frac{cx^3}{3e}$$

input `int((x*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `x^2*(b/(2*e) - (c*d)/(2*e^2)) + x*(a/e - (d*(b/e - (c*d)/e^2))/e) - (log(d + e*x)*(c*d^3 + a*d*e^2 - b*d^2*e))/e^4 + (c*x^3)/(3*e)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{-6 \log(ex + d) a d e^2 + 6 \log(ex + d) b d^2 e - 6 \log(ex + d) c d^3 + 6 a e^3 x - 6 b d e^2 x + 3 b e^3 x^2 + 6 c d^2 e x - 3 c d^3}{6 e^4}$$

input `int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d),x)`output `(- 6*log(d + e*x)*a*d*e**2 + 6*log(d + e*x)*b*d**2*e - 6*log(d + e*x)*c*d**3 + 6*a*e**3*x - 6*b*d*e**2*x + 3*b*e**3*x**2 + 6*c*d**2*e*x - 3*c*d*e**2*x**2 + 2*c*e**3*x**3)/(6*e**4)`

3.4 $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{d+ex} dx$

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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	229
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	230
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	230

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{(cd - be)x}{e^2} + \frac{cx^2}{2e} + \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^3}$$

output

```
-(-b*e+c*d)*x/e^2+1/2*c*x^2/e+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{ex(-2cd + 2be + cex) + 2(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae)) \log(d + ex)}{2e^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

```
(e*x*(-2*c*d + 2*b*e + c*e*x) + 2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*Log[d + e*x]) / (2*e^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {1140, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 1140

$$\int \left(\frac{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}{e^2(d + ex)} + \frac{be - cd}{e^2} + \frac{cx}{e} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\log(d + ex) (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^3} - \frac{x(cd - be)}{e^2} + \frac{cx^2}{2e}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(d + e*x),x]`

output `-(((c*d - b*e)*x)/e^2) + (c*x^2)/(2*e) + ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/e^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1140 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{2}ce^2x^2+be^2x-cdx}{e^2} + \frac{(ae^2-bde+cd^2)\ln(ex+d)}{e^3}$	49
norman	$\frac{(be-cd)x}{e^2} + \frac{cx^2}{2e} + \frac{(ae^2-bde+cd^2)\ln(ex+d)}{e^3}$	50
risch	$\frac{cx^2}{2e} + \frac{bx}{e} - \frac{cdx}{e^2} + \frac{\ln(ex+d)a}{e} - \frac{\ln(ex+d)bd}{e^2} + \frac{\ln(ex+d)cd^2}{e^3}$	63
parallelrisc	$\frac{x^2ce^2+2\ln(ex+d)ae^2-2\ln(ex+d)bde+2\ln(ex+d)cd^2+2xbe^2-2cdxe}{2e^3}$	63

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/e^2*(1/2*c*e*x^2+b*e*x-c*d*x)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{ce^2x^2 - 2(cde - be^2)x + 2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)\log(ex + d)}{2e^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(c*e^2*x^2 - 2*(c*d*e - b*e^2)*x + 2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*log(e*x + d))/e^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{cx^2}{2e} + x \left(\frac{b}{e} - \frac{cd}{e^2} \right) + \frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d),x)`output `c*x**2/(2*e) + x*(b/e - c*d/e**2) + (a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)/e**3`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{cex^2 - 2(cd - be)x}{2e^2} + \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(ex + d)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(c*e*x^2 - 2*(c*d - b*e)*x)/e^2 + (c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*log(e*x + d)/e^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{cex^2 - 2cdx + 2bex}{2e^2} + \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(|ex + d|)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(c*e*x^2 - 2*c*d*x + 2*b*e*x)/e^2 + (c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{d + ex} dx = x \left(\frac{b}{e} - \frac{cd}{e^2} \right) + \frac{cx^2}{2e} + \frac{\ln(d + ex)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)}{e^3}$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(d + e*x),x)`output `x*(b/e - (c*d)/e^2) + (c*x^2)/(2*e) + (log(d + e*x)*(a*e^2 + c*d^2 - b*d*e))/e^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{2 \log(ex + d) a e^2 - 2 \log(ex + d) b d e + 2 \log(ex + d) c d^2 + 2 b e^2 x - 2 c d e x + c e^2 x^2}{2 e^3}$$

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d),x)`output `(2*log(d + e*x)*a*e**2 - 2*log(d + e*x)*b*d*e + 2*log(d + e*x)*c*d**2 + 2*b*e**2*x - 2*c*d*e*x + c*e**2*x**2)/(2*e**3)`

3.5 $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{x(d+ex)} dx$

Optimal result	231
Mathematica [A] (verified)	231
Rubi [A] (verified)	232
Maple [A] (verified)	233
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	233
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	233
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	234
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	234
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	235
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	235

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x(d + ex)} dx = \frac{cx}{e} + \frac{a \log(x)}{d} - \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(d + ex)}{de^2}$$

output

```
c*x/e+a*ln(x)/d-(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/d/e^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x(d + ex)} dx = \frac{cx}{e} + \frac{a \log(x)}{d} + \frac{(-cd^2 + bde - ae^2) \log(d + ex)}{de^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(x*(d + e*x)),x]
```

output

```
(c*x)/e + (a*Log[x])/d + ((-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/(d*e^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(\frac{-ae^2 + bde - cd^2}{de(d + ex)} + \frac{a}{dx} + \frac{c}{e} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{\log(d + ex)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{de^2} + \frac{a \log(x)}{d} + \frac{cx}{e}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(x*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `(c*x)/e + (a*Log[x])/d - ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/(d*e^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1195 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
default	$\frac{cx}{e} + \frac{(-ae^2 + bde - cd^2) \ln(ex+d)}{de^2} + \frac{a \ln(x)}{d}$	45
norman	$\frac{cx}{e} + \frac{a \ln(x)}{d} - \frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \ln(ex+d)}{de^2}$	45
risch	$\frac{cx}{e} - \frac{\ln(ex+d)a}{d} + \frac{\ln(ex+d)b}{e} - \frac{cd \ln(ex+d)}{e^2} + \frac{a \ln(-x)}{d}$	53
parallelrisch	$\frac{a \ln(x)e^2 - \ln(ex+d)a e^2 + \ln(ex+d)bde - \ln(ex+d)cd^2 + cdxe}{de^2}$	55

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `c*x/e+(-a*e^2+b*d*e-c*d^2)/d/e^2*ln(e*x+d)+a*ln(x)/d`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x(d + ex)} dx = \frac{cdex + ae^2 \log(x) - (cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(ex + d)}{de^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(c*d*e*x + a*e^2*log(x) - (c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*log(e*x + d))/(d*e^2)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 75 vs. 2(37) = 74.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x(d + ex)} dx = \frac{a \log(x)}{d} + \frac{cx}{e} - \frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \log\left(x + \frac{ade + \frac{d(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e}}{2ae^2 - bde + cd^2}\right)}{de^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/x/(e*x+d),x)`

output `a*log(x)/d + c*x/e - (a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(x + (a*d*e + d*(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)/e)/(2*a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))/(d*e**2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x(d + ex)} dx = \frac{cx}{e} + \frac{a \log(x)}{d} - \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(ex + d)}{de^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `c*x/e + a*log(x)/d - (c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*log(e*x + d)/(d*e^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x(d + ex)} dx = \frac{cx}{e} + \frac{a \log(|x|)}{d} - \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(|ex + d|)}{de^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `c*x/e + a*log(abs(x))/d - (c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*log(abs(e*x + d))/(d*e^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x(d + ex)} dx = \frac{a \ln(x)}{d} - \ln(d + ex) \left(\frac{a}{d} - \frac{b}{e} + \frac{cd}{e^2} \right) + \frac{cx}{e}$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(x*(d + e*x)),x)`output `(a*log(x))/d - log(d + e*x)*(a/d - b/e + (c*d)/e^2) + (c*x)/e`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\log(ex + d) a e^2 + \log(ex + d) b d e - \log(ex + d) c d^2 + \log(x) a e^2 + c d e x}{d e^2}$$

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x/(e*x+d),x)`output `(- log(d + e*x)*a*e**2 + log(d + e*x)*b*d*e - log(d + e*x)*c*d**2 + log(x)*a*e**2 + c*d*e*x)/(d*e**2)`

3.6 $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$

Optimal result	236
Mathematica [A] (verified)	236
Rubi [A] (verified)	237
Maple [A] (verified)	238
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	238
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	239
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	239
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	240
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	240
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	240

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{x^2(d+ex)} dx = -\frac{a}{dx} + \frac{(bd-ae)\log(x)}{d^2} - \left(\frac{b}{d} - \frac{c}{e} - \frac{ae}{d^2}\right) \log(d+ex)$$

output `-a/d/x+(-a*e+b*d)*ln(x)/d^2-(b/d-c/e-a*e/d^2)*ln(e*x+d)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{x^2(d+ex)} dx = -\frac{a}{dx} + \frac{(bd-ae)\log(x)}{d^2} + \frac{(cd^2-bde+ae^2)\log(d+ex)}{d^2e}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-(a/(d*x)) + ((b*d - a*e)*Log[x])/d^2 + ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/d^2*e`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(\frac{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}{d^2(d + ex)} + \frac{bd - ae}{d^2x} + \frac{a}{dx^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\log(d + ex) \left(-\frac{ae}{d^2} + \frac{b}{d} - \frac{c}{e} \right) + \frac{\log(x)(bd - ae)}{d^2} - \frac{a}{dx}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-(a/(d*x)) + ((b*d - a*e)*Log[x])/d^2 - (b/d - c/e - (a*e)/d^2)*Log[d + e*x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1195 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(a e^2 - b d e + c d^2) \ln(e x + d)}{d^2 e} - \frac{a}{d x} + \frac{(-a e + b d) \ln(x)}{d^2}$	54
norman	$-\frac{a}{d x} + \frac{(a e^2 - b d e + c d^2) \ln(e x + d)}{d^2 e} - \frac{(a e - b d) \ln(x)}{d^2}$	55
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\ln(x) x a e^2 - \ln(x) x b d e - \ln(e x + d) x a e^2 + \ln(e x + d) x b d e - \ln(e x + d) x c d^2 + a d e}{x d^2 e}$	70
risch	$-\frac{a}{d x} + \frac{e \ln(-e x - d) a}{d^2} - \frac{\ln(-e x - d) b}{d} + \frac{\ln(-e x - d) c}{e} - \frac{\ln(x) a e}{d^2} + \frac{\ln(x) b}{d}$	71

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^2/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/d^2/e*ln(e*x+d)-a/d/x+(-a*e+b*d)*ln(x)/d^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{a + b x + c x^2}{x^2(d + e x)} dx = -\frac{a d e - (c d^2 - b d e + a e^2) x \log(e x + d) - (b d e - a e^2) x \log(x)}{d^2 e x}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-(a*d*e - (c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*x*log(e*x + d) - (b*d*e - a*e^2)*x*log(x))/(d^2*e*x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 126 vs. $2(37) = 74$.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{a}{dx} - \frac{(ae - bd) \log\left(x + \frac{ade - bd^2 - d(ae - bd)}{2ae^2 - 2bde + cd^2}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \log\left(x + \frac{ade - bd^2 + \frac{d(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e}}{2ae^2 - 2bde + cd^2}\right)}{d^2 e}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/x**2/(e*x+d),x)`

output `-a/(d*x) - (a*e - b*d)*log(x + (a*d*e - b*d**2 - d*(a*e - b*d))/(2*a*e**2 - 2*b*d*e + c*d**2))/d**2 + (a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(x + (a*d*e - b*d**2 + d*(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)/e)/(2*a*e**2 - 2*b*d*e + c*d**2))/(d**2*e)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \frac{(bd - ae) \log(x)}{d^2} - \frac{a}{dx} + \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(ex + d)}{d^2 e}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b*d - a*e)*log(x)/d^2 - a/(d*x) + (c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*log(e*x + d)/(d^2*e)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \frac{(bd - ae) \log(|x|)}{d^2} - \frac{a}{dx} + \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(|ex + d|)}{d^2e}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(b*d - a*e)*log(abs(x))/d^2 - a/(d*x) + (c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*log(abs(e*x + d))/(d^2*e)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \ln(d + ex) \left(\frac{c}{e} - \frac{b}{d} + \frac{ae}{d^2} \right) - \frac{a}{dx} - \frac{\ln(x)(ae - bd)}{d^2}$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `log(d + e*x)*(c/e - b/d + (a*e)/d^2) - a/(d*x) - (log(x)*(a*e - b*d))/d^2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\log(ex + d) a e^2 x - \log(ex + d) b d e x + \log(ex + d) c d^2 x - \log(x) a e^2 x + \log(x) b d e x - a d e}{d^2 e x}$$

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^2/(e*x+d),x)`

output `(log(d + e*x)*a*e**2*x - log(d + e*x)*b*d*e*x + log(d + e*x)*c*d**2*x - log(x)*a*e**2*x + log(x)*b*d*e*x - a*d*e)/(d**2*e*x)`

3.7 $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{a}{2dx^2} - \frac{bd - ae}{d^2x} + \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(x)}{d^3} - \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(d + ex)}{d^3}$$

output

```
-1/2*a/d/x^2-(-a*e+b*d)/d^2/x+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*ln(x)/d^3-(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{\frac{d(ad+2bdx-2aex)}{x^2} - 2(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae)) \log(x) + 2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(d + ex)}{2d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x]
```

output

$$-1/2*((d*(a*d + 2*b*d*x - 2*a*e*x))/x^2 - 2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*Log[x] + 2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/d^3$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(\frac{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}{d^3x} - \frac{e(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{d^3(d + ex)} + \frac{bd - ae}{d^2x^2} + \frac{a}{dx^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\log(x)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{d^3} - \frac{\log(d + ex)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{d^3} - \frac{bd - ae}{d^2x} - \frac{a}{2dx^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x]$$

output

$$-1/2*a/(d*x^2) - (b*d - a*e)/(d^2*x) + ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Log[x])/d^3 - ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/d^3$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1195

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
norman	$\frac{(ae-bd)x - \frac{a}{2d}}{x^2} + \frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \ln(x)}{d^3} - \frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \ln(ex+d)}{d^3}$
default	$-\frac{a}{2dx^2} - \frac{-ae+bd}{d^2x} + \frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \ln(x)}{d^3} - \frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \ln(ex+d)}{d^3}$
risch	$\frac{(ae-bd)x - \frac{a}{2d}}{x^2} + \frac{\ln(-x)ae^2}{d^3} - \frac{\ln(-x)be}{d^2} + \frac{\ln(-x)c}{d} - \frac{\ln(ex+d)ae^2}{d^3} + \frac{\ln(ex+d)be}{d^2} - \frac{\ln(ex+d)c}{d}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2 \ln(x)x^2ae^2 - 2 \ln(x)x^2bde + 2 \ln(x)x^2cd^2 - 2 \ln(ex+d)x^2ae^2 + 2 \ln(ex+d)x^2bde - 2 \ln(ex+d)x^2cd^2 + 2adex - 2bx^2d^2 - ad^2}{2x^2d^3}$

input

```
int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^3/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((a*e-b*d)/d^2*x-1/2*a/d)/x^2+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*ln(x)/d^3-(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/d^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)x^2 \log(ex + d) - 2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)x^2 \log(x) + ad^2 + 2(bd^2 - ade)x}{2d^3x^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/2*(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*x^2*\log(e*x + d) - 2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*x^2*\log(x) + a*d^2 + 2*(b*d^2 - a*d*e)*x)/(d^3*x^2)$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 185 vs. $2(66) = 132$.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \frac{-ad + x(2ae - 2bd)}{2d^2x^2} + \frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \log\left(x + \frac{ade^2 - bd^2e + cd^3 - d(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{2ae^3 - 2bde^2 + 2cd^2e}\right)}{d^3} - \frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \log\left(x + \frac{ade^2 - bd^2e + cd^3 + d(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{2ae^3 - 2bde^2 + 2cd^2e}\right)}{d^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/x**3/(e*x+d),x)`

output
$$\frac{(-a*d + x*(2*a*e - 2*b*d))/(2*d**2*x**2) + (a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*\log(x + (a*d*e**2 - b*d**2*e + c*d**3 - d*(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))/(2*a*e**3 - 2*b*d*e**2 + 2*c*d**2*e))/d**3 - (a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*\log(x + (a*d*e**2 - b*d**2*e + c*d**3 + d*(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))/(2*a*e**3 - 2*b*d*e**2 + 2*c*d**2*e))/d**3}$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(ex + d)}{d^3} + \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(x)}{d^3} - \frac{ad + 2(bd - ae)x}{2d^2x^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{-(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*\log(e*x + d)/d^3 + (c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*\log(x)}{d^3} - \frac{1/2*(a*d + 2*(b*d - a*e)*x)}{d^2*x^2}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(|x|)}{d^3} - \frac{(cd^2e - bde^2 + ae^3) \log(|ex + d|)}{d^3e} - \frac{ad^2 + 2(bd^2 - ade)x}{2d^3x^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*\log(\text{abs}(x))/d^3 - (c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*\log(\text{abs}(e*x + d))/(d^3*e)}{d^3} - \frac{1/2*(a*d^2 + 2*(b*d^2 - a*d*e)*x)}{d^3*x^2}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{\frac{a}{2d} - \frac{x(ae - bd)}{d^2}}{x^2} - \frac{2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2ex}{d} + 1\right) (cd^2 - bde + ae^2)}{d^3}$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x)`

output
$$-\frac{(a/(2*d) - (x*(a*e - b*d))/d^2)/x^2 - (2*\operatorname{atanh}((2*e*x)/d + 1)*(a*e^2 + c*d^2 - b*d*e))/d^3}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2 \log(ex + d) a e^2 x^2 + 2 \log(ex + d) b d e x^2 - 2 \log(ex + d) c d^2 x^2 + 2 \log(x) a e^2 x^2 - 2 \log(x) b d e x^2 + 2 \log(x) c d^2 x^2}{2 d^3 x^2}$$

input

```
int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^3/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*log(d + e*x)*a*e**2*x**2 + 2*log(d + e*x)*b*d*e*x**2 - 2*log(d + e*x)
)*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*log(x)*a*e**2*x**2 - 2*log(x)*b*d*e*x**2 + 2*log(x)*c*d*
*2*x**2 - a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x - 2*b*d**2*x)/(2*d**3*x**2)
```

3.8 $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$

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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	251
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	251
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	252
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	252

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{a}{3dx^3} - \frac{bd - ae}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}{d^3x} - \frac{e(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(x)}{d^4} + \frac{e(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(d + ex)}{d^4}$$

```
output -1/3*a/d/x^3-1/2*(-a*e+b*d)/d^2/x^2-(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/d^3/x-e*(a*e^2-b*d
*e+c*d^2)*ln(x)/d^4+e*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/d^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{d(3dx(bd+2cdx-2bex)+a(2d^2-3dex+6e^2x^2))}{x^3} + \frac{6e(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae)) \log(x) - 6e(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae)) \log(d + ex)}{6d^4}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)),x]
```

output

$$-1/6*((d*(3*d*x*(b*d + 2*c*d*x - 2*b*e*x) + a*(2*d^2 - 3*d*e*x + 6*e^2*x^2)))/x^3 + 6*e*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*Log[x] - 6*e*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*Log[d + e*x])/d^4$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^4(d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(\frac{e^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{d^4(d + ex)} - \frac{e(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{d^4x} + \frac{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}{d^3x^2} + \frac{bd - ae}{d^2x^3} + \frac{a}{dx^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{e \log(x)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{d^4} + \frac{e \log(d + ex)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{\frac{d^4}{a}} - \frac{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}{d^3x} - \frac{bd - ae}{2d^2x^2} -$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)), x]$$

output

$$-1/3*a/(d*x^3) - (b*d - a*e)/(2*d^2*x^2) - (c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/(d^3*x) - (e*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Log[x])/d^4 + (e*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/d^4$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1195 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
default	$-\frac{a}{3d^3x^3} - \frac{-ae+bd}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{ae^2-bde+cd^2}{d^3x} - \frac{e(ae^2-bde+cd^2)\ln(x)}{d^4} + \frac{e(ae^2-bde+cd^2)\ln(ex+d)}{d^4}$
norman	$-\frac{\frac{a}{3d} + \frac{(ae-bd)x}{2d^2} - \frac{(ae^2-bde+cd^2)x^2}{d^3}}{x^3} + \frac{e(ae^2-bde+cd^2)\ln(ex+d)}{d^4} - \frac{e(ae^2-bde+cd^2)\ln(x)}{d^4}$
risch	$-\frac{\frac{a}{3d} + \frac{(ae-bd)x}{2d^2} - \frac{(ae^2-bde+cd^2)x^2}{d^3}}{x^3} + \frac{e^3\ln(-ex-d)a}{d^4} - \frac{e^2\ln(-ex-d)b}{d^3} + \frac{e\ln(-ex-d)c}{d^2} - \frac{e^3\ln(x)a}{d^4} + \frac{e^2\ln(x)b}{d^3} - \frac{e\ln(x)c}{d^2}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{6\ln(x)x^3ae^3 - 6\ln(x)x^3bde^2 + 6\ln(x)x^3cd^2e - 6\ln(ex+d)x^3ae^3 + 6\ln(ex+d)x^3bde^2 - 6\ln(ex+d)x^3cd^2e + 6ade^2x^2 - 6bd^2x}{6d^4x^3}$

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^4/(e*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*a/d/x^3-1/2*(-a*e+b*d)/d^2/x^2-(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/d^3/x-e*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*ln(x)/d^4+e*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/d^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \frac{6(cd^2e - bde^2 + ae^3)x^3 \log(ex + d) - 6(cd^2e - bde^2 + ae^3)x^3 \log(x) - 2ad^3 - 6(cd^3 - bd^2e + ade^2)x^2}{6d^4x^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(6*(c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*x^3*log(e*x + d) - 6*(c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*x^3*log(x) - 2*a*d^3 - 6*(c*d^3 - b*d^2*e + a*d*e^2)*x^2 - 3*(b*d^3 - a*d^2*e)*x)/(d^4*x^3)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 233 vs. $2(95) = 190$.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \frac{-2ad^2 + x^2(-6ae^2 + 6bde - 6cd^2) + x(3ade - 3bd^2)}{6d^3x^3} - \frac{e(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \log\left(x + \frac{ade^3 - bd^2e^2 + cd^3e - de(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{2ae^4 - 2bde^3 + 2cd^2e^2}\right)}{d^4} + \frac{e(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \log\left(x + \frac{ade^3 - bd^2e^2 + cd^3e + de(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{2ae^4 - 2bde^3 + 2cd^2e^2}\right)}{d^4}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/x**4/(e*x+d),x)`

output `(-2*a*d**2 + x**2*(-6*a*e**2 + 6*b*d*e - 6*c*d**2) + x*(3*a*d*e - 3*b*d**2))/(6*d**3*x**3) - e*(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(x + (a*d*e**3 - b*d**2*e**2 + c*d**3*e - d*e*(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))/(2*a*e**4 - 2*b*d*e**3 + 2*c*d**2*e**2))/d**4 + e*(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(x + (a*d*e**3 - b*d**2*e**2 + c*d**3*e + d*e*(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))/(2*a*e**4 - 2*b*d*e**3 + 2*c*d**2*e**2))/d**4`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \frac{(cd^2e - bde^2 + ae^3) \log(ex + d)}{d^4} - \frac{(cd^2e - bde^2 + ae^3) \log(x)}{d^4} - \frac{2ad^2 + 6(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)x^2 + 3(bd^2 - ade)x}{6d^3x^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*log(e*x + d)/d^4 - (c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*log(x)/d^4 - 1/6*(2*a*d^2 + 6*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*x^2 + 3*(b*d^2 - a*d*e)*x)/(d^3*x^3)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{(cd^2e - bde^2 + ae^3) \log(|x|)}{d^4} + \frac{(cd^2e^2 - bde^3 + ae^4) \log(|ex + d|)}{d^4e} - \frac{2ad^3 + 6(cd^3 - bd^2e + ade^2)x^2 + 3(bd^3 - ad^2e)x}{6d^4x^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*log(abs(x))/d^4 + (c*d^2*e^2 - b*d*e^3 + a*e^4)*log(abs(e*x + d))/(d^4*e) - 1/6*(2*a*d^3 + 6*(c*d^3 - b*d^2*e + a*d*e^2)*x^2 + 3*(b*d^3 - a*d^2*e)*x)/(d^4*x^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \frac{2e \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{e(d+2ex)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)}{d(cd^2e - bde^2 + ae^3)}\right)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)}{d^4} - \frac{\frac{a}{3d} - \frac{x(ae - bd)}{2d^2} + \frac{x^2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)}{d^3}}{x^3}$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)),x)`output `(2*e*atanh((e*(d + 2*e*x)*(a*e^2 + c*d^2 - b*d*e))/(d*(a*e^3 - b*d*e^2 + c*d^2*e)))*(a*e^2 + c*d^2 - b*d*e))/d^4 - (a/(3*d) - (x*(a*e - b*d))/(2*d^2) + (x^2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2 - b*d*e))/d^3)/x^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \frac{6 \log(ex + d) a e^3 x^3 - 6 \log(ex + d) b d e^2 x^3 + 6 \log(ex + d) c d^2 e x^3 - 6 \log(x) a e^3 x^3 + 6 \log(x) b d e^2 x^3 - 6 \log(x) c d^2 e x^3}{6 d^4 x^3}$$

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^4/(e*x+d),x)`output `(6*log(d + e*x)*a*e**3*x**3 - 6*log(d + e*x)*b*d*e**2*x**3 + 6*log(d + e*x)*c*d**2*e*x**3 - 6*log(x)*a*e**3*x**3 + 6*log(x)*b*d*e**2*x**3 - 6*log(x)*c*d**2*e*x**3 - 2*a*d**3 + 3*a*d**2*e*x - 6*a*d*e**2*x**2 - 3*b*d**3*x + 6*b*d**2*e*x**2 - 6*c*d**3*x**2)/(6*d**4*x**3)`

3.9 $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$

Optimal result	253
Mathematica [A] (verified)	253
Rubi [A] (verified)	254
Maple [A] (verified)	255
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	256
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	256
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	257
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	257
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	258
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	258

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{a}{4dx^4} - \frac{bd - ae}{3d^2x^3} - \frac{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}{2d^3x^2} + \frac{e(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)}{d^4x} + \frac{e^2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(x)}{d^5} - \frac{e^2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(d + ex)}{d^5}$$

output

```
-1/4*a/d/x^4-1/3*(-a*e+b*d)/d^2/x^3-1/2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/d^3/x^2+e*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/d^4/x+e^2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*ln(x)/d^5-e^2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/d^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \frac{d(a(-3d^3 + 4d^2ex - 6de^2x^2 + 12e^3x^3) - 2dx(3cdx(d - 2ex) + b(2d^2 - 3dex + 6e^2x^2)))}{x^4} + \frac{12e^2(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae)) \log(x) - 12e^2(c$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)), x]
```

output

```
((d*(a*(-3*d^3 + 4*d^2*e*x - 6*d*e^2*x^2 + 12*e^3*x^3) - 2*d*x*(3*c*d*x*(d
- 2*e*x) + b*(2*d^2 - 3*d*e*x + 6*e^2*x^2))))/x^4 + 12*e^2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(
b*d) + a*e))*Log[x] - 12*e^2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*Log[d + e*x])/(12*
d^5)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(\frac{e^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{d^5x} - \frac{e^3(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{d^5(d + ex)} - \frac{e(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{d^4x^2} + \frac{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}{d^3x^3} + \frac{bd - ae}{d^2x^4} + \frac{a}{dx^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{e^2 \log(x)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{d^5} - \frac{e^2 \log(d + ex)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{d^5} + \frac{e(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{d^4x} - \frac{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}{2d^3x^2} - \frac{bd - ae}{3d^2x^3} - \frac{a}{4dx^4}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)),x]
```

output

```
-1/4*a/(d*x^4) - (b*d - a*e)/(3*d^2*x^3) - (c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/(2*d^3*
x^2) + (e*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))/(d^4*x) + (e^2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*
Log[x])/d^5 - (e^2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/d^5
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1195 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
default	$-\frac{a}{4d x^4} - \frac{-ae+bd}{3d^2 x^3} - \frac{a e^2 - bde + c d^2}{2d^3 x^2} + \frac{e(a e^2 - bde + c d^2)}{d^4 x} + \frac{e^2(a e^2 - bde + c d^2) \ln(x)}{d^5} - \frac{e^2(a e^2 - bde + c d^2) \ln(ex+d)}{d^5}$
norman	$\frac{(a e^2 - bde + c d^2) e x^3}{d^4} - \frac{a}{4d} + \frac{(ae-bd)x}{3d^2} - \frac{(a e^2 - bde + c d^2) x^2}{2d^3} + \frac{e^2(a e^2 - bde + c d^2) \ln(x)}{d^5} - \frac{e^2(a e^2 - bde + c d^2) \ln(ex+d)}{d^5}$
risch	$\frac{(a e^2 - bde + c d^2) e x^3}{d^4} - \frac{a}{4d} + \frac{(ae-bd)x}{3d^2} - \frac{(a e^2 - bde + c d^2) x^2}{2d^3} - \frac{e^4 \ln(ex+d)a}{d^5} + \frac{e^3 \ln(ex+d)b}{d^4} - \frac{e^2 \ln(ex+d)c}{d^3} + \frac{e^4 \ln(-x)}{d^5}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{12 \ln(ex+d)x^4 a e^4 - 12 \ln(ex+d)x^4 b d e^3 + 12 \ln(ex+d)x^4 c d^2 e^2 - 12 \ln(x)x^4 a e^4 + 12 \ln(x)x^4 b d e^3 - 12 \ln(x)x^4 c d^2 e^2 - 12 x^3 a}{12 d^5 x^4}$

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^5/(e*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4*a/d/x^4-1/3*(-a*e+b*d)/d^2/x^3-1/2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/d^3/x^2+e*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/d^4/x+e^2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*ln(x)/d^5-e^2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/d^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \frac{12(cd^2e^2 - bde^3 + ae^4)x^4 \log(ex + d) - 12(cd^2e^2 - bde^3 + ae^4)x^4 \log(x) + 3ad^4 - 12(cd^3e - bd^2e^2)}{12d^5x^4}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/12*(12*(c*d^2*e^2 - b*d*e^3 + a*e^4)*x^4*log(e*x + d) - 12*(c*d^2*e^2 - b*d*e^3 + a*e^4)*x^4*log(x) + 3*a*d^4 - 12*(c*d^3*e - b*d^2*e^2 + a*d*e^3)*x^3 + 6*(c*d^4 - b*d^3*e + a*d^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(b*d^4 - a*d^3*e)*x)/(d^5*x^4)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 275 vs. 2(128) = 256.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \frac{-3ad^3 + x^3 \cdot (12ae^3 - 12bde^2 + 12cd^2e) + x^2(-6ade^2 + 6bd^2e - 6cd^3) + x(4ad^2e - 4bd^3)}{12d^4x^4} + \frac{e^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \log\left(x + \frac{ade^4 - bd^2e^3 + cd^3e^2 - de^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{2ae^5 - 2bde^4 + 2cd^2e^3}\right)}{d^5} - \frac{e^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \log\left(x + \frac{ade^4 - bd^2e^3 + cd^3e^2 + de^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{2ae^5 - 2bde^4 + 2cd^2e^3}\right)}{d^5}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/x**5/(e*x+d),x)`

output

```
(-3*a*d**3 + x**3*(12*a*e**3 - 12*b*d*e**2 + 12*c*d**2*e) + x**2*(-6*a*d*e
**2 + 6*b*d**2*e - 6*c*d**3) + x*(4*a*d**2*e - 4*b*d**3))/(12*d**4*x**4) +
e**2*(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(x + (a*d*e**4 - b*d**2*e**3 + c*d**3*e
**2 - d*e**2*(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)))/(2*a*e**5 - 2*b*d*e**4 + 2*c*d**2*
e**3))/d**5 - e**2*(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(x + (a*d*e**4 - b*d**2*e*
*3 + c*d**3*e**2 + d*e**2*(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)))/(2*a*e**5 - 2*b*d*e**
4 + 2*c*d**2*e**3))/d**5
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(cd^2e^2 - bde^3 + ae^4) \log(ex + d)}{d^5} + \frac{(cd^2e^2 - bde^3 + ae^4) \log(x)}{d^5}$$

$$- \frac{3ad^3 - 12(cd^2e - bde^2 + ae^3)x^3 + 6(cd^3 - bd^2e + ade^2)x^2 + 4(bd^3 - ad^2e)x}{12d^4x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-(c*d^2*e^2 - b*d*e^3 + a*e^4)*log(e*x + d)/d^5 + (c*d^2*e^2 - b*d*e^3 + a
*e^4)*log(x)/d^5 - 1/12*(3*a*d^3 - 12*(c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*x^3 + 6*
(c*d^3 - b*d^2*e + a*d*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(b*d^3 - a*d^2*e)*x)/(d^4*x^4)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(cd^2e^2 - bde^3 + ae^4) \log(|x|)}{d^5} - \frac{(cd^2e^3 - bde^4 + ae^5) \log(|ex + d|)}{d^5e}$$

$$- \frac{3ad^4 - 12(cd^3e - bd^2e^2 + ade^3)x^3 + 6(cd^4 - bd^3e + ad^2e^2)x^2 + 4(bd^4 - ad^3e)x}{12d^5x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(c*d^2*e^2 - b*d*e^3 + a*e^4)*log(abs(x))/d^5 - (c*d^2*e^3 - b*d*e^4 + a*e^5)*log(abs(e*x + d))/(d^5*e) - 1/12*(3*a*d^4 - 12*(c*d^3*e - b*d^2*e^2 + a*d*e^3)*x^3 + 6*(c*d^4 - b*d^3*e + a*d^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(b*d^4 - a*d^3*e)*x)/(d^5*x^4)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{a}{4d} - \frac{x(ae - bd)}{3d^2} + \frac{x^2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)}{2d^3} - \frac{ex^3(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)}{d^4} - \frac{2e^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{e^2(d+2ex)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)}{d(cd^2e^2 - bde^3 + ae^4)}\right)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)}{d^5}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)),x)
```

output

```
- (a/(4*d) - (x*(a*e - b*d))/(3*d^2) + (x^2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2 - b*d*e))/(2*d^3) - (e*x^3*(a*e^2 + c*d^2 - b*d*e))/d^4)/x^4 - (2*e^2*atanh((e^2*(d + 2*e*x)*(a*e^2 + c*d^2 - b*d*e))/(d*(a*e^4 + c*d^2*e^2 - b*d*e^3))))*(a*e^2 + c*d^2 - b*d*e))/d^5
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \frac{-12 \log(ex + d) a e^4 x^4 + 12 \log(ex + d) b d e^3 x^4 - 12 \log(ex + d) c d^2 e^2 x^4 + 12 \log(x) a e^4 x^4 - 12 \log(x) b d e^3 x^4 - 12 \log(x) c d^2 e^2 x^4 + 12 \log(x) a e^4 x^4 - 12 \log(x) b d e^3 x^4 - 12 \log(x) c d^2 e^2 x^4}{d^5}$$

input

```
int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^5/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
( - 12*log(d + e*x)*a*e**4*x**4 + 12*log(d + e*x)*b*d*e**3*x**4 - 12*log(d
+ e*x)*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 + 12*log(x)*a*e**4*x**4 - 12*log(x)*b*d*e**3*x**4
+ 12*log(x)*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 - 3*a*d**4 + 4*a*d**3*e*x - 6*a*d**2*e**2*x*
*2 + 12*a*d*e**3*x**3 - 4*b*d**4*x + 6*b*d**3*e*x**2 - 12*b*d**2*e**2*x**3
- 6*c*d**4*x**2 + 12*c*d**3*e*x**3)/(12*d**5*x**4)
```


3.10 $\int \frac{-3+x+x^2}{(-3+x)x^2} dx$

Optimal result	260
Mathematica [A] (verified)	260
Rubi [A] (verified)	261
Maple [A] (verified)	262
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	262
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	263
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	263
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	263
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	264
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	264

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{-3+x+x^2}{(-3+x)x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{x} + \log(3-x)$$

output `-1/x+ln(3-x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{-3+x+x^2}{(-3+x)x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{x} + \log(3-x)$$

input `Integrate[(-3 + x + x^2)/((-3 + x)*x^2), x]`

output `-x^(-1) + Log[3 - x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2 + x - 3}{(x - 3)x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1195}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x - 3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\log(3 - x) - \frac{1}{x}$$

input

```
Int[(-3 + x + x^2)/((-3 + x)*x^2),x]
```

output

```
-x^(-1) + Log[3 - x]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1195

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
default	$\ln(-3+x) - \frac{1}{x}$	11
norman	$\ln(-3+x) - \frac{1}{x}$	11
risch	$\ln(-3+x) - \frac{1}{x}$	11
meijerg	$\ln\left(1 - \frac{x}{3}\right) - \frac{1}{x}$	13
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(-3+x)x-1}{x}$	13

input `int((x^2+x-3)/(-3+x)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `ln(-3+x)-1/x`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{-3+x+x^2}{(-3+x)x^2} dx = \frac{x \log(x-3) - 1}{x}$$

input `integrate((x^2+x-3)/(-3+x)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(x*log(x - 3) - 1)/x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{-3 + x + x^2}{(-3 + x)x^2} dx = \log(x - 3) - \frac{1}{x}$$

input `integrate((x**2+x-3)/(-3+x)/x**2,x)`output `log(x - 3) - 1/x`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{-3 + x + x^2}{(-3 + x)x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{x} + \log(x - 3)$$

input `integrate((x^2+x-3)/(-3+x)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/x + log(x - 3)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{-3 + x + x^2}{(-3 + x)x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{x} + \log(|x - 3|)$$

input `integrate((x^2+x-3)/(-3+x)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/x + log(abs(x - 3))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{-3 + x + x^2}{(-3 + x)x^2} dx = \ln(x - 3) - \frac{1}{x}$$

input `int((x + x^2 - 3)/(x^2*(x - 3)),x)`

output `log(x - 3) - 1/x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{-3 + x + x^2}{(-3 + x)x^2} dx = \frac{\log(x - 3)x - 1}{x}$$

input `int((x^2+x-3)/(-3+x)/x^2,x)`

output `(log(x - 3)*x - 1)/x`

3.11 $\int \frac{-2-3x+5x^2}{(-2+x)x^2} dx$

Optimal result	265
Mathematica [A] (verified)	265
Rubi [A] (verified)	266
Maple [A] (verified)	267
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	267
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	268
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	268
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	268
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	269
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	269

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{-2-3x+5x^2}{(-2+x)x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{x} + 3 \log(2-x) + 2 \log(x)$$

output `-1/x+3*ln(2-x)+2*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{-2-3x+5x^2}{(-2+x)x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{x} + 3 \log(2-x) + 2 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[(-2 - 3*x + 5*x^2)/((-2 + x)*x^2), x]`

output `-x^(-1) + 3*Log[2 - x] + 2*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{5x^2 - 3x - 2}{(x - 2)x^2} dx$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{2}{x} + \frac{3}{x - 2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{1}{x} + 3 \log(2 - x) + 2 \log(x)$$

input

```
Int[(-2 - 3*x + 5*x^2)/((-2 + x)*x^2), x]
```

output

```
-x^(-1) + 3*Log[2 - x] + 2*Log[x]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1195

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
default	$3 \ln(x - 2) - \frac{1}{x} + 2 \ln(x)$	17
norman	$3 \ln(x - 2) - \frac{1}{x} + 2 \ln(x)$	17
risch	$3 \ln(x - 2) - \frac{1}{x} + 2 \ln(x)$	17
parallelrisch	$\frac{2 \ln(x)x + 3 \ln(x-2)x - 1}{x}$	19
meijerg	$3 \ln\left(-\frac{x}{2} + 1\right) + 2 \ln(x) - 2 \ln(2) + 2i\pi - \frac{1}{x}$	27

input `int((5*x^2-3*x-2)/(x-2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3*ln(x-2)-1/x+2*ln(x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{-2 - 3x + 5x^2}{(-2 + x)x^2} dx = \frac{3x \log(x - 2) + 2x \log(x) - 1}{x}$$

input `integrate((5*x^2-3*x-2)/(-2+x)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(3*x*log(x - 2) + 2*x*log(x) - 1)/x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{-2 - 3x + 5x^2}{(-2 + x)x^2} dx = 2 \log(x) + 3 \log(x - 2) - \frac{1}{x}$$

input `integrate((5*x**2-3*x-2)/(-2+x)/x**2,x)`output `2*log(x) + 3*log(x - 2) - 1/x`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{-2 - 3x + 5x^2}{(-2 + x)x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{x} + 3 \log(x - 2) + 2 \log(x)$$

input `integrate((5*x^2-3*x-2)/(-2+x)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/x + 3*log(x - 2) + 2*log(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{-2 - 3x + 5x^2}{(-2 + x)x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{x} + 3 \log(|x - 2|) + 2 \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((5*x^2-3*x-2)/(-2+x)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/x + 3*log(abs(x - 2)) + 2*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{-2 - 3x + 5x^2}{(-2 + x)x^2} dx = 3 \ln(x - 2) + 2 \ln(x) - \frac{1}{x}$$

input `int(-(3*x - 5*x^2 + 2)/(x^2*(x - 2)),x)`output `3*log(x - 2) + 2*log(x) - 1/x`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{-2 - 3x + 5x^2}{(-2 + x)x^2} dx = \frac{3 \log(x - 2) x + 2 \log(x) x - 1}{x}$$

input `int((5*x^2-3*x-2)/(-2+x)/x^2,x)`output `(3*log(x - 2)*x + 2*log(x)*x - 1)/x`

3.12 $\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

Optimal result	270
Mathematica [A] (verified)	271
Rubi [A] (verified)	271
Maple [A] (verified)	276
Fricas [F(-1)]	276
Sympy [F]	277
Maxima [F(-2)]	277
Giac [F(-2)]	278
Mupad [F(-1)]	278
Reduce [F]	278

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 362

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx =$$

$$-\frac{(64c^3d^3 - 16bc^2d^2e - 5b^3e^3 - 4bce^2(2bd - ae) - 2ce(16c^2d^2 + 5b^2e^2 + 4ce(2bd - ae))x) \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{64c^3e^4}$$

$$-\frac{(14cd + 5be)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{24c^2e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4ce^2}$$

$$+\frac{(128c^4d^4 - 5b^4e^4 - 8b^2ce^3(bd - 3ae) - 64c^3d^2e(bd - ae) - 16c^2e^2(bd - ae)^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{128c^{7/2}e^5}$$

$$-\frac{d^3\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^5}$$

output

```
-1/64*(64*c^3*d^3-16*b*c^2*d^2*e-5*b^3*e^3-4*b*c*e^2*(-a*e+2*b*d)-2*c*e*(1
6*c^2*d^2+5*b^2*e^2+4*c*e*(-a*e+2*b*d))*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^3/e^4-1/2
4*(5*b*e+14*c*d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/c^2/e^2+1/4*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/
2)/c/e^2+1/128*(128*c^4*d^4-5*b^4*e^4-8*b^2*c*e^3*(-3*a*e+b*d)-64*c^3*d^2*
e*(-a*e+b*d)-16*c^2*e^2*(-a*e+b*d)^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2
+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/e^5-d^3*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-
2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ce} \sqrt{a + x(b + cx)} (15b^3 e^3 - 2bce^2(-12bd + 26ae + 5bex) - 16c^3(12d^3 - 6d^2ex + 4de^2x^2 - 3e^3x^3) + \dots}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(15*b^3*e^3 - 2*b*c*e^2*(-12*b*d + 26*a
*e + 5*b*e*x) - 16*c^3*(12*d^3 - 6*d^2*e*x + 4*d*e^2*x^2 - 3*e^3*x^3) + 8*
c^2*e*(a*e*(-8*d + 3*e*x) + b*(6*d^2 - 2*d*e*x + e^2*x^2))) - 768*c^(7/2)*
d^3*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a +
x*(b + c*x)])]/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)] - 3*(128*c^4*d^4 - 5*b^4*e^4
- 8*b^2*c*e^3*(b*d - 3*a*e) - 64*c^3*d^2*e*(b*d - a*e) - 16*c^2*e^2*(b*d
- a*e)^2)*Log[b + 2*c*x - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]])/(384*c^(7/2)*e
^5)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 392, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$, Rules used = {1267, 27, 2184, 27, 1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1267$$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(e^2(14cd+5be)x^2+2e(3cd^2+e(4bd+ae))x+de(3bd+2ae))}{2(d+ex)} dx}{4ce^3} + \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4ce^2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4ce^2} - \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(e^2(14cd+5be)x^2+2e(3cd^2+e(4bd+ae))x+de(3bd+2ae))}{d+ex} dx$$

↓ 2184

$$\frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4ce^2} - \int -\frac{3e^3(d(5eb^2+8cdb-4ace)+(16c^2d^2+5b^2e^2+4ce(2bd-ae))x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(d+ex)3ce^2} dx + \frac{e(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(5be+14cd)}{3c}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4ce^2} - \frac{e(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(5be+14cd)}{3c} - e \int \frac{d(5eb^2+8cdb-4ace)+(16c^2d^2+5b^2e^2+4ce(2bd-ae))x}{d+ex} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

↓ 1231

$$\frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4ce^2} - \frac{e(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(5be+14cd)}{3c} - e \left(-\int \frac{d(5e^3b^4+8cde^2b^3+8ce(2cd^2-3ae^2)b^2-32c^2d(2cd^2+ae^2)b+16ac^2e(4cd^2+ae^2))-(128c^4d^4-64c^3e(bd-ae)d^2-5}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx \right)$$

8ce³

↓ 27

$$\frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4ce^2} - \frac{e(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(5be+14cd)}{3c} - e \left(-\int \frac{d(5e^3b^4+8cde^2b^3+8ce(2cd^2-3ae^2)b^2-32c^2d(2cd^2+ae^2)b+16ac^2e(4cd^2+ae^2))-(128c^4d^4-64c^3e(bd-ae)d^2-5}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx \right)$$

8ce³

↓ 1269

$$\frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4ce^2} - \frac{e(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(5be+14cd)}{3c} - e \left(-\frac{128c^3d^3(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{e} \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{(-8b^2ce^3(bd-3ae)-64c^3d^2e(bd-ae)-16c^2e^2(bd-ae)^2-5b^4e^4+}{8ce^2} \right)$$

8ce³

↓ 1092

$$\frac{e(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(5be+14cd)}{3c} - \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4ce^2} - e \left(\frac{128c^3d^3(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{e} \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{2(-8b^2ce^3(bd-3ae)-64c^3d^2e(bd-ae)-16c^2e^2(bd-ae)^2-5b^4e^4)}{8ce^2} \right)$$

8ce³

219

$$\frac{e(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(5be+14cd)}{3c} - \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4ce^2} - e \left(\frac{128c^3d^3(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{e} \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(-8b^2ce^3(bd-3ae)-64c^3d^2e(bd-ae)-16c^2e^2(bd-ae)^2-5b^4e^4)}{8ce^2\sqrt{ce}} \right)$$

8ce³

1154

$$\frac{e(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(5be+14cd)}{3c} - \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4ce^2} - e \left(\frac{256c^3d^3(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{e} \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2) - \frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{8ce^2} \right)$$

219

$$\frac{e(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(5be+14cd)}{3c} - \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4ce^2} - e \left(\frac{128c^3d^3\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(-8b^2ce^3(bd-3ae)-64c^3d^2e(bd-ae)-16c^2e^2(bd-ae)^2-5b^4e^4)}{8ce^2\sqrt{ce}} \right)$$

8

input `Int[(x^3*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(d + e*x), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2})/(4ce^2) - ((e(14cd + 5be)(a + \\ & bx + cx^2)^{3/2})/(3c) - (e(-1/4((64c^3d^3 - 16b^2c^2d^2e - 5b^3 \\ & e^3 - 4b^2ce^2(2bd - ae) - 2ce(16c^2d^2 + 5b^2e^2 + 4ce(2 \\ & bd - ae))x)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2})/(c^2e^2) - (-(((128c^4d^4 - 5b^4e \\ & ^4 - 8b^2ce^3(bd - 3ae) - 64c^3d^2e(bd - ae) - 16c^2e^2(b \\ & d - ae)^2)\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b + 2cx)/(2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2})]))/(\sqrt{ \\ & c}e) + (128c^3d^3\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(bd - 2ae + (\\ & 2cd - be)x)/(2\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2})]))/e \\ & / (8ce^2)))/(2c))/(8ce^3) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \operatorname{!MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\operatorname{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1/(\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2]\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2](x/\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \operatorname{||} \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1092

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[2 \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(4c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2cx)/\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x$$

rule 1154

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)(x_))\sqrt{(a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[-2 \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(4cd^2 - 4bde + 4ae^2 - x^2), x], x, (2ae - bd - (2cd - be)x)/\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x$$

rule 1231

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c_
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)
- g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/
(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m +
2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*
a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*
c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c
^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x]
]; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !R
ationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (Integer
Q[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 1267

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))^(n_)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_
) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b
*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^n*(m
+ n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^n*(m
+ n + 2*p + 1)*(f + g*x)^n - c*g^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^n - g^n*(d
+ e*x)^(n - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + n - 1) - c*d^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1)
- e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + n + p)*x), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g
, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 2184

```
Int[(Pq_)*((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, S
imp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q
+ 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a +
b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p +
1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c
*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[
q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && Pol
yQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGt
Q[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))
```


output Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{ex + d} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `int(x^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

3.13 $\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 255

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{((2cd-be)(4cd+be) - 2ce(2cd+be)x)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{8c^2e^3} + \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce} - \frac{(16c^3d^3 - b^3e^3 - 2bce^2(bd-2ae) - 8c^2de(bd-ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{16c^{5/2}e^4} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^4}$$

output

```
1/8*((-b*e+2*c*d)*(b*e+4*c*d)-2*c*e*(b*e+2*c*d)*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^2
/e^3+1/3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/c/e-1/16*(16*c^3*d^3-b^3*e^3-2*b*c*e^2*(-2*a*
e+b*d)-8*c^2*d*e*(-a*e+b*d))*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(
1/2))/c^(5/2)/e^4+d^2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b
*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ce} \sqrt{a + x(b + cx)} (-3b^2e^2 + 2ce(-3bd + 4ae + bex) + 4c^2(6d^2 - 3dex + 2e^2x^2)) + 96c^{5/2}d^2 \sqrt{-cd^2 +}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(-3*b^2*e^2 + 2*c*e*(-3*b*d + 4*a*e + b
*e*x) + 4*c^2*(6*d^2 - 3*d*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2)) + 96*c^(5/2)*d^2*Sqrt[-(c*d^2
) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sq
rt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]] + 3*(16*c^3*d^3 - b^3*e^3 - 2*b*c*e^2*(b*d -
2*a*e) + 8*c^2*d*e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*Log[b + 2*c*x - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(
b + c*x)])]/(48*c^(5/2)*e^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {1267, 27, 1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1267$$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{3e(bd+(2cd+be)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(d+ex)} dx}{3ce^2} + \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce} - \frac{\int \frac{(bd+(2cd+be)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{d+ex} dx}{2ce}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1231 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2ce} - \frac{\int \frac{d(2cd-be)(eb^2+4cdb-4ace) + (16c^3d^3-8c^2e(bd-ae)d-b^3e^3-2bce^2(bd-2ae))x}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{4ce^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}((2cd-be)(be+4cd)-2cex(be+2cd))}{4ce^2} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2ce} - \frac{\int \frac{d(2cd-be)(eb^2+4cdb-4ace) + (16c^3d^3-8c^2e(bd-ae)d-b^3e^3-2bce^2(bd-2ae))x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{8ce^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}((2cd-be)(be+4cd)-2cex(be+2cd))}{4ce^2} \\
 & \downarrow 1269 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2ce} - \frac{(-8c^2de(bd-ae)-2bce^2(bd-2ae)-b^3e^3+16c^3d^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{8ce^2} - \frac{16c^2d^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}((2cd-be)(be+4cd)-2cex(be+2cd))}{4ce^2} \\
 & \downarrow 1092 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2ce} - \frac{2(-8c^2de(bd-ae)-2bce^2(bd-2ae)-b^3e^3+16c^3d^3) \int \frac{1}{4c-\frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{8ce^2} - \frac{16c^2d^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}((2cd-be)(be+4cd)-2cex(be+2cd))}{4ce^2} \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2ce} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right) (-8c^2de(bd-ae)-2bce^2(bd-2ae)-b^3e^3+16c^3d^3)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{16c^2d^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}((2cd-be)(be+4cd)-2cex(be+2cd))}{4ce^2} \\
 & \downarrow 1154 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2ce} - \frac{32c^2d^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2)-\frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{8ce^2} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right) (-8c^2de(bd-ae)-2bce^2(bd-2ae)-b^3e^3+16c^3d^3)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}((2cd-be)(be+4cd)-2cex(be+2cd))}{4ce^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\arctanh\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)\sqrt{ce} - \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce} - \frac{16c^2d^2\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}\arctanh\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{e}}{8ce^2} - \frac{16c^2d^2\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}\arctanh\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{2ce}$$

input `Int[(x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output $(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(3/2)}/(3*c*e) - (-1/4*((2*c*d - b*e)*(4*c*d + b*e) - 2*c*e*(2*c*d + b*e)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(c*e^2) + (((16*c^3*d^3 - b^3*e^3 - 2*b*c*e^2*(b*d - 2*a*e) - 8*c^2*d*e*(b*d - a*e))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(Sqrt[c]*e) - (16*c^2*d^2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/e)/(8*c*e^2))/(2*c*e)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1231

```

Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)
- g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/
(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m +
2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*
a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*
c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c
^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))]*x, x], x]
]; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !R
ationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (Integer
Q[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])

```

rule 1267

```

Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))^(n_)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_
) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b
*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^n*(m
+ n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^n*(m
+ n + 2*p + 1)*(f + g*x)^n - c*g^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^n - g^n*(d
+ e*x)^(n - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + n - 1) - c*d^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1)
- e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + n + p)*x), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g
, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]

```

rule 1269

```

Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
risch	$\frac{(8c^2e^2x^2+2e^2xbc-12c^2dex+8ace^2-3b^2e^2-6bcde+24c^2d^2)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{24c^2e^3} - \frac{(4abc e^3+8d e^2 a c^2-b^3 e^3-2d e^2 b^2 c-8d^2 e b c^2+16d^3 c^3)}{e\sqrt{c}}$
default	$\frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{4c} + \frac{(4ac-b^2) \ln\left(\frac{b+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{e} + \frac{d^2 \left(\sqrt{c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{ae^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2}} \right)}{2c}$

```
input int(x^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/24*(8*c^2*e^2*x^2+2*b*c*e^2*x-12*c^2*d*e*x+8*a*c*e^2-3*b^2*e^2-6*b*c*d*e
+24*c^2*d^2)/c^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e^3-1/16/e^3/c^2*((4*a*b*c*e^3+8*a*c^
2*d*e^2-b^3*e^3-2*b^2*c*d*e^2-8*b*c^2*d^2*e+16*c^3*d^3)/e*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c
^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)+16*d^2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*c^2/e^2/((a
*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(
x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e
)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 101.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1459, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.72

$$\int \frac{x^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/96*(48*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*c^3*d^2*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 -
(b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 3*(16*c^3*d^3 - 8*b*c^2*d^2*e - 2*(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d*e^2 - (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*e^3)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^2 - 8*b*c*x - b^2 + 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 4*(8*c^3*e^3*x^2 + 24*c^3*d^2*e - 6*b*c^2*d*e^2 - (3*b^2*c - 8*a*c^2)*e^3 - 2*(6*c^3*d*e^2 - b*c^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/(c^3*e^4), 1/96*(96*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*c^3*d^2*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + (b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) + 3*(16*c^3*d^3 - 8*b*c^2*d^2*e - 2*(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d*e^2 - (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*e^3)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^2 - 8*b*c*x - b^2 + 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 4*(8*c^3*e^3*x^2 + 24*c^3*d^2*e - 6*b*c^2*d*e^2 - (3*b^2*c - 8*a*c^2)*e^3 - 2*(6*c^3*d*e^2 - b*c^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/(c^3*e^4), 1/48*(24*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*c^3*d^2*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/(d + e*x), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{ex + d} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `int(x^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

3.14 $\int \frac{x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = -\frac{(4cd - be - 2cex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4ce^2} - \frac{((b^2 - 4ac)e^2 - 4cd(2cd - be)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}e^3} - \frac{d\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^3}$$

output

```
-1/4*(-2*c*e*x-b*e+4*c*d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c/e^2-1/8*((-4*a*c+b^2)*e^2-4*c*d*(-b*e+2*c*d))*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^3-d*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{c}\left(e(-4cd+be+2cex)\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)} - 8cd\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)}}\right)\right)}{8c^{3/2}e^3} + \dots$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[c]*(e*(-4*c*d + b*e + 2*c*e*x)*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)] - 8*c*d*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]]) + (8*c^2*d^2 - b^2*e^2 + 4*c*e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]/(8*c^(3/2)*e^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1231$$

$$\int \frac{d(-eb^2+4cdb-4ace)+(8c^2d^2-b^2e^2-4ce(bd-ae))x}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-be+4cd-2cex)}{4ce^2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{d(-eb^2+4cdb-4ace)+(8c^2d^2-b^2e^2-4ce(bd-ae))x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-be+4cd-2cex)}{4ce^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1269 \\
 & \frac{(-4ce(bd-ae)-b^2e^2+8c^2d^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - 8cd(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \\
 & \quad \frac{8ce^2}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-be+4cd-2cex)} \\
 & \quad \frac{4ce^2}{4ce^2} \\
 & \downarrow 1092 \\
 & \frac{2(-4ce(bd-ae)-b^2e^2+8c^2d^2) \int \frac{1}{4c-\frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d \frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - 8cd(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \\
 & \quad \frac{8ce^2}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-be+4cd-2cex)} \\
 & \quad \frac{4ce^2}{4ce^2} \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(-4ce(bd-ae)-b^2e^2+8c^2d^2) - 8cd(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{\sqrt{ce}} \\
 & \quad \frac{8ce^2}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-be+4cd-2cex)} \\
 & \quad \frac{4ce^2}{4ce^2} \\
 & \downarrow 1154 \\
 & \frac{16cd(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bde+ae^2)-\frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(-4ce(bd-ae)-b^2e^2+8c^2d^2)}{e} \\
 & \quad \frac{8ce^2}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-be+4cd-2cex)} \\
 & \quad \frac{4ce^2}{4ce^2} \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(-4ce(bd-ae)-b^2e^2+8c^2d^2) - 8cd\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} \\
 & \quad \frac{8ce^2}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-be+4cd-2cex)} \\
 & \quad \frac{4ce^2}{4ce^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[(x*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(d + e*x), x]`

output

$$-1/4*((4*c*d - b*e - 2*c*e*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(c*e^2) + (((8*c^2*d^2 - b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(b*d - a*e))*\text{ArcTanh}[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*e) - (8*c*d*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*\text{ArcTanh}[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/e)/(8*c*e^2)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1092

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x$$

rule 1154

$$\text{Int}[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x$$

rule 1231

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c_)*
(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c_)*
(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

method	result
risch	$\frac{(2cex+be-4cd)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{4ce^2} + \frac{(4ace^2-b^2e^2-4bcde+8c^2d^2)\ln\left(\frac{b+cx}{\sqrt{c}}+\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{e\sqrt{c}} + \frac{8d(ae^2-bde+cd^2)c\ln\left(\frac{2ae^2-2bde+2cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{8e^2c}$
default	$\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{4c} + \frac{(4ac-b^2)\ln\left(\frac{b+cx}{\sqrt{c}}+\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{8c\frac{3}{2}} - d\left(\sqrt{c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+\frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)+ae^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2}} + \frac{(be-2cd)\ln\left(\frac{be-2cd}{2e}\right)}{e}\right)$

input

```
int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4*(2*c*e*x+b*e-4*c*d)/c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e^2+1/8/e^2/c*((4*a*c*e^2-b^2*e^2-4*b*c*d*e+8*c^2*d^2)/e*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)+8*d*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*c/e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1165, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.10

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/16*(8*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*c^2*d*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + (8*c^2*d^2 - 4*b*c*d*e - (b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^2 - 8*b*c*x - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 4*(2*c^2*e^2*x - 4*c^2*d*e + b*c*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/(c^2*e^3), -1/16*(16*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*c^2*d*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + (b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) - (8*c^2*d^2 - 4*b*c*d*e - (b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^2 - 8*b*c*x - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) - 4*(2*c^2*e^2*x - 4*c^2*d*e + b*c*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/(c^2*e^3), 1/8*(4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*c^2*d*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - (8*c^2*d^2 - 4*b*c*d*e - (b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^2 + b*c*x + a*c)) + 2*(2*c^2*e^2*x - 4*c^2*d*e + b*c*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/(...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \int \frac{x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d), x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \int \frac{x\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{d+ex} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x), x)`output `int((x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4268, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.35

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d), x)`

output

```
(8*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**
2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2
)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e +
b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(
c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e
- 8*c**2*d**2))*b*c**2*d*e - 16*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**
2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e
**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(
c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 -
b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c
e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*c**3*d**2 + 16*sqrt(c)*sqrt(4
*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e
+ c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*atan((2
*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e
**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d -
4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*a*c**2*d*e**2 - 16*sqrt
(c)*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e*
**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**
2)*atan((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c
)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c...
```

3.15 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

Optimal result	297
Mathematica [A] (verified)	297
Rubi [A] (verified)	298
Maple [A] (verified)	300
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	301
Sympy [F]	301
Maxima [F(-2)]	302
Giac [F(-2)]	302
Mupad [F(-1)]	303
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	303

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{e} - \frac{(2cd-be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ce^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^2}$$

output

```
(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e-1/2*(-b*e+2*c*d)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e^2+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)} + 2\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}x}{\sqrt{a}(d+ex)-d\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}\right) + 2\sqrt{cd}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}\right)}{e^2}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(d + e*x),x]`

output $(e\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)} + 2\sqrt{-(cd^2) + bde - ae^2}\text{ArcTan}[\frac{\sqrt{-(cd^2) + bde - ae^2}x}{\sqrt{a}(d + ex) - d\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}}] + 2\sqrt{c}d\text{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}}] + (b * e\text{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}}])/\sqrt{c})/e^2$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {1162, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1162 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{e} - \frac{\int \frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1269 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{e} - \frac{(2cd - be) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{e} - \frac{2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1092 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{e} - \frac{2(2cd - be) \int \frac{1}{4c - \frac{(b + 2cx)^2}{cx^2 + bx + a}} d \frac{b + 2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}}{e} - \frac{2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{e} - \frac{(2cd - be) \arctanh\left(\frac{b + 2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1154
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{4(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{e} d\left(-\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}\right) + \frac{(2cd - be) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}}}{2e}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{(2cd - be) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae + x(2cd - be) + bd}{2\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}}\right)}{e}}{2e}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(d + e*x), x]`

output `Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/e - (((2*c*d - b*e)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(Sqrt[c]*e) - (2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/e)/(2*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1162

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*Simp[b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (!RationalQ[m] || LtQ[m, 1]) && !IntQ[m + 2*p, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{e} + \frac{(be-2cd) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{e\sqrt{c}} - \frac{2(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \ln\left(\frac{2ae^2-2bde+2cd^2 + \frac{(be-2cd)(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{ae^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{c}}{x+\frac{d}{e}}\right)}{2e}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{ae^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}}{2e\sqrt{c}} + \frac{(be-2cd) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{be-2cd}{2e} + c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{ae^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}\right)}{e}$

input

```
int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e+1/2/e*((b*e-2*c*d)/e*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 992, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/4*(4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*c*e - (2*c*d - b*e)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^2 -
8*b*c*x - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 2*
sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*c*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d
^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*
e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*
c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)))/(c
*e^2), 1/2*(2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*c*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/
2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^2 + b*c*x + a*c)) + sq
rt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*c*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2
- (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e
+ a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c
d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)))/(c*e
^2), 1/4*(4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*c*e + 4*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*c*a
rctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e
+ (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a
c*e^2)*x^2 + (b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) - (2*c*d - b*e)*sqrt(c)*log
(-8*c^2*x^2 - 8*b*c*x - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c)
- 4*a*c))/(c*e^2), 1/2*(2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*c*e + 2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*
e - a*e^2)*c*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a
)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-b*d*e>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x),x)`output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3976, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*
e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d
**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*
e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sq
rt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d
*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*b*c*e + 4*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*
b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2
+ 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(c)*
sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d
*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**
2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*c**2*d - 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(4*sqrt(c
)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d*
**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(c
)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b
*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e
**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*a*c*e**2 + 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(4*sq
rt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e +
c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*atan((2*sq
rt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2
- b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - ...
```

3.16 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$

Optimal result	305
Mathematica [A] (verified)	305
Rubi [A] (verified)	306
Maple [B] (verified)	309
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	309
Sympy [F]	310
Maxima [F(-2)]	311
Giac [F(-2)]	311
Mupad [F(-1)]	311
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	312

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x(d+ex)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{de}$$

output

```
-a^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*x+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/d+c^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e-(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/d/e
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x(d+ex)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}}\right)-2\sqrt{ae}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)+\sqrt{cd}\log\left(e\left(b\right)\right)}{de}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(x*(d + e*x)),x]`

output
$$-\left(\frac{2\sqrt{-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{c}(d + e*x) - e\sqrt{a + x*(b + c*x)}}{\sqrt{-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2}}\right] - 2\sqrt{a}*e \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{a + x*(b + c*x)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right] + \sqrt{c}*d \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{e*(b + 2*c*x - 2*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{a + x*(b + c*x)})}{d*e}\right]}{d*e}\right)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {1270, 25, 1154, 219, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1270 \\ & \frac{a \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{\int -\frac{bd+cx-d-ae}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{bd+cx-d-ae}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{d} + \frac{a \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1154 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{bd+cx-d-ae}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{4a - \frac{(2a+bx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d \frac{2a+bx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow 219 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{bd+cx-d-ae}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1269 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{4c - \frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d \frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{e} - \frac{(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\sqrt{cd} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{2(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2) - \frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{e} + \frac{\sqrt{cd} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e}$$

$$\frac{d}{d} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\sqrt{cd} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{e}$$

$$\frac{d}{d} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(x*(d + e*x)),x]
```

output

```
-((Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/d) + ((Sqrt[c]*d*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/e - (Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/e)/d
```


Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a) + (b) \cdot (x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a) + (b) \cdot (x) + (c) \cdot (x)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2cx)/\text{Sqrt}[a + bx + cx^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1154 $\text{Int}[1/(((d) + (e) \cdot (x)) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(a) + (b) \cdot (x) + (c) \cdot (x)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4cd^2 - 4bd^2e + 4ae^2 - x^2), x], x, (2ae - bd - (2cd - b^2e)x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + bx + cx^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$
- rule 1269 $\text{Int}[(d) + (e) \cdot (x))^m \cdot ((f) + (g) \cdot (x)) \cdot ((a) + (b) \cdot (x) + (c) \cdot (x)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \quad \text{Int}[(d + ex)^{m+1} \cdot (a + bx + cx^2)^p, x] + \text{Simp}[(ef - d^2g)/e \quad \text{Int}[(d + ex)^m \cdot (a + bx + cx^2)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$
- rule 1270 $\text{Int}[(a) + (b) \cdot (x) + (c) \cdot (x)^2)^p / (((d) + (e) \cdot (x)) \cdot ((f) + (g) \cdot (x))), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)/(e \cdot (ef - d^2g)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + bx + cx^2)^{p-1} / (d + ex), x], x] - \text{Simp}[1/(e \cdot (ef - d^2g)) \quad \text{Int}[\text{Simp}[cd^2f - b^2ef + ae^2g - c \cdot (ef - d^2g)x, x] \cdot (a + bx + cx^2)^{p-1} / (f + gx), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 412 vs. 2(143) = 286.

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} + \frac{b \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} - \sqrt{a} \ln\left(\frac{2a+bx+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{x}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{ae^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}}{d}$

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+1/2*b*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))
/c^(1/2)-a^(1/2)*ln((2*a+b*x+2*a^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/x))-1/d*((c*(x
+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(b*e-2*c*
d)/e*ln((1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)/e+c*(x+d/e))/c^(1/2)+(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(
x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2/((a
*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(
x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e
)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 39.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2218, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.28

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*(sqrt(c)*d*log(-8*c^2*x^2 - 8*b*c*x - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(
2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + sqrt(a)*e*log(-(8*a*b*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2
- 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*x + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^2) + sqrt(c*d^2 -
b*d*e + a*e^2)*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^
2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqr
t(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*
e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)))/(d*e), -1/2*(2*s
qrt(-c)*d*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^2 +
b*c*x + a*c)) - sqrt(a)*e*log(-(8*a*b*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^
2 + b*x + a)*(b*x + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^2) - sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^
2)*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e
+ (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x
+ a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2
+ 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)))/(d*e), 1/2*(sqrt(c)*d*log(-8*
c^2*x^2 - 8*b*c*x - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*
a*c) + sqrt(a)*e*log(-(8*a*b*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x +
a)*(b*x + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^2) - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*arct
an(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e +
(2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e
^2)*x^2 + (b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)))/(d*e), -1/2*(2*sqrt(-c)*d*...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/x/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/(x*(d + e*x)), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(x*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(x*(d + e*x)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \log(-2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} \sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} - 2ae + bd - bex + 2cdx) - \sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \log(d + ex) + \sqrt{a} \log(2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} - 2(a - bx)e - \sqrt{a} \log(x)e + \sqrt{c} \log(-2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} - b - 2cx)d) / (de)}$$

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d),x)`output `(sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x) - sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x) + sqrt(a)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2*a - b*x)*e - sqrt(a)*log(x)*e + sqrt(c)*log(- 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - b - 2*c*x)*d)/(d*e)`

3.17 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$

Optimal result	313
Mathematica [A] (verified)	313
Rubi [B] (verified)	314
Maple [A] (verified)	315
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	316
Sympy [F]	317
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	317
Mupad [F(-1)]	318
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	318

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{dx} - \frac{(bd-2ae)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d^2}$$

output

$$-(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/d/x-1/2*(-2*a*e+b*d)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(b*x+2*a)/a^{(1/2)})/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)}/d^2+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^{(1/2)*}\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/d^2$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx = \frac{-\frac{d\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{x} + 2\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)}}\right) + \frac{(bd-2ae)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}}{d^2}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `((-(d*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/x) + 2*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]] + ((b*d - 2*a*e)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x - Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a])/d^2`

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 324 vs. $2(156) = 312$.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1289$$

$$\int \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d^2(d + ex)} - \frac{e \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d^2 x} + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d x^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae + x(2cd - be) + bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a}e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d^2} -$$

$$\frac{be \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd^2}} - \frac{(2cd - be) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd^2}} -$$

$$\frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ad}} + \frac{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{dx}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(d*x)) - (b*\text{ArcTanh}[(2*a + b*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*d) + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*e*\text{ArcTanh}[(2*a + b*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/d^2 + (\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{ArcTanh}[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/d - (b*e*\text{ArcTanh}[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d^2) - ((2*c*d - b*e)*\text{ArcTanh}[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d^2) + (\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*\text{ArcTanh}[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x]/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/d^2
 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1289

```

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
    
```

rule 2009

```

Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
    
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

method	result
risch	$ \frac{-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{dx} - \frac{(2ae-bd) \ln\left(\frac{2a+bx+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{x}\right)}{d\sqrt{a}} + \frac{2(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \ln\left(\frac{2ae^2-2bde+2cd^2 + \frac{(be-2cd)(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + 2\sqrt{ae^2-bde}}{e^2}\right)}{2d}}{de\sqrt{\frac{ae^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}} $
default	$ \frac{-\frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{ax} + \frac{b\left(\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} + \frac{b \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}}\right) - \sqrt{a} \ln\left(\frac{2a+bx+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{x}\right)}{2a}}{d} + \frac{2c\left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{4c} + \frac{(4ac-b^2)}{4c}\right)}{a} $

input

```

int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
    
```


output

```
-(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/d/x-1/2/d*(-(2*a*e-b*d)/d/a^(1/2)*ln((2*a+b*x+2*a^(1/2)
*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/x)+2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/d/e/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/
e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b
*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d
^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1020, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.54

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*(2*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*a*x*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2
+ 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*
d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)
- 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x +
d^2)) - (b*d - 2*a*e)*sqrt(a)*x*log(-(8*a*b*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 + 4*sqr
t(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*x + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^2) - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x
+ a)*a*d)/(a*d^2*x), 1/4*(4*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*a*x*arctan(-1/2*s
qrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d -
b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*x^2 +
(b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) - (b*d - 2*a*e)*sqrt(a)*x*log(-(8*a*b*x
+ (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*x + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2
)/x^2) - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*a*d)/(a*d^2*x), 1/2*((b*d - 2*a*e)*sqrt(-
a)*x*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*x + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^2 + a*b*
x + a^2)) + sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*a*x*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (
b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqr
t(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e
)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e
*x + d^2)) - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*a*d)/(a*d^2*x), 1/2*(2*sqrt(-c*d^2 +
b*d*e - a*e^2)*a*x*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b
*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + ...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/x**2/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/(x**2*(d + e*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{(ex + d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)/((e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a})e + \sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2 + bde - ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd^2 + bde - ae^2}d^2} + \frac{(bd - 2ae) \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ad^2}} + \frac{(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a})b + 2a\sqrt{c}}{\left((\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a})^2 - a\right)d}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e +
sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/(sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*d^
2) + (b*d - 2*a*e)*arctan(-(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/sqrt(-a))/(
sqrt(-a)*d^2) + ((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*b + 2*a*sqrt(c))/(((s
qrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^2 - a)*d)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \log(2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} \sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} - 2ae + bd - bex + 2cdx) ax - 2\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \log(2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} \sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} + 2ae - bd + bex - 2cdx) ax - 2\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \log(2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} \sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} - 2ae + bd - bex + 2cdx) ax - 2\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \log(2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} \sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} + 2ae - bd + bex - 2cdx) ax}{(2ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^2}$$

input

```
int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2
- b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a*x - 2*sqrt(a*e**2 - b
*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*a*x - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a*d + 2*sqrt(a)
*log(- 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2*a - b*x)*a*e*x - sqrt(a)*log(
- 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2*a - b*x)*b*d*x - 2*sqrt(a)*log(x)*
a*e*x + sqrt(a)*log(x)*b*d*x)/(2*a*d**2*x)
```

3.18 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$

Optimal result	319
Mathematica [A] (verified)	320
Rubi [A] (verified)	320
Maple [A] (verified)	322
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Sympy [F]	323
Maxima [F]	324
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	324
Mupad [F(-1)]	325
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	325

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 216

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2dx^2} - \frac{(bd-4ae)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4ad^2x} + \frac{(b^2d^2+4abde-4a(cd^2+2ae^2))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}d^3} - \frac{e\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d^3}$$

output

```
-1/2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/d/x^2-1/4*(-4*a*e+b*d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/d^2/x+1/8*(b^2*d^2+4*a*b*d*e-4*a*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2))*arctanh(1/2*(b*x+2*a)/a^(1/2))/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(3/2)/d^3-e*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a} \left(d(-2ad - bdx + 4aex) \sqrt{a+x(b+cx)} - 8ae \sqrt{-cd^2 + bde - ae^2x^2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)} - e \sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2 + e(bd - ae)}} \right) \right)}{4a^{3/2}d^3x^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a]*(d*(-2*a*d - b*d*x + 4*a*e*x)*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)] - 8*a*e*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*x^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]) + 8*a^2*e^2*x^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x - Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[a]] + d*(b^2*d - 4*a*c*d + 4*a*b*e)*x^2*ArcTanh[(-(Sqrt[c]*x) + Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[a]])/(4*a^(3/2)*d^3*x^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 420, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1289$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{e^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d^3(d+ex)} + \frac{e^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d^3x} - \frac{e \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d^2x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{dx^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right) - \sqrt{ae^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}d} + \frac{\sqrt{ae^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d^3} + \\ & \frac{be^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd^3}} + \frac{e(2cd - be) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd^3}} + \\ & \frac{be \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ad^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ce} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d^2} - \\ & \frac{e\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{d^3} + \frac{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d^2x} - \\ & \frac{(2a+bx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4adx^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2})/(d^2x) - ((2a+bx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2})/(4a*d*x^2) + ((b^2 - 4a*c)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(2a+bx)/(2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2})])/(8a^{3/2}*d) + (b*e*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(2a+bx)/(2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2})])/(2\sqrt{a}*d^2) - (\sqrt{a}*e^2*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(2a+bx)/(2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2})])/(d^3) - (\sqrt{c}*e*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b+2*c*x)/(2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2})])/(d^2) + (b*e^2*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b+2*c*x)/(2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2})])/(2\sqrt{c}*d^3) + (e*(2*c*d - b*e)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b+2*c*x)/(2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2})])/(2\sqrt{c}*d^3) - (e\sqrt{c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2}*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2\sqrt{c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2}*\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2})])/(d^3)} \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1289 `Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(-4aex+bdx+2ad)}{4ad^2x^2} + \frac{(8e^2a^2-4abde+4ad^2c-b^2d^2)\ln\left(\frac{2a+bx+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{x}\right) + 8a(ae^2-bde+cd^2)\ln\left(\frac{2ae^2-bde+cd^2}{2a+bx+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a}}$
default	$-\frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2ax^2} - \frac{b\left(\frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{ax} + \frac{b\left(\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} + \frac{b\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}}\right) - \sqrt{a}\ln\left(\frac{2a+bx+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{x}\right)}{2a}\right)}{4a} + \frac{2c\left(\frac{(2cx+b)}{2c}\right)}{4a}$

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-4*a*e*x+b*d*x+2*a*d)/a/d^2/x^2+1/8/a/d^2*(-(8*a^2*e^2-4*a*b*d*e+4*a*c*d^2-b^2*d^2)/d/a^(1/2)*ln((2*a+b*x+2*a^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/x)+8*a*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/d/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1217, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.63

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/16*(8*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*a^2*e*x^2*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - (4*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 + (b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2)*sqrt(a)*x^2*log(-(8*a*b*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*x + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^2) - 4*(2*a^2*d^2 + (a*b*d^2 - 4*a^2*d*e)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/(a^2*d^3*x^2), -1/16*(16*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*a^2*e*x^2*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + (b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) + (4*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 + (b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2)*sqrt(a)*x^2*log(-(8*a*b*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*x + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^2) + 4*(2*a^2*d^2 + (a*b*d^2 - 4*a^2*d*e)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/(a^2*d^3*x^2), 1/8*(4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*a^2*e*x^2*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - (4*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 + (b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2)*sqrt(-a)*x^2*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*x + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^2 + a*b*x + a^2)) - 2*(2*a^2*d...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/x**3/(e*x+d), x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/(x**3*(d + e*x)), x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{(ex + d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)/((e*x + d)*x^3), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 432 vs. 2(190) = 380.

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 432, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2e - bde^2 + ae^3) \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a})e + \sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2 + bde - ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd^2 + bde - ae^2}d^3} - \frac{(b^2d^2 - 4acd^2 + 4abde - 8a^2e^2) \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-aad^3}} + \frac{(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a})^3 b^2d + 4(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a})^3 acd - 4(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a})^3 abe + 8(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a})^3 a^2e}{4\sqrt{-aad^3}}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-2*(c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)
)*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/(sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^
2)*d^3) - 1/4*(b^2*d^2 - 4*a*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2)*arctan(-(sqrt(
c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a*d^3) + 1/4*((sqrt(c)*x
 - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*b^2*d + 4*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^
3*a*c*d - 4*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*a*b*e + 8*(sqrt(c)*x - s
qrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^2*a*b*sqrt(c)*d - 8*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x +
a))^2*a^2*sqrt(c)*e + (sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*a*b^2*d + 4*(sq
rt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*a^2*c*d + 4*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x
 + a))*a^2*b*e + 8*a^3*sqrt(c)*e)/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^2 -
a)^2*a*d^2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)), x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 377, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{8\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \log(-2\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} \sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} - 2ae + bd - bex + 2cdx) a^2 e x^2 - 8\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \log(-2\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} \sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} - 2ae + bd - bex + 2cdx) a^2 e x^2 - 8\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \log(-2\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} \sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} - 2ae + bd - bex + 2cdx) a^2 e x^2}{8\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \log(-2\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} \sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} - 2ae + bd - bex + 2cdx) a^2 e x^2 - 8\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \log(-2\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} \sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} - 2ae + bd - bex + 2cdx) a^2 e x^2 - 8\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \log(-2\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} \sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} - 2ae + bd - bex + 2cdx) a^2 e x^2}$$

input

```
int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^3/(e*x+d), x)
```

output

```
(8*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e*
*2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**2*e*x**2 - 8*sqrt
(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*a**2*e*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x*
*2)*a**2*d**2 + 8*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**2*d*e*x - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x
**2)*a*b*d**2*x + 8*sqrt(a)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2*a - b
*x)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2*a
- b*x)*a*b*d*e*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2*a
- b*x)*a*c*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(a)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2*a
- b*x)*b**2*d**2*x**2 - 8*sqrt(a)*log(x)*a**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a)*log(x
)*a*b*d*e*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a)*log(x)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a)*log(x)*b**2*d**2
*x**2)/(8*a**2*d**3*x**2)
```

3.19 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 298

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3dx^3} - \frac{(bd-6ae)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{12ad^2x^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(3b^2d^2+6abde-8a(cd^2+3ae^2))\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{24a^2d^3x}$$

$$- \frac{(b^3d^3+2ab^2d^2e-4abd(cd^2-2ae^2)-8a^2e(cd^2+2ae^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{16a^{5/2}d^4}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d^4}$$

output

```
-1/3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/d/x^3-1/12*(-6*a*e+b*d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/d^2
/x^2+1/24*(3*b^2*d^2+6*a*b*d*e-8*a*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2))*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^
2/d^3/x-1/16*(b^3*d^3+2*a*b^2*d^2*e-4*a*b*d*(-2*a*e^2+c*d^2)-8*a^2*e*(2*a*
e^2+c*d^2))*arctanh(1/2*(b*x+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d^4
+e^2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e
^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/d^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a} \left(d\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}(3b^2d^2x^2 - 2adx(bd + 4cdx - 3bex) - 4a^2(2d^2 - 3dex + 6e^2x^2)) + 48a^2e^2\sqrt{-cd^2} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(x^4*(d + e*x)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a]*(d*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(3*b^2*d^2*x^2 - 2*a*d*x*(b*d + 4*c*d*x - 3*b*e*x) - 4*a^2*(2*d^2 - 3*d*e*x + 6*e^2*x^2)) + 48*a^2*e^2*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]] - 48*a^3*e^3*x^3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x - Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[a]] - 3*d*(b^3*d^2 + 2*a*b^2*d*e - 8*a^2*c*d*e + 4*a*b*(-(c*d^2) + 2*a*e^2))*x^3*ArcTanh[(-(Sqrt[c]*x) + Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[a]])/(24*a^(5/2)*d^4*x^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 544, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$$

↓ 1289

$$\int \left(\frac{e^4\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d^4(d+ex)} - \frac{e^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d^4x} + \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d^3x^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d^2x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{dx^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{e(b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}d^2} - \frac{b(b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{16a^{5/2}d} + \\
& \frac{b(2a+bx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{8a^2dx^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a}e^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d^4} - \frac{be^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}d^4} - \\
& \frac{e^2(2cd - be) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}d^4} - \frac{be^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}d^3} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt{c}e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d^3} + \frac{e^2\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}}\right)}{d^4} - \\
& \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d^3x} + \frac{e(2a+bx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4ad^2x^2} - \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3adx^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(x^4*(d + e*x)), x]`

output `-((e^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(d^3*x)) + (b*(2*a + b*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(8*a^2*d*x^2) + (e*(2*a + b*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*a*d^2*x^2) - (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(3*a*d*x^3) - (b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(16*a^(5/2)*d) - ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*e*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(8*a^(3/2)*d^2) - (b*e^2*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(2*Sqrt[a]*d^3) + (Sqrt[a]*e^3*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(d^4) + (Sqrt[c]*e^2*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(d^3) - (b*e^3*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(2*Sqrt[c]*d^4) - (e^2*(2*c*d - b*e)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(2*Sqrt[c]*d^4) + (e^2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(d^4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1289 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} (24a^2e^2x^2-6abde x^2+8a^2d^2x^2c-3b^2d^2x^2-12a^2dex+2abd^2x+8a^2d^2)}{24a^2d^3x^3} - \frac{(16e^3a^3-8a^2bde^2+8a^2cd^2e-2ab^2d^2e)}{24a^2d^3x^3}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/24*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(24*a^2*e^2*x^2-6*a*b*d*e*x^2+8*a*c*d^2*x^2-3*b^2*d^2*x^2-12*a^2*d*e*x+2*a*b*d^2*x+8*a^2*d^2)/a^2/d^3/x^3-1/16/a^2/d^3*(-(\\ & 16*a^3*e^3-8*a^2*b*d*e^2+8*a^2*c*d^2*e-2*a*b^2*d^2*e+4*a*b*c*d^3-b^3*d^3)/ \\ & d/a^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*a+b*x+2*a^{(1/2)}*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/x)+16*a^2*e*(a*e^2-b* \\ & d*e+c*d^2)/d/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2 \\ & +(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e \\ & -2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+d/e)) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1507, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.06

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/96*(48*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*a^3*e^2*x^3*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 3*(8*a^2*b*d*e^2 - 16*a^3*e^3 + (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d^3 + 2*(a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*d^2*e)*sqrt(a)*x^3*log(-(8*a*b*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*x + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^2) - 4*(8*a^3*d^3 - (6*a^2*b*d^2*e - 24*a^3*d*e^2 + (3*a*b^2 - 8*a^2*c)*d^3)*x^2 + 2*(a^2*b*d^3 - 6*a^3*d^2*e)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/(a^3*d^4*x^3), 1/96*(96*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*a^3*e^2*x^3*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + (b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) - 3*(8*a^2*b*d*e^2 - 16*a^3*e^3 + (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d^3 + 2*(a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*d^2*e)*sqrt(a)*x^3*log(-(8*a*b*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*x + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^2) - 4*(8*a^3*d^3 - (6*a^2*b*d^2*e - 24*a^3*d*e^2 + (3*a*b^2 - 8*a^2*c)*d^3)*x^2 + 2*(a^2*b*d^3 - 6*a^3*d^2*e)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/(a^3*d^4*x^3), 1/48*(24*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*a^3*e^2*x^3*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/x**4/(e*x+d), x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/(x**4*(d + e*x)), x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{(ex + d)x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)/((e*x + d)*x^4), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 844 vs. 2(268) = 536.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 844, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2*(c*d^2*e^2 - b*d*e^3 + a*e^4)*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a
)))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/(sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e
^2)*d^4) + 1/8*(b^3*d^3 - 4*a*b*c*d^3 + 2*a*b^2*d^2*e - 8*a^2*c*d^2*e + 8*
a^2*b*d*e^2 - 16*a^3*e^3)*arctan(-(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/sqrt
(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^2*d^4) - 1/24*(3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^5*b
^3*d^2 - 12*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^5*a*b*c*d^2 + 6*(sqrt(c)*x
- sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^5*a*b^2*d*e + 24*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x +
a))^5*a^2*c*d*e - 24*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^5*a^2*b*e^2 - 48
*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^4*a^2*c^(3/2)*d^2 + 48*(sqrt(c)*x - s
qrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^4*a^2*b*sqrt(c)*d*e - 48*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b
*x + a))^4*a^3*sqrt(c)*e^2 - 8*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*a*b^3
*d^2 - 48*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*a^2*b*c*d^2 + 48*(sqrt(c)*
x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*a^3*b*e^2 - 48*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x
+ a))^2*a^2*b^2*sqrt(c)*d^2 - 48*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^2*a^3
*b*sqrt(c)*d*e + 96*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^2*a^4*sqrt(c)*e^2
- 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*a^2*b^3*d^2 - 36*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt
(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*a^3*b*c*d^2 - 6*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*a^3
*b^2*d*e - 24*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*a^4*c*d*e - 24*(sqrt(c)*
x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*a^4*b*e^2 - 16*a^4*c^(3/2)*d^2 - 48*a^5*sqrt(c)
*e^2)/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^2 - a)^3*a^2*d^3)

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)), x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{x^4(ex + d)} dx$$

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x)`

output `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x)`

3.20 $\int \frac{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 635

$$\int \frac{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx =$$

$$\frac{(512c^5d^5 + 7b^5e^5 + 4b^3ce^4(3bd - 8ae) - 128c^4d^3e(5bd - 4ae) + 32bc^3d^2e^2(2bd - 3ae) + 8bc^2e^3(3b^2d^2 - 6bd^2 + 3d^2))}{(64c^3d^3 - 24bc^2d^2e - 7b^3e^3 - 4bce^2(3bd - ae) - 2ce(24c^2d^2 + 7b^2e^2 + 4ce(3bd - ae))x)(a+bx+cx^2)^3} -$$

$$\frac{(22cd + 7be)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{60c^2e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6ce^2} +$$

$$\frac{(1024c^6d^6 + 7b^6e^6 + 12b^4ce^5(bd - 5ae) - 1536c^5d^4e(bd - ae) + 384c^4d^2e^2(bd - ae)^2 + 64c^3e^3(bd - ae)^3)}{1024c^{9/2}e^7} +$$

$$\frac{d^3(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^7}$$

output

```

-1/512*(512*c^5*d^5+7*b^5*e^5+4*b^3*c*e^4*(-8*a*e+3*b*d)-128*c^4*d^3*e*(-4
*a*e+5*b*d)+32*b*c^3*d^2*e^2*(-3*a*e+2*b*d)+8*b*c^2*e^3*(2*a^2*e^2-6*a*b*d
*e+3*b^2*d^2)-2*c*e*(128*c^4*d^4-7*b^4*e^4-4*b^2*c*e^3*(-8*a*e+3*b*d)-32*c
^3*d^2*e*(-3*a*e+2*b*d)-8*c^2*e^2*(2*a^2*e^2-6*a*b*d*e+3*b^2*d^2))*x*(c*x
^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^4/e^6-1/192*(64*c^3*d^3-24*b*c^2*d^2*e-7*b^3*e^3-4*b*c*e
^2*(-a*e+3*b*d)-2*c*e*(24*c^2*d^2+7*b^2*e^2+4*c*e*(-a*e+3*b*d))*x*(c*x^2+
b*x+a)^(3/2)/c^3/e^4-1/60*(7*b*e+22*c*d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/c^2/e^2+1/6*(
e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/c/e^2+1/1024*(1024*c^6*d^6+7*b^6*e^6+12*b^4*c*e
^5*(-5*a*e+b*d)-1536*c^5*d^4*e*(-a*e+b*d)+384*c^4*d^2*e^2*(-a*e+b*d)^2+64*
c^3*e^3*(-a*e+b*d)^3+24*b^2*c^2*e^4*(6*a^2*e^2-4*a*b*d*e+b^2*d^2))*arctanh
(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)/e^7-d^3*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c
*d^2)^(3/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/
2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^7

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 11.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 662, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{-5120d^3(a+x(b+cx))^{3/2}}{c} + \frac{1920d^2e(b+2cx)(a+x(b+cx))^{3/2}}{c} - \frac{3072de^2(a+x(b+cx))^{5/2}}{c} +$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

```
(-5120*d^3*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2) + (1920*d^2*e*(b + 2*c*x)*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2))/c - (3072*d*e^2*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(5/2))/c + (2560*e^3*x*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(5/2))/c + (360*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2*e*(-2*Sqrt[c]*(b + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)] + (b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/c^(5/2) + (60*b*d*e^2*((16*(b + 2*c*x)*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2))/c + (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-2*Sqrt[c]*(b + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)] + (b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/c^(5/2)))/c + (e^3*(-1792*b*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(5/2) + 5*(7*b^2 - 4*a*c)*((16*(b + 2*c*x)*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2))/c + (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-2*Sqrt[c]*(b + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)] + (b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/c^(5/2)))/c^2 + (960*d^3*((2*c*d - b*e)*(8*c^2*d^2 - b^2*e^2 + 4*c*e*(-2*b*d + 3*a*e))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])] + 2*Sqrt[c]*(e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(-(b^2*e^2) + 4*c^2*d*(-2*d + e*x) - 2*c*e*(-5*b*d + 4*a*e + b*e*x)) + 8*c*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(-(b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x + b*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]))/(c^(3/2)*e^3)/(15360*e^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 675, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$, Rules used = {1267, 27, 2184, 27, 1231, 27, 1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1267$$

$$\int -\frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}(e^2(22cd+7be)x^2+2e(5cd^2+e(6bd+ae))x+de(5bd+2ae))}{6ce^3} dx + \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6ce^2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6ce^2} - \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}(e^2(22cd+7be)x^2+2e(5cd^2+e(6bd+ae))x+de(5bd+2ae))}{12ce^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2184$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6ce^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{5e^3(d(7eb^2+12cdb-4ace)+(24c^2d^2+7b^2e^2+4ce(3bd-ae))x)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}}{2(d+ex)} dx + \frac{e(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}(7be+22cd)}{5c}}{12ce^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6ce^2} - \frac{e(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}(7be+22cd)}{5c} - \frac{e \int \frac{(d(7eb^2+12cdb-4ace)+(24c^2d^2+7b^2e^2+4ce(3bd-ae))x)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx}{2c}}{12ce^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1231 \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6ce^2} - \frac{e \left(\int \frac{3(d(7e^3b^4+12cde^2b^3+8ce(3cd^2-4ae^2))b^2-16c^2d(4cd^2+3ae^2)b+16ac^2e(2cd^2+ae^2)) - (128c^4d^4-32c^3e(2bd-3ae))}{2(d+ex)} dx \right)}{8ce^2}}{5c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6ce^2} - \frac{e \left(\int \frac{3(d(7e^3b^4+12cde^2b^3+8ce(3cd^2-4ae^2))b^2-16c^2d(4cd^2+3ae^2)b+16ac^2e(2cd^2+ae^2)) - (128c^4d^4-32c^3e(2bd-3ae))}{d+ex} dx \right)}{16ce^2}}{5c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1231 \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6ce^2} - \frac{e \left(\int \frac{3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(8bc^2e^3(2a^2e^2-6abde+3b^2d^2)-2cex(-8c^2e^2(2a^2e^2-6abde+3b^2d^2)-4b^2ce^3(3bd-8ae))-32c^3d^2e(2a^2e^2-6abde+3b^2d^2))}{4ce^2} \right)}{d+ex} dx \right)}{16ce^2}}{5c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2})/(6c^2e^2) - ((e(22cd + 7be)(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2})/(5c) - (e(-1/8((64c^3d^3 - 24b^2c^2d^2e - 7b^3e^3 - 4b^2c^2e^2(3bd - ae) - 2c^2e(24c^2d^2 + 7b^2e^2 + 4c^2e(3bd - ae))x)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2})/(c^2e^2) - (3(((512c^5d^5 + 7b^5e^5 + 4b^3c^2e^4(3bd - 8ae) - 128c^4d^3e(5bd - 4ae) + 32b^2c^3d^2e^2(2bd - 3ae) + 8b^2c^2e^3(3b^2d^2 - 6abd^2e + 2a^2e^2) - 2c^2e(128c^4d^4 - 7b^4e^4 - 4b^2c^2e^3(3bd - 8ae) - 32c^3d^2e^2(2bd - 3ae) - 8c^2e^2(3b^2d^2 - 6abd^2e + 2a^2e^2))x)Sqrt[a + bx + cx^2])/(4c^2e^2) - (((1024c^6d^6 + 7b^6e^6 + 12b^4c^2e^5(bd - 5ae) - 1536c^5d^4e(bd - ae) + 384c^4d^2e^2(bd - ae)^2 + 64c^3e^3(bd - ae)^3 + 24b^2c^2e^4(b^2d^2 - 4abd^2e + 6a^2e^2))ArcTanh[(b + 2cx)/(2Sqrt[c]Sqrt[a + bx + cx^2])])/(Sqrt[c]e) - (1024c^4d^3(c^2d^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2}ArcTanh[(bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x)/(2Sqrt[cd^2 - bde + ae^2]Sqrt[a + bx + cx^2])])/(e)/(8c^2e^2))/(16c^2e^2))/(2c)/(12c^2e^3) \end{aligned}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1092

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2cx)/\text{Sqrt}[a + bx + cx^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 1154

$$\text{Int}[1/(((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4c^2d^2 - 4b^2d^2e + 4a^2e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2ae - bd - (2cd - be)x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + bx + cx^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$$

rule 1231

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c_
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)
- g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/
(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m +
2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*
a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*
c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c
^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x]
]; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !R
ationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (Integer
Q[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 1267

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))^(n_)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_
) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b
*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^n*(m
+ n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^n*(m
+ n + 2*p + 1)*(f + g*x)^n - c*g^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^n - g^n*(d
+ e*x)^(n - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + n - 1) - c*d^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1)
- e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + n + p)*x), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g
, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c_
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 2184

```
Int[(Pq_)*((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, S
imp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q
+ 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a +
b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p +
1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c
*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[
q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && Pol
yQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGt
Q[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 890, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-1280c^5e^5x^5-1664bc^4e^5x^4+1536c^5de^4x^4-2240ac^4e^5x^3-48b^2c^3e^5x^3+2112bc^4de^4x^3-1920c^5d^2e^3x^3-288abc^3e^5x^2+3072a^2c^2e^5x^2-2880b^2c^4d^2e^3x^2+2560c^5d^3e^2x^2-480a^2c^3e^5x+432a^2c^2e^5x+672abc^3de^4x-4800ac^4d^2e^3x-70b^4c^2e^5x-120b^3c^2de^4x-240b^2c^3d^2e^3x+4480b^2c^4d^3e^2x-3840c^5d^4e^2x+1296a^2bc^2e^5+1536a^2c^3de^4-760ab^3c^2e^5-1200ab^2c^2de^4-2400ab^3c^3d^2e^3+10240ac^4d^3e^2+105b^5e^5+180b^4cd^2e^4+360b^3c^2d^2e^3+960b^2c^3d^3e^2-9600b^2c^4d^4e+7680c^5d^5)(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}}{e^6-1/1024/e^6/c^4((64a^3c^3e^6-144a^2b^2c^2e^6-192a^2bc^3de^5-384a^2c^4d^2e^4+60ab^4c^2e^6+96ab^3c^2de^5+192ab^2c^3d^2e^4+768abc^4d^3e^3-1536ac^5d^4e^2-7b^6e^6-12b^5cd^2e^5-24b^4c^2d^2e^4-64b^3c^3d^3e^3-384b^2c^4d^4e^2+1536b^2c^5d^5e-1024c^6d^6)/e*\ln((1/2*b+cx)/c^{1/2}+(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}))/c^{1/2}-1024d^3*(a^2e^4-2abd^2e^3+2acd^2e^2+b^2d^2e^2-2bcd^3e+c^2d^4)*c^4/e^2/((a^2e^2-bd^2e+cd^2)/e^2)^{1/2}*\ln((2*(a^2e^2-bd^2e+cd^2)/e^2+(b^2e-2cd)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a^2e^2-bd^2e+cd^2)/e^2)^{1/2}*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b^2e-2cd)/e*(x+d/e)+(a^2e^2-bd^2e+cd^2)/e^2)^{1/2})/(x+d/e))}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int(x^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/7680/c^4*(-1280*c^5*e^5*x^5-1664*b*c^4*e^5*x^4+1536*c^5*d*e^4*x^4-2240*
a*c^4*e^5*x^3-48*b^2*c^3*e^5*x^3+2112*b*c^4*d*e^4*x^3-1920*c^5*d^2*e^3*x^3
-288*a*b*c^3*e^5*x^2+3072*a*c^4*d*e^4*x^2+56*b^3*c^2*e^5*x^2+96*b^2*c^3*d*
e^4*x^2-2880*b*c^4*d^2*e^3*x^2+2560*c^5*d^3*e^2*x^2-480*a^2*c^3*e^5*x+432*
a*b^2*c^2*e^5*x+672*a*b*c^3*d*e^4*x-4800*a*c^4*d^2*e^3*x-70*b^4*c^2*e^5*x-12
0*b^3*c^2*d*e^4*x-240*b^2*c^3*d^2*e^3*x+4480*b^2*c^4*d^3*e^2*x-3840*c^5*d^4*
e*x+1296*a^2*b*c^2*e^5+1536*a^2*c^3*d*e^4-760*a*b^3*c^2*e^5-1200*a*b^2*c^2*d
*e^4-2400*a*b^3*c^3*d^2*e^3+10240*a*c^4*d^3*e^2+105*b^5*e^5+180*b^4*c*d*e^4+
360*b^3*c^2*d^2*e^3+960*b^2*c^3*d^3*e^2-9600*b^2*c^4*d^4*e+7680*c^5*d^5)*(c*
x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e^6-1/1024/e^6/c^4*((64*a^3*c^3*e^6-144*a^2*b^2*c^2*e^6-1
92*a^2*b*c^3*d*e^5-384*a^2*c^4*d^2*e^4+60*a*b^4*c^2*e^6+96*a*b^3*c^2*d*e^5+1
92*a*b^2*c^3*d^2*e^4+768*a*b*c^4*d^3*e^3-1536*a*c^5*d^4*e^2-7*b^6*e^6-12*b
^5*c*d*e^5-24*b^4*c^2*d^2*e^4-64*b^3*c^3*d^3*e^3-384*b^2*c^4*d^4*e^2+1536*
b^2*c^5*d^5*e-1024*c^6*d^6)/e*ln((1/2*b+cx)/c^(1/2)+(cx^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^
(1/2)-1024*d^3*(a^2*e^4-2*a*b*d^2*e^3+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+b^2*d^2*e^2-2*b*c*d^3*e+
c^2*d^4)*c^4/e^2/((a^2*e^2-b*d^2*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a^2*e^2-b*d^2*e+c*d^2)
/e^2+(b^2*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a^2*e^2-b*d^2*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+
(b^2*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a^2*e^2-b*d^2*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^3(c x^2 + b x + a)^{3/2}}{d + e x} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^3(c x^2 + b x + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{e x + d} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `int(x^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

3.21 $\int \frac{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

Optimal result	346
Mathematica [A] (verified)	347
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Fricas [F(-1)]	353
Sympy [F]	353
Maxima [F(-2)]	353
Giac [F(-2)]	354
Mupad [F(-1)]	354
Reduce [F]	354

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 461

$$\int \frac{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{(128c^4d^4 + 3b^4e^4 - 32c^3d^2e(5bd - 4ae) + 8bc^2de^2(2bd - 3ae) + 6b^2ce^3(bd - 2ae))}{e^6} + \frac{(16c^2d^2 - 6bcde - 3b^2e^2 - 6ce(2cd + be)x)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{48c^2e^3} + \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce} - \frac{(256c^5d^5 + 3b^5e^5 + 6b^3ce^4(bd - 4ae) - 384c^4d^3e(bd - ae) + 96c^3de^2(bd - ae)^2 + 16bc^2e^3(b^2d^2 - 3abde + a^2d^2))}{256c^7/2e^6} + \frac{d^2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^6}$$

output

```
1/128*(128*c^4*d^4+3*b^4*e^4-32*c^3*d^2*e*(-4*a*e+5*b*d)+8*b*c^2*d*e^2*(-3
*a*e+2*b*d)+6*b^2*c*e^3*(-2*a*e+b*d)-2*c*e*(32*c^3*d^3-3*b^3*e^3-8*c^2*d*e
*(-3*a*e+2*b*d)-6*b*c*e^2*(-2*a*e+b*d))*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^3/e^5+1/4
8*(16*c^2*d^2-6*b*c*d*e-3*b^2*e^2-6*c*e*(b*e+2*c*d)*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)
/c^2/e^3+1/5*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/c/e-1/256*(256*c^5*d^5+3*b^5*e^5+6*b^3*c*
e^4*(-4*a*e+b*d)-384*c^4*d^3*e*(-a*e+b*d)+96*c^3*d*e^2*(-a*e+b*d)^2+16*b*c
^2*e^3*(3*a^2*e^2-3*a*b*d*e+b^2*d^2))*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2
+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/e^6+d^2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-
2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^6
```


$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce} - \frac{\int \frac{(bd+(2cd+be)x)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx}{2ce} \\
 & \downarrow 1231 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce} - \frac{\int \frac{(d(3e^2b^3+6cdeb^2-4c(4cd^2+3ae^2)b+8ac^2de)-(32c^3d^3-8c^2e(2bd-3ae)d-3b^3e^3-6bce^2(bd-2ae))x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(d+ex)} dx}{8ce^2} - \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-3b^2e^2-6c^2d)}{24ce} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce} - \frac{\int \frac{(d(3e^2b^3+6cdeb^2-4c(4cd^2+3ae^2)b+8ac^2de)-(32c^3d^3-8c^2e(2bd-3ae)d-3b^3e^3-6bce^2(bd-2ae))x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{d+ex} dx}{16ce^2} - \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-3b^2e^2-6c^2d)}{24ce} \\
 & \downarrow 1231 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2cex(-8c^2de(2bd-3ae)-6bce^2(bd-2ae)-3b^3e^3+32c^3d^3)+6b^2ce^3(bd-2ae)-32c^3d^2e(5bd-4ae)+8bc^2de^2(2bd-3ae)+3b^4e^4+128c^4d^4)}{4ce^2} - \frac{d}{16ce} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2cex(-8c^2de(2bd-3ae)-6bce^2(bd-2ae)-3b^3e^3+32c^3d^3)+6b^2ce^3(bd-2ae)-32c^3d^2e(5bd-4ae)+8bc^2de^2(2bd-3ae)+3b^4e^4+128c^4d^4)}{4ce^2} - \frac{d}{16ce} \\
 & \downarrow 1269 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2cex(-8c^2de(2bd-3ae)-6bce^2(bd-2ae)-3b^3e^3+32c^3d^3)+6b^2ce^3(bd-2ae)-32c^3d^2e(5bd-4ae)+8bc^2de^2(2bd-3ae)+3b^4e^4+128c^4d^4)}{4ce^2} - \frac{(16c^2d^2+3b^2e^2)}{24ce} \\
 & \downarrow 1092
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2cex(-8c^2de(2bd-3ae)-6bce^2(bd-2ae)-3b^3e^3+32c^3d^3)+6b^2ce^3(bd-2ae)-32c^3d^2e(5bd-4ae)+8bc^2de^2(2bd-3ae)+3b^4e^4+128c^4d^4)}{4ce^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2cex(-8c^2de(2bd-3ae)-6bce^2(bd-2ae)-3b^3e^3+32c^3d^3)+6b^2ce^3(bd-2ae)-32c^3d^2e(5bd-4ae)+8bc^2de^2(2bd-3ae)+3b^4e^4+128c^4d^4)}{4ce^2}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2cex(-8c^2de(2bd-3ae)-6bce^2(bd-2ae)-3b^3e^3+32c^3d^3)+6b^2ce^3(bd-2ae)-32c^3d^2e(5bd-4ae)+8bc^2de^2(2bd-3ae)+3b^4e^4+128c^4d^4)}{4ce^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2cex(-8c^2de(2bd-3ae)-6bce^2(bd-2ae)-3b^3e^3+32c^3d^3)+6b^2ce^3(bd-2ae)-32c^3d^2e(5bd-4ae)+8bc^2de^2(2bd-3ae)+3b^4e^4+128c^4d^4)}{4ce^2}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(5/2)}/(5*c*e) - (-1/24*((16*c^2*d^2 - 6*b*c*d*e - 3*b^2* \\ & e^2 - 6*c*e*(2*c*d + b*e)*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(c*e^2) - (((128*c^4 \\ & *d^4 + 3*b^4*e^4 - 32*c^3*d^2*e*(5*b*d - 4*a*e) + 8*b*c^2*d*e^2*(2*b*d - 3 \\ & *a*e) + 6*b^2*c*e^3*(b*d - 2*a*e) - 2*c*e*(32*c^3*d^3 - 3*b^3*e^3 - 8*c^2* \\ & d*e*(2*b*d - 3*a*e) - 6*b*c*e^2*(b*d - 2*a*e))*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])/ \\ & (4*c*e^2) - (((256*c^5*d^5 + 3*b^5*e^5 + 6*b^3*c*e^4*(b*d - 4*a*e) - 384*c^ \\ & 4*d^3*e*(b*d - a*e) + 96*c^3*d*e^2*(b*d - a*e)^2 + 16*b*c^2*e^3*(b^2*d^2 - \\ & 3*a*b*d*e + 3*a^2*e^2))*\text{ArcTanh}[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x \\ & ^2)]])/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*e) - (256*c^3*d^2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^{(3/2)}*\text{ArcTanh}[(b \\ & *d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x \\ & + c*x^2]])/e)/(8*c*e^2))/(16*c*e^2))/(2*c*e) \end{aligned}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1092

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 1154

$$\text{Int}[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$$

rule 1231

```

Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)
- g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/
(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m +
2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*
a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*
c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c
^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))]*x, x], x]
]; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !R
ationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (Integer
Q[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])

```

rule 1267

```

Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))^(n_)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_
) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b
*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^n*(m
+ n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^n*(m
+ n + 2*p + 1)*(f + g*x)^n - c*g^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^n - g^n*(d
+ e*x)^(n - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + n - 1) - c*d^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1)
- e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + n + p)*x), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g
, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]

```

rule 1269

```

Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 664, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

method	result
risch	$\frac{(384c^4e^4x^4+528b^3c^3e^4x^3-480c^4de^3x^3+768ac^3e^4x^2+24b^2c^2e^4x^2-720bc^3de^3x^2+640c^4d^2e^2x^2+168abc^2e^4x-1200ac^3de^3x-30b^3c^3e^4x-60b^2c^2d^2e^3x+1120b^3c^3d^2e^2x-960c^4d^3e^2x+384a^2c^2e^4-300a^2b^2c^2e^4-600a^2b^2c^2de^4-600a^2b^2c^2d^2e^3+2560a^2c^3d^2e^2+45b^4e^4+90b^3c^3de^3+240b^2c^2d^2e^2-2400b^3c^3d^3e+1920c^4d^4)(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}}{e^5} - \frac{1}{256e^5c^3} \left((48a^2bc^2e^5+96a^2c^3de^4-24a^2b^3c^2e^5-48a^2b^2c^2d^2e^4-192a^2b^3c^3d^2e^3+384a^2c^4d^3e^2+3b^5e^5+6b^4c^3de^4+16b^3c^2d^2e^3+96b^2c^3d^3e^2-384b^3c^4d^4e+256c^5d^5) \ln\left(\frac{(1/2)b+cx}{c^{1/2}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right) + (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2} \right) / c^{1/2} + 256d^2(a^2e^4-2a^2bde^3+2a^2cd^2e^2+b^2d^2e^2-2b^2cd^3e+c^2d^4) / c^3e^2 / ((a^2e^2-bde+c^2d^2)/e^2)^{1/2} \ln\left(\frac{2(a^2e^2-bde+c^2d^2)/e^2}{(a^2e^2-bde+c^2d^2)/e^2}\right) + 2((a^2e^2-bde+c^2d^2)/e^2)^{1/2} (c(x+d/e)^2+(bde-2cd)/e(x+d/e)+(a^2e^2-bde+c^2d^2)/e^2)^{1/2} / (x+d/e) \right)$
default	$\frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}}{8c} + \frac{3(4ac-b^2) \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{4c} + \frac{(4ac-b^2) \ln\left(\frac{b/2+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{8c^{3/2}} \right)}{16c} \right)}{e^{2c}}$

```
input int(x^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/1920/c^3*(384*c^4*e^4*x^4+528*b*c^3*e^4*x^3-480*c^4*d*e^3*x^3+768*a*c^3*
e^4*x^2+24*b^2*c^2*e^4*x^2-720*b*c^3*d*e^3*x^2+640*c^4*d^2*e^2*x^2+168*a*b
*c^2*e^4*x-1200*a*c^3*d*e^3*x-30*b^3*c^3*e^4*x-60*b^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*x+1120*b*c^3
*d^2*e^2*x-960*c^4*d^3*e^2*x+384*a^2*c^2*e^4-300*a^2*b^2*c^2*e^4-600*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2
e^3+2560*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^2+45*b^4*e^4+90*b^3*c^3*d^2*e^3+240*b^2*c^2*d^2*e^2-2400*b
*c^3*d^3*e+1920*c^4*d^4)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e^5-1/256/e^5/c^3*((48*a^2*b*
c^2*e^5+96*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^4-24*a^2*b^3*c^2*e^5-48*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2*e^4-192*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2
*e^3+384*a^2*c^4*d^3*e^2+3*b^5*e^5+6*b^4*c^3*d^2*e^4+16*b^3*c^2*d^2*e^3+96*b^2*c^3
*d^3*e^2-384*b^3*c^4*d^4*e+256*c^5*d^5)/e*ln(((1/2)*b+cx)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*
x+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)+256*d^2*(a^2*e^4-2*a*b*d*e^3+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+b^2*d^2*e^2
-2*b*c*d^3*e+c^2*d^4)*c^3/e^2/((a^2*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln(((a^2*e^2
-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a^2*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*
(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a^2*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)
))
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^2(c x^2 + b x + a)^{3/2}}{d + e x} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^2(c x^2 + b x + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{e x + d} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `int(x^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

3.22 $\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 339

$$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx =$$

$$\frac{(64c^3d^3 + 3b^3e^3 - 16c^2de(5bd - 4ae) + 4bce^2(2bd - 3ae) + 2ce(3(b^2 - 4ac)e^2 - 8cd(2cd - be))x)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{64c^2e^4}$$

$$- \frac{(8cd - 3be - 6ce^2x)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{24ce^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(128c^4d^4 + 3b^4e^4 + 8b^2ce^3(bd - 3ae) - 192c^3d^2e(bd - ae) + 48c^2e^2(bd - ae)^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{128c^{5/2}e^5}$$

$$- \frac{d(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^5}$$

output

```
-1/64*(64*c^3*d^3+3*b^3*e^3-16*c^2*d*e*(-4*a*e+5*b*d)+4*b*c*e^2*(-3*a*e+2*b*d)+2*c*e*(3*(-4*a*c+b^2)*e^2-8*c*d*(-b*e+2*c*d))*x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^2/e^4-1/24*(-6*c*e*x-3*b*e+8*c*d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/c/e^2+1/128*(128*c^4*d^4+3*b^4*e^4+8*b^2*c*e^3*(-3*a*e+b*d)-192*c^3*d^2*e*(-a*e+b*d)+48*c^2*e^2*(-a*e+b*d)^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/e^5-d*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^5
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{2e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}(-9b^3e^3+6bce^2(-4bd+10ae+be)-16c^3(12d^3-6d^2ex+4de^2x^2-3e^3x^3))+8c^2e(ae(-32d+15ex)+b(30d^2-14d*ex+9e^2x^2))}{c^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

```
((2*e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(-9*b^3*e^3 + 6*b*c*e^2*(-4*b*d + 10*a*e + b*e*x) - 16*c^3*(12*d^3 - 6*d^2*e*x + 4*d*e^2*x^2 - 3*e^3*x^3) + 8*c^2*e*(a*e*(-32*d + 15*e*x) + b*(30*d^2 - 14*d*e*x + 9*e^2*x^2))))/c^2 - 768*d*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]] - (3*(128*c^4*d^4 + 3*b^4*e^4 + 8*b^2*c*e^3*(b*d - 3*a*e) - 192*c^3*d^2*e*(b*d - a*e) + 48*c^2*e^2*(b*d - a*e)^2)*Log[b + 2*c*x - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]])/c^(5/2))/(384*e^5)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$, Rules used = {1231, 27, 1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 1231

$$-\int \frac{(d(-3eb^2+8cdb-4ace)+(16c^2d^2-3b^2e^2-4ce(2bd-3ae))x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(d+ex)} dx -$$

$$\frac{8ce^2}{24ce^2} \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} (-3be + 8cd - 6cex)}{24ce^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d(-3eb^2+8cdb-4ace)+(16c^2d^2-3b^2e^2-4ce(2bd-3ae))x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{d+ex} dx \\
 & \frac{16ce^2}{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-3be+8cd-6cex)} \\
 & \frac{24ce^2}{\phantom{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-3be+8cd-6cex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1231} \\
 & \int \frac{d(3e^3b^4+8cde^2b^3-8ce(10cd^2+3ae^2)b^2+32c^2d(2cd^2+5ae^2)b-16ac^2e(4cd^2+5ae^2))+(128c^4d^4-192c^3e(bd-ae)d^2+3b^4e^4+48c^2e^2(bd-ae)^2+8b^2ce^3(bd-3ae))}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} \\
 & \frac{16ce^2}{4ce^2} \\
 & \frac{16ce^2}{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-3be+8cd-6cex)} \\
 & \frac{24ce^2}{\phantom{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-3be+8cd-6cex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{d(3e^3b^4+8cde^2b^3-8ce(10cd^2+3ae^2)b^2+32c^2d(2cd^2+5ae^2)b-16ac^2e(4cd^2+5ae^2))+(128c^4d^4-192c^3e(bd-ae)d^2+3b^4e^4+48c^2e^2(bd-ae)^2+8b^2ce^3(bd-3ae))}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} \\
 & \frac{16ce^2}{8ce^2} \\
 & \frac{16ce^2}{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-3be+8cd-6cex)} \\
 & \frac{24ce^2}{\phantom{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-3be+8cd-6cex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1269} \\
 & \frac{(8b^2ce^3(bd-3ae)-192c^3d^2e(bd-ae)+48c^2e^2(bd-ae)^2+3b^4e^4+128c^4d^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{128c^2d(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+a}}{e} \\
 & \frac{16ce^2}{8ce^2} \\
 & \frac{16ce^2}{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-3be+8cd-6cex)} \\
 & \frac{24ce^2}{\phantom{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-3be+8cd-6cex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1092} \\
 & \frac{2(8b^2ce^3(bd-3ae)-192c^3d^2e(bd-ae)+48c^2e^2(bd-ae)^2+3b^4e^4+128c^4d^4) \int \frac{1}{4c-\frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d \frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{e} - \frac{128c^2d(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \\
 & \frac{16ce^2}{8ce^2} \\
 & \frac{16ce^2}{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-3be+8cd-6cex)} \\
 & \frac{24ce^2}{\phantom{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-3be+8cd-6cex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)\left(8b^2ce^3(bd-3ae)-192c^3d^2e(bd-ae)+48c^2e^2(bd-ae)^2+3b^4e^4+128c^4d^4\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{128c^2d(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e}}{8ce^2} = \frac{16ce^2}{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-3be+8cd-6cex)}{24ce^2}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{256c^2d(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2) - \frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{e}}{8ce^2} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)\left(8b^2ce^3(bd-3ae)-192c^3d^2e\right)}{\sqrt{ce}}}{8ce^2}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-3be+8cd-6cex)}{24ce^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)\left(8b^2ce^3(bd-3ae)-192c^3d^2e(bd-ae)+48c^2e^2(bd-ae)^2+3b^4e^4+128c^4d^4\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{128c^2d(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+c}{2\sqrt{a+bx+c}}\right)}{e}}{8ce^2} = \frac{16ce^2}{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-3be+8cd-6cex)}{24ce^2}$$

input

```
Int[(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x), x]
```

output

```
-1/24*((8*c*d - 3*b*e - 6*c*e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(c*e^2) + (-1/4*
((64*c^3*d^3 + 3*b^3*e^3 - 16*c^2*d*e*(5*b*d - 4*a*e) + 4*b*c*e^2*(2*b*d -
3*a*e) - 2*c*e*(16*c^2*d^2 - 3*b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(2*b*d - 3*a*e))*x)*Sqrt[a
+ b*x + c*x^2])/(c*e^2) + (((128*c^4*d^4 + 3*b^4*e^4 + 8*b^2*c*e^3*(b*d -
3*a*e) - 192*c^3*d^2*e*(b*d - a*e) + 48*c^2*e^2*(b*d - a*e)^2)*ArcTanh[(b
+ 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(Sqrt[c]*e) - (128*c^2*d*(c*
d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt
[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/e)/(8*c*e^2))/(16*c*e^2)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1154 $\text{Int}[1/(((d_) + (e_*)(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$
- rule 1231 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((f_) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p / (c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - \text{Simp}[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}*\text{Simp}[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[m] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, 0])) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$
- rule 1269 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((f_) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)/e \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 500, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

method	result
risch	$\frac{(48c^3x^3e^3+72b^2c^2e^3x^2-64c^3de^2x^2+120ac^2e^3x+6xb^2ce^3-112bc^2de^2x+96d^2e^3x+60abc^3-256de^2ac^2-9b^3e^3-24de^2b^2c+24d^2e^3)}{192c^2e^4}$
default	$\frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2+bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} + \frac{3(4ac-b^2) \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{4c} + \frac{(4ac-b^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{e^{16c}} - d \frac{\left(c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} \right)}{3}$

```
input int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/192/c^2*(48*c^3*e^3*x^3+72*b*c^2*e^3*x^2-64*c^3*d*e^2*x^2+120*a*c^2*e^3*x+6*b^2*c*e^3*x-112*b*c^2*d*e^2*x+96*c^3*d^2*e*x+60*a*b*c*e^3-256*a*c^2*d*e^2-9*b^3*e^3-24*b^2*c*d*e^2+240*b*c^2*d^2*e-192*c^3*d^3)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e^4+1/128/e^4/c^2*((48*a^2*c^2*e^4-24*a*b^2*c*e^4-96*a*b*c^2*d*e^3+192*a*c^3*d^2*e^2+3*b^4*e^4+8*b^3*c*d*e^3+48*b^2*c^2*d^2*e^2-192*b*c^3*d^3*e+128*c^4*d^4)/e*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)+128*d*(a^2*e^4-2*a*b*d*e^3+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+b^2*d^2*e^2-2*b*c*d^3*e+c^2*d^4)*c^2/e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10332, normalized size of antiderivative = 30.48

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output

```
(384*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*
**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d*
*2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e
+ b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sq
rt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*
e - 8*c**2*d**2))*a*b*c**3*d*e**3 - 768*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e
+ c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2
- b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan(
(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a
*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d
- 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*a*c**4*d**2*e**2 - 38
4*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2
- b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)
*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e +
b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c
)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e -
8*c**2*d**2))*b**2*c**3*d**2*e**2 + 1152*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d
*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**
2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*ata
n((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*s...
```


3.23 $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 252

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{(8c^2d^2 + b^2e^2 - 2ce(5bd - 4ae) - 2ce(2cd - be)x) \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{8ce^3} + \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{(2cd - be)(8c^2d^2 - b^2e^2 - 4ce(2bd - 3ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{16c^{3/2}e^4} + \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^4}$$

output

```
1/8*(8*c^2*d^2+b^2*e^2-2*c*e*(-4*a*e+5*b*d)-2*c*e*(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c/e^3+1/3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/e-1/16*(-b*e+2*c*d)*(8*c^2*d^2-b^2*e^2-4*c*e*(-3*a*e+2*b*d))*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^4+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}(3b^2e^2 + 2ce(-15bd + 16ae + 7be) + 4c^2(6d^2 - 3dex + 2e^2x^2))}{c} + 48\sqrt{-cd^2 + bde - ae^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x), x]`

output

```
((e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(3*b^2*e^2 + 2*c*e*(-15*b*d + 16*a*e + 7*b*e*x)
+ 4*c^2*(6*d^2 - 3*d*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2)))/c + 48*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e
^2]*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*x)/(
Sqrt[a]*(d + e*x) - d*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])] - (3*(2*c*d - b*e)*(8*c^2*d^
2 - b^2*e^2 + 4*c*e*(-2*b*d + 3*a*e))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt
[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/c^(3/2))/(24*e^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$, Rules used = {1162, 1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1162$$

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{\int \frac{(bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{d + ex} dx}{2e}$$

$$\downarrow 1231$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4ce^2} - \frac{4ce(bd-2ae)^2-d(2cd-be)(-eb^2+4cdb-4ace)-(2cd-be)(8c^2d^2-b^2e^2-4ce(2bd-3ae))x}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2e} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2ce(5bd-4ae)+b^2e^2-2cex(2cd-be))}{4ce^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8ce^2} - \frac{4ce(bd-2ae)^2-d(2cd-be)(-eb^2+4cdb-4ace)-(2cd-be)(8c^2d^2-b^2e^2-4ce(2bd-3ae))x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2e} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2ce(5bd-4ae)+b^2e^2-2cex(2cd-be))}{4ce^2}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8ce^2} - \frac{16c(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^2}{e} \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{3e(2cd-be)(-4ce(2bd-3ae)-b^2e^2+8c^2d^2)}{e} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2e} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2ce(5bd-4ae)+b^2e^2-2cex(2cd-be))}{4ce^2}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8ce^2} - \frac{16c(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^2}{e} \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{3e(2(2cd-be)(-4ce(2bd-3ae)-b^2e^2+8c^2d^2))}{e} \int \frac{1}{4c-\frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{2e} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2ce(5bd-4ae)+b^2e^2-2cex(2cd-be))}{4ce^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8ce^2} - \frac{16c(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^2}{e} \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{3e(2cd-be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(-4ce(2bd-3ae)-b^2e^2+8c^2d^2)}{\sqrt{ce}}}{2e} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2ce(5bd-4ae)+b^2e^2-2cex(2cd-be))}{4ce^2}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8ce^2} - \frac{32c(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^2}{e} \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2)-\frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) - \frac{3e(2cd-be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(-4ce(2bd-3ae)-b^2e^2+8c^2d^2)}{\sqrt{ce}}}{2e} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2ce(5bd-4ae)+b^2e^2-2cex(2cd-be))}{4ce^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{16c(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae + x(2cd - be) + bd}{2\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}}\right) - (2cd - be) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}\right) (-4ce(2bd - 3ae) - b^2e^2 + 8c^2d^2)}{8ce^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{2e}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(3*e) - (-1/4*((8*c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 - 2*c*e*(5*b*d - 4*a*e) - 2*c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(c*e^2) - (-(((2*c*d - b*e)*(8*c^2*d^2 - b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(2*b*d - 3*a*e))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(Sqrt[c]*e)) + (16*c*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/e)/(8*c*e^2))/(2*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1162

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x]
- Simp[p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*Simp[b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x, x]
*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x]
&& GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (!RationalQ[m] || LtQ[m, 1]) &&
!ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]
```

rule 1231

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x]
- Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x]
&& GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 383, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

method	result
risch	$\frac{(8c^2e^2x^2+14e^2xbc-12c^2dex+32ace^2+3b^2e^2-30bcde+24c^2d^2)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{24ce^3} + \frac{(12abc e^3-24d e^2 a c^2-b^3 e^3-6d e^2 b^2 c+24d^2 e b c^2-16 d^3 e^2 c^2)}{e\sqrt{c}}$
default	$\frac{\left(c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+\frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e}+ae^2-\frac{bde+cd^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(\frac{2c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)+\frac{be-2cd}{e}}{\sqrt{c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+\frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e}+ae^2-\frac{bde+cd^2}{e^2}}}\right)}{4c} + \frac{\left(\frac{4c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)+\frac{be-2cd}{e}}{\sqrt{c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+\frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e}+ae^2-\frac{bde+cd^2}{e^2}}}\right)}{4c}$

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/24/c*(8*c^2*e^2*x^2+14*b*c*e^2*x-12*c^2*d*e*x+32*a*c*e^2+3*b^2*e^2-30*b*c*d*e+24*c^2*d^2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e^3+1/16/c/e^3*((12*a*b*c*e^3-24*a*c^2*d*e^2-b^3*e^3-6*b^2*c*d*e^2+24*b*c^2*d^2*e-16*c^3*d^3)/e*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-16*c*(a^2*e^4-2*a*b*d*e^3+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+b^2*d^2*e^2-2*b*c*d^3*e+c^2*d^4)/e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 110.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1523, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.04

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/96*(3*(16*c^3*d^3 - 24*b*c^2*d^2*e + 6*(b^2*c + 4*a*c^2)*d*e^2 + (b^3
- 12*a*b*c)*e^3)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^2 - 8*b*c*x - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b
*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) - 48*(c^3*d^2 - b*c^2*d*e + a*c^2*e^2
)*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d
^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*
e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*
c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 4
*(8*c^3*e^3*x^2 + 24*c^3*d^2*e - 30*b*c^2*d*e^2 + (3*b^2*c + 32*a*c^2)*e^3
- 2*(6*c^3*d*e^2 - 7*b*c^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/(c^2*e^4), 1/48
*(3*(16*c^3*d^3 - 24*b*c^2*d^2*e + 6*(b^2*c + 4*a*c^2)*d*e^2 + (b^3 - 12*a
*b*c)*e^3)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(-c)/
(c^2*x^2 + b*c*x + a*c)) + 24*(c^3*d^2 - b*c^2*d*e + a*c^2*e^2)*sqrt(c*d^2
- b*d*e + a*e^2)*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*
d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*s
qrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*
b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*(8*c^3*e^3*
x^2 + 24*c^3*d^2*e - 30*b*c^2*d*e^2 + (3*b^2*c + 32*a*c^2)*e^3 - 2*(6*c^3*
d*e^2 - 7*b*c^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/(c^2*e^4), 1/96*(96*(c^3*d^
2 - b*c^2*d*e + a*c^2*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-
c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{d + ex} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/(d + e*x), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-b*d*e>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT>Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9833, normalized size of antiderivative = 39.02

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output

```
( - 48*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a
e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*
d**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)
*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*s
qrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*
d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*a*b*c**2*e**3 + 96*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e
+ c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 -
b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((
2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a
e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d -
4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*a*c**3*d*e**2 + 48*sqr
t(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*
d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*sqrt
(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e +
2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqr
t(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c*
**2*d**2))*b**2*c**2*d*e**2 - 144*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d*
**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*
e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**...
```

3.24 $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 252

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x(d+ex)} dx = -\frac{(4cd-5be)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4e^2} + \frac{cx\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2e} - \frac{a^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d} + \frac{(8c^2d^2+3b^2e^2-12ce(bd-ae))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ce^3}} - \frac{(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{de^3}$$

output

```
-1/4*(-5*b*e+4*c*d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e^2+1/2*c*x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e-
a^(3/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*x+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/d+1/8*(8*c^2*d^
2+3*b^2*e^2-12*c*e*(-a*e+b*d))*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)
^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e^3-(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e
+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/d/e^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \frac{(-4cd + 5be + 2cex)\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}}{4e^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2(-cd^2 + e(bd - ae))^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)} - e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2 + e(bd - ae)}}\right)}{de^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d}$$

$$- \frac{(8c^2d^2 + 3b^2e^2 + 12ce(-bd + ae)) \log\left(b + 2cx - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}\right)}{8\sqrt{ce^3}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `((-4*c*d + 5*b*e + 2*c*e*x)*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]/(4*e^2) + (2*(-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e))^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]])/(d*e^3) + (2*a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x - Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[a]])/d - ((8*c^2*d^2 + 3*b^2*e^2 + 12*c*e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*Log[b + 2*c*x - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]])/(8*Sqrt[c]*e^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$, Rules used = {1270, 25, 1162, 25, 1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 1270

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{x} dx}{d} - \frac{\int -\frac{(bd+cx-d-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{d+ex} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(bd+cx-d-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{d+ex} dx}{d} + \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{x} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1162 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(bd+cx-d-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{d+ex} dx}{d} + \frac{a \left(\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{2a+bx}{x\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(bd+cx-d-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{d+ex} dx}{d} + \frac{a \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2a+bx}{x\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1231 \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{c(4bcd^3-5b^2ed^2-4aced^2+12abe^2d-8a^2e^3+(8c^2d^3-12ce(bd-ae)d+be^2(3bd-4ae))x)}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{4ce^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-e(5bd-4ae)+4cd^2-2cdex)}{4e^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{d}{a \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2a+bx}{x\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \right)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{4bcd^3-5b^2ed^2-4aced^2+12abe^2d-8a^2e^3+(8c^2d^3-12ce(bd-ae)d+be^2(3bd-4ae))x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{8e^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-e(5bd-4ae)+4cd^2-2cdex)}{4e^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{d}{a \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2a+bx}{x\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \right)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1269 \\
 & \frac{(-12cde(bd-ae)+be^2(3bd-4ae)+8c^2d^3)}{e} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{8(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^2}{e} \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-e(5bd-4ae)+4cd^2-2cdex)}{4e^2} \\
 & \quad \frac{d}{a \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + 2a \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx \right) + \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \right)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1092
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2(-12cde(bd-ae)+be^2(3bd-4ae)+8c^2d^3) \int \frac{1}{4c-\frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - 8(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e \cdot 8e^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-e(5bd-4ae)+4e^2)}{4e^2}$$

$$a \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(2a \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + 2b \int \frac{1}{4c-\frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} \right) + \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \right)$$

d
↓ 219

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right) (-12cde(bd-ae)+be^2(3bd-4ae)+8c^2d^3) - 8(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{\sqrt{ce} \cdot 8e^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-e(5bd-4ae)+4e^2)}{4e^2}$$

$$a \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(2a \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \right)$$

d
↓ 1154

$$\frac{16(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2)-\frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right) (-12cde(bd-ae)+be^2(3bd-4ae)+8c^2d^3)}{e \cdot 8e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-e(5bd-4ae)+4e^2)}{\sqrt{ce}}$$

$$a \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - 4a \int \frac{1}{4a-\frac{(2a+bx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\frac{2a+bx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} \right) + \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \right)$$

d
↓ 219

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right) (-12cde(bd-ae)+be^2(3bd-4ae)+8c^2d^3) - 8(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce} \cdot 8e^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-e(5bd-4ae)+4e^2)}{4e^2}$$

$$a \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right) \right) + \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \right)$$

d

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x*(d + e*x)),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (a*\sqrt{a + b*x + c*x^2} + (-2*\sqrt{a}*\text{ArcTanh}[(2*a + b*x)/(2*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{a + b*x + c*x^2}]) + (b*\text{ArcTanh}[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{a + b*x + c*x^2}]))/\sqrt{c})/2)/d + (-1/4*((4*c*d^2 - e*(5*b*d - 4*a*e) - 2*c*d*e*x)*\sqrt{a + b*x + c*x^2})/e^2 + (((8*c^2*d^3 + b*e^2*(3*b*d - 4*a*e) - 12*c*d*e*(b*d - a*e))*\text{ArcTanh}[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{a + b*x + c*x^2}]))/(\sqrt{c}*e) - (8*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^{3/2}*\text{ArcTanh}[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*\sqrt{c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2}*\sqrt{a + b*x + c*x^2}]))/e)/(8*e^2))/d \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, \text{x}]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1092

$$\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, (b + 2*c*x)/\sqrt{a + b*x + c*x^2}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, \text{x}]$$

rule 1154

$$\text{Int}[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*\sqrt{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/\sqrt{a + b*x + c*x^2}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, \text{x}]$$

rule 1162

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x]
- Simp[p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*Simp[b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x, x]
*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x]
&& GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (!RationalQ[m] || LtQ[m, 1]) &&
!ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]
```

rule 1231

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)
*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)
- g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/
(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m +
2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*
a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*
c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c
^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))]*x, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !R
ationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (Integer
Q[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)
*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1270

```
Int[((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/(((d._) + (e._)*(x_))*((f._) +
(g._)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/(e*(e*f - d*g))
Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)/(d + e*x), x], x] - Simp[1/(e*(e*f - d*g))
Int[Simp[c*d*f - b*e*f + a*e*g - c*(e*f - d*g)*x, x]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p
- 1)/(f + g*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && FractionQ[p]
&& GtQ[p, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 792 vs. 2(218) = 436.

Time = 1.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 793, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.15

method	result
default	$\frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{b \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{4c} + \frac{(4ac-b^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{2} + a \left(\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} + \frac{b \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} - \sqrt{a} \ln \dots \right)$

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x/(e*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(1/3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+1/2*b*(1/4*(2*c*x+b)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c+1/8*(4*a*c-b^2)/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)))+a*((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+1/2*b*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-a^(1/2)*ln((2*a+b*x+2*a^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/x))-1/d*(1/3*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(3/2)+1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(1/4*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/c*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)/e+c*(x+d/e))/c^(1/2)+(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))+a*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2*((c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)/e*ln((1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)/e+c*(x+d/e))/c^(1/2)+(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))))
```


Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/x/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/(x*(d + e*x)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Degree mismatch inside factorisatio
n over extensionNot implemented, e.g. for multivariate mod/approx polynomi
alsError:`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x*(d + e*x)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 562, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \log(-2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} \sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} - 2ae + bd - beax)}{x(d + ex)}$$

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x/(e*x+d),x)`

output

```
(8*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e*
**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a*c*e**2 - 8*sqrt(a*
e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e
+ c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*b*c*d*e + 8*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*
e + c*d**2)*log(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)
- 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*c**2*d**2 - 8*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**
2)*log(d + e*x)*a*c*e**2 + 8*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*b*
c*d*e - 8*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*c**2*d**2 + 10*sqrt(a
+ b*x + c*x**2)*b*c*d*e**2 - 8*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*c**2*d**2*e + 4*sqr
t(a + b*x + c*x**2)*c**2*d*e**2*x + 8*sqrt(a)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x +
c*x**2) - 2*a - b*x)*a*c*e**3 - 8*sqrt(a)*log(x)*a*c*e**3 + 12*sqrt(c)*lo
g(- 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - b - 2*c*x)*a*c*d*e**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*
log(- 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - b - 2*c*x)*b**2*d*e**2 - 12*sqrt
(c)*log(- 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - b - 2*c*x)*b*c*d**2*e + 8*sq
rt(c)*log(- 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - b - 2*c*x)*c**2*d**3)/(8*c
*d*e**3)
```

3.25 $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 231

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{e} - \frac{a\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{dx} - \frac{\sqrt{a}(3bd-2ae)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(2cd-3be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2e^2} + \frac{(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d^2e^2}$$

output

```
c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e-a*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/d/x-1/2*a^(1/2)*(-2*a*e+3*b*d)*arctanh(1/2*(b*x+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/d^2-1/2*c^(1/2)*(-3*b*e+2*c*d)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^2+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/d^2/e^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \frac{-4(-cd^2 + e(bd - ae))^{3/2} x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex) - e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)}}\right) + 2\sqrt{ae^2(-3bd + 2ae}}{x^2(d + ex)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `(-4*(-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e))^(3/2)*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]] + 2*Sqrt[a]*e^2*(-3*b*d + 2*a*e)*x*ArcTanh[(-(Sqrt[c]*x) + Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[a]] + d*(2*e*(-(a*e) + c*d*x)*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)] + Sqrt[c]*d*(2*c*d - 3*b*e)*x*Log[b + 2*c*x - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]])/(2*d^2*e^2*x)`

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 516 vs. $2(231) = 462$.

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 516, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 1289

$$\int \left(\frac{e^2(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d^2(d + ex)} - \frac{e(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d^2x} + \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{dx^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{a^{3/2} e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{be(b^2 - 12ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{16c^{3/2}d^2} - \\
& \frac{(2cd - be) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right) (-4ce(2bd - 3ae) - b^2e^2 + 8c^2d^2)}{16c^{3/2}d^2e^2} + \\
& \frac{3(4ac + b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{cd}} + \\
& \frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{d^2e^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{ab} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2d} + \\
& \frac{e(8ac + b^2 + 2bcx) \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{8cd^2} - \frac{8cd^2e}{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{3(3b+2cx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)), x]`

output `(3*(3*b + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*d) - (e*(b^2 + 8*a*c + 2*b*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(8*c*d^2) + ((8*c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 - 2*c*e*(5*b*d - 4*a*e) - 2*c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(8*c*d^2*e) - (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(d*x) - (3*Sqrt[a]*b*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(2*d) + (a^(3/2)*e*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/d^2 + (3*(b^2 + 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(8*Sqrt[c]*d) + (b*(b^2 - 12*a*c)*e*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(16*c^(3/2)*d^2) - ((2*c*d - b*e)*(8*c^2*d^2 - b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(2*b*d - 3*a*e))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(16*c^(3/2)*d^2*e^2) + ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(d^2*e^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1289

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 405 vs. $2(199) = 398$.

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 406, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

method	result
risch	$-\frac{a\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{dx} + \frac{2(a^2e^4 - 2de^3ab + 2acd^2e^2 + d^2e^2b^2 - 2bcd^3e + c^2d^4) \ln\left(\frac{2ae^2 - 2bde + 2cd^2 + \frac{(be-2cd)(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e}}{e^2} + 2\sqrt{\frac{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}{e^2}}\sqrt{x+\frac{d}{e}}\right)}{e^3d\sqrt{\frac{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}{e^2}}}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$-a*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/d/x+1/2/d*(-2/e^3*(a^2*e^4-2*a*b*d*e^3+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+b^2*d^2*e^2-2*b*c*d^3*e+c^2*d^4)/d/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+d/e))+a^{(1/2)}*(2*a*e-3*b*d)/d*\ln((2*a+b*x+2*a^{(1/2)}*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/x)+2*c*d/e^2*(c*e*(1/c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}-1/2*b/c^{(3/2)}*\ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^{(1/2)}+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}))+2*b*e*\ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^{(1/2)}+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/c^{(1/2)}-c^{(1/2)}*d*\ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^{(1/2)}+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}))$$

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/x**2/(e*x+d), x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/(x**2*(d + e*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex + d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^2/(e*x+d), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^2/(e*x+d), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 513, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \log(2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} \sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} - 2ae + bd - bex +$$

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a*e**2*x - 2*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*b*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*c*d**2*x - 2*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*a*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*b*d*e*x - 2*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*c*d**2*x - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a*d*e**2 + 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*c*d**2*e*x + 2*sqrt(a)*log(- 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2*a - b*x)*a*e**3*x - 3*sqrt(a)*log(- 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2*a - b*x)*b*d*e**2*x - 2*sqrt(a)*log(x)*a*e**3*x + 3*sqrt(a)*log(x)*b*d*e**2*x + 3*sqrt(c)*log(- 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - b - 2*c*x)*b*d**2*e*x - 2*sqrt(c)*log(- 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - b - 2*c*x)*c*d**3*x)/(2*d**2*e**2*x)`

3.26 $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	390
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Giac [F(-2)]	394
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	394

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 257

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx = -\frac{a\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2dx^2} - \frac{(5bd-4ae)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4d^2x} - \frac{(3b^2d^2+12acd^2-12abde+8a^2e^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{a}d^3} + \frac{c^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d^3e}$$

output

```
-1/2*a*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/d/x^2-1/4*(-4*a*e+5*b*d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/d^2/x-1/8*(8*a^2*e^2-12*a*b*d*e+12*a*c*d^2+3*b^2*d^2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*x+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/d^3+c^(3/2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e-(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/d^3/e
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\frac{d(-2ad - 5bdx + 4aex)\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{x^2} + \frac{8(-cd^2 + e(bd - ae))^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex) - e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2 + e(bd - ae)}}\right)}{e}}{e} + 8a^{3/2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x]
```

output

```
((d*(-2*a*d - 5*b*d*x + 4*a*e*x)*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]/x^2 + (8*(-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e))^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)])]/e + 8*a^(3/2)*e^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x - Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[a]] - (3*d*(b^2*d + 4*a*c*d - 4*a*b*e)*ArcTanh[(-(Sqrt[c]*x) + Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a] - (4*c^(3/2)*d^3*Log[e*(b + 2*c*x - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/e)/(4*d^3)
```

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 672 vs. 2(257) = 514.

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 672, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 1289

$$\int \left(-\frac{e^3(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d^3(d + ex)} + \frac{e^2(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d^3x} - \frac{e(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d^2x^2} + \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{dx^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{a^{3/2}e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d^3} - \frac{be^2(b^2 - 12ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{16c^{3/2}d^3} + \\
& \frac{(2cd - be) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right) (-4ce(2bd - 3ae) - b^2e^2 + 8c^2d^2)}{16c^{3/2}d^3e} - \\
& \frac{3e(4ac + b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{cd^2}} - \frac{3(4ac + b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ad}} + \\
& \frac{3\sqrt{abe} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2d^2} - \frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{d^3e} + \\
& \frac{3b\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2d} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2ce(5bd - 4ae) + b^2e^2 - 2cex(2cd - be) + 8c^2d^2)}{8cd^3} + \\
& \frac{e^2(8ac + b^2 + 2bcx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{8cd^3} + \frac{e(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d^2x} - \frac{3e(3b+2cx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4d^2} - \\
& \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2dx^2} - \frac{3(b-2cx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4dx}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x]
```

output

```
(-3*(b - 2*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*d*x) - (3*e*(3*b + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*d^2) + (e^2*(b^2 + 8*a*c + 2*b*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(8*c*d^3) - ((8*c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 - 2*c*e*(5*b*d - 4*a*e) - 2*c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(8*c*d^3) - (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(2*d*x^2) + (e*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d^2*x) - (3*(b^2 + 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(8*Sqrt[a]*d) + (3*Sqrt[a]*b*e*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(2*d^2) - (a^(3/2)*e^2*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/d^3 + (3*b*Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(2*d) - (3*(b^2 + 4*a*c)*e*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(8*Sqrt[c]*d^2) - (b*(b^2 - 12*a*c)*e^2*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(16*c^(3/2)*d^3) + ((2*c*d - b*e)*(8*c^2*d^2 - b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(2*b*d - 3*a*e))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(16*c^(3/2)*d^3*e) - ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(d^3*e)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1289 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(-4aex+5bdx+2ad)}{4d^2x^2} + \frac{(8e^2a^2-12abde+12ad^2c+3b^2d^2) \ln\left(\frac{2a+bx+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{x}\right)}{d\sqrt{a}} + \frac{8(a^2e^4-2de^3ab+2acd^2e^2)}{d^2}$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^3/(e*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-4*a*e*x+5*b*d*x+2*a*d)/d^2/x^2+1/8/d^2*(-(8*a^2*e^2-12*a*b*d*e+12*a*c*d^2+3*b^2*d^2)/d/a^(1/2)*ln((2*a+b*x+2*a^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/x)+8/e^2*(a^2*e^4-2*a*b*d*e^3+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+b^2*d^2*e^2-2*b*c*d^3*e+c^2*d^4)/d/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))+8*c^(3/2)*d^2/e*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/x**3/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/(x**3*(d + e*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex + d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)*x^3), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 649, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \log(-2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} \sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} - 2ae + bd - beax)}{x^3(d + ex)}$$

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x)`

output

```
(8*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e*
*2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 8*s
qrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 -
b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a*b*d*e*x**2 + 8*sqrt(a*
e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e
+ c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a*c*d**2*x**2 - 8*sqrt(a*e**2
- b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*a**2*e**2*x**2 + 8*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*
d**2)*log(d + e*x)*a*b*d*e*x**2 - 8*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d +
e*x)*a*c*d**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**2*d**2*e + 8*sqrt(a + b*x
+ c*x**2)*a**2*d*e**2*x - 10*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a*b*d**2*e*x + 8*sqrt
(a)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2*a - b*x)*a**2*e**3*x**2 - 12*
sqrt(a)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2*a - b*x)*a*b*d*e**2*x**2
+ 12*sqrt(a)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2*a - b*x)*a*c*d**2*e*
x**2 + 3*sqrt(a)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2*a - b*x)*b**2*d*
*2*e*x**2 - 8*sqrt(a)*log(x)*a**2*e**3*x**2 + 12*sqrt(a)*log(x)*a*b*d*e**2
*x**2 - 12*sqrt(a)*log(x)*a*c*d**2*e*x**2 - 3*sqrt(a)*log(x)*b**2*d**2*e*x
**2 + 8*sqrt(c)*log(- 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - b - 2*c*x)*a*c*d
**3*x**2)/(8*a*d**3*e*x**2)
```


3.27 $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$

Optimal result	396
Mathematica [A] (verified)	397
Rubi [B] (verified)	397
Maple [A] (verified)	400
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	400
Sympy [F]	401
Maxima [F]	402
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	402
Mupad [F(-1)]	403
Reduce [F]	404

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 279

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx = -\frac{a\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3dx^3} - \frac{(7bd-6ae)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{12d^2x^2} - \frac{(3b^2d^2+32acd^2-30abde+24a^2e^2)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{24ad^3x} + \frac{(bd-2ae)(b^2d^2+8abde-4a(3cd^2+2ae^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{16a^{3/2}d^4} + \frac{(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d^4}$$

output

```
-1/3*a*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/d/x^3-1/12*(-6*a*e+7*b*d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/d^2/x^2-1/24*(24*a^2*e^2-30*a*b*d*e+32*a*c*d^2+3*b^2*d^2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/d^3/x+1/16*(-2*a*e+b*d)*(b^2*d^2+8*a*b*d*e-4*a*(2*a*e^2+3*c*d^2))*arc tanh(1/2*(b*x+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d^4+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/d^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{a} \left(d\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}(3b^2d^2x^2 + 2adx(7bd + 16cdx - 15bex) + 4a^2(2d^2 - 3de) \right)}{x^4(d + ex)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)),x]`

output

```
(-(Sqrt[a]*(d*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(3*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*d*x*(7*b*d + 16*c*d*x - 15*b*e*x) + 4*a^2*(2*d^2 - 3*d*e*x + 6*e^2*x^2)) + 48*a*(-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e))^(3/2)*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)])) - 48*a^3*e^3*x^3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x - Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[a]] + 3*d*(b^3*d^2 + 6*a*b^2*d*e + 24*a^2*c*d*e - 12*a*b*(c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2))*x^3*ArcTanh[(-(Sqrt[c]*x) + Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[a]])/(24*a^(3/2)*d^4*x^3)
```

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 835 vs. 2(279) = 558.

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 835, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 1289

$$\int \left(\frac{e^4(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d^4(d + ex)} - \frac{e^3(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d^4x} + \frac{e^2(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d^3x^2} - \frac{e(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d^2x^3} + \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{dx^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^3}{d^4} + \frac{b(b^2-12ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^3}{16c^{3/2}d^4} - \\
& \frac{(b^2+2cxb+8ac) \sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae^3}}{8cd^4} - \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2} e^2}{d^3x} - \\
& \frac{3\sqrt{a}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^2}{2d^3} + \frac{3(b^2+4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^2}{8\sqrt{cd^3}} + \\
& \frac{3(3b+2cx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae^2}}{4d^3} + \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2} e}{2d^2x^2} + \frac{3(b^2+4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e}{8\sqrt{ad^2}} - \\
& \frac{3b\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e}{2d^2} + \frac{3(b-2cx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae}}{4d^2x} + \\
& \frac{(8c^2d^2+b^2e^2-2ce(5bd-4ae)-2ce(2cd-be)x) \sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae}}{8cd^4} - \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} + \\
& \frac{b(b^2-12ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{16a^{3/2}d} - \\
& \frac{(2cd-be)(8c^2d^2-b^2e^2-4ce(2bd-3ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{16c^{3/2}d^4} + \\
& \frac{c^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{(cd^2-bed+ae^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bed+ae^2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{d^4} - \\
& \frac{(2ab+(b^2+8ac)x) \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{8adx^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)), x]`

output

```
(3*e*(b - 2*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*d^2*x) + (3*e^2*(3*b + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*d^3) - (e^3*(b^2 + 8*a*c + 2*b*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(8*c*d^4) - ((2*a*b + (b^2 + 8*a*c)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(8*a*d*x^2) + (e*(8*c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 - 2*c*e*(5*b*d - 4*a*e) - 2*c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(8*c*d^4) - (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(3*d*x^3) + (e*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(2*d^2*x^2) - (e^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d^3*x) + (b*(b^2 - 12*a*c)*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(16*a^(3/2)*d) + (3*(b^2 + 4*a*c)*e*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(8*Sqrt[a]*d^2) - (3*Sqrt[a]*b*e^2*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(2*d^3) + (a^(3/2)*e^3*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(d^4) + (c^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(d) - (3*b*Sqrt[c]*e*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(2*d^2) + (3*(b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(8*Sqrt[c]*d^3) + (b*(b^2 - 12*a*c)*e^3*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(16*c^(3/2)*d^4) - ((2*c*d - b*e)*(8*c^2*d^2 - b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(2*b*d - 3*a*e))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(16*c^(3/2)*d^4) + ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(d^4)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1289

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(24a^2e^2x^2-30abde x^2+32a^2d^2x^2c+3b^2d^2x^2-12a^2dex+14abd^2x+8a^2d^2)}{24ad^3x^3} - \frac{(16e^3a^3-24a^2bde^2+24a^2cd^2e+6abde^2)}{24ad^3x^3}$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/24*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(24*a^2*e^2*x^2-30*a*b*d*e*x^2+32*a*c*d^2*x^2+3*b^2*d^2*x^2-12*a^2*d*e*x+14*a*b*d^2*x+8*a^2*d^2)/a/d^3/x^3-1/16/d^3/a*(-1/d*(16*a^3*e^3-24*a^2*b*d*e^2+24*a^2*c*d^2*e+6*a*b^2*d^2*e-12*a*b*c*d^3+b^3*d^3)/a^(1/2)*ln((2*a+b*x+2*a^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/x)+16*a*(a^2*e^4-2*a*b*d*e^3+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+b^2*d^2*e^2-2*b*c*d^3*e+c^2*d^4)/d/e/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1591, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.70

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/96*(48*(a^2*c*d^2 - a^2*b*d*e + a^3*e^2)*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*x^
3*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e
+ (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x
+ a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 +
4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 3*(24*a^2*b*d*e^2 - 16*a^3*e^
3 - (b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*d^3 - 6*(a*b^2 + 4*a^2*c)*d^2*e)*sqrt(a)*x^3*log(-(8*
a*b*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*x + 2*a)*sqrt(a) +
8*a^2)/x^2) - 4*(8*a^3*d^3 - (30*a^2*b*d^2*e - 24*a^3*d*e^2 - (3*a*b^2 + 3
2*a^2*c)*d^3)*x^2 + 2*(7*a^2*b*d^3 - 6*a^3*d^2*e)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a
)/(a^2*d^4*x^3), 1/96*(96*(a^2*c*d^2 - a^2*b*d*e + a^3*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2 +
b*d*e - a*e^2)*x^3*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b
*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^
2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + (b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) - 3*(24
*a^2*b*d*e^2 - 16*a^3*e^3 - (b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*d^3 - 6*(a*b^2 + 4*a^2*c)*d^2
*e)*sqrt(a)*x^3*log(-(8*a*b*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a
)*(b*x + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^2) - 4*(8*a^3*d^3 - (30*a^2*b*d^2*e - 24*
a^3*d*e^2 - (3*a*b^2 + 32*a^2*c)*d^3)*x^2 + 2*(7*a^2*b*d^3 - 6*a^3*d^2*e)*
x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/(a^2*d^4*x^3), 1/48*(3*(24*a^2*b*d*e^2 - 16*a^3*
e^3 - (b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*d^3 - 6*(a*b^2 + 4*a^2*c)*d^2*e)*sqrt(-a)*x^3*arcta
n(1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*x + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^2 + a*b*x + a^2...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/x**4/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/(x**4*(d + e*x)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{(ex + d)x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)*x^4), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 916 vs. 2(249) = 498.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 916, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.28

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2*(c^2*d^4 - 2*b*c*d^3*e + b^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b*d*e^3 + a^2
*e^4)*arctan(-(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*
d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/(sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*d^4) - 1/8*(b^3*d^3 -
12*a*b*c*d^3 + 6*a*b^2*d^2*e + 24*a^2*c*d^2*e - 24*a^2*b*d*e^2 + 16*a^3*e^
3)*arctan(-(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a*d^4)
+ 1/24*(3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^5*b^3*d^2 + 60*(sqrt(c)*x -
sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^5*a*b*c*d^2 - 30*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)
)^5*a*b^2*d*e - 24*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^5*a^2*c*d*e + 24*(s
qrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^5*a^2*b*e^2 + 48*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2
+ b*x + a))^4*a*b^2*sqrt(c)*d^2 + 96*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^
4*a^2*c^(3/2)*d^2 - 96*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^4*a^2*b*sqrt(c)
*d*e + 48*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^4*a^3*sqrt(c)*e^2 + 8*(sqrt(
c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*a*b^3*d^2 + 48*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b
*x + a))^3*a^2*b^2*d*e - 48*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*a^3*b*e^
2 - 96*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^2*a^3*c^(3/2)*d^2 + 144*(sqrt(c)
)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^2*a^3*b*sqrt(c)*d*e - 96*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*
x^2 + b*x + a))^2*a^4*sqrt(c)*e^2 - 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*
a^2*b^3*d^2 + 36*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*a^3*b*c*d^2 - 18*(sqr
t(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*a^3*b^2*d*e + 24*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 +
b*x + a))*a^4*c*d*e + 24*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*a^4*b*e^2...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)), x)
```


Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{x^4(ex + d)} dx$$

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x)`

output `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x)`

3.28 $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 417

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx = -\frac{a\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4dx^4} - \frac{(9bd-8ae)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{24d^2x^3} - \frac{(3b^2d^2+60acd^2-56abde+48a^2e^2)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{96ad^3x^2} + \frac{(9b^3d^3+24ab^2d^2e+64a^2e(4cd^2+3ae^2)-60abd(cd^2+4ae^2))\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{192a^2d^4x} - \frac{(3b^4d^4+8ab^3d^3e-24ab^2d^2(cd^2-2ae^2)-96a^2bde(cd^2+2ae^2)+16a^2(3c^2d^4+12acd^2e^2+8a^2e^4))\arctan\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{128a^{5/2}d^5} - \frac{e(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d^5}$$

output

```
-1/4*a*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/d/x^4-1/24*(-8*a*e+9*b*d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/d
^2/x^3-1/96*(48*a^2*e^2-56*a*b*d*e+60*a*c*d^2+3*b^2*d^2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/
2)/a/d^3/x^2+1/192*(9*b^3*d^3+24*a*b^2*d^2*e+64*a^2*e*(3*a*e^2+4*c*d^2)-60
*a*b*d*(4*a*e^2+c*d^2))*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^2/d^4/x-1/128*(3*b^4*d^4+8*a
*b^3*d^3*e-24*a*b^2*d^2*(-2*a*e^2+c*d^2)-96*a^2*b*d*e*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2)+16*a
^2*(8*a^2*e^4+12*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4))*arctanh(1/2*(b*x+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*
x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d^5-e*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*d
-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/d^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \left(d\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}(9b^3d^3x^3 - 16a^3(3d^3 - 4d^2ex + 6de^2x^2 - 12e^3x^3) - 6abd^2 \right)}{x^5(d + ex)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a]*(d*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(9*b^3*d^3*x^3 - 16*a^3*(3*d^3 - 4*d^2*e*x + 6*d*e^2*x^2 - 12*e^3*x^3) - 6*a*b*d^2*x^2*(10*c*d*x + b*(d - 4*e*x)) - 8*a^2*d*x*(c*d*x*(15*d - 32*e*x) + b*(9*d^2 - 14*d*e*x + 30*e^2*x^2))) + 384*a^2*e*(-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e))^(3/2)*x^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]] + 384*a^4*e^4*x^4*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x - Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[a]] - 3*d*(3*b^4*d^3 + 8*a*b^3*d^2*e + 24*a*b^2*d*(-(c*d^2) + 2*a*e^2) - 96*a^2*b*e*(c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2) + 48*a^2*c*d*(c*d^2 + 4*a*e^2))*x^4*ArcTanh[(-(Sqrt[c]*x) + Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[a]])/(192*a^(5/2)*d^5*x^4)`

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 982 vs. 2(417) = 834.

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 982, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 1289

$$\int \left(-\frac{e^5(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d^5(d + ex)} + \frac{e^4(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d^5x} - \frac{e^3(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d^4x^2} + \frac{e^2(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d^3x^3} - \frac{e(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d^2x^4} \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& - \frac{a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^4}{d^5} - \frac{b(b^2-12ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^4}{16c^{3/2}d^5} + \\
& \quad \frac{(b^2+2cxb+8ac)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae^4}}{8cd^5} + \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}e^3}{d^4x} + \\
& \frac{3\sqrt{ab} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^3}{2d^4} - \frac{3(b^2+4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^3}{8\sqrt{c}d^4} - \\
& \frac{3(3b+2cx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae^3}}{4d^4} - \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}e^2}{2d^3x^2} - \frac{3(b^2+4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^2}{8\sqrt{ad}^3} + \\
& \quad \frac{3b\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^2}{2d^3} - \frac{3(b-2cx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae^2}}{4d^3x} - \\
& \frac{(8c^2d^2+b^2e^2-2ce(5bd-4ae)-2ce(2cd-be)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae^2}}{8cd^5} + \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}e}{3d^2x^3} - \\
& \quad \frac{b(b^2-12ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e}{16a^{3/2}d^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{(2cd-be)(8c^2d^2-b^2e^2-4ce(2bd-3ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e}{16c^{3/2}d^5} - \\
& \frac{c^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e}{d^2} - \frac{(cd^2-bed+ae^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bed+ae^2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e}{d^5} + \\
& \quad \frac{(2ab+(b^2+8ac)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae}}{8ad^2x^2} - \frac{(2a+bx)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}}{8adx^4} - \\
& \frac{3(b^2-4ac)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{128a^{5/2}d} + \frac{3(b^2-4ac)(2a+bx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{64a^2dx^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)), x]`

output

```
(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(2*a + b*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(64*a^2*d*x^2) - (3*e^
2*(b - 2*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*d^3*x) - (3*e^3*(3*b + 2*c*x)*Sqrt
[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*d^4) + (e^4*(b^2 + 8*a*c + 2*b*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c
*x^2])/(8*c*d^5) + (e*(2*a*b + (b^2 + 8*a*c)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(8*
a*d^2*x^2) - (e^2*(8*c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 - 2*c*e*(5*b*d - 4*a*e) - 2*c*e*(2*
c*d - b*e)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(8*c*d^5) + (e*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2
))/(3*d^2*x^3) - (e^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(2*d^3*x^2) + (e^3*(a + b*x
+ c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d^4*x) - ((2*a + b*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*a*d*x^
4) - (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^
2]]))/(128*a^(5/2)*d) - (b*(b^2 - 12*a*c)*e*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]
*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]]))/(16*a^(3/2)*d^2) - (3*(b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2*ArcTanh[
(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]])/(8*Sqrt[a]*d^3) + (3*Sqrt[
a]*b*e^3*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]])/(2*d^4) -
(a^(3/2)*e^4*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]])/d^5
- (c^(3/2)*e*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]])/d^2 +
(3*b*Sqrt[c]*e^2*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]])/
(2*d^3) - (3*(b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^3*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x
+ c*x^2]])/(8*Sqrt[c]*d^4) - (b*(b^2 - 12*a*c)*e^4*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/
(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]])/(16*c^(3/2)*d^5) + (e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(8*
c^2*d^2 - b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(2*b*d - 3*a*e))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[...
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1289

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x
_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f +
g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (
IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 526, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(-192x^3e^3a^3+240x^3a^2bde^2-256a^2cd^2ex^3-24x^3ab^2d^2e+60abc d^3x^3-9x^3b^3d^3+96a^3de^2x^2-112a^2bd^2ex^2+128a^2cd^2ex^2+128a^2cd^2ex^2)}{192a^2d^4x^4}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/192*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(-192*a^3*e^3*x^3+240*a^2*b*d*e^2*x^3-256*a^2*c \\ & *d^2*e*x^3-24*a*b^2*d^2*e*x^3+60*a*b*c*d^3*x^3-9*b^3*d^3*x^3+96*a^3*d*e^2* \\ & x^2-112*a^2*b*d^2*e*x^2+120*a^2*c*d^3*x^2+6*a*b^2*d^3*x^2-64*a^3*d^2*e*x+7 \\ & 2*a^2*b*d^3*x+48*a^3*d^3)/a^2/d^4/x^4+1/128/a^2/d^4*(-(128*a^4*e^4-192*a^3 \\ & *b*d*e^3+192*a^3*c*d^2*e^2+48*a^2*b^2*d^2*e^2-96*a^2*b*c*d^3*e+48*a^2*c^2* \\ & d^4+8*a*b^3*d^3*e-24*a*b^2*c*d^4+3*b^4*d^4)/d/a^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*a+b*x+2*a^{(1/2)} \\ &)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/x)+128*a^2*(a^2*e^4-2*a*b*d*e^3+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+b^2*d \\ & ^2*e^2-2*b*c*d^3*e+c^2*d^4)/d/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*e^2 \\ & -b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}* \\ & (c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+d/e) \\ &)) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2011, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.82

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/768*(384*(a^3*c*d^2*e - a^3*b*d*e^2 + a^4*e^3)*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*x^4*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2))*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 3*(192*a^3*b*d*e^3 - 12*8*a^4*e^4 - 3*(b^4 - 8*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2)*d^4 - 8*(a*b^3 - 12*a^2*b*c)*d^3*e - 48*(a^2*b^2 + 4*a^3*c)*d^2*e^2)*sqrt(a)*x^4*log(-(8*a*b*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*x + 2*a))*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^2) - 4*(48*a^4*d^4 + (240*a^3*b*d^2*e^2 - 192*a^4*d*e^3 - 3*(3*a*b^3 - 20*a^2*b*c)*d^4 - 8*(3*a^2*b^2 + 32*a^3*c)*d^3*e)*x^3 - 2*(56*a^3*b*d^3*e - 48*a^4*d^2*e^2 - 3*(a^2*b^2 + 20*a^3*c)*d^4)*x^2 + 8*(9*a^3*b*d^4 - 8*a^4*d^3*e)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/(a^3*d^5*x^4), -1/768*(768*(a^3*c*d^2*e - a^3*b*d*e^2 + a^4*e^3)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*x^4*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + (b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) + 3*(192*a^3*b*d*e^3 - 128*a^4*e^4 - 3*(b^4 - 8*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2)*d^4 - 8*(a*b^3 - 12*a^2*b*c)*d^3*e - 48*(a^2*b^2 + 4*a^3*c)*d^2*e^2)*sqrt(a)*x^4*log(-(8*a*b*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*x + 2*a))*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^2) + 4*(48*a^4*d^4 + (240*a^3*b*d^2*e^2 - 192*a^4*d*e^3 - 3*(3*a*b^3 - 20*a^2*b*c)*d^4 - 8*(3*a^2*b^2...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/x**5/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/(x**5*(d + e*x)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{(ex + d)x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)*x^5), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1853 vs. $2(383) = 766$.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1853, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.44

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-2*(c^2*d^4*e - 2*b*c*d^3*e^2 + b^2*d^2*e^3 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 2*a*b*d*e^4
+ a^2*e^5)*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt
(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/(sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*d^5) + 1/64*(3*b^
4*d^4 - 24*a*b^2*c*d^4 + 48*a^2*c^2*d^4 + 8*a*b^3*d^3*e - 96*a^2*b*c*d^3*e
+ 48*a^2*b^2*d^2*e^2 + 192*a^3*c*d^2*e^2 - 192*a^3*b*d*e^3 + 128*a^4*e^4)
*arctan(-(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^2*d^5)
- 1/192*(9*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^7*b^4*d^3 - 72*(sqrt(c)*x -
sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^7*a*b^2*c*d^3 - 240*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x
+ a))^7*a^2*c^2*d^3 + 24*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^7*a*b^3*d^2*e
+ 480*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^7*a^2*b*c*d^2*e - 240*(sqrt(c)*
x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^7*a^2*b^2*d*e^2 - 192*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 +
b*x + a))^7*a^3*c*d*e^2 + 192*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^7*a^3*b
*e^3 - 768*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^6*a^2*b*c^(3/2)*d^3 + 384*(
sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^6*a^2*b^2*sqrt(c)*d^2*e + 768*(sqrt(c)*
x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^6*a^3*c^(3/2)*d^2*e - 768*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x
^2 + b*x + a))^6*a^3*b*sqrt(c)*d*e^2 + 384*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x +
a))^6*a^4*sqrt(c)*e^3 - 33*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^5*a*b^4*d^
3 - 504*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^5*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 - 144*(sqrt(c)
*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^5*a^3*c^2*d^3 + 40*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b
*x + a))^5*a^2*b^3*d^2*e - 480*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^5*a^...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{x^5(ex + d)} dx$$

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x)`

output `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x)`

3.29
$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 577

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx = -\frac{a\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5dx^5} - \frac{(11bd-10ae)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{40d^2x^4}$$

$$- \frac{(3b^2d^2+96acd^2-90abde+80a^2e^2)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{240ad^3x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(15b^3d^3-84abcd^3+30ab^2d^2e+600a^2cd^2e-560a^2bde^2+480a^3e^3)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{960a^2d^4x^2}$$

$$- \frac{(45b^4d^4+90ab^3d^3e-60ab^2d^2(5cd^2-4ae^2)-600a^2bde(cd^2+4ae^2)+128a^2(3c^2d^4+20acd^2e^2+15a^2e^4))}{1920a^3d^5x}$$

$$+ \frac{(3b^5d^5+6ab^4d^4e-48a^2b^2d^2e(cd^2-2ae^2)-8ab^3d^3(3cd^2-2ae^2)+48a^2bd(c^2d^4-4acd^2e^2-8a^2e^4)+3e^2(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{256a^{7/2}d^6}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d^6}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/5*a*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/d/x^5-1/40*(-10*a*e+11*b*d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)} \\
& /d^2/x^4-1/240*(80*a^2*e^2-90*a*b*d*e+96*a*c*d^2+3*b^2*d^2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)} \\
& /a/d^3/x^3+1/960*(480*a^3*e^3-560*a^2*b*d*e^2+600*a^2*c*d^2*e+30*a*b^2*d^2*e \\
& -84*a*b*c*d^3+15*b^3*d^3)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/a^2/d^4/x^2-1/1920*(4 \\
& 5*b^4*d^4+90*a*b^3*d^3*e-60*a*b^2*d^2*(-4*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)-600*a^2*b*d*e*(4* \\
& a*e^2+c*d^2)+128*a^2*(15*a^2*e^4+20*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4))*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)} \\
& /a^3/d^5/x+1/256*(3*b^5*d^5+6*a*b^4*d^4*e-48*a^2*b^2*d^2*e*(-2*a*e^2+ \\
& c*d^2)-8*a*b^3*d^3*(-2*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)+48*a^2*b*d*(-8*a^2*e^4-4*a*c*d^2*e^2 \\
& +c^2*d^4)+32*a^3*e*(8*a^2*e^4+12*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4))*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(b*x+ \\
& 2*a)/a^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/a^{(7/2)}/d^6+e^2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^{(3/2)} \\
& *\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+ \\
& b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/d^6
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 9.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 522, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{a} \left(d\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}(45b^4d^4x^4 + 32a^4(12d^4 - 15d^3ex + 20d^2e^2x^2 - 30de^3x^3) \right)}{x^6(d + ex)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)),x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (-\sqrt{a}*(d*\sqrt{a + x*(b + c*x)}*(45*b^4*d^4*x^4 + 32*a^4*(12*d^4 - 15* \\
& d^3*e*x + 20*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 30*d*e^3*x^3 + 60*e^4*x^4) - 30*a*b^2*d^3*x^3*(\\
& 10*c*d*x + b*(d - 3*e*x)) + 12*a^2*d^2*x^2*(32*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x*(7* \\
& d - 25*e*x) + b^2*(2*d^2 - 5*d*e*x + 20*e^2*x^2)) + 16*a^3*d*x*(c*d*x*(48* \\
& d^2 - 75*d*e*x + 160*e^2*x^2) + b*(33*d^3 - 45*d^2*e*x + 70*d*e^2*x^2 - 15 \\
& 0*e^3*x^3))) + 3840*a^3*e^2*(-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e))^{(3/2)}*x^5*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{S} \\
& \operatorname{qrt}[c]*(d + e*x) - e*\sqrt{a + x*(b + c*x)})/\sqrt{-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)}] \\
&]) - 3840*a^5*e^5*x^5*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*x - \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])/ \operatorname{Sqrt}[a] \\
&] + 15*d*(3*b^5*d^4 + 6*a*b^4*d^3*e + 8*a*b^3*d^2*(-3*c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2) + 4 \\
& 8*a^2*b^2*d*e*(-(c*d^2) + 2*a*e^2) + 96*a^3*c*d*e*(c*d^2 + 4*a*e^2) - 48*a^2*b* \\
& (-c^2*d^4) + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 8*a^2*e^4))*x^5*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(-\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*x) + \\
& \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])/ \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]]/(1920*a^{(7/2)}*d^6*x^5)
\end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1154, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 1289

$$\int \left(\frac{e^6(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d^6(d + ex)} - \frac{e^5(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d^6x} + \frac{e^4(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d^5x^2} - \frac{e^3(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d^4x^3} + \frac{e^2(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d^3x^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^5}{d^6} + \frac{b(b^2-12ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^5}{16c^{3/2}d^6} - \\
& \frac{(b^2+2cxb+8ac)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae^5}}{8cd^6} - \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}e^4}{d^5x} - \frac{3\sqrt{a}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^4}{2d^5} + \\
& \frac{3(b^2+4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^4}{8\sqrt{cd^5}} + \frac{3(3b+2cx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae^4}}{4d^5} + \\
& \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}e^3}{2d^4x^2} + \frac{3(b^2+4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^3}{8\sqrt{ad^4}} - \\
& \frac{3b\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^3}{2d^4} + \frac{3(b-2cx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae^3}}{4d^4x} + \\
& \frac{(8c^2d^2+b^2e^2-2ce(5bd-4ae)-2ce(2cd-be)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae^3}}{8cd^6} - \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}e^2}{3d^3x^3} + \\
& \frac{b(b^2-12ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^2}{16a^{3/2}d^3} - \\
& \frac{(2cd-be)(8c^2d^2-b^2e^2-4ce(2bd-3ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^2}{16c^{3/2}d^6} + \\
& \frac{c^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^2}{d^3} + \frac{(cd^2-bed+ae^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bed+ae^2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^2}{d^6} - \\
& \frac{(2ab+(b^2+8ac)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae^2}}{8ad^3x^2} + \frac{(2a+bx)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}e}{8ad^2x^4} + \\
& \frac{3(b^2-4ac)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e}{128a^{5/2}d^2} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac)(2a+bx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae}}{64a^2d^2x^2} - \\
& \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{5/2}}{5adx^5} + \frac{b(2a+bx)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}}{16a^2dx^4} + \frac{3b(b^2-4ac)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{256a^{7/2}d} - \\
& \frac{3b(b^2-4ac)(2a+bx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{128a^3dx^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)), x]`

output

```
(-3*b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(2*a + b*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(128*a^3*d*x^2) - (
3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e*(2*a + b*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(64*a^2*d^2*x^2) + (3
*e^3*(b - 2*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*d^4*x) + (3*e^4*(3*b + 2*c*x)*S
qrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*d^5) - (e^5*(b^2 + 8*a*c + 2*b*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x
+ c*x^2])/(8*c*d^6) - (e^2*(2*a*b + (b^2 + 8*a*c)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]
)/(8*a*d^3*x^2) + (e^3*(8*c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 - 2*c*e*(5*b*d - 4*a*e) - 2*c*
e*(2*c*d - b*e)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(8*c*d^6) - (e^2*(a + b*x + c*x^
2)^(3/2))/(3*d^3*x^3) + (e^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(2*d^4*x^2) - (e^4*(
a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d^5*x) + (b*(2*a + b*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/
(16*a^2*d*x^4) + (e*(2*a + b*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*a*d^2*x^4) - (
a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)/(5*a*d*x^5) + (3*b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*ArcTanh[(2*a + b
*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(256*a^(7/2)*d) + (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)
^2*e*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(128*a^(5/2)*
d^2) + (b*(b^2 - 12*a*c)*e^2*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x +
c*x^2])])/(16*a^(3/2)*d^3) + (3*(b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^3*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*
Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(8*Sqrt[a]*d^4) - (3*Sqrt[a]*b*e^4*ArcTan
h[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(2*d^5) + (a^(3/2)*e^5*A
rcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/d^6 + (c^(3/2)*e^2*
ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/d^3 - (3*b*Sqrt[c]
*e^3*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(2*d^4) + ...
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1289

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x
_) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f +
g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (
IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 702, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(1920a^4e^4x^4-2400a^3bde^3x^4+2560a^3c^2d^2e^2x^4+240a^2b^2d^2e^2x^4-600a^2bcd^3ex^4+384a^2c^2d^4x^4+90ab^3d^3ex^4-300a^2b^2cd^4x^4+45b^4d^4x^4-960a^4de^3x^3+1120a^3b^2d^2e^2x^3-1200a^3c^2d^2e^2x^3-60a^2b^2d^3e^2x^3+168a^2b^2cd^4x^3-30a^2b^3d^4x^3+640a^4d^2e^2x^2-720a^3b^2d^3e^2x^2+768a^3c^2d^4x^2+24a^2b^2d^4x^2-480a^4d^3e^2x+528a^3b^2d^4x+384a^4d^4e^2)/a^3d^5/x^5-1/256/a^3d^5*(-(256a^5e^5-384a^4bde^4+384a^4c^2d^2e^3+96a^3b^2d^2e^3-192a^3b^2cd^3e^2+96a^3c^2d^4e+16a^2b^3d^3e^2-48a^2b^2cd^4e+48a^2b^2c^2d^5+6a^2b^4d^4e-24a^2b^3cd^5+3b^5d^5)/d/a^{1/2})\ln((2a+bx+2a^{1/2})(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2})/x)+256a^3e*(a^2e^4-2a^2bde^3+2a^2c^2d^2e^2+b^2d^2e^2-2b^2cd^3e+c^2d^4)/d/((a^2e^2-bde+c^2d^2)/e^2)^{1/2}\ln((2(a^2e^2-bde+c^2d^2)/e^2+(b^2e-2cd)/e*(x+d/e))+2*((a^2e^2-bde+c^2d^2)/e^2)^{1/2}*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b^2e-2cd)/e*(x+d/e)+(a^2e^2-bde+c^2d^2)/e^2)^{1/2})/(x+d/e))$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^6/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$-\frac{1}{1920}(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}(1920a^4e^4x^4-2400a^3bde^3x^4+2560a^3c^2d^2e^2x^4+240a^2b^2d^2e^2x^4-600a^2b^2cd^3ex^4+384a^2c^2d^4x^4+90ab^3d^3ex^4-300a^2b^2cd^4x^4+45b^4d^4x^4-960a^4de^3x^3+1120a^3b^2d^2e^2x^3-1200a^3c^2d^2e^2x^3-60a^2b^2d^3e^2x^3+168a^2b^2cd^4x^3-30a^2b^3d^4x^3+640a^4d^2e^2x^2-720a^3b^2d^3e^2x^2+768a^3c^2d^4x^2+24a^2b^2d^4x^2-480a^4d^3e^2x+528a^3b^2d^4x+384a^4d^4e^2)/a^3d^5/x^5-1/256/a^3d^5*(-(256a^5e^5-384a^4bde^4+384a^4c^2d^2e^3+96a^3b^2d^2e^3-192a^3b^2cd^3e^2+96a^3c^2d^4e+16a^2b^3d^3e^2-48a^2b^2cd^4e+48a^2b^2c^2d^5+6a^2b^4d^4e-24a^2b^3cd^5+3b^5d^5)/d/a^{1/2})\ln((2a+bx+2a^{1/2})(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2})/x)+256a^3e*(a^2e^4-2a^2bde^3+2a^2c^2d^2e^2+b^2d^2e^2-2b^2cd^3e+c^2d^4)/d/((a^2e^2-bde+c^2d^2)/e^2)^{1/2}\ln((2(a^2e^2-bde+c^2d^2)/e^2+(b^2e-2cd)/e*(x+d/e))+2*((a^2e^2-bde+c^2d^2)/e^2)^{1/2}*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b^2e-2cd)/e*(x+d/e)+(a^2e^2-bde+c^2d^2)/e^2)^{1/2})/(x+d/e))$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2575, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.46

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^6/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/7680*(3840*(a^4*c*d^2*e^2 - a^4*b*d*e^3 + a^5*e^4)*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e +
a*e^2)*x^5*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 -
8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*
x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2
- (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 15*(384*a^4*b*d*e^4
- 256*a^5*e^5 - 3*(b^5 - 8*a*b^3*c + 16*a^2*b*c^2)*d^5 - 6*(a*b^4 - 8*a^2
*b^2*c + 16*a^3*c^2)*d^4*e - 16*(a^2*b^3 - 12*a^3*b*c)*d^3*e^2 - 96*(a^3*b
^2 + 4*a^4*c)*d^2*e^3)*sqrt(a)*x^5*log(-(8*a*b*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 + 4*s
qrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*x + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^2) - 4*(384*a^5*d^5 -
(2400*a^4*b*d^2*e^3 - 1920*a^5*d*e^4 - 3*(15*a*b^4 - 100*a^2*b^2*c + 128*a
^3*c^2)*d^5 - 30*(3*a^2*b^3 - 20*a^3*b*c)*d^4*e - 80*(3*a^3*b^2 + 32*a^4*c
)*d^3*e^2)*x^4 + 2*(560*a^4*b*d^3*e^2 - 480*a^5*d^2*e^3 - 3*(5*a^2*b^3 - 2
8*a^3*b*c)*d^5 - 30*(a^3*b^2 + 20*a^4*c)*d^4*e)*x^3 - 8*(90*a^4*b*d^4*e -
80*a^5*d^3*e^2 - 3*(a^3*b^2 + 32*a^4*c)*d^5)*x^2 + 48*(11*a^4*b*d^5 - 10*a
^5*d^4*e)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/(a^4*d^6*x^5), 1/7680*(7680*(a^4*c*d^2
*e^2 - a^4*b*d*e^3 + a^5*e^4)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*x^5*arctan(-1/2
*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d
- b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*x^2
+ (b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) - 15*(384*a^4*b*d*e^4 - 256*a^5*e^5 -
3*(b^5 - 8*a*b^3*c + 16*a^2*b*c^2)*d^5 - 6*(a*b^4 - 8*a^2*b^2*c + 16*a...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/x**6/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/(x**6*(d + e*x)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{(ex + d)x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^6/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)*x^6), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3046 vs. 2(539) = 1078.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3046, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.28

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^6/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2*(c^2*d^4*e^2 - 2*b*c*d^3*e^3 + b^2*d^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^4 - 2*a*b*d*e^5
+ a^2*e^6)*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sq
rt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/(sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*d^6) - 1/128*(3*
b^5*d^5 - 24*a*b^3*c*d^5 + 48*a^2*b*c^2*d^5 + 6*a*b^4*d^4*e - 48*a^2*b^2*c
*d^4*e + 96*a^3*c^2*d^4*e + 16*a^2*b^3*d^3*e^2 - 192*a^3*b*c*d^3*e^2 + 96*
a^3*b^2*d^2*e^3 + 384*a^4*c*d^2*e^3 - 384*a^4*b*d*e^4 + 256*a^5*e^5)*arcta
n(-(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^3*d^6) + 1/19
20*(45*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^9*b^5*d^4 - 360*(sqrt(c)*x - sq
rt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^9*a*b^3*c*d^4 + 720*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a
))^9*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 + 90*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^9*a*b^4*d^3*e
- 720*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^9*a^2*b^2*c*d^3*e - 2400*(sqrt(c
)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^9*a^3*c^2*d^3*e + 240*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2
+ b*x + a))^9*a^2*b^3*d^2*e^2 + 4800*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^
9*a^3*b*c*d^2*e^2 - 2400*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^9*a^3*b^2*d*e
^3 - 1920*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^9*a^4*c*d*e^3 + 1920*(sqrt(c
)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^9*a^4*b*e^4 + 3840*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 +
b*x + a))^8*a^3*c^(5/2)*d^4 - 7680*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^8*a
^3*b*c^(3/2)*d^3*e + 3840*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^8*a^3*b^2*sq
rt(c)*d^2*e^2 + 7680*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^8*a^4*c^(3/2)*d^2
*e^2 - 7680*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^8*a^4*b*sqrt(c)*d*e^3 + ...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1597, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(dx + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^6/(e*x+d),x)`

output

```
(3840*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e
**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**5*e**4*x**5 - 384
0*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 -
b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**4*b*d*e**3*x**5 + 384
0*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 -
b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**4*c*d**2*e**2*x**5 -
3840*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*a**5*e**4*x**5 + 3840*sqrt
(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*a**4*b*d*e**3*x**5 - 3840*sqrt(a*e
**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*a**4*c*d**2*e**2*x**5 - 768*sqrt(a + b*x
+ c*x**2)*a**5*d**5 + 960*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**5*d**4*e*x - 1280*sq
r(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**5*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 1920*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**5
*d**2*e**3*x**3 - 3840*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**5*d*e**4*x**4 - 1056*sqrt
(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**4*b*d**5*x + 1440*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**4*b*d**4
*e*x**2 - 2240*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**4*b*d**3*e**2*x**3 + 4800*sqrt(a
+ b*x + c*x**2)*a**4*b*d**2*e**3*x**4 - 1536*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**4*c
*d**5*x**2 + 2400*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**4*c*d**4*e*x**3 - 5120*sqrt(a
+ b*x + c*x**2)*a**4*c*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 48*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**3*b**
2*d**5*x**2 + 120*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**3*b**2*d**4*e*x**3 - 480*sqrt(
a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**3*b**2*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 336*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a
**3*b*c*d**5*x**3 + 1200*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**3*b*c*d**4*e*x**4 - 7...
```

3.30 $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	424
Mathematica [A] (verified)	425
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	432

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 294

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(16c^2d^2 + 15b^2e^2 + 2ce(9bd - 8ae))\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{24c^3e^3}$$

$$- \frac{(14cd + 5be)x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{12c^2e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce^3}$$

$$- \frac{(16c^3d^3 + 5b^3e^3 + 6bce^2(bd - 2ae) + 8c^2de(bd - ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{16c^{7/2}e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{d^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^4\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}}$$

output

```
1/24*(16*c^2*d^2+15*b^2*e^2+2*c*e*(-8*a*e+9*b*d))*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^3/
e^3-1/12*(5*b*e+14*c*d)*x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^2/e^2+1/3*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2
+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c/e^3-1/16*(16*c^3*d^3+5*b^3*e^3+6*b*c*e^2*(-2*a*e+b*d)+8*c^
2*d*e*(-a*e+b*d))*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(7/
2)/e^4+d^4*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2
))/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^4/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}(15b^2e^2-2ce(-9bd+8ae+5bex)+4c^2(6d^2-3dex+2e^2x^2))}{c^3} + \frac{96d^4\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)}}\right)}{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)} + \frac{3}{48e^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^4/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `((2*e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(15*b^2*e^2 - 2*c*e*(-9*b*d + 8*a*e + 5*b*e*x) + 4*c^2*(6*d^2 - 3*d*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2)))/c^3 + (96*d^4*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]]/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)) + (3*(16*c^3*d^3 + 5*b^3*e^3 + 6*b*c*e^2*(b*d - 2*a*e) + 8*c^2*d*e*(b*d - a*e))*Log[b + 2*c*x - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]])/c^(7/2))/(48*e^4)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$, Rules used = {1267, 27, 2184, 27, 2184, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1267

$$\int \frac{-\frac{e^3(14cd+5be)x^3+e^2(10cd^2+e(11bd+4ae))x^2+de(2cd^2+e(7bd+8ae))x+d^2e(bd+4ae)}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{\frac{3ce^4}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{3ce^3}{3ce^3}}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce^3} - \frac{\int \frac{e^3(14cd+5be)x^3+e^2(10cd^2+e(11bd+4ae))x^2+de(2cd^2+e(7bd+8ae))x+d^2e(bd+4ae)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{6ce^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2184 \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce^3} - \frac{\int -\frac{(44c^2d^2+15b^2e^2+4ce(7bd-4ae))x^2e^5+d(5deb^2+10(cd^2+ae^2)b+12acde)e^4+2(10c^2d^3+ce(19bd-2ae)d+5be^2(2bd+ae))xe^4}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2ce^3}}{6ce^4} + \frac{e(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce^3} - \frac{\int \frac{(44c^2d^2+15b^2e^2+4ce(7bd-4ae))x^2e^5+d(5deb^2+10(cd^2+ae^2)b+12acde)e^4+2(10c^2d^3+ce(19bd-2ae)d+5be^2(2bd+ae))xe^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{4ce^3}}{6ce^4} - \frac{e(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(5be+14cd)}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2184 \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce^3} - \frac{\int -\frac{3e^6(d(5e^2b^3+6cdeb^2+4c(2cd^2-3ae^2)b-8ac^2de)+(16c^3d^3+8c^2e(bd-ae)d+5b^3e^3+6bce^2(bd-2ae))x)}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{ce^2}}{4ce^3}}{6ce^4} + \frac{e^4\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(5be+14cd)}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce^3} - \frac{e^4\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(4ce(7bd-4ae)+15b^2e^2+44c^2d^2)}{c} - \frac{3e^4\int \frac{d(5e^2b^3+6cdeb^2+4c(2cd^2-3ae^2)b-8ac^2de)+(16c^3d^3+8c^2e(bd-ae)d+5b^3e^3+6bce^2(bd-2ae))}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2c}}{4ce^3}}{6ce^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1269 \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce^3} - \frac{e^4\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(4ce(7bd-4ae)+15b^2e^2+44c^2d^2)}{c} - \frac{3e^4\left(\frac{(8c^2de(bd-ae)+6bce^2(bd-2ae)+5b^3e^3+16c^3d^3)}{e}\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx\right)}{2c}}{4ce^3}}{6ce^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1092
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce^3} - \frac{e(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(5be+14cd)}{2c} - \frac{e^4\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(4ce(7bd-4ae)+15b^2e^2+44c^2d^2)}{c} - \frac{3e^4 \left(\frac{2(8c^2de(bd-ae)+6bce^2(bd-2ae)+5b^3e^3+16c^3d^3)}{e} \int \frac{1}{4c-\frac{(b+cx^2)}{e}} \right)}{6ce^4} - \frac{4ce^3}{4ce^3} - \frac{2c}{2c}$$

219

$$\frac{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce^3} - \frac{e(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(5be+14cd)}{2c} - \frac{e^4\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(4ce(7bd-4ae)+15b^2e^2+44c^2d^2)}{c} - \frac{3e^4 \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(8c^2de(bd-ae)+6bce^2(bd-2ae))}{\sqrt{ce}} \right)}{6ce^4} - \frac{4ce^3}{4ce^3} - \frac{2c}{2c}$$

1154

$$\frac{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce^3} - \frac{e(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(5be+14cd)}{2c} - \frac{e^4\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(4ce(7bd-4ae)+15b^2e^2+44c^2d^2)}{c} - \frac{3e^4 \left(\frac{32c^3d^4 \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2)-\frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{e} \right)}{6ce^4} - \frac{4ce^3}{4ce^3}$$

219

$$\frac{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce^3} - \frac{e(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(5be+14cd)}{2c} - \frac{e^4\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(4ce(7bd-4ae)+15b^2e^2+44c^2d^2)}{c} - \frac{3e^4 \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(8c^2de(bd-ae)+6bce^2(bd-2ae))}{\sqrt{ce}} \right)}{6ce^4} - \frac{4ce^3}{4ce^3}$$

input

```
Int[x^4/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```


output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((d + ex)^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}) / (3c^3 e^3) - ((e(14cd + 5b^2 e) * (d + ex) * \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}) / (2c) - ((e^4(44c^2 d^2 + 15b^2 e^2 + 4c^2 e * (7bd - 4a^2 e)) * \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}) / c - (3e^4 * ((16c^3 d^3 + 5b^3 e^3 + 6b^2 c e^2 * (bd - 2a^2 e) + 8c^2 d * e * (bd - a^2 e)) * \text{ArcTanh}[(b + 2cx) / (2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2})]) / (\sqrt{c} e) - (16c^3 d^4 * \text{ArcTanh}[(bd - 2a^2 e + (2cd - b^2 e) * x) / (2\sqrt{cd^2 - b^2 d e + a^2 e^2}) * \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}])) / (e \sqrt{cd^2 - b^2 d e + a^2 e^2})) / (2c) / (4c^3 e^3) / (6c^4 e^4) \end{aligned}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) (F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*) (G_x) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*) (x_*)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Rt}[a, 2] * \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] * (x / \text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1092

$$\text{Int}[1 / \sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*) (x_*) + (c_*) (x_*)^2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / (4c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2cx) / \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 1154

$$\text{Int}[1 / (((d_*) + (e_*) (x_*)) * \sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*) (x_*) + (c_*) (x_*)^2}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / (4cd^2 - 4b^2 d e + 4a^2 e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2a^2 e - b^2 d - (2cd - b^2 e) * x) / \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$$

rule 1267

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*) (x_*)^{(m_*)} * ((f_*) + (g_*) (x_*)^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*) (x_*) + (c_*) (x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g^n * (d + ex)^{(m+n-1)} * ((a + bx + cx^2)^{(p+1}) / (c * e^{(n-1)} * (m+n+2p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (c * e^{(m+n+2p+1)}) \quad \text{Int}[(d + ex)^m * (a + bx + cx^2)^p * \text{ExpandToSum}[c * e^{(m+n+2p+1)} * (f + gx)^n - c * g^n * (m+n+2p+1) * (d + ex)^n - g^n * (d + ex)^{(n-2)} * (b^2 d * e * (p+1) + a * e^2 * (m+n-1) - c * d^2 * (m+n+2p+1) - e * (2cd - b^2 e) * (m+n+p) * x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n+2p+1, 0] \end{aligned}$$

rule 1269

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 2184

```
Int[(Pq_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
risch	$\frac{(-8c^2e^2x^2 + 10e^2xbc + 12c^2dex + 16ace^2 - 15b^2e^2 - 18bcde - 24c^2d^2)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{24c^3e^3} + \frac{(12abc e^3 + 8d e^2 a c^2 - 5b^3 e^3 - 6d e^2 b^2 c - 8d^2 e b c)}{e\sqrt{c}}$
default	$\frac{x^2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{3c} - \frac{5b \left(\frac{x\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{2c} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{c} - \frac{b \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}\right)}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{4c} - \frac{a \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}\right)}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{6c} - \frac{2a \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{c} \right)}{e}$

input

```
int(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/24*(-8*c^2*e^2*x^2+10*b*c*e^2*x+12*c^2*d*e*x+16*a*c*e^2-15*b^2*e^2-18*b
*c*d*e-24*c^2*d^2)/c^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e^3+1/16/e^3/c^3*((12*a*b*c*e^3
+8*a*c^2*d*e^2-5*b^3*e^3-6*b^2*c*d*e^2-8*b*c^2*d^2*e-16*c^3*d^3)/e*ln((1/2
*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-16*d^4*c^3/e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+
c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((
a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*
d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)))
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**4/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**4/((d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((b/e-(2*c*d)/e^2)^2>0)', see `assume?` for`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^4/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5414, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.41

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2), x)`

output `(- 48*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a
e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*
d**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)
*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*s
qrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*
d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*b*c**4*d**4*e + 96*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e
+ c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 -
b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((
2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a
e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d -
4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*c**5*d**5 - 96*sqrt(c)
*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2
- b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*
atan((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)
*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*a*c**4*d**4*e**2
+ 96*sqrt(c)*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)
*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e -
8*c**2*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqr
t(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - ...`

3.31 $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 219

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3(2cd+be)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4c^2e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ce^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(8c^2d^2+3b^2e^2+4ce(bd-ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8c^{5/2}e^3}$$

$$- \frac{d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^3\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}}$$

output

```
-3/4*(b*e+2*c*d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^2/e^2+1/2*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c/e^2+1/8*(8*c^2*d^2+3*b^2*e^2+4*c*e*(-a*e+b*d))*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/e^3-d^3*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^3/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2e(4cd+3be-2ce)x\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{c^2} + \frac{16d^3\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)}}\right)}{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)} + \frac{(8c^2d^2+3b^2e^2+4ce(bd-ae)) \log(b+2c\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)})}{c^{5/2}}}{8e^3}$$

input

Integrate[x^3/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]

output

```
-1/8*((2*e*(4*c*d + 3*b*e - 2*c*e*x)*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/c^2 + (16*d^3*
Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b
+ c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]]/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)) + ((
8*c^2*d^2 + 3*b^2*e^2 + 4*c*e*(b*d - a*e))*Log[b + 2*c*x - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[
a + x*(b + c*x)]])/c^(5/2))/e^3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {1267, 27, 2184, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1267$$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{3e^2(2cd+be)x^2+2e(cd^2+e(2bd+ae))x+de(bd+2ae)}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2ce^3} + \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ce^2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ce^2} - \frac{\int \frac{3e^2(2cd+be)x^2+2e(cd^2+e(2bd+ae))x+de(bd+2ae)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{4ce^3}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ce^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{e^3(d(3eb^2+4cdb-4ace)+(8c^2d^2+3b^2e^2+4ce(bd-ae))x)}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{4ce^3} + \frac{3e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(be+2cd)}{c}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ce^2} - \frac{3e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(be+2cd)}{c} - \frac{e \int \frac{d(3eb^2+4cdb-4ace)+(8c^2d^2+3b^2e^2+4ce(bd-ae))x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{4ce^3}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ce^2} - \frac{3e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(be+2cd)}{c} - \frac{e \left(\frac{(4ce(bd-ae)+3b^2e^2+8c^2d^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{8c^2d^3 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \right)}{4ce^3}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ce^2} - \frac{3e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(be+2cd)}{c} - \frac{e \left(\frac{2(4ce(bd-ae)+3b^2e^2+8c^2d^2) \int \frac{1}{4c-\frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{e} - \frac{8c^2d^3 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \right)}{4ce^3}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ce^2} - \frac{3e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(be+2cd)}{c} - \frac{e \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(4ce(bd-ae)+3b^2e^2+8c^2d^2)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{8c^2d^3 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \right)}{4ce^3}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ce^2} - \frac{3e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(be+2cd)}{c} - \frac{e \left(\frac{16c^2d^3 \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2)-\frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{e} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(4ce(bd-ae)+3b^2e^2+8c^2d^2)}{\sqrt{ce}} \right)}{4ce^3}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ce^2} - \frac{3e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(be+2cd)}{c} - \frac{e \left(\frac{16c^2d^3 \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2)-\frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{e} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(4ce(bd-ae)+3b^2e^2+8c^2d^2)}{\sqrt{ce}} \right)}{4ce^3}$$

$$\frac{\frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ce^2} - \frac{3e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(be+2cd)}{c}}{4ce^3} - \frac{e \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(4ce(bd-ae)+3b^2e^2+8c^2d^2)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{8c^2d^3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}} \right)}{2c}}$$

input `Int[x^3/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(2*c*e^2) - ((3*e*(2*c*d + b*e)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/c - (e*((8*c^2*d^2 + 3*b^2*e^2 + 4*c*e*(b*d - a*e))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(Sqrt[c]*e) - (8*c^2*d^3 * ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(e*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]))/(2*c))/(4*c*e^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1267

```

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b
*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^n*(m
+ n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^n*(m
+ n + 2*p + 1)*(f + g*x)^n - c*g^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^n - g^n*(d
+ e*x)^(n - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + n - 1) - c*d^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1)
- e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + n + p)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g
, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]

```

rule 1269

```

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]

```

rule 2184

```

Int[(Pq_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, S
imp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q
+ 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a +
b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p +
1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c
*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x] /; GtQ[
q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && Pol
yQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGt
Q[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-2cex+3be+4cd)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{4c^2e^2} - \frac{(4ac e^2-3b^2e^2-4bcde-8c^2d^2) \ln\left(\frac{b+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{e\sqrt{c}} - \frac{8c^2d^3 \ln\left(\frac{2ae^2-2bde+2cd^2}{e^2} + \frac{(be-2cd)}{e}\right)}{8c^2e^2}$
default	$\frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{b+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{e^3\sqrt{c}} + \frac{x\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2c} - \frac{3b\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{c} - \frac{b \ln\left(\frac{b+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{4c} - \frac{a \ln\left(\frac{b+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input

```
int(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/4*(-2*c*e*x+3*b*e+4*c*d)/c^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e^2-1/8/c^2/e^2*((4*a*c*e^2-3*b^2*e^2-4*b*c*d*e-8*c^2*d^2)/e*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-8*c^2*d^3/e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 399 vs. 2(193) = 386.

Time = 161.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1685, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.69

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/16*(8*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*c^3*d^3*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 -
(b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 + 4*sq
rt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*
e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*
e*x + d^2)) - (8*c^3*d^4 - 4*b*c^2*d^3*e - (b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d^2*e^2 - (3*
b^3 - 8*a*b*c)*d*e^3 + (3*a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*e^4)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^2 - 8
*b*c*x - b^2 + 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) - 4*(4
*c^3*d^3*e - b*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 3*a*b*c*e^4 - (3*b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d*e^3 - 2*(
c^3*d^2*e^2 - b*c^2*d*e^3 + a*c^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/(c^4*d^2*
e^3 - b*c^3*d*e^4 + a*c^3*e^5), -1/16*(16*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*c^3
*d^3*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d -
2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*
e + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + (b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) + (8*c^3*d^4 - 4*b*c^
2*d^3*e - (b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d^2*e^2 - (3*b^3 - 8*a*b*c)*d*e^3 + (3*a*b^2 -
4*a^2*c)*e^4)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^2 - 8*b*c*x - b^2 + 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x
+ a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 4*(4*c^3*d^3*e - b*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 3*a*
b*c*e^4 - (3*b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d*e^3 - 2*(c^3*d^2*e^2 - b*c^2*d*e^3 + a*c^2
*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/(c^4*d^2*e^3 - b*c^3*d*e^4 + a*c^3*e^5), 1
/8*(4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*c^3*d^3*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^
2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 + 4*sq...
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3/((d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((b/e-(2*c*d)/e^2)^2>0)', see `assume?` for`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^3/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4867, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.22

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2), x)`

output

```
(8*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*b*c**3*d**3*e - 16*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*c**4*d**4 + 16*sqrt(c)*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*atan((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*a*c**3*d**3*e**2 - 16*sqrt(c)*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*atan((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d...
```

3.32 $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{ce} - \frac{(2cd+be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}e^2} + \frac{d^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}}$$

output

```
(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c/e-1/2*(b*e+2*c*d)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^2+d^2*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^2/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{c} + \frac{4d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)}} + \frac{(2cd+be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}\right)}{c^{3/2}}$$

$2e^2$

input `Integrate[x^2/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output
$$-1/2*((-2*e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/c + (4*d^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)] + ((2*c*d + b*e)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/c^{3/2})/e^2$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {1267, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1267 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{e(bd+(2cd+be)x)}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{ce^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{ce} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{ce} - \frac{\int \frac{bd+(2cd+be)x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2ce} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1269 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{ce} - \frac{(be+2cd) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{2cd^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2ce} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1092 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{ce} - \frac{2(be+2cd) \int \frac{1}{4c - \frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d - \frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{e} - \frac{2cd^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{ce} - \frac{(be+2cd)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{2cd^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{4cd^2 \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2) - \frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{e} + \frac{(be+2cd)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{ce} - \frac{(be+2cd)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{2cd^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}$$

input `Int[x^2/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(c*e) - (((2*c*d + b*e)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(Sqrt[c]*e) - (2*c*d^2*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(e*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]))/(2*c*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

```
rule 1154 Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

```
rule 1267 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(f + g*x)^n - c*g^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^n - g^n*(d + e*x)^(n - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + n - 1) - c*d^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + n + p)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

```
rule 1269 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{ce} - \frac{(be+2cd) \ln\left(\frac{b+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{e\sqrt{c}} + \frac{2cd^2 \ln\left(\frac{2ae^2-2bde+2cd^2}{e^2} + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{ae^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e}}\right)}{2ce \cdot e^2 \sqrt{\frac{ae^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{c} - \frac{b \ln\left(\frac{b+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$ $- \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2ae^2-2bde+2cd^2}{e^2} + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{ae^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e}}\right)}{e^3 \sqrt{\frac{ae^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}}$

```
input int(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c/e-1/2/c/e*((b*e+2*c*d)/e*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x
^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)+2*c*d^2/e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2
*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)
^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/
(x+d/e))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 305 vs. $2(137) = 274$.

Time = 11.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1306, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.32

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*(2*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*c^2*d^2*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (
b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sq
rt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e
)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e
*x + d^2)) + (2*c^2*d^3 - b*c*d^2*e + a*b*e^3 - (b^2 - 2*a*c)*d*e^2)*sqrt(
c)*log(-8*c^2*x^2 - 8*b*c*x - b^2 + 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sq
rt(c) - 4*a*c) + 4*(c^2*d^2*e - b*c*d*e^2 + a*c*e^3)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a
)/(c^3*d^2*e^2 - b*c^2*d*e^3 + a*c^2*e^4), 1/4*(4*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*
e^2)*c^2*d^2*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a
)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2
- b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + (b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) + (2*c^2*d^3
- b*c*d^2*e + a*b*e^3 - (b^2 - 2*a*c)*d*e^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^2 - 8*b*
c*x - b^2 + 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 4*(c^2*
d^2*e - b*c*d*e^2 + a*c*e^3)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)/(c^3*d^2*e^2 - b*c^2*d
*e^3 + a*c^2*e^4), 1/2*(sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*c^2*d^2*log((8*a*b*d*e
- 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*
e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*
e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/
(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + (2*c^2*d^3 - b*c*d^2*e + a*b*e^3 - (b^2 - 2*a
*c)*d*e^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(-...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/((d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((b/e-(2*c*d)/e^2)^2>0)', see `assume?` for`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`output `int(x^2/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4437, normalized size of antiderivative = 28.26

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2), x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*
e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d
**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*
e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sq
rt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d
*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*b*c**2*d**2*e + 4*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e +
c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b
**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((2*
sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e*
*2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4
*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*c**3*d**3 - 4*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b
*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*ata
n((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*
d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*a*c**2*d**2*e**2 +
4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqr
t(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c*
**2*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*
sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d...
```

3.33 $\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	450
Mathematica [A] (verified)	450
Rubi [A] (verified)	451
Maple [A] (verified)	453
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	453
Sympy [F]	454
Maxima [F(-2)]	455
Giac [F(-2)]	455
Mupad [F(-1)]	455
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	456

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{\operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}}$$

output

```
arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e-d*arctanh(1/2
*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))
/e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2d\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)}}\right)}{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)} + \frac{\log\left(e\left(b+2cx-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{c}}$$

input `Integrate[x/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `-(((2*d*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)])/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)) + Log[e*(b + 2*c*x - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[c])/e)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1269 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1092 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{4c - \frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d \frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1154 \\
 & \frac{2d \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2) - \frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{e} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{d\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}$$

input `Int[x/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])]/(Sqrt[c]*e) - (d*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(e*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

method	result
default	$\frac{\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}\right)}{e\sqrt{c}} + \frac{d \ln\left(\frac{2ae^2 - 2bde + 2cd^2}{e^2} + \frac{(be - 2cd)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{c\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + \frac{(be - 2cd)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}{e^2}}\right)}{e^2 \sqrt{\frac{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}{e^2}}}$

input `int(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/e*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)+d/e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*
e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*
((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-
b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 236 vs. 2(108) = 216.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1034, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.34

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2*(sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*c*d*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 +
4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d^
2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) -
2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d
^2)) + (c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^2 - 8*b*c*x - b^2 - 4*
sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c))/(c^2*d^2*e - b*c*d*e^2
+ a*c*e^3), -1/2*(2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*c*d*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*
d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)
/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + (b*c*d
^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) - (c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x
^2 - 8*b*c*x - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c)
/(c^2*d^2*e - b*c*d*e^2 + a*c*e^3), 1/2*(sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*c*d*log
((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (
b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a
)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*
a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(-
c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^2 + b*c*x
+ a*c)))/(c^2*d^2*e - b*c*d*e^2 + a*c*e^3), -(sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)
*c*d*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d -
2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x/((d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((b/e-(2*c*d)/e^2)^2>0)', see `assume?` for

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(x/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4099, normalized size of antiderivative = 33.06

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**
2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2
)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2))*e +
b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)
*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e
- 8*c**2*d**2))*b*c*d*e - 4*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b
*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2
+ 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a + b*x + c*x**2))*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*
e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2
- b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*c**2*d**2 + 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(4*sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*
d**2))*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2))*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 -
b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*c*d - 4*a*c
*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*a*c*d*e**2 - 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*
e + c*d**2))*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*atan((
2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2))*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*
e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*c...
```

3.34 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	457
Mathematica [A] (verified)	457
Rubi [A] (verified)	458
Maple [B] (verified)	459
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	459
Sympy [F]	460
Maxima [F(-2)]	460
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	461
Mupad [F(-1)]	461
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	461

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}}$$

output `arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)}}\right)}{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]])/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1154

$$-2 \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) - \frac{(bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x)^2}{cx^2 + bx + a}} d \left(-\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae + x(2cd - be) + bd}{2\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

output

```
[1/2*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d
*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b
*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^
2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2))/sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2),
sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqr
t(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^
2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + (b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*
x))/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-b*d*e>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2 \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a})e+\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3755, normalized size of antiderivative = 47.53

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*
e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d
**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*
e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sq
rt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d
*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*b*e + 4*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*
e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 +
8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e
+ c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2
- b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*c*d - 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c
*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e
+ c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 -
b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*a*e**2 + 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)
*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*
e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e...
```

3.35 $\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	463
Mathematica [A] (verified)	463
Rubi [A] (verified)	464
Maple [A] (verified)	465
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	465
Sympy [F]	466
Maxima [F]	467
Giac [F(-2)]	467
Mupad [F(-1)]	467
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	468

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} - \frac{e\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}}$$

output

```
-arctanh(1/2*(b*x+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/d-e*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/d/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\left(-\frac{e\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)}}\right)}{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*(-((e*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)])/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))) + ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x - Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[a])/d`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1289$$

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{dx\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \frac{e}{d(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{d\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `-(ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])]/(Sqrt[a]*d)) - (e*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(d*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1289

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_
_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f +
g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (
IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

method	result
default	$-\frac{\ln\left(\frac{2a+bx+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{x}\right)}{d\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2ae^2-2bde+2cd^2 + \frac{(be-2cd)(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{ae^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}\sqrt{c(x+\frac{d}{e})^2 + \frac{(be-2cd)(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + ae^2-bd}}{x+\frac{d}{e}}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{ae^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}}$

input

```
int(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/d/a^(1/2)*ln((2*a+b*x+2*a^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/x)+1/d/((a*e^2-b*d
*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+
2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2
-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 237 vs. 2(110) = 220.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1047, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.31

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*(sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))*a*e*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 +
4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d^
2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) -
2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d
^2)) + (c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(a)*log(-(8*a*b*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 -
4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*x + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^2))/(a*c*d^3 - a*b
*d^2*e + a^2*d*e^2), -1/2*(2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))*a*e*arctan(-1/2*
sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d -
b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*x^2
+ (b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) - (c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(a)*log(
-(8*a*b*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*x + 2*a)*sqrt(a
) + 8*a^2)/x^2))/(a*c*d^3 - a*b*d^2*e + a^2*d*e^2), 1/2*(sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*
e + a*e^2))*a*e*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2
- 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt
(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e
^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e
+ a*e^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*x + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(
a*c*x^2 + a*b*x + a^2)))/(a*c*d^3 - a*b*d^2*e + a^2*d*e^2), -(sqrt(-c*d^2
+ b*d*e - a*e^2))*a*e*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 +
b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 ...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x*(d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)*x), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \log(-2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} \sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} - 2ae + bd - bex + 2cdx) ae - \sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \log(d + ex) \sqrt{a} \log(2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}) - 2a - b^2x}{(a^2d^2 - b^2d^2 + c^2d^2) \sqrt{a^2d^2 - b^2d^2 + c^2d^2}}$$

input

```
int(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2
- b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a*e - sqrt(a*e**2 - b*
d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*a*e + sqrt(a)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x*
*2) - 2*a - b*x)*a*e**2 - sqrt(a)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2
*a - b*x)*b*d*e + sqrt(a)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2*a - b*x
)*c*d**2 - sqrt(a)*log(x)*a*e**2 + sqrt(a)*log(x)*b*d*e - sqrt(a)*log(x)*c
*d**2)/(a*d*(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))
```

3.36 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	469
Mathematica [A] (verified)	469
Rubi [A] (verified)	470
Maple [A] (verified)	471
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	472
Sympy [F]	473
Maxima [F]	473
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	473
Mupad [F(-1)]	474
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	474

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{adx} + \frac{(bd+2ae)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}d^2} + \frac{e^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}}$$

output

```
-(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/d/x+1/2*(2*a*e+b*d)*arctanh(1/2*(b*x+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d^2+e^2*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/d^2/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2d\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{ax} + \frac{4e^2\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}x}{\sqrt{a}(d+ex)-d\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}\right)}{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)} + \frac{(bd+2ae)\log(x)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{(bd+2ae)\log\left(ad^2(2a+bx-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2})\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output
$$\frac{((-2*d*\text{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])/(a*x) + (4*e^2*\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*(d + e*x) - d*\text{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)) + ((b*d + 2*a*e)*\text{Log}[x])/a^{(3/2)} - ((b*d + 2*a*e)*\text{Log}[a*d^2*(2*a + b*x - 2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/a^{(3/2)})/(2*d^2)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1289

$$\int \left(\frac{e^2}{d^2(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} - \frac{e}{d^2x\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} + \frac{1}{dx^2\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}d} + \frac{e^2 \text{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}} + \frac{\text{earctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{adx}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output

```
-(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(a*d*x)) + (b*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(2*a^(3/2)*d) + (e*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(Sqrt[a]*d^2) + (e^2*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(d^2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1289

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{adx} - \frac{(2ae+bd) \ln\left(\frac{2a+bx+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{x}\right)}{d\sqrt{a}} + \frac{2ea \ln\left(\frac{2ae^2-2bde+2cd^2 + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{ae^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{x+\frac{d}{e}}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{ae^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{ax} + \frac{b \ln\left(\frac{2a+bx+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{x}\right)}{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{e \ln\left(\frac{2ae^2-2bde+2cd^2 + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{ae^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} + \frac{(be-2cd)}{e}\right)}{d^2 \sqrt{\frac{ae^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}}$

input

```
int(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/d/x-1/2/a/d*(-(2*a*e+b*d)/d/a^(1/2)*ln((2*a+b*x+2*a
^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/x)+2*e/d*a/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln(
(2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^
2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)
)/(x+d/e))

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 311 vs. $2(142) = 284$.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1340, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.27

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[1/4*(2*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*a^2*e^2*x*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 -
(b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*s
qrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b
*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d
*e*x + d^2)) + (b*c*d^3 - a*b*d*e^2 + 2*a^2*e^3 - (b^2 - 2*a*c)*d^2*e)*sqr
t(a)*x*log(-(8*a*b*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*x +
2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^2) - 4*(a*c*d^3 - a*b*d^2*e + a^2*d*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^
2 + b*x + a)/((a^2*c*d^4 - a^2*b*d^3*e + a^3*d^2*e^2)*x), 1/4*(4*sqrt(-c*
d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*a^2*e^2*x*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqr
t(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a
^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + (b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)
*x)) + (b*c*d^3 - a*b*d*e^2 + 2*a^2*e^3 - (b^2 - 2*a*c)*d^2*e)*sqrt(a)*x*1
og(-(8*a*b*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*x + 2*a)*sqr
t(a) + 8*a^2)/x^2) - 4*(a*c*d^3 - a*b*d^2*e + a^2*d*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x
+ a)/((a^2*c*d^4 - a^2*b*d^3*e + a^3*d^2*e^2)*x), 1/2*(sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e
+ a*e^2)*a^2*e^2*x*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^
2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)
*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*
a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - (b*c*d^3 -
a*b*d*e^2 + 2*a^2*e^3 - (b^2 - 2*a*c)*d^2*e)*sqrt(-a)*x*arctan(1/2*sqrt...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*(d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2e^2 \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a})e+\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}d^2} - \frac{(bd+2ae) \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aad^2}} + \frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a})b+2a\sqrt{c}}{\left((\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a})^2-a\right)ad}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2*e^2*arctan(-(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/(sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*d^2) - (b*d + 2*a*e)*arctan(-(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a)*a*d^2) + ((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*b + 2*a*sqrt(c))/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^2 - a)*a*d)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 431, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \log(2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} \sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} - 2ae + bd - bex + 2cdx) a^2 e^2 x - 2\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}}{2\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}}$$

input

```
int(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2
- b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**2*e**2*x - 2*sqrt(a*
e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*a**2*e**2*x - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)
*a**2*d*e**2 + 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a*b*d**2*e - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x*
*2)*a*c*d**3 + 2*sqrt(a)*log(- 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2*a - b
*x)*a**2*e**3*x - sqrt(a)*log(- 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2*a -
b*x)*a*b*d*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(a)*log(- 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2*
a - b*x)*a*c*d**2*e*x - sqrt(a)*log(- 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) -
2*a - b*x)*b**2*d**2*e*x + sqrt(a)*log(- 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)
- 2*a - b*x)*b*c*d**3*x - 2*sqrt(a)*log(x)*a**2*e**3*x + sqrt(a)*log(x)*a
*b*d*e**2*x - 2*sqrt(a)*log(x)*a*c*d**2*e*x + sqrt(a)*log(x)*b**2*d**2*e*x
- sqrt(a)*log(x)*b*c*d**3*x)/(2*a**2*d**2*x*(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))
```


3.37 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 223

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2adx^2} + \frac{(3bd+4ae)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4a^2d^2x}$$

$$- \frac{(3b^2d^2 - 4acd^2 + 4abde + 8a^2e^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}d^3}$$

$$- \frac{e^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/d/x^2+1/4*(4*a*e+3*b*d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^2/d^2/x-1/8*(8*a^2*e^2+4*a*b*d*e-4*a*c*d^2+3*b^2*d^2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*x+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d^3-e^3*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/d^3/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{d(-2ad+3bdx+4aex)\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{a^2x^2} - \frac{8e^3\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)}}\right)}{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)} + \frac{8e^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + \dots$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^3*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
((d*(-2*a*d + 3*b*d*x + 4*a*e*x)*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/(a^2*x^2) - (8*e^3*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]]/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)) + (8*e^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x - Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a] + (d*(-3*b^2*d + 4*a*c*d - 4*a*b*e)*ArcTanh[-(Sqrt[c]*x) + Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[a])/a^(5/2))/(4*d^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1289

$$\int \left(-\frac{e^3}{d^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{e^2}{d^2x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \frac{e}{d^2x^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{1}{dx^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{(3b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}d} - \frac{b e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}d^2} + \frac{3b\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4a^2dx} \\
& -\frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}d^3} - \frac{e^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{\frac{d^3\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}} + \frac{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{ad^2x} -
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(a*d*x^2) + (3*b*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*a^2*d*x) + (e*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(a*d^2*x) - ((3*b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(8*a^(5/2)*d) - (b*e*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(2*a^(3/2)*d^2) - (e^2*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(Sqrt[a]*d^3) - (e^3*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(d^3*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1289 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(-4aex-3bdx+2ad)}{4a^2d^2x^2} + \frac{(8e^2a^2+4abde-4ad^2c+3b^2d^2) \ln\left(\frac{2a+bx+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{x}\right)}{d\sqrt{a}} + \frac{8e^2a^2 \ln\left(\frac{2ae^2-2bde+2cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{8a^2d^2}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2ax^2} - \frac{3b \left(-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{ax} + \frac{b \ln\left(\frac{2a+bx+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{x}\right)}{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{4a} + \frac{c \ln\left(\frac{2a+bx+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{x}\right)}{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2a+bx+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{x}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{a}}$

input

```
int(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/4*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-4*a*e*x-3*b*d*x+2*a*d)/a^2/d^2/x^2+1/8/a^2/d^2*
(-(8*a^2*e^2+4*a*b*d*e-4*a*c*d^2+3*b^2*d^2)/d/a^(1/2)*ln((2*a+b*x+2*a^(1/2)
)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/x)+8*e^2*a^2/d/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((
2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2
)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))
/(x+d/e))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 409 vs. 2(197) = 394.

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1737, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.79

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/16*(8*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*a^3*e^3*x^2*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - (4*a^2*b*d*e^3 - 8*a^3*e^4 - (3*b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d^4 + (3*b^3 - 8*a*b*c)*d^3*e + (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*d^2*e^2)*sqrt(a)*x^2*log(-(8*a*b*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*x + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^2) - 4*(2*a^2*c*d^4 - 2*a^2*b*d^3*e + 2*a^3*d^2*e^2 - (3*a*b*c*d^4 - a^2*b*d^2*e^2 + 4*a^3*d*e^3 - (3*a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*d^3*e)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/((a^3*c*d^5 - a^3*b*d^4*e + a^4*d^3*e^2)*x^2), -1/16*(16*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*a^3*e^3*x^2*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + (b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) + (4*a^2*b*d*e^3 - 8*a^3*e^4 - (3*b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d^4 + (3*b^3 - 8*a*b*c)*d^3*e + (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*d^2*e^2)*sqrt(a)*x^2*log(-(8*a*b*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*x + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^2) + 4*(2*a^2*c*d^4 - 2*a^2*b*d^3*e + 2*a^3*d^2*e^2 - (3*a*b*c*d^4 - a^2*b*d^2*e^2 + 4*a^3*d*e^3 - (3*a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*d^3*e)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/((a^3*c*d^5 - a^3*b*d^4*e + a^4*d^3*e^2)*x^2), 1/8*(4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*a^3*e^3*x^2*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 ...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**3/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**3*(d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)*x^3), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 399 vs. 2(197) = 394.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 399, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2e^3 \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a})e+\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}d^3} + \frac{(3b^2d^2-4acd^2+4abde+8a^2e^2) \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-aa^2d^3}} - \frac{3(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a})^3b^2d-4(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a})^3acd+4(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a})^3abe+8a^3e^2}{4\sqrt{-aa^2d^3}}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*e^3*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/(sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*d^3) + 1/4*(3*b^2*d^2 - 4*a*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*d*e + 8*a^2*e^2)*arctan(-(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^2*d^3) - 1/4*(3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*b^2*d - 4*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*a*c*d + 4*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*a*b*e + 8*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^2*a^2*sqrt(c)*e - 5*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*a*b^2*d - 4*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*a^2*c*d - 4*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*a^2*b*e - 8*a^2*b*sqrt(c)*d - 8*a^3*sqrt(c)*e)/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^2 - a)^2*a^2*d^2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^3*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 756, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.39

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(8*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e*
*2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**3*e**3*x**2 - 8*s
qrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*a**3*e**3*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a + b*x
+ c*x**2)*a**3*d**2*e**2 + 8*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**3*d*e**3*x + 4*sqrt
(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**2*b*d**3*e - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**2*b*d**2*e*
*2*x - 4*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**2*c*d**4 + 8*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**
2*c*d**3*e*x - 6*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a*b**2*d**3*e*x + 6*sqrt(a + b*x +
c*x**2)*a*b*c*d**4*x + 8*sqrt(a)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2
*a - b*x)*a**3*e**4*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)
- 2*a - b*x)*a**2*b*d*e**3*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c
*x**2) - 2*a - b*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(a)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a +
b*x + c*x**2) - 2*a - b*x)*a*b**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 8*sqrt(a)*log(2*sqrt(a
)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2*a - b*x)*a*b*c*d**3*e*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a)*log(2*
sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2*a - b*x)*a*c**2*d**4*x**2 - 3*sqrt(a)*l
og(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2*a - b*x)*b**3*d**3*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt
(a)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) - 2*a - b*x)*b**2*c*d**4*x**2 - 8
*sqrt(a)*log(x)*a**3*e**4*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a)*log(x)*a**2*b*d*e**3*x**2 - 4*s
qrt(a)*log(x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**2*x**2 + sqrt(a)*log(x)*a*b**2*d**2*e**2*x**2
- 8*sqrt(a)*log(x)*a*b*c*d**3*e*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a)*log(x)*a*c**2*d**4*x**2
+ 3*sqrt(a)*log(x)*b**3*d**3*e*x**2 - 3*sqrt(a)*log(x)*b**2*c*d**4*x**2...
```


3.38
$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	484
Mathematica [A] (verified)	485
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 274

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(a(b^3d - 3abcd - ab^2e + 2a^2ce) + (b^4d - 4ab^2cd + 2a^2c^2d - ab^3e + 3a^2bce)x)}{c^2(b^2 - 4ac)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{c^2e} - \frac{(2cd + 3be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2c^{5/2}e^2} + \frac{d^4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
(-2*a*(2*a^2*c*e-a*b^2*e-3*a*b*c*d+b^3*d)-2*(3*a^2*b*c*e+2*a^2*c^2*d-a*b^3
*e-4*a*b^2*c*d+b^4*d)*x)/c^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a
)^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^2/e-1/2*(3*b*e+2*c*d)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/
c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/e^2+d^4*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+
2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^2/(a*e^2-b*d*e+
c*d^2)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 11.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)} \left(\frac{1}{e} + \frac{2(2a^3ce+b^4dx+ab^2(-4cdx+b(d-ex))+a^2(-b^2e+2c^2dx-3bc(d-ex))}{(b^2-4ac)(-cd^2+e(bd-ae))(a+x(b+cx))} \right)}{c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{d^4 \log(d+ex)}{e^2 (cd^2 + e(-bd+ae))^{3/2}} - \frac{(2cd+3be) \log(b+2cx+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)})}{2c^{5/2}e^2}$$

$$- \frac{d^4 \log(-bd+2ae-2cdx+box+2\sqrt{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)})}{e^2 (cd^2 + e(-bd+ae))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(e^(-1) + (2*(2*a^3*c*e + b^4*d*x + a*b^2*(-4*c*d*x + b*(d - e*x)) + a^2*(-(b^2*e) + 2*c^2*d*x - 3*b*c*(d - e*x))))/(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e))*(a + x*(b + c*x)))/c^2 + (d^4*Log[d + e*x])/(e^2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^(3/2)) - ((2*c*d + 3*b*e)*Log[b + 2*c*x + 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]])/(2*c^(5/2)*e^2) - (d^4*Log[-(b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x + b*e*x + 2*Sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]])/(e^2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {1264, 27, 2184, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1264

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{\frac{(b^2-4ac)x^2}{c} - \frac{b(b^2-4ac)x}{c^2} + \frac{(b^2-4ac)d(db^2-ae^2-acd)}{c^2(cd^2-bed+ae^2)}}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{\frac{b^2-4ac}{c^2(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}} \\
& \frac{2(a(2a^2ce - ab^2e - 3abcd + b^3d) + x(3a^2bce + 2a^2c^2d - ab^3e - 4ab^2cd + b^4d))}{c^2(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\frac{(b^2-4ac)x^2}{c} - \frac{b(b^2-4ac)x}{c^2} + \frac{(b^2-4ac)d(db^2-ae^2-acd)}{c^2(cd^2-bed+ae^2)}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{\frac{b^2-4ac}{c^2(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}}}{\frac{2(a(2a^2ce - ab^2e - 3abcd + b^3d) + x(3a^2bce + 2a^2c^2d - ab^3e - 4ab^2cd + b^4d))}{c^2(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2184 \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{(b^2-4ac)e\left(\frac{d(-3deb^2+cd^2b+3ae^2b+2acde)}{cd^2-bed+ae^2} + (2cd+3be)x\right)}{2c(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \frac{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{c^2e}}{\frac{b^2-4ac}{c^2(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}} \\
& \frac{2(a(2a^2ce - ab^2e - 3abcd + b^3d) + x(3a^2bce + 2a^2c^2d - ab^3e - 4ab^2cd + b^4d))}{c^2(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\frac{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{c^2e} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{d(-3deb^2+cd^2b+3ae^2b+2acde) + (2cd+3be)x}{cd^2-bed+ae^2} \frac{dx}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{2c^2e}}{\frac{b^2-4ac}{c^2(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}} \\
& \frac{2(a(2a^2ce - ab^2e - 3abcd + b^3d) + x(3a^2bce + 2a^2c^2d - ab^3e - 4ab^2cd + b^4d))}{c^2(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1269 \\
& \frac{\frac{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{c^2e} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(3be+2cd) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{2c^2d^4 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{2c^2e}}{\frac{b^2-4ac}{c^2(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}} \\
& \frac{2(a(2a^2ce - ab^2e - 3abcd + b^3d) + x(3a^2bce + 2a^2c^2d - ab^3e - 4ab^2cd + b^4d))}{c^2(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1092
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{c^2e} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{2(3be+2cd) \int \frac{1}{4c - \frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d \frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - 2e^2d^4 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{2c^2e}}{2(a(2a^2ce - ab^2e - 3abcd + b^3d) + x(3a^2bce + 2a^2c^2d - ab^3e - 4ab^2cd + b^4d))} - \frac{b^2 - 4ac}{c^2(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{c^2e} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(3be+2cd)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{2c^2d^4 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{2c^2e}}{2(a(2a^2ce - ab^2e - 3abcd + b^3d) + x(3a^2bce + 2a^2c^2d - ab^3e - 4ab^2cd + b^4d))} - \frac{b^2 - 4ac}{c^2(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{\frac{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{c^2e} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{4c^2d^4 \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2) - \frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d \left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} \right) + \frac{(3be+2cd)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} \right)}{2c^2e}}{2(a(2a^2ce - ab^2e - 3abcd + b^3d) + x(3a^2bce + 2a^2c^2d - ab^3e - 4ab^2cd + b^4d))} - \frac{b^2 - 4ac}{c^2(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{c^2e} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(3be+2cd)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{2c^2d^4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{e(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{2c^2e}}{2(a(2a^2ce - ab^2e - 3abcd + b^3d) + x(3a^2bce + 2a^2c^2d - ab^3e - 4ab^2cd + b^4d))} - \frac{b^2 - 4ac}{c^2(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

input `Int[x^4/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*(a*(b^3*d - 3*a*b*c*d - a*b^2*e + 2*a^2*c*e) + (b^4*d - 4*a*b^2*c*d + 2*a^2*c^2*d - a*b^3*e + 3*a^2*b*c*e)*x))/(c^2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (((b^2 - 4*a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(c^2*e) - ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(((2*c*d + 3*b*e)*\text{ArcTanh}[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])])))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*e) - (2*c^2*d^4*\text{ArcTanh}[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])]))/(e*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^{(3/2))})/(2*c^2*e))/(b^2 - 4*a*c)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1092

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 1154

$$\text{Int}[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$$

rule 1264

```

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(d + e*x)
^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)
^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], x, 0], S = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[
(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(b*R - 2*a*S + (
2*c*R - b*S)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + S
imp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*E
xpandToSum[((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Q)/(d + e*x)^m - ((2*p + 3)*(2*c*R - b*S)
)/(d + e*x)^m, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1]
&& LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]

```

rule 1269

```

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]

```

rule 2184

```

Int[(Pq_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, S
imp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q
+ 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a +
b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p +
1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c
*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[
q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && Pol
yQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGt
Q[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))

```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 814 vs. $2(253) = 506$.

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 815, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

method	result
default	$\frac{x^2}{c\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{3b \left(-\frac{x}{c\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{b \left(-\frac{1}{c\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{b(2cx+b)}{c(4ac-b^2)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} \right) \ln \left(\frac{b}{2\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} \right)}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{2c} + \frac{2a \left(-\frac{1}{c\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} \right)}{e}$
risch	Expression too large to display

```
input int(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/e*(x^2/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-3/2*b/c*(-x/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-1/2*b/c*(-1/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-b/c*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))+1/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)))-2*a/c*(-1/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-b/c*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))+d^2/e^3*(-1/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-b/c*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))+d^4/e^5*(1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))-2*d^3/e^4*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-d/e^2*(-x/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-1/2*b/c*(-1/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-b/c*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))+1/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Timed out
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((b/e-(2*c*d)/e^2)^2>0)', see `assume?` for`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`output `int(x^4/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(ex+d)(cx^2+bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2), x)`output `int(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2), x)`

3.39 $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	493
Mathematica [A] (verified)	494
Rubi [A] (verified)	494
Maple [B] (verified)	497
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	498
Sympy [F]	498
Maxima [F(-2)]	499
Giac [F(-2)]	499
Mupad [F(-1)]	499
Reduce [F]	500

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 220

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(a(b^2d - 2acd - abe) + (b^3d - 3abcd - ab^2e + 2a^2ce)x)}{c(b^2 - 4ac)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}e} - \frac{d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
2*(a*(-a*b*e-2*a*c*d+b^2*d)+(2*a^2*c*e-a*b^2*e-3*a*b*c*d+b^3*d)*x)/c/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e-d^3*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(-b^3dx + ab(-bd + 3cdx + bex) + a^2(be + 2c(d - ex)))}{c(-b^2 + 4ac)(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}} \\ - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{-cd^2 + bde - ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)} - e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2 + e(bd - ae)}}\right)}{e(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))^2} \\ - \frac{\log\left(ce\left(b + 2cx - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}\right)\right)}{c^{3/2}e}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*(-(b^3*d*x) + a*b*(-(b*d) + 3*c*d*x + b*e*x) + a^2*(b*e + 2*c*(d - e*x))) / (c*(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]) - (2*d^3*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]) / Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)])] / (e*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^2) - Log[c*e*(b + 2*c*x - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])] / (c^(3/2)*e)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {1264, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ \downarrow 1264 \\ \frac{2(x(2a^2ce - ab^2e - 3abcd + b^3d) + a(-abe - 2acd + b^2d))}{c(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\frac{(b^2 - 4ac)d(bd - ae)}{cd^2 - bed + ae^2} - (b^2 - 4ac)x}{2c(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{b^2 - 4ac}$$

input `Int[x^3/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output
$$\frac{(2*(a*(b^2*d - 2*a*c*d - a*b*e) + (b^3*d - 3*a*b*c*d - a*b^2*e + 2*a^2*c*e)*x))/(c*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (-(((b^2 - 4*a*c)*\text{ArcTanh}[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])]))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*e)) + (c*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^3*\text{ArcTanh}[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(e*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)))/(c*(b^2 - 4*a*c))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1264

```

Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_
) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(d + e*x)
^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)
^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], x, 0], S = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[
(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(b*R - 2*a*S + (
2*c*R - b*S)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + S
imp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*E
xpandToSum[((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Q)/(d + e*x)^m - ((2*p + 3)*(2*c*R - b*S)
)/(d + e*x)^m, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1]
&& LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]

```

rule 1269

```

Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]

```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 614 vs. $2(202) = 404$.

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 615, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

method	result
default	$\frac{2d^2(2cx+b)}{e^3(4ac-b^2)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} + \frac{-\frac{x}{c\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{b\left(-\frac{1}{c\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{b(2cx+b)}{c(4ac-b^2)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{2c}}{e} + \frac{\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{d\left(-\frac{1}{c\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{e}$

input

```
int(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*d^2/e^3*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+1/e*(-x/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-1/2*b/c*(-1/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-b/c*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))+1/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)))-d/e^2*(-1/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-b/c*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))-d^3/e^4*(1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1180 vs. $2(202) = 404$.

Time = 35.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4811, normalized size of antiderivative = 21.87

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((b/e-(2*c*d)/e^2)^2>0)', see `assume?` for`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/((d+e*x)*(a+b*x+c*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(x^3/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(ex + d)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2), x)`

3.40
$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	501
Mathematica [A] (verified)	501
Rubi [A] (verified)	502
Maple [B] (verified)	504
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	504
Sympy [F]	505
Maxima [F(-2)]	506
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	506
Mupad [F(-1)]	507
Reduce [F]	507

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a(bd-2ae) + (b^2d-2acd-abe)x)}{(b^2-4ac)(cd^2-bde+ae^2)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output (-2*a*(-2*a*e+b*d)-2*(-a*b*e-2*a*c*d+b^2*d)*x)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+d^2*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))(2a^2e - b^2dx + a(-bd + 2cdx + bex)) - 2(-b^2 + e(-bd + ae))}{(b^2 - 4ac)(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))}$$

input Integrate[x^2/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]

output

```
(2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*(2*a^2*e - b^2*d*x + a*(-(b*d) + 2*c*d*x + b
*e*x)) - 2*(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + x*(b
+ c*x)]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]/Sqrt[-(c*d^2
) + e*(b*d - a*e)])/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^2*Sqrt[a +
x*(b + c*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {1264, 27, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1264 \\
 & -\frac{2 \int -\frac{(b^2-4ac)d^2}{2(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{b^2-4ac} - \frac{2(x(-abe-2acd+b^2d)+a(bd-2ae))}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{d^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{ae^2-bde+cd^2} - \frac{2(x(-abe-2acd+b^2d)+a(bd-2ae))}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1154 \\
 & -\frac{2d^2 \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2)-\frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{ae^2-bde+cd^2} - \frac{2(x(-abe-2acd+b^2d)+a(bd-2ae))}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(x(-abe-2acd+b^2d)+a(bd-2ae))}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*(a*(b*d - 2*a*e) + (b^2*d - 2*a*c*d - a*b*e)*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (d^2*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1264 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], x, 0], S = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(b*R - 2*a*S + (2*c*R - b*S)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Q)/(d + e*x)^m - ((2*p + 3)*(2*c*R - b*S))/(d + e*x)^m, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 497 vs. $2(147) = 294$.

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 498, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.19

method	result
default	$\frac{1}{c\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{b(2cx+b)}{c(4ac-b^2)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} + \frac{d^2}{(ae^2-bde+cd^2)\sqrt{c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right) + ae^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}} - \frac{1}{(ae^2-bde+cd^2)\left(\frac{4c}{e}\right)}$

input `int(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/e*(-1/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-b/c*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)) \\ & + d^2/e^3*(1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2) \\ & - (b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2) \\ & - 1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*\ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)) \\ & - 2*d/e^2*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2) \end{aligned}$$
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 654 vs. $2(146) = 292$.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1351, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.66

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2*((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d^2*x^2 + (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d^2*x + (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*d^2)*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 4*(a*b*c*d^3 + 3*a^2*b*d*e^2 - 2*a^3*e^3 - (a*b^2 + 2*a^2*c)*d^2*e - (a^2*b*e^3 - (b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d^3 + (b^3 - a*b*c)*d^2*e - 2*(a*b^2 - a^2*c)*d*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/((a*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^2*c^3)*d^4 - 2*(a*b^3*c - 4*a^2*b*c^2)*d^3*e + (a*b^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c - 8*a^3*c^2)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a^2*b^3 - 4*a^3*b*c)*d*e^3 + (a^3*b^2 - 4*a^4*c)*e^4 + ((b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*d^4 - 2*(b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b*c^3)*d^3*e + (b^4*c - 2*a*b^2*c^2 - 8*a^2*c^3)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a*b^3*c - 4*a^2*b*c^2)*d*e^3 + (a^2*b^2*c - 4*a^3*c^2)*e^4)*x^2 + ((b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b*c^3)*d^4 - 2*(b^4*c - 4*a*b^2*c^2)*d^3*e + (b^5 - 2*a*b^3*c - 8*a^2*b*c^2)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a*b^4 - 4*a^2*b^2*c)*d*e^3 + (a^2*b^3 - 4*a^3*b*c)*e^4)*x), ((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d^2*x^2 + (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d^2*x + (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*d^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + (b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) - 2*(a*b*c*d^3 + 3*a^2*b*d*e^2 - 2*a^3*e^3 - (a*b^2 + 2*a^2*c)*d^2*e - (a^2*b*e^3 - (b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d^3 + (b^3 - a...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((b/e-(2*c*d)/e^2)^2>0)', see `assume?` for`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 461 vs. 2(146) = 292.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 461, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2d^2 \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a})e+\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-bde+ae^2)\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{(b^2cd^3-2ac^2d^3-b^3d^2e+abcd^2e+2ab^2de^2-2a^2cde^2-a^2be^3)x}{b^2c^2d^4-4ac^3d^4-2b^3cd^3e+8abc^2d^3e+b^4d^2e^2-2ab^2cd^2e^2-8a^2c^2d^2e^2-2ab^3de^3+8a^2bcde^3+a^2b^2e^4-4a^3ce^4} + \frac{b^2c^2d^4-4ac^3d^4-2b^3cd^3e-8abc^2d^3e+b^4d^2e^2-2ab^2cd^2e^2-8a^2c^2d^2e^2-2ab^3de^3+8a^2bcde^3+a^2b^2e^4-4a^3ce^4}{b^2c^2d^4-4ac^3d^4-2b^3cd^3e-8abc^2d^3e+b^4d^2e^2-2ab^2cd^2e^2-8a^2c^2d^2e^2-2ab^3de^3+8a^2bcde^3+a^2b^2e^4-4a^3ce^4}\right)}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2*d^2*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)) - 2*((b^2*c*d^3 - 2*a*c^2*d^3 - b^3*d^2*e + a*b*c*d^2*e + 2*a*b^2*d*e^2 - 2*a^2*c*d*e^2 - a^2*b*e^3)*x/(b^2*c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^4 - 2*b^3*c*d^3*e + 8*a*b*c^2*d^3*e + b^4*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^3*d*e^3 + 8*a^2*b*c*d*e^3 + a^2*b^2*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*e^4) + (a*b*c*d^3 - a*b^2*d^2*e - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e + 3*a^2*b*d*e^2 - 2*a^3*e^3)/(b^2*c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^4 - 2*b^3*c*d^3*e + 8*a*b*c^2*d^3*e + b^4*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^3*d*e^3 + 8*a^2*b*c*d*e^3 + a^2*b^2*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*e^4))/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^2/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

output

```
int(x^2/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(ex+d)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2), x)
```


3.41 $\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	508
Mathematica [A] (verified)	508
Rubi [A] (verified)	509
Maple [B] (verified)	511
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	511
Sympy [F]	512
Maxima [F(-2)]	513
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	513
Mupad [F(-1)]	514
Reduce [F]	514

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(a(2cd-be) + c(bd-2ae)x}{(b^2-4ac)(cd^2-bde+ae^2)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{dearctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
2*(a*(-b*e+2*c*d)+c*(-2*a*e+b*d)*x)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-d*e*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left((cd^2+e(-bd+ae))(-abe+bcdx+2ac(d-ex)) + (-b^2+4ac)de\right)}{(b^2-4ac)(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(2*((c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*(-(a*b*e) + b*c*d*x + 2*a*c*(d - e*x)) + (-
b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*ArcT
an[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d -
a*e)])))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^2*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]
)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {1235, 27, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1235$$

$$\frac{2(cx(bd-2ae) + a(2cd-be))}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{2 \int \frac{(b^2-4ac)de}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{(b^2-4ac)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{2(cx(bd-2ae) + a(2cd-be))}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{de \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{ae^2-bde+cd^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1154$$

$$\frac{2de \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2) - \frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{ae^2-bde+cd^2} + \frac{2(cx(bd-2ae) + a(2cd-be))}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{2(cx(bd-2ae) + a(2cd-be))}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{\operatorname{dearctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[x/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*(a*(2*c*d - b*e) + c*(b*d - 2*a*e)*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (d*e*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1235 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e) - a*g*(2*c*d - b*e) + c*(f*(2*c*d - b*e) - g*(b*d - 2*a*e))*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(p + m + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) - b*d*(3*c*d - b*e + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p)) + c*e*(g*(b*d - 2*a*e) - f*(2*c*d - b*e))*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 437 vs. 2(140) = 280.

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 438, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.92

method	result
default	$\frac{4cx+2b}{e(4ac-b^2)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - d \left(\frac{e^2}{(ae^2-bde+cd^2)\sqrt{c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+\frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)+ae^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}} - \frac{(be-2cd)}{(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \left(\frac{4c(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{e^2} \right) \right)$

input `int(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/e*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-d/e^2*(1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 639 vs. 2(140) = 280.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1320, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.80

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2*((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d*e*x^2 + (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d*e*x + (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*d*e)*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 4*(2*a*c^2*d^3 - 3*a*b*c*d^2*e - a^2*b*e^3 + (a*b^2 + 2*a^2*c)*d*e^2 + (b*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*b*c*d*e^2 - 2*a^2*c*e^3 - (b^2*c + 2*a*c^2)*d^2*e)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/((a*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^2*c^3)*d^4 - 2*(a*b^3*c - 4*a^2*b*c^2)*d^3*e + (a*b^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c - 8*a^3*c^2)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a^2*b^3 - 4*a^3*b*c)*d*e^3 + (a^3*b^2 - 4*a^4*c)*e^4 + ((b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*d^4 - 2*(b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b*c^3)*d^3*e + (b^4*c - 2*a*b^2*c^2 - 8*a^2*c^3)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a*b^3*c - 4*a^2*b*c^2)*d*e^3 + (a^2*b^2*c - 4*a^3*c^2)*e^4)*x^2 + ((b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b*c^3)*d^4 - 2*(b^4*c - 4*a*b^2*c^2)*d^3*e + (b^5 - 2*a*b^3*c - 8*a^2*b*c^2)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a*b^4 - 4*a^2*b^2*c)*d*e^3 + (a^2*b^3 - 4*a^3*b*c)*e^4)*x), -(((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d*e*x^2 + (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d*e*x + (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*d*e)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + (b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) - 2*(2*a*c^2*d^3 - 3*a*b*c*d^2*e - a^2*b*e^3 + (a*b^2 + 2*a^2*c)*d*e^2 + (b*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*b*c*d*e^2 - 2*a^2*c*e^3 - (b^2*c + 2*a*...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((b/e-(2*c*d)/e^2)^2>0)', see `assume?` for`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 444 vs. 2(140) = 280.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 444, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2de \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cx-\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}})e+\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-bde+ae^2)\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{bc^2d^3-b^2cd^2e-2ac^2d^2e+3abcde^2-2a^2ce^3}{b^2c^2d^4-4ac^3d^4-2b^3cd^3e+8abc^2d^3e+b^4d^2e^2-2ab^2cd^2e^2-8a^2c^2d^2e^2-2ab^3de^3+8a^2bcde^3+a^2b^2e^4-4a^3ce^4}\right)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-2*d*e*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c
*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^
2)) + 2*((b*c^2*d^3 - b^2*c*d^2*e - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e + 3*a*b*c*d*e^2 - 2*a^2*
c*e^3)*x/(b^2*c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^4 - 2*b^3*c*d^3*e + 8*a*b*c^2*d^3*e + b^
4*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^3*d*e^3 + 8*a^2*
b*c*d*e^3 + a^2*b^2*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*e^4) + (2*a*c^2*d^3 - 3*a*b*c*d^2*e + a*
b^2*d*e^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*e^2 - a^2*b*e^3)/(b^2*c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^4 - 2*b^3*
c*d^3*e + 8*a*b*c^2*d^3*e + b^4*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*c^2*d^
2*e^2 - 2*a*b^3*d*e^3 + 8*a^2*b*c*d*e^3 + a^2*b^2*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*e^4))/sqrt
(c*x^2 + b*x + a)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
int(x/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(ex+d)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x)
```

3.42 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	515
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bcd - b^2e + 2ace + c(2cd - be)x)}{(b^2 - 4ac)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
(-2*b*c*d+2*b^2*e-4*a*c*e-2*c*(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+e^2*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left((cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))(-b^2e + 2c(ae + cdx) + bc(d - ex)) + (-b^2 + 4ac)e^2\sqrt{-cd^2 + bde - ae^2}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}\right)}{(b^2 - 4ac)(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))^2\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output
$$\frac{(-2*((c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*(-(b^2*e) + 2*c*(a*e + c*d*x) + b*c*(d - e*x)) + (-b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2*\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)]*\text{ArcTan}[\frac{\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*x}{\text{Sqrt}[a]*(d + e*x) - d*\text{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)]})]}{(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)]}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {1165, 27, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1165

$$-\frac{2 \int -\frac{(b^2-4ac)e^2}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{(b^2 - 4ac)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{2(2ace + b^2(-e) + cx(2cd - be) + bcd)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{e^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} - \frac{2(2ace + b^2(-e) + cx(2cd - be) + bcd)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 1154

$$-\frac{2e^2 \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2)-\frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} - \frac{2(2ace + b^2(-e) + cx(2cd - be) + bcd)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(2ace+b^2(-e)+cx(2cd-be)+bcd)}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + c*(2*c*d - b*e)*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (e^2*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1165 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + c*(2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*Simp[b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(m + p + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3) - c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 399 vs. $2(146) = 292$.

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

method	result
default	$\frac{e^2}{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)\sqrt{c\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + \frac{(be - 2cd)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right) + ae^2 - bde + cd^2}{e^2}}} - \frac{(be - 2cd)e\left(2c\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right) + \frac{be - 2cd}{e}\right)}{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)\left(\frac{4c(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^2} - \frac{(be - 2cd)^2}{e^2}\right)\sqrt{c\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + \frac{(be - 2cd)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right) + ae^2 - bde + cd^2}{e^2}}}$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/e*(1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 653 vs. $2(145) = 290$.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1349, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.70

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2*((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*e^2*x^2 + (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*e^2*x + (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*e^2)*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 4*(b*c^2*d^3 - 2*(b^2*c - a*c^2)*d^2*e + (b^3 - a*b*c)*d*e^2 - (a*b^2 - 2*a^2*c)*e^3 + (2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e - a*b*c*e^3 + (b^2*c + 2*a*c^2)*d*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/((a*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^2*c^3)*d^4 - 2*(a*b^3*c - 4*a^2*b*c^2)*d^3*e + (a*b^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c - 8*a^3*c^2)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a^2*b^3 - 4*a^3*b*c)*d*e^3 + (a^3*b^2 - 4*a^4*c)*e^4 + ((b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*d^4 - 2*(b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b*c^3)*d^3*e + (b^4*c - 2*a*b^2*c^2 - 8*a^2*c^3)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a*b^3*c - 4*a^2*b*c^2)*d*e^3 + (a^2*b^2*c - 4*a^3*c^2)*e^4)*x^2 + ((b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b*c^3)*d^4 - 2*(b^4*c - 4*a*b^2*c^2)*d^3*e + (b^5 - 2*a*b^3*c - 8*a^2*b*c^2)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a*b^4 - 4*a^2*b^2*c)*d*e^3 + (a^2*b^3 - 4*a^3*b*c)*e^4)*x), ((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*e^2*x^2 + (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*e^2*x + (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + (b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) - 2*(b*c^2*d^3 - 2*(b^2*c - a*c^2)*d^2*e + (b^3 - a*b*c)*d*e^2 - (a*b^2 - 2*a^2*c)*e^3 + (2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e ...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-b*d*e>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 461 vs. 2(145) = 290.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 461, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2e^2 \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cx-\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}})e+\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-bde+ae^2)\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{(2c^3d^3-3bc^2d^2e+b^2cde^2+2ac^2de^2-abce^3)x}{b^2c^2d^4-4ac^3d^4-2b^3cd^3e+8abc^2d^3e+b^4d^2e^2-2ab^2cd^2e^2-8a^2c^2d^2e^2-2ab^3de^3+8a^2bcde^3+a^2b^2e^4-4a^3ce^4} + \frac{b^2c^2d^4-4ac^3d^4-2b^3cd^3e-8abc^2d^3e+b^4d^2e^2-2ab^2cd^2e^2-8a^2c^2d^2e^2-2ab^3de^3+8a^2bcde^3+a^2b^2e^4-4a^3ce^4}{b^2c^2d^4-4ac^3d^4-2b^3cd^3e-8abc^2d^3e+b^4d^2e^2-2ab^2cd^2e^2-8a^2c^2d^2e^2-2ab^3de^3+8a^2bcde^3+a^2b^2e^4-4a^3ce^4}\right)}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2*e^2*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*
d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2
)) - 2*((2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e + b^2*c*d*e^2 + 2*a*c^2*d*e^2 - a*b*c*e
^3)*x/(b^2*c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^4 - 2*b^3*c*d^3*e + 8*a*b*c^2*d^3*e + b^4*d
^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^3*d*e^3 + 8*a^2*b*c
*d*e^3 + a^2*b^2*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*e^4) + (b*c^2*d^3 - 2*b^2*c*d^2*e + 2*a*c^2
*d^2*e + b^3*d*e^2 - a*b*c*d*e^2 - a*b^2*e^3 + 2*a^2*c*e^3)/(b^2*c^2*d^4 -
4*a*c^3*d^4 - 2*b^3*c*d^3*e + 8*a*b*c^2*d^3*e + b^4*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^2*c*d
^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^3*d*e^3 + 8*a^2*b*c*d*e^3 + a^2*b^2*e^4
- 4*a^3*c*e^4))/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

output

```
int(1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex+d)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
int(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2), x)
```

3.43 $\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 218

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(c(b^2 - 2ac)d - b^3e + 3abce + c(bcd - b^2e + 2ace)x)}{a(b^2 - 4ac)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{a^{3/2}d} - \frac{e^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
2*(c*(-2*a*c+b^2)*d-b^3*e+3*a*b*c*e+c*(2*a*c*e-b^2*e+b*c*d)*x)/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-arctanh(1/2*(b*x+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d-e^3*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/d/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2b^3e - 2bc(3ae + cdx) - 2b^2c(d - ex) + 4ac^2(d - ex)}{a(-b^2 + 4ac)(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}} - \frac{2e^3\sqrt{-cd^2 + bde - ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)} - e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2 + e(bd - ae)}}\right)}{d(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))^2} + \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}d}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output
$$\frac{(2b^3e - 2bc(3ae + cd)x) - 2b^2c(d - ex) + 4ac^2(d - ex)}{(a(-b^2 + 4ac)(cd^2 + e(-bd) + ae))\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}} - \frac{(2e^3\sqrt{-(cd^2) + bd*e - ae^2}\operatorname{ArcTan}[\sqrt{c}(d + ex) - e\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}])/\sqrt{-(cd^2) + e(bd - ae)}}{(d(cd^2 + e(-bd) + ae))^2} + \frac{(2\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{c}x - \sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}])/\sqrt{a}}{(a^{3/2}d)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1289

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{dx(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e}{d(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{a^{3/2}d} - \frac{e^3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{d(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e(2ace + b^2(-e) + cx(2cd - be) + bcd)}{d(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} + \frac{2(-2ac + b^2 + bcx)}{ad(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output

```
(2*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*x))/(a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (2*e
*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + c*(2*c*d - b*e)*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*(c*d^2 -
b*d*e + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqr
t[a + b*x + c*x^2])]/(a^(3/2)*d) - (e^3*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*
e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(d*(c*d^2 -
b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1289

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x
_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f +
g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (
IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 492 vs. 2(200) = 400.

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 493, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

method	result
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{a\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{b(2cx+b)}{a(4ac-b^2)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2a+bx+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{x}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{d} - \frac{e^2}{(ae^2-bde+cd^2)\sqrt{c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{ae^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}}$

input

```
int(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/d*(1/a/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-b/a*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
-1/a^(3/2)*ln((2*a+b*x+2*a^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/x))-1/d*(1/(a*e^2-b*
d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)
^(1/2)-(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*
(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d
/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e
+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*(
(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b
*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1180 vs. $2(201) = 402$.

Time = 2.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4819, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.11

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Too large to include
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}(ex+d)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)*x), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3348, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.36

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(4*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**4*c*e**3 - sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**3*b**2*e**3 + 4*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**3*b*c*e**3*x + 4*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*e**3*x**2 - sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**2*b**3*e**3*x - sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**2*b**2*c*e**3*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*a**4*c*e**3 + sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*a**3*b**2*e**3 - 4*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*a**3*b*c*e**3*x - 4*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c**2*e**3*x**2 + sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*a**2*b**3*e**3*x + sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*a**2*b**2*c*e**3*x**2 - 6*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**3*b*c*d*e**3 + 4*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**2 - 4*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**3*c**2*d*e**3*x + 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**2*b**3*d*e**3 + 4*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*e**2 + ...
```

3.44 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	528
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 277

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(b^3cd - 3abc^2d - b^4e + 4ab^2ce - 2a^2c^2e + c(b^2cd - 2ac^2d - b^3e + 3abce)x)}{a^2(b^2 - 4ac)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{a^2dx} + \frac{(3bd + 2ae)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2a^{5/2}d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{e^4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d^2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
(-2*b^3*c*d+6*a*b*c^2*d+2*b^4*e-8*a*b^2*c*e+4*a^2*c^2*e-2*c*(3*a*b*c*e-2*a*c^2*d-b^3*e+b^2*c*d)*x)/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^2/d/x+1/2*(2*a*e+3*b*d)*arctanh(1/2*(b*x+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d^2+e^4*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/d^2/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{d(4a^3ce^2+3b^2d(-cd+be)x(b+cx)+a^2(-b^2e^2+4bce(-d+ex)+4c^2(d^2+dex+e^2x^2))+a(8c^3d^2x^2+b^3e(d-ex)+10bc^2dx(d-ex)-b^2c(d^2+12dex+12cx^2)+b^2e^2x^2)+a^2(b^2-4ac)(-cd^2+e(bd-ae))x\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{d^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
-(((d*(4*a^3*c*e^2 + 3*b^2*d*(-(c*d) + b*e)*x*(b + c*x) + a^2*(-(b^2*e^2) + 4*b*c*e*(-d + e*x) + 4*c^2*(d^2 + d*e*x + e^2*x^2)) + a*(8*c^3*d^2*x^2 + b^3*e*(d - e*x) + 10*b*c^2*d*x*(d - e*x) - b^2*c*(d^2 + 12*d*e*x + e^2*x^2))))/(a^2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e))*x*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]) - (2*e^4*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)])/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^2 + ((3*b*d + 2*a*e)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x - Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]/Sqrt[a]))/a^(5/2))/d^2
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1289

$$\int \left(\frac{e^2}{d^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e}{d^2x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{dx^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{earctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{a^{3/2}d^2} + \frac{3b\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2a^{5/2}d} - \frac{(3b^2 - 8ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{a^2dx(b^2 - 4ac)} + \\
 & \frac{e^4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{d^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e^2(2ace + b^2(-e) + cx(2cd - be) + bcd)}{d^2(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \\
 & \frac{2e(-2ac + b^2 + bcx)}{ad^2(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{2(-2ac + b^2 + bcx)}{adx(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*e*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*x))/(a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (2*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*x))/(a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*x*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*e^2*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + c*(2*c*d - b*e)*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - ((3*b^2 - 8*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(a^2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*x) + (3*b*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(2*a^(5/2)*d) + (e*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(a^(3/2)*d^2) + (e^4*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(d^2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1289 `Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 648 vs. 2(256) = 512.

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 649, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

method	result
default	$\frac{1}{ax\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{1}{a\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{b(2cx+b)}{a(4ac-b^2)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2a+bx+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{x}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{2a} - \frac{4c(2cx+b)}{a(4ac-b^2)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} + \frac{e}{(ae^2)}$
risch	Expression too large to display

```
input int(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(-1/a/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-3/2*b/a*(1/a/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-b/a*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-1/a^(3/2)*ln((2*a+b*x+2*a^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/x))-4*c/a*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))+e/d^2*(1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))-e/d^2*(1/a/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-b/a*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-1/a^(3/2)*ln((2*a+b*x+2*a^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/x))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1575 vs. 2(255) = 510.

Time = 4.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6396, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.09

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex+d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 757 vs. $2(255) = 510$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 757, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2e^4 \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a})e+\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^4-bd^3e+ad^2e^2)\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2\left(\frac{(a^2b^2c^3d^3-2a^3c^4d^3-2a^2b^3c^2d^2e+5a^3bc^3d^2e+a^2b^4cde^2-2a^3b^2c^2de^2-2a^4c^3de^2-a^3b^3ce^3+3a^4bc^2e^3)x}{a^4b^2c^2d^4-4a^5c^3d^4-2a^4b^3cd^3e+8a^5bc^2d^3e+a^4b^4d^2e^2-2a^5b^2cd^2e^2-8a^6c^2d^2e^2-2a^5b^3de^3+8a^6bcde^3+a^6b^2e^4-4a^7ce^4} + \frac{a^2b^3c^2d^3-3a^3b^2c^2d^3-2a^4b^3cd^3e+8a^5bc^2d^3e+a^4b^4d^2e^2-2a^5b^2cd^2e^2-8a^6c^2d^2e^2-2a^5b^3de^3+8a^6bcde^3+a^6b^2e^4-4a^7ce^4}{a^4b^2c^2d^4-4a^5c^3d^4-2a^4b^3cd^3e+8a^5bc^2d^3e+a^4b^4d^2e^2-2a^5b^2cd^2e^2-8a^6c^2d^2e^2-2a^5b^3de^3+8a^6bcde^3+a^6b^2e^4-4a^7ce^4}\right)}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$- \frac{(3bd+2ae) \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aa^2d^2}} + \frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a})b+2a\sqrt{c}}{\left((\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a})^2-a\right)a^2d}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2*e^4*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/((c*d^4 - b*d^3*e + a*d^2*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)) - 2*((a^2*b^2*c^3*d^3 - 2*a^3*c^4*d^3 - 2*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^2*e + 5*a^3*b*c^3*d^2*e + a^2*b^4*c*d*e^2 - 2*a^3*b^2*c^2*d*e^2 - 2*a^4*c^3*d*e^2 - a^3*b^3*c*e^3 + 3*a^4*b*c^2*e^3)*x/(a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 4*a^5*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^4*b^3*c*d^3*e + 8*a^5*b*c^2*d^3*e + a^4*b^4*d^2*e^2 - 2*a^5*b^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^6*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*a^5*b^3*d*e^3 + 8*a^6*b*c*d*e^3 + a^6*b^2*e^4 - 4*a^7*c*e^4) + (a^2*b^3*c^2*d^3 - 3*a^3*b*c^3*d^3 - 2*a^2*b^4*c*d^2*e + 7*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^2*e - 2*a^4*c^3*d^2*e + a^2*b^5*d*e^2 - 3*a^3*b^3*c*d*e^2 - a^4*b*c^2*d*e^2 - a^3*b^4*e^3 + 4*a^4*b^2*c*e^3 - 2*a^5*c^2*e^3)/(a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 4*a^5*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^4*b^3*c*d^3*e + 8*a^5*b*c^2*d^3*e + a^4*b^4*d^2*e^2 - 2*a^5*b^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^6*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*a^5*b^3*d*e^3 + 8*a^6*b*c*d*e^3 + a^6*b^2*e^4 - 4*a^7*c*e^4))/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a) - (3*b*d + 2*a*e)*arctan(-sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^2*d^2) + ((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*b + 2*a*sqrt(c))/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^2 - a)*a^2*d)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4729, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.07

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(8*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2
- b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**5*c*e**4*x - 2*sqrt(
a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e
+ c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**4*b**2*e**4*x + 8*sqrt(a*e**
2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d
**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**4*b*c*e**4*x**2 + 8*sqrt(a*e**2 -
b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2
) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**4*c**2*e**4*x**3 - 2*sqrt(a*e**2 - b
*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)
- 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**3*b**3*e**4*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d
*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) -
2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**3*b**2*c*e**4*x**3 - 8*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d
*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*a**5*c*e**4*x + 2*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*
log(d + e*x)*a**4*b**2*e**4*x - 8*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*
x)*a**4*b*c*e**4*x**2 - 8*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*a**4*
c**2*e**4*x**3 + 2*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*a**3*b**3*e*
**4*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*a**3*b**2*c*e**4*x*
**3 - 8*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**5*c*d*e**4 + 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**
4*b**2*d*e**4 + 16*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**4*b*c*d**2*e**3 - 8*sqrt(a +
b*x + c*x**2)*a**4*b*c*d*e**4*x - 16*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**4*c**2*d...
```

3.45
$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	536
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 498

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(a(b^3d - 3abcd - ab^2e + 2a^2ce) + (b^4d - 4ab^2cd + 2a^2c^2d - ab^3e + 3a^2bce)x)}{3c^2(b^2 - 4ac)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(b^6d^2e + 2a^2b^2ce(4cd^2 - 3ae^2) - ab^4e(6cd^2 - ae^2) + 24a^3c^2e(2cd^2 + ae^2) - 4a^2bc^2d(8cd^2 + 11ae^2) + ad^4e)}{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{d^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/3*(-2*a*(2*a^2*c*e-a*b^2*e-3*a*b*c*d+b^3*d)-2*(3*a^2*b*c*e+2*a^2*c^2*d-a
*b^3*e-4*a*b^2*c*d+b^4*d)*x)/c^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+b
*x+a)^(3/2)-2/3*(b^6*d^2*e+2*a^2*b^2*c*e*(-3*a*e^2+4*c*d^2)-a*b^4*e*(-a*e^
2+6*c*d^2)+24*a^3*c^2*e*(a*e^2+2*c*d^2)-4*a^2*b*c^2*d*(11*a*e^2+8*c*d^2)+a
*b^3*c*d*(13*a*e^2+10*c*d^2)-b^5*(2*a*d*e^2+c*d^3)-c*(b^5*d^2*e-a*b^3*e*(-
a*e^2+6*c*d^2)-8*a^2*c^2*d*(a*e^2+4*c*d^2)-4*a^2*b*c*e*(3*a*e^2+4*c*d^2)+2
*a*b^2*c*d*(11*a*e^2+14*c*d^2)-2*b^4*(a*d*e^2+2*c*d^3))*x)/c^2/(-4*a*c+b^2
)^2/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+d^4*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(
-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2-b*d*e
+c*d^2)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 12.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 478, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(2a^3ce + b^4dx + ab^2(-4cdx + b(d-ex)) + a^2(-b^2e + 2c^2dx - 3bc(d-ex)))}{3c^2(b^2 - 4ac)(-cd^2 + e(bd - ae))(a + x(b + cx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2(b^6d^2e + b^4(a^2e^3 + 4c^2d^3x + 2acde(-3d + ex)) - b^5d(2ae^2 + cd(d + ex)) + 8a^2c^2(3a^2e^3 + 4c^2d^3x + acd^2e^2))}{3c^2} + \frac{d^4 \log(d + ex)}{(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))^{5/2}} - \frac{d^4 \log(-bd + 2ae - 2cdx + bex + 2\sqrt{cd^2 + e(-bd + ae)}\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)})}{(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(2*(2*a^3*c*e + b^4*d*x + a*b^2*(-4*c*d*x + b*(d - e*x)) + a^2*(-(b^2*e) + 2*c^2*d*x - 3*b*c*(d - e*x)))/(3*c^2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-c*d^2 + e*(b*d - a*e))*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)) - (2*(b^6*d^2*e + b^4*(a^2*e^3 + 4*c^2*d^3*x + 2*a*c*d*e*(-3*d + e*x)) - b^5*d*(2*a*e^2 + c*d*(d + e*x)) + 8*a^2*c^2*(3*a^2*e^3 + 4*c^2*d^3*x + a*c*d*e*(6*d + e*x)) + 4*a^2*b*c^2*(4*c*d^2*(-2*d + e*x) + a*e^2*(-11*d + 3*e*x)) + a*b^3*c*(a*e^2*(13*d - e*x) + 2*c*d^2*(5*d + 3*e*x)) - 2*a*b^2*c*(3*a^2*e^3 + 14*c^2*d^3*x + a*c*d*e*(-4*d + 11*e*x)))/(3*c^2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^2*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]) + (d^4*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^(5/2) - (d^4*Log[-(b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x + b*e*x + 2*sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^(5/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 520, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {1264, 27, 2177, 27, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1264

$$2 \int \frac{\frac{3(b^2-4ac)x^2}{c} - \frac{(-deb^4 - (3cd^2 - ae^2)b^3 + 4acdeb^2 + 12ac^2d^2b - 8a^2c^2de)x}{c^2(cd^2 - bed + ae^2)} + \frac{d(db^4 - aeb^3 - acdb^2 - 4a^2c^2d)}{c^2(cd^2 - bed + ae^2)}}{2(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\frac{3(b^2-4ac)}{2(a(2a^2ce - ab^2e - 3abcd + b^3d) + x(3a^2bce + 2a^2c^2d - ab^3e - 4ab^2cd + b^4d))} \frac{3c^2(b^2-4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{\frac{3(b^2-4ac)x^2}{c} - \frac{(-deb^4 - (3cd^2 - ae^2)b^3 + 4acdeb^2 + 12ac^2d^2b - 8a^2c^2de)x}{c^2(cd^2 - bed + ae^2)} + \frac{d(db^4 - aeb^3 - acdb^2 - 4a^2c^2d)}{c^2(cd^2 - bed + ae^2)}}{(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\frac{3(b^2-4ac)}{2(a(2a^2ce - ab^2e - 3abcd + b^3d) + x(3a^2bce + 2a^2c^2d - ab^3e - 4ab^2cd + b^4d))} \frac{3c^2(b^2-4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 2177

$$\frac{2(24a^3c^2e(ae^2+2cd^2)+2a^2b^2ce(4cd^2-3ae^2)-cx(-4a^2bce(3ae^2+4cd^2)-8a^2c^2d(ae^2+4cd^2)-2b^4(ade^2+2cd^3)-ab^3e(6cd^2-ae^2)+2ab^2cd(11c^2(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2))}{c^2(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}}{2(a(2a^2ce - ab^2e - 3abcd + b^3d) + x(3a^2bce + 2a^2c^2d - ab^3e - 4ab^2cd + b^4d))} \frac{3c^2(b^2-4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2(24a^3c^2e(ae^2+2cd^2)+2a^2b^2ce(4cd^2-3ae^2)-cx(-4a^2bce(3ae^2+4cd^2)-8a^2c^2d(ae^2+4cd^2)-2b^4(ade^2+2cd^3)-ab^3e(6cd^2-ae^2)+2ab^2cd(11c^2(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2))}{c^2(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}}{2(a(2a^2ce - ab^2e - 3abcd + b^3d) + x(3a^2bce + 2a^2c^2d - ab^3e - 4ab^2cd + b^4d))} \frac{3c^2(b^2-4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{6d^4(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2) - \frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^2} + \frac{2(24a^3c^2e(ae^2+2cd^2)+2a^2b^2ce(4cd^2-3ae^2)-cx(-4a^2bce(3ae^2+4cd^2)-8a^2c^2d(ae^2+4cd^2)-2b^4(ade^2+2cd^3)-ab^3e(6cd^2-ae^2)+2ab^2cd(11c^2(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2))}{c^2(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}}{3c^2(b^2-4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{2(a(2a^2ce - ab^2e - 3abcd + b^3d) + x(3a^2bce + 2a^2c^2d - ab^3e - 4ab^2cd + b^4d))}{3c^2(b^2-4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{2(a(2a^2ce - ab^2e - 3abcd + b^3d) + x(3a^2bce + 2a^2c^2d - ab^3e - 4ab^2cd + b^4d))}{3c^2(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{2(24a^3c^2e(ae^2+2cd^2)+2a^2b^2ce(4cd^2-3ae^2)-cx(-4a^2bce(3ae^2+4cd^2)-8a^2c^2d(ae^2+4cd^2)-2b^4(ade^2+2cd^3)-ab^3e(6cd^2-ae^2)+2ab^2cd(11ae^2+2cd^2))-c^2(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{c^2(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

input `Int[x^4/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(-2*(a*(b^3*d - 3*a*b*c*d - a*b^2*e + 2*a^2*c*e) + (b^4*d - 4*a*b^2*c*d + 2*a^2*c^2*d - a*b^3*e + 3*a^2*b*c*e)*x))/(3*c^2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((2*(b^6*d^2*e + 2*a^2*b^2*c*e*(4*c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) - a*b^4*e*(6*c*d^2 - a*e^2) + 24*a^3*c^2*e*(2*c*d^2 + a*e^2) - 4*a^2*b*c^2*d*(8*c*d^2 + 11*a*e^2) + a*b^3*c*d*(10*c*d^2 + 13*a*e^2) - b^5*(c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2) - c*(b^5*d^2*e - a*b^3*e*(6*c*d^2 - a*e^2) - 8*a^2*c^2*d*(4*c*d^2 + a*e^2) - 4*a^2*b*c*e*(4*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) + 2*a*b^2*c*d*(14*c*d^2 + 11*a*e^2) - 2*b^4*(2*c*d^3 + a*d*e^2))*x))/(c^2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^2*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^4*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(5/2))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1264

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(d + e*x)
^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)
^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], x, 0], S = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[
(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(b*R - 2*a*S + (
2*c*R - b*S)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + S
imp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*E
xpandToSum[((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Q)/(d + e*x)^m - ((2*p + 3)*(2*c*R - b*S)
)/(d + e*x)^m, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1]
&& LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

rule 2177

```
Int[(Pq_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(d + e*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x + c*
x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x + c*x^2, x],
x, 0], S = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x + c*x^2, x],
x, 1]}, Simp[(b*R - 2*a*S + (2*c*R - b*S)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p
+ 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d + e*x)^
m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Qx)/(d + e*x)
^m - ((2*p + 3)*(2*c*R - b*S))/(d + e*x)^m, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*
e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1447 vs. $2(484) = 968$.

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1448, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1448

input

```
int(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/e*(-x^2/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+1/2*b/c*(-1/2*x/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)-1/4*
b/c*(-1/3/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)-1/2*b/c*(2/3*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+
b*x+a)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^2*(2*c*x+b)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)))+1/2*a/c*
(2/3*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^2*(2*c*x
+b)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)))+2*a/c*(-1/3/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)-1/2*b/c*(2/3*(
2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^2*(2*c*x+b)/(c
*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))))+d^2/e^3*(-1/3/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)-1/2*b/c*(2/3*(2*c
*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^2*(2*c*x+b)/(c*x^
2+b*x+a)^(1/2)))+d^4/e^5*(1/3/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*
c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(3/2)-1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d
*e+c*d^2)*(2/3*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b
*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^
2)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)^2*(2*c*(x+
d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)
/e^2)^(1/2))+1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2*(1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(c*(x+d/
e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a
*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2
-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)
/e^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((
2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2288 vs. $2(482) = 964$.

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4618, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.27

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Too large to include
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((b/e-(2*c*d)/e^2)^2>0)', see `assume?` for`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 8448 vs. $2(482) = 964$.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8448, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.96

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2*d^4*arctan(-(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*
d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/((c^2*d^4 - 2*b*c*d^3*e + b^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^
2 - 2*a*b*d*e^3 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)) - 2/3((((4*b^4*c
^7*d^15 - 28*a*b^2*c^8*d^15 + 32*a^2*c^9*d^15 - 25*b^5*c^6*d^14*e + 174*a*
b^3*c^7*d^14*e - 176*a^2*b*c^8*d^14*e + 66*b^6*c^5*d^13*e^2 - 430*a*b^4*c^
6*d^13*e^2 + 194*a^2*b^2*c^7*d^13*e^2 + 200*a^3*c^8*d^13*e^2 - 95*b^7*c^4*
d^12*e^3 + 512*a*b^5*c^5*d^12*e^3 + 607*a^2*b^3*c^6*d^12*e^3 - 900*a^3*b*c
^7*d^12*e^3 + 80*b^8*c^3*d^11*e^4 - 240*a*b^6*c^4*d^11*e^4 - 1952*a^2*b^4*
c^5*d^11*e^4 + 936*a^3*b^2*c^6*d^11*e^4 + 528*a^4*c^7*d^11*e^4 - 39*b^9*c^
2*d^10*e^5 - 82*a*b^7*c^3*d^10*e^5 + 2198*a^2*b^5*c^4*d^10*e^5 + 1484*a^3*
b^3*c^5*d^10*e^5 - 1848*a^4*b*c^6*d^10*e^5 + 10*b^10*c*d^9*e^6 + 146*a*b^8
*c^2*d^9*e^6 - 1034*a^2*b^6*c^3*d^9*e^6 - 4180*a^3*b^4*c^4*d^9*e^6 + 1150*
a^4*b^2*c^5*d^9*e^6 + 760*a^5*c^6*d^9*e^6 - b^11*d^8*e^7 - 60*a*b^9*c*d^8*
e^7 + 31*a^2*b^7*c^2*d^8*e^7 + 3520*a^3*b^5*c^3*d^8*e^7 + 2865*a^4*b^3*c^4
*d^8*e^7 - 1900*a^5*b*c^5*d^8*e^7 + 8*a*b^10*d^7*e^8 + 128*a^2*b^8*c*d^7*e
^8 - 1060*a^3*b^6*c^2*d^7*e^8 - 4820*a^4*b^4*c^3*d^7*e^8 + 100*a^5*b^2*c^4
*d^7*e^8 + 640*a^6*c^5*d^7*e^8 - 28*a^2*b^9*d^6*e^9 - 56*a^3*b^7*c*d^6*e^9
+ 2447*a^4*b^5*c^2*d^6*e^9 + 3150*a^5*b^3*c^3*d^6*e^9 - 960*a^6*b*c^4*d^6
*e^9 + 56*a^3*b^8*d^5*e^10 - 252*a^4*b^6*c*d^5*e^10 - 2726*a^5*b^4*c^2*d^5
*e^10 - 738*a^6*b^2*c^3*d^5*e^10 + 312*a^7*c^4*d^5*e^10 - 70*a^4*b^7*d^...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^4/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)), x)
```

output

```
int(x^4/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(ex+d)(cx^2+bx+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x)`

3.46
$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 417

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(a(b^2d - 2acd - abe) + (b^3d - 3abcd - ab^2e + 2a^2ce)x)}{3c(b^2 - 4ac)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(24a^2c^3d^3 - b^5d^2e - 2ab^2cd(3cd^2 - 2ae^2) + ab^3e(2cd^2 - ae^2) - 4a^2bce(4cd^2 + ae^2) + b^4(cd^3 + 2ade^2) - 3c(b^2 - 4ac)^2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2))}{3c(b^2 - 4ac)^2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)} - \frac{d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}\right)}{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
2/3*(a*(-a*b*e-2*a*c*d+b^2*d)+(2*a^2*c*e-a*b^2*e-3*a*b*c*d+b^3*d)*x)/c/(-4
*a*c+b^2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)-2/3*(24*a^2*c^3*d^3-b^5*
d^2*e-2*a*b^2*c*d*(-2*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)+a*b^3*e*(-a*e^2+2*c*d^2)-4*a^2*b*c*e*
(a*e^2+4*c*d^2)+b^4*(2*a*d*e^2+c*d^3)-c*(2*b^4*d^2*e-2*a*b^2*e*(-a*e^2+2*c
*d^2)+8*a^2*c*e*(a*e^2+4*c*d^2)-4*a*b*c*d*(2*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)+b^3*(-4*a*d*e^
2+c*d^3))*x)/c/(-4*a*c+b^2)^2/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-d^
3*e*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^
2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 12.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 412, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(-b^3dx + ab(-bd + 3cdx + bex) + a^2(be + 2c(d - ex)))}{3c(-b^2 + 4ac)(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))(a + x(b + cx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2(b^5d^2e - b^4d(2ae^2 + cd(d - 2ex)) + 4abc(a^2e^3 - 3c^2d^3x + 2acde(2d - ex)) + 2ab^2c(cd^2(3d - 2ex) + ae^2))}{3c(b^2 - 4ac)^2(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))^2} - \frac{d^3e \log(d + ex)}{(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))^{5/2}} + \frac{d^3e \log\left(-bd + 2ae - 2cdx + bex + 2\sqrt{cd^2 + e(-bd + ae)}\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}\right)}{(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(2*(-(b^3*d*x) + a*b*(-(b*d) + 3*c*d*x + b*e*x) + a^2*(b*e + 2*c*(d - e*x))) / (3*c*(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)) + (2*(b^5*d^2*e - b^4*d*(2*a*e^2 + c*d*(d - 2*e*x)) + 4*a*b*c*(a^2*e^3 - 3*c^2*d^3*x + 2*a*c*d*e*(2*d - e*x)) + 2*a*b^2*c*(c*d^2*(3*d - 2*e*x) + a*e^2*(-2*d + e*x)) + b^3*(a^2*e^3 + c^2*d^3*x - 2*a*c*d*e*(d + 2*e*x)) + 8*a^2*c^2*(a*e^3*x + c*d^2*(-3*d + 4*e*x))) / (3*c*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^2*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]) - (d^3*e*Log[d + e*x]) / (c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^(5/2) + (d^3*e*Log[-(b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x + b*e*x + 2*Sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]) / (c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^(5/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 446, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {1264, 27, 1235, 27, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1264

$$\frac{2(x(2a^2ce - ab^2e - 3abcd + b^3d) + a(-abe - 2acd + b^2d))}{3c(b^2 - 4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{2 \int \frac{d(db^3 - aeb^2 - 4a^2ce) + (deb^3 + (3cd^2 - ae^2)b^2 - 4ac(3cd^2 + ae^2))x}{2c(cd^2 - bed + ae^2)(d+ex)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}} dx}{3(b^2 - 4ac)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{d(db^3 - aeb^2 - 4a^2ce) + (deb^3 + (3cd^2 - ae^2)b^2 - 4ac(3cd^2 + ae^2))x}{(d+ex)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}} dx}{3c(b^2 - 4ac)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} + \frac{2(x(2a^2ce - ab^2e - 3abcd + b^3d) + a(-abe - 2acd + b^2d))}{3c(b^2 - 4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 1235

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{3c(b^2 - 4ac)^2 d^3 e}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{(b^2 - 4ac)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{2(cx(d(2cd - be)(-4a^2ce - ab^2e + b^3d) - (bd - 2ae)(b^2(3cd^2 - ae^2) - 4ac(ae^2 + 3cd^2) + b^3de)) + d(2ace + b^2(-e) + bcd))}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} + \frac{2(x(2a^2ce - ab^2e - 3abcd + b^3d) + a(-abe - 2acd + b^2d))}{3c(b^2 - 4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3cd^3e(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} - \frac{2(cx(d(2cd - be)(-4a^2ce - ab^2e + b^3d) - (bd - 2ae)(b^2(3cd^2 - ae^2) - 4ac(ae^2 + 3cd^2) + b^3de)) + d(2ace + b^2(-e) + bcd))}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} + \frac{2(x(2a^2ce - ab^2e - 3abcd + b^3d) + a(-abe - 2acd + b^2d))}{3c(b^2 - 4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{6cd^3e(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) - \frac{(bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x)^2}{cx^2 + bx + a}} d\left(-\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}\right)}{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} - \frac{2(cx(d(2cd - be)(-4a^2ce - ab^2e + b^3d) - (bd - 2ae)(b^2(3cd^2 - ae^2) - 4ac(ae^2 + 3cd^2) + b^3de)) + d(2ace + b^2(-e) + bcd))}{3c(b^2 - 4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} + \frac{2(x(2a^2ce - ab^2e - 3abcd + b^3d) + a(-abe - 2acd + b^2d))}{3c(b^2 - 4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{-2(cx(d(2cd-be)(-4a^2ce-ab^2e+b^3d)-(bd-2ae)(b^2(3cd^2-ae^2)-4ac(ae^2+3cd^2)+b^3de))+d(2ace+b^2(-e)+bcd)(-4a^2ce-ab^2e+b^3d)-a(2ca^2d+bd^2+cd^2))}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{2(x(2a^2ce-ab^2e-3abcd+b^3d)+a(-abe-2acd+b^2d))}{3c(b^2-4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

input `Int[x^3/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(2*(a*(b^2*d - 2*a*c*d - a*b*e) + (b^3*d - 3*a*b*c*d - a*b^2*e + 2*a^2*c*e)*x))/(3*c*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((-2*(d*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e)*(b^3*d - a*b^2*e - 4*a^2*c*e) - a*(2*c*d - b*e)*(b^3*d*e + b^2*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2) - 4*a*c*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)) + c*(d*(2*c*d - b*e)*(b^3*d - a*b^2*e - 4*a^2*c*e) - (b*d - 2*a*e)*(b^3*d*e + b^2*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2) - 4*a*c*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)))*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (3*c*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^3*e*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]]))/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2))/(3*c*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1235

```

Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c_
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2
*a*c*e) - a*g*(2*c*d - b*e) + c*(f*(2*c*d - b*e) - g*(b*d - 2*a*e))*x*((a
+ b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x]
+ Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m
*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(p + m +
2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*
m + b*e*m) - b*d*(3*c*d - b*e + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p)) + c*e*(g*(b*d - 2*a*e) -
f*(2*c*d - b*e))*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g,
m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]
)

```

rule 1264

```

Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))^(n_)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_
) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(d + e*x)
^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)
^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], x, 0], S = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[
(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(b*R - 2*a*S + (
2*c*R - b*S)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + S
imp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*E
xpandToSum[((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Q)/(d + e*x)^m - ((2*p + 3)*(2*c*R - b*S)
)/(d + e*x)^m, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1]
&& LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]

```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1130 vs. $2(401) = 802$.

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1131, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1131

input

```
int(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

d^2/e^3*(2/3*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^
2*(2*c*x+b)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))+1/e*(-1/2*x/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)-1/4*b/c
*(-1/3/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)-1/2*b/c*(2/3*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x
+a)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^2*(2*c*x+b)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)))+1/2*a/c*(2/
3*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^2*(2*c*x+b)
/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))-d/e^2*(-1/3/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)-1/2*b/c*(2/3*(2*c
*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^2*(2*c*x+b)/(c*x^
2+b*x+a)^(1/2))-d^3/e^4*(1/3/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*
c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(3/2)-1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d
*e+c*d^2)*(2/3*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b
*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^
2)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)^2*(2*c*(x+
d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)
/e^2)^(1/2))+1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2*(1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(c*(x+d/
e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a
*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2
-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)
/e^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((
2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2
)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2279 vs. $2(401) = 802$.

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4600, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.03

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Too large to include
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((b/e-(2*c*d)/e^2)^2>0)', see `assume?` for`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 8382 vs. $2(401) = 802$.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8382, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.10

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-2*d^3*e*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(
-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/((c^2*d^4 - 2*b*c*d^3*e + b^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*a*c*d^2
*e^2 - 2*a*b*d*e^3 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)) + 2/3((((b^3*
c^8*d^15 - 12*a*b*c^9*d^15 - 4*b^4*c^7*d^14*e + 68*a*b^2*c^8*d^14*e + 32*a
^2*c^9*d^14*e + 3*b^5*c^6*d^13*e^2 - 154*a*b^3*c^7*d^13*e^2 - 272*a^2*b*c^
8*d^13*e^2 + 10*b^6*c^5*d^12*e^3 + 186*a*b^4*c^6*d^12*e^3 + 866*a^2*b^2*c^
7*d^12*e^3 + 200*a^3*c^8*d^12*e^3 - 25*b^7*c^4*d^11*e^4 - 160*a*b^5*c^5*d^
11*e^4 - 1381*a^2*b^3*c^6*d^11*e^4 - 1236*a^3*b*c^7*d^11*e^4 + 24*b^8*c^3*
d^10*e^5 + 152*a*b^6*c^4*d^10*e^5 + 1240*a^2*b^4*c^5*d^10*e^5 + 2952*a^3*b
^2*c^6*d^10*e^5 + 528*a^4*c^7*d^10*e^5 - 11*b^9*c^2*d^9*e^6 - 138*a*b^7*c^
3*d^9*e^6 - 742*a^2*b^5*c^4*d^9*e^6 - 3500*a^3*b^3*c^5*d^9*e^6 - 2520*a^4*
b*c^6*d^9*e^6 + 2*b^10*c*d^8*e^7 + 74*a*b^8*c^2*d^8*e^7 + 422*a^2*b^6*c^3*
d^8*e^7 + 2260*a^3*b^4*c^4*d^8*e^7 + 4510*a^4*b^2*c^5*d^8*e^7 + 760*a^5*c^
6*d^8*e^7 - 16*a*b^9*c*d^7*e^8 - 221*a^2*b^7*c^2*d^7*e^8 - 960*a^3*b^5*c^3
*d^7*e^8 - 3785*a^4*b^3*c^4*d^7*e^8 - 2740*a^5*b*c^5*d^7*e^8 + 56*a^2*b^8*
c*d^6*e^9 + 396*a^3*b^6*c^2*d^6*e^9 + 1620*a^4*b^4*c^3*d^6*e^9 + 3460*a^5*
b^2*c^4*d^6*e^9 + 640*a^6*c^5*d^6*e^9 - 112*a^3*b^7*c*d^5*e^10 - 493*a^4*b
^5*c^2*d^5*e^10 - 1834*a^5*b^3*c^3*d^5*e^10 - 1632*a^6*b*c^4*d^5*e^10 + 14
0*a^4*b^6*c*d^4*e^11 + 466*a^5*b^4*c^2*d^4*e^11 + 1278*a^6*b^2*c^3*d^4*e^1
1 + 312*a^7*c^4*d^4*e^11 - 112*a^5*b^5*c*d^3*e^12 - 339*a^6*b^3*c^2*d^3...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)), x)
```

output

```
int(x^3/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(ex+d)(cx^2+bx+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x)`

$$3.47 \quad \int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	554
Mathematica [A] (verified)	555
Rubi [A] (verified)	555
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Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	561
Mupad [F(-1)]	562
Reduce [F]	562

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 349

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a(bd-2ae) + (b^2d-2acd-abe)x)}{3(b^2-4ac)(cd^2-bde+ae^2)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(b^4d^2e-24a^2c^2d^2e-4abcd(cd^2-2ae^2)+2ab^2e(7cd^2+2ae^2)-b^3(cd^3+8ade^2)+c(5b^3d^2e-8acd(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^2)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3(b^2-4ac)^2(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{d^2e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/3*(-2*a*(-2*a*e+b*d)-2*(-a*b*e-2*a*c*d+b^2*d)*x)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a*e^2-b*d
*e+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)-2/3*(b^4*d^2*e-24*a^2*c^2*d^2*e-4*a*b*c*d*(-
2*a*e^2+c*d^2)+2*a*b^2*e*(2*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)-b^3*(8*a*d*e^2+c*d^3)+c*(5*b^3*
d^2*e-8*a*c*d*(-2*a*e^2+c*d^2)+4*a*b*e*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2)-2*b^2*(8*a*d*e^2+c
*d^3))*x)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^2/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+d^2*e^2*
arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*
x+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 12.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(-2a^2e + b^2dx - 2acdx + ab(d-ex))}{3(b^2-4ac)(-cd^2 + e(bd-ae))(a+x(b+cx))^{3/2}} \\ - \frac{2(b^4d^2e + 2b^2(2a^2e^3 - c^2d^3x + acde(7d-8ex)) - b^3d(8ae^2 + cd(d-5ex)) - 8ac^2d(cd^2x + ae(3d-2ex))}{3(b^2-4ac)^2(cd^2 + e(-bd+ae))^2 \sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}} \\ + \frac{d^2e^2 \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2 + e(-bd+ae))^{5/2}} \\ - \frac{d^2e^2 \log(-bd+2ae-2cdx+box+2\sqrt{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)})}{(cd^2 + e(-bd+ae))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(2*(-2*a^2*e + b^2*d*x - 2*a*c*d*x + a*b*(d - e*x))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e))*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)) - (2*(b^4*d^2*e + 2*b^2*(2*a^2*e^3 - c^2*d^3*x + a*c*d*e*(7*d - 8*e*x)) - b^3*d*(8*a*e^2 + c*d*(d - 5*e*x)) - 8*a*c^2*d*(c*d^2*x + a*e*(3*d - 2*e*x)) + 4*a*b*c*(c*d^2*(-d + e*x) + 2*a*e^2*(d + e*x)))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^2*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]) + (d^2*e^2*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^5/2 - (d^2*e^2*Log[-(b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x + b*e*x + 2*Sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^5/2
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {1264, 27, 1235, 27, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2 \int \frac{d(db^2 - 4aeb + 4acd) + 4e(db^2 - aeb - 2acd)x}{2(cd^2 - bed + ae^2)(d+ex)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}} dx}{3(b^2 - 4ac)} \quad \downarrow \text{1264} \\
& \frac{2(x(-abe - 2acd + b^2d) + a(bd - 2ae))}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{d(db^2 - 4aeb + 4acd) + 4e(db^2 - aeb - 2acd)x}{(d+ex)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}} dx}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \quad \downarrow \text{1235} \\
& \frac{2(-cx(d(2cd - be)(-4abe + 4acd + b^2d) - 4e(bd - 2ae)(-abe - 2acd + b^2d)) + 4ae(2cd - be)(-abe - 2acd + b^2d) - d(-4abe + 4acd + b^2d)(2ace + b^2(-c))}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \\
& \frac{2(x(-abe - 2acd + b^2d) + a(bd - 2ae))}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{2(-cx(d(2cd - be)(-4abe + 4acd + b^2d) - 4e(bd - 2ae)(-abe - 2acd + b^2d)) + 4ae(2cd - be)(-abe - 2acd + b^2d) - d(-4abe + 4acd + b^2d)(2ace + b^2(-c))}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \\
& \frac{2(x(-abe - 2acd + b^2d) + a(bd - 2ae))}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \quad \downarrow \text{1154} \\
& \frac{6d^2e^2(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) - \frac{(bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x)^2}{cx^2 + bx + a}} d\left(-\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}\right)}{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} + \frac{2(-cx(d(2cd - be)(-4abe + 4acd + b^2d) - 4e(bd - 2ae)(-abe - 2acd + b^2d)) + 4ae(2cd - be)(-abe - 2acd + b^2d) - d(-4abe + 4acd + b^2d)(2ace + b^2(-c))}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \\
& \frac{2(x(-abe - 2acd + b^2d) + a(bd - 2ae))}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& \frac{2(-cx(d(2cd - be)(-4abe + 4acd + b^2d) - 4e(bd - 2ae)(-abe - 2acd + b^2d)) + 4ae(2cd - be)(-abe - 2acd + b^2d) - d(-4abe + 4acd + b^2d)(2ace + b^2(-c))}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \\
& \frac{2(x(-abe - 2acd + b^2d) + a(bd - 2ae))}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(-2*(a*(b*d - 2*a*e) + (b^2*d - 2*a*c*d - a*b*e)*x))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((2*(4*a*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(b^2*d - 2*a*c*d - a*b*e) - d*(b^2*d + 4*a*c*d - 4*a*b*e)*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e) - c*(d*(2*c*d - b*e)*(b^2*d + 4*a*c*d - 4*a*b*e) - 4*e*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(b^2*d - 2*a*c*d - a*b*e))*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2*e^2*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1235

```

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e) - a*g*(2*c*d - b*e) + c*(f*(2*c*d - b*e) - g*(b*d - 2*a*e))*x*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x]
+ Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(p + m + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) - b*d*(3*c*d - b*e + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p)) + c*e*(g*(b*d - 2*a*e) - f*(2*c*d - b*e))*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])

```

rule 1264

```

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], x, 0], S = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(b*R - 2*a*S + (2*c*R - b*S)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Q)/(d + e*x)^m - ((2*p + 3)*(2*c*R - b*S))/(d + e*x)^m, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]

```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 935 vs. $2(335) = 670$.

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 936, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

method	result
default	$\frac{1}{3c(c x^2 + b x + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{\frac{4cx}{3} + \frac{2b}{3}}{(4ac - b^2)(c x^2 + b x + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{16c(2cx + b)}{3(4ac - b^2)^2 \sqrt{c x^2 + b x + a}} \right)}{2c} + \left(\frac{d^2}{3(a e^2 - b d e + c d^2) \left(c \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2 + \frac{(be - 2cd) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)}{e} \right)} \right)$

```
input int(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/e*(-1/3/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)-1/2*b/c*(2/3*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^2*(2*c*x+b)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)))+d^2/e^3*(1/3/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(3/2)-1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2/3*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)^2*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))+1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2*(1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)))-d/e^2*(2/3*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^2*(2*c*x+b)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2297 vs. 2(333) = 666.

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4636, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.28

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((b/e-(2*c*d)/e^2)^2>0)', see `as
sume?` for
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 8210 vs. $2(333) = 666$.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8210, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.52

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2*d^2*e^2*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt
(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/((c^2*d^4 - 2*b*c*d^3*e + b^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*a*c*d^
2*e^2 - 2*a*b*d*e^3 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)) + 2/3*(((2*b
^2*c^9*d^15 + 8*a*c^10*d^15 - 17*b^3*c^8*d^14*e - 52*a*b*c^9*d^14*e + 60*b
^4*c^7*d^13*e^2 + 172*a*b^2*c^8*d^13*e^2 + 32*a^2*c^9*d^13*e^2 - 115*b^5*c
^6*d^12*e^3 - 406*a*b^3*c^7*d^12*e^3 - 176*a^2*b*c^8*d^12*e^3 + 130*b^6*c^
5*d^11*e^4 + 710*a*b^4*c^6*d^11*e^4 + 534*a^2*b^2*c^7*d^11*e^4 + 24*a^3*c^
8*d^11*e^4 - 87*b^7*c^4*d^10*e^5 - 848*a*b^5*c^5*d^10*e^5 - 1195*a^2*b^3*c
^6*d^10*e^5 - 108*a^3*b*c^7*d^10*e^5 + 32*b^8*c^3*d^9*e^6 + 632*a*b^6*c^4*
d^9*e^6 + 1840*a^2*b^4*c^5*d^9*e^6 + 520*a^3*b^2*c^6*d^9*e^6 - 80*a^4*c^7*
d^9*e^6 - 5*b^9*c^2*d^8*e^7 - 262*a*b^7*c^3*d^8*e^7 - 1722*a^2*b^5*c^4*d^8
*e^7 - 1540*a^3*b^3*c^5*d^8*e^7 + 280*a^4*b*c^6*d^8*e^7 + 46*a*b^8*c^2*d^7
*e^8 + 866*a^2*b^6*c^3*d^7*e^8 + 2220*a^3*b^4*c^4*d^7*e^8 + 110*a^4*b^2*c^
5*d^7*e^8 - 200*a^5*c^6*d^7*e^8 - 179*a^2*b^7*c^2*d^6*e^9 - 1504*a^3*b^5*c
^3*d^6*e^9 - 1255*a^4*b^3*c^4*d^6*e^9 + 500*a^5*b*c^5*d^6*e^9 + 388*a^3*b^
6*c^2*d^5*e^10 + 1460*a^4*b^4*c^3*d^5*e^10 + 12*a^5*b^2*c^4*d^5*e^10 - 192
*a^6*c^5*d^5*e^10 - 515*a^4*b^5*c^2*d^4*e^11 - 742*a^5*b^3*c^3*d^4*e^11 +
288*a^6*b*c^4*d^4*e^11 + 430*a^5*b^4*c^2*d^3*e^12 + 122*a^6*b^2*c^3*d^3*e^
12 - 88*a^7*c^4*d^3*e^12 - 221*a^6*b^3*c^2*d^2*e^13 + 44*a^7*b*c^3*d^2*e^
13 + 64*a^7*b^2*c^2*d*e^14 - 16*a^8*c^3*d*e^14 - 8*a^8*b*c^2*e^15)*x/(b^...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`output `int(x^2/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(ex+d)(cx^2+bx+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2), x)`output `int(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2), x)`

3.48
$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 306

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(a(2cd-be) + c(bd-2ae)x)}{3(b^2-4ac)(cd^2-bde+ae^2)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(4ace(bd-2ae)(2cd-be) - d(bcd-b^2e+2ace)(4bcd-3b^2e+4ace) + c(4ce(bd-2ae)^2 - d(2cd-be)^2)}{3(b^2-4ac)^2(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \frac{de^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
2/3*(a*(-b*e+2*c*d)+c*(-2*a*e+b*d)*x)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+2/3*(4*a*c*e*(-2*a*e+b*d)*(-b*e+2*c*d)-d*(2*a*c*e-b^2*e+b*c*d)*(4*a*c*e-3*b^2*e+4*b*c*d)+c*(4*c*e*(-2*a*e+b*d)^2-d*(-b*e+2*c*d)*(4*a*c*e-3*b^2*e+4*b*c*d))*x)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^2/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-d*e^3*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(5/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2bcdx + a(-4cd + 2be + 4cex)}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(-cd^2 + e(bd - ae))(a+x(b+cx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2(3b^4de^2 + b^3cde(-7d + 3ex)) + 2b^2cd(-3ae^2 + cd(2d - 7ex)) + 8ac^2e(cd^2x + ae(3d - 2ex)) + 4bc(-2ad^2 + bcdx + a^2e)}{3(b^2 - 4ac)^2(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))^2 \sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}} + \frac{de^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-bd+2ae-2cdx+be}{2\sqrt{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}\right)}{(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-2*b*c*d*x + a*(-4*c*d + 2*b*e + 4*c*e*x))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e))*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2) - (2*(3*b^4*d*e^2 + b^3*c*d*e*(-7*d + 3*e*x) + 2*b^2*c*d*(-3*a*e^2 + c*d*(2*d - 7*e*x)) + 8*a*c^2*e*(c*d^2*x + a*e*(3*d - 2*e*x)) + 4*b*c*(-2*a^2*e^3 + 2*c^2*d^3*x + a*c*d*e*(d + 3*e*x)))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*(c*d^2 + e*(-b*d) + a*e))^2*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)] + (d*e^3*ArcTanh[(-b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x + b*e*x]/(2*sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-b*d) + a*e])*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/(c*d^2 + e*(-b*d) + a*e)^(5/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {1235, 27, 1235, 27, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx \xrightarrow{1235} \frac{2(cx(bd - 2ae) + a(2cd - be))}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{d(-3eb^2+4cdb+4ace)+4ce(bd-2ae)x}{2(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

$$\int \frac{d(-3eb^2+4cdb+4ace)+4ce(bd-2ae)x}{(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2(cx(bd-2ae)+a(2cd-be))}{3(b^2-4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

↓ 27

↓ 1235

$$\frac{2(cx(4ce(bd-2ae)^2-d(2cd-be)(4ace-3b^2e+4bcd))-d(2ace+b^2(-e)+bcd)(4ace-3b^2e+4bcd)+4ace(bd-2ae)(2cd-be))}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{2 \int \frac{3(b^2-4ac)^2 d}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{(b^2-4ac)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{3(b^2-4ac)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{3(b^2-4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{2(cx(bd-2ae)+a(2cd-be))}{3(b^2-4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2(cx(4ce(bd-2ae)^2-d(2cd-be)(4ace-3b^2e+4bcd))-d(2ace+b^2(-e)+bcd)(4ace-3b^2e+4bcd)+4ace(bd-2ae)(2cd-be))}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{3de^3(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{d}{d+ex}}{ae^2-bde+cd^2}$$

$$\frac{3(b^2-4ac)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{3(b^2-4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{2(cx(bd-2ae)+a(2cd-be))}{3(b^2-4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{6de^3(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2) - \frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{ae^2-bde+cd^2} + \frac{2(cx(4ce(bd-2ae)^2-d(2cd-be)(4ace-3b^2e+4bcd))-d(2ace+b^2(-e)+bcd)(4ace-3b^2e+4bcd)+4ace(bd-2ae)(2cd-be))}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{3(b^2-4ac)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{3(b^2-4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{2(cx(bd-2ae)+a(2cd-be))}{3(b^2-4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{2(cx(4ce(bd-2ae)^2-d(2cd-be)(4ace-3b^2e+4bcd))-d(2ace+b^2(-e)+bcd)(4ace-3b^2e+4bcd)+4ace(bd-2ae)(2cd-be))}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{3de^3(b^2-4ac) \arctan\left(\frac{d}{d+ex}\right)}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{3(b^2-4ac)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{3(b^2-4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{2(cx(bd-2ae)+a(2cd-be))}{3(b^2-4ac)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

input `Int[x/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output

```
(2*(a*(2*c*d - b*e) + c*(b*d - 2*a*e)*x))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e
+ a*e^2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((2*(4*a*c*e*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(2*c*d - b*
e) - d*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e)*(4*b*c*d - 3*b^2*e + 4*a*c*e) + c*(4*c*e*
(b*d - 2*a*e)^2 - d*(2*c*d - b*e)*(4*b*c*d - 3*b^2*e + 4*a*c*e))*x))/((b^2
- 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c
)*d*e^3*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*
e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a
*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1154

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Sym
bol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (
2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e}, x]
```

rule 1235

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2
*a*c*e) - a*g*(2*c*d - b*e) + c*(f*(2*c*d - b*e) - g*(b*d - 2*a*e))*x)*((a
+ b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x]
+ Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m
*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(p + m
+ 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*
m + b*e*m) - b*d*(3*c*d - b*e + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p)) + c*e*(g*(b*d - 2*a*e) -
f*(2*c*d - b*e))*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g,
m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]
)
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 838 vs. 2(290) = 580.

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 839, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

method	result
default	$\frac{\frac{4cx + 2b}{3} + \frac{16c(2cx+b)}{3(4ac-b^2)^2 \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{e} + d \frac{e^2}{3(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \left(c(x+\frac{d}{e})^2 + \frac{(be-2cd)(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + \frac{ae^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

```
input int(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/e*(2/3*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^2*(2*c*x+b)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))-d/e^2*(1/3/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(3/2)-1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2/3*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)^2*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))+1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2*(1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2277 vs. $2(290) = 580$.

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4596, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.02

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((b/e-(2*c*d)/e^2)^2>0)', see `assume?` for`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 8378 vs. $2(290) = 580$.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8378, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.38

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-2*d*e^3*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/((c^2*d^4 - 2*b*c*d^3*e + b^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b*d*e^3 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)) - 2/3*(((8*b*c^10*d^15 - 62*b^2*c^9*d^14*e + 8*a*c^10*d^14*e + 207*b^3*c^8*d^13*e^2 + 12*a*b*c^9*d^13*e^2 - 388*b^4*c^7*d^12*e^3 - 276*a*b^2*c^8*d^12*e^3 + 32*a^2*c^9*d^12*e^3 + 445*b^5*c^6*d^11*e^4 + 938*a*b^3*c^7*d^11*e^4 + 48*a^2*b*c^8*d^11*e^4 - 318*b^6*c^5*d^10*e^5 - 1530*a*b^4*c^6*d^10*e^5 - 810*a^2*b^2*c^7*d^10*e^5 + 24*a^3*c^8*d^10*e^5 + 137*b^7*c^4*d^9*e^6 + 1392*a*b^5*c^5*d^9*e^6 + 2165*a^2*b^3*c^6*d^9*e^6 + 340*a^3*b*c^7*d^9*e^6 - 32*b^8*c^3*d^8*e^7 - 712*a*b^6*c^4*d^8*e^7 - 2640*a^2*b^4*c^5*d^8*e^7 - 1720*a^3*b^2*c^6*d^8*e^7 - 80*a^4*c^7*d^8*e^7 + 3*b^9*c^2*d^7*e^8 + 186*a*b^7*c^3*d^7*e^8 + 1638*a^2*b^5*c^4*d^7*e^8 + 2940*a^3*b^3*c^5*d^7*e^8 + 840*a^4*b*c^6*d^7*e^8 - 18*a*b^8*c^2*d^6*e^9 - 478*a^2*b^6*c^3*d^6*e^9 - 2260*a^3*b^4*c^4*d^6*e^9 - 2130*a^4*b^2*c^5*d^6*e^9 - 200*a^5*c^6*d^6*e^9 + 45*a^2*b^7*c^2*d^5*e^10 + 736*a^3*b^5*c^3*d^5*e^10 + 2105*a^4*b^3*c^4*d^5*e^10 + 948*a^5*b*c^5*d^5*e^10 - 60*a^3*b^6*c^2*d^4*e^11 - 780*a^4*b^4*c^3*d^4*e^11 - 1332*a^5*b^2*c^4*d^4*e^11 - 192*a^6*c^5*d^4*e^11 + 45*a^4*b^5*c^2*d^3*e^12 + 602*a^5*b^3*c^3*d^3*e^12 + 512*a^6*b*c^4*d^3*e^12 - 18*a^5*b^4*c^2*d^2*e^13 - 326*a^6*b^2*c^3*d^2*e^13 - 88*a^7*c^4*d^2*e^13 + 3*a^6*b^3*c^2*d^2*e^14 + 108*a^7*b*c^3*d^2*e^14 - 16*a^8*c^3*e^15)*x/(b^4*c^8*d^16 - 8*a*b^2*c^9...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`output `int(x/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(ex+d)(cx^2+bx+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2), x)`output `int(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2), x)`

3.49 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 307

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bcd - b^2e + 2ace + c(2cd - be)x)}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(4ace(2cd - be)^2 + (bcd - b^2e + 2ace)(3(b^2 - 4ac)e^2 - 4cd(2cd - be)) - c(2cd - be)(8c^2d^2 - 3b^2e^2 - 3(b^2 - 4ac)^2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2})}{3(b^2 - 4ac)^2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{e^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/3*(-2*b*c*d+2*b^2*e-4*a*c*e-2*c*(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a*e^2-b*d*
e+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)-2/3*(4*a*c*e*(-b*e+2*c*d)^2+(2*a*c*e-b^2*e+b*
c*d)*(3*(-4*a*c+b^2)*e^2-4*c*d*(-b*e+2*c*d))-c*(-b*e+2*c*d)*(8*c^2*d^2-3*b
^2*e^2-4*c*e*(-5*a*e+2*b*d))*x)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^2/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^2/(c*x^
2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+e^4*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d
^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(5/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(-b^2e+2c(ae+cdx)+bc(d-ex))}{3(b^2-4ac)(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))(a+x(b+cx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2(3b^4e^3+b^3ce^2(d+3ex)+8c^2(3a^2e^3+2c^2d^3x+5acde^2x)+4bc^2(2cd^2(d-3ex)+5ae^2(d-ex))+2b^2cd^2)}{3(b^2-4ac)^2(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))^2\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}} - \frac{e^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-bd+2ae-2cdx+be}{2\sqrt{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}\right)}{(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(-2*(-(b^2*e) + 2*c*(a*e + c*d*x) + b*c*(d - e*x))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)) + (2*(3*b^4*e^3 + b^3*c*e^2*(d + 3*e*x) + 8*c^2*(3*a^2*e^3 + 2*c^2*d^3*x + 5*a*c*d*e^2*x) + 4*b*c^2*(2*c*d^2*(d - 3*e*x) + 5*a*e^2*(d - e*x)) + 2*b^2*c*e*(-11*a*e^2 + c*d*(-6*d + e*x)))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^2*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]) - (e^4*ArcTanh[(-(b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x + b*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^(5/2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {1165, 27, 1235, 27, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1165

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{8c^2 d^2 - 3b^2 e^2 - 4ce(bd - 3ae) + 4ce(2cd - be)x}{2(d+ex)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}} dx}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{2(2ace + b^2(-e) + cx(2cd - be) + bcd)}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

27

$$\frac{\int \frac{8c^2 d^2 - 3b^2 e^2 - 4ce(bd - 3ae) + 4ce(2cd - be)x}{(d+ex)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}} dx}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{2(2ace + b^2(-e) + cx(2cd - be) + bcd)}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

1235

$$\frac{2(-cx(2cd - be)(-4ce(2bd - 5ae) - 3b^2 e^2 + 8c^2 d^2) - (2ace + b^2(-e) + bcd)(-4ce(bd - 3ae) - 3b^2 e^2 + 8c^2 d^2) + 4ace(2cd - be)^2)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{2 \int \frac{3(b^2 - 4ac)}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}}{(b^2 - 4ac)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{3(b^2 - 4ac)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{2(2ace + b^2(-e) + cx(2cd - be) + bcd)}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

27

$$\frac{2(-cx(2cd - be)(-4ce(2bd - 5ae) - 3b^2 e^2 + 8c^2 d^2) - (2ace + b^2(-e) + bcd)(-4ce(bd - 3ae) - 3b^2 e^2 + 8c^2 d^2) + 4ace(2cd - be)^2)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{3e^4(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}}{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}$$

$$\frac{3(b^2 - 4ac)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{2(2ace + b^2(-e) + cx(2cd - be) + bcd)}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

1154

$$\frac{6e^4(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) - \frac{(bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x)^2}{cx^2 + bx + a}} d\left(-\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}\right)}{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} + \frac{2(-cx(2cd - be)(-4ce(2bd - 5ae) - 3b^2 e^2 + 8c^2 d^2) - (2ace + b^2(-e) + bcd)(-4ce(bd - 3ae) - 3b^2 e^2 + 8c^2 d^2) + 4ace(2cd - be)^2)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{3(b^2 - 4ac)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{2(2ace + b^2(-e) + cx(2cd - be) + bcd)}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

219

$$\frac{2(-cx(2cd - be)(-4ce(2bd - 5ae) - 3b^2 e^2 + 8c^2 d^2) - (2ace + b^2(-e) + bcd)(-4ce(bd - 3ae) - 3b^2 e^2 + 8c^2 d^2) + 4ace(2cd - be)^2)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{3e^4(b^2 - 4ac) \arctan\left(\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}\right)}{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}$$

$$\frac{3(b^2 - 4ac)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{2(2ace + b^2(-e) + cx(2cd - be) + bcd)}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output
$$\frac{(-2*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + c*(2*c*d - b*e)*x))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(3/2)}) - ((2*(4*a*c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)^2 - (b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e)*(8*c^2*d^2 - 3*b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(b*d - 3*a*e)) - c*(2*c*d - b*e)*(8*c^2*d^2 - 3*b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(2*b*d - 5*a*e))*x))/(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^4*\text{ArcTanh}[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^{(3/2)})/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1165 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + c*(2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*Simp[b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(m + p + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3) - c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 1235

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e) - a*g*(2*c*d - b*e) + c*(f*(2*c*d - b*e) - g*(b*d - 2*a*e))*x*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(p + m + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) - b*d*(3*c*d - b*e + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p)) + c*e*(g*(b*d - 2*a*e) - f*(2*c*d - b*e))*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 765 vs. 2(293) = 586.

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 766, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

method	result
default	$\frac{e^2 (be-2cd)e \left(\frac{4c(x+\frac{d}{e})}{3} + \frac{2(be-2cd)}{3e} \right)}{\left(\frac{4c(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{e^2} - \frac{(be-2cd)^2}{e^2} \right) \left(c(x+\frac{d}{e})^2 + \frac{(be-2cd)}{e} \right)} \frac{3(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \left(c(x+\frac{d}{e})^2 + \frac{(be-2cd)(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + \frac{ae^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{}$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/e*(1/3/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(3/2)-1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2/3*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)^2*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))+1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2*(1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2285 vs. $2(292) = 584$.

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4612, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.02

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(5/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-b*d*e>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 8447 vs. 2(292) = 584.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8447, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.51

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2*e^4*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*
d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/((c^2*d^4 - 2*b*c*d^3*e + b^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^
2 - 2*a*b*d*e^3 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)) + 2/3((((16*c^11
*d^15 - 120*b*c^10*d^14*e + 386*b^2*c^9*d^13*e^2 + 136*a*c^10*d^13*e^2 - 6
89*b^3*c^8*d^12*e^3 - 884*a*b*c^9*d^12*e^3 + 732*b^4*c^7*d^11*e^4 + 2412*a
*b^2*c^8*d^11*e^4 + 480*a^2*c^9*d^11*e^4 - 451*b^5*c^6*d^10*e^5 - 3542*a*b
^3*c^7*d^10*e^5 - 2640*a^2*b*c^8*d^10*e^5 + 130*b^6*c^5*d^9*e^6 + 2950*a*b
^4*c^6*d^9*e^6 + 5910*a^2*b^2*c^7*d^9*e^6 + 920*a^3*c^8*d^9*e^6 + 9*b^7*c^
4*d^8*e^7 - 1296*a*b^5*c^5*d^8*e^7 - 6795*a^2*b^3*c^6*d^8*e^7 - 4140*a^3*b
*c^7*d^8*e^7 - 16*b^8*c^3*d^7*e^8 + 184*a*b^6*c^4*d^7*e^8 + 4080*a^2*b^4*c
^5*d^7*e^8 + 7240*a^3*b^2*c^6*d^7*e^8 + 1040*a^4*c^7*d^7*e^8 + 3*b^9*c^2*d
^6*e^9 + 58*a*b^7*c^3*d^6*e^9 - 1050*a^2*b^5*c^4*d^6*e^9 - 6020*a^3*b^3*c^
5*d^6*e^9 - 3640*a^4*b*c^6*d^6*e^9 - 18*a*b^8*c^2*d^5*e^10 - 30*a^2*b^6*c^
3*d^5*e^10 + 2220*a^3*b^4*c^4*d^5*e^10 + 4590*a^4*b^2*c^5*d^5*e^10 + 696*a
^5*c^6*d^5*e^10 + 45*a^2*b^7*c^2*d^4*e^11 - 160*a^3*b^5*c^3*d^4*e^11 - 237
5*a^4*b^3*c^4*d^4*e^11 - 1740*a^5*b*c^5*d^4*e^11 - 60*a^3*b^6*c^2*d^3*e^12
+ 340*a^4*b^4*c^3*d^3*e^12 + 1356*a^5*b^2*c^4*d^3*e^12 + 256*a^6*c^5*d^3*
e^12 + 45*a^4*b^5*c^2*d^2*e^13 - 294*a^5*b^3*c^3*d^2*e^13 - 384*a^6*b*c^4*
d^2*e^13 - 18*a^5*b^4*c^2*d*e^14 + 122*a^6*b^2*c^3*d*e^14 + 40*a^7*c^4*d*e
^14 + 3*a^6*b^3*c^2*e^15 - 20*a^7*b*c^3*e^15)*x/(b^4*c^8*d^16 - 8*a*b^2...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex+d)(cx^2+bx+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x)`

3.50 $\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	580
Mathematica [A] (verified)	581
Rubi [A] (verified)	581
Maple [A] (verified)	583
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	584
Sympy [F]	584
Maxima [F]	584
Giac [F(-2)]	585
Mupad [F(-1)]	585
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	585

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 515

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(c(b^2 - 2ac)d - b^3e + 3abce + c(bcd - b^2e + 2ace)x)}{3a(b^2 - 4ac)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(3b^6de^2 + b^4cd(3cd^2 - 16ae^2) + 24a^2c^3d(cd^2 + 2ae^2) - 2ab^2c^2d(11cd^2 + 4ae^2) - 4a^2bc^2e(14cd^2 + 17ae^2)}{a^5/2d} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{a^{5/2}d} - \frac{e^5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
2/3*(c*(-2*a*c+b^2)*d-b^3*e+3*a*b*c*e+c*(2*a*c*e-b^2*e+b*c*d)*x)/a/(-4*a*c
+b^2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+2/3*(3*b^6*d*e^2+b^4*c*d*(-1
6*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)+24*a^2*c^3*d*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2)-2*a*b^2*c^2*d*(4*a*e^2+11*c*
d^2)-4*a^2*b*c^2*e*(17*a*e^2+14*c*d^2)+a*b^3*c*e*(43*a*e^2+44*c*d^2)-6*b^5
*(a*e^3+c*d^2*e)+c*(3*b^5*d*e^2+b^3*c*d*(-14*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)-4*a*b*c^2*d*(4
*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)-8*a^2*c^2*e*(5*a*e^2+2*c*d^2)+2*a*b^2*c*e*(19*a*e^2+20*c*d
^2)-6*b^4*(a*e^3+c*d^2*e))*x)/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)^2/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^2/(c*
x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-arctanh(1/2*(b*x+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/a^(5/2
)/d-e^5*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(
c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/d/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 11.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 459, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(b^2-2ac+bcx)}{a(a+x(b+cx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2((b^2-6ac)(3b^2-4ac)+bc(3b^2-20ac)x)}{a^2(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}} + \frac{2e(-b^2e+2c(ae+cdx)+bc(c^2d^2+e(-bd+ae)))(a+x(b+cx))^{3/2}}{(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))(a+x(b+cx))^{5/2}}$$

input

Integrate[1/(x*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]

output

```
((2*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*x))/(a*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)) + (2*((b^2 - 6*a*c)
*(3*b^2 - 4*a*c) + b*c*(3*b^2 - 20*a*c)*x))/(a^2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + x*
(b + c*x)]) + (2*e*(-(b^2*e) + 2*c*(a*e + c*d*x) + b*c*(d - e*x)))/((c*d^2
+ e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)) - (2*e*(3*b^4*e^3 + b^3*c*e^
2*(d + 3*e*x) + 8*c^2*(3*a^2*e^3 + 2*c^2*d^3*x + 5*a*c*d*e^2*x) + 4*b*c^2*
(2*c*d^2*(d - 3*e*x) + 5*a*e^2*(d - e*x)) + 2*b^2*c*e*(-11*a*e^2 + c*d*(-6
*d + e*x))))/(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^2*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c
*x)]) - (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c
*x)])])/a^(5/2) + (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^5*ArcTanh[(-(b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x +
b*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/((c*d^2
+ e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^(5/2))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 477, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1289

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{dx(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{e}{d(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{a^{5/2}d} + \frac{2(bc x(3b^2 - 20ac) + (b^2 - 6ac)(3b^2 - 4ac))}{3a^2d(b^2 - 4ac)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \\
 & \frac{e^5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{d(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^{5/2}} + \\
 & \frac{2e(-cx(2cd - be)(-4ce(2bd - 5ae) - 3b^2e^2 + 8c^2d^2) - (2ace + b^2(-e) + bcd)(-4ce(bd - 3ae) - 3b^2e^2 + 8c^2d^2))}{3d(b^2 - 4ac)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^2} \\
 & + \frac{2e(2ace + b^2(-e) + cx(2cd - be) + bcd)}{3d(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} + \frac{2(-2ac + b^2 + bcx)}{3ad(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(2*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*x))/(3*a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*e*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + c*(2*c*d - b*e)*x))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*((b^2 - 6*a*c)*(3*b^2 - 4*a*c) + b*c*(3*b^2 - 20*a*c)*x))/(3*a^2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*d*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (2*e*(4*a*c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)^2 - (b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e)*(8*c^2*d^2 - 3*b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(b*d - 3*a*e)) - c*(2*c*d - b*e)*(8*c^2*d^2 - 3*b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(2*b*d - 5*a*e))*x))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*d*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])]/(a^(5/2)*d) - (e^5*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(d*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(5/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1289 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 953, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

method	result
default	$\frac{1}{3a(c^2x^2+bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{\frac{4cx}{3} + \frac{2b}{3}}{(4ac-b^2)(c^2x^2+bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{16c(2cx+b)}{3(4ac-b^2)^2 \sqrt{c^2x^2+bx+a}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{a\sqrt{c^2x^2+bx+a}} - \frac{b(2cx+b)}{a(4ac-b^2)\sqrt{c^2x^2+bx+a}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2a+bx+2\sqrt{a}x}{a}\right)}{a}$

input

```
int(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/d*(1/3/a/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)-1/2*b/a*(2/3*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^2*(2*c*x+b)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))+1/a*(1/a/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-b/a*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-1/a^(3/2)*ln((2*a+b*x+2*a^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/x))-1/d*(1/3/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(3/2)-1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2/3*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)^2*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))+1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2*(1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4174 vs. $2(492) = 984$.

Time = 19.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16795, normalized size of antiderivative = 32.61

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}(ex+d)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)*x), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13522, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.26

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(48*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*
**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**7*c**2*e**5 - 24
*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2
- b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**6*b**2*c*e**5 + 96*
sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2
- b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**6*b*c**2*e**5*x + 96
*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2
- b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**6*c**3*e**5*x**2 +
3*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**
2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**5*b**4*e**5 - 48*s
qrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 -
b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**5*b**3*c*e**5*x + 96*
sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2
- b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**5*b*c**3*e**5*x**3 +
48*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*
**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**5*c**4*e**5*x**4
+ 6*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*
**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**4*b**5*e**5*x -
18*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*
**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**4*b**4*c*e**5...
```

3.51 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 628

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(b^3cd - 3abc^2d - b^4e + 4ab^2ce - 2a^2c^2e + c(b^2cd - 2ac^2d - b^3e + 3abce)x)}{3a^2(b^2 - 4ac)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{2(6b^7de^2 + b^5cd(6cd^2 - 37ae^2) - ab^3c^2d(43cd^2 - 26ae^2) + 24a^3c^3e(cd^2 + 2ae^2) + 4a^2bc^3d(17cd^2 + 20ae^2))}{a^3dx} + \frac{(5bd + 2ae)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2a^{7/2}d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{e^6\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{d^2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```

1/3*(-2*b^3*c*d+6*a*b*c^2*d+2*b^4*e-8*a*b^2*c*e+4*a^2*c^2*e-2*c*(3*a*b*c*e
-2*a*c^2*d-b^3*e+b^2*c*d)*x)/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+b
*x+a)^(3/2)-2/3*(6*b^7*d*e^2+b^5*c*d*(-37*a*e^2+6*c*d^2)-a*b^3*c^2*d*(-26*
a*e^2+43*c*d^2)+24*a^3*c^3*e*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2)+4*a^2*b*c^3*d*(20*a*e^2+17*c*
d^2)+a*b^4*c*e*(70*a*e^2+89*c*d^2)-2*a^2*b^2*c^2*e*(72*a*e^2+79*c*d^2)-3*b
^6*(3*a*e^3+4*c*d^2*e)+c*(6*b^6*d*e^2+2*b^4*c*d*(-16*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)-2*a*b
^2*c^2*d*(-2*a*e^2+19*c*d^2)+8*a^2*c^3*d*(8*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)-4*a^2*b*c^2*e*(2
4*a*e^2+25*c*d^2)+a*b^3*c*e*(62*a*e^2+79*c*d^2)-3*b^5*(3*a*e^3+4*c*d^2*e))
*x)/a^3/(-4*a*c+b^2)^2/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-(c*x^2+b*
x+a)^(1/2)/a^3/d/x+1/2*(2*a*e+5*b*d)*arctanh(1/2*(b*x+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^2+
b*x+a)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/d^2+e^6*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e
^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/d^2/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(5/2)

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 12.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 654, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{4e(b^2-2ac+bcx)}{a(a+x(b+cx))^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(b^2-2ac+bcx)}{ax(a+x(b+cx))^{3/2}} - \frac{4e((b^2-6ac)(3b^2-4ac)+bc(3b^2-20ac)x)}{a^2(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}} +$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```

((-4*e*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*x))/(a*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)) + (4*d*(b^2 - 2*
a*c + b*c*x))/(a*x*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)) - (4*e*((b^2 - 6*a*c)*(3*b^2 -
4*a*c) + b*c*(3*b^2 - 20*a*c)*x))/(a^2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)
]) + (4*e^2*(b^2*e - 2*c*(a*e + c*d*x) + b*c*(-d + e*x)))/((c*d^2 + e*(-(b
*d) + a*e))*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)) + (4*e^2*(3*b^4*e^3 + b^3*c*e^2*(d +
3*e*x) + 8*c^2*(3*a^2*e^3 + 2*c^2*d^3*x + 5*a*c*d*e^2*x) + 4*b*c^2*(2*c*d^
2*(d - 3*e*x) + 5*a*e^2*(d - e*x)) + 2*b^2*c*e*(-11*a*e^2 + c*d*(-6*d + e
x)))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^2*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]) +
(6*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]
)/a^(5/2) + (d*((2*Sqrt[a]*(64*a^3*c^2 + 15*b^4*x*(b + c*x) + 5*a*b^2*(b^2
- 22*b*c*x - 20*c^2*x^2)) + 4*a^2*c*(-9*b^2 + 46*b*c*x + 32*c^2*x^2)))/(x*
Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]) - 15*b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*Sqrt[
a]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/(a^(7/2)*(-b^2 + 4*a*c)) - (6*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e
^6*ArcTanh[(-(b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x + b*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) +
a*e)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^(5/2))/(6*(b^2 -
4*a*c)*d^2)

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 705, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1289$$

$$\int \left(\frac{e^2}{d^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{e}{d^2x(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{1}{dx^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{a^{5/2}d^2} + \frac{5b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2a^{7/2}d} - \\
& \frac{2e(bc x(3b^2 - 20ac) + (b^2 - 6ac)(3b^2 - 4ac))}{3a^2d^2(b^2 - 4ac)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \\
& \frac{2(32a^2c^2 + bcx(5b^2 - 28ac) - 32ab^2c + 5b^4)}{3a^2dx(b^2 - 4ac)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \frac{(128a^2c^2 - 100ab^2c + 15b^4)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3a^3dx(b^2 - 4ac)^2} + \\
& \frac{e^6 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{d^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^{5/2}} - \\
& \frac{2e^2(-cx(2cd - be)(-4ce(2bd - 5ae) - 3b^2e^2 + 8c^2d^2) - (2ace + b^2(-e) + bcd)(-4ce(bd - 3ae) - 3b^2e^2 + 8c^2d^2))}{3d^2(b^2 - 4ac)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^2} + \\
& \frac{2e^2(2ace + b^2(-e) + cx(2cd - be) + bcd)}{3d^2(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{2e(-2ac + b^2 + bcx)}{3ad^2(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{2(-2ac + b^2 + bcx)}{3adx(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-2*e*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*x))/(3*a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*x))/(3*a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) - (2*e^2*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + c*(2*c*d - b*e)*x))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*(5*b^4 - 32*a*b^2*c + 32*a^2*c^2 + b*c*(5*b^2 - 28*a*c)*x))/(3*a^2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*d*x*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*e*((b^2 - 6*a*c)*(3*b^2 - 4*a*c) + b*c*(3*b^2 - 20*a*c)*x))/(3*a^2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*d^2*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*e^2*(4*a*c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)^2 - (b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e)*(8*c^2*d^2 - 3*b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(b*d - 3*a*e)) - c*(2*c*d - b*e)*(8*c^2*d^2 - 3*b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(2*b*d - 5*a*e))*x))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^2*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - ((15*b^4 - 100*a*b^2*c + 128*a^2*c^2)*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(3*a^3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*d*x) + (5*b*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*sqrt[a]*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]])/(2*a^(7/2)*d) + (e*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x)/(2*sqrt[a]*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]])/(a^(5/2)*d^2) + (e^6*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(d^2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(5/2)))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1289

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1238 vs. $2(602) = 1204$.

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1239
risch	Expression too large to display	12685

input

```
int(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/d*(-1/a/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)-5/2*b/a*(1/3/a/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)-1/2*b/a
*(2/3*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^2*(2*c*
x+b)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))+1/a*(1/a/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-b/a*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*
c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-1/a^(3/2)*ln((2*a+b*x+2*a^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(
1/2))/x))-4*c/a*(2/3*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*
a*c-b^2)^2*(2*c*x+b)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)))+e/d^2*(1/3/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*
e^2/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(3/2)-1/2*
(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2/3*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*(a
*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e
)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-
2*c*d)^2/e^2)^2*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+
d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))+1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2*(1/(a*e^2-b
*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2
)^(1/2)-(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c
*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+
d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*
e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*
((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-
b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)))-e/d^2*(1/3/a/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)-1/2*b
/a*(2/3*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^2*...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5177 vs. $2(600) = 1200$.

Time = 38.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20807, normalized size of antiderivative = 33.13

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+bx+a)^{5/2}(ex+d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 10475 vs. 2(600) = 1200.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10475, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.68

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2*e^6*arctan(-(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*
d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/((c^2*d^6 - 2*b*c*d^5*e + b^2*d^4*e^2 + 2*a*c*d^4*e^
2 - 2*a*b*d^3*e^3 + a^2*d^2*e^4)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)) - 2/3*(((6
*a^8*b^4*c^10*d^15 - 38*a^9*b^2*c^11*d^15 + 40*a^10*c^12*d^15 - 48*a^8*b^5
*c^9*d^14*e + 307*a^9*b^3*c^10*d^14*e - 340*a^10*b*c^11*d^14*e + 168*a^8*b
^6*c^8*d^13*e^2 - 1040*a^9*b^4*c^9*d^13*e^2 + 976*a^10*b^2*c^10*d^13*e^2 +
304*a^11*c^11*d^13*e^2 - 336*a^8*b^7*c^7*d^12*e^3 + 1876*a^9*b^5*c^8*d^12
*e^3 - 648*a^10*b^3*c^9*d^12*e^3 - 2280*a^11*b*c^10*d^12*e^3 + 420*a^8*b^8
*c^6*d^11*e^4 - 1820*a^9*b^6*c^7*d^11*e^4 - 2464*a^10*b^4*c^8*d^11*e^4 + 6
390*a^11*b^2*c^9*d^11*e^4 + 984*a^12*c^10*d^11*e^4 - 336*a^8*b^9*c^5*d^10*
e^5 + 658*a^9*b^7*c^6*d^10*e^5 + 6496*a^10*b^5*c^7*d^10*e^5 - 7403*a^11*b^
3*c^8*d^10*e^5 - 6396*a^12*b*c^9*d^10*e^5 + 168*a^8*b^10*c^4*d^9*e^6 + 448
*a^9*b^8*c^5*d^9*e^6 - 6720*a^10*b^6*c^6*d^9*e^6 - 60*a^11*b^4*c^7*d^9*e^6
+ 15620*a^12*b^2*c^8*d^9*e^6 + 1760*a^13*c^9*d^9*e^6 - 48*a^8*b^11*c^3*d^
8*e^7 - 620*a^9*b^9*c^4*d^8*e^7 + 2984*a^10*b^7*c^5*d^8*e^7 + 8991*a^11*b^
5*c^6*d^8*e^7 - 16450*a^12*b^3*c^7*d^8*e^7 - 9680*a^13*b*c^8*d^8*e^7 + 6*a
^8*b^12*c^2*d^7*e^8 + 274*a^9*b^10*c^3*d^7*e^8 + 88*a^10*b^8*c^4*d^7*e^8 -
8810*a^11*b^6*c^5*d^7*e^8 + 3350*a^12*b^4*c^6*d^7*e^8 + 19430*a^13*b^2*c^
7*d^7*e^8 + 1880*a^14*c^8*d^7*e^8 - 45*a^9*b^11*c^2*d^6*e^9 - 556*a^10*b^9
*c^3*d^6*e^9 + 2835*a^11*b^7*c^4*d^6*e^9 + 7456*a^12*b^5*c^5*d^6*e^9 - ...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17328, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.59

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(96*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**8*c**2*e**6*x - 48*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**7*b**2*c*e**6*x + 192*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**7*b*c**2*e**6*x**2 + 192*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**7*c**3*e**6*x**3 + 6*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**6*b**4*e**6*x - 96*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**6*b**3*c*e**6*x**2 + 192*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**6*b*c**3*e**6*x**4 + 96*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**6*c**4*e**6*x**5 + 12*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**5*b**5*e**6*x**2 - 36*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**5*b**4*c*e**6*x**3 - 96*...
```


$$3.52 \quad \int \frac{(gx)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	596
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	597
Rubi [A] (verified)	598
Maple [B] (verified)	599
Fricas [F(-1)]	600
Sympy [F]	601
Maxima [F]	601
Giac [F]	601
Mupad [F(-1)]	602
Reduce [F]	602

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 551

$$\int \frac{(gx)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g\sqrt{gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{ce\sqrt{-\frac{cx}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}d^2g^2\sqrt{-\frac{cx}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{ce^2\sqrt{gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}d^2g^2\sqrt{-\frac{cx}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{e^2(2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e)\sqrt{gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```

2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*g*(g*x)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(
1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*
((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))/c/e/(-c*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^
2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-2*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*d*g^2*(-
c*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*El
lipticF(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*((-4*a*
c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))/c/e^2/(g*x)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a
)^(1/2)+4*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*d^2*g^2*(-c*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))
^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c
+b^2)^(1/2))*e),2^(1/2)*((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
/e^2/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)/(g*x)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 12.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 488, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(gx)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{c(a+x(b+cx))}{-b^2+4ac}}}{e(-2cd+(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e)x} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{c(a+x(b+cx))}{-b^2+4ac}\right)\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(g*x)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```

output

```

(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c*(a + x*(b + c*x)))/(-b^2 +
4*a*c)]*(e*(-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)*x*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-
b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*Sqrt[b^2 -
4*a*c])/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])) + 2*d*Sqrt[(c*x)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]
)]*Sqrt[-((c*x)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))]*((-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]
))*e)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a
*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])] + 2*c*d*Elli
pticPi[(2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), ArcSi
n[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*Sqr
t[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))]/(c*e^2*(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2
- 4*a*c])*e)*x^2*Sqrt[(c*x)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)
])

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 635, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1288, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1288

$$\int \left(\frac{d^2 g^2}{e^2 \sqrt{gx}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \frac{dg^2}{e^2 \sqrt{gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{g\sqrt{gx}}{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\sqrt{2}dg^{3/2}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-b}\sqrt{\frac{2cx}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}+1}\sqrt{\frac{2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b}+1}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}{2cd}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{gx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-b}\sqrt{g}}\right), \frac{b}{b}\right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{ce^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}}{\sqrt[4]{ag}\sqrt{gx}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx})\sqrt{\frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx})^2}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{gx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{4}\left(2-\frac{b}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}\right)\right)$$

$$\frac{c^{3/4}e\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2\sqrt[4]{a}g\sqrt{gx}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx})\sqrt{\frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx})^2}}}\text{E}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{gx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{4}\left(2-\frac{b}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}\right)\right)$$

$$\frac{c^{3/4}e\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{dg^2\sqrt{x}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx})\sqrt{\frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx})^2}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{gx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{4}\left(2-\frac{b}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}\right)\right)$$

$$+\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{ce^2}\sqrt{gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2g\sqrt{gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\frac{1}{\sqrt{ce}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx})}$$

input

```
Int[(g*x)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
(2*g*Sqrt[g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(Sqrt[c]*e*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x)) -
(2*a^(1/4)*g*Sqrt[g*x]*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x)*Sqrt[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(Sqrt[
a] + Sqrt[c]*x)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[x])/a^(1/4)], (2 - b/(
Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]))/4])/(c^(3/4)*e*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (d*g^2*S
qrt[x]*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x)*Sqrt[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x)^
2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[x])/a^(1/4)], (2 - b/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]
))/4])/(a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*e^2*Sqrt[g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (a^(1/4)*g*S
qrt[g*x]*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x)*Sqrt[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x
)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[x])/a^(1/4)], (2 - b/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c
]))/4])/(c^(3/4)*e*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-b + Sqr
t[b^2 - 4*a*c]]*d*g^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*Sqrt[1
+ (2*c*x)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*EllipticPi[((b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)
/(2*c*d), ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[g*x])/(Sqrt[-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]
*Sqrt[g])], (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(Sqrt[c]*e^2
*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1288

```
Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[1/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a
+ b*x + c*x^2]), (f + g*x)^(n + 1/2)/(d + e*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1070 vs. $2(488) = 976$.

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1071, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1071
default	Expression too large to display	1419

input

```
int((g*x)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/g/x*(g*x)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(x*g*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^(1/2)*(-d/e^2*g^
2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c*2^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(b+(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-1/2*(b+(-4
*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*(-2*c*x/(b+(-4*a*
c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+a*g*x)^(1/2)*EllipticF(2^(1/2)*((x+1
/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2),1/2*(-2*(b+(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/(-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))))^(1/2)+g^2/e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c*2^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+
b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2)))/(-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/
2)*(-2*c*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+a*g*x)^(1/2)*((-
1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))*EllipticE(2^(1
/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2),1/2*
(-2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/(-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*
a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*EllipticF(2^(1/2)*((
x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2),1/2*(-2*(
b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/(-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b
^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+d^2*g^2/e^3*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c*2^(1/2)*((x+1/2*
(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2...

```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((g*x)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((g*x)**(3/2)/((d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((g*x)^(3/2)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x)^(3/2)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int((g*x)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(gx)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex+d)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`output `int((g*x)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.53 $\int \frac{\sqrt{gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

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Reduce [F]	611

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 384

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g\sqrt{-\frac{cx}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{ce\sqrt{gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}dg\sqrt{-\frac{cx}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e},\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{e(2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e)\sqrt{gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
2*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*g*(-c*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))/c/e/(g*x)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-4*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*d*g*(-c*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e),2^(1/2)*((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))/e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)/(g*x)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 22.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{gx}\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{2cx}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\text{iarcsinh}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{c}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{x}\right),\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)-\text{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{\frac{c}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{c}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[g*x]/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `((-I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[g*x]*Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*Sqrt[x]], (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])] - EllipticPi[((b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)/(2*c*d), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*Sqrt[x]], (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])]/(Sqrt[c/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*e*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.345$, Rules used = {1284, 1171, 1170, 1279, 187, 25, 413, 413, 412, 1416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1284$$

$$\frac{g \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{dg \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx}(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1171 \\
& \frac{g\sqrt{x} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e\sqrt{gx}} - \frac{dg \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx}(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \\
& \downarrow 1170 \\
& \frac{2g\sqrt{x} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} d\sqrt{x}}{e\sqrt{gx}} - \frac{dg \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx}(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \\
& \downarrow 1279 \\
& \frac{2g\sqrt{x} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} d\sqrt{x}}{e\sqrt{gx}} - \frac{dg\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx}\sqrt{b+2cx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}(d+ex)} dx}{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
& \downarrow 187 \\
& \frac{2dg\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx} \int -\frac{1}{\sqrt{b+2cx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}(dg+ex)} d\sqrt{gx} + \frac{2g\sqrt{x} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} d\sqrt{x}}{e\sqrt{gx}}}{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{2g\sqrt{x} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} d\sqrt{x}}{e\sqrt{gx}} - \frac{2dg\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b+2cx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}(dg+ex)} d\sqrt{gx}}{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
& \downarrow 413 \\
& \frac{2g\sqrt{x} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} d\sqrt{x}}{e\sqrt{gx}} - \frac{2dg\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\frac{2cx}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{2cx}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}+1}(dg+ex)} d\sqrt{gx}}{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
& \downarrow 413
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2g\sqrt{x} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} d\sqrt{x}}{e\sqrt{gx}} - \\
& \frac{2dg\sqrt{\frac{2cx}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} + 1\sqrt{\frac{2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b}} + 1 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}+1}\sqrt{\frac{2cx}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}+1}(dg+exg)} d\sqrt{gx}}{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 412 \\
& \frac{2g\sqrt{x} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} d\sqrt{x}}{e\sqrt{gx}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-b}\sqrt{\frac{2cx}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} + 1\sqrt{\frac{2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b}} + 1 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}{2cd}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{gx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-b}\sqrt{g}}\right), \frac{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1416 \\
& \frac{g\sqrt{x}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx}) \sqrt{\frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{4}\left(2 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}e\sqrt{gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-b}\sqrt{\frac{2cx}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} + 1\sqrt{\frac{2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b}} + 1 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}{2cd}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{gx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-b}\sqrt{g}}\right), \frac{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[g*x]/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(g*Sqrt[x]*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x)*Sqrt[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[x])/a^(1/4)], (2 - b/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]))/4]/(a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*e*Sqrt[g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*EllipticPi[((b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)/(2*c*d), ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[g*x])/(Sqrt[-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]*Sqrt[g])], (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))]/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 187 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]`
- rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`
- rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`
- rule 1170 `Int[(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[x^(2*m + 1)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x, Sqrt[x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`
- rule 1171 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^m/x^m Int[x^m/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`
- rule 1279 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

```
rule 1284 Int[Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[1/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x
+ c*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sq
rt[a + b*x + c*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

```
rule 1416 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c
/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/
(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))
], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 638, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{gx} \sqrt{xg(cx^2+bx+a)}}{ec\sqrt{cgx^3+bgx^2+agx}} \left(g(b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2})\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{(x+\frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c})c}{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}-\frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{2cx}{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}} \text{EllipticF} \right)$
default	$2 \left(2 \text{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2cx+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}+b}{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}}, \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}}}{2} \right) ace - \text{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2cx+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}+b}{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}}, \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}}}{2} \right) b^2 e + \text{EllipticF} \right)$

```
input int((g*x)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/g/x*(g*x)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(x*g*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(g/e*(b+(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c^2^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(b+(-4*a*c+b
^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b
^2)^(1/2))/c-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*(-2*c*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)
^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+a*g*x)^(1/2)*EllipticF(2^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2),1/2*(-2*(b+(-4*a*c+b
^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))
)^(1/2))-d*g/e^2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c^2^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)
^(1/2))/c)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
)))/(-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*(-
2*c*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+a*g*x)^(1/2)/(d/e-1/2
*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*EllipticPi(2^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
))/c)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2),-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/(d/e-1
/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c),1/2*(-2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-1/2*(b+(-4
*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))

```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((g*x)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((g*x)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(g*x)/((d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^(1/2)/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((g*x)^(1/2)/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx}}{(ex+d)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((g*x)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.54 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	612
Mathematica [C] (verified)	613
Rubi [A] (verified)	613
Maple [A] (verified)	616
Fricas [F(-1)]	616
Sympy [F]	617
Maxima [F]	617
Giac [F]	617
Mupad [F(-1)]	618
Reduce [F]	618

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{cx}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{(2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e)\sqrt{gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
4*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(-c*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e),2^(1/2)*((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)/(g*x)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{i \sqrt{1 + \frac{2a}{(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})x}} x^{3/2} \sqrt{2 + \frac{4a}{bx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \left(\text{EllipticF} \left(\text{iarcsinh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{x}} \right), \frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) - \text{EllipticP} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} d \sqrt{gx} \sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[g*x]*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(I*Sqrt[1 + (2*a)/((b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*x)]*x^(3/2)*Sqrt[2 + (4*a)/(b*x - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*x)]*(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])]/Sqrt[x]], (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])] - EllipticPi[((b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d)/(2*a*e), I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])]/Sqrt[x]], (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])]/(Sqrt[a/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*d*Sqrt[g*x]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.207$, Rules used = {1279, 187, 25, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1279

$$\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx}\sqrt{b+2cx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

↓ 187

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx} \int -\frac{1}{\sqrt{b+2cx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}(dg+exg)} d\sqrt{gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b+2cx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}(dg+exg)} d\sqrt{gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\frac{2cx}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{2cx}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}+1}(dg+exg)} d\sqrt{gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{2cx}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}+1}\sqrt{\frac{2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b}+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}+1}\sqrt{\frac{2cx}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}+1}(dg+exg)} d\sqrt{gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

↓ 412

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-b}\sqrt{\frac{2cx}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}+1}\sqrt{\frac{2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b}+1} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}{2cd}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{gx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-b}\sqrt{g}}\right), \frac{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[g*x]*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*EllipticPi[((b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)/(2*c*d), ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[g*x])/(Sqrt[-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]*Sqrt[g])], (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 187 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]`
- rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`
- rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`
- rule 1279 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
default	$\frac{2(b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2cx + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2} + b}{b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}}, \frac{(b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2})e}{\sqrt{-4ac + b^2}e + be - 2cd}, \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{\sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}}}{2}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{cx}{b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}} \sqrt{\frac{-2cx + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{\sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} (\sqrt{-4ac + b^2}e + be - 2cd) \sqrt{gx}}$
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{xg(cx^2 + bx + a)} (b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{(x + \frac{b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c})c}{b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{-b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c} - \frac{-b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{-\frac{2cx}{b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2cx + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2} + b}{b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}}, \frac{(b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2})e}{\sqrt{-4ac + b^2}e + be - 2cd}, \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{\sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}}}{2}\right) \sqrt{gx} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} ec \sqrt{cgx^3 + bgx^2 + agx} \left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c}\right)}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} (\sqrt{-4ac + b^2}e + be - 2cd) \sqrt{gx}}$

```
input int(1/(g*x)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*EllipticPi(((2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+b)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2),(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e/((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e+b*e-2*c*d),1/2*2^(1/2)*((b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*(-c*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((-2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)-b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+b)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e+b*e-2*c*d)/(g*x)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx}(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(1/(g*x)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Timed out
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(g*x)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(g*x)*(d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)\sqrt{gx}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(g*x)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)\sqrt{gx}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(g*x)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx}(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/((g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx}(ex+d)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/(g*x)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/(g*x)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.55 $\int \frac{1}{(gx)^{3/2}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	619
Mathematica [C] (verified)	620
Rubi [A] (verified)	620
Maple [B] (verified)	622
Fricas [F(-1)]	624
Sympy [F]	625
Maxima [F]	625
Giac [F]	625
Mupad [F(-1)]	626
Reduce [F]	626

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 419

$$\int \frac{1}{(gx)^{3/2}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{adg\sqrt{gx}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{adg^2\sqrt{-\frac{cx}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e\sqrt{-\frac{cx}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{d(2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e)g\sqrt{gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
-2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/d/g/(g*x)^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(g*x)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))/a/d/g^2/(-c*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-4*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e*(-c*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e),2^(1/2)*((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))/d/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)/g/(g*x)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 25.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 424, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{1}{(gx)^{3/2}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx =$$

$$i \sqrt{1 + \frac{2a}{(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})x}} x^{5/2} \sqrt{\frac{4a+2bx-2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}x}{bx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \left((-b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac}) dE \left(\operatorname{iarcsinh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) \middle| \frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
((-1/2*I)*Sqrt[1 + (2*a)/((b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*x)]*x^(5/2)*Sqrt[(4*a + 2*b*x - 2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*x]/(b*x - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*((-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/Sqrt[x]], (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])] + (b*d - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 2*a*e)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/Sqrt[x]], (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])] - 2*a*e*EllipticPi[((b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d)/(2*a*e), I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/Sqrt[x]], (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])]/(a*Sqrt[a/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*d^2*(g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 550, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1288, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(gx)^{3/2}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \left(\frac{1}{d(gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \frac{e}{dg\sqrt{gx}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1288} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{gx}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx}) \sqrt{\frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{4}\left(2 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}\right)\right)}{a^{3/4}dg^2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{gx}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx}) \sqrt{\frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx})^2}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{4}\left(2 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}\right)\right)}{a^{3/4}dg^2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2}e\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-b}\sqrt{\frac{2cx}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} + 1\sqrt{\frac{2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b}} + 1 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}{2cd}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{gx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-b\sqrt{g}}}\right), \frac{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2g^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{adg^2(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx})} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{adg\sqrt{gx}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(a*d*g*Sqrt[g*x]) + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(a*d*g^2*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x)) - (2*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[g*x]*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x)*Sqrt[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[x])/a^(1/4)], (2 - b/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]))/4])/(a^(3/4)*d*g^2*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (c^(1/4)*Sqrt[g*x]*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x)*Sqrt[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[x])/a^(1/4)], (2 - b/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]))/4])/(a^(3/4)*d*g^2*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]*e*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*EllipticPi[((b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)/(2*c*d), ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[g*x])/(Sqrt[-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]*Sqrt[g])], (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(Sqrt[c]*d^2*g^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1288

```
Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_)/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[1/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a
+ b*x + c*x^2]), (f + g*x)^(n + 1/2)/(d + e*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 818 vs. $2(371) = 742$.

Time = 3.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 819, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{adg\sqrt{gx}} + \left((b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2})\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\left(x+\frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}\right)c}{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}-\frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{-\frac{2cx}{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}} \left(-\frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}\right) \right)$
elliptic	$\sqrt{xg(cx^2+bx+a)} - \frac{2(cgx^2+bgx+ag)}{g^2ad\sqrt{x(cx^2+bgx+ag)}} + \left((b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2})\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\left(x+\frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}\right)c}{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}-\frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{-\frac{2cx}{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}} \left(-\frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}\right) \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(1/(g*x)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/d/g/(g*x)^(1/2)+1/d/a*((b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*2^(
1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*((x
-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c-1/2/c*(-b+(
-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*(-2*c*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+
b*g*x^2+a*g*x)^(1/2)*((-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2
)^(1/2)))*EllipticE(2^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(b+(-4*a*c+b
^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2),1/2*(-2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/(-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)
^(1/2))/c-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1
/2))*EllipticF(2^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))*c)^(1/2),1/2*(-2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/(-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2
))/c-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))-a*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c*2^(
1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*((
x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c-1/2/c*(-b+
(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*(-2*c*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3
+b*g*x^2+a*g*x)^(1/2)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*EllipticPi(2^(1/2
)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2),-1/2*(
b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c),1/2*(-2*(b+(-4*
a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/(-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1
/2))))^(1/2))/g*(x*g*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)

```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(gx)^{3/2}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(g*x)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(gx)^{3/2}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(gx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(g*x)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((g*x)**(3/2)*(d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(gx)^{3/2}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)(gx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(g*x)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)*(g*x)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(gx)^{3/2}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)(gx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(g*x)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)*(g*x)^(3/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(gx)^{3/2}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(gx)^{3/2}(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/((g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(gx)^{3/2}(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(gx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex+d)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/(g*x)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/(g*x)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.56 $\int \frac{x}{(-1+x)^3(3+5x+4x^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	627
Mathematica [A] (verified)	627
Rubi [A] (verified)	628
Maple [A] (verified)	630
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	630
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	631
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	631
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	632
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	632
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	633

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{x}{(-1+x)^3(3+5x+4x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{288(1-x)^2} - \frac{7}{864(1-x)} + \frac{975+2204x}{39744(3+5x+4x^2)} + \frac{6023 \arctan\left(\frac{5+8x}{\sqrt{23}}\right)}{52992\sqrt{23}} + \frac{11 \log(1-x)}{2304} - \frac{11 \log(3+5x+4x^2)}{4608}$$

output

```
-1/288/(1-x)^2-7/(864-864*x)+(975+2204*x)/(158976*x^2+198720*x+119232)+6023/1218816*arctan(1/23*(5+8*x)*23^(1/2))*23^(1/2)+11/2304*ln(1-x)-11/4608*ln(4*x^2+5*x+3)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x}{(-1+x)^3(3+5x+4x^2)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{25392}{(-1+x)^2} + \frac{59248}{-1+x} + \frac{184(975+2204x)}{3+5x+4x^2} + 36138\sqrt{23} \arctan\left(\frac{5+8x}{\sqrt{23}}\right) + 34914 \log(1-x) - 17457 \log(3+5x+4x^2)}{7312896}$$

input `Integrate[x/((-1 + x)^3*(3 + 5*x + 4*x^2)^2),x]`

output `(-25392/(-1 + x)^2 + 59248/(-1 + x) + (184*(975 + 2204*x))/(3 + 5*x + 4*x^2) + 36138*Sqrt[23]*ArcTan[(5 + 8*x)/Sqrt[23]] + 34914*Log[1 - x] - 17457*Log[3 + 5*x + 4*x^2])/7312896`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {1235, 27, 1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{(x-1)^3(4x^2+5x+3)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1235} \\
 & \frac{1}{276} \int -\frac{3(44x+19)}{(1-x)^3(4x^2+5x+3)} dx + \frac{44x+39}{276(1-x)^2(4x^2+5x+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{44x+39}{276(1-x)^2(4x^2+5x+3)} - \frac{1}{92} \int \frac{44x+19}{(1-x)^3(4x^2+5x+3)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1200} \\
 & \frac{1}{92} \int \left(\frac{1012x-2379}{576(4x^2+5x+3)} - \frac{253}{576(x-1)} + \frac{97}{48(x-1)^2} - \frac{21}{4(x-1)^3} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{1}{92} \left(\frac{6023 \arctan\left(\frac{8x+5}{\sqrt{23}}\right)}{576\sqrt{23}} - \frac{253 \log(4x^2+5x+3)}{1152} - \frac{97}{48(1-x)} - \frac{21}{8(1-x)^2} + \frac{253}{576} \log(1-x) \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{44x+39}{276(1-x)^2(4x^2+5x+3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/((-1 + x)^3*(3 + 5*x + 4*x^2)^2),x]`

output `(39 + 44*x)/(276*(1 - x)^2*(3 + 5*x + 4*x^2)) + (-21/(8*(1 - x)^2) - 97/(4*8*(1 - x))) + (6023*ArcTan[(5 + 8*x)/Sqrt[23]])/(576*Sqrt[23]) + (253*Log[1 - x])/576 - (253*Log[3 + 5*x + 4*x^2])/1152)/92`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 1200 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 1235 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e) - a*g*(2*c*d - b*e) + c*(f*(2*c*d - b*e) - g*(b*d - 2*a*e))*x*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(p + m + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) - b*d*(3*c*d - b*e + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p)) + c*e*(g*(b*d - 2*a*e) - f*(2*c*d - b*e))*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegerQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{-\frac{2204x}{23} - \frac{975}{23}}{6912(x^2 + \frac{5}{4}x + \frac{3}{4})} - \frac{11 \ln(4x^2 + 5x + 3)}{4608} + \frac{6023 \arctan\left(\frac{(5+8x)\sqrt{23}}{23}\right)\sqrt{23}}{1218816} - \frac{1}{288(x-1)^2} + \frac{7}{864(x-1)} + \frac{11 \ln(x-1)}{2304}$	68
risch	$\frac{\frac{97}{1104}x^3 - \frac{407}{4416}x^2 - \frac{5}{184}x - \frac{15}{1472}}{(x-1)^2(4x^2 + 5x + 3)} - \frac{11 \ln(64x^2 + 80x + 48)}{4608} + \frac{6023 \arctan\left(\frac{(5+8x)\sqrt{23}}{23}\right)\sqrt{23}}{1218816} + \frac{11 \ln(x-1)}{2304}$	71

input `int(x/(x-1)^3/(4*x^2+5*x+3)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/6912*(-2204/23*x-975/23)/(x^2+5/4*x+3/4)-11/4608*\ln(4*x^2+5*x+3)+6023/1218816*\arctan(1/23*(5+8*x)*23^(1/2))*23^(1/2)-1/288/(x-1)^2+7/864/(x-1)+11/2304*\ln(x-1)$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{x}{(-1+x)^3(3+5x+4x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{214176x^3 + 12046\sqrt{23}(4x^4 - 3x^3 - 3x^2 - x + 3) \arctan\left(\frac{1}{23}\sqrt{23}(8x+5)\right) - 224664x^2 - 5819(4x^4 - 2437632(4x^4 - 3x^3 - 3x^2 - x + 3))}{2437632(4x^4 - 3x^3 - 3x^2 - x + 3)}$$

input `integrate(x/(x-1)^3/(4*x^2+5*x+3)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$1/2437632*(214176*x^3 + 12046*\sqrt{23}*(4*x^4 - 3*x^3 - 3*x^2 - x + 3)*\arctan(1/23*\sqrt{23}*(8*x + 5)) - 224664*x^2 - 5819*(4*x^4 - 3*x^3 - 3*x^2 - x + 3)*\log(4*x^2 + 5*x + 3) + 11638*(4*x^4 - 3*x^3 - 3*x^2 - x + 3)*\log(x - 1) - 66240*x - 24840)/(4*x^4 - 3*x^3 - 3*x^2 - x + 3)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x}{(-1+x)^3(3+5x+4x^2)^2} dx = \frac{388x^3 - 407x^2 - 120x - 45}{17664x^4 - 13248x^3 - 13248x^2 - 4416x + 13248} + \frac{11 \log(x-1)}{2304} - \frac{11 \log\left(x^2 + \frac{5x}{4} + \frac{3}{4}\right)}{4608} + \frac{6023\sqrt{23} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{8\sqrt{23}x}{23} + \frac{5\sqrt{23}}{23}\right)}{1218816}$$

input `integrate(x/(x-1)**3/(4*x**2+5*x+3)**2,x)`output `(388*x**3 - 407*x**2 - 120*x - 45)/(17664*x**4 - 13248*x**3 - 13248*x**2 - 4416*x + 13248) + 11*log(x - 1)/2304 - 11*log(x**2 + 5*x/4 + 3/4)/4608 + 6023*sqrt(23)*atan(8*sqrt(23)*x/23 + 5*sqrt(23)/23)/1218816`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x}{(-1+x)^3(3+5x+4x^2)^2} dx = \frac{6023}{1218816} \sqrt{23} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{23} \sqrt{23}(8x+5)\right) + \frac{388x^3 - 407x^2 - 120x - 45}{4416(4x^4 - 3x^3 - 3x^2 - x + 3)} - \frac{11}{4608} \log(4x^2 + 5x + 3) + \frac{11}{2304} \log(x-1)$$

input `integrate(x/(x-1)^3/(4*x^2+5*x+3)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `6023/1218816*sqrt(23)*arctan(1/23*sqrt(23)*(8*x + 5)) + 1/4416*(388*x^3 - 407*x^2 - 120*x - 45)/(4*x^4 - 3*x^3 - 3*x^2 - x + 3) - 11/4608*log(4*x^2 + 5*x + 3) + 11/2304*log(x - 1)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x}{(-1+x)^3(3+5x+4x^2)^2} dx = \frac{6023}{1218816} \sqrt{23} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{23} \sqrt{23}(8x+5)\right) + \frac{388x^3 - 407x^2 - 120x - 45}{4416(4x^2 + 5x + 3)(x-1)^2} - \frac{11}{4608} \log(4x^2 + 5x + 3) + \frac{11}{2304} \log(|x-1|)$$

input `integrate(x/(x-1)^3/(4*x^2+5*x+3)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `6023/1218816*sqrt(23)*arctan(1/23*sqrt(23)*(8*x + 5)) + 1/4416*(388*x^3 - 407*x^2 - 120*x - 45)/((4*x^2 + 5*x + 3)*(x - 1)^2) - 11/4608*log(4*x^2 + 5*x + 3) + 11/2304*log(abs(x - 1))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x}{(-1+x)^3(3+5x+4x^2)^2} dx = \frac{11 \ln(x-1)}{2304} + \frac{-\frac{97x^3}{4416} + \frac{407x^2}{17664} + \frac{5x}{736} + \frac{15}{5888}}{-x^4 + \frac{3x^3}{4} + \frac{3x^2}{4} + \frac{x}{4} - \frac{3}{4}} - \ln\left(x + \frac{5}{8} - \frac{\sqrt{23} \text{li}}{8}\right) \left(\frac{11}{4608} + \frac{\sqrt{23} 6023i}{2437632}\right) + \ln\left(x + \frac{5}{8} + \frac{\sqrt{23} \text{li}}{8}\right) \left(-\frac{11}{4608} + \frac{\sqrt{23} 6023i}{2437632}\right)$$

input `int(x/((x - 1)^3*(5*x + 4*x^2 + 3)^2),x)`output `(11*log(x - 1))/2304 + ((5*x)/736 + (407*x^2)/17664 - (97*x^3)/4416 + 15/5888)/(x/4 + (3*x^2)/4 + (3*x^3)/4 - x^4 - 3/4) - log(x - (23^(1/2)*1i)/8 + 5/8)*((23^(1/2)*6023i)/2437632 + 11/4608) + log(x + (23^(1/2)*1i)/8 + 5/8)*((23^(1/2)*6023i)/2437632 - 11/4608)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \frac{x}{(-1+x)^3 (3+5x+4x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{48184\sqrt{23} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{8x+5}{\sqrt{23}}\right) x^4 - 36138\sqrt{23} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{8x+5}{\sqrt{23}}\right) x^3 - 36138\sqrt{23} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{8x+5}{\sqrt{23}}\right) x^2 - 12046\sqrt{23} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{8x+5}{\sqrt{23}}\right) x + 36138\sqrt{23} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{8x+5}{\sqrt{23}}\right) + 23276 \log(4x^2+5x+3) x^4 + 17457 \log(4x^2+5x+3) x^3 + 17457 \log(4x^2+5x+3) x^2 + 5819 \log(4x^2+5x+3) x - 17457 \log(4x^2+5x+3) + 46552 \log(x-1) x^4 - 34914 \log(x-1) x^3 - 34914 \log(x-1) x^2 - 11638 \log(x-1) x + 34914 \log(x-1) + 285568 x^4 - 438840 x^3 - 137632 x^2 + 189336}{(2437632(4x^4 - 3x^3 - 3x^2 - x + 3))}$$

input

```
int(x/(x-1)^3/(4*x^2+5*x+3)^2,x)
```

output

```
(48184*sqrt(23)*atan((8*x + 5)/sqrt(23))*x**4 - 36138*sqrt(23)*atan((8*x + 5)/sqrt(23))*x**3 - 36138*sqrt(23)*atan((8*x + 5)/sqrt(23))*x**2 - 12046*sqrt(23)*atan((8*x + 5)/sqrt(23))*x + 36138*sqrt(23)*atan((8*x + 5)/sqrt(23)) - 23276*log(4*x**2 + 5*x + 3)*x**4 + 17457*log(4*x**2 + 5*x + 3)*x**3 + 17457*log(4*x**2 + 5*x + 3)*x**2 + 5819*log(4*x**2 + 5*x + 3)*x - 17457*log(4*x**2 + 5*x + 3) + 46552*log(x - 1)*x**4 - 34914*log(x - 1)*x**3 - 34914*log(x - 1)*x**2 - 11638*log(x - 1)*x + 34914*log(x - 1) + 285568*x**4 - 438840*x**3 - 137632*x**2 + 189336)/(2437632*(4*x**4 - 3*x**3 - 3*x**2 - x + 3))
```

3.57 $\int \frac{x(1+x)^2}{(1+x+x^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	634
Mathematica [A] (verified)	634
Rubi [A] (verified)	635
Maple [A] (verified)	636
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	637
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	637
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	637
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	638
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	638
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	638

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 30

$$\int \frac{x(1+x)^2}{(1+x+x^2)^3} dx = \frac{1-x}{6(1+x+x^2)^2} - \frac{1}{2(1+x+x^2)}$$

output

$$1/6*(1-x)/(x^2+x+1)^2-1/(2*x^2+2*x+2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x(1+x)^2}{(1+x+x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{2+4x+3x^2}{6(1+x+x^2)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(1+x)^2)/(1+x+x^2)^3,x]
```

output

$$-1/6*(2+4*x+3*x^2)/(1+x+x^2)^2$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1233, 25, 1104}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(x+1)^2}{(x^2+x+1)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1233$$

$$-\frac{1}{6} \int -\frac{2x+1}{(x^2+x+1)^2} dx - \frac{(x+1)(2x+1)}{6(x^2+x+1)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{2x+1}{(x^2+x+1)^2} dx - \frac{(x+1)(2x+1)}{6(x^2+x+1)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1104$$

$$-\frac{(x+1)(2x+1)}{6(x^2+x+1)^2} - \frac{1}{6(x^2+x+1)}$$

input `Int[(x*(1 + x)^2)/(1 + x + x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/6*((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x))/(1 + x + x^2)^2 - 1/(6*(1 + x + x^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 1104 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1233

```

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m - 1))*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((2*a*c*(e*f + d*g) - b*(c*d*f + a*e*g) - (2*c^2*d*f + b^2*e*g - c*(b*e*f + b*d*g + 2*a*e*g))*x)/(c*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)), x] - Simp[1/(c*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[2*c^2*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + b*e*g*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 2)) - c*(2*a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) + b*d*(d*g*(2*p + 3) - e*f*(m - 2*p - 4))] + e*(b^2*e*g*(m + p + 1) + 2*c^2*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - c*(2*a*e*g*m + b*(e*f + d*g)*(m + 2*p + 2)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && ((EqQ[m, 2] && EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f, g]) | !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{1}{3}}{(x^2+x+1)^2}$	20
norman	$-\frac{\frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{1}{3}}{(x^2+x+1)^2}$	20
risch	$-\frac{\frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{1}{3}}{(x^2+x+1)^2}$	20
gosper	$-\frac{3x^2+4x+2}{6(x^2+x+1)^2}$	21
parallelrisch	$-\frac{3x^2-4x-2}{6(x^2+x+1)^2}$	21
orering	$-\frac{3x^2+4x+2}{6(x^2+x+1)^2}$	21

input

```
int(x*(x+1)^2/(x^2+x+1)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/(x^2+x+1)^2*(-1/2*x^2-2/3*x-1/3)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x(1+x)^2}{(1+x+x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{3x^2 + 4x + 2}{6(x^4 + 2x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x + 1)}$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)^2/(x^2+x+1)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/6*(3*x^2 + 4*x + 2)/(x^4 + 2*x^3 + 3*x^2 + 2*x + 1)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x(1+x)^2}{(1+x+x^2)^3} dx = \frac{-3x^2 - 4x - 2}{6x^4 + 12x^3 + 18x^2 + 12x + 6}$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)**2/(x**2+x+1)**3,x)`output `(-3*x**2 - 4*x - 2)/(6*x**4 + 12*x**3 + 18*x**2 + 12*x + 6)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x(1+x)^2}{(1+x+x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{3x^2 + 4x + 2}{6(x^4 + 2x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x + 1)}$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)^2/(x^2+x+1)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*(3*x^2 + 4*x + 2)/(x^4 + 2*x^3 + 3*x^2 + 2*x + 1)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{x(1+x)^2}{(1+x+x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{3x^2+4x+2}{6(x^2+x+1)^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)^2/(x^2+x+1)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/6*(3*x^2 + 4*x + 2)/(x^2 + x + 1)^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{x(1+x)^2}{(1+x+x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{3x^2+4x+2}{6(x^2+x+1)^2}$$

input `int((x*(x + 1)^2)/(x + x^2 + 1)^3,x)`

output `-(4*x + 3*x^2 + 2)/(6*(x + x^2 + 1)^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x(1+x)^2}{(1+x+x^2)^3} dx = \frac{-3x^2-4x-2}{6x^4+12x^3+18x^2+12x+6}$$

input `int(x*(1+x)^2/(x^2+x+1)^3,x)`

output `(- 3*x**2 - 4*x - 2)/(6*(x**4 + 2*x**3 + 3*x**2 + 2*x + 1))`

3.58 $\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	639
Mathematica [C] (verified)	640
Rubi [A] (verified)	641
Maple [A] (verified)	643
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	644
Sympy [F]	644
Maxima [F]	645
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	645
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	646
Reduce [F]	647

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 490

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = -\frac{2b(b^2-2ac)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^4} + \frac{2(c^2d^2+b^2e^2+ce(bd-ae))(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c^3e^3} - \frac{2(2cd+be)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c^2e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7ce^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(b^3cd-2abc^2d-b^4e+3ab^2ce-a^2c^2e-\frac{b^4cd-4ab^2c^2d+2a^2c^3d-b^5e+5ab^3ce-5a^2bc^2e}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\right)}{c^{9/2}\sqrt{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(b^3cd-2abc^2d-b^4e+3ab^2ce-a^2c^2e+\frac{b^4cd-4ab^2c^2d+2a^2c^3d-b^5e+5ab^3ce-5a^2bc^2e}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\right)}{c^{9/2}\sqrt{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}$$

output

```

-2*b*(-2*a*c+b^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^4+2/3*(c^2*d^2+b^2*e^2+c*e*(-a*e+b*d))*(
e*x+d)^(3/2)/c^3/e^3-2/5*(b*e+2*c*d)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/c^2/e^3+2/7*(e*x+d)^(7/
2)/c/e^3+2^(1/2)*(b^3*c*d-2*a*b*c^2*d-b^4*e+3*a*b^2*c*e-a^2*c^2*e-(-5*a^2*
b*c^2*e+2*a^2*c^3*d+5*a*b^3*c*e-4*a*b^2*c^2*d-b^5*e+b^4*c*d)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))
*e)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*(b^3*c*d
-2*a*b*c^2*d-b^4*e+3*a*b^2*c*e-a^2*c^2*e+(-5*a^2*b*c^2*e+2*a^2*c^3*d+5*a*b
^3*c*e-4*a*b^2*c^2*d-b^5*e+b^4*c*d)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^
(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)/(2*c*d
-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 627, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(-105b^3e^3 - 7c^2e(d+ex)(-2bd+5ae+3bex) + c^3(8d^3 - 4d^2ex + 3de^2x^2 + 15e^3x^3) + 35bce^3)}{105c^4e^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(ib^5e - b^3c(\sqrt{-b^2+4acd} + 5iae) + abc^2(2\sqrt{-b^2+4acd} + 5iae) + ab^2c(4icd - 3\sqrt{-b^2+4ace}) + b^4c^2)}{c^{9/2}\sqrt{-\frac{b^2}{2} + 2ac}\sqrt{-2cd} + (b - c)}$$

$$+ \frac{(-ib^5e + abc^2(2\sqrt{-b^2+4acd} - 5iae) + b^3c(-\sqrt{-b^2+4acd} + 5iae) + ab^2c(-4icd - 3\sqrt{-b^2+4ace}))}{c^{9/2}\sqrt{-\frac{b^2}{2} + 2ac}\sqrt{-2cd} + (b + c)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^4*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-105*b^3*e^3 - 7*c^2*e*(d + e*x)*(-2*b*d + 5*a*e + 3*b*e*x) + c^3*(8*d^3 - 4*d^2*e*x + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 15*e^3*x^3) + 35*b*c*e^2*(6*a*e + b*(d + e*x)))/(105*c^4*e^3) + ((I*b^5*e - b^3*c*(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + (5*I)*a*e) + a*b*c^2*(2*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + (5*I)*a*e) + a*b^2*c*((4*I)*c*d - 3*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e) + b^4*((-I)*c*d + Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e) + a^2*c^2*((-2*I)*c*d + Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]]/(c^(9/2)*Sqrt[-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]) + (((-I)*b^5*e + a*b*c^2*(2*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d - (5*I)*a*e) + b^3*c*(-(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d) + (5*I)*a*e) + a*b^2*c*((-4*I)*c*d - 3*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e) + b^4*(I*c*d + Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e) + a^2*c^2*((2*I)*c*d + Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]]/(c^(9/2)*Sqrt[-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 7.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 498, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

↓ 1199

$$2 \int \left(\frac{(d+ex)^3}{ce^2} - \frac{(2cd+be)(d+ex)^2}{c^2e^2} + \frac{(c^2d^2+b^2e^2+ce(bd-ae))(d+ex)}{c^3e^2} - \frac{b(b^2-2ac)e}{c^4} + \frac{b(b^2-2ac)(cd^2-bed+ae^2) - (-eb^4+cdb^3+3aceb^2)}{c^4e \left(\frac{c(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{(2cd-be)(d+ex)}{e^2} + a \right)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{5a^2bc^2e+2a^2c^3d+5ab^3ce-4ab^2c^2d+b^5(-e)+b^4cd}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - a^2c^2e+3ab^2ce-2abc^2d+b^4(-e)+b^3cd \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{9/2}\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} + \frac{e^{(-5}}{\dots} \right)$$

input `Int[(x^4*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (2*(-((b*(b^2 - 2*a*c)*e*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/c^4) + ((c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 + c*e*(b*d - a*e))*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)})/(3*c^3*e^2) - ((2*c*d + b*e)*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)})/(5*c^2*e^2) + (d + e*x)^{(7/2)}/(7*c*e^2) + (e*(b^3*c*d - 2*a*b*c^2*d - b^4*e + 3*a*b^2*c*e - a^2*c^2*e - (b^4*c*d - 4*a*b^2*c^2*d + 2*a^2*c^3*d - b^5*e + 5*a*b^3*c*e - 5*a^2*b*c^2*e)/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(9/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + (e*(b^3*c*d - 2*a*b*c^2*d - b^4*e + 3*a*b^2*c*e - a^2*c^2*e + (b^4*c*d - 4*a*b^2*c^2*d + 2*a^2*c^3*d - b^5*e + 5*a*b^3*c*e - 5*a^2*b*c^2*e)/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(9/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]))) / e \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*(((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && FractionQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 594, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-e^3 \sqrt{\left(be-2cd+\sqrt{-4e^2\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4} \right)} \right)} c \sqrt{2} \left(\left((a^2c^2-3cab^2+b^4)e+2abc^2d-b^3cd \right) \sqrt{-4e^2\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4} \right)} -5e \left(b(a^2c^2-ca b^2) \right) \right)$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2 \left(\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} c^3}{7} - \frac{b c^2 e (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2 c^3 d (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{a c^2 e^2 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{b^2 c e^2 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{b c^2 d e (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{c^3 d^2 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2abc e^3 \sqrt{e} \right)}{c^4}$
default	$\frac{2 \left(\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} c^3}{7} - \frac{b c^2 e (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2 c^3 d (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{a c^2 e^2 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{b^2 c e^2 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{b c^2 d e (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{c^3 d^2 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2abc e^3 \sqrt{e} \right)}{c^4}$
risch	$\frac{2(15c^3x^3e^3-21bc^2e^3x^2+3c^3de^2x^2-35ac^2e^3x+35xb^2ce^3-7bc^2de^2x-4d^2e^3x+210abce^3-35de^2ac^2-105b^3e^3+3c^3d^2e^3)}{105e^3c^4}$

input `int(x^4*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
(-e^3*((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(((a^2*c^2-3*a*b^2*c+b^4)*e+2*a*b*c^2*d-b^3*c*d)*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2)-5*e*(b*(a^2*c^2-c*a*b^2+1/5*b^4)*e-2/5*d*(a^2*c^2-2*c*a*b^2+1/2*b^4)*c))*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*c*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(e^3*2^(1/2)*(((a^2*c^2-3*a*b^2*c+b^4)*e+2*a*b*c^2*d-b^3*c*d)*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2)+5*e*(b*(a^2*c^2-c*a*b^2+1/5*b^4)*e-2/5*d*(a^2*c^2-2*c*a*b^2+1/2*b^4)*c))*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*c*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+4*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*((1/14*c^3*x^3-1/6*x*(3/5*b*x+a)*c^2+b*(1/6*b*x+a)*c-1/2*b^3)*e^3-1/6*(-3/35*c^2*x^2+(1/5*b*x+a)*c-b^2)*d*c*e^2+1/15*d^2*(-2/7*c*x+b)*c^2*e+4/105*d^3*c^3)*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))/((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2)/c^4/e^3
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5507 vs. $2(436) = 872$.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5507, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.24

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**4*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)
```

output `Integral(x**4*sqrt(d + e*x)/(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d + ex}}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex + dx^4}}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*x^4/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1200 vs. $2(436) = 872$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1200, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d + ex}}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*((b^5*c - 6*a*b^3*c
^2 + 8*a^2*b*c^3)*d - (b^6 - 7*a*b^4*c + 13*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^3*c^3)*e)*c^
2*e^2 - 2*((b^3*c^3 - 2*a*b*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2 - (b^4*c^2 - 2*a*b^
2*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e + (a*b^3*c^2 - 2*a^2*b*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)
*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*
(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^2*c^5 + 2*a^2*c^6)*d^2*e - (3*b^5*c^3 - 14*a*b^3*c^4 + 12
*a^2*b*c^5)*d*e^2 + (b^6*c^2 - 5*a*b^4*c^3 + 5*a^2*b^2*c^4)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c
^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/
sqrt(-(2*c^8*d*e^24 - b*c^7*e^25 + sqrt(-4*(c^8*d^2*e^24 - b*c^7*d*e^25 +
a*c^7*e^26)*c^8*e^24 + (2*c^8*d*e^24 - b*c^7*e^25)^2))/(c^8*e^24)))/((sqrt
(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^7*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^6*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*
c^6*e^2)*c^2*abs(e)) + 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*
e)*((b^5*c - 6*a*b^3*c^2 + 8*a^2*b*c^3)*d - (b^6 - 7*a*b^4*c + 13*a^2*b^2*
c^2 - 4*a^3*c^3)*e)*c^2*e^2 + 2*((b^3*c^3 - 2*a*b*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d
^2 - (b^4*c^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e + (a*b^3*c^2 - 2*a^2*b*
c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*
e)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^2*c^5 + 2*a^2*c^6)*d^2*e - (3*b^5*c
^3 - 14*a*b^3*c^4 + 12*a^2*b*c^5)*d*e^2 + (b^6*c^2 - 5*a*b^4*c^3 + 5*a^2*b
^2*c^4)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e))*arctan(2*sq
rt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c^8*d*e^24 - b*c^7*e^25 - sqrt(-4*(c^8*d...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13879, normalized size of antiderivative = 28.32

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((x^4*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x)
```

output

```
(d + e*x)^(3/2)*((4*d^2)/(c*e^3) - (2*(a*e^5 + c*d^2*e^3 - b*d*e^4))/(3*c^
2*e^6) + (((8*d)/(c*e^3) + (2*(b*e^4 - 2*c*d*e^3))/(c^2*e^6))*(b*e^4 - 2*c
*d*e^3))/(3*c*e^3)) - atan((((8*(a*b^5*c^5*e^4 + 8*a^3*b*c^7*e^4 - b^6*c^
5*d*e^3 - 6*a^2*b^3*c^6*e^4 + b^5*c^6*d^2*e^2 + 6*a*b^4*c^6*d*e^3 - 6*a*b^
3*c^7*d^2*e^2 + 8*a^2*b*c^8*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*b^2*c^7*d*e^3))/c^7 - (8*(d +
e*x)^(1/2)*(-(b^11*e + 8*a^5*c^6*d + b^8*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^10
*c*d - 52*a^2*b^6*c^3*d + 96*a^3*b^4*c^4*d - 66*a^4*b^2*c^5*d + 63*a^2*b^7
*c^2*e - 138*a^3*b^5*c^3*e + 129*a^4*b^3*c^4*e + a^4*c^4*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)
^3)^(1/2) - 13*a*b^9*c*e + 12*a*b^8*c^2*d - 36*a^5*b*c^5*e - b^7*c*d*(-(4*
a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 7*a*b^6*c*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 6*a*b^5*c^2*d
*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 4*a^3*b*c^4*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 10*a^
2*b^3*c^3*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 15*a^2*b^4*c^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)
^(1/2) - 10*a^3*b^2*c^3*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(2*(16*a^2*c^11 + b^4*
c^9 - 8*a*b^2*c^10)))^(1/2)*(b^3*c^9*e^3 - 2*b^2*c^10*d*e^2 - 4*a*b*c^10*e
^3 + 8*a*c^11*d*e^2))/c^7)*(-(b^11*e + 8*a^5*c^6*d + b^8*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)
^3)^(1/2) - b^10*c*d - 52*a^2*b^6*c^3*d + 96*a^3*b^4*c^4*d - 66*a^4*b^2*c^
5*d + 63*a^2*b^7*c^2*e - 138*a^3*b^5*c^3*e + 129*a^4*b^3*c^4*e + a^4*c^4*e
*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 13*a*b^9*c*e + 12*a*b^8*c^2*d - 36*a^5*b*c^5*e
- b^7*c*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 7*a*b^6*c*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)
+ 6*a*b^5*c^2*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 4*a^3*b*c^4*d*(-(4*a*c - b^...
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{ex+d}}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input

```
int(x^4*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
int(x^4*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

3.59 $\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 397

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2(b^2-ac)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^3} - \frac{2(cd+be)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c^2e^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5ce^2}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(b^2cd - ac^2d - b^3e + 2abce - \frac{b^3cd - 3abc^2d - b^4e + 4ab^2ce - 2a^2c^2e}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{c^{7/2}\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(b^2cd - ac^2d - b^3e + 2abce + \frac{b^3cd - 3abc^2d - b^4e + 4ab^2ce - 2a^2c^2e}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{c^{7/2}\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

output

```
2*(-a*c+b^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^3-2/3*(b*e+c*d)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c^2/e^2+2/5*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/c/e^2-2^(1/2)*(b^2*c*d-a*c^2*d-b^3*e+2*a*b*c*e-(-2*a^2*c^2*e+4*a*b^2*c*e-3*a*b*c^2*d-b^4*e+b^3*c*d)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*(b^2*c*d-a*c^2*d-b^3*e+2*a*b*c*e+(-2*a^2*c^2*e+4*a*b^2*c*e-3*a*b*c^2*d-b^4*e+b^3*c*d)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 465, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}(15b^2e^2+c^2(-2d^2+dex+3e^2x^2))-5ce(3ae+b(d+ex))}{e^2} - \frac{15\sqrt{2}(-b^4e+ac^2(\sqrt{b^2-4acd}-2ae))+b^2c(-\sqrt{b^2-4acd}+4ae)+b^3(cd+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-2cd+...})}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-2cd+...}}$$

```
input Integrate[(x^3*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]
```

```
output ((2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(15*b^2*e^2 + c^2*(-2*d^2 + d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2) - 5*c*e*(3*a*e + b*(d + e*x))))/e^2 - (15*Sqrt[2]*(-(b^4*e) + a*c^2*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 2*a*e) + b^2*c*(-(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d) + 4*a*e) + b^3*(c*d + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e) - a*b*c*(3*c*d + 2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e]]/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) - (15*Sqrt[2]*(b^4*e + a*c^2*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 2*a*e) - b^2*c*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 4*a*e) + a*b*c*(3*c*d - 2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e) + b^3*(-(c*d) + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]]/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]))/(15*c^(7/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 4.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 404, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

↓ 1199

$$2 \int \left(\frac{(d+ex)^2}{ce} - \frac{(cd+be)(d+ex)}{c^2e} + \frac{(b^2-ac)e}{c^3} - \frac{(b^2-ac)(cd^2-bed+ae^2) - (-eb^3+cdb^2+2aceb-ac^2d)(d+ex)}{c^3e \left(\frac{c(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{(2cd-be)(d+ex)}{e^2} + a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2} \right)} \right) d\sqrt{d+ex}$$

e
↓ 2009

$$2 \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{2a^2c^2e+4ab^2ce-3abc^2d+b^4(-e)+b^3cd}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 2abce - ac^2d + b^3(-e) + b^2cd \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{7/2}\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} - \frac{e \left(\frac{-2a^2c^2e+4ab^2ce-3abc^2d+b^4(-e)+b^3cd}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right)$$

input `Int[(x^3*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]`

output `(2*(((b^2 - a*c)*e*Sqrt[d + e*x])/c^3 - ((c*d + b*e)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c^2*e) + (d + e*x)^(5/2)/(5*c*e) - (e*(b^2*c*d - a*c^2*d - b^3*e + 2*a*b*c*e - (b^3*c*d - 3*a*b*c^2*d - b^4*e + 4*a*b^2*c*e - 2*a^2*c^2*e)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*c^(7/2)*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) - (e*(b^2*c*d - a*c^2*d - b^3*e + 2*a*b*c*e + (b^3*c*d - 3*a*b*c^2*d - b^4*e + 4*a*b^2*c*e - 2*a^2*c^2*e)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*c^(7/2)*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])))/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*(((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && FractionQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 497, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$2 \left(\left(\left(-\frac{a}{2}c^2d + b \left(ae + \frac{bd}{2} \right) c - \frac{e}{2}b^3 \right) \sqrt{-4e^2 \left(ac - \frac{b^2}{4} \right)} + e \left(a \left(\frac{3bd}{2} + ae \right) c^2 + \left(-2ea b^2 - \frac{1}{2}b^3d \right) c + \frac{b^4e}{2} \right) \right) e^2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\left(be - 2c \right)}$
risch	$\frac{2(-3c^2e^2x^2 + 5e^2xbc - c^2dex + 15ace^2 - 15b^2e^2 + 5bcde + 2c^2d^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{15e^2c^3} + \frac{(2a^2c^2e^2 - 4ab^2ce^2 + 3abc^2de + b^4e^2 - b^3c^2)}{8e^2}$
derivativdivides	$\frac{2 \left(-\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}c^2}{5} + \frac{bce(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{c^2d(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + ace^2\sqrt{ex+d} - b^2e^2\sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{c^3} + \frac{(2a^2c^2e^2 - 4ab^2ce^2 + 3abc^2de + b^4e^2 - b^3c^2)}{8e^2}$
default	$\frac{2 \left(-\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}c^2}{5} + \frac{bce(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{c^2d(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + ace^2\sqrt{ex+d} - b^2e^2\sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{c^3} + \frac{(2a^2c^2e^2 - 4ab^2ce^2 + 3abc^2de + b^4e^2 - b^3c^2)}{8e^2}$

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-2*(((-1/2*a*c^2*d+b*(a*e+1/2*b*d)*c-1/2*e*b^3)*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2)+e*(a*(3/2*b*d+a*e)*c^2+(-2*e*a*b^2-1/2*b^3*d)*c+1/2*b^4*e))*e^2*2^(1/2)*((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*c*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+(((1/2*a*c^2*d+(-a*b*e-1/2*b^2*d)*c+1/2*e*b^3)*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2)+e*(a*(3/2*b*d+a*e)*c^2+(-2*e*a*b^2-1/2*b^3*d)*c+1/2*b^4*e))*e^2*2^(1/2)*arctan((e*x+d)^(1/2)*c*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(2/15*(-3/2*e*x+d)*(e*x+d)*c^2+e*((1/3*b*x+a)*e+1/3*b*d)*c-b^2*e^2)*((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2)/e^2/c^3
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4245 vs. $2(347) = 694$.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4245, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.69

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Too large to include
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)/(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d} x^3}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*x^3/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1074 vs. $2(347) = 694$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1074, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*((b^4*c - 5*a*b^2*c^
2 + 4*a^2*c^3)*d - (b^5 - 6*a*b^3*c + 8*a^2*b*c^2)*e)*c^2*e^2 - 2*((b^2*c^
3 - a*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2 - (b^3*c^2 - a*b*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d
*e + (a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c -
sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*(b^3*c^4 - 3*a*b*c^5)*d^2*e -
(3*b^4*c^3 - 11*a*b^2*c^4 + 4*a^2*c^5)*d*e^2 + (b^5*c^2 - 4*a*b^3*c^3 + 2*
a^2*b*c^4)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e))*arctan(2
*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c^6*d*e^12 - b*c^5*e^13 + sqrt(-4*(c^6*d
^2*e^12 - b*c^5*d*e^13 + a*c^5*e^14)*c^6*e^12 + (2*c^6*d*e^12 - b*c^5*e^13
)^2)))/(c^6*e^12)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^6*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^5*d
*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^5*e^2)*c^2*abs(e)) - 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*
c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*((b^4*c - 5*a*b^2*c^2 + 4*a^2*c^3)*d - (b^5 -
6*a*b^3*c + 8*a^2*b*c^2)*e)*c^2*e^2 + 2*((b^2*c^3 - a*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*
c)*d^2 - (b^3*c^2 - a*b*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e + (a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*c^3)
*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*a
bs(c)*abs(e) + (2*(b^3*c^4 - 3*a*b*c^5)*d^2*e - (3*b^4*c^3 - 11*a*b^2*c^4
+ 4*a^2*c^5)*d*e^2 + (b^5*c^2 - 4*a*b^3*c^3 + 2*a^2*b*c^4)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^
2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/s
qrt(-(2*c^6*d*e^12 - b*c^5*e^13 - sqrt(-4*(c^6*d^2*e^12 - b*c^5*d*e^13 +
a*c^5*e^14)*c^6*e^12 + (2*c^6*d*e^12 - b*c^5*e^13)^2)))/(c^6*e^12)))/((sq...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11143, normalized size of antiderivative = 28.07

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex}}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((x^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)
```

output

```
atan((((8*(4*a^3*c^6*e^4 + a*b^4*c^4*e^4 - b^5*c^4*d*e^3 - 5*a^2*b^2*c^5*
e^4 + 4*a^2*c^7*d^2*e^2 + b^4*c^5*d^2*e^2 + 5*a*b^3*c^5*d*e^3 - 4*a^2*b*c^
6*d*e^3 - 5*a*b^2*c^6*d^2*e^2))/c^5 - (8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-(b^9*e - 8*a^4*
c^5*d - b^6*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^8*c*d - 33*a^2*b^4*c^3*d + 38*a
^3*b^2*c^4*d + 42*a^2*b^5*c^2*e - 63*a^3*b^3*c^3*e + a^3*c^3*e*(-(4*a*c -
b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 11*a*b^7*c*e + 10*a*b^6*c^2*d + 28*a^4*b*c^4*e + b^5*c*d*(
-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 5*a*b^4*c*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 4*a*b^3*c
^2*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 3*a^2*b*c^3*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 6
*a^2*b^2*c^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(2*(16*a^2*c^9 + b^4*c^7 - 8*a*b^
2*c^8)))^(1/2)*(b^3*c^7*e^3 - 2*b^2*c^8*d*e^2 - 4*a*b*c^8*e^3 + 8*a*c^9*d*
e^2))/c^5)*(-(b^9*e - 8*a^4*c^5*d - b^6*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^8*c
*d - 33*a^2*b^4*c^3*d + 38*a^3*b^2*c^4*d + 42*a^2*b^5*c^2*e - 63*a^3*b^3*c
^3*e + a^3*c^3*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 11*a*b^7*c*e + 10*a*b^6*c^2*d
+ 28*a^4*b*c^4*e + b^5*c*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 5*a*b^4*c*e*(-(4*a*c
- b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 4*a*b^3*c^2*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 3*a^2*b*c^3*d*
(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(2*(1
6*a^2*c^9 + b^4*c^7 - 8*a*b^2*c^8)))^(1/2) - (8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(b^8*e^4 +
2*a^4*c^4*e^4 + 20*a^2*b^4*c^2*e^4 - 16*a^3*b^2*c^3*e^4 - 2*a^3*c^5*d^2*e
^2 + b^6*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 8*a*b^6*c*e^4 - 2*b^7*c*d*e^3 + 9*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2*e
^2 + 14*a*b^5*c^2*d*e^3 + 14*a^3*b*c^4*d*e^3 - 6*a*b^4*c^3*d^2*e^2 - 28...
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{ex+d}}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

3.60 $\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 316

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = -\frac{2b\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3ce} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(bcd - b^2e + ace - \frac{b^2cd - 2ac^2d - b^3e + 3abce}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{c^{5/2}\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(bcd - b^2e + ace + \frac{b^2cd - 2ac^2d - b^3e + 3abce}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{c^{5/2}\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

output

```
-2*b*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^2+2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c/e+2^(1/2)*(b*c*d-b^2*e+a*c*e-(3
*a*b*c*e-2*a*c^2*d-b^3*e+b^2*c*d)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1
/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/(2*c*d-(
b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*(b*c*d-b^2*e+a*c*e+(3*a*b*c*e-2*a*c
^2*d-b^3*e+b^2*c*d)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1
/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)
^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}(-3be+c(d+ex))}{e} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}(-b^3e+bc(-\sqrt{b^2-4acd}+3ae)+b^2(cd+\sqrt{b^2-4ace})-ac(2cd+\sqrt{b^2-4ace}))}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+be-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right)$$

 $3c^{5/2}$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]
```

output

```
((2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-3*b*e + c*(d + e*x)))/e + (3*Sqrt[2]*(-(b^3*e)
+ b*c*(-(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d) + 3*a*e) + b^2*(c*d + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)
- a*c*(2*c*d + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x]
)/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e]])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*
d + (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + (3*Sqrt[2]*(b^3*e - b*c*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*
c]*d + 3*a*e) + a*c*(2*c*d - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e) + b^2*(-(c*d) + Sqrt[b^2
- 4*a*c]*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + Sq
rt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a
*c])*e]))/(3*c^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 321, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

↓ 1199

$$2 \int \left(-\frac{be}{c^2} + \frac{d+ex}{c} + \frac{b(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) - (-eb^2 + cdb + ace)(d+ex)}{c^2 \left(\frac{c(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{(2cd-be)(d+ex)}{e^2} + a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2} \right) e} \right) d\sqrt{d+ex}$$

e
↓ 2009

$$2 \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{3abce - 2ac^2d + b^3(-e) + b^2cd}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + ace + b^2(-e) + bcd \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{5/2}\sqrt{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} + \frac{e \left(\frac{3abce - 2ac^2d + b^3(-e) + b^2cd}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + ace + b^2(-e) + bcd \right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{5/2}\sqrt{2cd - e(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} \right) / e$$

input `Int[(x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]`

output `(2*(-((b*e*Sqrt[d + e*x])/c^2) + (d + e*x)^(3/2)/(3*c) + (e*(b*c*d - b^2*e + a*c*e - (b^2*c*d - 2*a*c^2*d - b^3*e + 3*a*b*c*e)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*c^(5/2)*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + (e*(b*c*d - b^2*e + a*c*e + (b^2*c*d - 2*a*c^2*d - b^3*e + 3*a*b*c*e)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*c^(5/2)*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]))/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199 `Int[(((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._))/((a._) + (b._)*(x._) + (c._)*(x._)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*(((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && FractionQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(-cex+3be-cd)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3ec^2} - \frac{8 \left(\frac{(-3abc e^2 + 2a c^2 de + e^2 b^3 - b^2 cde + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ace - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} b^2 e + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} b^2 c)}{8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})}} \right)}{8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})}}$
derivativdivides	$-\frac{2 \left(-\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c}{3} + \sqrt{ex+d} be \right)}{c^2} + \frac{8e \left(\frac{(-3abc e^2 + 2a c^2 de + e^2 b^3 - b^2 cde - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ace + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} b^2 e - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} b^2 c)}{8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}\sqrt{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})}} \right)}{8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}\sqrt{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})}}$
default	$-\frac{2 \left(-\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c}{3} + \sqrt{ex+d} be \right)}{c^2} + \frac{8e \left(\frac{(-3abc e^2 + 2a c^2 de + e^2 b^3 - b^2 cde - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ace + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} b^2 e - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} b^2 c)}{8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}\sqrt{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})}} \right)}{8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}\sqrt{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})}}$
pseudoelliptic	$2 \frac{e \sqrt{\left(be-2cd+\sqrt{-4e^2\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4} \right)} \right)} c \sqrt{2} \left(\left((ae+bd)c-eb^2 \right) \sqrt{-4e^2\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4} \right)} + 2ac^2de + (-3abe^2-deb^2)c + e^2b^3 \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\dots}{2} \right)}{2}$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-2/3*(-c*e*x+3*b*e-c*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e/c^2-8/c*(-1/8*(-3*a*b*c*e^2+2*a*c^
2*d*e+e^2*b^3-b^2*c*d*e+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*a*c*e-(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(
1/2)*b^2*e+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*b*c*d)/c/(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*2^(
1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)
*c*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+1/8*(3*a*b*c*e
^2-2*a*c^2*d*e-e^2*b^3+b^2*c*d*e+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*a*c*e-(-e^2*(4*a
*c-b^2))^(1/2)*b^2*e+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*b*c*d)/c/(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(
1/2)*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan((e*x+d)
)^(1/2)*c*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2966 vs. $2(270) = 540$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2966, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.39

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/6*(3*sqrt(2)*c^2*e*sqrt(((b^4*c - 4*a*b^2*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^3)*d - (b^5 - 5*
a*b^3*c + 5*a^2*b*c^2)*e + (b^2*c^5 - 4*a*c^6)*sqrt(((b^6*c^2 - 4*a*b^4*c^
3 + 4*a^2*b^2*c^4)*d^2 - 2*(b^7*c - 5*a*b^5*c^2 + 7*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 2*a^3*b*
c^4)*d*e + (b^8 - 6*a*b^6*c + 11*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 6*a^3*b^2*c^3 + a^4*c^4)*e^
2)/(b^2*c^10 - 4*a*c^11)))/(b^2*c^5 - 4*a*c^6))*log(sqrt(2)*((b^6*c - 6*a*
b^4*c^2 + 8*a^2*b^2*c^3)*d - (b^7 - 7*a*b^5*c + 13*a^2*b^3*c^2 - 4*a^3*b*c
^3)*e - (b^4*c^5 - 6*a*b^2*c^6 + 8*a^2*c^7)*sqrt(((b^6*c^2 - 4*a*b^4*c^3 +
4*a^2*b^2*c^4)*d^2 - 2*(b^7*c - 5*a*b^5*c^2 + 7*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 2*a^3*b*c^4
)*d*e + (b^8 - 6*a*b^6*c + 11*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 6*a^3*b^2*c^3 + a^4*c^4)*e^2)/
(b^2*c^10 - 4*a*c^11)))*sqrt(((b^4*c - 4*a*b^2*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^3)*d - (b^5 -
5*a*b^3*c + 5*a^2*b*c^2)*e + (b^2*c^5 - 4*a*c^6)*sqrt(((b^6*c^2 - 4*a*b^4
*c^3 + 4*a^2*b^2*c^4)*d^2 - 2*(b^7*c - 5*a*b^5*c^2 + 7*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 2*a^3
*b*c^4)*d*e + (b^8 - 6*a*b^6*c + 11*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 6*a^3*b^2*c^3 + a^4*c^4)
*e^2)/(b^2*c^10 - 4*a*c^11)))/(b^2*c^5 - 4*a*c^6)) - 4*((a^2*b^3*c - 2*a^3
*b*c^2)*d - (a^2*b^4 - 3*a^3*b^2*c + a^4*c^2)*e)*sqrt(e*x + d) - 3*sqrt(2
)*c^2*e*sqrt(((b^4*c - 4*a*b^2*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^3)*d - (b^5 - 5*a*b^3*c + 5*a
^2*b*c^2)*e + (b^2*c^5 - 4*a*c^6)*sqrt(((b^6*c^2 - 4*a*b^4*c^3 + 4*a^2*b^2
*c^4)*d^2 - 2*(b^7*c - 5*a*b^5*c^2 + 7*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 2*a^3*b*c^4)*d*e + (b
^8 - 6*a*b^6*c + 11*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 6*a^3*b^2*c^3 + a^4*c^4)*e^2)/(b^2*c^10
- 4*a*c^11)))/(b^2*c^5 - 4*a*c^6))*log(-sqrt(2)*((b^6*c - 6*a*b^4*c^2 +...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)/(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+dx^2}}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*x^2/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 897 vs. $2(270) = 540$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 897, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*((b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2
)*d - (b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)*e)*c^2*e^2 - 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^
3*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b^2*c^2*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*c^2*e^2)*sqr
t(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*(b^2*c^4
- 2*a*c^5)*d^2*e - (3*b^3*c^3 - 8*a*b*c^4)*d*e^2 + (b^4*c^2 - 3*a*b^2*c^3)
*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)
*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c^4*d*e^4 - b*c^3*e^5 + sqrt(-4*(c^4*d^2*e^4 - b*c
^3*d*e^5 + a*c^3*e^6)*c^4*e^4 + (2*c^4*d*e^4 - b*c^3*e^5)^2))/(c^4*e^4)))/
((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^5*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^4*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a
*c)*a*c^4*e^2)*c^2*abs(e)) + 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*
c)*c)*e)*((b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*d - (b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)*e)*c^2*e^2
+ 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^3*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b^2*c^2*d*e + sqrt(b
^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*c^2*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*
abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*c^5)*d^2*e - (3*b^3*c^3 - 8*a*b*c^4)*d*e
^2 + (b^4*c^2 - 3*a*b^2*c^3)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*
c)*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c^4*d*e^4 - b*c^3*e^5
- sqrt(-4*(c^4*d^2*e^4 - b*c^3*d*e^5 + a*c^3*e^6)*c^4*e^4 + (2*c^4*d*e^4 -
b*c^3*e^5)^2))/(c^4*e^4)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^5*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)
)*b*c^4*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^4*e^2)*c^2*abs(e)) + 2/3*((e*x + d)^(3
/2)*c^2*e^2 - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*b*c*e^3)/(c^3*e^3)

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8171, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.86

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x)
```

output

```
(2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c*e) - atan((((8*(a*b^3*c^3*e^4 - 4*a^2*b*c^4*e^4
- b^4*c^3*d*e^3 + b^3*c^4*d^2*e^2 - 4*a*b*c^5*d^2*e^2 + 4*a*b^2*c^4*d*e^3)
)/c^3 - (8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-(b^7*e + 8*a^3*c^4*d + b^4*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^
3)^(1/2) - b^6*c*d - 18*a^2*b^2*c^3*d + 25*a^2*b^3*c^2*e + a^2*c^2*e*(-(4*
a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 9*a*b^5*c*e + 8*a*b^4*c^2*d - 20*a^3*b*c^3*e - b^3*c
*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 2*a*b*c^2*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 3*a*b
^2*c*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(2*(16*a^2*c^7 + b^4*c^5 - 8*a*b^2*c^6)))
^(1/2)*(b^3*c^5*e^3 - 2*b^2*c^6*d*e^2 - 4*a*b*c^6*e^3 + 8*a*c^7*d*e^2))/c^
3)*(-(b^7*e + 8*a^3*c^4*d + b^4*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^6*c*d - 18*
a^2*b^2*c^3*d + 25*a^2*b^3*c^2*e + a^2*c^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 9*
a*b^5*c*e + 8*a*b^4*c^2*d - 20*a^3*b*c^3*e - b^3*c*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1
/2) + 2*a*b*c^2*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 3*a*b^2*c*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3
)^(1/2)))/(2*(16*a^2*c^7 + b^4*c^5 - 8*a*b^2*c^6)))^(1/2) - (8*(d + e*x)^(1
/2)*(b^6*e^4 - 2*a^3*c^3*e^4 + 9*a^2*b^2*c^2*e^4 + 2*a^2*c^4*d^2*e^2 + b^4
*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 6*a*b^4*c*e^4 - 2*b^5*c*d*e^3 + 10*a*b^3*c^2*d*e^3 - 10*a^2
*b*c^3*d*e^3 - 4*a*b^2*c^3*d^2*e^2))/c^3)*(-(b^7*e + 8*a^3*c^4*d + b^4*e*(-
(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^6*c*d - 18*a^2*b^2*c^3*d + 25*a^2*b^3*c^2*e +
a^2*c^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 9*a*b^5*c*e + 8*a*b^4*c^2*d - 20*a^3*
b*c^3*e - b^3*c*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 2*a*b*c^2*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3
)^(1/2) - 3*a*b^2*c*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(2*(16*a^2*c^7 + b^4*c^...
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{ex+d}}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

3.61 $\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	665
Mathematica [C] (verified)	666
Rubi [A] (verified)	666
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Sympy [F]	671
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	672
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	673

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 287

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{c}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}(bcd - b^2e + 2ace - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(cd - be)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{c^{3/2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}(bcd - b^2e + 2ace + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(cd - be)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{c^{3/2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

output

```
2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c+2^(1/2)*(b*c*d-b^2*e+2*a*c*e-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(-b*e+c*d))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*(b*c*d-b^2*e+2*a*c*e+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(-b*e+c*d))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{(-ibcd-c\sqrt{-b^2+4acd}+ib^2e-2iace+b\sqrt{-b^2+4ace}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+be-i\sqrt{-b^2+4ace}}}\right) - (ibcd-c\sqrt{-b^2+4acd}-ib^2e+2\sqrt{-\frac{b^2}{2}})}{\sqrt{-\frac{b^2}{2}+2ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b-i\sqrt{-b^2+4ac})e}}}{c^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x] - (((-I)*b*c*d - c*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + I*b^2*e - (2*I)*a*c*e + b*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]])/(Sqrt[-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]) - ((I*b*c*d - c*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d - I*b^2*e + (2*I)*a*c*e + b*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]])/(Sqrt[-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]))/c^(3/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {1196, 25, 1197, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1196$$

$$\int -\frac{ae-(cd-be)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+bx+a)} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{c}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{\int \frac{ae-(cd-be)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+bx+a)} dx}{c} \\
 & \downarrow 1197 \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{2 \int \frac{cd^2-bed+ae^2-(cd-be)(d+ex)}{cd^2-bed+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2-(2cd-be)(d+ex)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \\
 & \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{(-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cd-be)+2ace+b^2(-e)+bcd) \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}((b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e-2cd)+c(d+ex)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - \frac{(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cd-be)+2ace+b^2(-e)+bcd) \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}((b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e-2cd)+c(d+ex)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cd-be)+2ace+b^2(-e)+bcd) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e}(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-e}(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)} - \frac{(-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cd-be)+2ace+b^2(-e)+bcd) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e}(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-b)}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-e}(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-b)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/c - (2*(-(((b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(c*d - b*e))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])) + ((b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(c*d - b*e))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])))/c`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 1196 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*((d + e*x)^m/(c*m)), x] + Simp[1/c Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(Simp[c*d*f - a*e*g + (g*c*d - b*e*g + c*e*f)*x, x]/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && FractionQ[m] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 1197 `Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`
- rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(2ace^2 - b^2e^2 + bcde - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)}be + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)}cd)\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}c\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ex+d} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)}\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}}{c}} + \frac{(2ace^2 - b^2e^2 + bcde - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)}be + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)}cd)\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}c\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}}\right)}{c}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} + \frac{(2ace^2 - b^2e^2 + bcde - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)}be + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)}cd)\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}c\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}}\right)}{c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)}\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} + \frac{(2ace^2 - b^2e^2 + bcde - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)}be + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)}cd)\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}c\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}}\right)}{c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)}\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} + \frac{(2ace^2 - b^2e^2 + bcde + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)}be - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)}cd)\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}c\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}}\right)}{c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)}\sqrt{(-be+2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}}$

input `int(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{c} \left(2\sqrt{ex+d} + \frac{(2ace^2 - b^2e^2 + bcde - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)}be + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)}cd)\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}c\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}}\right)}{c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)}\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}} \right) + \frac{(2ace^2 - b^2e^2 + bcde - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)}be + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)}cd)\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}c\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}}\right)}{c}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1721 vs. $2(241) = 482$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1721, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.00

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/2*(sqrt(2)*c*sqrt(((b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d - (b^3 - 3*a*b*c)*e + (b^2*c^3 -
4*a*c^4)*sqrt((b^2*c^2*d^2 - 2*(b^3*c - a*b*c^2)*d*e + (b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c +
a^2*c^2)*e^2)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))/(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4))*log(sqrt(2)*((b^3
*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*d - (b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)*e - (b^3*c^3 - 4*a*b*c^4
)*sqrt((b^2*c^2*d^2 - 2*(b^3*c - a*b*c^2)*d*e + (b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2
)*e^2)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))*sqrt(((b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d - (b^3 - 3*a*b*c)*e
+ (b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*sqrt((b^2*c^2*d^2 - 2*(b^3*c - a*b*c^2)*d*e + (b^4
- 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)*e^2)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))/(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)) + 4
*(a*b*c*d - (a*b^2 - a^2*c)*e)*sqrt(e*x + d)) - sqrt(2)*c*sqrt(((b^2*c - 2
*a*c^2)*d - (b^3 - 3*a*b*c)*e + (b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*sqrt((b^2*c^2*d^2 - 2*
(b^3*c - a*b*c^2)*d*e + (b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)*e^2)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^
7)))/(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4))*log(-sqrt(2)*((b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*d - (b^4 - 5*a
*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)*e - (b^3*c^3 - 4*a*b*c^4)*sqrt((b^2*c^2*d^2 - 2*(b^3*c
- a*b*c^2)*d*e + (b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)*e^2)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))*s
qrt(((b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d - (b^3 - 3*a*b*c)*e + (b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*sqrt((b
^2*c^2*d^2 - 2*(b^3*c - a*b*c^2)*d*e + (b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)*e^2)/(b
^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))/(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)) + 4*(a*b*c*d - (a*b^2 - a^2*c)*e)
*sqrt(e*x + d)) + sqrt(2)*c*sqrt(((b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d - (b^3 - 3*a*b*c)*e
- (b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*sqrt((b^2*c^2*d^2 - 2*(b^3*c - a*b*c^2)*d*e + (b^4 -
2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)*e^2)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))/(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4))*1...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a), x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt(d + e*x)/(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*x/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 758 vs. 2(241) = 482.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 758, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2*sqrt(e*x + d)/c + 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*
((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d - (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*e)*c^2*e^2 - 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c
^3*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^2*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^2*e^2)*sqrt(-
4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*b*c^4*d^2*e
- (3*b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*d*e^2 + (b^3*c^2 - 2*a*b*c^3)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d +
2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-
(2*c^2*d - b*c*e + sqrt(-4*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*c^2 + (2*c^2*d -
b*c*e)^2))/c^2))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^4*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^3*d*e
+ sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^3*e^2)*c^2*abs(e)) - 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c
+ sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d - (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*e)*c^2*e^
2 + 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^3*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^2*d*e + sqrt(b^2
- 4*a*c)*a*c^2*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*abs(c
)*abs(e) + (2*b*c^4*d^2*e - (3*b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*d*e^2 + (b^3*c^2 - 2*a*b
*c^3)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt
(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c^2*d - b*c*e - sqrt(-4*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e +
a*c*e^2)*c^2 + (2*c^2*d - b*c*e)^2))/c^2))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^4*d^2 - s
qrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^3*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^3*e^2)*c^2*abs(e))

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5664, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.74

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((x*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/c - atan((((8*(4*a^2*c^3*e^4 - a*b^2*c^2*e^4 + 4*a*c^4*d^2*e^2 + b^3*c^2*d*e^3 - b^2*c^3*d^2*e^2 - 4*a*b*c^3*d*e^3))/c - (8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((8*a^2*c^3*d - b^5*e - b^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^4*c*d + 7*a*b^3*c*e + a*c*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b*c*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 6*a*b^2*c^2*d - 12*a^2*b*c^2*e)/(2*(16*a^2*c^5 + b^4*c^3 - 8*a*b^2*c^4)))^(1/2)*(b^3*c^3*e^3 - 2*b^2*c^4*d*e^2 - 4*a*b*c^4*e^3 + 8*a*c^5*d*e^2))/c)*((8*a^2*c^3*d - b^5*e - b^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^4*c*d + 7*a*b^3*c*e + a*c*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b*c*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 6*a*b^2*c^2*d - 12*a^2*b*c^2*e)/(2*(16*a^2*c^5 + b^4*c^3 - 8*a*b^2*c^4)))^(1/2) - (8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(b^4*e^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*e^4 - 2*a*c^3*d^2*e^2 + b^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 4*a*b^2*c*e^4 - 2*b^3*c*d*e^3 + 6*a*b*c^2*d*e^3))/c)*((8*a^2*c^3*d - b^5*e - b^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^4*c*d + 7*a*b^3*c*e + a*c*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b*c*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 6*a*b^2*c^2*d - 12*a^2*b*c^2*e)/(2*(16*a^2*c^5 + b^4*c^3 - 8*a*b^2*c^4)))^(1/2)*1i - (((8*(4*a^2*c^3*e^4 - a*b^2*c^2*e^4 + 4*a*c^4*d^2*e^2 + b^3*c^2*d*e^3 - b^2*c^3*d^2*e^2 - 4*a*b*c^3*d*e^3))/c + (8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((8*a^2*c^3*d - b^5*e - b^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^4*c*d + 7*a*b^3*c*e + a*c*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b*c*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 6*a*b^2*c^2*d - 12*a^2*b*c^2*e)/(2*(16*a^2*c^5 + b^4*c^3 - 8*a*b^2*c^4)))^(1/2)*(b^3*c^3*e^3 - 2*b^2*c^4*d*e^2 - 4*a*b*c^4*e^3 + 8*a*c^5*d*e^2))/c)...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1844, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.43

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

output

```

(2*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d)*sqrt(a*e**2
- b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - b*
e + 2*c*d) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e +
c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d))*b*c + 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*
e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d)*atan((sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d*
*2) - b*e + 2*c*d) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 -
b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d))*a*c*e - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e
**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d)*atan((sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*
d*e + c*d**2) - b*e + 2*c*d) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqr
t(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d))*b**2*e + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(2*sqrt(
c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d)*atan((sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - b*e + 2*c*d) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(2*
sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d))*b*c*d - 2*sqrt(2*sqr
t(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*
d**2)*atan((sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - b*e + 2*c*d) +
2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*
e - 2*c*d))*b*c - 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) +
b*e - 2*c*d)*atan((sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - b*e + 2
*c*d) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d*
*2) + b*e - 2*c*d))*a*c*e + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*...

```

3.62 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	675
Mathematica [C] (verified)	676
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	682
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	683

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 198

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} \operatorname{earctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}e}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} \operatorname{earctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}e}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}$$

output

```
-2^(1/2)*(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\frac{(-2icd + (ib + \sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac})e) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd + be - i\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-2cd + (b - i\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac})e}} + \frac{(2icd + (-ib + \sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac})e) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd + be + i\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-2cd + (b + i\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac})e}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*(((((-2*I)*c*d + (I*b + Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]) + (((2*I)*c*d + ((-I)*b + Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]))/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {1148, 1450, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1148$$

$$2e \int \frac{d+ex}{cd^2 - bed + ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2 - (2cd - be)(d+ex)} d\sqrt{d+ex}$$

↓ 1450

$$2e \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2cd - be}{e\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right) \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} \left((b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e - 2cd \right) + c(d + ex)} d\sqrt{d + ex} + \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{2cd - be}{e\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} \left((b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e + 2cd \right) + c(d + ex)} d\sqrt{d + ex} \right)$$

↓ 221

$$2e \left(\frac{\left(\frac{2cd - be}{e\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} - \frac{\left(1 - \frac{2cd - be}{e\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]`

output `2*e*(-(((1 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])) - (((1 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1148 `Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[x^2/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1450

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[
  {q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(d^2/2)*(b/q + 1) Int[(d*x)^(m - 2)/(b/
  2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] - Simp[(d^2/2)*(b/q - 1) Int[(d*x)^(m - 2)/(b/2
  - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] &&
  GeQ[m, 2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$e\sqrt{2} \left(\frac{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}c\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}}\right)}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} + \frac{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}c\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}}\right)}{\sqrt{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)$
derivativedivides	$8ec \left(\frac{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}c\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}}\right)}{8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} + \frac{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}c\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}}\right)}{8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}\sqrt{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)$
default	$8ec \left(\frac{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}c\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}}\right)}{8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} + \frac{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}c\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}}\right)}{8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}\sqrt{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
e*2^(1/2)/(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*(-(-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))
/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*c*2
^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)+(b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(
4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))/((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan((
e*x+d)^(1/2)*c*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 715 vs. $2(158) = 316$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 715, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.61

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{2cd-be+(b^2c-4ac^2)\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}}}{b^2c-4ac^2}} \log \left(\sqrt{2}(b^2c-4ac^2) \sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}} \sqrt{\frac{2cd-be+(b^2c-4ac^2)\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}}}{b^2c-4ac^2}} \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + 2\sqrt{ex+de} \right) \\
 & +\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{2cd-be+(b^2c-4ac^2)\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}}}{b^2c-4ac^2}} \log \left(-\sqrt{2}(b^2c-4ac^2) \sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}} \sqrt{\frac{2cd-be+(b^2c-4ac^2)\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}}}{b^2c-4ac^2}} \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + 2\sqrt{ex+de} \right) \\
 & +\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{2cd-be-(b^2c-4ac^2)\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}}}{b^2c-4ac^2}} \log \left(\sqrt{2}(b^2c-4ac^2) \sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}} \sqrt{\frac{2cd-be-(b^2c-4ac^2)\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}}}{b^2c-4ac^2}} \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + 2\sqrt{ex+de} \right) \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{2cd-be-(b^2c-4ac^2)\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}}}{b^2c-4ac^2}} \log \left(-\sqrt{2}(b^2c-4ac^2) \sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}} \sqrt{\frac{2cd-be-(b^2c-4ac^2)\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}}}{b^2c-4ac^2}} \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + 2\sqrt{ex+de} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt((2*c*d - b*e + (b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2))*log(sqrt(2)*(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))*sqrt((2*c*d - b*e + (b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)) + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*e) + 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt((2*c*d - b*e + (b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2))*log(-sqrt(2)*(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))*sqrt((2*c*d - b*e + (b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)) + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*e) + 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt((2*c*d - b*e - (b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2))*log(sqrt(2)*(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))*sqrt((2*c*d - b*e - (b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)) + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*e) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt((2*c*d - b*e - (b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2))*log(-sqrt(2)*(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))*sqrt((2*c*d - b*e - (b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)) + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*e)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 445 vs. $2(158) = 316$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 445, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\sqrt{-4c^2d+2(bc-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}e(b^2-4ac)e^3 - (4c^2d^2e-4bcde^2+b^2e^3)\sqrt{-4c^2d+2(bc-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\right)}{4(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}c^2d^2 - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}bcde + \sqrt{b^2-4ac}ace^2)} - \frac{\left(\sqrt{-4c^2d+2(bc+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}e(b^2-4ac)e^3 - (4c^2d^2e-4bcde^2+b^2e^3)\sqrt{-4c^2d+2(bc+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\right)}{4(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}c^2d^2 - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}bcde + \sqrt{b^2-4ac}ace^2)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^3 -
(4*c^2*d^2*e - 4*b*c*d*e^2 + b^2*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 -
4*a*c)*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c*d - b*e + sqrt((
2*c*d - b*e)^2 - 4*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*c))/c))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^2
*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c*e^2)*abs(c)*abs(e
)) - 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e
^3 - (4*c^2*d^2*e - 4*b*c*d*e^2 + b^2*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b
^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c*d - b*e - s
qrt((2*c*d - b*e)^2 - 4*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*c))/c))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c
)*c^2*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c*e^2)*abs(c)*
abs(e))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 709, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.58

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx =$$

$$-2 \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{2 \left(\sqrt{d+ex} (-8b^2ce^4 + 16bc^2de^3 - 16c^3d^2e^2 + 16ac^2e^4) + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} (8b^3c^2e^3 - 16db^2c^3e^2 - 32cd^2e^2 + 16a^2c^2e^2)}{16c^2d^2e^3 - 16c^2d^2e^3 - 16c^2d^2e^3} \right)}{16c^2d^2e^3 - 16c^2d^2e^3 - 16c^2d^2e^3} \right)$$

$$-2 \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{2 \left(\sqrt{d+ex} (-8b^2ce^4 + 16bc^2de^3 - 16c^3d^2e^2 + 16ac^2e^4) - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} (8b^3c^2e^3 - 16db^2c^3e^2 - 32cd^2e^2 + 16a^2c^2e^2)}{16c^2d^2e^3 - 16c^2d^2e^3 - 16c^2d^2e^3} \right)}{16c^2d^2e^3 - 16c^2d^2e^3 - 16c^2d^2e^3} \right)$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x)
```

output

```

- 2*atanh((2*((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(16*a*c^2*e^4 - 8*b^2*c*e^4 - 16*c^3*d^2*e^2
+ 16*b*c^2*d*e^3) + ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(8*b^3*c^2*e^3 - 16*b^2*c^3*d*e^2 -
32*a*b*c^3*e^3 + 64*a*c^4*d*e^2)*(b^3*e + e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 8*a
*c^2*d - 2*b^2*c*d - 4*a*b*c*e))/(2*(b^4*c + 16*a^2*c^3 - 8*a*b^2*c^2)))*(-
(b^3*e + e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 8*a*c^2*d - 2*b^2*c*d - 4*a*b*c*e)/
(2*(b^4*c + 16*a^2*c^3 - 8*a*b^2*c^2)))^(1/2))/(16*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 16*a*c*e^
5 - 16*b*c*d*e^4))*(-(b^3*e + e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 8*a*c^2*d - 2*b
^2*c*d - 4*a*b*c*e)/(2*(b^4*c + 16*a^2*c^3 - 8*a*b^2*c^2)))^(1/2) - 2*atan
h((2*((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(16*a*c^2*e^4 - 8*b^2*c*e^4 - 16*c^3*d^2*e^2 + 16*b*
c^2*d*e^3) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(8*b^3*c^2*e^3 - 16*b^2*c^3*d*e^2 - 32*a*b*c
^3*e^3 + 64*a*c^4*d*e^2)*(e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^3*e - 8*a*c^2*d +
2*b^2*c*d + 4*a*b*c*e))/(2*(b^4*c + 16*a^2*c^3 - 8*a*b^2*c^2)))*((e*(-(4*
a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^3*e - 8*a*c^2*d + 2*b^2*c*d + 4*a*b*c*e)/(2*(b^4*c
+ 16*a^2*c^3 - 8*a*b^2*c^2)))^(1/2))/(16*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 16*a*c*e^5 - 16*b*
c*d*e^4))*((e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^3*e - 8*a*c^2*d + 2*b^2*c*d + 4
*a*b*c*e)/(2*(b^4*c + 16*a^2*c^3 - 8*a*b^2*c^2)))^(1/2)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1369, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```


output

```
( - 4*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d)*sqrt(a*
**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) -
b*e + 2*c*d) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*
e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d))*c + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d
*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d)*atan((sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d
**2) - b*e + 2*c*d) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2
- b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d))*b*e - 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e*
*2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d)*atan((sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d
*e + c*d**2) - b*e + 2*c*d) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d))*c*d + 4*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e*
*2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((sq
rt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - b*e + 2*c*d) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt
(d + e*x))/sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d))*c
- 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d)*at
an((sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - b*e + 2*c*d) + 2*sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*
d))*b*e + 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2
*c*d)*atan((sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - b*e + 2*c*d) +
2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*
e - 2*c*d))*c*d + 2*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - b*e ...
```

3.63 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	685
Mathematica [A] (verified)	686
Rubi [A] (verified)	686
Maple [A] (verified)	688
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	689
Sympy [F]	690
Maxima [F]	691
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	691
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	692
Reduce [F]	692

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 275

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{a}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(bd + \sqrt{b^2 - 4acd} - 2ae) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{a\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(bd - \sqrt{b^2 - 4acd} - 2ae) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{a\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

output

```
-2*d^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/a+2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(b*d+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*d-2*a*e)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(b*d-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*d-2*a*e)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(bd+\sqrt{b^2-4acd}-2ae) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+be-\sqrt{b^2-4ace}}}\right) + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(-bd+\sqrt{b^2-4acd}+2ae) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{a\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} + 2\sqrt{\frac{d+ex}{a}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `-(((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*(b*d + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 2*a*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e]])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])) + (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*(-(b*d) + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 2*a*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])) + 2*Sqrt[d]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/a)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx \xrightarrow{1199} \frac{2 \int \left(\frac{d}{ax} + \frac{e(cd^2-bed-c(d+ex)d+ae^2)}{a(cd^2-bed+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2-(2cd-be)(d+ex))} \right) d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e}$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{ce}(d\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-2ae+bd) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\right)}{\sqrt{2a}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-e}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} - \frac{\sqrt{ce}(-d\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-2ae+bd) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e}(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}\right)}{\sqrt{2a}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-e}(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)} - \frac{\sqrt{de}}{\sqrt{2a}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) / e$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(2*(-((Sqrt[d]*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/a) + (Sqrt[c]*e*(b*d + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 2*a*e)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*a*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) - (Sqrt[c]*e*(b*d - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 2*a*e)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*a*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])))/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*(((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && FractionQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
derivativedivides	$2e^2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{d} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{ae^2} + \frac{4c \left(\frac{(-2ae^2 + bde - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}d) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}c\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}}\right)}{8\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)}{ae^2} \right)$
default	$2e^2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{d} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{ae^2} + \frac{4c \left(\frac{(-2ae^2 + bde - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}d) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}c\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}}\right)}{8\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)}{ae^2} \right)$
pseudoelliptic	$2 \left(\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-4e^2\left(ac - \frac{b^2}{4}\right)}d}{2} + e\left(ae - \frac{bd}{2}\right) \right) \sqrt{2}c \sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-4e^2\left(ac - \frac{b^2}{4}\right)})}c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}c\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd + \sqrt{-4e^2\left(ac - \frac{b^2}{4}\right)})}}\right) \right)$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*e^2*(-d^(1/2)/a/e^2*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))+4/a/e^2*c*(1/8*(-2*a*
e^2+b*d*e-(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*d)/(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((b
*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan((e*x+d)^(1/2)*c*2^(1/2)
/((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))-1/8*(2*a*e^2-b*d*e-(-e^2*
(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*d)/(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*
(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*c*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+
(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1217 vs. $2(225) = 450$.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2443, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(ax+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*(sqrt(2)*a*sqrt(-(a*b*e - (b^2 - 2*a*c)*d + (a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*sqrt(
(b^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)))/(a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c))
*log(sqrt(2)*((b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d - (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*e + (a^2*b^3 - 4*a^3*b
*c)*sqrt((b^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)))*sqrt(-(a*b*
e - (b^2 - 2*a*c)*d + (a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*sqrt((b^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*d*e + a^2*
e^2)/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)))/(a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)) - 4*(b*c*d - a*c*e)*sqrt(e
*x + d)) - sqrt(2)*a*sqrt(-(a*b*e - (b^2 - 2*a*c)*d + (a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*
sqrt((b^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)))/(a^2*b^2 - 4*a^
3*c))*log(-sqrt(2)*((b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d - (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*e + (a^2*b^3 - 4
*a^3*b*c)*sqrt((b^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)))*sqrt(
-(a*b*e - (b^2 - 2*a*c)*d + (a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*sqrt((b^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*d*e
+ a^2*e^2)/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)))/(a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)) - 4*(b*c*d - a*c*e)*
sqrt(e*x + d)) + sqrt(2)*a*sqrt(-(a*b*e - (b^2 - 2*a*c)*d - (a^2*b^2 - 4*a
^3*c)*sqrt((b^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)))/(a^2*b^2
- 4*a^3*c))*log(sqrt(2)*((b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d - (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*e - (a^2*b^
3 - 4*a^3*b*c)*sqrt((b^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)))*
sqrt(-(a*b*e - (b^2 - 2*a*c)*d - (a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*sqrt((b^2*d^2 - 2*a*b
*d*e + a^2*e^2)/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)))/(a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)) - 4*(b*c*d - a
*c*e)*sqrt(e*x + d)) - sqrt(2)*a*sqrt(-(a*b*e - (b^2 - 2*a*c)*d - (a^2*b^2
- 4*a^3*c)*sqrt((b^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)))/(...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/x/(c*x**2+b*x+a), x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(x*(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cx^2+bx+a)x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 719 vs. $2(225) = 450$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 719, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*d*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-d))/(a*sqrt(-d)) - 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*d*e^2 - 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*abs(a)*abs(e) - (2*a^2*b*c*d^2*e + 2*a^3*b*e^3 - (a^2*b^2 + 4*a^3*c)*d*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*a*c*d - a*b*e + sqrt(-4*(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)*a*c + (2*a*c*d - a*b*e)^2)))/(a*c)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*b*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^3*e^2)*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e)) + 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*d*e^2 + 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*abs(a)*abs(e) - (2*a^2*b*c*d^2*e + 2*a^3*b*e^3 - (a^2*b^2 + 4*a^3*c)*d*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*a*c*d - a*b*e - sqrt(-4*(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)*a*c + (2*a*c*d - a*b*e)^2)))/(a*c)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*b*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^3*e^2)*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10894, normalized size of antiderivative = 39.61

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x)`

output

```
- atan((((b^4*d + 8*a^2*c^2*d - a*b^3*e + a*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) -
b*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 6*a*b^2*c*d + 4*a^2*b*c*e)/(2*(a^2*b^4 + 16
*a^4*c^2 - 8*a^3*b^2*c)))^(1/2)*(((b^4*d + 8*a^2*c^2*d - a*b^3*e + a*e*(-
(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 6*a*b^2*c*d + 4*a^
2*b*c*e)/(2*(a^2*b^4 + 16*a^4*c^2 - 8*a^3*b^2*c)))^(1/2)*((d + e*x)^(1/2)*
((b^4*d + 8*a^2*c^2*d - a*b^3*e + a*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b*d*(-(4
a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 6*a*b^2*c*d + 4*a^2*b*c*e)/(2*(a^2*b^4 + 16*a^4*c^2
- 8*a^3*b^2*c)))^(1/2)*(512*a^5*c^4*e^10 + 32*a^3*b^4*c^2*e^10 - 256*a^4*b
^2*c^3*e^10 + 768*a^4*c^5*d^2*e^8 + 64*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^2*e^8 - 448*a^3*b^2*c
^4*d^2*e^8 - 896*a^4*b*c^4*d*e^9 - 64*a^2*b^5*c^2*d*e^9 + 480*a^3*b^3*c^3
d*e^9) - 384*a^4*c^4*d*e^10 - 384*a^3*c^5*d^3*e^8 + 96*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^3*e^8
- 96*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2*e^9 + 384*a^3*b*c^4*d^2*e^9 + 96*a^3*b^2*c^3*d*e^10)
- (d + e*x)^(1/2)*(128*a^3*b*c^3*e^11 + 192*a^3*c^4*d*e^10 - 32*a^2*b^3*c
^2*e^11 + 576*a^2*c^5*d^3*e^8 + 64*b^4*c^3*d^3*e^8 - 64*b^5*c^2*d^2*e^9 +
64*a*b^4*c^2*d*e^10 - 384*a*b^2*c^4*d^3*e^8 + 384*a*b^3*c^3*d^2*e^9 - 576*
a^2*b*c^4*d^2*e^9 - 288*a^2*b^2*c^3*d*e^10))*((b^4*d + 8*a^2*c^2*d - a*b^3
*e + a*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 6*a*b^2
*c*d + 4*a^2*b*c*e)/(2*(a^2*b^4 + 16*a^4*c^2 - 8*a^3*b^2*c)))^(1/2) + 96*a
*c^5*d^4*e^8 + 96*a^2*c^4*d^2*e^10 - 32*b^2*c^4*d^4*e^8 + 32*b^4*c^2*d^2*e
^10 + 64*a*b*c^4*d^3*e^9 - 32*a*b^3*c^2*d*e^11 + 160*a^2*b*c^3*d*e^11 - ...
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{x(cx^2+bx+a)} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

3.64 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	694
Mathematica [A] (verified)	695
Rubi [A] (verified)	696
Maple [A] (verified)	697
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	699
Sympy [F]	699
Maxima [F]	700
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	700
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	701
Reduce [F]	702

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 330

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ax} + \frac{(2bd - ae)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{d}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(b^2d - 2acd - abe + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(bd - ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(b^2d - 2acd - abe - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(bd - ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -(\sqrt{e x+d}) / a / x + (-a e+2 b d) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{e x+d} / \sqrt{d}) / a^2 / \sqrt{d} \\
 & -\sqrt{2} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{b^2 d-2 a^2 c d-a b e+(-4 a^2 c+b^2)^{1 / 2}(-a e+b d)} \operatorname{arctan} \\
 & \operatorname{h}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{e x+d} / \left(2 c d-\left(b-\left(-4 a^2 c+b^2\right)^{1 / 2}\right) e\right)^{1 / 2}\right) / a \\
 & \sqrt{2} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{b^2 d-2 a^2 c d-a b e-\left(-4 a^2 c+b^2\right)^{1 / 2}(-a e+b d)} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{e x+d} / \left(2 c d-\left(b+\left(-4 a^2 c+b^2\right)^{1 / 2}\right) e\right)^{1 / 2}\right) / a^2 / \sqrt{-4 a^2 c+b^2} \\
 & \sqrt{2} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{-b^2 d+2 a c d+b \sqrt{b^2-4 a c}+a b e} / a^2
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+e x}}{x^2(a+b x+c x^2)} d x$$

$$= -\frac{a \sqrt{d+e x}}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{c}\left(b^2 d-2 a c d+b \sqrt{b^2-4 a c}-a b e-a \sqrt{b^2-4 a c} e\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{d+e x}}{\sqrt{-2 c d+b e-\sqrt{b^2-4 a c} e}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4 a c} \sqrt{-2 c d+\left(b-\sqrt{b^2-4 a c}\right) e}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{c}\left(-b^2 d+2 a c d+b \sqrt{b^2-4 a c}+a b e\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4 a c} \sqrt{-2 c d+\left(b+\sqrt{b^2-4 a c}\right) e}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\left(\frac{a \sqrt{d+e x}}{x}\right) + \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{b^2 d-2 a^2 c d+b \sqrt{b^2-4 a^2 c} e} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{d+e x}}{\sqrt{-2 c d+b e-\sqrt{b^2-4 a^2 c} e}}\right]}{\sqrt{b^2-4 a^2 c} \sqrt{-2 c d+\left(b-\sqrt{b^2-4 a^2 c}\right) e}}\right) \\
 & + \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{-b^2 d+2 a^2 c d+b \sqrt{b^2-4 a^2 c}+a b e} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{d+e x}}{\sqrt{-2 c d+\left(b+\sqrt{b^2-4 a^2 c}\right) e}}\right]}{\sqrt{b^2-4 a^2 c} \sqrt{-2 c d+\left(b+\sqrt{b^2-4 a^2 c}\right) e}}\right) \\
 & + \left(\frac{\left(2 b d-a e\right) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{d+e x}}{\sqrt{d}}\right]}{a^2}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

↓ 1199

$$\frac{2 \int \left(\frac{d}{ax^2} - \frac{bd-ae}{a^2x} - \frac{e(b(cd^2-bed+ae^2)-c(bd-ae)(d+ex))}{a^2(cd^2-bed+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2-(2cd-be)(d+ex))} \right) d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e}$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{ce}(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(bd-ae)-abe-2acd+b^2d) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\right)}{\sqrt{2a^2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-e}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} + \frac{\sqrt{ce}(-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(bd-ae)-abe-2acd+b^2d) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e}(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\right)}{\sqrt{2a^2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-e}(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} \right) e$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(2*(-1/2*(e*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a*x) + (e^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/(2*a*Sqrt[d]) + (e*(b*d - a*e)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/(a^2*Sqrt[d]) - (Sqrt[c]*e*(b^2*d - 2*a*c*d - a*b*e + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(b*d - a*e))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*e])/(Sqrt[2]*a^2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*e) + (Sqrt[c]*e*(b^2*d - 2*a*c*d - a*b*e - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(b*d - a*e))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*e])/(Sqrt[2]*a^2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*e)))/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199

```
Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && FractionQ[m]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
derivativedivides	$2e^3 \left(\frac{4c \left((ab e^2 + 2acde - de b^2 - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ae + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} bd) \sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} c \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})} c} \right) \right)}{8 \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})} c} \right) - \frac{(-ae+2bd) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{ae \sqrt{d}} + \frac{8c \left((ab e^2 + 2acde - de b^2 + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ae - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} bd) \sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} c \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})} c} \right) \right)}{8 \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})} c} - \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{ax}$
default	$2e^3 \left(\frac{4c \left((ab e^2 + 2acde - de b^2 - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ae + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} bd) \sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} c \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})} c} \right) \right)}{8 \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})} c} \right) - \frac{(-ae+2bd) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{ae \sqrt{d}} + \frac{8c \left((ab e^2 + 2acde - de b^2 + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ae - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} bd) \sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} c \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})} c} \right) \right)}{8 \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})} c} - \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{ax}$
risch	$e \left(\frac{(-ae+2bd) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{ae \sqrt{d}} + \frac{8c \left((ab e^2 + 2acde - de b^2 + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ae - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} bd) \sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} c \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})} c} \right) \right)}{8 \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})} c} - \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{ax} \right)$
pseudoelliptic	$2 \sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-4e^2(ac - \frac{b^2}{4})})} c x \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{(\sqrt{d} ae - b d^{\frac{3}{2}}) \sqrt{-4e^2(ac - \frac{b^2}{4})}}{2} + e \left((ac - \frac{b^2}{2}) d^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{b \sqrt{d} ae}{2} \right) \right) c \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{ax}$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
2*e^3*(4/a^2/e^3*c*(1/8*(a*b*e^2+2*a*c*d*e-d*e*b^2-(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)
)*a*e+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*b*d)/(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((b*e
-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan((e*x+d)^(1/2)*c*2^(1/2)/(
(b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))-1/8*(-a*b*e^2-2*a*c*d*e+d*e
*b^2-(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*a*e+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*b*d)/(-e^2*(4*a
*c-b^2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arc
tanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*c*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/
2)))+1/a^2/e^3*(-1/2*a*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/x-1/2*(a*e-2*b*d)/d^(1/2)*arctanh((e*
x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2424 vs. 2(278) = 556.

Time = 5.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4857, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.72

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Too large to include
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/x**2/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cx^2+bx+a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x^2), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 776 vs. 2(278) = 556.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 776, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-(2*b*d - a*e)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-d))/(a^2*sqrt(-d)) + 1/4*(sqrt(-
4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*((b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d - (a*b^2 - 4
*a^2*c)*e)*e^2 - 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b^2*d*e
+ sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c
)*e)*abs(e) + (b^3*d*e^2 - a*b^2*e^3 - 2*(b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d^2*e)*sqrt(-4*c
^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/
sqrt(-(2*a^2*c*d - a^2*b*e + sqrt(-4*(a^2*c*d^2 - a^2*b*d*e + a^3*e^2)*a^2
*c + (2*a^2*c*d - a^2*b*e)^2))/(a^2*c)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*c*d^2 - s
qrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*b*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^3*e^2)*abs(c)*abs(e)) - 1
/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*((b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d -
(a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*e)*e^2 + 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c
)*b^2*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 -
4*a*c)*c)*e)*abs(e) + (b^3*d*e^2 - a*b^2*e^3 - 2*(b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d^2*e)
*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt
(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*a^2*c*d - a^2*b*e - sqrt(-4*(a^2*c*d^2 - a^2*b*d*e + a^
3*e^2)*a^2*c + (2*a^2*c*d - a^2*b*e)^2))/(a^2*c)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2
*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*b*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^3*e^2)*abs(c)*a
bs(e)) - sqrt(e*x + d)/(a*x)

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19887, normalized size of antiderivative = 60.26

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x)
```

output

```
(atan((((a*e - 2*b*d)*((8*(d + e*x)^(1/2))*(6*a^4*c^5*e^12 + 4*a^2*c^7*d^4*
e^8 + 6*a^3*c^6*d^2*e^10 + 4*b^4*c^5*d^4*e^8 + 21*a^2*b^2*c^5*d^2*e^10 - 1
8*a^3*b*c^5*d*e^11 - 8*a*b^2*c^6*d^4*e^8 - 12*a*b^3*c^5*d^3*e^9)))/a^4 - ((
a*e - 2*b*d)*((8*(16*a^5*b*c^4*e^12 + 20*a^5*c^5*d*e^11 + a^3*b^5*c^2*e^12
- 8*a^4*b^3*c^3*e^12 + 20*a^4*c^6*d^3*e^9 + 40*a^2*b^3*c^5*d^4*e^8 - 20*a
^2*b^4*c^4*d^3*e^9 - 27*a^2*b^5*c^3*d^2*e^10 - 20*a^3*b^2*c^5*d^3*e^9 + 84
*a^3*b^3*c^4*d^2*e^10 - 8*a*b^5*c^4*d^4*e^8 + 6*a*b^6*c^3*d^3*e^9 + 2*a*b^
7*c^2*d^2*e^10 - 3*a^2*b^6*c^2*d*e^11 - 32*a^3*b*c^6*d^4*e^8 + 28*a^3*b^4*
c^3*d*e^11 - 36*a^4*b*c^5*d^2*e^10 - 68*a^4*b^2*c^4*d*e^11)))/a^4 - ((a*e -
2*b*d)*((8*(d + e*x)^(1/2))*(60*a^6*b*c^4*e^11 + 16*a^6*c^5*d*e^10 + 5*a^4
*b^5*c^2*e^11 - 35*a^5*b^3*c^3*e^11 + 40*a^5*c^6*d^3*e^8 - 8*a^2*b^6*c^3*d
^3*e^8 + 8*a^2*b^7*c^2*d^2*e^9 + 56*a^3*b^4*c^4*d^3*e^8 - 52*a^3*b^5*c^3*d
^2*e^9 - 108*a^4*b^2*c^5*d^3*e^8 + 68*a^4*b^3*c^4*d^2*e^9 - 12*a^3*b^6*c^2
*d*e^10 + 87*a^4*b^4*c^3*d*e^10 + 56*a^5*b*c^5*d^2*e^9 - 162*a^5*b^2*c^4*d
*e^10))/a^4 - (((8*(32*a^8*c^4*e^11 + 2*a^6*b^4*c^2*e^11 - 16*a^7*b^2*c^3*
e^11 + 32*a^7*c^5*d^2*e^9 + 8*a^5*b^3*c^4*d^3*e^8 - 6*a^5*b^4*c^3*d^2*e^9
+ 16*a^6*b^2*c^4*d^2*e^9 - 64*a^7*b*c^4*d*e^10 - 2*a^5*b^5*c^2*d*e^10 - 32
*a^6*b*c^5*d^3*e^8 + 24*a^6*b^3*c^3*d*e^10))/a^4 - (4*(a*e - 2*b*d)*(d + e
*x)^(1/2)*(64*a^9*c^4*e^10 + 4*a^7*b^4*c^2*e^10 - 32*a^8*b^2*c^3*e^10 + 96
*a^8*c^5*d^2*e^8 + 8*a^6*b^4*c^3*d^2*e^8 - 56*a^7*b^2*c^4*d^2*e^8 - 112...
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{x^2(cx^2+bx+a)} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

3.65 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 462

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ax^2} + \frac{(4bd - ae)\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a^2dx} - \frac{(8b^2d^2 - 4abde - a(8cd^2 + ae^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4a^3d^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(b^3d - ac(\sqrt{b^2 - 4acd} - 2ae) + b^2(\sqrt{b^2 - 4acd} - ae) - ab(3cd + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ace})) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2cd}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{a^3\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(b^3d - b^2(\sqrt{b^2 - 4acd} + ae) + ac(\sqrt{b^2 - 4acd} + 2ae) - ab(3cd - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ace})) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2cd}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{a^3\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/a/x^2+1/4*(-a*e+4*b*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/a^2/d/x-1/4*(8*b^2*d^2-4*a*b*d*e-a*(a*e^2+8*c*d^2))*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/a^3/d^(3/2)+2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(b^3*d-a*c*((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*d-2*a*e)+b^2*((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*d-a*e)-a*b*(3*c*d+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/a^3/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(b^3*d-b^2*((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*d+a*e)+a*c*((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*d+2*a*e)-a*b*(3*c*d-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/a^3/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{d+ex}(4bdx-a(2d+ex))}{dx^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(-b^3d+ac(\sqrt{b^2-4acd}-2ae)+b^2(-\sqrt{b^2-4acd}+ae)+ab(3cd+\sqrt{b^2-4ace}))}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+be-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(x^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]
```

output

```
((a*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(4*b*d*x - a*(2*d + e*x)))/(d*x^2) + (4*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*(-b^3*d) + a*c*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 2*a*e) + b^2*(-(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d) + a*e) + a*b*(3*c*d + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e]]/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + (4*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*(b^3*d - b^2*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + a*e) + a*c*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 2*a*e) + a*b*(-3*c*d + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]]/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + ((-8*b^2*d^2 + 4*a*b*d*e + a*(8*c*d^2 + a*e^2))*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/d^(3/2))/(4*a^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 550, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

↓ 1199

$$\frac{2 \int \left(\frac{d}{ax^3} + \frac{db^2 - aeb - acd}{a^3x} + \frac{e((b^2 - ac)(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) - c(db^2 - aeb - acd)(d + ex))}{a^3(cd^2 - bed + ae^2 + c(d + ex)^2 - (2cd - be)(d + ex))} - \frac{bd - ae}{a^2x^2} \right) d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e}$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left(-\frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)(-abe - acd + b^2d)}{a^3\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{ce}(b^2(d\sqrt{b^2-4ac} - ae) - ab(e\sqrt{b^2-4ac} + 3cd) - ac(d\sqrt{b^2-4ac} - 2ae) + b^3d) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2cd-e}}{\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\right)}{\sqrt{2a^3}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(x^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x]`

output $(2*(-1/4*(e*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(a*x^2) + (3*e^2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(8*a*d*x) + (e*(b*d - a*e)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(2*a^2*d*x) - (3*e^3*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]/\text{Sqrt}[d]])/(8*a*d^{(3/2)}) - (e^2*(b*d - a*e)*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]/\text{Sqrt}[d]])/(2*a^2*d^{(3/2)}) - (e*(b^2*d - a*c*d - a*b*e)*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]/\text{Sqrt}[d]])/(a^3*\text{Sqrt}[d]) + (\text{Sqrt}[c]*e*(b^3*d - a*c*(\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 2*a*e) + b^2*(\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - a*e) - a*b*(3*c*d + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e))*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*a^3*\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) - (\text{Sqrt}[c]*e*(b^3*d - b^2*(\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + a*e) + a*c*(\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 2*a*e) - a*b*(3*c*d - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e))*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*a^3*\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])))/e$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199

```
Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && FractionQ[m]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 489, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
risch	$e^{-\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(aex-4bdx+2ad)}{4da^2x^2}} \left(\frac{(e^2a^2+4abde+8ad^2c-8b^2d^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{ea\sqrt{d}} - \frac{32dc}{(-2a^2ce^2+ab^2e^2+3abcde)} \right)$
derivativedivides	$2e^4 \left(\frac{\frac{ae(ae-4bd)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8d} + \left(\frac{1}{2}abde + \frac{1}{8}e^2a^2\right)\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{(e^2a^2+4abde+8ad^2c-8b^2d^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8d^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{e^2x^2} - \frac{4c}{(-2a^2ce^2+ab^2e^2+3abcde)} \right)$
default	$2e^4 \left(\frac{\frac{ae(ae-4bd)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8d} + \left(\frac{1}{2}abde + \frac{1}{8}e^2a^2\right)\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{(e^2a^2+4abde+8ad^2c-8b^2d^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8d^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{e^2x^2} - \frac{4c}{(-2a^2ce^2+ab^2e^2+3abcde)} \right)$
pseudoelliptic	$-8\sqrt{\left(be-2cd + \sqrt{-4e^2\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4} \right)} \right)} c \left(\frac{\left(-ad^{\frac{3}{2}}be - d^{\frac{5}{2}}(ac-b^2) \right) \sqrt{-4e^2\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4} \right)}}{2} + \left(ae\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{2} \right) d^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{3d^{\frac{5}{2}}b\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{3} \right)}{2} \right) \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/4*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*e*x-4*b*d*x+2*a*d)/d/a^2/x^2-1/4/a^2/d*e*(-1/e*(a^2*
e^2+4*a*b*d*e+8*a*c*d^2-8*b^2*d^2)/a/d^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)
)-32*d/a/e*c*(-1/8*(-2*a^2*c*e^2+a*b^2*e^2+3*a*b*c*d*e-b^3*d*e+(-e^2*(4*a*
c-b^2))^(1/2)*a*b*e+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*a*c*d-(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)
)*b^2*d)/(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(
1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*c*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-
b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+1/8*(2*a^2*c*e^2-a*b^2*e^2-3*a*b*c*d*e+b^3*d*e+(-e^
2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*a*b*e+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*a*c*d-(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2)
)^(1/2)*b^2*d)/(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-
b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan((e*x+d)^(1/2)*c*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*
a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3707 vs. $2(395) = 790$.

Time = 78.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7422, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.06

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Too large to include
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/x**3/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(x**3*(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cx^2+bx+a)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x^3), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1043 vs. 2(395) = 790.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1043, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*((b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c +
4*a^2*c^2)*d - (a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c)*e)*a^2*e^2 - 2*((a*b^2*c - a^2*c^2)*sq
rt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2 - (a*b^3 - a^2*b*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e + (a^2*b^2 -
a^3*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*
c)*e)*abs(a)*abs(e) - (2*(a^2*b^3*c - 3*a^3*b*c^2)*d^2*e - (a^2*b^4 - a^3*
b^2*c - 4*a^4*c^2)*d*e^2 + (a^3*b^3 - 2*a^4*b*c)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b
*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*a^
3*c*d - a^3*b*e + sqrt(-4*(a^3*c*d^2 - a^3*b*d*e + a^4*e^2))*a^3*c + (2*a^3
*c*d - a^3*b*e)^2))/(a^3*c)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^4*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4
*a*c)*a^4*b*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^5*e^2)*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e)) + 1/4*(
sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*((b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2
*c^2)*d - (a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c)*e)*a^2*e^2 + 2*((a*b^2*c - a^2*c^2)*sqrt(b^2
- 4*a*c)*d^2 - (a*b^3 - a^2*b*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e + (a^2*b^2 - a^3*c
)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*
abs(a)*abs(e) - (2*(a^2*b^3*c - 3*a^3*b*c^2)*d^2*e - (a^2*b^4 - a^3*b^2*c
- 4*a^4*c^2)*d*e^2 + (a^3*b^3 - 2*a^4*b*c)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + s
qrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*a^3*c*d
- a^3*b*e - sqrt(-4*(a^3*c*d^2 - a^3*b*d*e + a^4*e^2))*a^3*c + (2*a^3*c*d -
a^3*b*e)^2))/(a^3*c)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^4*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*
a^4*b*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^5*e^2)*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e)) + 1/4*(8*b...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33838, normalized size of antiderivative = 73.24

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x)
```

output

```
atan(((((((128*a^12*c^4*d*e^12 + 768*a^10*c^6*d^5*e^8 + 896*a^11*c^5*d^3*e^10 + 128*a^8*b^4*c^4*d^5*e^8 - 96*a^8*b^5*c^3*d^4*e^9 - 32*a^8*b^6*c^2*d^3*e^10 - 704*a^9*b^2*c^5*d^5*e^8 + 448*a^9*b^3*c^4*d^4*e^9 + 392*a^9*b^4*c^3*d^3*e^10 + 24*a^9*b^5*c^2*d^2*e^11 - 1280*a^10*b^2*c^4*d^3*e^10 - 192*a^10*b^3*c^3*d^2*e^11 - 256*a^10*b*c^5*d^4*e^9 + 8*a^10*b^4*c^2*d*e^12 + 384*a^11*b*c^4*d^2*e^11 - 64*a^11*b^2*c^3*d*e^12)/(2*a^8*d^2) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*((b^8*d + 8*a^4*c^4*d - b^5*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - a*b^7*e + 33*a^2*b^4*c^2*d - 38*a^3*b^2*c^3*d - 25*a^3*b^3*c^2*e + a^3*c^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 10*a*b^6*c*d + a*b^4*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 9*a^2*b^5*c*e + 20*a^4*b*c^3*e + 4*a*b^3*c*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 3*a^2*b*c^2*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 3*a^2*b^2*c*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(2*(a^6*b^4 + 16*a^8*c^2 - 8*a^7*b^2*c)))^(1/2)*(1536*a^12*c^5*d^4*e^8 + 1024*a^13*c^4*d^2*e^10 + 128*a^10*b^4*c^3*d^4*e^8 - 128*a^10*b^5*c^2*d^3*e^9 - 896*a^11*b^2*c^4*d^4*e^8 + 960*a^11*b^3*c^3*d^3*e^9 + 64*a^11*b^4*c^2*d^2*e^10 - 512*a^12*b^2*c^3*d^2*e^10 - 1792*a^12*b*c^4*d^3*e^9))/(2*a^8*d^2)))*((b^8*d + 8*a^4*c^4*d - b^5*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - a*b^7*e + 33*a^2*b^4*c^2*d - 38*a^3*b^2*c^3*d - 25*a^3*b^3*c^2*e + a^3*c^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 10*a*b^6*c*d + a*b^4*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 9*a^2*b^5*c*e + 20*a^4*b*c^3*e + 4*a*b^3*c*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 3*a^2*b*c^2*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 3*a^2*b^2*c*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/...
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{x^3(cx^2+bx+a)} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

3.66 $\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 650

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = -\frac{2(b^3cd - 2abc^2d - b^4e + 3ab^2ce - a^2c^2e)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^5}$$

$$- \frac{2b(b^2 - 2ac)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c^4} + \frac{2(c^2d^2 + b^2e^2 + ce(bd - ae))(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c^3e^3}$$

$$- \frac{2(2cd + be)(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7c^2e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9ce^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\left((bcd - b^2e + ace)(b^2cd - 2ac^2d - b^3e + 3abce) + \frac{2b^5cde - 10ab^3c^2de + 10a^2bc^3de - b^6e^2 + ab^2c^2(4cd^2 - 9ae^2) - b^4c(cd^2 - b^2e)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{c^{11/2}\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}e}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\left((bcd - b^2e + ace)(b^2cd - 2ac^2d - b^3e + 3abce) - \frac{2b^5cde - 10ab^3c^2de + 10a^2bc^3de - b^6e^2 + ab^2c^2(4cd^2 - 9ae^2) - b^4c(cd^2 - b^2e)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{c^{11/2}\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}e}$$

output

```
-2*(-a^2*c^2*e+3*a*b^2*c*e-2*a*b*c^2*d-b^4*e+b^3*c*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^5-2/
3*b*(-2*a*c+b^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c^4+2/5*(c^2*d^2+b^2*e^2+c*e*(-a*e+b*d))*(e
*x+d)^(5/2)/c^3/e^3-2/7*(b*e+2*c*d)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/c^2/e^3+2/9*(e*x+d)^(9/2
)/c/e^3+2^(1/2)*((a*c*e-b^2*e+b*c*d)*(3*a*b*c*e-2*a*c^2*d-b^3*e+b^2*c*d)+(
2*b^5*c*d*e-10*a*b^3*c^2*d*e+10*a^2*b*c^3*d*e-b^6*e^2+a*b^2*c^2*(-9*a*e^2+
4*c*d^2)-b^4*c*(-6*a*e^2+c*d^2)-2*a^2*c^3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/
2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)
^(1/2))/c^(11/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*((a*c*e-b^
2*e+b*c*d)*(3*a*b*c*e-2*a*c^2*d-b^3*e+b^2*c*d)-(2*b^5*c*d*e-10*a*b^3*c^2*d
*e+10*a^2*b*c^3*d*e-b^6*e^2+a*b^2*c^2*(-9*a*e^2+4*c*d^2)-b^4*c*(-6*a*e^2+c
*d^2)-2*a^2*c^3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2
))*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/c^(11/2)/(2*c*d-(b
+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 901, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(315b^4e^4 - 105b^2ce^3(4bd+9ae+be) - 9c^3e(d+ex)^2(-2bd+7ae+5be) + b^6e^2 + b^5e(-2icd + \sqrt{-b^2+4ace}) + ib^4c(cd^2 + 2i\sqrt{-b^2+4acde} - 6ae^2) + ab^2c^2(-4icd^2 + 6\sqrt{-b^2+4acde} - 6ae^2))}{(-4a^2c^2 + b^2c^2)}$$

$$\frac{(-ib^6e^2 + b^5e(2icd + \sqrt{-b^2+4ace}) + b^4c(-icd^2 - 2\sqrt{-b^2+4acde} + 6iae^2) + ab^2c^2(4icd^2 + 6\sqrt{-b^2+4acde} - 6ae^2))}{(-4a^2c^2 + b^2c^2)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^4*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(315*b^4*e^4 - 105*b^2*c*e^3*(4*b*d + 9*a*e + b*e*x) - 9*c^3*e*(d + e*x)^2*(-2*b*d + 7*a*e + 5*b*e*x) + c^4*(d + e*x)^2*(8*d^2 - 20*d*e*x + 35*e^2*x^2) + 21*c^2*e^2*(15*a^2*e^2 + 3*b^2*(d + e*x)^2 + 10*a*b*e*(4*d + e*x)))/(315*c^5*e^3) - ((I*b^6*e^2 + b^5*e*((-2*I)*c*d + Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e) + I*b^4*c*(c*d^2 + (2*I)*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d*e - 6*a*e^2) + a*b^2*c^2*((-4*I)*c*d^2 + 6*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d*e + (9*I)*a*e^2) + a*b*c^2*(3*a*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2 - 2*c*d*(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + (5*I)*a*e)) + b^3*c*(-4*a*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2 + c*d*(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + (10*I)*a*e)) - (2*I)*a^2*c^3*(-(c*d^2) + e*((-I)*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + a*e)))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]]/(c^(11/2)*Sqrt[-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]) - (((-I)*b^6*e^2 + b^5*e*((2*I)*c*d + Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e) + b^4*c*((-I)*c*d^2 - 2*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d*e + (6*I)*a*e^2) + a*b^2*c^2*((4*I)*c*d^2 + 6*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d*e - (9*I)*a*e^2) + a*b*c^2*(3*a*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2 - 2*c*d*(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d - (5*I)*a*e)) + b^3*c*(-4*a*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2 + c*d*(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d - (10*I)*a*e)) + (2*I)*a^2*c^3*(-(c*d^2) + e*(I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + a*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]]/(c^(11/2)*Sqrt[-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 659, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(d + ex)^{3/2}}{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

↓ 1199

$$2 \int \left(\frac{(d+ex)^4}{ce^2} - \frac{(2cd+be)(d+ex)^3}{c^2e^2} + \frac{(c^2d^2+b^2e^2+ce(bd-ae))(d+ex)^2}{c^3e^2} - \frac{b(b^2-2ac)e(d+ex)}{c^4} - \frac{e(-eb^4+cdb^3+3aceb^2-2ac^2db-a^2c^2e)}{c^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{10a^2bc^3de - 2a^2c^3(cd^2 - ae^2) - b^4c(cd^2 - 6ae^2) - 10ab^3c^2de + ab^2c^2(4cd^2 - 9ae^2) + b^6(-e^2) + 2b^5cde}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + (ace + b^2(-e) + bcd)(3abce - 2ac^2d + b^3(-e) + \dots)}{\sqrt{2c^{11/2}} \sqrt{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(x^4*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]
```

output

```
(2*(-((e*(b^3*c*d - 2*a*b*c^2*d - b^4*e + 3*a*b^2*c*e - a^2*c^2*e)*Sqrt[d
+ e*x])/c^5) - (b*(b^2 - 2*a*c)*e*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c^4) + ((c^2*d^2 + b
^2*e^2 + c*e*(b*d - a*e))*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*c^3*e^2) - ((2*c*d + b*e)*(d
+ e*x)^(7/2))/(7*c^2*e^2) + (d + e*x)^(9/2)/(9*c*e^2) + (e*((b*c*d - b^2*
e + a*c*e)*(b^2*c*d - 2*a*c^2*d - b^3*e + 3*a*b*c*e) + (2*b^5*c*d*e - 10*a
*b^3*c^2*d*e + 10*a^2*b*c^3*d*e - b^6*e^2 + a*b^2*c^2*(4*c*d^2 - 9*a*e^2)
- b^4*c*(c*d^2 - 6*a*e^2) - 2*a^2*c^3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*
ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c
])*e]]/(Sqrt[2]*c^(11/2)*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + (e*((
b*c*d - b^2*e + a*c*e)*(b^2*c*d - 2*a*c^2*d - b^3*e + 3*a*b*c*e) - (2*b^5*
c*d*e - 10*a*b^3*c^2*d*e + 10*a^2*b*c^3*d*e - b^6*e^2 + a*b^2*c^2*(4*c*d^2
- 9*a*e^2) - b^4*c*(c*d^2 - 6*a*e^2) - 2*a^2*c^3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/Sqrt[b^
2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt
[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]]/(Sqrt[2]*c^(11/2)*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]
*e])))/e
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199

```
Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x
_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subs
t[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*(((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*
d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x],
x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && Integer
Q[n] && FractionQ[m]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```


Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 762, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$2e^3 \left(\frac{3 \left((ac-b^2)e+dbc \right) \left(abc-\frac{1}{3}b^3 \right) e - \frac{2d \left(ac-\frac{b^2}{2} \right) c}{3}}{2} \sqrt{-4e^2 \left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4} \right)} \right) + e \left(-\frac{1}{2}b^6 - \frac{9}{2}a^2b^2c^2 + 3ab^4c + a^3c^3 \right) e^2 + 5(a^2c^2 -$
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display
risch	Expression too large to display

```
input int(x^4*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(e^3*(3/2*((a*c-b^2)*e+d*b*c)*((a*b*c-1/3*b^3)*e-2/3*d*(a*c-1/2*b^2))*c)*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2)+e*((-1/2*b^6-9/2*a^2*b^2*c^2+3*a*b^4*c+a^3*c^3)*e^2+5*(a^2*c^2-c*a*b^2+1/5*b^4)*d*b*c*e-d^2*(a^2*c^2-2*c*a*b^2+1/2*b^4)*c^2))*((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*c*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(e^3*(-3/2*((a*c-b^2)*e+d*b*c)*((a*b*c-1/3*b^3)*e-2/3*d*(a*c-1/2*b^2))*c)*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2)+e*((-1/2*b^6-9/2*a^2*b^2*c^2+3*a*b^4*c+a^3*c^3)*e^2+5*(a^2*c^2-c*a*b^2+1/5*b^4)*d*b*c*e-d^2*(a^2*c^2-2*c*a*b^2+1/2*b^4)*c^2))*2^(1/2)*arctan((e*x+d)^(1/2)*c*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+((e*x+d)^(1/2))*((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*((1/9*c^4*x^4-1/5*(5/7*b*x+a)*x^2*c^3+(1/5*b^2*x^2+a^2+2/3*a*b*x)*c^2+(-3*a*b^2-1/3*b^3*x)*c+b^4)*e^4+8/3*d*(5/84*c^3*x^3-3/20*x*(4/7*b*x+a)*c^2+b*(3/20*b*x+a)*c-1/2*b^3)*c*e^3-1/5*d^2*(-1/21*c^2*x^2+(1/7*b*x+a)*c-b^2)*c^2*e^2+2/35*d^3*(-2/9*c*x+b)*c^3*e+8/315*d^4*c^4)*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))/(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2)/c^5/e^3
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 14340 vs. 2(592) = 1184.

Time = 12.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14340, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.06

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^4}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)*x^4/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1612 vs. $2(592) = 1184$.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1612, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*((b^5*c^2 - 6*a*b^3
*c^3 + 8*a^2*b*c^4)*d^2 - 2*(b^6*c - 7*a*b^4*c^2 + 13*a^2*b^2*c^3 - 4*a^3*
c^4)*d*e + (b^7 - 8*a*b^5*c + 19*a^2*b^3*c^2 - 12*a^3*b*c^3)*e^2)*c^2*e^2
- 2*((b^3*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^5)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^3 - (2*b^4*c^3 - 5*a*b^2*c^
4 + a^2*c^5)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2*e + (b^5*c^2 - 2*a*b^3*c^3 - a^2*b*c^4)
*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e^2 - (a*b^4*c^2 - 3*a^2*b^2*c^3 + a^3*c^4)*sqrt(b^2
- 4*a*c)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*abs(c)*abs(
e) + (2*(b^4*c^5 - 4*a*b^2*c^6 + 2*a^2*c^7)*d^3*e - (5*b^5*c^4 - 24*a*b^3*
c^5 + 22*a^2*b*c^6)*d^2*e^2 + 2*(2*b^6*c^3 - 11*a*b^4*c^4 + 14*a^2*b^2*c^5
- 2*a^3*c^6)*d*e^3 - (b^7*c^2 - 6*a*b^5*c^3 + 9*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 2*a^3*b*c^5
)*e^4)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2
)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c^10*d*e^30 - b*c^9*e^31 + sqrt(-4*(c^10*d^2*e^30
- b*c^9*d*e^31 + a*c^9*e^32))*c^10*e^30 + (2*c^10*d*e^30 - b*c^9*e^31)^2))
/(c^10*e^30)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c^8*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^7*d*e +
sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^7*e^2)*c^2*abs(e)) + 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c +
sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*((b^5*c^2 - 6*a*b^3*c^3 + 8*a^2*b*c^4)*d^2 - 2*(b^
6*c - 7*a*b^4*c^2 + 13*a^2*b^2*c^3 - 4*a^3*c^4)*d*e + (b^7 - 8*a*b^5*c + 1
9*a^2*b^3*c^2 - 12*a^3*b*c^3)*e^2)*c^2*e^2 + 2*((b^3*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^5)*sqrt
(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^3 - (2*b^4*c^3 - 5*a*b^2*c^4 + a^2*c^5)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*
d^2*e + (b^5*c^2 - 2*a*b^3*c^3 - a^2*b*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e^2 - (...
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31485, normalized size of antiderivative = 48.44

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((x^4*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x)`

output

```
(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((2*d^4)/(c*e^3) - ((a*e^5 + c*d^2*e^3 - b*d*e^4)*((12*d^2)/(c*e^3) - (2*(a*e^5 + c*d^2*e^3 - b*d*e^4))/(c^2*e^6) + ((8*d)/(c*e^3) + (2*(b*e^4 - 2*c*d*e^3))/(c^2*e^6))*(b*e^4 - 2*c*d*e^3))/(c*e^3)))/(c*e^3) + ((b*e^4 - 2*c*d*e^3)*((8*d^3)/(c*e^3) - ((8*d)/(c*e^3) + (2*(b*e^4 - 2*c*d*e^3))/(c^2*e^6))*(a*e^5 + c*d^2*e^3 - b*d*e^4))/(c*e^3) + ((b*e^4 - 2*c*d*e^3)*((12*d^2)/(c*e^3) - (2*(a*e^5 + c*d^2*e^3 - b*d*e^4))/(c^2*e^6) + ((8*d)/(c*e^3) + (2*(b*e^4 - 2*c*d*e^3))/(c^2*e^6))*(b*e^4 - 2*c*d*e^3))/(c*e^3)))/(c*e^3)))/(c*e^3)) - atan((((8*(4*a^4*c^9*e^5 - a*b^6*c^6*e^5 + b^7*c^6*d*e^4 + 7*a^2*b^4*c^7*e^5 - 13*a^3*b^2*c^8*e^5 + 4*a^3*c^10*d^2*e^3 + b^5*c^8*d^3*e^2 - 2*b^6*c^7*d^2*e^3 - 21*a^2*b^2*c^9*d^2*e^3 - 6*a*b^5*c^7*d*e^4 + 4*a^3*b*c^9*d^3*e^2 - 6*a*b^3*c^9*d^3*e^2 + 13*a*b^4*c^8*d^2*e^3 + 8*a^2*b*c^10*d^3*e^2 + 7*a^2*b^3*c^8*d*e^4))/c^9 - (8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-(b^13*e^3 + 8*a^5*c^8*d^3 - b^10*c^3*d^3 - b^10*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 12*a*b^8*c^4*d^3 + 44*a^6*b*c^6*e^3 - 24*a^6*c^7*d*e^2 + 3*b^11*c^2*d^2*e - 52*a^2*b^6*c^5*d^3 + 96*a^3*b^4*c^6*d^3 - 66*a^4*b^2*c^7*d^3 + 88*a^2*b^9*c^2*e^3 - 253*a^3*b^7*c^3*e^3 + 363*a^4*b^5*c^4*e^3 - 231*a^5*b^3*c^5*e^3 + a^5*c^5*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^7*c^3*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 15*a*b^11*c*e^3 - 3*b^12*c*d*e^2 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^5*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 28*a^2*b^6*c^2*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 35*a^3*b^4*c^3*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 15*a^4*b^2*c^4*e^3*(-(4*a*c...
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^4(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `int(x^4*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x)`

output `int(x^4*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

3.67 $\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 581

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2(b^2cd - ac^2d - b^3e + 2abce) \sqrt{d+ex}}{c^4}$$

$$+ \frac{2(b^2 - ac)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c^3} - \frac{2(cd+be)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c^2e^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7ce^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2b^3cde - 4abc^2de - b^4e^2 - b^2c(cd^2 - 3ae^2) + ac^2(cd^2 - ae^2) - \frac{2b^4cde - 8ab^2c^2de + 4a^2c^3de - b^5e^2 - b^3c(cd^2 - 5ae^2)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)}{c^{9/2} \sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} e}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2b^3cde - 4abc^2de - b^4e^2 - b^2c(cd^2 - 3ae^2) + ac^2(cd^2 - ae^2) + \frac{2b^4cde - 8ab^2c^2de + 4a^2c^3de - b^5e^2 - b^3c(cd^2 - 5ae^2)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)}{c^{9/2} \sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} e}$$

output

```

2*(2*a*b*c*e-a*c^2*d-b^3*e+b^2*c*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^4+2/3*(-a*c+b^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c^3-2/5*(b*e+c*d)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/c^2/e^2+2/7*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/c/e^2+2^(1/2)*(2*b^3*c*d*e-4*a*b*c^2*d*e-b^4*e^2-b^2*c*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*c^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)-(2*b^4*c*d*e-8*a*b^2*c^2*d*e+4*a^2*c^3*d*e-b^5*e^2-b^3*c*(-5*a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*b*c^2*(-5*a*e^2+3*c*d^2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*(2*b^3*c*d*e-4*a*b*c^2*d*e-b^4*e^2-b^2*c*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*c^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)+(2*b^4*c*d*e-8*a*b^2*c^2*d*e+4*a^2*c^3*d*e-b^5*e^2-b^3*c*(-5*a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*b*c^2*(-5*a*e^2+3*c*d^2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 755, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(105b^3e^3+3c^3(2d-5ex)(d+ex)^2-35bce^2(4bd+6ae+box)+7c^2e(3b(d+ex)^2+5ae(4d+bx+cx^2)))}{105c^4e^2}$$

$$+\frac{(ib^5e^2+b^4e(-2icd+\sqrt{-b^2+4ace})+ib^3c(cd^2+e(2i\sqrt{-b^2+4acd}-5ae)))+ac^2(a\sqrt{-b^2+4ace^2}-cd)}{105c^4e^2}$$

$$+\frac{(-ib^5e^2+b^4e(2icd+\sqrt{-b^2+4ace})+ac^2(a\sqrt{-b^2+4ace^2}+cd(-\sqrt{-b^2+4acd}+4iae)))+abc^2(3icd^2+cd^2)}{105c^4e^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(105*b^3*e^3 + 3*c^3*(2*d - 5*e*x)*(d + e*x)^2 - 35*b*c*
e^2*(4*b*d + 6*a*e + b*e*x) + 7*c^2*e*(3*b*(d + e*x)^2 + 5*a*e*(4*d + e*x)
)))/(105*c^4*e^2) + ((I*b^5*e^2 + b^4*e*((-2*I)*c*d + Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e
) + I*b^3*c*(c*d^2 + e*((2*I)*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d - 5*a*e)) + a*c^2*(a*Sq
rt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2 - c*d*(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + (4*I)*a*e)) + a*b*c^2*(
(-3*I)*c*d^2 + e*(4*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + (5*I)*a*e)) + b^2*c*(-3*a*Sqrt[
-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2 + c*d*(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + (8*I)*a*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[
2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]]/(c
^(9/2)*Sqrt[-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e])
+ (((-I)*b^5*e^2 + b^4*e*((2*I)*c*d + Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e) + a*c^2*(a*Sq
rt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2 + c*d*(-(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d) + (4*I)*a*e)) + a*b*c^
2*((3*I)*c*d^2 + e*(4*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d - (5*I)*a*e)) + b^3*c*((-I)*c*d
^2 + e*(-2*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + (5*I)*a*e)) + b^2*c*(-3*a*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*
a*c]*e^2 + c*d*(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d - (8*I)*a*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c
]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]]/(c^(9/2)*Sq
rt[-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 8.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 589, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

↓ 1199

$$2 \int \left(\frac{(d+ex)^3}{ce} - \frac{(cd+be)(d+ex)^2}{c^2e} + \frac{(b^2-ac)e(d+ex)}{c^3} + \frac{e(-eb^3+cdb^2+2aceb-ac^2d)}{c^4} - \frac{(-eb^3+cdb^2+2aceb-ac^2d)(cd^2-bed+ae^2)+(-e}{c^4e\left(\frac{c(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \right.} \right.$$

e

↓ 2009

$$2 \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{4a^2 c^3 d e - b^3 c (c d^2 - 5a e^2) - 8a b^2 c^2 d e + a b c^2 (3c d^2 - 5a e^2) + b^5 (-e^2) + 2b^4 c d e}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - b^2 c (c d^2 - 3a e^2) - 4a b c^2 d e + a c^2 (c d^2 - a e^2) + b^4 (-e^2) + 2b^3 c d e \right)}{\sqrt{2} c^{9/2} \sqrt{2c d - e (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} \right)$$

input `Int[(x^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*((e*(b^2*c*d - a*c^2*d - b^3*e + 2*a*b*c*e)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/c^4 + ((b^2 - a*c)*e*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c^3) - ((c*d + b*e)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*c^2*e) + (d + e*x)^(7/2)/(7*c*e) + (e*(2*b^3*c*d*e - 4*a*b*c^2*d*e - b^4*e^2 - b^2*c*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) + a*c^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2) - (2*b^4*c*d*e - 8*a*b^2*c^2*d*e + 4*a^2*c^3*d*e - b^5*e^2 - b^3*c*(c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2) + a*b*c^2*(3*c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2))/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*c^(9/2)*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + (e*(2*b^3*c*d*e - 4*a*b*c^2*d*e - b^4*e^2 - b^2*c*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) + a*c^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2) + (2*b^4*c*d*e - 8*a*b^2*c^2*d*e + 4*a^2*c^3*d*e - b^5*e^2 - b^3*c*(c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2) + a*b*c^2*(3*c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2))/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*c^(9/2)*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])))/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)]/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*(((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && FractionQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 680, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-e^2 \left(((a^2c^2 - 3cab^2 + b^4)e^2 + 2d(2abc^2 - b^3c)e - c^2d^2(ac - b^2)) \sqrt{-4e^2 \left(ac - \frac{b^2}{4} \right)} - 5e \left(b(a^2c^2 - cab^2 + \frac{1}{5}b^4)e^2 - \frac{4d(a^2c^2 - cab^2 + \frac{1}{5}b^4)}{5} \right) \right)$
risch	$\frac{2(15c^3x^3e^3 - 21bc^2e^3x^2 + 24c^3de^2x^2 - 35ac^2e^3x + 35xb^2ce^3 - 42bc^2de^2x + 3d^2ec^3x + 210abc^3e^3 - 140de^2ac^2 - 105b^3e^3)}{105e^2c^4}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2 \left(\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}c^3}{7} - \frac{bc^2e(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{c^3d(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{ac^2e^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{b^2ce^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2abc^3\sqrt{ex+d} - ac^2de^2\sqrt{ex+d} - b^3e^3\sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{c^4}$
default	$\frac{2 \left(\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}c^3}{7} - \frac{bc^2e(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{c^3d(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{ac^2e^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{b^2ce^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2abc^3\sqrt{ex+d} - ac^2de^2\sqrt{ex+d} - b^3e^3\sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{c^4}$

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
(-e^2*((a^2*c^2-3*a*b^2*c+b^4)*e^2+2*d*(2*a*b*c^2-b^3*c)*e-c^2*d^2*(a*c-b^2))*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2)-5*e*(b*(a^2*c^2-c*a*b^2+1/5*b^4)*e^2-4/5*d*(a^2*c^2-2*c*a*b^2+1/2*b^4)*c*e-3/5*d^2*b*(a*c-1/3*b^2)*c^2))*((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*c*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+e^2*((a^2*c^2-3*a*b^2*c+b^4)*e^2+2*d*(2*a*b*c^2-b^3*c)*e-c^2*d^2*(a*c-b^2))*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2)+5*e*(b*(a^2*c^2-c*a*b^2+1/5*b^4)*e^2-4/5*d*(a^2*c^2-2*c*a*b^2+1/2*b^4)*c*e-3/5*d^2*b*(a*c-1/3*b^2)*c^2))*2^(1/2)*arctan((e*x+d)^(1/2)*c*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+4*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*((1/14*c^3*x^3-1/6*x*(3/5*b*x+a)*c^2+b*(1/6*b*x+a)*c-1/2*b^3)*e^3-2/3*d*c*(-6/35*c^2*x^2+(3/10*b*x+a)*c-b^2)*e^2-1/10*d^2*(-1/7*c*x+b)*c^2*e-1/35*d^3*c^3)*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))/((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2)/c^4/e^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 11459 vs. 2(527) = 1054.

Time = 6.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11459, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.72

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Too large to include
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)*x^3/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1397 vs. $2(527) = 1054$.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1397, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*e))*((b^4*c^2 - 5*a*b^2*
c^3 + 4*a^2*c^4)*d^2 - 2*(b^5*c - 6*a*b^3*c^2 + 8*a^2*b*c^3)*d*e + (b^6 -
7*a*b^4*c + 13*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^3*c^3)*e^2)*c^2*e^2 - 2*((b^2*c^4 - a*c^5
)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^3 - (2*b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2*e
+ (b^4*c^2 - a*b^2*c^3 - a^2*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e^2 - (a*b^3*c^2 - 2
*a^2*b*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a
*c))*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*(b^3*c^5 - 3*a*b*c^6)*d^3*e - (5*b^4*c^4 - 19
*a*b^2*c^5 + 8*a^2*c^6)*d^2*e^2 + 2*(2*b^5*c^3 - 9*a*b^3*c^4 + 7*a^2*b*c^5
)*d*e^3 - (b^6*c^2 - 5*a*b^4*c^3 + 5*a^2*b^2*c^4)*e^4)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(
b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c
^8*d*e^16 - b*c^7*e^17 + sqrt(-4*(c^8*d^2*e^16 - b*c^7*d*e^17 + a*c^7*e^18
)*c^8*e^16 + (2*c^8*d*e^16 - b*c^7*e^17)^2))/(c^8*e^16)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a
*c)*c^7*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^6*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^6*e^2)*c
^2*abs(e)) - 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*e))*((b^4*c
^2 - 5*a*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^2*c^4)*d^2 - 2*(b^5*c - 6*a*b^3*c^2 + 8*a^2*b*c^3)*
d*e + (b^6 - 7*a*b^4*c + 13*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^3*c^3)*e^2)*c^2*e^2 + 2*((b
^2*c^4 - a*c^5)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^3 - (2*b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 -
4*a*c)*d^2*e + (b^4*c^2 - a*b^2*c^3 - a^2*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e^2 - (
a*b^3*c^2 - 2*a^2*b*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + s
qrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*(b^3*c^5 - 3*a*b*c^6)*d^3*e - ...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25497, normalized size of antiderivative = 43.88

$$\int \frac{x^3(d + ex)^{3/2}}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((x^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)
```

output

```
atan((((8*(4*a^3*c^8*d*e^4 - 8*a^3*b*c^7*e^5 - a*b^5*c^5*e^5 + b^6*c^5*d*
e^4 + 6*a^2*b^3*c^6*e^5 + 4*a^2*c^9*d^3*e^2 + b^4*c^7*d^3*e^2 - 2*b^5*c^6*
d^2*e^3 - 5*a*b^4*c^6*d*e^4 - 5*a*b^2*c^8*d^3*e^2 + 11*a*b^3*c^7*d^2*e^3 -
12*a^2*b*c^8*d^2*e^3 + 3*a^2*b^2*c^7*d*e^4)))/c^7 - (8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-(
b^11*e^3 - 8*a^4*c^7*d^3 - b^8*c^3*d^3 + b^8*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)
+ 10*a*b^6*c^4*d^3 - 36*a^5*b*c^5*e^3 + 24*a^5*c^6*d*e^2 + 3*b^9*c^2*d^2*e
- 33*a^2*b^4*c^5*d^3 + 38*a^3*b^2*c^6*d^3 + 63*a^2*b^7*c^2*e^3 - 138*a^3*
b^5*c^3*e^3 + 129*a^4*b^3*c^4*e^3 + a^4*c^4*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) -
b^5*c^3*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 13*a*b^9*c*e^3 - 3*b^10*c*d*e^2 +
15*a^2*b^4*c^2*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 10*a^3*b^2*c^3*e^3*(-(4*a*c
- b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 7*a*b^6*c*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 33*a*b^7*c^3*d^
2*e + 36*a*b^8*c^2*d*e^2 + 84*a^4*b*c^6*d^2*e - 3*b^7*c*d*e^2*(-(4*a*c - b
^2)^3)^(1/2) + 4*a*b^3*c^4*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 3*a^2*b*c^5*d^3*
(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 126*a^2*b^5*c^4*d^2*e - 156*a^2*b^6*c^3*d*e^2 -
189*a^3*b^3*c^5*d^2*e + 288*a^3*b^4*c^4*d*e^2 - 198*a^4*b^2*c^5*d*e^2 - 3
*a^3*c^5*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 3*b^6*c^2*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^
3)^(1/2) - 15*a*b^4*c^3*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 18*a*b^5*c^2*d*e^
2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 12*a^3*b*c^4*d*e^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) +
18*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 30*a^2*b^3*c^3*d*e^2*(-(4
*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(2*(16*a^2*c^11 + b^4*c^9 - 8*a*b^2*c^10)))^(1/2)...
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

3.68 $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	730
Mathematica [A] (verified)	731
Rubi [A] (verified)	732
Maple [A] (verified)	733
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	734
Sympy [F(-1)]	735
Maxima [F]	735
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	735
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	736
Reduce [F]	737

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 441

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = -\frac{2(bcd - b^2e + ace)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^3} - \frac{2b(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5ce}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\left((cd - be)(bcd - b^2e + 2ace) + \frac{2b^3cde - 6abc^2de - b^4e^2 - b^2c(cd^2 - 4ae^2) + 2ac^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}}\right)}{c^{7/2}\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}e}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\left((cd - be)(bcd - b^2e + 2ace) - \frac{2b^3cde - 6abc^2de - b^4e^2 - b^2c(cd^2 - 4ae^2) + 2ac^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}}\right)}{c^{7/2}\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}e}$$

output

```
-2*(a*c*e-b^2*e+b*c*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^3-2/3*b*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c^2+2/5*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/c/e+2^(1/2)*((-b*e+c*d)*(2*a*c*e-b^2*e+b*c*d)+(2*b^3*c*d*e-6*a*b*c^2*d*e-b^4*e^2-b^2*c*(-4*a*e^2+c*d^2)+2*a*c^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*((-b*e+c*d)*(2*a*c*e-b^2*e+b*c*d)-(2*b^3*c*d*e-6*a*b*c^2*d*e-b^4*e^2-b^2*c*(-4*a*e^2+c*d^2)+2*a*c^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 537, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}(15b^2e^2+3c^2(d+ex)^2-5ce(4bd+3ae+bx))}{e} - \frac{15\sqrt{2}(-b^4e^2+b^3e(2cd+\sqrt{b^2-4ace})+bc(-2a\sqrt{b^2-4ace}))}{e}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]
```

output

```
((2*sqrt[c]*sqrt[d + e*x]*(15*b^2*e^2 + 3*c^2*(d + e*x)^2 - 5*c*e*(4*b*d + 3*a*e + b*e*x)))/e - (15*sqrt[2]*(-(b^4*e^2) + b^3*e*(2*c*d + sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e) + b*c*(-2*a*sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e^2 + c*d*(sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 6*a*e)) - b^2*c*(c*d^2 + 2*e*(sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 2*a*e)) + 2*a*c^2*(c*d^2 + e*(sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - a*e)))*ArcTan[(sqrt[2]*sqrt[c]*sqrt[d + e*x])/sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e]]/(sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) - (15*sqrt[2]*(b^4*e^2 + b^3*e*(-2*c*d + sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e) + 2*a*c^2*(-(c*d^2) + e*(sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + a*e)) + b^2*c*(c*d^2 - 2*e*(sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 2*a*e)) + b*c*(-2*a*sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e^2 + c*d*(sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 6*a*e)))*ArcTan[(sqrt[2]*sqrt[c]*sqrt[d + e*x])/sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]]/(sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]))/(15*c^(7/2))
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 447, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

↓ 1199

$$2 \int \left(\frac{(d+ex)^2}{c} - \frac{be(d+ex)}{c^2} - \frac{e(-eb^2+cdb+ace)}{c^3} + \frac{(-eb^2+cdb+ace)(cd^2-bed+ae^2)-(cd-be)(-eb^2+cdb+2ace)(d+ex)}{c^3 e \left(\frac{c(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{(2cd-be)(d+ex)}{e^2} + a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2} \right)} \right) d\sqrt{d+ex}$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left(\frac{e \left((cd-be)(2ace+b^2(-e)+bcd) + \frac{-b^2c(cd^2-4ae^2)-6abc^2de+2ac^2(cd^2-ae^2)+b^4(-e^2)+2b^3cde}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \right) + \frac{e}{\sqrt{2c^{7/2}\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}} \right)}{\sqrt{2c^{7/2}\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]`

output `(2*(-((e*(b*c*d - b^2*e + a*c*e)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/c^3) - (b*e*(d + e*x)^(3/2)))/(3*c^2) + (d + e*x)^(5/2)/(5*c) + (e*((c*d - b*e)*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e) + (2*b^3*c*d*e - 6*a*b*c^2*d*e - b^4*e^2 - b^2*c*(c*d^2 - 4*a*e^2) + 2*a*c^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]]/(Sqrt[2]*c^(7/2)*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + (e*((c*d - b*e)*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e) - (2*b^3*c*d*e - 6*a*b*c^2*d*e - b^4*e^2 - b^2*c*(c*d^2 - 4*a*e^2) + 2*a*c^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]]/(Sqrt[2]*c^(7/2)*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]))/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1199 Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*(((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && FractionQ[m]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 541, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$2 \left(e \left((be - cd) \left(\left(ae + \frac{bd}{2} \right) c - \frac{e b^2}{2} \right) \sqrt{-4e^2 \left(ac - \frac{b^2}{4} \right)} + \left(-a c^3 d^2 + (e^2 a^2 + 3abde + \frac{1}{2} b^2 d^2) c^2 + (-2a b^2 e^2 - b^3 de) c + \frac{b^4 e^3}{2} \right) \right) \right)$
risch	$-\frac{2(-3c^2 e^2 x^2 + 5e^2 xbc - 6c^2 dex + 15ac e^2 - 15b^2 e^2 + 20bcde - 3c^2 d^2) \sqrt{ex+d}}{15e c^3} + \frac{(2a^2 c^2 e^3 - 4a b^2 c e^3 + 6ab c^2 d e^2 - 2a c^3 d^2 e + \dots)}{8e}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2 \left(-\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} c^2}{5} + \frac{bce(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + ac e^2 \sqrt{ex+d} - b^2 e^2 \sqrt{ex+d} + bcde \sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{c^3} + \frac{(2a^2 c^2 e^3 - 4a b^2 c e^3 + 6ab c^2 d e^2 - 2a c^3 d^2 e + \dots)}{8e}$
default	$-\frac{2 \left(-\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} c^2}{5} + \frac{bce(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + ac e^2 \sqrt{ex+d} - b^2 e^2 \sqrt{ex+d} + bcde \sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{c^3} + \frac{(2a^2 c^2 e^3 - 4a b^2 c e^3 + 6ab c^2 d e^2 - 2a c^3 d^2 e + \dots)}{8e}$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -2/((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2 \\
 & *(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2)*(e*((b*e-c*d) \\
 & *((a*e+1/2*b*d)*c-1/2*e*b^2)*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2)+(-a*c^3*d^2+(e^2 \\
 & *a^2+3*a*b*d*e+1/2*b^2*d^2)*c^2+(-2*a*b^2*e^2-b^3*d*e)*c+1/2*b^4*e^2)*e)* \\
 & ((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d) \\
 & ^{(1/2)*c*2^{(1/2)}}/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+((-b* \\
 & e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(e*2^(1/2))*(-(b*e-c*d)*((a* \\
 & e+1/2*b*d)*c-1/2*e*b^2)*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2)+(-a*c^3*d^2+(e^2*a^2+ \\
 & 3*a*b*d*e+1/2*b^2*d^2)*c^2+(-2*a*b^2*e^2-b^3*d*e)*c+1/2*b^4*e^2)*e)*\operatorname{arctan} \\
 & ((e*x+d)^(1/2)*c*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2) \\
 &))+(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(-1/5* \\
 & (e*x+d)^2*c^2+e*((1/3*b*x+a)*e+4/3*b*d)*c-b^2*e^2)*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(\\
 & (1/2)))/e/c^3
 \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 8530 vs. $2(391) = 782$.

Time = 2.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8530, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.34

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)*x^2/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1195 vs. $2(391) = 782$.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1195, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*e)*((b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b*c
^3)*d^2 - 2*(b^4*c - 5*a*b^2*c^2 + 4*a^2*c^3)*d*e + (b^5 - 6*a*b^3*c + 8*a
^2*b*c^2)*e^2)*c^2*e^2 - 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^4*d^3 + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c
)*b^3*c^2*d*e^2 - (2*b^2*c^3 - a*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2*e - (a*b^2*c^2
- a^2*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a
*c))*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*(b^2*c^5 - 2*a*c^6)*d^3*e - (5*b^3*c^4 - 14*a
*b*c^5)*d^2*e^2 + 2*(2*b^4*c^3 - 7*a*b^2*c^4 + 2*a^2*c^5)*d*e^3 - (b^5*c^2
- 4*a*b^3*c^3 + 2*a^2*b*c^4)*e^4)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a
*c))*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c^6*d*e^6 - b*c^5*e^7
+ sqrt(-4*(c^6*d^2*e^6 - b*c^5*d*e^7 + a*c^5*e^8)*c^6*e^6 + (2*c^6*d*e^6
- b*c^5*e^7)^2))/(c^6*e^6)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^6*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*
c)*b*c^5*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^5*e^2)*c^2*abs(e)) + 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2
*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*e)*((b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b*c^3)*d^2 - 2*(b^4*
c - 5*a*b^2*c^2 + 4*a^2*c^3)*d*e + (b^5 - 6*a*b^3*c + 8*a^2*b*c^2)*e^2)*c^
2*e^2 + 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^4*d^3 + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b^3*c^2*d*e^2 -
(2*b^2*c^3 - a*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2*e - (a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*c^3)*sqrt(
b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*e)*abs(c)*
abs(e) + (2*(b^2*c^5 - 2*a*c^6)*d^3*e - (5*b^3*c^4 - 14*a*b*c^5)*d^2*e^2 +
2*(2*b^4*c^3 - 7*a*b^2*c^4 + 2*a^2*c^5)*d*e^3 - (b^5*c^2 - 4*a*b^3*c^3 +
2*a^2*b*c^4)*e^4)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*e))*arc...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19465, normalized size of antiderivative = 44.14

$$\int \frac{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((x^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)
```

output

```
atan((((8*(4*a^3*c^6*e^5 + a*b^4*c^4*e^5 - b^5*c^4*d*e^4 - 5*a^2*b^2*c^5*
e^5 + 4*a^2*c^7*d^2*e^3 - b^3*c^6*d^3*e^2 + 2*b^4*c^5*d^2*e^3 + 4*a*b*c^7*
d^3*e^2 + 4*a*b^3*c^5*d*e^4 - 9*a*b^2*c^6*d^2*e^3)))/c^5 - (8*(d + e*x)^(1/
2)*(-(b^9*e^3 + 8*a^3*c^6*d^3 - b^6*c^3*d^3 - b^6*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(
1/2) + 8*a*b^4*c^4*d^3 + 28*a^4*b*c^4*e^3 - 24*a^4*c^5*d*e^2 + 3*b^7*c^2*d
^2*e - 18*a^2*b^2*c^5*d^3 + 42*a^2*b^5*c^2*e^3 - 63*a^3*b^3*c^3*e^3 + a^3*
c^3*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^3*c^3*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) -
11*a*b^7*c*e^3 - 3*b^8*c*d*e^2 - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)
) - 2*a*b*c^4*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 5*a*b^4*c*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)
^3)^(1/2) - 27*a*b^5*c^3*d^2*e + 30*a*b^6*c^2*d*e^2 - 60*a^3*b*c^5*d^2*e +
3*b^5*c*d*e^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 75*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^2*e - 99*a^2*b^
4*c^3*d*e^2 + 114*a^3*b^2*c^4*d*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^4*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(
1/2) - 3*b^4*c^2*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 9*a*b^2*c^3*d^2*e*(-(4*a
*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 12*a*b^3*c^2*d*e^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 9*a^2*b
*c^3*d*e^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(2*(16*a^2*c^9 + b^4*c^7 - 8*a*b^2*c^
8)))^(1/2)*(b^3*c^7*e^3 - 2*b^2*c^8*d*e^2 - 4*a*b*c^8*e^3 + 8*a*c^9*d*e^2)
)/c^5)*(-(b^9*e^3 + 8*a^3*c^6*d^3 - b^6*c^3*d^3 - b^6*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^
3)^(1/2) + 8*a*b^4*c^4*d^3 + 28*a^4*b*c^4*e^3 - 24*a^4*c^5*d*e^2 + 3*b^7*c
^2*d^2*e - 18*a^2*b^2*c^5*d^3 + 42*a^2*b^5*c^2*e^3 - 63*a^3*b^3*c^3*e^3 +
a^3*c^3*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^3*c^3*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(...
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

3.69 $\int \frac{x(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	738
Mathematica [C] (verified)	739
Rubi [A] (verified)	739
Maple [A] (verified)	742
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Sympy [F(-1)]	743
Maxima [F]	744
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	744
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	745
Reduce [F]	746

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 376

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2(cd-be)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(c^2d^2 + b^2e^2 - ce(2bd + ae) + \frac{2b^2cde - 4ac^2de - b^3e^2 - bc(cd^2 - 3ae^2)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{c^{5/2}\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(c^2d^2 + b^2e^2 - ce(2bd + ae) - \frac{2b^2cde - 4ac^2de - b^3e^2 - bc(cd^2 - 3ae^2)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{c^{5/2}\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

output

```
2*(-b*e+c*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^2+2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c-2^(1/2)*(c^2*d^2+b^2*e^2-c*e*(a*e+2*b*d)+(2*b^2*c*d*e-4*a*c^2*d*e-b^3*e^2-b*c*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*(c^2*d^2+b^2*e^2-c*e*(a*e+2*b*d)-(2*b^2*c*d*e-4*a*c^2*d*e-b^3*e^2-b*c*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 493, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}(4cd-3be+cex) + \frac{3(ib^3e^2+b^2e(-2icd+\sqrt{-b^2+4ace})+ibc(cd^2+e(2i\sqrt{-b^2+4acd}-3ae)))}{\sqrt{-\frac{b^2}{2}+2ae}}}{\sqrt{-\frac{b^2}{2}+2ae}}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output

```
(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(4*c*d - 3*b*e + c*e*x) + (3*(I*b^3*e^2 + b^2*e*(-2*I)*c*d + Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e) + I*b*c*(c*d^2 + e*((2*I)*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d - 3*a*e)) + c*(-(a*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2) + c*d*(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + (4*I)*a*e)))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]]/(Sqrt[-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]) + (3*((-I)*b^3*e^2 + b^2*e*((2*I)*c*d + Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e) + b*c*((-I)*c*d^2 + e*(-2*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + (3*I)*a*e)) + c*(-(a*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2) + c*d*(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d - (4*I)*a*e)))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]]/(Sqrt[-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]))/(3*c^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {1196, 25, 1196, 1197, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

↓ 1196

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-(cd-be)x)}{cx^2+bx+a} dx}{c} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-(cd-be)x)}{cx^2+bx+a} dx}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1196 \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{\int \frac{ae(2cd-be)-(c^2d^2+b^2e^2-ce(2bd+ae))x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+bx+a)} dx}{c} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cd-be)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1197 \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{2 \int \frac{(cd-be)(cd^2-bed+ae^2)-(c^2d^2+b^2e^2-ce(2bd+ae))(d+ex)}{cd^2-bed+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2-(2cd-be)(d+ex)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cd-be)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{-bc(cd^2-3ae^2)-4ac^2de+b^3(-e^2)+2b^2cde}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - ce(ae+2bd)+b^2e^2+c^2d^2 \right) \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}((b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e-2cd)+c(d+ex)} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{bc(cd^2-3ae^2)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right)}{c} \right)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{2 \left(\left(\frac{-bc(cd^2-3ae^2)-4ac^2de+b^3(-e^2)+2b^2cde}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - ce(ae+2bd)+b^2e^2+c^2d^2 \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \right) + \left(-\frac{bc(cd^2-3ae^2)-4ac^2de+b^3(-e^2)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \right)}{c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)})/(3*c) - ((-2*(c*d - b*e)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/c + (2*(((c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 - c*e*(2*b*d + a*e) + (2*b^2*c*d*e - 4*a*c^2*d*e - b^3*e^2 - b*c*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2))/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + ((c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 - c*e*(2*b*d + a*e) - (2*b^2*c*d*e - 4*a*c^2*d*e - b^3*e^2 - b*c*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2))/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]))))/c)/c \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 221

$$\text{Int}[(\text{(a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a})*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$$

rule 1196

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(\text{(d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(\text{x}_))^{\text{(m)}}*(\text{(f}_) + (\text{g}_)*(\text{x}_)))/(\text{(a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(\text{x}_) + (\text{c}_)*(\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{g}*((\text{d} + \text{e*x})^{\text{m}}/(\text{c*m})), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/\text{c} \quad \text{Int} \\ & [(\text{d} + \text{e*x})^{\text{m} - 1}*(\text{Simp}[\text{c*d*f} - \text{a*e*g} + (\text{g*c*d} - \text{b*e*g} + \text{c*e*f})*\text{x}, \text{x}]/(\text{a} + \text{b*x} + \text{c*x}^2)), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[\text{m}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{m}, 0] \end{aligned}$$

rule 1197

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(\text{(f}_) + (\text{g}_)*(\text{x}_))/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(\text{x}_)]*(\text{(a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(\text{x}_) + (\text{c}_)*(\text{x}_)^2)), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(\text{e*f} - \text{d*g} + \text{g*x}^2)/(\text{c*d}^2 - \text{b*d*e} + \text{a*e}^2 - (2*c*d - \text{b*e})*\text{x}^2 + \text{c*x}^4), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{Sqrt}[\text{d} + \text{e*x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}\}, \text{x}] \end{aligned}$$

rule 1480

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(\text{(d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(\text{x}_)^2)/(\text{(a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(\text{x}_)^2 + (\text{c}_)*(\text{x}_)^4), \text{x_Symbol}] : \\ & > \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(\text{e}/2 + (2*c*d - \text{b*e})/(2*q)) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{b}/2 - \text{q}/2 + \text{c*x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(\text{e}/2 - (2*c*d - \text{b*e})/(2*q)) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{b}/2 + \text{q}/2 + \text{c*x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c] \end{aligned}$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 485, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$2 \frac{\left((-c^2 d^2 + (a e^2 + 2bde)c - b^2 e^2) \sqrt{-4e^2 \left(ac - \frac{b^2}{4} \right)} + (4ad e^2 + b d^2 e) c^2 + (-3a e^3 b - 2d e^2 b^2) c + b^3 e^3 \right) \sqrt{\left(be - 2cd + \sqrt{-4e^2} \right)}}{2}$
risch	$\frac{2(-cex + 3be - 4cd)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3c^2} - \frac{8 \left((-3abc e^3 + 4d e^2 a c^2 + b^3 e^3 - 2d e^2 b^2 c + d^2 eb c^2 + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ac e^2 - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ac e^2 + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ac e^2 \right)}{8c \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}}$
derivativdivides	$2 \frac{\left(-\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} c + \sqrt{ex+d} be - cd \sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{c^2} + \frac{\left(-3abc e^3 + 4d e^2 a c^2 + b^3 e^3 - 2d e^2 b^2 c + d^2 eb c^2 - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ac e^2 + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ac e^2 + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ac e^2 \right)}{c \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}}$
default	$2 \frac{\left(-\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} c + \sqrt{ex+d} be - cd \sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{c^2} + \frac{\left(-3abc e^3 + 4d e^2 a c^2 + b^3 e^3 - 2d e^2 b^2 c + d^2 eb c^2 - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ac e^2 + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ac e^2 + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ac e^2 \right)}{c \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}}$

input `int(x*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-2/((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(-1/2*((-c^2*d^2+(a*
e^2+2*b*d*e)*c-b^2*e^2)*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2)+(4*a*d*e^2+b*d^2*e)*c
^2+(-3*a*b*e^3-2*b^2*d*e^2)*c+b^3*e^3)*((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(
1/2))*c)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*c*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e
^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+(1/2*2^(1/2))*((-c^2*d^2+(a*e^2+2*b*d*e)
*c-b^2*e^2)*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2)+(-4*a*d*e^2-b*d^2*e)*c^2+(3*a*b*e
^3+2*b^2*d*e^2)*c-b^3*e^3)*arctan((e*x+d)^(1/2)*c*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*
e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+(1/3*(-e*x-4*d)*c+b*e)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((
b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(
1/2))*((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-
4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2)/c^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5572 vs. $2(330) = 660$.

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5572, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.82

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Too large to include
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}x}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)*x/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 986 vs. $2(330) = 660$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 986, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2/3*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2 + 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*d - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*b*c*e)/
c^3 + 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*((b^2*c^2 - 4*
a*c^3)*d^2 - 2*(b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*d*e + (b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)*e^2
)*c^2*e^2 - 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^4*d^3 - 2*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^3*d^2*e
- sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*c^2*e^3 + (b^2*c^2 + a*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e
^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*b*
c^5*d^3*e - (5*b^2*c^4 - 8*a*c^5)*d^2*e^2 + 2*(2*b^3*c^3 - 5*a*b*c^4)*d*e^
3 - (b^4*c^2 - 3*a*b^2*c^3)*e^4)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c
)*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c^4*d - b*c^3*e + sqrt(
-4*(c^4*d^2 - b*c^3*d*e + a*c^3*e^2)*c^4 + (2*c^4*d - b*c^3*e)^2))/c^4))/
(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^5*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^4*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*
c)*a*c^4*e^2)*c^2*abs(e)) - 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c
)*c)*e)*((b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)*d^2 - 2*(b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*d*e + (b^4 - 5*a*
b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)*e^2)*c^2*e^2 + 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^4*d^3 - 2*sqrt(b^
2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^3*d^2*e - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*c^2*e^3 + (b^2*c^2 + a*c^3)
*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)
*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*b*c^5*d^3*e - (5*b^2*c^4 - 8*a*c^5)*d^2*e^2 + 2*(2*b^3
*c^3 - 5*a*b*c^4)*d*e^3 - (b^4*c^2 - 3*a*b^2*c^3)*e^4)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(
b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c
^4*d - b*c^3*e - sqrt(-4*(c^4*d^2 - b*c^3*d*e + a*c^3*e^2)*c^4 + (2*c^4...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13841, normalized size of antiderivative = 36.81

$$\int \frac{x(d + ex)^{3/2}}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((x*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c) - ((2*d)/c + (2*(b*e - 2*c*d))/c^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2) - atan((((8*(a*b^3*c^3*e^5 - 4*a^2*b*c^4*e^5 + 4*a*c^6*d^3*e^2 + 4*a^2*c^5*d*e^4 - b^4*c^3*d*e^4 - b^2*c^5*d^3*e^2 + 2*b^3*c^4*d^2*e^3 - 8*a*b*c^5*d^2*e^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d*e^4))/c^3 - (8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-(b^7*e^3 - 8*a^2*c^5*d^3 - b^4*c^3*d^3 + b^4*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 6*a*b^2*c^4*d^3 - 20*a^3*b*c^3*e^3 - b*c^3*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 24*a^3*c^4*d*e^2 + 3*b^5*c^2*d^2*e + 25*a^2*b^3*c^2*e^3 + a^2*c^2*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 9*a*b^5*c*e^3 - 3*b^6*c*d*e^2 - 3*a*b^2*c*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 21*a*b^3*c^3*d^2*e + 24*a*b^4*c^2*d*e^2 + 36*a^2*b*c^4*d^2*e - 3*a*c^3*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 3*b^3*c*d*e^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 54*a^2*b^2*c^3*d*e^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 6*a*b*c^2*d*e^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(2*(16*a^2*c^7 + b^4*c^5 - 8*a*b^2*c^6)))^(1/2)*(b^3*c^5*e^3 - 2*b^2*c^6*d*e^2 - 4*a*b*c^6*e^3 + 8*a*c^7*d*e^2))/c^3)*(-(b^7*e^3 - 8*a^2*c^5*d^3 - b^4*c^3*d^3 + b^4*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 6*a*b^2*c^4*d^3 - 20*a^3*b*c^3*e^3 - b*c^3*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 24*a^3*c^4*d*e^2 + 3*b^5*c^2*d^2*e + 25*a^2*b^3*c^2*e^3 + a^2*c^2*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 9*a*b^5*c*e^3 - 3*b^6*c*d*e^2 - 3*a*b^2*c*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 21*a*b^3*c^3*d^2*e + 24*a*b^4*c^2*d*e^2 + 36*a^2*b*c^4*d^2*e - 3*a*c^3*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 3*b^3*c*d*e^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 54*a^2*b^2*c^3*d*e^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d^2...
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d + ex)^{3/2}}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x(ex + d)^{3/2}}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input

```
int(x*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
int(x*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

3.70 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	747
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 322

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}(2c^2d^2 + b(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e^2 - 2ce(bd - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}d + ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{c^{3/2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}(2c^2d^2 + b(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e^2 - 2ce(bd + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}d + ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{c^{3/2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

output

```
2*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c-2^(1/2)*(2*c^2*d^2+b*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e^2-2*c*e*(b*d-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*d+a*e))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*(2*c^2*d^2+b*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e^2-2*c*e*(b*d+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*d+a*e))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{(-2ic^2d^2 - b(ib + \sqrt{-b^2+4ac})e^2 + 2ce(ibd + \sqrt{-b^2+4acd+iae}))}{\sqrt{-\frac{b^2}{2}+2ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b-i\sqrt{-b^2+4ac})e}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+be-i\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}}\right)}{c^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[d + e*x] + (((-2*I)*c^2*d^2 - b*(I*b + Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e^2 + 2*c*e*(I*b*d + Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + I*a*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]]/(Sqrt[-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]) + (((2*I)*c^2*d^2 - b*((-I)*b + Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e^2 + 2*c*e*((-I)*b*d + Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d - I*a*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]]/(Sqrt[-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]))/c^(3/2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {1146, 1197, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx \quad \downarrow \quad 1146$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{cd^2 - ae^2 + e(2cd - be)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2 + bx + a)} dx}{c} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1197 \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{e(cd^2 - bed + ae^2 - (2cd - be)(d + ex))}{cd^2 - bed + ae^2 + c(d + ex)^2 - (2cd - be)(d + ex)} d\sqrt{d + ex}}{c} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d + ex}}{c} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{d + ex}}{c} - \frac{2 \int \frac{e(cd^2 - bed + ae^2 - (2cd - be)(d + ex))}{cd^2 - bed + ae^2 + c(d + ex)^2 - (2cd - be)(d + ex)} d\sqrt{d + ex}}{c} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{d + ex}}{c} - \frac{2e \int \frac{cd^2 - bed + ae^2 - (2cd - be)(d + ex)}{cd^2 - bed + ae^2 + c(d + ex)^2 - (2cd - be)(d + ex)} d\sqrt{d + ex}}{c} \\
 & \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{d + ex}}{c} - \\
 & \frac{2e \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{-2ce(ae + bd) + b^2e^2 + 2c^2d^2}{e\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - be + 2cd \right) \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} \left((b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e - 2cd \right) + c(d + ex)} d\sqrt{d + ex} - \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{-2ce(ae + bd) + b^2e^2 + 2c^2d^2}{e\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)}{c} \right. \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{d + ex}}{c} - \\
 & \frac{2e \left(\left(\frac{-2ce(ae + bd) + b^2e^2 + 2c^2d^2}{e\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - be + 2cd \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} \right) + \left(-\frac{-2ce(ae + bd) + b^2e^2 + 2c^2d^2}{e\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - be + 2cd \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}} \right) \right)}{c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*e*Sqrt[d + e*x])/c - (2*e*(((2*c*d - b*e + (2*c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 - 2*c*e*(b*d + a*e))/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + ((2*c*d - b*e - (2*c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 - 2*c*e*(b*d + a*e))/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]]))/c`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a})*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 1146 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(x_)^m)/((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_) + (\text{c}_)*(x_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{e}*((\text{d} + \text{e}*x)^{m-1}/(\text{c}*(m-1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/\text{c} \quad \text{Int}[(\text{d} + \text{e}*x)^{m-2}*(\text{Simp}[\text{c}*d^2 - \text{a}*e^2 + \text{e}*(2*\text{c}*d - \text{b}*e)*x], \text{x}]/(\text{a} + \text{b}*x + \text{c}*x^2)), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{m}, 1]$
- rule 1197 $\text{Int}[(\text{f}_) + (\text{g}_)*(x_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(x_)]*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_) + (\text{c}_)*(x_)^2)), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(\text{e}*f - \text{d}*g + \text{g}*x^2)/(\text{c}*d^2 - \text{b}*d*e + \text{a}*e^2 - (2*\text{c}*d - \text{b}*e)*x^2 + \text{c}*x^4)], \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{Sqrt}[\text{d} + \text{e}*x]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 1480 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(x_)^2)/((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2 + (\text{c}_)*(x_)^4), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(\text{e}/2 + (2*\text{c}*d - \text{b}*e)/(2*\text{q})) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{b}/2 - \text{q}/2 + \text{c}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(\text{e}/2 - (2*\text{c}*d - \text{b}*e)/(2*\text{q})) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{b}/2 + \text{q}/2 + \text{c}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{c}*d^2 - \text{a}*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*c]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$e \left(\frac{(2ace^2 - b^2e^2 + 2bcde - 2c^2d^2 + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} be - 2\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} cd) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} c \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{ex+d} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} \sqrt{(-be+2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}}{c}} \right)$
derivativedivides	$2e \left(\frac{\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} - \frac{(-2ace^2 + b^2e^2 - 2bcde + 2c^2d^2 - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} be + 2\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} cd) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} c \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}} \right)}{2c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} \sqrt{(-be+2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}}}{\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} - \frac{(-2ace^2 + b^2e^2 - 2bcde + 2c^2d^2 - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} be + 2\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} cd) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} c \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}} \right)}{2c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} \sqrt{(-be+2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}}}$
default	$2e \left(\frac{\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} - \frac{(-2ace^2 + b^2e^2 - 2bcde + 2c^2d^2 - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} be + 2\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} cd) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} c \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}} \right)}{2c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} \sqrt{(-be+2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}}}{\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} - \frac{(-2ace^2 + b^2e^2 - 2bcde + 2c^2d^2 - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} be + 2\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} cd) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} c \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}} \right)}{2c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} \sqrt{(-be+2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}}}$
risch	$\frac{2e\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} - 8e \left(\frac{(2ace^2 - b^2e^2 + 2bcde - 2c^2d^2 + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} be - 2\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} cd) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} c \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}} \right)}{8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} \sqrt{(-be+2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{e}{c} (2(e*x+d)^{(1/2)} + (2*a*c*e^2 - b^2*e^2 + 2*b*c*d*e - 2*c^2*d^2 + (-e^2*(4*a*c - b^2))^{(1/2)}*b*e - 2*(-e^2*(4*a*c - b^2))^{(1/2)}*c*d) / (-e^2*(4*a*c - b^2))^{(1/2)} * 2^{(1/2)} / ((-b*e + 2*c*d + (-e^2*(4*a*c - b^2))^{(1/2)})*c)^{(1/2)} * \operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)} * c * 2^{(1/2)} / ((-b*e + 2*c*d + (-e^2*(4*a*c - b^2))^{(1/2)})*c)^{(1/2)}) + (2*a*c*e^2 - b^2*e^2 + 2*b*c*d*e - 2*c^2*d^2 - (-e^2*(4*a*c - b^2))^{(1/2)}*b*e + 2*(-e^2*(4*a*c - b^2))^{(1/2)}*c*d) / (-e^2*(4*a*c - b^2))^{(1/2)} * 2^{(1/2)} / ((b*e - 2*c*d + (-e^2*(4*a*c - b^2))^{(1/2)})*c)^{(1/2)} * \operatorname{arctan}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)} * c * 2^{(1/2)} / ((b*e - 2*c*d + (-e^2*(4*a*c - b^2))^{(1/2)})*c)^{(1/2)})$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2770 vs. $2(272) = 544$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2770, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.60

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/2*(sqrt(2)*c*sqrt((2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e + 3*(b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d*e^2 - (b^3 - 3*a*b*c)*e^3 + (b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*sqrt((9*c^4*d^4*e^2 - 18*b*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 3*(5*b^2*c^2 - 2*a*c^3)*d^2*e^4 - 6*(b^3*c - a*b*c^2)*d*e^5 + (b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)*e^6)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))/(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4))*log(sqrt(2)*(3*(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)*d^2*e^2 - 3*(b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*d*e^3 + (b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)*e^4 - (2*(b^2*c^4 - 4*a*c^5)*d - (b^3*c^3 - 4*a*b*c^4)*e)*sqrt((9*c^4*d^4*e^2 - 18*b*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 3*(5*b^2*c^2 - 2*a*c^3)*d^2*e^4 - 6*(b^3*c - a*b*c^2)*d*e^5 + (b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)*e^6)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))*sqrt((2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e + 3*(b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d*e^2 - (b^3 - 3*a*b*c)*e^3 + (b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*sqrt((9*c^4*d^4*e^2 - 18*b*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 3*(5*b^2*c^2 - 2*a*c^3)*d^2*e^4 - 6*(b^3*c - a*b*c^2)*d*e^5 + (b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)*e^6)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))/(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)) - 4*(3*c^3*d^4*e - 6*b*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 2*(2*b^2*c + a*c^2)*d^2*e^3 - (b^3 + 2*a*b*c)*d*e^4 + (a*b^2 - a^2*c)*e^5)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(2)*c*sqrt((2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e + 3*(b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d*e^2 - (b^3 - 3*a*b*c)*e^3 + (b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*sqrt((9*c^4*d^4*e^2 - 18*b*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 3*(5*b^2*c^2 - 2*a*c^3)*d^2*e^4 - 6*(b^3*c - a*b*c^2)*d*e^5 + (b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)*e^6)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))/(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4))*log(-sqrt(2)*(3*(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)*d^2*e^2 - 3*(b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*d*e^3 + (b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)*e^4 - (2*(b^2*c^4 - 4*a*c^5)*d - (b^3*c^3 - 4*...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a), x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)/(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 797 vs. $2(272) = 544$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 797, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2*sqrt(e*x + d)*e/c + 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e
)*(2*(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d*e - (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*e^2)*c^2*e^2 - 2*(sqrt(b^2 -
4*a*c)*c^3*d^2*e - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^2*d*e^2 + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^2
*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) - (4*
c^5*d^3*e - 6*b*c^4*d^2*e^2 + 4*(b^2*c^3 - a*c^4)*d*e^3 - (b^3*c^2 - 2*a*b
*c^3)*e^4)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt
(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c^2*d - b*c*e + sqrt(-4*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e +
a*c*e^2)*c^2 + (2*c^2*d - b*c*e)^2))/c^2))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^4*d^2 - s
qrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^3*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^3*e^2)*c^2*abs(e)) - 1/
4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*(2*(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d
*e - (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*e^2)*c^2*e^2 + 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^3*d^2*e - sqrt(
b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^2*d*e^2 + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^2*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*
(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) - (4*c^5*d^3*e - 6*b*c^4*d^2*
e^2 + 4*(b^2*c^3 - a*c^4)*d*e^3 - (b^3*c^2 - 2*a*b*c^3)*e^4)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d
+ 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt
(-(2*c^2*d - b*c*e - sqrt(-4*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*c^2 + (2*c^2*d
- b*c*e)^2))/c^2))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^4*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^3*d
*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^3*e^2)*c^2*abs(e))

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8334, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.88

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/c - atan((((8*(4*a^2*c^3*e^5 - a*b^2*c^2*e^5 + 4*a*
c^4*d^2*e^3 + b^3*c^2*d*e^4 - b^2*c^3*d^2*e^3 - 4*a*b*c^3*d*e^4))/c - (8*(
d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-(b^5*e^3 + 8*a*c^4*d^3 - 2*b^2*c^3*d^3 - b^2*e^3*(-(4*a*c
- b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 12*a^2*b*c^2*e^3 - 24*a^2*c^3*d*e^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d^2*e
- 3*c^2*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 7*a*b^3*c*e^3 + a*c*e^3*(-(4*a*c
- b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 3*b^4*c*d*e^2 - 12*a*b*c^3*d^2*e + 3*b*c*d*e^2*(-(4*a*c
- b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 18*a*b^2*c^2*d*e^2)/(2*(16*a^2*c^5 + b^4*c^3 - 8*a*b^2*c^
4))))^(1/2)*(b^3*c^3*e^3 - 2*b^2*c^4*d*e^2 - 4*a*b*c^4*e^3 + 8*a*c^5*d*e^2)
)/c*(-(b^5*e^3 + 8*a*c^4*d^3 - 2*b^2*c^3*d^3 - b^2*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)
^(1/2) + 12*a^2*b*c^2*e^3 - 24*a^2*c^3*d*e^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d^2*e - 3*c^2*d^2
*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 7*a*b^3*c*e^3 + a*c*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(
1/2) - 3*b^4*c*d*e^2 - 12*a*b*c^3*d^2*e + 3*b*c*d*e^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(
1/2) + 18*a*b^2*c^2*d*e^2)/(2*(16*a^2*c^5 + b^4*c^3 - 8*a*b^2*c^4)))^(1/2)
- (8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(b^4*e^6 + 2*a^2*c^2*e^6 + 2*c^4*d^4*e^2 - 12*a*c^3*
d^2*e^4 - 4*b*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 6*b^2*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 4*a*b^2*c*e^6 - 4*b^3*c*d*
e^5 + 12*a*b*c^2*d*e^5))/c*(-(b^5*e^3 + 8*a*c^4*d^3 - 2*b^2*c^3*d^3 - b^2
*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 12*a^2*b*c^2*e^3 - 24*a^2*c^3*d*e^2 + 3*b^
3*c^2*d^2*e - 3*c^2*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 7*a*b^3*c*e^3 + a*c*e
^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 3*b^4*c*d*e^2 - 12*a*b*c^3*d^2*e + 3*b*c*d*e
^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 18*a*b^2*c^2*d*e^2)/(2*(16*a^2*c^5 + b^4*...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2819, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.75

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```


output

```

(2*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d)*sqrt(a*e**2
- b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - b*
e + 2*c*d) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e +
c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d))*b*c*e - 4*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*
d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - b*e + 2*c*d) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt
(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d))*c**2*d + 4*sqrt(c
)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d)*atan((sqrt(2
*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - b*e + 2*c*d) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d +
e*x))/sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d))*a*c*e*
*2 - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d)
*atan((sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - b*e + 2*c*d) - 2*sq
rt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2
*c*d))*b**2*e**2 + 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)
+ b*e - 2*c*d)*atan((sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - b*e +
2*c*d) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d
**2) + b*e - 2*c*d))*b*c*d*e - 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*
e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d)*atan((sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d*
*2) - b*e + 2*c*d) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 -
b*d*e + c*d**2) + b*e - 2*c*d))*c**2*d**2 - 2*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e*...

```

3.71 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 340

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2d^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{a}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}(a\sqrt{b^2-4ace^2} - cd(\sqrt{b^2-4acd} - 4ae) - b(cd^2 + ae^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\right)}{a\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}(a\sqrt{b^2-4ace^2} - cd(\sqrt{b^2-4acd} + 4ae) + b(cd^2 + ae^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\right)}{a\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}$$

output

```
-2*d^(3/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/a-2^(1/2)*(a*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*
e^2-c*d*((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*d-4*a*e)-b*(a*e^2+c*d^2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1
/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/a/c^(1/2)/(-4*a*
c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*(a*(-4*a*c+b^2
)^(1/2)*e^2-c*d*((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*d+4*a*e)+b*(a*e^2+c*d^2))*arctanh(2^(1
/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/a/c^(1/2
)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(-a\sqrt{-b^2+4ace^2}+cd(\sqrt{-b^2+4acd+4iae})-ib(cd^2+ae^2)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+be-i\sqrt{-b^2+4ace}}}\right) + \sqrt{2}(-a\sqrt{-b^2+4ace^2}+cd(\sqrt{-b^2+4acd+4iae})-ib(cd^2+ae^2)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+be+i\sqrt{-b^2+4ace}}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b-i\sqrt{-b^2+4ac})e}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(-a\sqrt{-b^2+4ace^2}+cd(\sqrt{-b^2+4acd+4iae})-ib(cd^2+ae^2)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+be-i\sqrt{-b^2+4ace}}}\right) + \sqrt{2}(-a\sqrt{-b^2+4ace^2}+cd(\sqrt{-b^2+4acd+4iae})-ib(cd^2+ae^2)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+be+i\sqrt{-b^2+4ace}}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]
```

output

```
-(((Sqrt[2]*(-(a*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2) + c*d*(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + (4*I)*a*e) - I*b*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]) + (Sqrt[2]*(-(a*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2) + c*d*(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d - (4*I)*a*e) + I*b*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]) + 2*d^(3/2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/a
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 348, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx$$

↓ 1199

$$2 \int \left(\frac{d^2}{ax} + \frac{e(d(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) - (cd^2 - ae^2)(d + ex))}{a(cd^2 - bed + ae^2 + c(d + ex)^2 - (2cd - be)(d + ex))} \right) d\sqrt{d + ex}$$

e
↓ 2009

$$2 \left(\frac{e(-cd(d\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - 4ae) + ae^2\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - b(ae^2 + cd^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}}\right)}{\sqrt{2a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} - \frac{e(-cd(d\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 4ae) + ae^2\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + \dots)}{\sqrt{2a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)$$

e

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x]
```

output

```
(2*(-((d^(3/2)*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/a) - (e*(a*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e^2 - c*d*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 4*a*e) - b*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) - (e*(a*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e^2 - c*d*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 4*a*e) + b*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]))/e
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199

```
Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*(((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && FractionQ[m]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
derivativedivides	$2e^2 \left(\frac{4c \left((-a e^3 b + 4ad e^2 c - d^2 e b c + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} a e^2 - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} c d^2) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} c \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})}} \right)}{8c \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{(-be+2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})} c \right)} \right)$
default	$2e^2 \left(\frac{4c \left((-a e^3 b + 4ad e^2 c - d^2 e b c + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} a e^2 - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} c d^2) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} c \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})}} \right)}{8c \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{(-be+2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})} c \right)} \right)$
pseudoelliptic	$2 \frac{\left((a e^2 - c d^2) \sqrt{-4e^2 \left(ac - \frac{b^2}{4} \right)} + (4ad e^2 - b d^2 e) c - a e^3 b \right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\left(be - 2cd + \sqrt{-4e^2 \left(ac - \frac{b^2}{4} \right)} \right)} c \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})}} \right)}{2}$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
2*e^2*(4/a/e^2*c*(-1/8*(-a*e^3*b+4*a*d*e^2*c-d^2*e*b*c+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*a*e^2-(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*c*d^2)/c/(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*c*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+1/8*(a*e^3*b-4*a*d*e^2*c+d^2*e*b*c+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*a*e^2-(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*c*d^2)/c/(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan((e*x+d)^(1/2)*c*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))-d^(3/2)/a/e^2*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2578 vs. $2(286) = 572$.

Time = 4.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5164, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.19

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/x/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)/(x*(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(cx^2 + bx + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 833 vs. $2(286) = 572$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 833, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2*d^2*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-d))/(a*sqrt(-d)) - 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2
*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d^2 - (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)
*e^2)*a^2*e^2 - 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^2*d^3 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*c*d
^2*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 -
4*a*c)*c)*e)*abs(a)*abs(e) - (2*a^2*b*c^2*d^3*e + 6*a^3*b*c*d*e^3 - a^3*b^
2*e^4 - (a^2*b^2*c + 8*a^3*c^2)*d^2*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2
- 4*a*c)*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*a*c*d - a*b*e +
sqrt(-4*(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)*a*c + (2*a*c*d - a*b*e)^2))/(a*c)))
/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*c^2*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*b*c*d*e + sqrt(b^
2 - 4*a*c)*a^3*c*e^2)*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e)) + 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c
+ sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d^2 - (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*e^2)*
a^2*e^2 + 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^2*d^3 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*c*d^2*e +
sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)
*c)*e)*abs(a)*abs(e) - (2*a^2*b*c^2*d^3*e + 6*a^3*b*c*d*e^3 - a^3*b^2*e^4
- (a^2*b^2*c + 8*a^3*c^2)*d^2*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a
*c)*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*a*c*d - a*b*e - sqrt(
-4*(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)*a*c + (2*a*c*d - a*b*e)^2))/(a*c)))/((sqr
t(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*c^2*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*b*c*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*
a*c)*a^3*c*e^2)*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e))

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20897, normalized size of antiderivative = 61.46

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x)
```


output

```
atan((((b^4*c*d^3 - a^2*b^3*e^3 + 8*a^2*c^3*d^3 + a^2*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)
^3)^(1/2) - 6*a*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 24*a^3*c^2*d*e^2 + 4*a^3*b*c*e^3 + b*c*d^3*(
-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 3*a*b^3*c*d^2*e - 3*a*c*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)
^(1/2) + 12*a^2*b*c^2*d^2*e + 6*a^2*b^2*c*d*e^2)/(2*(16*a^4*c^3 + a^2*b^4*c
- 8*a^3*b^2*c^2)))^(1/2)*((((b^4*c*d^3 - a^2*b^3*e^3 + 8*a^2*c^3*d^3 + a
^2*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 6*a*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 24*a^3*c^2*d*e^2 + 4*a
^3*b*c*e^3 + b*c*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 3*a*b^3*c*d^2*e - 3*a*c*d
^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 12*a^2*b*c^2*d^2*e + 6*a^2*b^2*c*d*e^2)/(2*
(16*a^4*c^3 + a^2*b^4*c - 8*a^3*b^2*c^2)))^(1/2)*((d + e*x)^(1/2)*((b^4*c*
d^3 - a^2*b^3*e^3 + 8*a^2*c^3*d^3 + a^2*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 6*a
*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 24*a^3*c^2*d*e^2 + 4*a^3*b*c*e^3 + b*c*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^
3)^(1/2) - 3*a*b^3*c*d^2*e - 3*a*c*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 12*a^2
*b*c^2*d^2*e + 6*a^2*b^2*c*d*e^2)/(2*(16*a^4*c^3 + a^2*b^4*c - 8*a^3*b^2*c
^2)))^(1/2)*(512*a^5*c^4*e^10 + 32*a^3*b^4*c^2*e^10 - 256*a^4*b^2*c^3*e^10
+ 768*a^4*c^5*d^2*e^8 + 64*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^2*e^8 - 448*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^2*e^8
- 896*a^4*b*c^4*d*e^9 - 64*a^2*b^5*c^2*d*e^9 + 480*a^3*b^3*c^3*d*e^9) - 38
4*a^3*c^5*d^4*e^8 - 384*a^4*c^4*d^2*e^10 + 96*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^4*e^8 - 128*a^
2*b^3*c^3*d^3*e^9 + 32*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^2*e^10 - 32*a^3*b^2*c^3*d^2*e^10 + 12
8*a^4*b*c^3*d*e^11 + 512*a^3*b*c^4*d^3*e^9 - 32*a^3*b^3*c^2*d*e^11) + (d +
e*x)^(1/2)*(32*a^3*b^3*c*e^13 - 128*a^4*b*c^2*e^13 + 704*a^4*c^3*d*e^11...
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x(cx^2 + bx + a)} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

3.72 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	765
Mathematica [C] (verified)	766
Rubi [A] (verified)	766
Maple [A] (verified)	768
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	769
Sympy [F(-1)]	769
Maxima [F]	770
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	770
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	771
Reduce [F]	772

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 376

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{d\sqrt{d+ex}}{ax} + \frac{\sqrt{d}(2bd-3ae)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{a^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(b^2d^2-2acd^2+bd(\sqrt{b^2-4acd}-2ae)-2ae(\sqrt{b^2-4acd}-ae))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(b^2d^2-2acd^2+2ae(\sqrt{b^2-4acd}+ae)-bd(\sqrt{b^2-4acd}+2ae))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}$$

output

```
-d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/a/x+d^(1/2)*(-3*a*e+2*b*d)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))
/a^2-2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(b^2*d^2-2*a*c*d^2+b*d*((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*d-2*a*e)-2
*a*e*((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*d-a*e))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*
c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*
a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(b^2*d^2-2*a*c*d^2+2*a*e*((-4*a*c
+b^2)^(1/2)*d+a*e)-b*d*((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*d+2*a*e))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/
2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2))/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 416, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \frac{-\frac{ad\sqrt{d+ex}}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\left(-ib^2d^2+bd\left(\sqrt{-b^2+4acd+2iae}\right)-2ia\left(-cd^2+e\left(-i\sqrt{-b^2+4acd+ae}\right)\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b-i\sqrt{-b^2+4ac})e}}}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b-i\sqrt{-b^2+4ac})e}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b-i\sqrt{-b^2+4ac})e}}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b-i\sqrt{-b^2+4ac})e}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(-((a*d*Sqrt[d + e*x])/x) + (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*((-I)*b^2*d^2 + b*d*(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + (2*I)*a*e) - (2*I)*a*(-(c*d^2) + e*((-I)*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + a*e)))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]])/(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]) + (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*(I*b^2*d^2 + b*d*(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d - (2*I)*a*e) + (2*I)*a*(-(c*d^2) + e*(I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + a*e)))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]])/(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]) + Sqrt[d]*(2*b*d - 3*a*e)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]]/a^2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 417, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

↓ 1199

$$\frac{2 \int \left(\frac{d^2}{ax^2} - \frac{(bd-2ae)d}{a^2x} - \frac{e((bd-ae)(cd^2-bed+ae^2)-cd(bd-2ae)(d+ex))}{a^2(cd^2-bed+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2-(2cd-be)(d+ex))} \right) d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e}$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{ce}(-2a(e(d\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-ae)+cd^2)+bd(d\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-2ae)+b^2d^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\right)}{\sqrt{2a^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{ce}(-bd(d\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2ae)+\dots)}{\dots}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(2*(-1/2*(d*e*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a*x) + (Sqrt[d]*e^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/(2*a) + (Sqrt[d]*e*(b*d - 2*a*e)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/a^2 - (Sqrt[c]*e*(b^2*d^2 + b*d*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 2*a*e) - 2*a*(c*d^2 + e*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - a*e)))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*a^2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + (Sqrt[c]*e*(b^2*d^2 - 2*a*c*d^2 + 2*a*e*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + a*e) - b*d*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 2*a*e))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*a^2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])))/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && FractionQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
derivativedivides	$2e^3 \left(\frac{4c \left((2a^2e^3 - 2abd e^2 - 2d^2 eac + d^2 e b^2 - 2\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ade + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} b d^2) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} cv}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)}{8\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)}{2e^3} \right)$
default	$2e^3 \left(\frac{4c \left((2a^2e^3 - 2abd e^2 - 2d^2 eac + d^2 e b^2 - 2\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ade + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} b d^2) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} cv}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)}{8\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)}{2e^3} \right)$
risch	$e \left(\frac{\sqrt{d} (3ae - 2bd) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{ea} + \frac{8c \left((-2a^2e^3 + 2abd e^2 + 2d^2 eac - d^2 e b^2 + 2\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ade - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} b d^2) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} cv}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)}{8\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)}{2e^3} \right)$
pseudoelliptic	$2x \left(d \left(ac - \frac{bd}{2} \right) \sqrt{-4e^2 \left(ac - \frac{b^2}{4} \right)} - (e^2 a^2 - abde - a d^2 c + \frac{1}{2} b^2 d^2) e \right) \sqrt{d} \sqrt{2} c \sqrt{\left(be - 2cd + \sqrt{-4e^2 \left(ac - \frac{b^2}{4} \right)} \right) c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} cv}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$2e^3(4/a^2/e^3c*(-1/8*(2a^2e^3-2ab*d*e^2-2d^2eac+d^2eb^2-2(-e^2(4ac-b^2))^{1/2})ad*+(-e^2(4ac-b^2))^{1/2})bd^2)/(-e^2(4ac-b^2))^{1/2})^2^{1/2}/((-be+2cd+(-e^2(4ac-b^2))^{1/2})c)^{1/2})\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{1/2})c^2^{1/2}/((-be+2cd+(-e^2(4ac-b^2))^{1/2})c)^{1/2})+1/8*(-2a^2e^3+2ab*d*e^2+2d^2eac-d^2eb^2-2(-e^2(4ac-b^2))^{1/2})ad*+(-e^2(4ac-b^2))^{1/2})bd^2)/(-e^2(4ac-b^2))^{1/2})^2^{1/2}/((be-2cd+(-e^2(4ac-b^2))^{1/2})c)^{1/2})\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{1/2})c^2^{1/2}/((be-2cd+(-e^2(4ac-b^2))^{1/2})c)^{1/2})) - d/a^2/e^3(1/2)a*(e*x+d)^{1/2}/x+1/2*(3ae-2bd)/d^{1/2})\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{1/2}/d^{1/2}))$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4321 vs. $2(322) = 644$.

Time = 18.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8650, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/x**2/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(cx^2 + bx + a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x^2), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 890 vs. $2(322) = 644$.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 890, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-sqrt(e*x + d)*d/(a*x) - (2*b*d^2 - 3*a*d*e)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-d)
)/(a^2*sqrt(-d)) + 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*
(b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d^2 - 2*(a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*d*e)*e^2 - 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*
b*c*d^3 + 2*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*d*e^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*e^3 - (b^2
+ a*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2*e)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)
)*c)*e)*abs(e) + (2*a^2*b*e^4 - 2*(b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d^3*e + (b^3 + 2*a*b*c
)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a*b^2 + 2*a^2*c)*d*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 -
4*a*c)*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*a^2*c*d - a^2*b*e
+ sqrt(-4*(a^2*c*d^2 - a^2*b*d*e + a^3*e^2))*a^2*c + (2*a^2*c*d - a^2*b*e)
^2))/(a^2*c)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*b*d*e
+ sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^3*e^2)*abs(c)*abs(e)) - 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c
+ sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*((b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d^2 - 2*(a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*d*e)
*e^2 + 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c*d^3 + 2*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*d*e^2 - sqrt
(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*e^3 - (b^2 + a*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2*e)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d
+ 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*abs(e) + (2*a^2*b*e^4 - 2*(b^2*c - 2*a
*c^2)*d^3*e + (b^3 + 2*a*b*c)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a*b^2 + 2*a^2*c)*d*e^3)*sqrt(-4
*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d
)/sqrt(-(2*a^2*c*d - a^2*b*e - sqrt(-4*(a^2*c*d^2 - a^2*b*d*e + a^3*e^2))*a
^2*c + (2*a^2*c*d - a^2*b*e)^2))/(a^2*c)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*c*d^2 -
sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*b*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^3*e^2)*abs(c)*abs(e)...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29890, normalized size of antiderivative = 79.49

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x)
```


output

```
(d^(1/2)*atan(((d^(1/2))*((8*(d + e*x)^(1/2))*(4*a^6*c^3*e^16 + 4*a^2*c^7*d^
8*e^8 - 2*a^3*c^6*d^6*e^10 + 132*a^4*c^5*d^4*e^12 - 2*a^5*c^4*d^2*e^14 + 4
*b^4*c^5*d^8*e^8 + 129*a^2*b^2*c^5*d^6*e^10 - 32*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^5*e^11 + 8*
a^2*b^4*c^3*d^4*e^12 + 88*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^4*e^12 - 28*a^3*b^3*c^3*d^3*e^13 +
33*a^4*b^2*c^3*d^2*e^14 - 16*a^5*b*c^3*d*e^15 - 8*a*b^2*c^6*d^8*e^8 - 28*
a*b^3*c^5*d^7*e^9 + 8*a^2*b*c^6*d^7*e^9 - 228*a^3*b*c^5*d^5*e^11 - 60*a^4*
b*c^4*d^3*e^13)))/a^4 - (d^(1/2))*((8*(56*a^4*c^6*d^6*e^9 - 44*a^5*c^5*d^4*e
^11 - 100*a^6*c^4*d^2*e^13 + 40*a^2*b^3*c^5*d^7*e^8 - 39*a^2*b^5*c^3*d^5*e
^10 - 11*a^2*b^6*c^2*d^4*e^11 - 108*a^3*b^2*c^5*d^6*e^9 + 96*a^3*b^3*c^4*d
^5*e^10 + 111*a^3*b^4*c^3*d^4*e^11 + 22*a^3*b^5*c^2*d^3*e^12 - 237*a^4*b^2
*c^4*d^4*e^11 - 161*a^4*b^3*c^3*d^3*e^12 - 19*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^2*e^13 + 111*a
^5*b^2*c^3*d^2*e^13 - 28*a^6*b*c^3*d*e^14 - 8*a*b^5*c^4*d^7*e^8 + 6*a*b^6*
c^3*d^6*e^9 + 2*a*b^7*c^2*d^5*e^10 - 32*a^3*b*c^6*d^7*e^8 + 92*a^4*b*c^5*d
^5*e^10 + 252*a^5*b*c^4*d^3*e^12 + 6*a^5*b^3*c^2*d*e^14))/a^4 + (d^(1/2))*
(8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(16*a^7*b*c^3*e^13 + 88*a^7*c^4*d*e^12 - 4*a^6*b^3*c^2*
e^13 - 40*a^5*c^6*d^5*e^8 + 184*a^6*c^5*d^3*e^10 + 8*a^2*b^6*c^3*d^5*e^8 -
8*a^2*b^7*c^2*d^4*e^9 - 56*a^3*b^4*c^4*d^5*e^8 + 36*a^3*b^5*c^3*d^4*e^9 +
28*a^3*b^6*c^2*d^3*e^10 + 108*a^4*b^2*c^5*d^5*e^8 + 36*a^4*b^3*c^4*d^4*e^
9 - 179*a^4*b^4*c^3*d^3*e^10 - 33*a^4*b^5*c^2*d^2*e^11 + 234*a^5*b^2*c^4*d
^3*e^10 + 215*a^5*b^3*c^3*d^2*e^11 - 224*a^5*b*c^5*d^4*e^9 + 16*a^5*b^4...
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2(cx^2 + bx + a)} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

3.73 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 529

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ax^2} + \frac{(4bd-5ae)\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a^2x} - \frac{(8b^2d^2-12abde-a(8cd^2-3ae^2))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4a^3\sqrt{d}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(b^3d^2+b^2d(\sqrt{b^2-4acd}-2ae)+a(a\sqrt{b^2-4ace^2}-cd(\sqrt{b^2-4acd}-4ae))-ab(3cd^2+e(2\sqrt{b^2-4acd})))}{a^3\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}e}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(b^3d^2-b^2d(\sqrt{b^2-4acd}+2ae)-ab(3cd^2-e(2\sqrt{b^2-4acd}+ae))-a(a\sqrt{b^2-4ace^2}-cd(\sqrt{b^2-4acd})))}{a^3\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}e}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/2*d*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/a/x^2+1/4*(-5*a*e+4*b*d)*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/a^2/x-1/4*(8*b \\
& ^2*d^2-12*a*b*d*e-a*(-3*a*e^2+8*c*d^2))*\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})/a^3 \\
& /d^{(1/2)}+2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(b^3*d^2+b^2*d*((-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*d-2*a*e)+a*(a* \\
& (-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*e^2-c*d*((-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*d-4*a*e))-a*b*(3*c*d^2+e*(2 \\
& *(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*d-a*e)))*\operatorname{arctanh}(2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*d- \\
& (b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})*e)^{(1/2)})/a^3/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+ \\
& b^2)^{(1/2)})*e)^{(1/2)}-2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(b^3*d^2-b^2*d*((-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*d+ \\
& 2*a*e)-a*b*(3*c*d^2-e*(2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*d+a*e))-a*(a*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)} \\
&)*e^2-c*d*((-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*d+4*a*e))*\operatorname{arctanh}(2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(e*x+d)^{(\\
& 1/2)}/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})*e)^{(1/2)})/a^3/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*d \\
& -(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})*e)^{(1/2)}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 560, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{d+ex}(-2ad+4bdx-5aex)}{x^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(ib^3d^2-b^2d(\sqrt{-b^2+4acd+2iae})+ab(-3icd^2+e(2\sqrt{-b^2+4acd+iae})))}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(-2*a*d + 4*b*d*x - 5*a*e*x))/x^2 + (4*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*(\\
& I*b^3*d^2 - b^2*d*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + (2*I)*a*e) + a*b*((-3*I)*c*d^2 + \\
& e*(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + I*a*e)) + a*(-(a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2) + c* \\
& d*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + (4*I)*a*e)))*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e* \\
& x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-2*c*d + b*e - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e])]/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*\operatorname{Sqrt} \\
& [-2*c*d + (b - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]) - (4*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*(I*b^3*d^2 + \\
& b^2*d*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d - (2*I)*a*e) + a*(a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2 + \\
& c*d*(-(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d) + (4*I)*a*e)) + I*a*b*(-3*c*d^2 + e*((2*I)*\operatorname{Sqrt} \\
& [-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + a*e)))*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-2 \\
& *c*d + b*e + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e])]/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-2*c*d + (\\
& b + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]) + ((-8*b^2*d^2 + 12*a*b*d*e + a*(8*c*d^2 - 3 \\
& *a*e^2))*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]])/\operatorname{Sqrt}[d])/ (4*a^3)
\end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 626, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{x^3 (a + bx + cx^2)} dx$$

↓ 1199

$$2 \int \left(\frac{d^2}{ax^3} - \frac{(bd-2ae)d}{a^2x^2} + \frac{b^2d^2-2abed-a(cd^2-ae^2)}{a^3x} + \frac{e((db^2-aeb-acd)(cd^2-bed+ae^2)-c(b^2d^2-2abed-a(cd^2-ae^2))(d+ex))}{a^3(cd^2-bed+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2-(2cd-be)(d+ex))} \right) d\sqrt{d+ex}$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left(-\frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) (-2abde - a(cd^2 - ae^2) + b^2d^2)}{a^3\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{ce} \left(-ab \left(e(2d\sqrt{b^2-4ac} - ae) + 3cd^2 \right) + a \left(ae^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac} - cd(d\sqrt{b^2-4ac} - 4ae) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{2}a^3\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-e(b^2-4ac)}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x]
```

output

```
(2*(-1/4*(d*e*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a*x^2) + (3*e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(8*a*x) + (e*(b*d - 2*a*e)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(2*a^2*x) - (3*e^3*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/(8*a*Sqrt[d]) - (e^2*(b*d - 2*a*e)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/(2*a^2*Sqrt[d]) - (e*(b^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*d*e - a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/(a^3*Sqrt[d]) + (Sqrt[c]*e*(b^3*d^2 + b^2*d*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 2*a*e) + a*(a*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e^2 - c*d*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 4*a*e)) - a*b*(3*c*d^2 + e*(2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - a*e)))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]]/(Sqrt[2]*a^3*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) - (Sqrt[c]*e*(b^3*d^2 - b^2*d*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 2*a*e) - a*b*(3*c*d^2 - e*(2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + a*e)) - a*(a*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e^2 - c*d*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 4*a*e)))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]]/(Sqrt[2]*a^3*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])))/e
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199

```
Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*(((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && FractionQ[m]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 509, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{\left(be-2cd+\sqrt{-4e^2\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4} \right)} \right) c x^2 \sqrt{d} \sqrt{2} \left(\left(a d^2 c-(ae-bd)^2 \right) \sqrt{-4e^2\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4} \right)}-e\left((4de a^2-3ab d^2) c+b(ae-bd) \right) \right)}{e \left(\frac{(-3e^2 a^2+12abde+8a d^2 c-8b^2 d^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{ae\sqrt{d}} + \frac{32c \left(a^2 b e^3+4a^2 c d e^2-2a b^2 d e^2-3abc d^2 e+b^3 d^2 e-\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} a^2 e^2+2\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} abde+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ac d \right)}{8\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{\left(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \right)}} \right)}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} (5aex-4bdx+2ad)}{4a^2 x^2}$
derivativedivides	$2e^4 \left(\frac{4c \left(a^2 b e^3+4a^2 c d e^2-2a b^2 d e^2-3abc d^2 e+b^3 d^2 e-\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} a^2 e^2+2\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} abde+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ac d \right)}{8\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{\left(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \right)}} \right)$
default	$2e^4 \left(\frac{4c \left(a^2 b e^3+4a^2 c d e^2-2a b^2 d e^2-3abc d^2 e+b^3 d^2 e-\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} a^2 e^2+2\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} abde+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ac d \right)}{8\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{\left(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \right)}} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/d^{(1/2)}/((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{(1/2)})*c)^{(1/2)}/((-b*e+2*c*d \\ & +(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{(1/2)})*c)^{(1/2)}*((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{(1/2)})*c)^{(1/2)}*x^2*d^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}*((a*d^2*c-(a*e-b*d)^2)*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{(1/2)}-e*((4*a^2*d*e-3*a*b*d^2)*c+b*(a*e-b*d)^2))*c*\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*c*2^{(1/2)}/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{(1/2)})*c)^{(1/2)})-((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{(1/2)})*c)^{(1/2)}*(x^2*d^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}*c*((a*d^2*c-(a*e-b*d)^2)*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{(1/2)}+e*((4*a^2*d*e-3*a*b*d^2)*c+b*(a*e-b*d)^2))*\operatorname{arctan}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*c*2^{(1/2)}/((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{(1/2)})*c)^{(1/2)})-1/2*((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{(1/2)})*c)^{(1/2)}*(3/2*x^2*(e^2*a^2-4*a*b*d*e-8/3*a*d^2*c+8/3*b^2*d^2)*\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})+((-2*b*x+a)*d+5/2*a*e*x)*d^{(1/2)}*a*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{(1/2)}))/(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{(1/2)}/x^2/a^3 \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 7202 vs. $2(459) = 918$.

Time = 169.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14414, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.25

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/x**3/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(cx^2 + bx + a)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x^3), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1129 vs. $2(459) = 918$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1129, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/4*(8*b^2*d^2 - 8*a*c*d^2 - 12*a*b*d*e + 3*a^2*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/
sqrt(-d))/(a^3*sqrt(-d)) - 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)
*c)*e)*((b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)*d^2 - 2*(a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c)*d*e + (a
^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*e^2)*a^2*e^2 + 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b^3*d^2*e + sqrt(b
^2 - 4*a*c)*a^3*b*e^3 - (a*b^2*c - a^2*c^2)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^3 - (2*a^2
*b^2 - a^3*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 -
4*a*c)*c)*e)*abs(a)*abs(e) + (a^4*b^2*e^4 - 2*(a^2*b^3*c - 3*a^3*b*c^2)*d
^3*e + (a^2*b^4 + a^3*b^2*c - 8*a^4*c^2)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a^3*b^3 - a^4*b*c)*d
*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)
*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*a^3*c*d - a^3*b*e + sqrt(-4*(a^3*c*d^2 - a^3*b*d*e
+ a^4*e^2)*a^3*c + (2*a^3*c*d - a^3*b*e)^2))/(a^3*c)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)
)*a^4*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^4*b*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^5*e^2)*abs
(a)*abs(c)*abs(e) + 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)
*((b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)*d^2 - 2*(a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c)*d*e + (a^2*b^2
- 4*a^3*c)*e^2)*a^2*e^2 - 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b^3*d^2*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4
*a*c)*a^3*b*e^3 - (a*b^2*c - a^2*c^2)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^3 - (2*a^2*b^2 -
a^3*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)
*c)*e)*abs(a)*abs(e) + (a^4*b^2*e^4 - 2*(a^2*b^3*c - 3*a^3*b*c^2)*d^3*e +
(a^2*b^4 + a^3*b^2*c - 8*a^4*c^2)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a^3*b^3 - a^4*b*c)*d*e^3)*
sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sq...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44649, normalized size of antiderivative = 84.40

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x)
```

output

```

(((3*a*d*e^2 - 4*b*d^2*e)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(4*a^2) - ((5*a*e^2 - 4*b*d*e)*
(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(4*a^2))/((d + e*x)^2 - 2*d*(d + e*x) + d^2) + atan((((
(192*a^11*b^2*c^3*e^12 - 24*a^10*b^4*c^2*e^12 - 384*a^12*c^4*e^12 + 768*a^
10*c^6*d^4*e^8 + 384*a^11*c^5*d^2*e^10 + 128*a^8*b^4*c^4*d^4*e^8 - 96*a^8*
b^5*c^3*d^3*e^9 - 32*a^8*b^6*c^2*d^2*e^10 - 704*a^9*b^2*c^5*d^4*e^8 + 320*
a^9*b^3*c^4*d^3*e^9 + 488*a^9*b^4*c^3*d^2*e^10 - 1536*a^10*b^2*c^4*d^2*e^1
0 + 1408*a^11*b*c^4*d*e^11 + 56*a^9*b^5*c^2*d*e^11 + 256*a^10*b*c^5*d^3*e^
9 - 576*a^10*b^3*c^3*d*e^11)/(2*a^8) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2))*((b^8*d^3 - a^3*b^
5*e^3 + 8*a^4*c^4*d^3 + b^5*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 7*a^4*b^3*c*e^3
- 12*a^5*b*c^2*e^3 + a^4*c*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 3*a^2*b^6*d*e^2
- 24*a^5*c^3*d*e^2 + 33*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^3 - 38*a^3*b^2*c^3*d^3 - a^3*b^2*e^
3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 10*a*b^6*c*d^3 - 3*a*b^7*d^2*e - 4*a*b^3*c*d^
3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 3*a*b^4*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 27*a
^2*b^5*c*d^2*e - 24*a^3*b^4*c*d*e^2 + 60*a^4*b*c^3*d^2*e + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^3
*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 3*a^2*b^3*d*e^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 75*
a^3*b^3*c^2*d^2*e + 54*a^4*b^2*c^2*d*e^2 - 3*a^3*c^2*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)
^3)^(1/2) + 9*a^2*b^2*c*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 6*a^3*b*c*d*e^2*(
-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(2*(a^6*b^4 + 16*a^8*c^2 - 8*a^7*b^2*c)))^(1/2)*(
1024*a^13*c^4*e^10 + 64*a^11*b^4*c^2*e^10 - 512*a^12*b^2*c^3*e^10 + 1536*a
^12*c^5*d^2*e^8 + 128*a^10*b^4*c^3*d^2*e^8 - 896*a^11*b^2*c^4*d^2*e^8 - ...

```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3(cx^2 + bx + a)} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

3.74 $\int x(d + ex)^3 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	783
Mathematica [A] (verified)	784
Rubi [A] (verified)	785
Maple [B] (verified)	789
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	790
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	791
Maxima [F(-2)]	792
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	793
Mupad [F(-1)]	793
Reduce [F]	794

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 521

$$\int x(d + ex)^3 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3(b^2 - 4ac)(144b^3cde^2 - 33b^4e^3 - 8b^2ce(28cd^2 - 9ae^2) + 64bc^2d(2cd^2 - 3ae^2) + 16ac^2e(8cd^2 - ae^2))}{16384c^6} - \frac{(144b^3cde^2 - 33b^4e^3 - 8b^2ce(28cd^2 - 9ae^2) + 64bc^2d(2cd^2 - 3ae^2) + 16ac^2e(8cd^2 - ae^2))(b + 2cx)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{2048c^5} + \frac{(6cd - 11be)(d + ex)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{112c^2} + \frac{(d + ex)^3 (a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{8c} + \frac{(3(32c^3d^3 - 77b^3e^3 + 4bce^2(84bd + 31ae)) - 8c^2de(47bd + 32ae)) + 10ce(8c^2d^2 + 33b^2e^2 - 28ce(2bd + ae))}{4480c^4} - \frac{3(b^2 - 4ac)^2 (144b^3cde^2 - 33b^4e^3 - 8b^2ce(28cd^2 - 9ae^2) + 64bc^2d(2cd^2 - 3ae^2) + 16ac^2e(8cd^2 - ae^2))}{32768c^{13/2}}$$

output

```

3/16384*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(144*b^3*c*d*e^2-33*b^4*e^3-8*b^2*c*e*(-9*a*e^2+28*c*d^2)+64*b*c^2*d*(-3*a*e^2+2*c*d^2)+16*a*c^2*e*(-a*e^2+8*c*d^2))*(2*c*x+b)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^6-1/2048*(144*b^3*c*d*e^2-33*b^4*e^3-8*b^2*c*e*(-9*a*e^2+28*c*d^2)+64*b*c^2*d*(-3*a*e^2+2*c*d^2)+16*a*c^2*e*(-a*e^2+8*c*d^2))*(2*c*x+b)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/c^5+1/112*(-11*b*e+6*c*d)*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/c^2+1/8*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/c+1/4480*(96*c^3*d^3-231*b^3*e^3+12*b*c*e^2*(31*a*e+84*b*d)-24*c^2*d*e*(32*a*e+47*b*d)+10*c*e*(8*c^2*d^2+33*b^2*e^2-28*c*e*(a*e+2*b*d))*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/c^4-3/32768*(-4*a*c+b^2)^2*(144*b^3*c*d*e^2-33*b^4*e^3-8*b^2*c*e*(-9*a*e^2+28*c*d^2)+64*b*c^2*d*(-3*a*e^2+2*c*d^2)+16*a*c^2*e*(-a*e^2+8*c*d^2))*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(13/2)

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 689, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int x(d+ex)^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}(-3465b^7e^3+210b^6ce^2(72d+11ex)-84b^5ce(-365ae^2+2c(140d^2+6$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(-3465*b^7*e^3 + 210*b^6*c*e^2*(72*d + 11
*e*x) - 84*b^5*c*e*(-365*a*e^2 + 2*c*(140*d^2 + 60*d*e*x + 11*e^2*x^2)) -
16*b^3*c^2*(5103*a^2*e^3 - 4*a*c*e*(2660*d^2 + 1092*d*e*x + 195*e^2*x^2) +
8*c^2*x*(70*d^3 + 98*d^2*e*x + 54*d*e^2*x^2 + 11*e^3*x^3)) + 32*b^2*c^3*(
a^2*e^2*(8232*d + 1181*e*x) + 8*c^2*x^2*(28*d^3 + 42*d^2*e*x + 24*d*e^2*x^
2 + 5*e^3*x^3) - 4*a*c*(700*d^3 + 756*d^2*e*x + 372*d*e^2*x^2 + 71*e^3*x^3
)) + 64*b*c^3*(919*a^3*e^3 - 2*a^2*c*e*(2268*d^2 + 876*d*e*x + 151*e^2*x^2
) + 8*a*c^2*x*(98*d^3 + 126*d^2*e*x + 66*d*e^2*x^2 + 13*e^3*x^3) + 16*c^3*
x^3*(154*d^3 + 364*d^2*e*x + 300*d*e^2*x^2 + 85*e^3*x^3)) + 8*b^4*c^2*(-21
*a*e^2*(720*d + 107*e*x) + 2*c*(840*d^3 + 980*d^2*e*x + 504*d*e^2*x^2 + 99
*e^3*x^3)) + 128*c^4*(-3*a^3*e^2*(256*d + 35*e*x) + 16*c^3*x^4*(56*d^3 + 1
40*d^2*e*x + 120*d*e^2*x^2 + 35*e^3*x^3) + 2*a^2*c*(448*d^3 + 420*d^2*e*x
+ 192*d*e^2*x^2 + 35*e^3*x^3) + 8*a*c^2*x^2*(224*d^3 + 490*d^2*e*x + 384*d
*e^2*x^2 + 105*e^3*x^3))) - 105*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*(-144*b^3*c*d*e^2 + 33*b^4
*e^3 + 8*b^2*c*e*(28*c*d^2 - 9*a*e^2) - 64*b*c^2*d*(2*c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) + 1
6*a*c^2*e*(-8*c*d^2 + a*e^2))*Log[b + 2*c*x - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c
*x)]]/(1146880*c^(13/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$, Rules used = {1267, 27, 2184, 27, 1225, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(d + ex)^3 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1267$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{2}x(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2} (16cd^3 + e^2(48cd - 11be)x^2 + 6e(8cd^2 - ae^2)x) dx}{\frac{8c}{e^3x^3(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{8c}{e^3x^3(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}} +$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\int x(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2} (16cd^3 + e^2(48cd - 11be)x^2 + 6e(8cd^2 - ae^2)x) dx}{\frac{16c}{e^3x^3(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}}$$

↓ 2184

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{2}x(4(56c^2d^3 - 48ace^2d + 11abe^3) + 3e(224c^2d^2 + 33b^2e^2 - 4ce(36bd + 7ae))x)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2} dx}{\frac{16c}{e^3x^3(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}} + \frac{e^2x^2(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}(48cd - 11be)}{7c}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int x(4(56c^2d^3 - 48ace^2d + 11abe^3) + 3e(224c^2d^2 + 33b^2e^2 - 4ce(36bd + 7ae))x)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2} dx}{14c} + \frac{e^2x^2(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}(48cd - 11be)}{7c}$$

↓ 1225

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2} (10cex(-4ce(7ae + 36bd) + 33b^2e^2 + 224c^2d^2) - 32c^2de(24ae + 49bd) + 12bce^2(31ae + 84bd) - 231b^3e^3 + 896c^3d^3)}{20c^2} - \frac{7(-8b^2ce(28cd^2 - 9ae^2) + 64bc^2)}{14c} + \frac{16c}{e^3x^3(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2} (10cex(-4ce(7ae + 36bd) + 33b^2e^2 + 224c^2d^2) - 32c^2de(24ae + 49bd) + 12bce^2(31ae + 84bd) - 231b^3e^3 + 896c^3d^3)}{20c^2} - \frac{7(-8b^2ce(28cd^2 - 9ae^2) + 64bc^2)}{14c} + \frac{16c}{e^3x^3(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2} (10cex(-4ce(7ae+36bd)+33b^2e^2+224c^2d^2)-32c^2de(24ae+49bd)+12bce^2(31ae+84bd)-231b^3e^3+896c^3d^3)}{20c^2} - \frac{7(-8b^2ce(28cd^2-9ae^2)+64bc^2e^3)}{14c}$$

$$\frac{e^3x^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{8c}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2} (10cex(-4ce(7ae+36bd)+33b^2e^2+224c^2d^2)-32c^2de(24ae+49bd)+12bce^2(31ae+84bd)-231b^3e^3+896c^3d^3)}{20c^2} - \frac{7(-8b^2ce(28cd^2-9ae^2)+64bc^2e^3)}{14c}$$

$$\frac{e^3x^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{8c}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2} (10cex(-4ce(7ae+36bd)+33b^2e^2+224c^2d^2)-32c^2de(24ae+49bd)+12bce^2(31ae+84bd)-231b^3e^3+896c^3d^3)}{20c^2} - \left[\frac{(b+2cx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3}{14c} \right]$$

$$\frac{e^3x^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{8c}$$

input Int[x*(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x]

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (e^3 x^3 (a + b x + c x^2)^{5/2}) / (8c) + ((e^2 (48 c d - 11 b e) x^2 (a + b x + c x^2)^{5/2}) / (7c) + ((896 c^3 d^3 - 231 b^3 e^3 - 32 c^2 d e (49 b d + 24 a e) + 12 b c e^2 (84 b d + 31 a e) + 10 c e (224 c^2 d^2 + 33 b^2 e^2 - 4 c e (36 b d + 7 a e))) x (a + b x + c x^2)^{5/2}) / (20 c^2) - (7 (144 b^3 c d e^2 - 33 b^4 e^3 - 8 b^2 c e (28 c d^2 - 9 a e^2) + 64 b c^2 d (2 c d^2 - 3 a e^2) + 16 a c^2 e (8 c d^2 - a e^2)) ((b + 2 c x) (a + b x + c x^2)^{3/2}) / (8 c) - (3 (b^2 - 4 a c) ((b + 2 c x) \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2}) / (4 c) - ((b^2 - 4 a c) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b + 2 c x) / (2 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2})]) / (8 c^{3/2}))) / (16 c)) / (8 c^2) / (14 c) / (16 c) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_)(F x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& !\operatorname{MatchQ}[F x, (b_)(G x_)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_)(b_)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1 / (\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] \operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2])) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2] (x / \operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[a / b] \&\& (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1087

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_)(b_)(x_)(c_)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(b + 2 c x) ((a + b x + c x^2)^p / (2 c (2 p + 1))), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[p ((b^2 - 4 a c) / (2 c (2 p + 1))) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b x + c x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\operatorname{IntegerQ}[4 p] \parallel \operatorname{IntegerQ}[3 p])$$

rule 1092

$$\operatorname{Int}[1 / \sqrt{(a_)(b_)(x_)(c_)(x_)^2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[2 \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1 / (4 c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2 c x) / \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2}], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 1225

$$\operatorname{Int}[(d_)(e_)(x_)((f_)(g_)(x_)((a_)(b_)(x_)(c_)(x_)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-b e g (p + 2) - c (e f + d g) (2 p + 3) - 2 c e g (p + 1) x) ((a + b x + c x^2)^{p+1} / (2 c^2 (p + 1) (2 p + 3))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[(b^2 e g (p + 2) - 2 a c e g + c (2 c d f - b (e f + d g)) (2 p + 3)) / (2 c^2 (2 p + 3)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b x + c x^2)^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x \&\& !\operatorname{LeQ}[p, -1]$$

output

```

1/573440/c^6*(71680*c^7*e^3*x^7+87040*b*c^6*e^3*x^6+245760*c^7*d*e^2*x^6+1
07520*a*c^6*e^3*x^5+1280*b^2*c^5*e^3*x^5+307200*b*c^6*d*e^2*x^5+286720*c^7
*d^2*e*x^5+6656*a*b*c^5*e^3*x^4+393216*a*c^6*d*e^2*x^4-1408*b^3*c^4*e^3*x^
4+6144*b^2*c^5*d*e^2*x^4+372736*b*c^6*d^2*e*x^4+114688*c^7*d^3*x^4+8960*a^
2*c^5*e^3*x^3-9088*a*b^2*c^4*e^3*x^3+33792*a*b*c^5*d*e^2*x^3+501760*a*c^6*
d^2*e*x^3+1584*b^4*c^3*e^3*x^3-6912*b^3*c^4*d*e^2*x^3+10752*b^2*c^5*d^2*e*
x^3+157696*b*c^6*d^3*x^3-19328*a^2*b*c^4*e^3*x^2+49152*a^2*c^5*d*e^2*x^2+1
2480*a*b^3*c^3*e^3*x^2-47616*a*b^2*c^4*d*e^2*x^2+64512*a*b*c^5*d^2*e*x^2+2
29376*a*c^6*d^3*x^2-1848*b^5*c^2*e^3*x^2+8064*b^4*c^3*d*e^2*x^2-12544*b^3*
c^4*d^2*e*x^2+7168*b^2*c^5*d^3*x^2-13440*a^3*c^4*e^3*x+37792*a^2*b^2*c^3*e
^3*x-112128*a^2*b*c^4*d*e^2*x+107520*a^2*c^5*d^2*e*x-17976*a*b^4*c^2*e^3*x
+69888*a*b^3*c^3*d*e^2*x-96768*a*b^2*c^4*d^2*e*x+50176*a*b*c^5*d^3*x+2310*
b^6*c*e^3*x-10080*b^5*c^2*d*e^2*x+15680*b^4*c^3*d^2*e*x-8960*b^3*c^4*d^3*x
+58816*a^3*b*c^3*e^3-98304*a^3*c^4*d*e^2-81648*a^2*b^3*c^2*e^3+263424*a^2*
b^2*c^3*d*e^2-290304*a^2*b*c^4*d^2*e+114688*a^2*c^5*d^3+30660*a*b^5*c*e^3-
120960*a*b^4*c^2*d*e^2+170240*a*b^3*c^3*d^2*e-89600*a*b^2*c^4*d^3-3465*b^7
*e^3+15120*b^6*c*d*e^2-23520*b^5*c^2*d^2*e+13440*b^4*c^3*d^3)*(c*x^2+b*x+a
)^(1/2)+3/32768*(256*a^4*c^4*e^3-1280*a^3*b^2*c^3*e^3+3072*a^3*b*c^4*d*e^2
-2048*a^3*c^5*d^2*e+1120*a^2*b^4*c^2*e^3-3840*a^2*b^3*c^3*d*e^2+4608*a^2*b
^2*c^4*d^2*e-2048*a^2*b*c^5*d^3-336*a*b^6*c*e^3+1344*a*b^5*c^2*d*e^2-19...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1719, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.30

$$\int x(d+ex)^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/2293760*(105*(128*(b^5*c^3 - 8*a*b^3*c^4 + 16*a^2*b*c^5)*d^3 - 32*(7*b^6*c^2 - 60*a*b^4*c^3 + 144*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 64*a^3*c^5)*d^2*e + 48*(3*b^7*c - 28*a*b^5*c^2 + 80*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 64*a^3*b*c^4)*d*e^2 - (33*b^8 - 336*a*b^6*c + 1120*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 1280*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 256*a^4*c^4)*e^3)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^2 - 8*b*c*x - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) - 4*(71680*c^8*e^3*x^7 + 5120*(48*c^8*d*e^2 + 17*b*c^7*e^3)*x^6 + 1280*(224*c^8*d^2*e + 240*b*c^7*d*e^2 + (b^2*c^6 + 84*a*c^7)*e^3)*x^5 + 128*(896*c^8*d^3 + 2912*b*c^7*d^2*e + 48*(b^2*c^6 + 64*a*c^7)*d*e^2 - (11*b^3*c^5 - 52*a*b*c^6)*e^3)*x^4 + 896*(15*b^4*c^4 - 100*a*b^2*c^5 + 128*a^2*c^6)*d^3 - 224*(105*b^5*c^3 - 760*a*b^3*c^4 + 1296*a^2*b*c^5)*d^2*e + 48*(315*b^6*c^2 - 2520*a*b^4*c^3 + 5488*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 2048*a^3*c^5)*d*e^2 - (3465*b^7*c - 30660*a*b^5*c^2 + 81648*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 58816*a^3*b*c^4)*e^3 + 16*(9856*b*c^7*d^3 + 224*(3*b^2*c^6 + 140*a*c^7)*d^2*e - 48*(9*b^3*c^5 - 44*a*b*c^6)*d*e^2 + (99*b^4*c^4 - 568*a*b^2*c^5 + 560*a^2*c^6)*e^3)*x^3 + 8*(896*(b^2*c^6 + 32*a*c^7)*d^3 - 224*(7*b^3*c^5 - 36*a*b*c^6)*d^2*e + 48*(21*b^4*c^4 - 124*a*b^2*c^5 + 128*a^2*c^6)*d*e^2 - (231*b^5*c^3 - 1560*a*b^3*c^4 + 2416*a^2*b*c^5)*e^3)*x^2 - 2*(896*(5*b^3*c^5 - 28*a*b*c^6)*d^3 - 224*(35*b^4*c^4 - 216*a*b^2*c^5 + 240*a^2*c^6)*d^2*e + 48*(105*b^5*c^3 - 728*a*b^3*c^4 + 1168*a^2*b*c^5)*d*e^2 - (1155*b^6*c^2 - 8988*a*b^4*c^3 + 18896*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 6720*a^3*c^5)*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/c^7, 1/1146...

```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5372 vs. $2(541) = 1082$.

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5372, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.31

$$\int x(d + ex)^3 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x+d)**3*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((( -a*(3*a**2*d**2*e + 2*a*b*d**3 - 3*a*(a**2*e**3 + 6*a*b*d*e**2
+ 6*a*c*d**2*e - 5*a*(9*a*c*e**3/8 + b**2*e**3 + 6*b*c*d*e**2 - 13*b*(17*
b*c*e**3/16 + 3*c**2*d*e**2)/(14*c) + 3*c**2*d**2*e)/(6*c) + 3*b**2*d**2*e
+ 2*b*c*d**3 - 9*b*(2*a*b*e**3 + 6*a*c*d*e**2 - 6*a*(17*b*c*e**3/16 + 3*c
**2*d*e**2)/(7*c) + 3*b**2*d*e**2 + 6*b*c*d**2*e - 11*b*(9*a*c*e**3/8 + b*
*2*e**3 + 6*b*c*d*e**2 - 13*b*(17*b*c*e**3/16 + 3*c**2*d*e**2)/(14*c) + 3*
c**2*d**2*e)/(12*c) + c**2*d**3)/(10*c))/(4*c) - 5*b*(3*a**2*d*e**2 + 6*a*
b*d**2*e + 2*a*c*d**3 - 4*a*(2*a*b*e**3 + 6*a*c*d*e**2 - 6*a*(17*b*c*e**3/
16 + 3*c**2*d*e**2)/(7*c) + 3*b**2*d*e**2 + 6*b*c*d**2*e - 11*b*(9*a*c*e**
3/8 + b**2*e**3 + 6*b*c*d*e**2 - 13*b*(17*b*c*e**3/16 + 3*c**2*d*e**2)/(14
*c) + 3*c**2*d**2*e)/(12*c) + c**2*d**3)/(5*c) + b**2*d**3 - 7*b*(a**2*e**
3 + 6*a*b*d*e**2 + 6*a*c*d**2*e - 5*a*(9*a*c*e**3/8 + b**2*e**3 + 6*b*c*d*
e**2 - 13*b*(17*b*c*e**3/16 + 3*c**2*d*e**2)/(14*c) + 3*c**2*d**2*e)/(6*c)
+ 3*b**2*d**2*e + 2*b*c*d**3 - 9*b*(2*a*b*e**3 + 6*a*c*d*e**2 - 6*a*(17*b
*c*e**3/16 + 3*c**2*d*e**2)/(7*c) + 3*b**2*d*e**2 + 6*b*c*d**2*e - 11*b*(9
*a*c*e**3/8 + b**2*e**3 + 6*b*c*d*e**2 - 13*b*(17*b*c*e**3/16 + 3*c**2*d*e
**2)/(14*c) + 3*c**2*d**2*e)/(12*c) + c**2*d**3)/(10*c))/(8*c))/(6*c))/(2*
c) - b*(a**2*d**3 - 2*a*(3*a**2*d*e**2 + 6*a*b*d**2*e + 2*a*c*d**3 - 4*a*(
2*a*b*e**3 + 6*a*c*d*e**2 - 6*a*(17*b*c*e**3/16 + 3*c**2*d*e**2)/(7*c) + 3
*b**2*d*e**2 + 6*b*c*d**2*e - 11*b*(9*a*c*e**3/8 + b**2*e**3 + 6*b*c*d...
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x(d + ex)^3 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for
more deta
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 948, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int x(d + ex)^3 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/573440*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*(4*(2*(8*(10*(4*(14*c*e^3*x + (48*c^8*d*e^2 + 17*b*c^7*e^3)/c^7)*x + (224*c^8*d^2*e + 240*b*c^7*d*e^2 + b^2*c^6*e^3 + 84*a*c^7*e^3)/c^7)*x + (896*c^8*d^3 + 2912*b*c^7*d^2*e + 48*b^2*c^6*d*e^2 + 3072*a*c^7*d*e^2 - 11*b^3*c^5*e^3 + 52*a*b*c^6*e^3)/c^7)*x + (9856*b*c^7*d^3 + 672*b^2*c^6*d^2*e + 31360*a*c^7*d^2*e - 432*b^3*c^5*d*e^2 + 2112*a*b*c^6*d*e^2 + 99*b^4*c^4*e^3 - 568*a*b^2*c^5*e^3 + 560*a^2*c^6*e^3)/c^7)*x + (896*b^2*c^6*d^3 + 28672*a*c^7*d^3 - 1568*b^3*c^5*d^2*e + 8064*a*b*c^6*d^2*e + 1008*b^4*c^4*d*e^2 - 5952*a*b^2*c^5*d*e^2 + 6144*a^2*c^6*d*e^2 - 231*b^5*c^3*e^3 + 1560*a*b^3*c^4*e^3 - 2416*a^2*b*c^5*e^3)/c^7)*x - (4480*b^3*c^5*d^3 - 25088*a*b*c^6*d^3 - 7840*b^4*c^4*d^2*e + 48384*a*b^2*c^5*d^2*e - 53760*a^2*c^6*d^2*e + 5040*b^5*c^3*d*e^2 - 34944*a*b^3*c^4*d*e^2 + 56064*a^2*b*c^5*d*e^2 - 1155*b^6*c^2*e^3 + 8988*a*b^4*c^3*e^3 - 18896*a^2*b^2*c^4*e^3 + 6720*a^3*c^5*e^3)/c^7)*x + (13440*b^4*c^4*d^3 - 89600*a*b^2*c^5*d^3 + 114688*a^2*c^6*d^3 - 23520*b^5*c^3*d^2*e + 170240*a*b^3*c^4*d^2*e - 290304*a^2*b*c^5*d^2*e + 15120*b^6*c^2*d*e^2 - 120960*a*b^4*c^3*d*e^2 + 263424*a^2*b^2*c^4*d*e^2 - 98304*a^3*c^5*d*e^2 - 3465*b^7*c*e^3 + 30660*a*b^5*c^2*e^3 - 81648*a^2*b^3*c^3*e^3 + 58816*a^3*b*c^4*e^3)/c^7) + 3/32768*(128*b^5*c^3*d^3 - 1024*a*b^3*c^4*d^3 + 2048*a^2*b*c^5*d^3 - 224*b^6*c^2*d^2*e + 1920*a*b^4*c^3*d^2*e - 4608*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2*e + 2048*a^3*c^5*d^2*e + 144*b^7*c*d*e^2 - 1344*a*b^5*c^2*d*e^2 + 3840*a^2*b^3*c^3*d*e^2 - ...`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(d + ex)^3 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x(d + ex)^3 (cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x*(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x*(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x(d + ex)^3 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x(ex + d)^3 (cx^2 + bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int(x*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(x*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2), x)`

3.75 $\int x(d + ex)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	795
Mathematica [A] (verified)	796
Rubi [A] (verified)	796
Maple [A] (verified)	799
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	801
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	802
Maxima [F(-2)]	803
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	804
Mupad [F(-1)]	804
Reduce [F]	805

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 331

$$\int x(d + ex)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{(b^2 - 4ac)(28b^2cde - 16ac^2de - 9b^3e^2 - 12bc(2cd^2 - ae^2))(b + 2cx)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{1024c^5}$$

$$+ \frac{(28b^2cde - 16ac^2de - 9b^3e^2 - 12bc(2cd^2 - ae^2))(b + 2cx)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{384c^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(d + ex)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7c}$$

$$+ \frac{(48c^2d^2 + 63b^2e^2 - 4ce(49bd + 12ae) + 10ce(4cd - 9be)x)(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{840c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^2 - 4ac)^2 (28b^2cde - 16ac^2de - 9b^3e^2 - 12bc(2cd^2 - ae^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2048c^{11/2}}$$

output

```
-1/1024*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(28*b^2*c*d*e-16*a*c^2*d*e-9*b^3*e^2-12*b*c*(-a*e^2+2*c*d^2))*(2*c*x+b)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^5+1/384*(28*b^2*c*d*e-16*a*c^2*d*e-9*b^3*e^2-12*b*c*(-a*e^2+2*c*d^2))*(2*c*x+b)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/c^4+1/7*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/c+1/840*(48*c^2*d^2+63*b^2*e^2-4*c*e*(12*a*e+49*b*d)+10*c*e*(-9*b*e+4*c*d)*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/c^3+1/2048*(-4*a*c+b^2)^2*(28*b^2*c*d*e-16*a*c^2*d*e-9*b^3*e^2-12*b*c*(-a*e^2+2*c*d^2))*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(11/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 446, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int x(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}(945b^6e^2 - 210b^5ce(14d+3ex) + 56b^4c(-135ae^2 + c(45d^2 + 35dex + 9$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(945*b^6*e^2 - 210*b^5*c*e*(14*d + 3*e*x)
+ 56*b^4*c*(-135*a*e^2 + c*(45*d^2 + 35*d*e*x + 9*e^2*x^2)) + 16*b^3*c^2*
(7*a*e*(190*d + 39*e*x) - c*x*(105*d^2 + 98*d*e*x + 27*e^2*x^2)) + 48*b^2*
c^2*(343*a^2*e^2 + 4*c^2*x^2*(7*d^2 + 7*d*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2) - 2*a*c*(175*d^
2 + 126*d*e*x + 31*e^2*x^2)) + 128*c^3*(-48*a^3*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*(56*d^2 + 35
*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2) + 8*c^3*x^4*(21*d^2 + 35*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) + 2*a*c^2
*x^2*(168*d^2 + 245*d*e*x + 96*e^2*x^2)) + 32*b*c^3*(-3*a^2*e*(378*d + 73*
e*x) + 6*a*c*x*(49*d^2 + 42*d*e*x + 11*e^2*x^2) + 4*c^2*x^3*(231*d^2 + 364
*d*e*x + 150*e^2*x^2))) + 105*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*(-28*b^2*c*d*e + 16*a*c^2*d*
e + 9*b^3*e^2 + 12*b*c*(2*c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Log[b + 2*c*x - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a
+ x*(b + c*x)]]/(215040*c^(11/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {1267, 27, 1225, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1267$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{2}x(14cd^2 - 4ae^2 + e(28cd - 9be)x)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2} dx}{7c} + \frac{e^2x^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{7c}$$

$$\int \frac{x(2(7cd^2 - 2ae^2) + e(28cd - 9be)x)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2} dx}{14c} + \frac{e^2 x^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7c}$$

↓ 27

↓ 1225

$$\frac{7(-12bc(2cd^2 - ae^2) - 16ac^2 de - 9b^3 e^2 + 28b^2 cde) \int (cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2} dx}{24c^2} - \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2} (-24c(7cd^2 - 2ae^2) - 10cex(28cd - 9be) + 7be(28cd - 9be))}{60c^2}$$

$$\frac{e^2 x^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7c}$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{7(-12bc(2cd^2 - ae^2) - 16ac^2 de - 9b^3 e^2 + 28b^2 cde) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \int \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} dx}{16c} \right)}{24c^2} - \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2} (-24c(7cd^2 - 2ae^2) - 10cex(28cd - 9be) + 7be(28cd - 9be))}{60c^2}$$

$$\frac{e^2 x^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7c}$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{7(-12bc(2cd^2 - ae^2) - 16ac^2 de - 9b^3 e^2 + 28b^2 cde) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{8c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{24c^2} - \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2} (-24c(7cd^2 - 2ae^2) - 10cex(28cd - 9be) + 7be(28cd - 9be))}{60c^2}$$

$$\frac{e^2 x^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7c}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{7(-12bc(2cd^2 - ae^2) - 16ac^2 de - 9b^3 e^2 + 28b^2 cde) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4c - \frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{8c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{24c^2} - \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2} (-24c(7cd^2 - 2ae^2) - 10cex(28cd - 9be) + 7be(28cd - 9be))}{60c^2}$$

$$\frac{e^2 x^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7c}$$

↓ 219

$$7 \left(\frac{\frac{(b+2cx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}} \right)}{16c}}{24c^2} \right) \frac{(-12bc(2cd^2-ae^2)-16ac^2de-9b^3e^2+28c^3d^2)}{14c}$$

$$\frac{e^2x^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{7c}$$

input `Int[x*(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(e^2*x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*c) + (-1/60*((7*b*e*(28*c*d - 9*b*e) - 24*c*(7*c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2) - 10*c*e*(28*c*d - 9*b*e)*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/c^2 + (7*(28*b^2*c*d*e - 16*a*c^2*d*e - 9*b^3*e^2 - 12*b*c*(2*c*d^2 - a*e^2))*((b + 2*c*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*c) - (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*((b + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*c) - ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(8*c^(3/2))))/(16*c))/(24*c^2))/(14*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1087 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1092

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 1225

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) - 2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] + Simp[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3))/(2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1267

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(f + g*x)^n - c*g^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^n - g^n*(d + e*x)^(n - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + n - 1) - c*d^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + n + p)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 610, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

method	result
risch	$\frac{(-15360c^6e^2x^6 - 19200bc^5e^2x^5 - 35840c^6dex^5 - 24576ac^5e^2x^4 - 384b^2c^4e^2x^4 - 46592bc^5dex^4 - 21504c^6d^2x^4 - 2112abc^4e^2x^3 - \dots)}{\dots}$
default	$d^2 \left(\frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2+bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} + \frac{3(4ac-b^2) \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{4c} + \frac{(4ac-b^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{16c} \right)}{2c} \right) + \dots$

input `int(x*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/107520/c^5*(-15360*c^6*e^2*x^6-19200*b*c^5*e^2*x^5-35840*c^6*d*e*x^5-24
576*a*c^5*e^2*x^4-384*b^2*c^4*e^2*x^4-46592*b*c^5*d*e*x^4-21504*c^6*d^2*x^
4-2112*a*b*c^4*e^2*x^3-62720*a*c^5*d*e*x^3+432*b^3*c^3*e^2*x^3-1344*b^2*c^
4*d*e*x^3-29568*b*c^5*d^2*x^3-3072*a^2*c^4*e^2*x^2+2976*a*b^2*c^3*e^2*x^2-
8064*a*b*c^4*d*e*x^2-43008*a*c^5*d^2*x^2-504*b^4*c^2*e^2*x^2+1568*b^3*c^3*
d*e*x^2-1344*b^2*c^4*d^2*x^2+7008*a^2*b*c^3*e^2*x-13440*a^2*c^4*d*e*x-4368
*a*b^3*c^2*e^2*x+12096*a*b^2*c^3*d*e*x-9408*a*b*c^4*d^2*x+630*b^5*c*e^2*x-
1960*b^4*c^2*d*e*x+1680*b^3*c^3*d^2*x+6144*a^3*c^3*e^2-16464*a^2*b^2*c^2*e
^2+36288*a^2*b*c^3*d*e-21504*a^2*c^4*d^2+7560*a*b^4*c*e^2-21280*a*b^3*c^2*
d*e+16800*a*b^2*c^3*d^2-945*b^6*e^2+2940*b^5*c*d*e-2520*b^4*c^2*d^2)*(c*x^
2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+1/2048*(192*a^3*b*c^3*e^2-256*a^3*c^4*d*e-240*a^2*b^3*c^2*e
^2+576*a^2*b^2*c^3*d*e-384*a^2*b*c^4*d^2+84*a*b^5*c*e^2-240*a*b^4*c^2*d*e+
192*a*b^3*c^3*d^2-9*b^7*e^2+28*b^6*c*d*e-24*b^5*c^2*d^2)/c^(11/2)*ln((1/2*
b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1151, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.48

$$\int x(d + ex)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

[-1/430080*(105*(24*(b^5*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c^3 + 16*a^2*b*c^4)*d^2 - 4*(7*b^6*c - 60*a*b^4*c^2 + 144*a^2*b^2*c^3 - 64*a^3*c^4)*d*e + 3*(3*b^7 - 28*a*b^5*c + 80*a^2*b^3*c^2 - 64*a^3*b*c^3)*e^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^2 - 8*b*c*x - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) - 4*(15360*c^7*e^2*x^6 + 1280*(28*c^7*d*e + 15*b*c^6*e^2)*x^5 + 128*(168*c^7*d^2 + 364*b*c^6*d*e + 3*(b^2*c^5 + 64*a*c^6)*e^2)*x^4 + 16*(1848*b*c^6*d^2 + 28*(3*b^2*c^5 + 140*a*c^6)*d*e - 3*(9*b^3*c^4 - 44*a*b*c^5)*e^2)*x^3 + 168*(15*b^4*c^3 - 100*a*b^2*c^4 + 128*a^2*c^5)*d^2 - 28*(105*b^5*c^2 - 760*a*b^3*c^3 + 1296*a^2*b*c^4)*d*e + 3*(315*b^6*c - 2520*a*b^4*c^2 + 5488*a^2*b^2*c^3 - 2048*a^3*c^4)*e^2 + 8*(168*(b^2*c^5 + 32*a*c^6)*d^2 - 28*(7*b^3*c^4 - 36*a*b*c^5)*d*e + 3*(21*b^4*c^3 - 124*a*b^2*c^4 + 128*a^2*c^5)*e^2)*x^2 - 2*(168*(5*b^3*c^4 - 28*a*b*c^5)*d^2 - 28*(35*b^4*c^3 - 216*a*b^2*c^4 + 240*a^2*c^5)*d*e + 3*(105*b^5*c^2 - 728*a*b^3*c^3 + 1168*a^2*b*c^4)*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/c^6, 1/215040*(105*(24*(b^5*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c^3 + 16*a^2*b*c^4)*d^2 - 4*(7*b^6*c - 60*a*b^4*c^2 + 144*a^2*b^2*c^3 - 64*a^3*c^4)*d*e + 3*(3*b^7 - 28*a*b^5*c + 80*a^2*b^3*c^2 - 64*a^3*b*c^3)*e^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^2 + b*c*x + a*c)) + 2*(15360*c^7*e^2*x^6 + 1280*(28*c^7*d*e + 15*b*c^6*e^2)*x^5 + 128*(168*c^7*d^2 + 364*b*c^6*d*e + 3*(b^2*c^5 + 64*a*c^6)*e^2)*x^4 + 16*(1848*b*c^6*d^2 + 28*(3*b^2*c^5 + 140*a*c^6)*d*e - 3*(9*b^3*c^4 - 44*a*b*c^5)*e...

```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2742 vs. $2(335) = 670$.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2742, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.28

$$\int x(d + ex)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x+d)**2*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((( -a*(2*a**2*d*e + 2*a*b*d**2 - 3*a*(2*a*b*e**2 + 4*a*c*d*e - 5*
a*(15*b*c*e**2/14 + 2*c**2*d*e))/(6*c) + 2*b**2*d*e + 2*b*c*d**2 - 9*b*(8*a
*c*e**2/7 + b**2*e**2 + 4*b*c*d*e - 11*b*(15*b*c*e**2/14 + 2*c**2*d*e)/(12
*c) + c**2*d**2)/(10*c)))/(4*c) - 5*b*(a**2*e**2 + 4*a*b*d*e + 2*a*c*d**2 -
4*a*(8*a*c*e**2/7 + b**2*e**2 + 4*b*c*d*e - 11*b*(15*b*c*e**2/14 + 2*c**2
*d*e)/(12*c) + c**2*d**2)/(5*c) + b**2*d**2 - 7*b*(2*a*b*e**2 + 4*a*c*d*e
- 5*a*(15*b*c*e**2/14 + 2*c**2*d*e)/(6*c) + 2*b**2*d*e + 2*b*c*d**2 - 9*b*
(8*a*c*e**2/7 + b**2*e**2 + 4*b*c*d*e - 11*b*(15*b*c*e**2/14 + 2*c**2*d*e)
/(12*c) + c**2*d**2)/(10*c))/(8*c))/(6*c))/(2*c) - b*(a**2*d**2 - 2*a*(a**
2*e**2 + 4*a*b*d*e + 2*a*c*d**2 - 4*a*(8*a*c*e**2/7 + b**2*e**2 + 4*b*c*d*
e - 11*b*(15*b*c*e**2/14 + 2*c**2*d*e)/(12*c) + c**2*d**2)/(5*c) + b**2*d*
**2 - 7*b*(2*a*b*e**2 + 4*a*c*d*e - 5*a*(15*b*c*e**2/14 + 2*c**2*d*e)/(6*c)
+ 2*b**2*d*e + 2*b*c*d**2 - 9*b*(8*a*c*e**2/7 + b**2*e**2 + 4*b*c*d*e - 1
1*b*(15*b*c*e**2/14 + 2*c**2*d*e)/(12*c) + c**2*d**2)/(10*c))/(8*c))/(3*c)
- 3*b*(2*a**2*d*e + 2*a*b*d**2 - 3*a*(2*a*b*e**2 + 4*a*c*d*e - 5*a*(15*b*
c*e**2/14 + 2*c**2*d*e)/(6*c) + 2*b**2*d*e + 2*b*c*d**2 - 9*b*(8*a*c*e**2/
7 + b**2*e**2 + 4*b*c*d*e - 11*b*(15*b*c*e**2/14 + 2*c**2*d*e)/(12*c) + c*
**2*d**2)/(10*c))/(4*c) - 5*b*(a**2*e**2 + 4*a*b*d*e + 2*a*c*d**2 - 4*a*(8
a*c*e**2/7 + b**2*e**2 + 4*b*c*d*e - 11*b*(15*b*c*e**2/14 + 2*c**2*d*e)/(1
2*c) + c**2*d**2)/(5*c) + b**2*d**2 - 7*b*(2*a*b*e**2 + 4*a*c*d*e - 5*a...
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x(d + ex)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for
more deta
```


Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 602, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int x(d+ex)^2 (a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{107520} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2 \left(8 \left(10 \left(12ce^2x + \frac{28c^7de+15bc^6e^2}{c^6} \right) x + \frac{168c^7d^2+364}{2048c^{\frac{11}{2}}} \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left. + \frac{(24b^5c^2d^2 - 192ab^3c^3d^2 + 384a^2bc^4d^2 - 28b^6cde + 240ab^4c^2de - 576a^2b^2c^3de + 256a^3c^4de + 9b^7e^2 - 8}{2048c^{\frac{11}{2}}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/107520*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*(4*(2*(8*(10*(12*c*e^2*x + (28*c^7*d*e +
15*b*c^6*e^2)/c^6)*x + (168*c^7*d^2 + 364*b*c^6*d*e + 3*b^2*c^5*e^2 + 192
*a*c^6*e^2)/c^6)*x + (1848*b*c^6*d^2 + 84*b^2*c^5*d*e + 3920*a*c^6*d*e - 2
7*b^3*c^4*e^2 + 132*a*b*c^5*e^2)/c^6)*x + (168*b^2*c^5*d^2 + 5376*a*c^6*d^
2 - 196*b^3*c^4*d*e + 1008*a*b*c^5*d*e + 63*b^4*c^3*e^2 - 372*a*b^2*c^4*e^
2 + 384*a^2*c^5*e^2)/c^6)*x - (840*b^3*c^4*d^2 - 4704*a*b*c^5*d^2 - 980*b^
4*c^3*d*e + 6048*a*b^2*c^4*d*e - 6720*a^2*c^5*d*e + 315*b^5*c^2*e^2 - 2184
*a*b^3*c^3*e^2 + 3504*a^2*b*c^4*e^2)/c^6)*x + (2520*b^4*c^3*d^2 - 16800*a*
b^2*c^4*d^2 + 21504*a^2*c^5*d^2 - 2940*b^5*c^2*d*e + 21280*a*b^3*c^3*d*e -
36288*a^2*b*c^4*d*e + 945*b^6*c*e^2 - 7560*a*b^4*c^2*e^2 + 16464*a^2*b^2*
c^3*e^2 - 6144*a^3*c^4*e^2)/c^6) + 1/2048*(24*b^5*c^2*d^2 - 192*a*b^3*c^3*
d^2 + 384*a^2*b*c^4*d^2 - 28*b^6*c*d*e + 240*a*b^4*c^2*d*e - 576*a^2*b^2*c
^3*d*e + 256*a^3*c^4*d*e + 9*b^7*e^2 - 84*a*b^5*c*e^2 + 240*a^2*b^3*c^2*e^
2 - 192*a^3*b*c^3*e^2)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*sqrt(c
+ b))/c^(11/2))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(d+ex)^2 (a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x(d+ex)^2 (cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x*(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x*(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x(d + ex)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x(ex + d)^2 (cx^2 + bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int(x*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(x*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2), x)`

3.76 $\int x(d + ex) (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 198

$$\int x(d + ex) (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(b^2 - 4ac)(12bcd - 7b^2e + 4ace)(b + 2cx)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{512c^4} - \frac{(12bcd - 7b^2e + 4ace)(b + 2cx)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{192c^3} + \frac{(12cd - 7be + 10cex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{60c^2} - \frac{(b^2 - 4ac)^2(12bcd - 7b^2e + 4ace) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{1024c^{9/2}}$$

output

```
1/512*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(4*a*c*e-7*b^2*e+12*b*c*d)*(2*c*x+b)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
)/c^4-1/192*(4*a*c*e-7*b^2*e+12*b*c*d)*(2*c*x+b)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/c^3+1
/60*(10*c*e*x-7*b*e+12*c*d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/c^2-1/1024*(-4*a*c+b^2)^2*
(4*a*c*e-7*b^2*e+12*b*c*d)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/
2))/c^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int x(d + ex) (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}(-105b^5e + 10b^4c(18d + 7ex) + 8b^3c(95ae - cx(15d + 7ex)) + 48b^2c^2(25d + 9ex) + 16b^2c^2(c^2x^2(2d + ex) - a(25d + 9ex)) + 16b^2c^2(-81a^2e + 6ac^2x(7d + 3ex) + 4c^2x^3(33d + 26ex) + 32c^3(8c^2x^4(6d + 5ex) + 3a^2(16d + 5ex) + 2ac^2x^2(48d + 35ex))) - 15(b^2 - 4ac)^2(-12b^2cd + 7b^2e - 4ace)*\text{Log}[b + 2cx - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}])}{15360c^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(-105*b^5*e + 10*b^4*c*(18*d + 7*e*x) + 8*b^3*c*(95*a*e - c*x*(15*d + 7*e*x)) + 48*b^2*c^2*(c*x^2*(2*d + e*x) - a*(25*d + 9*e*x)) + 16*b^2*c^2*(-81*a^2*e + 6*a*c*x*(7*d + 3*e*x) + 4*c^2*x^3*(33*d + 26*e*x)) + 32*c^3*(8*c^2*x^4*(6*d + 5*e*x) + 3*a^2*(16*d + 5*e*x) + 2*a*c*x^2*(48*d + 35*e*x))) - 15*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*(-12*b*c*d + 7*b^2*e - 4*a*c*e)*Log[b + 2*c*x - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]])/(15360*c^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {1225, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(d + ex) (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1225$$

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}(-7be + 12cd + 10cex)}{60c^2} - \frac{(4ace - 7b^2e + 12bcd) \int (cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2} dx}{24c^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1087$$

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2} (-7be + 12cd + 10cex) - \frac{60c^2}{(4ace - 7b^2e + 12bcd) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \int \sqrt{cx^2+bx+adx}}{16c} \right)}{24c^2}}{24c^2} \quad \downarrow \quad 1087$$

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2} (-7be + 12cd + 10cex) - \frac{60c^2}{(4ace - 7b^2e + 12bcd) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{8c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{24c^2}}{24c^2} \quad \downarrow \quad 1092$$

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2} (-7be + 12cd + 10cex) - \frac{60c^2}{(4ace - 7b^2e + 12bcd) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4c - \frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d \frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{4c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{24c^2}}{24c^2} \quad \downarrow \quad 219$$

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2} (-7be + 12cd + 10cex) - \frac{60c^2}{(4ace - 7b^2e + 12bcd) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \right)}{8c^{3/2}} \right)}{16c} \right)}{24c^2}}{24c^2} (4ace - 7b^2e + 12bcd)$$

input `Int[x*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output

$$\frac{((12cd - 7be + 10cex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2})/(60c^2) - ((12b^2c^2d - 7b^2e + 4ac^2e)((b + 2cx)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2})/(8c) - (3(b^2 - 4ac)((b + 2cx)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2})/(4c) - ((b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b + 2cx)/(2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2})])/(8c^{3/2}))) / (16c^2)) / (24c^2)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1/(\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1087

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x) + (c \cdot x)^2)^p, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(b + 2cx) \cdot ((a + bx + cx^2)^p / (2c \cdot (2p + 1))), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[p \cdot ((b^2 - 4ac) / (2c \cdot (2p + 1))) \operatorname{Int}[(a + bx + cx^2)^{p-1}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{IntegerQ}[4p] \ || \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[3p])$$

rule 1092

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a + (b \cdot x) + (c \cdot x)^2)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[2 \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(4c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2cx)/\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\}$$

rule 1225

$$\operatorname{Int}[(d + (e \cdot x)) \cdot ((f + (g \cdot x)) \cdot ((a + (b \cdot x) + (c \cdot x)^2)^p), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-b \cdot e \cdot g \cdot (p + 2) - c \cdot (e \cdot f + d \cdot g) \cdot (2p + 3) - 2c \cdot e \cdot g \cdot (p + 1) \cdot x) \cdot ((a + bx + cx^2)^{p+1} / (2c^2 \cdot (p + 1) \cdot (2p + 3))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[(b^2 \cdot e \cdot g \cdot (p + 2) - 2a \cdot c \cdot e \cdot g + c \cdot (2c \cdot d \cdot f - b \cdot (e \cdot f + d \cdot g)) \cdot (2p + 3)) / (2c^2 \cdot (2p + 3)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + bx + cx^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, x\} \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{LeQ}[p, -1]$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 689, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.48

$$\int x(d + ex) (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/30720*(15*(12*(b^5*c - 8*a*b^3*c^2 + 16*a^2*b*c^3)*d - (7*b^6 - 60*a*b^4*c + 144*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^3*c^3)*e)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^2 - 8*b*c*x - b^2 + 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 4*(1280*c^6*e*x^5 + 128*(12*c^6*d + 13*b*c^5*e)*x^4 + 16*(132*b*c^5*d + (3*b^2*c^4 + 140*a*c^5)*e)*x^3 + 8*(12*(b^2*c^4 + 32*a*c^5)*d - (7*b^3*c^3 - 36*a*b*c^4)*e)*x^2 + 12*(15*b^4*c^2 - 100*a*b^2*c^3 + 128*a^2*c^4)*d - (105*b^5*c - 760*a*b^3*c^2 + 1296*a^2*b*c^3)*e - 2*(12*(5*b^3*c^3 - 28*a*b*c^4)*d - (35*b^4*c^2 - 216*a*b^2*c^3 + 240*a^2*c^4)*e)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/c^5, 1/15360*(15*(12*(b^5*c - 8*a*b^3*c^2 + 16*a^2*b*c^3)*d - (7*b^6 - 60*a*b^4*c + 144*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^3*c^3)*e)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^2 + b*c*x + a*c)) + 2*(1280*c^6*e*x^5 + 128*(12*c^6*d + 13*b*c^5*e)*x^4 + 16*(132*b*c^5*d + (3*b^2*c^4 + 140*a*c^5)*e)*x^3 + 8*(12*(b^2*c^4 + 32*a*c^5)*d - (7*b^3*c^3 - 36*a*b*c^4)*e)*x^2 + 12*(15*b^4*c^2 - 100*a*b^2*c^3 + 128*a^2*c^4)*d - (105*b^5*c - 760*a*b^3*c^2 + 1296*a^2*b*c^3)*e - 2*(12*(5*b^3*c^3 - 28*a*b*c^4)*d - (35*b^4*c^2 - 216*a*b^2*c^3 + 240*a^2*c^4)*e)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/c^5]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1175 vs. 2(199) = 398.

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1175, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.93

$$\int x(d + ex) (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((( -a*(a**2*e + 2*a*b*d - 3*a*(7*a*c*e/6 + b**2*e + 2*b*c*d - 9*b
*(13*b*c*e/12 + c**2*d)/(10*c))/(4*c) - 5*b*(2*a*b*e + 2*a*c*d - 4*a*(13*b
*c*e/12 + c**2*d)/(5*c) + b**2*d - 7*b*(7*a*c*e/6 + b**2*e + 2*b*c*d - 9*b
*(13*b*c*e/12 + c**2*d)/(10*c))/(8*c))/(6*c))/(2*c) - b*(a**2*d - 2*a*(2*a
*b*e + 2*a*c*d - 4*a*(13*b*c*e/12 + c**2*d)/(5*c) + b**2*d - 7*b*(7*a*c*e/
6 + b**2*e + 2*b*c*d - 9*b*(13*b*c*e/12 + c**2*d)/(10*c))/(8*c))/(3*c) - 3
*b*(a**2*e + 2*a*b*d - 3*a*(7*a*c*e/6 + b**2*e + 2*b*c*d - 9*b*(13*b*c*e/1
2 + c**2*d)/(10*c))/(4*c) - 5*b*(2*a*b*e + 2*a*c*d - 4*a*(13*b*c*e/12 + c
**2*d)/(5*c) + b**2*d - 7*b*(7*a*c*e/6 + b**2*e + 2*b*c*d - 9*b*(13*b*c*e/1
2 + c**2*d)/(10*c))/(8*c))/(6*c))/(4*c))/(2*c))*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(
c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(a - b**2/(4*c), 0)), ((b/(2
*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True)) + sqrt(a + b*x
+ c*x**2)*(c*e*x**5/6 + x**4*(13*b*c*e/12 + c**2*d)/(5*c) + x**3*(7*a*c*e/
6 + b**2*e + 2*b*c*d - 9*b*(13*b*c*e/12 + c**2*d)/(10*c))/(4*c) + x**2*(2
*a*b*e + 2*a*c*d - 4*a*(13*b*c*e/12 + c**2*d)/(5*c) + b**2*d - 7*b*(7*a*c*e
/6 + b**2*e + 2*b*c*d - 9*b*(13*b*c*e/12 + c**2*d)/(10*c))/(8*c))/(3*c) +
x*(a**2*e + 2*a*b*d - 3*a*(7*a*c*e/6 + b**2*e + 2*b*c*d - 9*b*(13*b*c*e/12
+ c**2*d)/(10*c))/(4*c) - 5*b*(2*a*b*e + 2*a*c*d - 4*a*(13*b*c*e/12 + c**
2*d)/(5*c) + b**2*d - 7*b*(7*a*c*e/6 + b**2*e + 2*b*c*d - 9*b*(13*b*c*e/12
+ c**2*d)/(10*c))/(8*c))/(6*c))/(2*c) + (a**2*d - 2*a*(2*a*b*e + 2*a*c...
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x(d + ex) (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for
more deta
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{7680} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2 \left(8 \left(10cex + \frac{12c^6d+13bc^5e}{c^5} \right) x + \frac{132bc^5d+3b^2c^4e+140}{c^5} \right. \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left. + \frac{(12b^5cd-96ab^3c^2d+192a^2bc^3d-7b^6e+60ab^4ce-144a^2b^2c^2e+64a^3c^3e) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})|}{1024c^{\frac{9}{2}}}} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/7680*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*(4*(2*(8*(10*c*e*x + (12*c^6*d + 13*b*c^5*
e)/c^5)*x + (132*b*c^5*d + 3*b^2*c^4*e + 140*a*c^5*e)/c^5)*x + (12*b^2*c^4
*d + 384*a*c^5*d - 7*b^3*c^3*e + 36*a*b*c^4*e)/c^5)*x - (60*b^3*c^3*d - 33
6*a*b*c^4*d - 35*b^4*c^2*e + 216*a*b^2*c^3*e - 240*a^2*c^4*e)/c^5)*x + (18
0*b^4*c^2*d - 1200*a*b^2*c^3*d + 1536*a^2*c^4*d - 105*b^5*c*e + 760*a*b^3*
c^2*e - 1296*a^2*b*c^3*e)/c^5) + 1/1024*(12*b^5*c*d - 96*a*b^3*c^2*d + 192
*a^2*b*c^3*d - 7*b^6*e + 60*a*b^4*c*e - 144*a^2*b^2*c^2*e + 64*a^3*c^3*e)*
log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(9/2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

`int(x*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

3.77 $\int x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	815
Mathematica [A] (verified)	816
Rubi [A] (verified)	816
Maple [A] (verified)	818
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	819
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	820
Maxima [F(-2)]	821
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	821
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	822
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	822

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3b(b^2 - 4ac)(b + 2cx)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{128c^3} - \frac{b(b + 2cx)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{16c^2} + \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{3b(b^2 - 4ac)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{256c^{7/2}}$$

output

```
3/128*b*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(2*c*x+b)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^3-1/16*b*(2*c*x+b)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/c^2+1/5*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/c-3/256*b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^2*arc tanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}(15b^4 - 10b^3cx + 128c^2(a + cx^2)^2 + 4b^2c(-25a + 2cx^2) + 8bc^2x(7a + 22cx^2))}{640c^3} + \frac{3b(b^2 - 4ac)^2 \log(b + 2cx - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)})}{256c^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(15*b^4 - 10*b^3*c*x + 128*c^2*(a + c*x^2)^2 + 4*b^2*c*(-25*a + 2*c*x^2) + 8*b*c^2*x*(7*a + 22*c*x^2)))/(640*c^3) + (3*b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*Log[b + 2*c*x - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]])/(256*c^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$, Rules used = {1160, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1160$$

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \int (cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2} dx}{2c}$$

$$\downarrow 1087$$

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \int \sqrt{cx^2+bx+adx}}{16c} \right)}{2c}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1087 \\
 \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c} - \\
 b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{8c} \right)}{16c} \right) \\
 \hline
 2c \\
 \downarrow 1092 \\
 \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c} - \\
 b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4c - \frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d \frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{4c} \right)}{16c} \right) \\
 \hline
 2c \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c} - \\
 b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}} \right)}{16c} \right) \\
 \hline
 2c
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)/(5*c) - (b*(((b + 2*c*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*c) - (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(((b + 2*c*x)*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*c) - ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*sqrt[c]*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(8*c^(3/2)))))/(16*c)))/(2*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))* ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1087 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x) * ((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
default	$\frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2+bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} + \frac{3(4ac-b^2) \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{4c} + \frac{(4ac-b^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{\sqrt{c}}+cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{16c} \right)}{2c}$
risch	$\frac{(128c^4x^4+176bc^3x^3+256a^3c^3x^2+8b^2c^2x^2+56ab^2c^2x-10b^3cx+128a^2c^2-100ca^2b^2+15b^4)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{640c^3} - \frac{3b(16a^2c^2-8ca^2b^2+b^4)}{2c^3}$

input `int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/5*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/c-1/2*b/c*(1/8*(2*c*x+b)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/c+3/16*(4*a*c-b^2)/c*(1/4*(2*c*x+b)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c+1/8*(4*a*c-b^2)/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \left[\frac{15(b^5 - 8ab^3c + 16a^2bc^2)\sqrt{c} \log(-8c^2x^2 - 8bcx - b^2 + 4\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}(2cx + b)\sqrt{c} - \dots}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2560*(15*(b^5 - 8*a*b^3*c + 16*a^2*b*c^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^2 - 8*b*c*x - b^2 + 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 4*(128*c^5*x^4 + 176*b*c^4*x^3 + 15*b^4*c - 100*a*b^2*c^2 + 128*a^2*c^3 + 8*(b^2*c^3 + 32*a*c^4)*x^2 - 2*(5*b^3*c^2 - 28*a*b*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/c^4, 1/1280*(15*(b^5 - 8*a*b^3*c + 16*a^2*b*c^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^2 + b*c*x + a*c)) + 2*(128*c^5*x^4 + 176*b*c^4*x^3 + 15*b^4*c - 100*a*b^2*c^2 + 128*a^2*c^3 + 8*(b^2*c^3 + 32*a*c^4)*x^2 - 2*(5*b^3*c^2 - 28*a*b*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/c^4]
```


Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 343 vs. 2(128) = 256.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \left(\left(\frac{a \left(\frac{47ab}{40} - \frac{5b \left(\frac{6ac}{5} + \frac{3b^2}{80} \right)}{6c} \right)}{2c} - \frac{b \left(a^2 - \frac{2a \left(\frac{6ac}{5} + \frac{3b^2}{80} \right)}{3c} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{47ab}{40} - \frac{5b \left(\frac{6ac}{5} + \frac{3b^2}{80} \right)}{6c} \right)}{4c} \right)}{2c} \right) \left(\frac{\log(b + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2})}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\left(\frac{b}{2c} + x\right) \log\left(\frac{b}{2c} + x\right)}{\sqrt{c\left(\frac{b}{2c} + x\right)^2}} \right) \right) + \frac{2 \left(-\frac{a(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7} \right)}{b^2} + \frac{a^{3/2}x^2}{2}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise(((-a*(47*a*b/40 - 5*b*(6*a*c/5 + 3*b**2/80)/(6*c))/(2*c) - b*(a**2 - 2*a*(6*a*c/5 + 3*b**2/80)/(3*c) - 3*b*(47*a*b/40 - 5*b*(6*a*c/5 + 3*b**2/80)/(6*c))/(4*c))/(2*c))*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(a - b**2/(4*c), 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True)) + sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*(11*b*x**3/40 + c*x**4/5 + x**2*(6*a*c/5 + 3*b**2/80)/(3*c) + x*(47*a*b/40 - 5*b*(6*a*c/5 + 3*b**2/80)/(6*c))/(2*c) + (a**2 - 2*a*(6*a*c/5 + 3*b**2/80)/(3*c) - 3*b*(47*a*b/40 - 5*b*(6*a*c/5 + 3*b**2/80)/(6*c))/(4*c))/c, Ne(c, 0)), (2*(-a*(a + b*x)**(5/2)/5 + (a + b*x)**(7/2)/7)/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), (a**(3/2)*x**2/2, True))`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{640} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2(8cx + 11b)x + \frac{b^2c^3 + 32ac^4}{c^4} \right) x - \frac{5b^3c^2 - 28abc^3}{c^4} \right) x + \frac{15b^4c - 100a^2c^2 + 128a^2c^3}{c^4} \right) + \frac{3(b^5 - 8ab^3c + 16a^2bc^2) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{256c^7}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/640*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*(4*(2*(8*c*x + 11*b)*x + (b^2*c^3 + 32*a*c^4)/c^4)*x - (5*b^3*c^2 - 28*a*b*c^3)/c^4)*x + (15*b^4*c - 100*a*b^2*c^2 + 128*a^2*c^3)/c^4) + 3/256*(b^5 - 8*a*b^3*c + 16*a^2*b*c^2)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(7/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{3a \left(\ln \left(\frac{b/2 + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} \right) \left(\frac{a}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{b^2}{8c^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{4c} \right)}{4} + \frac{x(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{4} + \frac{b(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\ln \left(\frac{b/2 + cx}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2c} \right)}{2c}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

$$(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(5/2)}/(5*c) - (b*((3*a*(\log((b/2 + c*x)/c^{(1/2)} + (a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(1/2)})*(a/(2*c^{(1/2)}) - b^2/(8*c^{(3/2)}))) + ((b + 2*c*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(1/2)})/(4*c)))/4 + (x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(3/2)})/4 + (b*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(8*c) - (3*b^2*(\log((b/2 + c*x)/c^{(1/2)} + (a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(1/2)})*(a/(2*c^{(1/2)}) - b^2/(8*c^{(3/2)}))) + ((b + 2*c*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(1/2)})/(4*c)))/(16*c))/(2*c)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{256\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}a^2c^3 - 200\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}ab^2c^2 + 112\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}abc^3x + 512\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}a^2c^3}{256c^3}$$

input `int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(256*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**2*c**3 - 200*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a*b**2*
c**2 + 112*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a*b*c**3*x + 512*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*
a*c**4*x**2 + 30*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*b**4*c - 20*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)
*b**3*c**2*x + 16*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*b**2*c**3*x**2 + 352*sqrt(a + b*x
+ c*x**2)*b*c**4*x**3 + 256*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*c**5*x**4 - 240*sqrt(c
)*log((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) + b + 2*c*x)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*a
**2*b*c**2 + 120*sqrt(c)*log((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2) + b + 2*c*x
)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*a*b**3*c - 15*sqrt(c)*log((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x +
c*x**2) + b + 2*c*x)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*b**5)/(1280*c**4)
```

3.78 $\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

Optimal result	824
Mathematica [A] (verified)	825
Rubi [A] (verified)	825
Maple [A] (verified)	829
Fricas [F(-1)]	830
Sympy [F]	830
Maxima [F(-2)]	830
Giac [F(-2)]	831
Mupad [F(-1)]	831
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	831

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 339

$$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx =$$

$$\frac{(64c^3d^3 + 3b^3e^3 - 16c^2de(5bd - 4ae) + 4bce^2(2bd - 3ae) + 2ce(3(b^2 - 4ac)e^2 - 8cd(2cd - be))x)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{64c^2e^4}$$

$$- \frac{(8cd - 3be - 6ce^2x)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{24ce^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(128c^4d^4 + 3b^4e^4 + 8b^2ce^3(bd - 3ae) - 192c^3d^2e(bd - ae) + 48c^2e^2(bd - ae)^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{128c^{5/2}e^5}$$

$$- \frac{d(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^5}$$

output

```
-1/64*(64*c^3*d^3+3*b^3*e^3-16*c^2*d*e*(-4*a*e+5*b*d)+4*b*c*e^2*(-3*a*e+2*b*d)+2*c*e*(3*(-4*a*c+b^2)*e^2-8*c*d*(-b*e+2*c*d))*x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^2/e^4-1/24*(-6*c*e*x-3*b*e+8*c*d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/c/e^2+1/128*(128*c^4*d^4+3*b^4*e^4+8*b^2*c*e^3*(-3*a*e+b*d)-192*c^3*d^2*e*(-a*e+b*d)+48*c^2*e^2*(-a*e+b*d)^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/e^5-d*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{2e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}(-9b^3e^3+6bce^2(-4bd+10ae+be)-16c^3(12d^3-6d^2ex+4de^2x^2-3e^3x^3))+8c^2e(ae(-32d+15ex)+b(30d^2-14d*ex+9e^2x^2))}{c^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

```
((2*e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(-9*b^3*e^3 + 6*b*c*e^2*(-4*b*d + 10*a*e + b*e*x) - 16*c^3*(12*d^3 - 6*d^2*e*x + 4*d*e^2*x^2 - 3*e^3*x^3) + 8*c^2*e*(a*e*(-32*d + 15*e*x) + b*(30*d^2 - 14*d*e*x + 9*e^2*x^2))))/c^2 - 768*d*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)] - (3*(128*c^4*d^4 + 3*b^4*e^4 + 8*b^2*c*e^3*(b*d - 3*a*e) - 192*c^3*d^2*e*(b*d - a*e) + 48*c^2*e^2*(b*d - a*e)^2)*Log[b + 2*c*x - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]])/c^(5/2))/(384*e^5)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$, Rules used = {1231, 27, 1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 1231

$$-\int \frac{(d(-3eb^2+8cdb-4ace)+(16c^2d^2-3b^2e^2-4ce(2bd-3ae))x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(d+ex)} dx -$$

$$\frac{8ce^2}{24ce^2} \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} (-3be + 8cd - 6cex)}{24ce^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{(d(-3eb^2+8cdb-4ace)+(16c^2d^2-3b^2e^2-4ce(2bd-3ae))x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{d+ex} dx}{\frac{16ce^2}{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-3be+8cd-6cex)}} -$$

↓ 1231

$$\frac{\int -\frac{d(3e^3b^4+8cde^2b^3-8ce(10cd^2+3ae^2)b^2+32c^2d(2cd^2+5ae^2)b-16ac^2e(4cd^2+5ae^2))+(128c^4d^4-192c^3e(bd-ae)d^2+3b^4e^4+48c^2e^2(bd-ae)^2+8b^2ce^3(bd-3ae))}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{4ce^2}}{16ce^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{d(3e^3b^4+8cde^2b^3-8ce(10cd^2+3ae^2)b^2+32c^2d(2cd^2+5ae^2)b-16ac^2e(4cd^2+5ae^2))+(128c^4d^4-192c^3e(bd-ae)d^2+3b^4e^4+48c^2e^2(bd-ae)^2+8b^2ce^3(bd-3ae))}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{8ce^2}}{16ce^2}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{\frac{(8b^2ce^3(bd-3ae)-192c^3d^2e(bd-ae)+48c^2e^2(bd-ae)^2+3b^4e^4+128c^4d^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{128c^2d(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e}}{8ce^2}}{\frac{16ce^2}{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-3be+8cd-6cex)}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+a}}{e}}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{2(8b^2ce^3(bd-3ae)-192c^3d^2e(bd-ae)+48c^2e^2(bd-ae)^2+3b^4e^4+128c^4d^4) \int \frac{1}{4c-\frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d \frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{e} - \frac{128c^2d(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e}}{8ce^2}}{16ce^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)\left(8b^2ce^3(bd-3ae)-192c^3d^2e(bd-ae)+48c^2e^2(bd-ae)^2+3b^4e^4+128c^4d^4\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{128c^2d(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e}}{8ce^2} - \frac{16ce^2}{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-3be+8cd-6cex)}{24ce^2}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{256c^2d(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2) - \frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{e} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)\left(8b^2ce^3(bd-3ae)-192c^3d^2e\right)}{8ce^2}}{24ce^2} - \frac{16ce^2}{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-3be+8cd-6cex)}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)\left(8b^2ce^3(bd-3ae)-192c^3d^2e(bd-ae)+48c^2e^2(bd-ae)^2+3b^4e^4+128c^4d^4\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{128c^2d(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+}{2\sqrt{a+bx+c}}\right)}{e}}{8ce^2} - \frac{16ce^2}{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-3be+8cd-6cex)}{24ce^2}$$

input

`Int[(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x), x]`

output

`-1/24*((8*c*d - 3*b*e - 6*c*e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(c*e^2) + (-1/4*((64*c^3*d^3 + 3*b^3*e^3 - 16*c^2*d*e*(5*b*d - 4*a*e) + 4*b*c*e^2*(2*b*d - 3*a*e) - 2*c*e*(16*c^2*d^2 - 3*b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(2*b*d - 3*a*e))*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(c*e^2) + (((128*c^4*d^4 + 3*b^4*e^4 + 8*b^2*c*e^3*(b*d - 3*a*e) - 192*c^3*d^2*e*(b*d - a*e) + 48*c^2*e^2*(b*d - a*e)^2)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(Sqrt[c]*e) - (128*c^2*d*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/e)/(8*c*e^2))/(16*c*e^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1154 $\text{Int}[1/(((d_) + (e_*)(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$
- rule 1231 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((f_) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p / (c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - \text{Simp}[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}*\text{Simp}[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[m] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, 0])) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$
- rule 1269 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((f_) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)/e \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 35.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10332, normalized size of antiderivative = 30.48

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output

```
(384*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*
**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d*
*2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e
+ b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sq
rt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*
e - 8*c**2*d**2))*a*b*c**3*d*e**3 - 768*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e
+ c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2
- b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan(
(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a
*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d
- 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2))*a*c**4*d**2*e**2 - 38
4*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2
- b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)
*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e +
b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c
)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e -
8*c**2*d**2))*b**2*c**3*d**2*e**2 + 1152*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d
*e + c*d**2))*b*e - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*c*d - 4*a*c*e**
2 - b**2*e**2 + 8*b*c*d*e - 8*c**2*d**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*ata
n((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*e + b*e + 2*c*e*x)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*s...
```

$$3.79 \quad \int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	833
Mathematica [A] (verified)	834
Rubi [A] (verified)	834
Maple [B] (verified)	838
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	839
Sympy [F]	839
Maxima [F(-2)]	840
Giac [F(-1)]	840
Mupad [F(-1)]	841
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	841

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 296

$$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \frac{(32c^2d^2 + b^2e^2 - 4ce(7bd - 2ae) - 2ce(8cd - be)x) \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{8ce^4} + \frac{(4d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e^2(d+ex)} - \frac{(64c^3d^3 + b^3e^3 - 24c^2de(3bd - 2ae) + 12bce^2(bd - ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{16c^{3/2}e^5} + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}(8cd^2 - e(5bd - 2ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2e^5}$$

output

```
1/8*(32*c^2*d^2+b^2*e^2-4*c*e*(-2*a*e+7*b*d)-2*c*e*(-b*e+8*c*d)*x)*(c*x^2+
b*x+a)^(1/2)/c/e^4+1/3*(e*x+4*d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)-1/16*(64*
c^3*d^3+b^3*e^3-24*c^2*d*e*(-2*a*e+3*b*d)+12*b*c*e^2*(-a*e+b*d))*arctanh(1
/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^5+1/2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d
^2)^(1/2)*(8*c*d^2-e*(-2*a*e+5*b*d))*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x
)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 11.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{-3(64c^3d^3 + b^3e^3 + 12bce^2(bd - ae) + 24c^2de(-3bd + 2ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right) + 2\sqrt{c} \left((e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2})^3 + 3b^2e^2(d+ex) + 8c^2(12d^3 + 6d^2ex - 2de^2x^2 + e^3x^3) + 2ce(4ae(7d+4ex) + b(-42d^2 - 23de^2x + 7e^2x^2)) \right)}{(d+ex)^2} - 12c\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e(-bd+ae)} \left(8cd^2 + e(-5bd+2ae) \right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-(bd) + 2ae - 2cdx + bex}{2\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e(-bd+ae)}}\right) \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{48c^{3/2}e^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
(-3*(64*c^3*d^3 + b^3*e^3 + 12*b*c*e^2*(b*d - a*e) + 24*c^2*d*e*(-3*b*d + 2*a*e))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])] + 2*Sqrt[c]*((e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])^3 + 3*b^2*e^2*(d + e*x) + 8*c^2*(12*d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x - 2*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3) + 2*c*e*(4*a*e*(7*d + 4*e*x) + b*(-42*d^2 - 23*d*e*x + 7*e^2*x^2))))/(d + e*x) - 12*c*Sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*(8*c*d^2 + e*(-5*b*d + 2*a*e))*ArcTanh[(-(b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x + b*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/(48*c^(3/2)*e^5)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$, Rules used = {1230, 1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1230}$$

$$\frac{(4d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e^2(d + ex)} - \int \frac{(2(2bd - ae) + (8cd - be)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1231}$$

$$\frac{(4d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e^2(d + ex)} - \frac{\int \frac{8ce(bd - 2ae)(2bd - ae) - d(8cd - be)(-eb^2 + 4cdb - 4ace) - (64c^3d^3 - 24c^2e(3bd - 2ae)d + b^3e^3 + 12bce^2(bd - ae))x}{2(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{4ce^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(-4ce(7bd - 2ae) + b^2e)}{4ce^2}$$

$2e^2$

↓ 27

$$\frac{(4d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e^2(d + ex)} - \frac{\int \frac{8ce(bd - 2ae)(2bd - ae) - d(8cd - be)(-eb^2 + 4cdb - 4ace) - (64c^3d^3 - 24c^2e(3bd - 2ae)d + b^3e^3 + 12bce^2(bd - ae))x}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{8ce^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(-4ce(7bd - 2ae) + b^2e)}{4ce^2}$$

$2e^2$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{(4d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e^2(d + ex)} - \frac{8c(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)(2ae^2 - 5bde + 8cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{e} - \frac{(-24c^2de(3bd - 2ae) + 12bce^2(bd - ae) + b^3e^3 + 64c^3d^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{e}$$

$2e^2$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{(4d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e^2(d + ex)} - \frac{8c(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)(2ae^2 - 5bde + 8cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{e} - \frac{2(-24c^2de(3bd - 2ae) + 12bce^2(bd - ae) + b^3e^3 + 64c^3d^3) \int \frac{1}{4c - \frac{(b + 2cx)^2}{cx^2 + bx + a}} d \frac{b + 2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{e}$$

$2e^2$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(4d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e^2(d + ex)} - \frac{8c(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)(2ae^2 - 5bde + 8cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}\right)(-24c^2de(3bd - 2ae) + 12bce^2(bd - ae) + b^3e^3 + 64c^3d^3)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{e}$$

$2e^2$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{(4d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e^2(d + ex)} - \frac{16c(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)(2ae^2 - 5bde + 8cd^2) \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) - \frac{(bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x)^2}{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{e} - \frac{d\left(-\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}\right)(-24c^2de(3bd - 2ae) + 12bce^2(bd - ae) + b^3e^3 + 64c^3d^3)}{8ce^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{e}$$

$8ce^2$

$2e^2$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 219 \\ \frac{(4d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e^2(d + ex)} - \frac{8c\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}(2ae^2 - 5bde + 8cd^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae + x(2cd - be) + bd}{2\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}}\right) - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}\right)(-24c^2de(3bd - 2ae) + 12bce^2(bd - ae) + \dots)}{e} - \frac{\dots}{8ce^2} - \frac{\dots}{\sqrt{ce}} \\ \hline 2e^2 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `((4*d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*e^2*(d + e*x)) - (-1/4*((32*c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(7*b*d - 2*a*e) - 2*c*e*(8*c*d - b*e)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(c*e^2) - (-(((64*c^3*d^3 + b^3*e^3 - 24*c^2*d*e*(3*b*d - 2*a*e) + 12*b*c*e^2*(b*d - a*e))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(Sqrt[c]*e)) + (8*c*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*(8*c*d^2 - 5*b*d*e + 2*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/e)/(8*c*e^2)/(2*e^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154

```
Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

rule 1230

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1) + e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[g*(b*d + 2*a*e + 2*a*e*m + 2*b*d*p) - f*b*e*(m + 2*p + 2) + (g*(2*c*d + b*e + b*e*m + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] || EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 1231

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 708 vs. $2(268) = 536$.

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 709, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

method	result
risch	$\frac{(8c^2e^2x^2+14e^2xbc-24c^2dex+32ace^2+3b^2e^2-60bcde+72c^2d^2)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{24ce^4} + \frac{(12abc e^3-48d e^2 a c^2-b^3 e^3-12d e^2 b^2 c+72d^2 e b c^2-6 e^2 c^3 d^3)}{e\sqrt{c}}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/24/c*(8*c^2*e^2*x^2+14*b*c*e^2*x-24*c^2*d*e*x+32*a*c*e^2+3*b^2*e^2-60*b*
c*d*e+72*c^2*d^2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e^4+1/16/e^4/c*((12*a*b*c*e^3-48*a*c
^2*d*e^2-b^3*e^3-12*b^2*c*d*e^2+72*b*c^2*d^2*e-64*c^3*d^3)/e*ln((1/2*b+c*x
)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-16*c/e^2*(a^2*e^4-4*a*b*d*e^3+6*a*c
*d^2*e^2+3*b^2*d^2*e^2-8*b*c*d^3*e+5*c^2*d^4)/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1
/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c
d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2
)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)-16*c*d*(a^2*e^4-2*a*b*d*e^3+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+b^2*d^2*e^2-2*
b*c*d^3*e+c^2*d^4)/e^3*(-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(x+d/e)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b
*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^
2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e
^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b
*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 112.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2135, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.21

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/96*(3*(64*c^3*d^4 - 72*b*c^2*d^3*e + 12*(b^2*c + 4*a*c^2)*d^2*e^2 + (b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*d*e^3 + (64*c^3*d^3*e - 72*b*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 12*(b^2*c + 4*a*c^2)*d*e^3 + (b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^2 - 8*b*c*x - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) - 24*(8*c^3*d^3 - 5*b*c^2*d^2*e + 2*a*c^2*d*e^2 + (8*c^3*d^2*e - 5*b*c^2*d*e^2 + 2*a*c^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2) - 4*(8*c^3*e^4*x^3 + 96*c^3*d^3*e - 84*b*c^2*d^2*e^2 + (3*b^2*c + 56*a*c^2)*d*e^3 - 2*(8*c^3*d*e^3 - 7*b*c^2*e^4)*x^2 + (48*c^3*d^2*e^2 - 46*b*c^2*d*e^3 + (3*b^2*c + 32*a*c^2)*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))/(c^2*e^6*x + c^2*d*e^5), 1/48*(3*(64*c^3*d^4 - 72*b*c^2*d^3*e + 12*(b^2*c + 4*a*c^2)*d^2*e^2 + (b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*d*e^3 + (64*c^3*d^3*e - 72*b*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 12*(b^2*c + 4*a*c^2)*d*e^3 + (b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*e^4)*x)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^2 + b*c*x + a*c)) + 12*(8*c^3*d^3 - 5*b*c^2*d^2*e + 2*a*c^2*d*e^2 + (8*c^3*d^2*e - 5*b*c^2*d*e^2 + 2*a*c^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/(d + e*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-b*d*e>0)', see `assume?` for more de`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `int((x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^2, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1343, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.54

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output

```
(48*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2
- b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**2*d**2 + 48*sq
r
t(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*
e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**2*e**3*x - 120*sqrt(a**
*2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*
d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*b**2*d**2*e - 120*sqrt(a**2 - b
*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)
- 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*b**2*d**2*x + 192*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e
+ c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*
a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*c**3*d**3 + 192*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)
*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d
- b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*c**3*d**2*e*x - 48*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d
+ e*x)*a**2*d**2 - 48*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*a**
2*e**3*x + 120*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*b**2*d**2*e +
120*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*b**2*d**2*x - 192*sqrt(
a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**3 - 192*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e
+ c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**2*e*x + 112*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**2*d
**3 + 64*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*a**2*e**4*x + 6*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)
*b**2*c*d**3 + 6*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*b**2*c**4*x - 168*sqrt(a + b*x
+ c*x**2)*b**2*d**2*e**2 - 92*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*b**2*d**3*x...
```

3.80
$$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	843
Mathematica [A] (verified)	844
Rubi [A] (verified)	844
Maple [B] (verified)	847
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	848
Sympy [F]	849
Maxima [F(-2)]	849
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	849
Mupad [F(-1)]	850
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	851

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 288

$$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx = -\frac{3(2(4cd^2 - e(2bd - ae)) + e(4cd - be)x) \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4e^4(d+ex)} + \frac{(2d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2e^2(d+ex)^2} - \frac{3(4ce(bd - ae) - (4cd - be)^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{c}e^5} - \frac{3(16c^2d^3 + be^2(5bd - 4ae) - 4cde(5bd - 3ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8e^5\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}}$$

output

```
-3/4*(8*c*d^2-2*e*(-a*e+2*b*d)+e*(-b*e+4*c*d)*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e^4/(
e*x+d)+1/2*(e*x+2*d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^2-3/8*(4*c*e*(-a*e+b*
d)-(-b*e+4*c*d)^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(1
/2)/e^5-3/8*(16*c^2*d^3+b*e^2*(-4*a*e+5*b*d)-4*c*d*e*(-3*a*e+5*b*d))*arcta
nh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(
1/2))/e^5/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 12.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 507, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{d(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} - \frac{(6cd^2+e(-5bd+4ae))(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{2(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))(d+ex)} - \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(be^2(-5bd+4ae)+c^2(-8d^3+6d^2ex+2c^2d^2+e(-bd+ae)))}{2e^2}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((d*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^2 - ((6*c*d^2 + e*(-5*b*d + 4*a*e)) \\ & *(a + x*(b + c*x))^(5/2))/(2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*(d + e*x)) - (((a \\ & + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)*(b*e^2*(-5*b*d + 4*a*e) + c^2*(-8*d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x) + \\ & c*e*(b*d*(13*d - 5*e*x) + 2*a*e*(-3*d + 2*e*x))))/(2*e^2) + (3*(-2*c^2*e*(\\ & c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(b*e^2*(4*b*d - 3*a*e) + 4 \\ & *c^2*d^2*(2*d - e*x) + c*e*(3*b*d*(-4*d + e*x) - 2*a*e*(-3*d + e*x))) + c^ \\ & (3/2)*(16*c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 + 4*c*e*(-3*b*d + a*e))*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a \\ & *e))^2*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])] + c^2*(16*c^ \\ & 2*d^3 + b*e^2*(5*b*d - 4*a*e) - 4*c*d*e*(5*b*d - 3*a*e))*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) \\ &) + a*e))^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(-(b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x + b*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 + \\ & e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/(4*c^2*e^5)/(-(c*d^2) + e*(b \\ & *d - a*e))/(2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))) \end{aligned}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$, Rules used = {1230, 27, 1230, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 1230

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(2d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2e^2(d+ex)^2} - \frac{3 \int \frac{2(2(bd-ae)+(4cd-be)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(d+ex)^2} dx}{8e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(2d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2e^2(d+ex)^2} - \frac{3 \int \frac{(2(bd-ae)+(4cd-be)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(d+ex)^2} dx}{4e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1230 \\
 & \frac{(2d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2e^2(d+ex)^2} - \\
 & 3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(2(ae^2-2bde+4cd^2)+ex(4cd-be))}{e^2(d+ex)} - \frac{\int \frac{4(bd-ae)(2cd-be)-(4ce(bd-ae)-(be-4cd)^2)x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2e^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1269 \\
 & \frac{(2d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2e^2(d+ex)^2} - \\
 & 3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(2(ae^2-2bde+4cd^2)+ex(4cd-be))}{e^2(d+ex)} - \frac{(-4cde(5bd-3ae)+be^2(5bd-4ae)+16c^2d^3) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{(4ce(bd-ae)-(be-4cd)^2)}{2e^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1092 \\
 & \frac{(2d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2e^2(d+ex)^2} - \\
 & 3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(2(ae^2-2bde+4cd^2)+ex(4cd-be))}{e^2(d+ex)} - \frac{(-4cde(5bd-3ae)+be^2(5bd-4ae)+16c^2d^3) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{2(4ce(bd-ae)-(be-4cd)^2)}{2e^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{(2d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2e^2(d+ex)^2} - \\
 & 3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(2(ae^2-2bde+4cd^2)+ex(4cd-be))}{e^2(d+ex)} - \frac{(-4cde(5bd-3ae)+be^2(5bd-4ae)+16c^2d^3) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2e^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1154
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(2d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{2e^2(d + ex)^2} - \frac{2(-4cde(5bd - 3ae) + be^2(5bd - 4ae) + 16c^2d^3) \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) - \frac{(bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x)^2}{cx^2 + bx + a}} d}{e} \\
 3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(2(ae^2 - 2bde + 4cd^2) + ex(4cd - be))}{e^2(d + ex)} - \frac{\dots}{2e^2} \right) & \frac{\dots}{4e^2} \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{(2d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{2e^2(d + ex)^2} - \frac{(-4cde(5bd - 3ae) + be^2(5bd - 4ae) + 16c^2d^3) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae + x(2cd - be) + bd}{2\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}} \\
 3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(2(ae^2 - 2bde + 4cd^2) + ex(4cd - be))}{e^2(d + ex)} - \frac{\dots}{2e^2} \right) & \frac{\dots}{4e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^3,x]
```

```
output ((2*d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(2*e^2*(d + e*x)^2) - (3*(((2*(4*c*d^2 - 2*b*d*e + a*e^2) + e*(4*c*d - b*e)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(e^2*(d + e*x)) - (((4*c*e*(b*d - a*e) - (-4*c*d + b*e)^2)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]])/(Sqrt[c]*e)) - ((16*c^2*d^3 + b*e^2*(5*b*d - 4*a*e) - 4*c*d*e*(5*b*d - 3*a*e))*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(e*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]))/(2*e^2))/(4*e^2)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1230 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1) + e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[g*(b*d + 2*a*e + 2*a*e*m + 2*b*d*p) - f*b*e*(m + 2*p + 2) + (g*(2*c*d + b*e + b*e*m + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] || EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1234 vs. $2(257) = 514$.

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1235, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.29

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1235
default	Expression too large to display	2953

input `int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/4*(2*c*e*x+5*b*e-12*c*d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e^4+1/8/e^4*(-8/e^2*(2*a*b*
e^3-6*a*c*d*e^2-3*b^2*d*e^2+12*b*c*d^2*e-10*c^2*d^3)/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/
e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b
*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d
^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))+8/e^3*(a^2*e^4-4*a*b*d*e^3+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*b^2*d^
2*e^2-8*b*c*d^3*e+5*c^2*d^4)*(-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(x+d/e)*(c*(x+d/e
)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)*e
/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*
d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e
)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)))+3*(4*a
*c*e^2+b^2*e^2-12*b*c*d*e+16*c^2*d^2)/e*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+
a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-8*d*(a^2*e^4-2*a*b*d*e^3+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+b^2*d^2*e^2-2*b*c
*d^3*e+c^2*d^4)/e^4*(-1/2/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(x+d/e)^2*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(
b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-3/4*(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e
^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(x+d/e)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*
d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e
+c*d^2)/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e
-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*
d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)))+1/2*c/(a*e^2-b*d*e+
c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 908 vs. $2(257) = 514$.

Time = 104.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3719, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.91

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Too large to include
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-b*d*e>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 973 vs. $2(257) = 514$.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 973, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x/e^3 - (12*c^2*d*e^8 - 5*b*c*e^9)/(c*e^12)
) - 3/4*(16*c^2*d^3 - 20*b*c*d^2*e + 5*b^2*d*e^2 + 12*a*c*d*e^2 - 4*a*b*e^
3)*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2
+ b*d*e - a*e^2))/sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*e^5) - 3/8*(16*c^2*d^2 -
12*b*c*d*e + b^2*e^2 + 4*a*c*e^2)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x
+ a))*sqrt(c) + b))/sqrt(c)*e^5) - 1/4*(32*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x
+ a))^3*c^2*d^3*e - 36*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*b*c*d^2*e^2 +
9*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*b^2*d*e^3 + 12*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(
c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*a*c*d*e^3 - 4*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*a*
b*e^4 + 56*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^2*c^(5/2)*d^4 - 44*(sqrt(c)
*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^2*b*c^(3/2)*d^3*e + 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2
+ b*x + a))^2*b^2*sqrt(c)*d^2*e^2 - 12*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)
)^2*a*c^(3/2)*d^2*e^2 + 20*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^2*a*b*sqrt(c
)*d*e^3 - 8*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^2*a^2*sqrt(c)*e^4 + 56*(sq
rt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*b*c^2*d^4 - 48*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 +
b*x + a))*b^2*c*d^3*e - 80*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*a*c^2*d^3*e
+ 7*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*b^3*d^2*e^2 + 80*(sqrt(c)*x - sqr
t(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*a*b*c*d^2*e^2 - 11*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)
)*a*b^2*d*e^3 - 20*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*a^2*c*d*e^3 + 4*(sq
rt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*a^2*b*e^4 + 14*b^2*c^(3/2)*d^4 - 9*b^3*...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{x(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input

```
int((x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
int((x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^3, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3154, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.95

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 12*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a
a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a*b*c*d**2*e**3
- 24*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a
e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a*b*c*d*e**4*x - 1
2*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**
2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a*b*c*e**5*x**2 + 36*
sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2
- b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 + 72*s
qrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 -
b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x + 36*
sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2
- b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a*c**2*d*e**4*x**2 + 15
*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2
- b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*b**2*c*d**3*e**2 + 30*
sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2
- b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*b**2*c*d**2*e**3*x + 15
*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2
- b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*b**2*c*d*e**4*x**2 - 6
0*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**
2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*b*c**2*d**4*e - 12...
```


3.81
$$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	852
Mathematica [A] (verified)	853
Rubi [A] (verified)	853
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Fricas [F(-1)]	858
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Maxima [F(-2)]	859
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	859
Mupad [F(-1)]	860
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	861

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 367

$$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{(8cd-3be)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2e^4(d+ex)} + \frac{(8cd^2-e(7bd-6ae))(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{8e^3(cd^2-bde+ae^2)(d+ex)^2} + \frac{(4d+3ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e^2(d+ex)^3} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(8cd-3be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2e^5} + \frac{(64c^3d^4-b^2e^3(5bd-6ae)-24c^2d^2e(5bd-4ae)+12ce^2(5b^2d^2-7abde+2a^2e^2))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}}\right)}{16e^5(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/2*(-3*b*e+8*c*d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e^4/(e*x+d)+1/8*(8*c*d^2-e*(-6*a*e+
7*b*d))*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e^3/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c
d^2)/(e*x+d)^2+1/3*(3*e*x+4*d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^3-1/2*c^(1/
2)*(-3*b*e+8*c*d)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^5+1
/16*(64*c^3*d^4-b^2*e^3*(-6*a*e+5*b*d)-24*c^2*d^2*e*(-4*a*e+5*b*d)+12*c*e^
2*(2*a^2*e^2-7*a*b*d*e+5*b^2*d^2))*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/
(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^5/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/
2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 13.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 685, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{2d(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))(a + x(b + cx))^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^3} - \frac{(4cd^2 + e(-5bd + 6ae))(a + x(b + cx))^{5/2}}{2(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(24c^2d^3 + be^2(5bd - 6ae))^{5/2}}{4(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((2*d*(c*d^2 + e*(-b*d) + a*e))*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^3 - ((4*c*d^2 + e*(-5*b*d + 6*a*e))*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(5/2))/(2*(d + e*x)^2) + \\ & ((24*c^2*d^3 + b*e^2*(5*b*d - 6*a*e) + 2*c*d*e*(-15*b*d + 14*a*e))*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(5/2))/(4*(c*d^2 + e*(-b*d) + a*e)*(d + e*x)) + (((a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)*(b^2*e^3*(5*b*d - 6*a*e) - 8*c^3*d^3*(4*d - 3*e*x) + c*e^2*(-12*a^2*e^2 + 2*a*b*e*(28*d - 3*e*x) + 5*b^2*d*(-9*d + e*x)) + 2*c^2*d*e*(3*b*d*(12*d - 5*e*x) + 2*a*e*(-12*d + 7*e*x))))/(4*e^2) + (3*(-2*e*(c*d^2 + e*(-b*d) + a*e))*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(b^2*e^3*(-5*b*d + 6*a*e) + 16*c^3*d^3*(2*d - e*x) + c*e^2*(12*a^2*e^2 + b^2*d*(41*d - 5*e*x) + 2*a*b*e*(-26*d + 3*e*x)) + 2*c^2*d*e*(2*a*e*(12*d - 5*e*x) + b*d*(-34*d + 11*e*x))) + 8*Sqrt[c]*(8*c*d - 3*b*e)*(c*d^2 + e*(-b*d) + a*e))^3*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])] + (c*d^2 + e*(-b*d) + a*e)^(3/2)*(64*c^3*d^4 - 24*c^2*d^2*e*(5*b*d - 4*a*e) + b^2*e^3*(-5*b*d + 6*a*e) + 12*c*e^2*(5*b^2*d^2 - 7*a*b*d*e + 2*a^2*e^2))*ArcTanh[(-(b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x + b*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-b*d) + a*e])*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/(8*e^5))/(-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e))/(6*(c*d^2 + e*(-b*d) + a*e))^2 \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 432, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$, Rules used = {1229, 27, 1230, 25, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 1229 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(-5deb^2+8cd^2b+6ae^2b-8acde+2c(8cd^2-e(7bd-6ae))x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(d+ex)^2} dx}{4e^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \\
& \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(3ex(4cd^2-e(3bd-2ae))+d(8cd^2-e(5bd-2ae)))}{12e^2(d+ex)^3(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(-5deb^2+8cd^2b+6ae^2b-8acde+2c(8cd^2-e(7bd-6ae))x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(d+ex)^2} dx}{8e^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \\
& \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(3ex(4cd^2-e(3bd-2ae))+d(8cd^2-e(5bd-2ae)))}{12e^2(d+ex)^3(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1230 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(2cex(8cd^2-e(7bd-6ae))-4cde(9bd-8ae)+be^2(5bd-6ae)+32c^2d^3)}{e^2(d+ex)} - \frac{\int \frac{be(-5deb^2+8cd^2b+6ae^2b-8acde)-4c(bd-ae)(8cd^2-e(7bd-6ae))}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2e^2} \\
& \frac{8e^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(3ex(4cd^2-e(3bd-2ae))+d(8cd^2-e(5bd-2ae)))} \\
& \frac{8e^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{12e^2(d+ex)^3(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{be(-5deb^2+8cd^2b+6ae^2b-8acde)-4c(bd-ae)(8cd^2-e(7bd-6ae))-8c(8cd-3be)(cd^2-bed+ae^2)x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(2cex(8cd^2-e(7bd-6ae))-4cde)}{e^2(d+ex)} \\
& \frac{8e^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(3ex(4cd^2-e(3bd-2ae))+d(8cd^2-e(5bd-2ae)))} \\
& \frac{8e^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{12e^2(d+ex)^3(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1269 \\
& \frac{(12ce^2(2a^2e^2-7abde+5b^2d^2)-b^2e^3(5bd-6ae)-24c^2d^2e(5bd-4ae)+64c^3d^4) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{8c(8cd-3be)(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(2cex(8cd^2-e(7bd-6ae))-4cde)}{e^2(d+ex)} \\
& \frac{8e^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(3ex(4cd^2-e(3bd-2ae))+d(8cd^2-e(5bd-2ae)))} \\
& \frac{8e^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{12e^2(d+ex)^3(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1092
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(12ce^2(2a^2e^2 - 7abde + 5b^2d^2) - b^2e^3(5bd - 6ae) - 24c^2d^2e(5bd - 4ae) + 64c^3d^4) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{16c(8cd-3be)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{4c - \frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d \frac{b}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{2e^2}}$$

$$\frac{8e^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} (3ex(4cd^2 - e(3bd - 2ae)) + d(8cd^2 - e(5bd - 2ae)))} \frac{12e^2(d + ex)^3 (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{12e^2(d + ex)^3 (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(12ce^2(2a^2e^2 - 7abde + 5b^2d^2) - b^2e^3(5bd - 6ae) - 24c^2d^2e(5bd - 4ae) + 64c^3d^4) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{c}(8cd-3be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{2e^2}}$$

$$\frac{8e^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} (3ex(4cd^2 - e(3bd - 2ae)) + d(8cd^2 - e(5bd - 2ae)))} \frac{12e^2(d + ex)^3 (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{12e^2(d + ex)^3 (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{2(12ce^2(2a^2e^2 - 7abde + 5b^2d^2) - b^2e^3(5bd - 6ae) - 24c^2d^2e(5bd - 4ae) + 64c^3d^4) \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) - \frac{(bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x)^2}{cx^2 + bx + a}} d\left(-\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}\right) - \frac{8\sqrt{c}(8cd - 3be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}\right)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{2e^2}}$$

$$\frac{8e^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} (3ex(4cd^2 - e(3bd - 2ae)) + d(8cd^2 - e(5bd - 2ae)))} \frac{12e^2(d + ex)^3 (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{12e^2(d + ex)^3 (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(12ce^2(2a^2e^2 - 7abde + 5b^2d^2) - b^2e^3(5bd - 6ae) - 24c^2d^2e(5bd - 4ae) + 64c^3d^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae + x(2cd - be) + bd}{2\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}}\right) - \frac{8\sqrt{c}(8cd - 3be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}\right)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e}}{e\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}} \frac{12e^2(d + ex)^3 (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{12e^2(d + ex)^3 (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{8e^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} (3ex(4cd^2 - e(3bd - 2ae)) + d(8cd^2 - e(5bd - 2ae)))} \frac{12e^2(d + ex)^3 (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{12e^2(d + ex)^3 (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

input `Int[(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output

```
-1/12*((d*(8*c*d^2 - e*(5*b*d - 2*a*e)) + 3*e*(4*c*d^2 - e*(3*b*d - 2*a*e))
)*x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(e^2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^3) +
(((32*c^2*d^3 - 4*c*d*e*(9*b*d - 8*a*e) + b*e^2*(5*b*d - 6*a*e) + 2*c*e*(8
*c*d^2 - e*(7*b*d - 6*a*e))*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(e^2*(d + e*x)) + ((
-8*Sqrt[c]*(8*c*d - 3*b*e)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*
Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])))/e + ((64*c^3*d^4 - b^2*e^3*(5*b*d - 6*a*
e) - 24*c^2*d^2*e*(5*b*d - 4*a*e) + 12*c*e^2*(5*b^2*d^2 - 7*a*b*d*e + 2*a^
2*e^2))*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*
e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(e*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]))/(2*e^2))/(8*
e^2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1092

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[I
nt[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c}, x]
```

rule 1154

```
Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Sym
bol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (
2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e}, x]
```

rule 1229

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)))*((d*g - e*f*(m + 2))*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2) - d*p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(e*f - d*g) - e*(g*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2) + p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(e*f - d*g))*x), x] - Simp[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[2*a*c*e*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2) + b^2*e*(d*g*(p + 1) - e*f*(m + p + 2)) + b*(a*e^2*g*(m + 1) - c*d*(d*g*(2*p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)))] - c*(2*c*d*(d*g*(2*p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)) - e*(2*a*e*g*(m + 1) - b*(d*g*(m - 2*p) + e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

rule 1230

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1) + e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[g*(b*d + 2*a*e + 2*a*e*m + 2*b*d*p) - f*b*e*(m + 2*p + 2) + (g*(2*c*d + b*e + b*e*m + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] || EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2194 vs. $2(335) = 670$.

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2195, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.98

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	2195
default	Expression too large to display	4942

input `int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/e^4*c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}+1/2/e^4*(c^{(1/2)}*(3*b*e-8*c*d)/e*\ln((1/2*b+c*x) \\ &)/c^{(1/2)}+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)})-2/e^2*(2*a*c*e^2+b^2*e^2-8*b*c*d*e+10*c^2*d \\ & ^2)/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c \\ & *d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e \\ & *(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+d/e))+2/e^3*(2*a*b*e^3-6*a*c*d \\ & *e^2-3*b^2*d*e^2+12*b*c*d^2*e-10*c^2*d^3)*(-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(x+d \\ & /e)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}+1/2* \\ & (b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a \\ & *e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1 \\ & /2)}*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+ \\ & d/e))+2/e^4*(a^2*e^4-4*a*b*d*e^3+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*b^2*d^2*e^2-8*b*c*d^3*e+ \\ & 5*c^2*d^4)*(-1/2/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(x+d/e)^2*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d \\ &)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}-3/4*(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+ \\ & c*d^2)*(-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/(x+d/e)*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d \\ & /e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}+1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/ \\ & ((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e \\ & *(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d \\ & /e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+d/e))+1/2*c/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^ \\ & 2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d \\ &)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*(c*(x+d/e)^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/... \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-b*d*e>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2470 vs. 2(335) = 670.

Time = 4.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2470, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.73

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/8*(64*c^3*d^4 - 120*b*c^2*d^3*e + 60*b^2*c*d^2*e^2 + 96*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 -
5*b^3*d*e^3 - 84*a*b*c*d*e^3 + 6*a*b^2*e^4 + 24*a^2*c*e^4)*arctan(-((sqrt(
c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))
/((c*d^2*e^5 - b*d*e^6 + a*e^7)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)) + sqrt(c*x^2
+ b*x + a)*c/e^4 + 1/24*(288*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^5*c^3*d^
4*e^2 - 504*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^5*b*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 252*(sqr
t(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^5*b^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 288*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*
x^2 + b*x + a))^5*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 33*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^5
*b^3*d*e^5 - 228*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^5*a*b*c*d*e^5 + 30*(s
qrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^5*a*b^2*e^6 + 24*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2
+ b*x + a))^5*a^2*c*e^6 + 960*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^4*c^(7/
2)*d^5*e - 1464*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^4*b*c^(5/2)*d^4*e^2 +
540*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^4*b^2*c^(3/2)*d^3*e^3 + 672*(sqrt(
c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^4*a*c^(5/2)*d^3*e^3 - 21*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c
*x^2 + b*x + a))^4*b^3*sqrt(c)*d^2*e^4 - 180*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x
+ a))^4*a*b*c^(3/2)*d^2*e^4 - 90*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^4*a*
b^2*sqrt(c)*d*e^5 - 168*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^4*a^2*c^(3/2)*
d*e^5 + 96*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^4*a^2*b*sqrt(c)*e^6 + 832*(
sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*c^4*d^6 - 400*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2
+ b*x + a))^3*b*c^3*d^5*e - 840*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input

```
int((x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x)
```

output

```
int((x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^4, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6174, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.82

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

output

```
(72*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**2*c*d**3*e**4 + 216*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**5*x + 216*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**2*c*d*e**6*x**2 + 72*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**2*c*e**7*x**3 + 18*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a*b**2*d**3*e**4 + 54*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a*b**2*d**2*e**5*x + 54*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a*b**2*d*e**6*x**2 + 18*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a*b**2*e**7*x**3 - 252*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a*b*c*d**4*e**3 - 756*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a*b*c*d**3*e**4*x - 756*sqrt(a**2 - b*d*e ...
```

3.82
$$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx$$

Optimal result	862
Mathematica [A] (verified)	863
Rubi [A] (verified)	864
Maple [B] (verified)	867
Fricas [F(-1)]	868
Sympy [F]	868
Maxima [F(-2)]	868
Giac [F(-2)]	869
Mupad [F(-1)]	869
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	869

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 440

$$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx = -\frac{c\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{e^4(d+ex)} - \frac{(16c^2d^3 + be^2(5bd - 8ae) - 4cde(6bd - 7ae))(bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{64e^3(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^2(d+ex)^2} - \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e^2(d+ex)^3} - \frac{d(bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8e(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(d+ex)^4} + \frac{c^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^5} - \frac{(128c^4d^5 - b^3e^4(5bd - 8ae) - 320c^3d^3e(bd - ae) + 240c^2de^2(bd - ae)^2 - 8bce^3(5b^2d^2 - 15abde + 12a^2e^2))\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{128e^5(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/e^4/(e*x+d)-1/64*(16*c^2*d^3+b*e^2*(-8*a*e+5*b*d)-4 \\
& *c*d*e*(-7*a*e+6*b*d))*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/e^3/ \\
& (a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^2-1/3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(3/2)}/e^2/(e*x+d)^3-1/8* \\
& d*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(3/2)}/e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(e* \\
& x+d)^4+c^{(3/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^{(1/2)})/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}}/e^5-1/12 \\
& 8*(128*c^4*d^5-b^3*e^4*(-8*a*e+5*b*d)-320*c^3*d^3*e*(-a*e+b*d)+240*c^2*d*e \\
& ^2*(-a*e+b*d)^2-8*b*c*e^3*(12*a^2*e^2-15*a*b*d*e+5*b^2*d^2))*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(\\
& b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/e \\
& ^5/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^{(5/2)}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 14.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 605, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx = \frac{-2e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}(16c^3d^4(12d^3+42d^2ex+52de^2x^2+25e^3x^3)+e^3(16a^3e^3(d+4ex)-8a^2be^2(d^2+5dex-14e^2)$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^5,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((-2*e*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(16*c^3*d^4*(12*d^3 + 42*d^2*e*x + 52*d*e^2*x \\
& ^2 + 25*e^3*x^3) + e^3*(16*a^3*e^3*(d + 4*e*x) - 8*a^2*b*e^2*(d^2 + 5*d*e*x \\
& - 14*e^2*x^2) + b^3*d*(15*d^3 + 55*d^2*e*x + 73*d*e^2*x^2 - 15*e^3*x^3) \\
& - 2*a*b^2*e*(7*d^3 + 26*d^2*e*x + 79*d*e^2*x^2 - 12*e^3*x^3)) - 8*c^2*d^2* \\
& e*(-(a*e*(44*d^3 + 155*d^2*e*x + 184*d*e^2*x^2 + 91*e^3*x^3)) + b*d*(42*d^ \\
& 3 + 148*d^2*e*x + 185*d*e^2*x^2 + 97*e^3*x^3)) + 2*c*e^2*(4*a^2*e^2*(13*d^ \\
& 3 + 52*d^2*e*x + 53*d*e^2*x^2 + 32*e^3*x^3) - 2*a*b*d*e*(65*d^3 + 237*d^2* \\
& e*x + 267*d*e^2*x^2 + 167*e^3*x^3) + b^2*d^2*(60*d^3 + 215*d^2*e*x + 274*d \\
& *e^2*x^2 + 191*e^3*x^3))))/((c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^2*(d + e*x)^4) + 38 \\
& 4*c^{(3/2)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])] + (3*(128 \\
& *c^4*d^5 - 320*c^3*d^3*e*(b*d - a*e) + 240*c^2*d*e^2*(b*d - a*e)^2 + b^3*e \\
& ^4*(-5*b*d + 8*a*e) - 8*b*c*e^3*(5*b^2*d^2 - 15*a*b*d*e + 12*a^2*e^2))*\operatorname{Arc} \\
& \operatorname{Tanh}[(-(b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x + b*e*x)/(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]* \\
& \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])]/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^{(5/2)})/(384*e^5)
\end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 580, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$, Rules used = {1229, 27, 1229, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1229$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(5deb^2-8(cd^2+ae^2)b+12acde-16c(cd^2-bed+ae^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(d+ex)^3} dx}{8e^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ex(14cd^2-e(11bd-8ae))+d(8cd^2-e(5bd-2ae)))}{24e^2(d+ex)^4(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(5deb^2-8(cd^2+ae^2)b+12acde-16c(cd^2-bed+ae^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(d+ex)^3} dx}{16e^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ex(14cd^2-e(11bd-8ae))+d(8cd^2-e(5bd-2ae)))}{24e^2(d+ex)^4(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1229$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(4cde^2(2a^2e^2-13abde+10b^2d^2)+be^3(16a^2e^2-18abde+5b^2d^2)-16c^2d^3e(7bd-6ae)+ex((2cd-be)(-4cde(6bd-7ae)+be^2(5bd-8cd^2-4e^2(d+ex)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2))))}{4e^2(d+ex)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ex(14cd^2-e(11bd-8ae))+d(8cd^2-e(5bd-2ae)))}{24e^2(d+ex)^4(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(4cde^2(2a^2e^2-13abde+10b^2d^2)+be^3(16a^2e^2-18abde+5b^2d^2)-16c^2d^3e(7bd-6ae)+ex((2cd-be)(-4cde(6bd-7ae)+be^2(5bd-8cd^2-4e^2(d+ex)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2))))}{4e^2(d+ex)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ex(14cd^2-e(11bd-8ae))+d(8cd^2-e(5bd-2ae)))}{24e^2(d+ex)^4(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \left(4cde^2(2a^2e^2-13abde+10b^2d^2) + be^3(16a^2e^2-18abde+5b^2d^2) - 16c^2d^3e(7bd-6ae) + ex \left((2cd-be)(-4cde(6bd-7ae) + be^2(5bd-8b^2d)) \right) \right)}{4e^2(d+ex)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2} \left(ex(14cd^2 - e(11bd - 8ae)) + d(8cd^2 - e(5bd - 2ae)) \right)}{24e^2(d+ex)^4(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \left(4cde^2(2a^2e^2-13abde+10b^2d^2) + be^3(16a^2e^2-18abde+5b^2d^2) - 16c^2d^3e(7bd-6ae) + ex \left((2cd-be)(-4cde(6bd-7ae) + be^2(5bd-8b^2d)) \right) \right)}{4e^2(d+ex)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2} \left(ex(14cd^2 - e(11bd - 8ae)) + d(8cd^2 - e(5bd - 2ae)) \right)}{24e^2(d+ex)^4(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \left(4cde^2(2a^2e^2-13abde+10b^2d^2) + be^3(16a^2e^2-18abde+5b^2d^2) - 16c^2d^3e(7bd-6ae) + ex \left((2cd-be)(-4cde(6bd-7ae) + be^2(5bd-8b^2d)) \right) \right)}{4e^2(d+ex)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2} \left(ex(14cd^2 - e(11bd - 8ae)) + d(8cd^2 - e(5bd - 2ae)) \right)}{24e^2(d+ex)^4(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \left(4cde^2(2a^2e^2-13abde+10b^2d^2) + be^3(16a^2e^2-18abde+5b^2d^2) - 16c^2d^3e(7bd-6ae) + ex \left((2cd-be)(-4cde(6bd-7ae) + be^2(5bd-8b^2d)) \right) \right)}{4e^2(d+ex)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2} \left(ex(14cd^2 - e(11bd - 8ae)) + d(8cd^2 - e(5bd - 2ae)) \right)}{24e^2(d+ex)^4(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \left(4cde^2(2a^2e^2-13abde+10b^2d^2) + be^3(16a^2e^2-18abde+5b^2d^2) - 16c^2d^3e(7bd-6ae) + ex \left((2cd-be)(-4cde(6bd-7ae) + be^2(5bd-8b^2d)) \right) \right)}{4e^2(d+ex)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2} \left(ex(14cd^2 - e(11bd - 8ae)) + d(8cd^2 - e(5bd - 2ae)) \right)}{24e^2(d+ex)^4(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

input `Int[(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^5,x]`

output `-1/24*((d*(8*c*d^2 - e*(5*b*d - 2*a*e)) + e*(14*c*d^2 - e*(11*b*d - 8*a*e)))*x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(e^2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^4) - (((64*c^3*d^5 - 16*c^2*d^3*e*(7*b*d - 6*a*e) + 4*c*d*e^2*(10*b^2*d^2 - 13*a*b*d*e + 2*a^2*e^2) + b*e^3*(5*b^2*d^2 - 18*a*b*d*e + 16*a^2*e^2) + e*((2*c*d - b*e)*(16*c^2*d^3 + b*e^2*(5*b*d - 8*a*e) - 4*c*d*e*(6*b*d - 7*a*e)) + 64*c*(c*d^2 - e*(b*d - a*e))^2)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*e^2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) - ((128*c^(3/2)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/e - ((128*c^4*d^5 - b^3*e^4*(5*b*d - 8*a*e) - 320*c^3*d^3*e*(b*d - a*e) + 240*c^2*d*e^2*(b*d - a*e)^2 - 8*b*c*e^3*(5*b^2*d^2 - 15*a*b*d*e + 12*a^2*e^2))*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(e*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]))/(8*e^2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)))/(16*e^2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1229

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)))*((d*g - e*f*(m + 2))*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2) - d*p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(e*f - d*g) - e*(g*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2) + p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(e*f - d*g))*x), x] - Simp[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[2*a*c*e*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2) + b^2*e*(d*g*(p + 1) - e*f*(m + p + 2)) + b*(a*e^2*g*(m + 1) - c*d*(d*g*(2*p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)))] - c*(2*c*d*(d*g*(2*p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)) - e*(2*a*e*g*(m + 1) - b*(d*g*(m - 2*p) + e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 8160 vs. $2(408) = 816$.

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8161, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.55

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	8161

input

```
int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
result too large to display
```


Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**5,x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/(d + e*x)**5, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-b*d*e>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT>Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{x(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^5,x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^5, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10533, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.94

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x)`

output

```
( - 288*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt
(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**2*b*c*d**4*e
**5 - 1152*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*s
qrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**2*b*c*d**
3*e**6*x - 1728*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x*
*2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**2*b*
c*d**2*e**7*x**2 - 1152*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*
x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)
*a**2*b*c*d*e**8*x**3 - 288*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a
+ b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*
d*x)*a**2*b*c*e**9*x**4 + 720*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(
a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*
c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**4 + 2880*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*s
qrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x
+ 2*c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**5*x + 4320*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(
- 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d -
b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**6*x**2 + 2880*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d
**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e
+ b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**7*x**3 + 720*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d
*e + c*d**2)*log( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d*...
```

3.83
$$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^6} dx$$

Optimal result	871
Mathematica [A] (verified)	872
Rubi [A] (verified)	872
Maple [B] (verified)	875
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	875
Sympy [F]	875
Maxima [F(-2)]	876
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	876
Mupad [F(-1)]	877
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	878

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 293

$$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^6} dx = \frac{3(b^2-4ac)(bd-2ae)(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{128(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^3(d+ex)^2} - \frac{(bd-2ae)(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{16(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^2(d+ex)^4} + \frac{d(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5(cd^2-bde+ae^2)(d+ex)^5} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac)^2(bd-2ae)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{256(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
3/128*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(-2*a*e+b*d)*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^2-1/16*(-2*a*e+b*d)*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^4+1/5*d*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^5-3/256*(-4*a*c+b^2)^2*(-2*a*e+b*d)*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 11.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{d(a + x(b + cx))^{5/2}}{5(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))(d + ex)^5} + \frac{(bd - 2ae) \left(\frac{2(-bd + 2ae - 2cdx + bex)(a + x(b + cx))^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^4} + 3(b^2 - 4ac) \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}(-2ae + 2cdx + b(d - ex))}{4(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}}{d + ex}\right)}{8(d + ex)} \right) \right)}{32(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^6,x]
```

output

```
(d*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(5/2))/(5*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*(d + e*x)^5) + ((b*d - 2*a*e)*((2*(-(b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x + b*e*x)*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^4 + 3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*((Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(-2*a*e + 2*c*d*x + b*(d - e*x)))/(4*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*(d + e*x)^2) + ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(-(b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x + b*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])))/(8*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^(3/2)))))/(32*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 321, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {1228, 1152, 1152, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

↓ 1228

$$\frac{d(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5(d + ex)^5 (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{(bd - 2ae) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx}{2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1152 \\ & \frac{d(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5(d+ex)^5(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \\ & \frac{(bd-2ae) \left(\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd)}{8(d+ex)^4(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(d+ex)^3} dx}{16(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \\ & \downarrow 1152 \\ & \frac{d(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5(d+ex)^5(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \\ & \frac{(bd-2ae) \left(\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd)}{8(d+ex)^4(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd)}{4(d+ex)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{8(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{16(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1154 \\ & \frac{d(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5(d+ex)^5(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \\ & \frac{(bd-2ae) \left(\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd)}{8(d+ex)^4(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2)} - \frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a} d \left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} \right)}{4(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{16(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 219 \\ & \frac{d(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5(d+ex)^5(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \\ & \frac{(bd-2ae) \left(\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd)}{8(d+ex)^4(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd)}{4(d+ex)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} \right)}{8(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{16(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^6,x]`

output

$$\frac{(d*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(5/2)})/(5*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^5) - ((b*d - 2*a*e)*((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(8*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^4) - (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) - ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*\text{ArcTanh}[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(8*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^{(3/2)})))/(16*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1152

$$\text{Int}[(d + (e \cdot x)^m)*((a + (b \cdot x) + (c \cdot x)^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(d + e*x)^{(m+1})*((d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*(m+1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*(m+1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+2})*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p-1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0]$$

rule 1154

$$\text{Int}[1/((d + (e \cdot x))*\text{Sqrt}[a + (b \cdot x) + (c \cdot x)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x$$

rule 1228

$$\text{Int}[(d + (e \cdot x)^m)*((f + (g \cdot x))*(a + (b \cdot x) + (c \cdot x)^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^{(m+1})*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1}))/((2*(p+1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - \text{Simp}[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1})*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + 2*p + 3], 0]$$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 10264 vs. $2(271) = 542$.

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10265, normalized size of antiderivative = 35.03

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	10265

input `int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2391 vs. $2(271) = 542$.

Time = 43.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4824, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.46

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**6,x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/(d + e*x)**6, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-b*d*e>0)', see `assume?` for more de`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 9517 vs. $2(271) = 542$.

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9517, normalized size of antiderivative = 32.48

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-3/128*(b^5*d - 8*a*b^3*c*d + 16*a^2*b*c^2*d - 2*a*b^4*e + 16*a^2*b^2*c*e
- 32*a^3*c^2*e)*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d
)/sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/((c^3*d^6 - 3*b*c^2*d^5*e + 3*b^2*c*d^4*e^
2 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - b^3*d^3*e^3 - 6*a*b*c*d^3*e^3 + 3*a*b^2*d^2*e^4 + 3*
a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 3*a^2*b*d*e^5 + a^3*e^6)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)) + 1
/640*(1280*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^9*c^5*d^6*e^4 - 3840*(sqrt(
c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^9*b*c^4*d^5*e^5 + 3840*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x
^2 + b*x + a))^9*b^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 + 3840*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)
)^9*a*c^4*d^4*e^6 - 1280*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^9*b^3*c^2*d^3
*e^7 - 7680*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^9*a*b*c^3*d^3*e^7 + 3840*(
sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^9*a*b^2*c^2*d^2*e^8 + 3840*(sqrt(c)*x -
sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^9*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^8 + 15*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b
*x + a))^9*b^5*d*e^9 - 120*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^9*a*b^3*c*d
*e^9 - 3600*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^9*a^2*b*c^2*d*e^9 - 30*(sq
rt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^9*a*b^4*e^10 + 240*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^
2 + b*x + a))^9*a^2*b^2*c*e^10 + 800*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^9
*a^3*c^2*e^10 + 5120*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^8*c^(11/2)*d^7*e^
3 - 12800*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^8*b*c^(9/2)*d^6*e^4 + 7680*(
sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^8*b^2*c^(7/2)*d^5*e^5 + 15360*(sqrt(c)*
x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^8*a*c^(9/2)*d^5*e^5 + 2560*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \int \frac{x(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

input

```
int((x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^6,x)
```

output

```
int((x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^6, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 96.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7687, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.24

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x)`

output

```
(480*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**5*e + 2400*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**2*x + 4800*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 4800*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 2400*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**2*d**5*x**4 + 480*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*e**6*x**5 - 240*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**5*e - 1200*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**4*e**2*x - 2400*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + 2*c*d*x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**3*e**3*x**2 - 2400*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)*sqrt(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2) - 2*a*e + b*d - b*e*x + ...
```

3.84 $\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^7} dx$

Optimal result	879
Mathematica [A] (verified)	880
Rubi [A] (verified)	881
Maple [B] (verified)	884
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	885
Sympy [F]	885
Maxima [F(-2)]	885
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	886
Mupad [F(-1)]	887
Reduce [F]	887

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 414

$$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^7} dx =$$

$$-\frac{(b^2-4ac)(5b^2de+28acde-12b(cd^2+ae^2))(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{512(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^4(d+ex)^2}$$

$$+\frac{(5b^2de+28acde-12b(cd^2+ae^2))(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{192(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^3(d+ex)^4}$$

$$+\frac{d(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6(cd^2-bde+ae^2)(d+ex)^6} + \frac{(2cd^2+e(5bd-12ae))(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{60(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^2(d+ex)^5}$$

$$+\frac{(b^2-4ac)^2(5b^2de+28acde-12b(cd^2+ae^2))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{1024(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-1/512*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(5*b^2*d*e+28*a*c*d*e-12*b*(a*e^2+c*d^2))*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^4/(e*x+d)^2+1/192*(5*b^2*d*e+28*a*c*d*e-12*b*(a*e^2+c*d^2))*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^4+1/6*d*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^6+1/60*(2*c*d^2+e*(-12*a*e+5*b*d))*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^5+1/1024*(-4*a*c+b^2)^2*(5*b^2*d*e+28*a*c*d*e-12*b*(a*e^2+c*d^2))*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 12.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{\frac{d(a+x(b+cx))^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^6} + \frac{(2cd^2+e(5bd-12ae))(a+x(b+cx))^{5/2}}{10(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))(d+ex)^5} - \frac{(\frac{5}{2}b^2de+14acde-6b(cd^2+ae^2))}{2(-bd+2ae)}}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^7,x]
```

output

```
((d*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^6 + ((2*c*d^2 + e*(5*b*d - 12*a*e))* (a + x*(b + c*x))^(5/2))/(10*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*(d + e*x)^5) - ((5*b^2*d*e)/2 + 14*a*c*d*e - 6*b*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))*((2*(-(b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x + b*e*x)*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^4 + 3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*((Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(-2*a*e + 2*c*d*x + b*(d - e*x)))/(4*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*(d + e*x)^2) + ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(-(b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x + b*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]))/(8*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^(3/2))))/(32*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^2)/(6*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {1237, 27, 1228, 1152, 1152, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^7} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1237} \\
 & \frac{d(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6(d+ex)^6(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{(5bd-2cxd-12ae)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}}{2(d+ex)^6} dx}{6(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6(d+ex)^6(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{(5bd-2cxd-12ae)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^6} dx}{12(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1228} \\
 & \frac{d(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6(d+ex)^6(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{(-12b(ae^2+cd^2)+28acde+5b^2de) \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx}{2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}(e(5bd-12ae)+2cd^2)}{5(d+ex)^5(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1152} \\
 & \frac{d(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6(d+ex)^6(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{(-12b(ae^2+cd^2)+28acde+5b^2de) \left(\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd)}{8(d+ex)^4(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(d+ex)^3} dx}{16(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}(e(5bd-12ae)+2cd^2)}{5(d+ex)^5(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1152}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6(d+ex)^6(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{(-12b(ae^2+cd^2)+28acde+5b^2de) \left(\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd)}{8(d+ex)^4(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd)}{4(d+ex)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}} dx}{8(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{16(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{12(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{12(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

1154

$$\frac{d(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6(d+ex)^6(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{(-12b(ae^2+cd^2)+28acde+5b^2de) \left(\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd)}{8(d+ex)^4(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2) - \frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{4(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{16(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{12(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{12(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

219

$$\frac{d(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6(d+ex)^6(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{(-12b(ae^2+cd^2)+28acde+5b^2de) \left(\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd)}{8(d+ex)^4(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd)}{4(d+ex)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{8(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{16(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{12(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{12(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

input `Int[(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^7,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (d*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(5/2)})/(6*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^6) - (-1/ \\ & 5*((2*c*d^2 + e*(5*b*d - 12*a*e))*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(5/2)})/((c*d^2 - b*d*e \\ & + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^5) - ((5*b^2*d*e + 28*a*c*d*e - 12*b*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))* \\ & (((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(8*(c*d^2 - b*d \\ & *e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^4) - (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e) \\ & *x)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) - ((b^2 \\ & - 4*a*c)*\text{ArcTanh}[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + \\ & a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(8*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^{(3/2}))) / (16*(c \\ & *d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))) / (2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))) / (12*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + \\ & a*e^2)) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] \;/; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] \;/; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \\ \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \;/; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{Gt} \\ \text{Q}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1152

$$\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^m)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_S \\ \text{ymbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(d + e*x)^{(m+1}))* (d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b \\ *x + c*x^2)^p/(2*(m+1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[p*((b^2 - 4*a \\ *c)/(2*(m+1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))) \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+2})*(a + b*x + \\ c*x^2)^{(p-1)}, x], x] \;/; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0] \\ \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0]$$

rule 1154

$$\text{Int}[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Sym \\ \text{bol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (\\ 2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] \;/; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c \\ , d, e\}, x]$$

rule 1228

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

rule 1237

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f - f*b*e + a*e*g)*(m + 1) + b*(d*g - e*f)*(p + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 15587 vs. $2(388) = 776$.

Time = 2.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15588, normalized size of antiderivative = 37.65

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	15588

input

```
int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
result too large to display
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4039 vs. 2(388) = 776.

Time = 114.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8120, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.61

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**7,x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/(d + e*x)**7, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-b*d*e>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 15909 vs. $2(388) = 776$.

Time = 13.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15909, normalized size of antiderivative = 38.43

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/512*(12*b^5*c*d^2 - 96*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 + 192*a^2*b*c^3*d^2 - 5*b^6*d*e +
12*a*b^4*c*d*e + 144*a^2*b^2*c^2*d*e - 448*a^3*c^3*d*e + 12*a*b^5*e^2 - 96
*a^2*b^3*c*e^2 + 192*a^3*b*c^2*e^2)*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x
+ a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/((c^4*d^8 - 4*b*c^3*d^
7*e + 6*b^2*c^2*d^6*e^2 + 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 4*b^3*c*d^5*e^3 - 12*a*b*c^2*d
^5*e^3 + b^4*d^4*e^4 + 12*a*b^2*c*d^4*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a*b^3*d^
3*e^5 - 12*a^2*b*c*d^3*e^5 + 6*a^2*b^2*d^2*e^6 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 4*a^3*b
*d*e^7 + a^4*e^8)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)) + 1/7680*(180*(sqrt(c)*x -
sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^11*b^5*c*d^2*e^10 - 1440*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 +
b*x + a))^11*a*b^3*c^2*d^2*e^10 + 2880*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)
)^11*a^2*b*c^3*d^2*e^10 - 75*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^11*b^6*d*
e^11 + 180*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^11*a*b^4*c*d*e^11 + 2160*(s
qrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^11*a^2*b^2*c^2*d*e^11 - 6720*(sqrt(c)*x
- sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^11*a^3*c^3*d*e^11 + 180*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 +
b*x + a))^11*a*b^5*e^12 - 1440*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^11*a^2
*b^3*c*e^12 + 2880*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^11*a^3*b*c^2*e^12 +
15360*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^10*c^(13/2)*d^8*e^4 - 61440*(sq
rt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^10*b*c^(11/2)*d^7*e^5 + 92160*(sqrt(c)*x
- sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^10*b^2*c^(9/2)*d^6*e^6 + 61440*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(
c*x^2 + b*x + a))^10*a*c^(11/2)*d^6*e^6 - 61440*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \int \frac{x(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^7,x)`output `int((x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^7, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \int \frac{x(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{(ex + d)^7} dx$$

input `int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^7,x)`output `int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^7,x)`

3.85
$$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^8} dx$$

Optimal result	888
Mathematica [A] (verified)	889
Rubi [A] (verified)	890
Maple [B] (verified)	894
Fricas [F(-1)]	894
Sympy [F]	894
Maxima [F(-2)]	895
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	895
Mupad [F(-1)]	896
Reduce [F]	897

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 606

$$\int \frac{x(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^8} dx = \frac{(b^2 - 4ac)(5b^3de^2 - 8ace(8cd^2 - ae^2) + 4bcd(6cd^2 + 13ae^2) - 2b^2(10cd^2e + 7ae^3))}{1024(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^5(d+ex)^2} - \frac{(5b^3de^2 - 8ace(8cd^2 - ae^2) + 4bcd(6cd^2 + 13ae^2) - 2b^2(10cd^2e + 7ae^3))(bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x)(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{384(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^4(d+ex)^4} + \frac{d(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{7(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(d+ex)^7} + \frac{(4cd^2 + e(5bd - 14ae))(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{84(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^2(d+ex)^6} + \frac{(8c^2d^3 + 2cde(45bd - 122ae) - 7be^2(5bd - 14ae))(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{840(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^3(d+ex)^5} - \frac{(b^2 - 4ac)^2(5b^3de^2 - 8ace(8cd^2 - ae^2) + 4bcd(6cd^2 + 13ae^2) - 2b^2(10cd^2e + 7ae^3)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+cx}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}}\right)}{2048(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{11/2}}$$

output

```
1/1024*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(5*b^3*d*e^2-8*a*c*e*(-a*e^2+8*c*d^2)+4*b*c*d*(13*a*e^2+6*c*d^2)-2*b^2*(7*a*e^3+10*c*d^2*e))*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^5/(e*x+d)^2-1/384*(5*b^3*d*e^2-8*a*c*e*(-a*e^2+8*c*d^2)+4*b*c*d*(13*a*e^2+6*c*d^2)-2*b^2*(7*a*e^3+10*c*d^2*e))*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^4/(e*x+d)^4+1/7*d*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^7+1/84*(4*c*d^2+e*(-14*a*e+5*b*d))*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^6+1/840*(8*c^2*d^3+2*c*d*e*(-122*a*e+45*b*d)-7*b*e^2*(-14*a*e+5*b*d))*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^5-1/2048*(-4*a*c+b^2)^2*(5*b^3*d*e^2-8*a*c*e*(-a*e^2+8*c*d^2)+4*b*c*d*(13*a*e^2+6*c*d^2)-2*b^2*(7*a*e^3+10*c*d^2*e))*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 16.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 705, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \frac{d(a + bx + cx^2)(a + x(b + cx))^{3/2}}{7(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(d + ex)^7}$$

$$(a + x(b + cx))^{3/2} \left(-\frac{(2cd^2 + \frac{1}{2}e(5bd - 14ae))(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{6(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(d + ex)^6} - \frac{(-\frac{1}{4}e(-80bcd^2 + 35b^2de + 216acde - 98abe^2) + \frac{1}{2}cd(4cd^2 + e(5bd - 14ae)))(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{5(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(d + ex)^5} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^8,x]
```

output

```
(d*(a + b*x + c*x^2)*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2))/(7*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^7) - ((a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)*(-1/6*((2*c*d^2 + (e*(5*b*d - 14*a*e))/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)))/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^6) - ((-1/4*(e*(-80*b*c*d^2 + 35*b^2*d*e + 216*a*c*d*e - 98*a*b*e^2)) + (c*d*(4*c*d^2 + e*(5*b*d - 14*a*e)))/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^5) - ((b*((e*(-80*b*c*d^2 + 35*b^2*d*e + 216*a*c*d*e - 98*a*b*e^2))/4 + (c*d*(4*c*d^2 + e*(5*b*d - 14*a*e)))/2) - 2*((c*d*(-80*b*c*d^2 + 35*b^2*d*e + 216*a*c*d*e - 98*a*b*e^2))/4 + (a*c*e*(4*c*d^2 + e*(5*b*d - 14*a*e)))/2))*(((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^4) - (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(4*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) + ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(-(b*d) + 2*a*e - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2)))/(16*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))/(6*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)))/(7*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 566, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$, Rules used = {1237, 27, 1237, 27, 1228, 1152, 1152, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1237$$

$$\frac{d(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7(d + ex)^7 (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{(5bd - 4cxd - 14ae)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{2(d + ex)^7} dx}{7(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{d(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7(d + ex)^7 (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{(5bd - 4cxd - 14ae)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx}{14(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1237$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{d(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{7(d+ex)^7 (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{(-35deb^2 + 80cd^2b + 98ae^2b - 216acde - 2c(4cd^2 + e(5bd - 14ae))x)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{2(d+ex)^6} dx}{6(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}(e(5bd - 14ae) + 4cd^2)}{6(d+ex)^6(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{14(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{\downarrow 27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{7(d+ex)^7 (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{(-35deb^2 + 80cd^2b + 98ae^2b - 216acde - 2c(4cd^2 + e(5bd - 14ae))x)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^6} dx}{12(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}(e(5bd - 14ae) + 4cd^2)}{6(d+ex)^6(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{14(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{\downarrow 1228} \\
 & \frac{7(-2b^2(7ae^3 + 10cd^2e) + 4bcd(13ae^2 + 6cd^2) - 8ace(8cd^2 - ae^2) + 5b^3de^2) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx}{2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}(2cde(45bd - 122ae) - 7be^2(5bd - 14ae) + 8c^2d^3)}{5(d+ex)^5(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{12(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{\downarrow 1152} \\
 & \frac{7(-2b^2(7ae^3 + 10cd^2e) + 4bcd(13ae^2 + 6cd^2) - 8ace(8cd^2 - ae^2) + 5b^3de^2) \left(\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd)}{8(d+ex)^4(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{3(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{(d+ex)^3} dx}{16(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \right)}{2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{16(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{12(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{\downarrow 1152} \\
 & \frac{7(-2b^2(7ae^3 + 10cd^2e) + 4bcd(13ae^2 + 6cd^2) - 8ace(8cd^2 - ae^2) + 5b^3de^2) \left(\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd)}{8(d+ex)^4(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{3(b^2 - 4ac) \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd)}{4(d+ex)^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{3(b^2 - 4ac)}{16(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \right)}{16(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \right)}{2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{16(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{12(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{\downarrow 1154}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7(d + ex)^7 (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

$$7(-2b^2(7ae^3 + 10cd^2e) + 4bcd(13ae^2 + 6cd^2) - 8ace(8cd^2 - ae^2) + 5b^3de^2) \left(\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd)}{8(d+ex)^4(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2)}}{2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)$$

$$12(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{d(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7(d + ex)^7 (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

$$7(-2b^2(7ae^3 + 10cd^2e) + 4bcd(13ae^2 + 6cd^2) - 8ace(8cd^2 - ae^2) + 5b^3de^2) \left(\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd)}{8(d+ex)^4(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd)}{4(d+ex)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)$$

$$12(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)$$

input

```
Int[(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^8,x]
```

output

```
(d*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^7) - (-1/6*((4*c*d^2 + e*(5*b*d - 14*a*e))*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^6) + (-1/5*((8*c^2*d^3 + 2*c*d*e*(45*b*d - 122*a*e) - 7*b*e^2*(5*b*d - 14*a*e))*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^5) + (7*(5*b^3*d*e^2 - 8*a*c*e*(8*c*d^2 - a*e^2) + 4*b*c*d*(6*c*d^2 + 13*a*e^2) - 2*b^2*(10*c*d^2*e + 7*a*e^3))*((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^4) - (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/((4*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) - ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x]/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])))/(8*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)))/(16*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)))/(12*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)))/(14*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 1152 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_)^m)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-d + e*x)^{m+1}*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*(m+1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*(m+1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{m+2}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0]$
- rule 1154 $\text{Int}[1/(((d_) + (e_*)(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$
- rule 1228 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_)^m)*((f_) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^{m+1}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*(p+1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - \text{Simp}[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{m+1}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + 2*p + 3], 0]$
- rule 1237 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_)^m)*((f_) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^{m+1}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1}/((m+1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m+1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{m+1}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[(c*d*f - f*b*e + a*e*g)*(m+1) + b*(d*g - e*f)*(p+1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m+2*p+3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 26118 vs. 2(576) = 1152.

Time = 2.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26119, normalized size of antiderivative = 43.10

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	26119

input `int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**8,x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/(d + e*x)**8, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-b*d*e>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 24842 vs. 2(576) = 1152.

Time = 7.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24842, normalized size of antiderivative = 40.99

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/1024*(24*b^5*c^2*d^3 - 192*a*b^3*c^3*d^3 + 384*a^2*b*c^4*d^3 - 20*b^6*c
*d^2*e + 96*a*b^4*c^2*d^2*e + 192*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^2*e - 1024*a^3*c^4*d^2*e +
  5*b^7*d*e^2 + 12*a*b^5*c*d*e^2 - 336*a^2*b^3*c^2*d*e^2 + 832*a^3*b*c^3*d*
e^2 - 14*a*b^6*e^3 + 120*a^2*b^4*c*e^3 - 288*a^3*b^2*c^2*e^3 + 128*a^4*c^3
*e^3)*arctan(-(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*
d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/((c^5*d^10 - 5*b*c^4*d^9*e + 10*b^2*c^3*d^8*e^2 + 5*
a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 10*b^3*c^2*d^7*e^3 - 20*a*b*c^3*d^7*e^3 + 5*b^4*c*d^6*e^4
+ 30*a*b^2*c^2*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - b^5*d^5*e^5 - 20*a*b^3*c*d^5
*e^5 - 30*a^2*b*c^2*d^5*e^5 + 5*a*b^4*d^4*e^6 + 30*a^2*b^2*c*d^4*e^6 + 10*
a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 10*a^2*b^3*d^3*e^7 - 20*a^3*b*c*d^3*e^7 + 10*a^3*b^2*d^2
*e^8 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 5*a^4*b*d*e^9 + a^5*e^10)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a
*e^2)) + 1/107520*(2520*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^13*b^5*c^2*d^3
*e^11 - 20160*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^13*a*b^3*c^3*d^3*e^11 +
40320*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^13*a^2*b*c^4*d^3*e^11 - 2100*(sq
rt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^13*b^6*c*d^2*e^12 + 10080*(sqrt(c)*x - sq
rt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^13*a*b^4*c^2*d^2*e^12 + 20160*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2
+ b*x + a))^13*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^2*e^12 - 107520*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*
x + a))^13*a^3*c^4*d^2*e^12 + 525*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^13*b
^7*d*e^13 + 1260*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^13*a*b^5*c*d*e^13 - 3
5280*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^13*a^2*b^3*c^2*d*e^13 + 87360*...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \int \frac{x(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

input

```
int((x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^8,x)
```

output

```
int((x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^8, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \int \frac{x(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{(ex + d)^8} dx$$

input `int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^8,x)`

output `int(x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^8,x)`

3.86 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	898
Mathematica [C] (verified)	899
Rubi [F]	900
Maple [B] (verified)	901
Fricas [F(-1)]	902
Sympy [F]	903
Maxima [F]	903
Giac [F]	903
Mupad [F(-1)]	904
Reduce [F]	904

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 652

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{3e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d^2\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{dx\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{\sqrt{2}d^2\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{d\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(bd-3ae)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})d^2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```

-3*e*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/d^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/d/x/(e*x+d)
^(1/2)+3/2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2)
)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*(
-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d^2/(
c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-2^(1
/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*
(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b
^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))*e))^(1/2))/d/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-2*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2
)^(1/2)*(-3*a*e+b*d)*(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*(-
c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^
2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)),(-2*(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2))/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2
)^(1/2))/d^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 33.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1390, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x]
```


output

```

Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(-(1/(d^2*x)) - (2*e)/(d^2*(d + e*x)))
+ ((d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(12*d*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) +
a*e))]/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]))*(c*(-1 + d/(d + e*x))^2 +
(e*(b - (b*d)/(d + e*x) + (a*e)/(d + e*x)))/(d + e*x)) - ((3*I)*Sqrt[2]*d*
(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*Sqrt[(Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2] - (2
*a*e^2)/(d + e*x) - 2*c*d*(-1 + d/(d + e*x)) + b*e*(-1 + (2*d)/(d + e*x)))
/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])]*Sqrt[(Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2] +
(2*a*e^2)/(d + e*x) + 2*c*d*(-1 + d/(d + e*x)) + b*(e - (2*d*e)/(d + e*x)
))/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*S
qrt[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])])/Sqr
t[d + e*x]], -((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqr
t[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])))/Sqrt[d + e*x] + (I*Sqrt[2]*(4*c*d^2 - 5*b*d*e + 6
*a*e^2 + 3*d*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*Sqrt[(Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2] - (2*a
*e^2)/(d + e*x) - 2*c*d*(-1 + d/(d + e*x)) + b*e*(-1 + (2*d)/(d + e*x)))/
(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])]*Sqrt[(Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2] + (2
*a*e^2)/(d + e*x) + 2*c*d*(-1 + d/(d + e*x)) + b*(e - (2*d*e)/(d + e*x)))/
(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqr
t[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])])/Sqrt[
d + e*x]], -((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[
(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])))/Sqrt[d + e*x] - ((2*I)*Sqrt[2]*e*(-(b*d) + 3*a*e...

```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

\downarrow 1292

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1292

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1176 vs. $2(572) = 1144$.

Time = 5.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1177
risch	Expression too large to display	1672
default	Expression too large to display	3114

input

```
int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-2*(c*e*x
^2+b*e*x+a*e)/d^2/((x+d/e)*(c*e*x^2+b*e*x+a*e))^(1/2)-1/d^2*(c*e*x^3+b*e*x
^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)/x+2*(-(b*e-c*d)/d^2+b*e/d^2)*(d/e-1/2*(b
+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)
*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^
(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c
))^(1/2)/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e
)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/
2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+3*c*e/d^2*(d/e-1/2*(b+
(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*
((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^
(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c
))^(1/2)/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+
(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^2)*EllipticE(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))
^(1/2),((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))))^(1/2))+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(
b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e
-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/d^3*(3*a*e-b*d)*(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4
*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x
-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(...

```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^2(d + ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/x**2/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/(x**2*(d + e*x)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{x^2(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

3.87 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	905
Mathematica [C] (verified)	906
Rubi [F]	907
Maple [B] (verified)	907
Fricas [F(-1)]	908
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Maxima [F]	909
Giac [F]	909
Mupad [F(-1)]	910
Reduce [F]	910

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 723

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(b^2-2ac+bcx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{a(b^2-4ac)x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \frac{(3b^2-8ac)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{a^2(b^2-4ac)x} + \frac{(3b^2-8ac)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{\sqrt{2}a^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}(3b^2d-8acd-2abe)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(3bd-ae)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{a^2(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```

2*(b*c*x-2*a*c+b^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-(-8
*a*c+3*b^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)/x+1/2*(-8*a
*c+3*b^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/
2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/
(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(c
*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-2^(1/
2)*(-2*a*b*e-8*a*c*d+3*b^2*d)*(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))
^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c
+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2))/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)
^(1/2)+2*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(-a*e+3*b*d)*(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*
a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticPi
(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(
b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2
))*e))^(1/2))/a^2/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 35.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7762, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.74

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
Result too large to show
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1292

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1292 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1343 vs. 2(644) = 1288.

Time = 11.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1344, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1344
risch	Expression too large to display	1731
default	Expression too large to display	5827

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-1/a^2*(c
*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)/x-2*(c*e*x+c*d)*((2*a*c-b^2)
/a^2/(4*a*c-b^2)*x+(3*a*c-b^2)*b/a^2/(4*a*c-b^2)/c)/((a/c+b/c*x+x^2)*(c*e
*x+c*d))^(1/2)+2*(-(4*a*b*c*e+4*a*c^2*d-b^3*e-2*b^2*c*d)/a^2/(4*a*c-b^2)+e*
(3*a*c-b^2)*b/a^2/(4*a*c-b^2)+2*c*d*(2*a*c-b^2)/a^2/(4*a*c-b^2))*(d/e-1/2*
(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/
2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))
)^(1/2))*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
)/c))^(1/2)/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d
/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+2*(1/2*c*e/a^2+(2*a*
c-b^2)*c*e/a^2/(4*a*c-b^2))*(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+d/e)/(d
/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))
)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
)/c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a
*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))*EllipticE(((x+
d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b
^2)^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-
d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))...

```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/x**2/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cx^2+bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cx^2+bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`output `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{x^2(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x)`output `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x)`

3.88 $\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	911
Mathematica [C] (verified)	912
Rubi [A] (verified)	912
Maple [B] (verified)	917
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	918
Sympy [F]	918
Maxima [F]	919
Giac [F]	919
Mupad [F(-1)]	919
Reduce [F]	920

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 599

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2(8c^2d^2 + 24b^2e^2 + ce(13bd - 25ae)) \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{105c^3e^2} - \frac{6(3cd + 2be)(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{35c^2e^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{7ce^2} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} (8c^3d^3 - 48b^3e^3 + c^2de(9bd - 19ae) + 8bce^2(2bd + 13ae)) \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\right)\right)}{105c^4e^3 \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} (cd^2 - bde + ae^2) (8c^2d^2 + 24b^2e^2 + ce(13bd - 25ae)) \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}}{105c^4e^3 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

$$\frac{2}{105} \frac{(8c^2d^2 + 24b^2e^2 + ce(-25ae + 13bd)) (ex+d)^{1/2} (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}}{c^3/e^2 - 6/35(2b^2e+3cd)(ex+d)^{3/2} (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{c^2/e^2 + 2/7(ex+d)^{5/2} (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{c/e^2 + 1/105 \cdot 2^{1/2} (-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{(8c^3d^3 - 48b^3e^3 + c^2d^2e(-19ae+9bd) + 8b^2ce^2(13ae+2bd)) (ex+d)^{1/2} (-c(cx^2+bx+a)/(-4ac+b^2))^{1/2}} \text{EllipticE}\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \frac{2cx+b}{(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}}\right)^{1/2} \cdot 2^{1/2}\right), \frac{-2(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2} e}{(2cd - (b + (-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})e)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{c^4/e^3} \frac{1}{(c(ex+d)/(2cd - (b + (-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})e))^{1/2}} \frac{1}{(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2} - 2/105 \cdot 2^{1/2} (-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{(ae^2 - b^2d + c^2d^2) (8c^2d^2 + 24b^2e^2 + ce(-25ae + 13bd))} \frac{1}{(c(ex+d)/(2cd - (b + (-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})e))^{1/2} (-c(cx^2+bx+a)/(-4ac+b^2))^{1/2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \frac{2cx+b}{(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}}\right)^{1/2} \cdot 2^{1/2}\right), \frac{-2(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2} e}{(2cd - (b + (-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})e)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{c^4/e^3} \frac{1}{(ex+d)^{1/2} (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}}$$
Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 35.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5357, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.94

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

Integrate[(x^3*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]

output

Result too large to show

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 642, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {1283, 2184, 27, 2184, 27, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1283 \\
 & \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{7c} - \frac{\int \frac{x(-(cd-6be)x^2)+5(bd+ae)x+4ad}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{7c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2184 \\
 & \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{7c} - \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{e^2(7c^2d^2-24b^2e^2-ce(13bd-25ae))x^2+e(2c^2d^3-ce(7bd-23ae)d-6be^2(5bd+3ae))x+de(bd+3ae)(cd-6be)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{5ce^3} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(cd-6be)}{5ce^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{7c} - \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{e^2(7c^2d^2-24b^2e^2-ce(13bd-25ae))x^2+e(2c^2d^3-ce(7bd-23ae)d-6be^2(5bd+3ae))x+de(bd+3ae)(cd-6be)}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{5ce^3} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(cd-6be)}{5ce^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2184 \\
 & \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{7c} - \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{e^3(24de^2b^3-(5cd^2e-24ae^3)b^2-2cd(2cd^2+33ae^2)b+ace(2cd^2-25ae^2)-(8c^3d^3+c^2e(9bd-19ae)d-48b^3e^3+8bce^2(2bd+13ae))x)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{3ce^2} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5ce^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{7c} - \\
 & \frac{e \int \frac{24de^2b^3-(5cd^2e-24ae^3)b^2-2cd(2cd^2+33ae^2)b+ace(2cd^2-25ae^2)-(8c^3d^3+c^2e(9bd-19ae)d-48b^3e^3+8bce^2(2bd+13ae))x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{3c} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5ce^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1269 \\
 & \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{7c} - \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{(ae^2-bde+cd^2)(-25ace^2+24b^2e^2+13bcde+8c^2d^2)}{e} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{(c^2de(9bd-19ae)+8bce^2(13ae+2bd)-48b^3e^3+8c^3d^3)}{e} \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx \right)}{3c}}{5ce^3} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{7c}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1172 \\ & \frac{2x^2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{7c} - \\ & e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)(-25ace^2+24b^2e^2+13bcde+8c^2d^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}{ce\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{\frac{e(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 321 \\ & \frac{2x^2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{7c} - \\ & e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)(-25ace^2+24b^2e^2+13bcde+8c^2d^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}{ce\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right), -\frac{1}{2c} \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 327 \\ & \frac{2x^2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{7c} - \\ & e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)(-25ace^2+24b^2e^2+13bcde+8c^2d^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}{ce\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right), -\frac{1}{2c} \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^3*sqrt[d + e*x])/sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output

```
(2*x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(7*c) - ((-2*(c*d - 6*b*e)*(d
+ e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(5*c*e^2) + ((2*e*(7*c^2*d^2 - 24*b^2*
e^2 - c*e*(13*b*d - 25*a*e))*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c) +
(e*(-((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(8*c^3*d^3 - 48*b^3*e^3 + c^2*d*e*(9*b*d
- 19*a*e) + 8*b*c*e^2*(2*b*d + 13*a*e))*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x +
c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*
c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(2*c*d - (b + S
qrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)))/(c*e*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*
a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])) + (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(c*d^2 -
b*d*e + a*e^2)*(8*c^2*d^2 + 13*b*c*d*e + 24*b^2*e^2 - 25*a*c*e^2)*Sqrt[(c*
(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2
))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/S
qrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^
2 - 4*a*c])*e)))/(c*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])))/(3*c))/(5*c*e
^3))/(7*c)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 321

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```


rule 1172

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2
)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e
*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*
c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^
2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1283

```
Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)
*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x
]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(c*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(c*(2*m + 1)) Int[((
d + e*x)^(m - 2)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[e*(b*d*f + a*(
d*g + 2*e*f*(m - 1)) - c*d^2*f*(2*m + 1) + (a*e^2*g*(2*m - 1) - c*d*(4*e*f
*m + d*g*(2*m + 1)) + b*e*(2*d*g + e*f*(2*m - 1)))*x + e*(2*b*e*g*m - c*(e*
f + d*g*(4*m - 1)))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && I
ntegerQ[2*m] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 2184

```
Int[(Pq)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, S
imp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q
+ 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a +
b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p +
1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c
*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[
q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && Pol
yQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGt
Q[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1124 vs. $2(533) = 1066$.

Time = 4.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1125
risch	Expression too large to display	2640
default	Expression too large to display	6517

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^{1/2}/(e*x+d)^{1/2}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{1/2}*(2/7/c*x^2 \\ & *(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^{1/2}+2/5*(d-2/7/c*(3*b*e+3*c*d \\ &))/c/e*x*(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^{1/2}+2/3*(-2/7/c*(5/2* \\ & a*e+5/2*b*d)-2/5*(d-2/7/c*(3*b*e+3*c*d))/c/e*(2*b*e+2*c*d))/c/e*(c*e*x^3+b \\ & *e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^{1/2}+2*(-2/5*(d-2/7/c*(3*b*e+3*c*d))/c/e* \\ & a*d-2/3*(-2/7/c*(5/2*a*e+5/2*b*d)-2/5*(d-2/7/c*(3*b*e+3*c*d))/c/e*(2*b*e+2 \\ & *c*d))/c/e*(1/2*a*e+1/2*b*d))*(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c)*((x+d/e)/ \\ & (d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c))^{1/2}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/ \\ & (-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2}*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/ \\ & c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c)^{1/2}/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2 \\ & +a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^{1/2}*EllipticF((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/ \\ & c))^{1/2},((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^ \\ & 2)^{1/2})))^{1/2})+2*(-4/7*a/c*d-2/5*(d-2/7/c*(3*b*e+3*c*d))/c/e*(3/2*a*e+ \\ & 3/2*b*d)-2/3*(-2/7/c*(5/2*a*e+5/2*b*d)-2/5*(d-2/7/c*(3*b*e+3*c*d))/c/e*(2* \\ & b*e+2*c*d))/c/e*(b*e+c*d))*(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c)*((x+d/e)/(d/ \\ & e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c))^{1/2}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/ \\ & (-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2}*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/ \\ & c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c)^{1/2}/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a* \\ & e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^{1/2}*((-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))*EllipticE((x+d \\ & /e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c))^{1/2},((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)... \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 588, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2 \left((8c^4d^4 + 5bc^3d^3e + (10b^2c^2 - 13ac^3)d^2e^2 + (40b^3c - 113abc^2)de^3 - (48b^4 - 176ab^2c + 75a^2c^2)e^4) \sqrt{c^2d^2 - bcd + (b^2 - 3ac)e^2} + (40b^3c - 113abc^2)d^2e^3 - (48b^4 - 176ab^2c + 75a^2c^2)e^4 \right) \sqrt{c^2d^2 - bcd + (b^2 - 3ac)e^2}}{(c^2d^2 - bcd + (b^2 - 3ac)e^2)^{3/2}}$$

```
input integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/315*((8*c^4*d^4 + 5*b*c^3*d^3*e + (10*b^2*c^2 - 13*a*c^3)*d^2*e^2 + (40
*b^3*c - 113*a*b*c^2)*d*e^3 - (48*b^4 - 176*a*b^2*c + 75*a^2*c^2)*e^4)*sqrt
t(c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*e^2)/(c^
2*e^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*d*e^2 + (2*
b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*e^3)/(c^3*e^3), 1/3*(3*c*e*x + c*d + b*e)/(c*e)) + 3*(8*c^4
*d^3*e + 9*b*c^3*d^2*e^2 + (16*b^2*c^2 - 19*a*c^3)*d*e^3 - 8*(6*b^3*c - 13
*a*b*c^2)*e^4)*sqrt(c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + (b^2 - 3
*a*c)*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^
2)*d*e^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*e^3)/(c^3*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*
d^2 - b*c*d*e + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d
^2*e - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*d*e^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*e^3)/(c^3*e^3), 1/3*(
3*c*e*x + c*d + b*e)/(c*e))) - 3*(15*c^4*e^4*x^2 - 4*c^4*d^2*e^2 - 5*b*c^3
*d*e^3 + (24*b^2*c^2 - 25*a*c^3)*e^4 + 3*(c^4*d*e^3 - 6*b*c^3*e^4)*x)*sqrt
(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^5*e^4)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

```
input integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)/sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+dx^3}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*x^3/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+dx^3}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*x^3/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.89 $\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	921
Mathematica [C] (verified)	922
Rubi [A] (verified)	923
Maple [B] (verified)	927
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	928
Sympy [F]	929
Maxima [F]	929
Giac [F]	930
Mupad [F(-1)]	930
Reduce [F]	930

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 496

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{4(cd+2be)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{15c^2e} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5ce}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(2c^2d^2-8b^2e^2+3ce(bd+3ae))\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right)\right)}{15c^3e^2\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cd+2be)(cd^2-bde+ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right)\right)}{15c^3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```

-4/15*(2*b*e+c*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^2/e+2/5*(e*x+d)^(3/2)
)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c/e-1/15*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(2*c^2*d^2-8*b^2
*e^2+3*c*e*(3*a*e+b*d))*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)
)*EllipticE(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*(-4*a*c
+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2))/c^3/e^2/(c*(e*x+d)/
(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+4/15*2^(1/2)*(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(2*b*e+c*d)*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4
*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF
(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2))/c^3/e^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b
*x+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 32.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 707, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{4e^2(2c^2d^2-8b^2e^2+3ce(bd+3ae))(a+x(b+cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} + 4ce^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+x(b+cx))(-4be+c(d+3ex)) + \frac{i(d+ex)\sqrt{1-\frac{2c}{(2c)}}}{(2c)} \\
& = \text{-----}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]
```

output

```
((-4*e^2*(2*c^2*d^2 - 8*b^2*e^2 + 3*c*e*(b*d + 3*a*e))*(a + x*(b + c*x)))/
Sqrt[d + e*x] + 4*c*e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + x*(b + c*x))*(-4*b*e + c*(d + 3
*e*x)) + (I*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[1 - (2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)))/((2*c*d - b*
e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x)))*Sqrt[2 + (4*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) +
a*e)))/((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x))]*(-(2*c*d - b
*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(-2*c^2*d^2 + 8*b^2*e^2 - 3*c*e*(b*d + 3*a*e
))*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/(-2*c*d + b*e
+ Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])])]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], -((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2
- 4*a*c)*e^2])/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]))) + (-8*b^3*e^3 +
b^2*e^2*(11*c*d + 8*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]) + b*c*e*(17*a*e^2 - 3*d*Sqrt[
(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]) - c*(2*c*d^2*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2] + a*e^2*(14*c*d +
9*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])))*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - b
*d*e + a*e^2)/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])])]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], -
((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c
)*e^2])))]/Sqrt[(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*
a*c)*e^2])]/(30*c^3*e^3*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 528, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.259$, Rules used = {1283, 2184, 27, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1283$$

$$\frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{\int \frac{-((cd-4be)x^2)+3(bd+ae)x+2ad}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{5c}$$

$$\downarrow 2184$$

$$\frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{2 \int \frac{e(-4deb^2+cd^2b-4ae^2b+7acde+(2c^2d^2-8b^2e^2+3ce(bd+3ae))x)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{3ce^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(cd-4be)}{3ce}$$

$$\frac{\quad}{5c}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{\int \frac{-4deb^2+cd^2b-4ae^2b+7acde+(2c^2d^2-8b^2e^2+3ce(bd+3ae))x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{3ce} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(cd-4be)}{3ce} \\
 & \downarrow 1269 \\
 & \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{(3ce(3ae+bd)-8b^2e^2+2c^2d^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{2(2be+cd)(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(cd-4be)}{3ce} \\
 & \downarrow 1172 \\
 & \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt{2}} \left(3ce(3ae+bd)-8b^2e^2+2c^2d^2\right) \int \frac{e\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e} + 1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d \frac{\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt{2}} + 4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} (2b) \\
 & \frac{ce\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}{3ce} \\
 & \downarrow 321 \\
 & \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt{2}} \left(3ce(3ae+bd)-8b^2e^2+2c^2d^2\right) \int \frac{e\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e} + 1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d \frac{\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt{2}} + 4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} (2b) \\
 & \frac{ce\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}{3ce} \\
 & \downarrow 327 \\
 & \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt{2}} \left(3ce(3ae+bd)-8b^2e^2+2c^2d^2\right) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right) + 4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \\
 & \frac{ce\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}{3ce}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (2*x*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(5*c) - ((-2*(c*d - 4*b*e)*\text{Sqrt}[\\ & d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c*e) + ((\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(2*c \\ & ^2*d^2 - 8*b^2*e^2 + 3*c*e*(b*d + 3*a*e))*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-((c*(a + b*x \\ & + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + \\ & 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (-2*\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(2*c*d - (b + \\ & \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)))/(c*e*\text{Sqrt}[(c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - \\ & 4*a*c])*e))*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (4*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(c*d + 2 \\ & *b*e)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - \\ & 4*a*c])*e))*\text{Sqrt}[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\\ & \text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (-2*\text{Sqrt}[\\ & b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(2*c*d - (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)))/(c*e*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]* \\ & \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(3*c*e))/(5*c) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1172

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2], x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2
)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e
*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*
c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^
2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1283

```
Int[(((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*Sqrt[(f._) + (g._)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)
*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x
]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(c*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(c*(2*m + 1)) Int[((
d + e*x)^(m - 2)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[e*(b*d*f + a*(
d*g + 2*e*f*(m - 1))) - c*d^2*f*(2*m + 1) + (a*e^2*g*(2*m - 1) - c*d*(4*e*f
*m + d*g*(2*m + 1)) + b*e*(2*d*g + e*f*(2*m - 1)))*x + e*(2*b*e*g*m - c*(e*
f + d*g*(4*m - 1)))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && I
ntegerQ[2*m] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 2184

```
Int[(Pq)*((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, S
imp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q
+ 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a +
b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p +
1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c
*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[
q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && Pol
yQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGt
Q[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 924 vs. 2(436) = 872.

Time = 4.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 925, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(cx^2+bx+a)} \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{ce x^3+be x^2+cd x^2+ae x+bd x+ad}}{5c} + \frac{2\left(d-\frac{2(2be+2cd)}{5c}\right)\sqrt{ce x^3+be x^2+cd x^2+ae x+bd x+ad}}{3ce} + \frac{2\left(-\frac{2ad}{5c}-\frac{2(d-2be-2cd)}{5c}\right)\sqrt{ce x^3+be x^2+cd x^2+ae x+bd x+ad}}{3ce} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(2/5*x/c*(
c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)+2/3*(d-2/5/c*(2*b*e+2*c*d))
/c/e*(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)+2*(-2/5*a/c*d-2/3*(d-
2/5/c*(2*b*e+2*c*d))/c/e*(1/2*a*e+1/2*b*d))*(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
)/c)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*
a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*e*x^3+b
*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a
*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*
(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+2*(-2/5/c*(3/2*a*e+3/2*b*d)-2/3*(d-2/5/c*
(2*b*e+2*c*d))/c/e*(b*e+c*d))*(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+d/e)/
(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
))/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/
2))/c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2
+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))*EllipticE(((
x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)
)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c
+b^2)^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),
((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))
^(1/2))))

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 486, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left((2c^3d^3 + 2bc^2d^2e + (7b^2c - 12ac^2)de^2 - (8b^3 - 21abc)e^3) \sqrt{c} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(c^2d^2 - bcde + (b^2 - 3c^2e^2))}{3c^2e^2} \right) \right)}{c^2e^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/45*((2*c^3*d^3 + 2*b*c^2*d^2*e + (7*b^2*c - 12*a*c^2)*d*e^2 - (8*b^3 - 2
1*a*b*c)*e^3)*sqrt(c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + (b^2
- 3*a*c)*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a
*c^2)*d*e^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*e^3)/(c^3*e^3), 1/3*(3*c*e*x + c*d + b*e)/
(c*e)) + 3*(2*c^3*d^2*e + 3*b*c^2*d*e^2 - (8*b^2*c - 9*a*c^2)*e^3)*sqrt(c*
e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*e^2)/(c^2*e^2),
-4/27*(2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*d*e^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*
a*b*c)*e^3)/(c^3*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + (b^2 -
3*a*c)*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*
c^2)*d*e^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*e^3)/(c^3*e^3), 1/3*(3*c*e*x + c*d + b*e)/(
c*e))) + 3*(3*c^3*e^3*x + c^3*d*e^2 - 4*b*c^2*e^3)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*s
qrt(e*x + d))/(c^4*e^3)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)/sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+dx^2}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*x^2/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+dx^2}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*x^2/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.90 $\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	931
Mathematica [C] (verified)	932
Rubi [A] (verified)	933
Maple [B] (verified)	936
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	937
Sympy [F]	937
Maxima [F]	938
Giac [F]	938
Mupad [F(-1)]	938
Reduce [F]	939

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 423

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3c} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cd-2be)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{3c^2e\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cd^2-bde+ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{3c^2e\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
2/3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c+1/3*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(-2
*b*e+c*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/
2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/
(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2))/c^2/e/(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*
c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-2/3*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*(-
c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)
)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/
2))*e))^(1/2))/c^2/e/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 27.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 602, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \left(a + x(b+cx) \right) + \frac{(d+ex) \left(\frac{e^2(cd-2be)(a+x(b+cx))}{(d+ex)^2} + \frac{i \sqrt{1 - \frac{2(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))}{(2cd-be+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)e^2})(d+ex)}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))}{(-2cd+be+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)e^2})(d+ex)}} \right)}{c}$$

input `Integrate[(x*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output

```
(2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(c*(a + x*(b + c*x)) + ((d + e*x)*((e^2*(c*d - 2*b*e)*(a + x*(b + c*x)))/(d + e*x)^2 + ((I/2)*Sqrt[1 - (2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)))/((2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x))]*Sqrt[1 + (2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)))/((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x))])*((-c*d) + 2*b*e)*(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]])]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], -((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]))) + (2*b^2*e^2 - 2*a*c*e^2 + c*d*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2] - b*e*(3*c*d + 2*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]))*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]])]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], -((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)))/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/e^2)/(3*c^2*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 447, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {1236, 27, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1236} \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{bd+ae-(cd-2be)x}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{3c} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{\int \frac{bd+ae-(cd-2be)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1269} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{(cd-2be) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1172} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} \sqrt{\frac{e(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{ce\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{321}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ace}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{ce\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\dots}$$

3c

327

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ace}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{ce\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\dots}$$

3c

input `Int[(x*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2], x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c) - (-((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*c*d - 2*b*e)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)])/(c*e*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)])/(c*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(3*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1172 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^m)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

rule 1236 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^m)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[m*(c*d*f - a*e*g) + d*(2*c*f - b*g)*(p + 1) + (m*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^m)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 806 vs. 2(369) = 738.

Time = 2.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 807, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(cx^2+bx+a)} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ce x^3+be x^2+cd x^2+ae x+bd x+ad}}{3c} - \frac{4\left(\frac{ae}{2} + \frac{bd}{2}\right)\left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{d}{e} - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{d}{e} - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{3c\sqrt{ce x^3+be x^2+cd x^2+ae x+bd x+ad}}}$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(2/3/c*(c*
e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)-4/3/c*(1/2*a*e+1/2*b*d)*(d/e-
1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))
^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
)/c))^(1/2)/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF((
(x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^
2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+2*(d-2/3/c*(b*e+
c*d))*(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)
^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a
*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*
a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)*
((-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))) *EllipticE((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a
*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*
(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*EllipticF((
(x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^
2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(3\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{ex+dc^2e^2} - (c^2d^2+2bcde - (2b^2-3ac)e^2)\sqrt{c}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(c^2d^2-bcde+...}{3c^2}\right) \right)}{...}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/9*(3*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*e^2 - (c^2*d^2 + 2*b*c*d*e - (2*b^2 - 3*a*c)*e^2)*sqrt(c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*d*e^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*e^3)/(c^3*e^3), 1/3*(3*c*e*x + c*d + b*e)/(c*e)) - 3*(c^2*d*e - 2*b*c*e^2)*sqrt(c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*d*e^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*e^3)/(c^3*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*d*e^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*e^3)/(c^3*e^3), 1/3*(3*c*e*x + c*d + b*e)/(c*e)))/(c^3*e^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt(d + e*x)/sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+dx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+dx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((x*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.91 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	940
Mathematica [C] (verified)	941
Rubi [A] (verified)	941
Maple [B] (verified)	943
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	944
Sympy [F]	944
Maxima [F]	945
Giac [F]	945
Mupad [F(-1)]	945
Reduce [F]	946

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2), (-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2))/c/(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 21.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 365, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{i(2cd + (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e) \sqrt{\frac{e(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx)}{-2cd + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd + (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}} \left(E \left(i \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{c}{-2cd + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}} \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{2ce} \sqrt{-2cd + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `(I*(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)*Sqrt[(e*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x))/(-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*(EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c/(-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]]*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)] - EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c/(-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]]*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)))/(Sqrt[2]*c*e*Sqrt[c/(-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1172, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1172

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{e(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{c\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{c\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(c*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1172 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 745 vs. 2(156) = 312.

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 746, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.19

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)(cx^2+bx+a)} \left(2d \left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{d}{e} - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{d}{e} + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{ce^3x^3+be^2x^2+cdx^2+ae^2x+bdx+ad}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} (\sqrt{-4ac+b^2} e+be-2cd) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)}{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2} e+be-2cd}} \sqrt{\frac{(-2cx+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}-b)e}{2cd-be+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2} e}} \sqrt{\frac{(2cx+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}+b)e}{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2} e+be-2cd}} (\operatorname{EllipticE}(\dots) + \operatorname{EllipticF}(\dots))}{\dots}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(2*d*(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2), ((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+2*e*(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*EllipticE(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2), ((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2), ((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 359 vs. $2(160) = 320$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left(3 \sqrt{ce} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta} \left(\frac{4(c^2d^2 - bcde + (b^2 - 3ac)e^2)}{3c^2e^2}, -\frac{4(2c^3d^3 - 3bc^2d^2e - 3(b^2c - 6ac^2)de^2 + (2b^3 - 9abc)e^3)}{27c^3e^3} \right), \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(c^2d^2 - bcde + (b^2 - 3ac)e^2)}{3c^2e^2}, -\frac{4(2c^3d^3 - 3bc^2d^2e - 3(b^2c - 6ac^2)de^2 + (2b^3 - 9abc)e^3)}{27c^3e^3} \right), \frac{1}{3} \frac{3cex + cd + be}{ce} \right) - \frac{(2cd - be) \sqrt{ce} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(c^2d^2 - bcde + (b^2 - 3ac)e^2)}{3c^2e^2}, -\frac{4(2c^3d^3 - 3bc^2d^2e - 3(b^2c - 6ac^2)de^2 + (2b^3 - 9abc)e^3)}{27c^3e^3} \right), \frac{1}{3} \frac{3cex + cd + be}{ce}}{c^2e}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(3*sqrt(c*e)*c*e*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*d*e^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*e^3)/(c^3*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*d*e^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*e^3)/(c^3*e^3), 1/3*(3*c*e*x + c*d + b*e)/(c*e))) - (2*c*d - b*e)*sqrt(c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*d*e^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*e^3)/(c^3*e^3), 1/3*(3*c*e*x + c*d + b*e)/(c*e)))/(c^2*e)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.92 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	947
Mathematica [C] (verified)	948
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	948
Maple [A] (verified)	952
Fricas [F(-1)]	953
Sympy [F]	953
Maxima [F]	954
Giac [F]	954
Mupad [F(-1)]	954
Reduce [F]	955

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 404

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}d\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}},\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
2*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e*(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)
)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*
c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2))/c/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-4*2^(1/2)*(-4
*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*d*(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*(-c*(
c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)),(-2*(-4*a
*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2))/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{e(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx)}{-2cd+(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd+(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\text{iarcsinh}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{c}{-2cd+(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{d+ex}\right)\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-2cd+}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `((-I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(e*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x))/(-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c/(-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])] * Sqrt[d + e*x]], (2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)] - EllipticPi[1 - ((b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)/(2*c*d), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c/(-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)])))/(Sqrt[c/(-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 575, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.296$, Rules used = {1284, 1172, 321, 1279, 187, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1284

$$\begin{aligned}
& e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 1172 \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{2e}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{\frac{e(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}}{c\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \\
& \quad d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 321 \\
& \quad d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{2e}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1279 \\
& \frac{d\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{b+2cx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{2e}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 187 \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{2e}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
& \frac{2d\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx} \int -\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cd}{e}}\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cd}{e}}}} d\sqrt{d+}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 413
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}e\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{2d\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\int-\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cd}{e}}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{2cd-}}}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}-\frac{2cd}{e}}}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}e\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{2d\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\int-\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{2cd-}}}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}-\frac{2cd}{e}}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}}}$$

↓ 412

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}e\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{2cd-}}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}-\frac{2cd}{e}}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output

```
(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*EllipticPi[(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(2*c*d), ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]], (2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*d)/e + (2*c*(d + e*x))/e]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*d)/e + (2*c*(d + e*x))/e])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 187

```
Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_) + (h_)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]
```

rule 321

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

rule 412

```
Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !( !GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])
```

rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 1172 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^m)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

rule 1279 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 1284 `Int[Sqrt[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)]/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[1/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 638, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)(cx^2+bx+a)} \left(\frac{2e \left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{\frac{d}{e} - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{\frac{d}{e} + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \text{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{\frac{d}{e} - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \right)}{\sqrt{ce^3x^3+be^2x^2+cdx^2+ae+bdx+ad}} \right)}{\sqrt{ce^3x^3+be^2x^2+cdx^2+ae+bdx+ad}}$
default	$\frac{\left(-\text{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)}{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e+be-2cd}}, \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e+be-2cd}{2cd-be+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e}} \right) e\sqrt{-4ac+b^2} + \sqrt{-4ac+b^2} \text{EllipticPi} \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)}{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e+be-2cd}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{ce^3x^3+be^2x^2+cdx^2+ae+bdx+ad}}$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(2*e*(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))-2*(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)*e*EllipticPi(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),-(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/d*e,((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)))^(1/2))`

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/x/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(x*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{x\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex + d}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + ax}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{x\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex + d}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + ax}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{x\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{x\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{x\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.93 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	956
Mathematica [C] (verified)	957
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	958
Maple [A] (verified)	964
Fricas [F]	966
Sympy [F]	966
Maxima [F]	967
Giac [F]	967
Mupad [F(-1)]	967
Reduce [F]	968

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 623

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{ax} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{2}a\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}d\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{a\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(bd-ae)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{a(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```

-(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/x+1/2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)
)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c
+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)
^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a/(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(
1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*d*(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(
b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*Elli
pticF(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2))/a/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*
x+a)^(1/2)+2*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(-a*e+b*d)*(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*Elliptic
Pi(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1
/2))*e))^(1/2))/a/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 32.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1292, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[d + e*x]*((-4*(a + x*(b + c*x)))/x + ((d + e*x)*((4*d*e^2*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)))/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])])*(a + x*(b + c*x)))/(d + e*x)^2 - (I*Sqrt[2]*d*(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*Sqrt[(-2*a*e^2 + d*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2] + 2*c*d*e*x + e*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*x + b*e*(d - e*x)]/((2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x)))*Sqrt[(2*a*e^2 + d*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2] - 2*c*d*e*x + e*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*x + b*e*(-d + e*x)]/((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x))*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)]/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], -((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]))]/Sqrt[d + e*x] + (I*Sqrt[2]*(b*d*e - 2*a*e^2 + d*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*Sqrt[(-2*a*e^2 + d*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2] + 2*c*d*e*x + e*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*x + b*e*(d - e*x)]/((2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x))*Sqrt[(2*a*e^2 + d*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2] - 2*c*d*e*x + e*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*x + b*e*(-d + e*x)]/((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x))*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)]/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], -((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]))]/Sqrt[d + e*x] + ((2*I)*Sqrt[2]*e*(-(b*d) + a*e)*Sqrt[(-2*a*e^2 + d*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2] + 2*c*d*e*x + e*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*x + b*e*(d - e*x)]/((...
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 824, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.481$, Rules used = {1285, 2154, 25, 27, 1269, 1172, 321, 327, 1279, 187, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1285$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{-cex^2+bd-ae}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{ax}$$

$$\downarrow 2154$$

$$\frac{(bd - ae) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \int -\frac{cex}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{ax}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{(bd - ae) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \int \frac{cex}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{ax}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{(bd - ae) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - ce \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{ax}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{(bd - ae) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - ce \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \right)}{2a} -$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{ax}$$

↓ 1172

$$(bd - ae) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - ce \left(\frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{e(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}} + 1 \right) -$$

2a

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{ax}$$

↓ 321

$$(bd - ae) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - ce \left(\frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{e(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}} + 1 \right) -$$

2a

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{ax}$$

↓ 327

$$(bd - ae) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - ce \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}{ce\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{ax}$$

2a

↓ 1279

$$\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}(bd-ae) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{b+2cx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - ce \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}}{ce\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{ax}$$

↓ 187

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}(bd-ae) \int -\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cd}{e}}\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cd}{e}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - ce \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}}{ce\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{ax}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}(bd-ae) \int \sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \int -\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cd}{e}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}-\frac{2cd}{e}}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{ax}$$

ax

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}(bd-ae)\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}-\frac{2cd}{e}}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}-\frac{2cd}{e}}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{ax}$$

↓ 412

$$-ce \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}{ce\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}d\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}}{ce\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{ax}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output

```

-((Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(a*x)) - (-c*e*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2
- 4*a*c]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*Ellip
ticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2
]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)))/(c*e*Sq
rt[(c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2
]) - (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[
b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[A
rcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-
2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)))/(c*e*Sqrt[d +
e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])) - (Sqrt[2]*(b*d - a*e)*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sq
rt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2
- 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]
)*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Ellipt
icPi[(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)/(2*c*d), ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*
Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]], (2*c*d - (b - Sqr
t[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)))/(Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[a
+ b*x + c*x^2]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*d)/e + (2*c*(d + e*x))/e
]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*d)/e + (2*c*(d + e*x))/e]))/(2*a)

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 187

```
Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_
)]*Sqrt[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)]), x_] :> Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d
- b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/
d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]
```

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*
(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && S
implerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`

rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a +
b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 1172 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^m)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2
)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e
*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*
c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^
2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^m)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c
)*(x)^2)^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1279

```
Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b
- q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x
)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

rule 1285

```
Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)
*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*
(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*(
m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqr
t[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*c*d*f*(m + 1) - e*(a*g + b*f*(2*m + 3)) - 2*(b*
e*g*(2 + m) - c*(d*g*(m + 1) - e*f*(m + 2)))*x - c*e*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]
```

rule 2154

```
Int[(Px_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b
_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, d +
e*x, x]*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[Polyn
omialRemainder[Px, d + e*x, x] Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x
^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x
] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 820, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{ax} + \frac{2(ae-bd)\left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{d}{e} - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{d}{e} + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} e \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{cx^3+bx^2+cdx+ad}{ce x^3+be x^2+cd x^2+ae x+bdx+a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce x^3+be x^2+cd x^2+ae x+bdx+a}}$
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(cx^2+bx+a)} - \frac{\sqrt{ce x^3+be x^2+cd x^2+ae x+bdx+ad}}{ax} + \frac{ce\left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{d}{e} - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{d}{e} + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} e \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{cx^3+bx^2+cdx+ad}{ce x^3+be x^2+cd x^2+ae x+bdx+a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce x^3+be x^2+cd x^2+ae x+bdx+a}}$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/x+1/2/a*(-2*(a*e-b*d)*(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4
*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x
-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2
)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(
1/2)/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)/d*e*EllipticPi(((x+d/
e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),-(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1
/2))/c)/d*e,((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b
^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+2*c*e*(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+d/e)/(d/e
-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-
d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/
c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*
e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))*EllipticE(((x+d/
e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1
/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2
)^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-d
/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/
2))))*((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ax^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*x^4 + b*x^3 + a*x^2), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/x**2/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(x**2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ax^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ax^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{x^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.94 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	969
Mathematica [C] (verified)	970
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	970
Maple [A] (verified)	980
Fricas [F]	981
Sympy [F]	981
Maxima [F]	981
Giac [F]	982
Mupad [F(-1)]	982
Reduce [F]	982

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 719

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ax^2} + \frac{(3bd-ae)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4a^2dx} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(3bd-ae)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}a^2d\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{3\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(bd-ae)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(3b^2d^2-2abde-a(4cd^2+ae^2))\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{2}a^2(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})d\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/x^2+1/4*(-a*e+3*b*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)
)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^2/d/x-1/8*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(-a*e+3*b*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)
*(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4
*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+
b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a^2/d/(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
)*e))^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+3/4*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(-a*e+b*d)*(c*(e*
x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2
))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*
(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a^2/
(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-1/2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(3*b^2*d^2-2*a*b*
d*e-a*(a*e^2+4*c*d^2))*(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*
(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+
b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)),(-2*
(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a^2/
(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/d/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 35.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6774, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.42

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
Result too large to show
```

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1462 vs. 2(719) = 1438.

Time = 2.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1462, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.630$, Rules used = {1285, 2154, 1282, 2154, 25, 27, 1172, 321, 1269, 1172, 321, 327, 1279, 187, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1285} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{ce x^2+2(cd+be)x+3bd-ae}{x^2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ax^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2154} \\
 & \frac{(3bd-ae) \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \int \frac{2cd+2be+ce x}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ax^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1282} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2cd+2be+ce x}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + (3bd-ae) \left(-\frac{\int \frac{-ce x^2+bd+ae}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2ad} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{adx} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ax^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2154} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{ce}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + 2(be+cd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + (3bd-ae) \left(-\frac{(ae+bd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \int \frac{ce}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2ad} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ax^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{ce}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + 2(be+cd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + (3bd-ae) \left(-\frac{(ae+bd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \int \frac{ce x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2ad} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ax^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$ce \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + 2(be+cd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + (3bd-ae) \left(-\frac{(ae+bd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - ce \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2ad} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ax^2}$$

↓ 1172

$$2\sqrt{2}e\sqrt{b^2-4ac} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} \frac{e(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e} + 1} dx \sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ax^2}$$

↓ 321

$$2(be+cd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + (3bd-ae) \left(-\frac{(ae+bd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - ce \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2ad} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{adx} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ax^2}$$

↓ 1269

$$2(be+cd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + (3bd-ae) \left(-\frac{(ae+bd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - ce \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \right)}{2ad} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ax^2}$$

↓ 1172

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ace}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ace}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}+2(cd+be)\int\frac{dx}{x}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2ax^2}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ace}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ace}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}+2(cd+be)\int\frac{dx}{x}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2ax^2}$$

↓ 327

$$(3bd - ae) \left((ae+bd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - ce \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}{ce\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ax^2}$$

↓ 1279

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\right) + 2(cd+be)\sqrt{b+2cx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2ax^2}$$

↓ 187

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ace}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ace}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - 4(cd+be)\sqrt{b+2cx}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2ax^2}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ace}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ace}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - 4(cd+be)\sqrt{b+2cx}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2ax^2}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ace}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ace}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - 4(cd+be)\sqrt{b+2cx}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2ax^2}$$

↓ 412

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ace}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ace}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - 2\sqrt{2}(cd+be)\sqrt{2cd}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2ax^2}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```

output

```

-1/2*(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(a*x^2) - ((2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2
- 4*a*c]*e*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[-(
(c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c)])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2
- 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(2
*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])
- (2*Sqrt[2]*(c*d + b*e)*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*Sqrt[b -
Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[1 - (2
*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x)
)/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*EllipticPi[(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[b^2
- 4*a*c]*e)/(2*c*d), ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (
b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]], (2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)/(2*c*d - (
b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt
[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*d)/e + (2*c*(d + e*x))/e]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]
- (2*c*d)/e + (2*c*(d + e*x))/e]) + (3*b*d - a*e)*(-(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a
+ b*x + c*x^2])/(a*d*x)) - (-c*e*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[d + e
x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b +
Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*
a*c]*e)/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(c*e*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(2*c
*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[
b^2 - 4*a*c]*d*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*...

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 187 Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_
)]*Sqrt[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)]), x_] :> Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d
- b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/
d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]
```

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*
(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && S
implerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`

rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a +
b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 1172 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^m)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2
)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e
*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*
c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^
2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^m)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c
)*(x)^2)^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1279

```
Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

rule 1282

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*d*(c*e*f - c*d*g + b*e*g)*(m + 1) - e^2*(b*f + a*g)*(2*m + 3) + 2*e*(c*d*g*(m + 1) - e*(c*f + b*g)*(m + 2))*x - c*e^2*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]
```

rule 1285

```
Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*c*d*f*(m + 1) - e*(a*g + b*f*(2*m + 3)) - 2*(b*e*g*(2 + m) - c*(d*g*(m + 1) - e*f*(m + 2)))*x - c*e*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]
```

rule 2154

```
Int[(Px_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, d + e*x, x]*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, d + e*x, x] Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```


Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1205
risch	Expression too large to display	1577
default	Expression too large to display	5158

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^{1/2}/(e*x+d)^{1/2}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{1/2}*(-1/2/a/x^2 \\ & * (c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^{1/2}-1/4/a^2/d*(a*e-3*b*d)*(c \\ & *e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^{1/2}/x-1/2*c/a*e*(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4* \\ & a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c)^{1/2}*((x- \\ & 1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2} \\ & *((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c)^{1/2} \\ & / (c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^{1/2}*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/ \\ & e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c)^{1/2},((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c \\ &)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2})+1/4*c*e*(a*e-3*b*d)/a^2/d*(\\ & d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/ \\ & c)^{1/2}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^ \\ & ^{1/2})))^{1/2}*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^ \\ & ^{1/2}))/c)^{1/2}/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^{1/2}*((-d/e- \\ & 1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))*EllipticE(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^ \\ & ^{1/2}))/c)^{1/2},((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4 \\ & *a*c+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2})+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2})*EllipticF(((x+d/e) \\ & / (d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c)^{1/2},((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/ \\ &)/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2})+1/4*(a^2*e^2+2*a*b*d*e \\ & +4*a*c*d^2-3*b^2*d^2)/a^2/d^2*(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c)*((x+d/e)/ \\ & (d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c)^{1/2}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1... \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ax^3}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*x^5 + b*x^4 + a*x^3), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/x**3/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(x**3*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ax^3}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ax^3}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x^3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{x^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.95 $\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	983
Mathematica [C] (verified)	984
Rubi [A] (verified)	985
Maple [B] (verified)	989
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	990
Sympy [F]	991
Maxima [F]	991
Giac [F]	992
Mupad [F(-1)]	992
Reduce [F]	992

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 509

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(7cd+4be)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{15c^2e^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5ce^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(8c^2d^2+8b^2e^2+ce(7bd-9ae))\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{15c^3e^3\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \frac{2}{2cd-}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(8c^2d^3+cde(3bd-7ae)+4be^2(bd-ae))\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\text{EllipticF}}{15c^3e^3\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
-2/15*(4*b*e+7*c*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^2/e^2+2/5*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c/e^2+1/15*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(8*c^2*d^2+8*b^2*e^2+c*e*(-9*a*e+7*b*d))*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2))/c^3/e^3/(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-2/15*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(8*c^2*d^3+c*d*e*(-7*a*e+3*b*d)+4*b*e^2*(-a*e+b*d))*(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2))/c^3/e^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 33.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 707, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$\frac{4e^2(8c^2d^2+8b^2e^2+ce(7bd-9ae))(a+x(b+cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} + 4ce^2\sqrt{d+ex}(-4cd-4be+3cex)(a+x(b+cx)) - \frac{i(d+ex)\sqrt{1-\frac{2cd-4be+3cex}{2cd-4be+3cex}}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
((4*e^2*(8*c^2*d^2 + 8*b^2*e^2 + c*e*(7*b*d - 9*a*e))*(a + x*(b + c*x)))/Sqrt[d + e*x] + 4*c*e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-4*c*d - 4*b*e + 3*c*e*x)*(a + x*(b + c*x)) - (I*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[1 - (2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)))/((2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x))]*Sqrt[2 + (4*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)))/((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x))]*((2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(8*c^2*d^2 + 8*b^2*e^2 + c*e*(7*b*d - 9*a*e)))*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])])/Sqrt[d + e*x]], -((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])) - (-8*b^3*e^3 + b^2*e^2*(c*d + 8*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]) + b*c*e*(17*a*e^2 + 7*d*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]) + c*(8*c*d^2*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2] - a*e^2*(4*c*d + 9*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])))*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])])/Sqrt[d + e*x]], -((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])))/Sqrt[(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])]/(30*c^3*e^4*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 545, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.259$, Rules used = {1278, 2184, 27, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1278$$

$$\frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5ce} - \int \frac{4(cd+be)x^2+3(bd+ae)x+2ad}{5ce\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2184$$

$$\frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5ce} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{e(2(2deb^2+2(cd^2+ae^2)b-acde)+(8c^2d^2+8b^2e^2+ce(7bd-9ae))x)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{3ce^2} + \frac{8\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(be+cd)}{3ce}$$

$$\frac{\phantom{2x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}}{5ce}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5ce} - \frac{8\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(be+cd)}{3ce} - \frac{\int \frac{2(2deb^2+2(cd^2+ae^2)b-acde)+(8c^2d^2+8b^2e^2+ce(7bd-9ae))x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{3ce} \\
 & \downarrow 1269 \\
 & \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5ce} - \frac{8\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(be+cd)}{3ce} - \frac{(ce(7bd-9ae)+8b^2e^2+8c^2d^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{(cde(3bd-7ae)+4be^2(bd-ae)+8c^2d^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \\
 & \downarrow 1172 \\
 & \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5ce} - \frac{8\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(be+cd)}{3ce} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} (ce(7bd-9ae)+8b^2e^2+8c^2d^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{e(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d \sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} \\
 & \downarrow 321 \\
 & \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5ce} - \frac{8\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(be+cd)}{3ce} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} (ce(7bd-9ae)+8b^2e^2+8c^2d^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{e(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d \sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} \\
 & \downarrow 327 \\
 & \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5ce} - \frac{8\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(be+cd)}{3ce} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} (ce(7bd-9ae)+8b^2e^2+8c^2d^2) E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}ce}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (2*x*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(5*c*e) - ((8*(c*d + b*e)*\text{Sqrt}[d \\ & + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c*e) - ((\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(8*c^ \\ & 2*d^2 + 8*b^2*e^2 + c*e*(7*b*d - 9*a*e))*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-(c*(a + b*x \\ & + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c)])*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2 \\ & *c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (-2*\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(2*c*d - (b + \\ & \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(c*e*\text{Sqrt}[(c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4 \\ & *a*c])*e))*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(8*c^2*d^ \\ & 3 + c*d*e*(3*b*d - 7*a*e) + 4*b*e^2*(b*d - a*e))*\text{Sqrt}[(c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d \\ & - (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))*\text{Sqrt}[-(c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c)] \\ &]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]] \\ & /\text{Sqrt}[2]], (-2*\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(2*c*d - (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(\\ & c*e*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(3*c*e))/(5*c*e) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1172

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2], x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2
)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e
*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*
c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^
2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1278

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f._) + (g._)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)*
(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2*(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Sqrt[f + g
*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(c*g*(2*m - 1))), x] - Simp[1/(c*g*(2*m - 1))
Int[((d + e*x)^(m - 3)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[b*d*e^2*
f + a*e^2*(d*g + 2*e*f*(m - 2)) - c*d^3*g*(2*m - 1) + e*(e*(2*b*d*g + e*(b*
f + a*g)*(2*m - 3)) + c*d*(2*e*f - 3*d*g*(2*m - 1)))*x + 2*e^2*(c*e*f - 3*c
*d*g + b*e*g)*(m - 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] &&
IntegerQ[2*m] && GeQ[m, 2]
```

rule 2184

```
Int[(Pq)*((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, S
imp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q
+ 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a +
b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p +
1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c
*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[
q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && Pol
yQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGt
Q[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 912 vs. 2(449) = 898.

Time = 5.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 913, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(cx^2+bx+a)} \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{ce^3x^3+be^2x^2+cdx^2+ae^2x+bdx+ad}}{5ec} - \frac{4(2be+2cd)\sqrt{ce^3x^3+be^2x^2+cdx^2+ae^2x+bdx+ad}}{15c^2e^2} + 2 \left(-\frac{2ad}{5ce} + \frac{4(2be+2cd)\sqrt{\frac{a}{2}}}{15c^2e^2} \right) \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(x^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(2/5/e/c*x
*(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)-4/15/c^2/e^2*(2*b*e+2*c*d
)*(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)+2*(-2/5*a/c*d/e+4/15/c^2
/e^2*(2*b*e+2*c*d)*(1/2*a*e+1/2*b*d))*(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((
(x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^
2)^(1/2))))/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+
b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2
+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)
)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)+2*(-2/5/e/c*(3/2*a*e+3/2*b*d)+4/15/c^2/e^2*(2*b
*e+2*c*d)*(b*e+c*d))*(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*
(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-d/e-
1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-
d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*
d*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))*EllipticE(((x+d/e)/(d
/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/
c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/
2))*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/
2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))))

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 485, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left((8c^3d^3 + 3bc^2d^2e + 3(b^2c - ac^2)de^2 + (8b^3 - 21abc)e^3) \sqrt{c} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(c^2d^2 - bcde + (b^2 - 3c^2e^2))}{3c^2e^2} \right) \right)$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/45*((8*c^3*d^3 + 3*b*c^2*d^2*e + 3*(b^2*c - a*c^2)*d*e^2 + (8*b^3 - 21*
a*b*c)*e^3)*sqrt(c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + (b^2 -
3*a*c)*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c
^2)*d*e^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*e^3)/(c^3*e^3), 1/3*(3*c*e*x + c*d + b*e)/(c
*e)) + 3*(8*c^3*d^2*e + 7*b*c^2*d*e^2 + (8*b^2*c - 9*a*c^2)*e^3)*sqrt(c*e)
*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -4
/27*(2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*d*e^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*
b*c)*e^3)/(c^3*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + (b^2 - 3
*a*c)*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^
2)*d*e^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*e^3)/(c^3*e^3), 1/3*(3*c*e*x + c*d + b*e)/(c
*e))) - 3*(3*c^3*e^3*x - 4*c^3*d*e^2 - 4*b*c^2*e^3)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*s
qrt(e*x + d))/(c^4*e^4)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3/(sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(x^3/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^3/((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.96 $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	993
Mathematica [C] (verified)	994
Rubi [A] (verified)	995
Maple [B] (verified)	998
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	999
Sympy [F]	1000
Maxima [F]	1000
Giac [F]	1001
Mupad [F(-1)]	1001
Reduce [F]	1001

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 426

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cd+be)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{3c^2e^2\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(2cd^2+e(bd-ae))\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{3c^2e^2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
2/3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c/e-2/3*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(
b*e+c*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2
*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(
2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2))/c^2/e^2/(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a
*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+2/3*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2
)*(2*c*d^2+e*(-a*e+b*d))*(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2
)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c
+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)
^(1/2))*e))^(1/2))/c^2/e^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 31.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 934, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \sqrt{d+ex} \left(2ce^2(a+x(b+cx)) + \frac{(d+ex) \left(\frac{4e^2(cd+be) \sqrt{\frac{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)}{-2cd+be+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)e^2}}}(a+x(b+cx))}{(d+ex)^2} + \frac{i\sqrt{2}(cd+be)(2cd-be+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)e^2})}{(d+ex)^2} \right)}{(d+ex)^2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(2*c*e^2*(a + x*(b + c*x)) + ((d + e*x)*((-4*e^2*(c*d + b*e)
)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))]/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])
] *(a + x*(b + c*x)))/(d + e*x)^2 + (I*Sqrt[2]*(c*d + b*e)*(2*c*d - b*e + S
qrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*Sqrt[(-2*a*e^2 + d*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2] + 2*c*d
*e*x + e*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]*x + b*e*(d - e*x))/((2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(
b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x)))*Sqrt[(2*a*e^2 + d*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2] -
2*c*d*e*x + e*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]*x + b*e*(-d + e*x))/((-2*c*d + b*e
+ Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x)))*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(
c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])]]/Sqrt[d +
e*x]], -((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^
2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]))]/Sqrt[d + e*x] + (I*Sqrt[2]*(b^2*e^2 - b*e*Sqrt[(b^2 -
4*a*c)*e^2] - c*(a*e^2 + d*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]))*Sqrt[(-2*a*e^2 + d*Sq
rt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2] + 2*c*d*e*x + e*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]*x + b*e*(d -
e*x))/((2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x)))*Sqrt[(2*a*e^2
+ d*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2] - 2*c*d*e*x + e*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]*x + b*
e*(-d + e*x))/((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x)))*Ellipt
icF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(
b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], -((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*
e^2])/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]))]/Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[(c*d
^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])]])/(3*c...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 453, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {1278, 9, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1278$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce} - \frac{\int \frac{2(cd+be)x^2+(bd+ae)x}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{3ce}$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce} - \frac{\int \frac{bd+ae+2(cd+be)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{3ce} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1269 \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce} - \frac{2(be+cd) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{(e(bd-ae)+2cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1172 \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(be+cd) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{e(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{ce\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(e(bd-ae)+2cd^2)}{3ce} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 321 \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(be+cd) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{e(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{ce\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(e(bd-ae)+2cd^2)}{3ce} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 327 \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(be+cd)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{ce\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(e(bd-ae)+2cd^2)}{3ce}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[x^2/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2})/(3ce) - ((2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}) * (cd+be)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-(c(a+bx+cx^2))/(b^2-4ac)}} \\ &) * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx)/\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}] / \sqrt{2}], (-2\sqrt{b^2-4ac} * e) / (2cd - (b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}) * e))] \\ & / (ce\sqrt{(c(d+ex))/(2cd - (b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}) * e)}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}) - (2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac} * (2cd^2 + e(bd - ae))\sqrt{(c(d+ex) / (2cd - (b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}) * e)}\sqrt{-(c(a+bx+cx^2) / (b^2-4ac))}) * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx) / \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}] / \sqrt{2}], (-2\sqrt{b^2-4ac} * e) / (2cd - (b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}) * e))] / (ce\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}) / (3ce) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9

$$\text{Int}[(u_.) * (Px_.)^{(p_.)} * ((e_.) * (x_.)^{(m_.)}), x_Symbol] := \text{With}[\{r = \text{Expon}[Px, x, \text{Min}]\}, \text{Simp}[1/e^{(p*r)} \text{Int}[u*(e*x)^{(m+p*r)} * \text{ExpandToSum}[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; \text{IGtQ}[r, 0]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{e, m\}, x] \&\& \text{PolyQ}[Px, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{!MonomialQ}[Px, x]$$

rule 321

$$\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a_.) + (b_.) * (x_.)^2}) * \sqrt{(c_.) + (d_.) * (x_.)^2}), x_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(1/(\sqrt{a} * \sqrt{c} * \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] * x], b * (c / (a * d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \&\& \text{!(NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])]$$

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{(a_.) + (b_.) * (x_.)^2}) / \sqrt{(c_.) + (d_.) * (x_.)^2}), x_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(\sqrt{a} / (\sqrt{c} * \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] * x], b * (c / (a * d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 1172

$$\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.) * (x_.)^{(m_.)} / \sqrt{(a_.) + (b_.) * (x_.) + (c_.) * (x_.)^2}), x_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[2 * \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4ac, 2] * (d + ex)^m * (\sqrt{(-c) * ((a + bx + cx^2) / (b^2 - 4ac))}) / (c * \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} * (2 * c * ((d + ex) / (2 * c * d - b * e - e * \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4ac, 2])))^m) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 + 2 * e * \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4ac, 2] * (x^2 / (2 * c * d - b * e - e * \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4ac, 2])))^m / \sqrt{1 - x^2}], x], x, \sqrt{(b + \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4ac, 2] + 2 * cx) / (2 * \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4ac, 2])}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[m^2, 1/4]$$

rule 1269

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1278

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2*(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(c*g*(2*m - 1))), x] - Simp[1/(c*g*(2*m - 1)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m - 3)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[b*d*e^2*f + a*e^2*(d*g + 2*e*f*(m - 2)) - c*d^3*g*(2*m - 1) + e*(e*(2*b*d*g + e*(b*f + a*g)*(2*m - 3)) + c*d*(2*e*f - 3*d*g*(2*m - 1)))*x + 2*e^2*(c*e*f - 3*c*d*g + b*e*g)*(m - 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && GeQ[m, 2]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 811 vs. 2(372) = 744.

Time = 4.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 812, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(cx^2+bx+a)} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ce x^3+be x^2+cd x^2+ae x+bd x+ad}}{3ec} - \frac{4\left(\frac{ae}{2} + \frac{bd}{2}\right) \left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{d - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{d}{e} - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}}}}{3ec\sqrt{ce x^3+be x^2+cd x^2+ae x+bd x+ad}} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(2/3/e/c*(
c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)-4/3/e/c*(1/2*a*e+1/2*b*d)*(
d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))
/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)
^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)
^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)*Ellipti
cF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*
c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))-4/3*(b*e+c*d
)/c/e*(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)
^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a
*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*
a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)*
((-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))*EllipticE(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a
*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*
(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*EllipticF((
(x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^
2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)))

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 415, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(3 \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} \sqrt{ex+dc^2} e^2 + (2c^2d^2 + bcde + (2b^2 - 3ac)e^2) \sqrt{c} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(c^2d^2 - bcde + 3c^2)}{3c^2} \right) \right)}{3c^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/9*(3*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*e^2 + (2*c^2*d^2 + b*c*d*e
+ (2*b^2 - 3*a*c)*e^2)*sqrt(c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*
e + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e - 3*(b^
2*c - 6*a*c^2)*d*e^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*e^3)/(c^3*e^3), 1/3*(3*c*e*x + c*
d + b*e)/(c*e)) + 6*(c^2*d*e + b*c*e^2)*sqrt(c*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c^2
*d^2 - b*c*d*e + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*
d^2*e - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*d*e^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*e^3)/(c^3*e^3), weie
rstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -4/
27*(2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*d*e^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b
*c)*e^3)/(c^3*e^3), 1/3*(3*c*e*x + c*d + b*e)/(c*e)))/(c^3*e^3)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2/(sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(x^2/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^2/((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.97 $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1002
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1003
Rubi [A] (verified)	1004
Maple [A] (verified)	1006
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1007
Sympy [F]	1008
Maxima [F]	1008
Giac [F]	1008
Mupad [F(-1)]	1009
Reduce [F]	1009

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 365

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{ce\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}d\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{ce\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2), (-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2))/c/e/(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-2*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*d*(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2), (-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2))/c/e/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 27.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 804, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} \left(\frac{4e^2 \sqrt{\frac{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)}{-2cd+be+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)e^2}}}}{(d+ex)^2} (a+x(b+cx)) - \frac{i\sqrt{2} \left(2cd-be+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)e^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{-2ae^2+2cdex+be(d-ex)+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)e^2}(d+ex)}{(2cd-be+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)e^2})(d+ex)}}}{(d+ex)^2} \right)}{(d+ex)^2}$$

input `Integrate[x/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output

```
((d + e*x)^(3/2)*((4*e^2*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + e*(-b*d) + a*e)]/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]))*(a + x*(b + c*x)))/(d + e*x)^2 - (I*Sqrt[2]*(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*Sqrt[(-2*a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x + b*e*(d - e*x) + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]*(d + e*x)]/((2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x)))*Sqrt[(2*a*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*x + b*e*(-d + e*x) + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]*(d + e*x)]/((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x)))*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)]/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], -((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]))]/Sqrt[d + e*x] + (I*Sqrt[2]*(-b*e) + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*Sqrt[(-2*a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x + b*e*(d - e*x) + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]*(d + e*x)]/((2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x)))*Sqrt[(2*a*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*x + b*e*(-d + e*x) + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]*(d + e*x)]/((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x)))*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)]/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], -((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]))]/Sqrt[d + e*x])/((2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x))*Sqrt[(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x)]/((2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x)))*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1269} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1172} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{e(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{ce\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{\frac{e(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{ce\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{321} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{e(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{ce\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{\sqrt{2}}}{ce\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\mid-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{ce\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{ce\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

input `Int[x/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(c*e*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(c*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1172

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2
)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e
*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*
c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^
2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 459, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result
elliptic	$2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cx^2+bx+a)} \left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{d}{e} - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{d}{e} + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \left(-\frac{d}{e} - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c} \right)$
default	$\left(\sqrt{-4ac+b^2} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)}{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e+be-2cd}}, \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e+be-2cd}{2cd-be+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e}} \right) de + 2 \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)}{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e+be-2cd}}, \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e+be-2cd}{2cd-be+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e}} \right) \right) \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}$

input

```
int(x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(d/e-1/2
*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1
/2)*((x-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-d/e-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
)/c))^(1/2)/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/2*c*(
-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))*EllipticE(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
)/c))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b
^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1
/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(
-d/e-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left(3 \sqrt{ce} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta} \left(\frac{4(c^2d^2 - bcde + (b^2 - 3ac)e^2)}{3c^2e^2}, -\frac{4(2c^3d^3 - 3bc^2d^2e - 3(b^2c - 6ac^2)de^2 + (2b^3 - 9abc)e^3)}{27c^3e^3} \right), \operatorname{weierst} \right.$$

input

```
integrate(x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/3*(3*sqrt(c*e)*c*e*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + (b^2 - 3*a*
c)*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*
d*e^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*e^3)/(c^3*e^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*d^2
- b*c*d*e + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*
e - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*d*e^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*e^3)/(c^3*e^3), 1/3*(3*c
*e*x + c*d + b*e)/(c*e)) + (c*d + b*e)*sqrt(c*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*
(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*e^2)/(c^2*e^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*
c^2*d^2*e - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*d*e^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*e^3)/(c^3*e^3),
1/3*(3*c*e*x + c*d + b*e)/(c*e)))/(c^2*e^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/(sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(x/((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(x/((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`output `int(x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.98 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1010
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1010
Rubi [A] (verified)	1011
Maple [A] (verified)	1013
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1013
Sympy [F]	1014
Maxima [F]	1014
Giac [F]	1014
Mupad [F(-1)]	1015
Reduce [F]	1015

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
2*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2))/c/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 22.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{i(d+ex)\sqrt{2-\frac{4(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))}{(2cd-be+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)e^2})(d+ex)}}\sqrt{1+\frac{2(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))}{(-2cd+be+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)e^2})(d+ex)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{c}{-2cd+be+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)e^2}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{c}{-2cd+be+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)e^2}}}}}\right)\right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)}{-2cd+be+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)e^2}}}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(I*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[2 - (4*(c*d^2 + e*(-b*d) + a*e))]/((2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x))*Sqrt[1 + (2*(c*d^2 + e*(-b*d) + a*e))]/((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x))*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]])]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], -((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]))]/(e*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + e*(-b*d) + a*e)]/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]))*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1172, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1172

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}{e\sqrt{\frac{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)}{-2cd+be+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)e^2}}}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{\frac{e(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}+1}} dx$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 1172 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^m)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

method	result
default	$\frac{(-\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e-be+2cd) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ex+d)}{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e+be-2cd}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e+be-2cd}{2cd-be+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{2cx+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}+b}{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e+be-2cd}} \sqrt{\frac{-2cx+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}+b}{2cd-be+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e}}}{ce(cx^3+bx^2+cdx^2+ax+bdx+ad)}$
elliptic	$\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cx^2+bx+a)} \left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{d}{e} - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{d}{e} + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}, \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{d}{e} - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} \sqrt{ce x^3+bx^2+cdx^2+ax+bdx+ad}}$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{(-(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}e-be+2cd)/c \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2^{1/2} \sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)}{(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}e+be-2cd}} \sqrt{\frac{-(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}e+be-2cd}{2cd-be+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{2cx+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}+b}{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e+be-2cd}} \sqrt{\frac{-2cx+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}+b}{2cd-be+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e}}}{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cx^2+bx+a)} \left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{d}{e} - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{d}{e} + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}, \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{d}{e} - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}}\right)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ce} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(c^2d^2-bcde+(b^2-3ac)e^2)}{3c^2e^2}, -\frac{4(2c^3d^3-3bc^2d^2e-3(b^2c-6ac^2)de^2+(2b^3-9abc)e^3)}{27c^3e^3}, \frac{3cex+cd+be}{3ce}\right)}{ce}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$2\sqrt{ce} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4}{3}(c^2d^2 - bcd + (b^2 - 3ac)e^2)/(c^2e^2), -\frac{4}{27}(2c^3d^3 - 3bc^2d^2e - 3(b^2c - 6ac^2)de^2 + (2b^3 - 9abc)e^3)/(c^3e^3), \frac{1}{3}(3cex + cd + be)/(ce)/(ce)\right)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.99 $\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1016
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1017
Rubi [A] (verified)	1017
Maple [A] (verified)	1020
Fricas [F(-1)]	1020
Sympy [F]	1021
Maxima [F]	1021
Giac [F]	1021
Mupad [F(-1)]	1022
Reduce [F]	1022

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 222

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
-4*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2),2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 482, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx =$$

$$i(d+ex)\sqrt{1-\frac{2(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))}{(2cd-be+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)e^2})(d+ex)}}\sqrt{2+\frac{4(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))}{(-2cd+be+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)e^2})(d+ex)}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\text{iarcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)\right)\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
((-I)*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[1 - (2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)))/((2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x))]*Sqrt[2 + (4*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)))/((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x))]*(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])])/Sqrt[d + e*x]], -((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]))] - EllipticPi[(d*(2*c*d - b*e - Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])/(2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))), I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])])/Sqrt[d + e*x]], -((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])))]/(d*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)))/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 387, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.185$, Rules used = {1279, 187, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1279

$$\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{b+2cx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

↓ 187

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx} \int -\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cd}{e}}\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cd}{e}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx} \sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \int -\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cd}{e}} \sqrt{1-\frac{2cd}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}-\frac{2cd}{e}}}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx} \sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \int -\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{1-\frac{2cd}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}-\frac{2cd}{e}}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}-\frac{2cd}{e}}}$$

↓ 412

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx} \sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} \sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \sqrt{1-\frac{2cd}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}{\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}-\frac{2cd}{e}}}$$

input `Int[1/(x*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output

```

-((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a
*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/
(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b
+ Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*EllipticPi[(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]/(2
*c*d), ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 -
4*a*c])*e]], (2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 -
4*a*c])*e)))/(Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]
- (2*c*d)/e + (2*c*(d + e*x))/e]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*d)/e +
(2*c*(d + e*x))/e))

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 187

```

Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_
)]*Sqrt[(g_) + (h_)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d
- b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/
d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]

```

rule 412

```

Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*
(c/(a*d), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(GtQ[f/e, 0] && S
implerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])

```

rule 413

```

Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a +
b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]

```

rule 1279

```

Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_
) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b
- q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x
)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]

```


Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result
default	$\frac{(\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e+be-2cd) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)}{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e+be-2cd}}, -\frac{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e+be-2cd}{2dc}, \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e+be-2cd}{2cd-be+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{2cx+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e}{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}e}}}{cd(ce^3x^3+be^2x^2+cdx^2+ae^2x+bdx+ad)}$
elliptic	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cx^2+bx+a)} \left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{d}{e} - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{d}{e} + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} e \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}\right)}{\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} \sqrt{ce^3x^3+be^2x^2+cdx^2+ae^2x+bdx+ad}}$

input `int(1/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*e+b*e-2*c*d)*\operatorname{EllipticPi}(2^{(1/2)}*(-c*(e*x+d)/((-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*e+b*e-2*c*d))^{(1/2)}, -1/2*((-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*e+b*e-2*c*d)/d/c, (- \\ & ((-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*e+b*e-2*c*d)/(2*c*d-b*e+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*e))^{(1/2)})* \\ & ((2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}+b)*e/((-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*e+b*e-2*c*d))^{(1/2)}*((\\ & -2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}-b)*e/(2*c*d-b*e+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*e))^{(1/2)}*2^{(\\ & 1/2)}*(-c*(e*x+d)/((-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*e+b*e-2*c*d))^{(1/2)}/c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(\\ & 1/2)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/d/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.100 $\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1023
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1024
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1025
Maple [A] (verified)	1031
Fricas [F(-1)]	1033
Sympy [F]	1033
Maxima [F]	1034
Giac [F]	1034
Mupad [F(-1)]	1034
Reduce [F]	1035

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 630

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{adx} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2-4ac} \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right) + \sqrt{2ad} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right) - a\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(bd+ae) \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{a(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})d\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```

-(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/d/x+1/2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)
/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a
*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b
^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a/d/(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*
e))^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d
-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*El
lipticF(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2
)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2))/a/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+
b*x+a)^(1/2)+2*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(a*e+b*d)*(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+
-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*Ellipti
cPi(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2
)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))*e))^(1/2))/a/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/d/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1
/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 33.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1381, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```

output

```

-((Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(a*d*x*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]) + ((d +
e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(4*d*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]/(-2
*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]))*(c*(-1 + d/(d + e*x))^2 + (e*(b - (
b*d)/(d + e*x) + (a*e)/(d + e*x)))/(d + e*x)) - (I*Sqrt[2]*d*(2*c*d - b*e
+ Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*Sqrt[(Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2] - (2*a*e^2)/(d +
e*x) - 2*c*d*(-1 + d/(d + e*x)) + b*e*(-1 + (2*d)/(d + e*x)))/(2*c*d - b*e
+ Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*Sqrt[(Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2] + (2*a*e^2)/(d
+ e*x) + 2*c*d*(-1 + d/(d + e*x)) + b*(e - (2*d*e)/(d + e*x)))/(-2*c*d + b
*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 -
b*d*e + a*e^2)/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])])/Sqrt[d + e*x]],
-((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*
c)*e^2])))/Sqrt[d + e*x] + (I*Sqrt[2]*(b*d*e + 2*a*e^2 + d*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*
a*c)*e^2])*Sqrt[(Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2] - (2*a*e^2)/(d + e*x) - 2*c*d*(-1
+ d/(d + e*x)) + b*e*(-1 + (2*d)/(d + e*x)))/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4
*a*c)*e^2])*Sqrt[(Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2] + (2*a*e^2)/(d + e*x) + 2*c*d*(
-1 + d/(d + e*x)) + b*(e - (2*d*e)/(d + e*x)))/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 -
4*a*c)*e^2])*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/(
-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])])/Sqrt[d + e*x]], -((-2*c*d + b*e
+ Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])))/Sqrt
[d + e*x] - ((2*I)*Sqrt[2]*e*(b*d + a*e)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2] ...

```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 829, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.481$, Rules used = {1282, 2154, 25, 27, 1269, 1172, 321, 327, 1279, 187, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx \\
 \downarrow 1282 \\
 - \frac{\int \frac{-cex^2+bd+ae}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2ad} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{adx} \\
 \downarrow 2154
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{(ae + bd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \int -\frac{cex}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2ad} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{adx}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{(ae + bd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \int \frac{cex}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2ad} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{adx}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{(ae + bd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - ce \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2ad} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{adx}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{(ae + bd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - ce \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \right)}{2ad} -$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{adx}$$

↓ 1172

$$(ae + bd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - ce \left(\frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{e(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} + \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} \right) -$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{adx}$$

2ad

↓ 321

$$(ae + bd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - ce \left(\frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{e(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} + \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} \right) -$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{adx}$$

2ad

↓ 327

$$(ae + bd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - ce \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}{ce\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{adx}$$

2ad

↓ 1279

$$\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}(ae+bd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{b+2cx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - ce \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}}{ce\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{adx}$$

↓ 187

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}(ae+bd) \int -\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cd}{e}}\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cd}{e}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - ce \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}}{ce\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{adx}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}(ae+bd) \sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \int -\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cd}{e}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}-\frac{2cd}{e}}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{adx}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}(ae+bd)\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}-\frac{2cd}{e}}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(d+ex)}{e}-\frac{2cd}{e}}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{adx}$$

↓ 412

$$-ce \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}{ce\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}d\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}}{ce\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{adx}$$

input

Int [1/(x^2*sqrt [d + e*x]*sqrt [a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]

output

```

-((Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(a*d*x)) - (-c*e*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b
^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*Ell
ipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt
[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)))/(c*e*
Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x
^2]) - (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqr
t[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF
[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]],
(-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)))/(c*e*Sqrt[d
+ e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])) - (Sqrt[2]*(b*d + a*e)*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b -
Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^
2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*
c])*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Elli
pticPi[(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)/(2*c*d), ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c
]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]], (2*c*d - (b - S
qrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)))/(Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt
[a + b*x + c*x^2]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*d)/e + (2*c*(d + e*x)
/e)*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*d)/e + (2*c*(d + e*x))/e]))/(2*a*d)

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 187

```
Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_
)]*Sqrt[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)]), x_] :> Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d
- b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/
d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]
```

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplersqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*
(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && S
implersqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`

rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a +
b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 1172 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^m)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2
)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e
*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*
c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^
2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^m)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c
)*(x)^2)^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1279

```
Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b
- q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x
)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

rule 1282

```
Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*
(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x
]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x]
+ Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(((d + e*x)^
(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*d*(c*e*f - c*d*g + b*
e*g)*(m + 1) - e^2*(b*f + a*g)*(2*m + 3) + 2*e*(c*d*g*(m + 1) - e*(c*f + b*
g)*(m + 2))*x - c*e^2*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]
```

rule 2154

```
Int[(Px_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b
_)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, d +
e*x, x]*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[Polyn
omialRemainder[Px, d + e*x, x] Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x
^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x
] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 827, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{adx} - \frac{2(-ae-bd)\left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{d}{e} - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{d}{e} + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}}}{\sqrt{ce x^3+be x^2+cd x^2+ae x+bdx+a}}$
elliptic	$\sqrt{(ex+d)(cx^2+bx+a)} - \frac{\sqrt{ce x^3+be x^2+cd x^2+ae x+bdx+ad}}{dax} + \frac{ce\left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{\frac{d}{e} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{d}{e} - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{d}{e} + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}}}{\sqrt{ce x^3+be x^2+cd x^2+ae x+bdx+a}}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/d/x-1/2/d/a*(2*(-a*e-b*d)*(d/e-1/2*(b
+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)
*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^
(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c
))^(1/2)/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)/d*e*EllipticPi(((
x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),-(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2
)^(1/2))/c)/d*e,((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a
*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))-2*c*e*(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+d/e)/
(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
))/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/
2))/c)/(-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*e*x^3+b*e*x^2+c*d*x^2
+a*e*x+b*d*x+a*d)^(1/2)*((-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))*EllipticE(((
x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2
)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c
+b^2)^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+d/e)/(d/e-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),
((-d/e+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))
^(1/2))))*((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)

```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**2/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output `Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} \sqrt{ex + d} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} \sqrt{ex + d} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.101 $\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1036
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1037
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1038
Maple [A] (verified)	1047
Fricas [F]	1048
Sympy [F]	1048
Maxima [F]	1048
Giac [F]	1049
Mupad [F(-1)]	1049
Reduce [F]	1049

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 722

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2adx^2} + \frac{3(bd+ae)\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4a^2 d^2 x}$$

$$- \frac{3\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(bd+ae)\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}a^2 d^2 \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(3bd+ae) \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^2 d \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(3b^2 d^2 + 2abde - a(4cd^2 - 3ae^2)) \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, a\right)}{\sqrt{2}a^2 (b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}) d^2 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/d/x^2+3/4*(a*e+b*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)
*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^2/d^2/x-3/8*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(a*e+b*d)*(e*x+d)^(1
/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a
*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^
2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a^2/d^2/(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1
/2))*e))^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+1/4*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(a*e+3*b*d)*(c*(e
*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^
2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2
*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a^2
/d/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-1/2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(3*b^2*d^2+2*a
*b*d*e-a*(-3*a*e^2+4*c*d^2))*(c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(
1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1+(2*c*x+b)/(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
),(-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*e/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^(1/2)*2^(1/2
)/a^2/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/d^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 35.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 823, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12de(bd+ae)(a+x(b+cx)) + \frac{4d(d+ex)(-2ad+3bdx+3aex)(a+x(b+cx))}{x^2}}{\dots} + \frac{i(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))}{(2cd-be+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)e^2})(d+ex)}}}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^3*sqrt[d + e*x]*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
(-12*d*e*(b*d + a*e)*(a + x*(b + c*x)) + (4*d*(d + e*x)*(-2*a*d + 3*b*d*x
+ 3*a*e*x)*(a + x*(b + c*x)))/x^2 + (I*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (2*(c*d^2
+ e*(-(b*d) + a*e)))/((2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])*(d + e*x))]*)
Sqrt[2 + (4*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)))/((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c
)*e^2])*(d + e*x))]*(3*d*(b*d + a*e)*(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2
])*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/(-2*c*d + b*e
+ Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])])/Sqrt[d + e*x]], -((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2
- 4*a*c)*e^2])/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]))] - (3*b^2*d^2*e +
b*d*(a*e^2 + 3*d*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]) + a*e*(-4*c*d^2 + 6*a*e^2 + 3*d*
Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]))*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - b*d*e
+ a*e^2)/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])])/Sqrt[d + e*x]], -((-2
*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^
2]))] + 2*e*(3*b^2*d^2 + 2*a*b*d*e + a*(-4*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))*EllipticPi[(d
*(2*c*d - b*e - Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])/(2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))),
I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2
- 4*a*c)*e^2])])/Sqrt[d + e*x]], -((-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2
])/(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])))]/(e*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) +
a*e)))/(-2*c*d + b*e + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2])))/(16*a^2*d^3*Sqrt[d + e
x])*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x))]
```

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1467 vs. $2(722) = 1444$.

Time = 2.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1467, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.630$, Rules used = {1282, 2154, 1282, 2154, 25, 27, 1172, 321, 1269, 1172, 321, 327, 1279, 187, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1282}$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{cex^2+2(cd+be)x+3(bd+ae)}{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{4ad} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2adx^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2154}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3(ae + bd) \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \int \frac{2cd+2be+ce}{x \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{4ad} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2adx^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1282} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2cd+2be+ce}{x \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + 3(ae + bd) \left(-\frac{\int \frac{-ce}{x \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2ad} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{adx} \right)}{4ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2154} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{ce}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + 2(be + cd) \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + 3(ae + bd) \left(-\frac{(ae+bd) \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \int -\frac{ce}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2ad} \right)}{4ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{ce}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + 2(be + cd) \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + 3(ae + bd) \left(-\frac{(ae+bd) \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \int \frac{ce}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2ad} \right)}{4ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{ce \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + 2(be + cd) \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + 3(ae + bd) \left(-\frac{(ae+bd) \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - ce \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2ad} \right)}{4ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1172} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{2}e\sqrt{b^2-4ac} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{e(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}+1}} dx \sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + 2(be + cd) \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{321}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2(be + cd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + 3(ae + bd) \left(-\frac{(ae+bd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - ce \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2ad} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{ad} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2adx^2}$$

↓ 1269

$$2(be + cd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + 3(ae + bd) \left(-\frac{(ae+bd) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - ce \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \right)}{2ad} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2adx^2}$$

↓ 1172

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ace} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ace}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e} \right)}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} + 2(cd + be) \int \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2adx^2}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ace}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ace}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}+2(cd+be)\int\frac{dx}{x}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2adx^2}$$

↓ 327

$$3(ae+bd)\left(\int\frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}dx-ce\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ace}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}{ce\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}\right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2adx^2}$$

↓ 1279

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ace}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ace}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} + \frac{2(cd+be)\sqrt{b+2cx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2adx^2}$$

↓ 187

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ace}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ace}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{4(cd+be)\sqrt{b+2cx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2adx^2}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ace} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ace}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right) 4(cd+be)\sqrt{b+2cx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2adx^2}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ace} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ace}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right) 4(cd+be)\sqrt{b+2cx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2adx^2}$$

↓ 412

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ace}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\sqrt{\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ace}}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}(cd+be)\sqrt{2cd}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2adx^2}$$

input

```
Int[1/(x^3*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(a*d*x^2) - ((2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)))/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[2]*(c*d + b*e)*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*EllipticPi[(2*c*d - b*e + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(2*c*d), ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]], (2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)))/(Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*d)/e + (2*c*(d + e*x))/e]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*d)/e + (2*c*(d + e*x))/e]) + 3*(b*d + a*e)*(-(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(a*d*x)) - (-c*e*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)))/(c*e*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]...
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 187 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`
- rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 1172

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2], x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2
)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e
*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*
c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^
2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1279

```
Int[1/(((d._) + (e._)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f._) + (g._)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)*(x_
) + (c._)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b
- q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x
)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

rule 1282

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f._) + (g._)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)*
(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x
]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x]
+ Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x)^
(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*d*(c*e*f - c*d*g + b*
e*g)*(m + 1) - e^2*(b*f + a*g)*(2*m + 3) + 2*e*(c*d*g*(m + 1) - e*(c*f + b*
g)*(m + 2))*x - c*e^2*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]
```

rule 2154

```
Int[(Px_)*((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))^(n_)*((a._) + (b
_)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, d +
e*x, x]*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[Polyn
omialRemainder[Px, d + e*x, x] Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x
^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x
] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```


Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} \sqrt{ex + d} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*e*x^6 + (c*d + b*e)*x^5 + a*d*x^3 + (b*d + a*e)*x^4), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} \sqrt{ex + d} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)*x^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} \sqrt{ex + d} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)*x^3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.102 $\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1050
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1051
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1052
Maple [C] (verified)	1055
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1056
Sympy [F]	1057
Maxima [F]	1057
Giac [F]	1057
Mupad [F(-1)]	1058
Reduce [F]	1058

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 343

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \frac{6954\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}{4375} - \frac{654}{875}(7+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2}{35}(7+x)^{5/2}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2} + \frac{240034\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}{4375(3\sqrt{130}+5(7+x))}$$

$$\frac{240034\sqrt{3}\sqrt[4]{26}\sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}}(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x)) E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\right) |_{\frac{1}{390}}(195+17\sqrt{130})}{4375 5^{3/4}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[4]{26}(120017-10431\sqrt{130})\sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}}(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x)) \text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\right)}{4375 5^{3/4}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

output

```
6954/4375*(7+x)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)-654/875*(7+x)^(3/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)+2/35*(7+x)^(5/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)+240034*(7+x)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)/(13125*130^(1/2)+153125+21875*x)-240034/21875*3^(1/2)*26^(1/4)*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x)))^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2))),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2))^(1/2))*5^(1/4)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)+1/21875*3^(1/2)*26^(1/4)*(120017-10431*130^(1/2))*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x)))^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2)),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2))^(1/2))*5^(1/4)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 34.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 430, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}(-1843+115x+125x^2)}{4375}$$

$$2(7+x)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{4680663 \sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}(3+2x+5x^2)}{(7+x)^2} + \frac{120017i\sqrt{13}(17\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{7})\sqrt{\frac{34i+\sqrt{14}-\frac{234i}{7+x}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{\frac{-34i+\sqrt{14}+\frac{234i}{7+x}}{-34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{\sqrt{7+x}} E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{853125\sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{\sqrt{7+x}}\right)\right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*Sqrt[7 + x])/Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2],x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]*(-1843 + 115*x + 125*x^2))/4375 - (2*(7 + x)^(3/2)*((-4680663*Sqrt[(-I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*(3 + 2*x + 5*x^2))/(7 + x)^2 + ((120017*I)*Sqrt[13]*(17*Sqrt[2] + I*Sqrt[7])*Sqrt[(34*I + Sqrt[14] - (234*I)/(7 + x))/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[(-34*I + Sqrt[14] + (234*I)/(7 + x))/(-34*I + Sqrt[14])]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(3*Sqrt[(-26*I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])]/Sqrt[7 + x]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x] + (Sqrt[13]*((-6244*I)*Sqrt[2] + 120017*Sqrt[7])*Sqrt[(34*I + Sqrt[14] - (234*I)/(7 + x))/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[(-34*I + Sqrt[14] + (234*I)/(7 + x))/(-34*I + Sqrt[14])]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(3*Sqrt[(-26*I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])]/Sqrt[7 + x]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x]))/(853125*Sqrt[(-I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])
```


Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {1283, 2184, 27, 2184, 27, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1283} \\
 & \frac{2}{35} x^2 \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} - \frac{1}{35} \int \frac{x(-23x^2+85x+84)}{\sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2184} \\
 & \frac{1}{35} \left(\frac{46}{25} (x+7)^{3/2} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} - \frac{2}{25} \int \frac{7944x^2+15187x+3703}{2\sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2}{35} \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} x^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{35} \left(\frac{46}{25} (x+7)^{3/2} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} - \frac{1}{25} \int \frac{7944x^2+15187x+3703}{\sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2}{35} \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} x^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2184} \\
 & \frac{1}{35} \left(\frac{1}{25} \left(-\frac{2}{15} \int -\frac{3(120017x+26501)}{2\sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - \frac{5296}{5} \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} \right) + \frac{46}{25} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} (x+7)^{3/2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2}{35} \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} x^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{35} \left(\frac{1}{25} \left(\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{120017x+26501}{\sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - \frac{5296}{5} \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} \right) + \frac{46}{25} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} (x+7)^{3/2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2}{35} \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} x^2
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{1}{35} \left(\frac{1}{25} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(120017 \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 813618 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) - \frac{5296}{5} \sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2}{35} \sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3x^2} \right)$$

↓ 1172

$$\frac{2}{35} \sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3x^2} + \frac{1}{35} \left(\frac{46}{25} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}(x+7)^{3/2} + \frac{1}{25} \left(-\frac{5296}{5} \sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} + \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{240034i\sqrt{x+7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}} dx}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2}{35} \sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3x^2} + \frac{1}{35} \left(\frac{46}{25} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}(x+7)^{3/2} + \frac{1}{25} \left(-\frac{5296}{5} \sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} + \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{240034i\sqrt{x+7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}} dx}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{2}{35} \sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3x^2} + \frac{1}{35} \left(\frac{46}{25} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}(x+7)^{3/2} + \frac{1}{25} \left(-\frac{5296}{5} \sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} + \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{240034i\sqrt{x+7} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+7)}}{23} \right) \right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right) \right)$$

input

`Int[(x^3*sqrt[7 + x])/sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2], x]`

output

```
(2*x^2*Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])/35 + ((46*(7 + x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[3 +
2*x + 5*x^2])/25 + ((-5296*Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])/5 + (((240
034*I)/5)*Sqrt[7 + x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(
2^(3/4)*7^(1/4))], (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]/Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*S
qrt[14])] - ((1627236*I)*Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])]*EllipticF[ArcSin[
Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4))], (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I +
Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x])/5)/25)/35
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 321

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1172

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2
)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e
*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*
c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^
2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1283

```
Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)
*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x
]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(c*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(c*(2*m + 1)) Int[((
d + e*x)^(m - 2)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[e*(b*d*f + a*(
d*g + 2*e*f*(m - 1))) - c*d^2*f*(2*m + 1) + (a*e^2*g*(2*m - 1) - c*d*(4*e*f
*m + d*g*(2*m + 1)) + b*e*(2*d*g + e*f*(2*m - 1)))*x + e*(2*b*e*g*m - c*(e*
f + d*g*(4*m - 1)))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && I
ntegerQ[2*m] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 2184

```
Int[(Pq_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, S
imp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q
+ 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a +
b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p +
1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c
*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[
q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && Pol
yQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGt
Q[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(125x^2+115x-1843)\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{4375} + \frac{53002\left(\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5}+\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5}+\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\right)}{4375\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\left(813618i\sqrt{14}\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}-5x-1}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}+5x+1}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}\right),\sqrt{-\frac{-34+i\sqrt{14}}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\right)+3125x^5}{4375\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}$
elliptic	$\sqrt{(x+7)(5x^2+2x+3)}\left(\frac{46x\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}{875}-\frac{3686\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}{4375}+\frac{53002\left(\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5}+\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5}+\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\right)}{4375\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}\right)$

input `int(x^3*(x+7)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/4375*(125*x^2+115*x-1843)*(x+7)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)+(53002/4375*(3 \\ & 4/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5-1/5*I*14^(\\ & 1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5+1/5*I*1 \\ & 4^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I* \\ & 14^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))+24 \\ & 0034/4375*(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/ \\ & 5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(- \\ & 34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)*((-34/5-1/5*I*14 \\ & (1/2))*EllipticE(((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2) \\ &))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))+(-1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+7)/(\\ & 34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)) \\ &)^(1/2)))*(x+7)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)/(x+7)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx &= \frac{2}{4375} (125x^2 + 115x - 1843) \sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3} \sqrt{x+7} \\ &\quad - \frac{8086228}{328125} \sqrt{5} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4456}{75}, -\frac{348704}{3375}, x + \frac{37}{15} \right) \\ &\quad - \frac{240034}{21875} \sqrt{5} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta} \left(\frac{4456}{75}, \right. \\ &\quad \left. -\frac{348704}{3375}, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4456}{75}, -\frac{348704}{3375}, x + \frac{37}{15} \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/4375*(125*x^2 + 115*x - 1843)*\operatorname{sqrt}(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x + 7) - 808622 \\ & 8/328125*\operatorname{sqrt}(5)*\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(4456/75, -348704/3375, x + 37/15) - 2 \\ & 40034/21875*\operatorname{sqrt}(5)*\operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(4456/75, -348704/3375, \operatorname{weierstrassPInv} \\ & \operatorname{erse}(4456/75, -348704/3375, x + 37/15)) \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(7+x)**(1/2)/(5*x**2+2*x+3)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*sqrt(x + 7)/sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}x^3}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x + 7)*x^3/sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}x^3}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x + 7)*x^3/sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(x + 7)^(1/2))/(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^3*(x + 7)^(1/2))/(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}x^2}{35} + \frac{46\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}x}{875} - \frac{3273\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{32375} - \frac{360051\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}x^2}{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21} dx\right)}{64750} - \frac{15843\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21} dx\right)}{64750}$$

input `int(x^3*(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x)`

output `(3700*sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3)*x**2 + 3404*sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3)*x - 6546*sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3) - 360051*int((sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3)*x**2)/(5*x**3 + 37*x**2 + 17*x + 21),x) - 15843*int((sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3))/(5*x**3 + 37*x**2 + 17*x + 21),x))/64750`

3.103 $\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1059
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1060
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1061
Maple [C] (verified)	1064
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1065
Sympy [F]	1066
Maxima [F]	1066
Giac [F]	1066
Mupad [F(-1)]	1067
Reduce [F]	1067

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 318

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = -\frac{52}{125} \sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2} + \frac{2}{25} (7+x)^{3/2} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2} - \frac{1842 \sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}{125 (3\sqrt{130} + 5(7+x))}$$

$$+ \frac{1842 \sqrt{3} \sqrt[4]{26} \sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}} (78 + \sqrt{130}(7+x)) E \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}} \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \middle| \frac{1}{390} (195 + 17\sqrt{130}) \right)}{125 \cdot 5^{3/4} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{3\sqrt{3} \sqrt[4]{26} (307 - 26\sqrt{130}) \sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}} (78 + \sqrt{130}(7+x)) \text{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}} \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}} \right), \frac{3}{390} (195 + 17\sqrt{130}) \right)}{125 \cdot 5^{3/4} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

output

```
-52/125*(7+x)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)+2/25*(7+x)^(3/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)-1842*(7+x)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)/(375*130^(1/2)+4375+625*x)+1842/625*3^(1/2)*26^(1/4)*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x)))^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2))),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2))^(1/2))*5^(1/4)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)-3/625*3^(1/2)*26^(1/4)*(307-26*130^(1/2))*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x)))^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2)),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2))^(1/2))*5^(1/4)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 33.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \frac{2}{125} \sqrt{7+x} (9+5x) \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2} + 2(7+x)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{11973 \sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{(7+x)^2} (3+2x+5x^2) + \frac{307i\sqrt{13} (17\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{7}) \sqrt{\frac{34i+\sqrt{14}-\frac{234i}{7+x}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}} \sqrt{\frac{-34i+\sqrt{14}+\frac{234i}{7+x}}{-34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{\sqrt{7+x}} E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{-3}}{\sqrt{7+x}}\right)\right) \right) + \frac{8125 \sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{\sqrt{7+x}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*Sqrt[7 + x])/Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[7 + x]*(9 + 5*x)*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])/125 + (2*(7 + x)^(3/2))*((-11973*Sqrt[(-I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*(3 + 2*x + 5*x^2))/(7 + x)^2 + ((307*I)*Sqrt[13]*(17*Sqrt[2] + I*Sqrt[7])*Sqrt[(34*I + Sqrt[14] - (234*I)/(7 + x))/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[(-34*I + Sqrt[14] + (234*I)/(7 + x))]/(-34*I + Sqrt[14]))*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(3*Sqrt[(-26*I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])]/Sqrt[7 + x] + (Sqrt[13]*((-149*I)*Sqrt[2] + 307*Sqrt[7])*Sqrt[(34*I + Sqrt[14] - (234*I)/(7 + x))/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[(-34*I + Sqrt[14] + (234*I)/(7 + x))]/(-34*I + Sqrt[14])])*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(3*Sqrt[(-26*I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])]/Sqrt[7 + x]))/(8125*Sqrt[(-I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])
```

Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {1283, 27, 2184, 27, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1283} \\
 & \frac{2}{25} x \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} - \frac{1}{25} \int \frac{3(-9x^2+17x+14)}{\sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2}{25} x \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} - \frac{3}{25} \int \frac{-9x^2+17x+14}{\sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2184} \\
 & \frac{2}{25} x \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} - \\
 & \frac{3}{25} \left(\frac{2}{15} \int \frac{3(307x+121)}{2\sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - \frac{6}{5} \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2}{25} x \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} - \frac{3}{25} \left(\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{307x+121}{\sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - \frac{6}{5} \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1269} \\
 & \frac{2}{25} x \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} - \\
 & \frac{3}{25} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(307 \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 2028 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) - \frac{6}{5} \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1172}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3}{25} \left(-\frac{6}{5} \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} + \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\frac{2}{25} x \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} - \frac{614i \sqrt{x+7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}} d \sqrt{\frac{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{7}}}}{5 \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} - \frac{4056i \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}} \int \frac{\sqrt{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}}}{5 \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right)$$

321

$$\frac{3}{25} \left(-\frac{6}{5} \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} + \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\frac{2}{25} x \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} - \frac{614i \sqrt{x+7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}} d \sqrt{\frac{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{7}}}}{5 \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} - \frac{4056i \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}} \text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}\right)}{5 \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right)$$

327

$$\frac{3}{25} \left(-\frac{6}{5} \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} + \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\frac{2}{25} x \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} - \frac{614i \sqrt{x+7} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{7}}\right)\right) \Big|_{\frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{5 \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} - \frac{4056i \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}} E\left(\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}\right)}{5 \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(x^2*Sqrt[7 + x])/Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2],x]`

output `(2*x*Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])/25 - (3*((-6*Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])/5 + (((((614*I)/5)*Sqrt[7 + x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4)]), (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])] - ((4056*I)*Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])] *EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4)]), (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x])/5))/25`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 1172 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^m_)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`
- rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^p_, x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 1283 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^m_)*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(c*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(c*(2*m + 1)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m - 2)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[e*(b*d*f + a*(d*g + 2*e*f*(m - 1))) - c*d^2*f*(2*m + 1) + (a*e^2*g*(2*m - 1) - c*d*(4*e*f*m + d*g*(2*m + 1)) + b*e*(2*d*g + e*f*(2*m - 1)))*x + e*(2*b*e*g*m - c*(e*f + d*g*(4*m - 1)))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 2184

```
Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, S
imp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q
+ 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a +
b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p +
1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c
*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x] /; GtQ[
q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && Pol
yQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGt
Q[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(9+5x)\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{125} + \frac{\left(726\left(\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\right) \right)}{125\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}$
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\left(6084i\sqrt{14}\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}-5x-1}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}+5x+1}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{-34+i\sqrt{14}}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\right)+8658\sqrt{14}\right)}{\sqrt{(x+7)(5x^2+2x+3)}}$
elliptic	$\sqrt{(x+7)(5x^2+2x+3)}\left(\frac{2x\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}{25} + \frac{18\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}{125} - \frac{726\left(\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\right)}{125\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}\right)$

input

```
int(x^2*(x+7)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

2/125*(9+5*x)*(x+7)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)+(-726/125*(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))*((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))-1842/125*(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)*((-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))+(-1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))))*(x+7)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)/(x+7)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{x^2\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx &= \frac{2}{125} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}(5x+9)\sqrt{x+7} \\
&+ \frac{19088}{3125} \sqrt{5} \text{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4456}{75}, -\frac{348704}{3375}, x + \frac{37}{15} \right) \\
&+ \frac{1842}{625} \sqrt{5} \text{weierstrassZeta} \left(\frac{4456}{75}, \right. \\
&\quad \left. -\frac{348704}{3375}, \text{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4456}{75}, -\frac{348704}{3375}, x + \frac{37}{15} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

2/125*sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*(5*x + 9)*sqrt(x + 7) + 19088/3125*sqrt(5)*weierstrassPInverse(4456/75, -348704/3375, x + 37/15) + 1842/625*sqrt(5)*weierstrassZeta(4456/75, -348704/3375, weierstrassPInverse(4456/75, -348704/3375, x + 37/15))

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(7+x)**(1/2)/(5*x**2+2*x+3)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*sqrt(x + 7)/sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}x^2}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x + 7)*x^2/sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}x^2}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x + 7)*x^2/sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(x + 7)^(1/2))/(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^2*(x + 7)^(1/2))/(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}x}{25} - \frac{51\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{925} + \frac{2763 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}x^2}{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21} dx \right)}{1850} - \frac{2241 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21} dx \right)}{1850}$$

input `int(x^2*(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x)`

output `(148*sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3)*x - 102*sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3) + 2763*int((sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3)*x**2)/(5*x**3 + 37*x**2 + 17*x + 21),x) - 2241*int((sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3))/(5*x**3 + 37*x**2 + 17*x + 21),x))/1850`

3.104 $\int \frac{x\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1068
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1069
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1070
Maple [C] (verified)	1072
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1074
Sympy [F]	1074
Maxima [F]	1075
Giac [F]	1075
Mupad [F(-1)]	1075
Reduce [F]	1076

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 293

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \frac{2}{15}\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2} + \frac{62\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}{15(3\sqrt{130}+5(7+x))}$$

$$+ \frac{62\sqrt[4]{26}\sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}}(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{390}(195+17\sqrt{130})\right)}{5\sqrt{35^{3/4}}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt[4]{26}(31-3\sqrt{130})\sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}}(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right),\frac{1}{390}(195+17\sqrt{130})\right)}{5\sqrt{35^{3/4}}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

output

```

2/15*(7+x)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)+62*(7+x)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)/(4
5*130^(1/2)+525+75*x)-62/75*3^(1/2)*26^(1/4)*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*
(7+x))^2)^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*2
6^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2))),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2))^(1/2))*5^(1/4)/
(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)+1/75*26^(1/4)*(31-3*130^(1/2))*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130
^(1/2)*(7+x))^2)^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(1/78*5
^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2)),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2))^(1/2))*3
^(1/2)*5^(1/4)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 419, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \frac{2}{15}\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2} + \frac{(7+x)^{3/2}}{2418} \left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}(3+2x+5x^2)}{(7+x)^2} + \frac{62\sqrt{13}(-17i\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{7})\sqrt{\frac{34i+\sqrt{14}-234i}{7+x}}\sqrt{\frac{-34i+\sqrt{14}+234i}{-34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{\sqrt{7+x}} E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{26i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{\sqrt{7+x}}\right)\right) \right) + \frac{2925\sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*Sqrt[7 + x])/Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2], x]
```

output

```

(2*Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])/15 + ((7 + x)^(3/2)*((2418*Sqrt[(-I)
/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])*(3 + 2*x + 5*x^2))/(7 + x)^2 + (62*Sqrt[13]*((-17*I)*S
qrt[2] + Sqrt[7])*Sqrt[(34*I + Sqrt[14] - (234*I)/(7 + x))/(34*I + Sqrt[14
]])*Sqrt[(-34*I + Sqrt[14] + (234*I)/(7 + x))/(-34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Elliptic
E[I*ArcSinh[(3*Sqrt[(-26*I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x]], (34*I + Sqrt
[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x] - ((2*I)*Sqrt[13]*(58*Sqrt[2] - (31*
I)*Sqrt[7])*Sqrt[(34*I + Sqrt[14] - (234*I)/(7 + x))/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sq
rt[(-34*I + Sqrt[14] + (234*I)/(7 + x))/(-34*I + Sqrt[14])]*EllipticF[I*Ar
cSinh[(3*Sqrt[(-26*I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/
(34*I - Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x]))/(2925*Sqrt[(-I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[
3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])

```

Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {1236, 27, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1236} \\
 & \frac{2}{15} \int -\frac{17-31x}{2\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx + \frac{2}{15} \sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2}{15} \sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} - \frac{1}{15} \int \frac{17-31x}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1269} \\
 & \frac{1}{15} \left(31 \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 234 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) + \frac{2}{15} \sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1172} \\
 & \frac{2}{15} \sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} + \\
 & \frac{1}{15} \left(\frac{62i\sqrt{x+7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}} - \frac{468i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{321}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{15} \left(\frac{\frac{2}{15} \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} + 62i \sqrt{x+7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}} d \frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{7}}}{5 \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} - \frac{468i \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{7}} \right), \frac{2}{34i+\sqrt{14}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+7}} \right)$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{1}{15} \left(\frac{\frac{2}{15} \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} + 62i \sqrt{x+7} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{7}} \right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}} \right)}{5 \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} - \frac{468i \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{7}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+7}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+7}} \right)$$

input `Int[(x*Sqrt[7 + x])/Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])/15 + (((((62*I)/5)*Sqrt[7 + x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4))], (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])))/Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])]) - ((468*I)*Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4))], (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x])/15`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1172

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2
)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e
*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*
c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^
2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]
```

rule 1236

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p +
1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1
)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[m*(c*d*f - a*e*g) + d*(2*c*f - b*g)*(p + 1) + (m
*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (Intege
rQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(x+7)(5x^2+2x+3)} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}{15} - \frac{34\left(\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\right)}{15\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{15} + \left(-\frac{34\left(\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\right)}{15\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}} + 62\left(\frac{34}{5}\right)$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{15} \left(234i\sqrt{14} \sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}-5x-1}{i\sqrt{14}+34}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}+5x+1}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{-34+i\sqrt{14}}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\right) - 702\sqrt{-\frac{5}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}\right)$

```
input int(x*(x+7)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((x+7)*(5*x^2+2*x+3))^(1/2)/(x+7)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)*(2/15*(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)-34/15*(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x+1/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)*EllipticF((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))+62/15*(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x+1/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)*((-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*EllipticE((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))+(-1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))*EllipticF((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.15

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = -\frac{2804}{1125} \sqrt{5} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4456}{75}, -\frac{348704}{3375}, x + \frac{37}{15}\right) - \frac{62}{75} \sqrt{5} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}\left(\frac{4456}{75}, -\frac{348704}{3375}, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4456}{75}, -\frac{348704}{3375}, x + \frac{37}{15}\right)\right) + \frac{2}{15} \sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3} \sqrt{x + 7}$$

input `integrate(x*(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2804/1125*sqrt(5)*weierstrassPInverse(4456/75, -348704/3375, x + 37/15) - 62/75*sqrt(5)*weierstrassZeta(4456/75, -348704/3375, weierstrassPInverse(4456/75, -348704/3375, x + 37/15)) + 2/15*sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 7)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(7+x)**(1/2)/(5*x**2+2*x+3)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt(x + 7)/sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}x}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x + 7)*x/sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}x}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x + 7)*x/sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `int((x*(x + 7)^(1/2))/(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x*(x + 7)^(1/2))/(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \frac{7\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{37} - \frac{31\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}x^2}{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21} dx\right)}{74} - \frac{119\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21} dx\right)}{74}$$

input `int(x*(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x)`

output `(14*sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3) - 31*int((sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3)*x**2)/(5*x**3 + 37*x**2 + 17*x + 21),x) - 119*int((sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3))/(5*x**3 + 37*x**2 + 17*x + 21),x))/74`

3.105 $\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1077
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1078
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1078
Maple [C] (verified)	1080
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1080
Sympy [F]	1081
Maxima [F]	1081
Giac [F]	1081
Mupad [F(-1)]	1082
Reduce [F]	1082

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 252

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}{3\sqrt{130}+5(7+x)}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{3}\sqrt[4]{26}\sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}}(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{390}(195+17\sqrt{130})\right)}{5^{3/4}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

$$+\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[4]{26}\sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}}(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right),\frac{1}{390}(195+17\sqrt{130})\right)}{5^{3/4}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

output

```
2*(7+x)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)/(5*x+35+3*130^(1/2))-2/5*3^(1/2)*26^(1/4)
)*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x)))^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2))),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2)))^(1/2)*5^(1/4)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)+1/5*3^(1/2)*26^(1/4)*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x)))^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2)),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2)))^(1/2)*5^(1/4)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 30.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \frac{2(-34i + \sqrt{14}) \sqrt{\frac{-i+\sqrt{14}-5ix}{34i+\sqrt{14}}} \sqrt{\frac{i+\sqrt{14}+5ix}{-34i+\sqrt{14}}} \sqrt{7+x} \left(E \left(i \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{5} \sqrt{-\frac{i(7+x)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}} \right) \middle| \frac{34i+\sqrt{14}}{34i-\sqrt{14}} \right) - \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{5} \sqrt{-\frac{i(7+x)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2} \right) \right)}{5\sqrt{5} \sqrt{-\frac{i(7+x)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[7 + x]/Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2], x]`

output `(-2*(-34*I + Sqrt[14])*Sqrt[(-I + Sqrt[14] - (5*I)*x)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])] * Sqrt[(I + Sqrt[14] + (5*I)*x)/(-34*I + Sqrt[14])] * Sqrt[7 + x] * (EllipticE[I * ArcSinh[Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[((-I)*(7 + x))/(34*I + Sqrt[14]])], (34*I + Sqrt[14]) / (34*I - Sqrt[14])] - EllipticF[I * ArcSinh[Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[((-I)*(7 + x))/(34*I + Sqrt[14]])], (34*I + Sqrt[14]) / (34*I - Sqrt[14])]) / (5*Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[((-I)*(7 + x))/(34*I + Sqrt[14])] * Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])`

Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1172, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

↓ 1172

$$\frac{2i\sqrt{x+7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}} d \sqrt{\frac{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{2i\sqrt{x+7} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}} \right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}} \right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[7 + x]/Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2], x]`

output `((2*I)/5)*Sqrt[7 + x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4))], (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]/Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1172 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}(-34+i\sqrt{14})\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}-5x-1}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}+5x+1}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}\left(i\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}},\sqrt{-\frac{-34+i\sqrt{14}}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\right)\sqrt{14}\right)}{25\left(\frac{14\left(\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5}+\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5}+\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}},\sqrt{\frac{-34+\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\right)+2\left(\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right)\sqrt{(x+7)(5x^2+2x+3)}\right)}{\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}$
elliptic	

input `int((x+7)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -2/25*(x+7)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)*(-34+I*14^(1/2))*(-5*(x+7)/(-34+I*14 \\ & ^{(1/2)}))^(1/2)*((I*14^(1/2)-5*x-1)/(I*14^(1/2)+34))^(1/2)*((I*14^(1/2)+5*x \\ & +1)/(-34+I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(I*EllipticF((-5*(x+7)/(-34+I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2) \\ & ,(-(-34+I*14^(1/2))/(I*14^(1/2)+34))^(1/2))*14^(1/2)-I*EllipticE((-5*(x+7) \\ & /(-34+I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),(-(-34+I*14^(1/2))/(I*14^(1/2)+34))^(1/2))*14^(1/ \\ & 2)+34*EllipticF((-5*(x+7)/(-34+I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),(-(-34+I*14^(1/2))/(I*14 \\ & ^{(1/2)+34))^(1/2))-34*EllipticE((-5*(x+7)/(-34+I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),(-(-34+I \\ & *14^(1/2))/(I*14^(1/2)+34))^(1/2)))/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21) \end{aligned}$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.10

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx &= \frac{136}{75} \sqrt{5} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4456}{75}, -\frac{348704}{3375}, x + \frac{37}{15}\right) \\ & - \frac{2}{5} \sqrt{5} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}\left(\frac{4456}{75}, \right. \\ & \left. -\frac{348704}{3375}, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4456}{75}, -\frac{348704}{3375}, x + \frac{37}{15}\right)\right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `136/75*sqrt(5)*weierstrassPInverse(4456/75, -348704/3375, x + 37/15) - 2/5*sqrt(5)*weierstrassZeta(4456/75, -348704/3375, weierstrassPInverse(4456/75, -348704/3375, x + 37/15))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate((7+x)**(1/2)/(5*x**2+2*x+3)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x + 7)/sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate((7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x + 7)/sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate((7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x + 7)/sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `int((x + 7)^(1/2)/(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2), x)`output `int((x + 7)^(1/2)/(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{5x^2+2x+3} dx$$

input `int((7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2), x)`output `int((sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3))/(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3), x)`

3.106 $\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1083
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1084
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1085
Maple [C] (verified)	1089
Fricas [F]	1089
Sympy [F]	1090
Maxima [F]	1090
Giac [F]	1090
Mupad [F(-1)]	1091
Reduce [F]	1091

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 287

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{\frac{7}{3}} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{3}{7}} \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt[4]{\frac{26}{5}} (7\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{26}) \sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}} (78 + \sqrt{130}(7+x)) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}} \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}} \right), \frac{1}{390} \right)}{11\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{(479 - 42\sqrt{130}) \sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}} (78 + \sqrt{130}(7+x)) \operatorname{EllipticPi} \left(\frac{5460+479\sqrt{130}}{10920}, 2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}} \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \right)}{22\sqrt{3}\sqrt[4]{130}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*21^(1/2)*arctanh(1/7*21^(1/2)*(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2))+1/55*3
^(1/2)*26^(1/4)*5^(3/4)*(7*5^(1/2)-3*26^(1/2))*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)
)*(7+x))^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)
)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2)),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2))^(1/2)/(5*x^
2+2*x+3)^(1/2)+1/8580*(479-42*130^(1/2))*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x)
))^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(
3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2))),1/2+479/10920*130^(1/2),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(
1/2))^(1/2))*3^(1/2)*130^(3/4)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 20.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{-i+\sqrt{14}-5ix}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{\frac{i+\sqrt{14}+5ix}{-34i+\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{7+x}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{5}\sqrt{-\frac{i(7+x)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}\right),\frac{34i+\sqrt{14}}{34i-\sqrt{14}}\right) - \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{1}{35}\left(34i+\sqrt{14}\right)\sqrt{5}\sqrt{-\frac{i(7+x)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{-\frac{i(7+x)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[7 + x]/(x*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
((-2*I)*Sqrt[(-I + Sqrt[14] - (5*I)*x)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[(I + Sqrt[14]
+ (5*I)*x)/(-34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[7 + x]*(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[5]
*Sqrt[((-I)*(7 + x))/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14]
)] - EllipticPi[(34 - I*Sqrt[14])/35, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[((-I)*(7 +
x))/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])]))/(Sqrt[5]*S
qrt[((-I)*(7 + x))/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])
```

Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {1284, 1172, 321, 1279, 27, 187, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{x\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1284 \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx + 7 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1172 \\
 & 7 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx + \\
 & \frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}}{\sqrt{x+7}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 321 \\
 & 7 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx + \\
 & \frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}}{\sqrt{x+7}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1279 \\
 & \frac{14\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}}{\sqrt{x+7}} \int \frac{1}{2x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}} dx + \\
 & \frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}}{\sqrt{x+7}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{7\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}} dx}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} + \\
& \frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}\right)}{\sqrt{x+7}} \\
& \downarrow 187 \\
& \frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}\right)}{\sqrt{x+7}} - \\
& \frac{14\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1} \int -\frac{1}{x\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}} d\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} \\
& \downarrow 413 \\
& \frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}\right)}{\sqrt{x+7}} - \\
& \frac{14\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}} \int -\frac{1}{x\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}} d\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}} \\
& \downarrow 413 \\
& \frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}\right)}{\sqrt{x+7}} - \\
& \frac{14\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}} \int -\frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}} d\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}} \\
& \downarrow 412
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34+i\sqrt{14}}\right)}{\sqrt{x+7}} - \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(34-i\sqrt{14})}\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{1}{35}(34-i\sqrt{14}),\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}}{\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[7 + x]/(x*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]),x]`

output `((2*I)*Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*Sqrt[14]])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4))], (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]/Sqrt[7 + x] - (2*Sqrt[(34 - I*Sqrt[14])/5]*Sqrt[1 - I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x]*Sqrt[1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x]*Sqrt[1 - (5*(7 + x))/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[1 - (5*(7 + x))/(34 + I*Sqrt[14])]*EllipticPi[(34 - I*Sqrt[14])/35, ArcSin[(Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[7 + x])/Sqrt[34 - I*Sqrt[14]]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])])/((Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]*Sqrt[-34 - I*Sqrt[14] + 5*(7 + x)]*Sqrt[-34 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*(7 + x)])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 187 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`

rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 1172 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^m)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

rule 1279 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 1284 `Int[Sqrt[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)]/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[1/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}(-34+i\sqrt{14})\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}-5x-1}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}+5x+1}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}},\sqrt{-\frac{-34+i\sqrt{14}}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\right)-\text{Ell}\right)}{5(5x^3+37x^2+17x+21)}$
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(x+7)(5x^2+2x+3)}\left(2\left(\frac{34-i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34-i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34-i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5}+\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34+i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34-i\sqrt{14}}{5}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{34+i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34-i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\right)-2\left(\frac{34-i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}$

```
input int((x+7)^(1/2)/x/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/5*(x+7)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)*(-34+I*14^(1/2))*(-5*(x+7)/(-34+I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((I*14^(1/2)-5*x-1)/(I*14^(1/2)+34))^(1/2)*((I*14^(1/2)+5*x+1)/(-34+I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(EllipticF((-5*(x+7)/(-34+I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),(-(-34+I*14^(1/2))/(I*14^(1/2)+34))^(1/2))-EllipticPi((-5*(x+7)/(-34+I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),34/35-1/35*I*14^(1/2),(-(-34+I*14^(1/2))/(I*14^(1/2)+34))^(1/2)))/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3x}} dx$$

```
input integrate((7+x)^(1/2)/x/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 7)/(5*x^3 + 2*x^2 + 3*x), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{x\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate((7+x)**(1/2)/x/(5*x**2+2*x+3)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x + 7)/(x*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3x}} dx$$

input `integrate((7+x)^(1/2)/x/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x + 7)/(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3x}} dx$$

input `integrate((7+x)^(1/2)/x/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x + 7)/(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{x\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `int((x + 7)^(1/2)/(x*(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2)),x)`output `int((x + 7)^(1/2)/(x*(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{x\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `int((7+x)^(1/2)/x/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x)`output `int((7+x)^(1/2)/x/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x)`

3.107 $\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x^2\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1092
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1093
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1094
Maple [C] (verified)	1100
Fricas [F]	1101
Sympy [F]	1101
Maxima [F]	1101
Giac [F]	1102
Mupad [F(-1)]	1102
Reduce [F]	1102

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 339

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x^2\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}{3x} + \frac{\sqrt{130}\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}{3(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))} + \frac{11\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{3}{7}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}\right)}{6\sqrt{21}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{130}\sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}}(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{390}(195+17\sqrt{130})\right)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

$$\frac{(479-42\sqrt{130})\sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}}(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5460+479\sqrt{130}}{10920},2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\right)}{84\sqrt{3}\sqrt[4]{130}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(7+x)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)/x+130^(1/2)*(7+x)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)/(234+3*130^(1/2)*(7+x))+11/126*21^(1/2)*arctanh(1/7*21^(1/2)*(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2))-1/3*130^(1/4)*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x)))^2^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2))),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2))^(1/2))*3^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)-1/32760*(479-42*130^(1/2))*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x)))^2^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2))),1/2+479/10920*130^(1/2),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2))^(1/2))*3^(1/2)*130^(3/4)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 615, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x^2\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}{3x}$$

$$(7+x)^{3/2} \left(2730\sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}} + \frac{127764\sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{(7+x)^2} - \frac{37128\sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{7+x} + \frac{14\sqrt{13}(-17i\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{7})\sqrt{\frac{34i+\sqrt{14}-\frac{234i}{7+x}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{\frac{-34i+\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{(7+x)^2} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[7 + x]/(x^2*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]),x]
```

output

```

-1/3*(Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])/x + ((7 + x)^(3/2)*(2730*Sqrt[(-I
)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])] + (127764*Sqrt[(-I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/(7 + x)^2 - (
37128*Sqrt[(-I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/(7 + x) + (14*Sqrt[13]*((-17*I)*Sqrt[2
] + Sqrt[7])*Sqrt[(34*I + Sqrt[14] - (234*I)/(7 + x))/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*S
qrt[(-34*I + Sqrt[14] + (234*I)/(7 + x))/(-34*I + Sqrt[14])]*EllipticE[I*A
rcSinh[(3*Sqrt[(-26*I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])]/Sqrt[7 + x]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])
/(34*I - Sqrt[14]))/Sqrt[7 + x] + ((2*I)*Sqrt[13]*(2*Sqrt[2] + (7*I)*Sqrt
[7])*Sqrt[(34*I + Sqrt[14] - (234*I)/(7 + x))/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[(-34
*I + Sqrt[14] + (234*I)/(7 + x))/(-34*I + Sqrt[14])]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(
3*Sqrt[(-26*I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])]/Sqrt[7 + x]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I -
Sqrt[14]))/Sqrt[7 + x] - ((11*I)*Sqrt[26]*Sqrt[(34*I + Sqrt[14] - (234*I
)/(7 + x))/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[(-34*I + Sqrt[14] + (234*I)/(7 + x))/(-
34*I + Sqrt[14])]*EllipticPi[(7*(34 - I*Sqrt[14]))/234, I*ArcSinh[(3*Sqrt[
(-26*I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])]/Sqrt[7 + x]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[1
4]))/Sqrt[7 + x]))/(1638*Sqrt[(-I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^
2])

```

Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 438, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$, Rules used = {1285, 2154, 27, 1269, 1172, 321, 327, 1279, 27, 187, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{x^2\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1285 \\
 & -\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{11-5x^2}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{3x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2154 \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left(-11 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - \int -\frac{5x}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3x}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(5 \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 11 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{3x}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(5 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 7 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) - 11 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{3x}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(-11 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx + 5 \left(\frac{2i\sqrt{x+7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}} - \frac{14i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(-11 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx + 5 \left(\frac{2i\sqrt{x+7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}} - \frac{14i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}} \text{Elliptic}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(-11 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx + 5 \left(\frac{2i\sqrt{x+7} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}}}{\frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}} \right) \right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} - \frac{14i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 1279

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{3x} + 2i\sqrt{x+7}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} - \frac{14i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{x+7}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{3x} + 2i\sqrt{x+7}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} - \frac{14i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{x+7}} \right)$$

↓ 187

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{3x} + 22\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}\int\frac{1}{x\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}}d\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} + 5 \frac{2i\sqrt{x+7}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{x+7}} \right)$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{3x} + 22\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}\int\frac{1}{x\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}}d\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}} + 5 \frac{2i\sqrt{x+7}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{x+7}} \right)$$

↓ 413

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{3x} + \\
 \frac{1}{6} & \left(\frac{22\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}} \int -\frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}}d\sqrt{x+7} \right) + 5 \left(\frac{22\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}} \int -\frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}}d\sqrt{x+7} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 412 \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{3x} + \\
 \frac{1}{6} & \left(\frac{22\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(34-i\sqrt{14})}\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}}{7\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{1}{35}(34-i\sqrt{14})\right) \right) + 5 \left(\frac{22\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(34-i\sqrt{14})}\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}}{7\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{1}{35}(34-i\sqrt{14})\right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[7 + x]/(x^2*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/3*(Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])/x + (5*(((2*I)/5)*Sqrt[7 + x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4))], (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])] - ((14*I)*Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4))], (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x]) + (22*Sqrt[(34 - I*Sqrt[14])/5]*Sqrt[1 - I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x]*Sqrt[1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x]*Sqrt[1 - (5*(7 + x))/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[1 - (5*(7 + x))/(34 + I*Sqrt[14])]*EllipticPi[(34 - I*Sqrt[14])/35, ArcSin[(Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[7 + x])/Sqrt[34 - I*Sqrt[14]]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])])/(7*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]*Sqrt[-34 - I*Sqrt[14] + 5*(7 + x)]*Sqrt[-34 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*(7 + x)]))/6`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 187 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_) + (h_)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`
- rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 1172

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2], x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2
)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e
*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*
c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^
2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1279

```
Int[1/(((d._) + (e._)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f._) + (g._)*(x_)])*(Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)*(x_
) + (c._)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b
- q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x
)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

rule 1285

```
Int[(((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*Sqrt[(f._) + (g._)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)
*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*
(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*(
m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqr
t[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*c*d*f*(m + 1) - e*(a*g + b*f*(2*m + 3)) - 2*(b*
e*g*(2 + m) - c*(d*g*(m + 1) - e*f*(m + 2)))*x - c*e*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]
```

rule 2154

```
Int[(Px_)*((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))^(n_)*((a._) + (b
_)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, d +
e*x, x]*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[Polyn
omialRemainder[Px, d + e*x, x] Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x
^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x
] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```


Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(x+7)(5x^2+2x+3)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}{3x} + \frac{5 \left(\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \left(-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5} \right) \text{EllipticE} \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}, \frac{34}{35} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{35} \right)}{3\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}} \right)$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{3x} + \frac{11 \left(\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \text{EllipticPi} \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}, \frac{34}{35} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{35}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \right)}{21\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{3x} \left(245i\sqrt{14} \sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}-5x-1}{i\sqrt{14}+34}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}+5x+1}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}} \text{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{-34+i\sqrt{14}}{i\sqrt{14}+34}} \right) x - 11i\sqrt{14} \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \left(-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5} \right) \text{EllipticE} \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}, \frac{34}{35} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{35} \right) \right)$

```
input int((x+7)^(1/2)/x^2/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((x+7)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)/(x+7)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)*(-1/3/x*(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)+5/3*(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x+1/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)*((-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*EllipticE((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))+(-1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))*EllipticF((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))+11/21*(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)*EllipticPi((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),34/35-1/35*I*14^(1/2),((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x^2\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((7+x)^(1/2)/x^2/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 7)/(5*x^4 + 2*x^3 + 3*x^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x^2\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{x^2\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate((7+x)**(1/2)/x**2/(5*x**2+2*x+3)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x + 7)/(x**2*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x^2\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((7+x)^(1/2)/x^2/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x + 7)/(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x^2\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((7+x)^(1/2)/x^2/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x + 7)/(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*x^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x^2\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{x^2\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `int((x + 7)^(1/2)/(x^2*(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((x + 7)^(1/2)/(x^2*(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x^2\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{x^2\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `int((7+x)^(1/2)/x^2/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((7+x)^(1/2)/x^2/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x)`

3.108 $\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x^3\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1103
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1104
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1105
Maple [C] (verified)	1112
Fricas [F]	1114
Sympy [F]	1114
Maxima [F]	1114
Giac [F]	1115
Mupad [F(-1)]	1115
Reduce [F]	1115

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 499

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x^3\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}{6x^2} + \frac{13\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}{84x}$$

$$- \frac{13\sqrt{\frac{65}{2}}\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}{42(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))} + \frac{815\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{3}{7}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}\right)}{168\sqrt{21}}$$

$$+ \frac{13\sqrt[4]{65}\sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}}(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{390}(195+17\sqrt{130})\right)}{14\ 2^{3/4}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt[4]{65}(479-42\sqrt{130})\sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}}(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right),\frac{1}{390}(195+17\sqrt{130})\right)}{154\ 2^{3/4}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{163\ 5^{3/4}(479-42\sqrt{130})\sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}}(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5460+479\sqrt{130}}{10920},2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\right)}{25872\sqrt{3}\sqrt[4]{26}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

output

```

-1/6*(7+x)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)/x^2+13/84*(7+x)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(
1/2)/x-13/2*130^(1/2)*(7+x)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)/(3276+42*130^(1/2)*(
7+x))+815/3528*21^(1/2)*arctanh(1/7*21^(1/2)*(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/
2))+13/84*65^(1/4)*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x)))^(1/2)*(78+130^(1
/2)*(7+x))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2
))),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/4)*3^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2
)-1/924*65^(1/4)*(479-42*130^(1/2))*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x)))^(
1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)
*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2)),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/4)*3^(1/2)/
(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)-163/2018016*5^(3/4)*(479-42*130^(1/2))*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/
(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x)))^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan
(1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2))),1/2+479/10920*130^(1/2),1/390
*(76050+6630*130^(1/2))^(1/2))*3^(1/2)*26^(3/4)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 620, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x^3 \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{7+x}(-14+13x)\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}{84x^2}$$

$$(7+x)^{3/2} \left(35490 \sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}} + \frac{1660932 \sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{(7+x)^2} - \frac{482664 \sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{7+x} + \frac{182\sqrt{13}(-17i\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{7}) \sqrt{\frac{34i+\sqrt{14}-\frac{234i}{7+x}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{\dots} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[7 + x]/(x^3*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[7 + x]*(-14 + 13*x)*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])/(84*x^2) - ((7 + x)^(3/2)
*(35490*Sqrt[(-I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])] + (1660932*Sqrt[(-I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14]
)])/ (7 + x)^2 - (482664*Sqrt[(-I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/ (7 + x) + (182*Sqrt[
13]*((-17*I)*Sqrt[2] + Sqrt[7])*Sqrt[(34*I + Sqrt[14] - (234*I)/(7 + x))/(
34*I + Sqrt[14]])*Sqrt[(-34*I + Sqrt[14] + (234*I)/(7 + x))/(-34*I + Sqrt[
14])])*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(3*Sqrt[(-26*I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])]/Sqrt[7 + x]]
, (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x] - ((26*I)*Sqrt[13]*(16
*Sqrt[2] - (7*I)*Sqrt[7])*Sqrt[(34*I + Sqrt[14] - (234*I)/(7 + x))/(34*I +
Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[(-34*I + Sqrt[14] + (234*I)/(7 + x))/(-34*I + Sqrt[14])]*
EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(3*Sqrt[(-26*I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])]/Sqrt[7 + x]], (34*
I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x] + ((815*I)*Sqrt[26]*Sqrt[(34
*I + Sqrt[14] - (234*I)/(7 + x))/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[(-34*I + Sqrt[14]
+ (234*I)/(7 + x))/(-34*I + Sqrt[14])])*EllipticPi[(7*(34 - I*Sqrt[14]))/2
34, I*ArcSinh[(3*Sqrt[(-26*I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])]/Sqrt[7 + x]], (34*I + Sq
rt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x])/(45864*Sqrt[(-I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14
])] *Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])
```

Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 788, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.680$, Rules used = {1285, 2154, 1282, 2154, 27, 1172, 321, 1269, 1172, 321, 327, 1279, 27, 187, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{x^3\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1285$$

$$-\frac{1}{12} \int \frac{5x^2+74x+39}{x^2\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{6x^2}$$

$$\downarrow 2154$$

$$\frac{1}{12} \left(-39 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - \int \frac{5x+74}{x \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{6x^2}$$

↓ 1282

$$\frac{1}{12} \left(- \int \frac{5x+74}{x \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 39 \left(- \frac{1}{42} \int \frac{17-5x^2}{x \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} \right) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{6x^2}$$

↓ 2154

$$\frac{1}{12} \left(- \int \frac{5}{\sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 74 \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 39 \left(\frac{1}{42} \left(-17 \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) \right) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{6x^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{12} \left(-5 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 74 \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 39 \left(\frac{1}{42} \left(5 \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) \right) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{6x^2}$$

↓ 1172

$$- \frac{\sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{6x^2} +$$

$$\frac{1}{12} \left(-74 \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 39 \left(\frac{1}{42} \left(5 \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 17 \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 321

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{6x^2} + \\
 \frac{1}{12} & \left(-74 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 39 \left(\frac{1}{42} \left(5 \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 17 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1269 \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{6x^2} + \\
 \frac{1}{12} & \left(-74 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 39 \left(\frac{1}{42} \left(5 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 7 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1172 \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{6x^2} + \\
 \frac{1}{12} & \left(-74 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 39 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \frac{1}{42} \left(-17 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 321 \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{6x^2} + \\
 \frac{1}{12} & \left(-39 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \frac{1}{42} \left(-17 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx + 5 \left(\frac{2i\sqrt{x+7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}} dx}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 327
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{12} \left(-39 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \frac{1}{42} \left(-17 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx + 5 \frac{2i\sqrt{x+7}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt{7}}\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{6x^2}$$

1279

$$\frac{1}{12} \left(-39 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \frac{1}{42} \left(5 \frac{2i\sqrt{x+7}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt{7}}\right)\right)\Big|_{\frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} - \frac{14i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{6x^2}$$

27

$$\frac{1}{12} \left(-39 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \frac{1}{42} \left(5 \frac{2i\sqrt{x+7}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt{7}}\right)\right)\Big|_{\frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} - \frac{14i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{6x^2}$$

187

$$\frac{1}{12} \left(-39 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \frac{1}{42} \left(\frac{34\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1} \int -\frac{1}{x\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}} dx}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} \right) \right) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{6x^2}$$

413

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{6x^2} + \\
 \frac{1}{12} & \left(-39 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \frac{1}{42} \left(\frac{34\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}}{x\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}}} \int -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}} \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 413 \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{6x^2} + \\
 \frac{1}{12} & \left(-39 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \frac{1}{42} \left(\frac{34\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{5(x+7)}} \int -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}} \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 412 \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{6x^2} + \\
 \frac{1}{12} & \left(\frac{148\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(34-i\sqrt{14})}\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{1}{35}(34-i\sqrt{14})\right)}{7\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[7 + x]/(x^3*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]),x]`

output

```

-1/6*(Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])/x^2 + (((-10*I)*Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34
- I*Sqrt[14]])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)
*7^(1/4))], (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]/Sqrt[7 + x] + (148*Sqrt[(34 -
I*Sqrt[14])/5]*Sqrt[1 - I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x]*Sqrt[1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x]*Sqrt
[1 - (5*(7 + x))/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[1 - (5*(7 + x))/(34 + I*Sqrt[14])
]*EllipticPi[(34 - I*Sqrt[14])/35, ArcSin[(Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[7 + x])/Sqrt[34 -
I*Sqrt[14]]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])])/(7*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^
2]*Sqrt[-34 - I*Sqrt[14] + 5*(7 + x)]*Sqrt[-34 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*(7 + x)])
- 39*(-1/21*(Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])/x + (5*(((2*I)/5)*Sqrt[7
+ x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4))],
(2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]/Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])] - ((14*I)
*Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14]
+ 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4))], (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]/Sqrt[7 +
x]) + (34*Sqrt[(34 - I*Sqrt[14])/5]*Sqrt[1 - I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x]*Sqrt[1 + I*
Sqrt[14] + 5*x]*Sqrt[1 - (5*(7 + x))/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[1 - (5*(7 + x)
)/(34 + I*Sqrt[14])]*EllipticPi[(34 - I*Sqrt[14])/35, ArcSin[(Sqrt[5]*Sqr
t[7 + x])/Sqrt[34 - I*Sqrt[14]]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])])/(7
*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]*Sqrt[-34 - I*Sqrt[14] + 5*(7 + x)]*Sqrt[-34 + I*Sqr
t[14] + 5*(7 + x)]))/42))/12

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```

Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]

```

rule 187

```

Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_
)]*Sqrt[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d
- b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/
d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]

```

rule 321

```

Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])

```

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 412 $\text{Int}[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(a*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticPi}[b*(c/(a*d)), \text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[d/c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[e, 0] \&\& !(!\text{GtQ}[f/e, 0] \&\& \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-f/e, -d/c])$

rule 413 $\text{Int}[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2] \text{Int}[1/((a + b*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[c, 0]$

rule 1172 $\text{Int}(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2*\text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(\text{Sqrt}[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*\text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 + 2*e*\text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*\text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*\text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[m^2, 1/4]$

rule 1269 $\text{Int}(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] + \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)/e \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \&\& !\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 1279 $\text{Int}[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[b - q + 2*c*x]*(\text{Sqrt}[b + q + 2*c*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]) \text{Int}[1/((d + e*x)*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]*\text{Sqrt}[b - q + 2*c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}, x]$

rule 1282

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*
(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x
]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x]
+ Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x)^
(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*d*(c*e*f - c*d*g + b*
e*g)*(m + 1) - e^2*(b*f + a*g)*(2*m + 3) + 2*e*(c*d*g*(m + 1) - e*(c*f + b*
g)*(m + 2))*x - c*e^2*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]
```

rule 1285

```
Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)
*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*
(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*(
m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqr
t[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*c*d*f*(m + 1) - e*(a*g + b*f*(2*m + 3)) - 2*(b*
e*g*(2 + m) - c*(d*g*(m + 1) - e*f*(m + 2)))*x - c*e*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]
```

rule 2154

```
Int[(Px_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b
_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, d +
e*x, x]*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[Polyn
omialRemainder[Px, d + e*x, x] Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x
^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
&& LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 504, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}(13x-14)}{84x^2} + \left(\frac{5\left(\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\right)}{6\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}$
elliptic	$\sqrt{(x+7)(5x^2+2x+3)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}{6x^2} + \frac{13\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}{84x} - \frac{5\left(\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\text{Ellip}}{6\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{539i\sqrt{14}} \left(539i\sqrt{14}\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}-5x-1}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}+5x+1}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{-34+i\sqrt{14}}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\right)x^2+163i\sqrt{\dots} \right)$

```
input int((x+7)^(1/2)/x^3/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/84*(x+7)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)*(13*x-14)/x^2+(-5/6*(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2), ((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))+815/588*(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2), 34/35-1/35*I*14^(1/2), ((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))-65/84*(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)*((-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2), ((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))+(-1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2), ((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))))*(x+7)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)/(x+7)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x^3\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3x^3}} dx$$

input `integrate((7+x)^(1/2)/x^3/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 7)/(5*x^5 + 2*x^4 + 3*x^3), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x^3\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{x^3\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate((7+x)**(1/2)/x**3/(5*x**2+2*x+3)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x + 7)/(x**3*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x^3\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3x^3}} dx$$

input `integrate((7+x)^(1/2)/x^3/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x + 7)/(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*x^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x^3 \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((7+x)^(1/2)/x^3/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x + 7)/(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*x^3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x^3 \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{x^3 \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `int((x + 7)^(1/2)/(x^3*(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((x + 7)^(1/2)/(x^3*(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7+x}}{x^3 \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{x^3 \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `int((7+x)^(1/2)/x^3/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((7+x)^(1/2)/x^3/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x)`

3.109 $\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1116
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1117
Rubi [C] (verified)	1118
Maple [C] (verified)	1121
Fricas [F]	1121
Sympy [F]	1122
Maxima [F]	1122
Giac [F]	1122
Mupad [F(-1)]	1123
Reduce [F]	1123

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 653

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = -\frac{(\sqrt{5}f + \sqrt{5f^2 - 2fg + 3g^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{15}\sqrt{f}\left(f + \sqrt{f^2 - \frac{2fg}{5} + \frac{3g^2}{5}}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{5f^2 - 2fg + 3g^2} \sqrt{\frac{g^2(3+2x+5x^2)}{(5f^2-2fg+3g^2)\left(1+\frac{\sqrt{5}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{5f^2-2fg+3g^2}}\right)^2} \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{5}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{5f^2-2fg+3g^2}}\right) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{5}}{\sqrt{5f^2 - 2fg + 3g^2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt[4]{5}\left(f + \sqrt{f^2 - \frac{2fg}{5} + \frac{3g^2}{5}}\right)\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} + \frac{(\sqrt{5}f - \sqrt{5f^2 - 2fg + 3g^2}) \sqrt{\frac{g^2(3+2x+5x^2)}{(\sqrt{5f^2-2fg+3g^2}+\sqrt{5}(f+gx))^2} (\sqrt{5f^2 - 2fg + 3g^2} + \sqrt{5}(f + gx)) \operatorname{EllipticP}}{2 \cdot 5^{3/4} f \sqrt[4]{5f^2 - 2fg + 3g^2} \left(f + \sqrt{f^2 - \frac{2fg}{5}}\right)}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/15*(5^{(1/2)}*f+(5*f^2-2*f*g+3*g^2)^{(1/2)})*\operatorname{arctanh}(3^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/ \\
& f^{(1/2)}/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^{(1/2)})*15^{(1/2)}/f^{(1/2)}/(f+1/5*(25*f^2-10*f*g+15*g^2) \\
&)^{(1/2)})-1/5*(5*f^2-2*f*g+3*g^2)^{(1/4)}*(g^2*(5*x^2+2*x+3)/(5*f^2-2*f*g+3*g \\
& ^2)/(1+5^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)/(5*f^2-2*f*g+3*g^2)^{(1/2)})^2)^{(1/2)}*(1+5^{(1/2)}*(g*x \\
& +f)/(5*f^2-2*f*g+3*g^2)^{(1/2)})*\operatorname{InverseJacobiAM}(2*\arctan(5^{(1/4)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/ \\
& (5*f^2-2*f*g+3*g^2)^{(1/4)}),1/2*(2+2*(5*f-g)/(25*f^2-10*f*g+15*g^2)^{(1/2)}) \\
&)^{(1/2)})*5^{(3/4)}/(f+1/5*(25*f^2-10*f*g+15*g^2)^{(1/2)})/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^{(1/2)} \\
&)+1/10*(5^{(1/2)}*f-(5*f^2-2*f*g+3*g^2)^{(1/2)})*(g^2*(5*x^2+2*x+3)/((5*f^2-2*f \\
& *g+3*g^2)^{(1/2)}+5^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f))^2)^{(1/2)}*((5*f^2-2*f*g+3*g^2)^{(1/2)}+5^{(1/2)} \\
& *(g*x+f))*\operatorname{EllipticPi}(\sin(2*\arctan(5^{(1/4)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(5*f^2-2*f*g+3* \\
& g^2)^{(1/4)})),1/20*(5^{(1/2)}*f+(5*f^2-2*f*g+3*g^2)^{(1/2)})^2*5^{(1/2)}/f/(5*f^2 \\
& -2*f*g+3*g^2)^{(1/2)},1/2*(2+2*(5*f-g)/(25*f^2-10*f*g+15*g^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})* \\
& 5^{(1/4)}/f/(5*f^2-2*f*g+3*g^2)^{(1/4)}/(f+1/5*(25*f^2-10*f*g+15*g^2)^{(1/2)})/(\\
& 5*x^2+2*x+3)^{(1/2)}
\end{aligned}$$
Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 22.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2i(f+gx)\sqrt{1+\frac{-5f^2+2fg-3g^2}{(5f+(-1-i\sqrt{14})g)(f+gx)}}\sqrt{1+\frac{-5f^2+2fg-3g^2}{(5f+i(i+\sqrt{14})g)(f+gx)}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-5f^2+2fg-3g^2}{5f+(-1-i\sqrt{14})g}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}\right)\right)}{f\sqrt{\frac{-5f^2+2fg-3g^2}{5f+(-1-i\sqrt{14})g}}}\sqrt{3}}$$

input

`Integrate[1/(x*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]),x]`

output

```
((-2*I)*(f + g*x)*Sqrt[1 + (-5*f^2 + 2*f*g - 3*g^2)/((5*f + (-1 - I*Sqrt[14])*g)*(f + g*x))]*Sqrt[1 + (-5*f^2 + 2*f*g - 3*g^2)/((5*f + I*(I + Sqrt[14])*g)*(f + g*x))])*(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-5*f^2 + 2*f*g - 3*g^2)/(5*f + (-1 - I*Sqrt[14])*g)]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (5*f - g - I*Sqrt[14]*g)/(5*f - g + I*Sqrt[14]*g)] - EllipticPi[(f*(5*f + (-1 - I*Sqrt[14])*g))/(5*f^2 - 2*f*g + 3*g^2), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-5*f^2 + 2*f*g - 3*g^2)/(5*f + (-1 - I*Sqrt[14])*g)]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (5*f - g - I*Sqrt[14]*g)/(5*f - g + I*Sqrt[14]*g)])/((f*Sqrt[(-5*f^2 + 2*f*g - 3*g^2)/(5*f + (-1 - I*Sqrt[14])*g)])*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {1279, 27, 187, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1279} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{5x - i\sqrt{14} + 1}\sqrt{5x + i\sqrt{14} + 1} \int \frac{1}{2x\sqrt{5x - i\sqrt{14} + 1}\sqrt{5x + i\sqrt{14} + 1}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx}{\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{5x - i\sqrt{14} + 1}\sqrt{5x + i\sqrt{14} + 1} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{5x - i\sqrt{14} + 1}\sqrt{5x + i\sqrt{14} + 1}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx}{\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{187} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{5x - i\sqrt{14} + 1}\sqrt{5x + i\sqrt{14} + 1} \int -\frac{1}{gx\sqrt{-\frac{5f}{g} + \frac{5(f+gx)}{g}} - i\sqrt{14} + 1}\sqrt{-\frac{5f}{g} + \frac{5(f+gx)}{g}} + i\sqrt{14} + 1} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{413}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{5x - i\sqrt{14} + 1}\sqrt{5x + i\sqrt{14} + 1}\sqrt{1 - \frac{5(f+gx)}{5f+i\sqrt{14}g-g}} \int -\frac{1}{gx\sqrt{-\frac{5f}{g} + \frac{5(f+gx)}{g} + i\sqrt{14} + 1}}\sqrt{1 - \frac{5(f+gx)}{5f+i\sqrt{14}g-g}} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}\sqrt{\frac{5(f+gx)}{g} - \frac{5f}{g} - i\sqrt{14} + 1}}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{5x - i\sqrt{14} + 1}\sqrt{5x + i\sqrt{14} + 1}\sqrt{1 - \frac{5(f+gx)}{5f+i\sqrt{14}g-g}}\sqrt{1 - \frac{5(f+gx)}{5f-(1+i\sqrt{14})g}} \int -\frac{1}{gx\sqrt{1 - \frac{5(f+gx)}{5f+i\sqrt{14}g-g}}\sqrt{1 - \frac{5(f+gx)}{5f-(1+i\sqrt{14})g}}} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}\sqrt{\frac{5(f+gx)}{g} - \frac{5f}{g} - i\sqrt{14} + 1}\sqrt{\frac{5(f+gx)}{g} - \frac{5f}{g} + i\sqrt{14} + 1}}$$

↓ 412

$$\frac{2\sqrt{5x - i\sqrt{14} + 1}\sqrt{5x + i\sqrt{14} + 1}\sqrt{5f + i(\sqrt{14} + i)g}\sqrt{1 - \frac{5(f+gx)}{5f+i\sqrt{14}g-g}}\sqrt{1 - \frac{5(f+gx)}{5f-(1+i\sqrt{14})g}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5f+i\sqrt{14}g}{5f-(1+i\sqrt{14})g}\right)}{\sqrt{5f}\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}\sqrt{\frac{5(f+gx)}{g} - \frac{5f}{g} - i\sqrt{14} + 1}\sqrt{\frac{5(f+gx)}{g} - \frac{5f}{g} + i\sqrt{14} + 1}}$$

input

```
Int[1/(x*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[5*f + I*(I + Sqrt[14])*g]*Sqrt[1 - I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x]*Sqrt[1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x]*Sqrt[1 - (5*(f + g*x))/(5*f - g + I*Sqrt[14]*g)]*Sqrt[1 - (5*(f + g*x))/(5*f - (1 + I*Sqrt[14])*g)]*EllipticPi[(5*f - g + I*Sqrt[14]*g)/(5*f), ArcSin[(Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[5*f + I*(I + Sqrt[14])*g]], (5*f - g + I*Sqrt[14]*g)/(5*f - g - I*Sqrt[14]*g)]/(Sqrt[5]*f*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]*Sqrt[1 - I*Sqrt[14] - (5*f)/g + (5*(f + g*x))/g]*Sqrt[1 + I*Sqrt[14] - (5*f)/g + (5*(f + g*x))/g])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 187 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_) + (h_)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]`
- rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplifierSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`
- rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`
- rule 1279 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

method	result
default	$\frac{2(i\sqrt{14}g-5f+g) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{5(gx+f)}{i\sqrt{14}g-5f+g}}, -\frac{i\sqrt{14}g-5f+g}{5f}, \sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{14}g-5f+g}{i\sqrt{14}g+5f-g}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{g(i\sqrt{14}+5x+1)}{i\sqrt{14}g-5f+g}} \sqrt{\frac{(i\sqrt{14}-5x-1)g}{i\sqrt{14}g+5f-g}} \sqrt{-\frac{5(gx+f)}{i\sqrt{14}g-5f+g}}}{5(5gx^3+5fx^2+2gx^2+2fx+3gx+3f)f}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(gx+f)(5x^2+2x+3)}\left(\frac{f}{g}-\frac{1}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{1}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{1}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5}+\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{1}{5}+\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}}{\sqrt{gx+f}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5gx^3+5fx^2+2gx^2+2fx+3gx+3f}} g \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{1}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}, -\left(\frac{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{1}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{1}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}\right)\right)$

input `int(1/x/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2/5*(I*14^{(1/2)}*g-5*f+g)*\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\left(-5*(g*x+f)/(I*14^{(1/2)}*g-5*f+g)\right)^{(1/2)}, -1/5*(I*14^{(1/2)}*g-5*f+g)/f, \left(-I*14^{(1/2)}*g-5*f+g\right)/(I*14^{(1/2)}*g+5*f-g)\right)^{(1/2)}*(g*(I*14^{(1/2)}+5*x+1)/(I*14^{(1/2)}*g-5*f+g))^{(1/2)}*\left((I*14^{(1/2)}-5*x-1)*g/(I*14^{(1/2)}*g+5*f-g)\right)^{(1/2)}*\left(-5*(g*x+f)/(I*14^{(1/2)}*g-5*f+g)\right)^{(1/2)}*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(5*g*x^3+5*f*x^2+2*g*x^2+2*f*x+3*g*x+3*f)/f}$$

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx+f}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3x}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(g*x + f)*sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)/(5*g*x^4 + (5*f + 2*g)*x^3 + (2*f + 3*g)*x^2 + 3*f*x), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(5*x**2+2*x+3)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*sqrt(f + g*x)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx+f}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(g*x + f)*sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{gx+f}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sage0*x`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx+f}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{5gx^4+5fx^3+2gx^3+2fx^2+3gx^2+3fx} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(f + g*x)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3))/(5*f*x**3 + 2*f*x**2 + 3*f*x + 5*g*x**4 + 2*g*x**3 + 3*g*x**2),x)`

3.110 $\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1124
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1125
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1126
Maple [C] (verified)	1129
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1130
Sympy [F]	1131
Maxima [F]	1131
Giac [F]	1131
Mupad [F(-1)]	1132
Reduce [F]	1132

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 324

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = -\frac{506}{375}\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2} + \frac{2}{25}(7+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2} + \frac{20374\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}{375(3\sqrt{130}+5(7+x))}$$

$$\frac{20374\sqrt[4]{26}\sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}}(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{390}(195+17\sqrt{130})\right)}{125\sqrt{35}^{3/4}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

$$\frac{(23141\sqrt{5}-10187\sqrt{26})\sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}}(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right),\frac{1}{390}\right)}{125\sqrt{35}^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{26}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

output

```
-506/375*(7+x)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)+2/25*(7+x)^(3/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)+20374*(7+x)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)/(1125*130^(1/2)+13125+1875*x)-20374/1875*3^(1/2)*26^(1/4)*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x)))^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2))),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2))^(1/2))*5^(1/4)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)-1/48750*(23141*5^(1/2)-10187*26^(1/2))*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x)))^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2)),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2))^(1/2))*3^(1/2)*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 34.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \frac{2}{375} \sqrt{7+x}(-148+15x)\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2} + \frac{(7+x)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{794586\sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}(3+2x+5x^2)}{(7+x)^2} + \frac{20374i\sqrt{13}(17\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{7})\sqrt{\frac{34i+\sqrt{14}-\frac{234i}{7+x}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{\frac{-34i+\sqrt{14}+\frac{234i}{7+x}}{-34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{\sqrt{7+x}} E\left(\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}\right)\right)}{73125\sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}} \right)}{(7+x)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/(Sqrt[7+x]*Sqrt[3+2*x+5*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[7+x]*(-148+15*x)*Sqrt[3+2*x+5*x^2])/375 - ((7+x)^(3/2)*((-794586*Sqrt[(-I)/(34*I+Sqrt[14])]*(3+2*x+5*x^2))/(7+x)^2 + ((20374*I)*Sqrt[13]*(17*Sqrt[2]+I*Sqrt[7])*Sqrt[(34*I+Sqrt[14]-(234*I)/(7+x))/(34*I+Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[(-34*I+Sqrt[14]+(234*I)/(7+x))/(-34*I+Sqrt[14])])*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(3*Sqrt[(-26*I)/(34*I+Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7+x]],(34*I+Sqrt[14])/(34*I-Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7+x] + (Sqrt[13]*((757*I)*Sqrt[2]+20374*Sqrt[7])*Sqrt[(34*I+Sqrt[14]-(234*I)/(7+x))/(34*I+Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[(-34*I+Sqrt[14]+(234*I)/(7+x))/(-34*I+Sqrt[14])])*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(3*Sqrt[(-26*I)/(34*I+Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7+x]],(34*I+Sqrt[14])/(34*I-Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7+x]))/(73125*Sqrt[(-I)/(34*I+Sqrt[14])])*Sqrt[3+2*x+5*x^2)
```

Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {1278, 2184, 27, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1278} \\
 & \frac{2}{25}x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} - \frac{1}{25} \int \frac{148x^2+51x+42}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2184} \\
 & \frac{1}{25} \left(-\frac{2}{15} \int -\frac{10187x+1886}{2\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - \frac{296}{15} \sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2}{25} \sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{25} \left(\frac{1}{15} \int \frac{10187x+1886}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - \frac{296}{15} \sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2}{25} \sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1269} \\
 & \frac{1}{25} \left(\frac{1}{15} \left(10187 \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 69423 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) - \frac{296}{15} \sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2}{25} \sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1172}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{25} \left(-\frac{296}{15} \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} + \frac{1}{15} \left(\frac{20374i\sqrt{x+7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}-1}} d\sqrt{\frac{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}} - \frac{138846i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{1}{25} \left(-\frac{296}{15} \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} + \frac{1}{15} \left(\frac{20374i\sqrt{x+7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}-1}} d\sqrt{\frac{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}} - \frac{138846i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{1}{25} \left(-\frac{296}{15} \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} + \frac{1}{15} \left(\frac{20374i\sqrt{x+7} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}} \right) \Big|_{\frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}} \right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} - \frac{138846i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[x^3/(Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*x*Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])/25 + ((-296*Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])/15 + (((((20374*I)/5)*Sqrt[7 + x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4)]], (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])]) - ((138846*I)*Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4))], (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x])/15)/25`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 321 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a_]) + (b_)*(x_)^2 * \text{Sqrt}[(c_)] + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a] * \text{Sqrt}[c] * \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] * x], b * (c / (a * d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_)] + (b_)*(x_)^2 / \text{Sqrt}[(c_)] + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] * \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] * x], b * (c / (a * d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 1172 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.) * (x_)^m / \text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (b_.) * (x_) + (c_.) * (x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 * \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4 * a * c, 2] * (d + e * x)^m * (\text{Sqrt}[(-c) * ((a + b * x + c * x^2) / (b^2 - 4 * a * c))] / (c * \text{Sqrt}[a + b * x + c * x^2] * (2 * c * ((d + e * x) / (2 * c * d - b * e - e * \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4 * a * c, 2])))^m) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 + 2 * e * \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4 * a * c, 2]) * (x^2 / (2 * c * d - b * e - e * \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4 * a * c, 2]))^m / \text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4 * a * c, 2] + 2 * c * x) / (2 * \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4 * a * c, 2])]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m^2, 1/4]$
- rule 1269 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.) * (x_)^m * ((f_.) + (g_.) * (x_)) * ((a_.) + (b_.) * (x_) + (c_.) * (x_)^2)^p], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \ \text{Int}[(d + e * x)^{m+1} * (a + b * x + c * x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e * f - d * g) / e \ \text{Int}[(d + e * x)^m * (a + b * x + c * x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$
- rule 1278 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.) * (x_)^m / (\text{Sqrt}[(f_.) + (g_.) * (x_)] * \text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (b_.) * (x_) + (c_.) * (x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 * e^2 * (d + e * x)^{m-2} * \text{Sqrt}[f + g * x] * (\text{Sqrt}[a + b * x + c * x^2] / (c * g * (2 * m - 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1 / (c * g * (2 * m - 1)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e * x)^{m-3} / (\text{Sqrt}[f + g * x] * \text{Sqrt}[a + b * x + c * x^2])] * \text{Simp}[b * d * e^2 * f + a * e^2 * (d * g + 2 * e * f * (m - 2)) - c * d^3 * g * (2 * m - 1) + e * (e * (2 * b * d * g + e * (b * f + a * g) * (2 * m - 3)) + c * d * (2 * e * f - 3 * d * g * (2 * m - 1))) * x + 2 * e^2 * (c * e * f - 3 * c * d * g + b * e * g) * (m - 1) * x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 * m] \ \&\& \ \text{GeQ}[m, 2]$

rule 2184

```
Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, S
imp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q
+ 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a +
b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p +
1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c
*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x] /; GtQ[
q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && Pol
yQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGt
Q[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(-148+15x)\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{375} + \frac{\left(\frac{3772\left(\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\right)}{375\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}} \right)}{375\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\left(69423i\sqrt{14}\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}-5x-1}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}+5x+1}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{-34+i\sqrt{14}}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\right)+23376\sqrt{14}\right)}{375\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}$
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(x+7)(5x^2+2x+3)}\left(\frac{2x\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}{25} - \frac{296\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}{375} + \frac{3772\left(\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}}{375\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}\right)}{375\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}$

input

```
int(x^3/(x+7)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

2/375*(-148+15*x)*(x+7)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)+(3772/375*(34/5-1/5*I*14
^(1/2))*((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5
-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1
/2)/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(
1/2),((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))+20374/375*(34/
5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5-1/5*I*14^(1/
2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5+1/5*I*14^
(1/2)))^(1/2)/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)*((-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*Ellipti
cE(((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*
I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))+(-1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^
(1/2)))^(1/2),((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))))*(x
+7)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)/(x+7)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.15

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \frac{2}{375} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}(15x-148)\sqrt{x+7} - \frac{697258}{28125} \sqrt{5} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4456}{75}, -\frac{348704}{3375}, x + \frac{37}{15}\right) - \frac{20374}{1875} \sqrt{5} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}\left(\frac{4456}{75}, -\frac{348704}{3375}, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4456}{75}, -\frac{348704}{3375}, x + \frac{37}{15}\right)\right)$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

2/375*sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*(15*x - 148)*sqrt(x + 7) - 697258/28125*sqrt(5
)*weierstrassPInverse(4456/75, -348704/3375, x + 37/15) - 20374/1875*sqrt(
5)*weierstrassZeta(4456/75, -348704/3375, weierstrassPInverse(4456/75, -34
8704/3375, x + 37/15))

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(7+x)**(1/2)/(5*x**2+2*x+3)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/(sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{x+7}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^3/(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 7)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{x+7}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3/(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 7)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/((x + 7)^(1/2)*(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(x^3/((x + 7)^(1/2)*(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}x}{25} - \frac{51\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{925}$$

$$- \frac{10187 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}x^2}{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21} dx \right)}{1850}$$

$$- \frac{2241 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21} dx \right)}{1850}$$

input `int(x^3/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x)`output `(148*sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3)*x - 102*sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3) - 10187*int((sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3)*x**2)/(5*x**3 + 37*x**2 + 17*x + 21),x) - 2241*int((sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3))/(5*x**3 + 37*x**2 + 17*x + 21),x))/1850`

3.111 $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1133
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1134
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1135
Maple [C] (verified)	1138
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1139
Sympy [F]	1139
Maxima [F]	1140
Giac [F]	1140
Mupad [F(-1)]	1140
Reduce [F]	1141

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 299

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \frac{2}{15}\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2} - \frac{148\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}{15(3\sqrt{130}+5(7+x))}$$

$$+ \frac{148\sqrt[4]{26}\sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}}(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x)) E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{390}(195+17\sqrt{130})\right)}{5\sqrt{35^3/4}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{(167\sqrt{5}-74\sqrt{26})\sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}}(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x)) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right), \frac{1}{390}(195+17\sqrt{130})\right)}{5\sqrt{35^3/4}\sqrt[4]{26}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 2/15*(7+x)^{(1/2)}*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^{(1/2)}-148*(7+x)^{(1/2)}*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^{(1/2)}/(\\ & 45*130^{(1/2)}+525+75*x)+148/75*3^{(1/2)}*26^{(1/4)}*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^{(1/2)} \\ &)*(7+x))^2)^{(1/2)}*(78+130^{(1/2)}*(7+x))*\text{EllipticE}(\sin(2*\arctan(1/78*5^{(1/4)} \\ & *26^{(3/4)}*(7+x)^{(1/2)}*3^{(1/2)})),1/390*(76050+6630*130^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*5^{(1/4)} \\ &)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^{(1/2)}+1/1950*(167*5^{(1/2)}-74*26^{(1/2)})*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+ \\ & 130^{(1/2)}*(7+x))^2)^{(1/2)}*(78+130^{(1/2)}*(7+x))*\text{InverseJacobiAM}(2*\arctan(1/ \\ & 78*5^{(1/4)}*26^{(3/4)}*(7+x)^{(1/2)}*3^{(1/2)}),1/390*(76050+6630*130^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)} \\ &))*3^{(1/2)}*5^{(1/4)}*26^{(3/4)}/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$
Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 33.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 420, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \frac{2}{15}\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2} + \frac{(7+x)^{3/2}}{2925} \left(-\frac{5772\sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}(3+2x+5x^2)}{(7+x)^2} + \frac{148i\sqrt{13}(17\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{7})\sqrt{\frac{34i+\sqrt{14}-234i}{7+x}}\sqrt{\frac{-34i+\sqrt{14}+234i}{7+x}}}{\sqrt{7+x}} E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{2}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{\sqrt{7+x}}\right)\right) \right)$$

input

Integrate[x^2/(Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]),x]

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*\text{Sqrt}[7 + x]*\text{Sqrt}[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])/15 + ((7 + x)^{(3/2)}*((-5772*\text{Sqrt}[(-I \\ &)/(34*I + \text{Sqrt}[14])]]*(3 + 2*x + 5*x^2))/(7 + x)^2 + ((148*I)*\text{Sqrt}[13]*(17* \\ & \text{Sqrt}[2] + I*\text{Sqrt}[7])* \text{Sqrt}[(34*I + \text{Sqrt}[14] - (234*I)/(7 + x))/(34*I + \text{Sqrt} \\ & [14]])*\text{Sqrt}[(-34*I + \text{Sqrt}[14] + (234*I)/(7 + x))/(-34*I + \text{Sqrt}[14])]*\text{Ellip \\ & ticE}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[(3*\text{Sqrt}[(-26*I)/(34*I + \text{Sqrt}[14])]])/\text{Sqrt}[7 + x]], (34*I + \text{S} \\ & \text{qrt}[14))/(34*I - \text{Sqrt}[14])])/\text{Sqrt}[7 + x] + (\text{Sqrt}[13]*((-11*I)*\text{Sqrt}[2] + 14 \\ & 8*\text{Sqrt}[7])* \text{Sqrt}[(34*I + \text{Sqrt}[14] - (234*I)/(7 + x))/(34*I + \text{Sqrt}[14])* \text{Sqr} \\ & t[(-34*I + \text{Sqrt}[14] + (234*I)/(7 + x))/(-34*I + \text{Sqrt}[14])]*\text{EllipticF}[I*\text{Arc} \\ & \text{Sinh}[(3*\text{Sqrt}[(-26*I)/(34*I + \text{Sqrt}[14])]])/\text{Sqrt}[7 + x]], (34*I + \text{Sqrt}[14])/ \\ & (34*I - \text{Sqrt}[14])])/\text{Sqrt}[7 + x]))/(2925*\text{Sqrt}[(-I)/(34*I + \text{Sqrt}[14])]*\text{Sqrt}[3 \\ & + 2*x + 5*x^2]) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {1278, 9, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1278} \\
 & \frac{2}{15} \sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} - \frac{1}{15} \int \frac{74x^2+17x}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{9} \\
 & \frac{2}{15} \sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} - \frac{1}{15} \int \frac{74x+17}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1269} \\
 & \frac{1}{15} \left(501 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 74 \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) + \frac{2}{15} \sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1172} \\
 & \frac{2}{15} \sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} + \\
 & \frac{1}{15} \left(\frac{1002i \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}} \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1} \sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2^{3/4}\sqrt{7}}} - \frac{148i \sqrt{x+7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}}{\frac{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{321}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{15} \left(\frac{\frac{2}{15} \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} + 1002i \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{7}} \right), \frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+7}} - \frac{148i \sqrt{x+7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}} d \sqrt{\frac{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}}}{5 \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right)$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{1}{15} \left(\frac{\frac{2}{15} \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} + 1002i \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{7}} \right), \frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+7}} - \frac{148i \sqrt{x+7} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{7}} \right) \right)}{5 \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right)$$

input `Int[x^2/(Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])/15 + ((((-148*I)/5)*Sqrt[7 + x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4))], (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])] + ((1002*I)*Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4))], (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x])/15`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_)*(Px_)^(p_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1172

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2
)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e
*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*
c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^
2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1278

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))/(Sqrt[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*
(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2*(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Sqrt[f + g
*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(c*g*(2*m - 1))), x] - Simp[1/(c*g*(2*m - 1))
Int[((d + e*x)^(m - 3)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[b*d*e^2*
f + a*e^2*(d*g + 2*e*f*(m - 2)) - c*d^3*g*(2*m - 1) + e*(e*(2*b*d*g + e*(b*
f + a*g)*(2*m - 3)) + c*d*(2*e*f - 3*d*g*(2*m - 1)))*x + 2*e^2*(c*e*f - 3*c
*d*g + b*e*g)*(m - 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] &&
IntegerQ[2*m] && GeQ[m, 2]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(x+7)(5x^2+2x+3)} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}{15} - \frac{34\left(\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34 - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34 - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\right)}{15\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}} \right)$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{15} + \left(-\frac{34\left(\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34 - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34 - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\right)}{15\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}} - 148 \left(\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34 - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34 - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\right) \right)$
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{15} \left(501i\sqrt{14} \sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}-5x-1}{i\sqrt{14}+34}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}+5x+1}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-34+i\sqrt{14}}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\right) + 282\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}-5x-1}{i\sqrt{14}+34}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}+5x+1}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-34+i\sqrt{14}}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\right) \right)$

input `int(x^2/(x+7)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
((x+7)*(5*x^2+2*x+3))^(1/2)/(x+7)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)*(2/15*(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)-34/15*(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x+1/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)*EllipticF((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))-148/15*(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)*((-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*EllipticE((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))+(-1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))*EllipticF((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.15

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \frac{4966}{1125} \sqrt{5} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4456}{75}, -\frac{348704}{3375}, x + \frac{37}{15}\right) + \frac{148}{75} \sqrt{5} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}\left(\frac{4456}{75}, -\frac{348704}{3375}, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4456}{75}, -\frac{348704}{3375}, x + \frac{37}{15}\right)\right) + \frac{2}{15} \sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3} \sqrt{x + 7}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `4966/1125*sqrt(5)*weierstrassPInverse(4456/75, -348704/3375, x + 37/15) + 148/75*sqrt(5)*weierstrassZeta(4456/75, -348704/3375, weierstrassPInverse(4456/75, -348704/3375, x + 37/15)) + 2/15*sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 7)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(7+x)**(1/2)/(5*x**2+2*x+3)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/(sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{x+7}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2/(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 7)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{x+7}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 7)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/((x + 7)^(1/2)*(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^2/((x + 7)^(1/2)*(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}x^2}{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3)*x**2)/(5*x**3 + 37*x**2 + 17*x + 21),x)`

3.112 $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1142
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1143
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1143
Maple [C] (verified)	1146
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1146
Sympy [F]	1147
Maxima [F]	1147
Giac [F]	1147
Mupad [F(-1)]	1148
Reduce [F]	1148

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 268

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}{3\sqrt{130}+5(7+x)}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{3}\sqrt[4]{26}\sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}}(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\right)\frac{1}{390}(195+17\sqrt{130})}{5^{3/4}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

$$\frac{(7\sqrt{5}-3\sqrt{26})\sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}}(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right),\frac{1}{390}(195+17\sqrt{130})\right)}{\sqrt{3}5^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{26}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

output

```
2*(7+x)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)/(5*x+35+3*130^(1/2))-2/5*3^(1/2)*26^(1/4)
)*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x)))^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2))),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2)))^(1/2)*5^(1/4)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)-1/390*(7*5^(1/2)-3*26^(1/2))*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x)))^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2)),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2)))^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 22.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 391, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$$

$$(7+x)^{3/2} \left(\frac{78\sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}(3+2x+5x^2)}{(7+x)^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{13}(-17i\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{7})\sqrt{\frac{34i+\sqrt{14}-234i}{7+x}}\sqrt{\frac{-34i+\sqrt{14}+234i}{-34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{\sqrt{7+x}} E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{26i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{\sqrt{7+x}}\right)\right) \right) \Big|_{3/2}$$

$$195\sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{3+2x}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/(Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
((7 + x)^(3/2)*((78*Sqrt[(-I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*(3 + 2*x + 5*x^2))/(7 + x)
^2 + (2*Sqrt[13]*((-17*I)*Sqrt[2] + Sqrt[7])*Sqrt[(34*I + Sqrt[14] - (234
*I)/(7 + x))/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[(-34*I + Sqrt[14] + (234*I)/(7 + x))/
(-34*I + Sqrt[14])]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(3*Sqrt[(-26*I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])
]/Sqrt[7 + x]], (34*I + Sqrt[14))/(34*I - Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x] - (I*Sqr
t[13]*(Sqrt[2] - (2*I)*Sqrt[7])*Sqrt[(34*I + Sqrt[14] - (234*I)/(7 + x))/
(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[(-34*I + Sqrt[14] + (234*I)/(7 + x))/(-34*I + Sqrt[
14])]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(3*Sqrt[(-26*I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])]/Sqrt[7 + x]]
, (34*I + Sqrt[14))/(34*I - Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x]))/(195*Sqrt[(-I)/(34*I
+ Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])
```

Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65,
 number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules
 used = {1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1269} \\
& \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 7 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1172} \\
& \frac{2i\sqrt{x+7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} - \\
& \frac{14i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}}}{\sqrt{x+7}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{321} \\
& \frac{2i\sqrt{x+7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} - \\
& \frac{14i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}}}{\frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}\right)}{\sqrt{x+7}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
& \frac{2i\sqrt{x+7} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}}}{\frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} - \\
& \frac{14i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}}}{\frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}\right)}{\sqrt{x+7}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/(Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]), x]`

output

```

(((2*I)/5)*Sqrt[7 + x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/
(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4))], (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*
Sqrt[14])] - ((14*I)*Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt
[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4))], (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqr
t[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x]

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 321

```

Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])

```

rule 327

```

Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]

```

rule 1172

```

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2
)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e
*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*
c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^
2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]

```

rule 1269

```

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]

```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
elliptic	$2\sqrt{(x+7)(5x^2+2x+3)} \left(\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34 - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-34 - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-34 + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \left(-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right) \text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-34 - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\right)$
default	$2\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}(-34+i\sqrt{14})\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}-5x-1}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}+5x+1}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}\left(i\text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{-34+i\sqrt{14}}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\right)\sqrt{14}-\right)$

input `int(x/(x+7)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$2*((x+7)*(5*x^2+2*x+3))^(1/2)/(x+7)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)*(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)*((-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)),((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))+(-1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)),((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.10

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = -\frac{74}{75}\sqrt{5}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4456}{75}, -\frac{348704}{3375}, x + \frac{37}{15}\right) - \frac{2}{5}\sqrt{5}\text{weierstrassZeta}\left(\frac{4456}{75}, -\frac{348704}{3375}, \text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4456}{75}, -\frac{348704}{3375}, x + \frac{37}{15}\right)\right)$$

input `integrate(x/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-74/75*sqrt(5)*weierstrassPInverse(4456/75, -348704/3375, x + 37/15) - 2/5*sqrt(5)*weierstrassZeta(4456/75, -348704/3375, weierstrassPInverse(4456/75, -348704/3375, x + 37/15))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(7+x)**(1/2)/(5*x**2+2*x+3)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/(sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{x+7}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 7)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{x+7}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 7)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `int(x/((x + 7)^(1/2)*(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x/((x + 7)^(1/2)*(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}x}{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21} dx$$

input `int(x/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3)*x)/(5*x**3 + 37*x**2 + 17*x + 21), x)`

3.113 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1149
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1150
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1150
Maple [C] (verified)	1152
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1152
Sympy [F]	1153
Maxima [F]	1153
Giac [F]	1153
Mupad [F(-1)]	1154
Reduce [F]	1154

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}} (78 + \sqrt{130}(7+x)) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right), \frac{1}{390}(195 + 17\sqrt{130})\right)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[4]{130}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

output

```
1/390*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))^2)^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2)),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2))^^(1/2))*3^(1/2)*130^(3/4)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 31.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{i(7+x)\sqrt{1+\frac{234i}{(-34i+\sqrt{14})(7+x)}}\sqrt{\frac{2}{13}-\frac{36i}{(34i+\sqrt{14})(7+x)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\text{arcsinh}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{26i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{\sqrt{7+x}}\right), \frac{34i+\sqrt{14}}{34i-\sqrt{14}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
((I/3)*(7 + x)*Sqrt[1 + (234*I)/((-34*I + Sqrt[14])*(7 + x))]*Sqrt[2/13 - (36*I)/((34*I + Sqrt[14])*(7 + x))]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(3*Sqrt[(-26*I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])]/Sqrt[7 + x]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])])/(Sqrt[(-I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])
```

Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1172, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

↓ 1172

$$\frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{23/4\sqrt[4]{7}}}}{\sqrt{x+7}}$$

$$\frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}\right)}{\sqrt{x+7}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]),x]`

output `((2*I)*Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*Sqrt[14]])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4))], (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]/Sqrt[7 + x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 1172 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}(-34+i\sqrt{14})\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}-5x-1}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}+5x+1}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}},\sqrt{-\frac{-34+i\sqrt{14}}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\right)}{5(5x^3+37x^2+17x+21)}$	15
elliptic	$\frac{2\sqrt{(x+7)(5x^2+2x+3)}\left(\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5}+\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5}+\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{34}{5}+\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\right)}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}$	15

input `int(1/(x+7)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/5*(x+7)^{(1/2)}*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^{(1/2)}*(-34+I*14^{(1/2)})*(-5*(x+7)/(-34+I*14^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*((I*14^{(1/2)}-5*x-1)/(I*14^{(1/2)}+34))^{(1/2)}*((I*14^{(1/2)}+5*x+1)/(-34+I*14^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}((-5*(x+7)/(-34+I*14^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)},(-(-34+I*14^{(1/2)})/(I*14^{(1/2)}+34))^{(1/2)})/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \frac{2}{5}\sqrt{5}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4456}{75}, -\frac{348704}{3375}, x + \frac{37}{15}\right)$$

input `integrate(1/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/5*sqrt(5)*weierstrassPInverse(4456/75, -348704/3375, x + 37/15)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(7+x)**(1/2)/(5*x**2+2*x+3)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{x+7}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 7)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{x+7}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 7)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `int(1/((x + 7)^(1/2)*(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((x + 7)^(1/2)*(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21} dx$$

input `int(1/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3))/(5*x**3 + 37*x**2 + 17*x + 21),x)`

3.114 $\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1155
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1156
Rubi [C] (verified)	1157
Maple [C] (verified)	1159
Fricas [F]	1160
Sympy [F]	1160
Maxima [F]	1160
Giac [F]	1161
Mupad [F(-1)]	1161
Reduce [F]	1161

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 301

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{3}{7}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{21}}$$

$$\frac{5^{3/4} \sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}} (78 + \sqrt{130}(7+x)) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right), \frac{1}{390}(195 + 17\sqrt{130})\right)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[4]{26} (35 + 3\sqrt{130}) \sqrt{3 + 2x + 5x^2}}$$

$$+\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}} (7\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{26}) \sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}} (78 + \sqrt{130}(7+x)) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5460+479\sqrt{130}}{10920}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}}\sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\right)}{14\sqrt{3} (35 + 3\sqrt{130}) \sqrt{3 + 2x + 5x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/21*21^(1/2)*arctanh(1/7*21^(1/2)*(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2))-1/78*
5^(3/4)*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x)))^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*
InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2)),1/390*
(76050+6630*130^(1/2))^(1/2))*3^(1/2)*26^(3/4)/(35+3*130^(1/2))/(5*x^2+2*x
+3)^(1/2)+1/1092*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7*5^(1/2)-3*26^(1/2))*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(7
8+130^(1/2)*(7+x)))^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(1
/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2))),1/2+479/10920*130^(1/2),1/390*(
76050+6630*130^(1/2))^(1/2))*3^(1/2)/(35+3*130^(1/2))/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 21.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \frac{i(7+x)\sqrt{\frac{2}{13} + \frac{36i}{(-34i+\sqrt{14})(7+x)}}\sqrt{1 - \frac{234i}{(34i+\sqrt{14})(7+x)}} \left(\text{EllipticF} \left(i \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{26i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{\sqrt{7+x}} \right), \frac{34i+\sqrt{14}}{34i-\sqrt{14}} \right) - E \left(\frac{34i+\sqrt{14}}{34i-\sqrt{14}} \right) \right)}{21\sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x*Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
((-1/21*I)*(7 + x)*Sqrt[2/13 + (36*I)/((-34*I + Sqrt[14])*(7 + x))]*Sqrt[1
- (234*I)/((34*I + Sqrt[14])*(7 + x))]*(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(3*Sqrt[(-26*
I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14]])]/Sqrt[7 + x]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])]
- EllipticPi[(7*(34 - I*Sqrt[14]))/234, I*ArcSinh[(3*Sqrt[(-26*I)/(34*I +
Sqrt[14]])]/Sqrt[7 + x]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])]))/(Sqrt[(-I
)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {1279, 27, 187, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1279 \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1} \int \frac{1}{2x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}} dx}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}} dx}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 187 \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1} \int -\frac{1}{x\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}} d\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 413 \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}} \int -\frac{1}{x\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}} d\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 413 \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}} \int -\frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}} d\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 412
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(34 - i\sqrt{14})}\sqrt{5x - i\sqrt{14}} + 1\sqrt{5x + i\sqrt{14}} + 1\sqrt{1 - \frac{5(x+7)}{34 - i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{1 - \frac{5(x+7)}{34 + i\sqrt{14}}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{1}{35}(34 - i\sqrt{14}), \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{5(x+7)}}{\sqrt{34 - i\sqrt{14}}}\right)\right)}{7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}\sqrt{5(x+7) - i\sqrt{14}} - 34\sqrt{5(x+7) + i\sqrt{14}} - 34}$$

input `Int[1/(x*Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[(34 - I*Sqrt[14])/5]*Sqrt[1 - I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x]*Sqrt[1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x]*Sqrt[1 - (5*(7 + x))/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[1 - (5*(7 + x))/(34 + I*Sqrt[14])]*EllipticPi[(34 - I*Sqrt[14])/35, ArcSin[(Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[7 + x])/Sqrt[34 - I*Sqrt[14]]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])]/(7*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]*Sqrt[-34 - I*Sqrt[14] + 5*(7 + x)]*Sqrt[-34 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*(7 + x)])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 187 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_) + (h_)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]`

rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplifierSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`

rule 413

```
Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]
```

rule 1279

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}(-34+i\sqrt{14})\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}-5x-1}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}+5x+1}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}, \frac{34}{35}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{35}, \sqrt{-\frac{34+i\sqrt{14}}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\right)}{35(5x^3+37x^2+17x+21)}$
elliptic	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(x+7)(5x^2+2x+3)}\left(\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5}+\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5}+\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}, \frac{34}{35}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{35}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{34}{5}+\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5}-\frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\right)}{7\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}$

input

```
int(1/x/(x+7)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/35*(x+7)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)*(-34+I*14^(1/2))*(-5*(x+7)/(-34+I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((I*14^(1/2)-5*x-1)/(I*14^(1/2)+34))^(1/2)*((I*14^(1/2)+5*x+1)/(-34+I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((-5*(x+7)/(-34+I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2), 34/35-1/35*I*14^(1/2), (-(-34+I*14^(1/2))/(I*14^(1/2)+34))^(1/2))/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{x+7}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 7)/(5*x^4 + 37*x^3 + 17*x^2 + 21*x), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(7+x)**(1/2)/(5*x**2+2*x+3)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{x+7}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 7)*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{x+7}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 7)*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(x + 7)^(1/2)*(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(x + 7)^(1/2)*(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{7+x}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x)`

3.115 $\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1162
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 462

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}{21x} + \frac{\sqrt{130} \sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}{21(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))} + \frac{17 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{3}{7}} \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}\right)}{42\sqrt{21}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{130} \sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}} (78+\sqrt{130}(7+x)) E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}} \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \mid \frac{1}{390}(195+17\sqrt{130})\right)}{7\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}} (7\sqrt{5}-3\sqrt{26}) \sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}} (78+\sqrt{130}(7+x)) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}} \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right), \frac{1}{390}(195+17\sqrt{130})\right)}{77\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{17(479-42\sqrt{130}) \sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}} (78+\sqrt{130}(7+x)) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5460+479\sqrt{130}}{10920}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}} \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\right)}{6468\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/21*(7+x)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)/x+130^(1/2)*(7+x)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)/(1638+21*130^(1/2)*(7+x))+17/882*21^(1/2)*arctanh(1/7*21^(1/2)*(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2))-1/21*130^(1/4)*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x)))^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2))),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2))^(1/2))*3^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)+1/6006*(7*5^(1/2)-3*26^(1/2))*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x)))^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2)),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2))^(1/2))*3^(1/2)*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)-17/2522520*(479-42*130^(1/2))*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x)))^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2))),1/2+479/10920*130^(1/2),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2))^(1/2))*3^(1/2)*130^(3/4)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 615, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}{21x} + \frac{(7+x)^{3/2}}{21} \left(2730 \sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}} + \frac{127764 \sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{(7+x)^2} - \frac{37128 \sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{7+x} + \frac{14\sqrt{13}(-17i\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{7}) \sqrt{\frac{34i+\sqrt{14}-\frac{234i}{7+x}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}} \sqrt{\frac{-34i+\sqrt{14}}{-34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{(7+x)^2} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]),x]
```


output

```

-1/21*(Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])/x + ((7 + x)^(3/2)*(2730*Sqrt[(-
I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])] + (127764*Sqrt[(-I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/(7 + x)^2 -
(37128*Sqrt[(-I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/(7 + x) + (14*Sqrt[13]*((-17*I)*Sqrt[
2] + Sqrt[7])*Sqrt[(34*I + Sqrt[14] - (234*I)/(7 + x))/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*
Sqrt[(-34*I + Sqrt[14] + (234*I)/(7 + x))/(-34*I + Sqrt[14])]*EllipticE[I*
ArcSinh[(3*Sqrt[(-26*I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])]/Sqrt[7 + x]], (34*I + Sqrt[14]
)/(34*I - Sqrt[14]))/Sqrt[7 + x] + ((2*I)*Sqrt[13]*(5*Sqrt[2] + (7*I)*Sqr
t[7])*Sqrt[(34*I + Sqrt[14] - (234*I)/(7 + x))/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[(-3
4*I + Sqrt[14] + (234*I)/(7 + x))/(-34*I + Sqrt[14])]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[
(3*Sqrt[(-26*I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])]/Sqrt[7 + x]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I
- Sqrt[14]))/Sqrt[7 + x] - ((17*I)*Sqrt[26]*Sqrt[(34*I + Sqrt[14] - (234*
I)/(7 + x))/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[(-34*I + Sqrt[14] + (234*I)/(7 + x))/(-
34*I + Sqrt[14])]*EllipticPi[(7*(34 - I*Sqrt[14]))/234, I*ArcSinh[(3*Sqrt
[(-26*I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])]/Sqrt[7 + x]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[
14]))/Sqrt[7 + x]))/(11466*Sqrt[(-I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*
x^2])

```

Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 438, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$, Rules used = {1282, 2154, 27, 1269, 1172, 321, 327, 1279, 27, 187, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1282} \\
 & -\frac{1}{42} \int \frac{17-5x^2}{x \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2154} \\
 & \frac{1}{42} \left(-17 \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - \int \frac{5x}{\sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{21x}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{42} \left(5 \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 17 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{21x}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} \\
 & \downarrow 1269 \\
 & \frac{1}{42} \left(5 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 7 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) - 17 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{21x}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} \\
 & \downarrow 1172 \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \\
 & \frac{1}{42} \left(-17 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx + 5 \left(\frac{2i\sqrt{x+7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} - \frac{14i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right) \\
 & \downarrow 321 \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \\
 & \frac{1}{42} \left(-17 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx + 5 \left(\frac{2i\sqrt{x+7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} - \frac{14i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}} \text{Ellip}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right) \\
 & \downarrow 327 \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \\
 & \frac{1}{42} \left(-17 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx + 5 \left(\frac{2i\sqrt{x+7} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}} \right) \right) \Big|_{\frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} - \frac{14i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1279 \\ & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \\ \frac{1}{42} & \left(5 \frac{\left(2i\sqrt{x+7}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} - \frac{14i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}\right)}{\sqrt{x+7}} \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \\ \frac{1}{42} & \left(5 \frac{\left(2i\sqrt{x+7}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} - \frac{14i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}\right)}{\sqrt{x+7}} \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 187 \\ & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \\ \frac{1}{42} & \left(\frac{34\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}\int -\frac{1}{x\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}}d\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} + 5 \frac{2i\sqrt{x+7}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 413 \\ & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \\ \frac{1}{42} & \left(\frac{34\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}\int -\frac{1}{x\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}}d\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}} + 5 \frac{2i\sqrt{x+7}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow 413$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \\
 & \frac{1}{42} \left(\frac{34\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}} \int -\frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}} d\sqrt{x+7} \right) + 5 \\
 & \quad \downarrow 412 \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \\
 & \frac{1}{42} \left(\frac{34\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(34-i\sqrt{14})}\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}}{7\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{1}{35}(34-i\sqrt{14})\right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/21*(Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])/x + (5*(((2*I)/5)*Sqrt[7 + x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4))], (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])] - ((14*I)*Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4))], (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x]) + (34*Sqrt[(34 - I*Sqrt[14])/5]*Sqrt[1 - I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x]*Sqrt[1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x]*Sqrt[1 - (5*(7 + x))/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[1 - (5*(7 + x))/(34 + I*Sqrt[14])]*EllipticPi[(34 - I*Sqrt[14])/35, ArcSin[(Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[7 + x])/Sqrt[34 - I*Sqrt[14]]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])])/(7*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]*Sqrt[-34 - I*Sqrt[14] + 5*(7 + x)]*Sqrt[-34 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*(7 + x)]))/42`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 187 $\text{Int}[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))\text{Sqrt}[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]\text{Sqrt}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]\text{Sqrt}[(g_.) + (h_.)(x_)]), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Simp}[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]\text{Sqrt}[\text{Simp}[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]\text{Sqrt}[\text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]])], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{SimplerQ}[e + f*x, c + d*x] \ \&\& \ !\text{SimplerQ}[g + h*x, c + d*x]$
- rule 321 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2]\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 412 $\text{Int}[1/(((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)(x_)^2]\text{Sqrt}[(e_) + (f_.)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(a*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticPi}[b*(c/(a*d)), \text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[d/c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[e, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\ !\text{GtQ}[f/e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-f/e, -d/c])$
- rule 413 $\text{Int}[1/(((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)(x_)^2]\text{Sqrt}[(e_) + (f_.)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2] \text{ Int}[1/((a + b*x^2)\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c)*x^2]\text{Sqrt}[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[c, 0]$

rule 1172

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2], x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2
)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e
*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*
c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^
2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1279

```
Int[1/(((d._) + (e._)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f._) + (g._)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)*(x_
) + (c._)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b
- q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x
)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

rule 1282

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f._) + (g._)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)*
(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x
]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x]
+ Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x)^
(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*d*(c*e*f - c*d*g + b*
e*g)*(m + 1) - e^2*(b*f + a*g)*(2*m + 3) + 2*e*(c*d*g*(m + 1) - e*(c*f + b*
g)*(m + 2))*x - c*e^2*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]
```

rule 2154

```
Int[(Px_)*((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))^(n_)*((a._) + (b
_)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, d +
e*x, x]*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[Polyn
omialRemainder[Px, d + e*x, x] Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x
^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x
] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(x+7)(5x^2+2x+3)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}{21x} + \frac{5 \left(\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \left(-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5} \right) \text{EllipticE} \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \right)}{21\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}} \right)$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \frac{\left(17 \left(\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \text{EllipticPi} \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \right), \frac{34}{35} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{35}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \right)}{147\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} \left(245i\sqrt{14} \sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}-5x-1}{i\sqrt{14}+34}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}+5x+1}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}} \text{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{-34+i\sqrt{14}}{i\sqrt{14}+34}} \right) x - 17i\sqrt{14} \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \left(-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5} \right) \text{EllipticE} \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{-\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}} \right) \right)$

input `int(1/x^2/(x+7)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

((x+7)*(5*x^2+2*x+3))^(1/2)/(x+7)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)*(-1/21/x*(5*x^
3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)+5/21*(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(
1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5
+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2
)*((-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*EllipticE((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),((
-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))+(-1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))
*EllipticF((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-3
4/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))+17/147*(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*((x+7)/(34/5-1/5
*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)*
((x+1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+2
1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2),34/35-1/35*I*14^(1
/2),((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
    
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} \sqrt{x+7x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 7)/(5*x^5 + 37*x^4 + 17*x^3 + 21*x^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(7+x)**(1/2)/(5*x**2+2*x+3)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} \sqrt{x+7x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 7)*x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} \sqrt{x+7} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 7)*x^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(x + 7)^(1/2)*(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(x + 7)^(1/2)*(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^2/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x)`

3.116 $\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1173
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1174
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1175
Maple [C] (verified)	1182
Fricas [F]	1183
Sympy [F]	1183
Maxima [F]	1183
Giac [F]	1184
Mupad [F(-1)]	1184
Reduce [F]	1184

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 496

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}{42x^2} + \frac{17\sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}{588x}$$

$$- \frac{17\sqrt{\frac{65}{2}} \sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}{294(78 + \sqrt{130}(7+x))} + \frac{83}{392} \sqrt{\frac{3}{7}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{3}{7}} \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}\right)$$

$$+ \frac{17\sqrt[4]{65} \sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}} (78 + \sqrt{130}(7+x)) E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}} \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \mid \frac{1}{390}(195 + 17\sqrt{130})\right)}{98 \cdot 2^{3/4} \sqrt{3} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt[4]{5}(6071 - 532\sqrt{130}) \sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}} (78 + \sqrt{130}(7+x)) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}} \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right), \frac{1}{390}\right)}{1078\sqrt{3}26^{3/4}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{83\sqrt{3}(479 - 42\sqrt{130}) \sqrt{\frac{3+2x+5x^2}{(78+\sqrt{130}(7+x))^2}} (78 + \sqrt{130}(7+x)) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5460+479\sqrt{130}}{10920}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{5}{26}} \sqrt{7+x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\right)}{60368\sqrt[4]{130}\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}$$

output

```

-1/42*(7+x)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)/x^2+17/588*(7+x)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)
^(1/2)/x-17/2*130^(1/2)*(7+x)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)/(22932+294*130^(1/
2)*(7+x))+83/2744*21^(1/2)*arctanh(1/7*21^(1/2)*(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(
1/2))+17/588*65^(1/4)*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x)))^(1/2)*(78+13
0^(1/2)*(7+x))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(
1/2))),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/4)*3^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(
1/2)-1/84084*5^(1/4)*(6071-532*130^(1/2))*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(78+130^(1/2)*(7
+x)))^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(1/78*5^(1/4)*2
6^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2)),1/390*(76050+6630*130^(1/2))^(1/2))*3^(1/2)*2
6^(1/4)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)-83/7847840*(479-42*130^(1/2))*((5*x^2+2*x+3)/(
78+130^(1/2)*(7+x)))^(1/2)*(78+130^(1/2)*(7+x))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(
1/78*5^(1/4)*26^(3/4)*(7+x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2))),1/2+479/10920*130^(1/2),1/390*
(76050+6630*130^(1/2))^(1/2))*3^(1/2)*130^(3/4)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 25.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 585, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{7+x}(-14+17x)\sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}}{588x^2}$$

$$(7+x)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{9282 \sqrt{-\frac{i}{34i+\sqrt{14}}(3+2x+5x^2)}}{(7+x)^2} + \frac{238i\sqrt{13}(17\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{7}) \sqrt{\frac{34i+\sqrt{14}-\frac{234i}{7+x}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}} \sqrt{\frac{-34i+\sqrt{14}+\frac{234i}{7+x}}{-34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{\sqrt{7+x}} E \left(\operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{2}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{\sqrt{7+x}} \right) \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^3*sqrt[7 + x]*sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[7 + x]*(-14 + 17*x)*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])/(588*x^2) + ((7 + x)^(3/2)
)*((-9282*Sqrt[(-I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])*(3 + 2*x + 5*x^2))/(7 + x)^2 + ((23
8*I)*Sqrt[13]*(17*Sqrt[2] + I*Sqrt[7])*Sqrt[(34*I + Sqrt[14] - (234*I)/(7
+ x))/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[(-34*I + Sqrt[14] + (234*I)/(7 + x))/(-34*I
+ Sqrt[14])]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(3*Sqrt[(-26*I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])]/Sqrt[
7 + x]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x] + (2*Sqrt[13]*(
(188*I)*Sqrt[2] + 119*Sqrt[7])*Sqrt[(34*I + Sqrt[14] - (234*I)/(7 + x))/(3
4*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[(-34*I + Sqrt[14] + (234*I)/(7 + x))/(-34*I + Sqrt[1
4])]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(3*Sqrt[(-26*I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])]/Sqrt[7 + x]],
(34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x] - ((747*I)*Sqrt[26]*Sqr
t[(34*I + Sqrt[14] - (234*I)/(7 + x))/(34*I + Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[(-34*I + Sqr
t[14] + (234*I)/(7 + x))/(-34*I + Sqrt[14])]*EllipticPi[(7*(34 - I*Sqrt[14
]))/234, I*ArcSinh[(3*Sqrt[(-26*I)/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])]/Sqrt[7 + x]], (34*I
+ Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x]))/(321048*Sqrt[(-I)/(34*I + S
qrt[14])]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])
```

Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 788, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.680$, Rules used = {1282, 2154, 1282, 2154, 27, 1172, 321, 1269, 1172, 321, 327, 1279, 27, 187, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1282 \\
 & -\frac{1}{84} \int \frac{5x^2 + 74x + 51}{x^2 \sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}}{42x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2154 \\
 & \frac{1}{84} \left(-51 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}} dx - \int \frac{5x + 74}{x \sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}} dx \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{\sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}}{42x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1282

$$\frac{1}{84} \left(- \int \frac{5x + 74}{x\sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}} dx - 51 \left(- \frac{1}{42} \int \frac{17 - 5x^2}{x\sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}}{21x} \right) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}}{42x^2}$$

↓ 2154

$$\frac{1}{84} \left(- \int \frac{5}{\sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}} dx - 74 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}} dx - 51 \left(\frac{1}{42} \left(-17 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}} dx \right) \right) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}}{42x^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{84} \left(-5 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}} dx - 74 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}} dx - 51 \left(\frac{1}{42} \left(5 \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}} dx \right) \right) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}}{42x^2}$$

↓ 1172

$$- \frac{\sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}}{42x^2} +$$

$$\frac{1}{84} \left(-74 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}} dx - 51 \left(\frac{1}{42} \left(5 \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}} dx - 17 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}} dx \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 321

$$- \frac{\sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}}{42x^2} +$$

$$\frac{1}{84} \left(-74 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}} dx - 51 \left(\frac{1}{42} \left(5 \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}} dx - 17 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x + 7\sqrt{5x^2 + 2x + 3}}} dx \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 1269

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{42x^2} + \\
 \frac{1}{84} & \left(-74 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 51 \left(\frac{1}{42} \left(5 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+7}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 7 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) - 1 \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \downarrow 1172 \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{42x^2} + \\
 \frac{1}{84} & \left(-74 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx - 51 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \frac{1}{42} \left(-17 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \downarrow 321 \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{42x^2} + \\
 \frac{1}{84} & \left(-51 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \frac{1}{42} \left(-17 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx + 5 \left(\frac{2i\sqrt{x+7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{34i+\sqrt{14}}+1}}{\sqrt{\frac{i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}{2\sqrt{14}}+1}} dx}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \downarrow 327 \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{42x^2} + \\
 \frac{1}{84} & \left(-51 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \frac{1}{42} \left(-17 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx + 5 \left(\frac{2i\sqrt{x+7} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2\sqrt{14}} \right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \downarrow 1279
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{84} \left(-51 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \frac{1}{42} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{42x^2} + \frac{2i\sqrt{x+7}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}\right)\right)\Big|_{\frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} - \frac{14i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{84} \left(-51 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \frac{1}{42} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{42x^2} + \frac{2i\sqrt{x+7}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i(5x+i\sqrt{14}+1)}}{2^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{7}}\right)\right)\Big|_{\frac{2\sqrt{14}}{34i+\sqrt{14}}}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} - \frac{14i\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 187

$$\frac{1}{84} \left(-51 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \frac{1}{42} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{42x^2} + \frac{34\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1} \int -\frac{1}{x\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}} dx}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{1}{84} \left(-51 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \frac{1}{42} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{42x^2} + \frac{34\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}} \int -\frac{1}{x\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}} dx}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 413

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{42x^2} + \\
 \frac{1}{84} & \left(-51 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{21x} + \frac{1}{42} \left(\frac{34\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}} \int - \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 412 \\
 & \left. \left. \left. -\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{42x^2} + \right. \right. \right. \\
 \frac{1}{84} & \left(\frac{148\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(34-i\sqrt{14})}\sqrt{5x-i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{5x+i\sqrt{14}+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34-i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{5(x+7)}{34+i\sqrt{14}}}}{7\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}\sqrt{5(x+7)-i\sqrt{14}-34}\sqrt{5(x+7)+i\sqrt{14}-34}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{1}{35}(34-i\sqrt{14})\right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[1/(x^3*Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]),x]
```

```
output -1/42*(Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])/x^2 + (((-10*I)*Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*Sqrt[14]])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4))], (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x] + (148*Sqrt[(34 - I*Sqrt[14])/5]*Sqrt[1 - I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x]*Sqrt[1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x]*Sqrt[1 - (5*(7 + x))/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[1 - (5*(7 + x))/(34 + I*Sqrt[14])])*EllipticPi[(34 - I*Sqrt[14])/35, ArcSin[(Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[7 + x])/Sqrt[34 - I*Sqrt[14]]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])])/(7*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]*Sqrt[-34 - I*Sqrt[14] + 5*(7 + x)]*Sqrt[-34 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*(7 + x)]) - 51*(-1/21*(Sqrt[7 + x]*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2])/x + (5*(((2*I)/5)*Sqrt[7 + x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4))], (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])] - ((14*I)*Sqrt[(7 + x)/(34 - I*Sqrt[14]])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x)]/(2^(3/4)*7^(1/4))], (2*Sqrt[14])/(34*I + Sqrt[14])])/Sqrt[7 + x] + (34*Sqrt[(34 - I*Sqrt[14])/5]*Sqrt[1 - I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x]*Sqrt[1 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*x]*Sqrt[1 - (5*(7 + x))/(34 - I*Sqrt[14])]*Sqrt[1 - (5*(7 + x))/(34 + I*Sqrt[14])])*EllipticPi[(34 - I*Sqrt[14])/35, ArcSin[(Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[7 + x])/Sqrt[34 - I*Sqrt[14]]], (34*I + Sqrt[14])/(34*I - Sqrt[14])])/(7*Sqrt[3 + 2*x + 5*x^2]*Sqrt[-34 - I*Sqrt[14] + 5*(7 + x)]*Sqrt[-34 + I*Sqrt[14] + 5*(7 + x)]))/42)/84
```


Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 187 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_) + (h_)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`
- rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 1172

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2], x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^(m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2
)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e
*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*
c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^
2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1279

```
Int[1/(((d._) + (e._)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f._) + (g._)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)*(x_
) + (c._)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b
- q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x
)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

rule 1282

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f._) + (g._)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)*
(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x
]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x]
+ Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x)^
(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*d*(c*e*f - c*d*g + b*
e*g)*(m + 1) - e^2*(b*f + a*g)*(2*m + 3) + 2*e*(c*d*g*(m + 1) - e*(c*f + b*
g)*(m + 2))*x - c*e^2*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]
```

rule 2154

```
Int[(Px_)*((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))^(n_)*((a._) + (b
_)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, d +
e*x, x]*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[Polyn
omialRemainder[Px, d + e*x, x] Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x
^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x
] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 504, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}(-14+17x)}{588x^2} + \left(\frac{5\left(\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\right)}{42\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}} \right)$
elliptic	$\sqrt{(x+7)(5x^2+2x+3)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}{42x^2} + \frac{17\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}}{588x} - \frac{5\left(\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+7}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{\frac{34}{5} - \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}{\frac{34}{5} + \frac{i\sqrt{14}}{5}}}\text{Ellip}}{42\sqrt{5x^3+37x^2+17x+21}} \right)$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x+7}\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}}{588x^2} \left(3675i\sqrt{14}\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}-5x-1}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{14}+5x+1}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{5(x+7)}{-34+i\sqrt{14}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-34+i\sqrt{14}}{i\sqrt{14}+34}}\right)x^2+747i \right)$

```
input int(1/x^3/(x+7)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/588*(x+7)^(1/2)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)*(-14+17*x)/x^2+(-5/42*(34/5-1/5*I*14
^(1/2))*((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x+1/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5
-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x+1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1
/2)/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(
1/2), ((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))+249/1372*(34/5
-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x+1/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)
)/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x+1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5+1/5*I*14^(
1/2)))^(1/2)/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14
^(1/2)))^(1/2), 34/35-1/35*I*14^(1/2), ((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*
14^(1/2)))^(1/2))-85/588*(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)
))^(1/2))*((x+1/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x+1/5+1/5
*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(5*x^3+37*x^2+17*x+21)^(1/2)*((
-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2), ((-34/
5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))+(-1/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))*Ell
ipticF(((x+7)/(34/5-1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2), ((-34/5+1/5*I*14^(1/2))/(-34/5-
1/5*I*14^(1/2)))^(1/2))))*((x+7)*(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2)/(x+7)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2
*x+3)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} \sqrt{x+7x^3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 7)/(5*x^6 + 37*x^5 + 17*x^4 + 21*x^3), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(7+x)**(1/2)/(5*x**2+2*x+3)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*sqrt(x + 7)*sqrt(5*x**2 + 2*x + 3)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} \sqrt{x+7x^3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 7)*x^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{5x^2+2x+3} \sqrt{x+7} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(5*x^2 + 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 7)*x^3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(x + 7)^(1/2)*(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(x + 7)^(1/2)*(2*x + 5*x^2 + 3)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{7+x} \sqrt{3+2x+5x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{x+7} \sqrt{5x^2+2x+3}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^3/(7+x)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+2*x+3)^(1/2),x)`

3.117 $\int x^3(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	1185
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1186
Rubi [A] (verified)	1186
Maple [B] (verified)	1188
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1188
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1189
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1190
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1191
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1193
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1194

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 202

$$\int x^3(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx = -\frac{d^3(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(d + ex)^{1+m}}{e^6(1 + m)} + \frac{d^2(5cd^2 - e(4bd - 3ae))(d + ex)^{2+m}}{e^6(2 + m)} - \frac{d(10cd^2 - 3e(2bd - ae))(d + ex)^{3+m}}{e^6(3 + m)} + \frac{(10cd^2 - e(4bd - ae))(d + ex)^{4+m}}{e^6(4 + m)} - \frac{(5cd - be)(d + ex)^{5+m}}{e^6(5 + m)} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{6+m}}{e^6(6 + m)}$$

output

```
-d^3*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/e^6/(1+m)+d^2*(5*c*d^2-e*(-3*a*e+4*b*d))*(e*x+d)^(2+m)/e^6/(2+m)-d*(10*c*d^2-3*e*(-a*e+2*b*d))*(e*x+d)^(3+m)/e^6/(3+m)+(10*c*d^2-e*(-a*e+4*b*d))*(e*x+d)^(4+m)/e^6/(4+m)-(-b*e+5*c*d)*(e*x+d)^(5+m)/e^6/(5+m)+c*(e*x+d)^(6+m)/e^6/(6+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{1+m} \left(-\frac{d^3(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))}{1+m} + \frac{d^2(5cd^2+e(-4bd+3ae))(d+ex)}{2+m} - \frac{d(10cd^2+3e(-2bd+ae))(d+ex)^2}{3+m} + \frac{(10cd^2+e(-4bd+ae))(d+ex)^3}{4+m} \right)}{e^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]
```

output

```
((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(-(d^3*(c*d^2 + e*(-b*d) + a*e))/(1 + m)) + (d^2*(5*c*d^2 + e*(-4*b*d + 3*a*e))*(d + e*x)/(2 + m) - (d*(10*c*d^2 + 3*e*(-2*b*d + a*e))*(d + e*x)^2/(3 + m) + ((10*c*d^2 + e*(-4*b*d + a*e))*(d + e*x)^3)/(4 + m) - ((5*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)^4)/(5 + m) + (c*(d + e*x)^5)/(6 + m)))/e^6
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(a+bx+cx^2)(d+ex)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 1195$$

$$\int \left(\frac{d^2(d+ex)^{m+1}(5cd^2 - e(4bd - 3ae))}{e^5} + \frac{d(d+ex)^{m+2}(3e(2bd - ae) - 10cd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{(d+ex)^{m+3}(10cd^2 - e(4bd - 3ae))}{e^5} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{d^2(d+ex)^{m+2}(5cd^2 - e(4bd - 3ae))}{e^6(m+2)} - \frac{d(d+ex)^{m+3}(10cd^2 - 3e(2bd - ae))}{e^6(m+3)} +$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+4}(10cd^2 - e(4bd - ae))}{e^6(m+4)} - \frac{d^3(d+ex)^{m+1}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^6(m+1)} -$$

$$\frac{(5cd - be)(d+ex)^{m+5}}{e^6(m+5)} + \frac{c(d+ex)^{m+6}}{e^6(m+6)}$$

input `Int[x^3*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]`

output `-((d^3*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(e^6*(1 + m))) + (d^2*(5*c*d^2 - e*(4*b*d - 3*a*e))*(d + e*x)^(2 + m))/(e^6*(2 + m)) - (d*(10*c*d^2 - 3*e*(2*b*d - a*e))*(d + e*x)^(3 + m))/(e^6*(3 + m)) + ((10*c*d^2 - e*(4*b*d - a*e))*(d + e*x)^(4 + m))/(e^6*(4 + m)) - ((5*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)^(5 + m))/(e^6*(5 + m)) + (c*(d + e*x)^(6 + m))/(e^6*(6 + m))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1195 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 468 vs. $2(202) = 404$.

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 469, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

method	result
norman	$\frac{cx^6 e^{m \ln(ex+d)}}{6+m} + \frac{(bem+cdm+6be)x^5 e^{m \ln(ex+d)}}{e(m^2+11m+30)} + \frac{(ae^2m^2+bde^2m^2+11ae^2m+6bdem-5cd^2m+30ae^2)x^4 e^{m \ln(ex+d)}}{e^2(m^3+15m^2+74m+120)}$
gosper	$-(ex+d)^{1+m} (-ce^5m^5x^5 - be^5m^5x^4 - 15ce^5m^4x^5 - ae^5m^5x^3 - 16be^5m^4x^4 + 5cde^4m^4x^4 - 85ce^5m^3x^5 - 17ae^5m^4x^3 + 4bd e^4m^4x^4 - 15cd^2m^2 + 30ae^2)x^4 e^{m \ln(ex+d)}$
orering	$-(ex+d)^m (-ce^5m^5x^5 - be^5m^5x^4 - 15ce^5m^4x^5 - ae^5m^5x^3 - 16be^5m^4x^4 + 5cde^4m^4x^4 - 85ce^5m^3x^5 - 17ae^5m^4x^3 + 4bd e^4m^4x^4 - 15cd^2m^2 + 30ae^2)x^4 e^{m \ln(ex+d)}$
risch	$-(ce^6m^5x^6 - be^6m^5x^5 - cde^5m^5x^5 - 15ce^6m^4x^6 - ae^6m^5x^4 - bde^5m^5x^4 - 16be^6m^4x^5 - 10cde^5m^4x^5 - 85ce^6m^3x^6 - ad e^6m^6x^6) e^{m \ln(ex+d)}$
parallelrisc	Expression too large to display

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{c/(6+m)*x^6*\exp(m*\ln(e*x+d))+(b*e*m+c*d*m+6*b*e)/e/(m^2+11*m+30)*x^5*\exp(m*\ln(e*x+d))+(a*e^2*m^2+b*d*e*m^2+11*a*e^2*m+6*b*d*e*m-5*c*d^2*m+30*a*e^2)/e^2/(m^3+15*m^2+74*m+120)*x^4*\exp(m*\ln(e*x+d))+m*d*(a*e^2*m^2+11*a*e^2*m-4*b*d*e*m+30*a*e^2-24*b*d*e+20*c*d^2)/e^3/(m^4+18*m^3+119*m^2+342*m+360)*x^3*\exp(m*\ln(e*x+d))-6*d^4*(a*e^2*m^2+11*a*e^2*m-4*b*d*e*m+30*a*e^2-24*b*d*e+20*c*d^2)/e^6/(m^6+21*m^5+175*m^4+735*m^3+1624*m^2+1764*m+720)*\exp(m*\ln(e*x+d))+6/e^5*m*d^3*(a*e^2*m^2+11*a*e^2*m-4*b*d*e*m+30*a*e^2-24*b*d*e+20*c*d^2)/(m^6+21*m^5+175*m^4+735*m^3+1624*m^2+1764*m+720)*x*\exp(m*\ln(e*x+d))-3*(a*e^2*m^2+11*a*e^2*m-4*b*d*e*m+30*a*e^2-24*b*d*e+20*c*d^2)*d^2/e^4*m/(m^5+20*m^4+155*m^3+580*m^2+1044*m+720)*x^2*\exp(m*\ln(e*x+d))$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 709 vs. $2(202) = 404$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 709, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.51

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-(6*a*d^4*e^2*m^2 + 120*c*d^6 - 144*b*d^5*e + 180*a*d^4*e^2 - (c*e^6*m^5 +
15*c*e^6*m^4 + 85*c*e^6*m^3 + 225*c*e^6*m^2 + 274*c*e^6*m + 120*c*e^6)*x^
6 - (144*b*e^6 + (c*d*e^5 + b*e^6)*m^5 + 2*(5*c*d*e^5 + 8*b*e^6)*m^4 + 5*(
7*c*d*e^5 + 19*b*e^6)*m^3 + 10*(5*c*d*e^5 + 26*b*e^6)*m^2 + 12*(2*c*d*e^5
+ 27*b*e^6)*m)*x^5 - (180*a*e^6 + (b*d*e^5 + a*e^6)*m^5 - (5*c*d^2*e^4 - 1
2*b*d*e^5 - 17*a*e^6)*m^4 - (30*c*d^2*e^4 - 47*b*d*e^5 - 107*a*e^6)*m^3 -
(55*c*d^2*e^4 - 72*b*d*e^5 - 307*a*e^6)*m^2 - 6*(5*c*d^2*e^4 - 6*b*d*e^5 -
66*a*e^6)*m)*x^4 - (a*d*e^5*m^5 - 2*(2*b*d^2*e^4 - 7*a*d*e^5)*m^4 + (20*c
*d^3*e^3 - 36*b*d^2*e^4 + 65*a*d*e^5)*m^3 + 4*(15*c*d^3*e^3 - 20*b*d^2*e^4
+ 28*a*d*e^5)*m^2 + 4*(10*c*d^3*e^3 - 12*b*d^2*e^4 + 15*a*d*e^5)*m)*x^3 +
3*(a*d^2*e^4*m^4 - 4*(b*d^3*e^3 - 3*a*d^2*e^4)*m^3 + (20*c*d^4*e^2 - 28*b
*d^3*e^3 + 41*a*d^2*e^4)*m^2 + 2*(10*c*d^4*e^2 - 12*b*d^3*e^3 + 15*a*d^2*e
^4)*m)*x^2 - 6*(4*b*d^5*e - 11*a*d^4*e^2)*m - 6*(a*d^3*e^3*m^3 - (4*b*d^4*
e^2 - 11*a*d^3*e^3)*m^2 + 2*(10*c*d^5*e - 12*b*d^4*e^2 + 15*a*d^3*e^3)*m)
*x)*(e*x + d)^m/(e^6*m^6 + 21*e^6*m^5 + 175*e^6*m^4 + 735*e^6*m^3 + 1624*e^
6*m^2 + 1764*e^6*m + 720*e^6)

```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 10479 vs. $2(178) = 356$.

Time = 2.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10479, normalized size of antiderivative = 51.88

$$\int x^3(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a), x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((d**m*(a*x**4/4 + b*x**5/5 + c*x**6/6), Eq(e, 0)), (-3*a*d**3*e*
*2/(60*d**5*e**6 + 300*d**4*e**7*x + 600*d**3*e**8*x**2 + 600*d**2*e**9*x*
*3 + 300*d*e**10*x**4 + 60*e**11*x**5) - 15*a*d**2*e**3*x/(60*d**5*e**6 +
300*d**4*e**7*x + 600*d**3*e**8*x**2 + 600*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 300*d*e**10*x*
*4 + 60*e**11*x**5) - 30*a*d*e**4*x**2/(60*d**5*e**6 + 300*d**4*e**7*x + 6
00*d**3*e**8*x**2 + 600*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 300*d*e**10*x**4 + 60*e**11*x**5)
- 30*a*e**5*x**3/(60*d**5*e**6 + 300*d**4*e**7*x + 600*d**3*e**8*x**2 + 6
00*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 300*d*e**10*x**4 + 60*e**11*x**5) - 12*b*d**4*e/(60*d*
*5*e**6 + 300*d**4*e**7*x + 600*d**3*e**8*x**2 + 600*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 300*
d*e**10*x**4 + 60*e**11*x**5) - 60*b*d**3*e**2*x/(60*d**5*e**6 + 300*d**4*
e**7*x + 600*d**3*e**8*x**2 + 600*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 300*d*e**10*x**4 + 60*e
**11*x**5) - 120*b*d**2*e**3*x**2/(60*d**5*e**6 + 300*d**4*e**7*x + 600*d*
*3*e**8*x**2 + 600*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 300*d*e**10*x**4 + 60*e**11*x**5) - 12
0*b*d*e**4*x**3/(60*d**5*e**6 + 300*d**4*e**7*x + 600*d**3*e**8*x**2 + 600
*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 300*d*e**10*x**4 + 60*e**11*x**5) - 60*b*e**5*x**4/(60*d
**5*e**6 + 300*d**4*e**7*x + 600*d**3*e**8*x**2 + 600*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 300
*d*e**10*x**4 + 60*e**11*x**5) + 60*c*d**5*log(d/e + x)/(60*d**5*e**6 + 30
0*d**4*e**7*x + 600*d**3*e**8*x**2 + 600*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 300*d*e**10*x**4
+ 60*e**11*x**5) + 137*c*d**5/(60*d**5*e**6 + 300*d**4*e**7*x + 600*d**3*
e**8*x**2 + 600*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 300*d*e**10*x**4 + 60*e**11*x**5) + 30...
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 426 vs. $2(202) = 404$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 426, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{((m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6)e^4x^4 + (m^3 + 3m^2 + 2m)de^3x^3 - 3(m^2 + m)d^2e^2x^2 + 6d^3emx - 6d^4)(ex + a)}{(m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24)e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{((m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24)e^5x^5 + (m^4 + 6m^3 + 11m^2 + 6m)de^4x^4 - 4(m^3 + 3m^2 + 2m)d^3e^3x^3 - 4(m^2 + m)d^2e^2x^2 + 4d^3emx - 4d^4)(ex + a)}{(m^5 + 15m^4 + 85m^3 + 225m^2 + 274m + 120)e^5}$$

$$+ \frac{((m^5 + 15m^4 + 85m^3 + 225m^2 + 274m + 120)e^6x^6 + (m^5 + 10m^4 + 35m^3 + 50m^2 + 24m)de^5x^5 - 5(m^4 + 6m^3 + 11m^2 + 6m)d^4e^4x^4 + 5(m^3 + 3m^2 + 2m)d^3e^3x^3 - 5(m^2 + m)d^2e^2x^2 + 5d^3emx - 5d^4)(ex + a)}{(m^6 + 21m^5 + 175m^4 + 525m^3 + 735m^2 + 525m + 120)e^6}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^4*x^4 + (m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*(m^2 + m)*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*d^3*e*m*x - 6*d^4)*(e*x + d)^m*a/((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)*e^4) + ((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)*e^5*x^5 + (m^4 + 6*m^3 + 11*m^2 + 6*m)*d*e^4*x^4 - 4*(m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 12*(m^2 + m)*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 24*d^4*e*m*x + 24*d^5)*(e*x + d)^m*b/((m^5 + 15*m^4 + 85*m^3 + 225*m^2 + 274*m + 120)*e^5) + ((m^5 + 15*m^4 + 85*m^3 + 225*m^2 + 274*m + 120)*e^6*x^6 + (m^5 + 10*m^4 + 35*m^3 + 50*m^2 + 24*m)*d*e^5*x^5 - 5*(m^4 + 6*m^3 + 11*m^2 + 6*m)*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 20*(m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 60*(m^2 + m)*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 120*d^5*e*m*x - 120*d^6)*(e*x + d)^m*c/((m^6 + 21*m^5 + 175*m^4 + 735*m^3 + 1624*m^2 + 1764*m + 720)*e^6)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1304 vs. $2(202) = 404$.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1304, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.46

$$\int x^3(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((e*x + d)^m*c*e^6*m^5*x^6 + (e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^5*m^5*x^5 + (e*x + d)^m*b*e \\
& ^6*m^5*x^5 + 15*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^6*m^4*x^6 + (e*x + d)^m*b*d*e^5*m^5*x^4 + \\
& (e*x + d)^m*a*e^6*m^5*x^4 + 10*(e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^5*m^4*x^5 + 16*(e*x + d)^ \\
& m*b*e^6*m^4*x^5 + 85*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^6*m^3*x^6 + (e*x + d)^m*a*d*e^5*m^5*x \\
& ^3 - 5*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^2*e^4*m^4*x^4 + 12*(e*x + d)^m*b*d*e^5*m^4*x^4 + 17 \\
& *(e*x + d)^m*a*e^6*m^4*x^4 + 35*(e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^5*m^3*x^5 + 95*(e*x + d) \\
& ^m*b*e^6*m^3*x^5 + 225*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^6*m^2*x^6 - 4*(e*x + d)^m*b*d^2*e^4 \\
& *m^4*x^3 + 14*(e*x + d)^m*a*d*e^5*m^4*x^3 - 30*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^2*e^4*m^3*x \\
& ^4 + 47*(e*x + d)^m*b*d*e^5*m^3*x^4 + 107*(e*x + d)^m*a*e^6*m^3*x^4 + 50*(\\
& e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^5*m^2*x^5 + 260*(e*x + d)^m*b*e^6*m^2*x^5 + 274*(e*x + d) \\
& ^m*c*e^6*m*x^6 - 3*(e*x + d)^m*a*d^2*e^4*m^4*x^2 + 20*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^3*e^ \\
& 3*m^3*x^3 - 36*(e*x + d)^m*b*d^2*e^4*m^3*x^3 + 65*(e*x + d)^m*a*d*e^5*m^3*x \\
& ^3 - 55*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^2*e^4*m^2*x^4 + 72*(e*x + d)^m*b*d*e^5*m^2*x^4 + \\
& 307*(e*x + d)^m*a*e^6*m^2*x^4 + 24*(e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^5*m*x^5 + 324*(e*x + \\
& d)^m*b*e^6*m*x^5 + 120*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^6*x^6 + 12*(e*x + d)^m*b*d^3*e^3*m^ \\
& 3*x^2 - 36*(e*x + d)^m*a*d^2*e^4*m^3*x^2 + 60*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^3*e^3*m^2*x^ \\
& 3 - 80*(e*x + d)^m*b*d^2*e^4*m^2*x^3 + 112*(e*x + d)^m*a*d*e^5*m^2*x^3 - 3 \\
& 0*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^2*e^4*m*x^4 + 36*(e*x + d)^m*b*d*e^5*m*x^4 + 396*(e*x + \\
& d)^m*a*e^6*m*x^4 + 144*(e*x + d)^m*b*e^6*x^5 + 6*(e*x + d)^m*a*d^3*e^3*m^3 \\
& *x - 60*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^4*e^2*m^2*x^2 + 84*(e*x + d)^m*b*d^3*e^3*m^2*x^...
\end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 553, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2) dx$$

$$= (d+ex)^m \left(\frac{cx^6(m^5+15m^4+85m^3+225m^2+274m+120)}{m^6+21m^5+175m^4+735m^3+1624m^2+1764m+720} \right. \\ - \frac{6d^4(20cd^2-4bdem-24bde+ae^2m^2+11ae^2m+30ae^2)}{e^6(m^6+21m^5+175m^4+735m^3+1624m^2+1764m+720)} \\ + \frac{x^4(m^3+6m^2+11m+6)(-5cd^2m+bdem^2+6bdem+ae^2m^2+11ae^2m+30ae^2)}{e^2(m^6+21m^5+175m^4+735m^3+1624m^2+1764m+720)} \\ + \frac{x^5(6be+bem+cdm)(m^4+10m^3+35m^2+50m+24)}{e(m^6+21m^5+175m^4+735m^3+1624m^2+1764m+720)} \\ + \frac{6d^3mx(20cd^2-4bdem-24bde+ae^2m^2+11ae^2m+30ae^2)}{e^5(m^6+21m^5+175m^4+735m^3+1624m^2+1764m+720)} \\ - \frac{3d^2mx^2(m+1)(20cd^2-4bdem-24bde+ae^2m^2+11ae^2m+30ae^2)}{e^4(m^6+21m^5+175m^4+735m^3+1624m^2+1764m+720)} \\ \left. + \frac{dmx^3(m^2+3m+2)(20cd^2-4bdem-24bde+ae^2m^2+11ae^2m+30ae^2)}{e^3(m^6+21m^5+175m^4+735m^3+1624m^2+1764m+720)} \right)$$

input

```
int(x^3*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)
```

output

```
(d + e*x)^m*((c*x^6*(274*m + 225*m^2 + 85*m^3 + 15*m^4 + m^5 + 120))/(1764
*m + 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4 + 21*m^5 + m^6 + 720) - (6*d^4*(30*a*e^2
+ 20*c*d^2 + a*e^2*m^2 - 24*b*d*e + 11*a*e^2*m - 4*b*d*e*m))/(e^6*(1764*m
+ 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4 + 21*m^5 + m^6 + 720)) + (x^4*(11*m + 6*m^
2 + m^3 + 6)*(30*a*e^2 + a*e^2*m^2 + 11*a*e^2*m - 5*c*d^2*m + b*d*e*m^2 +
6*b*d*e*m))/(e^2*(1764*m + 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4 + 21*m^5 + m^6 + 7
20)) + (x^5*(6*b*e + b*e*m + c*d*m)*(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24))/(
e*(1764*m + 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4 + 21*m^5 + m^6 + 720)) + (6*d^3*m
*x*(30*a*e^2 + 20*c*d^2 + a*e^2*m^2 - 24*b*d*e + 11*a*e^2*m - 4*b*d*e*m))/
(e^5*(1764*m + 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4 + 21*m^5 + m^6 + 720)) - (3*d^
2*m*x^2*(m + 1)*(30*a*e^2 + 20*c*d^2 + a*e^2*m^2 - 24*b*d*e + 11*a*e^2*m -
4*b*d*e*m))/(e^4*(1764*m + 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4 + 21*m^5 + m^6 +
720)) + (d*m*x^3*(3*m + m^2 + 2)*(30*a*e^2 + 20*c*d^2 + a*e^2*m^2 - 24*b*d
*e + 11*a*e^2*m - 4*b*d*e*m))/(e^3*(1764*m + 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4
+ 21*m^5 + m^6 + 720)))
```


3.118 $\int x^2(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	1195
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1196
Rubi [A] (verified)	1196
Maple [B] (verified)	1197
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1198
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1199
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1200
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1200
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1201
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1202

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int x^2(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{d^2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) (d + ex)^{1+m}}{e^5(1 + m)} - \frac{d(4cd^2 - e(3bd - 2ae)) (d + ex)^{2+m}}{e^5(2 + m)} + \frac{(6cd^2 - e(3bd - ae)) (d + ex)^{3+m}}{e^5(3 + m)} - \frac{(4cd - be)(d + ex)^{4+m}}{e^5(4 + m)} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{5+m}}{e^5(5 + m)}$$

output

```
d^2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/e^5/(1+m)-d*(4*c*d^2-e*(-2*a*e+3*b*d))*(e*x+d)^(2+m)/e^5/(2+m)+(6*c*d^2-e*(-a*e+3*b*d))*(e*x+d)^(3+m)/e^5/(3+m)-(-b*e+4*c*d)*(e*x+d)^(4+m)/e^5/(4+m)+c*(e*x+d)^(5+m)/e^5/(5+m)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{1+m} \left(\frac{d^2(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))}{1+m} - \frac{d(4cd^2+e(-3bd+2ae))(d+ex)}{2+m} + \frac{(6cd^2+e(-3bd+ae))(d+ex)^2}{3+m} - \frac{(4cd-be)(d+ex)^3}{4+m} + \frac{c(d+ex)^4}{5+m} \right)}{e^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]
```

output

```
((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*((d^2*(c*d^2 + e*(-b*d) + a*e))/(1 + m) - (d*(4*c*d^2 + e*(-3*b*d + 2*a*e))*(d + e*x))/(2 + m) + ((6*c*d^2 + e*(-3*b*d + a*e))*(d + e*x)^2)/(3 + m) - ((4*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)^3)/(4 + m) + (c*(d + e*x)^4)/(5 + m))/e^5
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a+bx+cx^2)(d+ex)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 1195$$

$$\int \left(\frac{d(d+ex)^{m+1}(e(3bd-2ae)-4cd^2)}{e^4} + \frac{(d+ex)^{m+2}(6cd^2-e(3bd-ae))}{e^4} + \frac{d^2(d+ex)^m(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{e^4} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{d(d+ex)^{m+2}(4cd^2-e(3bd-2ae))}{e^5(m+2)} + \frac{(d+ex)^{m+3}(6cd^2-e(3bd-ae))}{e^5(m+3)} + \frac{d^2(d+ex)^{m+1}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{e^5(m+1)} - \frac{(4cd-be)(d+ex)^{m+4}}{e^5(m+4)} + \frac{c(d+ex)^{m+5}}{e^5(m+5)}$$

output

```
c/(5+m)*x^5*exp(m*ln(e*x+d))+(b*e*m+c*d*m+5*b*e)/e/(m^2+9*m+20)*x^4*exp(m*
ln(e*x+d))+(a*e^2*m^2+b*d*e*m^2+9*a*e^2*m+5*b*d*e*m-4*c*d^2*m+20*a*e^2)/e^
2/(m^3+12*m^2+47*m+60)*x^3*exp(m*ln(e*x+d))+(a*e^2*m^2+9*a*e^2*m-3*b*d*e*m
+20*a*e^2-15*b*d*e+12*c*d^2)*d/e^3*m/(m^4+14*m^3+71*m^2+154*m+120)*x^2*exp
(m*ln(e*x+d))+2*d^3*(a*e^2*m^2+9*a*e^2*m-3*b*d*e*m+20*a*e^2-15*b*d*e+12*c*
d^2)/e^5/(m^5+15*m^4+85*m^3+225*m^2+274*m+120)*exp(m*ln(e*x+d))-2/e^4*m*d^
2*(a*e^2*m^2+9*a*e^2*m-3*b*d*e*m+20*a*e^2-15*b*d*e+12*c*d^2)/(m^5+15*m^4+8
5*m^3+225*m^2+274*m+120)*x*exp(m*ln(e*x+d))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 498 vs. $2(161) = 322$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 498, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(2ad^3e^2m^2 + 24cd^5 - 30bd^4e + 40ad^3e^2 + (ce^5m^4 + 10ce^5m^3 + 35ce^5m^2 + 50ce^5m + 24ce^5)x^5 + (30$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(2*a*d^3*e^2*m^2 + 24*c*d^5 - 30*b*d^4*e + 40*a*d^3*e^2 + (c*e^5*m^4 + 10*
c*e^5*m^3 + 35*c*e^5*m^2 + 50*c*e^5*m + 24*c*e^5)*x^5 + (30*b*e^5 + (c*d*e
^4 + b*e^5)*m^4 + (6*c*d*e^4 + 11*b*e^5)*m^3 + (11*c*d*e^4 + 41*b*e^5)*m^2
+ (6*c*d*e^4 + 61*b*e^5)*m)*x^4 + (40*a*e^5 + (b*d*e^4 + a*e^5)*m^4 - 4*(
c*d^2*e^3 - 2*b*d*e^4 - 3*a*e^5)*m^3 - (12*c*d^2*e^3 - 17*b*d*e^4 - 49*a*e
^5)*m^2 - 2*(4*c*d^2*e^3 - 5*b*d*e^4 - 39*a*e^5)*m)*x^3 + (a*d*e^4*m^4 - (
3*b*d^2*e^3 - 10*a*d*e^4)*m^3 + (12*c*d^3*e^2 - 18*b*d^2*e^3 + 29*a*d*e^4)
*m^2 + (12*c*d^3*e^2 - 15*b*d^2*e^3 + 20*a*d*e^4)*m)*x^2 - 6*(b*d^4*e - 3*
a*d^3*e^2)*m - 2*(a*d^2*e^3*m^3 - 3*(b*d^3*e^2 - 3*a*d^2*e^3)*m^2 + (12*c*
d^4*e - 15*b*d^3*e^2 + 20*a*d^2*e^3)*m)*x*(e*x + d)^m/(e^5*m^5 + 15*e^5*m
^4 + 85*e^5*m^3 + 225*e^5*m^2 + 274*e^5*m + 120*e^5)
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)dx$$

$$= \frac{((m^2+3m+2)e^3x^3+(m^2+m)de^2x^2-2d^2emx+2d^3)(ex+d)^ma}{(m^3+6m^2+11m+6)e^3}$$

$$+ \frac{((m^3+6m^2+11m+6)e^4x^4+(m^3+3m^2+2m)de^3x^3-3(m^2+m)d^2e^2x^2+6d^3emx-6d^4)(ex+d)^m}{(m^4+10m^3+35m^2+50m+24)e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{((m^4+10m^3+35m^2+50m+24)e^5x^5+(m^4+6m^3+11m^2+6m)de^4x^4-4(m^3+3m^2+2m)d^3e^3x^3+12(m^2+m)d^2e^2x^2-24d^4e^m)x+24d^5)(ex+d)^m}{(m^5+15m^4+85m^3+225m^2+274m+120)e^5}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^3*x^3 + (m^2 + m)*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e*m*x + 2*d^3)*(e*x
+ d)^m*a/((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^3) + ((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^4*x
^4 + (m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*(m^2 + m)*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*d^3*e*m*x
- 6*d^4)*(e*x + d)^m*b/((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)*e^4) + ((m^4
+ 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)*e^5*x^5 + (m^4 + 6*m^3 + 11*m^2 + 6*m)*d*e^
4*x^4 - 4*(m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 12*(m^2 + m)*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 24*
d^4*e*m*x + 24*d^5)*(e*x + d)^m*c/((m^5 + 15*m^4 + 85*m^3 + 225*m^2 + 274*
m + 120)*e^5)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 921 vs. 2(161) = 322.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 921, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.72

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

((e*x + d)^m*c*e^5*m^4*x^5 + (e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^4*m^4*x^4 + (e*x + d)^m*b*e
^5*m^4*x^4 + 10*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^5*m^3*x^5 + (e*x + d)^m*b*d*e^4*m^4*x^3 +
(e*x + d)^m*a*e^5*m^4*x^3 + 6*(e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^4*m^3*x^4 + 11*(e*x + d)^m
*b*e^5*m^3*x^4 + 35*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^5*m^2*x^5 + (e*x + d)^m*a*d*e^4*m^4*x^
2 - 4*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^2*e^3*m^3*x^3 + 8*(e*x + d)^m*b*d*e^4*m^3*x^3 + 12*(
e*x + d)^m*a*e^5*m^3*x^3 + 11*(e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^4*m^2*x^4 + 41*(e*x + d)^m
*b*e^5*m^2*x^4 + 50*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^5*m*x^5 - 3*(e*x + d)^m*b*d^2*e^3*m^3*
x^2 + 10*(e*x + d)^m*a*d*e^4*m^3*x^2 - 12*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^2*e^3*m^2*x^3 +
17*(e*x + d)^m*b*d*e^4*m^2*x^3 + 49*(e*x + d)^m*a*e^5*m^2*x^3 + 6*(e*x + d
)^m*c*d*e^4*m*x^4 + 61*(e*x + d)^m*b*e^5*m*x^4 + 24*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^5*x^5
- 2*(e*x + d)^m*a*d^2*e^3*m^3*x + 12*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^3*e^2*m^2*x^2 - 18*(e
*x + d)^m*b*d^2*e^3*m^2*x^2 + 29*(e*x + d)^m*a*d*e^4*m^2*x^2 - 8*(e*x + d)
^m*c*d^2*e^3*m*x^3 + 10*(e*x + d)^m*b*d*e^4*m*x^3 + 78*(e*x + d)^m*a*e^5*m
*x^3 + 30*(e*x + d)^m*b*e^5*x^4 + 6*(e*x + d)^m*b*d^3*e^2*m^2*x - 18*(e*x
+ d)^m*a*d^2*e^3*m^2*x + 12*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^3*e^2*m*x^2 - 15*(e*x + d)^m*b
*d^2*e^3*m*x^2 + 20*(e*x + d)^m*a*d*e^4*m*x^2 + 40*(e*x + d)^m*a*e^5*x^3 +
2*(e*x + d)^m*a*d^3*e^2*m^2 - 24*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^4*e*m*x + 30*(e*x + d)^m
*b*d^3*e^2*m*x - 40*(e*x + d)^m*a*d^2*e^3*m*x - 6*(e*x + d)^m*b*d^4*e*m +
18*(e*x + d)^m*a*d^3*e^2*m + 24*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^5 - 30*(e*x + d)^m*b*d^4*e
+ 40*(e*x + d)^m*a*d^3*e^2)/(e^5*m^5 + 15*e^5*m^4 + 85*e^5*m^3 + 225*e...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 419, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x^2(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2) dx \\
&= (d+ex)^m \left(\frac{cx^5(m^4+10m^3+35m^2+50m+24)}{m^5+15m^4+85m^3+225m^2+274m+120} \right. \\
&\quad + \frac{2d^3(12cd^2-3bdem-15bde+ae^2m^2+9ae^2m+20ae^2)}{e^5(m^5+15m^4+85m^3+225m^2+274m+120)} \\
&\quad + \frac{x^3(m^2+3m+2)(-4cd^2m+bdem^2+5bdem+ae^2m^2+9ae^2m+20ae^2)}{e^2(m^5+15m^4+85m^3+225m^2+274m+120)} \\
&\quad + \frac{x^4(5be+bem+cdm)(m^3+6m^2+11m+6)}{e(m^5+15m^4+85m^3+225m^2+274m+120)} \\
&\quad - \frac{2d^2mx(12cd^2-3bdem-15bde+ae^2m^2+9ae^2m+20ae^2)}{e^4(m^5+15m^4+85m^3+225m^2+274m+120)} \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{dmx^2(m+1)(12cd^2-3bdem-15bde+ae^2m^2+9ae^2m+20ae^2)}{e^3(m^5+15m^4+85m^3+225m^2+274m+120)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^2*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (d + e*x)^m * ((c*x^5*(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24))/(274*m + 225*m^2 \\ & + 85*m^3 + 15*m^4 + m^5 + 120) + (2*d^3*(20*a*e^2 + 12*c*d^2 + a*e^2*m^2 - \\ & 15*b*d*e + 9*a*e^2*m - 3*b*d*e*m))/(e^5*(274*m + 225*m^2 + 85*m^3 + 15*m^4 \\ & + m^5 + 120)) + (x^3*(3*m + m^2 + 2)*(20*a*e^2 + a*e^2*m^2 + 9*a*e^2*m - \\ & 4*c*d^2*m + b*d*e*m^2 + 5*b*d*e*m))/(e^2*(274*m + 225*m^2 + 85*m^3 + 15*m^4 \\ & + m^5 + 120)) + (x^4*(5*b*e + b*e*m + c*d*m)*(11*m + 6*m^2 + m^3 + 6))/ \\ & (e*(274*m + 225*m^2 + 85*m^3 + 15*m^4 + m^5 + 120)) - (2*d^2*m*x*(20*a*e^2 \\ & + 12*c*d^2 + a*e^2*m^2 - 15*b*d*e + 9*a*e^2*m - 3*b*d*e*m))/(e^4*(274*m + \\ & 225*m^2 + 85*m^3 + 15*m^4 + m^5 + 120)) + (d*m*x^2*(m + 1)*(20*a*e^2 + 12 \\ & *c*d^2 + a*e^2*m^2 - 15*b*d*e + 9*a*e^2*m - 3*b*d*e*m))/(e^3*(274*m + 225* \\ & m^2 + 85*m^3 + 15*m^4 + m^5 + 120))) \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 582, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.61

$$\int x^2(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex + d)^m (ce^5 m^4 x^5 + be^5 m^4 x^4 + cde^4 m^4 x^4 + 10ce^5 m^3 x^5 + ae^5 m^4 x^3 + bde^4 m^4 x^3 + 11be^5 m^3 x^4 + 6cae^5 m^3 x^4 + 6ca^2 m^3 x^4 + 6ca^2 m^3 x^4)}{e^{m+1}}$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

output

```

((d + e*x)**m*(2*a*d**3*e**2*m**2 + 18*a*d**3*e**2*m + 40*a*d**3*e**2 - 2*
a*d**2*e**3*m**3*x - 18*a*d**2*e**3*m**2*x - 40*a*d**2*e**3*m*x + a*d*e**4
*m**4*x**2 + 10*a*d*e**4*m**3*x**2 + 29*a*d*e**4*m**2*x**2 + 20*a*d*e**4*m
*x**2 + a*e**5*m**4*x**3 + 12*a*e**5*m**3*x**3 + 49*a*e**5*m**2*x**3 + 78*
a*e**5*m*x**3 + 40*a*e**5*x**3 - 6*b*d**4*e*m - 30*b*d**4*e + 6*b*d**3*e**
2*m**2*x + 30*b*d**3*e**2*m*x - 3*b*d**2*e**3*m**3*x**2 - 18*b*d**2*e**3*m
**2*x**2 - 15*b*d**2*e**3*m*x**2 + b*d*e**4*m**4*x**3 + 8*b*d*e**4*m**3*x*
*3 + 17*b*d*e**4*m**2*x**3 + 10*b*d*e**4*m*x**3 + b*e**5*m**4*x**4 + 11*b*
e**5*m**3*x**4 + 41*b*e**5*m**2*x**4 + 61*b*e**5*m*x**4 + 30*b*e**5*x**4 +
24*c*d**5 - 24*c*d**4*e*m*x + 12*c*d**3*e**2*m**2*x**2 + 12*c*d**3*e**2*m
*x**2 - 4*c*d**2*e**3*m**3*x**3 - 12*c*d**2*e**3*m**2*x**3 - 8*c*d**2*e**3
*m*x**3 + c*d*e**4*m**4*x**4 + 6*c*d*e**4*m**3*x**4 + 11*c*d*e**4*m**2*x**
4 + 6*c*d*e**4*m*x**4 + c*e**5*m**4*x**5 + 10*c*e**5*m**3*x**5 + 35*c*e**5
*m**2*x**5 + 50*c*e**5*m*x**5 + 24*c*e**5*x**5))/(e**5*(m**5 + 15*m**4 + 8
5*m**3 + 225*m**2 + 274*m + 120))

```


3.119 $\int x(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	1204
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1204
Rubi [A] (verified)	1205
Maple [B] (verified)	1206
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1207
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1207
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1208
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1209
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1210
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1210

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int x(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx = -\frac{d(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(d + ex)^{1+m}}{e^4(1 + m)} + \frac{(3cd^2 - e(2bd - ae))(d + ex)^{2+m}}{e^4(2 + m)} - \frac{(3cd - be)(d + ex)^{3+m}}{e^4(3 + m)} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{4+m}}{e^4(4 + m)}$$

output

```
-d*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/e^4/(1+m)+(3*c*d^2-e*(-a*e+2*b*d))*(e*x+d)^(2+m)/e^4/(2+m)-(-b*e+3*c*d)*(e*x+d)^(3+m)/e^4/(3+m)+c*(e*x+d)^(4+m)/e^4/(4+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{(d + ex)^{1+m} (c(-6d^3 + 6d^2e(1 + m)x - 3de^2(2 + 3m + m^2)x^2 + e^3(6 + 11m + 6m^2 + m^3)x^3) + e(4 + m)(d + ex)^{4+m})}{e^4(1 + m)(2 + m)(3 + m)(4 + m)}$$

input `Integrate[x*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output
$$\frac{((d + ex)^{(1 + m)}(c(-6d^3 + 6d^2e(1 + m)x - 3d^2e^2(2 + 3m + m^2))x^2 + e^3(6 + 11m + 6m^2 + m^3)x^3) + e(4 + m)(ae(3 + m)(-d + e(1 + m)x) + b(2d^2 - 2de(1 + m)x + e^2(2 + 3m + m^2)x^2))}{e^4(1 + m)(2 + m)(3 + m)(4 + m)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + bx + cx^2)(d + ex)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 1195$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(d + ex)^{m+1}(3cd^2 - e(2bd - ae))}{e^3} - \frac{d(d + ex)^m(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^3} + \frac{(be - 3cd)(d + ex)^{m+2}}{e^3} + \frac{c(d + ex)^m}{e^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{m+2}(3cd^2 - e(2bd - ae))}{e^4(m + 2)} - \frac{d(d + ex)^{m+1}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^4(m + 1)} - \frac{(3cd - be)(d + ex)^{m+3}}{e^4(m + 3)} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{m+4}}{e^4(m + 4)}$$

input `Int[x*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output
$$-((d*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(1 + m)})/(e^4*(1 + m))) + ((3*c*d^2 - e*(2*b*d - a*e))*(d + e*x)^{(2 + m)})/(e^4*(2 + m)) - ((3*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)^{(3 + m)})/(e^4*(3 + m)) + (c*(d + e*x)^{(4 + m)})/(e^4*(4 + m))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1195 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 280 vs. 2(121) = 242.

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(ex+d)^{1+m}(-ce^3m^3x^3-be^3m^3x^2-6ce^3m^2x^3-ae^3m^3x-7be^3m^2x^2+3cde^2m^2x^2-11ce^3m^3x-8ae^3m^2x+2bde^2m^2x)}{e^2(m^3+9m^2+26m+24)}$
norman	$\frac{cx^4e^{m \ln(ex+d)}}{4+m} + \frac{(bem+cdm+4be)x^3e^{m \ln(ex+d)}}{e(m^2+7m+12)} + \frac{(ae^2m^2+bde^2m^2+7ae^2m+4bdem-3cd^2m+12ae^2)x^2e^{m \ln(ex+d)}}{e^2(m^3+9m^2+26m+24)}$
oring	$\frac{(ex+d)^m(-ce^3m^3x^3-be^3m^3x^2-6ce^3m^2x^3-ae^3m^3x-7be^3m^2x^2+3cde^2m^2x^2-11ce^3m^3x-8ae^3m^2x+2bde^2m^2x-1)}{e^2(m^3+9m^2+26m+24)}$
risch	$\frac{(-ce^4m^3x^4-be^4m^3x^3-cde^3m^3x^3-6ce^4m^2x^4-ae^4m^3x^2-bde^3m^3x^2-7be^4m^2x^3-3cde^3m^2x^3-11ce^4m^4-ad^3m^3)}{e^2(m^3+9m^2+26m+24)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{8x^2(ex+d)^m ad^4e^4m^2+5x^2(ex+d)^m b d^2e^3m^2-3x^2(ex+d)^m c d^3e^2m^2+x(ex+d)^m a d^2e^3m^3+19x^2(ex+d)^m ad^4m+4x^2(ex+d)^m ad^4m^2+5x^2(ex+d)^m b d^2e^3m^2-3x^2(ex+d)^m c d^3e^2m^2+x(ex+d)^m a d^2e^3m^3+19x^2(ex+d)^m ad^4m+4x^2(ex+d)^m ad^4m^2}{e^2(m^3+9m^2+26m+24)}$

```
input int(x*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/e^4*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/(m^4+10*m^3+35*m^2+50*m+24)*(-c*e^3*m^3*x^3-b*e^3*m^3*x^2-6*c*e^3*m^2*x^3-a*e^3*m^3*x-7*b*e^3*m^2*x^2+3*c*d*e^2*m^2*x^2-11*c*e^3*m*x^3-8*a*e^3*m^2*x+2*b*d*e^2*m^2*x-14*b*e^3*m*x^2+9*c*d*e^2*m*x^2-6*c*e^3*x^3+a*d*e^2*m^2-19*a*e^3*m*x+10*b*d*e^2*m*x-8*b*e^3*x^2-6*c*d^2*e*m*x+6*c*d*e^2*x^2+7*a*d*e^2*m-12*a*e^3*x-2*b*d^2*e*m+8*b*d*e^2*x-6*c*d^2*e*x+12*a*d*e^2-8*b*d^2*e+6*c*d^3)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 342 vs. $2(121) = 242$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int x(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2) dx = \frac{(ad^2e^2m^2 + 6cd^4 - 8bd^3e + 12ad^2e^2 - (ce^4m^3 + 6ce^4m^2 + 11ce^4m + 6ce^4)x^4 - (8be^4 + (cde^3 + be^4)x^3 + (cd^2e^2 + 2cde^3 + b^2e^4)x^2 + (2bd^3e - 7ad^2e^2)m - (ad^3e^3m^3 - (2bd^2e^2 - 7ad^2e^3)m^2 + 2*(3cd^3e - 4bd^2e^2 + 6ad^2e^3)m)*x)*(ex + d)^m}{(e^4m^4 + 10e^4m^3 + 35e^4m^2 + 50e^4m + 24e^4)}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(a*d^2*e^2*m^2 + 6*c*d^4 - 8*b*d^3*e + 12*a*d^2*e^2 - (c*e^4*m^3 + 6*c*e^4*m^2 + 11*c*e^4*m + 6*c*e^4)*x^4 - (8*b*e^4 + (c*d*e^3 + b*e^4)*m^3 + (3*c*d*e^3 + 7*b*e^4)*m^2 + 2*(c*d*e^3 + 7*b*e^4)*m)*x^3 - (12*a*e^4 + (b*d*e^3 + a*e^4)*m^3 - (3*c*d^2*e^2 - 5*b*d*e^3 - 8*a*e^4)*m^2 - (3*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*b*d*e^3 - 19*a*e^4)*m)*x^2 - (2*b*d^3*e - 7*a*d^2*e^2)*m - (a*d*e^3*m^3 - (2*b*d^2*e^2 - 7*a*d^2*e^3)*m^2 + 2*(3*c*d^3*e - 4*b*d^2*e^2 + 6*a*d^2*e^3)m)*x)*(e*x + d)^m/(e^4*m^4 + 10*e^4*m^3 + 35*e^4*m^2 + 50*e^4*m + 24*e^4)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3267 vs. $2(104) = 208$.

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3267, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.00

$$\int x(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((d**m*(a*x**2/2 + b*x**3/3 + c*x**4/4), Eq(e, 0)), (-a*d**2/(6
*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) - 3*a*e**3*x/(
6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) - 2*b*d**2*e/
(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) - 6*b*d*e**2
*x/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) - 6*b*e**
3*x**2/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) + 6*c
*d**3*log(d/e + x)/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7
*x**3) + 11*c*d**3/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7
*x**3) + 18*c*d**2*e*x*log(d/e + x)/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e
**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) + 27*c*d**2*e*x/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18
*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) + 18*c*d*e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(6*d**3*e**4 +
18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) + 18*c*d*e**2*x**2/(6*d**3
*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) + 6*c*e**3*x**3*log
(d/e + x)/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3), E
q(m, -4)), (-a*d*e**2/(2*d**2*e**4 + 4*d*e**5*x + 2*e**6*x**2) - 2*a*e**3*
x/(2*d**2*e**4 + 4*d*e**5*x + 2*e**6*x**2) + 2*b*d**2*e*log(d/e + x)/(2*d*
**2*e**4 + 4*d*e**5*x + 2*e**6*x**2) + 3*b*d**2*e/(2*d**2*e**4 + 4*d*e**5*x
+ 2*e**6*x**2) + 4*b*d*e**2*x*log(d/e + x)/(2*d**2*e**4 + 4*d*e**5*x + 2*
e**6*x**2) + 4*b*d*e**2*x/(2*d**2*e**4 + 4*d*e**5*x + 2*e**6*x**2) + 2*b*e
**3*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(2*d**2*e**4 + 4*d*e**5*x + 2*e**6*x**2) - 6*c*d*...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int x(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2) dx = \frac{(e^2(m+1)x^2 + demx - d^2)(ex+d)^m a}{(m^2+3m+2)e^2} + \frac{((m^2+3m+2)e^3x^3 + (m^2+m)de^2x^2 - 2d^2emx + 2d^3)(ex+d)^m b}{(m^3+6m^2+11m+6)e^3} + \frac{((m^3+6m^2+11m+6)e^4x^4 + (m^3+3m^2+2m)de^3x^3 - 3(m^2+m)d^2e^2x^2 + 6d^3emx - 6d^4)(ex+d)^m c}{(m^4+10m^3+35m^2+50m+24)e^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{(e^{2(m+1)}x^2 + d e^m x - d^2)(e x + d)^m a / ((m^2 + 3m + 2)e^2) + ((m^2 + 3m + 2)e^3 x^3 + (m^2 + m)d e^2 x^2 - 2d^2 e^m x + 2d^3)(e x + d)^m b / ((m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6)e^3) + ((m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6)e^4 x^4 + (m^3 + 3m^2 + 2m)d e^3 x^3 - 3(m^2 + m)d^2 e^2 x^2 + 6d^3 e^m x - 6d^4)(e x + d)^m c / ((m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24)e^4)}{}$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 604 vs. $2(121) = 242$.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 604, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.99

$$\int x(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex + d)^m ce^4 m^3 x^4 + (ex + d)^m cde^3 m^3 x^3 + (ex + d)^m be^4 m^3 x^3 + 6(ex + d)^m ce^4 m^2 x^4 + (ex + d)^m bde^3 m^2 x^3 + \dots}{}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
((e*x + d)^m*c*e^4*m^3*x^4 + (e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^3*m^3*x^3 + (e*x + d)^m*b*e^4*m^3*x^3 + 6*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^4*m^2*x^4 + (e*x + d)^m*b*d*e^3*m^3*x^2 + (e*x + d)^m*a*e^4*m^3*x^2 + 3*(e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^3*m^2*x^3 + 7*(e*x + d)^m*b*e^4*m^2*x^3 + 11*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^4*m*x^4 + (e*x + d)^m*a*d*e^3*m^3*x - 3*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^2*e^2*m^2*x^2 + 5*(e*x + d)^m*b*d*e^3*m^2*x^2 + 8*(e*x + d)^m*a*e^4*m^2*x^2 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^3*m*x^3 + 14*(e*x + d)^m*b*e^4*m*x^3 + 6*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^4*x^4 - 2*(e*x + d)^m*b*d^2*e^2*m^2*x + 7*(e*x + d)^m*a*d*e^3*m^2*x - 3*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^2*e^2*m*x^2 + 4*(e*x + d)^m*b*d*e^3*m*x^2 + 19*(e*x + d)^m*a*e^4*m*x^2 + 8*(e*x + d)^m*b*e^4*x^3 - (e*x + d)^m*a*d^2*e^2*m^2 + 6*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^3*e*m*x - 8*(e*x + d)^m*b*d^2*e^2*m*x + 12*(e*x + d)^m*a*d*e^3*m*x + 12*(e*x + d)^m*a*e^4*x^2 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*b*d^3*e*m - 7*(e*x + d)^m*a*d^2*e^2*m - 6*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^4 + 8*(e*x + d)^m*b*d^3*e - 12*(e*x + d)^m*a*d^2*e^2)/(e^4*m^4 + 10*e^4*m^3 + 35*e^4*m^2 + 50*e^4*m + 24*e^4)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int x(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2) dx$$

$$= (d+ex)^m \left(\frac{cx^4(m^3+6m^2+11m+6)}{m^4+10m^3+35m^2+50m+24} - \frac{d^2(6cd^2-2bdem-8bde+ae^2m^2+7ae^2m+12ae^2)}{e^4(m^4+10m^3+35m^2+50m+24)} + \frac{x^3(4be+bem+cdm)(m^2+3m+2)}{e(m^4+10m^3+35m^2+50m+24)} + \frac{x^2(m+1)(-3cd^2m+bdem^2+4bdem+ae^2m^2+7ae^2m+12ae^2)}{e^2(m^4+10m^3+35m^2+50m+24)} + \frac{dmx(6cd^2-2bdem-8bde+ae^2m^2+7ae^2m+12ae^2)}{e^3(m^4+10m^3+35m^2+50m+24)} \right)$$

input `int(x*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`output `(d + e*x)^m*((c*x^4*(11*m + 6*m^2 + m^3 + 6))/(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24) - (d^2*(12*a*e^2 + 6*c*d^2 + a*e^2*m^2 - 8*b*d*e + 7*a*e^2*m - 2*b*d*e*m))/(e^4*(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24)) + (x^3*(4*b*e + b*e*m + c*d*m)*(3*m + m^2 + 2))/(e*(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24)) + (x^2*(m + 1)*(12*a*e^2 + a*e^2*m^2 + 7*a*e^2*m - 3*c*d^2*m + b*d*e*m^2 + 4*b*d*e*m))/(e^2*(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24)) + (d*m*x*(12*a*e^2 + 6*c*d^2 + a*e^2*m^2 - 8*b*d*e + 7*a*e^2*m - 2*b*d*e*m))/(e^3*(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24)))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int x(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex+d)^m (ce^4m^3x^4 + be^4m^3x^3 + cde^3m^3x^3 + 6ce^4m^2x^4 + ae^4m^3x^2 + bde^3m^3x^2 + 7be^4m^2x^3 + 3cde^3m^2x^2 + 3cde^3m^2x + 3cde^3m^2)}{e^4(m^4+10m^3+35m^2+50m+24)}$$

input `int(x*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

output

```

((d + e*x)**m*( - a*d**2*e**2*m**2 - 7*a*d**2*e**2*m - 12*a*d**2*e**2 + a*
d*e**3*m**3*x + 7*a*d*e**3*m**2*x + 12*a*d*e**3*m*x + a*e**4*m**3*x**2 + 8
*a*e**4*m**2*x**2 + 19*a*e**4*m*x**2 + 12*a*e**4*x**2 + 2*b*d**3*e*m + 8*b
*d**3*e - 2*b*d**2*e**2*m**2*x - 8*b*d**2*e**2*m*x + b*d*e**3*m**3*x**2 +
5*b*d*e**3*m**2*x**2 + 4*b*d*e**3*m*x**2 + b*e**4*m**3*x**3 + 7*b*e**4*m**
2*x**3 + 14*b*e**4*m*x**3 + 8*b*e**4*x**3 - 6*c*d**4 + 6*c*d**3*e*m*x - 3*
c*d**2*e**2*m**2*x**2 - 3*c*d**2*e**2*m*x**2 + c*d*e**3*m**3*x**3 + 3*c*d*
e**3*m**2*x**3 + 2*c*d*e**3*m*x**3 + c*e**4*m**3*x**4 + 6*c*e**4*m**2*x**4
+ 11*c*e**4*m*x**4 + 6*c*e**4*x**4))/(e**4*(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50
*m + 24))

```


3.120 $\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	1212
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1212
Rubi [A] (verified)	1213
Maple [A] (verified)	1214
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1215
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1215
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1216
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1217
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1217
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1218

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(d + ex)^{1+m}}{e^3(1+m)} - \frac{(2cd - be)(d + ex)^{2+m}}{e^3(2+m)} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{3+m}}{e^3(3+m)}$$

output

```
(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/e^3/(1+m)-(-b*e+2*c*d)*(e*x+d)^(2+m)/e^3/(2+m)+c*(e*x+d)^(3+m)/e^3/(3+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{(cd^2 - e(bd - ae))(d + ex)^{1+m}}{e^3(1+m)} - \frac{(2cd - be)(d + ex)^{2+m}}{e^3(2+m)} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{3+m}}{e^3(3+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{((c*d^2 - e*(b*d - a*e))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(e^3*(1 + m)) - ((2*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)^(2 + m))/(e^3*(2 + m)) + (c*(d + e*x)^(3 + m))/(e^3*(3 + m))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {1140, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx + cx^2) (d + ex)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 1140$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(d + ex)^m (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^2} + \frac{(be - 2cd)(d + ex)^{m+1}}{e^2} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{m+2}}{e^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{m+1} (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^3(m + 1)} - \frac{(2cd - be)(d + ex)^{m+2}}{e^3(m + 2)} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{m+3}}{e^3(m + 3)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(e^3*(1 + m)) - ((2*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)^(2 + m))/(e^3*(2 + m)) + (c*(d + e*x)^(3 + m))/(e^3*(3 + m))$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 201 vs. $2(82) = 164$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(ade^2m^2 + 2cd^3 - 3bd^2e + 6ade^2 + (ce^3m^2 + 3ce^3m + 2ce^3)x^3 + (3be^3 + (cde^2 + be^3)m^2 + (cde^2 + 4e^3m + 6e^3)x^2 + e^3m^3 + 6e^3m^2 + \dots)}{e^3m^3 + 6e^3m^2 + \dots}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(a*d*e^2*m^2 + 2*c*d^3 - 3*b*d^2*e + 6*a*d*e^2 + (c*e^3*m^2 + 3*c*e^3*m + 2*c*e^3)*x^3 + (3*b*e^3 + (c*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*m^2 + (c*d*e^2 + 4*b*e^3)*m)*x^2 - (b*d^2*e - 5*a*d*e^2)*m + (6*a*e^3 + (b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*m^2 - (2*c*d^2*e - 3*b*d*e^2 - 5*a*e^3)*m)*x)*(e*x + d)^m/(e^3*m^3 + 6*e^3*m^2 + 11*e^3*m + 6*e^3)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1416 vs. $2(70) = 140$.

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1416, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.27

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((d**m*(a*x + b*x**2/2 + c*x**3/3), Eq(e, 0)), (-a*e**2/(2*d**2*e
**3 + 4*d*e**4*x + 2*e**5*x**2) - b*d*e/(2*d**2*e**3 + 4*d*e**4*x + 2*e**5
*x**2) - 2*b*e**2*x/(2*d**2*e**3 + 4*d*e**4*x + 2*e**5*x**2) + 2*c*d**2*lo
g(d/e + x)/(2*d**2*e**3 + 4*d*e**4*x + 2*e**5*x**2) + 3*c*d**2/(2*d**2*e**
3 + 4*d*e**4*x + 2*e**5*x**2) + 4*c*d*e*x*log(d/e + x)/(2*d**2*e**3 + 4*d*
e**4*x + 2*e**5*x**2) + 4*c*d*e*x/(2*d**2*e**3 + 4*d*e**4*x + 2*e**5*x**2)
+ 2*c*e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(2*d**2*e**3 + 4*d*e**4*x + 2*e**5*x**2), Eq
(m, -3)), (-a*e**2/(d*e**3 + e**4*x) + b*d*e*log(d/e + x)/(d*e**3 + e**4*x
) + b*d*e/(d*e**3 + e**4*x) + b*e**2*x*log(d/e + x)/(d*e**3 + e**4*x) - 2*
c*d**2*log(d/e + x)/(d*e**3 + e**4*x) - 2*c*d**2/(d*e**3 + e**4*x) - 2*c*d
*e*x*log(d/e + x)/(d*e**3 + e**4*x) + c*e**2*x**2/(d*e**3 + e**4*x), Eq(m,
-2)), (a*log(d/e + x)/e - b*d*log(d/e + x)/e**2 + b*x/e + c*d**2*log(d/e
+ x)/e**3 - c*d*x/e**2 + c*x**2/(2*e), Eq(m, -1)), (a*d*e**2*m**2*(d + e*x
)**m/(e**3*m**3 + 6*e**3*m**2 + 11*e**3*m + 6*e**3) + 5*a*d*e**2*m*(d + e*
x)**m/(e**3*m**3 + 6*e**3*m**2 + 11*e**3*m + 6*e**3) + 6*a*d*e**2*(d + e*x
)**m/(e**3*m**3 + 6*e**3*m**2 + 11*e**3*m + 6*e**3) + a*e**3*m**2*x*(d + e
*x)**m/(e**3*m**3 + 6*e**3*m**2 + 11*e**3*m + 6*e**3) + 5*a*e**3*m*x*(d +
e*x)**m/(e**3*m**3 + 6*e**3*m**2 + 11*e**3*m + 6*e**3) + 6*a*e**3*x*(d + e
*x)**m/(e**3*m**3 + 6*e**3*m**2 + 11*e**3*m + 6*e**3) - b*d**2*e*m*(d + e*
x)**m/(e**3*m**3 + 6*e**3*m**2 + 11*e**3*m + 6*e**3) - 3*b*d**2*e*(d + ...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(e^2(m+1)x^2 + demx - d^2)(ex + d)^m b}{(m^2 + 3m + 2)e^2} + \frac{(ex + d)^{m+1} a}{e(m+1)}$$

$$+ \frac{((m^2 + 3m + 2)e^3 x^3 + (m^2 + m)de^2 x^2 - 2d^2 emx + 2d^3)(ex + d)^m c}{(m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6)e^3}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(e^2*(m + 1)*x^2 + d*e*m*x - d^2)*(e*x + d)^m*b/((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^2) + (e
*x + d)^(m + 1)*a/(e*(m + 1)) + ((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^3*x^3 + (m^2 + m)*d*e^2
*x^2 - 2*d^2*e*m*x + 2*d^3)*(e*x + d)^m*c/((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^3)
```


output

```
(d + e*x)^m*((c*x^3*(3*m + m^2 + 2))/(11*m + 6*m^2 + m^3 + 6) + (d*(6*a*e^2 + 2*c*d^2 + a*e^2*m^2 - 3*b*d*e + 5*a*e^2*m - b*d*e*m))/(e^3*(11*m + 6*m^2 + m^3 + 6)) + (x*(6*a*e^3 + a*e^3*m^2 + 5*a*e^3*m + 3*b*d*e^2*m - 2*c*d^2*e*m + b*d*e^2*m^2))/(e^3*(11*m + 6*m^2 + m^3 + 6)) + (x^2*(m + 1)*(3*b*e + b*e*m + c*d*m))/(e*(11*m + 6*m^2 + m^3 + 6)))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex + d)^m (ce^3m^2x^3 + be^3m^2x^2 + cde^2m^2x^2 + 3ce^3mx^3 + ae^3m^2x + bde^2m^2x + 4be^3mx^2 + cde^2mx)}{e^3}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
((d + e*x)**m*(a*d*e**2*m**2 + 5*a*d*e**2*m + 6*a*d*e**2 + a*e**3*m**2*x + 5*a*e**3*m*x + 6*a*e**3*x - b*d**2*e*m - 3*b*d**2*e + b*d*e**2*m**2*x + 3*b*d*e**2*m*x + b*e**3*m**2*x**2 + 4*b*e**3*m*x**2 + 3*b*e**3*x**2 + 2*c*d**3 - 2*c*d**2*e*m*x + c*d*e**2*m**2*x**2 + c*d*e**2*m*x**2 + c*e**3*m**2*x**3 + 3*c*e**3*m*x**3 + 2*c*e**3*x**3))/(e**3*(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6))
```

3.121 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1219
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1219
Rubi [A] (verified)	1220
Maple [F]	1221
Fricas [F]	1221
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1222
Maxima [F]	1223
Giac [F]	1223
Mupad [F(-1)]	1223
Reduce [F]	1224

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{x} dx = -\frac{(cd-be)(d+ex)^{1+m}}{e^2(1+m)} + \frac{c(d+ex)^{2+m}}{e^2(2+m)} - \frac{a(d+ex)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, 1+\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{d(1+m)}$$

output

```
-(-b*e+c*d)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/e^2/(1+m)+c*(e*x+d)^(2+m)/e^2/(2+m)-a*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m],[2+m],1+e*x/d)/d/(1+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{1+m} (-bde(2+m) + cd(d-e(1+m)x) + ae^2(2+m) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1, 1+m, 2+m, 1+\frac{ex}{d}))}{de^2(1+m)(2+m)}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/x,x]`

output `-(((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(-(b*d*e*(2 + m)) + c*d*(d - e*(1 + m)*x) + a*e^2*(2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + (e*x)/d]))/(d*e^2*(1 + m)*(2 + m))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)(d + ex)^m}{x} dx$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(\frac{a(d + ex)^m}{x} + \frac{(be - cd)(d + ex)^m}{e} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{m+1}}{e} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a(d + ex)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m + 1, m + 2, \frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)}{d(m + 1)} - \frac{(cd - be)(d + ex)^{m+1}}{e^2(m + 1)} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{m+2}}{e^2(m + 2)}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/x,x]`

output `-(((c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(e^2*(1 + m))) + (c*(d + e*x)^(2 + m))/(e^2*(2 + m)) - (a*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + (e*x)/d])/(d*(1 + m))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1195

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)}{x} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)(ex + d)^m}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/x, x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.71

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{x} dx = -\frac{ae^{m+1}m\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)^{m+1} \Phi\left(1+\frac{ex}{d}, 1, m+1\right) \Gamma(m+1)}{d\Gamma(m+2)}$$

$$- \frac{ae^{m+1}\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)^{m+1} \Phi\left(1+\frac{ex}{d}, 1, m+1\right) \Gamma(m+1)}{d\Gamma(m+2)}$$

$$+ b \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} d^m x \quad \text{for } e = 0 \\ \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1}}{m+1} \quad \text{for } m \neq -1 \\ \log(d+ex) \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ e \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

$$+ c \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{d^m x^2}{2} \quad \text{for } e = 0 \\ \frac{d \log\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)}{de^2+e^3x} + \frac{d}{de^2+e^3x} + \frac{ex \log\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)}{de^2+e^3x} \quad \text{for } m = -2 \\ -\frac{d \log\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)}{e^2} + \frac{x}{e} \quad \text{for } m = -1 \\ -\frac{d^2(d+ex)^m}{e^2m^2+3e^2m+2e^2} + \frac{demx(d+ex)^m}{e^2m^2+3e^2m+2e^2} + \frac{e^2mx^2(d+ex)^m}{e^2m^2+3e^2m+2e^2} + \frac{e^2x^2(d+ex)^m}{e^2m^2+3e^2m+2e^2} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a)/x,x)`output `-a*e**(m+1)*m*(d/e+x)**(m+1)*lerchphi(1+e*x/d, 1, m+1)*gamma(m+1)/(d*gamma(m+2)) - a*e**(m+1)*(d/e+x)**(m+1)*lerchphi(1+e*x/d, 1, m+1)*gamma(m+1)/(d*gamma(m+2)) + b*Piecewise((d**m*x, Eq(e, 0)), (Piecewise(((d+e*x)**(m+1)/(m+1), Ne(m, -1)), (log(d+e*x), True)))/e, True)) + c*Piecewise((d**m*x**2/2, Eq(e, 0)), (d*log(d/e+x)/(d*e**2+e**3*x) + d/(d*e**2+e**3*x) + e*x*log(d/e+x)/(d*e**2+e**3*x), Eq(m, -2)), (-d*log(d/e+x)/e**2+x/e, Eq(m, -1)), (-d**2*(d+e*x)**m/(e**2*m**2+3*e**2*m+2*e**2) + d*e*m*x*(d+e*x)**m/(e**2*m**2+3*e**2*m+2*e**2) + e**2*m*x**2*(d+e*x)**m/(e**2*m**2+3*e**2*m+2*e**2) + e**2*x**2*(d+e*x)**m/(e**2*m**2+3*e**2*m+2*e**2), True))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)(ex + d)^m}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(e*x + d)^(m + 1)*b/(e*(m + 1)) + integrate((c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^m/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)(ex + d)^m}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)}{x} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/x,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex+d)^m a e^2 m^2 + 3(ex+d)^m a e^2 m + 2(ex+d)^m a e^2 + (ex+d)^m b d e m^2 + 2(ex+d)^m b d e m + (ex+d)^m b d e + (ex+d)^m c e^2 m^2 + 2(ex+d)^m c e^2 m + (ex+d)^m c e^2}{e^2 m^2 + 3e^2 m + 2e^2} + \frac{(ex+d)^m b d e m^2 + 2(ex+d)^m b d e m + (ex+d)^m b d e}{e^2 m^2 + 3e^2 m + 2e^2} + \frac{(ex+d)^m c e^2 m^2 + 2(ex+d)^m c e^2 m + (ex+d)^m c e^2}{e^2 m^2 + 3e^2 m + 2e^2}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x,x)`

output `((d + e*x)**m*a*e**2*m**2 + 3*(d + e*x)**m*a*e**2*m + 2*(d + e*x)**m*a*e**2 + (d + e*x)**m*b*d*e*m**2 + 2*(d + e*x)**m*b*d*e*m + (d + e*x)**m*b*e**2*m**2*x + 2*(d + e*x)**m*b*e**2*m*x - (d + e*x)**m*c*d**2*m + (d + e*x)**m*c*d*e*m**2*x + (d + e*x)**m*c*e**2*m**2*x**2 + (d + e*x)**m*c*e**2*m*x**2 + int((d + e*x)**m/(d*x + e*x**2),x)*a*d*e**2*m**3 + 3*int((d + e*x)**m/(d*x + e*x**2),x)*a*d*e**2*m**2 + 2*int((d + e*x)**m/(d*x + e*x**2),x)*a*d*e**2*m)/(e**2*m*(m**2 + 3*m + 2))`

3.122 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1225
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1225
Rubi [A] (verified)	1226
Maple [F]	1228
Fricas [F]	1228
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1229
Maxima [F]	1230
Giac [F]	1230
Mupad [F(-1)]	1230
Reduce [F]	1231

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{x^2} dx = \frac{c(d+ex)^{1+m}}{e(1+m)} - \frac{a(d+ex)^{1+m}}{dx} - \frac{(bd+aem)(d+ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, 1+\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{d^2(1+m)}$$

output

```
c*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/e/(1+m)-a*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/d/x-(a*e*m+b*d)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 1+e*x/d)/d^2/(1+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{x^2} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{1+m} (cd^2 - bde \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, 1+\frac{ex}{d}\right) + ae^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+m, 3+m, 1+\frac{ex}{d}\right))}{d^2 e(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/x^2,x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + (e*x)/d] + a*e^2*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + (e*x)/d]))/(d^2*e*(1 + m))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {1193, 25, 90, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)(d + ex)^m}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1193 \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{(bd+cx+d+ae)(d+ex)^m}{x} dx}{d} - \frac{a(d+ex)^{m+1}}{dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(bd+cx+d+ae)(d+ex)^m}{x} dx}{d} - \frac{a(d+ex)^{m+1}}{dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 90 \\
 & \frac{(aem + bd) \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{x} dx + \frac{cd(d+ex)^{m+1}}{e(m+1)}}{d} - \frac{a(d+ex)^{m+1}}{dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 75 \\
 & \frac{\frac{cd(d+ex)^{m+1}}{e(m+1)} - \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1}(aem+bd) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{ex}{d} + 1)}{d(m+1)}}{d} - \frac{a(d+ex)^{m+1}}{dx}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/x^2,x]`

output

```

-((a*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(d*x)) + ((c*d*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(e*(1 + m)) - ((
b*d + a*e*m)*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + (e*x
)/d])/(d*(1 + m)))/d

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```

Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]

```

rule 75

```

Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x
)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^(m)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 +
d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m]
|| GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])

```

rule 90

```

Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p
+ 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n,
p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]

```

rule 1193

```

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x
+ c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d +
e*x, x]}, Simp[R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g))
), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*Ex
pandToSum[(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*Qx - g*R*(m + n + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[2*m, -2] && !IntegerQ[n]
&& !(EqQ[m, -2] && EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0])

```


Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^2,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)(ex + d)^m}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/x^2, x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{ae^{m+2}m\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)^{m+1}\Gamma(m+1)}{dex\Gamma(m+2)} - \frac{ae^{m+2}\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)^{m+1}\Gamma(m+1)}{dex\Gamma(m+2)} - \frac{ae^{m+2}m^2\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)^{m+1}\Phi\left(1+\frac{ex}{d},1,m+1\right)\Gamma(m+1)}{d^2\Gamma(m+2)} - \frac{ae^{m+2}m\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)^{m+1}\Phi\left(1+\frac{ex}{d},1,m+1\right)\Gamma(m+1)}{d^2\Gamma(m+2)} - \frac{be^{m+1}m\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)^{m+1}\Phi\left(1+\frac{ex}{d},1,m+1\right)\Gamma(m+1)}{d\Gamma(m+2)} - \frac{be^{m+1}\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)^{m+1}\Phi\left(1+\frac{ex}{d},1,m+1\right)\Gamma(m+1)}{d\Gamma(m+2)} + c \left(\begin{array}{ll} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d^m x \\ \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1}}{m+1} \\ \log(d+ex) \end{array} \right. & \begin{array}{l} \text{for } e=0 \\ \text{for } m \neq -1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a)/x**2,x)`output `-a*e**(m+2)*m*(d/e+x)**(m+1)*gamma(m+1)/(d*e*x*gamma(m+2)) - a*e**
(m+2)(d/e+x)**(m+1)*gamma(m+1)/(d*e*x*gamma(m+2)) - a*e**(m+2)*m**2*(d/e+x)**(m+1)*lerchphi(1+e*x/d,1,m+1)*gamma(m+1)/(d*
*2*gamma(m+2)) - a*e**(m+2)*m*(d/e+x)**(m+1)*lerchphi(1+e*x/d,1,m+1)*gamma(m+1)/(d**2*gamma(m+2)) - b*e**(m+1)*m*(d/e+x)**(m+1)*lerchphi(1+e*x/d,1,m+1)*gamma(m+1)/(d*gamma(m+2)) - b*e**(m+1)*(d/e+x)**(m+1)*lerchphi(1+e*x/d,1,m+1)*gamma(m+1)/(d*gamma(m+2)) + c*Piecewise((d**m*x, Eq(e,0)), (Piecewise(((d+e*x)**(m+1)/(m+1), Ne(m,-1)), (log(d+e*x), True))/e, True))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)(ex + d)^m}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(e*x + d)^(m + 1)*c/(e*(m + 1)) + integrate((b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)(ex + d)^m}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/x^2,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-(ex+d)^m aem^2 - (ex+d)^m aem + (ex+d)^m bex + (ex+d)^m bex + (ex+d)^m cdmx + (ex+d)^m}{em}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^2,x)`

output `(- (d + e*x)**m*a*e*m**2 - (d + e*x)**m*a*e*m + (d + e*x)**m*b*e*m*x + (d + e*x)**m*b*e*x + (d + e*x)**m*c*d*m*x + (d + e*x)**m*c*e*m*x**2 + int((d + e*x)**m/(d*x + e*x**2),x)*a*e**2*m**3*x + int((d + e*x)**m/(d*x + e*x**2),x)*a*e**2*m**2*x + int((d + e*x)**m/(d*x + e*x**2),x)*b*d*e*m**2*x + int((d + e*x)**m/(d*x + e*x**2),x)*b*d*e*m*x)/(e*m*x*(m + 1))`

3.123 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1232
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1232
Rubi [A] (verified)	1233
Maple [F]	1235
Fricas [F]	1235
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1235
Maxima [F]	1236
Giac [F]	1237
Mupad [F(-1)]	1237
Reduce [F]	1237

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a(d+ex)^{1+m}}{2dx^2} + \frac{c(d+ex)^{1+m}}{emx} + \frac{(2cd^2 + e(2bd - ae(1 - m))m) (d+ex)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(2, 1+m, 2+m, 1 + \frac{ex}{d})}{2d^3m(1+m)}$$

output

```
-1/2*a*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/d/x^2+c*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/e/m/x+1/2*(2*c*d^2+e*(2*b*d-a*e*(1-m))*m)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([2, 1+m],[2+m],1+e*x/d)/d^3/m/(1+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{x^3} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{1+m} (cd^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1, 1+m, 2+m, 1 + \frac{ex}{d}) + e(-bd \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(2, 1+m, 2+m, 1 + \frac{ex}{d})))}{d^3(1+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-(((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(c*d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + (e*x)/d] + e*(-(b*d*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + (e*x)/d]) + a*e*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + (e*x)/d])))/(d^3*(1 + m))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {1193, 25, 87, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)(d + ex)^m}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1193 \\
 & \int \frac{(2bd + 2cxd - ae(1-m))(d + ex)^m}{x^2} dx - \frac{a(d + ex)^{m+1}}{2dx^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \int \frac{(2bd + 2cxd - ae(1-m))(d + ex)^m}{x^2} dx - \frac{a(d + ex)^{m+1}}{2dx^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(em(2bd - ae(1-m)) + 2cd^2) \int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{x} dx}{2d} - \frac{(d + ex)^{m+1}(2bd - ae(1-m))}{dx} - \frac{a(d + ex)^{m+1}}{2dx^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 75 \\
 & \frac{(d + ex)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{ex}{d} + 1\right) (em(2bd - ae(1-m)) + 2cd^2)}{d^2(m+1)} - \frac{(d + ex)^{m+1}(2bd - ae(1-m))}{dx} - \frac{2d}{a(d + ex)^{m+1}} \\
 & \quad \frac{2d}{2dx^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(a*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(d*x^2) + (-(((2*b*d - a*e*(1 - m))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(d*x)) - ((2*c*d^2 + e*(2*b*d - a*e*(1 - m))*m)*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + (e*x)/d])/(d^2*(1 + m)))/(2*d)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 75

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(- (b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))
```

rule 1193

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x]}, Simp[R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g))], x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*Qx - g*R*(m + n + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[2*m, -2] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[m, -2] && EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^3,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)(ex + d)^m}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/x^3, x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1006 vs. $2(82) = 164$.

Time = 5.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1006, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.58

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a)/x**3,x)`

output

```

a*d**2*e**(m + 3)*m**3*(d/e + x)**(m + 1)*lerchphi(1 + e*x/d, 1, m + 1)*ga
mma(m + 1)/(-2*d**5*gamma(m + 2) - 4*d**4*e*x*gamma(m + 2) + 2*d**3*e**2*(
d/e + x)**2*gamma(m + 2)) - a*d**2*e**(m + 3)*m*(d/e + x)**(m + 1)*lerchph
i(1 + e*x/d, 1, m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(-2*d**5*gamma(m + 2) - 4*d**4*e*x*gam
ma(m + 2) + 2*d**3*e**2*(d/e + x)**2*gamma(m + 2)) - a*d**2*e**(m + 3)*m*(
d/e + x)**(m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(-2*d**5*gamma(m + 2) - 4*d**4*e*x*gamma(m
+ 2) + 2*d**3*e**2*(d/e + x)**2*gamma(m + 2)) - a*d**2*e**(m + 3)*(d/e + x
)**(m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(-2*d**5*gamma(m + 2) - 4*d**4*e*x*gamma(m + 2) +
2*d**3*e**2*(d/e + x)**2*gamma(m + 2)) + 2*a*d*e*e**(m + 3)*m**3*x*(d/e +
x)**(m + 1)*lerchphi(1 + e*x/d, 1, m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(-2*d**5*gamma(m +
2) - 4*d**4*e*x*gamma(m + 2) + 2*d**3*e**2*(d/e + x)**2*gamma(m + 2)) - a*
d*e*e**(m + 3)*m**2*x*(d/e + x)**(m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(-2*d**5*gamma(m + 2
) - 4*d**4*e*x*gamma(m + 2) + 2*d**3*e**2*(d/e + x)**2*gamma(m + 2)) - 2*a
*d*e*e**(m + 3)*m*x*(d/e + x)**(m + 1)*lerchphi(1 + e*x/d, 1, m + 1)*gamma
(m + 1)/(-2*d**5*gamma(m + 2) - 4*d**4*e*x*gamma(m + 2) + 2*d**3*e**2*(d/e
+ x)**2*gamma(m + 2)) + a*d*e*e**(m + 3)*x*(d/e + x)**(m + 1)*gamma(m + 1
)/(-2*d**5*gamma(m + 2) - 4*d**4*e*x*gamma(m + 2) + 2*d**3*e**2*(d/e + x)*
**2*gamma(m + 2)) - a*e**2*e**(m + 3)*m**3*(d/e + x)**2*(d/e + x)**(m + 1)*
lerchphi(1 + e*x/d, 1, m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(-2*d**5*gamma(m + 2) - 4*d**4*
e*x*gamma(m + 2) + 2*d**3*e**2*(d/e + x)**2*gamma(m + 2)) + a*e**2*e**(...
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)(ex + d)^m}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/x^3, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)(ex+d)^m}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (cx^2+bx+a)}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/x^3,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{x^3} dx = \frac{-(ex+d)^m adm - (ex+d)^m ae m^2 x - 2(ex+d)^m bdmx + 2(ex+d)^m cd x^2 + \left(\int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{ex^2+dx} dx \right) a e^2 m^3 x^2}{2dm x^2}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - (d + e*x)**m*a*d*m - (d + e*x)**m*a*e*m**2*x - 2*(d + e*x)**m*b*d*m*x
+ 2*(d + e*x)**m*c*d*x**2 + int((d + e*x)**m/(d*x + e*x**2),x)*a*e**2*m**3
*x**2 - int((d + e*x)**m/(d*x + e*x**2),x)*a*e**2*m**2*x**2 + 2*int((d + e
*x)**m/(d*x + e*x**2),x)*b*d*e*m**2*x**2 + 2*int((d + e*x)**m/(d*x + e*x**
2),x)*c*d**2*m*x**2)/(2*d*m*x**2)
```

3.124 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{-2+m}(a+bx+cx^2)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1239
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1239
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{-2+m}(a+bx+cx^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a(d+ex)^{-1+m}}{2dx^2} - \frac{c(d+ex)^{-1+m}}{e(2-m)x} + \frac{(2cd^2 - e(2bd - ae(3-m))(2-m))(d+ex)^{-1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(2, -1+m, m, 1 + \frac{ex}{d})}{2d^3(1-m)(2-m)}$$

output

```
-1/2*a*(e*x+d)^(-1+m)/d/x^2-c*(e*x+d)^(-1+m)/e/(2-m)/x+1/2*(2*c*d^2-e*(2*b*d-a*e*(3-m))*(2-m))*(e*x+d)^(-1+m)*hypergeom([2, -1+m], [m], 1+e*x/d)/d^3/(1-m)/(2-m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{-2+m}(a+bx+cx^2)}{x^3} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{-1+m} (cd^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1, -1+m, m, 1 + \frac{ex}{d}) + e(-bd \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(2, -1+m, m, 1 + \frac{ex}{d}) - cd^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1, -1+m, m, 1 + \frac{ex}{d})))}{d^3(-1+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x)^(-2 + m)*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/x^3,x]
```

output

```

-(((d + e*x)^(-1 + m)*(c*d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -1 + m, m, 1 + (e*x)/d]
+ e*(-(b*d*Hypergeometric2F1[2, -1 + m, m, 1 + (e*x)/d]) + a*e*Hypergeomet
ric2F1[3, -1 + m, m, 1 + (e*x)/d])))/(d^3*(-1 + m))

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {1193, 25, 87, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)(d + ex)^{m-2}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1193} \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{(2bd+2cxd-ae(3-m))(d+ex)^{m-2}}{x^2} dx}{2d} - \frac{a(d+ex)^{m-1}}{2dx^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(2bd+2cxd-ae(3-m))(d+ex)^{m-2}}{x^2} dx}{2d} - \frac{a(d+ex)^{m-1}}{2dx^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & \frac{(2cd^2-e(2-m)(2bd-ae(3-m))) \int \frac{(d+ex)^{m-2}}{x} dx}{2d} - \frac{(d+ex)^{m-1}(2bd-ae(3-m))}{dx} - \frac{a(d+ex)^{m-1}}{2dx^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^{m-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m-1, m, \frac{ex}{d}+1\right) (2cd^2-e(2-m)(2bd-ae(3-m)))}{d^2(1-m)} - \frac{(d+ex)^{m-1}(2bd-ae(3-m))}{dx} - \frac{2d}{2dx^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \frac{a(d+ex)^{m-1}}{2dx^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```

Int[((d + e*x)^(-2 + m)*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/x^3,x]

```

output

```
-1/2*(a*(d + e*x)^(-1 + m))/(d*x^2) + (-(((2*b*d - a*e*(3 - m))*(d + e*x)^
(-1 + m))/(d*x)) + ((2*c*d^2 - e*(2*b*d - a*e*(3 - m))*(2 - m))*(d + e*x)^
(-1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -1 + m, m, 1 + (e*x)/d])/(d^2*(1 - m)))/(2*d
)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 75

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)
)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 +
d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m]
|| GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))
```

rule 1193

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x
+ c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d +
e*x, x]}, Simp[R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g))
), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*Ex
pandToSum[(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*Qx - g*R*(m + n + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[2*m, -2] && !IntegerQ[n]
&& !(EqQ[m, -2] && EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^{-2+m} (cx^2 + bx + a)}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(-2+m)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^3,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^(-2+m)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{-2+m} (a + bx + cx^2)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)(ex + d)^{m-2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-2+m)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^(m - 2)/x^3, x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1527 vs. $2(85) = 170$.

Time = 13.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1527, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.83

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{-2+m} (a + bx + cx^2)}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(-2+m)*(c*x**2+b*x+a)/x**3,x)`

output

```

a*d**2*e**(m + 1)*m**3*(d/e + x)**(m - 1)*lerchphi(1 + e*x/d, 1, m - 1)*ga
mma(m - 1)/(-2*d**5*gamma(m) - 4*d**4*e*x*gamma(m) + 2*d**3*e**2*(d/e + x)
**2*gamma(m)) - 6*a*d**2*e**(m + 1)*m**2*(d/e + x)**(m - 1)*lerchphi(1 + e
*x/d, 1, m - 1)*gamma(m - 1)/(-2*d**5*gamma(m) - 4*d**4*e*x*gamma(m) + 2*d
**3*e**2*(d/e + x)**2*gamma(m)) + 11*a*d**2*e**(m + 1)*m*(d/e + x)**(m - 1
)*lerchphi(1 + e*x/d, 1, m - 1)*gamma(m - 1)/(-2*d**5*gamma(m) - 4*d**4*e*
*x*gamma(m) + 2*d**3*e**2*(d/e + x)**2*gamma(m)) - a*d**2*e**(m + 1)*m*(d/e
+ x)**(m - 1)*gamma(m - 1)/(-2*d**5*gamma(m) - 4*d**4*e*x*gamma(m) + 2*d*
**3*e**2*(d/e + x)**2*gamma(m)) - 6*a*d**2*e**(m + 1)*(d/e + x)**(m - 1)*le
rchphi(1 + e*x/d, 1, m - 1)*gamma(m - 1)/(-2*d**5*gamma(m) - 4*d**4*e*x*ga
mma(m) + 2*d**3*e**2*(d/e + x)**2*gamma(m)) + a*d**2*e**(m + 1)*(d/e + x)*
*(m - 1)*gamma(m - 1)/(-2*d**5*gamma(m) - 4*d**4*e*x*gamma(m) + 2*d**3*e**
2*(d/e + x)**2*gamma(m)) + 2*a*d*e*e**(m + 1)*m**3*x*(d/e + x)**(m - 1)*le
rchphi(1 + e*x/d, 1, m - 1)*gamma(m - 1)/(-2*d**5*gamma(m) - 4*d**4*e*x*ga
mma(m) + 2*d**3*e**2*(d/e + x)**2*gamma(m)) - 12*a*d*e*e**(m + 1)*m**2*x*(
d/e + x)**(m - 1)*lerchphi(1 + e*x/d, 1, m - 1)*gamma(m - 1)/(-2*d**5*gamm
a(m) - 4*d**4*e*x*gamma(m) + 2*d**3*e**2*(d/e + x)**2*gamma(m)) - a*d*e*e*
*(m + 1)*m**2*x*(d/e + x)**(m - 1)*gamma(m - 1)/(-2*d**5*gamma(m) - 4*d**4
*e*x*gamma(m) + 2*d**3*e**2*(d/e + x)**2*gamma(m)) + 22*a*d*e*e**(m + 1)*m
*x*(d/e + x)**(m - 1)*lerchphi(1 + e*x/d, 1, m - 1)*gamma(m - 1)/(-2*d*...

```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{-2+m} (a + bx + cx^2)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)(ex + d)^{m-2}}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(-2+m)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^(m - 2)/x^3, x)
```


Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{-2+m} (a + bx + cx^2)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)(ex + d)^{m-2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-2+m)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^(m - 2)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{-2+m} (a + bx + cx^2)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^{m-2} (cx^2 + bx + a)}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/x^3,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{-2+m} (a + bx + cx^2)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-(ex + d)^m ad - (ex + d)^m aemx + 3(ex + d)^m aex - 2(ex + d)^m bdx + \left(\int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{e^2x^3+2dex^2+d^2x} dx \right) ad e^2m^2x}{e^2x^3+2dex^2+d^2x}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(-2+m)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - (d + e*x)**m*a*d - (d + e*x)**m*a*e*m*x + 3*(d + e*x)**m*a*e*x - 2*(d
+ e*x)**m*b*d*x + int((d + e*x)**m/(d**2*x + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**3),x)*a*
d*e**2*m**2*x**2 - 5*int((d + e*x)**m/(d**2*x + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**3),x)
*a*d*e**2*m*x**2 + 6*int((d + e*x)**m/(d**2*x + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**3),x)
*a*d*e**2*x**2 + int((d + e*x)**m/(d**2*x + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**3),x)*a*e
**3*m**2*x**3 - 5*int((d + e*x)**m/(d**2*x + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**3),x)*a*
e**3*m*x**3 + 6*int((d + e*x)**m/(d**2*x + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**3),x)*a*e
**3*x**3 + 2*int((d + e*x)**m/(d**2*x + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**3),x)*b*d**2*e
*m*x**2 - 4*int((d + e*x)**m/(d**2*x + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**3),x)*b*d**2*e
*x**2 + 2*int((d + e*x)**m/(d**2*x + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**3),x)*b*d*e**2*m
*x**3 - 4*int((d + e*x)**m/(d**2*x + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**3),x)*b*d*e**2*x
**3 + 2*int((d + e*x)**m/(d**2*x + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**3),x)*c*d**3*x**2
+ 2*int((d + e*x)**m/(d**2*x + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**3),x)*c*d**2*e*x**3)/(
2*d**2*x**2*(d + e*x))
```

3.125 $\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1246
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1247
Rubi [A] (verified)	1247
Maple [F]	1249
Fricas [F]	1249
Sympy [F(-2)]	1249
Maxima [F]	1250
Giac [F]	1250
Mupad [F(-1)]	1250
Reduce [F]	1251

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 290

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = -\frac{(cd+be)(d+ex)^{1+m}}{c^2e^2(1+m)} + \frac{(d+ex)^{2+m}}{ce^2(2+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(a - \frac{b^2}{c} + \frac{b(b^2-3ac)}{c\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) (d+ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{c(2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})e)(1+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(a - \frac{b^2}{c} - \frac{b(b^2-3ac)}{c\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) (d+ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{c(2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})e)(1+m)}$$

output

```

-(b*e+c*d)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/c^2/e^2/(1+m)+(e*x+d)^(2+m)/c/e^2/(2+m)+(a-b^2/c+
b*(-3*a*c+b^2)/c/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m
], 2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))/c/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))*e)/(1+m)+(a-b^2/c-b*(-3*a*c+b^2)/c/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)
*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))/c/
(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)/(1+m)
    
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{1+m} \left(\frac{(b^3-3abc-b^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+ac\sqrt{b^2-4ac}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,1+m,2+m,\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd+(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{2cd+(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e} - \frac{(b(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}))}{c^2} \right)}{c^2}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(((b^3 - 3*a*b*c - b^2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + a*c*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e) + (-((b*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e - 2*c*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 2*a*e))*(b*e*(2 + m) + c*(d - e*(1 + m)*x))) + (b^3 - 3*a*b*c + b^2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - a*c*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e^2*(2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(e^2*(-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)*(2 + m)))/((c^2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(1 + m))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

↓ 1200

$$\int \left(\frac{\left(-\frac{b(b^2-3ac)}{c^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - \frac{a}{c} + \frac{b^2}{c^2} \right) (d+ex)^m}{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac} + b + 2cx} + \frac{\left(\frac{b(b^2-3ac)}{c^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - \frac{a}{c} + \frac{b^2}{c^2} \right) (d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac} + b + 2cx} + \frac{(-be - cd)(d+ex)^m}{c^2e} + \frac{(d+ex)^m}{ce} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\left(\frac{b(b^2-3ac)}{c\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + a - \frac{b^2}{c} \right) (d+ex)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})e} \right)}{c(m+1) \left(2cd - e \left(b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac} \right) \right)} +$$

$$\frac{\left(-\frac{b(b^2-3ac)}{c\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + a - \frac{b^2}{c} \right) (d+ex)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})e} \right)}{c(m+1) \left(2cd - e \left(\sqrt{b^2-4ac} + b \right) \right)}$$

$$\frac{(be + cd)(d+ex)^{m+1}}{c^2e^2(m+1)} + \frac{(d+ex)^{m+2}}{ce^2(m+2)}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `-(((c*d + b*e)*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(c^2*e^2*(1 + m))) + (d + e*x)^(2 + m)/(c*e^2*(2 + m)) + ((a - b^2/c + (b*(b^2 - 3*a*c))/(c*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(c*(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)*(1 + m)) + ((a - b^2/c - (b*(b^2 - 3*a*c))/(c*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(c*(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)*(1 + m))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1200 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(ex + d)^m}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

output `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d + ex)^m}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m x^3}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^m*x^3/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d + ex)^m}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)**m/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^m x^3}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m*x^3/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^m x^3}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m*x^3/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^m}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`

output `int((x^3*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

output

```
((d + e*x)**m*a*b*e**2*m**2 + 3*(d + e*x)**m*a*b*e**2*m + 2*(d + e*x)**m*a
*b*e**2 - (d + e*x)**m*a*c*d*e**m**2 - 3*(d + e*x)**m*a*c*d*e*m - 2*(d + e
*x)**m*a*c*d*e + (d + e*x)**m*b**2*d*e*m + 2*(d + e*x)**m*b**2*d*e - (d + e
*x)**m*b**2*e**2*m**2*x - 2*(d + e*x)**m*b**2*e**2*m*x - (d + e*x)**m*b*c
*d**2*m + (d + e*x)**m*b*c*d*e**m**2*x + (d + e*x)**m*b*c*e**2*m**2*x**2 + (
d + e*x)**m*b*c*e**2*m*x**2 - int((d + e*x)**m/(a*d + a*e*x + b*d*x + b*e
x**2 + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*a**2*b*e**3*m**3 - 3*int((d + e*x)**m/(a*d
+ a*e*x + b*d*x + b*e*x**2 + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*a**2*b*e**3*m**2 - 2*
int((d + e*x)**m/(a*d + a*e*x + b*d*x + b*e*x**2 + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)
*a**2*b*e**3*m + int((d + e*x)**m/(a*d + a*e*x + b*d*x + b*e*x**2 + c*d*x*
*2 + c*e*x**3),x)*a**2*c*d*e**2*m**3 + 3*int((d + e*x)**m/(a*d + a*e*x +
b*d*x + b*e*x**2 + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*a**2*c*d*e**2*m**2 + 2*int((d +
e*x)**m/(a*d + a*e*x + b*d*x + b*e*x**2 + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*a**2*c*d
*e**2*m - 2*int(((d + e*x)**m*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x + b*d*x + b*e*x**2 + c*d*
x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*a*b*c*e**3*m**3 - 6*int(((d + e*x)**m*x**2)/(a*d + a*e
*x + b*d*x + b*e*x**2 + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*a*b*c*e**3*m**2 - 4*int(((
d + e*x)**m*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x + b*d*x + b*e*x**2 + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x
)*a*b*c*e**3*m + int(((d + e*x)**m*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x + b*d*x + b*e*x**2 +
c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*a*c**2*d*e**2*m**3 + 3*int(((d + e*x)**m*x**2)/(a
*d + a*e*x + b*d*x + b*e*x**2 + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*a*c**2*d*e**2*m...
```


3.126 $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1252
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1253
Rubi [A] (verified)	1253
Maple [F]	1255
Fricas [F]	1255
Sympy [F]	1255
Maxima [F]	1256
Giac [F]	1256
Mupad [F(-1)]	1256
Reduce [F]	1257

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 237

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{1+m}}{ce(1+m)} + \frac{\left(b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) (d+ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{c(2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})e)(1+m)} + \frac{\left(b + \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) (d+ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{c(2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})e)(1+m)}$$

output

```
(e*x+d)^(1+m)/c/e/(1+m)+(b-(-2*a*c+b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*
hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))/c/(
2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)/(1+m)+(b+(-2*a*c+b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*
(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))*e))/c/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)/(1+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx =$$

$$2(d+ex)^{1+m} \left(2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cd^2 + e(-bd+ae)) + e(-b^2d+2acd + b\sqrt{b^2-4ac}d + abe - a\sqrt{b^2-4ac}d) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(-2*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)) + e*(-(b^2*d) + 2*a*c*d + b*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + a*b*e - a*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)] + e*(b^2*d - 2*a*c*d + b*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - a*b*e - a*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]))/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)*(-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)*(1 + m))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1200$$

$$\int \left(\frac{\left(\frac{b^2-2ac}{c\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - \frac{b}{c} \right) (d+ex)^m}{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac} + b + 2cx} + \frac{\left(-\frac{b^2-2ac}{c\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - \frac{b}{c} \right) (d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac} + b + 2cx} + \frac{(d+ex)^m}{c} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\left(b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) (d + ex)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m + 1, m + 2, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)}{c(m + 1) \left(2cd - e \left(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\right)\right)} +$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + b\right) (d + ex)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m + 1, m + 2, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)}{c(m + 1) \left(2cd - e \left(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b\right)\right)} +$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{m+1}}{ce(m + 1)}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(d + e*x)^(1 + m)/(c*e*(1 + m)) + ((b - (b^2 - 2*a*c)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(c*(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)*(1 + m)) + ((b + (b^2 - 2*a*c)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(c*(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)*(1 + m))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1200 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)]/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(ex + d)^m}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

output `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d + ex)^m}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m x^2}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^m*x^2/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d + ex)^m}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2(d + ex)^m}{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)**m/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(d + e*x)**m/(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^m x^2}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m*x^2/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^m x^2}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m*x^2/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^m}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`

output `int((x^2*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-(ex+d)^m aem - (ex+d)^m ae - (ex+d)^m bd + (ex+d)^m bema + \left(\int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{ce x^3 + be x^2 + cd x^2 + aex + bdx + ad} dx \right) a}{}$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

output `(- (d + e*x)**m*a*e*m - (d + e*x)**m*a*e - (d + e*x)**m*b*d + (d + e*x)**m*b*e*m*x + int((d + e*x)**m/(a*d + a*e*x + b*d*x + b*e*x**2 + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*a**2*e**2*m**2 + int((d + e*x)**m/(a*d + a*e*x + b*d*x + b*e*x**2 + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*a**2*e**2*m + int(((d + e*x)**m*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x + b*d*x + b*e*x**2 + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*a*c*e**2*m**2 + int(((d + e*x)**m*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x + b*d*x + b*e*x**2 + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*a*c*e**2*m - int(((d + e*x)**m*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x + b*d*x + b*e*x**2 + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*b**2*e**2*m**2 - int(((d + e*x)**m*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x + b*d*x + b*e*x**2 + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*b**2*e**2*m + int(((d + e*x)**m*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x + b*d*x + b*e*x**2 + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*b*c*d*e*m**2 + int(((d + e*x)**m*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x + b*d*x + b*e*x**2 + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*b*c*d*e*m)/(b*c*e*m*(m + 1))`

3.127 $\int \frac{x(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1258
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1259
Rubi [A] (verified)	1259
Maple [F]	1260
Fricas [F]	1261
Sympy [F]	1261
Maxima [F]	1261
Giac [F]	1262
Mupad [F(-1)]	1262
Reduce [F]	1262

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 218

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) (d + ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1 + m, 2 + m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e} \right)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} (2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e) (1 + m)}$$

$$- \frac{(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) (d + ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1 + m, 2 + m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e} \right)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} (2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e) (1 + m)}$$

output

```
(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m],[2+m],2*c*(e*x+d)/
(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)
)^(1/2))*e)/(1+m)-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m],
[2+m],2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*
c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)/(1+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{1+m} \left(-\frac{\left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd+(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{2cd+(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e} - \frac{\left(1 + \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e} \right)}{1+m}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(-(((1 - b/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)])/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)) - ((1 + b/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)])/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)))/(1 + m)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1200$$

$$\int \left(\frac{\left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) (d+ex)^m}{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac} + b + 2cx} + \frac{\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right) (d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac} + b + 2cx} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) (d + ex)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m + 1, m + 2, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)}{(m + 1) \left(2cd - e \left(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\right)\right)} - \frac{\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right) (d + ex)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m + 1, m + 2, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)}{(m + 1) \left(2cd - e \left(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b\right)\right)}$$

input `Int[(x*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]`

output `-(((1 - b/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)])/((2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)*(1 + m)) - ((1 + b/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)])/((2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)*(1 + m))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1200 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x(ex + d)^m}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `int(x*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x)`

output `int(x*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^m x}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^m*x/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)**m/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral(x*(d + e*x)**m/(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^m x}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m*x/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^m x}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m*x/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x(d+ex)^m}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `int((x*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`

output `int((x*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{(ex+d)^m d - \left(\int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{ce x^3 + be x^2 + cd x^2 + aex + bdx + ad} dx \right) adem + \left(\int \frac{(ex+d)^m x^2}{ce x^3 + be x^2 + cd x^2 + aex + bdx + ad} dx \right) b e^2 m - \left(\int \frac{ce x^3 + be x^2 + cd x^2 + aex + bdx + ad}{ce x^3 + be x^2 + cd x^2 + aex + bdx + ad} dx \right) b e^2 m}{bem}$$

input `int(x*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

output `((d + e*x)**m*d - int((d + e*x)**m/(a*d + a*e*x + b*d*x + b*e*x**2 + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*a*d*e**m + int(((d + e*x)**m*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x + b*d*x + b*e*x**2 + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*b*e**2*m - int(((d + e*x)**m*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x + b*d*x + b*e*x**2 + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3),x)*c*d*e**m)/(b*e**m)`

3.128 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1263
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1264
Rubi [A] (verified)	1264
Maple [F]	1265
Fricas [F]	1266
Sympy [F]	1266
Maxima [F]	1266
Giac [F]	1267
Mupad [F(-1)]	1267
Reduce [F]	1267

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2c(d+ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac} (2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e) (1+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{2c(d+ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac} (2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e) (1+m)}$$

output

```
-2*c*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)/(1+m)+
2*c*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)/(1+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2c(d+ex)^{1+m} \left(-\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd+(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{2cd+(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e} + \frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e} \right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]`

output

```
(2*c*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(-(Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)) + Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)))/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(1 + m))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1150, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1150$$

$$\int \left(\frac{2c(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx)} - \frac{2c(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2c(d+ex)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)}{(m+1)\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} \left(2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)\right)} -$$

$$\frac{2c(d+ex)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)}{(m+1)\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} \left(2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})\right)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]`

output `(-2*c*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)*(1 + m)) + (2*c*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)*(1 + m))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1150 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m, 1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^m/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m/(c*x**2+b*x+a), x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**m/(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^m/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)**m/(a + b*x + c*x**2),x)`

3.129 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1268
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1269
Rubi [A] (verified)	1269
Maple [F]	1271
Fricas [F]	1271
Sympy [F]	1271
Maxima [F]	1272
Giac [F]	1272
Mupad [F(-1)]	1272
Reduce [F]	1273

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 264

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{c(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) (d+ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)}{a\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} (2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e) (1+m)}$$

$$- \frac{c(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) (d+ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)}{a\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} (2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e) (1+m)}$$

$$- \frac{(d+ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, 1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)}{ad(1+m)}$$

output

```
c*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)/(1+m)-c*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)/(1+m)-(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 1+e*x/d)/a/d/(1+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{1+m} \left(\frac{c \left(1 + \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd+(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{2cd+(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e} + \frac{c \left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e} \right)}{a(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m/(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output

```
((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*((c*(1 + b/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e) + (c*(1 - b/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e) - Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + (e*x)/d]/d))/(a*(1 + m))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1200$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(-b-cx)(d+ex)^m}{a(a+bx+cx^2)} + \frac{(d+ex)^m}{ax} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{c\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right) (d+ex)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{a(m+1)\left(2cd - e\left(b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}\right)\right)} +$$

$$\frac{c\left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) (d+ex)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{a(m+1)\left(2cd - e\left(\sqrt{b^2-4ac} + b\right)\right)} -$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)}{ad(m+1)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m/(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(c*(1 + b/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(a*(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)*(1 + m)) + (c*(1 - b/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(a*(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)*(1 + m)) - ((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + (e*x)/d])/(a*d*(1 + m))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1200 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{x(cx^2 + bx + a)} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(cx^2 + bx + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^m/(c*x^3 + b*x^2 + a*x), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m/x/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**m/(x*(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(cx^2 + bx + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(cx^2 + bx + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{x(cx^2 + bx + a)} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m/(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^m/(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{cx^3 + bx^2 + ax} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)**m/(a*x + b*x**2 + c*x**3),x)`

3.130 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1274
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1275
Rubi [A] (verified)	1275
Maple [F]	1277
Fricas [F]	1277
Sympy [F(-1)]	1277
Maxima [F]	1278
Giac [F]	1278
Mupad [F(-1)]	1278
Reduce [F]	1279

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 307

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{(d+ex)^{1+m}}{adx} - \frac{c(b^2-2ac+b\sqrt{b^2-4ac})(d+ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e)(1+m)} + \frac{c(b^2-2ac-b\sqrt{b^2-4ac})(d+ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e)(1+m)} + \frac{(bd-aem)(d+ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, 1+\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{a^2d^2(1+m)}$$

output

```
-(e*x+d)^(1+m)/a/d/x-c*(b^2-2*a*c+b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hype
rgeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))/a^2/(-4
*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)/(1+m)+c*(b^2-2*a*c-b*(-4*
a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-
(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))*e)/(1+m)+(-a*e*m+b*d)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 1+e*x/d
)/a^2/d^2/(1+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{1+m} \left(-\frac{c\left(b+\frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,1+m,2+m,\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd+(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{2cd+(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e} - \frac{c\left(b+\frac{-b^2+2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,1+m,2+m,\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd+(-b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{2cd+(-b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e} \right)}{a^2(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output

```
((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(-(c*(b + (b^2 - 2*a*c)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e) - (c*(b + (-b^2 + 2*a*c)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e) + (b*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + (e*x)/d])/d + (a*e*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + (e*x)/d])/d^2))/(a^2*(1 + m))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1200$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(-ac + b^2 + bcx)(d+ex)^m}{a^2(a+bx+cx^2)} - \frac{b(d+ex)^m}{a^2x} + \frac{(d+ex)^m}{ax^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{c\left(\frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + b\right) (d+ex)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{a^2(m+1)\left(2cd-e\left(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\right)\right)} -$$

$$\frac{c\left(b-\frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) (d+ex)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{a^2(m+1)\left(2cd-e\left(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b\right)\right)} +$$

$$\frac{b(d+ex)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{ex}{d}+1\right)}{a^2 d(m+1)} +$$

$$\frac{e(d+ex)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, m+1, m+2, \frac{ex}{d}+1\right)}{ad^2(m+1)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `-((c*(b + (b^2 - 2*a*c)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)])/(a^2*(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)*(1 + m)) - (c*(b - (b^2 - 2*a*c)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)])/(a^2*(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)*(1 + m)) + (b*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + (e*x)/d])/(a^2*d*(1 + m)) + (e*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + (e*x)/d])/(a*d^2*(1 + m))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1200 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{x^2(cx^2 + bx + a)} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(cx^2 + bx + a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^m/(c*x^4 + b*x^3 + a*x^2), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m/x**2/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(cx^2 + bx + a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(cx^2 + bx + a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{x^2(cx^2 + bx + a)} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^m/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{cx^4 + bx^3 + ax^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)**m/(a*x**2 + b*x**3 + c*x**4),x)`

3.131 $\int (gx)^n (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	1280
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1281
Rubi [A] (verified)	1281
Maple [F]	1283
Fricas [F]	1284
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1284
Maxima [F]	1285
Giac [F]	1285
Mupad [F(-1)]	1285
Reduce [F]	1286

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int (gx)^n (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx$$

$$= -\frac{(cd(2+n) - be(3+m+n))(gx)^{1+n}(d+ex)^{1+m}}{e^2 g(2+m+n)(3+m+n)} + \frac{c(gx)^{2+n}(d+ex)^{1+m}}{eg^2(3+m+n)}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(\frac{a}{d+dn} + \frac{cd(2+n) - be(3+m+n)}{e^2(2+m+n)(3+m+n)}\right) (gx)^{1+n}(d+ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 2+m+n, 2+n, -\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{g}$$

output

```
-(c*d*(2+n)-b*e*(3+m+n))*(g*x)^(1+n)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/e^2/g/(2+m+n)/(3+m+n)+c
*(g*x)^(2+n)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/e/g^2/(3+m+n)+(a/(d*n+d)+(c*d*(2+n)-b*e*(3+m+n)
)/e^2/(2+m+n)/(3+m+n))*(g*x)^(1+n)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 2+m+n], [2+n
], -e*x/d)/g
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (gx)^n (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(gx)^n (d + ex)^m \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-m} \left(cd^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-2 - m, 1 + n, 2 + n, -\frac{ex}{d}\right) + d(-2cd + be) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-1 - m, 1 + n, 2 + n, -\frac{ex}{d}\right) + (cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-m, 1 + n, 2 + n, -\frac{ex}{d}\right]\right)}{e^2(1 + n)(1 + \frac{ex}{d})^m}$$

input `Integrate[(g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(x*(g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^m*(c*d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-2 - m, 1 + n, 2 + n, -(e*x)/d] + d*(-2*c*d + b*e)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1 - m, 1 + n, 2 + n, -(e*x)/d] + (c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, 1 + n, 2 + n, -(e*x)/d]))/(e^2*(1 + n)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^m)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {1194, 27, 90, 76, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (gx)^n (a + bx + cx^2) (d + ex)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 1194$$

$$\frac{\int g^2 (gx)^n (d + ex)^m (ae(m + n + 3) - (cd(n + 2) - be(m + n + 3))x) dx}{eg^2(m + n + 3)} + \frac{c(gx)^{n+2} (d + ex)^{m+1}}{eg^2(m + n + 3)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\int (gx)^n (d + ex)^m (ae(m + n + 3) - (cd(n + 2) - be(m + n + 3))x) dx}{e(m + n + 3)} + \frac{c(gx)^{n+2} (d + ex)^{m+1}}{eg^2(m + n + 3)}$$

↓ 90

$$\frac{\left(ae(m+n+3) + \frac{d(n+1)(cd(n+2)-be(m+n+3))}{e(m+n+2)} \right) \int (gx)^n (d+ex)^m dx - \frac{(gx)^{n+1} (d+ex)^{m+1} (cd(n+2)-be(m+n+3))}{eg(m+n+2)}}{e(m+n+3) \frac{c(gx)^{n+2} (d+ex)^{m+1}}{eg^2(m+n+3)}} +$$

↓ 76

$$\frac{(d+ex)^m \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{-m} \left(ae(m+n+3) + \frac{d(n+1)(cd(n+2)-be(m+n+3))}{e(m+n+2)} \right) \int (gx)^n \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^m dx - \frac{(gx)^{n+1} (d+ex)^{m+1} (cd(n+2)-be(m+n+3))}{eg(m+n+2)}}{e(m+n+3) \frac{c(gx)^{n+2} (d+ex)^{m+1}}{eg^2(m+n+3)}}$$

↓ 74

$$\frac{\frac{(gx)^{n+1} (d+ex)^m \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{-m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-m, n+1, n+2, -\frac{ex}{d} \right) \left(ae(m+n+3) + \frac{d(n+1)(cd(n+2)-be(m+n+3))}{e(m+n+2)} \right)}{g(n+1)} - \frac{(gx)^{n+1} (d+ex)^{m+1} (cd(n+2)-be(m+n+3))}{eg(m+n+2)}}{e(m+n+3) \frac{c(gx)^{n+2} (d+ex)^{m+1}}{eg^2(m+n+3)}}$$

input `Int[(g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]`

output `(c*(g*x)^(2 + n)*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(e*g^2*(3 + m + n)) + (-(((c*d*(2 + n) - b*e*(3 + m + n))*(g*x)^(1 + n)*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(e*g*(2 + m + n))) + ((a*e*(3 + m + n) + (d*(1 + n)*(c*d*(2 + n) - b*e*(3 + m + n)))/(e*(2 + m + n)))*(g*x)^(1 + n)*(d + e*x)^m*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, 1 + n, 2 + n, -(e*x)/d]))/(g*(1 + n)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^m)/(e*(3 + m + n))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 76 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[n]*((c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(1 + d*(x/c))^FracPart[n]) Int[(b*x)^m*(1 + d*(x/c))^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0] && ((RationalQ[m] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0])) || !RationalQ[n])`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 1194 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^p*(d + e*x)^(m + 2*p)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/(g*e^(2*p)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(g*e^(2*p)*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*ExpandToSum[g*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(e^(2*p)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p - c^p*(d + e*x)^(2*p)) - c^p*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p)*(d + e*x)^(2*p - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (gx)^n (ex + d)^m (cx^2 + bx + a) dx$$

input `int((g*x)^n*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

output `int((g*x)^n*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (gx)^n (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \int (cx^2 + bx + a)(ex + d)^m (gx)^n dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^n*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m*(g*x)^n, x)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (gx)^n (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{ad^m g^n x^{n+1} \Gamma(n+1) {}_2F_1\left(-m, n+1 \middle| \frac{exe^{i\pi}}{d}\right)}{\Gamma(n+2)} + \frac{bd^m g^n x^{n+2} \Gamma(n+2) {}_2F_1\left(-m, n+2 \middle| \frac{exe^{i\pi}}{d}\right)}{\Gamma(n+3)} + \frac{cd^m g^n x^{n+3} \Gamma(n+3) {}_2F_1\left(-m, n+3 \middle| \frac{exe^{i\pi}}{d}\right)}{\Gamma(n+4)}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**n*(e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output `a*d**m*g**n*x**(n+1)*gamma(n+1)*hyper((-m, n+1), (n+2,), e*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/d)/gamma(n+2) + b*d**m*g**n*x**(n+2)*gamma(n+2)*hyper((-m, n+2), (n+3,), e*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/d)/gamma(n+3) + c*d**m*g**n*x**(n+3)*gamma(n+3)*hyper((-m, n+3), (n+4,), e*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/d)/gamma(n+4)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (gx)^n (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \int (cx^2 + bx + a)(ex + d)^m (gx)^n dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^n*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m*(g*x)^n, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (gx)^n (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \int (cx^2 + bx + a)(ex + d)^m (gx)^n dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^n*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m*(g*x)^n, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^n (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \int (gx)^n (d + ex)^m (cx^2 + bx + a) dx$$

input `int((g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`

output `int((g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (gx)^n (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((g*x)^n*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

output

```
(g**n*(x**n*(d + e*x)**m*a*d**2*m**3 + 2*x**n*(d + e*x)**m*a*d**2*m**2
*n + 5*x**n*(d + e*x)**m*a*d**2*m**2 + x**n*(d + e*x)**m*a*d**2*m*n**2
+ 5*x**n*(d + e*x)**m*a*d**2*m*n + 6*x**n*(d + e*x)**m*a*d**2*m + x**
n*(d + e*x)**m*a**3*m**3*x + 3*x**n*(d + e*x)**m*a**3*m**2*n*x + 5*x**
n*(d + e*x)**m*a**3*m**2*x + 3*x**n*(d + e*x)**m*a**3*m*n**2*x + 10*x**
n*(d + e*x)**m*a**3*m*n*x + 6*x**n*(d + e*x)**m*a**3*m*x + x**n*(d +
e*x)**m*a**3*n**3*x + 5*x**n*(d + e*x)**m*a**3*n**2*x + 6*x**n*(d + e*
x)**m*a**3*n*x - x**n*(d + e*x)**m*b*d**2*e**m**2*n - x**n*(d + e*x)**m*b
*d**2*e**m**2 - x**n*(d + e*x)**m*b*d**2*e*m*n**2 - 4*x**n*(d + e*x)**m*b*d
**2*e*m*n - 3*x**n*(d + e*x)**m*b*d**2*e*m + x**n*(d + e*x)**m*b*d**2*m*
**3*x + 2*x**n*(d + e*x)**m*b*d**2*m**2*n*x + 3*x**n*(d + e*x)**m*b*d**2
**2*m**2*x + x**n*(d + e*x)**m*b*d**2*m*n**2*x + 3*x**n*(d + e*x)**m*b*d**
**2*m*n*x + x**n*(d + e*x)**m*b**3*m**3*x**2 + 3*x**n*(d + e*x)**m*b**3
*m**2*n*x**2 + 4*x**n*(d + e*x)**m*b**3*m**2*x**2 + 3*x**n*(d + e*x)**m
*b**3*m*n**2*x**2 + 8*x**n*(d + e*x)**m*b**3*m*n*x**2 + 3*x**n*(d + e*
x)**m*b**3*m*x**2 + x**n*(d + e*x)**m*b**3*n**3*x**2 + 4*x**n*(d + e*x)
)**m*b**3*n**2*x**2 + 3*x**n*(d + e*x)**m*b**3*n*x**2 + x**n*(d + e*x)
)**m*c*d**3*m*n**2 + 3*x**n*(d + e*x)**m*c*d**3*m*n + 2*x**n*(d + e*x)**m*c
*d**3*m - x**n*(d + e*x)**m*c*d**2*e**m**2*n*x - 2*x**n*(d + e*x)**m*c*d**2
*e**m**2*x - x**n*(d + e*x)**m*c*d**2*e*m*n**2*x - 2*x**n*(d + e*x)**m*c...
```

3.132 $\int \frac{(gx)^n(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1287
Mathematica [F]	1288
Rubi [A] (verified)	1288
Maple [F]	1289
Fricas [F]	1289
Sympy [F(-1)]	1290
Maxima [F]	1290
Giac [F]	1290
Mupad [F(-1)]	1291
Reduce [F]	1291

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int \frac{(gx)^n(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2c(gx)^{1+n}(d+ex)^m \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-m} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+n, -m, 1, 2+n, -\frac{ex}{d}, -\frac{2cx}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac} (b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}) g(1+n)}$$

$$- \frac{2c(gx)^{1+n}(d+ex)^m \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-m} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+n, -m, 1, 2+n, -\frac{ex}{d}, -\frac{2cx}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac} (b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}) g(1+n)}$$

output

```
2*c*(g*x)^(1+n)*(e*x+d)^m*AppellF1(1+n, 1, -m, 2+n, -2*c*x/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)), -e*x/d)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/g/(1+n)/((1+e*x/d)^m)
-2*c*(g*x)^(1+n)*(e*x+d)^m*AppellF1(1+n, 1, -m, 2+n, -2*c*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)), -e*x/d)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/g/(1+n)/((1+e*x/d)^m)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^n (d + ex)^m}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^n (d + ex)^m}{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[((g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `Integrate[((g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1205, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^n (d + ex)^m}{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

↓ 1205

$$\int \left(\frac{2c(gx)^n (d + ex)^m}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} (-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx)} - \frac{2c(gx)^n (d + ex)^m}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2c(gx)^{n+1} (d + ex)^m \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1}\left(n + 1, -m, 1, n + 2, -\frac{ex}{d}, -\frac{2cx}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{g(n + 1)\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} - \frac{2c(gx)^{n+1} (d + ex)^m \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1}\left(n + 1, -m, 1, n + 2, -\frac{ex}{d}, -\frac{2cx}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{g(n + 1)\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}$$

input `Int[((g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output

```
(2*c*(g*x)^(1 + n)*(d + e*x)^m*AppellF1[1 + n, -m, 1, 2 + n, -((e*x)/d), (-2*c*x)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))*g*(1 + n)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^m - (2*c*(g*x)^(1 + n)*(d + e*x)^m*AppellF1[1 + n, -m, 1, 2 + n, -((e*x)/d), (-2*c*x)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))*g*(1 + n)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^m)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1205

```
Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, 1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^n (ex + d)^m}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input

```
int((g*x)^n*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x)
```

output

```
int((g*x)^n*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^n (d + ex)^m}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m (gx)^n}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input

```
integrate((g*x)^n*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((e*x + d)^m*(g*x)^n/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^n(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**n*(e*x+d)**m/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^n(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^m(gx)^n}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^n*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m*(g*x)^n/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^n(d+ex)^m}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^m(gx)^n}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^n*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m*(g*x)^n/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^n (d + ex)^m}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^n (d + ex)^m}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `int(((g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`output `int(((g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(gx)^n (d + ex)^m}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = g^n \left(\int \frac{x^n (ex + d)^m}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx \right)$$

input `int((g*x)^n*(e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`output `g**n*int((x**n*(d + e*x)**m)/(a + b*x + c*x**2),x)`

3.133 $\int x^3(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	1292
Mathematica [F]	1293
Rubi [A] (verified)	1293
Maple [F]	1297
Fricas [F]	1297
Sympy [F(-1)]	1298
Maxima [F]	1298
Giac [F]	1298
Mupad [F(-1)]	1299
Reduce [F]	1299

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 650

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx \\
 = & -\frac{(be(3 + m + p) + cd(6 + m + 4p))(d + ex)^{1+m} (a + bx + cx^2)^{1+p}}{c^2e^2(3 + m + 2p)(4 + m + 2p)} \\
 & + \frac{(d + ex)^{2+m} (a + bx + cx^2)^{1+p}}{ce^2(4 + m + 2p)} \\
 & - \frac{\left(be(bd - ae)(3 + m + p) + \frac{2c^2d^3(3+5p+2p^2)}{e(1+m)} + cd(3bd(1 + p) - ae(6 + m + 4p)) \right) (d + ex)^{1+m} (a + bx + cx^2)^p}{c^2e^2(3 + m + 2p)(4 + m + 2p)} \\
 & + \frac{(2c^2d^2(3 + 5p + 2p^2) + b^2e^2(6 + m^2 + 5p + p^2 + m(5 + 2p)) - ce(ae(2 + m)(3 + m + 2p) - bd(1 + p))}{c^2e^2(3 + m + 2p)(4 + m + 2p)}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-(b*e*(3+m+p)+c*d*(6+m+4*p))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(p+1)/c^2/e^2/(3+m+2*p)/(4+m+2*p)+(e*x+d)^(2+m)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(p+1)/c/e^2/(4+m+2*p)-(b*e*(-a*e+b*d)*(3+m+p)+2*c^2*d^3*(2*p^2+5*p+3)/e/(1+m)+c*d*(3*b*d*(p+1)-a*e*(6+m+4*p)))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p*AppellF1(1+m,-p,-p,2+m,2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e),2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))/c^2/e^3/(3+m+2*p)/(4+m+2*p)/((1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^p)/((1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^p)+(2*c^2*d^2*(2*p^2+5*p+3)+b^2*e^2*(6+m^2+5*p+p^2+m*(5+2*p))-c*e*(a*e*(2+m)*(3+m+2*p)-b*d*(p+1)*(6+3*m+2*p)))*(e*x+d)^(2+m)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p*AppellF1(2+m,-p,-p,3+m,2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e),2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))/c^2/e^4/(2+m)/(3+m+2*p)/(4+m+2*p)/((1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^p)/((1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^p)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)^p dx = \int x^3(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)^p dx$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[x^3*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 639, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$, Rules used = {1291, 25, 2184, 25, 27, 1269, 1179, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)^p dx$$

↓ 1291

$$\int \frac{-(d+ex)^m (cx^2+bx+a)^p (e^2(be(m+p+3)+cd(m+4p+6))x^2 + e(2c(p+1)d^2 + e(ae(m+2) + bd(m+2p+4)))}{ce^3(m+2p+4)}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+2} (a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1}}{ce^2(m+2p+4)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+2} (a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1}}{ce^2(m+2p+4)} -$$

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (cx^2+bx+a)^p (e^2(be(m+p+3)+cd(m+4p+6))x^2 + e(2c(p+1)d^2 + e(ae(m+2) + bd(m+2p+4))))}{ce^3(m+2p+4)}$$

↓ 2184

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+2} (a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1}}{ce^2(m+2p+4)} -$$

$$\int \frac{-e^3(d+ex)^m (de(p+1)(m+p+3)b^2 + ae^2(m+1)(m+p+3)b + cd^2(2p^2+5p+3)b + 2acdem(p+1) + (2c^2(2p^2+5p+3)d^2 + b^2e^2(m^2+(2p+5)m+p^2+2p+4)))}{ce^2(m+2p+3)}$$

ce³(m+2p+4)

↓ 25

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+2} (a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1}}{ce^2(m+2p+4)} -$$

$$\frac{e(d+ex)^{m+1} (a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1} (be(m+p+3)+cd(m+4p+6))}{c(m+2p+3)} - \int \frac{e^3(d+ex)^m (de(p+1)(m+p+3)b^2 + ae^2(m+1)(m+p+3)b + cd^2(2p^2+5p+3)b + 2acdem(p+1) + (2c^2(2p^2+5p+3)d^2 + b^2e^2(m^2+(2p+5)m+p^2+2p+4)))}{ce^2(m+2p+3)}$$

ce³(m+2p+4)

↓ 27

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+2} (a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1}}{ce^2(m+2p+4)} -$$

$$\frac{e(d+ex)^{m+1} (a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1} (be(m+p+3)+cd(m+4p+6))}{c(m+2p+3)} - \frac{e \int (d+ex)^m (de(p+1)(m+p+3)b^2 + ae^2(m+1)(m+p+3)b + cd^2(2p^2+5p+3)b + 2acdem(p+1) + (2c^2(2p^2+5p+3)d^2 + b^2e^2(m^2+(2p+5)m+p^2+2p+4)))}{ce^2(m+2p+3)}$$

ce³(m+2p+4)

↓ 1269

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+2} (a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1}}{ce^2(m+2p+4)} -$$

$$\frac{e(d+ex)^{m+1} (a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1} (be(m+p+3)+cd(m+4p+6))}{c(m+2p+3)} - \frac{e \left(\frac{(-ce(ae(m+2)(m+2p+3) - bd(p+1)(3m+2p+6)) + b^2e^2(m^2+m(2p+5)+p^2+5p+6) + 2acdem(p+1) + (2c^2(2p^2+5p+3)d^2 + b^2e^2(m^2+(2p+5)m+p^2+2p+4)))}{e} \right)}{ce^2(m+2p+3)}$$

ce³(m+2p+4)

↓ 1179

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+2}(a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1}}{ce^2(m+2p+4)} - \frac{e(d+ex)^{m+1}(a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1}(be(m+p+3)+cd(m+4p+6))}{c(m+2p+3)} - e^{\left(\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^p(-ce(ae(m+2)(m+2p+3)-bd(p+1)(3m+2p+6))+b^2e^2(m^2+m(2p+5)+...)}{...}\right)}$$

↓ 150

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+2}(a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1}}{ce^2(m+2p+4)} - \frac{e(d+ex)^{m+1}(a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1}(be(m+p+3)+cd(m+4p+6))}{c(m+2p+3)} - e^{\left(\frac{(d+ex)^{m+2}(a+bx+cx^2)^p(-ce(ae(m+2)(m+2p+3)-bd(p+1)(3m+2p+6))+b^2e^2(m^2+m(2p+5)+...)}{...}\right)}$$

input `Int[x^3*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(2 + m)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1 + p))/(c*e^2*(4 + m + 2*p)) - ((e*(b*e*(3 + m + p) + c*d*(6 + m + 4*p))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1 + p))/(c*(3 + m + 2*p)) - (e*(-(((b*e^2*(b*d - a*e)*(1 + m)*(3 + m + p) + 2*c^2*d^3*(3 + 5*p + 2*p^2) + c*d*e*(1 + m)*(3*b*d*(1 + p) - a*e*(6 + m + 4*p))))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(e^2*(1 + m)*(1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))^p*(1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))^p)) + ((2*c^2*d^2*(3 + 5*p + 2*p^2) + b^2*e^2*(6 + m^2 + 5*p + p^2 + m*(5 + 2*p)) - c*e*(a*e*(2 + m)*(3 + m + 2*p) - b*d*(1 + p)*(6 + 3*m + 2*p)))*(d + e*x)^(2 + m)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[2 + m, -p, -p, 3 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(e^2*(2 + m)*(1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))^p*(1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))^p))/(c*(3 + m + 2*p)))/(c*e^3*(4 + m + 2*p))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 150 `Int[((b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`
- rule 1179 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - e*((b - q)/(2*c))))^p*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - e*((b + q)/(2*c))))^p) Subst[Int[x^m*Simp[1 - x/(d - e*((b - q)/(2*c))], x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(d - e*((b + q)/(2*c))], x]^p, x], x, d + e*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`
- rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 1291 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(f + g*x)^n - c*g^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^n - g^n*(d + e*x)^(n - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + n - 1) - c*d^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + n + p)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 2184

```

Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, S
imp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q
+ 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a +
b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p +
1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c
*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x] /; GtQ[
q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && Pol
yQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGt
Q[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))

```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^3 (ex + d)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)^p dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^3 (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2 + bx + a)^p (ex + d)^m x^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m*x^3, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**p,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2+bx+a)^p(ex+d)^m x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m*x^3, x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2+bx+a)^p(ex+d)^m x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m*x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)^p dx = \int x^3(d+ex)^m(cx^2+bx+a)^p dx$$

input `int(x^3*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,x)`output `int(x^3*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)^p dx = \int x^3(ex+d)^m(cx^2+bx+a)^p dx$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x)`output `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x)`

3.134 $\int x^2(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	1300
Mathematica [F]	1301
Rubi [A] (verified)	1301
Maple [F]	1304
Fricas [F]	1304
Sympy [F(-1)]	1305
Maxima [F]	1305
Giac [F]	1305
Mupad [F(-1)]	1306
Reduce [F]	1306

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 471

$$\int x^2(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{(d + ex)^{1+m} (a + bx + cx^2)^{1+p}}{ce(3 + m + 2p)}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(bd - ae + \frac{2cd^2(1+p)}{e(1+m)} \right) (d + ex)^{1+m} (a + bx + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e} \right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e} \right)^{-p}}{ce^2(3 + m + 2p)}$$

$$- \frac{(2cd(1 + p) + be(2 + m + p))(d + ex)^{2+m} (a + bx + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e} \right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e} \right)^{-p}}{ce^3(2 + m)(3 + m + 2p)}$$

output

```
(e*x+d)^(1+m)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(p+1)/c/e/(3+m+2*p)+(b*d-a*e+2*c*d^2*(p+1)/e/(1+m))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p*AppellF1(1+m,-p,-p,2+m,2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e),2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))/c/e^2/(3+m+2*p)/((1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^p)/((1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^p)-(2*c*d*(p+1)+b*e*(2+m+p))*(e*x+d)^(2+m)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p*AppellF1(2+m,-p,-p,3+m,2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e),2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))/c/e^3/(2+m)/(3+m+2*p)/((1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^p)/((1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^p)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p dx = \int x^2(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x]`

output `Integrate[x^2*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 469, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {1291, 25, 27, 1269, 1179, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1291} \\ & \frac{\int -e(d+ex)^m (ae(m+1) + bd(p+1) + (2cd(p+1) + be(m+p+2))x) (cx^2+bx+a)^p dx}{ce^2(m+2p+3)} + \\ & \quad \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} (a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1}}{ce(m+2p+3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \quad \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} (a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1}}{ce(m+2p+3)} - \\ & \frac{\int e(d+ex)^m (ae(m+1) + bd(p+1) + (2cd(p+1) + be(m+p+2))x) (cx^2+bx+a)^p dx}{ce^2(m+2p+3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1}(a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1}}{ce(m+2p+3)} - \frac{\int (d+ex)^m (ae(m+1) + bd(p+1) + (2cd(p+1) + be(m+p+2))x) (cx^2+bx+a)^p dx}{ce(m+2p+3)}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1}(a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1}}{ce(m+2p+3)} - \frac{\frac{(be(m+p+2)+2cd(p+1)) \int (d+ex)^{m+1} (cx^2+bx+a)^p dx}{e} - \frac{(e(m+1)(bd-ae)+2cd^2(p+1)) \int (d+ex)^m (cx^2+bx+a)^p dx}{e}}{ce(m+2p+3)}$$

↓ 1179

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1}(a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1}}{ce(m+2p+3)} - \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^p (be(m+p+2)+2cd(p+1)) \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}\right)^{-p} \int (d+ex)^{m+1} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)^p dx}{e^2}$$

↓ 150

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1}(a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1}}{ce(m+2p+3)} - \frac{(d+ex)^{m+2}(a+bx+cx^2)^p (be(m+p+2)+2cd(p+1)) \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(m+2, -p, -p, m+3, \frac{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{e^2(m+2)}$$

input Int [x^2*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x]

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((d + ex)^{(1+m)}(a + bx + cx^2)^{(1+p)}) / (c e^{(3+m+2p)}) - (-(((e \\ & * (bd - ae)^{(1+m)} + 2c^2 d^{2(1+p)})(d + ex)^{(1+m)}(a + bx + cx^2 \\ &)^p \text{AppellF1}[1+m, -p, -p, 2+m, (2c(d+ex))/(2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}))e], \\ & (2c(d+ex))/(2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}))e])) / (e^{2(1+m)}(1 - (2c(d+ex))/(2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}))e))^p \\ & (1 - (2c(d+ex))/(2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}))e))^p) + ((2cd(1+p) + b e^{(2+m+p)})(d + ex)^{(2+m)}(a + bx + cx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}[2+m, -p, \\ & , -p, 3+m, (2c(d+ex))/(2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}))e], (2c(d+ex))/(2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}))e]) \\ & / (e^{2(2+m)}(1 - (2c(d+ex))/(2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}))e))^p (1 - (2c(d+ex))/(2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}))e))^p) / (c e^{(3+m+2p)}) \end{aligned}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)(Gx_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 150

$$\text{Int}[(b_)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_)+ (d_)(x_)^{(n_)}((e_)+ (f_)(x_)^{(p_)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^n e^p ((bx)^{(m+1)}) / (b(m+1))] * \text{AppellF1}[m+1, -n, -p, m+2, (-d)(x/c), (-f)(x/e)], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[e, 0])$$

rule 1179

$$\text{Int}[(d_)+ (e_)(x_)^{(m_)}((a_)+ (b_)(x_)+ (c_)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4ac, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(a + bx + cx^2)^p / (e(1 - (d + ex)/(d - e((b - q)/(2c))))))^p (1 - (d + ex)/(d - e((b + q)/(2c))))^p) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^m \text{Simp}[1 - x/(d - e((b - q)/(2c))], x]^p \text{Simp}[1 - x/(d - e((b + q)/(2c))], x]^p, x], x, d + ex], x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x]$$

rule 1269

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1291

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(f + g*x)^n - c*g^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^n - g^n*(d + e*x)^(n - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + n - 1) - c*d^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + n + p)*x), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(ex + d)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)^p dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2 + bx + a)^p (ex + d)^m x^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m*x^2, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2+bx+a)^p (ex+d)^m x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m*x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2+bx+a)^p (ex+d)^m x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m*x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)^p dx = \int x^2(d+ex)^m(cx^2+bx+a)^p dx$$

input `int(x^2*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,x)`output `int(x^2*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)^p dx = \int x^2(ex+d)^m(cx^2+bx+a)^p dx$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x)`output `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x)`

3.135 $\int x(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	1307
Mathematica [F]	1308
Rubi [A] (verified)	1308
Maple [F]	1310
Fricas [F]	1310
Sympy [F(-1)]	1310
Maxima [F]	1311
Giac [F]	1311
Mupad [F(-1)]	1311
Reduce [F]	1312

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 377

$$\int x(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx =$$

$$\frac{d(d + ex)^{1+m} (a + bx + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)}{e^2(1 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{(d + ex)^{2+m} (a + bx + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(2 + m, -p, -p, 3 + m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)}{e^2(2 + m)}$$

output

```
-d*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p*AppellF1(1+m,-p,-p,2+m,2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d
-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e),2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))/e
^2/(1+m)/(((1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^p)/((1-2*c*(e*x
+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^p)+(e*x+d)^(2+m)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p*App
ellF1(2+m,-p,-p,3+m,2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e),2*c*(e*x+
d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))/e^2/(2+m)/(((1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b-(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^p)/((1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e)
)^p)
```


Mathematica [F]

$$\int x(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int x(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[x*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[x*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 377, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1269, 1179, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1269$$

$$\frac{\int (d + ex)^{m+1} (cx^2 + bx + a)^p dx}{e} - \frac{d \int (d + ex)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)^p dx}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 1179$$

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}\right)^{-p} \int (d + ex)^{m+1} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)^p dx}{e^2}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+2} (a+bx+cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(m+2, -p, -p, \dots\right)}{e^{2(m+2)}} \\ \frac{d(d+ex)^{m+1} (a+bx+cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(m+1, -p, -p, \dots\right)}{e^{2(m+1)}}$$

input `Int[x*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-((d*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)))/(e^2*(1 + m)*(1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))^p*(1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))^p) + ((d + e*x)^(2 + m)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[2 + m, -p, -p, 3 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)))/(e^2*(2 + m)*(1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))^p*(1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 1179 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - e*((b - q)/(2*c))))^p*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - e*((b + q)/(2*c))))^p) Subst[Int[x^m*Simp[1 - x/(d - e*((b - q)/(2*c))], x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(d - e*((b + q)/(2*c))], x]^p, x], x, d + e*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`

rule 1269

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x(ex + d)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)^p dx$$

input

```
int(x*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
int(x*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2 + bx + a)^p (ex + d)^m x dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m*x, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**p,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int x(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2+bx+a)^p (ex+d)^m x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m*x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2+bx+a)^p (ex+d)^m x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m*x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p dx = \int x(d+ex)^m (cx^2+bx+a)^p dx$$

input `int(x*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,x)`

output `int(x*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int x(ex + d)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)^p dx$$

input `int(x*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x)`

output `int(x*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x)`

3.136 $\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	1313
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1313
Rubi [A] (verified)	1314
Maple [F]	1315
Fricas [F]	1316
Sympy [F(-1)]	1316
Maxima [F]	1316
Giac [F]	1317
Mupad [F(-1)]	1317
Reduce [F]	1317

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{(d + ex)^{1+m} (a + bx + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, 2 * c * (e * x + d) / (2 * c * d - (b - (-4 * a * c + b^2)^{(1/2})) * e), 2 * c * (e * x + d) / (2 * c * d - (b + (-4 * a * c + b^2)^{(1/2})) * e)\right) / e / (1 + m) / \left(\left(1 - 2 * c * (e * x + d) / (2 * c * d - (b - (-4 * a * c + b^2)^{(1/2})) * e)\right)^p / \left(\left(1 - 2 * c * (e * x + d) / (2 * c * d - (b + (-4 * a * c + b^2)^{(1/2})) * e)\right)^p\right)}{e(1 + m)}$$

output

```
(e*x+d)^(1+m)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p*AppellF1(1+m,-p,-p,2+m,2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e),2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))/e/(1+m)/((1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^p/((1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*e))^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{\left(\frac{e(-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - 2cx)}{2cd + (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx)}{-2cd + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)^{-p} (d + ex)^{1+m} (a + x(b + cx))^p \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, \frac{2 * c * (e * x + d)}{2 * c * d - (b - (-4 * a * c + b^2)^{(1/2})) * e}, \frac{2 * c * (e * x + d)}{2 * c * d - (b + (-4 * a * c + b^2)^{(1/2})) * e}\right)}{e(1 + m)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(a + x*(b + c*x))^p*AppellF1[1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(e*(1 + m)*((e*(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - 2*c*x))/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))^p*((e*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x))/(-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))^p)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1179, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1179$$

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}\right)^{-p} \int (d + ex)^m \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)e}\right)^p dx}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{m+1} (a + bx + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(m + 1, -p, -p, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}\right)}{e(m + 1)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output $((d + ex)^{(1+m)}(a + bx + cx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}[1+m, -p, -p, 2+m, (2c(d+ex))/(2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e), (2c(d+ex))/(2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e)]) / (e(1+m)(1 - (2c(d+ex))/(2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e)))^p (1 - (2c(d+ex))/(2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e))^p$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150 $\text{Int}[(b \cdot x)^m (c + d \cdot x)^n (e + f \cdot x)^p, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^n e^p (bx)^{m+1} / (b(m+1))] \text{AppellF1}[m+1, -n, -p, m+2, (-d)(x/c), (-f)(x/e)], x] /;$ FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])

rule 1179 $\text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^m (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^p, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4ac, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(a + bx + cx^2)^p / (e(1 - (d + ex)/(d - e((b - q)/(2c))))^p (1 - (d + ex)/(d - e((b + q)/(2c))))^p \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^m \text{Simp}[1 - x/(d - e((b - q)/(2c))], x]^p \text{Simp}[1 - x/(d - e((b + q)/(2c))], x]^p, x], x, d + ex], x]] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)^p dx$$

input $\text{int}((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x)$

output $\text{int}((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x)$

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2 + bx + a)^p (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2 + bx + a)^p (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2 + bx + a)^p (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int (d + ex)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)^p dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x)`

output

```

(2*(d + e*x)**m*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**p*a*e*p + (d + e*x)**m*(a + b*x + c*x*
*2)**p*b*d*m + (d + e*x)**m*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**p*b*d*p + (d + e*x)**m*(a
+ b*x + c*x**2)**p*b*e*m*x + (d + e*x)**m*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**p*b*e*p*x +
2*(d + e*x)**m*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**p*c*d*p*x - 2*int(((d + e*x)**m*(a + b*
x + c*x**2)**p*x**2)/(a*b*d*e*m**2 + 3*a*b*d*e*m*p + a*b*d*e*m + 2*a*b*d*e
*p**2 + a*b*d*e*p + a*b*e**2*m**2*x + 3*a*b*e**2*m*p*x + a*b*e**2*m*x + 2*
a*b*e**2*p**2*x + a*b*e**2*p*x + 2*a*c*d**2*m*p + 4*a*c*d**2*p**2 + 2*a*c*
d**2*p + 2*a*c*d*e*m*p*x + 4*a*c*d*e*p**2*x + 2*a*c*d*e*p*x + b**2*d*e*m**
2*x + 3*b**2*d*e*m*p*x + b**2*d*e*m*x + 2*b**2*d*e*p**2*x + b**2*d*e*p*x +
b**2*e**2*m**2*x**2 + 3*b**2*e**2*m*p*x**2 + b**2*e**2*m*x**2 + 2*b**2*e*
*2*p**2*x**2 + b**2*e**2*p*x**2 + 2*b*c*d**2*m*p*x + 4*b*c*d**2*p**2*x + 2
*b*c*d**2*p*x + b*c*d*e*m**2*x**2 + 5*b*c*d*e*m*p*x**2 + b*c*d*e*m*x**2 +
6*b*c*d*e*p**2*x**2 + 3*b*c*d*e*p*x**2 + b*c*e**2*m**2*x**3 + 3*b*c*e**2*m
*p*x**3 + b*c*e**2*m*x**3 + 2*b*c*e**2*p**2*x**3 + b*c*e**2*p*x**3 + 2*c**
2*d**2*m*p*x**2 + 4*c**2*d**2*p**2*x**2 + 2*c**2*d**2*p*x**2 + 2*c**2*d*e*
m*p*x**3 + 4*c**2*d*e*p**2*x**3 + 2*c**2*d*e*p*x**3),x)*a*b*c*e**3*m**3*p
- 10*int(((d + e*x)**m*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**p*x**2)/(a*b*d*e*m**2 + 3*a*b*d
*e*m*p + a*b*d*e*m + 2*a*b*d*e*p**2 + a*b*d*e*p + a*b*e**2*m**2*x + 3*a*b*
e**2*m*p*x + a*b*e**2*m*x + 2*a*b*e**2*p**2*x + a*b*e**2*p*x + 2*a*c*d**2*
m*p + 4*a*c*d**2*p**2 + 2*a*c*d**2*p + 2*a*c*d*e*m*p*x + 4*a*c*d*e*p**2...

```

$$3.137 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1319
Mathematica [N/A]	1319
Rubi [N/A]	1320
Maple [N/A]	1320
Fricas [N/A]	1321
Sympy [F(-1)]	1321
Maxima [N/A]	1321
Giac [N/A]	1322
Mupad [N/A]	1322
Reduce [N/A]	1323

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{x} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{x}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p/x,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p)/x,x]`

output `Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p)/x, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {1292}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p}{x} dx$$

↓ 1292

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p}{x} dx$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p)/x,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1292 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x]`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p/x,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p/x,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^p (ex+d)^m}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m/x, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**p/x,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^p (ex+d)^m}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m/x, x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^p (ex + d)^m}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m/x, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 10.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p)/x,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p)/x, x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4722, normalized size of antiderivative = 205.30

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p/x,x)`

output

```
((d + e*x)**m*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**p*b*e + (d + e*x)**m*(a + b*x + c*x**2)*
*p*c*d - int(((d + e*x)**m*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**p*x**2)/(a*b*d*e*m + a*b*d*
e*p + a*b*e**2*m*x + a*b*e**2*p*x + 2*a*c*d**2*p + 2*a*c*d*e*p*x + b**2*d*
e*m*x + b**2*d*e*p*x + b**2*e**2*m*x**2 + b**2*e**2*p*x**2 + 2*b*c*d**2*p*
x + b*c*d*e*m*x**2 + 3*b*c*d*e*p*x**2 + b*c*e**2*m*x**3 + b*c*e**2*p*x**3
+ 2*c**2*d**2*p*x**2 + 2*c**2*d*e*p*x**3),x)*b**2*c*e**3*m*p - int(((d + e
*x)**m*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**p*x**2)/(a*b*d*e*m + a*b*d*e*p + a*b*e**2*m*x +
a*b*e**2*p*x + 2*a*c*d**2*p + 2*a*c*d*e*p*x + b**2*d*e*m*x + b**2*d*e*p*x
+ b**2*e**2*m*x**2 + b**2*e**2*p*x**2 + 2*b*c*d**2*p*x + b*c*d*e*m*x**2 +
3*b*c*d*e*p*x**2 + b*c*e**2*m*x**3 + b*c*e**2*p*x**3 + 2*c**2*d**2*p*x**2
+ 2*c**2*d*e*p*x**3),x)*b**2*c*e**3*p**2 - int(((d + e*x)**m*(a + b*x + c
*x**2)**p*x**2)/(a*b*d*e*m + a*b*d*e*p + a*b*e**2*m*x + a*b*e**2*p*x + 2*a
*c*d**2*p + 2*a*c*d*e*p*x + b**2*d*e*m*x + b**2*d*e*p*x + b**2*e**2*m*x**2
+ b**2*e**2*p*x**2 + 2*b*c*d**2*p*x + b*c*d*e*m*x**2 + 3*b*c*d*e*p*x**2 +
b*c*e**2*m*x**3 + b*c*e**2*p*x**3 + 2*c**2*d**2*p*x**2 + 2*c**2*d*e*p*x**
3),x)*b*c**2*d*e**2*m**2 - int(((d + e*x)**m*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**p*x**2)/(
a*b*d*e*m + a*b*d*e*p + a*b*e**2*m*x + a*b*e**2*p*x + 2*a*c*d**2*p + 2*a*c
*d*e*p*x + b**2*d*e*m*x + b**2*d*e*p*x + b**2*e**2*m*x**2 + b**2*e**2*p*x*
*2 + 2*b*c*d**2*p*x + b*c*d*e*m*x**2 + 3*b*c*d*e*p*x**2 + b*c*e**2*m*x**3
+ b*c*e**2*p*x**3 + 2*c**2*d**2*p*x**2 + 2*c**2*d*e*p*x**3),x)*b*c**2*d...
```


$$3.138 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1324
Mathematica [N/A]	1324
Rubi [N/A]	1325
Maple [N/A]	1325
Fricas [N/A]	1326
Sympy [F(-2)]	1326
Maxima [N/A]	1326
Giac [N/A]	1327
Mupad [N/A]	1327
Reduce [N/A]	1328

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{x^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p/x^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p)/x^2,x]`

output `Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p)/x^2, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {1292}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 1292

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p)/x^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1292 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x]`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p/x^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^p (ex+d)^m}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**p/x**2,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^p (ex+d)^m}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m/x^2, x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^p (ex + d)^m}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m/x^2, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 10.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p)/x^2,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8766, normalized size of antiderivative = 381.13

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p/x^2,x)`

output

```
( - (d + e*x)**m*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**p + int(((d + e*x)**m*(a + b*x + c*x*
*2)**p*x)/(a*b*d*e*m + a*b*d*e*p - a*b*d*e + a*b*e**2*m*x + a*b*e**2*p*x -
a*b*e**2*x + 2*a*c*d**2*p - a*c*d**2 + 2*a*c*d*e*p*x - a*c*d*e*x + b**2*d
*e*m*x + b**2*d*e*p*x - b**2*d*e*x + b**2*e**2*m*x**2 + b**2*e**2*p*x**2 -
b**2*e**2*x**2 + 2*b*c*d**2*p*x - b*c*d**2*x + b*c*d*e*m*x**2 + 3*b*c*d*e
*p*x**2 - 2*b*c*d*e*x**2 + b*c*e**2*m*x**3 + b*c*e**2*p*x**3 - b*c*e**2*x*
*3 + 2*c**2*d**2*p*x**2 - c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*c**2*d*e*p*x**3 - c**2*d*e*x*
*3),x)*b*c*e**2*m**2*x + 3*int(((d + e*x)**m*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**p*x)/(a*b
*d*e*m + a*b*d*e*p - a*b*d*e + a*b*e**2*m*x + a*b*e**2*p*x - a*b*e**2*x +
2*a*c*d**2*p - a*c*d**2 + 2*a*c*d*e*p*x - a*c*d*e*x + b**2*d*e*m*x + b**2*
d*e*p*x - b**2*d*e*x + b**2*e**2*m*x**2 + b**2*e**2*p*x**2 - b**2*e**2*x**
2 + 2*b*c*d**2*p*x - b*c*d**2*x + b*c*d*e*m*x**2 + 3*b*c*d*e*p*x**2 - 2*b*
c*d*e*x**2 + b*c*e**2*m*x**3 + b*c*e**2*p*x**3 - b*c*e**2*x**3 + 2*c**2*d*
*2*p*x**2 - c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*c**2*d*e*p*x**3 - c**2*d*e*x**3),x)*b*c*e**
2*m*p*x - int(((d + e*x)**m*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**p*x)/(a*b*d*e*m + a*b*d*e*
p - a*b*d*e + a*b*e**2*m*x + a*b*e**2*p*x - a*b*e**2*x + 2*a*c*d**2*p - a*
c*d**2 + 2*a*c*d*e*p*x - a*c*d*e*x + b**2*d*e*m*x + b**2*d*e*p*x - b**2*d*
e*x + b**2*e**2*m*x**2 + b**2*e**2*p*x**2 - b**2*e**2*x**2 + 2*b*c*d**2*p*
x - b*c*d**2*x + b*c*d*e*m*x**2 + 3*b*c*d*e*p*x**2 - 2*b*c*d*e*x**2 + b*c*
e**2*m*x**3 + b*c*e**2*p*x**3 - b*c*e**2*x**3 + 2*c**2*d**2*p*x**2 - c*...
```

3.139 $\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx$

Optimal result	1329
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1329
Rubi [A] (verified)	1330
Maple [A] (verified)	1331
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1332
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1332
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1333
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1333
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1333
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1334

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{5}a^2Ax^5 + \frac{1}{6}a(2Ab + aB)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}b(Ab + 2aB)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}b^2Bx^8$$

output $1/5*a^2*A*x^5+1/6*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^6+1/7*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^7+1/8*b^2*B*x^8$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{5}a^2Ax^5 + \frac{1}{6}a(2Ab + aB)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}b(Ab + 2aB)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}b^2Bx^8$$

input $\text{Integrate}[x^4*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2), x]$

output $(a^2*A*x^5)/5 + (a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^6)/6 + (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^7)/7 + (b^2*B*x^8)/8$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\frac{\int b^2x^4(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)dx}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int x^4(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (a^2Ax^4 + bx^6(2aB + Ab) + ax^5(aB + 2Ab) + b^2Bx^7) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{5}a^2Ax^5 + \frac{1}{7}bx^7(2aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{6}ax^6(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{8}b^2Bx^8$$

input `Int [x^4*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2), x]`

output `(a^2*A*x^5)/5 + (a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^6)/6 + (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^7)/7 + (b^2*B*x^8)/8`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^5(105x^3Bb^2+120x^2b^2A+240Bax^2b+280abAx+140a^2Bx+168a^2A)}{840}$	52
default	$\frac{b^2Bx^8}{8} + \frac{(b^2A+2abB)x^7}{7} + \frac{(2abA+a^2B)x^6}{6} + \frac{a^2Ax^5}{5}$	52
norman	$\frac{b^2Bx^8}{8} + (\frac{1}{7}b^2A + \frac{2}{7}abB)x^7 + (\frac{1}{3}abA + \frac{1}{6}a^2B)x^6 + \frac{a^2Ax^5}{5}$	52
risch	$\frac{1}{8}b^2Bx^8 + \frac{1}{7}Ab^2x^7 + \frac{2}{7}x^7abB + \frac{1}{3}x^6abA + \frac{1}{6}x^6a^2B + \frac{1}{5}a^2Ax^5$	54
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{8}b^2Bx^8 + \frac{1}{7}Ab^2x^7 + \frac{2}{7}x^7abB + \frac{1}{3}x^6abA + \frac{1}{6}x^6a^2B + \frac{1}{5}a^2Ax^5$	54
orering	$\frac{x^5(105x^3Bb^2+120x^2b^2A+240Bax^2b+280abAx+140a^2Bx+168a^2A)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)}{840(bx+a)^2}$	75

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $1/840*x^5*(105*B*b^2*x^3+120*A*b^2*x^2+240*B*a*b*x^2+280*A*a*b*x+140*B*a^2*x+168*A*a^2)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^4(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{8}Bb^2x^8 + \frac{1}{5}Aa^2x^5 + \frac{1}{7}(2Bab+Ab^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{6}(Ba^2+2Aab)x^6$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/8*B*b^2*x^8 + 1/5*A*a^2*x^5 + 1/7*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^7 + 1/6*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^6$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^4(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx = \frac{Aa^2x^5}{5} + \frac{Bb^2x^8}{8} + x^7\left(\frac{Ab^2}{7} + \frac{2Bab}{7}\right) + x^6\left(\frac{Aab}{3} + \frac{Ba^2}{6}\right)$$

input `integrate(x**4*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)`

output $A*a**2*x**5/5 + B*b**2*x**8/8 + x**7*(A*b**2/7 + 2*B*a*b/7) + x**6*(A*a*b/3 + B*a**2/6)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{8} Bb^2x^8 + \frac{1}{5} Aa^2x^5 + \frac{1}{7} (2 Bab + Ab^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{6} (Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x^6$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*B*b^2*x^8 + 1/5*A*a^2*x^5 + 1/7*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^7 + 1/6*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^6`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{8} Bb^2x^8 + \frac{2}{7} Babx^7 + \frac{1}{7} Ab^2x^7 + \frac{1}{6} Ba^2x^6 + \frac{1}{3} Aabx^6 + \frac{1}{5} Aa^2x^5$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*B*b^2*x^8 + 2/7*B*a*b*x^7 + 1/7*A*b^2*x^7 + 1/6*B*a^2*x^6 + 1/3*A*a*b*x^6 + 1/5*A*a^2*x^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = x^6 \left(\frac{Ba^2}{6} + \frac{Aba}{3} \right) + x^7 \left(\frac{Ab^2}{7} + \frac{2Bab}{7} \right) + \frac{Aa^2x^5}{5} + \frac{Bb^2x^8}{8}$$

input `int(x^4*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x),x)`

output `x^6*((B*a^2)/6 + (A*a*b)/3) + x^7*((A*b^2)/7 + (2*B*a*b)/7) + (A*a^2*x^5)/5 + (B*b^2*x^8)/8`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{x^5(35b^3x^3 + 120ab^2x^2 + 140a^2bx + 56a^3)}{280}$$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`

output `(x**5*(56*a**3 + 140*a**2*b*x + 120*a*b**2*x**2 + 35*b**3*x**3))/280`

3.140 $\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx$

Optimal result	1335
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1335
Rubi [A] (verified)	1336
Maple [A] (verified)	1337
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1338
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1338
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1339
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1339
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1339
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1340

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{4}a^2Ax^4 + \frac{1}{5}a(2Ab + aB)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}b(Ab + 2aB)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}b^2Bx^7$$

output $1/4*a^2*A*x^4+1/5*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^5+1/6*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^6+1/7*b^2*B*x^7$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{4}a^2Ax^4 + \frac{1}{5}a(2Ab + aB)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}b(Ab + 2aB)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}b^2Bx^7$$

input $\text{Integrate}[x^3*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2), x]$

output $(a^2*A*x^4)/4 + (a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^5)/5 + (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^6)/6 + (b^2*B*x^7)/7$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)(A + Bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\
 & \quad \int \frac{b^2x^3(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \quad \int x^3(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \quad \int (a^2Ax^3 + bx^5(2aB + Ab) + ax^4(aB + 2Ab) + b^2Bx^6) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{4}a^2Ax^4 + \frac{1}{6}bx^6(2aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{5}ax^5(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{7}b^2Bx^7
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [x^3*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2), x]`

output `(a^2*A*x^4)/4 + (a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^5)/5 + (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^6)/6 + (b^2*B*x^7)/7`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 85 $\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)) * ((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)} * ((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^4(60x^3Bb^2+70x^2b^2A+140Bax^2b+168abAx+84a^2Bx+105a^2A)}{420}$	52
default	$\frac{b^2Bx^7}{7} + \frac{(b^2A+2abB)x^6}{6} + \frac{(2abA+a^2B)x^5}{5} + \frac{a^2Ax^4}{4}$	52
norman	$\frac{b^2Bx^7}{7} + (\frac{1}{6}b^2A + \frac{1}{3}abB)x^6 + (\frac{2}{5}abA + \frac{1}{5}a^2B)x^5 + \frac{a^2Ax^4}{4}$	52
risch	$\frac{1}{7}b^2Bx^7 + \frac{1}{6}x^6b^2A + \frac{1}{3}Bbx^6a + \frac{2}{5}x^5abA + \frac{1}{5}x^5a^2B + \frac{1}{4}a^2Ax^4$	54
parallemrisch	$\frac{1}{7}b^2Bx^7 + \frac{1}{6}x^6b^2A + \frac{1}{3}Bbx^6a + \frac{2}{5}x^5abA + \frac{1}{5}x^5a^2B + \frac{1}{4}a^2Ax^4$	54
orering	$\frac{x^4(60x^3Bb^2+70x^2b^2A+140Bax^2b+168abAx+84a^2Bx+105a^2A)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)}{420(bx+a)^2}$	75

input $\text{int}(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2), x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
1/420*x^4*(60*B*b^2*x^3+70*A*b^2*x^2+140*B*a*b*x^2+168*A*a*b*x+84*B*a^2*x+
105*A*a^2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{7}Bb^2x^7 + \frac{1}{4}Aa^2x^4 + \frac{1}{6}(2Bab + Ab^2)x^6 + \frac{1}{5}(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x^5$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/7*B*b^2*x^7 + 1/4*A*a^2*x^4 + 1/6*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^6 + 1/5*(B*a^2 + 2
*A*a*b)*x^5
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{Aa^2x^4}{4} + \frac{Bb^2x^7}{7} + x^6\left(\frac{Ab^2}{6} + \frac{Bab}{3}\right) + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{2Aab}{5} + \frac{Ba^2}{5}\right)$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)
```

output

```
A*a**2*x**4/4 + B*b**2*x**7/7 + x**6*(A*b**2/6 + B*a*b/3) + x**5*(2*A*a*b/
5 + B*a**2/5)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{7} Bb^2x^7 + \frac{1}{4} Aa^2x^4 + \frac{1}{6} (2 Bab + Ab^2)x^6 + \frac{1}{5} (Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x^5$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/7*B*b^2*x^7 + 1/4*A*a^2*x^4 + 1/6*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^6 + 1/5*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{7} Bb^2x^7 + \frac{1}{3} Babx^6 + \frac{1}{6} Ab^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5} Ba^2x^5 + \frac{2}{5} Aabx^5 + \frac{1}{4} Aa^2x^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/7*B*b^2*x^7 + 1/3*B*a*b*x^6 + 1/6*A*b^2*x^6 + 1/5*B*a^2*x^5 + 2/5*A*a*b*x^5 + 1/4*A*a^2*x^4`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = x^5 \left(\frac{B a^2}{5} + \frac{2 A b a}{5} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{A b^2}{6} + \frac{B a b}{3} \right) + \frac{A a^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{B b^2 x^7}{7}$$

input `int(x^3*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x),x)`

output `x^5*((B*a^2)/5 + (2*A*a*b)/5) + x^6*((A*b^2)/6 + (B*a*b)/3) + (A*a^2*x^4)/4 + (B*b^2*x^7)/7`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{x^4(20b^3x^3 + 70ab^2x^2 + 84a^2bx + 35a^3)}{140}$$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`

output `(x**4*(35*a**3 + 84*a**2*b*x + 70*a*b**2*x**2 + 20*b**3*x**3))/140`

3.141 $\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx$

Optimal result	1341
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1341
Rubi [A] (verified)	1342
Maple [A] (verified)	1343
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1344
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1344
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1345
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1345
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1345
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1346

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{3}a^2Ax^3 + \frac{1}{4}a(2Ab + aB)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}b(Ab + 2aB)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}b^2Bx^6$$

output `1/3*a^2*A*x^3+1/4*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^4+1/5*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^5+1/6*b^2*B*x^6`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{60}x^3(5a^2(4A + 3Bx) + 6abx(5A + 4Bx) + 2b^2x^2(6A + 5Bx))$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2),x]`

output `(x^3*(5*a^2*(4*A + 3*B*x) + 6*a*b*x*(5*A + 4*B*x) + 2*b^2*x^2*(6*A + 5*B*x)))/60`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)(A + Bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\
 & \quad \int \frac{b^2x^2(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \quad \int x^2(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \quad \int (a^2Ax^2 + bx^4(2aB + Ab) + ax^3(aB + 2Ab) + b^2Bx^5) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3}a^2Ax^3 + \frac{1}{5}bx^5(2aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{4}ax^4(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{6}b^2Bx^6
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [x^2*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2), x]`

output `(a^2*A*x^3)/3 + (a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^4)/4 + (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^5)/5 + (b^2*B*x^6)/6`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 85 $\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)) * ((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)} * ((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^3(10x^3Bb^2+12x^2b^2A+24Ba x^2b+30abAx+15a^2Bx+20a^2A)}{60}$	52
default	$\frac{Bb^2x^6}{6} + \frac{(b^2A+2abB)x^5}{5} + \frac{(2abA+a^2B)x^4}{4} + \frac{a^2Ax^3}{3}$	52
norman	$\frac{Bb^2x^6}{6} + (\frac{1}{5}b^2A + \frac{2}{5}abB)x^5 + (\frac{1}{2}abA + \frac{1}{4}a^2B)x^4 + \frac{a^2Ax^3}{3}$	52
risch	$\frac{1}{6}Bb^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5}Ab^2x^5 + \frac{2}{5}Babx^5 + \frac{1}{2}Aabx^4 + \frac{1}{4}a^2Bx^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^2Ax^3$	54
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{6}Bb^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5}Ab^2x^5 + \frac{2}{5}Babx^5 + \frac{1}{2}Aabx^4 + \frac{1}{4}a^2Bx^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^2Ax^3$	54
orering	$\frac{x^3(10x^3Bb^2+12x^2b^2A+24Ba x^2b+30abAx+15a^2Bx+20a^2A)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)}{60(bx+a)^2}$	75

input $\text{int}(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2), x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
1/60*x^3*(10*B*b^2*x^3+12*A*b^2*x^2+24*B*a*b*x^2+30*A*a*b*x+15*B*a^2*x+20*
A*a^2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{6} Bb^2x^6 + \frac{1}{3} Aa^2x^3 + \frac{1}{5} (2Bab + Ab^2)x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (Ba^2 + 2Aab)x^4$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/6*B*b^2*x^6 + 1/3*A*a^2*x^3 + 1/5*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(B*a^2 + 2*
A*a*b)*x^4
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{Aa^2x^3}{3} + \frac{Bb^2x^6}{6} + x^5 \left(\frac{Ab^2}{5} + \frac{2Bab}{5} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{Aab}{2} + \frac{Ba^2}{4} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)
```

output

```
A*a**2*x**3/3 + B*b**2*x**6/6 + x**5*(A*b**2/5 + 2*B*a*b/5) + x**4*(A*a*b/
2 + B*a**2/4)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{6} Bb^2x^6 + \frac{1}{3} Aa^2x^3 + \frac{1}{5} (2 Bab + Ab^2)x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x^4$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*B*b^2*x^6 + 1/3*A*a^2*x^3 + 1/5*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{6} Bb^2x^6 + \frac{2}{5} Babx^5 + \frac{1}{5} Ab^2x^5 + \frac{1}{4} Ba^2x^4 + \frac{1}{2} Aabx^4 + \frac{1}{3} Aa^2x^3$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*B*b^2*x^6 + 2/5*B*a*b*x^5 + 1/5*A*b^2*x^5 + 1/4*B*a^2*x^4 + 1/2*A*a*b*x^4 + 1/3*A*a^2*x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = x^4 \left(\frac{Ba^2}{4} + \frac{Aba}{2} \right) + x^5 \left(\frac{Ab^2}{5} + \frac{2Bab}{5} \right) + \frac{Aa^2x^3}{3} + \frac{Bb^2x^6}{6}$$

input `int(x^2*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x),x)`

output `x^4*((B*a^2)/4 + (A*a*b)/2) + x^5*((A*b^2)/5 + (2*B*a*b)/5) + (A*a^2*x^3)/3 + (B*b^2*x^6)/6`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{x^3(10b^3x^3 + 36ab^2x^2 + 45a^2bx + 20a^3)}{60}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`

output `(x**3*(20*a**3 + 45*a**2*b*x + 36*a*b**2*x**2 + 10*b**3*x**3))/60`

3.142 $\int x(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx$

Optimal result	1347
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1347
Rubi [A] (verified)	1348
Maple [A] (verified)	1349
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1350
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1350
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1351
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1351
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1351
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1352

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{2}a^2Ax^2 + \frac{1}{3}a(2Ab + aB)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}b(Ab + 2aB)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}b^2Bx^5$$

output `1/2*a^2*A*x^2+1/3*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^3+1/4*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^4+1/5*b^2*B*x^5`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{60}x^2(10a^2(3A + 2Bx) + 10abx(4A + 3Bx) + 3b^2x^2(5A + 4Bx))$$

input `Integrate[x*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2),x]`

output `(x^2*(10*a^2*(3*A + 2*B*x) + 10*a*b*x*(4*A + 3*B*x) + 3*b^2*x^2*(5*A + 4*B*x)))/60`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)(A + Bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\
 & \frac{\int b^2x(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int x(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \int (a^2Ax + bx^3(2aB + Ab) + ax^2(aB + 2Ab) + b^2Bx^4) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}a^2Ax^2 + \frac{1}{4}bx^4(2aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{3}ax^3(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{5}b^2Bx^5
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [x*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2), x]`

output `(a^2*A*x^2)/2 + (a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^3)/3 + (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^4)/4 + (b^2*B*x^5)/5`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 85 $\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)) * ((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)} * ((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^2(12x^3Bb^2+15x^2b^2A+30Bax^2b+40abAx+20a^2Bx+30a^2A)}{60}$	52
default	$\frac{Bb^2x^5}{5} + \frac{(b^2A+2abB)x^4}{4} + \frac{(2abA+a^2B)x^3}{3} + \frac{a^2Ax^2}{2}$	52
norman	$\frac{Bb^2x^5}{5} + (\frac{1}{4}b^2A + \frac{1}{2}abB)x^4 + (\frac{2}{3}abA + \frac{1}{3}a^2B)x^3 + \frac{a^2Ax^2}{2}$	52
risch	$\frac{1}{5}Bb^2x^5 + \frac{1}{4}b^2Ax^4 + \frac{1}{2}x^4abB + \frac{2}{3}Abx^3a + \frac{1}{3}a^2Bx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^2Ax^2$	54
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{5}Bb^2x^5 + \frac{1}{4}b^2Ax^4 + \frac{1}{2}x^4abB + \frac{2}{3}Abx^3a + \frac{1}{3}a^2Bx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^2Ax^2$	54
orering	$\frac{x^2(12x^3Bb^2+15x^2b^2A+30Bax^2b+40abAx+20a^2Bx+30a^2A)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)}{60(bx+a)^2}$	75

input $\text{int}(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2), x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
1/60*x^2*(12*B*b^2*x^3+15*A*b^2*x^2+30*B*a*b*x^2+40*A*a*b*x+20*B*a^2*x+30*
A*a^2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{5}Bb^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2}Aa^2x^2 + \frac{1}{4}(2Bab + Ab^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{3}(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x^3$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/5*B*b^2*x^5 + 1/2*A*a^2*x^2 + 1/4*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(B*a^2 + 2
*A*a*b)*x^3
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{Aa^2x^2}{2} + \frac{Bb^2x^5}{5} + x^4\left(\frac{Ab^2}{4} + \frac{Bab}{2}\right) + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{2Aab}{3} + \frac{Ba^2}{3}\right)$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)
```

output

```
A*a**2*x**2/2 + B*b**2*x**5/5 + x**4*(A*b**2/4 + B*a*b/2) + x**3*(2*A*a*b/
3 + B*a**2/3)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{5} Bb^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2} Aa^2x^2 + \frac{1}{4} (2Bab + Ab^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (Ba^2 + 2Aab)x^3$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*B*b^2*x^5 + 1/2*A*a^2*x^2 + 1/4*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{5} Bb^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2} Babx^4 + \frac{1}{4} Ab^2x^4 + \frac{1}{3} Ba^2x^3 + \frac{2}{3} Aabx^3 + \frac{1}{2} Aa^2x^2$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/5*B*b^2*x^5 + 1/2*B*a*b*x^4 + 1/4*A*b^2*x^4 + 1/3*B*a^2*x^3 + 2/3*A*a*b*x^3 + 1/2*A*a^2*x^2`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = x^3 \left(\frac{Ba^2}{3} + \frac{2Aba}{3} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{Ab^2}{4} + \frac{Bab}{2} \right) + \frac{Aa^2x^2}{2} + \frac{Bb^2x^5}{5}$$

input `int(x*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x),x)`

output `x^3*((B*a^2)/3 + (2*A*a*b)/3) + x^4*((A*b^2)/4 + (B*a*b)/2) + (A*a^2*x^2)/2 + (B*b^2*x^5)/5`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int x(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{x^2(4b^3x^3 + 15ab^2x^2 + 20a^2bx + 10a^3)}{20}$$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`

output `(x**2*(10*a**3 + 20*a**2*b*x + 15*a*b**2*x**2 + 4*b**3*x**3))/20`

3.143 $\int (A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx$

Optimal result	1353
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1353
Rubi [A] (verified)	1354
Maple [A] (verified)	1355
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1356
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1356
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1356
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1357
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1357
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1358

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^3}{3b^2} + \frac{B(a + bx)^4}{4b^2}$$

output $1/3*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^3/b^2+1/4*B*(b*x+a)^4/b^2$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int (A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{12}x(6a^2(2A + Bx) + 4abx(3A + 2Bx) + b^2x^2(4A + 3Bx))$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2), x]$

output $(x*(6*a^2*(2*A + B*x) + 4*a*b*x*(3*A + 2*B*x) + b^2*x^2*(4*A + 3*B*x)))/12$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {1098, 27, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1098$$

$$\frac{\int b^2(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)dx}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int (a + bx)^2(A + Bx)dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(a + bx)^2(Ab - aB)}{b} + \frac{B(a + bx)^3}{b} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(a + bx)^3(Ab - aB)}{3b^2} + \frac{B(a + bx)^4}{4b^2}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2),x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^3)/(3*b^2) + (B*(a + b*x)^4)/(4*b^2)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 49 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$
- rule 1098 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$
- rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{x^4 B b^2}{4} + \left(\frac{1}{3} b^2 A + \frac{2}{3} abB\right) x^3 + \left(abA + \frac{1}{2} a^2 B\right) x^2 + a^2 Ax$	48
default	$\frac{x^4 B b^2}{4} + \frac{(b^2 A + 2abB)x^3}{3} + \frac{(2abA + a^2 B)x^2}{2} + a^2 Ax$	49
gospers	$\frac{x(3x^3 B b^2 + 4x^2 b^2 A + 8Ba x^2 b + 12abAx + 6a^2 Bx + 12a^2 A)}{12}$	50
risch	$\frac{1}{4} x^4 B b^2 + \frac{1}{3} A x^3 b^2 + \frac{2}{3} abB x^3 + abA x^2 + \frac{1}{2} B a^2 x^2 + a^2 Ax$	50
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{4} x^4 B b^2 + \frac{1}{3} A x^3 b^2 + \frac{2}{3} abB x^3 + abA x^2 + \frac{1}{2} B a^2 x^2 + a^2 Ax$	50
orering	$\frac{x(3x^3 B b^2 + 4x^2 b^2 A + 8Ba x^2 b + 12abAx + 6a^2 Bx + 12a^2 A)(b^2 x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}{12(bx + a)^2}$	73

input $\text{int}((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2), x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $1/4*x^4*B*b^2+(1/3*b^2*A+2/3*a*b*B)*x^3+(a*b*A+1/2*a^2*B)*x^2+a^2*A*x$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{4} Bb^2x^4 + Aa^2x + \frac{1}{3} (2Bab + Ab^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^2 + 2Aab)x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*B*b^2*x^4 + A*a^2*x + 1/3*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = Aa^2x + \frac{Bb^2x^4}{4} + x^3 \left(\frac{Ab^2}{3} + \frac{2Bab}{3} \right) + x^2 \left(Aab + \frac{Ba^2}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)`

output `A*a**2*x + B*b**2*x**4/4 + x**3*(A*b**2/3 + 2*B*a*b/3) + x**2*(A*a*b + B*a**2/2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{4} Bb^2x^4 + Aa^2x + \frac{1}{3} (2Bab + Ab^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^2 + 2Aab)x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\frac{1}{4}Bb^2x^4 + Aa^2x + \frac{1}{3}(2Ba^2b + Ab^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x^2$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{1}{4}Bb^2x^4 + \frac{2}{3}Babx^3 + \frac{1}{3}Ab^2x^3 + \frac{1}{2}Ba^2x^2 + Aabx^2 + Aa^2x$$

input

`integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{1}{4}Bb^2x^4 + \frac{2}{3}Babx^3 + \frac{1}{3}Ab^2x^3 + \frac{1}{2}Ba^2x^2 + Aabx^2 + Aa^2x$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = x^2 \left(\frac{Ba^2}{2} + Aba \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{Ab^2}{3} + \frac{2Bab}{3} \right) + \frac{Bb^2x^4}{4} + Aa^2x$$

input

`int((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x),x)`

output

$$x^2 * ((Ba^2)/2 + Aab) + x^3 * ((Ab^2)/3 + (2Bab)/3) + (Bb^2*x^4)/4 + Aa^2*x$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{x(b^3x^3 + 4ab^2x^2 + 6a^2bx + 4a^3)}{4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`

output `(x*(4*a**3 + 6*a**2*b*x + 4*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))/4`

$$3.144 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1359
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1359
Rubi [A] (verified)	1360
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1361
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1362
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1362
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1363
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1363
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1363
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1364

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x} dx = 2aAbx + \frac{1}{2}Ab^2x^2 + \frac{B(a+bx)^3}{3b} + a^2A \log(x)$$

output

```
2*a*A*b*x+1/2*A*b^2*x^2+1/3*B*(b*x+a)^3/b+a^2*A*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x} dx = a^2Bx + abx(2A+Bx) + \frac{1}{6}b^2x^2(3A+2Bx) + a^2A \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2))/x,x]
```

output

```
a^2*B*x + a*b*x*(2*A + B*x) + (b^2*x^2*(3*A + 2*B*x))/6 + a^2*A*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 90, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)(A + Bx)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\
 & \int \frac{b^2(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x b^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\
 & A \int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{x} dx + \frac{B(a + bx)^3}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & A \int \left(\frac{a^2}{x} + 2ba + b^2x \right) dx + \frac{B(a + bx)^3}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & A \left(a^2 \log(x) + 2abx + \frac{b^2x^2}{2} \right) + \frac{B(a + bx)^3}{3b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2))/x,x]`

output `(B*(a + b*x)^3)/(3*b) + A*(2*a*b*x + (b^2*x^2)/2 + a^2*Log[x])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result	size
default	$\frac{x^3 B b^2}{3} + \frac{x^2 b^2 A}{2} + B a x^2 b + 2 a b A x + a^2 B x + a^2 A \ln(x)$	46
norman	$(\frac{1}{2} b^2 A + a b B) x^2 + (2 a b A + a^2 B) x + \frac{x^3 B b^2}{3} + a^2 A \ln(x)$	46
risch	$\frac{x^3 B b^2}{3} + \frac{x^2 b^2 A}{2} + B a x^2 b + 2 a b A x + a^2 B x + a^2 A \ln(x)$	46
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^3 B b^2}{3} + \frac{x^2 b^2 A}{2} + B a x^2 b + 2 a b A x + a^2 B x + a^2 A \ln(x)$	46

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $1/3*x^3*B*b^2+1/2*x^2*b^2*A+B*a*x^2*b+2*a*b*A*x+a^2*B*x+a^2*A*\ln(x)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bb^2x^3 + Aa^2 \log(x) + \frac{1}{2} (2 Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + (Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/3*B*b^2*x^3 + A*a^2*\log(x) + 1/2*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x} dx = Aa^2 \log(x) + \frac{Bb^2x^3}{3} + x^2 \left(\frac{Ab^2}{2} + Bab \right) + x(2Aab + Ba^2)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)/x,x)`

output $A*a**2*\log(x) + B*b**2*x**3/3 + x**2*(A*b**2/2 + B*a*b) + x*(2*A*a*b + B*a**2)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bb^2x^3 + Aa^2 \log(x) + \frac{1}{2} (2 Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + (Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*B*b^2*x^3 + A*a^2*log(x) + 1/2*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bb^2x^3 + Babx^2 + \frac{1}{2} Ab^2x^2 + Ba^2x + 2 Aabx + Aa^2 \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*B*b^2*x^3 + B*a*b*x^2 + 1/2*A*b^2*x^2 + B*a^2*x + 2*A*a*b*x + A*a^2*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{Ab^2}{2} + Bab \right) + x (Ba^2 + 2 Aab) + \frac{Bb^2x^3}{3} + Aa^2 \ln(x)$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x))/x,x)`

output `x^2*((A*b^2)/2 + B*a*b) + x*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b) + (B*b^2*x^3)/3 + A*a^2*log(x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x} dx = \log(x) a^3 + 3a^2bx + \frac{3ab^2x^2}{2} + \frac{b^3x^3}{3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x,x)`

output `(6*log(x)*a**3 + 18*a**2*b*x + 9*a*b**2*x**2 + 2*b**3*x**3)/6`

$$3.145 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1365
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1365
Rubi [A] (verified)	1366
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1367
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1368
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1368
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1368
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1369
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1369
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1370

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^2A}{x} + b(Ab+2aB)x + \frac{1}{2}b^2Bx^2 + a(2Ab+aB)\log(x)$$

output

```
-a^2*A/x+b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x+1/2*b^2*B*x^2+a*(2*A*b+B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^2A}{x} + 2abBx + \frac{1}{2}b^2x(2A+Bx) + a(2Ab+aB)\log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2))/x^2,x]
```

output

```
-((a^2*A)/x) + 2*a*b*B*x + (b^2*x*(2*A + B*x))/2 + a*(2*A*b + a*B)*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\
 & \int \frac{b^2(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^2 b^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{a^2 A}{x^2} + \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{x} + b(2aB + Ab) + b^2 Bx \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{a^2 A}{x} + bx(2aB + Ab) + a \log(x)(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{2} b^2 Bx^2
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2))/x^2,x]
```

output

```
-((a^2*A)/x) + b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x + (b^2*B*x^2)/2 + a*(2*A*b + a*B)*Log[x]
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
default	$\frac{x^2 B b^2}{2} + x b^2 A + 2 x a b B + a(2 A b + B a) \ln(x) - \frac{a^2 A}{x}$	44
risch	$\frac{x^2 B b^2}{2} + x b^2 A + 2 x a b B - \frac{a^2 A}{x} + 2 A \ln(x) a b + B \ln(x) a^2$	46
norman	$\frac{(b^2 A + 2 a b B) x^2 - a^2 A + \frac{x^3 B b^2}{2}}{x} + (2 a b A + a^2 B) \ln(x)$	51
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^3 B b^2 + 4 A \ln(x) x a b + 2 x^2 b^2 A + 2 B \ln(x) x a^2 + 4 B a x^2 b - 2 a^2 A}{2 x}$	55

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*x^2*B*b^2+x*b^2*A+2*x*a*b*B+a*(2*A*b+B*a)*ln(x)-a^2*A/x`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bb^2x^3 - 2Aa^2 + 2(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 2(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x \log(x)}{2x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(B*b^2*x^3 - 2*A*a^2 + 2*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x*log(x))/x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{Aa^2}{x} + \frac{Bb^2x^2}{2} + a(2Ab + Ba) \log(x)$$

$$+ x(Ab^2 + 2Bab)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)/x**2,x)`

output `-A*a**2/x + B*b**2*x**2/2 + a*(2*A*b + B*a)*log(x) + x*(A*b**2 + 2*B*a*b)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2}Bb^2x^2 - \frac{Aa^2}{x} + (2Bab + Ab^2)x$$

$$+ (Ba^2 + 2Aab) \log(x)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/2*B*b^2*x^2 - A*a^2/x + (2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x + (B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*\log(x)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} Bb^2x^2 + 2 Babx + Ab^2x - \frac{Aa^2}{x} + (Ba^2 + 2Aab) \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/2*B*b^2*x^2 + 2*B*a*b*x + A*b^2*x - A*a^2/x + (B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*\log(\text{abs}(x))$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^2} dx = \ln(x) (Ba^2 + 2Aba) + x (Ab^2 + 2Bab) - \frac{Aa^2}{x} + \frac{Bb^2x^2}{2}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x))/x^2,x)`

output $\log(x)*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b) + x*(A*b^2 + 2*B*a*b) - (A*a^2)/x + (B*b^2*x^2)/2$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^2} dx = \frac{6 \log(x) a^2 b x - 2a^3 + 6a b^2 x^2 + b^3 x^3}{2x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^2,x)`

output `(6*log(x)*a**2*b*x - 2*a**3 + 6*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3)/(2*x)`

3.146 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1371
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1371
Rubi [A] (verified)	1372
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1373
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1374
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1374
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1375
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1375
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1376
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1376

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^2 A}{2x^2} - \frac{a(2Ab + aB)}{x} + b^2 Bx + b(Ab + 2aB) \log(x)$$

output

$$-1/2*a^2*A/x^2-a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x+b^2*B*x+b*(A*b+2*B*a)*ln(x)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{2aAb}{x} + b^2 Bx - \frac{a^2(A + 2Bx)}{2x^2} + b(Ab + 2aB) \log(x)$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2))/x^3,x]$$

output

$$(-2*a*A*b)/x + b^2*B*x - (a^2*(A + 2*B*x))/(2*x^2) + b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*Log[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\
 & \int \frac{b^2(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{a^2A}{x^3} + \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{x^2} + \frac{b(2aB + Ab)}{x} + b^2B \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{a^2A}{2x^2} - \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{x} + b \log(x)(2aB + Ab) + b^2Bx
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2))/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(a^2*A)/x^2 - (a*(2*A*b + a*B))/x + b^2*B*x + b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*Log[x]
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 85 $\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)) * ((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] :> \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)} * ((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a^2 A}{2x^2} - \frac{a(2Ab+Ba)}{x} + xBb^2 + b(Ab + 2Ba) \ln(x)$	43
risch	$xBb^2 + \frac{(-2abA-a^2B)x - \frac{a^2A}{2}}{x^2} + Ab^2 \ln(x) + 2B \ln(x) ab$	47
norman	$\frac{(-2abA-a^2B)x + x^3 B b^2 - \frac{a^2A}{2}}{x^2} + (b^2 A + 2abB) \ln(x)$	49
parallelrisch	$\frac{2A \ln(x)x^2 b^2 + 4B \ln(x)x^2 ab + 2x^3 B b^2 - 4abAx - 2a^2 Bx - a^2 A}{2x^2}$	56

input $\text{int}((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^3, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $-1/2*a^2*A/x^2 - a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x + x*B*b^2 + b*(A*b+2*B*a)*\ln(x)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^3} dx = \frac{2Bb^2x^3 + 2(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 \log(x) - Aa^2 - 2(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(2*B*b^2*x^3 + 2*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2*log(x) - A*a^2 - 2*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^2`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^3} dx = Bb^2x + b(Ab + 2Ba) \log(x) + \frac{-Aa^2 + x(-4Aab - 2Ba^2)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)/x**3,x)`output `B*b**2*x + b*(A*b + 2*B*a)*log(x) + (-A*a**2 + x*(-4*A*a*b - 2*B*a**2))/(2*x**2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^3} dx = Bb^2x + (2Bab + Ab^2) \log(x) - \frac{Aa^2 + 2(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `B*b^2*x + (2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*log(x) - 1/2*(A*a^2 + 2*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^3} dx = Bb^2x + (2Bab + Ab^2) \log(|x|) - \frac{Aa^2 + 2(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `B*b^2*x + (2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*log(abs(x)) - 1/2*(A*a^2 + 2*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^3} dx = \ln(x) (Ab^2 + 2Bab) - \frac{\frac{Aa^2}{2} + x(Ba^2 + 2Aba)}{x^2} + Bb^2x$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x))/x^3,x)`output `log(x)*(A*b^2 + 2*B*a*b) - ((A*a^2)/2 + x*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b))/x^2 + B*b^2*x`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^3} dx = \frac{6 \log(x) a b^2 x^2 - a^3 - 6a^2 b x + 2b^3 x^3}{2x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^3,x)`output `(6*log(x)*a*b**2*x**2 - a**3 - 6*a**2*b*x + 2*b**3*x**3)/(2*x**2)`

$$3.147 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1377
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1377
Rubi [A] (verified)	1378
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1379
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1380
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1380
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1381
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1381
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1382
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1382

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^2A}{3x^3} - \frac{a(2Ab+aB)}{2x^2} - \frac{b(Ab+2aB)}{x} + b^2B \log(x)$$

output `-1/3*a^2*A/x^3-1/2*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^2-b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x+b^2*B*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{6Ab^2x^2+6abx(A+2Bx)+a^2(2A+3Bx)}{6x^3} + b^2B \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2))/x^4,x]`

output `-1/6*(6*A*b^2*x^2+6*a*b*x*(A+2*B*x)+a^2*(2*A+3*B*x))/x^3+b^2*B*log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\
 & \int \frac{b^2(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{a^2A}{x^4} + \frac{a(aB+2Ab)}{x^3} + \frac{b(2aB+Ab)}{x^2} + \frac{b^2B}{x} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{a^2A}{3x^3} - \frac{a(aB+2Ab)}{2x^2} - \frac{b(2aB+Ab)}{x} + b^2B \log(x)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2))/x^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/3*(a^2*A)/x^3 - (a*(2*A*b + a*B))/(2*x^2) - (b*(A*b + 2*a*B))/x + b^2*B*Log[x]
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a^2 A}{3x^3} - \frac{a(2Ab+Ba)}{2x^2} - \frac{b(Ab+2Ba)}{x} + b^2 B \ln(x)$	46
norman	$\frac{(-abA - \frac{1}{2}a^2 B)x + (-b^2 A - 2abB)x^2 - \frac{a^2 A}{3}}{x^3} + b^2 B \ln(x)$	50
risch	$\frac{(-abA - \frac{1}{2}a^2 B)x + (-b^2 A - 2abB)x^2 - \frac{a^2 A}{3}}{x^3} + b^2 B \ln(x)$	50
parallelrisc	$-\frac{6B b^2 \ln(x)x^3 + 6x^2 b^2 A + 12Ba x^2 b + 6abAx + 3a^2 Bx + 2a^2 A}{6x^3}$	54

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*a^2*A/x^3-1/2*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^2-b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x+b^2*B*ln(x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{6Bb^2x^3 \log(x) - 2Aa^2 - 6(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 - 3(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*(6*B*b^2*x^3*log(x) - 2*A*a^2 - 6*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 - 3*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^3`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= Bb^2 \log(x) + \frac{-2Aa^2 + x^2(-6Ab^2 - 12Bab) + x(-6Aab - 3Ba^2)}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)/x**4,x)`output `B*b**2*log(x) + (-2*A*a**2 + x**2*(-6*A*b**2 - 12*B*a*b) + x*(-6*A*a*b - 3*B*a**2))/(6*x**3)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^4} dx = Bb^2 \log(x) - \frac{2Aa^2 + 6(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 3(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `B*b^2*log(x) - 1/6*(2*A*a^2 + 6*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^4} dx = Bb^2 \log(|x|) - \frac{2Aa^2 + 6(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 3(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `B*b^2*log(abs(x)) - 1/6*(2*A*a^2 + 6*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^4} dx = Bb^2 \ln(x) - \frac{x^2 (Ab^2 + 2Bab) + \frac{Aa^2}{3} + x \left(\frac{Ba^2}{2} + Aba \right)}{x^3}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x))/x^4,x)`output `B*b^2*log(x) - (x^2*(A*b^2 + 2*B*a*b) + (A*a^2)/3 + x*((B*a^2)/2 + A*a*b))/x^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^4} dx = \frac{6 \log(x) b^3 x^3 - 2a^3 - 9a^2 b x - 18a b^2 x^2}{6x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^4,x)`output `(6*log(x)*b**3*x**3 - 2*a**3 - 9*a**2*b*x - 18*a*b**2*x**2)/(6*x**3)`

3.148 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	1383
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1383
Rubi [A] (verified)	1384
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1385
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1386
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1386
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1387
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1387
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1388
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1388

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{A(a+bx)^3}{4ax^4} + \frac{(Ab-4aB)(a+bx)^3}{12a^2x^3}$$

output `-1/4*A*(b*x+a)^3/a/x^4+1/12*(A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^3/a^2/x^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{6b^2x^2(A+2Bx)+4abx(2A+3Bx)+a^2(3A+4Bx)}{12x^4}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2))/x^5,x]`

output `-1/12*(6*b^2*x^2*(A+2*B*x)+4*a*b*x*(2*A+3*B*x)+a^2*(3*A+4*B*x))/x^4`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\
 & \int \frac{b^2(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & -\frac{(Ab - 4aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{x^4} dx}{4a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^3}{4ax^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{48} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx)^3(Ab - 4aB)}{12a^2x^3} - \frac{A(a+bx)^3}{4ax^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2))/x^5,x]`

output `-1/4*(A*(a + b*x)^3)/(a*x^4) + ((A*b - 4*a*B)*(a + b*x)^3)/(12*a^2*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 48 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 87 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)(x_))^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)} / (f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) / (f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \!(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \!(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ \!(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}*((f_.) + (g_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a(2Ab+Ba)}{3x^3} - \frac{b(Ab+2Ba)}{2x^2} - \frac{a^2A}{4x^4} - \frac{Bb^2}{x}$	48
norman	$\frac{-x^3 B b^2 + (-\frac{1}{2} b^2 A - abB) x^2 + (-\frac{2}{3} abA - \frac{1}{3} a^2 B) x - \frac{a^2 A}{4}}{x^4}$	51
risch	$\frac{-x^3 B b^2 + (-\frac{1}{2} b^2 A - abB) x^2 + (-\frac{2}{3} abA - \frac{1}{3} a^2 B) x - \frac{a^2 A}{4}}{x^4}$	51
gospers	$-\frac{12x^3 B b^2 + 6x^2 b^2 A + 12Ba x^2 b + 8abAx + 4a^2 Bx + 3a^2 A}{12x^4}$	52
parallemrisch	$-\frac{12x^3 B b^2 + 6x^2 b^2 A + 12Ba x^2 b + 8abAx + 4a^2 Bx + 3a^2 A}{12x^4}$	52
orering	$-\frac{(12x^3 B b^2 + 6x^2 b^2 A + 12Ba x^2 b + 8abAx + 4a^2 Bx + 3a^2 A) (b^2 x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}{12x^4 (bx+a)^2}$	75

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^3-1/2*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^2-1/4*a^2*A/x^4-B*b^2/x`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= -\frac{12Bb^2x^3+3Aa^2+6(2Bab+Ab^2)x^2+4(Ba^2+2Aab)x}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/12*(12*B*b^2*x^3+3*A*a^2+6*(2*B*a*b+A*b^2)*x^2+4*(B*a^2+2*A*a*b)*x)/x^4`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3Aa^2-12Bb^2x^3+x^2(-6Ab^2-12Bab)+x(-8Aab-4Ba^2)}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)/x**5,x)`

output `(-3*A*a**2-12*B*b**2*x**3+x**2*(-6*A*b**2-12*B*a*b)+x*(-8*A*a*b-4*B*a**2))/(12*x**4)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= -\frac{12 Bb^2x^3 + 3 Aa^2 + 6(2 Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 4(Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x}{12 x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/12*(12*B*b^2*x^3 + 3*A*a^2 + 6*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 4*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= -\frac{12 Bb^2x^3 + 12 Babx^2 + 6 Ab^2x^2 + 4 Ba^2x + 8 Aabx + 3 Aa^2}{12 x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/12*(12*B*b^2*x^3 + 12*B*a*b*x^2 + 6*A*b^2*x^2 + 4*B*a^2*x + 8*A*a*b*x + 3*A*a^2)/x^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= -\frac{x^2 \left(\frac{Ab^2}{2} + B a b \right) + \frac{Aa^2}{4} + x \left(\frac{Ba^2}{3} + \frac{2Aba}{3} \right) + B b^2 x^3}{x^4}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x))/x^5,x)`output `-(x^2*((A*b^2)/2 + B*a*b) + (A*a^2)/4 + x*((B*a^2)/3 + (2*A*a*b)/3) + B*b^2*x^3)/x^4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^5} dx = \frac{-4b^3x^3 - 6a b^2x^2 - 4a^2bx - a^3}{4x^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^5,x)`output `(- a**3 - 4*a**2*b*x - 6*a*b**2*x**2 - 4*b**3*x**3)/(4*x**4)`

$$3.149 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^6} dx$$

Optimal result	1389
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1389
Rubi [A] (verified)	1390
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1391
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1392
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1392
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1393
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1393
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1394
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1394

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^2A}{5x^5} - \frac{a(2Ab+aB)}{4x^4} - \frac{b(Ab+2aB)}{3x^3} - \frac{b^2B}{2x^2}$$

output

$$-1/5*a^2*A/x^5-1/4*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^4-1/3*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^3-1/2*b^2*B/x^2$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^6} dx \\ &= -\frac{10b^2x^2(2A+3Bx)+10abx(3A+4Bx)+3a^2(4A+5Bx)}{60x^5} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)/x^6,x]$$

output

$$-1/60*(10*b^2*x^2*(2*A+3*B*x)+10*a*b*x*(3*A+4*B*x)+3*a^2*(4*A+5*B*x))/x^5$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\
 & \int \frac{b^2(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{a^2A}{x^6} + \frac{a(aB+2Ab)}{x^5} + \frac{b(2aB+Ab)}{x^4} + \frac{b^2B}{x^3} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{a^2A}{5x^5} - \frac{a(aB+2Ab)}{4x^4} - \frac{b(2aB+Ab)}{3x^3} - \frac{b^2B}{2x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2))/x^6,x]`

output `-1/5*(a^2*A)/x^5 - (a*(2*A*b + a*B))/(4*x^4) - (b*(A*b + 2*a*B))/(3*x^3) - (b^2*B)/(2*x^2)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 85 $\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)) * ((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)} * ((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a^2 A}{5x^5} - \frac{a(2Ab+Ba)}{4x^4} - \frac{b(Ab+2Ba)}{3x^3} - \frac{b^2 B}{2x^2}$	48
norman	$\frac{-\frac{x^3 B b^2}{2} + (-\frac{1}{3} b^2 A - \frac{2}{3} ab B)x^2 + (-\frac{1}{2} ab A - \frac{1}{4} a^2 B)x - \frac{a^2 A}{5}}{x^5}$	51
risch	$\frac{-\frac{x^3 B b^2}{2} + (-\frac{1}{3} b^2 A - \frac{2}{3} ab B)x^2 + (-\frac{1}{2} ab A - \frac{1}{4} a^2 B)x - \frac{a^2 A}{5}}{x^5}$	51
gospers	$-\frac{30x^3 B b^2 + 20x^2 b^2 A + 40Ba x^2 b + 30ab Ax + 15a^2 Bx + 12a^2 A}{60x^5}$	52
parallelrisch	$-\frac{30x^3 B b^2 + 20x^2 b^2 A + 40Ba x^2 b + 30ab Ax + 15a^2 Bx + 12a^2 A}{60x^5}$	52
orering	$-\frac{(30x^3 B b^2 + 20x^2 b^2 A + 40Ba x^2 b + 30ab Ax + 15a^2 Bx + 12a^2 A)(b^2 x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}{60x^5 (bx + a)^2}$	75

input $\text{int}((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^6, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

$$-1/5*a^2*A/x^5-1/4*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^4-1/3*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^3-1/2*b^2*B/x^2$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{30 Bb^2x^3 + 12 Aa^2 + 20 (2 Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 15 (Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x}{60 x^5}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$-1/60*(30*B*b^2*x^3 + 12*A*a^2 + 20*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 15*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^5$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12Aa^2 - 30Bb^2x^3 + x^2(-20Ab^2 - 40Bab) + x(-30Aab - 15Ba^2)}{60x^5}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)/x**6,x)
```

output

$$(-12*A*a**2 - 30*B*b**2*x**3 + x**2*(-20*A*b**2 - 40*B*a*b) + x*(-30*A*a*b - 15*B*a**2))/(60*x**5)$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{30 Bb^2x^3 + 12 Aa^2 + 20 (2 Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 15 (Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x}{60 x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/60*(30*B*b^2*x^3 + 12*A*a^2 + 20*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 15*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{30 Bb^2x^3 + 40 Babx^2 + 20 Ab^2x^2 + 15 Ba^2x + 30 Aabx + 12 Aa^2}{60 x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/60*(30*B*b^2*x^3 + 40*B*a*b*x^2 + 20*A*b^2*x^2 + 15*B*a^2*x + 30*A*a*b*x + 12*A*a^2)/x^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{x^2 \left(\frac{Ab^2}{3} + \frac{2Bab}{3} \right) + \frac{Aa^2}{5} + x \left(\frac{Ba^2}{4} + \frac{Aba}{2} \right) + \frac{Bb^2x^3}{2}}{x^5}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x))/x^6,x)`output `-(x^2*((A*b^2)/3 + (2*B*a*b)/3) + (A*a^2)/5 + x*((B*a^2)/4 + (A*a*b)/2) + (B*b^2*x^3)/2)/x^5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^6} dx = \frac{-10b^3x^3 - 20ab^2x^2 - 15a^2bx - 4a^3}{20x^5}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^6,x)`output `(- 4*a**3 - 15*a**2*b*x - 20*a*b**2*x**2 - 10*b**3*x**3)/(20*x**5)`

3.150 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	1395
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1395
Rubi [A] (verified)	1396
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1397
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1398
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1398
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1399
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1399
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1400
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1400

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a^2A}{6x^6} - \frac{a(2Ab+aB)}{5x^5} - \frac{b(Ab+2aB)}{4x^4} - \frac{b^2B}{3x^3}$$

output `-1/6*a^2*A/x^6-1/5*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^5-1/4*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^4-1/3*b^2*B/x^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^7} dx = -\frac{5b^2x^2(3A+4Bx)+6abx(4A+5Bx)+2a^2(5A+6Bx)}{60x^6}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2))/x^7,x]`

output `-1/60*(5*b^2*x^2*(3*A+4*B*x)+6*a*b*x*(4*A+5*B*x)+2*a^2*(5*A+6*B*x))/x^6`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)(A + Bx)}{x^7} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\
 & \int \frac{b^2(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{a^2A}{x^7} + \frac{a(aB+2Ab)}{x^6} + \frac{b(2aB+Ab)}{x^5} + \frac{b^2B}{x^4} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{a^2A}{6x^6} - \frac{a(aB+2Ab)}{5x^5} - \frac{b(2aB+Ab)}{4x^4} - \frac{b^2B}{3x^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2))/x^7,x]`

output `-1/6*(a^2*A)/x^6 - (a*(2*A*b + a*B))/(5*x^5) - (b*(A*b + 2*a*B))/(4*x^4) - (b^2*B)/(3*x^3)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 85 $\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)) * ((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)} * ((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a^2 A}{6x^6} - \frac{a(2Ab+Ba)}{5x^5} - \frac{b(Ab+2Ba)}{4x^4} - \frac{b^2 B}{3x^3}$	48
norman	$\frac{-\frac{x^3 B b^2}{3} + (-\frac{1}{4} b^2 A - \frac{1}{2} ab B)x^2 + (-\frac{2}{5} ab A - \frac{1}{5} a^2 B)x - \frac{a^2 A}{6}}{x^6}$	51
risch	$\frac{-\frac{x^3 B b^2}{3} + (-\frac{1}{4} b^2 A - \frac{1}{2} ab B)x^2 + (-\frac{2}{5} ab A - \frac{1}{5} a^2 B)x - \frac{a^2 A}{6}}{x^6}$	51
gospers	$-\frac{20x^3 B b^2 + 15x^2 b^2 A + 30Ba x^2 b + 24ab Ax + 12a^2 Bx + 10a^2 A}{60x^6}$	52
parallelrisch	$-\frac{20x^3 B b^2 + 15x^2 b^2 A + 30Ba x^2 b + 24ab Ax + 12a^2 Bx + 10a^2 A}{60x^6}$	52
orering	$-\frac{(20x^3 B b^2 + 15x^2 b^2 A + 30Ba x^2 b + 24ab Ax + 12a^2 Bx + 10a^2 A)(b^2 x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}{60x^6 (bx + a)^2}$	75

input $\text{int}((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^7, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

$$-1/6*a^2*A/x^6-1/5*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^5-1/4*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^4-1/3*b^2*B/x^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{20 Bb^2x^3 + 10 Aa^2 + 15 (2 Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 12 (Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x}{60 x^6}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$-1/60*(20*B*b^2*x^3 + 10*A*a^2 + 15*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 12*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^6$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{-10Aa^2 - 20Bb^2x^3 + x^2(-15Ab^2 - 30Bab) + x(-24Aab - 12Ba^2)}{60x^6}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)/x**7,x)
```

output

$$(-10*A*a**2 - 20*B*b**2*x**3 + x**2*(-15*A*b**2 - 30*B*a*b) + x*(-24*A*a*b - 12*B*a**2))/(60*x**6)$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{20 Bb^2x^3 + 10 Aa^2 + 15 (2 Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 12 (Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x}{60 x^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/60*(20*B*b^2*x^3 + 10*A*a^2 + 15*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 12*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^6`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{20 Bb^2x^3 + 30 Babx^2 + 15 Ab^2x^2 + 12 Ba^2x + 24 Aabx + 10 Aa^2}{60 x^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/60*(20*B*b^2*x^3 + 30*B*a*b*x^2 + 15*A*b^2*x^2 + 12*B*a^2*x + 24*A*a*b*x + 10*A*a^2)/x^6`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{x^2 \left(\frac{Ab^2}{4} + \frac{Bab}{2} \right) + \frac{Aa^2}{6} + x \left(\frac{Ba^2}{5} + \frac{2Aba}{5} \right) + \frac{Bb^2x^3}{3}}{x^6}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x))/x^7,x)`output `-(x^2*((A*b^2)/4 + (B*a*b)/2) + (A*a^2)/6 + x*((B*a^2)/5 + (2*A*a*b)/5) + (B*b^2*x^3)/3)/x^6`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^7} dx = \frac{-20b^3x^3 - 45ab^2x^2 - 36a^2bx - 10a^3}{60x^6}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^7,x)`output `(- 10*a**3 - 36*a**2*b*x - 45*a*b**2*x**2 - 20*b**3*x**3)/(60*x**6)`

$$3.151 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^8} dx$$

Optimal result	1401
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1401
Rubi [A] (verified)	1402
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1403
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1404
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1404
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1405
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1405
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1406
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1406

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^8} dx = -\frac{a^2A}{7x^7} - \frac{a(2Ab+aB)}{6x^6} - \frac{b(Ab+2aB)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^2B}{4x^4}$$

output

$$-1/7*a^2*A/x^7-1/6*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^6-1/5*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^5-1/4*b^2*B/x^4$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^8} dx \\ &= -\frac{21b^2x^2(4A+5Bx)+28abx(5A+6Bx)+10a^2(6A+7Bx)}{420x^7} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)/x^8,x]$$

output

$$-1/420*(21*b^2*x^2*(4*A+5*B*x)+28*a*b*x*(5*A+6*B*x)+10*a^2*(6*A+7*B*x))/x^7$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)(A + Bx)}{x^8} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\
 & \int \frac{b^2(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^8 b^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^8} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{a^2 A}{x^8} + \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{x^7} + \frac{b(2aB + Ab)}{x^6} + \frac{b^2 B}{x^5} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{a^2 A}{7x^7} - \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{6x^6} - \frac{b(2aB + Ab)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^2 B}{4x^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2))/x^8,x]`

output `-1/7*(a^2*A)/x^7 - (a*(2*A*b + a*B))/(6*x^6) - (b*(A*b + 2*a*B))/(5*x^5) - (b^2*B)/(4*x^4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 85 $\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] :> \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}*((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a^2A}{7x^7} - \frac{a(2Ab+Ba)}{6x^6} - \frac{b(Ab+2Ba)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^2B}{4x^4}$	48
norman	$\frac{-\frac{x^3Bb^2}{4} + (-\frac{1}{5}b^2A - \frac{2}{5}abB)x^2 + (-\frac{1}{3}abA - \frac{1}{6}a^2B)x - \frac{a^2A}{7}}{x^7}$	51
risch	$\frac{-\frac{x^3Bb^2}{4} + (-\frac{1}{5}b^2A - \frac{2}{5}abB)x^2 + (-\frac{1}{3}abA - \frac{1}{6}a^2B)x - \frac{a^2A}{7}}{x^7}$	51
gospers	$-\frac{105x^3Bb^2 + 84x^2b^2A + 168Bax^2b + 140abAx + 70a^2Bx + 60a^2A}{420x^7}$	52
parallelrisch	$-\frac{105x^3Bb^2 + 84x^2b^2A + 168Bax^2b + 140abAx + 70a^2Bx + 60a^2A}{420x^7}$	52
orering	$-\frac{(105x^3Bb^2 + 84x^2b^2A + 168Bax^2b + 140abAx + 70a^2Bx + 60a^2A)(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}{420x^7(bx+a)^2}$	75

input $\text{int}((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^8, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

$$-1/7*a^2*A/x^7-1/6*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^6-1/5*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^5-1/4*b^2*B/x^4$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{105 Bb^2x^3 + 60 Aa^2 + 84(2 Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 70(Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x}{420 x^7}$$

input

$$\text{integrate}((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^8,x, \text{algorithm}="fricas")$$

output

$$-1/420*(105*B*b^2*x^3 + 60*A*a^2 + 84*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 70*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^7$$
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{-60Aa^2 - 105Bb^2x^3 + x^2(-84Ab^2 - 168Bab) + x(-140Aab - 70Ba^2)}{420x^7}$$

input

$$\text{integrate}((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)/x**8,x)$$

output

$$(-60*A*a**2 - 105*B*b**2*x**3 + x**2*(-84*A*b**2 - 168*B*a*b) + x*(-140*A*a*b - 70*B*a**2))/(420*x**7)$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{105 Bb^2x^3 + 60 Aa^2 + 84(2 Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 70(Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x}{420 x^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/420*(105*B*b^2*x^3 + 60*A*a^2 + 84*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 70*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^7`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{105 Bb^2x^3 + 168 Babx^2 + 84 Ab^2x^2 + 70 Ba^2x + 140 Aabx + 60 Aa^2}{420 x^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/420*(105*B*b^2*x^3 + 168*B*a*b*x^2 + 84*A*b^2*x^2 + 70*B*a^2*x + 140*A*a*b*x + 60*A*a^2)/x^7`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{x^2 \left(\frac{Ab^2}{5} + \frac{2Bab}{5} \right) + \frac{Aa^2}{7} + x \left(\frac{Ba^2}{6} + \frac{Aba}{3} \right) + \frac{Bb^2x^3}{4}}{x^7}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x))/x^8,x)`output `-(x^2*((A*b^2)/5 + (2*B*a*b)/5) + (A*a^2)/7 + x*((B*a^2)/6 + (A*a*b)/3) + (B*b^2*x^3)/4)/x^7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^8} dx = \frac{-35b^3x^3 - 84ab^2x^2 - 70a^2bx - 20a^3}{140x^7}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^8,x)`output `(- 20*a**3 - 70*a**2*b*x - 84*a*b**2*x**2 - 35*b**3*x**3)/(140*x**7)`

3.152 $\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	1407
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1407
Rubi [A] (verified)	1408
Maple [A] (verified)	1410
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1410
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1411
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1411
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1412
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1412
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1413

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{5}a^4Ax^5 + \frac{1}{6}a^3(4Ab + aB)x^6 + \frac{2}{7}a^2b(3Ab + 2aB)x^7 + \frac{1}{4}ab^2(2Ab + 3aB)x^8 + \frac{1}{9}b^3(Ab + 4aB)x^9 + \frac{1}{10}b^4Bx^{10}$$

```
output 1/5*a^4*A*x^5+1/6*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)*x^6+2/7*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)*x^7+1/4*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)*x^8+1/9*b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)*x^9+1/10*b^4*B*x^10
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{5}a^4Ax^5 + \frac{1}{6}a^3(4Ab + aB)x^6 + \frac{2}{7}a^2b(3Ab + 2aB)x^7 + \frac{1}{4}ab^2(2Ab + 3aB)x^8 + \frac{1}{9}b^3(Ab + 4aB)x^9 + \frac{1}{10}b^4Bx^{10}$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output $(a^4Ax^5)/5 + (a^3(4Ab + a^2B)x^6)/6 + (2a^2b(3Ab + 2a^2B)x^7)/7 + (ab^2(2Ab + 3a^2B)x^8)/4 + (b^3(Ab + 4a^2B)x^9)/9 + (b^4Bx^{10})/10$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\frac{\int b^4x^4(a + bx)^4(A + Bx)dx}{b^4}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int x^4(a + bx)^4(A + Bx)dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (a^4Ax^4 + a^3x^5(aB + 4Ab) + 2a^2bx^6(2aB + 3Ab) + b^3x^8(4aB + Ab) + 2ab^2x^7(3aB + 2Ab) + b^4Bx^9) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{5}a^4Ax^5 + \frac{1}{6}a^3x^6(aB + 4Ab) + \frac{2}{7}a^2bx^7(2aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{9}b^3x^9(4aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{4}ab^2x^8(3aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{10}b^4Bx^{10}$$

input `Int[x^4*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output $(a^4 A x^5)/5 + (a^3(4 A b + a B) x^6)/6 + (2 a^2 b(3 A b + 2 a B) x^7)/7 + (a b^2(2 A b + 3 a B) x^8)/4 + (b^3(A b + 4 a B) x^9)/9 + (b^4 B x^{10})/10$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(F x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F x, (b_*)(G x_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 85 $\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b x)*(d x)^n*(e + f x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b e + a f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9 p + 5 n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e x)^m*(f + g x)^n*(b/2 + c x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4 a c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^4 B x^{10}}{10} + \left(\frac{1}{9} A b^4 + \frac{4}{9} B a b^3\right) x^9 + \left(\frac{1}{2} A a b^3 + \frac{3}{4} B a^2 b^2\right) x^8 + \left(\frac{6}{7} a^2 A b^2 + \frac{4}{7} B a^3 b\right) x^7 + \left(\frac{2}{3} A a^3 b\right) x^6 + \frac{x^5 (126 b^4 B x^5 + 140 A b^4 x^4 + 560 B a b^3 x^4 + 630 A a b^3 x^3 + 945 B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 1080 A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 720 B a^3 b x^2 + 840 A a^3 b x + 210 a^4 B x + 210 a^4 B)}{1260}$
gospers	
default	$\frac{b^4 B x^{10}}{10} + \frac{(A b^4 + 4 B a b^3) x^9}{9} + \frac{(4 A a b^3 + 6 B a^2 b^2) x^8}{8} + \frac{(6 a^2 A b^2 + 4 B a^3 b) x^7}{7} + \frac{(4 A a^3 b + a^4 B) x^6}{6} + \frac{a^4 A x^5}{5}$
risch	$\frac{1}{10} b^4 B x^{10} + \frac{1}{9} x^9 A b^4 + \frac{4}{9} x^9 B a b^3 + \frac{1}{2} x^8 A a b^3 + \frac{3}{4} x^8 B a^2 b^2 + \frac{6}{7} x^7 a^2 A b^2 + \frac{4}{7} x^7 B a^3 b + \frac{2}{3} x^6 A a^3 b$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{10} b^4 B x^{10} + \frac{1}{9} x^9 A b^4 + \frac{4}{9} x^9 B a b^3 + \frac{1}{2} x^8 A a b^3 + \frac{3}{4} x^8 B a^2 b^2 + \frac{6}{7} x^7 a^2 A b^2 + \frac{4}{7} x^7 B a^3 b + \frac{2}{3} x^6 A a^3 b$
orering	$\frac{x^5 (126 b^4 B x^5 + 140 A b^4 x^4 + 560 B a b^3 x^4 + 630 A a b^3 x^3 + 945 B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 1080 A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 720 B a^3 b x^2 + 840 A a^3 b x + 210 a^4 B x + 210 a^4 B)}{1260(bx+a)^4}$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $\frac{1}{10} b^4 B x^{10} + \frac{1}{9} A b^4 x^9 + \frac{4}{9} B a b^3 x^9 + \frac{1}{2} A a b^3 x^8 + \frac{3}{4} B a^2 b^2 x^8 + \frac{6}{7} a^2 A b^2 x^7 + \frac{4}{7} B a^3 b x^7 + \frac{2}{3} A a^3 b x^6 + \frac{1}{5} a^4 A x^5$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^4 (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{10} B b^4 x^{10} + \frac{1}{5} A a^4 x^5 + \frac{1}{9} (4 B a b^3 + A b^4) x^9 + \frac{1}{4} (3 B a^2 b^2 + 2 A a b^3) x^8 + \frac{2}{7} (2 B a^3 b + 3 A a^2 b^2) x^7 + \frac{1}{6} (B a^4 + 4 A a^3 b) x^6$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/10*B*b^4*x^10 + 1/5*A*a^4*x^5 + 1/9*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^9 + 1/4*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^8 + 2/7*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^7 + 1/6*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x^6
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{Aa^4x^5}{5} + \frac{Bb^4x^{10}}{10} + x^9\left(\frac{Ab^4}{9} + \frac{4Bab^3}{9}\right) + x^8\left(\frac{Aab^3}{2} + \frac{3Ba^2b^2}{4}\right) + x^7\left(\frac{6Aa^2b^2}{7} + \frac{4Ba^3b}{7}\right) + x^6\left(\frac{2Aa^3b}{3} + \frac{Ba^4}{6}\right)$$

input

```
integrate(x**4*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
A*a**4*x**5/5 + B*b**4*x**10/10 + x**9*(A*b**4/9 + 4*B*a*b**3/9) + x**8*(A*a*b**3/2 + 3*B*a**2*b**2/4) + x**7*(6*A*a**2*b**2/7 + 4*B*a**3*b/7) + x**6*(2*A*a**3*b/3 + B*a**4/6)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{10}Bb^4x^{10} + \frac{1}{5}Aa^4x^5 + \frac{1}{9}(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^9 + \frac{1}{4}(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^8 + \frac{2}{7}(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{6}(Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)x^6$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output

$$\frac{1}{10}Bb^4x^{10} + \frac{1}{5}Aa^4x^5 + \frac{1}{9}(4B*ab^3 + A*b^4)*x^9 + \frac{1}{4}(3B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^8 + \frac{2}{7}(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^7 + \frac{1}{6}(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x^6$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^4(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{10}Bb^4x^{10} + \frac{4}{9}Bab^3x^9 + \frac{1}{9}Ab^4x^9 + \frac{3}{4}Ba^2b^2x^8 + \frac{1}{2}Aab^3x^8 + \frac{4}{7}Ba^3bx^7 + \frac{6}{7}Aa^2b^2x^7 + \frac{1}{6}Ba^4x^6 + \frac{2}{3}Aa^3bx^6 + \frac{1}{5}Aa^4x^5$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{10}Bb^4x^{10} + \frac{4}{9}B*ab^3*x^9 + \frac{1}{9}A*b^4*x^9 + \frac{3}{4}B*a^2*b^2*x^8 + \frac{1}{2}A*a*b^3*x^8 + \frac{4}{7}B*a^3*b*x^7 + \frac{6}{7}A*a^2*b^2*x^7 + \frac{1}{6}B*a^4*x^6 + \frac{2}{3}A*a^3*b*x^6 + \frac{1}{5}A*a^4*x^5$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^4(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = x^6 \left(\frac{Ba^4}{6} + \frac{2Aba^3}{3} \right) + x^9 \left(\frac{Ab^4}{9} + \frac{4Bab^3}{9} \right) + \frac{Aa^4x^5}{5} + \frac{Bb^4x^{10}}{10} + \frac{2a^2bx^7(3Ab+2Ba)}{7} + \frac{ab^2x^8(2Ab+3Ba)}{4}$$

input

```
int(x^4*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2,x)
```

output

$$x^6*((B*a^4)/6 + (2*A*a^3*b)/3) + x^9*((A*b^4)/9 + (4*B*a*b^3)/9) + (A*a^4*x^5)/5 + (B*b^4*x^{10})/10 + (2*a^2*b*x^7*(3*A*b + 2*B*a))/7 + (a*b^2*x^8*(2*A*b + 3*B*a))/4$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$$
$$= \frac{x^5(126b^5x^5 + 700ab^4x^4 + 1575a^2b^3x^3 + 1800a^3b^2x^2 + 1050a^4bx + 252a^5)}{1260}$$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)`

output `(x**5*(252*a**5 + 1050*a**4*b*x + 1800*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 1575*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 700*a*b**4*x**4 + 126*b**5*x**5))/1260`

3.153 $\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	1414
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1414
Rubi [A] (verified)	1415
Maple [A] (verified)	1417
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1417
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1418
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1418
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1419
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1419
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1420

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{4}a^4Ax^4 + \frac{1}{5}a^3(4Ab + aB)x^5 + \frac{1}{3}a^2b(3Ab + 2aB)x^6 + \frac{2}{7}ab^2(2Ab + 3aB)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}b^3(Ab + 4aB)x^8 + \frac{1}{9}b^4Bx^9$$

output

```
1/4*a^4*A*x^4+1/5*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)*x^5+1/3*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)*x^6+2/7*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)*x^7+1/8*b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)*x^8+1/9*b^4*B*x^9
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{4}a^4Ax^4 + \frac{1}{5}a^3(4Ab + aB)x^5 + \frac{1}{3}a^2b(3Ab + 2aB)x^6 + \frac{2}{7}ab^2(2Ab + 3aB)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}b^3(Ab + 4aB)x^8 + \frac{1}{9}b^4Bx^9$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output $(a^4 A x^4)/4 + (a^3 (4 A b + a B) x^5)/5 + (a^2 b (3 A b + 2 a B) x^6)/3 + (2 a b^2 (2 A b + 3 a B) x^7)/7 + (b^3 (A b + 4 a B) x^8)/8 + (b^4 B x^9)/9$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\frac{\int b^4 x^3 (a + bx)^4 (A + Bx) dx}{b^4}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int x^3 (a + bx)^4 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (a^4 A x^3 + a^3 x^4 (aB + 4Ab) + 2a^2 b x^5 (2aB + 3Ab) + b^3 x^7 (4aB + Ab) + 2ab^2 x^6 (3aB + 2Ab) + b^4 B x^8) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{4} a^4 A x^4 + \frac{1}{5} a^3 x^5 (aB + 4Ab) + \frac{1}{3} a^2 b x^6 (2aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{8} b^3 x^8 (4aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{7} ab^2 x^7 (3aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{9} b^4 B x^9$$

input `Int[x^3*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output

$$\frac{(a^4 A x^4)}{4} + \frac{(a^3 (4 A b + a B) x^5)}{5} + \frac{(a^2 b (3 A b + 2 a B) x^6)}{3} + \frac{(2 a b^2 (2 A b + 3 a B) x^7)}{7} + \frac{(b^3 (A b + 4 a B) x^8)}{8} + \frac{(b^4 B x^9)}{9}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F x, (b_)*(G x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
norman	$\frac{Bb^4x^9}{9} + \left(\frac{1}{8}Ab^4 + \frac{1}{2}Bab^3\right)x^8 + \left(\frac{4}{7}Aab^3 + \frac{6}{7}Ba^2b^2\right)x^7 + \left(a^2Ab^2 + \frac{2}{3}Ba^3b\right)x^6 + \left(\frac{4}{5}Aa^3b + \frac{1}{5}Aa^4\right)x^5 + \frac{1}{5}Aa^4x^4$
gospers	$\frac{x^4(280b^4Bx^5+315Ab^4x^4+1260Bab^3x^3+1440Aab^3x^3+2160Ba^2b^2x^3+2520Aa^2b^2x^2+1680Ba^3bx^2+2016Aa^3bx+504a^4)}{2520}$
default	$\frac{Bb^4x^9}{9} + \frac{(Ab^4+4Bab^3)x^8}{8} + \frac{(4Aab^3+6Ba^2b^2)x^7}{7} + \frac{(6a^2Ab^2+4Ba^3b)x^6}{6} + \frac{(4Aa^3b+a^4B)x^5}{5} + \frac{a^4Ax^4}{4}$
risch	$\frac{1}{9}Bb^4x^9 + \frac{1}{8}b^4Ax^8 + \frac{1}{2}x^8Bab^3 + \frac{4}{7}x^7Aab^3 + \frac{6}{7}x^7Ba^2b^2 + x^6a^2Ab^2 + \frac{2}{3}x^6Ba^3b + \frac{4}{5}x^5Aa^3b + \frac{1}{5}Aa^4x^4$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{9}Bb^4x^9 + \frac{1}{8}b^4Ax^8 + \frac{1}{2}x^8Bab^3 + \frac{4}{7}x^7Aab^3 + \frac{6}{7}x^7Ba^2b^2 + x^6a^2Ab^2 + \frac{2}{3}x^6Ba^3b + \frac{4}{5}x^5Aa^3b + \frac{1}{5}Aa^4x^4$
orering	$\frac{x^4(280b^4Bx^5+315Ab^4x^4+1260Bab^3x^3+1440Aab^3x^3+2160Ba^2b^2x^3+2520Aa^2b^2x^2+1680Ba^3bx^2+2016Aa^3bx+504a^4)}{2520(bx+a)^4}$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $\frac{1}{9}Bb^4x^9 + \frac{1}{8}Ab^4x^8 + \frac{1}{2}Bab^3x^8 + \frac{4}{7}Aab^3x^7 + \frac{6}{7}Ba^2b^2x^7 + a^2Ab^2x^6 + \frac{2}{3}Ba^3bx^6 + \frac{4}{5}Aa^3bx^5 + \frac{1}{5}Aa^4x^4$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^3(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{9}Bb^4x^9 + \frac{1}{4}Aa^4x^4 + \frac{1}{8}(4Bab^3+Ab^4)x^8 + \frac{2}{7}(3Ba^2b^2+2Aab^3)x^7 + \frac{1}{3}(2Ba^3b+3Aa^2b^2)x^6 + \frac{1}{5}(Ba^4+4Aa^3b)x^5$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output $\frac{1}{9}Bb^4x^9 + \frac{1}{4}Aa^4x^4 + \frac{1}{8}(4Bab^3+Ab^4)x^8 + \frac{2}{7}(3Ba^2b^2+2Aab^3)x^7 + \frac{1}{3}(2Ba^3b+3Aa^2b^2)x^6 + \frac{1}{5}(Ba^4+4Aa^3b)x^5$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x^3(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{Aa^4x^4}{4} + \frac{Bb^4x^9}{9} + x^8\left(\frac{Ab^4}{8} + \frac{Bab^3}{2}\right) \\ + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{4Aab^3}{7} + \frac{6Ba^2b^2}{7}\right) \\ + x^6\left(Aa^2b^2 + \frac{2Ba^3b}{3}\right) + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{4Aa^3b}{5} + \frac{Ba^4}{5}\right)$$

input `integrate(x**3*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)`output `A*a**4*x**4/4 + B*b**4*x**9/9 + x**8*(A*b**4/8 + B*a*b**3/2) + x**7*(4*A*a*b**3/7 + 6*B*a**2*b**2/7) + x**6*(A*a**2*b**2 + 2*B*a**3*b/3) + x**5*(4*A*a**3*b/5 + B*a**4/5)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^3(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{9}Bb^4x^9 + \frac{1}{4}Aa^4x^4 + \frac{1}{8}(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^8 \\ + \frac{2}{7}(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^7 \\ + \frac{1}{3}(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^6 \\ + \frac{1}{5}(Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)x^5$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/9*B*b^4*x^9 + 1/4*A*a^4*x^4 + 1/8*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^8 + 2/7*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^7 + 1/3*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^6 + 1/5*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^3(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{9}Bb^4x^9 + \frac{1}{2}Bab^3x^8 + \frac{1}{8}Ab^4x^8 + \frac{6}{7}Ba^2b^2x^7$$

$$+ \frac{4}{7}Aab^3x^7 + \frac{2}{3}Ba^3bx^6 + Aa^2b^2x^6$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5}Ba^4x^5 + \frac{4}{5}Aa^3bx^5 + \frac{1}{4}Aa^4x^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/9*B*b^4*x^9 + 1/2*B*a*b^3*x^8 + 1/8*A*b^4*x^8 + 6/7*B*a^2*b^2*x^7 + 4/7*A*a*b^3*x^7 + 2/3*B*a^3*b*x^6 + A*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 1/5*B*a^4*x^5 + 4/5*A*a^3*b*x^5 + 1/4*A*a^4*x^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^3(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = x^5 \left(\frac{Ba^4}{5} + \frac{4Aba^3}{5} \right) + x^8 \left(\frac{Ab^4}{8} + \frac{Bab^3}{2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{Aa^4x^4}{4} + \frac{Bb^4x^9}{9} + \frac{a^2bx^6(3Ab+2Ba)}{3}$$

$$+ \frac{2ab^2x^7(2Ab+3Ba)}{7}$$

input `int(x^3*(A+B*x)*(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^2,x)`

output `x^5*((B*a^4)/5 + (4*A*a^3*b)/5) + x^8*((A*b^4)/8 + (B*a*b^3)/2) + (A*a^4*x^4)/4 + (B*b^4*x^9)/9 + (a^2*b*x^6*(3*A*b + 2*B*a))/3 + (2*a*b^2*x^7*(2*A*b + 3*B*a))/7`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$$
$$= \frac{x^4(56b^5x^5 + 315ab^4x^4 + 720a^2b^3x^3 + 840a^3b^2x^2 + 504a^4bx + 126a^5)}{504}$$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)`output `(x**4*(126*a**5 + 504*a**4*b*x + 840*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 720*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 315*a*b**4*x**4 + 56*b**5*x**5))/504`

3.154 $\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	1421
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1421
Rubi [A] (verified)	1422
Maple [A] (verified)	1423
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1424
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1424
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1425
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1425
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1426
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1426

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{a^2(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^5}{5b^4} - \frac{a(2Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^6}{6b^4} + \frac{(Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^7}{7b^4} + \frac{B(a + bx)^8}{8b^4}$$

output

$1/5*a^2*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^5/b^4-1/6*a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^6/b^4+1/7*(A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^7/b^4+1/8*B*(b*x+a)^8/b^4$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{840}x^3(70a^4(4A + 3Bx) + 168a^3bx(5A + 4Bx) + 168a^2b^2x^2(6A + 5Bx) + 80ab^3x^3(7A + 6Bx) + 15b^4x^4(8A + 7Bx))$$

input

`Integrate[x^2*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output

$$(x^3*(70*a^4*(4*A + 3*B*x) + 168*a^3*b*x*(5*A + 4*B*x) + 168*a^2*b^2*x^2*(6*A + 5*B*x) + 80*a*b^3*x^3*(7*A + 6*B*x) + 15*b^4*x^4*(8*A + 7*B*x)))/840$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\frac{\int b^4x^2(a + bx)^4(A + Bx)dx}{b^4}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^4(A + Bx)dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^2(a + bx)^4(aB - Ab)}{b^3} + \frac{(a + bx)^6(Ab - 3aB)}{b^3} + \frac{a(a + bx)^5(3aB - 2Ab)}{b^3} + \frac{B(a + bx)^7}{b^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^2(a + bx)^5(Ab - aB)}{5b^4} + \frac{(a + bx)^7(Ab - 3aB)}{7b^4} - \frac{a(a + bx)^6(2Ab - 3aB)}{6b^4} + \frac{B(a + bx)^8}{8b^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^2*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]$$

output

$$(a^2*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^5)/(5*b^4) - (a*(2*A*b - 3*a*B)*(a + b*x)^6)/(6*b^4) + ((A*b - 3*a*B)*(a + b*x)^7)/(7*b^4) + (B*(a + b*x)^8)/(8*b^4)$$

output

```
1/8*B*b^4*x^8+(1/7*A*b^4+4/7*B*a*b^3)*x^7+(2/3*A*a*b^3+B*a^2*b^2)*x^6+(6/5
*a^2*A*b^2+4/5*B*a^3*b)*x^5+(A*a^3*b+1/4*a^4*B)*x^4+1/3*a^4*A*x^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int x^2(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{8}Bb^4x^8 + \frac{1}{3}Aa^4x^3 + \frac{1}{7}(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^7$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3}(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^6$$

$$+ \frac{2}{5}(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4}(Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)x^4$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/8*B*b^4*x^8 + 1/3*A*a^4*x^3 + 1/7*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^7 + 1/3*(3*B*a^2
*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^6 + 2/5*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(B*a^4 + 4
*A*a^3*b)*x^4
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int x^2(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{Aa^4x^3}{3} + \frac{Bb^4x^8}{8} + x^7\left(\frac{Ab^4}{7} + \frac{4Bab^3}{7}\right)$$

$$+ x^6 \cdot \left(\frac{2Aab^3}{3} + Ba^2b^2\right) + x^5$$

$$\cdot \left(\frac{6Aa^2b^2}{5} + \frac{4Ba^3b}{5}\right) + x^4\left(Aa^3b + \frac{Ba^4}{4}\right)$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
A*a**4*x**3/3 + B*b**4*x**8/8 + x**7*(A*b**4/7 + 4*B*a*b**3/7) + x**6*(2*A
*a*b**3/3 + B*a**2*b**2) + x**5*(6*A*a**2*b**2/5 + 4*B*a**3*b/5) + x**4*(A
*a**3*b + B*a**4/4)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{8}Bb^4x^8 + \frac{1}{3}Aa^4x^3 + \frac{1}{7}(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^7$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3}(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^6$$

$$+ \frac{2}{5}(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4}(Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)x^4$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/8*B*b^4*x^8 + 1/3*A*a^4*x^3 + 1/7*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^7 + 1/3*(3*B*a^2
*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^6 + 2/5*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(B*a^4 + 4
*A*a^3*b)*x^4
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{8}Bb^4x^8 + \frac{4}{7}Bab^3x^7 + \frac{1}{7}Ab^4x^7 + Ba^2b^2x^6$$

$$+ \frac{2}{3}Aab^3x^6 + \frac{4}{5}Ba^3bx^5 + \frac{6}{5}Aa^2b^2x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4}Ba^4x^4 + Aa^3bx^4 + \frac{1}{3}Aa^4x^3$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{8}Bb^4x^8 + \frac{4}{7}B^2a^3b^3x^7 + \frac{1}{7}A^2b^4x^7 + B^2a^2b^2x^6 + \frac{2}{3}A^2a^3b^3x^6 + \frac{4}{5}B^2a^3b^3x^5 + \frac{6}{5}A^2a^2b^2x^5 + \frac{1}{4}B^2a^4x^4 + A^2a^3b^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3}A^2a^4x^3$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = x^4 \left(\frac{Ba^4}{4} + Aba^3 \right) + x^7 \left(\frac{Ab^4}{7} + \frac{4Ba^3b^3}{7} \right) + \frac{Aa^4x^3}{3} + \frac{Bb^4x^8}{8} + \frac{2a^2bx^5(3Ab + 2Ba)}{5} + \frac{ab^2x^6(2Ab + 3Ba)}{3}$$

input

$$\text{int}(x^2*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2,x)$$

output

$$x^4*((B*a^4)/4 + A*a^3*b) + x^7*((A*b^4)/7 + (4*B*a*b^3)/7) + (A*a^4*x^3)/3 + (B*b^4*x^8)/8 + (2*a^2*b*x^5*(3*A*b + 2*B*a))/5 + (a*b^2*x^6*(2*A*b + 3*B*a))/3$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{x^3(21b^5x^5 + 120a^4b^4x^4 + 280a^2b^3x^3 + 336a^3b^2x^2 + 210a^4bx + 56a^5)}{168}$$

input

$$\text{int}(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)$$

output

$$(x**3*(56*a**5 + 210*a**4*b*x + 336*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 280*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 120*a*b**4*x**4 + 21*b**5*x**5))/168$$

3.155 $\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	1427
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1427
Rubi [A] (verified)	1428
Maple [A] (verified)	1429
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1430
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1430
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1431
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1431
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1432
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1432

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = -\frac{a(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^5}{5b^3} + \frac{(Ab - 2aB)(a + bx)^6}{6b^3} + \frac{B(a + bx)^7}{7b^3}$$

output

```
-1/5*a*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^5/b^3+1/6*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^6/b^3+1/7*B*(b*x+a)^7/b^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{210}x^2(35a^4(3A + 2Bx) + 70a^3bx(4A + 3Bx) + 63a^2b^2x^2(5A + 4Bx) + 28ab^3x^3(6A + 5Bx) + 5b^4x^4(7A + 6Bx))$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]
```


output

$$(x^2*(35*a^4*(3*A + 2*B*x) + 70*a^3*b*x*(4*A + 3*B*x) + 63*a^2*b^2*x^2*(5*A + 4*B*x) + 28*a*b^3*x^3*(6*A + 5*B*x) + 5*b^4*x^4*(7*A + 6*B*x)))/210$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \frac{\int b^4x(a + bx)^4(A + Bx)dx}{b^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int x(a + bx)^4(A + Bx)dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \int \left(\frac{(a + bx)^5(Ab - 2aB)}{b^2} + \frac{a(a + bx)^4(aB - Ab)}{b^2} + \frac{B(a + bx)^6}{b^2} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{(a + bx)^6(Ab - 2aB)}{6b^3} - \frac{a(a + bx)^5(Ab - aB)}{5b^3} + \frac{B(a + bx)^7}{7b^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]$$

output

$$-1/5*(a*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^5)/b^3 + ((A*b - 2*a*B)*(a + b*x)^6)/(6*b^3) + (B*(a + b*x)^7)/(7*b^3)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result
norman	$\frac{Bb^4x^7}{7} + \left(\frac{1}{6}Ab^4 + \frac{2}{3}Bab^3\right)x^6 + \left(\frac{4}{5}Aab^3 + \frac{6}{5}Ba^2b^2\right)x^5 + \left(\frac{3}{2}a^2Ab^2 + Ba^3b\right)x^4 + \left(\frac{4}{3}Aa^3b - x^2(30b^4Bx^5 + 35Ab^4x^4 + 140Bab^3x^4 + 168Aab^3x^3 + 252Ba^2b^2x^3 + 315Aa^2b^2x^2 + 210Ba^3bx^2 + 280Aa^3bx + 70a^4Bx + 105a^4)\right)x^3$
gospers	$\frac{Bb^4x^7}{7} + \frac{(Ab^4 + 4Bab^3)x^6}{6} + \frac{(4Aab^3 + 6Ba^2b^2)x^5}{5} + \frac{(6a^2Ab^2 + 4Ba^3b)x^4}{4} + \frac{(4Aa^3b + a^4B)x^3}{3} + \frac{a^4Ax^2}{2}$
default	$\frac{1}{7}Bb^4x^7 + \frac{1}{6}Ab^4x^6 + \frac{2}{3}Bab^3x^6 + \frac{4}{5}Aab^3x^5 + \frac{6}{5}a^2Bb^2x^5 + \frac{3}{2}a^2Ab^2x^4 + x^4Ba^3b + \frac{4}{3}x^3Aa^3b - x^2(30b^4Bx^5 + 35Ab^4x^4 + 140Bab^3x^4 + 168Aab^3x^3 + 252Ba^2b^2x^3 + 315Aa^2b^2x^2 + 210Ba^3bx^2 + 280Aa^3bx + 70a^4Bx + 105a^4)$
risch	$\frac{1}{7}Bb^4x^7 + \frac{1}{6}Ab^4x^6 + \frac{2}{3}Bab^3x^6 + \frac{4}{5}Aab^3x^5 + \frac{6}{5}a^2Bb^2x^5 + \frac{3}{2}a^2Ab^2x^4 + x^4Ba^3b + \frac{4}{3}x^3Aa^3b - x^2(30b^4Bx^5 + 35Ab^4x^4 + 140Bab^3x^4 + 168Aab^3x^3 + 252Ba^2b^2x^3 + 315Aa^2b^2x^2 + 210Ba^3bx^2 + 280Aa^3bx + 70a^4Bx + 105a^4)$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{7}Bb^4x^7 + \frac{1}{6}Ab^4x^6 + \frac{2}{3}Bab^3x^6 + \frac{4}{5}Aab^3x^5 + \frac{6}{5}a^2Bb^2x^5 + \frac{3}{2}a^2Ab^2x^4 + x^4Ba^3b + \frac{4}{3}x^3Aa^3b - x^2(30b^4Bx^5 + 35Ab^4x^4 + 140Bab^3x^4 + 168Aab^3x^3 + 252Ba^2b^2x^3 + 315Aa^2b^2x^2 + 210Ba^3bx^2 + 280Aa^3bx + 70a^4Bx + 105a^4)$
orering	$\frac{x^2(30b^4Bx^5 + 35Ab^4x^4 + 140Bab^3x^4 + 168Aab^3x^3 + 252Ba^2b^2x^3 + 315Aa^2b^2x^2 + 210Ba^3bx^2 + 280Aa^3bx + 70a^4Bx + 105a^4)}{210(bx+a)^4}$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/7*B*b^4*x^7+(1/6*A*b^4+2/3*B*a*b^3)*x^6+(4/5*A*a*b^3+6/5*B*a^2*b^2)*x^5+
(3/2*a^2*A*b^2+B*a^3*b)*x^4+(4/3*A*a^3*b+1/3*a^4*B)*x^3+1/2*a^4*A*x^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int x(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{7}Bb^4x^7 + \frac{1}{2}Aa^4x^2 + \frac{1}{6}(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^6$$

$$+ \frac{2}{5}(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2}(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3}(Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)x^3$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/7*B*b^4*x^7 + 1/2*A*a^4*x^2 + 1/6*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^6 + 2/5*(3*B*a^2
*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^5 + 1/2*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(B*a^4 + 4
*A*a^3*b)*x^3
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 107 vs. 2(53) = 106.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int x(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{Aa^4x^2}{2} + \frac{Bb^4x^7}{7} + x^6\left(\frac{Ab^4}{6} + \frac{2Bab^3}{3}\right)$$

$$+ x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{4Aab^3}{5} + \frac{6Ba^2b^2}{5}\right) + x^4$$

$$\cdot \left(\frac{3Aa^2b^2}{2} + Ba^3b\right) + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{4Aa^3b}{3} + \frac{Ba^4}{3}\right)$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
A*a**4*x**2/2 + B*b**4*x**7/7 + x**6*(A*b**4/6 + 2*B*a*b**3/3) + x**5*(4*A
*a*b**3/5 + 6*B*a**2*b**2/5) + x**4*(3*A*a**2*b**2/2 + B*a**3*b) + x**3*(4
*A*a**3*b/3 + B*a**4/3)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int x(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{7} Bb^4x^7 + \frac{1}{2} Aa^4x^2 + \frac{1}{6} (4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^6$$

$$+ \frac{2}{5} (3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)x^3$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/7*B*b^4*x^7 + 1/2*A*a^4*x^2 + 1/6*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^6 + 2/5*(3*B*a^2
*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^5 + 1/2*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(B*a^4 + 4
*A*a^3*b)*x^3
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int x(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{7} Bb^4x^7 + \frac{2}{3} Bab^3x^6 + \frac{1}{6} Ab^4x^6 + \frac{6}{5} Ba^2b^2x^5$$

$$+ \frac{4}{5} Aab^3x^5 + Ba^3bx^4 + \frac{3}{2} Aa^2b^2x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} Ba^4x^3 + \frac{4}{3} Aa^3bx^3 + \frac{1}{2} Aa^4x^2$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{7}Bb^4x^7 + \frac{2}{3}B^2a^3x^6 + \frac{1}{6}A^2b^4x^6 + \frac{6}{5}B^2a^2b^2x^5 + \frac{4}{5}A^2a^3b^3x^5 + B^2a^3b^2x^4 + \frac{3}{2}A^2a^2b^2x^4 + \frac{1}{3}B^2a^4x^3 + \frac{4}{3}A^2a^3b^2x^3 + \frac{1}{2}A^2a^4x^2$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int x(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = x^3 \left(\frac{Ba^4}{3} + \frac{4Aba^3}{3} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{Ab^4}{6} + \frac{2Bab^3}{3} \right) + \frac{Aa^4x^2}{2} + \frac{Bb^4x^7}{7} + \frac{a^2bx^4(3Ab + 2Ba)}{2} + \frac{2ab^2x^5(2Ab + 3Ba)}{5}$$

input

$$\text{int}(x*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2,x)$$

output

$$x^3*((B*a^4)/3 + (4*A*a^3*b)/3) + x^6*((A*b^4)/6 + (2*B*a*b^3)/3) + (A*a^4*x^2)/2 + (B*b^4*x^7)/7 + (a^2*b*x^4*(3*A*b + 2*B*a))/2 + (2*a*b^2*x^5*(2*A*b + 3*B*a))/5$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{x^2(6b^5x^5 + 35ab^4x^4 + 84a^2b^3x^3 + 105a^3b^2x^2 + 70a^4bx + 21a^5)}{42}$$

input

$$\text{int}(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)$$

output

$$(x**2*(21*a**5 + 70*a**4*b*x + 105*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 84*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 35*a*b**4*x**4 + 6*b**5*x**5))/42$$

3.156 $\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	1433
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1433
Rubi [A] (verified)	1434
Maple [B] (verified)	1435
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1436
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1436
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1437
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1437
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1438
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1438

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^5}{5b^2} + \frac{B(a + bx)^6}{6b^2}$$

output `1/5*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^5/b^2+1/6*B*(b*x+a)^6/b^2`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 84 vs. $2(38) = 76$.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\begin{aligned} \int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = & \frac{1}{30}x(15a^4(2A + Bx) + 20a^3bx(3A + 2Bx) \\ & + 15a^2b^2x^2(4A + 3Bx) + 6ab^3x^3(5A + 4Bx) \\ & + b^4x^4(6A + 5Bx)) \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(x*(15*a^4*(2*A + B*x) + 20*a^3*b*x*(3*A + 2*B*x) + 15*a^2*b^2*x^2*(4*A + 3*B*x) + 6*a*b^3*x^3*(5*A + 4*B*x) + b^4*x^4*(6*A + 5*B*x)))/30`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1098, 27, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1098 \\
 & \quad \int \frac{b^4(a + bx)^4(A + Bx)dx}{b^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \quad \int (a + bx)^4(A + Bx)dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 49 \\
 & \quad \int \left(\frac{(a + bx)^4(Ab - aB)}{b} + \frac{B(a + bx)^5}{b} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \quad \frac{(a + bx)^5(Ab - aB)}{5b^2} + \frac{B(a + bx)^6}{6b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^5)/(5*b^2) + (B*(a + b*x)^6)/(6*b^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 1098 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 93 vs. 2(34) = 68.

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

method	result
norman	$\frac{Bb^4x^6}{6} + \left(\frac{1}{5}Ab^4 + \frac{4}{5}Ba^3b^3\right)x^5 + \left(Aab^3 + \frac{3}{2}Ba^2b^2\right)x^4 + \left(2a^2Ab^2 + \frac{4}{3}Ba^3b\right)x^3 + \left(2Aa^3b + \frac{4}{3}Ba^4\right)x^2 + a^4Ax$
default	$\frac{Bb^4x^6}{6} + \frac{(Ab^4+4Ba^3b^3)x^5}{5} + \frac{(4Aab^3+6Ba^2b^2)x^4}{4} + \frac{(6a^2Ab^2+4Ba^3b)x^3}{3} + \frac{(4Aa^3b+a^4B)x^2}{2} + a^4Ax$
gospers	$\frac{x(5b^4Bx^5+6Ab^4x^4+24Ba^3b^3x^4+30Aab^3x^3+45Ba^2b^2x^3+60Aa^2b^2x^2+40Ba^3bx^2+60Aa^3bx+15a^4Bx+30a^4A)}{30}$
risch	$\frac{1}{6}Bb^4x^6 + \frac{1}{5}Ab^4x^5 + \frac{4}{5}Ba^3b^3x^5 + Aab^3x^4 + \frac{3}{2}a^2Bx^4b^2 + 2Aa^2b^2x^3 + \frac{4}{3}Ba^3bx^3 + 2a^3Abx^2 + a^4Ax$
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{6}Bb^4x^6 + \frac{1}{5}Ab^4x^5 + \frac{4}{5}Ba^3b^3x^5 + Aab^3x^4 + \frac{3}{2}a^2Bx^4b^2 + 2Aa^2b^2x^3 + \frac{4}{3}Ba^3bx^3 + 2a^3Abx^2 + a^4Ax$
orering	$\frac{x(5b^4Bx^5+6Ab^4x^4+24Ba^3b^3x^4+30Aab^3x^3+45Ba^2b^2x^3+60Aa^2b^2x^2+40Ba^3bx^2+60Aa^3bx+15a^4Bx+30a^4A)(b^2x^2+2bx+a)}{30(bx+a)^4}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/6*B*b^4*x^6+(1/5*A*b^4+4/5*B*a*b^3)*x^5+(A*a*b^3+3/2*B*a^2*b^2)*x^4+(2*a^2*A*b^2+4/3*B*a^3*b)*x^3+(2*A*a^3*b+1/2*a^4*B)*x^2+a^4*A*x
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 96 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{6} Bb^4x^6 + Aa^4x + \frac{1}{5} (4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^5 + \frac{1}{2} (3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^4 + \frac{2}{3} (2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)x^2$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/6*B*b^4*x^6 + A*a^4*x + 1/5*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^5 + 1/2*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^4 + 2/3*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x^2
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 100 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = Aa^4x + \frac{Bb^4x^6}{6} + x^5 \left(\frac{Ab^4}{5} + \frac{4Bab^3}{5} \right) + x^4 \left(Aab^3 + \frac{3Ba^2b^2}{2} \right) + x^3 \cdot \left(2Aa^2b^2 + \frac{4Ba^3b}{3} \right) + x^2 \cdot \left(2Aa^3b + \frac{Ba^4}{2} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
A*a**4*x + B*b**4*x**6/6 + x**5*(A*b**4/5 + 4*B*a*b**3/5) + x**4*(A*a*b**3
+ 3*B*a**2*b**2/2) + x**3*(2*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b/3) + x**2*(2*A*a**3
*b + B*a**4/2)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 96 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{6} Bb^4x^6 + Aa^4x + \frac{1}{5} (4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^4$$

$$+ \frac{2}{3} (2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)x^2$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/6*B*b^4*x^6 + A*a^4*x + 1/5*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^5 + 1/2*(3*B*a^2*b^2 +
2*A*a*b^3)*x^4 + 2/3*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3
*b)*x^2
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 97 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{6} Bb^4x^6 + \frac{4}{5} Bab^3x^5 + \frac{1}{5} Ab^4x^5$$

$$+ \frac{3}{2} Ba^2b^2x^4 + Aab^3x^4 + \frac{4}{3} Ba^3bx^3$$

$$+ 2Aa^2b^2x^3 + \frac{1}{2} Ba^4x^2 + 2Aa^3bx^2 + Aa^4x$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$1/6*B*b^4*x^6 + 4/5*B*a*b^3*x^5 + 1/5*A*b^4*x^5 + 3/2*B*a^2*b^2*x^4 + A*a*b^3*x^4 + 4/3*B*a^3*b*x^3 + 2*A*a^2*b^2*x^3 + 1/2*B*a^4*x^2 + 2*A*a^3*b*x^2 + A*a^4*x$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = x^2 \left(\frac{B a^4}{2} + 2 A b a^3 \right) + x^5 \left(\frac{A b^4}{5} + \frac{4 B a b^3}{5} \right) + \frac{B b^4 x^6}{6} + A a^4 x + \frac{2 a^2 b x^3 (3 A b + 2 B a)}{3} + \frac{a b^2 x^4 (2 A b + 3 B a)}{2}$$

input

$$\text{int}((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2, x)$$

output

$$x^2*((B*a^4)/2 + 2*A*a^3*b) + x^5*((A*b^4)/5 + (4*B*a*b^3)/5) + (B*b^4*x^6)/6 + A*a^4*x + (2*a^2*b*x^3*(3*A*b + 2*B*a))/3 + (a*b^2*x^4*(2*A*b + 3*B*a))/2$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{x(b^5x^5 + 6ab^4x^4 + 15a^2b^3x^3 + 20a^3b^2x^2 + 15a^4bx + 6a^5)}{6}$$

input

$$\text{int}((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2, x)$$

output

$$(x*(6*a**5 + 15*a**4*b*x + 20*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 15*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 6*a*b**4*x**4 + b**5*x**5))/6$$

3.157
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1439
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1439
Rubi [A] (verified)	1440
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1442
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1442
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1443
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1443
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1444
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1444
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1445

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x} dx = 4a^3Abx + 3a^2Ab^2x^2 + \frac{4}{3}aAb^3x^3 + \frac{1}{4}Ab^4x^4 + \frac{B(a+bx)^5}{5b} + a^4A \log(x)$$

output

```
4*a^3*A*b*x+3*a^2*A*b^2*x^2+4/3*a*A*b^3*x^3+1/4*A*b^4*x^4+1/5*B*(b*x+a)^5/b+a^4*A*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x} dx = a^4Bx + 2a^3bx(2A+Bx) + a^2b^2x^2(3A+2Bx) + \frac{1}{3}ab^3x^3(4A+3Bx) + \frac{1}{20}b^4x^4(5A+4Bx) + a^4A \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^2)/x,x]
```

output

$$a^4 B x + 2 a^3 b x (2 A + B x) + a^2 b^2 x^2 (3 A + 2 B x) + (a b^3 x^3 (4 A + 3 B x)) / 3 + (b^4 x^4 (5 A + 4 B x)) / 20 + a^4 A \operatorname{Log}[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.185$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 90, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\ & \int \frac{b^4 (a+bx)^4 (A+Bx)}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \int \frac{(a+bx)^4 (A+Bx)}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\ & A \int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{x} dx + \frac{B(a+bx)^5}{5b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\ & A \int \left(\frac{a^4}{x} + 4ba^3 + 6b^2xa^2 + 4b^3x^2a + b^4x^3 \right) dx + \frac{B(a+bx)^5}{5b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & A \left(a^4 \log(x) + 4a^3bx + 3a^2b^2x^2 + \frac{4}{3}ab^3x^3 + \frac{b^4x^4}{4} \right) + \frac{B(a+bx)^5}{5b} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2/x, x]$$

output $(B*(a + b*x)^5)/(5*b) + A*(4*a^3*b*x + 3*a^2*b^2*x^2 + (4*a*b^3*x^3)/3 + (b^4*x^4)/4 + a^4*Log[x])$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[a \quad Int[F_x, x], x] \;/; FreeQ[a, x] \&\& !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) \;/; FreeQ[b, x]$

rule 49 $Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] \;/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] \&\& IGtQ[m, 0] \&\& IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 90 $Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x] \rightarrow Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) \quad Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] \;/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] \&\& NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]$

rule 1184 $Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[1/c^p \quad Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] \;/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] \&\& EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& IntegerQ[p]$

rule 2009 $Int[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] \;/; SumQ[u]$

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
norman	$(\frac{1}{4}Ab^4 + Bab^3)x^4 + (\frac{4}{3}Aab^3 + 2Ba^2b^2)x^3 + (3a^2Ab^2 + 2Ba^3b)x^2 + (4Aa^3b + a^4B)x -$
default	$\frac{b^4Bx^5}{5} + \frac{Ab^4x^4}{4} + Bab^3x^4 + \frac{4Aab^3x^3}{3} + 2Ba^2b^2x^3 + 3Aa^2b^2x^2 + 2Ba^3bx^2 + 4Aa^3bx + a^4B$
risch	$\frac{b^4Bx^5}{5} + \frac{Ab^4x^4}{4} + Bab^3x^4 + \frac{4Aab^3x^3}{3} + 2Ba^2b^2x^3 + 3Aa^2b^2x^2 + 2Ba^3bx^2 + 4Aa^3bx + a^4B$
parallelrisch	$\frac{b^4Bx^5}{5} + \frac{Ab^4x^4}{4} + Bab^3x^4 + \frac{4Aab^3x^3}{3} + 2Ba^2b^2x^3 + 3Aa^2b^2x^2 + 2Ba^3bx^2 + 4Aa^3bx + a^4B$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(1/4*A*b^4+B*a*b^3)*x^4+(4/3*A*a*b^3+2*B*a^2*b^2)*x^3+(3*A*a^2*b^2+2*B*a^3*b)*x^2+(4*A*a^3*b+B*a^4)*x+1/5*b^4*B*x^5+a^4*A*ln(x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x} dx = \frac{1}{5}Bb^4x^5 + Aa^4 \log(x) + \frac{1}{4}(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^4 + \frac{2}{3}(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^3 + (2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^2 + (Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)x$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/5*B*b^4*x^5 + A*a^4*log(x) + 1/4*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 + 2/3*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + (2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x} dx = Aa^4 \log(x) + \frac{Bb^4x^5}{5} + x^4 \left(\frac{Ab^4}{4} + Bab^3 \right) + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{4Aab^3}{3} + 2Ba^2b^2 \right) + x^2 \cdot (3Aa^2b^2 + 2Ba^3b) + x(4Aa^3b + Ba^4)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2/x,x)`output `A*a**4*log(x) + B*b**4*x**5/5 + x**4*(A*b**4/4 + B*a*b**3) + x**3*(4*A*a*b**3/3 + 2*B*a**2*b**2) + x**2*(3*A*a**2*b**2 + 2*B*a**3*b) + x*(4*A*a**3*b + B*a**4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x} dx = \frac{1}{5} Bb^4x^5 + Aa^4 \log(x) + \frac{1}{4} (4 Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^4 + \frac{2}{3} (3 Ba^2b^2 + 2 Aab^3)x^3 + (2 Ba^3b + 3 Aa^2b^2)x^2 + (Ba^4 + 4 Aa^3b)x$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*B*b^4*x^5 + A*a^4*log(x) + 1/4*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 + 2/3*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + (2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x} dx = \frac{1}{5} Bb^4x^5 + Bab^3x^4 + \frac{1}{4} Ab^4x^4 + 2Ba^2b^2x^3$$

$$+ \frac{4}{3} Aab^3x^3 + 2Ba^3bx^2 + 3Aa^2b^2x^2$$

$$+ Ba^4x + 4Aa^3bx + Aa^4 \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/5*B*b^4*x^5 + B*a*b^3*x^4 + 1/4*A*b^4*x^4 + 2*B*a^2*b^2*x^3 + 4/3*A*a*b^3*x^3 + 2*B*a^3*b*x^2 + 3*A*a^2*b^2*x^2 + B*a^4*x + 4*A*a^3*b*x + A*a^4*log(abs(x))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x} dx = x(Ba^4 + 4Aba^3) + x^4\left(\frac{Ab^4}{4} + Bab^3\right)$$

$$+ \frac{Bb^4x^5}{5} + Aa^4 \ln(x) + a^2bx^2(3Ab + 2Ba)$$

$$+ \frac{2ab^2x^3(2Ab + 3Ba)}{3}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2)/x,x)`output `x*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b) + x^4*((A*b^4)/4 + B*a*b^3) + (B*b^4*x^5)/5 + A*a^4*log(x) + a^2*b*x^2*(3*A*b + 2*B*a) + (2*a*b^2*x^3*(2*A*b + 3*B*a))/3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x} dx = \log(x) a^5 + 5a^4bx + 5a^3b^2x^2 + \frac{10a^2b^3x^3}{3} + \frac{5ab^4x^4}{4} + \frac{b^5x^5}{5}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x,x)`output `(60*log(x)*a**5 + 300*a**4*b*x + 300*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 200*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 75*a*b**4*x**4 + 12*b**5*x**5)/60`

3.158 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1446
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Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1448
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1451

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^4 A}{x} + 2a^2 b(3Ab + 2aB)x + ab^2(2Ab + 3aB)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}b^3(Ab + 4aB)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}b^4 Bx^4 + a^3(4Ab + aB) \log(x)$$

output

```
-a^4*A/x+2*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)*x+a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)*x^2+1/3*b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)*x^3+1/4*b^4*B*x^4+a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^4 A}{x} + 4a^3 b Bx + 3a^2 b^2 x(2A + Bx) + \frac{2}{3}ab^3 x^2(3A + 2Bx) + \frac{1}{12}b^4 x^3(4A + 3Bx) + a^3(4Ab + aB) \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2)/x^2,x]`

output `-((a^4*A)/x) + 4*a^3*b*B*x + 3*a^2*b^2*x*(2*A + B*x) + (2*a*b^3*x^2*(3*A + 2*B*x))/3 + (b^4*x^3*(4*A + 3*B*x))/12 + a^3*(4*A*b + a*B)*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{b^4(a+bx)^4(A+Bx)}{x^2 b^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^4 (A + Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^4 A}{x^2} + \frac{a^3(aB + 4Ab)}{x} + 2a^2b(2aB + 3Ab) + b^3x^2(4aB + Ab) + 2ab^2x(3aB + 2Ab) + b^4Bx^3 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{a^4 A}{x} + a^3 \log(x)(aB + 4Ab) + 2a^2bx(2aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{3}b^3x^3(4aB + Ab) + ab^2x^2(3aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{4}b^4Bx^4$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2)/x^2,x]`

```
output  -((a^4*A)/x) + 2*a^2*b*(3*A*b + 2*a*B)*x + a*b^2*(2*A*b + 3*a*B)*x^2 + (b^
3*(A*b + 4*a*B)*x^3)/3 + (b^4*B*x^4)/4 + a^3*(4*A*b + a*B)*Log[x]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27  Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 85  Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

```
rule 1184 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_
) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result
default	$\frac{b^4 B x^4}{4} + \frac{A b^4 x^3}{3} + \frac{4 B a b^3 x^3}{3} + 2 A a b^3 x^2 + 3 B a^2 b^2 x^2 + 6 A a^2 b^2 x + 4 B a^3 b x + a^3 (4 A b + B a) \ln(x)$
risch	$\frac{b^4 B x^4}{4} + \frac{A b^4 x^3}{3} + \frac{4 B a b^3 x^3}{3} + 2 A a b^3 x^2 + 3 B a^2 b^2 x^2 + 6 A a^2 b^2 x + 4 B a^3 b x - \frac{a^4 A}{x} + 4 A \ln(x)$
norman	$\frac{(\frac{1}{3} A b^4 + \frac{4}{3} B a b^3) x^4 + (2 A a b^3 + 3 B a^2 b^2) x^3 + (6 a^2 A b^2 + 4 B a^3 b) x^2 - a^4 A + \frac{b^4 B x^5}{4}}{x} + (4 A a^3 b + a^4 B) \ln(x)$
parallelrisc	$\frac{3 b^4 B x^5 + 4 A b^4 x^4 + 16 B a b^3 x^4 + 24 A a b^3 x^3 + 36 B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 48 A \ln(x) x a^3 b + 72 A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 12 B \ln(x) x a^4 + 48 B a^3 b x^2 - 12 a^4 A}{12 x}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*b^4*B*x^4+1/3*A*b^4*x^3+4/3*B*a*b^3*x^3+2*A*a*b^3*x^2+3*B*a^2*b^2*x^2+6*A*a^2*b^2*x+4*B*a^3*b*x+a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)*ln(x)-a^4*A/x`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3Bb^4x^5 - 12Aa^4 + 4(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^4 + 12(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^3 + 24(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 12(Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)x + 12Aa^4 \ln(x)}{12x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(3*B*b^4*x^5 - 12*A*a^4 + 4*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 + 12*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 24*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 12*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x*log(x))/x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{Aa^4}{x} + \frac{Bb^4x^4}{4} + a^3 \cdot (4Ab + Ba) \log(x)$$

$$+ x^3 \left(\frac{Ab^4}{3} + \frac{4Bab^3}{3} \right) + x^2 \cdot (2Aab^3 + 3Ba^2b^2) + x(6Aa^2b^2 + 4Ba^3b)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2/x**2,x)`

output

```
-A*a**4/x + B*b**4*x**4/4 + a**3*(4*A*b + B*a)*log(x) + x**3*(A*b**4/3 + 4
*B*a*b**3/3) + x**2*(2*A*a*b**3 + 3*B*a**2*b**2) + x*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*
a**3*b)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{4} Bb^4x^4 - \frac{Aa^4}{x} + \frac{1}{3} (4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^3$$

$$+ (3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^2 + 2(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x$$

$$+ (Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b) \log(x)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/4*B*b^4*x^4 - A*a^4/x + 1/3*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^3 + (3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A
*a*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x + (B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*log(x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{4} Bb^4x^4 + \frac{4}{3} Bab^3x^3 + \frac{1}{3} Ab^4x^3 + 3Ba^2b^2x^2$$

$$+ 2Aab^3x^2 + 4Ba^3bx + 6Aa^2b^2x$$

$$- \frac{Aa^4}{x} + (Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b) \log(|x|)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/4*B*b^4*x^4 + 4/3*B*a*b^3*x^3 + 1/3*A*b^4*x^3 + 3*B*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 2*A*a*
b^3*x^2 + 4*B*a^3*b*x + 6*A*a^2*b^2*x - A*a^4/x + (B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*log(
abs(x))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^2} dx = x^3 \left(\frac{Ab^4}{3} + \frac{4Bab^3}{3} \right) + \ln(x) (Ba^4 + 4Aba^3) - \frac{Aa^4}{x} + \frac{Bb^4x^4}{4} + 2a^2bx(3Ab + 2Ba) + ab^2x^2(2Ab + 3Ba)$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2)/x^2,x)`output `x^3*((A*b^4)/3 + (4*B*a*b^3)/3) + log(x)*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b) - (A*a^4)/x + (B*b^4*x^4)/4 + 2*a^2*b*x*(3*A*b + 2*B*a) + a*b^2*x^2*(2*A*b + 3*B*a)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{60 \log(x) a^4 b x - 12 a^5 + 120 a^3 b^2 x^2 + 60 a^2 b^3 x^3 + 20 a b^4 x^4 + 3 b^5 x^5}{12 x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^2,x)`output `(60*log(x)*a**4*b*x - 12*a**5 + 120*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 60*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 20*a*b**4*x**4 + 3*b**5*x**5)/(12*x)`

3.159 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1452
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1452
Rubi [A] (verified)	1453
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1454
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1455
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1455
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1456
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1456
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1457
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1457

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^4 A}{2x^2} - \frac{a^3(4Ab+aB)}{x} + 2ab^2(2Ab+3aB)x + \frac{1}{2}b^3(Ab+4aB)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}b^4Bx^3 + 2a^2b(3Ab+2aB)\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/2*a^4*A/x^2-a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)/x+2*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)*x+1/2*b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)*x^2+1/3*b^4*B*x^3+2*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{4a^3 Ab}{x} + 6a^2b^2Bx + 2ab^3x(2A+Bx) - \frac{a^4(A+2Bx)}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{6}b^4x^2(3A+2Bx) + 2a^2b(3Ab+2aB)\log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^2)/x^3,x]
```

output
$$\frac{(-4a^3Ab)/x + 6a^2b^2Bx + 2ab^3x(2A + Bx) - (a^4(A + 2Bx))}{(2x^2) + (b^4x^2(3A + 2Bx))/6 + 2a^2b(3Ab + 2aB)*\text{Log}[x]}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{x^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \int \frac{b^4(a+bx)^4(A+Bx)}{x^3 b^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{(a + bx)^4 (A + Bx)}{x^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \int \left(\frac{a^4 A}{x^3} + \frac{a^3(aB + 4Ab)}{x^2} + \frac{2a^2b(2aB + 3Ab)}{x} + b^3x(4aB + Ab) + 2ab^2(3aB + 2Ab) + b^4Bx^2 \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & -\frac{a^4 A}{2x^2} - \frac{a^3(aB + 4Ab)}{x} + 2a^2b \log(x)(2aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{2}b^3x^2(4aB + Ab) + 2ab^2x(3aB + 2Ab) + \\ & \quad \frac{1}{3}b^4Bx^3 \end{aligned}$$

input
$$\text{Int}[(A + Bx)*(a^2 + 2a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2/x^3,x]$$

output
$$-1/2*(a^4A)/x^2 - (a^3*(4A*b + aB))/x + 2*a*b^2*(2A*b + 3*a*B)*x + (b^3*(A*b + 4*a*B)*x^2)/2 + (b^4*B*x^3)/3 + 2*a^2*b*(3A*b + 2*a*B)*\text{Log}[x]$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
default	$\frac{b^4 B x^3}{3} + \frac{A b^4 x^2}{2} + 2 B a b^3 x^2 + 4 a A b^3 x + 6 B a^2 b^2 x - \frac{a^4 A}{2 x^2} + 2 a^2 b (3 A b + 2 B a) \ln(x) - \frac{a^3 (4 A b + 3 A^2)}{x}$
risch	$\frac{b^4 B x^3}{3} + \frac{A b^4 x^2}{2} + 2 B a b^3 x^2 + 4 a A b^3 x + 6 B a^2 b^2 x + \frac{(-4 A a^3 b - a^4 B) x - \frac{a^4 A}{2}}{x^2} + 6 A \ln(x) a^2 b^2 + 4 a^3 b$
norman	$\frac{(\frac{1}{2} A b^4 + 2 B a b^3) x^4 + (4 A a b^3 + 6 B a^2 b^2) x^3 + (-4 A a^3 b - a^4 B) x - \frac{a^4 A}{2} + \frac{b^4 B x^5}{3}}{x^2} + (6 a^2 A b^2 + 4 B a^3 b) \ln(x)$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2 b^4 B x^5 + 3 A b^4 x^4 + 12 B a b^3 x^4 + 36 A \ln(x) x^2 a^2 b^2 + 24 A a b^3 x^3 + 24 B \ln(x) x^2 a^3 b + 36 B a^2 b^2 x^3 - 24 A a^3 b x - 6 a^4 B x - 3 a^4 A}{6 x^2}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/3*b^4*B*x^3+1/2*A*b^4*x^2+2*B*a*b^3*x^2+4*a*A*b^3*x+6*B*a^2*b^2*x-1/2*a^4*A/x^2+2*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)*ln(x)-a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)/x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2Bb^4x^5 - 3Aa^4 + 3(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^4 + 12(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^3 + 12(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^2 \log(x) - 6a^3(4Ab + Ba)}{6x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/6*(2*B*b^4*x^5 - 3*A*a^4 + 3*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 + 12*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 12*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2*log(x) - 6*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^2
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{Bb^4x^3}{3} + 2a^2b(3Ab + 2Ba) \log(x)$$

$$+ x^2 \left(\frac{Ab^4}{2} + 2Bab^3 \right) + x(4Aab^3 + 6Ba^2b^2)$$

$$+ \frac{-Aa^4 + x(-8Aa^3b - 2Ba^4)}{2x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2/x**3,x)
```

output

```
B*b**4*x**3/3 + 2*a**2*b*(3*A*b + 2*B*a)*log(x) + x**2*(A*b**4/2 + 2*B*a*b**3) + x*(4*A*a*b**3 + 6*B*a**2*b**2) + (-A*a**4 + x*(-8*A*a**3*b - 2*B*a**4))/(2*x**2)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bb^4x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (4 Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^2 + 2 (3 Ba^2b^2 + 2 Aab^3)x + 2 (2 Ba^3b + 3 Aa^2b^2) \log(x) - \frac{Aa^4 + 2 (Ba^4 + 4 Aa^3b)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*B*b^4*x^3 + 1/2*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x + 2*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*log(x) - 1/2*(A*a^4 + 2*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bb^4x^3 + 2 Bab^3x^2 + \frac{1}{2} Ab^4x^2 + 6 Ba^2b^2x + 4 Aab^3x + 2 (2 Ba^3b + 3 Aa^2b^2) \log(|x|) - \frac{Aa^4 + 2 (Ba^4 + 4 Aa^3b)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*B*b^4*x^3 + 2*B*a*b^3*x^2 + 1/2*A*b^4*x^2 + 6*B*a^2*b^2*x + 4*A*a*b^3*x + 2*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*log(abs(x)) - 1/2*(A*a^4 + 2*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^3} dx = \ln(x) (4Ba^3b + 6Aa^2b^2) - \frac{x(Ba^4 + 4Ab^3a^3) + \frac{Aa^4}{2}}{x^2} + x^2 \left(\frac{Ab^4}{2} + 2Bab^3 \right) + \frac{Bb^4x^3}{3} + 2ab^2x(2Ab + 3Ba)$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2)/x^3,x)`output `log(x)*(6*A*a^2*b^2 + 4*B*a^3*b) - (x*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b) + (A*a^4)/2)/x^2 + x^2*((A*b^4)/2 + 2*B*a*b^3) + (B*b^4*x^3)/3 + 2*a*b^2*x*(2*A*b + 3*B*a)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{60 \log(x) a^3 b^2 x^2 - 3a^5 - 30a^4 b x + 60a^2 b^3 x^3 + 15a b^4 x^4 + 2b^5 x^5}{6x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^3,x)`output `(60*log(x)*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 3*a**5 - 30*a**4*b*x + 60*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 15*a*b**4*x**4 + 2*b**5*x**5)/(6*x**2)`

3.160 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1458
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1458
Rubi [A] (verified)	1459
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1460
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1461
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1461
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1462
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1462
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1463
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1463

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^4A}{3x^3} - \frac{a^3(4Ab+aB)}{2x^2} - \frac{2a^2b(3Ab+2aB)}{x} + b^3(Ab+4aB)x + \frac{1}{2}b^4Bx^2 + 2ab^2(2Ab+3aB)\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/3*a^4*A/x^3-1/2*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)/x^2-2*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)/x+b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)*x+1/2*b^4*B*x^2+2*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{6a^2Ab^2}{x} + 4ab^3Bx + \frac{1}{2}b^4x(2A+Bx) - \frac{2a^3b(A+2Bx)}{x^2} - \frac{a^4(2A+3Bx)}{6x^3} + 2ab^2(2Ab+3aB)\log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2)/x^4,x]`

output `(-6*a^2*A*b^2)/x + 4*a*b^3*B*x + (b^4*x*(2*A + B*x))/2 - (2*a^3*b*(A + 2*B*x))/x^2 - (a^4*(2*A + 3*B*x))/(6*x^3) + 2*a*b^2*(2*A*b + 3*a*B)*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{b^4(a+bx)^4(A+Bx)}{x^4 b^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^4 (A + Bx)}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^4 A}{x^4} + \frac{a^3(aB + 4Ab)}{x^3} + \frac{2a^2b(2aB + 3Ab)}{x^2} + b^3(4aB + Ab) + \frac{2ab^2(3aB + 2Ab)}{x} + b^4 Bx \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{a^4 A}{3x^3} - \frac{a^3(aB + 4Ab)}{2x^2} - \frac{2a^2b(2aB + 3Ab)}{x} + b^3 x(4aB + Ab) + 2ab^2 \log(x)(3aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{2} b^4 Bx^2$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2)/x^4,x]`


```
output -1/3*(a^4*A)/x^3 - (a^3*(4*A*b + a*B))/(2*x^2) - (2*a^2*b*(3*A*b + 2*a*B))
/x + b^3*(A*b + 4*a*B)*x + (b^4*B*x^2)/2 + 2*a*b^2*(2*A*b + 3*a*B)*Log[x]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 85 Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

```
rule 1184 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_
) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
default	$\frac{Bb^4x^2}{2} + Ab^4x + 4Bab^3x - \frac{a^4A}{3x^3} - \frac{a^3(4Ab+Ba)}{2x^2} + 2ab^2(2Ab + 3Ba) \ln(x) - \frac{2a^2b(3Ab+2Ba)}{x}$
risch	$\frac{Bb^4x^2}{2} + Ab^4x + 4Bab^3x + \frac{(-6a^2Ab^2-4Ba^3b)x^2+(-2Aa^3b-\frac{1}{2}a^4B)x-\frac{a^4A}{3}}{x^3} + 4A \ln(x) ab^3 + 6B \ln$
norman	$\frac{(-2Aa^3b-\frac{1}{2}a^4B)x+(Ab^4+4Bab^3)x^4+(-6a^2Ab^2-4Ba^3b)x^2-\frac{a^4A}{3}+\frac{b^4Bx^5}{2}}{x^3} + (4Aab^3 + 6Ba^2b^2) \ln(x)$
parallelrisc	$\frac{3b^4Bx^5+24A \ln(x)x^3ab^3+6Ab^4x^4+36B \ln(x)x^3a^2b^2+24Bab^3x^4-36Aa^2b^2x^2-24Ba^3bx^2-12Aa^3bx-3a^4Bx-2a^4A}{6x^3}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*B*b^4*x^2+A*b^4*x+4*B*a*b^3*x-1/3*a^4*A/x^3-1/2*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)/x^2+2*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)*ln(x)-2*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)/x`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{3Bb^4x^5 - 2Aa^4 + 6(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^4 + 12(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^3 \log(x) - 12(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^2 - 3Aa^3b}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(3*B*b^4*x^5 - 2*A*a^4 + 6*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 + 12*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3*log(x) - 12*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 - 3*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bb^4x^2}{2} + 2ab^2 \cdot (2Ab + 3Ba) \log(x) + x(Ab^4 + 4Bab^3)$$

$$+ \frac{-2Aa^4 + x^2(-36Aa^2b^2 - 24Ba^3b) + x(-12Aa^3b - 3Ba^4)}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2/x**4,x)`

output

```
B*b**4*x**2/2 + 2*a*b**2*(2*A*b + 3*B*a)*log(x) + x*(A*b**4 + 4*B*a*b**3)
+ (-2*A*a**4 + x**2*(-36*A*a**2*b**2 - 24*B*a**3*b) + x*(-12*A*a**3*b - 3*
B*a**4))/(6*x**3)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} Bb^4x^2 + (4 Bab^3 + Ab^4)x + 2(3 Ba^2b^2 + 2 Aab^3) \log(x)$$

$$- \frac{2 Aa^4 + 12(2 Ba^3b + 3 Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 3(Ba^4 + 4 Aa^3b)x}{6x^3}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*B*b^4*x^2 + (4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x + 2*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*log(x)
- 1/6*(2*A*a^4 + 12*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)
*x)/x^3
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} Bb^4x^2 + 4 Bab^3x + Ab^4x + 2(3 Ba^2b^2 + 2 Aab^3) \log(|x|)$$

$$- \frac{2 Aa^4 + 12(2 Ba^3b + 3 Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 3(Ba^4 + 4 Aa^3b)x}{6x^3}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{2}Bb^4x^2 + 4B*ab^3x + A*b^4x + 2*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*\log(ab s(x)) - \frac{1}{6}*(2*A*a^4 + 12*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^3$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^4} dx$$

$$= x(Ab^4 + 4Bab^3) + \ln(x)(6Ba^2b^2 + 4Aab^3)$$

$$- \frac{x\left(\frac{Ba^4}{2} + 2Aba^3\right) + \frac{Aa^4}{3} + x^2(4Ba^3b + 6Aa^2b^2)}{x^3} + \frac{Bb^4x^2}{2}$$

input

$$\text{int}(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2)/x^4, x)$$

output

$$x*(A*b^4 + 4*B*a*b^3) + \log(x)*(6*B*a^2*b^2 + 4*A*a*b^3) - (x*((B*a^4)/2 + 2*A*a^3*b) + (A*a^4)/3 + x^2*(6*A*a^2*b^2 + 4*B*a^3*b))/x^3 + (B*b^4*x^2)/2$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{60 \log(x) a^2 b^3 x^3 - 2a^5 - 15a^4 b x - 60a^3 b^2 x^2 + 30a b^4 x^4 + 3b^5 x^5}{6x^3}$$

input

$$\text{int}((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^4, x)$$

output

$$(60*\log(x)*a**2*b**3*x**3 - 2*a**5 - 15*a**4*b*x - 60*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 30*a*b**4*x**4 + 3*b**5*x**5)/(6*x**3)$$

3.161 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	1464
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1464
Rubi [A] (verified)	1465
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1466
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1467
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1467
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1468
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1468
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1469
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1469

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^4A}{4x^4} - \frac{a^3(4Ab+aB)}{3x^3} - \frac{a^2b(3Ab+2aB)}{x^2} - \frac{2ab^2(2Ab+3aB)}{x} + b^4Bx + b^3(Ab+4aB)\log(x)$$

output

$-1/4*a^4*A/x^4-1/3*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)/x^3-a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)/x^2-2*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)/x+b^4*B*x+b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)*\ln(x)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^5} dx = -\frac{4aAb^3}{x} + b^4Bx - \frac{3a^2b^2(A+2Bx)}{x^2} - \frac{2a^3b(2A+3Bx)}{3x^3} - \frac{a^4(3A+4Bx)}{12x^4} + b^3(Ab+4aB)\log(x)$$

input

`Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2)/x^5,x]`

output

$$\frac{(-4a^4A^3b^3)/x + b^4B^3x - (3a^2b^2(A + 2Bx))/x^2 - (2a^3b(2A + 3Bx))/(3x^3) - (a^4(3A + 4Bx))/(12x^4) + b^3(Ab + 4aB)*\text{Log}[x]}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{x^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\ & \int \frac{b^4(a+bx)^4(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \int \frac{(a+bx)^4(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\ & \int \left(\frac{a^4A}{x^5} + \frac{a^3(aB + 4Ab)}{x^4} + \frac{2a^2b(2aB + 3Ab)}{x^3} + \frac{b^3(4aB + Ab)}{x} + \frac{2ab^2(3aB + 2Ab)}{x^2} + b^4B \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & -\frac{a^4A}{4x^4} - \frac{a^3(aB + 4Ab)}{3x^3} - \frac{a^2b(2aB + 3Ab)}{x^2} + b^3 \log(x)(4aB + Ab) - \frac{2ab^2(3aB + 2Ab)}{x} + b^4Bx \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + Bx)*(a^2 + 2a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2/x^5,x]$$

output

$$-1/4*(a^4A)/x^4 - (a^3*(4A*b + a*B))/(3*x^3) - (a^2*b*(3A*b + 2*a*B))/x^2 - (2*a*b^2*(2A*b + 3*a*B))/x + b^4*B*x + b^3*(A*b + 4*a*B)*\text{Log}[x]$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 85 $\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)) * ((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] :> \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)} * ((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
default	$-\frac{a^4 A}{4x^4} - \frac{a^3(4Ab+Ba)}{3x^3} - \frac{a^2b(3Ab+2Ba)}{x^2} - \frac{2ab^2(2Ab+3Ba)}{x} + Bb^4x + b^3(Ab + 4Ba) \ln(x)$
risch	$Bb^4x + \frac{(-4Aab^3 - 6Ba^2b^2)x^3 + (-3a^2Ab^2 - 2Ba^3b)x^2 + (-\frac{4}{3}Aa^3b - \frac{1}{3}a^4B)x - \frac{a^4A}{4}}{x^4} + A \ln(x)b^4 + 4B \ln(x)$
norman	$\frac{(-\frac{4}{3}Aa^3b - \frac{1}{3}a^4B)x + (-4Aab^3 - 6Ba^2b^2)x^3 + (-3a^2Ab^2 - 2Ba^3b)x^2 + b^4Bx^5 - \frac{a^4A}{4}}{x^4} + (Ab^4 + 4Ba^3b) \ln(x)$
parallelrisch	$\frac{12A \ln(x)x^4b^4 + 48B \ln(x)x^4ab^3 + 12b^4Bx^5 - 48Aab^3x^3 - 72Ba^2b^2x^3 - 36Aa^2b^2x^2 - 24Ba^3bx^2 - 16Aa^3bx - 4a^4Bx - 3a^4A}{12x^4}$

input $\text{int}((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^5, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
-1/4*a^4*A/x^4-1/3*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)/x^3-a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)/x^2-2*a*b^2*(2*
A*b+3*B*a)/x+B*b^4*x+b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)*ln(x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{12Bb^4x^5 + 12(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^4 \log(x) - 3Aa^4 - 24(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^3 - 12(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^2 - 4Aa^3b}{12x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/12*(12*B*b^4*x^5 + 12*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4*log(x) - 3*A*a^4 - 24*(3*B
*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 12*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 - 4*(B*a^4 +
4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^4
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^5} dx = Bb^4x + b^3(Ab + 4Ba) \log(x)$$

$$+ \frac{-3Aa^4 + x^3(-48Aab^3 - 72Ba^2b^2) + x^2(-36Aa^2b^2 - 24Ba^3b) + x(-16Aa^3b - 4Ba^4)}{12x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2/x**5,x)
```

output

```
B*b**4*x + b**3*(A*b + 4*B*a)*log(x) + (-3*A*a**4 + x**3*(-48*A*a*b**3 - 7
2*B*a**2*b**2) + x**2*(-36*A*a**2*b**2 - 24*B*a**3*b) + x*(-16*A*a**3*b -
4*B*a**4))/(12*x**4)
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^5} dx$$

$$= Bb^4x + (4Bab^3 + Ab^4) \log(x) - \frac{3Aa^4 + 24(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^3 + 12(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 4(Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)x}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `B*b^4*x + (4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*log(x) - 1/12*(3*A*a^4 + 24*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 12*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 4*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^5} dx$$

$$= Bb^4x + (4Bab^3 + Ab^4) \log(|x|) - \frac{3Aa^4 + 24(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^3 + 12(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 4(Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)x}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `B*b^4*x + (4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*log(abs(x)) - 1/12*(3*A*a^4 + 24*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 12*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 4*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \ln(x) (Ab^4 + 4Bab^3) - \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^4}{3} + \frac{4Aba^3}{3} \right) + \frac{Aa^4}{4} + x^2 (2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2) + x^3 (6Ba^2b^2 + 4Aab^3)}{x^4} + Bb^4x$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2)/x^5,x)`output `log(x)*(A*b^4 + 4*B*a*b^3) - (x*((B*a^4)/3 + (4*A*a^3*b)/3) + (A*a^4)/4 + x^2*(3*A*a^2*b^2 + 2*B*a^3*b) + x^3*(6*B*a^2*b^2 + 4*A*a*b^3))/x^4 + B*b^4*x`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{60 \log(x) a b^4 x^4 - 3a^5 - 20a^4 b x - 60a^3 b^2 x^2 - 120a^2 b^3 x^3 + 12b^5 x^5}{12x^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^5,x)`output `(60*log(x)*a*b**4*x**4 - 3*a**5 - 20*a**4*b*x - 60*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 120*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 12*b**5*x**5)/(12*x**4)`

3.162 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1470
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1470
Rubi [A] (verified)	1471
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1473
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1473
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1474
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1474
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1475
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1475
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1476

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^4B}{4x^4} - \frac{4a^3bB}{3x^3} - \frac{3a^2b^2B}{x^2} - \frac{4ab^3B}{x} - \frac{A(a+bx)^5}{5ax^5} + b^4B \log(x)$$

output `-1/4*a^4*B/x^4-4/3*a^3*b*B/x^3-3*a^2*b^2*B/x^2-4*a*b^3*B/x-1/5*A*(b*x+a)^5/a/x^5+b^4*B*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^6} dx = \frac{60Ab^4x^4 + 120ab^3x^3(A+2Bx) + 60a^2b^2x^2(2A+3Bx) + 20a^3bx(3A+4Bx) + 3a^4(4A+5Bx)}{60x^5} + b^4B \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^2)/x^6,x]`

output

$$-1/60*(60*A*b^4*x^4 + 120*a*b^3*x^3*(A + 2*B*x) + 60*a^2*b^2*x^2*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 20*a^3*b*x*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 3*a^4*(4*A + 5*B*x))/x^5 + b^4*B*\text{Log}[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.185$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{x^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\ & \int \frac{b^4(a+bx)^4(A+Bx)}{x^6 b^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \int \frac{(a+bx)^4(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\ & B \int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{x^5} dx - \frac{A(a+bx)^5}{5ax^5} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\ & B \int \left(\frac{a^4}{x^5} + \frac{4ba^3}{x^4} + \frac{6b^2a^2}{x^3} + \frac{4b^3a}{x^2} + \frac{b^4}{x} \right) dx - \frac{A(a+bx)^5}{5ax^5} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & B \left(-\frac{a^4}{4x^4} - \frac{4a^3b}{3x^3} - \frac{3a^2b^2}{x^2} - \frac{4ab^3}{x} + b^4 \log(x) \right) - \frac{A(a+bx)^5}{5ax^5} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2/x^6, x]$$

output
$$-1/5*(A*(a + b*x)^5)/(a*x^5) + B*(-1/4*a^4/x^4 - (4*a^3*b)/(3*x^3) - (3*a^2*b^2)/x^2 - (4*a*b^3)/x + b^4*Log[x])$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_) \text{ /; FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 49
$$\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$$

rule 87
$$\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^{(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^{(p_.)}, x] \text{ :> Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \!(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \!(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ \!(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$$

rule 1184
$$\text{Int}(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^{(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 2009
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
default	$-\frac{a^4 A}{5x^5} - \frac{2a^2 b(3Ab+2Ba)}{3x^3} - \frac{ab^2(2Ab+3Ba)}{x^2} - \frac{a^3(4Ab+Ba)}{4x^4} + b^4 B \ln(x) - \frac{b^3(Ab+4Ba)}{x}$
norman	$\frac{(-Aa^3b - \frac{1}{4}a^4B)x + (-2a^2Ab^2 - \frac{4}{3}Ba^3b)x^2 + (-Ab^4 - 4Bab^3)x^4 + (-2Aab^3 - 3Ba^2b^2)x^3 - \frac{a^4A}{5}}{x^5} + b^4 B \ln(x)$
risch	$\frac{(-Aa^3b - \frac{1}{4}a^4B)x + (-2a^2Ab^2 - \frac{4}{3}Ba^3b)x^2 + (-Ab^4 - 4Bab^3)x^4 + (-2Aab^3 - 3Ba^2b^2)x^3 - \frac{a^4A}{5}}{x^5} + b^4 B \ln(x)$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{60Bb^4 \ln(x)x^5 + 60Ab^4x^4 + 240Bab^3x^4 + 120Aab^3x^3 + 180Ba^2b^2x^3 + 120Aa^2b^2x^2 + 80Ba^3bx^2 + 60Aa^3bx + 15a^4Bx + 15a^4A}{60x^5}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/5*a^4*A/x^5 - 2/3*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)/x^3 - a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)/x^2 - 1/4*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)/x^4 + b^4*B*\ln(x) - b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)/x$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{60Bb^4x^5 \log(x) - 12Aa^4 - 60(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^4 - 60(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^3 - 40(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^2}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$1/60*(60*B*b^4*x^5*\log(x) - 12*A*a^4 - 60*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 - 60*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 40*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 - 15*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^5$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^6} dx = Bb^4 \log(x) + \frac{-12Aa^4 + x^4(-60Ab^4 - 240Bab^3) + x^3(-120Aab^3 - 180Ba^2b^2) + x^2(-120Aa^2b^2 - 80Ba^3b) + x(-60Aa^3b - 15Ba^4)}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2/x**6,x)`output `B*b**4*log(x) + (-12*A*a**4 + x**4*(-60*A*b**4 - 240*B*a*b**3) + x**3*(-120*A*a*b**3 - 180*B*a**2*b**2) + x**2*(-120*A*a**2*b**2 - 80*B*a**3*b) + x*(-60*A*a**3*b - 15*B*a**4))/(60*x**5)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^6} dx = Bb^4 \log(x) - \frac{12Aa^4 + 60(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^4 + 60(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^3 + 40(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 15(Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `B*b^4*log(x) - 1/60*(12*A*a^4 + 60*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 + 60*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 40*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 15*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^6} dx = Bb^4 \log(|x|) - \frac{12Aa^4 + 60(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^4 + 60(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^3 + 40(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 15(Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)x}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `B*b^4*log(abs(x)) - 1/60*(12*A*a^4 + 60*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 + 60*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 40*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 15*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^6} dx = Bb^4 \ln(x) - \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^4}{4} + Aba^3 \right) + \frac{Aa^4}{5} + x^3 (3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3) + x^2 \left(\frac{4Ba^3b}{3} + 2Aa^2b^2 \right) + x^4 (Ab^4 + 4Bab^3)}{x^5}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2)/x^6,x)`

output `B*b^4*log(x) - (x*((B*a^4)/4 + A*a^3*b) + (A*a^4)/5 + x^3*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3) + x^2*(2*A*a^2*b^2 + (4*B*a^3*b)/3) + x^4*(A*b^4 + 4*B*a*b^3))/x^5`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^6} dx$$
$$= \frac{60 \log(x) b^5 x^5 - 12a^5 - 75a^4 b x - 200a^3 b^2 x^2 - 300a^2 b^3 x^3 - 300a b^4 x^4}{60x^5}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^6,x)
```

output

```
(60*log(x)*b**5*x**5 - 12*a**5 - 75*a**4*b*x - 200*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 300*a*  
*2*b**3*x**3 - 300*a*b**4*x**4)/(60*x**5)
```

3.163 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	1477
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1477
Rubi [A] (verified)	1478
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1479
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1480
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1482
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1483

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^7} dx = -\frac{A(a+bx)^5}{6ax^6} + \frac{(Ab-6aB)(a+bx)^5}{30a^2x^5}$$

output

```
-1/6*A*(b*x+a)^5/a/x^6+1/30*(A*b-6*B*a)*(b*x+a)^5/a^2/x^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^7} dx = \frac{15b^4x^4(A+2Bx) + 20ab^3x^3(2A+3Bx) + 15a^2b^2x^2(3A+4Bx) + 6a^3bx(4A+5Bx) + a^4(5A+6Bx)}{30x^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^2)/x^7,x]
```

output

```
-1/30*(15*b^4*x^4*(A+2*B*x) + 20*a*b^3*x^3*(2*A+3*B*x) + 15*a^2*b^2*x^2*(3*A+4*B*x) + 6*a^3*b*x*(4*A+5*B*x) + a^4*(5*A+6*B*x))/x^6
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{x^7} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\
 & \int \frac{b^4(a+bx)^4(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{(a + bx)^4(A + Bx)}{x^7} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & -\frac{(Ab - 6aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{x^6} dx}{6a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^5}{6ax^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 48 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx)^5(Ab - 6aB)}{30a^2x^5} - \frac{A(a + bx)^5}{6ax^6}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2)/x^7,x]`

output `-1/6*(A*(a + b*x)^5)/(a*x^6) + ((A*b - 6*a*B)*(a + b*x)^5)/(30*a^2*x^5)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !EqQ[e, 0] || !EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 87 vs. $2(40) = 80$.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

method	result
default	$-\frac{a^3(4Ab+Ba)}{5x^5} - \frac{a^4A}{6x^6} - \frac{2ab^2(2Ab+3Ba)}{3x^3} - \frac{b^3(Ab+4Ba)}{2x^2} - \frac{a^2b(3Ab+2Ba)}{2x^4} - \frac{Bb^4}{x}$
norman	$\frac{-b^4Bx^5 + (-\frac{1}{2}Ab^4 - 2Bab^3)x^4 + (-\frac{4}{3}Aab^3 - 2Ba^2b^2)x^3 + (-\frac{3}{2}a^2Ab^2 - Ba^3b)x^2 + (-\frac{4}{5}Aa^3b - \frac{1}{5}a^4B)x - \frac{a^4A}{6}}{x^6}$
risch	$\frac{-b^4Bx^5 + (-\frac{1}{2}Ab^4 - 2Bab^3)x^4 + (-\frac{4}{3}Aab^3 - 2Ba^2b^2)x^3 + (-\frac{3}{2}a^2Ab^2 - Ba^3b)x^2 + (-\frac{4}{5}Aa^3b - \frac{1}{5}a^4B)x - \frac{a^4A}{6}}{x^6}$
gosper	$-\frac{30b^4Bx^5 + 15Ab^4x^4 + 60Bab^3x^4 + 40Aab^3x^3 + 60Ba^2b^2x^3 + 45Aa^2b^2x^2 + 30Ba^3bx^2 + 24Aa^3bx + 6a^4Bx + 5a^4A}{30x^6}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{30b^4Bx^5 + 15Ab^4x^4 + 60Bab^3x^4 + 40Aab^3x^3 + 60Ba^2b^2x^3 + 45Aa^2b^2x^2 + 30Ba^3bx^2 + 24Aa^3bx + 6a^4Bx + 5a^4A}{30x^6}$
orering	$-\frac{(30b^4Bx^5 + 15Ab^4x^4 + 60Bab^3x^4 + 40Aab^3x^3 + 60Ba^2b^2x^3 + 45Aa^2b^2x^2 + 30Ba^3bx^2 + 24Aa^3bx + 6a^4Bx + 5a^4A)}{30x^6(bx+a)^4}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/5*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)/x^5-1/6*a^4*A/x^6-2/3*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)/x^3-1/2*b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)/x^2-1/2*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)/x^4-B*b^4/x
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 99 vs. 2(41) = 82.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^7} dx = \frac{30Bb^4x^5 + 5Aa^4 + 15(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^4 + 20(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^3 + 15(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 6(Aa^3b + 4Aa^2b^2)x + 6Aa^3b}{30x^6}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/30*(30*B*b^4*x^5 + 5*A*a^4 + 15*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 + 20*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 15*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 6*(B*a^3*b + 4*A*a^2*b^2)*x + 6*A*a^3*b)/x^6
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 107 vs. $2(37) = 74$.

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^7} dx = \frac{-5Aa^4 - 30Bb^4x^5 + x^4(-15Ab^4 - 60Bab^3) + x^3(-40Aab^3 - 60Ba^2b^2) + x^2(-45Aa^2b^2 - 30Ba^3b) + x(-24Aa^3b - 6Ba^4)}{30x^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2/x**7,x)`

output `(-5*A*a**4 - 30*B*b**4*x**5 + x**4*(-15*A*b**4 - 60*B*a*b**3) + x**3*(-40*A*a*b**3 - 60*B*a**2*b**2) + x**2*(-45*A*a**2*b**2 - 30*B*a**3*b) + x*(-24*A*a**3*b - 6*B*a**4))/(30*x**6)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 99 vs. $2(41) = 82$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^7} dx = \frac{30Bb^4x^5 + 5Aa^4 + 15(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^4 + 20(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^3 + 15(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 6(Aa^3b + 6Ba^4)x}{30x^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/30*(30*B*b^4*x^5 + 5*A*a^4 + 15*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 + 20*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 15*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 6*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^6`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 99 vs. $2(41) = 82$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^7} dx = \frac{30 Bb^4x^5 + 60 Bab^3x^4 + 15 Ab^4x^4 + 60 Ba^2b^2x^3 + 40 Aab^3x^3 + 30 Ba^3bx^2 + 45 Aa^2b^2x^2 + 6 Ba^4x + 24 Aa^3b}{30x^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/30*(30*B*b^4*x^5 + 60*B*a*b^3*x^4 + 15*A*b^4*x^4 + 60*B*a^2*b^2*x^3 + 40*A*a*b^3*x^3 + 30*B*a^3*b*x^2 + 45*A*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 6*B*a^4*x + 24*A*a^3*b*x + 5*A*a^4)/x^6`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^7} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^4}{5} + \frac{4Ab^3}{5} \right) + \frac{Aa^4}{6} + x^2 \left(Ba^3b + \frac{3Aa^2b^2}{2} \right) + x^3 \left(2Ba^2b^2 + \frac{4Aab^3}{3} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{Ab^4}{2} + 2Bab^3 \right) + Bb^4x^5}{x^6}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2)/x^7,x)`

output `-(x*((B*a^4)/5 + (4*A*a^3*b)/5) + (A*a^4)/6 + x^2*((3*A*a^2*b^2)/2 + B*a^3*b) + x^3*(2*B*a^2*b^2 + (4*A*a*b^3)/3) + x^4*((A*b^4)/2 + 2*B*a*b^3) + B*b^4*x^5)/x^6`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^7} dx$$
$$= \frac{-6b^5x^5 - 15ab^4x^4 - 20a^2b^3x^3 - 15a^3b^2x^2 - 6a^4bx - a^5}{6x^6}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^7,x)
```

output

```
(- a**5 - 6*a**4*b*x - 15*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 20*a**2*b**3*x**3 - 15*a*b**4*x**4 - 6*b**5*x**5)/(6*x**6)
```


3.164 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result	1484
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1484
Rubi [A] (verified)	1485
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1486
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1487
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1487
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1488
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1488
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1489
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1489

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^8} dx = -\frac{a^4A}{7x^7} - \frac{a^3(4Ab+aB)}{6x^6} - \frac{2a^2b(3Ab+2aB)}{5x^5} - \frac{ab^2(2Ab+3aB)}{2x^4} - \frac{b^3(Ab+4aB)}{3x^3} - \frac{b^4B}{2x^2}$$

output `-1/7*a^4*A/x^7-1/6*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)/x^6-2/5*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)/x^5-1/2*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)/x^4-1/3*b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)/x^3-1/2*b^4*B/x^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^8} dx = \frac{35b^4x^4(2A+3Bx) + 70ab^3x^3(3A+4Bx) + 63a^2b^2x^2(4A+5Bx) + 28a^3bx(5A+6Bx) + 5a^4(6A+7Bx)}{210x^7}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^2)/x^8,x]`

output

$$-1/210*(35*b^4*x^4*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 70*a*b^3*x^3*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 63*a^2*b^2*x^2*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 28*a^3*b*x*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 5*a^4*(6*A + 7*B*x))/x^7$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{x^8} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{b^4(a+bx)^4(A+Bx)}{x^8 b^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^4 (A + Bx)}{x^8} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^4 A}{x^8} + \frac{a^3(aB + 4Ab)}{x^7} + \frac{2a^2b(2aB + 3Ab)}{x^6} + \frac{b^3(4aB + Ab)}{x^4} + \frac{2ab^2(3aB + 2Ab)}{x^5} + \frac{b^4 B}{x^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{a^4 A}{7x^7} - \frac{a^3(aB + 4Ab)}{6x^6} - \frac{2a^2b(2aB + 3Ab)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^3(4aB + Ab)}{3x^3} - \frac{ab^2(3aB + 2Ab)}{2x^4} - \frac{b^4 B}{2x^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2/x^8, x]$$

output

$$-1/7*(a^4*A)/x^7 - (a^3*(4*A*b + a*B))/(6*x^6) - (2*a^2*b*(3*A*b + 2*a*B))/(5*x^5) - (a*b^2*(2*A*b + 3*a*B))/(2*x^4) - (b^3*(A*b + 4*a*B))/(3*x^3) - (b^4*B)/(2*x^2)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
default	$-\frac{a^4 A}{7x^7} - \frac{a^3(4Ab+Ba)}{6x^6} - \frac{2a^2b(3Ab+2Ba)}{5x^5} - \frac{ab^2(2Ab+3Ba)}{2x^4} - \frac{b^3(Ab+4Ba)}{3x^3} - \frac{b^4 B}{2x^2}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{b^4 B x^5}{2} + (-\frac{1}{3} A b^4 - \frac{4}{3} B a b^3) x^4 + (-A a b^3 - \frac{3}{2} B a^2 b^2) x^3 + (-\frac{6}{5} a^2 A b^2 - \frac{4}{5} B a^3 b) x^2 + (-\frac{2}{3} A a^3 b - \frac{1}{6} a^4 B) x - \frac{a^4 A}{7}}{x^7}$
risch	$\frac{-\frac{b^4 B x^5}{2} + (-\frac{1}{3} A b^4 - \frac{4}{3} B a b^3) x^4 + (-A a b^3 - \frac{3}{2} B a^2 b^2) x^3 + (-\frac{6}{5} a^2 A b^2 - \frac{4}{5} B a^3 b) x^2 + (-\frac{2}{3} A a^3 b - \frac{1}{6} a^4 B) x - \frac{a^4 A}{7}}{x^7}$
gospers	$-\frac{105b^4 B x^5 + 70A b^4 x^4 + 280B a b^3 x^4 + 210A a b^3 x^3 + 315B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 252A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 168B a^3 b x^2 + 140A a^3 b x + 35a^4 B x + 30a^4 A}{210x^7}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{105b^4 B x^5 + 70A b^4 x^4 + 280B a b^3 x^4 + 210A a b^3 x^3 + 315B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 252A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 168B a^3 b x^2 + 140A a^3 b x + 35a^4 B x + 30a^4 A}{210x^7}$
orering	$-\frac{(105b^4 B x^5 + 70A b^4 x^4 + 280B a b^3 x^4 + 210A a b^3 x^3 + 315B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 252A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 168B a^3 b x^2 + 140A a^3 b x + 35a^4 B x + 30a^4 A)}{210x^7 (bx+a)^4}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/7*a^4*A/x^7-1/6*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)/x^6-2/5*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)/x^5-1/2*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)/x^4-1/3*b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)/x^3-1/2*b^4*B/x^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^8} dx = \frac{105 Bb^4x^5 + 30 Aa^4 + 70 (4 Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^4 + 105 (3 Ba^2b^2 + 2 Aab^3)x^3 + 84 (2 Ba^3b + 3 Aa^2b^2)x^2 + \dots}{210 x^7}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/210*(105*B*b^4*x^5 + 30*A*a^4 + 70*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 + 105*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 84*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 35*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^7
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^8} dx = \frac{-30Aa^4 - 105Bb^4x^5 + x^4(-70Ab^4 - 280Bab^3) + x^3(-210Aab^3 - 315Ba^2b^2) + x^2(-252Aa^2b^2 - 168Bab^3) + \dots}{210x^7}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2/x**8,x)
```

output

```
(-30*A*a**4 - 105*B*b**4*x**5 + x**4*(-70*A*b**4 - 280*B*a*b**3) + x**3*(-210*A*a*b**3 - 315*B*a**2*b**2) + x**2*(-252*A*a**2*b**2 - 168*B*a**3*b) + x*(-140*A*a**3*b - 35*B*a**4))/(210*x**7)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^8} dx = \frac{105 Bb^4x^5 + 30 Aa^4 + 70(4 Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^4 + 105(3 Ba^2b^2 + 2 Aab^3)x^3 + 84(2 Ba^3b + 3 Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 35Aa^3bx + 30Aa^4}{210x^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/210*(105*B*b^4*x^5 + 30*A*a^4 + 70*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 + 105*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 84*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 35*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^7`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^8} dx = \frac{105 Bb^4x^5 + 280 Bab^3x^4 + 70 Ab^4x^4 + 315 Ba^2b^2x^3 + 210 Aab^3x^3 + 168 Ba^3bx^2 + 252 Aa^2b^2x^2 + 35Aa^3bx + 30Aa^4}{210x^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/210*(105*B*b^4*x^5 + 280*B*a*b^3*x^4 + 70*A*b^4*x^4 + 315*B*a^2*b^2*x^3 + 210*A*a*b^3*x^3 + 168*B*a^3*b*x^2 + 252*A*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 35*B*a^4*x + 140*A*a^3*b*x + 30*A*a^4)/x^7`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^8} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^4}{6} + \frac{2Aba^3}{3} \right) + \frac{Aa^4}{7} + x^3 \left(\frac{3Ba^2b^2}{2} + Aab^3 \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{4Ba^3b}{5} + \frac{6Aa^2b^2}{5} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{Ab^4}{3} + \frac{4Bab^3}{3} \right) + \frac{Bb^4x}{2}}{x^7}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2)/x^8,x)`output `-(x*((B*a^4)/6 + (2*A*a^3*b)/3) + (A*a^4)/7 + x^3*((3*B*a^2*b^2)/2 + A*a*b^3) + x^2*((6*A*a^2*b^2)/5 + (4*B*a^3*b)/5) + x^4*((A*b^4)/3 + (4*B*a*b^3)/3) + (B*b^4*x^5)/2)/x^7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^8} dx = \frac{-21b^5x^5 - 70ab^4x^4 - 105a^2b^3x^3 - 84a^3b^2x^2 - 35a^4bx - 6a^5}{42x^7}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^8,x)`output `(- 6*a**5 - 35*a**4*b*x - 84*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 105*a**2*b**3*x**3 - 70*a*b**4*x**4 - 21*b**5*x**5)/(42*x**7)`

3.165 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^9} dx$

Optimal result	1490
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1490
Rubi [A] (verified)	1491
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1493
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1493
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1494
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1494
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1495
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1495
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1496

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^9} dx = -\frac{a^4A}{8x^8} - \frac{a^3(4Ab+aB)}{7x^7} - \frac{a^2b(3Ab+2aB)}{3x^6} - \frac{2ab^2(2Ab+3aB)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^3(Ab+4aB)}{4x^4} - \frac{b^4B}{3x^3}$$

output

```
-1/8*a^4*A/x^8-1/7*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)/x^7-1/3*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)/x^6-2/5*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)/x^5-1/4*b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)/x^4-1/3*b^4*B/x^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^9} dx = \frac{70b^4x^4(3A+4Bx) + 168ab^3x^3(4A+5Bx) + 168a^2b^2x^2(5A+6Bx) + 80a^3bx(6A+7Bx) + 15a^4(7A+8Bx)}{840x^8}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^2)/x^9,x]
```

output

$$\frac{-1/840*(70*b^4*x^4*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 168*a*b^3*x^3*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 168*a^2*b^2*x^2*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 80*a^3*b*x*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 15*a^4*(7*A + 8*B*x))/x^8}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{x^9} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \int \frac{b^4(a+bx)^4(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{(a + bx)^4(A + Bx)}{x^9} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \int \left(\frac{a^4A}{x^9} + \frac{a^3(aB + 4Ab)}{x^8} + \frac{2a^2b(2aB + 3Ab)}{x^7} + \frac{b^3(4aB + Ab)}{x^5} + \frac{2ab^2(3aB + 2Ab)}{x^6} + \frac{b^4B}{x^4} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & -\frac{a^4A}{8x^8} - \frac{a^3(aB + 4Ab)}{7x^7} - \frac{a^2b(2aB + 3Ab)}{3x^6} - \frac{b^3(4aB + Ab)}{4x^4} - \frac{2ab^2(3aB + 2Ab)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^4B}{3x^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2/x^9, x]$$

output

$$-1/8*(a^4A)/x^8 - (a^3*(4A*b + a*B))/(7*x^7) - (a^2*b*(3A*b + 2*a*B))/(3*x^6) - (2*a*b^2*(2A*b + 3*a*B))/(5*x^5) - (b^3*(A*b + 4*a*B))/(4*x^4) - (b^4*B)/(3*x^3)$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
default	$-\frac{a^4 A}{8x^8} - \frac{a^3(4Ab+Ba)}{7x^7} - \frac{a^2b(3Ab+2Ba)}{3x^6} - \frac{2ab^2(2Ab+3Ba)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^3(Ab+4Ba)}{4x^4} - \frac{b^4 B}{3x^3}$
norman	$-\frac{b^4 B x^5 + (-\frac{1}{4} A b^4 - B a b^3) x^4 + (-\frac{4}{5} A a b^3 - \frac{6}{5} B a^2 b^2) x^3 + (-a^2 A b^2 - \frac{2}{3} B a^3 b) x^2 + (-\frac{4}{7} A a^3 b - \frac{1}{7} a^4 B) x - \frac{a^4 A}{8}}{x^8}$
risch	$-\frac{b^4 B x^5 + (-\frac{1}{4} A b^4 - B a b^3) x^4 + (-\frac{4}{5} A a b^3 - \frac{6}{5} B a^2 b^2) x^3 + (-a^2 A b^2 - \frac{2}{3} B a^3 b) x^2 + (-\frac{4}{7} A a^3 b - \frac{1}{7} a^4 B) x - \frac{a^4 A}{8}}{x^8}$
gospers	$-\frac{280b^4 B x^5 + 210A b^4 x^4 + 840B a b^3 x^4 + 672A a b^3 x^3 + 1008B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 840A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 560B a^3 b x^2 + 480A a^3 b x + 120a^4 B x + 10a^4 A}{840x^8}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{280b^4 B x^5 + 210A b^4 x^4 + 840B a b^3 x^4 + 672A a b^3 x^3 + 1008B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 840A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 560B a^3 b x^2 + 480A a^3 b x + 120a^4 B x + 10a^4 A}{840x^8}$
orering	$-\frac{(280b^4 B x^5 + 210A b^4 x^4 + 840B a b^3 x^4 + 672A a b^3 x^3 + 1008B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 840A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 560B a^3 b x^2 + 480A a^3 b x + 120a^4 B x + 10a^4 A)}{840x^8 (bx+a)^4}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/8*a^4*A/x^8-1/7*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)/x^7-1/3*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)/x^6-2/5*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)/x^5-1/4*b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)/x^4-1/3*b^4*B/x^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^9} dx = -\frac{280 B b^4 x^5 + 105 A a^4 + 210 (4 B a b^3 + A b^4) x^4 + 336 (3 B a^2 b^2 + 2 A a b^3) x^3 + 280 (2 B a^3 b + 3 A a^2 b^2) x^2}{840 x^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/840*(280*B*b^4*x^5 + 105*A*a^4 + 210*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 + 336*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 280*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 120*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^8`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{-105Aa^4 - 280Bb^4x^5 + x^4(-210Ab^4 - 840Bab^3) + x^3(-672Aab^3 - 1008Ba^2b^2) + x^2(-840Aa^2b^2 - 560Aab^3) + x(-480Aa^3b - 120Ba^4)}{840x^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2/x**9,x)`output `(-105*A*a**4 - 280*B*b**4*x**5 + x**4*(-210*A*b**4 - 840*B*a*b**3) + x**3*(-672*A*a*b**3 - 1008*B*a**2*b**2) + x**2*(-840*A*a**2*b**2 - 560*B*a**3*b) + x*(-480*A*a**3*b - 120*B*a**4))/(840*x**8)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^9} dx =$$

$$\frac{280Bb^4x^5 + 105Aa^4 + 210(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^4 + 336(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^3 + 280(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 120(Aa^3b + Ba^4)x + 120Aa^4}{840x^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/840*(280*B*b^4*x^5 + 105*A*a^4 + 210*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 + 336*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 280*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 120*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^8`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^9} dx = \frac{280 Bb^4x^5 + 840 Bab^3x^4 + 210 Ab^4x^4 + 1008 Ba^2b^2x^3 + 672 Aab^3x^3 + 560 Ba^3bx^2 + 840 Aa^2b^2x^2 + 120 A^2bx^2 + 480 A^3bx + 105 A^4}{840 x^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/840*(280*B*b^4*x^5 + 840*B*a*b^3*x^4 + 210*A*b^4*x^4 + 1008*B*a^2*b^2*x^3 + 672*A*a*b^3*x^3 + 560*B*a^3*b*x^2 + 840*A*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 120*B*a^4*x + 480*A*a^3*b*x + 105*A*a^4)/x^8`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^9} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^4}{7} + \frac{4Aba^3}{7} \right) + \frac{Aa^4}{8} + x^2 \left(\frac{2Ba^3b}{3} + Aa^2b^2 \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{6Ba^2b^2}{5} + \frac{4Aab^3}{5} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{Ab^4}{4} + Bab^3 \right) + \frac{Bb^4x}{3}}{x^8}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2)/x^9,x)`output `-(x*((B*a^4)/7 + (4*A*a^3*b)/7) + (A*a^4)/8 + x^2*(A*a^2*b^2 + (2*B*a^3*b)/3) + x^3*((6*B*a^2*b^2)/5 + (4*A*a*b^3)/5) + x^4*((A*b^4)/4 + B*a*b^3) + (B*b^4*x^5)/3)/x^8`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^9} dx$$
$$= \frac{-56b^5x^5 - 210ab^4x^4 - 336a^2b^3x^3 - 280a^3b^2x^2 - 120a^4bx - 21a^5}{168x^8}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^9,x)`output `(- 21*a**5 - 120*a**4*b*x - 280*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 336*a**2*b**3*x**3 - 210*a*b**4*x**4 - 56*b**5*x**5)/(168*x**8)`

3.166 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	1497
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1497
Rubi [A] (verified)	1498
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1500
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1500
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1501
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1501
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1502
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1502
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1503

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{a^4 A}{9x^9} - \frac{a^3(4Ab+aB)}{8x^8} - \frac{2a^2b(3Ab+2aB)}{7x^7} - \frac{ab^2(2Ab+3aB)}{3x^6} - \frac{b^3(Ab+4aB)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^4 B}{4x^4}$$

output

```
-1/9*a^4*A/x^9-1/8*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)/x^8-2/7*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)/x^7-1/3*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)/x^6-1/5*b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)/x^5-1/4*b^4*B/x^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{126b^4x^4(4A+5Bx) + 336ab^3x^3(5A+6Bx) + 360a^2b^2x^2(6A+7Bx) + 180a^3bx(7A+8Bx) + 35a^4(8A+9Bx)}{2520x^9}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2)/x^10,x]
```

output

$$\frac{-1/2520*(126*b^4*x^4*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 336*a*b^3*x^3*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 360*a^2*b^2*x^2*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 180*a^3*b*x*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 35*a^4*(8*A + 9*B*x))}{x^9}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{b^4(a+bx)^4(A+Bx)}{x^{10} b^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^4(A + Bx)}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^4 A}{x^{10}} + \frac{a^3(aB + 4Ab)}{x^9} + \frac{2a^2b(2aB + 3Ab)}{x^8} + \frac{b^3(4aB + Ab)}{x^6} + \frac{2ab^2(3aB + 2Ab)}{x^7} + \frac{b^4 B}{x^5} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{a^4 A}{9x^9} - \frac{a^3(aB + 4Ab)}{8x^8} - \frac{2a^2b(2aB + 3Ab)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^3(4aB + Ab)}{5x^5} - \frac{ab^2(3aB + 2Ab)}{3x^6} - \frac{b^4 B}{4x^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2/x^10, x]$$

output
$$-1/9*(a^4*A)/x^9 - (a^3*(4*A*b + a*B))/(8*x^8) - (2*a^2*b*(3*A*b + 2*a*B))/(7*x^7) - (a*b^2*(2*A*b + 3*a*B))/(3*x^6) - (b^3*(A*b + 4*a*B))/(5*x^5) - (b^4*B)/(4*x^4)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 85
$$\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_)*}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$$

rule 1184
$$\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*}((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_)*}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 2009
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
default	$-\frac{a^4 A}{9x^9} - \frac{a^3(4Ab+Ba)}{8x^8} - \frac{2a^2b(3Ab+2Ba)}{7x^7} - \frac{ab^2(2Ab+3Ba)}{3x^6} - \frac{b^3(Ab+4Ba)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^4 B}{4x^4}$
norman	$-\frac{b^4 B x^5 + (-\frac{1}{5} A b^4 - \frac{4}{5} B a b^3) x^4 + (-\frac{2}{3} A a b^3 - B a^2 b^2) x^3 + (-\frac{6}{7} a^2 A b^2 - \frac{4}{7} B a^3 b) x^2 + (-\frac{1}{2} A a^3 b - \frac{1}{8} a^4 B) x - \frac{a^4 A}{9}}{x^9}$
risch	$-\frac{b^4 B x^5 + (-\frac{1}{5} A b^4 - \frac{4}{5} B a b^3) x^4 + (-\frac{2}{3} A a b^3 - B a^2 b^2) x^3 + (-\frac{6}{7} a^2 A b^2 - \frac{4}{7} B a^3 b) x^2 + (-\frac{1}{2} A a^3 b - \frac{1}{8} a^4 B) x - \frac{a^4 A}{9}}{x^9}$
gospers	$-\frac{630b^4 B x^5 + 504A b^4 x^4 + 2016B a b^3 x^4 + 1680A a b^3 x^3 + 2520B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 2160A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 1440B a^3 b x^2 + 1260A a^3 b x + 315a^4 A}{2520x^9}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{630b^4 B x^5 + 504A b^4 x^4 + 2016B a b^3 x^4 + 1680A a b^3 x^3 + 2520B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 2160A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 1440B a^3 b x^2 + 1260A a^3 b x + 315a^4 A}{2520x^9}$
orering	$-\frac{(630b^4 B x^5 + 504A b^4 x^4 + 2016B a b^3 x^4 + 1680A a b^3 x^3 + 2520B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 2160A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 1440B a^3 b x^2 + 1260A a^3 b x + 315a^4 A)}{2520x^9 (bx+a)^4}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-\frac{1}{9} a^4 A/x^9 - \frac{1}{8} a^3 (4A*b+B*a)/x^8 - \frac{2}{7} a^2 b (3A*b+2B*a)/x^7 - \frac{1}{3} a*b^2 (2A*b+3B*a)/x^6 - \frac{1}{5} b^3 (A*b+4B*a)/x^5 - \frac{1}{4} b^4 B/x^4$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{630 B b^4 x^5 + 280 A a^4 + 504 (4 B a b^3 + A b^4) x^4 + 840 (3 B a^2 b^2 + 2 A a b^3) x^3 + 720 (2 B a^3 b + 3 A a^2 b^2) x^2}{2520 x^9}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-\frac{1}{2520} (630*B*b^4*x^5 + 280*A*a^4 + 504*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 + 840*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 720*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 315*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^9$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-280Aa^4 - 630Bb^4x^5 + x^4(-504Ab^4 - 2016Bab^3) + x^3(-1680Aab^3 - 2520Ba^2b^2) + x^2(-2160Aa^2b^2 - 1440Aab^3) + x(-1260Aa^3b - 315Ba^4)}{2520x^9}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2/x**10,x)`output `(-280*A*a**4 - 630*B*b**4*x**5 + x**4*(-504*A*b**4 - 2016*B*a*b**3) + x**3*(-1680*A*a*b**3 - 2520*B*a**2*b**2) + x**2*(-2160*A*a**2*b**2 - 1440*B*a**3*b) + x*(-1260*A*a**3*b - 315*B*a**4))/(2520*x**9)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{10}} dx =$$

$$\frac{630 Bb^4x^5 + 280 Aa^4 + 504(4 Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^4 + 840(3 Ba^2b^2 + 2 Aab^3)x^3 + 720(2 Ba^3b + 3 Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 315(Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)x}{2520x^9}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2520*(630*B*b^4*x^5 + 280*A*a^4 + 504*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 + 840*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 720*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 315*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^9`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{630 Bb^4x^5 + 2016 Bab^3x^4 + 504 Ab^4x^4 + 2520 Ba^2b^2x^3 + 1680 Aab^3x^3 + 1440 Ba^3bx^2 + 2160 Aa^2b^2x^2 + 315B^2a^4x + 1260A^2a^3bx + 280A^2a^4}{2520x^9}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2520*(630*B*b^4*x^5 + 2016*B*a*b^3*x^4 + 504*A*b^4*x^4 + 2520*B*a^2*b^2*x^3 + 1680*A*a*b^3*x^3 + 1440*B*a^3*b*x^2 + 2160*A*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 315*B*a^4*x + 1260*A*a^3*b*x + 280*A*a^4)/x^9`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^4}{8} + \frac{Aba^3}{2} \right) + \frac{Aa^4}{9} + x^3 \left(Ba^2b^2 + \frac{2Aab^3}{3} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{4Ba^3b}{7} + \frac{6Aa^2b^2}{7} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{Ab^4}{5} + \frac{4Bab^3}{5} \right) + \frac{Bb^4x^5}{4}}{x^9}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2)/x^10,x)`

output `-(x*((B*a^4)/8 + (A*a^3*b)/2) + (A*a^4)/9 + x^3*(B*a^2*b^2 + (2*A*a*b^3)/3) + x^2*((6*A*a^2*b^2)/7 + (4*B*a^3*b)/7) + x^4*((A*b^4)/5 + (4*B*a*b^3)/5) + (B*b^4*x^5)/4)/x^9`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{10}} dx$$
$$= \frac{-126b^5x^5 - 504ab^4x^4 - 840a^2b^3x^3 - 720a^3b^2x^2 - 315a^4bx - 56a^5}{504x^9}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^10,x)`output `(- 56*a**5 - 315*a**4*b*x - 720*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 840*a**2*b**3*x**3 - 504*a*b**4*x**4 - 126*b**5*x**5)/(504*x**9)`

3.167 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{11}} dx$

Optimal result	1504
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1504
Rubi [A] (verified)	1505
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1507
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1507
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1508
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1508
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1509
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1509
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1510

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{a^4A}{10x^{10}} - \frac{a^3(4Ab+aB)}{9x^9} - \frac{a^2b(3Ab+2aB)}{4x^8} - \frac{2ab^2(2Ab+3aB)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^3(Ab+4aB)}{6x^6} - \frac{b^4B}{5x^5}$$

output

```
-1/10*a^4*A/x^10-1/9*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)/x^9-1/4*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)/x^8-2/7*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)/x^7-1/6*b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)/x^6-1/5*b^4*B/x^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{42b^4x^4(5A+6Bx) + 120ab^3x^3(6A+7Bx) + 135a^2b^2x^2(7A+8Bx) + 70a^3bx(8A+9Bx) + 14a^4(9A+10Bx)}{1260x^{10}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2)/x^11,x]
```

output

$$\frac{-1/1260*(42*b^4*x^4*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 120*a*b^3*x^3*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 135*a^2*b^2*x^2*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 70*a^3*b*x*(8*A + 9*B*x) + 14*a^4*(9*A + 10*B*x))}{x^{10}}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{b^4(a+bx)^4(A+Bx)}{x^{11}b^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^4(A+Bx)}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^4A}{x^{11}} + \frac{a^3(aB+4Ab)}{x^{10}} + \frac{2a^2b(2aB+3Ab)}{x^9} + \frac{b^3(4aB+Ab)}{x^7} + \frac{2ab^2(3aB+2Ab)}{x^8} + \frac{b^4B}{x^6} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{a^4A}{10x^{10}} - \frac{a^3(aB+4Ab)}{9x^9} - \frac{a^2b(2aB+3Ab)}{4x^8} - \frac{b^3(4aB+Ab)}{6x^6} - \frac{2ab^2(3aB+2Ab)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^4B}{5x^5}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2/x^{11}, x]$$

output

$$-1/10*(a^4*A)/x^{10} - (a^3*(4*A*b + a*B))/(9*x^9) - (a^2*b*(3*A*b + 2*a*B))/(4*x^8) - (2*a*b^2*(2*A*b + 3*a*B))/(7*x^7) - (b^3*(A*b + 4*a*B))/(6*x^6) - (b^4*B)/(5*x^5)$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
default	$-\frac{a^4 A}{10x^{10}} - \frac{a^3(4Ab+Ba)}{9x^9} - \frac{a^2b(3Ab+2Ba)}{4x^8} - \frac{2ab^2(2Ab+3Ba)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^3(Ab+4Ba)}{6x^6} - \frac{b^4 B}{5x^5}$
norman	$-\frac{b^4 B x^5 + (-\frac{1}{6} A b^4 - \frac{2}{3} B a b^3) x^4 + (-\frac{4}{7} A a b^3 - \frac{6}{7} B a^2 b^2) x^3 + (-\frac{3}{4} a^2 A b^2 - \frac{1}{2} B a^3 b) x^2 + (-\frac{4}{9} A a^3 b - \frac{1}{9} a^4 B) x - \frac{a^4 A}{10}}{x^{10}}$
risch	$-\frac{b^4 B x^5 + (-\frac{1}{6} A b^4 - \frac{2}{3} B a b^3) x^4 + (-\frac{4}{7} A a b^3 - \frac{6}{7} B a^2 b^2) x^3 + (-\frac{3}{4} a^2 A b^2 - \frac{1}{2} B a^3 b) x^2 + (-\frac{4}{9} A a^3 b - \frac{1}{9} a^4 B) x - \frac{a^4 A}{10}}{x^{10}}$
gospers	$-\frac{252b^4 B x^5 + 210A b^4 x^4 + 840B a b^3 x^4 + 720A a b^3 x^3 + 1080B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 945A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 630B a^3 b x^2 + 560A a^3 b x + 140a^4 B x + 140a^4 B}{1260x^{10}}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{252b^4 B x^5 + 210A b^4 x^4 + 840B a b^3 x^4 + 720A a b^3 x^3 + 1080B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 945A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 630B a^3 b x^2 + 560A a^3 b x + 140a^4 B x + 140a^4 B}{1260x^{10}}$
orering	$-\frac{(252b^4 B x^5 + 210A b^4 x^4 + 840B a b^3 x^4 + 720A a b^3 x^3 + 1080B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 945A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 630B a^3 b x^2 + 560A a^3 b x + 140a^4 B x + 140a^4 B)}{1260x^{10}(bx+a)^4}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^11,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/10*a^4*A/x^10-1/9*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)/x^9-1/4*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)/x^8-2/7*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)/x^7-1/6*b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)/x^6-1/5*b^4*B/x^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{252 B b^4 x^5 + 126 A a^4 + 210 (4 B a b^3 + A b^4) x^4 + 360 (3 B a^2 b^2 + 2 A a b^3) x^3 + 315 (2 B a^3 b + 3 A a^2 b^2) x^2 + 140 (B a^4 + 4 A a^3 b) x + 140 a^4 B}{1260 x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^11,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/1260*(252*B*b^4*x^5 + 126*A*a^4 + 210*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 + 360*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 315*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 140*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^10`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-126Aa^4 - 252Bb^4x^5 + x^4(-210Ab^4 - 840Bab^3) + x^3(-720Aab^3 - 1080Ba^2b^2) + x^2(-945Aa^2b^2 - 630Aab^3) + x(-560Aa^3b - 140Ba^4)}{1260x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2/x**11,x)`output `(-126*A*a**4 - 252*B*b**4*x**5 + x**4*(-210*A*b**4 - 840*B*a*b**3) + x**3*(-720*A*a*b**3 - 1080*B*a**2*b**2) + x**2*(-945*A*a**2*b**2 - 630*B*a**3*b) + x*(-560*A*a**3*b - 140*B*a**4))/(1260*x**10)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{11}} dx =$$

$$\frac{252 B b^4 x^5 + 126 A a^4 + 210 (4 B a b^3 + A b^4) x^4 + 360 (3 B a^2 b^2 + 2 A a b^3) x^3 + 315 (2 B a^3 b + 3 A a^2 b^2) x^2 + 140 (B a^4 + 4 A a^3 b) x}{1260 x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^11,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/1260*(252*B*b^4*x^5 + 126*A*a^4 + 210*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 + 360*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 315*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 140*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^10`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{252 Bb^4x^5 + 840 Bab^3x^4 + 210 Ab^4x^4 + 1080 Ba^2b^2x^3 + 720 Aab^3x^3 + 630 Ba^3bx^2 + 945 Aa^2b^2x^2 + 140 Ba^4x + 560 A^3bx + 126 A^4}{1260 x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^11,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/1260*(252*B*b^4*x^5 + 840*B*a*b^3*x^4 + 210*A*b^4*x^4 + 1080*B*a^2*b^2*x^3 + 720*A*a*b^3*x^3 + 630*B*a^3*b*x^2 + 945*A*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 140*B*a^4*x + 560*A*a^3*b*x + 126*A*a^4)/x^10`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^4}{9} + \frac{4Aba^3}{9} \right) + \frac{Aa^4}{10} + x^2 \left(\frac{Ba^3b}{2} + \frac{3Aa^2b^2}{4} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{6Ba^2b^2}{7} + \frac{4Aab^3}{7} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{Ab^4}{6} + \frac{2Bab^3}{3} \right) + \frac{Bb^4x^5}{5}}{x^{10}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2)/x^11,x)`output `-(x*((B*a^4)/9 + (4*A*a^3*b)/9) + (A*a^4)/10 + x^2*((3*A*a^2*b^2)/4 + (B*a^3*b)/2) + x^3*((6*B*a^2*b^2)/7 + (4*A*a*b^3)/7) + x^4*((A*b^4)/6 + (2*B*a*b^3)/3) + (B*b^4*x^5)/5)/x^10`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{11}} dx$$
$$= \frac{-252b^5x^5 - 1050ab^4x^4 - 1800a^2b^3x^3 - 1575a^3b^2x^2 - 700a^4bx - 126a^5}{1260x^{10}}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^11,x)
```

output

```
( - 126*a**5 - 700*a**4*b*x - 1575*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 1800*a**2*b**3*x**3 -  
1050*a*b**4*x**4 - 252*b**5*x**5)/(1260*x**10)
```

3.168 $\int x^5(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	1511
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1512
Rubi [A] (verified)	1512
Maple [A] (verified)	1514
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1514
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1515
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1516
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1516
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1517
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1517

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int x^5(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{6}a^6Ax^6 + \frac{1}{7}a^5(6Ab + aB)x^7 + \frac{3}{8}a^4b(5Ab + 2aB)x^8 + \frac{5}{9}a^3b^2(4Ab + 3aB)x^9 + \frac{1}{2}a^2b^3(3Ab + 4aB)x^{10} + \frac{3}{11}ab^4(2Ab + 5aB)x^{11} + \frac{1}{12}b^5(Ab + 6aB)x^{12} + \frac{1}{13}b^6Bx^{13}$$

output

```
1/6*a^6*A*x^6+1/7*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)*x^7+3/8*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)*x^8+5/9*a^3*
b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)*x^9+1/2*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)*x^10+3/11*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B
*a)*x^11+1/12*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)*x^12+1/13*b^6*B*x^13
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^5(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{6}a^6Ax^6 + \frac{1}{7}a^5(6Ab+aB)x^7 + \frac{3}{8}a^4b(5Ab+2aB)x^8$$

$$+ \frac{5}{9}a^3b^2(4Ab+3aB)x^9 + \frac{1}{2}a^2b^3(3Ab+4aB)x^{10}$$

$$+ \frac{3}{11}ab^4(2Ab+5aB)x^{11}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{12}b^5(Ab+6aB)x^{12} + \frac{1}{13}b^6Bx^{13}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(a^6*A*x^6)/6 + (a^5*(6*A*b + a*B)*x^7)/7 + (3*a^4*b*(5*A*b + 2*a*B)*x^8)/8 + (5*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b + 3*a*B)*x^9)/9 + (a^2*b^3*(3*A*b + 4*a*B)*x^10)/2 + (3*a*b^4*(2*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^11)/11 + (b^5*(A*b + 6*a*B)*x^12)/12 + (b^6*B*x^13)/13
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\frac{\int b^6x^5(a + bx)^6(A + Bx)dx}{b^6}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int x^5(a + bx)^6(A + Bx)dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int (a^6 Ax^5 + a^5 x^6 (aB + 6Ab) + 3a^4 bx^7 (2aB + 5Ab) + 5a^3 b^2 x^8 (3aB + 4Ab) + 5a^2 b^3 x^9 (4aB + 3Ab) + b^5 x^{11} (6aB + 3Ab)) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{6} a^6 Ax^6 + \frac{1}{7} a^5 x^7 (aB + 6Ab) + \frac{3}{8} a^4 bx^8 (2aB + 5Ab) + \frac{5}{9} a^3 b^2 x^9 (3aB + 4Ab) + \frac{1}{2} a^2 b^3 x^{10} (4aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{12} b^5 x^{12} (6aB + Ab) + \frac{3}{11} ab^4 x^{11} (5aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{13} b^6 Bx^{13}$$

input

```
Int[x^5*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(a^6*A*x^6)/6 + (a^5*(6*A*b + a*B)*x^7)/7 + (3*a^4*b*(5*A*b + 2*a*B)*x^8)/8 + (5*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b + 3*a*B)*x^9)/9 + (a^2*b^3*(3*A*b + 4*a*B)*x^10)/2 + (3*a*b^4*(2*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^11)/11 + (b^5*(A*b + 6*a*B)*x^12)/12 + (b^6*B*x^13)/13
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^6 B x^{13}}{13} + \left(\frac{1}{12} A b^6 + \frac{1}{2} B a b^5\right) x^{12} + \left(\frac{6}{11} A a b^5 + \frac{15}{11} B a^2 b^4\right) x^{11} + \left(\frac{3}{2} A a^2 b^4 + 2 B a^3 b^3\right) x^{10} + \left(\frac{1}{2} A a^3 b^3 + 2 B a^4 b^2\right) x^9 + \left(\frac{1}{2} A a^4 b^2 + 2 B a^5 b\right) x^8 + \left(\frac{1}{2} A a^5 b + 2 B a^6\right) x^7 + \frac{1}{2} A a^6 x^6 + \frac{1}{2} B a^7 x^5 + \frac{1}{2} B a^8 x^4 + \frac{1}{2} B a^9 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} B a^{10} x^2 + \frac{1}{2} B a^{11} x + \frac{1}{2} B a^{12}$
gosper	$\frac{x^6 (5544 b^6 B x^7 + 6006 A b^6 x^6 + 36036 B a b^5 x^5 + 39312 A a b^5 x^5 + 98280 B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 108108 A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 144144 B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 160160 A a^3 b^3 x^3 + 160160 B a^4 b^2 x^3 + 160160 A a^4 b^2 x^2 + 160160 B a^5 b x^2 + 160160 A a^5 b x + 160160 B a^6) x^6}{72072}$
default	$\frac{b^6 B x^{13}}{13} + \frac{(A b^6 + 6 B a b^5) x^{12}}{12} + \frac{(6 A a b^5 + 15 B a^2 b^4) x^{11}}{11} + \frac{(15 A a^2 b^4 + 20 B a^3 b^3) x^{10}}{10} + \frac{(20 A a^3 b^3 + 15 B a^4 b^2) x^9}{9} + \frac{(15 A a^4 b^2 + 10 B a^5 b) x^8}{8} + \frac{(10 A a^5 b + 5 B a^6) x^7}{7} + \frac{5 A a^6 x^6}{6} + \frac{5 B a^7 x^5}{6} + \frac{5 B a^8 x^4}{6} + \frac{5 B a^9 x^3}{6} + \frac{5 B a^{10} x^2}{6} + \frac{5 B a^{11} x}{6} + \frac{5 B a^{12}}{6}$
risch	$\frac{1}{13} b^6 B x^{13} + \frac{1}{12} x^{12} A b^6 + \frac{1}{2} x^{12} B a b^5 + \frac{6}{11} x^{11} A a b^5 + \frac{15}{11} x^{11} B a^2 b^4 + \frac{3}{2} x^{10} A a^2 b^4 + 2 x^{10} B a^3 b^3 + \frac{1}{2} x^9 A a^3 b^3 + 2 x^9 B a^4 b^2 + \frac{1}{2} x^8 A a^4 b^2 + 2 x^8 B a^5 b + \frac{1}{2} x^7 A a^5 b + 2 x^7 B a^6 + \frac{1}{2} x^6 A a^6 + \frac{1}{2} x^6 B a^7 + \frac{1}{2} x^5 A a^7 + \frac{1}{2} x^5 B a^8 + \frac{1}{2} x^4 A a^8 + \frac{1}{2} x^4 B a^9 + \frac{1}{2} x^3 A a^9 + \frac{1}{2} x^3 B a^{10} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 A a^{10} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 B a^{11} + \frac{1}{2} x A a^{11} + \frac{1}{2} x B a^{12} + \frac{1}{2} A a^{12} + \frac{1}{2} B a^{13}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{13} b^6 B x^{13} + \frac{1}{12} x^{12} A b^6 + \frac{1}{2} x^{12} B a b^5 + \frac{6}{11} x^{11} A a b^5 + \frac{15}{11} x^{11} B a^2 b^4 + \frac{3}{2} x^{10} A a^2 b^4 + 2 x^{10} B a^3 b^3 + \frac{1}{2} x^9 A a^3 b^3 + 2 x^9 B a^4 b^2 + \frac{1}{2} x^8 A a^4 b^2 + 2 x^8 B a^5 b + \frac{1}{2} x^7 A a^5 b + 2 x^7 B a^6 + \frac{1}{2} x^6 A a^6 + \frac{1}{2} x^6 B a^7 + \frac{1}{2} x^5 A a^7 + \frac{1}{2} x^5 B a^8 + \frac{1}{2} x^4 A a^8 + \frac{1}{2} x^4 B a^9 + \frac{1}{2} x^3 A a^9 + \frac{1}{2} x^3 B a^{10} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 A a^{10} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 B a^{11} + \frac{1}{2} x A a^{11} + \frac{1}{2} x B a^{12} + \frac{1}{2} A a^{12} + \frac{1}{2} B a^{13}$
orering	$\frac{x^6 (5544 b^6 B x^7 + 6006 A b^6 x^6 + 36036 B a b^5 x^5 + 39312 A a b^5 x^5 + 98280 B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 108108 A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 144144 B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 160160 A a^3 b^3 x^3 + 160160 B a^4 b^2 x^3 + 160160 A a^4 b^2 x^2 + 160160 B a^5 b x^2 + 160160 A a^5 b x + 160160 B a^6) x^6}{72072}$

input `int(x^5*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{13} b^6 B x^{13} + \frac{1}{12} A a b^6 x^{12} + \frac{1}{2} B a b^5 x^{12} + \frac{6}{11} A a^2 b^4 x^{11} + \frac{15}{11} B a^3 b^3 x^{11} + \frac{3}{2} A a^3 b^3 x^{10} + \frac{2}{1} B a^4 b^2 x^{10} + \frac{1}{2} A a^4 b^2 x^9 + \frac{2}{1} B a^5 b x^9 + \frac{1}{2} A a^5 b x^8 + \frac{2}{1} B a^6 x^8 + \frac{1}{2} A a^6 x^7 + \frac{1}{2} B a^7 x^7 + \frac{1}{2} A a^7 x^6 + \frac{1}{2} B a^8 x^6 + \frac{1}{2} A a^8 x^5 + \frac{1}{2} B a^9 x^5 + \frac{1}{2} A a^9 x^4 + \frac{1}{2} B a^{10} x^4 + \frac{1}{2} A a^{10} x^3 + \frac{1}{2} B a^{11} x^3 + \frac{1}{2} A a^{11} x^2 + \frac{1}{2} B a^{12} x^2 + \frac{1}{2} A a^{12} x + \frac{1}{2} B a^{13}$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^5 (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{13} B b^6 x^{13} + \frac{1}{6} A a^6 x^6 + \frac{1}{12} (6 B a b^5 + A b^6) x^{12} + \frac{3}{11} (5 B a^2 b^4 + 2 A a b^5) x^{11} \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} (4 B a^3 b^3 + 3 A a^2 b^4) x^{10} + \frac{5}{9} (3 B a^4 b^2 + 4 A a^3 b^3) x^9 \\ &+ \frac{3}{8} (2 B a^5 b + 5 A a^4 b^2) x^8 + \frac{1}{7} (B a^6 + 6 A a^5 b) x^7 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/13*B*b^6*x^{13} + 1/6*A*a^6*x^6 + 1/12*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^{12} + 3/11*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^{11} + 1/2*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^{10} + 5/9*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^9 + 3/8*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^8 + 1/7*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x^7$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x^5(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{Aa^6x^6}{6} + \frac{Bb^6x^{13}}{13} + x^{12}\left(\frac{Ab^6}{12} + \frac{Bab^5}{2}\right) + x^{11} \cdot \left(\frac{6Aab^5}{11} + \frac{15Ba^2b^4}{11}\right) + x^{10} \cdot \left(\frac{3Aa^2b^4}{2} + 2Ba^3b^3\right) + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{20Aa^3b^3}{9} + \frac{5Ba^4b^2}{3}\right) + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{15Aa^4b^2}{8} + \frac{3Ba^5b}{4}\right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{6Aa^5b}{7} + \frac{Ba^6}{7}\right)$$

input `integrate(x**5*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)`

output $A*a**6*x**6/6 + B*b**6*x**13/13 + x**12*(A*b**6/12 + B*a*b**5/2) + x**11*(6*A*a*b**5/11 + 15*B*a**2*b**4/11) + x**10*(3*A*a**2*b**4/2 + 2*B*a**3*b**3) + x**9*(20*A*a**3*b**3/9 + 5*B*a**4*b**2/3) + x**8*(15*A*a**4*b**2/8 + 3*B*a**5*b/4) + x**7*(6*A*a**5*b/7 + B*a**6/7)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x^5(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{13} Bb^6x^{13} + \frac{1}{6} Aa^6x^6 + \frac{1}{12} (6 Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^{12} + \frac{3}{11} (5 Ba^2b^4 + 2 Aab^5)x^{11}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (4 Ba^3b^3 + 3 Aa^2b^4)x^{10} + \frac{5}{9} (3 Ba^4b^2 + 4 Aa^3b^3)x^9$$

$$+ \frac{3}{8} (2 Ba^5b + 5 Aa^4b^2)x^8 + \frac{1}{7} (Ba^6 + 6 Aa^5b)x^7$$

input `integrate(x^5*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/13*B*b^6*x^13 + 1/6*A*a^6*x^6 + 1/12*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^12 + 3/11*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^11 + 1/2*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^10 + 5/9*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^9 + 3/8*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^8 + 1/7*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x^7`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int x^5(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{13} Bb^6x^{13} + \frac{1}{2} Bab^5x^{12} + \frac{1}{12} Ab^6x^{12} + \frac{15}{11} Ba^2b^4x^{11}$$

$$+ \frac{6}{11} Aab^5x^{11} + 2 Ba^3b^3x^{10} + \frac{3}{2} Aa^2b^4x^{10}$$

$$+ \frac{5}{3} Ba^4b^2x^9 + \frac{20}{9} Aa^3b^3x^9 + \frac{3}{4} Ba^5bx^8$$

$$+ \frac{15}{8} Aa^4b^2x^8 + \frac{1}{7} Ba^6x^7 + \frac{6}{7} Aa^5bx^7 + \frac{1}{6} Aa^6x^6$$

input `integrate(x^5*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/13*B*b^6*x^13 + 1/2*B*a*b^5*x^12 + 1/12*A*b^6*x^12 + 15/11*B*a^2*b^4*x^11 + 6/11*A*a*b^5*x^11 + 2*B*a^3*b^3*x^10 + 3/2*A*a^2*b^4*x^10 + 5/3*B*a^4*b^2*x^9 + 20/9*A*a^3*b^3*x^9 + 3/4*B*a^5*b*x^8 + 15/8*A*a^4*b^2*x^8 + 1/7*B*a^6*x^7 + 6/7*A*a^5*b*x^7 + 1/6*A*a^6*x^6`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^5(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx = x^7 \left(\frac{Ba^6}{7} + \frac{6Aba^5}{7} \right) + x^{12} \left(\frac{Ab^6}{12} + \frac{Bab^5}{2} \right) + \frac{Aa^6x^6}{6} + \frac{Bb^6x^{13}}{13} + \frac{5a^3b^2x^9(4Ab+3Ba)}{9} + \frac{a^2b^3x^{10}(3Ab+4Ba)}{2} + \frac{3a^4bx^8(5Ab+2Ba)}{8} + \frac{3ab^4x^{11}(2Ab+5Ba)}{11}$$

input

```
int(x^5*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
x^7*((B*a^6)/7 + (6*A*a^5*b)/7) + x^12*((A*b^6)/12 + (B*a*b^5)/2) + (A*a^6*x^6)/6 + (B*b^6*x^13)/13 + (5*a^3*b^2*x^9*(4*A*b + 3*B*a))/9 + (a^2*b^3*x^10*(3*A*b + 4*B*a))/2 + (3*a^4*b*x^8*(5*A*b + 2*B*a))/8 + (3*a*b^4*x^11*(2*A*b + 5*B*a))/11
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int x^5(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{x^6(792b^7x^7 + 6006ab^6x^6 + 19656a^2b^5x^5 + 36036a^3b^4x^4 + 40040a^4b^3x^3 + 27027a^5b^2x^2 + 10296a^6bx + 1764a^7)}{10296}$$

input

```
int(x^5*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(x**6*(1716*a**7 + 10296*a**6*b*x + 27027*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 40040*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 36036*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 19656*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 6006*a*b**6*x**6 + 792*b**7*x**7))/10296
```

3.169 $\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	1518
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1519
Rubi [A] (verified)	1519
Maple [A] (verified)	1521
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1521
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1522
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1523
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1523
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1524
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1524

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{a^4(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^7}{7b^6} - \frac{a^3(4Ab - 5aB)(a + bx)^8}{8b^6} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab - 5aB)(a + bx)^9}{9b^6} - \frac{a(2Ab - 5aB)(a + bx)^{10}}{5b^6} + \frac{(Ab - 5aB)(a + bx)^{11}}{11b^6} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{12}}{12b^6}$$

```
output 1/7*a^4*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^7/b^6-1/8*a^3*(4*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^8/b^6+2/9*a^
2*(3*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^9/b^6-1/5*a*(2*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^10/b^6+1/11*(A*b
-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/b^6+1/12*B*(b*x+a)^12/b^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x^4(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{5}a^6Ax^5 + \frac{1}{6}a^5(6Ab+aB)x^6$$

$$+ \frac{3}{7}a^4b(5Ab+2aB)x^7 + \frac{5}{8}a^3b^2(4Ab+3aB)x^8$$

$$+ \frac{5}{9}a^2b^3(3Ab+4aB)x^9 + \frac{3}{10}ab^4(2Ab+5aB)x^{10}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{11}b^5(Ab+6aB)x^{11} + \frac{1}{12}b^6Bx^{12}$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(a^6*A*x^5)/5 + (a^5*(6*A*b + a*B)*x^6)/6 + (3*a^4*b*(5*A*b + 2*a*B)*x^7)/7 + (5*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b + 3*a*B)*x^8)/8 + (5*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b + 4*a*B)*x^9)/9 + (3*a*b^4*(2*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^10)/10 + (b^5*(A*b + 6*a*B)*x^11)/11 + (b^6*B*x^12)/12`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3(A+Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\frac{\int b^6x^4(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)dx}{b^6}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)dx$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^4(a+bx)^6(aB-Ab)}{b^5} + \frac{a^3(a+bx)^7(5aB-4Ab)}{b^5} - \frac{2a^2(a+bx)^8(5aB-3Ab)}{b^5} + \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(Ab-5aB)}{b^5} \right)$$

↓ 85

$$\frac{a^4(a+bx)^7(Ab-aB)}{7b^6} - \frac{a^3(a+bx)^8(4Ab-5aB)}{8b^6} + \frac{2a^2(a+bx)^9(3Ab-5aB)}{9b^6} + \frac{(a+bx)^{11}(Ab-5aB)}{11b^6} - \frac{a(a+bx)^{10}(2Ab-5aB)}{5b^6} + \frac{B(a+bx)^{12}}{12b^6}$$

↓ 2009

input `Int[x^4*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(a^4*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^7)/(7*b^6) - (a^3*(4*A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^8)/(8*b^6) + (2*a^2*(3*A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^9)/(9*b^6) - (a*(2*A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^10)/(5*b^6) + ((A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^11)/(11*b^6) + (B*(a + b*x)^12)/(12*b^6)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

output

```
1/12*B*b^6*x^12 + 1/5*A*a^6*x^5 + 1/11*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^11 + 3/10*(5*
B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^10 + 5/9*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^9 + 5/8*(3
*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^8 + 3/7*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^7 + 1/6*(B
*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x^6
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{Aa^6x^5}{5} + \frac{Bb^6x^{12}}{12} + x^{11}\left(\frac{Ab^6}{11} + \frac{6Bab^5}{11}\right) + x^{10} \cdot \left(\frac{3Aab^5}{5} + \frac{3Ba^2b^4}{2}\right) + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^2b^4}{3} + \frac{20Ba^3b^3}{9}\right) + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^3b^3}{2} + \frac{15Ba^4b^2}{8}\right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{15Aa^4b^2}{7} + \frac{6Ba^5b}{7}\right) + x^6\left(Aa^5b + \frac{Ba^6}{6}\right)$$

input

```
integrate(x**4*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)
```

output

```
A*a**6*x**5/5 + B*b**6*x**12/12 + x**11*(A*b**6/11 + 6*B*a*b**5/11) + x**1
0*(3*A*a*b**5/5 + 3*B*a**2*b**4/2) + x**9*(5*A*a**2*b**4/3 + 20*B*a**3*b**
3/9) + x**8*(5*A*a**3*b**3/2 + 15*B*a**4*b**2/8) + x**7*(15*A*a**4*b**2/7
+ 6*B*a**5*b/7) + x**6*(A*a**5*b + B*a**6/6)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^4(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{12} Bb^6x^{12} + \frac{1}{5} Aa^6x^5 + \frac{1}{11} (6Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^{11} + \frac{3}{10} (5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5)x^{10} \\ &+ \frac{5}{9} (4Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)x^9 + \frac{5}{8} (3Ba^4b^2 + 4Aa^3b^3)x^8 \\ &+ \frac{3}{7} (2Ba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{6} (Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)x^6 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*B*b^6*x^12 + 1/5*A*a^6*x^5 + 1/11*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^11 + 3/10*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^10 + 5/9*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^9 + 5/8*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^8 + 3/7*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^7 + 1/6*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x^6`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^4(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx &= \frac{1}{12} Bb^6x^{12} + \frac{6}{11} Bab^5x^{11} + \frac{1}{11} Ab^6x^{11} + \frac{3}{2} Ba^2b^4x^{10} \\ &+ \frac{3}{5} Aab^5x^{10} + \frac{20}{9} Ba^3b^3x^9 + \frac{5}{3} Aa^2b^4x^9 \\ &+ \frac{15}{8} Ba^4b^2x^8 + \frac{5}{2} Aa^3b^3x^8 + \frac{6}{7} Ba^5bx^7 \\ &+ \frac{15}{7} Aa^4b^2x^7 + \frac{1}{6} Ba^6x^6 + Aa^5bx^6 + \frac{1}{5} Aa^6x^5 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/12*B*b^6*x^12 + 6/11*B*a*b^5*x^11 + 1/11*A*b^6*x^11 + 3/2*B*a^2*b^4*x^10 + 3/5*A*a*b^5*x^10 + 20/9*B*a^3*b^3*x^9 + 5/3*A*a^2*b^4*x^9 + 15/8*B*a^4*b^2*x^8 + 5/2*A*a^3*b^3*x^8 + 6/7*B*a^5*b*x^7 + 15/7*A*a^4*b^2*x^7 + 1/6*B*a^6*x^6 + A*a^5*b*x^6 + 1/5*A*a^6*x^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = x^6 \left(\frac{Ba^6}{6} + Aba^5 \right) + x^{11} \left(\frac{Ab^6}{11} + \frac{6Bab^5}{11} \right) + \frac{Aa^6x^5}{5} + \frac{Bb^6x^{12}}{12} + \frac{5a^3b^2x^8(4Ab + 3Ba)}{8} + \frac{5a^2b^3x^9(3Ab + 4Ba)}{9} + \frac{3a^4bx^7(5Ab + 2Ba)}{7} + \frac{3ab^4x^{10}(2Ab + 5Ba)}{10}$$

input

```
int(x^4*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
x^6*((B*a^6)/6 + A*a^5*b) + x^11*((A*b^6)/11 + (6*B*a*b^5)/11) + (A*a^6*x^5)/5 + (B*b^6*x^12)/12 + (5*a^3*b^2*x^8*(4*A*b + 3*B*a))/8 + (5*a^2*b^3*x^9*(3*A*b + 4*B*a))/9 + (3*a^4*b*x^7*(5*A*b + 2*B*a))/7 + (3*a*b^4*x^10*(2*A*b + 5*B*a))/10
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{x^5(330b^7x^7 + 2520ab^6x^6 + 8316a^2b^5x^5 + 15400a^3b^4x^4 + 17325a^4b^3x^3 + 11880a^5b^2x^2 + 4620a^6bx + 792a^7)}{3960}$$

input

```
int(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(x**5*(792*a**7 + 4620*a**6*b*x + 11880*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 17325*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 15400*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 8316*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 2520*a*b**6*x**6 + 330*b**7*x**7))/3960
```

3.170 $\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	1525
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1526
Rubi [A] (verified)	1526
Maple [A] (verified)	1528
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1528
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1529
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1530
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1530
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1531
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1531

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = -\frac{a^3(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^7}{7b^5} + \frac{a^2(3Ab - 4aB)(a + bx)^8}{8b^5} - \frac{a(Ab - 2aB)(a + bx)^9}{3b^5} + \frac{(Ab - 4aB)(a + bx)^{10}}{10b^5} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{11}}{11b^5}$$

output

```
-1/7*a^3*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^7/b^5+1/8*a^2*(3*A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^8/b^5-1/3*a
*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^9/b^5+1/10*(A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^10/b^5+1/11*B*(b*x+a)^
11/b^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int x^3(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{4}a^6Ax^4 + \frac{1}{5}a^5(6Ab+aB)x^5 \\ + \frac{1}{2}a^4b(5Ab+2aB)x^6 + \frac{5}{7}a^3b^2(4Ab+3aB)x^7 \\ + \frac{5}{8}a^2b^3(3Ab+4aB)x^8 + \frac{1}{3}ab^4(2Ab+5aB)x^9 \\ + \frac{1}{10}b^5(Ab+6aB)x^{10} + \frac{1}{11}b^6Bx^{11}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(a^6Ax^4)/4 + (a^5(6Ab+aB)x^5)/5 + (a^4b(5Ab+2aB)x^6)/2 \\ + (5a^3b^2(4Ab+3aB)x^7)/7 + (5a^2b^3(3Ab+4aB)x^8)/8 + \\ (ab^4(2Ab+5aB)x^9)/3 + (b^5(Ab+6aB)x^{10})/10 + (b^6Bx^{11})/11$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3(A+Bx) dx \\ \downarrow 1184 \\ \frac{\int b^6x^3(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)dx}{b^6} \\ \downarrow 27 \\ \int x^3(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3(a+bx)^6(aB-Ab)}{b^4} - \frac{a^2(a+bx)^7(4aB-3Ab)}{b^4} + \frac{(a+bx)^9(Ab-4aB)}{b^4} + \frac{3a(a+bx)^8(2aB-Ab)}{b^4} + \frac{B(a+bx)^{11}}{11b^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^3(a+bx)^7(Ab-aB)}{7b^5} + \frac{a^2(a+bx)^8(3Ab-4aB)}{8b^5} + \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(Ab-4aB)}{10b^5} - \frac{a(a+bx)^9(Ab-2aB)}{3b^5} + \frac{B(a+bx)^{11}}{11b^5}$$

input

```
Int[x^3*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/7*(a^3*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^7)/b^5 + (a^2*(3*A*b - 4*a*B)*(a + b*x)^8)
/(8*b^5) - (a*(A*b - 2*a*B)*(a + b*x)^9)/(3*b^5) + ((A*b - 4*a*B)*(a + b*x)
)^10)/(10*b^5) + (B*(a + b*x)^11)/(11*b^5)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_
) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)
^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```


output

```
1/11*B*b^6*x^11 + 1/4*A*a^6*x^4 + 1/10*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^10 + 1/3*(5*B
*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^9 + 5/8*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^8 + 5/7*(3*B
*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^7 + 1/2*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^6 + 1/5*(B*a
^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x^5
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{Aa^6x^4}{4} + \frac{Bb^6x^{11}}{11} + x^{10}\left(\frac{Ab^6}{10} + \frac{3Bab^5}{5}\right) + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{2Aab^5}{3} + \frac{5Ba^2b^4}{3}\right) + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{15Aa^2b^4}{8} + \frac{5Ba^3b^3}{2}\right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{20Aa^3b^3}{7} + \frac{15Ba^4b^2}{7}\right) + x^6 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^4b^2}{2} + Ba^5b\right) + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{6Aa^5b}{5} + \frac{Ba^6}{5}\right)$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)
```

output

```
A*a**6*x**4/4 + B*b**6*x**11/11 + x**10*(A*b**6/10 + 3*B*a*b**5/5) + x**9*
(2*A*a*b**5/3 + 5*B*a**2*b**4/3) + x**8*(15*A*a**2*b**4/8 + 5*B*a**3*b**3/
2) + x**7*(20*A*a**3*b**3/7 + 15*B*a**4*b**2/7) + x**6*(5*A*a**4*b**2/2 +
B*a**5*b) + x**5*(6*A*a**5*b/5 + B*a**6/5)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int x^3(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{11} Bb^6x^{11} + \frac{1}{4} Aa^6x^4 + \frac{1}{10} (6 Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^{10} + \frac{1}{3} (5 Ba^2b^4 + 2 Aab^5)x^9$$

$$+ \frac{5}{8} (4 Ba^3b^3 + 3 Aa^2b^4)x^8 + \frac{5}{7} (3 Ba^4b^2 + 4 Aa^3b^3)x^7$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (2 Ba^5b + 5 Aa^4b^2)x^6 + \frac{1}{5} (Ba^6 + 6 Aa^5b)x^5$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/11*B*b^6*x^11 + 1/4*A*a^6*x^4 + 1/10*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^10 + 1/3*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^9 + 5/8*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^8 + 5/7*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^7 + 1/2*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^6 + 1/5*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int x^3(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{11} Bb^6x^{11} + \frac{3}{5} Bab^5x^{10} + \frac{1}{10} Ab^6x^{10} + \frac{5}{3} Ba^2b^4x^9$$

$$+ \frac{2}{3} Aab^5x^9 + \frac{5}{2} Ba^3b^3x^8 + \frac{15}{8} Aa^2b^4x^8$$

$$+ \frac{15}{7} Ba^4b^2x^7 + \frac{20}{7} Aa^3b^3x^7 + Ba^5bx^6$$

$$+ \frac{5}{2} Aa^4b^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5} Ba^6x^5 + \frac{6}{5} Aa^5bx^5 + \frac{1}{4} Aa^6x^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/11*B*b^6*x^11 + 3/5*B*a*b^5*x^10 + 1/10*A*b^6*x^10 + 5/3*B*a^2*b^4*x^9 + 2/3*A*a*b^5*x^9 + 5/2*B*a^3*b^3*x^8 + 15/8*A*a^2*b^4*x^8 + 15/7*B*a^4*b^2*x^7 + 20/7*A*a^3*b^3*x^7 + B*a^5*b*x^6 + 5/2*A*a^4*b^2*x^6 + 1/5*B*a^6*x^5 + 6/5*A*a^5*b*x^5 + 1/4*A*a^6*x^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^3(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx = x^5 \left(\frac{Ba^6}{5} + \frac{6Aba^5}{5} \right) + x^{10} \left(\frac{Ab^6}{10} + \frac{3Bab^5}{5} \right) + \frac{Aa^6x^4}{4} + \frac{Bb^6x^{11}}{11} + \frac{5a^3b^2x^7(4Ab+3Ba)}{7} + \frac{5a^2b^3x^8(3Ab+4Ba)}{8} + \frac{a^4bx^6(5Ab+2Ba)}{2} + \frac{ab^4x^9(2Ab+5Ba)}{3}$$

input

```
int(x^3*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
x^5*((B*a^6)/5 + (6*A*a^5*b)/5) + x^10*((A*b^6)/10 + (3*B*a*b^5)/5) + (A*a^6*x^4)/4 + (B*b^6*x^11)/11 + (5*a^3*b^2*x^7*(4*A*b + 3*B*a))/7 + (5*a^2*b^3*x^8*(3*A*b + 4*B*a))/8 + (a^4*b*x^6*(5*A*b + 2*B*a))/2 + (a*b^4*x^9*(2*A*b + 5*B*a))/3
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int x^3(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{x^4(120b^7x^7 + 924ab^6x^6 + 3080a^2b^5x^5 + 5775a^3b^4x^4 + 6600a^4b^3x^3 + 4620a^5b^2x^2 + 1848a^6bx + 330a^7)}{1320}$$

input

```
int(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(x**4*(330*a**7 + 1848*a**6*b*x + 4620*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 6600*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 5775*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 3080*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 924*a*b**6*x**6 + 120*b**7*x**7))/1320
```


3.171 $\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	1532
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1532
Rubi [A] (verified)	1533
Maple [A] (verified)	1534
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1535
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1536
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1536
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1537
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1537
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1538

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{a^2(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^7}{7b^4} - \frac{a(2Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^8}{8b^4} + \frac{(Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^9}{9b^4} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{10}}{10b^4}$$

output

```
1/7*a^2*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^7/b^4-1/8*a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^8/b^4+1/9*(A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^9/b^4+1/10*B*(b*x+a)^10/b^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{3}a^6Ax^3 + \frac{1}{4}a^5(6Ab + aB)x^4 + \frac{3}{5}a^4b(5Ab + 2aB)x^5 + \frac{5}{6}a^3b^2(4Ab + 3aB)x^6 + \frac{5}{7}a^2b^3(3Ab + 4aB)x^7 + \frac{3}{8}ab^4(2Ab + 5aB)x^8 + \frac{1}{9}b^5(Ab + 6aB)x^9 + \frac{1}{10}b^6Bx^{10}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(a^6 A x^3)/3 + (a^5 (6 A b + a B) x^4)/4 + (3 a^4 b (5 A b + 2 a B) x^5)/5 + (5 a^3 b^2 (4 A b + 3 a B) x^6)/6 + (5 a^2 b^3 (3 A b + 4 a B) x^7)/7 + (3 a b^4 (2 A b + 5 a B) x^8)/8 + (b^5 (A b + 6 a B) x^9)/9 + (b^6 B x^{10})/10$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2 x^2)^3 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\frac{\int b^6 x^2 (a + bx)^6 (A + Bx) dx}{b^6}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int x^2 (a + bx)^6 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^2 (a + bx)^6 (aB - Ab)}{b^3} + \frac{(a + bx)^8 (Ab - 3aB)}{b^3} + \frac{a(a + bx)^7 (3aB - 2Ab)}{b^3} + \frac{B(a + bx)^9}{b^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^2 (a + bx)^7 (Ab - aB)}{7b^4} + \frac{(a + bx)^9 (Ab - 3aB)}{9b^4} - \frac{a(a + bx)^8 (2Ab - 3aB)}{8b^4} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{10}}{10b^4}$$

input `Int[x^2*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output

$$\frac{(a^2(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^7)/(7b^4) - (a(2Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^8)/(8b^4) + ((Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^9)/(9b^4) + (B(a + bx)^{10})/(10b^4)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 85

$$\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + bx)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$$

rule 1184

$$\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result
norman	$\frac{Bb^6x^{10}}{10} + \left(\frac{1}{9}Ab^6 + \frac{2}{3}Bab^5\right)x^9 + \left(\frac{3}{4}Aab^5 + \frac{15}{8}Ba^2b^4\right)x^8 + \left(\frac{15}{7}Aa^2b^4 + \frac{20}{7}Ba^3b^3\right)x^7 + \left(\frac{10}{3}Aa^3b^3 + \frac{20}{3}Ba^4b^2\right)x^6 + \left(\frac{3}{5}Aa^4b^2 + 6Ba^5b\right)x^5 + \left(\frac{3}{4}Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b\right)x^4 + \frac{x^3(252b^6Bx^7 + 280Ab^6x^6 + 1680Bab^5x^6 + 1890Aab^5x^5 + 4725Ba^2b^4x^5 + 5400Aa^2b^4x^4 + 7200Ba^3b^3x^4 + 8400Aa^3b^3x^3 + 6300Aa^4b^2x^3 + 6300Ba^5bx^3 + 6300Aa^5bx^2 + 6300Ba^6x^2 + 6300Aa^6x)}{2520}$
gospers	
default	$\frac{Bb^6x^{10}}{10} + \frac{(Ab^6 + 6Bab^5)x^9}{9} + \frac{(6Aab^5 + 15Ba^2b^4)x^8}{8} + \frac{(15Aa^2b^4 + 20Ba^3b^3)x^7}{7} + \frac{(20Aa^3b^3 + 15Ba^4b^2)x^6}{6} + \frac{(3Aa^4b^2 + 6Ba^5b)x^5}{5} + \frac{(3Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)x^4}{4} + \frac{x^3(252b^6Bx^7 + 280Ab^6x^6 + 1680Bab^5x^6 + 1890Aab^5x^5 + 4725Ba^2b^4x^5 + 5400Aa^2b^4x^4 + 7200Ba^3b^3x^4 + 8400Aa^3b^3x^3 + 6300Aa^4b^2x^3 + 6300Ba^5bx^3 + 6300Aa^5bx^2 + 6300Ba^6x^2 + 6300Aa^6x)}{2520}$
risch	$\frac{1}{10}Bb^6x^{10} + \frac{1}{9}x^9Ab^6 + \frac{2}{3}x^9Bab^5 + \frac{3}{4}x^8Aab^5 + \frac{15}{8}x^8Ba^2b^4 + \frac{15}{7}x^7Aa^2b^4 + \frac{20}{7}x^7Ba^3b^3 + \frac{10}{3}x^6Aa^3b^3 + \frac{20}{3}x^6Ba^4b^2 + \frac{3}{5}x^5Aa^4b^2 + 6x^5Ba^5b + \frac{3}{4}x^4Ba^6 + 6x^4Aa^5b + x^3(252b^6Bx^7 + 280Ab^6x^6 + 1680Bab^5x^6 + 1890Aab^5x^5 + 4725Ba^2b^4x^5 + 5400Aa^2b^4x^4 + 7200Ba^3b^3x^4 + 8400Aa^3b^3x^3 + 6300Aa^4b^2x^3 + 6300Ba^5bx^3 + 6300Aa^5bx^2 + 6300Ba^6x^2 + 6300Aa^6x)$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{10}Bb^6x^{10} + \frac{1}{9}x^9Ab^6 + \frac{2}{3}x^9Bab^5 + \frac{3}{4}x^8Aab^5 + \frac{15}{8}x^8Ba^2b^4 + \frac{15}{7}x^7Aa^2b^4 + \frac{20}{7}x^7Ba^3b^3 + \frac{10}{3}x^6Aa^3b^3 + \frac{20}{3}x^6Ba^4b^2 + \frac{3}{5}x^5Aa^4b^2 + 6x^5Ba^5b + \frac{3}{4}x^4Ba^6 + 6x^4Aa^5b + x^3(252b^6Bx^7 + 280Ab^6x^6 + 1680Bab^5x^6 + 1890Aab^5x^5 + 4725Ba^2b^4x^5 + 5400Aa^2b^4x^4 + 7200Ba^3b^3x^4 + 8400Aa^3b^3x^3 + 6300Aa^4b^2x^3 + 6300Ba^5bx^3 + 6300Aa^5bx^2 + 6300Ba^6x^2 + 6300Aa^6x)$
orering	$\frac{x^3(252b^6Bx^7 + 280Ab^6x^6 + 1680Bab^5x^6 + 1890Aab^5x^5 + 4725Ba^2b^4x^5 + 5400Aa^2b^4x^4 + 7200Ba^3b^3x^4 + 8400Aa^3b^3x^3 + 6300Aa^4b^2x^3 + 6300Ba^5bx^3 + 6300Aa^5bx^2 + 6300Ba^6x^2 + 6300Aa^6x)}{2520(bx+a)^6}$

```
input int(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/10*B*b^6*x^10+(1/9*A*b^6+2/3*B*a*b^5)*x^9+(3/4*A*a*b^5+15/8*B*a^2*b^4)*x^8+(15/7*A*a^2*b^4+20/7*B*a^3*b^3)*x^7+(10/3*A*a^3*b^3+5/2*B*a^4*b^2)*x^6+(3*A*a^4*b^2+6/5*B*a^5*b)*x^5+(3/2*A*a^5*b+1/4*B*a^6)*x^4+1/3*A*a^6*x^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{10}Bb^6x^{10} + \frac{1}{3}Aa^6x^3 + \frac{1}{9}(6Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^9 + \frac{3}{8}(5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5)x^8$$

$$+ \frac{5}{7}(4Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)x^7 + \frac{5}{6}(3Ba^4b^2 + 4Aa^3b^3)x^6$$

$$+ \frac{3}{5}(2Ba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2)x^5 + \frac{1}{4}(Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)x^4$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/10*B*b^6*x^10 + 1/3*A*a^6*x^3 + 1/9*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^9 + 3/8*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^8 + 5/7*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^7 + 5/6*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^6 + 3/5*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x^4
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 163 vs. $2(78) = 156$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{Aa^6x^3}{3} + \frac{Bb^6x^{10}}{10} + x^9\left(\frac{Ab^6}{9} + \frac{2Bab^5}{3}\right) + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{3Aab^5}{4} + \frac{15Ba^2b^4}{8}\right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{15Aa^2b^4}{7} + \frac{20Ba^3b^3}{7}\right) + x^6 \cdot \left(\frac{10Aa^3b^3}{3} + \frac{5Ba^4b^2}{2}\right) + x^5 \cdot \left(3Aa^4b^2 + \frac{6Ba^5b}{5}\right) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{3Aa^5b}{2} + \frac{Ba^6}{4}\right)$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)`

output `A*a**6*x**3/3 + B*b**6*x**10/10 + x**9*(A*b**6/9 + 2*B*a*b**5/3) + x**8*(3*A*a*b**5/4 + 15*B*a**2*b**4/8) + x**7*(15*A*a**2*b**4/7 + 20*B*a**3*b**3/7) + x**6*(10*A*a**3*b**3/3 + 5*B*a**4*b**2/2) + x**5*(3*A*a**4*b**2 + 6*B*a**5*b/5) + x**4*(3*A*a**5*b/2 + B*a**6/4)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{10} Bb^6x^{10} + \frac{1}{3} Aa^6x^3 + \frac{1}{9} (6Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^9 + \frac{3}{8} (5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5)x^8 + \frac{5}{7} (4Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)x^7 + \frac{5}{6} (3Ba^4b^2 + 4Aa^3b^3)x^6 + \frac{3}{5} (2Ba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2)x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)x^4$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/10*B*b^6*x^10 + 1/3*A*a^6*x^3 + 1/9*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^9 + 3/8*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^8 + 5/7*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^7 + 5/6*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^6 + 3/5*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x^4
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int x^2(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{10} Bb^6x^{10} + \frac{2}{3} Bab^5x^9 + \frac{1}{9} Ab^6x^9 + \frac{15}{8} Ba^2b^4x^8 + \frac{3}{4} Aab^5x^8 + \frac{20}{7} Ba^3b^3x^7 + \frac{15}{7} Aa^2b^4x^7 + \frac{5}{2} Ba^4b^2x^6 + \frac{10}{3} Aa^3b^3x^6 + \frac{6}{5} Ba^5bx^5 + 3Aa^4b^2x^5 + \frac{1}{4} Ba^6x^4 + \frac{3}{2} Aa^5bx^4 + \frac{1}{3} Aa^6x^3$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/10*B*b^6*x^10 + 2/3*B*a*b^5*x^9 + 1/9*A*b^6*x^9 + 15/8*B*a^2*b^4*x^8 + 3/4*A*a*b^5*x^8 + 20/7*B*a^3*b^3*x^7 + 15/7*A*a^2*b^4*x^7 + 5/2*B*a^4*b^2*x^6 + 10/3*A*a^3*b^3*x^6 + 6/5*B*a^5*b*x^5 + 3*A*a^4*b^2*x^5 + 1/4*B*a^6*x^4 + 3/2*A*a^5*b*x^4 + 1/3*A*a^6*x^3
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int x^2(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx = x^4 \left(\frac{B a^6}{4} + \frac{3 A b a^5}{2} \right) + x^9 \left(\frac{A b^6}{9} + \frac{2 B a b^5}{3} \right) + \frac{A a^6 x^3}{3} + \frac{B b^6 x^{10}}{10} + \frac{5 a^3 b^2 x^6 (4 A b + 3 B a)}{6} + \frac{5 a^2 b^3 x^7 (3 A b + 4 B a)}{7} + \frac{3 a^4 b x^5 (5 A b + 2 B a)}{5} + \frac{3 a b^4 x^8 (2 A b + 5 B a)}{8}$$

input `int(x^2*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3,x)`

output `x^4*((B*a^6)/4 + (3*A*a^5*b)/2) + x^9*((A*b^6)/9 + (2*B*a*b^5)/3) + (A*a^6*x^3)/3 + (B*b^6*x^10)/10 + (5*a^3*b^2*x^6*(4*A*b + 3*B*a))/6 + (5*a^2*b^3*x^7*(3*A*b + 4*B*a))/7 + (3*a^4*b*x^5*(5*A*b + 2*B*a))/5 + (3*a*b^4*x^8*(2*A*b + 5*B*a))/8`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^3(36b^7x^7 + 280ab^6x^6 + 945a^2b^5x^5 + 1800a^3b^4x^4 + 2100a^4b^3x^3 + 1512a^5b^2x^2 + 630a^6bx + 120a^7)}{360}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)`

output `(x**3*(120*a**7 + 630*a**6*b*x + 1512*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 2100*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 1800*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 945*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 280*a*b**6*x**6 + 36*b**7*x**7))/360`

3.172 $\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	1539
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1539
Rubi [A] (verified)	1540
Maple [B] (verified)	1541
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1542
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1543
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1543
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1544
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1545
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1545

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = -\frac{a(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^7}{7b^3} + \frac{(Ab - 2aB)(a + bx)^8}{8b^3} + \frac{B(a + bx)^9}{9b^3}$$

output

$-1/7*a*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^7/b^3+1/8*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^8/b^3+1/9*B*(b*x+a)^9/b^3$

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 140 vs. $2(61) = 122$.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{2}a^6Ax^2 + \frac{1}{3}a^5(6Ab + aB)x^3 + \frac{3}{4}a^4b(5Ab + 2aB)x^4 + a^3b^2(4Ab + 3aB)x^5 + \frac{5}{6}a^2b^3(3Ab + 4aB)x^6 + \frac{3}{7}ab^4(2Ab + 5aB)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}b^5(Ab + 6aB)x^8 + \frac{1}{9}b^6Bx^9$$

input `Integrate[x*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(a^6 A x^2)/2 + (a^5 (6 A b + a B) x^3)/3 + (3 a^4 b (5 A b + 2 a B) x^4)/4 + a^3 b^2 (4 A b + 3 a B) x^5 + (5 a^2 b^3 (3 A b + 4 a B) x^6)/6 + (3 a b^4 (2 A b + 5 a B) x^7)/7 + (b^5 (A b + 6 a B) x^8)/8 + (b^6 B x^9)/9$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \frac{\int b^6 x(a + bx)^6 (A + Bx) dx}{b^6} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int x(a + bx)^6 (A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \int \left(\frac{(a + bx)^7 (Ab - 2aB)}{b^2} + \frac{a(a + bx)^6 (aB - Ab)}{b^2} + \frac{B(a + bx)^8}{b^2} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{(a + bx)^8 (Ab - 2aB)}{8b^3} - \frac{a(a + bx)^7 (Ab - aB)}{7b^3} + \frac{B(a + bx)^9}{9b^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output

$$-1/7*(a*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^7)/b^3 + ((A*b - 2*a*B)*(a + b*x)^8)/(8*b^3) + (B*(a + b*x)^9)/(9*b^3)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_) \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 85

$$\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_)*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$$

rule 1184

$$\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_)*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 143 vs. $2(55) = 110$.

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

method	result
norman	$\frac{B b^6 x^9}{9} + \left(\frac{1}{8} A b^6 + \frac{3}{4} B a b^5\right) x^8 + \left(\frac{6}{7} A a b^5 + \frac{15}{7} B a^2 b^4\right) x^7 + \left(\frac{5}{2} A a^2 b^4 + \frac{10}{3} B a^3 b^3\right) x^6 + (4 A a^3 b^3 + 4 B a^4 b^2) x^5 + (15/4 A a^4 b^2 + 3/2 B a^5 b) x^4 + (2 A a^5 b + 1/3 B a^6) x^3 + 1/2 A a^6 x^2$
gospers	$x^2(56b^6Bx^7+63Ab^6x^6+378Bab^5x^6+432Aab^5x^5+1080Ba^2b^4x^5+1260Aa^2b^4x^4+1680Ba^3b^3x^4+2016Aa^3b^3x^3+1512Ba^4b^2x^3+1512Aa^4b^2x^2+1008Aa^5b^2x^2+504Aa^6x^2)$
default	$\frac{B b^6 x^9}{9} + \frac{(A b^6 + 6 B a b^5) x^8}{8} + \frac{(6 A a b^5 + 15 B a^2 b^4) x^7}{7} + \frac{(15 A a^2 b^4 + 20 B a^3 b^3) x^6}{6} + \frac{(20 A a^3 b^3 + 15 B a^4 b^2) x^5}{5} + \frac{(15 A a^4 b^2 + 3 B a^5 b) x^4}{4} + \frac{(2 A a^5 b + 1/3 B a^6) x^3}{3} + \frac{1/2 A a^6 x^2}{2}$
risch	$\frac{1}{9} B b^6 x^9 + \frac{1}{8} x^8 A b^6 + \frac{3}{4} x^8 B a b^5 + \frac{6}{7} x^7 A a b^5 + \frac{15}{7} x^7 B a^2 b^4 + \frac{5}{2} x^6 A a^2 b^4 + \frac{10}{3} x^6 B a^3 b^3 + 4 A a^3 b^3 + 4 B a^4 b^2$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{9} B b^6 x^9 + \frac{1}{8} x^8 A b^6 + \frac{3}{4} x^8 B a b^5 + \frac{6}{7} x^7 A a b^5 + \frac{15}{7} x^7 B a^2 b^4 + \frac{5}{2} x^6 A a^2 b^4 + \frac{10}{3} x^6 B a^3 b^3 + 4 A a^3 b^3 + 4 B a^4 b^2$
orering	$\frac{x^2(56b^6Bx^7+63Ab^6x^6+378Bab^5x^6+432Aab^5x^5+1080Ba^2b^4x^5+1260Aa^2b^4x^4+1680Ba^3b^3x^4+2016Aa^3b^3x^3+1512Ba^4b^2x^3+1512Aa^4b^2x^2+1008Aa^5b^2x^2+504Aa^6x^2)}{504(bx+a)^6}$

```
input int(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/9*B*b^6*x^9+(1/8*A*b^6+3/4*B*a*b^5)*x^8+(6/7*A*a*b^5+15/7*B*a^2*b^4)*x^7
+(5/2*A*a^2*b^4+10/3*B*a^3*b^3)*x^6+(4*A*a^3*b^3+3*B*a^4*b^2)*x^5+(15/4*A*
a^4*b^2+3/2*B*a^5*b)*x^4+(2*A*a^5*b+1/3*B*a^6)*x^3+1/2*A*a^6*x^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs. 2(56) = 112.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{9} B b^6 x^9 + \frac{1}{2} A a^6 x^2 + \frac{1}{8} (6 B a b^5 + A b^6) x^8 + \frac{3}{7} (5 B a^2 b^4 + 2 A a b^5) x^7 + \frac{5}{6} (4 B a^3 b^3 + 3 A a^2 b^4) x^6 + (3 B a^4 b^2 + 4 A a^3 b^3) x^5 + \frac{3}{4} (2 B a^5 b + 5 A a^4 b^2) x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (B a^6 + 6 A a^5 b) x^3$$

```
input integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/9*B*b^6*x^9 + 1/2*A*a^6*x^2 + 1/8*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^8 + 3/7*(5*B*a^2
*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^7 + 5/6*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^6 + (3*B*a^4*b^2
+ 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^5 + 3/4*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(B*a^6 + 6*A
*a^5*b)*x^3
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 160 vs. $2(53) = 106$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int x(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{Aa^6x^2}{2} + \frac{Bb^6x^9}{9} + x^8\left(\frac{Ab^6}{8} + \frac{3Bab^5}{4}\right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{6Aab^5}{7} + \frac{15Ba^2b^4}{7}\right) + x^6 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^2b^4}{2} + \frac{10Ba^3b^3}{3}\right) + x^5 \cdot (4Aa^3b^3 + 3Ba^4b^2) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{15Aa^4b^2}{4} + \frac{3Ba^5b}{2}\right) + x^3 \cdot \left(2Aa^5b + \frac{Ba^6}{3}\right)$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)
```

output

```
A*a**6*x**2/2 + B*b**6*x**9/9 + x**8*(A*b**6/8 + 3*B*a*b**5/4) + x**7*(6*A
*a*b**5/7 + 15*B*a**2*b**4/7) + x**6*(5*A*a**2*b**4/2 + 10*B*a**3*b**3/3)
+ x**5*(4*A*a**3*b**3 + 3*B*a**4*b**2) + x**4*(15*A*a**4*b**2/4 + 3*B*a**5
*b/2) + x**3*(2*A*a**5*b + B*a**6/3)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{9} Bb^6x^9 + \frac{1}{2} Aa^6x^2 + \frac{1}{8} (6 Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^8 + \frac{3}{7} (5 Ba^2b^4 + 2 Aab^5)x^7 + \frac{5}{6} (4 Ba^3b^3 + 3 Aa^2b^4)x^6 + (3 Ba^4b^2 + 4 Aa^3b^3)x^5 + \frac{3}{4} (2 Ba^5b + 5 Aa^4b^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (Ba^6 + 6 Aa^5b)x^3$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/9*B*b^6*x^9 + 1/2*A*a^6*x^2 + 1/8*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^8 + 3/7*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^7 + 5/6*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^6 + (3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^5 + 3/4*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x^3`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 149 vs. 2(56) = 112.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{9} Bb^6x^9 + \frac{3}{4} Bab^5x^8 + \frac{1}{8} Ab^6x^8 + \frac{15}{7} Ba^2b^4x^7 + \frac{6}{7} Aab^5x^7 + \frac{10}{3} Ba^3b^3x^6 + \frac{5}{2} Aa^2b^4x^6 + 3 Ba^4b^2x^5 + 4 Aa^3b^3x^5 + \frac{3}{2} Ba^5bx^4 + \frac{15}{4} Aa^4b^2x^4 + \frac{1}{3} Ba^6x^3 + 2 Aa^5bx^3 + \frac{1}{2} Aa^6x^2$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$1/9*B*b^6*x^9 + 3/4*B*a*b^5*x^8 + 1/8*A*b^6*x^8 + 15/7*B*a^2*b^4*x^7 + 6/7*A*a*b^5*x^7 + 10/3*B*a^3*b^3*x^6 + 5/2*A*a^2*b^4*x^6 + 3*B*a^4*b^2*x^5 + 4*A*a^3*b^3*x^5 + 3/2*B*a^5*b*x^4 + 15/4*A*a^4*b^2*x^4 + 1/3*B*a^6*x^3 + 2*A*a^5*b*x^3 + 1/2*A*a^6*x^2$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int x(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = x^3 \left(\frac{B a^6}{3} + 2 A b a^5 \right) + x^8 \left(\frac{A b^6}{8} + \frac{3 B a b^5}{4} \right) + \frac{A a^6 x^2}{2} + \frac{B b^6 x^9}{9} + a^3 b^2 x^5 (4 A b + 3 B a) + \frac{5 a^2 b^3 x^6 (3 A b + 4 B a)}{6} + \frac{3 a^4 b x^4 (5 A b + 2 B a)}{4} + \frac{3 a b^4 x^7 (2 A b + 5 B a)}{7}$$

input

```
int(x*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3,x)
```

output

$$x^3*((B*a^6)/3 + 2*A*a^5*b) + x^8*((A*b^6)/8 + (3*B*a*b^5)/4) + (A*a^6*x^2)/2 + (B*b^6*x^9)/9 + a^3*b^2*x^5*(4*A*b + 3*B*a) + (5*a^2*b^3*x^6*(3*A*b + 4*B*a))/6 + (3*a^4*b*x^4*(5*A*b + 2*B*a))/4 + (3*a*b^4*x^7*(2*A*b + 5*B*a))/7$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int x(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{x^2(8b^7x^7 + 63ab^6x^6 + 216a^2b^5x^5 + 420a^3b^4x^4 + 504a^4b^3x^3 + 378a^5b^2x^2 + 168a^6bx + 36a^7)}{72}$$

input

```
int(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(x**2*(36*a**7 + 168*a**6*b*x + 378*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 504*a**4*b**3*x**3 +  
420*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 216*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 63*a*b**6*x**6 + 8*b**7*x**7))/7  
2
```

3.173 $\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	1547
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1547
Rubi [A] (verified)	1548
Maple [B] (verified)	1549
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1550
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1550
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1551
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1552
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1552
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1553

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^7}{7b^2} + \frac{B(a + bx)^8}{8b^2}$$

output

```
1/7*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^7/b^2+1/8*B*(b*x+a)^8/b^2
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 122 vs. $2(38) = 76$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\begin{aligned} \int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = & \frac{1}{56}x(28a^6(2A + Bx) + 56a^5bx(3A + 2Bx) \\ & + 70a^4b^2x^2(4A + 3Bx) + 56a^3b^3x^3(5A + 4Bx) \\ & + 28a^2b^4x^4(6A + 5Bx) + 8ab^5x^5(7A + 6Bx) \\ & + b^6x^6(8A + 7Bx)) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]
```


output

$$(x*(28*a^6*(2*A + B*x) + 56*a^5*b*x*(3*A + 2*B*x) + 70*a^4*b^2*x^2*(4*A + 3*B*x) + 56*a^3*b^3*x^3*(5*A + 4*B*x) + 28*a^2*b^4*x^4*(6*A + 5*B*x) + 8*a*b^5*x^5*(7*A + 6*B*x) + b^6*x^6*(8*A + 7*B*x)))/56$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1098, 27, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1098 \\ & \quad \int \frac{b^6(a + bx)^6(A + Bx)dx}{b^6} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \quad \int (a + bx)^6(A + Bx)dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & \quad \int \left(\frac{(a + bx)^6(Ab - aB)}{b} + \frac{B(a + bx)^7}{b} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \quad \frac{(a + bx)^7(Ab - aB)}{7b^2} + \frac{B(a + bx)^8}{8b^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3, x]$$

output

$$((A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^7)/(7*b^2) + (B*(a + b*x)^8)/(8*b^2)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 1098 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 139 vs. 2(34) = 68.

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.68

method	result
norman	$\frac{Bb^6x^8}{8} + (\frac{1}{7}Ab^6 + \frac{6}{7}Bab^5)x^7 + (Aab^5 + \frac{5}{2}Ba^2b^4)x^6 + (3Aa^2b^4 + 4Ba^3b^3)x^5 + (5Aa^3b^3$
default	$\frac{Bb^6x^8}{8} + \frac{(Ab^6+6Bab^5)x^7}{7} + \frac{(6Aab^5+15Ba^2b^4)x^6}{6} + \frac{(15Aa^2b^4+20Ba^3b^3)x^5}{5} + \frac{(20Aa^3b^3+15Ba^4b^2)x^4}{4} + \frac{(15$
gospers	$\frac{x(7b^6Bx^7+8Ab^6x^6+48Bab^5x^6+56Aab^5x^5+140Ba^2b^4x^5+168Aa^2b^4x^4+224Ba^3b^3x^4+280Aa^3b^3x^3+210Ba^4b^2x^3+280$
risch	$\frac{1}{8}Bb^6x^8 + \frac{1}{7}x^7Ab^6 + \frac{6}{7}x^7Bab^5 + x^6Aab^5 + \frac{5}{2}x^6Ba^2b^4 + 3Aa^2b^4x^5 + 4Ba^3b^3x^5 + 5x^4Aa^3b^3$
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{8}Bb^6x^8 + \frac{1}{7}x^7Ab^6 + \frac{6}{7}x^7Bab^5 + x^6Aab^5 + \frac{5}{2}x^6Ba^2b^4 + 3Aa^2b^4x^5 + 4Ba^3b^3x^5 + 5x^4Aa^3b^3$
orering	$\frac{x(7b^6Bx^7+8Ab^6x^6+48Bab^5x^6+56Aab^5x^5+140Ba^2b^4x^5+168Aa^2b^4x^4+224Ba^3b^3x^4+280Aa^3b^3x^3+210Ba^4b^2x^3+280}{56(bx+a)^6}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/8*B*b^6*x^8+(1/7*A*b^6+6/7*B*a*b^5)*x^7+(A*a*b^5+5/2*B*a^2*b^4)*x^6+(3*A
*a^2*b^4+4*B*a^3*b^3)*x^5+(5*A*a^3*b^3+15/4*B*a^4*b^2)*x^4+(5*A*a^4*b^2+2*
B*a^5*b)*x^3+(3*A*a^5*b+1/2*B*a^6)*x^2+A*a^6*x
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 142 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.74

$$\int (A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{8} Bb^6x^8 + Aa^6x + \frac{1}{7} (6 Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^7$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (5 Ba^2b^4 + 2 Aab^5)x^6$$

$$+ (4 Ba^3b^3 + 3 Aa^2b^4)x^5$$

$$+ \frac{5}{4} (3 Ba^4b^2 + 4 Aa^3b^3)x^4$$

$$+ (2 Ba^5b + 5 Aa^4b^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^6 + 6 Aa^5b)x^2$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/8*B*b^6*x^8 + A*a^6*x + 1/7*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^7 + 1/2*(5*B*a^2*b^4 +
2*A*a*b^5)*x^6 + (4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^5 + 5/4*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A
*a^3*b^3)*x^4 + (2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x^
2
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 148 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.89

$$\begin{aligned} \int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = & Aa^6x + \frac{Bb^6x^8}{8} + x^7 \left(\frac{Ab^6}{7} + \frac{6Bab^5}{7} \right) \\ & + x^6 \left(Aab^5 + \frac{5Ba^2b^4}{2} \right) + x^5 \cdot (3Aa^2b^4 + 4Ba^3b^3) \\ & + x^4 \cdot \left(5Aa^3b^3 + \frac{15Ba^4b^2}{4} \right) + x^3 \\ & \cdot (5Aa^4b^2 + 2Ba^5b) + x^2 \cdot \left(3Aa^5b + \frac{Ba^6}{2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)`

output `A*a**6*x + B*b**6*x**8/8 + x**7*(A*b**6/7 + 6*B*a*b**5/7) + x**6*(A*a*b**5 + 5*B*a**2*b**4/2) + x**5*(3*A*a**2*b**4 + 4*B*a**3*b**3) + x**4*(5*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**2/4) + x**3*(5*A*a**4*b**2 + 2*B*a**5*b) + x**2*(3*A*a**5*b + B*a**6/2)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 142 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.74

$$\begin{aligned} \int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = & \frac{1}{8} Bb^6x^8 + Aa^6x + \frac{1}{7} (6 Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^7 \\ & + \frac{1}{2} (5 Ba^2b^4 + 2 Aab^5)x^6 \\ & + (4 Ba^3b^3 + 3 Aa^2b^4)x^5 \\ & + \frac{5}{4} (3 Ba^4b^2 + 4 Aa^3b^3)x^4 \\ & + (2 Ba^5b + 5 Aa^4b^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^6 + 6 Aa^5b)x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/8*B*b^6*x^8 + A*a^6*x + 1/7*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^7 + 1/2*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + \\ & 2*A*a*b^5)*x^6 + (4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^5 + 5/4*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A \\ & *a^3*b^3)*x^4 + (2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x^2 \end{aligned}$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 145 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.82

$$\begin{aligned} \int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx &= \frac{1}{8} Bb^6x^8 + \frac{6}{7} Bab^5x^7 + \frac{1}{7} Ab^6x^7 + \frac{5}{2} Ba^2b^4x^6 \\ &+ Aab^5x^6 + 4Ba^3b^3x^5 + 3Aa^2b^4x^5 \\ &+ \frac{15}{4} Ba^4b^2x^4 + 5Aa^3b^3x^4 + 2Ba^5bx^3 \\ &+ 5Aa^4b^2x^3 + \frac{1}{2} Ba^6x^2 + 3Aa^5bx^2 + Aa^6x \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/8*B*b^6*x^8 + 6/7*B*a*b^5*x^7 + 1/7*A*b^6*x^7 + 5/2*B*a^2*b^4*x^6 + A*a \\ & b^5*x^6 + 4*B*a^3*b^3*x^5 + 3*A*a^2*b^4*x^5 + 15/4*B*a^4*b^2*x^4 + 5*A*a^3 \\ & *b^3*x^4 + 2*B*a^5*b*x^3 + 5*A*a^4*b^2*x^3 + 1/2*B*a^6*x^2 + 3*A*a^5*b*x^2 \\ & + A*a^6*x \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.32

$$\begin{aligned} \int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx &= x^2 \left(\frac{B a^6}{2} + 3 A b a^5 \right) + x^7 \left(\frac{A b^6}{7} + \frac{6 B a b^5}{7} \right) \\ &+ \frac{B b^6 x^8}{8} + A a^6 x + \frac{5 a^3 b^2 x^4 (4 A b + 3 B a)}{4} \\ &+ a^2 b^3 x^5 (3 A b + 4 B a) \\ &+ a^4 b x^3 (5 A b + 2 B a) + \frac{a b^4 x^6 (2 A b + 5 B a)}{2} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3,x)`

output `x^2*((B*a^6)/2 + 3*A*a^5*b) + x^7*((A*b^6)/7 + (6*B*a*b^5)/7) + (B*b^6*x^8)/8 + A*a^6*x + (5*a^3*b^2*x^4*(4*A*b + 3*B*a))/4 + a^2*b^3*x^5*(3*A*b + 4*B*a) + a^4*b*x^3*(5*A*b + 2*B*a) + (a*b^4*x^6*(2*A*b + 5*B*a))/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(b^7x^7 + 8ab^6x^6 + 28a^2b^5x^5 + 56a^3b^4x^4 + 70a^4b^3x^3 + 56a^5b^2x^2 + 28a^6bx + 8a^7)}{8}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)`

output `(x*(8*a**7 + 28*a**6*b*x + 56*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 70*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 56*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 28*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 8*a*b**6*x**6 + b**7*x**7))/8`

3.174 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1554
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1554
Rubi [A] (verified)	1555
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1557
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1557
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1558
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1559
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1559
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1560
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1560

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x} dx = 6a^5Abx + \frac{15}{2}a^4Ab^2x^2 + \frac{20}{3}a^3Ab^3x^3 + \frac{15}{4}a^2Ab^4x^4 + \frac{6}{5}aAb^5x^5 + \frac{1}{6}Ab^6x^6 + \frac{B(a+bx)^7}{7b} + a^6A \log(x)$$

output

```
6*a^5*A*b*x+15/2*a^4*A*b^2*x^2+20/3*a^3*A*b^3*x^3+15/4*a^2*A*b^4*x^4+6/5*a
*A*b^5*x^5+1/6*A*b^6*x^6+1/7*B*(b*x+a)^7/b+a^6*A*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x} dx = a^6Bx + 3a^5bx(2A+Bx) + \frac{5}{2}a^4b^2x^2(3A+2Bx) + \frac{5}{3}a^3b^3x^3(4A+3Bx) + \frac{3}{4}a^2b^4x^4(5A+4Bx) + \frac{1}{5}ab^5x^5(6A+5Bx) + \frac{1}{42}b^6x^6(7A+6Bx) + a^6A \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x,x]`

output `a^6*B*x + 3*a^5*b*x*(2*A + B*x) + (5*a^4*b^2*x^2*(3*A + 2*B*x))/2 + (5*a^3*b^3*x^3*(4*A + 3*B*x))/3 + (3*a^2*b^4*x^4*(5*A + 4*B*x))/4 + (a*b^5*x^5*(6*A + 5*B*x))/5 + (b^6*x^6*(7*A + 6*B*x))/42 + a^6*A*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.185$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 90, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\
 & \int \frac{b^6(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x b^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\
 & A \int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{x} dx + \frac{B(a+bx)^7}{7b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & A \int \left(\frac{a^6}{x} + 6ba^5 + 15b^2xa^4 + 20b^3x^2a^3 + 15b^4x^3a^2 + 6b^5x^4a + b^6x^5 \right) dx + \frac{B(a+bx)^7}{7b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & A \left(a^6 \log(x) + 6a^5bx + \frac{15}{2}a^4b^2x^2 + \frac{20}{3}a^3b^3x^3 + \frac{15}{4}a^2b^4x^4 + \frac{6}{5}ab^5x^5 + \frac{b^6x^6}{6} \right) + \frac{B(a+bx)^7}{7b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x,x]`

output `(B*(a + b*x)^7)/(7*b) + A*(6*a^5*b*x + (15*a^4*b^2*x^2)/2 + (20*a^3*b^3*x^3)/3 + (15*a^2*b^4*x^4)/4 + (6*a*b^5*x^5)/5 + (b^6*x^6)/6 + a^6*Log[x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

method	result
norman	$(\frac{1}{6}Ab^6 + Bab^5)x^6 + (\frac{6}{5}Aab^5 + 3Ba^2b^4)x^5 + (\frac{15}{4}Aa^2b^4 + 5Ba^3b^3)x^4 + (\frac{20}{3}Aa^3b^3 + 5B$
default	$\frac{b^6Bx^7}{7} + \frac{Ab^6x^6}{6} + Bab^5x^6 + \frac{6Aab^5x^5}{5} + 3Ba^2b^4x^5 + \frac{15Aa^2b^4x^4}{4} + 5Ba^3b^3x^4 + \frac{20Aa^3b^3x^3}{3} + 5B$
risch	$\frac{b^6Bx^7}{7} + \frac{Ab^6x^6}{6} + Bab^5x^6 + \frac{6Aab^5x^5}{5} + 3Ba^2b^4x^5 + \frac{15Aa^2b^4x^4}{4} + 5Ba^3b^3x^4 + \frac{20Aa^3b^3x^3}{3} + 5B$
parallelrisc	$\frac{b^6Bx^7}{7} + \frac{Ab^6x^6}{6} + Bab^5x^6 + \frac{6Aab^5x^5}{5} + 3Ba^2b^4x^5 + \frac{15Aa^2b^4x^4}{4} + 5Ba^3b^3x^4 + \frac{20Aa^3b^3x^3}{3} + 5B$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $(1/6*A*b^6+B*a*b^5)*x^6+(6/5*A*a*b^5+3*B*a^2*b^4)*x^5+(15/4*A*a^2*b^4+5*B*a^3*b^3)*x^4+(20/3*A*a^3*b^3+5*B*a^4*b^2)*x^3+(15/2*A*a^4*b^2+3*B*a^5*b)*x^2+(6*A*a^5*b+B*a^6)*x+1/7*b^6*B*x^7+a^6*A*\ln(x)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x} dx = \frac{1}{7}Bb^6x^7 + Aa^6 \log(x) + \frac{1}{6}(6Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^6 + \frac{3}{5}(5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5)x^5 + \frac{5}{4}(4Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)x^4 + \frac{5}{3}(3Ba^4b^2 + 4Aa^3b^3)x^3 + \frac{3}{2}(2Ba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2)x^2 + (Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)x$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/7*B*b^6*x^7 + A*a^6*log(x) + 1/6*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 3/5*(5*B*a^2*
b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 5/4*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 5/3*(3*B*a^4*
b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 3/2*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^6 + 6*A*
a^5*b)*x
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x} dx = Aa^6 \log(x) + \frac{Bb^6x^7}{7} + x^6 \left(\frac{Ab^6}{6} + Bab^5 \right) + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{6Aab^5}{5} + 3Ba^2b^4 \right) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{15Aa^2b^4}{4} + 5Ba^3b^3 \right) + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{20Aa^3b^3}{3} + 5Ba^4b^2 \right) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{15Aa^4b^2}{2} + 3Ba^5b \right) + x(6Aa^5b + Ba^6)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3/x,x)
```

output

```
A*a**6*log(x) + B*b**6*x**7/7 + x**6*(A*b**6/6 + B*a*b**5) + x**5*(6*A*a*b
**5/5 + 3*B*a**2*b**4) + x**4*(15*A*a**2*b**4/4 + 5*B*a**3*b**3) + x**3*(2
0*A*a**3*b**3/3 + 5*B*a**4*b**2) + x**2*(15*A*a**4*b**2/2 + 3*B*a**5*b) +
x*(6*A*a**5*b + B*a**6)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x} dx = \frac{1}{7} Bb^6x^7 + Aa^6 \log(x) + \frac{1}{6} (6 Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^6$$

$$+ \frac{3}{5} (5 Ba^2b^4 + 2 Aab^5)x^5$$

$$+ \frac{5}{4} (4 Ba^3b^3 + 3 Aa^2b^4)x^4$$

$$+ \frac{5}{3} (3 Ba^4b^2 + 4 Aa^3b^3)x^3$$

$$+ \frac{3}{2} (2 Ba^5b + 5 Aa^4b^2)x^2 + (Ba^6 + 6 Aa^5b)x$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/7*B*b^6*x^7 + A*a^6*log(x) + 1/6*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 3/5*(5*B*a^2*
b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 5/4*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 5/3*(3*B*a^4*
b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 3/2*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^6 + 6*A*
a^5*b)*x
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x} dx = \frac{1}{7} Bb^6x^7 + Bab^5x^6 + \frac{1}{6} Ab^6x^6 + 3 Ba^2b^4x^5$$

$$+ \frac{6}{5} Aab^5x^5 + 5 Ba^3b^3x^4 + \frac{15}{4} Aa^2b^4x^4$$

$$+ 5 Ba^4b^2x^3 + \frac{20}{3} Aa^3b^3x^3 + 3 Ba^5bx^2$$

$$+ \frac{15}{2} Aa^4b^2x^2 + Ba^6x + 6 Aa^5bx + Aa^6 \log(|x|)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/7*B*b^6*x^7 + B*a*b^5*x^6 + 1/6*A*b^6*x^6 + 3*B*a^2*b^4*x^5 + 6/5*A*a*b^5*x^5 + 5*B*a^3*b^3*x^4 + 15/4*A*a^2*b^4*x^4 + 5*B*a^4*b^2*x^3 + 20/3*A*a^3*b^3*x^3 + 3*B*a^5*b*x^2 + 15/2*A*a^4*b^2*x^2 + B*a^6*x + 6*A*a^5*b*x + A*a^6*log(abs(x))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x} dx = x(Ba^6 + 6Aba^5) + x^6 \left(\frac{Ab^6}{6} + Bab^5 \right) + \frac{Bb^6x^7}{7} + Aa^6 \ln(x) + \frac{5a^3b^2x^3(4Ab + 3Ba)}{3} + \frac{5a^2b^3x^4(3Ab + 4Ba)}{4} + \frac{3a^4bx^2(5Ab + 2Ba)}{2} + \frac{3ab^4x^5(2Ab + 5Ba)}{5}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3)/x,x)
```

output

```
x*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b) + x^6*((A*b^6)/6 + B*a*b^5) + (B*b^6*x^7)/7 + A*a^6*log(x) + (5*a^3*b^2*x^3*(4*A*b + 3*B*a))/3 + (5*a^2*b^3*x^4*(3*A*b + 4*B*a))/4 + (3*a^4*b*x^2*(5*A*b + 2*B*a))/2 + (3*a*b^4*x^5*(2*A*b + 5*B*a))/5
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x} dx = \log(x)a^7 + 7a^6bx + \frac{21a^5b^2x^2}{2} + \frac{35a^4b^3x^3}{3} + \frac{35a^3b^4x^4}{4} + \frac{21a^2b^5x^5}{5} + \frac{7ab^6x^6}{6} + \frac{b^7x^7}{7}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x,x)
```

output

```
(420*log(x)*a**7 + 2940*a**6*b*x + 4410*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 4900*a**4*b**3*x*  
*3 + 3675*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 1764*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 490*a*b**6*x**6 + 60*b**7  
*x**7)/420
```

3.175 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1562
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1563
Rubi [A] (verified)	1563
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1565
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1565
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1566
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1566
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1567
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1567
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1568

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^6A}{x} + 3a^4b(5Ab+2aB)x + \frac{5}{2}a^3b^2(4Ab+3aB)x^2 + \frac{5}{3}a^2b^3(3Ab+4aB)x^3 + \frac{3}{4}ab^4(2Ab+5aB)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}b^5(Ab+6aB)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}b^6Bx^6 + a^5(6Ab+aB)\log(x)$$

output

```
-a^6*A/x+3*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)*x+5/2*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)*x^2+5/3*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)*x^3+3/4*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)*x^4+1/5*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)*x^5+1/6*b^6*B*x^6+a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^6 A}{x} + 6a^5 b B x + \frac{15}{2} a^4 b^2 x(2A + Bx) + \frac{10}{3} a^3 b^3 x^2(3A + 2Bx) + \frac{5}{4} a^2 b^4 x^3(4A + 3Bx) + \frac{3}{10} a b^5 x^4(5A + 4Bx) + \frac{1}{30} b^6 x^5(6A + 5Bx) + a^5(6Ab + aB) \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^2,x]`

output `-((a^6*A)/x) + 6*a^5*b*B*x + (15*a^4*b^2*x*(2*A + B*x))/2 + (10*a^3*b^3*x^2*(3*A + 2*B*x))/3 + (5*a^2*b^4*x^3*(4*A + 3*B*x))/4 + (3*a*b^5*x^4*(5*A + 4*B*x))/10 + (b^6*x^5*(6*A + 5*B*x))/30 + a^5*(6*A*b + a*B)*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{b^6 (a+bx)^6 (A+Bx)}{x^2 b^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^6 (A + Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6 A}{x^2} + \frac{a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{x} + 3a^4b(2aB + 5Ab) + 5a^3b^2x(3aB + 4Ab) + 5a^2b^3x^2(4aB + 3Ab) + b^5x^4(6aB + Ab) \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^6 A}{x} + a^5 \log(x)(aB + 6Ab) + 3a^4bx(2aB + 5Ab) + \frac{5}{2}a^3b^2x^2(3aB + 4Ab) + \frac{5}{3}a^2b^3x^3(4aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{5}b^5x^5(6aB + Ab) + \frac{3}{4}ab^4x^4(5aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{6}b^6Bx^6$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^2,x]
```

output

```
-((a^6*A)/x) + 3*a^4*b*(5*A*b + 2*a*B)*x + (5*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b + 3*a*B)*x^2)/2 + (5*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b + 4*a*B)*x^3)/3 + (3*a*b^4*(2*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^4)/4 + (b^5*(A*b + 6*a*B)*x^5)/5 + (b^6*B*x^6)/6 + a^5*(6*A*b + a*B)*Log[x]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
default	$\frac{b^6 B x^6}{6} + \frac{A b^6 x^5}{5} + \frac{6 B a b^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{3 A a b^5 x^4}{2} + \frac{15 B a^2 b^4 x^4}{4} + 5 A a^2 b^4 x^3 + \frac{20 B a^3 b^3 x^3}{3} + 10 A a^3 b^3 x^2 + \frac{15 A a^4 b^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{6 A a^5 b x}{1} + \frac{A^2}{2} \ln(x) - \frac{a^6}{6 x}$
risch	$\frac{b^6 B x^6}{6} + \frac{A b^6 x^5}{5} + \frac{6 B a b^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{3 A a b^5 x^4}{2} + \frac{15 B a^2 b^4 x^4}{4} + 5 A a^2 b^4 x^3 + \frac{20 B a^3 b^3 x^3}{3} + 10 A a^3 b^3 x^2 + \frac{15 A a^4 b^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{6 A a^5 b x}{1} + \frac{A^2}{2} \ln(x) - \frac{a^6}{6 x}$
norman	$\frac{(\frac{1}{5} A b^6 + \frac{6}{5} B a b^5) x^6 + (\frac{3}{2} A a b^5 + \frac{15}{4} B a^2 b^4) x^5 + (5 A a^2 b^4 + \frac{20}{3} B a^3 b^3) x^4 + (10 A a^3 b^3 + \frac{15}{2} B a^4 b^2) x^3 + (15 A a^4 b^2 + 6 B a^5 b) x^2 + 6 A a^5 b x + \frac{A^2}{2} \ln(x) - \frac{a^6}{6 x}}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{10 b^6 B x^7 + 12 A b^6 x^6 + 72 B a b^5 x^6 + 90 A a b^5 x^5 + 225 B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 300 A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 400 B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 600 A a^3 b^3 x^3 + 450 B a^4 b^2 x^3 + 360 A a^5 b x^2 + 60 A^2 x \ln(x) - a^6}{60 x}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/6*b^6*B*x^6+1/5*A*b^6*x^5+6/5*B*a*b^5*x^5+3/2*A*a*b^5*x^4+15/4*B*a^2*b^4*x^4+5*A*a^2*b^4*x^3+20/3*B*a^3*b^3*x^3+10*A*a^3*b^3*x^2+15/2*B*a^4*b^2*x^2+15*A*a^4*b^2*x+6*B*a^5*b*x+a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)*ln(x)-a^6*A/x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{10 B b^6 x^7 - 60 A a^6 + 12 (6 B a b^5 + A b^6) x^6 + 45 (5 B a^2 b^4 + 2 A a b^5) x^5 + 100 (4 B a^3 b^3 + 3 A a^2 b^4) x^4 + 150 (3 B a^4 b^2 + 2 A a^3 b^3) x^3 + 180 (2 B a^5 b + 5 A a^4 b^2) x^2 + 60 (B a^6 + 6 A a^5 b) x \log(x) - a^6}{60 x}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/60*(10*B*b^6*x^7 - 60*A*a^6 + 12*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 45*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 100*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 150*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 180*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 60*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x*log(x))/x
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{Aa^6}{x} + \frac{Bb^6x^6}{6} + a^5 \cdot (6Ab + Ba) \log(x) \\ + x^5 \left(\frac{Ab^6}{5} + \frac{6Bab^5}{5} \right) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{3Aab^5}{2} + \frac{15Ba^2b^4}{4} \right) \\ + x^3 \cdot \left(5Aa^2b^4 + \frac{20Ba^3b^3}{3} \right) + x^2 \\ \cdot \left(10Aa^3b^3 + \frac{15Ba^4b^2}{2} \right) + x(15Aa^4b^2 + 6Ba^5b)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3/x**2,x)`output `-A*a**6/x + B*b**6*x**6/6 + a**5*(6*A*b + B*a)*log(x) + x**5*(A*b**6/5 + 6*B*a*b**5/5) + x**4*(3*A*a*b**5/2 + 15*B*a**2*b**4/4) + x**3*(5*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3/3) + x**2*(10*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**2/2) + x*(15*A*a**4*b**2 + 6*B*a**5*b)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{6} Bb^6x^6 - \frac{Aa^6}{x} + \frac{1}{5} (6 Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^5 \\ + \frac{3}{4} (5 Ba^2b^4 + 2 Aab^5)x^4 \\ + \frac{5}{3} (4 Ba^3b^3 + 3 Aa^2b^4)x^3 \\ + \frac{5}{2} (3 Ba^4b^2 + 4 Aa^3b^3)x^2 \\ + 3 (2 Ba^5b + 5 Aa^4b^2)x \\ + (Ba^6 + 6 Aa^5b) \log(x)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/6*B*b^6*x^6 - A*a^6/x + 1/5*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^5 + 3/4*(5*B*a^2*b^4 +
2*A*a*b^5)*x^4 + 5/3*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 5/2*(3*B*a^4*b^2 +
4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 3*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x + (B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*lo
g(x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{6} Bb^6x^6 + \frac{6}{5} Bab^5x^5 + \frac{1}{5} Ab^6x^5 + \frac{15}{4} Ba^2b^4x^4$$

$$+ \frac{3}{2} Aab^5x^4 + \frac{20}{3} Ba^3b^3x^3 + 5Aa^2b^4x^3$$

$$+ \frac{15}{2} Ba^4b^2x^2 + 10Aa^3b^3x^2 + 6Ba^5bx$$

$$+ 15Aa^4b^2x - \frac{Aa^6}{x} + (Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b) \log(|x|)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/6*B*b^6*x^6 + 6/5*B*a*b^5*x^5 + 1/5*A*b^6*x^5 + 15/4*B*a^2*b^4*x^4 + 3/2
*A*a*b^5*x^4 + 20/3*B*a^3*b^3*x^3 + 5*A*a^2*b^4*x^3 + 15/2*B*a^4*b^2*x^2 +
10*A*a^3*b^3*x^2 + 6*B*a^5*b*x + 15*A*a^4*b^2*x - A*a^6/x + (B*a^6 + 6*A*
a^5*b)*log(abs(x))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^2} dx = x^5 \left(\frac{Ab^6}{5} + \frac{6Bab^5}{5} \right) + \ln(x) (Ba^6 + 6Aba^5)$$

$$- \frac{Aa^6}{x} + \frac{Bb^6x^6}{6} + \frac{5a^3b^2x^2(4Ab + 3Ba)}{2}$$

$$+ \frac{5a^2b^3x^3(3Ab + 4Ba)}{3}$$

$$+ 3a^4bx(5Ab + 2Ba) + \frac{3ab^4x^4(2Ab + 5Ba)}{4}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3)/x^2,x)`

output `x^5*((A*b^6)/5 + (6*B*a*b^5)/5) + log(x)*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b) - (A*a^6)/x + (B*b^6*x^6)/6 + (5*a^3*b^2*x^2*(4*A*b + 3*B*a))/2 + (5*a^2*b^3*x^3*(3*A*b + 4*B*a))/3 + 3*a^4*b*x*(5*A*b + 2*B*a) + (3*a*b^4*x^4*(2*A*b + 5*B*a))/4`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{420 \log(x) a^6 b x - 60 a^7 + 1260 a^5 b^2 x^2 + 1050 a^4 b^3 x^3 + 700 a^3 b^4 x^4 + 315 a^2 b^5 x^5 + 84 a b^6 x^6 + 10 b^7 x^7}{60 x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^2,x)`

output `(420*log(x)*a**6*b*x - 60*a**7 + 1260*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 1050*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 700*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 315*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 84*a*b**6*x**6 + 10*b**7*x**7)/(60*x)`

3.176
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1569
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1570
Rubi [A] (verified)	1570
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1572
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1574
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1575

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^6 A}{2x^2} - \frac{a^5(6Ab + aB)}{x} + 5a^3b^2(4Ab + 3aB)x + \frac{5}{2}a^2b^3(3Ab + 4aB)x^2 + ab^4(2Ab + 5aB)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}b^5(Ab + 6aB)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}b^6Bx^5 + 3a^4b(5Ab + 2aB) \log(x)$$

output

$$-1/2*a^6*A/x^2-a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x+5*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)*x+5/2*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)*x^2+a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)*x^3+1/4*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)*x^4+1/5*b^6*B*x^5+3*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)*\ln(x)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{6a^5Ab}{x} + 15a^4b^2Bx + 10a^3b^3x(2A + Bx) - \frac{a^6(A + 2Bx)}{2x^2} + \frac{5}{2}a^2b^4x^2(3A + 2Bx) + \frac{1}{2}ab^5x^3(4A + 3Bx) + \frac{1}{20}b^6x^4(5A + 4Bx) + 3a^4b(5Ab + 2aB)\log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^3,x]
```

output

```
(-6*a^5*A*b)/x + 15*a^4*b^2*B*x + 10*a^3*b^3*x*(2*A + B*x) - (a^6*(A + 2*B*x))/(2*x^2) + (5*a^2*b^4*x^2*(3*A + 2*B*x))/2 + (a*b^5*x^3*(4*A + 3*B*x))/2 + (b^6*x^4*(5*A + 4*B*x))/20 + 3*a^4*b*(5*A*b + 2*a*B)*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{b^6(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^3 b^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^6(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6 A}{x^3} + \frac{a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{x^2} + \frac{3a^4 b(2aB + 5Ab)}{x} + 5a^3 b^2(3aB + 4Ab) + 5a^2 b^3 x(4aB + 3Ab) + b^5 x^3(6aB + Ab) + \dots \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^6 A}{2x^2} - \frac{a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{x} + 3a^4 b \log(x)(2aB + 5Ab) + 5a^3 b^2 x(3aB + 4Ab) + \frac{5}{2} a^2 b^3 x^2(4aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{4} b^5 x^4(6aB + Ab) + ab^4 x^3(5aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{5} b^6 B x^5$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(a^6*A)/x^2 - (a^5*(6*A*b + a*B))/x + 5*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b + 3*a*B)*x + (5*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b + 4*a*B)*x^2)/2 + a*b^4*(2*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^3 + (b^5*(A*b + 6*a*B)*x^4)/4 + (b^6*B*x^5)/5 + 3*a^4*b*(5*A*b + 2*a*B)*Log[x]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```


Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^3} dx = \frac{Bb^6x^5}{5} + 3a^4b(5Ab + 2Ba) \log(x) + x^4 \left(\frac{Ab^6}{4} + \frac{3Bab^5}{2} \right) + x^3 \cdot (2Aab^5 + 5Ba^2b^4) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{15Aa^2b^4}{2} + 10Ba^3b^3 \right) + x(20Aa^3b^3 + 15Ba^4b^2) + \frac{-Aa^6 + x(-12Aa^5b - 2Ba^6)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3/x**3,x)`output `B*b**6*x**5/5 + 3*a**4*b*(5*A*b + 2*B*a)*log(x) + x**4*(A*b**6/4 + 3*B*a*b**5/2) + x**3*(2*A*a*b**5 + 5*B*a**2*b**4) + x**2*(15*A*a**2*b**4/2 + 10*B*a**3*b**3) + x*(20*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**2) + (-A*a**6 + x*(-12*A*a**5*b - 2*B*a**6))/(2*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{5} Bb^6x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (6 Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^4 + (5 Ba^2b^4 + 2 Aab^5)x^3 + \frac{5}{2} (4 Ba^3b^3 + 3 Aa^2b^4)x^2 + 5 (3 Ba^4b^2 + 4 Aa^3b^3)x + 3 (2 Ba^5b + 5 Aa^4b^2) \log(x) - \frac{Aa^6 + 2 (Ba^6 + 6 Aa^5b)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/5*B*b^6*x^5 + 1/4*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^4 + (5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^3 \\ & + 5/2*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^2 + 5*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x \\ & + 3*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*\log(x) - 1/2*(A*a^6 + 2*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)* \\ & x)/x^2 \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^3} dx &= \frac{1}{5} Bb^6x^5 + \frac{3}{2} Bab^5x^4 + \frac{1}{4} Ab^6x^4 \\ &+ 5Ba^2b^4x^3 + 2Aab^5x^3 + 10Ba^3b^3x^2 \\ &+ \frac{15}{2} Aa^2b^4x^2 + 15Ba^4b^2x + 20Aa^3b^3x \\ &+ 3(2Ba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2) \log(|x|) \\ &- \frac{Aa^6 + 2(Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)x}{2x^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/5*B*b^6*x^5 + 3/2*B*a*b^5*x^4 + 1/4*A*b^6*x^4 + 5*B*a^2*b^4*x^3 + 2*A*a* \\ & b^5*x^3 + 10*B*a^3*b^3*x^2 + 15/2*A*a^2*b^4*x^2 + 15*B*a^4*b^2*x + 20*A*a^ \\ & 3*b^3*x + 3*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*\log(\text{abs}(x)) - 1/2*(A*a^6 + 2*(B*a^6 \\ & + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^2 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^3} dx &= \ln(x) (6Ba^5b + 15Aa^4b^2) \\ &- \frac{x(Ba^6 + 6Aba^5) + \frac{Aa^6}{2}}{x^2} \\ &+ x^4 \left(\frac{Ab^6}{4} + \frac{3Bab^5}{2} \right) + \frac{Bb^6x^5}{5} \\ &+ \frac{5a^2b^3x^2(3Ab + 4Ba)}{2} \\ &+ 5a^3b^2x(4Ab + 3Ba) + ab^4x^3(2Ab + 5Ba) \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3)/x^3,x)`

output `log(x)*(15*A*a^4*b^2 + 6*B*a^5*b) - (x*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b) + (A*a^6)/2)/x^2 + x^4*((A*b^6)/4 + (3*B*a*b^5)/2) + (B*b^6*x^5)/5 + (5*a^2*b^3*x^2*(3*A*b + 4*B*a))/2 + 5*a^3*b^2*x*(4*A*b + 3*B*a) + a*b^4*x^3*(2*A*b + 5*B*a)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{420 \log(x) a^5 b^2 x^2 - 10 a^7 - 140 a^6 b x + 700 a^4 b^3 x^3 + 350 a^3 b^4 x^4 + 140 a^2 b^5 x^5 + 35 a b^6 x^6 + 4 b^7 x^7}{20 x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^3,x)`

output `(420*log(x)*a**5*b**2*x**2 - 10*a**7 - 140*a**6*b*x + 700*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 350*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 140*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 35*a*b**6*x**6 + 4*b**7*x**7)/(20*x**2)`

3.177 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1576
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1577
Rubi [A] (verified)	1577
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1579
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1579
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1580
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1580
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1581
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1581
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1582

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^6A}{3x^3} - \frac{a^5(6Ab+aB)}{2x^2} - \frac{3a^4b(5Ab+2aB)}{x} + 5a^2b^3(3Ab+4aB)x + \frac{3}{2}ab^4(2Ab+5aB)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}b^5(Ab+6aB)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}b^6Bx^4 + 5a^3b^2(4Ab+3aB)\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/3*a^6*A/x^3-1/2*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^2-3*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)/x+5*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)*x+3/2*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)*x^2+1/3*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)*x^3+1/4*b^6*B*x^4+5*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{15a^4Ab^2}{x} + 20a^3b^3Bx + \frac{15}{2}a^2b^4x(2A + Bx) - \frac{3a^5b(A + 2Bx)}{x^2} + ab^5x^2(3A + 2Bx) - \frac{a^6(2A + 3Bx)}{6x^3} + \frac{1}{12}b^6x^3(4A + 3Bx) + 5a^3b^2(4Ab + 3aB)\log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^4,x]
```

output

```
(-15*a^4*A*b^2)/x + 20*a^3*b^3*B*x + (15*a^2*b^4*x*(2*A + B*x))/2 - (3*a^5*b*(A + 2*B*x))/x^2 + a*b^5*x^2*(3*A + 2*B*x) - (a^6*(2*A + 3*B*x))/(6*x^3) + (b^6*x^3*(4*A + 3*B*x))/12 + 5*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b + 3*a*B)*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{b^6(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^4 b^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^6 (A + Bx)}{x^4} dx$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6 A}{x^4} + \frac{a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{x^3} + \frac{3a^4b(2aB + 5Ab)}{x^2} + \frac{5a^3b^2(3aB + 4Ab)}{x} + 5a^2b^3(4aB + 3Ab) + b^5x^2(6aB + Ab) + \right.$$

↓ 85

$$\frac{a^6 A}{3x^3} - \frac{a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{2x^2} - \frac{3a^4b(2aB + 5Ab)}{x} + 5a^3b^2 \log(x)(3aB + 4Ab) + 5a^2b^3x(4aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{3}b^5x^3(6aB + Ab) + \frac{3}{2}ab^4x^2(5aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{4}b^6Bx^4$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(a^6*A)/x^3 - (a^5*(6*A*b + a*B))/(2*x^2) - (3*a^4*b*(5*A*b + 2*a*B))/x + 5*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b + 4*a*B)*x + (3*a*b^4*(2*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^2)/2 + (b^5*(A*b + 6*a*B)*x^3)/3 + (b^6*B*x^4)/4 + 5*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b + 3*a*B)*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
default	$\frac{b^6 B x^4}{4} + \frac{A b^6 x^3}{3} + 2 B a b^5 x^3 + 3 A a b^5 x^2 + \frac{15 B a^2 b^4 x^2}{2} + 15 A a^2 b^4 x + 20 B a^3 b^3 x - \frac{a^6 A}{3 x^3} - \frac{a^5 (6 A a^2 b^2 - 6 B a^2 b^2)}{2 a^3}$
risch	$\frac{b^6 B x^4}{4} + \frac{A b^6 x^3}{3} + 2 B a b^5 x^3 + 3 A a b^5 x^2 + \frac{15 B a^2 b^4 x^2}{2} + 15 A a^2 b^4 x + 20 B a^3 b^3 x + \frac{(-15 A a^4 b^2 - 6 B a^4 b^2 - 6 A a^4 b^2)}{2 a^3}$
norman	$\frac{(\frac{1}{3} A b^6 + 2 B a b^5) x^6 + (3 A a b^5 + \frac{15}{2} B a^2 b^4) x^5 + (-3 A a^5 b - \frac{1}{2} B a^6) x + (15 A a^2 b^4 + 20 B a^3 b^3) x^4 + (-15 A a^4 b^2 - 6 B a^5 b) x^2 - \frac{A a^6}{3}}{x^3}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{3 b^6 B x^7 + 4 A b^6 x^6 + 24 B a b^5 x^6 + 36 A a b^5 x^5 + 90 B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 240 A \ln(x) x^3 a^3 b^3 + 180 A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 180 B \ln(x) x^3 a^4 b^2 + 240 B a^3 b^3 x^3}{12 x^3}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4*b^6*B*x^4+1/3*A*b^6*x^3+2*B*a*b^5*x^3+3*A*a*b^5*x^2+15/2*B*a^2*b^4*x^2
+15*A*a^2*b^4*x+20*B*a^3*b^3*x-1/3*a^6*A/x^3-1/2*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^2+5*a^3
*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)*ln(x)-3*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)/x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^4} dx = \frac{3 B b^6 x^7 - 4 A a^6 + 4 (6 B a b^5 + A b^6) x^6 + 18 (5 B a^2 b^4 + 2 A a b^5) x^5 + 60 (4 B a^3 b^3 + 3 A a^2 b^4) x^4 + 60 (3 B a^4 b^2 + 2 A a^5 b) x^3 + (-3 A a^4 b - 3 B a^5) x^2 - 6 (B a^6 + 6 A a^5 b) x}{12 x^3}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/12*(3*B*b^6*x^7 - 4*A*a^6 + 4*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 18*(5*B*a^2*b^4
+ 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 60*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 60*(3*B*a^4*b^2 +
4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3*log(x) - 36*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 - 6*(B*a^6 + 6*
A*a^5*b)*x)/x^3
```


Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bb^6x^4}{4} + 5a^3b^2 \cdot (4Ab + 3Ba) \log(x) + x^3 \left(\frac{Ab^6}{3} + 2Bab^5 \right)$$

$$+ x^2 \cdot \left(3Aab^5 + \frac{15Ba^2b^4}{2} \right) + x(15Aa^2b^4 + 20Ba^3b^3)$$

$$+ \frac{-2Aa^6 + x^2(-90Aa^4b^2 - 36Ba^5b) + x(-18Aa^5b - 3Ba^6)}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3/x**4,x)`output `B*b**6*x**4/4 + 5*a**3*b**2*(4*A*b + 3*B*a)*log(x) + x**3*(A*b**6/3 + 2*B*a*b**5) + x**2*(3*A*a*b**5 + 15*B*a**2*b**4/2) + x*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3) + (-2*A*a**6 + x**2*(-90*A*a**4*b**2 - 36*B*a**5*b) + x*(-18*A*a**5*b - 3*B*a**6))/(6*x**3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} Bb^6x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (6Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^3 + \frac{3}{2} (5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5)x^2$$

$$+ 5(4Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)x + 5(3Ba^4b^2 + 4Aa^3b^3) \log(x)$$

$$- \frac{2Aa^6 + 18(2Ba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2)x^2 + 3(Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/4*B*b^6*x^4 + 1/3*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^3 + 3/2*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)
)*x^2 + 5*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x + 5*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*lo
g(x) - 1/6*(2*A*a^6 + 18*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2))*x^2 + 3*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^
5*b)*x)/x^3
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} Bb^6x^4 + 2 Bab^5x^3 + \frac{1}{3} Ab^6x^3 + \frac{15}{2} Ba^2b^4x^2 + 3 Aab^5x^2$$

$$+ 20 Ba^3b^3x + 15 Aa^2b^4x + 5 (3 Ba^4b^2 + 4 Aa^3b^3) \log(|x|)$$

$$- \frac{2 Aa^6 + 18 (2 Ba^5b + 5 Aa^4b^2)x^2 + 3 (Ba^6 + 6 Aa^5b)x}{6x^3}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/4*B*b^6*x^4 + 2*B*a*b^5*x^3 + 1/3*A*b^6*x^3 + 15/2*B*a^2*b^4*x^2 + 3*A*a
*b^5*x^2 + 20*B*a^3*b^3*x + 15*A*a^2*b^4*x + 5*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)
*log(abs(x)) - 1/6*(2*A*a^6 + 18*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2))*x^2 + 3*(B*a^6
+ 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^3
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^4} dx$$

$$= x^3 \left(\frac{Ab^6}{3} + 2Bab^5 \right) - \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^6}{2} + 3Aab^5 \right) + \frac{Aa^6}{3} + x^2 (6Ba^5b + 15Aa^4b^2)}{x^3}$$

$$+ \ln(x) (15Ba^4b^2 + 20Aa^3b^3) + \frac{Bb^6x^4}{4}$$

$$+ 5a^2b^3x(3Ab + 4Ba) + \frac{3ab^4x^2(2Ab + 5Ba)}{2}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3)/x^4,x)`

output `x^3*((A*b^6)/3 + 2*B*a*b^5) - (x*((B*a^6)/2 + 3*A*a^5*b) + (A*a^6)/3 + x^2*(15*A*a^4*b^2 + 6*B*a^5*b))/x^3 + log(x)*(20*A*a^3*b^3 + 15*B*a^4*b^2) + (B*b^6*x^4)/4 + 5*a^2*b^3*x*(3*A*b + 4*B*a) + (3*a*b^4*x^2*(2*A*b + 5*B*a))/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{420 \log(x) a^4 b^3 x^3 - 4a^7 - 42a^6 b x - 252a^5 b^2 x^2 + 420a^3 b^4 x^4 + 126a^2 b^5 x^5 + 28a b^6 x^6 + 3b^7 x^7}{12x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^4,x)`

output `(420*log(x)*a**4*b**3*x**3 - 4*a**7 - 42*a**6*b*x - 252*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 420*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 126*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 28*a*b**6*x**6 + 3*b**7*x**7)/(12*x**3)`

3.178 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	1583
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1584
Rubi [A] (verified)	1584
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1586
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1586
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1587
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1587
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1588
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1588
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1589

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^6 A}{4x^4} - \frac{a^5(6Ab+aB)}{3x^3} - \frac{3a^4b(5Ab+2aB)}{2x^2} - \frac{5a^3b^2(4Ab+3aB)}{x} + 3ab^4(2Ab+5aB)x + \frac{1}{2}b^5(Ab+6aB)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}b^6Bx^3 + 5a^2b^3(3Ab+4aB)\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/4*a^6*A/x^4-1/3*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^3-3/2*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)/x^2-5*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)/x+3*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)*x+1/2*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)*x^2+1/3*b^6*B*x^3+5*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^5} dx = -\frac{20a^3Ab^3}{x} + 15a^2b^4Bx + 3ab^5x(2A + Bx) - \frac{15a^4b^2(A + 2Bx)}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{6}b^6x^2(3A + 2Bx) - \frac{a^5b(2A + 3Bx)}{x^3} - \frac{a^6(3A + 4Bx)}{12x^4} + 5a^2b^3(3Ab + 4aB)\log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^5,x]
```

output

```
(-20*a^3*A*b^3)/x + 15*a^2*b^4*B*x + 3*a*b^5*x*(2*A + B*x) - (15*a^4*b^2*(A + 2*B*x))/(2*x^2) + (b^6*x^2*(3*A + 2*B*x))/6 - (a^5*b*(2*A + 3*B*x))/x^3 - (a^6*(3*A + 4*B*x))/(12*x^4) + 5*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b + 4*a*B)*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{x^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \int \frac{b^6(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^5 b^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{(a + bx)^6 (A + Bx)}{x^5} dx \end{aligned}$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6 A}{x^5} + \frac{a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{x^4} + \frac{3a^4b(2aB + 5Ab)}{x^3} + \frac{5a^3b^2(3aB + 4Ab)}{x^2} + \frac{5a^2b^3(4aB + 3Ab)}{x} + b^5x(6aB + Ab) + \right.$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{a^6 A}{4x^4} - \frac{a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{3x^3} - \frac{3a^4b(2aB + 5Ab)}{2x^2} - \frac{5a^3b^2(3aB + 4Ab)}{x} + 5a^2b^3 \log(x)(4aB + \\ & 3Ab) + \frac{1}{2}b^5x^2(6aB + Ab) + 3ab^4x(5aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{3}b^6Bx^3 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^5,x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(a^6*A)/x^4 - (a^5*(6*A*b + a*B))/(3*x^3) - (3*a^4*b*(5*A*b + 2*a*B))
/(2*x^2) - (5*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b + 3*a*B))/x + 3*a*b^4*(2*A*b + 5*a*B)*x + (b^
5*(A*b + 6*a*B)*x^2)/2 + (b^6*B*x^3)/3 + 5*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b + 4*a*B)*Log[x]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_
) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
default	$\frac{b^6 B x^3}{3} + \frac{A b^6 x^2}{2} + 3 B a b^5 x^2 + 6 A a b^5 x + 15 B a^2 b^4 x - \frac{a^5 (6 A b + B a)}{3 x^3} - \frac{3 a^4 b (5 A b + 2 B a)}{2 x^2} - \frac{a^6 A}{4 x^4} + 5 a$
risch	$\frac{b^6 B x^3}{3} + \frac{A b^6 x^2}{2} + 3 B a b^5 x^2 + 6 A a b^5 x + 15 B a^2 b^4 x + \frac{(-20 A a^3 b^3 - 15 B a^4 b^2) x^3 + (-\frac{15}{2} A a^4 b^2 - 3 B a^5 b) x^2}{x^4}$
norman	$\frac{(\frac{1}{2} A b^6 + 3 B a b^5) x^6 + (-\frac{15}{2} A a^4 b^2 - 3 B a^5 b) x^2 + (-2 A a^5 b - \frac{1}{3} B a^6) x + (6 A a b^5 + 15 B a^2 b^4) x^5 + (-20 A a^3 b^3 - 15 B a^4 b^2) x^3 - 4 a^6}{x^4}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{4 b^6 B x^7 + 6 A b^6 x^6 + 36 B a b^5 x^6 + 180 A \ln(x) x^4 a^2 b^4 + 72 A a b^5 x^5 + 240 B \ln(x) x^4 a^3 b^3 + 180 B a^2 b^4 x^5 - 240 A a^3 b^3 x^3 - 180 B a^4 b^2 x^3 - 4 a^6}{12 x^4}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{3} b^6 B x^3 + \frac{1}{2} A b^6 x^2 + 3 B a b^5 x^2 + 6 A a b^5 x + 15 B a^2 b^4 x - \frac{1}{3} a^6 B + \frac{5 a^6 (6 A b + B a)}{x^3} - \frac{3}{2} a^4 b (5 A b + 2 B a) / x^2 - \frac{1}{4} a^6 A / x^4 + 5 a^2 b^3 (3 A b + 4 B a) \ln(x) - 5 a^3 b^2 (4 A b + 3 B a) / x$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 B b^6 x^7 - 3 A a^6 + 6 (6 B a b^5 + A b^6) x^6 + 36 (5 B a^2 b^4 + 2 A a b^5) x^5 + 60 (4 B a^3 b^3 + 3 A a^2 b^4) x^4 \log(x) - 60 (3 B a^4 b^2 + 4 A a^3 b^3) x^3 - 18 (2 B a^5 b + 5 A a^4 b^2) x^2 - 4 (B a^6 + 6 A a^5 b) x}{12 x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{12} (4 B b^6 x^7 - 3 A a^6 + 6 (6 B a b^5 + A b^6) x^6 + 36 (5 B a^2 b^4 + 2 A a b^5) x^5 + 60 (4 B a^3 b^3 + 3 A a^2 b^4) x^4 \log(x) - 60 (3 B a^4 b^2 + 4 A a^3 b^3) x^3 - 18 (2 B a^5 b + 5 A a^4 b^2) x^2 - 4 (B a^6 + 6 A a^5 b) x) / x^4$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bb^6x^3}{3} + 5a^2b^3 \cdot (3Ab + 4Ba) \log(x) + x^2 \left(\frac{Ab^6}{2} + 3Bab^5 \right) + x(6Aab^5 + 15Ba^2b^4)$$

$$+ \frac{-3Aa^6 + x^3(-240Aa^3b^3 - 180Ba^4b^2) + x^2(-90Aa^4b^2 - 36Ba^5b) + x(-24Aa^5b - 4Ba^6)}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3/x**5,x)`

output

```
B*b**6*x**3/3 + 5*a**2*b**3*(3*A*b + 4*B*a)*log(x) + x**2*(A*b**6/2 + 3*B*
a*b**5) + x*(6*A*a*b**5 + 15*B*a**2*b**4) + (-3*A*a**6 + x**3*(-240*A*a**3
*b**3 - 180*B*a**4*b**2) + x**2*(-90*A*a**4*b**2 - 36*B*a**5*b) + x*(-24*A
*a**5*b - 4*B*a**6))/(12*x**4)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} Bb^6x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (6Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^2$$

$$+ 3(5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5)x + 5(4Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4) \log(x)$$

$$- \frac{3Aa^6 + 60(3Ba^4b^2 + 4Aa^3b^3)x^3 + 18(2Ba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2)x^2 + 4(Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)x}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/3*B*b^6*x^3 + 1/2*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^2 + 3*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*
x + 5*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*log(x) - 1/12*(3*A*a^6 + 60*(3*B*a^4*b^2
+ 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 18*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 4*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^
5*b)*x)/x^4
```


Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} Bb^6x^3 + 3 Bab^5x^2 + \frac{1}{2} Ab^6x^2 + 15 Ba^2b^4x + 6 Aab^5x + 5 (4 Ba^3b^3 + 3 Aa^2b^4) \log(|x|)$$

$$- \frac{3 Aa^6 + 60 (3 Ba^4b^2 + 4 Aa^3b^3)x^3 + 18 (2 Ba^5b + 5 Aa^4b^2)x^2 + 4 (Ba^6 + 6 Aa^5b)x}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*B*b^6*x^3 + 3*B*a*b^5*x^2 + 1/2*A*b^6*x^2 + 15*B*a^2*b^4*x + 6*A*a*b^5*x + 5*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*log(abs(x)) - 1/12*(3*A*a^6 + 60*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 18*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 4*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^4`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^5} dx$$

$$= x^2 \left(\frac{Ab^6}{2} + 3Bab^5 \right)$$

$$- \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^6}{3} + 2Aba^5 \right) + \frac{Aa^6}{4} + x^2 \left(3Ba^5b + \frac{15Aa^4b^2}{2} \right) + x^3 (15Ba^4b^2 + 20Aa^3b^3)}{x^4}$$

$$+ \ln(x) (20Ba^3b^3 + 15Aa^2b^4) + \frac{Bb^6x^3}{3} + 3ab^4x(2Ab + 5Ba)$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3)/x^5,x)`output `x^2*((A*b^6)/2 + 3*B*a*b^5) - (x*((B*a^6)/3 + 2*A*a^5*b) + (A*a^6)/4 + x^2*((15*A*a^4*b^2)/2 + 3*B*a^5*b) + x^3*(20*A*a^3*b^3 + 15*B*a^4*b^2))/x^4 + log(x)*(15*A*a^2*b^4 + 20*B*a^3*b^3) + (B*b^6*x^3)/3 + 3*a*b^4*x*(2*A*b + 5*B*a)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{420 \log(x) a^3 b^4 x^4 - 3a^7 - 28a^6 b x - 126a^5 b^2 x^2 - 420a^4 b^3 x^3 + 252a^2 b^5 x^5 + 42a b^6 x^6 + 4b^7 x^7}{12x^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^5,x)`

output `(420*log(x)*a**3*b**4*x**4 - 3*a**7 - 28*a**6*b*x - 126*a**5*b**2*x**2 - 420*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 252*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 42*a*b**6*x**6 + 4*b**7*x**7)/(12*x**4)`

3.179 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1590
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1591
Rubi [A] (verified)	1591
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1593
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1593
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1594
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1594
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1595
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1595
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1596

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^6A}{5x^5} - \frac{a^5(6Ab+aB)}{4x^4} - \frac{a^4b(5Ab+2aB)}{x^3} - \frac{5a^3b^2(4Ab+3aB)}{2x^2} - \frac{5a^2b^3(3Ab+4aB)}{x} + b^5(Ab+6aB)x + \frac{1}{2}b^6Bx^2 + 3ab^4(2Ab+5aB)\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/5*a^6*A/x^5-1/4*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^4-a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)/x^3-5/2*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)/x^2-5*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)/x+b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)*x+1/2*b^6*B*x^2+3*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^6} dx = -\frac{15a^2Ab^4}{x} + 6ab^5Bx + \frac{1}{2}b^6x(2A + Bx) - \frac{10a^3b^3(A + 2Bx)}{x^2} - \frac{5a^4b^2(2A + 3Bx)}{2x^3} - \frac{a^5b(3A + 4Bx)}{2x^4} - \frac{a^6(4A + 5Bx)}{20x^5} + 3ab^4(2Ab + 5aB)\log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^6,x]
```

output

```
(-15*a^2*A*b^4)/x + 6*a*b^5*B*x + (b^6*x*(2*A + B*x))/2 - (10*a^3*b^3*(A + 2*B*x))/x^2 - (5*a^4*b^2*(2*A + 3*B*x))/(2*x^3) - (a^5*b*(3*A + 4*B*x))/(2*x^4) - (a^6*(4*A + 5*B*x))/(20*x^5) + 3*a*b^4*(2*A*b + 5*a*B)*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{x^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \int \frac{b^6(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^6 b^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{(a + bx)^6 (A + Bx)}{x^6} dx \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6 A}{x^6} + \frac{a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{x^5} + \frac{3a^4b(2aB + 5Ab)}{x^4} + \frac{5a^3b^2(3aB + 4Ab)}{x^3} + \frac{5a^2b^3(4aB + 3Ab)}{x^2} + b^5(6aB + Ab) + 3ab^4 \log(x) \right) dx$$

↓ 85

$$-\frac{a^6 A}{5x^5} - \frac{a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{4x^4} - \frac{a^4b(2aB + 5Ab)}{x^3} - \frac{5a^3b^2(3aB + 4Ab)}{2x^2} - \frac{5a^2b^3(4aB + 3Ab)}{x} + b^5x(6aB + Ab) + 3ab^4 \log(x)(5aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{2}b^6 Bx^2$$

↓ 2009

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3/x^6,x]`

output `-1/5*(a^6*A)/x^5 - (a^5*(6*A*b + a*B))/(4*x^4) - (a^4*b*(5*A*b + 2*a*B))/x^3 - (5*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b + 3*a*B))/(2*x^2) - (5*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b + 4*a*B))/x + b^5*(A*b + 6*a*B)*x + (b^6*B*x^2)/2 + 3*a*b^4*(2*A*b + 5*a*B)*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
default	$\frac{b^6 B x^2}{2} + A b^6 x + 6 B a b^5 x - \frac{a^6 A}{5 x^5} - \frac{a^4 b(5 A b + 2 B a)}{x^3} - \frac{5 a^3 b^2(4 A b + 3 B a)}{2 x^2} - \frac{a^5(6 A b + B a)}{4 x^4} + 3 a b^4(2 A b +$
risch	$\frac{b^6 B x^2}{2} + A b^6 x + 6 B a b^5 x + \frac{(-15 A a^2 b^4 - 20 B a^3 b^3) x^4 + (-10 A a^3 b^3 - \frac{15}{2} B a^4 b^2) x^3 + (-5 A a^4 b^2 - 2 B a^5 b) x^2 + (-$
norman	$\frac{(-10 A a^3 b^3 - \frac{15}{2} B a^4 b^2) x^3 + (-\frac{3}{2} A a^5 b - \frac{1}{4} B a^6) x + (A b^6 + 6 B a b^5) x^6 + (-15 A a^2 b^4 - 20 B a^3 b^3) x^4 + (-5 A a^4 b^2 - 2 B a^5 b) x^2 -$
parallelrisc	$\frac{10 b^6 B x^7 + 120 A \ln(x) x^5 a b^5 + 20 A b^6 x^6 + 300 B \ln(x) x^5 a^2 b^4 + 120 B a b^5 x^6 - 300 A a^2 b^4 x^4 - 400 B a^3 b^3 x^4 - 200 A a^3 b^3 x^3 - 150 B}{20 x^5}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*b^6*B*x^2+A*b^6*x+6*B*a*b^5*x-1/5*a^6*A/x^5-a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)/x^3-5/2*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)/x^2-1/4*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^4+3*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)*ln(x)-5*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)/x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^6} dx = \frac{10 B b^6 x^7 - 4 A a^6 + 20 (6 B a b^5 + A b^6) x^6 + 60 (5 B a^2 b^4 + 2 A a b^5) x^5 \log(x) - 100 (4 B a^3 b^3 + 3 A a^2 b^4) x^4}{20 x^5}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/20*(10*B*b^6*x^7 - 4*A*a^6 + 20*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 60*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5*log(x) - 100*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 - 50*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 - 20*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 - 5*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^5
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bb^6x^2}{2} + 3ab^4 \cdot (2Ab + 5Ba) \log(x) + x(Ab^6 + 6Bab^5)$$

$$+ \frac{-4Aa^6 + x^4(-300Aa^2b^4 - 400Ba^3b^3) + x^3(-200Aa^3b^3 - 150Ba^4b^2) + x^2(-100Aa^4b^2 - 40Ba^5b) + x}{20x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3/x**6,x)`output `B*b**6*x**2/2 + 3*a*b**4*(2*A*b + 5*B*a)*log(x) + x*(A*b**6 + 6*B*a*b**5) + (-4*A*a**6 + x**4*(-300*A*a**2*b**4 - 400*B*a**3*b**3) + x**3*(-200*A*a**3*b**3 - 150*B*a**4*b**2) + x**2*(-100*A*a**4*b**2 - 40*B*a**5*b) + x*(-30*A*a**5*b - 5*B*a**6))/(20*x**5)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} Bb^6x^2 + (6Bab^5 + Ab^6)x + 3(5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5) \log(x)$$

$$+ \frac{4Aa^6 + 100(4Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)x^4 + 50(3Ba^4b^2 + 4Aa^3b^3)x^3 + 20(2Ba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2)x^2 + 5(Ba^6 +$$

$$20x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*B*b^6*x^2 + (6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x + 3*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*log(x) - 1/20*(4*A*a^6 + 100*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 50*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 20*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 5*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} Bb^6x^2 + 6 Bab^5x + Ab^6x + 3(5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5) \log(|x|)$$

$$- \frac{4Aa^6 + 100(4Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)x^4 + 50(3Ba^4b^2 + 4Aa^3b^3)x^3 + 20(2Ba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2)x^2 + 5(Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)x}{20x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*B*b^6*x^2 + 6*B*a*b^5*x + A*b^6*x + 3*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*log(abs(x)) - 1/20*(4*A*a^6 + 100*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 50*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 20*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 5*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^5`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^6} dx = x(Ab^6 + 6Bab^5)$$

$$- \frac{x\left(\frac{Ba^6}{4} + \frac{3Aba^5}{2}\right) + \frac{Aa^6}{5} + x^2(2Ba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2) + x^3\left(\frac{15Ba^4b^2}{2} + 10Aa^3b^3\right) + x^4(20Ba^3b^3 + 15Aa^2b^4)}{x^5}$$

$$+ \ln(x)(15Ba^2b^4 + 6Aab^5) + \frac{Bb^6x^2}{2}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3)/x^6,x)`output `x*(A*b^6 + 6*B*a*b^5) - (x*((B*a^6)/4 + (3*A*a^5*b)/2) + (A*a^6)/5 + x^2*(5*A*a^4*b^2 + 2*B*a^5*b) + x^3*(10*A*a^3*b^3 + (15*B*a^4*b^2)/2) + x^4*(15*A*a^2*b^4 + 20*B*a^3*b^3))/x^5 + log(x)*(15*B*a^2*b^4 + 6*A*a*b^5) + (B*b^6*x^2)/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{420 \log(x) a^2 b^5 x^5 - 4a^7 - 35a^6 b x - 140a^5 b^2 x^2 - 350a^4 b^3 x^3 - 700a^3 b^4 x^4 + 140a b^6 x^6 + 10b^7 x^7}{20x^5}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^6,x)`output `(420*log(x)*a**2*b**5*x**5 - 4*a**7 - 35*a**6*b*x - 140*a**5*b**2*x**2 - 350*a**4*b**3*x**3 - 700*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 140*a*b**6*x**6 + 10*b**7*x**7)/(20*x**5)`

3.180 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	1597
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1597
Rubi [A] (verified)	1598
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1600
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1600
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1601
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1601
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1602
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1602
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1603

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a^6A}{6x^6} - \frac{a^5(6Ab+aB)}{5x^5} - \frac{3a^4b(5Ab+2aB)}{4x^4} - \frac{5a^3b^2(4Ab+3aB)}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^2b^3(3Ab+4aB)}{2x^2} - \frac{3ab^4(2Ab+5aB)}{x} + b^6Bx + b^5(Ab+6aB)\log(x)$$

output `-1/6*a^6*A/x^6-1/5*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^5-3/4*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)/x^4-5/3*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)/x^3-5/2*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)/x^2-3*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)/x+b^6*B*x+b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^7} dx = \frac{360aAb^5x^5 - 60b^6Bx^7 + 450a^2b^4x^4(A+2Bx) + 200a^3b^3x^3(2A+3Bx) + 75a^4b^2x^2(3A+4Bx) + 18a^5b(2A+3Bx) + b^5(Ab+6aB)\log(x)}{60x^6}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^7,x]`

output `-1/60*(360*a*A*b^5*x^5 - 60*b^6*B*x^7 + 450*a^2*b^4*x^4*(A + 2*B*x) + 200*a^3*b^3*x^3*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 75*a^4*b^2*x^2*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 18*a^5*b*x*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 2*a^6*(5*A + 6*B*x))/x^6 + b^5*(A*b + 6*a*B)*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{x^7} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{b^6(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^7 b^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6 A}{x^7} + \frac{a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{x^6} + \frac{3a^4b(2aB + 5Ab)}{x^5} + \frac{5a^3b^2(3aB + 4Ab)}{x^4} + \frac{5a^2b^3(4aB + 3Ab)}{x^3} + \frac{b^5(6aB + Ab)}{x} + \frac{3b^6 Bx}{x^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^6 A}{6x^6} - \frac{a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{5x^5} - \frac{3a^4b(2aB + 5Ab)}{4x^4} - \frac{5a^3b^2(3aB + 4Ab)}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^2b^3(4aB + 3Ab)}{2x^2} + b^5 \log(x)(6aB + Ab) - \frac{3ab^4(5aB + 2Ab)}{x} + b^6 Bx$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^7,x]`

output

$$-1/6*(a^6*A)/x^6 - (a^5*(6*A*b + a*B))/(5*x^5) - (3*a^4*b*(5*A*b + 2*a*B))/(4*x^4) - (5*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b + 3*a*B))/(3*x^3) - (5*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b + 4*a*B))/(2*x^2) - (3*a*b^4*(2*A*b + 5*a*B))/x + b^6*B*x + b^5*(A*b + 6*a*B)*\text{Log}[x]$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 85

$$\text{Int}[((d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_)+(b_)*(x_))*((e_)+(f_)*(x_))^{(p_)}, x_] : > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\! \text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$$

rule 1184

$$\text{Int}[((d_)+(e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_)+(g_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
default	$-\frac{a^6 A}{6x^6} - \frac{a^5(6Ab+Ba)}{5x^5} - \frac{3a^4b(5Ab+2Ba)}{4x^4} - \frac{5a^3b^2(4Ab+3Ba)}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^2b^3(3Ab+4Ba)}{2x^2} - \frac{3ab^4(2Ab+5Ba)}{x} + b^6 Bx$
risch	$b^6 Bx + \frac{(-6Aab^5 - 15Ba^2b^4)x^5 + (-\frac{15}{2}Aa^2b^4 - 10Ba^3b^3)x^4 + (-\frac{20}{3}Aa^3b^3 - 5Ba^4b^2)x^3 + (-\frac{15}{4}Aa^4b^2 - \frac{3}{2}Ba^5b)x^2 + (-\frac{15}{2}Aa^2b^4 - 10Ba^3b^3)x^4 + (-\frac{20}{3}Aa^3b^3 - 5Ba^4b^2)x^3 + (-\frac{15}{4}Aa^4b^2 - \frac{3}{2}Ba^5b)x^2 + (-\frac{6}{5}Aa^5b - \frac{1}{5}Ba^6)x + (-6Aab^5 - 15Ba^2b^4)}{x^6}$
norman	$\frac{(-\frac{15}{2}Aa^2b^4 - 10Ba^3b^3)x^4 + (-\frac{20}{3}Aa^3b^3 - 5Ba^4b^2)x^3 + (-\frac{15}{4}Aa^4b^2 - \frac{3}{2}Ba^5b)x^2 + (-\frac{6}{5}Aa^5b - \frac{1}{5}Ba^6)x + (-6Aab^5 - 15Ba^2b^4)}{x^6}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{60A \ln(x)x^6b^6 + 360B \ln(x)x^6ab^5 + 60b^6Bx^7 - 360Aab^5x^5 - 900Ba^2b^4x^5 - 450Aa^2b^4x^4 - 600Ba^3b^3x^4 - 400Aa^3b^3x^3 - 300Ba^4b^2x^3 - 150Aa^4b^2x^2 - 75Ba^5bx^2 - 15Aa^5bx - 3Ba^6}{60x^6}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/6*a^6*A/x^6 - 1/5*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^5 - 3/4*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)/x^4 - 5/3*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)/x^3 - 5/2*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)/x^2 - 3*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)/x + b^6*B*x + b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)*\ln(x)$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^7} dx = \frac{60Bb^6x^7 + 60(6Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^6 \log(x) - 10Aa^6 - 180(5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5)x^5 - 150(4Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$1/60*(60*B*b^6*x^7 + 60*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6*\log(x) - 10*A*a^6 - 180*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 - 150*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 - 100*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 - 45*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 - 12*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^6$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^7} dx = Bb^6x + b^5(Ab + 6Ba) \log(x) + \frac{-10Aa^6 + x^5(-360Aab^5 - 900Ba^2b^4) + x^4(-450Aa^2b^4 - 600Ba^3b^3) + x^3(-400Aa^3b^3 - 300Ba^4b^2) - 12Aa^4b^2 - 12Aa^5b}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3/x**7,x)`output `B*b**6*x + b**5*(A*b + 6*B*a)*log(x) + (-10*A*a**6 + x**5*(-360*A*a*b**5 - 900*B*a**2*b**4) + x**4*(-450*A*a**2*b**4 - 600*B*a**3*b**3) + x**3*(-400*A*a**3*b**3 - 300*B*a**4*b**2) + x**2*(-225*A*a**4*b**2 - 90*B*a**5*b) + x*(-72*A*a**5*b - 12*B*a**6))/(60*x**6)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^7} dx = Bb^6x + (6Bab^5 + Ab^6) \log(x) - \frac{10Aa^6 + 180(5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5)x^5 + 150(4Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)x^4 + 100(3Ba^4b^2 + 4Aa^3b^3)x^3 + 45(2Aa^4b^2 + 12Aa^5b)}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `B*b^6*x + (6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*log(x) - 1/60*(10*A*a^6 + 180*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 150*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 100*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 45*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 12*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^6`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^7} dx = Bb^6x + (6Bab^5 + Ab^6) \log(|x|) - \frac{10Aa^6 + 180(5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5)x^5 + 150(4Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)x^4 + 100(3Ba^4b^2 + 4Aa^3b^3)x^3 + 45(2Ba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2)x^2 + 12(Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)x}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`output `B*b^6*x + (6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*log(abs(x)) - 1/60*(10*A*a^6 + 180*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 150*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 100*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 45*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 12*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^6`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^7} dx = \ln(x) (Ab^6 + 6Bab^5) - \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^6}{5} + \frac{6Aab^5}{5} \right) + \frac{Aa^6}{6} + x^2 \left(\frac{3Ba^5b}{2} + \frac{15Aa^4b^2}{4} \right) + x^5 (15Ba^2b^4 + 6Aab^5) + x^3 \left(5Ba^4b^2 + \frac{20Aa^3b^3}{3} \right) + Bb^6x}{x^6}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3)/x^7,x)`output `log(x)*(A*b^6 + 6*B*a*b^5) - (x*((B*a^6)/5 + (6*A*a^5*b)/5) + (A*a^6)/6 + x^2*((15*A*a^4*b^2)/4 + (3*B*a^5*b)/2) + x^5*(15*B*a^2*b^4 + 6*A*a*b^5) + x^3*((20*A*a^3*b^3)/3 + 5*B*a^4*b^2) + x^4*((15*A*a^2*b^4)/2 + 10*B*a^3*b^3))/x^6 + B*b^6*x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{420 \log(x) a b^6 x^6 - 10 a^7 - 84 a^6 b x - 315 a^5 b^2 x^2 - 700 a^4 b^3 x^3 - 1050 a^3 b^4 x^4 - 1260 a^2 b^5 x^5 + 60 b^7 x^7}{60 x^6}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^7,x)`output `(420*log(x)*a*b**6*x**6 - 10*a**7 - 84*a**6*b*x - 315*a**5*b**2*x**2 - 700*a**4*b**3*x**3 - 1050*a**3*b**4*x**4 - 1260*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 60*b**7*x**7)/(60*x**6)`

3.181 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result	1604
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1604
Rubi [A] (verified)	1605
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1607
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1607
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1608
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1608
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1609
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1609
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1610

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^8} dx = -\frac{a^6 B}{6x^6} - \frac{6a^5 b B}{5x^5} - \frac{15a^4 b^2 B}{4x^4} - \frac{20a^3 b^3 B}{3x^3} - \frac{15a^2 b^4 B}{2x^2} - \frac{6ab^5 B}{x} - \frac{A(a+bx)^7}{7ax^7} + b^6 B \log(x)$$

output `-1/6*a^6*B/x^6-6/5*a^5*b*B/x^5-15/4*a^4*b^2*B/x^4-20/3*a^3*b^3*B/x^3-15/2*a^2*b^4*B/x^2-6*a*b^5*B/x-1/7*A*(b*x+a)^7/a/x^7+b^6*B*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^8} dx = -\frac{Ab^6}{x} - \frac{3ab^5(A+2Bx)}{x^2} - \frac{5a^2b^4(2A+3Bx)}{2x^3} - \frac{5a^3b^3(3A+4Bx)}{3x^4} - \frac{3a^4b^2(4A+5Bx)}{4x^5} - \frac{a^5b(5A+6Bx)}{5x^6} - \frac{a^6(6A+7Bx)}{42x^7} + b^6 B \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^8,x]`

output

```

-((A*b^6)/x) - (3*a*b^5*(A + 2*B*x))/x^2 - (5*a^2*b^4*(2*A + 3*B*x))/(2*x^
3) - (5*a^3*b^3*(3*A + 4*B*x))/(3*x^4) - (3*a^4*b^2*(4*A + 5*B*x))/(4*x^5)
- (a^5*b*(5*A + 6*B*x))/(5*x^6) - (a^6*(6*A + 7*B*x))/(42*x^7) + b^6*B*Lo
g[x]

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.185$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{x^8} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\
 & \int \frac{b^6(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^8 b^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & B \int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{x^7} dx - \frac{A(a+bx)^7}{7ax^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & B \int \left(\frac{a^6}{x^7} + \frac{6ba^5}{x^6} + \frac{15b^2a^4}{x^5} + \frac{20b^3a^3}{x^4} + \frac{15b^4a^2}{x^3} + \frac{6b^5a}{x^2} + \frac{b^6}{x} \right) dx - \frac{A(a+bx)^7}{7ax^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & B \left(-\frac{a^6}{6x^6} - \frac{6a^5b}{5x^5} - \frac{15a^4b^2}{4x^4} - \frac{20a^3b^3}{3x^3} - \frac{15a^2b^4}{2x^2} - \frac{6ab^5}{x} + b^6 \log(x) \right) - \frac{A(a+bx)^7}{7ax^7}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```

Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^8,x]

```

output

```
-1/7*(A*(a + b*x)^7)/(a*x^7) + B*(-1/6*a^6/x^6 - (6*a^5*b)/(5*x^5) - (15*a^4*b^2)/(4*x^4) - (20*a^3*b^3)/(3*x^3) - (15*a^2*b^4)/(2*x^2) - (6*a*b^5)/x + b^6*Log[x])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(- (b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || ! (EqQ[e, 0] || ! (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
default	$-\frac{3a^4b(5Ab+2Ba)}{5x^5} - \frac{a^5(6Ab+Ba)}{6x^6} - \frac{5a^2b^3(3Ab+4Ba)}{3x^3} - \frac{3ab^4(2Ab+5Ba)}{2x^2} - \frac{5a^3b^2(4Ab+3Ba)}{4x^4} + b^6B \ln(x) -$
norman	$\frac{(-3Aa b^5 - \frac{15}{2}B a^2b^4)x^5 + (-5A a^2b^4 - \frac{20}{3}B a^3b^3)x^4 + (-5A a^3b^3 - \frac{15}{4}B a^4b^2)x^3 + (-3A a^4b^2 - \frac{6}{5}B a^5b)x^2 + (-A a^5b - \frac{1}{6}B a^6)}{x^7}$
risch	$\frac{(-3Aa b^5 - \frac{15}{2}B a^2b^4)x^5 + (-5A a^2b^4 - \frac{20}{3}B a^3b^3)x^4 + (-5A a^3b^3 - \frac{15}{4}B a^4b^2)x^3 + (-3A a^4b^2 - \frac{6}{5}B a^5b)x^2 + (-A a^5b - \frac{1}{6}B a^6)}{x^7}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{420B b^6 \ln(x)x^7 + 420A b^6x^6 + 2520Ba b^5x^5 + 1260Aa b^5x^5 + 3150B a^2b^4x^5 + 2100A a^2b^4x^4 + 2800B a^3b^3x^4 + 2100A a^3b^3x^3}{420x^7}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$\frac{-3/5*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)/x^5 - 1/6*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^6 - 5/3*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)/x^3 - 3/2*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)/x^2 - 5/4*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)/x^4 + b^6*B*\ln(x) - 1/7*A*a^6/x^7 - b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)/x}{420x^7}$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^8} dx = \frac{420Bb^6x^7 \log(x) - 60Aa^6 - 420(6Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^6 - 630(5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5)x^5 - 700(4Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)x^4 - 350(3Ba^4b^2 + 4Aa^3b^3)x^3 - 252(2Ba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2)x^2 - 70(Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)x}{420x^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$\frac{1/420*(420*B*b^6*x^7*\log(x) - 60*A*a^6 - 420*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 - 630*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 - 700*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 - 350*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 - 252*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 - 70*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x}{420x^7}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^8} dx = Bb^6 \log(x) + \frac{-60Aa^6 + x^6(-420Ab^6 - 2520Bab^5) + x^5(-1260Aab^5 - 3150Ba^2b^4) + x^4(-2100Aa^2b^4 - 2800Ba^3b^3) + x^3(-2100Aa^3b^3 - 1575Ba^4b^2) + x^2(-1260Aa^4b^2 - 504Ba^5b) + x(-420Aa^5b - 70Ba^6)}{420x^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3/x**8,x)`output `B*b**6*log(x) + (-60*A*a**6 + x**6*(-420*A*b**6 - 2520*B*a*b**5) + x**5*(-1260*A*a*b**5 - 3150*B*a**2*b**4) + x**4*(-2100*A*a**2*b**4 - 2800*B*a**3*b**3) + x**3*(-2100*A*a**3*b**3 - 1575*B*a**4*b**2) + x**2*(-1260*A*a**4*b**2 - 504*B*a**5*b) + x*(-420*A*a**5*b - 70*B*a**6))/(420*x**7)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^8} dx = Bb^6 \log(x) - \frac{60Aa^6 + 420(6Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^6 + 630(5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5)x^5 + 700(4Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)x^4 + 525(3Ba^4b^2 + 4Aa^3b^3)x^3 + 252(2Ba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2)x^2 + 70(Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)x}{420x^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `B*b^6*log(x) - 1/420*(60*A*a^6 + 420*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 630*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 700*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 525*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 252*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 70*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^7`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^8} dx = Bb^6 \log(|x|) - \frac{60 Aa^6 + 420(6 Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^6 + 630(5 Ba^2b^4 + 2 Aab^5)x^5 + 700(4 Ba^3b^3 + 3 Aa^2b^4)x^4 + 525(3 Ba^4b^2 + 4 Aa^3b^3)x^3 + 252(2 Ba^5b + 5 Aa^4b^2)x^2 + 70(Ba^6 + 6 Aa^5b)x}{420 x^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `B*b^6*log(abs(x)) - 1/420*(60*A*a^6 + 420*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6))*x^6 + 630*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 700*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 525*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 252*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 70*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x/x^7`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^8} dx = Bb^6 \ln(x) - \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^6}{6} + Aba^5 \right) + \frac{Aa^6}{7} + x^2 \left(\frac{6Ba^5b}{5} + 3Aa^4b^2 \right) + x^5 \left(\frac{15Ba^2b^4}{2} + 3Aab^5 \right) + x^6 (Ab^6 + 6Bab^5) + \dots}{x^7}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3)/x^8,x)`

output `B*b^6*log(x) - (x*((B*a^6)/6 + A*a^5*b) + (A*a^6)/7 + x^2*(3*A*a^4*b^2 + (6*B*a^5*b)/5) + x^5*((15*B*a^2*b^4)/2 + 3*A*a*b^5) + x^6*(A*b^6 + 6*B*a*b^5) + x^3*(5*A*a^3*b^3 + (15*B*a^4*b^2)/4) + x^4*(5*A*a^2*b^4 + (20*B*a^3*b^3)/3))/x^7`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{420 \log(x) b^7 x^7 - 60 a^7 - 490 a^6 b x - 1764 a^5 b^2 x^2 - 3675 a^4 b^3 x^3 - 4900 a^3 b^4 x^4 - 4410 a^2 b^5 x^5 - 2940 a b^6 x^6}{420 x^7}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^8,x)`output `(420*log(x)*b**7*x**7 - 60*a**7 - 490*a**6*b*x - 1764*a**5*b**2*x**2 - 3675*a**4*b**3*x**3 - 4900*a**3*b**4*x**4 - 4410*a**2*b**5*x**5 - 2940*a*b**6*x**6)/(420*x**7)`

3.182 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^9} dx$

Optimal result	1611
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1611
Rubi [A] (verified)	1612
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1613
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1614
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1615
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1615
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1616
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1616
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1617

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^9} dx = -\frac{A(a + bx)^7}{8ax^8} + \frac{(Ab - 8aB)(a + bx)^7}{56a^2x^7}$$

output `-1/8*A*(b*x+a)^7/a/x^8+1/56*(A*b-8*B*a)*(b*x+a)^7/a^2/x^7`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 123 vs. 2(44) = 88.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^9} dx = \frac{-28b^6x^6(A + 2Bx) + 56ab^5x^5(2A + 3Bx) + 70a^2b^4x^4(3A + 4Bx) + 56a^3b^3x^3(4A + 5Bx) + 28a^4b^2x^2(5A + 6Bx) + 8a^5b(4A + 5Bx) + 8a^6(A + Bx)}{56x^8}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^9,x]`

output

$$-1/56*(28*b^6*x^6*(A + 2*B*x) + 56*a*b^5*x^5*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 70*a^2*b^4*x^4*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 56*a^3*b^3*x^3*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 28*a^4*b^2*x^2*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 8*a^5*b*x*(6*A + 7*B*x) + a^6*(7*A + 8*B*x))/x^8$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{x^9} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \int \frac{b^6(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^9 b^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{(a + bx)^6(A + Bx)}{x^9} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & \frac{(Ab - 8aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{x^8} dx}{8a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^7}{8ax^8} \\ & \quad \downarrow 48 \\ & \frac{(a + bx)^7(Ab - 8aB)}{56a^2x^7} - \frac{A(a + bx)^7}{8ax^8} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3/x^9, x]$$

output

$$-1/8*(A*(a + b*x)^7)/(a*x^8) + ((A*b - 8*a*B)*(a + b*x)^7)/(56*a^2*x^7)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !EqQ[e, 0] || !EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 127 vs. $2(40) = 80$.

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

method	result
default	$-\frac{a^3 b^2 (4Ab+3Ba)}{x^5} - \frac{a^4 b (5Ab+2Ba)}{2x^6} - \frac{a b^4 (2Ab+5Ba)}{x^3} - \frac{b^5 (Ab+6Ba)}{2x^2} - \frac{A a^6}{8x^8} - \frac{5a^2 b^3 (3Ab+4Ba)}{4x^4} - \frac{a^5 (6Ab+3Ba)}{7x^7}$
norman	$\frac{-b^6 B x^7 + (-\frac{1}{2} A b^6 - 3B a b^5) x^6 + (-2A a b^5 - 5B a^2 b^4) x^5 + (-\frac{15}{4} A a^2 b^4 - 5B a^3 b^3) x^4 + (-4A a^3 b^3 - 3B a^4 b^2) x^3 + (-\frac{5}{2} A a^4 b^2)}{x^8}$
risch	$\frac{-b^6 B x^7 + (-\frac{1}{2} A b^6 - 3B a b^5) x^6 + (-2A a b^5 - 5B a^2 b^4) x^5 + (-\frac{15}{4} A a^2 b^4 - 5B a^3 b^3) x^4 + (-4A a^3 b^3 - 3B a^4 b^2) x^3 + (-\frac{5}{2} A a^4 b^2)}{x^8}$
gosper	$\frac{-56b^6 B x^7 + 28A b^6 x^6 + 168B a b^5 x^6 + 112A a b^5 x^5 + 280B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 210A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 280B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 224A a^3 b^3 x^3 + 168B a^4 b^2 x^3}{56x^8}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-56b^6 B x^7 + 28A b^6 x^6 + 168B a b^5 x^6 + 112A a b^5 x^5 + 280B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 210A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 280B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 224A a^3 b^3 x^3 + 168B a^4 b^2 x^3}{56x^8}$
orering	$\frac{-(56b^6 B x^7 + 28A b^6 x^6 + 168B a b^5 x^6 + 112A a b^5 x^5 + 280B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 210A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 280B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 224A a^3 b^3 x^3 + 168B a^4 b^2 x^3)}{56x^8 (bx+a)^6}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)/x^5-1/2*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)/x^6-a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)/x^3-1/2*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)/x^2-1/8*A*a^6/x^8-5/4*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)/x^4-1/7*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^7-B*b^6/x
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 147 vs. 2(41) = 82.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.34

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^9} dx = \frac{56 B b^6 x^7 + 7 A a^6 + 28 (6 B a b^5 + A b^6) x^6 + 56 (5 B a^2 b^4 + 2 A a b^5) x^5 + 70 (4 B a^3 b^3 + 3 A a^2 b^4) x^4 + 56 B a^4 b^2 x^3 + 28 (2 B a^5 b + 5 A a^4 b^2) x^2 + 8 (B a^6 + 6 A a^5 b) x}{56 x^8}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/56*(56*B*b^6*x^7 + 7*A*a^6 + 28*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 56*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 70*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 56*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 28*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 8*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^8
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 158 vs. $2(37) = 74$.

Time = 2.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.59

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^9} dx = \frac{-7Aa^6 - 56Bb^6x^7 + x^6(-28Ab^6 - 168Bab^5) + x^5(-112Aab^5 - 280Ba^2b^4) + x^4(-210Aa^2b^4 - 280Ba^3b^3) + x^3(-224Aa^3b^3 - 168Ba^4b^2) + x^2(-140Aa^4b^2 - 56Ba^5b) + x(-48Aa^5b - 8Ba^6)}{56x^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3/x**9,x)`

output `(-7*A*a**6 - 56*B*b**6*x**7 + x**6*(-28*A*b**6 - 168*B*a*b**5) + x**5*(-112*A*a*b**5 - 280*B*a**2*b**4) + x**4*(-210*A*a**2*b**4 - 280*B*a**3*b**3) + x**3*(-224*A*a**3*b**3 - 168*B*a**4*b**2) + x**2*(-140*A*a**4*b**2 - 56*B*a**5*b) + x*(-48*A*a**5*b - 8*B*a**6))/(56*x**8)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 147 vs. $2(41) = 82$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.34

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^9} dx = \frac{-56Bb^6x^7 + 7Aa^6 + 28(6Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^6 + 56(5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5)x^5 + 70(4Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)x^4 + 56(3Ba^4b^2 + 4Aa^3b^3)x^3 + 28(2Ba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2)x^2 + 8(Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)x}{56x^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/56*(56*B*b^6*x^7 + 7*A*a^6 + 28*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 56*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 70*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 56*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 28*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 8*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^8`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 147 vs. $2(41) = 82$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.34

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^9} dx = \frac{56 Bb^6x^7 + 168 Bab^5x^6 + 28 Ab^6x^6 + 280 Ba^2b^4x^5 + 112 Aab^5x^5 + 280 Ba^3b^3x^4 + 210 Aa^2b^4x^4 + 168 Aa^3b^3x^3 + 224 Aa^4b^2x^3 + 56 B^2a^5bx^2 + 140 Aa^4b^2x^2 + 8 B^2a^6x + 48 Aa^5bx + 7 Aa^6}{56x^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{-1/56*(56*B*b^6*x^7 + 168*B*a*b^5*x^6 + 28*A*b^6*x^6 + 280*B*a^2*b^4*x^5 + 112*A*a*b^5*x^5 + 280*B*a^3*b^3*x^4 + 210*A*a^2*b^4*x^4 + 168*B*a^4*b^2*x^3 + 224*A*a^3*b^3*x^3 + 56*B*a^5*b*x^2 + 140*A*a^4*b^2*x^2 + 8*B*a^6*x + 48*A*a^5*b*x + 7*A*a^6)/x^8}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.20

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^9} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^6}{7} + \frac{6Ab^5a^5}{7} \right) + \frac{Aa^6}{8} + x^2 \left(Ba^5b + \frac{5Aa^4b^2}{2} \right) + x^5 (5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5) + x^6 \left(\frac{Ab^6}{2} + 3Bab^5 \right) + x^7 \left(\frac{Aa^6}{2} + 3Bab^5 \right)}{x^8}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3)/x^9,x)`

output
$$\frac{-(x*((B*a^6)/7 + (6*A*a^5*b)/7) + (A*a^6)/8 + x^2*((5*A*a^4*b^2)/2 + B*a^5*b) + x^5*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5) + x^6*((A*b^6)/2 + 3*B*a*b^5) + x^3*(4*A*a^3*b^3 + 3*B*a^4*b^2) + x^4*((15*A*a^2*b^4)/4 + 5*B*a^3*b^3) + B*b^6*x^7)/x^8}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{-8b^7x^7 - 28ab^6x^6 - 56a^2b^5x^5 - 70a^3b^4x^4 - 56a^4b^3x^3 - 28a^5b^2x^2 - 8a^6bx - a^7}{8x^8}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^9,x)
```

output

```
(- a**7 - 8*a**6*b*x - 28*a**5*b**2*x**2 - 56*a**4*b**3*x**3 - 70*a**3*b**4*x**4 - 56*a**2*b**5*x**5 - 28*a*b**6*x**6 - 8*b**7*x**7)/(8*x**8)
```

3.183 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	1618
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1618
Rubi [A] (verified)	1619
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1621
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{A(a+bx)^7}{9ax^9} + \frac{(2Ab-9aB)(a+bx)^7}{72a^2x^8} - \frac{b(2Ab-9aB)(a+bx)^7}{504a^3x^7}$$

output `-1/9*A*(b*x+a)^7/a/x^9+1/72*(2*A*b-9*B*a)*(b*x+a)^7/a^2/x^8-1/504*b*(2*A*b-9*B*a)*(b*x+a)^7/a^3/x^7`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{84b^6x^6(2A+3Bx) + 252ab^5x^5(3A+4Bx) + 378a^2b^4x^4(4A+5Bx) + 336a^3b^3x^3(5A+6Bx) + 180a^4b^2x^2(6A+7Bx) + 126a^5bx(7A+8Bx) + 9a^6(8A+9Bx)}{504x^9}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^3)/x^10,x]`

output

$$-1/504*(84*b^6*x^6*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 252*a*b^5*x^5*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 378*a^2*b^4*x^4*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 336*a^3*b^3*x^3*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 180*a^4*b^2*x^2*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 54*a^5*b*x*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 7*a^6*(8*A + 9*B*x))/x^9$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.185$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{x^{10}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \int \frac{b^6(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^{10} b^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & -\frac{(2Ab - 9aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{x^9} dx}{9a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^7}{9ax^9} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{(2Ab - 9aB) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{x^8} dx}{8a} - \frac{(a+bx)^7}{8ax^8} \right)}{9a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^7}{9ax^9} \\ & \quad \downarrow 48 \\ & -\frac{\left(\frac{b(a+bx)^7}{56a^2x^7} - \frac{(a+bx)^7}{8ax^8} \right) (2Ab - 9aB)}{9a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^7}{9ax^9} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3/x^10, x]$$

output
$$-1/9*(A*(a + b*x)^7)/(a*x^9) - ((2*A*b - 9*a*B)*(-1/8*(a + b*x)^7/(a*x^8) + (b*(a + b*x)^7)/(56*a^2*x^7)))/(9*a)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 48
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 55
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^\text{Simplify}[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ (\text{SumSimplerQ}[m, 1] \ || \ !\text{SumSimplerQ}[n, 1])$$

rule 87
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^p*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^n)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^p), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))]/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ (\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$$

rule 1184
$$\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

method	result
default	$-\frac{a^2 b^3 (3Ab+4Ba)}{x^5} - \frac{5a^3 b^2 (4Ab+3Ba)}{6x^6} - \frac{b^5 (Ab+6Ba)}{3x^3} - \frac{B b^6}{2x^2} - \frac{a^5 (6Ab+Ba)}{8x^8} - \frac{3a b^4 (2Ab+5Ba)}{4x^4} - \frac{A a^6}{9x^9} - 3a$
norman	$-\frac{b^6 B x^7 + (-\frac{1}{3} A b^6 - 2B a b^5) x^6 + (-\frac{3}{2} A a b^5 - \frac{15}{4} B a^2 b^4) x^5 + (-3A a^2 b^4 - 4B a^3 b^3) x^4 + (-\frac{10}{3} A a^3 b^3 - \frac{5}{2} B a^4 b^2) x^3 + (-\frac{15}{7} A a^4 b^2)}{x^9}$
risch	$-\frac{b^6 B x^7 + (-\frac{1}{3} A b^6 - 2B a b^5) x^6 + (-\frac{3}{2} A a b^5 - \frac{15}{4} B a^2 b^4) x^5 + (-3A a^2 b^4 - 4B a^3 b^3) x^4 + (-\frac{10}{3} A a^3 b^3 - \frac{5}{2} B a^4 b^2) x^3 + (-\frac{15}{7} A a^4 b^2)}{x^9}$
gospers	$-\frac{252b^6 B x^7 + 168A b^6 x^6 + 1008B a b^5 x^6 + 756A a b^5 x^5 + 1890B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 1512A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 2016B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 1680A a^3 b^3 x^3 + 1260A a^4 b^2 x^3}{504x^9}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{252b^6 B x^7 + 168A b^6 x^6 + 1008B a b^5 x^6 + 756A a b^5 x^5 + 1890B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 1512A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 2016B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 1680A a^3 b^3 x^3 + 1260A a^4 b^2 x^3}{504x^9}$
orering	$-\frac{(252b^6 B x^7 + 168A b^6 x^6 + 1008B a b^5 x^6 + 756A a b^5 x^5 + 1890B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 1512A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 2016B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 1680A a^3 b^3 x^3 + 1260A a^4 b^2 x^3)}{504x^9 (bx+a)^6}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)/x^5-5/6*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)/x^6-1/3*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)/x^3-1/2*B*b^6/x^2-1/8*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^8-3/4*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)/x^4-1/9*A*a^6/x^9-3/7*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)/x^7
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 147 vs. 2(66) = 132.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{252 B b^6 x^7 + 56 A a^6 + 168 (6 B a b^5 + A b^6) x^6 + 378 (5 B a^2 b^4 + 2 A a b^5) x^5 + 504 (4 B a^3 b^3 + 3 A a^2 b^4) x^4}{504 x^9}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\frac{-1/504*(252*B*b^6*x^7 + 56*A*a^6 + 168*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 378*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 504*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 420*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 216*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 63*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^9$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 158 vs. $2(65) = 130$.

Time = 3.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{-56Aa^6 - 252Bb^6x^7 + x^6(-168Ab^6 - 1008Bab^5) + x^5(-756Aab^5 - 1890Ba^2b^4) + x^4(-1512Aa^2b^4 - 2016Bab^3) + x^3(-1680Aa^3b^3 - 1260B*a^4*b^2) + x^2(-1080A*a^4*b^2 - 432B*a^5*b) + x(-378A*a^5*b - 63B*a^6)}{504x^9}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3/x**10,x)
```

output

```
(-56*A*a**6 - 252*B*b**6*x**7 + x**6*(-168*A*b**6 - 1008*B*a*b**5) + x**5*(-756*A*a*b**5 - 1890*B*a**2*b**4) + x**4*(-1512*A*a**2*b**4 - 2016*B*a**3*b**3) + x**3*(-1680*A*a**3*b**3 - 1260*B*a**4*b**2) + x**2*(-1080*A*a**4*b**2 - 432*B*a**5*b) + x*(-378*A*a**5*b - 63*B*a**6))/(504*x**9)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 147 vs. $2(66) = 132$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{252Bb^6x^7 + 56Aa^6 + 168(6Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^6 + 378(5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5)x^5 + 504(4Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)x^4 - 1080Aa^4b^2 - 432B*a^5*b}{504x^9}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/504*(252*B*b^6*x^7 + 56*A*a^6 + 168*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 378*(5*B*
a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 504*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 420*(3*B*
a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 216*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 63*(B*a^6
+ 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^9
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 147 vs. $2(66) = 132$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{252 B b^6 x^7 + 1008 B a b^5 x^6 + 168 A b^6 x^6 + 1890 B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 756 A a b^5 x^5 + 2016 B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 1512 A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 1260 B a^4 b^2 x^3 + 1680 A a^3 b^3 x^3 + 432 B a^5 b x^2 + 1080 A a^4 b^2 x^2 + 63 B a^6 x + 63 A a^5 b x}{x^9}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/504*(252*B*b^6*x^7 + 1008*B*a*b^5*x^6 + 168*A*b^6*x^6 + 1890*B*a^2*b^4*
x^5 + 756*A*a*b^5*x^5 + 2016*B*a^3*b^3*x^4 + 1512*A*a^2*b^4*x^4 + 1260*B*a
^4*b^2*x^3 + 1680*A*a^3*b^3*x^3 + 432*B*a^5*b*x^2 + 1080*A*a^4*b^2*x^2 + 6
3*B*a^6*x + 378*A*a^5*b*x + 56*A*a^6)/x^9
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{B a^6}{8} + \frac{3 A b a^5}{4} \right) + \frac{A a^6}{9} + x^5 \left(\frac{15 B a^2 b^4}{4} + \frac{3 A a b^5}{2} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{6 B a^5 b}{7} + \frac{15 A a^4 b^2}{7} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{A b^6}{3} + 2 B a b^5 \right) + x^9}{x^9}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3)/x^10,x)
```

output

$$-(x*((B*a^6)/8 + (3*A*a^5*b)/4) + (A*a^6)/9 + x^5*((15*B*a^2*b^4)/4 + (3*A*a*b^5)/2) + x^2*((15*A*a^4*b^2)/7 + (6*B*a^5*b)/7) + x^6*((A*b^6)/3 + 2*B*a*b^5) + x^4*(3*A*a^2*b^4 + 4*B*a^3*b^3) + x^3*((10*A*a^3*b^3)/3 + (5*B*a^4*b^2)/2) + (B*b^6*x^7)/2)/x^9$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-36b^7x^7 - 168ab^6x^6 - 378a^2b^5x^5 - 504a^3b^4x^4 - 420a^4b^3x^3 - 216a^5b^2x^2 - 63a^6bx - 8a^7}{72x^9}$$

input

$$\text{int}((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^10,x)$$

output

$$(-8*a**7 - 63*a**6*b*x - 216*a**5*b**2*x**2 - 420*a**4*b**3*x**3 - 504*a**3*b**4*x**4 - 378*a**2*b**5*x**5 - 168*a*b**6*x**6 - 36*b**7*x**7)/(72*x**9)$$

3.184 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{11}} dx$

Optimal result	1625
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1625
Rubi [A] (verified)	1626
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1628
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1628
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1629
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1629
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1630
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1630
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1631

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{a^6 A}{10x^{10}} - \frac{a^5(6Ab+aB)}{9x^9} - \frac{3a^4b(5Ab+2aB)}{8x^8} - \frac{5a^3b^2(4Ab+3aB)}{7x^7} - \frac{5a^2b^3(3Ab+4aB)}{6x^6} - \frac{3ab^4(2Ab+5aB)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^5(Ab+6aB)}{4x^4} - \frac{b^6 B}{3x^3}$$

output `-1/10*a^6*A/x^10-1/9*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^9-3/8*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)/x^8-5/7*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)/x^7-5/6*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)/x^6-3/5*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)/x^5-1/4*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)/x^4-1/3*b^6*B/x^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{210b^6x^6(3A+4Bx)+756ab^5x^5(4A+5Bx)+1260a^2b^4x^4(5A+6Bx)+1200a^3b^3x^3(6A+7Bx)+672a^4b^2x^2(7A+8Bx)+420a^5b(8A+9Bx)+105a^6(9A+10Bx)}{2520x^{10}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^11,x]`

output
$$-1/2520*(210*b^6*x^6*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 756*a*b^5*x^5*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 1260*a^2*b^4*x^4*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 1200*a^3*b^3*x^3*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 675*a^4*b^2*x^2*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 210*a^5*b*x*(8*A + 9*B*x) + 28*a^6*(9*A + 10*B*x))/x^10$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{x^{11}} dx$$

↓ 1184

$$\int \frac{b^6(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^{11}b^6} dx$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^{11}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6A}{x^{11}} + \frac{a^5(aB+6Ab)}{x^{10}} + \frac{3a^4b(2aB+5Ab)}{x^9} + \frac{5a^3b^2(3aB+4Ab)}{x^8} + \frac{5a^2b^3(4aB+3Ab)}{x^7} + \frac{b^5(6aB+Ab)}{x^5} + \frac{3b^6B}{x^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^6A}{10x^{10}} - \frac{a^5(aB+6Ab)}{9x^9} - \frac{3a^4b(2aB+5Ab)}{8x^8} - \frac{5a^3b^2(3aB+4Ab)}{7x^7} - \frac{5a^2b^3(4aB+3Ab)}{6x^6} - \frac{b^5(6aB+Ab)}{4x^4} - \frac{3ab^4(5aB+2Ab)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^6B}{3x^3}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^11,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/10*(a^6*A)/x^{10} - (a^5*(6*A*b + a*B))/(9*x^9) - (3*a^4*b*(5*A*b + 2*a*B)) / (8*x^8) \\
& - (5*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b + 3*a*B))/(7*x^7) - (5*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b + 4*a*B)) / (6*x^6) \\
& - (3*a*b^4*(2*A*b + 5*a*B))/(5*x^5) - (b^5*(A*b + 6*a*B))/(4*x^4) - (b^6*B)/(3*x^3)
\end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 85

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : \\
& > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, \\
& d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a* \\
& f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n \\
& + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, \\
& 1])
\end{aligned}$$

rule 1184

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}*((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)) \\
& + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x) \\
& ^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]
\end{aligned}$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
default	$-\frac{a^6 A}{10x^{10}} - \frac{a^5(6Ab+Ba)}{9x^9} - \frac{3a^4b(5Ab+2Ba)}{8x^8} - \frac{5a^3b^2(4Ab+3Ba)}{7x^7} - \frac{5a^2b^3(3Ab+4Ba)}{6x^6} - \frac{3ab^4(2Ab+5Ba)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^5(A}{x^4}$
norman	$-\frac{b^6 B x^7}{3} + (-\frac{1}{4} A b^6 - \frac{3}{2} B a b^5) x^6 + (-\frac{6}{5} A a b^5 - 3 B a^2 b^4) x^5 + (-\frac{5}{2} A a^2 b^4 - \frac{10}{3} B a^3 b^3) x^4 + (-\frac{20}{7} A a^3 b^3 - \frac{15}{7} B a^4 b^2) x^3 + (-\frac{15}{8} A a^4 b^2 - \frac{10}{3} B a^5 b) x^2 + (-\frac{5}{2} A a^5 b - \frac{5}{2} B a^6) x + \frac{5}{2} A a^6 + \frac{5}{2} B a^7$
risch	$-\frac{b^6 B x^7}{3} + (-\frac{1}{4} A b^6 - \frac{3}{2} B a b^5) x^6 + (-\frac{6}{5} A a b^5 - 3 B a^2 b^4) x^5 + (-\frac{5}{2} A a^2 b^4 - \frac{10}{3} B a^3 b^3) x^4 + (-\frac{20}{7} A a^3 b^3 - \frac{15}{7} B a^4 b^2) x^3 + (-\frac{15}{8} A a^4 b^2 - \frac{10}{3} B a^5 b) x^2 + (-\frac{5}{2} A a^5 b - \frac{5}{2} B a^6) x + \frac{5}{2} A a^6 + \frac{5}{2} B a^7$
gospers	$-\frac{840b^6 B x^7 + 630A b^6 x^6 + 3780B a b^5 x^6 + 3024A a b^5 x^5 + 7560B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 6300A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 8400B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 7200A a^3 b^3 x^3 + 5400A a^4 b^2 x^3 + 4500A a^4 b^2 x^2 + 3150A a^5 b x^2 + 2250A a^5 b x + 1575A a^6 + 1575B a^7}{2520x^{10}}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{840b^6 B x^7 + 630A b^6 x^6 + 3780B a b^5 x^6 + 3024A a b^5 x^5 + 7560B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 6300A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 8400B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 7200A a^3 b^3 x^3 + 5400A a^4 b^2 x^3 + 4500A a^4 b^2 x^2 + 3150A a^5 b x^2 + 2250A a^5 b x + 1575A a^6 + 1575B a^7}{2520x^{10}}$
orering	$-\frac{(840b^6 B x^7 + 630A b^6 x^6 + 3780B a b^5 x^6 + 3024A a b^5 x^5 + 7560B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 6300A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 8400B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 7200A a^3 b^3 x^3 + 5400A a^4 b^2 x^3 + 4500A a^4 b^2 x^2 + 3150A a^5 b x^2 + 2250A a^5 b x + 1575A a^6 + 1575B a^7)}{2520x^{10}(bx+a)^6}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^11,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/10*a^6*A/x^10-1/9*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^9-3/8*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)/x^8-5/7*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)/x^7-5/6*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)/x^6-3/5*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)/x^5-1/4*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)/x^4-1/3*b^6*B/x^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{840 B b^6 x^7 + 252 A a^6 + 630 (6 B a b^5 + A b^6) x^6 + 1512 (5 B a^2 b^4 + 2 A a b^5) x^5 + 2100 (4 B a^3 b^3 + 3 A a^2 b^4) x^4 + 1800 (3 B a^4 b^2 + 4 A a^3 b^3) x^3 + 945 (2 B a^5 b + 5 A a^4 b^2) x^2 + 280 (B a^6 + 6 A a^5 b) x}{2520 x^{10}}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^11,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/2520*(840*B*b^6*x^7 + 252*A*a^6 + 630*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 1512*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 2100*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 1800*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 945*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 280*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^10
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-252Aa^6 - 840Bb^6x^7 + x^6(-630Ab^6 - 3780Bab^5) + x^5(-3024Aab^5 - 7560Ba^2b^4) + x^4(-6300Aa^2b^4 - 25200Aab^3) + x^3(-7200Aa^3b^3 - 5400Bb^4a^2) + x^2(-4725Aa^4b^2 - 1890Bb^5a) + x(-1680Aa^5b - 280Bb^6)}{2520x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3/x**11,x)`output `(-252*A*a**6 - 840*B*b**6*x**7 + x**6*(-630*A*b**6 - 3780*B*a*b**5) + x**5*(-3024*A*a*b**5 - 7560*B*a**2*b**4) + x**4*(-6300*A*a**2*b**4 - 8400*B*a**3*b**3) + x**3*(-7200*A*a**3*b**3 - 5400*B*a**4*b**2) + x**2*(-4725*A*a**4*b**2 - 1890*B*a**5*b) + x*(-1680*A*a**5*b - 280*B*b**6))/(2520*x**10)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{11}} dx =$$

$$\frac{-840Bb^6x^7 + 252Aa^6 + 630(6Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^6 + 1512(5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5)x^5 + 2100(4Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)x^4 + 1800(3Ba^4b^2 + 4Aa^3b^3)x^3 + 945(2Ba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2)x^2 + 280(Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)x}{2520x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^11,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2520*(840*B*b^6*x^7 + 252*A*a^6 + 630*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 1512*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 2100*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 1800*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 945*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 280*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^10`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-120b^7x^7 - 630ab^6x^6 - 1512a^2b^5x^5 - 2100a^3b^4x^4 - 1800a^4b^3x^3 - 945a^5b^2x^2 - 280a^6bx - 36a^7}{360x^{10}}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^11,x)
```

output

```
( - 36*a**7 - 280*a**6*b*x - 945*a**5*b**2*x**2 - 1800*a**4*b**3*x**3 - 2100*a**3*b**4*x**4 - 1512*a**2*b**5*x**5 - 630*a*b**6*x**6 - 120*b**7*x**7) / (360*x**10)
```

3.185 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{12}} dx$

Optimal result	1632
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1632
Rubi [A] (verified)	1633
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1635
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1635
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1636
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1636
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1637
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1637
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1638

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{a^6A}{11x^{11}} - \frac{a^5(6Ab+aB)}{10x^{10}} - \frac{a^4b(5Ab+2aB)}{3x^9} - \frac{5a^3b^2(4Ab+3aB)}{8x^8} - \frac{5a^2b^3(3Ab+4aB)}{7x^7} - \frac{ab^4(2Ab+5aB)}{2x^6} - \frac{b^5(Ab+6aB)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^6B}{4x^4}$$

output
$$-1/11*a^6*A/x^11-1/10*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^10-1/3*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)/x^9-5/8*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)/x^8-5/7*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)/x^7-1/2*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)/x^6-1/5*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)/x^5-1/4*b^6*B/x^4$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{462b^6x^6(4A+5Bx) + 1848ab^5x^5(5A+6Bx) + 3300a^2b^4x^4(6A+7Bx) + 3300a^3b^3x^3(7A+8Bx) + 1848a^4b^2x^2(8A+9Bx) + 1122a^5bx(9A+10Bx) + 1122a^6(10A+11Bx)}{9240x^{11}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^12,x]`

output
$$\frac{-1/9240*(462*b^6*x^6*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 1848*a*b^5*x^5*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 3300*a^2*b^4*x^4*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 3300*a^3*b^3*x^3*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 1925*a^4*b^2*x^2*(8*A + 9*B*x) + 616*a^5*b*x*(9*A + 10*B*x) + 84*a^6*(10*A + 11*B*x))/x^{11}}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{b^6(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^{12} b^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^6 (A + Bx)}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6 A}{x^{12}} + \frac{a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{x^{11}} + \frac{3a^4b(2aB + 5Ab)}{x^{10}} + \frac{5a^3b^2(3aB + 4Ab)}{x^9} + \frac{5a^2b^3(4aB + 3Ab)}{x^8} + \frac{b^5(6aB + Ab)}{x^6} + \frac{b^6 B}{x^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{a^6 A}{11x^{11}} - \frac{a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{10x^{10}} - \frac{a^4b(2aB + 5Ab)}{3x^9} - \frac{5a^3b^2(3aB + 4Ab)}{8x^8} - \frac{5a^2b^3(4aB + 3Ab)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^5(6aB + Ab)}{5x^5} - \frac{ab^4(5aB + 2Ab)}{2x^6} - \frac{b^6 B}{4x^4}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^12,x]`

output `-1/11*(a^6*A)/x^11 - (a^5*(6*A*b + a*B))/(10*x^10) - (a^4*b*(5*A*b + 2*a*B))/
(3*x^9) - (5*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b + 3*a*B))/(8*x^8) - (5*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b + 4*a*B))/
(7*x^7) - (a*b^4*(2*A*b + 5*a*B))/(2*x^6) - (b^5*(A*b + 6*a*B))/(5*x^5) -
(b^6*B)/(4*x^4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_
) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
default	$-\frac{a^6 A}{11x^{11}} - \frac{a^5(6Ab+Ba)}{10x^{10}} - \frac{a^4b(5Ab+2Ba)}{3x^9} - \frac{5a^3b^2(4Ab+3Ba)}{8x^8} - \frac{5a^2b^3(3Ab+4Ba)}{7x^7} - \frac{ab^4(2Ab+5Ba)}{2x^6} - \frac{b^5(Ab+Ba)}{5x^5}$
norman	$-\frac{\frac{b^6 B x^7}{4} + (-\frac{1}{5} A b^6 - \frac{6}{5} B a b^5) x^6 + (-A a b^5 - \frac{5}{2} B a^2 b^4) x^5 + (-\frac{15}{7} A a^2 b^4 - \frac{20}{7} B a^3 b^3) x^4 + (-\frac{5}{2} A a^3 b^3 - \frac{15}{8} B a^4 b^2) x^3 + (-\frac{5}{3} A a^4 b^2 - \frac{5}{4} B a^5 b) x^2 + (-\frac{5}{4} A a^5 b - \frac{5}{4} B a^6) x + \frac{5}{4} B a^6}{x^{11}}$
risch	$-\frac{b^6 B x^7}{4} + (-\frac{1}{5} A b^6 - \frac{6}{5} B a b^5) x^6 + (-A a b^5 - \frac{5}{2} B a^2 b^4) x^5 + (-\frac{15}{7} A a^2 b^4 - \frac{20}{7} B a^3 b^3) x^4 + (-\frac{5}{2} A a^3 b^3 - \frac{15}{8} B a^4 b^2) x^3 + (-\frac{5}{3} A a^4 b^2 - \frac{5}{4} B a^5 b) x^2 + (-\frac{5}{4} A a^5 b - \frac{5}{4} B a^6) x + \frac{5}{4} B a^6}{x^{11}}$
gospers	$-\frac{2310b^6 B x^7 + 1848A b^6 x^6 + 11088B a b^5 x^5 + 9240A a b^5 x^5 + 23100B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 19800A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 26400B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 23100A a^3 b^3 x^3 + 9240x^{11}}{9240x^{11}}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{2310b^6 B x^7 + 1848A b^6 x^6 + 11088B a b^5 x^5 + 9240A a b^5 x^5 + 23100B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 19800A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 26400B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 23100A a^3 b^3 x^3 + 9240x^{11}}{9240x^{11}}$
orering	$-\frac{(2310b^6 B x^7 + 1848A b^6 x^6 + 11088B a b^5 x^5 + 9240A a b^5 x^5 + 23100B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 19800A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 26400B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 23100A a^3 b^3 x^3 + 9240x^{11})(bx+a)}{9240x^{11}(bx+a)}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^12,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/11*a^6*A/x^11-1/10*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^10-1/3*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)/x^9-5/8*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)/x^8-5/7*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)/x^7-1/2*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)/x^6-1/5*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)/x^5-1/4*b^6*B/x^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{-2310 B b^6 x^7 + 840 A a^6 + 1848 (6 B a b^5 + A b^6) x^6 + 4620 (5 B a^2 b^4 + 2 A a b^5) x^5 + 6600 (4 B a^3 b^3 + 3 A a^4 b^2) x^4 + 5775 (3 B a^4 b^2 + 4 A a^3 b^3) x^3 + 3080 (2 B a^5 b + 5 A a^4 b^2) x^2 + 924 (B a^6 + 6 A a^5 b) x}{9240 x^{11}}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^12,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/9240*(2310*B*b^6*x^7 + 840*A*a^6 + 1848*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 4620*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 6600*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 5775*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 3080*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 924*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^11
```


Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-840Aa^6 - 2310Bb^6x^7 + x^6(-1848Ab^6 - 11088Bab^5) + x^5(-9240Aab^5 - 23100Ba^2b^4) + x^4(-19800A$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3/x**12,x)`output `(-840*A*a**6 - 2310*B*b**6*x**7 + x**6*(-1848*A*b**6 - 11088*B*a*b**5) + x**5*(-9240*A*a*b**5 - 23100*B*a**2*b**4) + x**4*(-19800*A*a**2*b**4 - 26400*B*a**3*b**3) + x**3*(-23100*A*a**3*b**3 - 17325*B*a**4*b**2) + x**2*(-15400*A*a**4*b**2 - 6160*B*a**5*b) + x*(-5544*A*a**5*b - 924*B*a**6))/(9240*x**11)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{12}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2310 Bb^6x^7 + 840 Aa^6 + 1848 (6 Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^6 + 4620 (5 Ba^2b^4 + 2 Aab^5)x^5 + 6600 (4 Ba^3b^3 + 3 Aa^2b^2)x^4 + 5775 (3 Ba^4b^2 + 4 Aa^3b^3)x^3 + 3080 (2 Ba^5b + 5 Aa^4b^2)x^2 + 924 (Ba^6 + 6 Aa^5b)x}{9240 x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^12,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/9240*(2310*B*b^6*x^7 + 840*A*a^6 + 1848*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 4620*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 6600*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 5775*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 3080*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 924*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^11`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{2310 Bb^6x^7 + 11088 Bab^5x^6 + 1848 Ab^6x^6 + 23100 Ba^2b^4x^5 + 9240 Aab^5x^5 + 26400 Ba^3b^3x^4 + 19800$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^12,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/9240*(2310*B*b^6*x^7 + 11088*B*a*b^5*x^6 + 1848*A*b^6*x^6 + 23100*B*a^2*b^4*x^5 + 9240*A*a*b^5*x^5 + 26400*B*a^3*b^3*x^4 + 19800*A*a^2*b^4*x^4 + 17325*B*a^4*b^2*x^3 + 23100*A*a^3*b^3*x^3 + 6160*B*a^5*b*x^2 + 15400*A*a^4*b^2*x^2 + 924*B*a^6*x + 5544*A*a^5*b*x + 840*A*a^6)/x^11`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^6}{10} + \frac{3Ab^5}{5} \right) + \frac{Aa^6}{11} + x^5 \left(\frac{5Ba^2b^4}{2} + Aab^5 \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{2Ba^5b}{3} + \frac{5Aa^4b^2}{3} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{Ab^6}{5} + \frac{6Bab^5}{5} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{1}{11} \right)}{x^{11}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3)/x^12,x)`

output `-(x*((B*a^6)/10 + (3*A*a^5*b)/5) + (A*a^6)/11 + x^5*((5*B*a^2*b^4)/2 + A*a*b^5) + x^2*((5*A*a^4*b^2)/3 + (2*B*a^5*b)/3) + x^6*((A*b^6)/5 + (6*B*a*b^5)/5) + x^3*((5*A*a^3*b^3)/2 + (15*B*a^4*b^2)/8) + x^4*((15*A*a^2*b^4)/7 + (20*B*a^3*b^3)/7) + (B*b^6*x^7)/4)/x^11`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-330b^7x^7 - 1848ab^6x^6 - 4620a^2b^5x^5 - 6600a^3b^4x^4 - 5775a^4b^3x^3 - 3080a^5b^2x^2 - 924a^6bx - 120a^7}{1320x^{11}}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^12,x)
```

output

```
( - 120*a**7 - 924*a**6*b*x - 3080*a**5*b**2*x**2 - 5775*a**4*b**3*x**3 -
6600*a**3*b**4*x**4 - 4620*a**2*b**5*x**5 - 1848*a*b**6*x**6 - 330*b**7*x*
*7)/(1320*x**11)
```

3.186 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{13}} dx$

Optimal result	1639
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{a^6 A}{12x^{12}} - \frac{a^5(6Ab+aB)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{3a^4b(5Ab+2aB)}{10x^{10}} - \frac{5a^3b^2(4Ab+3aB)}{9x^9} - \frac{5a^2b^3(3Ab+4aB)}{8x^8} - \frac{3ab^4(2Ab+5aB)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^5(Ab+6aB)}{6x^6} - \frac{b^6 B}{5x^5}$$

output `-1/12*a^6*A/x^12-1/11*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^11-3/10*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)/x^10-5/9*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)/x^9-5/8*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)/x^8-3/7*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)/x^7-1/6*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)/x^6-1/5*b^6*B/x^5`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{924b^6x^6(5A+6Bx) + 3960ab^5x^5(6A+7Bx) + 7425a^2b^4x^4(7A+8Bx) + 7700a^3b^3x^3(8A+9Bx) + 4770a^4b^2x^2(9A+10Bx) + 330a^5b^2x(10A+11Bx) + 11a^6A}{27720x^{12}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^13,x]`

output `-1/27720*(924*b^6*x^6*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 3960*a*b^5*x^5*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 7425*a^2*b^4*x^4*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 7700*a^3*b^3*x^3*(8*A + 9*B*x) + 4620*a^4*b^2*x^2*(9*A + 10*B*x) + 1512*a^5*b*x*(10*A + 11*B*x) + 210*a^6*(11*A + 12*B*x))/x^12`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{x^{13}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\
 & \int \frac{b^6(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^{13} b^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{(a + bx)^6 (A + Bx)}{x^{13}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 85 \\
 & \int \left(\frac{a^6 A}{x^{13}} + \frac{a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{x^{12}} + \frac{3a^4b(2aB + 5Ab)}{x^{11}} + \frac{5a^3b^2(3aB + 4Ab)}{x^{10}} + \frac{5a^2b^3(4aB + 3Ab)}{x^9} + \frac{b^5(6aB + Ab)}{x^7} + \frac{b^6 B}{x^5} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & -\frac{a^6 A}{12x^{12}} - \frac{a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{3a^4b(2aB + 5Ab)}{10x^{10}} - \frac{5a^3b^2(3aB + 4Ab)}{9x^9} - \frac{5a^2b^3(4aB + 3Ab)}{8x^8} \\
 & \quad - \frac{b^5(6aB + Ab)}{6x^6} - \frac{3ab^4(5aB + 2Ab)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^6 B}{5x^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^13,x]`

output `-1/12*(a^6*A)/x^12 - (a^5*(6*A*b + a*B))/(11*x^11) - (3*a^4*b*(5*A*b + 2*a*B))/(10*x^10) - (5*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b + 3*a*B))/(9*x^9) - (5*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b + 4*a*B))/(8*x^8) - (3*a*b^4*(2*A*b + 5*a*B))/(7*x^7) - (b^5*(A*b + 6*a*B))/(6*x^6) - (b^6*B)/(5*x^5)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
default	$-\frac{a^6 A}{12x^{12}} - \frac{a^5(6Ab+Ba)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{3a^4b(5Ab+2Ba)}{10x^{10}} - \frac{5a^3b^2(4Ab+3Ba)}{9x^9} - \frac{5a^2b^3(3Ab+4Ba)}{8x^8} - \frac{3ab^4(2Ab+5Ba)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^5(A}{6x^6} + \dots$
norman	$-\frac{b^6 B x^7}{5} + (-\frac{1}{6} A b^6 - B a b^5) x^6 + (-\frac{6}{7} A a b^5 - \frac{15}{7} B a^2 b^4) x^5 + (-\frac{15}{8} A a^2 b^4 - \frac{5}{2} B a^3 b^3) x^4 + (-\frac{20}{9} A a^3 b^3 - \frac{5}{3} B a^4 b^2) x^3 + (-\frac{3}{2} A a^4 b^2 - \frac{5}{2} B a^5 b) x^2 + (-\frac{3}{2} A a^5 b - \frac{5}{2} B a^6) x + \frac{5}{2} B a^6$
risch	$-\frac{b^6 B x^7}{5} + (-\frac{1}{6} A b^6 - B a b^5) x^6 + (-\frac{6}{7} A a b^5 - \frac{15}{7} B a^2 b^4) x^5 + (-\frac{15}{8} A a^2 b^4 - \frac{5}{2} B a^3 b^3) x^4 + (-\frac{20}{9} A a^3 b^3 - \frac{5}{3} B a^4 b^2) x^3 + (-\frac{3}{2} A a^4 b^2 - \frac{5}{2} B a^5 b) x^2 + (-\frac{3}{2} A a^5 b - \frac{5}{2} B a^6) x + \frac{5}{2} B a^6$
gospers	$-\frac{5544b^6 B x^7 + 4620A b^6 x^6 + 27720B a b^5 x^5 + 23760A a b^5 x^5 + 59400B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 51975A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 69300B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 61600A a^3 b^3 x^4 + 27720x^{12}}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{5544b^6 B x^7 + 4620A b^6 x^6 + 27720B a b^5 x^5 + 23760A a b^5 x^5 + 59400B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 51975A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 69300B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 61600A a^3 b^3 x^4 + 27720x^{12}}$
orering	$-\frac{(5544b^6 B x^7 + 4620A b^6 x^6 + 27720B a b^5 x^5 + 23760A a b^5 x^5 + 59400B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 51975A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 69300B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 61600A a^3 b^3 x^4 + 27720x^{12}(b x^6 + \dots))}{27720x^{12}(b x^6 + \dots)}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^13,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/12*a^6*A/x^12-1/11*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^11-3/10*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)/x^10-5/9*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)/x^9-5/8*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)/x^8-3/7*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)/x^7-1/6*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)/x^6-1/5*b^6*B/x^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{5544 B b^6 x^7 + 2310 A a^6 + 4620 (6 B a b^5 + A b^6) x^6 + 11880 (5 B a^2 b^4 + 2 A a b^5) x^5 + 17325 (4 B a^3 b^3 + 3 A a^2 b^4) x^4 + 15400 (3 B a^4 b^2 + 4 A a^3 b^3) x^3 + 8316 (2 B a^5 b + 5 A a^4 b^2) x^2 + 2520 (B a^6 + 6 A a^5 b) x}{27720 x}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^13,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/27720*(5544*B*b^6*x^7 + 2310*A*a^6 + 4620*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 11880*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 17325*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 15400*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 8316*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 2520*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^12
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{13}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2310Aa^6 - 5544Bb^6x^7 + x^6(-4620Ab^6 - 27720Bab^5) + x^5(-23760Aab^5 - 59400Ba^2b^4) + x^4(-51975Aa^2b^4 - 69300Ba^3b^3) + x^3(-61600Aa^3b^3 - 46200Ba^4b^2) + x^2(-41580Aa^4b^2 - 16632Ba^5b) + x(-15120Aa^5b - 2520Ba^6)}{27720x^{12}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3/x**13,x)
```

output

```
(-2310*A*a**6 - 5544*B*b**6*x**7 + x**6*(-4620*A*b**6 - 27720*B*a*b**5) +
x**5*(-23760*A*a*b**5 - 59400*B*a**2*b**4) + x**4*(-51975*A*a**2*b**4 - 69
300*B*a**3*b**3) + x**3*(-61600*A*a**3*b**3 - 46200*B*a**4*b**2) + x**2*(-
41580*A*a**4*b**2 - 16632*B*a**5*b) + x*(-15120*A*a**5*b - 2520*B*a**6))/(
27720*x**12)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{13}} dx =$$

$$\frac{5544 Bb^6x^7 + 2310 Aa^6 + 4620 (6 Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^6 + 11880 (5 Ba^2b^4 + 2 Aab^5)x^5 + 17325 (4 Ba^3b^3 + 3 Aa^2b^4)x^4 + 15400 (3 Ba^4b^2 + 4 Aa^3b^3)x^3 + 8316 (2 Ba^5b + 5 Aa^4b^2)x^2 + 2520 (Ba^6 + 6 Aa^5b)x}{27720x^{12}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^13,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/27720*(5544*B*b^6*x^7 + 2310*A*a^6 + 4620*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 118
80*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 17325*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 +
15400*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 8316*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^
2 + 2520*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^12
```


Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{5544 Bb^6x^7 + 27720 Bab^5x^6 + 4620 Ab^6x^6 + 59400 Ba^2b^4x^5 + 23760 Aab^5x^5 + 69300 Ba^3b^3x^4 + 519720 A^2b^4x^4 + 46200 B^2a^4x^3 + 61600 A^2a^3b^3x^3 + 16632 B^2a^5b^2x^2 + 41580 A^2a^4b^2x^2 + 2520 B^2a^6x + 15120 A^2a^5bx + 2310 A^2a^6}{x^{12}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^13,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/27720*(5544*B*b^6*x^7 + 27720*B*a*b^5*x^6 + 4620*A*b^6*x^6 + 59400*B*a^2*b^4*x^5 + 23760*A*a*b^5*x^5 + 69300*B*a^3*b^3*x^4 + 51975*A*a^2*b^4*x^4 + 46200*B*a^4*b^2*x^3 + 61600*A*a^3*b^3*x^3 + 16632*B*a^5*b*x^2 + 41580*A*a^4*b^2*x^2 + 2520*B*a^6*x + 15120*A*a^5*b*x + 2310*A*a^6)/x^12`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^6}{11} + \frac{6Aba^5}{11} \right) + \frac{Aa^6}{12} + x^2 \left(\frac{3Ba^5b}{5} + \frac{3Aa^4b^2}{2} \right) + x^5 \left(\frac{15Ba^2b^4}{7} + \frac{6Aab^5}{7} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{Ab^6}{6} + Bab^5 \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{3A^2b^4}{2} + \frac{6A^2a^3b^3}{2} + \frac{6A^2a^4b^2}{2} \right)}{x^{12}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3)/x^13,x)`output `-(x*((B*a^6)/11 + (6*A*a^5*b)/11) + (A*a^6)/12 + x^2*((3*A*a^4*b^2)/2 + (3*B*a^5*b)/5) + x^5*((15*B*a^2*b^4)/7 + (6*A*a*b^5)/7) + x^6*((A*b^6)/6 + B*a*b^5) + x^4*((15*A*a^2*b^4)/8 + (5*B*a^3*b^3)/2) + x^3*((20*A*a^3*b^3)/9 + (5*B*a^4*b^2)/3) + (B*b^6*x^7)/5)/x^12`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{13}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-792b^7x^7 - 4620ab^6x^6 - 11880a^2b^5x^5 - 17325a^3b^4x^4 - 15400a^4b^3x^3 - 8316a^5b^2x^2 - 2520a^6bx - 330a^7}{3960x^{12}}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^13,x)
```

output

```
( - 330*a**7 - 2520*a**6*b*x - 8316*a**5*b**2*x**2 - 15400*a**4*b**3*x**3
- 17325*a**3*b**4*x**4 - 11880*a**2*b**5*x**5 - 4620*a*b**6*x**6 - 792*b**
7*x**7)/(3960*x**12)
```

3.187 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{14}} dx$

Optimal result	1646
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1646
Rubi [A] (verified)	1647
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1649
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1649
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1650
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1650
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1651
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1651
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1652

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{14}} dx = -\frac{a^6 A}{13x^{13}} - \frac{a^5(6Ab+aB)}{12x^{12}} - \frac{3a^4b(5Ab+2aB)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{a^3b^2(4Ab+3aB)}{2x^{10}} - \frac{5a^2b^3(3Ab+4aB)}{9x^9} - \frac{3ab^4(2Ab+5aB)}{8x^8} - \frac{b^5(Ab+6aB)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^6 B}{6x^6}$$

output `-1/13*a^6*A/x^13-1/12*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^12-3/11*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)/x^11-1/2*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)/x^10-5/9*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)/x^9-3/8*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)/x^8-1/7*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)/x^7-1/6*b^6*B/x^6`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{14}} dx = \frac{1716b^6x^6(6A+7Bx) + 7722ab^5x^5(7A+8Bx) + 15015a^2b^4x^4(8A+9Bx) + 16016a^3b^3x^3(9A+10Bx) + 10010a^4b^2x^2(10A+11Bx) + 4620a^5bx(11A+12Bx) + 110a^6(12A+13Bx)}{72072x^{13}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^14,x]`

output
$$\frac{-1/72072*(1716*b^6*x^6*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 7722*a*b^5*x^5*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 15015*a^2*b^4*x^4*(8*A + 9*B*x) + 16016*a^3*b^3*x^3*(9*A + 10*B*x) + 9828*a^4*b^2*x^2*(10*A + 11*B*x) + 3276*a^5*b*x*(11*A + 12*B*x) + 462*a^6*(12*A + 13*B*x))}{x^{13}}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{x^{14}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{b^6(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^{14}b^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^6(A + Bx)}{x^{14}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6 A}{x^{14}} + \frac{a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{x^{13}} + \frac{3a^4b(2aB + 5Ab)}{x^{12}} + \frac{5a^3b^2(3aB + 4Ab)}{x^{11}} + \frac{5a^2b^3(4aB + 3Ab)}{x^{10}} + \frac{b^5(6aB + Ab)}{x^8} + \frac{b^6 B}{x^6} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{a^6 A}{13x^{13}} - \frac{a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{12x^{12}} - \frac{3a^4b(2aB + 5Ab)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{a^3b^2(3aB + 4Ab)}{2x^{10}} - \frac{5a^2b^3(4aB + 3Ab)}{9x^9} - \frac{b^5(6aB + Ab)}{7x^7} - \frac{3ab^4(5aB + 2Ab)}{8x^8} - \frac{b^6 B}{6x^6}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^14,x]`

output `-1/13*(a^6*A)/x^13 - (a^5*(6*A*b + a*B))/(12*x^12) - (3*a^4*b*(5*A*b + 2*a*B))/(11*x^11) - (a^3*b^2*(4*A*b + 3*a*B))/(2*x^10) - (5*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b + 4*a*B))/(9*x^9) - (3*a*b^4*(2*A*b + 5*a*B))/(8*x^8) - (b^5*(A*b + 6*a*B))/(7*x^7) - (b^6*B)/(6*x^6)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
default	$-\frac{a^6 A}{13x^{13}} - \frac{a^5(6Ab+Ba)}{12x^{12}} - \frac{3a^4b(5Ab+2Ba)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{a^3b^2(4Ab+3Ba)}{2x^{10}} - \frac{5a^2b^3(3Ab+4Ba)}{9x^9} - \frac{3ab^4(2Ab+5Ba)}{8x^8} - \frac{b^5(Ab+Ba)}{7x^7}$
norman	$-\frac{b^6 B x^7}{6} + (-\frac{1}{7} A b^6 - \frac{6}{7} B a b^5) x^6 + (-\frac{3}{4} A a b^5 - \frac{15}{8} B a^2 b^4) x^5 + (-\frac{5}{3} A a^2 b^4 - \frac{20}{9} B a^3 b^3) x^4 + (-2A a^3 b^3 - \frac{3}{2} B a^4 b^2) x^3 + (-\frac{15}{11} A a^4 b^2 + \frac{10}{11} B a^5 b) x^2 + (\frac{5}{11} A a^5 b + \frac{10}{11} B a^6) x + \frac{5}{11} A a^6 + \frac{10}{11} B a^7$
risch	$-\frac{b^6 B x^7}{6} + (-\frac{1}{7} A b^6 - \frac{6}{7} B a b^5) x^6 + (-\frac{3}{4} A a b^5 - \frac{15}{8} B a^2 b^4) x^5 + (-\frac{5}{3} A a^2 b^4 - \frac{20}{9} B a^3 b^3) x^4 + (-2A a^3 b^3 - \frac{3}{2} B a^4 b^2) x^3 + (-\frac{15}{11} A a^4 b^2 + \frac{10}{11} B a^5 b) x^2 + (\frac{5}{11} A a^5 b + \frac{10}{11} B a^6) x + \frac{5}{11} A a^6 + \frac{10}{11} B a^7$
gospers	$-\frac{12012b^6 B x^7 + 10296A b^6 x^6 + 61776Ba b^5 x^5 + 54054Aa b^5 x^5 + 135135B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 120120A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 160160B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 144144A a^3 b^3 x^4 + 160160A a^4 b^2 x^3 + 144144B a^4 b^2 x^3 + 160160A a^5 b x^2 + 144144B a^5 b x^2 + 160160A a^6 + 144144B a^7}{72072x^{13}}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{12012b^6 B x^7 + 10296A b^6 x^6 + 61776Ba b^5 x^5 + 54054Aa b^5 x^5 + 135135B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 120120A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 160160B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 144144A a^3 b^3 x^4 + 160160A a^4 b^2 x^3 + 144144B a^4 b^2 x^3 + 160160A a^5 b x^2 + 144144B a^5 b x^2 + 160160A a^6 + 144144B a^7}{72072x^{13}}$
orering	$-\frac{(12012b^6 B x^7 + 10296A b^6 x^6 + 61776Ba b^5 x^5 + 54054Aa b^5 x^5 + 135135B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 120120A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 160160B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 144144A a^3 b^3 x^4 + 160160A a^4 b^2 x^3 + 144144B a^4 b^2 x^3 + 160160A a^5 b x^2 + 144144B a^5 b x^2 + 160160A a^6 + 144144B a^7)}{72072x^{13}}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^14,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/13*a^6*A/x^13-1/12*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^12-3/11*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)/x^11-1/2*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)/x^10-5/9*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)/x^9-3/8*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)/x^8-1/7*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)/x^7-1/6*b^6*B/x^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{14}} dx = -\frac{12012 B b^6 x^7 + 5544 A a^6 + 10296 (6 B a b^5 + A b^6) x^6 + 27027 (5 B a^2 b^4 + 2 A a b^5) x^5 + 40040 (4 B a^3 b^3 + 3 A a^4 b^2) x^4 + 40040 (3 A a^5 b + 2 B a^6) x^3 + 6006 (B a^6 + 6 A a^5 b) x^2 + 6006 (B a^6 + 6 A a^5 b) x}{72072 x^{13}}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^14,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/72072*(12012*B*b^6*x^7 + 5544*A*a^6 + 10296*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 27027*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 40040*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^4*b^2)*x^4 + 40040*(3*A*a^5*b + 2*B*a^6)*x^3 + 6006*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x^2 + 6006*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^13
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{14}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-5544Aa^6 - 12012Bb^6x^7 + x^6(-10296Ab^6 - 61776Bab^5) + x^5(-54054Aab^5 - 135135Ba^2b^4) + x^4(-120120Aa^2b^4 - 160160Bb^3a^3) + x^3(-144144Aa^3b^3 - 108108Bb^2a^4) + x^2(-98280Aa^4b^2 - 39312Bb^5a) + x(-36036Aa^5b - 6006Bb^6)}{72072x^{13}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3/x**14,x)
```

output

```
(-5544*A*a**6 - 12012*B*b**6*x**7 + x**6*(-10296*A*b**6 - 61776*B*a*b**5)
+ x**5*(-54054*A*a*b**5 - 135135*B*a**2*b**4) + x**4*(-120120*A*a**2*b**4
- 160160*B*a**3*b**3) + x**3*(-144144*A*a**3*b**3 - 108108*B*a**4*b**2) +
x**2*(-98280*A*a**4*b**2 - 39312*B*a**5*b) + x*(-36036*A*a**5*b - 6006*B*a
**6))/(72072*x**13)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{14}} dx =$$

$$\frac{12012 Bb^6x^7 + 5544 Aa^6 + 10296 (6 Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^6 + 27027 (5 Ba^2b^4 + 2 Aab^5)x^5 + 40040 (4 Ba^3b^3 + 3 Aa^2b^4)x^4 + 36036 (3 Bb^2a^4 + 4 Aa^3b^3)x^3 + 19656 (2 Bb^5a + 5 Aa^4b^2)x^2 + 6006 (Bb^6 + 6 Aa^5b)x}{72072x^{13}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^14,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/72072*(12012*B*b^6*x^7 + 5544*A*a^6 + 10296*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 2
7027*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 40040*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4
+ 36036*(3*B*b^2*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 19656*(2*B*b^5*a + 5*A*a^4*b^2)
*x^2 + 6006*(B*b^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^13
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{14}} dx = \frac{12012 Bb^6x^7 + 61776 Bab^5x^6 + 10296 Ab^6x^6 + 135135 Ba^2b^4x^5 + 54054 Aab^5x^5 + 160160 Ba^3b^3x^4 + \dots}{x^{13}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^14,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/72072*(12012*B*b^6*x^7 + 61776*B*a*b^5*x^6 + 10296*A*b^6*x^6 + 135135*B*a^2*b^4*x^5 + 54054*A*a*b^5*x^5 + 160160*B*a^3*b^3*x^4 + 120120*A*a^2*b^4*x^4 + 108108*B*a^4*b^2*x^3 + 144144*A*a^3*b^3*x^3 + 39312*B*a^5*b*x^2 + 98280*A*a^4*b^2*x^2 + 6006*B*a^6*x + 36036*A*a^5*b*x + 5544*A*a^6)/x^13`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{14}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^6}{12} + \frac{Aba^5}{2} \right) + \frac{Aa^6}{13} + x^5 \left(\frac{15Ba^2b^4}{8} + \frac{3Aab^5}{4} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{6Ba^5b}{11} + \frac{15Aa^4b^2}{11} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{Ab^6}{7} + \frac{6Bab^5}{7} \right) + x^3 \left(\dots \right)}{x^{13}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3)/x^14,x)`output `-(x*((B*a^6)/12 + (A*a^5*b)/2) + (A*a^6)/13 + x^5*((15*B*a^2*b^4)/8 + (3*A*a*b^5)/4) + x^2*((15*A*a^4*b^2)/11 + (6*B*a^5*b)/11) + x^6*((A*b^6)/7 + (6*B*a*b^5)/7) + x^3*(2*A*a^3*b^3 + (3*B*a^4*b^2)/2) + x^4*((5*A*a^2*b^4)/3 + (20*B*a^3*b^3)/9) + (B*b^6*x^7)/6)/x^13`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{14}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-1716b^7x^7 - 10296ab^6x^6 - 27027a^2b^5x^5 - 40040a^3b^4x^4 - 36036a^4b^3x^3 - 19656a^5b^2x^2 - 6006a^6bx - 792a^7}{10296x^{13}}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^14,x)
```

output

```
( - 792*a**7 - 6006*a**6*b*x - 19656*a**5*b**2*x**2 - 36036*a**4*b**3*x**3
 - 40040*a**3*b**4*x**4 - 27027*a**2*b**5*x**5 - 10296*a*b**6*x**6 - 1716*
 b**7*x**7)/(10296*x**13)
```

3.188 $\int x^7(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx$

Optimal result	1653
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1654
Rubi [A] (verified)	1654
Maple [A] (verified)	1656
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1656
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1657
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1657
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1658
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1659
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1659

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 131

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^7(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx = & -\frac{1}{11}(d - e)(1 + x)^{11} + \frac{1}{12}(7d - 8e)(1 + x)^{12} \\ & - \frac{7}{13}(3d - 4e)(1 + x)^{13} \\ & + \frac{1}{2}(5d - 8e)(1 + x)^{14} - \frac{7}{3}(d - 2e)(1 + x)^{15} \\ & + \frac{7}{16}(3d - 8e)(1 + x)^{16} - \frac{7}{17}(d - 4e)(1 + x)^{17} \\ & + \frac{1}{18}(d - 8e)(1 + x)^{18} + \frac{1}{19}e(1 + x)^{19} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/11*(d-e)*(1+x)^11+1/12*(7*d-8*e)*(1+x)^12-7/13*(3*d-4*e)*(1+x)^13+1/2*(
5*d-8*e)*(1+x)^14-7/3*(d-2*e)*(1+x)^15+7/16*(3*d-8*e)*(1+x)^16-7/17*(d-4*e
)*(1+x)^17+1/18*(d-8*e)*(1+x)^18+1/19*e*(1+x)^19
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^7(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx &= \frac{dx^8}{8} + \frac{1}{9}(10d+e)x^9 + \frac{1}{2}(9d+2e)x^{10} \\ &+ \frac{15}{11}(8d+3e)x^{11} + \frac{5}{2}(7d+4e)x^{12} + \frac{42}{13}(6d+5e)x^{13} \\ &+ 3(5d+6e)x^{14} + 2(4d+7e)x^{15} + \frac{15}{16}(3d+8e)x^{16} \\ &+ \frac{5}{17}(2d+9e)x^{17} + \frac{1}{18}(d+10e)x^{18} + \frac{ex^{19}}{19} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[x^7*(d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]`

output `(d*x^8)/8 + ((10*d + e)*x^9)/9 + ((9*d + 2*e)*x^10)/2 + (15*(8*d + 3*e)*x^11)/11 + (5*(7*d + 4*e)*x^12)/2 + (42*(6*d + 5*e)*x^13)/13 + 3*(5*d + 6*e)*x^14 + 2*(4*d + 7*e)*x^15 + (15*(3*d + 8*e)*x^16)/16 + (5*(2*d + 9*e)*x^17)/17 + ((d + 10*e)*x^18)/18 + (e*x^19)/19`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1184, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} &\int x^7(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5(d + ex) dx \\ &\quad \downarrow 1184 \\ &\int x^7(x + 1)^{10}(d + ex) dx \\ &\quad \downarrow 85 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int ((x+1)^{17}(d-8e) - 7(x+1)^{16}(d-4e) + 7(x+1)^{15}(3d-8e) - 35(x+1)^{14}(d-2e) + 7(x+1)^{13}(5d-8e) -$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{18}(x+1)^{18}(d-8e) - \frac{7}{17}(x+1)^{17}(d-4e) + \frac{7}{16}(x+1)^{16}(3d-8e) - \frac{7}{3}(x+1)^{15}(d-2e) + \frac{1}{2}(x+1)^{14}(5d-8e) - \frac{7}{13}(x+1)^{13}(3d-4e) + \frac{1}{12}(x+1)^{12}(7d-8e) - \frac{1}{11}(x+1)^{11}(d-e) + \frac{1}{19}e(x+1)^{19}$$

input

```
Int[x^7*(d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]
```

output

```
-1/11*((d - e)*(1 + x)^11) + ((7*d - 8*e)*(1 + x)^12)/12 - (7*(3*d - 4*e)*
(1 + x)^13)/13 + ((5*d - 8*e)*(1 + x)^14)/2 - (7*(d - 2*e)*(1 + x)^15)/3 +
(7*(3*d - 8*e)*(1 + x)^16)/16 - (7*(d - 4*e)*(1 + x)^17)/17 + ((d - 8*e)*
(1 + x)^18)/18 + (e*(1 + x)^19)/19
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
norman	$\frac{dx^8}{8} + \left(\frac{10d}{9} + \frac{e}{9}\right)x^9 + \left(\frac{9d}{2} + e\right)x^{10} + \left(\frac{120d}{11} + \frac{45e}{11}\right)x^{11} + \left(\frac{35d}{2} + 10e\right)x^{12} + \left(\frac{252d}{13} + \frac{210e}{13}\right)x^{13}$
default	$\frac{ex^{19}}{19} + \frac{(d+10e)x^{18}}{18} + \frac{(10d+45e)x^{17}}{17} + \frac{(45d+120e)x^{16}}{16} + \frac{(120d+210e)x^{15}}{15} + \frac{(210d+252e)x^{14}}{14} + \frac{(252d+210e)x^{13}}{13}$
gosper	$x^8(350064ex^{11}+369512dx^{10}+3695120e x^{10}+3912480dx^9+17606160e x^9+18706545dx^8+49884120e x^8+53209728dx^7+93209728e x^6+104163840dx^6+104163840e x^5+104163840dx^5+104163840e x^4+104163840dx^4+104163840e x^3+104163840dx^3+104163840e x^2+104163840dx^2+104163840e x+104163840d+104163840e)$
risch	$\frac{1}{19}ex^{19} + \frac{1}{18}x^{18}d + \frac{5}{9}ex^{18} + \frac{10}{17}dx^{17} + \frac{45}{17}x^{17}e + \frac{45}{16}dx^{16} + \frac{15}{2}x^{16}e + 8x^{15}d + 14x^{15}e + 15x^{14}d + 14x^{14}e + 15x^{13}d + 14x^{13}e + 15x^{12}d + 14x^{12}e + 15x^{11}d + 14x^{11}e + 15x^{10}d + 14x^{10}e + 15x^9d + 14x^9e + 15x^8d + 14x^8e + 15x^7d + 14x^7e + 15x^6d + 14x^6e + 15x^5d + 14x^5e + 15x^4d + 14x^4e + 15x^3d + 14x^3e + 15x^2d + 14x^2e + 15xd + 14xe + 15d + 14e + 15$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{19}ex^{19} + \frac{1}{18}x^{18}d + \frac{5}{9}ex^{18} + \frac{10}{17}dx^{17} + \frac{45}{17}x^{17}e + \frac{45}{16}dx^{16} + \frac{15}{2}x^{16}e + 8x^{15}d + 14x^{15}e + 15x^{14}d + 14x^{14}e + 15x^{13}d + 14x^{13}e + 15x^{12}d + 14x^{12}e + 15x^{11}d + 14x^{11}e + 15x^{10}d + 14x^{10}e + 15x^9d + 14x^9e + 15x^8d + 14x^8e + 15x^7d + 14x^7e + 15x^6d + 14x^6e + 15x^5d + 14x^5e + 15x^4d + 14x^4e + 15x^3d + 14x^3e + 15x^2d + 14x^2e + 15xd + 14xe + 15d + 14e + 15$
orering	$x^8(350064ex^{11}+369512dx^{10}+3695120e x^{10}+3912480dx^9+17606160e x^9+18706545dx^8+49884120e x^8+53209728dx^7+93209728e x^6+104163840dx^6+104163840e x^5+104163840dx^5+104163840e x^4+104163840dx^4+104163840e x^3+104163840dx^3+104163840e x^2+104163840dx^2+104163840e x+104163840d+104163840e)$

input `int(x^7*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/8*d*x^8+(10/9*d+1/9*e)*x^9+(9/2*d+e)*x^10+(120/11*d+45/11*e)*x^11+(35/2*d+10*e)*x^12+(252/13*d+210/13*e)*x^13+(15*d+18*e)*x^14+(8*d+14*e)*x^15+(45/16*d+15/2*e)*x^16+(10/17*d+45/17*e)*x^17+(1/18*d+5/9*e)*x^18+1/19*e*x^19`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^7(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{19}ex^{19} + \frac{1}{18}(d+10e)x^{18} + \frac{5}{17}(2d+9e)x^{17} + \frac{15}{16}(3d+8e)x^{16} + 2(4d+7e)x^{15} + 3(5d+6e)x^{14} + \frac{42}{13}(6d+5e)x^{13} + \frac{5}{2}(7d+4e)x^{12} + \frac{15}{11}(8d+3e)x^{11} + \frac{1}{2}(9d+2e)x^{10} + \frac{1}{9}(10d+e)x^9 + \frac{1}{8}dx^8$$

input `integrate(x^7*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/19*e*x^19 + 1/18*(d + 10*e)*x^18 + 5/17*(2*d + 9*e)*x^17 + 15/16*(3*d +
8*e)*x^16 + 2*(4*d + 7*e)*x^15 + 3*(5*d + 6*e)*x^14 + 42/13*(6*d + 5*e)*x^
13 + 5/2*(7*d + 4*e)*x^12 + 15/11*(8*d + 3*e)*x^11 + 1/2*(9*d + 2*e)*x^10
+ 1/9*(10*d + e)*x^9 + 1/8*d*x^8
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^7(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{dx^8}{8} + \frac{ex^{19}}{19} + x^{18}\left(\frac{d}{18} + \frac{5e}{9}\right) + x^{17} \cdot \left(\frac{10d}{17} + \frac{45e}{17}\right) + x^{16} \cdot \left(\frac{45d}{16} + \frac{15e}{2}\right) + x^{15} \cdot (8d + 14e) + x^{14} \cdot (15d + 18e) + x^{13} \cdot \left(\frac{252d}{13} + \frac{210e}{13}\right) + x^{12} \cdot \left(\frac{35d}{2} + 10e\right) + x^{11} \cdot \left(\frac{120d}{11} + \frac{45e}{11}\right) + x^{10} \cdot \left(\frac{9d}{2} + e\right) + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{10d}{9} + \frac{e}{9}\right)$$

input

```
integrate(x**7*(e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5,x)
```

output

```
d*x**8/8 + e*x**19/19 + x**18*(d/18 + 5*e/9) + x**17*(10*d/17 + 45*e/17) +
x**16*(45*d/16 + 15*e/2) + x**15*(8*d + 14*e) + x**14*(15*d + 18*e) + x**
13*(252*d/13 + 210*e/13) + x**12*(35*d/2 + 10*e) + x**11*(120*d/11 + 45*e/
11) + x**10*(9*d/2 + e) + x**9*(10*d/9 + e/9)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^7(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{19}ex^{19} + \frac{1}{18}(d+10e)x^{18} + \frac{5}{17}(2d+9e)x^{17} + \frac{15}{16}(3d+8e)x^{16} + 2(4d+7e)x^{15} + 3(5d+6e)x^{14} + \frac{42}{13}(6d+5e)x^{13} + \frac{5}{2}(7d+4e)x^{12} + \frac{15}{11}(8d+3e)x^{11} + \frac{1}{2}(9d+2e)x^{10} + \frac{1}{9}(10d+e)x^9 + \frac{1}{8}dx^8$$

input `integrate(x^7*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/19*e*x^{19} + 1/18*(d + 10*e)*x^{18} + 5/17*(2*d + 9*e)*x^{17} + 15/16*(3*d + \\ & 8*e)*x^{16} + 2*(4*d + 7*e)*x^{15} + 3*(5*d + 6*e)*x^{14} + 42/13*(6*d + 5*e)*x^{13} + \\ & 5/2*(7*d + 4*e)*x^{12} + 15/11*(8*d + 3*e)*x^{11} + 1/2*(9*d + 2*e)*x^{10} \\ & + 1/9*(10*d + e)*x^9 + 1/8*d*x^8 \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^7(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = & \frac{1}{19} ex^{19} + \frac{1}{18} dx^{18} + \frac{5}{9} ex^{18} + \frac{10}{17} dx^{17} + \frac{45}{17} ex^{17} + \frac{45}{16} dx^{16} \\ & + \frac{15}{2} ex^{16} + 8 dx^{15} + 14 ex^{15} + 15 dx^{14} + 18 ex^{14} \\ & + \frac{252}{13} dx^{13} + \frac{210}{13} ex^{13} + \frac{35}{2} dx^{12} + 10 ex^{12} + \frac{120}{11} dx^{11} \\ & + \frac{45}{11} ex^{11} + \frac{9}{2} dx^{10} + ex^{10} + \frac{10}{9} dx^9 + \frac{1}{9} ex^9 + \frac{1}{8} dx^8 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^7*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/19*e*x^{19} + 1/18*d*x^{18} + 5/9*e*x^{18} + 10/17*d*x^{17} + 45/17*e*x^{17} + 45/ \\ & 16*d*x^{16} + 15/2*e*x^{16} + 8*d*x^{15} + 14*e*x^{15} + 15*d*x^{14} + 18*e*x^{14} + 2 \\ & 52/13*d*x^{13} + 210/13*e*x^{13} + 35/2*d*x^{12} + 10*e*x^{12} + 120/11*d*x^{11} + 4 \\ & 5/11*e*x^{11} + 9/2*d*x^{10} + e*x^{10} + 10/9*d*x^9 + 1/9*e*x^9 + 1/8*d*x^8 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^7(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{ex^{19}}{19} + \left(\frac{d}{18} + \frac{5e}{9}\right)x^{18} + \left(\frac{10d}{17} + \frac{45e}{17}\right)x^{17} \\ + \left(\frac{45d}{16} + \frac{15e}{2}\right)x^{16} + (8d+14e)x^{15} \\ + (15d+18e)x^{14} + \left(\frac{252d}{13} + \frac{210e}{13}\right)x^{13} \\ + \left(\frac{35d}{2} + 10e\right)x^{12} + \left(\frac{120d}{11} + \frac{45e}{11}\right)x^{11} \\ + \left(\frac{9d}{2} + e\right)x^{10} + \left(\frac{10d}{9} + \frac{e}{9}\right)x^9 + \frac{dx^8}{8}$$

input `int(x^7*(d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5,x)`output `x^15*(8*d + 14*e) + x^9*((10*d)/9 + e/9) + x^14*(15*d + 18*e) + x^18*(d/18 + (5*e)/9) + x^12*((35*d)/2 + 10*e) + x^16*((45*d)/16 + (15*e)/2) + x^17*((10*d)/17 + (45*e)/17) + x^11*((120*d)/11 + (45*e)/11) + x^13*((252*d)/13 + (210*e)/13) + (d*x^8)/8 + (e*x^19)/19 + x^10*((9*d)/2 + e)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^7(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx \\ = \frac{x^8(350064ex^{11} + 369512dx^{10} + 3695120ex^{10} + 3912480dx^9 + 17606160ex^9 + 18706545dx^8 + 49884120ex^7 + 17606160dx^7 + 3695120ex^6 + 369512dx^6 + 350064ex^5 + 17606160dx^5 + 17606160ex^4 + 17606160dx^4 + 17606160ex^3 + 17606160dx^3 + 17606160ex^2 + 17606160dx^2 + 17606160ex + 17606160d)}{1}$$

input `int(x^7*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x)`

output

```
(x**8*(369512*d*x**10 + 3912480*d*x**9 + 18706545*d*x**8 + 53209728*d*x**7
+ 99768240*d*x**6 + 128931264*d*x**5 + 116396280*d*x**4 + 72558720*d*x**3
+ 29930472*d*x**2 + 7390240*d*x + 831402*d + 350064*e*x**11 + 3695120*e*x
**10 + 17606160*e*x**9 + 49884120*e*x**8 + 93117024*e*x**7 + 119721888*e*x
**6 + 107442720*e*x**5 + 66512160*e*x**4 + 27209520*e*x**3 + 6651216*e*x**
2 + 739024*e*x))/6651216
```

3.189 $\int x^6(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx$

Optimal result	1661
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1662
Rubi [A] (verified)	1662
Maple [A] (verified)	1664
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1664
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1665
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1665
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1666
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1667
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1667

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 119

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^6(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx = & \frac{1}{11}(d - e)(1 + x)^{11} - \frac{1}{12}(6d - 7e)(1 + x)^{12} \\ & + \frac{3}{13}(5d - 7e)(1 + x)^{13} - \frac{5}{14}(4d - 7e)(1 + x)^{14} \\ & + \frac{1}{3}(3d - 7e)(1 + x)^{15} - \frac{3}{16}(2d - 7e)(1 + x)^{16} \\ & + \frac{1}{17}(d - 7e)(1 + x)^{17} + \frac{1}{18}e(1 + x)^{18} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/11*(d-e)*(1+x)^11-1/12*(6*d-7*e)*(1+x)^12+3/13*(5*d-7*e)*(1+x)^13-5/14*(
4*d-7*e)*(1+x)^14+1/3*(3*d-7*e)*(1+x)^15-3/16*(2*d-7*e)*(1+x)^16+1/17*(d-7
*e)*(1+x)^17+1/18*e*(1+x)^18
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^6(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx &= \frac{dx^7}{7} + \frac{1}{8}(10d+e)x^8 + \frac{5}{9}(9d+2e)x^9 \\ &+ \frac{3}{2}(8d+3e)x^{10} + \frac{30}{11}(7d+4e)x^{11} + \frac{7}{2}(6d+5e)x^{12} \\ &+ \frac{42}{13}(5d+6e)x^{13} + \frac{15}{7}(4d+7e)x^{14} + (3d+8e)x^{15} \\ &+ \frac{5}{16}(2d+9e)x^{16} + \frac{1}{17}(d+10e)x^{17} + \frac{ex^{18}}{18} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[x^6*(d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]`

output $(d*x^7)/7 + ((10*d + e)*x^8)/8 + (5*(9*d + 2*e)*x^9)/9 + (3*(8*d + 3*e)*x^{10})/2 + (30*(7*d + 4*e)*x^{11})/11 + (7*(6*d + 5*e)*x^{12})/2 + (42*(5*d + 6*e)*x^{13})/13 + (15*(4*d + 7*e)*x^{14})/7 + (3*d + 8*e)*x^{15} + (5*(2*d + 9*e)*x^{16})/16 + ((d + 10*e)*x^{17})/17 + (e*x^{18})/18$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1184, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} &\int x^6(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5(d + ex) dx \\ &\quad \downarrow 1184 \\ &\int x^6(x + 1)^{10}(d + ex) dx \\ &\quad \downarrow 85 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int ((x+1)^{16}(d-7e) - 3(x+1)^{15}(2d-7e) + 5(x+1)^{14}(3d-7e) - 5(x+1)^{13}(4d-7e) + 3(x+1)^{12}(5d-7e)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{17}(x+1)^{17}(d-7e) - \frac{3}{16}(x+1)^{16}(2d-7e) + \frac{1}{3}(x+1)^{15}(3d-7e) - \frac{5}{14}(x+1)^{14}(4d-7e) + \frac{3}{13}(x+1)^{13}(5d-7e) - \frac{1}{12}(x+1)^{12}(6d-7e) + \frac{1}{11}(x+1)^{11}(d-e) + \frac{1}{18}e(x+1)^{18}$$

input `Int[x^6*(d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]`

output `((d - e)*(1 + x)^11)/11 - ((6*d - 7*e)*(1 + x)^12)/12 + (3*(5*d - 7*e)*(1 + x)^13)/13 - (5*(4*d - 7*e)*(1 + x)^14)/14 + ((3*d - 7*e)*(1 + x)^15)/3 - (3*(2*d - 7*e)*(1 + x)^16)/16 + ((d - 7*e)*(1 + x)^17)/17 + (e*(1 + x)^18)/18`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result
norman	$\frac{dx^7}{7} + \left(\frac{5d}{4} + \frac{e}{8}\right)x^8 + \left(5d + \frac{10e}{9}\right)x^9 + \left(12d + \frac{9e}{2}\right)x^{10} + \left(\frac{210d}{11} + \frac{120e}{11}\right)x^{11} + \left(21d + \frac{35e}{2}\right)x^{12} -$
default	$\frac{ex^{18}}{18} + \frac{(d+10e)x^{17}}{17} + \frac{(10d+45e)x^{16}}{16} + \frac{(45d+120e)x^{15}}{15} + \frac{(120d+210e)x^{14}}{14} + \frac{(210d+252e)x^{13}}{13} + \frac{(252d+210e)x^{12}}{12} -$
gosper	$\frac{x^7(136136ex^{11}+144144dx^{10}+1441440e^{10}+1531530dx^9+6891885e^9+7351344dx^8+19603584e^8+21003840dx^7+36750000e^7)}{7}$
risch	$\frac{1}{18}ex^{18} + \frac{1}{17}dx^{17} + \frac{10}{17}x^{17}e + \frac{5}{8}dx^{16} + \frac{45}{16}x^{16}e + 3x^{15}d + 8x^{15}e + \frac{60}{7}x^{14}d + 15x^{14}e + \frac{210}{13}dx^{13}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{18}ex^{18} + \frac{1}{17}dx^{17} + \frac{10}{17}x^{17}e + \frac{5}{8}dx^{16} + \frac{45}{16}x^{16}e + 3x^{15}d + 8x^{15}e + \frac{60}{7}x^{14}d + 15x^{14}e + \frac{210}{13}dx^{13}$
orering	$\frac{x^7(136136ex^{11}+144144dx^{10}+1441440e^{10}+1531530dx^9+6891885e^9+7351344dx^8+19603584e^8+21003840dx^7+36750000e^7)}{7}$

input `int(x^6*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $\frac{1}{7}dx^{18} + \frac{1}{7}(5d+10e)x^{17} + \frac{1}{7}(5d+10e)x^{17} + \frac{5}{16}(2d+9e)x^{16} + \frac{15}{7}(4d+7e)x^{15} + \frac{42}{13}(5d+6e)x^{14} + \frac{7}{2}(6d+5e)x^{13} + \frac{30}{11}(7d+4e)x^{12} + \frac{3}{2}(8d+3e)x^{11} + \frac{5}{9}(9d+2e)x^9 + \frac{1}{8}(10d+e)x^8 + \frac{1}{7}dx^7$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x^6(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{18}ex^{18} + \frac{1}{17}(d+10e)x^{17} + \frac{5}{16}(2d+9e)x^{16} + (3d+8e)x^{15} + \frac{15}{7}(4d+7e)x^{14} + \frac{42}{13}(5d+6e)x^{13} + \frac{7}{2}(6d+5e)x^{12} + \frac{30}{11}(7d+4e)x^{11} + \frac{3}{2}(8d+3e)x^{10} + \frac{5}{9}(9d+2e)x^9 + \frac{1}{8}(10d+e)x^8 + \frac{1}{7}dx^7$$

input `integrate(x^6*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/18*e*x^18 + 1/17*(d + 10*e)*x^17 + 5/16*(2*d + 9*e)*x^16 + (3*d + 8*e)*x^15 + 15/7*(4*d + 7*e)*x^14 + 42/13*(5*d + 6*e)*x^13 + 7/2*(6*d + 5*e)*x^12 + 30/11*(7*d + 4*e)*x^11 + 3/2*(8*d + 3*e)*x^10 + 5/9*(9*d + 2*e)*x^9 + 1/8*(10*d + e)*x^8 + 1/7*d*x^7
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x^6(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{dx^7}{7} + \frac{ex^{18}}{18} + x^{17}\left(\frac{d}{17} + \frac{10e}{17}\right) + x^{16}\cdot\left(\frac{5d}{8} + \frac{45e}{16}\right) + x^{15}\cdot(3d+8e) + x^{14}\cdot\left(\frac{60d}{7} + 15e\right) + x^{13}\cdot\left(\frac{210d}{13} + \frac{252e}{13}\right) + x^{12}\cdot\left(21d + \frac{35e}{2}\right) + x^{11}\cdot\left(\frac{210d}{11} + \frac{120e}{11}\right) + x^{10}\cdot\left(12d + \frac{9e}{2}\right) + x^9\cdot\left(5d + \frac{10e}{9}\right) + x^8\cdot\left(\frac{5d}{4} + \frac{e}{8}\right)$$

input

```
integrate(x**6*(e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5,x)
```

output

```
d*x**7/7 + e*x**18/18 + x**17*(d/17 + 10*e/17) + x**16*(5*d/8 + 45*e/16) + x**15*(3*d + 8*e) + x**14*(60*d/7 + 15*e) + x**13*(210*d/13 + 252*e/13) + x**12*(21*d + 35*e/2) + x**11*(210*d/11 + 120*e/11) + x**10*(12*d + 9*e/2) + x**9*(5*d + 10*e/9) + x**8*(5*d/4 + e/8)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x^6(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{18}ex^{18} + \frac{1}{17}(d+10e)x^{17} + \frac{5}{16}(2d+9e)x^{16} + (3d+8e)x^{15} + \frac{15}{7}(4d+7e)x^{14} + \frac{42}{13}(5d+6e)x^{13} + \frac{7}{2}(6d+5e)x^{12} + \frac{30}{11}(7d+4e)x^{11} + \frac{3}{2}(8d+3e)x^{10} + \frac{5}{9}(9d+2e)x^9 + \frac{1}{8}(10d+e)x^8 + \frac{1}{7}dx^7$$

input `integrate(x^6*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/18*e*x^{18} + 1/17*(d + 10*e)*x^{17} + 5/16*(2*d + 9*e)*x^{16} + (3*d + 8*e)*x^{15} \\ & + 15/7*(4*d + 7*e)*x^{14} + 42/13*(5*d + 6*e)*x^{13} + 7/2*(6*d + 5*e)*x^{12} \\ & + 30/11*(7*d + 4*e)*x^{11} + 3/2*(8*d + 3*e)*x^{10} + 5/9*(9*d + 2*e)*x^9 + \\ & 1/8*(10*d + e)*x^8 + 1/7*d*x^7 \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^6(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = & \frac{1}{18} ex^{18} + \frac{1}{17} dx^{17} + \frac{10}{17} ex^{17} + \frac{5}{8} dx^{16} + \frac{45}{16} ex^{16} + 3 dx^{15} \\ & + 8 ex^{15} + \frac{60}{7} dx^{14} + 15 ex^{14} + \frac{210}{13} dx^{13} + \frac{252}{13} ex^{13} \\ & + 21 dx^{12} + \frac{35}{2} ex^{12} + \frac{210}{11} dx^{11} + \frac{120}{11} ex^{11} + 12 dx^{10} \\ & + \frac{9}{2} ex^{10} + 5 dx^9 + \frac{10}{9} ex^9 + \frac{5}{4} dx^8 + \frac{1}{8} ex^8 + \frac{1}{7} dx^7 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/18*e*x^{18} + 1/17*d*x^{17} + 10/17*e*x^{17} + 5/8*d*x^{16} + 45/16*e*x^{16} + 3*d \\ & *x^{15} + 8*e*x^{15} + 60/7*d*x^{14} + 15*e*x^{14} + 210/13*d*x^{13} + 252/13*e*x^{13} \\ & + 21*d*x^{12} + 35/2*e*x^{12} + 210/11*d*x^{11} + 120/11*e*x^{11} + 12*d*x^{10} + 9 \\ & /2*e*x^{10} + 5*d*x^9 + 10/9*e*x^9 + 5/4*d*x^8 + 1/8*e*x^8 + 1/7*d*x^7 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x^6(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{ex^{18}}{18} + \left(\frac{d}{17} + \frac{10e}{17}\right)x^{17} + \left(\frac{5d}{8} + \frac{45e}{16}\right)x^{16} \\ + (3d+8e)x^{15} + \left(\frac{60d}{7} + 15e\right)x^{14} \\ + \left(\frac{210d}{13} + \frac{252e}{13}\right)x^{13} + \left(21d + \frac{35e}{2}\right)x^{12} \\ + \left(\frac{210d}{11} + \frac{120e}{11}\right)x^{11} + \left(12d + \frac{9e}{2}\right)x^{10} \\ + \left(5d + \frac{10e}{9}\right)x^9 + \left(\frac{5d}{4} + \frac{e}{8}\right)x^8 + \frac{dx^7}{7}$$

input `int(x^6*(d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5,x)`output `x^8*((5*d)/4 + e/8) + x^15*(3*d + 8*e) + x^9*(5*d + (10*e)/9) + x^10*(12*d + (9*e)/2) + x^17*(d/17 + (10*e)/17) + x^12*(21*d + (35*e)/2) + x^16*((5*d)/8 + (45*e)/16) + x^14*((60*d)/7 + 15*e) + x^11*((210*d)/11 + (120*e)/11) + x^13*((210*d)/13 + (252*e)/13) + (d*x^7)/7 + (e*x^18)/18`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int x^6(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx \\ = \frac{x^7(136136ex^{11} + 144144dx^{10} + 1441440ex^{10} + 1531530dx^9 + 6891885ex^9 + 7351344dx^8 + 19603584d^2x^7 + 19603584dx^7 + 19603584d^2x^6 + 19603584dx^6 + 19603584d^2x^5 + 19603584dx^5 + 19603584d^2x^4 + 19603584dx^4 + 19603584d^2x^3 + 19603584dx^3 + 19603584d^2x^2 + 19603584dx^2 + 19603584d^2x + 19603584dx + 19603584d^2 + 19603584d)}{1}$$

input `int(x^6*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x)`

output

```
(x**7*(144144*d*x**10 + 1531530*d*x**9 + 7351344*d*x**8 + 21003840*d*x**7
+ 39584160*d*x**6 + 51459408*d*x**5 + 46781280*d*x**4 + 29405376*d*x**3 +
12252240*d*x**2 + 3063060*d*x + 350064*d + 136136*e*x**11 + 1441440*e*x**1
0 + 6891885*e*x**9 + 19603584*e*x**8 + 36756720*e*x**7 + 47500992*e*x**6 +
42882840*e*x**5 + 26732160*e*x**4 + 11027016*e*x**3 + 2722720*e*x**2 + 30
6306*e*x))/2450448
```

3.190 $\int x^5(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx$

Optimal result	1669
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1670
Rubi [A] (verified)	1670
Maple [A] (verified)	1672
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1672
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1673
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1673
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1674
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1675
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1675

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int x^5(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{11}(d - e)(1 + x)^{11} + \frac{1}{12}(5d - 6e)(1 + x)^{12} - \frac{5}{13}(2d - 3e)(1 + x)^{13} + \frac{5}{7}(d - 2e)(1 + x)^{14} - \frac{1}{3}(d - 3e)(1 + x)^{15} + \frac{1}{16}(d - 6e)(1 + x)^{16} + \frac{1}{17}e(1 + x)^{17}$$

output

$-1/11*(d-e)*(1+x)^{11}+1/12*(5*d-6*e)*(1+x)^{12}-5/13*(2*d-3*e)*(1+x)^{13}+5/7*(d-2*e)*(1+x)^{14}-1/3*(d-3*e)*(1+x)^{15}+1/16*(d-6*e)*(1+x)^{16}+1/17*e*(1+x)^{17}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^5(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx &= \frac{dx^6}{6} + \frac{1}{7}(10d+e)x^7 + \frac{5}{8}(9d+2e)x^8 \\ &+ \frac{5}{3}(8d+3e)x^9 + 3(7d+4e)x^{10} + \frac{42}{11}(6d+5e)x^{11} \\ &+ \frac{7}{2}(5d+6e)x^{12} + \frac{30}{13}(4d+7e)x^{13} + \frac{15}{14}(3d+8e)x^{14} \\ &+ \frac{1}{3}(2d+9e)x^{15} + \frac{1}{16}(d+10e)x^{16} + \frac{ex^{17}}{17} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[x^5*(d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]`

output $(d*x^6)/6 + ((10*d + e)*x^7)/7 + (5*(9*d + 2*e)*x^8)/8 + (5*(8*d + 3*e)*x^9)/3 + 3*(7*d + 4*e)*x^{10} + (42*(6*d + 5*e)*x^{11})/11 + (7*(5*d + 6*e)*x^{12})/2 + (30*(4*d + 7*e)*x^{13})/13 + (15*(3*d + 8*e)*x^{14})/14 + ((2*d + 9*e)*x^{15})/3 + ((d + 10*e)*x^{16})/16 + (e*x^{17})/17$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1184, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} &\int x^5(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5(d + ex) dx \\ &\quad \downarrow 1184 \\ &\int x^5(x + 1)^{10}(d + ex) dx \\ &\quad \downarrow 85 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int ((x+1)^{15}(d-6e) - 5(x+1)^{14}(d-3e) + 10(x+1)^{13}(d-2e) - 5(x+1)^{12}(2d-3e) + (x+1)^{11}(5d-6e) +$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{16}(x+1)^{16}(d-6e) - \frac{1}{3}(x+1)^{15}(d-3e) + \frac{5}{7}(x+1)^{14}(d-2e) - \frac{5}{13}(x+1)^{13}(2d-3e) +$$

$$\frac{1}{12}(x+1)^{12}(5d-6e) - \frac{1}{11}(x+1)^{11}(d-e) + \frac{1}{17}e(x+1)^{17}$$

input `Int[x^5*(d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]`

output `-1/11*((d - e)*(1 + x)^11) + ((5*d - 6*e)*(1 + x)^12)/12 - (5*(2*d - 3*e)*(1 + x)^13)/13 + (5*(d - 2*e)*(1 + x)^14)/7 - ((d - 3*e)*(1 + x)^15)/3 + ((d - 6*e)*(1 + x)^16)/16 + (e*(1 + x)^17)/17`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
norman	$\frac{dx^6}{6} + \left(\frac{10d}{7} + \frac{e}{7}\right)x^7 + \left(\frac{45d}{8} + \frac{5e}{4}\right)x^8 + \left(\frac{40d}{3} + 5e\right)x^9 + (21d + 12e)x^{10} + \left(\frac{252d}{11} + \frac{210e}{11}\right)x^{11} +$
default	$\frac{x^{17}e}{17} + \frac{(d+10e)x^{16}}{16} + \frac{(10d+45e)x^{15}}{15} + \frac{(45d+120e)x^{14}}{14} + \frac{(120d+210e)x^{13}}{13} + \frac{(210d+252e)x^{12}}{12} + \frac{(252d+210e)x^{11}}{11} +$
gosper	$x^6(48048ex^{11}+51051dx^{10}+510510ex^{10}+544544dx^9+2450448ex^9+2625480dx^8+7001280ex^8+7539840dx^7+13194720e$
risch	$\frac{1}{17}x^{17}e + \frac{1}{16}dx^{16} + \frac{5}{8}x^{16}e + \frac{2}{3}x^{15}d + 3x^{15}e + \frac{45}{14}x^{14}d + \frac{60}{7}x^{14}e + \frac{120}{13}dx^{13} + \frac{210}{13}x^{13}e + \frac{35}{2}dx^{12}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{17}x^{17}e + \frac{1}{16}dx^{16} + \frac{5}{8}x^{16}e + \frac{2}{3}x^{15}d + 3x^{15}e + \frac{45}{14}x^{14}d + \frac{60}{7}x^{14}e + \frac{120}{13}dx^{13} + \frac{210}{13}x^{13}e + \frac{35}{2}dx^{12}$
orering	$x^6(48048ex^{11}+51051dx^{10}+510510ex^{10}+544544dx^9+2450448ex^9+2625480dx^8+7001280ex^8+7539840dx^7+13194720e$

input `int(x^5*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/6*d*x^6+(10/7*d+1/7*e)*x^7+(45/8*d+5/4*e)*x^8+(40/3*d+5*e)*x^9+(21*d+12*e)*x^10+(252/11*d+210/11*e)*x^11+(35/2*d+21*e)*x^12+(120/13*d+210/13*e)*x^13+(45/14*d+60/7*e)*x^14+(2/3*d+3*e)*x^15+(1/16*d+5/8*e)*x^16+1/17*x^17*e`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int x^5(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{17}ex^{17} + \frac{1}{16}(d+10e)x^{16} + \frac{1}{3}(2d+9e)x^{15} + \frac{15}{14}(3d+8e)x^{14} + \frac{30}{13}(4d+7e)x^{13} + \frac{7}{2}(5d+6e)x^{12} + \frac{42}{11}(6d+5e)x^{11} + 3(7d+4e)x^{10} + \frac{5}{3}(8d+3e)x^9 + \frac{5}{8}(9d+2e)x^8 + \frac{1}{7}(10d+e)x^7 + \frac{1}{6}dx^6$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/17*e*x^17 + 1/16*(d + 10*e)*x^16 + 1/3*(2*d + 9*e)*x^15 + 15/14*(3*d + 8
*e)*x^14 + 30/13*(4*d + 7*e)*x^13 + 7/2*(5*d + 6*e)*x^12 + 42/11*(6*d + 5*
e)*x^11 + 3*(7*d + 4*e)*x^10 + 5/3*(8*d + 3*e)*x^9 + 5/8*(9*d + 2*e)*x^8 +
1/7*(10*d + e)*x^7 + 1/6*d*x^6
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int x^5(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{dx^6}{6} + \frac{ex^{17}}{17} + x^{16}\left(\frac{d}{16} + \frac{5e}{8}\right) + x^{15} \cdot \left(\frac{2d}{3} + 3e\right) + x^{14} \cdot \left(\frac{45d}{14} + \frac{60e}{7}\right) + x^{13} \cdot \left(\frac{120d}{13} + \frac{210e}{13}\right) + x^{12} \cdot \left(\frac{35d}{2} + 21e\right) + x^{11} \cdot \left(\frac{252d}{11} + \frac{210e}{11}\right) + x^{10} \cdot (21d+12e) + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{40d}{3} + 5e\right) + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{45d}{8} + \frac{5e}{4}\right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{10d}{7} + \frac{e}{7}\right)$$

input

```
integrate(x**5*(e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5,x)
```

output

```
d*x**6/6 + e*x**17/17 + x**16*(d/16 + 5*e/8) + x**15*(2*d/3 + 3*e) + x**14
*(45*d/14 + 60*e/7) + x**13*(120*d/13 + 210*e/13) + x**12*(35*d/2 + 21*e)
+ x**11*(252*d/11 + 210*e/11) + x**10*(21*d + 12*e) + x**9*(40*d/3 + 5*e)
+ x**8*(45*d/8 + 5*e/4) + x**7*(10*d/7 + e/7)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int x^5(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{17} ex^{17} + \frac{1}{16} (d+10e)x^{16} + \frac{1}{3} (2d+9e)x^{15} + \frac{15}{14} (3d+8e)x^{14} + \frac{30}{13} (4d+7e)x^{13} + \frac{7}{2} (5d+6e)x^{12} + \frac{42}{11} (6d+5e)x^{11} + 3(7d+4e)x^{10} + \frac{5}{3} (8d+3e)x^9 + \frac{5}{8} (9d+2e)x^8 + \frac{1}{7} (10d+e)x^7 + \frac{1}{6} dx^6$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/17*e*x^{17} + 1/16*(d + 10*e)*x^{16} + 1/3*(2*d + 9*e)*x^{15} + 15/14*(3*d + 8 \\ & *e)*x^{14} + 30/13*(4*d + 7*e)*x^{13} + 7/2*(5*d + 6*e)*x^{12} + 42/11*(6*d + 5* \\ & e)*x^{11} + 3*(7*d + 4*e)*x^{10} + 5/3*(8*d + 3*e)*x^9 + 5/8*(9*d + 2*e)*x^8 + \\ & 1/7*(10*d + e)*x^7 + 1/6*d*x^6 \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^5(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = & \frac{1}{17} ex^{17} + \frac{1}{16} dx^{16} + \frac{5}{8} ex^{16} + \frac{2}{3} dx^{15} + 3 ex^{15} + \frac{45}{14} dx^{14} \\ & + \frac{60}{7} ex^{14} + \frac{120}{13} dx^{13} + \frac{210}{13} ex^{13} + \frac{35}{2} dx^{12} + 21 ex^{12} \\ & + \frac{252}{11} dx^{11} + \frac{210}{11} ex^{11} + 21 dx^{10} + 12 ex^{10} + \frac{40}{3} dx^9 \\ & + 5 ex^9 + \frac{45}{8} dx^8 + \frac{5}{4} ex^8 + \frac{10}{7} dx^7 + \frac{1}{7} ex^7 + \frac{1}{6} dx^6 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/17*e*x^{17} + 1/16*d*x^{16} + 5/8*e*x^{16} + 2/3*d*x^{15} + 3*e*x^{15} + 45/14*d*x \\ & ^{14} + 60/7*e*x^{14} + 120/13*d*x^{13} + 210/13*e*x^{13} + 35/2*d*x^{12} + 21*e*x^{1} \\ & 2 + 252/11*d*x^{11} + 210/11*e*x^{11} + 21*d*x^{10} + 12*e*x^{10} + 40/3*d*x^9 + 5 \\ & *e*x^9 + 45/8*d*x^8 + 5/4*e*x^8 + 10/7*d*x^7 + 1/7*e*x^7 + 1/6*d*x^6 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int x^5(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{ex^{17}}{17} + \left(\frac{d}{16} + \frac{5e}{8}\right)x^{16} + \left(\frac{2d}{3} + 3e\right)x^{15} \\ + \left(\frac{45d}{14} + \frac{60e}{7}\right)x^{14} + \left(\frac{120d}{13} + \frac{210e}{13}\right)x^{13} \\ + \left(\frac{35d}{2} + 21e\right)x^{12} + \left(\frac{252d}{11} + \frac{210e}{11}\right)x^{11} \\ + (21d + 12e)x^{10} + \left(\frac{40d}{3} + 5e\right)x^9 \\ + \left(\frac{45d}{8} + \frac{5e}{4}\right)x^8 + \left(\frac{10d}{7} + \frac{e}{7}\right)x^7 + \frac{dx^6}{6}$$

input `int(x^5*(d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5,x)`output `x^15*((2*d)/3 + 3*e) + x^7*((10*d)/7 + e/7) + x^10*(21*d + 12*e) + x^16*(d/16 + (5*e)/8) + x^9*((40*d)/3 + 5*e) + x^8*((45*d)/8 + (5*e)/4) + x^12*((35*d)/2 + 21*e) + x^14*((45*d)/14 + (60*e)/7) + x^13*((120*d)/13 + (210*e)/13) + x^11*((252*d)/11 + (210*e)/11) + (d*x^6)/6 + (e*x^17)/17`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int x^5(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx \\ = \frac{x^6(48048ex^{11} + 51051dx^{10} + 510510ex^{10} + 544544dx^9 + 2450448ex^9 + 2625480dx^8 + 7001280ex^8 +$$

input `int(x^5*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x)`

output

```
(x**6*(51051*d*x**10 + 544544*d*x**9 + 2625480*d*x**8 + 7539840*d*x**7 + 1
4294280*d*x**6 + 18712512*d*x**5 + 17153136*d*x**4 + 10890880*d*x**3 + 459
4590*d*x**2 + 1166880*d*x + 136136*d + 48048*e*x**11 + 510510*e*x**10 + 24
50448*e*x**9 + 7001280*e*x**8 + 13194720*e*x**7 + 17153136*e*x**6 + 155937
60*e*x**5 + 9801792*e*x**4 + 4084080*e*x**3 + 1021020*e*x**2 + 116688*e*x)
)/816816
```

3.191 $\int x^4(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx$

Optimal result	1677
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1677
Rubi [A] (verified)	1678
Maple [A] (verified)	1679
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1680
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1681
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1681
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1682
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1682
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1683

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 87

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^4(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx &= \frac{1}{11}(d - e)(1 + x)^{11} - \frac{1}{12}(4d - 5e)(1 + x)^{12} \\ &+ \frac{2}{13}(3d - 5e)(1 + x)^{13} - \frac{1}{7}(2d - 5e)(1 + x)^{14} \\ &+ \frac{1}{15}(d - 5e)(1 + x)^{15} + \frac{1}{16}e(1 + x)^{16} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/11*(d-e)*(1+x)^11-1/12*(4*d-5*e)*(1+x)^12+2/13*(3*d-5*e)*(1+x)^13-1/7*(2
*d-5*e)*(1+x)^14+1/15*(d-5*e)*(1+x)^15+1/16*e*(1+x)^16
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^4(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx &= \frac{dx^5}{5} + \frac{1}{6}(10d + e)x^6 + \frac{5}{7}(9d + 2e)x^7 \\ &+ \frac{15}{8}(8d + 3e)x^8 + \frac{10}{3}(7d + 4e)x^9 + \frac{21}{5}(6d + 5e)x^{10} \\ &+ \frac{42}{11}(5d + 6e)x^{11} + \frac{5}{2}(4d + 7e)x^{12} + \frac{15}{13}(3d + 8e)x^{13} \\ &+ \frac{5}{14}(2d + 9e)x^{14} + \frac{1}{15}(d + 10e)x^{15} + \frac{ex^{16}}{16} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]`

output $(d*x^5)/5 + ((10*d + e)*x^6)/6 + (5*(9*d + 2*e)*x^7)/7 + (15*(8*d + 3*e)*x^8)/8 + (10*(7*d + 4*e)*x^9)/3 + (21*(6*d + 5*e)*x^{10})/5 + (42*(5*d + 6*e)*x^{11})/11 + (5*(4*d + 7*e)*x^{12})/2 + (15*(3*d + 8*e)*x^{13})/13 + (5*(2*d + 9*e)*x^{14})/14 + ((d + 10*e)*x^{15})/15 + (e*x^{16})/16$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1184, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5(d + ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int x^4(x + 1)^{10}(d + ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int ((x + 1)^{14}(d - 5e) - 2(x + 1)^{13}(2d - 5e) + 2(x + 1)^{12}(3d - 5e) + (x + 1)^{11}(5e - 4d) + (x + 1)^{10}(d - e) + e(x + 1)^9) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{15}(x + 1)^{15}(d - 5e) - \frac{1}{7}(x + 1)^{14}(2d - 5e) + \frac{2}{13}(x + 1)^{13}(3d - 5e) - \frac{1}{12}(x + 1)^{12}(4d - 5e) + \frac{1}{11}(x + 1)^{11}(d - e) + \frac{1}{16}e(x + 1)^{16}$$

input `Int[x^4*(d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]`

```
output ((d - e)*(1 + x)^11)/11 - ((4*d - 5*e)*(1 + x)^12)/12 + (2*(3*d - 5*e)*(1 + x)^13)/13 - ((2*d - 5*e)*(1 + x)^14)/7 + ((d - 5*e)*(1 + x)^15)/15 + (e*(1 + x)^16)/16
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 85 Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

```
rule 1184 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
norman	$\frac{dx^5}{5} + \left(\frac{5d}{3} + \frac{e}{6}\right)x^6 + \left(\frac{45d}{7} + \frac{10e}{7}\right)x^7 + \left(15d + \frac{45e}{8}\right)x^8 + \left(\frac{70d}{3} + \frac{40e}{3}\right)x^9 + \left(\frac{126d}{5} + 21e\right)x^{10} +$
default	$\frac{x^{16}e}{16} + \frac{(d+10e)x^{15}}{15} + \frac{(10d+45e)x^{14}}{14} + \frac{(45d+120e)x^{13}}{13} + \frac{(120d+210e)x^{12}}{12} + \frac{(210d+252e)x^{11}}{11} + \frac{(252d+210e)x^{10}}{10} +$
gospers	$x^5(15015ex^{11}+16016dx^{10}+160160e^{10}+171600dx^9+772200e^9+831600dx^8+2217600e^8+2402400dx^7+4204200e^7+$
risch	$\frac{1}{16}x^{16}e + \frac{1}{15}x^{15}d + \frac{2}{3}x^{15}e + \frac{5}{7}x^{14}d + \frac{45}{14}x^{14}e + \frac{45}{13}dx^{13} + \frac{120}{13}x^{13}e + 10dx^{12} + \frac{35}{2}x^{12}e + \frac{210}{11}x^{11}d +$
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{16}x^{16}e + \frac{1}{15}x^{15}d + \frac{2}{3}x^{15}e + \frac{5}{7}x^{14}d + \frac{45}{14}x^{14}e + \frac{45}{13}dx^{13} + \frac{120}{13}x^{13}e + 10dx^{12} + \frac{35}{2}x^{12}e + \frac{210}{11}x^{11}d +$
orering	$x^5(15015ex^{11}+16016dx^{10}+160160e^{10}+171600dx^9+772200e^9+831600dx^8+2217600e^8+2402400dx^7+4204200e^7+$

input `int(x^4*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/5*d*x^5+(5/3*d+1/6*e)*x^6+(45/7*d+10/7*e)*x^7+(15*d+45/8*e)*x^8+(70/3*d+40/3*e)*x^9+(126/5*d+21*e)*x^10+(210/11*d+252/11*e)*x^11+(10*d+35/2*e)*x^12+(45/13*d+120/13*e)*x^13+(5/7*d+45/14*e)*x^14+(1/15*d+2/3*e)*x^15+1/16*x^16*e`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int x^4(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{16}ex^{16} + \frac{1}{15}(d+10e)x^{15} + \frac{5}{14}(2d+9e)x^{14} + \frac{15}{13}(3d+8e)x^{13} + \frac{5}{2}(4d+7e)x^{12} + \frac{42}{11}(5d+6e)x^{11} + \frac{21}{5}(6d+5e)x^{10} + \frac{10}{3}(7d+4e)x^9 + \frac{15}{8}(8d+3e)x^8 + \frac{5}{7}(9d+2e)x^7 + \frac{1}{6}(10d+e)x^6 + \frac{1}{5}dx^5$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*e*x^16 + 1/15*(d + 10*e)*x^15 + 5/14*(2*d + 9*e)*x^14 + 15/13*(3*d + 8*e)*x^13 + 5/2*(4*d + 7*e)*x^12 + 42/11*(5*d + 6*e)*x^11 + 21/5*(6*d + 5*e)*x^10 + 10/3*(7*d + 4*e)*x^9 + 15/8*(8*d + 3*e)*x^8 + 5/7*(9*d + 2*e)*x^7 + 1/6*(10*d + e)*x^6 + 1/5*d*x^5`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int x^4(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{dx^5}{5} + \frac{ex^{16}}{16} + x^{15}\left(\frac{d}{15} + \frac{2e}{3}\right) + x^{14} \cdot \left(\frac{5d}{7} + \frac{45e}{14}\right) + x^{13} \cdot \left(\frac{45d}{13} + \frac{120e}{13}\right) + x^{12} \cdot \left(10d + \frac{35e}{2}\right) + x^{11} \cdot \left(\frac{210d}{11} + \frac{252e}{11}\right) + x^{10} \cdot \left(\frac{126d}{5} + 21e\right) + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{70d}{3} + \frac{40e}{3}\right) + x^8 \cdot \left(15d + \frac{45e}{8}\right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{45d}{7} + \frac{10e}{7}\right) + x^6 \cdot \left(\frac{5d}{3} + \frac{e}{6}\right)$$

input `integrate(x**4*(e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5,x)`output `d*x**5/5 + e*x**16/16 + x**15*(d/15 + 2*e/3) + x**14*(5*d/7 + 45*e/14) + x**13*(45*d/13 + 120*e/13) + x**12*(10*d + 35*e/2) + x**11*(210*d/11 + 252*e/11) + x**10*(126*d/5 + 21*e) + x**9*(70*d/3 + 40*e/3) + x**8*(15*d + 45*e/8) + x**7*(45*d/7 + 10*e/7) + x**6*(5*d/3 + e/6)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int x^4(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{16}ex^{16} + \frac{1}{15}(d+10e)x^{15} + \frac{5}{14}(2d+9e)x^{14} + \frac{15}{13}(3d+8e)x^{13} + \frac{5}{2}(4d+7e)x^{12} + \frac{42}{11}(5d+6e)x^{11} + \frac{21}{5}(6d+5e)x^{10} + \frac{10}{3}(7d+4e)x^9 + \frac{15}{8}(8d+3e)x^8 + \frac{5}{7}(9d+2e)x^7 + \frac{1}{6}(10d+e)x^6 + \frac{1}{5}dx^5$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/16*e*x^{16} + 1/15*(d + 10*e)*x^{15} + 5/14*(2*d + 9*e)*x^{14} + 15/13*(3*d + \\ & 8*e)*x^{13} + 5/2*(4*d + 7*e)*x^{12} + 42/11*(5*d + 6*e)*x^{11} + 21/5*(6*d + 5* \\ & e)*x^{10} + 10/3*(7*d + 4*e)*x^9 + 15/8*(8*d + 3*e)*x^8 + 5/7*(9*d + 2*e)*x^ \\ & 7 + 1/6*(10*d + e)*x^6 + 1/5*d*x^5 \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^4(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = & \frac{1}{16} ex^{16} + \frac{1}{15} dx^{15} + \frac{2}{3} ex^{15} + \frac{5}{7} dx^{14} + \frac{45}{14} ex^{14} + \frac{45}{13} dx^{13} \\ & + \frac{120}{13} ex^{13} + 10 dx^{12} + \frac{35}{2} ex^{12} + \frac{210}{11} dx^{11} + \frac{252}{11} ex^{11} \\ & + \frac{126}{5} dx^{10} + 21 ex^{10} + \frac{70}{3} dx^9 + \frac{40}{3} ex^9 + 15 dx^8 \\ & + \frac{45}{8} ex^8 + \frac{45}{7} dx^7 + \frac{10}{7} ex^7 + \frac{5}{3} dx^6 + \frac{1}{6} ex^6 + \frac{1}{5} dx^5 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/16*e*x^{16} + 1/15*d*x^{15} + 2/3*e*x^{15} + 5/7*d*x^{14} + 45/14*e*x^{14} + 45/13 \\ & *d*x^{13} + 120/13*e*x^{13} + 10*d*x^{12} + 35/2*e*x^{12} + 210/11*d*x^{11} + 252/11 \\ & *e*x^{11} + 126/5*d*x^{10} + 21*e*x^{10} + 70/3*d*x^9 + 40/3*e*x^9 + 15*d*x^8 + \\ & 45/8*e*x^8 + 45/7*d*x^7 + 10/7*e*x^7 + 5/3*d*x^6 + 1/6*e*x^6 + 1/5*d*x^5 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^4(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = & \frac{e x^{16}}{16} + \left(\frac{d}{15} + \frac{2e}{3}\right) x^{15} + \left(\frac{5d}{7} + \frac{45e}{14}\right) x^{14} \\ & + \left(\frac{45d}{13} + \frac{120e}{13}\right) x^{13} + \left(10d + \frac{35e}{2}\right) x^{12} \\ & + \left(\frac{210d}{11} + \frac{252e}{11}\right) x^{11} + \left(\frac{126d}{5} + 21e\right) x^{10} \\ & + \left(\frac{70d}{3} + \frac{40e}{3}\right) x^9 + \left(15d + \frac{45e}{8}\right) x^8 \\ & + \left(\frac{45d}{7} + \frac{10e}{7}\right) x^7 + \left(\frac{5d}{3} + \frac{e}{6}\right) x^6 + \frac{d x^5}{5} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^4*(d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5,x)`

output $x^6*((5*d)/3 + e/6) + x^{15}*(d/15 + (2*e)/3) + x^{12}*(10*d + (35*e)/2) + x^7*((45*d)/7 + (10*e)/7) + x^8*(15*d + (45*e)/8) + x^{14}*((5*d)/7 + (45*e)/14) + x^9*((70*d)/3 + (40*e)/3) + x^{10}*((126*d)/5 + 21*e) + x^{13}*((45*d)/13 + (120*e)/13) + x^{11}*((210*d)/11 + (252*e)/11) + (d*x^5)/5 + (e*x^{16})/16$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int x^4(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^5(15015e x^{11} + 16016d x^{10} + 160160e x^{10} + 171600d x^9 + 772200e x^9 + 831600d x^8 + 2217600e x^8 + 2402400d x^7 + 1544400e x^7 + 86400d x^6 + 6054048d x^5 + 5605600d x^4 + 3603600d x^3 + 1544400d x^2 + 400400d x + 48048d + 15015e x^{11} + 160160e x^{10} + 772200e x^9 + 2217600e x^8 + 4204200e x^7 + 5503680e x^6 + 5045040e x^5 + 3203200e x^4 + 1351350e x^3 + 343200e x^2 + 40040e x)}{240240}$$

input `int(x^4*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x)`

output $(x^{15}*(16016*d*x^{10} + 171600*d*x^9 + 831600*d*x^8 + 2402400*d*x^7 + 4586400*d*x^6 + 6054048*d*x^5 + 5605600*d*x^4 + 3603600*d*x^3 + 1544400*d*x^2 + 400400*d*x + 48048*d + 15015*e*x^{11} + 160160*e*x^{10} + 772200*e*x^9 + 2217600*e*x^8 + 4204200*e*x^7 + 5503680*e*x^6 + 5045040*e*x^5 + 3203200*e*x^4 + 1351350*e*x^3 + 343200*e*x^2 + 40040*e*x))/240240$

3.192 $\int x^3(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx$

Optimal result	1684
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1685
Rubi [A] (verified)	1685
Maple [B] (verified)	1687
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1687
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1688
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1689
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1689
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1690
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1690

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int x^3(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{11}(d - e)(1 + x)^{11} + \frac{1}{12}(3d - 4e)(1 + x)^{12} - \frac{3}{13}(d - 2e)(1 + x)^{13} + \frac{1}{14}(d - 4e)(1 + x)^{14} + \frac{1}{15}e(1 + x)^{15}$$

output

```
-1/11*(d-e)*(1+x)^11+1/12*(3*d-4*e)*(1+x)^12-3/13*(d-2*e)*(1+x)^13+1/14*(d-4*e)*(1+x)^14+1/15*e*(1+x)^15
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 153 vs. $2(69) = 138$.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^3(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx &= \frac{dx^4}{4} + \frac{1}{5}(10d+e)x^5 + \frac{5}{6}(9d+2e)x^6 \\ &+ \frac{15}{7}(8d+3e)x^7 + \frac{15}{4}(7d+4e)x^8 + \frac{14}{3}(6d+5e)x^9 \\ &+ \frac{21}{5}(5d+6e)x^{10} + \frac{30}{11}(4d+7e)x^{11} + \frac{5}{4}(3d+8e)x^{12} \\ &+ \frac{5}{13}(2d+9e)x^{13} + \frac{1}{14}(d+10e)x^{14} + \frac{ex^{15}}{15} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]`

output `(d*x^4)/4 + ((10*d + e)*x^5)/5 + (5*(9*d + 2*e)*x^6)/6 + (15*(8*d + 3*e)*x^7)/7 + (15*(7*d + 4*e)*x^8)/4 + (14*(6*d + 5*e)*x^9)/3 + (21*(5*d + 6*e)*x^10)/5 + (30*(4*d + 7*e)*x^11)/11 + (5*(3*d + 8*e)*x^12)/4 + (5*(2*d + 9*e)*x^13)/13 + ((d + 10*e)*x^14)/14 + (e*x^15)/15`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1184, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} &\int x^3(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex) dx \\ &\quad \downarrow 1184 \\ &\int x^3(x + 1)^{10}(d + ex)dx \\ &\quad \downarrow 85 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int ((x+1)^{13}(d-4e) - 3(x+1)^{12}(d-2e) + (x+1)^{11}(3d-4e) + (x+1)^{10}(e-d) + e(x+1)^{14}) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{14}(x+1)^{14}(d-4e) - \frac{3}{13}(x+1)^{13}(d-2e) + \frac{1}{12}(x+1)^{12}(3d-4e) - \frac{1}{11}(x+1)^{11}(d-e) + \frac{1}{15}e(x+1)^{15}$$

input `Int[x^3*(d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]`

output `-1/11*((d - e)*(1 + x)^11) + ((3*d - 4*e)*(1 + x)^12)/12 - (3*(d - 2*e)*(1 + x)^13)/13 + ((d - 4*e)*(1 + x)^14)/14 + (e*(1 + x)^15)/15`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 123 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

method	result
norman	$\frac{dx^4}{4} + (2d + \frac{e}{5})x^5 + (\frac{15d}{2} + \frac{5e}{3})x^6 + (\frac{120d}{7} + \frac{45e}{7})x^7 + (\frac{105d}{4} + 15e)x^8 + (28d + \frac{70e}{3})x^9 +$
default	$\frac{x^{15}e}{15} + \frac{(d+10e)x^{14}}{14} + \frac{(10d+45e)x^{13}}{13} + \frac{(45d+120e)x^{12}}{12} + \frac{(120d+210e)x^{11}}{11} + \frac{(210d+252e)x^{10}}{10} + \frac{(252d+210e)x^9}{9}$
gosper	$x^4(4004ex^{11}+4290dx^{10}+42900e x^{10}+46200d x^9+207900e x^9+225225d x^8+600600e x^8+655200d x^7+1146600e x^7+1261200d x^6+3783600e x^6+4204200d x^5+11466000e x^5+12612000d x^4+37836000e x^4+42042000d x^3+114660000e x^3+126120000d x^2+378360000e x^2+420420000d x+1146600000e x+1261200000d+3783600000e+4204200000d)$
risch	$\frac{1}{15}x^{15}e + \frac{1}{14}x^{14}d + \frac{5}{7}x^{14}e + \frac{10}{13}dx^{13} + \frac{45}{13}x^{13}e + \frac{15}{4}dx^{12} + 10x^{12}e + \frac{120}{11}x^{11}d + \frac{210}{11}ex^{11} + 210d x^{10} + 210e x^{10}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{15}x^{15}e + \frac{1}{14}x^{14}d + \frac{5}{7}x^{14}e + \frac{10}{13}dx^{13} + \frac{45}{13}x^{13}e + \frac{15}{4}dx^{12} + 10x^{12}e + \frac{120}{11}x^{11}d + \frac{210}{11}ex^{11} + 210d x^{10} + 210e x^{10}$
orering	$x^4(4004ex^{11}+4290dx^{10}+42900e x^{10}+46200d x^9+207900e x^9+225225d x^8+600600e x^8+655200d x^7+1146600e x^7+1261200d x^6+3783600e x^6+4204200d x^5+11466000e x^5+12612000d x^4+37836000e x^4+42042000d x^3+114660000e x^3+126120000d x^2+378360000e x^2+420420000d x+1146600000e x+1261200000d+3783600000e+4204200000d)$

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*d*x^4+(2*d+1/5*e)*x^5+(15/2*d+5/3*e)*x^6+(120/7*d+45/7*e)*x^7+(105/4*d+15*e)*x^8+(28*d+70/3*e)*x^9+(21*d+126/5*e)*x^10+(120/11*d+210/11*e)*x^11+(15/4*d+10*e)*x^12+(10/13*d+45/13*e)*x^13+(1/14*d+5/7*e)*x^14+1/15*x^15*e`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int x^3(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{15}ex^{15} + \frac{1}{14}(d+10e)x^{14} + \frac{5}{13}(2d+9e)x^{13} + \frac{5}{4}(3d+8e)x^{12} + \frac{30}{11}(4d+7e)x^{11} + \frac{21}{5}(5d+6e)x^{10} + \frac{14}{3}(6d+5e)x^9 + \frac{15}{4}(7d+4e)x^8 + \frac{15}{7}(8d+3e)x^7 + \frac{5}{6}(9d+2e)x^6 + \frac{1}{5}(10d+e)x^5 + \frac{1}{4}dx^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*e*x^15 + 1/14*(d + 10*e)*x^14 + 5/13*(2*d + 9*e)*x^13 + 5/4*(3*d + 8*e)*x^12 + 30/11*(4*d + 7*e)*x^11 + 21/5*(5*d + 6*e)*x^10 + 14/3*(6*d + 5*e)*x^9 + 15/4*(7*d + 4*e)*x^8 + 15/7*(8*d + 3*e)*x^7 + 5/6*(9*d + 2*e)*x^6 + 1/5*(10*d + e)*x^5 + 1/4*d*x^4`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 136 vs. $2(60) = 120$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int x^3(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{dx^4}{4} + \frac{ex^{15}}{15} + x^{14} \left(\frac{d}{14} + \frac{5e}{7} \right) + x^{13} \cdot \left(\frac{10d}{13} + \frac{45e}{13} \right) + x^{12} \cdot \left(\frac{15d}{4} + 10e \right) + x^{11} \cdot \left(\frac{120d}{11} + \frac{210e}{11} \right) + x^{10} \cdot \left(21d + \frac{126e}{5} \right) + x^9 \cdot \left(28d + \frac{70e}{3} \right) + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{105d}{4} + 15e \right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{120d}{7} + \frac{45e}{7} \right) + x^6 \cdot \left(\frac{15d}{2} + \frac{5e}{3} \right) + x^5 \cdot \left(2d + \frac{e}{5} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5,x)`

output `d*x**4/4 + e*x**15/15 + x**14*(d/14 + 5*e/7) + x**13*(10*d/13 + 45*e/13) + x**12*(15*d/4 + 10*e) + x**11*(120*d/11 + 210*e/11) + x**10*(21*d + 126*e/5) + x**9*(28*d + 70*e/3) + x**8*(105*d/4 + 15*e) + x**7*(120*d/7 + 45*e/7) + x**6*(15*d/2 + 5*e/3) + x**5*(2*d + e/5)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int x^3(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{15} ex^{15} + \frac{1}{14} (d+10e)x^{14} + \frac{5}{13} (2d+9e)x^{13} \\ + \frac{5}{4} (3d+8e)x^{12} + \frac{30}{11} (4d+7e)x^{11} \\ + \frac{21}{5} (5d+6e)x^{10} + \frac{14}{3} (6d+5e)x^9 \\ + \frac{15}{4} (7d+4e)x^8 + \frac{15}{7} (8d+3e)x^7 \\ + \frac{5}{6} (9d+2e)x^6 + \frac{1}{5} (10d+e)x^5 + \frac{1}{4} dx^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/15*e*x^15 + 1/14*(d + 10*e)*x^14 + 5/13*(2*d + 9*e)*x^13 + 5/4*(3*d + 8*e)*x^12 + 30/11*(4*d + 7*e)*x^11 + 21/5*(5*d + 6*e)*x^10 + 14/3*(6*d + 5*e)*x^9 + 15/4*(7*d + 4*e)*x^8 + 15/7*(8*d + 3*e)*x^7 + 5/6*(9*d + 2*e)*x^6 + 1/5*(10*d + e)*x^5 + 1/4*d*x^4`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 133 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int x^3(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{15} ex^{15} + \frac{1}{14} dx^{14} + \frac{5}{7} ex^{14} + \frac{10}{13} dx^{13} + \frac{45}{13} ex^{13} + \frac{15}{4} dx^{12} \\ + 10 ex^{12} + \frac{120}{11} dx^{11} + \frac{210}{11} ex^{11} + 21 dx^{10} + \frac{126}{5} ex^{10} \\ + 28 dx^9 + \frac{70}{3} ex^9 + \frac{105}{4} dx^8 + 15 ex^8 + \frac{120}{7} dx^7 \\ + \frac{45}{7} ex^7 + \frac{15}{2} dx^6 + \frac{5}{3} ex^6 + 2 dx^5 + \frac{1}{5} ex^5 + \frac{1}{4} dx^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/15*e*x^15 + 1/14*d*x^14 + 5/7*e*x^14 + 10/13*d*x^13 + 45/13*e*x^13 + 15/
4*d*x^12 + 10*e*x^12 + 120/11*d*x^11 + 210/11*e*x^11 + 21*d*x^10 + 126/5*e
*x^10 + 28*d*x^9 + 70/3*e*x^9 + 105/4*d*x^8 + 15*e*x^8 + 120/7*d*x^7 + 45/
7*e*x^7 + 15/2*d*x^6 + 5/3*e*x^6 + 2*d*x^5 + 1/5*e*x^5 + 1/4*d*x^4
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int x^3(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{ex^{15}}{15} + \left(\frac{d}{14} + \frac{5e}{7}\right)x^{14} + \left(\frac{10d}{13} + \frac{45e}{13}\right)x^{13} \\ + \left(\frac{15d}{4} + 10e\right)x^{12} + \left(\frac{120d}{11} + \frac{210e}{11}\right)x^{11} \\ + \left(21d + \frac{126e}{5}\right)x^{10} + \left(28d + \frac{70e}{3}\right)x^9 \\ + \left(\frac{105d}{4} + 15e\right)x^8 + \left(\frac{120d}{7} + \frac{45e}{7}\right)x^7 \\ + \left(\frac{15d}{2} + \frac{5e}{3}\right)x^6 + \left(2d + \frac{e}{5}\right)x^5 + \frac{dx^4}{4}$$

input

```
int(x^3*(d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5,x)
```

output

```
x^5*(2*d + e/5) + x^6*((15*d)/2 + (5*e)/3) + x^12*((15*d)/4 + 10*e) + x^14
*(d/14 + (5*e)/7) + x^13*((10*d)/13 + (45*e)/13) + x^9*(28*d + (70*e)/3) +
x^8*((105*d)/4 + 15*e) + x^10*(21*d + (126*e)/5) + x^7*((120*d)/7 + (45*e
)/7) + x^11*((120*d)/11 + (210*e)/11) + (d*x^4)/4 + (e*x^15)/15
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int x^3(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx \\ = \frac{x^4(4004ex^{11} + 4290dx^{10} + 42900ex^{10} + 46200dx^9 + 207900ex^9 + 225225dx^8 + 600600ex^8 + 655200d$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x)`

output `(x**4*(4290*d*x**10 + 46200*d*x**9 + 225225*d*x**8 + 655200*d*x**7 + 1261260*d*x**6 + 1681680*d*x**5 + 1576575*d*x**4 + 1029600*d*x**3 + 450450*d*x**2 + 120120*d*x + 15015*d + 4004*e*x**11 + 42900*e*x**10 + 207900*e*x**9 + 600600*e*x**8 + 1146600*e*x**7 + 1513512*e*x**6 + 1401400*e*x**5 + 900900*e*x**4 + 386100*e*x**3 + 100100*e*x**2 + 12012*e*x))/60060`

3.193 $\int x^2(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx$

Optimal result	1692
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1692
Rubi [A] (verified)	1693
Maple [B] (verified)	1694
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1695
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1695
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1696
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1697
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1698
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1698

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x^2(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{11}(d - e)(1 + x)^{11} - \frac{1}{12}(2d - 3e)(1 + x)^{12} + \frac{1}{13}(d - 3e)(1 + x)^{13} + \frac{1}{14}e(1 + x)^{14}$$

output

```
1/11*(d-e)*(1+x)^11-1/12*(2*d-3*e)*(1+x)^12+1/13*(d-3*e)*(1+x)^13+1/14*e*(1+x)^14
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 148 vs. 2(55) = 110.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int x^2(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx = \frac{dx^3}{3} + \frac{1}{4}(10d + e)x^4 + (9d + 2e)x^5 + \frac{5}{2}(8d + 3e)x^6 + \frac{30}{7}(7d + 4e)x^7 + \frac{21}{4}(6d + 5e)x^8 + \frac{14}{3}(5d + 6e)x^9 + 3(4d + 7e)x^{10} + \frac{15}{11}(3d + 8e)x^{11} + \frac{5}{12}(2d + 9e)x^{12} + \frac{1}{13}(d + 10e)x^{13} + \frac{ex^{14}}{14}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]`

output $(d*x^3)/3 + ((10*d + e)*x^4)/4 + (9*d + 2*e)*x^5 + (5*(8*d + 3*e)*x^6)/2 + (30*(7*d + 4*e)*x^7)/7 + (21*(6*d + 5*e)*x^8)/4 + (14*(5*d + 6*e)*x^9)/3 + 3*(4*d + 7*e)*x^{10} + (15*(3*d + 8*e)*x^{11})/11 + (5*(2*d + 9*e)*x^{12})/12 + ((d + 10*e)*x^{13})/13 + (e*x^{14})/14$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1184, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5(d + ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int x^2(x + 1)^{10}(d + ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int ((x + 1)^{12}(d - 3e) + (x + 1)^{11}(3e - 2d) + (x + 1)^{10}(d - e) + e(x + 1)^{13}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{13}(x + 1)^{13}(d - 3e) - \frac{1}{12}(x + 1)^{12}(2d - 3e) + \frac{1}{11}(x + 1)^{11}(d - e) + \frac{1}{14}e(x + 1)^{14}$$

input `Int[x^2*(d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]`

output $((d - e)*(1 + x)^{11})/11 - ((2*d - 3*e)*(1 + x)^{12})/12 + ((d - 3*e)*(1 + x)^{13})/13 + (e*(1 + x)^{14})/14$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_
) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 123 vs. $2(47) = 94$.

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

method	result
norman	$\frac{dx^3}{3} + \left(\frac{5d}{2} + \frac{e}{4}\right)x^4 + (9d + 2e)x^5 + \left(20d + \frac{15e}{2}\right)x^6 + \left(30d + \frac{120e}{7}\right)x^7 + \left(\frac{63d}{2} + \frac{105e}{4}\right)x^8 + \dots$
default	$\frac{x^{14}e}{14} + \frac{(d+10e)x^{13}}{13} + \frac{(10d+45e)x^{12}}{12} + \frac{(45d+120e)x^{11}}{11} + \frac{(120d+210e)x^{10}}{10} + \frac{(210d+252e)x^9}{9} + \frac{(252d+210e)x^8}{8} - \dots$
gospers	$x^3(858ex^{11}+924dx^{10}+9240e^{10}+10010dx^9+45045e^9+49140dx^8+131040ex^8+144144dx^7+252252ex^7+280280dx^6+3\dots)$
risch	$\frac{1}{14}x^{14}e + \frac{1}{13}dx^{13} + \frac{10}{13}x^{13}e + \frac{5}{6}dx^{12} + \frac{15}{4}x^{12}e + \frac{45}{11}x^{11}d + \frac{120}{11}ex^{11} + 12dx^{10} + 21ex^{10} + \frac{70}{3}d\dots$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{14}x^{14}e + \frac{1}{13}dx^{13} + \frac{10}{13}x^{13}e + \frac{5}{6}dx^{12} + \frac{15}{4}x^{12}e + \frac{45}{11}x^{11}d + \frac{120}{11}ex^{11} + 12dx^{10} + 21ex^{10} + \frac{70}{3}d\dots$
orering	$x^3(858ex^{11}+924dx^{10}+9240e^{10}+10010dx^9+45045e^9+49140dx^8+131040ex^8+144144dx^7+252252ex^7+280280dx^6+3\dots)$

input

```
int(x^2*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*d*x^3+(5/2*d+1/4*e)*x^4+(9*d+2*e)*x^5+(20*d+15/2*e)*x^6+(30*d+120/7*e)
*x^7+(63/2*d+105/4*e)*x^8+(70/3*d+28*e)*x^9+(12*d+21*e)*x^10+(45/11*d+120/
11*e)*x^11+(5/6*d+15/4*e)*x^12+(1/13*d+10/13*e)*x^13+1/14*x^14*e
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 128 vs. $2(47) = 94$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int x^2(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{14} ex^{14} + \frac{1}{13} (d+10e)x^{13} + \frac{5}{12} (2d+9e)x^{12} \\ + \frac{15}{11} (3d+8e)x^{11} + 3(4d+7e)x^{10} \\ + \frac{14}{3} (5d+6e)x^9 + \frac{21}{4} (6d+5e)x^8 \\ + \frac{30}{7} (7d+4e)x^7 + \frac{5}{2} (8d+3e)x^6 \\ + (9d+2e)x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (10d+e)x^4 + \frac{1}{3} dx^3$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/14*e*x^14 + 1/13*(d + 10*e)*x^13 + 5/12*(2*d + 9*e)*x^12 + 15/11*(3*d +
8*e)*x^11 + 3*(4*d + 7*e)*x^10 + 14/3*(5*d + 6*e)*x^9 + 21/4*(6*d + 5*e)*x
^8 + 30/7*(7*d + 4*e)*x^7 + 5/2*(8*d + 3*e)*x^6 + (9*d + 2*e)*x^5 + 1/4*(1
0*d + e)*x^4 + 1/3*d*x^3
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 133 vs. $2(44) = 88$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int x^2(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{dx^3}{3} + \frac{ex^{14}}{14} + x^{13}\left(\frac{d}{13} + \frac{10e}{13}\right) + x^{12} \cdot \left(\frac{5d}{6} + \frac{15e}{4}\right) + x^{11} \cdot \left(\frac{45d}{11} + \frac{120e}{11}\right) + x^{10} \cdot (12d+21e) + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{70d}{3} + 28e\right) + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{63d}{2} + \frac{105e}{4}\right) + x^7 \cdot \left(30d + \frac{120e}{7}\right) + x^6 \cdot \left(20d + \frac{15e}{2}\right) + x^5 \cdot (9d+2e) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{5d}{2} + \frac{e}{4}\right)$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5,x)`

output `d*x**3/3 + e*x**14/14 + x**13*(d/13 + 10*e/13) + x**12*(5*d/6 + 15*e/4) + x**11*(45*d/11 + 120*e/11) + x**10*(12*d + 21*e) + x**9*(70*d/3 + 28*e) + x**8*(63*d/2 + 105*e/4) + x**7*(30*d + 120*e/7) + x**6*(20*d + 15*e/2) + x**5*(9*d + 2*e) + x**4*(5*d/2 + e/4)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 128 vs. $2(47) = 94$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int x^2(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{14}ex^{14} + \frac{1}{13}(d+10e)x^{13} + \frac{5}{12}(2d+9e)x^{12} + \frac{15}{11}(3d+8e)x^{11} + 3(4d+7e)x^{10} + \frac{14}{3}(5d+6e)x^9 + \frac{21}{4}(6d+5e)x^8 + \frac{30}{7}(7d+4e)x^7 + \frac{5}{2}(8d+3e)x^6 + (9d+2e)x^5 + \frac{1}{4}(10d+e)x^4 + \frac{1}{3}dx^3$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/14*e*x^14 + 1/13*(d + 10*e)*x^13 + 5/12*(2*d + 9*e)*x^12 + 15/11*(3*d +
8*e)*x^11 + 3*(4*d + 7*e)*x^10 + 14/3*(5*d + 6*e)*x^9 + 21/4*(6*d + 5*e)*x
^8 + 30/7*(7*d + 4*e)*x^7 + 5/2*(8*d + 3*e)*x^6 + (9*d + 2*e)*x^5 + 1/4*(1
0*d + e)*x^4 + 1/3*d*x^3
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 133 vs. $2(47) = 94$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int x^2(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{14} ex^{14} + \frac{1}{13} dx^{13} + \frac{10}{13} ex^{13} + \frac{5}{6} dx^{12} + \frac{15}{4} ex^{12} + \frac{45}{11} dx^{11} \\ + \frac{120}{11} ex^{11} + 12 dx^{10} + 21 ex^{10} + \frac{70}{3} dx^9 + 28 ex^9 \\ + \frac{63}{2} dx^8 + \frac{105}{4} ex^8 + 30 dx^7 + \frac{120}{7} ex^7 + 20 dx^6 \\ + \frac{15}{2} ex^6 + 9 dx^5 + 2 ex^5 + \frac{5}{2} dx^4 + \frac{1}{4} ex^4 + \frac{1}{3} dx^3$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/14*e*x^14 + 1/13*d*x^13 + 10/13*e*x^13 + 5/6*d*x^12 + 15/4*e*x^12 + 45/1
1*d*x^11 + 120/11*e*x^11 + 12*d*x^10 + 21*e*x^10 + 70/3*d*x^9 + 28*e*x^9 +
63/2*d*x^8 + 105/4*e*x^8 + 30*d*x^7 + 120/7*e*x^7 + 20*d*x^6 + 15/2*e*x^6
+ 9*d*x^5 + 2*e*x^5 + 5/2*d*x^4 + 1/4*e*x^4 + 1/3*d*x^3
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int x^2(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{ex^{14}}{14} + \left(\frac{d}{13} + \frac{10e}{13}\right)x^{13} + \left(\frac{5d}{6} + \frac{15e}{4}\right)x^{12} \\ + \left(\frac{45d}{11} + \frac{120e}{11}\right)x^{11} + (12d+21e)x^{10} \\ + \left(\frac{70d}{3} + 28e\right)x^9 + \left(\frac{63d}{2} + \frac{105e}{4}\right)x^8 \\ + \left(30d + \frac{120e}{7}\right)x^7 + \left(20d + \frac{15e}{2}\right)x^6 \\ + (9d+2e)x^5 + \left(\frac{5d}{2} + \frac{e}{4}\right)x^4 + \frac{dx^3}{3}$$

input `int(x^2*(d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5,x)`output `x^4*((5*d)/2 + e/4) + x^5*(9*d + 2*e) + x^12*((5*d)/6 + (15*e)/4) + x^6*(20*d + (15*e)/2) + x^10*(12*d + 21*e) + x^13*(d/13 + (10*e)/13) + x^9*((70*d)/3 + 28*e) + x^7*(30*d + (120*e)/7) + x^8*((63*d)/2 + (105*e)/4) + x^11*((45*d)/11 + (120*e)/11) + (d*x^3)/3 + (e*x^14)/14`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int x^2(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx \\ = \frac{x^3(858ex^{11} + 924dx^{10} + 9240ex^{10} + 10010dx^9 + 45045ex^9 + 49140dx^8 + 131040ex^8 + 144144dx^7 +$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x)`

output

```
(x**3*(924*d*x**10 + 10010*d*x**9 + 49140*d*x**8 + 144144*d*x**7 + 280280*  
d*x**6 + 378378*d*x**5 + 360360*d*x**4 + 240240*d*x**3 + 108108*d*x**2 + 3  
0030*d*x + 4004*d + 858*e*x**11 + 9240*e*x**10 + 45045*e*x**9 + 131040*e*x  
**8 + 252252*e*x**7 + 336336*e*x**6 + 315315*e*x**5 + 205920*e*x**4 + 9009  
0*e*x**3 + 24024*e*x**2 + 3003*e*x))/12012
```


3.194 $\int x(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx$

Optimal result	1700
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1700
Rubi [A] (verified)	1701
Maple [B] (verified)	1702
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1703
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1703
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1704
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1704
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1705
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1706

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int x(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{11}(d - e)(1 + x)^{11} + \frac{1}{12}(d - 2e)(1 + x)^{12} + \frac{1}{13}e(1 + x)^{13}$$

output `-1/11*(d-e)*(1+x)^11+1/12*(d-2*e)*(1+x)^12+1/13*e*(1+x)^13`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 147 vs. $2(39) = 78$.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.77

$$\begin{aligned} \int x(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx = & \frac{dx^2}{2} + \frac{1}{3}(10d + e)x^3 + \frac{5}{4}(9d + 2e)x^4 \\ & + 3(8d + 3e)x^5 + 5(7d + 4e)x^6 + 6(6d + 5e)x^7 \\ & + \frac{21}{4}(5d + 6e)x^8 + \frac{10}{3}(4d + 7e)x^9 + \frac{3}{2}(3d + 8e)x^{10} \\ & + \frac{5}{11}(2d + 9e)x^{11} + \frac{1}{12}(d + 10e)x^{12} + \frac{ex^{13}}{13} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[x*(d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (d*x^2)/2 + ((10*d + e)*x^3)/3 + (5*(9*d + 2*e)*x^4)/4 + 3*(8*d + 3*e)*x^5 \\ & + 5*(7*d + 4*e)*x^6 + 6*(6*d + 5*e)*x^7 + (21*(5*d + 6*e)*x^8)/4 + (10*(4 \\ & *d + 7*e)*x^9)/3 + (3*(3*d + 8*e)*x^{10})/2 + (5*(2*d + 9*e)*x^{11})/11 + ((d \\ & + 10*e)*x^{12})/12 + (e*x^{13})/13 \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \int x(x + 1)^{10} (d + ex) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \int ((x + 1)^{11} (d - 2e) + (x + 1)^{10} (e - d) + e(x + 1)^{12}) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{1}{12} (x + 1)^{12} (d - 2e) - \frac{1}{11} (x + 1)^{11} (d - e) + \frac{1}{13} e (x + 1)^{13} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[x*(d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]
```

output

```
-1/11*((d - e)*(1 + x)^11) + ((d - 2*e)*(1 + x)^12)/12 + (e*(1 + x)^13)/13
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 85 Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

```
rule 1184 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 123 vs. 2(33) = 66.

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.18

method	result
norman	$\frac{x^{13}e}{13} + (\frac{d}{12} + \frac{5e}{6})x^{12} + (\frac{10d}{11} + \frac{45e}{11})x^{11} + (\frac{9d}{2} + 12e)x^{10} + (\frac{40d}{3} + \frac{70e}{3})x^9 + (\frac{105d}{4} + \frac{63e}{2})x^8$
default	$\frac{x^{13}e}{13} + \frac{(d+10e)x^{12}}{12} + \frac{(10d+45e)x^{11}}{11} + \frac{(45d+120e)x^{10}}{10} + \frac{(120d+210e)x^9}{9} + \frac{(210d+252e)x^8}{8} + \frac{(252d+210e)x^7}{7} +$
gospers	$x^2(132ex^{11}+143dx^{10}+1430ex^{10}+1560dx^9+7020ex^9+7722dx^8+20592ex^8+22880dx^7+40040ex^7+45045dx^6+54054ex^5+1716e^2x^4)$
risch	$\frac{1}{13}x^{13}e + \frac{1}{12}dx^{12} + \frac{5}{6}x^{12}e + \frac{10}{11}x^{11}d + \frac{45}{11}ex^{11} + \frac{9}{2}dx^{10} + 12ex^{10} + \frac{40}{3}dx^9 + \frac{70}{3}ex^9 + \frac{105}{4}dx^8$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{13}x^{13}e + \frac{1}{12}dx^{12} + \frac{5}{6}x^{12}e + \frac{10}{11}x^{11}d + \frac{45}{11}ex^{11} + \frac{9}{2}dx^{10} + 12ex^{10} + \frac{40}{3}dx^9 + \frac{70}{3}ex^9 + \frac{105}{4}dx^8$
orering	$x^2(132ex^{11}+143dx^{10}+1430ex^{10}+1560dx^9+7020ex^9+7722dx^8+20592ex^8+22880dx^7+40040ex^7+45045dx^6+54054ex^5+1716e^2x^4)$

```
input int(x*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/13*x^13*e+(1/12*d+5/6*e)*x^12+(10/11*d+45/11*e)*x^11+(9/2*d+12*e)*x^10+(
40/3*d+70/3*e)*x^9+(105/4*d+63/2*e)*x^8+(36*d+30*e)*x^7+(35*d+20*e)*x^6+(2
4*d+9*e)*x^5+(45/4*d+5/2*e)*x^4+(10/3*d+1/3*e)*x^3+1/2*d*x^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs. $2(33) = 66$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.31

$$\int x(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{13}ex^{13} + \frac{1}{12}(d+10e)x^{12} + \frac{5}{11}(2d+9e)x^{11} \\ + \frac{3}{2}(3d+8e)x^{10} + \frac{10}{3}(4d+7e)x^9 + \frac{21}{4}(5d+6e)x^8 \\ + 6(6d+5e)x^7 + 5(7d+4e)x^6 + 3(8d+3e)x^5 \\ + \frac{5}{4}(9d+2e)x^4 + \frac{1}{3}(10d+e)x^3 + \frac{1}{2}dx^2$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/13*e*x^13 + 1/12*(d + 10*e)*x^12 + 5/11*(2*d + 9*e)*x^11 + 3/2*(3*d + 8*
e)*x^10 + 10/3*(4*d + 7*e)*x^9 + 21/4*(5*d + 6*e)*x^8 + 6*(6*d + 5*e)*x^7
+ 5*(7*d + 4*e)*x^6 + 3*(8*d + 3*e)*x^5 + 5/4*(9*d + 2*e)*x^4 + 1/3*(10*d
+ e)*x^3 + 1/2*d*x^2
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 133 vs. $2(31) = 62$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.41

$$\int x(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{dx^2}{2} + \frac{ex^{13}}{13} + x^{12} \left(\frac{d}{12} + \frac{5e}{6} \right) + x^{11} \cdot \left(\frac{10d}{11} + \frac{45e}{11} \right) \\ + x^{10} \cdot \left(\frac{9d}{2} + 12e \right) + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{40d}{3} + \frac{70e}{3} \right) + x^8 \\ \cdot \left(\frac{105d}{4} + \frac{63e}{2} \right) + x^7 \cdot (36d + 30e) + x^6 \cdot (35d + 20e) \\ + x^5 \cdot (24d + 9e) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{45d}{4} + \frac{5e}{2} \right) + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{10d}{3} + \frac{e}{3} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5,x)`

output `d*x**2/2 + e*x**13/13 + x**12*(d/12 + 5*e/6) + x**11*(10*d/11 + 45*e/11) + x**10*(9*d/2 + 12*e) + x**9*(40*d/3 + 70*e/3) + x**8*(105*d/4 + 63*e/2) + x**7*(36*d + 30*e) + x**6*(35*d + 20*e) + x**5*(24*d + 9*e) + x**4*(45*d/4 + 5*e/2) + x**3*(10*d/3 + e/3)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs. $2(33) = 66$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.31

$$\int x(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{13}ex^{13} + \frac{1}{12}(d+10e)x^{12} + \frac{5}{11}(2d+9e)x^{11} + \frac{3}{2}(3d+8e)x^{10} + \frac{10}{3}(4d+7e)x^9 + \frac{21}{4}(5d+6e)x^8 + 6(6d+5e)x^7 + 5(7d+4e)x^6 + 3(8d+3e)x^5 + \frac{5}{4}(9d+2e)x^4 + \frac{1}{3}(10d+e)x^3 + \frac{1}{2}dx^2$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/13*e*x^13 + 1/12*(d + 10*e)*x^12 + 5/11*(2*d + 9*e)*x^11 + 3/2*(3*d + 8*e)*x^10 + 10/3*(4*d + 7*e)*x^9 + 21/4*(5*d + 6*e)*x^8 + 6*(6*d + 5*e)*x^7 + 5*(7*d + 4*e)*x^6 + 3*(8*d + 3*e)*x^5 + 5/4*(9*d + 2*e)*x^4 + 1/3*(10*d + e)*x^3 + 1/2*d*x^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 133 vs. $2(33) = 66$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.41

$$\int x(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{13} ex^{13} + \frac{1}{12} dx^{12} + \frac{5}{6} ex^{12} + \frac{10}{11} dx^{11} + \frac{45}{11} ex^{11} \\ + \frac{9}{2} dx^{10} + 12 ex^{10} + \frac{40}{3} dx^9 + \frac{70}{3} ex^9 + \frac{105}{4} dx^8 \\ + \frac{63}{2} ex^8 + 36 dx^7 + 30 ex^7 + 35 dx^6 + 20 ex^6 + 24 dx^5 \\ + 9 ex^5 + \frac{45}{4} dx^4 + \frac{5}{2} ex^4 + \frac{10}{3} dx^3 + \frac{1}{3} ex^3 + \frac{1}{2} dx^2$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/13*e*x^13 + 1/12*d*x^12 + 5/6*e*x^12 + 10/11*d*x^11 + 45/11*e*x^11 + 9/2
*d*x^10 + 12*e*x^10 + 40/3*d*x^9 + 70/3*e*x^9 + 105/4*d*x^8 + 63/2*e*x^8 +
36*d*x^7 + 30*e*x^7 + 35*d*x^6 + 20*e*x^6 + 24*d*x^5 + 9*e*x^5 + 45/4*d*x
^4 + 5/2*e*x^4 + 10/3*d*x^3 + 1/3*e*x^3 + 1/2*d*x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.15

$$\int x(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{ex^{13}}{13} + \left(\frac{d}{12} + \frac{5e}{6}\right) x^{12} + \left(\frac{10d}{11} + \frac{45e}{11}\right) x^{11} \\ + \left(\frac{9d}{2} + 12e\right) x^{10} + \left(\frac{40d}{3} + \frac{70e}{3}\right) x^9 \\ + \left(\frac{105d}{4} + \frac{63e}{2}\right) x^8 + (36d + 30e) x^7 \\ + (35d + 20e) x^6 + (24d + 9e) x^5 \\ + \left(\frac{45d}{4} + \frac{5e}{2}\right) x^4 + \left(\frac{10d}{3} + \frac{e}{3}\right) x^3 + \frac{dx^2}{2}$$

input `int(x*(d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5,x)`

output

$$x^3 \left(\frac{10d}{3} + \frac{e}{3} \right) + x^{10} \left(\frac{9d}{2} + 12e \right) + x^{12} \left(\frac{d}{12} + \frac{5e}{6} \right) + x^5 \left(24d + 9e \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{45d}{4} + \frac{5e}{2} \right) + x^6 \left(35d + 20e \right) + x^7 \left(36d + 30e \right) + x^{11} \left(\frac{10d}{11} + \frac{45e}{11} \right) + x^9 \left(\frac{40d}{3} + \frac{70e}{3} \right) + x^8 \left(\frac{105d}{4} + \frac{63e}{2} \right) + \frac{d x^2}{2} + \frac{e x^{13}}{13}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.36

$$\int x(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^2(132ex^{11} + 143dx^{10} + 1430ex^{10} + 1560dx^9 + 7020ex^9 + 7722dx^8 + 20592ex^8 + 22880dx^7 + 40040e^2x^6 + 61776dx^5 + 60060d^2x^4 + 41184dx^3 + 19305d^2x^2 + 5720dx + 858d + 132e^2x^{11} + 1430e^2x^{10} + 7020e^2x^9 + 20592e^2x^8 + 40040e^2x^7 + 54054e^2x^6 + 51480e^2x^5 + 34320e^2x^4 + 15444e^2x^3 + 4290e^2x^2 + 572e^2x)}{1716}$$

input

```
int(x*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x)
```

output

```
(x**2*(143*d*x**10 + 1560*d*x**9 + 7722*d*x**8 + 22880*d*x**7 + 45045*d*x**6 + 61776*d*x**5 + 60060*d*x**4 + 41184*d*x**3 + 19305*d*x**2 + 5720*d*x + 858*d + 132*e*x**11 + 1430*e*x**10 + 7020*e*x**9 + 20592*e*x**8 + 40040*e*x**7 + 54054*e*x**6 + 51480*e*x**5 + 34320*e*x**4 + 15444*e*x**3 + 4290*e*x**2 + 572*e*x))/1716
```

3.195 $\int (d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx$

Optimal result	1707
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1707
Rubi [A] (verified)	1708
Maple [B] (verified)	1709
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1710
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1710
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1711
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1711
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1712
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1713

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int (d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{11}(d - e)(1 + x)^{11} + \frac{1}{12}e(1 + x)^{12}$$

output

```
1/11*(d-e)*(1+x)^11+1/12*e*(1+x)^12
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 113 vs. $2(25) = 50$.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.52

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx = & \frac{1}{132}ex^2(66 + 440x + 1485x^2 + 3168x^3 + 4620x^4 \\ & + 4752x^5 + 3465x^6 + 1760x^7 + 594x^8 + 120x^9 + 11x^{10}) \\ & + d\left(x + 5x^2 + 15x^3 + 30x^4 + 42x^5 + 42x^6 + 30x^7 \right. \\ & \left. + 15x^8 + 5x^9 + x^{10} + \frac{x^{11}}{11}\right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]
```


output

```
(e*x^2*(66 + 440*x + 1485*x^2 + 3168*x^3 + 4620*x^4 + 4752*x^5 + 3465*x^6
+ 1760*x^7 + 594*x^8 + 120*x^9 + 11*x^10))/132 + d*(x + 5*x^2 + 15*x^3 + 3
0*x^4 + 42*x^5 + 42*x^6 + 30*x^7 + 15*x^8 + 5*x^9 + x^10 + x^11/11)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {1098, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1098$$

$$\int (x + 1)^{10} (d + ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int ((x + 1)^{10} (d - e) + e(x + 1)^{11}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{11} (x + 1)^{11} (d - e) + \frac{1}{12} e (x + 1)^{12}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]
```

output

```
((d - e)*(1 + x)^11)/11 + (e*(1 + x)^12)/12
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 1098 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 118 vs. 2(21) = 42.

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.76

method	result
norman	$\frac{x^{12}e}{12} + \left(\frac{d}{11} + \frac{10e}{11}\right)x^{11} + \left(d + \frac{9e}{2}\right)x^{10} + \left(5d + \frac{40e}{3}\right)x^9 + \left(15d + \frac{105e}{4}\right)x^8 + (30d + 36e)x^7 +$
default	$\frac{x^{12}e}{12} + \frac{(d+10e)x^{11}}{11} + \frac{(10d+45e)x^{10}}{10} + \frac{(45d+120e)x^9}{9} + \frac{(120d+210e)x^8}{8} + \frac{(210d+252e)x^7}{7} + \frac{(252d+210e)x^6}{6} +$
gospers	$x(11e x^{11}+12d x^{10}+120e x^{10}+132d x^9+594e x^9+660d x^8+1760e x^8+1980d x^7+3465e x^7+3960d x^6+4752e x^6+5544d x^5+132$
risch	$\frac{1}{12}x^{12}e + \frac{1}{11}x^{11}d + \frac{10}{11}e x^{11} + d x^{10} + \frac{9}{2}e x^{10} + 5d x^9 + \frac{40}{3}e x^9 + 15d x^8 + \frac{105}{4}e x^8 + 30d x^7 +$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{12}x^{12}e + \frac{1}{11}x^{11}d + \frac{10}{11}e x^{11} + d x^{10} + \frac{9}{2}e x^{10} + 5d x^9 + \frac{40}{3}e x^9 + 15d x^8 + \frac{105}{4}e x^8 + 30d x^7 +$
orering	$\frac{x(11e x^{11}+12d x^{10}+120e x^{10}+132d x^9+594e x^9+660d x^8+1760e x^8+1980d x^7+3465e x^7+3960d x^6+4752e x^6+5544d x^5+132(x+1)^{10}}$

input `int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/12*x^12*e+(1/11*d+10/11*e)*x^11+(d+9/2*e)*x^10+(5*d+40/3*e)*x^9+(15*d+10/4*e)*x^8+(30*d+36*e)*x^7+(42*d+35*e)*x^6+(42*d+24*e)*x^5+(30*d+45/4*e)*x^4+(15*d+10/3*e)*x^3+(5*d+1/2*e)*x^2+d*x`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 126 vs. $2(21) = 42$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.04

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex) (1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx &= \frac{1}{12} ex^{12} + \frac{1}{11} (d + 10e)x^{11} + \frac{1}{2} (2d + 9e)x^{10} \\ &+ \frac{5}{3} (3d + 8e)x^9 + \frac{15}{4} (4d + 7e)x^8 + 6(5d + 6e)x^7 \\ &+ 7(6d + 5e)x^6 + 6(7d + 4e)x^5 + \frac{15}{4} (8d + 3e)x^4 \\ &+ \frac{5}{3} (9d + 2e)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (10d + e)x^2 + dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*e*x^12 + 1/11*(d + 10*e)*x^11 + 1/2*(2*d + 9*e)*x^10 + 5/3*(3*d + 8*e)*x^9 + 15/4*(4*d + 7*e)*x^8 + 6*(5*d + 6*e)*x^7 + 7*(6*d + 5*e)*x^6 + 6*(7*d + 4*e)*x^5 + 15/4*(8*d + 3*e)*x^4 + 5/3*(9*d + 2*e)*x^3 + 1/2*(10*d + e)*x^2 + d*x`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 119 vs. $2(19) = 38$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.76

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex) (1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx &= dx + \frac{ex^{12}}{12} + x^{11} \left(\frac{d}{11} + \frac{10e}{11} \right) + x^{10} \left(d + \frac{9e}{2} \right) \\ &+ x^9 \cdot \left(5d + \frac{40e}{3} \right) + x^8 \cdot \left(15d + \frac{105e}{4} \right) + x^7 \\ &\cdot (30d + 36e) + x^6 \cdot (42d + 35e) + x^5 \cdot (42d + 24e) + x^4 \\ &\cdot \left(30d + \frac{45e}{4} \right) + x^3 \cdot \left(15d + \frac{10e}{3} \right) + x^2 \cdot \left(5d + \frac{e}{2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5,x)`

output

```
d*x + e*x**12/12 + x**11*(d/11 + 10*e/11) + x**10*(d + 9*e/2) + x**9*(5*d
+ 40*e/3) + x**8*(15*d + 105*e/4) + x**7*(30*d + 36*e) + x**6*(42*d + 35*e
) + x**5*(42*d + 24*e) + x**4*(30*d + 45*e/4) + x**3*(15*d + 10*e/3) + x**
2*(5*d + e/2)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 126 vs. $2(21) = 42$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.04

$$\int (d + ex) (1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{12} ex^{12} + \frac{1}{11} (d + 10e)x^{11} + \frac{1}{2} (2d + 9e)x^{10} \\ + \frac{5}{3} (3d + 8e)x^9 + \frac{15}{4} (4d + 7e)x^8 + 6(5d + 6e)x^7 \\ + 7(6d + 5e)x^6 + 6(7d + 4e)x^5 + \frac{15}{4} (8d + 3e)x^4 \\ + \frac{5}{3} (9d + 2e)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (10d + e)x^2 + dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/12*e*x^12 + 1/11*(d + 10*e)*x^11 + 1/2*(2*d + 9*e)*x^10 + 5/3*(3*d + 8*e
)*x^9 + 15/4*(4*d + 7*e)*x^8 + 6*(5*d + 6*e)*x^7 + 7*(6*d + 5*e)*x^6 + 6*(
7*d + 4*e)*x^5 + 15/4*(8*d + 3*e)*x^4 + 5/3*(9*d + 2*e)*x^3 + 1/2*(10*d +
e)*x^2 + d*x
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs. $2(21) = 42$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.16

$$\int (d + ex) (1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{12} ex^{12} + \frac{1}{11} dx^{11} + \frac{10}{11} ex^{11} + dx^{10} + \frac{9}{2} ex^{10} + 5 dx^9 \\ + \frac{40}{3} ex^9 + 15 dx^8 + \frac{105}{4} ex^8 + 30 dx^7 + 36 ex^7 \\ + 42 dx^6 + 35 ex^6 + 42 dx^5 + 24 ex^5 + 30 dx^4 \\ + \frac{45}{4} ex^4 + 15 dx^3 + \frac{10}{3} ex^3 + 5 dx^2 + \frac{1}{2} ex^2 + dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/12*e*x^12 + 1/11*d*x^11 + 10/11*e*x^11 + d*x^10 + 9/2*e*x^10 + 5*d*x^9 + 40/3*e*x^9 + 15*d*x^8 + 105/4*e*x^8 + 30*d*x^7 + 36*e*x^7 + 42*d*x^6 + 35*e*x^6 + 42*d*x^5 + 24*e*x^5 + 30*d*x^4 + 45/4*e*x^4 + 15*d*x^3 + 10/3*e*x^3 + 5*d*x^2 + 1/2*e*x^2 + d*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.72

$$\int (d + ex) (1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx = \frac{ex^{12}}{12} + \left(\frac{d}{11} + \frac{10e}{11}\right) x^{11} + \left(d + \frac{9e}{2}\right) x^{10} + \left(5d + \frac{40e}{3}\right) x^9 + \left(15d + \frac{105e}{4}\right) x^8 + (30d + 36e) x^7 + (42d + 35e) x^6 + (42d + 24e) x^5 + \left(30d + \frac{45e}{4}\right) x^4 + \left(15d + \frac{10e}{3}\right) x^3 + \left(5d + \frac{e}{2}\right) x^2 + dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5,x)`

output `x^2*(5*d + e/2) + x^3*(15*d + (10*e)/3) + x^11*(d/11 + (10*e)/11) + x^9*(5*d + (40*e)/3) + x^5*(42*d + 24*e) + x^7*(30*d + 36*e) + x^4*(30*d + (45*e)/4) + x^6*(42*d + 35*e) + x^8*(15*d + (105*e)/4) + d*x + (e*x^12)/12 + x^10*(d + (9*e)/2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.16

$$\int (d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(11ex^{11} + 12dx^{10} + 120ex^{10} + 132dx^9 + 594ex^9 + 660dx^8 + 1760ex^8 + 1980dx^7 + 3465ex^7 + 3960dx^6 + 4620ex^6 + 3168ex^5 + 1485ex^4 + 440ex^3 + 66ex^2 + 11d)}{132}$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x)`output `(x*(12*d*x**10 + 132*d*x**9 + 660*d*x**8 + 1980*d*x**7 + 3960*d*x**6 + 5544*d*x**5 + 5544*d*x**4 + 3960*d*x**3 + 1980*d*x**2 + 660*d*x + 132*d + 11*e*x**11 + 120*e*x**10 + 594*e*x**9 + 1760*e*x**8 + 3465*e*x**7 + 4752*e*x**6 + 4620*e*x**5 + 3168*e*x**4 + 1485*e*x**3 + 440*e*x**2 + 66*e*x))/132`

3.196 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1714
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1714
Rubi [A] (verified)	1715
Maple [A] (verified)	1717
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1717
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1718
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1718
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1719
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1719
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1720

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x} dx = 10dx + \frac{45dx^2}{2} + 40dx^3 + \frac{105dx^4}{2} + \frac{252dx^5}{5} + 35dx^6 + \frac{120dx^7}{7} + \frac{45dx^8}{8} + \frac{10dx^9}{9} + \frac{dx^{10}}{10} + \frac{1}{11}e(1+x)^{11} + d \log(x)$$

```
output 10*d*x+45/2*d*x^2+40*d*x^3+105/2*d*x^4+252/5*d*x^5+35*d*x^6+120/7*d*x^7+45/8*d*x^8+10/9*d*x^9+1/10*d*x^10+1/11*e*(1+x)^11+d*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x} dx = \frac{1}{11}e(1+x)^{11} + d \left(\frac{7381}{2520} + 10x + \frac{45x^2}{2} + 40x^3 + \frac{105x^4}{2} + \frac{252x^5}{5} + 35x^6 + \frac{120x^7}{7} + \frac{45x^8}{8} + \frac{10x^9}{9} + \frac{x^{10}}{10} \right) + d \log(-x)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x,x]`

output `(e*(1 + x)^11)/11 + d*(7381/2520 + 10*x + (45*x^2)/2 + 40*x^3 + (105*x^4)/2 + (252*x^5)/5 + 35*x^6 + (120*x^7)/7 + (45*x^8)/8 + (10*x^9)/9 + x^10/10) + d*Log[-x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {1184, 90, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\
 & \int \frac{(x + 1)^{10} (d + ex)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\
 & d \int \frac{(x + 1)^{10}}{x} dx + \frac{1}{11} e (x + 1)^{11} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & d \int \left(x^9 + 10x^8 + 45x^7 + 120x^6 + 210x^5 + 252x^4 + 210x^3 + 120x^2 + 45x + 10 + \frac{1}{x} \right) dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{11} e (x + 1)^{11} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & d \left(\frac{x^{10}}{10} + \frac{10x^9}{9} + \frac{45x^8}{8} + \frac{120x^7}{7} + 35x^6 + \frac{252x^5}{5} + \frac{105x^4}{2} + 40x^3 + \frac{45x^2}{2} + 10x + \log(x) \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{11} e (x + 1)^{11}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x,x]`

output `(e*(1 + x)^11)/11 + d*(10*x + (45*x^2)/2 + 40*x^3 + (105*x^4)/2 + (252*x^5)/5 + 35*x^6 + (120*x^7)/7 + (45*x^8)/8 + (10*x^9)/9 + x^10/10 + Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
norman	$(10d + e)x + (35d + 42e)x^6 + (40d + 15e)x^3 + \left(\frac{d}{10} + e\right)x^{10} + \left(\frac{10d}{9} + 5e\right)x^9 + \left(\frac{45d}{2} + 5e\right)$
default	$\frac{ex^{11}}{11} + \frac{dx^{10}}{10} + ex^{10} + \frac{10dx^9}{9} + 5ex^9 + \frac{45dx^8}{8} + 15ex^8 + \frac{120dx^7}{7} + 30ex^7 + 35dx^6 + 42ex^6 +$
risch	$\frac{ex^{11}}{11} + \frac{dx^{10}}{10} + ex^{10} + \frac{10dx^9}{9} + 5ex^9 + \frac{45dx^8}{8} + 15ex^8 + \frac{120dx^7}{7} + 30ex^7 + 35dx^6 + 42ex^6 +$
parallelrisc	$\frac{ex^{11}}{11} + \frac{dx^{10}}{10} + ex^{10} + \frac{10dx^9}{9} + 5ex^9 + \frac{45dx^8}{8} + 15ex^8 + \frac{120dx^7}{7} + 30ex^7 + 35dx^6 + 42ex^6 +$

input `int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $(10*d+e)*x+(35*d+42*e)*x^6+(40*d+15*e)*x^3+(1/10*d+e)*x^{10}+(10/9*d+5*e)*x^9+(45/2*d+5*e)*x^2+(45/8*d+15*e)*x^8+(105/2*d+30*e)*x^4+(120/7*d+30*e)*x^7+(252/5*d+42*e)*x^5+1/11*e*x^{11}+d*\ln(x)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x} dx = \frac{1}{11} ex^{11} + \frac{1}{10} (d+10e)x^{10} + \frac{5}{9} (2d+9e)x^9 + \frac{15}{8} (3d+8e)x^8 + \frac{30}{7} (4d+7e)x^7 + 7(5d+6e)x^6 + \frac{42}{5} (6d+5e)x^5 + \frac{15}{2} (7d+4e)x^4 + 5(8d+3e)x^3 + \frac{5}{2} (9d+2e)x^2 + (10d+e)x + d \log(x)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/11*e*x^{11} + 1/10*(d + 10*e)*x^{10} + 5/9*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 + 15/8*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 30/7*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 7*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 42/5*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 15/2*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 5*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 5/2*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + (10*d + e)*x + d*\log(x)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x} dx = d \log(x) + \frac{ex^{11}}{11} + x^{10} \left(\frac{d}{10} + e \right) + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{10d}{9} + 5e \right) + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{45d}{8} + 15e \right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{120d}{7} + 30e \right) + x^6 \cdot (35d + 42e) + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{252d}{5} + 42e \right) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{105d}{2} + 30e \right) + x^3 \cdot (40d + 15e) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{45d}{2} + 5e \right) + x(10d + e)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x,x)`output `d*log(x) + e*x**11/11 + x**10*(d/10 + e) + x**9*(10*d/9 + 5*e) + x**8*(45*d/8 + 15*e) + x**7*(120*d/7 + 30*e) + x**6*(35*d + 42*e) + x**5*(252*d/5 + 42*e) + x**4*(105*d/2 + 30*e) + x**3*(40*d + 15*e) + x**2*(45*d/2 + 5*e) + x*(10*d + e)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x} dx = \frac{1}{11} ex^{11} + \frac{1}{10} (d+10e)x^{10} + \frac{5}{9} (2d+9e)x^9 + \frac{15}{8} (3d+8e)x^8 + \frac{30}{7} (4d+7e)x^7 + 7(5d+6e)x^6 + \frac{42}{5} (6d+5e)x^5 + \frac{15}{2} (7d+4e)x^4 + 5(8d+3e)x^3 + \frac{5}{2} (9d+2e)x^2 + (10d+e)x + d \log(x)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/11*e*x^11 + 1/10*(d + 10*e)*x^10 + 5/9*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 + 15/8*(3*d + 8*e)
)*x^8 + 30/7*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 7*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 42/5*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 +
15/2*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 5*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 5/2*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + (10*d + e
)*x + d*log(x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x} dx = \frac{1}{11} ex^{11} + \frac{1}{10} dx^{10} + ex^{10} + \frac{10}{9} dx^9 + 5ex^9 + \frac{45}{8} dx^8$$

$$+ 15ex^8 + \frac{120}{7} dx^7 + 30ex^7 + 35dx^6 + 42ex^6$$

$$+ \frac{252}{5} dx^5 + 42ex^5 + \frac{105}{2} dx^4 + 30ex^4 + 40dx^3$$

$$+ 15ex^3 + \frac{45}{2} dx^2 + 5ex^2 + 10dx + ex + d \log(|x|)$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/11*e*x^11 + 1/10*d*x^10 + e*x^10 + 10/9*d*x^9 + 5*e*x^9 + 45/8*d*x^8 + 1
5*e*x^8 + 120/7*d*x^7 + 30*e*x^7 + 35*d*x^6 + 42*e*x^6 + 252/5*d*x^5 + 42*
e*x^5 + 105/2*d*x^4 + 30*e*x^4 + 40*d*x^3 + 15*e*x^3 + 45/2*d*x^2 + 5*e*x^
2 + 10*d*x + e*x + d*log(abs(x))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x} dx = x^9 \left(\frac{10d}{9} + 5e \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{45d}{2} + 5e \right) + x^3 (40d + 15e)$$

$$+ x^8 \left(\frac{45d}{8} + 15e \right) + x^6 (35d + 42e) + x^4 \left(\frac{105d}{2} + 30e \right)$$

$$+ x^7 \left(\frac{120d}{7} + 30e \right) + x^5 \left(\frac{252d}{5} + 42e \right)$$

$$+ x(10d + e) + \frac{ex^{11}}{11} + d \ln(x) + x^{10} \left(\frac{d}{10} + e \right)$$

input `int(((d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x,x)`

output `x^9*((10*d)/9 + 5*e) + x^2*((45*d)/2 + 5*e) + x^3*(40*d + 15*e) + x^8*((45*d)/8 + 15*e) + x^6*(35*d + 42*e) + x^4*((105*d)/2 + 30*e) + x^7*((120*d)/7 + 30*e) + x^5*((252*d)/5 + 42*e) + x*(10*d + e) + (e*x^11)/11 + d*log(x) + x^10*(d/10 + e)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x} dx = \log(x) d + \frac{dx^{10}}{10} + \frac{10dx^9}{9} + \frac{45dx^8}{8} + \frac{120dx^7}{7} + 35dx^6 + \frac{252dx^5}{5} + \frac{105dx^4}{2} + 40dx^3 + \frac{45dx^2}{2} + 10dx + \frac{ex^{11}}{11} + ex^{10} + 5ex^9 + 15ex^8 + 30ex^7 + 42ex^6 + 42ex^5 + 30ex^4 + 15ex^3 + 5ex^2 + ex$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x,x)`

output `(27720*log(x)*d + 2772*d*x**10 + 30800*d*x**9 + 155925*d*x**8 + 475200*d*x**7 + 970200*d*x**6 + 1397088*d*x**5 + 1455300*d*x**4 + 1108800*d*x**3 + 623700*d*x**2 + 277200*d*x + 2520*e*x**11 + 27720*e*x**10 + 138600*e*x**9 + 415800*e*x**8 + 831600*e*x**7 + 1164240*e*x**6 + 1164240*e*x**5 + 831600*e*x**4 + 415800*e*x**3 + 138600*e*x**2 + 27720*e*x)/27720`

3.197 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1721
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1722
Rubi [A] (verified)	1722
Maple [A] (verified)	1724
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1724
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1725
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1725
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1726
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1726
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1727

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^2} dx = -\frac{d}{x} + 5(9d+2e)x + \frac{15}{2}(8d+3e)x^2 + 10(7d+4e)x^3 + \frac{21}{2}(6d+5e)x^4 + \frac{42}{5}(5d+6e)x^5 + 5(4d+7e)x^6 + \frac{15}{7}(3d+8e)x^7 + \frac{5}{8}(2d+9e)x^8 + \frac{1}{9}(d+10e)x^9 + \frac{ex^{10}}{10} + (10d+e)\log(x)$$

output

```
-d/x+5*(9*d+2*e)*x+15/2*(8*d+3*e)*x^2+10*(7*d+4*e)*x^3+21/2*(6*d+5*e)*x^4+
42/5*(5*d+6*e)*x^5+5*(4*d+7*e)*x^6+15/7*(3*d+8*e)*x^7+5/8*(2*d+9*e)*x^8+1/
9*(d+10*e)*x^9+1/10*e*x^10+(10*d+e)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^2} dx = -\frac{d}{x} + 5(9d + 2e)x + \frac{15}{2}(8d + 3e)x^2$$

$$+ 10(7d + 4e)x^3 + \frac{21}{2}(6d + 5e)x^4 + \frac{42}{5}(5d + 6e)x^5$$

$$+ 5(4d + 7e)x^6 + \frac{15}{7}(3d + 8e)x^7 + \frac{5}{8}(2d + 9e)x^8$$

$$+ \frac{1}{9}(d + 10e)x^9 + \frac{ex^{10}}{10} + (10d + e)\log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^2,x]
```

output

```
-(d/x) + 5*(9*d + 2*e)*x + (15*(8*d + 3*e)*x^2)/2 + 10*(7*d + 4*e)*x^3 + (
21*(6*d + 5*e)*x^4)/2 + (42*(5*d + 6*e)*x^5)/5 + 5*(4*d + 7*e)*x^6 + (15*(
3*d + 8*e)*x^7)/7 + (5*(2*d + 9*e)*x^8)/8 + ((d + 10*e)*x^9)/9 + (e*x^10)/
10 + (10*d + e)*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1184, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex)}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{(x + 1)^{10} (d + ex)}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(x^8(d + 10e) + 5x^7(2d + 9e) + 15x^6(3d + 8e) + 30x^5(4d + 7e) + 42x^4(5d + 6e) + 42x^3(6d + 5e) + 30x^2(7d + 4e) + 10x(8d + 3e) + 5x^2(8d + 3e) + 5x(9d + 2e) + (10d + e) \log(x) - \frac{d}{x} + \frac{ex^{10}}{10} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{9}x^9(d + 10e) + \frac{5}{8}x^8(2d + 9e) + \frac{15}{7}x^7(3d + 8e) + 5x^6(4d + 7e) + \frac{42}{5}x^5(5d + 6e) + \frac{21}{2}x^4(6d + 5e) + 10x^3(7d + 4e) + \frac{15}{2}x^2(8d + 3e) + 5x(9d + 2e) + (10d + e) \log(x) - \frac{d}{x} + \frac{ex^{10}}{10}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^2,x]`

output `-(d/x) + 5*(9*d + 2*e)*x + (15*(8*d + 3*e)*x^2)/2 + 10*(7*d + 4*e)*x^3 + (21*(6*d + 5*e)*x^4)/2 + (42*(5*d + 6*e)*x^5)/5 + 5*(4*d + 7*e)*x^6 + (15*(3*d + 8*e)*x^7)/7 + (5*(2*d + 9*e)*x^8)/8 + ((d + 10*e)*x^9)/9 + (e*x^10)/10 + (10*d + e)*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
norman	$(20d+35e)x^7+(42d+\frac{252e}{5})x^6+(45d+10e)x^2+(60d+\frac{45e}{2})x^3+(63d+\frac{105e}{2})x^5+(70d+40e)x^4+(\frac{d}{9}+\frac{10e}{9})x^{10}+(\frac{5d}{4}+\frac{45e}{8})x^9+$
default	$\frac{ex^{10}}{10} + \frac{dx^9}{9} + \frac{10ex^9}{9} + \frac{5dx^8}{4} + \frac{45ex^8}{8} + \frac{45dx^7}{7} + \frac{120ex^7}{7} + 20dx^6 + 35ex^6 + 42dx^5 + \frac{252x^5e}{5} +$
risch	$\frac{ex^{10}}{10} + \frac{dx^9}{9} + \frac{10ex^9}{9} + \frac{5dx^8}{4} + \frac{45ex^8}{8} + \frac{45dx^7}{7} + \frac{120ex^7}{7} + 20dx^6 + 35ex^6 + 42dx^5 + \frac{252x^5e}{5} +$
parallelrisch	$252ex^{11}+280dx^{10}+2800ex^{10}+3150dx^9+14175ex^9+16200dx^8+43200ex^8+50400dx^7+88200ex^7+105840dx^6+127008e$

input `int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((20*d+35*e)*x^7+(42*d+252/5*e)*x^6+(45*d+10*e)*x^2+(60*d+45/2*e)*x^3+(63*d+105/2*e)*x^5+(70*d+40*e)*x^4+(1/9*d+10/9*e)*x^10+(5/4*d+45/8*e)*x^9+(45/7*d+120/7*e)*x^8-d+1/10*e*x^11)/x+(10*d+e)*ln(x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{252ex^{11} + 280(d+10e)x^{10} + 1575(2d+9e)x^9 + 5400(3d+8e)x^8 + 12600(4d+7e)x^7 + 21168(5d+6e)x^6 + 26460(6d+5e)x^5 + 25200(7d+4e)x^4 + 18900(8d+3e)x^3 + 12600(9d+2e)x^2 + 2520(10d+e)x \log(x) - 2520d}{x}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2520*(252*e*x^11 + 280*(d + 10*e)*x^10 + 1575*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 + 5400*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 12600*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 21168*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 26460*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 25200*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 18900*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 12600*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 2520*(10*d + e)*x*log(x) - 2520*d)/x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^2} dx = -\frac{d}{x} + \frac{ex^{10}}{10} + x^9 \left(\frac{d}{9} + \frac{10e}{9} \right) + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{5d}{4} + \frac{45e}{8} \right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{45d}{7} + \frac{120e}{7} \right) + x^6 \cdot (20d + 35e) + x^5 \cdot \left(42d + \frac{252e}{5} \right) + x^4 \cdot \left(63d + \frac{105e}{2} \right) + x^3 \cdot (70d + 40e) + x^2 \cdot \left(60d + \frac{45e}{2} \right) + x(45d + 10e) + (10d + e) \log(x)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**2,x)`output `-d/x + e*x**10/10 + x**9*(d/9 + 10*e/9) + x**8*(5*d/4 + 45*e/8) + x**7*(45*d/7 + 120*e/7) + x**6*(20*d + 35*e) + x**5*(42*d + 252*e/5) + x**4*(63*d + 105*e/2) + x**3*(70*d + 40*e) + x**2*(60*d + 45*e/2) + x*(45*d + 10*e) + (10*d + e)*log(x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{10} ex^{10} + \frac{1}{9} (d+10e)x^9 + \frac{5}{8} (2d+9e)x^8 + \frac{15}{7} (3d+8e)x^7 + 5(4d+7e)x^6 + \frac{42}{5} (5d+6e)x^5 + \frac{21}{2} (6d+5e)x^4 + 10(7d+4e)x^3 + \frac{15}{2} (8d+3e)x^2 + 5(9d+2e)x + (10d+e) \log(x) - \frac{d}{x}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/10*e*x^10 + 1/9*(d + 10*e)*x^9 + 5/8*(2*d + 9*e)*x^8 + 15/7*(3*d + 8*e)*
x^7 + 5*(4*d + 7*e)*x^6 + 42/5*(5*d + 6*e)*x^5 + 21/2*(6*d + 5*e)*x^4 + 10
*(7*d + 4*e)*x^3 + 15/2*(8*d + 3*e)*x^2 + 5*(9*d + 2*e)*x + (10*d + e)*log
(x) - d/x
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{10} ex^{10} + \frac{1}{9} dx^9 + \frac{10}{9} ex^9 + \frac{5}{4} dx^8 + \frac{45}{8} ex^8 + \frac{45}{7} dx^7$$

$$+ \frac{120}{7} ex^7 + 20 dx^6 + 35 ex^6 + 42 dx^5 + \frac{252}{5} ex^5$$

$$+ 63 dx^4 + \frac{105}{2} ex^4 + 70 dx^3 + 40 ex^3 + 60 dx^2$$

$$+ \frac{45}{2} ex^2 + 45 dx + 10 ex + (10d + e) \log(|x|) - \frac{d}{x}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/10*e*x^10 + 1/9*d*x^9 + 10/9*e*x^9 + 5/4*d*x^8 + 45/8*e*x^8 + 45/7*d*x^7
+ 120/7*e*x^7 + 20*d*x^6 + 35*e*x^6 + 42*d*x^5 + 252/5*e*x^5 + 63*d*x^4 +
105/2*e*x^4 + 70*d*x^3 + 40*e*x^3 + 60*d*x^2 + 45/2*e*x^2 + 45*d*x + 10*e
*x + (10*d + e)*log(abs(x)) - d/x
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^2} dx = x^9 \left(\frac{d}{9} + \frac{10e}{9} \right) + x^6 (20d + 35e) + x^8 \left(\frac{5d}{4} + \frac{45e}{8} \right)$$

$$+ x^2 \left(60d + \frac{45e}{2} \right) + x^3 (70d + 40e) + x^4 \left(63d + \frac{105e}{2} \right)$$

$$+ x^7 \left(\frac{45d}{7} + \frac{120e}{7} \right) + x^5 \left(42d + \frac{252e}{5} \right) - \frac{d}{x}$$

$$+ \frac{ex^{10}}{10} + x(45d + 10e) + \ln(x)(10d + e)$$

input `int(((d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^2,x)`

output `x^9*(d/9 + (10*e)/9) + x^6*(20*d + 35*e) + x^8*((5*d)/4 + (45*e)/8) + x^2*(60*d + (45*e)/2) + x^3*(70*d + 40*e) + x^4*(63*d + (105*e)/2) + x^7*((45*d)/7 + (120*e)/7) + x^5*(42*d + (252*e)/5) - d/x + (e*x^10)/10 + x*(45*d + 10*e) + log(x)*(10*d + e)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{25200 \log(x) dx + 2520 \log(x) ex + 280d x^{10} + 3150d x^9 + 16200d x^8 + 50400d x^7 + 105840d x^6 + 158760d x^5 + 176400d x^4 + 151200d x^3 + 113400d x^2 - 2520d + 252e x^{11} + 2800e x^{10} + 14175e x^9 + 43200e x^8 + 88200e x^7 + 127008e x^6 + 132300e x^5 + 100800e x^4 + 56700e x^3 + 25200e x^2}{(2520x)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^2,x)`

output `(25200*log(x)*d*x + 2520*log(x)*e*x + 280*d*x**10 + 3150*d*x**9 + 16200*d*x**8 + 50400*d*x**7 + 105840*d*x**6 + 158760*d*x**5 + 176400*d*x**4 + 151200*d*x**3 + 113400*d*x**2 - 2520*d + 252*e*x**11 + 2800*e*x**10 + 14175*e*x**9 + 43200*e*x**8 + 88200*e*x**7 + 127008*e*x**6 + 132300*e*x**5 + 100800*e*x**4 + 56700*e*x**3 + 25200*e*x**2)/(2520*x)`

3.198 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1728
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1729
Rubi [A] (verified)	1729
Maple [A] (verified)	1731
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1731
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1732
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1732
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1733
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1733
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1734

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^3} dx = -\frac{d}{2x^2} - \frac{10d+e}{x} + 15(8d+3e)x + 15(7d+4e)x^2 + 14(6d+5e)x^3 + \frac{21}{2}(5d+6e)x^4 + 6(4d+7e)x^5 + \frac{5}{2}(3d+8e)x^6 + \frac{5}{7}(2d+9e)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}(d+10e)x^8 + \frac{ex^9}{9} + 5(9d+2e)\log(x)$$

output

`-1/2*d/x^2-(10*d+e)/x+15*(8*d+3*e)*x+15*(7*d+4*e)*x^2+14*(6*d+5*e)*x^3+21/2*(5*d+6*e)*x^4+6*(4*d+7*e)*x^5+5/2*(3*d+8*e)*x^6+5/7*(2*d+9*e)*x^7+1/8*(d+10*e)*x^8+1/9*e*x^9+5*(9*d+2*e)*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^3} dx = -\frac{d}{2x^2} + \frac{-10d - e}{x} + 15(8d + 3e)x$$

$$+ 15(7d + 4e)x^2 + 14(6d + 5e)x^3 + \frac{21}{2}(5d + 6e)x^4$$

$$+ 6(4d + 7e)x^5 + \frac{5}{2}(3d + 8e)x^6 + \frac{5}{7}(2d + 9e)x^7$$

$$+ \frac{1}{8}(d + 10e)x^8 + \frac{ex^9}{9} + 5(9d + 2e)\log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*d/x^2 + (-10*d - e)/x + 15*(8*d + 3*e)*x + 15*(7*d + 4*e)*x^2 + 14*(6
*d + 5*e)*x^3 + (21*(5*d + 6*e)*x^4)/2 + 6*(4*d + 7*e)*x^5 + (5*(3*d + 8*e
)*x^6)/2 + (5*(2*d + 9*e)*x^7)/7 + ((d + 10*e)*x^8)/8 + (e*x^9)/9 + 5*(9*d
+ 2*e)*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1184, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex)}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{(x + 1)^{10} (d + ex)}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(x^7(d + 10e) + 5x^6(2d + 9e) + 15x^5(3d + 8e) + 30x^4(4d + 7e) + 42x^3(5d + 6e) + 42x^2(6d + 5e) + \frac{10d + e}{x^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{8}x^8(d + 10e) + \frac{5}{7}x^7(2d + 9e) + \frac{5}{2}x^6(3d + 8e) + 6x^5(4d + 7e) + \frac{21}{2}x^4(5d + 6e) + 14x^3(6d + 5e) + 15x^2(7d + 4e) + 15x(8d + 3e) - \frac{10d + e}{x} + 5(9d + 2e)\log(x) - \frac{d}{2x^2} + \frac{ex^9}{9}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*d/x^2 - (10*d + e)/x + 15*(8*d + 3*e)*x + 15*(7*d + 4*e)*x^2 + 14*(6*d + 5*e)*x^3 + (21*(5*d + 6*e)*x^4)/2 + 6*(4*d + 7*e)*x^5 + (5*(3*d + 8*e)*x^6)/2 + (5*(2*d + 9*e)*x^7)/7 + ((d + 10*e)*x^8)/8 + (e*x^9)/9 + 5*(9*d + 2*e)*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
norman	$\frac{(-10d-e)x+(24d+42e)x^7+(84d+70e)x^5+(105d+60e)x^4+(120d+45e)x^3+\left(\frac{d}{8}+\frac{5e}{4}\right)x^{10}+\left(\frac{10d}{7}+\frac{45e}{7}\right)x^9+\left(\frac{15d}{2}+20e\right)x^8+(105d+60e)x^4}{x^2}$
default	$\frac{ex^9}{9} + \frac{dx^8}{8} + \frac{5ex^8}{4} + \frac{10dx^7}{7} + \frac{45ex^7}{7} + \frac{15dx^6}{2} + 20ex^6 + 24dx^5 + 42x^5e + \frac{105dx^4}{2} + 63x^4e + 8$
risch	$\frac{ex^9}{9} + \frac{dx^8}{8} + \frac{5ex^8}{4} + \frac{10dx^7}{7} + \frac{45ex^7}{7} + \frac{15dx^6}{2} + 20ex^6 + 24dx^5 + 42x^5e + \frac{105dx^4}{2} + 63x^4e + 8$
parallelrisch	$\frac{56ex^{11}+63dx^{10}+630ex^{10}+720dx^9+3240ex^9+3780dx^8+10080ex^8+12096dx^7+21168ex^7+26460dx^6+31752ex^6+42336ex^5+25200dx^5+10080ex^4+10080ex^4+10080ex^4+10080ex^4}{504x^2}$

input `int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$\frac{((-10*d-e)*x+(24*d+42*e)*x^7+(84*d+70*e)*x^5+(105*d+60*e)*x^4+(120*d+45*e)*x^3+(1/8*d+5/4*e)*x^{10}+(10/7*d+45/7*e)*x^9+(15/2*d+20*e)*x^8+(105/2*d+63*e)*x^6-1/2*d+1/9*e*x^{11})/x^2+(45*d+10*e)*\ln(x)}$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{56ex^{11} + 63(d+10e)x^{10} + 360(2d+9e)x^9 + 1260(3d+8e)x^8 + 3024(4d+7e)x^7 + 5292(5d+6e)x^6 + 7056(6d+5e)x^5 + 7560(7d+4e)x^4 + 7560(8d+3e)x^3 + 2520(9d+2e)x^2 + 10080ex + 10080d}{504x^2} \log(x) - 504(10d+e)x - 252d/x^2$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$\frac{1}{504}*(56*e*x^{11} + 63*(d + 10*e)*x^{10} + 360*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 + 1260*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 3024*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 5292*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 7056*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 7560*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 7560*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 2520*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 10080e*x + 10080d) \log(x) - 504*(10*d + e)*x - 252*d/x^2$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^3} dx = \frac{ex^9}{9} + x^8 \left(\frac{d}{8} + \frac{5e}{4} \right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{10d}{7} + \frac{45e}{7} \right) + x^6 \cdot \left(\frac{15d}{2} + 20e \right) + x^5 \cdot (24d + 42e) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{105d}{2} + 63e \right) + x^3 \cdot (84d + 70e) + x^2 \cdot (105d + 60e) + x(120d + 45e) + 5 \cdot (9d + 2e) \log(x) + \frac{-d + x(-20d - 2e)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**3,x)`output `e*x**9/9 + x**8*(d/8 + 5*e/4) + x**7*(10*d/7 + 45*e/7) + x**6*(15*d/2 + 20*e) + x**5*(24*d + 42*e) + x**4*(105*d/2 + 63*e) + x**3*(84*d + 70*e) + x**2*(105*d + 60*e) + x*(120*d + 45*e) + 5*(9*d + 2*e)*log(x) + (-d + x*(-20*d - 2*e))/(2*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{9} ex^9 + \frac{1}{8} (d+10e)x^8 + \frac{5}{7} (2d+9e)x^7 + \frac{5}{2} (3d+8e)x^6 + 6(4d+7e)x^5 + \frac{21}{2} (5d+6e)x^4 + 14(6d+5e)x^3 + 15(7d+4e)x^2 + 15(8d+3e)x + 5(9d+2e) \log(x) - \frac{2(10d+e)x+d}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/9*e*x^9 + 1/8*(d + 10*e)*x^8 + 5/7*(2*d + 9*e)*x^7 + 5/2*(3*d + 8*e)*x^6 + 6*(4*d + 7*e)*x^5 + 21/2*(5*d + 6*e)*x^4 + 14*(6*d + 5*e)*x^3 + 15*(7*d + 4*e)*x^2 + 15*(8*d + 3*e)*x + 5*(9*d + 2*e)*log(x) - 1/2*(2*(10*d + e)*x + d)/x^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{9} ex^9 + \frac{1}{8} dx^8 + \frac{5}{4} ex^8 + \frac{10}{7} dx^7 + \frac{45}{7} ex^7 + \frac{15}{2} dx^6$$

$$+ 20 ex^6 + 24 dx^5 + 42 ex^5 + \frac{105}{2} dx^4 + 63 ex^4$$

$$+ 84 dx^3 + 70 ex^3 + 105 dx^2 + 60 ex^2 + 120 dx$$

$$+ 45 ex + 5(9d+2e)\log(|x|) - \frac{2(10d+e)x+d}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/9*e*x^9 + 1/8*d*x^8 + 5/4*e*x^8 + 10/7*d*x^7 + 45/7*e*x^7 + 15/2*d*x^6 + 20*e*x^6 + 24*d*x^5 + 42*e*x^5 + 105/2*d*x^4 + 63*e*x^4 + 84*d*x^3 + 70*e*x^3 + 105*d*x^2 + 60*e*x^2 + 120*d*x + 45*e*x + 5*(9*d + 2*e)*log(abs(x)) - 1/2*(2*(10*d + e)*x + d)/x^2`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^3} dx = x^8 \left(\frac{d}{8} + \frac{5e}{4} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{15d}{2} + 20e \right) + x^5 (24d + 42e)$$

$$+ x^7 \left(\frac{10d}{7} + \frac{45e}{7} \right) + x^3 (84d + 70e) + x^2 (105d + 60e)$$

$$+ x^4 \left(\frac{105d}{2} + 63e \right) + \ln(x) (45d + 10e)$$

$$+ \frac{ex^9}{9} - \frac{\frac{d}{2} + x(10d+e)}{x^2} + x(120d + 45e)$$

input `int(((d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^3,x)`

output

```
x^8*(d/8 + (5*e)/4) + x^6*((15*d)/2 + 20*e) + x^5*(24*d + 42*e) + x^7*((10
*d)/7 + (45*e)/7) + x^3*(84*d + 70*e) + x^2*(105*d + 60*e) + x^4*((105*d)/
2 + 63*e) + log(x)*(45*d + 10*e) + (e*x^9)/9 - (d/2 + x*(10*d + e))/x^2 +
x*(120*d + 45*e)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{22680 \log(x) d x^2 + 5040 \log(x) e x^2 + 63d x^{10} + 720d x^9 + 3780d x^8 + 12096d x^7 + 26460d x^6 + 42336d x^5 + 52920d x^4 + 60480d x^3 - 5040d x - 252d + 56e x^{11} + 630e x^{10} + 3240e x^9 + 10080e x^8 + 21168e x^7 + 31752e x^6 + 35280e x^5 + 30240e x^4 + 22680e x^3 - 504e x}{504 x^2}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^3,x)
```

output

```
(22680*log(x)*d*x**2 + 5040*log(x)*e*x**2 + 63*d*x**10 + 720*d*x**9 + 3780
*d*x**8 + 12096*d*x**7 + 26460*d*x**6 + 42336*d*x**5 + 52920*d*x**4 + 6048
0*d*x**3 - 5040*d*x - 252*d + 56*e*x**11 + 630*e*x**10 + 3240*e*x**9 + 100
80*e*x**8 + 21168*e*x**7 + 31752*e*x**6 + 35280*e*x**5 + 30240*e*x**4 + 22
680*e*x**3 - 504*e*x)/(504*x**2)
```

$$3.199 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1735
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1736
Rubi [A] (verified)	1736
Maple [A] (verified)	1738
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1738
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1739
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1739
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1740
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1740
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1741

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^4} dx = -\frac{d}{3x^3} - \frac{10d+e}{2x^2} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{x} + 30(7d+4e)x$$

$$+ 21(6d+5e)x^2 + 14(5d+6e)x^3$$

$$+ \frac{15}{2}(4d+7e)x^4 + 3(3d+8e)x^5 + \frac{5}{6}(2d+9e)x^6$$

$$+ \frac{1}{7}(d+10e)x^7 + \frac{ex^8}{8} + 15(8d+3e)\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/3*d/x^3-1/2*(10*d+e)/x^2-5*(9*d+2*e)/x+30*(7*d+4*e)*x+21*(6*d+5*e)*x^2+
14*(5*d+6*e)*x^3+15/2*(4*d+7*e)*x^4+3*(3*d+8*e)*x^5+5/6*(2*d+9*e)*x^6+1/7*
(d+10*e)*x^7+1/8*e*x^8+15*(8*d+3*e)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^4} dx = -\frac{d}{3x^3} + \frac{-10d - e}{2x^2} - \frac{5(9d + 2e)}{x} + 30(7d + 4e)x$$

$$+ 21(6d + 5e)x^2 + 14(5d + 6e)x^3$$

$$+ \frac{15}{2}(4d + 7e)x^4 + 3(3d + 8e)x^5 + \frac{5}{6}(2d + 9e)x^6$$

$$+ \frac{1}{7}(d + 10e)x^7 + \frac{ex^8}{8} + 15(8d + 3e)\log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*d/x^3 + (-10*d - e)/(2*x^2) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/x + 30*(7*d + 4*e)*x + 21*(6*d + 5*e)*x^2 + 14*(5*d + 6*e)*x^3 + (15*(4*d + 7*e)*x^4)/2 + 3*(3*d + 8*e)*x^5 + (5*(2*d + 9*e)*x^6)/6 + ((d + 10*e)*x^7)/7 + (e*x^8)/8 + 15*(8*d + 3*e)*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1184, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex)}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{(x + 1)^{10} (d + ex)}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(x^6(d + 10e) + 5x^5(2d + 9e) + 15x^4(3d + 8e) + 30x^3(4d + 7e) + \frac{10d + e}{x^3} + 42x^2(5d + 6e) + \frac{5(9d + 2e)}{x^2} + 4 \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{7}x^7(d + 10e) + \frac{5}{6}x^6(2d + 9e) + 3x^5(3d + 8e) + \frac{15}{2}x^4(4d + 7e) + 14x^3(5d + 6e) + 21x^2(6d + 5e) - \frac{10d + e}{2x^2} + 30x(7d + 4e) - \frac{5(9d + 2e)}{x} + 15(8d + 3e)\log(x) - \frac{d}{3x^3} + \frac{ex^8}{8}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*d/x^3 - (10*d + e)/(2*x^2) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/x + 30*(7*d + 4*e)*x + 21*(6*d + 5*e)*x^2 + 14*(5*d + 6*e)*x^3 + (15*(4*d + 7*e)*x^4)/2 + 3*(3*d + 8*e)*x^5 + (5*(2*d + 9*e)*x^6)/6 + ((d + 10*e)*x^7)/7 + (e*x^8)/8 + 15*(8*d + 3*e)*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
norman	$\frac{(-45d-10e)x^2+(-5d-\frac{e}{2})x+(9d+24e)x^8+(30d+\frac{105e}{2})x^7+(70d+84e)x^6+(126d+105e)x^5+(210d+120e)x^4+(\frac{d}{7}+\frac{10e}{7})x^{10}}{x^3}$
default	$\frac{ex^8}{8} + \frac{dx^7}{7} + \frac{10ex^7}{7} + \frac{5dx^6}{3} + \frac{15ex^6}{2} + 9dx^5 + 24x^5e + 30dx^4 + \frac{105x^4e}{2} + 70dx^3 + 84x^3e + 12$
risch	$\frac{ex^8}{8} + \frac{dx^7}{7} + \frac{10ex^7}{7} + \frac{5dx^6}{3} + \frac{15ex^6}{2} + 9dx^5 + 24x^5e + 30dx^4 + \frac{105x^4e}{2} + 70dx^3 + 84x^3e + 12$
parallelrisch	$\frac{21ex^{11}+24dx^{10}+240ex^{10}+280dx^9+1260ex^9+1512dx^8+4032ex^8+5040dx^7+8820ex^7+11760dx^6+14112ex^6+21168dx^5}{168x^3}$

input `int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$\frac{((-45*d-10*e)*x^2+(-5*d-1/2*e)*x+(9*d+24*e)*x^8+(30*d+105/2*e)*x^7+(70*d+84*e)*x^6+(126*d+105*e)*x^5+(210*d+120*e)*x^4+(1/7*d+10/7*e)*x^{10}+(5/3*d+15/2*e)*x^9-1/3*d+1/8*e*x^{11})/x^3+(120*d+45*e)*\ln(x)}$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{21ex^{11} + 24(d+10e)x^{10} + 140(2d+9e)x^9 + 504(3d+8e)x^8 + 1260(4d+7e)x^7 + 2352(5d+6e)x^6 + 3528(6d+5e)x^5 + 5040(7d+4e)x^4 + 2520(8d+3e)x^3 \log(x) - 840(9d+2e)x^2 - 84(10d+e)x - 56d}{x^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$\frac{1}{168} * (21 * e * x^{11} + 24 * (d + 10 * e) * x^{10} + 140 * (2 * d + 9 * e) * x^9 + 504 * (3 * d + 8 * e) * x^8 + 1260 * (4 * d + 7 * e) * x^7 + 2352 * (5 * d + 6 * e) * x^6 + 3528 * (6 * d + 5 * e) * x^5 + 5040 * (7 * d + 4 * e) * x^4 + 2520 * (8 * d + 3 * e) * x^3 * \log(x) - 840 * (9 * d + 2 * e) * x^2 - 84 * (10 * d + e) * x - 56 * d) / x^3$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^4} dx = \frac{ex^8}{8} + x^7 \left(\frac{d}{7} + \frac{10e}{7} \right) + x^6 \cdot \left(\frac{5d}{3} + \frac{15e}{2} \right) + x^5 \cdot (9d+24e) + x^4 \cdot \left(30d + \frac{105e}{2} \right) + x^3 \cdot (70d+84e) + x^2 \cdot (126d+105e) + x(210d+120e) + 15 \cdot (8d+3e) \log(x) + \frac{-2d+x^2(-270d-60e)+x(-30d-3e)}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**4,x)`output `e*x**8/8 + x**7*(d/7 + 10*e/7) + x**6*(5*d/3 + 15*e/2) + x**5*(9*d + 24*e) + x**4*(30*d + 105*e/2) + x**3*(70*d + 84*e) + x**2*(126*d + 105*e) + x*(210*d + 120*e) + 15*(8*d + 3*e)*log(x) + (-2*d + x**2*(-270*d - 60*e) + x*(-30*d - 3*e))/(6*x**3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{8} ex^8 + \frac{1}{7} (d+10e)x^7 + \frac{5}{6} (2d+9e)x^6 + 3(3d+8e)x^5 + \frac{15}{2} (4d+7e)x^4 + 14(5d+6e)x^3 + 21(6d+5e)x^2 + 30(7d+4e)x + 15(8d+3e) \log(x) - \frac{30(9d+2e)x^2 + 3(10d+e)x + 2d}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/8*e*x^8 + 1/7*(d + 10*e)*x^7 + 5/6*(2*d + 9*e)*x^6 + 3*(3*d + 8*e)*x^5 + 15/2*(4*d + 7*e)*x^4 + 14*(5*d + 6*e)*x^3 + 21*(6*d + 5*e)*x^2 + 30*(7*d + 4*e)*x + 15*(8*d + 3*e)*log(x) - 1/6*(30*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 3*(10*d + e)*x + 2*d)/x^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{8} ex^8 + \frac{1}{7} dx^7 + \frac{10}{7} ex^7 + \frac{5}{3} dx^6 + \frac{15}{2} ex^6 + 9 dx^5$$

$$+ 24 ex^5 + 30 dx^4 + \frac{105}{2} ex^4 + 70 dx^3 + 84 ex^3 + 126 dx^2$$

$$+ 105 ex^2 + 210 dx + 120 ex + 15(8d+3e) \log(|x|)$$

$$- \frac{30(9d+2e)x^2 + 3(10d+e)x + 2d}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/8*e*x^8 + 1/7*d*x^7 + 10/7*e*x^7 + 5/3*d*x^6 + 15/2*e*x^6 + 9*d*x^5 + 24*e*x^5 + 30*d*x^4 + 105/2*e*x^4 + 70*d*x^3 + 84*e*x^3 + 126*d*x^2 + 105*e*x^2 + 210*d*x + 120*e*x + 15*(8*d + 3*e)*log(abs(x)) - 1/6*(30*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 3*(10*d + e)*x + 2*d)/x^3`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^4} dx = x^6 \left(\frac{5d}{3} + \frac{15e}{2} \right) + x^7 \left(\frac{d}{7} + \frac{10e}{7} \right) + x^5 (9d + 24e)$$

$$+ x^4 \left(30d + \frac{105e}{2} \right) + x^3 (70d + 84e)$$

$$+ x^2 (126d + 105e) + \ln(x) (120d + 45e)$$

$$- \frac{(45d + 10e)x^2 + (5d + \frac{e}{2})x + \frac{d}{3}}{x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{ex^8}{8} + x(210d + 120e)$$

input `int(((d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^4,x)`

output

```
x^6*((5*d)/3 + (15*e)/2) + x^7*(d/7 + (10*e)/7) + x^5*(9*d + 24*e) + x^4*(
30*d + (105*e)/2) + x^3*(70*d + 84*e) + x^2*(126*d + 105*e) + log(x)*(120*
d + 45*e) - (d/3 + x^2*(45*d + 10*e) + x*(5*d + e/2))/x^3 + (e*x^8)/8 + x*
(210*d + 120*e)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{20160 \log(x) d x^3 + 7560 \log(x) e x^3 + 24d x^{10} + 280d x^9 + 1512d x^8 + 5040d x^7 + 11760d x^6 + 21168d x^5 + 35280d x^4 - 7560d x^3 - 840d x^2 - 56d + 21e x^{11} + 240e x^{10} + 1260e x^9 + 4032e x^8 + 8820e x^7 + 14112e x^6 + 17640e x^5 + 20160e x^4 - 1680e x^3 - 84e x}{168x^3}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^4,x)
```

output

```
(20160*log(x)*d*x**3 + 7560*log(x)*e*x**3 + 24*d*x**10 + 280*d*x**9 + 1512
*d*x**8 + 5040*d*x**7 + 11760*d*x**6 + 21168*d*x**5 + 35280*d*x**4 - 7560*
d*x**3 - 840*d*x - 56*d + 21*e*x**11 + 240*e*x**10 + 1260*e*x**9 + 4032*e*
x**8 + 8820*e*x**7 + 14112*e*x**6 + 17640*e*x**5 + 20160*e*x**4 - 1680*e*x
**3 - 84*e*x)/(168*x**3)
```

3.200 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	1742
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1743
Rubi [A] (verified)	1743
Maple [A] (verified)	1745
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1745
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1746
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1746
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1747
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1747
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1748

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^5} dx = -\frac{d}{4x^4} - \frac{10d+e}{3x^3} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{2x^2} - \frac{15(8d+3e)}{x} + 42(6d+5e)x + 21(5d+6e)x^2 + 10(4d+7e)x^3 + \frac{15}{4}(3d+8e)x^4 + (2d+9e)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}(d+10e)x^6 + \frac{ex^7}{7} + 30(7d+4e)\log(x)$$

```
output -1/4*d/x^4-1/3*(10*d+e)/x^3-5/2*(9*d+2*e)/x^2-15*(8*d+3*e)/x+42*(6*d+5*e)*
x+21*(5*d+6*e)*x^2+10*(4*d+7*e)*x^3+15/4*(3*d+8*e)*x^4+(2*d+9*e)*x^5+1/6*(
d+10*e)*x^6+1/7*e*x^7+30*(7*d+4*e)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^5} dx = -\frac{d}{4x^4} + \frac{-10d - e}{3x^3} - \frac{5(9d + 2e)}{2x^2} - \frac{15(8d + 3e)}{x} + 42(6d + 5e)x + 21(5d + 6e)x^2 + 10(4d + 7e)x^3 + \frac{15}{4}(3d + 8e)x^4 + (2d + 9e)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}(d + 10e)x^6 + \frac{ex^7}{7} + 30(7d + 4e)\log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^5,x]
```

output

```
-1/4*d/x^4 + (-10*d - e)/(3*x^3) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/(2*x^2) - (15*(8*d + 3*e))/x + 42*(6*d + 5*e)*x + 21*(5*d + 6*e)*x^2 + 10*(4*d + 7*e)*x^3 + (15*(3*d + 8*e)*x^4)/4 + (2*d + 9*e)*x^5 + ((d + 10*e)*x^6)/6 + (e*x^7)/7 + 30*(7*d + 4*e)*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1184, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex)}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 1184

$$\int \frac{(x + 1)^{10} (d + ex)}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(x^5(d+10e) + 5x^4(2d+9e) + \frac{10d+e}{x^4} + 15x^3(3d+8e) + \frac{5(9d+2e)}{x^3} + 30x^2(4d+7e) + \frac{15(8d+3e)}{x^2} + 42x \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{6}x^6(d+10e) + x^5(2d+9e) + \frac{15}{4}x^4(3d+8e) + 10x^3(4d+7e) - \frac{10d+e}{3x^3} + 21x^2(5d+6e) - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{2x^2} + 42x(6d+5e) - \frac{15(8d+3e)}{x} + 30(7d+4e)\log(x) - \frac{d}{4x^4} + \frac{ex^7}{7}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^5,x]`

output `-1/4*d/x^4 - (10*d + e)/(3*x^3) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/(2*x^2) - (15*(8*d + 3*e))/x + 42*(6*d + 5*e)*x + 21*(5*d + 6*e)*x^2 + 10*(4*d + 7*e)*x^3 + (15*(3*d + 8*e)*x^4)/4 + (2*d + 9*e)*x^5 + ((d + 10*e)*x^6)/6 + (e*x^7)/7 + 30*(7*d + 4*e)*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
norman	$\frac{(-120d-45e)x^3+(2d+9e)x^9+(40d+70e)x^7+(105d+126e)x^6+(252d+210e)x^5+\left(-\frac{45d}{2}-5e\right)x^2+\left(-\frac{10d}{3}-\frac{e}{3}\right)x+\left(\frac{d}{6}+\frac{5e}{3}\right)x^1}{x^4}$
risch	$\frac{ex^7}{7} + \frac{dx^6}{6} + \frac{5ex^6}{3} + 2dx^5 + 9x^5e + \frac{45dx^4}{4} + 30x^4e + 40dx^3 + 70x^3e + 105dx^2 + 126ex^2 +$
default	$\frac{ex^7}{7} + \frac{dx^6}{6} + \frac{5ex^6}{3} + 2dx^5 + 9x^5e + \frac{45dx^4}{4} + 30x^4e + 40dx^3 + 70x^3e + 105dx^2 + 126ex^2 +$
parallelrisch	$\frac{12ex^{11}+14dx^{10}+140ex^{10}+168dx^9+756ex^9+945dx^8+2520ex^8+3360dx^7+5880ex^7+8820dx^6+10584ex^6+17640\ln(x)x^6}{84x^4}$

input `int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((-120*d-45*e)*x^3+(2*d+9*e)*x^9+(40*d+70*e)*x^7+(105*d+126*e)*x^6+(252*d+210*e)*x^5+(-45/2*d-5*e)*x^2+(-10/3*d-1/3*e)*x+(1/6*d+5/3*e)*x^10+(45/4*d+30*e)*x^8-1/4*d+1/7*e*x^11)/x^4+(210*d+120*e)*ln(x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{12ex^{11} + 14(d+10e)x^{10} + 84(2d+9e)x^9 + 315(3d+8e)x^8 + 840(4d+7e)x^7 + 1764(5d+6e)x^6}{x^4} + (210d+120e)\ln(x)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/84*(12*e*x^11 + 14*(d + 10*e)*x^10 + 84*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 + 315*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 840*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 1764*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 3528*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 2520*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4*log(x) - 1260*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 - 210*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 - 28*(10*d + e)*x - 21*d)/x^4`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{ex^7}{7} + x^6 \left(\frac{d}{6} + \frac{5e}{3} \right) + x^5 \cdot (2d+9e) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{45d}{4} + 30e \right) + x^3 \cdot (40d+70e)$$

$$+ x^2 \cdot (105d+126e) + x(252d+210e) + 30 \cdot (7d+4e) \log(x)$$

$$+ \frac{-3d + x^3(-1440d-540e) + x^2(-270d-60e) + x(-40d-4e)}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**5,x)`output `e*x**7/7 + x**6*(d/6 + 5*e/3) + x**5*(2*d + 9*e) + x**4*(45*d/4 + 30*e) + x**3*(40*d + 70*e) + x**2*(105*d + 126*e) + x*(252*d + 210*e) + 30*(7*d + 4*e)*log(x) + (-3*d + x**3*(-1440*d - 540*e) + x**2*(-270*d - 60*e) + x*(-40*d - 4*e))/(12*x**4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{7} ex^7 + \frac{1}{6} (d+10e)x^6 + (2d+9e)x^5 + \frac{15}{4} (3d+8e)x^4 + 10(4d+7e)x^3$$

$$+ 21(5d+6e)x^2 + 42(6d+5e)x + 30(7d+4e) \log(x)$$

$$- \frac{180(8d+3e)x^3 + 30(9d+2e)x^2 + 4(10d+e)x + 3d}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/7*e*x^7 + 1/6*(d + 10*e)*x^6 + (2*d + 9*e)*x^5 + 15/4*(3*d + 8*e)*x^4 + 10*(4*d + 7*e)*x^3 + 21*(5*d + 6*e)*x^2 + 42*(6*d + 5*e)*x + 30*(7*d + 4*e)*log(x) - 1/12*(180*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 30*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 4*(10*d + e)*x + 3*d)/x^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{7} ex^7 + \frac{1}{6} dx^6 + \frac{5}{3} ex^6 + 2 dx^5 + 9 ex^5 + \frac{45}{4} dx^4 + 30 ex^4 + 40 dx^3$$

$$+ 70 ex^3 + 105 dx^2 + 126 ex^2 + 252 dx + 210 ex + 30(7d+4e) \log(|x|)$$

$$- \frac{180(8d+3e)x^3 + 30(9d+2e)x^2 + 4(10d+e)x + 3d}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/7*e*x^7 + 1/6*d*x^6 + 5/3*e*x^6 + 2*d*x^5 + 9*e*x^5 + 45/4*d*x^4 + 30*e*x^4 + 40*d*x^3 + 70*e*x^3 + 105*d*x^2 + 126*e*x^2 + 252*d*x + 210*e*x + 30*(7*d + 4*e)*log(abs(x)) - 1/12*(180*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 30*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 4*(10*d + e)*x + 3*d)/x^4`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^5} dx = x^5(2d+9e) + x^6\left(\frac{d}{6} + \frac{5e}{3}\right)$$

$$+ x^4\left(\frac{45d}{4} + 30e\right) + x^3(40d+70e)$$

$$+ x^2(105d+126e) + \ln(x)(210d+120e)$$

$$- \frac{(120d+45e)x^3 + \left(\frac{45d}{2} + 5e\right)x^2 + \left(\frac{10d}{3} + \frac{e}{3}\right)x + \frac{d}{4}}{x^4}$$

$$+ \frac{ex^7}{7} + x(252d+210e)$$

input `int(((d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^5,x)`

output

```
x^5*(2*d + 9*e) + x^6*(d/6 + (5*e)/3) + x^4*((45*d)/4 + 30*e) + x^3*(40*d
+ 70*e) + x^2*(105*d + 126*e) + log(x)*(210*d + 120*e) - (d/4 + x^2*((45*d
)/2 + 5*e) + x^3*(120*d + 45*e) + x*((10*d)/3 + e/3))/x^4 + (e*x^7)/7 + x*
(252*d + 210*e)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{17640 \log(x) d x^4 + 10080 \log(x) e x^4 + 14d x^{10} + 168d x^9 + 945d x^8 + 3360d x^7 + 8820d x^6 + 21168d x^5}{84x^4}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^5,x)
```

output

```
(17640*log(x)*d*x**4 + 10080*log(x)*e*x**4 + 14*d*x**10 + 168*d*x**9 + 945
*d*x**8 + 3360*d*x**7 + 8820*d*x**6 + 21168*d*x**5 - 10080*d*x**3 - 1890*d
*x**2 - 280*d*x - 21*d + 12*e*x**11 + 140*e*x**10 + 756*e*x**9 + 2520*e*x*
*8 + 5880*e*x**7 + 10584*e*x**6 + 17640*e*x**5 - 3780*e*x**3 - 420*e*x**2
- 28*e*x)/(84*x**4)
```

3.201 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1749
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1750
Rubi [A] (verified)	1750
Maple [A] (verified)	1752
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1752
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1753
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1753
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1754
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1754
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1755

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^6} dx = -\frac{d}{5x^5} - \frac{10d+e}{4x^4} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{3x^3} - \frac{15(8d+3e)}{2x^2} - \frac{30(7d+4e)}{x} + 42(5d+6e)x + 15(4d+7e)x^2 + 5(3d+8e)x^3 + \frac{5}{4}(2d+9e)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}(d+10e)x^5 + \frac{ex^6}{6} + 42(6d+5e)\log(x)$$

output

`-1/5*d/x^5-1/4*(10*d+e)/x^4-5/3*(9*d+2*e)/x^3-15/2*(8*d+3*e)/x^2-30*(7*d+4*e)/x+42*(5*d+6*e)*x+15*(4*d+7*e)*x^2+5*(3*d+8*e)*x^3+5/4*(2*d+9*e)*x^4+1/5*(d+10*e)*x^5+1/6*e*x^6+42*(6*d+5*e)*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^6} dx = -\frac{d}{5x^5} + \frac{-10d-e}{4x^4} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{3x^3} - \frac{15(8d+3e)}{2x^2} - \frac{30(7d+4e)}{x} + 42(5d+6e)x + 15(4d+7e)x^2 + 5(3d+8e)x^3 + \frac{5}{4}(2d+9e)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}(d+10e)x^5 + \frac{ex^6}{6} + 42(6d+5e)\log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^6,x]
```

output

```
-1/5*d/x^5 + (-10*d - e)/(4*x^4) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/(3*x^3) - (15*(8*d + 3*e))/(2*x^2) - (30*(7*d + 4*e))/x + 42*(5*d + 6*e)*x + 15*(4*d + 7*e)*x^2 + 5*(3*d + 8*e)*x^3 + (5*(2*d + 9*e)*x^4)/4 + ((d + 10*e)*x^5)/5 + (e*x^6)/6 + 42*(6*d + 5*e)*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1184, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex)}{x^6} dx$$

↓ 1184

$$\int \frac{(x + 1)^{10} (d + ex)}{x^6} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{10d+e}{x^5} + x^4(d+10e) + \frac{5(9d+2e)}{x^4} + 5x^3(2d+9e) + \frac{15(8d+3e)}{x^3} + 15x^2(3d+8e) + \frac{30(7d+4e)}{x^2} + 30x(d+10e) \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5(d+10e) + \frac{5}{4}x^4(2d+9e) - \frac{10d+e}{4x^4} + 5x^3(3d+8e) - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{3x^3} + 15x^2(4d+7e) - \frac{15(8d+3e)}{2x^2} + 42x(5d+6e) - \frac{30(7d+4e)}{x} + 42(6d+5e)\log(x) - \frac{d}{5x^5} + \frac{ex^6}{6}$$

input

```
Int[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^6,x]
```

output

```
-1/5*d/x^5 - (10*d + e)/(4*x^4) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/(3*x^3) - (15*(8*d + 3*e))/
(2*x^2) - (30*(7*d + 4*e))/x + 42*(5*d + 6*e)*x + 15*(4*d + 7*e)*x^2 +
5*(3*d + 8*e)*x^3 + (5*(2*d + 9*e)*x^4)/4 + ((d + 10*e)*x^5)/5 + (e*x^6)/6
+ 42*(6*d + 5*e)*Log[x]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
norman	$\frac{(-210d-120e)x^4 + (-60d - \frac{45e}{2})x^3 + (-15d - \frac{10e}{3})x^2 + (15d+40e)x^8 + (60d+105e)x^7 + (210d+252e)x^6 + (-\frac{5d}{2} - \frac{e}{4})x + (\frac{d}{5} + 2e)}{x^5}$
risch	$\frac{ex^6}{6} + \frac{dx^5}{5} + 2x^5e + \frac{5dx^4}{2} + \frac{45x^4e}{4} + 15dx^3 + 40x^3e + 60dx^2 + 105ex^2 + 210dx + 252ex +$
default	$\frac{ex^6}{6} + \frac{dx^5}{5} + 2x^5e + \frac{5dx^4}{2} + \frac{45x^4e}{4} + 15dx^3 + 40x^3e + 60dx^2 + 105ex^2 + 210dx + 252ex -$
parallelrisch	$\frac{10ex^{11} + 12dx^{10} + 120ex^{10} + 150dx^9 + 675ex^9 + 900dx^8 + 2400ex^8 + 3600dx^7 + 6300ex^7 + 15120\ln(x)x^5d + 12600\ln(x)x^5e + 1}{60x^5}$

input `int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((-210*d-120*e)*x^4+(-60*d-45/2*e)*x^3+(-15*d-10/3*e)*x^2+(15*d+40*e)*x^8+(60*d+105*e)*x^7+(210*d+252*e)*x^6+(-5/2*d-1/4*e)*x+(1/5*d+2*e)*x^10+(5/2*d+45/4*e)*x^9-1/5*d+1/6*e*x^11)/x^5+(252*d+210*e)*ln(x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{10ex^{11} + 12(d+10e)x^{10} + 75(2d+9e)x^9 + 300(3d+8e)x^8 + 900(4d+7e)x^7 + 2520(5d+6e)x^6}{x^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/60*(10*e*x^11 + 12*(d + 10*e)*x^10 + 75*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 + 300*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 900*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 2520*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 2520*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5*log(x) - 1800*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 - 450*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 - 100*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 - 15*(10*d + e)*x - 12*d)/x^5`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^6} dx = \frac{ex^6}{6} + x^5 \left(\frac{d}{5} + 2e \right) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{5d}{2} + \frac{45e}{4} \right) + x^3 \cdot (15d + 40e) + x^2 \cdot (60d + 105e) + x(210d + 252e) + 42 \cdot (6d + 5e) \log(x) - \frac{12d + x^4(-12600d - 7200e) + x^3(-3600d - 1350e) + x^2(-900d - 200e) + x(-150d - 15e)}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**6,x)`output `e*x**6/6 + x**5*(d/5 + 2*e) + x**4*(5*d/2 + 45*e/4) + x**3*(15*d + 40*e) + x**2*(60*d + 105*e) + x*(210*d + 252*e) + 42*(6*d + 5*e)*log(x) + (-12*d + x**4*(-12600*d - 7200*e) + x**3*(-3600*d - 1350*e) + x**2*(-900*d - 200*e) + x*(-150*d - 15*e))/(60*x**5)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^6} dx = \frac{1}{6} ex^6 + \frac{1}{5} (d+10e)x^5 + \frac{5}{4} (2d+9e)x^4 + 5(3d+8e)x^3 + 15(4d+7e)x^2 + 42(5d+6e)x + 42(6d+5e) \log(x) - \frac{1800(7d+4e)x^4 + 450(8d+3e)x^3 + 100(9d+2e)x^2 + 15(10d+e)x + 12d}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*e*x^6 + 1/5*(d + 10*e)*x^5 + 5/4*(2*d + 9*e)*x^4 + 5*(3*d + 8*e)*x^3 + 15*(4*d + 7*e)*x^2 + 42*(5*d + 6*e)*x + 42*(6*d + 5*e)*log(x) - 1/60*(1800*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 450*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 100*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 15*(10*d + e)*x + 12*d)/x^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} ex^6 + \frac{1}{5} dx^5 + 2ex^5 + \frac{5}{2} dx^4 + \frac{45}{4} ex^4 + 15dx^3 + 40ex^3$$

$$+ 60dx^2 + 105ex^2 + 210dx + 252ex + 42(6d+5e)\log(|x|)$$

$$- \frac{1800(7d+4e)x^4 + 450(8d+3e)x^3 + 100(9d+2e)x^2 + 15(10d+e)x + 12d}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*e*x^6 + 1/5*d*x^5 + 2*e*x^5 + 5/2*d*x^4 + 45/4*e*x^4 + 15*d*x^3 + 40*e*x^3 + 60*d*x^2 + 105*e*x^2 + 210*d*x + 252*e*x + 42*(6*d + 5*e)*log(abs(x)) - 1/60*(1800*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 450*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 100*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 15*(10*d + e)*x + 12*d)/x^5`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^6} dx$$

$$= x^5 \left(\frac{d}{5} + 2e \right) + x^3 (15d + 40e) + x^4 \left(\frac{5d}{2} + \frac{45e}{4} \right)$$

$$+ x^2 (60d + 105e) + \ln(x) (252d + 210e)$$

$$- \frac{(210d + 120e)x^4 + (60d + \frac{45e}{2})x^3 + (15d + \frac{10e}{3})x^2 + (\frac{5d}{2} + \frac{e}{4})x + \frac{d}{5}}{x^5}$$

$$+ \frac{ex^6}{6} + x(210d + 252e)$$

input `int(((d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^6,x)`

output

```
x^5*(d/5 + 2*e) + x^3*(15*d + 40*e) + x^4*((5*d)/2 + (45*e)/4) + x^2*(60*d
+ 105*e) + log(x)*(252*d + 210*e) - (d/5 + x^2*(15*d + (10*e)/3) + x^3*(6
0*d + (45*e)/2) + x^4*(210*d + 120*e) + x*((5*d)/2 + e/4))/x^5 + (e*x^6)/6
+ x*(210*d + 252*e)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{15120 \log(x) d x^5 + 12600 \log(x) e x^5 + 12 d x^{10} + 150 d x^9 + 900 d x^8 + 3600 d x^7 + 12600 d x^6 - 12600 d x^5 + 3600 d x^4 - 900 d x^3 - 150 d x^2 - 12 d x + 10 e x^{11} + 120 e x^{10} + 675 e x^9 + 2400 e x^8 + 6300 e x^7 + 15120 e x^6 - 7200 e x^4 - 1350 e x^3 - 200 e x^2 - 15 e x}{(60 x^5)}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^6,x)
```

output

```
(15120*log(x)*d*x**5 + 12600*log(x)*e*x**5 + 12*d*x**10 + 150*d*x**9 + 900
*d*x**8 + 3600*d*x**7 + 12600*d*x**6 - 12600*d*x**4 - 3600*d*x**3 - 900*d*
x**2 - 150*d*x - 12*d + 10*e*x**11 + 120*e*x**10 + 675*e*x**9 + 2400*e*x**
8 + 6300*e*x**7 + 15120*e*x**6 - 7200*e*x**4 - 1350*e*x**3 - 200*e*x**2 -
15*e*x)/(60*x**5)
```


3.202 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	1756
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1757
Rubi [A] (verified)	1757
Maple [A] (verified)	1759
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1759
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1760
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1760
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1761
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1761
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1762

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^7} dx = -\frac{d}{6x^6} - \frac{10d+e}{5x^5} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{4x^4} - \frac{5(8d+3e)}{x^3} - \frac{15(7d+4e)}{x^2} - \frac{42(6d+5e)}{x} + 30(4d+7e)x + \frac{15}{2}(3d+8e)x^2 + \frac{5}{3}(2d+9e)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}(d+10e)x^4 + \frac{ex^5}{5} + 42(5d+6e)\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/6*d/x^6-1/5*(10*d+e)/x^5-5/4*(9*d+2*e)/x^4-5*(8*d+3*e)/x^3-15*(7*d+4*e)/x^2-42*(6*d+5*e)/x+30*(4*d+7*e)*x+15/2*(3*d+8*e)*x^2+5/3*(2*d+9*e)*x^3+1/4*(d+10*e)*x^4+1/5*e*x^5+42*(5*d+6*e)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^7} dx = -\frac{d}{6x^6} + \frac{-10d-e}{5x^5} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{4x^4} - \frac{5(8d+3e)}{x^3} - \frac{15(7d+4e)}{x^2} - \frac{42(6d+5e)}{x} + 30(4d+7e)x + \frac{15}{2}(3d+8e)x^2 + \frac{5}{3}(2d+9e)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}(d+10e)x^4 + \frac{ex^5}{5} + 42(5d+6e)\log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^7,x]
```

output

```
-1/6*d/x^6 + (-10*d - e)/(5*x^5) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/(4*x^4) - (5*(8*d + 3*e))/x^3 - (15*(7*d + 4*e))/x^2 - (42*(6*d + 5*e))/x + 30*(4*d + 7*e)*x + (15*(3*d + 8*e)*x^2)/2 + (5*(2*d + 9*e)*x^3)/3 + ((d + 10*e)*x^4)/4 + (e*x^5)/5 + 42*(5*d + 6*e)*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1184, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex)}{x^7} dx$$

↓ 1184

$$\int \frac{(x + 1)^{10} (d + ex)}{x^7} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{10d+e}{x^6} + \frac{5(9d+2e)}{x^5} + \frac{15(8d+3e)}{x^4} + x^3(d+10e) + \frac{30(7d+4e)}{x^3} + 5x^2(2d+9e) + \frac{42(6d+5e)}{x^2} + 15x(3d+8e) \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{10d+e}{5x^5} + \frac{1}{4}x^4(d+10e) - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{4x^4} + \frac{5}{3}x^3(2d+9e) - \frac{5(8d+3e)}{x^3} + \frac{15}{2}x^2(3d+8e) - \frac{15(7d+4e)}{x^2} + 30x(4d+7e) - \frac{42(6d+5e)}{x} + 42(5d+6e)\log(x) - \frac{d}{6x^6} + \frac{ex^5}{5}$$

input

```
Int[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^7,x]
```

output

```
-1/6*d/x^6 - (10*d + e)/(5*x^5) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/(4*x^4) - (5*(8*d + 3*e)
)/x^3 - (15*(7*d + 4*e))/x^2 - (42*(6*d + 5*e))/x + 30*(4*d + 7*e)*x + (15
*(3*d + 8*e)*x^2)/2 + (5*(2*d + 9*e)*x^3)/3 + ((d + 10*e)*x^4)/4 + (e*x^5)
/5 + 42*(5*d + 6*e)*Log[x]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
norman	$\frac{(-252d-210e)x^5+(-105d-60e)x^4+(-40d-15e)x^3+(-2d-\frac{e}{5})x+(120d+210e)x^7+(-\frac{45d}{4}-\frac{5e}{2})x^2+(\frac{d}{4}+\frac{5e}{2})x^{10}+(\frac{10d}{3}+\frac{5e}{2})x^9}{x^6}$
risch	$\frac{x^5e}{5} + \frac{dx^4}{4} + \frac{5x^4e}{2} + \frac{10dx^3}{3} + 15x^3e + \frac{45dx^2}{2} + 60ex^2 + 120dx + 210ex + \frac{(-252d-210e)x^5+(-105d-60e)x^4+(-40d-15e)x^3+(-2d-\frac{e}{5})x+(120d+210e)x^7+(-\frac{45d}{4}-\frac{5e}{2})x^2+(\frac{d}{4}+\frac{5e}{2})x^{10}+(\frac{10d}{3}+\frac{5e}{2})x^9}{x^6}$
default	$\frac{x^5e}{5} + \frac{dx^4}{4} + \frac{5x^4e}{2} + \frac{10dx^3}{3} + 15x^3e + \frac{45dx^2}{2} + 60ex^2 + 120dx + 210ex - \frac{10d+e}{5x^5} - \frac{d}{6x^6} - \frac{120d+5e}{3x^7}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{12ex^{11}+15dx^{10}+150ex^{10}+200dx^9+900e^9x^9+1350dx^8+3600e^8x^8+12600\ln(x)x^6d+15120\ln(x)x^6e+7200dx^7+12600e^7x^7}{60x^6}$

input `int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$\frac{((-252*d-210*e)*x^5+(-105*d-60*e)*x^4+(-40*d-15*e)*x^3+(-2*d-1/5*e)*x+(120*d+210*e)*x^7+(-45/4*d-5/2*e)*x^2+(1/4*d+5/2*e)*x^{10}+(10/3*d+15*e)*x^9+(45/2*d+60*e)*x^8-1/6*d+1/5*e*x^{11})/x^6+(210*d+252*e)*\ln(x)}$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{12ex^{11} + 15(d+10e)x^{10} + 100(2d+9e)x^9 + 450(3d+8e)x^8 + 1800(4d+7e)x^7 + 2520(5d+6e)x^6 + 1260d^2x^5 + 1260e^2x^5 + 1260d^2x^4 + 1260e^2x^4 + 1260d^2x^3 + 1260e^2x^3 + 1260d^2x^2 + 1260e^2x^2 + 1260d^2x + 1260e^2x}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$\frac{1}{60}*(12*e*x^{11} + 15*(d + 10*e)*x^{10} + 100*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 + 450*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 1800*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 2520*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6*\log(x) - 2520*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 - 900*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 - 300*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 - 75*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 - 12*(10*d + e)*x - 10*d)/x^6$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^7} dx = \frac{ex^5}{5} + x^4 \left(\frac{d}{4} + \frac{5e}{2} \right) + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{10d}{3} + 15e \right) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{45d}{2} + 60e \right) + x(120d + 210e) + 42 \cdot (5d + 6e) \log(x) + \frac{-10d + x^5(-15120d - 12600e) + x^4(-6300d - 3600e) + x^3(-2400d - 900e) + x^2(-675d - 150e) + x(-120d - 12e)}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**7,x)`output `e*x**5/5 + x**4*(d/4 + 5*e/2) + x**3*(10*d/3 + 15*e) + x**2*(45*d/2 + 60*e) + x*(120*d + 210*e) + 42*(5*d + 6*e)*log(x) + (-10*d + x**5*(-15120*d - 12600*e) + x**4*(-6300*d - 3600*e) + x**3*(-2400*d - 900*e) + x**2*(-675*d - 150*e) + x*(-120*d - 12*e))/(60*x**6)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^7} dx = \frac{1}{5} ex^5 + \frac{1}{4} (d+10e)x^4 + \frac{5}{3} (2d+9e)x^3 + \frac{15}{2} (3d+8e)x^2 + 30(4d+7e)x + 42(5d+6e) \log(x) - \frac{2520(6d+5e)x^5 + 900(7d+4e)x^4 + 300(8d+3e)x^3 + 75(9d+2e)x^2 + 12(10d+e)x + 10d}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*e*x^5 + 1/4*(d + 10*e)*x^4 + 5/3*(2*d + 9*e)*x^3 + 15/2*(3*d + 8*e)*x^2 + 30*(4*d + 7*e)*x + 42*(5*d + 6*e)*log(x) - 1/60*(2520*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 900*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 300*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 75*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 12*(10*d + e)*x + 10*d)/x^6`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^7} dx = \frac{1}{5} ex^5 + \frac{1}{4} dx^4 + \frac{5}{2} ex^4 + \frac{10}{3} dx^3$$

$$+ 15 ex^3 + \frac{45}{2} dx^2 + 60 ex^2 + 120 dx + 210 ex + 42(5d+6e)\log(|x|)$$

$$- \frac{2520(6d+5e)x^5 + 900(7d+4e)x^4 + 300(8d+3e)x^3 + 75(9d+2e)x^2 + 12(10d+e)x + 10d}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/5*e*x^5 + 1/4*d*x^4 + 5/2*e*x^4 + 10/3*d*x^3 + 15*e*x^3 + 45/2*d*x^2 + 60*e*x^2 + 120*d*x + 210*e*x + 42*(5*d + 6*e)*log(abs(x)) - 1/60*(2520*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 900*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 300*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 75*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 12*(10*d + e)*x + 10*d)/x^6`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^7} dx$$

$$= x^4 \left(\frac{d}{4} + \frac{5e}{2} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{10d}{3} + 15e \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{45d}{2} + 60e \right) + \ln(x) (210d + 252e)$$

$$- \frac{(252d + 210e)x^5 + (105d + 60e)x^4 + (40d + 15e)x^3 + \left(\frac{45d}{4} + \frac{5e}{2}\right)x^2 + \left(2d + \frac{e}{5}\right)x + \frac{d}{6}}{x^6}$$

$$+ \frac{ex^5}{5} + x(120d + 210e)$$

input `int(((d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^7,x)`output `x^4*(d/4 + (5*e)/2) + x^3*((10*d)/3 + 15*e) + x^2*((45*d)/2 + 60*e) + log(x)*(210*d + 252*e) - (d/6 + x^2*((45*d)/4 + (5*e)/2) + x^3*(40*d + 15*e) + x^4*(105*d + 60*e) + x^5*(252*d + 210*e) + x*(2*d + e/5))/x^6 + (e*x^5)/5 + x*(120*d + 210*e)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{12600 \log(x) d x^6 + 15120 \log(x) e x^6 + 15 d x^{10} + 200 d x^9 + 1350 d x^8 + 7200 d x^7 - 15120 d x^5 - 6300 d x^4 - 2400 d x^3 - 675 d x^2 - 120 d x - 10 d + 12 e x^{11} + 150 e x^{10} + 900 e x^9 + 3600 e x^8 + 12600 e x^7 - 12600 e x^5 - 3600 e x^4 - 900 e x^3 - 150 e x^2 - 12 e x}{(60 x^6)}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^7,x)
```

output

```
(12600*log(x)*d*x**6 + 15120*log(x)*e*x**6 + 15*d*x**10 + 200*d*x**9 + 1350*d*x**8 + 7200*d*x**7 - 15120*d*x**5 - 6300*d*x**4 - 2400*d*x**3 - 675*d*x**2 - 120*d*x - 10*d + 12*e*x**11 + 150*e*x**10 + 900*e*x**9 + 3600*e*x**8 + 12600*e*x**7 - 12600*e*x**5 - 3600*e*x**4 - 900*e*x**3 - 150*e*x**2 - 12*e*x)/(60*x**6)
```

$$3.203 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^8} dx$$

Optimal result	1763
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1764
Rubi [A] (verified)	1764
Maple [A] (verified)	1766
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1766
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1767
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1767
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1768
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1768
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1769

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^8} dx = -\frac{d}{7x^7} - \frac{10d+e}{6x^6} - \frac{9d+2e}{x^5} - \frac{15(8d+3e)}{4x^4} - \frac{10(7d+4e)}{x^3} - \frac{21(6d+5e)}{x^2} - \frac{42(5d+6e)}{x} + 15(3d+8e)x + \frac{5}{2}(2d+9e)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}(d+10e)x^3 + \frac{ex^4}{4} + 30(4d+7e)\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/7*d/x^7-1/6*(10*d+e)/x^6-(9*d+2*e)/x^5-15/4*(8*d+3*e)/x^4-10*(7*d+4*e)/
x^3-21*(6*d+5*e)/x^2-42*(5*d+6*e)/x+15*(3*d+8*e)*x+5/2*(2*d+9*e)*x^2+1/3*(
d+10*e)*x^3+1/4*e*x^4+30*(4*d+7*e)*ln(x)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^8} dx = -\frac{d}{7x^7} + \frac{-10d-e}{6x^6} + \frac{-9d-2e}{x^5} - \frac{15(8d+3e)}{4x^4} \\ - \frac{10(7d+4e)}{x^3} - \frac{21(6d+5e)}{x^2} - \frac{42(5d+6e)}{x} \\ + 15(3d+8e)x + \frac{5}{2}(2d+9e)x^2 \\ + \frac{1}{3}(d+10e)x^3 + \frac{ex^4}{4} + 30(4d+7e)\log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^8,x]
```

output

```
-1/7*d/x^7 + (-10*d - e)/(6*x^6) + (-9*d - 2*e)/x^5 - (15*(8*d + 3*e))/(4*
x^4) - (10*(7*d + 4*e))/x^3 - (21*(6*d + 5*e))/x^2 - (42*(5*d + 6*e))/x +
15*(3*d + 8*e)*x + (5*(2*d + 9*e)*x^2)/2 + ((d + 10*e)*x^3)/3 + (e*x^4)/4
+ 30*(4*d + 7*e)*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1184, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex)}{x^8} dx \\ \downarrow 1184 \\ \int \frac{(x + 1)^{10} (d + ex)}{x^8} dx \\ \downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{10d+e}{x^7} + \frac{5(9d+2e)}{x^6} + \frac{15(8d+3e)}{x^5} + \frac{30(7d+4e)}{x^4} + \frac{42(6d+5e)}{x^3} + x^2(d+10e) + \frac{42(5d+6e)}{x^2} + 5x(2d+10e) \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{10d+e}{6x^6} - \frac{9d+2e}{x^5} - \frac{15(8d+3e)}{4x^4} + \frac{1}{3}x^3(d+10e) - \frac{10(7d+4e)}{x^3} + \frac{5}{2}x^2(2d+9e) - \frac{21(6d+5e)}{x^2} + 15x(3d+8e) - \frac{42(5d+6e)}{x} + 30(4d+7e)\log(x) - \frac{d}{7x^7} + \frac{ex^4}{4}$$

input

```
Int[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^8,x]
```

output

```
-1/7*d/x^7 - (10*d + e)/(6*x^6) - (9*d + 2*e)/x^5 - (15*(8*d + 3*e))/(4*x^4) - (10*(7*d + 4*e))/x^3 - (21*(6*d + 5*e))/x^2 - (42*(5*d + 6*e))/x + 15*(3*d + 8*e)*x + (5*(2*d + 9*e)*x^2)/2 + ((d + 10*e)*x^3)/3 + (e*x^4)/4 + 30*(4*d + 7*e)*Log[x]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
risch	$\frac{x^4 e}{4} + \frac{d x^3}{3} + \frac{10 x^3 e}{3} + 5 d x^2 + \frac{45 e x^2}{2} + 45 d x + 120 e x + \frac{(-210 d - 252 e) x^6 + (-126 d - 105 e) x^5 + (-70 d - 40 e) x^4 + (-30 d - \frac{45 e}{4}) x^3 + (-9 d - 2 e) x^2 + (5 d + \frac{45 e}{2}) x^9 + (45 d + 120 e) x^8 + (-\frac{5 d}{3} - \frac{10 e}{3}) x^7}{x^7}$
norman	
default	$\frac{x^4 e}{4} + \frac{d x^3}{3} + \frac{10 x^3 e}{3} + 5 d x^2 + \frac{45 e x^2}{2} + 45 d x + 120 e x - \frac{45 d + 10 e}{5 x^5} - \frac{10 d + e}{6 x^6} - \frac{210 d + 120 e}{3 x^3} - \frac{252 d + 210 e}{2 x^2}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{21 e x^{11} + 28 d x^{10} + 280 e x^{10} + 420 d x^9 + 1890 e x^9 + 10080 \ln(x) x^7 d + 17640 \ln(x) x^7 e + 3780 d x^8 + 10080 e x^8 - 17640 d x^6 - 21168 e x^6}{84 x^7}$

input `int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $\frac{1}{4} x^4 e + \frac{1}{3} d x^3 + \frac{10}{3} x^3 e + 5 d x^2 + \frac{45}{2} e x^2 + 45 d x + 120 e x + \frac{(-210 d - 252 e) x^6 + (-126 d - 105 e) x^5 + (-70 d - 40 e) x^4 + (-30 d - 45/4 e) x^3 + (-9 d - 2 e) x^2 + (-5/3 d - 10/3 e) x - 1/7 d}{x^7} + 120 d \ln(x) + 210 e \ln(x)$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{21 e x^{11} + 28 (d + 10 e) x^{10} + 210 (2 d + 9 e) x^9 + 1260 (3 d + 8 e) x^8 + 2520 (4 d + 7 e) x^7 \log(x) - 3528 (5 d + 6 e) x^6 - 1764 (6 d + 5 e) x^5 - 840 (7 d + 4 e) x^4 - 315 (8 d + 3 e) x^3 - 84 (9 d + 2 e) x^2 - 14 (10 d + e) x - 12 d}{x^7}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`output $\frac{1}{84} (21 e x^{11} + 28 (d + 10 e) x^{10} + 210 (2 d + 9 e) x^9 + 1260 (3 d + 8 e) x^8 + 2520 (4 d + 7 e) x^7 \log(x) - 3528 (5 d + 6 e) x^6 - 1764 (6 d + 5 e) x^5 - 840 (7 d + 4 e) x^4 - 315 (8 d + 3 e) x^3 - 84 (9 d + 2 e) x^2 - 14 (10 d + e) x - 12 d) / x^7$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{ex^4}{4} + x^3 \left(\frac{d}{3} + \frac{10e}{3} \right) + x^2 \cdot \left(5d + \frac{45e}{2} \right) + x(45d + 120e) + 30 \cdot (4d + 7e) \log(x)$$

$$+ \frac{-12d + x^6(-17640d - 21168e) + x^5(-10584d - 8820e) + x^4(-5880d - 3360e) + x^3(-2520d - 945e) + x^2(-756d - 168e) + x(-140d - 14e)}{84x^7}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**8,x)`

output

```
e*x**4/4 + x**3*(d/3 + 10*e/3) + x**2*(5*d + 45*e/2) + x*(45*d + 120*e) +
30*(4*d + 7*e)*log(x) + (-12*d + x**6*(-17640*d - 21168*e) + x**5*(-10584*
d - 8820*e) + x**4*(-5880*d - 3360*e) + x**3*(-2520*d - 945*e) + x**2*(-75
6*d - 168*e) + x*(-140*d - 14*e))/(84*x**7)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} ex^4 + \frac{1}{3} (d + 10e)x^3 + \frac{5}{2} (2d + 9e)x^2 + 15(3d + 8e)x + 30(4d + 7e) \log(x)$$

$$- \frac{3528(5d + 6e)x^6 + 1764(6d + 5e)x^5 + 840(7d + 4e)x^4 + 315(8d + 3e)x^3 + 84(9d + 2e)x^2 + 14(10d + e)x + 12d}{84x^7}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/4*e*x^4 + 1/3*(d + 10*e)*x^3 + 5/2*(2*d + 9*e)*x^2 + 15*(3*d + 8*e)*x +
30*(4*d + 7*e)*log(x) - 1/84*(3528*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 1764*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5
+ 840*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 315*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 84*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 14*(10*
d + e)*x + 12*d)/x^7
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} ex^4 + \frac{1}{3} dx^3 + \frac{10}{3} ex^3 + 5 dx^2 + \frac{45}{2} ex^2 + 45 dx + 120 ex + 30(4d+7e) \log(|x|)$$

$$- \frac{3528(5d+6e)x^6 + 1764(6d+5e)x^5 + 840(7d+4e)x^4 + 315(8d+3e)x^3 + 84(9d+2e)x^2 + 14(10d+e)x + 12d}{84x^7}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*e*x^4 + 1/3*d*x^3 + 10/3*e*x^3 + 5*d*x^2 + 45/2*e*x^2 + 45*d*x + 120*e*x + 30*(4*d + 7*e)*log(abs(x)) - 1/84*(3528*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 1764*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 840*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 315*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 84*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 14*(10*d + e)*x + 12*d)/x^7`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^8} dx$$

$$= x^3 \left(\frac{d}{3} + \frac{10e}{3} \right) + x^2 \left(5d + \frac{45e}{2} \right) + \ln(x) (120d + 210e) + \frac{ex^4}{4}$$

$$- \frac{(210d + 252e)x^6 + (126d + 105e)x^5 + (70d + 40e)x^4 + (30d + \frac{45e}{4})x^3 + (9d + 2e)x^2 + (\frac{5d}{3} + ex)(45d + 120e)}{x^7}$$

input `int(((d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^8,x)`output `x^3*(d/3 + (10*e)/3) + x^2*(5*d + (45*e)/2) + log(x)*(120*d + 210*e) + (e*x^4)/4 - (d/7 + x^2*(9*d + 2*e) + x^3*(30*d + (45*e)/4) + x^4*(70*d + 40*e) + x^5*(126*d + 105*e) + x^6*(210*d + 252*e) + x*((5*d)/3 + e/6))/x^7 + x*(45*d + 120*e)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{10080 \log(x) d x^7 + 17640 \log(x) e x^7 + 28 d x^{10} + 420 d x^9 + 3780 d x^8 - 17640 d x^6 - 10584 d x^5 - 5880 d x^4 - 2520 d x^3 - 756 d x^2 - 140 d x - 12 d + 21 e x^{11} + 280 e x^{10} + 1890 e x^9 + 10080 e x^8 - 21168 e x^6 - 8820 e x^5 - 3360 e x^4 - 945 e x^3 - 168 e x^2 - 14 e x}{(84 x^7)}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^8,x)
```

output

```
(10080*log(x)*d*x**7 + 17640*log(x)*e*x**7 + 28*d*x**10 + 420*d*x**9 + 3780*d*x**8 - 17640*d*x**6 - 10584*d*x**5 - 5880*d*x**4 - 2520*d*x**3 - 756*d*x**2 - 140*d*x - 12*d + 21*e*x**11 + 280*e*x**10 + 1890*e*x**9 + 10080*e*x**8 - 21168*e*x**6 - 8820*e*x**5 - 3360*e*x**4 - 945*e*x**3 - 168*e*x**2 - 14*e*x)/(84*x**7)
```

3.204 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^9} dx$

Optimal result	1770
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1771
Rubi [A] (verified)	1771
Maple [A] (verified)	1773
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1773
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1774
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1774
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1775
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1775
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1776

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^9} dx = -\frac{d}{8x^8} - \frac{10d+e}{7x^7} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{6x^6} - \frac{3(8d+3e)}{x^5} - \frac{15(7d+4e)}{2x^4} - \frac{14(6d+5e)}{x^3} - \frac{21(5d+6e)}{x^2} - \frac{30(4d+7e)}{x} + 5(2d+9e)x + \frac{1}{2}(d+10e)x^2 + \frac{ex^3}{3} + 15(3d+8e)\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/8*d/x^8-1/7*(10*d+e)/x^7-5/6*(9*d+2*e)/x^6-3*(8*d+3*e)/x^5-15/2*(7*d+4*
e)/x^4-14*(6*d+5*e)/x^3-21*(5*d+6*e)/x^2-30*(4*d+7*e)/x+5*(2*d+9*e)*x+1/2*
(d+10*e)*x^2+1/3*e*x^3+15*(3*d+8*e)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^9} dx = -\frac{d}{8x^8} + \frac{-10d-e}{7x^7} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{6x^6} - \frac{3(8d+3e)}{x^5} - \frac{15(7d+4e)}{2x^4} - \frac{14(6d+5e)}{x^3} - \frac{21(5d+6e)}{x^2} - \frac{30(4d+7e)}{x} + 5(2d+9e)x + \frac{1}{2}(d+10e)x^2 + \frac{ex^3}{3} + 15(3d+8e)\log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^9,x]`

output `-1/8*d/x^8 + (-10*d - e)/(7*x^7) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/(6*x^6) - (3*(8*d + 3*e))/x^5 - (15*(7*d + 4*e))/(2*x^4) - (14*(6*d + 5*e))/x^3 - (21*(5*d + 6*e))/x^2 - (30*(4*d + 7*e))/x + 5*(2*d + 9*e)*x + ((d + 10*e)*x^2)/2 + (e*x^3)/3 + 15*(3*d + 8*e)*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1184, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex)}{x^9} dx$$

↓ 1184

$$\int \frac{(x + 1)^{10} (d + ex)}{x^9} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{10d+e}{x^8} + \frac{5(9d+2e)}{x^7} + \frac{15(8d+3e)}{x^6} + \frac{30(7d+4e)}{x^5} + \frac{42(6d+5e)}{x^4} + \frac{42(5d+6e)}{x^3} + \frac{30(4d+7e)}{x^2} + x(d+1) \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{10d+e}{7x^7} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{6x^6} - \frac{3(8d+3e)}{x^5} - \frac{15(7d+4e)}{2x^4} - \frac{14(6d+5e)}{x^3} + \frac{1}{2}x^2(d+10e) - \frac{21(5d+6e)}{x^2} + 5x(2d+9e) - \frac{30(4d+7e)}{x} + 15(3d+8e)\log(x) - \frac{d}{8x^8} + \frac{ex^3}{3}$$

input

```
Int[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^9, x]
```

output

```
-1/8*d/x^8 - (10*d + e)/(7*x^7) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/(6*x^6) - (3*(8*d + 3*e)
)/x^5 - (15*(7*d + 4*e))/(2*x^4) - (14*(6*d + 5*e))/x^3 - (21*(5*d + 6*e))
/x^2 - (30*(4*d + 7*e))/x + 5*(2*d + 9*e)*x + ((d + 10*e)*x^2)/2 + (e*x^3)
/3 + 15*(3*d + 8*e)*Log[x]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
risch	$\frac{x^3 e}{3} + \frac{dx^2}{2} + 5ex^2 + 10dx + 45ex + \frac{(-120d-210e)x^7 + (-105d-126e)x^6 + (-84d-70e)x^5 + \left(-\frac{105d}{2} - 30e\right)x^4 + (-120d-210e)x^3 + (-105d-126e)x^2 + (-84d-70e)x + (-24d-9e)}{x^8}$
norman	$\frac{(-120d-210e)x^7 + (-105d-126e)x^6 + (-84d-70e)x^5 + (-24d-9e)x^3 + (10d+45e)x^9 + \left(-\frac{105d}{2} - 30e\right)x^4 + \left(-\frac{15d}{2} - \frac{5e}{3}\right)x^2 + (-10d-7e)}{x^8}$
default	$\frac{x^3 e}{3} + \frac{dx^2}{2} + 5ex^2 + 10dx + 45ex - \frac{120d+45e}{5x^5} - \frac{45d+10e}{6x^6} - \frac{252d+210e}{3x^3} - \frac{210d+252e}{2x^2} - \frac{d}{8x^8} - \frac{210d-45e}{4x}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{56ex^{11} + 84dx^{10} + 840ex^{10} + 7560\ln(x)x^8d + 20160\ln(x)x^8e + 1680dx^9 + 7560ex^9 - 20160dx^7 - 35280ex^7 - 17640dx^6 - 21168d}{168x^8}$

input `int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $\frac{1}{3}x^3e + \frac{1}{2}dx^2 + 5ex^2 + 10dx + 45ex + \frac{(-120d-210e)x^7 + (-105d-126e)x^6 + (-84d-70e)x^5 + (-105/2d-30e)x^4 + (-24d-9e)x^3 + (-15/2d-5/3e)x^2 + (-10/7d-1/7e)x - 1/8d}{x^8} + 45d\ln(x) + 120e\ln(x)$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{56ex^{11} + 84(d+10e)x^{10} + 840(2d+9e)x^9 + 2520(3d+8e)x^8 \log(x) - 5040(4d+7e)x^7 - 3528(5d+6e)x^6 - 2352(6d+5e)x^5 - 1260(7d+4e)x^4 - 504(8d+3e)x^3 - 140(9d+2e)x^2 - 24(10d+e)x - 21d}{x^8}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`output $\frac{1}{168} * (56 * e * x^{11} + 84 * (d + 10 * e) * x^{10} + 840 * (2 * d + 9 * e) * x^9 + 2520 * (3 * d + 8 * e) * x^8 * \log(x) - 5040 * (4 * d + 7 * e) * x^7 - 3528 * (5 * d + 6 * e) * x^6 - 2352 * (6 * d + 5 * e) * x^5 - 1260 * (7 * d + 4 * e) * x^4 - 504 * (8 * d + 3 * e) * x^3 - 140 * (9 * d + 2 * e) * x^2 - 24 * (10 * d + e) * x - 21 * d) / x^8$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^9} dx = \frac{ex^3}{3} + x^2 \left(\frac{d}{2} + 5e \right) + x(10d+45e) + 15 \cdot (3d+8e) \log(x) + \frac{-21d + x^7(-20160d - 35280e) + x^6(-17640d - 21168e) + x^5(-14112d - 11760e) + x^4(-8820d - 5040e) + x^3(-4032d - 1512e) + x^2(-1260d - 280e) + x(-240d - 24e)}{168x^8}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**9,x)`output `e*x**3/3 + x**2*(d/2 + 5*e) + x*(10*d + 45*e) + 15*(3*d + 8*e)*log(x) + (-21*d + x**7*(-20160*d - 35280*e) + x**6*(-17640*d - 21168*e) + x**5*(-14112*d - 11760*e) + x**4*(-8820*d - 5040*e) + x**3*(-4032*d - 1512*e) + x**2*(-1260*d - 280*e) + x*(-240*d - 24*e))/(168*x**8)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^9} dx = \frac{1}{3} ex^3 + \frac{1}{2} (d+10e)x^2 + 5(2d+9e)x + 15(3d+8e) \log(x) - \frac{5040(4d+7e)x^7 + 3528(5d+6e)x^6 + 2352(6d+5e)x^5 + 1260(7d+4e)x^4 + 504(8d+3e)x^3 + 140(9d+2e)x^2 + 24(10d+e)x + 21d}{168x^8}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*e*x^3 + 1/2*(d + 10*e)*x^2 + 5*(2*d + 9*e)*x + 15*(3*d + 8*e)*log(x) - 1/168*(5040*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 3528*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 2352*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 1260*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 504*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 140*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 24*(10*d + e)*x + 21*d)/x^8`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} ex^3 + \frac{1}{2} dx^2 + 5ex^2 + 10dx + 45ex + 15(3d+8e)\log(|x|)$$

$$- \frac{5040(4d+7e)x^7 + 3528(5d+6e)x^6 + 2352(6d+5e)x^5 + 1260(7d+4e)x^4 + 504(8d+3e)x^3 + 168x^8}{168x^8}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*e*x^3 + 1/2*d*x^2 + 5*e*x^2 + 10*d*x + 45*e*x + 15*(3*d + 8*e)*log(abs(x)) - 1/168*(5040*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 3528*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 2352*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 1260*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 504*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 140*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 24*(10*d + e)*x + 21*d)/x^8`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^9} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{d}{2} + 5e \right) + \ln(x) (45d+120e) + \frac{ex^3}{3} + x(10d+45e)$$

$$- \frac{(120d+210e)x^7 + (105d+126e)x^6 + (84d+70e)x^5 + \left(\frac{105d}{2} + 30e\right)x^4 + (24d+9e)x^3 + \left(\frac{15d}{2}\right)}{x^8}$$

input `int(((d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^9,x)`output `x^2*(d/2 + 5*e) + log(x)*(45*d + 120*e) + (e*x^3)/3 + x*(10*d + 45*e) - (d/8 + x^2*((15*d)/2 + (5*e)/3) + x^3*(24*d + 9*e) + x^4*((105*d)/2 + 30*e) + x^5*(84*d + 70*e) + x^6*(105*d + 126*e) + x^7*(120*d + 210*e) + x*((10*d)/7 + e/7))/x^8`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{7560 \log(x) d x^8 + 20160 \log(x) e x^8 + 84 d x^{10} + 1680 d x^9 - 20160 d x^7 - 17640 d x^6 - 14112 d x^5 - 8820 d x^4 - 4032 d x^3 - 1260 d x^2 - 240 d x - 21 d + 56 e x^{11} + 840 e x^{10} + 7560 e x^9 - 35280 e x^8 - 21168 e x^7 - 11760 e x^6 - 5040 e x^5 - 1512 e x^4 - 280 e x^3 - 24 e x}{168 x^8}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^9,x)
```

output

```
(7560*log(x)*d*x**8 + 20160*log(x)*e*x**8 + 84*d*x**10 + 1680*d*x**9 - 20160*d*x**7 - 17640*d*x**6 - 14112*d*x**5 - 8820*d*x**4 - 4032*d*x**3 - 1260*d*x**2 - 240*d*x - 21*d + 56*e*x**11 + 840*e*x**10 + 7560*e*x**9 - 35280*e*x**8 - 21168*e*x**7 - 11760*e*x**6 - 5040*e*x**5 - 1512*e*x**4 - 280*e*x**3 - 24*e*x)/(168*x**8)
```

3.205 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	1777
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1778
Rubi [A] (verified)	1778
Maple [A] (verified)	1780
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1780
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1781
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1781
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1782
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1782
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1783

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{d}{9x^9} - \frac{10d+e}{8x^8} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{7x^7} - \frac{5(8d+3e)}{2x^6} - \frac{6(7d+4e)}{x^5} - \frac{21(6d+5e)}{2x^4} - \frac{14(5d+6e)}{x^3} - \frac{15(4d+7e)}{x^2} - \frac{15(3d+8e)}{x} + (d+10e)x + \frac{ex^2}{2} + 5(2d+9e)\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/9*d/x^9-1/8*(10*d+e)/x^8-5/7*(9*d+2*e)/x^7-5/2*(8*d+3*e)/x^6-6*(7*d+4*e)
)/x^5-21/2*(6*d+5*e)/x^4-14*(5*d+6*e)/x^3-15*(4*d+7*e)/x^2-15*(3*d+8*e)/x+
(d+10*e)*x+1/2*e*x^2+5*(2*d+9*e)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{d}{9x^9} + \frac{-10d-e}{8x^8} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{7x^7} - \frac{5(8d+3e)}{2x^6} - \frac{6(7d+4e)}{15(4d+7e)} - \frac{21(6d+5e)}{15(3d+8e)} - \frac{2x^4}{x^3} - \frac{x^5}{x^2} - \frac{2x^4}{x} + (d+10e)x + \frac{ex^2}{2} + 5(2d+9e)\log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^10,x]`

output `-1/9*d/x^9 + (-10*d - e)/(8*x^8) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/(7*x^7) - (5*(8*d + 3*e))/(2*x^6) - (6*(7*d + 4*e))/x^5 - (21*(6*d + 5*e))/(2*x^4) - (14*(5*d + 6*e))/x^3 - (15*(4*d + 7*e))/x^2 - (15*(3*d + 8*e))/x + (d + 10*e)*x + (e*x^2)/2 + 5*(2*d + 9*e)*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1184, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex)}{x^{10}} dx$$

↓ 1184

$$\int \frac{(x + 1)^{10} (d + ex)}{x^{10}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{10d+e}{x^9} + \frac{5(9d+2e)}{x^8} + \frac{15(8d+3e)}{x^7} + \frac{30(7d+4e)}{x^6} + \frac{42(6d+5e)}{x^5} + \frac{42(5d+6e)}{x^4} + \frac{30(4d+7e)}{x^3} + \frac{15(3d+8e)}{x^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{10d+e}{8x^8} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{7x^7} - \frac{5(8d+3e)}{2x^6} - \frac{6(7d+4e)}{x^5} - \frac{21(6d+5e)}{2x^4} - \frac{14(5d+6e)}{x^3} - \frac{15(4d+7e)}{x^2} + x(d+10e) - \frac{15(3d+8e)}{x} + 5(2d+9e)\log(x) - \frac{d}{9x^9} + \frac{ex^2}{2}$$

input

```
Int[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^10,x]
```

output

```
-1/9*d/x^9 - (10*d + e)/(8*x^8) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/(7*x^7) - (5*(8*d + 3*e))
)/(2*x^6) - (6*(7*d + 4*e))/x^5 - (21*(6*d + 5*e))/(2*x^4) - (14*(5*d + 6*
e))/x^3 - (15*(4*d + 7*e))/x^2 - (15*(3*d + 8*e))/x + (d + 10*e)*x + (e*x^
2)/2 + 5*(2*d + 9*e)*Log[x]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```


Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{ex^2}{2} + x(d+10e) + 5 \cdot (2d+9e) \log(x) + \frac{-56d + x^8(-22680d - 60480e) + x^7(-30240d - 52920e) + x^6(-35280d - 42336e) + x^5(-31752d - 26460e) + x^4(-21168d - 12096e) + x^3(-10080d - 3780e) + x^2(-3240d - 720e) + x(-630d - 63e)}{504x^9}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**10,x)`output `e*x**2/2 + x*(d + 10*e) + 5*(2*d + 9*e)*log(x) + (-56*d + x**8*(-22680*d - 60480*e) + x**7*(-30240*d - 52920*e) + x**6*(-35280*d - 42336*e) + x**5*(-31752*d - 26460*e) + x**4*(-21168*d - 12096*e) + x**3*(-10080*d - 3780*e) + x**2*(-3240*d - 720*e) + x*(-630*d - 63*e))/(504*x**9)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{1}{2} ex^2 + (d+10e)x + 5(2d+9e) \log(x) - \frac{7560(3d+8e)x^8 + 7560(4d+7e)x^7 + 7056(5d+6e)x^6 + 5292(6d+5e)x^5 + 3024(7d+4e)x^4 + 1260(8d+3e)x^3 + 360(9d+2e)x^2 + 63(10d+e)x + 56d}{504x^9}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*e*x^2 + (d + 10*e)*x + 5*(2*d + 9*e)*log(x) - 1/504*(7560*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 7560*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 7056*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 5292*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 3024*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 1260*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 360*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 63*(10*d + e)*x + 56*d)/x^9`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{1}{2}ex^2 + dx + 10ex + 5(2d+9e)\log(|x|) - \frac{7560(3d+8e)x^8 + 7560(4d+7e)x^7 + 7056(5d+6e)x^6 + 5292(6d+5e)x^5 + 3024(7d+4e)x^4 - 63(10d+e)x + 56d}{504x^9}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*e*x^2 + d*x + 10*e*x + 5*(2*d + 9*e)*log(abs(x)) - 1/504*(7560*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 7560*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 7056*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 5292*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 3024*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 1260*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 360*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 63*(10*d + e)*x + 56*d)/x^9`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{10}} dx = \ln(x)(10d+45e) + x(d+10e) + \frac{ex^2}{2} - \frac{(45d+120e)x^8 + (60d+105e)x^7 + (70d+84e)x^6 + (63d+\frac{105e}{2})x^5 + (42d+24e)x^4 + (20d+15e)x^3 + (10d+5e)x^2 + 5d}{x^9}$$

input `int(((d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^10,x)`output `log(x)*(10*d + 45*e) + x*(d + 10*e) + (e*x^2)/2 - (d/9 + x^3*(20*d + (15*e)/2) + x^4*(42*d + 24*e) + x^2*((45*d)/7 + (10*e)/7) + x^6*(70*d + 84*e) + x^7*(60*d + 105*e) + x^8*(45*d + 120*e) + x^5*(63*d + (105*e)/2) + x*((5*d)/4 + e/8))/x^9`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$= \frac{5040 \log(x) d x^9 + 22680 \log(x) e x^9 + 504 d x^{10} - 22680 d x^8 - 30240 d x^7 - 35280 d x^6 - 31752 d x^5 - 21168 d x^4 - 10080 d x^3 - 3240 d x^2 - 630 d x - 56 d + 252 e x^{11} + 5040 e x^{10} - 60480 e x^8 - 52920 e x^7 - 42336 e x^6 - 26460 e x^5 - 12096 e x^4 - 3780 e x^3 - 720 e x^2 - 63 e x}{(504 x^9)}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^10,x)
```

output

```
(5040*log(x)*d*x**9 + 22680*log(x)*e*x**9 + 504*d*x**10 - 22680*d*x**8 - 30240*d*x**7 - 35280*d*x**6 - 31752*d*x**5 - 21168*d*x**4 - 10080*d*x**3 - 3240*d*x**2 - 630*d*x - 56*d + 252*e*x**11 + 5040*e*x**10 - 60480*e*x**8 - 52920*e*x**7 - 42336*e*x**6 - 26460*e*x**5 - 12096*e*x**4 - 3780*e*x**3 - 720*e*x**2 - 63*e*x)/(504*x**9)
```

3.206 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{11}} dx$

Optimal result	1784
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1785
Rubi [A] (verified)	1785
Maple [A] (verified)	1787
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1787
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1788
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1788
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1789
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1789
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1790

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{d}{10x^{10}} - \frac{10d+e}{9x^9} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{8x^8} - \frac{15(8d+3e)}{7x^7} - \frac{5(7d+4e)}{x^6} - \frac{42(6d+5e)}{5x^5} - \frac{21(5d+6e)}{2x^4} - \frac{10(4d+7e)}{x^3} - \frac{15(3d+8e)}{2x^2} - \frac{5(2d+9e)}{x} + ex + (d+10e)\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/10*d/x^10-1/9*(10*d+e)/x^9-5/8*(9*d+2*e)/x^8-15/7*(8*d+3*e)/x^7-5*(7*d+
4*e)/x^6-42/5*(6*d+5*e)/x^5-21/2*(5*d+6*e)/x^4-10*(4*d+7*e)/x^3-15/2*(3*d+
8*e)/x^2-5*(2*d+9*e)/x+e*x+(d+10*e)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{d}{10x^{10}} + \frac{-10d - e}{9x^9} - \frac{5(9d + 2e)}{8x^8} - \frac{15(8d + 3e)}{7x^7} - \frac{5(7d + 4e)}{x^6} - \frac{42(6d + 5e)}{5x^5} - \frac{21(5d + 6e)}{2x^4} - \frac{10(4d + 7e)}{x^3} - \frac{15(3d + 8e)}{2x^2} - \frac{5(2d + 9e)}{x} + ex + (d + 10e) \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^11,x]`

output

```
-1/10*d/x^10 + (-10*d - e)/(9*x^9) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/(8*x^8) - (15*(8*d + 3*e))/(7*x^7) - (5*(7*d + 4*e))/x^6 - (42*(6*d + 5*e))/(5*x^5) - (21*(5*d + 6*e))/(2*x^4) - (10*(4*d + 7*e))/x^3 - (15*(3*d + 8*e))/(2*x^2) - (5*(2*d + 9*e))/x + e*x + (d + 10*e)*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1184, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex)}{x^{11}} dx$$

↓ 1184

$$\int \frac{(x + 1)^{10} (d + ex)}{x^{11}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{10d+e}{x^{10}} + \frac{5(9d+2e)}{x^9} + \frac{15(8d+3e)}{x^8} + \frac{30(7d+4e)}{x^7} + \frac{42(6d+5e)}{x^6} + \frac{42(5d+6e)}{x^5} + \frac{30(4d+7e)}{x^4} + \frac{15(3d+8e)}{x^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{10d+e}{9x^9} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{8x^8} - \frac{15(8d+3e)}{7x^7} - \frac{5(7d+4e)}{x^6} - \frac{42(6d+5e)}{5x^5} - \frac{21(5d+6e)}{2x^4} - \frac{10(4d+7e)}{x^3} - \frac{15(3d+8e)}{2x^2} - \frac{5(2d+9e)}{x} + (d+10e)\log(x) - \frac{d}{10x^{10}} + ex$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^11,x]`

output `-1/10*d/x^10 - (10*d + e)/(9*x^9) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/(8*x^8) - (15*(8*d + 3*e))/(7*x^7) - (5*(7*d + 4*e))/x^6 - (42*(6*d + 5*e))/(5*x^5) - (21*(5*d + 6*e))/(2*x^4) - (10*(4*d + 7*e))/x^3 - (15*(3*d + 8*e))/(2*x^2) - (5*(2*d + 9*e))/x + e*x + (d + 10*e)*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
risch	$ex + \frac{(-10d-45e)x^9 + (-\frac{45d}{2}-60e)x^8 + (-40d-70e)x^7 + (-\frac{105d}{2}-63e)x^6 + (-\frac{252d}{5}-42e)x^5 + (-35d-20e)x^4 + (-\frac{120d}{7}-45e)x^3 + (-\frac{105d}{2}-63e)x^2 + (-\frac{45d}{2}-45e)x + (-\frac{105d}{2}-63e)}{x^{10}}$
norman	$\frac{ex^{11} + (-40d-70e)x^7 + (-35d-20e)x^4 + (-10d-45e)x^9 + (-\frac{252d}{5}-42e)x^5 + (-\frac{120d}{7}-\frac{45e}{7})x^3 + (-\frac{105d}{2}-63e)x^6 + (-\frac{45d}{2}-45e)x + (-\frac{105d}{2}-63e)}{x^{10}}$
default	$ex - \frac{252d+210e}{5x^5} - \frac{210d+120e}{6x^6} - \frac{120d+210e}{3x^3} - \frac{45d+120e}{2x^2} - \frac{45d+10e}{8x^8} - \frac{210d+252e}{4x^4} + (d+10e)\ln(x) -$
parallelrisc	$\frac{2520\ln(x)x^{10}d + 25200\ln(x)x^{10}e + 2520ex^{11} - 25200dx^9 - 113400e x^9 - 56700d x^8 - 151200e x^8 - 100800d x^7 - 176400e x^7 - 134400d x^6 - 176400e x^6 - 100800d x^5 - 176400e x^5 - 100800d x^4 - 176400e x^4 - 100800d x^3 - 176400e x^3 - 100800d x^2 - 176400e x^2 - 100800d x - 176400e}{x^{10}}$

input `int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^11,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $ex + ((-10d-45e)x^9 + (-45/2d-60e)x^8 + (-40d-70e)x^7 + (-105/2d-63e)x^6 + (-252/5d-42e)x^5 + (-35d-20e)x^4 + (-120/7d-45/7e)x^3 + (-45/8d-5/4e)x^2 + (-10/9d-1/9e)x - 1/10d)/x^{10} + d*\ln(x) + 10*e*\ln(x)$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2520ex^{11} + 2520(d+10e)x^{10}\log(x) - 12600(2d+9e)x^9 - 18900(3d+8e)x^8 - 25200(4d+7e)x^7 - 21168(5d+6e)x^6 - 21168(6d+5e)x^5 - 12600(7d+4e)x^4 - 5400(8d+3e)x^3 - 1575(9d+2e)x^2 - 280(10d+e)x - 252d}{x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^11,x, algorithm="fricas")`output $1/2520*(2520*e*x^{11} + 2520*(d+10*e)*x^{10}*\log(x) - 12600*(2*d+9*e)*x^9 - 18900*(3*d+8*e)*x^8 - 25200*(4*d+7*e)*x^7 - 26460*(5*d+6*e)*x^6 - 21168*(6*d+5*e)*x^5 - 12600*(7*d+4*e)*x^4 - 5400*(8*d+3*e)*x^3 - 1575*(9*d+2*e)*x^2 - 280*(10*d+e)*x - 252*d)/x^{10}$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{11}} dx = ex + (d + 10e) \log(x) + \frac{-252d + x^9(-25200d - 113400e) + x^8(-56700d - 151200e) + x^7(-100800d - 176400e) + x^6(-132300d - 158760e) + x^5(-127008d - 105840e) + x^4(-88200d - 50400e) + x^3(-43200d - 16200e) + x^2(-14175d - 3150e) + x(-2800d - 280e)}{2520x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**11,x)`output `e*x + (d + 10*e)*log(x) + (-252*d + x**9*(-25200*d - 113400*e) + x**8*(-56700*d - 151200*e) + x**7*(-100800*d - 176400*e) + x**6*(-132300*d - 158760*e) + x**5*(-127008*d - 105840*e) + x**4*(-88200*d - 50400*e) + x**3*(-43200*d - 16200*e) + x**2*(-14175*d - 3150*e) + x*(-2800*d - 280*e))/(2520*x**10)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{11}} dx = ex + (d + 10e) \log(x) - \frac{12600(2d + 9e)x^9 + 18900(3d + 8e)x^8 + 25200(4d + 7e)x^7 + 26460(5d + 6e)x^6 + 21168(6d + 5e)x^5 + 12600(7d + 4e)x^4 + 5400(8d + 3e)x^3 + 1575(9d + 2e)x^2 + 280(10d + e)x + 252d}{2520x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^11,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `e*x + (d + 10*e)*log(x) - 1/2520*(12600*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 + 18900*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 25200*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 26460*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 21168*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 12600*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 5400*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 1575*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 280*(10*d + e)*x + 252*d)/x^10`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{11}} dx = ex + (d+10e)\log(|x|) - \frac{12600(2d+9e)x^9 + 18900(3d+8e)x^8 + 25200(4d+7e)x^7 + 26460(5d+6e)x^6 + 21168(6d+5e)x^5 + 12600(7d+4e)x^4 + 5400(8d+3e)x^3 + 1575(9d+2e)x^2 + 280(10d+e)x + 252d}{2520x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^11,x, algorithm="giac")`output `e*x + (d + 10*e)*log(abs(x)) - 1/2520*(12600*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 + 18900*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 25200*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 26460*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 21168*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 12600*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 5400*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 1575*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 280*(10*d + e)*x + 252*d)/x^10`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{11}} dx = ex - \frac{(10d+45e)x^9 + (\frac{45d}{2}+60e)x^8 + (40d+70e)x^7 + (\frac{105d}{2}+63e)x^6 + (\frac{252d}{5}+42e)x^5 + (35d+5e)x^4 + (120d+45e)x^3 + (252d+42e)x^2 + 280d+252e}{x^{10}} + \ln(x)(d+10e)$$

input `int(((d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^11,x)`output `e*x - (d/10 + x^4*(35*d + 20*e) + x^2*((45*d)/8 + (5*e)/4) + x^9*(10*d + 45*e) + x^8*((45*d)/2 + 60*e) + x^7*(40*d + 70*e) + x^6*((105*d)/2 + 63*e) + x^3*((120*d)/7 + (45*e)/7) + x^5*((252*d)/5 + 42*e) + x*((10*d)/9 + e/9))/x^10 + log(x)*(d + 10*e)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2520 \log(x) d x^{10} + 25200 \log(x) e x^{10} - 25200 d x^9 - 56700 d x^8 - 100800 d x^7 - 132300 d x^6 - 127008 d x^5 - 88200 d x^4 - 43200 d x^3 - 14175 d x^2 - 2800 d x - 252 d + 2520 e x^{11} - 113400 e x^9 - 151200 e x^8 - 176400 e x^7 - 158760 e x^6 - 105840 e x^5 - 50400 e x^4 - 16200 e x^3 - 3150 e x^2 - 280 e x}{(2520 x^{10})}$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^11,x)`output `(2520*log(x)*d*x**10 + 25200*log(x)*e*x**10 - 25200*d*x**9 - 56700*d*x**8 - 100800*d*x**7 - 132300*d*x**6 - 127008*d*x**5 - 88200*d*x**4 - 43200*d*x**3 - 14175*d*x**2 - 2800*d*x - 252*d + 2520*e*x**11 - 113400*e*x**9 - 151200*e*x**8 - 176400*e*x**7 - 158760*e*x**6 - 105840*e*x**5 - 50400*e*x**4 - 16200*e*x**3 - 3150*e*x**2 - 280*e*x)/(2520*x**10)`

3.207 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{12}} dx$

Optimal result	1791
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1791
Rubi [A] (verified)	1792
Maple [A] (verified)	1793
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1794
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1794
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1795
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1795
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1796
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1796

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{e}{10x^{10}} - \frac{10e}{9x^9} - \frac{45e}{8x^8} - \frac{120e}{7x^7} - \frac{35e}{x^6} - \frac{252e}{5x^5} - \frac{105e}{2x^4} - \frac{40e}{x^3} - \frac{45e}{2x^2} - \frac{10e}{x} - \frac{d(1+x)^{11}}{11x^{11}} + e \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/10*e/x^10-10/9*e/x^9-45/8*e/x^8-120/7*e/x^7-35*e/x^6-252/5*e/x^5-105/2*
e/x^4-40*e/x^3-45/2*e/x^2-10*e/x-1/11*d*(1+x)^11/x^11+e*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{d}{11x^{11}} - \frac{10d+e}{10x^{10}} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{9x^9} - \frac{15(8d+3e)}{8x^8} - \frac{30(7d+4e)}{7x^7} - \frac{7(6d+5e)}{x^6} - \frac{42(5d+6e)}{5x^5} - \frac{15(4d+7e)}{2x^4} - \frac{5(3d+8e)}{x^3} - \frac{5(2d+9e)}{2x^2} - \frac{d+10e}{x} + e \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^12,x]`

output
$$-1/11*d/x^{11} - (10*d + e)/(10*x^{10}) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/(9*x^9) - (15*(8*d + 3*e))/(8*x^8) - (30*(7*d + 4*e))/(7*x^7) - (7*(6*d + 5*e))/x^6 - (42*(5*d + 6*e))/(5*x^5) - (15*(4*d + 7*e))/(2*x^4) - (5*(3*d + 8*e))/x^3 - (5*(2*d + 9*e))/(2*x^2) - (d + 10*e)/x + e*\text{Log}[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {1184, 87, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex)}{x^{12}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \int \frac{(x + 1)^{10} (d + ex)}{x^{12}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & e \int \frac{(x + 1)^{10}}{x^{11}} dx - \frac{d(x + 1)^{11}}{11x^{11}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & e \int \left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{10}{x^2} + \frac{45}{x^3} + \frac{120}{x^4} + \frac{210}{x^5} + \frac{252}{x^6} + \frac{210}{x^7} + \frac{120}{x^8} + \frac{45}{x^9} + \frac{10}{x^{10}} + \frac{1}{x^{11}} \right) dx - \frac{d(x + 1)^{11}}{11x^{11}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & e \left(-\frac{1}{10x^{10}} - \frac{10}{9x^9} - \frac{45}{8x^8} - \frac{120}{7x^7} - \frac{35}{x^6} - \frac{252}{5x^5} - \frac{105}{2x^4} - \frac{40}{x^3} - \frac{45}{2x^2} - \frac{10}{x} + \log(x) \right) - \frac{d(x + 1)^{11}}{11x^{11}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^12,x]`

output

```
-1/11*(d*(1 + x)^11)/x^11 + e*(-1/10*1/x^10 - 10/(9*x^9) - 45/(8*x^8) - 12
0/(7*x^7) - 35/x^6 - 252/(5*x^5) - 105/(2*x^4) - 40/x^3 - 45/(2*x^2) - 10/
x + Log[x])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(- (b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x
_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
norman	$\frac{(-42d-35e)x^5 + (-42d - \frac{252e}{5})x^6 + (-30d - \frac{120e}{7})x^4 + (-30d - \frac{105e}{2})x^7 + (-15d - 40e)x^8 + (-15d - \frac{45e}{8})x^3 + (-5d - \frac{45e}{2})x^9 + (-5d - \frac{45e}{2})x^9}{x^{11}}$
risch	$\frac{(-42d-35e)x^5 + (-42d - \frac{252e}{5})x^6 + (-30d - \frac{120e}{7})x^4 + (-30d - \frac{105e}{2})x^7 + (-15d - 40e)x^8 + (-15d - \frac{45e}{8})x^3 + (-5d - \frac{45e}{2})x^9 + (-5d - \frac{45e}{2})x^9}{x^{11}}$
default	$-\frac{210d+252e}{5x^5} - \frac{252d+210e}{6x^6} - \frac{45d+120e}{3x^3} - \frac{10d+45e}{2x^2} - \frac{120d+45e}{8x^8} - \frac{120d+210e}{4x^4} + e \ln(x) - \frac{45d+10e}{9x^9} - \frac{210d+45e}{9x^9}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{27720e \ln(x)x^{11} - 27720dx^{10} - 277200ex^{10} - 138600dx^9 - 623700ex^9 - 415800dx^8 - 1108800ex^8 - 831600dx^7 - 1455300ex^7 - 1455300ex^7 - 1455300ex^7}{x^{11}}$

input `int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^12,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((-42*d-35*e)*x^5+(-42*d-252/5*e)*x^6+(-30*d-120/7*e)*x^4+(-30*d-105/2*e)*x^7+(-15*d-40*e)*x^8+(-15*d-45/8*e)*x^3+(-5*d-45/2*e)*x^9+(-5*d-10/9*e)*x^2+(-d-10*e)*x^10+(-d-1/10*e)*x-1/11*d)/x^11+e*ln(x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$= \frac{27720 ex^{11} \log(x) - 27720 (d+10e)x^{10} - 69300 (2d+9e)x^9 - 138600 (3d+8e)x^8 - 207900 (4d+7e)x^7 - 232848 (5d+6e)x^6 - 194040 (6d+5e)x^5 - 118800 (7d+4e)x^4 - 51975 (8d+3e)x^3 - 15400 (9d+2e)x^2 - 2772 (10d+e)x - 2520d}{x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^12,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/27720*(27720*e*x^11*log(x) - 27720*(d + 10*e)*x^10 - 69300*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 - 138600*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 - 207900*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 - 232848*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 - 194040*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 - 118800*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 - 51975*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 - 15400*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 - 2772*(10*d + e)*x - 2520*d)/x^11`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{12}} dx = e \log(x)$$

$$+ \frac{-2520d + x^{10}(-27720d - 277200e) + x^9(-138600d - 623700e) + x^8(-415800d - 1108800e) + x^7(-232848d - 194040e) + x^6(-118800d - 51975e) + x^5(-69300d - 207900e) + x^4(-27720d - 277200e) + x^3(-27720d - 277200e) + x^2(-27720d - 277200e) + x(-27720d - 277200e) - 2520d}{x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**12,x)`

output

```
e*log(x) + (-2520*d + x**10*(-27720*d - 277200*e) + x**9*(-138600*d - 623700*e) + x**8*(-415800*d - 1108800*e) + x**7*(-831600*d - 1455300*e) + x**6*(-1164240*d - 1397088*e) + x**5*(-1164240*d - 970200*e) + x**4*(-831600*d - 475200*e) + x**3*(-415800*d - 155925*e) + x**2*(-138600*d - 30800*e) + x*(-27720*d - 2772*e))/(27720*x**11)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{12}} dx = e \log(x) - \frac{27720(d + 10e)x^{10} + 69300(2d + 9e)x^9 + 138600(3d + 8e)x^8 + 207900(4d + 7e)x^7 + 232848(5d + 6e)x^6 + 19400(6d + 5e)x^5 + 118800(7d + 4e)x^4 + 51975(8d + 3e)x^3 + 15400(9d + 2e)x^2 + 2772(10d + e)x + 2520d}{x^{11}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^12,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
e*log(x) - 1/27720*(27720*(d + 10*e)*x^10 + 69300*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 + 138600*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 207900*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 232848*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 19400*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 118800*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 51975*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 15400*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 2772*(10*d + e)*x + 2520*d)/x^11
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{12}} dx = e \log(|x|) - \frac{27720(d + 10e)x^{10} + 69300(2d + 9e)x^9 + 138600(3d + 8e)x^8 + 207900(4d + 7e)x^7 + 232848(5d + 6e)x^6 + 19400(6d + 5e)x^5 + 118800(7d + 4e)x^4 + 51975(8d + 3e)x^3 + 15400(9d + 2e)x^2 + 2772(10d + e)x + 2520d}{x^{11}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^12,x, algorithm="giac")
```


output

```
e*log(abs(x)) - 1/27720*(27720*(d + 10*e)*x^10 + 69300*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 + 1
38600*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 207900*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 232848*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 +
194040*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 118800*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 51975*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 +
15400*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 2772*(10*d + e)*x + 2520*d)/x^11
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{12}} dx = e \ln(x) - \frac{(d + 10e)x^{10} + (5d + \frac{45e}{2})x^9 + (15d + 40e)x^8 + (30d + \frac{105e}{2})x^7 + (42d + \frac{252e}{5})x^6 + (42d + 35e)x^5 + (15d + 20e)x^4 + (5d + 10e)x^3 + (d + 2e)x^2 + dx + e}{x^{11}}$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^12,x)
```

output

```
e*log(x) - (d/11 + x^2*(5*d + (10*e)/9) + x^9*(5*d + (45*e)/2) + x^8*(15*d
+ 40*e) + x^3*(15*d + (45*e)/8) + x^5*(42*d + 35*e) + x^7*(30*d + (105*e)
/2) + x^4*(30*d + (120*e)/7) + x^6*(42*d + (252*e)/5) + x*(d + e/10) + x^1
0*(d + 10*e))/x^11
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{27720 \log(x) e x^{11} - 27720 d x^{10} - 138600 d x^9 - 415800 d x^8 - 831600 d x^7 - 1164240 d x^6 - 1164240 d x^5 - 69300 d x^4 - 232848 d x^3 - 207900 d x^2 - 194040 d x - 15400 d}{x^{11}}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^12,x)
```

output

```
(27720*log(x)*e**11 - 27720*d**10 - 138600*d**9 - 415800*d**8 - 831600*d**7 - 1164240*d**6 - 1164240*d**5 - 831600*d**4 - 415800*d**3 - 138600*d**2 - 27720*d*x - 2520*d - 277200*e**10 - 623700*e**9 - 1108800*e**8 - 1455300*e**7 - 1397088*e**6 - 970200*e**5 - 475200*e**4 - 155925*e**3 - 30800*e**2 - 2772*e*x)/(27720*x**11)
```

3.208 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{13}} dx$

Optimal result	1798
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1798
Rubi [A] (verified)	1799
Maple [B] (verified)	1800
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1801
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1801
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1802
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1802
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1803
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1803

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{d(1+x)^{11}}{12x^{12}} + \frac{(d-12e)(1+x)^{11}}{132x^{11}}$$

output `-1/12*d*(1+x)^11/x^12+1/132*(d-12*e)*(1+x)^11/x^11`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 114 vs. 2(31) = 62.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.68

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{-12ex(1+11x+55x^2+165x^3+330x^4+462x^5+462x^6+330x^7+165x^8+55x^9+11x^{10})+d(11+x^{11})}{132x^{12}}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^13,x]`

output

```
-1/132*(12*e*x*(1 + 11*x + 55*x^2 + 165*x^3 + 330*x^4 + 462*x^5 + 462*x^6
+ 330*x^7 + 165*x^8 + 55*x^9 + 11*x^10) + d*(11 + 120*x + 594*x^2 + 1760*x
^3 + 3465*x^4 + 4752*x^5 + 4620*x^6 + 3168*x^7 + 1485*x^8 + 440*x^9 + 66*x
^10))/x^12
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1184, 87, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex)}{x^{13}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{(x + 1)^{10} (d + ex)}{x^{13}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$-\frac{1}{12}(d - 12e) \int \frac{(x + 1)^{10}}{x^{12}} dx - \frac{d(x + 1)^{11}}{12x^{12}}$$

$$\downarrow 48$$

$$\frac{(x + 1)^{11}(d - 12e)}{132x^{11}} - \frac{d(x + 1)^{11}}{12x^{12}}$$

input

```
Int[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^13,x]
```

output

```
-1/12*(d*(1 + x)^11)/x^12 + ((d - 12*e)*(1 + x)^11)/(132*x^11)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 48 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[[a + b*x]^(m + 1)*[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 1184 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x
_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 122 vs. 2(27) = 54.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.97

method	result
norman	$\frac{-e x^{11} + \left(-\frac{d}{2} - 5e\right) x^{10} + \left(-\frac{10d}{3} - 15e\right) x^9 + \left(-\frac{45d}{4} - 30e\right) x^8 + (-24d - 42e)x^7 + (-35d - 42e)x^6 + (-36d - 30e)x^5 + \left(-\frac{105d}{4} - 15e\right) x^4}{x^{12}}$
risch	$\frac{-e x^{11} + \left(-\frac{d}{2} - 5e\right) x^{10} + \left(-\frac{10d}{3} - 15e\right) x^9 + \left(-\frac{45d}{4} - 30e\right) x^8 + (-24d - 42e)x^7 + (-35d - 42e)x^6 + (-36d - 30e)x^5 + \left(-\frac{105d}{4} - 15e\right) x^4}{x^{12}}$
default	$-\frac{120d+210e}{5x^5} - \frac{210d+252e}{6x^6} - \frac{10d+45e}{3x^3} - \frac{d+10e}{2x^2} - \frac{210d+120e}{8x^8} - \frac{45d+120e}{4x^4} - \frac{120d+45e}{9x^9} - \frac{252d+210e}{7x^7} - \frac{e}{x}$
gospers	$-\frac{132e x^{11} + 66d x^{10} + 660e x^{10} + 440d x^9 + 1980e x^9 + 1485d x^8 + 3960e x^8 + 3168d x^7 + 5544e x^7 + 4620d x^6 + 5544e x^6 + 4752d x^5}{132x^{12}}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{132e x^{11} - 66d x^{10} - 660e x^{10} - 440d x^9 - 1980e x^9 - 1485d x^8 - 3960e x^8 - 3168d x^7 - 5544e x^7 - 4620d x^6 - 5544e x^6 - 4752d x^5}{132x^{12}}$
orering	$-\frac{(132e x^{11} + 66d x^{10} + 660e x^{10} + 440d x^9 + 1980e x^9 + 1485d x^8 + 3960e x^8 + 3168d x^7 + 5544e x^7 + 4620d x^6 + 5544e x^6 + 4752d x^5)}{132x^{12}(x+1)^{10}}$

```
input int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^13,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(-e*x^11+(-1/2*d-5*e)*x^10+(-10/3*d-15*e)*x^9+(-45/4*d-30*e)*x^8+(-24*d-42
*e)*x^7+(-35*d-42*e)*x^6+(-36*d-30*e)*x^5+(-105/4*d-15*e)*x^4+(-40/3*d-5*e
)*x^3+(-9/2*d-e)*x^2+(-10/11*d-1/11*e)*x-1/12*d)/x^12
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs. $2(27) = 54$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.16

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{13}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{132ex^{11} + 66(d+10e)x^{10} + 220(2d+9e)x^9 + 495(3d+8e)x^8 + 792(4d+7e)x^7 + 924(5d+6e)x^6 + 792(6d+5e)x^5 + 495(7d+4e)x^4 + 220(8d+3e)x^3 + 66(9d+2e)x^2 + 12(10d+e)x + 11d}{x^{12}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^13,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/132*(132*e*x^11 + 66*(d + 10*e)*x^10 + 220*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 + 495*(3*d +
8*e)*x^8 + 792*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 924*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 792*(6*d + 5*e)*x^
5 + 495*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 220*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 66*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 12*(1
0*d + e)*x + 11*d)/x^12
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 131 vs. $2(26) = 52$.

Time = 6.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{13}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-11d - 132ex^{11} + x^{10}(-66d - 660e) + x^9(-440d - 1980e) + x^8(-1485d - 3960e) + x^7(-3168d - 5544e) + x^6(-1485d - 3960e) + x^5(-440d - 1980e) + x^4(-66d - 660e) + x^3(-11d - 132e) + x^2(-11d - 132e) + x(-11d - 132e) + (-11d - 132e)}{x^{12}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**13,x)
```

output

```
(-11*d - 132*e*x**11 + x**10*(-66*d - 660*e) + x**9*(-440*d - 1980*e) + x*
*8*(-1485*d - 3960*e) + x**7*(-3168*d - 5544*e) + x**6*(-4620*d - 5544*e)
+ x**5*(-4752*d - 3960*e) + x**4*(-3465*d - 1980*e) + x**3*(-1760*d - 660*
e) + x**2*(-594*d - 132*e) + x*(-120*d - 12*e))/(132*x**12)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs. $2(27) = 54$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.16

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{132ex^{11} + 66(d + 10e)x^{10} + 220(2d + 9e)x^9 + 495(3d + 8e)x^8 + 792(4d + 7e)x^7 + 924(5d + 6e)x^6 + 594(6d + 5e)x^5 + 495(7d + 4e)x^4 + 220(8d + 3e)x^3 + 66(9d + 2e)x^2 + 12(10d + e)x + 11d}{x^{12}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^13,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/132*(132*e*x^11 + 66*(d + 10*e)*x^10 + 220*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 + 495*(3*d +
8*e)*x^8 + 792*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 924*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 792*(6*d + 5*e)*x^
5 + 495*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 220*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 66*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 12*(1
0*d + e)*x + 11*d)/x^12
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 131 vs. $2(27) = 54$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.23

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{132ex^{11} + 66dx^{10} + 660ex^{10} + 440dx^9 + 1980ex^9 + 1485dx^8 + 3960ex^8 + 3168dx^7 + 5544ex^7 + 4400dx^6 + 2640dx^5 + 1320dx^4 + 440dx^3 + 132dx^2 + 44dx + 11d}{x^{12}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^13,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{-1/132*(132*e*x^{11} + 66*d*x^{10} + 660*e*x^{10} + 440*d*x^9 + 1980*e*x^9 + 1485*d*x^8 + 3960*e*x^8 + 3168*d*x^7 + 5544*e*x^7 + 4620*d*x^6 + 5544*e*x^6 + 4752*d*x^5 + 3960*e*x^5 + 3465*d*x^4 + 1980*e*x^4 + 1760*d*x^3 + 660*e*x^3 + 594*d*x^2 + 132*e*x^2 + 120*d*x + 12*e*x + 11*d)/x^{12}}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.87

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{-ex^{11} + \left(\frac{d}{2} + 5e\right)x^{10} + \left(\frac{10d}{3} + 15e\right)x^9 + \left(\frac{45d}{4} + 30e\right)x^8 + (24d + 42e)x^7 + (35d + 42e)x^6 + (36d + 42e)x^5 + (24d + 42e)x^4 + (10d + 15e)x^3 + (5d + 5e)x^2 + (d + e)x + \frac{11d}{11}}{x^{12}}$$

input

$$\text{int}(((d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^{13}, x)$$

output

$$\frac{-(d/12 + x^{10}(d/2 + 5*e) + x^9*((10*d)/3 + 15*e) + x^3*((40*d)/3 + 5*e) + x^5*(36*d + 30*e) + x^7*(24*d + 42*e) + x^6*(35*d + 42*e) + x^8*((45*d)/4 + 30*e) + x^4*((105*d)/4 + 15*e) + e*x^{11} + x*((10*d)/11 + e/11) + x^2*((9*d)/2 + e))/x^{12}}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.23

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{-132ex^{11} - 66dx^{10} - 660ex^{10} - 440dx^9 - 1980ex^9 - 1485dx^8 - 3960ex^8 - 3168dx^7 - 5544ex^7 - 4752dx^6 - 3960ex^6 - 3465dx^5 - 1980ex^5 - 1760dx^4 - 660ex^4 - 594dx^3 - 132ex^3 - 120dx^2 - 12ex^2 - 11d}{x^{12}}$$

input

$$\text{int}((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^{13}, x)$$

output

```
( - 66*d*x**10 - 440*d*x**9 - 1485*d*x**8 - 3168*d*x**7 - 4620*d*x**6 - 47
52*d*x**5 - 3465*d*x**4 - 1760*d*x**3 - 594*d*x**2 - 120*d*x - 11*d - 132*
e*x**11 - 660*e*x**10 - 1980*e*x**9 - 3960*e*x**8 - 5544*e*x**7 - 5544*e*x
**6 - 3960*e*x**5 - 1980*e*x**4 - 660*e*x**3 - 132*e*x**2 - 12*e*x)/(132*x
**12)
```

3.209 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{14}} dx$

Optimal result	1805
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1805
Rubi [A] (verified)	1806
Maple [B] (verified)	1808
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1808
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1809
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1809
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1810
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1810
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1811

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{14}} dx = -\frac{d(1+x)^{11}}{13x^{13}} + \frac{(2d-13e)(1+x)^{11}}{156x^{12}} - \frac{(2d-13e)(1+x)^{11}}{1716x^{11}}$$

output

```
-1/13*d*(1+x)^11/x^13+1/156*(2*d-13*e)*(1+x)^11/x^12-1/1716*(2*d-13*e)*(1+x)^11/x^11
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 115 vs. 2(52) = 104.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{14}} dx = \frac{13ex(11+120x+594x^2+1760x^3+3465x^4+4752x^5+4620x^6+3168x^7+1485x^8+440x^9+66x^{10})}{x^{14}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^14,x]
```

output

$$\frac{-1/1716*(13*e*x*(11 + 120*x + 594*x^2 + 1760*x^3 + 3465*x^4 + 4752*x^5 + 4620*x^6 + 3168*x^7 + 1485*x^8 + 440*x^9 + 66*x^{10}) + 2*d*(66 + 715*x + 3510*x^2 + 10296*x^3 + 20020*x^4 + 27027*x^5 + 25740*x^6 + 17160*x^7 + 7722*x^8 + 2145*x^9 + 286*x^{10}))}{x^{13}}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {1184, 87, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex)}{x^{14}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\ & \int \frac{(x + 1)^{10} (d + ex)}{x^{14}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\ & -\frac{1}{13}(2d - 13e) \int \frac{(x + 1)^{10}}{x^{13}} dx - \frac{d(x + 1)^{11}}{13x^{13}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{55} \\ & -\frac{1}{13}(2d - 13e) \left(-\frac{1}{12} \int \frac{(x + 1)^{10}}{x^{12}} dx - \frac{(x + 1)^{11}}{12x^{12}} \right) - \frac{d(x + 1)^{11}}{13x^{13}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{48} \\ & -\frac{1}{13} \left(\frac{(x + 1)^{11}}{132x^{11}} - \frac{(x + 1)^{11}}{12x^{12}} \right) (2d - 13e) - \frac{d(x + 1)^{11}}{13x^{13}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\frac{(d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5}{x^{14}}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{-1/13*(d*(1 + x)^{11})/x^{13} - ((2*d - 13*e)*(-1/12*(1 + x)^{11}/x^{12} + (1 + x)^{11}/(132*x^{11}))}{13}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 55

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 122 vs. $2(46) = 92$.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

method	result
norman	$\frac{-\frac{e}{2}x^{11} + \left(-\frac{d}{3} - \frac{10e}{3}\right)x^{10} + \left(-\frac{5d}{2} - \frac{45e}{4}\right)x^9 + (-9d - 24e)x^8 + (-20d - 35e)x^7 + (-30d - 36e)x^6 + \left(-\frac{63d}{2} - \frac{105e}{4}\right)x^5 + \left(-\frac{70d}{3} - \frac{40e}{3}\right)x^4}{x^{13}}$
risch	$\frac{-\frac{e}{2}x^{11} + \left(-\frac{d}{3} - \frac{10e}{3}\right)x^{10} + \left(-\frac{5d}{2} - \frac{45e}{4}\right)x^9 + (-9d - 24e)x^8 + (-20d - 35e)x^7 + (-30d - 36e)x^6 + \left(-\frac{63d}{2} - \frac{105e}{4}\right)x^5 + \left(-\frac{70d}{3} - \frac{40e}{3}\right)x^4}{x^{13}}$
default	$\frac{45d+120e}{5x^5} - \frac{120d+210e}{6x^6} - \frac{d+10e}{3x^3} - \frac{e}{2x^2} - \frac{d}{13x^{13}} - \frac{252d+210e}{8x^8} - \frac{10d+45e}{4x^4} - \frac{210d+120e}{9x^9} - \frac{210d+252e}{7x^7}$
gospers	$\frac{858ex^{11} + 572dx^{10} + 5720ex^{10} + 4290dx^9 + 19305ex^9 + 15444dx^8 + 41184ex^8 + 34320dx^7 + 60060ex^7 + 51480dx^6 + 61776ex^5 + 1716ex^4}{1716x^{13}}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-858ex^{11} - 572dx^{10} - 5720ex^{10} - 4290dx^9 - 19305ex^9 - 15444dx^8 - 41184ex^8 - 34320dx^7 - 60060ex^7 - 51480dx^6 - 61776ex^5 - 1716ex^4}{1716x^{13}}$
orering	$\frac{-(858ex^{11} + 572dx^{10} + 5720ex^{10} + 4290dx^9 + 19305ex^9 + 15444dx^8 + 41184ex^8 + 34320dx^7 + 60060ex^7 + 51480dx^6 + 61776ex^5 + 1716ex^4)}{1716x^{13}}$

```
input int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^14,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-1/2*e*x^11+(-1/3*d-10/3*e)*x^10+(-5/2*d-45/4*e)*x^9+(-9*d-24*e)*x^8+(-20*d-35*e)*x^7+(-30*d-36*e)*x^6+(-63/2*d-105/4*e)*x^5+(-70/3*d-40/3*e)*x^4+(-12*d-9/2*e)*x^3+(-45/11*d-10/11*e)*x^2+(-5/6*d-1/12*e)*x-1/13*d)/x^13
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs. $2(46) = 92$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{14}} dx = \frac{858ex^{11} + 572(d + 10e)x^{10} + 2145(2d + 9e)x^9 + 5148(3d + 8e)x^8 + 8580(4d + 7e)x^7 + 10296(5d + 4e)x^6 + 1716(6d + 3e)x^5 + 1716(7d + 2e)x^4 + 1716(8d + e)x^3 + 1716dx^2 + 1716ex}{1716x^{13}}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^14,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/1716*(858*e*x^11 + 572*(d + 10*e)*x^10 + 2145*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 + 5148*(3
*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 8580*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 10296*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 9009*(6*d +
5*e)*x^5 + 5720*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 2574*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 780*(9*d + 2*e)*
x^2 + 143*(10*d + e)*x + 132*d)/x^13
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 131 vs. $2(41) = 82$.

Time = 7.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{14}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-132d - 858ex^{11} + x^{10}(-572d - 5720e) + x^9(-4290d - 19305e) + x^8(-15444d - 41184e) + x^7(-34320d - 60060e) + x^6(-51480d - 61776e) + x^5(-54054d - 45045e) + x^4(-40040d - 22880e) + x^3(-20592d - 7722e) + x^2(-7020d - 1560e) + x(-1430d - 143e)}{1716x^{13}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**14,x)
```

output

```
(-132*d - 858*e*x**11 + x**10*(-572*d - 5720*e) + x**9*(-4290*d - 19305*e)
+ x**8*(-15444*d - 41184*e) + x**7*(-34320*d - 60060*e) + x**6*(-51480*d
- 61776*e) + x**5*(-54054*d - 45045*e) + x**4*(-40040*d - 22880*e) + x**3*
(-20592*d - 7722*e) + x**2*(-7020*d - 1560*e) + x*(-1430*d - 143*e))/(1716
*x**13)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs. $2(46) = 92$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{14}} dx =$$

$$\frac{-858ex^{11} + 572(d + 10e)x^{10} + 2145(2d + 9e)x^9 + 5148(3d + 8e)x^8 + 8580(4d + 7e)x^7 + 10296(5d + 6e)x^6 + 9009(6d + 5e)x^5 + 5720(7d + 4e)x^4 + 2574(8d + 3e)x^3 + 780(9d + 2e)x^2 + 143(10d + e)x + 132d}{1716x^{13}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^14,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/1716*(858*e*x^11 + 572*(d + 10*e)*x^10 + 2145*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 + 5148*(3
*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 8580*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 10296*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 9009*(6*d +
5*e)*x^5 + 5720*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 2574*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 780*(9*d + 2*e)*
x^2 + 143*(10*d + e)*x + 132*d)/x^13
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 131 vs. $2(46) = 92$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{14}} dx =$$

$$\frac{858 ex^{11} + 572 dx^{10} + 5720 ex^{10} + 4290 dx^9 + 19305 ex^9 + 15444 dx^8 + 41184 ex^8 + 34320 dx^7 + 60060 ex^6 + 51480 dx^6 + 61776 ex^6 + 54054 dx^5 + 45045 ex^5 + 40040 dx^4 + 22880 ex^4 + 20592 dx^4 + 7722 ex^3 + 7020 dx^3 + 1560 ex^2 + 1430 dx + 143 ex + 132d}{x^{13}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^14,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/1716*(858*e*x^11 + 572*d*x^10 + 5720*e*x^10 + 4290*d*x^9 + 19305*e*x^9
+ 15444*d*x^8 + 41184*e*x^8 + 34320*d*x^7 + 60060*e*x^7 + 51480*d*x^6 + 61
776*e*x^6 + 54054*d*x^5 + 45045*e*x^5 + 40040*d*x^4 + 22880*e*x^4 + 20592*
d*x^3 + 7722*e*x^3 + 7020*d*x^2 + 1560*e*x^2 + 1430*d*x + 143*e*x + 132*d)
/x^13
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{14}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\frac{ex^{11}}{2} + \left(\frac{d}{3} + \frac{10e}{3}\right)x^{10} + \left(\frac{5d}{2} + \frac{45e}{4}\right)x^9 + (9d + 24e)x^8 + (20d + 35e)x^7 + (30d + 36e)x^6 + \left(\frac{63d}{2} + 143e\right)x^5 + 143ex^4 + 132d}{x^{13}}$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^14,x)
```

output

$$-(d/13 + x^3(12*d + (9*e)/2) + x^{10}(d/3 + (10*e)/3) + x^8(9*d + 24*e) + x^7(20*d + 35*e) + x^9((5*d)/2 + (45*e)/4) + x^6(30*d + 36*e) + x^2((45*d)/11 + (10*e)/11) + x^4((70*d)/3 + (40*e)/3) + x^5((63*d)/2 + (105*e)/4) + (e*x^{11})/2 + x((5*d)/6 + e/12))/x^{13}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{14}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-858e x^{11} - 572d x^{10} - 5720e x^{10} - 4290d x^9 - 19305e x^9 - 15444d x^8 - 41184e x^8 - 34320d x^7 - 60060e x^7 - 61776e x^6 - 45045e x^5 - 22880e x^4 - 7722e x^3 - 1560e x^2 - 143e x}{(1716 x^{13})}$$

input

int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^14,x)

output

$$(-572*d*x^{10} - 4290*d*x^9 - 15444*d*x^8 - 34320*d*x^7 - 51480*d*x^6 - 54054*d*x^5 - 40040*d*x^4 - 20592*d*x^3 - 7020*d*x^2 - 1430*d*x - 132*d - 858*e*x^{11} - 5720*e*x^{10} - 19305*e*x^9 - 41184*e*x^8 - 60060*e*x^7 - 61776*e*x^6 - 45045*e*x^5 - 22880*e*x^4 - 7722*e*x^3 - 1560*e*x^2 - 143*e*x)/(1716*x^{13})$$

3.210 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{15}} dx$

Optimal result	1812
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1812
Rubi [A] (verified)	1813
Maple [A] (verified)	1815
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1815
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1816
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1816
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1817
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1817
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1818

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{15}} dx = -\frac{d(1+x)^{11}}{14x^{14}} + \frac{(3d-14e)(1+x)^{11}}{182x^{13}} - \frac{(3d-14e)(1+x)^{11}}{1092x^{12}} + \frac{(3d-14e)(1+x)^{11}}{12012x^{11}}$$

output

`-1/14*d*(1+x)^11/x^14+1/182*(3*d-14*e)*(1+x)^11/x^13-1/1092*(3*d-14*e)*(1+x)^11/x^12+1/12012*(3*d-14*e)*(1+x)^11/x^11`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 149 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{15}} dx = -\frac{d}{14x^{14}} - \frac{10d+e}{13x^{13}} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{12x^{12}} - \frac{15(8d+3e)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{3(7d+4e)}{x^{10}} - \frac{14(6d+5e)}{3x^9} - \frac{21(5d+6e)}{4x^8} - \frac{30(4d+7e)}{7x^7} - \frac{5(3d+8e)}{2x^6} - \frac{2d+9e}{x^5} - \frac{d+10e}{4x^4} - \frac{e}{3x^3}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^15,x]`

output `-1/14*d/x^14 - (10*d + e)/(13*x^13) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/(12*x^12) - (15*(8*d + 3*e))/(11*x^11) - (3*(7*d + 4*e))/x^10 - (14*(6*d + 5*e))/(3*x^9) - (21*(5*d + 6*e))/(4*x^8) - (30*(4*d + 7*e))/(7*x^7) - (5*(3*d + 8*e))/(2*x^6) - (2*d + 9*e)/x^5 - (d + 10*e)/(4*x^4) - e/(3*x^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {1184, 87, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex)}{x^{15}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\
 & \int \frac{(x + 1)^{10} (d + ex)}{x^{15}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & -\frac{1}{14}(3d - 14e) \int \frac{(x + 1)^{10}}{x^{14}} dx - \frac{d(x + 1)^{11}}{14x^{14}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & -\frac{1}{14}(3d - 14e) \left(-\frac{2}{13} \int \frac{(x + 1)^{10}}{x^{13}} dx - \frac{(x + 1)^{11}}{13x^{13}} \right) - \frac{d(x + 1)^{11}}{14x^{14}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & -\frac{1}{14}(3d - 14e) \left(-\frac{2}{13} \left(-\frac{1}{12} \int \frac{(x + 1)^{10}}{x^{12}} dx - \frac{(x + 1)^{11}}{12x^{12}} \right) - \frac{(x + 1)^{11}}{13x^{13}} \right) - \frac{d(x + 1)^{11}}{14x^{14}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 48 \\
 & -\frac{1}{14} \left(-\frac{(x + 1)^{11}}{13x^{13}} - \frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{(x + 1)^{11}}{132x^{11}} - \frac{(x + 1)^{11}}{12x^{12}} \right) \right) (3d - 14e) - \frac{d(x + 1)^{11}}{14x^{14}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^15,x]`

output `-1/14*(d*(1 + x)^11)/x^14 - ((3*d - 14*e)*(-1/13*(1 + x)^11/x^13 - (2*(-1/12*(1 + x)^11/x^12 + (1 + x)^11/(132*x^11))))/13)/14`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

method	result
norman	$\frac{-\frac{d}{14} + \left(-\frac{10d}{13} - \frac{e}{13}\right)x + \left(-\frac{15d}{4} - \frac{5e}{6}\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{120d}{11} - \frac{45e}{11}\right)x^3 + (-21d-12e)x^4 + (-28d-\frac{70e}{3})x^5 + \left(-\frac{105d}{4} - \frac{63e}{2}\right)x^6 + \left(-\frac{120d}{7} - 3\right)x^7}{x^{14}}$
risch	$\frac{-\frac{d}{14} + \left(-\frac{10d}{13} - \frac{e}{13}\right)x + \left(-\frac{15d}{4} - \frac{5e}{6}\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{120d}{11} - \frac{45e}{11}\right)x^3 + (-21d-12e)x^4 + (-28d-\frac{70e}{3})x^5 + \left(-\frac{105d}{4} - \frac{63e}{2}\right)x^6 + \left(-\frac{120d}{7} - 3\right)x^7}{x^{14}}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{10d+45e}{5x^5} - \frac{45d+120e}{6x^6} - \frac{e}{3x^3} - \frac{10d+e}{13x^{13}} - \frac{210d+252e}{8x^8} - \frac{d+10e}{4x^4} - \frac{d}{14x^{14}} - \frac{252d+210e}{9x^9} - \frac{120d+210e}{7x^7} - \frac{210}{1}}{x^{14}}$
gospers	$-\frac{4004e x^{11} + 3003d x^{10} + 30030e x^{10} + 24024d x^9 + 108108e x^9 + 90090d x^8 + 240240e x^8 + 205920d x^7 + 360360e x^7 + 315315d x^6}{x^{14}}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{4004e x^{11} - 3003d x^{10} - 30030e x^{10} - 24024d x^9 - 108108e x^9 - 90090d x^8 - 240240e x^8 - 205920d x^7 - 360360e x^7 - 315315d x^6}{x^{14}}$
orering	$-\frac{(4004e x^{11} + 3003d x^{10} + 30030e x^{10} + 24024d x^9 + 108108e x^9 + 90090d x^8 + 240240e x^8 + 205920d x^7 + 360360e x^7 + 315315d x^6)}{x^{14}}$

input `int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^15,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{(-1/14*d+(-10/13*d-1/13*e))*x+(-15/4*d-5/6*e)*x^2+(-120/11*d-45/11*e)*x^3+(-21*d-12*e)*x^4+(-28*d-70/3*e)*x^5+(-105/4*d-63/2*e)*x^6+(-120/7*d-30*e)*x^7+(-15/2*d-20*e)*x^8+(-2*d-9*e)*x^9+(-1/4*d-5/2*e)*x^{10}-1/3*e*x^{11}}{x^{14}}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs. 2(63) = 126.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{15}} dx = \frac{4004ex^{11} + 3003(d + 10e)x^{10} + 12012(2d + 9e)x^9 + 30030(3d + 8e)x^8 + 51480(4d + 7e)x^7 + 63000(5d + 6e)x^6 + 315315d x^5 + 315315e x^4}{x^{14}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^15,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/12012*(4004*e*x^11 + 3003*(d + 10*e)*x^10 + 12012*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 + 30030*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 51480*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 63063*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 56056*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 36036*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 16380*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 5005*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 924*(10*d + e)*x + 858*d)/x^14
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 131 vs. $2(58) = 116$.

Time = 9.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{15}} dx = \frac{-858d - 4004ex^{11} + x^{10}(-3003d - 30030e) + x^9(-24024d - 108108e) + x^8(-90090d - 240240e) + x^7(-205920d - 360360e) + x^6(-315315d - 378378e) + x^5(-336336d - 280280e) + x^4(-252252d - 144144e) + x^3(-131040d - 49140e) + x^2(-45045d - 10010e) + x(-9240d - 924e)}{(12012x^{14})}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**15,x)
```

output

```
(-858*d - 4004*e*x**11 + x**10*(-3003*d - 30030*e) + x**9*(-24024*d - 108108*e) + x**8*(-90090*d - 240240*e) + x**7*(-205920*d - 360360*e) + x**6*(-315315*d - 378378*e) + x**5*(-336336*d - 280280*e) + x**4*(-252252*d - 144144*e) + x**3*(-131040*d - 49140*e) + x**2*(-45045*d - 10010*e) + x*(-9240*d - 924*e))/(12012*x**14)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs. $2(63) = 126$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{15}} dx = \frac{4004ex^{11} + 3003(d + 10e)x^{10} + 12012(2d + 9e)x^9 + 30030(3d + 8e)x^8 + 51480(4d + 7e)x^7 + 63063(5d + 6e)x^6 + 56056(6d + 5e)x^5 + 36036(7d + 4e)x^4 + 16380(8d + 3e)x^3 + 5005(9d + 2e)x^2 + 924(10d + e)x + 858d}{x^{14}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^15,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/12012*(4004*e*x^11 + 3003*(d + 10*e)*x^10 + 12012*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 + 30030*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 51480*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 63063*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 56056*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 36036*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 16380*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 5005*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 924*(10*d + e)*x + 858*d)/x^14
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 131 vs. $2(63) = 126$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{15}} dx = \frac{4004 ex^{11} + 3003 dx^{10} + 30030 ex^{10} + 24024 dx^9 + 108108 ex^9 + 90090 dx^8 + 240240 ex^8 + 205920 dx^7 + 360360 ex^7 + 315315 d x^6 + 378378 e x^6 + 336336 d x^5 + 280280 e x^5 + 252252 d x^4 + 144144 e x^4 + 131040 d x^3 + 49140 e x^3 + 45045 d x^2 + 10010 e x^2 + 9240 d x + 924 e x + 858 d}{x^{14}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^15,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/12012*(4004*e*x^11 + 3003*d*x^10 + 30030*e*x^10 + 24024*d*x^9 + 108108*e*x^9 + 90090*d*x^8 + 240240*e*x^8 + 205920*d*x^7 + 360360*e*x^7 + 315315*d*x^6 + 378378*e*x^6 + 336336*d*x^5 + 280280*e*x^5 + 252252*d*x^4 + 144144*e*x^4 + 131040*d*x^3 + 49140*e*x^3 + 45045*d*x^2 + 10010*e*x^2 + 9240*d*x + 924*e*x + 858*d)/x^14
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{15}} dx = \frac{\frac{e x^{11}}{3} + \left(\frac{d}{4} + \frac{5e}{2}\right) x^{10} + (2d + 9e) x^9 + \left(\frac{15d}{2} + 20e\right) x^8 + \left(\frac{120d}{7} + 30e\right) x^7 + \left(\frac{105d}{4} + \frac{63e}{2}\right) x^6 + (28d + 14e) x^5 + (14d + 7e) x^4 + (7d + 3e) x^3 + (3d + e) x^2 + (d + e) x + \frac{e}{3}}{x^{14}}$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^15,x)
```

output

```

-(d/14 + x^9*(2*d + 9*e) + x^10*(d/4 + (5*e)/2) + x^2*((15*d)/4 + (5*e)/6)
+ x^4*(21*d + 12*e) + x^8*((15*d)/2 + 20*e) + x^5*(28*d + (70*e)/3) + x^7
*((120*d)/7 + 30*e) + x^6*((105*d)/4 + (63*e)/2) + x^3*((120*d)/11 + (45*e
)/11) + (e*x^11)/3 + x*((10*d)/13 + e/13))/x^14

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{15}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4004e x^{11} - 3003d x^{10} - 30030e x^{10} - 24024d x^9 - 108108e x^9 - 90090d x^8 - 240240e x^8 - 205920d x^7 - 315315e x^7 - 336336d x^6 - 252252e x^6 - 131040d x^5 - 45045e x^5 - 9240d x^4 - 858e x^4 - 4004e x^3 - 30030e x^3 - 108108e x^3 - 240240e x^3 - 360360e x^2 - 378378e x^2 - 280280e x^2 - 144144e x^2 - 49140e x^2 - 10010e x^2 - 924e x}{(12012 x^{14})}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^15,x)
```

output

```

( - 3003*d*x**10 - 24024*d*x**9 - 90090*d*x**8 - 205920*d*x**7 - 315315*d*
x**6 - 336336*d*x**5 - 252252*d*x**4 - 131040*d*x**3 - 45045*d*x**2 - 9240
*d*x - 858*d - 4004*e*x**11 - 30030*e*x**10 - 108108*e*x**9 - 240240*e*x**
8 - 360360*e*x**7 - 378378*e*x**6 - 280280*e*x**5 - 144144*e*x**4 - 49140*
e*x**3 - 10010*e*x**2 - 924*e*x)/(12012*x**14)

```

3.211
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{16}} dx$$

Optimal result	1819
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1819
Rubi [A] (verified)	1820
Maple [A] (verified)	1822
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1822
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1823
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1823
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1824
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1824
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1825

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{16}} dx = -\frac{d(1+x)^{11}}{15x^{15}} + \frac{(4d-15e)(1+x)^{11}}{210x^{14}} - \frac{(4d-15e)(1+x)^{11}}{910x^{13}} + \frac{(4d-15e)(1+x)^{11}}{5460x^{12}} - \frac{(4d-15e)(1+x)^{11}}{60060x^{11}}$$

output

```
-1/15*d*(1+x)^11/x^15+1/210*(4*d-15*e)*(1+x)^11/x^14-1/910*(4*d-15*e)*(1+x)^11/x^13+1/5460*(4*d-15*e)*(1+x)^11/x^12-1/60060*(4*d-15*e)*(1+x)^11/x^11
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{16}} dx = -\frac{d}{15x^{15}} - \frac{10d+e}{14x^{14}} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{13x^{13}} - \frac{5(8d+3e)}{4x^{12}} - \frac{30(7d+4e)}{15(4d+7e)} - \frac{21(6d+5e)}{15(3d+8e)} - \frac{3x^9}{6x^6} - \frac{4x^8}{5x^5} - \frac{7x^7}{4x^4}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^16,x]`

output
$$-1/15*d/x^{15} - (10*d + e)/(14*x^{14}) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/(13*x^{13}) - (5*(8*d + 3*e))/(4*x^{12}) - (30*(7*d + 4*e))/(11*x^{11}) - (21*(6*d + 5*e))/(5*x^{10}) - (14*(5*d + 6*e))/(3*x^9) - (15*(4*d + 7*e))/(4*x^8) - (15*(3*d + 8*e))/(7*x^7) - (5*(2*d + 9*e))/(6*x^6) - (d + 10*e)/(5*x^5) - e/(4*x^4)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$, Rules used = {1184, 87, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex)}{x^{16}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \int \frac{(x + 1)^{10} (d + ex)}{x^{16}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & -\frac{1}{15}(4d - 15e) \int \frac{(x + 1)^{10}}{x^{15}} dx - \frac{d(x + 1)^{11}}{15x^{15}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{1}{15}(4d - 15e) \left(-\frac{3}{14} \int \frac{(x + 1)^{10}}{x^{14}} dx - \frac{(x + 1)^{11}}{14x^{14}} \right) - \frac{d(x + 1)^{11}}{15x^{15}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{1}{15}(4d - 15e) \left(-\frac{3}{14} \left(-\frac{2}{13} \int \frac{(x + 1)^{10}}{x^{13}} dx - \frac{(x + 1)^{11}}{13x^{13}} \right) - \frac{(x + 1)^{11}}{14x^{14}} \right) - \frac{d(x + 1)^{11}}{15x^{15}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{1}{15}(4d-15e) \left(-\frac{3}{14} \left(-\frac{2}{13} \left(-\frac{1}{12} \int \frac{(x+1)^{10}}{x^{12}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{12x^{12}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{13x^{13}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{14x^{14}} \right) - \frac{d(x+1)^{11}}{15x^{15}}$$

↓ 48

$$-\frac{1}{15} \left(-\frac{(x+1)^{11}}{14x^{14}} - \frac{3}{14} \left(-\frac{(x+1)^{11}}{13x^{13}} - \frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{(x+1)^{11}}{12x^{12}} - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{12x^{12}} \right) \right) \right) (4d-15e) - \frac{d(x+1)^{11}}{15x^{15}}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^16,x]`

output `-1/15*(d*(1 + x)^11)/x^15 - ((4*d - 15*e)*(-1/14*(1 + x)^11/x^14 - (3*(-1/13*(1 + x)^11/x^13 - (2*(-1/12*(1 + x)^11/x^12 + (1 + x)^11/(132*x^11))))/13))/14)/15`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result
norman	$\frac{-\frac{d}{15} + \left(-\frac{5d}{7} - \frac{e}{14}\right)x + \left(-\frac{45d}{13} - \frac{10e}{13}\right)x^2 + \left(-10d - \frac{15e}{4}\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{210d}{11} - \frac{120e}{11}\right)x^4 + \left(-\frac{126d}{5} - 21e\right)x^5 + \left(-\frac{70d}{3} - 28e\right)x^6 + \left(-15d - \frac{5e}{2}\right)x^7}{x^{15}}$
risch	$\frac{-\frac{d}{15} + \left(-\frac{5d}{7} - \frac{e}{14}\right)x + \left(-\frac{45d}{13} - \frac{10e}{13}\right)x^2 + \left(-10d - \frac{15e}{4}\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{210d}{11} - \frac{120e}{11}\right)x^4 + \left(-\frac{126d}{5} - 21e\right)x^5 + \left(-\frac{70d}{3} - 28e\right)x^6 + \left(-15d - \frac{5e}{2}\right)x^7}{x^{15}}$
default	$-\frac{d+10e}{5x^5} - \frac{10d+45e}{6x^6} - \frac{45d+10e}{13x^{13}} - \frac{120d+210e}{8x^8} - \frac{e}{4x^4} - \frac{10d+e}{14x^{14}} - \frac{210d+252e}{9x^9} - \frac{45d+120e}{7x^7} - \frac{252d+210e}{10x^{10}} - \frac{15d+5e}{2x^7}$
gosper	$-\frac{15015ex^{11} + 12012dx^{10} + 120120ex^{10} + 100100dx^9 + 450450ex^9 + 386100dx^8 + 1029600ex^8 + 900900dx^7 + 1576575ex^7 + 1576575e}{x^{15}}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{15015ex^{11} - 12012dx^{10} - 120120ex^{10} - 100100dx^9 - 450450ex^9 - 386100dx^8 - 1029600ex^8 - 900900dx^7 - 1576575ex^7 - 1576575e}{x^{15}}$
orering	$-\frac{(15015ex^{11} + 12012dx^{10} + 120120ex^{10} + 100100dx^9 + 450450ex^9 + 386100dx^8 + 1029600ex^8 + 900900dx^7 + 1576575ex^7 + 1576575e)}{x^{15}}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^16,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(-1/15*d+(-5/7*d-1/14*e)*x+(-45/13*d-10/13*e)*x^2+(-10*d-15/4*e)*x^3+(-210/11*d-120/11*e)*x^4+(-126/5*d-21*e)*x^5+(-70/3*d-28*e)*x^6+(-15*d-105/4*e)*x^7+(-45/7*d-120/7*e)*x^8+(-5/3*d-15/2*e)*x^9+(-1/5*d-2*e)*x^10-1/4*e*x^11)/x^15
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{16}} dx = -\frac{15015ex^{11} + 12012(d + 10e)x^{10} + 50050(2d + 9e)x^9 + 128700(3d + 8e)x^8 + 225225(4d + 7e)x^7 + 1576575ex^6 + 1576575e}{x^{15}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^16,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{-1/60060*(15015*e*x^{11} + 12012*(d + 10*e)*x^{10} + 50050*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 + 128700*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 225225*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 280280*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 252252*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 163800*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 75075*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 23100*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 4290*(10*d + e)*x + 4004*d}{x^{15}}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{-4004d - 15015ex^{11} + x^{10}(-12012d - 120120e) + x^9(-100100d - 450450e) + x^8(-386100d - 1029600e) + \dots}{x^{15}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**16,x)`

output
$$\frac{(-4004*d - 15015*e*x^{11} + x^{10}*(-12012*d - 120120*e) + x^9*(-100100*d - 450450*e) + x^8*(-386100*d - 1029600*e) + x^7*(-900900*d - 1576575*e) + x^6*(-1401400*d - 1681680*e) + x^5*(-1513512*d - 1261260*e) + x^4*(-1146600*d - 655200*e) + x^3*(-600600*d - 225225*e) + x^2*(-207900*d - 46200*e) + x*(-42900*d - 4290*e)}{(60060*x^{15})}$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{15015 ex^{11} + 12012 (d + 10 e)x^{10} + 50050 (2 d + 9 e)x^9 + 128700 (3 d + 8 e)x^8 + 225225 (4 d + 7 e)x^7 + \dots}{x^{15}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^16,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/60060*(15015*e*x^11 + 12012*(d + 10*e)*x^10 + 50050*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 + 1
28700*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 225225*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 280280*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 +
252252*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 163800*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 75075*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 +
23100*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 4290*(10*d + e)*x + 4004*d)/x^15
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{16}} dx =$$

$$\frac{15015 ex^{11} + 12012 dx^{10} + 120120 ex^{10} + 100100 dx^9 + 450450 ex^9 + 386100 dx^8 + 1029600 ex^8 + 900900 dx^7 + 1576575 ex^7 + 1401400 dx^6 + 655200 ex^6 + 600600 dx^5 + 225225 ex^5 + 207900 dx^4 + 46200 ex^4 + 42900 dx^3 + 4290 ex^3 + 4004 dx^2 + 4290 dx + 4290 ex + 4004 d}{x^{15}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^16,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/60060*(15015*e*x^11 + 12012*d*x^10 + 120120*e*x^10 + 100100*d*x^9 + 450
450*e*x^9 + 386100*d*x^8 + 1029600*e*x^8 + 900900*d*x^7 + 1576575*e*x^7 +
1401400*d*x^6 + 655200*e*x^6 + 600600*d*x^5 + 225225*e*x^5 + 207900*d*x^4 +
46200*e*x^4 + 42900*d*x^3 + 4290*e*x^3 + 4004*d*x^2 + 4290*e*x + 4004*d)/x^15
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{16}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\frac{ex^{11}}{4} + \left(\frac{d}{5} + 2e\right)x^{10} + \left(\frac{5d}{3} + \frac{15e}{2}\right)x^9 + \left(\frac{45d}{7} + \frac{120e}{7}\right)x^8 + \left(15d + \frac{105e}{4}\right)x^7 + \left(\frac{70d}{3} + 28e\right)x^6 + \left(\frac{126d}{5} + 28e\right)x^5 + \left(\frac{126d}{5} + 28e\right)x^4 + \left(\frac{126d}{5} + 28e\right)x^3 + \left(\frac{126d}{5} + 28e\right)x^2 + \left(\frac{126d}{5} + 28e\right)x + \left(\frac{126d}{5} + 28e\right)}{x^{15}}$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^16,x)
```

output

```

-(d/15 + x^10*(d/5 + 2*e) + x^3*(10*d + (15*e)/4) + x^9*((5*d)/3 + (15*e)/
2) + x^2*((45*d)/13 + (10*e)/13) + x^6*((70*d)/3 + 28*e) + x^7*(15*d + (10
5*e)/4) + x^5*((126*d)/5 + 21*e) + x^8*((45*d)/7 + (120*e)/7) + x^4*((210*
d)/11 + (120*e)/11) + (e*x^11)/4 + x*((5*d)/7 + e/14))/x^15

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{16}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-15015e x^{11} - 12012d x^{10} - 120120e x^9 - 100100d x^9 - 450450e x^9 - 386100d x^8 - 1029600e x^8 - 900900d x^7 - 1401400d x^6 - 1513512d x^5 - 1146600d x^4 - 600600d x^3 - 207900d x^2 - 42900d x - 4004d - 15015e x^{11} - 120120e x^{10} - 450450e x^9 - 1029600e x^8 - 1576575e x^7 - 1681680e x^6 - 1261260e x^5 - 655200e x^4 - 225225e x^3 - 46200e x^2 - 4290e x}{(60060 x^{15})}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^16,x)
```

output

```

( - 12012*d*x**10 - 100100*d*x**9 - 386100*d*x**8 - 900900*d*x**7 - 140140
0*d*x**6 - 1513512*d*x**5 - 1146600*d*x**4 - 600600*d*x**3 - 207900*d*x**2
- 42900*d*x - 4004*d - 15015*e*x**11 - 120120*e*x**10 - 450450*e*x**9 - 1
029600*e*x**8 - 1576575*e*x**7 - 1681680*e*x**6 - 1261260*e*x**5 - 655200*
e*x**4 - 225225*e*x**3 - 46200*e*x**2 - 4290*e*x)/(60060*x**15)

```

3.212 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{17}} dx$

Optimal result	1826
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1827
Rubi [A] (verified)	1827
Maple [A] (verified)	1830
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1830
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1831
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1831
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1832
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1832
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1833

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{17}} dx = -\frac{d(1+x)^{11}}{16x^{16}} + \frac{(5d-16e)(1+x)^{11}}{240x^{15}} - \frac{(5d-16e)(1+x)^{11}}{840x^{14}} + \frac{(5d-16e)(1+x)^{11}}{3640x^{13}} - \frac{(5d-16e)(1+x)^{11}}{21840x^{12}} + \frac{(5d-16e)(1+x)^{11}}{240240x^{11}}$$

```
output -1/16*d*(1+x)^11/x^16+1/240*(5*d-16*e)*(1+x)^11/x^15-1/840*(5*d-16*e)*(1+x)^11/x^14+1/3640*(5*d-16*e)*(1+x)^11/x^13-1/21840*(5*d-16*e)*(1+x)^11/x^12+1/240240*(5*d-16*e)*(1+x)^11/x^11
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{17}} dx = -\frac{d}{16x^{16}} - \frac{10d+e}{15x^{15}} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{14x^{14}} - \frac{15(8d+3e)}{13x^{13}} - \frac{5(7d+4e)}{2x^{12}} - \frac{42(6d+5e)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{21(5d+6e)}{5x^{10}} - \frac{10(4d+7e)}{3x^9} - \frac{15(3d+8e)}{8x^8} - \frac{5(2d+9e)}{7x^7} - \frac{d+10e}{6x^6} - \frac{e}{5x^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^17,x]
```

output

```
-1/16*d/x^16 - (10*d + e)/(15*x^15) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/(14*x^14) - (15*(8*d + 3*e))/(13*x^13) - (5*(7*d + 4*e))/(2*x^12) - (42*(6*d + 5*e))/(11*x^11) - (21*(5*d + 6*e))/(5*x^10) - (10*(4*d + 7*e))/(3*x^9) - (15*(3*d + 8*e))/(8*x^8) - (5*(2*d + 9*e))/(7*x^7) - (d + 10*e)/(6*x^6) - e/(5*x^5)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$, Rules used = {1184, 87, 55, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex)}{x^{17}} dx$$

↓ 1184

$$\int \frac{(x + 1)^{10} (d + ex)}{x^{17}} dx$$

↓ 87

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{16}(5d-16e) \int \frac{(x+1)^{10}}{x^{16}} dx - \frac{d(x+1)^{11}}{16x^{16}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 55 \\
& -\frac{1}{16}(5d-16e) \left(-\frac{4}{15} \int \frac{(x+1)^{10}}{x^{15}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{15x^{15}} \right) - \frac{d(x+1)^{11}}{16x^{16}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 55 \\
& -\frac{1}{16}(5d-16e) \left(-\frac{4}{15} \left(-\frac{3}{14} \int \frac{(x+1)^{10}}{x^{14}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{14x^{14}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{15x^{15}} \right) - \frac{d(x+1)^{11}}{16x^{16}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 55 \\
& -\frac{1}{16}(5d-16e) \left(-\frac{4}{15} \left(-\frac{3}{14} \left(-\frac{2}{13} \int \frac{(x+1)^{10}}{x^{13}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{13x^{13}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{14x^{14}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{15x^{15}} \right) - \\
& \quad \quad \quad \frac{d(x+1)^{11}}{16x^{16}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 55 \\
& 16e) \left(-\frac{4}{15} \left(-\frac{3}{14} \left(-\frac{2}{13} \left(-\frac{1}{12} \int \frac{(x+1)^{10}}{x^{12}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{12x^{12}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{13x^{13}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{14x^{14}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{15x^{15}} \right) - \\
& \quad \quad \quad \frac{d(x+1)^{11}}{16x^{16}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 48 \\
& -\frac{1}{16} \left(-\frac{(x+1)^{11}}{15x^{15}} - \frac{4}{15} \left(-\frac{(x+1)^{11}}{14x^{14}} - \frac{3}{14} \left(-\frac{(x+1)^{11}}{13x^{13}} - \frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{(x+1)^{11}}{132x^{11}} - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{12x^{12}} \right) \right) \right) \right) (5d- \\
& \quad \quad \quad 16e) - \frac{d(x+1)^{11}}{16x^{16}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^17,x]`

output `-1/16*(d*(1 + x)^11)/x^16 - ((5*d - 16*e)*(-1/15*(1 + x)^11/x^15 - (4*(-1/14*(1 + x)^11/x^14 - (3*(-1/13*(1 + x)^11/x^13 - (2*(-1/12*(1 + x)^11/x^12 + (1 + x)^11/(132*x^11)))/13))/14)/15))/16`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 55

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
norman	$-\frac{d}{16} + \left(-\frac{2d}{3} - \frac{e}{15}\right)x + \left(-\frac{45d}{14} - \frac{5e}{7}\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{120d}{13} - \frac{45e}{13}\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{35d}{2} - 10e\right)x^4 + \left(-\frac{252d}{11} - \frac{210e}{11}\right)x^5 + \left(-21d - \frac{126e}{5}\right)x^6 + \left(-\frac{40d}{3} - \frac{70e}{3}\right)x^7 + \frac{1}{x^{16}}$
risch	$-\frac{d}{16} + \left(-\frac{2d}{3} - \frac{e}{15}\right)x + \left(-\frac{45d}{14} - \frac{5e}{7}\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{120d}{13} - \frac{45e}{13}\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{35d}{2} - 10e\right)x^4 + \left(-\frac{252d}{11} - \frac{210e}{11}\right)x^5 + \left(-21d - \frac{126e}{5}\right)x^6 + \left(-\frac{40d}{3} - \frac{70e}{3}\right)x^7 + \frac{1}{x^{16}}$
default	$-\frac{e}{5x^5} - \frac{d+10e}{6x^6} - \frac{120d+45e}{13x^{13}} - \frac{45d+120e}{8x^8} - \frac{45d+10e}{14x^{14}} - \frac{120d+210e}{9x^9} - \frac{10d+45e}{7x^7} - \frac{210d+252e}{10x^{10}} - \frac{10d+e}{15x^{15}} - \frac{2}{x^{16}}$
gosper	$-\frac{48048ex^{11} + 40040dx^{10} + 400400ex^{10} + 343200dx^9 + 1544400ex^9 + 1351350dx^8 + 3603600ex^8 + 3203200dx^7 + 5605600ex^7}{x^{16}}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{48048ex^{11} - 40040dx^{10} - 400400ex^{10} - 343200dx^9 - 1544400ex^9 - 1351350dx^8 - 3603600ex^8 - 3203200dx^7 - 5605600ex^7}{x^{16}}$
orering	$-\frac{(48048ex^{11} + 40040dx^{10} + 400400ex^{10} + 343200dx^9 + 1544400ex^9 + 1351350dx^8 + 3603600ex^8 + 3203200dx^7 + 5605600ex^7)}{x^{16}}$

input `int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^17,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{(-1/16*d+(-2/3*d-1/15*e)*x+(-45/14*d-5/7*e)*x^2+(-120/13*d-45/13*e)*x^3+(-35/2*d-10*e)*x^4+(-252/11*d-210/11*e)*x^5+(-21*d-126/5*e)*x^6+(-40/3*d-70/3*e)*x^7+(-45/8*d-15*e)*x^8+(-10/7*d-45/7*e)*x^9+(-1/6*d-5/3*e)*x^{10}-1/5*e*x^{11})/x^{16}}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{17}} dx = -\frac{48048ex^{11} + 40040(d+10e)x^{10} + 171600(2d+9e)x^9 + 450450(3d+8e)x^8 + 800800(4d+7e)x^7}{x^{16}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^17,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/240240*(48048*e*x^11 + 40040*(d + 10*e)*x^10 + 171600*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 +
450450*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 800800*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 1009008*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6
+ 917280*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 600600*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 277200*(8*d + 3*e)*x^
3 + 85800*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 16016*(10*d + e)*x + 15015*d)/x^16
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{17}} dx = \frac{-15015d - 48048ex^{11} + x^{10}(-40040d - 400400e) + x^9(-343200d - 1544400e) + x^8(-1351350d - 3603600e) + x^7(-3203200d - 5605600e) + x^6(-5045040d - 6054048e) + x^5(-5503680d - 4586400e) + x^4(-4204200d - 2402400e) + x^3(-2217600d - 831600e) + x^2(-772200d - 171600e) + x(-160160d - 16016e)}{(240240x^{16})}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**17,x)
```

output

```
(-15015*d - 48048*e*x**11 + x**10*(-40040*d - 400400*e) + x**9*(-343200*d
- 1544400*e) + x**8*(-1351350*d - 3603600*e) + x**7*(-3203200*d - 5605600*
e) + x**6*(-5045040*d - 6054048*e) + x**5*(-5503680*d - 4586400*e) + x**4*
(-4204200*d - 2402400*e) + x**3*(-2217600*d - 831600*e) + x**2*(-772200*d
- 171600*e) + x*(-160160*d - 16016*e))/(240240*x**16)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{17}} dx = \frac{48048 ex^{11} + 40040 (d + 10 e)x^{10} + 171600 (2 d + 9 e)x^9 + 450450 (3 d + 8 e)x^8 + 800800 (4 d + 7 e)x^7 + 1009008 (5 d + 6 e)x^6 + 917280 (6 d + 5 e)x^5 + 600600 (7 d + 4 e)x^4 + 277200 (8 d + 3 e)x^3 + 85800 (9 d + 2 e)x^2 + 16016 (10 d + e)x + 15015 d}{x^{16}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^17,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/240240*(48048*e*x^11 + 40040*(d + 10*e)*x^10 + 171600*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 +
450450*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 800800*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 1009008*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6
+ 917280*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 600600*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 277200*(8*d + 3*e)*x^
3 + 85800*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 16016*(10*d + e)*x + 15015*d)/x^16
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{17}} dx =$$

$$\frac{48048 ex^{11} + 40040 dx^{10} + 400400 ex^{10} + 343200 dx^9 + 1544400 ex^9 + 1351350 dx^8 + 3603600 ex^8 + \dots}{x^{16}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^17,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/240240*(48048*e*x^11 + 40040*d*x^10 + 400400*e*x^10 + 343200*d*x^9 + 15
44400*e*x^9 + 1351350*d*x^8 + 3603600*e*x^8 + 3203200*d*x^7 + 5605600*e*x^
7 + 5045040*d*x^6 + 6054048*e*x^6 + 5503680*d*x^5 + 4586400*e*x^5 + 420420
0*d*x^4 + 2402400*e*x^4 + 2217600*d*x^3 + 831600*e*x^3 + 772200*d*x^2 + 17
1600*e*x^2 + 160160*d*x + 16016*e*x + 15015*d)/x^16
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{17}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\frac{ex^{11}}{5} + \left(\frac{d}{6} + \frac{5e}{3}\right)x^{10} + \left(\frac{10d}{7} + \frac{45e}{7}\right)x^9 + \left(\frac{45d}{8} + 15e\right)x^8 + \left(\frac{40d}{3} + \frac{70e}{3}\right)x^7 + \left(21d + \frac{126e}{5}\right)x^6 + \left(\frac{252d}{11} + \frac{126e}{5}\right)x^5 + \left(\frac{126d}{11} + \frac{63e}{5}\right)x^4 + \left(\frac{63d}{11} + \frac{31.5e}{5}\right)x^3 + \left(\frac{31.5d}{11} + \frac{15.75e}{5}\right)x^2 + \left(\frac{15.75d}{11} + \frac{7.875e}{5}\right)x + \frac{7.875d}{11} + \frac{3.9375e}{5}}{x^{16}}$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^17,x)
```

output

$$-(d/16 + x^{10}(d/6 + (5e)/3) + x^4((35d)/2 + 10e) + x^2((45d)/14 + (5e)/7) + x^8((45d)/8 + 15e) + x^9((10d)/7 + (45e)/7) + x^7((40d)/3 + (70e)/3) + x^6(21d + (126e)/5) + x^3((120d)/13 + (45e)/13) + x^5((252d)/11 + (210e)/11) + (e*x^{11})/5 + x((2d)/3 + e/15))/x^{16}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{17}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-48048e x^{11} - 40040d x^{10} - 400400e x^{10} - 343200d x^9 - 1544400e x^9 - 1351350d x^8 - 3603600e x^8 - 3603600d x^7 - 1501500e x^7 - 150150d x^6 - 48048e x^{11} - 400400e x^{10} - 1544400e x^9 - 3603600e x^8 - 5605600e x^7 - 6054048e x^6 - 4586400e x^5 - 2402400e x^4 - 831600e x^3 - 171600e x^2 - 16016e x}{(240240 x^{16})}$$

input

`int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^17,x)`

output

$$(-40040*d*x^{10} - 343200*d*x^9 - 1351350*d*x^8 - 3203200*d*x^7 - 5045040*d*x^6 - 5503680*d*x^5 - 4204200*d*x^4 - 2217600*d*x^3 - 772200*d*x^2 - 160160*d*x - 15015*d - 48048*e*x^{11} - 400400*e*x^{10} - 1544400*e*x^9 - 3603600*e*x^8 - 5605600*e*x^7 - 6054048*e*x^6 - 4586400*e*x^5 - 2402400*e*x^4 - 831600*e*x^3 - 171600*e*x^2 - 16016*e*x)/(240240*x^{16})$$

3.213 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{18}} dx$

Optimal result	1834
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1835
Rubi [A] (verified)	1835
Maple [A] (verified)	1838
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1838
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1839
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1839
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1840
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1840
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1841

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{18}} dx = -\frac{d(1+x)^{11}}{17x^{17}} + \frac{(6d-17e)(1+x)^{11}}{272x^{16}} - \frac{(6d-17e)(1+x)^{11}}{816x^{15}} + \frac{(6d-17e)(1+x)^{11}}{2856x^{14}} - \frac{(6d-17e)(1+x)^{11}}{12376x^{13}} + \frac{(6d-17e)(1+x)^{11}}{74256x^{12}} - \frac{(6d-17e)(1+x)^{11}}{816816x^{11}}$$

output

```
-1/17*d*(1+x)^11/x^17+1/272*(6*d-17*e)*(1+x)^11/x^16-1/816*(6*d-17*e)*(1+x)^11/x^15+1/2856*(6*d-17*e)*(1+x)^11/x^14-1/12376*(6*d-17*e)*(1+x)^11/x^13+1/74256*(6*d-17*e)*(1+x)^11/x^12-1/816816*(6*d-17*e)*(1+x)^11/x^11
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{18}} dx = -\frac{d}{17x^{17}} - \frac{10d + e}{16x^{16}} - \frac{9d + 2e}{3x^{15}} - \frac{15(8d + 3e)}{14x^{14}} - \frac{30(7d + 4e)}{13x^{13}} - \frac{7(6d + 5e)}{2x^{12}} - \frac{42(5d + 6e)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{3(4d + 7e)}{x^{10}} - \frac{5(3d + 8e)}{3x^9} - \frac{5(2d + 9e)}{8x^8} - \frac{d + 10e}{7x^7} - \frac{e}{6x^6}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^18,x]`

output
$$-1/17*d/x^{17} - (10*d + e)/(16*x^{16}) - (9*d + 2*e)/(3*x^{15}) - (15*(8*d + 3*e))/(14*x^{14}) - (30*(7*d + 4*e))/(13*x^{13}) - (7*(6*d + 5*e))/(2*x^{12}) - (42*(5*d + 6*e))/(11*x^{11}) - (3*(4*d + 7*e))/x^{10} - (5*(3*d + 8*e))/(3*x^9) - (5*(2*d + 9*e))/(8*x^8) - (d + 10*e)/(7*x^7) - e/(6*x^6)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$, Rules used = {1184, 87, 55, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex)}{x^{18}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \int \frac{(x + 1)^{10} (d + ex)}{x^{18}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & -\frac{1}{17}(6d - 17e) \int \frac{(x + 1)^{10}}{x^{17}} dx - \frac{d(x + 1)^{11}}{17x^{17}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 55 \\
& -\frac{1}{17}(6d-17e) \left(-\frac{5}{16} \int \frac{(x+1)^{10}}{x^{16}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{16x^{16}} \right) - \frac{d(x+1)^{11}}{17x^{17}} \\
& \downarrow 55 \\
& -\frac{1}{17}(6d-17e) \left(-\frac{5}{16} \left(-\frac{4}{15} \int \frac{(x+1)^{10}}{x^{15}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{15x^{15}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{16x^{16}} \right) - \frac{d(x+1)^{11}}{17x^{17}} \\
& \downarrow 55 \\
& -\frac{1}{17}(6d-17e) \left(-\frac{5}{16} \left(-\frac{4}{15} \left(-\frac{3}{14} \int \frac{(x+1)^{10}}{x^{14}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{14x^{14}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{15x^{15}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{16x^{16}} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{d(x+1)^{11}}{17x^{17}} \\
& \downarrow 55 \\
& 17e) \left(-\frac{5}{16} \left(-\frac{4}{15} \left(-\frac{3}{14} \left(-\frac{2}{13} \int \frac{(x+1)^{10}}{x^{13}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{13x^{13}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{14x^{14}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{15x^{15}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{16x^{16}} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{d(x+1)^{11}}{17x^{17}} \\
& \downarrow 55 \\
& 17e) \left(-\frac{5}{16} \left(-\frac{4}{15} \left(-\frac{3}{14} \left(-\frac{2}{13} \left(-\frac{1}{12} \int \frac{(x+1)^{10}}{x^{12}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{12x^{12}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{13x^{13}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{14x^{14}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{15x^{15}} \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{d(x+1)^{11}}{17x^{17}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 48 \\
& -\frac{1}{17} \left(-\frac{(x+1)^{11}}{16x^{16}} - \frac{5}{16} \left(-\frac{(x+1)^{11}}{15x^{15}} - \frac{4}{15} \left(-\frac{(x+1)^{11}}{14x^{14}} - \frac{3}{14} \left(-\frac{(x+1)^{11}}{13x^{13}} - \frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{(x+1)^{11}}{132x^{11}} - \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{12x^{12}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
& 17e) - \frac{d(x+1)^{11}}{17x^{17}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^18,x]`

output

$$\frac{-1/17*(d*(1+x)^{11})/x^{17} - ((6*d - 17*e)*(-1/16*(1+x)^{11}/x^{16} - (5*(-1/15*(1+x)^{11}/x^{15} - (4*(-1/14*(1+x)^{11}/x^{14} - (3*(-1/13*(1+x)^{11}/x^{13} - (2*(-1/12*(1+x)^{11}/x^{12} + (1+x)^{11}/(132*x^{11}))))/13))/14))/15))/16))}{17}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48

$$\text{Int}[\{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)\}^{(m_.)}*\{(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)\}^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*\{(c + d*x)\}^{(n+1)}/\{(b*c - a*d)\}*(m+1)), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m+n+2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 55

$$\text{Int}[\{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)\}^{(m_.)}*\{(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)\}^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*\{(c + d*x)\}^{(n+1)}/\{(b*c - a*d)\}*(m+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Simplify}[m+n+2]/\{(b*c - a*d)\}*(m+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{\text{Simplify}[m+1]}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[m+n+2], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m-n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ (\text{SumSimplerQ}[m, 1] \ || \ !\text{SumSimplerQ}[n, 1])$$

rule 87

$$\text{Int}[\{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)\}*\{(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)\}^{(n_.)}*\{(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)\}^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}*\{(e + f*x)\}^{(p+1)}/(f*(p+1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n+p+2) - b*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1))]/(f*(p+1)*(c*f - d*e)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$$

rule 1184

$$\text{Int}[\{(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)\}^{(m_.)}*\{(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.)\}^{(n_.)}*\{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2\}^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
norman	$-\frac{d}{17} + \left(-\frac{5d}{8} - \frac{e}{16}\right)x + \left(-3d - \frac{2e}{3}\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{60d}{7} - \frac{45e}{14}\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{210d}{13} - \frac{120e}{13}\right)x^4 + \left(-21d - \frac{35e}{2}\right)x^5 + \left(-\frac{210d}{11} - \frac{252e}{11}\right)x^6 + (-12d - 21e)x^7 + \frac{136136ex^{11} + 116688dx^{10} + 1166880ex^{10} + 1021020dx^9 + 4594590ex^9 + 4084080dx^8 + 10890880ex^8 + 9801792dx^7 + 1715312ex^6 + 116688d^2x^5 + 1166880d^2x^4 + 1021020d^2x^3 + 4594590d^2x^2 + 4084080d^2x + 10890880d^2}{x^{17}}$
risch	$-\frac{d}{17} + \left(-\frac{5d}{8} - \frac{e}{16}\right)x + \left(-3d - \frac{2e}{3}\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{60d}{7} - \frac{45e}{14}\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{210d}{13} - \frac{120e}{13}\right)x^4 + \left(-21d - \frac{35e}{2}\right)x^5 + \left(-\frac{210d}{11} - \frac{252e}{11}\right)x^6 + (-12d - 21e)x^7 + \frac{136136ex^{11} + 116688dx^{10} + 1166880ex^{10} + 1021020dx^9 + 4594590ex^9 + 4084080dx^8 + 10890880ex^8 + 9801792dx^7 + 1715312ex^6 + 116688d^2x^5 + 1166880d^2x^4 + 1021020d^2x^3 + 4594590d^2x^2 + 4084080d^2x + 10890880d^2}{x^{17}}$
default	$-\frac{e}{6x^6} - \frac{210d+120e}{13x^{13}} - \frac{10d+45e}{8x^8} - \frac{120d+45e}{14x^{14}} - \frac{45d+120e}{9x^9} - \frac{d+10e}{7x^7} - \frac{120d+210e}{10x^{10}} - \frac{d}{17x^{17}} - \frac{45d+10e}{15x^{15}} - \frac{21e}{15x^{15}}$
gospers	$-\frac{136136ex^{11} + 116688dx^{10} + 1166880ex^{10} + 1021020dx^9 + 4594590ex^9 + 4084080dx^8 + 10890880ex^8 + 9801792dx^7 + 1715312ex^6 + 116688d^2x^5 + 1166880d^2x^4 + 1021020d^2x^3 + 4594590d^2x^2 + 4084080d^2x + 10890880d^2}{x^{17}}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{136136ex^{11} + 116688dx^{10} + 1166880ex^{10} + 1021020dx^9 + 4594590ex^9 + 4084080dx^8 + 10890880ex^8 + 9801792dx^7 + 1715312ex^6 + 116688d^2x^5 + 1166880d^2x^4 + 1021020d^2x^3 + 4594590d^2x^2 + 4084080d^2x + 10890880d^2}{x^{17}}$
orering	$-\frac{(136136ex^{11} + 116688dx^{10} + 1166880ex^{10} + 1021020dx^9 + 4594590ex^9 + 4084080dx^8 + 10890880ex^8 + 9801792dx^7 + 1715312ex^6 + 116688d^2x^5 + 1166880d^2x^4 + 1021020d^2x^3 + 4594590d^2x^2 + 4084080d^2x + 10890880d^2)}{x^{17}}$

```
input int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^18,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-1/17*d+(-5/8*d-1/16*e)*x+(-3*d-2/3*e)*x^2+(-60/7*d-45/14*e)*x^3+(-210/13*d-120/13*e)*x^4+(-21*d-35/2*e)*x^5+(-210/11*d-252/11*e)*x^6+(-12*d-21*e)*x^7+(-5*d-40/3*e)*x^8+(-5/4*d-45/8*e)*x^9+(-1/7*d-10/7*e)*x^10-1/6*e*x^11)/x^17
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{18}} dx = -\frac{136136ex^{11} + 116688(d + 10e)x^{10} + 510510(2d + 9e)x^9 + 1361360(3d + 8e)x^8 + 2450448(4d + 7e)x^7 + 116688d^2x^6 + 1166880d^2x^5 + 1021020d^2x^4 + 4594590d^2x^3 + 4084080d^2x^2 + 10890880d^2x + 10890880d^2}{x^{17}}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^18,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/816816*(136136*e*x^11 + 116688*(d + 10*e)*x^10 + 510510*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9
+ 1361360*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 2450448*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 3118752*(5*d + 6*e)
*x^6 + 2858856*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 1884960*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 875160*(8*d + 3
*e)*x^3 + 272272*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 51051*(10*d + e)*x + 48048*d)/x^17
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{18}} dx = \frac{-48048d - 136136ex^{11} + x^{10}(-116688d - 1166880e) + x^9(-1021020d - 4594590e) + x^8(-4084080d - 10890880e) + x^7(-9801792d - 17153136e) + x^6(-15593760d - 18712512e) + x^5(-17153136d - 14294280e) + x^4(-13194720d - 7539840e) + x^3(-7001280d - 2625480e) + x^2(-2450448d - 544544e) + x(-510510d - 51051e)}{(816816x^{17})}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**18,x)
```

output

```
(-48048*d - 136136*e*x**11 + x**10*(-116688*d - 1166880*e) + x**9*(-102102
0*d - 4594590*e) + x**8*(-4084080*d - 10890880*e) + x**7*(-9801792*d - 171
53136*e) + x**6*(-15593760*d - 18712512*e) + x**5*(-17153136*d - 14294280*
e) + x**4*(-13194720*d - 7539840*e) + x**3*(-7001280*d - 2625480*e) + x**2
*(-2450448*d - 544544*e) + x*(-510510*d - 51051*e))/(816816*x**17)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{18}} dx = \frac{136136 ex^{11} + 116688 (d + 10e)x^{10} + 510510 (2d + 9e)x^9 + 1361360 (3d + 8e)x^8 + 2450448 (4d + 7e)x^7 + 3118752 (5d + 6e)x^6 + 2858856 (6d + 5e)x^5 + 1884960 (7d + 4e)x^4 + 875160 (8d + 3e)x^3 + 272272 (9d + 2e)x^2 + 51051 (10d + e)x + 48048d}{816816x^{17}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^18,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/816816*(136136*e*x^11 + 116688*(d + 10*e)*x^10 + 510510*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9
+ 1361360*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 2450448*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 3118752*(5*d + 6*e)
*x^6 + 2858856*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 1884960*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 875160*(8*d + 3
*e)*x^3 + 272272*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 51051*(10*d + e)*x + 48048*d)/x^17
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{18}} dx = \frac{136136 ex^{11} + 116688 dx^{10} + 1166880 ex^{10} + 1021020 dx^9 + 4594590 ex^9 + 4084080 dx^8 + 10890880 ex^7 + 9801792 d x^7 + 17153136 e x^7 + 15593760 d x^6 + 18712512 e x^6 + 17153136 d x^5 + 14294280 e x^5 + 13194720 d x^4 + 7539840 e x^4 + 7001280 d x^3 + 2625480 e x^3 + 2450448 d x^2 + 544544 e x^2 + 510510 d x + 51051 e x + 48048 d}{x^{17}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^18,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/816816*(136136*e*x^11 + 116688*d*x^10 + 1166880*e*x^10 + 1021020*d*x^9
+ 4594590*e*x^9 + 4084080*d*x^8 + 10890880*e*x^8 + 9801792*d*x^7 + 1715313
6*e*x^7 + 15593760*d*x^6 + 18712512*e*x^6 + 17153136*d*x^5 + 14294280*e*x^
5 + 13194720*d*x^4 + 7539840*e*x^4 + 7001280*d*x^3 + 2625480*e*x^3 + 24504
48*d*x^2 + 544544*e*x^2 + 510510*d*x + 51051*e*x + 48048*d)/x^17
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{18}} dx = \frac{\frac{ex^{11}}{6} + \left(\frac{d}{7} + \frac{10e}{7}\right) x^{10} + \left(\frac{5d}{4} + \frac{45e}{8}\right) x^9 + \left(5d + \frac{40e}{3}\right) x^8 + (12d + 21e) x^7 + \left(\frac{210d}{11} + \frac{252e}{11}\right) x^6 + (21d + 21e) x^5 + (21d + 21e) x^4 + (21d + 21e) x^3 + (21d + 21e) x^2 + (21d + 21e) x + (21d + 21e)}{x^{17}}$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^18,x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{d}{17} + x^2 \frac{3d + 2e}{3} + x^{10} \frac{d}{7} + \frac{10e}{7} + x^7 \frac{12d + 21e}{7} + \\
& x^8 \frac{5d + 40e}{3} + x^5 \frac{21d + 35e}{2} + x^9 \frac{5d}{4} + \frac{45e}{8} + \\
& x^3 \frac{60d}{7} + \frac{45e}{14} + x^4 \frac{210d}{13} + \frac{120e}{13} + x^6 \frac{210d}{11} + \frac{252e}{11} + \\
& \frac{e x^{11}}{6} + x \frac{5d}{8} + \frac{e}{16} \Big) / x^{17}
\end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{18}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-136136e x^{11} - 116688d x^{10} - 1166880e x^{10} - 1021020d x^9 - 4594590e x^9 - 4084080d x^8 - 10890880e x^8 - 10890880d x^7 - 10890880e x^7 - 10890880d x^6 - 10890880e x^6 - 10890880d x^5 - 10890880e x^5 - 10890880d x^4 - 10890880e x^4 - 10890880d x^3 - 10890880e x^3 - 10890880d x^2 - 10890880e x^2 - 10890880d x - 10890880e x - 10890880d - 10890880e}{16816 x^{17}}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^18,x)
```

output

```
( - 116688*d*x**10 - 1021020*d*x**9 - 4084080*d*x**8 - 9801792*d*x**7 - 15
593760*d*x**6 - 17153136*d*x**5 - 13194720*d*x**4 - 7001280*d*x**3 - 24504
48*d*x**2 - 510510*d*x - 48048*d - 136136*e*x**11 - 1166880*e*x**10 - 4594
590*e*x**9 - 10890880*e*x**8 - 17153136*e*x**7 - 18712512*e*x**6 - 1429428
0*e*x**5 - 7539840*e*x**4 - 2625480*e*x**3 - 544544*e*x**2 - 51051*e*x)/(8
16816*x**17)
```

3.214 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{19}} dx$

Optimal result	1842
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1842
Rubi [A] (verified)	1843
Maple [A] (verified)	1844
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1845
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1845
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1846
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1846
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1847
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1847

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{19}} dx = -\frac{d}{18x^{18}} - \frac{10d+e}{17x^{17}} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{16x^{16}} - \frac{8d+3e}{x^{15}} - \frac{15(7d+4e)}{7x^{14}} - \frac{42(6d+5e)}{13x^{13}} - \frac{7(5d+6e)}{2x^{12}} - \frac{30(4d+7e)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{3(3d+8e)}{2x^{10}} - \frac{5(2d+9e)}{9x^9} - \frac{d+10e}{8x^8} - \frac{e}{7x^7}$$

output

`-1/18*d/x^18-1/17*(10*d+e)/x^17-5/16*(9*d+2*e)/x^16-(8*d+3*e)/x^15-15/7*(7*d+4*e)/x^14-42/13*(6*d+5*e)/x^13-7/2*(5*d+6*e)/x^12-30/11*(4*d+7*e)/x^11-3/2*(3*d+8*e)/x^10-5/9*(2*d+9*e)/x^9-1/8*(d+10*e)/x^8-1/7*e/x^7`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{19}} dx = -\frac{d}{18x^{18}} - \frac{10d+e}{17x^{17}} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{16x^{16}} - \frac{8d+3e}{x^{15}} - \frac{15(7d+4e)}{7x^{14}} - \frac{42(6d+5e)}{13x^{13}} - \frac{7(5d+6e)}{2x^{12}} - \frac{30(4d+7e)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{3(3d+8e)}{2x^{10}} - \frac{5(2d+9e)}{9x^9} - \frac{d+10e}{8x^8} - \frac{e}{7x^7}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^19,x]`

output
$$-1/18*d/x^{18} - (10*d + e)/(17*x^{17}) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/(16*x^{16}) - (8*d + 3*e)/x^{15} - (15*(7*d + 4*e))/(7*x^{14}) - (42*(6*d + 5*e))/(13*x^{13}) - (7*(5*d + 6*e))/(2*x^{12}) - (30*(4*d + 7*e))/(11*x^{11}) - (3*(3*d + 8*e))/(2*x^{10}) - (5*(2*d + 9*e))/(9*x^9) - (d + 10*e)/(8*x^8) - e/(7*x^7)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1184, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex)}{x^{19}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \int \frac{(x + 1)^{10} (d + ex)}{x^{19}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \int \left(\frac{10d + e}{x^{18}} + \frac{5(9d + 2e)}{x^{17}} + \frac{15(8d + 3e)}{x^{16}} + \frac{30(7d + 4e)}{x^{15}} + \frac{42(6d + 5e)}{x^{14}} + \frac{42(5d + 6e)}{x^{13}} + \frac{30(4d + 7e)}{x^{12}} + \frac{15(3d + 8e)}{x^{11}} \right. \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \left. - \frac{10d + e}{17x^{17}} - \frac{5(9d + 2e)}{16x^{16}} - \frac{8d + 3e}{x^{15}} - \frac{15(7d + 4e)}{7x^{14}} - \frac{42(6d + 5e)}{13x^{13}} - \frac{7(5d + 6e)}{2x^{12}} - \frac{30(4d + 7e)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{3(3d + 8e)}{2x^{10}} - \frac{5(2d + 9e)}{9x^9} - \frac{d + 10e}{8x^8} - \frac{d}{18x^{18}} - \frac{e}{7x^7} \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^19,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -1/18*d/x^{18} - (10*d + e)/(17*x^{17}) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/(16*x^{16}) - (8*d + 3 \\
 & *e)/x^{15} - (15*(7*d + 4*e))/(7*x^{14}) - (42*(6*d + 5*e))/(13*x^{13}) - (7*(5* \\
 & d + 6*e))/(2*x^{12}) - (30*(4*d + 7*e))/(11*x^{11}) - (3*(3*d + 8*e))/(2*x^{10}) \\
 & - (5*(2*d + 9*e))/(9*x^9) - (d + 10*e)/(8*x^8) - e/(7*x^7)
 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```

Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
    
```

rule 1184

```

Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_
) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
    
```

rule 2009

```

Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
    
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
norman	$-\frac{d}{18} + \left(-\frac{10d}{17} - \frac{e}{17}\right)x + \left(-\frac{45d}{16} - \frac{5e}{8}\right)x^2 + (-8d - 3e)x^3 + \left(-15d - \frac{60e}{7}\right)x^4 + \left(-\frac{252d}{13} - \frac{210e}{13}\right)x^5 + \left(-\frac{35d}{2} - 21e\right)x^6 + \left(-\frac{120d}{11} - \frac{210e}{11}\right)x^7 + \left(-\frac{30d}{7} - 15e\right)x^8$
risch	$-\frac{d}{18} + \left(-\frac{10d}{17} - \frac{e}{17}\right)x + \left(-\frac{45d}{16} - \frac{5e}{8}\right)x^2 + (-8d - 3e)x^3 + \left(-15d - \frac{60e}{7}\right)x^4 + \left(-\frac{252d}{13} - \frac{210e}{13}\right)x^5 + \left(-\frac{35d}{2} - 21e\right)x^6 + \left(-\frac{120d}{11} - \frac{210e}{11}\right)x^7 + \left(-\frac{30d}{7} - 15e\right)x^8$
default	$-\frac{d}{18x^{18}} - \frac{252d+210e}{13x^{13}} - \frac{d+10e}{8x^8} - \frac{210d+120e}{14x^{14}} - \frac{10d+45e}{9x^9} - \frac{e}{7x^7} - \frac{45d+120e}{10x^{10}} - \frac{10d+e}{17x^{17}} - \frac{120d+45e}{15x^{15}} - \frac{120d+210e}{11x^{11}} - \frac{30d+15e}{7x^7} - \frac{30d+15e}{7x^7}$
gospers	$-\frac{350064e x^{11} + 306306d x^{10} + 3063060e x^{10} + 2722720d x^9 + 12252240e x^9 + 11027016d x^8 + 29405376e x^8 + 26732160d x^7 + 46732160e x^7 + 350064e x^{11} + 306306d x^{10} + 3063060e x^{10} + 2722720d x^9 + 12252240e x^9 + 11027016d x^8 + 29405376e x^8 + 26732160d x^7 + 46732160e x^7}{18x^{18}}$
paralrelrisch	$-\frac{350064e x^{11} + 306306d x^{10} + 3063060e x^{10} + 2722720d x^9 + 12252240e x^9 + 11027016d x^8 + 29405376e x^8 + 26732160d x^7 + 46732160e x^7}{18x^{18}}$
orering	$-\frac{(350064e x^{11} + 306306d x^{10} + 3063060e x^{10} + 2722720d x^9 + 12252240e x^9 + 11027016d x^8 + 29405376e x^8 + 26732160d x^7 + 46732160e x^7)}{18x^{18}}$

input `int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^19,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{(-1/18*d+(-10/17*d-1/17*e)*x+(-45/16*d-5/8*e)*x^2+(-8*d-3*e)*x^3+(-15*d-60/7*e)*x^4+(-252/13*d-210/13*e)*x^5+(-35/2*d-21*e)*x^6+(-120/11*d-210/11*e)*x^7+(-9/2*d-12*e)*x^8+(-10/9*d-5*e)*x^9+(-1/8*d-5/4*e)*x^{10}-1/7*e*x^{11})/x^{18}}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{19}} dx = \frac{-350064ex^{11} + 306306(d+10e)x^{10} + 1361360(2d+9e)x^9 + 3675672(3d+8e)x^8 + 6683040(4d+7e)x^7 + 8576568(5d+6e)x^6 + 7916832(6d+5e)x^5 + 5250960(7d+4e)x^4 + 2450448(8d+3e)x^3 + 765765(9d+2e)x^2 + 144144(10d+e)x + 136136d}{x^{18}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^19,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{-1/2450448*(350064*e*x^{11} + 306306*(d + 10*e)*x^{10} + 1361360*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 + 3675672*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 6683040*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 8576568*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 7916832*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 5250960*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 2450448*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 765765*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 144144*(10*d + e)*x + 136136*d)}{x^{18}}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{19}} dx = \frac{-136136d - 350064ex^{11} + x^{10}(-306306d - 3063060e) + x^9(-2722720d - 12252240e) + x^8(-11027016d - 110270160e) + x^7(11027016d + 110270160e) + x^6(11027016d + 110270160e) + x^5(11027016d + 110270160e) + x^4(11027016d + 110270160e) + x^3(11027016d + 110270160e) + x^2(11027016d + 110270160e) + x(11027016d + 110270160e) + 11027016d}{x^{18}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**19,x)`

output

```
(-136136*d - 350064*e*x**11 + x**10*(-306306*d - 3063060*e) + x**9*(-27227
20*d - 12252240*e) + x**8*(-11027016*d - 29405376*e) + x**7*(-26732160*d -
46781280*e) + x**6*(-42882840*d - 51459408*e) + x**5*(-47500992*d - 39584
160*e) + x**4*(-36756720*d - 21003840*e) + x**3*(-19603584*d - 7351344*e)
+ x**2*(-6891885*d - 1531530*e) + x*(-1441440*d - 144144*e))/(2450448*x**1
8)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{19}} dx = \frac{350064 ex^{11} + 306306 (d+10e)x^{10} + 1361360 (2d+9e)x^9 + 3675672 (3d+8e)x^8 + 6683040 (4d+7e)x^7 + 8576568 (5d+6e)x^6 + 7916832 (6d+5e)x^5 + 5250960 (7d+4e)x^4 + 2450448 (8d+3e)x^3 + 765765 (9d+2e)x^2 + 144144 (10d+e)x + 136136d}{x^{18}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^19,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2450448*(350064*e*x^11 + 306306*(d + 10*e)*x^10 + 1361360*(2*d + 9*e)*x
^9 + 3675672*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 6683040*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 8576568*(5*d + 6*
e)*x^6 + 7916832*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 5250960*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 2450448*(8*d
+ 3*e)*x^3 + 765765*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 144144*(10*d + e)*x + 136136*d)/x^18
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{19}} dx = \frac{350064 ex^{11} + 306306 dx^{10} + 3063060 ex^{10} + 2722720 dx^9 + 12252240 ex^9 + 11027016 dx^8 + 29405376 ex^8 + 24504480 dx^7 + 19603584 ex^7 + 14414400 dx^6 + 10270160 ex^6 + 7657650 dx^5 + 5250960 ex^5 + 3675672 dx^4 + 2450448 ex^4 + 1441440 dx^3 + 765765 ex^3 + 144144 dx^2 + 136136 dx + 136136d}{x^{18}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^19,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/2450448*(350064*e*x^11 + 306306*d*x^10 + 3063060*e*x^10 + 2722720*d*x^9
+ 12252240*e*x^9 + 11027016*d*x^8 + 29405376*e*x^8 + 26732160*d*x^7 + 467
81280*e*x^7 + 42882840*d*x^6 + 51459408*e*x^6 + 47500992*d*x^5 + 39584160*
e*x^5 + 36756720*d*x^4 + 21003840*e*x^4 + 19603584*d*x^3 + 7351344*e*x^3 +
6891885*d*x^2 + 1531530*e*x^2 + 1441440*d*x + 144144*e*x + 136136*d)/x^18
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{19}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{\frac{ex^{11}}{7} + \left(\frac{d}{8} + \frac{5e}{4}\right)x^{10} + \left(\frac{10d}{9} + 5e\right)x^9 + \left(\frac{9d}{2} + 12e\right)x^8 + \left(\frac{120d}{11} + \frac{210e}{11}\right)x^7 + \left(\frac{35d}{2} + 21e\right)x^6 + \left(\frac{252d}{13} + \frac{210e}{13}\right)x^5 + \left(\frac{10d}{17} + \frac{e}{17}\right)x^4 + \frac{144144e}{x^3} + \frac{1441440d}{x^2} + \frac{136136d}{x} + \frac{136136d}{x}}{x^{18}}$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^19,x)
```

output

```
-(d/18 + x^3*(8*d + 3*e) + x^10*(d/8 + (5*e)/4) + x^8*((9*d)/2 + 12*e) + x
^9*((10*d)/9 + 5*e) + x^6*((35*d)/2 + 21*e) + x^2*((45*d)/16 + (5*e)/8) +
x^4*(15*d + (60*e)/7) + x^7*((120*d)/11 + (210*e)/11) + x^5*((252*d)/13 +
(210*e)/13) + (e*x^11)/7 + x*((10*d)/17 + e/17))/x^18
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{19}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-350064ex^{11} - 306306dx^{10} - 3063060ex^{10} - 2722720dx^9 - 12252240ex^9 - 11027016dx^8 - 29405376ex^8 - 26732160dx^7 - 46781280ex^7 - 42882840dx^6 - 51459408ex^6 - 47500992dx^5 - 39584160ex^5 - 36756720dx^4 - 21003840ex^4 - 19603584dx^3 - 7351344ex^3 - 6891885dx^2 - 1531530ex^2 - 1441440dx - 144144ex - 136136d}{x^{18}}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^19,x)
```

output

```
( - 306306*d*x**10 - 2722720*d*x**9 - 11027016*d*x**8 - 26732160*d*x**7 -  
42882840*d*x**6 - 47500992*d*x**5 - 36756720*d*x**4 - 19603584*d*x**3 - 68  
91885*d*x**2 - 1441440*d*x - 136136*d - 350064*e*x**11 - 3063060*e*x**10 -  
12252240*e*x**9 - 29405376*e*x**8 - 46781280*e*x**7 - 51459408*e*x**6 - 3  
9584160*e*x**5 - 21003840*e*x**4 - 7351344*e*x**3 - 1531530*e*x**2 - 14414  
4*e*x)/(2450448*x**18)
```

3.215 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{20}} dx$

Optimal result	1849
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1849
Rubi [A] (verified)	1850
Maple [A] (verified)	1851
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1852
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1852
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1853
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1853
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1854
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1854

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{20}} dx = -\frac{d}{19x^{19}} - \frac{10d+e}{18x^{18}} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{17x^{17}} - \frac{15(8d+3e)}{16x^{16}} - \frac{2(7d+4e)}{x^{15}} - \frac{3(6d+5e)}{x^{14}} - \frac{42(5d+6e)}{13x^{13}} - \frac{5(4d+7e)}{2x^{12}} - \frac{15(3d+8e)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{2d+9e}{2x^{10}} - \frac{d+10e}{9x^9} - \frac{e}{8x^8}$$

output

-1/19*d/x^19-1/18*(10*d+e)/x^18-5/17*(9*d+2*e)/x^17-15/16*(8*d+3*e)/x^16-2*(7*d+4*e)/x^15-3*(6*d+5*e)/x^14-42/13*(5*d+6*e)/x^13-5/2*(4*d+7*e)/x^12-15/11*(3*d+8*e)/x^11-1/2*(2*d+9*e)/x^10-1/9*(d+10*e)/x^9-1/8*e/x^8

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{20}} dx = -\frac{d}{19x^{19}} - \frac{10d+e}{18x^{18}} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{17x^{17}} - \frac{15(8d+3e)}{16x^{16}} - \frac{2(7d+4e)}{x^{15}} - \frac{3(6d+5e)}{x^{14}} - \frac{42(5d+6e)}{13x^{13}} - \frac{5(4d+7e)}{2x^{12}} - \frac{15(3d+8e)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{2d+9e}{2x^{10}} - \frac{d+10e}{9x^9} - \frac{e}{8x^8}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^20,x]`

output
$$-1/19*d/x^{19} - (10*d + e)/(18*x^{18}) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/(17*x^{17}) - (15*(8*d + 3*e))/(16*x^{16}) - (2*(7*d + 4*e))/x^{15} - (3*(6*d + 5*e))/x^{14} - (42*(5*d + 6*e))/(13*x^{13}) - (5*(4*d + 7*e))/(2*x^{12}) - (15*(3*d + 8*e))/(11*x^{11}) - (2*d + 9*e)/(2*x^{10}) - (d + 10*e)/(9*x^9) - e/(8*x^8)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1184, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex)}{x^{20}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \int \frac{(x + 1)^{10} (d + ex)}{x^{20}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \int \left(\frac{10d + e}{x^{19}} + \frac{5(9d + 2e)}{x^{18}} + \frac{15(8d + 3e)}{x^{17}} + \frac{30(7d + 4e)}{x^{16}} + \frac{42(6d + 5e)}{x^{15}} + \frac{42(5d + 6e)}{x^{14}} + \frac{30(4d + 7e)}{x^{13}} + \frac{15(3d + 8e)}{x^{12}} \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \frac{2d + 9e}{2x^{10}} + \frac{d + 10e}{9x^9} + \frac{d}{19x^{19}} + \frac{e}{8x^8} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & -\frac{10d + e}{18x^{18}} - \frac{5(9d + 2e)}{17x^{17}} - \frac{15(8d + 3e)}{16x^{16}} - \frac{2(7d + 4e)}{x^{15}} - \frac{3(6d + 5e)}{x^{14}} - \frac{42(5d + 6e)}{13x^{13}} - \\ & \quad - \frac{5(4d + 7e)}{2x^{12}} - \frac{15(3d + 8e)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{2d + 9e}{2x^{10}} - \frac{d + 10e}{9x^9} - \frac{d}{19x^{19}} - \frac{e}{8x^8} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^20,x]`

output

$$-1/19*d/x^{19} - (10*d + e)/(18*x^{18}) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/(17*x^{17}) - (15*(8*d + 3*e))/(16*x^{16}) - (2*(7*d + 4*e))/x^{15} - (3*(6*d + 5*e))/x^{14} - (42*(5*d + 6*e))/(13*x^{13}) - (5*(4*d + 7*e))/(2*x^{12}) - (15*(3*d + 8*e))/(11*x^{11}) - (2*d + 9*e)/(2*x^{10}) - (d + 10*e)/(9*x^9) - e/(8*x^8)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
norman	$\frac{-\frac{d}{19} + \left(-\frac{5d}{9} - \frac{e}{18}\right)x + \left(-\frac{45d}{17} - \frac{10e}{17}\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{15d}{2} - \frac{45e}{16}\right)x^3 + (-14d - 8e)x^4 + (-18d - 15e)x^5 + \left(-\frac{210d}{13} - \frac{252e}{13}\right)x^6 + (-10d - \frac{35e}{2})x^7 + \dots}{x^{19}}$
risch	$\frac{-\frac{d}{19} + \left(-\frac{5d}{9} - \frac{e}{18}\right)x + \left(-\frac{45d}{17} - \frac{10e}{17}\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{15d}{2} - \frac{45e}{16}\right)x^3 + (-14d - 8e)x^4 + (-18d - 15e)x^5 + \left(-\frac{210d}{13} - \frac{252e}{13}\right)x^6 + (-10d - \frac{35e}{2})x^7 + \dots}{x^{19}}$
default	$-\frac{10d+e}{18x^{18}} - \frac{210d+252e}{13x^{13}} - \frac{e}{8x^8} - \frac{252d+210e}{14x^{14}} - \frac{d+10e}{9x^9} - \frac{10d+45e}{10x^{10}} - \frac{45d+10e}{17x^{17}} - \frac{210d+120e}{15x^{15}} - \frac{45d+120e}{11x^{11}} - \dots$
gospers	$-\frac{831402e x^{11} + 739024d x^{10} + 7390240e x^{10} + 6651216d x^9 + 29930472e x^9 + 27209520d x^8 + 72558720e x^8 + 66512160d x^7 + 116512160e x^7 + \dots}{x^{19}}$
parallrisch	$-\frac{831402e x^{11} - 739024d x^{10} - 7390240e x^{10} - 6651216d x^9 - 29930472e x^9 - 27209520d x^8 - 72558720e x^8 - 66512160d x^7 - 116512160e x^7 + \dots}{x^{19}}$
orering	$-\frac{(831402e x^{11} + 739024d x^{10} + 7390240e x^{10} + 6651216d x^9 + 29930472e x^9 + 27209520d x^8 + 72558720e x^8 + 66512160d x^7 + 116512160e x^7 + \dots)}{x^{19}}$

input `int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^20,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{(-1/19*d+(-5/9*d-1/18*e)*x+(-45/17*d-10/17*e)*x^2+(-15/2*d-45/16*e)*x^3+(-14*d-8*e)*x^4+(-18*d-15*e)*x^5+(-210/13*d-252/13*e)*x^6+(-10*d-35/2*e)*x^7+(-45/11*d-120/11*e)*x^8+(-d-9/2*e)*x^9+(-1/9*d-10/9*e)*x^{10}-1/8*e*x^{11})/x^{19}}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{20}} dx = \frac{831402 ex^{11} + 739024 (d+10e)x^{10} + 3325608 (2d+9e)x^9 + 9069840 (3d+8e)x^8 + 16628040 (4d+7e)x^7 + 21488544 (5d+6e)x^6 + 19953648 (6d+5e)x^5 + 13302432 (7d+4e)x^4 + 6235515 (8d+3e)x^3 + 1956240 (9d+2e)x^2 + 369512 (10d+e)x + 350064d}{x^{19}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^20,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{-1/6651216*(831402*e*x^{11} + 739024*(d + 10*e)*x^{10} + 3325608*(2*d + 9*e)*x^9 + 9069840*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 16628040*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 21488544*(5*d + 6*e)*x^6 + 19953648*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 13302432*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 6235515*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 1956240*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 369512*(10*d + e)*x + 350064*d)}{x^{19}}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{20}} dx = \frac{-350064d - 831402ex^{11} + x^{10}(-739024d - 7390240e) + x^9(-6651216d - 29930472e) + x^8(-27209520d - 27209520e) + x^7(-21488544d - 21488544e) + x^6(-19953648d - 19953648e) + x^5(-13302432d - 13302432e) + x^4(-6235515d - 6235515e) + x^3(-1956240d - 1956240e) + x^2(-369512d - 369512e) + x(-350064d - 350064e) + 350064d}{x^{19}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**20,x)`

output

```
(-350064*d - 831402*e*x**11 + x**10*(-739024*d - 7390240*e) + x**9*(-66512
16*d - 29930472*e) + x**8*(-27209520*d - 72558720*e) + x**7*(-66512160*d -
116396280*e) + x**6*(-107442720*d - 128931264*e) + x**5*(-119721888*d - 9
9768240*e) + x**4*(-93117024*d - 53209728*e) + x**3*(-49884120*d - 1870654
5*e) + x**2*(-17606160*d - 3912480*e) + x*(-3695120*d - 369512*e))/(665121
6*x**19)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{20}} dx = \frac{831402 ex^{11} + 739024 (d+10e)x^{10} + 3325608 (2d+9e)x^9 + 9069840 (3d+8e)x^8 + 16628040 (4d+7e)x^7 + 21488544 (5d+6e)x^6 + 19953648 (6d+5e)x^5 + 13302432 (7d+4e)x^4 + 6235515 (8d+3e)x^3 + 1956240 (9d+2e)x^2 + 369512 (10d+e)x + 350064d}{x^{19}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^20,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/6651216*(831402*e*x^11 + 739024*(d + 10*e)*x^10 + 3325608*(2*d + 9*e)*x
^9 + 9069840*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 16628040*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 21488544*(5*d +
6*e)*x^6 + 19953648*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 13302432*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 6235515*(
8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 1956240*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 369512*(10*d + e)*x + 350064*d)
/x^19
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{20}} dx = \frac{831402 ex^{11} + 739024 dx^{10} + 7390240 ex^{10} + 6651216 dx^9 + 29930472 ex^9 + 27209520 dx^8 + 72558720 dx^7 + 16628040 (4d+7e)x^7 + 21488544 (5d+6e)x^6 + 19953648 (6d+5e)x^5 + 13302432 (7d+4e)x^4 + 6235515 (8d+3e)x^3 + 1956240 (9d+2e)x^2 + 369512 (10d+e)x + 350064d}{x^{19}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^20,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/6651216*(831402*e*x^11 + 739024*d*x^10 + 7390240*e*x^10 + 6651216*d*x^9
+ 29930472*e*x^9 + 27209520*d*x^8 + 72558720*e*x^8 + 66512160*d*x^7 + 116
396280*e*x^7 + 107442720*d*x^6 + 128931264*e*x^6 + 119721888*d*x^5 + 99768
240*e*x^5 + 93117024*d*x^4 + 53209728*e*x^4 + 49884120*d*x^3 + 18706545*e*
x^3 + 17606160*d*x^2 + 3912480*e*x^2 + 3695120*d*x + 369512*e*x + 350064*d
)/x^19
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{20}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{ex^{11}}{8} + \left(\frac{d}{9} + \frac{10e}{9}\right)x^{10} + \left(d + \frac{9e}{2}\right)x^9 + \left(\frac{45d}{11} + \frac{120e}{11}\right)x^8 + \left(10d + \frac{35e}{2}\right)x^7 + \left(\frac{210d}{13} + \frac{252e}{13}\right)x^6 + (18d - \dots)x^{19}$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^20,x)
```

output

```
-(d/19 + x^4*(14*d + 8*e) + x^5*(18*d + 15*e) + x^10*(d/9 + (10*e)/9) + x^
7*(10*d + (35*e)/2) + x^3*((15*d)/2 + (45*e)/16) + x^2*((45*d)/17 + (10*e)
/17) + x^8*((45*d)/11 + (120*e)/11) + x^6*((210*d)/13 + (252*e)/13) + (e*x
^11)/8 + x*((5*d)/9 + e/18) + x^9*(d + (9*e)/2))/x^19
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{20}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-831402ex^{11} - 739024dx^{10} - 7390240ex^{10} - 6651216dx^9 - 29930472ex^9 - 27209520dx^8 - 72558720dx^7 - 116396280ex^7 - 107442720dx^6 - 128931264ex^6 - 119721888dx^5 - 99768240ex^5 - 93117024dx^4 - 53209728ex^4 - 49884120dx^3 - 18706545ex^3 - 17606160dx^2 - 3912480ex^2 - 3695120dx - 369512ex - 350064d}{x^{19}}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^20,x)
```

output

```
( - 739024*d*x**10 - 6651216*d*x**9 - 27209520*d*x**8 - 66512160*d*x**7 -  
107442720*d*x**6 - 119721888*d*x**5 - 93117024*d*x**4 - 49884120*d*x**3 -  
17606160*d*x**2 - 3695120*d*x - 350064*d - 831402*e*x**11 - 7390240*e*x**1  
0 - 29930472*e*x**9 - 72558720*e*x**8 - 116396280*e*x**7 - 128931264*e*x**  
6 - 99768240*e*x**5 - 53209728*e*x**4 - 18706545*e*x**3 - 3912480*e*x**2 -  
369512*e*x)/(6651216*x**19)
```

3.216 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{21}} dx$

Optimal result	1856
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1857
Rubi [A] (verified)	1857
Maple [A] (verified)	1859
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1859
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1860
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1860
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1861
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1861
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1862

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{21}} dx = -\frac{d}{20x^{20}} - \frac{10d+e}{19x^{19}} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{18x^{18}} - \frac{15(8d+3e)}{17x^{17}} - \frac{15(7d+4e)}{8x^{16}} - \frac{14(6d+5e)}{5x^{15}} - \frac{3(5d+6e)}{x^{14}} - \frac{30(4d+7e)}{13x^{13}} - \frac{5(3d+8e)}{4x^{12}} - \frac{5(2d+9e)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{d+10e}{10x^{10}} - \frac{e}{9x^9}$$

```
output -1/20*d/x^20-1/19*(10*d+e)/x^19-5/18*(9*d+2*e)/x^18-15/17*(8*d+3*e)/x^17-1
5/8*(7*d+4*e)/x^16-14/5*(6*d+5*e)/x^15-3*(5*d+6*e)/x^14-30/13*(4*d+7*e)/x^
13-5/4*(3*d+8*e)/x^12-5/11*(2*d+9*e)/x^11-1/10*(d+10*e)/x^10-1/9*e/x^9
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{21}} dx = -\frac{d}{20x^{20}} - \frac{10d+e}{19x^{19}} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{18x^{18}} - \frac{15(8d+3e)}{17x^{17}} - \frac{15(7d+4e)}{8x^{16}} - \frac{14(6d+5e)}{5x^{15}} - \frac{3(5d+6e)}{x^{14}} - \frac{30(4d+7e)}{13x^{13}} - \frac{5(3d+8e)}{4x^{12}} - \frac{5(2d+9e)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{d+10e}{10x^{10}} - \frac{e}{9x^9}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^21,x]
```

output

```
-1/20*d/x^20 - (10*d + e)/(19*x^19) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/(18*x^18) - (15*(8*d + 3*e))/(17*x^17) - (15*(7*d + 4*e))/(8*x^16) - (14*(6*d + 5*e))/(5*x^15) - (3*(5*d + 6*e))/x^14 - (30*(4*d + 7*e))/(13*x^13) - (5*(3*d + 8*e))/(4*x^12) - (5*(2*d + 9*e))/(11*x^11) - (d + 10*e)/(10*x^10) - e/(9*x^9)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1184, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 (d + ex)}{x^{21}} dx$$

↓ 1184

$$\int \frac{(x + 1)^{10} (d + ex)}{x^{21}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{10d+e}{x^{20}} + \frac{5(9d+2e)}{x^{19}} + \frac{15(8d+3e)}{x^{18}} + \frac{30(7d+4e)}{x^{17}} + \frac{42(6d+5e)}{x^{16}} + \frac{42(5d+6e)}{x^{15}} + \frac{30(4d+7e)}{x^{14}} + \frac{15(3d+8e)}{x^{13}} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{10d+e}{19x^{19}} - \frac{5(9d+2e)}{18x^{18}} - \frac{15(8d+3e)}{17x^{17}} - \frac{15(7d+4e)}{8x^{16}} - \frac{14(6d+5e)}{5x^{15}} - \frac{3(5d+6e)}{x^{14}} - \frac{30(4d+7e)}{13x^{13}} - \frac{5(3d+8e)}{4x^{12}} - \frac{5(2d+9e)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{d+10e}{10x^{10}} - \frac{d}{20x^9} - \frac{e}{9x^9}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^21,x]`

output `-1/20*d/x^20 - (10*d + e)/(19*x^19) - (5*(9*d + 2*e))/(18*x^18) - (15*(8*d + 3*e))/(17*x^17) - (15*(7*d + 4*e))/(8*x^16) - (14*(6*d + 5*e))/(5*x^15) - (3*(5*d + 6*e))/x^14 - (30*(4*d + 7*e))/(13*x^13) - (5*(3*d + 8*e))/(4*x^12) - (5*(2*d + 9*e))/(11*x^11) - (d + 10*e)/(10*x^10) - e/(9*x^9)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

output

```
-1/16628040*(1847560*e*x^11 + 1662804*(d + 10*e)*x^10 + 7558200*(2*d + 9*e)
)*x^9 + 20785050*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 38372400*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 49884120*(5*
d + 6*e)*x^6 + 46558512*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 31177575*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 14671
800*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 4618900*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 875160*(10*d + e)*x + 8314
02*d)/x^20
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{21}} dx = \frac{-831402d - 1847560ex^{11} + x^{10}(-1662804d - 16628040e) + x^9(-15116400d - 68023800e) + x^8(-62355150d - 166280400e) + x^7(-153489600d - 268606800e) + x^6(-249420600d - 299304720e) + x^5(-279351072d - 232792560e) + x^4(-218243025d - 124710300e) + x^3(-117374400d - 44015400e) + x^2(-41570100d - 9237800e) + x(-8751600d - 875160e)}{(16628040x^{20})}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**21,x)
```

output

```
(-831402*d - 1847560*e*x**11 + x**10*(-1662804*d - 16628040*e) + x**9*(-15
116400*d - 68023800*e) + x**8*(-62355150*d - 166280400*e) + x**7*(-1534896
00*d - 268606800*e) + x**6*(-249420600*d - 299304720*e) + x**5*(-279351072
*d - 232792560*e) + x**4*(-218243025*d - 124710300*e) + x**3*(-117374400*d
- 44015400*e) + x**2*(-41570100*d - 9237800*e) + x*(-8751600*d - 875160*e
))/ (16628040*x**20)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{21}} dx = \frac{1847560 ex^{11} + 1662804 (d + 10e)x^{10} + 7558200 (2d + 9e)x^9 + 20785050 (3d + 8e)x^8 + 38372400 (4d + 7e)x^7 + 49884120 (5d + 6e)x^6 + 31177575 (7d + 4e)x^5 + 14671800 (8d + 3e)x^4 + 4618900 (9d + 2e)x^3 + 875160 (10d + e)x^2 + 831402d}{16628040x^{20}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^21,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/16628040*(1847560*e*x^11 + 1662804*(d + 10*e)*x^10 + 7558200*(2*d + 9*e)
)*x^9 + 20785050*(3*d + 8*e)*x^8 + 38372400*(4*d + 7*e)*x^7 + 49884120*(5*
d + 6*e)*x^6 + 46558512*(6*d + 5*e)*x^5 + 31177575*(7*d + 4*e)*x^4 + 14671
800*(8*d + 3*e)*x^3 + 4618900*(9*d + 2*e)*x^2 + 875160*(10*d + e)*x + 8314
02*d)/x^20
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{21}} dx =$$

$$\frac{1847560 ex^{11} + 1662804 dx^{10} + 16628040 ex^{10} + 15116400 dx^9 + 68023800 ex^9 + 62355150 dx^8 + 166280400 ex^8 + 153489600 dx^7 + 268606800 ex^7 + 249420600 dx^6 + 299304720 ex^6 + 279351072 dx^5 + 232792560 ex^5 + 218243025 dx^4 + 124710300 ex^4 + 117374400 dx^3 + 44015400 ex^3 + 41570100 dx^2 + 9237800 ex^2 + 8751600 dx + 875160 ex + 831402d}{x^{20}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^21,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/16628040*(1847560*e*x^11 + 1662804*d*x^10 + 16628040*e*x^10 + 15116400*
d*x^9 + 68023800*e*x^9 + 62355150*d*x^8 + 166280400*e*x^8 + 153489600*d*x^
7 + 268606800*e*x^7 + 249420600*d*x^6 + 299304720*e*x^6 + 279351072*d*x^5
+ 232792560*e*x^5 + 218243025*d*x^4 + 124710300*e*x^4 + 117374400*d*x^3 +
44015400*e*x^3 + 41570100*d*x^2 + 9237800*e*x^2 + 8751600*d*x + 875160*e*x
+ 831402*d)/x^20
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{21}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\frac{ex^{11}}{9} + \left(\frac{d}{10} + e\right) x^{10} + \left(\frac{10d}{11} + \frac{45e}{11}\right) x^9 + \left(\frac{15d}{4} + 10e\right) x^8 + \left(\frac{120d}{13} + \frac{210e}{13}\right) x^7 + (15d + 18e) x^6 + \left(\frac{84d}{5}\right) x^5 + \left(\frac{28d}{3} + 10e\right) x^4 + (2d + 6e) x^3 + (d + 2e) x^2 + 2ex + 2d}{x^{20}}$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^21,x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\left(\frac{d}{20} + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{5d}{2} + \frac{5e}{9}\right) + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{15d}{4} + 10e\right) + x^6 \cdot (15d + 18e) \right. \\
& + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{10d}{11} + \frac{45e}{11}\right) + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{84d}{5} + 14e\right) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{105d}{8} + \frac{15e}{2}\right) \\
& \left. + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{120d}{17} + \frac{45e}{17}\right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{120d}{13} + \frac{210e}{13}\right) + \frac{e \cdot x^{11}}{9} + x \cdot \left(\frac{10d}{19} + \frac{e}{19}\right) + x^{10} \cdot \left(\frac{d}{10} + e\right)\right) / x^{20}
\end{aligned}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5}{x^{21}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-1847560e x^{11} - 1662804d x^{10} - 16628040e x^{10} - 15116400d x^9 - 68023800e x^9 - 62355150d x^8 - 16628040e x^7 - 15116400d x^7 - 62355150e x^6 - 16628040d x^6 - 16628040e x^5 - 15116400d x^5 - 62355150e x^4 - 16628040d x^4 - 16628040e x^3 - 15116400d x^3 - 62355150e x^2 - 16628040d x^2 - 16628040e x - 16628040d}{x^{20}}$$

input

`int((e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^21,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (-1662804d x^{10} - 15116400d x^9 - 62355150d x^8 - 153489600d x^7 - 249420600d x^6 - 279351072d x^5 - 218243025d x^4 - 117374400d x^3 \\
& - 41570100d x^2 - 8751600d x - 831402d - 1847560e x^{11} - 16628040e x^{10} - 68023800e x^9 - 166280400e x^8 - 268606800e x^7 - 299304720e x^6 \\
& - 232792560e x^5 - 124710300e x^4 - 44015400e x^3 - 9237800e x^2 - 875160e x) / (16628040 x^{20})
\end{aligned}$$

3.217 $\int x^{11}(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$

Optimal result	1863
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1863
Rubi [A] (verified)	1864
Maple [A] (verified)	1865
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1866
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1866
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1867
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1867
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1867
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1868

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int x^{11}(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{12}}{12} + \frac{11x^{13}}{13} + \frac{55x^{14}}{14} + 11x^{15} + \frac{165x^{16}}{8} + \frac{462x^{17}}{17} + \frac{77x^{18}}{3} + \frac{330x^{19}}{19} + \frac{33x^{20}}{4} + \frac{55x^{21}}{21} + \frac{x^{22}}{2} + \frac{x^{23}}{23}$$

output

```
1/12*x^12+11/13*x^13+55/14*x^14+11*x^15+165/8*x^16+462/17*x^17+77/3*x^18+330/19*x^19+33/4*x^20+55/21*x^21+1/2*x^22+1/23*x^23
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{11}(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{12}}{12} + \frac{11x^{13}}{13} + \frac{55x^{14}}{14} + 11x^{15} + \frac{165x^{16}}{8} + \frac{462x^{17}}{17} + \frac{77x^{18}}{3} + \frac{330x^{19}}{19} + \frac{33x^{20}}{4} + \frac{55x^{21}}{21} + \frac{x^{22}}{2} + \frac{x^{23}}{23}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^11*(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5,x]
```

output

$$x^{12}/12 + (11x^{13})/13 + (55x^{14})/14 + 11x^{15} + (165x^{16})/8 + (462x^{17})/17 + (77x^{18})/3 + (330x^{19})/19 + (33x^{20})/4 + (55x^{21})/21 + x^{22}/2 + x^{23}/23$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{11}(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int x^{11}(x+1)^{11} dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int (x^{22} + 11x^{21} + 55x^{20} + 165x^{19} + 330x^{18} + 462x^{17} + 462x^{16} + 330x^{15} + 165x^{14} + 55x^{13} + 11x^{12} + x^{11}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{x^{23}}{23} + \frac{x^{22}}{2} + \frac{55x^{21}}{21} + \frac{33x^{20}}{4} + \frac{330x^{19}}{19} + \frac{77x^{18}}{3} + \frac{462x^{17}}{17} + \frac{165x^{16}}{8} + 11x^{15} + \frac{55x^{14}}{14} + \frac{11x^{13}}{13} + \frac{x^{12}}{12}$$

input

```
Int[x^11*(1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]
```

output

$$x^{12}/12 + (11x^{13})/13 + (55x^{14})/14 + 11x^{15} + (165x^{16})/8 + (462x^{17})/17 + (77x^{18})/3 + (330x^{19})/19 + (33x^{20})/4 + (55x^{21})/21 + x^{22}/2 + x^{23}/23$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^{12}(705432x^{11}+8112468x^{10}+42493880x^9+133855722x^8+281801520x^7+416440024x^6+440936496x^5+334639305x^4+178416224936)}{16224936}$
default	$\frac{1}{12}x^{12} + \frac{11}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{14}x^{14} + 11x^{15} + \frac{165}{8}x^{16} + \frac{462}{17}x^{17} + \frac{77}{3}x^{18} + \frac{330}{19}x^{19} + \frac{33}{4}x^{20} + \frac{55}{21}x^{21} + \frac{1}{2}x^{22}$
norman	$\frac{1}{12}x^{12} + \frac{11}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{14}x^{14} + 11x^{15} + \frac{165}{8}x^{16} + \frac{462}{17}x^{17} + \frac{77}{3}x^{18} + \frac{330}{19}x^{19} + \frac{33}{4}x^{20} + \frac{55}{21}x^{21} + \frac{1}{2}x^{22}$
risch	$\frac{1}{12}x^{12} + \frac{11}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{14}x^{14} + 11x^{15} + \frac{165}{8}x^{16} + \frac{462}{17}x^{17} + \frac{77}{3}x^{18} + \frac{330}{19}x^{19} + \frac{33}{4}x^{20} + \frac{55}{21}x^{21} + \frac{1}{2}x^{22}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{12}x^{12} + \frac{11}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{14}x^{14} + 11x^{15} + \frac{165}{8}x^{16} + \frac{462}{17}x^{17} + \frac{77}{3}x^{18} + \frac{330}{19}x^{19} + \frac{33}{4}x^{20} + \frac{55}{21}x^{21} + \frac{1}{2}x^{22}$
orering	$\frac{x^{12}(705432x^{11}+8112468x^{10}+42493880x^9+133855722x^8+281801520x^7+416440024x^6+440936496x^5+334639305x^4+178416224936(x+1)^{10})}{16224936(x+1)^{10}}$

input `int(x^11*(x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/16224936*x^12*(705432*x^11+8112468*x^10+42493880*x^9+133855722*x^8+281801520*x^7+416440024*x^6+440936496*x^5+334639305*x^4+178474296*x^3+63740820*x^2+13728792*x+1352078)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^{11}(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{23}x^{23} + \frac{1}{2}x^{22} + \frac{55}{21}x^{21} + \frac{33}{4}x^{20} + \frac{330}{19}x^{19} + \frac{77}{3}x^{18} + \frac{462}{17}x^{17} + \frac{165}{8}x^{16} + 11x^{15} + \frac{55}{14}x^{14} + \frac{11}{13}x^{13} + \frac{1}{12}x^{12}$$

input `integrate(x^11*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/23*x^23 + 1/2*x^22 + 55/21*x^21 + 33/4*x^20 + 330/19*x^19 + 77/3*x^18 + 462/17*x^17 + 165/8*x^16 + 11*x^15 + 55/14*x^14 + 11/13*x^13 + 1/12*x^12`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{11}(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{23}}{23} + \frac{x^{22}}{2} + \frac{55x^{21}}{21} + \frac{33x^{20}}{4} + \frac{330x^{19}}{19} + \frac{77x^{18}}{3} + \frac{462x^{17}}{17} + \frac{165x^{16}}{8} + 11x^{15} + \frac{55x^{14}}{14} + \frac{11x^{13}}{13} + \frac{x^{12}}{12}$$

input `integrate(x**11*(1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5,x)`

output `x**23/23 + x**22/2 + 55*x**21/21 + 33*x**20/4 + 330*x**19/19 + 77*x**18/3 + 462*x**17/17 + 165*x**16/8 + 11*x**15 + 55*x**14/14 + 11*x**13/13 + x**12/12`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^{11}(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{23}x^{23} + \frac{1}{2}x^{22} + \frac{55}{21}x^{21} + \frac{33}{4}x^{20} + \frac{330}{19}x^{19} + \frac{77}{3}x^{18} + \frac{462}{17}x^{17} + \frac{165}{8}x^{16} + 11x^{15} + \frac{55}{14}x^{14} + \frac{11}{13}x^{13} + \frac{1}{12}x^{12}$$

input `integrate(x^11*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/23*x^23 + 1/2*x^22 + 55/21*x^21 + 33/4*x^20 + 330/19*x^19 + 77/3*x^18 + 462/17*x^17 + 165/8*x^16 + 11*x^15 + 55/14*x^14 + 11/13*x^13 + 1/12*x^12`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^{11}(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{23}x^{23} + \frac{1}{2}x^{22} + \frac{55}{21}x^{21} + \frac{33}{4}x^{20} + \frac{330}{19}x^{19} + \frac{77}{3}x^{18} + \frac{462}{17}x^{17} + \frac{165}{8}x^{16} + 11x^{15} + \frac{55}{14}x^{14} + \frac{11}{13}x^{13} + \frac{1}{12}x^{12}$$

input `integrate(x^11*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/23*x^23 + 1/2*x^22 + 55/21*x^21 + 33/4*x^20 + 330/19*x^19 + 77/3*x^18 + 462/17*x^17 + 165/8*x^16 + 11*x^15 + 55/14*x^14 + 11/13*x^13 + 1/12*x^12`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^{11}(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{23}}{23} + \frac{x^{22}}{2} + \frac{55x^{21}}{21} + \frac{33x^{20}}{4} + \frac{330x^{19}}{19} + \frac{77x^{18}}{3} + \frac{462x^{17}}{17} + \frac{165x^{16}}{8} + 11x^{15} + \frac{55x^{14}}{14} + \frac{11x^{13}}{13} + \frac{x^{12}}{12}$$

input `int(x^11*(x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5,x)`

output $x^{12}/12 + (11*x^{13})/13 + (55*x^{14})/14 + 11*x^{15} + (165*x^{16})/8 + (462*x^{17})/17 + (77*x^{18})/3 + (330*x^{19})/19 + (33*x^{20})/4 + (55*x^{21})/21 + x^{22}/2 + x^{23}/23$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x^{11}(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{12}(705432x^{11} + 8112468x^{10} + 42493880x^9 + 133855722x^8 + 281801520x^7 + 416440024x^6 + 440936496x^5 + 334639305x^4 + 178474296x^3 + 63740820x^2 + 13728792x + 1352078)}{16224936}$$

input `int(x^11*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x)`

output $(x^{12}(705432x^{11} + 8112468x^{10} + 42493880x^9 + 133855722x^8 + 281801520x^7 + 416440024x^6 + 440936496x^5 + 334639305x^4 + 178474296x^3 + 63740820x^2 + 13728792x + 1352078))/16224936$

3.218 $\int x^{10}(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$

Optimal result	1869
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1869
Rubi [A] (verified)	1870
Maple [A] (verified)	1871
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1872
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1872
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1873
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1873
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1874
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1874

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int x^{10}(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{11}}{11} + \frac{11x^{12}}{12} + \frac{55x^{13}}{13} + \frac{165x^{14}}{14} + 22x^{15} + \frac{231x^{16}}{8} + \frac{462x^{17}}{17} + \frac{55x^{18}}{3} + \frac{165x^{19}}{19} + \frac{11x^{20}}{4} + \frac{11x^{21}}{21} + \frac{x^{22}}{22}$$

output

1/11*x^11+11/12*x^12+55/13*x^13+165/14*x^14+22*x^15+231/8*x^16+462/17*x^17+55/3*x^18+165/19*x^19+11/4*x^20+11/21*x^21+1/22*x^22

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{10}(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{11}}{11} + \frac{11x^{12}}{12} + \frac{55x^{13}}{13} + \frac{165x^{14}}{14} + 22x^{15} + \frac{231x^{16}}{8} + \frac{462x^{17}}{17} + \frac{55x^{18}}{3} + \frac{165x^{19}}{19} + \frac{11x^{20}}{4} + \frac{11x^{21}}{21} + \frac{x^{22}}{22}$$

input

Integrate[x^10*(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5,x]

output

$$x^{11}/11 + (11x^{12})/12 + (55x^{13})/13 + (165x^{14})/14 + 22x^{15} + (231x^{16})/8 + (462x^{17})/17 + (55x^{18})/3 + (165x^{19})/19 + (11x^{20})/4 + (11x^{21})/21 + x^{22}/22$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{10}(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int x^{10}(x+1)^{11} dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int (x^{21} + 11x^{20} + 55x^{19} + 165x^{18} + 330x^{17} + 462x^{16} + 462x^{15} + 330x^{14} + 165x^{13} + 55x^{12} + 11x^{11} + x^{10}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{x^{22}}{22} + \frac{11x^{21}}{21} + \frac{11x^{20}}{4} + \frac{165x^{19}}{19} + \frac{55x^{18}}{3} + \frac{462x^{17}}{17} + \frac{231x^{16}}{8} + 22x^{15} + \frac{165x^{14}}{14} + \frac{55x^{13}}{13} + \frac{11x^{12}}{12} + \frac{x^{11}}{11}$$

input

```
Int[x^10*(1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]
```

output

$$x^{11}/11 + (11x^{12})/12 + (55x^{13})/13 + (165x^{14})/14 + 22x^{15} + (231x^{16})/8 + (462x^{17})/17 + (55x^{18})/3 + (165x^{19})/19 + (11x^{20})/4 + (11x^{21})/21 + x^{22}/22$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
gosper	$\frac{x^{11}(352716x^{11}+4064632x^{10}+21339318x^9+67387320x^8+142262120x^7+210882672x^6+224062839x^5+170714544x^4+91454220x^3+32829720x^2+7113106x+705432)}{7759752}$
default	$\frac{1}{11}x^{11} + \frac{11}{12}x^{12} + \frac{55}{13}x^{13} + \frac{165}{14}x^{14} + 22x^{15} + \frac{231}{8}x^{16} + \frac{462}{17}x^{17} + \frac{55}{3}x^{18} + \frac{165}{19}x^{19} + \frac{11}{4}x^{20} + \frac{11}{21}x^{21}$
norman	$\frac{1}{11}x^{11} + \frac{11}{12}x^{12} + \frac{55}{13}x^{13} + \frac{165}{14}x^{14} + 22x^{15} + \frac{231}{8}x^{16} + \frac{462}{17}x^{17} + \frac{55}{3}x^{18} + \frac{165}{19}x^{19} + \frac{11}{4}x^{20} + \frac{11}{21}x^{21}$
risch	$\frac{1}{11}x^{11} + \frac{11}{12}x^{12} + \frac{55}{13}x^{13} + \frac{165}{14}x^{14} + 22x^{15} + \frac{231}{8}x^{16} + \frac{462}{17}x^{17} + \frac{55}{3}x^{18} + \frac{165}{19}x^{19} + \frac{11}{4}x^{20} + \frac{11}{21}x^{21}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{11}x^{11} + \frac{11}{12}x^{12} + \frac{55}{13}x^{13} + \frac{165}{14}x^{14} + 22x^{15} + \frac{231}{8}x^{16} + \frac{462}{17}x^{17} + \frac{55}{3}x^{18} + \frac{165}{19}x^{19} + \frac{11}{4}x^{20} + \frac{11}{21}x^{21}$
orering	$\frac{x^{11}(352716x^{11}+4064632x^{10}+21339318x^9+67387320x^8+142262120x^7+210882672x^6+224062839x^5+170714544x^4+91454220x^3+32829720x^2+7113106x+705432)}{7759752(x+1)^{10}}$

input `int(x^10*(x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/7759752*x^11*(352716*x^11+4064632*x^10+21339318*x^9+67387320*x^8+142262120*x^7+210882672*x^6+224062839*x^5+170714544*x^4+91454220*x^3+32829720*x^2+7113106*x+705432)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^{10}(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{22}x^{22} + \frac{11}{21}x^{21} + \frac{11}{4}x^{20} + \frac{165}{19}x^{19} + \frac{55}{3}x^{18} + \frac{462}{17}x^{17} \\ + \frac{231}{8}x^{16} + 22x^{15} + \frac{165}{14}x^{14} + \frac{55}{13}x^{13} + \frac{11}{12}x^{12} + \frac{1}{11}x^{11}$$

input `integrate(x^10*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/22*x^22 + 11/21*x^21 + 11/4*x^20 + 165/19*x^19 + 55/3*x^18 + 462/17*x^17
+ 231/8*x^16 + 22*x^15 + 165/14*x^14 + 55/13*x^13 + 11/12*x^12 + 1/11*x^11
1`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^{10}(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{22}}{22} + \frac{11x^{21}}{21} + \frac{11x^{20}}{4} + \frac{165x^{19}}{19} + \frac{55x^{18}}{3} + \frac{462x^{17}}{17} \\ + \frac{231x^{16}}{8} + 22x^{15} + \frac{165x^{14}}{14} + \frac{55x^{13}}{13} + \frac{11x^{12}}{12} + \frac{x^{11}}{11}$$

input `integrate(x**10*(1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5,x)`output `x**22/22 + 11*x**21/21 + 11*x**20/4 + 165*x**19/19 + 55*x**18/3 + 462*x**17/17
+ 231*x**16/8 + 22*x**15 + 165*x**14/14 + 55*x**13/13 + 11*x**12/12 +
x**11/11`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^{10}(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{22}x^{22} + \frac{11}{21}x^{21} + \frac{11}{4}x^{20} + \frac{165}{19}x^{19} + \frac{55}{3}x^{18} + \frac{462}{17}x^{17} \\ + \frac{231}{8}x^{16} + 22x^{15} + \frac{165}{14}x^{14} + \frac{55}{13}x^{13} + \frac{11}{12}x^{12} + \frac{1}{11}x^{11}$$

input `integrate(x^10*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/22*x^22 + 11/21*x^21 + 11/4*x^20 + 165/19*x^19 + 55/3*x^18 + 462/17*x^17
+ 231/8*x^16 + 22*x^15 + 165/14*x^14 + 55/13*x^13 + 11/12*x^12 + 1/11*x^11
1`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^{10}(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{22}x^{22} + \frac{11}{21}x^{21} + \frac{11}{4}x^{20} + \frac{165}{19}x^{19} + \frac{55}{3}x^{18} + \frac{462}{17}x^{17} \\ + \frac{231}{8}x^{16} + 22x^{15} + \frac{165}{14}x^{14} + \frac{55}{13}x^{13} + \frac{11}{12}x^{12} + \frac{1}{11}x^{11}$$

input `integrate(x^10*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/22*x^22 + 11/21*x^21 + 11/4*x^20 + 165/19*x^19 + 55/3*x^18 + 462/17*x^17
+ 231/8*x^16 + 22*x^15 + 165/14*x^14 + 55/13*x^13 + 11/12*x^12 + 1/11*x^11
1`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^{10}(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{22}}{22} + \frac{11x^{21}}{21} + \frac{11x^{20}}{4} + \frac{165x^{19}}{19} + \frac{55x^{18}}{3} + \frac{462x^{17}}{17} + \frac{231x^{16}}{8} + 22x^{15} + \frac{165x^{14}}{14} + \frac{55x^{13}}{13} + \frac{11x^{12}}{12} + \frac{x^{11}}{11}$$

input `int(x^10*(x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5,x)`output `x^11/11 + (11*x^12)/12 + (55*x^13)/13 + (165*x^14)/14 + 22*x^15 + (231*x^16)/8 + (462*x^17)/17 + (55*x^18)/3 + (165*x^19)/19 + (11*x^20)/4 + (11*x^21)/21 + x^22/22`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x^{10}(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{11}(352716x^{11} + 4064632x^{10} + 21339318x^9 + 67387320x^8 + 142262120x^7 + 210882672x^6 + 224062839x^5 + 170714544x^4 + 91454220x^3 + 32829720x^2 + 7113106x + 705432)}{7759752}$$

input `int(x^10*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x)`output `(x**11*(352716*x**11 + 4064632*x**10 + 21339318*x**9 + 67387320*x**8 + 142262120*x**7 + 210882672*x**6 + 224062839*x**5 + 170714544*x**4 + 91454220*x**3 + 32829720*x**2 + 7113106*x + 705432))/7759752`

3.219 $\int x^9(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$

Optimal result	1875
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1875
Rubi [A] (verified)	1876
Maple [A] (verified)	1877
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1878
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1878
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1879
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1879
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1879
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1880

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int x^9(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{12}(1+x)^{12} + \frac{9}{13}(1+x)^{13} - \frac{18}{7}(1+x)^{14} + \frac{28}{5}(1+x)^{15} - \frac{63}{8}(1+x)^{16} + \frac{126}{17}(1+x)^{17} - \frac{14}{3}(1+x)^{18} + \frac{36}{19}(1+x)^{19} - \frac{9}{20}(1+x)^{20} + \frac{1}{21}(1+x)^{21}$$

output

`-1/12*(1+x)^12+9/13*(1+x)^13-18/7*(1+x)^14+28/5*(1+x)^15-63/8*(1+x)^16+126/17*(1+x)^17-14/3*(1+x)^18+36/19*(1+x)^19-9/20*(1+x)^20+1/21*(1+x)^21`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^9(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{10}}{10} + x^{11} + \frac{55x^{12}}{12} + \frac{165x^{13}}{13} + \frac{165x^{14}}{7} + \frac{154x^{15}}{5} + \frac{231x^{16}}{8} + \frac{330x^{17}}{17} + \frac{55x^{18}}{6} + \frac{55x^{19}}{19} + \frac{11x^{20}}{20} + \frac{x^{21}}{21}$$

input

`Integrate[x^9*(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5,x]`

output

$$x^{10}/10 + x^{11} + (55x^{12})/12 + (165x^{13})/13 + (165x^{14})/7 + (154x^{15})/5 + (231x^{16})/8 + (330x^{17})/17 + (55x^{18})/6 + (55x^{19})/19 + (11x^{20})/20 + x^{21}/21$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^9(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int x^9(x+1)^{11} dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int ((x+1)^{20} - 9(x+1)^{19} + 36(x+1)^{18} - 84(x+1)^{17} + 126(x+1)^{16} - 126(x+1)^{15} + 84(x+1)^{14} - 36(x+1)^{13} + 9(x+1)^{12} - (x+1)^{11}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{21}(x+1)^{21} - \frac{9}{20}(x+1)^{20} + \frac{36}{19}(x+1)^{19} - \frac{14}{3}(x+1)^{18} + \frac{126}{17}(x+1)^{17} - \frac{63}{8}(x+1)^{16} + \frac{28}{5}(x+1)^{15} - \frac{18}{7}(x+1)^{14} + \frac{9}{13}(x+1)^{13} - \frac{1}{12}(x+1)^{12} + \frac{1}{11}(x+1)^{11}$$

input

```
Int[x^9*(1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]
```

output

$$-1/12*(1 + x)^{12} + (9*(1 + x)^{13})/13 - (18*(1 + x)^{14})/7 + (28*(1 + x)^{15})/5 - (63*(1 + x)^{16})/8 + (126*(1 + x)^{17})/17 - (14*(1 + x)^{18})/3 + (36*(1 + x)^{19})/19 - (9*(1 + x)^{20})/20 + (1 + x)^{21}/21$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}(((d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((f_.) + (g_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{EQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result
default	$\frac{1}{10}x^{10} + x^{11} + \frac{55}{12}x^{12} + \frac{165}{13}x^{13} + \frac{165}{7}x^{14} + \frac{154}{5}x^{15} + \frac{231}{8}x^{16} + \frac{330}{17}x^{17} + \frac{55}{6}x^{18} + \frac{55}{19}x^{19} + \frac{11}{20}x^{20}$
norman	$\frac{1}{10}x^{10} + x^{11} + \frac{55}{12}x^{12} + \frac{165}{13}x^{13} + \frac{165}{7}x^{14} + \frac{154}{5}x^{15} + \frac{231}{8}x^{16} + \frac{330}{17}x^{17} + \frac{55}{6}x^{18} + \frac{55}{19}x^{19} + \frac{11}{20}x^{20}$
risch	$\frac{1}{10}x^{10} + x^{11} + \frac{55}{12}x^{12} + \frac{165}{13}x^{13} + \frac{165}{7}x^{14} + \frac{154}{5}x^{15} + \frac{231}{8}x^{16} + \frac{330}{17}x^{17} + \frac{55}{6}x^{18} + \frac{55}{19}x^{19} + \frac{11}{20}x^{20}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{10}x^{10} + x^{11} + \frac{55}{12}x^{12} + \frac{165}{13}x^{13} + \frac{165}{7}x^{14} + \frac{154}{5}x^{15} + \frac{231}{8}x^{16} + \frac{330}{17}x^{17} + \frac{55}{6}x^{18} + \frac{55}{19}x^{19} + \frac{11}{20}x^{20}$
gospers	$\frac{x^{10}(167960x^{11} + 1939938x^{10} + 10210200x^9 + 32332300x^8 + 68468400x^7 + 101846745x^6 + 108636528x^5 + 83140200x^4 + 4476780)}{3527160}$
orering	$\frac{x^{10}(167960x^{11} + 1939938x^{10} + 10210200x^9 + 32332300x^8 + 68468400x^7 + 101846745x^6 + 108636528x^5 + 83140200x^4 + 4476780)}{3527160(x+1)^{10}}$

input $\text{int}(x^9*(x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $1/10*x^{10}+x^{11}+55/12*x^{12}+165/13*x^{13}+165/7*x^{14}+154/5*x^{15}+231/8*x^{16}+330/17*x^{17}+55/6*x^{18}+55/19*x^{19}+11/20*x^{20}+1/21*x^{21}$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int x^9(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{21}x^{21} + \frac{11}{20}x^{20} + \frac{55}{19}x^{19} + \frac{55}{6}x^{18} + \frac{330}{17}x^{17} + \frac{231}{8}x^{16} \\ + \frac{154}{5}x^{15} + \frac{165}{7}x^{14} + \frac{165}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{12}x^{12} + x^{11} + \frac{1}{10}x^{10}$$

input `integrate(x^9*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/21*x^21 + 11/20*x^20 + 55/19*x^19 + 55/6*x^18 + 330/17*x^17 + 231/8*x^16
+ 154/5*x^15 + 165/7*x^14 + 165/13*x^13 + 55/12*x^12 + x^11 + 1/10*x^10`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int x^9(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{21}}{21} + \frac{11x^{20}}{20} + \frac{55x^{19}}{19} + \frac{55x^{18}}{6} + \frac{330x^{17}}{17} + \frac{231x^{16}}{8} \\ + \frac{154x^{15}}{5} + \frac{165x^{14}}{7} + \frac{165x^{13}}{13} + \frac{55x^{12}}{12} + x^{11} + \frac{x^{10}}{10}$$

input `integrate(x**9*(1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5,x)`

output `x**21/21 + 11*x**20/20 + 55*x**19/19 + 55*x**18/6 + 330*x**17/17 + 231*x**
16/8 + 154*x**15/5 + 165*x**14/7 + 165*x**13/13 + 55*x**12/12 + x**11 + x*
*10/10`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int x^9(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{21}x^{21} + \frac{11}{20}x^{20} + \frac{55}{19}x^{19} + \frac{55}{6}x^{18} + \frac{330}{17}x^{17} + \frac{231}{8}x^{16} \\ + \frac{154}{5}x^{15} + \frac{165}{7}x^{14} + \frac{165}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{12}x^{12} + x^{11} + \frac{1}{10}x^{10}$$

input `integrate(x^9*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/21*x^21 + 11/20*x^20 + 55/19*x^19 + 55/6*x^18 + 330/17*x^17 + 231/8*x^16
+ 154/5*x^15 + 165/7*x^14 + 165/13*x^13 + 55/12*x^12 + x^11 + 1/10*x^10`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int x^9(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{21}x^{21} + \frac{11}{20}x^{20} + \frac{55}{19}x^{19} + \frac{55}{6}x^{18} + \frac{330}{17}x^{17} + \frac{231}{8}x^{16} \\ + \frac{154}{5}x^{15} + \frac{165}{7}x^{14} + \frac{165}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{12}x^{12} + x^{11} + \frac{1}{10}x^{10}$$

input `integrate(x^9*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/21*x^21 + 11/20*x^20 + 55/19*x^19 + 55/6*x^18 + 330/17*x^17 + 231/8*x^16
+ 154/5*x^15 + 165/7*x^14 + 165/13*x^13 + 55/12*x^12 + x^11 + 1/10*x^10`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int x^9(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{21}}{21} + \frac{11x^{20}}{20} + \frac{55x^{19}}{19} + \frac{55x^{18}}{6} + \frac{330x^{17}}{17} + \frac{231x^{16}}{8} \\ + \frac{154x^{15}}{5} + \frac{165x^{14}}{7} + \frac{165x^{13}}{13} + \frac{55x^{12}}{12} + x^{11} + \frac{x^{10}}{10}$$

input `int(x^9*(x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5,x)`

output $x^{10}/10 + x^{11} + (55*x^{12})/12 + (165*x^{13})/13 + (165*x^{14})/7 + (154*x^{15})/5 + (231*x^{16})/8 + (330*x^{17})/17 + (55*x^{18})/6 + (55*x^{19})/19 + (11*x^{20})/20 + x^{21}/21$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int x^9(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{10}(167960x^{11} + 1939938x^{10} + 10210200x^9 + 32332300x^8 + 68468400x^7 + 101846745x^6 + 108636528x^5 + 83140200x^4 + 44767800x^3 + 16166150x^2 + 3527160x + 352716)}{3527160}$$

input `int(x^9*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x)`

output $(x^{10}(167960x^{11} + 1939938x^{10} + 10210200x^9 + 32332300x^8 + 68468400x^7 + 101846745x^6 + 108636528x^5 + 83140200x^4 + 44767800x^3 + 16166150x^2 + 3527160x + 352716))/3527160$

3.220 $\int x^8(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$

Optimal result	1881
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1881
Rubi [A] (verified)	1882
Maple [A] (verified)	1883
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1884
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1884
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1885
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1885
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1885
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1886

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int x^8(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{12}(1+x)^{12} - \frac{8}{13}(1+x)^{13} + 2(1+x)^{14} - \frac{56}{15}(1+x)^{15} + \frac{35}{8}(1+x)^{16} - \frac{56}{17}(1+x)^{17} + \frac{14}{9}(1+x)^{18} - \frac{8}{19}(1+x)^{19} + \frac{1}{20}(1+x)^{20}$$

output

```
1/12*(1+x)^12-8/13*(1+x)^13+2*(1+x)^14-56/15*(1+x)^15+35/8*(1+x)^16-56/17*(1+x)^17+14/9*(1+x)^18-8/19*(1+x)^19+1/20*(1+x)^20
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^8(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^9}{9} + \frac{11x^{10}}{10} + 5x^{11} + \frac{55x^{12}}{4} + \frac{330x^{13}}{13} + 33x^{14} + \frac{154x^{15}}{5} + \frac{165x^{16}}{8} + \frac{165x^{17}}{17} + \frac{55x^{18}}{18} + \frac{11x^{19}}{19} + \frac{x^{20}}{20}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^8*(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5,x]
```

output

$$x^9/9 + (11*x^{10})/10 + 5*x^{11} + (55*x^{12})/4 + (330*x^{13})/13 + 33*x^{14} + (154*x^{15})/5 + (165*x^{16})/8 + (165*x^{17})/17 + (55*x^{18})/18 + (11*x^{19})/19 + x^{20}/20$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^8(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int x^8(x+1)^{11} dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int ((x+1)^{19} - 8(x+1)^{18} + 28(x+1)^{17} - 56(x+1)^{16} + 70(x+1)^{15} - 56(x+1)^{14} + 28(x+1)^{13} - 8(x+1)^{12} - 8(x+1)^{11} + 4(x+1)^{10} - 2(x+1)^9 + (x+1)^8) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{20}(x+1)^{20} - \frac{8}{19}(x+1)^{19} + \frac{14}{9}(x+1)^{18} - \frac{56}{17}(x+1)^{17} + \frac{35}{8}(x+1)^{16} - \frac{56}{15}(x+1)^{15} + 2(x+1)^{14} - \frac{8}{13}(x+1)^{13} + \frac{1}{12}(x+1)^{12} - \frac{1}{11}(x+1)^{11} + \frac{1}{10}(x+1)^{10} - \frac{1}{9}(x+1)^9 + \frac{1}{8}(x+1)^8$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^8*(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5,x]$$

output

$$(1+x)^{12}/12 - (8*(1+x)^{13})/13 + 2*(1+x)^{14} - (56*(1+x)^{15})/15 + (35*(1+x)^{16})/8 - (56*(1+x)^{17})/17 + (14*(1+x)^{18})/9 - (8*(1+x)^{19})/19 + (1+x)^{20}/20$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}(((d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((f_.) + (g_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{E} \text{qQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^9(75582x^{11}+875160x^{10}+4618900x^9+14671800x^8+31177575x^7+46558512x^6+49884120x^5+38372400x^4+20785050x^3+71511640)}{1511640}$
default	$\frac{1}{9}x^9 + \frac{11}{10}x^{10} + 5x^{11} + \frac{55}{4}x^{12} + \frac{330}{13}x^{13} + 33x^{14} + \frac{154}{5}x^{15} + \frac{165}{8}x^{16} + \frac{165}{17}x^{17} + \frac{55}{18}x^{18} + \frac{11}{19}x^{19}$
norman	$\frac{1}{9}x^9 + \frac{11}{10}x^{10} + 5x^{11} + \frac{55}{4}x^{12} + \frac{330}{13}x^{13} + 33x^{14} + \frac{154}{5}x^{15} + \frac{165}{8}x^{16} + \frac{165}{17}x^{17} + \frac{55}{18}x^{18} + \frac{11}{19}x^{19}$
risch	$\frac{1}{9}x^9 + \frac{11}{10}x^{10} + 5x^{11} + \frac{55}{4}x^{12} + \frac{330}{13}x^{13} + 33x^{14} + \frac{154}{5}x^{15} + \frac{165}{8}x^{16} + \frac{165}{17}x^{17} + \frac{55}{18}x^{18} + \frac{11}{19}x^{19}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{9}x^9 + \frac{11}{10}x^{10} + 5x^{11} + \frac{55}{4}x^{12} + \frac{330}{13}x^{13} + 33x^{14} + \frac{154}{5}x^{15} + \frac{165}{8}x^{16} + \frac{165}{17}x^{17} + \frac{55}{18}x^{18} + \frac{11}{19}x^{19}$
orering	$\frac{x^9(75582x^{11}+875160x^{10}+4618900x^9+14671800x^8+31177575x^7+46558512x^6+49884120x^5+38372400x^4+20785050x^3+71511640)}{1511640(x+1)^{10}}$

input $\text{int}(x^8*(x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $1/1511640*x^9*(75582*x^{11}+875160*x^{10}+4618900*x^9+14671800*x^8+31177575*x^7+46558512*x^6+49884120*x^5+38372400*x^4+20785050*x^3+71511640*x^2+1662804*x+167960)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^8(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{20}x^{20} + \frac{11}{19}x^{19} + \frac{55}{18}x^{18} + \frac{165}{17}x^{17} + \frac{165}{8}x^{16} + \frac{154}{5}x^{15} \\ + 33x^{14} + \frac{330}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{4}x^{12} + 5x^{11} + \frac{11}{10}x^{10} + \frac{1}{9}x^9$$

input `integrate(x^8*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/20*x^20 + 11/19*x^19 + 55/18*x^18 + 165/17*x^17 + 165/8*x^16 + 154/5*x^15
+ 33*x^14 + 330/13*x^13 + 55/4*x^12 + 5*x^11 + 11/10*x^10 + 1/9*x^9`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^8(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{20}}{20} + \frac{11x^{19}}{19} + \frac{55x^{18}}{18} + \frac{165x^{17}}{17} + \frac{165x^{16}}{8} + \frac{154x^{15}}{5} \\ + 33x^{14} + \frac{330x^{13}}{13} + \frac{55x^{12}}{4} + 5x^{11} + \frac{11x^{10}}{10} + \frac{x^9}{9}$$

input `integrate(x**8*(1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5,x)`

output `x**20/20 + 11*x**19/19 + 55*x**18/18 + 165*x**17/17 + 165*x**16/8 + 154*x**
*15/5 + 33*x**14 + 330*x**13/13 + 55*x**12/4 + 5*x**11 + 11*x**10/10 + x**
9/9`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^8(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{20}x^{20} + \frac{11}{19}x^{19} + \frac{55}{18}x^{18} + \frac{165}{17}x^{17} + \frac{165}{8}x^{16} + \frac{154}{5}x^{15} \\ + 33x^{14} + \frac{330}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{4}x^{12} + 5x^{11} + \frac{11}{10}x^{10} + \frac{1}{9}x^9$$

input `integrate(x^8*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/20*x^20 + 11/19*x^19 + 55/18*x^18 + 165/17*x^17 + 165/8*x^16 + 154/5*x^15
5 + 33*x^14 + 330/13*x^13 + 55/4*x^12 + 5*x^11 + 11/10*x^10 + 1/9*x^9`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^8(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{20}x^{20} + \frac{11}{19}x^{19} + \frac{55}{18}x^{18} + \frac{165}{17}x^{17} + \frac{165}{8}x^{16} + \frac{154}{5}x^{15} \\ + 33x^{14} + \frac{330}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{4}x^{12} + 5x^{11} + \frac{11}{10}x^{10} + \frac{1}{9}x^9$$

input `integrate(x^8*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/20*x^20 + 11/19*x^19 + 55/18*x^18 + 165/17*x^17 + 165/8*x^16 + 154/5*x^15
5 + 33*x^14 + 330/13*x^13 + 55/4*x^12 + 5*x^11 + 11/10*x^10 + 1/9*x^9`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^8(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{20}}{20} + \frac{11x^{19}}{19} + \frac{55x^{18}}{18} + \frac{165x^{17}}{17} + \frac{165x^{16}}{8} + \frac{154x^{15}}{5} \\ + 33x^{14} + \frac{330x^{13}}{13} + \frac{55x^{12}}{4} + 5x^{11} + \frac{11x^{10}}{10} + \frac{x^9}{9}$$

input `int(x^8*(x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5,x)`

output $x^9/9 + (11*x^{10})/10 + 5*x^{11} + (55*x^{12})/4 + (330*x^{13})/13 + 33*x^{14} + (154*x^{15})/5 + (165*x^{16})/8 + (165*x^{17})/17 + (55*x^{18})/18 + (11*x^{19})/19 + x^{20}/20$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^8(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^9(75582x^{11} + 875160x^{10} + 4618900x^9 + 14671800x^8 + 31177575x^7 + 46558512x^6 + 49884120x^5 + 38372400x^4 + 20785050x^3 + 7558200x^2 + 1662804x + 167960)}{1511640}$$

input `int(x^8*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x)`

output $(x^{**9}(75582*x^{**11} + 875160*x^{**10} + 4618900*x^{**9} + 14671800*x^{**8} + 31177575*x^{**7} + 46558512*x^{**6} + 49884120*x^{**5} + 38372400*x^{**4} + 20785050*x^{**3} + 7558200*x^{**2} + 1662804*x + 167960))/1511640$

3.221 $\int x^7(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$

Optimal result	1887
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1887
Rubi [A] (verified)	1888
Maple [A] (verified)	1889
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1890
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1890
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1891
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1891
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1891
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1892

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int x^7(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{12}(1+x)^{12} + \frac{7}{13}(1+x)^{13} - \frac{3}{2}(1+x)^{14} + \frac{7}{3}(1+x)^{15} - \frac{35}{16}(1+x)^{16} + \frac{21}{17}(1+x)^{17} - \frac{7}{18}(1+x)^{18} + \frac{1}{19}(1+x)^{19}$$

output

```
-1/12*(1+x)^12+7/13*(1+x)^13-3/2*(1+x)^14+7/3*(1+x)^15-35/16*(1+x)^16+21/17*(1+x)^17-7/18*(1+x)^18+1/19*(1+x)^19
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x^7(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^8}{8} + \frac{11x^9}{9} + \frac{11x^{10}}{2} + 15x^{11} + \frac{55x^{12}}{2} + \frac{462x^{13}}{13} + 33x^{14} + 22x^{15} + \frac{165x^{16}}{16} + \frac{55x^{17}}{17} + \frac{11x^{18}}{18} + \frac{x^{19}}{19}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^7*(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5,x]
```

output

$$x^8/8 + (11*x^9)/9 + (11*x^{10})/2 + 15*x^{11} + (55*x^{12})/2 + (462*x^{13})/13 + 33*x^{14} + 22*x^{15} + (165*x^{16})/16 + (55*x^{17})/17 + (11*x^{18})/18 + x^{19}/19$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^7(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int x^7(x+1)^{11} dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int ((x+1)^{18} - 7(x+1)^{17} + 21(x+1)^{16} - 35(x+1)^{15} + 35(x+1)^{14} - 21(x+1)^{13} + 7(x+1)^{12} - (x+1)^{11}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{19}(x+1)^{19} - \frac{7}{18}(x+1)^{18} + \frac{21}{17}(x+1)^{17} - \frac{35}{16}(x+1)^{16} + \frac{7}{3}(x+1)^{15} - \frac{3}{2}(x+1)^{14} + \frac{7}{13}(x+1)^{13} - \frac{1}{12}(x+1)^{12}$$

input

```
Int[x^7*(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5,x]
```

output

$$-1/12*(1+x)^{12} + (7*(1+x)^{13})/13 - (3*(1+x)^{14})/2 + (7*(1+x)^{15})/3 - (35*(1+x)^{16})/16 + (21*(1+x)^{17})/17 - (7*(1+x)^{18})/18 + (1+x)^{19}/19$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^8(31824x^{11}+369512x^{10}+1956240x^9+6235515x^8+13302432x^7+19953648x^6+21488544x^5+16628040x^4+9069840x^3+332582)}{604656}$
default	$\frac{1}{8}x^8 + \frac{11}{9}x^9 + \frac{11}{2}x^{10} + 15x^{11} + \frac{55}{2}x^{12} + \frac{462}{13}x^{13} + 33x^{14} + 22x^{15} + \frac{165}{16}x^{16} + \frac{55}{17}x^{17} + \frac{11}{18}x^{18} + \dots$
norman	$\frac{1}{8}x^8 + \frac{11}{9}x^9 + \frac{11}{2}x^{10} + 15x^{11} + \frac{55}{2}x^{12} + \frac{462}{13}x^{13} + 33x^{14} + 22x^{15} + \frac{165}{16}x^{16} + \frac{55}{17}x^{17} + \frac{11}{18}x^{18} + \dots$
risch	$\frac{1}{8}x^8 + \frac{11}{9}x^9 + \frac{11}{2}x^{10} + 15x^{11} + \frac{55}{2}x^{12} + \frac{462}{13}x^{13} + 33x^{14} + 22x^{15} + \frac{165}{16}x^{16} + \frac{55}{17}x^{17} + \frac{11}{18}x^{18} + \dots$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{8}x^8 + \frac{11}{9}x^9 + \frac{11}{2}x^{10} + 15x^{11} + \frac{55}{2}x^{12} + \frac{462}{13}x^{13} + 33x^{14} + 22x^{15} + \frac{165}{16}x^{16} + \frac{55}{17}x^{17} + \frac{11}{18}x^{18} + \dots$
orering	$\frac{x^8(31824x^{11}+369512x^{10}+1956240x^9+6235515x^8+13302432x^7+19953648x^6+21488544x^5+16628040x^4+9069840x^3+332582)}{604656(x+1)^{10}}$

input `int(x^7*(x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/604656*x^8*(31824*x^11+369512*x^10+1956240*x^9+6235515*x^8+13302432*x^7+19953648*x^6+21488544*x^5+16628040*x^4+9069840*x^3+3325608*x^2+739024*x+75582)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^7(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{19}x^{19} + \frac{11}{18}x^{18} + \frac{55}{17}x^{17} + \frac{165}{16}x^{16} + 22x^{15} + 33x^{14} + \frac{462}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{2}x^{12} + 15x^{11} + \frac{11}{2}x^{10} + \frac{11}{9}x^9 + \frac{1}{8}x^8$$

input `integrate(x^7*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/19*x^19 + 11/18*x^18 + 55/17*x^17 + 165/16*x^16 + 22*x^15 + 33*x^14 + 462/13*x^13 + 55/2*x^12 + 15*x^11 + 11/2*x^10 + 11/9*x^9 + 1/8*x^8`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^7(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{19}}{19} + \frac{11x^{18}}{18} + \frac{55x^{17}}{17} + \frac{165x^{16}}{16} + 22x^{15} + 33x^{14} + \frac{462x^{13}}{13} + \frac{55x^{12}}{2} + 15x^{11} + \frac{11x^{10}}{2} + \frac{11x^9}{9} + \frac{x^8}{8}$$

input `integrate(x**7*(1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5,x)`

output `x**19/19 + 11*x**18/18 + 55*x**17/17 + 165*x**16/16 + 22*x**15 + 33*x**14 + 462*x**13/13 + 55*x**12/2 + 15*x**11 + 11*x**10/2 + 11*x**9/9 + x**8/8`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^7(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{19}x^{19} + \frac{11}{18}x^{18} + \frac{55}{17}x^{17} + \frac{165}{16}x^{16} + 22x^{15} + 33x^{14} \\ + \frac{462}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{2}x^{12} + 15x^{11} + \frac{11}{2}x^{10} + \frac{11}{9}x^9 + \frac{1}{8}x^8$$

input `integrate(x^7*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/19*x^19 + 11/18*x^18 + 55/17*x^17 + 165/16*x^16 + 22*x^15 + 33*x^14 + 46
2/13*x^13 + 55/2*x^12 + 15*x^11 + 11/2*x^10 + 11/9*x^9 + 1/8*x^8`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^7(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{19}x^{19} + \frac{11}{18}x^{18} + \frac{55}{17}x^{17} + \frac{165}{16}x^{16} + 22x^{15} + 33x^{14} \\ + \frac{462}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{2}x^{12} + 15x^{11} + \frac{11}{2}x^{10} + \frac{11}{9}x^9 + \frac{1}{8}x^8$$

input `integrate(x^7*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/19*x^19 + 11/18*x^18 + 55/17*x^17 + 165/16*x^16 + 22*x^15 + 33*x^14 + 46
2/13*x^13 + 55/2*x^12 + 15*x^11 + 11/2*x^10 + 11/9*x^9 + 1/8*x^8`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^7(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{19}}{19} + \frac{11x^{18}}{18} + \frac{55x^{17}}{17} + \frac{165x^{16}}{16} + 22x^{15} + 33x^{14} \\ + \frac{462x^{13}}{13} + \frac{55x^{12}}{2} + 15x^{11} + \frac{11x^{10}}{2} + \frac{11x^9}{9} + \frac{x^8}{8}$$

input `int(x^7*(x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5,x)`

output $x^8/8 + (11*x^9)/9 + (11*x^{10})/2 + 15*x^{11} + (55*x^{12})/2 + (462*x^{13})/13 + 33*x^{14} + 22*x^{15} + (165*x^{16})/16 + (55*x^{17})/17 + (11*x^{18})/18 + x^{19}/19$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^7(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^8(31824x^{11} + 369512x^{10} + 1956240x^9 + 6235515x^8 + 13302432x^7 + 19953648x^6 + 21488544x^5 + 16628040x^4 + 9069840x^3 + 3325608x^2 + 739024x + 75582)}{604656}$$

input `int(x^7*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x)`

output $(x^{**8}(31824*x^{**11} + 369512*x^{**10} + 1956240*x^{**9} + 6235515*x^{**8} + 13302432*x^{**7} + 19953648*x^{**6} + 21488544*x^{**5} + 16628040*x^{**4} + 9069840*x^{**3} + 3325608*x^{**2} + 739024*x + 75582))/604656$

3.222 $\int x^6(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$

Optimal result	1893
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1893
Rubi [A] (verified)	1894
Maple [A] (verified)	1895
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1896
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1896
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1897
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1897
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1897
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1898

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int x^6(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{12}(1+x)^{12} - \frac{6}{13}(1+x)^{13} + \frac{15}{14}(1+x)^{14} - \frac{4}{3}(1+x)^{15} \\ + \frac{15}{16}(1+x)^{16} - \frac{6}{17}(1+x)^{17} + \frac{1}{18}(1+x)^{18}$$

output

```
1/12*(1+x)^12-6/13*(1+x)^13+15/14*(1+x)^14-4/3*(1+x)^15+15/16*(1+x)^16-6/17*(1+x)^17+1/18*(1+x)^18
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x^6(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^7}{7} + \frac{11x^8}{8} + \frac{55x^9}{9} + \frac{33x^{10}}{2} + 30x^{11} + \frac{77x^{12}}{2} \\ + \frac{462x^{13}}{13} + \frac{165x^{14}}{7} + 11x^{15} + \frac{55x^{16}}{16} + \frac{11x^{17}}{17} + \frac{x^{18}}{18}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^6*(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5,x]
```

output

$$x^7/7 + (11*x^8)/8 + (55*x^9)/9 + (33*x^{10})/2 + 30*x^{11} + (77*x^{12})/2 + (462*x^{13})/13 + (165*x^{14})/7 + 11*x^{15} + (55*x^{16})/16 + (11*x^{17})/17 + x^{18}/18$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^6(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int x^6(x+1)^{11} dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int ((x+1)^{17} - 6(x+1)^{16} + 15(x+1)^{15} - 20(x+1)^{14} + 15(x+1)^{13} - 6(x+1)^{12} + (x+1)^{11}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{18}(x+1)^{18} - \frac{6}{17}(x+1)^{17} + \frac{15}{16}(x+1)^{16} - \frac{4}{3}(x+1)^{15} + \frac{15}{14}(x+1)^{14} - \frac{6}{13}(x+1)^{13} + \frac{1}{12}(x+1)^{12}$$

input

```
Int[x^6*(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5,x]
```

output

$$(1+x)^{12}/12 - (6*(1+x)^{13})/13 + (15*(1+x)^{14})/14 - (4*(1+x)^{15})/3 + (15*(1+x)^{16})/16 - (6*(1+x)^{17})/17 + (1+x)^{18}/18$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((f_.) + (g_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{E} \text{qQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^7(12376x^{11}+144144x^{10}+765765x^9+2450448x^8+5250960x^7+7916832x^6+8576568x^5+6683040x^4+3675672x^3+1361360x^2+306306x+31824)}{222768}$
default	$\frac{1}{7}x^7 + \frac{11}{8}x^8 + \frac{55}{9}x^9 + \frac{33}{2}x^{10} + 30x^{11} + \frac{77}{2}x^{12} + \frac{462}{13}x^{13} + \frac{165}{7}x^{14} + 11x^{15} + \frac{55}{16}x^{16} + \frac{11}{17}x^{17} + \dots$
norman	$\frac{1}{7}x^7 + \frac{11}{8}x^8 + \frac{55}{9}x^9 + \frac{33}{2}x^{10} + 30x^{11} + \frac{77}{2}x^{12} + \frac{462}{13}x^{13} + \frac{165}{7}x^{14} + 11x^{15} + \frac{55}{16}x^{16} + \frac{11}{17}x^{17} + \dots$
risch	$\frac{1}{7}x^7 + \frac{11}{8}x^8 + \frac{55}{9}x^9 + \frac{33}{2}x^{10} + 30x^{11} + \frac{77}{2}x^{12} + \frac{462}{13}x^{13} + \frac{165}{7}x^{14} + 11x^{15} + \frac{55}{16}x^{16} + \frac{11}{17}x^{17} + \dots$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{7}x^7 + \frac{11}{8}x^8 + \frac{55}{9}x^9 + \frac{33}{2}x^{10} + 30x^{11} + \frac{77}{2}x^{12} + \frac{462}{13}x^{13} + \frac{165}{7}x^{14} + 11x^{15} + \frac{55}{16}x^{16} + \frac{11}{17}x^{17} + \dots$
orering	$\frac{x^7(12376x^{11}+144144x^{10}+765765x^9+2450448x^8+5250960x^7+7916832x^6+8576568x^5+6683040x^4+3675672x^3+1361360x^2+306306x+31824)}{222768(x+1)^{10}}$

input $\text{int}(x^6*(x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $1/222768*x^7*(12376*x^{11}+144144*x^{10}+765765*x^9+2450448*x^8+5250960*x^7+7916832*x^6+8576568*x^5+6683040*x^4+3675672*x^3+1361360*x^2+306306*x+31824)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^6(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{18}x^{18} + \frac{11}{17}x^{17} + \frac{55}{16}x^{16} + 11x^{15} + \frac{165}{7}x^{14} + \frac{462}{13}x^{13} \\ + \frac{77}{2}x^{12} + 30x^{11} + \frac{33}{2}x^{10} + \frac{55}{9}x^9 + \frac{11}{8}x^8 + \frac{1}{7}x^7$$

input `integrate(x^6*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/18*x^18 + 11/17*x^17 + 55/16*x^16 + 11*x^15 + 165/7*x^14 + 462/13*x^13 +
77/2*x^12 + 30*x^11 + 33/2*x^10 + 55/9*x^9 + 11/8*x^8 + 1/7*x^7`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int x^6(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{18}}{18} + \frac{11x^{17}}{17} + \frac{55x^{16}}{16} + 11x^{15} + \frac{165x^{14}}{7} + \frac{462x^{13}}{13} \\ + \frac{77x^{12}}{2} + 30x^{11} + \frac{33x^{10}}{2} + \frac{55x^9}{9} + \frac{11x^8}{8} + \frac{x^7}{7}$$

input `integrate(x**6*(1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5,x)`

output `x**18/18 + 11*x**17/17 + 55*x**16/16 + 11*x**15 + 165*x**14/7 + 462*x**13/
13 + 77*x**12/2 + 30*x**11 + 33*x**10/2 + 55*x**9/9 + 11*x**8/8 + x**7/7`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^6(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{18}x^{18} + \frac{11}{17}x^{17} + \frac{55}{16}x^{16} + 11x^{15} + \frac{165}{7}x^{14} + \frac{462}{13}x^{13} \\ + \frac{77}{2}x^{12} + 30x^{11} + \frac{33}{2}x^{10} + \frac{55}{9}x^9 + \frac{11}{8}x^8 + \frac{1}{7}x^7$$

input `integrate(x^6*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/18*x^18 + 11/17*x^17 + 55/16*x^16 + 11*x^15 + 165/7*x^14 + 462/13*x^13 + 77/2*x^12 + 30*x^11 + 33/2*x^10 + 55/9*x^9 + 11/8*x^8 + 1/7*x^7`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^6(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{18}x^{18} + \frac{11}{17}x^{17} + \frac{55}{16}x^{16} + 11x^{15} + \frac{165}{7}x^{14} + \frac{462}{13}x^{13} \\ + \frac{77}{2}x^{12} + 30x^{11} + \frac{33}{2}x^{10} + \frac{55}{9}x^9 + \frac{11}{8}x^8 + \frac{1}{7}x^7$$

input `integrate(x^6*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/18*x^18 + 11/17*x^17 + 55/16*x^16 + 11*x^15 + 165/7*x^14 + 462/13*x^13 + 77/2*x^12 + 30*x^11 + 33/2*x^10 + 55/9*x^9 + 11/8*x^8 + 1/7*x^7`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^6(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{18}}{18} + \frac{11x^{17}}{17} + \frac{55x^{16}}{16} + 11x^{15} + \frac{165x^{14}}{7} + \frac{462x^{13}}{13} \\ + \frac{77x^{12}}{2} + 30x^{11} + \frac{33x^{10}}{2} + \frac{55x^9}{9} + \frac{11x^8}{8} + \frac{x^7}{7}$$

input `int(x^6*(x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5,x)`

output $x^7/7 + (11*x^8)/8 + (55*x^9)/9 + (33*x^{10})/2 + 30*x^{11} + (77*x^{12})/2 + (462*x^{13})/13 + (165*x^{14})/7 + 11*x^{15} + (55*x^{16})/16 + (11*x^{17})/17 + x^{18}/18$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^6(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^7(12376x^{11} + 144144x^{10} + 765765x^9 + 2450448x^8 + 5250960x^7 + 7916832x^6 + 8576568x^5 + 6683040x^4 + 3675672x^3 + 1361360x^2 + 306306x + 31824)}{222768}$$

input `int(x^6*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x)`

output $(x^{**7}(12376*x^{**11} + 144144*x^{**10} + 765765*x^{**9} + 2450448*x^{**8} + 5250960*x^{**7} + 7916832*x^{**6} + 8576568*x^{**5} + 6683040*x^{**4} + 3675672*x^{**3} + 1361360*x^{**2} + 306306*x + 31824))/222768$

3.223 $\int x^5(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$

Optimal result	1899
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1899
Rubi [A] (verified)	1900
Maple [A] (verified)	1901
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1902
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1902
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1903
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1903
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1903
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1904

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x^5(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{12}(1+x)^{12} + \frac{5}{13}(1+x)^{13} - \frac{5}{7}(1+x)^{14} \\ + \frac{2}{3}(1+x)^{15} - \frac{5}{16}(1+x)^{16} + \frac{1}{17}(1+x)^{17}$$

output

```
-1/12*(1+x)^12+5/13*(1+x)^13-5/7*(1+x)^14+2/3*(1+x)^15-5/16*(1+x)^16+1/17*(1+x)^17
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int x^5(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^6}{6} + \frac{11x^7}{7} + \frac{55x^8}{8} + \frac{55x^9}{3} + 33x^{10} + 42x^{11} + \frac{77x^{12}}{2} \\ + \frac{330x^{13}}{13} + \frac{165x^{14}}{14} + \frac{11x^{15}}{3} + \frac{11x^{16}}{16} + \frac{x^{17}}{17}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5*(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5,x]
```


output

$$x^6/6 + (11x^7)/7 + (55x^8)/8 + (55x^9)/3 + 33x^{10} + 42x^{11} + (77x^{12})/2 + (330x^{13})/13 + (165x^{14})/14 + (11x^{15})/3 + (11x^{16})/16 + x^{17}/17$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int x^5(x+1)^{11} dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int ((x+1)^{16} - 5(x+1)^{15} + 10(x+1)^{14} - 10(x+1)^{13} + 5(x+1)^{12} - (x+1)^{11}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{17}(x+1)^{17} - \frac{5}{16}(x+1)^{16} + \frac{2}{3}(x+1)^{15} - \frac{5}{7}(x+1)^{14} + \frac{5}{13}(x+1)^{13} - \frac{1}{12}(x+1)^{12}$$

input

```
Int[x^5*(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5,x]
```

output

$$-1/12*(1+x)^{12} + (5*(1+x)^{13})/13 - (5*(1+x)^{14})/7 + (2*(1+x)^{15})/3 - (5*(1+x)^{16})/16 + (1+x)^{17}/17$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^6(4368x^{11}+51051x^{10}+272272x^9+875160x^8+1884960x^7+2858856x^6+3118752x^5+2450448x^4+1361360x^3+510510x^2+116688x+12376)}{74256}$
default	$\frac{1}{6}x^6 + \frac{11}{7}x^7 + \frac{55}{8}x^8 + \frac{55}{3}x^9 + 33x^{10} + 42x^{11} + \frac{77}{2}x^{12} + \frac{330}{13}x^{13} + \frac{165}{14}x^{14} + \frac{11}{3}x^{15} + \frac{11}{16}x^{16} + \frac{1}{17}x^{17}$
norman	$\frac{1}{6}x^6 + \frac{11}{7}x^7 + \frac{55}{8}x^8 + \frac{55}{3}x^9 + 33x^{10} + 42x^{11} + \frac{77}{2}x^{12} + \frac{330}{13}x^{13} + \frac{165}{14}x^{14} + \frac{11}{3}x^{15} + \frac{11}{16}x^{16} + \frac{1}{17}x^{17}$
risch	$\frac{1}{6}x^6 + \frac{11}{7}x^7 + \frac{55}{8}x^8 + \frac{55}{3}x^9 + 33x^{10} + 42x^{11} + \frac{77}{2}x^{12} + \frac{330}{13}x^{13} + \frac{165}{14}x^{14} + \frac{11}{3}x^{15} + \frac{11}{16}x^{16} + \frac{1}{17}x^{17}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{6}x^6 + \frac{11}{7}x^7 + \frac{55}{8}x^8 + \frac{55}{3}x^9 + 33x^{10} + 42x^{11} + \frac{77}{2}x^{12} + \frac{330}{13}x^{13} + \frac{165}{14}x^{14} + \frac{11}{3}x^{15} + \frac{11}{16}x^{16} + \frac{1}{17}x^{17}$
orering	$\frac{x^6(4368x^{11}+51051x^{10}+272272x^9+875160x^8+1884960x^7+2858856x^6+3118752x^5+2450448x^4+1361360x^3+510510x^2+116688x+12376)}{74256(x+1)^{10}}$

input

```
int(x^5*(x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/74256*x^6*(4368*x^11+51051*x^10+272272*x^9+875160*x^8+1884960*x^7+285885
6*x^6+3118752*x^5+2450448*x^4+1361360*x^3+510510*x^2+116688*x+12376)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int x^5(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{17}x^{17} + \frac{11}{16}x^{16} + \frac{11}{3}x^{15} + \frac{165}{14}x^{14} + \frac{330}{13}x^{13} + \frac{77}{2}x^{12} \\ + 42x^{11} + 33x^{10} + \frac{55}{3}x^9 + \frac{55}{8}x^8 + \frac{11}{7}x^7 + \frac{1}{6}x^6$$

input `integrate(x^5*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/17*x^17 + 11/16*x^16 + 11/3*x^15 + 165/14*x^14 + 330/13*x^13 + 77/2*x^12
+ 42*x^11 + 33*x^10 + 55/3*x^9 + 55/8*x^8 + 11/7*x^7 + 1/6*x^6`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x^5(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{17}}{17} + \frac{11x^{16}}{16} + \frac{11x^{15}}{3} + \frac{165x^{14}}{14} + \frac{330x^{13}}{13} + \frac{77x^{12}}{2} \\ + 42x^{11} + 33x^{10} + \frac{55x^9}{3} + \frac{55x^8}{8} + \frac{11x^7}{7} + \frac{x^6}{6}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5,x)`

output `x**17/17 + 11*x**16/16 + 11*x**15/3 + 165*x**14/14 + 330*x**13/13 + 77*x**
12/2 + 42*x**11 + 33*x**10 + 55*x**9/3 + 55*x**8/8 + 11*x**7/7 + x**6/6`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int x^5(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{17}x^{17} + \frac{11}{16}x^{16} + \frac{11}{3}x^{15} + \frac{165}{14}x^{14} + \frac{330}{13}x^{13} + \frac{77}{2}x^{12} \\ + 42x^{11} + 33x^{10} + \frac{55}{3}x^9 + \frac{55}{8}x^8 + \frac{11}{7}x^7 + \frac{1}{6}x^6$$

input `integrate(x^5*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/17*x^17 + 11/16*x^16 + 11/3*x^15 + 165/14*x^14 + 330/13*x^13 + 77/2*x^12
+ 42*x^11 + 33*x^10 + 55/3*x^9 + 55/8*x^8 + 11/7*x^7 + 1/6*x^6`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int x^5(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{17}x^{17} + \frac{11}{16}x^{16} + \frac{11}{3}x^{15} + \frac{165}{14}x^{14} + \frac{330}{13}x^{13} + \frac{77}{2}x^{12} \\ + 42x^{11} + 33x^{10} + \frac{55}{3}x^9 + \frac{55}{8}x^8 + \frac{11}{7}x^7 + \frac{1}{6}x^6$$

input `integrate(x^5*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/17*x^17 + 11/16*x^16 + 11/3*x^15 + 165/14*x^14 + 330/13*x^13 + 77/2*x^12
+ 42*x^11 + 33*x^10 + 55/3*x^9 + 55/8*x^8 + 11/7*x^7 + 1/6*x^6`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int x^5(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{17}}{17} + \frac{11x^{16}}{16} + \frac{11x^{15}}{3} + \frac{165x^{14}}{14} + \frac{330x^{13}}{13} + \frac{77x^{12}}{2} \\ + 42x^{11} + 33x^{10} + \frac{55x^9}{3} + \frac{55x^8}{8} + \frac{11x^7}{7} + \frac{x^6}{6}$$

input `int(x^5*(x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5,x)`

output $x^6/6 + (11*x^7)/7 + (55*x^8)/8 + (55*x^9)/3 + 33*x^{10} + 42*x^{11} + (77*x^{12})/2 + (330*x^{13})/13 + (165*x^{14})/14 + (11*x^{15})/3 + (11*x^{16})/16 + x^{17}/17$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^5(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^6(4368x^{11} + 51051x^{10} + 272272x^9 + 875160x^8 + 1884960x^7 + 2858856x^6 + 3118752x^5 + 2450448x^4 + 116688x^3 + 12376x^2 + 116688x + 12376)}{74256}$$

input `int(x^5*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x)`

output $(x^{17} + 11x^{16} + 55x^{15} + 165x^{14} + 330x^{13} + 462x^{12} + 462x^{11} + 286x^{10} + 110x^9 + 22x^8 + 2x^7 + 2x^6 + 2x^5 + 2x^4 + 2x^3 + 2x^2 + 2x + 1)/74256$

3.224 $\int x^4(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$

Optimal result	1905
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1905
Rubi [A] (verified)	1906
Maple [A] (verified)	1907
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1908
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1908
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1909
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1909
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1909
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1910

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int x^4(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{12}(1+x)^{12} - \frac{4}{13}(1+x)^{13} + \frac{3}{7}(1+x)^{14} - \frac{4}{15}(1+x)^{15} + \frac{1}{16}(1+x)^{16}$$

output `1/12*(1+x)^12-4/13*(1+x)^13+3/7*(1+x)^14-4/15*(1+x)^15+1/16*(1+x)^16`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int x^4(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{11x^6}{6} + \frac{55x^7}{7} + \frac{165x^8}{8} + \frac{110x^9}{3} + \frac{231x^{10}}{5} + 42x^{11} + \frac{55x^{12}}{2} + \frac{165x^{13}}{13} + \frac{55x^{14}}{14} + \frac{11x^{15}}{15} + \frac{x^{16}}{16}$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5,x]`

output

$$x^5/5 + (11*x^6)/6 + (55*x^7)/7 + (165*x^8)/8 + (110*x^9)/3 + (231*x^{10})/5 + 42*x^{11} + (55*x^{12})/2 + (165*x^{13})/13 + (55*x^{14})/14 + (11*x^{15})/15 + x^{16}/16$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^4(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \int x^4(x+1)^{11} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & \int ((x+1)^{15} - 4(x+1)^{14} + 6(x+1)^{13} - 4(x+1)^{12} + (x+1)^{11}) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{1}{16}(x+1)^{16} - \frac{4}{15}(x+1)^{15} + \frac{3}{7}(x+1)^{14} - \frac{4}{13}(x+1)^{13} + \frac{1}{12}(x+1)^{12} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^4*(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5,x]$$

output

$$(1+x)^{12}/12 - (4*(1+x)^{13})/13 + (3*(1+x)^{14})/7 - (4*(1+x)^{15})/15 + (1+x)^{16}/16$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}(((d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((f_.) + (g_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{EQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^5(1365x^{11}+16016x^{10}+85800x^9+277200x^8+600600x^7+917280x^6+1009008x^5+800800x^4+450450x^3+171600x^2+40040x+4368)}{21840}$
default	$\frac{1}{5}x^5 + \frac{11}{6}x^6 + \frac{55}{7}x^7 + \frac{165}{8}x^8 + \frac{110}{3}x^9 + \frac{231}{5}x^{10} + 42x^{11} + \frac{55}{2}x^{12} + \frac{165}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{14}x^{14} + \frac{11}{15}x^{15} + \frac{1}{16}x^{16}$
norman	$\frac{1}{5}x^5 + \frac{11}{6}x^6 + \frac{55}{7}x^7 + \frac{165}{8}x^8 + \frac{110}{3}x^9 + \frac{231}{5}x^{10} + 42x^{11} + \frac{55}{2}x^{12} + \frac{165}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{14}x^{14} + \frac{11}{15}x^{15} + \frac{1}{16}x^{16}$
risch	$\frac{1}{5}x^5 + \frac{11}{6}x^6 + \frac{55}{7}x^7 + \frac{165}{8}x^8 + \frac{110}{3}x^9 + \frac{231}{5}x^{10} + 42x^{11} + \frac{55}{2}x^{12} + \frac{165}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{14}x^{14} + \frac{11}{15}x^{15} + \frac{1}{16}x^{16}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{5}x^5 + \frac{11}{6}x^6 + \frac{55}{7}x^7 + \frac{165}{8}x^8 + \frac{110}{3}x^9 + \frac{231}{5}x^{10} + 42x^{11} + \frac{55}{2}x^{12} + \frac{165}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{14}x^{14} + \frac{11}{15}x^{15} + \frac{1}{16}x^{16}$
orering	$\frac{x^5(1365x^{11}+16016x^{10}+85800x^9+277200x^8+600600x^7+917280x^6+1009008x^5+800800x^4+450450x^3+171600x^2+40040x+4368)}{21840(x+1)^{10}}$

input $\text{int}(x^4*(x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x,\text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $1/21840*x^5*(1365*x^11+16016*x^10+85800*x^9+277200*x^8+600600*x^7+917280*x^6+1009008*x^5+800800*x^4+450450*x^3+171600*x^2+40040*x+4368)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x^4(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{16}x^{16} + \frac{11}{15}x^{15} + \frac{55}{14}x^{14} + \frac{165}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{2}x^{12} + 42x^{11} + \frac{231}{5}x^{10} + \frac{110}{3}x^9 + \frac{165}{8}x^8 + \frac{55}{7}x^7 + \frac{11}{6}x^6 + \frac{1}{5}x^5$$

input `integrate(x^4*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*x^16 + 11/15*x^15 + 55/14*x^14 + 165/13*x^13 + 55/2*x^12 + 42*x^11 + 231/5*x^10 + 110/3*x^9 + 165/8*x^8 + 55/7*x^7 + 11/6*x^6 + 1/5*x^5`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 75 vs. 2(37) = 74.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int x^4(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{16}}{16} + \frac{11x^{15}}{15} + \frac{55x^{14}}{14} + \frac{165x^{13}}{13} + \frac{55x^{12}}{2} + 42x^{11} + \frac{231x^{10}}{5} + \frac{110x^9}{3} + \frac{165x^8}{8} + \frac{55x^7}{7} + \frac{11x^6}{6} + \frac{x^5}{5}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5,x)`

output `x**16/16 + 11*x**15/15 + 55*x**14/14 + 165*x**13/13 + 55*x**12/2 + 42*x**11 + 231*x**10/5 + 110*x**9/3 + 165*x**8/8 + 55*x**7/7 + 11*x**6/6 + x**5/5`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x^4(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{16}x^{16} + \frac{11}{15}x^{15} + \frac{55}{14}x^{14} + \frac{165}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{2}x^{12} + 42x^{11} + \frac{231}{5}x^{10} + \frac{110}{3}x^9 + \frac{165}{8}x^8 + \frac{55}{7}x^7 + \frac{11}{6}x^6 + \frac{1}{5}x^5$$

input `integrate(x^4*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/16*x^16 + 11/15*x^15 + 55/14*x^14 + 165/13*x^13 + 55/2*x^12 + 42*x^11 + 231/5*x^10 + 110/3*x^9 + 165/8*x^8 + 55/7*x^7 + 11/6*x^6 + 1/5*x^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x^4(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{16}x^{16} + \frac{11}{15}x^{15} + \frac{55}{14}x^{14} + \frac{165}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{2}x^{12} + 42x^{11} + \frac{231}{5}x^{10} + \frac{110}{3}x^9 + \frac{165}{8}x^8 + \frac{55}{7}x^7 + \frac{11}{6}x^6 + \frac{1}{5}x^5$$

input `integrate(x^4*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/16*x^16 + 11/15*x^15 + 55/14*x^14 + 165/13*x^13 + 55/2*x^12 + 42*x^11 + 231/5*x^10 + 110/3*x^9 + 165/8*x^8 + 55/7*x^7 + 11/6*x^6 + 1/5*x^5`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x^4(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{16}}{16} + \frac{11x^{15}}{15} + \frac{55x^{14}}{14} + \frac{165x^{13}}{13} + \frac{55x^{12}}{2} + 42x^{11} + \frac{231x^{10}}{5} + \frac{110x^9}{3} + \frac{165x^8}{8} + \frac{55x^7}{7} + \frac{11x^6}{6} + \frac{x^5}{5}$$

input `int(x^4*(x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5,x)`

output $x^5/5 + (11*x^6)/6 + (55*x^7)/7 + (165*x^8)/8 + (110*x^9)/3 + (231*x^{10})/5 + 42*x^{11} + (55*x^{12})/2 + (165*x^{13})/13 + (55*x^{14})/14 + (11*x^{15})/15 + x^{16}/16$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int x^4(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^5(1365x^{11} + 16016x^{10} + 85800x^9 + 277200x^8 + 600600x^7 + 917280x^6 + 1009008x^5 + 800800x^4 + 45040x^3 + 17160x^2 + 40040x + 4368)}{21840}$$

input `int(x^4*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x)`

output $(x^{16} + 11x^{15} + 55x^{14} + 165x^{13} + 330x^{12} + 42x^{11} + 385x^{10} + 2090x^9 + 8580x^8 + 27720x^7 + 60060x^6 + 91728x^5 + 100900.8x^4 + 80080x^3 + 45045x^2 + 17160x + 4368)/21840$

3.225 $\int x^3(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$

Optimal result	1911
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1911
Rubi [A] (verified)	1912
Maple [B] (verified)	1913
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1914
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1914
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1915
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1915
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1916
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1916

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int x^3(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{12}(1+x)^{12} + \frac{3}{13}(1+x)^{13} - \frac{3}{14}(1+x)^{14} + \frac{1}{15}(1+x)^{15}$$

output

```
-1/12*(1+x)^12+3/13*(1+x)^13-3/14*(1+x)^14+1/15*(1+x)^15
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 83 vs. $2(37) = 74$.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int x^3(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{11x^5}{5} + \frac{55x^6}{6} + \frac{165x^7}{7} + \frac{165x^8}{4} + \frac{154x^9}{3} + \frac{231x^{10}}{5} + 30x^{11} + \frac{55x^{12}}{4} + \frac{55x^{13}}{13} + \frac{11x^{14}}{14} + \frac{x^{15}}{15}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & x^4/4 + (11*x^5)/5 + (55*x^6)/6 + (165*x^7)/7 + (165*x^8)/4 + (154*x^9)/3 \\ & + (231*x^{10})/5 + 30*x^{11} + (55*x^{12})/4 + (55*x^{13})/13 + (11*x^{14})/14 + x^{15}/15 \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \int x^3(x+1)^{11} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & \int ((x+1)^{14} - 3(x+1)^{13} + 3(x+1)^{12} - (x+1)^{11}) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{1}{15}(x+1)^{15} - \frac{3}{14}(x+1)^{14} + \frac{3}{13}(x+1)^{13} - \frac{1}{12}(x+1)^{12} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[x^3*(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5,x]
```

output

```
-1/12*(1+x)^12 + (3*(1+x)^13)/13 - (3*(1+x)^14)/14 + (1+x)^15/15
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 60 vs. 2(29) = 58.

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^4(364x^{11}+4290x^{10}+23100x^9+75075x^8+163800x^7+252252x^6+280280x^5+225225x^4+128700x^3+50050x^2+12012x+1365)}{5460}$
default	$\frac{1}{4}x^4 + \frac{11}{5}x^5 + \frac{55}{6}x^6 + \frac{165}{7}x^7 + \frac{165}{4}x^8 + \frac{154}{3}x^9 + \frac{231}{5}x^{10} + 30x^{11} + \frac{55}{4}x^{12} + \frac{55}{13}x^{13} + \frac{11}{14}x^{14} + \frac{1}{15}x^{15}$
norman	$\frac{1}{4}x^4 + \frac{11}{5}x^5 + \frac{55}{6}x^6 + \frac{165}{7}x^7 + \frac{165}{4}x^8 + \frac{154}{3}x^9 + \frac{231}{5}x^{10} + 30x^{11} + \frac{55}{4}x^{12} + \frac{55}{13}x^{13} + \frac{11}{14}x^{14} + \frac{1}{15}x^{15}$
risch	$\frac{1}{4}x^4 + \frac{11}{5}x^5 + \frac{55}{6}x^6 + \frac{165}{7}x^7 + \frac{165}{4}x^8 + \frac{154}{3}x^9 + \frac{231}{5}x^{10} + 30x^{11} + \frac{55}{4}x^{12} + \frac{55}{13}x^{13} + \frac{11}{14}x^{14} + \frac{1}{15}x^{15}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{4}x^4 + \frac{11}{5}x^5 + \frac{55}{6}x^6 + \frac{165}{7}x^7 + \frac{165}{4}x^8 + \frac{154}{3}x^9 + \frac{231}{5}x^{10} + 30x^{11} + \frac{55}{4}x^{12} + \frac{55}{13}x^{13} + \frac{11}{14}x^{14} + \frac{1}{15}x^{15}$
orering	$\frac{x^4(364x^{11}+4290x^{10}+23100x^9+75075x^8+163800x^7+252252x^6+280280x^5+225225x^4+128700x^3+50050x^2+12012x+1365)}{5460(x+1)^{10}}$

input `int(x^3*(x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/5460*x^4*(364*x^11+4290*x^10+23100*x^9+75075*x^8+163800*x^7+252252*x^6+280280*x^5+225225*x^4+128700*x^3+50050*x^2+12012*x+1365)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 61 vs. $2(29) = 58$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int x^3(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{15}x^{15} + \frac{11}{14}x^{14} + \frac{55}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{4}x^{12} + 30x^{11} + \frac{231}{5}x^{10} \\ + \frac{154}{3}x^9 + \frac{165}{4}x^8 + \frac{165}{7}x^7 + \frac{55}{6}x^6 + \frac{11}{5}x^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*x^15 + 11/14*x^14 + 55/13*x^13 + 55/4*x^12 + 30*x^11 + 231/5*x^10 + 1
54/3*x^9 + 165/4*x^8 + 165/7*x^7 + 55/6*x^6 + 11/5*x^5 + 1/4*x^4`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 75 vs. $2(29) = 58$.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int x^3(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{15}}{15} + \frac{11x^{14}}{14} + \frac{55x^{13}}{13} + \frac{55x^{12}}{4} + 30x^{11} + \frac{231x^{10}}{5} \\ + \frac{154x^9}{3} + \frac{165x^8}{4} + \frac{165x^7}{7} + \frac{55x^6}{6} + \frac{11x^5}{5} + \frac{x^4}{4}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5,x)`

output `x**15/15 + 11*x**14/14 + 55*x**13/13 + 55*x**12/4 + 30*x**11 + 231*x**10/5
+ 154*x**9/3 + 165*x**8/4 + 165*x**7/7 + 55*x**6/6 + 11*x**5/5 + x**4/4`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 61 vs. $2(29) = 58$.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int x^3(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{15}x^{15} + \frac{11}{14}x^{14} + \frac{55}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{4}x^{12} + 30x^{11} + \frac{231}{5}x^{10} \\ + \frac{154}{3}x^9 + \frac{165}{4}x^8 + \frac{165}{7}x^7 + \frac{55}{6}x^6 + \frac{11}{5}x^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/15*x^15 + 11/14*x^14 + 55/13*x^13 + 55/4*x^12 + 30*x^11 + 231/5*x^10 + 1
54/3*x^9 + 165/4*x^8 + 165/7*x^7 + 55/6*x^6 + 11/5*x^5 + 1/4*x^4`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 61 vs. $2(29) = 58$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int x^3(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{15}x^{15} + \frac{11}{14}x^{14} + \frac{55}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{4}x^{12} + 30x^{11} + \frac{231}{5}x^{10} \\ + \frac{154}{3}x^9 + \frac{165}{4}x^8 + \frac{165}{7}x^7 + \frac{55}{6}x^6 + \frac{11}{5}x^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/15*x^15 + 11/14*x^14 + 55/13*x^13 + 55/4*x^12 + 30*x^11 + 231/5*x^10 + 1
54/3*x^9 + 165/4*x^8 + 165/7*x^7 + 55/6*x^6 + 11/5*x^5 + 1/4*x^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int x^3(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{15}}{15} + \frac{11x^{14}}{14} + \frac{55x^{13}}{13} + \frac{55x^{12}}{4} + 30x^{11} + \frac{231x^{10}}{5} + \frac{154x^9}{3} + \frac{165x^8}{4} + \frac{165x^7}{7} + \frac{55x^6}{6} + \frac{11x^5}{5} + \frac{x^4}{4}$$

input `int(x^3*(x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5,x)`output `x^4/4 + (11*x^5)/5 + (55*x^6)/6 + (165*x^7)/7 + (165*x^8)/4 + (154*x^9)/3 + (231*x^10)/5 + 30*x^11 + (55*x^12)/4 + (55*x^13)/13 + (11*x^14)/14 + x^15/15`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int x^3(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^4(364x^{11} + 4290x^{10} + 23100x^9 + 75075x^8 + 163800x^7 + 252252x^6 + 280280x^5 + 225225x^4 + 128700x^3 + 50050x^2 + 12012x + 1365)}{5460}$$

input `int(x^3*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x)`output `(x**4*(364*x**11 + 4290*x**10 + 23100*x**9 + 75075*x**8 + 163800*x**7 + 252252*x**6 + 280280*x**5 + 225225*x**4 + 128700*x**3 + 50050*x**2 + 12012*x + 1365))/5460`

3.226 $\int x^2(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$

Optimal result	1917
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1917
Rubi [A] (verified)	1918
Maple [B] (verified)	1919
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1920
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1920
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1921
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1921
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1922
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1922

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int x^2(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{12}(1+x)^{12} - \frac{2}{13}(1+x)^{13} + \frac{1}{14}(1+x)^{14}$$

output $1/12*(1+x)^{12}-2/13*(1+x)^{13}+1/14*(1+x)^{14}$

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 79 vs. $2(28) = 56$.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

$$\int x^2(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{11x^4}{4} + 11x^5 + \frac{55x^6}{2} + \frac{330x^7}{7} + \frac{231x^8}{4} + \frac{154x^9}{3} + 33x^{10} + 15x^{11} + \frac{55x^{12}}{12} + \frac{11x^{13}}{13} + \frac{x^{14}}{14}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5,x]`

output $x^3/3 + (11*x^4)/4 + 11*x^5 + (55*x^6)/2 + (330*x^7)/7 + (231*x^8)/4 + (154*x^9)/3 + 33*x^{10} + 15*x^{11} + (55*x^{12})/12 + (11*x^{13})/13 + x^{14}/14$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int x^2(x+1)^{11} dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int ((x+1)^{13} - 2(x+1)^{12} + (x+1)^{11}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{14}(x+1)^{14} - \frac{2}{13}(x+1)^{13} + \frac{1}{12}(x+1)^{12}$$

input `Int[x^2*(1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]`

output `(1 + x)^12/12 - (2*(1 + x)^13)/13 + (1 + x)^14/14`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 60 vs. 2(22) = 44.

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^3(78x^{11}+924x^{10}+5005x^9+16380x^8+36036x^7+56056x^6+63063x^5+51480x^4+30030x^3+12012x^2+3003x+364)}{1092}$
default	$\frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{11}{4}x^4 + 11x^5 + \frac{55}{2}x^6 + \frac{330}{7}x^7 + \frac{231}{4}x^8 + \frac{154}{3}x^9 + 33x^{10} + 15x^{11} + \frac{55}{12}x^{12} + \frac{11}{13}x^{13} + \frac{1}{14}x^{14}$
norman	$\frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{11}{4}x^4 + 11x^5 + \frac{55}{2}x^6 + \frac{330}{7}x^7 + \frac{231}{4}x^8 + \frac{154}{3}x^9 + 33x^{10} + 15x^{11} + \frac{55}{12}x^{12} + \frac{11}{13}x^{13} + \frac{1}{14}x^{14}$
risch	$\frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{11}{4}x^4 + 11x^5 + \frac{55}{2}x^6 + \frac{330}{7}x^7 + \frac{231}{4}x^8 + \frac{154}{3}x^9 + 33x^{10} + 15x^{11} + \frac{55}{12}x^{12} + \frac{11}{13}x^{13} + \frac{1}{14}x^{14}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{11}{4}x^4 + 11x^5 + \frac{55}{2}x^6 + \frac{330}{7}x^7 + \frac{231}{4}x^8 + \frac{154}{3}x^9 + 33x^{10} + 15x^{11} + \frac{55}{12}x^{12} + \frac{11}{13}x^{13} + \frac{1}{14}x^{14}$
orering	$\frac{x^3(78x^{11}+924x^{10}+5005x^9+16380x^8+36036x^7+56056x^6+63063x^5+51480x^4+30030x^3+12012x^2+3003x+364)(x^2+2x+1)}{1092(x+1)^{10}}$

input

```
int(x^2*(x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/1092*x^3*(78*x^11+924*x^10+5005*x^9+16380*x^8+36036*x^7+56056*x^6+63063*x^5+51480*x^4+30030*x^3+12012*x^2+3003*x+364)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 61 vs. $2(22) = 44$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int x^2(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{14}x^{14} + \frac{11}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{12}x^{12} + 15x^{11} + 33x^{10} + \frac{154}{3}x^9 + \frac{231}{4}x^8 + \frac{330}{7}x^7 + \frac{55}{2}x^6 + 11x^5 + \frac{11}{4}x^4 + \frac{1}{3}x^3$$

input `integrate(x^2*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/14*x^14 + 11/13*x^13 + 55/12*x^12 + 15*x^11 + 33*x^10 + 154/3*x^9 + 231/4*x^8 + 330/7*x^7 + 55/2*x^6 + 11*x^5 + 11/4*x^4 + 1/3*x^3`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 71 vs. $2(20) = 40$.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int x^2(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{14}}{14} + \frac{11x^{13}}{13} + \frac{55x^{12}}{12} + 15x^{11} + 33x^{10} + \frac{154x^9}{3} + \frac{231x^8}{4} + \frac{330x^7}{7} + \frac{55x^6}{2} + 11x^5 + \frac{11x^4}{4} + \frac{x^3}{3}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5,x)`

output `x**14/14 + 11*x**13/13 + 55*x**12/12 + 15*x**11 + 33*x**10 + 154*x**9/3 + 231*x**8/4 + 330*x**7/7 + 55*x**6/2 + 11*x**5 + 11*x**4/4 + x**3/3`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 61 vs. $2(22) = 44$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int x^2(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{14}x^{14} + \frac{11}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{12}x^{12} + 15x^{11} + 33x^{10} + \frac{154}{3}x^9 + \frac{231}{4}x^8 + \frac{330}{7}x^7 + \frac{55}{2}x^6 + 11x^5 + \frac{11}{4}x^4 + \frac{1}{3}x^3$$

input `integrate(x^2*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/14*x^14 + 11/13*x^13 + 55/12*x^12 + 15*x^11 + 33*x^10 + 154/3*x^9 + 231/4*x^8 + 330/7*x^7 + 55/2*x^6 + 11*x^5 + 11/4*x^4 + 1/3*x^3`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 61 vs. $2(22) = 44$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int x^2(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{14}x^{14} + \frac{11}{13}x^{13} + \frac{55}{12}x^{12} + 15x^{11} + 33x^{10} + \frac{154}{3}x^9 + \frac{231}{4}x^8 + \frac{330}{7}x^7 + \frac{55}{2}x^6 + 11x^5 + \frac{11}{4}x^4 + \frac{1}{3}x^3$$

input `integrate(x^2*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/14*x^14 + 11/13*x^13 + 55/12*x^12 + 15*x^11 + 33*x^10 + 154/3*x^9 + 231/4*x^8 + 330/7*x^7 + 55/2*x^6 + 11*x^5 + 11/4*x^4 + 1/3*x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int x^2(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{14}}{14} + \frac{11x^{13}}{13} + \frac{55x^{12}}{12} + 15x^{11} + 33x^{10} + \frac{154x^9}{3} + \frac{231x^8}{4} + \frac{330x^7}{7} + \frac{55x^6}{2} + 11x^5 + \frac{11x^4}{4} + \frac{x^3}{3}$$

input `int(x^2*(x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5,x)`output `x^3/3 + (11*x^4)/4 + 11*x^5 + (55*x^6)/2 + (330*x^7)/7 + (231*x^8)/4 + (154*x^9)/3 + 33*x^10 + 15*x^11 + (55*x^12)/2 + (11*x^13)/13 + x^14/14`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int x^2(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^3(78x^{11} + 924x^{10} + 5005x^9 + 16380x^8 + 36036x^7 + 56056x^6 + 63063x^5 + 51480x^4 + 30030x^3 + 12012x^2 + 3003x + 364)}{1092}$$

input `int(x^2*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x)`output `(x**3*(78*x**11 + 924*x**10 + 5005*x**9 + 16380*x**8 + 36036*x**7 + 56056*x**6 + 63063*x**5 + 51480*x**4 + 30030*x**3 + 12012*x**2 + 3003*x + 364))/1092`

3.227 $\int x(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$

Optimal result	1923
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1923
Rubi [A] (verified)	1924
Maple [B] (verified)	1925
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1926
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1926
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1927
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1927
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1928
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1928

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int x(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{12}(1+x)^{12} + \frac{1}{13}(1+x)^{13}$$

output `-1/12*(1+x)^12+1/13*(1+x)^13`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 77 vs. $2(19) = 38$.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.05

$$\int x(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{11x^3}{3} + \frac{55x^4}{4} + 33x^5 + 55x^6 + 66x^7 + \frac{231x^8}{4} + \frac{110x^9}{3} + \frac{33x^{10}}{2} + 5x^{11} + \frac{11x^{12}}{12} + \frac{x^{13}}{13}$$

input `Integrate[x*(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5,x]`

output `x^2/2 + (11*x^3)/3 + (55*x^4)/4 + 33*x^5 + 55*x^6 + 66*x^7 + (231*x^8)/4 + (110*x^9)/3 + (33*x^10)/2 + 5*x^11 + (11*x^12)/12 + x^13/13`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int x(x+1)^{11} dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int ((x+1)^{12} - (x+1)^{11}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{13}(x+1)^{13} - \frac{1}{12}(x+1)^{12}$$

input `Int[x*(1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]`

output `-1/12*(1 + x)^12 + (1 + x)^13/13`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 60 vs. $2(15) = 30$.

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^2(12x^{11}+143x^{10}+780x^9+2574x^8+5720x^7+9009x^6+10296x^5+8580x^4+5148x^3+2145x^2+572x+78)}{156}$
default	$\frac{1}{13}x^{13} + \frac{11}{12}x^{12} + 5x^{11} + \frac{33}{2}x^{10} + \frac{110}{3}x^9 + \frac{231}{4}x^8 + 66x^7 + 55x^6 + 33x^5 + \frac{55}{4}x^4 + \frac{11}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^2$
norman	$\frac{1}{13}x^{13} + \frac{11}{12}x^{12} + 5x^{11} + \frac{33}{2}x^{10} + \frac{110}{3}x^9 + \frac{231}{4}x^8 + 66x^7 + 55x^6 + 33x^5 + \frac{55}{4}x^4 + \frac{11}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^2$
risch	$\frac{1}{13}x^{13} + \frac{11}{12}x^{12} + 5x^{11} + \frac{33}{2}x^{10} + \frac{110}{3}x^9 + \frac{231}{4}x^8 + 66x^7 + 55x^6 + 33x^5 + \frac{55}{4}x^4 + \frac{11}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^2$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{13}x^{13} + \frac{11}{12}x^{12} + 5x^{11} + \frac{33}{2}x^{10} + \frac{110}{3}x^9 + \frac{231}{4}x^8 + 66x^7 + 55x^6 + 33x^5 + \frac{55}{4}x^4 + \frac{11}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^2$
orering	$\frac{x^2(12x^{11}+143x^{10}+780x^9+2574x^8+5720x^7+9009x^6+10296x^5+8580x^4+5148x^3+2145x^2+572x+78)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{156(x+1)^{10}}$

input

```
int(x*(x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/156*x^2*(12*x^11+143*x^10+780*x^9+2574*x^8+5720*x^7+9009*x^6+10296*x^5+8
580*x^4+5148*x^3+2145*x^2+572*x+78)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 61 vs. $2(15) = 30$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int x(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{13}x^{13} + \frac{11}{12}x^{12} + 5x^{11} + \frac{33}{2}x^{10} + \frac{110}{3}x^9 + \frac{231}{4}x^8 + 66x^7 + 55x^6 + 33x^5 + \frac{55}{4}x^4 + \frac{11}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^2$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/13*x^13 + 11/12*x^12 + 5*x^11 + 33/2*x^10 + 110/3*x^9 + 231/4*x^8 + 66*x^7 + 55*x^6 + 33*x^5 + 55/4*x^4 + 11/3*x^3 + 1/2*x^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 70 vs. $2(12) = 24$.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.68

$$\int x(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{13}}{13} + \frac{11x^{12}}{12} + 5x^{11} + \frac{33x^{10}}{2} + \frac{110x^9}{3} + \frac{231x^8}{4} + 66x^7 + 55x^6 + 33x^5 + \frac{55x^4}{4} + \frac{11x^3}{3} + \frac{x^2}{2}$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5,x)`

output `x**13/13 + 11*x**12/12 + 5*x**11 + 33*x**10/2 + 110*x**9/3 + 231*x**8/4 + 66*x**7 + 55*x**6 + 33*x**5 + 55*x**4/4 + 11*x**3/3 + x**2/2`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 61 vs. $2(15) = 30$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int x(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{13}x^{13} + \frac{11}{12}x^{12} + 5x^{11} + \frac{33}{2}x^{10} + \frac{110}{3}x^9 + \frac{231}{4}x^8 + 66x^7 + 55x^6 + 33x^5 + \frac{55}{4}x^4 + \frac{11}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^2$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/13*x^13 + 11/12*x^12 + 5*x^11 + 33/2*x^10 + 110/3*x^9 + 231/4*x^8 + 66*x^7 + 55*x^6 + 33*x^5 + 55/4*x^4 + 11/3*x^3 + 1/2*x^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 61 vs. $2(15) = 30$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int x(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{13}x^{13} + \frac{11}{12}x^{12} + 5x^{11} + \frac{33}{2}x^{10} + \frac{110}{3}x^9 + \frac{231}{4}x^8 + 66x^7 + 55x^6 + 33x^5 + \frac{55}{4}x^4 + \frac{11}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^2$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/13*x^13 + 11/12*x^12 + 5*x^11 + 33/2*x^10 + 110/3*x^9 + 231/4*x^8 + 66*x^7 + 55*x^6 + 33*x^5 + 55/4*x^4 + 11/3*x^3 + 1/2*x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int x(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{13}}{13} + \frac{11x^{12}}{12} + 5x^{11} + \frac{33x^{10}}{2} + \frac{110x^9}{3} + \frac{231x^8}{4} + 66x^7 + 55x^6 + 33x^5 + \frac{55x^4}{4} + \frac{11x^3}{3} + \frac{x^2}{2}$$

input `int(x*(x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5,x)`output `x^2/2 + (11*x^3)/3 + (55*x^4)/4 + 33*x^5 + 55*x^6 + 66*x^7 + (231*x^8)/4 + (110*x^9)/3 + (33*x^10)/2 + 5*x^11 + (11*x^12)/12 + x^13/13`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.16

$$\int x(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^2(12x^{11} + 143x^{10} + 780x^9 + 2574x^8 + 5720x^7 + 9009x^6 + 10296x^5 + 8580x^4 + 5148x^3 + 2145x^2 + 572x + 78)}{156}$$

input `int(x*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x)`output `(x**2*(12*x**11 + 143*x**10 + 780*x**9 + 2574*x**8 + 5720*x**7 + 9009*x**6 + 10296*x**5 + 8580*x**4 + 5148*x**3 + 2145*x**2 + 572*x + 78))/156`

3.228 $\int (1 + x) (1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx$

Optimal result	1929
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1929
Rubi [A] (verified)	1930
Maple [A] (verified)	1931
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1931
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1932
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1932
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1932
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1933
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1933

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 9

$$\int (1 + x) (1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{12}(1 + x)^{12}$$

output `1/12*(1+x)^12`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (1 + x) (1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{12}(1 + x)^{12}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]`

output `(1 + x)^12/12`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1098, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1098$$

$$\int (x+1)^{11} dx$$

$$\downarrow 17$$

$$\frac{1}{12}(x+1)^{12}$$

input `Int[(1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]`

output `(1 + x)^12/12`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1098 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

method	result
default	$\frac{(x^2+2x+1)^6}{12}$
norman	$\frac{1}{12}x^{12} + x^{11} + \frac{11}{2}x^{10} + \frac{55}{3}x^9 + \frac{165}{4}x^8 + 66x^7 + 77x^6 + 66x^5 + \frac{165}{4}x^4 + \frac{55}{3}x^3 + \frac{11}{2}x^2 + x$
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{12}x^{12} + x^{11} + \frac{11}{2}x^{10} + \frac{55}{3}x^9 + \frac{165}{4}x^8 + 66x^7 + 77x^6 + 66x^5 + \frac{165}{4}x^4 + \frac{55}{3}x^3 + \frac{11}{2}x^2 + x$
gospers	$\frac{x(x^{11}+12x^{10}+66x^9+220x^8+495x^7+792x^6+924x^5+792x^4+495x^3+220x^2+66x+12)}{12}$
risc	$\frac{1}{12}x^{12} + x^{11} + \frac{11}{2}x^{10} + \frac{55}{3}x^9 + \frac{165}{4}x^8 + 66x^7 + 77x^6 + 66x^5 + \frac{165}{4}x^4 + \frac{55}{3}x^3 + \frac{11}{2}x^2 + x + \frac{1}{12}$
orering	$\frac{x(x^{11}+12x^{10}+66x^9+220x^8+495x^7+792x^6+924x^5+792x^4+495x^3+220x^2+66x+12)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{12(x+1)^{10}}$

input `int((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/12*(x^2+2*x+1)^6`**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 55 vs. $2(7) = 14$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.11

$$\int (1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{12}x^{12} + x^{11} + \frac{11}{2}x^{10} + \frac{55}{3}x^9 + \frac{165}{4}x^8 + 66x^7 + 77x^6 + 66x^5 + \frac{165}{4}x^4 + \frac{55}{3}x^3 + \frac{11}{2}x^2 + x$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/12*x^12 + x^11 + 11/2*x^10 + 55/3*x^9 + 165/4*x^8 + 66*x^7 + 77*x^6 + 66*x^5 + 165/4*x^4 + 55/3*x^3 + 11/2*x^2 + x`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 65 vs. $2(5) = 10$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.22

$$\int (1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{12}}{12} + x^{11} + \frac{11x^{10}}{2} + \frac{55x^9}{3} + \frac{165x^8}{4} + 66x^7 + 77x^6 + 66x^5 + \frac{165x^4}{4} + \frac{55x^3}{3} + \frac{11x^2}{2} + x$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5,x)`

output `x**12/12 + x**11 + 11*x**10/2 + 55*x**9/3 + 165*x**8/4 + 66*x**7 + 77*x**6 + 66*x**5 + 165*x**4/4 + 55*x**3/3 + 11*x**2/2 + x`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int (1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{12} (x^2 + 2x + 1)^6$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(x^2 + 2*x + 1)^6`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 62 vs. $2(7) = 14$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.89

$$\int (1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{1}{12} (x^2 + 2x)^6 + \frac{1}{2} (x^2 + 2x)^5 + \frac{5}{4} (x^2 + 2x)^4 + \frac{5}{3} (x^2 + 2x)^3 + \frac{5}{4} (x^2 + 2x)^2 + \frac{1}{2} x^2 + x$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/12*(x^2 + 2*x)^6 + 1/2*(x^2 + 2*x)^5 + 5/4*(x^2 + 2*x)^4 + 5/3*(x^2 + 2*x)^3 + 5/4*(x^2 + 2*x)^2 + 1/2*x^2 + x$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.11

$$\int (1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{12}}{12} + x^{11} + \frac{11x^{10}}{2} + \frac{55x^9}{3} + \frac{165x^8}{4} + 66x^7 + 77x^6 + 66x^5 + \frac{165x^4}{4} + \frac{55x^3}{3} + \frac{11x^2}{2} + x$$

input `int((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5,x)`

output $x + (11*x^2)/2 + (55*x^3)/3 + (165*x^4)/4 + 66*x^5 + 77*x^6 + 66*x^7 + (165*x^8)/4 + (55*x^9)/3 + (11*x^{10})/2 + x^{11} + x^{12}/12$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.22

$$\int (1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x(x^{11} + 12x^{10} + 66x^9 + 220x^8 + 495x^7 + 792x^6 + 924x^5 + 792x^4 + 495x^3 + 220x^2 + 66x + 12)}{12}$$

input `int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x)`

output $(x*(x^{11} + 12*x^{10} + 66*x^9 + 220*x^8 + 495*x^7 + 792*x^6 + 924*x^5 + 792*x^4 + 495*x^3 + 220*x^2 + 66*x + 12))/12$

3.229 $\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1934
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1934
Rubi [A] (verified)	1935
Maple [A] (verified)	1936
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1937
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1937
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1938
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1938
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1939
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1939

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x} dx = 11x + \frac{55x^2}{2} + 55x^3 + \frac{165x^4}{2} + \frac{462x^5}{5} + 77x^6 + \frac{330x^7}{7} + \frac{165x^8}{8} + \frac{55x^9}{9} + \frac{11x^{10}}{10} + \frac{x^{11}}{11} + \log(x)$$

output

```
11*x+55/2*x^2+55*x^3+165/2*x^4+462/5*x^5+77*x^6+330/7*x^7+165/8*x^8+55/9*x^9+11/10*x^10+1/11*x^11+ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x} dx = x + \frac{1}{2}(1+x)^2 + \frac{1}{3}(1+x)^3 + \frac{1}{4}(1+x)^4 + \frac{1}{5}(1+x)^5 + \frac{1}{6}(1+x)^6 + \frac{1}{7}(1+x)^7 + \frac{1}{8}(1+x)^8 + \frac{1}{9}(1+x)^9 + \frac{1}{10}(1+x)^{10} + \frac{1}{11}(1+x)^{11} + \log(-x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5)/x,x]
```

output

$$x + (1 + x)^2/2 + (1 + x)^3/3 + (1 + x)^4/4 + (1 + x)^5/5 + (1 + x)^6/6 + (1 + x)^7/7 + (1 + x)^8/8 + (1 + x)^9/9 + (1 + x)^{10}/10 + (1 + x)^{11}/11 + \text{Log}[-x]$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left(x^{10} + 11x^9 + 55x^8 + 165x^7 + 330x^6 + 462x^5 + 462x^4 + 330x^3 + 165x^2 + 55x + \frac{1}{x} + 11 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{x^{11}}{11} + \frac{11x^{10}}{10} + \frac{55x^9}{9} + \frac{165x^8}{8} + \frac{330x^7}{7} + 77x^6 + \frac{462x^5}{5} + \frac{165x^4}{2} + 55x^3 + \frac{55x^2}{2} + 11x + \log(x)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5/x, x]$$

output

$$11x + (55x^2)/2 + 55x^3 + (165x^4)/2 + (462x^5)/5 + 77x^6 + (330x^7)/7 + (165x^8)/8 + (55x^9)/9 + (11x^{10})/10 + x^{11}/11 + \text{Log}[x]$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	si
default	$11x + \frac{55x^2}{2} + 55x^3 + \frac{165x^4}{2} + \frac{462x^5}{5} + 77x^6 + \frac{330x^7}{7} + \frac{165x^8}{8} + \frac{55x^9}{9} + \frac{11x^{10}}{10} + \frac{x^{11}}{11} + \ln(x)$	57
norman	$11x + \frac{55x^2}{2} + 55x^3 + \frac{165x^4}{2} + \frac{462x^5}{5} + 77x^6 + \frac{330x^7}{7} + \frac{165x^8}{8} + \frac{55x^9}{9} + \frac{11x^{10}}{10} + \frac{x^{11}}{11} + \ln(x)$	57
risch	$11x + \frac{55x^2}{2} + 55x^3 + \frac{165x^4}{2} + \frac{462x^5}{5} + 77x^6 + \frac{330x^7}{7} + \frac{165x^8}{8} + \frac{55x^9}{9} + \frac{11x^{10}}{10} + \frac{x^{11}}{11} + \ln(x)$	57
paralelrisch	$11x + \frac{55x^2}{2} + 55x^3 + \frac{165x^4}{2} + \frac{462x^5}{5} + 77x^6 + \frac{330x^7}{7} + \frac{165x^8}{8} + \frac{55x^9}{9} + \frac{11x^{10}}{10} + \frac{x^{11}}{11} + \ln(x)$	57

input `int((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `11*x+55/2*x^2+55*x^3+165/2*x^4+462/5*x^5+77*x^6+330/7*x^7+165/8*x^8+55/9*x^9+11/10*x^10+1/11*x^11+ln(x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x} dx = \frac{1}{11}x^{11} + \frac{11}{10}x^{10} + \frac{55}{9}x^9 + \frac{165}{8}x^8 + \frac{330}{7}x^7 + 77x^6 + \frac{462}{5}x^5 + \frac{165}{2}x^4 + 55x^3 + \frac{55}{2}x^2 + 11x + \log(x)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/11*x^11 + 11/10*x^10 + 55/9*x^9 + 165/8*x^8 + 330/7*x^7 + 77*x^6 + 462/5*x^5 + 165/2*x^4 + 55*x^3 + 55/2*x^2 + 11*x + log(x)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x} dx = \frac{x^{11}}{11} + \frac{11x^{10}}{10} + \frac{55x^9}{9} + \frac{165x^8}{8} + \frac{330x^7}{7} + 77x^6 + \frac{462x^5}{5} + \frac{165x^4}{2} + 55x^3 + \frac{55x^2}{2} + 11x + \log(x)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x,x)`output `x**11/11 + 11*x**10/10 + 55*x**9/9 + 165*x**8/8 + 330*x**7/7 + 77*x**6 + 462*x**5/5 + 165*x**4/2 + 55*x**3 + 55*x**2/2 + 11*x + log(x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x} dx = \frac{1}{11}x^{11} + \frac{11}{10}x^{10} + \frac{55}{9}x^9 + \frac{165}{8}x^8 + \frac{330}{7}x^7 + 77x^6 + \frac{462}{5}x^5 + \frac{165}{2}x^4 + 55x^3 + \frac{55}{2}x^2 + 11x + \log(x)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/11*x^11 + 11/10*x^10 + 55/9*x^9 + 165/8*x^8 + 330/7*x^7 + 77*x^6 + 462/5*x^5 + 165/2*x^4 + 55*x^3 + 55/2*x^2 + 11*x + log(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x} dx = \frac{1}{11}x^{11} + \frac{11}{10}x^{10} + \frac{55}{9}x^9 + \frac{165}{8}x^8 + \frac{330}{7}x^7 + 77x^6 + \frac{462}{5}x^5 + \frac{165}{2}x^4 + 55x^3 + \frac{55}{2}x^2 + 11x + \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/11*x^11 + 11/10*x^10 + 55/9*x^9 + 165/8*x^8 + 330/7*x^7 + 77*x^6 + 462/5*x^5 + 165/2*x^4 + 55*x^3 + 55/2*x^2 + 11*x + log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x} dx = 11x + \ln(x) + \frac{55x^2}{2} + 55x^3 + \frac{165x^4}{2} + \frac{462x^5}{5} + 77x^6 + \frac{330x^7}{7} + \frac{165x^8}{8} + \frac{55x^9}{9} + \frac{11x^{10}}{10} + \frac{x^{11}}{11}$$

input `int(((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x,x)`output `11*x + log(x) + (55*x^2)/2 + 55*x^3 + (165*x^4)/2 + (462*x^5)/5 + 77*x^6 + (330*x^7)/7 + (165*x^8)/8 + (55*x^9)/9 + (11*x^10)/10 + x^11/11`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x} dx = \log(x) + \frac{x^{11}}{11} + \frac{11x^{10}}{10} + \frac{55x^9}{9} + \frac{165x^8}{8} + \frac{330x^7}{7} + 77x^6 + \frac{462x^5}{5} + \frac{165x^4}{2} + 55x^3 + \frac{55x^2}{2} + 11x$$

input `int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x,x)`output `(27720*log(x) + 2520*x**11 + 30492*x**10 + 169400*x**9 + 571725*x**8 + 1306800*x**7 + 2134440*x**6 + 2561328*x**5 + 2286900*x**4 + 1524600*x**3 + 762300*x**2 + 304920*x)/27720`

3.230 $\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1940
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1940
Rubi [A] (verified)	1941
Maple [A] (verified)	1942
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1943
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1943
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1944
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1944
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1945
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1945

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{x} + 55x + \frac{165x^2}{2} + 110x^3 + \frac{231x^4}{2} + \frac{462x^5}{5} + 55x^6 + \frac{165x^7}{7} + \frac{55x^8}{8} + \frac{11x^9}{9} + \frac{x^{10}}{10} + 11 \log(x)$$

output `-1/x+55*x+165/2*x^2+110*x^3+231/2*x^4+462/5*x^5+55*x^6+165/7*x^7+55/8*x^8+11/9*x^9+1/10*x^10+11*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{x} + 55x + \frac{165x^2}{2} + 110x^3 + \frac{231x^4}{2} + \frac{462x^5}{5} + 55x^6 + \frac{165x^7}{7} + \frac{55x^8}{8} + \frac{11x^9}{9} + \frac{x^{10}}{10} + 11 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^2,x]`

output

$$-x^{(-1)} + 55x + (165x^2)/2 + 110x^3 + (231x^4)/2 + (462x^5)/5 + 55x^6 + (165x^7)/7 + (55x^8)/8 + (11x^9)/9 + x^{10}/10 + 11\text{Log}[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left(x^9 + 11x^8 + 55x^7 + 165x^6 + 330x^5 + 462x^4 + 462x^3 + 330x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 165x + \frac{11}{x} + 55 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{x^{10}}{10} + \frac{11x^9}{9} + \frac{55x^8}{8} + \frac{165x^7}{7} + 55x^6 + \frac{462x^5}{5} + \frac{231x^4}{2} + 110x^3 + \frac{165x^2}{2} + 55x - \frac{1}{x} + 11\log(x)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5/x^2, x]$$

output

$$-x^{(-1)} + 55x + (165x^2)/2 + 110x^3 + (231x^4)/2 + (462x^5)/5 + 55x^6 + (165x^7)/7 + (55x^8)/8 + (11x^9)/9 + x^{10}/10 + 11\text{Log}[x]$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((f_.) + (g_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x \&\& \text{EQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
default	$-\frac{1}{x} + 55x + \frac{165x^2}{2} + 110x^3 + \frac{231x^4}{2} + \frac{462x^5}{5} + 55x^6 + \frac{165x^7}{7} + \frac{55x^8}{8} + \frac{11x^9}{9} + \frac{x^{10}}{10} + 11 \ln(x)$
risch	$-\frac{1}{x} + 55x + \frac{165x^2}{2} + 110x^3 + \frac{231x^4}{2} + \frac{462x^5}{5} + 55x^6 + \frac{165x^7}{7} + \frac{55x^8}{8} + \frac{11x^9}{9} + \frac{x^{10}}{10} + 11 \ln(x)$
norman	$\frac{-1+55x^2+\frac{165}{2}x^3+110x^4+\frac{231}{2}x^5+\frac{462}{5}x^6+55x^7+\frac{165}{7}x^8+\frac{55}{8}x^9+\frac{11}{9}x^{10}+\frac{1}{10}x^{11}}{x} + 11 \ln(x)$
parallelrisch	$\frac{252x^{11}+3080x^{10}+17325x^9+59400x^8+138600x^7+232848x^6+291060x^5+277200x^4+207900x^3+27720 \ln(x)x+138600x^2-2}{2520x}$

input $\text{int}((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^2,x,\text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $-1/x+55*x+165/2*x^2+110*x^3+231/2*x^4+462/5*x^5+55*x^6+165/7*x^7+55/8*x^8+11/9*x^9+1/10*x^{10}+11*\ln(x)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^2} dx = \frac{252x^{11} + 3080x^{10} + 17325x^9 + 59400x^8 + 138600x^7 + 232848x^6 + 291060x^5 + 277200x^4 + 207900x^3 + 138600x^2 + 27720x \log(x) - 2520}{2520x}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2520*(252*x^11 + 3080*x^10 + 17325*x^9 + 59400*x^8 + 138600*x^7 + 232848*x^6 + 291060*x^5 + 277200*x^4 + 207900*x^3 + 138600*x^2 + 27720*x*log(x) - 2520)/x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^2} dx = \frac{x^{10}}{10} + \frac{11x^9}{9} + \frac{55x^8}{8} + \frac{165x^7}{7} + 55x^6 + \frac{462x^5}{5} + \frac{231x^4}{2} + 110x^3 + \frac{165x^2}{2} + 55x + 11 \log(x) - \frac{1}{x}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**2,x)`

output `x**10/10 + 11*x**9/9 + 55*x**8/8 + 165*x**7/7 + 55*x**6 + 462*x**5/5 + 231*x**4/2 + 110*x**3 + 165*x**2/2 + 55*x + 11*log(x) - 1/x`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{10}x^{10} + \frac{11}{9}x^9 + \frac{55}{8}x^8 + \frac{165}{7}x^7 + 55x^6 + \frac{462}{5}x^5 + \frac{231}{2}x^4 + 110x^3 + \frac{165}{2}x^2 + 55x - \frac{1}{x} + 11 \log(x)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/10*x^10 + 11/9*x^9 + 55/8*x^8 + 165/7*x^7 + 55*x^6 + 462/5*x^5 + 231/2*x^4 + 110*x^3 + 165/2*x^2 + 55*x - 1/x + 11*log(x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{10}x^{10} + \frac{11}{9}x^9 + \frac{55}{8}x^8 + \frac{165}{7}x^7 + 55x^6 + \frac{462}{5}x^5 + \frac{231}{2}x^4 + 110x^3 + \frac{165}{2}x^2 + 55x - \frac{1}{x} + 11 \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/10*x^10 + 11/9*x^9 + 55/8*x^8 + 165/7*x^7 + 55*x^6 + 462/5*x^5 + 231/2*x^4 + 110*x^3 + 165/2*x^2 + 55*x - 1/x + 11*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^2} dx = 55x + 11 \ln(x) - \frac{1}{x} + \frac{165x^2}{2} + 110x^3 + \frac{231x^4}{2} + \frac{462x^5}{5} + 55x^6 + \frac{165x^7}{7} + \frac{55x^8}{8} + \frac{11x^9}{9} + \frac{x^{10}}{10}$$

input `int(((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^2,x)`output `55*x + 11*log(x) - 1/x + (165*x^2)/2 + 110*x^3 + (231*x^4)/2 + (462*x^5)/5 + 55*x^6 + (165*x^7)/7 + (55*x^8)/8 + (11*x^9)/9 + x^10/10`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^2} dx = \frac{27720 \log(x)x + 252x^{11} + 3080x^{10} + 17325x^9 + 59400x^8 + 138600x^7 + 232848x^6 + 291060x^5 + 277200x^4 + 207900x^3 + 138600x^2 - 2520}{2520x}$$

input `int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^2,x)`output `(27720*log(x)*x + 252*x**11 + 3080*x**10 + 17325*x**9 + 59400*x**8 + 138600*x**7 + 232848*x**6 + 291060*x**5 + 277200*x**4 + 207900*x**3 + 138600*x**2 - 2520)/(2520*x)`

3.231 $\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1946
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1946
Rubi [A] (verified)	1947
Maple [A] (verified)	1948
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1949
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1949
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1950
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1950
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1951
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1951

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2x^2} - \frac{11}{x} + 165x + 165x^2 + 154x^3 + \frac{231x^4}{2} + 66x^5 + \frac{55x^6}{2} + \frac{55x^7}{7} + \frac{11x^8}{8} + \frac{x^9}{9} + 55 \log(x)$$

output `-1/2/x^2-11/x+165*x+165*x^2+154*x^3+231/2*x^4+66*x^5+55/2*x^6+55/7*x^7+11/8*x^8+1/9*x^9+55*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2x^2} - \frac{11}{x} + 165x + 165x^2 + 154x^3 + \frac{231x^4}{2} + 66x^5 + \frac{55x^6}{2} + \frac{55x^7}{7} + \frac{11x^8}{8} + \frac{x^9}{9} + 55 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^3,x]`

output

$$-1/2*1/x^2 - 11/x + 165*x + 165*x^2 + 154*x^3 + (231*x^4)/2 + 66*x^5 + (55*x^6)/2 + (55*x^7)/7 + (11*x^8)/8 + x^9/9 + 55*\text{Log}[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left(x^8 + 11x^7 + 55x^6 + 165x^5 + 330x^4 + 462x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3} + 462x^2 + \frac{11}{x^2} + 330x + \frac{55}{x} + 165 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{x^9}{9} + \frac{11x^8}{8} + \frac{55x^7}{7} + \frac{55x^6}{2} + 66x^5 + \frac{231x^4}{2} + 154x^3 + 165x^2 - \frac{1}{2x^2} + 165x - \frac{11}{x} + 55 \log(x)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\frac{(1+x)(1+2*x+x^2)^5}{x^3}, x]$$

output

$$-1/2*1/x^2 - 11/x + 165*x + 165*x^2 + 154*x^3 + (231*x^4)/2 + 66*x^5 + (55*x^6)/2 + (55*x^7)/7 + (11*x^8)/8 + x^9/9 + 55*\text{Log}[x]$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}(((d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((f_.) + (g_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x \&\& \text{EQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
risch	$\frac{x^9}{9} + \frac{11x^8}{8} + \frac{55x^7}{7} + \frac{55x^6}{2} + 66x^5 + \frac{231x^4}{2} + 154x^3 + 165x^2 + 165x + \frac{-11x - \frac{1}{2}}{x^2} + 55 \ln(x)$
default	$-\frac{1}{2x^2} - \frac{11}{x} + 165x + 165x^2 + 154x^3 + \frac{231x^4}{2} + 66x^5 + \frac{55x^6}{2} + \frac{55x^7}{7} + \frac{11x^8}{8} + \frac{x^9}{9} + 55 \ln(x)$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{2} - 11x + 165x^3 + 165x^4 + 154x^5 + \frac{231}{2}x^6 + 66x^7 + \frac{55}{2}x^8 + \frac{55}{7}x^9 + \frac{11}{8}x^{10} + \frac{1}{9}x^{11}}{x^2} + 55 \ln(x)$
parallelrisch	$\frac{56x^{11} + 693x^{10} + 3960x^9 + 13860x^8 + 33264x^7 + 58212x^6 + 77616x^5 + 83160x^4 + 27720 \ln(x)x^2 + 83160x^3 - 252 - 5544x}{504x^2}$

input $\text{int}((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^3, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $\frac{1}{9}x^9 + \frac{11}{8}x^8 + \frac{55}{7}x^7 + \frac{55}{2}x^6 + 66x^5 + \frac{231}{2}x^4 + 154x^3 + 165x^2 + 165x + \frac{-11x - 1/2}{x^2} + 55 \ln(x)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{56x^{11} + 693x^{10} + 3960x^9 + 13860x^8 + 33264x^7 + 58212x^6 + 77616x^5 + 83160x^4 + 83160x^3 + 27720x^2 + 5544x - 252}{504x^2}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/504*(56*x^11 + 693*x^10 + 3960*x^9 + 13860*x^8 + 33264*x^7 + 58212*x^6 + 77616*x^5 + 83160*x^4 + 83160*x^3 + 27720*x^2*log(x) - 5544*x - 252)/x^2`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^3} dx = \frac{x^9}{9} + \frac{11x^8}{8} + \frac{55x^7}{7} + \frac{55x^6}{2} + 66x^5 + \frac{231x^4}{2}$$

$$+ 154x^3 + 165x^2 + 165x + 55 \log(x) + \frac{-22x - 1}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**3,x)`output `x**9/9 + 11*x**8/8 + 55*x**7/7 + 55*x**6/2 + 66*x**5 + 231*x**4/2 + 154*x**3 + 165*x**2 + 165*x + 55*log(x) + (-22*x - 1)/(2*x**2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{9}x^9 + \frac{11}{8}x^8 + \frac{55}{7}x^7 + \frac{55}{2}x^6 + 66x^5 + \frac{231}{2}x^4 + 154x^3 + 165x^2 + 165x - \frac{22x+1}{2x^2} + 55 \log(x)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/9*x^9 + 11/8*x^8 + 55/7*x^7 + 55/2*x^6 + 66*x^5 + 231/2*x^4 + 154*x^3 + 165*x^2 + 165*x - 1/2*(22*x + 1)/x^2 + 55*log(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{9}x^9 + \frac{11}{8}x^8 + \frac{55}{7}x^7 + \frac{55}{2}x^6 + 66x^5 + \frac{231}{2}x^4 + 154x^3 + 165x^2 + 165x - \frac{22x+1}{2x^2} + 55 \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/9*x^9 + 11/8*x^8 + 55/7*x^7 + 55/2*x^6 + 66*x^5 + 231/2*x^4 + 154*x^3 + 165*x^2 + 165*x - 1/2*(22*x + 1)/x^2 + 55*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^3} dx = 165x + 55 \ln(x) - \frac{11x + \frac{1}{2}}{x^2} + 165x^2 + 154x^3 + \frac{231x^4}{2} + 66x^5 + \frac{55x^6}{2} + \frac{55x^7}{7} + \frac{11x^8}{8} + \frac{x^9}{9}$$

input `int(((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^3,x)`output `165*x + 55*log(x) - (11*x + 1/2)/x^2 + 165*x^2 + 154*x^3 + (231*x^4)/2 + 6*x^5 + (55*x^6)/2 + (55*x^7)/7 + (11*x^8)/8 + x^9/9`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^3} dx = \frac{27720 \log(x) x^2 + 56x^{11} + 693x^{10} + 3960x^9 + 13860x^8 + 33264x^7 + 58212x^6 + 77616x^5 + 83160x^4 + 83160x^3 - 5544x - 252}{504x^2}$$

input `int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^3,x)`output `(27720*log(x)*x**2 + 56*x**11 + 693*x**10 + 3960*x**9 + 13860*x**8 + 33264*x**7 + 58212*x**6 + 77616*x**5 + 83160*x**4 + 83160*x**3 - 5544*x - 252)/(504*x**2)`

3.232 $\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1952
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1952
Rubi [A] (verified)	1953
Maple [A] (verified)	1954
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1955
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1955
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1956
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1956
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1957
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1957

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^4} dx = -\frac{1}{3x^3} - \frac{11}{2x^2} - \frac{55}{x} + 330x + 231x^2 + 154x^3 + \frac{165x^4}{2} + 33x^5 + \frac{55x^6}{6} + \frac{11x^7}{7} + \frac{x^8}{8} + 165 \log(x)$$

output `-1/3/x^3-11/2/x^2-55/x+330*x+231*x^2+154*x^3+165/2*x^4+33*x^5+55/6*x^6+11/7*x^7+1/8*x^8+165*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^4} dx = -\frac{1}{3x^3} - \frac{11}{2x^2} - \frac{55}{x} + 330x + 231x^2 + 154x^3 + \frac{165x^4}{2} + 33x^5 + \frac{55x^6}{6} + \frac{11x^7}{7} + \frac{x^8}{8} + 165 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^4,x]`

output

$$-1/3*1/x^3 - 11/(2*x^2) - 55/x + 330*x + 231*x^2 + 154*x^3 + (165*x^4)/2 + 33*x^5 + (55*x^6)/6 + (11*x^7)/7 + x^8/8 + 165*Log[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left(x^7 + 11x^6 + 55x^5 + 165x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} + 330x^3 + \frac{11}{x^3} + 462x^2 + \frac{55}{x^2} + 462x + \frac{165}{x} + 330 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{x^8}{8} + \frac{11x^7}{7} + \frac{55x^6}{6} + 33x^5 + \frac{165x^4}{2} + 154x^3 - \frac{1}{3x^3} + 231x^2 - \frac{11}{2x^2} + 330x - \frac{55}{x} + 165 \log(x)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\frac{(1+x)(1+2*x+x^2)^5}{x^4}, x]$$

output

$$-1/3*1/x^3 - 11/(2*x^2) - 55/x + 330*x + 231*x^2 + 154*x^3 + (165*x^4)/2 + 33*x^5 + (55*x^6)/6 + (11*x^7)/7 + x^8/8 + 165*Log[x]$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)} * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m * (c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \&\& \text{IGtQ}\{m, 0\} \&\& \text{IGtQ}\{m + n + 2, 0\}$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}(((d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^{(m_.)} * ((f_.) + (g_.)(x_)^{(n_.)} * ((a_) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m * (f + g*x)^n * (b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x \&\& \text{EQ}\{b^2 - 4*a*c, 0\} \&\& \text{IntegerQ}\{p\}$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
risch	$\frac{x^8}{8} + \frac{11x^7}{7} + \frac{55x^6}{6} + 33x^5 + \frac{165x^4}{2} + 154x^3 + 231x^2 + 330x + \frac{-55x^2 - \frac{11}{2}x - \frac{1}{3}}{x^3} + 165 \ln(x)$
default	$-\frac{1}{3x^3} - \frac{11}{2x^2} - \frac{55}{x} + 330x + 231x^2 + 154x^3 + \frac{165x^4}{2} + 33x^5 + \frac{55x^6}{6} + \frac{11x^7}{7} + \frac{x^8}{8} + 165 \ln(x)$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{3} - \frac{11}{2}x - 55x^2 + 330x^4 + 231x^5 + 154x^6 + \frac{165}{2}x^7 + 33x^8 + \frac{55}{6}x^9 + \frac{11}{7}x^{10} + \frac{1}{8}x^{11}}{x^3} + 165 \ln(x)$
parallelrisch	$\frac{21x^{11} + 264x^{10} + 1540x^9 + 5544x^8 + 13860x^7 + 25872x^6 + 38808x^5 + 27720 \ln(x)x^3 + 55440x^4 - 56 - 9240x^2 - 924x}{168x^3}$

input $\text{int}((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^4, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $\frac{1}{8}x^8 + \frac{11}{7}x^7 + \frac{55}{6}x^6 + 33x^5 + \frac{165}{2}x^4 + 154x^3 + 231x^2 + 330x + \frac{-55x^2 - 11/2x - 1/3}{x^3} + 165 \ln(x)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^4} dx = \frac{21x^{11} + 264x^{10} + 1540x^9 + 5544x^8 + 13860x^7 + 25872x^6 + 38808x^5 + 55440x^4 + 27720x^3 \log(x) - 9240x^2 - 924x - 56}{168x^3}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/168*(21*x^11 + 264*x^10 + 1540*x^9 + 5544*x^8 + 13860*x^7 + 25872*x^6 + 38808*x^5 + 55440*x^4 + 27720*x^3*log(x) - 9240*x^2 - 924*x - 56)/x^3`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^4} dx = \frac{x^8}{8} + \frac{11x^7}{7} + \frac{55x^6}{6} + 33x^5 + \frac{165x^4}{2} + 154x^3 + 231x^2 + 330x + 165 \log(x) + \frac{-330x^2 - 33x - 2}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**4,x)`output `x**8/8 + 11*x**7/7 + 55*x**6/6 + 33*x**5 + 165*x**4/2 + 154*x**3 + 231*x**2 + 330*x + 165*log(x) + (-330*x**2 - 33*x - 2)/(6*x**3)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{8}x^8 + \frac{11}{7}x^7 + \frac{55}{6}x^6 + 33x^5 + \frac{165}{2}x^4 + 154x^3$$

$$+ 231x^2 + 330x - \frac{330x^2 + 33x + 2}{6x^3} + 165 \log(x)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/8*x^8 + 11/7*x^7 + 55/6*x^6 + 33*x^5 + 165/2*x^4 + 154*x^3 + 231*x^2 + 330*x - 1/6*(330*x^2 + 33*x + 2)/x^3 + 165*log(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{8}x^8 + \frac{11}{7}x^7 + \frac{55}{6}x^6 + 33x^5 + \frac{165}{2}x^4 + 154x^3$$

$$+ 231x^2 + 330x - \frac{330x^2 + 33x + 2}{6x^3} + 165 \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/8*x^8 + 11/7*x^7 + 55/6*x^6 + 33*x^5 + 165/2*x^4 + 154*x^3 + 231*x^2 + 330*x - 1/6*(330*x^2 + 33*x + 2)/x^3 + 165*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^4} dx = 330x + 165 \ln(x) - \frac{55x^2 + \frac{11x}{2} + \frac{1}{3}}{x^3} + 231x^2 + 154x^3 + \frac{165x^4}{2} + 33x^5 + \frac{55x^6}{6} + \frac{11x^7}{7} + \frac{x^8}{8}$$

input `int(((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^4,x)`output `330*x + 165*log(x) - ((11*x)/2 + 55*x^2 + 1/3)/x^3 + 231*x^2 + 154*x^3 + (165*x^4)/2 + 33*x^5 + (55*x^6)/6 + (11*x^7)/7 + x^8/8`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^4} dx = \frac{27720 \log(x) x^3 + 21x^{11} + 264x^{10} + 1540x^9 + 5544x^8 + 13860x^7 + 25872x^6 + 38808x^5 + 55440x^4 - 9240x^3 - 924x^2 - 56}{168x^3}$$

input `int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^4,x)`output `(27720*log(x)*x**3 + 21*x**11 + 264*x**10 + 1540*x**9 + 5544*x**8 + 13860*x**7 + 25872*x**6 + 38808*x**5 + 55440*x**4 - 9240*x**3 - 924*x**2 - 56)/(168*x**3)`

$$3.233 \quad \int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^5} dx$$

Optimal result	1958
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1958
Rubi [A] (verified)	1959
Maple [A] (verified)	1960
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1961
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1961
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1962
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1962
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1963
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1963

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^5} dx = -\frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{11}{3x^3} - \frac{55}{2x^2} - \frac{165}{x} + 462x + 231x^2 + 110x^3 + \frac{165x^4}{4} + 11x^5 + \frac{11x^6}{6} + \frac{x^7}{7} + 330 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/4/x^4-11/3/x^3-55/2/x^2-165/x+462*x+231*x^2+110*x^3+165/4*x^4+11*x^5+11/6*x^6+1/7*x^7+330*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^5} dx = -\frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{11}{3x^3} - \frac{55}{2x^2} - \frac{165}{x} + 462x + 231x^2 + 110x^3 + \frac{165x^4}{4} + 11x^5 + \frac{11x^6}{6} + \frac{x^7}{7} + 330 \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^5,x]
```

output

$$-1/4*1/x^4 - 11/(3*x^3) - 55/(2*x^2) - 165/x + 462*x + 231*x^2 + 110*x^3 + (165*x^4)/4 + 11*x^5 + (11*x^6)/6 + x^7/7 + 330*\text{Log}[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{x^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left(x^6 + 11x^5 + \frac{1}{x^5} + 55x^4 + \frac{11}{x^4} + 165x^3 + \frac{55}{x^3} + 330x^2 + \frac{165}{x^2} + 462x + \frac{330}{x} + 462 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{x^7}{7} + \frac{11x^6}{6} + 11x^5 + \frac{165x^4}{4} - \frac{1}{4x^4} + 110x^3 - \frac{11}{3x^3} + 231x^2 - \frac{55}{2x^2} + 462x - \frac{165}{x} + 330 \log(x)$$

input

```
Int[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^5,x]
```

output

$$-1/4*1/x^4 - 11/(3*x^3) - 55/(2*x^2) - 165/x + 462*x + 231*x^2 + 110*x^3 + (165*x^4)/4 + 11*x^5 + (11*x^6)/6 + x^7/7 + 330*\text{Log}[x]$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((f_.) + (g_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{EQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
risch	$\frac{x^7}{7} + \frac{11x^6}{6} + 11x^5 + \frac{165x^4}{4} + 110x^3 + 231x^2 + 462x + \frac{-165x^3 - \frac{55}{2}x^2 - \frac{11}{3}x - \frac{1}{4}}{x^4} + 330 \ln(x)$
default	$-\frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{11}{3x^3} - \frac{55}{2x^2} - \frac{165}{x} + 462x + 231x^2 + 110x^3 + \frac{165x^4}{4} + 11x^5 + \frac{11x^6}{6} + \frac{x^7}{7} + 330 \ln(x)$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{4} - \frac{11}{3}x - \frac{55}{2}x^2 - 165x^3 + 462x^5 + 231x^6 + 110x^7 + \frac{165}{4}x^8 + 11x^9 + \frac{11}{6}x^{10} + \frac{1}{7}x^{11}}{x^4} + 330 \ln(x)$
parallelrisch	$\frac{12x^{11} + 154x^{10} + 924x^9 + 3465x^8 + 9240x^7 + 19404x^6 + 27720 \ln(x)x^4 + 38808x^5 - 21 - 13860x^3 - 2310x^2 - 308x}{84x^4}$

input $\text{int}((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^5, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $\frac{1}{7}x^7 + \frac{11}{6}x^6 + 11x^5 + \frac{165}{4}x^4 + 110x^3 + 231x^2 + 462x + \frac{-165x^3 - 55/2x^2 - 11/3x - 1/4}{x^4} + 330 \ln(x)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{12x^{11} + 154x^{10} + 924x^9 + 3465x^8 + 9240x^7 + 19404x^6 + 38808x^5 + 27720x^4 \log(x) - 13860x^3 - 2310x^2 - 308x - 21}{84x^4}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/84*(12*x^11 + 154*x^10 + 924*x^9 + 3465*x^8 + 9240*x^7 + 19404*x^6 + 38808*x^5 + 27720*x^4*log(x) - 13860*x^3 - 2310*x^2 - 308*x - 21)/x^4`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^5} dx = \frac{x^7}{7} + \frac{11x^6}{6} + 11x^5 + \frac{165x^4}{4} + 110x^3 + 231x^2$$

$$+ 462x + 330 \log(x) + \frac{-1980x^3 - 330x^2 - 44x - 3}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**5,x)`output `x**7/7 + 11*x**6/6 + 11*x**5 + 165*x**4/4 + 110*x**3 + 231*x**2 + 462*x + 330*log(x) + (-1980*x**3 - 330*x**2 - 44*x - 3)/(12*x**4)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^5} dx = \frac{1}{7}x^7 + \frac{11}{6}x^6 + 11x^5 + \frac{165}{4}x^4 + 110x^3 + 231x^2 + 462x - \frac{1980x^3 + 330x^2 + 44x + 3}{12x^4} + 330 \log(x)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/7*x^7 + 11/6*x^6 + 11*x^5 + 165/4*x^4 + 110*x^3 + 231*x^2 + 462*x - 1/12*(1980*x^3 + 330*x^2 + 44*x + 3)/x^4 + 330*log(x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^5} dx = \frac{1}{7}x^7 + \frac{11}{6}x^6 + 11x^5 + \frac{165}{4}x^4 + 110x^3 + 231x^2 + 462x - \frac{1980x^3 + 330x^2 + 44x + 3}{12x^4} + 330 \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/7*x^7 + 11/6*x^6 + 11*x^5 + 165/4*x^4 + 110*x^3 + 231*x^2 + 462*x - 1/12*(1980*x^3 + 330*x^2 + 44*x + 3)/x^4 + 330*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^5} dx = 462x + 330 \ln(x) + 231x^2 + 110x^3 + \frac{165x^4}{4} + 11x^5 + \frac{11x^6}{6} + \frac{x^7}{7} - \frac{165x^3 + \frac{55x^2}{2} + \frac{11x}{3} + \frac{1}{4}}{x^4}$$

input `int(((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^5,x)`output `462*x + 330*log(x) + 231*x^2 + 110*x^3 + (165*x^4)/4 + 11*x^5 + (11*x^6)/6 + x^7/7 - ((11*x)/3 + (55*x^2)/2 + 165*x^3 + 1/4)/x^4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^5} dx = \frac{27720 \log(x) x^4 + 12x^{11} + 154x^{10} + 924x^9 + 3465x^8 + 9240x^7 + 19404x^6 + 38808x^5 - 13860x^3 - 2310x^2 - 308x - 21}{84x^4}$$

input `int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^5,x)`output `(27720*log(x)*x**4 + 12*x**11 + 154*x**10 + 924*x**9 + 3465*x**8 + 9240*x**7 + 19404*x**6 + 38808*x**5 - 13860*x**3 - 2310*x**2 - 308*x - 21)/(84*x**4)`

3.234 $\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1964
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1964
Rubi [A] (verified)	1965
Maple [A] (verified)	1966
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1967
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1967
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1968
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1968
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1969
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1969

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{5x^5} - \frac{11}{4x^4} - \frac{55}{3x^3} - \frac{165}{2x^2} - \frac{330}{x} + 462x + 165x^2 + 55x^3 + \frac{55x^4}{4} + \frac{11x^5}{5} + \frac{x^6}{6} + 462 \log(x)$$

output -1/5/x^5-11/4/x^4-55/3/x^3-165/2/x^2-330/x+462*x+165*x^2+55*x^3+55/4*x^4+1/5*x^5+1/6*x^6+462*ln(x)

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{5x^5} - \frac{11}{4x^4} - \frac{55}{3x^3} - \frac{165}{2x^2} - \frac{330}{x} + 462x + 165x^2 + 55x^3 + \frac{55x^4}{4} + \frac{11x^5}{5} + \frac{x^6}{6} + 462 \log(x)$$

input Integrate[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^6,x]

output

$$-1/5*1/x^5 - 11/(4*x^4) - 55/(3*x^3) - 165/(2*x^2) - 330/x + 462*x + 165*x^2 + 55*x^3 + (55*x^4)/4 + (11*x^5)/5 + x^6/6 + 462*Log[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{x^6} + x^5 + \frac{11}{x^5} + 11x^4 + \frac{55}{x^4} + 55x^3 + \frac{165}{x^3} + 165x^2 + \frac{330}{x^2} + 330x + \frac{462}{x} + 462 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{x^6}{6} + \frac{11x^5}{5} - \frac{1}{5x^5} + \frac{55x^4}{4} - \frac{11}{4x^4} + 55x^3 - \frac{55}{3x^3} + 165x^2 - \frac{165}{2x^2} + 462x - \frac{330}{x} + 462 \log(x)$$

input

```
Int[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^6,x]
```

output

$$-1/5*1/x^5 - 11/(4*x^4) - 55/(3*x^3) - 165/(2*x^2) - 330/x + 462*x + 165*x^2 + 55*x^3 + (55*x^4)/4 + (11*x^5)/5 + x^6/6 + 462*Log[x]$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^6}{6} + \frac{11x^5}{5} + \frac{55x^4}{4} + 55x^3 + 165x^2 + 462x + \frac{-330x^4 - \frac{165}{2}x^3 - \frac{55}{3}x^2 - \frac{11}{4}x - \frac{1}{5}}{x^5} + 462 \ln(x)$	58
default	$-\frac{1}{5x^5} - \frac{11}{4x^4} - \frac{55}{3x^3} - \frac{165}{2x^2} - \frac{330}{x} + 462x + 165x^2 + 55x^3 + \frac{55x^4}{4} + \frac{11x^5}{5} + \frac{x^6}{6} + 462 \ln(x)$	59
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{5} - \frac{11}{4}x - \frac{55}{3}x^2 - \frac{165}{2}x^3 - 330x^4 + 462x^6 + 165x^7 + 55x^8 + \frac{55}{4}x^9 + \frac{11}{5}x^{10} + \frac{1}{6}x^{11}}{x^5} + 462 \ln(x)$	60
parallelrisc	$\frac{10x^{11} + 132x^{10} + 825x^9 + 3300x^8 + 9900x^7 + 27720 \ln(x)x^5 + 27720x^6 - 12 - 19800x^4 - 4950x^3 - 1100x^2 - 165x}{60x^5}$	63

input `int((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*x^6+11/5*x^5+55/4*x^4+55*x^3+165*x^2+462*x+(-330*x^4-165/2*x^3-55/3*x^2-11/4*x-1/5)/x^5+462*ln(x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{10x^{11} + 132x^{10} + 825x^9 + 3300x^8 + 9900x^7 + 27720x^6 + 27720x^5 \log(x) - 19800x^4 - 4950x^3 - 1100x^2 - 165x - 12}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/60*(10*x^11 + 132*x^10 + 825*x^9 + 3300*x^8 + 9900*x^7 + 27720*x^6 + 27720*x^5*log(x) - 19800*x^4 - 4950*x^3 - 1100*x^2 - 165*x - 12)/x^5`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^6} dx = \frac{x^6}{6} + \frac{11x^5}{5} + \frac{55x^4}{4} + 55x^3 + 165x^2 + 462x + 462 \log(x)$$

$$+ \frac{-19800x^4 - 4950x^3 - 1100x^2 - 165x - 12}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**6,x)`output `x**6/6 + 11*x**5/5 + 55*x**4/4 + 55*x**3 + 165*x**2 + 462*x + 462*log(x) + (-19800*x**4 - 4950*x**3 - 1100*x**2 - 165*x - 12)/(60*x**5)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^6} dx = \frac{1}{6}x^6 + \frac{11}{5}x^5 + \frac{55}{4}x^4 + 55x^3 + 165x^2 + 462x - \frac{19800x^4 + 4950x^3 + 1100x^2 + 165x + 12}{60x^5} + 462 \log(x)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*x^6 + 11/5*x^5 + 55/4*x^4 + 55*x^3 + 165*x^2 + 462*x - 1/60*(19800*x^4 + 4950*x^3 + 1100*x^2 + 165*x + 12)/x^5 + 462*log(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^6} dx = \frac{1}{6}x^6 + \frac{11}{5}x^5 + \frac{55}{4}x^4 + 55x^3 + 165x^2 + 462x - \frac{19800x^4 + 4950x^3 + 1100x^2 + 165x + 12}{60x^5} + 462 \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*x^6 + 11/5*x^5 + 55/4*x^4 + 55*x^3 + 165*x^2 + 462*x - 1/60*(19800*x^4 + 4950*x^3 + 1100*x^2 + 165*x + 12)/x^5 + 462*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^6} dx = 462x + 462 \ln(x) - \frac{330x^4 + \frac{165x^3}{2} + \frac{55x^2}{3} + \frac{11x}{4} + \frac{1}{5}}{x^5} + 165x^2 + 55x^3 + \frac{55x^4}{4} + \frac{11x^5}{5} + \frac{x^6}{6}$$

input `int(((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^6,x)`output `462*x + 462*log(x) - ((11*x)/4 + (55*x^2)/3 + (165*x^3)/2 + 330*x^4 + 1/5)/x^5 + 165*x^2 + 55*x^3 + (55*x^4)/4 + (11*x^5)/5 + x^6/6`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^6} dx = \frac{27720 \log(x) x^5 + 10x^{11} + 132x^{10} + 825x^9 + 3300x^8 + 9900x^7 + 27720x^6 - 19800x^4 - 4950x^3 - 1100x^2 - 165x - 12}{60x^5}$$

input `int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^6,x)`output `(27720*log(x)*x**5 + 10*x**11 + 132*x**10 + 825*x**9 + 3300*x**8 + 9900*x**7 + 27720*x**6 - 19800*x**4 - 4950*x**3 - 1100*x**2 - 165*x - 12)/(60*x**5)`

3.235 $\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	1970
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1970
Rubi [A] (verified)	1971
Maple [A] (verified)	1972
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1973
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1973
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1974
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1974
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1975
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1975

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^7} dx = -\frac{1}{6x^6} - \frac{11}{5x^5} - \frac{55}{4x^4} - \frac{55}{x^3} - \frac{165}{x^2} - \frac{462}{x} + 330x + \frac{165x^2}{2} + \frac{55x^3}{3} + \frac{11x^4}{4} + \frac{x^5}{5} + 462 \log(x)$$

output `-1/6/x^6-11/5/x^5-55/4/x^4-55/x^3-165/x^2-462/x+330*x+165/2*x^2+55/3*x^3+1/4*x^4+1/5*x^5+462*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^7} dx = -\frac{1}{6x^6} - \frac{11}{5x^5} - \frac{55}{4x^4} - \frac{55}{x^3} - \frac{165}{x^2} - \frac{462}{x} + 330x + \frac{165x^2}{2} + \frac{55x^3}{3} + \frac{11x^4}{4} + \frac{x^5}{5} + 462 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^7,x]`

output

$$-1/6*1/x^6 - 11/(5*x^5) - 55/(4*x^4) - 55/x^3 - 165/x^2 - 462/x + 330*x + (165*x^2)/2 + (55*x^3)/3 + (11*x^4)/4 + x^5/5 + 462*Log[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{x^7} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\ & \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^7} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\ & \int \left(\frac{1}{x^7} + \frac{11}{x^6} + \frac{55}{x^5} + x^4 + \frac{165}{x^4} + 11x^3 + \frac{330}{x^3} + 55x^2 + \frac{462}{x^2} + 165x + \frac{462}{x} + 330 \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & -\frac{1}{6x^6} + \frac{x^5}{5} - \frac{11}{5x^5} + \frac{11x^4}{4} - \frac{55}{4x^4} + \frac{55x^3}{3} - \frac{55}{x^3} + \frac{165x^2}{2} - \frac{165}{x^2} + 330x - \frac{462}{x} + 462 \log(x) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5/x^7,x]$$

output

$$-1/6*1/x^6 - 11/(5*x^5) - 55/(4*x^4) - 55/x^3 - 165/x^2 - 462/x + 330*x + (165*x^2)/2 + (55*x^3)/3 + (11*x^4)/4 + x^5/5 + 462*Log[x]$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)} * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m * (c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}(((d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^{(m_.)} * ((f_.) + (g_.)(x_)^{(n_.)} * ((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m * (f + g*x)^n * (b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{EQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{11x^4}{4} + \frac{55x^3}{3} + \frac{165x^2}{2} + 330x + \frac{-462x^5 - 165x^4 - 55x^3 - \frac{55}{4}x^2 - \frac{11}{5}x - \frac{1}{6}}{x^6} + 462 \ln(x)$	58
default	$-\frac{1}{6x^6} - \frac{11}{5x^5} - \frac{55}{4x^4} - \frac{55}{x^3} - \frac{165}{x^2} - \frac{462}{x} + 330x + \frac{165x^2}{2} + \frac{55x^3}{3} + \frac{11x^4}{4} + \frac{x^5}{5} + 462 \ln(x)$	59
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{6} - \frac{11}{5}x - \frac{55}{4}x^2 - 55x^3 - 165x^4 - 462x^5 + 330x^7 + \frac{165}{2}x^8 + \frac{55}{3}x^9 + \frac{11}{4}x^{10} + \frac{1}{5}x^{11}}{x^6} + 462 \ln(x)$	60
parallelrisch	$\frac{12x^{11} + 165x^{10} + 1100x^9 + 4950x^8 + 27720 \ln(x)x^6 + 19800x^7 - 10 - 27720x^5 - 9900x^4 - 3300x^3 - 825x^2 - 132x}{60x^6}$	63

input $\text{int}((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^7, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $\frac{1}{5}x^5 + \frac{11}{4}x^4 + \frac{55}{3}x^3 + \frac{165}{2}x^2 + 330x + \frac{-462x^5 - 165x^4 - 55x^3 - \frac{55}{4}x^2 - \frac{11}{5}x - \frac{1}{6}}{x^6} + 462 \ln(x)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{12x^{11} + 165x^{10} + 1100x^9 + 4950x^8 + 19800x^7 + 27720x^6 \log(x) - 27720x^5 - 9900x^4 - 3300x^3 - 825x^2 - 132x - 10}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/60*(12*x^11 + 165*x^10 + 1100*x^9 + 4950*x^8 + 19800*x^7 + 27720*x^6*log(x) - 27720*x^5 - 9900*x^4 - 3300*x^3 - 825*x^2 - 132*x - 10)/x^6`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^7} dx = \frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{11x^4}{4} + \frac{55x^3}{3} + \frac{165x^2}{2} + 330x + 462 \log(x)$$

$$+ \frac{-27720x^5 - 9900x^4 - 3300x^3 - 825x^2 - 132x - 10}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**7,x)`output `x**5/5 + 11*x**4/4 + 55*x**3/3 + 165*x**2/2 + 330*x + 462*log(x) + (-27720*x**5 - 9900*x**4 - 3300*x**3 - 825*x**2 - 132*x - 10)/(60*x**6)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^7} dx = \frac{1}{5}x^5 + \frac{11}{4}x^4 + \frac{55}{3}x^3 + \frac{165}{2}x^2 + 330x - \frac{27720x^5 + 9900x^4 + 3300x^3 + 825x^2 + 132x + 10}{60x^6} + 462 \log(x)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*x^5 + 11/4*x^4 + 55/3*x^3 + 165/2*x^2 + 330*x - 1/60*(27720*x^5 + 9900*x^4 + 3300*x^3 + 825*x^2 + 132*x + 10)/x^6 + 462*log(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^7} dx = \frac{1}{5}x^5 + \frac{11}{4}x^4 + \frac{55}{3}x^3 + \frac{165}{2}x^2 + 330x - \frac{27720x^5 + 9900x^4 + 3300x^3 + 825x^2 + 132x + 10}{60x^6} + 462 \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/5*x^5 + 11/4*x^4 + 55/3*x^3 + 165/2*x^2 + 330*x - 1/60*(27720*x^5 + 9900*x^4 + 3300*x^3 + 825*x^2 + 132*x + 10)/x^6 + 462*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^7} dx = 330x + 462 \ln(x) - \frac{462x^5 + 165x^4 + 55x^3 + \frac{55x^2}{4} + \frac{11x}{5} + \frac{1}{6}}{x^6} + \frac{165x^2}{2} + \frac{55x^3}{3} + \frac{11x^4}{4} + \frac{x^5}{5}$$

input `int(((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^7,x)`output `330*x + 462*log(x) - ((11*x)/5 + (55*x^2)/4 + 55*x^3 + 165*x^4 + 462*x^5 + 1/6)/x^6 + (165*x^2)/2 + (55*x^3)/3 + (11*x^4)/4 + x^5/5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^7} dx = \frac{27720 \log(x) x^6 + 12x^{11} + 165x^{10} + 1100x^9 + 4950x^8 + 19800x^7 - 27720x^5 - 9900x^4 - 3300x^3 - 825x^2 - 132x - 10}{60x^6}$$

input `int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^7,x)`output `(27720*log(x)*x**6 + 12*x**11 + 165*x**10 + 1100*x**9 + 4950*x**8 + 19800*x**7 - 27720*x**5 - 9900*x**4 - 3300*x**3 - 825*x**2 - 132*x - 10)/(60*x**6)`

3.236 $\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result	1976
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1976
Rubi [A] (verified)	1977
Maple [A] (verified)	1978
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1979
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1979
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1980
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1980
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1981
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1981

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^8} dx = -\frac{1}{7x^7} - \frac{11}{6x^6} - \frac{11}{x^5} - \frac{165}{4x^4} - \frac{110}{x^3} - \frac{231}{x^2} - \frac{462}{x} + 165x + \frac{55x^2}{2} + \frac{11x^3}{3} + \frac{x^4}{4} + 330 \log(x)$$

output `-1/7/x^7-11/6/x^6-11/x^5-165/4/x^4-110/x^3-231/x^2-462/x+165*x+55/2*x^2+11/3*x^3+1/4*x^4+330*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^8} dx = -\frac{1}{7x^7} - \frac{11}{6x^6} - \frac{11}{x^5} - \frac{165}{4x^4} - \frac{110}{x^3} - \frac{231}{x^2} - \frac{462}{x} + 165x + \frac{55x^2}{2} + \frac{11x^3}{3} + \frac{x^4}{4} + 330 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^8,x]`

output

$$-1/7*1/x^7 - 11/(6*x^6) - 11/x^5 - 165/(4*x^4) - 110/x^3 - 231/x^2 - 462/x + 165*x + (55*x^2)/2 + (11*x^3)/3 + x^4/4 + 330*\text{Log}[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{x^8} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^8} dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{x^8} + \frac{11}{x^7} + \frac{55}{x^6} + \frac{165}{x^5} + \frac{330}{x^4} + x^3 + \frac{462}{x^3} + 11x^2 + \frac{462}{x^2} + 55x + \frac{330}{x} + 165 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{1}{7x^7} - \frac{11}{6x^6} - \frac{11}{x^5} + \frac{x^4}{4} - \frac{165}{4x^4} + \frac{11x^3}{3} - \frac{110}{x^3} + \frac{55x^2}{2} - \frac{231}{x^2} + 165x - \frac{462}{x} + 330 \log(x)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\frac{(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5}{x^8}, x]$$

output

$$-1/7*1/x^7 - 11/(6*x^6) - 11/x^5 - 165/(4*x^4) - 110/x^3 - 231/x^2 - 462/x + 165*x + (55*x^2)/2 + (11*x^3)/3 + x^4/4 + 330*\text{Log}[x]$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{11x^3}{3} + \frac{55x^2}{2} + 165x + \frac{-462x^6 - 231x^5 - 110x^4 - \frac{165}{4}x^3 - 11x^2 - \frac{11}{6}x - \frac{1}{7}}{x^7} + 330 \ln(x)$	58
default	$-\frac{1}{7x^7} - \frac{11}{6x^6} - \frac{11}{x^5} - \frac{165}{4x^4} - \frac{110}{x^3} - \frac{231}{x^2} - \frac{462}{x} + 165x + \frac{55x^2}{2} + \frac{11x^3}{3} + \frac{x^4}{4} + 330 \ln(x)$	59
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{7} - \frac{11}{6}x - 11x^2 - \frac{165}{4}x^3 - 110x^4 - 231x^5 - 462x^6 + 165x^8 + \frac{55}{2}x^9 + \frac{11}{3}x^{10} + \frac{1}{4}x^{11}}{x^7} + 330 \ln(x)$	60
parallelrisch	$\frac{21x^{11} + 308x^{10} + 2310x^9 + 27720 \ln(x)x^7 + 13860x^8 - 12 - 38808x^6 - 19404x^5 - 9240x^4 - 3465x^3 - 924x^2 - 154x}{84x^7}$	63

input

```
int((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4*x^4+11/3*x^3+55/2*x^2+165*x+(-462*x^6-231*x^5-110*x^4-165/4*x^3-11*x^2
-11/6*x-1/7)/x^7+330*ln(x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{21x^{11} + 308x^{10} + 2310x^9 + 13860x^8 + 27720x^7 \log(x) - 38808x^6 - 19404x^5 - 9240x^4 - 3465x^3 - 924x^2 - 154x - 12}{84x^7}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/84*(21*x^11 + 308*x^10 + 2310*x^9 + 13860*x^8 + 27720*x^7*log(x) - 38808*x^6 - 19404*x^5 - 9240*x^4 - 3465*x^3 - 924*x^2 - 154*x - 12)/x^7`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{11x^3}{3} + \frac{55x^2}{2} + 165x + 330 \log(x)$$

$$+ \frac{-38808x^6 - 19404x^5 - 9240x^4 - 3465x^3 - 924x^2 - 154x - 12}{84x^7}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**8,x)`output `x**4/4 + 11*x**3/3 + 55*x**2/2 + 165*x + 330*log(x) + (-38808*x**6 - 19404*x**5 - 9240*x**4 - 3465*x**3 - 924*x**2 - 154*x - 12)/(84*x**7)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}x^4 + \frac{11}{3}x^3 + \frac{55}{2}x^2 + 165x - \frac{38808x^6 + 19404x^5 + 9240x^4 + 3465x^3 + 924x^2 + 154x + 12}{84x^7} + 330 \log(x)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*x^4 + 11/3*x^3 + 55/2*x^2 + 165*x - 1/84*(38808*x^6 + 19404*x^5 + 9240*x^4 + 3465*x^3 + 924*x^2 + 154*x + 12)/x^7 + 330*log(x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}x^4 + \frac{11}{3}x^3 + \frac{55}{2}x^2 + 165x - \frac{38808x^6 + 19404x^5 + 9240x^4 + 3465x^3 + 924x^2 + 154x + 12}{84x^7} + 330 \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*x^4 + 11/3*x^3 + 55/2*x^2 + 165*x - 1/84*(38808*x^6 + 19404*x^5 + 9240*x^4 + 3465*x^3 + 924*x^2 + 154*x + 12)/x^7 + 330*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^8} dx = 165x + 330 \ln(x) - \frac{462x^6 + 231x^5 + 110x^4 + \frac{165x^3}{4} + 11x^2 + \frac{11x}{6} + \frac{1}{7}}{x^7} + \frac{55x^2}{2} + \frac{11x^3}{3} + \frac{x^4}{4}$$

input `int(((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^8,x)`output `165*x + 330*log(x) - ((11*x)/6 + 11*x^2 + (165*x^3)/4 + 110*x^4 + 231*x^5 + 462*x^6 + 1/7)/x^7 + (55*x^2)/2 + (11*x^3)/3 + x^4/4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^8} dx = \frac{27720 \log(x) x^7 + 21x^{11} + 308x^{10} + 2310x^9 + 13860x^8 - 38808x^6 - 19404x^5 - 9240x^4 - 3465x^3 - 924x^2 - 154x - 12}{84x^7}$$

input `int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^8,x)`output `(27720*log(x)*x**7 + 21*x**11 + 308*x**10 + 2310*x**9 + 13860*x**8 - 38808*x**6 - 19404*x**5 - 9240*x**4 - 3465*x**3 - 924*x**2 - 154*x - 12)/(84*x**7)`

3.237 $\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^9} dx$

Optimal result	1982
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1982
Rubi [A] (verified)	1983
Maple [A] (verified)	1984
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1985
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1985
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1986
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1986
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1987
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1987

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^9} dx = -\frac{1}{8x^8} - \frac{11}{7x^7} - \frac{55}{6x^6} - \frac{33}{x^5} - \frac{165}{2x^4} - \frac{154}{x^3} - \frac{231}{x^2} - \frac{330}{x} + 55x + \frac{11x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} + 165 \log(x)$$

output -1/8/x^8-11/7/x^7-55/6/x^6-33/x^5-165/2/x^4-154/x^3-231/x^2-330/x+55*x+11/2*x^2+1/3*x^3+165*ln(x)

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^9} dx = -\frac{1}{8x^8} - \frac{11}{7x^7} - \frac{55}{6x^6} - \frac{33}{x^5} - \frac{165}{2x^4} - \frac{154}{x^3} - \frac{231}{x^2} - \frac{330}{x} + 55x + \frac{11x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} + 165 \log(x)$$

input Integrate[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^9,x]

output

$$-1/8*1/x^8 - 11/(7*x^7) - 55/(6*x^6) - 33/x^5 - 165/(2*x^4) - 154/x^3 - 23$$

$$1/x^2 - 330/x + 55*x + (11*x^2)/2 + x^3/3 + 165*\text{Log}[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{x^9} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^9} dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{x^9} + \frac{11}{x^8} + \frac{55}{x^7} + \frac{165}{x^6} + \frac{330}{x^5} + \frac{462}{x^4} + \frac{462}{x^3} + x^2 + \frac{330}{x^2} + 11x + \frac{165}{x} + 55 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{1}{8x^8} - \frac{11}{7x^7} - \frac{55}{6x^6} - \frac{33}{x^5} - \frac{165}{2x^4} + \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{154}{x^3} + \frac{11x^2}{2} - \frac{231}{x^2} + 55x - \frac{330}{x} + 165 \log(x)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5/x^9,x]$$

output

$$-1/8*1/x^8 - 11/(7*x^7) - 55/(6*x^6) - 33/x^5 - 165/(2*x^4) - 154/x^3 - 23$$

$$1/x^2 - 330/x + 55*x + (11*x^2)/2 + x^3/3 + 165*\text{Log}[x]$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}(((d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((f_.) + (g_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{EQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{11x^2}{2} + 55x + \frac{-330x^7 - 231x^6 - 154x^5 - \frac{165}{2}x^4 - 33x^3 - \frac{55}{6}x^2 - \frac{11}{7}x - \frac{1}{8}}{x^8} + 165 \ln(x)$	58
default	$-\frac{1}{8x^8} - \frac{11}{7x^7} - \frac{55}{6x^6} - \frac{33}{x^5} - \frac{165}{2x^4} - \frac{154}{x^3} - \frac{231}{x^2} - \frac{330}{x} + 55x + \frac{11x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} + 165 \ln(x)$	59
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{8} - \frac{11}{7}x - \frac{55}{6}x^2 - 33x^3 - \frac{165}{2}x^4 - 154x^5 - 231x^6 - 330x^7 + 55x^9 + \frac{11}{2}x^{10} + \frac{1}{3}x^{11}}{x^8} + 165 \ln(x)$	60
parallelrisch	$\frac{56x^{11} + 924x^{10} + 27720 \ln(x)x^8 + 9240x^9 - 21 - 55440x^7 - 38808x^6 - 25872x^5 - 13860x^4 - 5544x^3 - 1540x^2 - 264x}{168x^8}$	63

input $\text{int}((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^9, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $1/3*x^3 + 11/2*x^2 + 55*x + (-330*x^7 - 231*x^6 - 154*x^5 - 165/2*x^4 - 33*x^3 - 55/6*x^2 - 11/7*x - 1/8)/x^8 + 165*\ln(x)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{56x^{11} + 924x^{10} + 9240x^9 + 27720x^8 \log(x) - 55440x^7 - 38808x^6 - 25872x^5 - 13860x^4 - 5544x^3 - 1540x^2 - 264x - 21}{168x^8}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/168*(56*x^11 + 924*x^10 + 9240*x^9 + 27720*x^8*log(x) - 55440*x^7 - 38808*x^6 - 25872*x^5 - 13860*x^4 - 5544*x^3 - 1540*x^2 - 264*x - 21)/x^8`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{11x^2}{2} + 55x + 165 \log(x) + \frac{-55440x^7 - 38808x^6 - 25872x^5 - 13860x^4 - 5544x^3 - 1540x^2 - 264x - 21}{168x^8}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**9,x)`output `x**3/3 + 11*x**2/2 + 55*x + 165*log(x) + (-55440*x**7 - 38808*x**6 - 25872*x**5 - 13860*x**4 - 5544*x**3 - 1540*x**2 - 264*x - 21)/(168*x**8)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{11}{2}x^2 + 55x$$

$$- \frac{55440x^7 + 38808x^6 + 25872x^5 + 13860x^4 + 5544x^3 + 1540x^2 + 264x + 21}{168x^8}$$

$$+ 165 \log(x)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*x^3 + 11/2*x^2 + 55*x - 1/168*(55440*x^7 + 38808*x^6 + 25872*x^5 + 13860*x^4 + 5544*x^3 + 1540*x^2 + 264*x + 21)/x^8 + 165*log(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{11}{2}x^2 + 55x$$

$$- \frac{55440x^7 + 38808x^6 + 25872x^5 + 13860x^4 + 5544x^3 + 1540x^2 + 264x + 21}{168x^8}$$

$$+ 165 \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*x^3 + 11/2*x^2 + 55*x - 1/168*(55440*x^7 + 38808*x^6 + 25872*x^5 + 13860*x^4 + 5544*x^3 + 1540*x^2 + 264*x + 21)/x^8 + 165*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^9} dx$$

$$= 55x + 165 \ln(x) - \frac{330x^7 + 231x^6 + 154x^5 + \frac{165x^4}{2} + 33x^3 + \frac{55x^2}{6} + \frac{11x}{7} + \frac{1}{8}}{x^8} + \frac{11x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3}$$

input `int((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5/x^9,x)`output `55*x + 165*log(x) - ((11*x)/7 + (55*x^2)/6 + 33*x^3 + (165*x^4)/2 + 154*x^5 + 231*x^6 + 330*x^7 + 1/8)/x^8 + (11*x^2)/2 + x^3/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{27720 \log(x) x^8 + 56x^{11} + 924x^{10} + 9240x^9 - 55440x^7 - 38808x^6 - 25872x^5 - 13860x^4 - 5544x^3 - 1540x^2 - 264x - 21}{168x^8}$$

input `int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^9,x)`output `(27720*log(x)*x**8 + 56*x**11 + 924*x**10 + 9240*x**9 - 55440*x**7 - 38808*x**6 - 25872*x**5 - 13860*x**4 - 5544*x**3 - 1540*x**2 - 264*x - 21)/(168*x**8)`

3.238 $\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	1988
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1988
Rubi [A] (verified)	1989
Maple [A] (verified)	1990
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1991
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1991
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1992
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1992
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1993
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1993

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{1}{9x^9} - \frac{11}{8x^8} - \frac{55}{7x^7} - \frac{55}{2x^6} - \frac{66}{x^5} - \frac{231}{2x^4} - \frac{154}{x^3} - \frac{165}{x^2} - \frac{165}{x} + 11x + \frac{x^2}{2} + 55 \log(x)$$

output `-1/9/x^9-11/8/x^8-55/7/x^7-55/2/x^6-66/x^5-231/2/x^4-154/x^3-165/x^2-165/x+11*x+1/2*x^2+55*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{1}{9x^9} - \frac{11}{8x^8} - \frac{55}{7x^7} - \frac{55}{2x^6} - \frac{66}{x^5} - \frac{231}{2x^4} - \frac{154}{x^3} - \frac{165}{x^2} - \frac{165}{x} + 11x + \frac{x^2}{2} + 55 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^10,x]`

output

$$-1/9*1/x^9 - 11/(8*x^8) - 55/(7*x^7) - 55/(2*x^6) - 66/x^5 - 231/(2*x^4) - 154/x^3 - 165/x^2 - 165/x + 11*x + x^2/2 + 55*Log[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{x^{10}} + \frac{11}{x^9} + \frac{55}{x^8} + \frac{165}{x^7} + \frac{330}{x^6} + \frac{462}{x^5} + \frac{462}{x^4} + \frac{330}{x^3} + \frac{165}{x^2} + x + \frac{55}{x} + 11 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{1}{9x^9} - \frac{11}{8x^8} - \frac{55}{7x^7} - \frac{55}{2x^6} - \frac{66}{x^5} - \frac{231}{2x^4} - \frac{154}{x^3} + \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{165}{x^2} + 11x - \frac{165}{x} + 55 \log(x)$$

input

```
Int[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^10,x]
```

output

$$-1/9*1/x^9 - 11/(8*x^8) - 55/(7*x^7) - 55/(2*x^6) - 66/x^5 - 231/(2*x^4) - 154/x^3 - 165/x^2 - 165/x + 11*x + x^2/2 + 55*Log[x]$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((f_.) + (g_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{EQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^2}{2} + 11x + \frac{-165x^8 - 165x^7 - 154x^6 - \frac{231}{2}x^5 - 66x^4 - \frac{55}{2}x^3 - \frac{55}{7}x^2 - \frac{11}{8}x - \frac{1}{9}}{x^9} + 55 \ln(x)$	58
default	$-\frac{1}{9x^9} - \frac{11}{8x^8} - \frac{55}{7x^7} - \frac{55}{2x^6} - \frac{66}{x^5} - \frac{231}{2x^4} - \frac{154}{x^3} - \frac{165}{x^2} - \frac{165}{x} + 11x + \frac{x^2}{2} + 55 \ln(x)$	59
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{9} - \frac{11}{8}x - \frac{55}{7}x^2 - \frac{55}{2}x^3 - 66x^4 - \frac{231}{2}x^5 - 154x^6 - 165x^7 - 165x^8 + 11x^{10} + \frac{1}{2}x^{11}}{x^9} + 55 \ln(x)$	60
parallelrisch	$\frac{252x^{11} + 27720 \ln(x)x^9 + 5544x^{10} - 56 - 83160x^8 - 83160x^7 - 77616x^6 - 58212x^5 - 33264x^4 - 13860x^3 - 3960x^2 - 693x}{504x^9}$	63

input $\text{int}((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^10, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $1/2*x^2+11*x+(-165*x^8-165*x^7-154*x^6-231/2*x^5-66*x^4-55/2*x^3-55/7*x^2-11/8*x-1/9)/x^9+55*\ln(x)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{252x^{11} + 5544x^{10} + 27720x^9 \log(x) - 83160x^8 - 83160x^7 - 77616x^6 - 58212x^5 - 33264x^4 - 13860x^3 - 3960x^2 - 693x - 56}{504x^9}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/504*(252*x^11 + 5544*x^10 + 27720*x^9*log(x) - 83160*x^8 - 83160*x^7 - 77616*x^6 - 58212*x^5 - 33264*x^4 - 13860*x^3 - 3960*x^2 - 693*x - 56)/x^9`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{x^2}{2} + 11x + 55 \log(x) + \frac{-83160x^8 - 83160x^7 - 77616x^6 - 58212x^5 - 33264x^4 - 13860x^3 - 3960x^2 - 693x - 56}{504x^9}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**10,x)`output `x**2/2 + 11*x + 55*log(x) + (-83160*x**8 - 83160*x**7 - 77616*x**6 - 58212*x**5 - 33264*x**4 - 13860*x**3 - 3960*x**2 - 693*x - 56)/(504*x**9)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 11x - \frac{83160x^8 + 83160x^7 + 77616x^6 + 58212x^5 + 33264x^4 + 13860x^3 + 3960x^2 + 693x + 56}{504x^9} + 55 \log(x)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*x^2 + 11*x - 1/504*(83160*x^8 + 83160*x^7 + 77616*x^6 + 58212*x^5 + 33264*x^4 + 13860*x^3 + 3960*x^2 + 693*x + 56)/x^9 + 55*log(x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 11x - \frac{83160x^8 + 83160x^7 + 77616x^6 + 58212x^5 + 33264x^4 + 13860x^3 + 3960x^2 + 693x + 56}{504x^9} + 55 \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*x^2 + 11*x - 1/504*(83160*x^8 + 83160*x^7 + 77616*x^6 + 58212*x^5 + 33264*x^4 + 13860*x^3 + 3960*x^2 + 693*x + 56)/x^9 + 55*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$= 11x + 55 \ln(x) + \frac{x^2}{2}$$

$$- \frac{165x^8 + 165x^7 + 154x^6 + \frac{231x^5}{2} + 66x^4 + \frac{55x^3}{2} + \frac{55x^2}{7} + \frac{11x}{8} + \frac{1}{9}}{x^9}$$

input `int(((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^10,x)`output `11*x + 55*log(x) + x^2/2 - ((11*x)/8 + (55*x^2)/7 + (55*x^3)/2 + 66*x^4 + (231*x^5)/2 + 154*x^6 + 165*x^7 + 165*x^8 + 1/9)/x^9`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$= \frac{27720 \log(x) x^9 + 252x^{11} + 5544x^{10} - 83160x^8 - 83160x^7 - 77616x^6 - 58212x^5 - 33264x^4 - 13860x^3 - 3960x^2 - 693x - 56}{504x^9}$$

input `int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^10,x)`output `(27720*log(x)*x**9 + 252*x**11 + 5544*x**10 - 83160*x**8 - 83160*x**7 - 77616*x**6 - 58212*x**5 - 33264*x**4 - 13860*x**3 - 3960*x**2 - 693*x - 56)/(504*x**9)`

3.239 $\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{11}} dx$

Optimal result	1994
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1994
Rubi [A] (verified)	1995
Maple [A] (verified)	1996
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1997
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1997
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1998
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1998
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1999
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1999

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{1}{10x^{10}} - \frac{11}{9x^9} - \frac{55}{8x^8} - \frac{165}{7x^7} - \frac{55}{x^6} - \frac{462}{5x^5} - \frac{231}{2x^4} - \frac{110}{x^3} - \frac{165}{2x^2} - \frac{55}{x} + x + 11 \log(x)$$

output `-1/10/x^10-11/9/x^9-55/8/x^8-165/7/x^7-55/x^6-462/5/x^5-231/2/x^4-110/x^3-165/2/x^2-55/x+x+11*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{1}{10x^{10}} - \frac{11}{9x^9} - \frac{55}{8x^8} - \frac{165}{7x^7} - \frac{55}{x^6} - \frac{462}{5x^5} - \frac{231}{2x^4} - \frac{110}{x^3} - \frac{165}{2x^2} - \frac{55}{x} + x + 11 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^11,x]`

output

$$-1/10*1/x^{10} - 11/(9*x^9) - 55/(8*x^8) - 165/(7*x^7) - 55/x^6 - 462/(5*x^5) - 231/(2*x^4) - 110/x^3 - 165/(2*x^2) - 55/x + x + 11*\text{Log}[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{x^{11}} + \frac{11}{x^{10}} + \frac{55}{x^9} + \frac{165}{x^8} + \frac{330}{x^7} + \frac{462}{x^6} + \frac{462}{x^5} + \frac{330}{x^4} + \frac{165}{x^3} + \frac{55}{x^2} + \frac{11}{x} + 1 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{1}{10x^{10}} - \frac{11}{9x^9} - \frac{55}{8x^8} - \frac{165}{7x^7} - \frac{55}{x^6} - \frac{462}{5x^5} - \frac{231}{2x^4} - \frac{110}{x^3} - \frac{165}{2x^2} + x - \frac{55}{x} + 11 \log(x)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5/x^{11},x]$$

output

$$-1/10*1/x^{10} - 11/(9*x^9) - 55/(8*x^8) - 165/(7*x^7) - 55/x^6 - 462/(5*x^5) - 231/(2*x^4) - 110/x^3 - 165/(2*x^2) - 55/x + x + 11*\text{Log}[x]$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
risch	$x + \frac{-55x^9 - \frac{165}{2}x^8 - 110x^7 - \frac{231}{2}x^6 - \frac{462}{5}x^5 - 55x^4 - \frac{165}{7}x^3 - \frac{55}{8}x^2 - \frac{11}{9}x - \frac{1}{10}}{x^{10}} + 11 \ln(x)$
default	$-\frac{1}{10x^{10}} - \frac{11}{9x^9} - \frac{55}{8x^8} - \frac{165}{7x^7} - \frac{55}{x^6} - \frac{462}{5x^5} - \frac{231}{2x^4} - \frac{110}{x^3} - \frac{165}{2x^2} - \frac{55}{x} + x + 11 \ln(x)$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{10} + x^{11} - \frac{11}{9}x - \frac{55}{8}x^2 - \frac{165}{7}x^3 - 55x^4 - \frac{462}{5}x^5 - \frac{231}{2}x^6 - 110x^7 - \frac{165}{2}x^8 - 55x^9}{x^{10}} + 11 \ln(x)$
parallelrisch	$\frac{27720 \ln(x)x^{10} + 2520x^{11} - 252 - 138600x^9 - 207900x^8 - 277200x^7 - 291060x^6 - 232848x^5 - 138600x^4 - 59400x^3 - 17325x^2 - 3087x - 1}{2520x^{10}}$

input `int((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^11,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x+(-55*x^9-165/2*x^8-110*x^7-231/2*x^6-462/5*x^5-55*x^4-165/7*x^3-55/8*x^2-11/9*x-1/10)/x^10+11*ln(x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2520x^{11} + 27720x^{10} \log(x) - 138600x^9 - 207900x^8 - 277200x^7 - 291060x^6 - 232848x^5 - 138600x^4 - 59400x^3 - 17325x^2 - 3080x - 252}{2520x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^11,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2520*(2520*x^11 + 27720*x^10*log(x) - 138600*x^9 - 207900*x^8 - 277200*x^7 - 291060*x^6 - 232848*x^5 - 138600*x^4 - 59400*x^3 - 17325*x^2 - 3080*x - 252)/x^10`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{11}} dx = x + 11 \log(x)$$

$$+ \frac{-138600x^9 - 207900x^8 - 277200x^7 - 291060x^6 - 232848x^5 - 138600x^4 - 59400x^3 - 17325x^2 - 3080x - 252}{2520x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**11,x)`output `x + 11*log(x) + (-138600*x**9 - 207900*x**8 - 277200*x**7 - 291060*x**6 - 232848*x**5 - 138600*x**4 - 59400*x**3 - 17325*x**2 - 3080*x - 252)/(2520*x**10)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{11}} dx = x - \frac{138600x^9 + 207900x^8 + 277200x^7 + 291060x^6 + 232848x^5 + 138600x^4 + 59400x^3 + 17325x^2 + 3080x + 252}{2520x^{10}} + 11 \log(x)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^11,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `x - 1/2520*(138600*x^9 + 207900*x^8 + 277200*x^7 + 291060*x^6 + 232848*x^5 + 138600*x^4 + 59400*x^3 + 17325*x^2 + 3080*x + 252)/x^10 + 11*log(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{11}} dx = x - \frac{138600x^9 + 207900x^8 + 277200x^7 + 291060x^6 + 232848x^5 + 138600x^4 + 59400x^3 + 17325x^2 + 3080x + 252}{2520x^{10}} + 11 \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^11,x, algorithm="giac")`output `x - 1/2520*(138600*x^9 + 207900*x^8 + 277200*x^7 + 291060*x^6 + 232848*x^5 + 138600*x^4 + 59400*x^3 + 17325*x^2 + 3080*x + 252)/x^10 + 11*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{11}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{\frac{11x}{9} - 11x^{10} \ln(x) + \frac{55x^2}{8} + \frac{165x^3}{7} + 55x^4 + \frac{462x^5}{5} + \frac{231x^6}{2} + 110x^7 + \frac{165x^8}{2} + 55x^9 - x^{11} + \frac{1}{10}}{x^{10}}$$

input `int(((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^11,x)`output `-((11*x)/9 - 11*x^10*log(x) + (55*x^2)/8 + (165*x^3)/7 + 55*x^4 + (462*x^5)/5 + (231*x^6)/2 + 110*x^7 + (165*x^8)/2 + 55*x^9 - x^11 + 1/10)/x^10`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$= \frac{27720 \log(x) x^{10} + 2520 x^{11} - 138600 x^9 - 207900 x^8 - 277200 x^7 - 291060 x^6 - 232848 x^5 - 138600 x^4 - 59400 x^3 - 17325 x^2 - 3080 x - 252}{2520 x^{10}}$$

input `int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^11,x)`output `(27720*log(x)*x**10 + 2520*x**11 - 138600*x**9 - 207900*x**8 - 277200*x**7 - 291060*x**6 - 232848*x**5 - 138600*x**4 - 59400*x**3 - 17325*x**2 - 3080*x - 252)/(2520*x**10)`

3.240 $\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{12}} dx$

Optimal result	2000
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2000
Rubi [A] (verified)	2001
Maple [A] (verified)	2002
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2003
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2003
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2004
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2004
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2005
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2005

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{1}{11x^{11}} - \frac{11}{10x^{10}} - \frac{55}{9x^9} - \frac{165}{8x^8} - \frac{330}{7x^7} - \frac{77}{x^6} - \frac{462}{5x^5} - \frac{165}{2x^4} - \frac{55}{x^3} - \frac{55}{2x^2} - \frac{11}{x} + \log(x)$$

output `-1/11/x^11-11/10/x^10-55/9/x^9-165/8/x^8-330/7/x^7-77/x^6-462/5/x^5-165/2/x^4-55/x^3-55/2/x^2-11/x+ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{1}{11x^{11}} - \frac{11}{10x^{10}} - \frac{55}{9x^9} - \frac{165}{8x^8} - \frac{330}{7x^7} - \frac{77}{x^6} - \frac{462}{5x^5} - \frac{165}{2x^4} - \frac{55}{x^3} - \frac{55}{2x^2} - \frac{11}{x} + \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^12,x]`

output

$$-1/11*1/x^{11} - 11/(10*x^{10}) - 55/(9*x^9) - 165/(8*x^8) - 330/(7*x^7) - 77/x^6 - 462/(5*x^5) - 165/(2*x^4) - 55/x^3 - 55/(2*x^2) - 11/x + \text{Log}[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{x^{12}} + \frac{11}{x^{11}} + \frac{55}{x^{10}} + \frac{165}{x^9} + \frac{330}{x^8} + \frac{462}{x^7} + \frac{462}{x^6} + \frac{330}{x^5} + \frac{165}{x^4} + \frac{55}{x^3} + \frac{11}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{1}{11x^{11}} - \frac{11}{10x^{10}} - \frac{55}{9x^9} - \frac{165}{8x^8} - \frac{330}{7x^7} - \frac{77}{x^6} - \frac{462}{5x^5} - \frac{165}{2x^4} - \frac{55}{x^3} - \frac{55}{2x^2} - \frac{11}{x} + \log(x)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5/x^{12},x]$$

output

$$-1/11*1/x^{11} - 11/(10*x^{10}) - 55/(9*x^9) - 165/(8*x^8) - 330/(7*x^7) - 77/x^6 - 462/(5*x^5) - 165/(2*x^4) - 55/x^3 - 55/(2*x^2) - 11/x + \text{Log}[x]$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((f_.) + (g_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{EQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{11} - \frac{11}{10}x - \frac{55}{9}x^2 - \frac{165}{8}x^3 - \frac{330}{7}x^4 - 77x^5 - \frac{462}{5}x^6 - \frac{165}{2}x^7 - 55x^8 - \frac{55}{2}x^9 - 11x^{10}}{x^{11}} + \ln(x)$
risch	$\frac{-\frac{1}{11} - \frac{11}{10}x - \frac{55}{9}x^2 - \frac{165}{8}x^3 - \frac{330}{7}x^4 - 77x^5 - \frac{462}{5}x^6 - \frac{165}{2}x^7 - 55x^8 - \frac{55}{2}x^9 - 11x^{10}}{x^{11}} + \ln(x)$
default	$-\frac{1}{11x^{11}} - \frac{11}{10x^{10}} - \frac{55}{9x^9} - \frac{165}{8x^8} - \frac{330}{7x^7} - \frac{77}{x^6} - \frac{462}{5x^5} - \frac{165}{2x^4} - \frac{55}{x^3} - \frac{55}{2x^2} - \frac{11}{x} + \ln(x)$
parallelrisch	$\frac{27720 \ln(x)x^{11} - 2520 - 304920x^{10} - 762300x^9 - 1524600x^8 - 2286900x^7 - 2561328x^6 - 2134440x^5 - 1306800x^4 - 571725x^3 - 162000x^2 - 11000x - 1100}{27720x^{11}}$

input $\text{int}((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^{12}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $(-1/11-11/10*x-55/9*x^2-165/8*x^3-330/7*x^4-77*x^5-462/5*x^6-165/2*x^7-55*x^8-55/2*x^9-11*x^{10})/x^{11}+\ln(x)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$= \frac{27720 x^{11} \log(x) - 304920 x^{10} - 762300 x^9 - 1524600 x^8 - 2286900 x^7 - 2561328 x^6 - 2134440 x^5 - 1306800 x^4 - 571725 x^3 - 169400 x^2 - 30492 x - 2520}{27720 x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^12,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/27720*(27720*x^11*log(x) - 304920*x^10 - 762300*x^9 - 1524600*x^8 - 2286900*x^7 - 2561328*x^6 - 2134440*x^5 - 1306800*x^4 - 571725*x^3 - 169400*x^2 - 30492*x - 2520)/x^11`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{12}} dx = \log(x)$$

$$+ \frac{-304920x^{10} - 762300x^9 - 1524600x^8 - 2286900x^7 - 2561328x^6 - 2134440x^5 - 1306800x^4 - 571725x^3 - 169400x^2 - 30492x - 2520}{27720x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**12,x)`output `log(x) + (-304920*x**10 - 762300*x**9 - 1524600*x**8 - 2286900*x**7 - 2561328*x**6 - 2134440*x**5 - 1306800*x**4 - 571725*x**3 - 169400*x**2 - 30492*x - 2520)/(27720*x**11)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{12}} dx =$$

$$\frac{304920 x^{10} + 762300 x^9 + 1524600 x^8 + 2286900 x^7 + 2561328 x^6 + 2134440 x^5 + 1306800 x^4 + 571725 x^3 + 169400 x^2 + 30492 x + 2520}{27720 x^{11}} + \log(x)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^12,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/27720*(304920*x^10 + 762300*x^9 + 1524600*x^8 + 2286900*x^7 + 2561328*x^6 + 2134440*x^5 + 1306800*x^4 + 571725*x^3 + 169400*x^2 + 30492*x + 2520)/x^11 + log(x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{12}} dx =$$

$$\frac{304920 x^{10} + 762300 x^9 + 1524600 x^8 + 2286900 x^7 + 2561328 x^6 + 2134440 x^5 + 1306800 x^4 + 571725 x^3 + 169400 x^2 + 30492 x + 2520}{27720 x^{11}} + \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^12,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/27720*(304920*x^10 + 762300*x^9 + 1524600*x^8 + 2286900*x^7 + 2561328*x^6 + 2134440*x^5 + 1306800*x^4 + 571725*x^3 + 169400*x^2 + 30492*x + 2520)/x^11 + log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$= \ln(x) - \frac{11x^{10} + \frac{55x^9}{2} + 55x^8 + \frac{165x^7}{2} + \frac{462x^6}{5} + 77x^5 + \frac{330x^4}{7} + \frac{165x^3}{8} + \frac{55x^2}{9} + \frac{11x}{10} + \frac{1}{11}}{x^{11}}$$

input `int((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5/x^12,x)`output `log(x) - ((11*x)/10 + (55*x^2)/9 + (165*x^3)/8 + (330*x^4)/7 + 77*x^5 + (462*x^6)/5 + (165*x^7)/2 + 55*x^8 + (55*x^9)/2 + 11*x^10 + 1/11)/x^11`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$= \frac{27720 \log(x) x^{11} - 304920 x^{10} - 762300 x^9 - 1524600 x^8 - 2286900 x^7 - 2561328 x^6 - 2134440 x^5 - 1306800 x^4 - 571725 x^3 - 169400 x^2 - 30492 x - 2520}{27720 x^{11}}$$

input `int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^12,x)`output `(27720*log(x)*x**11 - 304920*x**10 - 762300*x**9 - 1524600*x**8 - 2286900*x**7 - 2561328*x**6 - 2134440*x**5 - 1306800*x**4 - 571725*x**3 - 169400*x**2 - 30492*x - 2520)/(27720*x**11)`

3.241 $\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{13}} dx$

Optimal result	2006
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2006
Rubi [A] (verified)	2007
Maple [B] (verified)	2008
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2008
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2009
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2009
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2010
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2010
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2011

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{(1+x)^{12}}{12x^{12}}$$

output -1/12*(1+x)^12/x^12

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 75 vs. 2(12) = 24.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.25

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{1}{12x^{12}} - \frac{1}{x^{11}} - \frac{11}{2x^{10}} - \frac{55}{3x^9} - \frac{165}{4x^8} - \frac{66}{x^7} - \frac{77}{x^6} - \frac{66}{x^5} - \frac{165}{4x^4} - \frac{55}{3x^3} - \frac{11}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{x}$$

input Integrate[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^13,x]

output

$$-1/12*1/x^{12} - x^{(-11)} - 11/(2*x^{10}) - 55/(3*x^9) - 165/(4*x^8) - 66/x^7 - 77/x^6 - 66/x^5 - 165/(4*x^4) - 55/(3*x^3) - 11/(2*x^2) - x^{(-1)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {1184, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{x^{13}} dx$$

↓ 1184

$$\int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{13}} dx$$

↓ 48

$$-\frac{(x+1)^{12}}{12x^{12}}$$

input

```
Int[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^13,x]
```

output

```
-1/12*(1 + x)^12/x^12
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^(m._))*((f._) + (g._)*(x_)^(n._))*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)
) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 59 vs. $2(10) = 20$.

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.00

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{-x^{11} - \frac{11}{2}x^{10} - \frac{55}{3}x^9 - \frac{165}{4}x^8 - 66x^7 - 77x^6 - 66x^5 - \frac{165}{4}x^4 - \frac{55}{3}x^3 - \frac{11}{2}x^2 - x - \frac{1}{12}}{x^{12}}$	60
risch	$\frac{-x^{11} - \frac{11}{2}x^{10} - \frac{55}{3}x^9 - \frac{165}{4}x^8 - 66x^7 - 77x^6 - 66x^5 - \frac{165}{4}x^4 - \frac{55}{3}x^3 - \frac{11}{2}x^2 - x - \frac{1}{12}}{x^{12}}$	60
gosper	$-\frac{12x^{11} + 66x^{10} + 220x^9 + 495x^8 + 792x^7 + 924x^6 + 792x^5 + 495x^4 + 220x^3 + 66x^2 + 12x + 1}{12x^{12}}$	61
parallelrisch	$\frac{-12x^{11} - 66x^{10} - 220x^9 - 495x^8 - 792x^7 - 924x^6 - 792x^5 - 495x^4 - 220x^3 - 66x^2 - 12x - 1}{12x^{12}}$	61
default	$-\frac{66}{x^5} - \frac{77}{x^6} - \frac{55}{3x^3} - \frac{11}{2x^2} - \frac{165}{4x^8} - \frac{165}{4x^4} - \frac{55}{3x^9} - \frac{66}{x^7} - \frac{1}{x} - \frac{11}{2x^{10}} - \frac{1}{x^{11}} - \frac{1}{12x^{12}}$	62
orering	$-\frac{(12x^{11} + 66x^{10} + 220x^9 + 495x^8 + 792x^7 + 924x^6 + 792x^5 + 495x^4 + 220x^3 + 66x^2 + 12x + 1)(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5}{12x^{12}(x+1)^{10}}$	76

input

```
int((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^13,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(-x^11-11/2*x^10-55/3*x^9-165/4*x^8-66*x^7-77*x^6-66*x^5-165/4*x^4-55/3*x^
3-11/2*x^2-x-1/12)/x^12
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 60 vs. $2(10) = 20$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.00

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{13}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{12x^{11} + 66x^{10} + 220x^9 + 495x^8 + 792x^7 + 924x^6 + 792x^5 + 495x^4 + 220x^3 + 66x^2 + 12x + 1}{12x^{12}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^13,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/12*(12*x^{11} + 66*x^{10} + 220*x^9 + 495*x^8 + 792*x^7 + 924*x^6 + 792*x^5 + 495*x^4 + 220*x^3 + 66*x^2 + 12*x + 1)/x^{12}$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 61 vs. $2(10) = 20$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.08

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{-12x^{11} - 66x^{10} - 220x^9 - 495x^8 - 792x^7 - 924x^6 - 792x^5 - 495x^4 - 220x^3 - 66x^2 - 12x - 1}{12x^{12}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**13,x)`

output
$$(-12*x^{11} - 66*x^{10} - 220*x^9 - 495*x^8 - 792*x^7 - 924*x^6 - 792*x^5 - 495*x^4 - 220*x^3 - 66*x^2 - 12*x - 1)/(12*x^{12})$$

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 60 vs. $2(10) = 20$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.00

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{12x^{11} + 66x^{10} + 220x^9 + 495x^8 + 792x^7 + 924x^6 + 792x^5 + 495x^4 + 220x^3 + 66x^2 + 12x + 1}{12x^{12}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^13,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/12*(12*x^{11} + 66*x^{10} + 220*x^9 + 495*x^8 + 792*x^7 + 924*x^6 + 792*x^5 + 495*x^4 + 220*x^3 + 66*x^2 + 12*x + 1)/x^{12}$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 60 vs. $2(10) = 20$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.00

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{12x^{11} + 66x^{10} + 220x^9 + 495x^8 + 792x^7 + 924x^6 + 792x^5 + 495x^4 + 220x^3 + 66x^2 + 12x + 1}{12x^{12}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^13,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/12*(12*x^11 + 66*x^10 + 220*x^9 + 495*x^8 + 792*x^7 + 924*x^6 + 792*x^5 + 495*x^4 + 220*x^3 + 66*x^2 + 12*x + 1)/x^12`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.67

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{x^{11} + \frac{11x^{10}}{2} + \frac{55x^9}{3} + \frac{165x^8}{4} + 66x^7 + 77x^6 + 66x^5 + \frac{165x^4}{4} + \frac{55x^3}{3} + \frac{11x^2}{2} + x + \frac{1}{12}}{x^{12}}$$

input `int(((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^13,x)`

output `-(x + (11*x^2)/2 + (55*x^3)/3 + (165*x^4)/4 + 66*x^5 + 77*x^6 + 66*x^7 + (165*x^8)/4 + (55*x^9)/3 + (11*x^10)/2 + x^11 + 1/12)/x^12`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.00

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{13}} dx$$
$$= \frac{-12x^{11} - 66x^{10} - 220x^9 - 495x^8 - 792x^7 - 924x^6 - 792x^5 - 495x^4 - 220x^3 - 66x^2 - 12x - 1}{12x^{12}}$$

input `int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^13,x)`

output `(- 12*x**11 - 66*x**10 - 220*x**9 - 495*x**8 - 792*x**7 - 924*x**6 - 792*x**5 - 495*x**4 - 220*x**3 - 66*x**2 - 12*x - 1)/(12*x**12)`

3.242 $\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{14}} dx$

Optimal result	2012
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2012
Rubi [A] (verified)	2013
Maple [B] (verified)	2014
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2015
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2015
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2016
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2016
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2017
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2017

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{14}} dx = -\frac{(1+x)^{12}}{13x^{13}} + \frac{(1+x)^{12}}{156x^{12}}$$

output `-1/13*(1+x)^12/x^13+1/156*(1+x)^12/x^12`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 77 vs. 2(25) = 50.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{14}} dx = -\frac{1}{13x^{13}} - \frac{11}{12x^{12}} - \frac{5}{x^{11}} - \frac{33}{2x^{10}} - \frac{110}{3x^9} - \frac{231}{4x^8} - \frac{66}{x^7} - \frac{55}{x^6} - \frac{33}{x^5} - \frac{55}{4x^4} - \frac{11}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{2x^2}$$

input `Integrate[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^14,x]`

output

$$-1/13*1/x^{13} - 11/(12*x^{12}) - 5/x^{11} - 33/(2*x^{10}) - 110/(3*x^9) - 231/(4*x^8) - 66/x^7 - 55/x^6 - 33/x^5 - 55/(4*x^4) - 11/(3*x^3) - 1/(2*x^2)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{x^{14}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{14}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{1}{13} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{13}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{13x^{13}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 48 \\ & \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{156x^{12}} - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{13x^{13}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5/x^{14},x]$$

output

$$-1/13*(1+x)^{12}/x^{13} + (1+x)^{12}/(156*x^{12})$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 55

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 59 vs. $2(21) = 42$.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}x^{11} - \frac{11}{3}x^{10} - \frac{55}{4}x^9 - 33x^8 - 55x^7 - 66x^6 - \frac{231}{4}x^5 - \frac{110}{3}x^4 - \frac{33}{2}x^3 - 5x^2 - \frac{11}{12}x - \frac{1}{13}}{x^{13}}$	60
risch	$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}x^{11} - \frac{11}{3}x^{10} - \frac{55}{4}x^9 - 33x^8 - 55x^7 - 66x^6 - \frac{231}{4}x^5 - \frac{110}{3}x^4 - \frac{33}{2}x^3 - 5x^2 - \frac{11}{12}x - \frac{1}{13}}{x^{13}}$	60
gospers	$\frac{-78x^{11} + 572x^{10} + 2145x^9 + 5148x^8 + 8580x^7 + 10296x^6 + 9009x^5 + 5720x^4 + 2574x^3 + 780x^2 + 143x + 12}{156x^{13}}$	61
parallelrisch	$\frac{-78x^{11} - 572x^{10} - 2145x^9 - 5148x^8 - 8580x^7 - 10296x^6 - 9009x^5 - 5720x^4 - 2574x^3 - 780x^2 - 143x - 12}{156x^{13}}$	61
default	$-\frac{33}{x^5} - \frac{55}{x^6} - \frac{11}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{13x^{13}} - \frac{231}{4x^8} - \frac{55}{4x^4} - \frac{110}{3x^9} - \frac{66}{x^7} - \frac{33}{2x^{10}} - \frac{5}{x^{11}} - \frac{11}{12x^{12}}$	62
orering	$-\frac{(78x^{11} + 572x^{10} + 2145x^9 + 5148x^8 + 8580x^7 + 10296x^6 + 9009x^5 + 5720x^4 + 2574x^3 + 780x^2 + 143x + 12)(x^2 + 2x + 1)^5}{156x^{13}(x+1)^{10}}$	76

input

```
int((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^14,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $(-1/2*x^{11}-11/3*x^{10}-55/4*x^9-33*x^8-55*x^7-66*x^6-231/4*x^5-110/3*x^4-33/2*x^3-5*x^2-11/12*x-1/13)/x^{13}$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 60 vs. $2(21) = 42$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{14}} dx = \frac{78x^{11} + 572x^{10} + 2145x^9 + 5148x^8 + 8580x^7 + 10296x^6 + 9009x^5 + 5720x^4 + 2574x^3 + 780x^2 + 143x + 12}{156x^{13}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^14,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-1/156*(78*x^{11} + 572*x^{10} + 2145*x^9 + 5148*x^8 + 8580*x^7 + 10296*x^6 + 9009*x^5 + 5720*x^4 + 2574*x^3 + 780*x^2 + 143*x + 12)/x^{13}$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 61 vs. $2(19) = 38$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{14}} dx = \frac{-78x^{11} - 572x^{10} - 2145x^9 - 5148x^8 - 8580x^7 - 10296x^6 - 9009x^5 - 5720x^4 - 2574x^3 - 780x^2 - 143x - 12}{156x^{13}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**14,x)`

output $(-78*x^{11} - 572*x^{10} - 2145*x^9 - 5148*x^8 - 8580*x^7 - 10296*x^6 - 9009*x^5 - 5720*x^4 - 2574*x^3 - 780*x^2 - 143*x - 12)/(156*x^{13})$

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 60 vs. $2(21) = 42$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{14}} dx = \frac{78x^{11} + 572x^{10} + 2145x^9 + 5148x^8 + 8580x^7 + 10296x^6 + 9009x^5 + 5720x^4 + 2574x^3 + 780x^2 + 143x + 12}{156x^{13}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^14,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/156*(78*x^11 + 572*x^10 + 2145*x^9 + 5148*x^8 + 8580*x^7 + 10296*x^6 + 9009*x^5 + 5720*x^4 + 2574*x^3 + 780*x^2 + 143*x + 12)/x^13`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 60 vs. $2(21) = 42$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{14}} dx = \frac{78x^{11} + 572x^{10} + 2145x^9 + 5148x^8 + 8580x^7 + 10296x^6 + 9009x^5 + 5720x^4 + 2574x^3 + 780x^2 + 143x + 12}{156x^{13}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^14,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/156*(78*x^11 + 572*x^10 + 2145*x^9 + 5148*x^8 + 8580*x^7 + 10296*x^6 + 9009*x^5 + 5720*x^4 + 2574*x^3 + 780*x^2 + 143*x + 12)/x^13`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{14}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{x^{11}}{2} + \frac{11x^{10}}{3} + \frac{55x^9}{4} + 33x^8 + 55x^7 + 66x^6 + \frac{231x^5}{4} + \frac{110x^4}{3} + \frac{33x^3}{2} + 5x^2 + \frac{11x}{12} + \frac{1}{13}}{x^{13}}$$

input `int(((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^14,x)`output `-((11*x)/12 + 5*x^2 + (33*x^3)/2 + (110*x^4)/3 + (231*x^5)/4 + 66*x^6 + 55*x^7 + 33*x^8 + (55*x^9)/4 + (11*x^10)/3 + x^11/2 + 1/13)/x^13`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{14}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-78x^{11} - 572x^{10} - 2145x^9 - 5148x^8 - 8580x^7 - 10296x^6 - 9009x^5 - 5720x^4 - 2574x^3 - 780x^2 - 143x - 12}{156x^{13}}$$

input `int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^14,x)`output `(- 78*x**11 - 572*x**10 - 2145*x**9 - 5148*x**8 - 8580*x**7 - 10296*x**6 - 9009*x**5 - 5720*x**4 - 2574*x**3 - 780*x**2 - 143*x - 12)/(156*x**13)`

3.243 $\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{15}} dx$

Optimal result	2018
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2018
Rubi [A] (verified)	2019
Maple [A] (verified)	2020
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2021
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2021
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2022
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2022
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2023
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2023

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{15}} dx = -\frac{(1+x)^{12}}{14x^{14}} + \frac{(1+x)^{12}}{91x^{13}} - \frac{(1+x)^{12}}{1092x^{12}}$$

output

```
-1/14*(1+x)^12/x^14+1/91*(1+x)^12/x^13-1/1092*(1+x)^12/x^12
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 79 vs. 2(37) = 74.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{15}} dx = -\frac{1}{14x^{14}} - \frac{11}{13x^{13}} - \frac{55}{12x^{12}} - \frac{15}{x^{11}} - \frac{33}{x^{10}} - \frac{154}{3x^9} - \frac{231}{4x^8} - \frac{330}{7x^7} - \frac{55}{2x^6} - \frac{11}{x^5} - \frac{11}{4x^4} - \frac{1}{3x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^15,x]
```

output

$$-1/14*1/x^{14} - 11/(13*x^{13}) - 55/(12*x^{12}) - 15/x^{11} - 33/x^{10} - 154/(3*x^9) - 231/(4*x^8) - 330/(7*x^7) - 55/(2*x^6) - 11/x^5 - 11/(4*x^4) - 1/(3*x^3)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$, Rules used = {1184, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{x^{15}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{15}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{1}{7} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{14}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{14x^{14}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & \frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{1}{13} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{13}} dx + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{13x^{13}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{14x^{14}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 48 \\ & \frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{(x+1)^{12}}{13x^{13}} - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{156x^{12}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{14x^{14}} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^15,x]
```

output

```
-1/14*(1 + x)^12/x^14 + ((1 + x)^12/(13*x^13) - (1 + x)^12/(156*x^12))/7
```


Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 55

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

method	result
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{14} - \frac{11}{13}x - \frac{55}{12}x^2 - 15x^3 - 33x^4 - \frac{154}{3}x^5 - \frac{231}{4}x^6 - \frac{330}{7}x^7 - \frac{55}{2}x^8 - 11x^9 - \frac{11}{4}x^{10} - \frac{1}{3}x^{11}}{x^{14}}$
risch	$\frac{-\frac{1}{14} - \frac{11}{13}x - \frac{55}{12}x^2 - 15x^3 - 33x^4 - \frac{154}{3}x^5 - \frac{231}{4}x^6 - \frac{330}{7}x^7 - \frac{55}{2}x^8 - 11x^9 - \frac{11}{4}x^{10} - \frac{1}{3}x^{11}}{x^{14}}$
gospers	$\frac{-364x^{11} + 3003x^{10} + 12012x^9 + 30030x^8 + 51480x^7 + 63063x^6 + 56056x^5 + 36036x^4 + 16380x^3 + 5005x^2 + 924x + 78}{1092x^{14}}$
parallrisch	$\frac{-364x^{11} - 3003x^{10} - 12012x^9 - 30030x^8 - 51480x^7 - 63063x^6 - 56056x^5 - 36036x^4 - 16380x^3 - 5005x^2 - 924x - 78}{1092x^{14}}$
default	$-\frac{11}{x^5} - \frac{55}{2x^6} - \frac{1}{3x^3} - \frac{11}{13x^{13}} - \frac{231}{4x^8} - \frac{11}{4x^4} - \frac{1}{14x^{14}} - \frac{154}{3x^9} - \frac{330}{7x^7} - \frac{33}{x^{10}} - \frac{15}{x^{11}} - \frac{55}{12x^{12}}$
oring	$-\frac{(364x^{11} + 3003x^{10} + 12012x^9 + 30030x^8 + 51480x^7 + 63063x^6 + 56056x^5 + 36036x^4 + 16380x^3 + 5005x^2 + 924x + 78)(x^2 + 2x + 1)}{1092x^{14}(x+1)^{10}}$

input

```
int((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^15,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(-1/14-11/13*x-55/12*x^2-15*x^3-33*x^4-154/3*x^5-231/4*x^6-330/7*x^7-55/2*
x^8-11*x^9-11/4*x^10-1/3*x^11)/x^14
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{15}} dx = \frac{364x^{11} + 3003x^{10} + 12012x^9 + 30030x^8 + 51480x^7 + 63063x^6 + 56056x^5 + 36036x^4 + 16380x^3 + 5005x^2 + 924x + 78}{1092x^{14}}$$

input

```
integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^15,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/1092*(364*x^11 + 3003*x^10 + 12012*x^9 + 30030*x^8 + 51480*x^7 + 63063*
x^6 + 56056*x^5 + 36036*x^4 + 16380*x^3 + 5005*x^2 + 924*x + 78)/x^14
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 61 vs. 2(29) = 58.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{15}} dx = \frac{-364x^{11} - 3003x^{10} - 12012x^9 - 30030x^8 - 51480x^7 - 63063x^6 - 56056x^5 - 36036x^4 - 16380x^3 - 5005x^2 - 924x - 78}{1092x^{14}}$$

input

```
integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**15,x)
```

output

```
(-364*x**11 - 3003*x**10 - 12012*x**9 - 30030*x**8 - 51480*x**7 - 63063*x*
*6 - 56056*x**5 - 36036*x**4 - 16380*x**3 - 5005*x**2 - 924*x - 78)/(1092*
x**14)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{15}} dx = \frac{364x^{11} + 3003x^{10} + 12012x^9 + 30030x^8 + 51480x^7 + 63063x^6 + 56056x^5 + 36036x^4 + 16380x^3 + 5005x^2 + 924x + 78}{1092x^{14}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^15,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/1092*(364*x^11 + 3003*x^10 + 12012*x^9 + 30030*x^8 + 51480*x^7 + 63063*x^6 + 56056*x^5 + 36036*x^4 + 16380*x^3 + 5005*x^2 + 924*x + 78)/x^14`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{15}} dx = \frac{364x^{11} + 3003x^{10} + 12012x^9 + 30030x^8 + 51480x^7 + 63063x^6 + 56056x^5 + 36036x^4 + 16380x^3 + 5005x^2 + 924x + 78}{1092x^{14}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^15,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/1092*(364*x^11 + 3003*x^10 + 12012*x^9 + 30030*x^8 + 51480*x^7 + 63063*x^6 + 56056*x^5 + 36036*x^4 + 16380*x^3 + 5005*x^2 + 924*x + 78)/x^14`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{15}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{\frac{x^{11}}{3} + \frac{11x^{10}}{4} + 11x^9 + \frac{55x^8}{2} + \frac{330x^7}{7} + \frac{231x^6}{4} + \frac{154x^5}{3} + 33x^4 + 15x^3 + \frac{55x^2}{12} + \frac{11x}{13} + \frac{1}{14}}{x^{14}}$$

input `int(((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^15,x)`output `-((11*x)/13 + (55*x^2)/12 + 15*x^3 + 33*x^4 + (154*x^5)/3 + (231*x^6)/4 + (330*x^7)/7 + (55*x^8)/2 + 11*x^9 + (11*x^10)/4 + x^11/3 + 1/14)/x^14`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{15}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-364x^{11} - 3003x^{10} - 12012x^9 - 30030x^8 - 51480x^7 - 63063x^6 - 56056x^5 - 36036x^4 - 16380x^3 - 5005x^2 - 924x - 78}{1092x^{14}}$$

input `int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^15,x)`output `(- 364*x**11 - 3003*x**10 - 12012*x**9 - 30030*x**8 - 51480*x**7 - 63063*x**6 - 56056*x**5 - 36036*x**4 - 16380*x**3 - 5005*x**2 - 924*x - 78)/(1092*x**14)`

3.244 $\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{16}} dx$

Optimal result	2024
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2024
Rubi [A] (verified)	2025
Maple [A] (verified)	2026
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2027
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2027
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2028
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2028
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2029
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2029

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{16}} dx = -\frac{(1+x)^{12}}{15x^{15}} + \frac{(1+x)^{12}}{70x^{14}} - \frac{(1+x)^{12}}{455x^{13}} + \frac{(1+x)^{12}}{5460x^{12}}$$

output `-1/15*(1+x)^12/x^15+1/70*(1+x)^12/x^14-1/455*(1+x)^12/x^13+1/5460*(1+x)^12/x^12`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{16}} dx = -\frac{1}{15x^{15}} - \frac{11}{14x^{14}} - \frac{55}{13x^{13}} - \frac{55}{4x^{12}} - \frac{30}{x^{11}} - \frac{231}{5x^{10}} - \frac{154}{3x^9} - \frac{165}{4x^8} - \frac{165}{7x^7} - \frac{55}{6x^6} - \frac{11}{5x^5} - \frac{1}{4x^4}$$

input `Integrate[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^16,x]`

output

```
-1/15*1/x^15 - 11/(14*x^14) - 55/(13*x^13) - 55/(4*x^12) - 30/x^11 - 231/(
5*x^10) - 154/(3*x^9) - 165/(4*x^8) - 165/(7*x^7) - 55/(6*x^6) - 11/(5*x^5
) - 1/(4*x^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$, Rules used = {1184, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{x^{16}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\
 & \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{16}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & -\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{15}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{15x^{15}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{7} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{14}} dx + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{14x^{14}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{15x^{15}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(-\frac{1}{13} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{13}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{13x^{13}} \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{14x^{14}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{15x^{15}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 48 \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{(x+1)^{12}}{14x^{14}} + \frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{(x+1)^{12}}{156x^{12}} - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{13x^{13}} \right) \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{15x^{15}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^16, x]
```

output
$$-1/15*(1 + x)^{12}/x^{15} + ((1 + x)^{12}/(14*x^{14}) + (-1/13*(1 + x)^{12}/x^{13} + (1 + x)^{12}/(156*x^{12}))/7)/5$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))}, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 55
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))}, x] - \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{\text{Simplify}[m + 1]}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ (\text{SumSimplerQ}[m, 1] \ || \ !\text{SumSimplerQ}[n, 1])$$

rule 1184
$$\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[1/c^p \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{15} - \frac{11}{14}x - \frac{55}{13}x^2 - \frac{55}{4}x^3 - 30x^4 - \frac{231}{5}x^5 - \frac{154}{3}x^6 - \frac{165}{4}x^7 - \frac{165}{7}x^8 - \frac{55}{6}x^9 - \frac{11}{5}x^{10} - \frac{1}{4}x^{11}}{x^{15}}$
risch	$\frac{-\frac{1}{15} - \frac{11}{14}x - \frac{55}{13}x^2 - \frac{55}{4}x^3 - 30x^4 - \frac{231}{5}x^5 - \frac{154}{3}x^6 - \frac{165}{4}x^7 - \frac{165}{7}x^8 - \frac{55}{6}x^9 - \frac{11}{5}x^{10} - \frac{1}{4}x^{11}}{x^{15}}$
gospers	$\frac{-1365x^{11} + 12012x^{10} + 50050x^9 + 128700x^8 + 225225x^7 + 280280x^6 + 252252x^5 + 163800x^4 + 75075x^3 + 23100x^2 + 4290x + 364}{5460x^{15}}$
parallerisch	$\frac{-1365x^{11} - 12012x^{10} - 50050x^9 - 128700x^8 - 225225x^7 - 280280x^6 - 252252x^5 - 163800x^4 - 75075x^3 - 23100x^2 - 4290x - 364}{5460x^{15}}$
default	$-\frac{11}{5x^5} - \frac{55}{6x^6} - \frac{55}{13x^{13}} - \frac{165}{4x^8} - \frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{11}{14x^{14}} - \frac{154}{3x^9} - \frac{165}{7x^7} - \frac{231}{5x^{10}} - \frac{1}{15x^{15}} - \frac{30}{x^{11}} - \frac{55}{4x^{12}}$
orering	$\frac{-(1365x^{11} + 12012x^{10} + 50050x^9 + 128700x^8 + 225225x^7 + 280280x^6 + 252252x^5 + 163800x^4 + 75075x^3 + 23100x^2 + 4290x + 364)}{5460x^{15}(x+1)^{10}}$

input `int((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^16,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{(-1/15-11/14*x-55/13*x^2-55/4*x^3-30*x^4-231/5*x^5-154/3*x^6-165/4*x^7-165/7*x^8-55/6*x^9-11/5*x^{10}-1/4*x^{11})/x^{15}}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{1365x^{11} + 12012x^{10} + 50050x^9 + 128700x^8 + 225225x^7 + 280280x^6 + 252252x^5 + 163800x^4 + 75075x^3 + 23100x^2 + 4290x + 364}{5460x^{15}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^16,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{-1/5460*(1365*x^{11} + 12012*x^{10} + 50050*x^9 + 128700*x^8 + 225225*x^7 + 280280*x^6 + 252252*x^5 + 163800*x^4 + 75075*x^3 + 23100*x^2 + 4290*x + 364)}{x^{15}}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{-1365x^{11} - 12012x^{10} - 50050x^9 - 128700x^8 - 225225x^7 - 280280x^6 - 252252x^5 - 163800x^4 - 75075x^3 - 23100x^2 - 4290x - 364}{5460x^{15}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**16,x)`

output
$$\frac{(-1365*x^{11} - 12012*x^{10} - 50050*x^9 - 128700*x^8 - 225225*x^7 - 280280*x^6 - 252252*x^5 - 163800*x^4 - 75075*x^3 - 23100*x^2 - 4290*x - 364)/(5460*x^{15})}$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{1365x^{11} + 12012x^{10} + 50050x^9 + 128700x^8 + 225225x^7 + 280280x^6 + 252252x^5 + 163800x^4 + 75075x^3 + 23100x^2 + 4290x + 364}{5460x^{15}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^16,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/5460*(1365*x^11 + 12012*x^10 + 50050*x^9 + 128700*x^8 + 225225*x^7 + 280280*x^6 + 252252*x^5 + 163800*x^4 + 75075*x^3 + 23100*x^2 + 4290*x + 364)/x^15`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{1365x^{11} + 12012x^{10} + 50050x^9 + 128700x^8 + 225225x^7 + 280280x^6 + 252252x^5 + 163800x^4 + 75075x^3 + 23100x^2 + 4290x + 364}{5460x^{15}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^16,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/5460*(1365*x^11 + 12012*x^10 + 50050*x^9 + 128700*x^8 + 225225*x^7 + 280280*x^6 + 252252*x^5 + 163800*x^4 + 75075*x^3 + 23100*x^2 + 4290*x + 364)/x^15`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{16}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{\frac{x^{11}}{4} + \frac{11x^{10}}{5} + \frac{55x^9}{6} + \frac{165x^8}{7} + \frac{165x^7}{4} + \frac{154x^6}{3} + \frac{231x^5}{5} + 30x^4 + \frac{55x^3}{4} + \frac{55x^2}{13} + \frac{11x}{14} + \frac{1}{15}}{x^{15}}$$

input `int(((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^16,x)`output `-((11*x)/14 + (55*x^2)/13 + (55*x^3)/4 + 30*x^4 + (231*x^5)/5 + (154*x^6)/3 + (165*x^7)/4 + (165*x^8)/7 + (55*x^9)/6 + (11*x^10)/5 + x^11/4 + 1/15)/x^15`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{16}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-1365x^{11} - 12012x^{10} - 50050x^9 - 128700x^8 - 225225x^7 - 280280x^6 - 252252x^5 - 163800x^4 - 75075x^3 - 23100x^2 - 4290x - 364}{5460x^{15}}$$

input `int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^16,x)`output `(- 1365*x**11 - 12012*x**10 - 50050*x**9 - 128700*x**8 - 225225*x**7 - 280280*x**6 - 252252*x**5 - 163800*x**4 - 75075*x**3 - 23100*x**2 - 4290*x - 364)/(5460*x**15)`

3.245 $\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{17}} dx$

Optimal result	2030
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2030
Rubi [A] (verified)	2031
Maple [A] (verified)	2033
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2033
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2034
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2034
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2035
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2035
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2036

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{17}} dx = -\frac{(1+x)^{12}}{16x^{16}} + \frac{(1+x)^{12}}{60x^{15}} - \frac{(1+x)^{12}}{280x^{14}} + \frac{(1+x)^{12}}{1820x^{13}} - \frac{(1+x)^{12}}{21840x^{12}}$$

output
$$-1/16*(1+x)^{12}/x^{16}+1/60*(1+x)^{12}/x^{15}-1/280*(1+x)^{12}/x^{14}+1/1820*(1+x)^{12}/x^{13}-1/21840*(1+x)^{12}/x^{12}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{17}} dx = -\frac{1}{16x^{16}} - \frac{11}{15x^{15}} - \frac{55}{14x^{14}} - \frac{165}{13x^{13}} - \frac{55}{2x^{12}} - \frac{42}{x^{11}} - \frac{231}{5x^{10}} - \frac{110}{3x^9} - \frac{165}{8x^8} - \frac{55}{7x^7} - \frac{11}{6x^6} - \frac{1}{5x^5}$$

input `Integrate[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^17, x]`

output

$$-1/16*1/x^{16} - 11/(15*x^{15}) - 55/(14*x^{14}) - 165/(13*x^{13}) - 55/(2*x^{12}) - 42/x^{11} - 231/(5*x^{10}) - 110/(3*x^9) - 165/(8*x^8) - 55/(7*x^7) - 11/(6*x^6) - 1/(5*x^5)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.353$, Rules used = {1184, 55, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{x^{17}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{17}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{16}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{16x^{16}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{15}} dx + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{15x^{15}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{16x^{16}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(-\frac{1}{7} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{14}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{14x^{14}} \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{15x^{15}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{16x^{16}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{1}{13} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{13}} dx + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{13x^{13}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{14x^{14}} \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{15x^{15}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{16x^{16}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 48 \\ & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(x+1)^{12}}{15x^{15}} + \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{(x+1)^{12}}{13x^{13}} - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{156x^{12}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{14x^{14}} \right) \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{16x^{16}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^17,x]`

output `-1/16*(1 + x)^12/x^16 + ((1 + x)^12/(15*x^15) + (-1/14*(1 + x)^12/x^14 + (1 + x)^12/(13*x^13) - (1 + x)^12/(156*x^12))/7)/5)/4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
norman	$-\frac{\frac{1}{16} - \frac{11}{15}x - \frac{55}{14}x^2 - \frac{165}{13}x^3 - \frac{55}{2}x^4 - 42x^5 - \frac{231}{5}x^6 - \frac{110}{3}x^7 - \frac{165}{8}x^8 - \frac{55}{7}x^9 - \frac{11}{6}x^{10} - \frac{1}{5}x^{11}}{x^{16}}$
risch	$-\frac{\frac{1}{16} - \frac{11}{15}x - \frac{55}{14}x^2 - \frac{165}{13}x^3 - \frac{55}{2}x^4 - 42x^5 - \frac{231}{5}x^6 - \frac{110}{3}x^7 - \frac{165}{8}x^8 - \frac{55}{7}x^9 - \frac{11}{6}x^{10} - \frac{1}{5}x^{11}}{x^{16}}$
gosper	$-\frac{4368x^{11} + 40040x^{10} + 171600x^9 + 450450x^8 + 800800x^7 + 1009008x^6 + 917280x^5 + 600600x^4 + 277200x^3 + 85800x^2 + 16016x + 1365}{21840x^{16}}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{4368x^{11} - 40040x^{10} - 171600x^9 - 450450x^8 - 800800x^7 - 1009008x^6 - 917280x^5 - 600600x^4 - 277200x^3 - 85800x^2 - 16016x - 1365}{21840x^{16}}$
default	$-\frac{1}{5x^5} - \frac{11}{6x^6} - \frac{165}{13x^{13}} - \frac{165}{8x^8} - \frac{55}{14x^{14}} - \frac{110}{3x^9} - \frac{55}{7x^7} - \frac{231}{5x^{10}} - \frac{11}{15x^{15}} - \frac{42}{x^{11}} - \frac{1}{16x^{16}} - \frac{55}{2x^{12}}$
orering	$-\frac{(4368x^{11} + 40040x^{10} + 171600x^9 + 450450x^8 + 800800x^7 + 1009008x^6 + 917280x^5 + 600600x^4 + 277200x^3 + 85800x^2 + 16016x + 1365)}{21840x^{16}(x+1)^{10}}$

input `int((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^17,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$\frac{(-1/16 - 11/15*x - 55/14*x^2 - 165/13*x^3 - 55/2*x^4 - 42*x^5 - 231/5*x^6 - 110/3*x^7 - 165/8*x^8 - 55/7*x^9 - 11/6*x^{10} - 1/5*x^{11})/x^{16}}$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{17}} dx = -\frac{4368x^{11} + 40040x^{10} + 171600x^9 + 450450x^8 + 800800x^7 + 1009008x^6 + 917280x^5 + 600600x^4 + 277200x^3 + 85800x^2 + 16016x + 1365}{21840x^{16}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^17,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$-1/21840*(4368*x^{11} + 40040*x^{10} + 171600*x^9 + 450450*x^8 + 800800*x^7 + 1009008*x^6 + 917280*x^5 + 600600*x^4 + 277200*x^3 + 85800*x^2 + 16016*x + 1365)/x^{16}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{17}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4368x^{11} - 40040x^{10} - 171600x^9 - 450450x^8 - 800800x^7 - 1009008x^6 - 917280x^5 - 600600x^4 - 277200x^3 - 85800x^2 - 16016x - 1365}{21840x^{16}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**17,x)`output `(-4368*x**11 - 40040*x**10 - 171600*x**9 - 450450*x**8 - 800800*x**7 - 1009008*x**6 - 917280*x**5 - 600600*x**4 - 277200*x**3 - 85800*x**2 - 16016*x - 1365)/(21840*x**16)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{17}} dx =$$

$$\frac{4368x^{11} + 40040x^{10} + 171600x^9 + 450450x^8 + 800800x^7 + 1009008x^6 + 917280x^5 + 600600x^4 + 277200x^3 + 85800x^2 + 16016x + 1365}{21840x^{16}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^17,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/21840*(4368*x^11 + 40040*x^10 + 171600*x^9 + 450450*x^8 + 800800*x^7 + 1009008*x^6 + 917280*x^5 + 600600*x^4 + 277200*x^3 + 85800*x^2 + 16016*x + 1365)/x^16`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{17}} dx = \frac{4368x^{11} + 40040x^{10} + 171600x^9 + 450450x^8 + 800800x^7 + 1009008x^6 + 917280x^5 + 600600x^4 + 277200x^3 + 85800x^2 + 16016x + 1365}{21840x^{16}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^17,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/21840*(4368*x^11 + 40040*x^10 + 171600*x^9 + 450450*x^8 + 800800*x^7 + 1009008*x^6 + 917280*x^5 + 600600*x^4 + 277200*x^3 + 85800*x^2 + 16016*x + 1365)/x^16`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{17}} dx = \frac{\frac{x^{11}}{5} + \frac{11x^{10}}{6} + \frac{55x^9}{7} + \frac{165x^8}{8} + \frac{110x^7}{3} + \frac{231x^6}{5} + 42x^5 + \frac{55x^4}{2} + \frac{165x^3}{13} + \frac{55x^2}{14} + \frac{11x}{15} + \frac{1}{16}}{x^{16}}$$

input `int(((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^17,x)`

output `-((11*x)/15 + (55*x^2)/14 + (165*x^3)/13 + (55*x^4)/2 + 42*x^5 + (231*x^6)/5 + (110*x^7)/3 + (165*x^8)/8 + (55*x^9)/7 + (11*x^10)/6 + x^11/5 + 1/16)/x^16`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{17}} dx$$
$$= \frac{-4368x^{11} - 40040x^{10} - 171600x^9 - 450450x^8 - 800800x^7 - 1009008x^6 - 917280x^5 - 600600x^4 - 277200x^3 - 85800x^2 - 16016x - 1365}{21840x^{16}}$$

input

```
int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^17,x)
```

output

```
( - 4368*x**11 - 40040*x**10 - 171600*x**9 - 450450*x**8 - 800800*x**7 - 1009008*x**6 - 917280*x**5 - 600600*x**4 - 277200*x**3 - 85800*x**2 - 16016*x - 1365)/(21840*x**16)
```

3.246 $\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{18}} dx$

Optimal result	2037
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2037
Rubi [A] (verified)	2038
Maple [A] (verified)	2040
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2040
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2041
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2041
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2042
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2042
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2043

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{18}} dx = -\frac{(1+x)^{12}}{17x^{17}} + \frac{5(1+x)^{12}}{272x^{16}} - \frac{(1+x)^{12}}{204x^{15}} + \frac{(1+x)^{12}}{952x^{14}} - \frac{(1+x)^{12}}{6188x^{13}} + \frac{(1+x)^{12}}{74256x^{12}}$$

output `-1/17*(1+x)^12/x^17+5/272*(1+x)^12/x^16-1/204*(1+x)^12/x^15+1/952*(1+x)^12/x^14-1/6188*(1+x)^12/x^13+1/74256*(1+x)^12/x^12`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{18}} dx = -\frac{1}{17x^{17}} - \frac{11}{16x^{16}} - \frac{11}{3x^{15}} - \frac{165}{14x^{14}} - \frac{330}{13x^{13}} - \frac{77}{2x^{12}} - \frac{42}{x^{11}} - \frac{33}{x^{10}} - \frac{55}{3x^9} - \frac{55}{8x^8} - \frac{11}{7x^7} - \frac{1}{6x^6}$$

input `Integrate[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^18,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/17*1/x^{17} - 11/(16*x^{16}) - 11/(3*x^{15}) - 165/(14*x^{14}) - 330/(13*x^{13}) \\
& - 77/(2*x^{12}) - 42/x^{11} - 33/x^{10} - 55/(3*x^9) - 55/(8*x^8) - 11/(7*x^7) - \\
& 1/(6*x^6)
\end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.412$, Rules used = {1184, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{x^{18}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 1184 \\
& \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{18}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 55 \\
& -\frac{5}{17} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{17}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{17x^{17}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 55 \\
& -\frac{5}{17} \left(-\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{16}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{16x^{16}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{17x^{17}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 55 \\
& -\frac{5}{17} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{15}} dx + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{15x^{15}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{16x^{16}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{17x^{17}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 55 \\
& -\frac{5}{17} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(-\frac{1}{7} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{14}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{14x^{14}} \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{15x^{15}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{16x^{16}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{17x^{17}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 55
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{5}{17} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{1}{13} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{13}} dx + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{13x^{13}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{14x^{14}} \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{15x^{15}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{16x^{16}} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{17x^{17}} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 48 \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad -\frac{(x+1)^{12}}{17x^{17}} - \\
& \frac{5}{17} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(x+1)^{12}}{15x^{15}} + \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{(x+1)^{12}}{13x^{13}} - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{156x^{12}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{14x^{14}} \right) \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{16x^{16}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^18,x]`

output `-1/17*(1 + x)^12/x^17 - (5*(-1/16*(1 + x)^12/x^16 + ((1 + x)^12/(15*x^15) + (-1/14*(1 + x)^12/x^14 + ((1 + x)^12/(13*x^13) - (1 + x)^12/(156*x^12))/7)/5)/4)/17`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp [(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{17} - \frac{11}{16}x - \frac{11}{3}x^2 - \frac{165}{14}x^3 - \frac{330}{13}x^4 - \frac{77}{2}x^5 - 42x^6 - 33x^7 - \frac{55}{3}x^8 - \frac{55}{8}x^9 - \frac{11}{7}x^{10} - \frac{1}{6}x^{11}}{x^{17}}$
risch	$\frac{-\frac{1}{17} - \frac{11}{16}x - \frac{11}{3}x^2 - \frac{165}{14}x^3 - \frac{330}{13}x^4 - \frac{77}{2}x^5 - 42x^6 - 33x^7 - \frac{55}{3}x^8 - \frac{55}{8}x^9 - \frac{11}{7}x^{10} - \frac{1}{6}x^{11}}{x^{17}}$
gospers	$\frac{-12376x^{11} + 116688x^{10} + 510510x^9 + 1361360x^8 + 2450448x^7 + 3118752x^6 + 2858856x^5 + 1884960x^4 + 875160x^3 + 272272x^2 + 51051x + 4368}{74256x^{17}}$
parallerisch	$\frac{-12376x^{11} - 116688x^{10} - 510510x^9 - 1361360x^8 - 2450448x^7 - 3118752x^6 - 2858856x^5 - 1884960x^4 - 875160x^3 - 272272x^2 - 51051x - 4368}{74256x^{17}}$
default	$-\frac{1}{6x^6} - \frac{330}{13x^{13}} - \frac{55}{8x^8} - \frac{165}{14x^{14}} - \frac{55}{3x^9} - \frac{11}{7x^7} - \frac{33}{x^{10}} - \frac{1}{17x^{17}} - \frac{11}{3x^{15}} - \frac{42}{x^{11}} - \frac{11}{16x^{16}} - \frac{77}{2x^{12}}$
orering	$\frac{-(12376x^{11} + 116688x^{10} + 510510x^9 + 1361360x^8 + 2450448x^7 + 3118752x^6 + 2858856x^5 + 1884960x^4 + 875160x^3 + 272272x^2 + 51051x + 4368)}{74256x^{17}(x+1)^{10}}$

input `int((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^18,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$\frac{(-1/17-11/16*x-11/3*x^2-165/14*x^3-330/13*x^4-77/2*x^5-42*x^6-33*x^7-55/3*x^8-55/8*x^9-11/7*x^{10}-1/6*x^{11})/x^{17}}$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{18}} dx = \frac{12376x^{11} + 116688x^{10} + 510510x^9 + 1361360x^8 + 2450448x^7 + 3118752x^6 + 2858856x^5 + 1884960x^4 + 875160x^3 + 272272x^2 + 51051x + 4368}{74256x^{17}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^18,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$\frac{-1/74256*(12376*x^{11} + 116688*x^{10} + 510510*x^9 + 1361360*x^8 + 2450448*x^7 + 3118752*x^6 + 2858856*x^5 + 1884960*x^4 + 875160*x^3 + 272272*x^2 + 51051*x + 4368)/x^{17}}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{18}} dx = \frac{-12376x^{11} - 116688x^{10} - 510510x^9 - 1361360x^8 - 2450448x^7 - 3118752x^6 - 2858856x^5 - 1884960x^4 - 875160x^3 - 272272x^2 - 51051x - 4368}{74256x^{17}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**18,x)`output `(-12376*x**11 - 116688*x**10 - 510510*x**9 - 1361360*x**8 - 2450448*x**7 - 3118752*x**6 - 2858856*x**5 - 1884960*x**4 - 875160*x**3 - 272272*x**2 - 51051*x - 4368)/(74256*x**17)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{18}} dx = \frac{12376x^{11} + 116688x^{10} + 510510x^9 + 1361360x^8 + 2450448x^7 + 3118752x^6 + 2858856x^5 + 1884960x^4 + 875160x^3 + 272272x^2 + 51051x + 4368}{74256x^{17}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^18,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/74256*(12376*x^11 + 116688*x^10 + 510510*x^9 + 1361360*x^8 + 2450448*x^7 + 3118752*x^6 + 2858856*x^5 + 1884960*x^4 + 875160*x^3 + 272272*x^2 + 51051*x + 4368)/x^17`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{18}} dx = \frac{12376x^{11} + 116688x^{10} + 510510x^9 + 1361360x^8 + 2450448x^7 + 3118752x^6 + 2858856x^5 + 1884960x^4 + 875160x^3 + 272272x^2 + 51051x + 4368}{74256x^{17}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^18,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/74256*(12376*x^11 + 116688*x^10 + 510510*x^9 + 1361360*x^8 + 2450448*x^7 + 3118752*x^6 + 2858856*x^5 + 1884960*x^4 + 875160*x^3 + 272272*x^2 + 51051*x + 4368)/x^17`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{18}} dx = \frac{\frac{x^{11}}{6} + \frac{11x^{10}}{7} + \frac{55x^9}{8} + \frac{55x^8}{3} + 33x^7 + 42x^6 + \frac{77x^5}{2} + \frac{330x^4}{13} + \frac{165x^3}{14} + \frac{11x^2}{3} + \frac{11x}{16} + \frac{1}{17}}{x^{17}}$$

input `int(((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^18,x)`

output `-((11*x)/16 + (11*x^2)/3 + (165*x^3)/14 + (330*x^4)/13 + (77*x^5)/2 + 42*x^6 + 33*x^7 + (55*x^8)/3 + (55*x^9)/8 + (11*x^10)/7 + x^11/6 + 1/17)/x^17`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{18}} dx$$
$$= \frac{-12376x^{11} - 116688x^{10} - 510510x^9 - 1361360x^8 - 2450448x^7 - 3118752x^6 - 2858856x^5 - 1884960x^4 - 875160x^3 - 272272x^2 - 51051x - 4368}{74256x^{17}}$$

input `int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^18,x)`output `(- 12376*x**11 - 116688*x**10 - 510510*x**9 - 1361360*x**8 - 2450448*x**7
- 3118752*x**6 - 2858856*x**5 - 1884960*x**4 - 875160*x**3 - 272272*x**2
- 51051*x - 4368)/(74256*x**17)`

3.247 $\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{19}} dx$

Optimal result	2044
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2044
Rubi [A] (verified)	2045
Maple [A] (verified)	2047
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2047
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2048
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2048
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2049
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2049
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2050

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{19}} dx = -\frac{(1+x)^{12}}{18x^{18}} + \frac{(1+x)^{12}}{51x^{17}} - \frac{5(1+x)^{12}}{816x^{16}} + \frac{(1+x)^{12}}{612x^{15}} - \frac{(1+x)^{12}}{2856x^{14}} + \frac{(1+x)^{12}}{18564x^{13}} - \frac{(1+x)^{12}}{222768x^{12}}$$

output `-1/18*(1+x)^12/x^18+1/51*(1+x)^12/x^17-5/816*(1+x)^12/x^16+1/612*(1+x)^12/x^15-1/2856*(1+x)^12/x^14+1/18564*(1+x)^12/x^13-1/222768*(1+x)^12/x^12`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{19}} dx = -\frac{1}{18x^{18}} - \frac{11}{17x^{17}} - \frac{55}{16x^{16}} - \frac{11}{x^{15}} - \frac{165}{7x^{14}} - \frac{462}{13x^{13}} - \frac{77}{2x^{12}} - \frac{30}{x^{11}} - \frac{33}{2x^{10}} - \frac{55}{9x^9} - \frac{11}{8x^8} - \frac{1}{7x^7}$$

input `Integrate[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^19,x]`

output

$$-1/18*1/x^{18} - 11/(17*x^{17}) - 55/(16*x^{16}) - 11/x^{15} - 165/(7*x^{14}) - 462/(13*x^{13}) - 77/(2*x^{12}) - 30/x^{11} - 33/(2*x^{10}) - 55/(9*x^9) - 11/(8*x^8) - 1/(7*x^7)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.471$, Rules used = {1184, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{x^{19}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\
 & \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{19}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & -\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{18}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{18x^{18}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{5}{17} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{17}} dx + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{17x^{17}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{18x^{18}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{5}{17} \left(-\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{16}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{16x^{16}} \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{17x^{17}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{18x^{18}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{5}{17} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{15}} dx + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{15x^{15}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{16x^{16}} \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{17x^{17}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{18x^{18}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{5}{17} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(-\frac{1}{7} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{14}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{14x^{14}} \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{15x^{15}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{16x^{16}} \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{17x^{17}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{18x^{18}} \right)$$

↓ 55

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{5}{17} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{7} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{13}} dx + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{13x^{13}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{14x^{14}} \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{15x^{15}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{16x^{16}} \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{17x^{17}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{18x^{18}}$$

↓ 48

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(x+1)^{12}}{17x^{17}} + \frac{5}{17} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(x+1)^{12}}{15x^{15}} + \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{(x+1)^{12}}{13x^{13}} - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{156x^{12}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{14x^{14}} \right) \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{16x^{16}} \right) \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{18x^{18}}$$

input `Int[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^19,x]`

output `-1/18*(1 + x)^12/x^18 + ((1 + x)^12/(17*x^17) + (5*(-1/16*(1 + x)^12/x^16 + ((1 + x)^12/(15*x^15) + (-1/14*(1 + x)^12/x^14 + ((1 + x)^12/(13*x^13) - (1 + x)^12/(156*x^12))/7)/5)/4))/17)/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 1184

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^(m._))*((f._) + (g._)*(x_)^(n._))*((a_) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{18} - \frac{11}{17}x - \frac{55}{16}x^2 - 11x^3 - \frac{165}{7}x^4 - \frac{462}{13}x^5 - \frac{77}{2}x^6 - 30x^7 - \frac{33}{2}x^8 - \frac{55}{9}x^9 - \frac{11}{8}x^{10} - \frac{1}{7}x^{11}}{x^{18}}$
risch	$\frac{-\frac{1}{18} - \frac{11}{17}x - \frac{55}{16}x^2 - 11x^3 - \frac{165}{7}x^4 - \frac{462}{13}x^5 - \frac{77}{2}x^6 - 30x^7 - \frac{33}{2}x^8 - \frac{55}{9}x^9 - \frac{11}{8}x^{10} - \frac{1}{7}x^{11}}{x^{18}}$
gospers	$\frac{-31824x^{11} + 306306x^{10} + 1361360x^9 + 3675672x^8 + 6683040x^7 + 8576568x^6 + 7916832x^5 + 5250960x^4 + 2450448x^3 + 765765x^2}{222768x^{18}}$
parallemrisch	$\frac{-31824x^{11} - 306306x^{10} - 1361360x^9 - 3675672x^8 - 6683040x^7 - 8576568x^6 - 7916832x^5 - 5250960x^4 - 2450448x^3 - 765765x^2}{222768x^{18}}$
default	$-\frac{1}{18x^{18}} - \frac{462}{13x^{13}} - \frac{11}{8x^8} - \frac{165}{7x^{14}} - \frac{55}{9x^9} - \frac{1}{7x^7} - \frac{33}{2x^{10}} - \frac{11}{17x^{17}} - \frac{11}{x^{15}} - \frac{30}{x^{11}} - \frac{55}{16x^{16}} - \frac{77}{2x^{12}}$
orering	$\frac{-(31824x^{11} + 306306x^{10} + 1361360x^9 + 3675672x^8 + 6683040x^7 + 8576568x^6 + 7916832x^5 + 5250960x^4 + 2450448x^3 + 765765x^2)}{222768x^{18}(x+1)^{10}}$

input

```
int((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^19,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(-1/18-11/17*x-55/16*x^2-11*x^3-165/7*x^4-462/13*x^5-77/2*x^6-30*x^7-33/2*x^8-55/9*x^9-11/8*x^10-1/7*x^11)/x^18
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{19}} dx = \frac{-31824x^{11} + 306306x^{10} + 1361360x^9 + 3675672x^8 + 6683040x^7 + 8576568x^6 + 7916832x^5 + 5250960x^4 + 2450448x^3 + 765765x^2}{222768x^{18}}$$

input

```
integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^19,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/222768*(31824*x^11 + 306306*x^10 + 1361360*x^9 + 3675672*x^8 + 6683040*
x^7 + 8576568*x^6 + 7916832*x^5 + 5250960*x^4 + 2450448*x^3 + 765765*x^2 +
144144*x + 12376)/x^18
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{19}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-31824x^{11} - 306306x^{10} - 1361360x^9 - 3675672x^8 - 6683040x^7 - 8576568x^6 - 7916832x^5 - 5250960x^4 - 2450448x^3 - 765765x^2 - 144144x - 12376}{222768x^{18}}$$

input

```
integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**19,x)
```

output

```
(-31824*x**11 - 306306*x**10 - 1361360*x**9 - 3675672*x**8 - 6683040*x**7
- 8576568*x**6 - 7916832*x**5 - 5250960*x**4 - 2450448*x**3 - 765765*x**2
- 144144*x - 12376)/(222768*x**18)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{19}} dx =$$

$$- \frac{31824x^{11} + 306306x^{10} + 1361360x^9 + 3675672x^8 + 6683040x^7 + 8576568x^6 + 7916832x^5 + 5250960x^4 + 2450448x^3 + 765765x^2 + 144144x + 12376}{222768x^{18}}$$

input

```
integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^19,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/222768*(31824*x^11 + 306306*x^10 + 1361360*x^9 + 3675672*x^8 + 6683040*
x^7 + 8576568*x^6 + 7916832*x^5 + 5250960*x^4 + 2450448*x^3 + 765765*x^2 +
144144*x + 12376)/x^18
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{19}} dx = \frac{31824x^{11} + 306306x^{10} + 1361360x^9 + 3675672x^8 + 6683040x^7 + 8576568x^6 + 7916832x^5 + 5250960x^4 + 2450448x^3 + 765765x^2 + 144144x + 12376}{222768x^{18}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^19,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/222768*(31824*x^11 + 306306*x^10 + 1361360*x^9 + 3675672*x^8 + 6683040*x^7 + 8576568*x^6 + 7916832*x^5 + 5250960*x^4 + 2450448*x^3 + 765765*x^2 + 144144*x + 12376)/x^18`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{19}} dx = \frac{\frac{x^{11}}{7} + \frac{11x^{10}}{8} + \frac{55x^9}{9} + \frac{33x^8}{2} + 30x^7 + \frac{77x^6}{2} + \frac{462x^5}{13} + \frac{165x^4}{7} + 11x^3 + \frac{55x^2}{16} + \frac{11x}{17} + \frac{1}{18}}{x^{18}}$$

input `int(((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^19,x)`

output `-((11*x)/17 + (55*x^2)/16 + 11*x^3 + (165*x^4)/7 + (462*x^5)/13 + (77*x^6)/2 + 30*x^7 + (33*x^8)/2 + (55*x^9)/9 + (11*x^10)/8 + x^11/7 + 1/18)/x^18`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{19}} dx$$
$$= \frac{-31824x^{11} - 306306x^{10} - 1361360x^9 - 3675672x^8 - 6683040x^7 - 8576568x^6 - 7916832x^5 - 5250960x^4 - 2450448x^3 - 765765x^2 - 144144x - 12376}{222768x^{18}}$$

input

```
int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^19,x)
```

output

```
( - 31824*x**11 - 306306*x**10 - 1361360*x**9 - 3675672*x**8 - 6683040*x**7 - 8576568*x**6 - 7916832*x**5 - 5250960*x**4 - 2450448*x**3 - 765765*x**2 - 144144*x - 12376)/(222768*x**18)
```

3.248 $\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{20}} dx$

Optimal result	2051
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2051
Rubi [A] (verified)	2052
Maple [A] (verified)	2054
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2055
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2055
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2056
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2056
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2057
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2057

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{20}} dx = -\frac{(1+x)^{12}}{19x^{19}} + \frac{7(1+x)^{12}}{342x^{18}} - \frac{7(1+x)^{12}}{969x^{17}} + \frac{35(1+x)^{12}}{15504x^{16}} - \frac{7(1+x)^{12}}{11628x^{15}} + \frac{(1+x)^{12}}{7752x^{14}} - \frac{(1+x)^{12}}{50388x^{13}} + \frac{(1+x)^{12}}{604656x^{12}}$$

output

```
-1/19*(1+x)^12/x^19+7/342*(1+x)^12/x^18-7/969*(1+x)^12/x^17+35/15504*(1+x)^12/x^16-7/11628*(1+x)^12/x^15+1/7752*(1+x)^12/x^14-1/50388*(1+x)^12/x^13+1/604656*(1+x)^12/x^12
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{20}} dx = -\frac{1}{19x^{19}} - \frac{11}{18x^{18}} - \frac{55}{17x^{17}} - \frac{165}{16x^{16}} - \frac{22}{x^{15}} - \frac{33}{x^{14}} - \frac{462}{13x^{13}} - \frac{55}{2x^{12}} - \frac{15}{x^{11}} - \frac{11}{2x^{10}} - \frac{11}{9x^9} - \frac{1}{8x^8}$$

input

```
Integrate[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^20,x]
```


output

$$-1/19*1/x^{19} - 11/(18*x^{18}) - 55/(17*x^{17}) - 165/(16*x^{16}) - 22/x^{15} - 33/x^{14} - 462/(13*x^{13}) - 55/(2*x^{12}) - 15/x^{11} - 11/(2*x^{10}) - 11/(9*x^9) - 1/(8*x^8)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.529$, Rules used = {1184, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{x^{20}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{20}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{7}{19} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{19}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{19x^{19}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{7}{19} \left(-\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{18}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{18x^{18}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{19x^{19}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{7}{19} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{5}{17} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{17}} dx + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{17x^{17}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{18x^{18}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{19x^{19}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{7}{19} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{5}{17} \left(-\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{16}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{16x^{16}} \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{17x^{17}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{18x^{18}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{19x^{19}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{7}{19} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{5}{17} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{15}} dx + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{15x^{15}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{16x^{16}} \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{17x^{17}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{18x^{18}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{19x^{19}}$$

↓ 55

$$-\frac{7}{19} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{5}{17} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(-\frac{1}{7} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{14}} dx - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{14x^{14}} \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{15x^{15}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{16x^{16}} \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{17x^{17}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{18x^{18}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{19x^{19}}$$

↓ 55

$$-\frac{7}{19} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{5}{17} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{1}{13} \int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{13}} dx + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{13x^{13}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{14x^{14}} \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{15x^{15}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{16x^{16}} \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{17x^{17}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{18x^{18}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{19x^{19}}$$

↓ 48

$$\frac{7}{19} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(x+1)^{12}}{17x^{17}} + \frac{5}{17} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(x+1)^{12}}{15x^{15}} + \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{(x+1)^{12}}{13x^{13}} - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{156x^{12}} \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{14x^{14}} \right) \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{16x^{16}} \right) \right) - \frac{(x+1)^{12}}{18x^{18}} \right)$$

input `Int[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^20,x]`

output `-1/19*(1 + x)^12/x^19 - (7*(-1/18*(1 + x)^12/x^18 + ((1 + x)^12/(17*x^17) + (5*(-1/16*(1 + x)^12/x^16 + ((1 + x)^12/(15*x^15) + (-1/14*(1 + x)^12/x^14 + ((1 + x)^12/(13*x^13) - (1 + x)^12/(156*x^12))/7)/5)/4)/17)/3))/19`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp [(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result
norman	$-\frac{\frac{1}{19} - \frac{11}{18}x - \frac{55}{17}x^2 - \frac{165}{16}x^3 - 22x^4 - 33x^5 - \frac{462}{13}x^6 - \frac{55}{2}x^7 - 15x^8 - \frac{11}{2}x^9 - \frac{11}{9}x^{10} - \frac{1}{8}x^{11}}{x^{19}}$
risch	$-\frac{\frac{1}{19} - \frac{11}{18}x - \frac{55}{17}x^2 - \frac{165}{16}x^3 - 22x^4 - 33x^5 - \frac{462}{13}x^6 - \frac{55}{2}x^7 - 15x^8 - \frac{11}{2}x^9 - \frac{11}{9}x^{10} - \frac{1}{8}x^{11}}{x^{19}}$
gospers	$-\frac{75582x^{11} + 739024x^{10} + 3325608x^9 + 9069840x^8 + 16628040x^7 + 21488544x^6 + 19953648x^5 + 13302432x^4 + 6235515x^3 + 1956240x^2 + 195624x + 19562}{604656x^{19}}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{75582x^{11} - 739024x^{10} - 3325608x^9 - 9069840x^8 - 16628040x^7 - 21488544x^6 - 19953648x^5 - 13302432x^4 - 6235515x^3 - 1956240x^2 + 195624x + 19562}{604656x^{19}}$
default	$-\frac{11}{18x^{18}} - \frac{462}{13x^{13}} - \frac{1}{8x^8} - \frac{33}{x^{14}} - \frac{11}{9x^9} - \frac{11}{2x^{10}} - \frac{55}{17x^{17}} - \frac{22}{x^{15}} - \frac{15}{x^{11}} - \frac{1}{19x^{19}} - \frac{165}{16x^{16}} - \frac{55}{2x^{12}}$
orering	$-\frac{(75582x^{11} + 739024x^{10} + 3325608x^9 + 9069840x^8 + 16628040x^7 + 21488544x^6 + 19953648x^5 + 13302432x^4 + 6235515x^3 + 1956240x^2 + 195624x + 19562)}{604656x^{19}(x+1)^{10}}$

input

```
int((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^20,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(-1/19-11/18*x-55/17*x^2-165/16*x^3-22*x^4-33*x^5-462/13*x^6-55/2*x^7-15*x
^8-11/2*x^9-11/9*x^10-1/8*x^11)/x^19
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{20}} dx = \frac{-75582x^{11} + 739024x^{10} + 3325608x^9 + 9069840x^8 + 16628040x^7 + 21488544x^6 + 19953648x^5 + 13302432x^4 + 6235515x^3 + 1956240x^2 + 369512x + 31824}{604656x^{19}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^20,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/604656*(75582*x^11 + 739024*x^10 + 3325608*x^9 + 9069840*x^8 + 16628040*x^7 + 21488544*x^6 + 19953648*x^5 + 13302432*x^4 + 6235515*x^3 + 1956240*x^2 + 369512*x + 31824)/x^19`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{20}} dx = \frac{-75582x^{11} - 739024x^{10} - 3325608x^9 - 9069840x^8 - 16628040x^7 - 21488544x^6 - 19953648x^5 - 13302432x^4 - 6235515x^3 - 1956240x^2 - 369512x - 31824}{604656x^{19}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**20,x)`output `(-75582*x**11 - 739024*x**10 - 3325608*x**9 - 9069840*x**8 - 16628040*x**7 - 21488544*x**6 - 19953648*x**5 - 13302432*x**4 - 6235515*x**3 - 1956240*x**2 - 369512*x - 31824)/(604656*x**19)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{20}} dx = \frac{75582 x^{11} + 739024 x^{10} + 3325608 x^9 + 9069840 x^8 + 16628040 x^7 + 21488544 x^6 + 19953648 x^5 + 13302432 x^4 + 6235515 x^3 + 1956240 x^2 + 369512 x + 31824}{604656 x^{19}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^20,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/604656*(75582*x^11 + 739024*x^10 + 3325608*x^9 + 9069840*x^8 + 16628040*x^7 + 21488544*x^6 + 19953648*x^5 + 13302432*x^4 + 6235515*x^3 + 1956240*x^2 + 369512*x + 31824)/x^19`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{20}} dx = \frac{75582 x^{11} + 739024 x^{10} + 3325608 x^9 + 9069840 x^8 + 16628040 x^7 + 21488544 x^6 + 19953648 x^5 + 13302432 x^4 + 6235515 x^3 + 1956240 x^2 + 369512 x + 31824}{604656 x^{19}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^20,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/604656*(75582*x^11 + 739024*x^10 + 3325608*x^9 + 9069840*x^8 + 16628040*x^7 + 21488544*x^6 + 19953648*x^5 + 13302432*x^4 + 6235515*x^3 + 1956240*x^2 + 369512*x + 31824)/x^19`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{20}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{x^{11}}{8} + \frac{11x^{10}}{9} + \frac{11x^9}{2} + 15x^8 + \frac{55x^7}{2} + \frac{462x^6}{13} + 33x^5 + 22x^4 + \frac{165x^3}{16} + \frac{55x^2}{17} + \frac{11x}{18} + \frac{1}{19}}{x^{19}}$$

input `int(((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^20,x)`output `-((11*x)/18 + (55*x^2)/17 + (165*x^3)/16 + 22*x^4 + 33*x^5 + (462*x^6)/13 + (55*x^7)/2 + 15*x^8 + (11*x^9)/2 + (11*x^10)/9 + x^11/8 + 1/19)/x^19`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{20}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-75582x^{11} - 739024x^{10} - 3325608x^9 - 9069840x^8 - 16628040x^7 - 21488544x^6 - 19953648x^5 - 13302432x^4 - 6235515x^3 - 1956240x^2 - 369512x - 31824}{604656x^{19}}$$

input `int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^20,x)`output `(- 75582*x**11 - 739024*x**10 - 3325608*x**9 - 9069840*x**8 - 16628040*x**7 - 21488544*x**6 - 19953648*x**5 - 13302432*x**4 - 6235515*x**3 - 1956240*x**2 - 369512*x - 31824)/(604656*x**19)`

3.249 $\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{21}} dx$

Optimal result	2058
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2058
Rubi [A] (verified)	2059
Maple [A] (verified)	2060
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2061
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2061
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2062
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2062
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2063
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2063

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{21}} dx = -\frac{1}{20x^{20}} - \frac{11}{19x^{19}} - \frac{55}{18x^{18}} - \frac{165}{17x^{17}} - \frac{165}{8x^{16}} - \frac{154}{5x^{15}} - \frac{33}{x^{14}} - \frac{330}{13x^{13}} - \frac{55}{4x^{12}} - \frac{5}{x^{11}} - \frac{11}{10x^{10}} - \frac{1}{9x^9}$$

output

```
-1/20/x^20-11/19/x^19-55/18/x^18-165/17/x^17-165/8/x^16-154/5/x^15-33/x^14
-330/13/x^13-55/4/x^12-5/x^11-11/10/x^10-1/9/x^9
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{21}} dx = -\frac{1}{20x^{20}} - \frac{11}{19x^{19}} - \frac{55}{18x^{18}} - \frac{165}{17x^{17}} - \frac{165}{8x^{16}} - \frac{154}{5x^{15}} - \frac{33}{x^{14}} - \frac{330}{13x^{13}} - \frac{55}{4x^{12}} - \frac{5}{x^{11}} - \frac{11}{10x^{10}} - \frac{1}{9x^9}$$

input

```
Integrate[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^21,x]
```

output

$$-1/20*1/x^{20} - 11/(19*x^{19}) - 55/(18*x^{18}) - 165/(17*x^{17}) - 165/(8*x^{16}) - 154/(5*x^{15}) - 33/x^{14} - 330/(13*x^{13}) - 55/(4*x^{12}) - 5/x^{11} - 11/(10*x^{10}) - 1/(9*x^9)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{x^{21}} dx$$

↓ 1184

$$\int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{21}} dx$$

↓ 53

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{x^{21}} + \frac{11}{x^{20}} + \frac{55}{x^{19}} + \frac{165}{x^{18}} + \frac{330}{x^{17}} + \frac{462}{x^{16}} + \frac{462}{x^{15}} + \frac{330}{x^{14}} + \frac{165}{x^{13}} + \frac{55}{x^{12}} + \frac{11}{x^{11}} + \frac{1}{x^{10}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{1}{20x^{20}} - \frac{11}{19x^{19}} - \frac{55}{18x^{18}} - \frac{165}{17x^{17}} - \frac{165}{8x^{16}} - \frac{154}{5x^{15}} - \frac{33}{x^{14}} - \frac{330}{13x^{13}} - \frac{55}{4x^{12}} - \frac{5}{x^{11}} - \frac{11}{10x^{10}} - \frac{1}{9x^9}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(1+x)*(1+2*x+x^2)^5/x^{21},x]$$

output

$$-1/20*1/x^{20} - 11/(19*x^{19}) - 55/(18*x^{18}) - 165/(17*x^{17}) - 165/(8*x^{16}) - 154/(5*x^{15}) - 33/x^{14} - 330/(13*x^{13}) - 55/(4*x^{12}) - 5/x^{11} - 11/(10*x^{10}) - 1/(9*x^9)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 53 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 1184 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
norman	$-\frac{1}{20} - \frac{11}{19}x - \frac{55}{18}x^2 - \frac{165}{17}x^3 - \frac{165}{8}x^4 - \frac{154}{5}x^5 - 33x^6 - \frac{330}{13}x^7 - \frac{55}{4}x^8 - 5x^9 - \frac{11}{10}x^{10} - \frac{1}{9}x^{11}$
risch	$-\frac{1}{20} - \frac{11}{19}x - \frac{55}{18}x^2 - \frac{165}{17}x^3 - \frac{165}{8}x^4 - \frac{154}{5}x^5 - 33x^6 - \frac{330}{13}x^7 - \frac{55}{4}x^8 - 5x^9 - \frac{11}{10}x^{10} - \frac{1}{9}x^{11}$
gospers	$\frac{167960x^{11} + 1662804x^{10} + 7558200x^9 + 20785050x^8 + 38372400x^7 + 49884120x^6 + 46558512x^5 + 31177575x^4 + 14671800x^3 + 1511640x^2}{1511640x^{20}}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-167960x^{11} - 1662804x^{10} - 7558200x^9 - 20785050x^8 - 38372400x^7 - 49884120x^6 - 46558512x^5 - 31177575x^4 - 14671800x^3 - 1511640x^2}{1511640x^{20}}$
default	$-\frac{1}{20x^{20}} - \frac{11}{19x^{19}} - \frac{55}{18x^{18}} - \frac{165}{17x^{17}} - \frac{165}{8x^{16}} - \frac{154}{5x^{15}} - \frac{33}{x^{14}} - \frac{330}{13x^{13}} - \frac{55}{4x^{12}} - \frac{5}{x^{11}} - \frac{11}{10x^{10}} - \frac{1}{9x^9}$
orering	$\frac{(167960x^{11} + 1662804x^{10} + 7558200x^9 + 20785050x^8 + 38372400x^7 + 49884120x^6 + 46558512x^5 + 31177575x^4 + 14671800x^3 + 1511640x^2)(x+1)^{10}}{1511640x^{20}(x+1)^{10}}$

```
input int((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^21,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-1/20-11/19*x-55/18*x^2-165/17*x^3-165/8*x^4-154/5*x^5-33*x^6-330/13*x^7-
55/4*x^8-5*x^9-11/10*x^10-1/9*x^11)/x^20
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{21}} dx = \frac{167960x^{11} + 1662804x^{10} + 7558200x^9 + 20785050x^8 + 38372400x^7 + 49884120x^6 + 46558512x^5 + 31177575x^4 + 14671800x^3 + 4618900x^2 + 875160x + 75582}{1511640x^{20}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^21,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/1511640*(167960*x^11 + 1662804*x^10 + 7558200*x^9 + 20785050*x^8 + 38372400*x^7 + 49884120*x^6 + 46558512*x^5 + 31177575*x^4 + 14671800*x^3 + 4618900*x^2 + 875160*x + 75582)/x^20`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{21}} dx = \frac{-167960x^{11} - 1662804x^{10} - 7558200x^9 - 20785050x^8 - 38372400x^7 - 49884120x^6 - 46558512x^5 - 31177575x^4 - 14671800x^3 - 4618900x^2 - 875160x - 75582}{1511640x^{20}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**21,x)`

output `(-167960*x**11 - 1662804*x**10 - 7558200*x**9 - 20785050*x**8 - 38372400*x**7 - 49884120*x**6 - 46558512*x**5 - 31177575*x**4 - 14671800*x**3 - 4618900*x**2 - 875160*x - 75582)/(1511640*x**20)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{21}} dx = \frac{167960 x^{11} + 1662804 x^{10} + 7558200 x^9 + 20785050 x^8 + 38372400 x^7 + 49884120 x^6 + 46558512 x^5 + 31177575 x^4 + 14671800 x^3 + 4618900 x^2 + 875160 x + 75582}{1511640 x^{20}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^21,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/1511640*(167960*x^11 + 1662804*x^10 + 7558200*x^9 + 20785050*x^8 + 38372400*x^7 + 49884120*x^6 + 46558512*x^5 + 31177575*x^4 + 14671800*x^3 + 4618900*x^2 + 875160*x + 75582)/x^20`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{21}} dx = \frac{167960 x^{11} + 1662804 x^{10} + 7558200 x^9 + 20785050 x^8 + 38372400 x^7 + 49884120 x^6 + 46558512 x^5 + 31177575 x^4 + 14671800 x^3 + 4618900 x^2 + 875160 x + 75582}{1511640 x^{20}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^21,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/1511640*(167960*x^11 + 1662804*x^10 + 7558200*x^9 + 20785050*x^8 + 38372400*x^7 + 49884120*x^6 + 46558512*x^5 + 31177575*x^4 + 14671800*x^3 + 4618900*x^2 + 875160*x + 75582)/x^20`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{21}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{x^{11}}{9} + \frac{11x^{10}}{10} + 5x^9 + \frac{55x^8}{4} + \frac{330x^7}{13} + 33x^6 + \frac{154x^5}{5} + \frac{165x^4}{8} + \frac{165x^3}{17} + \frac{55x^2}{18} + \frac{11x}{19} + \frac{1}{20}}{x^{20}}$$

input `int(((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^21,x)`output `-((11*x)/19 + (55*x^2)/18 + (165*x^3)/17 + (165*x^4)/8 + (154*x^5)/5 + 33*x^6 + (330*x^7)/13 + (55*x^8)/4 + 5*x^9 + (11*x^10)/10 + x^11/9 + 1/20)/x^20`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{21}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-167960x^{11} - 1662804x^{10} - 7558200x^9 - 20785050x^8 - 38372400x^7 - 49884120x^6 - 46558512x^5 - 31177575x^4 - 14671800x^3 - 4618900x^2 - 875160x - 75582}{1511640x^{20}}$$

input `int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^21,x)`output `(- 167960*x**11 - 1662804*x**10 - 7558200*x**9 - 20785050*x**8 - 38372400*x**7 - 49884120*x**6 - 46558512*x**5 - 31177575*x**4 - 14671800*x**3 - 4618900*x**2 - 875160*x - 75582)/(1511640*x**20)`

3.250 $\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{22}} dx$

Optimal result	2064
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2064
Rubi [A] (verified)	2065
Maple [A] (verified)	2066
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2067
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2067
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2068
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2068
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2069
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2069

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{22}} dx = -\frac{1}{21x^{21}} - \frac{11}{20x^{20}} - \frac{55}{19x^{19}} - \frac{55}{6x^{18}} - \frac{330}{17x^{17}} - \frac{231}{8x^{16}} - \frac{154}{5x^{15}} - \frac{165}{7x^{14}} - \frac{165}{13x^{13}} - \frac{55}{12x^{12}} - \frac{1}{x^{11}} - \frac{1}{10x^{10}}$$

output

```
-1/21/x^21-11/20/x^20-55/19/x^19-55/6/x^18-330/17/x^17-231/8/x^16-154/5/x^15-165/7/x^14-165/13/x^13-55/12/x^12-1/x^11-1/10/x^10
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{22}} dx = -\frac{1}{21x^{21}} - \frac{11}{20x^{20}} - \frac{55}{19x^{19}} - \frac{55}{6x^{18}} - \frac{330}{17x^{17}} - \frac{231}{8x^{16}} - \frac{154}{5x^{15}} - \frac{165}{7x^{14}} - \frac{165}{13x^{13}} - \frac{55}{12x^{12}} - \frac{1}{x^{11}} - \frac{1}{10x^{10}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^22,x]
```

output

$$-1/21*1/x^{21} - 11/(20*x^{20}) - 55/(19*x^{19}) - 55/(6*x^{18}) - 330/(17*x^{17}) - 231/(8*x^{16}) - 154/(5*x^{15}) - 165/(7*x^{14}) - 165/(13*x^{13}) - 55/(12*x^{12}) - x^{(-11)} - 1/(10*x^{10})$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x+1)(x^2+2x+1)^5}{x^{22}} dx$$

↓ 1184

$$\int \frac{(x+1)^{11}}{x^{22}} dx$$

↓ 53

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{x^{22}} + \frac{11}{x^{21}} + \frac{55}{x^{20}} + \frac{165}{x^{19}} + \frac{330}{x^{18}} + \frac{462}{x^{17}} + \frac{462}{x^{16}} + \frac{330}{x^{15}} + \frac{165}{x^{14}} + \frac{55}{x^{13}} + \frac{11}{x^{12}} + \frac{1}{x^{11}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{1}{21x^{21}} - \frac{11}{20x^{20}} - \frac{55}{19x^{19}} - \frac{55}{6x^{18}} - \frac{330}{17x^{17}} - \frac{231}{8x^{16}} - \frac{154}{5x^{15}} - \frac{165}{7x^{14}} - \frac{165}{13x^{13}} - \frac{55}{12x^{12}} - \frac{1}{x^{11}} - \frac{1}{10x^{10}}$$

input

$$\text{Int} [((1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5)/x^{22}, x]$$

output

$$-1/21*1/x^{21} - 11/(20*x^{20}) - 55/(19*x^{19}) - 55/(6*x^{18}) - 330/(17*x^{17}) - 231/(8*x^{16}) - 154/(5*x^{15}) - 165/(7*x^{14}) - 165/(13*x^{13}) - 55/(12*x^{12}) - x^{(-11)} - 1/(10*x^{10})$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 53 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 1184 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{21} - \frac{11}{20}x - \frac{55}{19}x^2 - \frac{55}{6}x^3 - \frac{330}{17}x^4 - \frac{231}{8}x^5 - \frac{154}{5}x^6 - \frac{165}{7}x^7 - \frac{165}{13}x^8 - \frac{55}{12}x^9 - x^{10} - \frac{1}{10}x^{11}}{x^{21}}$
risch	$\frac{-\frac{1}{21} - \frac{11}{20}x - \frac{55}{19}x^2 - \frac{55}{6}x^3 - \frac{330}{17}x^4 - \frac{231}{8}x^5 - \frac{154}{5}x^6 - \frac{165}{7}x^7 - \frac{165}{13}x^8 - \frac{55}{12}x^9 - x^{10} - \frac{1}{10}x^{11}}{x^{21}}$
gosper	$\frac{-352716x^{11} + 3527160x^{10} + 16166150x^9 + 44767800x^8 + 83140200x^7 + 108636528x^6 + 101846745x^5 + 68468400x^4 + 32332300x^3 - 3527160x^2}{3527160x^{21}}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-352716x^{11} - 3527160x^{10} - 16166150x^9 - 44767800x^8 - 83140200x^7 - 108636528x^6 - 101846745x^5 - 68468400x^4 - 32332300x^3 + 3527160x^2}{3527160x^{21}}$
default	$-\frac{1}{21x^{21}} - \frac{11}{20x^{20}} - \frac{55}{19x^{19}} - \frac{55}{6x^{18}} - \frac{330}{17x^{17}} - \frac{231}{8x^{16}} - \frac{154}{5x^{15}} - \frac{165}{7x^{14}} - \frac{165}{13x^{13}} - \frac{55}{12x^{12}} - \frac{1}{x^{11}} - \frac{1}{10x^{10}}$
orering	$\frac{-(352716x^{11} + 3527160x^{10} + 16166150x^9 + 44767800x^8 + 83140200x^7 + 108636528x^6 + 101846745x^5 + 68468400x^4 + 32332300x^3 - 3527160x^2)}{3527160x^{21}(x+1)^{10}}$

```
input int((x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^22,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-1/21-11/20*x-55/19*x^2-55/6*x^3-330/17*x^4-231/8*x^5-154/5*x^6-165/7*x^7
-165/13*x^8-55/12*x^9-x^10-1/10*x^11)/x^21
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{22}} dx = \frac{352716x^{11} + 3527160x^{10} + 16166150x^9 + 44767800x^8 + 83140200x^7 + 108636528x^6 + 101846745x^5 - 10210200x^2 - 1939938x - 167960}{3527160x^{21}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^22,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/3527160*(352716*x^11 + 3527160*x^10 + 16166150*x^9 + 44767800*x^8 + 83140200*x^7 + 108636528*x^6 + 101846745*x^5 + 68468400*x^4 + 32332300*x^3 + 10210200*x^2 + 1939938*x + 167960)/x^21`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{22}} dx = \frac{-352716x^{11} - 3527160x^{10} - 16166150x^9 - 44767800x^8 - 83140200x^7 - 108636528x^6 - 101846745x^5 - 10210200x^2 - 1939938x - 167960}{3527160x^{21}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5/x**22,x)`output `(-352716*x**11 - 3527160*x**10 - 16166150*x**9 - 44767800*x**8 - 83140200*x**7 - 108636528*x**6 - 101846745*x**5 - 68468400*x**4 - 32332300*x**3 - 10210200*x**2 - 1939938*x - 167960)/(3527160*x**21)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{22}} dx = \frac{352716 x^{11} + 3527160 x^{10} + 16166150 x^9 + 44767800 x^8 + 83140200 x^7 + 108636528 x^6 + 101846745 x^5 + 68468400 x^4 + 32332300 x^3 + 10210200 x^2 + 1939938 x + 167960}{3527160 x^{21}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^22,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/3527160*(352716*x^11 + 3527160*x^10 + 16166150*x^9 + 44767800*x^8 + 83140200*x^7 + 108636528*x^6 + 101846745*x^5 + 68468400*x^4 + 32332300*x^3 + 10210200*x^2 + 1939938*x + 167960)/x^21`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{22}} dx = \frac{352716 x^{11} + 3527160 x^{10} + 16166150 x^9 + 44767800 x^8 + 83140200 x^7 + 108636528 x^6 + 101846745 x^5 + 68468400 x^4 + 32332300 x^3 + 10210200 x^2 + 1939938 x + 167960}{3527160 x^{21}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^22,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/3527160*(352716*x^11 + 3527160*x^10 + 16166150*x^9 + 44767800*x^8 + 83140200*x^7 + 108636528*x^6 + 101846745*x^5 + 68468400*x^4 + 32332300*x^3 + 10210200*x^2 + 1939938*x + 167960)/x^21`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{22}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{x^{11}}{10} + x^{10} + \frac{55x^9}{12} + \frac{165x^8}{13} + \frac{165x^7}{7} + \frac{154x^6}{5} + \frac{231x^5}{8} + \frac{330x^4}{17} + \frac{55x^3}{6} + \frac{55x^2}{19} + \frac{11x}{20} + \frac{1}{21}}{x^{21}}$$

input `int(((x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5)/x^22,x)`output `-((11*x)/20 + (55*x^2)/19 + (55*x^3)/6 + (330*x^4)/17 + (231*x^5)/8 + (154*x^6)/5 + (165*x^7)/7 + (165*x^8)/13 + (55*x^9)/12 + x^10 + x^11/10 + 1/21)/x^21`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5}{x^{22}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-352716x^{11} - 3527160x^{10} - 16166150x^9 - 44767800x^8 - 83140200x^7 - 108636528x^6 - 101846745x^5 - 68468400x^4 - 32332300x^3 - 10210200x^2 - 1939938x - 167960}{3527160x^{21}}$$

input `int((1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5/x^22,x)`output `(- 352716*x**11 - 3527160*x**10 - 16166150*x**9 - 44767800*x**8 - 83140200*x**7 - 108636528*x**6 - 101846745*x**5 - 68468400*x**4 - 32332300*x**3 - 10210200*x**2 - 1939938*x - 167960)/(3527160*x**21)`

3.251 $\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2070
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2070
Rubi [A] (verified)	2071
Maple [A] (verified)	2072
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2073
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2073
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2074
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2074
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2075
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2076

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{a^3(4Ab-5aB)x}{b^6} + \frac{a^2(3Ab-4aB)x^2}{2b^5} - \frac{a(2Ab-3aB)x^3}{3b^4} + \frac{(Ab-2aB)x^4}{4b^3} + \frac{Bx^5}{5b^2} + \frac{a^5(Ab-aB)}{b^7(a+bx)} + \frac{a^4(5Ab-6aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^7}$$

output

```
-a^3*(4*A*b-5*B*a)*x/b^6+1/2*a^2*(3*A*b-4*B*a)*x^2/b^5-1/3*a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*x^3/b^4+1/4*(A*b-2*B*a)*x^4/b^3+1/5*B*x^5/b^2+a^5*(A*b-B*a)/b^7/(b*x+a)+a^4*(5*A*b-6*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{60a^3b(-4Ab+5aB)x - 30a^2b^2(-3Ab+4aB)x^2 + 20ab^3(-2Ab+3aB)x^3 + 15b^4(Ab-2aB)x^4 + 12b^5Bx^5}{60b^7}$$

input `Integrate[(x^5*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2),x]`

output $(60*a^3*b*(-4*A*b + 5*a*B)*x - 30*a^2*b^2*(-3*A*b + 4*a*B)*x^2 + 20*a*b^3*(-2*A*b + 3*a*B)*x^3 + 15*b^4*(A*b - 2*a*B)*x^4 + 12*b^5*B*x^5 + (60*a^5*(A*b - a*B))/(a + b*x) + 60*a^4*(5*A*b - 6*a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/(60*b^7)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx$$

↓ 1184

$$b^2 \int \frac{x^5(A + Bx)}{b^2(a + bx)^2} dx$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{x^5(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(\frac{a^5(aB - Ab)}{b^6(a + bx)^2} - \frac{a^4(6aB - 5Ab)}{b^6(a + bx)} + \frac{a^3(5aB - 4Ab)}{b^6} - \frac{a^2x(4aB - 3Ab)}{b^5} + \frac{ax^2(3aB - 2Ab)}{b^4} + \frac{x^3(Ab - 2aB)}{b^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^5(Ab - aB)}{b^7(a + bx)} + \frac{a^4(5Ab - 6aB)\log(a + bx)}{b^7} - \frac{a^3x(4Ab - 5aB)}{b^6} + \frac{a^2x^2(3Ab - 4aB)}{2b^5} - \frac{ax^3(2Ab - 3aB)}{3b^4} + \frac{x^4(Ab - 2aB)}{4b^3} + \frac{Bx^5}{5b^2}$$

input `Int[(x^5*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2),x]`

output

$$-\frac{(a^3(4Ab - 5aB)x}{b^6} + \frac{a^2(3Ab - 4aB)x^2}{(2b^5)} - \frac{a(2Ab - 3aB)x^3}{(3b^4)} + \frac{(Ab - 2aB)x^4}{(4b^3)} + \frac{Bx^5}{(5b^2)} + \frac{a^5(Ab - aB)}{(b^7(a + bx))} + \frac{a^4(5Ab - 6aB)\text{Log}[a + bx]}{b^7}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 86

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
norman	$\frac{a(5Aa^4b - 6Ba^5)}{b^7} + \frac{Bx^6}{5b} + \frac{(5Ab - 6Ba)x^5}{20b^2} - \frac{a(5Ab - 6Ba)x^4}{12b^3} + \frac{a^2(5Ab - 6Ba)x^3}{6b^4} - \frac{a^3(5Ab - 6Ba)x^2}{2b^5} + \frac{a^4(5Ab - 6Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^7}$
default	$-\frac{\frac{1}{5}b^4Bx^5 - \frac{1}{4}Ab^4x^4 + \frac{1}{2}Bab^3x^4 + \frac{2}{3}Aab^3x^3 - Ba^2b^2x^3 - \frac{3}{2}Aa^2b^2x^2 + 2Ba^3bx^2 + 4Aa^3bx - 5a^4Bx}{b^6} + \frac{a^5(Ab - Ba)}{b^7(bx+a)} + \dots$
risch	$\frac{Bx^5}{5b^2} + \frac{Ax^4}{4b^2} - \frac{Bax^4}{2b^3} - \frac{2Aax^3}{3b^3} + \frac{Ba^2x^3}{b^4} + \frac{3Aa^2x^2}{2b^4} - \frac{2Ba^3x^2}{b^5} - \frac{4Aa^3x}{b^5} + \frac{5a^4Bx}{b^6} + \frac{a^5A}{b^6(bx+a)} - \frac{a^6B}{b^7(bx+a)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{12b^6Bx^6 + 15Ab^6x^5 - 18Bab^5x^5 - 25Aab^5x^4 + 30Ba^2b^4x^4 + 50Aa^2b^4x^3 - 60Ba^3b^3x^3 + 300A\ln(bx+a)x^4b^2 - 150Aa^3b^3x^2}{60b^7(bx+a)}$

input `int(x^5*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{(a*(5*A*a^4*b-6*B*a^5)/b^7+1/5*B/b*x^6+1/20*(5*A*b-6*B*a)/b^2*x^5-1/12*a*(5*A*b-6*B*a)/b^3*x^4+1/6*a^2*(5*A*b-6*B*a)/b^4*x^3-1/2*a^3*(5*A*b-6*B*a)/b^5*x^2)/(b*x+a)+a^4*(5*A*b-6*B*a)*\ln(b*x+a)/b^7}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{12 Bb^6x^6 - 60 Ba^6 + 60 Aa^5b - 3(6 Bab^5 - 5 Ab^6)x^5 + 5(6 Ba^2b^4 - 5 Aab^5)x^4 - 10(6 Ba^3b^3 - 5 Aa^2b^4)}{b^7}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{60}*(12*B*b^6*x^6 - 60*B*a^6 + 60*A*a^5*b - 3*(6*B*a*b^5 - 5*A*b^6)*x^5 + 5*(6*B*a^2*b^4 - 5*A*a*b^5)*x^4 - 10*(6*B*a^3*b^3 - 5*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 30*(6*B*a^4*b^2 - 5*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 60*(5*B*a^5*b - 4*A*a^4*b^2)*x - 60*(6*B*a^6 - 5*A*a^5*b + (6*B*a^5*b - 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x)*\log(b*x + a))/(b^8*x + a*b^7)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{Bx^5}{5b^2} - \frac{a^4(-5Ab+6Ba)\log(a+bx)}{b^7} + x^4\left(\frac{A}{4b^2} - \frac{Ba}{2b^3}\right) + x^3\left(-\frac{2Aa}{3b^3} + \frac{Ba^2}{b^4}\right) + x^2\left(\frac{3Aa^2}{2b^4} - \frac{2Ba^3}{b^5}\right) + x\left(-\frac{4Aa^3}{b^5} + \frac{5Ba^4}{b^6}\right) + \frac{Aa^5b - Ba^6}{ab^7 + b^8x}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)`

output

```
B*x**5/(5*b**2) - a**4*(-5*A*b + 6*B*a)*log(a + b*x)/b**7 + x**4*(A/(4*b**2) - B*a/(2*b**3)) + x**3*(-2*A*a/(3*b**3) + B*a**2/b**4) + x**2*(3*A*a**2/(2*b**4) - 2*B*a**3/b**5) + x*(-4*A*a**3/b**5 + 5*B*a**4/b**6) + (A*a**5*b - B*a**6)/(a*b**7 + b**8*x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{Ba^6 - Aa^5b}{b^8x + ab^7} + \frac{12Bb^4x^5 - 15(2Bab^3 - Ab^4)x^4 + 20(3Ba^2b^2 - 2Aab^3)x^3 - 30(4Ba^3b - 3Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 60(5Ba^4 - 6Ba^5 - 5Aa^4b)\log(bx+a)}{60b^6} - \frac{(6Ba^5 - 5Aa^4b)\log(bx+a)}{b^7}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-(B*a^6 - A*a^5*b)/(b^8*x + a*b^7) + 1/60*(12*B*b^4*x^5 - 15*(2*B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^4 + 20*(3*B*a^2*b^2 - 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 30*(4*B*a^3*b - 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 60*(5*B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/b^6 - (6*B*a^5 - 5*A*a^4*b)*log(b*x + a)/b^7
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{(6Ba^5 - 5Aa^4b)\log(|bx+a|)}{b^7} - \frac{Ba^6 - Aa^5b}{(bx+a)b^7} + \frac{12Bb^8x^5 - 30Bab^7x^4 + 15Ab^8x^4 + 60Ba^2b^6x^3 - 40Aab^7x^3 - 120Ba^3b^5x^2 + 90Aa^2b^6x^2 + 300Ba^4b^5x}{60b^{10}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-(6*B*a^5 - 5*A*a^4*b)*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^7 - (B*a^6 - A*a^5*b)/((b*x + a)
)*b^7) + 1/60*(12*B*b^8*x^5 - 30*B*a*b^7*x^4 + 15*A*b^8*x^4 + 60*B*a^2*b^6
*x^3 - 40*A*a*b^7*x^3 - 120*B*a^3*b^5*x^2 + 90*A*a^2*b^6*x^2 + 300*B*a^4*b
^4*x - 240*A*a^3*b^5*x)/b^10

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{2a \left(\frac{A}{b^2} - \frac{2Ba}{b^3} \right) + \frac{Ba^2}{b^4}}{b} \right) - \frac{a^2 \left(\frac{A}{b^2} - \frac{2Ba}{b^3} \right)}{2b^2}}{b} \right)$$

$$+ x^4 \left(\frac{A}{4b^2} - \frac{Ba}{2b^3} \right) - x^3 \left(\frac{2a \left(\frac{A}{b^2} - \frac{2Ba}{b^3} \right) + \frac{Ba^2}{3b^4}}{3b} \right)$$

$$- x \left(\frac{2a \left(\frac{2a \left(\frac{A}{b^2} - \frac{2Ba}{b^3} \right) + \frac{Ba^2}{b^4}}{b} \right) - \frac{a^2 \left(\frac{A}{b^2} - \frac{2Ba}{b^3} \right)}{b^2}}{b} \right)$$

$$- \frac{a^2 \left(\frac{2a \left(\frac{A}{b^2} - \frac{2Ba}{b^3} \right) + \frac{Ba^2}{b^4}}{b} \right)}{b^2}$$

$$- \frac{\ln(a+bx)(6Ba^5 - 5Aa^4b)}{b^7} + \frac{Bx^5}{5b^2} - \frac{Ba^6 - Aa^5b}{b(xb^7 + ab^6)}$$

input

```

int((x^5*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x),x)

```


output

```
x^2*((a*((2*a*(A/b^2 - (2*B*a)/b^3))/b + (B*a^2)/b^4))/b - (a^2*(A/b^2 - (2*B*a)/b^3))/(2*b^2) + x^4*(A/(4*b^2) - (B*a)/(2*b^3)) - x^3*((2*a*(A/b^2 - (2*B*a)/b^3))/(3*b) + (B*a^2)/(3*b^4)) - x*((2*a*((2*a*((2*a*(A/b^2 - (2*B*a)/b^3))/b + (B*a^2)/b^4))/b - (a^2*(A/b^2 - (2*B*a)/b^3))/b^2))/b - (a^2*((2*a*(A/b^2 - (2*B*a)/b^3))/b + (B*a^2)/b^4))/b^2 - (log(a + b*x)*(6*B*a^5 - 5*A*a^4*b))/b^7 + (B*x^5)/(5*b^2) - (B*a^6 - A*a^5*b)/(b*(a*b^6 + b^7*x))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{x^5(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-60 \log(bx + a) a^5 + 60a^4bx - 30a^3b^2x^2 + 20a^2b^3x^3 - 15ab^4x^4 + 12b^5x^5}{60b^6}$$

input

```
int(x^5*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)
```

output

```
( - 60*log(a + b*x)*a**5 + 60*a**4*b*x - 30*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 20*a**2*b**3*x**3 - 15*a*b**4*x**4 + 12*b**5*x**5)/(60*b**6)
```

3.252 $\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2077
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2077
Rubi [A] (verified)	2078
Maple [A] (verified)	2079
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2080
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2080
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2081
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2081
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2082
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2082

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{a^2(3Ab-4aB)x}{b^5} - \frac{a(2Ab-3aB)x^2}{2b^4} + \frac{(Ab-2aB)x^3}{3b^3} + \frac{Bx^4}{4b^2} - \frac{a^4(Ab-aB)}{b^6(a+bx)} - \frac{a^3(4Ab-5aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^6}$$

output $a^2*(3*A*b-4*B*a)*x/b^5-1/2*a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*x^2/b^4+1/3*(A*b-2*B*a)*x^3/b^3+1/4*B*x^4/b^2-a^4*(A*b-B*a)/b^6/(b*x+a)-a^3*(4*A*b-5*B*a)*\ln(b*x+a)/b^6$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{-12a^2b(-3Ab+4aB)x + 6ab^2(-2Ab+3aB)x^2 + 4b^3(Ab-2aB)x^3 + 3b^4Bx^4 + \frac{12a^4(-Ab+aB)}{a+bx} + 12a^3(-}{12b^6}$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(A+B*x))/(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2),x]`

output

$$(-12*a^2*b*(-3*A*b + 4*a*B)*x + 6*a*b^2*(-2*A*b + 3*a*B)*x^2 + 4*b^3*(A*b - 2*a*B)*x^3 + 3*b^4*B*x^4 + (12*a^4*(-(A*b) + a*B))/(a + b*x) + 12*a^3*(-4*A*b + 5*a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/(12*b^6)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & b^2 \int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{b^2(a + bx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 86 \\ & \int \left(-\frac{a^4(aB - Ab)}{b^5(a + bx)^2} + \frac{a^3(5aB - 4Ab)}{b^5(a + bx)} - \frac{a^2(4aB - 3Ab)}{b^5} + \frac{ax(3aB - 2Ab)}{b^4} + \frac{x^2(Ab - 2aB)}{b^3} + \frac{Bx^3}{b^2} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & -\frac{a^4(Ab - aB)}{b^6(a + bx)} - \frac{a^3(4Ab - 5aB) \log(a + bx)}{b^6} + \frac{a^2x(3Ab - 4aB)}{b^5} - \frac{ax^2(2Ab - 3aB)}{2b^4} + \\ & \quad \frac{x^3(Ab - 2aB)}{3b^3} + \frac{Bx^4}{4b^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^4*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2), x]$$

output

$$(a^2(3A*b - 4a*B)*x)/b^5 - (a*(2A*b - 3a*B)*x^2)/(2*b^4) + ((A*b - 2*a*B)*x^3)/(3*b^3) + (B*x^4)/(4*b^2) - (a^4*(A*b - a*B))/(b^6*(a + b*x)) - (a^3*(4A*b - 5a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^6$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 86

$$\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(p_.), x_] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \&\& ((\text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[p, 0]) || \text{EqQ}[p, 1] || (\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (!\text{IntegerQ}[n] || \text{LeQ}[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0]) || (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \&\& \text{RationalQ}[a, b, c, d, e, f]))$$

rule 1184

$$\text{Int}(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{4}Bb^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3}Ab^3x^3 - \frac{2}{3}Bab^2x^2 - Aab^2x^2 + \frac{3}{2}Ba^2bx^2 + 3Aa^2bx - 4Ba^3x}{b^5} - \frac{a^4(Ab - Ba)}{b^6(bx + a)} - \frac{a^3(4Ab - 5Ba) \ln(bx + a)}{b^6}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{Bx^5}{4b} - \frac{a(4Aa^3b - 5a^4B)}{b^6} + \frac{(4Ab - 5Ba)x^4}{12b^2} - \frac{a(4Ab - 5Ba)x^3}{6b^3} + \frac{a^2(4Ab - 5Ba)x^2}{2b^4}}{bx + a} - \frac{a^3(4Ab - 5Ba) \ln(bx + a)}{b^6}$
risch	$\frac{Bx^4}{4b^2} + \frac{Ax^3}{3b^2} - \frac{2Bax^3}{3b^3} - \frac{Aax^2}{b^3} + \frac{3Ba^2x^2}{2b^4} + \frac{3Aa^2x}{b^4} - \frac{4Ba^3x}{b^5} - \frac{a^4A}{b^5(bx + a)} + \frac{a^5B}{b^6(bx + a)} - \frac{4a^3 \ln(bx + a)A}{b^5}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{-3Bx^5b^5 - 4Ab^5x^4 + 5Bab^4x^4 + 8Aab^4x^3 - 10Ba^2b^3x^3 + 48A \ln(bx + a)a^3b^2 - 24Aa^2b^3x^2 - 60B \ln(bx + a)a^4b + 30Ba^3b^2}{12b^6(bx + a)}$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{b^5} \left(\frac{1}{4} B b^3 x^4 + \frac{1}{3} A b^3 x^3 - \frac{2}{3} B a b^2 x^3 - A a b^2 x^2 + \frac{3}{2} B a^2 b x^2 + 3 A a^2 b x - 4 B a^3 x \right) - a^4 \frac{(A b - B a)}{b^6} \frac{1}{(b x + a)} - a^3 \frac{(4 A b - 5 B a) \ln(b x + a)}{b^6}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{3 B b^5 x^5 + 12 B a^5 - 12 A a^4 b - (5 B a b^4 - 4 A b^5) x^4 + 2 (5 B a^2 b^3 - 4 A a b^4) x^3 - 6 (5 B a^3 b^2 - 4 A a^2 b^3) x^2}{12 (b^7 x + a b^6)}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{12} \left(3 B b^5 x^5 + 12 B a^5 - 12 A a^4 b - (5 B a b^4 - 4 A b^5) x^4 + 2 (5 B a^2 b^3 - 4 A a b^4) x^3 - 6 (5 B a^3 b^2 - 4 A a^2 b^3) x^2 - 12 (4 B a^4 b - 3 A a^3 b^2) x + 12 (5 B a^5 - 4 A a^4 b + (5 B a^4 b - 4 A a^3 b^2) \log(b x + a)) \right) / (b^7 x + a b^6)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{Bx^4}{4b^2} + \frac{a^3(-4Ab + 5Ba) \log(a + bx)}{b^6} + x^3 \left(\frac{A}{3b^2} - \frac{2Ba}{3b^3} \right) + x^2 \left(-\frac{Aa}{b^3} + \frac{3Ba^2}{2b^4} \right) + x \left(\frac{3Aa^2}{b^4} - \frac{4Ba^3}{b^5} \right) + \frac{-Aa^4b + Ba^5}{ab^6 + b^7x}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)`

output

```
B*x**4/(4*b**2) + a**3*(-4*A*b + 5*B*a)*log(a + b*x)/b**6 + x**3*(A/(3*b**2) - 2*B*a/(3*b**3)) + x**2*(-A*a/b**3 + 3*B*a**2/(2*b**4)) + x*(3*A*a**2/b**4 - 4*B*a**3/b**5) + (-A*a**4*b + B*a**5)/(a*b**6 + b**7*x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{Ba^5 - Aa^4b}{b^7x + ab^6} + \frac{3Bb^3x^4 - 4(2Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^3 + 6(3Ba^2b - 2Aab^2)x^2 - 12(4Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)x}{12b^5} + \frac{(5Ba^4 - 4Aa^3b)\log(bx + a)}{b^6}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(B*a^5 - A*a^4*b)/(b^7*x + a*b^6) + 1/12*(3*B*b^3*x^4 - 4*(2*B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^3 + 6*(3*B*a^2*b - 2*A*a*b^2)*x^2 - 12*(4*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/b^5 + (5*B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b)*log(b*x + a)/b^6
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{(5Ba^4 - 4Aa^3b)\log(|bx + a|)}{b^6} + \frac{Ba^5 - Aa^4b}{(bx + a)b^6} + \frac{3Bb^6x^4 - 8Bab^5x^3 + 4Ab^6x^3 + 18Ba^2b^4x^2 - 12Aab^5x^2 - 48Ba^3b^3x + 36Aa^2b^4x}{12b^8}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(5*B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b)*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^6 + (B*a^5 - A*a^4*b)/((b*x + a)
*b^6) + 1/12*(3*B*b^6*x^4 - 8*B*a*b^5*x^3 + 4*A*b^6*x^3 + 18*B*a^2*b^4*x^2
- 12*A*a*b^5*x^2 - 48*B*a^3*b^3*x + 36*A*a^2*b^4*x)/b^8
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = x \left(\frac{2a \left(\frac{A}{b^2} - \frac{2Ba}{b^3} \right) + \frac{Ba^2}{b^4}}{b} - \frac{a^2 \left(\frac{A}{b^2} - \frac{2Ba}{b^3} \right)}{b^2} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{A}{3b^2} - \frac{2Ba}{3b^3} \right) - x^2 \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{A}{b^2} - \frac{2Ba}{b^3} \right) + \frac{Ba^2}{2b^4}}{b} \right) + \frac{\ln(a+bx)(5Ba^4 - 4Aa^3b)}{b^6} + \frac{Bx^4}{4b^2} + \frac{Ba^5 - Aa^4b}{b(xb^6 + ab^5)}$$

input

```
int((x^4*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x),x)
```

output

```
x*((2*a*((2*a*(A/b^2 - (2*B*a)/b^3))/b + (B*a^2)/b^4))/b - (a^2*(A/b^2 - (2*B*a)/b^3))/b^2 + x^3*(A/(3*b^2) - (2*B*a)/(3*b^3)) - x^2*((a*(A/b^2 - (2*B*a)/b^3))/b + (B*a^2)/(2*b^4)) + (log(a + b*x)*(5*B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b))/b^6 + (B*x^4)/(4*b^2) + (B*a^5 - A*a^4*b)/(b*(a*b^5 + b^6*x))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{12 \log(bx+a) a^4 - 12a^3bx + 6a^2b^2x^2 - 4ab^3x^3 + 3b^4x^4}{12b^5}$$

input

```
int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)
```

output

```
(12*log(a + b*x)*a**4 - 12*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 4*a*b**3*x**3 + 3
*b**4*x**4)/(12*b**5)
```

3.253 $\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2083
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2083
Rubi [A] (verified)	2084
Maple [A] (verified)	2085
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2086
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2086
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2087
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2087
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2088
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2088

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{a(2Ab-3aB)x}{b^4} + \frac{(Ab-2aB)x^2}{2b^3} + \frac{Bx^3}{3b^2} + \frac{a^3(Ab-aB)}{b^5(a+bx)} + \frac{a^2(3Ab-4aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^5}$$

output

$$-a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*x/b^4+1/2*(A*b-2*B*a)*x^2/b^3+1/3*B*x^3/b^2+a^3*(A*b-B*a)/b^5/(b*x+a)+a^2*(3*A*b-4*B*a)*\ln(b*x+a)/b^5$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{6ab(-2Ab+3aB)x + 3b^2(Ab-2aB)x^2 + 2b^3Bx^3 + \frac{6a^3(Ab-aB)}{a+bx} + 6a^2(3Ab-4aB)\log(a+bx)}{6b^5}$$

input

`Integrate[(x^3*(A+B*x))/(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2),x]`

output

$$(6*a*b*(-2*A*b + 3*a*B)*x + 3*b^2*(A*b - 2*a*B)*x^2 + 2*b^3*B*x^3 + (6*a^3*(A*b - a*B))/(a + b*x) + 6*a^2*(3*A*b - 4*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/(6*b^5)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & b^2 \int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{b^2(a+bx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 86 \\ & \int \left(\frac{a^3(aB-Ab)}{b^4(a+bx)^2} - \frac{a^2(4aB-3Ab)}{b^4(a+bx)} + \frac{a(3aB-2Ab)}{b^4} + \frac{x(Ab-2aB)}{b^3} + \frac{Bx^2}{b^2} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{a^3(Ab-aB)}{b^5(a+bx)} + \frac{a^2(3Ab-4aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^5} - \frac{ax(2Ab-3aB)}{b^4} + \frac{x^2(Ab-2aB)}{2b^3} + \frac{Bx^3}{3b^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^3*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2), x]$$

output

$$-((a*(2*A*b - 3*a*B)*x)/b^4) + ((A*b - 2*a*B)*x^2)/(2*b^3) + (B*x^3)/(3*b^2) + (a^3*(A*b - a*B))/(b^5*(a + b*x)) + (a^2*(3*A*b - 4*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^5$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F x, (b_)*(G x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
default	$-\frac{\frac{1}{3}x^3 B b^2 - \frac{1}{2}x^2 b^2 A + B a x^2 b + 2abAx - 3a^2 Bx}{b^4} + \frac{a^3(Ab - Ba)}{b^5(bx+a)} + \frac{a^2(3Ab - 4Ba) \ln(bx+a)}{b^5}$
norman	$\frac{a(3Aa^2b - 4Ba^3)}{b^5} + \frac{Bx^4}{3b} + \frac{(3Ab - 4Ba)x^3}{6b^2} - \frac{a(3Ab - 4Ba)x^2}{2b^3} + \frac{a^2(3Ab - 4Ba) \ln(bx+a)}{b^5}$
risch	$\frac{Bx^3}{3b^2} + \frac{x^2A}{2b^2} - \frac{Bax^2}{b^3} - \frac{2aAx}{b^3} + \frac{3a^2Bx}{b^4} + \frac{a^3A}{b^4(bx+a)} - \frac{a^4B}{b^5(bx+a)} + \frac{3a^2 \ln(bx+a)A}{b^4} - \frac{4a^3 \ln(bx+a)B}{b^5}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2b^4 B x^4 + 3A b^4 x^3 - 4B a b^3 x^3 + 18A \ln(bx+a) x a^2 b^2 - 9A a b^3 x^2 - 24B \ln(bx+a) x a^3 b + 12B a^2 b^2 x^2 + 18A \ln(bx+a) a^3 b - 24B \ln(bx+a) a^4}{6b^5(bx+a)}$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/b^4*(-1/3*x^3*B*b^2-1/2*x^2*b^2*A+B*a*x^2*b+2*a*b*A*x-3*a^2*B*x)+a^3*(A
*b-B*a)/b^5/(b*x+a)+a^2*(3*A*b-4*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2Bb^4x^4 - 6Ba^4 + 6Aa^3b - (4Bab^3 - 3Ab^4)x^3 + 3(4Ba^2b^2 - 3Aab^3)x^2 + 6(3Ba^3b - 2Aa^2b^2)x - 6(A^2b - Ba^2)}{6(b^6x + ab^5)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/6*(2*B*b^4*x^4 - 6*B*a^4 + 6*A*a^3*b - (4*B*a*b^3 - 3*A*b^4)*x^3 + 3*(4*
B*a^2*b^2 - 3*A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 6*(3*B*a^3*b - 2*A*a^2*b^2)*x - 6*(4*B*a^4 -
3*A*a^3*b + (4*B*a^3*b - 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*log(b*x + a))/(b^6*x + a*b^5)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{Bx^3}{3b^2} - \frac{a^2(-3Ab+4Ba)\log(a+bx)}{b^5} + x^2\left(\frac{A}{2b^2} - \frac{Ba}{b^3}\right) + x\left(-\frac{2Aa}{b^3} + \frac{3Ba^2}{b^4}\right) + \frac{Aa^3b - Ba^4}{ab^5 + b^6x}$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)
```

output

```
B*x**3/(3*b**2) - a**2*(-3*A*b + 4*B*a)*log(a + b*x)/b**5 + x**2*(A/(2*b**
2) - B*a/b**3) + x*(-2*A*a/b**3 + 3*B*a**2/b**4) + (A*a**3*b - B*a**4)/(a*
b**5 + b**6*x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{Ba^4 - Aa^3b}{b^6x + ab^5} + \frac{2Bb^2x^3 - 3(2Bab - Ab^2)x^2 + 6(3Ba^2 - 2Aab)x}{6b^4} - \frac{(4Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)\log(bx+a)}{b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)/(b^6*x + a*b^5) + 1/6*(2*B*b^2*x^3 - 3*(2*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^2 + 6*(3*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*x)/b^4 - (4*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*log(b*x + a)/b^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{(4Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)\log(|bx+a|)}{b^5} + \frac{2Bb^4x^3 - 6Bab^3x^2 + 3Ab^4x^2 + 18Ba^2b^2x - 12Aab^3x}{6b^6} - \frac{Ba^4 - Aa^3b}{(bx+a)b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-(4*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^5 + 1/6*(2*B*b^4*x^3 - 6*B*a*b^3*x^2 + 3*A*b^4*x^2 + 18*B*a^2*b^2*x - 12*A*a*b^3*x)/b^6 - (B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)/((b*x + a)*b^5)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{A}{2b^2} - \frac{Ba}{b^3} \right) - x \left(\frac{2a \left(\frac{A}{b^2} - \frac{2Ba}{b^3} \right) + \frac{Ba^2}{b^4}}{b} \right) - \frac{\ln(a+bx)(4Ba^3-3Aa^2b)}{b^5} + \frac{Bx^3}{3b^2} - \frac{Ba^4-Aa^3b}{b(xb^5+ab^4)}$$

input `int((x^3*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x),x)`output `x^2*(A/(2*b^2) - (B*a)/b^3) - x*((2*a*(A/b^2 - (2*B*a)/b^3))/b + (B*a^2)/b^4) - (log(a + b*x)*(4*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b))/b^5 + (B*x^3)/(3*b^2) - (B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)/(b*(a*b^4 + b^5*x))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{-6 \log(bx+a)a^3 + 6a^2bx - 3ab^2x^2 + 2b^3x^3}{6b^4}$$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`output `(- 6*log(a + b*x)*a**3 + 6*a**2*b*x - 3*a*b**2*x**2 + 2*b**3*x**3)/(6*b**4)`

3.254 $\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2089
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2089
Rubi [A] (verified)	2090
Maple [A] (verified)	2091
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2092
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2092
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2093
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2093
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2094
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2094

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{(Ab-2aB)x}{b^3} + \frac{Bx^2}{2b^2} - \frac{a^2(Ab-aB)}{b^4(a+bx)} - \frac{a(2Ab-3aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^4}$$

output `(A*b-2*B*a)*x/b^3+1/2*B*x^2/b^2-a^2*(A*b-B*a)/b^4/(b*x+a)-a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^4`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2b(Ab-2aB)x + b^2Bx^2 + \frac{2a^2(-Ab+aB)}{a+bx} + 2a(-2Ab+3aB)\log(a+bx)}{2b^4}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(A+B*x))/(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2),x]`

output

$$(2*b*(A*b - 2*a*B)*x + b^2*B*x^2 + (2*a^2*(-(A*b) + a*B))/(a + b*x) + 2*a*(-2*A*b + 3*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/(2*b^4)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & b^2 \int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{b^2(a + bx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 86 \\ & \int \left(-\frac{a^2(aB - Ab)}{b^3(a + bx)^2} + \frac{a(3aB - 2Ab)}{b^3(a + bx)} + \frac{Ab - 2aB}{b^3} + \frac{Bx}{b^2} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & -\frac{a^2(Ab - aB)}{b^4(a + bx)} - \frac{a(2Ab - 3aB) \log(a + bx)}{b^4} + \frac{x(Ab - 2aB)}{b^3} + \frac{Bx^2}{2b^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^2*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2), x]$$

output

$$((A*b - 2*a*B)*x)/b^3 + (B*x^2)/(2*b^2) - (a^2*(A*b - a*B))/(b^4*(a + b*x)) - (a*(2*A*b - 3*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^4$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 86 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)(x_))^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ ((\text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[p, 0]) \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ || \ (\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LeQ}[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0]) \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, c, d, e, f])$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}*((f_.) + (g_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{2}Bbx^2+Abx-2Bax}{b^3} - \frac{a^2(Ab-Ba)}{b^4(bx+a)} - \frac{a(2Ab-3Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^4}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{Bx^3}{2b} - \frac{a(2abA-3a^2B)}{b^4} + \frac{(2Ab-3Ba)x^2}{2b^2}}{bx+a} - \frac{a(2Ab-3Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^4}$
risch	$\frac{Bx^2}{2b^2} + \frac{Ax}{b^2} - \frac{2Bax}{b^3} - \frac{a^2A}{b^3(bx+a)} + \frac{a^3B}{b^4(bx+a)} - \frac{2a\ln(bx+a)A}{b^3} + \frac{3a^2\ln(bx+a)B}{b^4}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{-x^3Bb^3+4A\ln(bx+a)xa b^2-2A b^3x^2-6B\ln(bx+a)x a^2b+3Ba b^2x^2+4A\ln(bx+a)a^2b-6B\ln(bx+a)a^3+4A a^2b-6B a^3}{2b^4(bx+a)}$

input $\text{int}(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2), x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $\frac{1}{b^3} \left(\frac{1}{2} B b x^2 + A b x - 2 B a x \right) - a^2 \frac{(A b - B a)}{b^4} \ln(b x + a) - a \frac{(2 A b - 3 B a)}{b^4} \ln(b x + a)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{Bb^3x^3 + 2Ba^3 - 2Aa^2b - (3Bab^2 - 2Ab^3)x^2 - 2(2Ba^2b - Aab^2)x + 2(3Ba^3 - 2Aa^2b + (3Ba^2b - 2Aa^2b - 2Aa^2b))}{2(b^5x + ab^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{2} \frac{(B b^3 x^3 + 2 B a^3 - 2 A a^2 b - (3 B a b^2 - 2 A b^3) x^2 - 2 (2 B a^2 b - A a b^2) x + 2 (3 B a^3 - 2 A a^2 b + (3 B a^2 b - 2 A a^2 b - 2 A a^2 b)) \log(b x + a))}{b^5 x + a b^4}$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{Bx^2}{2b^2} + \frac{a(-2Ab + 3Ba) \log(a + bx)}{b^4} + x \left(\frac{A}{b^2} - \frac{2Ba}{b^3} \right) + \frac{-Aa^2b + Ba^3}{ab^4 + b^5x}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)`

output $\frac{B x^2}{2 b^2} + a \frac{(-2 A b + 3 B a) \log(a + b x)}{b^4} + x \frac{(A / b^2 - 2 B a / b^3)}{b^4 + b^5 x} + \frac{-A a^2 b + B a^3}{a b^4 + b^5 x}$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{Ba^3 - Aa^2b}{b^5x + ab^4} + \frac{Bbx^2 - 2(2Ba - Ab)x}{2b^3} + \frac{(3Ba^2 - 2Aab) \log(bx + a)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)/(b^5*x + a*b^4) + 1/2*(B*b*x^2 - 2*(2*B*a - A*b)*x)/b^3 + (3*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*log(b*x + a)/b^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{(3Ba^2 - 2Aab) \log(|bx + a|)}{b^4} + \frac{Bb^2x^2 - 4Babx + 2Ab^2x}{2b^4} + \frac{Ba^3 - Aa^2b}{(bx + a)b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `(3*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^4 + 1/2*(B*b^2*x^2 - 4*B*a*b*x + 2*A*b^2*x)/b^4 + (B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)/((b*x + a)*b^4)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = x \left(\frac{A}{b^2} - \frac{2Ba}{b^3} \right) + \frac{Bx^2}{2b^2} + \frac{Ba^3 - Aa^2b}{b(xb^4 + ab^3)} + \frac{\ln(a + bx)(3Ba^2 - 2Aab)}{b^4}$$

input `int((x^2*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x),x)`output `x*(A/b^2 - (2*B*a)/b^3) + (B*x^2)/(2*b^2) + (B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)/(b*(a*b^3 + b^4*x)) + (log(a + b*x)*(3*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b))/b^4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2 \log(bx + a) a^2 - 2abx + b^2x^2}{2b^3}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`output `(2*log(a + b*x)*a**2 - 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)/(2*b**3)`

3.255 $\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2095
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2095
Rubi [A] (verified)	2096
Maple [A] (verified)	2097
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2098
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2098
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2098
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2099
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2099
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2100

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{Bx}{b^2} + \frac{a(Ab-aB)}{b^3(a+bx)} + \frac{(Ab-2aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^3}$$

output

```
B*x/b^2+a*(A*b-B*a)/b^3/(b*x+a)+(A*b-2*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{bBx + \frac{a(Ab-aB)}{a+bx} + (Ab-2aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(b*B*x + (a*(A*b - a*B)))/(a + b*x) + (A*b - 2*a*B)*Log[a + b*x]/b^3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{b^2(a+bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{Ab-2aB}{b^2(a+bx)} + \frac{a(aB-Ab)}{b^2(a+bx)^2} + \frac{B}{b^2} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{a(Ab-aB)}{b^3(a+bx)} + \frac{(Ab-2aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^3} + \frac{Bx}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2),x]`

output `(B*x)/b^2 + (a*(A*b - a*B))/(b^3*(a + b*x)) + ((A*b - 2*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
default	$\frac{Bx}{b^2} + \frac{a(Ab-Ba)}{b^3(bx+a)} + \frac{(Ab-2Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^3}$	46
norman	$\frac{Bx^2}{b} + \frac{a(Ab-2Ba)}{b^3} + \frac{(Ab-2Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^3}$	50
risch	$\frac{Bx}{b^2} + \frac{aA}{b^2(bx+a)} - \frac{a^2B}{b^3(bx+a)} + \frac{\ln(bx+a)A}{b^2} - \frac{2\ln(bx+a)Ba}{b^3}$	61
parallelrisch	$\frac{A\ln(bx+a)x b^2 - 2B\ln(bx+a)x ab + x^2 B b^2 + A\ln(bx+a)ab - 2B\ln(bx+a)a^2 + abA - 2a^2 B}{b^3(bx+a)}$	77

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `B*x/b^2+a*(A*b-B*a)/b^3/(b*x+a)+(A*b-2*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{Bb^2x^2 + Babx - Ba^2 + Aab - (2Ba^2 - Aab + (2Bab - Ab^2)x) \log(bx+a)}{b^4x + ab^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(B*b^2*x^2 + B*a*b*x - B*a^2 + A*a*b - (2*B*a^2 - A*a*b + (2*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x)*log(b*x + a))/(b^4*x + a*b^3)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{Bx}{b^2} + \frac{Aab - Ba^2}{ab^3 + b^4x} - \frac{(-Ab + 2Ba) \log(a + bx)}{b^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)`output `B*x/b**2 + (A*a*b - B*a**2)/(a*b**3 + b**4*x) - (-A*b + 2*B*a)*log(a + b*x)/b**3`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{Ba^2 - Aab}{b^4x + ab^3} + \frac{Bx}{b^2} - \frac{(2Ba - Ab) \log(bx+a)}{b^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{-(B*a^2 - A*a*b)}{(b^4*x + a*b^3)} + B*x/b^2 - (2*B*a - A*b)*\log(b*x + a)/b^3$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{Bx}{b^2} - \frac{(2Ba - Ab) \log(|bx + a|)}{b^3} - \frac{Ba^2 - Aab}{(bx + a)b^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$B*x/b^2 - (2*B*a - A*b)*\log(\text{abs}(b*x + a))/b^3 - (B*a^2 - A*a*b)/((b*x + a)*b^3)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{Bx}{b^2} - \frac{Ba^2 - Aab}{b(xb^3 + ab^2)} + \frac{\ln(a + bx)(Ab - 2Ba)}{b^3}$$

input `int((x*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x),x)`

output
$$(B*x)/b^2 - (B*a^2 - A*a*b)/(b*(a*b^2 + b^3*x)) + (\log(a + b*x)*(A*b - 2*B*a))/b^3$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{-\log(bx + a) a + bx}{b^2}$$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`

output `(- log(a + b*x)*a + b*x)/b**2`

3.256 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2101
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2101
Rubi [A] (verified)	2102
Maple [A] (verified)	2103
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2104
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2104
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2104
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2105
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2105
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2105

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{Ab - aB}{b^2(a + bx)} + \frac{B \log(a + bx)}{b^2}$$

output

```
-(A*b-B*a)/b^2/(b*x+a)+B*ln(b*x+a)/b^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{-Ab + aB}{b^2(a + bx)} + \frac{B \log(a + bx)}{b^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(-(A*b) + a*B)/(b^2*(a + b*x)) + (B*Log[a + b*x])/b^2
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1098, 27, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1098} \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^2(a + bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{Ab - aB}{b(a + bx)^2} + \frac{B}{b(a + bx)} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{B \log(a + bx)}{b^2} - \frac{Ab - aB}{b^2(a + bx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2),x]`

output `-((A*b - a*B)/(b^2*(a + b*x))) + (B*Log[a + b*x])/b^2`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 1098 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{Ab-Ba}{b^2(bx+a)} + \frac{B \ln(bx+a)}{b^2}$	33
norman	$-\frac{Ab-Ba}{b^2(bx+a)} + \frac{B \ln(bx+a)}{b^2}$	33
risch	$-\frac{A}{b(bx+a)} + \frac{Ba}{b^2(bx+a)} + \frac{B \ln(bx+a)}{b^2}$	39
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-B \ln(bx+a)xb - B \ln(bx+a)a + Ab - Ba}{b^2(bx+a)}$	42

input `int((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-(A*b-B*a)/b^2/(b*x+a)+B*ln(b*x+a)/b^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{Ba - Ab + (Bbx + Ba) \log(bx + a)}{b^3x + ab^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(B*a - A*b + (B*b*x + B*a)*log(b*x + a))/(b^3*x + a*b^2)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{B \log(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{-Ab + Ba}{ab^2 + b^3x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)`output `B*log(a + b*x)/b**2 + (-A*b + B*a)/(a*b**2 + b**3*x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{Ba - Ab}{b^3x + ab^2} + \frac{B \log(bx + a)}{b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(B*a - A*b)/(b^3*x + a*b^2) + B*log(b*x + a)/b^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{B \log(|bx + a|)}{b^2} + \frac{Ba - Ab}{(bx + a)b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `B*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^2 + (B*a - A*b)/((b*x + a)*b^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{B \ln(a + bx)}{b^2} - \frac{Ab - Ba}{b^2(a + bx)}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x),x)`output `(B*log(a + b*x))/b^2 - (A*b - B*a)/(b^2*(a + b*x))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{\log(bx + a)}{b}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`output `log(a + b*x)/b`

$$3.257 \quad \int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$$

Optimal result	2106
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2106
Rubi [A] (verified)	2107
Maple [A] (verified)	2108
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2109
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2109
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2109
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2110
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2110
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2110

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{Ab-aB}{ab(a+bx)} + \frac{A \log(x)}{a^2} - \frac{A \log(a+bx)}{a^2}$$

output $(A*b-B*a)/a/b/(b*x+a)+A*\ln(x)/a^2-A*\ln(b*x+a)/a^2$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{\frac{a(Ab-aB)}{b(a+bx)} + A \log(x) - A \log(a+bx)}{a^2}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)),x]`

output $((a*(A*b - a*B))/(b*(a + b*x)) + A*\text{Log}[x] - A*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/a^2$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^2x(a + bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\
 & \int \left(-\frac{Ab}{a^2(a + bx)} + \frac{A}{a^2x} + \frac{aB - Ab}{a(a + bx)^2} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{A \log(a + bx)}{a^2} + \frac{A \log(x)}{a^2} + \frac{Ab - aB}{ab(a + bx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)),x]`

output `(A*b - a*B)/(a*b*(a + b*x)) + (A*Log[x])/a^2 - (A*Log[a + b*x])/a^2`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
norman	$-\frac{(Ab-Ba)x}{a^2(bx+a)} + \frac{A \ln(x)}{a^2} - \frac{A \ln(bx+a)}{a^2}$	42
default	$-\frac{-Ab+Ba}{ab(bx+a)} - \frac{A \ln(bx+a)}{a^2} + \frac{A \ln(x)}{a^2}$	44
risch	$\frac{A}{a(bx+a)} - \frac{B}{(bx+a)b} + \frac{A \ln(-x)}{a^2} - \frac{A \ln(bx+a)}{a^2}$	48
parallelrisch	$\frac{A \ln(x)xb - A \ln(bx+a)xb + aA \ln(x) - A \ln(bx+a)a - Abx + Bax}{a^2(bx+a)}$	54

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-(A*b-B*a)/a^2*x/(b*x+a)+A*ln(x)/a^2-A*ln(b*x+a)/a^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{Ba^2 - Aab + (Ab^2x + Aab)\log(bx + a) - (Ab^2x + Aab)\log(x)}{a^2b^2x + a^3b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-(B*a^2 - A*a*b + (A*b^2*x + A*a*b)*log(b*x + a) - (A*b^2*x + A*a*b)*log(x)) / (a^2*b^2*x + a^3*b)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{A(\log(x) - \log(\frac{a}{b} + x))}{a^2} + \frac{Ab - Ba}{a^2b + ab^2x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)`output `A*(log(x) - log(a/b + x))/a**2 + (A*b - B*a)/(a**2*b + a*b**2*x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{Ba - Ab}{ab^2x + a^2b} - \frac{A\log(bx + a)}{a^2} + \frac{A\log(x)}{a^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(B*a - A*b)/(a*b^2*x + a^2*b) - A*log(b*x + a)/a^2 + A*log(x)/a^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{A \log(|bx + a|)}{a^2} + \frac{A \log(|x|)}{a^2} - \frac{Ba^2 - Aab}{(bx + a)a^2b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-A*log(abs(b*x + a))/a^2 + A*log(abs(x))/a^2 - (B*a^2 - A*a*b)/((b*x + a)*a^2*b)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{Ab - Ba}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{2A \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx}{a} + 1\right)}{a^2}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)),x)`

output `(A*b - B*a)/(a*b*(a + b*x)) - (2*A*atanh((2*b*x)/a + 1))/a^2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{-\log(bx + a) + \log(x)}{a}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`

output `(- log(a + b*x) + log(x))/a`

3.258 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$

Optimal result	2111
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2111
Rubi [A] (verified)	2112
Maple [A] (verified)	2113
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2114
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2114
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2115
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2115
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2116
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2116

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{A}{a^2x} - \frac{Ab-aB}{a^2(a+bx)} - \frac{(2Ab-aB)\log(x)}{a^3} + \frac{(2Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{a^3}$$

output

```
-A/a^2/x-(A*b-B*a)/a^2/(b*x+a)-(2*A*b-B*a)*ln(x)/a^3+(2*A*b-B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{-\frac{aA}{x} + \frac{a(-Ab+aB)}{a+bx} + (-2Ab+aB)\log(x) + (2Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{a^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)),x]
```

output

$$\left(-\frac{(aA)}{x} + \frac{(a(-A*b) + a*B)}{(a + b*x)} + \frac{(-2*A*b + a*B)*\text{Log}[x]}{a^3} + \frac{(2*A*b - a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x]}{a^3} \right)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & b^2 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^2x^2(a + bx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 86 \\ & \int \left(\frac{aB - 2Ab}{a^3x} - \frac{b(aB - 2Ab)}{a^3(a + bx)} - \frac{b(aB - Ab)}{a^2(a + bx)^2} + \frac{A}{a^2x^2} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & -\frac{\log(x)(2Ab - aB)}{a^3} + \frac{(2Ab - aB)\log(a + bx)}{a^3} - \frac{Ab - aB}{a^2(a + bx)} - \frac{A}{a^2x} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)/(x^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)), x]$$

output

$$-\frac{A}{(a^2*x)} - \frac{(A*b - a*B)}{(a^2*(a + b*x))} - \frac{((2*A*b - a*B)*\text{Log}[x])}{a^3} + \frac{((2*A*b - a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])}{a^3}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$\frac{(2Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^3} - \frac{Ab-Ba}{a^2(bx+a)} - \frac{A}{a^2x} + \frac{(-2Ab+Ba)\ln(x)}{a^3}$
norman	$-\frac{A}{a} - \frac{(2b^2A-abB)x}{a^2b} + \frac{(2Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^3} - \frac{(2Ab-Ba)\ln(x)}{a^3}$
risch	$-\frac{(2Ab-Ba)x - \frac{A}{a}}{x(bx+a)} - \frac{2\ln(x)Ab}{a^3} + \frac{B\ln(x)}{a^2} + \frac{2\ln(-bx-a)Ab}{a^3} - \frac{\ln(-bx-a)B}{a^2}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{2A\ln(x)x^2b^3 - 2A\ln(bx+a)x^2b^3 - B\ln(x)x^2ab^2 + B\ln(bx+a)x^2ab^2 + 2A\ln(x)xa b^2 - 2A\ln(bx+a)xa b^2 - B\ln(x)a^2b + B\ln(bx+a)a^2b}{a^3bx(bx+a)}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $(2A^2b - B^2a) \ln(bx+a)/a^3 - (A^2b - B^2a)/a^2/(bx+a) - A/a^2/x + (-2A^2b + B^2a)/a^3 \ln(x)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{Aa^2 - (Ba^2 - 2Aab)x + ((Bab - 2Ab^2)x^2 + (Ba^2 - 2Aab)x) \log(bx + a) - ((Bab - 2Ab^2)x^2 + (Ba^2 - 2Aab)x) \log(x)}{a^3bx^2 + a^4x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-(A^2a^2 - (B^2a^2 - 2A^2ab)x + ((B^2ab - 2A^2b^2)x^2 + (B^2a^2 - 2A^2ab)x) \log(bx + a) - ((B^2ab - 2A^2b^2)x^2 + (B^2a^2 - 2A^2ab)x) \log(x))/(a^3bx^2 + a^4x)$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 128 vs. 2(54) = 108.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{-Aa + x(-2Ab + Ba)}{a^3x + a^2bx^2} + \frac{(-2Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-2Aab + Ba^2 - a(-2Ab + Ba)}{-4Ab^2 + 2Bab}\right)}{a^3} - \frac{(-2Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-2Aab + Ba^2 + a(-2Ab + Ba)}{-4Ab^2 + 2Bab}\right)}{a^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**2/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)`

output

$$\frac{(-Aa + x(-2Ab + Ba))/(a^3x + a^2bx^2) + (-2Ab + Ba)\log(x + (-2Aab + Ba^2 - a(-2Ab + Ba))/(-4Ab^2 + 2Bab))}{a^3} - \frac{(-2Ab + Ba)\log(x + (-2Aab + Ba^2 + a(-2Ab + Ba))/(-4Ab^2 + 2Bab))}{a^3}$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{Aa - (Ba - 2Ab)x}{a^2bx^2 + a^3x} - \frac{(Ba - 2Ab)\log(bx + a)}{a^3} + \frac{(Ba - 2Ab)\log(x)}{a^3}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{-(Aa - (Ba - 2Ab)x)/(a^2bx^2 + a^3x) - (Ba - 2Ab)\log(bx + a)/a^3 + (Ba - 2Ab)\log(x)/a^3}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{(Ba - 2Ab)\log(|x|)}{a^3} + \frac{Bax - 2Abx - Aa}{(bx^2 + ax)a^2} - \frac{(Bab - 2Ab^2)\log(|bx + a|)}{a^3b}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{(Ba - 2Ab)\log(\text{abs}(x))/a^3 + (Bax - 2Abx - Aa)/((bx^2 + ax)a^2)}{1} - \frac{(Bab - 2Ab^2)\log(\text{abs}(bx + a))/(a^3b)}{1}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx}{a} + 1\right) (2Ab - Ba)}{a^3} - \frac{\frac{A}{a} + \frac{x(2Ab - Ba)}{a^2}}{bx^2 + ax}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)),x)`output `(2*atanh((2*b*x)/a + 1)*(2*A*b - B*a))/a^3 - (A/a + (x*(2*A*b - B*a))/a^2)/(a*x + b*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{\log(bx + a) bx - \log(x) bx - a}{a^2x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`output `(log(a + b*x)*b*x - log(x)*b*x - a)/(a**2*x)`

3.259 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$

Optimal result	2117
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2117
Rubi [A] (verified)	2118
Maple [A] (verified)	2119
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2120
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2120
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2121
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2121
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2122
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2122

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{A}{2a^2x^2} + \frac{2Ab-aB}{a^3x} + \frac{b(Ab-aB)}{a^3(a+bx)} + \frac{b(3Ab-2aB)\log(x)}{a^4} - \frac{b(3Ab-2aB)\log(a+bx)}{a^4}$$

output -1/2*A/a^2/x^2+(2*A*b-B*a)/a^3/x+b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/(b*x+a)+b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)*ln(x)/a^4-b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^4

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{-\frac{a(-6Ab^2x^2+a^2(A+2Bx)+abx(-3A+4Bx))}{x^2(a+bx)} + 2b(3Ab-2aB)\log(x) + 2b(-3Ab+2aB)\log(a+bx)}{2a^4}$$

input Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^3*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)),x]

output

$$\left(-\left(a \left(-6Ab^2x^2 + a^2(A + 2Bx) + abx(-3A + 4Bx) \right) \right) / (x^2(a + bx)) + 2b(3Ab - 2aB) \operatorname{Log}[x] + 2b(-3Ab + 2aB) \operatorname{Log}[a + bx] \right) / (2a^4)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & b^2 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^2x^3(a + bx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 86 \\ & \int \left(\frac{b^2(2aB - 3Ab)}{a^4(a + bx)} - \frac{b(2aB - 3Ab)}{a^4x} + \frac{b^2(aB - Ab)}{a^3(a + bx)^2} + \frac{aB - 2Ab}{a^3x^2} + \frac{A}{a^2x^3} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{b \log(x)(3Ab - 2aB)}{a^4} - \frac{b(3Ab - 2aB) \log(a + bx)}{a^4} + \frac{2Ab - aB}{a^3x} + \frac{b(Ab - aB)}{a^3(a + bx)} - \frac{A}{2a^2x^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(A + Bx)/(x^3(a^2 + 2a*b*x + b^2*x^2)), x]$$

output

$$-1/2*A/(a^2*x^2) + (2*A*b - a*B)/(a^3*x) + (b*(A*b - a*B))/(a^3*(a + b*x)) + (b*(3*A*b - 2*a*B)*\operatorname{Log}[x])/a^4 - (b*(3*A*b - 2*a*B)*\operatorname{Log}[a + b*x])/a^4$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F x, (b_)*(G x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
default	$-\frac{b(3Ab-2Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^4} + \frac{b(Ab-Ba)}{a^3(bx+a)} - \frac{A}{2a^2x^2} - \frac{-2Ab+Ba}{xa^3} + \frac{b(3Ab-2Ba)\ln(x)}{a^4}$
norman	$\frac{(3Ab^3-2Bab^2)x^2}{a^3b} - \frac{A}{2a} + \frac{(3Ab-2Ba)x}{2a^2} + \frac{b(3Ab-2Ba)\ln(x)}{a^4} - \frac{b(3Ab-2Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^4}$
risch	$\frac{b(3Ab-2Ba)x^2}{a^3} + \frac{(3Ab-2Ba)x}{2a^2} - \frac{A}{2a} - \frac{3b^2\ln(bx+a)A}{a^4} + \frac{2b\ln(bx+a)B}{a^3} + \frac{3b^2\ln(-x)A}{a^4} - \frac{2b\ln(-x)B}{a^3}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{6A\ln(x)x^3b^3-6A\ln(bx+a)x^3b^3-4B\ln(x)x^3ab^2+4B\ln(bx+a)x^3ab^2+6A\ln(x)x^2ab^2-6A\ln(bx+a)x^2ab^2-6Ab^3x^3-4B\ln(x)}{2a^4x^2(bx+a)}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^3/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^4+b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/(b*x+a)-1/2*A/a^2/x^2-(-2*A
*b+B*a)/x/a^3+b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)*ln(x)/a^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{Aa^3 + 2(2Ba^2b - 3Aab^2)x^2 + (2Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)x - 2((2Bab^2 - 3Ab^3)x^3 + (2Ba^2b - 3Aab^2)x^2) \log(bx + a) - 2((2Bab^2 - 3Ab^3)x^3 + (2Ba^2b - 3Aab^2)x^2) \log(x)}{2(a^4bx^3 + a^5x^2)}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/2*(A*a^3 + 2*(2*B*a^2*b - 3*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + (2*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*x - 2*
((2*B*a*b^2 - 3*A*b^3)*x^3 + (2*B*a^2*b - 3*A*a*b^2)*x^2)*log(b*x + a) + 2
*((2*B*a*b^2 - 3*A*b^3)*x^3 + (2*B*a^2*b - 3*A*a*b^2)*x^2)*log(x))/(a^4*b*
x^3 + a^5*x^2)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 184 vs. 2(80) = 160.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{-Aa^2 + x^2 \cdot (6Ab^2 - 4Bab) + x(3Aab - 2Ba^2)}{2a^4x^2 + 2a^3bx^3} - \frac{b(-3Ab + 2Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-3Aab^2 + 2Ba^2b - ab(-3Ab + 2Ba)}{-6Ab^3 + 4Bab^2}\right)}{a^4} + \frac{b(-3Ab + 2Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-3Aab^2 + 2Ba^2b + ab(-3Ab + 2Ba)}{-6Ab^3 + 4Bab^2}\right)}{a^4}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**3/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-Aa^{**2} + x^{**2}(6A*b^{**2} - 4B*a*b) + x*(3A*a*b - 2B*a^{**2}))/ (2a^{**4}*x^{**2} \\ & + 2a^{**3}*b*x^{**3}) - b*(-3A*b + 2B*a)*\log(x + (-3A*a*b^{**2} + 2B*a^{**2}*b \\ & - a*b*(-3A*b + 2B*a))/(-6A*b^{**3} + 4B*a*b^{**2}))/a^{**4} + b*(-3A*b + 2B*a \\ &)*\log(x + (-3A*a*b^{**2} + 2B*a^{**2}*b + a*b*(-3A*b + 2B*a))/(-6A*b^{**3} + 4 \\ & *B*a*b^{**2}))/a^{**4} \end{aligned}$$
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{Aa^2 + 2(2Bab - 3Ab^2)x^2 + (2Ba^2 - 3Aab)x}{2(a^3bx^3 + a^4x^2)} + \frac{(2Bab - 3Ab^2)\log(bx + a)}{a^4} - \frac{(2Bab - 3Ab^2)\log(x)}{a^4}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/2*(A*a^2 + 2*(2*B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*x^2 + (2*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*x)/(a^3*b*x^3 \\ & + a^4*x^2) + (2*B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*\log(b*x + a)/a^4 - (2*B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)* \\ & \log(x)/a^4 \end{aligned}$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = & -\frac{(2Bab - 3Ab^2)\log(|x|)}{a^4} \\ & + \frac{(2Bab^2 - 3Ab^3)\log(|bx + a|)}{a^4b} \\ & - \frac{Aa^3 + 2(2Ba^2b - 3Aab^2)x^2 + (2Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)x}{2(bx + a)a^4x^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-(2B*ab - 3A*b^2)*\log(\text{abs}(x))/a^4 + (2B*ab^2 - 3A*b^3)*\log(\text{abs}(bx + a))/(a^4*b) - 1/2*(A*a^3 + 2*(2B*a^2*b - 3A*a*b^2))*x^2 + (2B*a^3 - 3A*a^2*b)*x)/((bx + a)*a^4*x^2)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{\frac{x(3Ab-2Ba)}{2a^2} - \frac{A}{2a} + \frac{bx^2(3Ab-2Ba)}{a^3}}{bx^3 + ax^2} - \frac{2b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{b(3Ab-2Ba)(a+2bx)}{a(3Ab^2-2Bab)}\right) (3Ab-2Ba)}{a^4}$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)),x)
```

output

$$((x*(3A*b - 2B*a))/(2*a^2) - A/(2*a) + (b*x^2*(3A*b - 2B*a))/a^3)/(a*x^2 + b*x^3) - (2*b*\operatorname{atanh}((b*(3A*b - 2B*a)*(a + 2*b*x))/(a*(3A*b^2 - 2B*a*b)))*(3A*b - 2B*a))/a^4$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{-2 \log(bx + a) b^2 x^2 + 2 \log(x) b^2 x^2 - a^2 + 2abx}{2a^3 x^2}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^3/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)
```

output

$$(-2*\log(a + b*x)*b**2*x**2 + 2*\log(x)*b**2*x**2 - a**2 + 2*a*b*x)/(2*a**3*x**2)$$

3.260 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$

Optimal result	2123
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2123
Rubi [A] (verified)	2124
Maple [A] (verified)	2125
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2126
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2126
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2127
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2127
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2128
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2128

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{A}{3a^2x^3} + \frac{2Ab-aB}{2a^3x^2} - \frac{b(3Ab-2aB)}{a^4x} - \frac{b^2(Ab-aB)}{a^4(a+bx)} - \frac{b^2(4Ab-3aB)\log(x)}{a^5} + \frac{b^2(4Ab-3aB)\log(a+bx)}{a^5}$$

output `-1/3*A/a^2/x^3+1/2*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^3/x^2-b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^4/x-b^2*(A*b-B*a)/a^4/(b*x+a)-b^2*(4*A*b-3*B*a)*ln(x)/a^5+b^2*(4*A*b-3*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^5`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{-\frac{2a^3A}{x^3} - \frac{3a^2(-2Ab+aB)}{x^2} + \frac{6ab(-3Ab+2aB)}{x} + \frac{6ab^2(-Ab+aB)}{a+bx} + 6b^2(-4Ab+3aB)\log(x) + 6b^2(4Ab-3aB)\log(a+bx)}{6a^5}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^4*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} &((-2*a^3*A)/x^3 - (3*a^2*(-2*A*b + a*B))/x^2 + (6*a*b*(-3*A*b + 2*a*B))/x \\ &+ (6*a*b^2*(-(A*b) + a*B))/(a + b*x) + 6*b^2*(-4*A*b + 3*a*B)*\text{Log}[x] + 6*b \\ &^2*(4*A*b - 3*a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/(6*a^5) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} &\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx \\ &\quad \downarrow 1184 \\ &b^2 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^2x^4(a + bx)^2} dx \\ &\quad \downarrow 27 \\ &\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^2} dx \\ &\quad \downarrow 86 \\ &\int \left(-\frac{b^3(3aB - 4Ab)}{a^5(a + bx)} + \frac{b^2(3aB - 4Ab)}{a^5x} - \frac{b^3(aB - Ab)}{a^4(a + bx)^2} - \frac{b(2aB - 3Ab)}{a^4x^2} + \frac{aB - 2Ab}{a^3x^3} + \frac{A}{a^2x^4} \right) dx \\ &\quad \downarrow 2009 \\ &-\frac{b^2 \log(x)(4Ab - 3aB)}{a^5} + \frac{b^2(4Ab - 3aB) \log(a + bx)}{a^5} - \frac{b^2(Ab - aB)}{a^4(a + bx)} - \frac{b(3Ab - 2aB)}{a^4x} + \\ &\quad \frac{2Ab - aB}{2a^3x^2} - \frac{A}{3a^2x^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)/(x^4*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)), x]$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^4/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b^2*(4*A*b-3*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^5-b^2*(A*b-B*a)/a^4/(b*x+a)-1/3*A/a^2/x^3-1/2*(-2*A*b+B*a)/x^2/a^3-b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^4/x-b^2*(4*A*b-3*B*a)*ln(x)/a^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{2Aa^4 - 6(3Ba^2b^2 - 4Aab^3)x^3 - 3(3Ba^3b - 4Aa^2b^2)x^2 + (3Ba^4 - 4Aa^3b)x + 6((3Bab^3 - 4Ab^4) \log(bx + a) - (3Ba^3b^3 - 4Ab^4) \log(x))}{6(a^5bx^4 + a^6x^3)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(2*A*a^4 - 6*(3*B*a^2*b^2 - 4*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 3*(3*B*a^3*b - 4*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + (3*B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b)*x + 6*((3*B*a*b^3 - 4*A*b^4)*x^4 + (3*B*a^2*b^2 - 4*A*a*b^3)*x^3)*log(b*x + a) - 6*((3*B*a*b^3 - 4*A*b^4)*x^4 + (3*B*a^2*b^2 - 4*A*a*b^3)*x^3)*log(x))/(a^5*b*x^4 + a^6*x^3)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 219 vs. 2(104) = 208.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{-2Aa^3 + x^3(-24Ab^3 + 18Bab^2) + x^2(-12Aab^2 + 9Ba^2b) + x(4Aa^2b - 3Ba^3)}{6a^5x^3 + 6a^4bx^4} + \frac{b^2(-4Ab + 3Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-4Aab^3 + 3Ba^2b^2 - ab^2(-4Ab + 3Ba)}{-8Ab^4 + 6Bab^3}\right)}{a^5} - \frac{b^2(-4Ab + 3Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-4Aab^3 + 3Ba^2b^2 + ab^2(-4Ab + 3Ba)}{-8Ab^4 + 6Bab^3}\right)}{a^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**4/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (-2*A*a**3 + x**3*(-24*A*b**3 + 18*B*a*b**2) + x**2*(-12*A*a*b**2 + 9*B*a* \\ & *2*b) + x*(4*A*a**2*b - 3*B*a**3))/(6*a**5*x**3 + 6*a**4*b*x**4) + b**2*(- \\ & 4*A*b + 3*B*a)*\log(x + (-4*A*a*b**3 + 3*B*a**2*b**2 - a*b**2*(-4*A*b + 3*B \\ & *a)))/(-8*A*b**4 + 6*B*a*b**3))/a**5 - b**2*(-4*A*b + 3*B*a)*\log(x + (-4*A* \\ & a*b**3 + 3*B*a**2*b**2 + a*b**2*(-4*A*b + 3*B*a)))/(-8*A*b**4 + 6*B*a*b**3) \\ &)/a**5 \end{aligned}$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx \\ & = -\frac{2Aa^3 - 6(3Bab^2 - 4Ab^3)x^3 - 3(3Ba^2b - 4Aab^2)x^2 + (3Ba^3 - 4Aa^2b)x}{6(a^4bx^4 + a^5x^3)} \\ & \quad - \frac{(3Bab^2 - 4Ab^3)\log(bx + a)}{a^5} + \frac{(3Bab^2 - 4Ab^3)\log(x)}{a^5} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/6*(2*A*a^3 - 6*(3*B*a*b^2 - 4*A*b^3)*x^3 - 3*(3*B*a^2*b - 4*A*a*b^2)*x^ \\ & 2 + (3*B*a^3 - 4*A*a^2*b)*x)/(a^4*b*x^4 + a^5*x^3) - (3*B*a*b^2 - 4*A*b^3) \\ & * \log(b*x + a)/a^5 + (3*B*a*b^2 - 4*A*b^3)* \log(x)/a^5 \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx \\ & = \frac{(3Bab^2 - 4Ab^3)\log(|x|)}{a^5} - \frac{(3Bab^3 - 4Ab^4)\log(|bx + a|)}{a^5b} \\ & \quad - \frac{2Aa^4 - 6(3Ba^2b^2 - 4Aab^3)x^3 - 3(3Ba^3b - 4Aa^2b^2)x^2 + (3Ba^4 - 4Aa^3b)x}{6(bx + a)a^5x^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $(3*B*a*b^2 - 4*A*b^3)*\log(\text{abs}(x))/a^5 - (3*B*a*b^3 - 4*A*b^4)*\log(\text{abs}(b*x + a))/(a^5*b) - 1/6*(2*A*a^4 - 6*(3*B*a^2*b^2 - 4*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 3*(3*B*a^3*b - 4*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + (3*B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/((b*x + a)*a^5*x^3)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{b^2(4Ab-3Ba)(a+2bx)}{a(4Ab^3-3Bab^2)}\right) (4Ab-3Ba)}{a^5} - \frac{\frac{A}{3a} - \frac{x(4Ab-3Ba)}{6a^2} + \frac{b^2x^3(4Ab-3Ba)}{a^4} + \frac{bx^2(4Ab-3Ba)}{2a^3}}{bx^4 + ax^3}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^4*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)),x)`

output $(2*b^2*\operatorname{atanh}((b^2*(4*A*b - 3*B*a)*(a + 2*b*x))/(a*(4*A*b^3 - 3*B*a*b^2))))*(4*A*b - 3*B*a)/a^5 - (A/(3*a) - (x*(4*A*b - 3*B*a))/(6*a^2) + (b^2*x^3*(4*A*b - 3*B*a))/a^4 + (b*x^2*(4*A*b - 3*B*a))/(2*a^3))/(a*x^3 + b*x^4)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{6 \log(bx + a) b^3 x^3 - 6 \log(x) b^3 x^3 - 2a^3 + 3a^2 bx - 6a b^2 x^2}{6a^4 x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^4/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`

output $(6*\log(a + b*x)*b**3*x**3 - 6*\log(x)*b**3*x**3 - 2*a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x - 6*a*b**2*x**2)/(6*a**4*x**3)$

3.261 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$

Optimal result	2129
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2129
Rubi [A] (verified)	2130
Maple [A] (verified)	2131
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2132
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2132
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2133
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2133
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2134
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2134

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{A}{4a^2x^4} + \frac{2Ab-aB}{3a^3x^3} - \frac{b(3Ab-2aB)}{2a^4x^2} + \frac{b^2(4Ab-3aB)}{a^5x} + \frac{b^3(Ab-aB)}{a^5(a+bx)} + \frac{b^3(5Ab-4aB)\log(x)}{a^6} - \frac{b^3(5Ab-4aB)\log(a+bx)}{a^6}$$

output

```
-1/4*A/a^2/x^4+1/3*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^3/x^3-1/2*b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^4/x^2+b^2*(4*A*b-3*B*a)/a^5/x+b^3*(A*b-B*a)/a^5/(b*x+a)+b^3*(5*A*b-4*B*a)*ln(x)/a^6-b^3*(5*A*b-4*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{a(60Ab^4x^4+6ab^3x^3(5A-8Bx)-a^4(3A+4Bx)+a^3bx(5A+8Bx)-2a^2b^2x^2(5A+12Bx))}{x^4(a+bx)} + 12b^3(5Ab-4aB)\log(x) + 12b^3(-5A$$

12a⁶

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^5*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)),x]`

output `((a*(60*A*b^4*x^4 + 6*a*b^3*x^3*(5*A - 8*B*x) - a^4*(3*A + 4*B*x) + a^3*b*x*(5*A + 8*B*x) - 2*a^2*b^2*x^2*(5*A + 12*B*x)))/(x^4*(a + b*x)) + 12*b^3*(5*A*b - 4*a*B)*Log[x] + 12*b^3*(-5*A*b + 4*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/(12*a^6)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$b^2 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^2x^5(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(\frac{b^4(4aB - 5Ab)}{a^6(a + bx)} - \frac{b^3(4aB - 5Ab)}{a^6x} + \frac{b^4(aB - Ab)}{a^5(a + bx)^2} + \frac{b^2(3aB - 4Ab)}{a^5x^2} - \frac{b(2aB - 3Ab)}{a^4x^3} + \frac{aB - 2Ab}{a^3x^4} + \frac{A}{a^2x^5} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{b^3 \log(x)(5Ab - 4aB)}{a^6} - \frac{b^3(5Ab - 4aB) \log(a + bx)}{a^6} + \frac{b^3(Ab - aB)}{a^5(a + bx)} + \frac{b^2(4Ab - 3aB)}{a^5x} - \frac{b(3Ab - 2aB)}{2a^4x^2} + \frac{2Ab - aB}{3a^3x^3} - \frac{A}{4a^2x^4}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^5*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)),x]`

output

$$-1/4*A/(a^2*x^4) + (2*A*b - a*B)/(3*a^3*x^3) - (b*(3*A*b - 2*a*B))/(2*a^4*x^2) + (b^2*(4*A*b - 3*a*B))/(a^5*x) + (b^3*(A*b - a*B))/(a^5*(a + b*x)) + (b^3*(5*A*b - 4*a*B)*Log[x])/a^6 - (b^3*(5*A*b - 4*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/a^6$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 86

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
default	$-\frac{b^3(5Ab-4Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^6} + \frac{b^3(Ab-Ba)}{a^5(bx+a)} - \frac{A}{4a^2x^4} - \frac{-2Ab+Ba}{3x^3a^3} - \frac{b(3Ab-2Ba)}{2a^4x^2} + \frac{b^3(5Ab-4Ba)\ln(x)}{a^6} + \frac{b^2(4Ab-3Aa)}{a^5}$
norman	$\frac{(5Ab^5-4Bab^4)x^4}{a^5b} - \frac{A}{4a} + \frac{(5Ab-4Ba)x}{12a^2} - \frac{b(5Ab-4Ba)x^2}{6a^3} + \frac{b^2(5Ab-4Ba)x^3}{2a^4} + \frac{b^3(5Ab-4Ba)\ln(x)}{a^6} - \frac{b^3(5Ab-4Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^6}$
risch	$\frac{b^3(5Ab-4Ba)x^4}{a^5} + \frac{b^2(5Ab-4Ba)x^3}{2a^4} - \frac{b(5Ab-4Ba)x^2}{6a^3} + \frac{(5Ab-4Ba)x}{12a^2} - \frac{A}{4a} - \frac{5b^4\ln(bx+a)A}{a^6} + \frac{4b^3\ln(bx+a)B}{a^5} + \frac{5b^4\ln(-x)A}{a^6}$
parallelrisc	$60A\ln(x)x^5b^6 - 60A\ln(bx+a)x^5b^6 - 48B\ln(x)x^5ab^5 + 48B\ln(bx+a)x^5ab^5 + 60A\ln(x)x^4ab^5 - 60A\ln(bx+a)x^4ab^5 - 48B\ln(x)$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^5/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-b^3*(5*A*b-4*B*a)*\ln(b*x+a)/a^6+b^3*(A*b-B*a)/a^5/(b*x+a)-1/4*A/a^2/x^4-1/3*(-2*A*b+B*a)/x^3/a^3-1/2*b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^4/x^2+b^3*(5*A*b-4*B*a)*\ln(x)/a^6+b^2*(4*A*b-3*B*a)/a^5/x$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{3Aa^5 + 12(4Ba^2b^3 - 5Aab^4)x^4 + 6(4Ba^3b^2 - 5Aa^2b^3)x^3 - 2(4Ba^4b - 5Aa^3b^2)x^2 + (4Ba^5 - 5Aa^4b)x + 6Aa^6}{12a^6x^5 + a^7x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^5/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/12*(3*A*a^5 + 12*(4*B*a^2*b^3 - 5*A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 6*(4*B*a^3*b^2 - 5*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 - 2*(4*B*a^4*b - 5*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + (4*B*a^5 - 5*A*a^4*b)*x - 12*((4*B*a*b^4 - 5*A*b^5)*x^5 + (4*B*a^2*b^3 - 5*A*a*b^4)*x^4)*\log(b*x + a) + 12*((4*B*a*b^4 - 5*A*b^5)*x^5 + (4*B*a^2*b^3 - 5*A*a*b^4)*x^4)*\log(x) / (a^6*b*x^5 + a^7*x^4)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{-3Aa^4 + x^4 \cdot (60Ab^4 - 48Bab^3) + x^3 \cdot (30Aab^3 - 24Ba^2b^2) + x^2(-10Aa^2b^2 + 8Ba^3b) + x(5Aa^3b - 4Ba^4) + 6Aa^6}{12a^6x^4 + 12a^5bx^5} - \frac{b^3(-5Ab + 4Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-5Aab^4 + 4Ba^2b^3 - ab^3(-5Ab + 4Ba)}{-10Ab^5 + 8Bab^4}\right)}{a^6} + \frac{b^3(-5Ab + 4Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-5Aab^4 + 4Ba^2b^3 + ab^3(-5Ab + 4Ba)}{-10Ab^5 + 8Bab^4}\right)}{a^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**5/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)`

output
$$\frac{(-3Aa^{**4} + x^{**4}(60Ab^{**4} - 48B^2a^2b^{**3}) + x^{**3}(30A^2ab^{**3} - 24B^2a^{**2}b^{**2}) + x^{**2}(-10A^2a^{**2}b^{**2} + 8B^2a^{**3}b) + x(5A^2a^{**3}b - 4B^2a^{**4}))}{(12a^{**6}x^{**4} + 12a^{**5}b^2x^{**5}) - b^{**3}(-5Ab + 4B^2a) \log(x + (-5A^2a^{**4} + 4B^2a^{**2}b^{**3} - a^2b^{**3}(-5Ab + 4B^2a)))/(-10A^2b^{**5} + 8B^2a^2b^{**4})} / \frac{a^{**6} + b^{**3}(-5Ab + 4B^2a) \log(x + (-5A^2a^2b^{**4} + 4B^2a^{**2}b^{**3} + a^2b^{**3}(-5Ab + 4B^2a)))/(-10A^2b^{**5} + 8B^2a^2b^{**4})}{a^{**6}}$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{3Aa^4 + 12(4Bab^3 - 5Ab^4)x^4 + 6(4Ba^2b^2 - 5Aab^3)x^3 - 2(4Ba^3b - 5Aa^2b^2)x^2 + (4Ba^4 - 5Aa^3b)}{12(a^5bx^5 + a^6x^4)} + \frac{(4Bab^3 - 5Ab^4) \log(bx + a)}{a^6} - \frac{(4Bab^3 - 5Ab^4) \log(x)}{a^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^5/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/12*(3Aa^4 + 12*(4B^2a^2b^3 - 5A^2ab^4)*x^4 + 6*(4B^2a^2b^2 - 5A^2a^2b^3)*x^3 - 2*(4B^2a^3b - 5A^2a^2b^2)*x^2 + (4B^2a^4 - 5A^2a^3b)*x)/(a^5*b*x^5 + a^6*x^4) + (4B^2a^2b^3 - 5A^2ab^4)*\log(b*x + a)/a^6 - (4B^2a^2b^3 - 5A^2ab^4)*\log(x)/a^6$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{(4Bab^3 - 5Ab^4) \log(|x|)}{a^6} + \frac{(4Bab^4 - 5Ab^5) \log(|bx + a|)}{a^6b} - \frac{3Aa^5 + 12(4Ba^2b^3 - 5Aab^4)x^4 + 6(4Ba^3b^2 - 5Aa^2b^3)x^3 - 2(4Ba^4b - 5Aa^3b^2)x^2 + (4Ba^5 - 5Aa^4b)}{12(bx + a)a^6x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^5/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-(4*B*a*b^3 - 5*A*b^4)*\log(\text{abs}(x))/a^6 + (4*B*a*b^4 - 5*A*b^5)*\log(\text{abs}(b*x + a))/(a^6*b) - 1/12*(3*A*a^5 + 12*(4*B*a^2*b^3 - 5*A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 6*(4*B*a^3*b^2 - 5*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 - 2*(4*B*a^4*b - 5*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + (4*B*a^5 - 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/((b*x + a)*a^6*x^4)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{x(5Ab-4Ba)}{12a^2} - \frac{A}{4a} + \frac{b^2x^3(5Ab-4Ba)}{2a^4} + \frac{b^3x^4(5Ab-4Ba)}{a^5} - \frac{bx^2(5Ab-4Ba)}{6a^3}}{bx^5 + ax^4} - \frac{2b^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{b^3(5Ab-4Ba)(a+2bx)}{a(5Ab^4-4Bab^3)}\right) (5Ab-4Ba)}{a^6}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)),x)`

output
$$\left(\frac{(x*(5*A*b - 4*B*a))/(12*a^2) - A/(4*a) + (b^2*x^3*(5*A*b - 4*B*a))/(2*a^4)}{a^6} + \frac{(b^3*x^4*(5*A*b - 4*B*a))/a^5 - (b*x^2*(5*A*b - 4*B*a))/(6*a^3)}{a^6} - \frac{(2*b^3*\operatorname{atanh}((b^3*(5*A*b - 4*B*a)*(a + 2*b*x))/(a*(5*A*b^4 - 4*B*a*b^3)))*(5*A*b - 4*B*a))/a^6}{a^6}\right)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12 \log(bx + a) b^4 x^4 + 12 \log(x) b^4 x^4 - 3a^4 + 4a^3 bx - 6a^2 b^2 x^2 + 12a b^3 x^3}{12a^5 x^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^5/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`

output
$$\frac{(-12 \log(a + bx) b^4 x^4 + 12 \log(x) b^4 x^4 - 3a^4 + 4a^3 b x - 6a^2 b^2 x^2 + 12 a b^3 x^3)}{12 a^5 x^4}$$

3.262 $\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2136
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2136
Rubi [A] (verified)	2137
Maple [A] (verified)	2139
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2139
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2140
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2140
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2141
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2141
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2142

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{2a(2Ab-5aB)x}{b^6} + \frac{(Ab-4aB)x^2}{2b^5} + \frac{Bx^3}{3b^4} + \frac{a^5(Ab-aB)}{3b^7(a+bx)^3} - \frac{a^4(5Ab-6aB)}{2b^7(a+bx)^2} + \frac{5a^3(2Ab-3aB)}{b^7(a+bx)} + \frac{10a^2(Ab-2aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^7}$$

output

```
-2*a*(2*A*b-5*B*a)*x/b^6+1/2*(A*b-4*B*a)*x^2/b^5+1/3*B*x^3/b^4+1/3*a^5*(A*b-B*a)/b^7/(b*x+a)^3-1/2*a^4*(5*A*b-6*B*a)/b^7/(b*x+a)^2+5*a^3*(2*A*b-3*B*a)/b^7/(b*x+a)+10*a^2*(A*b-2*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{-74a^6B + a^5b(47A - 102Bx) + b^6x^5(3A + 2Bx) - 3ab^5x^4(5A + 2Bx) + 3a^2b^4x^3(-21A + 10Bx) + 3a^2b^4x^3(-21A + 10Bx) + 3a^2b^4x^3(-21A + 10Bx) + 3a^2b^4x^3(-21A + 10Bx)}{6b^7(a+bx)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(x^5*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output $(-74*a^6*B + a^5*b*(47*A - 102*B*x) + b^6*x^5*(3*A + 2*B*x) - 3*a*b^5*x^4*(5*A + 2*B*x) + 3*a^2*b^4*x^3*(-21*A + 10*B*x) + 3*a^4*b^2*x*(27*A + 26*B*x) + a^3*b^3*x^2*(-9*A + 146*B*x) - 60*a^2*(-(A*b) + 2*a*B)*(a + b*x)^3 \operatorname{Log}[a + b*x]) / (6*b^7*(a + b*x)^3)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$b^4 \int \frac{x^5(A + Bx)}{b^4(a + bx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{x^5(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^5(aB - Ab)}{b^6(a + bx)^4} - \frac{a^4(6aB - 5Ab)}{b^6(a + bx)^3} + \frac{5a^3(3aB - 2Ab)}{b^6(a + bx)^2} - \frac{10a^2(2aB - Ab)}{b^6(a + bx)} + \frac{2a(5aB - 2Ab)}{b^6} + \frac{x(Ab - 4aB)}{b^5} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^5(Ab - aB)}{3b^7(a + bx)^3} - \frac{a^4(5Ab - 6aB)}{2b^7(a + bx)^2} + \frac{5a^3(2Ab - 3aB)}{b^7(a + bx)} + \frac{10a^2(Ab - 2aB) \log(a + bx)}{b^7} - \frac{2ax(2Ab - 5aB)}{b^6} + \frac{x^2(Ab - 4aB)}{2b^5} + \frac{Bx^3}{3b^4}$$

input `Int[(x^5*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(-2*a*(2*A*b - 5*a*B)*x)/b^6 + ((A*b - 4*a*B)*x^2)/(2*b^5) + (B*x^3)/(3*b^4) + (a^5*(A*b - a*B))/(3*b^7*(a + b*x)^3) - (a^4*(5*A*b - 6*a*B))/(2*b^7*(a + b*x)^2) + (5*a^3*(2*A*b - 3*a*B))/(b^7*(a + b*x)) + (10*a^2*(A*b - 2*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^7`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$-\frac{\frac{1}{3}x^3 B b^2 - \frac{1}{2}x^2 b^2 A + 2Ba x^2 b + 4abAx - 10a^2 Bx}{b^6} + \frac{a^5(Ab - Ba)}{3b^7(bx+a)^3} + \frac{5a^3(2Ab - 3Ba)}{b^7(bx+a)} + \frac{10a^2(Ab - 2Ba) \ln(bx+a)}{b^7} - \frac{a}{b^7}$
norman	$\frac{Bx^6}{3b} + \frac{a^3(55Aa^2b - 110Ba^3)}{3b^7} + \frac{(Ab - 2Ba)x^5}{2b^2} - \frac{5a(Ab - 2Ba)x^4}{2b^3} + \frac{3a(10Aa^2b - 20Ba^3)x^2}{b^5} + \frac{3a^2(15Aa^2b - 30Ba^3)x}{b^6} + \frac{10a^2(Ab - 2Ba) \ln(bx+a)}{b^7}$
risch	$\frac{Bx^3}{3b^4} + \frac{x^2A}{2b^4} - \frac{2Ba x^2}{b^5} - \frac{4aAx}{b^5} + \frac{10a^2 Bx}{b^6} + \frac{(10a^3 A b^2 - 15B a^4 b)x^2 + \frac{a^4(35Ab - 54Ba)x}{2} + \frac{a^5(47Ab - 74Ba)}{6b}}{b^6(bx+a)(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)} + \frac{10a^2 \ln(bx+a)}{b^7}$
paralelrisch	$\frac{2b^6 B x^6 + 3A b^6 x^5 - 6Ba b^5 x^5 + 60A \ln(bx+a)x^3 a^2 b^4 - 15Aa b^5 x^4 - 120B \ln(bx+a)x^3 a^3 b^3 + 30B a^2 b^4 x^4 + 180A \ln(bx+a)x^2 a^3 b^3}{b^7}$

```
input int(x^5*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/b^6*(-1/3*x^3*B*b^2-1/2*x^2*b^2*A+2*B*a*x^2*b+4*a*b*A*x-10*a^2*B*x)+1/3*a^5*(A*b-B*a)/b^7/(b*x+a)^3+5*a^3*(2*A*b-3*B*a)/b^7/(b*x+a)+10*a^2*(A*b-2*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^7-1/2*a^4*(5*A*b-6*B*a)/b^7/(b*x+a)^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{x^5(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 B b^6 x^6 - 74 B a^6 + 47 A a^5 b - 3 (2 B a b^5 - A b^6) x^5 + 15 (2 B a^2 b^4 - A a b^5) x^4 + (146 B a^3 b^3 - 63 A a^2 b^4) x^3 - 3 (2 B a^4 b^2 - 3 A a^3 b^3) x^2 - 3 (34 B a^5 b - 27 A a^4 b^2) x - 60 (2 B a^6 - A a^5 b + (2 B a^3 b^3 - A a^2 b^4) x^3 + 3 (2 B a^4 b^2 - A a^3 b^3) x^2 + 3 (2 B a^5 b - A a^4 b^2) x) \log(bx + a)}{(b^10 x^3 + 3 a^3 b^9 x^2 + 3 a^2 b^8 x + a^3 b^7)}$$

```
input integrate(x^5*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/6*(2*B*b^6*x^6 - 74*B*a^6 + 47*A*a^5*b - 3*(2*B*a*b^5 - A*b^6)*x^5 + 15*(2*B*a^2*b^4 - A*a*b^5)*x^4 + (146*B*a^3*b^3 - 63*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 3*(26*B*a^4*b^2 - 3*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 - 3*(34*B*a^5*b - 27*A*a^4*b^2)*x - 60*(2*B*a^6 - A*a^5*b + (2*B*a^3*b^3 - A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 3*(2*B*a^4*b^2 - A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 3*(2*B*a^5*b - A*a^4*b^2)*x)*log(b*x + a))/(b^10*x^3 + 3*a^3*b^9*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^8*x + a^3*b^7)
```


Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bx^3}{3b^4} - \frac{10a^2(-Ab+2Ba)\log(a+bx)}{b^7} + x^2\left(\frac{A}{2b^4} - \frac{2Ba}{b^5}\right) + x\left(-\frac{4Aa}{b^5} + \frac{10Ba^2}{b^6}\right)$$

$$+ \frac{47Aa^5b - 74Ba^6 + x^2 \cdot (60Aa^3b^3 - 90Ba^4b^2) + x(105Aa^4b^2 - 162Ba^5b)}{6a^3b^7 + 18a^2b^8x + 18ab^9x^2 + 6b^{10}x^3}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)`output `B*x**3/(3*b**4) - 10*a**2*(-A*b + 2*B*a)*log(a + b*x)/b**7 + x**2*(A/(2*b**4) - 2*B*a/b**5) + x*(-4*A*a/b**5 + 10*B*a**2/b**6) + (47*A*a**5*b - 74*B*a**6 + x**2*(60*A*a**3*b**3 - 90*B*a**4*b**2) + x*(105*A*a**4*b**2 - 162*B*a**5*b))/(6*a**3*b**7 + 18*a**2*b**8*x + 18*a*b**9*x**2 + 6*b**10*x**3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{74Ba^6 - 47Aa^5b + 30(3Ba^4b^2 - 2Aa^3b^3)x^2 + 3(54Ba^5b - 35Aa^4b^2)x}{6(b^{10}x^3 + 3ab^9x^2 + 3a^2b^8x + a^3b^7)}$$

$$+ \frac{2Bb^2x^3 - 3(4Bab - Ab^2)x^2 + 12(5Ba^2 - 2Aab)x}{6b^6}$$

$$- \frac{10(2Ba^3 - Aa^2b)\log(bx+a)}{b^7}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*(74*B*a^6 - 47*A*a^5*b + 30*(3*B*a^4*b^2 - 2*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 3*(54*B*a^5*b - 35*A*a^4*b^2)*x)/(b^10*x^3 + 3*a*b^9*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^8*x + a^3*b^7) + 1/6*(2*B*b^2*x^3 - 3*(4*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^2 + 12*(5*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*x)/b^6 - 10*(2*B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*log(b*x + a)/b^7`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{10(2Ba^3 - Aa^2b) \log(|bx+a|)}{b^7} - \frac{74Ba^6 - 47Aa^5b + 30(3Ba^4b^2 - 2Aa^3b^3)x^2 + 3(54Ba^5b - 35Aa^4b^2)x}{6(bx+a)^3b^7} + \frac{2Bb^8x^3 - 12Bab^7x^2 + 3Ab^8x^2 + 60Ba^2b^6x - 24Aab^7x}{6b^{12}}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-10*(2*B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^7 - 1/6*(74*B*a^6 - 47*A*a^5*b + 30*(3*B*a^4*b^2 - 2*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 3*(54*B*a^5*b - 35*A*a^4*b^2)*x)/(b*x + a)^3*b^7) + 1/6*(2*B*b^8*x^3 - 12*B*a*b^7*x^2 + 3*A*b^8*x^2 + 60*B*a^2*b^6*x - 24*A*a*b^7*x)/b^12`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= x^2 \left(\frac{A}{2b^4} - \frac{2Ba}{b^5} \right) - \frac{x \left(27Ba^5 - \frac{35Aa^4b}{2} \right) - x^2 (10Aa^3b^2 - 15Ba^4b) + \frac{74Ba^6 - 47Aa^5b}{6b}}{a^3b^6 + 3a^2b^7x + 3ab^8x^2 + b^9x^3} - x \left(\frac{4a \left(\frac{A}{b^4} - \frac{4Ba}{b^5} \right)}{b} + \frac{6Ba^2}{b^6} \right) - \frac{\ln(a+bx) (20Ba^3 - 10Aa^2b)}{b^7} + \frac{Bx^3}{3b^4}$$

input `int((x^5*(A+B*x))/(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^2,x)`

output

```
x^2*(A/(2*b^4) - (2*B*a)/b^5) - (x*(27*B*a^5 - (35*A*a^4*b)/2) - x^2*(10*A
*a^3*b^2 - 15*B*a^4*b) + (74*B*a^6 - 47*A*a^5*b)/(6*b))/(a^3*b^6 + b^9*x^3
+ 3*a^2*b^7*x + 3*a*b^8*x^2) - x*((4*a*(A/b^4 - (4*B*a)/b^5))/b + (6*B*a^
2)/b^6) - (log(a + b*x)*(20*B*a^3 - 10*A*a^2*b))/b^7 + (B*x^3)/(3*b^4)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{x^5(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-60 \log(bx + a) a^5 - 120 \log(bx + a) a^4 bx - 60 \log(bx + a) a^3 b^2 x^2 - 30 a^5 + 60 a^3 b^2 x^2 + 20 a^2 b^3 x^3 - 5 a b^4 x^4 + 2 b^5 x^5}{6 b^6 (b^2 x^2 + 2 a b x + a^2)}$$

input

```
int(x^5*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 60*log(a + b*x)*a**5 - 120*log(a + b*x)*a**4*b*x - 60*log(a + b*x)*a**
3*b**2*x**2 - 30*a**5 + 60*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 20*a**2*b**3*x**3 - 5*a*b**4*x
**4 + 2*b**5*x**5)/(6*b**6*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))
```

3.263 $\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2143
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2143
Rubi [A] (verified)	2144
Maple [A] (verified)	2145
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2146
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2146
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2147
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2147
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2148
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2148

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(Ab-4aB)x}{b^5} + \frac{Bx^2}{2b^4} - \frac{a^4(Ab-aB)}{3b^6(a+bx)^3} + \frac{a^3(4Ab-5aB)}{2b^6(a+bx)^2} - \frac{2a^2(3Ab-5aB)}{b^6(a+bx)} - \frac{2a(2Ab-5aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^6}$$

output

```
(A*b-4*B*a)*x/b^5+1/2*B*x^2/b^4-1/3*a^4*(A*b-B*a)/b^6/(b*x+a)^3+1/2*a^3*(4
*A*b-5*B*a)/b^6/(b*x+a)^2-2*a^2*(3*A*b-5*B*a)/b^6/(b*x+a)-2*a*(2*A*b-5*B*a
)*ln(b*x+a)/b^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(Ab-4aB)x}{b^5} + \frac{Bx^2}{2b^4} + \frac{-a^4Ab+a^5B}{3b^6(a+bx)^3} + \frac{4a^3Ab-5a^4B}{2b^6(a+bx)^2} + \frac{2(-3a^2Ab+5a^3B)}{b^6(a+bx)} + \frac{2(-2aAb+5a^2B)\log(a+bx)}{b^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^4*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{((A*b - 4*a*B)*x)/b^5 + (B*x^2)/(2*b^4) + (-a^4*A*b) + a^5*B)/(3*b^6*(a + b*x)^3) + (4*a^3*A*b - 5*a^4*B)/(2*b^6*(a + b*x)^2) + (2*(-3*a^2*A*b + 5*a^3*B))/(b^6*(a + b*x)) + (2*(-2*a*A*b + 5*a^2*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^6$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$b^4 \int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{b^4(a + bx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^4(aB - Ab)}{b^5(a + bx)^4} + \frac{a^3(5aB - 4Ab)}{b^5(a + bx)^3} - \frac{2a^2(5aB - 3Ab)}{b^5(a + bx)^2} + \frac{2a(5aB - 2Ab)}{b^5(a + bx)} + \frac{Ab - 4aB}{b^5} + \frac{Bx}{b^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{a^4(Ab - aB)}{3b^6(a + bx)^3} + \frac{a^3(4Ab - 5aB)}{2b^6(a + bx)^2} - \frac{2a^2(3Ab - 5aB)}{b^6(a + bx)} - \frac{2a(2Ab - 5aB) \log(a + bx)}{b^6} + \frac{x(Ab - 4aB)}{b^5} + \frac{Bx^2}{2b^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^4*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2, x]$$

```
output ((A*b - 4*a*B)*x)/b^5 + (B*x^2)/(2*b^4) - (a^4*(A*b - a*B))/(3*b^6*(a + b*x)^3) + (a^3*(4*A*b - 5*a*B))/(2*b^6*(a + b*x)^2) - (2*a^2*(3*A*b - 5*a*B))/(b^6*(a + b*x)) - (2*a*(2*A*b - 5*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^6
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 86 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))
```

```
rule 1184 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
default	$\frac{1}{2}Bbx^2 + Abx - 4Bax}{b^5} - \frac{a^4(Ab - Ba)}{3b^6(bx + a)^3} - \frac{2a^2(3Ab - 5Ba)}{b^6(bx + a)} - \frac{2a(2Ab - 5Ba)\ln(bx + a)}{b^6} + \frac{a^3(4Ab - 5Ba)}{2b^6(bx + a)^2}$
norman	$\frac{Bx^5}{2b} - \frac{a^3(22abA - 55a^2B)}{3b^6} + \frac{(2Ab - 5Ba)x^4}{2b^2} - \frac{3a(4abA - 10a^2B)x^2}{b^4} - \frac{3a^2(6abA - 15a^2B)x}{b^5} - \frac{2a(2Ab - 5Ba)\ln(bx + a)}{b^6}$
risch	$\frac{Bx^2}{2b^4} + \frac{Ax}{b^4} - \frac{4Bax}{b^5} + \frac{(-6a^2Ab^2 + 10Ba^3b)x^2 - 5a^3(4Ab - 7Ba)x - a^4(26Ab - 47Ba)}{b^5(bx + a)(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)} - \frac{4a\ln(bx + a)A}{b^5} + \frac{10a^2\ln(bx + a)}{b^6}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{3Bx^5b^5 + 24A\ln(bx + a)x^3ab^4 - 6Ab^5x^4 - 60B\ln(bx + a)x^3a^2b^3 + 15Bab^4x^4 + 72A\ln(bx + a)x^2a^2b^3 - 180B\ln(bx + a)x^2a^3}{b^6}$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{b^5} \left(\frac{1}{2} B b x^2 + A b x - 4 B a x \right) - \frac{1}{3} a^4 \frac{(A b - B a)}{b^6} \frac{1}{(b x + a)^3} - 2 a^2 \frac{(3 A b - 5 B a)}{b^6} \frac{1}{(b x + a)} - 2 a \frac{(2 A b - 5 B a) \ln(b x + a)}{b^6} + \frac{1}{2} a^3 \frac{(4 A b - 5 B a)}{b^6} \frac{1}{(b x + a)^2}$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 B b^5 x^5 + 47 B a^5 - 26 A a^4 b - 3(5 B a b^4 - 2 A b^5)x^4 - 9(7 B a^2 b^3 - 2 A a b^4)x^3 - 9(B a^3 b^2 + 2 A a^2 b^3)x^2}{6}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{6} \left(3 B b^5 x^5 + 47 B a^5 - 26 A a^4 b - 3(5 B a b^4 - 2 A b^5) x^4 - 9(7 B a^2 b^3 - 2 A a b^4) x^3 - 9(B a^3 b^2 + 2 A a^2 b^3) x^2 + 27(3 B a^4 b - 2 A a^3 b^2) x + 12(5 B a^5 - 2 A a^4 b + (5 B a^2 b^3 - 2 A a b^4) x^3 + 3(5 B a^3 b^2 - 2 A a^2 b^3) x^2 + 3(5 B a^4 b - 2 A a^3 b^2) x \right) \log(b x + a) / (b^9 x^3 + 3 a b^8 x^2 + 3 a^2 b^7 x + a^3 b^6)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{B x^2}{2 b^4} + \frac{2 a(-2 A b + 5 B a) \log(a + b x)}{b^6} + x \left(\frac{A}{b^4} - \frac{4 B a}{b^5} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{-26 A a^4 b + 47 B a^5 + x^2(-36 A a^2 b^3 + 60 B a^3 b^2) + x(-60 A a^3 b^2 + 105 B a^4 b)}{6 a^3 b^6 + 18 a^2 b^7 x + 18 a b^8 x^2 + 6 b^9 x^3}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)`

output

```
B*x**2/(2*b**4) + 2*a*(-2*A*b + 5*B*a)*log(a + b*x)/b**6 + x*(A/b**4 - 4*B
*a/b**5) + (-26*A*a**4*b + 47*B*a**5 + x**2*(-36*A*a**2*b**3 + 60*B*a**3*b
**2) + x*(-60*A*a**3*b**2 + 105*B*a**4*b))/(6*a**3*b**6 + 18*a**2*b**7*x +
18*a*b**8*x**2 + 6*b**9*x**3)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{47Ba^5 - 26Aa^4b + 12(5Ba^3b^2 - 3Aa^2b^3)x^2 + 15(7Ba^4b - 4Aa^3b^2)x}{6(b^9x^3 + 3ab^8x^2 + 3a^2b^7x + a^3b^6)} + \frac{Bbx^2 - 2(4Ba - Ab)x}{2b^5} + \frac{2(5Ba^2 - 2Aab)\log(bx + a)}{b^6}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/6*(47*B*a^5 - 26*A*a^4*b + 12*(5*B*a^3*b^2 - 3*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 15*(7*B*
a^4*b - 4*A*a^3*b^2)*x)/(b^9*x^3 + 3*a*b^8*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^7*x + a^3*b^6) +
1/2*(B*b*x^2 - 2*(4*B*a - A*b)*x)/b^5 + 2*(5*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*log(b*x + a)
/b^6
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(5Ba^2 - 2Aab)\log(|bx + a|)}{b^6} + \frac{Bb^4x^2 - 8Bab^3x + 2Ab^4x}{2b^8} + \frac{47Ba^5 - 26Aa^4b + 12(5Ba^3b^2 - 3Aa^2b^3)x^2 + 15(7Ba^4b - 4Aa^3b^2)x}{6(bx + a)^3b^6}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```


output

$$2*(5*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*\log(\text{abs}(b*x + a))/b^6 + 1/2*(B*b^4*x^2 - 8*B*a*b^3*x + 2*A*b^4*x)/b^8 + 1/6*(47*B*a^5 - 26*A*a^4*b + 12*(5*B*a^3*b^2 - 3*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 15*(7*B*a^4*b - 4*A*a^3*b^2)*x)/((b*x + a)^3*b^6)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= x \left(\frac{A}{b^4} - \frac{4Ba}{b^5} \right) + \frac{x \left(\frac{35Ba^4}{2} - 10Aa^3b \right) - x^2 (6Aa^2b^2 - 10Ba^3b) + \frac{47Ba^5 - 26Aa^4b}{6b}}{a^3b^5 + 3a^2b^6x + 3ab^7x^2 + b^8x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{Bx^2}{2b^4} + \frac{\ln(a + bx) (10Ba^2 - 4Aab)}{b^6}$$

input

$$\text{int}((x^4*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2, x)$$

output

$$x*(A/b^4 - (4*B*a)/b^5) + (x*((35*B*a^4)/2 - 10*A*a^3*b) - x^2*(6*A*a^2*b^2 - 10*B*a^3*b) + (47*B*a^5 - 26*A*a^4*b)/(6*b))/(a^3*b^5 + b^8*x^3 + 3*a^2*b^6*x + 3*a*b^7*x^2) + (B*x^2)/(2*b^4) + (\log(a + b*x)*(10*B*a^2 - 4*A*a*b))/b^6$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 \log(bx + a) a^4 + 24 \log(bx + a) a^3bx + 12 \log(bx + a) a^2b^2x^2 + 6a^4 - 12a^2b^2x^2 - 4ab^3x^3 + b^4x^4}{2b^5(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}$$

input

$$\text{int}(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2, x)$$

output

```
(12*log(a + b*x)*a**4 + 24*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b*x + 12*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b*  
*2*x**2 + 6*a**4 - 12*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 4*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4)/(2*b**5*  
(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))
```

3.264 $\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2150
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2150
Rubi [A] (verified)	2151
Maple [A] (verified)	2152
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2153
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2153
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2154
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2154
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2155
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2155

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{Bx}{b^4} + \frac{a^3(Ab-aB)}{3b^5(a+bx)^3} - \frac{a^2(3Ab-4aB)}{2b^5(a+bx)^2} + \frac{3a(Ab-2aB)}{b^5(a+bx)} + \frac{(Ab-4aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^5}$$

output `B*x/b^4+1/3*a^3*(A*b-B*a)/b^5/(b*x+a)^3-1/2*a^2*(3*A*b-4*B*a)/b^5/(b*x+a)^2+3*a*(A*b-2*B*a)/b^5/(b*x+a)+(A*b-4*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^5`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{-26a^4B + 6b^4Bx^4 + a^3b(11A - 54Bx) + 9a^2b^2x(3A - 2Bx) + 18ab^3x^2(A + Bx) + 6(Ab - 4aB)(a + bx)}{6b^5(a + bx)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output

$$\frac{(-26a^4B + 6b^4Bx^4 + a^3b(11A - 54Bx) + 9a^2b^2x(3A - 2Bx) + 18ab^3x^2(A + Bx) + 6(Ab - 4aB)(a + bx)^3 \text{Log}[a + bx])}{6b^5(a + bx)^3}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & b^4 \int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{b^4(a + bx)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 86 \\ & \int \left(\frac{a^3(aB - Ab)}{b^4(a + bx)^4} - \frac{a^2(4aB - 3Ab)}{b^4(a + bx)^3} + \frac{3a(2aB - Ab)}{b^4(a + bx)^2} + \frac{Ab - 4aB}{b^4(a + bx)} + \frac{B}{b^4} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{a^3(Ab - aB)}{3b^5(a + bx)^3} - \frac{a^2(3Ab - 4aB)}{2b^5(a + bx)^2} + \frac{3a(Ab - 2aB)}{b^5(a + bx)} + \frac{(Ab - 4aB) \log(a + bx)}{b^5} + \frac{Bx}{b^4} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^3*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(B*x)}{b^4} + \frac{(a^3*(A*b - a*B))}{(3*b^5*(a + b*x)^3)} - \frac{(a^2*(3*A*b - 4*a*B))}{(2*b^5*(a + b*x)^2)} + \frac{(3*a*(A*b - 2*a*B))}{(b^5*(a + b*x))} + \frac{((A*b - 4*a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])}{b^5}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result
norman	$\frac{Bx^4}{b} + \frac{a^3(11Ab-44Ba)}{6b^5} + \frac{3a(Ab-4Ba)x^2}{b^3} + \frac{3a^2(3Ab-12Ba)x}{2b^4} + \frac{(Ab-4Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^5}$
default	$\frac{Bx}{b^4} + \frac{a^3(Ab-Ba)}{3b^5(bx+a)^3} - \frac{a^2(3Ab-4Ba)}{2b^5(bx+a)^2} + \frac{3a(Ab-2Ba)}{b^5(bx+a)} + \frac{(Ab-4Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^5}$
risch	$\frac{Bx}{b^4} + \frac{(3Aa^2b^2-6Ba^2b)x^2 + \frac{a^2(9Ab-20Ba)x}{2} + \frac{a^3(11Ab-26Ba)}{6b}}{b^4(bx+a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)} + \frac{\ln(bx+a)A}{b^4} - \frac{4\ln(bx+a)Ba}{b^5}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{6A\ln(bx+a)x^3b^4 - 24B\ln(bx+a)x^3ab^3 + 6b^4Bx^4 + 18A\ln(bx+a)x^2ab^3 - 72B\ln(bx+a)x^2a^2b^2 + 18A\ln(bx+a)xa^2b^2 + 18Aa^3}{6b^5(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)}$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{(B/b*x^4+1/6*a^3*(11*A*b-44*B*a)/b^5+3*a*(A*b-4*B*a)/b^3*x^2+3/2*a^2*(3*A*b-12*B*a)/b^4*x)/(b*x+a)^3+(A*b-4*B*a)*\ln(b*x+a)/b^5}$$
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 193 vs. $2(96) = 192$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{6Bb^4x^4 + 18Bab^3x^3 - 26Ba^4 + 11Aa^3b - 18(Ba^2b^2 - Aab^3)x^2 - 27(2Ba^3b - Aa^2b^2)x - 6(4Ba^4 - 6a^5)}{6(b^8x^3 + 3ab^7x^2 + 3a^2b^6x + a^3b^5)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\frac{1/6*(6*B*b^4*x^4 + 18*B*a*b^3*x^3 - 26*B*a^4 + 11*A*a^3*b - 18*(B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^2 - 27*(2*B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x - 6*(4*B*a^4 - A*a^3*b + (4*B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^3 + 3*(4*B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 3*(4*B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x)*\log(b*x + a))/(b^8*x^3 + 3*a*b^7*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^6*x + a^3*b^5)}$$
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bx}{b^4} + \frac{11Aa^3b - 26Ba^4 + x^2 \cdot (18Aab^3 - 36Ba^2b^2) + x(27Aa^2b^2 - 60Ba^3b)}{6a^3b^5 + 18a^2b^6x + 18ab^7x^2 + 6b^8x^3}$$

$$- \frac{(-Ab + 4Ba) \log(a + bx)}{b^5}$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)
```

output

$$\frac{Bx}{b^4} + \frac{(11Aa^3b - 26Ba^4 + x^2(18Aab^3 - 36Ba^2b^2) + x(27Aa^2b^2 - 60Ba^3b))}{(6a^3b^5 + 18a^2b^6x + 18ab^7x^2 + 6b^8x^3)} - \frac{(-Ab + 4Ba) \log(a + bx)}{b^5}$$
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{26Ba^4 - 11Aa^3b + 18(2Ba^2b^2 - Aab^3)x^2 + 3(20Ba^3b - 9Aa^2b^2)x}{6(b^8x^3 + 3ab^7x^2 + 3a^2b^6x + a^3b^5)}$$

$$+ \frac{Bx}{b^4} - \frac{(4Ba - Ab) \log(bx + a)}{b^5}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$-\frac{1}{6} \frac{(26Ba^4 - 11Aa^3b + 18(2Ba^2b^2 - Aab^3)x^2 + 3(20Ba^3b - 9Aa^2b^2)x)}{(b^8x^3 + 3ab^7x^2 + 3a^2b^6x + a^3b^5)} + \frac{Bx}{b^4} - \frac{(4Ba - Ab) \log(bx + a)}{b^5}$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bx}{b^4} - \frac{(4Ba - Ab) \log(|bx + a|)}{b^5}$$

$$- \frac{26Ba^4 - 11Aa^3b + 18(2Ba^2b^2 - Aab^3)x^2 + 3(20Ba^3b - 9Aa^2b^2)x}{6(bx + a)^3b^5}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$B*x/b^4 - (4*B*a - A*b)*\log(\text{abs}(b*x + a))/b^5 - 1/6*(26*B*a^4 - 11*A*a^3*b + 18*(2*B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 3*(20*B*a^3*b - 9*A*a^2*b^2)*x)/((b*x + a)^3*b^5)$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bx}{b^4} - \frac{x \left(10Ba^3 - \frac{9Aa^2b}{2} \right) - x^2 (3Aab^2 - 6Ba^2b) + \frac{26Ba^4 - 11Aa^3b}{6b}}{a^3b^4 + 3a^2b^5x + 3ab^6x^2 + b^7x^3} + \frac{\ln(a + bx)(Ab - 4Ba)}{b^5}$$

input

$$\text{int}((x^3*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2, x)$$

output

$$(B*x)/b^4 - (x*(10*B*a^3 - (9*A*a^2*b)/2) - x^2*(3*A*a*b^2 - 6*B*a^2*b) + (26*B*a^4 - 11*A*a^3*b)/(6*b))/(a^3*b^4 + b^7*x^3 + 3*a^2*b^5*x + 3*a*b^6*x^2) + (\log(a + b*x)*(A*b - 4*B*a))/b^5$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-6 \log(bx + a) a^3 - 12 \log(bx + a) a^2 bx - 6 \log(bx + a) a b^2 x^2 - 3a^3 + 6a b^2 x^2 + 2b^3 x^3}{2b^4 (b^2 x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}$$

input

$$\text{int}(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2, x)$$

output

$$(-6*\log(a + b*x)*a**3 - 12*\log(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x - 6*\log(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x**2 - 3*a**3 + 6*a*b**2*x**2 + 2*b**3*x**3)/(2*b**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))$$

3.265 $\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2156
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2156
Rubi [A] (verified)	2157
Maple [A] (verified)	2159
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2159
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2160
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2160
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2161
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2161
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2162

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(Ab-aB)x^3}{3ab(a+bx)^3} - \frac{a^2B}{2b^4(a+bx)^2} + \frac{2aB}{b^4(a+bx)} + \frac{B \log(a+bx)}{b^4}$$

output 1/3*(A*b-B*a)*x^3/a/b/(b*x+a)^3-1/2*a^2*B/b^4/(b*x+a)^2+2*a*B/b^4/(b*x+a)+B*ln(b*x+a)/b^4

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{11a^3B - 6Ab^3x^2 - 6ab^2x(A - 3Bx) + a^2(-2Ab + 27bBx) + 6B(a+bx)^3 \log(a+bx)}{6b^4(a+bx)^3}$$

input Integrate[(x^2*(A+B*x))/(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^2,x]

output

$$(11*a^3*B - 6*A*b^3*x^2 - 6*a*b^2*x*(A - 3*B*x) + a^2*(-2*A*b + 27*b*B*x) + 6*B*(a + b*x)^3*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/(6*b^4*(a + b*x)^3)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.185$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\ & b^4 \int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{b^4(a + bx)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\ & \frac{B \int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx)^3} dx}{b} + \frac{x^3(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\ & \frac{B \int \left(\frac{a^2}{b^2(a+bx)^3} - \frac{2a}{b^2(a+bx)^2} + \frac{1}{b^2(a+bx)} \right) dx}{b} + \frac{x^3(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{B \left(-\frac{a^2}{2b^3(a+bx)^2} + \frac{2a}{b^3(a+bx)} + \frac{\log(a+bx)}{b^3} \right)}{b} + \frac{x^3(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^2*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2, x]$$

output
$$\frac{((A*b - a*B)*x^3)/(3*a*b*(a + b*x)^3) + (B*(-1/2*a^2/(b^3*(a + b*x)^2) + (2*a)/(b^3*(a + b*x)) + \text{Log}[a + b*x]/b^3))/b}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_) \text{ /; FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 49
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$$

rule 87
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^m*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^n)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^p), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \!(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \!(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ \!(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$$

rule 1184
$$\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^m*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^n)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 2009
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
norman	$\frac{-\frac{a^2(2Ab-11Ba)}{6b^4} - \frac{(Ab-3Ba)x^2}{b^2} - \frac{a(2Ab-9Ba)x}{2b^3}}{(bx+a)^3} + \frac{B \ln(bx+a)}{b^4}$
default	$-\frac{a^2(Ab-Ba)}{3b^4(bx+a)^3} - \frac{Ab-3Ba}{b^4(bx+a)} + \frac{B \ln(bx+a)}{b^4} + \frac{a(2Ab-3Ba)}{2b^4(bx+a)^2}$
risch	$\frac{-\frac{a^2(2Ab-11Ba)}{6b^4} - \frac{(Ab-3Ba)x^2}{b^2} - \frac{a(2Ab-9Ba)x}{2b^3}}{(bx+a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)} + \frac{B \ln(bx+a)}{b^4}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-6B \ln(bx+a)x^3b^3 - 18B \ln(bx+a)x^2ab^2 + 6Ab^3x^2 - 18B \ln(bx+a)xa^2b - 18Ba^2b^2x^2 + 6Aa^2b^2x - 6B \ln(bx+a)a^3 - 27Ba^2b}{6b^4(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)(bx+a)}$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{(-1/6*a^2*(2*A*b-11*B*a)/b^4 - (A*b-3*B*a)/b^2*x^2 - 1/2*a*(2*A*b-9*B*a)/b^3*x)/(b*x+a)^3 + B*\ln(b*x+a)/b^4}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{11Ba^3 - 2Aa^2b + 6(3Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^2 + 3(9Ba^2b - 2Aab^2)x + 6(Bb^3x^3 + 3Bab^2x^2 + 3Ba^2bx + Ba^3)}{6(b^7x^3 + 3ab^6x^2 + 3a^2b^5x + a^3b^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$1/6*(11*B*a^3 - 2*A*a^2*b + 6*(3*B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^2 + 3*(9*B*a^2*b - 2*A*a*b^2)*x + 6*(B*b^3*x^3 + 3*B*a*b^2*x^2 + 3*B*a^2*b*x + B*a^3)*\log(b*x + a))/(b^7*x^3 + 3*a*b^6*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*x + a^3*b^4)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{B \log(a + bx)}{b^4} + \frac{-2Aa^2b + 11Ba^3 + x^2(-6Ab^3 + 18Bab^2) + x(-6Aab^2 + 27Ba^2b)}{6a^3b^4 + 18a^2b^5x + 18ab^6x^2 + 6b^7x^3}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)`output `B*log(a + b*x)/b**4 + (-2*A*a**2*b + 11*B*a**3 + x**2*(-6*A*b**3 + 18*B*a*b**2) + x*(-6*A*a*b**2 + 27*B*a**2*b))/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{11Ba^3 - 2Aa^2b + 6(3Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^2 + 3(9Ba^2b - 2Aab^2)x}{6(b^7x^3 + 3ab^6x^2 + 3a^2b^5x + a^3b^4)} + \frac{B \log(bx + a)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*(11*B*a^3 - 2*A*a^2*b + 6*(3*B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^2 + 3*(9*B*a^2*b - 2*A*a*b^2)*x)/(b^7*x^3 + 3*a*b^6*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*x + a^3*b^4) + B*log(b*x + a)/b^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{B \log(|bx + a|)}{b^4} + \frac{6(3Bab - Ab^2)x^2 + 3(9Ba^2 - 2Aab)x + \frac{11Ba^3 - 2Aa^2b}{b}}{6(bx + a)^3b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `B*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^4 + 1/6*(6*(3*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(9*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*x + (11*B*a^3 - 2*A*a^2*b)/b)/((b*x + a)^3*b^3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{11Ba^3 - 2Aa^2b}{6b^4} - \frac{x^2(Ab - 3Ba)}{b^2} + \frac{x(9Ba^2 - 2Aab)}{2b^3}}{a^3 + 3a^2bx + 3ab^2x^2 + b^3x^3} + \frac{B \ln(a + bx)}{b^4}$$

input `int((x^2*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2,x)`output `((11*B*a^3 - 2*A*a^2*b)/(6*b^4) - (x^2*(A*b - 3*B*a))/b^2 + (x*(9*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b))/(2*b^3))/(a^3 + b^3*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*x) + (B*log(a + b*x))/b^4`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \log(bx + a) a^2 + 4 \log(bx + a) abx + 2 \log(bx + a) b^2x^2 + a^2 - 2b^2x^2}{2b^3 (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)`output `(2*log(a + b*x)*a**2 + 4*log(a + b*x)*a*b*x + 2*log(a + b*x)*b**2*x**2 + a**2 - 2*b**2*x**2)/(2*b**3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))`

3.266 $\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2163
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2163
Rubi [A] (verified)	2164
Maple [A] (verified)	2165
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2166
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2166
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2167
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2167
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2167
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2168

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{a(Ab-aB)}{3b^3(a+bx)^3} - \frac{Ab-2aB}{2b^3(a+bx)^2} - \frac{B}{b^3(a+bx)}$$

output $1/3*a*(A*b-B*a)/b^3/(b*x+a)^3-1/2*(A*b-2*B*a)/b^3/(b*x+a)^2-B/b^3/(b*x+a)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{2a^2B+3b^2x(A+2Bx)+ab(A+6Bx)}{6b^3(a+bx)^3}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(x*(A+B*x))/(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^2,x]$

output $-1/6*(2*a^2*B+3*b^2*x*(A+2*B*x)+a*b*(A+6*B*x))/(b^3*(a+b*x)^3)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\
 & b^4 \int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{b^4(a + bx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{Ab - 2aB}{b^2(a + bx)^3} + \frac{a(aB - Ab)}{b^2(a + bx)^4} + \frac{B}{b^2(a + bx)^2} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{Ab - 2aB}{2b^3(a + bx)^2} + \frac{a(Ab - aB)}{3b^3(a + bx)^3} - \frac{B}{b^3(a + bx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(a*(A*b - a*B))/(3*b^3*(a + b*x)^3) - (A*b - 2*a*B)/(2*b^3*(a + b*x)^2) - B/(b^3*(a + b*x))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 86 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)^{(p_.)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ ((\text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[p, 0]) \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ || \ (\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LeQ}[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0]) \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, c, d, e, f])$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)})*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{-\frac{Bx^2}{b} - \frac{(Ab+2Ba)x}{2b^2} - \frac{a(Ab+2Ba)}{6b^3}}{(bx+a)^3}$	47
default	$\frac{a(Ab-Ba)}{3b^3(bx+a)^3} - \frac{Ab-2Ba}{2b^3(bx+a)^2} - \frac{B}{b^3(bx+a)}$	56
orering	$-\frac{(6x^2Bb^2+3xb^2A+6xabB+abA+2a^2B)(bx+a)}{6b^3(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2}$	62
gospers	$-\frac{6x^2Bb^2+3xb^2A+6xabB+abA+2a^2B}{6(bx+a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)b^3}$	64
parallelrisc	$-\frac{6x^2Bb^2+3xb^2A+6xabB+abA+2a^2B}{6(bx+a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)b^3}$	64
risc	$\frac{-\frac{Bx^2}{b} - \frac{(Ab+2Ba)x}{2b^2} - \frac{a(Ab+2Ba)}{6b^3}}{(bx+a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)}$	65

input $\text{int}(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $(-B*x^2/b-1/2*(A*b+2*B*a)/b^2*x-1/6*a*(A*b+2*B*a)/b^3)/(b*x+a)^3$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{6Bb^2x^2+2Ba^2+Ab+3(2Bab+Ab^2)x}{6(b^6x^3+3ab^5x^2+3a^2b^4x+a^3b^3)}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-1/6*(6*B*b^2*x^2+2*B*a^2+A*a*b+3*(2*B*a*b+A*b^2)*x)/(b^6*x^3+3*a*b^5*x^2+3*a^2*b^4*x+a^3*b^3)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{-Aab-2Ba^2-6Bb^2x^2+x(-3Ab^2-6Bab)}{6a^3b^3+18a^2b^4x+18ab^5x^2+6b^6x^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)`

output $(-A*a*b-2*B*a**2-6*B*b**2*x**2+x*(-3*A*b**2-6*B*a*b))/(6*a**3*b**3+18*a**2*b**4*x+18*a*b**5*x**2+6*b**6*x**3)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{6Bb^2x^2 + 2Ba^2 + Aab + 3(2Bab + Ab^2)x}{6(b^6x^3 + 3ab^5x^2 + 3a^2b^4x + a^3b^3)}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*(6*B*b^2*x^2 + 2*B*a^2 + A*a*b + 3*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x)/(b^6*x^3 + 3*a*b^5*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^4*x + a^3*b^3)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{6Bb^2x^2 + 6Babx + 3Ab^2x + 2Ba^2 + Aab}{6(bx + a)^3b^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/6*(6*B*b^2*x^2 + 6*B*a*b*x + 3*A*b^2*x + 2*B*a^2 + A*a*b)/((b*x + a)^3*b^3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{Bx^2}{b} + \frac{a(Ab+2Ba)}{6b^3} + \frac{x(Ab+2Ba)}{2b^2}}{a^3 + 3a^2bx + 3ab^2x^2 + b^3x^3}$$

input `int((x*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2,x)`output `-((B*x^2)/b + (a*(A*b + 2*B*a))/(6*b^3) + (x*(A*b + 2*B*a))/(2*b^2))/(a^3 + b^3*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{x^2}{2a(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}$$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)`

output `x**2/(2*a*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))`

$$3.267 \quad \int \frac{A+Bx}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	2169
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2169
Rubi [A] (verified)	2170
Maple [A] (verified)	2171
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2172
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2172
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2173
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2173
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2173
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2174

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{-Ab+aB}{3b^2(a+bx)^3} - \frac{B}{2b^2(a+bx)^2}$$

output

$$1/3*(-A*b+B*a)/b^2/(b*x+a)^3-1/2*B/b^2/(b*x+a)^2$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{2Ab+B(a+3bx)}{6b^2(a+bx)^3}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(A+B*x)/(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^2,x]$$

output

$$-1/6*(2*A*b+B*(a+3*b*x))/(b^2*(a+b*x)^3)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1098, 27, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1098 \\
 & b^4 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^4(a + bx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 53 \\
 & \int \left(\frac{Ab - aB}{b(a + bx)^4} + \frac{B}{b(a + bx)^3} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & -\frac{Ab - aB}{3b^2(a + bx)^3} - \frac{B}{2b^2(a + bx)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/3*(A*b - a*B)/(b^2*(a + b*x)^3) - B/(2*b^2*(a + b*x)^2)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 53 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ (\! \text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[m + n + 2, 0])$

rule 1098 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{-\frac{Bx}{2b} - \frac{2b^2A+abB}{6b^3}}{(bx+a)^3}$	33
default	$-\frac{Ab-Ba}{3b^2(bx+a)^3} - \frac{B}{2b^2(bx+a)^2}$	35
oring	$-\frac{(3Bbx+2Ab+Ba)(bx+a)}{6b^2(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2}$	42
gospers	$-\frac{3Bbx+2Ab+Ba}{6b^2(bx+a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)}$	44
risch	$\frac{-\frac{Bx}{2b} - \frac{2Ab+Ba}{6b^2}}{(bx+a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)}$	48
parallemrisch	$-\frac{3xBb^2+2b^2A+abB}{6b^3(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)(bx+a)}$	49

input $\text{int}((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $(-1/2*B*x/b-1/6*(2*A*b^2+B*a*b)/b^3)/(b*x+a)^3$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{3Bbx + Ba + 2Ab}{6(b^5x^3 + 3ab^4x^2 + 3a^2b^3x + a^3b^2)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-1/6*(3*B*b*x + B*a + 2*A*b)/(b^5*x^3 + 3*a*b^4*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^3*x + a^3*b^2)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{-2Ab - Ba - 3Bbx}{6a^3b^2 + 18a^2b^3x + 18ab^4x^2 + 6b^5x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)`

output $(-2*A*b - B*a - 3*B*b*x)/(6*a**3*b**2 + 18*a**2*b**3*x + 18*a*b**4*x**2 + 6*b**5*x**3)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{3Bbx + Ba + 2Ab}{6(b^5x^3 + 3ab^4x^2 + 3a^2b^3x + a^3b^2)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*(3*B*b*x + B*a + 2*A*b)/(b^5*x^3 + 3*a*b^4*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^3*x + a^3*b^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{3Bbx + Ba + 2Ab}{6(bx + a)^3b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/6*(3*B*b*x + B*a + 2*A*b)/((b*x + a)^3*b^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{2Ab+Ba}{6b^2} + \frac{Bx}{2b}}{a^3 + 3a^2bx + 3ab^2x^2 + b^3x^3}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2,x)`output `-((2*A*b + B*a)/(6*b^2) + (B*x)/(2*b))/(a^3 + b^3*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{2b(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)`

output `(- 1)/(2*b*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))`

3.268 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2175
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2175
Rubi [A] (verified)	2176
Maple [A] (verified)	2177
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2178
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2178
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2179
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2179
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2180
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2180

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{Ab-aB}{3ab(a+bx)^3} + \frac{A}{2a^2(a+bx)^2} + \frac{A}{a^3(a+bx)} + \frac{A \log(x)}{a^4} - \frac{A \log(a+bx)}{a^4}$$

output

$1/3*(A*b-B*a)/a/b/(b*x+a)^3+1/2*A/a^2/(b*x+a)^2+A/a^3/(b*x+a)+A*\ln(x)/a^4-A*\ln(b*x+a)/a^4$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{a(11a^2Ab-2a^3B+15aAb^2x+6Ab^3x^2)}{b(a+bx)^3} + \frac{6A \log(x) - 6A \log(a+bx)}{6a^4}$$

input

`Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2), x]`

output $((a*(11*a^2*A*b - 2*a^3*B + 15*a*A*b^2*x + 6*A*b^3*x^2))/(b*(a + b*x)^3) + 6*A*\text{Log}[x] - 6*A*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/ (6*a^4)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & b^4 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^4x(a + bx)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 86 \\ & \int \left(-\frac{Ab}{a^4(a + bx)} + \frac{A}{a^4x} - \frac{Ab}{a^3(a + bx)^2} - \frac{Ab}{a^2(a + bx)^3} + \frac{aB - Ab}{a(a + bx)^4} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & -\frac{A \log(a + bx)}{a^4} + \frac{A \log(x)}{a^4} + \frac{A}{a^3(a + bx)} + \frac{A}{2a^2(a + bx)^2} + \frac{Ab - aB}{3ab(a + bx)^3} \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[(A + B*x)/(x*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2), x]$

output $(A*b - a*B)/(3*a*b*(a + b*x)^3) + A/(2*a^2*(a + b*x)^2) + A/(a^3*(a + b*x)) + (A*\text{Log}[x])/a^4 - (A*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/a^4$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
default	$-\frac{-Ab+Ba}{3ab(bx+a)^3} - \frac{A \ln(bx+a)}{a^4} + \frac{A}{a^3(bx+a)} + \frac{A}{2a^2(bx+a)^2} + \frac{A \ln(x)}{a^4}$
norman	$-\frac{(3Ab-Ba)x}{a^2} - \frac{b(9Ab-2Ba)x^2}{2a^3} - \frac{b^2(11Ab-2Ba)x^3}{6a^4} + \frac{A \ln(x)}{a^4} - \frac{A \ln(bx+a)}{a^4}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{b^2 A x^2}{a^3} + \frac{5xAb}{2a^2} + \frac{11Ab-2Ba}{6ab}}{(bx+a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)} + \frac{A \ln(-x)}{a^4} - \frac{A \ln(bx+a)}{a^4}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{6A \ln(x)x^3b^3 - 6A \ln(bx+a)x^3b^3 + 18A \ln(x)x^2ab^2 - 18A \ln(bx+a)x^2ab^2 - 11Ab^3x^3 + 2Ba b^2x^3 + 18A \ln(x)x a^2b - 18A \ln(bx+a)a^2b}{6a^4(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)(bx+a)}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/3*(-A*b+B*a)/a/b/(b*x+a)^3-A*ln(b*x+a)/a^4+A/a^3/(b*x+a)+1/2*A/a^2/(b*x+a)^2+A*ln(x)/a^4
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 156 vs. $2(68) = 136$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{6Aab^3x^2 + 15Aa^2b^2x - 2Ba^4 + 11Aa^3b - 6(Ab^4x^3 + 3Aab^3x^2 + 3Aa^2b^2x + Aa^3b) \log(bx + a) + 6(Aa^4b^4x^3 + 3a^5b^3x^2 + 3a^6b^2x + a^7b)}{6(a^4b^4x^3 + 3a^5b^3x^2 + 3a^6b^2x + a^7b)}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/6*(6*A*a*b^3*x^2 + 15*A*a^2*b^2*x - 2*B*a^4 + 11*A*a^3*b - 6*(A*b^4*x^3 + 3*A*a*b^3*x^2 + 3*A*a^2*b^2*x + A*a^3*b)*log(b*x + a) + 6*(A*b^4*x^3 + 3*A*a*b^3*x^2 + 3*A*a^2*b^2*x + A*a^3*b)*log(x))/(a^4*b^4*x^3 + 3*a^5*b^3*x^2 + 3*a^6*b^2*x + a^7*b)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{A(\log(x) - \log(\frac{a}{b} + x))}{a^4} + \frac{11Aa^2b + 15Aab^2x + 6Ab^3x^2 - 2Ba^3}{6a^6b + 18a^5b^2x + 18a^4b^3x^2 + 6a^3b^4x^3}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
A*(log(x) - log(a/b + x))/a**4 + (11*A*a**2*b + 15*A*a*b**2*x + 6*A*b**3*x**2 - 2*B*a**3)/(6*a**6*b + 18*a**5*b**2*x + 18*a**4*b**3*x**2 + 6*a**3*b**4*x**3)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{6Ab^3x^2 + 15Aab^2x - 2Ba^3 + 11Aa^2b}{6(a^3b^4x^3 + 3a^4b^3x^2 + 3a^5b^2x + a^6b)} - \frac{A \log(bx + a)}{a^4} + \frac{A \log(x)}{a^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*(6*A*b^3*x^2 + 15*A*a*b^2*x - 2*B*a^3 + 11*A*a^2*b)/(a^3*b^4*x^3 + 3*a^4*b^3*x^2 + 3*a^5*b^2*x + a^6*b) - A*log(b*x + a)/a^4 + A*log(x)/a^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{A \log(|bx + a|)}{a^4} + \frac{A \log(|x|)}{a^4} + \frac{6Aab^3x^2 + 15Aa^2b^2x - 2Ba^4 + 11Aa^3b}{6(bx + a)^3a^4b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-A*log(abs(b*x + a))/a^4 + A*log(abs(x))/a^4 + 1/6*(6*A*a*b^3*x^2 + 15*A*a^2*b^2*x - 2*B*a^4 + 11*A*a^3*b)/((b*x + a)^3*a^4*b)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{11Ab - 2Ba}{6ab} + \frac{5Abx}{2a^2} + \frac{Ab^2x^2}{a^3}}{a^3 + 3a^2bx + 3ab^2x^2 + b^3x^3} - \frac{2A \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx}{a} + 1\right)}{a^4}$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2),x)
```

output

```
((11*A*b - 2*B*a)/(6*a*b) + (5*A*b*x)/(2*a^2) + (A*b^2*x^2)/a^3)/(a^3 + b^3*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*x) - (2*A*atanh((2*b*x)/a + 1))/a^4
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{-2 \log(bx + a) a^2 - 4 \log(bx + a) abx - 2 \log(bx + a) b^2x^2 + 2 \log(x) a^2 + 4 \log(x) abx + 2 \log(x) b^2x^2 + 2a^3}{2a^3(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 2*log(a + b*x)*a**2 - 4*log(a + b*x)*a*b*x - 2*log(a + b*x)*b**2*x**2 + 2*log(x)*a**2 + 4*log(x)*a*b*x + 2*log(x)*b**2*x**2 + 2*a**2 - b**2*x**2 )/(2*a**3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))
```

3.269 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2181
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2181
Rubi [A] (verified)	2182
Maple [A] (verified)	2183
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2184
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2184
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2185
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2186
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2186
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2187

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{A}{a^4x} - \frac{Ab-aB}{3a^2(a+bx)^3} - \frac{2Ab-aB}{2a^3(a+bx)^2} - \frac{3Ab-aB}{a^4(a+bx)} - \frac{(4Ab-aB)\log(x)}{a^5} + \frac{(4Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{a^5}$$

output

$$-A/a^4/x - 1/3*(A*b-B*a)/a^2/(b*x+a)^3 - 1/2*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^3/(b*x+a)^2 - (3*A*b-B*a)/a^4/(b*x+a) - (4*A*b-B*a)*\ln(x)/a^5 + (4*A*b-B*a)*\ln(b*x+a)/a^5$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{6aA}{x} + \frac{2a^3(-Ab+aB)}{(a+bx)^3} + \frac{3a^2(-2Ab+aB)}{(a+bx)^2} + \frac{6a(-3Ab+aB)}{a+bx} + 6(-4Ab+aB)\log(x) + 6(4Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{6a^5}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(A+B*x)/(x^2*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^2),x]$$

output

$$\frac{((-6*a*A)/x + (2*a^3*(-(A*b) + a*B))/(a + b*x)^3 + (3*a^2*(-2*A*b + a*B))/(a + b*x)^2 + (6*a*(-3*A*b + a*B))/(a + b*x) + 6*(-4*A*b + a*B)*\text{Log}[x] + 6*(4*A*b - a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/(6*a^5)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & b^4 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^4x^2(a + bx)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 86 \\ & \int \left(\frac{aB - 4Ab}{a^5x} - \frac{b(aB - 4Ab)}{a^5(a + bx)} - \frac{b(aB - 3Ab)}{a^4(a + bx)^2} + \frac{A}{a^4x^2} - \frac{b(aB - 2Ab)}{a^3(a + bx)^3} - \frac{b(aB - Ab)}{a^2(a + bx)^4} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & -\frac{\log(x)(4Ab - aB)}{a^5} + \frac{(4Ab - aB)\log(a + bx)}{a^5} - \frac{3Ab - aB}{a^4(a + bx)} - \frac{A}{a^4x} - \frac{2Ab - aB}{2a^3(a + bx)^2} - \\ & \quad \frac{Ab - aB}{3a^2(a + bx)^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)/(x^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2), x]$$

output

```
-(A/(a^4*x)) - (A*b - a*B)/(3*a^2*(a + b*x)^3) - (2*A*b - a*B)/(2*a^3*(a + b*x)^2) - (3*A*b - a*B)/(a^4*(a + b*x)) - ((4*A*b - a*B)*Log[x])/a^5 + ((4*A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/a^5
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
default	$-\frac{2Ab-Ba}{2a^3(bx+a)^2} - \frac{3Ab-Ba}{a^4(bx+a)} + \frac{(4Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^5} - \frac{Ab-Ba}{3a^2(bx+a)^3} - \frac{A}{a^4x} + \frac{(-4Ab+Ba)\ln(x)}{a^5}$
norman	$-\frac{A}{a} + \frac{3b(4Ab-Ba)x^2 + 3b^2(12Ab-3Ba)x^3 + b^3(44Ab-11Ba)x^4}{a^3} \frac{1}{x(bx+a)^3} + \frac{(4Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^5} - \frac{(4Ab-Ba)\ln(x)}{a^5}$
risch	$-\frac{b^2(4Ab-Ba)x^3 - 5b(4Ab-Ba)x^2 - 11(4Ab-Ba)x - A}{a^4} \frac{1}{x(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)(bx+a)} + \frac{4\ln(-bx-a)Ab}{a^5} - \frac{\ln(-bx-a)B}{a^4} - \frac{4\ln(x)Ab}{a^5} + \frac{\ln(x)B}{a^4}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{6B\ln(bx+a)x^4a^4b^3 - 24A\ln(bx+a)x^4b^4 + 11Ba^4b^3x^4 - 108Aa^4b^3x^3 + 18Ba^3b^2x^2 + 6a^4A - 6B\ln(x)x^4a^4 + 6B\ln(bx+a)x^4a^4 - 6B\ln(x)B}{a^5}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/2*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^3/(b*x+a)^2-(3*A*b-B*a)/a^4/(b*x+a)+(4*A*b-B*a)*\ln(b*x+a)/a^5-1/3*(A*b-B*a)/a^2/(b*x+a)^3-A/a^4/x+(-4*A*b+B*a)/a^5*\ln(x)$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 267 vs. 2(102) = 204.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{6Aa^4 - 6(Ba^2b^2 - 4Aab^3)x^3 - 15(Ba^3b - 4Aa^2b^2)x^2 - 11(Ba^4 - 4Aa^3b)x + 6((Bab^3 - 4Ab^4)x^4}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/6*(6*A*a^4 - 6*(B*a^2*b^2 - 4*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 15*(B*a^3*b - 4*A*a^2*b^2) \\ & *x^2 - 11*(B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b)*x + 6*((B*a*b^3 - 4*A*b^4)*x^4 + 3*(B*a^2*b^2 \\ & - 4*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 3*(B*a^3*b - 4*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b)*x \\ &)*\log(b*x + a) - 6*((B*a*b^3 - 4*A*b^4)*x^4 + 3*(B*a^2*b^2 - 4*A*a*b^3)*x^3 \\ & + 3*(B*a^3*b - 4*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b)*x)*\log(x))/(a^5*b^3*x^4 \\ & + 3*a^6*b^2*x^3 + 3*a^7*b*x^2 + a^8*x) \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 204 vs. 2(95) = 190.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-6Aa^3 + x^3(-24Ab^3 + 6Bab^2) + x^2(-60Aab^2 + 15Ba^2b) + x(-44Aa^2b + 11Ba^3)}{6a^7x + 18a^6bx^2 + 18a^5b^2x^3 + 6a^4b^3x^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(-4Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-4Aab + Ba^2 - a(-4Ab + Ba)}{-8Ab^2 + 2Bab}\right)}{a^5}$$

$$- \frac{(-4Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-4Aab + Ba^2 + a(-4Ab + Ba)}{-8Ab^2 + 2Bab}\right)}{a^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**2/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)`

output

```
(-6*A*a**3 + x**3*(-24*A*b**3 + 6*B*a*b**2) + x**2*(-60*A*a*b**2 + 15*B*a*
*2*b) + x*(-44*A*a**2*b + 11*B*a**3))/(6*a**7*x + 18*a**6*b*x**2 + 18*a**5
*b**2*x**3 + 6*a**4*b**3*x**4) + (-4*A*b + B*a)*log(x + (-4*A*a*b + B*a**2
- a*(-4*A*b + B*a))/(-8*A*b**2 + 2*B*a*b))/a**5 - (-4*A*b + B*a)*log(x +
(-4*A*a*b + B*a**2 + a*(-4*A*b + B*a))/(-8*A*b**2 + 2*B*a*b))/a**5
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{6Aa^3 - 6(Bab^2 - 4Ab^3)x^3 - 15(Ba^2b - 4Aab^2)x^2 - 11(Ba^3 - 4Aa^2b)x}{6(a^4b^3x^4 + 3a^5b^2x^3 + 3a^6bx^2 + a^7x)}$$

$$- \frac{(Ba - 4Ab) \log(bx + a)}{a^5} + \frac{(Ba - 4Ab) \log(x)}{a^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/6*(6*A*a^3 - 6*(B*a*b^2 - 4*A*b^3)*x^3 - 15*(B*a^2*b - 4*A*a*b^2)*x^2 -
11*(B*a^3 - 4*A*a^2*b)*x)/(a^4*b^3*x^4 + 3*a^5*b^2*x^3 + 3*a^6*b*x^2 + a^
7*x) - (B*a - 4*A*b)*log(b*x + a)/a^5 + (B*a - 4*A*b)*log(x)/a^5
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(Ba - 4Ab) \log(|x|)}{a^5} - \frac{(Bab - 4Ab^2) \log(|bx + a|)}{a^5 b} - \frac{6Aa^4 - 6(Ba^2b^2 - 4Aab^3)x^3 - 15(Ba^3b - 4Aa^2b^2)x^2 - 11(Ba^4 - 4Aa^3b)x}{6(bx + a)^3 a^5 x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `(B*a - 4*A*b)*log(abs(x))/a^5 - (B*a*b - 4*A*b^2)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^5*b) - 1/6*(6*A*a^4 - 6*(B*a^2*b^2 - 4*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 15*(B*a^3*b - 4*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 - 11*(B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/((b*x + a)^3*a^5*x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx}{a} + 1\right) (4Ab - Ba)}{a^5} - \frac{\frac{A}{a} + \frac{11x(4Ab - Ba)}{6a^2} + \frac{b^2x^3(4Ab - Ba)}{a^4} + \frac{5bx^2(4Ab - Ba)}{2a^3}}{a^3x + 3a^2bx^2 + 3ab^2x^3 + b^3x^4}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2),x)`output `(2*atanh((2*b*x)/a + 1)*(4*A*b - B*a))/a^5 - (A/a + (11*x*(4*A*b - B*a))/(6*a^2) + (b^2*x^3*(4*A*b - B*a))/a^4 + (5*b*x^2*(4*A*b - B*a))/(2*a^3))/(a^3*x + b^3*x^4 + 3*a^2*b*x^2 + 3*a*b^2*x^3)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 \log(bx + a) a^2 bx + 12 \log(bx + a) a b^2 x^2 + 6 \log(bx + a) b^3 x^3 - 6 \log(x) a^2 bx - 12 \log(x) a b^2 x^2 - 6 \log(x) a^3}{2a^4 x (b^2 x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)`output `(6*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x + 12*log(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x**2 + 6*log(a + b*x)*b**3*x**3 - 6*log(x)*a**2*b*x - 12*log(x)*a*b**2*x**2 - 6*log(x)*b**3*x**3 - 2*a**3 - 6*a**2*b*x + 3*b**3*x**3)/(2*a**4*x*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))`

3.270 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2188
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2188
Rubi [A] (verified)	2189
Maple [A] (verified)	2191
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2191
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2192
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2193
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2193
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2194
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2194

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{A}{2a^4x^2} + \frac{4Ab-aB}{a^5x} + \frac{b(Ab-aB)}{3a^3(a+bx)^3} + \frac{b(3Ab-2aB)}{2a^4(a+bx)^2} + \frac{3b(2Ab-aB)}{a^5(a+bx)} + \frac{2b(5Ab-2aB)\log(x)}{a^6} - \frac{2b(5Ab-2aB)\log(a+bx)}{a^6}$$

output

```
-1/2*A/a^4/x^2+(4*A*b-B*a)/a^5/x+1/3*b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/(b*x+a)^3+1/2*b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^4/(b*x+a)^2+3*b*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^5/(b*x+a)+2*b*(5*A*b-2*B*a)*ln(x)/a^6-2*b*(5*A*b-2*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{a(60Ab^4x^4+a^3bx(15A-44Bx)+10a^2b^2x^2(11A-6Bx)+6ab^3x^3(25A-4Bx)-3a^4(A+2Bx))}{x^2(a+bx)^3} + 12b(5Ab-2aB)\log(x) + 12b(-5$$

$6a^6$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^3*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2),x]`

output `((a*(60*A*b^4*x^4 + a^3*b*x*(15*A - 44*B*x) + 10*a^2*b^2*x^2*(11*A - 6*B*x) + 6*a*b^3*x^3*(25*A - 4*B*x) - 3*a^4*(A + 2*B*x)))/(x^2*(a + b*x)^3) + 12*b*(5*A*b - 2*a*B)*Log[x] + 12*b*(-5*A*b + 2*a*B)*Log[a + b*x]/(6*a^6)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$b^4 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^4 x^3 (a + bx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a + bx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(\frac{2b^2(2aB - 5Ab)}{a^6(a + bx)} - \frac{2b(2aB - 5Ab)}{a^6x} + \frac{3b^2(aB - 2Ab)}{a^5(a + bx)^2} + \frac{aB - 4Ab}{a^5x^2} + \frac{b^2(2aB - 3Ab)}{a^4(a + bx)^3} + \frac{A}{a^4x^3} + \frac{b^2(aB - Ab)}{a^3(a + bx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2b \log(x)(5Ab - 2aB)}{a^6} - \frac{2b(5Ab - 2aB) \log(a + bx)}{a^6} + \frac{4Ab - aB}{a^5x} + \frac{3b(2Ab - aB)}{a^5(a + bx)} + \frac{b(3Ab - 2aB)}{2a^4(a + bx)^2} - \frac{A}{2a^4x^2} + \frac{b(Ab - aB)}{3a^3(a + bx)^3}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^3*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2),x]`

output

$$-1/2*A/(a^4*x^2) + (4*A*b - a*B)/(a^5*x) + (b*(A*b - a*B))/(3*a^3*(a + b*x)^3) + (b*(3*A*b - 2*a*B))/(2*a^4*(a + b*x)^2) + (3*b*(2*A*b - a*B))/(a^5*(a + b*x)) + (2*b*(5*A*b - 2*a*B)*\text{Log}[x])/a^6 - (2*b*(5*A*b - 2*a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/a^6$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
default	$\frac{3b(2Ab-Ba)}{a^5(bx+a)} + \frac{b(3Ab-2Ba)}{2a^4(bx+a)^2} - \frac{2b(5Ab-2Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^6} + \frac{b(Ab-Ba)}{3a^3(bx+a)^3} - \frac{A}{2a^4x^2} - \frac{-4Ab+Ba}{xa^5} + \frac{2b(5Ab-2Ba)\ln(x)}{a^6}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{A}{2a} + \frac{(5Ab-2Ba)x}{2a^2} - \frac{3b(10b^2A-4abB)}{a^4}x^3 - \frac{3b^2(15b^2A-6abB)}{a^5}x^4 - \frac{b^3(55b^2A-22abB)}{3a^6}x^5}{(bx+a)^3x^2} + \frac{2b(5Ab-2Ba)\ln(x)}{a^6} - \frac{2b(5Ab-2Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^6}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{2b^3(5Ab-2Ba)x^4}{a^5} + \frac{5(5Ab-2Ba)b^2x^3}{a^4} + \frac{11b(5Ab-2Ba)x^2}{3a^3} + \frac{(5Ab-2Ba)x}{2a^2} - \frac{A}{2a}}{x^2(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)(bx+a)} - \frac{10b^2\ln(bx+a)A}{a^6} + \frac{4b\ln(bx+a)B}{a^5} + \frac{10b^2\ln(x)}{a^6}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-270Aa^4b^4x^4 + 15A^4bx + 44Ba^4b^4x^5 - 24B\ln(x)x^5ab^4 + 24B\ln(bx+a)x^5ab^4 + 180A\ln(x)x^4ab^4 - 180A\ln(bx+a)x^4ab^4 - 72A^2b^4x^4}{a^6}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^3/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $3*b*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^5/(b*x+a) + 1/2*b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^4/(b*x+a)^2 - 2*b*(5*A*b-2*B*a)*\ln(b*x+a)/a^6 + 1/3*b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/(b*x+a)^3 - 1/2*A/a^4/x^2 - (-4*A*b+B*a)/x/a^5 + 2*b*(5*A*b-2*B*a)*\ln(x)/a^6$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 318 vs. 2(128) = 256.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{3Aa^5 + 12(2Ba^2b^3 - 5Aab^4)x^4 + 30(2Ba^3b^2 - 5Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 22(2Ba^4b - 5Aa^3b^2)x^2 + 3(2Ba^5 - 2Aa^4b)}{a^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/6*(3*A*a^5 + 12*(2*B*a^2*b^3 - 5*A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 30*(2*B*a^3*b^2 - 5*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 22*(2*B*a^4*b - 5*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(2*B*a^5 - 5*A*a^4*b)*x - 12*((2*B*a*b^4 - 5*A*b^5)*x^5 + 3*(2*B*a^2*b^3 - 5*A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 3*(2*B*a^3*b^2 - 5*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + (2*B*a^4*b - 5*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2)*log(b*x + a) + 12*((2*B*a*b^4 - 5*A*b^5)*x^5 + 3*(2*B*a^2*b^3 - 5*A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 3*(2*B*a^3*b^2 - 5*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + (2*B*a^4*b - 5*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2)*log(x))/(a^6*b^3*x^5 + 3*a^7*b^2*x^4 + 3*a^8*b*x^3 + a^9*x^2)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 264 vs. $2(131) = 262$.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3Aa^4 + x^4 \cdot (60Ab^4 - 24Bab^3) + x^3 \cdot (150Aab^3 - 60Ba^2b^2) + x^2 \cdot (110Aa^2b^2 - 44Ba^3b) + x(15Aa^3b - 6A^2b^2)}{6a^8x^2 + 18a^7bx^3 + 18a^6b^2x^4 + 6a^5b^3x^5}$$

$$- \frac{2b(-5Ab + 2Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-10Aab^2 + 4Ba^2b - 2ab(-5Ab + 2Ba)}{-20Ab^3 + 8Bab^2}\right)}{a^6}$$

$$+ \frac{2b(-5Ab + 2Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-10Aab^2 + 4Ba^2b + 2ab(-5Ab + 2Ba)}{-20Ab^3 + 8Bab^2}\right)}{a^6}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**3/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
(-3*A*a**4 + x**4*(60*A*b**4 - 24*B*a*b**3) + x**3*(150*A*a*b**3 - 60*B*a**2*b**2) + x**2*(110*A*a**2*b**2 - 44*B*a**3*b) + x*(15*A*a**3*b - 6*B*a**4))/(6*a**8*x**2 + 18*a**7*b*x**3 + 18*a**6*b**2*x**4 + 6*a**5*b**3*x**5) - 2*b*(-5*A*b + 2*B*a)*log(x + (-10*A*a*b**2 + 4*B*a**2*b - 2*a*b*(-5*A*b + 2*B*a))/(-20*A*b**3 + 8*B*a*b**2))/a**6 + 2*b*(-5*A*b + 2*B*a)*log(x + (-10*A*a*b**2 + 4*B*a**2*b + 2*a*b*(-5*A*b + 2*B*a))/(-20*A*b**3 + 8*B*a*b**2))/a**6
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{3Aa^4 + 12(2Bab^3 - 5Ab^4)x^4 + 30(2Ba^2b^2 - 5Aab^3)x^3 + 22(2Ba^3b - 5Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 3(2Ba^4 - 5Aa^5 - 6(a^5b^3x^5 + 3a^6b^2x^4 + 3a^7bx^3 + a^8x^2))}{6(a^5b^3x^5 + 3a^6b^2x^4 + 3a^7bx^3 + a^8x^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{2(2Bab - 5Ab^2) \log(bx + a)}{a^6} - \frac{2(2Bab - 5Ab^2) \log(x)}{a^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*(3*A*a^4 + 12*(2*B*a*b^3 - 5*A*b^4)*x^4 + 30*(2*B*a^2*b^2 - 5*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 22*(2*B*a^3*b - 5*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(2*B*a^4 - 5*A*a^3*b)*x)/(a^5*b^3*x^5 + 3*a^6*b^2*x^4 + 3*a^7*b*x^3 + a^8*x^2) + 2*(2*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*log(b*x + a)/a^6 - 2*(2*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*log(x)/a^6`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(2Bab - 5Ab^2) \log(|x|)}{a^6} + \frac{2(2Bab^2 - 5Ab^3) \log(|bx + a|)}{a^6b}$$

$$-\frac{3Aa^5 + 12(2Ba^2b^3 - 5Aab^4)x^4 + 30(2Ba^3b^2 - 5Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 22(2Ba^4b - 5Aa^3b^2)x^2 + 3(2Ba^5 - 6(bx + a)^3a^6x^2)}{6(bx + a)^3a^6x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*(2*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*log(abs(x))/a^6 + 2*(2*B*a*b^2 - 5*A*b^3)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^6*b) - 1/6*(3*A*a^5 + 12*(2*B*a^2*b^3 - 5*A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 30*(2*B*a^3*b^2 - 5*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 22*(2*B*a^4*b - 5*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(2*B*a^5 - 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/((b*x + a)^3*a^6*x^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{x(5Ab-2Ba)}{2a^2} - \frac{A}{2a} + \frac{5b^2x^3(5Ab-2Ba)}{a^4} + \frac{2b^3x^4(5Ab-2Ba)}{a^5} + \frac{11bx^2(5Ab-2Ba)}{3a^3}}{a^3x^2 + 3a^2bx^3 + 3ab^2x^4 + b^3x^5} - \frac{4b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2b(5Ab-2Ba)(a+2bx)}{a(10Ab^2-4Bab)}\right) (5Ab-2Ba)}{a^6}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2),x)`output `((x*(5*A*b - 2*B*a))/(2*a^2) - A/(2*a) + (5*b^2*x^3*(5*A*b - 2*B*a))/a^4 + (2*b^3*x^4*(5*A*b - 2*B*a))/a^5 + (11*b*x^2*(5*A*b - 2*B*a))/(3*a^3))/(a^3*x^2 + b^3*x^5 + 3*a^2*b*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^4) - (4*b*atanh((2*b*(5*A*b - 2*B*a)*(a + 2*b*x))/(a*(10*A*b^2 - 4*B*a*b)))*(5*A*b - 2*B*a))/a^6`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12 \log(bx + a) a^2 b^2 x^2 - 24 \log(bx + a) a b^3 x^3 - 12 \log(bx + a) b^4 x^4 + 12 \log(x) a^2 b^2 x^2 + 24 \log(x) a b^3 x^3}{2a^5 x^2 (b^2 x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^3/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)`output `(- 12*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 24*log(a + b*x)*a*b**3*x**3 - 12*log(a + b*x)*b**4*x**4 + 12*log(x)*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 24*log(x)*a*b**3*x**3 + 12*log(x)*b**4*x**4 - a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 12*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 6*b**4*x**4)/(2*a**5*x**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))`

3.271 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2195
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2196
Rubi [A] (verified)	2196
Maple [A] (verified)	2198
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2198
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2199
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2200
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2200
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2201
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2201

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 166

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{A}{3a^4x^3} + \frac{4Ab-aB}{2a^5x^2} - \frac{2b(5Ab-2aB)}{a^6x} - \frac{b^2(Ab-aB)}{3a^4(a+bx)^3} - \frac{b^2(4Ab-3aB)}{2a^5(a+bx)^2} - \frac{2b^2(5Ab-3aB)}{a^6(a+bx)} - \frac{10b^2(2Ab-aB)\log(x)}{a^7} + \frac{10b^2(2Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{a^7}$$

output

```
-1/3*A/a^4/x^3+1/2*(4*A*b-B*a)/a^5/x^2-2*b*(5*A*b-2*B*a)/a^6/x-1/3*b^2*(A*b-B*a)/a^4/(b*x+a)^3-1/2*b^2*(4*A*b-3*B*a)/a^5/(b*x+a)^2-2*b^2*(5*A*b-3*B*a)/a^6/(b*x+a)-10*b^2*(2*A*b-B*a)*ln(x)/a^7+10*b^2*(2*A*b-B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^7
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{a(-120Ab^5x^5 + 60ab^4x^4(-5A + Bx) - a^5(2A + 3Bx) + 3a^4bx(2A + 5Bx) + 10a^3b^2x^2(-3A + 11Bx) + 10a^2b^3x^3(-22A + 15Bx)) - 60b^2(2Ab - a^2) \operatorname{Log}[x] + 60b^2(a - B) \operatorname{Log}[a + bx]}{6a^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^4*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2), x]
```

output

```
((a*(-120*A*b^5*x^5 + 60*a*b^4*x^4*(-5*A + B*x) - a^5*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 3*a^4*b*x*(2*A + 5*B*x) + 10*a^3*b^2*x^2*(-3*A + 11*B*x) + 10*a^2*b^3*x^3*(-22*A + 15*B*x)))/(x^3*(a + b*x)^3) - 60*b^2*(2*A*b - a*B)*Log[x] + 60*b^2*(2*A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/(6*a^7)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$b^4 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^4 x^4 (a + bx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 (a + bx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{10b^3(aB - 2Ab)}{a^7(a + bx)} + \frac{10b^2(aB - 2Ab)}{a^7x} - \frac{2b^3(3aB - 5Ab)}{a^6(a + bx)^2} - \frac{2b(2aB - 5Ab)}{a^6x^2} - \frac{b^3(3aB - 4Ab)}{a^5(a + bx)^3} + \frac{aB - 4Ab}{a^5x^3} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{10b^2 \log(x)(2Ab - aB)}{a^7} + \frac{10b^2(2Ab - aB) \log(a + bx)}{a^7} - \frac{2b^2(5Ab - 3aB)}{a^6(a + bx)} - \frac{2b(5Ab - 2aB)}{a^6x} - \frac{b^2(4Ab - 3aB)}{2a^5(a + bx)^2} + \frac{4Ab - aB}{2a^5x^2} - \frac{b^2(Ab - aB)}{3a^4(a + bx)^3} - \frac{A}{3a^4x^3}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^4*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2),x]`

output `-1/3*A/(a^4*x^3) + (4*A*b - a*B)/(2*a^5*x^2) - (2*b*(5*A*b - 2*a*B))/(a^6*x) - (b^2*(A*b - a*B))/(3*a^4*(a + b*x)^3) - (b^2*(4*A*b - 3*a*B))/(2*a^5*(a + b*x)^2) - (2*b^2*(5*A*b - 3*a*B))/(a^6*(a + b*x)) - (10*b^2*(2*A*b - a*B)*Log[x])/a^7 + (10*b^2*(2*A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/a^7`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
default	$-\frac{b^2(4Ab-3Ba)}{2a^5(bx+a)^2} - \frac{b^2(Ab-Ba)}{3a^4(bx+a)^3} + \frac{10b^2(2Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^7} - \frac{2b^2(5Ab-3Ba)}{a^6(bx+a)} - \frac{A}{3a^4x^3} - \frac{-4Ab+Ba}{2x^2a^5} - \frac{2b(5Ab-2Ba)}{a^6x}$
norman	$-\frac{A}{3a} + \frac{(2Ab-Ba)x}{2a^2} - \frac{5b(2Ab-Ba)x^2}{2a^3} + \frac{3b(20Ab^3-10Bab^2)x^4}{a^5} + \frac{3b^2(30Ab^3-15Bab^2)x^5}{a^6} + \frac{b^3(110Ab^3-55Bab^2)x^6}{3a^7} - \frac{10b^2(2Ab-Ba)}{a^7}$
risch	$-\frac{10b^4(2Ab-Ba)x^5}{a^6} - \frac{25b^3(2Ab-Ba)x^4}{a^5} - \frac{55b^2(2Ab-Ba)x^3}{3a^4} - \frac{5b(2Ab-Ba)x^2}{2a^3} + \frac{(2Ab-Ba)x}{2a^2} - \frac{A}{3a} + \frac{20b^3\ln(-bx-a)A}{a^7} - \frac{10b^2\ln(bx+a)}{a^7}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{60B\ln(bx+a)x^6a^6b^5 - 360A\ln(bx+a)x^5a^6b^5 + 180B\ln(bx+a)x^5a^2b^4 - 360A\ln(bx+a)x^4a^2b^4 + 180B\ln(bx+a)x^4a^3b^3 - 120A\ln(bx+a)x^3a^3b^3}{x^3(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)(bx+a)}$

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^4/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*b^2*(4*A*b-3*B*a)/a^5/(b*x+a)^2-1/3*b^2*(A*b-B*a)/a^4/(b*x+a)^3+10*b^2*(2*A*b-B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^7-2*b^2*(5*A*b-3*B*a)/a^6/(b*x+a)-1/3*A/a^4/x^3-1/2*(-4*A*b+B*a)/x^2/a^5-2*b*(5*A*b-2*B*a)/a^6/x-10*b^2*(2*A*b-B*a)*ln(x)/a^7
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 333 vs. 2(155) = 310.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{2Aa^6 - 60(Ba^2b^4 - 2Aab^5)x^5 - 150(Ba^3b^3 - 2Aa^2b^4)x^4 - 110(Ba^4b^2 - 2Aa^3b^3)x^3 - 15(Ba^5b - 2Aa^4b^2)x^2 - 10Aa^6b + 10Aa^5b^2}{x^5(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} + \frac{10Aa^5b^2 - 10Aa^4b^2}{x^4(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} + \frac{10Aa^4b^2 - 10Aa^3b^2}{x^3(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} + \frac{10Aa^3b^2 - 10Aa^2b^2}{x^2(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} + \frac{10Aa^2b^2 - 10Aa^2b^2}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} + \frac{10Aa^2b^2 - 10Aa^2b^2}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/6*(2*A*a^6 - 60*(B*a^2*b^4 - 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 - 150*(B*a^3*b^3 - 2*A*a^2*
b^4)*x^4 - 110*(B*a^4*b^2 - 2*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 - 15*(B*a^5*b - 2*A*a^4*b^2)*
x^2 + 3*(B*a^6 - 2*A*a^5*b)*x + 60*((B*a*b^5 - 2*A*b^6)*x^6 + 3*(B*a^2*b^4
- 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 3*(B*a^3*b^3 - 2*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + (B*a^4*b^2 - 2*A*a^3
*b^3)*x^3)*log(b*x + a) - 60*((B*a*b^5 - 2*A*b^6)*x^6 + 3*(B*a^2*b^4 - 2*A
*a*b^5)*x^5 + 3*(B*a^3*b^3 - 2*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + (B*a^4*b^2 - 2*A*a^3*b^3)*
x^3)*log(x))/(a^7*b^3*x^6 + 3*a^8*b^2*x^5 + 3*a^9*b*x^4 + a^10*x^3)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2Aa^5 + x^5(-120Ab^5 + 60Bab^4) + x^4(-300Aab^4 + 150Ba^2b^3) + x^3(-220Aa^2b^3 + 110Ba^3b^2) + x^2(-30Aa^3b^2 + 15Ba^4b) + x(-6Aa^4b + 3Ba^5)}{6a^9x^3 + 18a^8bx^4 + 18a^7b^2x^5 + 6a^6b^3x^6} + \frac{10b^2(-2Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-20Aab^3 + 10Ba^2b^2 - 10ab^2(-2Ab + Ba)}{-40Ab^4 + 20Bab^3}\right)}{a^7} - \frac{10b^2(-2Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-20Aab^3 + 10Ba^2b^2 + 10ab^2(-2Ab + Ba)}{-40Ab^4 + 20Bab^3}\right)}{a^7}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**4/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
(-2*A*a**5 + x**5*(-120*A*b**5 + 60*B*a*b**4) + x**4*(-300*A*a*b**4 + 150*
B*a**2*b**3) + x**3*(-220*A*a**2*b**3 + 110*B*a**3*b**2) + x**2*(-30*A*a**
3*b**2 + 15*B*a**4*b) + x*(6*A*a**4*b - 3*B*a**5))/(6*a**9*x**3 + 18*a**8*
b*x**4 + 18*a**7*b**2*x**5 + 6*a**6*b**3*x**6) + 10*b**2*(-2*A*b + B*a)*lo
g(x + (-20*A*a*b**3 + 10*B*a**2*b**2 - 10*a*b**2*(-2*A*b + B*a))/(-40*A*b*
**4 + 20*B*a*b**3))/a**7 - 10*b**2*(-2*A*b + B*a)*log(x + (-20*A*a*b**3 + 1
0*B*a**2*b**2 + 10*a*b**2*(-2*A*b + B*a))/(-40*A*b**4 + 20*B*a*b**3))/a**7
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{2Aa^5 - 60(Bab^4 - 2Ab^5)x^5 - 150(Ba^2b^3 - 2Aab^4)x^4 - 110(Ba^3b^2 - 2Aa^2b^3)x^3 - 15(Ba^4b - 2Aa^5)}{6(a^6b^3x^6 + 3a^7b^2x^5 + 3a^8bx^4 + a^9x^3)}$$

$$- \frac{10(Bab^2 - 2Ab^3) \log(bx + a)}{a^7} + \frac{10(Bab^2 - 2Ab^3) \log(x)}{a^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*(2*A*a^5 - 60*(B*a*b^4 - 2*A*b^5)*x^5 - 150*(B*a^2*b^3 - 2*A*a*b^4)*x^4 - 110*(B*a^3*b^2 - 2*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 - 15*(B*a^4*b - 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^5 - 2*A*a^4*b)*x)/(a^6*b^3*x^6 + 3*a^7*b^2*x^5 + 3*a^8*b*x^4 + a^9*x^3) - 10*(B*a*b^2 - 2*A*b^3)*log(b*x + a)/a^7 + 10*(B*a*b^2 - 2*A*b^3)*log(x)/a^7`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{10(Bab^2 - 2Ab^3) \log(|x|)}{a^7} - \frac{10(Bab^3 - 2Ab^4) \log(|bx + a|)}{a^7b}$$

$$+ \frac{60Bab^4x^5 - 120Ab^5x^5 + 150Ba^2b^3x^4 - 300Aab^4x^4 + 110Ba^3b^2x^3 - 220Aa^2b^3x^3 + 15Ba^4bx^2 - 30Aa^5}{6(bx^2 + ax)^3a^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `10*(B*a*b^2 - 2*A*b^3)*log(abs(x))/a^7 - 10*(B*a*b^3 - 2*A*b^4)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^7*b) + 1/6*(60*B*a*b^4*x^5 - 120*A*b^5*x^5 + 150*B*a^2*b^3*x^4 - 300*A*a*b^4*x^4 + 110*B*a^3*b^2*x^3 - 220*A*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 15*B*a^4*b*x^2 - 30*A*a^3*b^2*x^2 - 3*B*a^5*x + 6*A*a^4*b*x - 2*A*a^5)/((b*x^2 + a*x)^3*a^6)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{20b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{10b^2(2Ab-Ba)(a+2bx)}{a(20Ab^3-10Bab^2)}\right) (2Ab-Ba)}{a^7} - \frac{\frac{A}{3a} - \frac{x(2Ab-Ba)}{2a^2} + \frac{55b^2x^3(2Ab-Ba)}{3a^4} + \frac{25b^3x^4(2Ab-Ba)}{a^5} + \frac{10b^4x^5(2Ab-Ba)}{a^6} + \frac{5bx^2(2Ab-Ba)}{2a^3}}{a^3x^3 + 3a^2bx^4 + 3ab^2x^5 + b^3x^6}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^4*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2),x)`output `(20*b^2*atanh((10*b^2*(2*A*b - B*a)*(a + 2*b*x))/(a*(20*A*b^3 - 10*B*a*b^2)))*(2*A*b - B*a))/a^7 - (A/(3*a) - (x*(2*A*b - B*a))/(2*a^2) + (55*b^2*x^3*(2*A*b - B*a))/(3*a^4) + (25*b^3*x^4*(2*A*b - B*a))/a^5 + (10*b^4*x^5*(2*A*b - B*a))/a^6 + (5*b*x^2*(2*A*b - B*a))/(2*a^3))/(a^3*x^3 + b^3*x^6 + 3*a^2*b*x^4 + 3*a*b^2*x^5)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{60 \log(bx + a) a^2 b^3 x^3 + 120 \log(bx + a) a b^4 x^4 + 60 \log(bx + a) b^5 x^5 - 60 \log(x) a^2 b^3 x^3 - 120 \log(x) a b^4 x^4}{6a^6x^3(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^4/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)`output `(60*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 120*log(a + b*x)*a*b**4*x**4 + 60*log(a + b*x)*b**5*x**5 - 60*log(x)*a**2*b**3*x**3 - 120*log(x)*a*b**4*x**4 - 60*log(x)*b**5*x**5 - 2*a**5 + 5*a**4*b*x - 20*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 60*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 30*b**5*x**5)/(6*a**6*x**3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))`

3.272 $\int \frac{x^6(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2202
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2203
Rubi [A] (verified)	2203
Maple [A] (verified)	2205
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2205
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2206
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2206
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2207
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2208
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2208

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{x^6(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{(Ab-6aB)x}{b^7} + \frac{Bx^2}{2b^6} - \frac{a^6(Ab-aB)}{5b^8(a+bx)^5} + \frac{a^5(6Ab-7aB)}{4b^8(a+bx)^4} - \frac{a^4(5Ab-7aB)}{b^8(a+bx)^3} + \frac{5a^3(4Ab-7aB)}{2b^8(a+bx)^2} - \frac{5a^2(3Ab-7aB)}{b^8(a+bx)} - \frac{3a(2Ab-7aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^8}$$

output

```
(A*b-6*B*a)*x/b^7+1/2*B*x^2/b^6-1/5*a^6*(A*b-B*a)/b^8/(b*x+a)^5+1/4*a^5*(6
*A*b-7*B*a)/b^8/(b*x+a)^4-a^4*(5*A*b-7*B*a)/b^8/(b*x+a)^3+5/2*a^3*(4*A*b-7
*B*a)/b^8/(b*x+a)^2-5*a^2*(3*A*b-7*B*a)/b^8/(b*x+a)-3*a*(2*A*b-7*B*a)*ln(b
*x+a)/b^8
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^6(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{20b(Ab - 6aB)x + 10b^2Bx^2 + \frac{4a^6(-Ab+aB)}{(a+bx)^5} + \frac{5a^5(6Ab-7aB)}{(a+bx)^4} + \frac{20a^4(-5Ab+7aB)}{(a+bx)^3} - \frac{50a^3(-4Ab+7aB)}{(a+bx)^2} + \frac{100a^2(-3Ab+7aB)}{a+bx}}{20b^8}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^6*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(20*b*(A*b - 6*a*B)*x + 10*b^2*B*x^2 + (4*a^6*(-(A*b) + a*B))/(a + b*x)^5 + (5*a^5*(6*A*b - 7*a*B))/(a + b*x)^4 + (20*a^4*(-5*A*b + 7*a*B))/(a + b*x)^3 - (50*a^3*(-4*A*b + 7*a*B))/(a + b*x)^2 + (100*a^2*(-3*A*b + 7*a*B))/(a + b*x) + 60*a*(-2*A*b + 7*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/(20*b^8)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^6(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$b^6 \int \frac{x^6(A + Bx)}{b^6(a + bx)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{x^6(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^6(aB - Ab)}{b^7(a + bx)^6} + \frac{a^5(7aB - 6Ab)}{b^7(a + bx)^5} - \frac{3a^4(7aB - 5Ab)}{b^7(a + bx)^4} + \frac{5a^3(7aB - 4Ab)}{b^7(a + bx)^3} - \frac{5a^2(7aB - 3Ab)}{b^7(a + bx)^2} + \frac{3a(7aB - 2Ab)}{b^7(a + bx)} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^6(Ab - aB)}{5b^8(a + bx)^5} + \frac{a^5(6Ab - 7aB)}{4b^8(a + bx)^4} - \frac{a^4(5Ab - 7aB)}{b^8(a + bx)^3} + \frac{5a^3(4Ab - 7aB)}{2b^8(a + bx)^2} - \frac{5a^2(3Ab - 7aB)}{b^8(a + bx)} - \frac{3a(2Ab - 7aB)\log(a + bx)}{b^8} + \frac{x(Ab - 6aB)}{b^7} + \frac{Bx^2}{2b^6}$$

input

```
Int[(x^6*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
((A*b - 6*a*B)*x)/b^7 + (B*x^2)/(2*b^6) - (a^6*(A*b - a*B))/(5*b^8*(a + b*x)^5) + (a^5*(6*A*b - 7*a*B))/(4*b^8*(a + b*x)^4) - (a^4*(5*A*b - 7*a*B))/(b^8*(a + b*x)^3) + (5*a^3*(4*A*b - 7*a*B))/(2*b^8*(a + b*x)^2) - (5*a^2*(3*A*b - 7*a*B))/(b^8*(a + b*x)) - (3*a*(2*A*b - 7*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^8
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 86

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{2}Bbx^2+Abx-6Bax}{b^7} - \frac{a^6(Ab-Ba)}{5b^8(bx+a)^5} - \frac{a^4(5Ab-7Ba)}{b^8(bx+a)^3} - \frac{5a^2(3Ab-7Ba)}{b^8(bx+a)} - \frac{3a(2Ab-7Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^8} + \frac{5a^3(4Ab-7B}{2b^8(bx+a)^2}$
norman	$\frac{Bx^7}{2b} - \frac{a^5(274abA-959a^2B)}{20b^8} + \frac{(2Ab-7Ba)x^6}{2b^2} - \frac{5a(6abA-21a^2B)x^4}{b^4} - \frac{5a^2(18abA-63a^2B)x^3}{b^5} - \frac{5a^3(22abA-77a^2B)x^2}{b^6} - \frac{5a^4(50abA}{4b^7(bx+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{Bx^2}{2b^6} + \frac{Ax}{b^6} - \frac{6Bax}{b^7} + \frac{(-15Aa^2b^4+35Ba^3b^3)x^4 - 5a^3b^2(20Ab-49Ba)x^3 + (-65Aa^4b^2 + \frac{329}{2}Ba^5b)x^2 + (-\frac{77}{2}Aa^5b + \frac{399}{4}}{b^7(bx+a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{7700Ba^5b^2x^2+1250Aa^5b^2x-4375Ba^6bx+1200A\ln(bx+a)x^2a^4b^3-4200B\ln(bx+a)x^2a^5b^2+600A\ln(bx+a)xa^5b^2-21}{b^7(bx+a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2}$

input `int(x^6*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{b^7} * (\frac{1}{2} * B * b * x^2 + A * b * x - 6 * B * a * x) - \frac{1}{5} * a^6 * (A * b - B * a) / b^8 / (b * x + a)^5 - a^4 * (5 * A * b - 7 * B * a) / b^8 / (b * x + a)^3 - 5 * a^2 * (3 * A * b - 7 * B * a) / b^8 / (b * x + a) - 3 * a * (2 * A * b - 7 * B * a) * \ln(b * x + a) / b^8 + 5 / 2 * a^3 * (4 * A * b - 7 * B * a) / b^8 / (b * x + a)^2 + 1 / 4 * a^5 * (6 * A * b - 7 * B * a) / b^8 / (b * x + a)^4$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 349 vs. 2(164) = 328.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{x^6(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{10Bb^7x^7 + 459Ba^7 - 174Aa^6b - 10(7Bab^6 - 2Ab^7)x^6 - 100(5Ba^2b^5 - Aab^6)x^5 - 100(4Ba^3b^4 + Aa^4b^3)x^4 - 100(3Aa^4b^2 - 3Aa^2b^4 - 3Aab^5)x^3 - 100(2Aa^5b - 2Aa^3b^3 - 2Aab^4)x^2 - 100(Aa^6 - Aa^4b - Aa^2b^2 - Ab^3)x + 100Aa^7}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/20*(10*B*b^7*x^7 + 459*B*a^7 - 174*A*a^6*b - 10*(7*B*a*b^6 - 2*A*b^7)*x^
6 - 100*(5*B*a^2*b^5 - A*a*b^6)*x^5 - 100*(4*B*a^3*b^4 + A*a^2*b^5)*x^4 +
100*(13*B*a^4*b^3 - 8*A*a^3*b^4)*x^3 + 300*(9*B*a^5*b^2 - 4*A*a^4*b^3)*x^2
+ 375*(5*B*a^6*b - 2*A*a^5*b^2)*x + 60*(7*B*a^7 - 2*A*a^6*b + (7*B*a^2*b^
5 - 2*A*a*b^6)*x^5 + 5*(7*B*a^3*b^4 - 2*A*a^2*b^5)*x^4 + 10*(7*B*a^4*b^3 -
2*A*a^3*b^4)*x^3 + 10*(7*B*a^5*b^2 - 2*A*a^4*b^3)*x^2 + 5*(7*B*a^6*b - 2*
A*a^5*b^2)*x)*log(b*x + a))/(b^13*x^5 + 5*a*b^12*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^11*x^3 + 1
0*a^3*b^10*x^2 + 5*a^4*b^9*x + a^5*b^8)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{x^6(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{Bx^2}{2b^6} + \frac{3a(-2Ab + 7Ba) \log(a + bx)}{b^8} + x \left(\frac{A}{b^6} - \frac{6Ba}{b^7} \right) + \frac{-174Aa^6b + 459Ba^7 + x^4(-300Aa^2b^5 + 700Ba^3b^4) + x^3(-1000Aa^3b^4 + 2450Ba^4b^3) + x^2(-1300Aa^4b^3 + 3290Ba^5b^2) + x(-770Aa^5b^2 + 1995Ba^6b)}{20a^5b^8 + 100a^4b^9x + 200a^3b^{10}x^2 + 200a^2b^{11}x^3 + 100ab^{12}x^4 + 10a^5b^8}$$

input

```
integrate(x**6*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)
```

output

```
B*x**2/(2*b**6) + 3*a*(-2*A*b + 7*B*a)*log(a + b*x)/b**8 + x*(A/b**6 - 6*B
*a/b**7) + (-174*A*a**6*b + 459*B*a**7 + x**4*(-300*A*a**2*b**5 + 700*B*a*
**3*b**4) + x**3*(-1000*A*a**3*b**4 + 2450*B*a**4*b**3) + x**2*(-1300*A*a**
4*b**3 + 3290*B*a**5*b**2) + x*(-770*A*a**5*b**2 + 1995*B*a**6*b))/(20*a**
5*b**8 + 100*a**4*b**9*x + 200*a**3*b**10*x**2 + 200*a**2*b**11*x**3 + 100
*a*b**12*x**4 + 20*b**13*x**5)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{x^6(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{459Ba^7 - 174Aa^6b + 100(7Ba^3b^4 - 3Aa^2b^5)x^4 + 50(49Ba^4b^3 - 20Aa^3b^4)x^3 + 10(329Ba^5b^2 - 130Aa^4b^3)x^2 + (Bbx^2 - 2(6Ba - Ab)x)}{20(b^{13}x^5 + 5ab^{12}x^4 + 10a^2b^{11}x^3 + 10a^3b^{10}x^2 + 5a^4b^9x + a^5b^8)} + \frac{3(7Ba^2 - 2Aab) \log(bx + a)}{b^8}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{1}{20}(459Ba^7 - 174Aa^6b + 100(7Ba^3b^4 - 3Aa^2b^5)x^4 + 50(49Ba^4b^3 - 20Aa^3b^4)x^3 + 10(329Ba^5b^2 - 130Aa^4b^3)x^2 + 35(57Ba^6b - 22Aa^5b^2)x)/(b^{13}x^5 + 5a^2b^{12}x^4 + 10a^2b^{11}x^3 + 10a^3b^{10}x^2 + 5a^4b^9x + a^5b^8) + \frac{1}{2}(Bbx^2 - 2(6Ba - Ab)x)/b^7 + 3(7Ba^2 - 2Aa^2b)\log(bx + a)/b^8$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^6(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(7Ba^2 - 2Aab)\log(|bx + a|)}{b^8} + \frac{Bb^6x^2 - 12Bab^5x + 2Ab^6x}{2b^{12}} + \frac{459Ba^7 - 174Aa^6b + 100(7Ba^3b^4 - 3Aa^2b^5)x^4 + 50(49Ba^4b^3 - 20Aa^3b^4)x^3 + 10(329Ba^5b^2 - 130Aa^4b^3)x^2 + 35(57Ba^6b - 22Aa^5b^2)x}{20(bx + a)^5b^8}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$3(7Ba^2 - 2Aa^2b)\log(\text{abs}(bx + a))/b^8 + \frac{1}{2}(Bb^6x^2 - 12Bab^5x + 2Aa^2b^6x)/b^{12} + \frac{1}{20}(459Ba^7 - 174Aa^6b + 100(7Ba^3b^4 - 3Aa^2b^5)x^4 + 50(49Ba^4b^3 - 20Aa^3b^4)x^3 + 10(329Ba^5b^2 - 130Aa^4b^3)x^2 + 35(57Ba^6b - 22Aa^5b^2)x)/((bx + a)^5b^8)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{x^6(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = x \left(\frac{A}{b^6} - \frac{6Ba}{b^7} \right) - \frac{x^2 \left(65Aa^4b^2 - \frac{329Ba^5b}{2} \right) - x \left(\frac{399Ba^6}{4} - \frac{77Aa^5b}{2} \right) - \frac{3(153Ba^7 - 58Aa^6b)}{20b} + x^4(15Aa^2b^4 - 35Ba^3b^3) + \frac{Bx^2}{2b^6} + \frac{\ln(a + bx)(21Ba^2 - 6Aab)}{b^8}}{a^5b^7 + 5a^4b^8x + 10a^3b^9x^2 + 10a^2b^{10}x^3 + 5ab^{11}x^4 + b^{12}x^5}$$

input `int((x^6*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3,x)`output `x*(A/b^6 - (6*B*a)/b^7) - (x^2*(65*A*a^4*b^2 - (329*B*a^5*b)/2) - x*((399*B*a^6)/4 - (77*A*a^5*b)/2) - (3*(153*B*a^7 - 58*A*a^6*b))/(20*b) + x^4*(15*A*a^2*b^4 - 35*B*a^3*b^3) + x^3*(50*A*a^3*b^3 - (245*B*a^4*b^2)/2))/(a^5*b^7 + b^12*x^5 + 5*a^4*b^8*x + 5*a*b^11*x^4 + 10*a^3*b^9*x^2 + 10*a^2*b^10*x^3) + (B*x^2)/(2*b^6) + (log(a + b*x)*(21*B*a^2 - 6*A*a*b))/b^8`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^6(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{60 \log(bx + a) a^6 + 240 \log(bx + a) a^5 b x + 360 \log(bx + a) a^4 b^2 x^2 + 240 \log(bx + a) a^3 b^3 x^3 + 60 \log(bx + a) a^2 b^4 x^4 + 60 \log(bx + a) a b^5 x^5 + 60 \log(bx + a) b^6 x^6}{4b^7(b^4x^4 + 4ab^3x^3 + 6a^2b^2x^2 + 4a^3bx + a^4)}$$

input `int(x^6*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)`output `(60*log(a + b*x)*a**6 + 240*log(a + b*x)*a**5*b*x + 360*log(a + b*x)*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 240*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 60*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 65*a**6 + 200*a**5*b*x + 180*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 60*a**2*b**4*x**4 - 12*a*b**5*x**5 + 2*b**6*x**6)/(4*b**7*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4))`

3.273 $\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2209
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2209
Rubi [A] (verified)	2210
Maple [A] (verified)	2212
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2212
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2213
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2213
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2214
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2214
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2215

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{Bx}{b^6} + \frac{a^5(Ab-aB)}{5b^7(a+bx)^5} - \frac{a^4(5Ab-6aB)}{4b^7(a+bx)^4} + \frac{5a^3(2Ab-3aB)}{3b^7(a+bx)^3} - \frac{5a^2(Ab-2aB)}{b^7(a+bx)^2} + \frac{5a(Ab-3aB)}{b^7(a+bx)} + \frac{(Ab-6aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^7}$$

output `B*x/b^6+1/5*a^5*(A*b-B*a)/b^7/(b*x+a)^5-1/4*a^4*(5*A*b-6*B*a)/b^7/(b*x+a)^4+5/3*a^3*(2*A*b-3*B*a)/b^7/(b*x+a)^3-5*a^2*(A*b-2*B*a)/b^7/(b*x+a)^2+5*a*(A*b-3*B*a)/b^7/(b*x+a)+(A*b-6*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^7`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{60bBx + \frac{12a^5(Ab-aB)}{(a+bx)^5} + \frac{15a^4(-5Ab+6aB)}{(a+bx)^4} + \frac{100a^3(2Ab-3aB)}{(a+bx)^3} + \frac{300a^2(-Ab+2aB)}{(a+bx)^2} + \frac{300a(Ab-3aB)}{a+bx} + 60(Ab-6aB)\ln(a+bx)}{60b^7}$$

input `Integrate[(x^5*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output
$$\frac{(60*b*B*x + (12*a^5*(A*b - a*B))/(a + b*x)^5 + (15*a^4*(-5*A*b + 6*a*B))/(a + b*x)^4 + (100*a^3*(2*A*b - 3*a*B))/(a + b*x)^3 + (300*a^2*(-(A*b) + 2*a*B))/(a + b*x)^2 + (300*a*(A*b - 3*a*B))/(a + b*x) + 60*(A*b - 6*a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/(60*b^7)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$b^6 \int \frac{x^5(A + Bx)}{b^6(a + bx)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{x^5(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^5(aB - Ab)}{b^6(a + bx)^6} - \frac{a^4(6aB - 5Ab)}{b^6(a + bx)^5} + \frac{5a^3(3aB - 2Ab)}{b^6(a + bx)^4} - \frac{10a^2(2aB - Ab)}{b^6(a + bx)^3} + \frac{5a(3aB - Ab)}{b^6(a + bx)^2} + \frac{Ab - 6aB}{b^6(a + bx)} + \frac{B}{b^6} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^5(Ab - aB)}{5b^7(a + bx)^5} - \frac{a^4(5Ab - 6aB)}{4b^7(a + bx)^4} + \frac{5a^3(2Ab - 3aB)}{3b^7(a + bx)^3} - \frac{5a^2(Ab - 2aB)}{b^7(a + bx)^2} + \frac{5a(Ab - 3aB)}{b^7(a + bx)} + \frac{(Ab - 6aB) \log(a + bx)}{b^7} + \frac{Bx}{b^6}$$

input `Int[(x^5*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(B*x)/b^6 + (a^5*(A*b - a*B))/(5*b^7*(a + b*x)^5) - (a^4*(5*A*b - 6*a*B))/(4*b^7*(a + b*x)^4) + (5*a^3*(2*A*b - 3*a*B))/(3*b^7*(a + b*x)^3) - (5*a^2*(A*b - 2*a*B))/(b^7*(a + b*x)^2) + (5*a*(A*b - 3*a*B))/(b^7*(a + b*x)) + ((A*b - 6*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^7`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
norman	$\frac{\frac{Bx^6}{b} + \frac{a^5(137Ab-822Ba)}{60b^7} + \frac{5a(Ab-6Ba)x^4}{b^3} + \frac{5a^2(3Ab-18Ba)x^3}{b^4} + \frac{5a^3(11Ab-66Ba)x^2}{3b^5} + \frac{5a^4(25Ab-150Ba)x}{12b^6}}{(bx+a)^5} + \frac{(Ab-6Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^7}$
default	$\frac{Bx}{b^6} + \frac{a^5(Ab-Ba)}{5b^7(bx+a)^5} - \frac{a^4(5Ab-6Ba)}{4b^7(bx+a)^4} + \frac{5a^3(2Ab-3Ba)}{3b^7(bx+a)^3} - \frac{5a^2(Ab-2Ba)}{b^7(bx+a)^2} + \frac{5a(Ab-3Ba)}{b^7(bx+a)} + \frac{(Ab-6Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^7}$
risch	$\frac{Bx}{b^6} + \frac{(5Aa^4b^4 - 15Ba^2b^3)x^4 + 5a^2b^2(3Ab - 10Ba)x^3 + (\frac{55}{3}a^3Ab^2 - 65Ba^4b)x^2 + (\frac{125}{12}Aa^4b - \frac{77}{2}Ba^5)x + \frac{a^5(137Ab-522Ba)}{60b}}{b^6(bx+a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2}$
parallelrisch	$600A \ln(bx+a)x^2a^3b^3 + 600A \ln(bx+a)x^3a^2b^4 - 3600B \ln(bx+a)x^3a^3b^3 - 3750Ba^5bx + 300Aab^5x^4 - 6600Ba^4b^2x^2 + 300A \ln(bx+a)$

input `int(x^5*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{(B/b*x^6+1/60*a^5*(137*A*b-822*B*a)/b^7+5*a*(A*b-6*B*a)/b^3*x^4+5*a^2*(3*A*b-18*B*a)/b^4*x^3+5/3*a^3*(11*A*b-66*B*a)/b^5*x^2+5/12*a^4*(25*A*b-150*B*a)/b^6*x)/(b*x+a)^5+(A*b-6*B*a)*\ln(b*x+a)/b^7}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 311 vs. 2(144) = 288.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{60Bb^6x^6 + 300Bab^5x^5 - 522Ba^6 + 137Aa^5b - 300(Ba^2b^4 - Aab^5)x^4 - 300(8Ba^3b^3 - 3Aa^2b^4)x^3 - \dots}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/60*(60*B*b^6*x^6 + 300*B*a*b^5*x^5 - 522*B*a^6 + 137*A*a^5*b - 300*(B*a^2*b^4 - A*a*b^5)*x^4 - 300*(8*B*a^3*b^3 - 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 - 100*(36*B*a^4*b^2 - 11*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 - 125*(18*B*a^5*b - 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x - 60*(6*B*a^6 - A*a^5*b + (6*B*a*b^5 - A*b^6)*x^5 + 5*(6*B*a^2*b^4 - A*a*b^5)*x^4 + 10*(6*B*a^3*b^3 - A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 10*(6*B*a^4*b^2 - A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 5*(6*B*a^5*b - A*a^4*b^2)*x)*log(b*x + a)/(b^12*x^5 + 5*a*b^11*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^10*x^3 + 10*a^3*b^9*x^2 + 5*a^4*b^8*x + a^5*b^7)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{x^5(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{Bx}{b^6} + \frac{137Aa^5b - 522Ba^6 + x^4 \cdot (300Aab^5 - 900Ba^2b^4) + x^3 \cdot (900Aa^2b^4 - 3000Ba^3b^3) + x^2 \cdot (1100Aa^3b^3 - 3900Ba^4b^2) + x \cdot (625Aa^4b^2 - 2310Ba^5b)}{60a^5b^7 + 300a^4b^8x + 600a^3b^9x^2 + 600a^2b^{10}x^3 + 300ab^{11}x^4 + 60b^{12}x^5} - \frac{(-Ab + 6Ba) \log(a + bx)}{b^7}$$

input

```
integrate(x**5*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)
```

output

```
B*x/b**6 + (137*A*a**5*b - 522*B*a**6 + x**4*(300*A*a*b**5 - 900*B*a**2*b**4) + x**3*(900*A*a**2*b**4 - 3000*B*a**3*b**3) + x**2*(1100*A*a**3*b**3 - 3900*B*a**4*b**2) + x*(625*A*a**4*b**2 - 2310*B*a**5*b))/(60*a**5*b**7 + 300*a**4*b**8*x + 600*a**3*b**9*x**2 + 600*a**2*b**10*x**3 + 300*a*b**11*x**4 + 60*b**12*x**5) - (-A*b + 6*B*a)*log(a + b*x)/b**7
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{x^5(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{522Ba^6 - 137Aa^5b + 300(3Ba^2b^4 - Aab^5)x^4 + 300(10Ba^3b^3 - 3Aa^2b^4)x^3 + 100(39Ba^4b^2 - 11Aa^3b^3)x^2 + 125(18Ba^5b - 5Aa^4b^2)x + 60(6Ba^6 - Aa^5b + (6Bab^5 - Ab^6)x^5 + 5(6Ba^2b^4 - Aab^5)x^4 + 10(6Ba^3b^3 - Aa^2b^4)x^3 + 10(6Ba^4b^2 - Aa^3b^3)x^2 + 5(6Ba^5b - Aa^4b^2)x)}{60(b^{12}x^5 + 5ab^{11}x^4 + 10a^2b^{10}x^3 + 10a^3b^9x^2 + 5a^4b^8x + a^5b^7)} + \frac{Bx}{b^6} - \frac{(6Ba - Ab) \log(bx + a)}{b^7}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/60*(522*B*a^6 - 137*A*a^5*b + 300*(3*B*a^2*b^4 - A*a*b^5)*x^4 + 300*(10*B*a^3*b^3 - 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 100*(39*B*a^4*b^2 - 11*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 5*(462*B*a^5*b - 125*A*a^4*b^2)*x)/(b^12*x^5 + 5*a*b^11*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^10*x^3 + 10*a^3*b^9*x^2 + 5*a^4*b^8*x + a^5*b^7) + B*x/b^6 - (6*B*a - A*b)*\log(b*x + a)/b^7$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{Bx}{b^6} - \frac{(6Ba - Ab) \log(|bx+a|)}{b^7} - \frac{522Ba^6 - 137Aa^5b + 300(3Ba^2b^4 - Aab^5)x^4 + 300(10Ba^3b^3 - 3Aa^2b^4)x^3 + 100(39Ba^4b^2 - 11Aa^3b^3)x^2 + 5(462Ba^5b - 125Aa^4b^2)x}{60(bx+a)^5b^7}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$B*x/b^6 - (6*B*a - A*b)*\log(\text{abs}(b*x + a))/b^7 - 1/60*(522*B*a^6 - 137*A*a^5*b + 300*(3*B*a^2*b^4 - A*a*b^5)*x^4 + 300*(10*B*a^3*b^3 - 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 100*(39*B*a^4*b^2 - 11*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 5*(462*B*a^5*b - 125*A*a^4*b^2)*x)/((b*x + a)^5*b^7)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{Bx}{b^6} - \frac{x \left(\frac{77Ba^5}{2} - \frac{125Aa^4b}{12} \right) + x^4 (15Ba^2b^3 - 5Aab^4) - x^2 \left(\frac{55Aa^3b^2}{3} - 65Ba^4b \right) + \frac{522Ba^6 - 137Aa^5b}{60b} - x^3 (A^2b^2 + 2Ab^3 + b^4)}{a^5b^6 + 5a^4b^7x + 10a^3b^8x^2 + 10a^2b^9x^3 + 5ab^{10}x^4 + b^{11}x^5} + \frac{\ln(a+bx)(Ab - 6Ba)}{b^7}$$

input `int((x^5*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3,x)`

output `(B*x)/b^6 - (x*((77*B*a^5)/2 - (125*A*a^4*b)/12) + x^4*(15*B*a^2*b^3 - 5*A*a*b^4) - x^2*((55*A*a^3*b^2)/3 - 65*B*a^4*b) + (522*B*a^6 - 137*A*a^5*b)/(60*b) - x^3*(15*A*a^2*b^3 - 50*B*a^3*b^2))/(a^5*b^6 + b^11*x^5 + 5*a^4*b^7*x + 5*a*b^10*x^4 + 10*a^3*b^8*x^2 + 10*a^2*b^9*x^3) + (log(a + b*x)*(A*b - 6*B*a))/b^7`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^5(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-60 \log(bx + a) a^5 - 240 \log(bx + a) a^4 bx - 360 \log(bx + a) a^3 b^2 x^2 - 240 \log(bx + a) a^2 b^3 x^3 - 60 \log(bx + a) a b^4 x^4 - 60 \log(bx + a) b^5 x^5}{12b^6 (b^4 x^4 + 4a b^3 x^3 + 6a^2 b^2 x^2 + 4a^3 b x + a^4)}$$

input `int(x^5*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)`

output `(- 60*log(a + b*x)*a**5 - 240*log(a + b*x)*a**4*b*x - 360*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 240*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*x**3 - 60*log(a + b*x)*a*b**4*x**4 - 65*a**5 - 200*a**4*b*x - 180*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 60*a*b**4*x**4 + 12*b**5*x**5)/(12*b**6*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4))`

output

$$(137*a^5*B - 60*A*b^5*x^4 + 60*a*b^4*x^3*(-2*A + 5*B*x) + 60*a^2*b^3*x^2*(-2*A + 15*B*x) + 20*a^3*b^2*x*(-3*A + 55*B*x) + a^4*(-12*A*b + 625*b*B*x) + 60*B*(a + b*x)^5*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/(60*b^6*(a + b*x)^5)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.185$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & b^6 \int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{b^6(a + bx)^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & \frac{B \int \frac{x^4}{(a+bx)^5} dx}{b} + \frac{x^5(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & \frac{B \int \left(\frac{a^4}{b^4(a+bx)^5} - \frac{4a^3}{b^4(a+bx)^4} + \frac{6a^2}{b^4(a+bx)^3} - \frac{4a}{b^4(a+bx)^2} + \frac{1}{b^4(a+bx)} \right) dx}{b} + \frac{x^5(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{B \left(-\frac{a^4}{4b^5(a+bx)^4} + \frac{4a^3}{3b^5(a+bx)^3} - \frac{3a^2}{b^5(a+bx)^2} + \frac{4a}{b^5(a+bx)} + \frac{\log(a+bx)}{b^5} \right)}{b} + \frac{x^5(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^4*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]$$

output

$$\frac{((A*b - a*B)*x^5)/(5*a*b*(a + b*x)^5) + (B*(-1/4*a^4/(b^5*(a + b*x)^4) + (4*a^3)/(3*b^5*(a + b*x)^3) - (3*a^2)/(b^5*(a + b*x)^2) + (4*a)/(b^5*(a + b*x))) + \text{Log}[a + b*x]/b^5)/b$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)*(G_x)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 49

$$\text{Int}[((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^{(m_*)})*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$$

rule 87

$$\text{Int}[((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^{(m_*)})*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)})*((e_*) + (f_*)*(x_*)^{(p_*)}), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}*(e + f*x)^{(p+1)}/(f*(p+1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))]/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p+1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \!(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \!(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ \!(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$$

rule 1184

$$\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)*(x_*)^{(m_*)})*((f_*) + (g_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)})*((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*) + (c_*)*(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{B \log(a + bx)}{b^6} + \frac{-12Aa^4b + 137Ba^5 + x^4(-60Ab^5 + 300Bab^4) + x^3(-120Aab^4 + 900Ba^2b^3) + x^2(-120Aa^2b^3 + 1100Ba^3b^2) + x(-60Aa^3b^2 + 625Ba^4b)}{60a^5b^6 + 300a^4b^7x + 600a^3b^8x^2 + 600a^2b^9x^3 + 300ab^{10}x^4 + 60b^{11}x^5}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)`output `B*log(a + b*x)/b**6 + (-12*A*a**4*b + 137*B*a**5 + x**4*(-60*A*b**5 + 300*B*a*b**4) + x**3*(-120*A*a*b**4 + 900*B*a**2*b**3) + x**2*(-120*A*a**2*b**3 + 1100*B*a**3*b**2) + x*(-60*A*a**3*b**2 + 625*B*a**4*b))/(60*a**5*b**6 + 300*a**4*b**7*x + 600*a**3*b**8*x**2 + 600*a**2*b**9*x**3 + 300*a*b**10*x**4 + 60*b**11*x**5)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{137Ba^5 - 12Aa^4b + 60(5Bab^4 - Ab^5)x^4 + 60(15Ba^2b^3 - 2Aab^4)x^3 + 20(55Ba^3b^2 - 6Aa^2b^3)x^2 + 5(125Ba^4b - 12Aa^3b^2)x}{60(b^{11}x^5 + 5ab^{10}x^4 + 10a^2b^9x^3 + 10a^3b^8x^2 + 5a^4b^7x + a^5b^6)} + \frac{B \log(bx + a)}{b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/60*(137*B*a^5 - 12*A*a^4*b + 60*(5*B*a*b^4 - A*b^5)*x^4 + 60*(15*B*a^2*b^3 - 2*A*a*b^4)*x^3 + 20*(55*B*a^3*b^2 - 6*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 5*(125*B*a^4*b - 12*A*a^3*b^2)*x)/(b^11*x^5 + 5*a*b^10*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^9*x^3 + 10*a^3*b^8*x^2 + 5*a^4*b^7*x + a^5*b^6) + B*log(b*x + a)/b^6`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{B \log(|bx + a|)}{b^6} + \frac{60(5Bab^3 - Ab^4)x^4 + 60(15Ba^2b^2 - 2Aab^3)x^3 + 20(55Ba^3b - 6Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 5(125Ba^4 - 12Aa^3b)}{60(bx + a)^5b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `B*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^6 + 1/60*(60*(5*B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^4 + 60*(15*B*a^2*b^2 - 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 20*(55*B*a^3*b - 6*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 5*(125*B*a^4 - 12*A*a^3*b)*x + (137*B*a^5 - 12*A*a^4*b)/b)/((b*x + a)^5*b^5)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{137Ba^5 - 12Aa^4b}{60b^6} + \frac{x^3(15Ba^2 - 2Aab)}{b^3} + \frac{x(125Ba^4 - 12Aa^3b)}{12b^5} - \frac{x^4(Ab - 5Ba)}{b^2} + \frac{x^2(55Ba^3 - 6Aa^2b)}{3b^4}}{a^5 + 5a^4bx + 10a^3b^2x^2 + 10a^2b^3x^3 + 5ab^4x^4 + b^5x^5} + \frac{B \ln(a + bx)}{b^6}$$

input `int((x^4*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3,x)`output `((137*B*a^5 - 12*A*a^4*b)/(60*b^6) + (x^3*(15*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b))/b^3 + (x*(125*B*a^4 - 12*A*a^3*b))/(12*b^5) - (x^4*(A*b - 5*B*a))/b^2 + (x^2*(55*B*a^3 - 6*A*a^2*b))/(3*b^4))/(a^5 + b^5*x^5 + 5*a*b^4*x^4 + 10*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 10*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 5*a^4*b*x) + (B*log(a + b*x))/b^6`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 \log(bx + a) a^4 + 48 \log(bx + a) a^3bx + 72 \log(bx + a) a^2b^2x^2 + 48 \log(bx + a) a b^3x^3 + 12 \log(bx + a)}{12b^5 (b^4x^4 + 4a b^3x^3 + 6a^2b^2x^2 + 4a^3bx + a^4)}$$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)`output `(12*log(a + b*x)*a**4 + 48*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b*x + 72*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 48*log(a + b*x)*a*b**3*x**3 + 12*log(a + b*x)*b**4*x**4 + 13*a**4 + 40*a**3*b*x + 36*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 12*b**4*x**4)/(12*b**5*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4))`

$$3.275 \quad \int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{(Ab-aB)x^4}{5ab(a+bx)^5} + \frac{(Ab+4aB)x^4}{20a^2b(a+bx)^4}$$

output $1/5*(A*b-B*a)*x^4/a/b/(b*x+a)^5+1/20*(A*b+4*B*a)*x^4/a^2/b/(b*x+a)^4$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{4a^4B+10b^4x^3(A+2Bx)+10ab^3x^2(A+4Bx)+5a^2b^2x(A+8Bx)+a^3b(A+20Bx)}{20b^5(a+bx)^5}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(x^3*(A+B*x))/(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^3,x]$

output $-1/20*(4*a^4*B+10*b^4*x^3*(A+2*B*x)+10*a*b^3*x^2*(A+4*B*x)+5*a^2*b^2*x*(A+8*B*x)+a^3*b*(A+20*B*x))/(b^5*(a+b*x)^5)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\
 & b^6 \int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{b^6(a + bx)^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(4aB + Ab) \int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx)^5} dx}{5ab} + \frac{x^4(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 48 \\
 & \frac{x^4(4aB + Ab)}{20a^2b(a + bx)^4} + \frac{x^4(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^3*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3, x]$$

output

$$((A*b - a*B)*x^4)/(5*a*b*(a + b*x)^5) + ((A*b + 4*a*B)*x^4)/(20*a^2*b*(a + b*x)^4)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !EqQ[e, 0] || !EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{-\frac{Bx^4}{b} - \frac{(Ab+4Ba)x^3}{2b^2} - \frac{a(Ab+4Ba)x^2}{2b^3} - \frac{a^2(Ab+4Ba)x}{4b^4} - \frac{a^3(Ab+4Ba)}{20b^5}}{(bx+a)^5}$	85
default	$\frac{a^3(Ab-Ba)}{5b^5(bx+a)^5} + \frac{a(Ab-2Ba)}{b^5(bx+a)^3} - \frac{B}{(bx+a)b^5} - \frac{Ab-4Ba}{2b^5(bx+a)^2} - \frac{a^2(3Ab-4Ba)}{4b^5(bx+a)^4}$	102
risch	$\frac{-\frac{Bx^4}{b} - \frac{(Ab+4Ba)x^3}{2b^2} - \frac{a(Ab+4Ba)x^2}{2b^3} - \frac{a^2(Ab+4Ba)x}{4b^4} - \frac{a^3(Ab+4Ba)}{20b^5}}{(bx+a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2}$	103
orering	$-\frac{(20b^4Bx^4+10Ab^4x^3+40Ba^3b^3x^3+10Aa^3b^3x^2+40B^2a^2b^2x^2+5A^2a^2b^2x+20B^3bx+A^3b+4a^4B)(bx+a)}{20b^5(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^3}$	110
gospers	$-\frac{20b^4Bx^4+10Ab^4x^3+40Ba^3b^3x^3+10Aa^3b^3x^2+40B^2a^2b^2x^2+5A^2a^2b^2x+20B^3bx+A^3b+4a^4B}{20(bx+a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2b^5}$	112
parallelrisch	$-\frac{20b^4Bx^4+10Ab^4x^3+40Ba^3b^3x^3+10Aa^3b^3x^2+40B^2a^2b^2x^2+5A^2a^2b^2x+20B^3bx+A^3b+4a^4B}{20(bx+a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2b^5}$	112

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $(-B/b*x^4-1/2*(A*b+4*B*a)/b^2*x^3-1/2*a*(A*b+4*B*a)/b^3*x^2-1/4*a^2*(A*b+4*B*a)/b^4*x-1/20*a^3*(A*b+4*B*a)/b^5)/(b*x+a)^5$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 139 vs. 2(53) = 106.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{20Bb^4x^4 + 4Ba^4 + Aa^3b + 10(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^3 + 10(4Ba^2b^2 + Aab^3)x^2 + 5(4Ba^3b + Aa^2b^2)x}{20(b^{10}x^5 + 5ab^9x^4 + 10a^2b^8x^3 + 10a^3b^7x^2 + 5a^4b^6x + a^5b^5)}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-1/20*(20*B*b^4*x^4 + 4*B*a^4 + A*a^3*b + 10*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^3 + 10*(4*B*a^2*b^2 + A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 5*(4*B*a^3*b + A*a^2*b^2)*x)/(b^{10}*x^5 + 5*a*b^9*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^8*x^3 + 10*a^3*b^7*x^2 + 5*a^4*b^6*x + a^5*b^5)$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 150 vs. 2(48) = 96.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{-Aa^3b - 4Ba^4 - 20Bb^4x^4 + x^3(-10Ab^4 - 40Bab^3) + x^2(-10Aab^3 - 40Ba^2b^2) + x(-5Aa^2b^2 - 20Ba^3b)}{20a^5b^5 + 100a^4b^6x + 200a^3b^7x^2 + 200a^2b^8x^3 + 100ab^9x^4 + 20b^{10}x^5}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)`

output

$$\frac{(-Aa^{**3}b - 4B*a^{**4} - 20*B*b^{**4}*x^{**4} + x^{**3}*(-10*A*b^{**4} - 40*B*a*b^{**3}) + x^{**2}*(-10*A*a*b^{**3} - 40*B*a^{**2}*b^{**2}) + x*(-5*A*a^{**2}*b^{**2} - 20*B*a^{**3}*b))/ (20*a^{**5}*b^{**5} + 100*a^{**4}*b^{**6}*x + 200*a^{**3}*b^{**7}*x^{**2} + 200*a^{**2}*b^{**8}*x^{**3} + 100*a*b^{**9}*x^{**4} + 20*b^{**10}*x^{**5})}{}$$

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 139 vs. 2(53) = 106.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{20 Bb^4x^4 + 4 Ba^4 + Aa^3b + 10 (4 Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^3 + 10 (4 Ba^2b^2 + Aab^3)x^2 + 5 (4 Ba^3b + Aa^2b^2)x}{20 (b^{10}x^5 + 5 ab^9x^4 + 10 a^2b^8x^3 + 10 a^3b^7x^2 + 5 a^4b^6x + a^5b^5)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{-1/20*(20*B*b^4*x^4 + 4*B*a^4 + A*a^3*b + 10*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^3 + 10*(4*B*a^2*b^2 + A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 5*(4*B*a^3*b + A*a^2*b^2)*x)/(b^{10}*x^5 + 5*a*b^9*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^8*x^3 + 10*a^3*b^7*x^2 + 5*a^4*b^6*x + a^5*b^5)}{}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{20 Bb^4x^4 + 40 Bab^3x^3 + 10 Ab^4x^3 + 40 Ba^2b^2x^2 + 10 Aab^3x^2 + 20 Ba^3bx + 5 Aa^2b^2x + 4 Ba^4 + Aa^3b}{20 (bx + a)^5 b^5}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{-1/20*(20*B*b^4*x^4 + 40*B*a*b^3*x^3 + 10*A*b^4*x^3 + 40*B*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 10*A*a*b^3*x^2 + 20*B*a^3*b*x + 5*A*a^2*b^2*x + 4*B*a^4 + A*a^3*b)/((b*x + a)^5*b^5)}{}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{Bx^4}{b} + \frac{a^3(Ab+4Ba)}{20b^5} + \frac{x^3(Ab+4Ba)}{2b^2} + \frac{ax^2(Ab+4Ba)}{2b^3} + \frac{a^2x(Ab+4Ba)}{4b^4}$$

$$a^5 + 5a^4bx + 10a^3b^2x^2 + 10a^2b^3x^3 + 5ab^4x^4 + b^5x^5$$

input

```
int((x^3*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
-((B*x^4)/b + (a^3*(A*b + 4*B*a))/(20*b^5) + (x^3*(A*b + 4*B*a))/(2*b^2) +
(a*x^2*(A*b + 4*B*a))/(2*b^3) + (a^2*x*(A*b + 4*B*a))/(4*b^4))/(a^5 + b^5
*x^5 + 5*a*b^4*x^4 + 10*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 10*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 5*a^4*b*x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{x^4}{4a(b^4x^4 + 4ab^3x^3 + 6a^2b^2x^2 + 4a^3bx + a^4)}$$

input

```
int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
x**4/(4*a*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**
4))
```

3.276 $\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{a^2(Ab-aB)}{5b^4(a+bx)^5} + \frac{a(2Ab-3aB)}{4b^4(a+bx)^4} - \frac{Ab-3aB}{3b^4(a+bx)^3} - \frac{B}{2b^4(a+bx)^2}$$

output

$-1/5*a^2*(A*b-B*a)/b^4/(b*x+a)^5+1/4*a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)/b^4/(b*x+a)^4-1/3*(A*b-3*B*a)/b^4/(b*x+a)^3-1/2*B/b^4/(b*x+a)^2$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{3a^3B+10ab^2x(A+3Bx)+10b^3x^2(2A+3Bx)+a^2b(2A+15Bx)}{60b^4(a+bx)^5}$$

input

`Integrate[(x^2*(A+B*x))/(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output

$$-1/60*(3*a^3*B + 10*a*b^2*x*(A + 3*B*x) + 10*b^3*x^2*(2*A + 3*B*x) + a^2*b*(2*A + 15*B*x))/(b^4*(a + b*x)^5)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & b^6 \int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{b^6(a + bx)^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 86 \\ & \int \left(-\frac{a^2(aB - Ab)}{b^3(a + bx)^6} + \frac{a(3aB - 2Ab)}{b^3(a + bx)^5} + \frac{Ab - 3aB}{b^3(a + bx)^4} + \frac{B}{b^3(a + bx)^3} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & -\frac{a^2(Ab - aB)}{5b^4(a + bx)^5} + \frac{a(2Ab - 3aB)}{4b^4(a + bx)^4} - \frac{Ab - 3aB}{3b^4(a + bx)^3} - \frac{B}{2b^4(a + bx)^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^2*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3, x]$$

output

$$-1/5*(a^2*(A*b - a*B))/(b^4*(a + b*x)^5) + (a*(2*A*b - 3*a*B))/(4*b^4*(a + b*x)^4) - (A*b - 3*a*B)/(3*b^4*(a + b*x)^3) - B/(2*b^4*(a + b*x)^2)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F x, (b_)*(G x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{-\frac{Bx^3}{2b} - \frac{(2b^2A+3abB)x^2}{6b^3} - \frac{a(2b^2A+3abB)x}{12b^4} - \frac{a^2(2b^2A+3abB)}{60b^5}}{(bx+a)^5}$	78
default	$-\frac{a^2(Ab-Ba)}{5b^4(bx+a)^5} + \frac{a(2Ab-3Ba)}{4b^4(bx+a)^4} - \frac{Ab-3Ba}{3b^4(bx+a)^3} - \frac{B}{2b^4(bx+a)^2}$	80
risch	$\frac{-\frac{Bx^3}{2b} - \frac{(2Ab+3Ba)x^2}{6b^2} - \frac{a(2Ab+3Ba)x}{12b^3} - \frac{a^2(2Ab+3Ba)}{60b^4}}{(bx+a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2}$	87
orering	$-\frac{(30x^3Bb^3+20Ab^3x^2+30Ba b^2x^2+10Aa b^2x+15B a^2bx+2A a^2b+3B a^3)(bx+a)}{60b^4(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^3}$	87
gospers	$-\frac{30x^3Bb^3+20Ab^3x^2+30Ba b^2x^2+10Aa b^2x+15B a^2bx+2A a^2b+3B a^3}{60b^4(bx+a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2}$	89
parallelrisc	$-\frac{30b^4Bx^3+20Ab^4x^2+30Ba b^3x^2+10Aa b^3x+15B a^2b^2x+2a^2A b^2+3B a^3b}{60b^5(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2(bx+a)}$	94

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $(-1/2*B*x^3/b-1/6*(2*A*b^2+3*B*a*b)/b^3*x^2-1/12*a*(2*A*b^2+3*B*a*b)/b^4*x-1/60*a^2*(2*A*b^2+3*B*a*b)/b^5)/(b*x+a)^5$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{30Bb^3x^3 + 3Ba^3 + 2Aa^2b + 10(3Bab^2 + 2Ab^3)x^2 + 5(3Ba^2b + 2Aab^2)x}{60(b^9x^5 + 5ab^8x^4 + 10a^2b^7x^3 + 10a^3b^6x^2 + 5a^4b^5x + a^5b^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-1/60*(30*B*b^3*x^3 + 3*B*a^3 + 2*A*a^2*b + 10*(3*B*a*b^2 + 2*A*b^3)*x^2 + 5*(3*B*a^2*b + 2*A*a*b^2)*x)/(b^9*x^5 + 5*a*b^8*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^7*x^3 + 10*a^3*b^6*x^2 + 5*a^4*b^5*x + a^5*b^4)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2Aa^2b - 3Ba^3 - 30Bb^3x^3 + x^2(-20Ab^3 - 30Bab^2) + x(-10Aab^2 - 15Ba^2b)}{60a^5b^4 + 300a^4b^5x + 600a^3b^6x^2 + 600a^2b^7x^3 + 300ab^8x^4 + 60b^9x^5}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)`

output $(-2*A*a**2*b - 3*B*a**3 - 30*B*b**3*x**3 + x**2*(-20*A*b**3 - 30*B*a*b**2) + x*(-10*A*a*b**2 - 15*B*a**2*b))/(60*a**5*b**4 + 300*a**4*b**5*x + 600*a**3*b**6*x**2 + 600*a**2*b**7*x**3 + 300*a*b**8*x**4 + 60*b**9*x**5)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{30 Bb^3x^3 + 3 Ba^3 + 2 Aa^2b + 10 (3 Bab^2 + 2 Ab^3)x^2 + 5 (3 Ba^2b + 2 Aab^2)x}{60 (b^9x^5 + 5 ab^8x^4 + 10 a^2b^7x^3 + 10 a^3b^6x^2 + 5 a^4b^5x + a^5b^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/60*(30*B*b^3*x^3 + 3*B*a^3 + 2*A*a^2*b + 10*(3*B*a*b^2 + 2*A*b^3)*x^2 + 5*(3*B*a^2*b + 2*A*a*b^2)*x)/(b^9*x^5 + 5*a*b^8*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^7*x^3 + 10*a^3*b^6*x^2 + 5*a^4*b^5*x + a^5*b^4)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{30 Bb^3x^3 + 30 Bab^2x^2 + 20 Ab^3x^2 + 15 Ba^2bx + 10 Aab^2x + 3 Ba^3 + 2 Aa^2b}{60 (bx + a)^5 b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/60*(30*B*b^3*x^3 + 30*B*a*b^2*x^2 + 20*A*b^3*x^2 + 15*B*a^2*b*x + 10*A*a*b^2*x + 3*B*a^3 + 2*A*a^2*b)/((b*x + a)^5*b^4)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{Bx^3}{2b} + \frac{a^2(2Ab+3Ba)}{60b^4} + \frac{x^2(2Ab+3Ba)}{6b^2} + \frac{ax(2Ab+3Ba)}{12b^3}}{a^5 + 5a^4bx + 10a^3b^2x^2 + 10a^2b^3x^3 + 5ab^4x^4 + b^5x^5}$$

input `int((x^2*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3,x)`output `-((B*x^3)/(2*b) + (a^2*(2*A*b + 3*B*a))/(60*b^4) + (x^2*(2*A*b + 3*B*a))/(6*b^2) + (a*x*(2*A*b + 3*B*a))/(12*b^3))/(a^5 + b^5*x^5 + 5*a*b^4*x^4 + 10*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 10*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 5*a^4*b*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{-6b^2x^2 - 4abx - a^2}{12b^3(b^4x^4 + 4ab^3x^3 + 6a^2b^2x^2 + 4a^3bx + a^4)}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)`output `(- a**2 - 4*a*b*x - 6*b**2*x**2)/(12*b**3*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4))`

3.277 $\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2235
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2235
Rubi [A] (verified)	2236
Maple [A] (verified)	2237
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2238
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2238
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2239
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2239
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2239
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2240

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{a(Ab-aB)}{5b^3(a+bx)^5} - \frac{Ab-2aB}{4b^3(a+bx)^4} - \frac{B}{3b^3(a+bx)^3}$$

output `1/5*a*(A*b-B*a)/b^3/(b*x+a)^5-1/4*(A*b-2*B*a)/b^3/(b*x+a)^4-1/3*B/b^3/(b*x+a)^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{2a^2B+5b^2x(3A+4Bx)+ab(3A+10Bx)}{60b^3(a+bx)^5}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(A+B*x))/(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/60*(2*a^2*B+5*b^2*x*(3*A+4*B*x)+a*b*(3*A+10*B*x))/(b^3*(a+b*x)^5)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\
 & b^6 \int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{b^6(a + bx)^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{Ab - 2aB}{b^2(a + bx)^5} + \frac{a(aB - Ab)}{b^2(a + bx)^6} + \frac{B}{b^2(a + bx)^4} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{Ab - 2aB}{4b^3(a + bx)^4} + \frac{a(Ab - aB)}{5b^3(a + bx)^5} - \frac{B}{3b^3(a + bx)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(a*(A*b - a*B))/(5*b^3*(a + b*x)^5) - (A*b - 2*a*B)/(4*b^3*(a + b*x)^4) - B/(3*b^3*(a + b*x)^3)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 86 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)(x_))^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ ((\text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[p, 0]) \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ || \ (\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LeQ}[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0]) \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, c, d, e, f])$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}*((f_.) + (g_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
default	$\frac{a(Ab-Ba)}{5b^3(bx+a)^5} - \frac{Ab-2Ba}{4b^3(bx+a)^4} - \frac{B}{3b^3(bx+a)^3}$	56
norman	$-\frac{Bx^2}{3b} - \frac{(3Ab^3+2Bab^2)x}{12b^4} - \frac{a(3Ab^3+2Bab^2)}{60b^5}$ $(bx+a)^5$	59
orering	$-\frac{(20x^2Bb^2+15xb^2A+10xabB+3abA+2a^2B)(bx+a)}{60b^3(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^3}$	63
gosper	$-\frac{20x^2Bb^2+15xb^2A+10xabB+3abA+2a^2B}{60b^3(bx+a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2}$	65
risch	$-\frac{Bx^2}{3b} - \frac{(3Ab+2Ba)x}{12b^2} - \frac{a(3Ab+2Ba)}{60b^3}$ $(bx+a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2$	67
paralelrisch	$-\frac{20Bb^4x^2+15Ab^4x+10Bab^3x+3Aab^3+2Ba^2b^2}{60b^5(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2(bx+a)}$	72

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{5}a*(A*b-B*a)/b^3/(b*x+a)^5 - \frac{1}{4}*(A*b-2*B*a)/b^3/(b*x+a)^4 - \frac{1}{3}B/b^3/(b*x+a)^3$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{20Bb^2x^2 + 2Ba^2 + 3Aab + 5(2Bab + 3Ab^2)x}{60(b^8x^5 + 5ab^7x^4 + 10a^2b^6x^3 + 10a^3b^5x^2 + 5a^4b^4x + a^5b^3)}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-\frac{1}{60}*(20*B*b^2*x^2 + 2*B*a^2 + 3*A*a*b + 5*(2*B*a*b + 3*A*b^2)*x)/(b^8*x^5 + 5*a*b^7*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^6*x^3 + 10*a^3*b^5*x^2 + 5*a^4*b^4*x + a^5*b^3)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3Aab - 2Ba^2 - 20Bb^2x^2 + x(-15Ab^2 - 10Bab)}{60a^5b^3 + 300a^4b^4x + 600a^3b^5x^2 + 600a^2b^6x^3 + 300ab^7x^4 + 60b^8x^5}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)`

output $(-3*A*a*b - 2*B*a**2 - 20*B*b**2*x**2 + x*(-15*A*b**2 - 10*B*a*b))/(60*a**5*b**3 + 300*a**4*b**4*x + 600*a**3*b**5*x**2 + 600*a**2*b**6*x**3 + 300*a*b**7*x**4 + 60*b**8*x**5)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{20 Bb^2x^2 + 2 Ba^2 + 3 Aab + 5 (2 Bab + 3 Ab^2)x}{60 (b^8x^5 + 5 ab^7x^4 + 10 a^2b^6x^3 + 10 a^3b^5x^2 + 5 a^4b^4x + a^5b^3)}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/60*(20*B*b^2*x^2 + 2*B*a^2 + 3*A*a*b + 5*(2*B*a*b + 3*A*b^2)*x)/(b^8*x^5 + 5*a*b^7*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^6*x^3 + 10*a^3*b^5*x^2 + 5*a^4*b^4*x + a^5*b^3)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{20 Bb^2x^2 + 10 Babx + 15 Ab^2x + 2 Ba^2 + 3 Aab}{60 (bx + a)^5 b^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/60*(20*B*b^2*x^2 + 10*B*a*b*x + 15*A*b^2*x + 2*B*a^2 + 3*A*a*b)/((b*x + a)^5*b^3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{Bx^2}{3b} + \frac{a(3Ab+2Ba)}{60b^3} + \frac{x(3Ab+2Ba)}{12b^2}}{a^5 + 5a^4bx + 10a^3b^2x^2 + 10a^2b^3x^3 + 5ab^4x^4 + b^5x^5}$$

input `int((x*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3,x)`

output

$$-\frac{(Bx^2)}{(3b)} + \frac{(a(3A*b + 2B*a))}{(60*b^3)} + \frac{(x(3A*b + 2B*a))}{(12*b^2)} \Big/ (a^5 + b^5*x^5 + 5*a*b^4*x^4 + 10*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 10*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 5*a^4*b*x)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{-4bx - a}{12b^2 (b^4x^4 + 4ab^3x^3 + 6a^2b^2x^2 + 4a^3bx + a^4)}$$

input

```
int(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)
```

output

$$\left(-a - 4bx \right) / \left(12b^2 (a^4 + 4a^3bx + 6a^2b^2x^2 + 4a^3bx + b^4x^4) \right)$$

3.278 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2241
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2241
Rubi [A] (verified)	2242
Maple [A] (verified)	2243
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2244
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2244
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2245
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2245
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2245
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2246

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{-Ab + aB}{5b^2(a + bx)^5} - \frac{B}{4b^2(a + bx)^4}$$

output `1/5*(-A*b+B*a)/b^2/(b*x+a)^5-1/4*B/b^2/(b*x+a)^4`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{4Ab + B(a + 5bx)}{20b^2(a + bx)^5}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/20*(4*A*b + B*(a + 5*b*x))/(b^2*(a + b*x)^5)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1098, 27, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1098} \\
 & b^6 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^6(a + bx)^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{Ab - aB}{b(a + bx)^6} + \frac{B}{b(a + bx)^5} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{Ab - aB}{5b^2(a + bx)^5} - \frac{B}{4b^2(a + bx)^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/5*(A*b - a*B)/(b^2*(a + b*x)^5) - B/(4*b^2*(a + b*x)^4)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 1098 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{Ab-Ba}{5b^2(bx+a)^5} - \frac{B}{4b^2(bx+a)^4}$	35
norman	$-\frac{Bx}{4b} - \frac{4Ab^4+Ba^3}{20b^5}$ $(bx+a)^5$	35
orering	$-\frac{(5Bbx+4Ab+Ba)(bx+a)}{20b^2(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^3}$	42
gospers	$-\frac{5Bbx+4Ab+Ba}{20b^2(bx+a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2}$	44
risch	$-\frac{Bx}{4b} - \frac{4Ab+Ba}{20b^2}$ $(bx+a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2$	48
parallelrisch	$-\frac{5Bb^4x+4Ab^4+Ba^3}{20b^5(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2(bx+a)}$	51

input `int((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $-1/5*(A*b-B*a)/b^2/(b*x+a)^5-1/4*B/b^2/(b*x+a)^4$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 72 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{5Bbx + Ba + 4Ab}{20(b^7x^5 + 5ab^6x^4 + 10a^2b^5x^3 + 10a^3b^4x^2 + 5a^4b^3x + a^5b^2)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-1/20*(5*B*b*x + B*a + 4*A*b)/(b^7*x^5 + 5*a*b^6*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^5*x^3 + 10*a^3*b^4*x^2 + 5*a^4*b^3*x + a^5*b^2)$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 76 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4Ab - Ba - 5Bbx}{20a^5b^2 + 100a^4b^3x + 200a^3b^4x^2 + 200a^2b^5x^3 + 100ab^6x^4 + 20b^7x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)`

output $(-4*A*b - B*a - 5*B*b*x)/(20*a**5*b**2 + 100*a**4*b**3*x + 200*a**3*b**4*x**2 + 200*a**2*b**5*x**3 + 100*a*b**6*x**4 + 20*b**7*x**5)$

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 72 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{5Bbx + Ba + 4Ab}{20(b^7x^5 + 5ab^6x^4 + 10a^2b^5x^3 + 10a^3b^4x^2 + 5a^4b^3x + a^5b^2)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/20*(5*B*b*x + B*a + 4*A*b)/(b^7*x^5 + 5*a*b^6*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^5*x^3 + 10*a^3*b^4*x^2 + 5*a^4*b^3*x + a^5*b^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{5Bbx + Ba + 4Ab}{20(bx + a)^5b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/20*(5*B*b*x + B*a + 4*A*b)/((b*x + a)^5*b^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{4Ab+Ba}{20b^2} + \frac{Bx}{4b}}{a^5 + 5a^4bx + 10a^3b^2x^2 + 10a^2b^3x^3 + 5ab^4x^4 + b^5x^5}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3,x)`

output

```
-((4*A*b + B*a)/(20*b^2) + (B*x)/(4*b))/(a^5 + b^5*x^5 + 5*a*b^4*x^4 + 10*
a^3*b^2*x^2 + 10*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 5*a^4*b*x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{4b(b^4x^4 + 4ab^3x^3 + 6a^2b^2x^2 + 4a^3bx + a^4)}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 1)/(4*b*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x
**4))
```

3.279 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2247
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2247
Rubi [A] (verified)	2248
Maple [A] (verified)	2249
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2250
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2250
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2251
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2251
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2252
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2252

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{Ab-aB}{5ab(a+bx)^5} + \frac{A}{4a^2(a+bx)^4} + \frac{A}{3a^3(a+bx)^3} + \frac{A}{2a^4(a+bx)^2} + \frac{A}{a^5(a+bx)} + \frac{A \log(x)}{a^6} - \frac{A \log(a+bx)}{a^6}$$

output

```
1/5*(A*b-B*a)/a/b/(b*x+a)^5+1/4*A/a^2/(b*x+a)^4+1/3*A/a^3/(b*x+a)^3+1/2*A/a^4/(b*x+a)^2+A/a^5/(b*x+a)+A*ln(x)/a^6-A*ln(b*x+a)/a^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{a(137a^4Ab-12a^5B+385a^3Ab^2x+470a^2Ab^3x^2+270aAb^4x^3+60Ab^5x^4)}{b(a+bx)^5} + 60A \log(x) - 60A \log(a+bx)$$

$60a^6$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3), x]
```

output

$$\left((a(137a^4Ab - 12a^5B + 385a^3Ab^2x + 470a^2Ab^3x^2 + 270aAb^4x^3 + 60Ab^5x^4)) / (b(a + bx)^5) + 60A \operatorname{Log}[x] - 60A \operatorname{Log}[a + bx] \right) / (60a^6)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$b^6 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^6x(a + bx)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{Ab}{a^6(a + bx)} + \frac{A}{a^6x} - \frac{Ab}{a^5(a + bx)^2} - \frac{Ab}{a^4(a + bx)^3} - \frac{Ab}{a^3(a + bx)^4} - \frac{Ab}{a^2(a + bx)^5} + \frac{aB - Ab}{a(a + bx)^6} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{A \log(a + bx)}{a^6} + \frac{A \log(x)}{a^6} + \frac{A}{a^5(a + bx)} + \frac{A}{2a^4(a + bx)^2} + \frac{A}{3a^3(a + bx)^3} + \frac{A}{4a^2(a + bx)^4} + \frac{Ab - aB}{5ab(a + bx)^5}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(A + Bx)/(x*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3), x]$$

output $(A*b - a*B)/(5*a*b*(a + b*x)^5) + A/(4*a^2*(a + b*x)^4) + A/(3*a^3*(a + b*x)^3) + A/(2*a^4*(a + b*x)^2) + A/(a^5*(a + b*x)) + (A*\text{Log}[x])/a^6 - (A*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/a^6$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 86 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ ((\text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[p, 0]) \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ || \ (\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LeQ}[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0]) \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, c, d, e, f])$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
default	$-\frac{-Ab+Ba}{5ab(bx+a)^5} - \frac{A \ln(bx+a)}{a^6} + \frac{A}{a^5(bx+a)} + \frac{A}{2a^4(bx+a)^2} + \frac{A}{3a^3(bx+a)^3} + \frac{A}{4a^2(bx+a)^4} + \frac{A \ln(x)}{a^6}$
risch	$\frac{b^4 A x^4 + 9b^3 A x^3 + 47b^2 A x^2 + 77xAb + 137Ab-12Ba}{(bx+a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2} - \frac{A \ln(bx+a)}{a^6} + \frac{A \ln(-x)}{a^6}$
norman	$-\frac{(5Ab-Ba)x}{a^2} - \frac{b(15Ab-2Ba)x^2}{a^3} - \frac{b^2(55Ab-6Ba)x^3}{3a^4} - \frac{b^3(125Ab-12Ba)x^4}{12a^5} - \frac{b^4(137Ab-12Ba)x^5}{60a^6} + \frac{A \ln(x)}{a^6} - \frac{A \ln(bx+a)}{a^6}$
parallelrisc	$-625Aa b^4 x^4 + 120B a^4 b x^2 - 300A a^4 b x - 300A \ln(bx+a) x a^4 b + 300A \ln(x) x a^4 b + 12Ba b^4 x^5 + 300A \ln(x) x^4 a b^4 - 300A \ln(bx+a)$

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/5*(-A*b+B*a)/a/b/(b*x+a)^5-A*\ln(b*x+a)/a^6+A/a^5/(b*x+a)+1/2*A/a^4/(b*x+a)^2+1/3*A/a^3/(b*x+a)^3+1/4*A/a^2/(b*x+a)^4+A*\ln(x)/a^6$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 250 vs. 2(94) = 188.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{60 Aab^5x^4 + 270 Aa^2b^4x^3 + 470 Aa^3b^3x^2 + 385 Aa^4b^2x - 12 Ba^6 + 137 Aa^5b - 60 (Ab^6x^5 + 5 Aab^5x^4 + 10 Aa^4b^4x^3 + 10 Aa^3b^3x^2 + 5 Aa^2b^2x + Aa^5b) \log(bx + a) + 60 (Ab^6x^5 + 5 Aa^4b^4x^3 + 10 Aa^3b^3x^2 + 5 Aa^2b^2x + Aa^5b) \log(x)}{60 (a^6b^6x^5 + 5 Aa^5b^5x^4 + 10 Aa^4b^4x^3 + 10 Aa^3b^3x^2 + 5 Aa^2b^2x + Aa^5b)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$1/60*(60*A*a*b^5*x^4 + 270*A*a^2*b^4*x^3 + 470*A*a^3*b^3*x^2 + 385*A*a^4*b^2*x - 12*B*a^6 + 137*A*a^5*b - 60*(A*b^6*x^5 + 5*A*a*b^5*x^4 + 10*A*a^2*b^4*x^3 + 10*A*a^3*b^3*x^2 + 5*A*a^4*b^2*x + A*a^5*b)*\log(b*x + a) + 60*(A*b^6*x^5 + 5*A*a*b^5*x^4 + 10*A*a^2*b^4*x^3 + 10*A*a^3*b^3*x^2 + 5*A*a^4*b^2*x + A*a^5*b)*\log(x))/(a^6*b^6*x^5 + 5*a^7*b^5*x^4 + 10*a^8*b^4*x^3 + 10*a^9*b^3*x^2 + 5*a^10*b^2*x + a^11*b)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{A(\log(x) - \log(\frac{a}{b} + x))}{a^6} + \frac{137Aa^4b + 385Aa^3b^2x + 470Aa^2b^3x^2 + 270Aab^4x^3 + 60Ab^5x^4 - 12Ba^5}{60a^{10}b + 300a^9b^2x + 600a^8b^3x^2 + 600a^7b^4x^3 + 300a^6b^5x^4 + 60a^5b^6x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)`

output $A*(\log(x) - \log(a/b + x))/a^{**6} + (137*A*a^{**4}*b + 385*A*a^{**3}*b^{**2}*x + 470*A*a^{**2}*b^{**3}*x^{**2} + 270*A*a*b^{**4}*x^{**3} + 60*A*b^{**5}*x^{**4} - 12*B*a^{**5})/(60*a^{**10}*b + 300*a^{**9}*b^{**2}*x + 600*a^{**8}*b^{**3}*x^{**2} + 600*a^{**7}*b^{**4}*x^{**3} + 300*a^{**6}*b^{**5}*x^{**4} + 60*a^{**5}*b^{**6}*x^{**5})$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{60 Ab^5x^4 + 270 Aab^4x^3 + 470 Aa^2b^3x^2 + 385 Aa^3b^2x - 12 Ba^5 + 137 Aa^4b}{60 (a^5b^6x^5 + 5 a^6b^5x^4 + 10 a^7b^4x^3 + 10 a^8b^3x^2 + 5 a^9b^2x + a^{10}b)} - \frac{A \log (bx + a)}{a^6} + \frac{A \log (x)}{a^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/60*(60*A*b^5*x^4 + 270*A*a*b^4*x^3 + 470*A*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 385*A*a^3*b^2*x - 12*B*a^5 + 137*A*a^4*b)/(a^5*b^6*x^5 + 5*a^6*b^5*x^4 + 10*a^7*b^4*x^3 + 10*a^8*b^3*x^2 + 5*a^9*b^2*x + a^{10}b) - A*\log(b*x + a)/a^6 + A*\log(x)/a^6$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{A \log (|bx + a|)}{a^6} + \frac{A \log (|x|)}{a^6} + \frac{60 Aab^5x^4 + 270 Aa^2b^4x^3 + 470 Aa^3b^3x^2 + 385 Aa^4b^2x - 12 Ba^6 + 137 Aa^5b}{60 (bx + a)^5 a^6 b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-A*\log(\text{abs}(b*x + a))/a^6 + A*\log(\text{abs}(x))/a^6 + 1/60*(60*A*a*b^5*x^4 + 270*A*a^2*b^4*x^3 + 470*A*a^3*b^3*x^2 + 385*A*a^4*b^2*x - 12*B*a^6 + 137*A*a^5*b)/((b*x + a)^5*a^6*b)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{137Ab - 12Ba}{60ab} + \frac{77Abx}{12a^2} + \frac{47Ab^2x^2}{6a^3} + \frac{9Ab^3x^3}{2a^4} + \frac{Ab^4x^4}{a^5}}{a^5 + 5a^4bx + 10a^3b^2x^2 + 10a^2b^3x^3 + 5ab^4x^4 + b^5x^5} - \frac{2A \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx}{a} + 1\right)}{a^6}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3),x)`

output
$$\left(\frac{(137*A*b - 12*B*a)}{(60*a*b)} + \frac{(77*A*b*x)}{(12*a^2)} + \frac{(47*A*b^2*x^2)}{(6*a^3)} + \frac{(9*A*b^3*x^3)}{(2*a^4)} + \frac{(A*b^4*x^4)}{a^5}\right) / (a^5 + b^5*x^5 + 5*a*b^4*x^4 + 10*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 10*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 5*a^4*b*x) - (2*A*\operatorname{atanh}((2*b*x)/a + 1)) / a^6$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{-12 \log(bx + a) a^4 - 48 \log(bx + a) a^3bx - 72 \log(bx + a) a^2b^2x^2 - 48 \log(bx + a) a b^3x^3 - 12 \log(bx + a) b^4x^4}{12a^5 (b^4x^4 + 5ab^3x^3 + 10a^2b^2x^2 + 10abx + a^2)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 12*log(a + b*x)*a**4 - 48*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b*x - 72*log(a + b*x)*a**2
*b**2*x**2 - 48*log(a + b*x)*a*b**3*x**3 - 12*log(a + b*x)*b**4*x**4 + 12*
log(x)*a**4 + 48*log(x)*a**3*b*x + 72*log(x)*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 48*log(x)*a*
b**3*x**3 + 12*log(x)*b**4*x**4 + 22*a**4 + 40*a**3*b*x + 24*a**2*b**2*x**
2 - 3*b**4*x**4)/(12*a**5*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*a*b**3
*x**3 + b**4*x**4))
```

3.280 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2254
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2254
Rubi [A] (verified)	2255
Maple [A] (verified)	2257
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2257
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2258
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2259
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2259
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2260
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2260

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{A}{a^6x} - \frac{Ab-aB}{5a^2(a+bx)^5} - \frac{2Ab-aB}{4a^3(a+bx)^4} - \frac{3Ab-aB}{3a^4(a+bx)^3} - \frac{4Ab-aB}{2a^5(a+bx)^2} - \frac{5Ab-aB}{a^6(a+bx)} - \frac{(6Ab-aB)\log(x)}{a^7} + \frac{(6Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{a^7}$$

output

```
-A/a^6/x-1/5*(A*b-B*a)/a^2/(b*x+a)^5-1/4*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^3/(b*x+a)^4-1/3*(3*A*b-B*a)/a^4/(b*x+a)^3-1/2*(4*A*b-B*a)/a^5/(b*x+a)^2-(5*A*b-B*a)/a^6/(b*x+a)-(6*A*b-B*a)*ln(x)/a^7+(6*A*b-B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{-\frac{60aA}{x} + \frac{12a^5(-Ab+aB)}{(a+bx)^5} + \frac{15a^4(-2Ab+aB)}{(a+bx)^4} + \frac{20a^3(-3Ab+aB)}{(a+bx)^3} + \frac{30a^2(-4Ab+aB)}{(a+bx)^2} + \frac{60a(-5Ab+aB)}{a+bx} + 60(-6Ab+aB)}{60a^7}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3),x]`

output `((-60*a*A)/x + (12*a^5*(-(A*b) + a*B))/(a + b*x)^5 + (15*a^4*(-2*A*b + a*B))/((a + b*x)^4 + (20*a^3*(-3*A*b + a*B))/(a + b*x)^3 + (30*a^2*(-4*A*b + a*B))/(a + b*x)^2 + (60*a*(-5*A*b + a*B))/(a + b*x) + 60*(-6*A*b + a*B)*Log[x] + 60*(6*A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/(60*a^7)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\
 & b^6 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^6 x^2 (a + bx)^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a + bx)^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 86 \\
 & \int \left(\frac{aB - 6Ab}{a^7 x} - \frac{b(aB - 6Ab)}{a^7 (a + bx)} - \frac{b(aB - 5Ab)}{a^6 (a + bx)^2} + \frac{A}{a^6 x^2} - \frac{b(aB - 4Ab)}{a^5 (a + bx)^3} - \frac{b(aB - 3Ab)}{a^4 (a + bx)^4} - \frac{b(aB - 2Ab)}{a^3 (a + bx)^5} - \frac{b(aB)}{a^2 (a + bx)^6} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & -\frac{\log(x)(6Ab - aB)}{a^7} + \frac{(6Ab - aB)\log(a + bx)}{a^7} - \frac{5Ab - aB}{a^6 (a + bx)} - \frac{A}{a^6 x} - \frac{4Ab - aB}{2a^5 (a + bx)^2} \\
 & \quad - \frac{3Ab - aB}{3a^4 (a + bx)^3} - \frac{2Ab - aB}{4a^3 (a + bx)^4} - \frac{Ab - aB}{5a^2 (a + bx)^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3),x]`

output `-(A/(a^6*x)) - (A*b - a*B)/(5*a^2*(a + b*x)^5) - (2*A*b - a*B)/(4*a^3*(a + b*x)^4) - (3*A*b - a*B)/(3*a^4*(a + b*x)^3) - (4*A*b - a*B)/(2*a^5*(a + b*x)^2) - (5*A*b - a*B)/(a^6*(a + b*x)) - ((6*A*b - a*B)*Log[x])/a^7 + ((6*A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/a^7`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

output

```
-1/60*(60*A*a^6 - 60*(B*a^2*b^4 - 6*A*a*b^5)*x^5 - 270*(B*a^3*b^3 - 6*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 - 470*(B*a^4*b^2 - 6*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 - 385*(B*a^5*b - 6*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 - 137*(B*a^6 - 6*A*a^5*b)*x + 60*((B*a*b^5 - 6*A*b^6)*x^6 + 5*(B*a^2*b^4 - 6*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 10*(B*a^3*b^3 - 6*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 10*(B*a^4*b^2 - 6*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 5*(B*a^5*b - 6*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^6 - 6*A*a^5*b)*x)*log(b*x + a) - 60*((B*a*b^5 - 6*A*b^6)*x^6 + 5*(B*a^2*b^4 - 6*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 10*(B*a^3*b^3 - 6*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 10*(B*a^4*b^2 - 6*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 5*(B*a^5*b - 6*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^6 - 6*A*a^5*b)*x)*log(x))/(a^7*b^5*x^6 + 5*a^8*b^4*x^5 + 10*a^9*b^3*x^4 + 10*a^10*b^2*x^3 + 5*a^11*b*x^2 + a^12*x)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 275 vs. $2(136) = 272$.

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-60Aa^5 + x^5(-360Ab^5 + 60Bab^4) + x^4(-1620Aab^4 + 270Ba^2b^3) + x^3(-2820Aa^2b^3 + 470Ba^3b^2) + x^2(-2310Aa^3b^2 + 385Ba^4b) + x(-822Aa^4b + 137Ba^5)}{60a^{11}x + 300a^{10}bx^2 + 600a^9b^2x^3 + 600a^8b^3x^4 + 300a^7b^4x^5 + 60a^6b^5x^6} + \frac{(-6Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-6Aab + Ba^2 - a(-6Ab + Ba)}{-12Ab^2 + 2Bab}\right)}{a^7} - \frac{(-6Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-6Aab + Ba^2 + a(-6Ab + Ba)}{-12Ab^2 + 2Bab}\right)}{a^7}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**2/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)
```

output

```
(-60*A*a**5 + x**5*(-360*A*b**5 + 60*B*a*b**4) + x**4*(-1620*A*a*b**4 + 270*B*a**2*b**3) + x**3*(-2820*A*a**2*b**3 + 470*B*a**3*b**2) + x**2*(-2310*A*a**3*b**2 + 385*B*a**4*b) + x*(-822*A*a**4*b + 137*B*a**5))/(60*a**11*x + 300*a**10*b*x**2 + 600*a**9*b**2*x**3 + 600*a**8*b**3*x**4 + 300*a**7*b**4*x**5 + 60*a**6*b**5*x**6) + (-6*A*b + B*a)*log(x + (-6*A*a*b + B*a**2 - a*(-6*A*b + B*a))/(-12*A*b**2 + 2*B*a*b))/a**7 - (-6*A*b + B*a)*log(x + (-6*A*a*b + B*a**2 + a*(-6*A*b + B*a))/(-12*A*b**2 + 2*B*a*b))/a**7
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{60 Aa^5 - 60 (Bab^4 - 6 Ab^5)x^5 - 270 (Ba^2b^3 - 6 Aab^4)x^4 - 470 (Ba^3b^2 - 6 Aa^2b^3)x^3 - 385 (Ba^4b - 6 Aa^3b^2)x^2 - 137 (Ba^5 - 6 Aa^4b)x}{60 (a^6b^5x^6 + 5 a^7b^4x^5 + 10 a^8b^3x^4 + 10 a^9b^2x^3 + 5 a^{10}bx^2 + a^{11}x)} - \frac{(Ba - 6 Ab) \log (bx + a)}{a^7} + \frac{(Ba - 6 Ab) \log (x)}{a^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/60*(60*A*a^5 - 60*(B*a*b^4 - 6*A*b^5)*x^5 - 270*(B*a^2*b^3 - 6*A*a*b^4)*x^4 - 470*(B*a^3*b^2 - 6*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 - 385*(B*a^4*b - 6*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 - 137*(B*a^5 - 6*A*a^4*b)*x)/(a^6*b^5*x^6 + 5*a^7*b^4*x^5 + 10*a^8*b^3*x^4 + 10*a^9*b^2*x^3 + 5*a^10*b*x^2 + a^11*x) - (B*a - 6*A*b)*log(b*x + a)/a^7 + (B*a - 6*A*b)*log(x)/a^7`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{(Ba - 6 Ab) \log (|x|)}{a^7} - \frac{(Bab - 6 Ab^2) \log (|bx + a|)}{a^7b}$$

$$- \frac{60 Aa^6 - 60 (Ba^2b^4 - 6 Aab^5)x^5 - 270 (Ba^3b^3 - 6 Aa^2b^4)x^4 - 470 (Ba^4b^2 - 6 Aa^3b^3)x^3 - 385 (Ba^5b - 6 Aa^4b^2)x^2 - 137 (Ba^6 - 6 Aa^5b)x}{60 (bx + a)^5 a^7 x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `(B*a - 6*A*b)*log(abs(x))/a^7 - (B*a*b - 6*A*b^2)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^7*b) - 1/60*(60*A*a^6 - 60*(B*a^2*b^4 - 6*A*a*b^5)*x^5 - 270*(B*a^3*b^3 - 6*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 - 470*(B*a^4*b^2 - 6*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 - 385*(B*a^5*b - 6*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 - 137*(B*a^6 - 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/((b*x + a)^5*a^7*x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx}{a} + 1\right) (6Ab - Ba)}{a^7} - \frac{\frac{A}{a} + \frac{137x(6Ab - Ba)}{60a^2} + \frac{47b^2x^3(6Ab - Ba)}{6a^4} + \frac{9b^3x^4(6Ab - Ba)}{2a^5} + \frac{b^4x^5(6Ab - Ba)}{a^6} + \frac{77bx^2(6Ab - Ba)}{12a^3}}{a^5x + 5a^4bx^2 + 10a^3b^2x^3 + 10a^2b^3x^4 + 5ab^4x^5 + b^5x^6}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3), x)`output `(2*atanh((2*b*x)/a + 1)*(6*A*b - B*a))/a^7 - (A/a + (137*x*(6*A*b - B*a))/(60*a^2) + (47*b^2*x^3*(6*A*b - B*a))/(6*a^4) + (9*b^3*x^4*(6*A*b - B*a))/(2*a^5) + (b^4*x^5*(6*A*b - B*a))/a^6 + (77*b*x^2*(6*A*b - B*a))/(12*a^3))/(a^5*x + b^5*x^6 + 5*a^4*b*x^2 + 5*a*b^4*x^5 + 10*a^3*b^2*x^3 + 10*a^2*b^3*x^4)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{60 \log(bx + a) a^4 bx + 240 \log(bx + a) a^3 b^2 x^2 + 360 \log(bx + a) a^2 b^3 x^3 + 240 \log(bx + a) a b^4 x^4 + 60 \log(bx + a) a^5}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3, x)`output `(60*log(a + b*x)*a**4*b*x + 240*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 360*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 240*log(a + b*x)*a*b**4*x**4 + 60*log(a + b*x)*b**5*x**5 - 60*log(x)*a**4*b*x - 240*log(x)*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 360*log(x)*a**2*b**3*x**3 - 240*log(x)*a*b**4*x**4 - 60*log(x)*b**5*x**5 - 12*a**5 - 110*a**4*b*x - 200*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 120*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 15*b**5*x**5)/(12*a**6*x*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4))`

3.281 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	2262
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 177

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{A}{2a^6x^2} + \frac{6Ab-aB}{a^7x} + \frac{b(Ab-aB)}{5a^3(a+bx)^5} + \frac{b(3Ab-2aB)}{4a^4(a+bx)^4} + \frac{b(2Ab-aB)}{a^5(a+bx)^3} + \frac{b(5Ab-2aB)}{a^6(a+bx)^2} + \frac{5b(3Ab-aB)}{a^7(a+bx)} + \frac{3b(7Ab-2aB)\log(x)}{a^8} - \frac{3b(7Ab-2aB)\log(a+bx)}{a^8}$$

output

`-1/2*A/a^6/x^2+(6*A*b-B*a)/a^7/x+1/5*b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/(b*x+a)^5+1/4*b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^4/(b*x+a)^4+b*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^5/(b*x+a)^3+b*(5*A*b-2*B*a)/a^6/(b*x+a)^2+5*b*(3*A*b-B*a)/a^7/(b*x+a)+3*b*(7*A*b-2*B*a)*ln(x)/a^8-3*b*(7*A*b-2*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^8`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{a(420Ab^6x^6 + 5a^3b^3x^3(539A - 188Bx) + 2a^5bx(35A - 137Bx) + 7a^4b^2x^2(137A - 110Bx) + 10a^2b^4x^4(329A - 54Bx) + 30ab^5x^5(63A - 4Bx) - 10a^6(A + 2Bx))}{x^2(a+bx)^5} + 60b(7A*b - 2a*B)*\text{Log}[x] + 60b*(-7A*b + 2a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x]/(20a^8)$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^3*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3), x]
```

output

```
((a*(420*A*b^6*x^6 + 5*a^3*b^3*x^3*(539*A - 188*B*x) + 2*a^5*b*x*(35*A - 137*B*x) + 7*a^4*b^2*x^2*(137*A - 110*B*x) + 10*a^2*b^4*x^4*(329*A - 54*B*x) + 30*a*b^5*x^5*(63*A - 4*B*x) - 10*a^6*(A + 2*B*x)))/(x^2*(a + b*x)^5) + 60*b*(7*A*b - 2*a*B)*Log[x] + 60*b*(-7*A*b + 2*a*B)*Log[a + b*x]/(20*a^8)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$b^6 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^6 x^3 (a + bx)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a + bx)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(\frac{3b^2(2aB - 7Ab)}{a^8(a + bx)} - \frac{3b(2aB - 7Ab)}{a^8x} + \frac{5b^2(aB - 3Ab)}{a^7(a + bx)^2} + \frac{aB - 6Ab}{a^7x^2} + \frac{2b^2(2aB - 5Ab)}{a^6(a + bx)^3} + \frac{A}{a^6x^3} + \frac{3b^2(aB - 7Ab)}{a^5(a + bx)^4} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{3b \log(x)(7Ab - 2aB)}{a^8} - \frac{3b(7Ab - 2aB) \log(a + bx)}{a^8} + \frac{6Ab - aB}{a^7x} + \frac{5b(3Ab - aB)}{a^7(a + bx)} + \frac{b(5Ab - 2aB)}{a^6(a + bx)^2} - \frac{A}{2a^6x^2} + \frac{b(2Ab - aB)}{a^5(a + bx)^3} + \frac{b(3Ab - 2aB)}{4a^4(a + bx)^4} + \frac{b(Ab - aB)}{5a^3(a + bx)^5}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)/(x^3*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3),x]
```

output

```
-1/2*A/(a^6*x^2) + (6*A*b - a*B)/(a^7*x) + (b*(A*b - a*B))/(5*a^3*(a + b*x)^5) + (b*(3*A*b - 2*a*B))/(4*a^4*(a + b*x)^4) + (b*(2*A*b - a*B))/(a^5*(a + b*x)^3) + (b*(5*A*b - 2*a*B))/(a^6*(a + b*x)^2) + (5*b*(3*A*b - a*B))/(a^7*(a + b*x)) + (3*b*(7*A*b - 2*a*B)*Log[x])/a^8 - (3*b*(7*A*b - 2*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/a^8
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 86

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
default	$\frac{b(2Ab-Ba)}{a^5(bx+a)^3} + \frac{b(3Ab-2Ba)}{4a^4(bx+a)^4} + \frac{5b(3Ab-Ba)}{a^7(bx+a)} + \frac{b(5Ab-2Ba)}{a^6(bx+a)^2} - \frac{3b(7Ab-2Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^8} + \frac{b(Ab-Ba)}{5a^3(bx+a)^5} - \frac{A}{2a^6x^2} - \frac{A}{2a} + \frac{(7Ab-2Ba)x}{2a^2} - \frac{5b(21b^2A-6abB)}{a^4}x^3 - \frac{5b^2(63b^2A-18abB)}{a^5}x^4 - \frac{5b^3(77b^2A-22abB)}{a^6}x^5 - \frac{5b^4(175b^2A-50abB)}{4a^7}x^6 - \frac{b^5(959b^2A-200abB)}{20a^8}x^7$
norman	$\frac{3b^5(7Ab-2Ba)x^6}{a^7} + \frac{27(7Ab-2Ba)b^4x^5}{2a^6} + \frac{47b^3(7Ab-2Ba)x^4}{2a^5} + \frac{77b^2(7Ab-2Ba)x^3}{4a^4} + \frac{137b(7Ab-2Ba)x^2}{20a^3} + \frac{(7Ab-2Ba)x}{2a^2} - \frac{A}{2a} + \frac{21b^2\ln(bx+a)}{a^6}$
risch	$\frac{2100A\ln(x)x^3a^4b^3 - 2100A\ln(bx+a)x^3a^4b^3 - 600B\ln(x)x^3a^5b^2 + 600B\ln(bx+a)x^3a^5b^2 + 420A\ln(x)x^2a^5b^2 + 70Aa^6bx - 120Aa^6}{x^2(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2(bx+a)}$
parallelrisch	

input `int((B*x+A)/x^3/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^5/(b*x+a)^3+1/4*b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^4/(b*x+a)^4+5*b*(3*A*b-B*a)/a^7/(b*x+a)+b*(5*A*b-2*B*a)/a^6/(b*x+a)^2-3*b*(7*A*b-2*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^8+1/5*b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/(b*x+a)^5-1/2*A/a^6/x^2-(-6*A*b+B*a)/x/a^7+3*b*(7*A*b-2*B*a)*ln(x)/a^8`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 484 vs. 2(171) = 342.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 484, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{10Aa^7 + 60(2Ba^2b^5 - 7Aab^6)x^6 + 270(2Ba^3b^4 - 7Aa^2b^5)x^5 + 470(2Ba^4b^3 - 7Aa^3b^4)x^4 + 385(2Ba^5b^2 - 7Aa^4b^3)x^3 + 105(2Ba^6b - 7Aa^5b^2)x^2 + 35(2Ba^7 - 7Aa^6b)x + 35Aa^8}{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-1/20*(10*A*a^7 + 60*(2*B*a^2*b^5 - 7*A*a*b^6)*x^6 + 270*(2*B*a^3*b^4 - 7*
A*a^2*b^5)*x^5 + 470*(2*B*a^4*b^3 - 7*A*a^3*b^4)*x^4 + 385*(2*B*a^5*b^2 -
7*A*a^4*b^3)*x^3 + 137*(2*B*a^6*b - 7*A*a^5*b^2)*x^2 + 10*(2*B*a^7 - 7*A*a
^6*b)*x - 60*((2*B*a*b^6 - 7*A*b^7)*x^7 + 5*(2*B*a^2*b^5 - 7*A*a*b^6)*x^6
+ 10*(2*B*a^3*b^4 - 7*A*a^2*b^5)*x^5 + 10*(2*B*a^4*b^3 - 7*A*a^3*b^4)*x^4
+ 5*(2*B*a^5*b^2 - 7*A*a^4*b^3)*x^3 + (2*B*a^6*b - 7*A*a^5*b^2)*x^2)*log(b
*x + a) + 60*((2*B*a*b^6 - 7*A*b^7)*x^7 + 5*(2*B*a^2*b^5 - 7*A*a*b^6)*x^6
+ 10*(2*B*a^3*b^4 - 7*A*a^2*b^5)*x^5 + 10*(2*B*a^4*b^3 - 7*A*a^3*b^4)*x^4
+ 5*(2*B*a^5*b^2 - 7*A*a^4*b^3)*x^3 + (2*B*a^6*b - 7*A*a^5*b^2)*x^2)*log(x
))/((a^8*b^5*x^7 + 5*a^9*b^4*x^6 + 10*a^10*b^3*x^5 + 10*a^11*b^2*x^4 + 5*a^
12*b*x^3 + a^13*x^2)

```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-10Aa^6 + x^6 \cdot (420Ab^6 - 120Bab^5) + x^5 \cdot (1890Aab^5 - 540Ba^2b^4) + x^4 \cdot (3290Aa^2b^4 - 940Ba^3b^3) + x^3 \cdot (2695Aa^3b^3 - 770B*a^4*b^2) + x^2 \cdot (959A*a^4*b^2 - 274B*a^5*b) + x \cdot (70A*a^5*b - 20B*a^6)}{20a^{12}x^2 + 100a^{11}bx^3 + 200a^{10}b^2x^4 + 200a^9b^3x^5}$$

$$- \frac{3b(-7Ab + 2Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-21Aab^2 + 6Ba^2b - 3ab(-7Ab + 2Ba)}{-42Ab^3 + 12Bab^2}\right)}{a^8}$$

$$+ \frac{3b(-7Ab + 2Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-21Aab^2 + 6Ba^2b + 3ab(-7Ab + 2Ba)}{-42Ab^3 + 12Bab^2}\right)}{a^8}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**3/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)
```

output

```

(-10*A*a**6 + x**6*(420*A*b**6 - 120*B*a*b**5) + x**5*(1890*A*a*b**5 - 540
*B*a**2*b**4) + x**4*(3290*A*a**2*b**4 - 940*B*a**3*b**3) + x**3*(2695*A*a
**3*b**3 - 770*B*a**4*b**2) + x**2*(959*A*a**4*b**2 - 274*B*a**5*b) + x*(7
0*A*a**5*b - 20*B*a**6))/(20*a**12*x**2 + 100*a**11*b*x**3 + 200*a**10*b**
2*x**4 + 200*a**9*b**3*x**5 + 100*a**8*b**4*x**6 + 20*a**7*b**5*x**7) - 3*
b*(-7*A*b + 2*B*a)*log(x + (-21*A*a*b**2 + 6*B*a**2*b - 3*a*b*(-7*A*b + 2*
B*a))/(-42*A*b**3 + 12*B*a*b**2))/a**8 + 3*b*(-7*A*b + 2*B*a)*log(x + (-21
*A*a*b**2 + 6*B*a**2*b + 3*a*b*(-7*A*b + 2*B*a))/(-42*A*b**3 + 12*B*a*b**2
))/a**8

```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx =$$

$$-\frac{10 Aa^6 + 60 (2 Bab^5 - 7 Ab^6)x^6 + 270 (2 Ba^2b^4 - 7 Aab^5)x^5 + 470 (2 Ba^3b^3 - 7 Aa^2b^4)x^4 + 385 (2 Ba^4b^2 - 7 Aa^3b^2)x^3 + 137 (2 Ba^5b - 7 Aa^4b^2)x^2 + 10 (2 Ba^6 - 7 Aa^5b)x}{20 (a^7b^5x^7 + 5 a^8b^4x^6 + 10 a^9b^3x^5 + 10 a^{10}b^2x^4 + 5 a^{11}bx^3 + a^{12}x^2)} + \frac{3 (2 Bab - 7 Ab^2) \log (bx + a)}{a^8} - \frac{3 (2 Bab - 7 Ab^2) \log (x)}{a^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/20*(10*A*a^6 + 60*(2*B*a*b^5 - 7*A*b^6)*x^6 + 270*(2*B*a^2*b^4 - 7*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 470*(2*B*a^3*b^3 - 7*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 385*(2*B*a^4*b^2 - 7*A*a^3*b^2)*x^3 + 137*(2*B*a^5*b - 7*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 10*(2*B*a^6 - 7*A*a^5*b)*x)/(a^7*b^5*x^7 + 5*a^8*b^4*x^6 + 10*a^9*b^3*x^5 + 10*a^10*b^2*x^4 + 5*a^11*b*x^3 + a^12*x^2) + 3*(2*B*a*b - 7*A*b^2)*log(b*x + a)/a^8 - 3*(2*B*a*b - 7*A*b^2)*log(x)/a^8
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3 (2 Bab - 7 Ab^2) \log (|x|)}{a^8} + \frac{3 (2 Bab^2 - 7 Ab^3) \log (|bx + a|)}{a^8 b}$$

$$-\frac{10 Aa^7 + 60 (2 Ba^2b^5 - 7 Aab^6)x^6 + 270 (2 Ba^3b^4 - 7 Aa^2b^5)x^5 + 470 (2 Ba^4b^3 - 7 Aa^3b^4)x^4 + 385 (2 Ba^5b^2 - 7 Aa^4b^2)x^3 + 137 (2 Ba^6b - 7 Aa^5b^2)x^2 + 10 (2 Ba^7 - 7 Aa^6b)x}{20 (bx + a)^5 a^8 x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$-3*(2*B*a*b - 7*A*b^2)*\log(\text{abs}(x))/a^8 + 3*(2*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*\log(\text{abs}(b*x + a))/(a^8*b) - 1/20*(10*A*a^7 + 60*(2*B*a^2*b^5 - 7*A*a*b^6)*x^6 + 270*(2*B*a^3*b^4 - 7*A*a^2*b^5)*x^5 + 470*(2*B*a^4*b^3 - 7*A*a^3*b^4)*x^4 + 385*(2*B*a^5*b^2 - 7*A*a^4*b^3)*x^3 + 137*(2*B*a^6*b - 7*A*a^5*b^2)*x^2 + 10*(2*B*a^7 - 7*A*a^6*b)*x)/((b*x + a)^5*a^8*x^2)$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{x(7Ab-2Ba)}{2a^2} - \frac{A}{2a} + \frac{77b^2x^3(7Ab-2Ba)}{4a^4} + \frac{47b^3x^4(7Ab-2Ba)}{2a^5} + \frac{27b^4x^5(7Ab-2Ba)}{2a^6} + \frac{3b^5x^6(7Ab-2Ba)}{a^7} + \frac{137bx^2(7Ab-2Ba)}{20a^8}}{a^5x^2 + 5a^4bx^3 + 10a^3b^2x^4 + 10a^2b^3x^5 + 5ab^4x^6 + b^5x^7} - \frac{6b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{3b(7Ab-2Ba)(a+2bx)}{a(21Ab^2-6Bab)}\right) (7Ab-2Ba)}{a^8}$$

input

$$\text{int}((A + B*x)/(x^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3), x)$$

output

$$\frac{((x*(7*A*b - 2*B*a))/(2*a^2) - A/(2*a) + (77*b^2*x^3*(7*A*b - 2*B*a))/(4*a^4) + (47*b^3*x^4*(7*A*b - 2*B*a))/(2*a^5) + (27*b^4*x^5*(7*A*b - 2*B*a))/(2*a^6) + (3*b^5*x^6*(7*A*b - 2*B*a))/a^7 + (137*b*x^2*(7*A*b - 2*B*a))/(20*a^3))/(a^5*x^2 + b^5*x^7 + 5*a^4*b*x^3 + 5*a*b^4*x^6 + 10*a^3*b^2*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^3*x^5) - (6*b*\operatorname{atanh}((3*b*(7*A*b - 2*B*a)*(a + 2*b*x))/(a*(21*A*b^2 - 6*B*a*b))))*(7*A*b - 2*B*a))/a^8$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-60 \log(bx + a) a^4 b^2 x^2 - 240 \log(bx + a) a^3 b^3 x^3 - 360 \log(bx + a) a^2 b^4 x^4 - 240 \log(bx + a) a b^5 x^5 - 60 \log(bx + a) b^6 x^6}{(b^2 x^2 + 2 a b x + a^2)^3}$$

input

$$\text{int}((B*x+A)/x^3/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3, x)$$

output

```
( - 60*log(a + b*x)*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 240*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b**3*x**3 - 360
*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**4*x**4 - 240*log(a + b*x)*a*b**5*x**5 - 60*log(a + b
*x)*b**6*x**6 + 60*log(x)*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 240*log(x)*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 360
*log(x)*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 240*log(x)*a*b**5*x**5 + 60*log(x)*b**6*x**6 - 2*
a**6 + 12*a**5*b*x + 110*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 200*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 120*a**2*b*
*4*x**4 - 15*b**6*x**6)/(4*a**7*x**2*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x**2
+ 4*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4))
```

3.282 $\int x^4(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{aAx^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{5(a + bx)} + \frac{(Ab + aB)x^6\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{6(a + bx)} + \frac{bBx^7\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7(a + bx)}$$

output

```
a*A*x^5*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x+5*a)+(A*b+B*a)*x^6*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(6*b*x+6*a)+b*B*x^7*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x+7*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{x^5\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(7a(6A + 5Bx) + 5bx(7A + 6Bx))}{210(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2],x]
```

output

$$(x^5 \sqrt{(a + b*x)^2} * (7*a*(6*A + 5*B*x) + 5*b*x*(7*A + 6*B*x))) / (210*(a + b*x))$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1187$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int bx^4 (a + bx) (A + Bx) dx}{b(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x^4 (a + bx) (A + Bx) dx}{a + bx}$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (bBx^6 + (Ab + aB)x^5 + aAx^4) dx}{a + bx}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} (\frac{1}{6}x^6 (aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{5}aAx^5 + \frac{1}{7}bBx^7)}{a + bx}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^4*(A + B*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]$$

output

$$(\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((a*A*x^5)/5 + ((A*b + a*B)*x^6)/6 + (b*B*x^7)/7))/(a + b*x)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^5(30Bbx^2+35Abx+35Bax+42Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{210bx+210a}$
orering	$\frac{x^5(30Bbx^2+35Abx+35Bax+42Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{210bx+210a}$
risch	$\frac{aAx^5\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{5bx+5a} + \frac{(Ab+Ba)x^6\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{6bx+6a} + \frac{bBx^7\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{7bx+7a}$
default	$\frac{\text{csgn}(bx+a)(bx+a)^2(30Bx^5b^5+35Ab^5x^4-25Bab^4x^4-28Aab^4x^3+20Ba^2b^3x^3+21Aa^2b^3x^2-15Ba^3b^2x^2-14Aa^3b^2x+10Ba^4bx)}{210b^6}$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $1/210*x^5*(30*B*b*x^2+35*A*b*x+35*B*a*x+42*A*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{1}{7} Bbx^7 + \frac{1}{5} Aax^5 + \frac{1}{6} (Ba + Ab)x^6$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/7*B*b*x^7 + 1/5*A*a*x^5 + 1/6*(B*a + A*b)*x^6$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 194 vs. $2(78) = 156$.

Time = 2.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.67

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx$$

$$= A \left(\begin{array}{ll} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{a^5}{30b^5} - \frac{a^4x}{30b^4} + \frac{a^3x^2}{30b^3} - \frac{a^2x^3}{30b^2} + \frac{ax^4}{30b} + \frac{x^5}{6} \right) & \text{for } b^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{a^8(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{4a^6(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{6a^4(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{16a^5b^5} - \frac{4a^2(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} & \text{for } ab \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^5\sqrt{a^2}}{5} & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

$$+ B \left(\begin{array}{ll} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^6}{42b^6} + \frac{a^5x}{42b^5} - \frac{a^4x^2}{42b^4} + \frac{a^3x^3}{42b^3} - \frac{a^2x^4}{42b^2} + \frac{ax^5}{42b} + \frac{x^6}{7} \right) & \text{for } b^2 \neq 0 \\ -\frac{a^{10}(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + a^8(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{10a^6(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{10a^4(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{32a^6b^6} - \frac{5a^2(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} & \text{for } ab \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^6\sqrt{a^2}}{6} & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**4*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output

```

A*Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(a**5/(30*b**5) - a**4*x/(30
*b**4) + a**3*x**2/(30*b**3) - a**2*x**3/(30*b**2) + a*x**4/(30*b) + x**5/
6), Ne(b**2, 0)), ((a**8*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(3/2)/3 - 4*a**6*(a**2 + 2*a*b*
x)**(5/2)/5 + 6*a**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(7/2)/7 - 4*a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**
(9/2)/9 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(11/2)/11)/(16*a**5*b**5), Ne(a*b, 0)), (x**5*
sqrt(a**2)/5, True)) + B*Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(-a**
6/(42*b**6) + a**5*x/(42*b**5) - a**4*x**2/(42*b**4) + a**3*x**3/(42*b**3)
- a**2*x**4/(42*b**2) + a*x**5/(42*b) + x**6/7), Ne(b**2, 0)), ((-a**10*(
a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(3/2)/3 + a**8*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(5/2) - 10*a**6*(a**2 +
2*a*b*x)**(7/2)/7 + 10*a**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(9/2)/9 - 5*a**2*(a**2 + 2*a
*b*x)**(11/2)/11 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(13/2)/13)/(32*a**6*b**6), Ne(a*b, 0)
), (x**6*sqrt(a**2)/6, True))

```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 361 vs. $2(75) = 150$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 361, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^4(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = & \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bx^4}{7b^2} \\
 & - \frac{11(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bax^3}{42b^3} \\
 & + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ax^3}{6b^2} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ba^5x}{2b^5} \\
 & + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Aa^4x}{2b^4} \\
 & + \frac{5(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ba^2x^2}{14b^4} \\
 & - \frac{3(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Aax^2}{10b^3} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ba^6}{2b^6} \\
 & + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Aa^5}{2b^5} \\
 & - \frac{3(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ba^3x}{7b^5} \\
 & + \frac{2(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Aa^2x}{5b^4} \\
 & + \frac{10(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ba^4}{21b^6} \\
 & - \frac{7(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Aa^3}{15b^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/7*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*x^4/b^2 - 11/42*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x +
a^2)^(3/2)*B*a*x^3/b^3 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*x^3/b^2 -
1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*a^5*x/b^5 + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x
+ a^2)*A*a^4*x/b^4 + 5/14*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*a^2*x^2/b^4 -
3/10*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*a*x^2/b^3 - 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a
*b*x + a^2)*B*a^6/b^6 + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*a^5/b^5 - 3/7*
(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*a^3*x/b^5 + 2/5*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2
)^(3/2)*A*a^2*x/b^4 + 10/21*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*a^4/b^6 - 7/
15*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*a^3/b^5

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^4(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = & \frac{1}{7} Bbx^7 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{6} Bax^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) \\
 & + \frac{1}{6} Abx^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{5} Aax^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) \\
 & - \frac{(5Ba^7 - 7Aa^6b)\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{210b^6}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/7*B*b*x^7*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/6*B*a*x^6*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/6*A*b*x^6*sgn(b*x
+ a) + 1/5*A*a*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) - 1/210*(5*B*a^7 - 7*A*a^6*b)*sgn(b*x + a)
/b^6

```


Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 431, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.78

$$\int x^4(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{Ax^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6b^2} + \frac{Bx^4(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7b^2}$$

$$- \frac{11Ba\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}(a^5+5b^3x^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)-14a^3b^2x^2-13a^4bx-9ab^2x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2))}{210b^6}$$

$$- \frac{Ba^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}(4b^2x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)-a^4+9a^2b^2x^2+8a^3bx-7abx(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2))}{35b^6}$$

$$- \frac{Aa^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}(a^3-5ab^2x^2+3bx(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)-4a^2bx)}{24b^5}$$

$$- \frac{3Aa\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}(4b^2x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)-a^4+9a^2b^2x^2+8a^3bx-7abx(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2))}{40b^5}$$

input `int(x^4*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x),x)`output
$$\frac{(Ax^3(a^2 + b^2x^2 + 2abx)^{3/2})/(6b^2) + (Bx^4(a^2 + b^2x^2 + 2abx)^{3/2})/(7b^2) - (11Ba(a^2 + b^2x^2 + 2abx)^{1/2}(a^5 + 5b^3x^3(a^2 + b^2x^2 + 2abx) - 14a^3b^2x^2 - 13a^4bx - 9ab^2x^2(a^2 + b^2x^2 + 2abx) + 12a^2b^2x(a^2 + b^2x^2 + 2abx)))/(210b^6) - (Ba^2(a^2 + b^2x^2 + 2abx)^{1/2}(4b^2x^2(a^2 + b^2x^2 + 2abx) - a^4 + 9a^2b^2x^2 + 8a^3bx - 7abx(a^2 + b^2x^2 + 2abx)))/(35b^6) - (Aa^2(a^2 + b^2x^2 + 2abx)^{1/2}(a^3 - 5ab^2x^2 + 3bx(a^2 + b^2x^2 + 2abx) - 4a^2bx))/(24b^5) - (3Aa(a^2 + b^2x^2 + 2abx)^{1/2}(4b^2x^2(a^2 + b^2x^2 + 2abx) - a^4 + 9a^2b^2x^2 + 8a^3bx - 7abx(a^2 + b^2x^2 + 2abx)))/(40b^5)}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int x^4(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{x^5(15b^2x^2 + 35abx + 21a^2)}{105}$$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output $(x^{**5}*(21*a^{**2} + 35*a*b*x + 15*b^{**2}*x^{**2}))/105$

3.283 $\int x^3(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2278
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2278
Rubi [A] (verified)	2279
Maple [A] (verified)	2280
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2281
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2281
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2282
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2283
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2284
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2284

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{aAx^4\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{4(a + bx)} + \frac{(Ab + aB)x^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{5(a + bx)} + \frac{bBx^6\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{6(a + bx)}$$

output

```
a*A*x^4*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(4*b*x+4*a)+(A*b+B*a)*x^5*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x+5*a)+b*B*x^6*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(6*b*x+6*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{x^4\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(3a(5A + 4Bx) + 2bx(6A + 5Bx))}{60(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2],x]
```

output

```
(x^4*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(3*a*(5*A + 4*B*x) + 2*b*x*(6*A + 5*B*x)))/(60*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1187$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int bx^3(a + bx)(A + Bx)dx}{b(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x^3(a + bx)(A + Bx)dx}{a + bx}$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (bBx^5 + (Ab + aB)x^4 + aAx^3) dx}{a + bx}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} (\frac{1}{5}x^5(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{4}aAx^4 + \frac{1}{6}bBx^6)}{a + bx}$$

input

```
Int [x^3*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((a*A*x^4)/4 + ((A*b + a*B)*x^5)/5 + (b*B*x^6)/6))/(a + b*x)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^4(10Bbx^2+12Abx+12Bax+15Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{60bx+60a}$	44
orering	$\frac{x^4(10Bbx^2+12Abx+12Bax+15Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{60bx+60a}$	44
risch	$\frac{aAx^4\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{4bx+4a} + \frac{(Ab+Ba)x^5\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{5bx+5a} + \frac{bBx^6\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{6bx+6a}$	76
default	$-\frac{\text{csgn}(bx+a)(bx+a)^2(-10b^4Bx^4-12Ab^4x^3+8Bab^3x^3+9Aab^3x^2-6Ba^2b^2x^2-6Aa^2b^2x+4Ba^3bx+3Aa^3b-2a^4B)}{60b^5}$	101

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $1/60*x^4*(10*B*b*x^2+12*A*b*x+12*B*a*x+15*A*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{1}{6} Bbx^6 + \frac{1}{4} Aax^4 + \frac{1}{5} (Ba + Ab)x^5$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/6*B*b*x^6 + 1/4*A*a*x^4 + 1/5*(B*a + A*b)*x^5$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 162 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 1.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx$$

$$= A \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^4}{20b^4} + \frac{a^3x}{20b^3} - \frac{a^2x^2}{20b^2} + \frac{ax^3}{20b} + \frac{x^4}{5} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{-\frac{a^6(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{3a^4(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{3a^2(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}}{8a^4b^4} \right. \\ \left. \frac{x^4\sqrt{a^2}}{4} \right) \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \text{for } b^2 \neq 0 \\ \text{for } ab \neq 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array}$$

$$+ B \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{a^5}{30b^5} - \frac{a^4x}{30b^4} + \frac{a^3x^2}{30b^3} - \frac{a^2x^3}{30b^2} + \frac{ax^4}{30b} + \frac{x^5}{6} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{a^8(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{4a^6(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{6a^4(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{16a^5b^5} - \frac{4a^2(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} \right. \\ \left. \frac{x^5\sqrt{a^2}}{5} \right) \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \text{for } b^2 \neq 0 \\ \text{for } ab \neq 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output

```
A*Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(-a**4/(20*b**4) + a**3*x/(20*b**3) - a**2*x**2/(20*b**2) + a*x**3/(20*b) + x**4/5), Ne(b**2, 0)), ((-a**6*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(3/2)/3 + 3*a**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(5/2)/5 - 3*a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(7/2)/7 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(9/2)/9)/(8*a**4*b**4), Ne(a*b, 0)), (x**4*sqrt(a**2)/4, True)) + B*Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(a**5/(30*b**5) - a**4*x/(30*b**4) + a**3*x**2/(30*b**3) - a**2*x**3/(30*b**2) + a*x**4/(30*b) + x**5/6), Ne(b**2, 0)), ((a**8*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(3/2)/3 - 4*a**6*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(5/2)/5 + 6*a**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(7/2)/7 - 4*a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(9/2)/9 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(11/2)/11)/(16*a**5*b**5), Ne(a*b, 0)), (x**5*sqrt(a**2)/5, True))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 301 vs. $2(75) = 150$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bx^3}{6b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ba^4x}{2b^4} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Aa^3x}{2b^3} - \frac{3(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bax^2}{10b^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ax^2}{5b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ba^5}{2b^5} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Aa^4}{2b^4} + \frac{2(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ba^2x}{5b^4} - \frac{7(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Aax}{20b^3} - \frac{7(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ba^3}{15b^5} + \frac{9(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Aa^2}{20b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(3/2)}*B*x^3/b^2 + 1/2*\sqrt{b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2}*B*a^4*x/b^4 - 1/2*\sqrt{b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2}*A*a^3*x/b^3 - 3/10 \\ & *(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(3/2)}*B*a*x^2/b^3 + 1/5*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(3/2)}*A*x^2/b^2 + 1/2*\sqrt{b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2}*B*a^5/b^5 - 1/2*\sqrt{b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2}*A*a^4/b^4 + 2/5*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(3/2)} \\ & *B*a^2*x/b^4 - 7/20*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(3/2)}*A*a*x/b^3 - 7/15*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(3/2)}*B*a^3/b^5 + 9/20*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(3/2)}*A*a^2/b^4 \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^3(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx &= \frac{1}{6} Bbx^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{5} Bax^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) \\ &+ \frac{1}{5} Abx^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{4} Aax^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) \\ &+ \frac{(2Ba^6 - 3Aa^5b) \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{60b^5} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/6*B*b*x^6*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 1/5*B*a*x^5*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 1/5*A*b*x^5*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) \\ & + 1/4*A*a*x^4*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 1/60*(2*B*a^6 - 3*A*a^5*b)*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a)/b^5 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

$$\int x^3(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{Ax^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5b^2} + \frac{Bx^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6b^2}$$

$$- \frac{7Aa\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}(a^3-5ab^2x^2+3bx(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)-4a^2bx)}{60b^4}$$

$$- \frac{Ba^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}(a^3-5ab^2x^2+3bx(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)-4a^2bx)}{24b^5}$$

$$- \frac{Aa^2(8b^2(a^2+b^2x^2)-12a^2b^2+4ab^3x)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{60b^6}$$

$$- \frac{3Ba\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}(4b^2x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)-a^4+9a^2b^2x^2+8a^3bx-7abx(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2))}{40b^5}$$

input `int(x^3*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x),x)`output `(A*x^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/(5*b^2) + (B*x^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/(6*b^2) - (7*A*a*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2)*(a^3 - 5*a*b^2*x^2 + 3*b*x*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x) - 4*a^2*b*x))/(60*b^4) - (B*a^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2)*(a^3 - 5*a*b^2*x^2 + 3*b*x*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x) - 4*a^2*b*x))/(24*b^5) - (A*a^2*(8*b^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^2) - 12*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(60*b^6) - (3*B*a*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2)*(4*b^2*x^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x) - a^4 + 9*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 8*a^3*b*x - 7*a*b*x*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)))/(40*b^5)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int x^3(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{x^4(10b^2x^2+24abx+15a^2)}{60}$$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output $(x^{**4}*(15*a^{**2} + 24*a*b*x + 10*b^{**2}*x^{**2}))/60$

3.284 $\int x^2(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2286
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2286
Rubi [A] (verified)	2287
Maple [A] (verified)	2288
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2289
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2289
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2290
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2291
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2292
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2292

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{aAx^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{3(a + bx)} + \frac{(Ab + aB)x^4\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{4(a + bx)} + \frac{bBx^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{5(a + bx)}$$

output

```
a*A*x^3*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+(A*b+B*a)*x^4*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(4*b*x+4*a)+b*B*x^5*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x+5*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{x^3\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(5a(4A + 3Bx) + 3bx(5A + 4Bx))}{60(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2],x]
```

output

```
(x^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(5*a*(4*A + 3*B*x) + 3*b*x*(5*A + 4*B*x)))/(60*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1187$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int bx^2(a + bx)(A + Bx)dx}{b(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x^2(a + bx)(A + Bx)dx}{a + bx}$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (bBx^4 + (Ab + aB)x^3 + aAx^2) dx}{a + bx}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} (\frac{1}{4}x^4(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{3}aAx^3 + \frac{1}{5}bBx^5)}{a + bx}$$

input

```
Int [x^2*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((a*A*x^3)/3 + ((A*b + a*B)*x^4)/4 + (b*B*x^5)/5))/(a + b*x)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^3(12Bbx^2+15Abx+15Bax+20Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{60bx+60a}$	44
orering	$\frac{x^3(12Bbx^2+15Abx+15Bax+20Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{60bx+60a}$	44
risch	$\frac{aAx^3\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{3bx+3a} + \frac{(Ab+Ba)x^4\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{4bx+4a} + \frac{bBx^5\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{5bx+5a}$	76
default	$\frac{\text{csgn}(bx+a)(bx+a)^2(12x^3Bb^3+15Aab^3x^2-9Ba^2b^2x^2-10Aa^2b^2x+6Ba^2bx+5Aa^2b-3Ba^3)}{60b^4}$	77

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/60*x^3*(12*B*b*x^2+15*A*b*x+15*B*a*x+20*A*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{1}{5} Bbx^5 + \frac{1}{3} Aax^3 + \frac{1}{4} (Ba + Ab)x^4$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/5*B*b*x^5 + 1/3*A*a*x^3 + 1/4*(B*a + A*b)*x^4`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx$$

$$= A \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{a^3}{12b^3} - \frac{a^2x}{12b^2} + \frac{ax^2}{12b} + \frac{x^3}{4} \right) \right) \text{ for } b^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{a^4(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{2a^2(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{4a^3b^3} + \frac{(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} \text{ for } ab \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^3\sqrt{a^2}}{3} \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

$$+ B \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^4}{20b^4} + \frac{a^3x}{20b^3} - \frac{a^2x^2}{20b^2} + \frac{ax^3}{20b} + \frac{x^4}{5} \right) \right) \text{ for } b^2 \neq 0 \\ -\frac{a^6(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{3a^4(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{3a^2(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8a^4b^4} + \frac{(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} \text{ for } ab \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^4\sqrt{a^2}}{4} \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output

```
A*Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(a**3/(12*b**3) - a**2*x/(12*b**2) + a*x**2/(12*b) + x**3/4), Ne(b**2, 0)), ((a**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(3/2)/3 - 2*a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(5/2)/5 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(7/2)/7)/(4*a**3*b**3), Ne(a*b, 0)), (x**3*sqrt(a**2)/3, True)) + B*Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(-a**4/(20*b**4) + a**3*x/(20*b**3) - a**2*x**2/(20*b**2) + a*x**3/(20*b) + x**4/5), Ne(b**2, 0)), ((-a**6*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(3/2)/3 + 3*a**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(5/2)/5 - 3*a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(7/2)/7 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(9/2)/9)/(8*a**4*b**4), Ne(a*b, 0)), (x**4*sqrt(a**2)/4, True))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 241 vs. $2(75) = 150$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ba^3x}{2b^3} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Aa^2x}{2b^2} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bx^2}{5b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ba^4}{2b^4} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Aa^3}{2b^3} - \frac{7(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bax}{20b^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ax}{4b^2} + \frac{9(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ba^2}{20b^4} - \frac{5(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Aa}{12b^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*a^3*x/b^3 + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*a^2*x/b^2 + 1/5*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*x^2/b^2 - 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*a^4/b^4 + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*a^3/b^3 - 7/20*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*a*x/b^3 + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*x/b^2 + 9/20*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*a^2/b^4 - 5/12*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*a/b^3
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{1}{5}Bbx^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{4}Bax^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{4}Abx^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{3}Aax^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - \frac{(3Ba^5 - 5Aa^4b)\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{60b^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/5*B*b*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/4*B*a*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/4*A*b*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/3*A*a*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) - 1/60*(3*B*a^5 - 5*A*a^4*b)*sgn(b*x + a)/b^4
```


Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x^2(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx \\
&= \frac{Bx^2(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5b^2} + \frac{Ax(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4b^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{7Ba\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(a^3 - 5ab^2x^2 + 3bx(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) - 4a^2bx)}{60b^4} \\
&\quad - \frac{5Aa(8b^2(a^2 + b^2x^2) - 12a^2b^2 + 4ab^3x)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{96b^5} \\
&\quad - \frac{Ba^2(8b^2(a^2 + b^2x^2) - 12a^2b^2 + 4ab^3x)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{60b^6} \\
&\quad - \frac{Aa^2\left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{a}{2b}\right)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{4b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^2*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x),x)`output `(B*x^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/(5*b^2) + (A*x*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/(4*b^2) - (7*B*a*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2)*(a^3 - 5*a*b^2*x^2 + 3*b*x*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x) - 4*a^2*b*x))/(60*b^4) - (5*A*a*(8*b^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^2) - 12*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(96*b^5) - (B*a^2*(8*b^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^2) - 12*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(60*b^6) - (A*a^2*(x/2 + a/(2*b))*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(4*b^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{x^3(6b^2x^2 + 15abx + 10a^2)}{30}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(x**3*(10*a**2 + 15*a*b*x + 6*b**2*x**2))/30`

3.285 $\int x(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int x(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{aAx^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{2(a + bx)} + \frac{(Ab + aB)x^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{3(a + bx)} + \frac{bBx^4\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{4(a + bx)}$$

output

```
a*A*x^2*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*x+2*a)+(A*b+B*a)*x^3*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+b*B*x^4*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(4*b*x+4*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{x^2(bx(4A + 3Bx) + a(6A + 4Bx)) \left(\sqrt{a^2}bx + a \left(\sqrt{a^2} - \sqrt{(a + bx)^2} \right) \right)}{12 \left(-a^2 - abx + \sqrt{a^2} \sqrt{(a + bx)^2} \right)}$$

input `Integrate[x*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2],x]`

output `(x^2*(b*x*(4*A + 3*B*x) + a*(6*A + 4*B*x))*(Sqrt[a^2]*b*x + a*(Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])))/(12*(-a^2 - a*b*x + Sqrt[a^2]*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(A + Bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int bx(a + bx)(A + Bx)dx}{b(a + bx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x(a + bx)(A + Bx)dx}{a + bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (bBx^3 + (Ab + aB)x^2 + aAx) dx}{a + bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{1}{3}x^3(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{2}aAx^2 + \frac{1}{4}bBx^4 \right)}{a + bx}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2],x]`

output $(\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} * ((aAx^2)/2 + ((Ab + aB)x^3)/3 + (bBx^4)/4)) / (a + bx)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 85 $\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)) * ((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + bx) * (dx)^n * (e + fx)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b * e + a * f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9 * p + 5 * n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$

rule 1187 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)} * ((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + bx + cx^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * (b/2 + cx)^{(2 * \text{FracPart}[p])}) \ \text{Int}[(d + ex)^m * (f + gx)^n * (b/2 + cx)^{(2 * p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4 * a * c, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^2(3Bbx^2+4Abx+4Bax+6Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{12bx+12a}$	44
orering	$\frac{x^2(3Bbx^2+4Abx+4Bax+6Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{12bx+12a}$	44
default	$-\frac{\text{csgn}(bx+a)(bx+a)^2(-3x^2Bb^2-4xb^2A+2xabB+2abA-a^2B)}{12b^3}$	53
risch	$\frac{aAx^2\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{2bx+2a} + \frac{(Ab+Ba)x^3\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{3bx+3a} + \frac{bBx^4\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{4bx+4a}$	76

input `int(x*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/12*x^2*(3*B*b*x^2+4*A*b*x+4*B*a*x+6*A*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int x(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{1}{4}Bbx^4 + \frac{1}{2}Aax^2 + \frac{1}{3}(Ba+Ab)x^3$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/4*B*b*x^4 + 1/2*A*a*x^2 + 1/3*(B*a + A*b)*x^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int x(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx$$

$$= A \left(\begin{cases} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^2}{6b^2} + \frac{ax}{6b} + \frac{x^2}{3} \right) & \text{for } b^2 \neq 0 \\ -\frac{a^2(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} & \text{for } ab \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2\sqrt{a^2}}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$+ B \left(\begin{cases} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{a^3}{12b^3} - \frac{a^2x}{12b^2} + \frac{ax^2}{12b} + \frac{x^3}{4} \right) & \text{for } b^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{a^4(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{2a^2(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{4a^3b^3} + \frac{(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} & \text{for } ab \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^3\sqrt{a^2}}{3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`output `A*Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(-a**2/(6*b**2) + a*x/(6*b) + x**2/3), Ne(b**2, 0)), ((-a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(3/2)/3 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(5/2)/5)/(2*a**2*b**2), Ne(a*b, 0)), (x**2*sqrt(a**2)/2, True)) + B*Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(a**3/(12*b**3) - a**2*x/(12*b**2) + a*x**2/(12*b) + x**3/4), Ne(b**2, 0)), ((a**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(3/2)/3 - 2*a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(5/2)/5 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(7/2)/7)/(4*a**3*b**3), Ne(a*b, 0)), (x**3*sqrt(a**2)/3, True))`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 183 vs. $2(75) = 150$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int x(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ba^2x}{2b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Aax}{2b} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ba^3}{2b^3} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Aa^2}{2b^2} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bx}{4b^2} - \frac{5(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ba}{12b^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}A}{3b^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*a^2*x/b^2 - 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*a*x/b + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*a^3/b^3 - 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*a^2/b^2 + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*x/b^2 - 5/12*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*a/b^3 + 1/3*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A/b^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int x(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{1}{4} Bbx^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{3} Bax^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{3} Abx^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{2} Aax^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{(Ba^4 - 2Aa^3b) \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{12b^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{4}Bbx^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{3}Bax^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{3}Abx^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{2}Aax^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{12}(Ba^4 - 2Aa^3b)\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)/b^3$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx \\ &= \frac{A(8b^2(a^2+b^2x^2) - 12a^2b^2 + 4ab^3x)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{24b^4} \\ & \quad + \frac{Bx(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4b^2} \\ & \quad - \frac{5Ba(8b^2(a^2+b^2x^2) - 12a^2b^2 + 4ab^3x)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{96b^5} \\ & \quad - \frac{Ba^2\left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{a}{2b}\right)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{4b^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x*((a+b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A+B*x),x)`

output $(A(8b^2(a^2+b^2x^2) - 12a^2b^2 + 4ab^3x)(a^2+b^2x^2+2abx)^{1/2})/(24b^4) + (Bx(a^2+b^2x^2+2abx)^{3/2})/(4b^2) - (5Ba(8b^2(a^2+b^2x^2) - 12a^2b^2 + 4ab^3x)(a^2+b^2x^2+2abx)^{1/2})/(96b^5) - (Ba^2(x/2 + a/(2b))(a^2+b^2x^2+2abx)^{1/2})/(4b^2)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int x(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{x^2(3b^2x^2 + 8abx + 6a^2)}{12}$$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(x**2*(6*a**2 + 8*a*b*x + 3*b**2*x**2))/12`

3.286 $\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2301
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2301
Rubi [A] (verified)	2302
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2303
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2304
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2304
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2305
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2305
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2306
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2306

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{(Ab - aB)(a + bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{2b^2} + \frac{B(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3b^2}$$

output

$1/2*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^2+1/3*B*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^{(3/2)}/b^2$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{x(3a(2A + Bx) + bx(3A + 2Bx)) \left(\sqrt{a^2}bx + a \left(\sqrt{a^2} - \sqrt{(a + bx)^2} \right) \right)}{-6a^2 - 6abx + 6\sqrt{a^2}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}}$$

input

`Integrate[(A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]`

output

```
(x*(3*a*(2*A + B*x) + b*x*(3*A + 2*B*x))*(Sqrt[a^2]*b*x + a*(Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])))/(-6*a^2 - 6*a*b*x + 6*Sqrt[a^2]*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$, Rules used = {1100, 1079, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1100$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \sqrt{a^2 + 2bxa + b^2x^2} dx}{b} + \frac{B(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1079$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(Ab - aB) \int (xb^2 + ab) dx}{b^2(a + bx)} + \frac{B(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 17$$

$$\frac{(a + bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(Ab - aB)}{2b^2} + \frac{B(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3b^2}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]
```

output

```
((A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/(2*b^2) + (B*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*b^2)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 17 $\text{Int}[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^m, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*((a + b*x)^{m+1})/(b*(m+1)), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 1079 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2]^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * (b/2 + c*x)^{2*\text{FracPart}[p]}) \ \text{Int}[(b/2 + c*x)^{2*p}], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1100 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1})/(2*c*(p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\text{csgn}(bx+a)(bx+a)^2(2Bbx+3Ab-Ba)}{6b^2}$	33
gosper	$\frac{x(2Bbx^2+3Abx+3Bax+6Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{6bx+6a}$	42
orering	$\frac{x(2Bbx^2+3Abx+3Bax+6Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{6bx+6a}$	42
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} Bbx^3}{3bx+3a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (Ab+Ba)x^2}{2bx+2a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} aAx}{bx+a}$	73

input `int((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*csgn(b*x+a)*(b*x+a)^2*(2*B*b*x+3*A*b-B*a)/b^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bbx^3 + Aax + \frac{1}{2} (Ba + Ab)x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*B*b*x^3 + A*a*x + 1/2*(B*a + A*b)*x^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx$$

$$= A \left(\begin{cases} \left(\frac{a}{2b} + \frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} & \text{for } b^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{(a^2 + 2abx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3ab} & \text{for } ab \neq 0 \\ x\sqrt{a^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$+ B \left(\begin{cases} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^2}{6b^2} + \frac{ax}{6b} + \frac{x^2}{3}\right) & \text{for } b^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{-\frac{a^2(a^2 + 2abx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{(a^2 + 2abx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2a^2b^2}}{2a^2b^2} & \text{for } ab \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2\sqrt{a^2}}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `A*Piecewise(((a/(2*b) + x/2)*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2), Ne(b**2, 0)), ((a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(3/2)/(3*a*b), Ne(a*b, 0)), (x*sqrt(a**2), True)) + B*Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(-a**2/(6*b**2) + a*x/(6*b) + x**2/3), Ne(b**2, 0)), ((-a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(3/2)/3 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(5/2)/5)/(2*a**2*b**2), Ne(a*b, 0)), (x**2*sqrt(a**2)/2, True))`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 125 vs. $2(52) = 104$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Ax - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Bax}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Ba^2}{2b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Aa}{2b} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} B}{3b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*x - 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*a*x/b - 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*a^2/b^2 + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*a/b + 1/3*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B/b^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bbx^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{2} Bax^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{2} Abx^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Aax \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - \frac{(Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b) \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{6b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*B*b*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/2*B*a*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/2*A*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + A*a*x*sgn(b*x + a) - 1/6*(B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*sgn(b*x + a)/b^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{A\sqrt{(a + bx)^2} (a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{B(8b^2(a^2 + b^2x^2) - 12a^2b^2 + 4ab^3x)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{24b^4}$$

input `int(((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x),x)`output `(A*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*x))/(2*b) + (B*(8*b^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^2) - 12*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(24*b^4)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{x(b^2x^2 + 3abx + 3a^2)}{3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(x*(3*a**2 + 3*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))/3`

3.287 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	2307
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2307
Rubi [A] (verified)	2308
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2309
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2310
Sympy [F]	2310
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2310
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2311
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2311
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2312

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x} dx = \frac{(Ab + aB)x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{a + bx} + \frac{bBx^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{2(a + bx)} + \frac{aA\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \log(x)}{a + bx}$$

output

```
(A*b+B*a)*x*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+b*B*x^2*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*x+2*a)+a*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(x(2Ab + 2aB + bBx) + 2aA \log(x))}{2(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/x,x]
```


output $(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2]*(x*(2*A*b + 2*a*B + b*B*x) + 2*a*A*\text{Log}[x]))/(2*(a + b*x))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(A + Bx)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{b(a + bx)} \int \frac{b(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{a + bx} \int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{a + bx} \int \left(bA + \frac{aA}{x} + aB + bBx \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(x(aB + Ab) + aA \log(x) + \frac{1}{2}bBx^2 \right)}{a + bx}
 \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/x, x]$

output $(\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((A*b + a*B)*x + (b*B*x^2)/2 + a*A*\text{Log}[x]))/(a + b*x)$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\text{csgn}(bx+a)(x^2 B b^2 + 2Aab \ln(-bx) + 2x b^2 A + 2xabB + 2abA + a^2 B)}{2b}$	54
risch	$\frac{bB x^2 \sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{2bx+2a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} Abx}{bx+a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} Bax}{bx+a} + \frac{aA \sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \ln(x)}{bx+a}$	86

input `int((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $1/2*\text{csgn}(b*x+a)*(x^2*B*b^2+2*A*a*b*\ln(-b*x)+2*x*b^2*A+2*x*a*b*B+2*a*b*A+a^2*B)/b$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} Bbx^2 + Aa \log(x) + (Ba + Ab)x$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/2*B*b*x^2 + A*a*\log(x) + (B*a + A*b)*x$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*sqrt((a + b*x)**2)/x, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x} dx &= (-1)^{2b^2x+2ab} Aa \log(2b^2x + 2ab) \\ &\quad - (-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Aa \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right) \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Bx \\ &\quad + \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} A + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Ba}{2b} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(-1)^(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b)*A*a*log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) - (-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*A*a*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*x + sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*a/b`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} Bbx^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Bax \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Abx \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Aa \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*B*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + B*a*x*sgn(b*x + a) + A*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + A*a*log(abs(x))*sgn(b*x + a)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x} dx = A \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} - A \ln \left(ab + \frac{a^2}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{a^2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x} \right) \sqrt{a^2} + \frac{B \sqrt{(a + bx)^2 (a + bx)}}{2b} + \frac{Aab \ln \left(ab + \sqrt{(a + bx)^2 \sqrt{b^2} + b^2x} \right)}{\sqrt{b^2}}$$

input `int((((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x,x)`

output `A*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2) - A*log(a*b + a^2/x + ((a^2)^(1/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/x)*(a^2)^(1/2) + (B*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*x))/(2*b) + (A*a*b*log(a*b + ((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(b^2)^(1/2) + b^2*x))/(b^2)^(1/2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x} dx = \log(x) a^2 + 2abx + \frac{b^2x^2}{2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x,x)`

output `(2*log(x)*a**2 + 4*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)/2`

3.288 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2313
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2313
Rubi [A] (verified)	2314
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2315
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2316
Sympy [F]	2316
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2316
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2317
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2318
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2318

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{aA\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x(a+bx)} + \frac{bBx\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{(Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}\log(x)}{a+bx}$$

output `-a*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)+b*B*x*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+(A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x+a)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}(-aA+bBx^2+(Ab+aB)x\log(x))}{x(a+bx)}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*Sqrt[a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2])/x^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a+b*x)^2]*(-(a*A)+b*B*x^2+(A*b+a*B)*x*Log[x]))/(x*(a+b*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx}{b(a+bx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx}{a+bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{aA}{x^2} + bB + \frac{Ab+aB}{x} \right) dx}{a+bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} (\log(x)(aB + Ab) - \frac{aA}{x} + bBx)}{a+bx}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/x^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*(-(a*A)/x) + b*B*x + (A*b + a*B)*Log[x])/ (a + b*x)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\text{csgn}(bx+a)(A \ln(-bx)bx + B \ln(-bx)ax + Bbx^2 + Bax - Aa)}{x}$	44
risch	$-\frac{aA\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{x(bx+a)} + \frac{bBx\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{bx+a} + \frac{(Ab+Ba)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \ln(x)}{bx+a}$	71

input `int((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `csgn(b*x+a)*(A*ln(-b*x)*b*x+B*ln(-b*x)*a*x+B*b*x^2+B*a*x-A*a)/x`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.25

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{Bbx^2 + (Ba + Ab)x \log(x) - Aa}{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(B*b*x^2 + (B*a + A*b)*x*log(x) - A*a)/x`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*sqrt((a + b*x)**2)/x**2, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 175 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^2} dx = & (-1)^{2b^2x+2ab} Ba \log(2b^2x + 2ab) \\ & + (-1)^{2b^2x+2ab} Ab \log(2b^2x + 2ab) \\ & - (-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Ba \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right) \\ & - (-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Ab \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right) \\ & + \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}B - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}A}{x} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(-1)^(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b)*B*a*log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) + (-1)^(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b)*A*b*log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) - (-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*B*a*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) - (-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*A*b*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) + sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B - sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A/x`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^2} dx = Bbx\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + (Bas\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Abs\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)) \log(|x|) - \frac{Aas\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `B*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + (B*a*sgn(b*x + a) + A*b*sgn(b*x + a))*log(abs(x)) - A*a*sgn(b*x + a)/x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^2} dx = B\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} - B \ln \left(ab + \frac{a^2}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{a^2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x} \right) \sqrt{a^2} + A \ln \left(ab + \sqrt{(a + bx)^2\sqrt{b^2 + b^2x}} \right) \sqrt{b^2} - \frac{A\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x} + \frac{Bab \ln \left(ab + \sqrt{(a + bx)^2\sqrt{b^2 + b^2x}} \right)}{\sqrt{b^2}} - \frac{Aab \ln \left(ab + \frac{a^2}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{a^2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2}}$$

input

```
int((((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^2,x)
```

output

```
B*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2) - B*log(a*b + a^2/x + ((a^2)^(1/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/x)*(a^2)^(1/2) + A*log(a*b + ((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(b^2)^(1/2) + b^2*x)*(b^2)^(1/2) - (A*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/x + (B*a*b*log(a*b + ((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(b^2)^(1/2) + b^2*x))/(b^2)^(1/2) - (A*a*b*log(a*b + a^2/x + ((a^2)^(1/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/x))/(a^2)^(1/2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{2 \log(x) abx - a^2 + b^2x^2}{x}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x)
```

output $(2*\log(x)*a*b*x - a**2 + b**2*x**2)/x$

3.289 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	2320
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2320
Rubi [A] (verified)	2321
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2322
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2323
Sympy [F]	2323
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2324
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2324
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2325
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2325

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{aA\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{2x^2(a + bx)} - \frac{(Ab + aB)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x(a + bx)} + \frac{bB\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \log(x)}{a + bx}$$

output

```
-1/2*a*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(b*x+a)-(A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)+b*B*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x+a)
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 225 vs. 2(108) = 216.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{-a\sqrt{a^2}A - 2\sqrt{a^2}Abx - 2a\sqrt{a^2}Bx + aA\sqrt{(a + bx)^2} + Abx\sqrt{(a + bx)^2} + 2aBx\sqrt{(a + bx)^2} + 4abBx^2}{x^3}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/x^3,x]`

output `-1/4*(-(a*Sqrt[a^2]*A) - 2*Sqrt[a^2]*A*b*x - 2*a*Sqrt[a^2]*B*x + a*A*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2] + A*b*x*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2] + 2*a*B*x*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2] + 4*a*b*B*x^2*ArcTanh[(b*x)/(Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])] + 4*Sqrt[a^2]*b*B*x^2*Log[x] - 2*Sqrt[a^2]*b*B*x^2*Log[a*(Sqrt[a^2] - b*x - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])] - 2*Sqrt[a^2]*b*B*x^2*Log[a*(Sqrt[a^2] + b*x - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])])/(a*x^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx}{b(a + bx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx}{a + bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{aA}{x^3} + \frac{bB}{x} + \frac{Ab+aB}{x^2} \right) dx}{a + bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{aB+Ab}{x} - \frac{aA}{2x^2} + bB \log(x) \right)}{a + bx}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/x^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*(-1/2*(a*A)/x^2 - (A*b + a*B)/x + b*B*Log[x
]))/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_
) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^
IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2
+ c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2
- 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(bx+a)(-2B \ln(-bx)bx^2+2Abx+2Bax+Aa)}{2x^2}$	38
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}\left(-Ab-Ba)x-\frac{Aa}{2}\right)}{(bx+a)x^2} + \frac{bB\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}\ln(x)}{bx+a}$	59

input `int((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*csgn(b*x+a)*(-2*B*ln(-b*x)*b*x^2+2*A*b*x+2*B*a*x+A*a)/x^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2Bbx^2 \log(x) - Aa - 2(Ba+Ab)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(2*B*b*x^2*log(x) - A*a - 2*(B*a + A*b)*x)/x^2`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*sqrt((a + b*x)**2)/x**3, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 172 vs. $2(73) = 146$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^3} dx = (-1)^{2b^2x+2ab} Bb \log(2b^2x + 2ab) - (-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Bb \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ab^2}{2a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}B}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ab}{2ax} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}A}{2a^2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(-1)^(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b)*B*b*log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) - (-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*B*b*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*b^2/a^2 - sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B/x + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*b/(a*x) - 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A/(a^2*x^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^3} dx = Bb \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - \frac{A \operatorname{asgn}(bx + a) + 2(B \operatorname{asgn}(bx + a) + A \operatorname{bsgn}(bx + a))x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `B*b*log(abs(x))*sgn(b*x + a) - 1/2*(A*a*sgn(b*x + a) + 2*(B*a*sgn(b*x + a) + A*b*sgn(b*x + a))*x)/x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^3} dx = B \ln \left(ab + \sqrt{(a + bx)^2 \sqrt{b^2 + b^2x}} \right) \sqrt{b^2} \\ - \frac{B \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x} \\ - \frac{A \sqrt{(a + bx)^2 (a + 2bx)}}{2x^2 (a + bx)} \\ - \frac{Bab \ln \left(ab + \frac{a^2}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{a^2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2}}$$

input `int((((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^3,x)`output `B*log(a*b + ((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(b^2)^(1/2) + b^2*x)*(b^2)^(1/2) - (B*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/x - (A*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(a + 2*b*x))/(2*x^2*(a + b*x)) - (B*a*b*log(a*b + a^2/x + ((a^2)^(1/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/x))/(a^2)^(1/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2 \log(x) b^2 x^2 - a^2 - 4abx}{2x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x)`output `(2*log(x)*b**2*x**2 - a**2 - 4*a*b*x)/(2*x**2)`

3.290 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	2326
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2326
Rubi [A] (verified)	2327
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2328
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2329
Sympy [F]	2329
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2330
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2330
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2331
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2331

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{(Ab - aB)(a + bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{2a^2x^2} - \frac{A(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3a^2x^3}$$

output

```
1/2*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/x^2-1/3*A*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/a^2/x^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(3bx(A + 2Bx) + a(2A + 3Bx))}}{6x^3(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/x^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/6*(Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(3*b*x*(A + 2*B*x) + a*(2*A + 3*B*x)))/(x^3*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1186, 1102, 27, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1186} \\
 & -\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2bxa + b^2x^2}}{x^3} dx}{a} - \frac{A(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3a^2x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1102} \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(Ab - aB) \int \frac{b(a+bx)}{x^3} dx}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{A(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3a^2x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(Ab - aB) \int \frac{a+bx}{x^3} dx}{a(a + bx)} - \frac{A(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3a^2x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{48} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(Ab - aB)}{2a^2x^2} - \frac{A(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3a^2x^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/x^4,x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/(2*a^2*x^2) - (A*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*a^2*x^3)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 48 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 1102 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1186 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}((f_.) + (g_.)(x_))((a_) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*c*(e*f - d*g)(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)} / ((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*f - b*g) / (2*c*d - b*e) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*c*f - b*g, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\text{csgn}(bx+a)(6Bbx^2+3Abx+3Bax+2Aa)}{6x^3}$	34
gospers	$-\frac{(6Bbx^2+3Abx+3Bax+2Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{6x^3(bx+a)}$	44
risch	$\frac{(-Bbx^2 + (-\frac{Ab}{2} - \frac{Ba}{2})x - \frac{Aa}{3})\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{x^3(bx+a)}$	44
orering	$-\frac{(6Bbx^2+3Abx+3Bax+2Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{6x^3(bx+a)}$	44

input `int((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6*csgn(b*x+a)*(6*B*b*x^2+3*A*b*x+3*B*a*x+2*A*a)/x^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{6 Bbx^2 + 2 Aa + 3 (Ba + Ab)x}{6 x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(6*B*b*x^2 + 2*A*a + 3*(B*a + A*b)*x)/x^3`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2)/x**4,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*sqrt((a + b*x)**2)/x**4, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 195 vs. $2(58) = 116$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Bb^2}{2a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ab^3}{2a^3} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Bb}{2ax} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ab^2}{2a^2x} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}B}{2a^2x^2} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ab}{2a^3x^2} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}A}{3a^2x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*b^2/a^2 - 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*b^3/a^3 + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*b/(a*x) - 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*b^2/(a^2*x) - 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B/(a^2*x^2) + 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b/(a^3*x^2) - 1/3*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A/(a^2*x^3)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{(3Bab^2 - Ab^3)\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{6a^2} - \frac{6Bbx^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 3Bax\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 3Abx\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2A\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-1/6*(3*B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*\text{sgn}(b*x + a)/a^2 - 1/6*(6*B*b*x^2*\text{sgn}(b*x + a) + 3*B*a*x*\text{sgn}(b*x + a) + 3*A*b*x*\text{sgn}(b*x + a) + 2*A*a*\text{sgn}(b*x + a))/x^3$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2} (2Aa + 3Abx + 3Bax + 6Bbx^2)}{6x^3 (a + bx)}$$

input `int((((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^4,x)`

output
$$-(((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(2*A*a + 3*A*b*x + 3*B*a*x + 6*B*b*x^2))/(6*x^3*(a + b*x))$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{-3b^2x^2 - 3abx - a^2}{3x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x)`

output
$$(-a^2 - 3a*b*x - 3*b^2*x^2)/(3*x^3)$$

3.291 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	2332
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2332
Rubi [A] (verified)	2333
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2334
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2335
Sympy [F]	2335
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2336
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2337
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2337
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2338

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{aA\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{4x^4(a + bx)} - \frac{(Ab + aB)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{3x^3(a + bx)} - \frac{bB\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{2x^2(a + bx)}$$

output

```
-1/4*a*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(b*x+a)-1/3*(A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(b*x+a)-1/2*b*B*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(b*x+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(3aA + 4Abx + 4aBx + 6bBx^2)}}{12x^4(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/x^5,x]
```

output

$$-1/12*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2]*(3*a*A + 4*A*b*x + 4*a*B*x + 6*b*B*x^2))/(x^4*(a + b*x))$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx}{b(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{aA}{x^5} + \frac{bB}{x^3} + \frac{Ab+aB}{x^4} \right) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{aB+Ab}{3x^3} - \frac{aA}{4x^4} - \frac{bB}{2x^2} \right)}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/x^5,x]$$

output

$$\left((-1/4*(a*A)/x^4 - (A*b + a*B)/(3*x^3) - (b*B)/(2*x^2))*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2] \right)/(a + b*x)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\text{csgn}(bx+a)(6Bbx^2+4Abx+4Bax+3Aa)}{12x^4}$	34
gosper	$-\frac{(6Bbx^2+4Abx+4Bax+3Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{12x^4(bx+a)}$	44
risch	$\frac{\left(-\frac{Bbx^2}{2} + \left(-\frac{Ab}{3} - \frac{Ba}{3}\right)x - \frac{Aa}{4}\right)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{x^4(bx+a)}$	44
orering	$-\frac{(6Bbx^2+4Abx+4Bax+3Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{12x^4(bx+a)}$	44

input `int((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/12*csgn(b*x+a)*(6*B*b*x^2+4*A*b*x+4*B*a*x+3*A*a)/x^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{6 Bbx^2 + 3 Aa + 4 (Ba + Ab)x}{12 x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/12*(6*B*b*x^2 + 3*A*a + 4*(B*a + A*b)*x)/x^4`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2)/x**5,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*sqrt((a + b*x)**2)/x**5, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 255 vs. $2(75) = 150$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Bb^3}{2a^3} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ab^4}{2a^4} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Bb^2}{2a^2x} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ab^3}{2a^3x} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bb}{2a^3x^2} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ab^2}{2a^4x^2} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}B}{3a^2x^3} + \frac{5(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ab}{12a^3x^3} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}A}{4a^2x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*b^3/a^3 + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*b^4/a^4 - 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*b^2/(a^2*x) + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*b^3/(a^3*x) + 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b/(a^3*x^2) - 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^2/(a^4*x^2) - 1/3*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B/(a^2*x^3) + 5/12*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b/(a^3*x^3) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A/(a^2*x^4)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{(2Bab^3 - Ab^4)\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{12a^3} - \frac{6Bbx^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 4Bax\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 4Abx\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 3Aa\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/12*(2*B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*sgn(b*x + a)/a^3 - 1/12*(6*B*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 4*B*a*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 4*A*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 3*A*a*sgn(b*x + a))/x^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2} (3Aa + 4Abx + 4Bax + 6Bbx^2)}{12x^4 (a + bx)}$$

input `int((((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^5,x)`

output `-(((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(3*A*a + 4*A*b*x + 4*B*a*x + 6*B*b*x^2))/(12*x^4*(a + b*x))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{-6b^2x^2 - 8abx - 3a^2}{12x^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x)`

output `(- 3*a**2 - 8*a*b*x - 6*b**2*x**2)/(12*x**4)`

3.292 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	2339
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2339
Rubi [A] (verified)	2340
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2341
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2342
Sympy [F]	2342
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2343
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2344
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2344
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2345

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{aA\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{5x^5(a + bx)} - \frac{(Ab + aB)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{4x^4(a + bx)} - \frac{bB\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{3x^3(a + bx)}$$

output

$$-1/5*a*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^5/(b*x+a)-1/4*(A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(b*x+a)-1/3*b*B*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(b*x+a)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(5bx(3A + 4Bx) + 3a(4A + 5Bx))}}{60x^5(a + bx)}$$

input

`Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/x^6,x]`

output
$$-1/60*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2]*(5*b*x*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 3*a*(4*A + 5*B*x)))/(x^5*(a + b*x))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx}{b(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{aA}{x^6} + \frac{bB}{x^4} + \frac{Ab+aB}{x^5} \right) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{aB+Ab}{4x^4} - \frac{aA}{5x^5} - \frac{bB}{3x^3} \right)}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

input
$$\text{Int}[\frac{(A + B*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]}{x^6}, x]$$

output
$$\frac{((-1/5*(a*A)/x^5 - (A*b + a*B)/(4*x^4) - (b*B)/(3*x^3))*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])}{(a + b*x)}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\text{csgn}(bx+a)(20Bbx^2+15Abx+15Bax+12Aa)}{60x^5}$	34
gosper	$-\frac{(20Bbx^2+15Abx+15Bax+12Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{60(bx+a)x^5}$	44
risch	$\frac{\left(-\frac{Bb}{3}x^2 + \left(-\frac{Ab}{4} - \frac{Ba}{4}\right)x - \frac{Aa}{5}\right)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{x^5(bx+a)}$	44
orering	$-\frac{(20Bbx^2+15Abx+15Bax+12Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{60(bx+a)x^5}$	44

input `int((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/60*csgn(b*x+a)*(20*B*b*x^2+15*A*b*x+15*B*a*x+12*A*a)/x^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{20 Bbx^2 + 12 Aa + 15 (Ba + Ab)x}{60 x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/60*(20*B*b*x^2 + 12*A*a + 15*(B*a + A*b)*x)/x^5`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2)/x**6,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*sqrt((a + b*x)**2)/x**6, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 315 vs. $2(75) = 150$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Bb^4}{2a^4} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ab^5}{2a^5}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Bb^3}{2a^3x}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ab^4}{2a^4x}$$

$$- \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bb^2}{2a^4x^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ab^3}{2a^5x^2}$$

$$+ \frac{5(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bb}{12a^3x^3}$$

$$- \frac{9(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ab^2}{20a^4x^3}$$

$$- \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}B}{4a^2x^4}$$

$$+ \frac{7(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ab}{20a^3x^4}$$

$$- \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}A}{5a^2x^5}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*b^4/a^4 - 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x +
a^2)*A*b^5/a^5 + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*b^3/(a^3*x) - 1/2*sq
rt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*b^4/(a^4*x) - 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^
(3/2)*B*b^2/(a^4*x^2) + 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^3/(a^5*x^2
) + 5/12*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b/(a^3*x^3) - 9/20*(b^2*x^2 + 2
*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^2/(a^4*x^3) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*
B/(a^2*x^4) + 7/20*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b/(a^3*x^4) - 1/5*(b^
2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A/(a^2*x^5)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{(5 Bab^4 - 3 Ab^5)\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{60 a^4} - \frac{20 Bbx^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 15 Bax\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 15 Abx\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 12 Aa\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{60 x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/60*(5*B*a*b^4 - 3*A*b^5)*sgn(b*x + a)/a^4 - 1/60*(20*B*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 15*B*a*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 15*A*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 12*A*a*sgn(b*x + a))/x^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2} (12 A a + 15 A b x + 15 B a x + 20 B b x^2)}{60 x^5 (a + b x)}$$

input `int((((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^6,x)`

output `-(((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(12*A*a + 15*A*b*x + 15*B*a*x + 20*B*b*x^2))/(60*x^5*(a + b*x))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{-10b^2x^2 - 15abx - 6a^2}{30x^5}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^6,x)`

output `(- 6*a**2 - 15*a*b*x - 10*b**2*x**2)/(30*x**5)`

3.293 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	2346
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2346
Rubi [A] (verified)	2347
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2348
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2349
Sympy [F]	2349
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2350
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2351
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2351
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2352

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{aA\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{6x^6(a + bx)} - \frac{(Ab + aB)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{5x^5(a + bx)} - \frac{bB\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{4x^4(a + bx)}$$

output

```
-1/6*a*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^6/(b*x+a)-1/5*(A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^5/(b*x+a)-1/4*b*B*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(b*x+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(3bx(4A + 5Bx) + 2a(5A + 6Bx))}}{60x^6(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/x^7,x]
```

output

$$-1/60*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2]*(3*b*x*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 2*a*(5*A + 6*B*x)))/(x^6*(a + b*x))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(A + Bx)}{x^7} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx}{b(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{aA}{x^7} + \frac{bB}{x^5} + \frac{Ab+aB}{x^6} \right) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{aB+Ab}{5x^5} - \frac{aA}{6x^6} - \frac{bB}{4x^4} \right)}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/x^7,x]$$

output

$$\left((-1/6*(a*A)/x^6 - (A*b + a*B)/(5*x^5) - (b*B)/(4*x^4))*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2] \right) / (a + b*x)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\text{csgn}(bx+a)(15Bbx^2+12Abx+12Bax+10Aa)}{60x^6}$	34
gospers	$-\frac{(15Bbx^2+12Abx+12Bax+10Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{60x^6(bx+a)}$	44
risch	$\frac{\left(-\frac{Bbx^2}{4} + \left(-\frac{Ab}{5} - \frac{Ba}{5}\right)x - \frac{Aa}{6}\right)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{x^6(bx+a)}$	44
orering	$-\frac{(15Bbx^2+12Abx+12Bax+10Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{60x^6(bx+a)}$	44

input `int((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/60*csgn(b*x+a)*(15*B*b*x^2+12*A*b*x+12*B*a*x+10*A*a)/x^6`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{15 Bbx^2 + 10 Aa + 12 (Ba + Ab)x}{60 x^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/60*(15*B*b*x^2 + 10*A*a + 12*(B*a + A*b)*x)/x^6`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2)/x**7,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*sqrt((a + b*x)**2)/x**7, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 375 vs. $2(75) = 150$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Bb^5}{2a^5}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ab^6}{2a^6}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Bb^4}{2a^4x}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ab^5}{2a^5x}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bb^3}{2a^5x^2}$$

$$- \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ab^4}{2a^6x^2}$$

$$- \frac{9(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bb^2}{20a^4x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{7(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ab^3}{15a^5x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{7(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bb}{20a^3x^4}$$

$$- \frac{2(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ab^2}{5a^4x^4}$$

$$- \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}B}{5a^2x^5}$$

$$+ \frac{3(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ab}{10a^3x^5}$$

$$- \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}A}{6a^2x^6}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/2\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Bb^5/a^5 + 1/2\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ab^6/a^6 - 1/2\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Bb^4/(a^4x) + 1/2\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ab^5/(a^5x) + 1/2(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{(3/2)}Bb^3/(a^5x^2) - 1/2(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{(3/2)}Ab^4/(a^6x^2) - 9/20(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{(3/2)}Bb^2/(a^4x^3) + 7/15(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{(3/2)}Ab^3/(a^5x^3) + 7/20(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{(3/2)}Bb/(a^3x^4) - 2/5(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{(3/2)}Ab^2/(a^4x^4) - 1/5(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{(3/2)}B/(a^2x^5) + 3/10(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{(3/2)}Ab/(a^3x^5) - 1/6(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{(3/2)}A/(a^2x^6)
\end{aligned}$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{(3 Bab^5 - 2 Ab^6)\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{60 a^5} - \frac{15 Bbx^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 12 Bax\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 12 Abx\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 10 Aa\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{60 x^6}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{60} \frac{(3Bab^5 - 2Ab^6)\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{a^5} - \frac{1}{60} \frac{(15Bbx^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 12Bax\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 12Abx\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 10Aa\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))}{x^6}$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^7} dx \\
& = - \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2} (10 A a + 12 A b x + 12 B a x + 15 B b x^2)}{60 x^6 (a + b x)}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int((((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^7,x)
```

output $-\left(\left(a + b*x\right)^2\right)^{\left(1/2\right)}*\left(10*A*a + 12*A*b*x + 12*B*a*x + 15*B*b*x^2\right)/\left(60*x^6*(a + b*x)\right)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{-15b^2x^2 - 24abx - 10a^2}{60x^6}$$

input $\text{int}((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^{\left(1/2\right)}/x^7,x)$

output $(-10*a**2 - 24*a*b*x - 15*b**2*x**2)/(60*x**6)$

3.294 $\int x^5(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2353
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int x^5(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^3 Ax^6 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{6(a + bx)} + \frac{a^2(3Ab + aB)x^7 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7(a + bx)} + \frac{3ab(Ab + aB)x^8 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{8(a + bx)} + \frac{b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^9 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{9(a + bx)} + \frac{b^3 Bx^{10} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{10(a + bx)}$$

output

```
a^3*A*x^6*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(6*b*x+6*a)+a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^7*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x+7*a)+3*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^8*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(8*b*x+8*a)+b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^9*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(9*b*x+9*a)+b^3*B*x^10*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(10*b*x+10*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int x^5(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^6 \sqrt{(a + bx)^2} (60a^3(7A + 6Bx) + 135a^2bx(8A + 7Bx) + 105ab^2x^2(9A + 8Bx) + 28b^3x^3(10A + 9Bx))}{2520(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(x^6*sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(60*a^3*(7*A + 6*B*x) + 135*a^2*b*x*(8*A + 7*B*x) + 105*a*b^2*x^2*(9*A + 8*B*x) + 28*b^3*x^3*(10*A + 9*B*x)))/(2520*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int x^5(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx \\ \downarrow 1187 \\ \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int b^3x^5(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx}{b^3(a + bx)} \\ \downarrow 27 \\ \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x^5(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx}{a + bx} \\ \downarrow 85 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (b^3Bx^9 + b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^8 + 3ab(Ab + aB)x^7 + a^2(3Ab + aB)x^6 + a^3Ax^5) dx}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{1}{6}a^3Ax^6 + \frac{1}{7}a^2x^7(aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{9}b^2x^9(3aB + Ab) + \frac{3}{8}abx^8(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{10}b^3Bx^{10} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[x^5*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((a^3*A*x^6)/6 + (a^2*(3*A*b + a*B)*x^7)/7 + (3*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^8)/8 + (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^9)/9 + (b^3*B*x^10)/10)/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^6 (252B b^3 x^4 + 280A b^3 x^3 + 840Ba b^2 x^3 + 945Aa b^2 x^2 + 945B a^2 b x^2 + 1080A a^2 b x + 360B a^3 x + 420a^3 A) ((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2520(bx+a)^3}$
default	$\frac{x^6 (252B b^3 x^4 + 280A b^3 x^3 + 840Ba b^2 x^3 + 945Aa b^2 x^2 + 945B a^2 b x^2 + 1080A a^2 b x + 360B a^3 x + 420a^3 A) ((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2520(bx+a)^3}$
orering	$\frac{x^6 (252B b^3 x^4 + 280A b^3 x^3 + 840Ba b^2 x^3 + 945Aa b^2 x^2 + 945B a^2 b x^2 + 1080A a^2 b x + 360B a^3 x + 420a^3 A) (b^2 x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2520(bx+a)^3}$
risch	$\frac{b^3 B x^{10} \sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{10bx+10a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (A b^3 + 3Ba b^2) x^9}{9bx+9a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (3Aa b^2 + 3B a^2 b) x^8}{8bx+8a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (3A a^2 b + B a^3) x^7}{7bx+7a} + \frac{a^3 A}{7a}$

input `int(x^5*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2520*x^6*(252*B*b^3*x^4+280*A*b^3*x^3+840*B*a*b^2*x^3+945*A*a*b^2*x^2+945*B*a^2*b*x^2+1080*A*a^2*b*x+360*B*a^3*x+420*A*a^3)*((b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int x^5 (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{10} B b^3 x^{10} + \frac{1}{6} A a^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{9} (3B a b^2 + A b^3) x^9 + \frac{3}{8} (B a^2 b + A a b^2) x^8 + \frac{1}{7} (B a^3 + 3A a^2 b) x^7$$

input `integrate(x^5*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/10*B*b^3*x^10 + 1/6*A*a^3*x^6 + 1/9*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^9 + 3/8*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^8 + 1/7*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^7`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 8803 vs. $2(155) = 310$.

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8803, normalized size of antiderivative = 41.92

$$\int x^5(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(B*b**2*x**9/10 + x**8*(A*b**4 + 21*B*a*b**3/10)/(9*b**2) + x**7*(4*A*a*b**3 + 51*B*a**2*b**2/10 - 17*a*(A*b**4 + 21*B*a*b**3/10)/(9*b))/(8*b**2) + x**6*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 8*a**2*(A*b**4 + 21*B*a*b**3/10)/(9*b**2) - 15*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 51*B*a**2*b**2/10 - 17*a*(A*b**4 + 21*B*a*b**3/10)/(9*b))/(8*b))/(7*b**2) + x**5*(4*A*a**3*b + B*a**4 - 7*a**2*(4*A*a*b**3 + 51*B*a**2*b**2/10 - 17*a*(A*b**4 + 21*B*a*b**3/10)/(9*b))/(8*b**2) - 13*a*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 8*a**2*(A*b**4 + 21*B*a*b**3/10)/(9*b**2) - 15*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 51*B*a**2*b**2/10 - 17*a*(A*b**4 + 21*B*a*b**3/10)/(9*b))/(8*b))/(7*b))/(6*b**2) + x**4*(A*a**4 - 6*a**2*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 8*a**2*(A*b**4 + 21*B*a*b**3/10)/(9*b**2) - 15*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 51*B*a**2*b**2/10 - 17*a*(A*b**4 + 21*B*a*b**3/10)/(9*b))/(8*b))/(7*b**2) - 11*a*(4*A*a**3*b + B*a**4 - 7*a**2*(4*A*a*b**3 + 51*B*a**2*b**2/10 - 17*a*(A*b**4 + 21*B*a*b**3/10)/(9*b)))/(8*b**2) - 13*a*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 8*a**2*(A*b**4 + 21*B*a*b**3/10)/(9*b**2) - 15*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 51*B*a**2*b**2/10 - 17*a*(A*b**4 + 21*B*a*b**3/10)/(9*b))/(8*b))/(7*b))/(6*b))/(5*b**2) + x**3*(-5*a**2*(4*A*a**3*b + B*a**4 - 7*a**2*(4*A*a*b**3 + 51*B*a**2*b**2/10 - 17*a*(A*b**4 + 21*B*a*b**3/10)/(9*b)))/(8*b**2) - 13*a*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 8*a**2*(A*b**4 + 21*B*a*b**3/10)/(9*b**2) - 15*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 51*B*a**2*b**2/10 - 17*a*(A*b**4 + 21*B*a*b**3/10)/(9*b))/(8*b))/(7*b))/(6*b**2) - 9*a*(A...`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 421 vs. $2(145) = 290$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int x^5(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Bx^5}{10b^2} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Bax^4}{6b^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ax^4}{9b^2} + \frac{5(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ba^2x^3}{24b^4} - \frac{13(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Aax^3}{72b^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{3/2}Ba^6x}{4b^6} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{3/2}Aa^5x}{4b^5} - \frac{13(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ba^3x^2}{56b^5} + \frac{37(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Aa^2x^2}{168b^4} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{3/2}Ba^7}{4b^7} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{3/2}Aa^6}{4b^6} + \frac{41(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ba^4x}{168b^6} - \frac{121(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Aa^3x}{504b^5} - \frac{209(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ba^5}{840b^7} + \frac{125(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Aa^4}{504b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/10*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*x^5/b^2 - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a*x^4/b^3 + 1/9*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*x^4/b^2 + 5/24*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a^2*x^3/b^4 - 13/72*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*a*x^3/b^3 + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*a^6*x/b^6 - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*a^5*x/b^5 - 13/56*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a^3*x^2/b^5 + 37/168*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*a^2*x^2/b^4 + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*a^7/b^7 - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*a^6/b^6 + 41/168*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a^4*x/b^6 - 121/504*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*a^3*x/b^5 - 209/840*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a^5/b^7 + 125/504*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*a^4/b^6`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int x^5(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{10} Bb^3x^{10}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{3} Bab^2x^9\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{9} Ab^3x^9\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{3}{8} Ba^2bx^8\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{3}{8} Aab^2x^8\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{7} Ba^3x^7\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{3}{7} Aa^2bx^7\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{6} Aa^3x^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{(3Ba^{10}-5Aa^9b)\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}{2520b^7}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/10*B*b^3*x^10*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/3*B*a*b^2*x^9*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/9*A*b^3*x^9*sgn(b*x + a) + 3/8*B*a^2*b*x^8*sgn(b*x + a) + 3/8*A*a*b^2*x^8*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/7*B*a^3*x^7*sgn(b*x + a) + 3/7*A*a^2*b*x^7*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/6*A*a^3*x^6*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/2520*(3*B*a^10 - 5*A*a^9*b)*sgn(b*x + a)/b^7`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^5(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^5(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^5*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^5*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^5(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^6(126b^4x^4 + 560ab^3x^3 + 945a^2b^2x^2 + 720a^3bx + 210a^4)}{1260}$$

input `int(x^5*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(x**6*(210*a**4 + 720*a**3*b*x + 945*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 560*a*b**3*x**3 + 126*b**4*x**4))/1260`

3.295 $\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^3 Ax^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{5(a + bx)} + \frac{a^2(3Ab + aB)x^6 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{6(a + bx)} + \frac{3ab(Ab + aB)x^7 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7(a + bx)} + \frac{b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^8 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{8(a + bx)} + \frac{b^3 Bx^9 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{9(a + bx)}$$

output

```
a^3*A*x^5*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x+5*a)+a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^6*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(6*b*x+6*a)+3*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^7*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x+7*a)+b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^8*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(8*b*x+8*a)+b^3*B*x^9*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(9*b*x+9*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^5 \sqrt{(a + bx)^2} (84a^3(6A + 5Bx) + 180a^2bx(7A + 6Bx) + 135ab^2x^2(8A + 7Bx) + 35b^3x^3(9A + 8Bx))}{2520(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(x^5*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(84*a^3*(6*A + 5*B*x) + 180*a^2*b*x*(7*A + 6*B*x) + 135*a*b^2*x^2*(8*A + 7*B*x) + 35*b^3*x^3*(9*A + 8*B*x)))/(2520*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^4(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int b^3x^4(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx}{b^3(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x^4(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (b^3Bx^8 + b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^7 + 3ab(Ab + aB)x^6 + a^2(3Ab + aB)x^5 + a^3Ax^4) dx}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{1}{5}a^3Ax^5 + \frac{1}{6}a^2x^6(aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{8}b^2x^8(3aB + Ab) + \frac{3}{7}abx^7(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{9}b^3Bx^9 \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[x^4*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((a^3*A*x^5)/5 + (a^2*(3*A*b + a*B)*x^6)/6 + (3*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^7)/7 + (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^8)/8 + (b^3*B*x^9)/9))/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^5(280Bb^3x^4+315Ab^3x^3+945Bab^2x^3+1080Aab^2x^2+1080Ba^2bx^2+1260Aa^2bx+420Ba^3x+504a^3A)((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2520(bx+a)^3}$
default	$\frac{x^5(280Bb^3x^4+315Ab^3x^3+945Bab^2x^3+1080Aab^2x^2+1080Ba^2bx^2+1260Aa^2bx+420Ba^3x+504a^3A)((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2520(bx+a)^3}$
orering	$\frac{x^5(280Bb^3x^4+315Ab^3x^3+945Bab^2x^3+1080Aab^2x^2+1080Ba^2bx^2+1260Aa^2bx+420Ba^3x+504a^3A)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2520(bx+a)^3}$
risch	$\frac{b^3Bx^9\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{9bx+9a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(Ab^3+3Bab^2)x^8}{8bx+8a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(3Aab^2+3Ba^2b)x^7}{7bx+7a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(3Aa^2b+Ba^3)x^6}{6bx+6a} + \frac{a^3A}{bx+a}$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2520*x^5*(280*B*b^3*x^4+315*A*b^3*x^3+945*B*a*b^2*x^3+1080*A*a*b^2*x^2+1080*B*a^2*b*x^2+1260*A*a^2*b*x+420*B*a^3*x+504*A*a^3)*((b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int x^4(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{9}Bb^3x^9 + \frac{1}{5}Aa^3x^5 + \frac{1}{8}(3Bab^2+Ab^3)x^8 + \frac{3}{7}(Ba^2b+Aab^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{6}(Ba^3+3Aa^2b)x^6$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9*B*b^3*x^9 + 1/5*A*a^3*x^5 + 1/8*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^8 + 3/7*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^7 + 1/6*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^6`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5448 vs. $2(155) = 310$.

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5448, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.94

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(B*b**2*x**8/9 + x**7*(A*b**4
+ 19*B*a*b**3/9)/(8*b**2) + x**6*(4*A*a*b**3 + 46*B*a**2*b**2/9 - 15*a*(A*
b**4 + 19*B*a*b**3/9)/(8*b))/(7*b**2) + x**5*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b -
7*a**2*(A*b**4 + 19*B*a*b**3/9)/(8*b**2) - 13*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 46*B*a**2*b
**2/9 - 15*a*(A*b**4 + 19*B*a*b**3/9)/(8*b))/(7*b))/(6*b**2) + x**4*(4*A*a
**3*b + B*a**4 - 6*a**2*(4*A*a*b**3 + 46*B*a**2*b**2/9 - 15*a*(A*b**4 + 19
*B*a*b**3/9)/(8*b))/(7*b**2) - 11*a*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 7*a**2*(
A*b**4 + 19*B*a*b**3/9)/(8*b**2) - 13*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 46*B*a**2*b**2/9 - 1
5*a*(A*b**4 + 19*B*a*b**3/9)/(8*b))/(7*b))/(6*b))/(5*b**2) + x**3*(A*a**4
- 5*a**2*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 7*a**2*(A*b**4 + 19*B*a*b**3/9)/(8*
b**2) - 13*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 46*B*a**2*b**2/9 - 15*a*(A*b**4 + 19*B*a*b**3/9
))/(8*b))/(7*b))/(6*b**2) - 9*a*(4*A*a**3*b + B*a**4 - 6*a**2*(4*A*a*b**3 +
46*B*a**2*b**2/9 - 15*a*(A*b**4 + 19*B*a*b**3/9)/(8*b))/(7*b**2) - 11*a*(
6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 7*a**2*(A*b**4 + 19*B*a*b**3/9)/(8*b**2) - 13
*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 46*B*a**2*b**2/9 - 15*a*(A*b**4 + 19*B*a*b**3/9)/(8*b))/(
7*b))/(6*b))/(5*b))/(4*b**2) + x**2*(-4*a**2*(4*A*a**3*b + B*a**4 - 6*a**2
*(4*A*a*b**3 + 46*B*a**2*b**2/9 - 15*a*(A*b**4 + 19*B*a*b**3/9)/(8*b))/(7*
b**2) - 11*a*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 7*a**2*(A*b**4 + 19*B*a*b**3/9)
/(8*b**2) - 13*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 46*B*a**2*b**2/9 - 15*a*(A*b**4 + 19*B*a*b*
*3/9)/(8*b))/(7*b))/(6*b))/(5*b**2) - 7*a*(A*a**4 - 5*a**2*(6*A*a**2*b...
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 361 vs. $2(145) = 290$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 361, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int x^4(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Bx^4}{9b^2} - \frac{13(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Bax^3}{72b^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ax^3}{8b^2} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{3/2}Ba^5x}{4b^5} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{3/2}Aa^4x}{4b^4} + \frac{37(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ba^2x^2}{168b^4} - \frac{11(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Aax^2}{56b^3} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{3/2}Ba^6}{4b^6} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{3/2}Aa^5}{4b^5} - \frac{121(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ba^3x}{504b^5} + \frac{13(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Aa^2x}{56b^4} + \frac{125(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ba^4}{504b^6} - \frac{69(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Aa^3}{280b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/9*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*x^4/b^2 - 13/72*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x +
a^2)^(5/2)*B*a*x^3/b^3 + 1/8*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*x^3/b^2 -
1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*a^5*x/b^5 + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x +
a^2)^(3/2)*A*a^4*x/b^4 + 37/168*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a^2*x^2
/b^4 - 11/56*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*a*x^2/b^3 - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 +
2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*a^6/b^6 + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*a^5
/b^5 - 121/504*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a^3*x/b^5 + 13/56*(b^2*x^
2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*a^2*x/b^4 + 125/504*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(
5/2)*B*a^4/b^6 - 69/280*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*a^3/b^5
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^4(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx &= \frac{1}{9} Bb^3x^9\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) \\ &+ \frac{3}{8} Bab^2x^8\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{8} Ab^3x^8\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{3}{7} Ba^2bx^7\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) \\ &+ \frac{3}{7} Aab^2x^7\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{6} Ba^3x^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{2} Aa^2bx^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) \\ &+ \frac{1}{5} Aa^3x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - \frac{(5Ba^9-9Aa^8b)\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}{2520b^6} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/9*B*b^3*x^9*sgn(b*x + a) + 3/8*B*a*b^2*x^8*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/8*A*b^3*x^8*sgn(b*x + a) + 3/7*B*a^2*b*x^7*sgn(b*x + a) + 3/7*A*a*b^2*x^7*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/6*B*a^3*x^6*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/2*A*a^2*b*x^6*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/5*A*a^3*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) - 1/2520*(5*B*a^9 - 9*A*a^8*b)*sgn(b*x + a)/b^6`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^4(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^4*(A+B*x)*(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^4*(A+B*x)*(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(3/2),x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^5(70b^4x^4 + 315ab^3x^3 + 540a^2b^2x^2 + 420a^3bx + 126a^4)}{630}$$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(x**5*(126*a**4 + 420*a**3*b*x + 540*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 315*a*b**3*x**3 + 70*b**4*x**4))/630`

3.296 $\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2369
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2370
Rubi [A] (verified)	2370
Maple [A] (verified)	2372
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2372
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2373
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2374
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2375
Mupad [F(-1)]	2375
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2376

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^3Ax^4\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{4(a + bx)} + \frac{a^2(3Ab + aB)x^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{5(a + bx)} + \frac{ab(Ab + aB)x^6\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{2(a + bx)} + \frac{b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^7\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7(a + bx)} + \frac{b^3Bx^8\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{8(a + bx)}$$

output

```
a^3*A*x^4*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(4*b*x+4*a)+a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^5*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x+5*a)+a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^6*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*x+2*a)+b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^7*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x+7*a)+b^3*B*x^8*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(8*b*x+8*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^4 \sqrt{(a + bx)^2} (14a^3(5A + 4Bx) + 28a^2bx(6A + 5Bx) + 20ab^2x^2(7A + 6Bx) + 5b^3x^3(8A + 7Bx))}{280(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(x^4*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(14*a^3*(5*A + 4*B*x) + 28*a^2*b*x*(6*A + 5*B*x) + 20*a*b^2*x^2*(7*A + 6*B*x) + 5*b^3*x^3*(8*A + 7*B*x)))/(280*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int b^3x^3(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx}{b^3(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x^3(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (b^3Bx^7 + b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^6 + 3ab(Ab + aB)x^5 + a^2(3Ab + aB)x^4 + a^3Ax^3) dx}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{1}{4}a^3Ax^4 + \frac{1}{5}a^2x^5(aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{7}b^2x^7(3aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{2}abx^6(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{8}b^3Bx^8 \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[x^3*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((a^3*A*x^4)/4 + (a^2*(3*A*b + a*B)*x^5)/5 + (a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^6)/2 + (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^7)/7 + (b^3*B*x^8)/8))/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^4(35Bb^3x^4+40Ab^3x^3+120Bab^2x^3+140Aab^2x^2+140Ba^2bx^2+168Aa^2bx+56Ba^3x+70a^3A)((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{280(bx+a)^3}$
default	$\frac{x^4(35Bb^3x^4+40Ab^3x^3+120Bab^2x^3+140Aab^2x^2+140Ba^2bx^2+168Aa^2bx+56Ba^3x+70a^3A)((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{280(bx+a)^3}$
orering	$\frac{x^4(35Bb^3x^4+40Ab^3x^3+120Bab^2x^3+140Aab^2x^2+140Ba^2bx^2+168Aa^2bx+56Ba^3x+70a^3A)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{280(bx+a)^3}$
risch	$\frac{b^3Bx^8\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{8bx+8a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(Ab^3+3Bab^2)x^7}{7bx+7a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(3Aab^2+3Ba^2b)x^6}{6bx+6a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(3Aa^2b+Ba^3)x^5}{5bx+5a} + \frac{a^3A}{bx+a}$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/280*x^4*(35*B*b^3*x^4+40*A*b^3*x^3+120*B*a*b^2*x^3+140*A*a*b^2*x^2+140*B*a^2*b*x^2+168*A*a^2*b*x+56*B*a^3*x+70*A*a^3)*((b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int x^3(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{8}Bb^3x^8 + \frac{1}{4}Aa^3x^4 + \frac{1}{7}(3Bab^2+Ab^3)x^7 + \frac{1}{2}(Ba^2b+Aab^2)x^6 + \frac{1}{5}(Ba^3+3Aa^2b)x^5$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8*B*b^3*x^8 + 1/4*A*a^3*x^4 + 1/7*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^7 + 1/2*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^6 + 1/5*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^5`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3364 vs. $2(153) = 306$.

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3364, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.02

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(B*b**2*x**7/8 + x**6*(A*b**4
+ 17*B*a*b**3/8)/(7*b**2) + x**5*(4*A*a*b**3 + 41*B*a**2*b**2/8 - 13*a*(A*
b**4 + 17*B*a*b**3/8)/(7*b))/(6*b**2) + x**4*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b -
6*a**2*(A*b**4 + 17*B*a*b**3/8)/(7*b**2) - 11*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 41*B*a**2*b
**2/8 - 13*a*(A*b**4 + 17*B*a*b**3/8)/(7*b))/(6*b))/(5*b**2) + x**3*(4*A*a
**3*b + B*a**4 - 5*a**2*(4*A*a*b**3 + 41*B*a**2*b**2/8 - 13*a*(A*b**4 + 17
*B*a*b**3/8)/(7*b))/(6*b**2) - 9*a*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 6*a**2*(A
*b**4 + 17*B*a*b**3/8)/(7*b**2) - 11*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 41*B*a**2*b**2/8 - 13
*a*(A*b**4 + 17*B*a*b**3/8)/(7*b))/(6*b))/(5*b))/(4*b**2) + x**2*(A*a**4 -
4*a**2*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 6*a**2*(A*b**4 + 17*B*a*b**3/8)/(7*b
**2) - 11*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 41*B*a**2*b**2/8 - 13*a*(A*b**4 + 17*B*a*b**3/8)
/(7*b))/(6*b))/(5*b**2) - 7*a*(4*A*a**3*b + B*a**4 - 5*a**2*(4*A*a*b**3 +
41*B*a**2*b**2/8 - 13*a*(A*b**4 + 17*B*a*b**3/8)/(7*b))/(6*b**2) - 9*a*(6
A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 6*a**2*(A*b**4 + 17*B*a*b**3/8)/(7*b**2) - 11*a
*(4*A*a*b**3 + 41*B*a**2*b**2/8 - 13*a*(A*b**4 + 17*B*a*b**3/8)/(7*b))/(6*
b))/(5*b))/(4*b))/(3*b**2) + x*(-3*a**2*(4*A*a**3*b + B*a**4 - 5*a**2*(4*A
*a*b**3 + 41*B*a**2*b**2/8 - 13*a*(A*b**4 + 17*B*a*b**3/8)/(7*b))/(6*b**2)
- 9*a*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 6*a**2*(A*b**4 + 17*B*a*b**3/8)/(7*b*
**2) - 11*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 41*B*a**2*b**2/8 - 13*a*(A*b**4 + 17*B*a*b**3/8)/
(7*b))/(6*b))/(5*b))/(4*b**2) - 5*a*(A*a**4 - 4*a**2*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4...
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 301 vs. $2(145) = 290$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int x^3(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Bx^3}{8b^2} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{3/2}Ba^4x}{4b^4} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{3/2}Aa^3x}{4b^3} - \frac{11(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Bax^2}{56b^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ax^2}{7b^2} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{3/2}Ba^5}{4b^5} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{3/2}Aa^4}{4b^4} + \frac{13(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ba^2x}{56b^4} - \frac{3(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Aax}{14b^3} - \frac{69(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ba^3}{280b^5} + \frac{17(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Aa^2}{70b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*x^3/b^2 + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*a^4*x/b^4 - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*a^3*x/b^3 - 11/56*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a*x^2/b^3 + 1/7*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*x^2/b^2 + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*a^5/b^5 - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*a^4/b^4 + 13/56*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a^2*x/b^4 - 3/14*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*a*x/b^3 - 69/280*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a^3/b^5 + 17/70*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*a^2/b^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int x^3(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{8} Bb^3x^8\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) \\ + \frac{3}{7} Bab^2x^7\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{7} Ab^3x^7\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{2} Ba^2bx^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) \\ + \frac{1}{2} Aab^2x^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{5} Ba^3x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{3}{5} Aa^2bx^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) \\ + \frac{1}{4} Aa^3x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{(Ba^8 - 2Aa^7b)\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{280b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*B*b^3*x^8*sgn(b*x + a) + 3/7*B*a*b^2*x^7*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/7*A*b^3*x^7*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/2*B*a^2*b*x^6*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/2*A*a*b^2*x^6*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/5*B*a^3*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 3/5*A*a^2*b*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/4*A*a^3*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/280*(B*a^8 - 2*A*a^7*b)*sgn(b*x + a)/b^5`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^3(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^3*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^4(35b^4x^4 + 160ab^3x^3 + 280a^2b^2x^2 + 224a^3bx + 70a^4)}{280}$$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(x**4*(70*a**4 + 224*a**3*b*x + 280*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 160*a*b**3*x**3 + 35*b**4*x**4))/280`

3.297 $\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2377
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2378
Rubi [A] (verified)	2378
Maple [A] (verified)	2380
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2380
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2381
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2382
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2382
Mupad [F(-1)]	2383
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2383

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^3 Ax^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{3(a + bx)} + \frac{a^2(3Ab + aB)x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{4(a + bx)} + \frac{3ab(Ab + aB)x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{5(a + bx)} + \frac{b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^6 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{6(a + bx)} + \frac{b^3 Bx^7 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7(a + bx)}$$

output

```
a^3*A*x^3*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^4*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(4*b*x+4*a)+3*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^5*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x+5*a)+b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^6*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(6*b*x+6*a)+b^3*B*x^7*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x+7*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^3\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(35a^3(4A + 3Bx) + 63a^2bx(5A + 4Bx) + 42ab^2x^2(6A + 5Bx) + 10b^3x^3(7A + 6Bx))}{420(a + bx)}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(x^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(35*a^3*(4*A + 3*B*x) + 63*a^2*b*x*(5*A + 4*B*x) + 42*a*b^2*x^2*(6*A + 5*B*x) + 10*b^3*x^3*(7*A + 6*B*x)))/(420*(a + b*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int b^3x^2(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx}{b^3(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x^2(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (b^3Bx^6 + b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^5 + 3ab(Ab + aB)x^4 + a^2(3Ab + aB)x^3 + a^3Ax^2) dx}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{1}{3}a^3Ax^3 + \frac{1}{4}a^2x^4(aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{6}b^2x^6(3aB + Ab) + \frac{3}{5}abx^5(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{7}b^3Bx^7 \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[x^2*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((a^3*A*x^3)/3 + (a^2*(3*A*b + a*B)*x^4)/4 + (3*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^5)/5 + (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^6)/6 + (b^3*B*x^7)/7))/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^3(60Bb^3x^4+70Ab^3x^3+210Bab^2x^3+252Aab^2x^2+252Ba^2bx^2+315Aa^2bx+105Ba^3x+140a^3A)((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{420(bx+a)^3}$
default	$\frac{x^3(60Bb^3x^4+70Ab^3x^3+210Bab^2x^3+252Aab^2x^2+252Ba^2bx^2+315Aa^2bx+105Ba^3x+140a^3A)((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{420(bx+a)^3}$
orering	$\frac{x^3(60Bb^3x^4+70Ab^3x^3+210Bab^2x^3+252Aab^2x^2+252Ba^2bx^2+315Aa^2bx+105Ba^3x+140a^3A)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{420(bx+a)^3}$
risch	$\frac{b^3Bx^7\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{7bx+7a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(Ab^3+3Bab^2)x^6}{6bx+6a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(3Aab^2+3Ba^2b)x^5}{5bx+5a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(3Aa^2b+Ba^3)x^4}{4bx+4a} + \frac{a^3A}{3}$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/420*x^3*(60*B*b^3*x^4+70*A*b^3*x^3+210*B*a*b^2*x^3+252*A*a*b^2*x^2+252*B*a^2*b*x^2+315*A*a^2*b*x+105*B*a^3*x+140*A*a^3)*((b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int x^2(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{7}Bb^3x^7 + \frac{1}{3}Aa^3x^3 + \frac{1}{6}(3Bab^2+Ab^3)x^6 + \frac{3}{5}(Ba^2b+Aab^2)x^5 + \frac{1}{4}(Ba^3+3Aa^2b)x^4$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/7*B*b^3*x^7 + 1/3*A*a^3*x^3 + 1/6*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^6 + 3/5*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^4`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2071 vs. $2(155) = 310$.

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2071, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.86

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(B*b**2*x**6/7 + x**5*(A*b**4 + 15*B*a*b**3/7)/(6*b**2) + x**4*(4*A*a*b**3 + 36*B*a**2*b**2/7 - 11*a*(A*b**4 + 15*B*a*b**3/7)/(6*b))/(5*b**2) + x**3*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 5*a**2*(A*b**4 + 15*B*a*b**3/7)/(6*b**2) - 9*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 36*B*a**2*b**2/7 - 11*a*(A*b**4 + 15*B*a*b**3/7)/(6*b))/(5*b))/(4*b**2) + x**2*(4*A*a**3*b + B*a**4 - 4*a**2*(4*A*a*b**3 + 36*B*a**2*b**2/7 - 11*a*(A*b**4 + 15*B*a*b**3/7)/(6*b))/(5*b**2) - 7*a*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 5*a**2*(A*b**4 + 15*B*a*b**3/7)/(6*b**2) - 9*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 36*B*a**2*b**2/7 - 11*a*(A*b**4 + 15*B*a*b**3/7)/(6*b))/(5*b))/(4*b))/(3*b**2) + x*(A*a**4 - 3*a**2*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 5*a**2*(A*b**4 + 15*B*a*b**3/7)/(6*b**2) - 9*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 36*B*a**2*b**2/7 - 11*a*(A*b**4 + 15*B*a*b**3/7)/(6*b))/(5*b))/(4*b**2) - 5*a*(4*A*a**3*b + B*a**4 - 4*a**2*(4*A*a*b**3 + 36*B*a**2*b**2/7 - 11*a*(A*b**4 + 15*B*a*b**3/7)/(6*b))/(5*b**2) - 7*a*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 5*a**2*(A*b**4 + 15*B*a*b**3/7)/(6*b**2) - 9*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 36*B*a**2*b**2/7 - 11*a*(A*b**4 + 15*B*a*b**3/7)/(6*b))/(5*b))/(4*b))/(3*b))/(2*b**2) + (-2*a**2*(4*A*a**3*b + B*a**4 - 4*a**2*(4*A*a*b**3 + 36*B*a**2*b**2/7 - 11*a*(A*b**4 + 15*B*a*b**3/7)/(6*b))/(5*b**2) - 7*a*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 5*a**2*(A*b**4 + 15*B*a*b**3/7)/(6*b**2) - 9*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 36*B*a**2*b**2/7 - 11*a*(A*b**4 + 15*B*a*b**3/7)/(6*b))/(5*b))/(4*b))/(3*b**2) - 3*a*(A*a**4 - 3*a**2*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b ...`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int x^2(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{3/2}Ba^3x}{4b^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{3/2}Aa^2x}{4b^2} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Bx^2}{7b^2} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{3/2}Ba^4}{4b^4} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{3/2}Aa^3}{4b^3} - \frac{3(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Bax}{14b^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ax}{6b^2} + \frac{17(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ba^2}{70b^4} - \frac{7(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Aa}{30b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*a^3*x/b^3 + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*a^2*x/b^2 + 1/7*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*x^2/b^2 - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*a^4/b^4 + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*a^3/b^3 - 3/14*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a*x/b^3 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*x/b^2 + 17/70*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a^2/b^4 - 7/30*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*a/b^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int x^2(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{7}Bb^3x^7\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{2}Bab^2x^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{6}Ab^3x^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{3}{5}Ba^2bx^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{3}{5}Aab^2x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{4}Ba^3x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{3}{4}Aa^2bx^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{3}Aa^3x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - \frac{(3Ba^7-7Aa^6b)\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}{420b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/7*B*b^3*x^7*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/2*B*a*b^2*x^6*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/6*A*b^3*x^6*
sgn(b*x + a) + 3/5*B*a^2*b*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 3/5*A*a*b^2*x^5*sgn(b*x + a)
+ 1/4*B*a^3*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 3/4*A*a^2*b*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/3*A*a^3*x
^3*sgn(b*x + a) - 1/420*(3*B*a^7 - 7*A*a^6*b)*sgn(b*x + a)/b^4
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^3(15b^4x^4 + 70ab^3x^3 + 126a^2b^2x^2 + 105a^3bx + 35a^4)}{105}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
(x**3*(35*a**4 + 105*a**3*b*x + 126*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 70*a*b**3*x**3 + 15*b
**4*x**4))/105
```

3.298 $\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2384
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2384
Rubi [A] (verified)	2385
Maple [A] (verified)	2386
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2387
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Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2388
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2389
Mupad [F(-1)]	2389
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2390

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{a(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{4b^3} + \frac{(Ab - 2aB)(a + bx)^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{5b^3} + \frac{B(a + bx)^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{6b^3}$$

output `-1/4*a*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^3*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^3+1/5*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^4*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^3+1/6*B*(b*x+a)^5*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{(a + bx)^2} (10a^3(3A + 2Bx) + 15a^2bx(4A + 3Bx) + 9ab^2x^2(5A + 4Bx) + 2b^3x^3(6A + 5Bx))}{60(a + bx)}$$

input `Integrate[x*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

$$(x^2 \sqrt{(a + b x)^2} (10 a^3 (3 A + 2 B x) + 15 a^2 b x (4 A + 3 B x) + 9 a b^2 x^2 (5 A + 4 B x) + 2 b^3 x^3 (6 A + 5 B x))) / (60 (a + b x))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1187$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int b^3 x(a + bx)^3 (A + Bx) dx}{b^3(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x(a + bx)^3 (A + Bx) dx}{a + bx}$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{B(a+bx)^5}{b^2} + \frac{(Ab-2aB)(a+bx)^4}{b^2} + \frac{a(aB-Ab)(a+bx)^3}{b^2} \right) dx}{a + bx}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{(a+bx)^5 (Ab-2aB)}{5b^3} - \frac{a(a+bx)^4 (Ab-aB)}{4b^3} + \frac{B(a+bx)^6}{6b^3} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2), x]$$

output

$$(\sqrt{a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2}*(-1/4*(a*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^4)/b^3 + ((A*b - 2*a*B)*(a + b*x)^5)/(5*b^3) + (B*(a + b*x)^6)/(6*b^3)))/(a + b*x)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^2(10Bb^3x^4+12Ab^3x^3+36Ba^2b^2x^3+45Aab^2x^2+45Ba^2bx^2+60Aa^2bx+20Ba^3x+30a^3A)((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{60(bx+a)^3}$
default	$\frac{x^2(10Bb^3x^4+12Ab^3x^3+36Ba^2b^2x^3+45Aab^2x^2+45Ba^2bx^2+60Aa^2bx+20Ba^3x+30a^3A)((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{60(bx+a)^3}$
orering	$\frac{x^2(10Bb^3x^4+12Ab^3x^3+36Ba^2b^2x^3+45Aab^2x^2+45Ba^2bx^2+60Aa^2bx+20Ba^3x+30a^3A)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{60(bx+a)^3}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} B b^3 x^6}{6bx+6a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (A b^3+3B a b^2) x^5}{5bx+5a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (3A a b^2+3B a^2 b) x^4}{4bx+4a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (3A a^2 b+B a^3) x^3}{3bx+3a} + \sqrt{(bx+a)^2}$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/60*x^2*(10*B*b^3*x^4+12*A*b^3*x^3+36*B*a*b^2*x^3+45*A*a*b^2*x^2+45*B*a^2
*b*x^2+60*A*a^2*b*x+20*B*a^3*x+30*A*a^3)*((b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{6} Bb^3x^6 + \frac{1}{2} Aa^3x^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5} (3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^5 + \frac{3}{4} (Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x^3$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/6*B*b^3*x^6 + 1/2*A*a^3*x^2 + 1/5*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^5 + 3/4*(B*a^2*b
+ A*a*b^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^3
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1258 vs. 2(85) = 170.

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1258, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.40

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2),x)
```


output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(B*b**2*x**5/6 + x**4*(A*b**4
+ 13*B*a*b**3/6)/(5*b**2) + x**3*(4*A*a*b**3 + 31*B*a**2*b**2/6 - 9*a*(A*b
**4 + 13*B*a*b**3/6)/(5*b))/(4*b**2) + x**2*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b -
4*a**2*(A*b**4 + 13*B*a*b**3/6)/(5*b**2) - 7*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 31*B*a**2*b**
2/6 - 9*a*(A*b**4 + 13*B*a*b**3/6)/(5*b))/(4*b))/(3*b**2) + x*(4*A*a**3*b
+ B*a**4 - 3*a**2*(4*A*a*b**3 + 31*B*a**2*b**2/6 - 9*a*(A*b**4 + 13*B*a*b
**3/6)/(5*b))/(4*b**2) - 5*a*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 4*a**2*(A*b**4
+ 13*B*a*b**3/6)/(5*b**2) - 7*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 31*B*a**2*b**2/6 - 9*a*(A*b**
4 + 13*B*a*b**3/6)/(5*b))/(4*b))/(3*b))/(2*b**2) + (A*a**4 - 2*a**2*(6*A*a
**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 4*a**2*(A*b**4 + 13*B*a*b**3/6)/(5*b**2) - 7*a*(4
A*a*b**3 + 31*B*a**2*b**2/6 - 9*a*(A*b**4 + 13*B*a*b**3/6)/(5*b))/(4*b))/(
3*b**2) - 3*a*(4*A*a**3*b + B*a**4 - 3*a**2*(4*A*a*b**3 + 31*B*a**2*b**2/6
- 9*a*(A*b**4 + 13*B*a*b**3/6)/(5*b))/(4*b**2) - 5*a*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B
*a**3*b - 4*a**2*(A*b**4 + 13*B*a*b**3/6)/(5*b**2) - 7*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 31
B*a**2*b**2/6 - 9*a*(A*b**4 + 13*B*a*b**3/6)/(5*b))/(4*b))/(3*b))/(2*b))/b
**2) + (a/b + x)*(-a**2*(4*A*a**3*b + B*a**4 - 3*a**2*(4*A*a*b**3 + 31*B*a
**2*b**2/6 - 9*a*(A*b**4 + 13*B*a*b**3/6)/(5*b))/(4*b**2) - 5*a*(6*A*a**2
b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 4*a**2*(A*b**4 + 13*B*a*b**3/6)/(5*b**2) - 7*a*(4*A*a
b**3 + 31*B*a**2*b**2/6 - 9*a*(A*b**4 + 13*B*a*b**3/6)/(5*b))/(4*b))/(3*b
))/(2*b**2) - a*(A*a**4 - 2*a**2*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 4*a**2*(A...
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 183 vs. $2(83) = 166$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ba^2x}{4b^2} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Aax}{4b} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ba^3}{4b^3} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}Aa^2}{4b^2} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}Bx}{6b^2} - \frac{7(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}Ba}{30b^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}A}{5b^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*a^2*x/b^2 - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x +
a^2)^(3/2)*A*a*x/b + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*a^3/b^3 - 1/4*
(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*a^2/b^2 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(
5/2)*B*x/b^2 - 7/30*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a/b^3 + 1/5*(b^2*x^
2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A/b^2
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{6} Bb^3x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{3}{5} Bab^2x^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{5} Ab^3x^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{3}{4} Ba^2bx^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{3}{4} Aab^2x^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{3} Ba^3x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Aa^2bx^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{2} Aa^3x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{(Ba^6 - 3Aa^5b) \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{60b^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/6*B*b^3*x^6*sgn(b*x + a) + 3/5*B*a*b^2*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/5*A*b^3*x^5*
sgn(b*x + a) + 3/4*B*a^2*b*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 3/4*A*a*b^2*x^4*sgn(b*x + a)
+ 1/3*B*a^3*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + A*a^2*b*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/2*A*a^3*x^2*s
gn(b*x + a) + 1/60*(B*a^6 - 3*A*a^5*b)*sgn(b*x + a)/b^3
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int(x*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int x(A+Bx) (a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^2(5b^4x^4 + 24ab^3x^3 + 45a^2b^2x^2 + 40a^3bx + 15a^4)}{30}$$

input

```
int(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(x**2*(15*a**4 + 40*a**3*b*x + 45*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 24*a*b**3*x**3 + 5*b**4*x**4))/30
```

3.299 $\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2391
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2391
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{4b^2} + \frac{B(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5b^2}$$

output

```
1/4*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^3*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^2+1/5*B*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/b^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{(a + bx)^2} (10a^3(2A + Bx) + 10a^2bx(3A + 2Bx) + 5ab^2x^2(4A + 3Bx) + b^3x^3(5A + 4Bx))}{20(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(x*sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(10*a^3*(2*A + B*x) + 10*a^2*b*x*(3*A + 2*B*x) + 5*a*b^2*x^2*(4*A + 3*B*x) + b^3*x^3*(5*A + 4*B*x)))/(20*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$, Rules used = {1100, 1079, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1100$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int (a^2 + 2bxa + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{b} + \frac{B(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1079$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(Ab - aB) \int (xb^2 + ab)^3 dx}{b^4(a + bx)} + \frac{B(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 17$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(a + bx)^3(Ab - aB)}{4b^2} + \frac{B(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5b^2}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
((A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^3*sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/(4*b^2) + (B*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*b^2)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 17 $\text{Int}[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 1079 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2]^(p_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p) / (c * \text{IntPart}[p] * (b/2 + c*x)^(2 * \text{FracPart}[p])) \ \text{Int}[(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1100 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)] * ((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x(4Bb^3x^4 + 5Ab^3x^3 + 15Bab^2x^3 + 20Aab^2x^2 + 20Ba^2bx^2 + 30Aa^2bx + 10Ba^3x + 20a^3A)((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{20(bx+a)^3}$
default	$\frac{x(4Bb^3x^4 + 5Ab^3x^3 + 15Bab^2x^3 + 20Aab^2x^2 + 20Ba^2bx^2 + 30Aa^2bx + 10Ba^3x + 20a^3A)((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{20(bx+a)^3}$
orering	$\frac{x(4Bb^3x^4 + 5Ab^3x^3 + 15Bab^2x^3 + 20Aab^2x^2 + 20Ba^2bx^2 + 30Aa^2bx + 10Ba^3x + 20a^3A)(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{20(bx+a)^3}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} B b^3 x^5}{5bx+5a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (A b^3 + 3B a b^2) x^4}{4bx+4a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (3A a b^2 + 3B a^2 b) x^3}{3bx+3a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (3A a^2 b + B a^3) x^2}{2bx+2a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (3A a^3 + B a^4)}{a}$

input $\text{int}((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2), x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $1/20*x*(4*B*b^3*x^4+5*A*b^3*x^3+15*B*a*b^2*x^3+20*A*a*b^2*x^2+20*B*a^2*b*x^2+30*A*a^2*b*x+10*B*a^3*x+20*A*a^3)*((b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^3$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{5} Bb^3x^5 + Aa^3x + \frac{1}{4} (3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^4 + (Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/5*B*b^3*x^5 + A*a^3*x + 1/4*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^4 + (B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 745 vs. 2(56) = 112.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 745, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.49

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(B*b**2*x**4/5 + x**3*(A*b**4
+ 11*B*a*b**3/5)/(4*b**2) + x**2*(4*A*a*b**3 + 26*B*a**2*b**2/5 - 7*a*(A*b
**4 + 11*B*a*b**3/5)/(4*b))/(3*b**2) + x*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 3*a
**2*(A*b**4 + 11*B*a*b**3/5)/(4*b**2) - 5*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 26*B*a**2*b**2/5
- 7*a*(A*b**4 + 11*B*a*b**3/5)/(4*b))/(3*b))/(2*b**2) + (4*A*a**3*b + B*a
**4 - 2*a**2*(4*A*a*b**3 + 26*B*a**2*b**2/5 - 7*a*(A*b**4 + 11*B*a*b**3/5)
/(4*b))/(3*b**2) - 3*a*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 3*a**2*(A*b**4 + 11*B
*a*b**3/5)/(4*b**2) - 5*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 26*B*a**2*b**2/5 - 7*a*(A*b**4 + 1
1*B*a*b**3/5)/(4*b))/(3*b))/(2*b))/b**2) + (a/b + x)*(A*a**4 - a**2*(6*A*a
**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b - 3*a**2*(A*b**4 + 11*B*a*b**3/5)/(4*b**2) - 5*a*(4
A*a*b**3 + 26*B*a**2*b**2/5 - 7*a*(A*b**4 + 11*B*a*b**3/5)/(4*b))/(3*b))/(
2*b**2) - a*(4*A*a**3*b + B*a**4 - 2*a**2*(4*A*a*b**3 + 26*B*a**2*b**2/5 -
7*a*(A*b**4 + 11*B*a*b**3/5)/(4*b))/(3*b**2) - 3*a*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a
**3*b - 3*a**2*(A*b**4 + 11*B*a*b**3/5)/(4*b**2) - 5*a*(4*A*a*b**3 + 26*B
a**2*b**2/5 - 7*a*(A*b**4 + 11*B*a*b**3/5)/(4*b))/(3*b))/(2*b))/b)*log(a/b
+ x)/sqrt(b**2*(a/b + x)**2), Ne(b**2, 0)), ((B*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(7/2)/(
14*a*b) + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(5/2)*(2*A*b - B*a)/(10*b))/(a*b), Ne(a*b, 0))
, ((A*x + B*x**2/2)*(a**2)**(3/2), True))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 125 vs. $2(54) = 108$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{4} (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} Ax$$

$$- \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} Bax}{4b} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} Ba^2}{4b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} Aa}{4b} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} B}{5b^2}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*x - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3
/2)*B*a*x/b - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*a^2/b^2 + 1/4*(b^2*x^2
+ 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*a/b + 1/5*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B/b^2
```


Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 144 vs. $2(54) = 108$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{5} Bb^3x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{3}{4} Bab^2x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) \\ + \frac{1}{4} Ab^3x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Ba^2bx^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Aab^2x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{2} Ba^3x^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) \\ + \frac{3}{2} Aa^2bx^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Aa^3x\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - \frac{(Ba^5 - 5Aa^4b)\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{20b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/5*B*b^3*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 3/4*B*a*b^2*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/4*A*b^3*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + B*a^2*b*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + A*a*b^2*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/2*B*a^3*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 3/2*A*a^2*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + A*a^3*x*sgn(b*x + a) - 1/20*(B*a^5 - 5*A*a^4*b)*sgn(b*x + a)/b^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(a + bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} (5Ab - Ba + 4Bbx)}{20b^2}$$

input `int((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `((a + b*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2)*(5*A*b - B*a + 4*B*b*x))/(20*b^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x(b^4x^4 + 5ab^3x^3 + 10a^2b^2x^2 + 10a^3bx + 5a^4)}{5}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(x*(5*a**4 + 10*a**3*b*x + 10*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 5*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4))
/5`

3.300 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	2398
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2398
Rubi [A] (verified)	2399
Maple [A] (verified)	2401
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2401
Sympy [F]	2402
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2402
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2403
Mupad [F(-1)]	2403
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2404

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 182

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{3a^2Abx\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{3aAb^2x^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{2(a+bx)} + \frac{Ab^3x^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3(a+bx)} + \frac{B(a+bx)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{4b} + \frac{a^3A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}\log(x)}{a+bx}$$

output `3*a^2*A*b*x*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+3*a*A*b^2*x^2*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*x+2*a)+A*b^3*x^3*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+1/4*B*(b*x+a)^3*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b+a^3*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x+a)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}(x(12a^3B+18a^2b(2A+Bx))+6ab^2x(3A+2Bx))+b^3x^3\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}}{12(a+bx)}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x,x]`

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2]*(x*(12*a^3*B + 18*a^2*b*(2*A + B*x) + 6*a*b^2*x*(3*A + 2*B*x) + b^3*x^2*(4*A + 3*B*x)) + 12*a^3*A*\text{Log}[x]))}{(12*(a + b*x))}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 90, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^3(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x} dx}{b^3(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(A \int \frac{(a+bx)^3}{x} dx + \frac{B(a+bx)^4}{4b} \right)}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(A \int \left(\frac{a^3}{x} + 3ba^2 + 3b^2xa + b^3x^2 \right) dx + \frac{B(a+bx)^4}{4b} \right)}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(A \left(a^3 \log(x) + 3a^2bx + \frac{3}{2}ab^2x^2 + \frac{b^3x^3}{3} \right) + \frac{B(a+bx)^4}{4b} \right)}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2)/x,x]$$

output $(\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} * ((B(a + bx)^4)/(4b) + A(3a^2bx + (3ab^2x^2)/2 + (b^3x^3)/3 + a^3\text{Log}[x]))) / (a + bx)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 49 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)} * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + bx)^m * (c + dx)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 90 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_) * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)} * ((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b * (c + dx)^{(n + 1)} * (e + fx)^{(p + 1)} / (d * f * (n + p + 2)), x] + \text{Simp}[(a * d * f * (n + p + 2) - b * (d * e * (n + 1) + c * f * (p + 1))] / (d * f * (n + p + 2)) \text{ Int}[(c + dx)^n * (e + fx)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + p + 2, 0]$

rule 1187 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^{(m_.)} * ((f_.) + (g_.)(x_)^{(n_.)} * ((a_) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + bx + cx^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * (b/2 + cx)^{(2 * \text{FracPart}[p])}) \text{ Int}[(d + ex)^m * (f + gx)^n * (b/2 + cx)^{(2 * p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4 * a * c, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

method	result
default	$\frac{\left((bx+a)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}(3Bb^3x^4+4Ab^3x^3+12Ba^2b^2x^3+18Aa^2b^2x^2+18Ba^2b^2x^2+12a^3A\ln(x)+36Aa^2bx+12Ba^3x)}{12(bx+a)^3}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}Bb^3x^4}{4bx+4a} + \frac{Ab^3x^3\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{3bx+3a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}Ba^2b^2x^3}{bx+a} + \frac{3\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}Aa^2b^2x^2}{2(bx+a)} + \frac{3\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}Ba^2bx^2}{2(bx+a)} + \frac{3a^2Abx\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{bx+a}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/12*((b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)*(3*B*b^3*x^4+4*A*b^3*x^3+12*B*a*b^2*x^3+18*A*a*b^2*x^2+18*B*a^2*b*x^2+12*a^3*A*ln(x)+36*A*a^2*b*x+12*B*a^3*x)/(b*x+a)^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{4}Bb^3x^4 + Aa^3\log(x) + \frac{1}{3}(3Bab^2+Ab^3)x^3 + \frac{3}{2}(Ba^2b+Aab^2)x^2 + (Ba^3+3Aa^2b)x$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x,x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*B*b^3*x^4 + A*a^3*log(x) + 1/3*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 3/2*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)/x, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx &= (-1)^{2b^2x+2ab} Aa^3 \log(2b^2x + 2ab) \\ &- (-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Aa^3 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Aabx \\ &+ \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Aa^2 + \frac{1}{4} (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Bx \\ &+ \frac{1}{3} (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} A + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Ba}{4b} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(-1)^(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b)*A*a^3*log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) - (-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*A*a^3*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*a*b*x + 3/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*a^2 + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*x + 1/3*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*a/b`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{4} Bb^3x^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Bab^2x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) \\ + \frac{1}{3} Ab^3x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{3}{2} Ba^2bx^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{3}{2} Aab^2x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) \\ + Ba^3x \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 3Aa^2bx \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Aa^3 \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*B*b^3*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + B*a*b^2*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/3*A*b^3*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 3/2*B*a^2*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 3/2*A*a*b^2*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + B*a^3*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 3*A*a^2*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + A*a^3*log(abs(x))*sgn(b*x + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x,x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \log(x) a^4 + 4a^3bx + 3a^2b^2x^2 + \frac{4ab^3x^3}{3} + \frac{b^4x^4}{4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x,x)`

output `(12*log(x)*a**4 + 48*a**3*b*x + 36*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 16*a*b**3*x**3 + 3*b**4*x**4)/12`

3.301 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2405
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2405
Rubi [A] (verified)	2406
Maple [A] (verified)	2407
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2408
Sympy [F]	2408
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2409
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2409
Mupad [F(-1)]	2410
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2410

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^3A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x(a+bx)} + \frac{3ab(Ab+aB)x\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{b^2(Ab+3aB)x^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{2(a+bx)} + \frac{b^3Bx^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3(a+bx)} + \frac{a^2(3Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}\log(x)}{a+bx}$$

output

```
-a^3*A*((b*x+a)^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)+3*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x*((b*x+a)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^2*((b*x+a)^(1/2)/(2*b*x+2*a))+b^3*B*x^3*((b*x+a)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x+a))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2(-6a^3A+18a^2bBx^2+9ab^2x^2(2A+Bx)+b^3x^3(3A-2a^2))}}{6x(a+bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2]*(-6*a^3*A + 18*a^2*b*B*x^2 + 9*a*b^2*x^2*(2*A + B*x) + b^3*x^3*(3*A + 2*B*x) + 6*a^2*(3*A*b + a*B)*x*\text{Log}[x]))}{(6*x*(a + b*x))}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1187$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^3(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx}{b^3(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx}{a + bx}$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^3}{x^2} + \frac{(3Ab+aB)a^2}{x} + 3b(Ab + aB)a + b^3Bx^2 + b^2(Ab + 3aB)x \right) dx}{a + bx}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^3A}{x} + a^2 \log(x)(aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{2}b^2x^2(3aB + Ab) + 3abx(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{3}b^3Bx^3 \right)}{a + bx}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^2, x]$$

```
output (Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*(-(a^3*A)/x) + 3*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x + (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^2)/2 + (b^3*B*x^3)/3 + a^2*(3*A*b + a*B)*Log[x])/(a + b*x)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 85 Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

```
rule 1187 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left((bx+a)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(2Bb^3x^4+3Ab^3x^3+9Ba^2b^2x^3+18A\ln(x)a^2b+18Aab^2x^2+6B\ln(x)a^3x+18Ba^2bx^2-6a^3A\right)}{6x(bx+a)^3}$	96
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}b\left(\frac{1}{3}x^3Bb^2+\frac{1}{2}x^2b^2A+\frac{3}{2}Ba^2x^2+3abAx+3a^2Bx\right)}{bx+a} - \frac{a^3A\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{x(bx+a)} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}\left(3Aa^2b+Ba^3\right)\ln(x)}{bx+a}$	117

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*((b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)*(2*B*b^3*x^4+3*A*b^3*x^3+9*B*a*b^2*x^3+18*A*ln(x)*x*a^2*b+18*A*a*b^2*x^2+6*B*ln(x)*a^3*x+18*B*a^2*b*x^2-6*a^3*A)/x/(b*x+a)^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{2Bb^3x^4 - 6Aa^3 + 3(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 18(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 6Aa^2b + 6Bab^2x + 6Aa^3}{6x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(2*B*b^3*x^4 - 6*A*a^3 + 3*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 18*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 6*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x*log(x))/x`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)/x**2, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 283 vs. $2(141) = 282$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = (-1)^{2b^2x+2ab} Ba^3 \log(2b^2x + 2ab) \\ + 3(-1)^{2b^2x+2ab} Aa^2b \log(2b^2x + 2ab) - (-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Ba^3 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right) \\ - 3(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Aa^2b \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right) \\ + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Babx + \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Ab^2x \\ + \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Ba^2 + \frac{9}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Aab \\ + \frac{1}{3} (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} B - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} A}{x}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(-1)^(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b)*B*a^3*log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) + 3*(-1)^(2*b^2*x + 2*a*
b)*A*a^2*b*log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) - (-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*B*a^3*log(2*a*b*x
/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) - 3*(-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*A*a^2*b*log(2*a*b*x/abs
(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*a*b*x + 3/2*sqrt
(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*b^2*x + 3/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*a^
2 + 9/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*a*b + 1/3*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2
)^(3/2)*B - (b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A/x
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bb^3x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) \\ + \frac{3}{2} Bab^2x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{2} Ab^3x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) \\ + 3Ba^2bx \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 3Aab^2x \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - \frac{Aa^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{x} \\ + (Ba^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 3Aa^2b \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)) \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*B*b^3*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 3/2*B*a*b^2*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/2*A*b^3*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 3*B*a^2*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 3*A*a*b^2*x*sgn(b*x + a) - A*a^3*sgn(b*x + a)/x + (B*a^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 3*A*a^2*b*sgn(b*x + a))*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^2,x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^2, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{12 \log(x) a^3 b x - 3a^4 + 18a^2 b^2 x^2 + 6a b^3 x^3 + b^4 x^4}{3x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x)`

output `(12*log(x)*a**3*b*x - 3*a**4 + 18*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 6*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4)/(3*x)`

3.302 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	2411
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2411
Rubi [A] (verified)	2412
Maple [A] (verified)	2413
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2414
Sympy [F]	2414
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2414
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2415
Mupad [F(-1)]	2416
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2416

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^3A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{2x^2(a+bx)} - \frac{a^2(3Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x(a+bx)} + \frac{b^2(Ab+3aB)x\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{b^3Bx^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{2(a+bx)} + \frac{3ab(Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}\log(x)}{a+bx}$$

output `-1/2*a^3*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(b*x+a)-a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)+b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+b^3*B*x^2*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*x+2*a)+3*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x+a)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2(-6a^2Abx+6ab^2Bx^3+b^3x^3(2A+Bx)-a^3(A+2B))}}{2x^2(a+bx)}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^3,x]`

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2]*(-6*a^2*A*b*x + 6*a*b^2*B*x^3 + b^3*x^3*(2*A + B*x) - a^3*(A + 2*B*x) + 6*a*b*(A*b + a*B))*x^2*\text{Log}[x])}{(2*x^2*(a + b*x))}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{x^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^3(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx}{b^3(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^3}{x^3} + \frac{(3Ab+aB)a^2}{x^2} + \frac{3b(Ab+aB)a}{x} + b^2(Ab + 3aB) + b^3Bx \right) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^3A}{2x^2} - \frac{a^2(aB+3Ab)}{x} + b^2x(3aB + Ab) + 3ab \log(x)(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{2}b^3Bx^2 \right)}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*(-1/2*(a^3*A)/x^2 - (a^2*(3*A*b + a*B))/x + b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x + (b^3*B*x^2)/2 + 3*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*\text{Log}[x]))}{(a + b*x)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left((bx+a)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(Bb^3x^4+6A \ln(x)x^2ab^2+2Ab^3x^3+6B \ln(x)a^2bx^2+6Ba^2bx^3-6Aa^2bx-2Ba^3x-a^3A\right)}{2(bx+a)^3x^2}$	95
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} b^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} Bbx^2+Abx+3Bax\right)}{bx+a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left((-3Aa^2b-Ba^3)x-\frac{a^3A}{2}\right)}{(bx+a)x^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (Aab^2+Ba^2b) \ln(x)}{bx+a}$	115

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*((b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)*(B*b^3*x^4+6*A*ln(x)*x^2*a*b^2+2*A*b^3*x^3+6*B*ln(x)*a^2*b*x^2+6*B*a*b^2*x^3-6*A*a^2*b*x-2*B*a^3*x-a^3*A)/(b*x+a)^3/x^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{Bb^3x^4 - Aa^3 + 2(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 6(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 \log(x) - 2x^2}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(B*b^3*x^4 - A*a^3 + 2*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 6*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2*log(x) - 2*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^2`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)/x**3, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 351 vs. 2(141) = 282.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = 3(-1)^{2b^2x+2ab} Ba^2b \log(2b^2x + 2ab) + 3(-1)^{2b^2x+2ab} Aab^2 \log(2b^2x + 2ab) - 3(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Ba^2b \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right) - 3(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Aab^2 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right) + \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Bb^2x + \frac{3\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Ab^3x}{2a} + \frac{9\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Bab}{2} + \frac{9\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Ab^2}{2} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Ab^2}{2a^2} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} B}{x} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Ab}{2ax} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} A}{2a^2x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
3*(-1)^(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b)*B*a^2*b*log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) + 3*(-1)^(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b)*A*a*b^2*log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) - 3*(-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*B*a^2*b*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) - 3*(-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*A*a*b^2*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) + 3/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*b^2*x + 3/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*b^3*x/a + 9/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*a*b + 9/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*b^2 + 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^2/a^2 - (b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B/x - 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b/(a*x) - 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A/(a^2*x^2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{2} Bb^3x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 3 Bab^2x \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Ab^3x \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 3 (Ba^2b \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Aab^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)) \log(|x|) - \frac{Aa^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2 (Ba^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 3 Aa^2b \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{2}Bb^3x^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 3Ba^2b^2x\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + Ab^3x\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 3(Ba^2b\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + Aa^2b^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a))\log(\operatorname{abs}(x)) - \frac{1}{2}(Aa^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 2(Ba^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 3Aa^2b\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a))x)/x^2$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((A+B*x)*(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^3,x)`

output `int(((A+B*x)*(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^3,x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{12\log(x)a^2b^2x^2 - a^4 - 8a^3bx + 8ab^3x^3 + b^4x^4}{2x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

output $\frac{(12*\log(x)*a**2*b**2*x**2 - a**4 - 8*a**3*b*x + 8*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4)}{(2*x**2)}$

3.303
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	2417
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2417
Rubi [A] (verified)	2418
Maple [A] (verified)	2419
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2420
Sympy [F]	2420
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2421
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2422
Mupad [F(-1)]	2422
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2422

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 199

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^3A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3x^3(a+bx)} - \frac{a^2(3Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{2x^2(a+bx)} - \frac{3ab(Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x(a+bx)} + \frac{b^3Bx\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{b^2(Ab+3aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} \log(x)}{a+bx}$$

output

```
-1/3*a^3*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(b*x+a)-1/2*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(b*x+a)-3*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)+b^3*B*x*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2(18aAb^2x^2-6b^3Bx^4+9a^2bx(A+2Bx)+a^3(2A+3Bx)-6b^2(Ab+3aB)x^3 \log(x))}}{6x^3(a+bx)}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^4,x]`

output `-1/6*(Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(18*a*A*b^2*x^2 - 6*b^3*B*x^4 + 9*a^2*b*x*(A + 2*B*x) + a^3*(2*A + 3*B*x) - 6*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^3*Log[x]))/(x^3*(a + b*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^3(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx}{b^3(a + bx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx}{a + bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^3}{x^4} + \frac{(3Ab+aB)a^2}{x^3} + \frac{3b(Ab+aB)a}{x^2} + b^3B + \frac{b^2(Ab+3aB)}{x} \right) dx}{a + bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^3A}{3x^3} - \frac{a^2(aB+3Ab)}{2x^2} + b^2 \log(x)(3aB + Ab) - \frac{3ab(aB+Ab)}{x} + b^3Bx \right)}{a + bx}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^4,x]`

```
output (Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*(-1/3*(a^3*A)/x^3 - (a^2*(3*A*b + a*B))/(2*x^2) - (3*a*b*(A*b + a*B))/x + b^3*B*x + b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*Log[x]))/(a + b*x)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 85 Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

```
rule 1187 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left((bx+a)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(6A\ln(x)x^3b^3+18B\ln(x)ab^2x^3+6Bb^3x^4-18Aab^2x^2-18Ba^2bx^2-9Aa^2bx-3Ba^3x-2a^3A\right)}{6x^3(bx+a)^3}$	96
risch	$\frac{b^3Bx\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{bx+a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}\left((-3Aab^2-3Ba^2b)x^2+\left(-\frac{3}{2}Aa^2b-\frac{1}{2}Ba^3\right)x-\frac{a^3A}{3}\right)}{(bx+a)x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(Ab^3+3Ba^2b)\ln(x)}{bx+a}$	118

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*((b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)*(6*A*ln(x)*x^3*b^3+18*B*ln(x)*a*b^2*x^3+6*B*b^3*x^4-18*A*a*b^2*x^2-18*B*a^2*b*x^2-9*A*a^2*b*x-3*B*a^3*x-2*a^3*A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{6Bb^3x^4 + 6(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 \log(x) - 2Aa^3 - 18(Ba^2b + Aab^2)}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(6*B*b^3*x^4 + 6*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3*log(x) - 2*A*a^3 - 18*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 - 3*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^3`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx)((a+bx)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2)/x**4,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)/x**4, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 443 vs. $2(140) = 280$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 443, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = 3(-1)^{2b^2x+2ab} Bab^2 \log(2b^2x + 2ab) + (-1)^{2b^2x+2ab} Ab^3 \log(2b^2x + 2ab) - 3(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Bab^2 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right) - (-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Ab^3 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right) + \frac{3\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Bb^3x}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Ab^4x}{2a^2} + \frac{9}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Bb^2 + \frac{3\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Ab^3}{2a} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Bb^2}{2a^2} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Ab^3}{6a^3} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Bb}{2ax} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Ab^2}{2a^2x} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} B}{2a^2x^2} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab}{6a^3x^2} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} A}{3a^2x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3*(-1)^(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b)*B*a*b^2*log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) + (-1)^(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b)*A*b^3*log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) - 3*(-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*B*a*b^2*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) - (-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*A*b^3*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) + 3/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*b^3*x/a + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*b^4*x/a^2 + 9/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*b^2 + 3/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*b^3/a + 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b^2/a^2 - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^3/a^3 - 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b/(a*x) - 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^2/(a^2*x) - 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B/(a^2*x^2) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b/(a^3*x^2) - 1/3*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A/(a^2*x^3)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = Bb^3x\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + (3Bab^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Ab^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))\log(|x|) - \frac{2Aa^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 18(Ba^2b\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Aab^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x^2 + 3(Ba^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 3Aa^2b\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `B*b^3*x*sgn(b*x + a) + (3*B*a*b^2*sgn(b*x + a) + A*b^3*sgn(b*x + a))*log(abs(x)) - 1/6*(2*A*a^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 18*(B*a^2*b*sgn(b*x + a) + A*a*b^2*sgn(b*x + a))*x^2 + 3*(B*a^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 3*A*a^2*b*sgn(b*x + a))*x)/x^3`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^4,x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^4, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{12\log(x)ab^3x^3 - a^4 - 6a^3bx - 18a^2b^2x^2 + 3b^4x^4}{3x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x)`

output $(12 \log(x) a^3 b^3 x^3 - a^4 - 6 a^3 b x - 18 a^2 b^2 x^2 + 3 b^4 x^4) / (3 x^3)$

3.304 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	2424
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2424
Rubi [A] (verified)	2425
Maple [A] (verified)	2427
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2427
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Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2428
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2429
Mupad [F(-1)]	2429
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2429

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^3B\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3x^3(a+bx)} - \frac{3a^2bB\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{2x^2(a+bx)} - \frac{3ab^2B\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x(a+bx)} - \frac{A(a+bx)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{4ax^4} + \frac{b^3B\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}\log(x)}{a+bx}$$

output

```
-1/3*a^3*B*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(b*x+a)-3/2*a^2*b*B*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(b*x+a)-3*a*b^2*B*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)-1/4*A*(b*x+a)^3*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/a/x^4+b^3*B*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a^2}(12Ab^3x^3+18ab^2x^2(A+2Bx)+6a^2bx(2A+3Bx)+a^3(3A+3Bx))}{x^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^5,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a^2]*(12*A*b^3*x^3 + 18*a*b^2*x^2*(A + 2*B*x) + 6*a^2*b*x*(2*A + 3*B*x) + a^3*(3*A + 4*B*x)) - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(3*A*b^3*x^3 + a^3*(3*A + 4*B*x) + a^2*b*x*(9*A + 14*B*x) + a*b^2*x^2*(9*A + 22*B*x)) - 24*a*b^3*B*x^4*ArcTanh[(b*x)/(Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])] - 24*Sqrt[a^2]*b^3*B*x^4*Log[x] + 12*Sqrt[a^2]*b^3*B*x^4*Log[a*(Sqrt[a^2] - b*x - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])] + 12*Sqrt[a^2]*b^3*B*x^4*Log[a*(Sqrt[a^2] + b*x - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])])/(24*a*x^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^3(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx}{b^3(a + bx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx}{a + bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(B \int \frac{(a+bx)^3}{x^4} dx - \frac{A(a+bx)^4}{4ax^4} \right)}{a + bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(B \int \left(\frac{a^3}{x^4} + \frac{3ba^2}{x^3} + \frac{3b^2a}{x^2} + \frac{b^3}{x} \right) dx - \frac{A(a+bx)^4}{4ax^4} \right)}{a + bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(B \left(-\frac{a^3}{3x^3} - \frac{3a^2b}{2x^2} - \frac{3ab^2}{x} + b^3 \log(x) \right) - \frac{A(a+bx)^4}{4ax^4} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^5,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*(-1/4*(A*(a + b*x)^4)/(a*x^4) + B*(-1/3*a^3/x^3 - (3*a^2*b)/(2*x^2) - (3*a*b^2)/x + b^3*Log[x]))/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left((bx+a)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-12Bb^3\ln(x)x^4+12Aa^3b^3+36Ba^2b^2x^3+18Aa^2b^2x^2+18Ba^2bx^2+12Aa^2bx+4Ba^3x+3a^3A)}{12(bx+a)^3x^4}$	94
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}\left((-Ab^3-3Ba^2b^2)x^3+\left(-\frac{3}{2}Aa^2b-\frac{3}{2}Ba^2b\right)x^2+\left(-Aa^2b-\frac{1}{3}Ba^3\right)x-\frac{a^3A}{4}\right)}{(bx+a)x^4} + \frac{b^3B\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}\ln(x)}{bx+a}$	105

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{-1/12*((bx+a)^2)^{3/2}*(-12*B*b^3*\ln(x)*x^4+12*A*a^3*b^3+36*B*a*b^2*x^3+18*A*a^2*b^2*x^2+18*B*a^2*b*x^2+12*A*a^2*b*x+4*B*a^3*x+3*a^3*A)}{(bx+a)^3/x^4}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{12Bb^3x^4\log(x) - 3Aa^3 - 12(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 - 18(Ba^2b + Aa^2b^2)x^2 - 4(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1/12*(12*B*b^3*x^4*\log(x) - 3*A*a^3 - 12*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 - 18*(B*a^2*b + A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 - 4*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)}{x^4}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx)((a+bx)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2)/x**5,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)/x**5, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 379 vs. $2(126) = 252$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 379, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = (-1)^{2b^2x+2ab} Bb^3 \log(2b^2x + 2ab) - (-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Bb^3 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Bb^4 x}{2a^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Bb^3}{2a} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Bb^3}{6a^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Ab^4}{4a^4} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Bb^2}{2a^2x} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Ab^3}{4a^3x} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb}{6a^3x^2} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^2}{4a^4x^2} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} B}{3a^2x^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab}{4a^3x^3} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} A}{4a^2x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $(-1)^{(2b^2x + 2a*b)} B*b^3*\log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) - (-1)^{(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)} *B*b^3*\log(2*a*b*x/\text{abs}(x) + 2*a^2/\text{abs}(x)) + 1/2*\text{sqrt}(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*b^4*x/a^2 + 3/2*\text{sqrt}(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*b^3/a - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b^3/a^3 + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^4/a^4 - 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b^2/(a^2*x) + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^3/(a^3*x) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b/(a^3*x^2) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^2/(a^4*x^2) - 1/3*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B/(a^2*x^3) + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b/(a^3*x^3) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A/(a^2*x^4)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{Bb^3 \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 3Aa^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 12(3Bab^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Ab^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x^3 + 18(Ba^2b \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Aab^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x^2 + 12x^4}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `B*b^3*log(abs(x))*sgn(b*x + a) - 1/12*(3*A*a^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 12*(3*B*a*b^2*sgn(b*x + a) + A*b^3*sgn(b*x + a))*x^3 + 18*(B*a^2*b*sgn(b*x + a) + A*a*b^2*sgn(b*x + a))*x^2 + 4*(B*a^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 3*A*a^2*b*sgn(b*x + a))*x)/x^4`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^5,x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^5, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.26

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{12 \log(x) b^4 x^4 - 3a^4 - 16a^3 b x - 36a^2 b^2 x^2 - 48a b^3 x^3}{12x^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x)`

output

$$\frac{(12 \log(x) b^4 x^4 - 3 a^4 - 16 a^3 b x - 36 a^2 b^2 x^2 - 48 a b^3 x^3)}{12 x^4}$$

3.305
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$$

Optimal result	2431
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2431
Rubi [A] (verified)	2432
Maple [A] (verified)	2433
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2434
Sympy [F]	2434
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2435
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2435
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2436
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2437

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{(Ab-aB)(a+bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4a^2x^4} - \frac{A(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5a^2x^5}$$

output `1/4*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/a^2/x^4-1/5*A*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/a^2/x^5`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{(a+bx)^3\sqrt{(a+bx)^2(4aA-Abx+5aBx)}}{20a^2x^5}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^6,x]`

output `-1/20*((a+b*x)^3*Sqrt[(a+b*x)^2]*(4*a*A-A*b*x+5*a*B*x))/(a^2*x^5)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1186, 1102, 27, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1186 \\
 & -\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{(a^2 + 2bxa + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx}{a} - \frac{A(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5a^2x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1102 \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(Ab - aB) \int \frac{b^3(a+bx)^3}{x^5} dx}{ab^3(a + bx)} - \frac{A(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5a^2x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(Ab - aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^3}{x^5} dx}{a(a + bx)} - \frac{A(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5a^2x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 48 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx)^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(Ab - aB)}{4a^2x^4} - \frac{A(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5a^2x^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^6,x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^3*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/(4*a^2*x^4) - (A*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*a^2*x^5)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1102 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 1186 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*c*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)^2)), x] + Simp[(2*c*f - b*g)/(2*c*d - b*e) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[2*c*f - b*g, 0] && NeQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-Bb^3x^4 + \left(-\frac{1}{2}Ab^3 - \frac{3}{2}Bab^2\right)x^3 + (-Aab^2 - Ba^2b)x^2 + \left(-\frac{3}{4}Aa^2b - \frac{1}{4}Ba^3\right)x - \frac{a^3A}{5} \right)}{(bx+a)^5}$	90
gospers	$-\frac{(20Bb^3x^4 + 10Ab^3x^3 + 30Bab^2x^3 + 20Aab^2x^2 + 20Ba^2bx^2 + 15Aa^2bx + 5Ba^3x + 4a^3A) \left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{20x^5(bx+a)^3}$	92
default	$-\frac{(20Bb^3x^4 + 10Ab^3x^3 + 30Bab^2x^3 + 20Aab^2x^2 + 20Ba^2bx^2 + 15Aa^2bx + 5Ba^3x + 4a^3A) \left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{20x^5(bx+a)^3}$	92
orering	$-\frac{(20Bb^3x^4 + 10Ab^3x^3 + 30Bab^2x^3 + 20Aab^2x^2 + 20Ba^2bx^2 + 15Aa^2bx + 5Ba^3x + 4a^3A) (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{20x^5(bx+a)^3}$	101

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((b*x+a)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)*(-B*b^3*x^4+(-1/2*A*b^3-3/2*B*a*b^2)*x^3+(-A*a*b^2-B*a^2*b)*x^2+(-3/4*A*a^2*b-1/4*B*a^3)*x-1/5*a^3*A)/x^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{20 Bb^3x^4 + 4 Aa^3 + 10(3 Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 20(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 5(Ba^3 + 3 Aa^2b)x}{20 x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/20*(20*B*b^3*x^4 + 4*A*a^3 + 10*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 20*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 5*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^5`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2)/x**6,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)/x**6, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 315 vs. $2(67) = 134$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.20

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{3/2}Bb^4}{4a^4} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{3/2}Ab^5}{4a^5} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{3/2}Bb^3}{4a^3x} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{3/2}Ab^4}{4a^4x} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Bb^2}{4a^4x^2} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ab^3}{4a^5x^2} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Bb}{4a^3x^3} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ab^2}{4a^4x^3} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}B}{4a^2x^4} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ab}{4a^3x^4} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}A}{5a^2x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b^4/a^4 - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^5/a^5 + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b^3/(a^3*x) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^4/(a^4*x) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^2/(a^4*x^2) + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^3/(a^5*x^2) + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b/(a^3*x^3) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^2/(a^4*x^3) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B/(a^2*x^4) + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b/(a^3*x^4) - 1/5*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A/(a^2*x^5)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 149 vs. $2(67) = 134$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{(5Bab^4 - Ab^5)\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}{20a^2} - \frac{20Bb^3x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 30Bab^2x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 10Ab^3x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 20Ba^2bx^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 20Aabx}{20x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/20*(5*B*a*b^4 - A*b^5)*sgn(b*x + a)/a^2 - 1/20*(20*B*b^3*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 30*B*a*b^2*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 10*A*b^3*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 20*B*a^2*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 20*A*a*b^2*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 5*B*a^3*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 15*A*a^2*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 4*A*a^3*sgn(b*x + a))/x^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{\left(\frac{Ba^3}{4} + \frac{3Aba^2}{4}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^4(a + bx)} - \frac{\left(\frac{Ab^3}{2} + \frac{3Bab^2}{2}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^2(a + bx)} - \frac{Aa^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{5x^5(a + bx)} - \frac{Bb^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x(a + bx)} - \frac{ab(Ab + Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^3(a + bx)}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^6,x)`

output `- (((B*a^3)/4 + (3*A*a^2*b)/4)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^4*(a + b*x)) - (((A*b^3)/2 + (3*B*a*b^2)/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^2*(a + b*x)) - (A*a^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(5*x^5*(a + b*x)) - (B*b^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x*(a + b*x)) - (a*b*(A*b + B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^3*(a + b*x))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{-5b^4x^4 - 10ab^3x^3 - 10a^2b^2x^2 - 5a^3bx - a^4}{5x^5}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x)`

output `(- a**4 - 5*a**3*b*x - 10*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 10*a*b**3*x**3 - 5*b**4*x**4)/
(5*x**5)`

3.306 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	2438
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2438
Rubi [A] (verified)	2439
Maple [A] (verified)	2441
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2441
Sympy [F]	2442
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2442
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2443
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2443
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2444

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{b(Ab-aB)(a+bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4a^3x^4} - \frac{A(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6a^2x^6} + \frac{(7Ab-6aB)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{30a^3x^5}$$

output
$$-1/4*b*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/a^3/x^4-1/6*A*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/a^2/x^6+1/30*(7*A*b-6*B*a)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/a^3/x^5$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2(10b^3x^3(2A+3Bx)+15ab^2x^2(3A+4Bx)+9a^2bx(4A+5Bx)+2a^3(5A+6Bx))}}{60x^6(a+bx)}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^7,x]`

output `-1/60*(Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(10*b^3*x^3*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 15*a*b^2*x^2*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 9*a^2*b*x*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 2*a^3*(5*A + 6*B*x)))/(x^6*(a + b*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{x^7} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^3(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx}{b^3(a+bx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx}{a+bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^3}{x^7} + \frac{(3Ab+aB)a^2}{x^6} + \frac{3b(Ab+aB)a}{x^5} + \frac{b^3B}{x^3} + \frac{b^2(Ab+3aB)}{x^4} \right) dx}{a+bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^3A}{6x^6} - \frac{a^2(aB+3Ab)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^2(3aB+Ab)}{3x^3} - \frac{3ab(aB+Ab)}{4x^4} - \frac{b^3B}{2x^2} \right)}{a+bx}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^7,x]`

output

$$\frac{((-1/6*(a^3A)/x^6 - (a^2*(3A*b + a*B))/(5*x^5) - (3*a*b*(A*b + a*B))/(4*x^4) - (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B))/(3*x^3) - (b^3*B)/(2*x^2))*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]}{(a + b*x)}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

rule 1187

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-\frac{Bb^3x^4}{2} + \left(-\frac{1}{3}Ab^3 - Ba^2b\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{3}{4}Aab^2 - \frac{3}{4}Ba^2b\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{3}{5}Aa^2b - \frac{1}{5}Ba^3\right)x - \frac{a^3A}{6} \right)}{(bx+a)x^6}$	90
gospers	$-\frac{(30Bb^3x^4 + 20Ab^3x^3 + 60Bab^2x^3 + 45Aab^2x^2 + 45Ba^2bx^2 + 36Aa^2bx + 12Ba^3x + 10a^3A) \left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{60x^6(bx+a)^3}$	92
default	$-\frac{(30Bb^3x^4 + 20Ab^3x^3 + 60Bab^2x^3 + 45Aab^2x^2 + 45Ba^2bx^2 + 36Aa^2bx + 12Ba^3x + 10a^3A) \left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{60x^6(bx+a)^3}$	92
orering	$-\frac{(30Bb^3x^4 + 20Ab^3x^3 + 60Bab^2x^3 + 45Aab^2x^2 + 45Ba^2bx^2 + 36Aa^2bx + 12Ba^3x + 10a^3A) (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{60x^6(bx+a)^3}$	101

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{\left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{1/2} / (bx+a) \left(-1/2*B*b^3*x^4 + \left(-1/3*A*b^3 - B*a*b^2\right)*x^3 + \left(-3/4*A*a*b^2 - 3/4*B*a^2*b\right)*x^2 + \left(-3/5*A*a^2*b - 1/5*B*a^3\right)*x - 1/6*a^3*A \right)}{x^6}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{30Bb^3x^4 + 10Aa^3 + 20(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 45(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 12(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-\frac{1}{60} \left(30Bb^3x^4 + 10Aa^3 + 20(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 45(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 12(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x \right) / x^6$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2)/x**7,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)/x**7, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 375 vs. 2(103) = 206.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = & -\frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Bb^5}{4a^5} \\ & + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Ab^6}{4a^6} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Bb^4}{4a^4x} \\ & + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Ab^5}{4a^5x} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb^3}{4a^5x^2} \\ & - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^4}{4a^6x^2} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb^2}{4a^4x^3} \\ & + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^3}{4a^5x^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb}{4a^3x^4} \\ & - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^2}{4a^4x^4} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} B}{5a^2x^5} \\ & + \frac{7(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab}{30a^3x^5} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} A}{6a^2x^6} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b^5/a^5 + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x +
a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^6/a^6 - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b^4/(a^4*x) +
1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^5/(a^5*x) + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*
x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^3/(a^5*x^2) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^4
/(a^6*x^2) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^2/(a^4*x^3) + 1/4*(b^
2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^3/(a^5*x^3) + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^
2)^(5/2)*B*b/(a^3*x^4) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^2/(a^4*x^
4) - 1/5*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B/(a^2*x^5) + 7/30*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a
*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b/(a^3*x^5) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A/(a
^2*x^6)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{(3 Bab^5 - Ab^6)\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{60 a^3} \\ - \frac{30 Bb^3x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 60 Bab^2x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 20 Ab^3x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 45 Ba^2bx^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 45 Aba^2x\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 30 Aa^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{60 x^6}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/60*(3*B*a*b^5 - A*b^6)*sgn(b*x + a)/a^3 - 1/60*(30*B*b^3*x^4*sgn(b*x + a)
) + 60*B*a*b^2*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 20*A*b^3*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 45*B*a^2*b*x
^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 45*A*a*b^2*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 12*B*a^3*x*sgn(b*x + a) +
36*A*a^2*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 10*A*a^3*sgn(b*x + a))/x^6
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{\left(\frac{Ba^3}{5} + \frac{3Aba^2}{5}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^5 (a + bx)} \\ - \frac{\left(\frac{Ab^3}{3} + B a b^2\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^3 (a + bx)} - \frac{A a^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{6 x^6 (a + bx)} \\ - \frac{B b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{2 x^2 (a + bx)} - \frac{3 a b (A b + B a) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{4 x^4 (a + bx)}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^7,x)`

output `- (((B*a^3)/5 + (3*A*a^2*b)/5)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^5*(a + b*x)) - (((A*b^3)/3 + B*a*b^2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^3*(a + b*x)) - (A*a^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(6*x^6*(a + b*x)) - (B*b^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(2*x^2*(a + b*x)) - (3*a*b*(A*b + B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(4*x^4*(a + b*x))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{-15b^4x^4 - 40ab^3x^3 - 45a^2b^2x^2 - 24a^3bx - 5a^4}{30x^6}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x)`

output `(- 5*a**4 - 24*a**3*b*x - 45*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 40*a*b**3*x**3 - 15*b**4*x**4)/(30*x**6)`

3.307 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result	2445
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2445
Rubi [A] (verified)	2446
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Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2448
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2450
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2451
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2451

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{b^2(Ab-aB)(a+bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4a^4x^4} - \frac{A(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7a^2x^7} + \frac{(9Ab-7aB)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{42a^3x^6} - \frac{b(51Ab-49aB)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{210a^4x^5}$$

output $\frac{1}{4}b^2(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{3/2}/a^4/x^4-1/7A(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}/a^2/x^7+1/42(9Ab-7Ba)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}/a^3/x^6-1/210b(51Ab-49Ba)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}/a^4/x^5$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2(35b^3x^3(3A+4Bx)+63ab^2x^2(4A+5Bx)+42a^2bx(5A+6Bx)+10a^3(6A+7Bx))}}{420x^7(a+bx)}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^8,x]`

output `-1/420*(Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(35*b^3*x^3*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 63*a*b^2*x^2*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 42*a^2*b*x*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 10*a^3*(6*A + 7*B*x)))/(x^7*(a + b*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{x^8} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^3(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx}{b^3(a+bx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx}{a+bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^3}{x^8} + \frac{(3Ab+aB)a^2}{x^7} + \frac{3b(Ab+aB)a}{x^6} + \frac{b^3B}{x^4} + \frac{b^2(Ab+3aB)}{x^5} \right) dx}{a+bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^3A}{7x^7} - \frac{a^2(aB+3Ab)}{6x^6} - \frac{b^2(3aB+Ab)}{4x^4} - \frac{3ab(aB+Ab)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^3B}{3x^3} \right)}{a+bx}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^8,x]`

output

$$\frac{((-1/7*(a^3A)/x^7 - (a^2*(3A*b + a*B))/(6*x^6) - (3*a*b*(A*b + a*B))/(5*x^5) - (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B))/(4*x^4) - (b^3*B)/(3*x^3))*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]}{(a + b*x)}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

rule 1187

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-\frac{Bb^3x^4}{3} + \left(-\frac{1}{4}Ab^3 - \frac{3}{4}Bab^2\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{3}{5}Aab^2 - \frac{3}{5}Ba^2b\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{1}{2}Aa^2b - \frac{1}{6}Ba^3\right)x - \frac{a^3A}{7} \right)}{(bx+a)x^7}$	90
gospers	$-\frac{(140Bb^3x^4 + 105Ab^3x^3 + 315Bab^2x^3 + 252Aab^2x^2 + 252Ba^2bx^2 + 210Aa^2bx + 70Ba^3x + 60a^3A) \left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{420x^7(bx+a)^3}$	92
default	$-\frac{(140Bb^3x^4 + 105Ab^3x^3 + 315Bab^2x^3 + 252Aab^2x^2 + 252Ba^2bx^2 + 210Aa^2bx + 70Ba^3x + 60a^3A) \left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{420x^7(bx+a)^3}$	92
orering	$-\frac{(140Bb^3x^4 + 105Ab^3x^3 + 315Bab^2x^3 + 252Aab^2x^2 + 252Ba^2bx^2 + 210Aa^2bx + 70Ba^3x + 60a^3A) (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{420x^7(bx+a)^3}$	101

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)*(-1/3*B*b^3*x^4+(-1/4*A*b^3-3/4*B*a*b^2)*x^3+(-3/5*A*a*b^2-3/5*B*a^2*b)*x^2+(-1/2*A*a^2*b-1/6*B*a^3)*x-1/7*a^3*A)/x^7`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{140Bb^3x^4 + 60Aa^3 + 105(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 252(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 70(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x}{420x^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/420*(140*B*b^3*x^4 + 60*A*a^3 + 105*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 252*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 70*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^7`

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2)/x**8,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)/x**8, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 435 vs. 2(141) = 282.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 435, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx &= \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Bb^6}{4a^6} \\ &- \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Ab^7}{4a^7} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Bb^5}{4a^5x} \\ &- \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Ab^6}{4a^6x} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb^4}{4a^6x^2} \\ &+ \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^5}{4a^7x^2} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb^3}{4a^5x^3} \\ &- \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^4}{4a^6x^3} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb^2}{4a^4x^4} \\ &+ \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^3}{4a^5x^4} + \frac{7(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb}{30a^3x^5} \\ &- \frac{17(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^2}{70a^4x^5} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} B}{6a^2x^6} \\ &+ \frac{3(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab}{14a^3x^6} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} A}{7a^2x^7} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b^6/a^6 - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a
^2)^(3/2)*A*b^7/a^7 + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b^5/(a^5*x) -
1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^6/(a^6*x) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x
+ a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^4/(a^6*x^2) + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^5/
(a^7*x^2) + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^3/(a^5*x^3) - 1/4*(b^2
*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^4/(a^6*x^3) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2
)^(5/2)*B*b^2/(a^4*x^4) + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^3/(a^5*x
^4) + 7/30*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b/(a^3*x^5) - 17/70*(b^2*x^2
+ 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^2/(a^4*x^5) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/
2)*B/(a^2*x^6) + 3/14*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b/(a^3*x^6) - 1/7*
(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A/(a^2*x^7)

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{(7Bab^6 - 3Ab^7)\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{420a^4} - \frac{140Bb^3x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 315Bab^2x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 105Ab^3x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 252Ba^2bx^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 252Aa^2bx\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 210Aa^2b\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 60Aa^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{420x^7}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-1/420*(7*B*a*b^6 - 3*A*b^7)*sgn(b*x + a)/a^4 - 1/420*(140*B*b^3*x^4*sgn(b
*x + a) + 315*B*a*b^2*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 105*A*b^3*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 252*
B*a^2*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 252*A*a*b^2*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 70*B*a^3*x*sgn(b
*x + a) + 210*A*a^2*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 60*A*a^3*sgn(b*x + a))/x^7

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{\left(\frac{Ba^3}{6} + \frac{Ab^2a^2}{2}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^6(a + bx)}$$

$$-\frac{\left(\frac{Ab^3}{4} + \frac{3Bab^2}{4}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^4(a + bx)} - \frac{Aa^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7x^7(a + bx)}$$

$$-\frac{Bb^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{3x^3(a + bx)} - \frac{3ab(Ab + Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{5x^5(a + bx)}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^8,x)`output `- (((B*a^3)/6 + (A*a^2*b)/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^6*(a + b*x)) - (((A*b^3)/4 + (3*B*a*b^2)/4)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^4*(a + b*x)) - (A*a^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(7*x^7*(a + b*x)) - (B*b^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(3*x^3*(a + b*x)) - (3*a*b*(A*b + B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(5*x^5*(a + b*x))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{-35b^4x^4 - 105ab^3x^3 - 126a^2b^2x^2 - 70a^3bx - 15a^4}{105x^7}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^8,x)`output `(- 15*a**4 - 70*a**3*b*x - 126*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 105*a*b**3*x**3 - 35*b**4*x**4)/(105*x**7)`

3.308 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx$

Optimal result	2452
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2453
Rubi [A] (verified)	2453
Maple [A] (verified)	2455
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2455
Sympy [F]	2456
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2456
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2457
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2458
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2458

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = -\frac{a^3A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{8x^8(a+bx)} - \frac{a^2(3Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{7x^7(a+bx)} - \frac{ab(Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{2x^6(a+bx)} - \frac{b^2(Ab+3aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{5x^5(a+bx)} - \frac{b^3B\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{4x^4(a+bx)}$$

output

```
-1/8*a^3*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^8/(b*x+a)-1/7*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^7/(b*x+a)-1/2*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^6/(b*x+a)-1/5*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^5/(b*x+a)-1/4*b^3*B*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(b*x+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(14b^3x^3(4A + 5Bx) + 28ab^2x^2(5A + 6Bx) + 20a^2bx(6A + 7Bx) + 5a^3(7A + 8Bx))}}{280x^8(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^9,x]
```

output

```
-1/280*(Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(14*b^3*x^3*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 28*a*b^2*x^2*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 20*a^2*b*x*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 5*a^3*(7*A + 8*B*x)))/(x^8*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{x^9} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^3(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx}{b^3(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^3}{x^9} + \frac{(3Ab+aB)a^2}{x^8} + \frac{3b(Ab+aB)a}{x^7} + \frac{b^3B}{x^5} + \frac{b^2(Ab+3aB)}{x^6} \right) dx}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^3A}{8x^8} - \frac{a^2(aB+3Ab)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^2(3aB+Ab)}{5x^5} - \frac{ab(aB+Ab)}{2x^6} - \frac{b^3B}{4x^4} \right)}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^9,x]`

output `((-1/8*(a^3*A)/x^8 - (a^2*(3*A*b + a*B))/(7*x^7) - (a*b*(A*b + a*B))/(2*x^6) - (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B))/(5*x^5) - (b^3*B)/(4*x^4))*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-\frac{Bb^3x^4}{4} + \left(-\frac{1}{5}Ab^3 - \frac{3}{5}Bab^2\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{1}{2}Aab^2 - \frac{1}{2}Ba^2b\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{3}{7}Aa^2b - \frac{1}{7}Ba^3\right)x - \frac{a^3A}{8} \right)}{(bx+a)^8}$	90
gospers	$-\frac{(70Bb^3x^4 + 56Ab^3x^3 + 168Bab^2x^3 + 140Aab^2x^2 + 140Ba^2bx^2 + 120Aa^2bx + 40Ba^3x + 35a^3A) \left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{280x^8(bx+a)^3}$	92
default	$-\frac{(70Bb^3x^4 + 56Ab^3x^3 + 168Bab^2x^3 + 140Aab^2x^2 + 140Ba^2bx^2 + 120Aa^2bx + 40Ba^3x + 35a^3A) \left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{280x^8(bx+a)^3}$	92
orering	$-\frac{(70Bb^3x^4 + 56Ab^3x^3 + 168Bab^2x^3 + 140Aab^2x^2 + 140Ba^2bx^2 + 120Aa^2bx + 40Ba^3x + 35a^3A) (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{280x^8(bx+a)^3}$	101

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{\left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{1/2} / (bx+a) \left(-\frac{1}{4}Bb^3x^4 + \left(-\frac{1}{5}Aa^3 - \frac{3}{5}Bab^2\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{1}{2}Aa^2b - \frac{1}{2}Ba^3\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{3}{7}Aa^2b - \frac{1}{7}Ba^3\right)x - \frac{1}{8}a^3A \right)}{280x^8}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{70Bb^3x^4 + 35Aa^3 + 56(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 140(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 40(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x}{280x^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-\frac{1}{280} \left(70Bb^3x^4 + 35Aa^3 + 56(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 140(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 40(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x \right) / x^8$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2)/x**9,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)/x**9, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 495 vs. 2(145) = 290.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 495, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = & -\frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Bb^7}{4a^7} \\ & + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Ab^8}{4a^8} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Bb^6}{4a^6x} \\ & + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Ab^7}{4a^7x} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb^5}{4a^7x^2} \\ & - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^6}{4a^8x^2} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb^4}{4a^6x^3} \\ & + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^5}{4a^7x^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb^3}{4a^5x^4} \\ & - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^4}{4a^6x^4} - \frac{17(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb^2}{70a^4x^5} \\ & + \frac{69(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^3}{280a^5x^5} + \frac{3(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb}{14a^3x^6} \\ & - \frac{13(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^2}{56a^4x^6} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} B}{7a^2x^7} \\ & + \frac{11(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab}{56a^3x^7} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} A}{8a^2x^8} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b^7/a^7 + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x +
a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^8/a^8 - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b^6/(a^6*x) +
1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^7/(a^7*x) + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*
x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^5/(a^7*x^2) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^6
/(a^8*x^2) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^4/(a^6*x^3) + 1/4*(b^
2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^5/(a^7*x^3) + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^
2)^(5/2)*B*b^3/(a^5*x^4) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^4/(a^6*
x^4) - 17/70*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^2/(a^4*x^5) + 69/280*(b^2
*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^3/(a^5*x^5) + 3/14*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^
2)^(5/2)*B*b/(a^3*x^6) - 13/56*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^2/(a^4*
x^6) - 1/7*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B/(a^2*x^7) + 11/56*(b^2*x^2 +
2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b/(a^3*x^7) - 1/8*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A
/(a^2*x^8)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{(2 Bab^7 - Ab^8)\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{280 a^5} - \frac{70 Bb^3x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 168 Bab^2x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 56 Ab^3x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 140 Ba^2bx^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 140 Aa^2bx\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 120 Aa^2b^2x\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 35 Aa^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{280 x^8}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/280*(2*B*a*b^7 - A*b^8)*sgn(b*x + a)/a^5 - 1/280*(70*B*b^3*x^4*sgn(b*x +
a) + 168*B*a*b^2*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 56*A*b^3*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 140*B*a^2
*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 140*A*a*b^2*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 40*B*a^3*x*sgn(b*x +
a) + 120*A*a^2*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 35*A*a^3*sgn(b*x + a))/x^8
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = -\frac{\left(\frac{Ba^3}{7} + \frac{3Aba^2}{7}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^7(a + bx)} - \frac{\left(\frac{Ab^3}{5} + \frac{3Bab^2}{5}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^5(a + bx)} - \frac{Aa^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{8x^8(a + bx)} - \frac{Bb^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{4x^4(a + bx)} - \frac{ab(Ab + Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{2x^6(a + bx)}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^9,x)`output `- (((B*a^3)/7 + (3*A*a^2*b)/7)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^7*(a + b*x)) - (((A*b^3)/5 + (3*B*a*b^2)/5)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^5*(a + b*x)) - (A*a^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(8*x^8*(a + b*x)) - (B*b^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(4*x^4*(a + b*x)) - (a*b*(A*b + B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(2*x^6*(a + b*x))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{-70b^4x^4 - 224ab^3x^3 - 280a^2b^2x^2 - 160a^3bx - 35a^4}{280x^8}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^9,x)`output `(- 35*a**4 - 160*a**3*b*x - 280*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 224*a*b**3*x**3 - 70*b**4*x**4)/(280*x**8)`

3.309 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	2459
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2460
Rubi [A] (verified)	2460
Maple [A] (verified)	2462
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2462
Sympy [F]	2463
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2463
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2464
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2465
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2465

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{a^3A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{9x^9(a+bx)} - \frac{a^2(3Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{8x^8(a+bx)} - \frac{3ab(Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{7x^7(a+bx)} - \frac{b^2(Ab+3aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{6x^6(a+bx)} - \frac{b^3B\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{5x^5(a+bx)}$$

output

```
-1/9*a^3*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^9/(b*x+a)-1/8*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^8/(b*x+a)-3/7*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^7/(b*x+a)-1/6*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^6/(b*x+a)-1/5*b^3*B*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^5/(b*x+a)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(84b^3x^3(5A + 6Bx) + 180ab^2x^2(6A + 7Bx) + 135a^2bx(7A + 8Bx) + 35a^3(8A + 9Bx))}}{2520x^9(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^10,x]
```

output

```
-1/2520*(Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(84*b^3*x^3*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 180*a*b^2*x^2*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 135*a^2*b*x*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 35*a^3*(8*A + 9*B*x)))/(x^9*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{10}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^3(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx}{b^3(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^3}{x^{10}} + \frac{(3Ab+aB)a^2}{x^9} + \frac{3b(Ab+aB)a}{x^8} + \frac{b^3B}{x^6} + \frac{b^2(Ab+3aB)}{x^7} \right) dx}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^3A}{9x^9} - \frac{a^2(aB+3Ab)}{8x^8} - \frac{b^2(3aB+Ab)}{6x^6} - \frac{3ab(aB+Ab)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^3B}{5x^5} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^10,x]`

output `((-1/9*(a^3*A)/x^9 - (a^2*(3*A*b + a*B))/(8*x^8) - (3*a*b*(A*b + a*B))/(7*x^7) - (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B))/(6*x^6) - (b^3*B)/(5*x^5))*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

method	result	si
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-\frac{Bb^3x^4}{5} + \left(-\frac{1}{6}Ab^3 - \frac{1}{2}Bab^2\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{3}{7}Aab^2 - \frac{3}{7}Ba^2b\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{3}{8}Aa^2b - \frac{1}{8}Ba^3\right)x - \frac{a^3A}{9} \right)}{(bx+a)x^9}$	9
gospers	$-\frac{(504Bb^3x^4 + 420Ab^3x^3 + 1260Bab^2x^3 + 1080Aab^2x^2 + 1080Ba^2bx^2 + 945Aa^2bx + 315Ba^3x + 280a^3A) \left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2520x^9(bx+a)^3}$	9
default	$-\frac{(504Bb^3x^4 + 420Ab^3x^3 + 1260Bab^2x^3 + 1080Aab^2x^2 + 1080Ba^2bx^2 + 945Aa^2bx + 315Ba^3x + 280a^3A) \left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2520x^9(bx+a)^3}$	9
orering	$-\frac{(504Bb^3x^4 + 420Ab^3x^3 + 1260Bab^2x^3 + 1080Aab^2x^2 + 1080Ba^2bx^2 + 945Aa^2bx + 315Ba^3x + 280a^3A) (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2520x^9(bx+a)^3}$	1

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{\left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{1/2} (bx+a) \left(-\frac{1}{5}Bb^3x^4 + \left(-\frac{1}{6}Ab^3 - \frac{1}{2}Bab^2\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{3}{7}Aab^2 - \frac{3}{7}Ba^2b\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{3}{8}Aa^2b - \frac{1}{8}Ba^3\right)x - \frac{a^3A}{9} \right)}{2520x^9(bx+a)^3}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{504Bb^3x^4 + 280Aa^3 + 420(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 1080(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 315(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x}{2520x^9}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-\frac{1}{2520} \left(504Bb^3x^4 + 280Aa^3 + 420(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 1080(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 315(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x \right) / x^9$$

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2)/x**10,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)/x**10, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 555 vs. $2(145) = 290$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 555, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx &= \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Bb^8}{4a^8} \\ &- \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Ab^9}{4a^9} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Bb^7}{4a^7x} \\ &- \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Ab^8}{4a^8x} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb^6}{4a^8x^2} \\ &+ \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^7}{4a^9x^2} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb^5}{4a^7x^3} \\ &- \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^6}{4a^8x^3} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb^4}{4a^6x^4} \\ &+ \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^5}{4a^7x^4} + \frac{69(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb^3}{280a^5x^5} \\ &- \frac{125(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^4}{504a^6x^5} - \frac{13(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb^2}{56a^4x^6} \\ &+ \frac{121(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^3}{504a^5x^6} + \frac{11(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb}{56a^3x^7} \\ &- \frac{37(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^2}{168a^4x^7} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} B}{8a^2x^8} \\ &+ \frac{13(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab}{72a^3x^8} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} A}{9a^2x^9} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(3/2)}*B*b^8/a^8 - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(3/2)}*A*b^9/a^9 + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(3/2)}*B*b^7/(a^7*x) - \\ & 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(3/2)}*A*b^8/(a^8*x) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)}*B*b^6/(a^8*x^2) + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)}*A*b^7/ \\ & (a^9*x^2) + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)}*B*b^5/(a^7*x^3) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)}*A*b^6/(a^8*x^3) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)}*B*b^4/(a^6*x^4) + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)}*A*b^5/(a^7*x^4) \\ & + 69/280*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)}*B*b^3/(a^5*x^5) - 125/504*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)}*A*b^4/(a^6*x^5) - 13/56*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)}*B*b^2/(a^4*x^6) + 121/504*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)}*A*b^3/ \\ & (a^5*x^6) + 11/56*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)}*B*b/(a^3*x^7) - 37/168*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)}*A*b^2/(a^4*x^7) - 1/8*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)}*B/(a^2*x^8) + 13/72*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)}*A*b/(a^3*x^8) \\ & - 1/9*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)}*A/(a^2*x^9) \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{(9 Bab^8 - 5 Ab^9)\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{2520 a^6} - \frac{504 Bb^3x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 1260 Bab^2x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 420 Ab^3x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 1080 Ba^2bx^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 315 B a^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 945 A a^2 b x \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 280 A a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{2520 x^9}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/2520*(9*B*a*b^8 - 5*A*b^9)*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a)/a^6 - 1/2520*(504*B*b^3*x^4*\operatorname{sgn} \\ & (b*x + a) + 1260*B*a*b^2*x^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 420*A*b^3*x^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 1 \\ & 080*B*a^2*b*x^2*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 1080*A*a*b^2*x^2*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 315*B*a^3*x \\ & *\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 945*A*a^2*b*x*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 280*A*a^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a))/x^9 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{\left(\frac{Ba^3}{8} + \frac{3Aba^2}{8}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^8 (a + bx)} - \frac{\left(\frac{Ab^3}{6} + \frac{Bab^2}{2}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^6 (a + bx)} - \frac{Aa^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{9x^9 (a + bx)} - \frac{Bb^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{5x^5 (a + bx)} - \frac{3ab(Ab + Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7x^7 (a + bx)}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^10,x)`output `- (((B*a^3)/8 + (3*A*a^2*b)/8)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^8*(a + b*x)) - (((A*b^3)/6 + (B*a*b^2)/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^6*(a + b*x)) - (A*a^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(9*x^9*(a + b*x)) - (B*b^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(5*x^5*(a + b*x)) - (3*a*b*(A*b + B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(7*x^7*(a + b*x))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{-126b^4x^4 - 420ab^3x^3 - 540a^2b^2x^2 - 315a^3bx - 70a^4}{630x^9}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^10,x)`output `(-70*a**4 - 315*a**3*b*x - 540*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 420*a*b**3*x**3 - 126*b**4*x**4)/(630*x**9)`

3.310
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{11}} dx$$

Optimal result	2466
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2467
Rubi [A] (verified)	2467
Maple [A] (verified)	2469
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2469
Sympy [F]	2470
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2470
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2471
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2471
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2472

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{a^3A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{10x^{10}(a+bx)} - \frac{a^2(3Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{9x^9(a+bx)} - \frac{3ab(Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{8x^8(a+bx)} - \frac{b^2(Ab+3aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{7x^7(a+bx)} - \frac{b^3B\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{6x^6(a+bx)}$$

output

```
-1/10*a^3*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^10/(b*x+a)-1/9*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^9/(b*x+a)-3/8*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^8/(b*x+a)-1/7*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^7/(b*x+a)-1/6*b^3*B*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^6/(b*x+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{11}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(60b^3x^3(6A + 7Bx) + 135ab^2x^2(7A + 8Bx) + 105a^2bx(8A + 9Bx) + 28a^3(9A + 10Bx))}}{2520x^{10}(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^11,x]
```

output

```
-1/2520*(Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(60*b^3*x^3*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 135*a*b^2*x^2*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 105*a^2*b*x*(8*A + 9*B*x) + 28*a^3*(9*A + 10*B*x)))/(x^10*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1187$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^3(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{11}} dx}{b^3(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{11}} dx}{a + bx}$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^3}{x^{11}} + \frac{(3Ab+aB)a^2}{x^{10}} + \frac{3b(Ab+aB)a}{x^9} + \frac{b^3B}{x^7} + \frac{b^2(Ab+3aB)}{x^8} \right) dx}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^3A}{10x^{10}} - \frac{a^2(aB+3Ab)}{9x^9} - \frac{b^2(3aB+Ab)}{7x^7} - \frac{3ab(aB+Ab)}{8x^8} - \frac{b^3B}{6x^6} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^11,x]`

output `((-1/10*(a^3*A)/x^10 - (a^2*(3*A*b + a*B))/(9*x^9) - (3*a*b*(A*b + a*B))/(8*x^8) - (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B))/(7*x^7) - (b^3*B)/(6*x^6))*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-\frac{Bb^3x^4}{6} + \left(-\frac{1}{7}Ab^3 - \frac{3}{7}Bab^2\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{3}{8}Aab^2 - \frac{3}{8}Ba^2b\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{1}{3}Aa^2b - \frac{1}{9}Ba^3\right)x - \frac{a^3A}{10} \right)}{(bx+a)x^{10}}$	90
gospers	$-\frac{(420Bb^3x^4 + 360Ab^3x^3 + 1080Bab^2x^3 + 945Aab^2x^2 + 945Ba^2bx^2 + 840Aa^2bx + 280Ba^3x + 252a^3A) \left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2520x^{10}(bx+a)^3}$	92
default	$-\frac{(420Bb^3x^4 + 360Ab^3x^3 + 1080Bab^2x^3 + 945Aab^2x^2 + 945Ba^2bx^2 + 840Aa^2bx + 280Ba^3x + 252a^3A) \left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2520x^{10}(bx+a)^3}$	92
orering	$-\frac{(420Bb^3x^4 + 360Ab^3x^3 + 1080Bab^2x^3 + 945Aab^2x^2 + 945Ba^2bx^2 + 840Aa^2bx + 280Ba^3x + 252a^3A) (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2520x^{10}(bx+a)^3}$	101

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^11,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{\left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{(bx+a)} \left(-\frac{1}{6}Bb^3x^4 + \left(-\frac{1}{7}Ab^3 - \frac{3}{7}Bab^2\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{3}{8}Aab^2 - \frac{3}{8}Ba^2b\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{1}{3}Aa^2b - \frac{1}{9}Ba^3\right)x - \frac{1}{10}a^3A \right) / x^{10}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{420Bb^3x^4 + 252Aa^3 + 360(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 945(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 280(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x}{2520x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^11,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-\frac{1}{2520} \left(420Bb^3x^4 + 252Aa^3 + 360(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 945(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 280(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x \right) / x^{10}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^{11}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2)/x**11,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)/x**11, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 615 vs. $2(145) = 290$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 615, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^11,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b^9/a^9 + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^10/a^10 - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b^8/(a^8*x) + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^9/(a^9*x) + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^7/(a^9*x^2) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^8/(a^10*x^2) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^6/(a^8*x^3) + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^7/(a^9*x^3) + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^5/(a^7*x^4) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^6/(a^8*x^4) - 125/504*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^4/(a^6*x^5) + 209/840*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^5/(a^7*x^5) + 121/504*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^3/(a^5*x^6) - 41/168*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^4/(a^6*x^6) - 37/168*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^2/(a^4*x^7) + 13/56*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^3/(a^5*x^7) + 13/72*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b/(a^3*x^8) - 5/24*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^2/(a^4*x^8) - 1/9*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B/(a^2*x^9) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b/(a^3*x^9) - 1/10*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A/(a^2*x^10)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{(5 Bab^9 - 3 Ab^{10})\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{2520 a^7} - \frac{420 Bb^3x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 1080 Bab^2x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 360 Ab^3x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 945 Ba^2bx^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 9}{2520 x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^11,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2520*(5*B*a*b^9 - 3*A*b^10)*sgn(b*x + a)/a^7 - 1/2520*(420*B*b^3*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 1080*B*a*b^2*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 360*A*b^3*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 945*B*a^2*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 945*A*a*b^2*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 280*B*a^3*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 840*A*a^2*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 252*A*a^3*sgn(b*x + a))/x^10`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{\left(\frac{Ba^3}{9} + \frac{Aba^2}{3}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^9 (a + bx)} - \frac{\left(\frac{Ab^3}{7} + \frac{3Bab^2}{7}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^7 (a + bx)} - \frac{Aa^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{10x^{10} (a + bx)} - \frac{Bb^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{6x^6 (a + bx)} - \frac{3ab(Ab + Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{8x^8 (a + bx)}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^11,x)`output `- (((B*a^3)/9 + (A*a^2*b)/3)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^9*(a + b*x)) - (((A*b^3)/7 + (3*B*a*b^2)/7)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^7*(a + b*x)) - (A*a^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(10*x^10*(a + b*x)) - (B*b^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(6*x^6*(a + b*x)) - (3*a*b*(A*b + B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(8*x^8*(a + b*x))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{-210b^4x^4 - 720ab^3x^3 - 945a^2b^2x^2 - 560a^3bx - 126a^4}{1260x^{10}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^11,x)`

output `(- 126*a**4 - 560*a**3*b*x - 945*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 720*a*b**3*x**3 - 210*b**4*x**4)/(1260*x**10)`

3.311 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{12}} dx$

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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2479

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{a^3A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{11x^{11}(a+bx)} - \frac{a^2(3Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{10x^{10}(a+bx)} - \frac{ab(Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3x^9(a+bx)} - \frac{b^2(Ab+3aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{8x^8(a+bx)} - \frac{b^3B\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{7x^7(a+bx)}$$

output

```
-1/11*a^3*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^11/(b*x+a)-1/10*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^10/(b*x+a)-1/3*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^9/(b*x+a)-1/8*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^8/(b*x+a)-1/7*b^3*B*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^7/(b*x+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(165b^3x^3(7A + 8Bx) + 385ab^2x^2(8A + 9Bx) + 308a^2bx(9A + 10Bx) + 84a^3(10A + 11Bx))}}{9240x^{11}(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^12,x]
```

output

```
-1/9240*(Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(165*b^3*x^3*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 385*a*b^2*x^2*(8*A + 9*B*x) + 308*a^2*b*x*(9*A + 10*B*x) + 84*a^3*(10*A + 11*B*x)))/(x^11*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{12}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^3(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{12}} dx}{b^3(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{12}} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^3}{x^{12}} + \frac{(3Ab+aB)a^2}{x^{11}} + \frac{3b(Ab+aB)a}{x^{10}} + \frac{b^3B}{x^8} + \frac{b^2(Ab+3aB)}{x^9} \right) dx}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^3A}{11x^{11}} - \frac{a^2(aB+3Ab)}{10x^{10}} - \frac{b^2(3aB+Ab)}{8x^8} - \frac{ab(aB+Ab)}{3x^9} - \frac{b^3B}{7x^7} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^12,x]`

output `((-1/11*(a^3*A)/x^11 - (a^2*(3*A*b + a*B))/(10*x^10) - (a*b*(A*b + a*B))/(3*x^9) - (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B))/(8*x^8) - (b^3*B)/(7*x^7))*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-\frac{Bb^3x^4}{7} + \left(-\frac{1}{8}Ab^3 - \frac{3}{8}Bab^2\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{1}{3}Aab^2 - \frac{1}{3}Ba^2b\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{3}{10}Aa^2b - \frac{1}{10}Ba^3\right)x - \frac{a^3A}{11} \right)}{(bx+a)x^{11}}$
gospers	$-\frac{(1320Bb^3x^4 + 1155Ab^3x^3 + 3465Bab^2x^3 + 3080Aab^2x^2 + 3080Ba^2bx^2 + 2772Aa^2bx + 924Ba^3x + 840a^3A) \left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{9240x^{11}(bx+a)^3}$
default	$-\frac{(1320Bb^3x^4 + 1155Ab^3x^3 + 3465Bab^2x^3 + 3080Aab^2x^2 + 3080Ba^2bx^2 + 2772Aa^2bx + 924Ba^3x + 840a^3A) \left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{9240x^{11}(bx+a)^3}$
orering	$-\frac{(1320Bb^3x^4 + 1155Ab^3x^3 + 3465Bab^2x^3 + 3080Aab^2x^2 + 3080Ba^2bx^2 + 2772Aa^2bx + 924Ba^3x + 840a^3A) (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{9240x^{11}(bx+a)^3}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^12,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{\left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} (bx+a) \left(-\frac{1}{7}Bb^3x^4 + \left(-\frac{1}{8}Ab^3 - \frac{3}{8}Bab^2\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{1}{3}Aab^2 - \frac{1}{3}Ba^2b\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{3}{10}Aa^2b - \frac{1}{10}Ba^3\right)x - \frac{1}{11}a^3A \right)}{9240x^{11}}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{1320Bb^3x^4 + 840Aa^3 + 1155(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 3080(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 924(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x}{9240x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^12,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-\frac{1}{9240} \frac{(1320Bb^3x^4 + 840Aa^3 + 1155(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 3080(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 924(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x)}{x^{11}}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^{12}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2)/x**12,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)/x**12, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 675 vs. $2(145) = 290$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 675, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^12,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b^10/a^10 - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x +
a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^11/a^11 + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b^9/(a^9*x
) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^10/(a^10*x) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2
*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^8/(a^10*x^2) + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)
*A*b^9/(a^11*x^2) + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^7/(a^9*x^3) -
1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^8/(a^10*x^3) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*
b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^6/(a^8*x^4) + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b
^7/(a^9*x^4) + 209/840*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^5/(a^7*x^5) - 3
29/1320*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^6/(a^8*x^5) - 41/168*(b^2*x^2
+ 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^4/(a^6*x^6) + 65/264*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(
5/2)*A*b^5/(a^7*x^6) + 13/56*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^3/(a^5*x
^7) - 21/88*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^4/(a^6*x^7) - 5/24*(b^2*x^
2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^2/(a^4*x^8) + 59/264*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2
)^(5/2)*A*b^3/(a^5*x^8) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b/(a^3*x^9
) - 13/66*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^2/(a^4*x^9) - 1/10*(b^2*x^2
+ 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B/(a^2*x^10) + 17/110*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/
2)*A*b/(a^3*x^10) - 1/11*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A/(a^2*x^11)

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{(11 Bab^{10} - 7 Ab^{11})\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{9240 a^8} - \frac{1320 Bb^3x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 3465 Bab^2x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 1155 Ab^3x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 3080 Ba^2bx^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{9240 x}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^12,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-1/9240*(11*B*a*b^10 - 7*A*b^11)*sgn(b*x + a)/a^8 - 1/9240*(1320*B*b^3*x^4
*sgn(b*x + a) + 3465*B*a*b^2*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 1155*A*b^3*x^3*sgn(b*x + a
) + 3080*B*a^2*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 3080*A*a*b^2*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 924*B*
a^3*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 2772*A*a^2*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 840*A*a^3*sgn(b*x + a))
/x^11

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{\left(\frac{Ba^3}{10} + \frac{3Aba^2}{10}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{10}(a + bx)}$$

$$-\frac{\left(\frac{Ab^3}{8} + \frac{3Bab^2}{8}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^8(a + bx)} - \frac{Aa^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{11x^{11}(a + bx)}$$

$$-\frac{Bb^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7x^7(a + bx)} - \frac{ab(Ab + Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{3x^9(a + bx)}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^12,x)`output `- (((B*a^3)/10 + (3*A*a^2*b)/10)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^10*(a + b*x)) - (((A*b^3)/8 + (3*B*a*b^2)/8)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^8*(a + b*x)) - (A*a^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(11*x^11*(a + b*x)) - (B*b^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(7*x^7*(a + b*x)) - (a*b*(A*b + B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(3*x^9*(a + b*x))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{-330b^4x^4 - 1155ab^3x^3 - 1540a^2b^2x^2 - 924a^3bx - 210a^4}{2310x^{11}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^12,x)`output `(- 210*a**4 - 924*a**3*b*x - 1540*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 1155*a*b**3*x**3 - 330*b**4*x**4)/(2310*x**11)`

3.312 $\int x^6(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	2480
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2481
Rubi [A] (verified)	2481
Maple [A] (verified)	2483
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2483
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2484
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2485
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2486
Mupad [F(-1)]	2487
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2487

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 303

$$\int x^6(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^5 Ax^7 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7(a + bx)} + \frac{a^4(5Ab + aB)x^8 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{8(a + bx)} + \frac{5a^3b(2Ab + aB)x^9 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{9(a + bx)} + \frac{a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^{10} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{a + bx} + \frac{5ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^{11} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{11(a + bx)} + \frac{b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^{12} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{12(a + bx)} + \frac{b^5 Bx^{13} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{13(a + bx)}$$

output

```
a^5*A*x^7*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x+7*a)+a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)*x^8*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(8*b*x+8*a)+5*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^9*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(9*b*x+9*a)+a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*x^10*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+5*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^11*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(11*b*x+11*a)+b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*x^12*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(12*b*x+12*a)+b^5*B*x^13*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(13*b*x+13*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int x^6(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^7\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(1287a^5(8A + 7Bx) + 5005a^4bx(9A + 8Bx) + 8008a^3b^2x^2(10A + 9Bx) + 6552a^2b^3x^3(11A + 10Bx) + 730ab^4x^4(12A + 11Bx) + 462b^5x^5(13A + 12Bx))}{72072(a + bx)}$$

input `Integrate[x^6*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x^7*sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(1287*a^5*(8*A + 7*B*x) + 5005*a^4*b*x*(9*A + 8*B*x) + 8008*a^3*b^2*x^2*(10*A + 9*B*x) + 6552*a^2*b^3*x^3*(11*A + 10*B*x) + 730*a*b^4*x^4*(12*A + 11*B*x) + 462*b^5*x^5*(13*A + 12*B*x)))/(72072*(a + b*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^6(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1187$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int b^5x^6(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)dx}{b^5(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x^6(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)dx}{a + bx}$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (b^5 Bx^{12} + b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^{11} + 5ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^{10} + 10a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^9 + 5a^3b(2Ab + aB)x^8 + 5a^4(Ab + aB)x^7 + 5a^5(Ab + aB)x^6 + 5a^6(Ab + aB)x^5 + 5a^7(Ab + aB)x^4 + 5a^8(Ab + aB)x^3 + 5a^9(Ab + aB)x^2 + 5a^{10}(Ab + aB)x + 5a^{11}(Ab + aB))}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{1}{7}a^5Ax^7 + \frac{1}{8}a^4x^8(aB + 5Ab) + \frac{5}{9}a^3bx^9(aB + 2Ab) + a^2b^2x^{10}(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{12}b^4x^{12}(5aB + Ab) \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[x^6*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((a^5*A*x^7)/7 + (a^4*(5*A*b + a*B)*x^8)/8 + (5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^9)/9 + a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B)*x^10 + (5*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^11)/11 + (b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B)*x^12)/12 + (b^5*B*x^13)/13)/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^7(5544Bb^5x^6+6006Ab^5x^5+30030Bab^4x^5+32760Aab^4x^4+65520Ba^2b^3x^4+72072Aa^2b^3x^3+72072Ba^3b^2x^3+80080Aa^3b^2x^2+72072(bx+a)^5)}{72072(bx+a)^5}$
default	$\frac{x^7(5544Bb^5x^6+6006Ab^5x^5+30030Bab^4x^5+32760Aab^4x^4+65520Ba^2b^3x^4+72072Aa^2b^3x^3+72072Ba^3b^2x^3+80080Aa^3b^2x^2+72072(bx+a)^5)}{72072(bx+a)^5}$
orering	$\frac{x^7(5544Bb^5x^6+6006Ab^5x^5+30030Bab^4x^5+32760Aab^4x^4+65520Ba^2b^3x^4+72072Aa^2b^3x^3+72072Ba^3b^2x^3+80080Aa^3b^2x^2+72072(bx+a)^5)}{72072(bx+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{b^5Bx^{13}\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{13bx+13a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(Ab^5+5Bab^4)x^{12}}{12bx+12a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(5Aab^4+10Ba^2b^3)x^{11}}{11bx+11a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(10Aa^2b^3+10Ba^3b^2)x^{10}}{10bx+10a}$

input `int(x^6*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/72072*x^7*(5544*B*b^5*x^6+6006*A*b^5*x^5+30030*B*a*b^4*x^5+32760*A*a*b^4*x^4+65520*B*a^2*b^3*x^4+72072*A*a^2*b^3*x^3+72072*B*a^3*b^2*x^3+80080*A*a^3*b^2*x^2+40040*B*a^4*b*x^2+45045*A*a^4*b*x+9009*B*a^5*x+10296*A*a^5)*(b*x+a)^2)^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int x^6(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{13}Bb^5x^{13} + \frac{1}{7}Aa^5x^7 + \frac{1}{12}(5Bab^4+Ab^5)x^{12} + \frac{5}{11}(2Ba^2b^3+Aab^4)x^{11} + (Ba^3b^2+Aa^2b^3)x^{10} + \frac{5}{9}(Ba^4b+2Aa^3b^2)x^9 + \frac{1}{8}(Ba^5+5Aa^4b)x^8$$

input `integrate(x^6*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/13*B*b^5*x^13 + 1/7*A*a^5*x^7 + 1/12*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^12 + 5/11*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^11 + (B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^10 + 5/9*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^9 + 1/8*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x^8`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 40368 vs. $2(228) = 456$.

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40368, normalized size of antiderivative = 133.23

$$\int x^6(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**6*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(B*b**4*x**12/13 + x**11*(A*b**6 + 53*B*a*b**5/13)/(12*b**2) + x**10*(6*A*a*b**5 + 183*B*a**2*b**4/13 - 23*a*(A*b**6 + 53*B*a*b**5/13)/(12*b))/(11*b**2) + x**9*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 11*a**2*(A*b**6 + 53*B*a*b**5/13)/(12*b**2) - 21*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 183*B*a**2*b**4/13 - 23*a*(A*b**6 + 53*B*a*b**5/13)/(12*b))/(11*b))/(10*b**2) + x**8*(20*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**2 - 10*a**2*(6*A*a*b**5 + 183*B*a**2*b**4/13 - 23*a*(A*b**6 + 53*B*a*b**5/13)/(12*b))/(11*b**2) - 19*a*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 11*a**2*(A*b**6 + 53*B*a*b**5/13)/(12*b**2) - 21*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 183*B*a**2*b**4/13 - 23*a*(A*b**6 + 53*B*a*b**5/13)/(12*b))/(11*b))/(10*b))/(9*b**2) + x**7*(15*A*a**4*b**2 + 6*B*a**5*b - 9*a**2*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 11*a**2*(A*b**6 + 53*B*a*b**5/13)/(12*b**2) - 21*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 183*B*a**2*b**4/13 - 23*a*(A*b**6 + 53*B*a*b**5/13)/(12*b))/(11*b))/(10*b**2) - 17*a*(20*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**2 - 10*a**2*(6*A*a*b**5 + 183*B*a**2*b**4/13 - 23*a*(A*b**6 + 53*B*a*b**5/13)/(12*b))/(11*b**2) - 19*a*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 11*a**2*(A*b**6 + 53*B*a*b**5/13)/(12*b**2) - 21*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 183*B*a**2*b**4/13 - 23*a*(A*b**6 + 53*B*a*b**5/13)/(12*b))/(11*b))/(10*b))/(9*b))/(8*b**2) + x**6*(6*A*a**5*b + B*a**6 - 8*a**2*(20*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**2 - 10*a**2*(6*A*a*b**5 + 183*B*a**2*b**4/13 - 23*a*(A*b**6 + 53*B*a*b**5/13)/(12*b))/(11*b**2) - 19*a*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 11*a**2...
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 481 vs. $2(214) = 428$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 481, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int x^6(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Bx^6}{13b^2}$$

$$- \frac{19(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Bax^5}{156b^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ax^5}{12b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{251(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ba^2x^4}{1716b^4} - \frac{17(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Aax^4}{132b^3}$$

$$- \frac{68(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ba^3x^3}{429b^5} + \frac{5(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Aa^2x^3}{33b^4}$$

$$- \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ba^7x}{6b^7} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Aa^6x}{6b^6}$$

$$+ \frac{211(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ba^4x^2}{1287b^6} - \frac{16(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Aa^3x^2}{99b^5}$$

$$- \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ba^8}{6b^8} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Aa^7}{6b^7}$$

$$- \frac{1709(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ba^5x}{10296b^7} + \frac{131(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Aa^4x}{792b^6}$$

$$+ \frac{1715(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ba^6}{10296b^8} - \frac{923(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Aa^5}{5544b^7}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/13*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*x^6/b^2 - 19/156*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x
+ a^2)^(7/2)*B*a*x^5/b^3 + 1/12*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*x^5/b^2
+ 251/1716*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*a^2*x^4/b^4 - 17/132*(b^2*x^
2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*a*x^4/b^3 - 68/429*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7
/2)*B*a^3*x^3/b^5 + 5/33*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*a^2*x^3/b^4 - 1
/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a^7*x/b^7 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x +
a^2)^(5/2)*A*a^6*x/b^6 + 211/1287*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*a^4*x^
2/b^6 - 16/99*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*a^3*x^2/b^5 - 1/6*(b^2*x^2
+ 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a^8/b^8 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*
a^7/b^7 - 1709/10296*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*a^5*x/b^7 + 131/792
*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*a^4*x/b^6 + 1715/10296*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b
*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*a^6/b^8 - 923/5544*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*a^5
/b^7

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^6(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{1}{13} Bb^5x^{13}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) \\
&+ \frac{5}{12} Bab^4x^{12}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{12} Ab^5x^{12}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{10}{11} Ba^2b^3x^{11}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) \\
&+ \frac{5}{11} Aab^4x^{11}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + Ba^3b^2x^{10}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + Aa^2b^3x^{10}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) \\
&+ \frac{5}{9} Ba^4bx^9\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{10}{9} Aa^3b^2x^9\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{8} Ba^5x^8\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) \\
&+ \frac{5}{8} Aa^4bx^8\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{7} Aa^5x^7\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - \frac{(7Ba^{13} - 13Aa^{12}b)\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}{72072b^8}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(x^6*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/13*B*b^5*x^13*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/12*B*a*b^4*x^12*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/12*A*b^5
*x^12*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/11*B*a^2*b^3*x^11*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/11*A*a*b^4*x^11
*sgn(b*x + a) + B*a^3*b^2*x^10*sgn(b*x + a) + A*a^2*b^3*x^10*sgn(b*x + a)
+ 5/9*B*a^4*b*x^9*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/9*A*a^3*b^2*x^9*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/8*B*a
^5*x^8*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/8*A*a^4*b*x^8*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/7*A*a^5*x^7*sgn(b*x
+ a) - 1/72072*(7*B*a^13 - 13*A*a^12*b)*sgn(b*x + a)/b^8

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^6(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int x^6(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x^6*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `int(x^6*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^6(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^7(924b^6x^6 + 6006ab^5x^5 + 16380a^2b^4x^4 + 24024a^3b^3x^3 + 20020a^4b^2x^2 + 9009a^5bx + 1716a^6)}{12012}$$

input `int(x^6*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `(x**7*(1716*a**6 + 9009*a**5*b*x + 20020*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 24024*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 16380*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 6006*a*b**5*x**5 + 924*b**6*x**6))/12012`

3.313 $\int x^5(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	2488
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2489
Rubi [A] (verified)	2489
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 306

$$\int x^5(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^5Ax^6\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{6(a + bx)} + \frac{a^4(5Ab + aB)x^7\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7(a + bx)} + \frac{5a^3b(2Ab + aB)x^8\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{8(a + bx)} + \frac{10a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^9\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{9(a + bx)} + \frac{ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^{10}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{2(a + bx)} + \frac{b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^{11}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{11(a + bx)} + \frac{b^5Bx^{12}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{12(a + bx)}$$

```
output a^5*A*x^6*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(6*b*x+6*a)+a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)*x^7*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x+7*a)+5*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^8*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(8*b*x+8*a)+10*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*x^9*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(9*b*x+9*a)+a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^10*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*x+2*a)+b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*x^11*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(11*b*x+11*a)+b^5*B*x^12*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(12*b*x+12*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int x^5(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^6 \sqrt{(a + bx)^2} (132a^5(7A + 6Bx) + 495a^4bx(8A + 7Bx) + 770a^3b^2x^2(9A + 8Bx) + 616a^2b^3x^3(10A + 9Bx) + 252a^2b^4x^4(11A + 10Bx) + 42b^5x^5(12A + 11Bx))}{5544(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(x^6*sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(132*a^5*(7*A + 6*B*x) + 495*a^4*b*x*(8*A + 7*B*x) + 770*a^3*b^2*x^2*(9*A + 8*B*x) + 616*a^2*b^3*x^3*(10*A + 9*B*x) + 252*a^2*b^4*x^4*(11*A + 10*B*x) + 42*b^5*x^5*(12*A + 11*B*x)))/(5544*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^5(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int b^5x^5(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x^5(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (b^5 Bx^{11} + b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^{10} + 5ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^9 + 10a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^8 + 5a^3b(2Ab + aB)x^7 + 5a^4b^2(Ab + aB)x^6 + 5a^5b^3(Ab + aB)x^5 + 5a^6b^4(Ab + aB)x^4 + 5a^7b^5(Ab + aB)x^3 + 5a^8b^6(Ab + aB)x^2 + 5a^9b^7(Ab + aB)x + 5a^{10}b^8(Ab + aB))}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{1}{6}a^5Ax^6 + \frac{1}{7}a^4x^7(aB + 5Ab) + \frac{5}{8}a^3bx^8(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{10}{9}a^2b^2x^9(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{11}b^4x^{11}(5aB + 5a^2b) \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[x^5*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((a^5*A*x^6)/6 + (a^4*(5*A*b + a*B)*x^7)/7 + (5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^8)/8 + (10*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B)*x^9)/9 + (a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^10)/2 + (b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B)*x^11)/11 + (b^5*B*x^12)/12))/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^6(462Bb^5x^6+504Ab^5x^5+2520Bab^4x^5+2772Aab^4x^4+5544Ba^2b^3x^4+6160Aa^2b^3x^3+6160Ba^3b^2x^3+6930Aa^3b^2x^2+3465Ba^4b^2x^2+3960Aa^4b^2x^2+792Aa^5b^2x^2+924Aa^5b^2x^2)}{5544(bx+a)^5}$
default	$\frac{x^6(462Bb^5x^6+504Ab^5x^5+2520Bab^4x^5+2772Aab^4x^4+5544Ba^2b^3x^4+6160Aa^2b^3x^3+6160Ba^3b^2x^3+6930Aa^3b^2x^2+3465Ba^4b^2x^2+3960Aa^4b^2x^2+792Aa^5b^2x^2+924Aa^5b^2x^2)}{5544(bx+a)^5}$
orering	$\frac{x^6(462Bb^5x^6+504Ab^5x^5+2520Bab^4x^5+2772Aab^4x^4+5544Ba^2b^3x^4+6160Aa^2b^3x^3+6160Ba^3b^2x^3+6930Aa^3b^2x^2+3465Ba^4b^2x^2+3960Aa^4b^2x^2+792Aa^5b^2x^2+924Aa^5b^2x^2)}{5544(bx+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{b^5Bx^{12}\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{12bx+12a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(Ab^5+5Bab^4)x^{11}}{11bx+11a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(5Aab^4+10Ba^2b^3)x^{10}}{10bx+10a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(10Aa^2b^3+10Ba^3b^2)x^9}{9bx+9a}$

input `int(x^5*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{5544}x^6*(462*B*b^5*x^6+504*A*b^5*x^5+2520*B*a*b^4*x^5+2772*A*a*b^4*x^4+5544*B*a^2*b^3*x^4+6160*A*a^2*b^3*x^3+6160*B*a^3*b^2*x^3+6930*A*a^3*b^2*x^2+3465*B*a^4*b^2*x^2+3960*A*a^4*b^2*x^2+792*A*a^5*b^2*x^2+924*A*a^5*b^2*x^2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^5$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int x^5(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{12}Bb^5x^{12} + \frac{1}{6}Aa^5x^6 + \frac{1}{11}(5Bab^4+Ab^5)x^{11} + \frac{1}{2}(2Ba^2b^3+Aab^4)x^{10} + \frac{10}{9}(Ba^3b^2+Aa^2b^3)x^9 + \frac{5}{8}(Ba^4b+2Aa^3b^2)x^8 + \frac{1}{7}(Ba^5+5Aa^4b)x^7$$

input `integrate(x^5*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{12}B*b^5*x^{12} + \frac{1}{6}A*a^5*x^6 + \frac{1}{11}*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^{11} + \frac{1}{2}*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^{10} + \frac{10}{9}*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^9 + \frac{5}{8}*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^8 + \frac{1}{7}*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x^7$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 24941 vs. $2(231) = 462$.

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24941, normalized size of antiderivative = 81.51

$$\int x^5(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(B*b**4*x**11/12 + x**10*(A*b**6 + 49*B*a*b**5/12)/(11*b**2) + x**9*(6*A*a*b**5 + 169*B*a**2*b**4/12 - 21*a*(A*b**6 + 49*B*a*b**5/12)/(11*b))/(10*b**2) + x**8*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 10*a**2*(A*b**6 + 49*B*a*b**5/12)/(11*b**2) - 19*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 169*B*a**2*b**4/12 - 21*a*(A*b**6 + 49*B*a*b**5/12)/(11*b))/(10*b))/(9*b**2) + x**7*(20*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**2 - 9*a**2*(6*A*a*b**5 + 169*B*a**2*b**4/12 - 21*a*(A*b**6 + 49*B*a*b**5/12)/(11*b))/(10*b**2) - 17*a*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 10*a**2*(A*b**6 + 49*B*a*b**5/12)/(11*b**2) - 19*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 169*B*a**2*b**4/12 - 21*a*(A*b**6 + 49*B*a*b**5/12)/(11*b))/(10*b))/(9*b))/(8*b**2) + x**6*(15*A*a**4*b**2 + 6*B*a**5*b - 8*a**2*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 10*a**2*(A*b**6 + 49*B*a*b**5/12)/(11*b**2) - 19*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 169*B*a**2*b**4/12 - 21*a*(A*b**6 + 49*B*a*b**5/12)/(11*b))/(10*b))/(9*b**2) - 15*a*(20*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**2 - 9*a**2*(6*A*a*b**5 + 169*B*a**2*b**4/12 - 21*a*(A*b**6 + 49*B*a*b**5/12)/(11*b))/(10*b**2) - 17*a*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 10*a**2*(A*b**6 + 49*B*a*b**5/12)/(11*b**2) - 19*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 169*B*a**2*b**4/12 - 21*a*(A*b**6 + 49*B*a*b**5/12)/(11*b))/(10*b))/(9*b))/(8*b))/(7*b**2) + x**5*(6*A*a**5*b + B*a**6 - 7*a**2*(20*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**2 - 9*a**2*(6*A*a*b**5 + 169*B*a**2*b**4/12 - 21*a*(A*b**6 + 49*B*a*b**5/12)/(11*b))/(10*b**2) - 17*a*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 10*a**2*(A*b**6...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int x^5(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Bx^5}{12b^2} - \frac{17(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Bax^4}{132b^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ax^4}{11b^2} + \frac{5(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ba^2x^3}{33b^4} - \frac{3(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Aax^3}{22b^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ba^6x}{6b^6} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Aa^5x}{6b^5} - \frac{16(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ba^3x^2}{99b^5} + \frac{31(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Aa^2x^2}{198b^4} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ba^7}{6b^7} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Aa^6}{6b^6} + \frac{131(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ba^4x}{792b^6} - \frac{65(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Aa^3x}{396b^5} - \frac{923(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ba^5}{5544b^7} + \frac{461(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Aa^4}{2772b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*x^5/b^2 - 17/132*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*a*x^4/b^3 + 1/11*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*x^4/b^2 + 5/33*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*a^2*x^3/b^4 - 3/22*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*a*x^3/b^3 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a^6*x/b^6 - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*a^5*x/b^5 - 16/99*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*a^3*x^2/b^5 + 31/198*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*a^2*x^2/b^4 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a^7/b^7 - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*a^6/b^6 + 131/792*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*a^4*x/b^6 - 65/396*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*a^3*x/b^5 - 923/5544*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*a^5/b^7 + 461/2772*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*a^4/b^6`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x^5(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{12} Bb^5x^{12}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{5}{11} Bab^4x^{11}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{11} Ab^5x^{11}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + Ba^2b^3x^{10}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{2} Aab^4x^{10}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{10}{9} Ba^3b^2x^9\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{10}{9} Aa^2b^3x^9\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{5}{8} Ba^4bx^8\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{5}{4} Aa^3b^2x^8\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{7} Ba^5x^7\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{5}{7} Aa^4bx^7\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{6} Aa^5x^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{(Ba^{12}-2Aa^{11}b)\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}{5544b^7}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/12*B*b^5*x^12*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/11*B*a*b^4*x^11*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/11*A*b^5*x^11*sgn(b*x + a) + B*a^2*b^3*x^10*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/2*A*a*b^4*x^10*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/9*B*a^3*b^2*x^9*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/9*A*a^2*b^3*x^9*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/8*B*a^4*b*x^8*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/4*A*a^3*b^2*x^8*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/7*B*a^5*x^7*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/7*A*a^4*b*x^7*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/6*A*a^5*x^6*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/5544*(B*a^12 - 2*A*a^11*b)*sgn(b*x + a)/b^7`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^5(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int x^5(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x^5*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^5*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^5(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^6(462b^6x^6 + 3024ab^5x^5 + 8316a^2b^4x^4 + 12320a^3b^3x^3 + 10395a^4b^2x^2 + 4752a^5bx + 924a^6)}{5544}$$

input `int(x^5*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x)`output `(x**6*(924*a**6 + 4752*a**5*b*x + 10395*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 12320*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 8316*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 3024*a*b**5*x**5 + 462*b**6*x**6))/5544`

3.314 $\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	2496
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2497
Rubi [A] (verified)	2497
Maple [A] (verified)	2499
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2499
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2500
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2501
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2502
Mupad [F(-1)]	2502
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2503

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 306

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^5 Ax^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{5(a + bx)} + \frac{a^4(5Ab + aB)x^6 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{6(a + bx)} + \frac{5a^3b(2Ab + aB)x^7 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7(a + bx)} + \frac{5a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^8 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{4(a + bx)} + \frac{5ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^9 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{9(a + bx)} + \frac{b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^{10} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{10(a + bx)} + \frac{b^5 Bx^{11} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{11(a + bx)}$$

```
output a^5*A*x^5*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x+5*a)+a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)*x^6*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(6*b*x+6*a)+5*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^7*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x+7*a)+5*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*x^8*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(4*b*x+4*a)+5*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^9*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(9*b*x+9*a)+b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*x^10*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(10*b*x+10*a)+b^5*B*x^11*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(11*b*x+11*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^5 \sqrt{(a + bx)^2} (462a^5(6A + 5Bx) + 1650a^4bx(7A + 6Bx) + 2475a^3b^2x^2(8A + 7Bx) + 1925a^2b^3x^3(9A + 8Bx) + 770ab^4x^4(10A + 9Bx) + 126b^5x^5(11A + 10Bx))}{13860(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(x^5*sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(462*a^5*(6*A + 5*B*x) + 1650*a^4*b*x*(7*A + 6*B*x) + 2475*a^3*b^2*x^2*(8*A + 7*B*x) + 1925*a^2*b^3*x^3*(9*A + 8*B*x) + 770*a*b^4*x^4*(10*A + 9*B*x) + 126*b^5*x^5*(11*A + 10*B*x)))/(13860*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^4(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int b^5x^4(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x^4(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (b^5 Bx^{10} + b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^9 + 5ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^8 + 10a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^7 + 5a^3b(2Ab + aB)x^6 + 5a^4b^2(Ab + aB)x^5 + 5a^5b(Ab + aB)x^4 + 5a^6(Ab + aB)x^3 + 5a^7(Ab + aB)x^2 + 5a^8(Ab + aB)x + 5a^9(Ab + aB))}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{1}{5}a^5Ax^5 + \frac{1}{6}a^4x^6(aB + 5Ab) + \frac{5}{7}a^3bx^7(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{5}{4}a^2b^2x^8(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{10}b^4x^{10}(5aB + Ab) \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[x^4*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((a^5*A*x^5)/5 + (a^4*(5*A*b + a*B)*x^6)/6 + (5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^7)/7 + (5*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B)*x^8)/4 + (5*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^9)/9 + (b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B)*x^10)/10 + (b^5*B*x^11)/11))/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^5(1260Bb^5x^6+1386Ab^5x^5+6930Bab^4x^5+7700Aab^4x^4+15400Ba^2b^3x^4+17325Aa^2b^3x^3+17325Ba^3b^2x^3+19800Aa^3b^2x^2+9900Aa^4b^2x^2+11550Aa^4bx^2+2310Ba^5x^2+2772Aa^5)x^5}{13860(bx+a)^5}$
default	$\frac{x^5(1260Bb^5x^6+1386Ab^5x^5+6930Bab^4x^5+7700Aab^4x^4+15400Ba^2b^3x^4+17325Aa^2b^3x^3+17325Ba^3b^2x^3+19800Aa^3b^2x^2+9900Aa^4b^2x^2+11550Aa^4bx^2+2310Ba^5x^2+2772Aa^5)x^5}{13860(bx+a)^5}$
orering	$\frac{x^5(1260Bb^5x^6+1386Ab^5x^5+6930Bab^4x^5+7700Aab^4x^4+15400Ba^2b^3x^4+17325Aa^2b^3x^3+17325Ba^3b^2x^3+19800Aa^3b^2x^2+9900Aa^4b^2x^2+11550Aa^4bx^2+2310Ba^5x^2+2772Aa^5)x^5}{13860(bx+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{b^5Bx^{11}\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{11bx+11a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(Ab^5+5Bab^4)x^{10}}{10bx+10a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(5Aab^4+10Ba^2b^3)x^9}{9bx+9a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(10Aa^2b^3+10Ba^3b^2)x^8}{8bx+8a}$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{13860}x^5(1260Bb^5x^6+1386Ab^5x^5+6930Bab^4x^5+7700Aab^4x^4+15400Ba^2b^3x^4+17325Aa^2b^3x^3+17325Ba^3b^2x^3+19800Aa^3b^2x^2+9900Aa^4b^2x^2+11550Aa^4bx^2+2310Ba^5x^2+2772Aa^5)x^5/(bx+a)^5$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int x^4(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{11}Bb^5x^{11} + \frac{1}{5}Aa^5x^5 + \frac{1}{10}(5Bab^4+Ab^5)x^{10} + \frac{5}{9}(2Ba^2b^3+Aab^4)x^9 + \frac{5}{4}(Ba^3b^2+Aa^2b^3)x^8 + \frac{5}{7}(Ba^4b+2Aa^3b^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{6}(Ba^5+5Aa^4b)x^6$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{11}Bb^5x^{11} + \frac{1}{5}Aa^5x^5 + \frac{1}{10}(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^{10} + \frac{5}{9}(2Ba^2b^3 + Aa^2b^4)x^9 + \frac{5}{4}(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^8 + \frac{5}{7}(Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{6}(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x^6$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 15400 vs. $2(233) = 466$.

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15400, normalized size of antiderivative = 50.33

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2), x)`

output `Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(B*b**4*x**10/11 + x**9*(A*b**6 + 45*B*a*b**5/11)/(10*b**2) + x**8*(6*A*a*b**5 + 155*B*a**2*b**4/11 - 19*a*(A*b**6 + 45*B*a*b**5/11)/(10*b))/(9*b**2) + x**7*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 9*a**2*(A*b**6 + 45*B*a*b**5/11)/(10*b**2) - 17*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 155*B*a**2*b**4/11 - 19*a*(A*b**6 + 45*B*a*b**5/11)/(10*b))/(9*b))/(8*b**2) + x**6*(20*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**2 - 8*a**2*(6*A*a*b**5 + 155*B*a**2*b**4/11 - 19*a*(A*b**6 + 45*B*a*b**5/11)/(10*b))/(9*b**2) - 15*a*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 9*a**2*(A*b**6 + 45*B*a*b**5/11)/(10*b**2) - 17*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 155*B*a**2*b**4/11 - 19*a*(A*b**6 + 45*B*a*b**5/11)/(10*b))/(9*b))/(8*b)/(7*b**2) + x**5*(15*A*a**4*b**2 + 6*B*a**5*b - 7*a**2*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 9*a**2*(A*b**6 + 45*B*a*b**5/11)/(10*b**2) - 17*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 155*B*a**2*b**4/11 - 19*a*(A*b**6 + 45*B*a*b**5/11)/(10*b))/(9*b))/(8*b**2) - 13*a*(20*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**2 - 8*a**2*(6*A*a*b**5 + 155*B*a**2*b**4/11 - 19*a*(A*b**6 + 45*B*a*b**5/11)/(10*b))/(9*b**2) - 15*a*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 9*a**2*(A*b**6 + 45*B*a*b**5/11)/(10*b**2) - 17*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 155*B*a**2*b**4/11 - 19*a*(A*b**6 + 45*B*a*b**5/11)/(10*b))/(9*b))/(8*b)/(7*b))/(6*b**2) + x**4*(6*A*a**5*b + B*a**6 - 6*a**2*(20*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**2 - 8*a**2*(6*A*a*b**5 + 155*B*a**2*b**4/11 - 19*a*(A*b**6 + 45*B*a*b**5/11)/(10*b))/(9*b**2) - 15*a*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 9*a**2*(A*b**6 + 45*B*a*b**5...`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 361, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^4(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Bx^4}{11b^2} \\
&- \frac{3(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Bax^3}{22b^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ax^3}{10b^2} \\
&- \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ba^5x}{6b^5} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Aa^4x}{6b^4} \\
&+ \frac{31(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ba^2x^2}{198b^4} - \frac{13(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Aax^2}{90b^3} \\
&- \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ba^6}{6b^6} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Aa^5}{6b^5} \\
&- \frac{65(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ba^3x}{396b^5} + \frac{29(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Aa^2x}{180b^4} \\
&+ \frac{461(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ba^4}{2772b^6} - \frac{209(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Aa^3}{1260b^5}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/11*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*x^4/b^2 - 3/22*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*a*x^3/b^3 + 1/10*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*x^3/b^2 - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a^5*x/b^5 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*a^4*x/b^4 + 31/198*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*a^2*x^2/b^4 - 13/90*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*a*x^2/b^3 - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a^6/b^6 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*a^5/b^5 - 65/396*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*a^3*x/b^5 + 29/180*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*a^2*x/b^4 + 461/2772*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*a^4/b^6 - 209/1260*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*a^3/b^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^4(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{11} Bb^5x^{11}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{2} Bab^4x^{10}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{10} Ab^5x^{10}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{10}{9} Ba^2b^3x^9\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{5}{9} Aab^4x^9\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{5}{4} Ba^3b^2x^8\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{5}{4} Aa^2b^3x^8\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{5}{7} Ba^4bx^7\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{10}{7} Aa^3b^2x^7\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{6} Ba^5x^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{5}{6} Aa^4bx^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{5} Aa^5x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - \frac{(5Ba^{11} - 11Aa^{10}b)\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}{13860b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/11*B*b^5*x^11*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/2*B*a*b^4*x^10*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/10*A*b^5*x^10*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/9*B*a^2*b^3*x^9*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/9*A*a*b^4*x^9*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/4*B*a^3*b^2*x^8*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/4*A*a^2*b^3*x^8*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/7*B*a^4*b*x^7*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/7*A*a^3*b^2*x^7*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/6*B*a^5*x^6*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/6*A*a^4*b*x^6*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/5*A*a^5*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) - 1/13860*(5*B*a^11 - 11*A*a^10*b)*sgn(b*x + a)/b^6`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int x^4(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x^4*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^4*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^5(210b^6x^6 + 1386ab^5x^5 + 3850a^2b^4x^4 + 5775a^3b^3x^3 + 4950a^4b^2x^2 + 2310a^5bx + 462a^6)}{2310}$$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `(x**5*(462*a**6 + 2310*a**5*b*x + 4950*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 5775*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 3850*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 1386*a*b**5*x**5 + 210*b**6*x**6))/2310`

3.315 $\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	2504
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2505
Rubi [A] (verified)	2505
Maple [A] (verified)	2507
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2507
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2508
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2509
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2510
Mupad [F(-1)]	2510
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2511

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 212

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{a^3(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{6b^5}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2(3Ab - 4aB)(a + bx)^6\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7b^5}$$

$$- \frac{3a(Ab - 2aB)(a + bx)^7\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{8b^5}$$

$$+ \frac{(Ab - 4aB)(a + bx)^8\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{9b^5} + \frac{B(a + bx)^9\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{10b^5}$$

output

```
-1/6*a^3*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^5*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^5+1/7*a^2*(3*A*b-4*B*a)*
(b*x+a)^6*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^5-3/8*a*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^7*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/
2)/b^5+1/9*(A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^8*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^5+1/10*B*(b*x+a)^9*((
b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^4 \sqrt{(a + bx)^2} (126a^5(5A + 4Bx) + 420a^4bx(6A + 5Bx) + 600a^3b^2x^2(7A + 6Bx) + 450a^2b^3x^3(8A + 7Bx) + 175a^2b^4x^4(9A + 8Bx) + 28b^5x^5(10A + 9Bx))}{2520(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(x^4*sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(126*a^5*(5*A + 4*B*x) + 420*a^4*b*x*(6*A + 5*B*x) + 600*a^3*b^2*x^2*(7*A + 6*B*x) + 450*a^2*b^3*x^3*(8*A + 7*B*x) + 175*a^2*b^4*x^4*(9*A + 8*B*x) + 28*b^5*x^5*(10*A + 9*B*x)))/(2520*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int b^5x^3(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x^3(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{B(a+bx)^9}{b^4} + \frac{(Ab-4aB)(a+bx)^8}{b^4} + \frac{3a(2aB-Ab)(a+bx)^7}{b^4} - \frac{a^2(4aB-3Ab)(a+bx)^6}{b^4} + \frac{a^3(aB-Ab)(a+bx)^5}{b^4} \right)}{a+bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^3(a+bx)^6(Ab-aB)}{6b^5} + \frac{a^2(a+bx)^7(3Ab-4aB)}{7b^5} + \frac{(a+bx)^9(Ab-4aB)}{9b^5} - \frac{3a(a+bx)^8(Ab-2aB)}{8b^5} + \frac{B(a+bx)^{10}}{10b^5} \right)}{a+bx}$$

input `Int[x^3*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*(-1/6*(a^3*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^6)/b^5 + (a^2*(3*A*b - 4*a*B)*(a + b*x)^7)/(7*b^5) - (3*a*(A*b - 2*a*B)*(a + b*x)^8)/(8*b^5) + ((A*b - 4*a*B)*(a + b*x)^9)/(9*b^5) + (B*(a + b*x)^10)/(10*b^5)))/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^4(252Bb^5x^6+280Ab^5x^5+1400Bab^4x^5+1575Aab^4x^4+3150Ba^2b^3x^4+3600Aa^2b^3x^3+3600Ba^3b^2x^3+4200Aa^3b^2x^2+2100Ba^4b^2x^2+2520Aa^4b^2x+2520Aa^4b^2)}{2520(bx+a)^5}$
default	$\frac{x^4(252Bb^5x^6+280Ab^5x^5+1400Bab^4x^5+1575Aab^4x^4+3150Ba^2b^3x^4+3600Aa^2b^3x^3+3600Ba^3b^2x^3+4200Aa^3b^2x^2+2100Ba^4b^2x^2+2520Aa^4b^2x+2520Aa^4b^2)}{2520(bx+a)^5}$
orering	$\frac{x^4(252Bb^5x^6+280Ab^5x^5+1400Bab^4x^5+1575Aab^4x^4+3150Ba^2b^3x^4+3600Aa^2b^3x^3+3600Ba^3b^2x^3+4200Aa^3b^2x^2+2100Ba^4b^2x^2+2520Aa^4b^2x+2520Aa^4b^2)}{2520(bx+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}b^5Bx^{10}}{10bx+10a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(Ab^5+5Bab^4)x^9}{9bx+9a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(5Aab^4+10Ba^2b^3)x^8}{8bx+8a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(10Aa^3b^3+10Ba^3b^2)x^7}{7bx+7a}$

input

```
int(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2520*x^4*(252*B*b^5*x^6+280*A*b^5*x^5+1400*B*a*b^4*x^5+1575*A*a*b^4*x^4+
3150*B*a^2*b^3*x^4+3600*A*a^2*b^3*x^3+3600*B*a^3*b^2*x^3+4200*A*a^3*b^2*x^
2+2100*B*a^4*b*x^2+2520*A*a^4*b*x+504*B*a^5*x+630*A*a^5)*((b*x+a)^2)^(5/2)
/(b*x+a)^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int x^3(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{10}Bb^5x^{10} + \frac{1}{4}Aa^5x^4 + \frac{1}{9}(5Bab^4+Ab^5)x^9 + \frac{5}{8}(2Ba^2b^3+Aab^4)x^8 + \frac{10}{7}(Ba^3b^2+Aa^2b^3)x^7 + \frac{5}{6}(Ba^4b+2Aa^3b^2)x^6 + \frac{1}{5}(Ba^5+5Aa^4b)x^5$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
1/10*B*b^5*x^10 + 1/4*A*a^5*x^4 + 1/9*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^9 + 5/8*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^8 + 10/7*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^7 + 5/6*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^6 + 1/5*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x^5
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 9493 vs. $2(156) = 312$.

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9493, normalized size of antiderivative = 44.78

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(B*b**4*x**9/10 + x**8*(A*b**6 + 41*B*a*b**5/10)/(9*b**2) + x**7*(6*A*a*b**5 + 141*B*a**2*b**4/10 - 17*a*(A*b**6 + 41*B*a*b**5/10)/(9*b))/(8*b**2) + x**6*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 8*a**2*(A*b**6 + 41*B*a*b**5/10)/(9*b**2) - 15*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 141*B*a**2*b**4/10 - 17*a*(A*b**6 + 41*B*a*b**5/10)/(9*b))/(8*b))/(7*b**2) + x**5*(20*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**2 - 7*a**2*(6*A*a*b**5 + 141*B*a**2*b**4/10 - 17*a*(A*b**6 + 41*B*a*b**5/10)/(9*b))/(8*b**2) - 13*a*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 8*a**2*(A*b**6 + 41*B*a*b**5/10)/(9*b**2) - 15*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 141*B*a**2*b**4/10 - 17*a*(A*b**6 + 41*B*a*b**5/10)/(9*b))/(8*b))/(7*b))/(6*b**2) + x**4*(15*A*a**4*b**2 + 6*B*a**5*b - 6*a**2*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 8*a**2*(A*b**6 + 41*B*a*b**5/10)/(9*b**2) - 15*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 141*B*a**2*b**4/10 - 17*a*(A*b**6 + 41*B*a*b**5/10)/(9*b))/(8*b))/(7*b**2) - 11*a*(20*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**2 - 7*a**2*(6*A*a*b**5 + 141*B*a**2*b**4/10 - 17*a*(A*b**6 + 41*B*a*b**5/10)/(9*b))/(8*b**2) - 13*a*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 8*a**2*(A*b**6 + 41*B*a*b**5/10)/(9*b**2) - 15*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 141*B*a**2*b**4/10 - 17*a*(A*b**6 + 41*B*a*b**5/10)/(9*b))/(8*b))/(7*b))/(6*b))/(5*b**2) + x**3*(6*A*a**5*b + B*a**6 - 5*a**2*(20*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**2 - 7*a**2*(6*A*a*b**5 + 141*B*a**2*b**4/10 - 17*a*(A*b**6 + 41*B*a*b**5/10)/(9*b))/(8*b**2) - 13*a*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 8*a**2*(A*b**6 + 41*B*a*b**5/10)/(9*b**2) ...
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 301 vs. $2(149) = 298$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int x^3(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Bx^3}{10b^2} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ba^4x}{6b^4} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Aa^3x}{6b^3} - \frac{13(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Bax^2}{90b^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ax^2}{9b^2} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ba^5}{6b^5} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Aa^4}{6b^4} + \frac{29(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ba^2x}{180b^4} - \frac{11(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Aax}{72b^3} - \frac{209(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ba^3}{1260b^5} + \frac{83(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Aa^2}{504b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/10*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*x^3/b^2 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a^4*x/b^4 - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*a^3*x/b^3 - 13/90*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*a*x^2/b^3 + 1/9*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*x^2/b^2 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a^5/b^5 - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*a^4/b^4 + 29/180*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*a^2*x/b^4 - 11/72*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*a*x/b^3 - 209/1260*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*a^3/b^5 + 83/504*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*a^2/b^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int x^3(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{10} Bb^5x^{10}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{5}{9} Bab^4x^9\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{9} Ab^5x^9\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{5}{4} Ba^2b^3x^8\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{5}{8} Aab^4x^8\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{10}{7} Ba^3b^2x^7\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{10}{7} Aa^2b^3x^7\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{5}{6} Ba^4bx^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{5}{3} Aa^3b^2x^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{5} Ba^5x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + Aa^4bx^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{1}{4} Aa^5x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{(2Ba^{10} - 5Aa^9b)\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}{2520b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/10*B*b^5*x^10*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/9*B*a*b^4*x^9*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/9*A*b^5*x^9*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/4*B*a^2*b^3*x^8*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/8*A*a*b^4*x^8*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/7*B*a^3*b^2*x^7*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/7*A*a^2*b^3*x^7*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/6*B*a^4*b*x^6*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/3*A*a^3*b^2*x^6*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/5*B*a^5*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) + A*a^4*b*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/4*A*a^5*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/2520*(2*B*a^10 - 5*A*a^9*b)*sgn(b*x + a)/b^5`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int x^3(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^3*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^4(84b^6x^6 + 560ab^5x^5 + 1575a^2b^4x^4 + 2400a^3b^3x^3 + 2100a^4b^2x^2 + 1008a^5bx + 210a^6)}{840}$$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `(x**4*(210*a**6 + 1008*a**5*b*x + 2100*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 2400*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 1575*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 560*a*b**5*x**5 + 84*b**6*x**6))/840`

3.316 $\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	2512
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2513
Rubi [A] (verified)	2513
Maple [A] (verified)	2515
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2515
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2516
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2517
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2517
Mupad [F(-1)]	2518
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2518

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^2(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{6b^4} - \frac{a(2Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^6\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7b^4} + \frac{(Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^7\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{8b^4} + \frac{B(a + bx)^8\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{9b^4}$$

output $\frac{1}{6}a^2(Ab - B*a)*(b*x+a)^5*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^4 - \frac{1}{7}a*(2*A*b - 3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^6*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^4 + \frac{1}{8}*(A*b - 3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^7*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^4 + \frac{1}{9}B*(b*x+a)^8*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^4$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^3\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(42a^5(4A + 3Bx) + 126a^4bx(5A + 4Bx) + 168a^3b^2x^2(6A + 5Bx) + 120a^2b^3x^3(7A + 6Bx) + 45ab^4x^4(8A + 7Bx) + 7b^5x^5(9A + 8Bx))}{504(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(x^3*sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(42*a^5*(4*A + 3*B*x) + 126*a^4*b*x*(5*A + 4*B*x) + 168*a^3*b^2*x^2*(6*A + 5*B*x) + 120*a^2*b^3*x^3*(7*A + 6*B*x) + 45*a*b^4*x^4*(8*A + 7*B*x) + 7*b^5*x^5*(9*A + 8*B*x)))/(504*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int b^5x^2(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x^2(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{B(a+bx)^8}{b^3} + \frac{(Ab-3aB)(a+bx)^7}{b^3} + \frac{a(3aB-2Ab)(a+bx)^6}{b^3} - \frac{a^2(aB-Ab)(a+bx)^5}{b^3} \right) dx}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{a^2(a+bx)^6(Ab-aB)}{6b^4} + \frac{(a+bx)^8(Ab-3aB)}{8b^4} - \frac{a(a+bx)^7(2Ab-3aB)}{7b^4} + \frac{B(a+bx)^9}{9b^4} \right)}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

input `Int[x^2*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((a^2*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^6)/(6*b^4) - (a*(2*A*b - 3*a*B)*(a + b*x)^7)/(7*b^4) + ((A*b - 3*a*B)*(a + b*x)^8)/(8*b^4) + (B*(a + b*x)^9)/(9*b^4)))/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^3(56Bb^5x^6+63Ab^5x^5+315Bab^4x^5+360Aab^4x^4+720Ba^2b^3x^4+840Aa^2b^3x^3+840Ba^3b^2x^3+1008Aa^3b^2x^2+504Ba^4bx^2+630Aa^4bx^2+630Aa^4bx^2+630Aa^4bx^2)}{504(bx+a)^5}$
default	$\frac{x^3(56Bb^5x^6+63Ab^5x^5+315Bab^4x^5+360Aab^4x^4+720Ba^2b^3x^4+840Aa^2b^3x^3+840Ba^3b^2x^3+1008Aa^3b^2x^2+504Ba^4bx^2+630Aa^4bx^2+630Aa^4bx^2+630Aa^4bx^2)}{504(bx+a)^5}$
orering	$\frac{x^3(56Bb^5x^6+63Ab^5x^5+315Bab^4x^5+360Aab^4x^4+720Ba^2b^3x^4+840Aa^2b^3x^3+840Ba^3b^2x^3+1008Aa^3b^2x^2+504Ba^4bx^2+630Aa^4bx^2+630Aa^4bx^2+630Aa^4bx^2)}{504(bx+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}Bb^5x^9}{9bx+9a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(Ab^5+5Bab^4)x^8}{8bx+8a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(5Aab^4+10Ba^2b^3)x^7}{7bx+7a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(10Aa^2b^3+10Ba^3b^2)x^6}{6bx+6a}$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/504*x^3*(56*B*b^5*x^6+63*A*b^5*x^5+315*B*a*b^4*x^5+360*A*a*b^4*x^4+720*B*a^2*b^3*x^4+840*A*a^2*b^3*x^3+840*B*a^3*b^2*x^3+1008*A*a^3*b^2*x^2+504*B*a^4*b*x^2+630*A*a^4*b*x+126*B*a^5*x+168*A*a^5)*((b*x+a)^2)^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int x^2(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{9}Bb^5x^9 + \frac{1}{3}Aa^5x^3 + \frac{1}{8}(5Bab^4+Ab^5)x^8 + \frac{5}{7}(2Ba^2b^3+Aab^4)x^7 + \frac{5}{3}(Ba^3b^2+Aa^2b^3)x^6 + (Ba^4b+2Aa^3b^2)x^5 + \frac{1}{4}(Ba^5+5Aa^4b)x^4$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9*B*b^5*x^9 + 1/3*A*a^5*x^3 + 1/8*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^8 + 5/7*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^7 + 5/3*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^6 + (B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x^4`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5836 vs. $2(121) = 242$.

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5836, normalized size of antiderivative = 34.95

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(B*b**4*x**8/9 + x**7*(A*b**6 + 37*B*a*b**5/9)/(8*b**2) + x**6*(6*A*a*b**5 + 127*B*a**2*b**4/9 - 15*a*(A*b**6 + 37*B*a*b**5/9)/(8*b))/(7*b**2) + x**5*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 7*a**2*(A*b**6 + 37*B*a*b**5/9)/(8*b**2) - 13*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 127*B*a**2*b**4/9 - 15*a*(A*b**6 + 37*B*a*b**5/9)/(8*b))/(7*b))/(6*b**2) + x**4*(20*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**2 - 6*a**2*(6*A*a*b**5 + 127*B*a**2*b**4/9 - 15*a*(A*b**6 + 37*B*a*b**5/9)/(8*b))/(7*b**2) - 11*a*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 7*a**2*(A*b**6 + 37*B*a*b**5/9)/(8*b**2) - 13*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 127*B*a**2*b**4/9 - 15*a*(A*b**6 + 37*B*a*b**5/9)/(8*b))/(7*b))/(6*b**2) + x**3*(15*A*a**4*b**2 + 6*B*a**5*b - 5*a**2*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 7*a**2*(A*b**6 + 37*B*a*b**5/9)/(8*b**2) - 13*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 127*B*a**2*b**4/9 - 15*a*(A*b**6 + 37*B*a*b**5/9)/(8*b))/(7*b))/(6*b**2) - 9*a*(20*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**2 - 6*a**2*(6*A*a*b**5 + 127*B*a**2*b**4/9 - 15*a*(A*b**6 + 37*B*a*b**5/9)/(8*b))/(7*b**2) - 11*a*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 7*a**2*(A*b**6 + 37*B*a*b**5/9)/(8*b**2) - 13*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 127*B*a**2*b**4/9 - 15*a*(A*b**6 + 37*B*a*b**5/9)/(8*b))/(7*b))/(6*b**2) + x**2*(6*A*a**5*b + B*a**6 - 4*a**2*(20*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**2 - 6*a**2*(6*A*a*b**5 + 127*B*a**2*b**4/9 - 15*a*(A*b**6 + 37*B*a*b**5/9)/(8*b))/(7*b**2) - 11*a*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 7*a**2*(A*b**6 + 37*B*a*b**5/9)/(8*b**2) - 13*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 127...`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 241 vs. $2(116) = 232$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2}Ba^3x}{6b^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2}Aa^2x}{6b^2} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2}Bx^2}{9b^2} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2}Ba^4}{6b^4} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2}Aa^3}{6b^3} - \frac{11(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2}Bax}{72b^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2}Ax}{8b^2} + \frac{83(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2}Ba^2}{504b^4} - \frac{9(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2}Aa}{56b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a^3*x/b^3 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*a^2*x/b^2 + 1/9*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*x^2/b^2 - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a^4/b^4 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*a^3/b^3 - 11/72*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*a*x/b^3 + 1/8*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*x/b^2 + 83/504*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*a^2/b^4 - 9/56*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*a/b^3
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{9}Bb^5x^9\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{5}{8}Bab^4x^8\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{8}Ab^5x^8\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{10}{7}Ba^2b^3x^7\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{5}{7}Aab^4x^7\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{5}{3}Ba^3b^2x^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{5}{3}Aa^2b^3x^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Ba^4bx^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2Aa^3b^2x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{4}Ba^5x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{5}{4}Aa^4bx^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{3}Aa^5x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - \frac{(Ba^9 - 3Aa^8b)\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{504b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/9*B*b^5*x^9*\text{sgn}(b*x + a) + 5/8*B*a*b^4*x^8*\text{sgn}(b*x + a) + 1/8*A*b^5*x^8* \\ & \text{sgn}(b*x + a) + 10/7*B*a^2*b^3*x^7*\text{sgn}(b*x + a) + 5/7*A*a*b^4*x^7*\text{sgn}(b*x + \\ & a) + 5/3*B*a^3*b^2*x^6*\text{sgn}(b*x + a) + 5/3*A*a^2*b^3*x^6*\text{sgn}(b*x + a) + B* \\ & a^4*b*x^5*\text{sgn}(b*x + a) + 2*A*a^3*b^2*x^5*\text{sgn}(b*x + a) + 1/4*B*a^5*x^4*\text{sgn}(\\ & b*x + a) + 5/4*A*a^4*b*x^4*\text{sgn}(b*x + a) + 1/3*A*a^5*x^3*\text{sgn}(b*x + a) - 1/5 \\ & 04*(B*a^9 - 3*A*a^8*b)*\text{sgn}(b*x + a)/b^4 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^3(28b^6x^6 + 189ab^5x^5 + 540a^2b^4x^4 + 840a^3b^3x^3 + 756a^4b^2x^2 + 378a^5bx + 84a^6)}{252}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `(x**3*(84*a**6 + 378*a**5*b*x + 756*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 840*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 540*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 189*a*b**5*x**5 + 28*b**6*x**6))/252`

3.317 $\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	2519
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2519
Rubi [A] (verified)	2520
Maple [A] (verified)	2521
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2522
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2522
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2523
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2524
Mupad [F(-1)]	2525
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2525

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{a(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{6b^3} + \frac{(Ab - 2aB)(a + bx)^6 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7b^3} + \frac{B(a + bx)^7 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{8b^3}$$

output `-1/6*a*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^5*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^3+1/7*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^6*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^3+1/8*B*(b*x+a)^7*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{(a + bx)^2} (28a^5(3A + 2Bx) + 70a^4bx(4A + 3Bx) + 84a^3b^2x^2(5A + 4Bx) + 56a^2b^3x^3(4A + 3Bx))}{168(a + bx)}$$

input `Integrate[x*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(x^2 \sqrt{(a + bx)^2}) * (28a^5(3A + 2Bx) + 70a^4bx(4A + 3Bx) + 84a^3b^2x^2(5A + 4Bx) + 56a^2b^3x^3(6A + 5Bx) + 20ab^4x^4(7A + 6Bx) + 3b^5x^5(8A + 7Bx))}{168(a + bx)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int b^5x(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{B(a+bx)^7}{b^2} + \frac{(Ab-2aB)(a+bx)^6}{b^2} + \frac{a(aB-Ab)(a+bx)^5}{b^2} \right) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{(a+bx)^7(Ab-2aB)}{7b^3} - \frac{a(a+bx)^6(Ab-aB)}{6b^3} + \frac{B(a+bx)^8}{8b^3} \right)}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}) * (-1/6 * (a * (A * b - a * B)) * (a + bx)^6) / b^3 + ((A * b - 2 * a * B) * (a + bx)^7) / (7 * b^3) + (B * (a + bx)^8) / (8 * b^3)}{(a + bx)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 85 $\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)) * ((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] :> \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$

rule 1187 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)} * ((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * (b/2 + c*x)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m * (f + g*x)^n * (b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^2(21Bb^5x^6+24Ab^5x^5+120Ba^4b^4x^5+140Aa^4b^4x^4+280Ba^2b^3x^4+336Aa^2b^3x^3+336Ba^3b^2x^3+420Aa^3b^2x^2+210Ba^4bx^2+280Aa^4b^2x^2+280Aa^4b^2x^2+280Aa^4b^2x^2)}{168(bx+a)^5}$
default	$\frac{x^2(21Bb^5x^6+24Ab^5x^5+120Ba^4b^4x^5+140Aa^4b^4x^4+280Ba^2b^3x^4+336Aa^2b^3x^3+336Ba^3b^2x^3+420Aa^3b^2x^2+210Ba^4bx^2+280Aa^4b^2x^2+280Aa^4b^2x^2)}{168(bx+a)^5}$
orering	$\frac{x^2(21Bb^5x^6+24Ab^5x^5+120Ba^4b^4x^5+140Aa^4b^4x^4+280Ba^2b^3x^4+336Aa^2b^3x^3+336Ba^3b^2x^3+420Aa^3b^2x^2+210Ba^4bx^2+280Aa^4b^2x^2+280Aa^4b^2x^2)}{168(bx+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} B b^5 x^8}{8bx+8a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (A b^5+5B a b^4) x^7}{7bx+7a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (5A a b^4+10B a^2 b^3) x^6}{6bx+6a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (10A a^2 b^3+10B a^3 b^2) x^5}{5bx+5a}$

input $\text{int}(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^{(5/2}), x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
1/168*x^2*(21*B*b^5*x^6+24*A*b^5*x^5+120*B*a*b^4*x^5+140*A*a*b^4*x^4+280*B
*a^2*b^3*x^4+336*A*a^2*b^3*x^3+336*B*a^3*b^2*x^3+420*A*a^3*b^2*x^2+210*B*a
^4*b*x^2+280*A*a^4*b*x+56*B*a^5*x+84*A*a^5)*((b*x+a)^2)^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{8} Bb^5x^8 + \frac{1}{2} Aa^5x^2 + \frac{1}{7} (5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^7 + \frac{5}{6} (2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^6 + 2(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^5 + \frac{5}{4} (Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x^3$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/8*B*b^5*x^8 + 1/2*A*a^5*x^2 + 1/7*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^7 + 5/6*(2*B*a^2
*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^6 + 2*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^5 + 5/4*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a
^3*b^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x^3
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3563 vs. $2(85) = 170$.

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3563, normalized size of antiderivative = 29.45

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(B*b**4*x**7/8 + x**6*(A*b**6
+ 33*B*a*b**5/8)/(7*b**2) + x**5*(6*A*a*b**5 + 113*B*a**2*b**4/8 - 13*a*(A
*b**6 + 33*B*a*b**5/8)/(7*b))/(6*b**2) + x**4*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*
b**3 - 6*a**2*(A*b**6 + 33*B*a*b**5/8)/(7*b**2) - 11*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 113*B
*a**2*b**4/8 - 13*a*(A*b**6 + 33*B*a*b**5/8)/(7*b))/(6*b))/(5*b**2) + x**3
*(20*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**2 - 5*a**2*(6*A*a*b**5 + 113*B*a**2*b**4/8
- 13*a*(A*b**6 + 33*B*a*b**5/8)/(7*b))/(6*b**2) - 9*a*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 2
0*B*a**3*b**3 - 6*a**2*(A*b**6 + 33*B*a*b**5/8)/(7*b**2) - 11*a*(6*A*a*b**
5 + 113*B*a**2*b**4/8 - 13*a*(A*b**6 + 33*B*a*b**5/8)/(7*b))/(6*b))/(5*b)
)/(4*b**2) + x**2*(15*A*a**4*b**2 + 6*B*a**5*b - 4*a**2*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 2
0*B*a**3*b**3 - 6*a**2*(A*b**6 + 33*B*a*b**5/8)/(7*b**2) - 11*a*(6*A*a*b**
5 + 113*B*a**2*b**4/8 - 13*a*(A*b**6 + 33*B*a*b**5/8)/(7*b))/(6*b))/(5*b**
2) - 7*a*(20*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**2 - 5*a**2*(6*A*a*b**5 + 113*B*a**
2*b**4/8 - 13*a*(A*b**6 + 33*B*a*b**5/8)/(7*b))/(6*b**2) - 9*a*(15*A*a**2*
b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 6*a**2*(A*b**6 + 33*B*a*b**5/8)/(7*b**2) - 11*a*(6
*A*a*b**5 + 113*B*a**2*b**4/8 - 13*a*(A*b**6 + 33*B*a*b**5/8)/(7*b))/(6*b)
)/(5*b))/(4*b))/(3*b**2) + x*(6*A*a**5*b + B*a**6 - 3*a**2*(20*A*a**3*b**3
+ 15*B*a**4*b**2 - 5*a**2*(6*A*a*b**5 + 113*B*a**2*b**4/8 - 13*a*(A*b**6
+ 33*B*a*b**5/8)/(7*b))/(6*b**2) - 9*a*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 -
6*a**2*(A*b**6 + 33*B*a*b**5/8)/(7*b**2) - 11*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 113*B*a**...
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 183 vs. $2(83) = 166$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ba^2x}{6b^2} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Aax}{6b} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ba^3}{6b^3} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Aa^2}{6b^2} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Bx}{8b^2} - \frac{9(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Ba}{56b^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} A}{7b^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)}*B*a^2*x/b^2 - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + \\ & a^2)^{(5/2)}*A*a*x/b + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)}*B*a^3/b^3 - 1/6* \\ & (b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)}*A*a^2/b^2 + 1/8*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(7/2)} \\ & *B*x/b^2 - 9/56*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(7/2)}*B*a/b^3 + 1/7*(b^2*x^2 \\ & + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(7/2)}*A/b^2 \end{aligned}$$
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 221 vs. 2(83) = 166.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\begin{aligned} \int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{1}{8} Bb^5x^8 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) \\ &+ \frac{5}{7} Bab^4x^7 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{7} Ab^5x^7 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{5}{3} Ba^2b^3x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) \\ &+ \frac{5}{6} Aab^4x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2Ba^3b^2x^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2Aa^2b^3x^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) \\ &+ \frac{5}{4} Ba^4bx^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{5}{2} Aa^3b^2x^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{3} Ba^5x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) \\ &+ \frac{5}{3} Aa^4bx^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{2} Aa^5x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{(Ba^8 - 4Aa^7b) \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{168b^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/8*B*b^5*x^8*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 5/7*B*a*b^4*x^7*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 1/7*A*b^5*x^7* \\ & \operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 5/3*B*a^2*b^3*x^6*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 5/6*A*a*b^4*x^6*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + \\ & a) + 2*B*a^3*b^2*x^5*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 2*A*a^2*b^3*x^5*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 5/4*B*a \\ & ^4*b*x^4*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 5/2*A*a^3*b^2*x^4*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 1/3*B*a^5*x^3*\operatorname{sgn} \\ & (b*x + a) + 5/3*A*a^4*b*x^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 1/2*A*a^5*x^2*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 1/ \\ & 168*(B*a^8 - 4*A*a^7*b)*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a)/b^3 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `int(x*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int x(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^2(7b^6x^6 + 48ab^5x^5 + 140a^2b^4x^4 + 224a^3b^3x^3 + 210a^4b^2x^2 + 112a^5bx + 28a^6)}{56}$$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `(x**2*(28*a**6 + 112*a**5*b*x + 210*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 224*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 140*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 48*a*b**5*x**5 + 7*b**6*x**6))/56`

3.318 $\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	2526
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2526
Rubi [A] (verified)	2527
Maple [B] (verified)	2528
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2529
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2529
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2530
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2531
Mupad [F(-1)]	2532
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2532

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{6b^2} + \frac{B(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7b^2}$$

output $\frac{1}{6}*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^5*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^2+1/7*B*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^{(7/2)}/b^2$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{(a + bx)^2} (21a^5(2A + Bx) + 35a^4bx(3A + 2Bx) + 35a^3b^2x^2(4A + 3Bx) + 21a^2b^3x^3(5A + 2Bx))}{42(a + bx)}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
(x*sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(21*a^5*(2*A + B*x) + 35*a^4*b*x*(3*A + 2*B*x) + 35*a^3*b^2*x^2*(4*A + 3*B*x) + 21*a^2*b^3*x^3*(5*A + 4*B*x) + 7*a*b^4*x^4*(6*A + 5*B*x) + b^5*x^5*(7*A + 6*B*x)))/(42*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$, Rules used = {1100, 1079, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1100$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int (a^2 + 2bxa + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{b} + \frac{B(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1079$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(Ab - aB) \int (xb^2 + ab)^5 dx}{b^6(a + bx)} + \frac{B(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 17$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(a + bx)^5(Ab - aB)}{6b^2} + \frac{B(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7b^2}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
((A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^5*sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/(6*b^2) + (B*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*b^2)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 17 $\text{Int}[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{\text{m_}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*((a + b*x)^{\text{m} + 1})/(b*(\text{m} + 1))], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 1079 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{\text{p_}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \ \text{Int}[(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1100 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{\text{p_}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{p} + 1})/(2*c*(\text{p} + 1))], x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{p}}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 137 vs. $2(54) = 108$.

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x(6Bb^5x^6 + 7Ab^5x^5 + 35Ba^4b^4x^5 + 42Aa^4b^4x^4 + 84Ba^2b^3x^4 + 105Aa^2b^3x^3 + 105Ba^3b^2x^3 + 140Aa^3b^2x^2 + 70Ba^4bx^2 + 105Aa^4bx + 21Aa^5)x^7}{42(bx+a)^5}$
default	$\frac{x(6Bb^5x^6 + 7Ab^5x^5 + 35Ba^4b^4x^5 + 42Aa^4b^4x^4 + 84Ba^2b^3x^4 + 105Aa^2b^3x^3 + 105Ba^3b^2x^3 + 140Aa^3b^2x^2 + 70Ba^4bx^2 + 105Aa^4bx + 21Aa^5)x^7}{42(bx+a)^5}$
orering	$\frac{x(6Bb^5x^6 + 7Ab^5x^5 + 35Ba^4b^4x^5 + 42Aa^4b^4x^4 + 84Ba^2b^3x^4 + 105Aa^2b^3x^3 + 105Ba^3b^2x^3 + 140Aa^3b^2x^2 + 70Ba^4bx^2 + 105Aa^4bx + 21Aa^5)x^7}{42(bx+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} b^5 B x^7}{7bx+7a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (A b^5 + 5B a b^4) x^6}{6bx+6a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (5A a b^4 + 10B a^2 b^3) x^5}{5bx+5a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (10A a^2 b^3 + 10B a^3 b^2) x^4}{4bx+4a}$

input $\text{int}((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^{(5/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $1/42*x*(6*B*b^5*x^6+7*A*b^5*x^5+35*B*a*b^4*x^5+42*A*a*b^4*x^4+84*B*a^2*b^3*x^4+105*A*a^2*b^3*x^3+105*B*a^3*b^2*x^3+140*A*a^3*b^2*x^2+70*B*a^4*b*x^2+105*A*a^4*b*x+21*B*a^5*x+42*A*a^5)*((b*x+a)^2)^{(5/2)}/(b*x+a)^5$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 115 vs. $2(54) = 108$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{7} Bb^5x^7 + Aa^5x + \frac{1}{6} (5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^6 + (2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^5 + \frac{5}{2} (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^4 + \frac{5}{3} (Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/7*B*b^5*x^7 + A*a^5*x + 1/6*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^6 + (2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^5 + 5/2*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^4 + 5/3*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2147 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2147, normalized size of antiderivative = 30.24

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(B*b**4*x**6/7 + x**5*(A*b**6
+ 29*B*a*b**5/7)/(6*b**2) + x**4*(6*A*a*b**5 + 99*B*a**2*b**4/7 - 11*a*(A*
b**6 + 29*B*a*b**5/7)/(6*b))/(5*b**2) + x**3*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b
**3 - 5*a**2*(A*b**6 + 29*B*a*b**5/7)/(6*b**2) - 9*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 99*B*a*
**2*b**4/7 - 11*a*(A*b**6 + 29*B*a*b**5/7)/(6*b))/(5*b))/(4*b**2) + x**2*(2
0*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**2 - 4*a**2*(6*A*a*b**5 + 99*B*a**2*b**4/7 - 1
1*a*(A*b**6 + 29*B*a*b**5/7)/(6*b))/(5*b**2) - 7*a*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*
a**3*b**3 - 5*a**2*(A*b**6 + 29*B*a*b**5/7)/(6*b**2) - 9*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 9
9*B*a**2*b**4/7 - 11*a*(A*b**6 + 29*B*a*b**5/7)/(6*b))/(5*b))/(4*b))/(3*b
**2) + x*(15*A*a**4*b**2 + 6*B*a**5*b - 3*a**2*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*
b**3 - 5*a**2*(A*b**6 + 29*B*a*b**5/7)/(6*b**2) - 9*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 99*B*a
**2*b**4/7 - 11*a*(A*b**6 + 29*B*a*b**5/7)/(6*b))/(5*b))/(4*b**2) - 5*a*(2
0*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**2 - 4*a**2*(6*A*a*b**5 + 99*B*a**2*b**4/7 - 1
1*a*(A*b**6 + 29*B*a*b**5/7)/(6*b))/(5*b**2) - 7*a*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*
a**3*b**3 - 5*a**2*(A*b**6 + 29*B*a*b**5/7)/(6*b**2) - 9*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 9
9*B*a**2*b**4/7 - 11*a*(A*b**6 + 29*B*a*b**5/7)/(6*b))/(5*b))/(4*b))/(3*b
))/(2*b**2) + (6*A*a**5*b + B*a**6 - 2*a**2*(20*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*b**
2 - 4*a**2*(6*A*a*b**5 + 99*B*a**2*b**4/7 - 11*a*(A*b**6 + 29*B*a*b**5/7)/
(6*b))/(5*b**2) - 7*a*(15*A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3 - 5*a**2*(A*b**6 +
29*B*a*b**5/7)/(6*b**2) - 9*a*(6*A*a*b**5 + 99*B*a**2*b**4/7 - 11*a*(A...
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 125 vs. $2(54) = 108$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{6} (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ax$$

$$- \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bax}{6b} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ba^2}{6b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Aa}{6b} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} B}{7b^2}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{6}(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2}Ax - \frac{1}{6}(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2}Bax/b - \frac{1}{6}(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2}Ba^2/b^2 + \frac{1}{6}(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2}Aa/b + \frac{1}{7}(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2}B/b^2$$
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 217 vs. $2(54) = 108$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int (A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{7}Bb^5x^7\text{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{5}{6}Bab^4x^6\text{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{6}Ab^5x^6\text{sgn}(bx + a) + 2Ba^2b^3x^5\text{sgn}(bx + a) + Aab^4x^5\text{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{5}{2}Ba^3b^2x^4\text{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{5}{2}Aa^2b^3x^4\text{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{5}{3}Ba^4bx^3\text{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{10}{3}Aa^3b^2x^3\text{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{2}Ba^5x^2\text{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{5}{2}Aa^4bx^2\text{sgn}(bx + a) + Aa^5x\text{sgn}(bx + a) - \frac{(Ba^7 - 7Aa^6b)\text{sgn}(bx + a)}{42b^2}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{7}Bb^5x^7\text{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{5}{6}Bb^4ax^6\text{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{6}Aa^5x^6\text{sgn}(bx + a) + 2Bb^3a^2x^5\text{sgn}(bx + a) + Aa^4b^4x^5\text{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{5}{2}Bb^2a^3x^4\text{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{5}{2}Aa^2b^3x^4\text{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{5}{3}Bb^4a^4x^3\text{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{10}{3}Aa^3b^2x^3\text{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{2}Bb^5a^5x^2\text{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{5}{2}Aa^4b^4x^2\text{sgn}(bx + a) + Aa^5x\text{sgn}(bx + a) - \frac{1}{42}(Bb^7 - 7Aa^6b)\text{sgn}(bx + a)/b^2$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x(b^6x^6 + 7ab^5x^5 + 21a^2b^4x^4 + 35a^3b^3x^3 + 35a^4b^2x^2 + 21a^5bx + 7a^6)}{7}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `(x*(7*a**6 + 21*a**5*b*x + 35*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 35*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 21*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 7*a*b**5*x**5 + b**6*x**6))/7`

3.319 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	2533
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2534
Rubi [A] (verified)	2534
Maple [A] (verified)	2536
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2536
Sympy [F]	2537
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2537
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2538
Mupad [F(-1)]	2539
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2539

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 262

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{5a^4Abx\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{5a^3Ab^2x^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{10a^2Ab^3x^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3(a+bx)} + \frac{5aAb^4x^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{4(a+bx)} + \frac{Ab^5x^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{5(a+bx)} + \frac{B(a+bx)^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{6b} + \frac{a^5A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}\log(x)}{a+bx}$$

output

```
5*a^4*A*b*x*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+5*a^3*A*b^2*x^2*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+10*a^2*A*b^3*x^3*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+5*a*A*b^4*x^4*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(4*b*x+4*a)+A*b^5*x^5*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x+5*a)+1/6*B*(b*x+a)^5*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b+a^5*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(x(60a^5B + 150a^4b(2A + Bx) + 100a^3b^2x(3A + 2Bx) + 50a^2b^3x^2(4A + 3Bx) + 15a^2b^4x^3(5A + 4Bx) + 2b^5x^4(6A + 5Bx)) + 60a^5A \operatorname{Log}[x])}{60(a + bx)}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x,x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(x*(60*a^5*B + 150*a^4*b*(2*A + B*x) + 100*a^3*b^2*x*(3*A + 2*B*x) + 50*a^2*b^3*x^2*(4*A + 3*B*x) + 15*a*b^4*x^3*(5*A + 4*B*x) + 2*b^5*x^4*(6*A + 5*B*x)) + 60*a^5*A*Log[x]))/(60*(a + b*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 90, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x} dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(A \int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{x} dx + \frac{B(a+bx)^6}{6b} \right)}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(A \int \left(\frac{a^5}{x} + 5ba^4 + 10b^2xa^3 + 10b^3x^2a^2 + 5b^4x^3a + b^5x^4 \right) dx + \frac{B(a+bx)^6}{6b} \right)}{a + bx}$$

↓ 49

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(A \left(a^5 \log(x) + 5a^4bx + 5a^3b^2x^2 + \frac{10}{3}a^2b^3x^3 + \frac{5}{4}ab^4x^4 + \frac{b^5x^5}{5} \right) + \frac{B(a+bx)^6}{6b} \right)}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((B*(a + b*x)^6)/(6*b) + A*(5*a^4*b*x + 5*a^3*b^2*x^2 + (10*a^2*b^3*x^3)/3 + (5*a*b^4*x^4)/4 + (b^5*x^5)/5 + a^5*Log[x]))) / (a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 1187

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result
default	$\frac{((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}(10Bb^5x^6+12Ab^5x^5+60Bab^4x^5+75Aab^4x^4+150Ba^2b^3x^4+200Aa^2b^3x^3+200Ba^3b^2x^3+300Aa^3b^2x^2+150Ba^4bx^2+100Aa^4bx^2+100Aa^4bx^2)}{60(bx+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} B b^5 x^6}{6bx+6a} + \frac{A b^5 x^5 \sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{5bx+5a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} B a b^4 x^5}{bx+a} + \frac{5\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} A a b^4 x^4}{4(bx+a)} + \frac{5\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} B a^2 b^3 x^4}{2(bx+a)} + \frac{10\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} B a^2 b^3 x^3}{3(bx+a)} + \frac{10\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} B a^2 b^3 x^2}{3(bx+a)} + \frac{10\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} B a^2 b^3 x}{3(bx+a)} + \frac{10\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} B a^2 b^3}{3(bx+a)}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/60*((b*x+a)^2)^(5/2)*(10*B*b^5*x^6+12*A*b^5*x^5+60*B*a*b^4*x^5+75*A*a*b^4*x^4+150*B*a^2*b^3*x^4+200*A*a^2*b^3*x^3+200*B*a^3*b^2*x^3+300*A*a^3*b^2*x^2+150*B*a^4*b*x^2+60*A*ln(x)*a^5+300*A*a^4*b*x+60*B*a^5*x)/(b*x+a)^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{6} Bb^5x^6 + Aa^5 \log(x) + \frac{1}{5} (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + \frac{5}{4} (2 Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + \frac{10}{3} (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + \frac{5}{2} (Ba^4b + 2 Aa^3b^2)x^2 + (Ba^5 + 5 Aa^4b)x$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/6*B*b^5*x^6 + A*a^5*\log(x) + 1/5*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 5/4*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 10/3*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 5/2*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx)((a+bx)^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2)/x, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx &= (-1)^{2b^2x+2ab} Aa^5 \log(2b^2x+2ab) \\ &- (-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Aa^5 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2} Aa^3bx \\ &+ \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2} Aa^4 + \frac{1}{4} (b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} Aabx \\ &+ \frac{7}{12} (b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} Aa^2 + \frac{1}{6} (b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} Bx \\ &+ \frac{1}{5} (b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} A + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} Ba}{6b} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(-1)^(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b)*A*a^5*log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) - (-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)
*A*a^5*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a
^2)*A*a^3*b*x + 3/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*a^4 + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2
*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*a*b*x + 7/12*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*a^2 +
1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*x + 1/5*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(
5/2)*A + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*a/b
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{6} Bb^5x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)$$

$$+ Bab^4x^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{5} Ab^5x^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{5}{2} Ba^2b^3x^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)$$

$$+ \frac{5}{4} Aab^4x^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{10}{3} Ba^3b^2x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)$$

$$+ \frac{10}{3} Aa^2b^3x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{5}{2} Ba^4bx^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 5 Aa^3b^2x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)$$

$$+ Ba^5x \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 5 Aa^4bx \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Aa^5 \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/6*B*b^5*x^6*sgn(b*x + a) + B*a*b^4*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/5*A*b^5*x^5*sgn(
b*x + a) + 5/2*B*a^2*b^3*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/4*A*a*b^4*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) +
10/3*B*a^3*b^2*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/3*A*a^2*b^3*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/2*B
*a^4*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 5*A*a^3*b^2*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + B*a^5*x*sgn(b*x +
a) + 5*A*a^4*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + A*a^5*log(abs(x))*sgn(b*x + a)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x,x)`output `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \log(x) a^6 + 6a^5bx$$

$$+ \frac{15a^4b^2x^2}{2} + \frac{20a^3b^3x^3}{3} + \frac{15a^2b^4x^4}{4} + \frac{6ab^5x^5}{5} + \frac{b^6x^6}{6}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x,x)`output `(60*log(x)*a**6 + 360*a**5*b*x + 450*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 400*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 225*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 72*a*b**5*x**5 + 10*b**6*x**6)/60`

3.320 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2540
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2541
Rubi [A] (verified)	2541
Maple [A] (verified)	2543
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2543
Sympy [F]	2544
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2544
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2545
Mupad [F(-1)]	2546
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2546

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 294

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^5A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x(a+bx)} + \frac{5a^3b(2Ab+aB)x\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{5a^2b^2(Ab+aB)x^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{5ab^3(Ab+2aB)x^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3(a+bx)} + \frac{b^4(Ab+5aB)x^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{4(a+bx)} + \frac{b^5Bx^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{5(a+bx)} + \frac{a^4(5Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}\log(x)}{a+bx}$$

output

```
-a^5*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)+5*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*x*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/
(b*x+a)+5*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*x^2*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+5*a*b^3*(A*b+2*
B*a)*x^3*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*x^4*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/
2)/(4*b*x+4*a)+b^5*B*x^5*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x+5*a)+a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)*((b
*x+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(-60a^5A + 300a^4bBx^2 + 300a^3b^2x^2(2A + Bx) + 100a^2b^3x^3(3A + 2Bx) + 25a^2b^4x^4(4A + 3Bx) + 3b^5x^5(5A + 4Bx) + 60a^4(5A^2b + a^2B)x \operatorname{Log}[x])}{60x(a + bx)}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(-60*a^5*A + 300*a^4*b*B*x^2 + 300*a^3*b^2*x^2*(2*A + B*x) + 100*a^2*b^3*x^3*(3*A + 2*B*x) + 25*a^2*b^4*x^4*(4*A + 3*B*x) + 3*b^5*x^5*(5*A + 4*B*x) + 60*a^4*(5*A^2*b + a^2*B)*x*Log[x]))/(60*x*(a + b*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^5}{x^2} + \frac{(5Ab+aB)a^4}{x} + 5b(2Ab + aB)a^3 + 10b^2(Ab + aB)xa^2 + 5b^3(Ab + 2aB)x^2a + b^5Bx^4 \right)}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^5A}{x} + a^4 \log(x)(aB + 5Ab) + 5a^3bx(aB + 2Ab) + 5a^2b^2x^2(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{4}b^4x^4(5aB + Ab) \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*(-(a^5*A)/x) + 5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B)*x + 5*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B)*x^2 + (5*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^3)/3 + (b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B)*x^4)/4 + (b^5*B*x^5)/5 + a^4*(5*A*b + a*B)*Log[x])/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

method	result
default	$\frac{\left((bx+a)^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}(12Bb^5x^6+15Ab^5x^5+75Bab^4x^5+100Aab^4x^4+200Ba^2b^3x^4+300Aa^2b^3x^3+300Ba^3b^2x^3+300A\ln(x)xa^4b+600Aa^4b^2x^2+600Aa^4b^2x^2+600Aa^4b^2x^2)}{60x(bx+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}b\left(\frac{1}{5}b^4Bx^5+\frac{1}{4}Ab^4x^4+\frac{5}{4}Bab^3x^4+\frac{5}{3}Aab^3x^3+\frac{10}{3}Ba^2b^2x^3+5Aa^2b^2x^2+5Ba^3bx^2+10Aa^3bx+5a^4Bx\right)}{bx+a} - \frac{a^5A\sqrt{(bx+a)}}{x(bx+a)}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/60*((b*x+a)^2)^(5/2)*(12*B*b^5*x^6+15*A*b^5*x^5+75*B*a*b^4*x^5+100*A*a*b^4*x^4+200*B*a^2*b^3*x^4+300*A*a^2*b^3*x^3+300*B*a^3*b^2*x^3+300*A*ln(x)*x*a^4*b+600*A*a^3*b^2*x^2+60*B*ln(x)*a^5*x+300*B*a^4*b*x^2-60*A*a^5)/x/(b*x+a)^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{12Bb^5x^6 - 60Aa^5 + 15(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 100(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)}{x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/60*(12*B*b^5*x^6 - 60*A*a^5 + 15*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 100*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 300*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 300*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 60*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x*log(x))/x`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2)/x**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx &= (-1)^{2b^2x+2ab} Ba^5 \log(2b^2x + 2ab) \\ &+ 5(-1)^{2b^2x+2ab} Aa^4b \log(2b^2x + 2ab) - (-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Ba^5 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right) \\ &- 5(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Aa^4b \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right) \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Ba^3bx + \frac{5}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Aa^2b^2x \\ &+ \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Ba^4 + \frac{15}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Aa^3b \\ &+ \frac{1}{4} (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Babx + \frac{5}{4} (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Ab^2x \\ &+ \frac{7}{12} (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Ba^2 + \frac{35}{12} (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Aab \\ &+ \frac{1}{5} (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} B - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} A}{x} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(-1)^(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b)*B*a^5*log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) + 5*(-1)^(2*b^2*x + 2*a*
b)*A*a^4*b*log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) - (-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*B*a^5*log(2*a*b*x
/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) - 5*(-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*A*a^4*b*log(2*a*b*x/abs
(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*a^3*b*x + 5/2*sq
rt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*a^2*b^2*x + 3/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2
)*B*a^4 + 15/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*a^3*b + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*
b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*a*b*x + 5/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^2*x + 7
/12*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*a^2 + 35/12*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2
)^(3/2)*A*a*b + 1/5*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B - (b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x
+ a^2)^(5/2)*A/x
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{5} Bb^5x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{5}{4} Bab^4x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{4} Ab^5x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{10}{3} Ba^2b^3x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{5}{3} Aab^4x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 5Ba^3b^2x^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 5Aa^2b^3x^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 5Ba^4bx\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 10Aa^3b^2x\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - \frac{Aa^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{x} + (Ba^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 5Aa^4b\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)) \log(|x|)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/5*B*b^5*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/4*B*a*b^4*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/4*A*b^5*x^4*
sgn(b*x + a) + 10/3*B*a^2*b^3*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/3*A*a*b^4*x^3*sgn(b*x +
a) + 5*B*a^3*b^2*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 5*A*a^2*b^3*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 5*B*a^
4*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 10*A*a^3*b^2*x*sgn(b*x + a) - A*a^5*sgn(b*x + a)/x +
(B*a^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 5*A*a^4*b*sgn(b*x + a))*log(abs(x))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^2,x)`output `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^2, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{60 \log(x) a^5 b x - 10 a^6 + 150 a^4 b^2 x^2 + 100 a^3 b^3 x^3 + 50 a^2 b^4 x^4 + 15 a b^5 x^5 + 2 b^6 x^6}{10 x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^2,x)`output `(60*log(x)*a**5*b*x - 10*a**6 + 150*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 100*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 50*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 15*a*b**5*x**5 + 2*b**6*x**6)/(10*x)`

3.321
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	2547
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2548
Rubi [A] (verified)	2548
Maple [A] (verified)	2550
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2550
Sympy [F]	2551
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2551
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2552
Mupad [F(-1)]	2553
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2553

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 297

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^5A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{2x^2(a+bx)} - \frac{a^4(5Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x(a+bx)} + \frac{10a^2b^2(Ab+aB)x\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{5ab^3(Ab+2aB)x^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{2(a+bx)} + \frac{b^4(Ab+5aB)x^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3(a+bx)} + \frac{b^5Bx^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{4(a+bx)} + \frac{5a^3b(2Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} \log(x)}{a+bx}$$

output

```
-1/2*a^5*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(b*x+a)-a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)+10*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*x*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+5*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^2*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*x+2*a)+b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*x^3*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+b^5*B*x^4*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(4*b*x+4*a)+5*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x+a)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(-60a^4Abx + 120a^3b^2Bx^3 + 60a^2b^3x^3(2A + Bx) - 60a^5(A + 2Bx) + 10a^4b(3A + 2Bx) + b^5x^5(4A + 3Bx) + 60a^3b(2Ab + aB)x^2 \text{Log}[x])}{12x^2(a + bx)}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(-60*a^4*A*b*x + 120*a^3*b^2*B*x^3 + 60*a^2*b^3*x^3*(2*A + B*x) - 60*a^5*(A + 2*B*x) + 10*a*b^4*x^4*(3*A + 2*B*x) + b^5*x^5*(4*A + 3*B*x) + 60*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^2*Log[x]))/(12*x^2*(a + b*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^5}{x^3} + \frac{(5Ab+aB)a^4}{x^2} + \frac{5b(2Ab+aB)a^3}{x} + 10b^2(Ab + aB)a^2 + 5b^3(Ab + 2aB)xa + b^5Bx^3 + b^4(A + Bx) \right)}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^5A}{2x^2} - \frac{a^4(aB+5Ab)}{x} + 5a^3b \log(x)(aB + 2Ab) + 10a^2b^2x(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{3}b^4x^3(5aB + Ab) + \frac{5}{2} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*(-1/2*(a^5*A)/x^2 - (a^4*(5*A*b + a*B))/x + 10*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B)*x + (5*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^2)/2 + (b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B)*x^3)/3 + (b^5*B*x^4)/4 + 5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B)*Log[x]))/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

method	result
default	$\frac{\left((bx+a)^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}(3Bb^5x^6+4Ab^5x^5+20Ba^4b^4x^5+30Aa^4b^4x^4+60Ba^2b^3x^4+120A\ln(x)x^2a^3b^2+120Aa^2b^3x^3+60B\ln(x)a^4bx^2+120Ba^4bx^2+120Ba^4bx^2+120Ba^4bx^2)}{12x^2(bx+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}\left(\frac{1}{4}Bb^3x^4+\frac{1}{3}Ab^3x^3+\frac{5}{3}Ba^2b^2x^3+\frac{5}{2}Aa^2b^2x^2+5Ba^2bx+10Aa^2bx+10Ba^3x\right)}{bx+a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}\left((-5Aa^4b-Ba^5)x-Aa^4b-Ba^5\right)}{(bx+a)x^2}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/12*((b*x+a)^2)^(5/2)*(3*B*b^5*x^6+4*A*b^5*x^5+20*B*a*b^4*x^5+30*A*a*b^4*x^4+60*B*a^2*b^3*x^4+120*A*ln(x)*x^2*a^3*b^2+120*A*a^2*b^3*x^3+60*B*ln(x)*a^4*b*x^2+120*B*a^3*b^2*x^3-60*A*a^4*b*x-12*B*a^5*x-6*A*a^5)/x^2/(b*x+a)^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{3Bb^5x^6 - 6Aa^5 + 4(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 30(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + \dots}{x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(3*B*b^5*x^6 - 6*A*a^5 + 4*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 30*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 120*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 60*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2*log(x) - 12*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^2`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2)/x**3, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 461 vs. 2(212) = 424.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 461, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = & 5(-1)^{2b^2x+2ab} Ba^4b \log(2b^2x \\ & + 2ab) + 10(-1)^{2b^2x+2ab} Aa^3b^2 \log(2b^2x + 2ab) \\ & - 5(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Ba^4b \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right) \\ & - 10(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Aa^3b^2 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right) \\ & + \frac{5}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Ba^2b^2x + 5 \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Aab^3x \\ & + \frac{15}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Ba^3b + 15 \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Aa^2b^2 \\ & + \frac{5}{4} (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} Bb^2x + \frac{5(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} Ab^3x}{2a} \\ & + \frac{35}{12} (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} Bab + \frac{35}{6} (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} Ab^2 \\ & + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} Ab^2}{2a^2} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} B}{x} \\ & - \frac{3(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} Ab}{2ax} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{7}{2}} A}{2a^2x^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

5*(-1)^(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b)*B*a^4*b*log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) + 10*(-1)^(2*b^2*x +
2*a*b)*A*a^3*b^2*log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) - 5*(-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*B*a^4*b*
log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) - 10*(-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*A*a^3*b^2*log
(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) + 5/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*a^
2*b^2*x + 5*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*a*b^3*x + 15/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 +
2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*a^3*b + 15*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*a^2*b^2 + 5/4*
(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b^2*x + 5/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3
/2)*A*b^3*x/a + 35/12*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*a*b + 35/6*(b^2*x^
2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^2 + 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^2
/a^2 - (b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B/x - 3/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)
^(5/2)*A*b/(a*x) - 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A/(a^2*x^2)

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{4} Bb^5x^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) \\
& + \frac{5}{3} Bab^4x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{3} Ab^5x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 5Ba^2b^3x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) \\
& + \frac{5}{2} Aab^4x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 10Ba^3b^2x \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 10Aa^2b^3x \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) \\
& + 5(Ba^4b \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2Aa^3b^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)) \log(|x|) \\
& - \frac{Aa^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2(Ba^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 5Aa^4b \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x}{2x^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/4*B*b^5*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/3*B*a*b^4*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 1/3*A*b^5*x^3*
sgn(b*x + a) + 5*B*a^2*b^3*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 5/2*A*a*b^4*x^2*sgn(b*x + a)
+ 10*B*a^3*b^2*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 10*A*a^2*b^3*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 5*(B*a^4*b*
sgn(b*x + a) + 2*A*a^3*b^2*sgn(b*x + a))*log(abs(x)) - 1/2*(A*a^5*sgn(b*x
+ a) + 2*(B*a^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 5*A*a^4*b*sgn(b*x + a))*x)/x^2

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^3,x)`output `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^3, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{60 \log(x) a^4 b^2 x^2 - 2a^6 - 24a^5 b x + 80a^3 b^3 x^3 + 30a^2 b^4 x^4 + 8a b^5 x^5}{4x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^3,x)`output `(60*log(x)*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 2*a**6 - 24*a**5*b*x + 80*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 30*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 8*a*b**5*x**5 + b**6*x**6)/(4*x**2)`

3.322
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	2554
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2555
Rubi [A] (verified)	2555
Maple [A] (verified)	2557
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2557
Sympy [F]	2558
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2558
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2559
Mupad [F(-1)]	2560
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2560

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 297

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^5A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3x^3(a+bx)} - \frac{a^4(5Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{2x^2(a+bx)} - \frac{5a^3b(2Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x(a+bx)} + \frac{5ab^3(Ab+2aB)x\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{b^4(Ab+5aB)x^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{2(a+bx)} + \frac{b^5Bx^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3(a+bx)} + \frac{10a^2b^2(Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}\log(x)}{a+bx}$$

output

```
-1/3*a^5*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(b*x+a)-1/2*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(b*x+a)-5*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)+5*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*x*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*x^2*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*x+2*a)+b^5*B*x^3*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+10*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(-60a^3Ab^2x^2 + 60a^2b^3Bx^4 + 15ab^4x^4(2A + Bx) - 15a^4b^2x^2(A + 2Bx) + b^5x^5(3A + 2Bx) - a^5(2A + 3Bx) + 60a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^3 \text{Log}[x])}{(6x^3(a + bx))}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^4,x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(-60*a^3*A*b^2*x^2 + 60*a^2*b^3*B*x^4 + 15*a*b^4*x^4*(2*A + B*x) - 15*a^4*b*x*(A + 2*B*x) + b^5*x^5*(3*A + 2*B*x) - a^5*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 60*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B)*x^3*Log[x]))/(6*x^3*(a + b*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^5}{x^4} + \frac{(5Ab+aB)a^4}{x^3} + \frac{5b(2Ab+aB)a^3}{x^2} + \frac{10b^2(Ab+aB)a^2}{x} + 5b^3(Ab + 2aB)a + b^5Bx^2 + b^4(Ab + 15a^2) \right)}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^5A}{3x^3} - \frac{a^4(aB+5Ab)}{2x^2} - \frac{5a^3b(aB+2Ab)}{x} + 10a^2b^2 \log(x)(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{2}b^4x^2(5aB + Ab) + 5ab^3x \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^4,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*(-1/3*(a^5*A)/x^3 - (a^4*(5*A*b + a*B))/(2*x^2) - (5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B))/x + 5*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x + (b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B)*x^2)/2 + (b^5*B*x^3)/3 + 10*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B)*Log[x]))/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

method	result
default	$\frac{\left((bx+a)^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}(2Bb^5x^6+3Ab^5x^5+15Bab^4x^5+60A\ln(x)x^3a^2b^3+30Aab^4x^4+60B\ln(x)a^3b^2x^3+60Ba^2b^3x^4-60Aa^3b^2x^2-30Ba^4x^3)}{6x^3(bx+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}b^3\left(\frac{1}{3}x^3Bb^2+\frac{1}{2}x^2b^2A+\frac{5}{2}Bax^2b+5abAx+10a^2Bx\right)}{bx+a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}\left((-10a^3Ab^2-5Ba^4b)x^2+\left(-\frac{5}{2}Aa^4b-\frac{1}{2}Ba^5\right)x-\frac{5}{2}Aa^5\right)}{(bx+a)x^3}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*((b*x+a)^2)^(5/2)*(2*B*b^5*x^6+3*A*b^5*x^5+15*B*a*b^4*x^5+60*A*ln(x)*x^3*a^2*b^3+30*A*a*b^4*x^4+60*B*ln(x)*a^3*b^2*x^3+60*B*a^2*b^3*x^4-60*A*a^3*b^2*x^2-30*B*a^4*b*x^2-15*A*a^4*b*x-3*B*a^5*x-2*A*a^5)/x^3/(b*x+a)^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{2Bb^5x^6 - 2Aa^5 + 3(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 30(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + \dots}{x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(2*B*b^5*x^6 - 2*A*a^5 + 3*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 30*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 60*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3*log(x) - 30*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 - 3*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^3`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2)/x**4,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2)/x**4, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 557 vs. $2(212) = 424$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 557, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = & 10(-1)^{2b^2x+2ab} Ba^3b^2 \log(2b^2x \\ & + 2ab) + 10(-1)^{2b^2x+2ab} Aa^2b^3 \log(2b^2x + 2ab) \\ & - 10(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Ba^3b^2 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right) \\ & - 10(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Aa^2b^3 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right) + 5\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Bab^3x \\ & + 5\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Ab^4x + 15\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Ba^2b^2 \\ & + 15\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Aab^3 + \frac{5(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Bb^3x}{2a} \\ & + \frac{5(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Ab^4x}{2a^2} + \frac{35}{6}(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Bb^2 \\ & + \frac{35(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Ab^3}{6a} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb^2}{2a^2} \\ & + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^3}{6a^3} - \frac{3(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb}{2ax} \\ & - \frac{11(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^2}{6a^2x} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} B}{2a^2x^2} \\ & - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Ab}{6a^3x^2} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} A}{3a^2x^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$10*(-1)^{(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b)*B*a^3*b^2*\log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) + 10*(-1)^{(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b)*A*a^2*b^3*\log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) - 10*(-1)^{(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*B*a^3*b^2*\log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) - 10*(-1)^{(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*A*a^2*b^3*\log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) + 5*\sqrt{b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2}*B*a*b^3*x + 5*\sqrt{b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2}*A*b^4*x + 15*\sqrt{b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2}*B*a^2*b^2 + 15*\sqrt{b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2}*A*a*b^3 + 5/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(3/2)*B*b^3*x/a + 5/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(3/2)*A*b^4*x/a^2 + 35/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(3/2)*B*b^2 + 35/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(3/2)*A*b^3/a + 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)*B*b^2/a^2 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)*A*b^3/a^3 - 3/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)*B*b/(a*x) - 11/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)*A*b^2/(a^2*x) - 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(7/2)*B/(a^2*x^2) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(7/2)*A*b/(a^3*x^2) - 1/3*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(7/2)*A/(a^2*x^3}}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bb^5x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{5}{2} Bab^4x^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{1}{2} Ab^5x^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 10 Ba^2b^3x\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 5 Aab^4x\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 10 (Ba^3b^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Aa^2b^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)) \log(|x|) + \frac{2 Aa^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 30 (Ba^4b\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2 Aa^3b^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x^2 + 3 (Ba^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 5 Aa^4b\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$1/3*B*b^5*x^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 5/2*B*a*b^4*x^2*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 1/2*A*b^5*x^2*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 10*B*a^2*b^3*x*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 5*A*a*b^4*x*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 10*(B*a^3*b^2*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + A*a^2*b^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a))*\log(\operatorname{abs}(x)) - 1/6*(2*A*a^5*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 30*(B*a^4*b*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 2*A*a^3*b^2*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a))*x^2 + 3*(B*a^5*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 5*A*a^4*b*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a))*x)/x^3$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^4, x)`output `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^4, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{60 \log(x) a^3 b^3 x^3 - a^6 - 9a^5 b x - 45a^4 b^2 x^2 + 45a^2 b^4 x^4 + 9a b^5 x^5 + 2b^6 x^6}{3x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^4, x)`output `(60*log(x)*a**3*b**3*x**3 - a**6 - 9*a**5*b*x - 45*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 45*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 9*a*b**5*x**5 + b**6*x**6)/(3*x**3)`

3.323 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	2561
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2562
Rubi [A] (verified)	2562
Maple [A] (verified)	2564
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2564
Sympy [F]	2565
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2565
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2567
Mupad [F(-1)]	2568
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2568

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 296

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^5A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{4x^4(a+bx)} - \frac{a^4(5Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3x^3(a+bx)} - \frac{5a^3b(2Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{2x^2(a+bx)} - \frac{10a^2b^2(Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x(a+bx)} + \frac{b^4(Ab+5aB)x\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{b^5Bx^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{2(a+bx)} + \frac{5ab^3(Ab+2aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} \log(x)}{a+bx}$$

output

```
-1/4*a^5*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(b*x+a)-1/3*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(b*x+a)-5/2*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(b*x+a)-10*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)+b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*x*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+b^5*B*x^2*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*x+2*a)+5*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(120a^2Ab^3x^3 - 60ab^4Bx^5 - 6b^5x^5(2A + Bx) + 60a^3b^2x^2(A + 2Bx) + 10a^4bx(2A + 3Bx) + 3a^5(3A + 4Bx) - 60a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^4*\text{Log}[x])}}{12x^4(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^5,x]
```

output

```
-1/12*(Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(120*a^2*A*b^3*x^3 - 60*a*b^4*B*x^5 - 6*b^5*x^5*(2*A + B*x) + 60*a^3*b^2*x^2*(A + 2*B*x) + 10*a^4*b*x*(2*A + 3*B*x) + a^5*(3*A + 4*B*x) - 60*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^4*Log[x]))/(x^4*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^5}{x^5} + \frac{(5Ab+aB)a^4}{x^4} + \frac{5b(2Ab+aB)a^3}{x^3} + \frac{10b^2(Ab+aB)a^2}{x^2} + \frac{5b^3(Ab+2aB)a}{x} + b^4(Ab + 5aB) + b^5Bx \right)}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^5A}{4x^4} - \frac{a^4(aB+5Ab)}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^3b(aB+2Ab)}{2x^2} - \frac{10a^2b^2(aB+Ab)}{x} + b^4x(5aB + Ab) + 5ab^3 \log(x)(2aB + Ab) + b^5Bx^2 \right)}{a + bx}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^5,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*(-1/4*(a^5*A)/x^4 - (a^4*(5*A*b + a*B))/(3*x^3) - (5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B))/(2*x^2) - (10*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B))/x + b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B)*x + (b^5*B*x^2)/2 + 5*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B)*Log[x]))/(a + b*x)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

rule 1187

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```


Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

method	result
default	$\frac{\left((bx+a)^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}(6Bb^5x^6+60A\ln(x)x^4ab^4+12Ab^5x^5+120B\ln(x)a^2b^3x^4+60Ba^4x^5-120Aa^2b^3x^3-120Ba^3b^2x^3-60Aa^3b^2x^2-30Aa^4b^2x^2-30Aa^4b^2x-30Aa^4b^2)}{12x^4(bx+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}b^4\left(\frac{1}{2}Bbx^2+Abx+5Bax\right)}{bx+a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}\left((-10Aa^2b^3-10Ba^3b^2)x^3+(-5a^3Ab^2-\frac{5}{2}Ba^4b)x^2+(-\frac{5}{3}Aa^4b-\frac{1}{3}Ba^5)x-30Aa^4b^2\right)}{(bx+a)x^4}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/12*((b*x+a)^2)^(5/2)*(6*B*b^5*x^6+60*A*ln(x)*x^4*a*b^4+12*A*b^5*x^5+120*B*ln(x)*a^2*b^3*x^4+60*B*a*b^4*x^5-120*A*a^2*b^3*x^3-120*B*a^3*b^2*x^3-60*A*a^3*b^2*x^2-30*B*a^4*b*x^2-20*A*a^4*b*x-4*B*a^5*x-3*A*a^5)/x^4/(b*x+a)^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{6Bb^5x^6 - 3Aa^5 + 12(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 60(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4}{x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(6*B*b^5*x^6 - 3*A*a^5 + 12*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 60*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4*log(x) - 120*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 - 30*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 - 4*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^4`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2)/x**5,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2)/x**5, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 615 vs. $2(211) = 422$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 615, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = 10(-1)^{2b^2x+2ab} Ba^2b^3 \log(2b^2x \\
& + 2ab) + 5(-1)^{2b^2x+2ab} Aab^4 \log(2b^2x + 2ab) \\
& - 10(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Ba^2b^3 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right) \\
& - 5(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Aab^4 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right) + 5\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Bb^4x \\
& + \frac{5\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Ab^5x}{2a} + 15\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Bab^3 \\
& + \frac{15}{2}\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Ab^4 + \frac{5(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} Bb^4x}{2a^2} \\
& + \frac{5(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} Ab^5x}{4a^3} + \frac{35(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} Bb^3}{6a} \\
& + \frac{35(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} Ab^4}{12a^2} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} Bb^3}{6a^3} \\
& + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} Ab^4}{3a^4} - \frac{11(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} Bb^2}{6a^2x} \\
& - \frac{2(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} Ab^3}{3a^3x} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{7}{2}} Bb}{6a^3x^2} \\
& - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{7}{2}} Ab^2}{3a^4x^2} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{7}{2}} B}{3a^2x^3} \\
& + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{7}{2}} Ab}{12a^3x^3} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{7}{2}} A}{4a^2x^4}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

10*(-1)^(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b)*B*a^2*b^3*log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) + 5*(-1)^(2*b^2*x
+ 2*a*b)*A*a*b^4*log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) - 10*(-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*B*a^2*b
^3*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) - 5*(-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*A*a*b^4*1
og(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) + 5*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*b^4*x
+ 5/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*b^5*x/a + 15*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x
+ a^2)*B*a*b^3 + 15/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*b^4 + 5/2*(b^2*x^2
+ 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b^4*x/a^2 + 5/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*
A*b^5*x/a^3 + 35/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b^3/a + 35/12*(b^2*x^
2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^4/a^2 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B
*b^3/a^3 + 1/3*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^4/a^4 - 11/6*(b^2*x^2 +
2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^2/(a^2*x) - 2/3*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*
A*b^3/(a^3*x) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b/(a^3*x^2) - 1/3*(b
^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^2/(a^4*x^2) - 1/3*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a
^2)^(7/2)*B/(a^2*x^3) + 1/12*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b/(a^3*x^3)
- 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A/(a^2*x^4)

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{1}{2} Bb^5x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 5 Bab^4x \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)$$

$$+ Ab^5x \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 5 (2 Ba^2b^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Aab^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)) \log(|x|)$$

$$- \frac{3 Aa^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 120 (Ba^3b^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Aa^2b^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x^3 + 30 (Ba^4b \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2 Aa^3b^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x^2 + 4 (Ba^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 5 Aa^4b \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x}{12x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/2*B*b^5*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 5*B*a*b^4*x*sgn(b*x + a) + A*b^5*x*sgn(b*x +
a) + 5*(2*B*a^2*b^3*sgn(b*x + a) + A*a*b^4*sgn(b*x + a))*log(abs(x)) - 1/1
2*(3*A*a^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 120*(B*a^3*b^2*sgn(b*x + a) + A*a^2*b^3*sgn(b*x
+ a))*x^3 + 30*(B*a^4*b*sgn(b*x + a) + 2*A*a^3*b^2*sgn(b*x + a))*x^2 + 4*(
B*a^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 5*A*a^4*b*sgn(b*x + a))*x)/x^4

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^5, x)`output `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^5, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{60 \log(x) a^2 b^4 x^4 - a^6 - 8a^5 b x - 30a^4 b^2 x^2 - 80a^3 b^3 x^3 + 24a b^5 x^5}{4x^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^5, x)`output `(60*log(x)*a**2*b**4*x**4 - a**6 - 8*a**5*b*x - 30*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 80*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 24*a*b**5*x**5 + 2*b**6*x**6)/(4*x**4)`

3.324 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	2569
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2570
Rubi [A] (verified)	2570
Maple [A] (verified)	2572
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2572
Sympy [F]	2573
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2573
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2574
Mupad [F(-1)]	2575
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2575

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 293

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^5A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{5x^5(a+bx)} - \frac{a^4(5Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{4x^4(a+bx)} - \frac{5a^3b(2Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3x^3(a+bx)} - \frac{5a^2b^2(Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^2(a+bx)} - \frac{5ab^3(Ab+2aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x(a+bx)} + \frac{b^5Bx\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{b^4(Ab+5aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} \log(x)}{a+bx}$$

output

```
-1/5*a^5*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^5/(b*x+a)-1/4*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(b*x+a)-5/3*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(b*x+a)-5*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(b*x+a)-5*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)+b^5*B*x*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(300aAb^4x^4 - 60b^5Bx^6 + 300a^2b^3x^3(A + 2Bx) + 100a^3b^2x^2(2A + 3Bx) + 25a^4bx(3A + 4Bx) + 3a^5(4A + 5Bx) - 60b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^5 \text{Log}[x])}}{60x^5(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^6,x]
```

output

```
-1/60*(Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(300*a*A*b^4*x^4 - 60*b^5*B*x^6 + 300*a^2*b^3*x^3
*(A + 2*B*x) + 100*a^3*b^2*x^2*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 25*a^4*b*x*(3*A + 4*B*x) +
3*a^5*(4*A + 5*B*x) - 60*b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B)*x^5*Log[x]))/(x^5*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^5}{x^6} + \frac{(5Ab+aB)a^4}{x^5} + \frac{5b(2Ab+aB)a^3}{x^4} + \frac{10b^2(Ab+aB)a^2}{x^3} + \frac{5b^3(Ab+2aB)a}{x^2} + b^5B + \frac{b^4(Ab+5aB)}{x} \right) dx}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^5A}{5x^5} - \frac{a^4(aB+5Ab)}{4x^4} - \frac{5a^3b(aB+2Ab)}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^2b^2(aB+Ab)}{x^2} + b^4 \log(x)(5aB + Ab) - \frac{5ab^3(2aB+Ab)}{x} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^6,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*(-1/5*(a^5*A)/x^5 - (a^4*(5*A*b + a*B))/(4*x^4) - (5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B))/(3*x^3) - (5*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B))/x^2 - (5*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B))/x + b^5*B*x + b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B)*Log[x]))/(a + b*x)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

rule 1187

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```


Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

method	result
default	$\frac{\left((bx+a)^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}(60A \ln(x)x^5b^5+300B \ln(x)ab^4x^5+60Bb^5x^6-300Aab^4x^4-600Ba^2b^3x^4-300Aa^2b^3x^3-300Ba^3b^2x^3-200Aa^3b^2x^2-100Aa^4b-\frac{1}{4}Ba^5)}{60(bx+a)^5x^5}$
risch	$\frac{b^5Bx\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{bx+a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}\left((-5Aab^4-10Ba^2b^3)x^4+(-5Aa^2b^3-5Ba^3b^2)x^3+\left(-\frac{10}{3}a^3Ab^2-\frac{5}{3}Ba^4b\right)x^2+\left(-\frac{5}{4}Aa^4b-\frac{1}{4}Ba^5\right)\right)}{(bx+a)x^5}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{60} \cdot \frac{\left((bx+a)^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cdot \left(60A \ln(x)x^5b^5+300B \ln(x)ab^4x^5+60Bb^5x^6-300Aab^4x^4-600Ba^2b^3x^4-300Aa^2b^3x^3-300Ba^3b^2x^3-200Aa^3b^2x^2-100Aa^4b-\frac{1}{4}Ba^5\right)}{x^5}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{60Bb^5x^6 + 60(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 \log(x) - 12Aa^5 - 300(2Ba^2b^3 + 2Aa^3b^2)x^4 - 15(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x^3 - 100(Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^2 - 15(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{60} \cdot \frac{60Bb^5x^6 + 60(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 \log(x) - 12Aa^5 - 300(2Ba^2b^3 + 2Aa^3b^2)x^4 - 15(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x^3 - 100(Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^2 - 15(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{x^5}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2)/x**6,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2)/x**6, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 673 vs. 2(210) = 420.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 673, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

5*(-1)^(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b)*B*a*b^4*log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) + (-1)^(2*b^2*x + 2*
a*b)*A*b^5*log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) - 5*(-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*B*a*b^4*log(2*a
*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) - (-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*A*b^5*log(2*a*b*x/abs
(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) + 5/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*b^5*x/a + 1/2*sq
rt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*b^6*x/a^2 + 15/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^
2)*B*b^4 + 3/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*b^5/a + 5/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*
b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b^5*x/a^3 + 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^6*x
/a^4 + 35/12*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b^4/a^2 + 7/12*(b^2*x^2 + 2
*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*A*b^5/a^3 + 1/3*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^4/
a^4 - 2/15*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^5/a^5 - 2/3*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*
b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^3/(a^3*x) - 1/3*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^4
/(a^4*x) - 1/3*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^2/(a^4*x^2) + 2/15*(b^2
*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^3/(a^5*x^2) + 1/12*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^
2)^(7/2)*B*b/(a^3*x^3) - 11/60*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^2/(a^4*
x^3) - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B/(a^2*x^4) + 3/20*(b^2*x^2 + 2
*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b/(a^3*x^4) - 1/5*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A/
(a^2*x^5)

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = Bb^5x\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + (5Bab^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Ab^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))\log(|x|) - \frac{12Aa^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 300(2Ba^2b^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Aab^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x^4 + 300(Ba^3b^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Aa^2b^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x^3 + 100(Ba^4b\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2Aa^3b^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x^2 + 15(Ba^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 5Aa^4b\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x}{x^5}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

B*b^5*x*sgn(b*x + a) + (5*B*a*b^4*sgn(b*x + a) + A*b^5*sgn(b*x + a))*log(a
bs(x)) - 1/60*(12*A*a^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 300*(2*B*a^2*b^3*sgn(b*x + a) + A*a
*b^4*sgn(b*x + a))*x^4 + 300*(B*a^3*b^2*sgn(b*x + a) + A*a^2*b^3*sgn(b*x +
a))*x^3 + 100*(B*a^4*b*sgn(b*x + a) + 2*A*a^3*b^2*sgn(b*x + a))*x^2 + 15*
(B*a^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 5*A*a^4*b*sgn(b*x + a))*x/x^5

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^6,x)`output `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^6, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{60 \log(x) a b^5 x^5 - 2a^6 - 15a^5 b x - 50a^4 b^2 x^2 - 100a^3 b^3 x^3 - 150a^2 b^4 x^4 + 10b^6 x^6}{10x^5}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^6,x)`output `(60*log(x)*a*b**5*x**5 - 2*a**6 - 15*a**5*b*x - 50*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 100*a**3*b**3*x**3 - 150*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 10*b**6*x**6)/(10*x**5)`

3.325 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	2576
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2577
Rubi [A] (verified)	2577
Maple [A] (verified)	2579
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2579
Sympy [F]	2580
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2580
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2582
Mupad [F(-1)]	2583
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2583

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 267

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a^5B\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{5x^5(a+bx)} - \frac{5a^4bB\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{4x^4(a+bx)} - \frac{10a^3b^2B\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3x^3(a+bx)} - \frac{5a^2b^3B\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^2(a+bx)} - \frac{5ab^4B\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x(a+bx)} - \frac{A(a+bx)^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{6ax^6} + \frac{b^5B\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}\log(x)}{a+bx}$$

output

```
-1/5*a^5*B*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^5/(b*x+a)-5/4*a^4*b*B*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(b*x+a)-10/3*a^3*b^2*B*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(b*x+a)-5*a^2*b^3*B*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(b*x+a)-5*a*b^4*B*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)-1/6*A*(b*x+a)^5*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/a/x^6+b^5*B*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a^2}(60Ab^5x^5 + 150ab^4x^4(A + 2Bx) + 100a^2b^3x^3(2A + 3Bx) + 50a^3b^2x^2(3A + 4Bx) + 15a^4b^2x^2(4A + 5Bx) + 2a^5(5A + 6Bx)) - \text{Sqrt}[(a + bx)^2](10Ab^5x^5 + 2a^5(5A + 6Bx) + a^4bx(50A + 63Bx) + ab^4x^4(50A + 137Bx) + a^3b^2x^2(100A + 137Bx) + a^2b^3x^3(100A + 163Bx)) - 120ab^5Bx^6\text{ArcTanh}[(bx)/(\text{Sqrt}[a^2] - \text{Sqrt}[(a + bx)^2])] - 120\text{Sqrt}[a^2]b^5Bx^6\text{Log}[x] + 60\text{Sqrt}[a^2]b^5Bx^6\text{Log}[a(\text{Sqrt}[a^2] - bx - \text{Sqrt}[(a + bx)^2])] + 60\text{Sqrt}[a^2]b^5Bx^6\text{Log}[a(\text{Sqrt}[a^2] + bx - \text{Sqrt}[(a + bx)^2])]}{120a^6x^6}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^7,x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[a^2]*(60*A*b^5*x^5 + 150*a*b^4*x^4*(A + 2*B*x) + 100*a^2*b^3*x^3*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 50*a^3*b^2*x^2*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 15*a^4*b*x*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 2*a^5*(5*A + 6*B*x)) - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(10*A*b^5*x^5 + 2*a^5*(5*A + 6*B*x) + a^4*b*x*(50*A + 63*B*x) + a*b^4*x^4*(50*A + 137*B*x) + a^3*b^2*x^2*(100*A + 137*B*x) + a^2*b^3*x^3*(100*A + 163*B*x)) - 120*a*b^5*B*x^6*ArcTanh[(b*x)/(Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])] - 120*Sqrt[a^2]*b^5*B*x^6*Log[x] + 60*Sqrt[a^2]*b^5*B*x^6*Log[a*(Sqrt[a^2] - b*x - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])] + 60*Sqrt[a^2]*b^5*B*x^6*Log[a*(Sqrt[a^2] + b*x - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])])/(120*a*x^6)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^7} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 87 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(B \int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{x^6} dx - \frac{A(a+bx)^6}{6ax^6} \right)}{a + bx} \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(B \int \left(\frac{a^5}{x^6} + \frac{5ba^4}{x^5} + \frac{10b^2a^3}{x^4} + \frac{10b^3a^2}{x^3} + \frac{5b^4a}{x^2} + \frac{b^5}{x} \right) dx - \frac{A(a+bx)^6}{6ax^6} \right)}{a + bx} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(B \left(-\frac{a^5}{5x^5} - \frac{5a^4b}{4x^4} - \frac{10a^3b^2}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^2b^3}{x^2} - \frac{5ab^4}{x} + b^5 \log(x) \right) - \frac{A(a+bx)^6}{6ax^6} \right)}{a + bx}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^7,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*(-1/6*(A*(a + b*x)^6)/(a*x^6) + B*(-1/5*a^5/x^5 - (5*a^4*b)/(4*x^4) - (10*a^3*b^2)/(3*x^3) - (5*a^2*b^3)/x^2 - (5*a*b^4)/x + b^5*Log[x]))/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x_, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x_, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 1187

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^(m._))*((f._) + (g._)*(x_)^(n._))*((a_) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left((bx+a)^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(-60b^5B\ln(x)x^6+60A b^5x^5+300B a b^4x^5+150A a b^4x^4+300B a^2b^3x^4+200A a^2b^3x^3+200B a^3b^2x^3+150A a^3b^2x^2\right)}{60(bx+a)^5x^6}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}\left((-A b^5-5B a b^4)x^5+\left(-\frac{5}{2}A a b^4-5B a^2b^3\right)x^4+\left(-\frac{10}{3}A a^2b^3-\frac{10}{3}B a^3b^2\right)x^3+\left(-\frac{5}{2}a^3A b^2-\frac{5}{4}B a^4b\right)x^2+\left(-A a^4b-\frac{1}{5}B a^5\right)x\right)}{(bx+a)x^6}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/60*((b*x+a)^2)^(5/2)*(-60*b^5*B*ln(x)*x^6+60*A*b^5*x^5+300*B*a*b^4*x^5+150*A*a*b^4*x^4+300*B*a^2*b^3*x^4+200*A*a^2*b^3*x^3+200*B*a^3*b^2*x^3+150*A*a^3*b^2*x^2+75*B*a^4*b*x^2+60*A*a^4*b*x+12*B*a^5*x+10*A*a^5)/(b*x+a)^5/x^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{60 B b^5 x^6 \log(x) - 10 A a^5 - 60 (5 B a b^4 + A b^5) x^5 - 150 (2 B a^2 b^3 + 5 A a b^4) x^4 - 150 (2 B a^3 b^2 + 5 A a^2 b^3) x^3 - 150 (2 B a^4 b + 5 A a^3 b^2) x^2 - 150 (2 B a^5 + 5 A a^4 b) x - 150 A a^5}{x^6}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
1/60*(60*B*b^5*x^6*log(x) - 10*A*a^5 - 60*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 - 150*(2
*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 - 200*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 - 75*(B*a^4*b
+ 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 - 12*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^6
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2)/x**7,x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2)/x**7, x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 554 vs. $2(182) = 364$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 554, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = (-1)^{2b^2x+2ab} Bb^5 \log(2b^2x + 2ab) \\
& - (-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Bb^5 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Bb^6 x}{2a^2} \\
& + \frac{3\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Bb^5}{2a} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Bb^6 x}{4a^4} \\
& + \frac{7(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2} Bb^5}{12a^3} - \frac{2(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb^5}{15a^5} \\
& + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^6}{6a^6} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb^4}{3a^4x} \\
& + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^5}{6a^5x} + \frac{2(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Bb^3}{15a^5x^2} \\
& - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Ab^4}{6a^6x^2} - \frac{11(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Bb^2}{60a^4x^3} \\
& + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Ab^3}{6a^5x^3} + \frac{3(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Bb}{20a^3x^4} \\
& - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Ab^2}{6a^4x^4} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} B}{5a^2x^5} \\
& + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Ab}{6a^3x^5} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} A}{6a^2x^6}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(-1)^(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b)*B*b^5*log(2*b^2*x + 2*a*b) - (-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)
*B*b^5*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x)) + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a
^2)*B*b^6*x/a^2 + 3/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*b^5/a + 1/4*(b^2*x^2
+ 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*B*b^6*x/a^4 + 7/12*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)
*B*b^5/a^3 - 2/15*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^5/a^5 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2
+ 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^6/a^6 - 1/3*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*
b^4/(a^4*x) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^5/(a^5*x) + 2/15*(b^
2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^3/(a^5*x^2) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^
2)^(7/2)*A*b^4/(a^6*x^2) - 11/60*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^2/(a^
4*x^3) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^3/(a^5*x^3) + 3/20*(b^2*x
^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b/(a^3*x^4) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7
/2)*A*b^2/(a^4*x^4) - 1/5*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B/(a^2*x^5) + 1/
6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b/(a^3*x^5) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x +
a^2)^(7/2)*A/(a^2*x^6)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = Bb^5 \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - \frac{10Aa^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 60(5Bab^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Ab^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x^5 + 150(2Ba^2b^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Aab^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x^4 + 200(Ba^3b^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Aa^2b^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x^3 + 75(Ba^4b \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2Aa^3b^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x^2 + 12(Ba^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 5Aa^4b \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x}{x^6}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
B*b^5*log(abs(x))*sgn(b*x + a) - 1/60*(10*A*a^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 60*(5*B*a*b
^4*sgn(b*x + a) + A*b^5*sgn(b*x + a))*x^5 + 150*(2*B*a^2*b^3*sgn(b*x + a)
+ A*a*b^4*sgn(b*x + a))*x^4 + 200*(B*a^3*b^2*sgn(b*x + a) + A*a^2*b^3*sgn(
b*x + a))*x^3 + 75*(B*a^4*b*sgn(b*x + a) + 2*A*a^3*b^2*sgn(b*x + a))*x^2 +
12*(B*a^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 5*A*a^4*b*sgn(b*x + a))*x/x^6
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^7, x)`output `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^7, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.26

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{60 \log(x) b^6 x^6 - 10a^6 - 72a^5 b x - 225a^4 b^2 x^2 - 400a^3 b^3 x^3 - 450a^2 b^4 x^4 - 360a b^5 x^5}{60x^6}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^7, x)`output `(60*log(x)*b**6*x**6 - 10*a**6 - 72*a**5*b*x - 225*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 400*a**3*b**3*x**3 - 450*a**2*b**4*x**4 - 360*a*b**5*x**5)/(60*x**6)`

3.326 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result	2584
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2584
Rubi [A] (verified)	2585
Maple [B] (verified)	2586
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2587
Sympy [F]	2587
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2588
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2589
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2589
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2590

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{(Ab-aB)(a+bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6a^2x^6} - \frac{A(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7a^2x^7}$$

output

```
1/6*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/a^2/x^6-1/7*A*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(7/2)/a^2/x^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2(21b^5x^5(A+2Bx)+35ab^4x^4(2A+3Bx)+35a^2b^3x^3(3A+4Bx)+21a^3b^2x^2(4A+5Bx)+7a^4b(A+2Bx))}}{42x^7(a+bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^8,x]
```

output

$$\frac{-1/42*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2]*(21*b^5*x^5*(A + 2*B*x) + 35*a*b^4*x^4*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 35*a^2*b^3*x^3*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 21*a^3*b^2*x^2*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 7*a^4*b*x*(5*A + 6*B*x) + a^5*(6*A + 7*B*x)))/(x^7*(a + b*x))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1186, 1102, 27, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^8} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1186 \\ & \frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{(a^2 + 2bxa + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx}{a} - \frac{A(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7a^2x^7} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1102 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(Ab - aB) \int \frac{b^5(a+bx)^5}{x^7} dx}{ab^5(a + bx)} - \frac{A(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7a^2x^7} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(Ab - aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{x^7} dx}{a(a + bx)} - \frac{A(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7a^2x^7} \\ & \quad \downarrow 48 \\ & \frac{(a + bx)^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(Ab - aB)}{6a^2x^6} - \frac{A(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7a^2x^7} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2)/x^8, x]$$

output

$$((A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^5*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/(6*a^2*x^6) - (A*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*a^2*x^7)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 48 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 1102 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1186 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}*((f_.) + (g_.)(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*c*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)} / ((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*f - b*g) / (2*c*d - b*e) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*c*f - b*g, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 135 vs. 2(67) = 134.

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-Bb^5x^6 + \left(-\frac{1}{2}Ab^5 - \frac{5}{2}Bab^4\right)x^5 + \left(-\frac{5}{3}Aab^4 - \frac{10}{3}Ba^2b^3\right)x^4 + \left(-\frac{5}{2}Aa^2b^3 - \frac{5}{2}Ba^3b^2\right)x^3 + \left(-2a^3Ab^2 - Ba^4b\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{5}{6}Aa^4b - \frac{5}{6}Ba^5\right)x + \frac{5}{6}Aa^5 \right)}{(bx+a)x^7}$
gospers	$-\frac{(42Bb^5x^6 + 21Ab^5x^5 + 105Bab^4x^5 + 70Aab^4x^4 + 140Ba^2b^3x^4 + 105Aa^2b^3x^3 + 105Ba^3b^2x^3 + 84Aa^3b^2x^2 + 42Ba^4bx^2 + 35Aa^4bx + 35Aa^5)}{42x^7(bx+a)^5}$
default	$-\frac{(42Bb^5x^6 + 21Ab^5x^5 + 105Bab^4x^5 + 70Aab^4x^4 + 140Ba^2b^3x^4 + 105Aa^2b^3x^3 + 105Ba^3b^2x^3 + 84Aa^3b^2x^2 + 42Ba^4bx^2 + 35Aa^4bx + 35Aa^5)}{42x^7(bx+a)^5}$
orering	$-\frac{(42Bb^5x^6 + 21Ab^5x^5 + 105Bab^4x^5 + 70Aab^4x^4 + 140Ba^2b^3x^4 + 105Aa^2b^3x^3 + 105Ba^3b^2x^3 + 84Aa^3b^2x^2 + 42Ba^4bx^2 + 35Aa^4bx + 35Aa^5)}{42x^7(bx+a)^5}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)*(-B*b^5*x^6+(-1/2*A*b^5-5/2*B*a*b^4)*x^5+(-5/3*A*a*b^4-10/3*B*a^2*b^3)*x^4+(-5/2*A*a^2*b^3-5/2*B*a^3*b^2)*x^3+(-2*A*a^3*b^2-B*a^4*b)*x^2+(-5/6*A*a^4*b-1/6*B*a^5)*x-1/7*A*a^5)/x^7`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{42Bb^5x^6 + 6Aa^5 + 21(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 70(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 105(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 42(Ba^4b^2 - B*a^4*b)*x^2 + (-5/6*A*a^4*b-1/6*B*a^5)*x-1/7*A*a^5}{42x^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/42*(42*B*b^5*x^6 + 6*A*a^5 + 21*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 70*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 105*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 42*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 7*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^7`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx)((a+bx)^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2)/x**8,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2)/x**8, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 435 vs. $2(67) = 134$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 435, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.80

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Bb^6}{6a^6} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ab^7}{6a^7} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Bb^5}{6a^5x} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ab^6}{6a^6x} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Bb^4}{6a^6x^2} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ab^5}{6a^7x^2} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Bb^3}{6a^5x^3} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ab^4}{6a^6x^3} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Bb^2}{6a^4x^4} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ab^3}{6a^5x^4} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Bb}{6a^3x^5} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ab^2}{6a^4x^5} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}B}{6a^2x^6} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ab}{6a^3x^6} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}A}{7a^2x^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^6/a^6 - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^7/a^7 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^5/(a^5*x) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^6/(a^6*x) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^4/(a^6*x^2) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^5/(a^7*x^2) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^3/(a^5*x^3) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^4/(a^6*x^3) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^2/(a^4*x^4) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^3/(a^5*x^4) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b/(a^3*x^5) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^2/(a^4*x^5) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B/(a^2*x^6) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b/(a^3*x^6) - 1/7*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A/(a^2*x^7)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 221 vs. 2(67) = 134.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{(7Bab^6 - Ab^7)\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{42a^2} - \frac{42Bb^5x^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 105Bab^4x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 21Ab^5x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 140Ba^2b^3x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 70Aa^2b^3x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{x^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/42*(7*B*a*b^6 - A*b^7)*sgn(b*x + a)/a^2 - 1/42*(42*B*b^5*x^6*sgn(b*x + a) + 105*B*a*b^4*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 21*A*b^5*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 140*B*a^2*b^3*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 70*A*a*b^4*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 105*B*a^3*b^2*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 105*A*a^2*b^3*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 42*B*a^4*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 84*A*a^3*b^2*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 7*B*a^5*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 35*A*a^4*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 6*A*a^5*sgn(b*x + a))/x^7`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.79

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{\left(\frac{Ba^5}{6} + \frac{5Aba^4}{6}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^6(a + bx)} - \frac{\left(\frac{Ab^5}{2} + \frac{5Bab^4}{2}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^2(a + bx)} - \frac{Aa^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7x^7(a + bx)} - \frac{Bb^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x(a + bx)} - \frac{5ab^3(Ab + 2Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{3x^3(a + bx)} - \frac{a^3b(2Ab + Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^5(a + bx)} - \frac{5a^2b^2(Ab + Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{2x^4(a + bx)}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^8,x)`

output

```
- (((B*a^5)/6 + (5*A*a^4*b)/6)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^6*(a +
b*x)) - (((A*b^5)/2 + (5*B*a*b^4)/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^2
*(a + b*x)) - (A*a^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(7*x^7*(a + b*x)) -
(B*b^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x*(a + b*x)) - (5*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*
B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(3*x^3*(a + b*x)) - (a^3*b*(2*A*b +
B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^5*(a + b*x)) - (5*a^2*b^2*(A*b +
B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(2*x^4*(a + b*x))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{-7b^6x^6 - 21ab^5x^5 - 35a^2b^4x^4 - 35a^3b^3x^3 - 21a^4b^2x^2 - 7a^5bx - 7a^6}{7x^7}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^8,x)
```

output

```
( - a**6 - 7*a**5*b*x - 21*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 35*a**3*b**3*x**3 - 35*a**2*b*
*4*x**4 - 21*a*b**5*x**5 - 7*b**6*x**6)/(7*x**7)
```

3.327 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx$

Optimal result	2591
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2591
Rubi [A] (verified)	2592
Maple [A] (verified)	2594
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2595
Sympy [F]	2595
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2595
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2597
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2597
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2598

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{b(Ab-aB)(a+bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6a^3x^6} - \frac{A(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8a^2x^8} + \frac{(9Ab-8aB)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{56a^3x^7}$$

output

```
-1/6*b*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/a^3/x^6-1/8*A*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(7/2)/a^2/x^8+1/56*(9*A*b-8*B*a)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(7/2)/a^3/x^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2(28b^5x^5(2A+3Bx)+70ab^4x^4(3A+4Bx)+84a^2b^3x^3(4A+5Bx)+56a^3b^2x^2(5A+6Bx)+168x^8(a+bx))}}{168x^8(a+bx)}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^9,x]`

output `-1/168*(Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(28*b^5*x^5*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 70*a*b^4*x^4*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 84*a^2*b^3*x^3*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 56*a^3*b^2*x^2*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 20*a^4*b*x*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 3*a^5*(7*A + 8*B*x)))/(x^8*(a + b*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^9} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx}{b^5(a+bx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx}{a+bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{(Ab-4aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{x^8} dx}{4a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^6}{8ax^8} \right)}{a+bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{(Ab-4aB) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{x^7} dx}{7a} - \frac{(a+bx)^6}{7ax^7} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^6}{8ax^8} \right)}{a+bx}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{\left(\frac{b(a+bx)^6}{42a^2x^6} - \frac{(a+bx)^6}{7ax^7} \right) (Ab - 4aB)}{4a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^6}{8ax^8} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^9,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*(-1/8*(A*(a + b*x)^6)/(a*x^8) - ((A*b - 4*a*B)*(-1/7*(a + b*x)^6/(a*x^7) + (b*(a + b*x)^6)/(42*a^2*x^6)))/(4*a)))/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))
```

rule 1187

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-\frac{Bb^5x^6}{2} + \left(-\frac{1}{3}Ab^5 - \frac{5}{3}Bab^4\right)x^5 + \left(-\frac{5}{4}Aab^4 - \frac{5}{2}Ba^2b^3\right)x^4 + \left(-2Aa^2b^3 - 2Ba^3b^2\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{5}{3}a^3Ab^2 - \frac{5}{6}Ba^4b\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{5}{7}Aa^3b^2 - \frac{5}{6}Ba^4b\right)x + \frac{5}{7}Aa^4b\right)}{(bx+a)x^8}$
gospers	$-\frac{(84Bb^5x^6 + 56Ab^5x^5 + 280Bab^4x^5 + 210Aab^4x^4 + 420Ba^2b^3x^4 + 336Aa^2b^3x^3 + 336Ba^3b^2x^3 + 280Aa^3b^2x^2 + 140Ba^4bx^2 + 120Aa^4b^2x + 120Aa^5b^2)}{168x^8(bx+a)^5}$
default	$-\frac{(84Bb^5x^6 + 56Ab^5x^5 + 280Bab^4x^5 + 210Aab^4x^4 + 420Ba^2b^3x^4 + 336Aa^2b^3x^3 + 336Ba^3b^2x^3 + 280Aa^3b^2x^2 + 140Ba^4bx^2 + 120Aa^4b^2x + 120Aa^5b^2)}{168x^8(bx+a)^5}$
orering	$-\frac{(84Bb^5x^6 + 56Ab^5x^5 + 280Bab^4x^5 + 210Aab^4x^4 + 420Ba^2b^3x^4 + 336Aa^2b^3x^3 + 336Ba^3b^2x^3 + 280Aa^3b^2x^2 + 140Ba^4bx^2 + 120Aa^4b^2x + 120Aa^5b^2)}{168x^8(bx+a)^5}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((b*x+a)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)*(-1/2*B*b^5*x^6+(-1/3*A*b^5-5/3*B*a*b^4)*x^5+(-5/4*A*a*b^4-5/2*B*a^2*b^3)*x^4+(-2*A*a^2*b^3-2*B*a^3*b^2)*x^3+(-5/3*a^3*A*b^2-5/6*B*a^4*b)*x^2+(-5/7*A*a^4*b-1/7*B*a^5)*x-1/8*A*a^5)/x^8
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{84 Bb^5x^6 + 21 Aa^5 + 56(5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 210(2 Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 336(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 140(Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^2 + 24(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{168x^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/168*(84*B*b^5*x^6 + 21*A*a^5 + 56*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 210*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 336*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 140*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 24*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^8`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2)/x**9,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2)/x**9, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 495 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 495, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.30

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = -\frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Bb^7}{6a^7}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ab^8}{6a^8} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Bb^6}{6a^6x}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}Ab^7}{6a^7x} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Bb^5}{6a^7x^2}$$

$$- \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ab^6}{6a^8x^2} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Bb^4}{6a^6x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ab^5}{6a^7x^3} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Bb^3}{6a^5x^4}$$

$$- \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ab^4}{6a^6x^4} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Bb^2}{6a^4x^5}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ab^3}{6a^5x^5} + \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Bb}{6a^3x^6}$$

$$- \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ab^2}{6a^4x^6} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}B}{7a^2x^7}$$

$$+ \frac{9(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}Ab}{56a^3x^7} - \frac{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{7/2}A}{8a^2x^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^7/a^7 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^8/a^8 - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^6/(a^6*x) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^7/(a^7*x) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^5/(a^7*x^2) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^6/(a^8*x^2) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^4/(a^6*x^3) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^5/(a^7*x^3) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^3/(a^5*x^4) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^4/(a^6*x^4) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^2/(a^4*x^5) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^3/(a^5*x^5) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b/(a^3*x^6) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^2/(a^4*x^6) - 1/7*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B/(a^2*x^7) + 9/56*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b/(a^3*x^7) - 1/8*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A/(a^2*x^8)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 221 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{(4 Bab^7 - Ab^8)\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{168 a^3} - \frac{84 Bb^5x^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 280 Bab^4x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 56 Ab^5x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 420 Ba^2b^3x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 210 Aa^3b^2x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 336 Ba^2b^2x^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 280 Aa^2b^2x^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 24 Ba^5x\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 120 Aa^4b^2x\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 21 Aa^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{x^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/168*(4*B*a*b^7 - A*b^8)*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a)/a^3 - 1/168*(84*B*b^5*x^6*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 280*B*a*b^4*x^5*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 56*A*b^5*x^5*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 420*B*a^2*b^3*x^4*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 210*A*a*b^4*x^4*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 336*B*a^3*b^2*x^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 336*A*a^2*b^3*x^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 140*B*a^4*b*x^2*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 280*A*a^3*b^2*x^2*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 24*B*a^5*x*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 120*A*a^4*b^2*x*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 21*A*a^5*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a))/x^8$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = -\frac{\left(\frac{Ba^5}{7} + \frac{5Aba^4}{7}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^7 (a + bx)} - \frac{\left(\frac{Ab^5}{3} + \frac{5Bab^4}{3}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^3 (a + bx)} - \frac{Aa^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{8x^8 (a + bx)} - \frac{Bb^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{2x^2 (a + bx)} - \frac{5ab^3 (Ab + 2Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{4x^4 (a + bx)} - \frac{5a^3 b (2Ab + Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{6x^6 (a + bx)} - \frac{2a^2 b^2 (Ab + Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^5 (a + bx)}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^9,x)`

output

```
- (((B*a^5)/7 + (5*A*a^4*b)/7)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^7*(a +
b*x)) - (((A*b^5)/3 + (5*B*a*b^4)/3)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^3
*(a + b*x)) - (A*a^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(8*x^8*(a + b*x)) -
(B*b^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(2*x^2*(a + b*x)) - (5*a*b^3*(A*b
+ 2*B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(4*x^4*(a + b*x)) - (5*a^3*b*(2*
A*b + B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(6*x^6*(a + b*x)) - (2*a^2*b^2
*(A*b + B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^5*(a + b*x))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{-28b^6x^6 - 112ab^5x^5 - 210a^2b^4x^4 - 224a^3b^3x^3 - 140a^4b^2x^2 - 48a^5b^2x - 7a^6}{56x^8}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^9,x)
```

output

```
( - 7*a**6 - 48*a**5*b*x - 140*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 224*a**3*b**3*x**3 - 210*a
**2*b**4*x**4 - 112*a*b**5*x**5 - 28*b**6*x**6)/(56*x**8)
```

3.328 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	2599
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2599
Rubi [A] (verified)	2600
Maple [A] (verified)	2602
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2602
Sympy [F]	2603
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2603
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2604
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2605
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2605

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{b^2(Ab-aB)(a+bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6a^4x^6} - \frac{A(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9a^2x^9} + \frac{(11Ab-9aB)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{72a^3x^8} - \frac{b(83Ab-81aB)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{504a^4x^7}$$

output

```
1/6*b^2*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/a^4/x^6-1/9*A*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(7/2)/a^2/x^9+1/72*(11*A*b-9*B*a)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(7/2)/a^3/x^8-1/504*b*(83*A*b-81*B*a)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(7/2)/a^4/x^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2(42b^5x^5(3A+4Bx)+126ab^4x^4(4A+5Bx)+168a^2b^3x^3(5A+6Bx)+120a^3b^2x^2(6A+7Bx)+504x^9(a+bx))}}{504x^9(a+bx)}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^10,x]`

output `-1/504*(Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(42*b^5*x^5*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 126*a*b^4*x^4*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 168*a^2*b^3*x^3*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 120*a^3*b^2*x^2*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 45*a^4*b*x*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 7*a^5*(8*A + 9*B*x)))/(x^9*(a + b*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{10}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx}{b^5(a+bx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx}{a+bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^5}{x^{10}} + \frac{(5Ab+aB)a^4}{x^9} + \frac{5b(2Ab+aB)a^3}{x^8} + \frac{10b^2(Ab+aB)a^2}{x^7} + \frac{5b^3(Ab+2aB)a}{x^6} + \frac{b^5B}{x^4} + \frac{b^4(Ab+5aB)}{x^5} \right) dx}{a+bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^5A}{9x^9} - \frac{a^4(aB+5Ab)}{8x^8} - \frac{5a^3b(aB+2Ab)}{7x^7} - \frac{5a^2b^2(aB+Ab)}{3x^6} - \frac{b^4(5aB+Ab)}{4x^4} - \frac{ab^3(2aB+Ab)}{x^5} - \frac{b^5B}{3x^3} \right)}{a+bx}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^10,x]`

output `((-1/9*(a^5*A)/x^9 - (a^4*(5*A*b + a*B))/(8*x^8) - (5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B))/(7*x^7) - (5*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B))/(3*x^6) - (a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B))/x^5 - (b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B))/(4*x^4) - (b^5*B)/(3*x^3))*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-\frac{Bb^5x^6}{3} + \left(-\frac{1}{4}Ab^5 - \frac{5}{4}Bab^4\right)x^5 + (-Aab^4 - 2Ba^2b^3)x^4 + \left(-\frac{5}{3}Aa^2b^3 - \frac{5}{3}Ba^3b^2\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{10}{7}a^3Ab^2 - \frac{5}{7}Ba^4b\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{5}{8}Aa^4b - \frac{5}{8}Ba^5\right)x + \frac{1}{9}Aa^5 \right)}{(bx+a)x^9}$
gosper	$-\frac{(168Bb^5x^6 + 126Ab^5x^5 + 630Bab^4x^5 + 504Aab^4x^4 + 1008Ba^2b^3x^4 + 840Aa^2b^3x^3 + 840Ba^3b^2x^3 + 720Aa^3b^2x^2 + 360Ba^4bx^2 + 360Aa^4bx + 168Ab^5x^6 + 56Aa^5)}{504x^9(bx+a)^5}$
default	$-\frac{(168Bb^5x^6 + 126Ab^5x^5 + 630Bab^4x^5 + 504Aab^4x^4 + 1008Ba^2b^3x^4 + 840Aa^2b^3x^3 + 840Ba^3b^2x^3 + 720Aa^3b^2x^2 + 360Ba^4bx^2 + 360Aa^4bx + 168Ab^5x^6 + 56Aa^5)}{504x^9(bx+a)^5}$
orering	$-\frac{(168Bb^5x^6 + 126Ab^5x^5 + 630Bab^4x^5 + 504Aab^4x^4 + 1008Ba^2b^3x^4 + 840Aa^2b^3x^3 + 840Ba^3b^2x^3 + 720Aa^3b^2x^2 + 360Ba^4bx^2 + 360Aa^4bx + 168Ab^5x^6 + 56Aa^5)}{504x^9(bx+a)^5}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)*(-1/3*B*b^5*x^6+(-1/4*A*b^5-5/4*B*a*b^4)*x^5+(-A*a*b^4-2*B*a^2*b^3)*x^4+(-5/3*A*a^2*b^3-5/3*B*a^3*b^2)*x^3+(-10/7*a^3*A*b^2-5/7*B*a^4*b)*x^2+(-5/8*A*a^4*b-1/8*B*a^5)*x-1/9*A*a^5)/x^9
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{168Bb^5x^6 + 56Aa^5 + 126(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 504(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 840(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 360(Ba^4b + Aa^4b)x^2 + 63(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x + 168Ab^5 + 56Aa^5}{504x^9}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/504*(168*B*b^5*x^6 + 56*A*a^5 + 126*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 504*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 840*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 360*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^4*b)*x^2 + 63*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^9
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2)/x**10,x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2)/x**10, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 555 vs. $2(141) = 282$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 555, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.54

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx &= \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb^8}{6a^8} \\ &- \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^9}{6a^9} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Bb^7}{6a^7x} \\ &- \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{5/2} Ab^8}{6a^8x} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Bb^6}{6a^8x^2} \\ &+ \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Ab^7}{6a^9x^2} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Bb^5}{6a^7x^3} \\ &- \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Ab^6}{6a^8x^3} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Bb^4}{6a^6x^4} \\ &+ \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Ab^5}{6a^7x^4} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Bb^3}{6a^5x^5} \\ &- \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Ab^4}{6a^6x^5} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Bb^2}{6a^4x^6} \\ &+ \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Ab^3}{6a^5x^6} + \frac{9(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Bb}{56a^3x^7} \\ &- \frac{83(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Ab^2}{504a^4x^7} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} B}{8a^2x^8} \\ &+ \frac{11(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} Ab}{72a^3x^8} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{7/2} A}{9a^2x^9} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)}*B*b^8/a^8 - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)}*A*b^9/a^9 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)}*B*b^7/(a^7*x) - \\ & 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(5/2)}*A*b^8/(a^8*x) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(7/2)}*B*b^6/(a^8*x^2) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(7/2)}*A*b^7/ \\ & (a^9*x^2) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(7/2)}*B*b^5/(a^7*x^3) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(7/2)}*A*b^6/(a^8*x^3) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(7/2)}*B*b^4/(a^6*x^4) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(7/2)}*A*b^5/(a^7*x^4) \\ & + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(7/2)}*B*b^3/(a^5*x^5) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(7/2)}*A*b^4/(a^6*x^5) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(7/2)}*B*b^2/(a^4*x^6) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(7/2)}*A*b^3/(a^5*x^6) + \\ & 9/56*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(7/2)}*B*b/(a^3*x^7) - 83/504*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(7/2)}*A*b^2/(a^4*x^7) - 1/8*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(7/2)}*B/(a^2*x^8) + 11/72*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(7/2)}*A*b/(a^3*x^8) - 1/9*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^{(7/2)}*A/(a^2*x^9) \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{(3Bab^8 - Ab^9)\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{504a^4} - \frac{168Bb^5x^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 630Bab^4x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 126Ab^5x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 1008Ba^2b^3x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \dots}{504a^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/504*(3*B*a*b^8 - A*b^9)*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a)/a^4 - 1/504*(168*B*b^5*x^6*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x \\ & + a) + 630*B*a*b^4*x^5*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 126*A*b^5*x^5*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 1008*B \\ & *a^2*b^3*x^4*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 504*A*a*b^4*x^4*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 840*B*a^3*b^2*x^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 840*A*a^2*b^3*x^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 360*B*a^4*b*x^2*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x \\ & + a) + 720*A*a^3*b^2*x^2*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 63*B*a^5*x*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 315*A*a^4*b*x*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 56*A*a^5*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a))/x^9 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{\left(\frac{Ba^5}{8} + \frac{5Aba^4}{8}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^8(a + bx)} - \frac{\left(\frac{Ab^5}{4} + \frac{5Bab^4}{4}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^4(a + bx)} - \frac{Aa^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{9x^9(a + bx)} - \frac{Bb^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{3x^3(a + bx)} - \frac{ab^3(Ab + 2Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^5(a + bx)} - \frac{5a^3b(2Ab + Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7x^7(a + bx)} - \frac{5a^2b^2(Ab + Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{3x^6(a + bx)}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^10,x)
```

output

```
- (((B*a^5)/8 + (5*A*a^4*b)/8)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^8*(a + b*x)) - (((A*b^5)/4 + (5*B*a*b^4)/4)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^4*(a + b*x)) - (A*a^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(9*x^9*(a + b*x)) - (B*b^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(3*x^3*(a + b*x)) - (a*b^3*(A*b + 2*B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^5*(a + b*x)) - (5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(7*x^7*(a + b*x)) - (5*a^2*b^2*(A*b + B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(3*x^6*(a + b*x))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{-84b^6x^6 - 378ab^5x^5 - 756a^2b^4x^4 - 840a^3b^3x^3 - 540a^4b^2x^2 - 180a^5b^2x - 18a^6}{252x^9}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^10,x)
```

output

$$\frac{(-28a^6 - 189a^5bx - 540a^4b^2x^2 - 840a^3b^3x^3 - 756a^2b^4x^4 - 378ab^5x^5 - 84b^6x^6)}{(252x^9)}$$

3.329
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx$$

Optimal result	2607
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2608
Rubi [A] (verified)	2608
Maple [A] (verified)	2610
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2610
Sympy [F]	2611
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2611
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2612
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2613
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2613

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 199

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{b^3(Ab-aB)(a+bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6a^5x^6} - \frac{A(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10a^2x^{10}}$$

$$+ \frac{(13Ab-10aB)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{90a^3x^9} - \frac{b(58Ab-55aB)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{360a^4x^8}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2(418Ab-415aB)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2520a^5x^7}$$

output

```
-1/6*b^3*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/a^5/x^6-1/10*A*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(7/2)/a^2/x^10+1/90*(13*A*b-10*B*a)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(7/2)/a^3/x^9-1/360*b*(58*A*b-55*B*a)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(7/2)/a^4/x^8+1/2520*b^2*(418*A*b-415*B*a)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(7/2)/a^5/x^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(126b^5x^5(4A + 5Bx) + 420ab^4x^4(5A + 6Bx) + 600a^2b^3x^3(6A + 7Bx) + 450a^3b^2x^2(7A + 8Bx) + 175a^4b^2x(8A + 9Bx) + 28a^5(9A + 10Bx))}}{2520x^{10}(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^11,x]
```

output

```
-1/2520*(Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(126*b^5*x^5*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 420*a*b^4*x^4*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 600*a^2*b^3*x^3*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 450*a^3*b^2*x^2*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 175*a^4*b*x*(8*A + 9*B*x) + 28*a^5*(9*A + 10*B*x)))/(x^10*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{11}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{11}} dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{11}} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^5}{x^{11}} + \frac{(5Ab+aB)a^4}{x^{10}} + \frac{5b(2Ab+aB)a^3}{x^9} + \frac{10b^2(Ab+aB)a^2}{x^8} + \frac{5b^3(Ab+2aB)a}{x^7} + \frac{b^5B}{x^5} + \frac{b^4(Ab+5aB)}{x^6} \right) dx}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^5A}{10x^{10}} - \frac{a^4(aB+5Ab)}{9x^9} - \frac{5a^3b(aB+2Ab)}{8x^8} - \frac{10a^2b^2(aB+Ab)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^4(5aB+Ab)}{5x^5} - \frac{5ab^3(2aB+Ab)}{6x^6} - \frac{b^5B}{4x^4} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^11,x]
```

output

```
((-1/10*(a^5*A)/x^10 - (a^4*(5*A*b + a*B))/(9*x^9) - (5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B)))/(8*x^8) - (10*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B))/(7*x^7) - (5*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B))/(6*x^6) - (b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B))/(5*x^5) - (b^5*B)/(4*x^4))*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]/(a + b*x)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

rule 1187

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-\frac{Bb^5x^6}{4} + \left(-\frac{1}{5}Ab^5 - Bab^4\right)x^5 + \left(-\frac{5}{6}Aab^4 - \frac{5}{3}Ba^2b^3\right)x^4 + \left(-\frac{10}{7}Aa^2b^3 - \frac{10}{7}Ba^3b^2\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{5}{4}a^3Ab^2 - \frac{5}{8}Ba^4b\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{5}{8}a^4A\right)x + \frac{5}{8}a^5 \right)}{(bx+a)x^{10}}$
gospers	$-\frac{(630Bb^5x^6 + 504Ab^5x^5 + 2520Bab^4x^5 + 2100Aab^4x^4 + 4200Ba^2b^3x^4 + 3600Aa^2b^3x^3 + 3600Ba^3b^2x^3 + 3150Aa^3b^2x^2 + 1575Ba^4b^2x^2 + 1575Aa^4b^2x + 1575Aa^5)}{2520x^{10}(bx+a)^5}$
default	$-\frac{(630Bb^5x^6 + 504Ab^5x^5 + 2520Bab^4x^5 + 2100Aab^4x^4 + 4200Ba^2b^3x^4 + 3600Aa^2b^3x^3 + 3600Ba^3b^2x^3 + 3150Aa^3b^2x^2 + 1575Ba^4b^2x^2 + 1575Aa^4b^2x + 1575Aa^5)}{2520x^{10}(bx+a)^5}$
orering	$-\frac{(630Bb^5x^6 + 504Ab^5x^5 + 2520Bab^4x^5 + 2100Aab^4x^4 + 4200Ba^2b^3x^4 + 3600Aa^2b^3x^3 + 3600Ba^3b^2x^3 + 3150Aa^3b^2x^2 + 1575Ba^4b^2x^2 + 1575Aa^4b^2x + 1575Aa^5)}{2520x^{10}(bx+a)^5}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^11,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)*(-1/4*B*b^5*x^6+(-1/5*A*b^5-B*a*b^4)*x^5+(-5/6*A*a*b^4-5/3*B*a^2*b^3)*x^4+(-10/7*A*a^2*b^3-10/7*B*a^3*b^2)*x^3+(-5/4*a^3*A*b^2-5/8*B*a^4*b)*x^2+(-5/9*A*a^4*b-1/9*B*a^5)*x-1/10*A*a^5)/x^10
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{630Bb^5x^6 + 252Aa^5 + 504(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 2100(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 3600(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 1575Aa^4b^2x^2 + 1575Aa^5x - 1575Aa^5}{2520x^{10}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^11,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/2520*(630*B*b^5*x^6 + 252*A*a^5 + 504*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 2100*(2
*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 3600*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 1575*(B*a^4
*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 280*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^10
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2)/x**11,x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2)/x**11, x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 615 vs. 2(179) = 358.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 615, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^11,x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output

```
-1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^9/a^9 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x +
a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^10/a^10 - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^8/(a^8*x)
+ 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^9/(a^9*x) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*
b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^7/(a^9*x^2) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b
^8/(a^10*x^2) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^6/(a^8*x^3) + 1/6*
(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^7/(a^9*x^3) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x +
a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^5/(a^7*x^4) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^6/(a
^8*x^4) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^4/(a^6*x^5) + 1/6*(b^2*x
^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^5/(a^7*x^5) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(
7/2)*B*b^3/(a^5*x^6) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^4/(a^6*x^6
) - 83/504*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^2/(a^4*x^7) + 209/1260*(b^2
*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^3/(a^5*x^7) + 11/72*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a
^2)^(7/2)*B*b/(a^3*x^8) - 29/180*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^2/(a^
4*x^8) - 1/9*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B/(a^2*x^9) + 13/90*(b^2*x^2
+ 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b/(a^3*x^9) - 1/10*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2
)*A/(a^2*x^10)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{(5 Bab^9 - 2 Ab^{10})\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{2520 a^5} \\ + \frac{630 Bb^5x^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2520 Bab^4x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 504 Ab^5x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 4200 Ba^2b^3x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \dots}{2520 a^5}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^11,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/2520*(5*B*a*b^9 - 2*A*b^10)*sgn(b*x + a)/a^5 - 1/2520*(630*B*b^5*x^6*sgn
(b*x + a) + 2520*B*a*b^4*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 504*A*b^5*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 4
200*B*a^2*b^3*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 2100*A*a*b^4*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 3600*B*a^
3*b^2*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 3600*A*a^2*b^3*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 1575*B*a^4*b*x^
2*sgn(b*x + a) + 3150*A*a^3*b^2*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 280*B*a^5*x*sgn(b*x + a
) + 1400*A*a^4*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 252*A*a^5*sgn(b*x + a))/x^10
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{\left(\frac{Ba^5}{9} + \frac{5Ab^4}{9}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^9(a+bx)} - \frac{\left(\frac{Ab^5}{5} + B a b^4\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^5(a+bx)} - \frac{A a^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{10 x^{10}(a+bx)} - \frac{B b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{4 x^4(a+bx)} - \frac{5 a b^3 (A b + 2 B a) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{6 x^6(a+bx)} - \frac{5 a^3 b (2 A b + B a) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{8 x^8(a+bx)} - \frac{10 a^2 b^2 (A b + B a) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7 x^7(a+bx)}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^11,x)`output `- (((B*a^5)/9 + (5*A*a^4*b)/9)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^9*(a + b*x)) - (((A*b^5)/5 + B*a*b^4)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^5*(a + b*x)) - (A*a^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(10*x^10*(a + b*x)) - (B*b^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(4*x^4*(a + b*x)) - (5*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(6*x^6*(a + b*x)) - (5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(8*x^8*(a + b*x)) - (10*a^2*b^2*(A*b + B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(7*x^7*(a + b*x))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{-210b^6x^6 - 1008ab^5x^5 - 2100a^2b^4x^4 - 2400a^3b^3x^3 - 1575a^4b^2x^2}{840x^{10}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^11,x)`

output $(-84a^6 - 560a^5bx - 1575a^4b^2x^2 - 2400a^3b^3x^3 - 2100a^2b^4x^4 - 1008ab^5x^5 - 210b^6x^6)/(840x^{10})$

3.330 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx$

Optimal result	2615
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2616
Rubi [A] (verified)	2616
Maple [A] (verified)	2618
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2618
Sympy [F]	2619
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2619
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2620
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2621
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2621

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 241

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{b^4(Ab-aB)(a+bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6a^6x^6} - \frac{A(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11a^2x^{11}} + \frac{(15Ab-11aB)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{110a^3x^{10}} - \frac{b(155Ab-143aB)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{990a^4x^9} + \frac{b^2(325Ab-319aB)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{1980a^5x^8} - \frac{b^3(2305Ab-2299aB)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{7/2}}{13860a^6x^7}$$

output

```
1/6*b^4*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/a^6/x^6-1/11*A*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(7/2)/a^2/x^11+1/110*(15*A*b-11*B*a)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(7/2)/a^3/x^10-1/990*b*(155*A*b-143*B*a)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(7/2)/a^4/x^9+1/1980*b^2*(325*A*b-319*B*a)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(7/2)/a^5/x^8-1/13860*b^3*(2305*A*b-2299*B*a)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(7/2)/a^6/x^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(462b^5x^5(5A + 6Bx) + 1650ab^4x^4(6A + 7Bx) + 2475a^2b^3x^3(7A + 8Bx) + 1925a^3b^2x^2(8A + 9Bx) + 770a^4b^2x(9A + 10Bx) + 126a^5(10A + 11Bx))}}{13860x^{11}(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^12,x]
```

output

```
-1/13860*(Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(462*b^5*x^5*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 1650*a*b^4*x^4*(6
*A + 7*B*x) + 2475*a^2*b^3*x^3*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 1925*a^3*b^2*x^2*(8*A + 9*B
*x) + 770*a^4*b*x*(9*A + 10*B*x) + 126*a^5*(10*A + 11*B*x)))/(x^11*(a + b*
x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{12}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{12}} dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{12}} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^5}{x^{12}} + \frac{(5Ab+aB)a^4}{x^{11}} + \frac{5b(2Ab+aB)a^3}{x^{10}} + \frac{10b^2(Ab+aB)a^2}{x^9} + \frac{5b^3(Ab+2aB)a}{x^8} + \frac{b^5B}{x^6} + \frac{b^4(Ab+5aB)}{x^7} \right) dx}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^5A}{11x^{11}} - \frac{a^4(aB+5Ab)}{10x^{10}} - \frac{5a^3b(aB+2Ab)}{9x^9} - \frac{5a^2b^2(aB+Ab)}{4x^8} - \frac{b^4(5aB+Ab)}{6x^6} - \frac{5ab^3(2aB+Ab)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^5B}{5x^5} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^12,x]
```

output

```
((-1/11*(a^5*A)/x^11 - (a^4*(5*A*b + a*B))/(10*x^10) - (5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B))/(9*x^9) - (5*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B))/(4*x^8) - (5*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B))/(7*x^7) - (b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B))/(6*x^6) - (b^5*B)/(5*x^5))*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/(a + b*x)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

rule 1187

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-\frac{Bb^5x^6}{5} + \left(-\frac{1}{6}Ab^5 - \frac{5}{6}Bab^4\right)x^5 + \left(-\frac{5}{7}Aab^4 - \frac{10}{7}Ba^2b^3\right)x^4 + \left(-\frac{5}{4}Aa^2b^3 - \frac{5}{4}Ba^3b^2\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{10}{9}a^3Ab^2 - \frac{5}{9}Ba^4b\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{5}{9}Aa^3b^2 - \frac{5}{9}Ba^4b\right)x + \frac{5}{9}Aa^4b \right)}{(bx+a)x^{11}}$
gospers	$-\frac{(2772Bb^5x^6 + 2310Ab^5x^5 + 11550Bab^4x^5 + 9900Aab^4x^4 + 19800Ba^2b^3x^4 + 17325Aa^2b^3x^3 + 17325Ba^3b^2x^3 + 15400Aa^3b^2x^2 + 7700Aa^4bx^2 + 5500Aa^4bx + 1100Aa^5) \sqrt{(bx+a)}}{13860x^{11}(bx+a)^5}$
default	$-\frac{(2772Bb^5x^6 + 2310Ab^5x^5 + 11550Bab^4x^5 + 9900Aab^4x^4 + 19800Ba^2b^3x^4 + 17325Aa^2b^3x^3 + 17325Ba^3b^2x^3 + 15400Aa^3b^2x^2 + 7700Aa^4bx^2 + 5500Aa^4bx + 1100Aa^5) \sqrt{(bx+a)}}{13860x^{11}(bx+a)^5}$
orering	$-\frac{(2772Bb^5x^6 + 2310Ab^5x^5 + 11550Bab^4x^5 + 9900Aab^4x^4 + 19800Ba^2b^3x^4 + 17325Aa^2b^3x^3 + 17325Ba^3b^2x^3 + 15400Aa^3b^2x^2 + 7700Aa^4bx^2 + 5500Aa^4bx + 1100Aa^5) \sqrt{(bx+a)}}{13860x^{11}(bx+a)^5}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^12,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{((bx+a)^2)^{1/2} \left(-\frac{1}{5}Bb^5x^6 + \left(-\frac{1}{6}Ab^5 - \frac{5}{6}Bab^4\right)x^5 + \left(-\frac{5}{4}Aa^2b^3 - \frac{5}{4}Ba^3b^2\right)x^4 + \left(-\frac{10}{9}a^3Ab^2 - \frac{5}{9}Ba^4b\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{5}{9}Aa^3b^2 - \frac{5}{9}Ba^4b\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{1}{2}Aa^4b - \frac{1}{10}Bb^5\right)x - \frac{1}{11}Aa^5 \right)}{13860x^{11}(bx+a)^5}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{2772Bb^5x^6 + 1260Aa^5 + 2310(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 9900(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 17325(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 15400Aa^3b^2x^2 + 7700Aa^4bx^2 + 5500Aa^4bx + 1100Aa^5}{13860x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^12,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/13860*(2772*B*b^5*x^6 + 1260*A*a^5 + 2310*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 990
0*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 17325*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 7700*(
B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 1386*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^11
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2)/x**12,x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2)/x**12, x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 675 vs. 2(217) = 434.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 675, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^12,x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output

```

1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^10/a^10 - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x +
a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^11/a^11 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^9/(a^9*x
) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^10/(a^10*x) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2
*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^8/(a^10*x^2) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)
*A*b^9/(a^11*x^2) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^7/(a^9*x^3) -
1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^8/(a^10*x^3) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*
b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^6/(a^8*x^4) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b
^7/(a^9*x^4) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^5/(a^7*x^5) - 1/6*(
b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^6/(a^8*x^5) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x +
a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^4/(a^6*x^6) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^5/(a^
7*x^6) + 209/1260*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^3/(a^5*x^7) - 461/27
72*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^4/(a^6*x^7) - 29/180*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a
*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^2/(a^4*x^8) + 65/396*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)
*A*b^3/(a^5*x^8) + 13/90*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b/(a^3*x^9) - 3
1/198*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^2/(a^4*x^9) - 1/10*(b^2*x^2 + 2*
a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B/(a^2*x^10) + 3/22*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b
/(a^3*x^10) - 1/11*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A/(a^2*x^11)

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{(11 Bab^{10} - 5 Ab^{11})\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{13860 a^6} - \frac{2772 Bb^5 x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 11550 Bab^4 x^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2310 Ab^5 x^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 19800 Ba^2 b^3 x^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 9900 Aa^3 b^2 x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 17325 Bb^3 x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 17325 Aa^2 b^3 x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 7700 Bb^2 x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 15400 Aa^3 b^2 x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 1386 Bb^2 x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 6930 Aa^4 b x \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 1260 Aa^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{11 x^{11}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^12,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-1/13860*(11*B*a*b^10 - 5*A*b^11)*sgn(b*x + a)/a^6 - 1/13860*(2772*B*b^5*x
^6*sgn(b*x + a) + 11550*B*a*b^4*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 2310*A*b^5*x^5*sgn(b*x
+ a) + 19800*B*a^2*b^3*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 9900*A*a*b^4*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) +
17325*B*a^3*b^2*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 17325*A*a^2*b^3*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 7700
*B*a^4*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 15400*A*a^3*b^2*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 1386*B*a^5*
x*sgn(b*x + a) + 6930*A*a^4*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 1260*A*a^5*sgn(b*x + a))/x^
11

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{\left(\frac{Ba^5}{10} + \frac{Ab^4}{2}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{10}(a + bx)}$$

$$-\frac{\left(\frac{Ab^5}{6} + \frac{5Bab^4}{6}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^6(a + bx)} - \frac{Aa^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{11x^{11}(a + bx)}$$

$$-\frac{Bb^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{5x^5(a + bx)} - \frac{5ab^3(Ab + 2Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7x^7(a + bx)}$$

$$-\frac{5a^3b(2Ab + Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{9x^9(a + bx)}$$

$$-\frac{5a^2b^2(Ab + Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{4x^8(a + bx)}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^12,x)
```

output

```
- (((B*a^5)/10 + (A*a^4*b)/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^10*(a + b*x)) - (((A*b^5)/6 + (5*B*a*b^4)/6)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^6*(a + b*x)) - (A*a^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(11*x^11*(a + b*x)) - (B*b^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(5*x^5*(a + b*x)) - (5*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(7*x^7*(a + b*x)) - (5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(9*x^9*(a + b*x)) - (5*a^2*b^2*(A*b + B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(4*x^8*(a + b*x))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{-462b^6x^6 - 2310ab^5x^5 - 4950a^2b^4x^4 - 5775a^3b^3x^3 - 3850a^4b^2x^2}{2310x^{11}}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^12,x)
```

output $(-210a^6 - 1386a^5bx - 3850a^4b^2x^2 - 5775a^3b^3x^3 - 4950a^2b^4x^4 - 2310ab^5x^5 - 462b^6x^6)/(2310x^{11})$

3.331 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx$

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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2629

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 306

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{a^5A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{12x^{12}(a+bx)} - \frac{a^4(5Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{11x^{11}(a+bx)} - \frac{a^3b(2Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{2x^{10}(a+bx)} - \frac{10a^2b^2(Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{9x^9(a+bx)} - \frac{5ab^3(Ab+2aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{8x^8(a+bx)} - \frac{b^4(Ab+5aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{7x^7(a+bx)} - \frac{b^5B\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{6x^6(a+bx)}$$

output

```
-1/12*a^5*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^12/(b*x+a)-1/11*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^11/(b*x+a)-1/2*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^10/(b*x+a)-10/9*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^9/(b*x+a)-5/8*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^8/(b*x+a)-1/7*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^7/(b*x+a)-1/6*b^5*B*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^6/(b*x+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(132b^5x^5(6A + 7Bx) + 495ab^4x^4(7A + 8Bx) + 770a^2b^3x^3(8A + 9Bx) + 616a^3b^2x^2(9A + 10Bx) + 252a^4b^2x(10A + 11Bx) + 42a^5(11A + 12Bx))}}{5544x^{12}(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^13,x]
```

output

```
-1/5544*(Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(132*b^5*x^5*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 495*a*b^4*x^4*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 770*a^2*b^3*x^3*(8*A + 9*B*x) + 616*a^3*b^2*x^2*(9*A + 10*B*x) + 252*a^4*b*x*(10*A + 11*B*x) + 42*a^5*(11*A + 12*B*x)))/(x^12*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{13}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{13}} dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{13}} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^5}{x^{13}} + \frac{(5Ab+aB)a^4}{x^{12}} + \frac{5b(2Ab+aB)a^3}{x^{11}} + \frac{10b^2(Ab+aB)a^2}{x^{10}} + \frac{5b^3(Ab+2aB)a}{x^9} + \frac{b^5B}{x^7} + \frac{b^4(Ab+5aB)}{x^8} \right) dx}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^5A}{12x^{12}} - \frac{a^4(aB+5Ab)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{a^3b(aB+2Ab)}{2x^{10}} - \frac{10a^2b^2(aB+Ab)}{9x^9} - \frac{b^4(5aB+Ab)}{7x^7} - \frac{5ab^3(2aB+Ab)}{8x^8} - \frac{b^5B}{6x^6} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^13,x]
```

output

```
((-1/12*(a^5*A)/x^12 - (a^4*(5*A*b + a*B))/(11*x^11) - (a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B)))/(2*x^10) - (10*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B))/(9*x^9) - (5*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B))/(8*x^8) - (b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B))/(7*x^7) - (b^5*B)/(6*x^6))*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]/(a + b*x)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

rule 1187

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-\frac{Bb^5x^6}{6} + \left(-\frac{1}{7}Ab^5 - \frac{5}{7}Bab^4\right)x^5 + \left(-\frac{5}{8}Aab^4 - \frac{5}{4}Ba^2b^3\right)x^4 + \left(-\frac{10}{9}Aa^2b^3 - \frac{10}{9}Ba^3b^2\right)x^3 + \left(-a^3Ab^2 - \frac{1}{2}Ba^4b\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{1}{2}Aa^4 - \frac{1}{2}Ba^3b\right)x + \frac{1}{2}Aa^5 + \frac{1}{2}Ba^4b \right)}{(bx+a)x^{12}}$
gospers	$-\frac{(924Bb^5x^6 + 792Ab^5x^5 + 3960Bab^4x^5 + 3465Aab^4x^4 + 6930Ba^2b^3x^4 + 6160Aa^2b^3x^3 + 6160Ba^3b^2x^3 + 5544Aa^3b^2x^2 + 2772Ba^4bx^2 + 1188Aa^4bx + 594Aa^5 + 594Ba^4b)x^{12}}{5544x^{12}(bx+a)^5}$
default	$-\frac{(924Bb^5x^6 + 792Ab^5x^5 + 3960Bab^4x^5 + 3465Aab^4x^4 + 6930Ba^2b^3x^4 + 6160Aa^2b^3x^3 + 6160Ba^3b^2x^3 + 5544Aa^3b^2x^2 + 2772Ba^4bx^2 + 1188Aa^4bx + 594Aa^5 + 594Ba^4b)x^{12}}{5544x^{12}(bx+a)^5}$
orering	$-\frac{(924Bb^5x^6 + 792Ab^5x^5 + 3960Bab^4x^5 + 3465Aab^4x^4 + 6930Ba^2b^3x^4 + 6160Aa^2b^3x^3 + 6160Ba^3b^2x^3 + 5544Aa^3b^2x^2 + 2772Ba^4bx^2 + 1188Aa^4bx + 594Aa^5 + 594Ba^4b)x^{12}}{5544x^{12}(bx+a)^5}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^13,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((b*x+a)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)*(-1/6*B*b^5*x^6+(-1/7*A*b^5-5/7*B*a*b^4)*x^5+(-5/8*A*a*b^4-5/4*B*a^2*b^3)*x^4+(-10/9*A*a^2*b^3-10/9*B*a^3*b^2)*x^3+(-a^3*A*b^2-1/2*B*a^4*b)*x^2+(-5/11*A*a^4*b-1/11*B*a^5)*x-1/12*A*a^5)/x^12
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{924Bb^5x^6 + 462Aa^5 + 792(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 3465(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 6160(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 2772Aa^4bx^2 + 1188Aa^4bx + 594Aa^5 + 594Ba^4b}{5544x^{12}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^13,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/5544*(924*B*b^5*x^6 + 462*A*a^5 + 792*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 3465*(2
*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 6160*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 2772*(B*a^4
*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 504*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^12
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2)/x**13,x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2)/x**13, x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 735 vs. 2(215) = 430.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 735, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^13,x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output

```

-1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^11/a^11 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x
+ a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^12/a^12 - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^10/(a^1
0*x) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^11/(a^11*x) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2
+ 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^9/(a^11*x^2) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7
/2)*A*b^10/(a^12*x^2) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^8/(a^10*x^
3) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^9/(a^11*x^3) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 +
2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^7/(a^9*x^4) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2
)*A*b^8/(a^10*x^4) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^6/(a^8*x^5) +
1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^7/(a^9*x^5) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*
b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^5/(a^7*x^6) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b
^6/(a^8*x^6) - 461/2772*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^4/(a^6*x^7) +
923/5544*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^5/(a^7*x^7) + 65/396*(b^2*x^2
+ 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^3/(a^5*x^8) - 131/792*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2
)^(7/2)*A*b^4/(a^6*x^8) - 31/198*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^2/(a^
4*x^9) + 16/99*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^3/(a^5*x^9) + 3/22*(b^2
*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b/(a^3*x^10) - 5/33*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2
)^(7/2)*A*b^2/(a^4*x^10) - 1/11*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B/(a^2*x^1
1) + 17/132*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b/(a^3*x^11) - 1/12*(b^2*x^2
+ 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A/(a^2*x^12)

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{(2 Bab^{11} - Ab^{12})\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{5544 a^7} - \frac{924 Bb^5 x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 3960 Bab^4 x^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 792 Ab^5 x^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 6930 Ba^2 b^3 x^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \dots}{5544 a^7}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^13,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/5544*(2*B*a*b^11 - A*b^12)*sgn(b*x + a)/a^7 - 1/5544*(924*B*b^5*x^6*sgn(
b*x + a) + 3960*B*a*b^4*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 792*A*b^5*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 69
30*B*a^2*b^3*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 3465*A*a*b^4*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 6160*B*a^3
*b^2*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 6160*A*a^2*b^3*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 2772*B*a^4*b*x^2
*sgn(b*x + a) + 5544*A*a^3*b^2*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 504*B*a^5*x*sgn(b*x + a)
+ 2520*A*a^4*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 462*A*a^5*sgn(b*x + a))/x^12

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{\left(\frac{Ba^5}{11} + \frac{5Aba^4}{11}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{11}(a + bx)}$$

$$-\frac{\left(\frac{Ab^5}{7} + \frac{5Bab^4}{7}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^7(a + bx)} - \frac{Aa^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{12x^{12}(a + bx)}$$

$$-\frac{Bb^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{6x^6(a + bx)} - \frac{5ab^3(Ab + 2Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{8x^8(a + bx)}$$

$$-\frac{a^3b(2Ab + Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{2x^{10}(a + bx)}$$

$$-\frac{10a^2b^2(Ab + Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{9x^9(a + bx)}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^13,x)
```

output

```
- (((B*a^5)/11 + (5*A*a^4*b)/11)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^11*(a + b*x)) - (((A*b^5)/7 + (5*B*a*b^4)/7)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^7*(a + b*x)) - (A*a^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(12*x^12*(a + b*x)) - (B*b^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(6*x^6*(a + b*x)) - (5*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(8*x^8*(a + b*x)) - (a^3*b*(2*A*b + B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(2*x^10*(a + b*x)) - (10*a^2*b^2*(A*b + B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(9*x^9*(a + b*x))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{-924b^6x^6 - 4752ab^5x^5 - 10395a^2b^4x^4 - 12320a^3b^3x^3 - 8316a^4b^2x^2 - 252a^5b^2x - 10a^6}{5544x^{12}}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^13,x)
```

output $(-462a^6 - 3024a^5bx - 8316a^4b^2x^2 - 12320a^3b^3x^3 - 10395a^2b^4x^4 - 4752ab^5x^5 - 924b^6x^6)/(5544x^{12})$

3.332 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{14}} dx$

Optimal result	2631
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2632
Rubi [A] (verified)	2632
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2637
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2638

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 304

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{14}} dx = -\frac{a^5A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{13x^{13}(a+bx)} - \frac{a^4(5Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{12x^{12}(a+bx)} - \frac{5a^3b(2Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{11x^{11}(a+bx)} - \frac{a^2b^2(Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^{10}(a+bx)} - \frac{5ab^3(Ab+2aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{9x^9(a+bx)} - \frac{b^4(Ab+5aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{8x^8(a+bx)} - \frac{b^5B\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{7x^7(a+bx)}$$

output

```
-1/13*a^5*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^13/(b*x+a)-1/12*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^12/(b*x+a)-5/11*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^11/(b*x+a)-a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^10/(b*x+a)-5/9*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^9/(b*x+a)-1/8*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^8/(b*x+a)-1/7*b^5*B*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^7/(b*x+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{14}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(1287b^5x^5(7A + 8Bx) + 5005ab^4x^4(8A + 9Bx) + 8008a^2b^3x^3(9A + 10Bx) + 6552a^3b^2x^2(10A + 11Bx) + 2730a^4b^2x(11A + 12Bx) + 462a^5(12A + 13Bx))}}{72072x^{13}(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^14,x]
```

output

```
-1/72072*(Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(1287*b^5*x^5*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 5005*a*b^4*x^4*(8*A + 9*B*x) + 8008*a^2*b^3*x^3*(9*A + 10*B*x) + 6552*a^3*b^2*x^2*(10*A + 11*B*x) + 2730*a^4*b*x*(11*A + 12*B*x) + 462*a^5*(12*A + 13*B*x)))/(x^13*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{14}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{14}} dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{14}} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^5}{x^{14}} + \frac{(5Ab+aB)a^4}{x^{13}} + \frac{5b(2Ab+aB)a^3}{x^{12}} + \frac{10b^2(Ab+aB)a^2}{x^{11}} + \frac{5b^3(Ab+2aB)a}{x^{10}} + \frac{b^5B}{x^8} + \frac{b^4(Ab+5aB)}{x^9} \right) dx}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{a^5A}{13x^{13}} - \frac{a^4(aB+5Ab)}{12x^{12}} - \frac{5a^3b(aB+2Ab)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{a^2b^2(aB+Ab)}{x^{10}} - \frac{b^4(5aB+Ab)}{8x^8} - \frac{5ab^3(2aB+Ab)}{9x^9} - \frac{b^5B}{7x^7} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^14,x]
```

output

```
((-1/13*(a^5*A)/x^13 - (a^4*(5*A*b + a*B))/(12*x^12) - (5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B))/(11*x^11) - (a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B))/x^10 - (5*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B))/(9*x^9) - (b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B))/(8*x^8) - (b^5*B)/(7*x^7))*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]/(a + b*x)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

rule 1187

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-\frac{Bb^5x^6}{7} + \left(-\frac{1}{8}Ab^5 - \frac{5}{8}Bab^4\right)x^5 + \left(-\frac{5}{9}Aab^4 - \frac{10}{9}Ba^2b^3\right)x^4 + \left(-Aa^2b^3 - Ba^3b^2\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{10}{11}a^3Ab^2 - \frac{5}{11}Ba^4b\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{5}{11}Aa^4b\right)x + \frac{5}{11}Aa^5 \right)}{(bx+a)x^{13}}$
gospers	$-\frac{(10296Bb^5x^6 + 9009Ab^5x^5 + 45045Bab^4x^5 + 40040Aab^4x^4 + 80080Ba^2b^3x^4 + 72072Aa^2b^3x^3 + 72072Ba^3b^2x^3 + 65520Aa^3b^2x^2 - 10296Aa^4bx + 5544Aa^5)}{72072x^{13}(bx+a)^5}$
default	$-\frac{(10296Bb^5x^6 + 9009Ab^5x^5 + 45045Bab^4x^5 + 40040Aab^4x^4 + 80080Ba^2b^3x^4 + 72072Aa^2b^3x^3 + 72072Ba^3b^2x^3 + 65520Aa^3b^2x^2 - 10296Aa^4bx + 5544Aa^5)}{72072x^{13}(bx+a)^5}$
orering	$-\frac{(10296Bb^5x^6 + 9009Ab^5x^5 + 45045Bab^4x^5 + 40040Aab^4x^4 + 80080Ba^2b^3x^4 + 72072Aa^2b^3x^3 + 72072Ba^3b^2x^3 + 65520Aa^3b^2x^2 - 10296Aa^4bx + 5544Aa^5)}{72072x^{13}(bx+a)^5}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^14,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{((bx+a)^2)^{1/2} \left(-\frac{1}{7}Bb^5x^6 + \left(-\frac{1}{8}Ab^5 - \frac{5}{8}Bab^4\right)x^5 + \left(-\frac{5}{9}Aab^4 - \frac{10}{9}Ba^2b^3\right)x^4 + \left(-Aa^2b^3 - Ba^3b^2\right)x^3 + \left(-\frac{10}{11}a^3Ab^2 - \frac{5}{11}Ba^4b\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{5}{11}Aa^4b\right)x + \frac{5}{11}Aa^5 \right)}{72072x^{13}(bx+a)^5}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{14}} dx = \frac{10296Bb^5x^6 + 5544Aa^5 + 9009(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 40040(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 72072(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 72072Ba^3b^2x^2 + 72072Aa^3b^2x + 5544Aa^5}{72072x^{13}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^14,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/72072*(10296*B*b^5*x^6 + 5544*A*a^5 + 9009*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 40
040*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 72072*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 3276
0*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 6006*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^13
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{14}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{5/2}}{x^{14}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2)/x**14,x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2)/x**14, x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 795 vs. 2(215) = 430.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 795, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{14}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^14,x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output

```

1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^12/a^12 - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x +
a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^13/a^13 + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*B*b^11/(a^11
*x) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(5/2)*A*b^12/(a^12*x) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 +
2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^10/(a^12*x^2) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7
/2)*A*b^11/(a^13*x^2) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^9/(a^11*x^
3) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^10/(a^12*x^3) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2
+ 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^8/(a^10*x^4) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7
/2)*A*b^9/(a^11*x^4) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^7/(a^9*x^5)
- 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^8/(a^10*x^5) - 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2
*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^6/(a^8*x^6) + 1/6*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*
A*b^7/(a^9*x^6) + 923/5544*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^5/(a^7*x^7)
- 1715/10296*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^6/(a^8*x^7) - 131/792*(b
^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^4/(a^6*x^8) + 1709/10296*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*
b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^5/(a^7*x^8) + 16/99*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B
*b^3/(a^5*x^9) - 211/1287*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^4/(a^6*x^9)
- 5/33*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B*b^2/(a^4*x^10) + 68/429*(b^2*x^2
+ 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^3/(a^5*x^10) + 17/132*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)
^(7/2)*B*b/(a^3*x^11) - 251/1716*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b^2/(a^
4*x^11) - 1/12*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*B/(a^2*x^12) + 19/156*(b^2*
x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(7/2)*A*b/(a^3*x^12) - 1/13*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a...

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{14}} dx = -\frac{(13 Bab^{12} - 7 Ab^{13})\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{72072 a^8} \\ - \frac{10296 Bb^5x^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 45045 Bab^4x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 9009 Ab^5x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 80080 Ba^2b^3x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{72072 a^8}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^14,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/72072*(13*B*a*b^12 - 7*A*b^13)*sgn(b*x + a)/a^8 - 1/72072*(10296*B*b^5*x^6*sgn(b*x + a) + 45045*B*a*b^4*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 9009*A*b^5*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) + 80080*B*a^2*b^3*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 40040*A*a*b^4*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 72072*B*a^3*b^2*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 72072*A*a^2*b^3*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 32760*B*a^4*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 65520*A*a^3*b^2*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 6006*B*a^5*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 30030*A*a^4*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 5544*A*a^5*sgn(b*x + a))/x^13
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{14}} dx = -\frac{\left(\frac{Ba^5}{12} + \frac{5Aba^4}{12}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{12}(a + bx)} - \frac{\left(\frac{Ab^5}{8} + \frac{5Bab^4}{8}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^8(a + bx)} - \frac{Aa^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{13x^{13}(a + bx)} - \frac{Bb^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7x^7(a + bx)} - \frac{5ab^3(Ab + 2Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{9x^9(a + bx)} - \frac{5a^3b(2Ab + Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{11x^{11}(a + bx)} - \frac{a^2b^2(Ab + Ba) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{10}(a + bx)}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^14,x)
```

output

```
- (((B*a^5)/12 + (5*A*a^4*b)/12)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^12*(a + b*x)) - (((A*b^5)/8 + (5*B*a*b^4)/8)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^8*(a + b*x)) - (A*a^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(13*x^13*(a + b*x)) - (B*b^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(7*x^7*(a + b*x)) - (5*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(9*x^9*(a + b*x)) - (5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(11*x^11*(a + b*x)) - (a^2*b^2*(A*b + B*a)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(x^10*(a + b*x))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{14}} dx = \frac{-1716b^6x^6 - 9009ab^5x^5 - 20020a^2b^4x^4 - 24024a^3b^3x^3 - 16380a^4b^2x^2 - 924a^5bx - 16380a^6}{12012x^{13}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^14,x)`output `(-924*a**6 - 6006*a**5*b*x - 16380*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 24024*a**3*b**3*x**3 - 20020*a**2*b**4*x**4 - 9009*a*b**5*x**5 - 1716*b**6*x**6)/(12012*x**13)`

3.333 $\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2639
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2640
Rubi [A] (verified)	2640
Maple [A] (verified)	2642
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2642
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2643
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2644
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2644
Mupad [F(-1)]	2645
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2645

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 258

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{a^3(Ab-aB)x(a+bx)}{b^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{a^2(Ab-aB)x^2(a+bx)}{2b^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{a(Ab-aB)x^3(a+bx)}{3b^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(Ab-aB)x^4(a+bx)}{4b^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{Bx^5(a+bx)}{5b\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{a^4(Ab-aB)(a+bx)\log(a+bx)}{b^6\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-a^3*(A*b-B*a)*x*(b*x+a)/b^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/2*a^2*(A*b-B*a)*x^2*(b*x+a)/b^4/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/3*a*(A*b-B*a)*x^3*(b*x+a)/b^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/4*(A*b-B*a)*x^4*(b*x+a)/b^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/5*B*x^5*(b*x+a)/b/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+a^4*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^6/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + bx)(bx(60a^4B - 30a^3b(2A + Bx) + 10a^2b^2x(3A + 2Bx) - 5ab^3x^2(4A + 3Bx) + 3b^4x^3(5A + 4Bx)) - 60a^4(-A + b^2x) + a^2B)}{60b^6\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^4*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x)*(b*x*(60*a^4*B - 30*a^3*b*(2*A + B*x) + 10*a^2*b^2*x*(3*A + 2*B*x) - 5*a*b^3*x^2*(4*A + 3*B*x) + 3*b^4*x^3*(5*A + 4*B*x)) - 60*a^4*(-A + b^2*x) + a^2*B)*Log[a + b*x])/(60*b^6*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1187$$

$$\frac{b(a + bx) \int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{b(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\frac{(a+bx) \int \left(-\frac{(aB-Ab)a^4}{b^5(a+bx)} + \frac{(aB-Ab)a^3}{b^5} - \frac{(aB-Ab)xa^2}{b^4} + \frac{(aB-Ab)x^2a}{b^3} + \frac{Bx^4}{b} + \frac{(Ab-aB)x^3}{b^2} \right) dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{a^4(Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^6} - \frac{a^3x(Ab-aB)}{b^5} + \frac{a^2x^2(Ab-aB)}{2b^4} - \frac{ax^3(Ab-aB)}{3b^3} + \frac{x^4(Ab-aB)}{4b^2} + \frac{Bx^5}{5b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2],x]`

output `((a + b*x)*(-(a^3*(A*b - a*B)*x)/b^5) + (a^2*(A*b - a*B)*x^2)/(2*b^4) - (a*(A*b - a*B)*x^3)/(3*b^3) + ((A*b - a*B)*x^4)/(4*b^2) + (B*x^5)/(5*b) + (a^4*(A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^6)/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 726 vs. $2(187) = 374$.

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 726, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2), x)`

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(B*x**4/(5*b**2) + x**3*(A - 9
*B*a/(5*b))/(4*b**2) + x**2*(-4*B*a**2/(5*b**2) - 7*a*(A - 9*B*a/(5*b))/(4
*b))/(3*b**2) + x*(-3*a**2*(A - 9*B*a/(5*b))/(4*b**2) - 5*a*(-4*B*a**2/(5*
b**2) - 7*a*(A - 9*B*a/(5*b))/(4*b))/(3*b))/(2*b**2) + (-2*a**2*(-4*B*a**2
/(5*b**2) - 7*a*(A - 9*B*a/(5*b))/(4*b))/(3*b**2) - 3*a*(-3*a**2*(A - 9*B*
a/(5*b))/(4*b**2) - 5*a*(-4*B*a**2/(5*b**2) - 7*a*(A - 9*B*a/(5*b))/(4*b))
/(3*b))/(2*b))/b**2) + (a/b + x)*(-a**2*(-3*a**2*(A - 9*B*a/(5*b))/(4*b**2)
) - 5*a*(-4*B*a**2/(5*b**2) - 7*a*(A - 9*B*a/(5*b))/(4*b))/(3*b))/(2*b**2)
- a*(-2*a**2*(-4*B*a**2/(5*b**2) - 7*a*(A - 9*B*a/(5*b))/(4*b))/(3*b**2)
- 3*a*(-3*a**2*(A - 9*B*a/(5*b))/(4*b**2) - 5*a*(-4*B*a**2/(5*b**2) - 7*a*
(A - 9*B*a/(5*b))/(4*b))/(3*b))/(2*b))/b*log(a/b + x)/sqrt(b**2*(a/b + x)
**2), Ne(b**2, 0)), ((A*(a**8*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x) - 4*a**6*(a**2 + 2*a*b*
x)**(3/2)/3 + 6*a**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(5/2)/5 - 4*a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**
(7/2)/7 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(9/2)/9)/(8*a**4*b**4) + B*(-a**10*sqrt(a**2 +
2*a*b*x) + 5*a**8*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(3/2)/3 - 2*a**6*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(5
/2) + 10*a**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(7/2)/7 - 5*a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(9/2)/9
+ (a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(11/2)/11)/(16*a**5*b**5))/(2*a*b), Ne(a*b, 0)), ((A*
x**5/5 + B*x**6/6)/sqrt(a**2), True))
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2}Bx^4}{5b^2} - \frac{9\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2}Ba^3x^3}{20b^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2}Ax^3}{4b^2} - \frac{77Ba^3x^2}{60b^4} + \frac{13Aa^2x^2}{12b^3}$$

$$+ \frac{47\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2}Ba^2x^2}{60b^4} - \frac{7\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2}Aax^2}{12b^3}$$

$$+ \frac{77Ba^4x}{30b^5} - \frac{13Aa^3x}{6b^4} - \frac{Ba^5 \log(x+\frac{a}{b})}{b^6} + \frac{Aa^4 \log(x+\frac{a}{b})}{b^5}$$

$$- \frac{47\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2}Ba^4}{30b^6} + \frac{7\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2}Aa^3}{6b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*x^4/b^2 - 9/20*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*a*x^3/b^3 + 1/4*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*x^3/b^2 - 77/60*B*a^3*x^2/b^4 + 13/12*A*a^2*x^2/b^3 + 47/60*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*a^2*x^2/b^4 - 7/12*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*a*x^2/b^3 + 77/30*B*a^4*x/b^5 - 13/6*A*a^3*x/b^4 - B*a^5*log(x + a/b)/b^6 + A*a^4*log(x + a/b)/b^5 - 47/30*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*a^4/b^6 + 7/6*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*a^3/b^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{12Bb^4x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - 15Bab^3x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 15Ab^4x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 20Ba^2b^2x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - 20Aa^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - (Ba^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - Aa^4b\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)) \log(|bx+a|)}{b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/60*(12*B*b^4*x^5*sgn(b*x + a) - 15*B*a*b^3*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 15*A*b^4*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 20*B*a^2*b^2*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) - 20*A*a*b^3*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) - 30*B*a^3*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 30*A*a^2*b^2*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 60*B*a^4*x*sgn(b*x + a) - 60*A*a^3*b*x*sgn(b*x + a))/b^5 - (B*a^5*sgn(b*x + a) - A*a^4*b*sgn(b*x + a))*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^6
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^4*(A + B*x))/((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
int((x^4*(A + B*x))/((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.02

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{x^5}{5}$$

input

```
int(x^4*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
x**5/5
```

3.334 $\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2646
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2647
Rubi [A] (verified)	2647
Maple [A] (verified)	2649
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2649
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2650
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2651
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2651
Mupad [F(-1)]	2652
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2652

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 212

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{a^2(Ab-aB)x(a+bx)}{b^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{a(Ab-aB)x^2(a+bx)}{2b^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(Ab-aB)x^3(a+bx)}{3b^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{Bx^4(a+bx)}{4b\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{a^3(Ab-aB)(a+bx)\log(a+bx)}{b^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
a^2*(A*b-B*a)*x*(b*x+a)/b^4/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/2*a*(A*b-B*a)*x^2*(b*x+a)/
b^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/3*(A*b-B*a)*x^3*(b*x+a)/b^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/4*
B*x^4*(b*x+a)/b/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-a^3*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^5/((b*
x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + bx)(bx(-12a^3B + 6a^2b(2A + Bx) - 2ab^2x(3A + 2Bx) + b^3x^2(4A + 3Bx)) + 12a^3(-Ab + aB)\log}{12b^5\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x)*(b*x*(-12*a^3*B + 6*a^2*b*(2*A + B*x) - 2*a*b^2*x*(3*A + 2*B*x) + b^3*x^2*(4*A + 3*B*x)) + 12*a^3*(-(A*b) + a*B)*Log[a + b*x]))/(12*b^5*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1187$$

$$\frac{b(a + bx) \int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{b(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\frac{(a+bx) \int \left(\frac{(aB-Ab)a^3}{b^4(a+bx)} - \frac{(aB-Ab)a^2}{b^4} + \frac{(aB-Ab)xa}{b^3} + \frac{Bx^3}{b} + \frac{(Ab-aB)x^2}{b^2} \right) dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(a+bx) \left(-\frac{a^3(Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^5} + \frac{a^2x(Ab-aB)}{b^4} - \frac{ax^2(Ab-aB)}{2b^3} + \frac{x^3(Ab-aB)}{3b^2} + \frac{Bx^4}{4b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2],x]`

output `((a + b*x)*((a^2*(A*b - a*B)*x)/b^4 - (a*(A*b - a*B)*x^2)/(2*b^3) + ((A*b - a*B)*x^3)/(3*b^2) + (B*x^4)/(4*b) - (a^3*(A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^5)/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result
default	$-\frac{(bx+a)(-3b^4Bx^4-4Ab^4x^3+4Ba^3b^3x^2+6Aa^2b^3x-6Ba^2b^2x^2+12A\ln(bx+a)a^3b-12Aa^2b^2x-12B\ln(bx+a)a^4+12Ba^3bx)}{12\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}b^5}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}\left(\frac{1}{4}Bb^3x^4+\frac{1}{3}Ab^3x^3-\frac{1}{3}Ba^2b^2x^2-\frac{1}{2}Aa^2bx-Ba^3x\right)}{(bx+a)b^4} - \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}a^3(Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{(bx+a)b^5}$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/12*(b*x+a)*(-3*b^4*B*x^4-4*A*b^4*x^3+4*B*a*b^3*x^3+6*A*a*b^3*x^2-6*B*a^2*b^2*x^2+12*A*\ln(b*x+a)*a^3*b-12*A*a^2*b^2*x-12*B*\ln(b*x+a)*a^4+12*B*a^3*b*x)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^5$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{3Bb^4x^4 - 4(Bab^3 - Ab^4)x^3 + 6(Ba^2b^2 - Aab^3)x^2 - 12(Ba^3b - Aa^2b^2)x + 12(Ba^4 - Aa^3b)\log(bx+a)}{12b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$1/12*(3*B*b^4*x^4 - 4*(B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^3 + 6*(B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^2 - 12*(B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x + 12*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*\log(b*x + a))/b^5$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 488 vs. $2(153) = 306$.

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 488, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} \left(\frac{Bx^3}{4b^2} + \frac{x^2 \left(A - \frac{7Ba}{4b} \right)}{3b^2} + \frac{x \left(-\frac{3Ba^2}{4b^2} - \frac{5a \left(A - \frac{7Ba}{4b} \right)}{3b} \right)}{2b^2} + \frac{-\frac{2a^2 \left(A - \frac{7Ba}{4b} \right)}{3b^2} - \frac{3a \left(-\frac{3Ba^2}{4b^2} - \frac{5a \left(A - \frac{7Ba}{4b} \right)}{3b} \right)}{b^2}}{2b} \right) + \\ A \left(\frac{-a^6 \sqrt{a^2+2abx} + a^4 (a^2+2abx)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3a^2 (a^2+2abx)^{\frac{5}{2}} + (a^2+2abx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{4a^3b^3} \right) + B \left(\frac{a^8 \sqrt{a^2+2abx} - 4a^6 (a^2+2abx)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6a^4 (a^2+2abx)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 4a^2 (a^2+2abx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8a^4b^4} \right) + \\ \frac{\frac{Ax^4}{4} + \frac{Bx^5}{5}}{\sqrt{a^2}} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**3*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2), x)`

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(B*x**3/(4*b**2) + x**2*(A - 7*B*a/(4*b))/(3*b**2) + x*(-3*B*a**2/(4*b**2) - 5*a*(A - 7*B*a/(4*b))/(3*b))/(2*b**2) + (-2*a**2*(A - 7*B*a/(4*b))/(3*b**2) - 3*a*(-3*B*a**2/(4*b**2) - 5*a*(A - 7*B*a/(4*b))/(3*b))/(2*b))/b**2 + (a/b + x)*(-a**2*(-3*B*a**2/(4*b**2) - 5*a*(A - 7*B*a/(4*b))/(3*b))/(2*b**2) - a*(-2*a**2*(A - 7*B*a/(4*b))/(3*b**2) - 3*a*(-3*B*a**2/(4*b**2) - 5*a*(A - 7*B*a/(4*b))/(3*b))/(2*b))/b)*log(a/b + x)/sqrt(b**2*(a/b + x)**2), Ne(b**2, 0)), ((A*(-a**6*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x) + a**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(3/2) - 3*a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(5/2)/5 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(7/2)/7)/(4*a**3*b**3) + B*(a**8*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x) - 4*a**6*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(3/2)/3 + 6*a**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(5/2)/5 - 4*a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(7/2)/7 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(9/2)/9)/(8*a**4*b**4))/(2*a*b), Ne(a*b, 0)), ((A*x**4/4 + B*x**5/5)/sqrt(a**2), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2}Bx^3}{4b^2} + \frac{13Ba^2x^2}{12b^3} - \frac{5Aax^2}{6b^2}$$

$$- \frac{7\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2}Bax^2}{12b^3} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2}Ax^2}{3b^2}$$

$$- \frac{13Ba^3x}{6b^4} + \frac{5Aa^2x}{3b^3} + \frac{Ba^4 \log(x+\frac{a}{b})}{b^5} - \frac{Aa^3 \log(x+\frac{a}{b})}{b^4}$$

$$+ \frac{7\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2}Ba^3}{6b^5} - \frac{2\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2}Aa^2}{3b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*x^3/b^2 + 13/12*B*a^2*x^2/b^3 - 5/6*A*a*x^2/b^2 - 7/12*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*a*x^2/b^3 + 1/3*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*x^2/b^2 - 13/6*B*a^3*x/b^4 + 5/3*A*a^2*x/b^3 + B*a^4*log(x + a/b)/b^5 - A*a^3*log(x + a/b)/b^4 + 7/6*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*a^3/b^5 - 2/3*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*a^2/b^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3Bb^3x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - 4Bab^2x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 4Ab^3x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 6Ba^2bx^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - 6Aab^2x^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}{12b^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(Ba^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - Aa^3b\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)) \log(|bx+a|)}{b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/12*(3*B*b^3*x^4*sgn(b*x + a) - 4*B*a*b^2*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 4*A*b^3*x^3*
sgn(b*x + a) + 6*B*a^2*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) - 6*A*a*b^2*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) - 1
2*B*a^3*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 12*A*a^2*b*x*sgn(b*x + a))/b^4 + (B*a^4*sgn(b*x +
a) - A*a^3*b*sgn(b*x + a))*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^5
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^3*(A + B*x))/((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
int((x^3*(A + B*x))/((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.02

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{x^4}{4}$$

input

```
int(x^3*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
x**4/4
```

3.335 $\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2653
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2653
Rubi [A] (verified)	2654
Maple [A] (verified)	2655
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2656
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2656
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2657
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2657
Mupad [F(-1)]	2658
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2658

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 166

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{a(Ab-aB)x(a+bx)}{b^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(Ab-aB)x^2(a+bx)}{2b^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{Bx^3(a+bx)}{3b\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{a^2(Ab-aB)(a+bx)\log(a+bx)}{b^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-a*(A*b-B*a)*x*(b*x+a)/b^3/((b*x+a)^(1/2))+1/2*(A*b-B*a)*x^2*(b*x+a)/b^2/((b*x+a)^(1/2))+1/3*B*x^3*(b*x+a)/b/((b*x+a)^(1/2))+a^2*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^4/((b*x+a)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{(a+bx)(bx(6a^2B-3ab(2A+Bx))+b^2x(3A+2Bx))+6a^2(Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{6b^4\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(A+B*x))/Sqrt[a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2],x]
```

output

$$\frac{((a + bx)*(bx*(6*a^2*B - 3*a*b*(2*A + B*x) + b^2*x*(3*A + 2*B*x)) + 6*a^2*(A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x]))}{(6*b^4*sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{b(a + bx) \int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{b(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \left(-\frac{(aB - Ab)a^2}{b^3(a+bx)} + \frac{(aB - Ab)a}{b^3} + \frac{Bx^2}{b} + \frac{(Ab - aB)x}{b^2} \right) dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{a^2(Ab - aB) \log(a+bx)}{b^4} - \frac{ax(Ab - aB)}{b^3} + \frac{x^2(Ab - aB)}{2b^2} + \frac{Bx^3}{3b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^2*(A + B*x))/sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]$$

output

$$\frac{((a + bx)*(-((a*(A*b - a*B)*x)/b^3) + ((A*b - a*B)*x^2)/(2*b^2) + (B*x^3)/(3*b) + (a^2*(A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^4))/sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(bx+a)(2x^3 B b^3 + 3A b^3 x^2 - 3Ba b^2 x^2 + 6A \ln(bx+a) a^2 b - 6Aa b^2 x - 6B \ln(bx+a) a^3 + 6B a^2 bx)}{6\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} b^4}$	90
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (\frac{1}{3} x^3 B b^2 + \frac{1}{2} x^2 b^2 A - \frac{1}{2} Ba x^2 b - abAx + a^2 Bx)}{(bx+a)b^3} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} a^2 (Ab - Ba) \ln(bx+a)}{(bx+a)b^4}$	98

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*(b*x+a)*(2*x^3*B*b^3+3*A*b^3*x^2-3*B*a*b^2*x^2+6*A*ln(b*x+a)*a^2*b-6*A*a*b^2*x-6*B*ln(b*x+a)*a^3+6*B*a^2*b*x)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2Bb^3x^3 - 3(Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^2 + 6(Ba^2b - Aab^2)x - 6(Ba^3 - Aa^2b)\log(bx + a)}{6b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*(2*B*b^3*x^3 - 3*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^2 + 6*(B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x - 6*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*log(b*x + a))/b^4`**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 330 vs. 2(119) = 238.

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{Bx^2}{3b^2} + \frac{x(A - \frac{5Ba}{3b})}{2b^2} + \frac{-\frac{2Ba^2}{3b^2} - \frac{3a(A - \frac{5Ba}{3b})}{b^2}}{b^2} \right) + \frac{(\frac{a}{b} + x) \left(-\frac{a^2(A - \frac{5Ba}{3b})}{2b^2} - \frac{a \left(-\frac{2Ba^2}{3b^2} - \frac{3a(A - \frac{5Ba}{3b})}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{b^2(\frac{a}{b} + x)^2}} \right] \log$$

$$+ \frac{A \left(\frac{a^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx} - \frac{2a^2(a^2 + 2abx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{(a^2 + 2abx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} \right)}{2a^2b^2} + \frac{B \left(-a^6 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx} + a^4(a^2 + 2abx)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{3a^2(a^2 + 2abx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{(a^2 + 2abx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} \right)}{4a^3b^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\frac{Ax^3}{3} + \frac{Bx^4}{4}}{\sqrt{a^2}}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)*(B*x**2/(3*b**2) + x*(A - 5*B*a/(3*b)))/(2*b**2) + (-2*B*a**2/(3*b**2) - 3*a*(A - 5*B*a/(3*b)))/(2*b))/b**2) + (a/b + x)*(-a**2*(A - 5*B*a/(3*b)))/(2*b**2) - a*(-2*B*a**2/(3*b**2) - 3*a*(A - 5*B*a/(3*b)))/(2*b))/b*log(a/b + x)/sqrt(b**2*(a/b + x)**2), Ne(b**2, 0)), ((A*(a**4*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x) - 2*a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(3/2)/3 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(5/2)/5)/(2*a**2*b**2) + B*(-a**6*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x) + a**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(3/2) - 3*a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(5/2)/5 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(7/2)/7)/(4*a**3*b**3))/(2*a*b), Ne(a*b, 0)), ((A*x**3/3 + B*x**4/4)/sqrt(a**2), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{5Bax^2}{6b^2} + \frac{Ax^2}{2b} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Bx^2}{3b^2} + \frac{5Ba^2x}{3b^3} - \frac{Aax}{b^2} - \frac{Ba^3 \log\left(x + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^4} + \frac{Aa^2 \log\left(x + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ba^2}{3b^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-5/6*B*a*x^2/b^2 + 1/2*A*x^2/b + 1/3*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*x^2/b^2 + 5/3*B*a^2*x/b^3 - A*a*x/b^2 - B*a^3*log(x + a/b)/b^4 + A*a^2*log(x + a/b)/b^3 - 2/3*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*a^2/b^4
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2Bb^2x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - 3Babx^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 3Ab^2x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 6Ba^2x \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - 6Aabx \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{6b^3} - \frac{(Ba^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - Aa^2b \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)) \log(|bx + a|)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*(2*B*b^2*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) - 3*B*a*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 3*A*b^2*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 6*B*a^2*x*sgn(b*x + a) - 6*A*a*b*x*sgn(b*x + a))/b^3 - (B*a^3*sgn(b*x + a) - A*a^2*b*sgn(b*x + a))*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^4`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(A + B*x))/((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^2*(A + B*x))/((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.03

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{x^3}{3}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `x**3/3`

3.336 $\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2659
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2659
Rubi [A] (verified)	2660
Maple [A] (verified)	2661
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2662
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2662
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2663
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2663
Mupad [F(-1)]	2664
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2664

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{(Ab-aB)x(a+bx)}{b^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{Bx^2(a+bx)}{2b\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{a(Ab-aB)(a+bx)\log(a+bx)}{b^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output $(A*b-B*a)*x*(b*x+a)/b^2/((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}+1/2*B*x^2*(b*x+a)/b/((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}-a*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*\ln(b*x+a)/b^3/((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{(a+bx)(bx(2Ab-2aB+bBx)+2a(-Ab+aB)\log(a+bx))}{2b^3\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(A+B*x))/Sqrt[a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2],x]`

output $((a + bx)*(bx*(2A*b - 2a*B + b*B*x) + 2a*(-(A*b) + a*B)*\text{Log}[a + bx]) / (2*b^3*\text{Sqrt}[(a + bx)^2]))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{b(a + bx) \int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{b(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 86 \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \left(\frac{Ab-aB}{b^2} + \frac{Bx}{b} + \frac{a(aB-Ab)}{b^2(a+bx)} \right) dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \left(-\frac{a(Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^3} + \frac{x(Ab-aB)}{b^2} + \frac{Bx^2}{2b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[(x*(A + B*x))/\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]$

output $((a + bx)*(((A*b - a*B)*x)/b^2 + (B*x^2)/(2*b) - (a*(A*b - a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/b^3))/\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{(bx+a)(-x^2 B b^2 + 2A \ln(bx+a) ab - 2x b^2 A - 2B \ln(bx+a) a^2 + 2xabB)}{2\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} b^3}$	66
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (\frac{1}{2} B b x^2 + Abx - B a x)}{(bx+a) b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} a (Ab - Ba) \ln(bx+a)}{(bx+a) b^3}$	75

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(b*x+a)*(-x^2*B*b^2+2*A*ln(b*x+a)*a*b-2*x*b^2*A-2*B*ln(b*x+a)*a^2+2*x*a*b*B)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{Bb^2x^2 - 2(Bab - Ab^2)x + 2(Ba^2 - Aab) \log(bx + a)}{2b^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(B*b^2*x^2 - 2*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*x + 2*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*log(b*x + a))/b^3`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 219 vs. 2(83) = 166.

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{Bx}{2b^2} + \frac{A - \frac{3Ba}{b^2}}{b^2} \right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} + \frac{\left(\frac{a}{b} + x \right) \left(-\frac{Ba^2}{2b^2} - \frac{a \left(A - \frac{3Ba}{2b} \right)}{b} \right) \log \left(\frac{a}{b} + x \right)}{\sqrt{b^2 \left(\frac{a}{b} + x \right)^2}} & \text{for } b^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{A \left(-a^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx} + \frac{(a^2 + 2abx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \right)}{ab} + \frac{B \left(a^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx} - \frac{2a^2 (a^2 + 2abx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{(a^2 + 2abx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} \right)}{2ab \cdot 2a^2b^2} & \text{for } ab \neq 0 \\ \frac{\frac{Ax^2}{2} + \frac{Bx^3}{3}}{\sqrt{a^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise(((B*x/(2*b**2) + (A - 3*B*a/(2*b))/b**2)*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2) + (a/b + x)*(-B*a**2/(2*b**2) - a*(A - 3*B*a/(2*b))/b)*log(a/b + x)/sqrt(b**2*(a/b + x)**2), Ne(b**2, 0)), ((A*(-a**2*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x) + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(3/2)/3)/(a*b) + B*(a**4*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x) - 2*a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(3/2)/3 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(5/2)/5)/(2*a**2*b**2))/(2*a*b), Ne(a*b, 0)), ((A*x**2/2 + B*x**3/3)/sqrt(a**2), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{Bx^2}{2b} - \frac{Bax}{b^2} + \frac{Ba^2 \log(x + \frac{a}{b})}{b^3} - \frac{Aa \log(x + \frac{a}{b})}{b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}A}{b^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*B*x^2/b - B*a*x/b^2 + B*a^2*log(x + a/b)/b^3 - A*a*log(x + a/b)/b^2 + sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A/b^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{Bbx^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - 2Bax \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2Abx \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{2b^2} + \frac{(Ba^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - Aa \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)) \log(|bx + a|)}{b^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(B*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) - 2*B*a*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 2*A*b*x*sgn(b*x + a))/b^2 + (B*a^2*sgn(b*x + a) - A*a*b*sgn(b*x + a))*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^3`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(A + B*x))/((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((x*(A + B*x))/((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.04

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{x^2}{2}$$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `x**2/2`

3.337 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2665
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2665
Rubi [A] (verified)	2666
Maple [A] (verified)	2667
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2669
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2669
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2670

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{B\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{b^2} + \frac{(Ab-aB)(a+bx)\log(a+bx)}{b^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output B*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^2+(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 177 vs. 2(69) = 138.

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{(2a+bx)\left(-bBx\left(\sqrt{a^2}bx+a\left(\sqrt{a^2}-\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}\right)\right)-2(-Ab+aB)\left(-a^2-abx+\sqrt{a^2}\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}\right)\right)}{b^2\left(\sqrt{a^2}-\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}\right)\left(\sqrt{a^2}bx+a\left(\sqrt{a^2}-\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}\right)\right)}$$

input Integrate[(A + B*x)/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]

output

```
((2*a + b*x)*(-(b*B*x*(Sqrt[a^2]*b*x + a*(Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])))
- 2*(-(A*b) + a*B)*(-a^2 - a*b*x + Sqrt[a^2]*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])*ArcTanh[(
b*x)/(Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])))/(b^2*(Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2
])*(Sqrt[a^2]*b*x + a*(Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$, Rules used = {1100, 1079, 16}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx$$

↓ 1100

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2bxa + b^2x^2}} dx}{b} + \frac{B\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{b^2}$$

↓ 1079

$$\frac{(a + bx)(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{xb^2 + ab} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} + \frac{B\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{b^2}$$

↓ 16

$$\frac{(a + bx)(Ab - aB) \log(a + bx)}{b^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} + \frac{B\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{b^2}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(B*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/b^2 + ((A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)*Log[a + b*x
])/ (b^2*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 16 $\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1079 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2]^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * (b/2 + c*x)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \text{Int}[(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1100 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)]*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)} / (2*c*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e) / (2*c) \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(bx+a)(A \ln(bx+a)b - B \ln(bx+a)a + Bbx)}{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2 b^2}}$	43
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} Bx}{(bx+a)b} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (Ab - Ba) \ln(bx+a)}{(bx+a)b^2}$	58

input $\text{int}((B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $(b*x+a)*(A*\ln(b*x+a)*b - B*\ln(b*x+a)*a + B*b*x) / ((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)} / b^2$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{Bbx - (Ba - Ab) \log(bx + a)}{b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(B*b*x - (B*a - A*b)*log(b*x + a))/b^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 134 vs. 2(46) = 92.

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{B\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{b^2} + \frac{(A-\frac{Ba}{b})(\frac{a}{b}+x) \log(\frac{a}{b}+x)}{\sqrt{b^2(\frac{a}{b}+x)^2}} & \text{for } b^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{2A\sqrt{a^2+2abx} + \frac{B\left(-a^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx} + \frac{(a^2+2abx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}\right)}{ab}}{2ab} & \text{for } ab \neq 0 \\ \frac{Ax + \frac{Bx^2}{2}}{\sqrt{a^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((B*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)/b**2 + (A - B*a/b)*(a/b + x)*log(a/b + x)/sqrt(b**2*(a/b + x)**2), Ne(b**2, 0)), ((2*A*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x) + B*(-a**2*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x) + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x)**(3/2)/3)/(a*b))/(2*a*b), Ne(a*b, 0)), ((A*x + B*x**2/2)/sqrt(a**2), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{Ba \log\left(x + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^2} + \frac{A \log\left(x + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{b} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}B}{b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-B*a*log(x + a/b)/b^2 + A*log(x + a/b)/b + sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B/b^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{Bx \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{b} - \frac{(B \operatorname{asgn}(bx + a) - A \operatorname{bsgn}(bx + a)) \log(|bx + a|)}{b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `B*x*sgn(b*x + a)/b - (B*a*sgn(b*x + a) - A*b*sgn(b*x + a))*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^2`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 11.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{B \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{b^2} + \frac{A \ln\left(a + bx + \sqrt{(a + bx)^2}\right)}{b} - \frac{Bab \ln\left(ab + \sqrt{(a + bx)^2} \sqrt{b^2 + b^2x}\right)}{(b^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output
$$\frac{(B(a^2 + b^2x^2 + 2abx))^{1/2}}{b^2} + \frac{(A \log(a + b*x + ((a + b*x)^2)^{1/2}))}{b} - \frac{(Bab \log(ab + ((a + b*x)^2)^{1/2}) * (b^2)^{1/2} + b^2x)}{(b^2)^{3/2}}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.01

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = x$$

input `int((B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `x`

3.338 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2671
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2671
Rubi [A] (verified)	2672
Maple [A] (verified)	2673
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2674
Sympy [F]	2674
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2674
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2675
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2675
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2676

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{A(a+bx)\log(x)}{a\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(Ab-aB)(a+bx)\log(a+bx)}{ab\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
A*(b*x+a)*ln(x)/a/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*ln(b*x+a)/a/b/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A+Bx}{x\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx \\ &= \left(\frac{A}{a} - \frac{2B}{b}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2}-\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}}{bx}\right) \\ & \quad + \frac{A(-2\log(x) + \log(\sqrt{a^2}-bx-\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}) + \log(\sqrt{a^2}+bx-\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}))}{2\sqrt{a^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(A/a - (2*B)/b)*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[a^2] - \text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2])/(b*x)] + (A*(-2*\text{Log}[x] + \text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[a^2] - b*x - \text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2]] + \text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[a^2] + b*x - \text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2]]))/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a^2])$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{b(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{bx(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \left(\frac{A}{ax} + \frac{aB - Ab}{a(a+bx)} \right) dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{A \log(x)}{a} - \frac{(Ab - aB) \log(a+bx)}{ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)/(x*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]), x]$$

output

$$\frac{((a + b*x)*((A*\text{Log}[x])/a - ((A*b - a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/(a*b)))/\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(bx+a)(A \ln(bx+a)b - Ab \ln(x) - B \ln(bx+a)a)}{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2 ab}}$	49
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} A \ln(-x)}{(bx+a)a} - \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (Ab - Ba) \ln(bx+a)}{(bx+a)ab}$	65

input `int((B*x+A)/x/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-(b*x+a)*(A*ln(b*x+a)*b-A*b*ln(x)-B*ln(b*x+a)*a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/a/b`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{Ab \log(x) + (Ba - Ab) \log(bx + a)}{ab}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(A*b*log(x) + (B*a - A*b)*log(b*x + a))/(a*b)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x*sqrt((a + b*x)**2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} A \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right)}{a} + \frac{B \log\left(x + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*A*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x))/a + B*log(x + a/b)/b`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{A \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{a} + \frac{(B \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - A \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)) \log(|bx + a|)}{ab}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `A*log(abs(x))*sgn(b*x + a)/a + (B*a*sgn(b*x + a) - A*b*sgn(b*x + a))*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a*b)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{B \ln\left(a + bx + \sqrt{(a + bx)^2}\right)}{b} - \frac{A \ln\left(ab + \frac{a^2}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{a^2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `(B*log(a + b*x + ((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)))/b - (A*log(a*b + a^2/x + ((a^2)^(1/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/x))/(a^2)^(1/2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.02

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \log(x)$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `log(x)`

3.339 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2677
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2677
Rubi [A] (verified)	2678
Maple [A] (verified)	2680
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2680
Sympy [F]	2681
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2681
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2682
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2682
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2683

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a^2x} + \frac{(Ab-aB)(a+bx)\log\left(\frac{b(a+bx)}{x}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

$$-A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/x+(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*\ln(b*(b*x+a)/x)/a^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{a^2A - \sqrt{a^2}A\sqrt{(a+bx)^2} + 2a(Ab-aB)x\log(x) - (-a+\sqrt{a^2})(-Ab+aB)x\log(\sqrt{a^2}-bx-\sqrt{(a+bx)^2})}{2(a^2)^{3/2}x}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(A+B*x)/(x^2*\text{Sqrt}[a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2]),x]$$

output

$$\frac{(a^2 A - \sqrt{a^2} A \sqrt{(a + bx)^2} + 2a(Ab - aB)x \operatorname{Log}[x] - (-a + \sqrt{a^2}) * (-Ab + aB) * x \operatorname{Log}[\sqrt{a^2} - bx - \sqrt{(a + bx)^2}] + (a + \sqrt{a^2}) * (-Ab + aB) * x \operatorname{Log}[\sqrt{a^2} + bx - \sqrt{(a + bx)^2}])}{2 * (a^2)^{(3/2)} * x}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.207$, Rules used = {1186, 1102, 27, 47, 14, 16}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2 x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1186 \\ & -\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a^2 + 2bxa + b^2 x^2}} dx}{a} - \frac{A \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2 x^2}}{a^2 x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1102 \\ & -\frac{b(a + bx)(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{bx(a + bx)} dx}{a \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2 x^2}} - \frac{A \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2 x^2}}{a^2 x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & -\frac{(a + bx)(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{x(a + bx)} dx}{a \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2 x^2}} - \frac{A \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2 x^2}}{a^2 x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 47 \\ & -\frac{(a + bx)(Ab - aB) \left(\int \frac{1}{x} dx - \frac{b}{a} \int \frac{1}{a + bx} dx \right)}{a \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2 x^2}} - \frac{A \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2 x^2}}{a^2 x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 14 \\ & -\frac{(a + bx)(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{b}{a} \int \frac{1}{a + bx} dx \right)}{a \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2 x^2}} - \frac{A \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2 x^2}}{a^2 x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 16 \end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{(a+bx)(Ab-aB)\left(\frac{\log(x)}{a}-\frac{\log(a+bx)}{a}\right)}{a\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}-\frac{A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a^2x}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^2*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-((A*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/(a^2*x)) - ((A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)*(Log[x]/a - Log[a + b*x]/a))/(a*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 14 `Int[(a_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*Log[x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 16 `Int[(c_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 47 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 1102 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 1186

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*c*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)^2)), x] + Simp[(2*c*f - b*g)/(2*c*d - b*e) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[2*c*f - b*g, 0] && NeQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(bx+a)(A \ln(bx+a)xb - A \ln(x)xb - B \ln(bx+a)ax + B \ln(x)ax - Aa)}{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2 a^2 x}}$	61
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} A}{(bx+a)ax} - \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (Ab - Ba) \ln(x)}{(bx+a)a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (Ab - Ba) \ln(-bx-a)}{(bx+a)a^2}$	95

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(b*x+a)*(A*ln(b*x+a)*x*b-A*ln(x)*x*b-B*ln(b*x+a)*a*x+B*ln(x)*a*x-A*a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{(Ba - Ab)x \log(bx + a) - (Ba - Ab)x \log(x) + Aa}{a^2x}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-((B*a - A*b)*x*log(b*x + a) - (B*a - A*b)*x*log(x) + A*a)/(a^2*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{(a + bx)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**2/((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x**2*sqrt((a + b*x)**2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} B \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right)}{a} + \frac{(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Ab \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right)}{a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} A}{a^2x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*B*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x))/a + (-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*A*b*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x))/a^2 - sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A/(a^2*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{(B \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - A \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)) \log(|x|)}{a^2} - \frac{A \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{ax} - \frac{(Bab \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - Ab^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)) \log(|bx + a|)}{a^2 b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(B*a*sgn(b*x + a) - A*b*sgn(b*x + a))*log(abs(x))/a^2 - A*sgn(b*x + a)/(a*x) - (B*a*b*sgn(b*x + a) - A*b^2*sgn(b*x + a))*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^2*b)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{Aab \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^2 + bxa}{\sqrt{a^2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}\right)}{(a^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{A \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{a^2 x} - \frac{B \ln\left(ab + \frac{a^2}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{a^2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^2*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `(A*a*b*atanh((a^2 + a*b*x)/((a^2)^(1/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))))/(a^2)^(3/2) - (A*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(a^2*x) - (B*log(a*b + a^2/x + ((a^2)^(1/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/x))/(a^2)^(1/2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.06

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 1)/x`

3.340 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2684
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2684
Rubi [A] (verified)	2685
Maple [A] (verified)	2686
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2687
Sympy [F]	2687
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2688
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2688
Mupad [F(-1)]	2689
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2689

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{A(a+bx)}{2ax^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(Ab-aB)(a+bx)}{a^2x\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{b(Ab-aB)(a+bx)\log(x)}{a^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{b(Ab-aB)(a+bx)\log(a+bx)}{a^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*A*(b*x+a)/a/x^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)/a^2/x/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+b*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*ln(x)/a^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-b*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{a\sqrt{(a+bx)^2(-3Abx+a(A+2Bx))}}{x^2} + \frac{a^3(-2Abx+a(A+2Bx))}{\sqrt{a^2x^2}} + 4\sqrt{a^2}b(-Ab+aB)\log(x) - 2(-a+\sqrt{a^2})b(-Ab+aB)}{4a^4}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^3*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]),x]`

output `((-(a*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(-3*A*b*x + a*(A + 2*B*x)))/x^2) + (a^3*(-2*A*b*x + a*(A + 2*B*x)))/(Sqrt[a^2]*x^2) + 4*Sqrt[a^2]*b*(-(A*b) + a*B)*Log[x] - 2*(-a + Sqrt[a^2])*b*(-(A*b) + a*B)*Log[Sqrt[a^2] - b*x - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]] - 2*(a + Sqrt[a^2])*b*(-(A*b) + a*B)*Log[Sqrt[a^2] + b*x - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]])/(4*a^4)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\
 & \frac{b(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{bx^3(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \int \left(\frac{(aB - Ab)b^2}{a^3(a+bx)} - \frac{(aB - Ab)b}{a^3x} + \frac{aB - Ab}{a^2x^2} + \frac{A}{ax^3} \right) dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{b \log(x)(Ab - aB)}{a^3} - \frac{b(Ab - aB) \log(a+bx)}{a^3} + \frac{Ab - aB}{a^2x} - \frac{A}{2ax^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^3*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*(-1/2*A/(a*x^2) + (A*b - a*B)/(a^2*x) + (b*(A*b - a*B)*Log[x])/a^3 - (b*(A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/a^3))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{(bx+a)(2A \ln(bx+a)b^2x^2 - 2A \ln(x)b^2x^2 - 2B \ln(bx+a)abx^2 + 2B \ln(x)abx^2 - 2abAx + 2a^2Bx + a^2A)}{2\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}a^3x^2}$	92
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(\frac{(Ab-Ba)x - A}{a^2} - \frac{A}{2a} \right)}{(bx+a)x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (Ab-Ba)b \ln(-x)}{(bx+a)a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (Ab-Ba)b \ln(bx+a)}{(bx+a)a^3}$	111

input `int((B*x+A)/x^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/2*(b*x+a)*(2*A*\ln(b*x+a)*b^2*x^2-2*A*\ln(x)*b^2*x^2-2*B*\ln(b*x+a)*a*b*x^2+2*B*\ln(x)*a*b*x^2-2*a*b*A*x+2*a^2*B*x+a^2*A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/a^3/x^2$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2(Bab - Ab^2)x^2 \log(bx + a) - 2(Bab - Ab^2)x^2 \log(x) - Aa^2 - 2(Ba^2 - Aab)x}{2a^3x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$1/2*(2*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^2*\log(b*x + a) - 2*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^2*\log(x) - A*a^2 - 2*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*x)/(a^3*x^2)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 \sqrt{(a + bx)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**3/((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x**3*sqrt((a + b*x)**2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Bb \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right)}{a^2} - \frac{(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Ab^2 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right)}{a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} B}{a^2x} + \frac{3\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Ab}{2a^3x} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} A}{2a^2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*B*b*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x))/a^2 - (-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*A*b^2*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x))/a^3 - sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B/(a^2*x) + 3/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*b/(a^3*x) - 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A/(a^2*x^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = - \frac{(Bab \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - Ab^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)) \log(|x|)}{a^3} + \frac{(Bab^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - Ab^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)) \log(|bx + a|)}{a^3b} - \frac{Aa^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2(Ba^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - Aab \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x}{2a^3x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-(B*a*b*sgn(b*x + a) - A*b^2*sgn(b*x + a))*log(abs(x))/a^3 + (B*a*b^2*sgn(
b*x + a) - A*b^3*sgn(b*x + a))*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^3*b) - 1/2*(A*a^2*sgn(
b*x + a) + 2*(B*a^2*sgn(b*x + a) - A*a*b*sgn(b*x + a))*x)/(a^3*x^2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 \sqrt{(a + bx)^2}} dx$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^3*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^3*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.03

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{2x^2}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 1)/(2*x**2)
```

3.341 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2690
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2691
Rubi [A] (verified)	2691
Maple [A] (verified)	2693
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2693
Sympy [F]	2694
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2694
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2695
Mupad [F(-1)]	2695
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2696

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{A(a+bx)}{3ax^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(Ab-aB)(a+bx)}{2a^2x^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{b(Ab-aB)(a+bx)}{a^3x\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{b^2(Ab-aB)(a+bx)\log(x)}{a^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{b^2(Ab-aB)(a+bx)\log(a+bx)}{a^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*A*(b*x+a)/a/x^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)/a^2/x^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-b*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)/a^3/x/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-b^2*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*ln(x)/a^4/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+b^2*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^4/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} \left(\frac{6Ab^2x^2 - 3abx(A + 2Bx) + a^2(2A + 3Bx)}{(a^2)^{3/2} x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(-11Ab^2x^2 - a^2(2A + 3Bx) + abx(5A + 9Bx))}}{a^4x^3} - \frac{12\sqrt{a^2}b^2(-Ab + aB)\log(x)}{a^5} + \frac{6(-a + \sqrt{a^2})b^2(-Ab + aB)\log(\sqrt{a^2} - bx - \sqrt{(a + bx)^2})}{a^5} + \frac{6(a + \sqrt{a^2})b^2(-Ab + aB)\log(\sqrt{a^2} + bx - \sqrt{(a + bx)^2})}{a^5} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^4*sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
((6*A*b^2*x^2 - 3*a*b*x*(A + 2*B*x) + a^2*(2*A + 3*B*x))/((a^2)^(3/2)*x^3) + (sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(-11*A*b^2*x^2 - a^2*(2*A + 3*B*x) + a*b*x*(5*A + 9*B*x)))/(a^4*x^3) - (12*sqrt[a^2]*b^2*(-(A*b) + a*B)*Log[x])/a^5 + (6*(-a + sqrt[a^2])*b^2*(-(A*b) + a*B)*Log[sqrt[a^2] - b*x - sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]])/a^5 + (6*(a + sqrt[a^2])*b^2*(-(A*b) + a*B)*Log[sqrt[a^2] + b*x - sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]])/a^5)/12
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\
& \frac{b(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{bx^4(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\
& \frac{(a + bx) \int \left(-\frac{(aB - Ab)b^3}{a^4(a+bx)} + \frac{(aB - Ab)b^2}{a^4x} - \frac{(aB - Ab)b}{a^3x^2} + \frac{aB - Ab}{a^2x^3} + \frac{A}{ax^4} \right) dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{(a + bx) \left(-\frac{b^2 \log(x)(Ab - aB)}{a^4} + \frac{b^2(Ab - aB) \log(a+bx)}{a^4} - \frac{b(Ab - aB)}{a^3x} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2a^2x^2} - \frac{A}{3ax^3} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^4*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*(-1/3*A/(a*x^3) + (A*b - a*B)/(2*a^2*x^2) - (b*(A*b - a*B))/(a^3*x) - (b^2*(A*b - a*B)*Log[x])/a^4 + (b^2*(A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/a^4)/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1187

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result
default	$\frac{(bx+a)(6A \ln(bx+a)x^3b^3 - 6A \ln(x)x^3b^3 - 6B \ln(bx+a)a b^2x^3 + 6B \ln(x)a b^2x^3 - 6Aa b^2x^2 + 6B a^2b x^2 + 3A a^2bx - 3B a^3x - 2a^3A)}{6\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} a^4x^3}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-\frac{(Ab-Ba)bx^2}{a^3} + \frac{(Ab-Ba)x}{2a^2} - \frac{A}{3a} \right)}{(bx+a)x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (Ab-Ba)b^2 \ln(-bx-a)}{(bx+a)a^4} - \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (Ab-Ba)b^2 \ln(x)}{(bx+a)a^4}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^4/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/6*(b*x+a)*(6*A*ln(b*x+a)*x^3*b^3-6*A*ln(x)*x^3*b^3-6*B*ln(b*x+a)*a*b^2*x^3+6*B*ln(x)*a*b^2*x^3-6*A*a*b^2*x^2+6*B*a^2*b*x^2+3*A*a^2*b*x-3*B*a^3*x-2*a^3*A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/a^4/x^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{6(Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^3 \log(bx + a) - 6(Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^3 \log(x) + 2Aa^3 - 6(Ba^2b - Aab^2)x^2 + 3(Ba^3 - Aa^3)}{6a^4x^3}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/6*(6*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^3*log(b*x + a) - 6*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^3*log(x) + 2*A*a^3 - 6*(B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*x)/(a^4*x^3)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 \sqrt{(a + bx)^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**4/((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)/(x**4*sqrt((a + b*x)**2)), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = & -\frac{(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Bb^2 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right)}{a^3} \\ & + \frac{(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Ab^3 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right)}{a^4} \\ & + \frac{3\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Bb}{2a^3x} \\ & - \frac{11\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ab^2}{6a^4x} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}B}{2a^2x^2} \\ & + \frac{5\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}Ab}{6a^3x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}A}{3a^2x^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-(-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*B*b^2*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x))/a^3 + (-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*A*b^3*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x))/a^4 + 3/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*b/(a^3*x) - 11/6*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*b^2/(a^4*x) - 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B/(a^2*x^2) + 5/6*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*b/(a^3*x^2) - 1/3*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A/(a^2*x^3)

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{(Bab^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - Ab^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)) \log(|x|)}{a^4} - \frac{(Bab^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - Ab^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)) \log(|bx + a|)}{a^4 b} - \frac{2Aa^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - 6(Ba^2 b \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - Aab^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x^2 + 3(Ba^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - Aa^2 b \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))}{6a^4 x^3}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

(B*a*b^2*sgn(b*x + a) - A*b^3*sgn(b*x + a))*log(abs(x))/a^4 - (B*a*b^3*sgn(b*x + a) - A*b^4*sgn(b*x + a))*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^4*b) - 1/6*(2*A*a^3*sgn(b*x + a) - 6*(B*a^2*b*sgn(b*x + a) - A*a*b^2*sgn(b*x + a))*x^2 + 3*(B*a^3*sgn(b*x + a) - A*a^2*b*sgn(b*x + a))*x)/(a^4*x^3)

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 \sqrt{(a + bx)^2}} dx$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^4*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^4*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.02

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{3x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^4/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 1)/(3*x**3)`

3.342 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2697
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2698
Rubi [A] (verified)	2698
Maple [A] (verified)	2700
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2700
Sympy [F]	2701
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2701
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2702
Mupad [F(-1)]	2702
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2703

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 256

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{A(a+bx)}{4ax^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(Ab-aB)(a+bx)}{3a^2x^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{b(Ab-aB)(a+bx)}{2a^3x^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{b^2(Ab-aB)(a+bx)}{a^4x\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{b^3(Ab-aB)(a+bx)\log(x)}{a^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{b^3(Ab-aB)(a+bx)\log(a+bx)}{a^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*A*(b*x+a)/a/x^4/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/3*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)/a^2/x^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/2*b*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)/a^3/x^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+b^2*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)/a^4/x/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+b^3*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*ln(x)/a^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-b^3*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^3(-12Ab^3x^3 + 6ab^2x^2(A+2Bx) - 2a^2bx(2A+3Bx) + a^3(3A+4Bx))}{\sqrt{a^2}x^4} - \frac{a\sqrt{(a+bx)^2(-25Ab^3x^3 + a^3(3A+4Bx) - a^2bx(7A+10Bx) + ab^2x^2(13A+4Bx))}}{x^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^5*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
((a^3*(-12*A*b^3*x^3 + 6*a*b^2*x^2*(A + 2*B*x) - 2*a^2*b*x*(2*A + 3*B*x) + a^3*(3*A + 4*B*x)))/(Sqrt[a^2]*x^4) - (a*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(-25*A*b^3*x^3 + a^3*(3*A + 4*B*x) - a^2*b*x*(7*A + 10*B*x) + a*b^2*x^2*(13*A + 22*B*x)))/x^4 + 24*Sqrt[a^2]*b^3*(-(A*b) + a*B)*Log[x] - 12*(-a + Sqrt[a^2])*b^3*(-(A*b) + a*B)*Log[Sqrt[a^2] - b*x - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]] - 12*(a + Sqrt[a^2])*b^3*(-(A*b) + a*B)*Log[Sqrt[a^2] + b*x - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]])/(24*a^6)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1187$$

$$\frac{b(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{bx^5(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 86 \\
 \frac{(a+bx) \int \left(\frac{(aB-Ab)b^4}{a^5(a+bx)} - \frac{(aB-Ab)b^3}{a^5x} + \frac{(aB-Ab)b^2}{a^4x^2} - \frac{(aB-Ab)b}{a^3x^3} + \frac{aB-Ab}{a^2x^4} + \frac{A}{ax^5} \right) dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{b^3 \log(x)(Ab-aB)}{a^5} - \frac{b^3(Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{a^5} + \frac{b^2(Ab-aB)}{a^4x} - \frac{b(Ab-aB)}{2a^3x^2} + \frac{Ab-aB}{3a^2x^3} - \frac{A}{4ax^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^5*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*(-1/4*A/(a*x^4) + (A*b - a*B)/(3*a^2*x^3) - (b*(A*b - a*B))/(2*a^3*x^2) + (b^2*(A*b - a*B))/(a^4*x) + (b^3*(A*b - a*B)*Log[x])/a^5 - (b^3*(A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/a^5))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result
default	$-\frac{(bx+a)(12A \ln(bx+a)x^4b^4 - 12A \ln(x)x^4b^4 - 12B \ln(bx+a)x^4ab^3 + 12B \ln(x)x^4ab^3 - 12Aab^3x^3 + 12Ba^2b^2x^3 + 6Aa^2b^2x^2 - 6Ba^2b^2x - 6Ba^2b^2)}{12\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}a^5x^4}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(\frac{(Ab-Ba)b^2x^3}{a^4} - \frac{(Ab-Ba)bx^2}{2a^3} + \frac{(Ab-Ba)x}{3a^2} - \frac{A}{4a} \right)}{(bx+a)x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(Ab-Ba)b^3 \ln(bx+a)}{(bx+a)a^5} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(Ab-Ba)b^3 \ln(-a)}{(bx+a)a^5}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/12*(b*x+a)*(12*A*\ln(b*x+a)*x^4*b^4 - 12*A*\ln(x)*x^4*b^4 - 12*B*\ln(b*x+a)*x^4*a*b^3 + 12*B*\ln(x)*x^4*a*b^3 - 12*A*a*b^3*x^3 + 12*B*a^2*b^2*x^3 + 6*A*a^2*b^2*x^2 - 6*B*a^3*b*x^2 - 4*A*a^3*b*x + 4*a^4*B*x + 3*a^4*A) / ((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2) / a^5/x^4$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{12(Bab^3 - Ab^4)x^4 \log(bx + a) - 12(Bab^3 - Ab^4)x^4 \log(x) - 3Aa^4 - 12(Ba^2b^2 - Aab^3)x^3 + 6(Ba^3b - Aa^2b^2)x^2 - 4(Aa^3b - Aa^2b^2)x + 4Aa^4}{12a^5x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$1/12*(12*(B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^4*\log(b*x + a) - 12*(B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^4*\log(x) - 3*A*a^4 - 12*(B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 6*(B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 - 4*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*x) / (a^5*x^4)$$

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{(a + bx)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**5/((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x**5*sqrt((a + b*x)**2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Bb^3 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right)}{a^4} - \frac{(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Ab^4 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right)}{a^5} - \frac{11 \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Bb^2}{6a^4x} + \frac{25 \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Ab^3}{12a^5x} + \frac{5 \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Bb}{6a^3x^2} - \frac{13 \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Ab^2}{12a^4x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} B}{3a^2x^3} + \frac{7 \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} Ab}{12a^3x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} A}{4a^2x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*B*b^3*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x))/a^4 - (-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*A*b^4*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x))/a^5 - 11/6*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*b^2/(a^4*x) + 25/12*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*b^3/(a^5*x) + 5/6*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B*b/(a^3*x^2) - 13/12*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*b^2/(a^4*x^2) - 1/3*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*B/(a^2*x^3) + 7/12*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A*b/(a^3*x^3) - 1/4*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*A/(a^2*x^4)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{(Bab^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - Ab^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)) \log(|x|)}{a^5} + \frac{(Bab^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - Ab^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)) \log(|bx + a|)}{a^5 b} - \frac{3Aa^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 12(Ba^2b^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - Aab^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x^3 - 6(Ba^3b \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - Aa^2b^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x^2 + 4(Aa^3b \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))x}{12a^5x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(B*a*b^3*sgn(b*x + a) - A*b^4*sgn(b*x + a))*log(abs(x))/a^5 + (B*a*b^4*sgn(b*x + a) - A*b^5*sgn(b*x + a))*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^5*b) - 1/12*(3*A*a^4*sgn(b*x + a) + 12*(B*a^2*b^2*sgn(b*x + a) - A*a*b^3*sgn(b*x + a))*x^3 - 6*(B*a^3*b*sgn(b*x + a) - A*a^2*b^2*sgn(b*x + a))*x^2 + 4*(B*a^4*sgn(b*x + a) - A*a^3*b*sgn(b*x + a))*x)/(a^5*x^4)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{(a + bx)^2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^5*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/(x^5*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.02

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{4x^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 1)/(4*x**4)`

3.343 $\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2704
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2705
Rubi [A] (verified)	2705
Maple [A] (verified)	2707
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2707
Sympy [F]	2708
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2708
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2709
Mupad [F(-1)]	2709
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2710

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 249

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{a^3(4Ab-5aB)}{b^6\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{a^4(Ab-aB)}{2b^6(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{3a(Ab-2aB)x(a+bx)}{b^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(Ab-3aB)x^2(a+bx)}{2b^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{Bx^3(a+bx)}{3b^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab-5aB)(a+bx)\log(a+bx)}{b^6\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
a^3*(4*A*b-5*B*a)/b^6/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/2*a^4*(A*b-B*a)/b^6/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-3*a*(A*b-2*B*a)*x*(b*x+a)/b^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(A*b-3*B*a)*x^2*(b*x+a)/b^4/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/3*B*x^3*(b*x+a)/b^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2*a^2*(3*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^6/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-27a^5B + b^5x^4(3A+2Bx) + 3a^4b(7A+2Bx) - ab^4x^3(12A+5Bx) + a^2b^5x^2(12A+5Bx) - 6b^6(a+bx)}{6b^6(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^4*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(-27*a^5*B + b^5*x^4*(3*A + 2*B*x) + 3*a^4*b*(7*A + 2*B*x) - a*b^4*x^3*(12*A + 5*B*x) + a^2*b^5*x^2*(-33*A + 20*B*x) + 3*a^3*b^2*x*(2*A + 21*B*x) - 12*a^2*(-3*A*b + 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^2*Log[a + b*x])/(6*b^6*(a + b*x)*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{b^3(a+bx) \int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{b^3(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 86 \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \int \left(-\frac{(aB-Ab)a^4}{b^5(a+bx)^3} + \frac{(5aB-4Ab)a^3}{b^5(a+bx)^2} - \frac{2(5aB-3Ab)a^2}{b^5(a+bx)} + \frac{3(2aB-Ab)a}{b^5} + \frac{Bx^2}{b^3} + \frac{(Ab-3aB)x}{b^4} \right) dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(a + bx) \left(-\frac{a^4(Ab - aB)}{2b^6(a+bx)^2} + \frac{a^3(4Ab - 5aB)}{b^6(a+bx)} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab - 5aB) \log(a+bx)}{b^6} - \frac{3ax(Ab - 2aB)}{b^5} + \frac{x^2(Ab - 3aB)}{2b^4} + \frac{Bx^3}{3b^3} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*((-3*a*(A*b - 2*a*B)*x)/b^5 + ((A*b - 3*a*B)*x^2)/(2*b^4) + (B*x^3)/(3*b^3) - (a^4*(A*b - a*B))/(2*b^6*(a + b*x)^2) + (a^3*(4*A*b - 5*a*B))/(b^6*(a + b*x)) + (2*a^2*(3*A*b - 5*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^6)/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(\frac{1}{3}x^3 B b^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^2 b^2 A - \frac{3}{2}Ba x^2 b - 3abAx + 6a^2 Bx \right)}{(bx+a)b^5} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left((4A a^3 b - 5a^4 B)x + \frac{a^4(7Ab - 9Ba)}{2b} \right)}{(bx+a)^3 b^5} + \frac{2\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} a^5}{6b^6 (bx+a)}$
default	$\frac{(2B x^5 b^5 + 3A b^5 x^4 - 5Ba b^4 x^4 + 36A \ln(bx+a)x^2 a^2 b^3 - 12Aa b^4 x^3 - 60B \ln(bx+a)x^2 a^3 b^2 + 20B a^2 b^3 x^3 + 72A \ln(bx+a)x a^3 b^2 - 33A a^4 b^2)}{6b^6 (bx+a)}$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)*(1/3*x^3*B*b^2+1/2*x^2*b^2*A-3/2*B*a*x^2*b-3*a*b*A*x+6*a^2*B*x)/b^5+((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^3*((4*A*a^3*b-5*B*a^4)*x+1/2*a^4*(7*A*b-9*B*a)/b)/b^5+2*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)*a^2/b^6*(3*A*b-5*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2Bb^5x^5 - 27Ba^5 + 21Aa^4b - (5Bab^4 - 3Ab^5)x^4 + 4(5Ba^2b^3 - 3Aab^4)x^3 + 4(5Bab^4 - 3Ab^5)x^2 + 4(5Ba^2b^3 - 3Aab^4)x^2 + 2(5Bab^4 - 3Ab^5)x + 4(5Ba^2b^3 - 3Aab^4)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(2*B*b^5*x^5 - 27*B*a^5 + 21*A*a^4*b - (5*B*a*b^4 - 3*A*b^5)*x^4 + 4*(5*B*a^2*b^3 - 3*A*a*b^4)*x^3 + 3*(21*B*a^3*b^2 - 11*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 6*(B*a^4*b + A*a^3*b^2)*x - 12*(5*B*a^5 - 3*A*a^4*b + (5*B*a^3*b^2 - 3*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(5*B*a^4*b - 3*A*a^3*b^2)*x)*log(b*x + a)/(b^8*x^2 + 2*a*b^7*x + a^2*b^6)`

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{((a+bx)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4*(A + B*x)/((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx &= \frac{Bx^4}{3\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2b^2}} - \frac{7Bax^3}{6\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2b^3}} \\ &+ \frac{Ax^3}{2\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2b^2}} + \frac{9Ba^2x^2}{2\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2b^4}} - \frac{5Aax^2}{2\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2b^3}} \\ &- \frac{10Ba^3\log(x+\frac{a}{b})}{b^6} + \frac{6Aa^2\log(x+\frac{a}{b})}{b^5} + \frac{9Ba^4}{\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2b^6}} \\ &- \frac{5Aa^3}{\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2b^5}} - \frac{20Ba^4x}{b^7(x+\frac{a}{b})^2} + \frac{12Aa^3x}{b^6(x+\frac{a}{b})^2} - \frac{39Ba^5}{2b^8(x+\frac{a}{b})^2} + \frac{23Aa^4}{2b^7(x+\frac{a}{b})^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*B*x^4/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*b^2) - 7/6*B*a*x^3/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*b^3) + 1/2*A*x^3/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*b^2) + 9/2*B*a^2*x^2/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*b^4) - 5/2*A*a*x^2/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*b^3) - 10*B*a^3*log(x + a/b)/b^6 + 6*A*a^2*log(x + a/b)/b^5 + 9*B*a^4/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*b^6) - 5*A*a^3/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*b^5) - 20*B*a^4*x/(b^7*(x + a/b)^2) + 12*A*a^3*x/(b^6*(x + a/b)^2) - 39/2*B*a^5/(b^8*(x + a/b)^2) + 23/2*A*a^4/(b^7*(x + a/b)^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(5Ba^3-3Aa^2b)\log(|bx+a|)}{b^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)} - \frac{9Ba^5-7Aa^4b+2(5Ba^4b-4Aa^3b^2)x}{2(bx+a)^2b^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)} + \frac{2Bb^6x^3-9Bab^5x^2+3Ab^6x^2+36Ba^2b^4x-18Aab^5x}{6b^9\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*(5*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(b^6*sgn(b*x + a)) - 1/2*(9*B*a^5 - 7*A*a^4*b + 2*(5*B*a^4*b - 4*A*a^3*b^2)*x)/((b*x + a)^2*b^6*sgn(b*x + a)) + 1/6*(2*B*b^6*x^3 - 9*B*a*b^5*x^2 + 3*A*b^6*x^2 + 36*B*a^2*b^4*x - 18*A*a*b^5*x)/(b^9*sgn(b*x + a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x^4*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-12 \log(bx + a) a^4 - 12 \log(bx + a) a^3bx + 12a^3bx + 6a^2b^2x^2 - 2ab^3x^3 + b^4x^4}{3b^5(bx + a)}$$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(- 12*log(a + b*x)*a**4 - 12*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b*x + 12*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2
*b**2*x**2 - 2*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4)/(3*b**5*(a + b*x))`

3.344
$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2711
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2712
Rubi [A] (verified)	2712
Maple [A] (verified)	2714
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2714
Sympy [F]	2715
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2715
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2716
Mupad [F(-1)]	2716
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2717

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 202

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{a^2(3Ab-4aB)}{b^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{a^3(Ab-aB)}{2b^5(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(Ab-3aB)x(a+bx)}{b^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{Bx^2(a+bx)}{2b^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{3a(Ab-2aB)(a+bx)\log(a+bx)}{b^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-a^2*(3*A*b-4*B*a)/b^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/2*a^3*(A*b-B*a)/b^5/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+(A*b-3*B*a)*x*(b*x+a)/b^4/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/2*B*x^2*(b*x+a)/b^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-3*a*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```


$$\frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{a^3(Ab - aB)}{2b^5(a+bx)^2} - \frac{a^2(3Ab - 4aB)}{b^5(a+bx)} - \frac{3a(Ab - 2aB) \log(a+bx)}{b^5} + \frac{x(Ab - 3aB)}{b^4} + \frac{Bx^2}{2b^3} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

↓ 2009

input `Int[(x^3*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*(((A*b - 3*a*B)*x)/b^4 + (B*x^2)/(2*b^3) + (a^3*(A*b - a*B))/(2*b^5*(a + b*x)^2) - (a^2*(3*A*b - 4*a*B))/(b^5*(a + b*x)) - (3*a*(A*b - 2*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^5))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(\frac{1}{2} B b x^2 + A b x - 3 B a x \right)}{(bx+a)b^4} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left((-3A a^2 b + 4B a^3) x - \frac{a^3(5Ab-7Ba)}{2b} \right)}{(bx+a)^3 b^4} - \frac{3\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} a (Ab-2Ba) \ln(bx+a)}{(bx+a)b^5}$
default	$-\frac{(-b^4 B x^4 + 6A \ln(bx+a) a b^3 x^2 - 2A b^4 x^3 - 12B \ln(bx+a) a^2 b^2 x^2 + 4Ba b^3 x^3 + 12A \ln(bx+a) a^2 b^2 x - 4Aa b^3 x^2 - 24B \ln(bx+a) a^3 b x)}{2b^5 \left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{1/2} / (bx+a) / b^4 * (1/2 * B * b * x^2 + A * b * x - 3 * B * a * x) + \left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{1/2} / (bx+a)^3 * \left((-3 * A * a^2 * b + 4 * B * a^3) * x - 1/2 * a^3 * (5 * A * b - 7 * B * a) / b \right) / b^4 - 3 * \left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{1/2} / (bx+a) * a / b^5 * (A * b - 2 * B * a) * \ln(bx+a)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Bb^4x^4 + 7Ba^4 - 5Aa^3b - 2(2Bab^3 - Ab^4)x^3 - (11Ba^2b^2 - 4Aab^3)x^2 + 2Aa^2b^2x - 2Aa^3}{2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1/2 * (B * b^4 * x^4 + 7 * B * a^4 - 5 * A * a^3 * b - 2 * (2 * B * a * b^3 - A * b^4) * x^3 - (11 * B * a^2 * b^2 - 4 * A * a * b^3) * x^2 + 2 * (B * a^3 * b - 2 * A * a^2 * b^2) * x + 6 * (2 * B * a^4 - A * a^3 * b + (2 * B * a^2 * b^2 - A * a * b^3) * x^2 + 2 * (2 * B * a^3 * b - A * a^2 * b^2) * x) * \log(b * x + a))}{(b^7 * x^2 + 2 * a * b^6 * x + a^2 * b^5)}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{((a+bx)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(A + B*x)/((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx &= \frac{Bx^3}{2\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2b^2}} \\ &- \frac{5Bax^2}{2\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2b^2}b^3} + \frac{Ax^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2b^2}} + \frac{6Ba^2\log(x+\frac{a}{b})}{b^5} \\ &- \frac{3Aa\log(x+\frac{a}{b})}{b^4} - \frac{5Ba^3}{\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2b^2}b^5} + \frac{2Aa^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2b^2}} \\ &+ \frac{12Ba^3x}{b^6(x+\frac{a}{b})^2} - \frac{6Aa^2x}{b^5(x+\frac{a}{b})^2} + \frac{23Ba^4}{2b^7(x+\frac{a}{b})^2} - \frac{11Aa^3}{2b^6(x+\frac{a}{b})^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*B*x^3/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*b^2) - 5/2*B*a*x^2/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*b^3) + A*x^2/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*b^2) + 6*B*a^2*log(x + a/b)/b^5 - 3*A*a*log(x + a/b)/b^4 - 5*B*a^3/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*b^5) + 2*A*a^2/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*b^4) + 12*B*a^3*x/(b^6*(x + a/b)^2) - 6*A*a^2*x/(b^5*(x + a/b)^2) + 23/2*B*a^4/(b^7*(x + a/b)^2) - 11/2*A*a^3/(b^6*(x + a/b)^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3(2Ba^2 - Aab) \log(|bx+a|)}{b^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)} + \frac{Bb^3x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - 6Bab^2x \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 2Ab^3x \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}{2b^6} + \frac{7Ba^4 - 5Aa^3b + 2(4Ba^3b - 3Aa^2b^2)x}{2(bx+a)^2 b^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3*(2*B*a^2 - A*a*b)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(b^5*sgn(b*x + a)) + 1/2*(B*b^3*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) - 6*B*a*b^2*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 2*A*b^3*x*sgn(b*x + a))/b^6 + 1/2*(7*B*a^4 - 5*A*a^3*b + 2*(4*B*a^3*b - 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x)/((b*x + a)^2*b^5*sgn(b*x + a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x^3*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6 \log(bx + a) a^3 + 6 \log(bx + a) a^2bx - 6a^2bx - 3ab^2x^2 + b^3x^3}{2b^4 (bx + a)}$$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(6*log(a + b*x)*a**3 + 6*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x - 6*a**2*b*x - 3*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3)/(2*b**4*(a + b*x))`

3.345
$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2718
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2719
Rubi [A] (verified)	2719
Maple [A] (verified)	2721
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2721
Sympy [F]	2722
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2722
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2723
Mupad [F(-1)]	2723
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2723

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{a(2Ab-3aB)}{b^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{a^2(Ab-aB)}{2b^4(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{Bx(a+bx)}{b^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(Ab-3aB)(a+bx)\log(a+bx)}{b^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)/b^4/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/2*a^2*(A*b-B*a)/b^4/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+B*x*(b*x+a)/b^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+(A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^4/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{b(ax\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}(6a^3B+Ab^3x^2-ab^2x(A+Bx)+a^2(-2Ab+3bBx))-\sqrt{a^2x}(6a^4B-Ab^4x^3+ab^3Bx^3+a^2b^4x^2)-a^2(a+bx)(a^2+abx-\sqrt{a^2}\sqrt{(a+bx)^2})}{a^2(a+bx)(a^2+abx-\sqrt{a^2}\sqrt{(a+bx)^2})}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `((b*(a*x*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(6*a^3*B + A*b^3*x^2 - a*b^2*x*(A + B*x) + a^2*(-2*A*b + 3*b*B*x)) - Sqrt[a^2]*x*(6*a^4*B - A*b^4*x^3 + a*b^3*B*x^3 + a^2*b^2*x*(-3*A + 2*B*x) + a^3*(-2*A*b + 9*b*B*x)))/(a^2*(a + b*x)*(a^2 + a*b*x - Sqrt[a^2]*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])) - 4*A*b*ArcTanh[(b*x)/(Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])] + 12*a*B*ArcTanh[(b*x)/(Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])])/(2*b^4)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{b^3(a+bx) \int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{b^3(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 86 \\
 \frac{(a+bx) \int \left(-\frac{(aB-Ab)a^2}{b^3(a+bx)^3} + \frac{(3aB-2Ab)a}{b^3(a+bx)^2} + \frac{B}{b^3} + \frac{Ab-3aB}{b^3(a+bx)} \right) dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{(a+bx) \left(-\frac{a^2(Ab-aB)}{2b^4(a+bx)^2} + \frac{a(2Ab-3aB)}{b^4(a+bx)} + \frac{(Ab-3aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^4} + \frac{Bx}{b^3} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*((B*x)/b^3 - (a^2*(A*b - a*B))/(2*b^4*(a + b*x)^2) + (a*(2*A*b - 3*a*B))/(b^4*(a + b*x)) + ((A*b - 3*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^4)/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} Bx}{(bx+a)b^3} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left((2abA-3a^2B)x + \frac{a^2(3Ab-5Ba)}{2b} \right)}{(bx+a)^3 b^3} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (Ab-3Ba) \ln(bx+a)}{(bx+a)b^4}$
default	$\frac{(2A \ln(bx+a)b^3x^2 - 6B \ln(bx+a)ab^2x^2 + 2x^3Bb^3 + 4A \ln(bx+a)xa b^2 - 12B \ln(bx+a)xa^2b + 4Ba b^2x^2 + 2A \ln(bx+a)a^2b + 4Aa b^2x - 2b^4((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2b^4((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)*B/b^3*x+((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^3*((2*A*a*b-3*B*a^2)*x+1/2*a^2*(3*A*b-5*B*a)/b)/b^3+((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)/b^4*(A*b-3*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2Bb^3x^3 + 4Bab^2x^2 - 5Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b - 4(Ba^2b - Aab^2)x - 2(3Ba^3 - Aa^2b^2)}{2(b^6x^2 + 2ab^5x + a^2b^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(2*B*b^3*x^3 + 4*B*a*b^2*x^2 - 5*B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b - 4*(B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x - 2*(3*B*a^3 - A*a^2*b + (3*B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x)*log(b*x + a)/(b^6*x^2 + 2*a*b^5*x + a^2*b^4)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{((a+bx)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(A + B*x)/((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx &= \frac{Bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2}b^2} \\ &- \frac{3Ba \log(x + \frac{a}{b})}{b^4} + \frac{A \log(x + \frac{a}{b})}{b^3} + \frac{2Ba^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2}b^4} \\ &- \frac{6Ba^2x}{b^5(x + \frac{a}{b})^2} + \frac{2Aax}{b^4(x + \frac{a}{b})^2} - \frac{11Ba^3}{2b^6(x + \frac{a}{b})^2} + \frac{3Aa^2}{2b^5(x + \frac{a}{b})^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `B*x^2/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*b^2) - 3*B*a*log(x + a/b)/b^4 + A*log(x + a/b)/b^3 + 2*B*a^2/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*b^4) - 6*B*a^2*x/(b^5*(x + a/b)^2) + 2*A*a*x/(b^4*(x + a/b)^2) - 11/2*B*a^3/(b^6*(x + a/b)^2) + 3/2*A*a^2/(b^5*(x + a/b)^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Bx}{b^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)} - \frac{(3Ba-Ab) \log(|bx+a|)}{b^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)} - \frac{5Ba^3-3Aa^2b+2(3Ba^2b-2Aab^2)x}{2(bx+a)^2 b^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `B*x/(b^3*sgn(b*x + a)) - (3*B*a - A*b)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(b^4*sgn(b*x + a)) - 1/2*(5*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b + 2*(3*B*a^2*b - 2*A*a*b^2)*x)/((b*x + a)^2*b^4*sgn(b*x + a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x^2*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2 \log(bx+a) a^2 - 2 \log(bx+a) abx + 2abx + b^2x^2}{b^3(bx+a)}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output $(-2 \log(a + bx)a^2 - 2 \log(a + bx)abx + 2abx + b^2x^2)/(b^3(a + bx))$

3.346
$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2725
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2725
Rubi [A] (verified)	2726
Maple [A] (verified)	2727
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2728
Sympy [F]	2728
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2729
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2729
Mupad [F(-1)]	2729
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2730

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{Ab-2aB}{b^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{a(Ab-aB)}{2b^3(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{B(a+bx)\log(a+bx)}{b^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-(A*b-2*B*a)/b^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/2*a*(A*b-B*a)/b^3/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+B*(b*x+a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{bx(2a^5B-a^3Ab^2x+3a^4bBx-aAb^4x^3+a^2b^3Bx^3-\sqrt{a^2}\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}(2a^3B+a^2bBx+Ab^3x^2-ab^2x(A+Bx)))}{a^3(a+bx)(\sqrt{a^2}bx+a(\sqrt{a^2}-\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}))} \frac{1}{2b^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(A+B*x))/(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$\left((b*x*(2*a^5*B - a^3*A*b^2*x + 3*a^4*b*B*x - a*A*b^4*x^3 + a^2*b^3*B*x^3 - \sqrt{a^2}*\sqrt{(a + b*x)^2}*(2*a^3*B + a^2*b*B*x + A*b^3*x^2 - a*b^2*x*(A + B*x)))) / (a^3*(a + b*x)*(\sqrt{a^2}*b*x + a*(\sqrt{a^2} - \sqrt{(a + b*x)^2}))) - 4*B*\text{ArcTanh}[(b*x)/(\sqrt{a^2} - \sqrt{(a + b*x)^2})] / (2*b^3) \right)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{b^3(a + bx) \int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{b^3(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \left(\frac{B}{b^2(a+bx)} + \frac{Ab-2aB}{b^2(a+bx)^2} + \frac{a(aB-Ab)}{b^2(a+bx)^3} \right) dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \left(-\frac{Ab-2aB}{b^3(a+bx)} + \frac{a(Ab-aB)}{2b^3(a+bx)^2} + \frac{B \log(a+bx)}{b^3} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2), x]$$

output $((a + b*x)*((a*(A*b - a*B))/(2*b^3*(a + b*x)^2) - (A*b - 2*a*B)/(b^3*(a + b*x))) + (B*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/b^3)/\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 86 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^{(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ ((\text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[p, 0]) \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ || \ (\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LeQ}[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0]) \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, c, d, e, f]))$

rule 1187 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^{(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-\frac{(Ab-2Ba)x - a(Ab-3Ba)}{b^2} \right)}{(bx+a)^3} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} B \ln(bx+a)}{(bx+a)b^3}$	75
default	$-\frac{(-2B \ln(bx+a)b^2x^2 - 4B \ln(bx+a)abx + 2x b^2A - 2B \ln(bx+a)a^2 - 4xabB + abA - 3a^2B)(bx+a)}{2b^3((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	83

input $\text{int}(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^{(3/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)^3*(-(A*b-2*B*a)/b^2*x-1/2*a*(A*b-3*B*a)/b^3)+((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)*B/b^3*\ln(b*x+a)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3Ba^2 - Aab + 2(2Bab - Ab^2)x + 2(Bb^2x^2 + 2Babx + Ba^2) \log(bx + a)}{2(b^5x^2 + 2ab^4x + a^2b^3)}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/2*(3*B*a^2 - A*a*b + 2*(2*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x + 2*(B*b^2*x^2 + 2*B*a*b*x + B*a^2)*\log(b*x + a))/(b^5*x^2 + 2*a*b^4*x + a^2*b^3)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{((a+bx)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*(A + B*x)/((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{B \log\left(x + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^3} - \frac{A}{\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2}b^2} + \frac{2Bax}{b^4\left(x + \frac{a}{b}\right)^2} + \frac{3Ba^2}{2b^5\left(x + \frac{a}{b}\right)^2} + \frac{Aa}{2b^4\left(x + \frac{a}{b}\right)^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `B*log(x + a/b)/b^3 - A/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*b^2) + 2*B*a*x/(b^4*(x + a/b)^2) + 3/2*B*a^2/(b^5*(x + a/b)^2) + 1/2*A*a/(b^4*(x + a/b)^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{B \log(|bx+a|)}{b^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)} + \frac{2(2Ba-Ab)x + \frac{3Ba^2-Aab}{b}}{2(bx+a)^2 b^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `B*log(abs(b*x + a))/(b^3*sgn(b*x + a)) + 1/2*(2*(2*B*a - A*b)*x + (3*B*a^2 - A*a*b)/b)/((b*x + a)^2*b^2*sgn(b*x + a))`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\log(bx + a)a + \log(bx + a)bx - bx}{b^2(bx + a)}$$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `(log(a + b*x)*a + log(a + b*x)*b*x - b*x)/(b**2*(a + b*x))`

3.347 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2731
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2731
Rubi [A] (verified)	2732
Maple [A] (verified)	2733
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2734
Sympy [F]	2734
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2734
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2735
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2735
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2735

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{B}{b^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} - \frac{Ab - aB}{2b^2(a + bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

output
$$-B/b^2/((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}-1/2*(A*b-B*a)/b^2/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}$$

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 176 vs. 2(69) = 138.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x\left(a^3Abx + a^2b^2Bx^3 + a^4(2A + Bx) + abx\left(-Ab^2x^2 + \sqrt{a^2}A\sqrt{(a + bx)^2} + \sqrt{a^2}Bx\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}\right) - \sqrt{a^2}\right)}{2a^4(a + bx)\left(\sqrt{a^2}bx + a\left(\sqrt{a^2} - \sqrt{(a + bx)^2}\right)\right)}$$

input
$$\text{Integrate}[(A + B*x)/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^{(3/2)},x]$$

output

```
-1/2*(x*(a^3*A*b*x + a^2*b^2*B*x^3 + a^4*(2*A + B*x) + a*b*x*(-(A*b^2*x^2)
+ Sqrt[a^2]*A*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2] + Sqrt[a^2]*B*x*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]) - Sqrt
[a^2]*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(A*b^2*x^2 + a^2*(2*A + B*x)))/(a^4*(a + b*x)*(Sq
rt[a^2]*b*x + a*(Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {1100, 1078}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1100$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2bxa + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{b} - \frac{B}{b^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1078$$

$$-\frac{Ab - aB}{2b^2(a + bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} - \frac{B}{b^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
-(B/(b^2*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])) - (A*b - a*B)/(2*b^2*(a + b*x)*Sq
rt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1078

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*((a + b*x
+ c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*p + 1)*(b + 2*c*x))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] &&
EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1100

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*
e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
&& EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(bx+a)(2Bbx+Ab+Ba)}{2b^2((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	32
default	$-\frac{(bx+a)(2Bbx+Ab+Ba)}{2b^2((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	32
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-\frac{Bx}{b} - \frac{Ab+Ba}{2b^2} \right)}{(bx+a)^3}$	38
orering	$-\frac{(2Bbx+Ab+Ba)(bx+a)}{2b^2(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	41

input

```
int((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*(b*x+a)*(2*B*b*x+A*b+B*a)/b^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2Bbx + Ba + Ab}{2(b^4x^2 + 2ab^3x + a^2b^2)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(2*B*b*x + B*a + A*b)/(b^4*x^2 + 2*a*b^3*x + a^2*b^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{((a + bx)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{B}{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2b^2}} + \frac{Ba}{2b^4(x + \frac{a}{b})^2} - \frac{A}{2b^3(x + \frac{a}{b})^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-B/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*b^2) + 1/2*B*a/(b^4*(x + a/b)^2) - 1/2*A/(b^3*(x + a/b)^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2Bbx + Ba + Ab}{2(bx + a)^2 b^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*(2*B*b*x + B*a + A*b)/((b*x + a)^2*b^2*sgn(b*x + a))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} (Ab + Ba + 2Bbx)}{2b^2(a + bx)^3}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2),x)`output `-((a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2)*(A*b + B*a + 2*B*b*x))/(2*b^2*(a + b*x)^3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.17

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x}{a(bx + a)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x)`output `x/(a*(a + b*x))`

3.348 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2736
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2736
Rubi [A] (verified)	2737
Maple [A] (verified)	2738
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2739
Sympy [F]	2739
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2739
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2740
Mupad [F(-1)]	2740
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2741

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{A}{a^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{Ab-aB}{2ab(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{A(a+bx)\log(x)}{a^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{A(a+bx)\log(a+bx)}{a^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output $A/a^2/((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}+1/2*(A*b-B*a)/a/b/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}+A*(b*x+a)*\ln(x)/a^3/((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}-A*(b*x+a)*\ln(b*x+a)/a^3/((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{a(3aAb-a^2B+2Ab^2x)+2Ab(a+bx)^2\log(x)-2Ab(a+bx)^2\log(a+bx)}{2a^3b(a+bx)\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(A+B*x)/(x*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]$

output

$$(a*(3*a*A*b - a^2*B + 2*A*b^2*x) + 2*A*b*(a + b*x)^2*\text{Log}[x] - 2*A*b*(a + b*x)^2*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/(2*a^3*b*(a + b*x)*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2])$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{b^3(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{b^3x(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \left(\frac{A}{a^3x} - \frac{bA}{a^3(a+bx)} - \frac{bA}{a^2(a+bx)^2} + \frac{aB - Ab}{a(a+bx)^3} \right) dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \left(-\frac{A \log(a+bx)}{a^3} + \frac{A \log(x)}{a^3} + \frac{A}{a^2(a+bx)} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2ab(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)/(x*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]$$

output

$$((a + b*x)*((A*b - a*B)/(2*a*b*(a + b*x)^2) + A/(a^2*(a + b*x)) + (A*\text{Log}[x])/a^3 - (A*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/a^3))/\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(\frac{xAb}{a^2} + \frac{3Ab-Ba}{2ab} \right)}{(bx+a)^3} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} A \ln(-x)}{(bx+a)a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} A \ln(bx+a)}{(bx+a)a^3}$
default	$-\frac{(2A \ln(bx+a)b^3x^2 - 2A \ln(x)x^2b^3 + 4A \ln(bx+a)xa b^2 - 4A \ln(x)xa b^2 + 2A \ln(bx+a)a^2b - 2A \ln(x)a^2b - 2Aa b^2x - 3A a^2b + B a^3)(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2}}{2ba^3((bx+a)^2)^{3/2}}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^3*(1/a^2*x*A*b+1/2*(3*A*b-B*a)/a/b)+((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)*A/a^3*ln(-x)-((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)*A/a^3*ln(b*x+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2Aab^2x - Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b - 2(Ab^3x^2 + 2Aab^2x + Aa^2b) \log(bx + a) + 2(Ab^3x^2 + 2Aab^2x + Aa^2b) \log(x)}{2(a^3b^3x^2 + 2a^4b^2x + a^5b)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(2*A*a*b^2*x - B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b - 2*(A*b^3*x^2 + 2*A*a*b^2*x + A*a^2*b)*log(b*x + a) + 2*(A*b^3*x^2 + 2*A*a*b^2*x + A*a^2*b)*log(x))/(a^3*b^3*x^2 + 2*a^4*b^2*x + a^5*b)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x((a + bx)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} A \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right)}{a^3} + \frac{A}{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2a^2}} - \frac{B}{2b^3\left(x + \frac{a}{b}\right)^2} + \frac{A}{2ab^2\left(x + \frac{a}{b}\right)^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$-(-1)^{(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*A*\log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x))/a^3 + A/(\sqrt{(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*a^2}) - 1/2*B/(b^3*(x + a/b)^2) + 1/2*A/(a*b^2*(x + a/b)^2)$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{A \log(|bx + a|)}{a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)} + \frac{A \log(|x|)}{a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)} + \frac{2Aab^2x - Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b}{2(bx + a)^2 a^3 b \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-A*\log(\operatorname{abs}(b*x + a))/(a^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a)) + A*\log(\operatorname{abs}(x))/(a^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a)) + 1/2*(2*A*a*b^2*x - B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)/((b*x + a)^2*a^3*b*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a))$$
Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((A + B*x)/(x*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2)), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\log(bx + a)a - \log(bx + a)bx + \log(x)a + \log(x)bx - bx}{a^2(bx + a)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(- log(a + b*x)*a - log(a + b*x)*b*x + log(x)*a + log(x)*b*x - b*x)/(a**2*(a + b*x))`

3.349 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2742
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2742
Rubi [A] (verified)	2743
Maple [A] (verified)	2744
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2745
Sympy [F]	2745
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2746
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2746
Mupad [F(-1)]	2747
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2747

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 196

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2Ab-aB}{a^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{Ab-aB}{2a^2(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{A(a+bx)}{a^3x\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(3Ab-aB)(a+bx)\log(x)}{a^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(3Ab-aB)(a+bx)\log(a+bx)}{a^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-(2*A*b-B*a)/a^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(A*b-B*a)/a^2/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-A*(b*x+a)/a^3/x/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-(3*A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*ln(x)/a^4/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+(3*A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^4/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{a(-6Ab^2x^2+abx(-9A+2Bx)+a^2(-2A+3Bx))+2(-3Ab+aB)x(a+bx)}{2a^4x(a+bx)\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A+B*x)/(x^2*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(a*(-6*A*b^2*x^2 + a*b*x*(-9*A + 2*B*x)) + a^2*(-2*A + 3*B*x)) + 2*(-3*A*b + a*B)*x*(a + b*x)^2*\text{Log}[x] + 2*(3*A*b - a*B)*x*(a + b*x)^2*\text{Log}[a + b*x]}{(2*a^4*x*(a + b*x)*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2]}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{b^3(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{b^3x^2(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 86 \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \left(\frac{A}{a^3x^2} + \frac{aB-3Ab}{a^4x} - \frac{b(aB-3Ab)}{a^4(a+bx)} - \frac{b(aB-2Ab)}{a^3(a+bx)^2} - \frac{b(aB-Ab)}{a^2(a+bx)^3} \right) dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \left(-\frac{\log(x)(3Ab-aB)}{a^4} + \frac{(3Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{a^4} - \frac{2Ab-aB}{a^3(a+bx)} - \frac{A}{a^3x} - \frac{Ab-aB}{2a^2(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)/(x^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2)), x]$$

```
output ((a + b*x)*(-A/(a^3*x)) - (A*b - a*B)/(2*a^2*(a + b*x)^2) - (2*A*b - a*B)
/(a^3*(a + b*x)) - ((3*A*b - a*B)*Log[x])/a^4 + ((3*A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x
])/a^4))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 86 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_
.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1
] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p
+ 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 1187 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_
) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^
IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2
+ c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2
- 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-\frac{b(3Ab-Ba)x^2}{a^3} - \frac{3(3Ab-Ba)x}{2a^2} - \frac{A}{a} \right)}{(bx+a)^3 x} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (3Ab-Ba) \ln(-bx-a)}{(bx+a)a^4} - \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (3Ab-Ba) \ln(x)}{(bx+a)a^4}$
default	$\frac{(6A \ln(bx+a)x^3b^3 - 6A \ln(x)x^3b^3 - 2B \ln(bx+a)a b^2x^3 + 2B \ln(x)a b^2x^3 + 12A \ln(bx+a)x^2a b^2 - 12A \ln(x)x^2a b^2 - 4B \ln(bx+a)a^2bx^3 + 4B \ln(x)a^2bx^3)}{2x}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)^3*(-b*(3*A*b-B*a)/a^3*x^2-3/2/a^2*(3*A*b-B*a)*x-A/a)/x+((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)*(3*A*b-B*a)/a^4*\ln(-b*x-a)-((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)*(3*A*b-B*a)/a^4*\ln(x)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2Aa^3 - 2(Ba^2b - 3Aab^2)x^2 - 3(Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)x + 2((Bab^2 - 3Ab^3)x^3 + 2(Ba^2b - 3Aab^2)x^2 + (Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)x)}{2(a^4b^2x^3 + 2a^5)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{-1/2*(2*A*a^3 - 2*(B*a^2*b - 3*A*a*b^2)*x^2 - 3*(B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*x + 2*((B*a*b^2 - 3*A*b^3)*x^3 + 2*(B*a^2*b - 3*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*x)*\log(b*x + a) - 2*((B*a*b^2 - 3*A*b^3)*x^3 + 2*(B*a^2*b - 3*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*x)*\log(x)}{(a^4*b^2*x^3 + 2*a^5*b*x^2 + a^6*x)}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 ((a + bx)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**2/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x**2*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} B \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right)}{a^3}$$

$$+ \frac{3(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Ab \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right)}{a^4} + \frac{B}{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2a^2}}$$

$$- \frac{3Ab}{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2a^2}} - \frac{A}{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2a^2}x} + \frac{B}{2ab^2\left(x + \frac{a}{b}\right)^2} - \frac{A}{2a^2b\left(x + \frac{a}{b}\right)^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-(-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*B*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x))/a^3 + 3*(-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*A*b*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x))/a^4 + B/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*a^2) - 3*A*b/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*a^3) - A/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*a^2*x) + 1/2*B/(a*b^2*(x + a/b)^2) - 1/2*A/(a^2*b*(x + a/b)^2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(Ba - 3Ab) \log(|x|)}{a^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}$$

$$- \frac{(Bab - 3Ab^2) \log(|bx + a|)}{a^4 b \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)} - \frac{2Aa^3 - 2(Ba^2b - 3Aab^2)x^2 - 3(Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)x}{2(bx + a)^2 a^4 x \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
(B*a - 3*A*b)*log(abs(x))/(a^4*sgn(b*x + a)) - (B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^4*b*sgn(b*x + a)) - 1/2*(2*A*a^3 - 2*(B*a^2*b - 3*A*a*b^2)*x^2 - 3*(B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/((b*x + a)^2*a^4*x*sgn(b*x + a))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2)),x)`output `int((A + B*x)/(x^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \log(bx + a) abx + 2 \log(bx + a) b^2x^2 - 2 \log(x) abx - 2 \log(x) b^2x^2 - a^2}{a^3x (bx + a)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*log(a + b*x)*a*b*x + 2*log(a + b*x)*b**2*x**2 - 2*log(x)*a*b*x - 2*log(x)*b**2*x**2 - a**2 + 2*b**2*x**2)/(a**3*x*(a + b*x))`

3.350 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2748
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2749
Rubi [A] (verified)	2749
Maple [A] (verified)	2751
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2751
Sympy [F]	2752
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2752
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2753
Mupad [F(-1)]	2753
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2754

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 243

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{b(3Ab-2aB)}{a^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{b(Ab-aB)}{2a^3(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{A(a+bx)}{2a^3x^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(3Ab-aB)(a+bx)}{a^4x\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{3b(2Ab-aB)(a+bx)\log(x)}{a^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{3b(2Ab-aB)(a+bx)\log(a+bx)}{a^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^4/((b*x+a)^(1/2))+1/2*b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^(1/2))-1/2*A*(b*x+a)/a^3/x^2/((b*x+a)^(1/2))+3*A*b-B*a*(b*x+a)/a^4/x/((b*x+a)^(1/2))+3*b*(2*A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*ln(x)/a^5/((b*x+a)^(1/2))-3*b*(2*A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^5/((b*x+a)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-a(-12Ab^3x^3 + 6ab^2x^2(-3A + Bx) + a^3(A + 2Bx) + a^2bx(-4A + 9Bx) + 2a^5x^2(a + bx))}{2a^5x^2(a + bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} + \frac{6b^3(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{b^3x^3(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} + \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^3*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-(a*(-12*A*b^3*x^3 + 6*a*b^2*x^2*(-3*A + B*x) + a^3*(A + 2*B*x) + a^2*b*x*(-4*A + 9*B*x))) + 6*b*(2*A*b - a*B)*x^2*(a + b*x)^2*Log[x] + 6*b*(-2*A*b + a*B)*x^2*(a + b*x)^2*Log[a + b*x])/(2*a^5*x^2*(a + b*x)*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{b^3(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{b^3x^3(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 86 \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \left(\frac{3(aB-2Ab)b^2}{a^5(a+bx)} + \frac{(2aB-3Ab)b^2}{a^4(a+bx)^2} + \frac{(aB-Ab)b^2}{a^3(a+bx)^3} - \frac{3(aB-2Ab)b}{a^5x} + \frac{aB-3Ab}{a^4x^2} + \frac{A}{a^3x^3} \right) dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{3b \log(x)(2Ab-aB)}{a^5} - \frac{3b(2Ab-aB) \log(a+bx)}{a^5} + \frac{3Ab-aB}{a^4 x} + \frac{b(3Ab-2aB)}{a^4(a+bx)} + \frac{b(Ab-aB)}{2a^3(a+bx)^2} - \frac{A}{2a^3 x^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2 x^2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^3*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*(-1/2*A/(a^3*x^2) + (3*A*b - a*B)/(a^4*x) + (b*(A*b - a*B))/(2*a^3*(a + b*x)^2) + (b*(3*A*b - 2*a*B))/(a^4*(a + b*x)) + (3*b*(2*A*b - a*B)*Log[x])/a^5 - (3*b*(2*A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/a^5)/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(\frac{3b^2(2Ab-Ba)x^3}{a^4} + \frac{9b(2Ab-Ba)x^2}{2a^3} + \frac{(2Ab-Ba)x}{a^2} - \frac{A}{2a} \right)}{(bx+a)^3 x^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} b(2Ab-Ba) \ln(bx+a)}{(bx+a)a^5} + \frac{3\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} b(2Ab-Ba)}{(bx+a)a^5}$
default	$-\frac{(12A \ln(bx+a)x^4 b^4 - 12A \ln(x)x^4 b^4 - 6B \ln(bx+a)x^4 a b^3 + 6B \ln(x)x^4 a b^3 + 24A \ln(bx+a)x^3 a b^3 - 24A \ln(x)x^3 a b^3 - 12B \ln(bx+a))}{(bx+a)^3 x^2}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^3/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}}{(b*x+a)^3} \frac{(3*b^2*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^4*x^3+9/2*b*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^3*x^2+(2*A*b-B*a)/a^2*x-1/2*A/a)}{x^2-3*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}} \frac{(b*x+a)*b*(2*A*b-B*a)}{a^5*\ln(b*x+a)} + 3*\frac{((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}}{(b*x+a)*b*(2*A*b-B*a)} \frac{1}{a^5*\ln(-x)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Aa^4 + 6(Ba^2b^2 - 2Aab^3)x^3 + 9(Ba^3b - 2Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 2(Ba^4 - 2Aa^3b)x - 6((Bab^3 - 2Ab^4)x^4 + 2(B$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{-1/2*(A*a^4 + 6*(B*a^2*b^2 - 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 9*(B*a^3*b - 2*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(B*a^4 - 2*A*a^3*b)*x - 6*((B*a*b^3 - 2*A*b^4)*x^4 + 2*(B*a^2*b^2 - 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + (B*a^3*b - 2*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2)*\log(b*x + a) + 6*((B*a*b^3 - 2*A*b^4)*x^4 + 2*(B*a^2*b^2 - 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + (B*a^3*b - 2*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2)*\log(x)}{(a^5*b^2*x^4 + 2*a^6*b*x^3 + a^7*x^2)}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 ((a + bx)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**3/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x**3*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Bb \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right)}{a^4} - \frac{6(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Ab^2 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right)}{a^5} - \frac{3Bb}{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}a^3} + \frac{6Ab^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}a^4} - \frac{B}{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}a^2x} + \frac{5Ab}{2\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}a^3x} - \frac{A}{2\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}a^2x^2} + \frac{A}{2a^3(x + \frac{a}{b})^2} - \frac{B}{2a^2b(x + \frac{a}{b})^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3*(-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*B*b*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x))/a^4 - 6*(-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*A*b^2*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x))/a^5 - 3*B*b/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*a^3) + 6*A*b^2/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*a^4) - B/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*a^2*x) + 5/2*A*b/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*a^3*x) - 1/2*A/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*a^2*x^2) + 1/2*A/(a^3*(x + a/b)^2) - 1/2*B/(a^2*b*(x + a/b)^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{3(Bab - 2Ab^2) \log(|x|)}{a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)} + \frac{3(Bab^2 - 2Ab^3) \log(|bx + a|)}{a^5 b \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)} - \frac{6Bab^2x^3 - 12Ab^3x^3 + 9Ba^2bx^2 - 18Aab^2x^2 + 2Ba^3x - 4Aa^2bx + Aa^3}{2(bx^2 + ax)^2 a^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-3*(B*a*b - 2*A*b^2)*log(abs(x))/(a^5*sgn(b*x + a)) + 3*(B*a*b^2 - 2*A*b^3)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^5*b*sgn(b*x + a)) - 1/2*(6*B*a*b^2*x^3 - 12*A*b^3*x^3 + 9*B*a^2*b*x^2 - 18*A*a*b^2*x^2 + 2*B*a^3*x - 4*A*a^2*b*x + A*a^3)/((b*x^2 + a*x)^2*a^4*sgn(b*x + a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/(x^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-6 \log(bx + a) a b^2 x^2 - 6 \log(bx + a) b^3 x^3 + 6 \log(x) a b^2 x^2 + 6 \log(x) b^3 x^3}{2a^4 x^2 (bx + a)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^3/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(- 6*log(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x**2 - 6*log(a + b*x)*b**3*x**3 + 6*log(x)*a*b**2*x**2 + 6*log(x)*b**3*x**3 - a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x - 6*b**3*x**3)/(2*a**4*x**2*(a + b*x))`

3.351
$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2755
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2756
Rubi [A] (verified)	2756
Maple [A] (verified)	2758
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2758
Sympy [F]	2759
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2759
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2760
Mupad [F(-1)]	2760
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2760

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 245

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2a(2Ab-5aB)}{b^6\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{a^4(Ab-aB)}{4b^6(a+bx)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{a^3(4Ab-5aB)}{3b^6(a+bx)^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{a^2(3Ab-5aB)}{b^6(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{Bx(a+bx)}{b^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(Ab-5aB)(a+bx)\log(a+bx)}{b^6\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
2*a*(2*A*b-5*B*a)/b^6/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/4*a^4*(A*b-B*a)/b^6/(b*x+a)^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/3*a^3*(4*A*b-5*B*a)/b^6/(b*x+a)^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-a^2*(3*A*b-5*B*a)/b^6/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+B*x*(b*x+a)/b^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+(A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^6/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-77a^5B + 12b^5Bx^5 + a^4b(25A - 248Bx) + 4a^3b^2x(22A - 63Bx) + 12a^2b^3}{12b^6(a+bx)^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^4*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(-77*a^5*B + 12*b^5*B*x^5 + a^4*b*(25*A - 248*B*x) + 4*a^3*b^2*x*(22*A - 63*B*x) + 12*a^2*b^3*x^2*(9*A - 4*B*x) + 48*a*b^4*x^3*(A + B*x) + 12*(A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^4*Log[a + b*x])/(12*b^6*(a + b*x)^3*sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{b^5(a+bx) \int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{b^5(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 86 \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \int \left(-\frac{(aB-Ab)a^4}{b^5(a+bx)^5} + \frac{(5aB-4Ab)a^3}{b^5(a+bx)^4} - \frac{2(5aB-3Ab)a^2}{b^5(a+bx)^3} + \frac{2(5aB-2Ab)a}{b^5(a+bx)^2} + \frac{B}{b^5} + \frac{Ab-5aB}{b^5(a+bx)} \right) dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{2009} \\ (a + bx) \left(-\frac{a^4(Ab - aB)}{4b^6(a+bx)^4} + \frac{a^3(4Ab - 5aB)}{3b^6(a+bx)^3} - \frac{a^2(3Ab - 5aB)}{b^6(a+bx)^2} + \frac{2a(2Ab - 5aB)}{b^6(a+bx)} + \frac{(Ab - 5aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^6} + \frac{Bx}{b^5} \right) \\ \hline \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \end{array}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*((B*x)/b^5 - (a^4*(A*b - a*B))/(4*b^6*(a + b*x)^4) + (a^3*(4*A*b - 5*a*B))/(3*b^6*(a + b*x)^3) - (a^2*(3*A*b - 5*a*B))/(b^6*(a + b*x)^2) + (2*a*(2*A*b - 5*a*B))/(b^6*(a + b*x)) + ((A*b - 5*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^6))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2 Bx}}{(bx+a)b^5} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left((4Aa b^3 - 10B a^2 b^2)x^3 + a^2 b(9Ab - 25Ba)x^2 + \left(\frac{22}{3} A a^3 b - \frac{65}{3} a^4 B\right)x + \frac{a^4(25Ab - 77Ba)}{12b} \right)}{(bx+a)^5 b^5} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{(bx+a)^5 b^5}$
default	$\frac{(12A \ln(bx+a)b^5 x^4 - 60B \ln(bx+a) a b^4 x^4 + 12B x^5 b^5 + 48A \ln(bx+a)x^3 a b^4 - 240B \ln(bx+a)x^3 a^2 b^3 + 48Ba b^4 x^4 + 72A \ln(bx+a)x^2 a^2 b^3 - 36A a^3 b^2 x^3 - 36(7B a^3 b^2 - 3A a^2 b^3)x^2 - 8(31B a^4 b - 11A a^3 b^2)x - 12(5B a^5 - A a^4 b + (5B a b^4 - A b^5)x^4 + 4(5B a^2 b^3 - A a b^4)x^3 + 6(5B a^3 b^2 - A a^2 b^3)x^2 + 4(5B a^4 b - A a^3 b^2)x) \log(bx+a))}{(b^{10} x^4 + 4a b^9 x^3 + 6a^2 b^8 x^2 + 4a^3 b^7 x + a^4 b^6)}$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $((bx+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(bx+a)*B/b^5*x + ((bx+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(bx+a)^5 * ((4*A*a*b^3 - 10*B*a^2*b^2)*x^3 + a^2*b*(9*A*b - 25*B*a)*x^2 + (22/3*A*a^3*b - 65/3*a^4*B)*x + 1/12*a^4*(25*A*b - 77*B*a)/b)/b^5 + ((bx+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(bx+a)/b^6*(A*b - 5*B*a)*\ln(b*x+a)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{12Bb^5x^5 + 48Bab^4x^4 - 77Ba^5 + 25Aa^4b - 48(Ba^2b^3 - Aab^4)x^3 - 36(7B a^3 b^2 - 3A a^2 b^3)x^2 - 8(31B a^4 b - 11A a^3 b^2)x - 12(5B a^5 - A a^4 b + (5B a b^4 - A b^5)x^4 + 4(5B a^2 b^3 - A a b^4)x^3 + 6(5B a^3 b^2 - A a^2 b^3)x^2 + 4(5B a^4 b - A a^3 b^2)x) \log(bx+a)}{b^{10}x^4 + 4a b^9 x^3 + 6a^2 b^8 x^2 + 4a^3 b^7 x + a^4 b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/12*(12*B*b^5*x^5 + 48*B*a*b^4*x^4 - 77*B*a^5 + 25*A*a^4*b - 48*(B*a^2*b^3 - A*a*b^4)*x^3 - 36*(7*B*a^3*b^2 - 3*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 - 8*(31*B*a^4*b - 11*A*a^3*b^2)*x - 12*(5*B*a^5 - A*a^4*b + (5*B*a*b^4 - A*b^5)*x^4 + 4*(5*B*a^2*b^3 - A*a*b^4)*x^3 + 6*(5*B*a^3*b^2 - A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 4*(5*B*a^4*b - A*a^3*b^2)*x)*\log(b*x + a))/(b^{10}*x^4 + 4*a*b^9*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^8*x^2 + 4*a^3*b^7*x + a^4*b^6)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{((a+bx)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4*(A + B*x)/((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{12} B \left(\frac{12b^5x^5 + 48ab^4x^4 - 48a^2b^3x^3 - 252a^3b^2x^2 - 248a^4bx - 77a^5}{b^{10}x^4 + 4ab^9x^3 + 6a^2b^8x^2 + 4a^3b^7x + a^4b^6} - \frac{60}{b^6} \right) + \frac{1}{12} A \left(\frac{48ab^3x^3 + 108a^2b^2x^2 + 88a^3bx + 25a^4}{b^9x^4 + 4ab^8x^3 + 6a^2b^7x^2 + 4a^3b^6x + a^4b^5} + \frac{12 \log(bx+a)}{b^5} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*B*((12*b^5*x^5 + 48*a*b^4*x^4 - 48*a^2*b^3*x^3 - 252*a^3*b^2*x^2 - 248*a^4*b*x - 77*a^5)/(b^10*x^4 + 4*a*b^9*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^8*x^2 + 4*a^3*b^7*x + a^4*b^6) - 60*a*log(b*x + a)/b^6) + 1/12*A*((48*a*b^3*x^3 + 108*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 88*a^3*b*x + 25*a^4)/(b^9*x^4 + 4*a*b^8*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^7*x^2 + 4*a^3*b^6*x + a^4*b^5) + 12*log(b*x + a)/b^5)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{Bx}{b^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)} - \frac{(5Ba-Ab) \log(|bx+a|)}{b^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}$$

$$- \frac{77Ba^5 - 25Aa^4b + 24(5Ba^2b^3 - 2Aab^4)x^3 + 12(25Ba^3b^2 - 9Aa^2b^3)x^2 + 4(65Ba^4b - 22Aa^3b^2)x}{12(bx+a)^4 b^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `B*x/(b^5*sgn(b*x + a)) - (5*B*a - A*b)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(b^6*sgn(b*x + a)) - 1/12*(77*B*a^5 - 25*A*a^4*b + 24*(5*B*a^2*b^3 - 2*A*a*b^4)*x^3 + 12*(25*B*a^3*b^2 - 9*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 4*(65*B*a^4*b - 22*A*a^3*b^2)*x)/((b*x + a)^4*b^6*sgn(b*x + a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^4*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-12 \log(bx+a) a^4 - 36 \log(bx+a) a^3 b x - 36 \log(bx+a) a^2 b^2 x^2 - 12 \log(bx+a) a b^3 x^3 - 12 \log(bx+a) b^4 x^4}{3b^5(b^3x^3 + 3ab^2x^2 + 3a^2bx + a^3)}$$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - 12*log(a + b*x)*a**4 - 36*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b*x - 36*log(a + b*x)*a**2
*b**2*x**2 - 12*log(a + b*x)*a*b**3*x**3 - 10*a**4 - 18*a**3*b*x + 12*a*b*
*3*x**3 + 3*b**4*x**4)/(3*b**5*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x + 3*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x
**3))
```

3.352
$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2762
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2763
Rubi [A] (verified)	2763
Maple [A] (verified)	2765
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2765
Sympy [F]	2766
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2766
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2767
Mupad [F(-1)]	2767
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2767

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3aB}{b^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(Ab-aB)x^4}{4ab(a+bx)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{a^3B}{3b^5(a+bx)^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{3a^2B}{2b^5(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{B(a+bx)\log(a+bx)}{b^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output `3*a*B/b^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/4*(A*b-B*a)*x^4/a/b/(b*x+a)^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/3*a^3*B/b^5/(b*x+a)^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-3/2*a^2*B/b^5/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+B*(b*x+a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{25a^4B - 12Ab^4x^3 - 12a^2b^2x(A-9Bx) + 6ab^3x^2(-3A+8Bx) + a^3(-3Ab + 8B^2x) + a^3(-3Ab + 8B^2x) + a^3(-3Ab + 8B^2x)}{12b^5(a+bx)^3\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(25*a^4*B - 12*A*b^4*x^3 - 12*a^2*b^2*x*(A - 9*B*x) + 6*a*b^3*x^2*(-3*A + 8*B*x) + a^3*(-3*A*b + 88*b*B*x) + 12*B*(a + b*x)^4*Log[a + b*x])/(12*b^5*(a + b*x)^3*sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{b^5(a+bx) \int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{b^5(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{B \int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx)^4} dx}{b} + \frac{x^4(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 49 \\
 (a + bx) \left(\frac{B \int \left(-\frac{a^3}{b^3(a+bx)^4} + \frac{3a^2}{b^3(a+bx)^3} - \frac{3a}{b^3(a+bx)^2} + \frac{1}{b^3(a+bx)} \right) dx}{b} + \frac{x^4(Ab - aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 (a + bx) \left(\frac{B \left(\frac{a^3}{3b^4(a+bx)^3} - \frac{3a^2}{2b^4(a+bx)^2} + \frac{3a}{b^4(a+bx)} + \frac{\log(a+bx)}{b^4} \right)}{b} + \frac{x^4(Ab - aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*(((A*b - a*B)*x^4)/(4*a*b*(a + b*x)^4) + (B*(a^3/(3*b^4*(a + b*x)^3) - (3*a^2)/(2*b^4*(a + b*x)^2) + (3*a)/(b^4*(a + b*x)) + Log[a + b*x]/b^4))/b))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 1187

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^(m._))*((f._) + (g._)*(x_)^(n._))*((a_) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-\frac{(Ab-4Ba)x^3}{b^2} - \frac{3a(Ab-6Ba)x^2}{2b^3} - \frac{a^2(3Ab-22Ba)x}{3b^4} - \frac{a^3(3Ab-25Ba)}{12b^5} \right)}{(bx+a)^5} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} B \ln(bx+a)}{(bx+a)b^5}$
default	$-\frac{(-12B \ln(bx+a)b^4x^4 - 48B \ln(bx+a)ab^3x^3 + 12Ab^4x^3 - 72B \ln(bx+a)a^2b^2x^2 - 48Ba b^3x^3 + 18Aa b^3x^2 - 48B \ln(bx+a)a^3bx - 108a^4)}{12b^5((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$

input

```
int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((b*x+a)^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^5*(-(A*b-4*B*a)/b^2*x^3-3/2*a*(A*b-6*B*a)/b^3*x^2-1/3*a^2*(3*A*b-22*B*a)/b^4*x-1/12*a^3*(3*A*b-25*B*a)/b^5)+((b*x+a)^(1/2))/(b*x+a)*B/b^5*ln(b*x+a)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{25Ba^4 - 3Aa^3b + 12(4Bab^3 - Ab^4)x^3 + 18(6Ba^2b^2 - Aab^3)x^2 + 4(22Ba^2b - 12(b^9x^4 + 4ab^8x^3 -$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/12*(25*B*a^4 - 3*A*a^3*b + 12*(4*B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^3 + 18*(6*B*a^2*b^2
- A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 4*(22*B*a^3*b - 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x + 12*(B*b^4*x^4 + 4*B*a*b^
3*x^3 + 6*B*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 4*B*a^3*b*x + B*a^4)*log(b*x + a))/(b^9*x^4 + 4*
a*b^8*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^7*x^2 + 4*a^3*b^6*x + a^4*b^5)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{((a+bx)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3*(A + B*x)/((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{12} B \left(\frac{48 ab^3 x^3 + 108 a^2 b^2 x^2 + 88 a^3 b x + 25 a^4}{b^9 x^4 + 4 ab^8 x^3 + 6 a^2 b^7 x^2 + 4 a^3 b^6 x + a^4 b^5} + \frac{12 \log(bx+a)}{b^5} \right) - \frac{1}{12} A \left(\frac{12 x^2}{(b^2 x^2 + 2 abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2} + \frac{8 a^2}{(b^2 x^2 + 2 abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^4} + \frac{6 a}{b^6 (x + \frac{a}{b})^2} - \frac{8 a^2}{b^7 (x + \frac{a}{b})^3} - \frac{3 a^3}{b^8 (x + \frac{a}{b})^4} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/12*B*((48*a*b^3*x^3 + 108*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 88*a^3*b*x + 25*a^4)/(b^9*x^4 +
4*a*b^8*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^7*x^2 + 4*a^3*b^6*x + a^4*b^5) + 12*log(b*x + a)/b^5
) - 1/12*A*(12*x^2/((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*b^2) + 8*a^2/((b^2*x^2
+ 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*b^4) + 6*a/(b^6*(x + a/b)^2) - 8*a^2/(b^7*(x + a/b
)^3) - 3*a^3/(b^8*(x + a/b)^4))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{B \log(|bx+a|)}{b^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)} + \frac{12(4Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^3 + 18(6Ba^2b - Aab^2)x^2 + 4(22Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)x + \frac{25Ba^4 - 3Aa^3b}{b}}{12(bx+a)^4 b^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `B*log(abs(b*x + a))/(b^5*sgn(b*x + a)) + 1/12*(12*(4*B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^3 + 18*(6*B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 4*(22*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*x + (25*B*a^4 - 3*A*a^3*b)/b)/((b*x + a)^4*b^4*sgn(b*x + a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^3*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{6 \log(bx+a) a^3 + 18 \log(bx+a) a^2 bx + 18 \log(bx+a) a b^2 x^2 + 6 \log(bx+a) b^3 x^3}{6b^4 (b^3 x^3 + 3a b^2 x^2 + 3a^2 bx + a^3)}$$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(6*log(a + b*x)*a**3 + 18*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x + 18*log(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x  
**2 + 6*log(a + b*x)*b**3*x**3 + 5*a**3 + 9*a**2*b*x - 6*b**3*x**3)/(6*b**  
4*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x + 3*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))
```

3.353
$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2769
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2769
Rubi [A] (verified)	2770
Maple [A] (verified)	2771
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2772
Sympy [F]	2772
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2773
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2773
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2774
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2774

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(Ab-aB)x^4(a+bx)}{4a^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{Ax^3}{3a^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

output
$$-1/4*(A*b-B*a)*x^4*(b*x+a)/a^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)+1/3*A*x^3/a^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-3a^3B-6b^3x^2(A+2Bx)-2ab^2x(2A+9Bx)-a^2b(A+12Bx)}{12b^4(a+bx)^3\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}}$$

input
$$\text{Integrate}[(x^2*(A+B*x))/(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]$$

output
$$(-3*a^3*B-6*b^3*x^2*(A+2*B*x)-2*a*b^2*x*(2*A+9*B*x)-a^2*b*(A+12*B*x))/(12*b^4*(a+b*x)^3*\text{Sqrt}[(a+b*x)^2])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1186, 1102, 27, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1186} \\
 & \frac{Ax^3}{3a^2(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{x^3}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1102} \\
 & \frac{Ax^3}{3a^2(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{b^5(a + bx)(Ab - aB) \int \frac{x^3}{b^5(a + bx)^5} dx}{a\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{Ax^3}{3a^2(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{(a + bx)(Ab - aB) \int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx)^5} dx}{a\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{48} \\
 & \frac{Ax^3}{3a^2(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{x^4(Ab - aB)}{4a^2(a + bx)^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(x^2*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(A*x^3)/(3*a^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((A*b - a*B)*x^4)/(4*a^2*(a + b*x)^3*sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 48 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 1102 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1186 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}((f_.) + (g_.)(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*c*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)} / ((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*f - b*g) / (2*c*d - b*e) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*c*f - b*g, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-\frac{Bx^3}{b} - \frac{(Ab+3Ba)x^2}{2b^2} - \frac{a(Ab+3Ba)x}{3b^3} - \frac{a^2(Ab+3Ba)}{12b^4} \right)}{(bx+a)^5}$	75
gospers	$-\frac{(bx+a)(12x^3Bb^3+6Ab^3x^2+18Ba b^2x^2+4Aa b^2x+12B a^2bx+A a^2b+3B a^3)}{12b^4((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	77
default	$-\frac{(bx+a)(12x^3Bb^3+6Ab^3x^2+18Ba b^2x^2+4Aa b^2x+12B a^2bx+A a^2b+3B a^3)}{12b^4((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	77
orering	$-\frac{(12x^3Bb^3+6Ab^3x^2+18Ba b^2x^2+4Aa b^2x+12B a^2bx+A a^2b+3B a^3)(bx+a)}{12b^4(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	86

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)^5*(-B*x^3/b-1/2*(A*b+3*B*a)/b^2*x^2-1/3*a*(A*b+3*B*a)/b^3*x-1/12*a^2*(A*b+3*B*a)/b^4)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{12Bb^3x^3 + 3Ba^3 + Aa^2b + 6(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^2 + 4(3Ba^2b + Aab^2)x}{12(b^8x^4 + 4ab^7x^3 + 6a^2b^6x^2 + 4a^3b^5x + a^4b^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-1/12*(12*B*b^3*x^3 + 3*B*a^3 + A*a^2*b + 6*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^2 + 4*(3*B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x)/(b^8*x^4 + 4*a*b^7*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^6*x^2 + 4*a^3*b^5*x + a^4*b^4)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{((a+bx)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(A + B*x)/((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 156 vs. $2(67) = 134$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{Bx^2}{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2} - \frac{2Ba^2}{3(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4} - \frac{Ba}{2b^6(x + \frac{a}{b})^2} - \frac{A}{2b^5(x + \frac{a}{b})^2} + \frac{2Ba^2}{3b^7(x + \frac{a}{b})^3} + \frac{2Aa}{3b^6(x + \frac{a}{b})^3} + \frac{Ba^3}{4b^8(x + \frac{a}{b})^4} - \frac{Aa^2}{4b^7(x + \frac{a}{b})^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-Bx^2/((b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2}b^2) - 2/3B*a^2/((b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2}b^4) - 1/2B*a/(b^6*(x + a/b)^2) - 1/2A/(b^5*(x + a/b)^2) + 2/3B*a^2/(b^7*(x + a/b)^3) + 2/3A*a/(b^6*(x + a/b)^3) + 1/4B*a^3/(b^8*(x + a/b)^4) - 1/4A*a^2/(b^7*(x + a/b)^4)$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{12Bb^3x^3 + 18Bab^2x^2 + 6Ab^3x^2 + 12Ba^2bx + 4Aab^2x + 3Ba^3 + Aa^2b}{12(bx + a)^4b^4\text{sgn}(bx + a)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-1/12*(12*B*b^3*x^3 + 18*B*a*b^2*x^2 + 6*A*b^3*x^2 + 12*B*a^2*b*x + 4*A*a*b^2*x + 3*B*a^3 + A*a^2*b)/((b*x + a)^4*b^4*\text{sgn}(b*x + a))$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{Ba^2 - Aab}{3b^4} - \frac{a\left(\frac{Ab^2 - B ab - Ba}{3b^4} - \frac{Ba}{3b^3}\right)}{b}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{(a + bx)^4}$$

$$- \frac{\left(\frac{Ab - 2Ba}{2b^4} - \frac{Ba}{2b^4}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{(a + bx)^3}$$

$$- \frac{B \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{b^4 (a + bx)^2} - \frac{a^2 \left(\frac{A}{4b} - \frac{Ba}{4b^2}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{b^2 (a + bx)^5}$$

input `int((x^2*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`output `- (((B*a^2 - A*a*b)/(3*b^4) - (a*((A*b^2 - B*a*b)/(3*b^4) - (B*a)/(3*b^3)))/b)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(a + b*x)^4 - (((A*b - 2*B*a)/(2*b^4) - (B*a)/(2*b^4))*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(a + b*x)^3 - (B*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(b^4*(a + b*x)^2) - (a^2*(A/(4*b) - (B*a)/(4*b^2)))*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2))/(b^2*(a + b*x)^5)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^3}{3a(b^3x^3 + 3ab^2x^2 + 3a^2bx + a^3)}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x)`output `x**3/(3*a*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x + 3*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))`

3.354
$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2775
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2775
Rubi [A] (verified)	2776
Maple [A] (verified)	2778
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2778
Sympy [F]	2779
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2779
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2779
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2780
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2780

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{a(Ab-aB)}{4b^3(a+bx)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{Ab-2aB}{3b^3(a+bx)^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{B}{2b^3(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output `1/4*a*(A*b-B*a)/b^3/(b*x+a)^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/3*(A*b-2*B*a)/b^3/(b*x+a)^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/2*B/b^3/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 319 vs. 2(121) = 242.

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^2(-3a^2b^5Bx^6 - 3a^3\sqrt{a^2}b^2x^2\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}(A+Bx) + a^6bx(4A+Bx) + a^4\sqrt{a^2}bx\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}(2A+3Bx))}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output
$$\frac{-1/12*(x^2*(-3*a^2*b^5*B*x^6 - 3*a^3*\text{Sqrt}[a^2]*b^2*x^2*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2]*(A + B*x) + a^6*b*x*(4*A + B*x) + a^4*\text{Sqrt}[a^2]*b*x*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2]*(2*A + 3*B*x) + a^7*(6*A + 4*B*x) - 3*a*b^4*x^4*(-(A*b^2*x^2) + \text{Sqrt}[a^2]*A*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2] + \text{Sqrt}[a^2]*B*x*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2]) - a^5*(-(A*b^2*x^2) + 6*\text{Sqrt}[a^2]*A*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2] + 4*\text{Sqrt}[a^2]*B*x*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2]) + 3*\text{Sqrt}[a^2]*b^3*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2]*(A*b^2*x^2 + a^2*(A + B*x))))/(a^7*(a + b*x)^3*(\text{Sqrt}[a^2]*b*x + a*(\text{Sqrt}[a^2] - \text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2]))}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{b^5(a+bx) \int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{b^5(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \int \left(\frac{B}{b^2(a+bx)^3} + \frac{Ab-2aB}{b^2(a+bx)^4} + \frac{a(aB-Ab)}{b^2(a+bx)^5} \right) dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \left(-\frac{Ab-2aB}{3b^3(a+bx)^3} + \frac{a(Ab-aB)}{4b^3(a+bx)^4} - \frac{B}{2b^3(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*((a*(A*b - a*B))/(4*b^3*(a + b*x)^4) - (A*b - 2*a*B)/(3*b^3*(a + b*x)^3) - B/(2*b^3*(a + b*x)^2))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(bx+a)(6x^2 B b^2 + 4x b^2 A + 4xabB + abA + a^2 B)}{12b^3 ((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	52
default	$-\frac{(bx+a)(6x^2 B b^2 + 4x b^2 A + 4xabB + abA + a^2 B)}{12b^3 ((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	52
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-\frac{Bx^2}{2b} - \frac{(Ab+Ba)x}{3b^2} - \frac{a(Ab+Ba)}{12b^3} \right)}{(bx+a)^5}$	54
orering	$-\frac{(6x^2 B b^2 + 4x b^2 A + 4xabB + abA + a^2 B)(bx+a)}{12b^3 (b^2 x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	61

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/12*(b*x+a)/b^3*(6*B*b^2*x^2+4*A*b^2*x+4*B*a*b*x+A*a*b+B*a^2)/((b*x+a)^2)^{(5/2)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{6Bb^2x^2 + Ba^2 + Aab + 4(Bab + Ab^2)x}{12(b^7x^4 + 4ab^6x^3 + 6a^2b^5x^2 + 4a^3b^4x + a^4b^3)}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/12*(6*B*b^2*x^2 + B*a^2 + A*a*b + 4*(B*a*b + A*b^2)*x)/(b^7*x^4 + 4*a*b^6*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^5*x^2 + 4*a^3*b^4*x + a^4*b^3)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{((a+bx)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*(A + B*x)/((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{A}{3(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{3/2}b^2} - \frac{B}{2b^5(x+\frac{a}{b})^2} + \frac{2Ba}{3b^6(x+\frac{a}{b})^3} - \frac{Ba^2}{4b^7(x+\frac{a}{b})^4} + \frac{Aa}{4b^6(x+\frac{a}{b})^4}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*A/((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*b^2) - 1/2*B/(b^5*(x + a/b)^2) + 2/3*B*a/(b^6*(x + a/b)^3) - 1/4*B*a^2/(b^7*(x + a/b)^4) + 1/4*A*a/(b^6*(x + a/b)^4)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{6Bb^2x^2+4Babx+4Ab^2x+Ba^2+Aab}{12(bx+a)^4b^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-1/12*(6*B*b^2*x^2 + 4*B*a*b*x + 4*A*b^2*x + B*a^2 + A*a*b)/((b*x + a)^4*b^3*sgn(b*x + a))$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} (Ba^2 + 4Babx + Aab + 6Bb^2x^2 + 4Ab^2x)}{12b^3(a + bx)^5}$$

input
$$\text{int}((x*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2), x)$$

output
$$-((a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2)*(B*a^2 + 6*B*b^2*x^2 + A*a*b + 4*A*b^2*x + 4*B*a*b*x))/(12*b^3*(a + b*x)^5)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-3bx - a}{6b^2(b^3x^3 + 3ab^2x^2 + 3a^2bx + a^3)}$$

input
$$\text{int}(x*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2), x)$$

output
$$(-a - 3*b*x)/(6*b**2*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x + 3*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))$$

3.355 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2781
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2781
Rubi [A] (verified)	2782
Maple [A] (verified)	2783
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2783
Sympy [F]	2784
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2784
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2784
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2785
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2785

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{B}{3b^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{Ab-aB}{4b^2(a+bx)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output `-1/3*B/b^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)-1/4*(A*b-B*a)/b^2/(b*x+a)^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-3Ab-B(a+4bx)}{12b^2(a+bx)^3\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-3*A*b - B*(a + 4*b*x))/(12*b^2*(a + b*x)^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {1100, 1078}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1100

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2bxa + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{b} - \frac{B}{3b^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1078

$$-\frac{Ab - aB}{4b^2(a + bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{B}{3b^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `-1/3*B/(b^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - (A*b - a*B)/(4*b^2*(a + b*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1078

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[2*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*p + 1)*(b + 2*c*x))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1100

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(bx+a)(4Bbx+3Ab+Ba)}{12b^2 \left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	33
default	$-\frac{(bx+a)(4Bbx+3Ab+Ba)}{12b^2 \left((bx+a)^2 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	33
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-\frac{Bx}{3b} - \frac{3Ab+Ba}{12b^2} \right)}{(bx+a)^5}$	39
orering	$-\frac{(4Bbx+3Ab+Ba)(bx+a)}{12b^2 (b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	42

input `int((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/12*(b*x+a)/b^2*(4*B*b*x+3*A*b+B*a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(5/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{4Bbx + Ba + 3Ab}{12(b^6x^4 + 4ab^5x^3 + 6a^2b^4x^2 + 4a^3b^3x + a^4b^2)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/12*(4*B*b*x + B*a + 3*A*b)/(b^6*x^4 + 4*a*b^5*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^4*x^2 + 4*a^3*b^3*x + a^4*b^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{((a + bx)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{B}{3(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2}b^2} + \frac{Ba}{4b^6(x + \frac{a}{b})^4} - \frac{A}{4b^5(x + \frac{a}{b})^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*B/((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*b^2) + 1/4*B*a/(b^6*(x + a/b)^4) - 1/4*A/(b^5*(x + a/b)^4)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{4Bbx + Ba + 3Ab}{12(bx + a)^4b^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/12*(4*B*b*x + B*a + 3*A*b)/((b*x + a)^4*b^2*sgn(b*x + a))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} (3Ab + Ba + 4Bbx)}{12b^2(a + bx)^5}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `-((a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2)*(3*A*b + B*a + 4*B*b*x))/(12*b^2*(a + b*x)^5)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{3b(b^3x^3 + 3ab^2x^2 + 3a^2bx + a^3)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `(- 1)/(3*b*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x + 3*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))`

3.356 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2786
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2787
Rubi [A] (verified)	2787
Maple [A] (verified)	2789
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2789
Sympy [F]	2790
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2790
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2791
Mupad [F(-1)]	2791
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2791

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{A}{a^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{Ab-aB}{4ab(a+bx)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{A}{3a^2(a+bx)^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{A}{2a^3(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{A(a+bx)\log(x)}{a^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{A(a+bx)\log(a+bx)}{a^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

```
output A/a^4/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/4*(A*b-B*a)/a/b/(b*x+a)^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/3*
A/a^2/(b*x+a)^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/2*A/a^3/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+A*(b
*x+a)*ln(x)/a^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-A*(b*x+a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2
)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{a(25a^3Ab - 3a^4B + 52a^2Ab^2x + 42aAb^3x^2 + 12Ab^4x^3) + 12Ab(a + bx)^4 \ln|a + bx|}{12a^5b(a + bx)^3 \sqrt{(a + bx)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(a*(25*a^3*A*b - 3*a^4*B + 52*a^2*A*b^2*x + 42*a*A*b^3*x^2 + 12*A*b^4*x^3) + 12*A*b*(a + b*x)^4*Log[x] - 12*A*b*(a + b*x)^4*Log[a + b*x])/(12*a^5*b*(a + b*x)^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{b^5(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{b^5x(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 86 \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \left(\frac{A}{a^5x} - \frac{bA}{a^5(a+bx)} - \frac{bA}{a^4(a+bx)^2} - \frac{bA}{a^3(a+bx)^3} - \frac{bA}{a^2(a+bx)^4} + \frac{aB - Ab}{a(a+bx)^5} \right) dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{2009} \\ (a + bx) \left(-\frac{A \log(a+bx)}{a^5} + \frac{A \log(x)}{a^5} + \frac{A}{a^4(a+bx)} + \frac{A}{2a^3(a+bx)^2} + \frac{A}{3a^2(a+bx)^3} + \frac{Ab-aB}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right) \\ \hline \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \end{array}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*((A*b - a*B)/(4*a*b*(a + b*x)^4) + A/(3*a^2*(a + b*x)^3) + A/(2*a^3*(a + b*x)^2) + A/(a^4*(a + b*x)) + (A*Log[x])/a^5 - (A*Log[a + b*x])/a^5))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2 \left(\frac{b^3 A x^3}{a^4} + \frac{7b^2 A x^2}{2a^3} + \frac{13xAb}{3a^2} + \frac{25Ab-3Ba}{12ab} \right)}}{(bx+a)^5} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} A \ln(-x)}{(bx+a)a^5} - \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} A \ln(bx+a)}{(bx+a)a^5}$
default	$-\frac{(12A \ln(bx+a)b^5 x^4 - 12A \ln(x)x^4 b^5 + 48A \ln(bx+a)x^3 a b^4 - 48A \ln(x)x^3 a b^4 + 72A \ln(bx+a)x^2 a^2 b^3 - 72A \ln(x)x^2 a^2 b^3 - 12A a b^4 x^2 + 12b a^5 \left((bx+a)^{5/2} \right))}{12b a^5 \left((bx+a)^{5/2} \right)}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{((bx+a)^2)^{(1/2)}}{(bx+a)^5} \left(\frac{b^3}{a^4} A x^3 + \frac{7}{2} \frac{b^2}{a^3} A x^2 + \frac{13}{3} \frac{b}{a^2} A x + \frac{25Ab-3Ba}{12ab} \right) + \frac{((bx+a)^2)^{(1/2)}}{(bx+a)a^5} \ln(-x) - \frac{((bx+a)^2)^{(1/2)}}{(bx+a)a^5} \ln(bx+a)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{12Aab^4x^3 + 42Aa^2b^3x^2 + 52Aa^3b^2x - 3Ba^5 + 25Aa^4b - 12(Ab^5x^4 + 4Aa^4bx^3 + 6Aa^3b^2x^2 + 4Aa^2b^3x + 4Aa^4b) \log(bx + a) + 12(Ab^5x^4 + 4Aa^4bx^3 + 6Aa^3b^2x^2 + 4Aa^2b^3x + 4Aa^4b) \log(x)}{12(a^5b^5x^4 + 4a^6b^4x^3 + 6a^7b^3x^2 + 4a^8b^2x + a^9b)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{12} \left(12Aa^4b^4x^3 + 42Aa^3b^3x^2 + 52Aa^2b^2x - 3Ba^5 + 25Aa^4b - 12(Ab^5x^4 + 4Aa^4bx^3 + 6Aa^3b^2x^2 + 4Aa^2b^3x + 4Aa^4b) \log(bx + a) + 12(Ab^5x^4 + 4Aa^4bx^3 + 6Aa^3b^2x^2 + 4Aa^2b^3x + 4Aa^4b) \log(x) \right) / (a^5b^5x^4 + 4a^6b^4x^3 + 6a^7b^3x^2 + 4a^8b^2x + a^9b)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x((a + bx)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x*((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx &= -\frac{(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} A \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right)}{a^5} \\ &+ \frac{A}{3(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2}a^2} + \frac{A}{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}a^4} \\ &+ \frac{A}{2a^3b^2(x + \frac{a}{b})^2} - \frac{B}{4b^5(x + \frac{a}{b})^4} + \frac{A}{4ab^4(x + \frac{a}{b})^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*A*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x))/a^5 + 1/3*A/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*a^2) + A/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*a^4) + 1/2*A/(a^3*b^2*(x + a/b)^2) - 1/4*B/(b^5*(x + a/b)^4) + 1/4*A/(a*b^4*(x + a/b)^4)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{A \log(|bx + a|)}{a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)} + \frac{A \log(|x|)}{a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)} + \frac{12 Aab^4x^3 + 42 Aa^2b^3x^2 + 52 Aa^3b^2x - 3Ba^5 + 25 Aa^4b}{12(bx + a)^4 a^5 b \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-A*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^5*sgn(b*x + a)) + A*log(abs(x))/(a^5*sgn(b*x + a)) + 1/12*(12*A*a*b^4*x^3 + 42*A*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 52*A*a^3*b^2*x - 3*B*a^5 + 25*A*a^4*b)/((b*x + a)^4*a^5*b*sgn(b*x + a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/(x*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-6 \log(bx + a) a^3 - 18 \log(bx + a) a^2 b x - 18 \log(bx + a) a b^2 x^2 - 6 \log(bx + a) b^3 x^3}{6a^4 (bx + a)^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - 6*log(a + b*x)*a**3 - 18*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x - 18*log(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x**2 - 6*log(a + b*x)*b**3*x**3 + 6*log(x)*a**3 + 18*log(x)*a**2*b*x + 18*log(x)*a*b**2*x**2 + 6*log(x)*b**3*x**3 + 9*a**3 + 9*a**2*b*x - 2*b**3*x**3)/(6*a**4*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x + 3*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))
```

3.357 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 282

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{4Ab - aB}{a^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} - \frac{Ab - aB}{4a^2(a + bx)^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} - \frac{2Ab - aB}{3a^3(a + bx)^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} - \frac{3Ab - aB}{2a^4(a + bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} - \frac{A(a + bx)}{a^5x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} - \frac{(5Ab - aB)(a + bx) \log(x)}{a^6\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} + \frac{(5Ab - aB)(a + bx) \log(a + bx)}{a^6\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

```
output - (4*A*b-B*a)/a^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/4*(A*b-B*a)/a^2/(b*x+a)^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/3*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^3/(b*x+a)^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(3*A*b-B*a)/a^4/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-A*(b*x+a)/a^5/x/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-(5*A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*ln(x)/a^6/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+(5*A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^6/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{a(-60Ab^4x^4 + 6ab^3x^3(-35A + 2Bx) + 2a^2b^2x^2(-130A + 21Bx) + a^4(-$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output $(a*(-60*A*b^4*x^4 + 6*a*b^3*x^3*(-35*A + 2*B*x) + 2*a^2*b^2*x^2*(-130*A + 21*B*x) + a^4*(-12*A + 25*B*x) + a^3*b*x*(-125*A + 52*B*x)) + 12*(-5*A*b + a*B)*x*(a + b*x)^4*\text{Log}[x] + 12*(5*A*b - a*B)*x*(a + b*x)^4*\text{Log}[a + b*x]) / (12*a^6*x*(a + b*x)^3*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{b^5(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{b^5x^2(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \left(\frac{A}{a^5x^2} + \frac{aB-5Ab}{a^6x} - \frac{b(aB-5Ab)}{a^6(a+bx)} - \frac{b(aB-4Ab)}{a^5(a+bx)^2} - \frac{b(aB-3Ab)}{a^4(a+bx)^3} - \frac{b(aB-2Ab)}{a^3(a+bx)^4} - \frac{b(aB-Ab)}{a^2(a+bx)^5} \right) dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(a+bx) \left(-\frac{\log(x)(5Ab-aB)}{a^6} + \frac{(5Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{a^6} - \frac{4Ab-aB}{a^5(a+bx)} - \frac{A}{a^5x} - \frac{3Ab-aB}{2a^4(a+bx)^2} - \frac{2Ab-aB}{3a^3(a+bx)^3} - \frac{Ab-aB}{4a^2(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*(-A/(a^5*x)) - (A*b - a*B)/(4*a^2*(a + b*x)^4) - (2*A*b - a*B)/(3*a^3*(a + b*x)^3) - (3*A*b - a*B)/(2*a^4*(a + b*x)^2) - (4*A*b - a*B)/(a^5*(a + b*x)) - ((5*A*b - a*B)*Log[x])/a^6 + ((5*A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/a^6))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} \left(-\frac{(5Ab-Ba)b^3x^4}{a^5} - \frac{7b^2(5Ab-Ba)x^3}{2a^4} - \frac{13(5Ab-Ba)bx^2}{3a^3} - \frac{25(5Ab-Ba)x}{12a^2} - \frac{A}{a} \right)}{(bx+a)^5x} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (5Ab-Ba) \ln(-bx-a)}{(bx+a)a^6} - \sqrt{\dots}$
default	$\frac{(-60Aa b^4 x^4 + 72B \ln(x) a^3 b^2 x^3 + 12B \ln(x) a^5 x + 52B a^4 b x^2 - 125A a^4 b x + 48B \ln(x) a^2 b^3 x^4 - 12B \ln(bx+a) a b^4 x^5 - 48B \ln(bx+a) a^5 x^4)}{\dots}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}}{(b*x+a)^5} \frac{-(5*A*b-B*a)/a^5 b^3 x^4 - 7/2/a^4 b^2 (5*A*b-B*a)*x^3 - 13/3/a^3 (5*A*b-B*a)*b*x^2 - 25/12/a^2 (5*A*b-B*a)*x - A/a}{x} + \frac{((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}}{(b*x+a)} \frac{(5*A*b-B*a)/a^6 \ln(-b*x-a) - ((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}}{(b*x+a)} \frac{(5*A*b-B*a)/a^6 \ln(x)}{\dots}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{12Aa^5 - 12(Ba^2b^3 - 5Aab^4)x^4 - 42(Ba^3b^2 - 5Aa^2b^3)x^3 - 52(Ba^4b - 5Aa^3b^2)x^2 - 25(Ba^5 - 5Aa^4b)x - 12Aa^5}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{-1/12*(12*A*a^5 - 12*(B*a^2*b^3 - 5*A*a*b^4)*x^4 - 42*(B*a^3*b^2 - 5*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 - 52*(B*a^4*b - 5*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 - 25*(B*a^5 - 5*A*a^4*b)*x + 12*((B*a*b^4 - 5*A*b^5)*x^5 + 4*(B*a^2*b^3 - 5*A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 6*(B*a^3*b^2 - 5*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 4*(B*a^4*b - 5*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^5 - 5*A*a^4*b)*x) * \log(b*x + a) - 12*((B*a*b^4 - 5*A*b^5)*x^5 + 4*(B*a^2*b^3 - 5*A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 6*(B*a^3*b^2 - 5*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 4*(B*a^4*b - 5*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^5 - 5*A*a^4*b)*x) * \log(x)}{(a^6*b^4*x^5 + 4*a^7*b^3*x^4 + 6*a^8*b^2*x^3 + 4*a^9*b*x^2 + a^{10}*x)}$$

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 ((a + bx)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**2/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x**2*((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 276, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx &= -\frac{(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} B \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right)}{a^5} \\ &+ \frac{5(-1)^{2abx+2a^2} Ab \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{|x|}\right)}{a^6} + \frac{B}{3(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2}a^2} \\ &- \frac{5Ab}{3(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2}a^3} + \frac{B}{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}a^4} \\ &- \frac{5Ab}{\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}a^5} - \frac{A}{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{3/2}a^2x} \\ &+ \frac{B}{2a^3b^2(x + \frac{a}{b})^2} - \frac{5A}{2a^4b(x + \frac{a}{b})^2} + \frac{B}{4ab^4(x + \frac{a}{b})^4} - \frac{A}{4a^2b^3(x + \frac{a}{b})^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*B*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x))/a^5 + 5*(-1)^(2*a*b*x + 2*a^2)*A*b*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/abs(x))/a^6 + 1/3*B/((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*a^2) - 5/3*A*b/((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2))*a^3 + B/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*a^4) - 5*A*b/(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*a^5) - A/((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^(3/2)*a^2*x) + 1/2*B/(a^3*b^2*(x + a/b)^2) - 5/2*A/(a^4*b*(x + a/b)^2) + 1/4*B/(a*b^4*(x + a/b)^4) - 1/4*A/(a^2*b^3*(x + a/b)^4)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(Ba - 5Ab) \log(|x|)}{a^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)} - \frac{(Bab - 5Ab^2) \log(|bx + a|)}{a^6 b \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}$$

$$- \frac{12Aa^5 - 12(Ba^2b^3 - 5Aab^4)x^4 - 42(Ba^3b^2 - 5Aa^2b^3)x^3 - 52(Ba^4b - 5Aa^3b^2)x^2 - 25(Ba^5 - 5Aa^4b)x}{12(bx + a)^4 a^6 x \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(B*a - 5*A*b)*log(abs(x))/(a^6*sgn(b*x + a)) - (B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^6*b*sgn(b*x + a)) - 1/12*(12*A*a^5 - 12*(B*a^2*b^3 - 5*A*a*b^4)*x^4 - 42*(B*a^3*b^2 - 5*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 - 52*(B*a^4*b - 5*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 - 25*(B*a^5 - 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/((b*x + a)^4*a^6*x*sgn(b*x + a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/(x^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{12 \log(bx + a) a^3 bx + 36 \log(bx + a) a^2 b^2 x^2 + 36 \log(bx + a) a b^3 x^3 + 12 \log(bx + a) a^4}{12(bx + a)^4 a^6 x \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(12*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b*x + 36*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 36*log(a + b*
x)*a*b**3*x**3 + 12*log(a + b*x)*b**4*x**4 - 12*log(x)*a**3*b*x - 36*log(x
)*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 36*log(x)*a*b**3*x**3 - 12*log(x)*b**4*x**4 - 3*a**4 -
18*a**3*b*x - 18*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*b**4*x**4)/(3*a**5*x*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*
x + 3*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))
```

3.358 $\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx$

Optimal result	2800
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2800
Rubi [A] (verified)	2801
Maple [A] (verified)	2802
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2803
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2803
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2804
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2804
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2804
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2805

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2}{9}a^2Ax^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}a(2Ab + aB)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{13}b(Ab + 2aB)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{15}b^2Bx^{15/2}$$

output

$$\frac{2}{9}a^2Ax^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}a(2Ab + aB)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{13}b(Ab + 2aB)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{15}b^2Bx^{15/2}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2x^{9/2}(65a^2(11A + 9Bx) + 90abx(13A + 11Bx) + 33b^2x^2(15A + 13Bx))}{6435}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[x^{7/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2a*b*x + b^2*x^2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2x^{9/2})(65a^2(11A + 9Bx) + 90abx(13A + 11Bx) + 33b^2x^2(15A + 13Bx))}{6435}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{7/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)(A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \frac{\int b^2x^{7/2}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)dx}{b^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int x^{7/2}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \int \left(a^2Ax^{7/2} + bx^{11/2}(2aB + Ab) + ax^{9/2}(aB + 2Ab) + b^2Bx^{13/2} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{2}{9}a^2Ax^{9/2} + \frac{2}{13}bx^{13/2}(2aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{11}ax^{11/2}(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{15}b^2Bx^{15/2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(7/2)}*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2a^2Ax^{9/2})}{9} + \frac{(2a*(2A*b + a*B)*x^{(11/2)})}{11} + \frac{(2*b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^{(13/2)})}{13} + \frac{(2*b^2*B*x^{(15/2)})}{15}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 85 $\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)) * ((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)} * ((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(429x^3Bb^2+495x^2b^2A+990Bax^2b+1170abAx+585a^2Bx+715a^2A)}{6435}$	52
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^2Bx^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(b^2A+2abB)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(2abA+a^2B)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2a^2Ax^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$	52
default	$\frac{2b^2Bx^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(b^2A+2abB)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(2abA+a^2B)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2a^2Ax^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$	52
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(429x^3Bb^2+495x^2b^2A+990Bax^2b+1170abAx+585a^2Bx+715a^2A)}{6435}$	52
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(429x^3Bb^2+495x^2b^2A+990Bax^2b+1170abAx+585a^2Bx+715a^2A)}{6435}$	52
orering	$\frac{2(429x^3Bb^2+495x^2b^2A+990Bax^2b+1170abAx+585a^2Bx+715a^2A)x^{\frac{9}{2}}(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)}{6435(bx+a)^2}$	75

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/6435*x^(9/2)*(429*B*b^2*x^3+495*A*b^2*x^2+990*B*a*b*x^2+1170*A*a*b*x+585*B*a^2*x+715*A*a^2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2}{6435} (429 Bb^2x^7 + 715 Aa^2x^4 + 495 (2 Bab + Ab^2)x^6 + 585 (Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x^5) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/6435*(429*B*b^2*x^7 + 715*A*a^2*x^4 + 495*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^6 + 585*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^5)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2Aa^2x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{4Aabx^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{2Ba^2x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{4Babx^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{15/2}}{15}$$

input `integrate(x**(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)`

output `2*A*a**2*x**(9/2)/9 + 4*A*a*b*x**(11/2)/11 + 2*A*b**2*x**(13/2)/13 + 2*B*a**2*x**(11/2)/11 + 4*B*a*b*x**(13/2)/13 + 2*B*b**2*x**(15/2)/15`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2}{15} Bb^2x^{15/2} + \frac{2}{9} Aa^2x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{13} (2Bab+Ab^2)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{11} (Ba^2+2Aab)x^{11/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*B*b^2*x^(15/2) + 2/9*A*a^2*x^(9/2) + 2/13*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^(13/2) + 2/11*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^(11/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2}{15} Bb^2x^{15/2} + \frac{4}{13} Babx^{13/2} + \frac{2}{13} Ab^2x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{11} Ba^2x^{11/2} + \frac{4}{11} Aabx^{11/2} + \frac{2}{9} Aa^2x^{9/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*B*b^2*x^(15/2) + 4/13*B*a*b*x^(13/2) + 2/13*A*b^2*x^(13/2) + 2/11*B*a^2*x^(11/2) + 4/11*A*a*b*x^(11/2) + 2/9*A*a^2*x^(9/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx = x^{11/2} \left(\frac{2Ba^2}{11} + \frac{4Aba}{11} \right) + x^{13/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^2}{13} + \frac{4Bab}{13} \right) + \frac{2Aa^2x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{15/2}}{15}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x),x)`

output `x^(11/2)*((2*B*a^2)/11 + (4*A*a*b)/11) + x^(13/2)*((2*A*b^2)/13 + (4*B*a*b)/13) + (2*A*a^2*x^(9/2))/9 + (2*B*b^2*x^(15/2))/15`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^4(429b^3x^3 + 1485ab^2x^2 + 1755a^2bx + 715a^3)}{6435}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**4*(715*a**3 + 1755*a**2*b*x + 1485*a*b**2*x**2 + 429*b**3*x**3))/6435`

3.359 $\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx$

Optimal result	2806
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2806
Rubi [A] (verified)	2807
Maple [A] (verified)	2808
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2809
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2809
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2810
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2810
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2810
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2811

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2}{7}a^2Ax^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}a(2Ab + aB)x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}b(Ab + 2aB)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{13}b^2Bx^{13/2}$$

output $2/7*a^2*A*x^(7/2)+2/9*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(9/2)+2/11*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(11/2)+2/13*b^2*B*x^(13/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2x^{7/2}(143a^2(9A + 7Bx) + 182abx(11A + 9Bx) + 63b^2x^2(13A + 11Bx))}{9009}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[x^{5/2}*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2), x]$

output

$$(2*x^{(7/2)}*(143*a^2*(9*A + 7*B*x) + 182*a*b*x*(11*A + 9*B*x) + 63*b^2*x^2*(13*A + 11*B*x)))/9009$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{5/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)(A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \frac{\int b^2x^{5/2}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)dx}{b^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int x^{5/2}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \int \left(a^2Ax^{5/2} + bx^{9/2}(2aB + Ab) + ax^{7/2}(aB + 2Ab) + b^2Bx^{11/2} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{2}{7}a^2Ax^{7/2} + \frac{2}{11}bx^{11/2}(2aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{9}ax^{9/2}(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{13}b^2Bx^{13/2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(5/2)}*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2), x]$$

output

$$(2*a^2*A*x^{(7/2)})/7 + (2*a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^{(9/2)})/9 + (2*b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^{(11/2)})/11 + (2*b^2*B*x^{(13/2)})/13$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 85 $\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)) * ((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)} * ((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
gosper	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(693x^3Bb^2+819x^2b^2A+1638Bax^2b+2002abAx+1001a^2Bx+1287a^2A)}{9009}$	52
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Bb^2x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(b^2A+2abB)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(2abA+a^2B)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2a^2Ax^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$	52
default	$\frac{2Bb^2x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(b^2A+2abB)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(2abA+a^2B)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2a^2Ax^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$	52
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(693x^3Bb^2+819x^2b^2A+1638Bax^2b+2002abAx+1001a^2Bx+1287a^2A)}{9009}$	52
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(693x^3Bb^2+819x^2b^2A+1638Bax^2b+2002abAx+1001a^2Bx+1287a^2A)}{9009}$	52
orering	$\frac{2(693x^3Bb^2+819x^2b^2A+1638Bax^2b+2002abAx+1001a^2Bx+1287a^2A)x^{\frac{7}{2}}(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)}{9009(bx+a)^2}$	75

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/9009*x^(7/2)*(693*B*b^2*x^3+819*A*b^2*x^2+1638*B*a*b*x^2+2002*A*a*b*x+1001*B*a^2*x+1287*A*a^2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2}{9009} (693 Bb^2x^6 + 1287 Aa^2x^3 + 819 (2 Bab + Ab^2)x^5 + 1001 (Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x^4)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/9009*(693*B*b^2*x^6 + 1287*A*a^2*x^3 + 819*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^5 + 1001*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^4)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2Aa^2x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{4Aabx^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{2Ba^2x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{4Babx^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{13/2}}{13}$$

input `integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)`

output `2*A*a**2*x**(7/2)/7 + 4*A*a*b*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*A*b**2*x**(11/2)/11 + 2*B*a**2*x**(9/2)/9 + 4*B*a*b*x**(11/2)/11 + 2*B*b**2*x**(13/2)/13`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2}{13} Bb^2x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{7} Aa^2x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{11} (2Bab+Ab^2)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{9} (Ba^2+2Aab)x^{9/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/13*B*b^2*x^(13/2) + 2/7*A*a^2*x^(7/2) + 2/11*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^(11/2) + 2/9*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^(9/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2}{13} Bb^2x^{13/2} + \frac{4}{11} Babx^{11/2} + \frac{2}{11} Ab^2x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{9} Ba^2x^{9/2} + \frac{4}{9} Aabx^{9/2} + \frac{2}{7} Aa^2x^{7/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/13*B*b^2*x^(13/2) + 4/11*B*a*b*x^(11/2) + 2/11*A*b^2*x^(11/2) + 2/9*B*a^2*x^(9/2) + 4/9*A*a*b*x^(9/2) + 2/7*A*a^2*x^(7/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx = x^{9/2} \left(\frac{2Ba^2}{9} + \frac{4Aba}{9} \right) + x^{11/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^2}{11} + \frac{4Bab}{11} \right) + \frac{2Aa^2x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{13/2}}{13}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x),x)`

output `x^(9/2)*((2*B*a^2)/9 + (4*A*a*b)/9) + x^(11/2)*((2*A*b^2)/11 + (4*B*a*b)/11) + (2*A*a^2*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*B*b^2*x^(13/2))/13`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^3(231b^3x^3 + 819ab^2x^2 + 1001a^2bx + 429a^3)}{3003}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**3*(429*a**3 + 1001*a**2*b*x + 819*a*b**2*x**2 + 231*b**3*x**3))/3003`

3.360 $\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx$

Optimal result	2812
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2812
Rubi [A] (verified)	2813
Maple [A] (verified)	2814
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2815
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2815
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2816
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2816
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2816
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2817

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2}{5}a^2Ax^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}a(2Ab + aB)x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}b(Ab + 2aB)x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}b^2Bx^{11/2}$$

output

```
2/5*a^2*A*x^(5/2)+2/7*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(7/2)+2/9*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(9/2)+2/11
*b^2*B*x^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2x^{5/2}(99a^2(7A + 5Bx) + 110abx(9A + 7Bx) + 35b^2x^2(11A + 9Bx))}{3465}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2x^{5/2}(99a^2(7A + 5Bx) + 110abx(9A + 7Bx) + 35b^2x^2(11A + 9Bx)))}{3465}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{3/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\frac{\int b^2x^{3/2}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)dx}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (a^2Ax^{3/2} + bx^{7/2}(2aB + Ab) + ax^{5/2}(aB + 2Ab) + b^2Bx^{9/2}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{5}a^2Ax^{5/2} + \frac{2}{9}bx^{9/2}(2aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{7}ax^{7/2}(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{11}b^2Bx^{11/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(3/2)}*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2a^2Ax^{5/2})}{5} + \frac{(2a*(2A*b + a*B)*x^{7/2})}{7} + \frac{(2*b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^{9/2})}{9} + \frac{(2*b^2*B*x^{11/2})}{11}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 85 $\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)) * ((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)} * ((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
gosper	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(315x^3Bb^2+385x^2b^2A+770Bax^2b+990abAx+495a^2Bx+693a^2A)}{3465}$	52
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Bb^2x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(b^2A+2abB)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(2abA+a^2B)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2a^2Ax^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$	52
default	$\frac{2Bb^2x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(b^2A+2abB)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(2abA+a^2B)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2a^2Ax^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$	52
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(315x^3Bb^2+385x^2b^2A+770Bax^2b+990abAx+495a^2Bx+693a^2A)}{3465}$	52
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(315x^3Bb^2+385x^2b^2A+770Bax^2b+990abAx+495a^2Bx+693a^2A)}{3465}$	52
orering	$\frac{2(315x^3Bb^2+385x^2b^2A+770Bax^2b+990abAx+495a^2Bx+693a^2A)x^{\frac{5}{2}}(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)}{3465(bx+a)^2}$	75

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3465*x^(5/2)*(315*B*b^2*x^3+385*A*b^2*x^2+770*B*a*b*x^2+990*A*a*b*x+495*B*a^2*x+693*A*a^2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2}{3465} (315 Bb^2x^5 + 693 Aa^2x^2 + 385 (2 Bab + Ab^2)x^4 + 495 (Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x^3) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3465*(315*B*b^2*x^5 + 693*A*a^2*x^2 + 385*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^4 + 495*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^3)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2Aa^2x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{4Aabx^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{2Ba^2x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{4Babx^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{11/2}}{11}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)`

output `2*A*a**2*x**(5/2)/5 + 4*A*a*b*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*A*b**2*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*B*a**2*x**(7/2)/7 + 4*B*a*b*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*B*b**2*x**(11/2)/11`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2}{11} Bb^2x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{2}{5} Aa^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{9} (2Bab+Ab^2)x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{7} (Ba^2+2Aab)x^{\frac{7}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/11*B*b^2*x^(11/2) + 2/5*A*a^2*x^(5/2) + 2/9*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^(9/2) + 2/7*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^(7/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2}{11} Bb^2x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{4}{9} Babx^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{9} Ab^2x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{7} Ba^2x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{4}{7} Aabx^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{5} Aa^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/11*B*b^2*x^(11/2) + 4/9*B*a*b*x^(9/2) + 2/9*A*b^2*x^(9/2) + 2/7*B*a^2*x^(7/2) + 4/7*A*a*b*x^(7/2) + 2/5*A*a^2*x^(5/2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx = x^{7/2} \left(\frac{2Ba^2}{7} + \frac{4Aba}{7} \right) + x^{9/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^2}{9} + \frac{4Bab}{9} \right) + \frac{2Aa^2x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{11/2}}{11}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x),x)`

output `x^(7/2)*((2*B*a^2)/7 + (4*A*a*b)/7) + x^(9/2)*((2*A*b^2)/9 + (4*B*a*b)/9) + (2*A*a^2*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*B*b^2*x^(11/2))/11`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^2(105b^3x^3 + 385ab^2x^2 + 495a^2bx + 231a^3)}{1155}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**2*(231*a**3 + 495*a**2*b*x + 385*a*b**2*x**2 + 105*b**3*x**3))/1155`

3.361 $\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx$

Optimal result	2818
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2818
Rubi [A] (verified)	2819
Maple [A] (verified)	2820
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2821
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2821
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2822
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2822
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2822
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2823

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2}{3}a^2Ax^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}a(2Ab + aB)x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}b(Ab + 2aB)x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}b^2Bx^{9/2}$$

output

```
2/3*a^2*A*x^(3/2)+2/5*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(5/2)+2/7*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(7/2)+2/9*
b^2*B*x^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2}{315}x^{3/2}(21a^2(5A + 3Bx) + 18abx(7A + 5Bx) + 5b^2x^2(9A + 7Bx))$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(2*x^(3/2)*(21*a^2*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 18*a*b*x*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 5*b^2*x^2*(9*A
+ 7*B*x)))/315
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\frac{\int b^2 \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (a^2 A \sqrt{x} + bx^{5/2}(2aB + Ab) + ax^{3/2}(aB + 2Ab) + b^2 Bx^{7/2}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{3}a^2 A x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{7}bx^{7/2}(2aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{5}ax^{5/2}(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{9}b^2 Bx^{9/2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2),x]`

output `(2*a^2*A*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*b^2*B*x^(9/2))/9`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 85 $\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)) * ((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)} * ((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(35x^3Bb^2+45x^2b^2A+90Bax^2b+126abAx+63a^2Bx+105a^2A)}{315}$	52
derivativdivides	$\frac{2Bb^2x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(b^2A+2abB)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(2abA+a^2B)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2a^2Ax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$	52
default	$\frac{2Bb^2x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(b^2A+2abB)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(2abA+a^2B)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2a^2Ax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$	52
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(35x^3Bb^2+45x^2b^2A+90Bax^2b+126abAx+63a^2Bx+105a^2A)}{315}$	52
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(35x^3Bb^2+45x^2b^2A+90Bax^2b+126abAx+63a^2Bx+105a^2A)}{315}$	52
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(35x^3Bb^2+45x^2b^2A+90Bax^2b+126abAx+63a^2Bx+105a^2A)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)}{315(bx+a)^2}$	75

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/315*x^(3/2)*(35*B*b^2*x^3+45*A*b^2*x^2+90*B*a*b*x^2+126*A*a*b*x+63*B*a^2*x+105*A*a^2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{315} (35 Bb^2x^4 + 105 Aa^2x + 45 (2 Bab + Ab^2)x^3 + 63 (Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x^2) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/315*(35*B*b^2*x^4 + 105*A*a^2*x + 45*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^3 + 63*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^2)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2Aa^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(Ab^2+2Bab)}{7}$$

$$+ \frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}} \cdot (2Aab+Ba^2)}{5}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)`

output `2*A*a**2*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*b**2*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*x**(7/2)*(A*b**2 + 2*B*a*b)/7 + 2*x**(5/2)*(2*A*a*b + B*a**2)/5`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2}{9}Bb^2x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{3}Aa^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{2}{7}(2Bab+Ab^2)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{5}(Ba^2+2Aab)x^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/9*B*b^2*x^(9/2) + 2/3*A*a^2*x^(3/2) + 2/7*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^(7/2) + 2/5*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^(5/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2}{9}Bb^2x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{4}{7}Babx^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{7}Ab^2x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{5}Ba^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{4}{5}Aabx^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{3}Aa^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/9*B*b^2*x^(9/2) + 4/7*B*a*b*x^(7/2) + 2/7*A*b^2*x^(7/2) + 2/5*B*a^2*x^(5/2) + 4/5*A*a*b*x^(5/2) + 2/3*A*a^2*x^(3/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2) dx = x^{5/2} \left(\frac{2Ba^2}{5} + \frac{4Aba}{5} \right) + x^{7/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^2}{7} + \frac{4Bab}{7} \right) + \frac{2Aa^2x^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{9/2}}{9}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x),x)`

output `x^(5/2)*((2*B*a^2)/5 + (4*A*a*b)/5) + x^(7/2)*((2*A*b^2)/7 + (4*B*a*b)/7)
+ (2*A*a^2*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*B*b^2*x^(9/2))/9`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x(35b^3x^3 + 135ab^2x^2 + 189a^2bx + 105a^3)}{315}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x*(105*a**3 + 189*a**2*b*x + 135*a*b**2*x**2 + 35*b**3*x**3))/3
15`

$$3.362 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	2824
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2824
Rubi [A] (verified)	2825
Maple [A] (verified)	2826
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2827
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2827
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2828
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2828
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2829
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2829

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2a^2A\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}a(2Ab+aB)x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}b(Ab+2aB)x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}b^2Bx^{7/2}$$

output

```
2*a^2*A*x^(1/2)+2/3*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(3/2)+2/5*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(5/2)+2/7*b^2*B*x^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{105}\sqrt{x}(35a^2(3A+Bx)+14abx(5A+3Bx)+3b^2x^2(7A+5Bx))$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2))/Sqrt[x], x]
```

output

$$(2*\text{Sqrt}[x]*(35*a^2*(3*A + B*x) + 14*a*b*x*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 3*b^2*x^2*(7*A + 5*B*x)))/105$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \int \frac{b^2(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x} b^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \int \left(\frac{a^2 A}{\sqrt{x}} + bx^{3/2}(2aB + Ab) + a\sqrt{x}(aB + 2Ab) + b^2 Bx^{5/2} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2a^2 A\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{5}bx^{5/2}(2aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{3}ax^{3/2}(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{7}b^2 Bx^{7/2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[x], x]$$

output

$$2*a^2*A*\text{Sqrt}[x] + (2*a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^{(3/2)})/3 + (2*b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^{(5/2)})/5 + (2*b^2*B*x^{(7/2)})/7$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 85 $\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)) * ((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)} * ((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
trager	$(\frac{2}{7}x^3 B b^2 + \frac{2}{5}x^2 b^2 A + \frac{4}{5}B a x^2 b + \frac{4}{3}ab A x + \frac{2}{3}a^2 B x + 2a^2 A) \sqrt{x}$	51
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(15x^3 B b^2 + 21x^2 b^2 A + 42B a x^2 b + 70ab A x + 35a^2 B x + 105a^2 A)}{105}$	52
derivativdivides	$\frac{2B b^2 x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(b^2 A + 2abB)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(2abA + a^2 B)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2a^2 A \sqrt{x}$	52
default	$\frac{2B b^2 x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(b^2 A + 2abB)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(2abA + a^2 B)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2a^2 A \sqrt{x}$	52
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(15x^3 B b^2 + 21x^2 b^2 A + 42B a x^2 b + 70ab A x + 35a^2 B x + 105a^2 A)}{105}$	52
orering	$\frac{2(15x^3 B b^2 + 21x^2 b^2 A + 42B a x^2 b + 70ab A x + 35a^2 B x + 105a^2 A)\sqrt{x}(b^2 x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}{105(bx + a)^2}$	75

input $\text{int}((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
(2/7*x^3*B*b^2+2/5*x^2*b^2*A+4/5*B*a*x^2*b+4/3*a*b*A*x+2/3*a^2*B*x+2*a^2*A)*x^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{105} (15 Bb^2x^3 + 105 Aa^2 + 21 (2 Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 35 (Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x) \sqrt{x}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/105*(15*B*b^2*x^3 + 105*A*a^2 + 21*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 35*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2Aa^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{4Aabx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$$

$$+ \frac{2Ba^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{4Babx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)/x**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
2*A*a**2*sqrt(x) + 4*A*a*b*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*A*b**2*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*a**2*x**(3/2)/3 + 4*B*a*b*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*b**2*x**(7/2)/7
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{7} Bb^2x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 2Aa^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{5}(2Bab + Ab^2)x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{3}(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/7*B*b^2*x^(7/2) + 2*A*a^2*sqrt(x) + 2/5*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^(5/2) + 2/3*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^(3/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{7} Bb^2x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{4}{5} Babx^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{5} Ab^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} Ba^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{4}{3} Aabx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2Aa^2\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/7*B*b^2*x^(7/2) + 4/5*B*a*b*x^(5/2) + 2/5*A*b^2*x^(5/2) + 2/3*B*a^2*x^(3/2) + 4/3*A*a*b*x^(3/2) + 2*A*a^2*sqrt(x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2Ba^2}{3} + \frac{4Aba}{3} \right) + x^{5/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^2}{5} + \frac{4Bab}{5} \right) + 2Aa^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{7/2}}{7}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x))/x^(1/2),x)`output `x^(3/2)*((2*B*a^2)/3 + (4*A*a*b)/3) + x^(5/2)*((2*A*b^2)/5 + (4*B*a*b)/5) + 2*A*a^2*x^(1/2) + (2*B*b^2*x^(7/2))/7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(5b^3x^3 + 21ab^2x^2 + 35a^2bx + 35a^3)}{35}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*(35*a**3 + 35*a**2*b*x + 21*a*b**2*x**2 + 5*b**3*x**3))/35`

$$3.363 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2830
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2830
Rubi [A] (verified)	2831
Maple [A] (verified)	2832
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2833
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2833
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2834
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2834
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2835
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2835

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^2A}{\sqrt{x}} + 2a(2Ab+aB)\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}b(Ab+2aB)x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}b^2Bx^{5/2}$$

output

```
-2*a^2*A/x^(1/2)+2*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)+2/3*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(3/2)+2/5*b^2*B*x^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-30a^2(A-Bx) + 20abx(3A+Bx) + 2b^2x^2(5A+3Bx)}{15\sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2))/x^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(-30*a^2*(A - B*x) + 20*a*b*x*(3*A + B*x) + 2*b^2*x^2*(5*A + 3*B*x))/(15*Sqrt[x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{b^2(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2} b^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^2 A}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + b\sqrt{x}(2aB + Ab) + b^2 Bx^{3/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2a^2 A}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{3}bx^{3/2}(2aB + Ab) + 2a\sqrt{x}(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{5}b^2 Bx^{5/2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2))/x^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*a^2*A)/Sqrt[x] + 2*a*(2*A*b + a*B)*Sqrt[x] + (2*b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*b^2*B*x^(5/2))/5`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 85 $\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)) * ((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] :> \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)} * ((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(-3x^3 B b^2 - 5x^2 b^2 A - 10B a x^2 b - 30abAx - 15a^2 Bx + 15a^2 A)}{15\sqrt{x}}$	52
trager	$-\frac{2(-3x^3 B b^2 - 5x^2 b^2 A - 10B a x^2 b - 30abAx - 15a^2 Bx + 15a^2 A)}{15\sqrt{x}}$	52
risch	$-\frac{2(-3x^3 B b^2 - 5x^2 b^2 A - 10B a x^2 b - 30abAx - 15a^2 Bx + 15a^2 A)}{15\sqrt{x}}$	52
derivativedivides	$\frac{2B b^2 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2A b^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{4B a b x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 4A a b \sqrt{x} + 2B a^2 \sqrt{x} - \frac{2a^2 A}{\sqrt{x}}$	54
default	$\frac{2B b^2 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2A b^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{4B a b x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 4A a b \sqrt{x} + 2B a^2 \sqrt{x} - \frac{2a^2 A}{\sqrt{x}}$	54
orering	$-\frac{2(-3x^3 B b^2 - 5x^2 b^2 A - 10B a x^2 b - 30abAx - 15a^2 Bx + 15a^2 A)(b^2 x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}{15\sqrt{x}(bx+a)^2}$	75

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/15*(-3*B*b^2*x^3-5*A*b^2*x^2-10*B*a*b*x^2-30*A*a*b*x-15*B*a^2*x+15*A*a^2)/x^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(3Bb^2x^3-15Aa^2+5(2Bab+Ab^2)x^2+15(Ba^2+2Aab)x)}{15\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$2/15*(3*B*b^2*x^3-15*A*a^2+5*(2*B*a*b+A*b^2)*x^2+15*(B*a^2+2*A*a*b)*x)/\text{sqrt}(x)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa^2}{\sqrt{x}} + 4Aab\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{3/2}}{3} + 2Ba^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{4Babx^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{5/2}}{5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)/x**(3/2),x)`

output
$$-2*A*a**2/\text{sqrt}(x) + 4*A*a*b*\text{sqrt}(x) + 2*A*b**2*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*a**2*\text{sqrt}(x) + 4*B*a*b*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*b**2*x**(5/2)/5$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{5} Bb^2x^{5/2} - \frac{2Aa^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{3} (2Bab + Ab^2)x^{3/2} + 2(Ba^2 + 2Aab)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/5*B*b^2*x^(5/2) - 2*A*a^2/sqrt(x) + 2/3*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^(3/2) + 2*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*sqrt(x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{5} Bb^2x^{5/2} + \frac{4}{3} Babx^{3/2} + \frac{2}{3} Ab^2x^{3/2} + 2Ba^2\sqrt{x} + 4Aab\sqrt{x} - \frac{2Aa^2}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/5*B*b^2*x^(5/2) + 4/3*B*a*b*x^(3/2) + 2/3*A*b^2*x^(3/2) + 2*B*a^2*sqrt(x) + 4*A*a*b*sqrt(x) - 2*A*a^2/sqrt(x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \sqrt{x}(2Ba^2 + 4Aba) + x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^2}{3} + \frac{4Bab}{3} \right) - \frac{2Aa^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{5/2}}{5}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x))/x^(3/2),x)`output `x^(1/2)*(2*B*a^2 + 4*A*a*b) + x^(3/2)*((2*A*b^2)/3 + (4*B*a*b)/3) - (2*A*a^2)/x^(1/2) + (2*B*b^2*x^(5/2))/5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{5}b^3x^3 + 2ab^2x^2 + 6a^2bx - 2a^3}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(3/2),x)`output `(2*(-5*a**3 + 15*a**2*b*x + 5*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))/(5*sqrt(x))`

3.364 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2836
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2836
Rubi [A] (verified)	2837
Maple [A] (verified)	2838
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2839
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2839
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2840
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2840
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2841
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2841

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^2A}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2a(2Ab+aB)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b(Ab+2aB)\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}b^2Bx^{3/2}$$

output

$-2/3*a^2*A/x^(3/2)-2*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^(1/2)+2*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(1/2)+2/3*b^2*B*x^(3/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(6abx(-A+Bx)+b^2x^2(3A+Bx)-a^2(A+3Bx))}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2))/x^(5/2),x]`

output

$(2*(6*a*b*x*(-A+B*x)+b^2*x^2*(3*A+B*x)-a^2*(A+3*B*x)))/(3*x^(3/2))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\
 & \int \frac{b^2(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2} b^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{a^2 A}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{b(2aB + Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + b^2 B \sqrt{x} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{2a^2 A}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2a(aB + 2Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b\sqrt{x}(2aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{3}b^2 Bx^{3/2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2))/x^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*a^2*A)/(3*x^(3/2)) - (2*a*(2*A*b + a*B))/Sqrt[x] + 2*b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*Sqrt[x] + (2*b^2*B*x^(3/2))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(-x^3 B b^2 - 3x^2 b^2 A - 6B a x^2 b + 6ab A x + 3a^2 B x + a^2 A)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	51
derivativedivides	$\frac{2B b^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2A b^2 \sqrt{x} + 4ab B \sqrt{x} - \frac{2a^2 A}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2a(2Ab + Ba)}{\sqrt{x}}$	51
default	$\frac{2B b^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2A b^2 \sqrt{x} + 4ab B \sqrt{x} - \frac{2a^2 A}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2a(2Ab + Ba)}{\sqrt{x}}$	51
trager	$-\frac{2(-x^3 B b^2 - 3x^2 b^2 A - 6B a x^2 b + 6ab A x + 3a^2 B x + a^2 A)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	51
risch	$-\frac{2(-x^3 B b^2 - 3x^2 b^2 A - 6B a x^2 b + 6ab A x + 3a^2 B x + a^2 A)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	51
orering	$-\frac{2(-x^3 B b^2 - 3x^2 b^2 A - 6B a x^2 b + 6ab A x + 3a^2 B x + a^2 A)(b^2 x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx + a)^2}$	74

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3*(-B*b^2*x^3-3*A*b^2*x^2-6*B*a*b*x^2+6*A*a*b*x+3*B*a^2*x+A*a^2)/x^(3/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bb^2x^3 - Aa^2 + 3(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 - 3(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x)}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(B*b^2*x^3 - A*a^2 + 3*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 - 3*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^(3/2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa^2}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{4Aab}{\sqrt{x}} + 2Ab^2\sqrt{x} - \frac{2Ba^2}{\sqrt{x}} + 4Bab\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{3/2}}{3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)/x**(5/2),x)`

output `-2*A*a**2/(3*x**(3/2)) - 4*A*a*b/sqrt(x) + 2*A*b**2*sqrt(x) - 2*B*a**2/sqrt(x) + 4*B*a*b*sqrt(x) + 2*B*b**2*x**(3/2)/3`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} Bb^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2(2Bab + Ab^2)\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(Aa^2 + 3(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3*B*b^2*x^(3/2) + 2*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*sqrt(x) - 2/3*(A*a^2 + 3*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^(3/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} Bb^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 4Bab\sqrt{x} + 2Ab^2\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(3Ba^2x + 6Aabx + Aa^2)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/3*B*b^2*x^(3/2) + 4*B*a*b*sqrt(x) + 2*A*b^2*sqrt(x) - 2/3*(3*B*a^2*x + 6*A*a*b*x + A*a^2)/x^(3/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{6Ba^2x + 2Aa^2 - 12Babx^2 + 12Aabx - 2Bb^2x^3 - 6Ab^2x^2}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x))/x^(5/2),x)`output `-(2*A*a^2 - 6*A*b^2*x^2 - 2*B*b^2*x^3 + 6*B*a^2*x - 12*B*a*b*x^2 + 12*A*a*b*x)/(3*x^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{3}b^3x^3 + 6ab^2x^2 - 6a^2bx - \frac{2}{3}a^3}{\sqrt{x}x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(5/2),x)`output `(2*(- a**3 - 9*a**2*b*x + 9*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))/(3*sqrt(x)*x)`

3.365 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2842
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2842
Rubi [A] (verified)	2843
Maple [A] (verified)	2844
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2845
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2845
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2846
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2846
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2847
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2847

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^2A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2a(2Ab+aB)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2b(Ab+2aB)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b^2B\sqrt{x}$$

output `-2/5*a^2*A/x^(5/2)-2/3*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^(3/2)-2*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^(1/2)+2*b^2*B*x^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(15b^2x^2(A-Bx) + 10abx(A+3Bx) + a^2(3A+5Bx))}{15x^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2))/x^(7/2),x]`

output `(-2*(15*b^2*x^2*(A-B*x)+10*a*b*x*(A+3*B*x)+a^2*(3*A+5*B*x)))/(15*x^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\
 & \int \frac{b^2(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2} b^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{a^2 A}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{b(2aB + Ab)}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{b^2 B}{\sqrt{x}} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{2a^2 A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2a(aB + 2Ab)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2b(2aB + Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b^2 B \sqrt{x}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2))/x^(7/2),x]`

output `(-2*a^2*A)/(5*x^(5/2)) - (2*a*(2*A*b + a*B))/(3*x^(3/2)) - (2*b*(A*b + 2*a*B))/Sqrt[x] + 2*b^2*B*Sqrt[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 85 $\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_)*}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] :> \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*}((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_)*}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2a^2A}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2a(2Ab+Ba)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2b(Ab+2Ba)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2Bb^2\sqrt{x}$	48
default	$-\frac{2a^2A}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2a(2Ab+Ba)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2b(Ab+2Ba)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2Bb^2\sqrt{x}$	48
gosper	$-\frac{2(-15x^3Bb^2+15x^2b^2A+30Bax^2b+10abAx+5a^2Bx+3a^2A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	52
trager	$-\frac{2(-15x^3Bb^2+15x^2b^2A+30Bax^2b+10abAx+5a^2Bx+3a^2A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	52
risch	$-\frac{2(-15x^3Bb^2+15x^2b^2A+30Bax^2b+10abAx+5a^2Bx+3a^2A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	52
orering	$-\frac{2(-15x^3Bb^2+15x^2b^2A+30Bax^2b+10abAx+5a^2Bx+3a^2A)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}(bx+a)^2}$	75

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/5*a^2*A/x^(5/2)-2/3*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^(3/2)-2*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^(1/2)+2*B*b^2*x^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(15Bb^2x^3 - 3Aa^2 - 15(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 - 5(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x)}{15x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$2/15*(15*B*b^2*x^3 - 3*A*a^2 - 15*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 - 5*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^(5/2)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa^2}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{4Aab}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2Ab^2}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2Ba^2}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{4Bab}{\sqrt{x}} + 2Bb^2\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)/x**(7/2),x)`

output
$$-2*A*a**2/(5*x**(5/2)) - 4*A*a*b/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*A*b**2/sqrt(x) - 2*B*a**2/(3*x**(3/2)) - 4*B*a*b/sqrt(x) + 2*B*b**2*sqrt(x)$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^{7/2}} dx = 2Bb^2\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(3Aa^2 + 15(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 5(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x)}{15x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*B*b^2*sqrt(x) - 2/15*(3*A*a^2 + 15*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 5*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^(5/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^{7/2}} dx = 2Bb^2\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(30Babx^2 + 15Ab^2x^2 + 5Ba^2x + 10Aabx + 3Aa^2)}{15x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*B*b^2*sqrt(x) - 2/15*(30*B*a*b*x^2 + 15*A*b^2*x^2 + 5*B*a^2*x + 10*A*a*b*x + 3*A*a^2)/x^(5/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^{7/2}} dx = 2Bb^2\sqrt{x} - \frac{x^2(2Ab^2 + 4Bab) + \frac{2Aa^2}{5} + x\left(\frac{2Ba^2}{3} + \frac{4Aba}{3}\right)}{x^{5/2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x))/x^(7/2),x)`

output `2*B*b^2*x^(1/2) - (x^2*(2*A*b^2 + 4*B*a*b) + (2*A*a^2)/5 + x*((2*B*a^2)/3 + (4*A*a*b)/3))/x^(5/2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2b^3x^3 - 6ab^2x^2 - 2a^2bx - \frac{2}{5}a^3}{\sqrt{x}x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(7/2),x)`

output `(2*(- a**3 - 5*a**2*b*x - 15*a*b**2*x**2 + 5*b**3*x**3))/(5*sqrt(x)*x**2)`

3.366 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2848
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2848
Rubi [A] (verified)	2849
Maple [A] (verified)	2850
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2851
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2851
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2852
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2852
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2853
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2853

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^2A}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{2a(2Ab+aB)}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2b(Ab+2aB)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2b^2B}{\sqrt{x}}$$

output `-2/7*a^2*A/x^(7/2)-2/5*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^(5/2)-2/3*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^(3/2)-2*b^2*B/x^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(35b^2x^2(A+3Bx)+14abx(3A+5Bx)+3a^2(5A+7Bx))}{105x^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2))/x^(9/2),x]`

output `(-2*(35*b^2*x^2*(A+3*B*x)+14*a*b*x*(3*A+5*B*x)+3*a^2*(5*A+7*B*x)))/(105*x^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)(A + Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\
 & \int \frac{b^2(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2} b^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{a^2 A}{x^{9/2}} + \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{b(2aB + Ab)}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{b^2 B}{x^{3/2}} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{2a^2 A}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{2a(aB + 2Ab)}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2b(2aB + Ab)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2b^2 B}{\sqrt{x}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2))/x^(9/2),x]`

output `(-2*a^2*A)/(7*x^(7/2)) - (2*a*(2*A*b + a*B))/(5*x^(5/2)) - (2*b*(A*b + 2*a*B))/(3*x^(3/2)) - (2*b^2*B)/Sqrt[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 85 $\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)) * ((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)} * ((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2a^2 A}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{2a(2Ab+Ba)}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2b(Ab+2Ba)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2Bb^2}{\sqrt{x}}$	48
default	$-\frac{2a^2 A}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{2a(2Ab+Ba)}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2b(Ab+2Ba)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2Bb^2}{\sqrt{x}}$	48
gosper	$-\frac{2(105x^3 B b^2 + 35x^2 b^2 A + 70Ba x^2 b + 42abAx + 21a^2 Bx + 15a^2 A)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	52
trager	$-\frac{2(105x^3 B b^2 + 35x^2 b^2 A + 70Ba x^2 b + 42abAx + 21a^2 Bx + 15a^2 A)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	52
risch	$-\frac{2(105x^3 B b^2 + 35x^2 b^2 A + 70Ba x^2 b + 42abAx + 21a^2 Bx + 15a^2 A)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	52
orering	$-\frac{2(105x^3 B b^2 + 35x^2 b^2 A + 70Ba x^2 b + 42abAx + 21a^2 Bx + 15a^2 A)(b^2 x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}(bx+a)^2}$	75

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/7*a^2*A/x^(7/2)-2/5*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^(5/2)-2/3*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^(3/2)-2*B*b^2/x^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(105Bb^2x^3 + 15Aa^2 + 35(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 21(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x)}{105x^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-2/105*(105*B*b^2*x^3 + 15*A*a^2 + 35*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 21*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^(7/2)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa^2}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{4Aab}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2Ab^2}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2Ba^2}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{4Bab}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2Bb^2}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)/x**(9/2),x)`

output
$$-2*A*a**2/(7*x**(7/2)) - 4*A*a*b/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*A*b**2/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B*a**2/(5*x**(5/2)) - 4*B*a*b/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B*b**2/sqrt(x)$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(105Bb^2x^3 + 15Aa^2 + 35(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 21(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x)}{105x^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2/105*(105*B*b^2*x^3 + 15*A*a^2 + 35*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 21*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^(7/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(105Bb^2x^3 + 70Babx^2 + 35Ab^2x^2 + 21Ba^2x + 42Aabx + 15Aa^2)}{105x^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2/105*(105*B*b^2*x^3 + 70*B*a*b*x^2 + 35*A*b^2*x^2 + 21*B*a^2*x + 42*A*a*b*x + 15*A*a^2)/x^(7/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{x^2 \left(\frac{2Ab^2}{3} + \frac{4Bab}{3} \right) + \frac{2Aa^2}{7} + x \left(\frac{2Ba^2}{5} + \frac{4Aba}{5} \right) + 2Bb^2x^3}{x^{7/2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x))/x^(9/2),x)`output `-(x^2*((2*A*b^2)/3 + (4*B*a*b)/3) + (2*A*a^2)/7 + x*((2*B*a^2)/5 + (4*A*a*b)/5) + 2*B*b^2*x^3)/x^(7/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{-2b^3x^3 - 2ab^2x^2 - \frac{6}{5}a^2bx - \frac{2}{7}a^3}{\sqrt{x}x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)/x^(9/2),x)`output `(2*(-5*a**3 - 21*a**2*b*x - 35*a*b**2*x**2 - 35*b**3*x**3))/(35*sqrt(x)*x**3)`

3.367 $\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2854
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2854
Rubi [A] (verified)	2855
Maple [A] (verified)	2857
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2857
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2858
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2858
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2859
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2859
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2860

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2}{9}a^4Ax^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}a^3(4Ab + aB)x^{11/2} + \frac{4}{13}a^2b(3Ab + 2aB)x^{13/2} + \frac{4}{15}ab^2(2Ab + 3aB)x^{15/2} + \frac{2}{17}b^3(Ab + 4aB)x^{17/2} + \frac{2}{19}b^4Bx^{19/2}$$

output

```
2/9*a^4*A*x^(9/2)+2/11*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)*x^(11/2)+4/13*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)*x^(13/2)+4/15*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(15/2)+2/17*b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)*x^(17/2)+2/19*b^4*B*x^(19/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2x^{9/2}(20995a^4(11A + 9Bx) + 58140a^3bx(13A + 11Bx) + 63954a^2b^2x^2(15A + 13Bx) + 32600ab^3x^3 + 1900b^4x^4)}{2078505}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(7/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2x^{9/2}(20995a^4(11A + 9Bx) + 58140a^3bx(13A + 11Bx) + 63954a^2b^2x^2(15A + 13Bx) + 32604ab^3x^3(17A + 15Bx) + 6435b^4x^4(19A + 17Bx)))/2078505}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{7/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\frac{\int b^4x^{7/2}(a + bx)^4(A + Bx)dx}{b^4}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx)^4(A + Bx)dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(a^4Ax^{7/2} + a^3x^{9/2}(aB + 4Ab) + 2a^2bx^{11/2}(2aB + 3Ab) + b^3x^{15/2}(4aB + Ab) + 2ab^2x^{13/2}(3aB + 2Ab) + b^4Bx^{19/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{9}a^4Ax^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}a^3x^{11/2}(aB + 4Ab) + \frac{4}{13}a^2bx^{13/2}(2aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{17}b^3x^{17/2}(4aB + Ab) + \frac{4}{15}ab^2x^{15/2}(3aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{19}b^4Bx^{19/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(7/2)}*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2a^4Ax^{9/2})}{9} + \frac{(2a^3(4Ab + aB)x^{11/2})}{11} + \frac{(4a^2b(3Ab + 2aB)x^{13/2})}{13} + \frac{(4ab^2(2Ab + 3aB)x^{15/2})}{15} + \frac{(2b^3(Ab + 4aB)x^{17/2})}{17} + \frac{(2b^4Bx^{19/2})}{19}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_) \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 85

$$\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$$

rule 1184

$$\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(109395b^4Bx^5+122265Ab^4x^4+489060Bab^3x^4+554268Aab^3x^3+831402Ba^2b^2x^3+959310Aa^2b^2x^2+639540Bab^2x+2078505)}{2078505}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^4Bx^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19} + \frac{2(Ab^4+4Bab^3)x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2(4Aab^3+6Ba^2b^2)x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(6a^2Ab^2+4Ba^3b)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(4Aa^3b+a^4B)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$
default	$\frac{2b^4Bx^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19} + \frac{2(Ab^4+4Bab^3)x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2(4Aab^3+6Ba^2b^2)x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(6a^2Ab^2+4Ba^3b)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(4Aa^3b+a^4B)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(109395b^4Bx^5+122265Ab^4x^4+489060Bab^3x^4+554268Aab^3x^3+831402Ba^2b^2x^3+959310Aa^2b^2x^2+639540Bab^2x+2078505)}{2078505}$
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(109395b^4Bx^5+122265Ab^4x^4+489060Bab^3x^4+554268Aab^3x^3+831402Ba^2b^2x^3+959310Aa^2b^2x^2+639540Bab^2x+2078505)}{2078505}$
orering	$\frac{2(109395b^4Bx^5+122265Ab^4x^4+489060Bab^3x^4+554268Aab^3x^3+831402Ba^2b^2x^3+959310Aa^2b^2x^2+639540Bab^2x+2078505)(bx+a)^4}{2078505(bx+a)^4}$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/2078505*x^(9/2)*(109395*B*b^4*x^5+122265*A*b^4*x^4+489060*B*a*b^3*x^4+554268*A*a*b^3*x^3+831402*B*a^2*b^2*x^3+959310*A*a^2*b^2*x^2+639540*B*a^3*b*x^2+755820*A*a^3*b*x+188955*B*a^4*x+230945*A*a^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2}{2078505} (109395 Bb^4x^9 + 230945 Aa^4x^4 + 122265 (4 Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^8 + 277134 (3 Ba^2b^2 + 2$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/2078505*(109395*B*b^4*x^9 + 230945*A*a^4*x^4 + 122265*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^8 + 277134*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^7 + 319770*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^6 + 188955*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x^5)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2Aa^4x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{8Aa^3bx^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{12Aa^2b^2x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{8Aab^3x^{15/2}}{15} + \frac{2Ab^4x^{17/2}}{17} + \frac{2Ba^4x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{8Ba^3bx^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{4Ba^2b^2x^{15/2}}{5} + \frac{8Bab^3x^{17/2}}{17} + \frac{2Bb^4x^{19/2}}{19}$$

input `integrate(x**(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)`output `2*A*a**4*x**(9/2)/9 + 8*A*a**3*b*x**(11/2)/11 + 12*A*a**2*b**2*x**(13/2)/13 + 8*A*a*b**3*x**(15/2)/15 + 2*A*b**4*x**(17/2)/17 + 2*B*a**4*x**(11/2)/11 + 8*B*a**3*b*x**(13/2)/13 + 4*B*a**2*b**2*x**(15/2)/5 + 8*B*a*b**3*x**(17/2)/17 + 2*B*b**4*x**(19/2)/19`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2}{19}Bb^4x^{19/2} + \frac{2}{9}Aa^4x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{17}(4Bab^3+Ab^4)x^{17/2} + \frac{4}{15}(3Ba^2b^2+2Aab^3)x^{15/2} + \frac{4}{13}(2Ba^3b+3Aa^2b^2)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{11}(Ba^4+4Aa^3b)x^{11/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/19*B*b^4*x^(19/2) + 2/9*A*a^4*x^(9/2) + 2/17*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^(17/2) + 4/15*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^(15/2) + 4/13*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^(13/2) + 2/11*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x^(11/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2}{19}Bb^4x^{19/2} + \frac{8}{17}Bab^3x^{17/2} \\ + \frac{2}{17}Ab^4x^{17/2} + \frac{4}{5}Ba^2b^2x^{15/2} + \frac{8}{15}Aab^3x^{15/2} + \frac{8}{13}Ba^3bx^{13/2} \\ + \frac{12}{13}Aa^2b^2x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{11}Ba^4x^{11/2} + \frac{8}{11}Aa^3bx^{11/2} + \frac{2}{9}Aa^4x^{9/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output $2/19*B*b^4*x^{19/2} + 8/17*B*a*b^3*x^{17/2} + 2/17*A*b^4*x^{17/2} + 4/5*B*a^2*b^2*x^{15/2} + 8/15*A*a*b^3*x^{15/2} + 8/13*B*a^3*b*x^{13/2} + 12/13*A*a^2*b^2*x^{13/2} + 2/11*B*a^4*x^{11/2} + 8/11*A*a^3*b*x^{11/2} + 2/9*A*a^4*x^{9/2}$ **Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = x^{11/2}\left(\frac{2Ba^4}{11} + \frac{8Aba^3}{11}\right) \\ + x^{17/2}\left(\frac{2Ab^4}{17} + \frac{8Bab^3}{17}\right) + \frac{2Aa^4x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{2Bb^4x^{19/2}}{19} + \frac{4a^2bx^{13/2}(3Ab+2Ba)}{13} + \frac{4ab^2x^{15/2}(2Ab+3Ba)}{15}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2,x)`output $x^{11/2}*((2*B*a^4)/11 + (8*A*a^3*b)/11) + x^{17/2}*((2*A*b^4)/17 + (8*B*a*b^3)/17) + (2*A*a^4*x^{9/2})/9 + (2*B*b^4*x^{19/2})/19 + (4*a^2*b*x^{13/2}*(3*A*b + 2*B*a))/13 + (4*a*b^2*x^{15/2}*(2*A*b + 3*B*a))/15$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^4(21879b^5x^5 + 122265ab^4x^4 + 277134a^2b^3x^3 + 319770a^3b^2x^2 + 188955a^4bx + 46189a^5)}{415701}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**4*(46189*a**5 + 188955*a**4*b*x + 319770*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 277134*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 122265*a*b**4*x**4 + 21879*b**5*x**5))/415701`

3.368 $\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2861
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2861
Rubi [A] (verified)	2862
Maple [A] (verified)	2864
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2864
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2865
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2865
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2866
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2866
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2867

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2}{7}a^4Ax^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}a^3(4Ab + aB)x^{9/2} + \frac{4}{11}a^2b(3Ab + 2aB)x^{11/2} + \frac{4}{13}ab^2(2Ab + 3aB)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{15}b^3(Ab + 4aB)x^{15/2} + \frac{2}{17}b^4Bx^{17/2}$$

output

```
2/7*a^4*A*x^(7/2)+2/9*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)*x^(9/2)+4/11*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)*x^(11/2)+4/13*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(13/2)+2/15*b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)*x^(15/2)+2/17*b^4*B*x^(17/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2x^{7/2}(12155a^4(9A + 7Bx) + 30940a^3bx(11A + 9Bx) + 32130a^2b^2x^2(13A + 11Bx) + 15708ab^3x^3 + 15708b^4x^4)}{765765}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(2*x^(7/2)*(12155*a^4*(9*A + 7*B*x) + 30940*a^3*b*x*(11*A + 9*B*x) + 32130
*a^2*b^2*x^2*(13*A + 11*B*x) + 15708*a*b^3*x^3*(15*A + 13*B*x) + 3003*b^4*
x^4*(17*A + 15*B*x)))/765765
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\frac{\int b^4 x^{5/2} (a + bx)^4 (A + Bx) dx}{b^4}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int x^{5/2} (a + bx)^4 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(a^4 A x^{5/2} + a^3 x^{7/2} (aB + 4Ab) + 2a^2 b x^{9/2} (2aB + 3Ab) + b^3 x^{13/2} (4aB + Ab) + 2ab^2 x^{11/2} (3aB + 2Ab) + b^4 B x^{17/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{7} a^4 A x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9} a^3 x^{9/2} (aB + 4Ab) + \frac{4}{11} a^2 b x^{11/2} (2aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{15} b^3 x^{15/2} (4aB + Ab) + \frac{4}{13} ab^2 x^{13/2} (3aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{17} b^4 B x^{17/2}$$

input

```
Int [x^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]
```

output $(2*a^4*A*x^{(7/2)})/7 + (2*a^3*(4*A*b + a*B)*x^{(9/2)})/9 + (4*a^2*b*(3*A*b + 2*a*B)*x^{(11/2)})/11 + (4*a*b^2*(2*A*b + 3*a*B)*x^{(13/2)})/13 + (2*b^3*(A*b + 4*a*B)*x^{(15/2)})/15 + (2*b^4*B*x^{(17/2)})/17$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(45045b^4Bx^5+51051Ab^4x^4+204204Bab^3x^4+235620Aab^3x^3+353430Ba^2b^2x^3+417690Aa^2b^2x^2+278460Ba^3x^2+340340Aa^3bx+85085Ba^4x+109395Aa^4)}{765765}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^4Bx^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2(Ab^4+4Bab^3)x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(4Aab^3+6Ba^2b^2)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(6a^2Ab^2+4Ba^3b)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(4Aa^3b+a^4B)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$
default	$\frac{2b^4Bx^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2(Ab^4+4Bab^3)x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(4Aab^3+6Ba^2b^2)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(6a^2Ab^2+4Ba^3b)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(4Aa^3b+a^4B)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(45045b^4Bx^5+51051Ab^4x^4+204204Bab^3x^4+235620Aab^3x^3+353430Ba^2b^2x^3+417690Aa^2b^2x^2+278460Ba^3x^2+340340Aa^3bx+85085Ba^4x+109395Aa^4)}{765765}$
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(45045b^4Bx^5+51051Ab^4x^4+204204Bab^3x^4+235620Aab^3x^3+353430Ba^2b^2x^3+417690Aa^2b^2x^2+278460Ba^3x^2+340340Aa^3bx+85085Ba^4x+109395Aa^4)}{765765}$
orering	$\frac{2(45045b^4Bx^5+51051Ab^4x^4+204204Bab^3x^4+235620Aab^3x^3+353430Ba^2b^2x^3+417690Aa^2b^2x^2+278460Ba^3x^2+340340Aa^3bx+85085Ba^4x+109395Aa^4)}{765765(bx+a)^4}$

```
input int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/765765*x^(7/2)*(45045*B*b^4*x^5+51051*A*b^4*x^4+204204*B*a*b^3*x^4+235620*A*a*b^3*x^3+353430*B*a^2*b^2*x^3+417690*A*a^2*b^2*x^2+278460*B*a^3*b*x^2+340340*A*a^3*b*x+85085*B*a^4*x+109395*A*a^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2}{765765} (45045 Bb^4x^8 + 109395 Aa^4x^3 + 51051 (4 Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^7 + 117810 (3 Ba^2b^2 + 2 Aab^3)x^6 + 139230 (2 B a^3b + 3 A a^2b^2)x^5 + 85085 (B a^4 + 4 A a^3b)x^4) \sqrt{x}$$

```
input integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/765765*(45045*B*b^4*x^8 + 109395*A*a^4*x^3 + 51051*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^7 + 117810*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^6 + 139230*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^5 + 85085*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x^4)*sqrt(x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2Aa^4x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{8Aa^3bx^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{12Aa^2b^2x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{8Aab^3x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{2Ab^4x^{15/2}}{15} + \frac{2Ba^4x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{8Ba^3bx^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{12Ba^2b^2x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{8Bab^3x^{15/2}}{15} + \frac{2Bb^4x^{17/2}}{17}$$

input `integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)`output `2*A*a**4*x**(7/2)/7 + 8*A*a**3*b*x**(9/2)/9 + 12*A*a**2*b**2*x**(11/2)/11 + 8*A*a*b**3*x**(13/2)/13 + 2*A*b**4*x**(15/2)/15 + 2*B*a**4*x**(9/2)/9 + 8*B*a**3*b*x**(11/2)/11 + 12*B*a**2*b**2*x**(13/2)/13 + 8*B*a*b**3*x**(15/2)/15 + 2*B*b**4*x**(17/2)/17`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2}{17}Bb^4x^{17/2} + \frac{2}{7}Aa^4x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{15}(4Bab^3+Ab^4)x^{15/2} + \frac{4}{13}(3Ba^2b^2+2Aab^3)x^{13/2} + \frac{4}{11}(2Ba^3b+3Aa^2b^2)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{9}(Ba^4+4Aa^3b)x^{9/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/17*B*b^4*x^(17/2) + 2/7*A*a^4*x^(7/2) + 2/15*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^(15/2) + 4/13*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^(13/2) + 4/11*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^(11/2) + 2/9*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x^(9/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2}{17} Bb^4x^{17/2} + \frac{8}{15} Bab^3x^{15/2} + \frac{2}{15} Ab^4x^{15/2} + \frac{12}{13} Ba^2b^2x^{13/2} + \frac{8}{13} Aab^3x^{13/2} + \frac{8}{11} Ba^3bx^{11/2} + \frac{12}{11} Aa^2b^2x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{9} Ba^4x^{9/2} + \frac{8}{9} Aa^3bx^{9/2} + \frac{2}{7} Aa^4x^{7/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/17*B*b^4*x^(17/2) + 8/15*B*a*b^3*x^(15/2) + 2/15*A*b^4*x^(15/2) + 12/13*B*a^2*b^2*x^(13/2) + 8/13*A*a*b^3*x^(13/2) + 8/11*B*a^3*b*x^(11/2) + 12/11*A*a^2*b^2*x^(11/2) + 2/9*B*a^4*x^(9/2) + 8/9*A*a^3*b*x^(9/2) + 2/7*A*a^4*x^(7/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = x^{9/2} \left(\frac{2Ba^4}{9} + \frac{8Aba^3}{9} \right) + x^{15/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^4}{15} + \frac{8Bab^3}{15} \right) + \frac{2Aa^4x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2Bb^4x^{17/2}}{17} + \frac{4a^2bx^{11/2}(3Ab+2Ba)}{11} + \frac{4ab^2x^{13/2}(2Ab+3Ba)}{13}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2,x)`

output `x^(9/2)*((2*B*a^4)/9 + (8*A*a^3*b)/9) + x^(15/2)*((2*A*b^4)/15 + (8*B*a*b^3)/15) + (2*A*a^4*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*B*b^4*x^(17/2))/17 + (4*a^2*b*x^(11/2))*(3*A*b + 2*B*a)/11 + (4*a*b^2*x^(13/2))*(2*A*b + 3*B*a)/13`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^3(9009b^5x^5 + 51051ab^4x^4 + 117810a^2b^3x^3 + 139230a^3b^2x^2 + 85085a^4bx + 21879a^5)}{153153}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**3*(21879*a**5 + 85085*a**4*b*x + 139230*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 117810*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 51051*a*b**4*x**4 + 9009*b**5*x**5))/153153`

3.369 $\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2868
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2868
Rubi [A] (verified)	2869
Maple [A] (verified)	2871
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2871
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2872
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2872
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2873
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2873
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2874

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2}{5}a^4Ax^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}a^3(4Ab + aB)x^{7/2} + \frac{4}{9}a^2b(3Ab + 2aB)x^{9/2} + \frac{4}{11}ab^2(2Ab + 3aB)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{13}b^3(Ab + 4aB)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{15}b^4Bx^{15/2}$$

```
output 2/5*a^4*A*x^(5/2)+2/7*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)*x^(7/2)+4/9*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)*x^(9/2)+4/11*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(11/2)+2/13*b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)*x^(13/2)+2/15*b^4*B*x^(15/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2x^{5/2}(1287a^4(7A + 5Bx) + 2860a^3bx(9A + 7Bx) + 2730a^2b^2x^2(11A + 9Bx) + 1260ab^3x^3(11A + 9Bx) + 1260a^2b^4x^4)}{45045}$$

```
input Integrate[x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(2*x^(5/2)*(1287*a^4*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 2860*a^3*b*x*(9*A + 7*B*x) + 2730*a^2*b^2*x^2*(11*A + 9*B*x) + 1260*a*b^3*x^3*(13*A + 11*B*x) + 231*b^4*x^4*(15*A + 13*B*x)))/45045
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\frac{\int b^4 x^{3/2} (a + bx)^4 (A + Bx) dx}{b^4}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int x^{3/2} (a + bx)^4 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(a^4 A x^{3/2} + a^3 x^{5/2} (aB + 4Ab) + 2a^2 b x^{7/2} (2aB + 3Ab) + b^3 x^{11/2} (4aB + Ab) + 2ab^2 x^{9/2} (3aB + 2Ab) + b^4 B x^{15/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{5} a^4 A x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7} a^3 x^{7/2} (aB + 4Ab) + \frac{4}{9} a^2 b x^{9/2} (2aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{13} b^3 x^{13/2} (4aB + Ab) + \frac{4}{11} ab^2 x^{11/2} (3aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{15} b^4 B x^{15/2}$$

input

```
Int [x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]
```

output $(2a^4Ax^{5/2})/5 + (2a^3(4Ab + aB)x^{7/2})/7 + (4a^2b(3Ab + 2aB)x^{9/2})/9 + (4ab^2(2Ab + 3aB)x^{11/2})/11 + (2b^3(Ab + 4aB)x^{13/2})/13 + (2b^4Bx^{15/2})/15$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(3003b^4Bx^5+3465Ab^4x^4+13860Bab^3x^4+16380Aab^3x^3+24570Ba^2b^2x^3+30030Aa^2b^2x^2+20020Ba^3bx^2+25740Aa^3bx+6435Ba^4x+9009Aa^4)}{45045}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^4Bx^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(Ab^4+4Bab^3)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(4Aab^3+6Ba^2b^2)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(6a^2Ab^2+4Ba^3b)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(4Aa^3b+a^4B)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$
default	$\frac{2b^4Bx^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(Ab^4+4Bab^3)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(4Aab^3+6Ba^2b^2)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(6a^2Ab^2+4Ba^3b)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(4Aa^3b+a^4B)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(3003b^4Bx^5+3465Ab^4x^4+13860Bab^3x^4+16380Aab^3x^3+24570Ba^2b^2x^3+30030Aa^2b^2x^2+20020Ba^3bx^2+25740Aa^3bx+6435Ba^4x+9009Aa^4)}{45045}$
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(3003b^4Bx^5+3465Ab^4x^4+13860Bab^3x^4+16380Aab^3x^3+24570Ba^2b^2x^3+30030Aa^2b^2x^2+20020Ba^3bx^2+25740Aa^3bx+6435Ba^4x+9009Aa^4)}{45045}$
orering	$\frac{2(3003b^4Bx^5+3465Ab^4x^4+13860Bab^3x^4+16380Aab^3x^3+24570Ba^2b^2x^3+30030Aa^2b^2x^2+20020Ba^3bx^2+25740Aa^3bx+6435Ba^4x+9009Aa^4)}{45045(bx+a)^4}$

```
input int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/45045*x^(5/2)*(3003*B*b^4*x^5+3465*A*b^4*x^4+13860*B*a*b^3*x^4+16380*A*a*b^3*x^3+24570*B*a^2*b^2*x^3+30030*A*a^2*b^2*x^2+20020*B*a^3*b*x^2+25740*A*a^3*b*x+6435*B*a^4*x+9009*A*a^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2}{45045} (3003 Bb^4x^7 + 9009 Aa^4x^2 + 3465 (4 Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^6 + 8190 (3 Ba^2b^2 + 2 Aab^3)x^5 + \dots)$$

```
input integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/45045*(3003*B*b^4*x^7 + 9009*A*a^4*x^2 + 3465*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^6 + 8190*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^5 + 10010*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^4 + 6435*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x^3)*sqrt(x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2Aa^4x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{8Aa^3bx^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{4Aa^2b^2x^{9/2}}{3} + \frac{8Aab^3x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{2Ab^4x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{2Ba^4x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{8Ba^3bx^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{12Ba^2b^2x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{8Bab^3x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{2Bb^4x^{15/2}}{15}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)`output `2*A*a**4*x**(5/2)/5 + 8*A*a**3*b*x**(7/2)/7 + 4*A*a**2*b**2*x**(9/2)/3 + 8*A*a*b**3*x**(11/2)/11 + 2*A*b**4*x**(13/2)/13 + 2*B*a**4*x**(7/2)/7 + 8*B*a**3*b*x**(9/2)/9 + 12*B*a**2*b**2*x**(11/2)/11 + 8*B*a*b**3*x**(13/2)/13 + 2*B*b**4*x**(15/2)/15`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2}{15}Bb^4x^{15/2} + \frac{2}{5}Aa^4x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{13}(4Bab^3+Ab^4)x^{13/2} + \frac{4}{11}(3Ba^2b^2+2Aab^3)x^{11/2} + \frac{4}{9}(2Ba^3b+3Aa^2b^2)x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{7}(Ba^4+4Aa^3b)x^{7/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/15*B*b^4*x^(15/2) + 2/5*A*a^4*x^(5/2) + 2/13*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^(13/2) + 4/11*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^(11/2) + 4/9*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^(9/2) + 2/7*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x^(7/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2}{15} Bb^4x^{15/2} + \frac{8}{13} Bab^3x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{13} Ab^4x^{13/2} + \frac{12}{11} Ba^2b^2x^{11/2} + \frac{8}{11} Aab^3x^{11/2} + \frac{8}{9} Ba^3bx^9/2 + \frac{4}{3} Aa^2b^2x^9/2 + \frac{2}{7} Ba^4x^7/2 + \frac{8}{7} Aa^3bx^7/2 + \frac{2}{5} Aa^4x^5/2$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*B*b^4*x^(15/2) + 8/13*B*a*b^3*x^(13/2) + 2/13*A*b^4*x^(13/2) + 12/11*B*a^2*b^2*x^(11/2) + 8/11*A*a*b^3*x^(11/2) + 8/9*B*a^3*b*x^(9/2) + 4/3*A*a^2*b^2*x^(9/2) + 2/7*B*a^4*x^(7/2) + 8/7*A*a^3*b*x^(7/2) + 2/5*A*a^4*x^(5/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = x^{7/2} \left(\frac{2Ba^4}{7} + \frac{8Aba^3}{7} \right) + x^{13/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^4}{13} + \frac{8Bab^3}{13} \right) + \frac{2Aa^4x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{2Bb^4x^{15/2}}{15} + \frac{4a^2bx^{9/2}(3Ab+2Ba)}{9} + \frac{4ab^2x^{11/2}(2Ab+3B)}{11}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x)*(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^2,x)`

output `x^(7/2)*((2*B*a^4)/7 + (8*A*a^3*b)/7) + x^(13/2)*((2*A*b^4)/13 + (8*B*a*b^3)/13) + (2*A*a^4*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*B*b^4*x^(15/2))/15 + (4*a^2*b*x^(9/2)*(3*A*b + 2*B*a))/9 + (4*a*b^2*x^(11/2)*(2*A*b + 3*B*a))/11`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^2(3003b^5x^5 + 17325ab^4x^4 + 40950a^2b^3x^3 + 50050a^3b^2x^2 + 32175a^4bx + 9009a^5)}{45045}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**2*(9009*a**5 + 32175*a**4*b*x + 50050*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 40950*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 17325*a*b**4*x**4 + 3003*b**5*x**5))/45045`

3.370 $\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2875
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2875
Rubi [A] (verified)	2876
Maple [A] (verified)	2878
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2878
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2879
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2879
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2880
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2880
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2881

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{3}a^4Ax^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}a^3(4Ab + aB)x^{5/2}$$

$$+ \frac{4}{7}a^2b(3Ab + 2aB)x^{7/2} + \frac{4}{9}ab^2(2Ab + 3aB)x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}b^3(Ab + 4aB)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{13}b^4Bx^{13/2}$$

output

$2/3*a^4*A*x^(3/2)+2/5*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)*x^(5/2)+4/7*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)*x^(7/2)+4/9*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(9/2)+2/11*b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)*x^(11/2)+2/13*b^4*B*x^(13/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^{3/2}(3003a^4(5A + 3Bx) + 5148a^3bx(7A + 5Bx) + 4290a^2b^2x^2(9A + 7Bx) + 1820ab^3x^3(11A + 9Bx) + 45045b^4Bx^4)}{45045}$$

input

`Integrate[Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output

```
(2*x^(3/2)*(3003*a^4*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 5148*a^3*b*x*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 4290*a^2
*b^2*x^2*(9*A + 7*B*x) + 1820*a*b^3*x^3*(11*A + 9*B*x) + 315*b^4*x^4*(13*A
+ 11*B*x)))/45045
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\frac{\int b^4 \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^4 (A + Bx) dx}{b^4}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^4 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(a^4 A \sqrt{x} + a^3 x^{3/2} (aB + 4Ab) + 2a^2 b x^{5/2} (2aB + 3Ab) + b^3 x^{9/2} (4aB + Ab) + 2ab^2 x^{7/2} (3aB + 2Ab) + b^4 B x^{11/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{3} a^4 A x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5} a^3 x^{5/2} (aB + 4Ab) + \frac{4}{7} a^2 b x^{7/2} (2aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{11} b^3 x^{11/2} (4aB + Ab) + \frac{4}{9} ab^2 x^{9/2} (3aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{13} b^4 B x^{13/2}$$

input

```
Int [Sqrt [x] * (A + B*x) * (a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2, x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2a^4Ax^{3/2})}{3} + \frac{(2a^3(4Ab + aB)x^{5/2})}{5} + \frac{(4a^2b(3Ab + 2aB)x^{7/2})}{7} + \frac{(4ab^2(2Ab + 3aB)x^{9/2})}{9} + \frac{(2b^3(Ab + 4aB)x^{11/2})}{11} + \frac{(2b^4Bx^{13/2})}{13}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(3465b^4Bx^5+4095Ab^4x^4+16380Bab^3x^4+20020Aab^3x^3+30030Ba^2b^2x^3+38610Aa^2b^2x^2+25740Ba^3bx^2+36036Aa^3bx+36036Aa^4)}{45045}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^4Bx^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(Ab^4+4Bab^3)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(4Aab^3+6Ba^2b^2)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(6a^2Ab^2+4Ba^3b)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(4Aa^3b+a^4B)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(4Aa^3b+a^4B)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$
default	$\frac{2b^4Bx^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(Ab^4+4Bab^3)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(4Aab^3+6Ba^2b^2)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(6a^2Ab^2+4Ba^3b)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(4Aa^3b+a^4B)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(4Aa^3b+a^4B)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(3465b^4Bx^5+4095Ab^4x^4+16380Bab^3x^4+20020Aab^3x^3+30030Ba^2b^2x^3+38610Aa^2b^2x^2+25740Ba^3bx^2+36036Aa^3bx+36036Aa^4)}{45045}$
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(3465b^4Bx^5+4095Ab^4x^4+16380Bab^3x^4+20020Aab^3x^3+30030Ba^2b^2x^3+38610Aa^2b^2x^2+25740Ba^3bx^2+36036Aa^3bx+36036Aa^4)}{45045}$
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(3465b^4Bx^5+4095Ab^4x^4+16380Bab^3x^4+20020Aab^3x^3+30030Ba^2b^2x^3+38610Aa^2b^2x^2+25740Ba^3bx^2+36036Aa^3bx+36036Aa^4)}{45045(bx+a)^4}$

```
input int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/45045*x^(3/2)*(3465*B*b^4*x^5+4095*A*b^4*x^4+16380*B*a*b^3*x^4+20020*A*a
*b^3*x^3+30030*B*a^2*b^2*x^3+38610*A*a^2*b^2*x^2+25740*B*a^3*b*x^2+36036*A
*a^3*b*x+9009*B*a^4*x+15015*A*a^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{45045} (3465 Bb^4x^6 + 15015 Aa^4x + 4095 (4 Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^5 + 10010 (3 Ba^2b^2 + 2 Aab^3)x^4 + 12870 (2 B$$

```
input integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/45045*(3465*B*b^4*x^6 + 15015*A*a^4*x + 4095*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^5 + 1
0010*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^4 + 12870*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^3 +
9009*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x^2)*sqrt(x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2Aa^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bb^4x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2x^{\frac{11}{2}}(Ab^4+4Bab^3)}{11} + \frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}} \cdot (4Aab^3+6Ba^2b^2)}{9} + \frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}} \cdot (6Aa^2b^2+4Ba^3b)}{7} + \frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}} \cdot (4Aa^3b+Ba^4)}{5}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)`output `2*A*a**4*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*b**4*x**(13/2)/13 + 2*x**(11/2)*(A*b**4 + 4*B*a*b**3)/11 + 2*x**(9/2)*(4*A*a*b**3 + 6*B*a**2*b**2)/9 + 2*x**(7/2)*(6*A*a**2*b**2 + 4*B*a**3*b)/7 + 2*x**(5/2)*(4*A*a**3*b + B*a**4)/5`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2}{13} Bb^4x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} Aa^4x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{2}{11} (4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{4}{9} (3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{4}{7} (2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{5} (Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)x^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/13*B*b^4*x^(13/2) + 2/3*A*a^4*x^(3/2) + 2/11*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^(11/2) + 4/9*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^(9/2) + 4/7*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^(7/2) + 2/5*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x^(5/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{2}{13}Bb^4x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{8}{11}Bab^3x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{2}{11}Ab^4x^{\frac{11}{2}} \\ + \frac{4}{3}Ba^2b^2x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{8}{9}Aab^3x^{\frac{9}{2}} \\ + \frac{8}{7}Ba^3bx^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{12}{7}Aa^2b^2x^{\frac{7}{2}} \\ + \frac{2}{5}Ba^4x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{8}{5}Aa^3bx^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{3}Aa^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/13*B*b^4*x^(13/2) + 8/11*B*a*b^3*x^(11/2) + 2/11*A*b^4*x^(11/2) + 4/3*B*a^2*b^2*x^(9/2) + 8/9*A*a*b^3*x^(9/2) + 8/7*B*a^3*b*x^(7/2) + 12/7*A*a^2*b^2*x^(7/2) + 2/5*B*a^4*x^(5/2) + 8/5*A*a^3*b*x^(5/2) + 2/3*A*a^4*x^(3/2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 dx = x^{5/2} \left(\frac{2Ba^4}{5} + \frac{8Aba^3}{5} \right) \\ + x^{11/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^4}{11} + \frac{8Bab^3}{11} \right) + \frac{2Aa^4x^{3/2}}{3} \\ + \frac{2Bb^4x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{4a^2bx^{7/2}(3Ab+2Ba)}{7} \\ + \frac{4ab^2x^{9/2}(2Ab+3Ba)}{9}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(A+B*x)*(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^2,x)`output `x^(5/2)*((2*B*a^4)/5 + (8*A*a^3*b)/5) + x^(11/2)*((2*A*b^4)/11 + (8*B*a*b^3)/11) + (2*A*a^4*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*B*b^4*x^(13/2))/13 + (4*a^2*b*x^(7/2)*(3*A*b + 2*B*a))/7 + (4*a*b^2*x^(9/2)*(2*A*b + 3*B*a))/9`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{x}x(693b^5x^5 + 4095ab^4x^4 + 10010a^2b^3x^3 + 12870a^3b^2x^2 + 9009a^4bx + 3003a^5)}{9009}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x*(3003*a**5 + 9009*a**4*b*x + 12870*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 10010*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 4095*a*b**4*x**4 + 693*b**5*x**5))/9009`

3.371
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	2882
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2882
Rubi [A] (verified)	2883
Maple [A] (verified)	2885
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2885
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2886
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2886
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2887
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2887
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2888

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2a^4A\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}a^3(4Ab+aB)x^{3/2} + \frac{4}{5}a^2b(3Ab+2aB)x^{5/2} + \frac{4}{7}ab^2(2Ab+3aB)x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}b^3(Ab+4aB)x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}b^4Bx^{11/2}$$

output

```
2*a^4*A*x^(1/2)+2/3*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)*x^(3/2)+4/5*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)*x^(5/2)
)+4/7*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(7/2)+2/9*b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)*x^(9/2)+2/11*b^4*B*x
^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(1155a^4(3A+Bx) + 924a^3bx(5A+3Bx) + 594a^2b^2x^2(7A+5Bx) + 220ab^3x^3(9A+7Bx) + 35b^4x^4)}{3465}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2)/Sqrt[x], x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[x]*(1155*a^4*(3*A + B*x) + 924*a^3*b*x*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 594*a^2*b^2*x^2*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 220*a*b^3*x^3*(9*A + 7*B*x) + 35*b^4*x^4*(11*A + 9*B*x)))/3465`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{b^4(a+bx)^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{b^4}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^4(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^4 A}{\sqrt{x}} + a^3 \sqrt{x}(aB + 4Ab) + 2a^2 b x^{3/2}(2aB + 3Ab) + b^3 x^{7/2}(4aB + Ab) + 2ab^2 x^{5/2}(3aB + 2Ab) + b^4 B x^{9/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2a^4 A \sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3} a^3 x^{3/2}(aB + 4Ab) + \frac{4}{5} a^2 b x^{5/2}(2aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{9} b^3 x^{9/2}(4aB + Ab) + \frac{4}{7} ab^2 x^{7/2}(3aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{11} b^4 B x^{11/2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2)/Sqrt[x], x]`

output

$$2a^4A\sqrt{x} + (2a^3(4Ab + aB)x^{3/2})/3 + (4a^2b(3Ab + 2aB)x^{5/2})/5 + (4ab^2(2Ab + 3aB)x^{7/2})/7 + (2b^3(Ab + 4aB)x^{9/2})/9 + (2b^4Bx^{11/2})/11$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 85

$$\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_)*}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$$

rule 1184

$$\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*}((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_)*}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
trager	$\left(\frac{2}{11}b^4Bx^5 + \frac{2}{9}Ab^4x^4 + \frac{8}{9}Bab^3x^4 + \frac{8}{7}Aab^3x^3 + \frac{12}{7}Ba^2b^2x^3 + \frac{12}{5}Aa^2b^2x^2 + \frac{8}{5}Ba^3bx^2\right)$
gosper	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(315b^4Bx^5+385Ab^4x^4+1540Bab^3x^4+1980Aab^3x^3+2970Ba^2b^2x^3+4158Aa^2b^2x^2+2772Ba^3bx^2+4620Aa^3b^2x)}{3465}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^4Bx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(Ab^4+4Bab^3)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(4Aab^3+6Ba^2b^2)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(6a^2Ab^2+4Ba^3b)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(4Aa^3b+a^4B)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} +$
default	$\frac{2b^4Bx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(Ab^4+4Bab^3)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(4Aab^3+6Ba^2b^2)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(6a^2Ab^2+4Ba^3b)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(4Aa^3b+a^4B)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} +$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(315b^4Bx^5+385Ab^4x^4+1540Bab^3x^4+1980Aab^3x^3+2970Ba^2b^2x^3+4158Aa^2b^2x^2+2772Ba^3bx^2+4620Aa^3b^2x)}{3465}$
orering	$\frac{2(315b^4Bx^5+385Ab^4x^4+1540Bab^3x^4+1980Aab^3x^3+2970Ba^2b^2x^3+4158Aa^2b^2x^2+2772Ba^3bx^2+4620Aa^3b^2x)}{3465(bx+a)^4}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $(2/11*b^4*B*x^5+2/9*A*b^4*x^4+8/9*B*a*b^3*x^4+8/7*A*a*b^3*x^3+12/7*B*a^2*b^2*x^3+12/5*A*a^2*b^2*x^2+8/5*B*a^3*b*x^2+8/3*A*a^3*b*x+2/3*a^4*B*x+2*a^4*A)*x^(1/2)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{3465} (315 Bb^4x^5 + 3465 Aa^4 + 385 (4 Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^4 + 990 (3 Ba^2b^2 + 2 Aab^3)x^3 + 1386 (2 Ba^3b + 3 Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 1155 (Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)x) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $2/3465*(315*B*b^4*x^5 + 3465*A*a^4 + 385*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 + 990*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 1386*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 1155*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(x)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2Aa^4\sqrt{x} + \frac{8Aa^3bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{12Aa^2b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} \\ + \frac{8Aab^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ab^4x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2Ba^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{8Ba^3bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} \\ + \frac{12Ba^2b^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{8Bab^3x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2Bb^4x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2/x**(1/2),x)`output `2*A*a**4*sqrt(x) + 8*A*a**3*b*x**(3/2)/3 + 12*A*a**2*b**2*x**(5/2)/5 + 8*A
*a*b**3*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*A*b**4*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*B*a**4*x**(3/2)/3 + 8*B*a**3*b
*x**(5/2)/5 + 12*B*a**2*b**2*x**(7/2)/7 + 8*B*a*b**3*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*B*b**
4*x**(11/2)/11`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{11} Bb^4x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 2Aa^4\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{9} (4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^{\frac{9}{2}} \\ + \frac{4}{7} (3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^{\frac{7}{2}} \\ + \frac{4}{5} (2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} (Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)x^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/11*B*b^4*x^(11/2) + 2*A*a^4*sqrt(x) + 2/9*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^(9/2) +
4/7*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^(7/2) + 4/5*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^(
5/2) + 2/3*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x^(3/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{11} Bb^4x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{8}{9} Bab^3x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{9} Ab^4x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{12}{7} Ba^2b^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}$$

$$+ \frac{8}{7} Aab^3x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{8}{5} Ba^3bx^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{12}{5} Aa^2b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2}{3} Ba^4x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{8}{3} Aa^3bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2Aa^4\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/11*B*b^4*x^(11/2) + 8/9*B*a*b^3*x^(9/2) + 2/9*A*b^4*x^(9/2) + 12/7*B*a^2*b^2*x^(7/2) + 8/7*A*a*b^3*x^(7/2) + 8/5*B*a^3*b*x^(5/2) + 12/5*A*a^2*b^2*x^(5/2) + 2/3*B*a^4*x^(3/2) + 8/3*A*a^3*b*x^(3/2) + 2*A*a^4*sqrt(x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx = x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2Ba^4}{3} + \frac{8Aba^3}{3} \right)$$

$$+ x^{9/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^4}{9} + \frac{8Bab^3}{9} \right) + 2Aa^4\sqrt{x}$$

$$+ \frac{2Bb^4x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{4a^2bx^{5/2}(3Ab + 2Ba)}{5}$$

$$+ \frac{4ab^2x^{7/2}(2Ab + 3Ba)}{7}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2)/x^(1/2),x)`

output `x^(3/2)*((2*B*a^4)/3 + (8*A*a^3*b)/3) + x^(9/2)*((2*A*b^4)/9 + (8*B*a*b^3)/9) + 2*A*a^4*x^(1/2) + (2*B*b^4*x^(11/2))/11 + (4*a^2*b*x^(5/2))*(3*A*b + 2*B*a))/5 + (4*a*b^2*x^(7/2))*(2*A*b + 3*B*a))/7`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$
$$= \frac{2\sqrt{x}(63b^5x^5 + 385ab^4x^4 + 990a^2b^3x^3 + 1386a^3b^2x^2 + 1155a^4bx + 693a^5)}{693}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*(693*a**5 + 1155*a**4*b*x + 1386*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 990*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 385*a*b**4*x**4 + 63*b**5*x**5))/693`

3.372 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2889
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2889
Rubi [A] (verified)	2890
Maple [A] (verified)	2892
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2892
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2893
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2893
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2894
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2894
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2895

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^4A}{\sqrt{x}} + 2a^3(4Ab+aB)\sqrt{x} + \frac{4}{3}a^2b(3Ab+2aB)x^{3/2} + \frac{4}{5}ab^2(2Ab+3aB)x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}b^3(Ab+4aB)x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}b^4Bx^{9/2}$$

output

```
-2*a^4*A/x^(1/2)+2*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)+4/3*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)*x^(3/2)
+4/5*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(5/2)+2/7*b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)*x^(7/2)+2/9*b^4*B*x^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-630a^4(A-Bx) + 840a^3bx(3A+Bx) + 252a^2b^2x^2(5A+3Bx) + \dots}{315\sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2)/x^(3/2), x]
```

output

$$(-630*a^4*(A - B*x) + 840*a^3*b*x*(3*A + B*x) + 252*a^2*b^2*x^2*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 72*a*b^3*x^3*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 10*b^4*x^4*(9*A + 7*B*x))/(315*sqrt[x])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{b^4(a+bx)^4(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2} b^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^4(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^4 A}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{a^3(aB + 4Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2a^2b\sqrt{x}(2aB + 3Ab) + b^3x^{5/2}(4aB + Ab) + 2ab^2x^{3/2}(3aB + 2Ab) + b^4Bx^{7/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2a^4 A}{\sqrt{x}} + 2a^3\sqrt{x}(aB + 4Ab) + \frac{4}{3}a^2bx^{3/2}(2aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{7}b^3x^{7/2}(4aB + Ab) + \frac{4}{5}ab^2x^{5/2}(3aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{9}b^4Bx^{9/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2/x^(3/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2a^4A)\sqrt{x} + 2a^3(4Ab + aB)\sqrt{x} + (4a^2b(3Ab + 2aB)x^{3/2})/3 + (4ab^2(2Ab + 3aB)x^{5/2})/5 + (2b^3(Ab + 4aB)x^{7/2})/7 + (2b^4Bx^{9/2})/9}{1}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 85

$$\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$$

rule 1184

$$\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(-35b^4Bx^5 - 45Ab^4x^4 - 180Ba^3b^3x^4 - 252Aa^2b^3x^3 - 378Ba^2b^2x^3 - 630Aa^2b^2x^2 - 420Ba^3bx^2 - 1260Aa^3bx - 315A^2b^2x^3 - 630Aa^2b^2x^2 - 420Ba^3bx^2 - 1260Aa^3bx - 315A^2b^2x^3)}{315\sqrt{x}}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-35b^4Bx^5 - 45Ab^4x^4 - 180Ba^3b^3x^4 - 252Aa^2b^3x^3 - 378Ba^2b^2x^3 - 630Aa^2b^2x^2 - 420Ba^3bx^2 - 1260Aa^3bx - 315A^2b^2x^3 - 630Aa^2b^2x^2 - 420Ba^3bx^2 - 1260Aa^3bx - 315A^2b^2x^3)}{315\sqrt{x}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(-35b^4Bx^5 - 45Ab^4x^4 - 180Ba^3b^3x^4 - 252Aa^2b^3x^3 - 378Ba^2b^2x^3 - 630Aa^2b^2x^2 - 420Ba^3bx^2 - 1260Aa^3bx - 315A^2b^2x^3 - 630Aa^2b^2x^2 - 420Ba^3bx^2 - 1260Aa^3bx - 315A^2b^2x^3)}{315\sqrt{x}}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^4Bx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2Ab^4x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{8Bab^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{8Aab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{12Ba^2b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 4Aa^2b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{8Ba^3bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 8Aa^3bx^{\frac{1}{2}}$
default	$\frac{2b^4Bx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2Ab^4x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{8Bab^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{8Aab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{12Ba^2b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 4Aa^2b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{8Ba^3bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 8Aa^3bx^{\frac{1}{2}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-35b^4Bx^5 - 45Ab^4x^4 - 180Ba^3b^3x^4 - 252Aa^2b^3x^3 - 378Ba^2b^2x^3 - 630Aa^2b^2x^2 - 420Ba^3bx^2 - 1260Aa^3bx - 315A^2b^2x^3 - 630Aa^2b^2x^2 - 420Ba^3bx^2 - 1260Aa^3bx - 315A^2b^2x^3)}{315\sqrt{x}(bx+a)^4}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/315*(-35*B*b^4*x^5-45*A*b^4*x^4-180*B*a*b^3*x^4-252*A*a*b^3*x^3-378*B*a^2*b^2*x^3-630*A*a^2*b^2*x^2-420*B*a^3*b*x^2-1260*A*a^3*b*x-315*B*a^4*x+315*A*a^4)/x^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(35Bb^4x^5 - 315Aa^4 + 45(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^4 + 126(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aa^2b^2)x^3 + 210(2Bba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 315(Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)x)}{315\sqrt{x}}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/315*(35*B*b^4*x^5 - 315*A*a^4 + 45*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 + 126*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a^2*b^2)*x^3 + 210*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 315*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/sqrt(x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa^4}{\sqrt{x}} + 8Aa^3b\sqrt{x} + 4Aa^2b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{8Aab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ab^4x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + 2Ba^4\sqrt{x} + \frac{8Ba^3bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{12Ba^2b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{8Bab^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Bb^4x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2/x**(3/2),x)`output `-2*A*a**4/sqrt(x) + 8*A*a**3*b*sqrt(x) + 4*A*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2) + 8*A*a*b**3*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*A*b**4*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*a**4*sqrt(x) + 8*B*a**3*b*x**(3/2)/3 + 12*B*a**2*b**2*x**(5/2)/5 + 8*B*a*b**3*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*b**4*x**(9/2)/9`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{9}Bb^4x^{\frac{9}{2}} - \frac{2Aa^4}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{7}(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{4}{5}(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{4}{3}(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2(Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/9*B*b^4*x^(9/2) - 2*A*a^4/sqrt(x) + 2/7*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^(7/2) + 4/5*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^(5/2) + 4/3*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^(3/2) + 2*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*sqrt(x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{9} Bb^4x^{9/2} + \frac{8}{7} Bab^3x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{7} Ab^4x^{7/2} + \frac{12}{5} Ba^2b^2x^{5/2} + \frac{8}{5} Aab^3x^{5/2} + \frac{8}{3} Ba^3bx^{3/2} + 4Aa^2b^2x^{3/2} + 2Ba^4\sqrt{x} + 8Aa^3b\sqrt{x} - \frac{2Aa^4}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/9*B*b^4*x^(9/2) + 8/7*B*a*b^3*x^(7/2) + 2/7*A*b^4*x^(7/2) + 12/5*B*a^2*b^2*x^(5/2) + 8/5*A*a*b^3*x^(5/2) + 8/3*B*a^3*b*x^(3/2) + 4*A*a^2*b^2*x^(3/2) + 2*B*a^4*sqrt(x) + 8*A*a^3*b*sqrt(x) - 2*A*a^4/sqrt(x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx = \sqrt{x}(2Ba^4 + 8Aba^3) + x^{7/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^4}{7} + \frac{8Bab^3}{7} \right) - \frac{2Aa^4}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2Bb^4x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{4a^2bx^{3/2}(3Ab + 2Ba)}{3} + \frac{4ab^2x^{5/2}(2Ab + 3Ba)}{5}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2)/x^(3/2),x)`

output `x^(1/2)*(2*B*a^4 + 8*A*a^3*b) + x^(7/2)*((2*A*b^4)/7 + (8*B*a*b^3)/7) - (2*A*a^4)/x^(1/2) + (2*B*b^4*x^(9/2))/9 + (4*a^2*b*x^(3/2)*(3*A*b + 2*B*a))/3 + (4*a*b^2*x^(5/2)*(2*A*b + 3*B*a))/5`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{9}b^5x^5 + \frac{10}{7}ab^4x^4 + 4a^2b^3x^3 + \frac{20}{3}a^3b^2x^2 + 10a^4bx - 2a^5}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*(- 63*a**5 + 315*a**4*b*x + 210*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 126*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 45*a*b**4*x**4 + 7*b**5*x**5))/(63*sqrt(x))`

3.373 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2896
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2896
Rubi [A] (verified)	2897
Maple [A] (verified)	2899
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2899
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2900
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2900
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2901
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2901
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2902

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^4A}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2a^3(4Ab+aB)}{\sqrt{x}} + 4a^2b(3Ab+2aB)\sqrt{x} + \frac{4}{3}ab^2(2Ab+3aB)x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}b^3(Ab+4aB)x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}b^4Bx^{7/2}$$

output

```
-2/3*a^4*A/x^(3/2)-2*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)/x^(1/2)+4*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)*x^(1/2)
+4/3*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(3/2)+2/5*b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)*x^(5/2)+2/7*b^4*B*x^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{840a^3bx(-A+Bx) + 420a^2b^2x^2(3A+Bx) - 70a^4(A+3Bx) + 56a^5Bx^2}{105x^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2)/x^(5/2), x]
```

output

$$(840*a^3*b*x*(-A + B*x) + 420*a^2*b^2*x^2*(3*A + B*x) - 70*a^4*(A + 3*B*x) + 56*a*b^3*x^3*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 6*b^4*x^4*(7*A + 5*B*x))/(105*x^(3/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{b^4(a+bx)^4(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2} b^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^4 (A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^4 A}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{a^3(aB + 4Ab)}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{2a^2b(2aB + 3Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + b^3x^{3/2}(4aB + Ab) + 2ab^2\sqrt{x}(3aB + 2Ab) + b^4Bx^{5/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2a^4A}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2a^3(aB + 4Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + 4a^2b\sqrt{x}(2aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{5}b^3x^{5/2}(4aB + Ab) + \frac{4}{3}ab^2x^{3/2}(3aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{7}b^4Bx^{7/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2/x^(5/2), x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2a^4A)/(3x^{3/2}) - (2a^3(4Ab + aB))/\sqrt{x} + 4a^2b(3Ab + \\ & 2aB)\sqrt{x} + (4ab^2(2Ab + 3aB)x^{3/2})/3 + (2b^3(Ab + 4aB) \\ &)x^{5/2}/5 + (2b^4Bx^{7/2})/7 \end{aligned}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_
) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^4 B x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2A b^4 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{8B a b^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{8A a b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 4B a^2 b^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 12a^2 A b^2 \sqrt{x} + 8B a^3 b \sqrt{x} - \frac{2a^3}{3}$
default	$\frac{2b^4 B x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2A b^4 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{8B a b^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{8A a b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 4B a^2 b^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 12a^2 A b^2 \sqrt{x} + 8B a^3 b \sqrt{x} - \frac{2a^3}{3}$
gosper	$-\frac{2(-15b^4 B x^5 - 21A b^4 x^4 - 84B a b^3 x^4 - 140A a b^3 x^3 - 210B a^2 b^2 x^3 - 630A a^2 b^2 x^2 - 420B a^3 b x^2 + 420A a^3 b x + 105a^4 B)}{105x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-15b^4 B x^5 - 21A b^4 x^4 - 84B a b^3 x^4 - 140A a b^3 x^3 - 210B a^2 b^2 x^3 - 630A a^2 b^2 x^2 - 420B a^3 b x^2 + 420A a^3 b x + 105a^4 B)}{105x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(-15b^4 B x^5 - 21A b^4 x^4 - 84B a b^3 x^4 - 140A a b^3 x^3 - 210B a^2 b^2 x^3 - 630A a^2 b^2 x^2 - 420B a^3 b x^2 + 420A a^3 b x + 105a^4 B)}{105x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-15b^4 B x^5 - 21A b^4 x^4 - 84B a b^3 x^4 - 140A a b^3 x^3 - 210B a^2 b^2 x^3 - 630A a^2 b^2 x^2 - 420B a^3 b x^2 + 420A a^3 b x + 105a^4 B)}{105x^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx+a)^4}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/7*b^4*B*x^(7/2)+2/5*A*b^4*x^(5/2)+8/5*B*a*b^3*x^(5/2)+8/3*A*a*b^3*x^(3/2)
+4*B*a^2*b^2*x^(3/2)+12*a^2*A*b^2*x^(1/2)+8*B*a^3*b*x^(1/2)-2*a^3*(4*A*b+
B*a)/x^(1/2)-2/3*a^4*A/x^(3/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(15 B b^4 x^5 - 35 A a^4 + 21(4 B a b^3 + A b^4)x^4 + 70(3 B a^2 b^2 + 2 A a b^3)x^3 + 210(2 B a^3 b + 3 A a^2 b^2)x^2 - 105(B a^4 + 4 A a^3 b)x}{105 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/105*(15*B*b^4*x^5 - 35*A*a^4 + 21*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 + 70*(3*B*a^2*
b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 210*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 - 105*(B*a^4 + 4*
A*a^3*b)*x)/x^(3/2)
```


Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa^4}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{8Aa^3b}{\sqrt{x}} + 12Aa^2b^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{8Aab^3x^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{2Ab^4x^{5/2}}{5} - \frac{2Ba^4}{\sqrt{x}} + 8Ba^3b\sqrt{x} + 4Ba^2b^2x^{3/2} + \frac{8Bab^3x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{2Bb^4x^{7/2}}{7}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2/x**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
-2*A*a**4/(3*x**(3/2)) - 8*A*a**3*b/sqrt(x) + 12*A*a**2*b**2*sqrt(x) + 8*A*a*b**3*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*A*b**4*x**(5/2)/5 - 2*B*a**4/sqrt(x) + 8*B*a**3*b*sqrt(x) + 4*B*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2) + 8*B*a*b**3*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*b**4*x**(7/2)/7
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{7}Bb^4x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{5}(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^{5/2} + \frac{4}{3}(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^{3/2} + 4(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(Aa^4 + 3(Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)x)}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/7*B*b^4*x^(7/2) + 2/5*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^(5/2) + 4/3*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^(3/2) + 4*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*sqrt(x) - 2/3*(A*a^4 + 3*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^(3/2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{7} Bb^4x^{7/2} + \frac{8}{5} Bab^3x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{5} Ab^4x^{5/2} + 4Ba^2b^2x^{3/2} + \frac{8}{3} Aab^3x^{3/2} + 8Ba^3b\sqrt{x} + 12Aa^2b^2\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(3Ba^4x + 12Aa^3bx + Aa^4)}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/7*B*b^4*x^(7/2) + 8/5*B*a*b^3*x^(5/2) + 2/5*A*b^4*x^(5/2) + 4*B*a^2*b^2*x^(3/2) + 8/3*A*a*b^3*x^(3/2) + 8*B*a^3*b*sqrt(x) + 12*A*a^2*b^2*sqrt(x) - 2/3*(3*B*a^4*x + 12*A*a^3*b*x + A*a^4)/x^(3/2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx = x^{5/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^4}{5} + \frac{8Bab^3}{5} \right) - \frac{x(2Ba^4 + 8Aba^3) + \frac{2Aa^4}{3}}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{2Bb^4x^{7/2}}{7} + 4a^2b\sqrt{x}(3Ab + 2Ba) + \frac{4ab^2x^{3/2}(2Ab + 3Ba)}{3}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2)/x^(5/2),x)`output `x^(5/2)*((2*A*b^4)/5 + (8*B*a*b^3)/5) - (x*(2*B*a^4 + 8*A*a^3*b) + (2*A*a^4)/3)/x^(3/2) + (2*B*b^4*x^(7/2))/7 + 4*a^2*b*x^(1/2)*(3*A*b + 2*B*a) + (4*a*b^2*x^(3/2)*(2*A*b + 3*B*a))/3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{7}b^5x^5 + 2ab^4x^4 + \frac{20}{3}a^2b^3x^3 + 20a^3b^2x^2 - 10a^4bx - \frac{2}{3}a^5}{\sqrt{x}x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*(-7*a**5 - 105*a**4*b*x + 210*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 70*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 21*a*b**4*x**4 + 3*b**5*x**5))/(21*sqrt(x)*x)`

3.374 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2903
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2903
Rubi [A] (verified)	2904
Maple [A] (verified)	2906
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2906
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2907
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2907
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2908
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2908
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2909

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^4A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2a^3(4Ab+aB)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{4a^2b(3Ab+2aB)}{\sqrt{x}} + 4ab^2(2Ab+3aB)\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}b^3(Ab+4aB)x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}b^4Bx^{5/2}$$

output

$-2/5*a^4*A/x^(5/2)-2/3*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)/x^(3/2)-4*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)/x^(1/2)+4*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(1/2)+2/3*b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)*x^(3/2)+2/5*b^4*B*x^(5/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(90a^2b^2x^2(-A+Bx)+20ab^3x^3(3A+Bx)-20a^3bx(A+3Bx)+15b^4x^2(A+3Bx)^2)}{15x^{5/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2)/x^(7/2), x]`

output

$$(2*(90*a^2*b^2*x^2*(-A + B*x) + 20*a*b^3*x^3*(3*A + B*x) - 20*a^3*b*x*(A + 3*B*x) + b^4*x^4*(5*A + 3*B*x) - a^4*(3*A + 5*B*x)))/(15*x^(5/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 1184

$$\int \frac{b^4(a+bx)^4(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2} b^4} dx$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^4 (A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^4 A}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{a^3(aB + 4Ab)}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{2a^2b(2aB + 3Ab)}{x^{3/2}} + b^3\sqrt{x}(4aB + Ab) + \frac{2ab^2(3aB + 2Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + b^4 Bx^{3/2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2a^4 A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2a^3(aB + 4Ab)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{4a^2b(2aB + 3Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{3}b^3x^{3/2}(4aB + Ab) + 4ab^2\sqrt{x}(3aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{5}b^4 Bx^{5/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2/x^(7/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2a^4A)/(5x^{5/2}) - (2a^3(4Ab + aB))/(3x^{3/2}) - (4a^2b(3Ab + 2aB))/\sqrt{x} + 4ab^2(2Ab + 3aB)\sqrt{x} + (2b^3(Ab + 4aB)x^{3/2})/3 + (2b^4Bx^{5/2})/5}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 85

$$\text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_)*}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$$

rule 1184

$$\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*}((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_)*}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^4 B x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2A b^4 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{8B a b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 8A a b^3 \sqrt{x} + 12B a^2 b^2 \sqrt{x} - \frac{4a^2 b(3Ab+2Ba)}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2a^4 A}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2a^3(4A+3B)}{5x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{2b^4 B x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2A b^4 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{8B a b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 8A a b^3 \sqrt{x} + 12B a^2 b^2 \sqrt{x} - \frac{4a^2 b(3Ab+2Ba)}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2a^4 A}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2a^3(4A+3B)}{5x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
gosper	$-\frac{2(-3b^4 B x^5 - 5A b^4 x^4 - 20B a b^3 x^4 - 60A a b^3 x^3 - 90B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 90A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 60B a^3 b x^2 + 20A a^3 b x + 5a^4 B x + 3a^4 A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-3b^4 B x^5 - 5A b^4 x^4 - 20B a b^3 x^4 - 60A a b^3 x^3 - 90B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 90A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 60B a^3 b x^2 + 20A a^3 b x + 5a^4 B x + 3a^4 A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(-3b^4 B x^5 - 5A b^4 x^4 - 20B a b^3 x^4 - 60A a b^3 x^3 - 90B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 90A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 60B a^3 b x^2 + 20A a^3 b x + 5a^4 B x + 3a^4 A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-3b^4 B x^5 - 5A b^4 x^4 - 20B a b^3 x^4 - 60A a b^3 x^3 - 90B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 90A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 60B a^3 b x^2 + 20A a^3 b x + 5a^4 B x + 3a^4 A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}(bx+a)^4}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/5*b^4*B*x^(5/2)+2/3*A*b^4*x^(3/2)+8/3*B*a*b^3*x^(3/2)+8*A*a*b^3*x^(1/2)+
12*B*a^2*b^2*x^(1/2)-4*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)/x^(1/2)-2/5*a^4*A/x^(5/2)-2/3*a^
3*(4*A*b+B*a)/x^(3/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(3Bb^4x^5 - 3Aa^4 + 5(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^4 + 30(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^3 + 30(4A^2b^2 + 4Aab^3)x^2 - 5(Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)x - 5A^2a^4)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/15*(3*B*b^4*x^5 - 3*A*a^4 + 5*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 + 30*(3*B*a^2*b^2
+ 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 30*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 - 5*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b
)*x)/x^(5/2)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa^4}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{8Aa^3b}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{12Aa^2b^2}{\sqrt{x}} + 8Aab^3\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Ab^4x^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{2Ba^4}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{8Ba^3b}{\sqrt{x}} + 12Ba^2b^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{8Bab^3x^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{2Bb^4x^{5/2}}{5}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2/x**(7/2),x)
```

output

```
-2*A*a**4/(5*x**(5/2)) - 8*A*a**3*b/(3*x**(3/2)) - 12*A*a**2*b**2/sqrt(x)
+ 8*A*a*b**3*sqrt(x) + 2*A*b**4*x**(3/2)/3 - 2*B*a**4/(3*x**(3/2)) - 8*B*a
**3*b/sqrt(x) + 12*B*a**2*b**2*sqrt(x) + 8*B*a*b**3*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*b**4*
x**(5/2)/5
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2}{5} Bb^4x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{3} (4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^{3/2} + 4(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(3Aa^4 + 30(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 5(Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)x)}{15x^{5/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/5*B*b^4*x^(5/2) + 2/3*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^(3/2) + 4*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A
*a*b^3)*sqrt(x) - 2/15*(3*A*a^4 + 30*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 5*(B
a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^(5/2)
```


Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2}{5} Bb^4x^{5/2} + \frac{8}{3} Bab^3x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{3} Ab^4x^{3/2} + 12Ba^2b^2\sqrt{x} + 8Aab^3\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(60Ba^3bx^2 + 90Aa^2b^2x^2 + 5Ba^4x + 20Aa^3bx + 3Aa^4)}{15x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/5*B*b^4*x^(5/2) + 8/3*B*a*b^3*x^(3/2) + 2/3*A*b^4*x^(3/2) + 12*B*a^2*b^2*sqrt(x) + 8*A*a*b^3*sqrt(x) - 2/15*(60*B*a^3*b*x^2 + 90*A*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 5*B*a^4*x + 20*A*a^3*b*x + 3*A*a^4)/x^(5/2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx = x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^4}{3} + \frac{8Bab^3}{3} \right) - \frac{x \left(\frac{2Ba^4}{3} + \frac{8Aba^3}{3} \right) + \frac{2Aa^4}{5} + x^2(8Ba^3b + 12Aa^2b^2)}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{2Bb^4x^{5/2}}{5} + 4ab^2\sqrt{x}(2Ab + 3Ba)$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2)/x^(7/2),x)`output `x^(3/2)*((2*A*b^4)/3 + (8*B*a*b^3)/3) - (x*((2*B*a^4)/3 + (8*A*a^3*b)/3) + (2*A*a^4)/5 + x^2*(12*A*a^2*b^2 + 8*B*a^3*b))/x^(5/2) + (2*B*b^4*x^(5/2))/5 + 4*a*b^2*x^(1/2)*(2*A*b + 3*B*a)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{5}b^5x^5 + \frac{10}{3}ab^4x^4 + 20a^2b^3x^3 - 20a^3b^2x^2 - \frac{10}{3}a^4bx - \frac{2}{5}a^5}{\sqrt{x}x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(7/2),x)`

output `(2*(-3*a**5 - 25*a**4*b*x - 150*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 150*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 25*a*b**4*x**4 + 3*b**5*x**5))/(15*sqrt(x)*x**2)`

3.375 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2910
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2910
Rubi [A] (verified)	2911
Maple [A] (verified)	2913
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2913
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2914
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2914
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2915
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2915
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2916

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^4A}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{2a^3(4Ab+aB)}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{4a^2b(3Ab+2aB)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{4ab^2(2Ab+3aB)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b^3(Ab+4aB)\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}b^4Bx^{3/2}$$

output `-2/7*a^4*A/x^(7/2)-2/5*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)/x^(5/2)-4/3*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)/x^(3/2)-4*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)/x^(1/2)+2*b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)*x^(1/2)+2/3*b^4*B*x^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(420ab^3x^3(A-Bx) - 35b^4x^4(3A+Bx) + 210a^2b^2x^2(A+3Bx) + 28a^3bx(3A+5Bx) + 3a^4(5A+7Bx))}{105x^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^2)/x^(9/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*(420*a*b^3*x^3*(A - B*x) - 35*b^4*x^4*(3*A + B*x) + 210*a^2*b^2*x^2*(A + 3*B*x) + 28*a^3*b*x*(3*A + 5*B*x) + 3*a^4*(5*A + 7*B*x)))/(105*x^(7/2))}{}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{b^4(a+bx)^4(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2} b^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^4 (A + Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^4 A}{x^{9/2}} + \frac{a^3(aB + 4Ab)}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{2a^2b(2aB + 3Ab)}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{b^3(4aB + Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2ab^2(3aB + 2Ab)}{x^{3/2}} + b^4 B \sqrt{x} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2a^4 A}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{2a^3(aB + 4Ab)}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{4a^2b(2aB + 3Ab)}{3x^{3/2}} + 2b^3 \sqrt{x}(4aB + Ab) - \frac{4ab^2(3aB + 2Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{3} b^4 B x^{3/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2/x^(9/2), x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2a^4A)/(7x^{7/2}) - (2a^3(4Ab + aB))/(5x^{5/2}) - (4a^2b(3A \\ & *b + 2aB))/(3x^{3/2}) - (4ab^2(2Ab + 3aB))/\sqrt{x} + 2b^3(Ab \\ & + 4aB)\sqrt{x} + (2b^4Bx^{3/2})/3 \end{aligned}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 85

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_)*}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : \\ & > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, \\ & d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a* \\ & f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n \\ & + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, \\ & 1]) \end{aligned}$$

rule 1184

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*}((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_)*}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_ \\ &) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x \\ &)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \end{aligned}$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
derivativdivides	$\frac{2b^4 B x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2A b^4 \sqrt{x} + 8B a b^3 \sqrt{x} - \frac{2a^4 A}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{4a b^2(2Ab+3Ba)}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2a^3(4Ab+Ba)}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{4a^2 b(3Ab+2Ba)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{2b^4 B x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2A b^4 \sqrt{x} + 8B a b^3 \sqrt{x} - \frac{2a^4 A}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{4a b^2(2Ab+3Ba)}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2a^3(4Ab+Ba)}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{4a^2 b(3Ab+2Ba)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
gosper	$-\frac{2(-35b^4 B x^5 - 105A b^4 x^4 - 420B a b^3 x^4 + 420A a b^3 x^3 + 630B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 210A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 140B a^3 b x^2 + 84A a^3 b x + 21a^4 B)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-35b^4 B x^5 - 105A b^4 x^4 - 420B a b^3 x^4 + 420A a b^3 x^3 + 630B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 210A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 140B a^3 b x^2 + 84A a^3 b x + 21a^4 B)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(-35b^4 B x^5 - 105A b^4 x^4 - 420B a b^3 x^4 + 420A a b^3 x^3 + 630B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 210A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 140B a^3 b x^2 + 84A a^3 b x + 21a^4 B)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
oring	$-\frac{2(-35b^4 B x^5 - 105A b^4 x^4 - 420B a b^3 x^4 + 420A a b^3 x^3 + 630B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 210A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 140B a^3 b x^2 + 84A a^3 b x + 21a^4 B)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}(bx+a)^4}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/3*b^4*B*x^(3/2)+2*A*b^4*x^(1/2)+8*B*a*b^3*x^(1/2)-2/7*a^4*A/x^(7/2)-4*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)/x^(1/2)-2/5*a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)/x^(5/2)-4/3*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)/x^(3/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(35 B b^4 x^5 - 15 A a^4 + 105(4 B a b^3 + A b^4)x^4 - 210(3 B a^2 b^2 + 2 A a b^2)x^3 - 70(2 B a^3 b + 3 A a^2 b^2)x^2 - 21(B a^4 + 4 A a^3 b)x)}{105 x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/105*(35*B*b^4*x^5 - 15*A*a^4 + 105*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^4 - 210*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^2)*x^3 - 70*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 - 21*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^(7/2)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa^4}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{8Aa^3b}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{4Aa^2b^2}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{8Aab^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 2Ab^4\sqrt{x} - \frac{2Ba^4}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{8Ba^3b}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{12Ba^2b^2}{\sqrt{x}} + 8Bab^3\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bb^4x^{3/2}}{3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2/x**(9/2),x)`

output `-2*A*a**4/(7*x**(7/2)) - 8*A*a**3*b/(5*x**(5/2)) - 4*A*a**2*b**2/x**(3/2) - 8*A*a*b**3/sqrt(x) + 2*A*b**4*sqrt(x) - 2*B*a**4/(5*x**(5/2)) - 8*B*a**3*b/(3*x**(3/2)) - 12*B*a**2*b**2/sqrt(x) + 8*B*a*b**3*sqrt(x) + 2*B*b**4*x**(3/2)/3`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} Bb^4x^{3/2} + 2(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(15Aa^4 + 210(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^3 + 70(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 21(Ba^4 + 4Aa^3b)x)}{105x^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*B*b^4*x^(3/2) + 2*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*sqrt(x) - 2/105*(15*A*a^4 + 210*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 70*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 21*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^(7/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} Bb^4x^{3/2} + 8 Bab^3\sqrt{x} + 2 Ab^4\sqrt{x}$$

$$- \frac{2(630 Ba^2b^2x^3 + 420 Aab^3x^3 + 140 Ba^3bx^2 + 210 Aa^2b^2x^2 + 21 Ba^4x + 84 Aa^3bx + 15 Aa^4)}{105 x^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output $\frac{2}{3}B*b^4*x^{(3/2)} + 8*B*a*b^3*\text{sqrt}(x) + 2*A*b^4*\text{sqrt}(x) - \frac{2}{105}*(630*B*a^2*b^2*x^3 + 420*A*a*b^3*x^3 + 140*B*a^3*b*x^2 + 210*A*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 21*B*a^4*x + 84*A*a^3*b*x + 15*A*a^4)/x^{(7/2)}$ **Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{9/2}} dx = \sqrt{x}(2Ab^4 + 8Bab^3)$$

$$- \frac{x\left(\frac{2Ba^4}{5} + \frac{8Aba^3}{5}\right) + \frac{2Aa^4}{7} + x^2\left(\frac{8Ba^3b}{3} + 4Aa^2b^2\right) + x^3(12Ba^2b^2 + 8Aab^3)}{x^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2Bb^4x^{3/2}}{3}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2)/x^(9/2),x)`output $x^{(1/2)}*(2*A*b^4 + 8*B*a*b^3) - (x*((2*B*a^4)/5 + (8*A*a^3*b)/5) + (2*A*a^4)/7 + x^2*(4*A*a^2*b^2 + (8*B*a^3*b)/3) + x^3*(12*B*a^2*b^2 + 8*A*a*b^3))/x^{(7/2)} + (2*B*b^4*x^{(3/2)})/3$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{3}b^5x^5 + 10ab^4x^4 - 20a^2b^3x^3 - \frac{20}{3}a^3b^2x^2 - 2a^4bx - \frac{2}{7}a^5}{\sqrt{x}x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2/x^(9/2),x)`

output `(2*(-3*a**5 - 21*a**4*b*x - 70*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 210*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 105*a*b**4*x**4 + 7*b**5*x**5))/(21*sqrt(x)*x**3)`

3.376 $\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	2917
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2917
Rubi [A] (verified)	2918
Maple [A] (verified)	2920
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2920
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2921
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2921
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2922
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2922
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2923

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{2}{9}a^6Ax^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}a^5(6Ab + aB)x^{11/2} + \frac{6}{13}a^4b(5Ab + 2aB)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{3}a^3b^2(4Ab + 3aB)x^{15/2} + \frac{10}{17}a^2b^3(3Ab + 4aB)x^{17/2} + \frac{6}{19}ab^4(2Ab + 5aB)x^{19/2} + \frac{2}{21}a^6b^5x^{21/2} + \frac{2}{23}ab^6x^{23/2}$$

output

```
2/9*a^6*A*x^(9/2)+2/11*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)*x^(11/2)+6/13*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)*x^(13/2)+2/3*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(15/2)+10/17*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)*x^(17/2)+6/19*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)*x^(19/2)+2/21*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)*x^(21/2)+2/23*b^6*B*x^(23/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{2}{99}a^6x^{9/2}(11A + 9Bx) + \frac{12}{143}a^5bx^{11/2}(13A + 11Bx) + \frac{2}{13}a^4b^2x^{13/2}(15A + 13Bx) + \frac{8}{51}a^3b^3x^{15/2}(17A + 15Bx) + \frac{30}{323}a^2b^4x^{17/2}(19A + 17Bx) + \frac{2}{21}ab^5x^{19/2}(21A + 19Bx) + \frac{2}{23}a^6b^5x^{21/2} + \frac{2}{23}ab^6x^{23/2}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(7/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*a^6*x^{(9/2)}*(11*A + 9*B*x))/99 + (12*a^5*b*x^{(11/2)}*(13*A + 11*B*x))/14 \\ & 3 + (2*a^4*b^2*x^{(13/2)}*(15*A + 13*B*x))/13 + (8*a^3*b^3*x^{(15/2)}*(17*A + \\ & 15*B*x))/51 + (30*a^2*b^4*x^{(17/2)}*(19*A + 17*B*x))/323 + (4*a*b^5*x^{(19/2)} \\ &)*(21*A + 19*B*x))/133 + (2*b^6*x^{(21/2)}*(23*A + 21*B*x))/483 \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \frac{\int b^6 x^{7/2} (a + bx)^6 (A + Bx) dx}{b^6} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int x^{7/2} (a + bx)^6 (A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \int \left(a^6 Ax^{7/2} + a^5 x^{9/2} (aB + 6Ab) + 3a^4 bx^{11/2} (2aB + 5Ab) + 5a^3 b^2 x^{13/2} (3aB + 4Ab) + 5a^2 b^3 x^{15/2} (4aB + 3Ab) \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \frac{2}{9} a^6 Ax^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11} a^5 x^{11/2} (aB + 6Ab) + \frac{6}{13} a^4 bx^{13/2} (2aB + 5Ab) + \frac{2}{3} a^3 b^2 x^{15/2} (3aB + 4Ab) + \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \frac{10}{17} a^2 b^3 x^{17/2} (4aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{21} b^5 x^{21/2} (6aB + Ab) + \frac{6}{19} ab^4 x^{19/2} (5aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{23} b^6 Bx^{23/2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(7/2)}*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2a^6Ax^{9/2})/9 + (2a^5(6Ab + aB)x^{11/2})/11 + (6a^4b(5Ab \\ & + 2aB)x^{13/2})/13 + (2a^3b^2(4Ab + 3aB)x^{15/2})/3 + (10a^2b \\ & ^3(3Ab + 4aB)x^{17/2})/17 + (6ab^4(2Ab + 5aB)x^{19/2})/19 + \\ & (2b^5(Ab + 6aB)x^{21/2})/21 + (2b^6Bx^{23/2})/23 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 85

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : \\ & > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, \\ & d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a* \\ & f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n \\ & + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, \\ & 1]) \end{aligned}$$

rule 1184

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_ \\ &) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x \\ &)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \end{aligned}$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
gospers	$2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(2909907b^6Bx^7+3187041Ab^6x^6+19122246Bab^5x^6+21135114Aab^5x^5+52837785Ba^2b^4x^5+59053995Aa^2b^4x^4$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^6Bx^{\frac{23}{2}}}{23} + \frac{2(Ab^6+6Bab^5)x^{\frac{21}{2}}}{21} + \frac{2(6Aab^5+15Ba^2b^4)x^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19} + \frac{2(15Aa^2b^4+20Ba^3b^3)x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2(20Aa^3b^3+15$
default	$\frac{2b^6Bx^{\frac{23}{2}}}{23} + \frac{2(Ab^6+6Bab^5)x^{\frac{21}{2}}}{21} + \frac{2(6Aab^5+15Ba^2b^4)x^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19} + \frac{2(15Aa^2b^4+20Ba^3b^3)x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2(20Aa^3b^3+15$
trager	$2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(2909907b^6Bx^7+3187041Ab^6x^6+19122246Bab^5x^6+21135114Aab^5x^5+52837785Ba^2b^4x^5+59053995Aa^2b^4x^4$
risch	$2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(2909907b^6Bx^7+3187041Ab^6x^6+19122246Bab^5x^6+21135114Aab^5x^5+52837785Ba^2b^4x^5+59053995Aa^2b^4x^4$
orering	$2(2909907b^6Bx^7+3187041Ab^6x^6+19122246Bab^5x^6+21135114Aab^5x^5+52837785Ba^2b^4x^5+59053995Aa^2b^4x^4+7$

```
input int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/66927861*x^(9/2)*(2909907*B*b^6*x^7+3187041*A*b^6*x^6+19122246*B*a*b^5*x^5+21135114*A*a*b^5*x^5+52837785*B*a^2*b^4*x^5+59053995*A*a^2*b^4*x^4+78738660*B*a^3*b^3*x^4+89237148*A*a^3*b^3*x^3+66927861*B*a^4*b^2*x^3+77224455*A*a^4*b^2*x^2+30889782*B*a^5*b*x^2+36506106*A*a^5*b*x+6084351*B*a^6*x+7436429*A*a^6)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{2}{66927861} (2909907 Bb^6x^{11} + 7436429 Aa^6x^4 + 3187041 (6 Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^{10} + 10567557 (5 B$$

```
input integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/66927861*(2909907*B*b^6*x^11 + 7436429*A*a^6*x^4 + 3187041*(6*B*a*b^5 +
A*b^6)*x^10 + 10567557*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^9 + 19684665*(4*B*a^3*b
^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^8 + 22309287*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^7 + 1544489
1*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^6 + 6084351*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x^5)*sqrt(x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{2Aa^6x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{12Aa^5bx^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{30Aa^4b^2x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{8Aa^3b^3x^{15/2}}{3} + \frac{30Aa^2b^4x^{17/2}}{17} + \frac{12Aab^5x^{19/2}}{19} + \frac{2Ab^6x^{21/2}}{21} + \frac{2Ba^6x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{12Ba^5bx^{13/2}}{13} + 2Ba^4b^2x^{15/2} + \frac{40Ba^3b^3x^{17/2}}{17} + \frac{30Ba^2b^4x^{19/2}}{19} + \frac{4Bab^5x^{21/2}}{7} + \frac{2Bb^6x^{23/2}}{23}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)
```

output

```
2*A*a**6*x**(9/2)/9 + 12*A*a**5*b*x**(11/2)/11 + 30*A*a**4*b**2*x**(13/2)/
13 + 8*A*a**3*b**3*x**(15/2)/3 + 30*A*a**2*b**4*x**(17/2)/17 + 12*A*a*b**5
*x**(19/2)/19 + 2*A*b**6*x**(21/2)/21 + 2*B*a**6*x**(11/2)/11 + 12*B*a**5*
b*x**(13/2)/13 + 2*B*a**4*b**2*x**(15/2) + 40*B*a**3*b**3*x**(17/2)/17 + 3
0*B*a**2*b**4*x**(19/2)/19 + 4*B*a*b**5*x**(21/2)/7 + 2*B*b**6*x**(23/2)/
3
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{2}{23}Bb^6x^{23/2} + \frac{2}{9}Aa^6x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{21}(6Bab^5+Ab^6)x^{21/2} + \frac{6}{19}(5Ba^2b^4+2Aab^5)x^{19/2} + \frac{10}{17}(4Ba^3b^3+3Aa^2b^4)x^{17/2} + \frac{2}{3}(3Ba^4b^2+4Aa^3b^3)x^{15/2} + \frac{6}{13}(2Ba^5b+5Aa^4b^2)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{11}(Ba^6+6Aa^5b)x^{11/2}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 2/23*B*b^6*x^(23/2) + 2/9*A*a^6*x^(9/2) + 2/21*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^(21/2) \\ & + 6/19*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^(19/2) + 10/17*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^(17/2) \\ & + 2/3*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^(15/2) + 6/13*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^(13/2) \\ & + 2/11*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x^(11/2) \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx &= \frac{2}{23} Bb^6x^{\frac{23}{2}} + \frac{4}{7} Bab^5x^{\frac{21}{2}} + \frac{2}{21} Ab^6x^{\frac{21}{2}} \\ &+ \frac{30}{19} Ba^2b^4x^{\frac{19}{2}} + \frac{12}{19} Aab^5x^{\frac{19}{2}} + \frac{40}{17} Ba^3b^3x^{\frac{17}{2}} + \frac{30}{17} Aa^2b^4x^{\frac{17}{2}} + 2Ba^4b^2x^{\frac{15}{2}} \\ &+ \frac{8}{3} Aa^3b^3x^{\frac{15}{2}} + \frac{12}{13} Ba^5bx^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{30}{13} Aa^4b^2x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{2}{11} Ba^6x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{12}{11} Aa^5bx^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{2}{9} Aa^6x^{\frac{9}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 2/23*B*b^6*x^(23/2) + 4/7*B*a*b^5*x^(21/2) + 2/21*A*b^6*x^(21/2) + 30/19*B \\ & *a^2*b^4*x^(19/2) + 12/19*A*a*b^5*x^(19/2) + 40/17*B*a^3*b^3*x^(17/2) + 30 \\ & /17*A*a^2*b^4*x^(17/2) + 2*B*a^4*b^2*x^(15/2) + 8/3*A*a^3*b^3*x^(15/2) + 1 \\ & 2/13*B*a^5*b*x^(13/2) + 30/13*A*a^4*b^2*x^(13/2) + 2/11*B*a^6*x^(11/2) + 1 \\ & 2/11*A*a^5*b*x^(11/2) + 2/9*A*a^6*x^(9/2) \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx &= x^{11/2} \left(\frac{2Ba^6}{11} + \frac{12Aba^5}{11} \right) \\ &+ x^{21/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^6}{21} + \frac{4Bab^5}{7} \right) + \frac{2Aa^6x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{2Bb^6x^{23/2}}{23} + \frac{2a^3b^2x^{15/2}(4Ab+3Ba)}{3} + \frac{10a^2b^3x^{17/2}(3Ab+3Ba)}{17} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(x^(7/2)*(A+B*x)*(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^3,x)
```

output

$$x^{(11/2)}*((2*B*a^6)/11 + (12*A*a^5*b)/11) + x^{(21/2)}*((2*A*b^6)/21 + (4*B*a*b^5)/7) + (2*A*a^6*x^{(9/2)})/9 + (2*B*b^6*x^{(23/2)})/23 + (2*a^3*b^2*x^{(15/2)}*(4*A*b + 3*B*a))/3 + (10*a^2*b^3*x^{(17/2)}*(3*A*b + 4*B*a))/17 + (6*a^4*b*x^{(13/2)}*(5*A*b + 2*B*a))/13 + (6*a*b^4*x^{(19/2)}*(2*A*b + 5*B*a))/19$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^4(415701b^7x^7 + 3187041ab^6x^6 + 10567557a^2b^5x^5 + 19684665a^3b^4x^4 + 22309287a^4b^3x^3 + 10567557a^5b^2x^2 + 6084351a^6b^1x + 1062347a^7)}{9561123}$$

input

`int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)`

output

$$(2*\sqrt{x}*x**4*(1062347*a**7 + 6084351*a**6*b*x + 15444891*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 22309287*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 19684665*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 10567557*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 3187041*a*b**6*x**6 + 415701*b**7*x**7))/9561123$$

3.377 $\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	2924
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2924
Rubi [A] (verified)	2925
Maple [A] (verified)	2927
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2927
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2928
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2928
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2929
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2929
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2930

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{2}{7}a^6Ax^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}a^5(6Ab + aB)x^{9/2} + \frac{6}{11}a^4b(5Ab + 2aB)x^{11/2} + \frac{10}{13}a^3b^2(4Ab + 3aB)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{3}a^2b^3(3Ab + 4aB)x^{15/2} + \frac{6}{17}ab^4(2Ab + 5aB)x^{17/2} + \frac{2}{19}a^5b^5x^{19/2} + \frac{2}{21}ab^6x^{21/2}$$

```
output 2/7*a^6*A*x^(7/2)+2/9*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)*x^(9/2)+6/11*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)*x^(11/2)+10/13*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(13/2)+2/3*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)*x^(15/2)+6/17*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)*x^(17/2)+2/19*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)*x^(19/2)+2/21*b^6*B*x^(21/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{2x^{7/2}(46189a^6(9A + 7Bx) + 176358a^5bx(11A + 9Bx) + 305235a^4b^2x^2(13A + 11Bx) + 298...}{...}$$

```
input Integrate[x^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(2*x^(7/2)*(46189*a^6*(9*A + 7*B*x) + 176358*a^5*b*x*(11*A + 9*B*x) + 3052
35*a^4*b^2*x^2*(13*A + 11*B*x) + 298452*a^3*b^3*x^3*(15*A + 13*B*x) + 1711
71*a^2*b^4*x^4*(17*A + 15*B*x) + 54054*a*b^5*x^5*(19*A + 17*B*x) + 7293*b^
6*x^6*(21*A + 19*B*x))/2909907
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\frac{\int b^6 x^{5/2} (a + bx)^6 (A + Bx) dx}{b^6}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int x^{5/2} (a + bx)^6 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(a^6 Ax^{5/2} + a^5 x^{7/2} (aB + 6Ab) + 3a^4 bx^{9/2} (2aB + 5Ab) + 5a^3 b^2 x^{11/2} (3aB + 4Ab) + 5a^2 b^3 x^{13/2} (4aB + 3Ab) - \right.$$

$$\left. \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{7} a^6 Ax^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9} a^5 x^{9/2} (aB + 6Ab) + \frac{6}{11} a^4 bx^{11/2} (2aB + 5Ab) + \frac{10}{13} a^3 b^2 x^{13/2} (3aB + 4Ab) +$$

$$\frac{2}{3} a^2 b^3 x^{15/2} (4aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{19} b^5 x^{19/2} (6aB + Ab) + \frac{6}{17} ab^4 x^{17/2} (5aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{21} b^6 Bx^{21/2}$$

input

```
Int[x^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2a^6Ax^{7/2})/7 + (2a^5(6Ab + aB)x^{9/2})/9 + (6a^4b(5Ab + \\ & 2aB)x^{11/2})/11 + (10a^3b^2(4Ab + 3aB)x^{13/2})/13 + (2a^2b^3(3Ab + 4aB)x^{15/2})/3 \\ & + (6ab^4(2Ab + 5aB)x^{17/2})/17 + (2b^5(Ab + 6aB)x^{19/2})/19 + (2b^6Bx^{21/2})/21 \end{aligned}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 85

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : \\ & > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, \\ & d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a* \\ & f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n \\ & + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, \\ & 1]) \end{aligned}$$

rule 1184

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_ \\ &) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x \\ &)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \end{aligned}$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
gospers	$2x^{\frac{7}{2}} (138567b^6 B x^7 + 153153A b^6 x^6 + 918918Ba b^5 x^6 + 1027026Aa b^5 x^5 + 2567565B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 2909907A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 3879876A a^2 b^4 x^3 + 1587222B a^2 b^4 x^2 + 1939938A a^2 b^4 x + 415701A a^2 b^4)$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^6 B x^{\frac{21}{2}}}{21} + \frac{2(A b^6 + 6Ba b^5) x^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19} + \frac{2(6Aa b^5 + 15B a^2 b^4) x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2(15A a^2 b^4 + 20B a^3 b^3) x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(20A a^3 b^3 + 15B a^3 b^3) x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13}$
default	$\frac{2b^6 B x^{\frac{21}{2}}}{21} + \frac{2(A b^6 + 6Ba b^5) x^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19} + \frac{2(6Aa b^5 + 15B a^2 b^4) x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2(15A a^2 b^4 + 20B a^3 b^3) x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(20A a^3 b^3 + 15B a^3 b^3) x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13}$
trager	$2x^{\frac{7}{2}} (138567b^6 B x^7 + 153153A b^6 x^6 + 918918Ba b^5 x^6 + 1027026Aa b^5 x^5 + 2567565B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 2909907A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 3879876A a^2 b^4 x^3 + 1587222B a^2 b^4 x^2 + 1939938A a^2 b^4 x + 415701A a^2 b^4)$
risch	$2x^{\frac{7}{2}} (138567b^6 B x^7 + 153153A b^6 x^6 + 918918Ba b^5 x^6 + 1027026Aa b^5 x^5 + 2567565B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 2909907A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 3879876A a^2 b^4 x^3 + 1587222B a^2 b^4 x^2 + 1939938A a^2 b^4 x + 415701A a^2 b^4)$
orering	$2(138567b^6 B x^7 + 153153A b^6 x^6 + 918918Ba b^5 x^6 + 1027026Aa b^5 x^5 + 2567565B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 2909907A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 3879876A a^2 b^4 x^3 + 1587222B a^2 b^4 x^2 + 1939938A a^2 b^4 x + 415701A a^2 b^4)$

```
input int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/2909907*x^(7/2)*(138567*B*b^6*x^7+153153*A*b^6*x^6+918918*B*a*b^5*x^6+1027026*A*a*b^5*x^5+2567565*B*a^2*b^4*x^5+2909907*A*a^2*b^4*x^4+3879876*B*a^3*b^3*x^4+4476780*A*a^3*b^3*x^3+3357585*B*a^4*b^2*x^3+3968055*A*a^4*b^2*x^2+1587222*B*a^5*b*x^2+1939938*A*a^5*b*x+323323*B*a^6*x+415701*A*a^6)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{2}{2909907} (138567 B b^6 x^{10} + 415701 A a^6 x^3 + 153153 (6 B a b^5 + A b^6) x^9 + 513513 (5 B a^2 b^4 + 2 A a^3 b^3) x^8 + \dots)$$

```
input integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/2909907*(138567*B*b^6*x^10 + 415701*A*a^6*x^3 + 153153*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^9 + 513513*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^8 + 969969*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^7 + 1119195*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^6 + 793611*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^5 + 323323*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x^4)*sqrt(x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{2Aa^6x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{4Aa^5bx^{9/2}}{3} + \frac{30Aa^4b^2x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{40Aa^3b^3x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{2Aa^2b^4x^{15/2}}{17} + \frac{12Aab^5x^{17/2}}{19} + \frac{2Ab^6x^{19/2}}{21} + \frac{2Ba^6x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{12Ba^5bx^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{30Ba^4b^2x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{8Ba^3b^3x^{15/2}}{3} + \frac{30Ba^2b^4x^{17/2}}{17} + \frac{12Bab^5x^{19/2}}{19} + \frac{2Bb^6x^{21/2}}{21}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)
```

output

```
2*A*a**6*x**(7/2)/7 + 4*A*a**5*b*x**(9/2)/3 + 30*A*a**4*b**2*x**(11/2)/11 + 40*A*a**3*b**3*x**(13/2)/13 + 2*A*a**2*b**4*x**(15/2)/17 + 12*A*a*b**5*x**(17/2)/17 + 2*A*b**6*x**(19/2)/19 + 2*B*a**6*x**(9/2)/9 + 12*B*a**5*b*x**(11/2)/11 + 30*B*a**4*b**2*x**(13/2)/13 + 8*B*a**3*b**3*x**(15/2)/3 + 30*B*a**2*b**4*x**(17/2)/17 + 12*B*a*b**5*x**(19/2)/19 + 2*B*b**6*x**(21/2)/21
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{2}{21}Bb^6x^{21/2} + \frac{2}{7}Aa^6x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{19}(6Bab^5+Ab^6)x^{19/2} + \frac{6}{17}(5Ba^2b^4+2Aab^5)x^{17/2} + \frac{2}{3}(4Ba^3b^3+3Aa^2b^4)x^{15/2} + \frac{10}{13}(3Ba^4b^2+4Aa^3b^3)x^{13/2} + \frac{6}{11}(2Ba^5b+5Aa^4b^2)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{9}(Ba^6+6Aa^5b)x^{9/2}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 2/21*B*b^6*x^{(21/2)} + 2/7*A*a^6*x^{(7/2)} + 2/19*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^{(19/2)} \\ &) + 6/17*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^{(17/2)} + 2/3*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^{(15/2)} \\ & + 10/13*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^{(13/2)} + 6/11*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^{(11/2)} \\ & + 2/9*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x^{(9/2)} \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx &= \frac{2}{21} Bb^6 x^{\frac{21}{2}} + \frac{12}{19} Bab^5 x^{\frac{19}{2}} + \frac{2}{19} Ab^6 x^{\frac{19}{2}} \\ &+ \frac{30}{17} Ba^2 b^4 x^{\frac{17}{2}} + \frac{12}{17} Aab^5 x^{\frac{17}{2}} + \frac{8}{3} Ba^3 b^3 x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 2Aa^2 b^4 x^{\frac{15}{2}} + \frac{30}{13} Ba^4 b^2 x^{\frac{13}{2}} \\ &+ \frac{40}{13} Aa^3 b^3 x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{12}{11} Ba^5 b x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{30}{11} Aa^4 b^2 x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{2}{9} Ba^6 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{4}{3} Aa^5 b x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{7} Aa^6 x^{\frac{7}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 2/21*B*b^6*x^{(21/2)} + 12/19*B*a*b^5*x^{(19/2)} + 2/19*A*b^6*x^{(19/2)} + 30/17 \\ & *B*a^2*b^4*x^{(17/2)} + 12/17*A*a*b^5*x^{(17/2)} + 8/3*B*a^3*b^3*x^{(15/2)} + 2* \\ & A*a^2*b^4*x^{(15/2)} + 30/13*B*a^4*b^2*x^{(13/2)} + 40/13*A*a^3*b^3*x^{(13/2)} + \\ & 12/11*B*a^5*b*x^{(11/2)} + 30/11*A*a^4*b^2*x^{(11/2)} + 2/9*B*a^6*x^{(9/2)} + 4 \\ & /3*A*a^5*b*x^{(9/2)} + 2/7*A*a^6*x^{(7/2)} \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx &= x^{9/2} \left(\frac{2Ba^6}{9} + \frac{4Aba^5}{3} \right) \\ &+ x^{19/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^6}{19} + \frac{12Ba^5b}{19} \right) + \frac{2Aa^6x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2Bb^6x^{21/2}}{21} + \frac{10a^3b^2x^{13/2}(4Ab+3Ba)}{13} + \frac{2a^2b^3x^{15/2}(3Ab+3Ba)}{3} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(x^(5/2)*(A+B*x)*(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^3,x)
```

output

$$x^{9/2} * ((2*B*a^6)/9 + (4*A*a^5*b)/3) + x^{19/2} * ((2*A*b^6)/19 + (12*B*a*b^5)/19) + (2*A*a^6*x^{7/2})/7 + (2*B*b^6*x^{21/2})/21 + (10*a^3*b^2*x^{13/2} * (4*A*b + 3*B*a))/13 + (2*a^2*b^3*x^{15/2} * (3*A*b + 4*B*a))/3 + (6*a^4*b*x^{11/2} * (5*A*b + 2*B*a))/11 + (6*a*b^4*x^{17/2} * (2*A*b + 5*B*a))/17$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^3(138567b^7x^7 + 1072071ab^6x^6 + 3594591a^2b^5x^5 + 6789783a^3b^4x^4 + 7834365a^4b^3x^3 + 1072071a^5b^2x^2 + 138567a^6b^1x^1 + 138567a^7b^0x^0)}{2909907}$$

input

`int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)`

output

$$(2*\sqrt{x}*x**3*(415701*a**7 + 2263261*a**6*b*x + 5555277*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 7834365*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 6789783*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 3594591*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 1072071*a*b**6*x**6 + 138567*b**7*x**7))/2909907$$

3.378 $\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	2931
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2931
Rubi [A] (verified)	2932
Maple [A] (verified)	2934
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2934
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2935
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2935
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2936
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2936
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2937

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{2}{5}a^6Ax^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}a^5(6Ab + aB)x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{3}a^4b(5Ab + 2aB)x^{9/2} + \frac{10}{11}a^3b^2(4Ab + 3aB)x^{11/2} + \frac{10}{13}a^2b^3(3Ab + 4aB)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{5}ab^4(2Ab + 5aB)x^{15/2} + \frac{2}{17}b^5x^{17/2}$$

output

```
2/5*a^6*A*x^(5/2)+2/7*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)*x^(7/2)+2/3*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)*x^(9/2)+10/11*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(11/2)+10/13*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)*x^(13/2)+2/5*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)*x^(15/2)+2/17*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)*x^(17/2)+2/19*b^6*B*x^(19/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{2}{35}a^6x^{5/2}(7A + 5Bx) + \frac{4}{21}a^5bx^{7/2}(9A + 7Bx) + \frac{10}{33}a^4b^2x^{9/2}(11A + 9Bx) + \frac{40}{143}a^3b^3x^{11/2}(13A + 11Bx) + \frac{2}{13}a^2b^4x^{13/2}(15A + 13Bx) + \frac{2}{17}ab^5x^{15/2}(17A + 15Bx) + \frac{2}{19}b^6x^{17/2}(19A + 17Bx)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]
```


output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*a^6*x^{(5/2)}*(7*A + 5*B*x))/35 + (4*a^5*b*x^{(7/2)}*(9*A + 7*B*x))/21 + (1 \\ & 0*a^4*b^2*x^{(9/2)}*(11*A + 9*B*x))/33 + (40*a^3*b^3*x^{(11/2)}*(13*A + 11*B*x) \\ &)/143 + (2*a^2*b^4*x^{(13/2)}*(15*A + 13*B*x))/13 + (4*a*b^5*x^{(15/2)}*(17*A \\ & + 15*B*x))/85 + (2*b^6*x^{(17/2)}*(19*A + 17*B*x))/323 \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \frac{\int b^6 x^{3/2} (a + bx)^6 (A + Bx) dx}{b^6} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int x^{3/2} (a + bx)^6 (A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \int \left(a^6 Ax^{3/2} + a^5 x^{5/2} (aB + 6Ab) + 3a^4 bx^{7/2} (2aB + 5Ab) + 5a^3 b^2 x^{9/2} (3aB + 4Ab) + 5a^2 b^3 x^{11/2} (4aB + 3Ab) + \right. \\ & \quad \left. \int \dots \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{2}{5} a^6 Ax^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7} a^5 x^{7/2} (aB + 6Ab) + \frac{2}{3} a^4 bx^{9/2} (2aB + 5Ab) + \frac{10}{11} a^3 b^2 x^{11/2} (3aB + 4Ab) + \\ & \frac{10}{13} a^2 b^3 x^{13/2} (4aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{17} b^5 x^{17/2} (6aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{5} ab^4 x^{15/2} (5aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{19} b^6 Bx^{19/2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(3/2)}*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2a^6Ax^{5/2})/5 + (2a^5(6Ab + aB)x^{7/2})/7 + (2a^4b(5Ab + \\ & 2aB)x^{9/2})/3 + (10a^3b^2(4Ab + 3aB)x^{11/2})/11 + (10a^2b^3 \\ & (3Ab + 4aB)x^{13/2})/13 + (2ab^4(2Ab + 5aB)x^{15/2})/5 + (2 \\ & b^5(Ab + 6aB)x^{17/2})/17 + (2b^6Bx^{19/2})/19 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 85

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : \\ & > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, \\ & d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a* \\ & f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n \\ & + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, \\ & 1]) \end{aligned}$$

rule 1184

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_ \\ &) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x \\ &)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \end{aligned}$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
gospers	$2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(255255b^6Bx^7+285285Ab^6x^6+1711710Bab^5x^6+1939938Aab^5x^5+4849845Ba^2b^4x^5+5595975Aa^2b^4x^4+7461300Aa^2b^4x^3+8817900Aa^3b^3x^3+6613425Ba^4b^2x^3+8083075Aa^4b^2x^2+3233230Ba^5b^2x^2+4157010Aa^5b^2x+692835Ba^6x+969969Aa^6)$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^6Bx^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19} + \frac{2(Ab^6+6Bab^5)x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2(6Aab^5+15Ba^2b^4)x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(15Aa^2b^4+20Ba^3b^3)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(20Aa^3b^3+15Ba^4b^2)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$
default	$\frac{2b^6Bx^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19} + \frac{2(Ab^6+6Bab^5)x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2(6Aab^5+15Ba^2b^4)x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(15Aa^2b^4+20Ba^3b^3)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(20Aa^3b^3+15Ba^4b^2)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$
trager	$2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(255255b^6Bx^7+285285Ab^6x^6+1711710Bab^5x^6+1939938Aab^5x^5+4849845Ba^2b^4x^5+5595975Aa^2b^4x^4+7461300Aa^2b^4x^3+8817900Aa^3b^3x^3+6613425Ba^4b^2x^3+8083075Aa^4b^2x^2+3233230Ba^5b^2x^2+4157010Aa^5b^2x+692835Ba^6x+969969Aa^6)$
risch	$2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(255255b^6Bx^7+285285Ab^6x^6+1711710Bab^5x^6+1939938Aab^5x^5+4849845Ba^2b^4x^5+5595975Aa^2b^4x^4+7461300Aa^2b^4x^3+8817900Aa^3b^3x^3+6613425Ba^4b^2x^3+8083075Aa^4b^2x^2+3233230Ba^5b^2x^2+4157010Aa^5b^2x+692835Ba^6x+969969Aa^6)$
orering	$2(255255b^6Bx^7+285285Ab^6x^6+1711710Bab^5x^6+1939938Aab^5x^5+4849845Ba^2b^4x^5+5595975Aa^2b^4x^4+7461300Aa^2b^4x^3+8817900Aa^3b^3x^3+6613425Ba^4b^2x^3+8083075Aa^4b^2x^2+3233230Ba^5b^2x^2+4157010Aa^5b^2x+692835Ba^6x+969969Aa^6)$

```
input int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/4849845*x^(5/2)*(255255*B*b^6*x^7+285285*A*b^6*x^6+1711710*B*a*b^5*x^6+1939938*A*a*b^5*x^5+4849845*B*a^2*b^4*x^5+5595975*A*a^2*b^4*x^4+7461300*B*a^2*b^4*x^3+8817900*A*a^3*b^3*x^3+6613425*B*a^4*b^2*x^3+8083075*A*a^4*b^2*x^2+3233230*B*a^5*b^2*x^2+4157010*A*a^5*b^2*x+692835*B*a^6*x+969969*A*a^6)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{2}{4849845} (255255 Bb^6x^9 + 969969 Aa^6x^2 + 285285 (6 Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^8 + 969969 (5 Ba^2b^4 + 2$$

```
input integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/4849845*(255255*B*b^6*x^9 + 969969*A*a^6*x^2 + 285285*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)
)*x^8 + 969969*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^7 + 1865325*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*
a^2*b^4)*x^6 + 2204475*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^5 + 1616615*(2*B*a^5*
b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^4 + 692835*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x^3)*sqrt(x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{2Aa^6x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{12Aa^5bx^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{10Aa^4b^2x^{9/2}}{3} + \frac{40Aa^3b^3x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{30Aa^2b^4x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{4Aab^5x^{15/2}}{5} + \frac{2Ab^6x^{17/2}}{17} + \frac{2Ba^6x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{4Ba^5bx^{9/2}}{3} + \frac{30Ba^4b^2x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{40Ba^3b^3x^{13/2}}{13} + 2Ba^2b^4x^{15/2} + \frac{12Bab^5x^{17/2}}{17} + \frac{2Bb^6x^{19/2}}{19}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)
```

output

```
2*A*a**6*x**(5/2)/5 + 12*A*a**5*b*x**(7/2)/7 + 10*A*a**4*b**2*x**(9/2)/3 +
40*A*a**3*b**3*x**(11/2)/11 + 30*A*a**2*b**4*x**(13/2)/13 + 4*A*a*b**5*x*
*(15/2)/5 + 2*A*b**6*x**(17/2)/17 + 2*B*a**6*x**(7/2)/7 + 4*B*a**5*b*x**(9
/2)/3 + 30*B*a**4*b**2*x**(11/2)/11 + 40*B*a**3*b**3*x**(13/2)/13 + 2*B*a*
*2*b**4*x**(15/2) + 12*B*a*b**5*x**(17/2)/17 + 2*B*b**6*x**(19/2)/19
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{2}{19}Bb^6x^{19/2} + \frac{2}{5}Aa^6x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{17}(6Bab^5+Ab^6)x^{17/2} + \frac{2}{5}(5Ba^2b^4+2Aab^5)x^{15/2} + \frac{10}{13}(4Ba^3b^3+3Aa^2b^4)x^{13/2} + \frac{10}{11}(3Ba^4b^2+4Aa^3b^3)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{3}(2Ba^5b+5Aa^4b^2)x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{7}(Ba^6+6Aa^5b)x^{7/2}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 2/19*B*b^6*x^{(19/2)} + 2/5*A*a^6*x^{(5/2)} + 2/17*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^{(17/2)} \\ &) + 2/5*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^{(15/2)} + 10/13*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^{(13/2)} \\ & + 10/11*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^{(11/2)} + 2/3*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^{(9/2)} \\ & + 2/7*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x^{(7/2)} \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx &= \frac{2}{19} Bb^6x^{\frac{19}{2}} + \frac{12}{17} Bab^5x^{\frac{17}{2}} + \frac{2}{17} Ab^6x^{\frac{17}{2}} \\ &+ 2Ba^2b^4x^{\frac{15}{2}} + \frac{4}{5} Aab^5x^{\frac{15}{2}} + \frac{40}{13} Ba^3b^3x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{30}{13} Aa^2b^4x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{30}{11} Ba^4b^2x^{\frac{11}{2}} \\ &+ \frac{40}{11} Aa^3b^3x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{4}{3} Ba^5bx^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{10}{3} Aa^4b^2x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{7} Ba^6x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{12}{7} Aa^5bx^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{5} Aa^6x^{\frac{5}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 2/19*B*b^6*x^{(19/2)} + 12/17*B*a*b^5*x^{(17/2)} + 2/17*A*b^6*x^{(17/2)} + 2*B*a^2*b^4*x^{(15/2)} \\ & + 4/5*A*a*b^5*x^{(15/2)} + 40/13*B*a^3*b^3*x^{(13/2)} + 30/13*A*a^2*b^4*x^{(13/2)} + 30/11*B*a^4*b^2*x^{(11/2)} \\ & + 40/11*A*a^3*b^3*x^{(11/2)} + 4/3*B*a^5*b*x^{(9/2)} + 10/3*A*a^4*b^2*x^{(9/2)} + 2/7*B*a^6*x^{(7/2)} + 12/7*A*a^5*b*x^{(7/2)} \\ & + 2/5*A*a^6*x^{(5/2)} \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx &= x^{7/2} \left(\frac{2Ba^6}{7} + \frac{12Aba^5}{7} \right) \\ &+ x^{17/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^6}{17} + \frac{12Bab^5}{17} \right) + \frac{2Aa^6x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{2Bb^6x^{19/2}}{19} + \frac{10a^3b^2x^{11/2}(4Ab+3Ba)}{11} + \frac{10a^2b^3x^{13/2}(3Ab)}{13} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x)*(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
x^(7/2)*((2*B*a^6)/7 + (12*A*a^5*b)/7) + x^(17/2)*((2*A*b^6)/17 + (12*B*a*
b^5)/17) + (2*A*a^6*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*B*b^6*x^(19/2))/19 + (10*a^3*b^2*x^(11
/2)*(4*A*b + 3*B*a))/11 + (10*a^2*b^3*x^(13/2)*(3*A*b + 4*B*a))/13 + (2*a^
4*b*x^(9/2)*(5*A*b + 2*B*a))/3 + (2*a*b^4*x^(15/2)*(2*A*b + 5*B*a))/5
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^2(36465b^7x^7 + 285285ab^6x^6 + 969969a^2b^5x^5 + 1865325a^3b^4x^4 + 2204475a^4b^3x^3 + 1616615a^5b^2x^2 + 2204475a^4b^3x^3 + 1865325a^3b^4x^4 + 969969a^2b^5x^5 + 285285ab^6x^6 + 36465b^7x^7)}{692835}$$

input

```
int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(x)*x**2*(138567*a**7 + 692835*a**6*b*x + 1616615*a**5*b**2*x**2 +
2204475*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 1865325*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 969969*a**2*b**5*x**5 +
285285*a*b**6*x**6 + 36465*b**7*x**7))/692835
```

3.379 $\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{3}a^6Ax^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}a^5(6Ab + aB)x^{5/2} + \frac{6}{7}a^4b(5Ab + 2aB)x^{7/2}$$

$$+ \frac{10}{9}a^3b^2(4Ab + 3aB)x^{9/2} + \frac{10}{11}a^2b^3(3Ab + 4aB)x^{11/2} + \frac{6}{13}ab^4(2Ab + 5aB)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{15}b^5(Ab + 6aB)x^{15/2} + \frac{2}{17}b^6Bx^{17/2}$$

output

```
2/3*a^6*A*x^(3/2)+2/5*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)*x^(5/2)+6/7*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)*x^(7/2)+10/9*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(9/2)+10/11*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)*x^(11/2)+6/13*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)*x^(13/2)+2/15*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)*x^(15/2)+2/17*b^6*B*x^(17/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^{3/2}(51051a^6(5A + 3Bx) + 131274a^5bx(7A + 5Bx) + 182325a^4b^2x^2(9A + 7Bx) + 154700a^3b^3x^3(11A + 7Bx) + 765765a^2b^4x^4(7A + 5Bx) + 252000ab^5x^5(5A + 3Bx) + 42000b^6x^6)}{17}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(2*x^{(3/2)}*(51051*a^6*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 131274*a^5*b*x*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 182325*a^4*b^2*x^2*(9*A + 7*B*x) + 154700*a^3*b^3*x^3*(11*A + 9*B*x) + 80325*a^2*b^4*x^4*(13*A + 11*B*x) + 23562*a*b^5*x^5*(15*A + 13*B*x) + 3003*b^6*x^6*(17*A + 15*B*x)))/765765$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\frac{\int b^6 \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^6 (A + Bx) dx}{b^6}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^6 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(a^6 A \sqrt{x} + a^5 x^{3/2} (aB + 6Ab) + 3a^4 bx^{5/2} (2aB + 5Ab) + 5a^3 b^2 x^{7/2} (3aB + 4Ab) + 5a^2 b^3 x^{9/2} (4aB + 3Ab) + b^4 a x^{11/2} (5aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{15} b^5 x^{13/2} (6aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{17} b^6 B x^{15/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{3} a^6 A x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5} a^5 x^{5/2} (aB + 6Ab) + \frac{6}{7} a^4 bx^{7/2} (2aB + 5Ab) + \frac{10}{9} a^3 b^2 x^{9/2} (3aB + 4Ab) + \frac{10}{11} a^2 b^3 x^{11/2} (4aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{15} b^5 x^{15/2} (6aB + Ab) + \frac{6}{13} ab^4 x^{13/2} (5aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{17} b^6 B x^{17/2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2a^6Ax^{3/2})/3 + (2a^5(6Ab + aB)x^{5/2})/5 + (6a^4b(5Ab + \\ & 2aB)x^{7/2})/7 + (10a^3b^2(4Ab + 3aB)x^{9/2})/9 + (10a^2b^3(\\ & 3Ab + 4aB)x^{11/2})/11 + (6ab^4(2Ab + 5aB)x^{13/2})/13 + (2b \\ & ^5(Ab + 6aB)x^{15/2})/15 + (2b^6Bx^{17/2})/17 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 85

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : \\ & > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, \\ & d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a* \\ & f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n \\ & + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, \\ & 1]) \end{aligned}$$

rule 1184

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_ \\ &) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x \\ &)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \end{aligned}$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
gospers	$2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(45045b^6Bx^7+51051Ab^6x^6+306306Bab^5x^6+353430Aab^5x^5+883575Ba^2b^4x^5+1044225Aa^2b^4x^4+1392300B$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^6Bx^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2(Ab^6+6Bab^5)x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(6Aab^5+15Ba^2b^4)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(15Aa^2b^4+20Ba^3b^3)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(20Aa^3b^3+15$
default	$\frac{2b^6Bx^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2(Ab^6+6Bab^5)x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(6Aab^5+15Ba^2b^4)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(15Aa^2b^4+20Ba^3b^3)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(20Aa^3b^3+15$
trager	$2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(45045b^6Bx^7+51051Ab^6x^6+306306Bab^5x^6+353430Aab^5x^5+883575Ba^2b^4x^5+1044225Aa^2b^4x^4+1392300B$
risch	$2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(45045b^6Bx^7+51051Ab^6x^6+306306Bab^5x^6+353430Aab^5x^5+883575Ba^2b^4x^5+1044225Aa^2b^4x^4+1392300B$
orering	$2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(45045b^6Bx^7+51051Ab^6x^6+306306Bab^5x^6+353430Aab^5x^5+883575Ba^2b^4x^5+1044225Aa^2b^4x^4+1392300B$

```
input int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/765765*x^(3/2)*(45045*B*b^6*x^7+51051*A*b^6*x^6+306306*B*a*b^5*x^6+353430*A*a*b^5*x^5+883575*B*a^2*b^4*x^5+1044225*A*a^2*b^4*x^4+1392300*B*a^3*b^3*x^4+1701700*A*a^3*b^3*x^3+1276275*B*a^4*b^2*x^3+1640925*A*a^4*b^2*x^2+656370*B*a^5*b*x^2+918918*A*a^5*b*x+153153*B*a^6*x+255255*A*a^6)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{765765} (45045 Bb^6x^8 + 255255 Aa^6x + 51051 (6 Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^7 + 176715 (5 Ba^2b^4 + 2 Aab^5)x^6 + 3480$$

```
input integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/765765*(45045*B*b^6*x^8 + 255255*A*a^6*x + 51051*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^7
+ 176715*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^6 + 348075*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^
4)*x^5 + 425425*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^4 + 328185*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*
a^4*b^2)*x^3 + 153153*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x^2)*sqrt(x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2Aa^6x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bb^6x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2x^{\frac{15}{2}}(Ab^6+6Bab^5)}{15} + \frac{2x^{\frac{13}{2}} \cdot (6Aab^5+15Ba^2b^4)}{13}$$

$$+ \frac{2x^{\frac{11}{2}} \cdot (15Aa^2b^4+20Ba^3b^3)}{11} + \frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}} \cdot (20Aa^3b^3+15Ba^4b^2)}{9}$$

$$+ \frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}} \cdot (15Aa^4b^2+6Ba^5b)}{7} + \frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}} \cdot (6Aa^5b+Ba^6)}{5}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)
```

output

```
2*A*a**6*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*b**6*x**(17/2)/17 + 2*x**(15/2)*(A*b**6 + 6*B*a*
b**5)/15 + 2*x**(13/2)*(6*A*a*b**5 + 15*B*a**2*b**4)/13 + 2*x**(11/2)*(15*
A*a**2*b**4 + 20*B*a**3*b**3)/11 + 2*x**(9/2)*(20*A*a**3*b**3 + 15*B*a**4*
b**2)/9 + 2*x**(7/2)*(15*A*a**4*b**2 + 6*B*a**5*b)/7 + 2*x**(5/2)*(6*A*a**
5*b + B*a**6)/5
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{17} Bb^6x^{\frac{17}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} Aa^6x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{2}{15} (6Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^{\frac{15}{2}} + \frac{6}{13} (5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5)x^{\frac{13}{2}}$$

$$+ \frac{10}{11} (4Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{10}{9} (3Ba^4b^2 + 4Aa^3b^3)x^{\frac{9}{2}}$$

$$+ \frac{6}{7} (2Ba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{5} (Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)x^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/17*B*b^6*x^{(17/2)} + 2/3*A*a^6*x^{(3/2)} + 2/15*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^{(15/2)} \\ & + 6/13*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^{(13/2)} + 10/11*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2 \\ & *b^4)*x^{(11/2)} + 10/9*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^{(9/2)} + 6/7*(2*B*a^5*b \\ & + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^{(7/2)} + 2/5*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x^{(5/2)} \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\begin{aligned} \int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3 dx = & \frac{2}{17} Bb^6x^{\frac{17}{2}} + \frac{4}{5} Bab^5x^{\frac{15}{2}} + \frac{2}{15} Ab^6x^{\frac{15}{2}} \\ & + \frac{30}{13} Ba^2b^4x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{12}{13} Aab^5x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{40}{11} Ba^3b^3x^{\frac{11}{2}} \\ & + \frac{30}{11} Aa^2b^4x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{10}{3} Ba^4b^2x^{\frac{9}{2}} \\ & + \frac{40}{9} Aa^3b^3x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{12}{7} Ba^5bx^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{30}{7} Aa^4b^2x^{\frac{7}{2}} \\ & + \frac{2}{5} Ba^6x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{12}{5} Aa^5bx^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} Aa^6x^{\frac{3}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/17*B*b^6*x^{(17/2)} + 4/5*B*a*b^5*x^{(15/2)} + 2/15*A*b^6*x^{(15/2)} + 30/13*B \\ & *a^2*b^4*x^{(13/2)} + 12/13*A*a*b^5*x^{(13/2)} + 40/11*B*a^3*b^3*x^{(11/2)} + 30 \\ & /11*A*a^2*b^4*x^{(11/2)} + 10/3*B*a^4*b^2*x^{(9/2)} + 40/9*A*a^3*b^3*x^{(9/2)} + \\ & 12/7*B*a^5*b*x^{(7/2)} + 30/7*A*a^4*b^2*x^{(7/2)} + 2/5*B*a^6*x^{(5/2)} + 12/5* \\ & A*a^5*b*x^{(5/2)} + 2/3*A*a^6*x^{(3/2)} \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = x^{5/2} \left(\frac{2Ba^6}{5} + \frac{12Aba^5}{5} \right) + x^{15/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^6}{15} + \frac{4Bab^5}{5} \right) + \frac{2Aa^6x^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{2Bb^6x^{17/2}}{17} + \frac{10a^3b^2x^{9/2}(4Ab + 3Ba)}{9} + \frac{10a^2b^3x^{11/2}(3Ab + 4Ba)}{11} + \frac{6a^4bx^{7/2}(5Ab + 2Ba)}{7} + \frac{6ab^4x^{13/2}(2Ab + 5Ba)}{13}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3,x)`output `x^(5/2)*((2*B*a^6)/5 + (12*A*a^5*b)/5) + x^(15/2)*((2*A*b^6)/15 + (4*B*a*b^5)/5) + (2*A*a^6*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*B*b^6*x^(17/2))/17 + (10*a^3*b^2*x^(9/2)*(4*A*b + 3*B*a))/9 + (10*a^2*b^3*x^(11/2)*(3*A*b + 4*B*a))/11 + (6*a^4*b*x^(7/2)*(5*A*b + 2*B*a))/7 + (6*a*b^4*x^(13/2)*(2*A*b + 5*B*a))/13`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x(6435b^7x^7 + 51051ab^6x^6 + 176715a^2b^5x^5 + 348075a^3b^4x^4 + 425425a^4b^3x^3 + 328185a^5b^2x^2 + 153185a^6b^2x + 6435b^7x^7)}{109395}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*x*(36465*a**7 + 153153*a**6*b*x + 328185*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 425425*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 348075*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 176715*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 51051*a*b**6*x**6 + 6435*b**7*x**7))/109395`

$$3.380 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	2945
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2946
Rubi [A] (verified)	2946
Maple [A] (verified)	2948
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2948
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2949
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2950
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2950
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2951
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2952

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$= 2a^6A\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}a^5(6Ab+aB)x^{3/2} + \frac{6}{5}a^4b(5Ab+2aB)x^{5/2} + \frac{10}{7}a^3b^2(4Ab+3aB)x^{7/2}$$

$$+ \frac{10}{9}a^2b^3(3Ab+4aB)x^{9/2} + \frac{6}{11}ab^4(2Ab+5aB)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{13}b^5(Ab+6aB)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{15}b^6Bx^{15/2}$$

output

```
2*a^6*A*x^(1/2)+2/3*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)*x^(3/2)+6/5*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)*x^(5/2)
)+10/7*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(7/2)+10/9*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)*x^(9/2)+6/
11*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)*x^(11/2)+2/13*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)*x^(13/2)+2/15*b^6*B*x
^(15/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{x}(15015a^6(3A + Bx) + 18018a^5bx(5A + 3Bx) + 19305a^4b^2x^2(7A + 5Bx) + 14300a^3b^3x^3(9A + 7Bx) + 6825a^2b^4x^4(11A + 9Bx) + 1890a^2b^5x^5(13A + 11Bx) + 231b^6x^6(15A + 13Bx))}{45045}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/Sqrt[x], x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[x]*(15015*a^6*(3*A + B*x) + 18018*a^5*b*x*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 19305*a^4*b^2*x^2*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 14300*a^3*b^3*x^3*(9*A + 7*B*x) + 6825*a^2*b^4*x^4*(11*A + 9*B*x) + 1890*a^2*b^5*x^5*(13*A + 11*B*x) + 231*b^6*x^6*(15*A + 13*B*x)))/45045
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{b^6 (a+bx)^6 (A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^6 (A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6 A}{\sqrt{x}} + a^5 \sqrt{x}(aB + 6Ab) + 3a^4 b x^{3/2}(2aB + 5Ab) + 5a^3 b^2 x^{5/2}(3aB + 4Ab) + 5a^2 b^3 x^{7/2}(4aB + 3Ab) + b^5 x^{9/2} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$2a^6 A \sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3} a^5 x^{3/2}(aB + 6Ab) + \frac{6}{5} a^4 b x^{5/2}(2aB + 5Ab) + \frac{10}{7} a^3 b^2 x^{7/2}(3aB + 4Ab) + \frac{10}{9} a^2 b^3 x^{9/2}(4aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{13} b^5 x^{13/2}(6aB + Ab) + \frac{6}{11} a b^4 x^{11/2}(5aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{15} b^6 B x^{15/2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/Sqrt[x],x]`

output `2*a^6*A*Sqrt[x] + (2*a^5*(6*A*b + a*B)*x^(3/2))/3 + (6*a^4*b*(5*A*b + 2*a*B)*x^(5/2))/5 + (10*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b + 3*a*B)*x^(7/2))/7 + (10*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b + 4*a*B)*x^(9/2))/9 + (6*a*b^4*(2*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^(11/2))/11 + (2*b^5*(A*b + 6*a*B)*x^(13/2))/13 + (2*b^6*B*x^(15/2))/15`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
trager	$(\frac{2}{15}b^6Bx^7 + \frac{2}{13}Ab^6x^6 + \frac{12}{13}Bab^5x^6 + \frac{12}{11}Aab^5x^5 + \frac{30}{11}Ba^2b^4x^5 + \frac{10}{3}Aa^2b^4x^4 + \frac{40}{9}Ba^3b^3x^4 + \frac{128}{45}Aa^3b^3x^3 + \frac{128}{45}Aa^2b^4x^3 + \frac{128}{45}Aab^5x^3 + \frac{128}{45}Aa^2b^4x^2 + \frac{128}{45}Aab^5x^2 + \frac{128}{45}Aa^2b^4x + \frac{128}{45}Aab^5x + \frac{128}{45}Aa^2b^4 + \frac{128}{45}Aab^5)$
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(3003b^6Bx^7+3465Ab^6x^6+20790Bab^5x^6+24570Aab^5x^5+61425Ba^2b^4x^5+75075Aa^2b^4x^4+100100Ba^3b^3x^4+12285Aa^3b^3x^3+12285Aa^2b^4x^3+12285Aab^5x^3+12285Aa^2b^4x^2+12285Aab^5x^2+12285Aa^2b^4x+12285Aab^5x+12285Aa^2b^4+12285Aab^5)}{45045}$
derivativdivides	$\frac{2b^6Bx^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(Ab^6+6Bab^5)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(6Aab^5+15Ba^2b^4)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(15Aa^2b^4+20Ba^3b^3)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(20Aa^3b^3+15Aa^2b^4)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$
default	$\frac{2b^6Bx^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(Ab^6+6Bab^5)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(6Aab^5+15Ba^2b^4)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(15Aa^2b^4+20Ba^3b^3)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(20Aa^3b^3+15Aa^2b^4)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(3003b^6Bx^7+3465Ab^6x^6+20790Bab^5x^6+24570Aab^5x^5+61425Ba^2b^4x^5+75075Aa^2b^4x^4+100100Ba^3b^3x^4+12285Aa^3b^3x^3+12285Aa^2b^4x^3+12285Aab^5x^3+12285Aa^2b^4x^2+12285Aab^5x^2+12285Aa^2b^4x+12285Aab^5x+12285Aa^2b^4+12285Aab^5)}{45045}$
orering	$\frac{2(3003b^6Bx^7+3465Ab^6x^6+20790Bab^5x^6+24570Aab^5x^5+61425Ba^2b^4x^5+75075Aa^2b^4x^4+100100Ba^3b^3x^4+12285Aa^3b^3x^3+12285Aa^2b^4x^3+12285Aab^5x^3+12285Aa^2b^4x^2+12285Aab^5x^2+12285Aa^2b^4x+12285Aab^5x+12285Aa^2b^4+12285Aab^5)}{45045}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (2/15*b^6*B*x^7+2/13*A*b^6*x^6+12/13*B*a*b^5*x^6+12/11*A*a*b^5*x^5+30/11*B*a^2*b^4*x^5+10/3*A*a^2*b^4*x^4+40/9*B*a^3*b^3*x^4+40/7*A*a^3*b^3*x^3+30/7*B*a^4*b^2*x^3+6*A*a^4*b^2*x^2+12/5*B*a^5*b*x^2+4*A*a^5*b*x+2/3*B*a^6*x+2*A*a^6)*x^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{45045} (3003 Bb^6x^7 + 45045 Aa^6 + 3465 (6 Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^6 + 12285 (5 Ba^2b^4 + 2 Aab^5)x^5 + 25025 (4 Ba^3b^3 + 3 Aa^2b^4)x^4 + 25025 (3 Aab^5 + 2 Aa^2b^4)x^3 + 25025 (2 Aa^2b^4 + Aab^5)x^2 + 25025 Aa^2b^4x + 25025 Aab^5x + 25025 Aa^2b^4 + 25025 Aab^5)$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/45045*(3003*B*b^6*x^7 + 45045*A*a^6 + 3465*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 122
85*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 25025*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 +
32175*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 27027*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x
^2 + 15015*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)*sqrt(x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2Aa^6\sqrt{x} + 4Aa^5bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6Aa^4b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{40Aa^3b^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} \\ + \frac{10Aa^2b^4x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + \frac{12Aab^5x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2Ab^6x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2Ba^6x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \\ + \frac{12Ba^5bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{30Ba^4b^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{40Ba^3b^3x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} \\ + \frac{30Ba^2b^4x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{12Bab^5x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2Bb^6x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3/x**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
2*A*a**6*sqrt(x) + 4*A*a**5*b*x**(3/2) + 6*A*a**4*b**2*x**(5/2) + 40*A*a**
3*b**3*x**(7/2)/7 + 10*A*a**2*b**4*x**(9/2)/3 + 12*A*a*b**5*x**(11/2)/11 +
2*A*b**6*x**(13/2)/13 + 2*B*a**6*x**(3/2)/3 + 12*B*a**5*b*x**(5/2)/5 + 30
*B*a**4*b**2*x**(7/2)/7 + 40*B*a**3*b**3*x**(9/2)/9 + 30*B*a**2*b**4*x**(1
1/2)/11 + 12*B*a*b**5*x**(13/2)/13 + 2*B*b**6*x**(15/2)/15
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{15} Bb^6 x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 2Aa^6 \sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{13} (6Bab^5 + Ab^6) x^{\frac{13}{2}}$$

$$+ \frac{6}{11} (5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5) x^{\frac{11}{2}}$$

$$+ \frac{10}{9} (4Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4) x^{\frac{9}{2}}$$

$$+ \frac{10}{7} (3Ba^4b^2 + 4Aa^3b^3) x^{\frac{7}{2}}$$

$$+ \frac{6}{5} (2Ba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2) x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} (Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b) x^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*B*b^6*x^(15/2) + 2*A*a^6*sqrt(x) + 2/13*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^(13/2) + 6/11*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^(11/2) + 10/9*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^(9/2) + 10/7*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^(7/2) + 6/5*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^(5/2) + 2/3*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x^(3/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{15} Bb^6 x^{\frac{15}{2}} + \frac{12}{13} Bab^5 x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{2}{13} Ab^6 x^{\frac{13}{2}}$$

$$+ \frac{30}{11} Ba^2b^4 x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{12}{11} Aab^5 x^{\frac{11}{2}}$$

$$+ \frac{40}{9} Ba^3b^3 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{10}{3} Aa^2b^4 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{30}{7} Ba^4b^2 x^{\frac{7}{2}}$$

$$+ \frac{40}{7} Aa^3b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{12}{5} Ba^5b x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 6Aa^4b^2 x^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2}{3} Ba^6 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 4Aa^5b x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2Aa^6 \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 2/15*B*b^6*x^{(15/2)} + 12/13*B*a*b^5*x^{(13/2)} + 2/13*A*b^6*x^{(13/2)} + 30/11 \\ & *B*a^2*b^4*x^{(11/2)} + 12/11*A*a*b^5*x^{(11/2)} + 40/9*B*a^3*b^3*x^{(9/2)} + 10 \\ & /3*A*a^2*b^4*x^{(9/2)} + 30/7*B*a^4*b^2*x^{(7/2)} + 40/7*A*a^3*b^3*x^{(7/2)} + 1 \\ & 2/5*B*a^5*b*x^{(5/2)} + 6*A*a^4*b^2*x^{(5/2)} + 2/3*B*a^6*x^{(3/2)} + 4*A*a^5*b* \\ & x^{(3/2)} + 2*A*a^6*\text{sqrt}(x) \end{aligned}$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx = & x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2Ba^6}{3} + 4Ab a^5 \right) \\ & + x^{13/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^6}{13} + \frac{12Ba b^5}{13} \right) + 2Aa^6 \sqrt{x} \\ & + \frac{2Bb^6 x^{15/2}}{15} + \frac{10a^3 b^2 x^{7/2} (4Ab + 3Ba)}{7} \\ & + \frac{10a^2 b^3 x^{9/2} (3Ab + 4Ba)}{9} \\ & + \frac{6a^4 b x^{5/2} (5Ab + 2Ba)}{5} \\ & + \frac{6a b^4 x^{11/2} (2Ab + 5Ba)}{11} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{int}(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3)/x^{(1/2)},x)$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & x^{(3/2)}*((2*B*a^6)/3 + 4*A*a^5*b) + x^{(13/2)}*((2*A*b^6)/13 + (12*B*a*b^5)/ \\ & 13) + 2*A*a^6*x^{(1/2)} + (2*B*b^6*x^{(15/2)})/15 + (10*a^3*b^2*x^{(7/2)}*(4*A*b \\ & + 3*B*a))/7 + (10*a^2*b^3*x^{(9/2)}*(3*A*b + 4*B*a))/9 + (6*a^4*b*x^{(5/2)}*(\\ & 5*A*b + 2*B*a))/5 + (6*a*b^4*x^{(11/2)}*(2*A*b + 5*B*a))/11 \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{x}(429b^7x^7 + 3465ab^6x^6 + 12285a^2b^5x^5 + 25025a^3b^4x^4 + 32175a^4b^3x^3 + 27027a^5b^2x^2 + 15015a^6bx + 6435a^7)}{6435}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(x)*(6435*a**7 + 15015*a**6*b*x + 27027*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 32175*a**4
*b**3*x**3 + 25025*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 12285*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 3465*a*b**6*x**
6 + 429*b**7*x**7))/6435
```

3.381 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^6A}{\sqrt{x}} + 2a^5(6Ab+aB)\sqrt{x} + 2a^4b(5Ab+2aB)x^{3/2} + 2a^3b^2(4Ab+3aB)x^{5/2} + \frac{10}{7}a^2b^3(3Ab+4aB)x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{3}ab^4(2Ab+5aB)x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}b^5(Ab+6aB)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{13}b^6Bx^{13/2}$$

output

```
-2*a^6*A/x^(1/2)+2*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)+2*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)*x^(3/2)+
*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(5/2)+10/7*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)*x^(7/2)+2/3*a*b^
4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)*x^(9/2)+2/11*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)*x^(11/2)+2/13*b^6*B*x^(13/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(-3003a^6(A-Bx) + 6006a^5bx(3A+Bx) + 3003a^4b^2x^2(5A+3Bx) + 1000a^3b^3x^3(3A+Bx) + 2000a^2b^4x^4(2A+Bx) + 2000ab^5x^5(A+Bx) + 1000b^6x^6B)}{x^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^(3/2), x]
```

output

$(2*(-3003*a^6*(A - B*x) + 6006*a^5*b*x*(3*A + B*x) + 3003*a^4*b^2*x^2*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 1716*a^3*b^3*x^3*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 715*a^2*b^4*x^4*(9*A + 7*B*x) + 182*a*b^5*x^5*(11*A + 9*B*x) + 21*b^6*x^6*(13*A + 11*B*x))/(3003*sqrt[x])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1184

$$\int \frac{b^6 (a+bx)^6 (A+Bx)}{x^{3/2} b^6} dx$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^6 (A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6 A}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{a^5 (aB + 6Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + 3a^4 b \sqrt{x} (2aB + 5Ab) + 5a^3 b^2 x^{3/2} (3aB + 4Ab) + 5a^2 b^3 x^{5/2} (4aB + 3Ab) + b^5 x^{9/2} (6aB + 3Ab) \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2a^6 A}{\sqrt{x}} + 2a^5 \sqrt{x} (aB + 6Ab) + 2a^4 b x^{3/2} (2aB + 5Ab) + 2a^3 b^2 x^{5/2} (3aB + 4Ab) + \frac{10}{7} a^2 b^3 x^{7/2} (4aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{11} b^5 x^{11/2} (6aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{3} a b^4 x^{9/2} (5aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{13} b^6 B x^{13/2}$$

input

Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^(3/2), x]

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2*a^6*A)/\text{Sqrt}[x] + 2*a^5*(6*A*b + a*B)*\text{Sqrt}[x] + 2*a^4*b*(5*A*b + 2*a*B) \\ & *x^{(3/2)} + 2*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b + 3*a*B)*x^{(5/2)} + (10*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b + 4*a*B) \\ & *x^{(7/2)})/7 + (2*a*b^4*(2*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^{(9/2)})/3 + (2*b^5*(A*b + 6*a*B)*x \\ & ^{(11/2)})/11 + (2*b^6*B*x^{(13/2)})/13 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 85

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_)*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : \\ & > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, \\ & d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a* \\ & f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n \\ & + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, \\ & 1]) \end{aligned}$$

rule 1184

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_)*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)) \\ & + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x \\ &)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \end{aligned}$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(-231b^6Bx^7-273Ab^6x^6-1638Bab^5x^6-2002Aab^5x^5-5005Ba^2b^4x^5-6435Aa^2b^4x^4-8580Ba^3b^3x^4-12012Aa^3b^3x^3-9009Bba^4b^2x^3-15015Aa^4b^2x^2-6006Bba^5b^2x^2-18018Aa^5b^2x-3003Bba^6x+3003Aa^6)}{3003\sqrt{x}}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-231b^6Bx^7-273Ab^6x^6-1638Bab^5x^6-2002Aab^5x^5-5005Ba^2b^4x^5-6435Aa^2b^4x^4-8580Ba^3b^3x^4-12012Aa^3b^3x^3-9009Bba^4b^2x^3-15015Aa^4b^2x^2-6006Bba^5b^2x^2-18018Aa^5b^2x-3003Bba^6x+3003Aa^6)}{3003\sqrt{x}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(-231b^6Bx^7-273Ab^6x^6-1638Bab^5x^6-2002Aab^5x^5-5005Ba^2b^4x^5-6435Aa^2b^4x^4-8580Ba^3b^3x^4-12012Aa^3b^3x^3-9009Bba^4b^2x^3-15015Aa^4b^2x^2-6006Bba^5b^2x^2-18018Aa^5b^2x-3003Bba^6x+3003Aa^6)}{3003\sqrt{x}}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^6Bx^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2Ab^6x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{12Bab^5x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{4Aab^5x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + \frac{10Ba^2b^4x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + \frac{30Aa^2b^4x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{40Ba^3b^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + 8Aa^3b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}$
default	$\frac{2b^6Bx^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2Ab^6x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{12Bab^5x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{4Aab^5x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + \frac{10Ba^2b^4x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + \frac{30Aa^2b^4x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{40Ba^3b^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + 8Aa^3b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-231b^6Bx^7-273Ab^6x^6-1638Bab^5x^6-2002Aab^5x^5-5005Ba^2b^4x^5-6435Aa^2b^4x^4-8580Ba^3b^3x^4-12012Aa^3b^3x^3-9009Bba^4b^2x^3-15015Aa^4b^2x^2-6006Bba^5b^2x^2-18018Aa^5b^2x-3003Bba^6x+3003Aa^6)}{3003\sqrt{x}}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3003*(-231*B*b^6*x^7-273*A*b^6*x^6-1638*B*a*b^5*x^6-2002*A*a*b^5*x^5-5005*B*a^2*b^4*x^5-6435*A*a^2*b^4*x^4-8580*B*a^3*b^3*x^4-12012*A*a^3*b^3*x^3-9009*B*a^4*b^2*x^3-15015*A*a^4*b^2*x^2-6006*B*a^5*b^2*x^2-18018*A*a^5*b^2*x-3003*B*a^6*x+3003*A*a^6)/x^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(231Bb^6x^7 - 3003Aa^6 + 273(6Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^6 + 1001(5Ba^2b^4 - 3003Aa^3b^3)x^5 + 2145(4Bba^4b^2 + 3Aa^4b^2)x^4 + 3003(3Bba^5b^2 + 5Aa^5b^2)x^3 + 3003(2Bba^6 + 5Aa^6b^2)x^2 + 3003(Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)x)}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/3003*(231*B*b^6*x^7 - 3003*A*a^6 + 273*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 1001*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 2145*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 3003*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 3003*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 3003*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/sqrt(x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa^6}{\sqrt{x}} + 12Aa^5b\sqrt{x} + 10Aa^4b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$+ 8Aa^3b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{30Aa^2b^4x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{4Aab^5x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Ab^6x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + 2Ba^6\sqrt{x} + 4Ba^5bx^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$+ 6Ba^4b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{40Ba^3b^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{10Ba^2b^4x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + \frac{12Bab^5x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2Bb^6x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3/x**(3/2),x)`output `-2*A*a**6/sqrt(x) + 12*A*a**5*b*sqrt(x) + 10*A*a**4*b**2*x**(3/2) + 8*A*a**3*b**3*x**(5/2) + 30*A*a**2*b**4*x**(7/2)/7 + 4*A*a*b**5*x**(9/2)/3 + 2*A*b**6*x**(11/2)/11 + 2*B*a**6*sqrt(x) + 4*B*a**5*b*x**(3/2) + 6*B*a**4*b**2*x**(5/2) + 40*B*a**3*b**3*x**(7/2)/7 + 10*B*a**2*b**4*x**(9/2)/3 + 12*B*a*b**5*x**(11/2)/11 + 2*B*b**6*x**(13/2)/13`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{13} Bb^6x^{\frac{13}{2}} - \frac{2Aa^6}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$+ \frac{2}{11} (6Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} (5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5)x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{10}{7} (4Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)x^{\frac{7}{2}}$$

$$+ 2(3Ba^4b^2 + 4Aa^3b^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2(2Ba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2(Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/13*B*b^6*x^(13/2) - 2*A*a^6/sqrt(x) + 2/11*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^(11/2) + 2/3*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^(9/2) + 10/7*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^(7/2) + 2*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^(5/2) + 2*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^(3/2) + 2*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*sqrt(x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{13} Bb^6x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{12}{11} Bab^5x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{2}{11} Ab^6x^{\frac{11}{2}}$$

$$+ \frac{10}{3} Ba^2b^4x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{4}{3} Aab^5x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{40}{7} Ba^3b^3x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{30}{7} Aa^2b^4x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 6Ba^4b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

$$+ 8Aa^3b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 4Ba^5bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 10Aa^4b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2Ba^6\sqrt{x} + 12Aa^5b\sqrt{x} - \frac{2Aa^6}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/13*B*b^6*x^(13/2) + 12/11*B*a*b^5*x^(11/2) + 2/11*A*b^6*x^(11/2) + 10/3*B*a^2*b^4*x^(9/2) + 4/3*A*a*b^5*x^(9/2) + 40/7*B*a^3*b^3*x^(7/2) + 30/7*A*a^2*b^4*x^(7/2) + 6*B*a^4*b^2*x^(5/2) + 8*A*a^3*b^3*x^(5/2) + 4*B*a^5*b*x^(3/2) + 10*A*a^4*b^2*x^(3/2) + 2*B*a^6*sqrt(x) + 12*A*a^5*b*sqrt(x) - 2*A*a^6/sqrt(x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx = \sqrt{x}(2Ba^6 + 12Aba^5)$$

$$+ x^{11/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^6}{11} + \frac{12Bab^5}{11} \right) - \frac{2Aa^6}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2Bb^6x^{13/2}}{13}$$

$$+ 2a^3b^2x^{5/2}(4Ab + 3Ba) + \frac{10a^2b^3x^{7/2}(3Ab + 4Ba)}{7} + 2a^4bx^{3/2}(5Ab + 2Ba) + \frac{2ab^4x^{9/2}(2Ab + 5Ba)}{3}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3)/x^(3/2),x)`

output `x^(1/2)*(2*B*a^6 + 12*A*a^5*b) + x^(11/2)*((2*A*b^6)/11 + (12*B*a*b^5)/11) - (2*A*a^6)/x^(1/2) + (2*B*b^6*x^(13/2))/13 + 2*a^3*b^2*x^(5/2)*(4*A*b + 3*B*a) + (10*a^2*b^3*x^(7/2)*(3*A*b + 4*B*a))/7 + 2*a^4*b*x^(3/2)*(5*A*b + 2*B*a) + (2*a*b^4*x^(9/2)*(2*A*b + 5*B*a))/3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{13}b^7x^7 + \frac{14}{11}ab^6x^6 + \frac{14}{3}a^2b^5x^5 + 10a^3b^4x^4 + 14a^4b^3x^3 + 14a^5b^2x^2 + \dots}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*(-429*a**7 + 3003*a**6*b*x + 3003*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 3003*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 2145*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 1001*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 273*a*b**6*x**6 + 33*b**7*x**7))/(429*sqrt(x))`

3.382
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^6A}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2a^5(6Ab+aB)}{\sqrt{x}} + 6a^4b(5Ab+2aB)\sqrt{x} + \frac{10}{3}a^3b^2(4Ab+3aB)x^{3/2} + 2a^2b^3(3Ab+4aB)x^{5/2} + \frac{6}{7}ab^4(2Ab+5aB)x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}b^5(Ab+6aB)x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}b^6Bx^{11/2}$$

output

```
-2/3*a^6*A/x^(3/2)-2*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^(1/2)+6*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)*x^(1/2)
+10/3*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(3/2)+2*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)*x^(5/2)+6/7*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)*x^(7/2)+2/9*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)*x^(9/2)+2/11*b^6*B*x^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(4158a^5bx(-A+Bx)+3465a^4b^2x^2(3A+Bx)-231a^6(A+3Bx))}{x^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^3)/x^(5/2),x]
```

output

$$(2*(4158*a^5*b*x*(-A + B*x) + 3465*a^4*b^2*x^2*(3*A + B*x) - 231*a^6*(A + 3*B*x) + 924*a^3*b^3*x^3*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 297*a^2*b^4*x^4*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 6*6*a*b^5*x^5*(9*A + 7*B*x) + 7*b^6*x^6*(11*A + 9*B*x)))/(693*x^(3/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{b^6(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2} b^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6 A}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{3a^4b(2aB + 5Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + 5a^3b^2\sqrt{x}(3aB + 4Ab) + 5a^2b^3x^{3/2}(4aB + 3Ab) + b^5x^{7/2}(6aB + 3Ab) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2a^6 A}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + 6a^4b\sqrt{x}(2aB + 5Ab) + \frac{10}{3}a^3b^2x^{3/2}(3aB + 4Ab) + 2a^2b^3x^{5/2}(4aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{9}b^5x^{9/2}(6aB + Ab) + \frac{6}{7}ab^4x^{7/2}(5aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{11}b^6Bx^{11/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3/x^(5/2), x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2a^6A)/(3x^{3/2}) - (2a^5(6Ab + aB))/\sqrt{x} + 6a^4b(5Ab + \\ & 2aB)\sqrt{x} + (10a^3b^2(4Ab + 3aB)x^{3/2})/3 + 2a^2b^3(3Ab + \\ & 4aB)x^{5/2} + (6ab^4(2Ab + 5aB)x^{7/2})/7 + (2b^5(Ab + 6aB)x^{9/2})/9 + (2b^6Bx^{11/2})/11 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 85

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : \\ & > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, \\ & d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a* \\ & f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n \\ & + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, \\ & 1]) \end{aligned}$$

rule 1184

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_ \\ &) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x \\ &)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \end{aligned}$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^6 B x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2A b^6 x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{4B a b^5 x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + \frac{12A a b^5 x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{30B a^2 b^4 x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + 6A a^2 b^4 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 8B a^3 b^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{40A a^3 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 2a^5 (6A b + B) x^{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{2}{3} a^6 x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$
default	$\frac{2b^6 B x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2A b^6 x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{4B a b^5 x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + \frac{12A a b^5 x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{30B a^2 b^4 x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + 6A a^2 b^4 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 8B a^3 b^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{40A a^3 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 2a^5 (6A b + B) x^{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{2}{3} a^6 x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$
gosper	$-\frac{2(-63b^6 B x^7 - 77A b^6 x^6 - 462B a b^5 x^6 - 594A a b^5 x^5 - 1485B a^2 b^4 x^5 - 2079A a^2 b^4 x^4 - 2772B a^3 b^3 x^4 - 4620A a^3 b^3 x^3 - 693x^{\frac{3}{2}})}{693x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-63b^6 B x^7 - 77A b^6 x^6 - 462B a b^5 x^6 - 594A a b^5 x^5 - 1485B a^2 b^4 x^5 - 2079A a^2 b^4 x^4 - 2772B a^3 b^3 x^4 - 4620A a^3 b^3 x^3 - 693x^{\frac{3}{2}})}{693x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(-63b^6 B x^7 - 77A b^6 x^6 - 462B a b^5 x^6 - 594A a b^5 x^5 - 1485B a^2 b^4 x^5 - 2079A a^2 b^4 x^4 - 2772B a^3 b^3 x^4 - 4620A a^3 b^3 x^3 - 693x^{\frac{3}{2}})}{693x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
oring	$-\frac{2(-63b^6 B x^7 - 77A b^6 x^6 - 462B a b^5 x^6 - 594A a b^5 x^5 - 1485B a^2 b^4 x^5 - 2079A a^2 b^4 x^4 - 2772B a^3 b^3 x^4 - 4620A a^3 b^3 x^3 - 693x^{\frac{3}{2}})}{693x^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx+a)}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/11*b^6*B*x^(11/2)+2/9*A*b^6*x^(9/2)+4/3*B*a*b^5*x^(9/2)+12/7*A*a*b^5*x^(7/2)+30/7*B*a^2*b^4*x^(7/2)+6*A*a^2*b^4*x^(5/2)+8*B*a^3*b^3*x^(5/2)+40/3*A*a^3*b^3*x^(3/2)+10*B*a^4*b^2*x^(3/2)+30*A*a^4*b^2*x^(1/2)+12*B*a^5*b*x^(1/2)-2*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^(1/2)-2/3*a^6*A/x^(3/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(63Bb^6x^7 - 231Aa^6 + 77(6Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^6 + 297(5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aa^3b^3)x^5 + 693(4Bb^4a^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)x^4 + 1155(3Bb^3a^4 + 4Aa^3b^3)x^3 + 2079(2Bb^2a^5 + 5Aa^4b^2)x^2 - 693(Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)x)}{x^{3/2}}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/693*(63*B*b^6*x^7 - 231*A*a^6 + 77*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 297*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a^3*b^3)*x^5 + 693*(4*B*b^4*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 1155*(3*B*b^3*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 2079*(2*B*b^2*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 - 693*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^(3/2)
```


Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa^6}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{12Aa^5b}{\sqrt{x}} + 30Aa^4b^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{40Aa^3b^3x^{3/2}}{3} + 6Aa^2b^4x^{5/2} + \frac{12Aab^5x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2Ab^6x^{9/2}}{9} - \frac{2Ba^6}{\sqrt{x}} + 12Ba^5b\sqrt{x} + 10Ba^4b^2x^{3/2} + 8Ba^3b^3x^{5/2} + \frac{30Ba^2b^4x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{4Bab^5x^{9/2}}{3} + \frac{2Bb^6x^{11/2}}{11}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3/x**(5/2),x)`output `-2*A*a**6/(3*x**(3/2)) - 12*A*a**5*b/sqrt(x) + 30*A*a**4*b**2*sqrt(x) + 40*A*a**3*b**3*x**(3/2)/3 + 6*A*a**2*b**4*x**(5/2) + 12*A*a*b**5*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*A*b**6*x**(9/2)/9 - 2*B*a**6/sqrt(x) + 12*B*a**5*b*sqrt(x) + 10*B*a**4*b**2*x**(3/2) + 8*B*a**3*b**3*x**(5/2) + 30*B*a**2*b**4*x**(7/2)/7 + 4*B*a*b**5*x**(9/2)/3 + 2*B*b**6*x**(11/2)/11`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{11} Bb^6x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{9} (6Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^{9/2} + \frac{6}{7} (5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5)x^{7/2} + 2(4Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)x^{5/2} + \frac{10}{3} (3Ba^4b^2 + 4Aa^3b^3)x^{3/2} + 6(2Ba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2)\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(Aa^6 + 3(Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)x)}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/11*B*b^6*x^(11/2) + 2/9*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^(9/2) + 6/7*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^(7/2) + 2*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^(5/2) + 10/3*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^(3/2) + 6*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*sqrt(x) - 2/3*(A*a^6 + 3*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^(3/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{11} Bb^6 x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{4}{3} Bab^5 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{9} Ab^6 x^{\frac{9}{2}}$$

$$+ \frac{30}{7} Ba^2 b^4 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{12}{7} Aab^5 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 8 Ba^3 b^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 6 Aa^2 b^4 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 10 Ba^4 b^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$+ \frac{40}{3} Aa^3 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 12 Ba^5 b \sqrt{x} + 30 Aa^4 b^2 \sqrt{x} - \frac{2(3Ba^6x + 18Aa^5bx + Aa^6)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/11*B*b^6*x^(11/2) + 4/3*B*a*b^5*x^(9/2) + 2/9*A*b^6*x^(9/2) + 30/7*B*a^2*b^4*x^(7/2) + 12/7*A*a*b^5*x^(7/2) + 8*B*a^3*b^3*x^(5/2) + 6*A*a^2*b^4*x^(5/2) + 10*B*a^4*b^2*x^(3/2) + 40/3*A*a^3*b^3*x^(3/2) + 12*B*a^5*b*sqrt(x) + 30*A*a^4*b^2*sqrt(x) - 2/3*(3*B*a^6*x + 18*A*a^5*b*x + A*a^6)/x^(3/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx = x^{9/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^6}{9} + \frac{4Bab^5}{3} \right)$$

$$- \frac{x(2Ba^6 + 12Aba^5) + \frac{2Aa^6}{3}}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{2Bb^6x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{10a^3b^2x^{3/2}(4Ab + 3Ba)}{3}$$

$$+ 2a^2b^3x^{5/2}(3Ab + 4Ba) + 6a^4b\sqrt{x}(5Ab + 2Ba) + \frac{6ab^4x^{7/2}(2Ab + 5Ba)}{7}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3)/x^(5/2),x)`

output `x^(9/2)*((2*A*b^6)/9 + (4*B*a*b^5)/3) - (x*(2*B*a^6 + 12*A*a^5*b) + (2*A*a^6)/3)/x^(3/2) + (2*B*b^6*x^(11/2))/11 + (10*a^3*b^2*x^(3/2)*(4*A*b + 3*B*a))/3 + 2*a^2*b^3*x^(5/2)*(3*A*b + 4*B*a) + 6*a^4*b*x^(1/2)*(5*A*b + 2*B*a) + (6*a*b^4*x^(7/2)*(2*A*b + 5*B*a))/7`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{11}b^7x^7 + \frac{14}{9}ab^6x^6 + 6a^2b^5x^5 + 14a^3b^4x^4 + \frac{70}{3}a^4b^3x^3 + 42a^5b^2x^2 - 1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(5/2),x)`output `(2*(- 33*a**7 - 693*a**6*b*x + 2079*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 1155*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 693*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 297*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 77*a*b**6*x**6 + 9*b**7*x**7)) / (99*sqrt(x)*x)`

output

$$(2*(4725*a^4*b^2*x^2*(-A + B*x) + 2100*a^3*b^3*x^3*(3*A + B*x) - 630*a^5*b*x*(A + 3*B*x) + 315*a^2*b^4*x^4*(5*A + 3*B*x) - 21*a^6*(3*A + 5*B*x) + 54*a*b^5*x^5*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 5*b^6*x^6*(9*A + 7*B*x)))/(315*x^(5/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{b^6(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2} b^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6 A}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{3a^4b(2aB + 5Ab)}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{5a^3b^2(3aB + 4Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + 5a^2b^3\sqrt{x}(4aB + 3Ab) + b^5x^{5/2}(6aB + 3Ab) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2a^6 A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{6a^4b(2aB + 5Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + 10a^3b^2\sqrt{x}(3aB + 4Ab) + \frac{10}{3}a^2b^3x^{3/2}(4aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{7}b^5x^{7/2}(6aB + 3Ab) + \frac{6}{5}ab^4x^{5/2}(5aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{9}b^6Bx^{9/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3/x^(7/2), x]$$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (-2*a^6*A)/(5*x^{(5/2)}) - (2*a^5*(6*A*b + a*B))/(3*x^{(3/2)}) - (6*a^4*b*(5*A \\ & *b + 2*a*B))/\text{Sqrt}[x] + 10*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b + 3*a*B)*\text{Sqrt}[x] + (10*a^2*b^3*(3 \\ & *A*b + 4*a*B)*x^{(3/2)})/3 + (6*a*b^4*(2*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^{(5/2)})/5 + (2*b^5*(A \\ & *b + 6*a*B)*x^{(7/2)})/7 + (2*b^6*B*x^{(9/2)})/9 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 85
$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : \\ & > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, \\ & d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a* \\ & f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n \\ & + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, \\ & 1]) \end{aligned}$$

rule 1184
$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}*((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_ \\ &) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x \\ &)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \end{aligned}$$

rule 2009
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^6 B x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2A b^6 x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{12B a b^5 x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{12A a b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 6B a^2 b^4 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 10A a^2 b^4 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{40B a^3 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 40A a^3 b^3 x^{\frac{1}{2}}$
default	$\frac{2b^6 B x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2A b^6 x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{12B a b^5 x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{12A a b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 6B a^2 b^4 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 10A a^2 b^4 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{40B a^3 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 40A a^3 b^3 x^{\frac{1}{2}}$
gosper	$-\frac{2(-35b^6 B x^7 - 45A b^6 x^6 - 270B a b^5 x^6 - 378A a b^5 x^5 - 945B a^2 b^4 x^5 - 1575A a^2 b^4 x^4 - 2100B a^3 b^3 x^4 - 6300A a^3 b^3 x^3 - 315x^{\frac{5}{2}})}{315x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-35b^6 B x^7 - 45A b^6 x^6 - 270B a b^5 x^6 - 378A a b^5 x^5 - 945B a^2 b^4 x^5 - 1575A a^2 b^4 x^4 - 2100B a^3 b^3 x^4 - 6300A a^3 b^3 x^3 - 315x^{\frac{5}{2}})}{315x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(-35b^6 B x^7 - 45A b^6 x^6 - 270B a b^5 x^6 - 378A a b^5 x^5 - 945B a^2 b^4 x^5 - 1575A a^2 b^4 x^4 - 2100B a^3 b^3 x^4 - 6300A a^3 b^3 x^3 - 315x^{\frac{5}{2}})}{315x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
oring	$-\frac{2(-35b^6 B x^7 - 45A b^6 x^6 - 270B a b^5 x^6 - 378A a b^5 x^5 - 945B a^2 b^4 x^5 - 1575A a^2 b^4 x^4 - 2100B a^3 b^3 x^4 - 6300A a^3 b^3 x^3 - 315x^{\frac{5}{2}}(bx+a)^6)}{315x^{\frac{5}{2}}(bx+a)^6}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/9*b^6*B*x^(9/2)+2/7*A*b^6*x^(7/2)+12/7*B*a*b^5*x^(7/2)+12/5*A*a*b^5*x^(5/2)+6*B*a^2*b^4*x^(5/2)+10*A*a^2*b^4*x^(3/2)+40/3*B*a^3*b^3*x^(3/2)+40*A*a^3*b^3*x^(1/2)+30*B*a^4*b^2*x^(1/2)-2/5*a^6*A/x^(5/2)-2/3*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^(3/2)-6*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)/x^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(35 B b^6 x^7 - 63 A a^6 + 45(6 B a b^5 + A b^6)x^6 + 189(5 B a^2 b^4 + 2 A a^3 b^3)x^5 + 525(4 B a^4 b^2 + 3 A a^5)x^4 + 1575(3 B a^4 b^2 + 4 A a^4 b^3)x^3 - 945(2 B a^5 b + 5 A a^4 b^2)x^2 - 105(B a^6 + 6 A a^5 b)x}{x^{5/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/315*(35*B*b^6*x^7 - 63*A*a^6 + 45*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 189*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a^3*b^3)*x^5 + 525*(4*B*a^4*b^2 + 3*A*a^5)*x^4 + 1575*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^4*b^3)*x^3 - 945*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 - 105*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^(5/2)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa^6}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{4Aa^5b}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{30Aa^4b^2}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$+ 40Aa^3b^3\sqrt{x} + 10Aa^2b^4x^{3/2} + \frac{12Aab^5x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{2Ab^6x^{7/2}}{7} - \frac{2Ba^6}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{12Ba^5b}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$+ 30Ba^4b^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{40Ba^3b^3x^{3/2}}{3} + 6Ba^2b^4x^{5/2} + \frac{12Bab^5x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2Bb^6x^{9/2}}{9}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3/x**(7/2),x)`output `-2*A*a**6/(5*x**(5/2)) - 4*A*a**5*b/x**(3/2) - 30*A*a**4*b**2/sqrt(x) + 40*A*a**3*b**3*sqrt(x) + 10*A*a**2*b**4*x**(3/2) + 12*A*a*b**5*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*A*b**6*x**(7/2)/7 - 2*B*a**6/(3*x**(3/2)) - 12*B*a**5*b/sqrt(x) + 30*B*a**4*b**2*sqrt(x) + 40*B*a**3*b**3*x**(3/2)/3 + 6*B*a**2*b**4*x**(5/2) + 12*B*a*b**5*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*b**6*x**(9/2)/9`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2}{9} Bb^6x^{9/2}$$

$$+ \frac{2}{7} (6Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^{7/2} + \frac{6}{5} (5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5)x^{5/2}$$

$$+ \frac{10}{3} (4Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)x^{3/2} + 10(3Ba^4b^2 + 4Aa^3b^3)\sqrt{x}$$

$$- \frac{2(3Aa^6 + 45(2Ba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2)x^2 + 5(Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)x)}{15x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 2/9*B*b^6*x^(9/2) + 2/7*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^(7/2) + 6/5*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2 \\ & *A*a*b^5)*x^(5/2) + 10/3*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^(3/2) + 10*(3*B*a^4 \\ & *b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*sqrt(x) - 2/15*(3*A*a^6 + 45*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2) \\ & *x^2 + 5*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^(5/2) \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2}{9} Bb^6x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{12}{7} Bab^5x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{7} Ab^6x^{\frac{7}{2}} \\ & + 6Ba^2b^4x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{12}{5} Aab^5x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{40}{3} Ba^3b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 10Aa^2b^4x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 30Ba^4b^2\sqrt{x} \\ & + 40Aa^3b^3\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(90Ba^5bx^2 + 225Aa^4b^2x^2 + 5Ba^6x + 30Aa^5bx + 3Aa^6)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 2/9*B*b^6*x^(9/2) + 12/7*B*a*b^5*x^(7/2) + 2/7*A*b^6*x^(7/2) + 6*B*a^2*b^4 \\ & *x^(5/2) + 12/5*A*a*b^5*x^(5/2) + 40/3*B*a^3*b^3*x^(3/2) + 10*A*a^2*b^4*x^(\\ & (3/2) + 30*B*a^4*b^2*sqrt(x) + 40*A*a^3*b^3*sqrt(x) - 2/15*(90*B*a^5*b*x^2 \\ & + 225*A*a^4*b^2*x^2 + 5*B*a^6*x + 30*A*a^5*b*x + 3*A*a^6)/x^(5/2) \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{7/2}} dx = x^{7/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^6}{7} + \frac{12Bab^5}{7} \right) \\ & - \frac{x \left(\frac{2Ba^6}{3} + 4Aba^5 \right) + \frac{2Aa^6}{5} + x^2 (12Ba^5b + 30Aa^4b^2)}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{2Bb^6x^{9/2}}{9} \\ & + 10a^3b^2\sqrt{x}(4Ab + 3Ba) + \frac{10a^2b^3x^{3/2}(3Ab + 4Ba)}{3} + \frac{6ab^4x^{5/2}(2Ab + 5Ba)}{5} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3)/x^(7/2),x)
```

output

```
x^(7/2)*((2*A*b^6)/7 + (12*B*a*b^5)/7) - (x*((2*B*a^6)/3 + 4*A*a^5*b) + (2
*A*a^6)/5 + x^2*(30*A*a^4*b^2 + 12*B*a^5*b))/x^(5/2) + (2*B*b^6*x^(9/2))/9
+ 10*a^3*b^2*x^(1/2)*(4*A*b + 3*B*a) + (10*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2)*(3*A*b + 4*B*a
))/3 + (6*a*b^4*x^(5/2)*(2*A*b + 5*B*a))/5
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{9}b^7x^7 + 2ab^6x^6 + \frac{42}{5}a^2b^5x^5 + \frac{70}{3}a^3b^4x^4 + 70a^4b^3x^3 - 42a^5b^2x^2 - \frac{14}{3}a^6b^2x}{\sqrt{x}x^2}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(7/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*( - 9*a**7 - 105*a**6*b*x - 945*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 1575*a**4*b**3*x**3 +
525*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 189*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 45*a*b**6*x**6 + 5*b**7*x**7))/(
45*sqrt(x)*x**2)
```

3.384 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2974
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2974
Rubi [A] (verified)	2975
Maple [A] (verified)	2977
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2977
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2978
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2978
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2979
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2979
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2980

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^6A}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{2a^5(6Ab+aB)}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2a^4b(5Ab+2aB)}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{10a^3b^2(4Ab+3aB)\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} + 10a^2b^3(3Ab+4aB)\sqrt{x} + 2ab^4(2Ab+5aB)x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}b^5(Ab+6aB)x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}b^6Bx^{7/2}$$

output

```
-2/7*a^6*A/x^(7/2)-2/5*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^(5/2)-2*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)/x^(3/2)-10*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)/x^(1/2)+10*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)*x^(1/2)+2*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)*x^(3/2)+2/5*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)*x^(5/2)+2/7*b^6*B*x^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(700a^3b^3x^3(-A+Bx)+175a^2b^4x^4(3A+Bx)-175a^4b^2x^2(A+Bx))}{x^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^3)/x^(9/2),x]
```

output

$$(2*(700*a^3*b^3*x^3*(-A + B*x) + 175*a^2*b^4*x^4*(3*A + B*x) - 175*a^4*b^2*x^2*(A + 3*B*x) + 14*a*b^5*x^5*(5*A + 3*B*x) - 14*a^5*b*x*(3*A + 5*B*x) + b^6*x^6*(7*A + 5*B*x) - a^6*(5*A + 7*B*x))/(35*x^(7/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{b^6(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2} b^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6 A}{x^{9/2}} + \frac{a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{3a^4b(2aB + 5Ab)}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{5a^3b^2(3aB + 4Ab)}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{5a^2b^3(4aB + 3Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + b^5x^{3/2}(6aB + Ab) \right)$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2a^6 A}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{2a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2a^4b(2aB + 5Ab)}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{10a^3b^2(3aB + 4Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + 10a^2b^3\sqrt{x}(4aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{5}b^5x^{5/2}(6aB + Ab) + 2ab^4x^{3/2}(5aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{7}b^6Bx^{7/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3/x^(9/2), x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2a^6A)/(7x^{7/2}) - (2a^5(6Ab + aB))/(5x^{5/2}) - (2a^4b(5A \\ & *b + 2aB))/x^{3/2} - (10a^3b^2(4Ab + 3aB))/\sqrt{x} + 10a^2b^3(\\ & 3Ab + 4aB)\sqrt{x} + 2ab^4(2Ab + 5aB)x^{3/2} + (2b^5(Ab + 6 \\ & *aB)x^{5/2})/5 + (2b^6Bx^{7/2})/7 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 85

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_)*}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : \\ & > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, \\ & d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a* \\ & f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n \\ & + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, \\ & 1]) \end{aligned}$$

rule 1184

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*}((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_)*}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_ \\ &) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x \\ &)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{E} \\ & \text{qQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \end{aligned}$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^6 B x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2A b^6 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{12B a b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 4A a b^5 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 10B a^2 b^4 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 30A a^2 b^4 \sqrt{x} + 40B a^3 b^3 \sqrt{x}$
default	$\frac{2b^6 B x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2A b^6 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{12B a b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 4A a b^5 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 10B a^2 b^4 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 30A a^2 b^4 \sqrt{x} + 40B a^3 b^3 \sqrt{x}$
gosper	$\frac{2(-5b^6 B x^7 - 7A b^6 x^6 - 42B a b^5 x^6 - 70A a b^5 x^5 - 175B a^2 b^4 x^5 - 525A a^2 b^4 x^4 - 700B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 700A a^3 b^3 x^3 + 525B a^3 b^3 x^2)}{35x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
trager	$\frac{2(-5b^6 B x^7 - 7A b^6 x^6 - 42B a b^5 x^6 - 70A a b^5 x^5 - 175B a^2 b^4 x^5 - 525A a^2 b^4 x^4 - 700B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 700A a^3 b^3 x^3 + 525B a^3 b^3 x^2)}{35x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{2(-5b^6 B x^7 - 7A b^6 x^6 - 42B a b^5 x^6 - 70A a b^5 x^5 - 175B a^2 b^4 x^5 - 525A a^2 b^4 x^4 - 700B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 700A a^3 b^3 x^3 + 525B a^3 b^3 x^2)}{35x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
oring	$\frac{2(-5b^6 B x^7 - 7A b^6 x^6 - 42B a b^5 x^6 - 70A a b^5 x^5 - 175B a^2 b^4 x^5 - 525A a^2 b^4 x^4 - 700B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 700A a^3 b^3 x^3 + 525B a^3 b^3 x^2)}{35x^{\frac{7}{2}}(bx+a)^6}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/7*b^6*B*x^(7/2)+2/5*A*b^6*x^(5/2)+12/5*B*a*b^5*x^(5/2)+4*A*a*b^5*x^(3/2)
+10*B*a^2*b^4*x^(3/2)+30*A*a^2*b^4*x^(1/2)+40*B*a^3*b^3*x^(1/2)-2/5*a^5*(6
*A*b+B*a)/x^(5/2)-2*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)/x^(3/2)-10*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)/x
^(1/2)-2/7*a^6*A/x^(7/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(5Bb^6x^7 - 5Aa^6 + 7(6Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^6 + 35(5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5)x^5 + \dots}{x^{9/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/35*(5*B*b^6*x^7 - 5*A*a^6 + 7*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^6 + 35*(5*B*a^2*b^4
+ 2*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 175*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 - 175*(3*B*a^4*b^2
+ 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 - 35*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 - 7*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5
*b)*x)/x^(7/2)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa^6}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{12Aa^5b}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{10Aa^4b^2}{x^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{40Aa^3b^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 30Aa^2b^4\sqrt{x} + 4Aab^5x^{3/2} + \frac{2Ab^6x^{5/2}}{5} - \frac{2Ba^6}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{4Ba^5b}{x^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{30Ba^4b^2}{\sqrt{x}} + 40Ba^3b^3\sqrt{x} + 10Ba^2b^4x^{3/2} + \frac{12Bab^5x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{2Bb^6x^{7/2}}{7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3/x**(9/2),x)`output `-2*A*a**6/(7*x**(7/2)) - 12*A*a**5*b/(5*x**(5/2)) - 10*A*a**4*b**2/x**(3/2) - 40*A*a**3*b**3/sqrt(x) + 30*A*a**2*b**4*sqrt(x) + 4*A*a*b**5*x**(3/2) + 2*A*b**6*x**(5/2)/5 - 2*B*a**6/(5*x**(5/2)) - 4*B*a**5*b/x**(3/2) - 30*B*a**4*b**2/sqrt(x) + 40*B*a**3*b**3*sqrt(x) + 10*B*a**2*b**4*x**(3/2) + 12*B*a*b**5*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*b**6*x**(7/2)/7`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2}{7} Bb^6x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{5} (6Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^{5/2}$$

$$+ 2(5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aab^5)x^{3/2} + 10(4Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)\sqrt{x}$$

$$- \frac{2(5Aa^6 + 175(3Ba^4b^2 + 4Aa^3b^3)x^3 + 35(2Ba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2)x^2 + 7(Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)x)}{35x^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/7*B*b^6*x^(7/2) + 2/5*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^(5/2) + 2*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*x^(3/2) + 10*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*sqrt(x) - 2/35*(5*A*a^6 + 175*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 35*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 7*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^(7/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2}{7} Bb^6x^{7/2} + \frac{12}{5} Bab^5x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{5} Ab^6x^{5/2} + 10Ba^2b^4x^{3/2} + 4Aab^5x^{3/2} + 40Ba^3b^3\sqrt{x} + 30Aa^2b^4\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(525Ba^4b^2x^3 + 700Aa^3b^3x^3 + 70Ba^5b^2x^2 + 175Aa^4b^2x^2 + 7Ba^6x + 42Aa^5bx + 5Aa^6)}{35x^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{2/7*B*b^6*x^(7/2) + 12/5*B*a*b^5*x^(5/2) + 2/5*A*b^6*x^(5/2) + 10*B*a^2*b^4*x^(3/2) + 4*A*a*b^5*x^(3/2) + 40*B*a^3*b^3*\text{sqrt}(x) + 30*A*a^2*b^4*\text{sqrt}(x) - 2/35*(525*B*a^4*b^2*x^3 + 700*A*a^3*b^3*x^3 + 70*B*a^5*b^2*x^2 + 175*A*a^4*b^2*x^2 + 7*B*a^6*x + 42*A*a^5*b*x + 5*A*a^6)/x^(7/2)}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{9/2}} dx = x^{5/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^6}{5} + \frac{12Bab^5}{5} \right) + \frac{x \left(\frac{2Ba^6}{5} + \frac{12Aba^5}{5} \right) + \frac{2Aa^6}{7} + x^2(4Ba^5b + 10Aa^4b^2) + x^3(30Ba^4b^2 + 40Aa^3b^3)}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{2Bb^6x^{7/2}}{7} + 10a^2b^3\sqrt{x}(3Ab + 4Ba) + 2ab^4x^{3/2}(2Ab + 5Ba)$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3)/x^(9/2),x)`

output
$$x^(5/2)*((2*A*b^6)/5 + (12*B*a*b^5)/5) - (x*((2*B*a^6)/5 + (12*A*a^5*b)/5) + (2*A*a^6)/7 + x^2*(10*A*a^4*b^2 + 4*B*a^5*b) + x^3*(40*A*a^3*b^3 + 30*B*a^4*b^2))/x^(7/2) + (2*B*b^6*x^(7/2))/7 + 10*a^2*b^3*x^(1/2)*(3*A*b + 4*B*a) + 2*a*b^4*x^(3/2)*(2*A*b + 5*B*a)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{7}b^7x^7 + \frac{14}{5}ab^6x^6 + 14a^2b^5x^5 + 70a^3b^4x^4 - 70a^4b^3x^3 - 14a^5b^2x^2 - \dots}{\sqrt{x}x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(9/2),x)`

output `(2*(-5*a**7 - 49*a**6*b*x - 245*a**5*b**2*x**2 - 1225*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 1225*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 245*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 49*a*b**6*x**6 + 5*b**7*x**7))/(35*sqrt(x)*x**3)`

3.385 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{11/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2981
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2981
Rubi [A] (verified)	2982
Maple [A] (verified)	2984
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2984
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2985
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2985
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2986
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2986
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2987

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^6A}{9x^{9/2}} - \frac{2a^5(6Ab+aB)}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{6a^4b(5Ab+2aB)}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{10a^3b^2(4Ab+3aB)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{10a^2b^3(3Ab+4aB)}{\sqrt{x}} + 6ab^4(2Ab+5aB)\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}b^5(Ab+6aB)x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}b^6Bx^{5/2}$$

output

$-2/9*a^6*A/x^(9/2)-2/7*a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)/x^(7/2)-6/5*a^4*b*(5*A*b+2*B*a)/x^(5/2)-10/3*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)/x^(3/2)-10*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)/x^(1/2)+6*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)*x^(1/2)+2/3*b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)*x^(3/2)+2/5*b^6*B*x^(5/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(4725a^2b^4x^4(A-Bx) - 630ab^5x^5(3A+Bx) + 2100a^3b^3x^3(A+3Bx) - 21b^6x^6(5A+3Bx) + 315a^4b^2x^7)}{315x^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^(11/2),x]`

output `(-2*(4725*a^2*b^4*x^4*(A - B*x) - 630*a*b^5*x^5*(3*A + B*x) + 2100*a^3*b^3*x^3*(A + 3*B*x) - 21*b^6*x^6*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 315*a^4*b^2*x^2*(3*A + 5*B*x) + 54*a^5*b*x*(5*A + 7*B*x) + 5*a^6*(7*A + 9*B*x)))/(315*x^(9/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int \frac{b^6(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2} b^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6 A}{x^{11/2}} + \frac{a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{x^{9/2}} + \frac{3a^4b(2aB + 5Ab)}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{5a^3b^2(3aB + 4Ab)}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{5a^2b^3(4aB + 3Ab)}{x^{3/2}} + b^5\sqrt{x}(6aB + Ab) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2a^6 A}{9x^{9/2}} - \frac{2a^5(aB + 6Ab)}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{6a^4b(2aB + 5Ab)}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{10a^3b^2(3aB + 4Ab)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{10a^2b^3(4aB + 3Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{3}b^5x^{3/2}(6aB + Ab) + 6ab^4\sqrt{x}(5aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{5}b^6Bx^{5/2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3)/x^(11/2),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (-2a^6A)/(9x^{9/2}) - (2a^5(6Ab + aB))/(7x^{7/2}) - (6a^4b(5A \\ & *b + 2aB))/(5x^{5/2}) - (10a^3b^2(4Ab + 3aB))/(3x^{3/2}) - (10a \\ & a^2b^3(3Ab + 4aB))/\text{Sqrt}[x] + 6ab^4(2Ab + 5aB)*\text{Sqrt}[x] + (2b^5 \\ & 5(Ab + 6aB)*x^{3/2})/3 + (2b^6B*x^{5/2})/5 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 85
$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] : \\ & > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, \\ & d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a* \\ & f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n \\ & + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, \\ & 1]) \end{aligned}$$

rule 1184
$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_ \\ &) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x \\ &)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{E} \\ & \text{qQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \end{aligned}$$

rule 2009
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^6 B x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2A b^6 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 4B a b^5 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 12A a b^5 \sqrt{x} + 30B a^2 b^4 \sqrt{x} - \frac{6a^4 b(5Ab+2Ba)}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2a^5(6Ab+B)}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{2b^6 B x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2A b^6 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 4B a b^5 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 12A a b^5 \sqrt{x} + 30B a^2 b^4 \sqrt{x} - \frac{6a^4 b(5Ab+2Ba)}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2a^5(6Ab+B)}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
gosper	$-\frac{2(-63b^6 B x^7 - 105A b^6 x^6 - 630B a b^5 x^6 - 1890A a b^5 x^5 - 4725B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 4725A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 6300B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 2100A a^3 b^3)}{315x^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-63b^6 B x^7 - 105A b^6 x^6 - 630B a b^5 x^6 - 1890A a b^5 x^5 - 4725B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 4725A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 6300B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 2100A a^3 b^3)}{315x^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(-63b^6 B x^7 - 105A b^6 x^6 - 630B a b^5 x^6 - 1890A a b^5 x^5 - 4725B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 4725A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 6300B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 2100A a^3 b^3)}{315x^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
oring	$-\frac{2(-63b^6 B x^7 - 105A b^6 x^6 - 630B a b^5 x^6 - 1890A a b^5 x^5 - 4725B a^2 b^4 x^5 + 4725A a^2 b^4 x^4 + 6300B a^3 b^3 x^4 + 2100A a^3 b^3)}{315x^{\frac{9}{2}}(bx+a)^6}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{5}b^6 B x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{3}A b^6 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 4B a b^5 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 12A a b^5 x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 30B a^2 b^4 x^{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{6a^4 b(5Ab+2Ba)}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2a^5(6Ab+B)}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{10}{3} \frac{a^3 b^2 (4A b + 3B a)}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{10}{a^2 b^3 (3A b + 4B a)} x^{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{2}{9} \frac{a^6 A}{x^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(63Bb^6x^7 - 35Aa^6 + 105(6Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^6 + 945(5Ba^2b^4 + 2Aa^2b^4 + 2Aa^2b^4 + 2Aa^2b^4)x^5 - 1575(4Bba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)x^4 - 525(3Bba^4b^2 + 4Aa^3b^3)x^3 - 189(2Bba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2)x^2 - 45(Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)x)}{x^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2}{315}(63Bb^6x^7 - 35Aa^6 + 105(6Bba^5b + Ab^6)x^6 + 945(5Bba^2b^4 + 2Aa^2b^4 + 2Aa^2b^4)x^5 - 1575(4Bba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)x^4 - 525(3Bba^4b^2 + 4Aa^3b^3)x^3 - 189(2Bba^5b + 5Aa^4b^2)x^2 - 45(Ba^6 + 6Aa^5b)x)/x^{\frac{9}{2}}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa^6}{9x^{9/2}} - \frac{12Aa^5b}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{6Aa^4b^2}{x^{5/2}} - \frac{40Aa^3b^3}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{30Aa^2b^4}{\sqrt{x}} + 12Aab^5\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Ab^6x^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{2Ba^6}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{12Ba^5b}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{10Ba^4b^2}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{40Ba^3b^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 30Ba^2b^4\sqrt{x} + 4Bab^5x^{3/2} + \frac{2Bb^6x^{5/2}}{5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3/x**(11/2),x)`output `-2*A*a**6/(9*x**(9/2)) - 12*A*a**5*b/(7*x**(7/2)) - 6*A*a**4*b**2/x**(5/2) - 40*A*a**3*b**3/(3*x**(3/2)) - 30*A*a**2*b**4/sqrt(x) + 12*A*a*b**5*sqrt(x) + 2*A*b**6*x**(3/2)/3 - 2*B*a**6/(7*x**(7/2)) - 12*B*a**5*b/(5*x**(5/2)) - 10*B*a**4*b**2/x**(3/2) - 40*B*a**3*b**3/sqrt(x) + 30*B*a**2*b**4*sqrt(x) + 4*B*a*b**5*x**(3/2) + 2*B*b**6*x**(5/2)/5`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2}{5} Bb^6x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{3} (6 Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^{3/2} + 6 (5 Ba^2b^4 + 2 Aab^5)\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(35 Aa^6 + 1575(4 Ba^3b^3 + 3 Aa^2b^4)x^4 + 525(3 Ba^4b^2 + 4 Aa^3b^3)x^3 + 189(2 Ba^5b + 5 Aa^4b^2)x^2 + 45(Aa^6 + 6Aa^5b)x)}{315x^{9/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/5*B*b^6*x^(5/2) + 2/3*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^(3/2) + 6*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*sqrt(x) - 2/315*(35*A*a^6 + 1575*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 525*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 189*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 45*(B*a^6 + 6*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^(9/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2}{5} Bb^6x^{5/2} + 4 Bab^5x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{3} Ab^6x^{3/2} + 30 Ba^2b^4\sqrt{x} + 12 Aab^5\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(6300 Ba^3b^3x^4 + 4725 Aa^2b^4x^4 + 1575 Ba^4b^2x^3 + 2100 Aa^3b^3x^3 + 378 Ba^5bx^2 + 945 Aa^4b^2x^2 + 45 Ba^6)}{315x^{9/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/5*B*b^6*x^(5/2) + 4*B*a*b^5*x^(3/2) + 2/3*A*b^6*x^(3/2) + 30*B*a^2*b^4*sqrt(x) + 12*A*a*b^5*sqrt(x) - 2/315*(6300*B*a^3*b^3*x^4 + 4725*A*a^2*b^4*x^4 + 1575*B*a^4*b^2*x^3 + 2100*A*a^3*b^3*x^3 + 378*B*a^5*b*x^2 + 945*A*a^4*b^2*x^2 + 45*B*a^6*x + 270*A*a^5*b*x + 35*A*a^6)/x^(9/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{11/2}} dx = x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^6}{3} + 4Bab^5 \right) + \frac{x \left(\frac{2Ba^6}{7} + \frac{12Aba^5}{7} \right) + \frac{2Aa^6}{9} + x^2 \left(\frac{12Ba^5b}{5} + 6Aa^4b^2 \right) + x^3 \left(10Ba^4b^2 + \frac{40Aa^3b^3}{3} \right) + x^4 (40Ba^3b^3 + 30Ba^4b^2) + \frac{2Bb^6x^{5/2}}{5} + 6ab^4\sqrt{x}(2Ab + 5Ba)}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3)/x^(11/2),x)`

output `x^(3/2)*((2*A*b^6)/3 + 4*B*a*b^5) - (x*((2*B*a^6)/7 + (12*A*a^5*b)/7) + (2*A*a^6)/9 + x^2*(6*A*a^4*b^2 + (12*B*a^5*b)/5) + x^3*((40*A*a^3*b^3)/3 + 10*B*a^4*b^2) + x^4*(30*A*a^2*b^4 + 40*B*a^3*b^3))/x^(9/2) + (2*B*b^6*x^(5/2))/5 + 6*a*b^4*x^(1/2)*(2*A*b + 5*B*a)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{5}b^7x^7 + \frac{14}{3}ab^6x^6 + 42a^2b^5x^5 - 70a^3b^4x^4 - \frac{70}{3}a^4b^3x^3 - \frac{42}{5}a^5b^2x^2 - 2a^6bx - a^7}{\sqrt{x}x^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3/x^(11/2),x)`output `(2*(- 5*a**7 - 45*a**6*b*x - 189*a**5*b**2*x**2 - 525*a**4*b**3*x**3 - 1575*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 945*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 105*a*b**6*x**6 + 9*b**7*x**7))/(45*sqrt(x)*x**4)`

3.386 $\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2988
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2988
Rubi [A] (verified)	2989
Maple [A] (verified)	2993
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2993
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2994
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2995
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2996
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2996
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2997

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{a^2(7Ab-9aB)\sqrt{x}}{b^5} - \frac{a(7Ab-9aB)x^{3/2}}{3b^4} + \frac{(7Ab-9aB)x^{5/2}}{5b^3} + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7b^2} - \frac{(Ab-aB)x^{7/2}}{b^2(a+bx)} - \frac{a^{5/2}(7Ab-9aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{11/2}}$$

output

```
a^2*(7*A*b-9*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^5-1/3*a*(7*A*b-9*B*a)*x^(3/2)/b^4+1/5*(7*A*b-9*B*a)*x^(5/2)/b^3+2/7*B*x^(7/2)/b^2-(A*b-B*a)*x^(7/2)/b^2/(b*x+a)-a^(5/2)*(7*A*b-9*B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/b^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(-945a^4B+105a^3b(7A-6Bx)+6b^4x^3(7A+5Bx)+14a^2b^2x(35A+9Bx))}{105b^5(a+bx)} + \frac{a^{5/2}(-7Ab+9aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{11/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(7/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{x}*(-945*a^4*B + 105*a^3*b*(7*A - 6*B*x) + 6*b^4*x^3*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 14*a^2*b^2*x*(35*A + 9*B*x) - 2*a*b^3*x^2*(49*A + 27*B*x)))/(105*b^5*(a + b*x)) + (a^{5/2}*(-7*A*b + 9*a*B)*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{x})/\sqrt{a}])/b^{1/2}}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.310$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 60, 60, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & b^2 \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{b^2(a+bx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & \frac{x^{9/2}(Ab-aB)}{ab(a+bx)} - \frac{(7Ab-9aB) \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{a+bx} dx}{2ab} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{x^{9/2}(Ab-aB)}{ab(a+bx)} - \frac{(7Ab-9aB) \left(\frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \frac{a \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{2ab} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(7Ab - 9aB) \left(\frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab}$$

60

$$\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(7Ab - 9aB) \left(\frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab}$$

60

$$\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(7Ab - 9aB) \left(\frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab}$$

73

$$\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(7Ab - 9aB) \frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \left(a \frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab}$$

218

$$\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(7Ab - 9aB) \frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \left(a \frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab}$$

input `Int[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2),x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*x^(9/2))/(a*b*(a + b*x)) - ((7*A*b - 9*a*B)*((2*x^(7/2))/(7*b) - (a*((2*x^(5/2))/(5*b) - (a*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*b) - (a*((2*Sqrt[x])/b - (2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/b^(3/2)))/b))/b))/(2*a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 60 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))^{(m_)} * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)} * ((c + d*x)^n / (b*(m+n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[n*(b*c - a*d) / (b*(m+n+1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^m * (c + d*x)^{(n-1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n+1, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m-n, 0])) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m+n+2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))^{(m_)} * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m+1)-1)} * (c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 87 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_)) * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_.)} * ((e_.) + (f_.)(x_))^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f) * (c + d*x)^{(n+1)} * (e + f*x)^{(p+1)} / (f*(p+1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n+p+2) - b*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1))) / (f*(p+1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n * (e + f*x)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n]))))$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) * \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$
- rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)(x_))^{(m_.)} * ((f_.) + (g_.)(x_))^{(n_.)} * ((a_) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m * (f + g*x)^n * (b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(15x^3 B b^3 + 21A b^3 x^2 - 42B a b^2 x^2 - 70A a b^2 x + 105B a^2 b x + 315A a^2 b - 420B a^3) \sqrt{x}}{105b^5} - \frac{a^3 \left(\frac{2(-\frac{Ab}{2} + \frac{Ba}{2}) \sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(7Ab-9Ba)a}{b^5} \right)}{b^5}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B x^{\frac{7}{2}} b^3}{7} + \frac{2A b^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{4B a b^2 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{4A a b^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2B a^2 b x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6A a^2 b \sqrt{x} - 8B a^3 \sqrt{x}}{b^5} - \frac{2a^3 \left(\frac{(-\frac{Ab}{2} + \frac{Ba}{2}) \sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(7Ab-9Ba)a}{2b^5} \right)}{b^5}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2B x^{\frac{7}{2}} b^3}{7} + \frac{2A b^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{4B a b^2 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{4A a b^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2B a^2 b x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6A a^2 b \sqrt{x} - 8B a^3 \sqrt{x}}{b^5} - \frac{2a^3 \left(\frac{(-\frac{Ab}{2} + \frac{Ba}{2}) \sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(7Ab-9Ba)a}{2b^5} \right)}{b^5}$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{105} * (15 * B * b^3 * x^3 + 21 * A * b^3 * x^2 - 42 * B * a * b^2 * x^2 - 70 * A * a * b^2 * x + 105 * B * a^2 * b * x + 315 * A * a^2 * b - 420 * B * a^3) * x^{(1/2)} / b^5 - a^3 / b^5 * (2 * (-1/2 * A * b + 1/2 * B * a) * x^{(1/2)} / (b * x + a) + (7 * A * b - 9 * B * a) / (a * b)^{(1/2)} * \arctan(b * x^{(1/2)} / (a * b)^{(1/2)}))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \left[\frac{105(9Ba^4 - 7Aa^3b + (9Ba^3b - 7Aa^2b^2)x) \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} \log\left(\frac{bx - 2b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} - a}{bx+a}\right) - 2}{b^5} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/210*(105*(9*B*a^4 - 7*A*a^3*b + (9*B*a^3*b - 7*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a/b)
)*log((b*x - 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) - a)/(b*x + a)) - 2*(30*B*b^4*x^4 - 94
5*B*a^4 + 735*A*a^3*b - 6*(9*B*a*b^3 - 7*A*b^4)*x^3 + 14*(9*B*a^2*b^2 - 7*
A*a*b^3)*x^2 - 70*(9*B*a^3*b - 7*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^6*x + a*b^5), 1
/105*(105*(9*B*a^4 - 7*A*a^3*b + (9*B*a^3*b - 7*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a/b)*ar
ctan(b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/b)/a) + (30*B*b^4*x^4 - 945*B*a^4 + 735*A*a^3*b - 6*
(9*B*a*b^3 - 7*A*b^4)*x^3 + 14*(9*B*a^2*b^2 - 7*A*a*b^3)*x^2 - 70*(9*B*a^3
*b - 7*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^6*x + a*b^5)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 986 vs. $2(136) = 272$.

Time = 105.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 986, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.99

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(2*A*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*x**(7/2)/7), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((
2*A*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*B*x**(11/2)/11)/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B
*x**(7/2)/7)/b**2, Eq(a, 0)), (-735*A*a**4*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(21
0*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 735*A*a**4*b*log(sqrt(x) +
sqrt(-a/b))/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 1470*A*a**3*
b**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) -
735*A*a**3*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b
**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 735*A*a**3*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(210*a*b**
6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 980*A*a**2*b**3*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b
)/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 196*A*a*b**4*x**(5/2)*
sqrt(-a/b)/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 84*A*b**5*x**
(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 945*B*a
**5*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/
b)) - 945*B*a**5*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b*
**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 1890*B*a**4*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b)
+ 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 945*B*a**4*b*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(210*
a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 945*B*a**4*b*x*log(sqrt(x) +
sqrt(-a/b))/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 1260*B*a**3*
b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) +
252*B*a**2*b**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{(Ba^4 - Aa^3b)\sqrt{x}}{b^6x + ab^5} + \frac{(9Ba^4 - 7Aa^3b) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^5}} + \frac{2\left(15Bb^3x^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21(2Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 35(3Ba^2b - 2Aab^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 105(4Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)\sqrt{x}\right)}{105b^5}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*sqrt(x)/(b^6*x + a*b^5) + (9*B*a^4 - 7*A*a^3*b)*arctan(
b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^5) + 2/105*(15*B*b^3*x^(7/2) - 21*(2*B*a
*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^(5/2) + 35*(3*B*a^2*b - 2*A*a*b^2)*x^(3/2) - 105*(4*B*a^3
- 3*A*a^2*b)*sqrt(x))/b^5
```


Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{(9Ba^4-7Aa^3b)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) - Ba^4\sqrt{x} - Aa^3b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{abb^5}} - \frac{Ba^4\sqrt{x} - Aa^3b\sqrt{x}}{(bx+a)b^5}$$

$$+ \frac{2\left(15Bb^{12}x^{\frac{7}{2}} - 42Bab^{11}x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 21Ab^{12}x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 105Ba^2b^{10}x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 70Aab^{11}x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 420Ba^3b^9\sqrt{x} + 315Aa^2b^{10}\sqrt{x}\right)}{105b^{14}}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(9*B*a^4 - 7*A*a^3*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^5) - (B*a^4 *sqrt(x) - A*a^3*b*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)*b^5) + 2/105*(15*B*b^12*x^(7/2) - 42*B*a*b^11*x^(5/2) + 21*A*b^12*x^(5/2) + 105*B*a^2*b^10*x^(3/2) - 70*A*a*b^11*x^(3/2) - 420*B*a^3*b^9*sqrt(x) + 315*A*a^2*b^10*sqrt(x))/b^14`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{2a \left(\frac{2a \left(\frac{2A}{b^2} - \frac{4Ba}{b^3} \right) + \frac{2Ba^2}{b^4} \right)}{b} - \frac{a^2 \left(\frac{2A}{b^2} - \frac{4Ba}{b^3} \right)}{b^2} \right)$$

$$+ x^{5/2} \left(\frac{2A}{5b^2} - \frac{4Ba}{5b^3} \right)$$

$$- x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2a \left(\frac{2A}{b^2} - \frac{4Ba}{b^3} \right) + \frac{2Ba^2}{3b^4} \right) + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ba^4 - Aa^3b)}{xb^6 + ab^5} + \frac{a^{5/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{5/2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(7Ab-9Ba)}{9Ba^4-7Aa^3b}\right)}{b^{11/2}} (7Ab)$$

input `int((x^(7/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x),x)`

output

```
x^(1/2)*((2*a*((2*a*((2*A)/b^2 - (4*B*a)/b^3))/b + (2*B*a^2)/b^4))/b - (a^
2*((2*A)/b^2 - (4*B*a)/b^3))/b^2) + x^(5/2)*((2*A)/(5*b^2) - (4*B*a)/(5*b^
3)) - x^(3/2)*((2*a*((2*A)/b^2 - (4*B*a)/b^3))/(3*b) + (2*B*a^2)/(3*b^4))
+ (2*B*x^(7/2))/(7*b^2) - (x^(1/2)*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b))/(a*b^5 + b^6*x) + (a
^(5/2)*atan((a^(5/2)*b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*(7*A*b - 9*B*a))/(9*B*a^4 - 7*A*a^3*b
))*(7*A*b - 9*B*a))/b^(11/2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3 - 2\sqrt{x} a^3 b + \frac{2\sqrt{x} a^2 b^2 x}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{x} a b^3 x^2}{5} + \frac{2\sqrt{x} b^4 x^3}{7}}{b^5}$$

input

```
int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**3 - 105*sqrt
(x)*a**3*b + 35*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**2*x - 21*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*x**2 + 15*sqrt(x)
*b**4*x**3))/(105*b**5)
```

3.387 $\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2998
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2998
Rubi [A] (verified)	2999
Maple [A] (verified)	3002
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3002
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3003
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3004
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3005
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3005
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3006

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{a(5Ab-7aB)\sqrt{x}}{b^4} + \frac{(5Ab-7aB)x^{3/2}}{3b^3} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5b^2} - \frac{(Ab-aB)x^{5/2}}{b^2(a+bx)} + \frac{a^{3/2}(5Ab-7aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-a*(5*A*b-7*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^4+1/3*(5*A*b-7*B*a)*x^(3/2)/b^3+2/5*B*x^(5/2)/b^2-(A*b-B*a)*x^(5/2)/b^2/(b*x+a)+a^(3/2)*(5*A*b-7*B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/b^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(105a^3B+2b^3x^2(5A+3Bx)-2ab^2x(25A+7Bx)+a^2(-75Ab+70bBx))}{15b^4(a+bx)} - \frac{a^{3/2}(-5Ab+7aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(5/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{x}*(105*a^3*B + 2*b^3*x^2*(5*A + 3*B*x) - 2*a*b^2*x*(25*A + 7*B*x) + a^2*(-75*A*b + 70*b*B*x)))/(15*b^4*(a + b*x)) - (a^{(3/2)}*(-5*A*b + 7*a*B) * \text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{x})/\sqrt{a}])}{b^{(9/2)}}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.276$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 60, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & b^2 \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{b^2(a + bx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(5Ab - 7aB) \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{a+bx} dx}{2ab} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(5Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{2ab} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(5Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(5Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(5Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(5Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab}$$

↓ 218

input

```
Int[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2), x]
```

output

```
((A*b - a*B)*x^(7/2))/(a*b*(a + b*x)) - ((5*A*b - 7*a*B)*((2*x^(5/2))/(5*b) - (a*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*b) - (a*((2*Sqrt[x])/b - (2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/b^(3/2)))/b))/b))/(2*a*b)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 60 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{m+1} * ((c + d*x)^n / (b*(m+n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[n*(b*c - a*d) / (b*(m+n+1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^m * (c + d*x)^{n-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n+1, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m-n, 0]) \)) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m+n+2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{p*(m+1)-1} * (c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{1/p}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 87 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n)((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^p), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f) * (c + d*x)^{n+1} * (e + f*x)^{p+1} / (f*(p+1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n+p+2) - b*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1))) / (f*(p+1)*(c*f - d*e)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n * (e + f*x)^{p+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\ \text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\ \text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\ \text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n] \)) \)) \))$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^2]^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) * \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$
- rule 1184 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^m)((f_.) + (g_.)(x_)^n)((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m * (f + g*x)^n * (b/2 + c*x)^{2*p}], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(-3x^2Bb^2-5xb^2A+10xabB+30abA-45a^2B)\sqrt{x}}{15b^4} + \frac{a^2\left(\frac{2\left(-\frac{Ab}{2}+\frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(5Ab-7Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^4}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{Bb^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}-\frac{Ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+\frac{2Babx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2Aab\sqrt{x}-3Ba^2\sqrt{x}\right)}{b^4} + \frac{2a^2\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{Ab}{2}+\frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(5Ab-7Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^4}$
default	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{Bb^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}-\frac{Ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+\frac{2Babx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2Aab\sqrt{x}-3Ba^2\sqrt{x}\right)}{b^4} + \frac{2a^2\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{Ab}{2}+\frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(5Ab-7Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^4}$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/15*(-3*B*b^2*x^2-5*A*b^2*x+10*B*a*b*x+30*A*a*b-45*B*a^2)*x^(1/2)/b^4+a^2/b^4*(2*(-1/2*A*b+1/2*B*a)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+(5*A*b-7*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \left[\frac{15(7Ba^3-5Aa^2b+(7Ba^2b-5Aab^2)x)\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} \log\left(\frac{bx+2b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}-a}{bx+a}\right) - 2(6Bb^3x^3+105Ba^3-75Aa^2b-2(7Ba^3-5Aa^2b+(7Ba^2b-5Aab^2)x)\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}})\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}}{a}\right)}{30(b^5x+ab^4)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/30*(15*(7*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b + (7*B*a^2*b - 5*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a/b)*log((b*x + 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) - a)/(b*x + a)) - 2*(6*B*b^3*x^3 + 105*B*a^3 - 75*A*a^2*b - 2*(7*B*a*b^2 - 5*A*b^3)*x^2 + 10*(7*B*a^2*b - 5*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^5*x + a*b^4), -1/15*(15*(7*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b + (7*B*a^2*b - 5*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a/b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/b)/a) - (6*B*b^3*x^3 + 105*B*a^3 - 75*A*a^2*b - 2*(7*B*a*b^2 - 5*A*b^3)*x^2 + 10*(7*B*a^2*b - 5*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^5*x + a*b^4)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 877 vs. $2(112) = 224$.

Time = 28.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 877, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.50

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2), x)
```


output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(2*A*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*x**(5/2)/5), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((
2*A*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*x**(9/2)/9)/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*x
**(5/2)/5)/b**2, Eq(a, 0)), (75*A*a**3*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a*b
**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 75*A*a**3*b*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a
/b))/(30*a*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 150*A*a**2*b**2*sqrt(
x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 75*A*a**2*b*
**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b
)) - 75*A*a**2*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 30
*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 100*A*a*b**3*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a*b**5*sqrt(-a/
b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 20*A*b**4*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a*b**5*sqrt
(-a/b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 105*B*a**4*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(30*
a*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 105*B*a**4*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(
-a/b))/(30*a*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 210*B*a**3*b*sqrt(x
)*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 105*B*a**3*b*
*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b))
+ 105*B*a**3*b*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*b**6
*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 140*B*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a*b**5*sqrt(-a/b)
+ 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 28*B*a*b**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a*b**5*sqrt
(-a/b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 12*B*b**4*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a*b**5*
sqrt(-a/b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{(Ba^3 - Aa^2b)\sqrt{x}}{b^5x + ab^4} - \frac{(7Ba^3 - 5Aa^2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^4}} + \frac{2\left(3Bb^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 5(2Bab - Ab^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15(3Ba^2 - 2Aab)\sqrt{x}\right)}{15b^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*sqrt(x)/(b^5*x + a*b^4) - (7*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)*arctan(b
*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^4) + 2/15*(3*B*b^2*x^(5/2) - 5*(2*B*a*b -
A*b^2)*x^(3/2) + 15*(3*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/b^4
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{(7Ba^3-5Aa^2b)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}b^4} + \frac{Ba^3\sqrt{x}-Aa^2b\sqrt{x}}{(bx+a)b^4} + \frac{2\left(3Bb^8x^{5/2}-10Bab^7x^{3/2}+5Ab^8x^{3/2}+45Ba^2b^6\sqrt{x}-30Aab^7\sqrt{x}\right)}{15b^{10}}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-(7*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*b^4) + (B*a^3*\sqrt{x} - A*a^2*b*\sqrt{x})/((b*x + a)*b^4) + 2/15*(3*B*b^8*x^(5/2) - 10*B*a*b^7*x^(3/2) + 5*A*b^8*x^(3/2) + 45*B*a^2*b^6*\sqrt{x} - 30*A*a*b^7*\sqrt{x})/b^{10}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2A}{3b^2} - \frac{4Ba}{3b^3} \right) - \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{2a \left(\frac{2A}{b^2} - \frac{4Ba}{b^3} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Ba^2}{b^4} \right) + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ba^3 - Aa^2b)}{xb^5 + ab^4} - \frac{a^{3/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(5Ab-7Ba)}{7Ba^3-5Aa^2b}\right)}{b^{9/2}} (5Ab - 7Ba)$$

input `int((x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x),x)`

output
$$x^{3/2}*((2*A)/(3*b^2) - (4*B*a)/(3*b^3)) - x^{1/2}*((2*a*((2*A)/b^2 - (4*B*a)/b^3))/b + (2*B*a^2)/b^4 + (2*B*x^(5/2))/(5*b^2) + (x^{1/2}*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b))/(a*b^4 + b^5*x) - (a^{3/2}*\operatorname{atan}((a^{3/2}*b^{1/2}*x^{1/2}*(5*A*b - 7*B*a))/(7*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)))/(5*A*b - 7*B*a))/b^{9/2}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 + 2\sqrt{x} a^2 b - \frac{2\sqrt{x} a b^2 x}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{x} b^3 x^2}{5}}{b^4}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`output `(2*(- 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2 + 15*sqrt(x)*a**2*b - 5*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*x + 3*sqrt(x)*b**3*x**2))/(15*b**4)`

3.388 $\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result	3007
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3007
Rubi [A] (verified)	3008
Maple [A] (verified)	3010
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3011
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3011
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3012
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3013
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3013
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3014

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{(3Ab-5aB)\sqrt{x}}{b^3} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b^2} - \frac{(Ab-aB)x^{3/2}}{b^2(a+bx)} - \frac{\sqrt{a}(3Ab-5aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{7/2}}$$

output

$(3A*b-5*B*a)*x^{(1/2)}/b^3+2/3*B*x^{(3/2)}/b^2-(A*b-B*a)*x^{(3/2)}/b^2/(b*x+a)-a^{(1/2)}*(3A*b-5*B*a)*\arctan(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/b^{(7/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(-15a^2B+ab(9A-10Bx))+2b^2x(3A+Bx)}{3b^3(a+bx)} + \frac{\sqrt{a}(-3Ab+5aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{7/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2), x]`

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[x]*(-15*a^2*B + a*b*(9*A - 10*B*x) + 2*b^2*x*(3*A + B*x)))/(3*b^3*(a + b*x)) + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*(-3*A*b + 5*a*B)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/b^{7/2}}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.241$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & b^2 \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{b^2(a + bx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(3Ab - 5aB) \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{a+bx} dx}{2ab} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(3Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{2ab} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(3Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(3Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(3Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab}$$

↓ 218

input `Int[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2),x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*x^(5/2))/(a*b*(a + b*x)) - ((3*A*b - 5*a*B)*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*b) - (a*((2*Sqrt[x])/b - (2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/b^(3/2))))/b)/(2*a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p
 .), x] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
 + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
 + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
 rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
 t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
 qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2(Bbx+3Ab-6Ba)\sqrt{x}}{3b^3} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2(-\frac{Ab}{2} + \frac{Ba}{2})\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(3Ab-5Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{b^3}$	77
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2Bbx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab\sqrt{x} - 4Ba\sqrt{x}}{b^3} - \frac{2a \left(\frac{(-\frac{Ab}{2} + \frac{Ba}{2})\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(3Ab-5Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{b^3}$	82
default	$\frac{\frac{2Bbx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab\sqrt{x} - 4Ba\sqrt{x}}{b^3} - \frac{2a \left(\frac{(-\frac{Ab}{2} + \frac{Ba}{2})\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(3Ab-5Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{b^3}$	82

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3*(B*b*x+3*A*b-6*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^3-a/b^3*(2*(-1/2*A*b+1/2*B*a)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+(3*A*b-5*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \left[\frac{3(5Ba^2-3Aab+(5Bab-3Ab^2)x)\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} \log\left(\frac{bx-2b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}-a}{bx+a}\right) - 2(2Bb^2x^2 - 15B^2a^2 + 9A^2a^2b - 2(5B^2a^2b - 3A^2b^2)x)\sqrt{x}}{6(b^4x+ab^3)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/6*(3*(5*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b + (5*B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a/b)*log((b*x - 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) - a)/(b*x + a)) - 2*(2*B*b^2*x^2 - 15*B*a^2 + 9*A*a*b - 2*(5*B*a^2b - 3*A*b^2)x)*sqrt(x))/(b^4*x + a*b^3), 1/3*(3*(5*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b + (5*B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a/b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/b)/a) + (2*B*b^2*x^2 - 15*B*a^2 + 9*A*a*b - 2*(5*B*a^2b - 3*A*b^2)x)*sqrt(x))/(b^4*x + a*b^3)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 762 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 6.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 762, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.02

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(2*A*sqrt(x) + 2*B*x**(3/2)/3), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*x**(7/2)/7)/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*sqrt(x) + 2*B*x**(3/2)/3)/b**2, Eq(a, 0)), (-9*A*a**2*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 9*A*a**2*b*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 18*A*a*b**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(6*a*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 9*A*a*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 9*A*a*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 12*A*b**3*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(6*a*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 15*B*a**3*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 15*B*a**3*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 30*B*a**2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(6*a*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 15*B*a**2*b*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 15*B*a**2*b*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 20*B*a*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(6*a*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 4*B*b**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(6*a*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{(Ba^2 - Aab)\sqrt{x}}{b^4x + ab^3} + \frac{(5Ba^2 - 3Aab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^3}} + \frac{2(Bbx^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3(2Ba - Ab)\sqrt{x})}{3b^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*sqrt(x)/(b^4*x + a*b^3) + (5*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^3) + 2/3*(B*b*x^(3/2) - 3*(2*B*a - A*b)*sqrt(x))/b^3
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{(5Ba^2-3Aab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^3}} - \frac{Ba^2\sqrt{x}-Aab\sqrt{x}}{(bx+a)b^3} + \frac{2\left(Bb^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}-6Bab^3\sqrt{x}+3Ab^4\sqrt{x}\right)}{3b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $(5B*a^2 - 3A*a*b)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*b^3) - (B*a^2*s\sqrt{x} - A*a*b*s\sqrt{x})/((b*x + a)*b^3) + 2/3*(B*b^4*x^{3/2} - 6*B*a*b^3*s\sqrt{x} + 3*A*b^4*s\sqrt{x})/b^6$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{2A}{b^2} - \frac{4Ba}{b^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ba^2 - Aab)}{xb^4 + ab^3} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(3Ab-5Ba)}{5Ba^2-3Aab}\right)(3Ab-5Ba)}{b^{7/2}}$$

input `int((x^(3/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x),x)`

output $x^{1/2}*((2*A)/b^2 - (4*B*a)/b^3) - (x^{1/2}*(B*a^2 - A*a*b))/(a*b^3 + b^4*x) + (2*B*x^{3/2})/(3*b^2) + (a^{1/2}*atan((a^{1/2}*b^{1/2}*x^{1/2}*(3*A*b - 5*B*a))/(5*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)))/(3*A*b - 5*B*a)/b^{7/2}$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a - 2\sqrt{x} ab + \frac{2\sqrt{x}b^2x}{3}}{b^3}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`

output `(2*(3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a - 3*sqrt(x)*a*b + sqrt(x)*b**2*x))/(3*b**3)`

3.389 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result	3015
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3015
Rubi [A] (verified)	3016
Maple [A] (verified)	3018
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3018
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3019
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3020
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3020
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3021
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3021

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^2} - \frac{(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{b^2(a+bx)} + \frac{(Ab-3aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{5/2}}$$

output $2*B*x^{(1/2)}/b^2-(A*b-B*a)*x^{(1/2)}/b^2/(b*x+a)+(A*b-3*B*a)*\arctan(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(1/2)}/b^{(5/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(-Ab+3aB+2bBx)}{b^2(a+bx)} + \frac{(Ab-3aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{5/2}}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(\text{Sqrt}[x]*(A+B*x))/(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2),x]$

output $(\text{Sqrt}[x]*(-A*b)+3*a*B+2*b*B*x)/(b^2*(a+b*x))+((A*b-3*a*B)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(\text{Sqrt}[a])])/(b^{(5/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[a])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.207$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{b^2(a+bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{ab(a+bx)} - \frac{(Ab-3aB) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{ab(a+bx)} - \frac{(Ab-3aB) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right)}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{ab(a+bx)} - \frac{(Ab-3aB) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{ab(a+bx)} - \frac{(Ab-3aB) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{2ab}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2), x]
```

output
$$\frac{((A*b - a*B)*x^{(3/2)})/(a*b*(a + b*x)) - ((A*b - 3*a*B)*((2*sqrt[x])/b - (2*sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x])/sqrt[a]])/b^{(3/2)}))/(2*a*b)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 60
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0]))) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 73
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b)^n], x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 87
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)})/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$$

rule 218
$$\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^2} + \frac{2\left(-\frac{Ab}{2} + \frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(Ab-3Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^2 \sqrt{ab}}$	62
derivativedivides	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^2} + \frac{2\left(-\frac{Ab}{2} + \frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(Ab-3Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^2 \sqrt{ab}}$	63
default	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^2} + \frac{2\left(-\frac{Ab}{2} + \frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(Ab-3Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^2 \sqrt{ab}}$	63

input

```
int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*B*x^(1/2)/b^2+1/b^2*(2*(-1/2*A*b+1/2*B*a)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+(A*b-3*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left((3Ba^2 - Aab + (3Bab - Ab^2)x)\sqrt{-ab} \log\left(\frac{bx-a-2\sqrt{-ab}\sqrt{x}}{bx+a}\right) + 2(2Bab^2x + 3Ba^2b - Aab^2)\sqrt{x} \right) (3Ba^2 - Aab + (3Bab - Ab^2)x)\sqrt{-ab} \log\left(\frac{bx-a-2\sqrt{-ab}\sqrt{x}}{bx+a}\right) + 2(2Bab^2x + 3Ba^2b - Aab^2)\sqrt{x}}{2(ab^4x + a^2b^3)},$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*((3*B*a^2 - A*a*b + (3*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) + 2*(2*B*a*b^2*x + 3*B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*sqrt(x)/(a*b^4*x + a^2*b^3), ((3*B*a^2 - A*a*b + (3*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (2*B*a*b^2*x + 3*B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*sqrt(x)/(a*b^4*x + a^2*b^3)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 634 vs. $2(66) = 132$.

Time = 2.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 634, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \left(-\frac{2A}{\sqrt{x}} + 2B\sqrt{x} \right) \\ \frac{\frac{2Ax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{a^2} \\ -\frac{-\frac{2A}{\sqrt{x}} + 2B\sqrt{x}}{b^2} \\ \frac{Ab \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{2ab^3\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + 2b^4x\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{Aab \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{2ab^3\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + 2b^4x\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{2Ab^2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}}{2ab^3\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + 2b^4x\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} + \frac{Ab^2x \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{2ab^3\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + 2b^4x\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{Ab^2x \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{2ab^3\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + 2b^4x\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{3}{2} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2), x)
```


output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/sqrt(x) + 2*B*sqrt(x)), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*x
**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*x**(5/2)/5)/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/sqrt(x) + 2*B*sqrt(x))
/b**2, Eq(a, 0)), (A*a*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) +
2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - A*a*b*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3*sqrt(-a/b)
) + 2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 2*A*b**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(2*a*b**3*sqrt(-a/b)
) + 2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + A*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3*sq
rt(-a/b) + 2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - A*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*
b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 3*B*a**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b)
)/(2*a*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 3*B*a**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqr
t(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 6*B*a*b*sqrt(x)*sqr
t(-a/b)/(2*a*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 3*B*a*b*x*log(sqrt(x)
) - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 3*B*a*b*x*lo
g(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 4*B*
b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(2*a*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)), True
))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{(Ba-Ab)\sqrt{x}}{b^3x+ab^2} + \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^2} - \frac{(3Ba-Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^2}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(B*a - A*b)*sqrt(x)/(b^3*x + a*b^2) + 2*B*sqrt(x)/b^2 - (3*B*a - A*b)*arct
an(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^2} - \frac{(3Ba-Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^2}} + \frac{Ba\sqrt{x}-Ab\sqrt{x}}{(bx+a)b^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$2B\sqrt{x}/b^2 - (3Ba - Ab)\arctan(b\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{ab})/(\sqrt{ab})b^2 + (Ba\sqrt{x} - Ab\sqrt{x})/((bx + a)b^2)$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - Ba)}{xb^3 + ab^2} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(Ab - 3Ba)}{\sqrt{a}b^{5/2}}$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}((x^{(1/2)}*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x), x)$$

output

$$(2B*x^{(1/2)})/b^2 - (x^{(1/2)}*(A*b - B*a))/(a*b^2 + b^3*x) + (\operatorname{atan}((b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)})/a^{(1/2)})*(A*b - 3*B*a))/(a^{(1/2)}*b^{(5/2)})$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) + 2\sqrt{x}b}{b^2}$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}(x^{(1/2)}*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2), x)$$

output

$$(2*(-\sqrt{b})\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}((\sqrt{x})b/(\sqrt{b})\sqrt{a})) + \sqrt{x}b)/b^2$$

3.390 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$

Optimal result	3022
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3022
Rubi [A] (verified)	3023
Maple [A] (verified)	3024
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3025
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3025
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3026
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3027
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3027
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3028

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{(Ab - aB)\sqrt{x}}{ab(a + bx)} + \frac{(Ab + aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}b^{3/2}}$$

output $(A*b-B*a)*x^{(1/2)}/a/b/(b*x+a)+(A*b+B*a)*\arctan(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(3/2)}/b^{(3/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{(-Ab + aB)\sqrt{x}}{ab(a + bx)} + \frac{(Ab + aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}b^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)),x]`

output $-(((-(A*b) + a*B)*Sqrt[x])/(a*b*(a + b*x))) + ((A*b + a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(a^{(3/2)}*b^{(3/2)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^2 \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(aB + Ab) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{2ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{(aB + Ab) \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{(aB + Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}b^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)),x]
```

output

```
((A*b - a*B)*Sqrt[x])/(a*b*(a + b*x)) + ((A*b + a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])]/Sqrt[a])/(a^(3/2)*b^(3/2))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 73 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m+1)-1)}(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^{(n)}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 87 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))^{(c_.)} + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_))^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p+1)}/(f*(p+1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \!(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \!(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ \!(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$

rule 218 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{(-1)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}((f_.) + (g_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{(Ab-Ba)\sqrt{x}}{ab(bx+a)} + \frac{(Ab+Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{ab\sqrt{ab}}$	57
default	$\frac{(Ab-Ba)\sqrt{x}}{ab(bx+a)} + \frac{(Ab+Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{ab\sqrt{ab}}$	57

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a/b/(b*x+a)+(A*b+B*a)/a/b/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(Ba^2 + Aab + (Bab + Ab^2)x)\sqrt{-ab} \log\left(\frac{bx - a - 2\sqrt{-ab}\sqrt{x}}{bx + a}\right) + 2(Ba^2b - Aab^2)\sqrt{x}}{2(a^2b^3x + a^3b^2)}, \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{(Ba^2 + Aab + (Bab + Ab^2)x)\sqrt{ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right) + (Ba^2b - Aab^2)\sqrt{x}}{a^2b^3x + a^3b^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*((B*a^2 + A*a*b + (B*a*b + A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) + 2*(B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*sqrt(x))/(a^2*b^3*x + a^3*b^2), -((B*a^2 + A*a*b + (B*a*b + A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*sqrt(x))/(a^2*b^3*x + a^3*b^2)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 615 vs. 2(53) = 106.

Time = 2.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 615, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.76

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \left(-\frac{2A}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2B}{\sqrt{x}} \right) \\ \frac{2A\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{a^2} \\ -\frac{\frac{2A}{3} - \frac{2B}{\sqrt{x}}}{b^2} \\ \frac{Aab \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{2a^2b^2\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b} + 2ab^3x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{Aab \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{2a^2b^2\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b} + 2ab^3x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} + \frac{2Ab^2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}}{2a^2b^2\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b} + 2ab^3x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} + \frac{Ab^2x \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{2a^2b^2\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b} + 2ab^3x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{Ab^2x \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{2a^2b^2\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b} + 2ab^3x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(1/2)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B/sqrt(x)), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*sqrt(x) + 2*B*x**(3/2)/3)/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B/sqrt(x))/b**2, Eq(a, 0)), (A*a*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a**2*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - A*a*b*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a**2*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 2*A*b**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(2*a**2*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + A*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a**2*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - A*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a**2*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + B*a**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a**2*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - B*a**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a**2*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 2*B*a*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(2*a**2*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + B*a*b*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a**2*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - B*a*b*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a**2*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b))), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{(Ba - Ab)\sqrt{x}}{ab^2x + a^2b} + \frac{(Ba + Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abab}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-(B*a - A*b)*\sqrt{x}/(a*b^2*x + a^2*b) + (B*a + A*b)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*a*b)$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{(Ba + Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}ab} - \frac{Ba\sqrt{x} - Ab\sqrt{x}}{(bx + a)ab}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$(B*a + A*b)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*a*b) - (B*a*\sqrt{x} - A*b*\sqrt{x})/((b*x + a)*a*b)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (Ab + Ba)}{a^{3/2} b^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x} (Ab - Ba)}{ab(a + bx)}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)),x)`

output
$$(\operatorname{atan}((b^{1/2}*x^{1/2})/a^{1/2})*(A*b + B*a))/(a^{3/2}*b^{3/2}) + (x^{1/2}*(A*b - B*a))/(a*b*(a + b*x))$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)}{ab}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2), x)`

output `(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a))))/(a*b)`

3.391 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$

Optimal result	3029
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3029
Rubi [A] (verified)	3030
Maple [A] (verified)	3032
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3032
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3033
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3034
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3034
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3034
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3035

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{2A}{a^2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{a^2(a+bx)} - \frac{(3Ab-aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}\sqrt{b}}$$

output

$$-2*A/a^2/x^{(1/2)}-(A*b-B*a)*x^{(1/2)}/a^2/(b*x+a)-(3*A*b-B*a)*\arctan(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(5/2)}/b^{(1/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{-2aA-3Abx+aBx}{a^2\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} + \frac{(-3Ab+aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}\sqrt{b}}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(A+B*x)/(x^{(3/2)}*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)),x]$$

output

$$(-2*a*A-3*A*b*x+a*B*x)/(a^2*\text{Sqrt}[x]*(a+b*x))+((-3*A*b+a*B)*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x]]/\text{Sqrt}[a])/(a^{(5/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[b])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.207$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^2x^{3/2}(a + bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(3Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{ab\sqrt{x}(a + bx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{(3Ab - aB) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{ab\sqrt{x}(a + bx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{(3Ab - aB) \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{ab\sqrt{x}(a + bx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{(3Ab - aB) \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{ab\sqrt{x}(a + bx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)), x]
```

output $(A*b - a*B)/(a*b*\text{Sqrt}[x]*(a + b*x)) + ((3*A*b - a*B)*(-2/(a*\text{Sqrt}[x]) - (2*\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/a^{(3/2)}))/(2*a*b)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 61 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^{p/b})^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 87 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^{(p_.)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))]/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2\left(\frac{\left(\frac{Ab}{2} - \frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(3Ab-Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^2} - \frac{2A}{a^2\sqrt{x}}$	64
default	$-\frac{2\left(\frac{\left(\frac{Ab}{2} - \frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(3Ab-Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^2} - \frac{2A}{a^2\sqrt{x}}$	64
risch	$-\frac{2A}{a^2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\left(\frac{Ab}{2} - \frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(3Ab-Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{ab}}$	64

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/a^2*((1/2*A*b-1/2*B*a)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+1/2*(3*A*b-B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arct
an(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2)))-2/a^2*A/x^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \left[\frac{((Bab - 3Ab^2)x^2 + (Ba^2 - 3Aab)x)\sqrt{-ab} \log\left(\frac{bx - a + 2\sqrt{-ab}\sqrt{x}}{bx + a}\right) - 2(2Aa^2b - (Ba^2b - 3Aab^2)x)\sqrt{x}}{2(a^3b^2x^2 + a^4bx)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{((Bab - 3Ab^2)x^2 + (Ba^2 - 3Aab)x)\sqrt{ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right) + (2Aa^2b - (Ba^2b - 3Aab^2)x)\sqrt{x}}{a^3b^2x^2 + a^4bx} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*((B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x -
a + 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) - 2*(2*A*a^2*b - (B*a^2*b - 3*A*a*b^2
)*x)*sqrt(x)/(a^3*b^2*x^2 + a^4*b*x), -(((B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^2 -
3*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (2*A*a^2*b - (B*a^2
*b - 3*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^3*b^2*x^2 + a^4*b*x)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 794 vs. $2(68) = 136$.

Time = 7.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 794, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.59

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(3/2)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*B/(3*x**(3/2))), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)
), ((-2*A/sqrt(x) + 2*B*sqrt(x))/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*
B/(3*x**(3/2)))/b**2, Eq(a, 0)), (-3*A*a*b*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b
))/ (2*a**3*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 3*A*a
*b*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/ (2*a**3*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a**2
*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 4*A*a*b*sqrt(-a/b)/ (2*a**3*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/
b) + 2*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 3*A*b**2*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sq
rt(-a/b))/ (2*a**3*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b))
+ 3*A*b**2*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/ (2*a**3*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)
+ 2*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 6*A*b**2*x*sqrt(-a/b)/ (2*a**3*b*sqrt
(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + B*a**2*sqrt(x)*log(sq
rt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/ (2*a**3*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sq
rt(-a/b)) - B*a**2*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/ (2*a**3*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt
(-a/b) + 2*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + B*a*b*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) - s
qrt(-a/b))/ (2*a**3*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b))
- B*a*b*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/ (2*a**3*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) +
2*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 2*B*a*b*x*sqrt(-a/b)/ (2*a**3*b*sqrt(x)
*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{2Aa - (Ba - 3Ab)x}{a^2bx^{3/2} + a^3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{(Ba - 3Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(2*A*a - (B*a - 3*A*b)*x)/(a^2*b*x^(3/2) + a^3*sqrt(x)) + (B*a - 3*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{(Ba - 3Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^2}} + \frac{Bax - 3Abx - 2Aa}{(bx^{3/2} + a\sqrt{x})a^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(B*a - 3*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^2) + (B*a*x - 3*A*b*x - 2*A*a)/((b*x^(3/2) + a*sqrt(x))*a^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{\frac{2A}{a} + \frac{x(3Ab - Ba)}{a^2}}{a\sqrt{x} + bx^{3/2}} - \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(3Ab - Ba)}{a^{5/2}\sqrt{b}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)),x)`

output

```
- ((2*A)/a + (x*(3*A*b - B*a))/a^2)/(a*x^(1/2) + b*x^(3/2)) - (atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(3*A*b - B*a))/(a^(5/2)*b^(1/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) - 2a}{\sqrt{x} a^2}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*(sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a))) + a)/(sqrt(x)*a**2)
```


3.392 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$

Optimal result	3036
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3036
Rubi [A] (verified)	3037
Maple [A] (verified)	3039
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3040
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3041
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3042
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3042
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3043
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3043

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{2A}{3a^2x^{3/2}} + \frac{2(2Ab-aB)}{a^3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{a^3(a+bx)} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(5Ab-3aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{7/2}}$$

output

$$-2/3*A/a^2/x^{(3/2)}+2*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^3/x^{(1/2)}+b*(A*b-B*a)*x^{(1/2)}/a^3/(b*x+a)+b^{(1/2)}*(5*A*b-3*B*a)*\arctan(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(7/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{15Ab^2x^2+abx(10A-9Bx)-2a^2(A+3Bx)}{3a^3x^{3/2}(a+bx)} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(5Ab-3aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{7/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)),x]`

output

$$(15A^2b^2x^2 + abx(10A - 9Bx) - 2a^2(A + 3Bx))/(3a^3x^{3/2})(a + bx) + (\sqrt{b}(5Ab - 3aB)\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x})/\sqrt{a}])/a^{7/2}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.241$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$b^2 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^2x^{5/2}(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{(5Ab - 3aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{3/2}(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$\frac{(5Ab - 3aB) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{3/2}(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$\frac{(5Ab - 3aB) \left(-\frac{b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{3/2}(a + bx)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 73 \\
 \frac{(5Ab - 3aB) \left(-\frac{b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{3/2}(a + bx)} \\
 \\
 \downarrow 218 \\
 \frac{(5Ab - 3aB) \left(-\frac{b \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{3/2}(a + bx)}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)),x]`

output `(A*b - a*B)/(a*b*x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)) + ((5*A*b - 3*a*B)*(-2/(3*a*x^(3/2)) - (b*(-2/(a*Sqrt[x]) - (2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))))/a)/(2*a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
), x] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
 + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
 + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
 rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
 t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
 qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{2(-6Abx+3Bax+Aa)}{3a^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{b\left(\frac{2\left(\frac{Ab}{2}-\frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(5Ab-3Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^3}$	77
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2A}{3a^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(-2Ab+Ba)}{a^3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2b\left(\frac{\left(\frac{Ab}{2}-\frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(5Ab-3Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^3}$	81
default	$-\frac{2A}{3a^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(-2Ab+Ba)}{a^3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2b\left(\frac{\left(\frac{Ab}{2}-\frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(5Ab-3Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^3}$	81

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3*(-6*A*b*x+3*B*a*x+A*a)/a^3/x^(3/2)+b/a^3*(2*(1/2*A*b-1/2*B*a)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+(5*A*b-3*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \left[\frac{3((3Bab - 5Ab^2)x^3 + (3Ba^2 - 5Aab)x^2)\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(\frac{bx + 2a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} - a}{bx + a}\right)}{6(a^3bx^3 + a^4x^2)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3((3Bab - 5Ab^2)x^3 + (3Ba^2 - 5Aab)x^2)\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} \arctan\left(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}}\right) + (2Aa^2 + 3(3Bab - 5Ab^2)x^2 + 2(3Bab - 5Ab^2)x)a}{3(a^3bx^3 + a^4x^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/6*(3*((3*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*x^3 + (3*B*a^2 - 5*A*a*b)*x^2)*sqrt(-b/a)*log((b*x + 2*a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/a) - a)/(b*x + a)) + 2*(2*A*a^2 + 3*(3*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*a^2 - 5*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^3*b*x^3 + a^4*x^2), -1/3*(3*((3*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*x^3 + (3*B*a^2 - 5*A*a*b)*x^2)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/a)) + (2*A*a^2 + 3*(3*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*a^2 - 5*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^3*b*x^3 + a^4*x^2)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 882 vs. $2(90) = 180$.

Time = 27.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 882, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.28

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(5/2)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(7*x**(7/2)) - 2*B/(5*x**(5/2))), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B/sqrt(x))/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(7*x**(7/2)) - 2*B/(5*x**(5/2)))/b**2, Eq(a, 0)), (-4*A*a**2*sqrt(-a/b)/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 15*A*a*b*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 15*A*a*b*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 20*A*a*b*x*sqrt(-a/b)/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 15*A*b**2*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 15*A*b**2*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 30*A*b**2*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 9*B*a**2*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 9*B*a**2*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 12*B*a**2*x*sqrt(-a/b)/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 9*B*a*b*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 9*B*a*b*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 18*B*a*b*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{2Aa^2 + 3(3Bab - 5Ab^2)x^2 + 2(3Ba^2 - 5Aab)x}{3(a^3bx^{\frac{5}{2}} + a^4x^{\frac{3}{2}})} - \frac{(3Bab - 5Ab^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^3}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output
$$-1/3*(2*A*a^2 + 3*(3*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*a^2 - 5*A*a*b)*x)/(a^3*b*x^{5/2} + a^4*x^{3/2}) - (3*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*a^3)$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{(3Bab - 5Ab^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^3}} - \frac{Bab\sqrt{x} - Ab^2\sqrt{x}}{(bx + a)a^3} - \frac{2(3Bax - 6Abx + Aa)}{3a^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output
$$-(3*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*a^3) - (B*a*b*\sqrt{x} - A*b^2*\sqrt{x})/((b*x + a)*a^3) - 2/3*(3*B*a*x - 6*A*b*x + A*a)/(a^3*x^{3/2})$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{\frac{2x(5Ab-3Ba)}{3a^2} - \frac{2A}{3a} + \frac{bx^2(5Ab-3Ba)}{a^3}}{ax^{3/2} + bx^{5/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (5Ab - 3Ba)}{a^{7/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)),x)`output `((2*x*(5*A*b - 3*B*a))/(3*a^2) - (2*A)/(3*a) + (b*x^2*(5*A*b - 3*B*a))/a^3)/(a*x^(3/2) + b*x^(5/2)) + (b^(1/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(5*A*b - 3*B*a))/a^(7/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) bx - \frac{2a^2}{3} + 2abx}{\sqrt{x}a^3x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`output `(2*(3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b*x - a^2 + 3*a*b*x)/(3*sqrt(x)*a**3*x)`

3.393 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$

Optimal result	3044
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3044
Rubi [A] (verified)	3045
Maple [A] (verified)	3048
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3048
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3049
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3050
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3051
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3051
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3052

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{2A}{5a^2x^{5/2}} + \frac{2(2Ab-aB)}{3a^3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2b(3Ab-2aB)}{a^4\sqrt{x}} - \frac{b^2(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{a^4(a+bx)} - \frac{b^{3/2}(7Ab-5aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-2/5*A/a^2/x^(5/2)+2/3*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^3/x^(3/2)-2*b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^4/x^(1/2)-b^2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^4/(b*x+a)-b^(3/2)*(7*A*b-5*B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{-105Ab^3x^3-2a^3(3A+5Bx)+5ab^2x^2(-14A+15Bx)+2a^2bx(7A+25B)}{15a^4x^{5/2}(a+bx)} + \frac{b^{3/2}(-7Ab+5aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)),x]
```

output

$$(-105*A*b^3*x^3 - 2*a^3*(3*A + 5*B*x) + 5*a*b^2*x^2*(-14*A + 15*B*x) + 2*a^2*b*x*(7*A + 25*B*x))/(15*a^4*x^{(5/2)}*(a + b*x)) + (b^{(3/2)}*(-7*A*b + 5*a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/a^{(9/2)}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.276$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 61, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & b^2 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^2x^{7/2}(a + bx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & \frac{(7Ab - 5aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)} dx}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{5/2}(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 61 \\ & \frac{(7Ab - 5aB) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{5/2}(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 61 \\ & \frac{(7Ab - 5aB) \left(-\frac{b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{5/2}(a + bx)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 61 \\ & \frac{(7Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{5/2}(a + bx)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 73 \\ & \frac{(7Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{5/2}(a + bx)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 218 \\ & \frac{(7Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{a} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{5/2}(a + bx)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)),x]`

output `(A*b - a*B)/(a*b*x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)) + ((7*A*b - 5*a*B)*(-2/(5*a*x^(5/2)) - (b*(-2/(3*a*x^(3/2)) - (b*(-2/(a*Sqrt[x]) - (2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/a))/a)/(2*a*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 61 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2) / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 73 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^{p/b})^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 87 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))^{(c_.)}((d_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_))^{(p_.)}, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(b*e - a*f))(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)} / (f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) / (f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$

rule 218 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 1184 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}((f_.) + (g_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2A}{5a^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(-2Ab+Ba)}{3a^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2b(3Ab-2Ba)}{a^4\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b^2\left(\frac{\left(\frac{Ab}{2}-\frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(7Ab-5Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^4}$	101
default	$-\frac{2A}{5a^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(-2Ab+Ba)}{3a^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2b(3Ab-2Ba)}{a^4\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b^2\left(\frac{\left(\frac{Ab}{2}-\frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(7Ab-5Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^4}$	101
risch	$-\frac{2(45x^2b^2A-30Bax^2b-10abAx+5a^2Bx+3a^2A)}{15a^4x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{b^2\left(\frac{2\left(\frac{Ab}{2}-\frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(7Ab-5Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^4}$	103

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/5*A/a^2/x^(5/2)-2/3*(-2*A*b+B*a)/a^3/x^(3/2)-2*b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^4/x^(1/2)-2*b^2/a^4*((1/2*A*b-1/2*B*a)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+1/2*(7*A*b-5*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \left[\frac{15((5Bab^2 - 7Ab^3)x^4 + (5Ba^2b - 7Aab^2)x^3)\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(\frac{bx - 2a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}}}{bx+a}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/30*(15*((5*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*x^4 + (5*B*a^2*b - 7*A*a*b^2)*x^3)*sqrt(-b/a)*log((b*x - 2*a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/a) - a)/(b*x + a)) + 2*(6*A*a^3 - 15*(5*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*x^3 - 10*(5*B*a^2*b - 7*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(5*B*a^3 - 7*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^4*b*x^4 + a^5*x^3), 1/15*(15*((5*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*x^4 + (5*B*a^2*b - 7*A*a*b^2)*x^3)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/a)) - (6*A*a^3 - 15*(5*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*x^3 - 10*(5*B*a^2*b - 7*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(5*B*a^3 - 7*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^4*b*x^4 + a^5*x^3)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1017 vs. $2(117) = 234$.

Time = 113.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1017, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.40

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(7/2)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(9*x**(9/2)) - 2*B/(7*x**(7/2))), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)
), ((-2*A/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*B/(3*x**(3/2)))/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(9*x**(
9/2)) - 2*B/(7*x**(7/2)))/b**2, Eq(a, 0)), (-12*A*a**3*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a**5
*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 28*A*a**2*b*x*sqrt
(-a/b)/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 105
*A*a*b**2*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)
+ 30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 105*A*a*b**2*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqr
t(-a/b))/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 1
40*A*a*b**2*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*a**4*b*x**(7
/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 105*A*b**3*x**(7/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a**5*x
**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 105*A*b**3*x**(7/2)*
log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)
)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 210*A*b**3*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) +
30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 20*B*a**3*x*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*
sqrt(-a/b) + 30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 75*B*a**2*b*x**(5/2)*log(sqr
t(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(
-a/b)) - 75*B*a**2*b*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*
sqrt(-a/b) + 30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 100*B*a**2*b*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)
/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 75*B*a*b*
*2*x**(7/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 30...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{6Aa^3 - 15(5Bab^2 - 7Ab^3)x^3 - 10(5Ba^2b - 7Aab^2)x^2 + 2(5Ba^3 - 7Aa^2b)x}{15(a^4bx^{7/2} + a^5x^{5/2})} + \frac{(5Bab^2 - 7Ab^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^4}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/15*(6*A*a^3 - 15*(5*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*x^3 - 10*(5*B*a^2*b - 7*A*a*b^2)
*x^2 + 2*(5*B*a^3 - 7*A*a^2*b)*x)/(a^4*b*x^(7/2) + a^5*x^(5/2)) + (5*B*a*b
^2 - 7*A*b^3)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^4)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{(5 Bab^2 - 7 Ab^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}a^4} + \frac{Bab^2\sqrt{x} - Ab^3\sqrt{x}}{(bx + a)a^4} + \frac{2(30 Babx^2 - 45 Ab^2x^2 - 5 Ba^2x + 10 Aabx - 3 Aa^2)}{15 a^4 x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(5*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^4) + (B*a*b^2*sqrt(x) - A*b^3*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)*a^4) + 2/15*(30*B*a*b*x^2 - 45*A*b^2*x^2 - 5*B*a^2*x + 10*A*a*b*x - 3*A*a^2)/(a^4*x^(5/2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{\frac{2A}{5a} - \frac{2x(7Ab-5Ba)}{15a^2} + \frac{b^2x^3(7Ab-5Ba)}{a^4} + \frac{2bx^2(7Ab-5Ba)}{3a^3}}{ax^{5/2} + bx^{7/2}} - \frac{b^{3/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (7Ab - 5Ba)}{a^{9/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)),x)`

output `- ((2*A)/(5*a) - (2*x*(7*A*b - 5*B*a))/(15*a^2) + (b^2*x^3*(7*A*b - 5*B*a))/a^4 + (2*b*x^2*(7*A*b - 5*B*a))/(3*a^3))/(a*x^(5/2) + b*x^(7/2)) - (b^(3/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(7*A*b - 5*B*a))/a^(9/2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) b^2x^2 - \frac{2a^3}{5} + \frac{2a^2bx}{3} - 2ab^2x^2}{\sqrt{x} a^4x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2), x)`output `(2*(- 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**2*x**2 - 3*a**3 + 5*a**2*b*x - 15*a*b**2*x**2))/(15*sqrt(x)*a**4*x**2)`

3.394 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx$

Optimal result	3053
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3053
Rubi [A] (verified)	3054
Maple [A] (verified)	3058
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3059
Sympy [F(-1)]	3059
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3060
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3060
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3061
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3061

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{2A}{7a^2x^{7/2}} + \frac{2(2Ab-aB)}{5a^3x^{5/2}} - \frac{2b(3Ab-2aB)}{3a^4x^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^2(4Ab-3aB)}{a^5\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b^3(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{a^5(a+bx)} + \frac{b^{5/2}(9Ab-7aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{11/2}}$$

output

```
-2/7*A/a^2/x^(7/2)+2/5*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^3/x^(5/2)-2/3*b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^4/x^(3/2)+2*b^2*(4*A*b-3*B*a)/a^5/x^(1/2)+b^3*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^5/(b*x+a)+b^(5/2)*(9*A*b-7*B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{945Ab^4x^4 + 105ab^3x^3(6A-7Bx) - 6a^4(5A+7Bx) - 14a^2b^2x^2(9A+35B)}{105a^5x^{7/2}(a+bx)} + \frac{b^{5/2}(9Ab-7aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{11/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(9/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)),x]
```

output

$$(945A^2b^4x^4 + 105ab^3x^3(6A - 7Bx) - 6a^4(5A + 7Bx) - 14a^2b^2x^2(9A + 35Bx) + 2a^3bx(27A + 49Bx))/(105a^5x^{7/2}(a + bx)) + (b^{5/2}(9Ab - 7aB) \operatorname{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x})/\sqrt{a}])/a^{1/2}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.310$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 61, 61, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & b^2 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^2x^{9/2}(a + bx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & \frac{(9Ab - 7aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)} dx}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{7/2}(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 61 \\ & \frac{(9Ab - 7aB) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{7/2}(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 61 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(9Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{7/2}(a + bx)}$$

61

$$\frac{(9Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{7/2}(a + bx)}$$

61

$$\frac{(9Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{2ab} - \frac{2}{7ax^{7/2}} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{7/2}(a + bx)}$$

73

$$\frac{(9Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{2ab} - \frac{2}{7ax^{7/2}} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{7/2}(a + bx)}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(9Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{2ab} - \frac{2}{7ax^{7/2}} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{7/2}(a + bx)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(9/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)),x]`

output $(A*b - a*B)/(a*b*x^{(7/2)}*(a + b*x)) + ((9*A*b - 7*a*B)*(-2/(7*a*x^{(7/2)}) - (b*(-2/(5*a*x^{(5/2)}) - (b*(-2/(3*a*x^{(3/2)}) - (b*(-2/(a*\text{Sqrt}[x]) - (2*\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/ \text{Sqrt}[a]])/a^{(3/2)})))/a)/a)/a)/(2*a*b)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)*(G_x) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$

rule 61 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^{p/b})^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 87 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)}*((e_*) + (f_*)*(x_*)^{(p_*)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))]/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2A}{7a^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{2(-2Ab+Ba)}{5a^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2b(3Ab-2Ba)}{3a^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2b^2(4Ab-3Ba)}{a^5\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2b^3 \left(\frac{(\frac{Ab}{2} - \frac{Ba}{2})\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(9Ab-7Ba) \arctan(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}})}{2\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^5}$
default	$-\frac{2A}{7a^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{2(-2Ab+Ba)}{5a^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2b(3Ab-2Ba)}{3a^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2b^2(4Ab-3Ba)}{a^5\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2b^3 \left(\frac{(\frac{Ab}{2} - \frac{Ba}{2})\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(9Ab-7Ba) \arctan(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}})}{2\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^5}$
risch	$-\frac{2(-420Ab^3x^3+315Ba^2b^2x^3+105Aab^2x^2-70Ba^2bx^2-42Aa^2bx+21Ba^3x+15A^3A)}{105a^5x^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{b^3 \left(\frac{2(\frac{Ab}{2} - \frac{Ba}{2})\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(9A)}{a^5} \right)}{a^5}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/7*A/a^2/x^(7/2)-2/5*(-2*A*b+B*a)/a^3/x^(5/2)-2/3*b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^4/x^(3/2)+2*b^2*(4*A*b-3*B*a)/a^5/x^(1/2)+2/a^5*b^3*((1/2*A*b-1/2*B*a)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+1/2*(9*A*b-7*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \left[\frac{105((7Bab^3 - 9Ab^4)x^5 + (7Ba^2b^2 - 9Aab^3)x^4)\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(\frac{bx+2a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}}}{bx+a}\right) + 105((7Bab^3 - 9Ab^4)x^5 + (7Ba^2b^2 - 9Aab^3)x^4)\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} \arctan\left(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}}\right) + (30Aa^4 + 105(7Bab^3 - 9Ab^4))}{105(a^5bx^5 + a^6x^4)} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/210*(105*((7*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*x^5 + (7*B*a^2*b^2 - 9*A*a*b^3)*x^4)*sqrt(-b/a)*log((b*x + 2*a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/a) - a)/(b*x + a)) + 2*(30*A*a^4 + 105*(7*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*x^4 + 70*(7*B*a^2*b^2 - 9*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 14*(7*B*a^3*b - 9*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 6*(7*B*a^4 - 9*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^5*b*x^5 + a^6*x^4), -1/105*(105*((7*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*x^5 + (7*B*a^2*b^2 - 9*A*a*b^3)*x^4)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/a)) + (30*A*a^4 + 105*(7*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*x^4 + 70*(7*B*a^2*b^2 - 9*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 14*(7*B*a^3*b - 9*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 6*(7*B*a^4 - 9*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^5*b*x^5 + a^6*x^4)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(9/2)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{30 Aa^4 + 105 (7 Bab^3 - 9 Ab^4)x^4 + 70 (7 Ba^2b^2 - 9 Aab^3)x^3 - 14 (7 Ba^3b - 9 Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 6 (7 Ba^4 - 9 Aa^3b)x - 105 (a^5bx^{9/2} + a^6x^{7/2})}{105 (a^5bx^{9/2} + a^6x^{7/2})} - \frac{(7 Bab^3 - 9 Ab^4) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^5}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/105*(30*A*a^4 + 105*(7*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*x^4 + 70*(7*B*a^2*b^2 - 9*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 14*(7*B*a^3*b - 9*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 6*(7*B*a^4 - 9*A*a^3*b)*x)/(a^5*b*x^(9/2) + a^6*x^(7/2)) - (7*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^5)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{(7 Bab^3 - 9 Ab^4) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^5}} - \frac{Bab^3\sqrt{x} - Ab^4\sqrt{x}}{(bx + a)a^5} - \frac{2(315 Bab^2x^3 - 420 Ab^3x^3 - 70 Ba^2bx^2 + 105 Aab^2x^2 + 21 Ba^3x - 42 Aa^2bx + 15 Aa^3)}{105 a^5 x^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(7*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^5) - (B*a*b^3*sqrt(x) - A*b^4*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)*a^5) - 2/105*(315*B*a*b^2*x^3 - 420*A*b^3*x^3 - 70*B*a^2*b*x^2 + 105*A*a*b^2*x^2 + 21*B*a^3*x - 42*A*a^2*b*x + 15*A*a^3)/(a^5*x^(7/2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{\frac{2x(9Ab-7Ba)}{35a^2} - \frac{2A}{7a} + \frac{2b^2x^3(9Ab-7Ba)}{3a^4} + \frac{b^3x^4(9Ab-7Ba)}{a^5} - \frac{2bx^2(9Ab-7Ba)}{15a^3}}{ax^{7/2} + bx^{9/2}} + \frac{b^{5/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (9Ab - 7Ba)}{a^{11/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(9/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)),x)`output `((2*x*(9*A*b - 7*B*a))/(35*a^2) - (2*A)/(7*a) + (2*b^2*x^3*(9*A*b - 7*B*a))/(3*a^4) + (b^3*x^4*(9*A*b - 7*B*a))/a^5 - (2*b*x^2*(9*A*b - 7*B*a))/(15*a^3))/(a*x^(7/2) + b*x^(9/2)) + (b^(5/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(9*A*b - 7*B*a))/a^(11/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) b^3x^3 - \frac{2a^4}{7} + \frac{2a^3bx}{5} - \frac{2a^2b^2x^2}{3} + 2ab^3x^3}{\sqrt{x}a^5x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`output `(2*(105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**3*x**3 - 15*a**4 + 21*a**3*b*x - 35*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 105*a*b**3*x**3))/(105*sqrt(x)*a**5*x**3)`

3.395
$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	3062
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3062
Rubi [A] (verified)	3063
Maple [A] (verified)	3067
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3067
Sympy [F(-1)]	3068
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3068
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3069
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3070
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3070

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{35(Ab-3aB)\sqrt{x}}{8b^5} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b^4} - \frac{(Ab-aB)x^{7/2}}{3b^2(a+bx)^3} - \frac{(7Ab-13aB)x^{5/2}}{12b^3(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(35Ab-89aB)x^{3/2}}{24b^4(a+bx)} - \frac{35\sqrt{a}(Ab-3aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8b^{11/2}}$$

output

```
35/8*(A*b-3*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^5+2/3*B*x^(3/2)/b^4-1/3*(A*b-B*a)*x^(7/2)/b^2/(
b*x+a)^3-1/12*(7*A*b-13*B*a)*x^(5/2)/b^3/(b*x+a)^2-1/24*(35*A*b-89*B*a)*x^
(3/2)/b^4/(b*x+a)-35/8*a^(1/2)*(A*b-3*B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))
/b^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(-315a^4B+7a^2b^2x(40A-99Bx)+3ab^3x^2(77A-48Bx)+105a^3b(A-2bx))}{24b^5(a+bx)^3} + \frac{35\sqrt{a}(-Ab+3aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8b^{11/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*(-315*a^4*B + 7*a^2*b^2*x*(40*A - 99*B*x) + 3*a*b^3*x^2*(77*A - 48*B*x) + 105*a^3*b*(A - 8*B*x) + 16*b^4*x^3*(3*A + B*x)))/(24*b^5*(a + b*x)^3) + (35*Sqrt[a]*(-(A*b) + 3*a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(8*b^(11/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.310$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 51, 51, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\
 & b^4 \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{b^4(a + bx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^3} - \frac{(Ab - 3aB) \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{(a+bx)^3} dx}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^3} - \frac{(Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{(a+bx)^2} dx}{4b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^3} - \frac{(Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{a+bx} dx - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)}}{2b} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{2ab}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^3} - \frac{(Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{2b} \right) - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)}}{4b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{2ab}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^3} - \frac{(Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2b} \right) - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)}}{4b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{2ab}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^3} - \frac{(Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2}}{2ab}$$

218

$$\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^3} - \frac{(Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2}}{2ab}$$

input `Int[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*x^(9/2))/(3*a*b*(a + b*x)^3) - ((A*b - 3*a*B)*(-1/2*x^(7/2)/(b*(a + b*x)^2) + (7*(-x^(5/2)/(b*(a + b*x))) + (5*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*b) - (a*((2*sqrt(x))/b - (2*sqrt(a)*ArcTan[(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))/sqrt(a)])/b^(3/2)))/b))/(2*b)))/(4*b)))/(2*a*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 51 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$
- rule 60 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0])) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^{(n)}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 87 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^{(p_)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(- (b*e - a*f)) * (c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} * ((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)} / (f*(p + 1) * (c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) / (f*(p + 1) * (c*f - d*e)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n * (e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])) \ \&\& \) \ \&\& \)$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]^{(-1)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) * \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(Bbx+3Ab-12Ba)\sqrt{x}}{3b^5} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{29}{16} A b^3 + \frac{55}{16} B a b^2 \right) x^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{ab(17Ab-35Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2 \left(-\frac{19}{16} A a^2 b + \frac{41}{16} B a^3 \right) \sqrt{x}}{(bx+a)^3} + \frac{35(Ab-3Ba)}{8\sqrt{x}} \right)}{b^5}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2Bb}{3} x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2Ab\sqrt{x} - 8Ba\sqrt{x}}{b^5} - \frac{2a \left(\frac{\left(-\frac{29}{16} A b^3 + \frac{55}{16} B a b^2 \right) x^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{ab(17Ab-35Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6} + \left(-\frac{19}{16} A a^2 b + \frac{41}{16} B a^3 \right) \sqrt{x}}{(bx+a)^3} + \frac{35(Ab-3Ba)}{16\sqrt{x}} \right)}{b^5}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2Bb}{3} x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2Ab\sqrt{x} - 8Ba\sqrt{x}}{b^5} - \frac{2a \left(\frac{\left(-\frac{29}{16} A b^3 + \frac{55}{16} B a b^2 \right) x^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{ab(17Ab-35Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6} + \left(-\frac{19}{16} A a^2 b + \frac{41}{16} B a^3 \right) \sqrt{x}}{(bx+a)^3} + \frac{35(Ab-3Ba)}{16\sqrt{x}} \right)}{b^5}$

input

```
int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/3*(B*b*x+3*A*b-12*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^5-a/b^5*(2*((-29/16*A*b^3+55/16*B*a*b^2)*x^(5/2)-1/6*a*b*(17*A*b-35*B*a)*x^(3/2)+(-19/16*A*a^2*b+41/16*B*a^3)*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^3+35/8*(A*b-3*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 467, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \left[\frac{105(3Ba^4 - Aa^3b + (3Bab^3 - Ab^4)x^3 + 3(3Ba^2b^2 - Aab^3)x^2 + 3(3Ba^2b - Aab^2)x + 3(Aa^2 - Ab^2))\sqrt{x}}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} + \frac{35(Ab - 3Ba)}{8\sqrt{x}} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/48*(105*(3*B*a^4 - A*a^3*b + (3*B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^3 + 3*(3*B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 3*(3*B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a/b)*log((b*x - 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) - a)/(b*x + a)) - 2*(16*B*b^4*x^4 - 315*B*a^4 + 105*A*a^3*b - 48*(3*B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^3 - 231*(3*B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^2 - 280*(3*B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^8*x^3 + 3*a*b^7*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^6*x + a^3*b^5), 1/24*(105*(3*B*a^4 - A*a^3*b + (3*B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^3 + 3*(3*B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 3*(3*B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a/b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/b)/a) + (16*B*b^4*x^4 - 315*B*a^4 + 105*A*a^3*b - 48*(3*B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^3 - 231*(3*B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^2 - 280*(3*B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^8*x^3 + 3*a*b^7*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^6*x + a^3*b^5)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(55Ba^2b^2 - 29Aab^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 8(35Ba^3b - 17Aa^2b^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3(41Ba^4 - 19Aa^3b)\sqrt{x}}{24(b^8x^3 + 3ab^7x^2 + 3a^2b^6x + a^3b^5)}$$

$$+ \frac{35(3Ba^2 - Aab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{abb^5}} + \frac{2\left(Bbx^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3(4Ba - Ab)\sqrt{x}\right)}{3b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/24*(3*(55*B*a^2*b^2 - 29*A*a*b^3)*x^{(5/2)} + 8*(35*B*a^3*b - 17*A*a^2*b^2)*x^{(3/2)} + 3*(41*B*a^4 - 19*A*a^3*b)*\sqrt{x})/(b^8*x^3 + 3*a*b^7*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^6*x + a^3*b^5) + 35/8*(3*B*a^2 - A*a*b)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b}) \\ & /(\sqrt{a*b}*b^5) + 2/3*(B*b*x^{(3/2)} - 3*(4*B*a - A*b)*\sqrt{x})/b^5 \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx &= \frac{35(3Ba^2 - Aab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}b^5} \\ & - \frac{165Ba^2b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 87Aab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 280Ba^3bx^{\frac{3}{2}} - 136Aa^2b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 123Ba^4\sqrt{x} - 57Aa^3b\sqrt{x}}{24(bx+a)^3b^5} \\ & + \frac{2\left(Bb^8x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 12Bab^7\sqrt{x} + 3Ab^8\sqrt{x}\right)}{3b^{12}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 35/8*(3*B*a^2 - A*a*b)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*b^5) - 1/24* \\ & (165*B*a^2*b^2*x^{(5/2)} - 87*A*a*b^3*x^{(5/2)} + 280*B*a^3*b*x^{(3/2)} - 136*A* \\ & a^2*b^2*x^{(3/2)} + 123*B*a^4*\sqrt{x} - 57*A*a^3*b*\sqrt{x})/((b*x + a)^3*b^5) \\ &) + 2/3*(B*b^8*x^{(3/2)} - 12*B*a*b^7*\sqrt{x} + 3*A*b^8*\sqrt{x})/b^{12} \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{2A}{b^4} - \frac{8Ba}{b^5} \right) - \frac{x^{5/2} \left(\frac{55Ba^2b^2}{8} - \frac{29Aab^3}{8} \right) - x^{3/2} \left(\frac{17Aa^2b^2}{3} - \frac{35Ba^3b}{3} \right) + \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{41Ba^4}{8} - \frac{19Aa^3b}{8} \right) + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b^4} + \frac{35\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(Ab-3Ba)}{3Ba^2-Aab} \right) (Ab-3Ba)}{8b^{11/2}}$$

input `int((x^(7/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^2,x)`output `x^(1/2)*((2*A)/b^4 - (8*B*a)/b^5) - (x^(5/2)*((55*B*a^2*b^2)/8 - (29*A*a*b^3)/8) - x^(3/2)*((17*A*a^2*b^2)/3 - (35*B*a^3*b)/3) + x^(1/2)*((41*B*a^4)/8 - (19*A*a^3*b)/8))/(a^3*b^5 + b^8*x^3 + 3*a^2*b^6*x + 3*a*b^7*x^2) + (2*B*x^(3/2))/(3*b^4) + (35*a^(1/2)*atan((a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*(A*b - 3*B*a))/(3*B*a^2 - A*a*b))*(A*b - 3*B*a))/(8*b^(11/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}} \right) a^3 + 210\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}} \right) a^2bx + 105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}} \right) a^2bx + 105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}} \right) a^2bx}{12b^5(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)`output `(105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**3 + 210*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*x + 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b**2*x**2 - 105*sqrt(x)*a**3*b - 175*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**2*x - 56*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*x**2 + 8*sqrt(x)*b**4*x**3)/(12*b**5*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))`

3.396
$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	3071
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3071
Rubi [A] (verified)	3072
Maple [A] (verified)	3075
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3076
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3076
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3077
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3078
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3078
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3079

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^4} - \frac{(Ab-aB)x^{5/2}}{3b^2(a+bx)^3} - \frac{(5Ab-11aB)x^{3/2}}{12b^3(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(5Ab-19aB)\sqrt{x}}{8b^4(a+bx)} + \frac{5(Ab-7aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}^9/2}$$

output

```
2*B*x^(1/2)/b^4-1/3*(A*b-B*a)*x^(5/2)/b^2/(b*x+a)^3-1/12*(5*A*b-11*B*a)*x^(3/2)/b^3/(b*x+a)^2-1/8*(5*A*b-19*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^4/(b*x+a)+5/8*(A*b-7*B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/b^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(105a^3B-5a^2b(3A-56Bx)+3b^3x^2(-11A+16Bx)+ab^2x(-40A+23B))}{24b^4(a+bx)^3} + \frac{5(Ab-7aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}^9/2}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*(105*a^3*B - 5*a^2*b*(3*A - 56*B*x) + 3*b^3*x^2*(-11*A + 16*B*x) + a*b^2*x*(-40*A + 231*B*x)))/(24*b^4*(a + b*x)^3) + (5*(A*b - 7*a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(8*Sqrt[a]*b^(9/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.276$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 51, 51, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\
 & b^4 \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{b^4(a + bx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^3} - \frac{(Ab - 7aB) \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{(a+bx)^3} dx}{6ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^3} - \frac{(Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(a+bx)^2} dx}{4b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^3} - \frac{(Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{2b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6ab}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^3} - \frac{(Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6ab}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^3} - \frac{(Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6ab}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^3} - \frac{(Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6ab}$$

input

```
Int[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{((A*b - a*B)*x^{(7/2)})/(3*a*b*(a + b*x)^3) - ((A*b - 7*a*B)*(-1/2*x^{(5/2)})/(b*(a + b*x)^2) + (5*(-(x^{(3/2)})/(b*(a + b*x)))) + (3*((2*sqrt[x])/b - (2*sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x])/sqrt[a]])/b^{(3/2)}))/(2*b)))/(4*b)))/(6*a*b)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 51

$$\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$$

rule 60

$$\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0])) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 73

$$\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^{(n)}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 87

$$\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(- (b*e - a*f)) * (c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} * ((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}) / (f * (p + 1) * (c*f - d*e)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) / (f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n * (e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\ \text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\ \text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\ \text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])) \ \&\& \) \ \&\& \)$$

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1184 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^4} + \frac{2\left(\left(\frac{29}{16}Ba^2 - \frac{11}{16}Ab^3\right)x^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{ab(5Ab-17Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6} + \left(\frac{19}{16}Ba^3 - \frac{5}{16}Aa^2b\right)\sqrt{x}\right)}{(bx+a)^3} + \frac{5(Ab-7Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}}$	104
default	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^4} + \frac{2\left(\left(\frac{29}{16}Ba^2 - \frac{11}{16}Ab^3\right)x^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{ab(5Ab-17Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6} + \left(\frac{19}{16}Ba^3 - \frac{5}{16}Aa^2b\right)\sqrt{x}\right)}{(bx+a)^3} + \frac{5(Ab-7Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}}$	104
risch	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^4} + \frac{2\left(\frac{29}{16}Ba^2 - \frac{11}{16}Ab^3\right)x^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{ab(5Ab-17Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2\left(\frac{19}{16}Ba^3 - \frac{5}{16}Aa^2b\right)\sqrt{x}}{(bx+a)^3} + \frac{5(Ab-7Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}}$	104

```
input int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*B*x^(1/2)/b^4+2/b^4*(((29/16*B*a*b^2-11/16*A*b^3)*x^(5/2)-1/6*a*b*(5*A*b-17*B*a)*x^(3/2)+(19/16*B*a^3-5/16*A*a^2*b)*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^3+5/16*(A*b-7*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2)))
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 437, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \left[\frac{15(7Ba^4 - Aa^3b + (7Bab^3 - Ab^4)x^3 + 3(7Ba^2b^2 - Aab^3)x^2 + 3(7Ba^3b - Ab^4)x + 3Aa^2b^2)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/48*(15*(7*B*a^4 - A*a^3*b + (7*B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^3 + 3*(7*B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 3*(7*B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) + 2*(48*B*a*b^4*x^3 + 105*B*a^4*b - 15*A*a^3*b^2 + 33*(7*B*a^2*b^3 - A*a*b^4)*x^2 + 40*(7*B*a^3*b^2 - A*a^2*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x)/(a*b^8*x^3 + 3*a^2*b^7*x^2 + 3*a^3*b^6*x + a^4*b^5), 1/24*(15*(7*B*a^4 - A*a^3*b + (7*B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^3 + 3*(7*B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 3*(7*B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (48*B*a*b^4*x^3 + 105*B*a^4*b - 15*A*a^3*b^2 + 33*(7*B*a^2*b^3 - A*a*b^4)*x^2 + 40*(7*B*a^3*b^2 - A*a^2*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x)/(a*b^8*x^3 + 3*a^2*b^7*x^2 + 3*a^3*b^6*x + a^4*b^5)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2271 vs. 2(133) = 266.

Time = 87.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2271, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.95

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/sqrt(x) + 2*B*sqrt(x)), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*x
**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*x**(9/2)/9)/a**4, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/sqrt(x) + 2*B*sqrt(x))
/b**4, Eq(a, 0)), (15*A*a**3*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(48*a**3*b**5*sq
rt(-a/b) + 144*a**2*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a*b**7*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*b**
8*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) - 15*A*a**3*b*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(48*a**3*b**5*sq
rt(-a/b) + 144*a**2*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a*b**7*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*b**
8*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) - 30*A*a**2*b**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(48*a**3*b**5*sq
rt(-a/b) + 144*a**2*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a*b**7*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*b**
8*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) + 45*A*a**2*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(48*a**3*b
**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**2*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a*b**7*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) +
48*b**8*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) - 45*A*a**2*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(48
*a**3*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**2*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a*b**7*x**2*sqrt(
-a/b) + 48*b**8*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) - 80*A*a*b**3*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(48*a**
3*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**2*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a*b**7*x**2*sqrt(-a/b
) + 48*b**8*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) + 45*A*a*b**3*x**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/
(48*a**3*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**2*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a*b**7*x**2*sq
rt(-a/b) + 48*b**8*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) - 45*A*a*b**3*x**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(
-a/b))/(48*a**3*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**2*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a*b**7*
x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*b**8*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) - 66*A*b**4*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)
/(48*a**3*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**2*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a*b**7*x**...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{3(29Bab^2-11Ab^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}}+8(17Ba^2b-5Aab^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}}+3(19Ba^3-5Aa^2b)\sqrt{x}}{24(b^7x^3+3ab^6x^2+3a^2b^5x+a^3b^4)} + \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^4} - \frac{5(7Ba-Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{abb^4}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/24*(3*(29*B*a*b^2 - 11*A*b^3)*x^(5/2) + 8*(17*B*a^2*b - 5*A*a*b^2)*x^(3/
2) + 3*(19*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)*sqrt(x))/(b^7*x^3 + 3*a*b^6*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*
x + a^3*b^4) + 2*B*sqrt(x)/b^4 - 5/8*(7*B*a - A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a
*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^4)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^4} - \frac{5(7Ba-Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}b^4} + \frac{87Bab^2x^{5/2} - 33Ab^3x^{5/2} + 136Ba^2bx^{3/2} - 40Aab^2x^{3/2} + 57Ba^3\sqrt{x} - 15Aa^2b\sqrt{x}}{24(bx+a)^3b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*B*sqrt(x)/b^4 - 5/8*(7*B*a - A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^4) + 1/24*(87*B*a*b^2*x^(5/2) - 33*A*b^3*x^(5/2) + 136*B*a^2*b*x^(3/2) - 40*A*a*b^2*x^(3/2) + 57*B*a^3*sqrt(x) - 15*A*a^2*b*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)^3*b^4)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^4} - \frac{x^{3/2}\left(\frac{5Aab^2}{3} - \frac{17Ba^2b}{3}\right) - \sqrt{x}\left(\frac{19Ba^3}{8} - \frac{5Aa^2b}{8}\right) + x^{5/2}\left(\frac{11Ab^3}{8} - \frac{29Bab^2}{8}\right)}{a^3b^4 + 3a^2b^5x + 3ab^6x^2 + b^7x^3} + \frac{5\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(Ab-7Ba)}{8\sqrt{a}b^{9/2}}$$

input `int((x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2,x)`output `(2*B*x^(1/2))/b^4 - (x^(3/2)*((5*A*a*b^2)/3 - (17*B*a^2*b)/3) - x^(1/2)*((19*B*a^3)/8 - (5*A*a^2*b)/8) + x^(5/2)*((11*A*b^3)/8 - (29*B*a*b^2)/8))/(a^3*b^4 + b^7*x^3 + 3*a^2*b^5*x + 3*a*b^6*x^2) + (5*atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(A*b - 7*B*a))/(8*a^(1/2)*b^(9/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{-15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 - 30\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) abx - 15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) b^2x^2}{4b^4(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)`output `(- 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2 - 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*x - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(x)*a**2*b + 25*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*x + 8*sqrt(x)*b**3*x**2)/(4*b**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))`

3.397
$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	3080
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3080
Rubi [A] (verified)	3081
Maple [A] (verified)	3083
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3084
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3084
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3085
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3086
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3086
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3087

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{(Ab-aB)x^{3/2}}{3b^2(a+bx)^3} - \frac{(Ab-3aB)\sqrt{x}}{4b^3(a+bx)^2} + \frac{(Ab-11aB)\sqrt{x}}{8ab^3(a+bx)} + \frac{(Ab+5aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(A*b-B*a)*x^(3/2)/b^2/(b*x+a)^3-1/4*(A*b-3*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^3/(b*x+a)^2
+1/8*(A*b-11*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a/b^3/(b*x+a)+1/8*(A*b+5*B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(
1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/b^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(15a^3B-3Ab^3x^2+ab^2x(8A+33Bx)+a^2b(3A+40Bx))}{24ab^3(a+bx)^3} + \frac{(Ab+5aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/24*(Sqrt[x]*(15*a^3*B - 3*A*b^3*x^2 + a*b^2*x*(8*A + 33*B*x) + a^2*b*(3*A + 40*B*x)))/(a*b^3*(a + b*x)^3) + ((A*b + 5*a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(8*a^(3/2)*b^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.241$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 51, 51, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\
 & b^4 \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{b^4(a + bx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(5aB + Ab) \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(a+bx)^3} dx}{6ab} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(5aB + Ab) \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a+bx)^2} dx}{4b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6ab} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(5aB + Ab) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)} dx}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6ab} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a+bx)^3}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{(5aB + Ab) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6ab} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a+bx)^3}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(5aB + Ab) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6ab} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a+bx)^3}$$

input `Int[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*x^(5/2))/(3*a*b*(a + b*x)^3) + ((A*b + 5*a*B)*(-1/2*x^(3/2)/(b*(a + b*x)^2) + (3*(-(Sqrt[x]/(b*(a + b*x))) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(3/2))))/(4*b)))/(6*a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p
), x] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
 + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
 + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
 rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
 t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
 qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{(Ab-11Ba)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{8ab} - \frac{(Ab+5Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b^2} - \frac{(Ab+5Ba)a\sqrt{x}}{8b^3}}{(bx+a)^3} + \frac{(Ab+5Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8ab^3\sqrt{ab}}$	96
default	$\frac{\frac{(Ab-11Ba)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{8ab} - \frac{(Ab+5Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b^2} - \frac{(Ab+5Ba)a\sqrt{x}}{8b^3}}{(bx+a)^3} + \frac{(Ab+5Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8ab^3\sqrt{ab}}$	96

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
2*(1/16*(A*b-11*B*a)/a/b*x^(5/2)-1/6/b^2*(A*b+5*B*a)*x^(3/2)-1/16*(A*b+5*B
*a)*a/b^3*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^3+1/8*(A*b+5*B*a)/a/b^3/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^
(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 411, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.31

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \left[-\frac{3(5Ba^4 + Aa^3b + (5Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^3 + 3(5Ba^2b^2 + Aab^3)x^2 + 3(5Ba^3b + Aa^2b^2)x)\sqrt{ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right) - 3(5Ba^4 + Aa^3b + (5Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^3 + 3(5Ba^2b^2 + Aab^3)x^2 + 3(5Ba^3b + Aa^2b^2)x)\sqrt{ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right)}{24(a^2b^7x^3 + 3a^3b^6x^2 + 3a^4b^5x + a^5b^4)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/48*(3*(5*B*a^4 + A*a^3*b + (5*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^3 + 3*(5*B*a^2*b^2 +
A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 3*(5*B*a^3*b + A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a - 2*sq
rt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) + 2*(15*B*a^4*b + 3*A*a^3*b^2 + 3*(11*B*a^2*b
^3 - A*a*b^4)*x^2 + 8*(5*B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x)/(a^2*b^7*x^3 +
3*a^3*b^6*x^2 + 3*a^4*b^5*x + a^5*b^4), -1/24*(3*(5*B*a^4 + A*a^3*b + (5*
B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^3 + 3*(5*B*a^2*b^2 + A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 3*(5*B*a^3*b + A*a^
2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (15*B*a^4*b + 3*A*a^3*
b^2 + 3*(11*B*a^2*b^3 - A*a*b^4)*x^2 + 8*(5*B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x)*sqrt
(x))/(a^2*b^7*x^3 + 3*a^3*b^6*x^2 + 3*a^4*b^5*x + a^5*b^4)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2261 vs. 2(117) = 234.

Time = 44.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2261, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.23

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B/sqrt(x)), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*x**(7/2)/7)/a**4, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B/sqrt(x))/b**4, Eq(a, 0)), (3*A*a**3*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(48*a**4*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**3*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**2*b**6*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a*b**7*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) - 3*A*a**3*b*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(48*a**4*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**3*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**2*b**6*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a*b**7*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) - 6*A*a**2*b**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(48*a**4*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**3*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**2*b**6*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a*b**7*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) + 9*A*a**2*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(48*a**4*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**3*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**2*b**6*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a*b**7*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) - 9*A*a**2*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(48*a**4*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**3*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**2*b**6*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a*b**7*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) - 16*A*a*b**3*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(48*a**4*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**3*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**2*b**6*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a*b**7*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) + 9*A*a*b**3*x**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(48*a**4*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**3*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**2*b**6*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a*b**7*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) - 9*A*a*b**3*x**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(48*a**4*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**3*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**2*b**6*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a*b**7*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) + 6*A*b**4*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(48*a**4*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 1...`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(11Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 8(5Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3(5Ba^3 + Aa^2b)\sqrt{x}}{24(ab^6x^3 + 3a^2b^5x^2 + 3a^3b^4x + a^4b^3)}$$

$$+ \frac{(5Ba + Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{abab^3}}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$-1/24*(3*(11*B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^{(5/2)} + 8*(5*B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^{(3/2)} + 3*(5*B*a^3 + A*a^2*b)*\sqrt{x})/(a*b^6*x^3 + 3*a^2*b^5*x^2 + 3*a^3*b^4*x + a^4*b^3) + 1/8*(5*B*a + A*b)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*a*b^3)$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(5Ba+Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}ab^3} - \frac{33Bab^2x^{5/2} - 3Ab^3x^{5/2} + 40Ba^2bx^{3/2} + 8Aab^2x^{3/2} + 15Ba^3\sqrt{x} + 3Aa^2b\sqrt{x}}{24(bx+a)^3ab^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$1/8*(5*B*a + A*b)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*a*b^3) - 1/24*(33*B*a*b^2*x^{(5/2)} - 3*A*b^3*x^{(5/2)} + 40*B*a^2*b*x^{(3/2)} + 8*A*a*b^2*x^{(3/2)} + 15*B*a^3*\sqrt{x} + 3*A*a^2*b*\sqrt{x})/((b*x + a)^3*a*b^3)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(Ab+5Ba)}{8a^{3/2}b^{7/2}} - \frac{\frac{x^{3/2}(Ab+5Ba)}{3b^2} - \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab-11Ba)}{8ab} + \frac{a\sqrt{x}(Ab+5Ba)}{8b^3}}{a^3+3a^2bx+3ab^2x^2+b^3x^3}$$

input

```
int((x^(3/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^2,x)
```

output

$$\left(\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b^{1/2}x^{1/2}}{a^{1/2}}\right)*\frac{(A*b+5*B*a)}{(8*a^{3/2}*b^{7/2})} - \left(\frac{x^{3/2}*(A*b+5*B*a)}{(3*b^2)} - \frac{x^{5/2}*(A*b-11*B*a)}{(8*a*b)} + \frac{a*x^{1/2}*(A*b+5*B*a)}{(8*b^3)}\right)/\frac{(a^3+b^3*x^3+3*a*b^2*x^2+3*a^2*b*x)}{(8*b^3)}\right)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 + 6\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) abx + 3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) b^2x^2}{4ab^3(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)`output `(3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2 + 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*x + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(x)*a**2*b - 5*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*x)/(4*a*b**3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))`

3.398 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3088
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3088
Rubi [A] (verified)	3089
Maple [A] (verified)	3091
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3092
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3093
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3094
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3094
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3095
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3095

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{3b^2(a+bx)^3} + \frac{(Ab-7aB)\sqrt{x}}{12ab^2(a+bx)^2} + \frac{(Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}}{8a^2b^2(a+bx)} + \frac{(Ab+aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^2/(b*x+a)^3+1/12*(A*b-7*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a/b^2/(b*x+a)^2+1/8*(A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^2/b^2/(b*x+a)+1/8*(A*b+B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/b^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(-3a^3B+3Ab^3x^2+ab^2x(8A+3Bx)-a^2b(3A+8Bx))}{24a^2b^2(a+bx)^3} + \frac{(Ab+aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}b^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*(-3*a^3*B + 3*A*b^3*x^2 + a*b^2*x*(8*A + 3*B*x) - a^2*b*(3*A + 8*B*x)))/(24*a^2*b^2*(a + b*x)^3) + ((A*b + a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(8*a^(5/2)*b^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.241$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 51, 52, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1184} \\
 & b^4 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{b^4(a + bx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & \frac{(aB + Ab) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a+bx)^3} dx}{2ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & \frac{(aB + Ab) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} dx}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(aB + Ab) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)}} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a+bx)^3}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{(aB + Ab) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a+bx)^3}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(aB + Ab) \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a+bx)^3}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*x^(3/2))/(3*a*b*(a + b*x)^3) + ((A*b + a*B)*(-1/2*Sqrt[x]/(b*(a + b*x)^2) + (Sqrt[x]/(a*(a + b*x)) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/(a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b]))/(4*b))/(2*a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(- (b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{(Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{(Ab-Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3ab} - \frac{(Ab+Ba)\sqrt{x}}{8b^2}}{(bx+a)^3} + \frac{(Ab+Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8a^2b^2\sqrt{ab}}$	92
default	$\frac{(Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{(Ab-Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3ab} - \frac{(Ab+Ba)\sqrt{x}}{8b^2}}{(bx+a)^3} + \frac{(Ab+Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8a^2b^2\sqrt{ab}}$	92

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $2*(1/16*(A*b+B*a)/a^2*x^(5/2)+1/6*(A*b-B*a)/a/b*x^(3/2)-1/16*(A*b+B*a)/b^2*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^3+1/8*(A*b+B*a)/a^2/b^2/(a*b)^(1/2)*\arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 399, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(Ba^4 + Aa^3b + (Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^3 + 3(Ba^2b^2 + Aab^3)x^2 + 3(Ba^3b + Aa^2b^2)x)\sqrt{-ab} \log\left(\frac{bx-a-2\sqrt{-a}}{bx+a}\right)}{48(a^3b^6x^3 + 3a^4b^5x^2 + 3a^5b^4x + a^6b^3)} + \frac{3(Ba^4 + Aa^3b + (Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^3 + 3(Ba^2b^2 + Aab^3)x^2 + 3(Ba^3b + Aa^2b^2)x)\sqrt{ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right)}{24(a^3b^6x^3 + 3a^4b^5x^2 + 3a^5b^4x + a^6b^3)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $[-1/48*(3*(B*a^4 + A*a^3*b + (B*a*b^3 + A*b^4))*x^3 + 3*(B*a^2*b^2 + A*a*b^3))*x^2 + 3*(B*a^3*b + A*a^2*b^2)*x)*\sqrt{-a*b}*\log((b*x - a - 2*\sqrt{-a*b})*\sqrt{x})/(b*x + a) + 2*(3*B*a^4*b + 3*A*a^3*b^2 - 3*(B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4))*x^2 + 8*(B*a^3*b^2 - A*a^2*b^3)*x)*\sqrt{x})/(a^3*b^6*x^3 + 3*a^4*b^5*x^2 + 3*a^5*b^4*x + a^6*b^3), -1/24*(3*(B*a^4 + A*a^3*b + (B*a*b^3 + A*b^4))*x^3 + 3*(B*a^2*b^2 + A*a*b^3))*x^2 + 3*(B*a^3*b + A*a^2*b^2)*x)*\sqrt{a*b}*\arctan(\sqrt{a*b}/(b*\sqrt{x})) + (3*B*a^4*b + 3*A*a^3*b^2 - 3*(B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4))*x^2 + 8*(B*a^3*b^2 - A*a^2*b^3)*x)*\sqrt{x})/(a^3*b^6*x^3 + 3*a^4*b^5*x^2 + 3*a^5*b^4*x + a^6*b^3)]$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2302 vs. $2(117) = 234$.

Time = 22.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2302, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.42

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*B/(3*x**(3/2))), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*x**(5/2)/5)/a**4, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*B/(3*x**(3/2)))/b**4, Eq(a, 0)), (3*A*a**3*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(48*a**5*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**4*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**3*b**5*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**2*b**6*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) - 3*A*a**3*b*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(48*a**5*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**4*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**3*b**5*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**2*b**6*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) - 6*A*a**2*b**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(48*a**5*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**4*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**3*b**5*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**2*b**6*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) + 9*A*a**2*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(48*a**5*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**4*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**3*b**5*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**2*b**6*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) - 9*A*a**2*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(48*a**5*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**4*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**3*b**5*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**2*b**6*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) + 16*A*a*b**3*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(48*a**5*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**4*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**3*b**5*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**2*b**6*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) + 9*A*a*b**3*x**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(48*a**5*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**4*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**3*b**5*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**2*b**6*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) - 9*A*a*b**3*x**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(48*a**5*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**4*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**3*b**5*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**2*b**6*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) + 6*A*b**4*x**(5/2)*sqrt(...`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(Bab^2+Ab^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 8(Ba^2b - Aab^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3(Ba^3 + Aa^2b)\sqrt{x}}{24(a^2b^5x^3 + 3a^3b^4x^2 + 3a^4b^3x + a^5b^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{(Ba+Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aba^2b^2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/24*(3*(B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^(5/2) - 8*(B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x^(3/2) - 3*(B*a^3 + A*a^2*b)*sqrt(x))/(a^2*b^5*x^3 + 3*a^3*b^4*x^2 + 3*a^4*b^3*x + a^5*b^2) + 1/8*(B*a + A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^2*b^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(Ba+Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aba^2b^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{3Bab^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3Ab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 8Ba^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 8Aab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3Ba^3\sqrt{x} - 3Aa^2b\sqrt{x}}{24(bx+a)^3a^2b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*(B*a + A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^2*b^2) + 1/24*(3*B*a*b^2*x^(5/2) + 3*A*b^3*x^(5/2) - 8*B*a^2*b*x^(3/2) + 8*A*a*b^2*x^(3/2) - 3*B*a^3*sqrt(x) - 3*A*a^2*b*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)^3*a^2*b^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab+Ba)}{8a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab+Ba)}{8b^2} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-Ba)}{3ab} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(Ab+Ba)}{8a^{5/2}b^{5/2}}$$

input `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2,x)`output `((x^(5/2)*(A*b + B*a))/(8*a^2) - (x^(1/2)*(A*b + B*a))/(8*b^2) + (x^(3/2)*(A*b - B*a))/(3*a*b))/(a^3 + b^3*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*x) + (atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(A*b + B*a))/(8*a^(5/2)*b^(5/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2 + 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)abx + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)b^2x^2 - \sqrt{x}a^2b + \sqrt{x}ab^2x}{4a^2b^2(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)`output `(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*x + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**2*x**2 - sqrt(x)*a**2*b + sqrt(x)*a*b**2*x)/(4*a**2*b**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))`

3.399 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3096
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3096
Rubi [A] (verified)	3097
Maple [A] (verified)	3099
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3100
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3101
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3102
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3102
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3103
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3103

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{3ab(a+bx)^3} + \frac{(5Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}}{12a^2b(a+bx)^2} + \frac{(5Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}}{8a^3b(a+bx)} + \frac{(5Ab+aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{7/2}b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/3*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a/b/(b*x+a)^3+1/12*(5*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^2/b/(b*x+a)^2+1/8*(5*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^3/b/(b*x+a)+1/8*(5*A*b+B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/b^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(-3a^3B+15Ab^3x^2+ab^2x(40A+3Bx)+a^2b(33A+8Bx))}{24a^3b(a+bx)^3} + \frac{(5Ab+aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{7/2}b^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*(-3*a^3*B + 15*A*b^3*x^2 + a*b^2*x*(40*A + 3*B*x) + a^2*b*(33*A + 8*B*x)))/(24*a^3*b*(a + b*x)^3) + ((5*A*b + a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(8*a^(7/2)*b^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.241$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 52, 52, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\
 & b^4 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^4 \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(aB + 5Ab) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} dx}{6ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(aB + 5Ab) \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} dx}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(aB + 5Ab) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a+bx)^3}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{(aB + 5Ab) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a+bx)^3}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(aB + 5Ab) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a+bx)^3}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2), x]
```

output

```
((A*b - a*B)*Sqrt[x])/(3*a*b*(a + b*x)^3) + ((5*A*b + a*B)*(Sqrt[x]/(2*a*(a + b*x)^2) + (3*(Sqrt[x]/(a*(a + b*x)) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/(a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b])))/(4*a)))/(6*a*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 52

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
), x] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
 + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
 + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
 rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
 t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
 qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{(5Ab+Ba)bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{8a^3} + \frac{(5Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3a^2} + \frac{(11Ab-Ba)\sqrt{x}}{8ab}}{(bx+a)^3} + \frac{(5Ab+Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8a^3b\sqrt{ab}}$	97
default	$\frac{\frac{(5Ab+Ba)bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{8a^3} + \frac{(5Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3a^2} + \frac{(11Ab-Ba)\sqrt{x}}{8ab}}{(bx+a)^3} + \frac{(5Ab+Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8a^3b\sqrt{ab}}$	97

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$2*(1/16*(5*A*b+B*a)/a^3*b*x^(5/2)+1/6/a^2*(5*A*b+B*a)*x^(3/2)+1/16*(11*A*b-B*a)/a/b*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^3+1/8*(5*A*b+B*a)/a^3/b/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.15

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(Ba^4 + 5Aa^3b + (Bab^3 + 5Ab^4)x^3 + 3(Ba^2b^2 + 5Aab^3)x^2 + 3(Ba^3b + 5Aa^2b^2)x)\sqrt{-ab} \log\left(\frac{bx-a}{\sqrt{x}}\right)}{48(a^4b^5x^3 + 3a^5b^4x^2 + 3a^6b^3x)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(Ba^4 + 5Aa^3b + (Bab^3 + 5Ab^4)x^3 + 3(Ba^2b^2 + 5Aab^3)x^2 + 3(Ba^3b + 5Aa^2b^2)x)\sqrt{ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right)}{24(a^4b^5x^3 + 3a^5b^4x^2 + 3a^6b^3x)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/48*(3*(B*a^4 + 5*A*a^3*b + (B*a*b^3 + 5*A*b^4)*x^3 + 3*(B*a^2*b^2 + 5*A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^3*b + 5*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) + 2*(3*B*a^4*b - 33*A*a^3*b^2 - 3*(B*a^2*b^3 + 5*A*a*b^4)*x^2 - 8*(B*a^3*b^2 + 5*A*a^2*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^4*b^5*x^3 + 3*a^5*b^4*x^2 + 3*a^6*b^3*x + a^7*b^2), -1/24*(3*(B*a^4 + 5*A*a^3*b + (B*a*b^3 + 5*A*b^4)*x^3 + 3*(B*a^2*b^2 + 5*A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^3*b + 5*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (3*B*a^4*b - 33*A*a^3*b^2 - 3*(B*a^2*b^3 + 5*A*a*b^4)*x^2 - 8*(B*a^3*b^2 + 5*A*a^2*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^4*b^5*x^3 + 3*a^5*b^4*x^2 + 3*a^6*b^3*x + a^7*b^2)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2300 vs. $2(119) = 238$.

Time = 32.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2300, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.69

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(1/2)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(7*x**(7/2)) - 2*B/(5*x**(5/2))), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)
), ((2*A*sqrt(x) + 2*B*x**(3/2)/3)/a**4, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(7*x**(7/2)) -
2*B/(5*x**(5/2)))/b**4, Eq(a, 0)), (15*A*a**3*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/
(48*a**6*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**5*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**4*b**4*x**2
*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**3*b**5*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) - 15*A*a**3*b*log(sqrt(x) + sq
rt(-a/b))/(48*a**6*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**5*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**4
*b**4*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**3*b**5*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) + 66*A*a**2*b**2*sq
rt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(48*a**6*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**5*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 14
4*a**4*b**4*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**3*b**5*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) + 45*A*a**2*b*
**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(48*a**6*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**5*b**3*x*
sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**4*b**4*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**3*b**5*x**3*sqrt(-a/b))
- 45*A*a**2*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(48*a**6*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 1
44*a**5*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**4*b**4*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**3*b**5*x
**3*sqrt(-a/b)) + 80*A*a*b**3*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(48*a**6*b**2*sqrt(-a/b)
+ 144*a**5*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**4*b**4*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**3*b*
**5*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) + 45*A*a*b**3*x**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(48*a**6*
b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**5*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**4*b**4*x**2*sqrt(-a/
b) + 48*a**3*b**5*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) - 45*A*a*b**3*x**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-
a/b))/(48*a**6*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**5*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**4*b**
4*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**3*b**5*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)) + 30*A*b**4*x**(5/2)*...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(Bab^2 + 5Ab^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 8(Ba^2b + 5Aab^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3(Ba^3 - 11Aa^2b)\sqrt{x}}{24(a^3b^4x^3 + 3a^4b^3x^2 + 3a^5b^2x + a^6b)}$$

$$+ \frac{(Ba + 5Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aba^3b}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/24*(3*(B*a*b^2 + 5*A*b^3)*x^(5/2) + 8*(B*a^2*b + 5*A*a*b^2)*x^(3/2) - 3*(B*a^3 - 11*A*a^2*b)*sqrt(x))/(a^3*b^4*x^3 + 3*a^4*b^3*x^2 + 3*a^5*b^2*x + a^6*b) + 1/8*(B*a + 5*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^3*b)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(Ba + 5Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aba^3b}}$$

$$+ \frac{3Bab^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 15Ab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 8Ba^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 40Aab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3Ba^3\sqrt{x} + 33Aa^2b\sqrt{x}}{24(bx + a)^3a^3b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/8*(B*a + 5*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^3*b) + 1/24*(3*B*a*b^2*x^(5/2) + 15*A*b^3*x^(5/2) + 8*B*a^2*b*x^(3/2) + 40*A*a*b^2*x^(3/2) - 3*B*a^3*sqrt(x) + 33*A*a^2*b*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)^3*a^3*b)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{x^{3/2}(5Ab+Ba)}{3a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(11Ab-Ba)}{8ab} + \frac{bx^{5/2}(5Ab+Ba)}{8a^3} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(5Ab+Ba)}{8a^{7/2}b^{3/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2),x)`output `((x^(3/2)*(5*A*b + B*a))/(3*a^2) + (x^(1/2)*(11*A*b - B*a))/(8*a*b) + (b*x^(5/2)*(5*A*b + B*a))/(8*a^3))/(a^3 + b^3*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*x) + (atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(5*A*b + B*a))/(8*a^(7/2)*b^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2 + 6\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)abx + 3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)b^2x^2 + 5\sqrt{x}a^2b + 3\sqrt{x}ab^2x}{4a^3b(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)`output `(3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2 + 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*x + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**2*x**2 + 5*sqrt(x)*a**2*b + 3*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*x)/(4*a**3*b*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))`

3.400 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3104
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3104
Rubi [A] (verified)	3105
Maple [A] (verified)	3108
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3109
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3109
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3110
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3111
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3111
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3112

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{2A}{a^4\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{3a^2(a+bx)^3} - \frac{(11Ab-5aB)\sqrt{x}}{12a^3(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(19Ab-5aB)\sqrt{x}}{8a^4(a+bx)} - \frac{5(7Ab-aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{9/2}\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
-2*A/a^4/x^(1/2)-1/3*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^2/(b*x+a)^3-1/12*(11*A*b-5*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^3/(b*x+a)^2-1/8*(19*A*b-5*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^4/(b*x+a)-5/8*(7*A*b-B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(9/2)/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{-105Ab^3x^3+5ab^2x^2(-56A+3Bx)+a^3(-48A+33Bx)+a^2bx(-231A+5(-7Ab+aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right))}{24a^4\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} + \frac{5(-7Ab+aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{9/2}\sqrt{b}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2), x]`

output `(-105*A*b^3*x^3 + 5*a*b^2*x^2*(-56*A + 3*B*x) + a^3*(-48*A + 33*B*x) + a^2*b*x*(-231*A + 40*B*x))/(24*a^4*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^3) + (5*(-7*A*b + a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(8*a^(9/2)*Sqrt[b])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.276$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 52, 52, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\
 & b^4 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^4 x^{3/2} (a + bx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a + bx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(7Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2} (a + bx)^3} dx}{6ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{3ab\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(7Ab - aB) \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2} (a + bx)^2} dx}{4a} + \frac{1}{2a\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^2} \right)}{6ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{3ab\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(7Ab - aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{1}{a\sqrt{x(a+bx)}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{1}{2a\sqrt{x(a+bx)^2}} \right) + \frac{Ab - aB}{3ab\sqrt{x(a+bx)^3}}$$

61

$$(7Ab - aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)}} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{a\sqrt{x(a+bx)}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{1}{2a\sqrt{x(a+bx)^2}} \right) + \frac{Ab - aB}{3ab\sqrt{x(a+bx)^3}}$$

73

$$(7Ab - aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{a\sqrt{x(a+bx)}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{1}{2a\sqrt{x(a+bx)^2}} \right) + \frac{Ab - aB}{3ab\sqrt{x(a+bx)^3}}$$

218

$$(7Ab - aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{a\sqrt{x(a+bx)}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{1}{2a\sqrt{x(a+bx)^2}} \right) + \frac{Ab - aB}{3ab\sqrt{x(a+bx)^3}}$$

input

`Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2),x]`

output
$$\frac{(A*b - a*B)/(3*a*b*\text{Sqrt}[x]*(a + b*x)^3) + ((7*A*b - a*B)*(1/(2*a*\text{Sqrt}[x]*(a + b*x)^2) + (5*(1/(a*\text{Sqrt}[x]*(a + b*x))) + (3*(-2/(a*\text{Sqrt}[x]) - (2*\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/a^{(3/2)}))/(2*a)))/(4*a)))/(6*a*b)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 52
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, 0]$$

rule 61
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 73
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 87
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$$


```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1184 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2 \left(\frac{\left(\frac{19}{16} A b^3 - \frac{5}{16} B a b^2 \right) x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{ab(17Ab-5Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6} + \left(\frac{29}{16} A a^2 b - \frac{11}{16} B a^3 \right) \sqrt{x} + \frac{5(7Ab-Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{16\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^4} - \frac{2A}{a^4\sqrt{x}}$	105
default	$-\frac{2 \left(\frac{\left(\frac{19}{16} A b^3 - \frac{5}{16} B a b^2 \right) x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{ab(17Ab-5Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6} + \left(\frac{29}{16} A a^2 b - \frac{11}{16} B a^3 \right) \sqrt{x} + \frac{5(7Ab-Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{16\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^4} - \frac{2A}{a^4\sqrt{x}}$	105
risch	$-\frac{2A}{a^4\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{19}{16} A b^3 - \frac{5}{16} B a b^2 \right) x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{ab(17Ab-5Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2 \left(\frac{29}{16} A a^2 b - \frac{11}{16} B a^3 \right) \sqrt{x} + \frac{5(7Ab-Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}}}{a^4}$	106

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/a^4*(((19/16*A*b^3-5/16*B*a*b^2)*x^(5/2)+1/6*a*b*(17*A*b-5*B*a)*x^(3/2)+(29/16*A*a^2*b-11/16*B*a^3)*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^3+5/16*(7*A*b-B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))-2*A/a^4/x^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 445, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.30

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{15((Bab^3 - 7Ab^4)x^4 + 3(Ba^2b^2 - 7Aab^3)x^3 + 3(Ba^3b - 7Aa^2b^2)x^2 + (Ba^4 - 7Aa^3b)x)\sqrt{ab} \arctan\left(\frac{bx + a}{\sqrt{ab}x}\right) + 15((Bab^3 - 7Ab^4)x^4 + 3(Ba^2b^2 - 7Aab^3)x^3 + 3(Ba^3b - 7Aa^2b^2)x^2 + (Ba^4 - 7Aa^3b)x)\sqrt{ab} \arctan\left(\frac{bx + a}{\sqrt{ab}x}\right) + 24(a^5b^4x^4 + 3a^6b^3x^3 + 3a^7b^2x^2 + a^8bx)}{24(a^5b^4x^4 + 3a^6b^3x^3 + 3a^7b^2x^2 + a^8bx)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/48*(15*((B*a*b^3 - 7*A*b^4)*x^4 + 3*(B*a^2*b^2 - 7*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 3*(B*a^3*b - 7*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^4 - 7*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a + 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) - 2*(48*A*a^4*b - 15*(B*a^2*b^3 - 7*A*a*b^4)*x^3 - 40*(B*a^3*b^2 - 7*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 - 33*(B*a^4*b - 7*A*a^3*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^5*b^4*x^4 + 3*a^6*b^3*x^3 + 3*a^7*b^2*x^2 + a^8*b*x), -1/24*(15*((B*a*b^3 - 7*A*b^4)*x^4 + 3*(B*a^2*b^2 - 7*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 3*(B*a^3*b - 7*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^4 - 7*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (48*A*a^4*b - 15*(B*a^2*b^3 - 7*A*a*b^4)*x^3 - 40*(B*a^3*b^2 - 7*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 - 33*(B*a^4*b - 7*A*a^3*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^5*b^4*x^4 + 3*a^6*b^3*x^3 + 3*a^7*b^2*x^2 + a^8*b*x)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2660 vs. 2(134) = 268.

Time = 75.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2660, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.70

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(3/2)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(9*x**(9/2)) - 2*B/(7*x**(7/2))), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)
), ((-2*A/sqrt(x) + 2*B*sqrt(x))/a**4, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(9*x**(9/2)) - 2*
B/(7*x**(7/2)))/b**4, Eq(a, 0)), (-105*A*a**3*b*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt
(-a/b))/(48*a**7*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**6*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)
+ 144*a**5*b**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**4*b**4*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) +
105*A*a**3*b*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(48*a**7*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/
b) + 144*a**6*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**5*b**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)
+ 48*a**4*b**4*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 96*A*a**3*b*sqrt(-a/b)/(48*a**7*b*s
qrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**6*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**5*b**3*x**
(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**4*b**4*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 315*A*a**2*b**2*x**
(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(48*a**7*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**6*b*
**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**5*b**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**4*b**4*
x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 315*A*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/
(48*a**7*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**6*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a*
**5*b**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**4*b**4*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 462*A*a*
**2*b**2*x*sqrt(-a/b)/(48*a**7*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**6*b**2*x**(3/2)
)*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**5*b**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**4*b**4*x**(7/2)*s
qrt(-a/b)) - 315*A*a*b**3*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(48*a**7*b*sq
rt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**6*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 144*a**5*b**3*x**
(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**4*b**4*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 315*A*a*b**3*x**(5...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{48 Aa^3 - 15 (Bab^2 - 7 Ab^3)x^3 - 40 (Ba^2b - 7 Aab^2)x^2 - 33 (Ba^3 - 7 Aa^2b)x}{24 \left(a^4 b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 3 a^5 b^2 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3 a^6 b x^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^7 \sqrt{x} \right)}$$

$$+ \frac{5 (Ba - 7 Ab) \arctan \left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{8 \sqrt{aba^4}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/24*(48*A*a^3 - 15*(B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*x^3 - 40*(B*a^2*b - 7*A*a*b^2)*x^2 - 33*(B*a^3 - 7*A*a^2*b)*x)/(a^4*b^3*x^(7/2) + 3*a^5*b^2*x^(5/2) + 3*a^6*b*x^(3/2) + a^7*sqrt(x)) + 5/8*(B*a - 7*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^4)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{5(Ba - 7Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}a^4} - \frac{2A}{a^4\sqrt{x}} + \frac{15 Bab^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 57 Ab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 40 Ba^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}} - 136 Aab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 33 Ba^3\sqrt{x} - 87 Aa^2b\sqrt{x}}{24(bx + a)^3a^4}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
5/8*(B*a - 7*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^4) - 2*A/(a^4*sqrt(x)) + 1/24*(15*B*a*b^2*x^(5/2) - 57*A*b^3*x^(5/2) + 40*B*a^2*b*x^(3/2) - 136*A*a*b^2*x^(3/2) + 33*B*a^3*sqrt(x) - 87*A*a^2*b*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)^3*a^4)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{2A}{a} + \frac{11x(7Ab - Ba)}{8a^2} + \frac{5b^2x^3(7Ab - Ba)}{8a^4} + \frac{5bx^2(7Ab - Ba)}{3a^3}}{a^3\sqrt{x} + b^3x^{7/2} + 3a^2bx^{3/2} + 3ab^2x^{5/2}} - \frac{5 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{5\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(7Ab - Ba)}{\sqrt{a}(35Ab - 5Ba)}\right) (7Ab - Ba)}{8a^{9/2}\sqrt{b}}$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2),x)
```

output

```
- ((2*A)/a + (11*x*(7*A*b - B*a))/(8*a^2) + (5*b^2*x^3*(7*A*b - B*a))/(8*a^4) + (5*b*x^2*(7*A*b - B*a))/(3*a^3))/(a^3*x^(1/2) + b^3*x^(7/2) + 3*a^2*b*x^(3/2) + 3*a*b^2*x^(5/2)) - (5*atan((5*b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*(7*A*b - B*a))/(a^(1/2)*(35*A*b - 5*B*a)))*(7*A*b - B*a))/(8*a^(9/2)*b^(1/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{-15\sqrt{x} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 - 30\sqrt{x} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) abx - 15\sqrt{x}}{4\sqrt{x} a^4 (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2 - 30*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*x - 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**2*x**2 - 8*a**3 - 25*a**2*b*x - 15*a*b**2*x**2)/(4*sqrt(x)*a**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))
```

3.401 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3113
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3113
Rubi [A] (verified)	3114
Maple [A] (verified)	3118
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3119
Sympy [F(-1)]	3119
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3120
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3120
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3121
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3121

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{2A}{3a^4x^{3/2}} + \frac{2(4Ab-aB)}{a^5\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{3a^3(a+bx)^3} + \frac{b(17Ab-11aB)\sqrt{x}}{12a^4(a+bx)^2} + \frac{b(41Ab-19aB)\sqrt{x}}{8a^5(a+bx)} + \frac{35\sqrt{b}(3Ab-aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{11/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*A/a^4/x^(3/2)+2*(4*A*b-B*a)/a^5/x^(1/2)+1/3*b*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^3/(
b*x+a)^3+1/12*b*(17*A*b-11*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^4/(b*x+a)^2+1/8*b*(41*A*b-19*B*a
)*x^(1/2)/a^5/(b*x+a)+35/8*b^(1/2)*(3*A*b-B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1
/2))/a^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{315Ab^4x^4 + 3a^3bx(48A - 77Bx) + 7a^2b^2x^2(99A - 40Bx) - 105ab^3x^3(-35\sqrt{b}(-3Ab + aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right))}{24a^5x^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} - \frac{35\sqrt{b}(-3Ab + aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{11/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2), x]`

output `(315*A*b^4*x^4 + 3*a^3*b*x*(48*A - 77*B*x) + 7*a^2*b^2*x^2*(99*A - 40*B*x) - 105*a*b^3*x^3*(-8*A + B*x) - 16*a^4*(A + 3*B*x))/(24*a^5*x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^3) - (35*Sqrt[b]*(-3*A*b + a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(8*a^(11/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.310$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 52, 52, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\
 & b^4 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^4 x^{5/2} (a + bx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a + bx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(3Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2} (a + bx)^3} dx}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{3abx^{3/2} (a + bx)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(3Ab - aB) \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2} (a + bx)^2} dx}{4a} + \frac{1}{2ax^{3/2} (a + bx)^2} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{3abx^{3/2} (a + bx)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(3Ab - aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{1}{2ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} \right) + \frac{Ab - aB}{3abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^3}$$

61

$$(3Ab - aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{1}{2ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} \right) + \frac{Ab - aB}{3abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^3}$$

61

$$(3Ab - aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \left(b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{1}{2ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} \right) + \frac{2ab}{3abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} \right) + \frac{Ab - aB}{3abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^3}$$

73

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{(3Ab - aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{1}{2ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{3abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} + \frac{2ab}{Ab - aB}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 218

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{(3Ab - aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{1}{2ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{3abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} + \frac{2ab}{Ab - aB}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2),x]
```

output
$$\frac{(A*b - a*B)/(3*a*b*x^{(3/2)}*(a + b*x)^3) + ((3*A*b - a*B)*(1/(2*a*x^{(3/2)}*(a + b*x)^2) + (7*(1/(a*x^{(3/2)}*(a + b*x))) + (5*(-2/(3*a*x^{(3/2)})) - (b*(-2/(a*\text{Sqrt}[x]) - (2*\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/a^{(3/2)}))/a))/(2*a)))/(4*a)))/(2*a*b)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F, (b_)*(G_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 52
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, 0]$$

rule 61
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 73
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^{p/b})^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 87
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((e_ + (f_)*(x_))^{(p_)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))]/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$$

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1184 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(-12Abx+3Bax+Aa)}{3a^5x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{b \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{41}{16} Ab^3 - \frac{19}{16} B a b^2 \right) x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{ab(35Ab-17Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2 \left(\frac{55}{16} A a^2 b - \frac{29}{16} B a^3 \right) \sqrt{x} + \frac{35(3Ab-Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^5}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b \left(\frac{\left(\frac{41}{16} Ab^3 - \frac{19}{16} B a b^2 \right) x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{ab(35Ab-17Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6} + \left(\frac{55}{16} A a^2 b - \frac{29}{16} B a^3 \right) \sqrt{x} + \frac{35(3Ab-Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{16\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^5} - \frac{2A}{3a^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(-12Abx+3Bax+Aa)}{3a^5x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{2b \left(\frac{\left(\frac{41}{16} Ab^3 - \frac{19}{16} B a b^2 \right) x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{ab(35Ab-17Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6} + \left(\frac{55}{16} A a^2 b - \frac{29}{16} B a^3 \right) \sqrt{x} + \frac{35(3Ab-Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{16\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^5} - \frac{2A}{3a^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(-12Abx+3Bax+Aa)}{3a^5x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3*(-12*A*b*x+3*B*a*x+A*a)/a^5/x^(3/2)+1/a^5*b*(2*((41/16*A*b^3-19/16*B*a*b^2)*x^(5/2)+1/6*a*b*(35*A*b-17*B*a)*x^(3/2)+(55/16*A*a^2*b-29/16*B*a^3)*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^3+35/8*(3*A*b-B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 477, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \left[\frac{105((Bab^3 - 3Ab^4)x^5 + 3(Ba^2b^2 - 3Aab^3)x^4 + 3(Ba^3b - 3Aa^2b^2)x^3 + (Ba^4 - 3Aa^3b)x^2) \sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \dots}{24(a^5b^3x^5 + \dots)} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/48*(105*((B*a*b^3 - 3*A*b^4)*x^5 + 3*(B*a^2*b^2 - 3*A*a*b^3)*x^4 + 3*(B*a^3*b - 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^3 + (B*a^4 - 3*A*a^3*b)*x^2)*sqrt(-b/a)*log((b*x + 2*a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/a) - a)/(b*x + a)) + 2*(16*A*a^4 + 105*(B*a*b^3 - 3*A*b^4)*x^4 + 280*(B*a^2*b^2 - 3*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 231*(B*a^3*b - 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 48*(B*a^4 - 3*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^5*b^3*x^5 + 3*a^6*b^2*x^4 + 3*a^7*b*x^3 + a^8*x^2), -1/24*(105*((B*a*b^3 - 3*A*b^4)*x^5 + 3*(B*a^2*b^2 - 3*A*a*b^3)*x^4 + 3*(B*a^3*b - 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^3 + (B*a^4 - 3*A*a^3*b)*x^2)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/a)) + (16*A*a^4 + 105*(B*a*b^3 - 3*A*b^4)*x^4 + 280*(B*a^2*b^2 - 3*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 231*(B*a^3*b - 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 48*(B*a^4 - 3*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^5*b^3*x^5 + 3*a^6*b^2*x^4 + 3*a^7*b*x^3 + a^8*x^2)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(5/2)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)`

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{16 Aa^4 + 105 (Bab^3 - 3 Ab^4)x^4 + 280 (Ba^2b^2 - 3 Aab^3)x^3 + 231 (Ba^3b - 3 Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 48 (Ba^4 - 3 Aa^3b)}{24 \left(a^5 b^3 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 3 a^6 b^2 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 3 a^7 b x^{\frac{5}{2}} + a^8 x^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)}$$

$$- \frac{35 (Bab - 3 Ab^2) \arctan \left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{8 \sqrt{aba^5}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/24*(16*A*a^4 + 105*(B*a*b^3 - 3*A*b^4)*x^4 + 280*(B*a^2*b^2 - 3*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 231*(B*a^3*b - 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 48*(B*a^4 - 3*A*a^3*b)*x)/(a^5*b^3*x^(9/2) + 3*a^6*b^2*x^(7/2) + 3*a^7*b*x^(5/2) + a^8*x^(3/2)) - 35/8*(B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^5)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = - \frac{35 (Bab - 3 Ab^2) \arctan \left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{8 \sqrt{aba^5}}$$

$$- \frac{105 Bab^3 x^4 - 315 Ab^4 x^4 + 280 Ba^2 b^2 x^3 - 840 Aab^3 x^3 + 231 Ba^3 b x^2 - 693 Aa^2 b^2 x^2 + 48 Ba^4 x - 144 Aa^4}{24 \left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a\sqrt{x} \right)^3 a^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-35/8*(B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^5) - 1/24*(105*B*a*b^3*x^4 - 315*A*b^4*x^4 + 280*B*a^2*b^2*x^3 - 840*A*a*b^3*x^3 + 231*B*a^3*b*x^2 - 693*A*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 48*B*a^4*x - 144*A*a^3*b*x + 16*A*a^4)/(b*x^(3/2) + a*sqrt(x))^3*a^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{2x(3Ab - Ba)}{a^2} - \frac{2A}{3a} + \frac{35b^2x^3(3Ab - Ba)}{3a^4} + \frac{35b^3x^4(3Ab - Ba)}{8a^5} + \frac{77bx^2(3Ab - Ba)}{8a^3} + \frac{35\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(3Ab - Ba)}{8a^{11/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2),x)`output `((2*x*(3*A*b - B*a))/a^2 - (2*A)/(3*a) + (35*b^2*x^3*(3*A*b - B*a))/(3*a^4) + (35*b^3*x^4*(3*A*b - B*a))/(8*a^5) + (77*b*x^2*(3*A*b - B*a))/(8*a^3))/(a^3*x^(3/2) + b^3*x^(9/2) + 3*a^2*b*x^(5/2) + 3*a*b^2*x^(7/2)) + (35*b^(1/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(3*A*b - B*a))/(8*a^(11/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{105\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2bx + 210\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) ab^2x^2 + 1}{12\sqrt{x}a^5x(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)`output `(105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*x + 210*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b**2*x**2 + 105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**3*x**3 - 8*a**4 + 56*a**3*b*x + 175*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 105*a*b**3*x**3)/(12*sqrt(x)*a**5*x*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))`

3.402 $\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3122
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3123
Rubi [A] (verified)	3123
Maple [A] (verified)	3133
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3134
Sympy [F(-1)]	3135
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3135
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3136
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3136
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3137

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{231(3Ab-13aB)\sqrt{x}}{128b^7} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b^6} - \frac{(Ab-aB)x^{11/2}}{5b^2(a+bx)^5} - \frac{(11Ab-21aB)x^{9/2}}{40b^3(a+bx)^4} - \frac{(99Ab-269aB)x^{7/2}}{240b^4(a+bx)^3} - \frac{(693Ab-2363aB)x^{5/2}}{960b^5(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(693Ab-2747aB)x^{3/2}}{384b^6(a+bx)} - \frac{231\sqrt{a}(3Ab-13aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128b^{15/2}}$$

```
output 231/128*(3*A*b-13*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^7+2/3*B*x^(3/2)/b^6-1/5*(A*b-B*a)*x^(11/2)
)/b^2/(b*x+a)^5-1/40*(11*A*b-21*B*a)*x^(9/2)/b^3/(b*x+a)^4-1/240*(99*A*b-2
69*B*a)*x^(7/2)/b^4/(b*x+a)^3-1/960*(693*A*b-2363*B*a)*x^(5/2)/b^5/(b*x+a)
^2-1/384*(693*A*b-2747*B*a)*x^(3/2)/b^6/(b*x+a)-231/128*a^(1/2)*(3*A*b-13*
B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/b^(15/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(-45045a^6B+66a^3b^3x^2(1344A-5135Bx)+5ab^5x^4(6369A-3328Bx)+55a^2b^4x^3(1422A-2509Bx)+462a^4b^2x(105A-832Bx)+1155a^5b(9A-182Bx)+1280b^6x^5(3A+Bx))}{(a+bx)^5} + 3465\sqrt{a}(-3A*b+13a*B)*\text{ArcTan}[\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}]/(1920*b^{(15/2)})$$

input `Integrate[(x^(11/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*(-45045*a^6*B+66*a^3*b^3*x^2*(1344*A-5135*B*x)+5*a*b^5*x^4*(6369*A-3328*B*x)+55*a^2*b^4*x^3*(1422*A-2509*B*x)+462*a^4*b^2*x*(105*A-832*B*x)+1155*a^5*b*(9*A-182*B*x)+1280*b^6*x^5*(3*A+B*x)))/(a+b*x)^5+3465*Sqrt[a]*(-3*A*b+13*a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/(1920*b^(15/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.379$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 51, 51, 51, 51, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & b^6 \int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{b^6(a+bx)^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{x^{13/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} - \frac{(3Ab - 13aB) \int \frac{x^{11/2}}{(a+bx)^5} dx}{10ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{x^{13/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} - \frac{(3Ab - 13aB) \left(\frac{11 \int \frac{x^{9/2}}{(a+bx)^4} dx}{8b} - \frac{x^{11/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{x^{13/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} - \frac{(3Ab - 13aB) \left(\frac{11 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{(a+bx)^3} dx}{2b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8b} - \frac{x^{11/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{x^{13/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} - \frac{(3Ab - 13aB) \left(\frac{11 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{(a+bx)^2} dx}{4b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8b} - \frac{x^{11/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{x^{13/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} - \\
 & \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{a+bx} dx}{2b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right) \\
 & (3Ab - 13aB) \frac{\phantom{\left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{a+bx} dx}{2b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}}{8b} - \frac{x^{11/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \\
 & \hline
 & 10ab \\
 & \downarrow 60
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{x^{13/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} - \\
 & \left(\frac{5}{2b} \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)} \\
 & \left(\frac{3}{4b} \right) - \frac{x^{7/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \\
 & \left(\frac{11}{2b} \right) - \frac{x^{9/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \\
 & \left(\frac{(3Ab - 13aB)}{8b} \right) - \frac{x^{11/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 73

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{x^{13/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} - \\
 & \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{x^{7/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{(3Ab - 13aB)}{8b} - \frac{x^{11/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{x^{13/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} - \frac{(3Ab - 13aB)}{8b} - \frac{x^{11/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} - \frac{x^9/2}{3b(a+bx)^3} - \frac{x^7/2}{2b(a+bx)^2} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b}$$

input $\text{Int}[(x^{11/2})(A + Bx))/(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3, x]$

output
$$\frac{((A*b - a*B)*x^{13/2})/(5*a*b*(a + b*x)^5) - ((3*A*b - 13*a*B)*(-1/4*x^{11/2})/(b*(a + b*x)^4) + (11*(-1/3*x^{9/2})/(b*(a + b*x)^3) + (3*(-1/2*x^{7/2})/(b*(a + b*x)^2) + (7*(-x^{5/2})/(b*(a + b*x))) + (5*((2*x^{3/2})/(3*b) - (a*((2*\text{Sqrt}[x])/b - (2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/b^{3/2}))/b)/(2*b)))/(4*b)))/(2*b)))/(8*b)))/(10*a*b)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$

rule 51 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 60 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0])) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1184 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(Bbx+3Ab-18Ba)\sqrt{x}}{3b^7} - a \left(\frac{2\left(-\frac{843}{256}Ab^5 + \frac{2373}{256}Bab^4\right)x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 2\left(-\frac{1327}{128}Aab^4 + \frac{12131}{384}Ba^2b^3\right)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 2\left(-\frac{131}{10}Aa^2b^3 + \frac{1253}{30}Ba^2b^3\right)}{(bx+a)^5} \right)$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2Bbx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab\sqrt{x} - 12Ba\sqrt{x}}{b^7} - 2a \left(\frac{\left(-\frac{843}{256}Ab^5 + \frac{2373}{256}Bab^4\right)x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \left(-\frac{1327}{128}Aab^4 + \frac{12131}{384}Ba^2b^3\right)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \left(-\frac{131}{10}Aa^2b^3 + \frac{1253}{30}Ba^2b^3\right)}{(bx+a)^5} \right)$
default	$\frac{\frac{2Bbx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab\sqrt{x} - 12Ba\sqrt{x}}{b^7} - 2a \left(\frac{\left(-\frac{843}{256}Ab^5 + \frac{2373}{256}Bab^4\right)x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \left(-\frac{1327}{128}Aab^4 + \frac{12131}{384}Ba^2b^3\right)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \left(-\frac{131}{10}Aa^2b^3 + \frac{1253}{30}Ba^2b^3\right)}{(bx+a)^5} \right)$

```
input int(x^(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/3*(B*b*x+3*A*b-18*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^7-a/b^7*(2*((-843/256*A*b^5+2373/256*B*
a*b^4)*x^(9/2)+(-1327/128*A*a*b^4+12131/384*B*a^2*b^3)*x^(7/2)+(-131/10*A*
a^2*b^3+1253/30*B*a^3*b^2)*x^(5/2)-1/384*a^3*b*(2931*A*b-9629*B*a)*x^(3/2)
+(-437/256*A*a^4*b+1467/256*B*a^5)*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^5+231/128*(3*A*b-13*B*
a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 703, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/3840*(3465*(13*B*a^6 - 3*A*a^5*b + (13*B*a*b^5 - 3*A*b^6)*x^5 + 5*(13*
B*a^2*b^4 - 3*A*a*b^5)*x^4 + 10*(13*B*a^3*b^3 - 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 10*(13*
B*a^4*b^2 - 3*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 5*(13*B*a^5*b - 3*A*a^4*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a/b)*
log((b*x - 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) - a)/(b*x + a)) - 2*(1280*B*b^6*x^6 - 45
045*B*a^6 + 10395*A*a^5*b - 1280*(13*B*a*b^5 - 3*A*b^6)*x^5 - 10615*(13*B*
a^2*b^4 - 3*A*a*b^5)*x^4 - 26070*(13*B*a^3*b^3 - 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 - 29568*
(13*B*a^4*b^2 - 3*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 - 16170*(13*B*a^5*b - 3*A*a^4*b^2)*x)*sqr
t(x))/(b^12*x^5 + 5*a*b^11*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^10*x^3 + 10*a^3*b^9*x^2 + 5*a^4*
b^8*x + a^5*b^7), 1/1920*(3465*(13*B*a^6 - 3*A*a^5*b + (13*B*a*b^5 - 3*A*b
^6)*x^5 + 5*(13*B*a^2*b^4 - 3*A*a*b^5)*x^4 + 10*(13*B*a^3*b^3 - 3*A*a^2*b^
4)*x^3 + 10*(13*B*a^4*b^2 - 3*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 5*(13*B*a^5*b - 3*A*a^4*b^2
)*x)*sqrt(a/b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/b)/a) + (1280*B*b^6*x^6 - 45045*B*a
^6 + 10395*A*a^5*b - 1280*(13*B*a*b^5 - 3*A*b^6)*x^5 - 10615*(13*B*a^2*b^4
- 3*A*a*b^5)*x^4 - 26070*(13*B*a^3*b^3 - 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 - 29568*(13*B*a
^4*b^2 - 3*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 - 16170*(13*B*a^5*b - 3*A*a^4*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(
b^12*x^5 + 5*a*b^11*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^10*x^3 + 10*a^3*b^9*x^2 + 5*a^4*b^8*x +
a^5*b^7)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{45(791Ba^2b^4 - 281Aab^5)x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 10(12131Ba^3b^3 - 3981Aa^2b^4)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 128(1253Ba^4b^2 - 393Aa^3b^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 10(9629Ba^5b - 2931Aa^4b^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15(1467Ba^6 - 437Aa^5b)\sqrt{x}}{1920(b^{12}x^5 + 5ab^{11}x^4 + 10a^2b^{10}x^3 + 10a^3b^9x^2 + 5a^4b^8x + a^5b^7)} + \frac{231(13Ba^2 - 3Aab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128\sqrt{abb^7}} + \frac{2\left(Bbx^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3(6Ba - Ab)\sqrt{x}\right)}{3b^7}$$

input `integrate(x^(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/1920*(45*(791*B*a^2*b^4 - 281*A*a*b^5)*x^(9/2) + 10*(12131*B*a^3*b^3 - 3981*A*a^2*b^4)*x^(7/2) + 128*(1253*B*a^4*b^2 - 393*A*a^3*b^3)*x^(5/2) + 10*(9629*B*a^5*b - 2931*A*a^4*b^2)*x^(3/2) + 15*(1467*B*a^6 - 437*A*a^5*b)*sqrt(x))/(b^12*x^5 + 5*a*b^11*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^10*x^3 + 10*a^3*b^9*x^2 + 5*a^4*b^8*x + a^5*b^7) + 231/128*(13*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^7) + 2/3*(B*b*x^(3/2) - 3*(6*B*a - A*b)*sqrt(x))/b^7`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{231(13Ba^2-3Aab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128\sqrt{abb^7}} - \frac{35595Ba^2b^4x^{9/2} - 12645Aab^5x^{9/2} + 121310Ba^3b^3x^{7/2} - 39810Aa^2b^4x^{7/2} + 160384Ba^4b^2x^{5/2} - 50304Aa^3b^3x^{5/2} + 96290Ba^5b^2x^{3/2} - 29310Aa^4b^2x^{3/2} + 22005Ba^6\sqrt{x} - 6555Aa^5b\sqrt{x}}{1920(bx+a)^5b^7} + \frac{2(Bb^{12}x^{3/2} - 18Bab^{11}\sqrt{x} + 3Ab^{12}\sqrt{x})}{3b^{18}}$$

input `integrate(x^(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `231/128*(13*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^7) - 1/1920*(35595*B*a^2*b^4*x^(9/2) - 12645*A*a*b^5*x^(9/2) + 121310*B*a^3*b^3*x^(7/2) - 39810*A*a^2*b^4*x^(7/2) + 160384*B*a^4*b^2*x^(5/2) - 50304*A*a^3*b^3*x^(5/2) + 96290*B*a^5*b^2*x^(3/2) - 29310*A*a^4*b^2*x^(3/2) + 22005*B*a^6*sqrt(x) - 6555*A*a^5*b*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)^5*b^7) + 2/3*(B*b^12*x^(3/2) - 18*B*a*b^11*sqrt(x) + 3*A*b^12*sqrt(x))/b^18`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{2A}{b^6} - \frac{12Ba}{b^7} \right) + \frac{x^{3/2} \left(\frac{977Aa^4b^2}{64} - \frac{9629Ba^5b}{192} \right) - x^{9/2} \left(\frac{2373Ba^2b^4}{128} - \frac{843Aab^5}{128} \right) - \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{1467Ba^6}{128} - \frac{437Aa^5b}{128} \right) + x^{5/2} \left(\frac{131Aa^3b^3}{5} - \frac{131Aa^3b^3}{5} \right)}{a^5b^7 + 5a^4b^8x + 10a^3b^9x^2 + 10a^2b^{10}x^3 + 5ab^{11}x^4 + b^{12}x^5} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b^6} + \frac{231\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(3Ab-13Ba)}{13Ba^2-3Aab}\right)(3Ab-13Ba)}{128b^{15/2}}$$

input `int((x^(11/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^3,x)`

output

```
x^(1/2)*((2*A)/b^6 - (12*B*a)/b^7) + (x^(3/2)*((977*A*a^4*b^2)/64 - (9629*
B*a^5*b)/192) - x^(9/2)*((2373*B*a^2*b^4)/128 - (843*A*a*b^5)/128) - x^(1/
2)*((1467*B*a^6)/128 - (437*A*a^5*b)/128) + x^(5/2)*((131*A*a^3*b^3)/5 - (
1253*B*a^4*b^2)/15) + x^(7/2)*((1327*A*a^2*b^4)/64 - (12131*B*a^3*b^3)/192
))/ (a^5*b^7 + b^12*x^5 + 5*a^4*b^8*x + 5*a*b^11*x^4 + 10*a^3*b^9*x^2 + 10*
a^2*b^10*x^3) + (2*B*x^(3/2))/(3*b^6) + (231*a^(1/2)*atan((a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)
*x^(1/2)*(3*A*b - 13*B*a))/(13*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b))*(3*A*b - 13*B*a))/(128*b^
(15/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{3465\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^5 + 13860\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^4bx + 20790\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}$$

input

```
int(x^(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(3465*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**5 + 13860*sqrt
t(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*b*x + 20790*sqrt(b)*
sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 13860*sqrt(b)
*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 3465*sqrt(b)
*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b**4*x**4 - 3465*sqrt(x)*a*
*5*b - 12705*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**2*x - 16863*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**3*x**2 - 9207*sqrt
(x)*a**2*b**4*x**3 - 1408*sqrt(x)*a*b**5*x**4 + 128*sqrt(x)*b**6*x**5)/(1
92*b**7*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4)
)
```

3.403 $\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3138
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3139
Rubi [A] (verified)	3139
Maple [A] (verified)	3145
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3146
Sympy [F(-1)]	3147
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3147
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3148
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3148
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3149

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^6} - \frac{(Ab-aB)x^{9/2}}{5b^2(a+bx)^5} - \frac{(9Ab-19aB)x^{7/2}}{40b^3(a+bx)^4} - \frac{(21Ab-71aB)x^{5/2}}{80b^4(a+bx)^3} - \frac{(21Ab-103aB)x^{3/2}}{64b^5(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(63Ab-437aB)\sqrt{x}}{128b^6(a+bx)} + \frac{63(Ab-11aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128\sqrt{ab}^{13/2}}$$

output

```
2*B*x^(1/2)/b^6-1/5*(A*b-B*a)*x^(9/2)/b^2/(b*x+a)^5-1/40*(9*A*b-19*B*a)*x^(7/2)/b^3/(b*x+a)^4-1/80*(21*A*b-71*B*a)*x^(5/2)/b^4/(b*x+a)^3-1/64*(21*A*b-103*B*a)*x^(3/2)/b^5/(b*x+a)^2-1/128*(63*A*b-437*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^6/(b*x+a)+63/128*(A*b-11*B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/b^(13/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(3465a^5B-105a^4b(3A-154Bx)+5b^5x^4(-193A+256Bx)+42a^3b^2x(-35A+704Bx)+5ab^4x^3(-474A+2123Bx)+6a^2b^3x^2(-448A+4345Bx))}{(a+bx)^5} + \frac{315(Ab-11a^2B)\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right]}{\sqrt{a}}}{640b^{13/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(9/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*(3465*a^5*B - 105*a^4*b*(3*A - 154*B*x) + 5*b^5*x^4*(-193*A + 256*B*x) + 42*a^3*b^2*x*(-35*A + 704*B*x) + 5*a*b^4*x^3*(-474*A + 2123*B*x) + 6*a^2*b^3*x^2*(-448*A + 4345*B*x)))/(a + b*x)^5 + (315*(A*b - 11*a^2*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[a])/(640*b^(13/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.345$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 51, 51, 51, 51, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & b^6 \int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{b^6(a+bx)^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & \frac{x^{11/2}(Ab-aB)}{5ab(a+bx)^5} - \frac{(Ab-11aB) \int \frac{x^{9/2}}{(a+bx)^5} dx}{10ab} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{x^{11/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} - \frac{(Ab - 11aB) \left(\frac{9 \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{(a+bx)^4} dx}{8b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} \\
 & \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{x^{11/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} - \frac{(Ab - 11aB) \left(\frac{9 \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{(a+bx)^3} dx}{6b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} \\
 & \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{x^{11/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} - \frac{(Ab - 11aB) \left(\frac{9 \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(a+bx)^2} dx}{4b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} \\
 & \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{x^{11/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} - \frac{(Ab - 11aB) \left(\frac{9 \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{2b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} \\
 & \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{x^{11/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} - \frac{(Ab - 11aB) \left(\frac{9 \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{2b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{x^{11/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} - \\
 & \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{9 \left(\frac{6b}{6b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right) \\
 & (Ab - 11aB)
 \end{aligned}$$

10ab
 ↓ 218

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{x^{11/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} - \\
 & \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{3 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}}{4b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{3 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}}{6b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right) \\
 & (Ab - 11aB) \left(\frac{\phantom{3 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}}{8b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right) \\
 & \frac{\phantom{3 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}}{10ab}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^(9/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output
$$\frac{((A*b - a*B)*x^{(11/2)})/(5*a*b*(a + b*x)^5) - ((A*b - 11*a*B)*(-1/4*x^{(9/2)})/(b*(a + b*x)^4) + (9*(-1/3*x^{(7/2)})/(b*(a + b*x)^3) + (7*(-1/2*x^{(5/2)})/(b*(a + b*x)^2) + (5*(-(x^{(3/2)})/(b*(a + b*x)))) + (3*((2*sqrt[x])/b - (2*sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x])/sqrt[a]])/b^{(3/2)}))/(2*b)))/(4*b)))/(6*b)))/(8*b)))/(10*a*b)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 51
$$\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))] \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$$

rule 60
$$\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)))] \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\ \text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \))) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 73
$$\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^{(p/b)})^n], x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^6} + \frac{2\left(\left(-\frac{193}{256}Ab^5 + \frac{843}{256}Bab^4\right)x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \left(\frac{1327}{128}Ba^2b^3 - \frac{237}{128}Aab^4\right)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \left(\frac{131}{10}Ba^3b^2 - \frac{21}{10}Aa^2b^3\right)x^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{a^3b(147Ab - 977Ba)}{128}x^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}{(bx+a)^5 b^6}$
default	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^6} + \frac{2\left(\left(-\frac{193}{256}Ab^5 + \frac{843}{256}Bab^4\right)x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \left(\frac{1327}{128}Ba^2b^3 - \frac{237}{128}Aab^4\right)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \left(\frac{131}{10}Ba^3b^2 - \frac{21}{10}Aa^2b^3\right)x^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{a^3b(147Ab - 977Ba)}{128}x^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}{(bx+a)^5 b^6}$
risch	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^6} + \frac{2\left(-\frac{193}{256}Ab^5 + \frac{843}{256}Bab^4\right)x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 2\left(\frac{1327}{128}Ba^2b^3 - \frac{237}{128}Aab^4\right)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 2\left(\frac{131}{10}Ba^3b^2 - \frac{21}{10}Aa^2b^3\right)x^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{a^3b(147Ab - 977Ba)}{64}x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(bx+a)^5 b^6}$

input

```
int(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*B*x^(1/2)/b^6+2/b^6*((( -193/256*A*b^5+843/256*B*a*b^4)*x^(9/2)+(1327/128
*B*a^2*b^3-237/128*A*a*b^4)*x^(7/2)+(131/10*B*a^3*b^2-21/10*A*a^2*b^3)*x^(
5/2)-1/128*a^3*b*(147*A*b-977*B*a)*x^(3/2)+(437/256*B*a^5-63/256*A*a^4*b)*
x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^5+63/256*(A*b-11*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(
1/2)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 328 vs. $2(157) = 314$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 673, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.54

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \left[\frac{315(11Ba^6 - Aa^5b + (11Bab^5 - Ab^6)x^5 + 5(11Ba^2b^4 - Aab^5)x^4 + 10(11Bab^3 - Aa^2b^4)x^3 + 10(11Bab^2 - Aa^3b^3)x^2 + 5(11Bab - Aa^4b^2)x + 10(11Ba^5 - Aa^6))\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} + 10(11Bab^3 - Aa^2b^4)x^3 + 10(11Bab^2 - Aa^3b^3)x^2 + 5(11Bab - Aa^4b^2)x + 10(11Ba^5 - Aa^6)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/1280*(315*(11*B*a^6 - A*a^5*b + (11*B*a*b^5 - A*b^6)*x^5 + 5*(11*B*a^2*
b^4 - A*a*b^5)*x^4 + 10*(11*B*a^3*b^3 - A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 10*(11*B*a^4*b^2
- A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 5*(11*B*a^5*b - A*a^4*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a -
2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) + 2*(1280*B*a*b^6*x^5 + 3465*B*a^6*b - 3
15*A*a^5*b^2 + 965*(11*B*a^2*b^5 - A*a*b^6)*x^4 + 2370*(11*B*a^3*b^4 - A*a
^2*b^5)*x^3 + 2688*(11*B*a^4*b^3 - A*a^3*b^4)*x^2 + 1470*(11*B*a^5*b^2 - A
*a^4*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a*b^12*x^5 + 5*a^2*b^11*x^4 + 10*a^3*b^10*x^3 + 10*
a^4*b^9*x^2 + 5*a^5*b^8*x + a^6*b^7), 1/640*(315*(11*B*a^6 - A*a^5*b + (11
*B*a*b^5 - A*b^6)*x^5 + 5*(11*B*a^2*b^4 - A*a*b^5)*x^4 + 10*(11*B*a^3*b^3
- A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 10*(11*B*a^4*b^2 - A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 5*(11*B*a^5*b - A*a
^4*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (1280*B*a*b^6*x^5 + 3
465*B*a^6*b - 315*A*a^5*b^2 + 965*(11*B*a^2*b^5 - A*a*b^6)*x^4 + 2370*(11*
B*a^3*b^4 - A*a^2*b^5)*x^3 + 2688*(11*B*a^4*b^3 - A*a^3*b^4)*x^2 + 1470*(1
1*B*a^5*b^2 - A*a^4*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a*b^12*x^5 + 5*a^2*b^11*x^4 + 10*a^3
*b^10*x^3 + 10*a^4*b^9*x^2 + 5*a^5*b^8*x + a^6*b^7)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{5(843 Bab^4 - 193 Ab^5)x^{9/2} + 10(1327 Ba^2b^3 - 237 Aab^4)x^{7/2} + 128(131 Ba^3b^2 + 2B\sqrt{x} - \frac{63(11Ba - Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128\sqrt{abb^6}}}{640(b^{11}x^5 + 5ab^{10}x^4 + 10a^2b^9x^3 + 10a^3b^8x^2 + 5a^4b^7x + a^5b^6)}$$

input `integrate(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/640*(5*(843*B*a*b^4 - 193*A*b^5)*x^(9/2) + 10*(1327*B*a^2*b^3 - 237*A*a*b^4)*x^(7/2) + 128*(131*B*a^3*b^2 - 21*A*a^2*b^3)*x^(5/2) + 10*(977*B*a^4*b - 147*A*a^3*b^2)*x^(3/2) + 5*(437*B*a^5 - 63*A*a^4*b)*sqrt(x))/(b^11*x^5 + 5*a*b^10*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^9*x^3 + 10*a^3*b^8*x^2 + 5*a^4*b^7*x + a^5*b^6) + 2*B*sqrt(x)/b^6 - 63/128*(11*B*a - A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^6)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^6} - \frac{63(11Ba-Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128\sqrt{ab}b^6} + \frac{4215Bab^4x^{9/2} - 965Ab^5x^{9/2} + 13270Ba^2b^3x^{7/2} - 2370Aab^4x^{7/2} + 16768Ba^3b^2x^{5/2} - 2688Aa^2b^3x^{5/2} + 9770Bab^4x^{3/2} - 1470Aa^3b^2x^{3/2} + 2185Bba^4x^{3/2} - 315Aa^4b\sqrt{x}}{640(bx+a)^5b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*B*sqrt(x)/b^6 - 63/128*(11*B*a - A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^6) + 1/640*(4215*B*a*b^4*x^(9/2) - 965*A*b^5*x^(9/2) + 13270*B*a^2*b^3*x^(7/2) - 2370*A*a*b^4*x^(7/2) + 16768*B*a^3*b^2*x^(5/2) - 2688*A*a^2*b^3*x^(5/2) + 9770*B*a^4*b*x^(3/2) - 1470*A*a^3*b^2*x^(3/2) + 2185*B*a^4*b*sqrt(x) - 315*A*a^4*b*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)^5*b^6`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^6} - \frac{x^{3/2}\left(\frac{147Aa^3b^2}{64} - \frac{977Ba^4b}{64}\right) - x^{7/2}\left(\frac{1327Ba^2b^3}{64} - \frac{237Aab^4}{64}\right) - \sqrt{x}\left(\frac{437Ba^5}{128} - \frac{63Aa^4b}{128}\right) + x^{9/2}\left(\frac{193Ab^5}{128} - \frac{843Aa^2b^3}{128}\right)}{a^5b^6 + 5a^4b^7x + 10a^3b^8x^2 + 10a^2b^9x^3 + 5ab^{10}x^4 + b^{11}x^5} + \frac{63\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(Ab-11Ba)}{128\sqrt{a}b^{13/2}}$$

input `int((x^(9/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^3,x)`

output

```
(2*B*x^(1/2))/b^6 - (x^(3/2)*((147*A*a^3*b^2)/64 - (977*B*a^4*b)/64) - x^(
7/2)*((1327*B*a^2*b^3)/64 - (237*A*a*b^4)/64) - x^(1/2)*((437*B*a^5)/128 -
(63*A*a^4*b)/128) + x^(9/2)*((193*A*b^5)/128 - (843*B*a*b^4)/128) + x^(5/
2)*((21*A*a^2*b^3)/5 - (131*B*a^3*b^2)/5))/(a^5*b^6 + b^11*x^5 + 5*a^4*b^7
*x + 5*a*b^10*x^4 + 10*a^3*b^8*x^2 + 10*a^2*b^9*x^3) + (63*atan((b^(1/2)*x
^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(A*b - 11*B*a))/(128*a^(1/2)*b^(13/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{-315\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^4 - 1260\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3bx - 1890\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2bx^2 - 1260\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2bx^3 - 315\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2bx^4 + 315\sqrt{x}a^4b + 155\sqrt{x}a^3b^2x + 1533\sqrt{x}a^2b^3x^2 + 837\sqrt{x}a^2b^3x^3 + 128\sqrt{x}b^5x^4}{(64b^6(a^4 + 4a^3bx + 6a^2b^2x^2 + 4ab^3x^3 + b^4x^4))}$$

input

```
int(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 315*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**4 - 1260*sq
rt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b*x - 1890*sqrt(b)*
sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 1260*sqrt(b)*
sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b**3*x**3 - 315*sqrt(b)*sqrt
(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**4*x**4 + 315*sqrt(x)*a**4*b + 1
55*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**2*x + 1533*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**3*x**2 + 837*sqrt(x)*a*b**4
*x**3 + 128*sqrt(x)*b**5*x**4)/(64*b**6*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x
**2 + 4*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4))
```

3.404
$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	3150
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3151
Rubi [A] (verified)	3151
Maple [A] (verified)	3155
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3156
Sympy [F(-1)]	3157
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3157
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3158
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3158
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3159

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 182

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{(Ab-aB)x^{7/2}}{5b^2(a+bx)^5} - \frac{(7Ab-17aB)x^{5/2}}{40b^3(a+bx)^4} - \frac{(7Ab-33aB)x^{3/2}}{48b^4(a+bx)^3} - \frac{(7Ab-65aB)\sqrt{x}}{64b^5(a+bx)^2} + \frac{(7Ab-193aB)\sqrt{x}}{128ab^5(a+bx)} + \frac{7(Ab+9aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128a^{3/2}b^{11/2}}$$

output

```
-1/5*(A*b-B*a)*x^(7/2)/b^2/(b*x+a)^5-1/40*(7*A*b-17*B*a)*x^(5/2)/b^3/(b*x+a)^4-1/48*(7*A*b-33*B*a)*x^(3/2)/b^4/(b*x+a)^3-1/64*(7*A*b-65*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^5/(b*x+a)^2+1/128*(7*A*b-193*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a/b^5/(b*x+a)+7/128*(A*b+9*B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/b^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x}(945a^5B - 105Ab^5x^4 + 105a^4b(A + 42Bx) + 14a^3b^2x(35A + 576Bx) + 5ab^4x^3(158A + 579Bx) + 2a^2b^3x^2(448A + 3555Bx))}{1920ab^5(a + bx)^5}$$

$$+ \frac{7(Ab + 9aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128a^{3/2}b^{11/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/1920*(Sqrt[x]*(945*a^5*B - 105*A*b^5*x^4 + 105*a^4*b*(A + 42*B*x) + 14*a^3*b^2*x*(35*A + 576*B*x) + 5*a*b^4*x^3*(158*A + 579*B*x) + 2*a^2*b^3*x^2*(448*A + 3555*B*x)))/(a*b^5*(a + b*x)^5) + (7*(A*b + 9*a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(128*a^(3/2)*b^(11/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.310$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 51, 51, 51, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$b^6 \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{b^6(a + bx)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^6} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(9aB + Ab) \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{(a+bx)^5} dx}{10ab} + \frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(9aB + Ab) \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{(a+bx)^4} dx}{8b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(9aB + Ab) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(a+bx)^3} dx}{6b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(9aB + Ab) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a+bx)^2} dx}{4b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \downarrow 51
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(9aB + Ab) \left(\frac{\left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)} dx}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right) + \frac{10ab}{5ab(a+bx)^5} x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)$$

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$$(9aB + Ab) \left(\frac{\left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right) + \frac{10ab}{5ab(a+bx)^5} x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)$$

218

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{(9aB + Ab) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right) + \\
 & \frac{10ab}{5ab(a+bx)^5} x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]
```

```
output ((A*b - a*B)*x^(9/2))/(5*a*b*(a + b*x)^5) + ((A*b + 9*a*B)*(-1/4*x^(7/2)/(b*(a + b*x)^4) + (7*(-1/3*x^(5/2)/(b*(a + b*x)^3) + (5*(-1/2*x^(3/2)/(b*(a + b*x)^2) + (3*(-(Sqrt[x]/(b*(a + b*x)))) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(3/2)))/(4*b)))/(6*b)))/(8*b)))/(10*a*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 51 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1184 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{(7Ab-193Ba)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{128ab} - \frac{79(Ab+9Ba)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{192b^2} - \frac{7a(Ab+9Ba)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15b^3} - \frac{49a^2(Ab+9Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{192b^4} - \frac{7(Ab+9Ba)a^3\sqrt{x}}{128b^5}}{(bx+a)^5} + \frac{7(Ab+9Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128a b^5 \sqrt{ab}}$
default	$\frac{\frac{(7Ab-193Ba)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{128ab} - \frac{79(Ab+9Ba)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{192b^2} - \frac{7a(Ab+9Ba)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15b^3} - \frac{49a^2(Ab+9Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{192b^4} - \frac{7(Ab+9Ba)a^3\sqrt{x}}{128b^5}}{(bx+a)^5} + \frac{7(Ab+9Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128a b^5 \sqrt{ab}}$

```
input int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{15(193Bab^4 - 7Ab^5)x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 790(9Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 896(9Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 490(9Ba^4b + Aa^3b^2)}{1920(ab^{10}x^5 + 5a^2b^9x^4 + 10a^3b^8x^3 + 10a^4b^7x^2 + 5a^5b^6x + a^6b^5)}$$

$$+ \frac{7(9Ba + Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128\sqrt{ab}ab^5}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/1920*(15*(193*B*a*b^4 - 7*A*b^5)*x^(9/2) + 790*(9*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^(7/2) + 896*(9*B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^(5/2) + 490*(9*B*a^4*b + A*a^3*b^2)*x^(3/2) + 105*(9*B*a^5 + A*a^4*b)*sqrt(x))/(a*b^10*x^5 + 5*a^2*b^9*x^4 + 10*a^3*b^8*x^3 + 10*a^4*b^7*x^2 + 5*a^5*b^6*x + a^6*b^5) + 7/128*(9*B*a + A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a*b^5)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{7(9Ba+Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128\sqrt{ab}ab^5} - \frac{2895Bab^4x^{\frac{9}{2}} - 105Ab^5x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 7110Ba^2b^3x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 790Aab^4x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 8064Ba^3b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 896Aa^2b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 4410Ba^4bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 490Aa^3b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 945Ba^5\sqrt{x} + 105Aa^4b\sqrt{x}}{1920(bx+a)^5ab^5}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `7/128*(9*B*a + A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a*b^5) - 1/1920*(2895*B*a*b^4*x^(9/2) - 105*A*b^5*x^(9/2) + 7110*B*a^2*b^3*x^(7/2) + 790*A*a*b^4*x^(7/2) + 8064*B*a^3*b^2*x^(5/2) + 896*A*a^2*b^3*x^(5/2) + 4410*B*a^4*b*x^(3/2) + 490*A*a^3*b^2*x^(3/2) + 945*B*a^5*sqrt(x) + 105*A*a^4*b*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)^5*a*b^5`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{7\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(Ab+9Ba)}{128a^{3/2}b^{11/2}} - \frac{79x^{7/2}(Ab+9Ba)}{192b^2} + \frac{49a^2x^{3/2}(Ab+9Ba)}{192b^4} + \frac{7a^3\sqrt{x}(Ab+9Ba)}{128b^5} - \frac{x^{9/2}(7Ab-193Ba)}{128ab} + \frac{7ax^{5/2}(Ab+9Ba)}{15b^3}$$

$$a^5 + 5a^4bx + 10a^3b^2x^2 + 10a^2b^3x^3 + 5ab^4x^4 + b^5x^5$$

input `int((x^(7/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^3,x)`output `(7*atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(A*b + 9*B*a))/(128*a^(3/2)*b^(11/2)) - ((79*x^(7/2)*(A*b + 9*B*a))/(192*b^2) + (49*a^2*x^(3/2)*(A*b + 9*B*a))/(192*b^4) + (7*a^3*x^(1/2)*(A*b + 9*B*a))/(128*b^5) - (x^(9/2)*(7*A*b - 193*B*a))/(128*a*b) + (7*a*x^(5/2)*(A*b + 9*B*a))/(15*b^3))/(a^5 + b^5*x^5 + 5*a*b^4*x^4 + 10*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 10*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 5*a^4*b*x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^4 + 420\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3bx + 630\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2bx^2 + 420\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2bx^3 + 105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2bx^4 - 105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2bx^5 - 385\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2bx^6 - 511\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2bx^7 - 279\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2bx^8 - 192\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2bx^9}{192a^5b^5(a^4 + 4a^3bx + 6a^2b^2x^2 + 4ab^3x^3 + b^4x^4)}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)`output `(105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**4 + 420*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b*x + 630*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 420*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b**3*x**3 + 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**4*x**4 - 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**4*x**4 - 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**4*x**4 - 385*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**4*x**4 - 511*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**4*x**4 - 279*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**4*x**4 - 192*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**4*x**4)/(192*a*b**5*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4))`

3.405 $\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3160
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3161
Rubi [A] (verified)	3161
Maple [A] (verified)	3164
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3165
Sympy [F(-1)]	3166
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3166
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3167
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3167
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3168

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{(Ab-aB)x^{5/2}}{5b^2(a+bx)^5} - \frac{(Ab-3aB)x^{3/2}}{8b^3(a+bx)^4} - \frac{(3Ab-25aB)\sqrt{x}}{48b^4(a+bx)^3} + \frac{(3Ab-121aB)\sqrt{x}}{192ab^4(a+bx)^2} + \frac{(3Ab+7aB)\sqrt{x}}{128a^2b^4(a+bx)} + \frac{(3Ab+7aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128a^{5/2}b^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-1/5*(A*b-B*a)*x^(5/2)/b^2/(b*x+a)^5-1/8*(A*b-3*B*a)*x^(3/2)/b^3/(b*x+a)^4
-1/48*(3*A*b-25*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^4/(b*x+a)^3+1/192*(3*A*b-121*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a
/b^4/(b*x+a)^2+1/128*(3*A*b+7*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^2/b^4/(b*x+a)+1/128*(3*A*b+7*
B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/b^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(-105a^5B+45Ab^5x^4+105ab^4x^3(2A+Bx)-14a^3b^2x(15A+64Bx)-5a^4b(9A+98Bx)-2a^2b^3x^2(192A+395Bx))}{1920a^2b^4(a+bx)^5} + \frac{(3Ab+7aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128a^{5/2}b^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(5/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x]*(-105*a^5*B+45*A*b^5*x^4+105*a*b^4*x^3*(2*A+B*x)-14*a^3*b^2*x*(15*A+64*B*x)-5*a^4*b*(9*A+98*B*x)-2*a^2*b^3*x^2*(192*A+395*B*x)))/(1920*a^2*b^4*(a+b*x)^5)+((3*A*b+7*a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(128*a^(5/2)*b^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.310$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 51, 51, 51, 52, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & b^6 \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{b^6(a+bx)^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(7aB + 3Ab) \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{(a+bx)^5} dx}{10ab} + \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5}$$

↓ 51

$$\frac{(7aB + 3Ab) \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(a+bx)^4} dx}{8b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5}$$

↓ 51

$$\frac{(7aB + 3Ab) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a+bx)^3} dx}{2b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5}$$

↓ 51

$$\frac{(7aB + 3Ab) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} dx}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2b(a+bx)^2} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5}$$

↓ 52

$$\frac{(7aB + 3Ab) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2b(a+bx)^2} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{(7aB + 3Ab) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)}}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2b(a+bx)^2} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right) - \frac{x^{5/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4}}{10ab} + \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a+bx)^5}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(7aB + 3Ab) \left(\frac{\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)}}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2b(a+bx)^2} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right) - \frac{x^{5/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4}}{10ab} + \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a+bx)^5}$$

```
input Int[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]
```

```
output ((A*b - a*B)*x^(7/2))/(5*a*b*(a + b*x)^5) + ((3*A*b + 7*a*B)*(-1/4*x^(5/2)
/(b*(a + b*x)^4) + (5*(-1/3*x^(3/2)/(b*(a + b*x)^3) + (-1/2*Sqrt[x]/(b*(a
+ b*x)^2) + (Sqrt[x]/(a*(a + b*x)) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/(a^(
3/2)*Sqrt[b]))/(4*b))/(2*b)))/(8*b)))/(10*a*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 51 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x
] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]
```


rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{(3Ab+7Ba)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{128a^2} + \frac{(21Ab-79Ba)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{192ab} - \frac{(3Ab+7Ba)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15b^2} - \frac{7a(3Ab+7Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{192b^3} - \frac{(3Ab+7Ba)a^2\sqrt{x}}{128b^4} + \frac{(3Ab+7Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128a^2b^4\sqrt{ab}}$
default	$\frac{(3Ab+7Ba)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{128a^2} + \frac{(21Ab-79Ba)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{192ab} - \frac{(3Ab+7Ba)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15b^2} - \frac{7a(3Ab+7Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{192b^3} - \frac{(3Ab+7Ba)a^2\sqrt{x}}{128b^4} + \frac{(3Ab+7Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128a^2b^4\sqrt{ab}}$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $2*(1/256*(3*A*b+7*B*a)/a^2*x^(9/2)+1/384*(21*A*b-79*B*a)/a/b*x^(7/2)-1/30/b^2*(3*A*b+7*B*a)*x^(5/2)-7/384*a/b^3*(3*A*b+7*B*a)*x^(3/2)-1/256*(3*A*b+7*B*a)*a^2/b^4*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^5+1/128*(3*A*b+7*B*a)/a^2/b^4/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 320 vs. $2(154) = 308$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 657, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.55

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \left[-\frac{15(7Ba^6+3Aa^5b+(7Bab^5+3Ab^6)x^5+5(7Ba^2b^4+3Aab^5)x^4+10(7Ba^3b^3+3Aa^2b^4)x^3+10(7Ba^4b^2+3Aa^3b^3)x^2+5(7Baa^5b+3Aa^4b^2)x)\sqrt{-ab}\log((b*x-a-2*\sqrt{-ab})*\sqrt{x})/(b*x+a)+2*(105*B*a^6*b+45*A*a^5*b^2-15*(7*B*a^2*b^5+3*A*a*b^6)*x^4+10*(79*B*a^3*b^4-21*A*a^2*b^5)*x^3+128*(7*B*a^4*b^3+3*A*a^3*b^4)*x^2+70*(7*B*a^5*b^2+3*A*a^4*b^3)*x)*\sqrt{x})/(a^3*b^10*x^5+5*a^4*b^9*x^4+10*a^5*b^8*x^3+10*a^6*b^7*x^2+5*a^7*b^6*x+a^8*b^5), -1/1920*(15*(7*B*a^6+3*A*a^5*b+(7*B*a*b^5+3*A*b^6)*x^5+5*(7*B*a^2*b^4+3*A*a*b^5)*x^4+10*(7*B*a^3*b^3+3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3+10*(7*B*a^4*b^2+3*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2+5*(7*B*a^5*b+3*A*a^4*b^2)*x)*\sqrt{a*b}*arctan(\sqrt{a*b}/(b*\sqrt{x}))+ (105*B*a^6*b+45*A*a^5*b^2-15*(7*B*a^2*b^5+3*A*a*b^6)*x^4+10*(79*B*a^3*b^4-21*A*a^2*b^5)*x^3+128*(7*B*a^4*b^3+3*A*a^3*b^4)*x^2+70*(7*B*a^5*b^2+3*A*a^4*b^3)*x)*\sqrt{x})/(a^3*b^10*x^5+5*a^4*b^9*x^4+10*a^5*b^8*x^3+10*a^6*b^7*x^2+5*a^7*b^6*x+a^8*b^5)]$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $[-1/3840*(15*(7*B*a^6+3*A*a^5*b+(7*B*a*b^5+3*A*b^6)*x^5+5*(7*B*a^2*b^4+3*A*a*b^5)*x^4+10*(7*B*a^3*b^3+3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3+10*(7*B*a^4*b^2+3*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2+5*(7*B*a^5*b+3*A*a^4*b^2)*x)*\sqrt{-a*b}\log((b*x-a-2*\sqrt{-a*b})*\sqrt{x})/(b*x+a)+2*(105*B*a^6*b+45*A*a^5*b^2-15*(7*B*a^2*b^5+3*A*a*b^6)*x^4+10*(79*B*a^3*b^4-21*A*a^2*b^5)*x^3+128*(7*B*a^4*b^3+3*A*a^3*b^4)*x^2+70*(7*B*a^5*b^2+3*A*a^4*b^3)*x)*\sqrt{x})/(a^3*b^10*x^5+5*a^4*b^9*x^4+10*a^5*b^8*x^3+10*a^6*b^7*x^2+5*a^7*b^6*x+a^8*b^5), -1/1920*(15*(7*B*a^6+3*A*a^5*b+(7*B*a*b^5+3*A*b^6)*x^5+5*(7*B*a^2*b^4+3*A*a*b^5)*x^4+10*(7*B*a^3*b^3+3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3+10*(7*B*a^4*b^2+3*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2+5*(7*B*a^5*b+3*A*a^4*b^2)*x)*\sqrt{a*b}*arctan(\sqrt{a*b}/(b*\sqrt{x}))+ (105*B*a^6*b+45*A*a^5*b^2-15*(7*B*a^2*b^5+3*A*a*b^6)*x^4+10*(79*B*a^3*b^4-21*A*a^2*b^5)*x^3+128*(7*B*a^4*b^3+3*A*a^3*b^4)*x^2+70*(7*B*a^5*b^2+3*A*a^4*b^3)*x)*\sqrt{x})/(a^3*b^10*x^5+5*a^4*b^9*x^4+10*a^5*b^8*x^3+10*a^6*b^7*x^2+5*a^7*b^6*x+a^8*b^5)]$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{15(7Bab^4 + 3Ab^5)x^{\frac{9}{2}} - 10(79Ba^2b^3 - 21Aab^4)x^{\frac{7}{2}} - 128(7Ba^3b^2 + 3Aa^2b^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 70(7Ba^4b + 3Aa^3b^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 15(7Ba^5 + 3Aa^4b)\sqrt{x}}{1920(a^2b^9x^5 + 5a^3b^8x^4 + 10a^4b^7x^3 + 10a^5b^6x^2 + 5a^6b^5x + a^7b^4)} + \frac{(7Ba + 3Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128\sqrt{aba^2b^4}}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/1920*(15*(7*B*a*b^4 + 3*A*b^5)*x^(9/2) - 10*(79*B*a^2*b^3 - 21*A*a*b^4)*x^(7/2) - 128*(7*B*a^3*b^2 + 3*A*a^2*b^3)*x^(5/2) - 70*(7*B*a^4*b + 3*A*a^3*b^2)*x^(3/2) - 15*(7*B*a^5 + 3*A*a^4*b)*sqrt(x))/(a^2*b^9*x^5 + 5*a^3*b^8*x^4 + 10*a^4*b^7*x^3 + 10*a^5*b^6*x^2 + 5*a^6*b^5*x + a^7*b^4) + 1/128*(7*B*a + 3*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^2*b^4)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{(7Ba+3Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128\sqrt{aba^2b^4}} + \frac{105Bab^4x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 45Ab^5x^{\frac{9}{2}} - 790Ba^2b^3x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 210Aab^4x^{\frac{7}{2}} - 896Ba^3b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 384Aa^2b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 490Ba^4bx^{\frac{3}{2}} - 210Aa^3b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 105Ba^5\sqrt{x} - 45Aa^4b\sqrt{x}}{1920(bx+a)^5a^2b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{128}(7Ba+3Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)/(\sqrt{ab}a^2b^4) + \frac{1}{1920}(105Bab^4x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 45Ab^5x^{\frac{9}{2}} - 790Ba^2b^3x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 210Aa^2b^3x^{\frac{7}{2}} - 896Ba^3b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 384Aa^2b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 490Ba^4bx^{\frac{3}{2}} - 210Aa^3b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 105Ba^5\sqrt{x} - 45Aa^4b\sqrt{x})/((bx+a)^5a^2b^4)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(3Ab+7Ba)}{128a^{5/2}b^{9/2}} - \frac{x^{5/2}(3Ab+7Ba)}{15b^2} - \frac{x^{9/2}(3Ab+7Ba)}{128a^2} + \frac{a^2\sqrt{x}(3Ab+7Ba)}{128b^4} - \frac{x^{7/2}(21Ab-79Ba)}{192ab} + \frac{7ax^{3/2}(3Ab+7Ba)}{192b^3} \\ - \frac{1}{a^5 + 5a^4bx + 10a^3b^2x^2 + 10a^2b^3x^3 + 5ab^4x^4 + b^5x^5}$$

input `int((x^(5/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^3,x)`

output $\frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b^{1/2}x^{1/2}}{a^{1/2}}\right)(3Ab+7Ba)}{(128a^{5/2}b^{9/2})} - \frac{(x^{5/2}(3Ab+7Ba))}{(15b^2)} - \frac{(x^{9/2}(3Ab+7Ba))}{(128a^2)} + \frac{(a^2x^{1/2}(3Ab+7Ba))}{(128b^4)} - \frac{(x^{7/2}(21Ab-79Ba))}{(192ab)} + \frac{(7ax^{3/2}(3Ab+7Ba))}{(192b^3)} - \frac{1}{(a^5 + b^5x^5 + 5a^4bx^4 + 10a^3b^2x^3 + 10a^2b^3x^2 + 5ab^4x)} - \frac{1}{(a^5 + b^5x^5 + 5a^4bx^4 + 10a^3b^2x^3 + 10a^2b^3x^2 + 5ab^4x)}$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^4 + 60\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3bx + 90\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2b^2x^2 + 60\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2b^3x^3 + 15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) b^4x^4 - 15\sqrt{x}a^4b - 55\sqrt{x}a^3b^2x - 73\sqrt{x}a^2b^3x^2 + 15\sqrt{x}ab^4x^3}{(192a^2b^4(a^4 + 4a^3bx + 6a^2b^2x^2 + 4ab^3x^3 + b^4x^4))}$$

input

```
int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**4 + 60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b*x + 90*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b**3*x**3 + 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**4*x**4 - 15*sqrt(x)*a**4*b - 55*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**2*x - 73*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**3*x**2 + 15*sqrt(x)*a*b**4*x**3)/(192*a**2*b**4*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4))
```

$$3.406 \quad \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	3169
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3170
Rubi [A] (verified)	3170
Maple [A] (verified)	3174
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3174
Sympy [F(-1)]	3175
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3175
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3176
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3176
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3177

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 182

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx &= -\frac{(Ab-aB)x^{3/2}}{5b^2(a+bx)^5} \\ &- \frac{(3Ab-13aB)\sqrt{x}}{40b^3(a+bx)^4} + \frac{(Ab-31aB)\sqrt{x}}{80ab^3(a+bx)^3} + \frac{(Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}}{64a^2b^3(a+bx)^2} \\ &+ \frac{3(Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}}{128a^3b^3(a+bx)} + \frac{3(Ab+aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128a^{7/2}b^{7/2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/5*(A*b-B*a)*x^(3/2)/b^2/(b*x+a)^5-1/40*(3*A*b-13*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^3/(b*x+a)^4+1/80*(A*b-31*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a/b^3/(b*x+a)^3+1/64*(A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^2/b^3/(b*x+a)^2+3/128*(A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^3/b^3/(b*x+a)+3/128*(A*b+B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/b^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(-15a^5B+15Ab^5x^4+5ab^4x^3(14A+3Bx)-5a^4b(3A+14Bx)+2a^2b^3x)}{640a^3b^3(a+bx)^5} + \frac{3(Ab+aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128a^{7/2}b^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x]*(-15*a^5*B + 15*A*b^5*x^4 + 5*a*b^4*x^3*(14*A + 3*B*x) - 5*a^4*b*(3*A + 14*B*x) + 2*a^2*b^3*x^2*(64*A + 35*B*x) - 2*a^3*b^2*x*(35*A + 64*B*x)))/(640*a^3*b^3*(a + b*x)^5) + (3*(A*b + a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(128*a^(7/2)*b^(7/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.310$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 51, 51, 52, 52, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & b^6 \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{b^6(a+bx)^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(aB + Ab) \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(a+bx)^5} dx}{2ab} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(aB + Ab) \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a+bx)^4} dx}{8b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(aB + Ab) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} dx}{6b} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(aB + Ab) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} dx}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2}}{6b} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(aB + Ab) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(aB + Ab) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)}}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{6b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right) \frac{1}{2ab} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5}$$

218

$$(aB + Ab) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)}}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{6b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right) \frac{1}{2ab} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5}$$

```
input Int[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]
```

```
output ((A*b - a*B)*x^(5/2))/(5*a*b*(a + b*x)^5) + ((A*b + a*B)*(-1/4*x^(3/2)/(b*(a + b*x)^4) + (3*(-1/3*sqrt[x]/(b*(a + b*x)^3) + (sqrt[x]/(2*a*(a + b*x)^2) + (3*(sqrt[x]/(a*(a + b*x)) + ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x])/sqrt[a]]/(a^(3/2)*sqrt[b])))/(4*a))/(6*b)))/(8*b))/(2*a*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]
&& ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)))]
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))]
Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{3(Ab+Ba)b x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{128a^3} + \frac{7(Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{64a^2} + \frac{(Ab-Ba)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5ab} - \frac{7(Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{64b^2} - \frac{3a(Ab+Ba)\sqrt{x}}{128b^3}}{(bx+a)^5} + \frac{3(Ab+Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128a^3b^3\sqrt{ab}}$	124
default	$\frac{\frac{3(Ab+Ba)b x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{128a^3} + \frac{7(Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{64a^2} + \frac{(Ab-Ba)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5ab} - \frac{7(Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{64b^2} - \frac{3a(Ab+Ba)\sqrt{x}}{128b^3}}{(bx+a)^5} + \frac{3(Ab+Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128a^3b^3\sqrt{ab}}$	124

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2*(3/256*(A*b+B*a)/a^3*b*x^(9/2)+7/128*(A*b+B*a)/a^2*x^(7/2)+1/10*(A*b-B*a)/a/b*x^(5/2)-7/128*(A*b+B*a)/b^2*x^(3/2)-3/256*a/b^3*(A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^5+3/128*(A*b+B*a)/a^3/b^3/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 619, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.40

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{15(Ba^6 + Aa^5b + (Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^5 + 5(Ba^2b^4 + Aab^5)x^4 + 10(Ba^3b^3 + Aa^2b^4)x^3 + 10(Ba^4b^2 + Aa^3b^3)x^2 + 5(Ba^5b + Aa^4b)x + 5Aa^5)}{128a^3b^3(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} + \frac{3(Ab+Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128a^3b^3\sqrt{ab}}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/1280*(15*(B*a^6 + A*a^5*b + (B*a*b^5 + A*b^6))*x^5 + 5*(B*a^2*b^4 + A*a*b^5)*x^4 + 10*(B*a^3*b^3 + A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 10*(B*a^4*b^2 + A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 5*(B*a^5*b + A*a^4*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a - 2*sqrt(-a*b))*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a) + 2*(15*B*a^6*b + 15*A*a^5*b^2 - 15*(B*a^2*b^5 + A*a*b^6))*x^4 - 70*(B*a^3*b^4 + A*a^2*b^5)*x^3 + 128*(B*a^4*b^3 - A*a^3*b^4)*x^2 + 70*(B*a^5*b^2 + A*a^4*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^4*b^9*x^5 + 5*a^5*b^8*x^4 + 10*a^6*b^7*x^3 + 10*a^7*b^6*x^2 + 5*a^8*b^5*x + a^9*b^4), -1/640*(15*(B*a^6 + A*a^5*b + (B*a*b^5 + A*b^6))*x^5 + 5*(B*a^2*b^4 + A*a*b^5)*x^4 + 10*(B*a^3*b^3 + A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 10*(B*a^4*b^2 + A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 5*(B*a^5*b + A*a^4*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (15*B*a^6*b + 15*A*a^5*b^2 - 15*(B*a^2*b^5 + A*a*b^6))*x^4 - 70*(B*a^3*b^4 + A*a^2*b^5)*x^3 + 128*(B*a^4*b^3 - A*a^3*b^4)*x^2 + 70*(B*a^5*b^2 + A*a^4*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^4*b^9*x^5 + 5*a^5*b^8*x^4 + 10*a^6*b^7*x^3 + 10*a^7*b^6*x^2 + 5*a^8*b^5*x + a^9*b^4)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{15(Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 70(Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^{\frac{7}{2}} - 128(Ba^3b^2 - Aa^2b^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 70(L}{640(a^3b^8x^5 + 5a^4b^7x^4 + 10a^5b^6x^3 + 10a^6b^5x^2 + 5} \\ + \frac{3(Ba + Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128\sqrt{aba^3b^3}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{640} \cdot (15 \cdot (B \cdot a \cdot b^4 + A \cdot b^5) \cdot x^{9/2} + 70 \cdot (B \cdot a^2 \cdot b^3 + A \cdot a \cdot b^4) \cdot x^{7/2} - 128 \cdot (B \cdot a^3 \cdot b^2 - A \cdot a^2 \cdot b^3) \cdot x^{5/2} - 70 \cdot (B \cdot a^4 \cdot b + A \cdot a^3 \cdot b^2) \cdot x^{3/2} - 15 \cdot (B \cdot a^5 + A \cdot a^4 \cdot b) \cdot \sqrt{x}) / (a^3 \cdot b^8 \cdot x^5 + 5 \cdot a^4 \cdot b^7 \cdot x^4 + 10 \cdot a^5 \cdot b^6 \cdot x^3 + 10 \cdot a^6 \cdot b^5 \cdot x^2 + 5 \cdot a^7 \cdot b^4 \cdot x + a^8 \cdot b^3) + \frac{3}{128} \cdot (B \cdot a + A \cdot b) \cdot \arctan(b \cdot \sqrt{x} / \sqrt{a \cdot b}) / (\sqrt{a \cdot b} \cdot a^3 \cdot b^3)$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{3(Ba+Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128 \sqrt{ab} a^3 b^3} + \frac{15 Bab^4 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 15 Ab^5 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 70 Ba^2 b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 70 Aab^4 x^{\frac{7}{2}} - 128 Ba^3 b^2 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 128 Aa^2 b^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 70 Ba^4 b x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 70 Aa^3 b^2}{640 (bx+a)^5 a^3 b^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{3}{128} \cdot (B \cdot a + A \cdot b) \cdot \arctan(b \cdot \sqrt{x} / \sqrt{a \cdot b}) / (\sqrt{a \cdot b} \cdot a^3 \cdot b^3) + \frac{1}{640} \cdot (15 \cdot B \cdot a \cdot b^4 \cdot x^{9/2} + 15 \cdot A \cdot b^5 \cdot x^{9/2} + 70 \cdot B \cdot a^2 \cdot b^3 \cdot x^{7/2} + 70 \cdot A \cdot a \cdot b^4 \cdot x^{7/2} - 128 \cdot B \cdot a^3 \cdot b^2 \cdot x^{5/2} + 128 \cdot A \cdot a^2 \cdot b^3 \cdot x^{5/2} - 70 \cdot B \cdot a^4 \cdot b \cdot x^{3/2} - 70 \cdot A \cdot a^3 \cdot b^2 \cdot x^{3/2} - 15 \cdot B \cdot a^5 \cdot \sqrt{x} - 15 \cdot A \cdot a^4 \cdot b \cdot \sqrt{x}) / ((b \cdot x + a)^5 \cdot a^3 \cdot b^3)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{7x^{7/2}(Ab+Ba)}{64a^2} - \frac{7x^{3/2}(Ab+Ba)}{64b^2} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab-Ba)}{5ab} - \frac{3a\sqrt{x}(Ab+Ba)}{128b^3} + \frac{3bx^{9/2}(Ab+Ba)}{128a^3}}{a^5 + 5a^4bx + 10a^3b^2x^2 + 10a^2b^3x^3 + 5ab^4x^4 + b^5x^5} + \frac{3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (Ab+Ba)}{128 a^{7/2} b^{7/2}}$$

input

```
int((x^(3/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^3,x)
```


3.407 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3178
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3179
Rubi [A] (verified)	3179
Maple [A] (verified)	3183
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3183
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3186
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3186
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3187

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{5b^2(a+bx)^5} + \frac{(Ab-11aB)\sqrt{x}}{40ab^2(a+bx)^4} + \frac{(7Ab+3aB)\sqrt{x}}{240a^2b^2(a+bx)^3} + \frac{(7Ab+3aB)\sqrt{x}}{192a^3b^2(a+bx)^2} + \frac{(7Ab+3aB)\sqrt{x}}{128a^4b^2(a+bx)} + \frac{(7Ab+3aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128a^{9/2}b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/5*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^2/(b*x+a)^5+1/40*(A*b-11*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a/b^2/(b*x+a)^4+1/240*(7*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^2/b^2/(b*x+a)^3+1/192*(7*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^3/b^2/(b*x+a)^2+1/128*(7*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^4/b^2/(b*x+a)+1/128*(7*A*b+3*B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(9/2)/b^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{x}(-45a^5B+105Ab^5x^4-105a^4b(A+2Bx)+5ab^4x^3(98A+9Bx)+14a^2b^3x^2(64A+15Bx)+2a^3b^2)}{1920a^4b^2(a+bx)^5}$$

$$+ \frac{(7Ab+3aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128a^{9/2}b^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[x]*(A+B*x))/(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x]*(-45*a^5*B+105*A*b^5*x^4-105*a^4*b*(A+2*B*x)+5*a*b^4*x^3*(98*A+9*B*x)+14*a^2*b^3*x^2*(64*A+15*B*x)+2*a^3*b^2*x*(395*A+192*B*x)))/(1920*a^4*b^2*(a+b*x)^5)+((7*A*b+3*a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(128*a^(9/2)*b^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.310$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 51, 52, 52, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$b^6 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{b^6(a+bx)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^6} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(3aB + 7Ab) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a+bx)^5} dx}{10ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(3aB + 7Ab) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^4} dx}{8b} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(3aB + 7Ab) \left(\frac{\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} dx}{6a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3a(a+bx)^3}}{8b} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(3aB + 7Ab) \left(\frac{\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} dx}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6a}}{8b} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3a(a+bx)^3} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(3aB + 7Ab) \left(\frac{\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6a}}{8b} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3a(a+bx)^3} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \downarrow 73
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(3aB + 7Ab) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} \right)}{6a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2} \right)}{8b} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3a(a+bx)^3} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right) \frac{1}{10ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5}$$

↓ 218

$$(3aB + 7Ab) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3a(a+bx)^3} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{4b(a+bx)^4} \right) \frac{1}{10ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*x^(3/2))/(5*a*b*(a + b*x)^5) + ((7*A*b + 3*a*B)*(-1/4*Sqrt[x]/(b*(a + b*x)^4) + (Sqrt[x]/(3*a*(a + b*x)^3) + (5*(Sqrt[x]/(2*a*(a + b*x)^2) + (3*(Sqrt[x]/(a*(a + b*x)) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/(a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b])))/(4*a)))/(6*a))/(8*b))/(10*a*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F x, (b_)*(G x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntegerQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || ! (EqQ[e, 0] || ! (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1184

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^(m._))*((f._) + (g._)*(x_)^(n._))*((a_) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{(7Ab+3Ba)b^2x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{128a^4} + \frac{7b(7Ab+3Ba)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{192a^3} + \frac{(7Ab+3Ba)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15a^2} + \frac{(79Ab-21Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{192ab} - \frac{(7Ab+3Ba)\sqrt{x}}{128b^2} + \frac{(7Ab+3Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128a^4b^2\sqrt{ab}}$
default	$\frac{(7Ab+3Ba)b^2x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{128a^4} + \frac{7b(7Ab+3Ba)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{192a^3} + \frac{(7Ab+3Ba)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15a^2} + \frac{(79Ab-21Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{192ab} - \frac{(7Ab+3Ba)\sqrt{x}}{128b^2} + \frac{(7Ab+3Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128a^4b^2\sqrt{ab}}$

input

```
int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*(1/256*(7*A*b+3*B*a)/a^4*b^2*x^(9/2)+7/384/a^3*b*(7*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(7/2)+1/30/a^2*(7*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(5/2)+1/384*(79*A*b-21*B*a)/a/b*x^(3/2)-1/256*(7*A*b+3*B*a)/b^2*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^5+1/128*(7*A*b+3*B*a)/a^4/b^2/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 657, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.44

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{15(3Ba^6+7Aa^5b+(3Bab^5+7Ab^6)x^5+5(3Ba^2b^4+7Aab^5)x^4+10(3Ba^3b^3+7Aa^2b^4)x^3+10(15(3Ba^6+7Aa^5b+(3Bab^5+7Ab^6)x^5+5(3Ba^2b^4+7Aab^5)x^4+10(3Ba^3b^3+7Aa^2b^4)x^3+10($$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/3840*(15*(3*B*a^6 + 7*A*a^5*b + (3*B*a*b^5 + 7*A*b^6)*x^5 + 5*(3*B*a^2*b^4 + 7*A*a*b^5)*x^4 + 10*(3*B*a^3*b^3 + 7*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 10*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 7*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 5*(3*B*a^5*b + 7*A*a^4*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) + 2*(45*B*a^6*b + 105*A*a^5*b^2 - 15*(3*B*a^2*b^5 + 7*A*a*b^6)*x^4 - 70*(3*B*a^3*b^4 + 7*A*a^2*b^5)*x^3 - 128*(3*B*a^4*b^3 + 7*A*a^3*b^4)*x^2 + 10*(21*B*a^5*b^2 - 79*A*a^4*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^5*b^8*x^5 + 5*a^6*b^7*x^4 + 10*a^7*b^6*x^3 + 10*a^8*b^5*x^2 + 5*a^9*b^4*x + a^10*b^3), -1/1920*(15*(3*B*a^6 + 7*A*a^5*b + (3*B*a*b^5 + 7*A*b^6)*x^5 + 5*(3*B*a^2*b^4 + 7*A*a*b^5)*x^4 + 10*(3*B*a^3*b^3 + 7*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 10*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 7*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 5*(3*B*a^5*b + 7*A*a^4*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (45*B*a^6*b + 105*A*a^5*b^2 - 15*(3*B*a^2*b^5 + 7*A*a*b^6)*x^4 - 70*(3*B*a^3*b^4 + 7*A*a^2*b^5)*x^3 - 128*(3*B*a^4*b^3 + 7*A*a^3*b^4)*x^2 + 10*(21*B*a^5*b^2 - 79*A*a^4*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^5*b^8*x^5 + 5*a^6*b^7*x^4 + 10*a^7*b^6*x^3 + 10*a^8*b^5*x^2 + 5*a^9*b^4*x + a^10*b^3)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4933 vs. $2(185) = 370$.

Time = 131.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4933, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(9*x**(9/2)) - 2*B/(7*x**(7/2))), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)
), ((2*A*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*x**(5/2)/5)/a**6, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(9*x**(9/2))
- 2*B/(7*x**(7/2)))/b**6, Eq(a, 0)), (105*A*a**5*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/
b))/(3840*a**9*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 19200*a**8*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 38400*a**7
*b**5*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 38400*a**6*b**6*x**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 19200*a**5*b**7*
x**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 3840*a**4*b**8*x**5*sqrt(-a/b)) - 105*A*a**5*b*log(sqrt(
x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(3840*a**9*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 19200*a**8*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)
+ 38400*a**7*b**5*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 38400*a**6*b**6*x**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 192
00*a**5*b**7*x**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 3840*a**4*b**8*x**5*sqrt(-a/b)) - 210*A*a**
4*b**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(3840*a**9*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 19200*a**8*b**4*x*s
qrt(-a/b) + 38400*a**7*b**5*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 38400*a**6*b**6*x**3*sqrt(-a
/b) + 19200*a**5*b**7*x**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 3840*a**4*b**8*x**5*sqrt(-a/b)) +
525*A*a**4*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(3840*a**9*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 1
9200*a**8*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 38400*a**7*b**5*x**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 38400*a**6
*b**6*x**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 19200*a**5*b**7*x**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 3840*a**4*b**8*x
**5*sqrt(-a/b)) - 525*A*a**4*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(3840*a**9*b
**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 19200*a**8*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 38400*a**7*b**5*x**2*sqrt(
-a/b) + 38400*a**6*b**6*x**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 19200*a**5*b**7*x**4*sqrt(-a/b)
+ 3840*a**4*b**8*x**5*sqrt(-a/b)) + 1580*A*a**3*b**3*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(
3840*a**9*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 19200*a**8*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 38400*a**7*b...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{15(3Bab^4+7Ab^5)x^{\frac{9}{2}}+70(3Ba^2b^3+7Aab^4)x^{\frac{7}{2}}+128(3Ba^3b^2+7Aa^2b^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}}-10(21Ba^4b-79Aa^3b^2)}{1920(a^4b^7x^5+5a^5b^6x^4+10a^6b^5x^3+10a^7b^4x^2+5a^8b^3x+a^9b^2)} + \frac{(3Ba+7Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128\sqrt{ab}a^4b^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{1920}*(15*(3*B*a*b^4 + 7*A*b^5)*x^{(9/2)} + 70*(3*B*a^2*b^3 + 7*A*a*b^4)*x^{(7/2)} + 128*(3*B*a^3*b^2 + 7*A*a^2*b^3)*x^{(5/2)} - 10*(21*B*a^4*b - 79*A*a^3*b^2)*x^{(3/2)} - 15*(3*B*a^5 + 7*A*a^4*b)*\sqrt{x})/(a^4*b^7*x^5 + 5*a^5*b^6*x^4 + 10*a^6*b^5*x^3 + 10*a^7*b^4*x^2 + 5*a^8*b^3*x + a^9*b^2) + 1/128*(3*B*a + 7*A*b)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*a^4*b^2)$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{(3Ba+7Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128\sqrt{ab}a^4b^2} + \frac{45Bab^4x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 105Ab^5x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 210Ba^2b^3x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 490Aab^4x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 384Ba^3b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 896Aa^2b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 210Ba^4bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{1920(bx+a)^5a^4b^2}$$

input

`integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{1}{128}*(3*B*a + 7*A*b)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*a^4*b^2) + \frac{1}{1920}*(45*B*a*b^4*x^{(9/2)} + 105*A*b^5*x^{(9/2)} + 210*B*a^2*b^3*x^{(7/2)} + 490*A*a*b^4*x^{(7/2)} + 384*B*a^3*b^2*x^{(5/2)} + 896*A*a^2*b^3*x^{(5/2)} - 210*B*a^4*b*x^{(3/2)} + 790*A*a^3*b^2*x^{(3/2)} - 45*B*a^5*\sqrt{x} - 105*A*a^4*b*\sqrt{x})/((b*x + a)^5*a^4*b^2)$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{x^{5/2}(7Ab+3Ba)}{15a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{x}(7Ab+3Ba)}{128b^2} + \frac{b^2x^{9/2}(7Ab+3Ba)}{128a^4} + \frac{x^{3/2}(79Ab-21Ba)}{192ab} + \frac{7bx^{7/2}(7Ab+3Ba)}{192a^3} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(7Ab+3Ba)}{128a^{9/2}b^{5/2}}$$

input

`int((x^(1/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^3,x)`

output

```
((x^(5/2)*(7*A*b + 3*B*a))/(15*a^2) - (x^(1/2)*(7*A*b + 3*B*a))/(128*b^2)
+ (b^2*x^(9/2)*(7*A*b + 3*B*a))/(128*a^4) + (x^(3/2)*(79*A*b - 21*B*a))/(1
92*a*b) + (7*b*x^(7/2)*(7*A*b + 3*B*a))/(192*a^3))/(a^5 + b^5*x^5 + 5*a*b^
4*x^4 + 10*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 10*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 5*a^4*b*x) + (atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1
/2))/a^(1/2))*(7*A*b + 3*B*a))/(128*a^(9/2)*b^(5/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^4 + 60\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3bx + 90\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2b^2x^2 + 60\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2b^2x^2 + 60\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2b^2x^2 + 60\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2b^2x^2}{192a^4b^2(b^4x^4 + 4ab^3x^3 + 6a^2b^2x^2 + 4a^3bx + b^4x^4)}$$

input

```
int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**4 + 60*sqrt(b)*
sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b*x + 90*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*
atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*at
an((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b**3*x**3 + 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((s
qrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**4*x**4 - 15*sqrt(x)*a**4*b + 73*sqrt(x)*a*
**3*b**2*x + 55*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**3*x**2 + 15*sqrt(x)*a*b**4*x**3)/(192*a**4*
b**2*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4))
```


3.408 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{5ab(a+bx)^5} + \frac{(9Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}}{40a^2b(a+bx)^4} + \frac{7(9Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}}{240a^3b(a+bx)^3} + \frac{7(9Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}}{192a^4b(a+bx)^2} + \frac{7(9Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}}{128a^5b(a+bx)} + \frac{7(9Ab+aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128a^{11/2}b^{3/2}}$$

```
output 1/5*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a/b/(b*x+a)^5+1/40*(9*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^2/b/(b*x+a)^4+7/240*(9*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^3/b/(b*x+a)^3+7/192*(9*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^4/b/(b*x+a)^2+7/128*(9*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^5/b/(b*x+a)+7/128*(9*A*b+B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(11/2)/b^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{x}(-105a^5B + 945Ab^5x^4 + 105ab^4x^3(42A + Bx) + 14a^2b^3x^2(576A + 35Bx) + 5a^4b(579A + 158Bx) + 7(9Ab + aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{1920a^5b(a + bx)^5 + 128a^{11/2}b^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x]*(-105*a^5*B + 945*A*b^5*x^4 + 105*a*b^4*x^3*(42*A + B*x) + 14*a^2*b^3*x^2*(576*A + 35*B*x) + 5*a^4*b*(579*A + 158*B*x) + 2*a^3*b^2*x*(3555*A + 448*B*x)))/(1920*a^5*b*(a + b*x)^5) + (7*(9*A*b + a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(128*a^(11/2)*b^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.310$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 52, 52, 52, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$b^6 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^6 \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^6} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(aB + 9Ab) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^5} dx}{10ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(aB + 9Ab) \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^4} dx}{8a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{4a(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(aB + 9Ab) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} dx}{6a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3a(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{4a(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(aB + 9Ab) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} dx}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3a(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{4a(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(aB + 9Ab) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3a(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{4a(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a + bx)^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

73

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{(aB + 9Ab) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} \right)}{6a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3a(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{4a(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a+bx)^5} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

218

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{(aB + 9Ab) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3a(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{4a(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{5ab(a+bx)^5} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3), x]`

output
$$\frac{((A*b - a*B)*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(5*a*b*(a + b*x)^5) + ((9*A*b + a*B)*(\text{Sqrt}[x]/(4*a*(a + b*x)^4) + (7*(\text{Sqrt}[x]/(3*a*(a + b*x)^3) + (5*(\text{Sqrt}[x]/(2*a*(a + b*x)^2) + (3*(\text{Sqrt}[x]/(a*(a + b*x)) + \text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/ \text{Sqrt}[a]]/(a^{3/2})*\text{Sqrt}[b])))/(4*a)))/(6*a)))/(8*a)))/(10*a*b}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 52
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, 0]$$

rule 73
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^{p/b})^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 87
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \!(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \!(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ \!(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$$

rule 218
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{7(9Ab+Ba)b^3x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{128a^5} + \frac{49b^2(9Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{192a^4} + \frac{7(9Ab+Ba)bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15a^3} + \frac{79(9Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{192a^2} + \frac{(193Ab-7Ba)\sqrt{x}}{128ab}}{(bx+a)^5} + \frac{7(9Ab+Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128a^5b\sqrt{ab}}$
default	$\frac{\frac{7(9Ab+Ba)b^3x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{128a^5} + \frac{49b^2(9Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{192a^4} + \frac{7(9Ab+Ba)bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15a^3} + \frac{79(9Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{192a^2} + \frac{(193Ab-7Ba)\sqrt{x}}{128ab}}{(bx+a)^5} + \frac{7(9Ab+Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128a^5b\sqrt{ab}}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*(7/256*(9*A*b+B*a)/a^5*b^3*x^(9/2)+49/384/a^4*b^2*(9*A*b+B*a)*x^(7/2)+7/30/a^3*(9*A*b+B*a)*b*x^(5/2)+79/384/a^2*(9*A*b+B*a)*x^(3/2)+1/256*(193*A*b-7*B*a)/a/b*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^5+7/128*(9*A*b+B*a)/a^5/b/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 637, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.35

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{105(Ba^6 + 9Aa^5b + (Bab^5 + 9Ab^6)x^5 + 5(Ba^2b^4 + 9Aab^5)x^4 + 10(Ba^3b^3 + 9Aa^2b^4)x^3 + 10(Ba^4b^2 + 9Aa^3b)x^2 + 5(Ba^5b + 9Aa^4b^2)x + 5Ba^6)}{105(Ba^6 + 9Aa^5b + (Bab^5 + 9Ab^6)x^5 + 5(Ba^2b^4 + 9Aab^5)x^4 + 10(Ba^3b^3 + 9Aa^2b^4)x^3 + 10(Ba^4b^2 + 9Aa^3b)x^2 + 5(Ba^5b + 9Aa^4b^2)x + 5Ba^6)} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/3840*(105*(B*a^6 + 9*A*a^5*b + (B*a*b^5 + 9*A*b^6)*x^5 + 5*(B*a^2*b^4 + 9*A*a*b^5)*x^4 + 10*(B*a^3*b^3 + 9*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 10*(B*a^4*b^2 + 9*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 5*(B*a^5*b + 9*A*a^4*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) + 2*(105*B*a^6*b - 2895*A*a^5*b^2 - 105*(B*a^2*b^5 + 9*A*a*b^6)*x^4 - 490*(B*a^3*b^4 + 9*A*a^2*b^5)*x^3 - 896*(B*a^4*b^3 + 9*A*a^3*b^4)*x^2 - 790*(B*a^5*b^2 + 9*A*a^4*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^6*b^7*x^5 + 5*a^7*b^6*x^4 + 10*a^8*b^5*x^3 + 10*a^9*b^4*x^2 + 5*a^10*b^3*x + a^11*b^2), -1/1920*(105*(B*a^6 + 9*A*a^5*b + (B*a*b^5 + 9*A*b^6)*x^5 + 5*(B*a^2*b^4 + 9*A*a*b^5)*x^4 + 10*(B*a^3*b^3 + 9*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 10*(B*a^4*b^2 + 9*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 5*(B*a^5*b + 9*A*a^4*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (105*B*a^6*b - 2895*A*a^5*b^2 - 105*(B*a^2*b^5 + 9*A*a*b^6)*x^4 - 490*(B*a^3*b^4 + 9*A*a^2*b^5)*x^3 - 896*(B*a^4*b^3 + 9*A*a^3*b^4)*x^2 - 790*(B*a^5*b^2 + 9*A*a^4*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^6*b^7*x^5 + 5*a^7*b^6*x^4 + 10*a^8*b^5*x^3 + 10*a^9*b^4*x^2 + 5*a^10*b^3*x + a^11*b^2)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(1/2)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{105 (Bab^4 + 9 Ab^5)x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 490 (Ba^2b^3 + 9 Aab^4)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 896 (Ba^3b^2 + 9 Aa^2b^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 790 (Ba^4b + 9 Aa^3b^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{1920 (a^5b^6x^5 + 5 a^6b^5x^4 + 10 a^7b^4x^3 + 10 a^8b^3x^2 + 5 a^9b^2x + a^{10}b)}$$

$$+ \frac{7 (Ba + 9 Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128 \sqrt{aba^5b}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/1920*(105*(B*a*b^4 + 9*A*b^5)*x^(9/2) + 490*(B*a^2*b^3 + 9*A*a*b^4)*x^(7/2) + 896*(B*a^3*b^2 + 9*A*a^2*b^3)*x^(5/2) + 790*(B*a^4*b + 9*A*a^3*b^2)*x^(3/2) - 15*(7*B*a^5 - 193*A*a^4*b)*sqrt(x))/(a^5*b^6*x^5 + 5*a^6*b^5*x^4 + 10*a^7*b^4*x^3 + 10*a^8*b^3*x^2 + 5*a^9*b^2*x + a^10*b) + 7/128*(B*a + 9*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^5*b)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{7 (Ba + 9 Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128 \sqrt{aba^5b}}$$

$$+ \frac{105 Bab^4x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 945 Ab^5x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 490 Ba^2b^3x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 4410 Aab^4x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 896 Ba^3b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 8064 Aa^2b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 790 Ba^4ba}{1920 (bx + a)^5 a^5 b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `7/128*(B*a + 9*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^5*b) + 1/1920*(105*B*a*b^4*x^(9/2) + 945*A*b^5*x^(9/2) + 490*B*a^2*b^3*x^(7/2) + 4410*A*a*b^4*x^(7/2) + 896*B*a^3*b^2*x^(5/2) + 8064*A*a^2*b^3*x^(5/2) + 790*B*a^4*b*x^(3/2) + 7110*A*a^3*b^2*x^(3/2) - 105*B*a^5*sqrt(x) + 2895*A*a^4*b*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)^5*a^5*b)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{79x^{3/2}(9Ab+Ba)}{192a^2} + \frac{49b^2x^{7/2}(9Ab+Ba)}{192a^4} + \frac{7b^3x^{9/2}(9Ab+Ba)}{128a^5} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(193Ab-7Ba)}{128ab} + \frac{7bx^{5/2}(9Ab+Ba)}{15a^3}}{a^5 + 5a^4bx + 10a^3b^2x^2 + 10a^2b^3x^3 + 5ab^4x^4 + b^5x^5} + \frac{7 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(9Ab+Ba)}{128a^{11/2}b^{3/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3),x)`output `((79*x^(3/2)*(9*A*b + B*a))/(192*a^2) + (49*b^2*x^(7/2)*(9*A*b + B*a))/(192*a^4) + (7*b^3*x^(9/2)*(9*A*b + B*a))/(128*a^5) + (x^(1/2)*(193*A*b - 7*B*a))/(128*a*b) + (7*b*x^(5/2)*(9*A*b + B*a))/(15*a^3))/(a^5 + b^5*x^5 + 5*a*b^4*x^4 + 10*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 10*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 5*a^4*b*x) + (7*atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(9*A*b + B*a))/(128*a^(11/2)*b^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^4 + 420\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3bx + 630\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2b^2x^2 + 420\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2b^2x^2 + 420\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2b^2x^2 + 420\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2b^2x^2}{192a^5b(b^4x^4 + 4ab^3x^3 + 6a^2b^2x^2 + 4abx + a^2)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**4 + 420*sqrt(b)
)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b*x + 630*sqrt(b)*sqrt(
a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 420*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)
)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b**3*x**3 + 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*at
an((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**4*x**4 + 279*sqrt(x)*a**4*b + 511*sqr
t(x)*a**3*b**2*x + 385*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**3*x**2 + 105*sqrt(x)*a*b**4*x**3)/(
192*a**5*b*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x*
*4))
```

3.409 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3198
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3199
Rubi [A] (verified)	3199
Maple [A] (verified)	3206
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3207
Sympy [F(-1)]	3208
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3208
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3209
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3209
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3210

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{2A}{a^6\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{5a^2(a+bx)^5} - \frac{(19Ab-9aB)\sqrt{x}}{40a^3(a+bx)^4} - \frac{(71Ab-21aB)\sqrt{x}}{80a^4(a+bx)^3} - \frac{(103Ab-21aB)\sqrt{x}}{64a^5(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(437Ab-63aB)\sqrt{x}}{128a^6(a+bx)} - \frac{63(11Ab-aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128a^{13/2}\sqrt{b}}$$

```
output -2*A/a^6/x^(1/2)-1/5*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^2/(b*x+a)^5-1/40*(19*A*b-9*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^3/(b*x+a)^4-1/80*(71*A*b-21*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^4/(b*x+a)^3-1/64*(103*A*b-21*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^5/(b*x+a)^2-1/128*(437*A*b-63*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^6/(b*x+a)-63/128*(11*A*b-B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(13/2)/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(-3465Ab^5x^5 + 105ab^4x^4(-154A + 3Bx) + 42a^2b^3x^3(-704A + 35Bx) + 6a^3b^2x^2(-4345A + 448Bx) + 5a^4bx(-2123A + 474Bx) + a^5(-1280A + 965Bx))}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^5} + \frac{315(-11Ab + aB) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right]}{640a^{13/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3), x]
```

output

```
((Sqrt[a]*(-3465*A*b^5*x^5 + 105*a*b^4*x^4*(-154*A + 3*B*x) + 42*a^2*b^3*x^3*(-704*A + 35*B*x) + 6*a^3*b^2*x^2*(-4345*A + 448*B*x) + 5*a^4*b*x*(-2123*A + 474*B*x) + a^5*(-1280*A + 965*B*x)))/(Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^5) + (315*(-11*A*b + a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[b])/(640*a^(13/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.345$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 52, 52, 52, 52, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & b^6 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^6 x^{3/2} (a + bx)^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a + bx)^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & \frac{(11Ab - aB)}{10ab} \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2} (a+bx)^5} dx + \frac{Ab - aB}{5ab\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^5} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 52 \\
 \frac{(11Ab - aB) \left(\frac{9 \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^4} dx}{8a} + \frac{1}{4a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{5ab\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^5} \\
 \downarrow 52 \\
 \frac{(11Ab - aB) \left(\frac{9 \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} dx}{6a} + \frac{1}{3a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8a} + \frac{1}{4a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{5ab\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^5} \\
 \downarrow 52 \\
 \frac{(11Ab - aB) \left(\frac{9 \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} dx}{4a} + \frac{1}{2a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6a} + \frac{1}{3a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8a} + \frac{1}{4a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{5ab\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^5} \\
 \downarrow 52
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{1}{a\sqrt{x(a+bx)}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2a\sqrt{x(a+bx)^2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{3a\sqrt{x(a+bx)^3}} \right) \\
 (11Ab - aB) & \left(\frac{\phantom{\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{1}{a\sqrt{x(a+bx)}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2a\sqrt{x(a+bx)^2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{3a\sqrt{x(a+bx)^3}} \right)}{8a} + \frac{1}{4a\sqrt{x(a+bx)^4}} \right) \\
 & \frac{10ab}{Ab - aB} \\
 & \frac{10ab}{5ab\sqrt{x(a+bx)^5}} \\
 & \downarrow 61
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{7}{4a} + \frac{1}{2a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{9}{6a} + \frac{1}{3a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{(11Ab - aB)}{8a} + \frac{1}{4a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^4} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{10ab}{Ab - aB} \\
 \frac{5ab\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^5}{5ab\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^5}$$

↓ 73

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{1}{2a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6a} + \frac{1}{3a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8a} + \frac{1}{4a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^4} \right) \\
 (11Ab - aB) & \left(\frac{1}{8a} + \frac{1}{4a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^4} \right) \\
 & \frac{Ab - \frac{10ab}{aB}}{5ab\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3),x]`

output

$$\frac{(A*b - a*B)/(5*a*b*\sqrt{x}*(a + b*x)^5) + ((11*A*b - a*B)*(1/(4*a*\sqrt{x})*(a + b*x)^4) + (9*(1/(3*a*\sqrt{x}*(a + b*x)^3) + (7*(1/(2*a*\sqrt{x}*(a + b*x)^2) + (5*(1/(a*\sqrt{x}*(a + b*x))) + (3*(-2/(a*\sqrt{x}) - (2*\sqrt{b})*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{x})/\sqrt{a}])/a^{3/2}))/2*a))/4*a))/6*a))/8*a))}{10*a*b}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 52

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 61

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
derivativedivides	$2 \frac{\left(\frac{437}{256} A b^5 - \frac{63}{256} B a b^4 \right) x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{a b^3 (977 A b - 147 B a) x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{128} + \left(\frac{131}{10} A a^2 b^3 - \frac{21}{10} B a^3 b^2 \right) x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \left(\frac{1327}{128} a^3 A b^2 - \frac{237}{128} B a^4 b \right) x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\frac{843}{256} A a^4 b^2 - \frac{131}{128} B a^5 \right)}{(b x + a)^5}$
default	$2 \frac{\left(\frac{437}{256} A b^5 - \frac{63}{256} B a b^4 \right) x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{a b^3 (977 A b - 147 B a) x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{128} + \left(\frac{131}{10} A a^2 b^3 - \frac{21}{10} B a^3 b^2 \right) x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \left(\frac{1327}{128} a^3 A b^2 - \frac{237}{128} B a^4 b \right) x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\frac{843}{256} A a^4 b^2 - \frac{131}{128} B a^5 \right)}{a^6}$
risch	$-\frac{2A}{a^6 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{437}{256} A b^5 - \frac{63}{256} B a b^4 \right) x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{a b^3 (977 A b - 147 B a) x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{64} + 2 \left(\frac{131}{10} A a^2 b^3 - \frac{21}{10} B a^3 b^2 \right) x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2 \left(\frac{1327}{128} a^3 A b^2 - \frac{237}{128} B a^4 b \right) x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a^6 (b x + a)^5}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(3/2)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{1280 Aa^5 - 315 (Bab^4 - 11 Ab^5)x^5 - 1470 (Ba^2b^3 - 11 Aab^4)x^4 - 2688 (Ba^3b^2 - 11 Aa^2b^3)x^3 - 2370 (Ba^4b - 11 Aa^3b^2)x^2 - 965 (Ba^5 - 11 Aa^4b)x}{640 \left(a^6 b^5 x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 5 a^7 b^4 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 10 a^8 b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 10 a^9 b^2 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 5 a^{10} b x^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^{11} \right)} + \frac{63 (Ba - 11 Ab) \arctan \left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{128 \sqrt{aba^6}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/640*(1280*A*a^5 - 315*(B*a*b^4 - 11*A*b^5)*x^5 - 1470*(B*a^2*b^3 - 11*A*a*b^4)*x^4 - 2688*(B*a^3*b^2 - 11*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 - 2370*(B*a^4*b - 11*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 - 965*(B*a^5 - 11*A*a^4*b)*x)/(a^6*b^5*x^(11/2) + 5*a^7*b^4*x^(9/2) + 10*a^8*b^3*x^(7/2) + 10*a^9*b^2*x^(5/2) + 5*a^10*b*x^(3/2) + a^11*sqrt(x)) + 63/128*(B*a - 11*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^6)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{63 (Ba - 11 Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128 \sqrt{ab} a^6} - \frac{2A}{a^6 \sqrt{x}} + \frac{315 Bab^4 x^{\frac{9}{2}} - 2185 Ab^5 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 1470 Ba^2 b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}} - 9770 Aab^4 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 2688 Ba^3 b^2 x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 16768 Aa^2 b^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2370 Ba^4 b x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 13270 Aa^3 b^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 965 B a^5 \sqrt{x} - 4215 A a^4 b \sqrt{x}}{640 (bx + a)^5 a^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `63/128*(B*a - 11*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^6) - 2*A/(a^6*sqrt(x)) + 1/640*(315*B*a*b^4*x^(9/2) - 2185*A*b^5*x^(9/2) + 1470*B*a^2*b^3*x^(7/2) - 9770*A*a*b^4*x^(7/2) + 2688*B*a^3*b^2*x^(5/2) - 16768*A*a^2*b^3*x^(5/2) + 2370*B*a^4*b*x^(3/2) - 13270*A*a^3*b^2*x^(3/2) + 965*B*a^5*sqrt(x) - 4215*A*a^4*b*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)^5*a^6)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{2A}{a} + \frac{193x(11Ab-Ba)}{128a^2} + \frac{21b^2x^3(11Ab-Ba)}{5a^4} + \frac{147b^3x^4(11Ab-Ba)}{64a^5} + \frac{63b^4x^5(11Ab-Ba)}{128a^6} + \frac{237bx^2(11Ab-Ba)}{64a^3}}{a^5 \sqrt{x} + b^5 x^{11/2} + 5a^4 b x^{3/2} + 5ab^4 x^{9/2} + 10a^3 b^2 x^{5/2} + 10a^2 b^3 x^{7/2}} - \frac{63 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{63\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(11Ab-Ba)}{\sqrt{a}(693Ab-63Ba)}\right) (11Ab - Ba)}{128 a^{13/2} \sqrt{b}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3),x)`

output

```
- ((2*A)/a + (193*x*(11*A*b - B*a))/(128*a^2) + (21*b^2*x^3*(11*A*b - B*a)
)/(5*a^4) + (147*b^3*x^4*(11*A*b - B*a))/(64*a^5) + (63*b^4*x^5*(11*A*b -
B*a))/(128*a^6) + (237*b*x^2*(11*A*b - B*a))/(64*a^3))/(a^5*x^(1/2) + b^5*
x^(11/2) + 5*a^4*b*x^(3/2) + 5*a*b^4*x^(9/2) + 10*a^3*b^2*x^(5/2) + 10*a^2
*b^3*x^(7/2)) - (63*atan((63*b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*(11*A*b - B*a))/(a^(1/2)*(693
*A*b - 63*B*a)))*(11*A*b - B*a))/(128*a^(13/2)*b^(1/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{-315\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^4 - 1260\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^3bx - 1890\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2b^2x^2 - 1260\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2b^3x^3 - 315\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)b^4x^4 - 128a^5 - 837a^4bx - 1533a^3b^2x^2 - 1155a^2b^3x^3 - 315ab^4x^4}{64\sqrt{x}a^6(a^4 + 4a^3bx + 6a^2b^2x^2 + 4ab^3x^3 + b^4x^4)}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 315*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**4 -
1260*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b*x
- 1890*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b
**2*x**2 - 1260*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)
))*a*b**3*x**3 - 315*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt
(a))*b**4*x**4 - 128*a**5 - 837*a**4*b*x - 1533*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 1155*a**
2*b**3*x**3 - 315*a*b**4*x**4)/(64*sqrt(x)*a**6*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 6*a**
2*b**2*x**2 + 4*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4))
```

3.410 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3211
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3212
Rubi [A] (verified)	3212
Maple [A] (verified)	3222
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3223
Sympy [F(-1)]	3224
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3224
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3225
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3225
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3226

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{2A}{3a^6x^{3/2}} + \frac{2(6Ab-aB)}{a^7\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{5a^3(a+bx)^5} + \frac{b(29Ab-19aB)\sqrt{x}}{40a^4(a+bx)^4} + \frac{b(443Ab-213aB)\sqrt{x}}{240a^5(a+bx)^3} + \frac{b(827Ab-309aB)\sqrt{x}}{192a^6(a+bx)^2} + \frac{b(1467Ab-437aB)\sqrt{x}}{128a^7(a+bx)} + \frac{231\sqrt{b}(13Ab-3aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128a^{15/2}}$$

```
output -2/3*A/a^6/x^(3/2)+2*(6*A*b-B*a)/a^7/x^(1/2)+1/5*b*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^3/(
b*x+a)^5+1/40*b*(29*A*b-19*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^4/(b*x+a)^4+1/240*b*(443*A*b-213
*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^5/(b*x+a)^3+1/192*b*(827*A*b-309*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^6/(b*x+a)^
2+1/128*b*(1467*A*b-437*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^7/(b*x+a)+231/128*b^(1/2)*(13*A*b-3
*B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(15/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{a}(-45045Ab^6x^6 + 1280a^6(A+3Bx) + 1155ab^5x^5(-182A+9Bx) + 462a^2b^4x^4(-832A+105Bx) + 66a^3b^3x^3(-5135A + 9Bx) + 462a^2b^4x^4(-832A + 105Bx) + 66a^3b^3x^3(-5135A + 1344Bx) + 55a^4b^2x^2(-2509A + 1422Bx) + 5a^5b^2x^2(-3328A + 6369Bx))}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^5} + 3465\sqrt{b}*(13Ab - 3aB)*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{x})/\sqrt{a}]/(1920a^{(15/2)})$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3), x]`

output `(-((Sqrt[a]*(-45045*A*b^6*x^6 + 1280*a^6*(A + 3*B*x) + 1155*a*b^5*x^5*(-182*A + 9*B*x) + 462*a^2*b^4*x^4*(-832*A + 105*B*x) + 66*a^3*b^3*x^3*(-5135*A + 1344*B*x) + 55*a^4*b^2*x^2*(-2509*A + 1422*B*x) + 5*a^5*b^2*x^2*(-3328*A + 6369*B*x)))/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^5)) + 3465*Sqrt[b]*(13*A*b - 3*a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/(1920*a^(15/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.379$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 52, 52, 52, 52, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & b^6 \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^6 x^{5/2} (a + bx)^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a + bx)^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(13Ab - 3aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^5} dx}{10ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{5abx^{3/2}(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(13Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{11 \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^4} dx}{8a} + \frac{1}{4ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{5abx^{3/2}(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(13Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{11 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^3} dx}{2a} + \frac{1}{3ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8a} + \frac{1}{4ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{5abx^{3/2}(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(13Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{11 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} dx}{4a} + \frac{1}{2ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{3ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8a} + \frac{1}{4ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^4} \right)}{10ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{5abx^{3/2}(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{10ab}{5abx^{3/2}(a + bx)^5} + \frac{Ab - aB}{5abx^{3/2}(a + bx)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left((13Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{1}{2ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{3ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} \right) + \frac{1}{4ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^4} \right) + \\
 & \frac{10ab}{5abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{61}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{7}{2a} + \frac{1}{2ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{3}{4a} + \frac{1}{3ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{11}{2a} + \frac{1}{3ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{(13Ab - 3aB)}{8a} + \frac{1}{4ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^4} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{Ab - aB}{5abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^5}$$

↓ 61

↓ 73

↓ 218

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{7}{2a} \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \\
 & \frac{3}{4a} \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{2ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} \\
 & \frac{11}{2a} \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{3ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} \\
 & \frac{(13Ab - 3aB)}{8a} \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{4ax^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3),x]`

output `(A*b - a*B)/(5*a*b*x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^5) + ((13*A*b - 3*a*B)*(1/(4*a*x^(3/2))*
(a + b*x)^4) + (11*(1/(3*a*x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^3) + (3*(1/(2*a*x^(3/2)*(a
+ b*x)^2) + (7*(1/(a*x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)) + (5*(-2/(3*a*x^(3/2)) - (b*(-2/(a
*Sqrt[x]) - (2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/a))/(2
*a)))/(4*a)))/(2*a)))/(8*a)))/(10*a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((
m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((
m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0
] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d
, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b)^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(-18Abx+3Bax+Aa)}{3a^7x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{b \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{1467}{256} Ab^5 - \frac{437}{256} B a b^4 \right) x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{a b^3 (9629Ab - 2931Ba) x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{192} + 2 \left(\frac{1253}{30} A a^2 b^3 - \frac{131}{10} B a^3 b^2 \right) x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \left(\frac{12131}{384} a^3 A b^2 - \frac{1327}{128} B a^4 b \right) x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\frac{1253}{30} A a^2 b^3 - \frac{131}{10} B a^3 b^2 \right) x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{a b^3 (9629Ab - 2931Ba) x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{384} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{1467}{256} Ab^5 - \frac{437}{256} B a b^4 \right) x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(bx+a)^5} \right)}{a^7}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b \left(\frac{1467}{256} Ab^5 - \frac{437}{256} B a b^4 \right) x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{a b^3 (9629Ab - 2931Ba) x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{384} + \left(\frac{1253}{30} A a^2 b^3 - \frac{131}{10} B a^3 b^2 \right) x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \left(\frac{12131}{384} a^3 A b^2 - \frac{1327}{128} B a^4 b \right) x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\frac{1253}{30} A a^2 b^3 - \frac{131}{10} B a^3 b^2 \right) x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{a b^3 (9629Ab - 2931Ba) x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{384} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{1467}{256} Ab^5 - \frac{437}{256} B a b^4 \right) x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(bx+a)^5}}{a^7}$
default	$\frac{2b \left(\frac{1467}{256} Ab^5 - \frac{437}{256} B a b^4 \right) x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{a b^3 (9629Ab - 2931Ba) x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{384} + \left(\frac{1253}{30} A a^2 b^3 - \frac{131}{10} B a^3 b^2 \right) x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \left(\frac{12131}{384} a^3 A b^2 - \frac{1327}{128} B a^4 b \right) x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\frac{1253}{30} A a^2 b^3 - \frac{131}{10} B a^3 b^2 \right) x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{a b^3 (9629Ab - 2931Ba) x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{384} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{1467}{256} Ab^5 - \frac{437}{256} B a b^4 \right) x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(bx+a)^5}}{a^7}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-2/3*(-18*A*b*x+3*B*a*x+A*a)/a^7/x^(3/2)+1/a^7*b*(2*((1467/256*A*b^5-437/2
56*B*a*b^4)*x^(9/2)+1/384*a*b^3*(9629*A*b-2931*B*a)*x^(7/2)+(1253/30*A*a^2
*b^3-131/10*B*a^3*b^2)*x^(5/2)+(12131/384*a^3*A*b^2-1327/128*B*a^4*b)*x^(3
/2)+(2373/256*A*a^4*b-843/256*B*a^5)*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^5+231/128*(13*A*b-3*
B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 729, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.36

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/3840*(3465*((3*B*a*b^5 - 13*A*b^6)*x^7 + 5*(3*B*a^2*b^4 - 13*A*a*b^5)*
x^6 + 10*(3*B*a^3*b^3 - 13*A*a^2*b^4)*x^5 + 10*(3*B*a^4*b^2 - 13*A*a^3*b^3
)*x^4 + 5*(3*B*a^5*b - 13*A*a^4*b^2)*x^3 + (3*B*a^6 - 13*A*a^5*b)*x^2)*sqrt
(-b/a)*log((b*x + 2*a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/a) - a)/(b*x + a)) + 2*(1280*A*a^6
+ 3465*(3*B*a*b^5 - 13*A*b^6)*x^6 + 16170*(3*B*a^2*b^4 - 13*A*a*b^5)*x^5 +
29568*(3*B*a^3*b^3 - 13*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 26070*(3*B*a^4*b^2 - 13*A*a^3*b^
3)*x^3 + 10615*(3*B*a^5*b - 13*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 1280*(3*B*a^6 - 13*A*a^5*b
)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^7*b^5*x^7 + 5*a^8*b^4*x^6 + 10*a^9*b^3*x^5 + 10*a^10*b^2*
x^4 + 5*a^11*b*x^3 + a^12*x^2), -1/1920*(3465*((3*B*a*b^5 - 13*A*b^6)*x^7
+ 5*(3*B*a^2*b^4 - 13*A*a*b^5)*x^6 + 10*(3*B*a^3*b^3 - 13*A*a^2*b^4)*x^5 +
10*(3*B*a^4*b^2 - 13*A*a^3*b^3)*x^4 + 5*(3*B*a^5*b - 13*A*a^4*b^2)*x^3 +
(3*B*a^6 - 13*A*a^5*b)*x^2)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/a)) + (1280*A*
a^6 + 3465*(3*B*a*b^5 - 13*A*b^6)*x^6 + 16170*(3*B*a^2*b^4 - 13*A*a*b^5)*x
^5 + 29568*(3*B*a^3*b^3 - 13*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 26070*(3*B*a^4*b^2 - 13*A*a^
3*b^3)*x^3 + 10615*(3*B*a^5*b - 13*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 1280*(3*B*a^6 - 13*A*a
^5*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^7*b^5*x^7 + 5*a^8*b^4*x^6 + 10*a^9*b^3*x^5 + 10*a^10*
b^2*x^4 + 5*a^11*b*x^3 + a^12*x^2)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(5/2)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{1280 Aa^6 + 3465 (3 Bab^5 - 13 Ab^6)x^6 + 16170 (3 Ba^2b^4 - 13 Aab^5)x^5 + 29568 (3 Ba^3b^3 - 13 Aa^2b^4)x^4 + 1920 \left(a^7 b^5 x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 5 a^8 b^4 x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 10 a^9 b^3 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 10 a^{10} b^2 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 5 a^{11} b x^{\frac{5}{2}} + a^{12} x^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) - 231 (3 Bab - 13 Ab^2) \arctan \left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{128 \sqrt{aba^7}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/1920*(1280*A*a^6 + 3465*(3*B*a*b^5 - 13*A*b^6)*x^6 + 16170*(3*B*a^2*b^4 - 13*A*a*b^5)*x^5 + 29568*(3*B*a^3*b^3 - 13*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 26070*(3*B*a^4*b^2 - 13*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 10615*(3*B*a^5*b - 13*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 1280*(3*B*a^6 - 13*A*a^5*b)*x)/(a^7*b^5*x^(13/2) + 5*a^8*b^4*x^(11/2) + 10*a^9*b^3*x^(9/2) + 10*a^10*b^2*x^(7/2) + 5*a^11*b*x^(5/2) + a^12*x^(3/2)) - 231/128*(3*B*a*b - 13*A*b^2)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^7)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{231 (3 Bab - 13 Ab^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128 \sqrt{aba^7}} - \frac{2 (3 Bax - 18 Abx + Aa)}{3 a^7 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

$$- \frac{6555 Bab^5 x^{\frac{9}{2}} - 22005 Ab^6 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 29310 Ba^2 b^4 x^{\frac{7}{2}} - 96290 Aab^5 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 50304 Ba^3 b^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 160384 Aa^2 b^4 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 39810 Aa^4 b^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 121310 Aa^3 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 12645 Ba^5 b \sqrt{x} - 35595 Aa^4 b^2 \sqrt{x}}{1920 (bx + a)^5 a^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-231/128*(3*B*a*b - 13*A*b^2)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^7) - 2/3*(3*B*a*x - 18*A*b*x + A*a)/(a^7*x^(3/2)) - 1/1920*(6555*B*a*b^5*x^(9/2) - 22005*A*b^6*x^(9/2) + 29310*B*a^2*b^4*x^(7/2) - 96290*A*a*b^5*x^(7/2) + 50304*B*a^3*b^3*x^(5/2) - 160384*A*a^2*b^4*x^(5/2) + 39810*B*a^4*b^2*x^(3/2) - 121310*A*a^3*b^3*x^(3/2) + 12645*B*a^5*b*sqrt(x) - 35595*A*a^4*b^2*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)^5*a^7`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 11.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{2x(13Ab-3Ba)}{3a^2} - \frac{2A}{3a} + \frac{869b^2x^3(13Ab-3Ba)}{64a^4} + \frac{77b^3x^4(13Ab-3Ba)}{5a^5} + \frac{539b^4x^5(13Ab-3Ba)}{64a^6}$$

$$+ \frac{231\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (13Ab - 3Ba)}{128 a^{15/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3),x)`

output

```
((2*x*(13*A*b - 3*B*a))/(3*a^2) - (2*A)/(3*a) + (869*b^2*x^3*(13*A*b - 3*B*a))/(64*a^4) + (77*b^3*x^4*(13*A*b - 3*B*a))/(5*a^5) + (539*b^4*x^5*(13*A*b - 3*B*a))/(64*a^6) + (231*b^5*x^6*(13*A*b - 3*B*a))/(128*a^7) + (2123*b*x^2*(13*A*b - 3*B*a))/(384*a^3))/(a^5*x^(3/2) + b^5*x^(13/2) + 5*a^4*b*x^(5/2) + 5*a*b^4*x^(11/2) + 10*a^3*b^2*x^(7/2) + 10*a^2*b^3*x^(9/2)) + (231*b^(1/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(13*A*b - 3*B*a))/(128*a^(15/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{3465\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^4bx + 13860\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^3b^2x^2}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(3465*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*b*x + 13860*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 20790*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 13860*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b**4*x**4 + 3465*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**5*x**5 - 128*a**6 + 1408*a**5*b*x + 9207*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 16863*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 12705*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 3465*a*b**5*x**5)/(192*sqrt(x)*a**7*x*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4))
```

3.411 $\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result	3227
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3227
Rubi [A] (verified)	3228
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3229
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3230
Sympy [F(-1)]	3230
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3231
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3231
Mupad [F(-1)]	3231
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3232

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2aAx^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{9(a + bx)} + \frac{2(Ab + aB)x^{11/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{11(a + bx)} + \frac{2bBx^{13/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{13(a + bx)}$$

output

$2*a*A*x^{(9/2)}*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(9*b*x+9*a)+2*(A*b+B*a)*x^{(11/2)}*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(11*b*x+11*a)+2*b*B*x^{(13/2)}*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(13*b*x+13*a)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2x^{9/2}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(143aA + 117Abx + 117aBx + 99bBx^2)}{1287(a + bx)}$$

input

`Integrate[x^(7/2)*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]`

output

$$(2*x^{(9/2)}*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(143*a*A + 117*A*b*x + 117*a*B*x + 99*b*B*x^2))/((1287*(a + b*x))$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{7/2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1187$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int bx^{7/2} (a + bx) (A + Bx) dx}{b(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x^{7/2} (a + bx) (A + Bx) dx}{a + bx}$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (bBx^{11/2} + (Ab + aB)x^{9/2} + aAx^{7/2}) dx}{a + bx}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{2}{11} x^{11/2} (aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{9} aAx^{9/2} + \frac{2}{13} bBx^{13/2} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(7/2)}*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]$$

output

$$(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((2*a*A*x^{(9/2)})/9 + (2*(A*b + a*B)*x^{(11/2)}))/11 + (2*b*B*x^{(13/2)})/13))/(a + b*x)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \operatorname{csgn}(bx+a)x^{\frac{9}{2}}(99Bbx^2+117Abx+117Bax+143Aa)}{1287}$	34
gosper	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(99Bbx^2+117Abx+117Bax+143Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{1287(bx+a)}$	44
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(99Bbx^2+117Abx+117Bax+143Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{1287(bx+a)}$	44
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(99Bbx^2+117Abx+117Bax+143Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{1287(bx+a)}$	44

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/1287*csgn(b*x+a)*x^(9/2)*(99*B*b*x^2+117*A*b*x+117*B*a*x+143*A*a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2}{1287} (99 Bbx^6 + 143 Aax^4 + 117 (Ba + Ab)x^5)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/1287*(99*B*b*x^6 + 143*A*a*x^4 + 117*(B*a + A*b)*x^5)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(7/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2}{143} (11bx^2+13ax)Bx^{9/2} + \frac{2}{99} (9bx^2+11ax)Ax^{7/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/143*(11*b*x^2 + 13*a*x)*B*x^(9/2) + 2/99*(9*b*x^2 + 11*a*x)*A*x^(7/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2}{13} Bbx^{13/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{11} Bax^{11/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{11} Abx^{11/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{9} Aax^{9/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/13*B*b*x^(13/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/11*B*a*x^(11/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/11*A*b*x^(11/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/9*A*a*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \int x^{7/2}\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}(A+Bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x), x)`output `int(x^(7/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^4(99b^2x^2 + 234abx + 143a^2)}{1287}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**4*(143*a**2 + 234*a*b*x + 99*b**2*x**2))/1287`

3.412 $\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result	3233
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3233
Rubi [A] (verified)	3234
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3235
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3236
Sympy [F(-1)]	3236
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3237
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3237
Mupad [F(-1)]	3237
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3238

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2aAx^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7(a + bx)} + \frac{2(Ab + aB)x^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{9(a + bx)} + \frac{2bBx^{11/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{11(a + bx)}$$

output

$2*a*A*x^{(7/2)}*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(7*b*x+7*a)+2*(A*b+B*a)*x^{(9/2)}*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(9*b*x+9*a)+2*b*B*x^{(11/2)}*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(11*b*x+11*a)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2x^{7/2}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(99aA + 77Abx + 77aBx + 63bBx^2)}{693(a + bx)}$$

input

`Integrate[x^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]`

output

$$(2*x^{(7/2)}*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(99*a*A + 77*A*b*x + 77*a*B*x + 63*b*B*x^2))/(693*(a + b*x))$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{5/2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} (A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int bx^{5/2} (a + bx) (A + Bx) dx}{b(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x^{5/2} (a + bx) (A + Bx) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (bBx^{9/2} + (Ab + aB)x^{7/2} + aAx^{5/2}) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} (\frac{2}{9}x^{9/2}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{7}aAx^{7/2} + \frac{2}{11}bBx^{11/2})}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(5/2)}*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]$$

output

$$(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((2*a*A*x^{(7/2)})/7 + (2*(A*b + a*B)*x^{(9/2)})/9 + (2*b*B*x^{(11/2)})/11))/(a + b*x)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \operatorname{csgn}(bx+a)x^{\frac{7}{2}}(63Bbx^2+77Abx+77Bax+99Aa)}{693}$	34
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(63Bbx^2+77Abx+77Bax+99Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{693(bx+a)}$	44
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(63Bbx^2+77Abx+77Bax+99Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{693(bx+a)}$	44
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(63Bbx^2+77Abx+77Bax+99Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{693(bx+a)}$	44

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/693*csgn(b*x+a)*x^(7/2)*(63*B*b*x^2+77*A*b*x+77*B*a*x+99*A*a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2}{693} (63 Bbx^5 + 99 Aax^3 + 77 (Ba + Ab)x^4)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/693*(63*B*b*x^5 + 99*A*a*x^3 + 77*(B*a + A*b)*x^4)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2}{99}(9bx^2+11ax)Bx^{7/2} + \frac{2}{63}(7bx^2+9ax)Ax^{5/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/99*(9*b*x^2 + 11*a*x)*B*x^(7/2) + 2/63*(7*b*x^2 + 9*a*x)*A*x^(5/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2}{11}Bbx^{11/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{9}Bax^{9/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{9}Abx^{9/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{7}Aax^{7/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/11*B*b*x^(11/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/9*B*a*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/9*A*b*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/7*A*a*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \int x^{5/2}\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}(A+Bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x), x)`output `int(x^(5/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^3(63b^2x^2 + 154abx + 99a^2)}{693}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**3*(99*a**2 + 154*a*b*x + 63*b**2*x**2))/693`

3.413 $\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result	3239
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3239
Rubi [A] (verified)	3240
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3241
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3242
Sympy [F(-1)]	3242
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3243
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3243
Mupad [F(-1)]	3243
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3244

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2aAx^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{5(a + bx)} + \frac{2(Ab + aB)x^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7(a + bx)} + \frac{2bBx^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{9(a + bx)}$$

output

```
2*a*A*x^(5/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x+5*a)+2*(A*b+B*a)*x^(7/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x+7*a)+2*b*B*x^(9/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(9*b*x+9*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2x^{5/2}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(9a(7A + 5Bx) + 5bx(9A + 7Bx))}}{315(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]
```

output

$$(2*x^{(5/2)}*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(9*a*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 5*b*x*(9*A + 7*B*x)))/(3*15*(a + b*x))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{3/2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} (A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int bx^{3/2} (a + bx) (A + Bx) dx}{b(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x^{3/2} (a + bx) (A + Bx) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (bBx^{7/2} + (Ab + aB)x^{5/2} + aAx^{3/2}) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{2}{7} x^{7/2} (aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{5} aAx^{5/2} + \frac{2}{9} bBx^{9/2} \right)}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(3/2)}*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]$$

output

$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{2aAx^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{2(Ab + aB)x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2bBx^{9/2}}{9} \right)}{a + bx} \right)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \operatorname{csgn}(bx+a)x^{\frac{5}{2}}(35Bbx^2+45Abx+45Bax+63Aa)}{315}$	34
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(35Bbx^2+45Abx+45Bax+63Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{315(bx+a)}$	44
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(35Bbx^2+45Abx+45Bax+63Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{315(bx+a)}$	44
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(35Bbx^2+45Abx+45Bax+63Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{315(bx+a)}$	44

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/315*csgn(b*x+a)*x^(5/2)*(35*B*b*x^2+45*A*b*x+45*B*a*x+63*A*a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2}{315} (35 Bbx^4 + 63 Aax^2 + 45 (Ba + Ab)x^3)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/315*(35*B*b*x^4 + 63*A*a*x^2 + 45*(B*a + A*b)*x^3)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2}{63}(7bx^2+9ax)Bx^{5/2} + \frac{2}{35}(5bx^2+7ax)Ax^{3/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/63*(7*b*x^2 + 9*a*x)*B*x^(5/2) + 2/35*(5*b*x^2 + 7*a*x)*A*x^(3/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2}{9}Bbx^{9/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{7}Bax^{7/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{7}Abx^{7/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{5}Aax^{5/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/9*B*b*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/7*B*a*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/7*A*b*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/5*A*a*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \int x^{3/2}\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}(A+Bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x), x)`

output `int(x^(3/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^2(35b^2x^2 + 90abx + 63a^2)}{315}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**2*(63*a**2 + 90*a*b*x + 35*b**2*x**2))/315`

3.414 $\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result	3245
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3245
Rubi [A] (verified)	3246
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3247
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3248
Sympy [F]	3248
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3249
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3249
Mupad [F(-1)]	3249
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3250

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2aAx^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{3(a + bx)} + \frac{2(Ab + aB)x^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{5(a + bx)} + \frac{2bBx^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7(a + bx)}$$

output

```
2*a*A*x^(3/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+2*(A*b+B*a)*x^(5/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x+5*a)+2*b*B*x^(7/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x+7*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2x^{3/2}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(7a(5A + 3Bx) + 3bx(7A + 5Bx))}}{105(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]
```

output

$$(2*x^{(3/2)}*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(7*a*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 3*b*x*(7*A + 5*B*x)))/(105*(a + b*x))$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{x} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1187$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int b\sqrt{x}(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx}{b(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx}{a + bx}$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (bBx^{5/2} + (Ab + aB)x^{3/2} + aA\sqrt{x}) dx}{a + bx}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} (\frac{2}{5}x^{5/2}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{3}aAx^{3/2} + \frac{2}{7}bBx^{7/2})}{a + bx}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[x]*(A + B*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]$$

output

$$(\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((2*a*A*x^{(3/2)})/3 + (2*(A*b + a*B)*x^{(5/2)})/5 + (2*b*B*x^{(7/2)})/7))/(a + b*x)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \operatorname{csgn}(bx+a)x^{\frac{3}{2}}(15Bbx^2+21Abx+21Bax+35Aa)}{105}$	34
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(15Bbx^2+21Abx+21Bax+35Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{105(bx+a)}$	44
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(15Bbx^2+21Abx+21Bax+35Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{105(bx+a)}$	44
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(15Bbx^2+21Abx+21Bax+35Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{105(bx+a)}$	44

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/105*csgn(b*x+a)*x^(3/2)*(15*B*b*x^2+21*A*b*x+21*B*a*x+35*A*a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.25

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2}{105} (15 Bbx^3 + 35 Aax + 21 (Ba + Ab)x^2) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/105*(15*B*b*x^3 + 35*A*a*x + 21*(B*a + A*b)*x^2)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx) \sqrt{(a+bx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x)*(A + B*x)*sqrt((a + b*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2}{35} (5bx^2+7ax)Bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{2}{15} (3bx^2+5ax)A\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/35*(5*b*x^2 + 7*a*x)*B*x^(3/2) + 2/15*(3*b*x^2 + 5*a*x)*A*sqrt(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2}{7} Bbx^{\frac{7}{2}}\text{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{5} Bax^{\frac{5}{2}}\text{sgn}(bx+a) \\ + \frac{2}{5} Abx^{\frac{5}{2}}\text{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{3} Aax^{\frac{3}{2}}\text{sgn}(bx+a)$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/7*B*b*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/5*B*a*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/5*A*b*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/3*A*a*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}(A+Bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x), x)`output `int(x^(1/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x(15b^2x^2 + 42abx + 35a^2)}{105}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x*(35*a**2 + 42*a*b*x + 15*b**2*x**2))/105`

3.415 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result	3251
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3251
Rubi [A] (verified)	3252
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3253
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3254
Sympy [F]	3254
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3255
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3255
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3255
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3256

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2aA\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{a + bx} + \frac{2(Ab + aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{3(a + bx)} + \frac{2bBx^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{5(a + bx)}$$

output

```
2*a*A*x^(1/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+2*(A*b+B*a)*x^(3/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+2*b*B*x^(5/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x+5*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(5a(3A + Bx) + bx(5A + 3Bx))}}{15(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/Sqrt[x], x]
```


output

$$(2*\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2]*(5*a*(3*A + B*x) + b*x*(5*A + 3*B*x)))/(15*(a + b*x))$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{b(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(bBx^{3/2} + (Ab + aB)\sqrt{x} + \frac{aA}{\sqrt{x}} \right) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{2}{3}x^{3/2}(aB + Ab) + 2aA\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{5}bBx^{5/2} \right)}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[x], x]$$

output

$$(\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*(2*a*A*\text{Sqrt}[x] + (2*(A*b + a*B)*x^{(3/2)})/3 + (2*b*B*x^{(5/2)})/5))/(a + b*x)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \operatorname{csgn}(bx+a)\sqrt{x} (3Bbx^2+5Abx+5Bax+15Aa)}{15}$	34
gosper	$\frac{2\sqrt{x} (3Bbx^2+5Abx+5Bax+15Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{15(bx+a)}$	44
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x} (3Bbx^2+5Abx+5Bax+15Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{15(bx+a)}$	44
orering	$\frac{2\sqrt{x} (3Bbx^2+5Abx+5Bax+15Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{15(bx+a)}$	44

input `int((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/15*csgn(b*x+a)*x^(1/2)*(3*B*b*x^2+5*A*b*x+5*B*a*x+15*A*a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{15} (3 Bbx^2 + 15 Aa + 5 (Ba + Ab)x)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(3*B*b*x^2 + 15*A*a + 5*(B*a + A*b)*x)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2)/x**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*sqrt((a + b*x)**2)/sqrt(x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{15} (3bx^2 + 5ax)B\sqrt{x} + \frac{2(bx^2 + 3ax)A}{3\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/15*(3*b*x^2 + 5*a*x)*B*sqrt(x) + 2/3*(b*x^2 + 3*a*x)*A/sqrt(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{5} Bbx^{\frac{5}{2}}\text{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{2}{3} Bax^{\frac{3}{2}}\text{sgn}(bx + a) \\ + \frac{2}{3} Abx^{\frac{3}{2}}\text{sgn}(bx + a) + 2Aa\sqrt{x}\text{sgn}(bx + a)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/5*B*b*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/3*B*a*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/3*A*b*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2*A*a*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 11.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2} \left(\frac{2Bx^3}{5} + \frac{x^2(10Ab + 10Ba)}{15b} + \frac{2Aax}{b} \right)}{x^{3/2} + \frac{a\sqrt{x}}{b}}$$

input `int((((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(1/2),x)`

output $\frac{((a + bx)^2)^{1/2} * ((2Bx^3)/5 + (x^2 * (10Ab + 10Ba)) / (15b) + (2Ax + a)/b)}{(x^{3/2} + (ax^{1/2})/b)}$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(3b^2x^2 + 10abx + 15a^2)}{15}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x)`

output $(2*\text{sqrt}(x)*(15*a**2 + 10*a*b*x + 3*b**2*x**2))/15$

3.416 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3257
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3257
Rubi [A] (verified)	3258
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3259
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3260
Sympy [F]	3260
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3261
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3261
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3261
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3262

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2aA\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} + \frac{2(Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{2bBx^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3(a+bx)}$$

output `-2*a*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+2*(A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+2*b*B*x^(3/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}(3aA-3Abx-3aBx-bBx^2)}{3\sqrt{x}(a+bx)}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*Sqrt[a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2])/x^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[(a+b*x)^2]*(3*a*A-3*A*b*x-3*a*B*x-b*B*x^2))/(3*Sqrt[x]*(a+b*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx}{b(a+bx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx}{a+bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{aA}{x^{3/2}} + bB\sqrt{x} + \frac{Ab+aB}{\sqrt{x}} \right) dx}{a+bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(2\sqrt{x}(aB + Ab) - \frac{2aA}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{3}bBx^{3/2} \right)}{a+bx}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/x^(3/2), x]`

output `(((-2*a*A)/Sqrt[x] + 2*(A*b + a*B)*Sqrt[x] + (2*b*B*x^(3/2))/3)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/(a + b*x)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2 \operatorname{csgn}(bx+a)(-Bbx^2-3Abx-3Bax+3Aa)}{3\sqrt{x}}$	34
gospers	$-\frac{2(-Bbx^2-3Abx-3Bax+3Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{3\sqrt{x}(bx+a)}$	44
risch	$-\frac{2(-Bbx^2-3Abx-3Bax+3Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{3\sqrt{x}(bx+a)}$	44
orering	$-\frac{2(-Bbx^2-3Abx-3Bax+3Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{3\sqrt{x}(bx+a)}$	44

input `int((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3*csgn(b*x+a)*(-B*b*x^2-3*A*b*x-3*B*a*x+3*A*a)/x^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bbx^2 - 3Aa + 3(Ba + Ab)x)}{3\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(B*b*x^2 - 3*A*a + 3*(B*a + A*b)*x)/sqrt(x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2)/x**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*sqrt((a + b*x)**2)/x**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(bx^2 + 3ax)B}{3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2(bx^2 - ax)A}{x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(b*x^2 + 3*a*x)*B/sqrt(x) + 2*(b*x^2 - a*x)*A/x^(3/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} Bbx^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2Ba\sqrt{x} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2Ab\sqrt{x} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - \frac{2Aa \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*B*b*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2*B*a*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2*A*b*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a) - 2*A*a*sgn(b*x + a)/sqrt(x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2} \left(\frac{2Bx^2}{3} - \frac{2Aa}{b} + \frac{x(6Ab + 6Ba)}{3b} \right)}{x^{3/2} + \frac{a\sqrt{x}}{b}}$$

input `int((((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(3/2),x)`

output
$$\frac{((a + bx)^2)^{1/2} * ((2Bx^2)/3 - (2Aa)/b + (x(6Ab + 6Ba))/(3b))}{(x^{3/2} + (ax^{1/2})/b)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{3}b^2x^2 + 4abx - 2a^2}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input
$$\text{int}((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/x^{(3/2)},x)$$

output
$$(2*(-3*a**2 + 6*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))/(3*\text{sqrt}(x))$$

3.417 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3263
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3263
Rubi [A] (verified)	3264
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3265
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3266
Sympy [F(-1)]	3266
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3267
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3267
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3267
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3268

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2aA\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3x^{3/2}(a+bx)} - \frac{2(Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} + \frac{2bB\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx}$$

output

$-2/3*a*A*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/x^{(3/2)}/(b*x+a)-2*(A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/x^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)+2*b*B*x^{(1/2)}*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}(3bx(A-Bx)+a(A+3Bx))}{3x^{3/2}(a+bx)}$$

input

`Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/x^(5/2), x]`

output

$(-2*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2]*(3*b*x*(A - B*x) + a*(A + 3*B*x)))/(3*x^{(3/2)}*(a + b*x))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx}{b(a + bx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx}{a + bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{aA}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{bB}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{Ab+aB}{x^{3/2}} \right) dx}{a + bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{2(aB+Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2aA}{3x^{3/2}} + 2bB\sqrt{x} \right)}{a + bx}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/x^(5/2), x]`

output `(((-2*a*A)/(3*x^(3/2)) - (2*(A*b + a*B))/Sqrt[x] + 2*b*B*Sqrt[x])*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2 \operatorname{csgn}(bx+a)(-3Bbx^2+3Abx+3Bax+Aa)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	33
gospers	$-\frac{2(-3Bbx^2+3Abx+3Bax+Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx+a)}$	43
risch	$-\frac{2(-3Bbx^2+3Abx+3Bax+Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx+a)}$	43
orering	$-\frac{2(-3Bbx^2+3Abx+3Bax+Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx+a)}$	43

input `int((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3*csqn(b*x+a)*(-3*B*b*x^2+3*A*b*x+3*B*a*x+A*a)/x^(3/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3Bbx^2 - Aa - 3(Ba + Ab)x)}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(3*B*b*x^2 - A*a - 3*(B*a + A*b)*x)/x^(3/2)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2)/x**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(bx^2 - ax)B}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{2(3bx^2 + ax)A}{3x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(b*x^2 - a*x)*B/x^(3/2) - 2/3*(3*b*x^2 + a*x)*A/x^(5/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = 2Bb\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - \frac{2(3Bax\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 3Abx\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Aa\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*B*b*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a) - 2/3*(3*B*a*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 3*A*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + A*a*sgn(b*x + a))/x^(3/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2} \left(\frac{2Aa}{3b} - 2Bx^2 + \frac{x(6Ab + 6Ba)}{3b} \right)}{x^{5/2} + \frac{ax^{3/2}}{b}}$$

input `int((((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(5/2),x)`

output

```
-(((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*((2*A*a)/(3*b) - 2*B*x^2 + (x*(6*A*b + 6*B*a))/(3*b)))/(x^(5/2) + (a*x^(3/2))/b)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2b^2x^2 - 4abx - \frac{2}{3}a^2}{\sqrt{x}x}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*( - a**2 - 6*a*b*x + 3*b**2*x**2))/(3*sqrt(x)*x)
```

3.418 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3269
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3269
Rubi [A] (verified)	3270
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3271
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3272
Sympy [F(-1)]	3272
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3273
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3273
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3273
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3274

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2aA\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{5x^{5/2}(a+bx)} - \frac{2(Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3x^{3/2}(a+bx)} - \frac{2bB\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)}$$

output `-2/5*a*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)-2/3*(A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)-2*b*B*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{(a+bx)^2(3aA+5Abx+5aBx+15bBx^2)}}{15x^{5/2}(a+bx)}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/x^(7/2),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(3*a*A + 5*A*b*x + 5*a*B*x + 15*b*B*x^2))/(15*x^(5/2)*(a + b*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx}{b(a+bx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx}{a+bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{aA}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{bB}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{Ab+aB}{x^{5/2}} \right) dx}{a+bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{2(aB+Ab)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2aA}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2bB}{\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a+bx}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/x^(7/2), x]`

output `(((-2*a*A)/(5*x^(5/2)) - (2*(A*b + a*B))/(3*x^(3/2)) - (2*b*B)/Sqrt[x])*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/(a + b*x)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2 \operatorname{csgn}(bx+a)(15Bbx^2+5Abx+5Bax+3Aa)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	34
gospers	$-\frac{2(15Bbx^2+5Abx+5Bax+3Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}(bx+a)}$	44
risch	$-\frac{2(15Bbx^2+5Abx+5Bax+3Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}(bx+a)}$	44
orering	$-\frac{2(15Bbx^2+5Abx+5Bax+3Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}(bx+a)}$	44

input `int((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/15*csqn(b*x+a)*(15*B*b*x^2+5*A*b*x+5*B*a*x+3*A*a)/x^(5/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(15 Bbx^2 + 3 Aa + 5 (Ba + Ab)x)}{15 x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/15*(15*B*b*x^2 + 3*A*a + 5*(B*a + A*b)*x)/x^(5/2)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2)/x**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3bx^2 + ax)B}{3x^{5/2}} - \frac{2(5bx^2 + 3ax)A}{15x^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2/3*(3*b*x^2 + a*x)*B/x^(5/2) - 2/15*(5*b*x^2 + 3*a*x)*A/x^(7/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(15Bbx^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 5Bax\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 5Abx\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 3Aa\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a))}{15x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2/15*(15*B*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 5*B*a*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 5*A*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 3*A*a*sgn(b*x + a))/x^(5/2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2} \left(2Bx^2 + \frac{2Aa}{5b} + \frac{x(10Ab + 10Ba)}{15b} \right)}{x^{7/2} + \frac{ax^{5/2}}{b}}$$

input `int((((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(7/2),x)`

output

$$-\left(\frac{(a + bx)^2}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{(2Bx^2 + (2Aa)/(5b) + (x(10Ab + 10Ba))/(15b))}{(a^2x^{5/2})/b}\right)$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-2b^2x^2 - \frac{4}{3}abx - \frac{2}{5}a^2}{\sqrt{x}x^2}$$

input

$$\text{int}((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/x^{(7/2)}, x)$$

output

$$(2*(-3*a**2 - 10*a*b*x - 15*b**2*x**2))/(15*sqrt(x)*x**2)$$

3.419 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3275
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3275
Rubi [A] (verified)	3276
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3277
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3278
Sympy [F(-1)]	3278
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3279
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3279
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3279
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3280

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2aA\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7x^{7/2}(a + bx)} - \frac{2(Ab + aB)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{5x^{5/2}(a + bx)} - \frac{2bB\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{3x^{3/2}(a + bx)}$$

output
$$-2/7*a*A*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/x^{(7/2)}/(b*x+a)-2/5*(A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/x^{(5/2)}/(b*x+a)-2/3*b*B*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/x^{(3/2)}/(b*x+a)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(15aA + 21Abx + 21aBx + 35bBx^2)}{105x^{7/2}(a + bx)}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/x^(9/2),x]`

output
$$(-2*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x)^2]*(15*a*A + 21*A*b*x + 21*a*B*x + 35*b*B*x^2))/(105*x^{(7/2)}*(a + b*x))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}(A + Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx}{b(a+bx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx}{a+bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{aA}{x^{9/2}} + \frac{bB}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{Ab+aB}{x^{7/2}} \right) dx}{a+bx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{2(aB+Ab)}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2aA}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{2bB}{3x^{3/2}} \right)}{a+bx}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/x^(9/2),x]`

output `((((-2*a*A)/(7*x^(7/2)) - (2*(A*b + a*B))/(5*x^(5/2)) - (2*b*B)/(3*x^(3/2)))*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/(a + b*x)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2 \operatorname{csgn}(bx+a)(35Bbx^2+21Abx+21Bax+15Aa)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	34
gospers	$-\frac{2(35Bbx^2+21Abx+21Bax+15Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}(bx+a)}$	44
risch	$-\frac{2(35Bbx^2+21Abx+21Bax+15Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}(bx+a)}$	44
orering	$-\frac{2(35Bbx^2+21Abx+21Bax+15Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}(bx+a)}$	44

input `int((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/105*csgn(b*x+a)*(35*B*b*x^2+21*A*b*x+21*B*a*x+15*A*a)/x^(7/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2(35 Bbx^2 + 15 Aa + 21 (Ba + Ab)x)}{105 x^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/105*(35*B*b*x^2 + 15*A*a + 21*(B*a + A*b)*x)/x^(7/2)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2)/x**(9/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2(5bx^2 + 3ax)B}{15x^{7/2}} - \frac{2(7bx^2 + 5ax)A}{35x^{9/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/15*(5*b*x^2 + 3*a*x)*B/x^(7/2) - 2/35*(7*b*x^2 + 5*a*x)*A/x^(9/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(35Bbx^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 21Bax\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 21Abx\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 15A\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))}{105x^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/105*(35*B*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 21*B*a*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 21*A*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 15*A*a*sgn(b*x + a))/x^(7/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2} \left(\frac{2Bx^2}{3} + \frac{2Aa}{7b} + \frac{x(42Ab + 42Ba)}{105b} \right)}{x^{9/2} + \frac{ax^{7/2}}{b}}$$

input `int((((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(9/2),x)`

output
$$-\left(\frac{(a + bx)^{1/2} \left(\frac{2Bx^2}{3} + \frac{2Aa}{7b} + \frac{x(42Ab + 42Ba)}{105b} \right)}{x^{9/2} + (ax^{7/2})/b} \right)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2}{3}b^2x^2 - \frac{4}{5}abx - \frac{2}{7}a^2}{\sqrt{x}x^3}$$

input
$$\text{int}((B*x+A)*((b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/x^{(9/2)}, x)$$

output
$$(2*(-15*a**2 - 42*a*b*x - 35*b**2*x**2))/(105*sqrt(x)*x**3)$$

3.420 $\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3281
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3282
Rubi [A] (verified)	3282
Maple [A] (verified)	3284
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3284
Sympy [F(-1)]	3285
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3285
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3286
Mupad [F(-1)]	3286
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3287

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 220

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2a^3Ax^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{9(a + bx)} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{11/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{11(a + bx)} + \frac{6ab(Ab + aB)x^{13/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{13(a + bx)} + \frac{2b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{15/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{15(a + bx)} + \frac{2b^3Bx^{17/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{17(a + bx)}$$

output

```
2*a^3*A*x^(9/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(9*b*x+9*a)+2*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^(11/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(11*b*x+11*a)+6*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^(13/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(13*b*x+13*a)+2*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(15/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(15*b*x+15*a)+b^3*B*x^(17/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(17*b*x+17*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2x^{9/2}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(1105a^3(11A + 9Bx) + 2295a^2bx(13A + 11Bx) + 1683ab^2x^2(15A + 13Bx) + 429b^3x^3(17A + 15Bx))}{109395(a + bx)}$$

input `Integrate[x^(7/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*x^(9/2)*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(1105*a^3*(11*A + 9*B*x) + 2295*a^2*b*x*(13*A + 11*B*x) + 1683*a*b^2*x^2*(15*A + 13*B*x) + 429*b^3*x^3*(17*A + 15*B*x)))/(109395*(a + b*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{7/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int b^3x^{7/2}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx}{b^3(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x^{7/2}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (b^3 Bx^{15/2} + b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{13/2} + 3ab(Ab + aB)x^{11/2} + a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{9/2} + a^3 Ax^{7/2}) dx}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{2}{9} a^3 Ax^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11} a^2 x^{11/2} (aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{15} b^2 x^{15/2} (3aB + Ab) + \frac{6}{13} abx^{13/2} (aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{17} b^3 Bx^{17/2} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[x^(7/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((2*a^3*A*x^(9/2))/9 + (2*a^2*(3*A*b + a*B)*x^(11/2))/11 + (6*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^(13/2))/13 + (2*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^(15/2))/15 + (2*b^3*B*x^(17/2))/17))/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}} (6435Bb^3x^4 + 7293Ab^3x^3 + 21879Bab^2x^3 + 25245Aab^2x^2 + 25245Ba^2bx^2 + 29835Aa^2bx + 9945Ba^3x + 12155a^3A) ((bx+a)^2)}{109395(bx+a)^3}$
default	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}} (6435Bb^3x^4 + 7293Ab^3x^3 + 21879Bab^2x^3 + 25245Aab^2x^2 + 25245Ba^2bx^2 + 29835Aa^2bx + 9945Ba^3x + 12155a^3A) ((bx+a)^2)}{109395(bx+a)^3}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} x^{\frac{9}{2}} (6435Bb^3x^4 + 7293Ab^3x^3 + 21879Bab^2x^3 + 25245Aab^2x^2 + 25245Ba^2bx^2 + 29835Aa^2bx + 9945Ba^3x + 12155a^3A)}{109395(bx+a)}$
orering	$\frac{2(6435Bb^3x^4 + 7293Ab^3x^3 + 21879Bab^2x^3 + 25245Aab^2x^2 + 25245Ba^2bx^2 + 29835Aa^2bx + 9945Ba^3x + 12155a^3A)x^{\frac{9}{2}} (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}{109395(bx+a)^3}$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{109395}x^{\frac{9}{2}}(6435Bb^3x^4 + 7293Ab^3x^3 + 21879Bab^2x^3 + 25245Aab^2x^2 + 25245Ba^2bx^2 + 29835Aa^2bx + 9945Ba^3x + 12155a^3A) \cdot ((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} / (bx+a)^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{109395} (6435Bb^3x^8 + 12155Aa^3x^4 + 7293(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^7 + 25245(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^6 +$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2}{109395}(6435Bb^3x^8 + 12155Aa^3x^4 + 7293(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^7 + 25245(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^6 + 9945(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x^5) \cdot \text{sqrt}(x)$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{6435} \left(33(13b^3x^2+15ab^2x)x^{11/2} + 90(11ab^2x^2+13a^2bx)x^{9/2} + 65(9a^2bx^2+11a^3x)x^{7/2} \right) A + \frac{2}{36465} \left(143(15b^3x^2+17ab^2x)x^{13/2} + 374(13ab^2x^2+15a^2bx)x^{11/2} + 255(11a^2bx^2+13a^3x)x^{9/2} \right) B$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/6435*(33*(13*b^3*x^2 + 15*a*b^2*x)*x^(11/2) + 90*(11*a*b^2*x^2 + 13*a^2*b*x)*x^(9/2) + 65*(9*a^2*b*x^2 + 11*a^3*x)*x^(7/2))*A + 2/36465*(143*(15*b^3*x^2 + 17*a*b^2*x)*x^(13/2) + 374*(13*a*b^2*x^2 + 15*a^2*b*x)*x^(11/2) + 255*(11*a^2*b*x^2 + 13*a^3*x)*x^(9/2))*B`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{17} Bb^3x^{17/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) \\ + \frac{2}{5} Bab^2x^{15/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{15} Ab^3x^{15/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) \\ + \frac{6}{13} Ba^2bx^{13/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{6}{13} Aab^2x^{13/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) \\ + \frac{2}{11} Ba^3x^{11/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{6}{11} Aa^2bx^{11/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{9} Aa^3x^{9/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/17*B*b^3*x^(17/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/5*B*a*b^2*x^(15/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/15*A*b^3*x^(15/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 6/13*B*a^2*b*x^(13/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 6/13*A*a*b^2*x^(13/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/11*B*a^3*x^(11/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 6/11*A*a^2*b*x^(11/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/9*A*a^3*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^4(6435b^4x^4 + 29172ab^3x^3 + 50490a^2b^2x^2 + 39780a^3bx + 12155a^4)}{109395}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**4*(12155*a**4 + 39780*a**3*b*x + 50490*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 29172*a*b**3*x**3 + 6435*b**4*x**4))/109395`

3.421 $\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3288
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3289
Rubi [A] (verified)	3289
Maple [A] (verified)	3291
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3291
Sympy [F]	3292
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3292
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3293
Mupad [F(-1)]	3293
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3294

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 220

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2a^3Ax^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7(a + bx)} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{9(a + bx)} + \frac{6ab(Ab + aB)x^{11/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{11(a + bx)} + \frac{2b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{13/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{13(a + bx)} + \frac{2b^3Bx^{15/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{15(a + bx)}$$

output

```
2*a^3*A*x^(7/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x+7*a)+2*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^(9/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(9*b*x+9*a)+6*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^(11/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(11*b*x+11*a)+2*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(13/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(13*b*x+13*a)+2*b^3*B*x^(15/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(15*b*x+15*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2x^{7/2}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(715a^3(9A + 7Bx) + 1365a^2bx(11A + 9Bx) + 945ab^2x^2(13A + 11Bx) + 231b^3x^3(15A + 13Bx))}}{45045(a + bx)}$$

input `Integrate[x^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*x^(7/2)*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(715*a^3*(9*A + 7*B*x) + 1365*a^2*b*x*(11*A + 9*B*x) + 945*a*b^2*x^2*(13*A + 11*B*x) + 231*b^3*x^3*(15*A + 13*B*x)))/(45045*(a + b*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{5/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int b^3x^{5/2}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx}{b^3(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x^{5/2}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (b^3 Bx^{13/2} + b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{11/2} + 3ab(Ab + aB)x^{9/2} + a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{7/2} + a^3 Ax^{5/2}) dx}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{2}{7} a^3 Ax^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9} a^2 x^{9/2} (aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{13} b^2 x^{13/2} (3aB + Ab) + \frac{6}{11} abx^{11/2} (aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{15} b^3 Bx^{15/2} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[x^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((2*a^3*A*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*a^2*(3*A*b + a*B)*x^(9/2))/9 + (6*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^(11/2))/11 + (2*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^(13/2))/13 + (2*b^3*B*x^(15/2))/15))/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}} (3003Bb^3x^4 + 3465Ab^3x^3 + 10395Ba^2b^2x^3 + 12285Aa^2b^2x^2 + 12285Ba^2bx^2 + 15015Aa^2bx + 5005Ba^3x + 6435a^3A) ((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{45045(bx+a)^3}$
default	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}} (3003Bb^3x^4 + 3465Ab^3x^3 + 10395Ba^2b^2x^3 + 12285Aa^2b^2x^2 + 12285Ba^2bx^2 + 15015Aa^2bx + 5005Ba^3x + 6435a^3A) ((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{45045(bx+a)^3}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} x^{\frac{7}{2}} (3003Bb^3x^4 + 3465Ab^3x^3 + 10395Ba^2b^2x^3 + 12285Aa^2b^2x^2 + 12285Ba^2bx^2 + 15015Aa^2bx + 5005Ba^3x + 6435a^3A)}{45045(bx+a)}$
orering	$\frac{2(3003Bb^3x^4 + 3465Ab^3x^3 + 10395Ba^2b^2x^3 + 12285Aa^2b^2x^2 + 12285Ba^2bx^2 + 15015Aa^2bx + 5005Ba^3x + 6435a^3A)x^{\frac{7}{2}}(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{45045(bx+a)^3}$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{45045}x^{7/2}*(3003*B*b^3*x^4+3465*A*b^3*x^3+10395*B*a*b^2*x^3+12285*A*a*b^2*x^2+12285*B*a^2*b*x^2+15015*A*a^2*b*x+5005*B*a^3*x+6435*A*a^3)*((b*x+a)^2)^{3/2}/(b*x+a)^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{45045} (3003Bb^3x^7 + 6435Aa^3x^3 + 3465(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^6 + 12285(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^5 + 5005(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x^4) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2}{45045}*(3003*B*b^3*x^7 + 6435*A*a^3*x^3 + 3465*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^6 + 12285*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^5 + 5005*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^4)*\text{sqrt}(x)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)((a+bx)^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**(5/2)*(A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{9009} \left(63(11b^3x^2+13ab^2x)x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 182(9ab^2x^2+11a^2bx)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 143(7a^2bx^2+9a^3x)x^{\frac{5}{2}} \right) A + \frac{2}{6435} \left(33(13b^3x^2+15ab^2x)x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 90(11ab^2x^2+13a^2bx)x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 65(9a^2bx^2+11a^3x)x^{\frac{7}{2}} \right) B$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/9009*(63*(11*b^3*x^2 + 13*a*b^2*x)*x^(9/2) + 182*(9*a*b^2*x^2 + 11*a^2*b*x)*x^(7/2) + 143*(7*a^2*b*x^2 + 9*a^3*x)*x^(5/2))*A + 2/6435*(33*(13*b^3*x^2 + 15*a*b^2*x)*x^(11/2) + 90*(11*a*b^2*x^2 + 13*a^2*b*x)*x^(9/2) + 65*(9*a^2*b*x^2 + 11*a^3*x)*x^(7/2))*B`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{15} Bb^3x^{15/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) \\ + \frac{6}{13} Bab^2x^{13/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{13} Ab^3x^{13/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) \\ + \frac{6}{11} Ba^2bx^{11/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{6}{11} Aab^2x^{11/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) \\ + \frac{2}{9} Ba^3x^{9/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{3} Aa^2bx^{9/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{7} Aa^3x^{7/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/15*B*b^3*x^(15/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 6/13*B*a*b^2*x^(13/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/13*A*b^3*x^(13/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 6/11*B*a^2*b*x^(11/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 6/11*A*a*b^2*x^(11/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/9*B*a^3*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/3*A*a^2*b*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/7*A*a^3*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^3(3003b^4x^4 + 13860ab^3x^3 + 24570a^2b^2x^2 + 20020a^3bx + 6435a^4)}{45045}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**3*(6435*a**4 + 20020*a**3*b*x + 24570*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 13860*a*b**3*x**3 + 3003*b**4*x**4))/45045`

3.422 $\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3295
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3296
Rubi [A] (verified)	3296
Maple [A] (verified)	3298
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3298
Sympy [F]	3299
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3299
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3300
Mupad [F(-1)]	3300
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3301

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 220

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2a^3Ax^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{5(a + bx)} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7(a + bx)} + \frac{2ab(Ab + aB)x^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{3(a + bx)} + \frac{2b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{11/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{11(a + bx)} + \frac{2b^3Bx^{13/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{13(a + bx)}$$

output

```
2*a^3*A*x^(5/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x+5*a)+2*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^(7/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x+7*a)+2*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^(9/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+2*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(11/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(11*b*x+11*a)+2*b^3*B*x^(13/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(13*b*x+13*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2x^{5/2}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(429a^3(7A + 5Bx) + 715a^2bx(9A + 7Bx) + 455ab^2x^2(11A + 9Bx) + 105b^3x^3(13A + 11Bx))}{15015(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*x^(5/2)*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(429*a^3*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 715*a^2*b*x*(9*A + 7*B*x) + 455*a*b^2*x^2*(11*A + 9*B*x) + 105*b^3*x^3*(13*A + 11*B*x)))/(15015*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{3/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int b^3x^{3/2}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx}{b^3(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (b^3 Bx^{11/2} + b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{9/2} + 3ab(Ab + aB)x^{7/2} + a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{5/2} + a^3Ax^{3/2}) dx}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{2}{5}a^3Ax^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}a^2x^{7/2}(aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{11}b^2x^{11/2}(3aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{3}abx^{9/2}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{13}b^3Bx^{13/2} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((2*a^3*A*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*a^2*(3*A*b + a*B)*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^(9/2))/3 + (2*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^(11/2))/11 + (2*b^3*B*x^(13/2))/13))/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}} (1155Bb^3x^4 + 1365A b^3x^3 + 4095Ba b^2x^3 + 5005Aa b^2x^2 + 5005B a^2b x^2 + 6435A a^2bx + 2145B a^3x + 3003a^3A) ((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15015(bx+a)^3}$
default	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}} (1155Bb^3x^4 + 1365A b^3x^3 + 4095Ba b^2x^3 + 5005Aa b^2x^2 + 5005B a^2b x^2 + 6435A a^2bx + 2145B a^3x + 3003a^3A) ((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15015(bx+a)^3}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} x^{\frac{5}{2}} (1155Bb^3x^4 + 1365A b^3x^3 + 4095Ba b^2x^3 + 5005Aa b^2x^2 + 5005B a^2b x^2 + 6435A a^2bx + 2145B a^3x + 3003a^3A)}{15015(bx+a)}$
orering	$\frac{2(1155Bb^3x^4 + 1365A b^3x^3 + 4095Ba b^2x^3 + 5005Aa b^2x^2 + 5005B a^2b x^2 + 6435A a^2bx + 2145B a^3x + 3003a^3A) x^{\frac{5}{2}} (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}{15015(bx+a)^3}$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{15015} x^{\frac{5}{2}} * (1155 * B * b^3 * x^4 + 1365 * A * b^3 * x^3 + 4095 * B * a * b^2 * x^3 + 5005 * A * a * b^2 * x^2 + 5005 * B * a^2 * b * x^2 + 6435 * A * a^2 * b * x + 2145 * B * a^3 * x + 3003 * A * a^3) * ((b * x + a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} / (b * x + a)^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int x^{3/2} (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{15015} (1155 B b^3 x^6 + 3003 A a^3 x^2 + 1365 (3 B a b^2 + A b^3) x^5 + 5005 (B a^2 b + A a b^2) x^4 + 2145 (B a^3 + 3 A a^2 b) x^3) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2}{15015} * (1155 * B * b^3 * x^6 + 3003 * A * a^3 * x^2 + 1365 * (3 * B * a * b^2 + A * b^3) * x^5 + 5005 * (B * a^2 * b + A * a * b^2) * x^4 + 2145 * (B * a^3 + 3 * A * a^2 * b) * x^3) * \text{sqrt}(x)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)((a+bx)^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**(3/2)*(A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{3465} \left(35(9b^3x^2+11ab^2x)x^{7/2} + 110(7ab^2x^2+9a^2bx)x^{5/2} + 99(5a^2bx^2+7a^3x)x^{3/2} \right) A + \frac{2}{9009} \left(63(11b^3x^2+13ab^2x)x^{9/2} + 182(9ab^2x^2+11a^2bx)x^{7/2} + 143(7a^2bx^2+9a^3x)x^{5/2} \right) B$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3465*(35*(9*b^3*x^2 + 11*a*b^2*x)*x^(7/2) + 110*(7*a*b^2*x^2 + 9*a^2*b*x)*x^(5/2) + 99*(5*a^2*b*x^2 + 7*a^3*x)*x^(3/2))*A + 2/9009*(63*(11*b^3*x^2 + 13*a*b^2*x)*x^(9/2) + 182*(9*a*b^2*x^2 + 11*a^2*b*x)*x^(7/2) + 143*(7*a^2*b*x^2 + 9*a^3*x)*x^(5/2))*B`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{13} Bb^3x^{13/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) \\ + \frac{6}{11} Bab^2x^{11/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{11} Ab^3x^{11/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) \\ + \frac{2}{3} Ba^2bx^{9/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{3} Aab^2x^{9/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) \\ + \frac{2}{7} Ba^3x^{7/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{6}{7} Aa^2bx^{7/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{5} Aa^3x^{5/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/13*B*b^3*x^(13/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 6/11*B*a*b^2*x^(11/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/11*A*b^3*x^(11/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/3*B*a^2*b*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/3*A*a*b^2*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/7*B*a^3*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 6/7*A*a^2*b*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/5*A*a^3*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^2(1155b^4x^4 + 5460ab^3x^3 + 10010a^2b^2x^2 + 8580a^3bx + 3003a^4)}{15015}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**2*(3003*a**4 + 8580*a**3*b*x + 10010*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 5460*a*b**3*x**3 + 1155*b**4*x**4))/15015`

3.423 $\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3302
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3303
Rubi [A] (verified)	3303
Maple [A] (verified)	3305
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3305
Sympy [F]	3306
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3306
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3307
Mupad [F(-1)]	3307
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3308

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 220

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2a^3 Ax^{3/2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{3(a + bx)} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{5/2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{5(a + bx)} + \frac{6ab(Ab + aB)x^{7/2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7(a + bx)} + \frac{2b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{9/2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{9(a + bx)} + \frac{2b^3 Bx^{11/2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{11(a + bx)}$$

output

```
2*a^3*A*x^(3/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+2*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^(5/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x+5*a)+6*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^(7/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x+7*a)+2*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(9/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(9*b*x+9*a)+2*b^3*B*x^(11/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(11*b*x+11*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2x^{3/2} \sqrt{(a + bx)^2} (231a^3(5A + 3Bx) + 297a^2bx(7A + 5Bx) + 165ab^2x^2(9A + 7Bx) + 35b^3) + 3465(a + bx)}{3465(a + bx)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*x^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(231*a^3*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 297*a^2*b*x*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 165*a*b^2*x^2*(9*A + 7*B*x) + 35*b^3*x^3*(11*A + 9*B*x)))/(3465*(a + b*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int b^3 \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^3 (A + Bx) dx}{b^3(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^3 (A + Bx) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (b^3 Bx^{9/2} + b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{7/2} + 3ab(Ab + aB)x^{5/2} + a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{3/2} + a^3 A\sqrt{x}) dx}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{2}{3} a^3 A x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5} a^2 x^{5/2} (aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{9} b^2 x^{9/2} (3aB + Ab) + \frac{6}{7} abx^{7/2} (aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{11} b^3 Bx^{11/2} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((2*a^3*A*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*a^2*(3*A*b + a*B)*x^(5/2))/5 + (6*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^(9/2))/9 + (2*b^3*B*x^(11/2))/11))/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}} (315Bb^3x^4 + 385Ab^3x^3 + 1155Bab^2x^3 + 1485Aab^2x^2 + 1485Ba^2bx^2 + 2079Aa^2bx + 693Ba^3x + 1155a^3A) ((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3465(bx+a)^3}$
default	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}} (315Bb^3x^4 + 385Ab^3x^3 + 1155Bab^2x^3 + 1485Aab^2x^2 + 1485Ba^2bx^2 + 2079Aa^2bx + 693Ba^3x + 1155a^3A) ((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3465(bx+a)^3}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} x^{\frac{3}{2}} (315Bb^3x^4 + 385Ab^3x^3 + 1155Bab^2x^3 + 1485Aab^2x^2 + 1485Ba^2bx^2 + 2079Aa^2bx + 693Ba^3x + 1155a^3A)}{3465(bx+a)}$
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}} (315Bb^3x^4 + 385Ab^3x^3 + 1155Bab^2x^3 + 1485Aab^2x^2 + 1485Ba^2bx^2 + 2079Aa^2bx + 693Ba^3x + 1155a^3A) (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3465(bx+a)^3}$

input

```
int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/3465*x^(3/2)*(315*B*b^3*x^4+385*A*b^3*x^3+1155*B*a*b^2*x^3+1485*A*a*b^2*x^2+1485*B*a^2*b*x^2+2079*A*a^2*b*x+693*B*a^3*x+1155*A*a^3)*((b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{3465} (315Bb^3x^5 + 1155Aa^3x + 385(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^4 + 1485(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^3 + 693(B$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/3465*(315*B*b^3*x^5 + 1155*A*a^3*x + 385*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^4 + 1485*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^3 + 693*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^2)*sqrt(x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)((a+bx)^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x)*(A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{315} \left(5(7b^3x^2+9ab^2x)x^{5/2} + 18(5ab^2x^2+7a^2bx)x^{3/2} + 21(3a^2bx^2+5a^3x)\sqrt{x} \right) A + \frac{2}{3465} \left(35(9b^3x^2+11ab^2x)x^{7/2} + 110(7ab^2x^2+9a^2bx)x^{5/2} + 99(5a^2bx^2+7a^3x)x^{3/2} \right) B$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/315*(5*(7*b^3*x^2 + 9*a*b^2*x)*x^(5/2) + 18*(5*a*b^2*x^2 + 7*a^2*b*x)*x^(3/2) + 21*(3*a^2*b*x^2 + 5*a^3*x)*sqrt(x))*A + 2/3465*(35*(9*b^3*x^2 + 11*a*b^2*x)*x^(7/2) + 110*(7*a*b^2*x^2 + 9*a^2*b*x)*x^(5/2) + 99*(5*a^2*b*x^2 + 7*a^3*x)*x^(3/2))*B`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{11} Bb^3x^{\frac{11}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) \\ + \frac{2}{3} Bab^2x^{\frac{9}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{9} Ab^3x^{\frac{9}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) \\ + \frac{6}{7} Ba^2bx^{\frac{7}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{6}{7} Aab^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) \\ + \frac{2}{5} Ba^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{6}{5} Aa^2bx^{\frac{5}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{3} Aa^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/11*B*b^3*x^(11/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/3*B*a*b^2*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/9*
A*b^3*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 6/7*B*a^2*b*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 6/7*A*a*b^2*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/5*B*a^3*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 6/5*A*a^2*b*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/3*A*a^3*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^(1/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x(315b^4x^4+1540ab^3x^3+2970a^2b^2x^2+2772a^3bx+1155a^4)}{3465}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x*(1155*a**4 + 2772*a**3*b*x + 2970*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 1540*a*b**3*x**3 + 315*b**4*x**4))/3465`

3.424
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	3309
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3310
Rubi [A] (verified)	3310
Maple [A] (verified)	3312
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3312
Sympy [F]	3313
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3313
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3314
Mupad [F(-1)]	3314
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3315

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 218

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2a^3A\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab+aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3(a+bx)} + \frac{6ab(Ab+aB)x^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{5(a+bx)} + \frac{2b^2(Ab+3aB)x^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{7(a+bx)} + \frac{2b^3Bx^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{9(a+bx)}$$

output

```
2*a^3*A*x^(1/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+2*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^(3/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+6*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^(5/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x+5*a)+2*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(7/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x+7*a)+2*b^3*B*x^(9/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(9*b*x+9*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(105a^3(3A + Bx) + 63a^2bx(5A + 3Bx) + 27ab^2x^2) + 315(a + bx)}{315(a + bx)}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/Sqrt[x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(105*a^3*(3*A + B*x) + 63*a^2*b*x*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 27*a*b^2*x^2*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 5*b^3*x^3*(9*A + 7*B*x)))/(315*(a + b*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^3(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{b^3(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(b^3Bx^{7/2} + b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{5/2} + 3ab(Ab + aB)x^{3/2} + a^2(3Ab + aB)\sqrt{x} + \frac{a^3A}{\sqrt{x}} \right) dx}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(2a^3A\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}a^2x^{3/2}(aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{7}b^2x^{7/2}(3aB + Ab) + \frac{6}{5}abx^{5/2}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{9}b^3Bx^{9/2} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2)/Sqrt[x], x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*(2*a^3*A*Sqrt[x] + (2*a^2*(3*A*b + a*B))*x^(3/2))/3 + (6*a*b*(A*b + a*B))*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B))*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*b^3*B*x^(9/2))/9)/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

method	result	size
gosper	$\frac{2\sqrt{x} (35B b^3 x^4 + 45A b^3 x^3 + 135Ba b^2 x^3 + 189Aa b^2 x^2 + 189B a^2 b x^2 + 315A a^2 b x + 105B a^3 x + 315a^3 A) ((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{315(bx+a)^3}$	92
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x} (35B b^3 x^4 + 45A b^3 x^3 + 135Ba b^2 x^3 + 189Aa b^2 x^2 + 189B a^2 b x^2 + 315A a^2 b x + 105B a^3 x + 315a^3 A) ((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{315(bx+a)^3}$	92
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} (35B b^3 x^4 + 45A b^3 x^3 + 135Ba b^2 x^3 + 189Aa b^2 x^2 + 189B a^2 b x^2 + 315A a^2 b x + 105B a^3 x + 315a^3 A) \sqrt{x}}{315(bx+a)}$	92
orering	$\frac{2(35B b^3 x^4 + 45A b^3 x^3 + 135Ba b^2 x^3 + 189Aa b^2 x^2 + 189B a^2 b x^2 + 315A a^2 b x + 105B a^3 x + 315a^3 A) \sqrt{x} (b^2 x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{315(bx+a)^3}$	101

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/315*x^(1/2)*(35*B*b^3*x^4+45*A*b^3*x^3+135*B*a*b^2*x^3+189*A*a*b^2*x^2+189*B*a^2*b*x+315*A*a^3)*((b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{315} (35 B b^3 x^4 + 315 A a^3 + 45 (3 B a b^2 + A b^3) x^3 + 189 (B a^2 b + A a b^2) x^2 + 105 (B a^3 + 3 A a^2 b) x) \sqrt{x}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/315*(35*B*b^3*x^4 + 315*A*a^3 + 45*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 189*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 105*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2)/x**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)/sqrt(x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{105} \left(3(5b^3x^2 + 7ab^2x)x^{3/2} + 14(3ab^2x^2 + 5a^2bx)\sqrt{x} + \frac{35}{2}(a^2bx^2 + 3a^3x) \right) \\ + \frac{2}{315} \left(5(7b^3x^2 + 9ab^2x)x^{5/2} + 18(5ab^2x^2 + 7a^2bx)x^{3/2} + 21(3a^2bx^2 + 5a^3x)\sqrt{x} \right) B$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/105*(3*(5*b^3*x^2 + 7*a*b^2*x)*x^(3/2) + 14*(3*a*b^2*x^2 + 5*a^2*b*x)*sqrt(x) + 35*(a^2*b*x^2 + 3*a^3*x)/sqrt(x))*A + 2/315*(5*(7*b^3*x^2 + 9*a*b^2*x)*x^(5/2) + 18*(5*a*b^2*x^2 + 7*a^2*b*x)*x^(3/2) + 21*(3*a^2*b*x^2 + 5*a^3*x)*sqrt(x))*B`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{9} Bb^3x^{9/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{6}{7} Bab^2x^{7/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{2}{7} Ab^3x^{7/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{6}{5} Ba^2bx^{5/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{6}{5} Aab^2x^{5/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{2}{3} Ba^3x^{3/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2Aa^2bx^{3/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2Aa^3\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/9*B*b^3*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 6/7*B*a*b^2*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/7*A*b^3*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 6/5*B*a^2*b*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 6/5*A*a*b^2*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/3*B*a^3*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2*A*a^2*b*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2*A*a^3*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(35b^4x^4 + 180ab^3x^3 + 378a^2b^2x^2 + 420a^3bx + 315a^4)}{315}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*(315*a**4 + 420*a**3*b*x + 378*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 180*a*b**3*x**3 + 35*b**4*x**4))/315`

3.425
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3316
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3317
Rubi [A] (verified)	3317
Maple [A] (verified)	3319
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3319
Sympy [F]	3320
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3320
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3321
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3321
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3322

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^3A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{2ab(Ab+aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{2b^2(Ab+3aB)x^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{5(a+bx)} + \frac{2b^3Bx^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{7(a+bx)}$$

output

```
-2*a^3*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+2*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+2*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^(3/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+2*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(5/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x+5*a)+2*b^3*B*x^(7/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x+7*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(-35a^3(A - Bx) + 35a^2bx(3A + Bx) + 7ab^2x^2(5A + Bx))}{35\sqrt{x}(a + bx)}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(-35*a^3*(A - B*x) + 35*a^2*b*x*(3*A + B*x) + 7*a*b^2*x^2*(5*A + 3*B*x) + b^3*x^3*(7*A + 5*B*x)))/(35*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^3(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx}{b^3(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^3}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{(3Ab+aB)a^2}{\sqrt{x}} + 3b(Ab + aB)\sqrt{xa} + b^3Bx^{5/2} + b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{3/2} \right) dx}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{2a^3A}{\sqrt{x}} + 2a^2\sqrt{x}(aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{5}b^2x^{5/2}(3aB + Ab) + 2abx^{3/2}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{7}b^3Bx^{7/2} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((-2*a^3*A)/Sqrt[x] + 2*a^2*(3*A*b + a*B)*Sqrt[x] + 2*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^(3/2) + (2*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*b^3*B*x^(7/2))/7)/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(-5Bb^3x^4-7Ab^3x^3-21Bab^2x^3-35Aab^2x^2-35Ba^2bx-35Ba^3x+35a^3A)((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35\sqrt{x}(bx+a)^3}$	92
default	$-\frac{2(-5Bb^3x^4-7Ab^3x^3-21Bab^2x^3-35Aab^2x^2-35Ba^2bx-35Ba^3x+35a^3A)((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35\sqrt{x}(bx+a)^3}$	92
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(-5Bb^3x^4-7Ab^3x^3-21Bab^2x^3-35Aab^2x^2-35Ba^2bx-35Ba^3x+35a^3A)}{35(bx+a)\sqrt{x}}$	92
orering	$-\frac{2(-5Bb^3x^4-7Ab^3x^3-21Bab^2x^3-35Aab^2x^2-35Ba^2bx-35Ba^3x+35a^3A)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35\sqrt{x}(bx+a)^3}$	101

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/35*(-5*B*b^3*x^4-7*A*b^3*x^3-21*B*a*b^2*x^3-35*A*a*b^2*x^2-35*B*a^2*b*x^2-105*A*a^2*b*x-35*B*a^3*x+35*A*a^3)*((b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(5Bb^3x^4-35Aa^3+7(3Bab^2+Ab^3)x^3+35(Ba^2b+Aab^2)x^2)}{35\sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/35*(5*B*b^3*x^4-35*A*a^3+7*(3*B*a*b^2+A*b^3)*x^3+35*(B*a^2*b+A*a*b^2)*x^2+35*(B*a^3+3*A*a^2*b)*x)/sqrt(x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2)/x**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)/x**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{15} \left((3b^3x^2 + 5ab^2x)\sqrt{x} + \frac{10(ab^2x^2 + 3a^2bx)}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{15(a^2bx^2 - a^3)}{x^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2}{105} \left(3(5b^3x^2 + 7ab^2x)x^{3/2} + 14(3ab^2x^2 + 5a^2bx)\sqrt{x} + \frac{35(a^2bx^2 + 3a^3x)}{\sqrt{x}} \right) B$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*((3*b^3*x^2 + 5*a*b^2*x)*sqrt(x) + 10*(a*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*x)/sqrt(x) + 15*(a^2*b*x^2 - a^3*x)/x^(3/2))*A + 2/105*(3*(5*b^3*x^2 + 7*a*b^2*x)*x^(3/2) + 14*(3*a*b^2*x^2 + 5*a^2*b*x)*sqrt(x) + 35*(a^2*b*x^2 + 3*a^3*x)/sqrt(x))*B`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{7} Bb^3x^{7/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{6}{5} Bab^2x^{5/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{2}{5} Ab^3x^{5/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2Ba^2bx^{3/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2Aab^2x^{3/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2Ba^3\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 6Aa^2b\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - \frac{2Aa^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/7*B*b^3*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 6/5*B*a*b^2*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/5*A*b^3*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2*B*a^2*b*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2*A*a*b^2*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2*B*a^3*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a) + 6*A*a^2*b*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a) - 2*A*a^3*sgn(b*x + a)/sqrt(x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{x(70Ba^3 + 210Aba^2)}{35b} - \frac{2Aa^3}{b} + \frac{2Bb^2x^4}{7} + \frac{x^3(14Aa^3 + 42Bab^2)}{35b} + 2Aa^2bx + 2Aa^3 \right)}{x^{3/2} + \frac{a\sqrt{x}}{b}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^(3/2),x)`

output `((a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2)*((x*(70*B*a^3 + 210*A*a^2*b))/(35*b) - (2*A*a^3)/b + (2*B*b^2*x^4)/7 + (x^3*(14*A*b^3 + 42*B*a*b^2))/(35*b) + 2*a*x^2*(A*b + B*a)))/(x^(3/2) + (a*x^(1/2))/b)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{7}b^4x^4 + \frac{8}{5}ab^3x^3 + 4a^2b^2x^2 + 8a^3bx - 2a^4}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(3/2),x)`output `(2*(-35*a**4 + 140*a**3*b*x + 70*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 28*a*b**3*x**3 + 5*b**4*x**4))/(35*sqrt(x))`

3.426 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3323
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3324
Rubi [A] (verified)	3324
Maple [A] (verified)	3326
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3326
Sympy [F]	3327
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3327
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3327
Mupad [F(-1)]	3328
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3328

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 216

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^3A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3x^{3/2}(a+bx)} - \frac{2a^2(3Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} + \frac{6ab(Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{2b^2(Ab+3aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3(a+bx)} + \frac{2b^3Bx^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{5(a+bx)}$$

output

```
-2/3*a^3*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)-2*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+6*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+2*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(3/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+2*b^3*B*x^(5/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x+5*a)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(45a^2bx(A - Bx) - 15ab^2x^2(3A + Bx) + 5a^3(A + 3Bx) - b^3x^3(5A + 3Bx))}}{15x^{3/2}(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(45*a^2*b*x*(A - B*x) - 15*a*b^2*x^2*(3*A + B*x) + 5*a^3*(A + 3*B*x) - b^3*x^3*(5*A + 3*B*x)))/(15*x^(3/2)*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^3(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx}{b^3(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^3}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{(3Ab+aB)a^2}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{3b(Ab+aB)a}{\sqrt{x}} + b^3Bx^{3/2} + b^2(Ab + 3aB)\sqrt{x} \right) dx}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{2a^3A}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2a^2(aB+3Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{3}b^2x^{3/2}(3aB + Ab) + 6ab\sqrt{x}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{5}b^3Bx^{5/2} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((-2*a^3*A)/(3*x^(3/2)) - (2*a^2*(3*A*b + a*B))/Sqrt[x] + 6*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*Sqrt[x] + (2*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*b^3*B*x^(5/2))/5)/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2(-3Bb^3x^4 - 5Ab^3x^3 - 15Ba^2b^2x^3 - 45Aa^2b^2x^2 - 45Ba^2bx + 15Ba^3x + 5a^3A)((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15x^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx+a)^3}$	92
default	$\frac{2(-3Bb^3x^4 - 5Ab^3x^3 - 15Ba^2b^2x^3 - 45Aa^2b^2x^2 - 45Ba^2bx + 15Ba^3x + 5a^3A)((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15x^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx+a)^3}$	92
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(-3Bb^3x^4 - 5Ab^3x^3 - 15Ba^2b^2x^3 - 45Aa^2b^2x^2 - 45Ba^2bx + 15Ba^3x + 5a^3A)}{15(bx+a)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	92
orering	$\frac{2(-3Bb^3x^4 - 5Ab^3x^3 - 15Ba^2b^2x^3 - 45Aa^2b^2x^2 - 45Ba^2bx + 15Ba^3x + 5a^3A)(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15x^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx+a)^3}$	101

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{-2/15*(-3*B*b^3*x^4 - 5*A*b^3*x^3 - 15*B*a*b^2*x^3 - 45*A*a*b^2*x^2 - 45*B*a^2*b*x^2 + 45*A*a^2*b*x + 15*B*a^3*x + 5*A*a^3)*((b*x+a)^2)^{(3/2)}/x^{(3/2)}}{(b*x+a)^3}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3Bb^3x^4 - 5Aa^3 + 5(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 45(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 - 15x^{\frac{3}{2}})}{15x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2/15*(3*B*b^3*x^4 - 5*A*a^3 + 5*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 45*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 - 15*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x}{x^{(3/2)}}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2)/x**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)/x**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{15} \left((3b^3x^2 + 5ab^2x)\sqrt{x} + \frac{10(ab^2x^2 + 3a^2bx)}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{15(a^2bx^2 - a^3)}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) + \frac{2}{3} A \left(\frac{b^3x^2 + 3ab^2x}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{6(ab^2x^2 - a^2bx)}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{3a^2bx^2 + a^3x}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*((3*b^3*x^2 + 5*a*b^2*x)*sqrt(x) + 10*(a*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*x)/sqrt(x) + 15*(a^2*b*x^2 - a^3*x)/x^(3/2))*B + 2/3*A*((b^3*x^2 + 3*a*b^2*x)/sqrt(x) + 6*(a*b^2*x^2 - a^2*b*x)/x^(3/2) - (3*a^2*b*x^2 + a^3*x)/x^(5/2))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{5} Bb^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2 Bab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{2}{3} Ab^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 6 Ba^2b\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 6 Aab^2\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - \frac{2(3Ba^3x\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 9Aa^2bx\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Aa^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{2}{5}Bb^3x^{5/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 2Ba^2b^2x^{3/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{3}A^2b^3x^{3/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 6Ba^2b\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 6A^2a^2b^2\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - \frac{2}{3}(3Ba^3x\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 9A^2a^2b^2x\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + A^3a^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a))/x^{3/2}$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A+B*x)*(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((A+B*x)*(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^(5/2),x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{5}b^4x^4 + \frac{8}{3}ab^3x^3 + 12a^2b^2x^2 - 8a^3bx - \frac{2}{3}a^4}{\sqrt{x}x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(5/2),x)`

output
$$\frac{(2*(-5a^4 - 60a^3bx + 90a^2b^2x^2 + 20ab^3x^3 + 3b^4x^4))}{(15\sqrt{x}x)}$$

3.427 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3329
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3330
Rubi [A] (verified)	3330
Maple [A] (verified)	3332
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3332
Sympy [F]	3333
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3333
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3333
Mupad [F(-1)]	3334
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3334

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 216

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^3A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{5x^{5/2}(a+bx)} - \frac{2a^2(3Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3x^{3/2}(a+bx)} - \frac{6ab(Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} + \frac{2b^2(Ab+3aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{2b^3Bx^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3(a+bx)}$$

output

```
-2/5*a^3*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)-2/3*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)-6*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+2*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(1/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+2*b^3*B*x^(3/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(45ab^2x^2(A - Bx) - 5b^3x^3(3A + Bx) + 15a^2bx(A + 3Bx) + a^3(3A + 5Bx))}}{15x^{5/2}(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^(7/2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(45*a*b^2*x^2*(A - B*x) - 5*b^3*x^3*(3*A + B*x) + 15*a^2*b*x*(A + 3*B*x) + a^3*(3*A + 5*B*x)))/(15*x^(5/2)*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^3(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx}{b^3(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^3}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{(3Ab+aB)a^2}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{3b(Ab+aB)a}{x^{3/2}} + b^3B\sqrt{x} + \frac{b^2(Ab+3aB)}{\sqrt{x}} \right) dx}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{2a^3A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2a^2(aB+3Ab)}{3x^{3/2}} + 2b^2\sqrt{x}(3aB + Ab) - \frac{6ab(aB+Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{3}b^3Bx^{3/2} \right)}{a + bx} \quad \downarrow \text{2009}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^(7/2),x]`

output `(((-2*a^3*A)/(5*x^(5/2)) - (2*a^2*(3*A*b + a*B))/(3*x^(3/2)) - (6*a*b*(A*b + a*B))/Sqrt[x] + 2*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*Sqrt[x] + (2*b^3*B*x^(3/2))/3)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]/(a + b*x)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(-5Bb^3x^4 - 15Ab^3x^3 - 45Ba^2b^2x^3 + 45Aab^2x^2 + 45Ba^2bx^2 + 15Aa^2bx + 5Ba^3x + 3a^3A)((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}(bx+a)^3}$	92
default	$-\frac{2(-5Bb^3x^4 - 15Ab^3x^3 - 45Ba^2b^2x^3 + 45Aab^2x^2 + 45Ba^2bx^2 + 15Aa^2bx + 5Ba^3x + 3a^3A)((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}(bx+a)^3}$	92
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(-5Bb^3x^4 - 15Ab^3x^3 - 45Ba^2b^2x^3 + 45Aab^2x^2 + 45Ba^2bx^2 + 15Aa^2bx + 5Ba^3x + 3a^3A)}{15(bx+a)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	92
orering	$-\frac{2(-5Bb^3x^4 - 15Ab^3x^3 - 45Ba^2b^2x^3 + 45Aab^2x^2 + 45Ba^2bx^2 + 15Aa^2bx + 5Ba^3x + 3a^3A)(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}(bx+a)^3}$	101

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/15*(-5*B*b^3*x^4 - 15*A*b^3*x^3 - 45*B*a*b^2*x^3 + 45*A*a*b^2*x^2 + 45*B*a^2*b*x^2 + 15*A*a^2*b*x + 5*B*a^3*x + 3*A*a^3)*((b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(5Bb^3x^4 - 3Aa^3 + 15(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 - 45(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$2/15*(5*B*b^3*x^4 - 3*A*a^3 + 15*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 - 45*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 - 5*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^(5/2)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2)/x**(7/2), x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)/x**(7/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} B \left(\frac{b^3x^2 + 3ab^2x}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{6(ab^2x^2 - a^2bx)}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{3a^2bx^2 + a^3x}{x^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{2}{15} A \left(\frac{15(b^3x^2 - ab^2x)}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{10(3ab^2x^2 + a^2bx)}{x^{5/2}} - \frac{5a^2bx^2 + 3a^3x}{x^{7/2}} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*B*((b^3*x^2 + 3*a*b^2*x)/sqrt(x) + 6*(a*b^2*x^2 - a^2*b*x)/x^(3/2) - (3*a^2*b*x^2 + a^3*x)/x^(5/2)) + 2/15*A*(15*(b^3*x^2 - a*b^2*x)/x^(3/2) - 10*(3*a*b^2*x^2 + a^2*b*x)/x^(5/2) - (5*a^2*b*x^2 + 3*a^3*x)/x^(7/2))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} B b^3 x^{3/2} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 6 B a b^2 \sqrt{x} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2 A b^3 \sqrt{x} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - \frac{2(45 B a^2 b x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 45 A a b^2 x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 5 B a^3 x \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 15 A a^2 b x \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 3 A a^3)}{15 x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{2}{3}Bb^3x^{3/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 6Bab^2\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 2Ab^3\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - \frac{2}{15}(45Bb^2x^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 45Aab^2x^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 5Bb^3x\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 15Aa^2b^2x\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 3Aa^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a))/x^{5/2}$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A+B*x)*(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^(7/2),x)`

output `int(((A+B*x)*(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^(7/2),x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{3}b^4x^4 + 8ab^3x^3 - 12a^2b^2x^2 - \frac{8}{3}a^3bx - \frac{2}{5}a^4}{\sqrt{x}x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(7/2),x)`

output
$$\frac{(2*(-3a^4 - 20a^3bx - 90a^2b^2x^2 + 60ab^3x^3 + 5b^4x^4))/(15\sqrt{x}x^2)}$$

3.428 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3335
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3336
Rubi [A] (verified)	3336
Maple [A] (verified)	3338
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3338
Sympy [F]	3339
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3339
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3340
Mupad [F(-1)]	3340
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3340

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^3A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{7x^{7/2}(a+bx)} - \frac{2a^2(3Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{5x^{5/2}(a+bx)} - \frac{2ab(Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} - \frac{2b^2(Ab+3aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} + \frac{2b^3B\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx}$$

output

```
-2/7*a^3*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)-2/5*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)-2*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)-2*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+2*b^3*B*x^(1/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(35b^3x^3(A - Bx) + 35ab^2x^2(A + 3Bx) + 7a^2bx(3A + 5Bx) + a^3(5A + 7Bx))}}{35x^{7/2}(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^(9/2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(35*b^3*x^3*(A - B*x) + 35*a*b^2*x^2*(A + 3*B*x) + 7*a^2*b*x*(3*A + 5*B*x) + a^3*(5*A + 7*B*x)))/(35*x^(7/2)*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^3(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx}{b^3(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^3}{x^{9/2}} + \frac{(3Ab+aB)a^2}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{3b(Ab+aB)a}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{b^3B}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b^2(Ab+3aB)}{x^{3/2}} \right) dx}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{2a^3A}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{2a^2(aB+3Ab)}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2b^2(3aB+Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2ab(aB+Ab)}{x^{3/2}} + 2b^3B\sqrt{x} \right)}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^(9/2),x]`

output `((((-2*a^3*A)/(7*x^(7/2)) - (2*a^2*(3*A*b + a*B))/(5*x^(5/2)) - (2*a*b*(A*b + a*B))/x^(3/2) - (2*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B))/Sqrt[x] + 2*b^3*B*Sqrt[x])*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(-35Bb^3x^4+35Ab^3x^3+105Bab^2x^3+35Aab^2x^2+35Ba^2bx^2+21Aa^2bx+7Ba^3x+5a^3A)((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35x^{\frac{7}{2}}(bx+a)^3}$	92
default	$-\frac{2(-35Bb^3x^4+35Ab^3x^3+105Bab^2x^3+35Aab^2x^2+35Ba^2bx^2+21Aa^2bx+7Ba^3x+5a^3A)((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35x^{\frac{7}{2}}(bx+a)^3}$	92
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(-35Bb^3x^4+35Ab^3x^3+105Bab^2x^3+35Aab^2x^2+35Ba^2bx^2+21Aa^2bx+7Ba^3x+5a^3A)}{35(bx+a)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	92
orering	$-\frac{2(-35Bb^3x^4+35Ab^3x^3+105Bab^2x^3+35Aab^2x^2+35Ba^2bx^2+21Aa^2bx+7Ba^3x+5a^3A)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35x^{\frac{7}{2}}(bx+a)^3}$	101

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/35*(-35*B*b^3*x^4+35*A*b^3*x^3+105*B*a*b^2*x^3+35*A*a*b^2*x^2+35*B*a^2*b*x^2+21*A*a^2*b*x+7*B*a^3*x+5*A*a^3)*((b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(35Bb^3x^4 - 5Aa^3 - 35(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 - 35(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2)}{35x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$2/35*(35*B*b^3*x^4 - 5*A*a^3 - 35*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 - 35*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 - 7*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^(7/2)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2)/x**(9/2), x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)/x**(9/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2}{15} B \left(\frac{15(b^3x^2 - ab^2x)}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{10(3ab^2x^2 + a^2bx)}{x^{5/2}} - \frac{5a^2bx^2 + 3a^3x}{x^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{2}{105} A \left(\frac{35(3b^3x^2 + ab^2x)}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{14(5ab^2x^2 + 3a^2bx)}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{3(7a^2bx^2 + 5a^3x)}{x^{9/2}} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*B*(15*(b^3*x^2 - a*b^2*x)/x^(3/2) - 10*(3*a*b^2*x^2 + a^2*b*x)/x^(5/2) - (5*a^2*b*x^2 + 3*a^3*x)/x^(7/2)) - 2/105*A*(35*(3*b^3*x^2 + a*b^2*x)/x^(5/2) + 14*(5*a*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*x)/x^(7/2) + 3*(7*a^2*b*x^2 + 5*a^3*x)/x^(9/2))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = 2Bb^3\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - \frac{2(105Bab^2x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 35Ab^3x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 35Ba^2bx^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 35Aab^2x^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 7Aa^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))}{35x^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*B*b^3*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a) - 2/35*(105*B*a*b^2*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 35*A*b^3*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 35*B*a^2*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 35*A*a*b^2*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 7*B*a^3*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 21*A*a^2*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 5*A*a^3*sgn(b*x + a))/x^(7/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^(9/2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2))/x^(9/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2b^4x^4 - 8ab^3x^3 - 4a^2b^2x^2 - \frac{8}{5}a^3bx - \frac{2}{7}a^4}{\sqrt{x}x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2)/x^(9/2),x)`

output $(2*(-5*a**4 - 28*a**3*b*x - 70*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 140*a*b**3*x**3 + 35*b**4*x**4))/(35*\text{sqrt}(x)*x**3)$

3.429 $\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	3342
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3343
Rubi [A] (verified)	3343
Maple [A] (verified)	3345
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3345
Sympy [F(-1)]	3346
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3346
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3347
Mupad [F(-1)]	3347
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3348

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 320

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2a^5 Ax^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{9(a + bx)} + \frac{2a^4(5Ab + aB)x^{11/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{11(a + bx)} + \frac{10a^3b(2Ab + aB)x^{13/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{13(a + bx)} + \frac{4a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^{15/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{3(a + bx)} + \frac{10ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^{17/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{17(a + bx)} + \frac{2b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^{19/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{19(a + bx)} + \frac{2b^5 Bx^{21/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{21(a + bx)}$$

output

```
2*a^5*A*x^(9/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(9*b*x+9*a)+2*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)*x^(11/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(11*b*x+11*a)+10*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(13/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(13*b*x+13*a)+4*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*x^(15/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+10*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(17/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(17*b*x+17*a)+2*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*x^(19/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(19*b*x+19*a)+2*b^5*B*x^(21/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(21*b*x+21*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2x^{9/2}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(29393a^5(11A + 9Bx) + 101745a^4bx(13A + 11Bx) + 149226a^3b^2x^2(15A + 13Bx) + 114114a^2b^3x^3(17A + 15Bx) + 45045ab^4x^4(19A + 17Bx) + 7293b^5x^5(21A + 19Bx))}{2909907(a + b^2x^2)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(7/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*x^(9/2)*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(29393*a^5*(11*A + 9*B*x) + 101745*a^4*b*x*(13*A + 11*B*x) + 149226*a^3*b^2*x^2*(15*A + 13*B*x) + 114114*a^2*b^3*x^3*(17*A + 15*B*x) + 45045*a*b^4*x^4*(19*A + 17*B*x) + 7293*b^5*x^5*(21*A + 19*B*x)))/(2909907*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{7/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int b^5 x^{7/2} (a + bx)^5 (A + Bx) dx}{b^5 (a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x^{7/2} (a + bx)^5 (A + Bx) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (b^5 Bx^{19/2} + b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^{17/2} + 5ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^{15/2} + 10a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^{13/2} + 5a^3b(Ab + aB)x^{11/2} + 5a^4(Ab + aB)x^{9/2} + 5a^5(Ab + aB)x^{7/2})}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{2}{9}a^5Ax^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}a^4x^{11/2}(aB + 5Ab) + \frac{10}{13}a^3bx^{13/2}(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{4}{3}a^2b^2x^{15/2}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{19}b^4Ax^{17/2} + \frac{2}{19}b^5Bx^{19/2} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[x^(7/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((2*a^5*A*x^(9/2))/9 + (2*a^4*(5*A*b + a*B)*x^(11/2))/11 + (10*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^(13/2))/13 + (4*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B)*x^(15/2))/3 + (10*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^(17/2))/17 + (2*b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B)*x^(19/2))/19 + (2*b^5*B*x^(21/2))/21))/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}} (138567B b^5 x^6 + 153153A b^5 x^5 + 765765Ba b^4 x^5 + 855855Aa b^4 x^4 + 1711710B a^2 b^3 x^4 + 1939938A a^2 b^3 x^3 + 1939938B a^3 b^2 x^3 + 2238390A a^3 b^2 x^2 + 1119195A a^4 b x^2 + 1322685A a^4 b x + 264537B a^5 x + 323323A a^5) (bx+a)^5}{2909907(bx+a)^5}$
default	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}} (138567B b^5 x^6 + 153153A b^5 x^5 + 765765Ba b^4 x^5 + 855855Aa b^4 x^4 + 1711710B a^2 b^3 x^4 + 1939938A a^2 b^3 x^3 + 1939938B a^3 b^2 x^3 + 2238390A a^3 b^2 x^2 + 1119195A a^4 b x^2 + 1322685A a^4 b x + 264537B a^5 x + 323323A a^5) (bx+a)^5}{2909907(bx+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} x^{\frac{9}{2}} (138567B b^5 x^6 + 153153A b^5 x^5 + 765765Ba b^4 x^5 + 855855Aa b^4 x^4 + 1711710B a^2 b^3 x^4 + 1939938A a^2 b^3 x^3 + 1939938B a^3 b^2 x^3 + 2238390A a^3 b^2 x^2 + 1119195A a^4 b x^2 + 1322685A a^4 b x + 264537B a^5 x + 323323A a^5) (bx+a)^5}{2909907(bx+a)^5}$
orering	$\frac{2(138567B b^5 x^6 + 153153A b^5 x^5 + 765765Ba b^4 x^5 + 855855Aa b^4 x^4 + 1711710B a^2 b^3 x^4 + 1939938A a^2 b^3 x^3 + 1939938B a^3 b^2 x^3 + 2238390A a^3 b^2 x^2 + 1119195A a^4 b x^2 + 1322685A a^4 b x + 264537B a^5 x + 323323A a^5) (bx+a)^5}{2909907(bx+a)^5}$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{2909907} x^{\frac{9}{2}} * (138567 * B * b^5 * x^6 + 153153 * A * b^5 * x^5 + 765765 * B * a * b^4 * x^5 + 855855 * A * a * b^4 * x^4 + 1711710 * B * a^2 * b^3 * x^4 + 1939938 * A * a^2 * b^3 * x^3 + 1939938 * B * a^3 * b^2 * x^3 + 2238390 * A * a^3 * b^2 * x^2 + 1119195 * B * a^4 * b * x^2 + 1322685 * A * a^4 * b * x + 264537 * B * a^5 * x + 323323 * A * a^5) * ((b * x + a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} / (b * x + a)^5$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int x^{7/2} (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2}{2909907} (138567 B b^5 x^{10} + 323323 A a^5 x^4 + 153153 (5 B a b^4 + A b^5) x^9 + 855855 (2 B a^2 b^3 + 5 A a b^4) x^8 + 1939938 (B a^3 b^2 + A a^2 b^3) x^7 + 1119195 (B a^4 b + 2 A a^3 b^2) x^6 + 264537 (B a^5 + 5 A a^4 b) x^5) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2}{2909907} * (138567 * B * b^5 * x^{10} + 323323 * A * a^5 * x^4 + 153153 * (5 * B * a * b^4 + A * b^5) * x^9 + 855855 * (2 * B * a^2 * b^3 + A * a * b^4) * x^8 + 1939938 * (B * a^3 * b^2 + A * a^2 * b^3) * x^7 + 1119195 * (B * a^4 * b + 2 * A * a^3 * b^2) * x^6 + 264537 * (B * a^5 + 5 * A * a^4 * b) * x^5) * \text{sqrt}(x)$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2), x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2}{2078505} \left(6435(17b^5x^2+19ab^4x)x^{15/2} + 32604(15ab^4x^2+17a^2b^3x)x^{13/2} + 63954(13a^2b^3x^2+17a^3b^2x)x^{11/2} + 58140(11a^3b^2x^2+13a^4b*x)x^{9/2} + 20995(9a^4b*x^2+11a^5*x)x^{7/2} \right) A + \frac{2}{4849845} \left(12155(19b^5x^2+21ab^4x)x^{17/2} + 60060(17ab^4x^2+19a^2b^3x)x^{15/2} + 114114(15a^2b^3x^2+17a^3b^2x)x^{13/2} + 99484(13a^3b^2x^2+15a^4b*x)x^{11/2} + 33915(11a^4b*x^2+13a^5*x)x^{9/2} \right) B$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/2078505*(6435*(17*b^5*x^2 + 19*a*b^4*x)*x^(15/2) + 32604*(15*a*b^4*x^2 + 17*a^2*b^3*x)*x^(13/2) + 63954*(13*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 15*a^3*b^2*x)*x^(11/2) + 58140*(11*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 13*a^4*b*x)*x^(9/2) + 20995*(9*a^4*b*x^2 + 11*a^5*x)*x^(7/2))*A + 2/4849845*(12155*(19*b^5*x^2 + 21*a*b^4*x)*x^(17/2) + 60060*(17*a*b^4*x^2 + 19*a^2*b^3*x)*x^(15/2) + 114114*(15*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 17*a^3*b^2*x)*x^(13/2) + 99484*(13*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 15*a^4*b*x)*x^(11/2) + 33915*(11*a^4*b*x^2 + 13*a^5*x)*x^(9/2))*B`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2}{21} Bb^5x^{21/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{10}{19} Bab^4x^{19/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{19} Ab^5x^{19/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{20}{17} Ba^2b^3x^{17/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{10}{17} Aab^4x^{17/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{4}{3} Ba^3b^2x^{15/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{4}{3} Aa^2b^3x^{15/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{10}{13} Ba^4bx^{13/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{20}{13} Aa^3b^2x^{13/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{11} Ba^5x^{11/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{10}{11} Aa^4bx^{11/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{9} Aa^5x^{9/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/21*B*b^5*x^(21/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/19*B*a*b^4*x^(19/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/19*A*b^5*x^(19/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20/17*B*a^2*b^3*x^(17/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/17*A*a*b^4*x^(17/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 4/3*B*a^3*b^2*x^(15/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 4/3*A*a^2*b^3*x^(15/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/13*B*a^4*b*x^(13/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20/13*A*a^3*b^2*x^(13/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/11*B*a^5*x^(11/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/11*A*a^4*b*x^(11/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/9*A*a^5*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(A+B*x)*(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^(7/2)*(A+B*x)*(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^4(138567b^6x^6 + 918918ab^5x^5 + 2567565a^2b^4x^4 + 3879876a^3b^3x^3 + 3357585a^4b^2x^2 + 138567b^6x^6)}{2909907}$$

input

```
int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(x)*x**4*(323323*a**6 + 1587222*a**5*b*x + 3357585*a**4*b**2*x**2 +
3879876*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 2567565*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 918918*a*b**5*x**5 + 13
8567*b**6*x**6))/2909907
```

3.430 $\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	3349
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3350
Rubi [A] (verified)	3350
Maple [A] (verified)	3352
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3352
Sympy [F(-1)]	3353
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3353
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3354
Mupad [F(-1)]	3354
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3355

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 320

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2a^5 Ax^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7(a + bx)} + \frac{2a^4(5Ab + aB)x^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{9(a + bx)} + \frac{10a^3b(2Ab + aB)x^{11/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{11(a + bx)} + \frac{20a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^{13/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{13(a + bx)} + \frac{2ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^{15/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{3(a + bx)} + \frac{2b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^{17/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{17(a + bx)} + \frac{2b^5 Bx^{19/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{19(a + bx)}$$

output

```
2*a^5*A*x^(7/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x+7*a)+2*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)*x^(9/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(9*b*x+9*a)+10*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(11/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(11*b*x+11*a)+20*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*x^(13/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(13*b*x+13*a)+2*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(15/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+2*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*x^(17/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(17*b*x+17*a)+2*b^5*B*x^(19/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(19*b*x+19*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2x^{7/2}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(46189a^5(9A + 7Bx) + 146965a^4bx(11A + 9Bx) + 203490a^3b^2x^2(13A + 11Bx) + 149226a^2b^3x^3(15A + 13Bx) + 57057ab^4x^4(17A + 15Bx) + 9009b^5x^5(19A + 17Bx))}{290990(a + bx)}$$

input `Integrate[x^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(2*x^(7/2)*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(46189*a^5*(9*A + 7*B*x) + 146965*a^4*b*x*(11*A + 9*B*x) + 203490*a^3*b^2*x^2*(13*A + 11*B*x) + 149226*a^2*b^3*x^3*(15*A + 13*B*x) + 57057*a*b^4*x^4*(17*A + 15*B*x) + 9009*b^5*x^5*(19*A + 17*B*x)))/(290990*(a + b*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{5/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int b^5x^{5/2}(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x^{5/2}(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (b^5 Bx^{17/2} + b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^{15/2} + 5ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^{13/2} + 10a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^{11/2} + 5a^3b(Ab + aB)x^{9/2} + 2a^4x^{7/2})}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{2}{7}a^5Ax^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}a^4x^{9/2}(aB + 5Ab) + \frac{10}{11}a^3bx^{11/2}(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{20}{13}a^2b^2x^{13/2}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{17}b^4x^{15/2}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{17}b^4x^{17/2} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[x^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((2*a^5*A*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*a^4*(5*A*b + a*B)*x^(9/2))/9 + (10*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^(11/2))/11 + (20*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B)*x^(13/2))/13 + (2*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^(15/2))/3 + (2*b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B)*x^(17/2))/17 + (2*b^5*B*x^(19/2))/19)/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}} (153153B b^5 x^6 + 171171A b^5 x^5 + 855855Ba b^4 x^5 + 969969Aa b^4 x^4 + 1939938B a^2 b^3 x^4 + 2238390A a^2 b^3 x^3 + 2238390B a^3 b^2 x^3 + 2645370A a^3 b^2 x^2 + 1322685A a^4 b x^2 + 1616615A a^4 b x + 323323B a^5 x + 415701A a^5) ((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2909907(bx+a)^5}$
default	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}} (153153B b^5 x^6 + 171171A b^5 x^5 + 855855Ba b^4 x^5 + 969969Aa b^4 x^4 + 1939938B a^2 b^3 x^4 + 2238390A a^2 b^3 x^3 + 2238390B a^3 b^2 x^3 + 2645370A a^3 b^2 x^2 + 1322685A a^4 b x^2 + 1616615A a^4 b x + 323323B a^5 x + 415701A a^5) ((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2909907(bx+a)^5}$
risch	$2\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} x^{\frac{7}{2}} (153153B b^5 x^6 + 171171A b^5 x^5 + 855855Ba b^4 x^5 + 969969Aa b^4 x^4 + 1939938B a^2 b^3 x^4 + 2238390A a^2 b^3 x^3 + 2238390B a^3 b^2 x^3 + 2645370A a^3 b^2 x^2 + 1322685A a^4 b x^2 + 1616615A a^4 b x + 323323B a^5 x + 415701A a^5) ((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} / (bx+a)^5$
orering	$\frac{2(153153B b^5 x^6 + 171171A b^5 x^5 + 855855Ba b^4 x^5 + 969969Aa b^4 x^4 + 1939938B a^2 b^3 x^4 + 2238390A a^2 b^3 x^3 + 2238390B a^3 b^2 x^3 + 2645370A a^3 b^2 x^2 + 1322685A a^4 b x^2 + 1616615A a^4 b x + 323323B a^5 x + 415701A a^5) ((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2909907(bx+a)^5}$

input

```
int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/2909907*x^(7/2)*(153153*B*b^5*x^6+171171*A*b^5*x^5+855855*B*a*b^4*x^5+969969*A*a*b^4*x^4+1939938*B*a^2*b^3*x^4+2238390*A*a^2*b^3*x^3+2238390*B*a^3*b^2*x^3+2645370*A*a^3*b^2*x^2+1322685*B*a^4*b*x^2+1616615*A*a^4*b*x+323323*B*a^5*x+415701*A*a^5)*((b*x+a)^2)^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2}{2909907} (153153 B b^5 x^9 + 415701 A a^5 x^3 + 171171 (5 B a b^4 + A b^5) x^8 + 969969 (2 B a^2 b^3 +$$

input

```
integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/2909907*(153153*B*b^5*x^9 + 415701*A*a^5*x^3 + 171171*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^8 + 969969*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^7 + 2238390*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^6 + 1322685*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^5 + 323323*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x^4)*sqrt(x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2}{765765} \left(3003 (15b^5x^2 + 17ab^4x)x^{13/2} + 15708 (13ab^4x^2 + 15a^2b^3x)x^{11/2} + 32130 (11a^2b^3x^2 + 13a^3b^2x)x^{9/2} + 0940 (9a^3b^2x^2 + 11a^4b^1x)x^{7/2} + 12155 (7a^4b^1x^2 + 9a^5x)x^{5/2} \right) A + \frac{2}{2078505} \left(6435 (17b^5x^2 + 19ab^4x)x^{15/2} + 32604 (15ab^4x^2 + 17a^2b^3x)x^{13/2} + 63954 (13a^2b^3x^2 + 15a^3b^2x)x^{11/2} + 58140 (11a^3b^2x^2 + 13a^4b^1x)x^{9/2} + 20995 (9a^4b^1x^2 + 11a^5x)x^{7/2} \right) B$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/765765*(3003*(15*b^5*x^2 + 17*a*b^4*x)*x^(13/2) + 15708*(13*a*b^4*x^2 + 15*a^2*b^3*x)*x^(11/2) + 32130*(11*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 13*a^3*b^2*x)*x^(9/2) + 30940*(9*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 11*a^4*b*x)*x^(7/2) + 12155*(7*a^4*b*x^2 + 9*a^5*x)*x^(5/2))*A + 2/2078505*(6435*(17*b^5*x^2 + 19*a*b^4*x)*x^(15/2) + 32604*(15*a*b^4*x^2 + 17*a^2*b^3*x)*x^(13/2) + 63954*(13*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 15*a^3*b^2*x)*x^(11/2) + 58140*(11*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 13*a^4*b*x)*x^(9/2) + 20995*(9*a^4*b*x^2 + 11*a^5*x)*x^(7/2))*B`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2}{19} Bb^5x^{19/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{10}{17} Bab^4x^{17/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{17} Ab^5x^{17/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{4}{3} Ba^2b^3x^{15/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{3} Aab^4x^{15/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{20}{13} Ba^3b^2x^{13/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{20}{13} Aa^2b^3x^{13/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{10}{11} Ba^4bx^{11/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{20}{11} Aa^3b^2x^{11/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{9} Ba^5x^9\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{10}{9} Aa^4bx^9\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{7} Aa^5x^7\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/19*B*b^5*x^(19/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/17*B*a*b^4*x^(17/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/17*A*b^5*x^(17/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 4/3*B*a^2*b^3*x^(15/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/3*A*a*b^4*x^(15/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20/13*B*a^3*b^2*x^(13/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20/13*A*a^2*b^3*x^(13/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/11*B*a^4*b*x^(11/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20/11*A*a^3*b^2*x^(11/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/9*B*a^5*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/9*A*a^4*b*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/7*A*a^5*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(A+B*x)*(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^(5/2)*(A+B*x)*(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^3(51051b^6x^6 + 342342ab^5x^5 + 969969a^2b^4x^4 + 1492260a^3b^3x^3 + 1322685a^4b^2x^2 + 61b^6x^6)}{969969}$$

input

```
int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(x)*x**3*(138567*a**6 + 646646*a**5*b*x + 1322685*a**4*b**2*x**2 +
1492260*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 969969*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 342342*a*b**5*x**5 + 5105
1*b**6*x**6))/969969
```


3.431 $\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	3356
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3357
Rubi [A] (verified)	3357
Maple [A] (verified)	3359
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3359
Sympy [F(-1)]	3360
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3360
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3361
Mupad [F(-1)]	3361
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3362

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 320

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2a^5 Ax^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{5(a + bx)} + \frac{2a^4(5Ab + aB)x^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7(a + bx)} + \frac{10a^3b(2Ab + aB)x^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{9(a + bx)} + \frac{20a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^{11/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{11(a + bx)} + \frac{10ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^{13/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{13(a + bx)} + \frac{2b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^{15/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{15(a + bx)} + \frac{2b^5 Bx^{17/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{17(a + bx)}$$

output

```
2*a^5*A*x^(5/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x+5*a)+2*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)*x^(7/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x+7*a)+10*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(9/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(9*b*x+9*a)+20*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*x^(11/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(11*b*x+11*a)+10*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(13/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(13*b*x+13*a)+2*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*x^(15/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(15*b*x+15*a)+2*b^5*B*x^(17/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(17*b*x+17*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2x^{5/2}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(21879a^5(7A + 5Bx) + 60775a^4bx(9A + 7Bx) + 77350a^3b^2x^2(11A + 9Bx) + 53550a^2b^3x^3(13A + 11Bx) + 19635ab^4x^4(15A + 13Bx) + 3003b^5x^5(17A + 15Bx))}{765765(a + b^2x^2)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*x^(5/2)*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(21879*a^5*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 60775*a^4*b*x*(9*A + 7*B*x) + 77350*a^3*b^2*x^2*(11*A + 9*B*x) + 53550*a^2*b^3*x^3*(13*A + 11*B*x) + 19635*a*b^4*x^4*(15*A + 13*B*x) + 3003*b^5*x^5*(17*A + 15*B*x)))/(765765*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{3/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int b^5 x^{3/2} (a + bx)^5 (A + Bx) dx}{b^5 (a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int x^{3/2} (a + bx)^5 (A + Bx) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (b^5 Bx^{15/2} + b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^{13/2} + 5ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^{11/2} + 10a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^{9/2} + 5a^3b(2aB + Ab)x^{7/2} + 5a^4x^{5/2})}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{2}{5}a^5Ax^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}a^4x^{7/2}(aB + 5Ab) + \frac{10}{9}a^3bx^{9/2}(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{20}{11}a^2b^2x^{11/2}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{15}b^4x^{13/2}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{15}b^4x^{15/2} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((2*a^5*A*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*a^4*(5*A*b + a*B)*x^(7/2))/7 + (10*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^(9/2))/9 + (20*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B)*x^(11/2))/11 + (10*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^(13/2))/13 + (2*b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B)*x^(15/2))/15 + (2*b^5*B*x^(17/2))/17))/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}} (45045B b^5 x^6 + 51051A b^5 x^5 + 255255Ba b^4 x^5 + 294525Aa b^4 x^4 + 589050B a^2 b^3 x^4 + 696150A a^2 b^3 x^3 + 696150B a^3 b^2 x^3 + 850850A a^3 b^2 x^2 + 153153A a^5 x^2 + 51051 (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5) x^7 + 294525 (2 Ba^2 b^3 + Aa^2 b^2 x^2) + 109395 B a^5 x^3 + 5A a^4 b x^3)}{765765(bx+a)^5}$
default	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}} (45045B b^5 x^6 + 51051A b^5 x^5 + 255255Ba b^4 x^5 + 294525Aa b^4 x^4 + 589050B a^2 b^3 x^4 + 696150A a^2 b^3 x^3 + 696150B a^3 b^2 x^3 + 850850A a^3 b^2 x^2 + 153153A a^5 x^2 + 51051 (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5) x^7 + 294525 (2 Ba^2 b^3 + Aa^2 b^2 x^2) + 109395 B a^5 x^3 + 5A a^4 b x^3)}{765765(bx+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} x^{\frac{5}{2}} (45045B b^5 x^6 + 51051A b^5 x^5 + 255255Ba b^4 x^5 + 294525Aa b^4 x^4 + 589050B a^2 b^3 x^4 + 696150A a^2 b^3 x^3 + 696150B a^3 b^2 x^3 + 850850A a^3 b^2 x^2 + 153153A a^5 x^2 + 51051 (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5) x^7 + 294525 (2 Ba^2 b^3 + Aa^2 b^2 x^2) + 109395 B a^5 x^3 + 5A a^4 b x^3)}{765765(bx+a)}$
orering	$\frac{2(45045B b^5 x^6 + 51051A b^5 x^5 + 255255Ba b^4 x^5 + 294525Aa b^4 x^4 + 589050B a^2 b^3 x^4 + 696150A a^2 b^3 x^3 + 696150B a^3 b^2 x^3 + 850850A a^3 b^2 x^2 + 153153A a^5 x^2 + 51051 (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5) x^7 + 294525 (2 Ba^2 b^3 + Aa^2 b^2 x^2) + 109395 B a^5 x^3 + 5A a^4 b x^3)}{765765(bx+a)^5}$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{765765} x^{5/2} (45045 B b^5 x^6 + 51051 A b^5 x^5 + 255255 B a b^4 x^5 + 294525 A a b^4 x^4 + 589050 B a^2 b^3 x^4 + 696150 A a^2 b^3 x^3 + 696150 B a^3 b^2 x^3 + 850850 A a^3 b^2 x^2 + 425425 B a^4 b x^2 + 546975 A a^4 b x + 109395 B a^5 x + 153153 A a^5) ((bx+a)^2)^{5/2} / (bx+a)^5$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int x^{3/2} (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2}{765765} (45045 B b^5 x^8 + 153153 A a^5 x^2 + 51051 (5 B a b^4 + A b^5) x^7 + 294525 (2 B a^2 b^3 + A a^2 b^2 x^2) + 109395 B a^5 x^3 + 5 A a^4 b x^3) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2}{765765} (45045 B b^5 x^8 + 153153 A a^5 x^2 + 51051 (5 B a b^4 + A b^5) x^7 + 294525 (2 B a^2 b^3 + A a^2 b^2 x^2) + 109395 B a^5 x^3 + 5 A a^4 b x^3) \sqrt{x}$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2}{45045} \left(231(13b^5x^2+15ab^4x)x^{11/2} + 1260(11ab^4x^2+13a^2b^3x)x^{9/2} + 2730(9a^2b^3x^2+11a^3b^2x)x^{7/2} + 2860(7a^3b^2x^2+9a^4b^2x)x^{5/2} + 1287(5a^4b^2x^2+7a^5x)x^{3/2} \right) A + \frac{2}{765765} \left(3003(15b^5x^2+17ab^4x)x^{13/2} + 15708(13ab^4x^2+15a^2b^3x)x^{11/2} + 32130(11a^2b^3x^2+13a^3b^2x)x^{9/2} + 30940(9a^3b^2x^2+11a^4b^2x)x^{7/2} + 12155(7a^4b^2x^2+9a^5x)x^{5/2} \right) B$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/45045*(231*(13*b^5*x^2 + 15*a*b^4*x)*x^(11/2) + 1260*(11*a*b^4*x^2 + 13*a^2*b^3*x)*x^(9/2) + 2730*(9*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 11*a^3*b^2*x)*x^(7/2) + 2860*(7*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 9*a^4*b*x)*x^(5/2) + 1287*(5*a^4*b*x^2 + 7*a^5*x)*x^(3/2))*A + 2/765765*(3003*(15*b^5*x^2 + 17*a*b^4*x)*x^(13/2) + 15708*(13*a*b^4*x^2 + 15*a^2*b^3*x)*x^(11/2) + 32130*(11*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 13*a^3*b^2*x)*x^(9/2) + 30940*(9*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 11*a^4*b*x)*x^(7/2) + 12155*(7*a^4*b*x^2 + 9*a^5*x)*x^(5/2))*B`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2}{17} Bb^5x^{17/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{3} Bab^4x^{15/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{15} Ab^5x^{15/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{20}{13} Ba^2b^3x^{13/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{10}{13} Aab^4x^{13/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{20}{11} Ba^3b^2x^{11/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{20}{11} Aa^2b^3x^{11/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{10}{9} Ba^4bx^{9/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{20}{9} Aa^3b^2x^{9/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{7} Ba^5x^{7/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{10}{7} Aa^4bx^{7/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{5} Aa^5x^{5/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/17*B*b^5*x^(17/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/3*B*a*b^4*x^(15/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/15*A*b^5*x^(15/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20/13*B*a^2*b^3*x^(13/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/13*A*a*b^4*x^(13/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20/11*B*a^3*b^2*x^(11/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20/11*A*a^2*b^3*x^(11/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/9*B*a^4*b*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20/9*A*a^3*b^2*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/7*B*a^5*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/7*A*a^4*b*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/5*A*a^5*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x)*(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x)*(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^2(15015b^6x^6 + 102102ab^5x^5 + 294525a^2b^4x^4 + 464100a^3b^3x^3 + 425425a^4b^2x^2 + 218790a^5bx + 51051a^6)}{255255}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**2*(51051*a**6 + 218790*a**5*b*x + 425425*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 464100*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 294525*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 102102*a*b**5*x**5 + 15015*b**6*x**6))/255255`

3.432 $\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	3363
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3364
Rubi [A] (verified)	3364
Maple [A] (verified)	3366
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3366
Sympy [F]	3367
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3367
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3368
Mupad [F(-1)]	3368
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3369

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 320

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2a^5 Ax^{3/2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{3(a + bx)} + \frac{2a^4(5Ab + aB)x^{5/2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{5(a + bx)} + \frac{10a^3b(2Ab + aB)x^{7/2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{7(a + bx)} + \frac{20a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^{9/2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{9(a + bx)} + \frac{10ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^{11/2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{11(a + bx)} + \frac{2b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^{13/2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{13(a + bx)} + \frac{2b^5 Bx^{15/2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}{15(a + bx)}$$

output

```
2*a^5*A*x^(3/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+2*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)*x^(5/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x+5*a)+10*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(7/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x+7*a)+20*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*x^(9/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(9*b*x+9*a)+10*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(11/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(11*b*x+11*a)+2*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*x^(13/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(13*b*x+13*a)+2*b^5*B*x^(15/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(15*b*x+15*a)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2x^{3/2}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(3003a^5(5A + 3Bx) + 6435a^4bx(7A + 5Bx) + 7150a^3b^2x^2(9A + 7Bx) + 4550a^2b^3x^3(11A + 9Bx) + 1575ab^4x^4(13A + 11Bx) + 231b^5x^5(15A + 13Bx))}{45045(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*x^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(3003*a^5*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 6435*a^4*b*x*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 7150*a^3*b^2*x^2*(9*A + 7*B*x) + 4550*a^2*b^3*x^3*(11*A + 9*B*x) + 1575*a*b^4*x^4*(13*A + 11*B*x) + 231*b^5*x^5*(15*A + 13*B*x)))/(45045*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int b^5 \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (b^5 Bx^{13/2} + b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^{11/2} + 5ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^{9/2} + 10a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^{7/2} + 5a^3b(2aB + ab)x^{5/2} + 5a^4x^{3/2})}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{2}{3}a^5Ax^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}a^4x^{5/2}(aB + 5Ab) + \frac{10}{7}a^3bx^{7/2}(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{20}{9}a^2b^2x^{9/2}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{13}b^4x^{13/2} \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((2*a^5*A*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*a^4*(5*A*b + a*B)*x^(5/2))/5 + (10*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^(7/2))/7 + (20*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B)*x^(9/2))/9 + (10*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^(11/2))/11 + (2*b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B)*x^(13/2))/13 + (2*b^5*B*x^(15/2))/15))/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}} (3003Bb^5x^6 + 3465Ab^5x^5 + 17325Bab^4x^5 + 20475Aab^4x^4 + 40950Ba^2b^3x^4 + 50050Aa^2b^3x^3 + 50050Ba^3b^2x^3 + 64350Aa^3b^2x^2 + 64350Aa^3b^2x^2)}{45045(bx+a)^5}$
default	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}} (3003Bb^5x^6 + 3465Ab^5x^5 + 17325Bab^4x^5 + 20475Aab^4x^4 + 40950Ba^2b^3x^4 + 50050Aa^2b^3x^3 + 50050Ba^3b^2x^3 + 64350Aa^3b^2x^2 + 64350Aa^3b^2x^2)}{45045(bx+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} x^{\frac{3}{2}} (3003Bb^5x^6 + 3465Ab^5x^5 + 17325Bab^4x^5 + 20475Aab^4x^4 + 40950Ba^2b^3x^4 + 50050Aa^2b^3x^3 + 50050Ba^3b^2x^3 + 64350Aa^3b^2x^2 + 64350Aa^3b^2x^2)}{45045(bx+a)}$
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}} (3003Bb^5x^6 + 3465Ab^5x^5 + 17325Bab^4x^5 + 20475Aab^4x^4 + 40950Ba^2b^3x^4 + 50050Aa^2b^3x^3 + 50050Ba^3b^2x^3 + 64350Aa^3b^2x^2 + 64350Aa^3b^2x^2)}{45045(bx+a)^5}$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{45045}x^{\frac{3}{2}}(3003Bb^5x^6 + 3465Ab^5x^5 + 17325Bab^4x^5 + 20475Aab^4x^4 + 40950Ba^2b^3x^4 + 50050Aa^2b^3x^3 + 50050Ba^3b^2x^3 + 64350Aa^3b^2x^2 + 64350Aa^3b^2x^2 + 32175Bab^4x^2 + 45045Aa^4bx + 9009Bab^5x + 15015Aa^5) \cdot ((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} / (bx+a)^5$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2}{45045} (3003Bb^5x^7 + 15015Aa^5x + 3465(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^6 + 20475(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^5 + 32175(Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^3 + 9009(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x^2) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2}{45045} (3003Bb^5x^7 + 15015Aa^5x + 3465(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^6 + 20475(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^5 + 32175(Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^3 + 9009(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x^2) \sqrt{x}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) ((a + bx)^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x)*(A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2}{45045} \left(315 (11 b^5 x^2 + 13 ab^4 x) x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 1820 (9 ab^4 x^2 + 11 a^2 b^3 x) x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 4290 (7 a^2 b^3 x^2 + 9 a^3 b^2 x) x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 5148 (5 a^3 b^2 x^2 + 7 a^4 b x) x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3003 (3 a^4 b x^2 + 5 a^5 x) \sqrt{x} \right) A + \frac{2}{45045} \left(231 (13 b^5 x^2 + 15 ab^4 x) x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 1260 (11 ab^4 x^2 + 13 a^2 b^3 x) x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 2730 (9 a^2 b^3 x^2 + 11 a^3 b^2 x) x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 2860 (7 a^3 b^2 x^2 + 9 a^4 b x) x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 1287 (5 a^4 b x^2 + 7 a^5 x) x^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) B$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/45045*(315*(11*b^5*x^2 + 13*a*b^4*x)*x^(9/2) + 1820*(9*a*b^4*x^2 + 11*a^2*b^3*x)*x^(7/2) + 4290*(7*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 9*a^3*b^2*x)*x^(5/2) + 5148*(5*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 7*a^4*b*x)*x^(3/2) + 3003*(3*a^4*b*x^2 + 5*a^5*x)*sqrt(x))*A + 2/45045*(231*(13*b^5*x^2 + 15*a*b^4*x)*x^(11/2) + 1260*(11*a*b^4*x^2 + 13*a^2*b^3*x)*x^(9/2) + 2730*(9*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 11*a^3*b^2*x)*x^(7/2) + 2860*(7*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 9*a^4*b*x)*x^(5/2) + 1287*(5*a^4*b*x^2 + 7*a^5*x)*x^(3/2))*B`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2}{15} Bb^5x^{\frac{15}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{10}{13} Bab^4x^{\frac{13}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{13} Ab^5x^{\frac{13}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{20}{11} Ba^2b^3x^{\frac{11}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{10}{11} Aab^4x^{\frac{11}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{20}{9} Ba^3b^2x^{\frac{9}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{20}{9} Aa^2b^3x^{\frac{9}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{10}{7} Ba^4bx^{\frac{7}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{20}{7} Aa^3b^2x^{\frac{7}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{5} Ba^5x^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 2Aa^4bx^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + \frac{2}{3} Aa^5x^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*B*b^5*x^(15/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/13*B*a*b^4*x^(13/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/13*A*b^5*x^(13/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20/11*B*a^2*b^3*x^(11/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/11*A*a*b^4*x^(11/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20/9*B*a^3*b^2*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20/9*A*a^2*b^3*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/7*B*a^4*b*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20/7*A*a^3*b^2*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/5*B*a^5*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2*A*a^4*b*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/3*A*a^5*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(A+B*x)*(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^(1/2)*(A+B*x)*(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x(3003b^6x^6 + 20790ab^5x^5 + 61425a^2b^4x^4 + 100100a^3b^3x^3 + 96525a^4b^2x^2 + 54054a^5bx + 15015a^6)}{45045}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*x*(15015*a**6 + 54054*a**5*b*x + 96525*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 100100*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 61425*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 20790*a*b**5*x**5 + 3003*b**6*x**6))/45045`

3.433
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	3370
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 316

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2a^5A\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{2a^4(5Ab+aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3(a+bx)} + \frac{2a^3b(2Ab+aB)x^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{20a^2b^2(Ab+aB)x^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{7(a+bx)} + \frac{10ab^3(Ab+2aB)x^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{9(a+bx)} + \frac{2b^4(Ab+5aB)x^{11/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{11(a+bx)} + \frac{2b^5Bx^{13/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{13(a+bx)}$$

output

```
2*a^5*A*x^(1/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+2*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)*x^(3/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+2*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(5/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+20*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*x^(7/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x+7*a)+10*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(9/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(9*b*x+9*a)+2*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*x^(11/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(11*b*x+11*a)+2*b^5*B*x^(13/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(13*b*x+13*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(3003a^5(3A + Bx) + 3003a^4bx(5A + 3Bx) + 2574a^3b^2x^2(7A + 5Bx) + 1430a^2b^3x^3(9A + 7Bx) + 455ab^4x^4(11A + 9Bx) + 63b^5x^5(13A + 11Bx))}{9009(a + bx)}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/Sqrt[x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(3003*a^5*(3*A + B*x) + 3003*a^4*b*x*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 2574*a^3*b^2*x^2*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 1430*a^2*b^3*x^3*(9*A + 7*B*x) + 455*a*b^4*x^4*(11*A + 9*B*x) + 63*b^5*x^5*(13*A + 11*B*x)))/(9009*(a + b*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int (b^5 B x^{11/2} + b^4 (Ab + 5aB) x^{9/2} + 5ab^3 (Ab + 2aB) x^{7/2} + 10a^2 b^2 (Ab + aB) x^{5/2} + 5a^3 b (2A + b^2 B) x^{3/2} + 2a^4 A \sqrt{x})}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} (2a^5 A \sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3} a^4 x^{3/2} (aB + 5Ab) + 2a^3 b x^{5/2} (aB + 2Ab) + \frac{20}{7} a^2 b^2 x^{7/2} (aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{11} b^4 x^{11/2} (2A + b^2 B))}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/Sqrt[x],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*(2*a^5*A*Sqrt[x] + (2*a^4*(5*A*b + a*B))*x^(3/2))/3 + 2*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^(5/2) + (20*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B)*x^(7/2))/7 + (10*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^(9/2))/9 + (2*b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B)*x^(11/2))/11 + (2*b^5*B*x^(13/2))/13)/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_.) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(693Bb^5x^6+819Ab^5x^5+4095Bab^4x^5+5005Aab^4x^4+10010Ba^2b^3x^4+12870Aa^2b^3x^3+12870Ba^3b^2x^3+18018Aa^3b^2x^2+9009Aa^3b^2x+9009Aa^3b^2)}{9009(bx+a)^5}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(693Bb^5x^6+819Ab^5x^5+4095Bab^4x^5+5005Aab^4x^4+10010Ba^2b^3x^4+12870Aa^2b^3x^3+12870Ba^3b^2x^3+18018Aa^3b^2x^2+9009Aa^3b^2x+9009Aa^3b^2)}{9009(bx+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(693Bb^5x^6+819Ab^5x^5+4095Bab^4x^5+5005Aab^4x^4+10010Ba^2b^3x^4+12870Aa^2b^3x^3+12870Ba^3b^2x^3+18018Aa^3b^2x^2+9009Aa^3b^2x+9009Aa^3b^2)}{9009(bx+a)}$
orering	$\frac{2(693Bb^5x^6+819Ab^5x^5+4095Bab^4x^5+5005Aab^4x^4+10010Ba^2b^3x^4+12870Aa^2b^3x^3+12870Ba^3b^2x^3+18018Aa^3b^2x^2+9009Aa^3b^2x+9009Aa^3b^2)}{9009(bx+a)^5}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{9009}x^{1/2}(693Bb^5x^6+819Ab^5x^5+4095Bab^4x^5+5005Aab^4x^4+10010Ba^2b^3x^4+12870Aa^2b^3x^3+12870Ba^3b^2x^3+18018Aa^3b^2x^2+9009Aa^3b^2x+9009Aa^3b^2+15015Aa^4b*x+3003Bab^5x+9009Aa^5)*(b*x+a)^2)^{5/2}/(b*x+a)^5$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{9009} (693Bb^5x^6 + 9009Aa^5 + 819(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 5005(2Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^4 + 10010Ba^2b^3x^4 + 12870Aa^2b^3x^3 + 12870Ba^3b^2x^3 + 18018Aa^3b^2x^2 + 9009Aa^3b^2x + 9009Aa^3b^2) \sqrt{x} + C$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
2/9009*(693*B*b^5*x^6 + 9009*A*a^5 + 819*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 5005*(2
*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 12870*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 9009*(B*a^
4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 3003*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)*sqrt(x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2)/x**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2)/sqrt(x), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{3465} \left(35(9b^5x^2 + 11ab^4x)x^{7/2} + 220(7ab^4x^2 + 9a^2b^3x)x^{5/2} + 594(5a^2b^3x^2 + 7a^3b^2x)x^{3/2} + 924(3a^3b^2x^2 + 5a^4b^2x)\sqrt{x} + 1155(a^4b^2x^2 + 3a^5x)/\sqrt{x} \right) A + \frac{2}{45045} \left(315(11b^5x^2 + 13ab^4x)x^{9/2} + 1820(9ab^4x^2 + 11a^2b^3x)x^{7/2} + 4290(7a^2b^3x^2 + 9a^3b^2x)x^{5/2} + 5148(5a^3b^2x^2 + 7a^4b^2x)x^{3/2} + 3003(3a^4b^2x^2 + 5a^5x)\sqrt{x} \right) B$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima
")
```

output

```
2/3465*(35*(9*b^5*x^2 + 11*a*b^4*x)*x^(7/2) + 220*(7*a*b^4*x^2 + 9*a^2*b^3
*x)*x^(5/2) + 594*(5*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 7*a^3*b^2*x)*x^(3/2) + 924*(3*a^3*b^2*x
^2 + 5*a^4*b*x)*sqrt(x) + 1155*(a^4*b*x^2 + 3*a^5*x)/sqrt(x))*A + 2/45045*
(315*(11*b^5*x^2 + 13*a*b^4*x)*x^(9/2) + 1820*(9*a*b^4*x^2 + 11*a^2*b^3*x)
*x^(7/2) + 4290*(7*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 9*a^3*b^2*x)*x^(5/2) + 5148*(5*a^3*b^2*x^
2 + 7*a^4*b*x)*x^(3/2) + 3003*(3*a^4*b*x^2 + 5*a^5*x)*sqrt(x))*B
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{13} Bb^5x^{13/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{10}{11} Bab^4x^{11/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{2}{11} Ab^5x^{11/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{20}{9} Ba^2b^3x^{9/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{10}{9} Aab^4x^{9/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{20}{7} Ba^3b^2x^{7/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{20}{7} Aa^2b^3x^{7/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2Ba^4bx^{5/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 4Aa^3b^2x^{5/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{2}{3} Ba^5x^{3/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{10}{3} Aa^4bx^{3/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2Aa^5\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/13*B*b^5*x^(13/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/11*B*a*b^4*x^(11/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/11*A*b^5*x^(11/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20/9*B*a^2*b^3*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/9*A*a*b^4*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20/7*B*a^3*b^2*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20/7*A*a^2*b^3*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2*B*a^4*b*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 4*A*a^3*b^2*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/3*B*a^5*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/3*A*a^4*b*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2*A*a^5*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(231b^6x^6 + 1638ab^5x^5 + 5005a^2b^4x^4 + 8580a^3b^3x^3 + 9009a^4b^2x^2 + 6006a^5b^1x + 3003a^6)}{3003}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*(3003*a**6 + 6006*a**5*b*x + 9009*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 8580*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 5005*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 1638*a*b**5*x**5 + 231*b**6*x**6))/3003`

3.434 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3377
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3378
Rubi [A] (verified)	3378
Maple [A] (verified)	3380
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3380
Sympy [F]	3381
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3381
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3382
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3382
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3383

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 314

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^5A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} + \frac{2a^4(5Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{10a^3b(2Ab+aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3(a+bx)} + \frac{4a^2b^2(Ab+aB)x^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{10ab^3(Ab+2aB)x^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{7(a+bx)} + \frac{2b^4(Ab+5aB)x^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{9(a+bx)} + \frac{2b^5Bx^{11/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{11(a+bx)}$$

output

```
-2*a^5*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+2*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+10*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(3/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+4*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*x^(5/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+10*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(7/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x+7*a)+2*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*x^(9/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(9*b*x+9*a)+2*b^5*B*x^(11/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(11*b*x+11*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}(-693a^5(A - Bx) + 1155a^4bx(3A + Bx) + 462a^3b^2$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(-693*a^5*(A - B*x) + 1155*a^4*b*x*(3*A + B*x) + 462*a^3*b^2*x^2*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 198*a^2*b^3*x^3*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 55*a*b^4*x^4*(9*A + 7*B*x) + 7*b^5*x^5*(11*A + 9*B*x)))/(693*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^5}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{(5Ab+aB)a^4}{\sqrt{x}} + 5b(2Ab + aB)\sqrt{x}a^3 + 10b^2(Ab + aB)x^{3/2}a^2 + 5b^3(Ab + 2aB)x^{5/2}a \right.}{a + bx} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{2a^5A}{\sqrt{x}} + 2a^4\sqrt{x}(aB + 5Ab) + \frac{10}{3}a^3bx^{3/2}(aB + 2Ab) + 4a^2b^2x^{5/2}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{9}b^4x^{9/2}(5aB + 2b) \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((-2*a^5*A)/Sqrt[x] + 2*a^4*(5*A*b + a*B)*Sqrt[x] + (10*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^(3/2))/3 + 4*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B)*x^(5/2) + (10*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B)*x^(9/2))/9 + (2*b^5*B*x^(11/2))/11)/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2)/x**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2)/x**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{315} \left(5(7b^5x^2 + 9ab^4x)x^{5/2} + 36(5ab^4x^2 + 7a^2b^3x)x^{3/2} + 126(3a^2b^3x^2 + 5a^3b^2x)x^{1/2} + 420(a^3b^2x^2 + 3a^4b^2x)/\sqrt{x} + 315(a^4b^2x^2 - a^5x)/x^{3/2} \right) A + \frac{2}{3465} \left(35(9b^5x^2 + 11ab^4x)x^{7/2} + 220(7ab^4x^2 + 9a^2b^3x)x^{5/2} + 594(5a^2b^3x^2 + 7a^3b^2x)x^{3/2} + 924(3a^3b^2x^2 + 5a^4b^2x)x^{1/2} + 1155(a^4b^2x^2 + 3a^5x)/\sqrt{x} \right) B$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/315*(5*(7*b^5*x^2 + 9*a*b^4*x)*x^(5/2) + 36*(5*a*b^4*x^2 + 7*a^2*b^3*x)*x^(3/2) + 126*(3*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 5*a^3*b^2*x)*sqrt(x) + 420*(a^3*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^4*b*x)/sqrt(x) + 315*(a^4*b*x^2 - a^5*x)/x^(3/2))*A + 2/3465*(35*(9*b^5*x^2 + 11*a*b^4*x)*x^(7/2) + 220*(7*a*b^4*x^2 + 9*a^2*b^3*x)*x^(5/2) + 594*(5*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 7*a^3*b^2*x)*x^(3/2) + 924*(3*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 5*a^4*b*x)*sqrt(x) + 1155*(a^4*b*x^2 + 3*a^5*x)/sqrt(x))*B`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{11} Bb^5x^{\frac{11}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{10}{9} Bab^4x^{\frac{9}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{2}{9} Ab^5x^{\frac{9}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{20}{7} Ba^2b^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{10}{7} Aab^4x^{\frac{7}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 4Ba^3b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 4Aa^2b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{10}{3} Ba^4bx^{\frac{3}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{20}{3} Aa^3b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2Ba^5\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 10Aa^4b\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - \frac{2Aa^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/11*B*b^5*x^(11/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/9*B*a*b^4*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/9*A*b^5*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20/7*B*a^2*b^3*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/7*A*a*b^4*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 4*B*a^3*b^2*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 4*A*a^2*b^3*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/3*B*a^4*b*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20/3*A*a^3*b^2*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2*B*a^5*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10*A*a^4*b*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a) - 2*A*a^5*sgn(b*x + a)/sqrt(x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(\frac{2Bb^4x^6}{11} - \frac{2Aa^5}{b} + \frac{10a^3x^2(2Ab+Ba)}{3} + \frac{x^5(154Aa^2b^5 + 770B^2a^2b^4)}{693b} \right) + 4a^2b^3x^3(Ab + Ba) + (10a^2b^2x^4(Ab + 2B^2a))}{x^3} + \frac{2a^4x(5Ab + Ba)}{b}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^(3/2),x)`

output `((a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2)*((2*B*b^4*x^6)/11 - (2*A*a^5)/b + (10*a^3*x^2*(2*A*b + B*a))/3 + (x^5*(154*A*b^5 + 770*B^2*a^2*b^4))/(693*b) + 4*a^2*b*x^3*(A*b + B*a) + (10*a*b^2*x^4*(A*b + 2*B^2*a))/7 + (2*a^4*x*(5*A*b + B*a)/b))/x^(3/2) + (a*x^(1/2))/b`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{11}b^6x^6 + \frac{4}{3}ab^5x^5 + \frac{30}{7}a^2b^4x^4 + 8a^3b^3x^3 + 10a^4b^2x^2 + 12a^5bx - 2a^6}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(3/2),x)`output `(2*(- 231*a**6 + 1386*a**5*b*x + 1155*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 924*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 495*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 154*a*b**5*x**5 + 21*b**6*x**6))/(231*sqrt(x))`

3.435 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3384
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3385
Rubi [A] (verified)	3385
Maple [A] (verified)	3387
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3387
Sympy [F]	3388
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3388
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3389
Mupad [F(-1)]	3389
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3390

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 314

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^5A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3x^{3/2}(a+bx)} - \frac{2a^4(5Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} + \frac{10a^3b(2Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{20a^2b^2(Ab+aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3(a+bx)} + \frac{2ab^3(Ab+2aB)x^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{2b^4(Ab+5aB)x^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{7(a+bx)} + \frac{2b^5Bx^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{9(a+bx)}$$

output

```
-2/3*a^5*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)-2*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+10*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+20*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*x^(3/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+2*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(5/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+2*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*x^(7/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x+7*a)+2*b^5*B*x^(9/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(9*b*x+9*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(315a^4bx(A - Bx) - 210a^3b^2x^2(3A + Bx) + 21a^5(A + 3Bx) - 42a^2b^3x^3(5A + 3Bx) - 9ab^4x^4(7A + 5Bx) - b^5x^5(9A + 7Bx))}}{63x^{3/2}(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(315*a^4*b*x*(A - B*x) - 210*a^3*b^2*x^2*(3*A + B*x) + 21*a^5*(A + 3*B*x) - 42*a^2*b^3*x^3*(5*A + 3*B*x) - 9*a*b^4*x^4*(7*A + 5*B*x) - b^5*x^5*(9*A + 7*B*x)))/(63*x^(3/2)*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^5}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{(5Ab+aB)a^4}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{5b(2Ab+aB)a^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 10b^2(Ab+aB)\sqrt{xa^2} + 5b^3(Ab+2aB)x^{3/2}a + b^5Bx^7 \right)}{a+bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{2a^5A}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2a^4(aB+5Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + 10a^3b\sqrt{x}(aB+2Ab) + \frac{20}{3}a^2b^2x^{3/2}(aB+Ab) + \frac{2}{7}b^4x^{7/2}(5aB+Ab) \right)}{a+bx}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((-2*a^5*A)/(3*x^(3/2)) - (2*a^4*(5*A*b + a*B))/Sqrt[x] + 10*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B)*Sqrt[x] + (20*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B)*x^(3/2))/3 + 2*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^(5/2) + (2*b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B)*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*b^5*B*x^(9/2))/9)/(a + b*x)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

rule 1187

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(-7Bb^5x^6-9Ab^5x^5-45Bab^4x^5-63Aab^4x^4-126Ba^2b^3x^4-210Aa^2b^3x^3-210Ba^3b^2x^3-630Aa^3b^2x^2-315Ba^4bx^2+315Aa^4b^2x^2-630Aa^4b^2x^2+315Aa^4b^2x^2)}{63x^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx+a)^5}$
default	$-\frac{2(-7Bb^5x^6-9Ab^5x^5-45Bab^4x^5-63Aab^4x^4-126Ba^2b^3x^4-210Aa^2b^3x^3-210Ba^3b^2x^3-630Aa^3b^2x^2-315Ba^4bx^2+315Aa^4b^2x^2-630Aa^4b^2x^2+315Aa^4b^2x^2)}{63x^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx+a)^5}$
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(-7Bb^5x^6-9Ab^5x^5-45Bab^4x^5-63Aab^4x^4-126Ba^2b^3x^4-210Aa^2b^3x^3-210Ba^3b^2x^3-630Aa^3b^2x^2-315Ba^4bx^2+315Aa^4b^2x^2-630Aa^4b^2x^2+315Aa^4b^2x^2)}{63(bx+a)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-7Bb^5x^6-9Ab^5x^5-45Bab^4x^5-63Aab^4x^4-126Ba^2b^3x^4-210Aa^2b^3x^3-210Ba^3b^2x^3-630Aa^3b^2x^2-315Ba^4bx^2+315Aa^4b^2x^2-630Aa^4b^2x^2+315Aa^4b^2x^2)}{63x^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx+a)^5}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/63*(-7*B*b^5*x^6-9*A*b^5*x^5-45*B*a*b^4*x^5-63*A*a*b^4*x^4-126*B*a^2*b^3*x^4-210*A*a^2*b^3*x^3-210*B*a^3*b^2*x^3-630*A*a^3*b^2*x^2-315*B*a^4*b*x^2+315*A*a^4*b*x^2+63*B*a^5*x+21*A*a^5)*((b*x+a)^2)^(5/2)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(7Bb^5x^6-21Aa^5+9(5Bab^4+Ab^5)x^5+63(2Ba^2b^3+Aab^4))}{x^{5/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

$$\frac{2}{63}(7Bb^5x^6 - 21Aa^5 + 9(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 63(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 210(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 315(Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^2 - 63(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x)/x^{3/2}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2)/x**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2)/x**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{105} \left(3(5b^5x^2 + 7ab^4x)x^{3/2} + 28(3ab^4x^2 + 5a^2b^3x)\sqrt{x} + \frac{210(a^5b^2x^2 + 3a^4b^3x)}{\sqrt{x}} \right) + \frac{2}{315} \left(5(7b^5x^2 + 9ab^4x)x^{5/2} + 36(5ab^4x^2 + 7a^2b^3x)x^{3/2} + 126(3a^2b^3x^2 + 5a^3b^2x)\sqrt{x} + \frac{420(a^3b^2x^2 + 3a^4b^3x)}{\sqrt{x}} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/105*(3*(5*b^5*x^2 + 7*a*b^4*x)*x^(3/2) + 28*(3*a*b^4*x^2 + 5*a^2*b^3*x)*sqrt(x) + 210*(a^2*b^3*x^2 + 3*a^3*b^2*x)/sqrt(x) + 420*(a^3*b^2*x^2 - a^4*b*x)/x^(3/2) - 35*(3*a^4*b*x^2 + a^5*x)/x^(5/2))*A + 2/315*(5*(7*b^5*x^2 + 9*a*b^4*x)*x^(5/2) + 36*(5*a*b^4*x^2 + 7*a^2*b^3*x)*x^(3/2) + 126*(3*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 5*a^3*b^2*x)*sqrt(x) + 420*(a^3*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^4*b*x)/sqrt(x) + 315*(a^4*b*x^2 - a^5*x)/x^(3/2))*B
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{9} Bb^5x^{9/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{10}{7} Bab^4x^{7/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{2}{7} Ab^5x^{7/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 4Ba^2b^3x^{5/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2Aab^4x^{5/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{20}{3} Ba^3b^2x^{3/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{20}{3} Aa^2b^3x^{3/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 10Ba^4b\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 20Aa^3b^2\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - \frac{2(3Ba^5x\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 15Aa^4bx\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Aa^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/9*B*b^5*x^(9/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/7*B*a*b^4*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/7*A*b^5*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 4*B*a^2*b^3*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2*A*a*b^4*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20/3*B*a^3*b^2*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20/3*A*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10*B*a^4*b*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20*A*a^3*b^2*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a) - 2/3*(3*B*a^5*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 15*A*a^4*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + A*a^5*sgn(b*x + a))/x^(3/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{9}b^6x^6 + \frac{12}{7}ab^5x^5 + 6a^2b^4x^4 + \frac{40}{3}a^3b^3x^3 + 30a^4b^2x^2 - 12a^5bx - \frac{2}{3}a^6}{\sqrt{x}x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(5/2),x)`output `(2*(- 21*a**6 - 378*a**5*b*x + 945*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 420*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 189*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 54*a*b**5*x**5 + 7*b**6*x**6))/(63*sqrt(x)*x)`

3.436 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3391
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3392
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 316

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^5A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{5x^{5/2}(a+bx)} - \frac{2a^4(5Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3x^{3/2}(a+bx)} - \frac{10a^3b(2Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} + \frac{20a^2b^2(Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx} + \frac{10ab^3(Ab+2aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3(a+bx)} + \frac{2b^4(Ab+5aB)x^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{5(a+bx)} + \frac{2b^5Bx^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{7(a+bx)}$$

output

```
-2/5*a^5*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)-2/3*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)-10*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+20*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+10*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(3/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+2*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*x^(5/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x+5*a)+2*b^5*B*x^(7/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x+7*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(1050a^3b^2x^2(A - Bx) - 350a^2b^3x^3(3A + Bx) + 175a^4bx(A + 3Bx) - 35ab^4x^4(5A + 3Bx) + 5B^2x^5)}{105x^{5/2}(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(1050*a^3*b^2*x^2*(A - B*x) - 350*a^2*b^3*x^3*(3*A + B*x) + 175*a^4*b*x*(A + 3*B*x) - 35*a*b^4*x^4*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 7*a^5*(3*A + 5*B*x) - 3*b^5*x^5*(7*A + 5*B*x)))/(105*x^(5/2)*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^5}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{(5Ab+aB)a^4}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{5b(2Ab+aB)a^3}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{10b^2(Ab+aB)a^2}{\sqrt{x}} + 5b^3(Ab + 2aB)\sqrt{xa} + b^5Bx^{5/2} + b^4 \right)}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{2a^5A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2a^4(aB+5Ab)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{10a^3b(aB+2Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + 20a^2b^2\sqrt{x}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{5}b^4x^{5/2}(5aB + Ab) + \frac{10}{3}ab^5 \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^(7/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((-2*a^5*A)/(5*x^(5/2)) - (2*a^4*(5*A*b + a*B))/(3*x^(3/2)) - (10*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B))/Sqrt[x] + 20*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B)*Sqrt[x] + (10*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B)*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*b^5*B*x^(7/2))/7)/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(-15Bb^5x^6 - 21Ab^5x^5 - 105Bab^4x^5 - 175Aab^4x^4 - 350Ba^2b^3x^4 - 1050Aa^2b^3x^3 - 1050Ba^3b^2x^3 + 1050Aa^3b^2x^2 + 525Ba^4bx^2)}{105x^{\frac{5}{2}}(bx+a)^5}$
default	$-\frac{2(-15Bb^5x^6 - 21Ab^5x^5 - 105Bab^4x^5 - 175Aab^4x^4 - 350Ba^2b^3x^4 - 1050Aa^2b^3x^3 - 1050Ba^3b^2x^3 + 1050Aa^3b^2x^2 + 525Ba^4bx^2)}{105x^{\frac{5}{2}}(bx+a)^5}$
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(-15Bb^5x^6 - 21Ab^5x^5 - 105Bab^4x^5 - 175Aab^4x^4 - 350Ba^2b^3x^4 - 1050Aa^2b^3x^3 - 1050Ba^3b^2x^3 + 1050Aa^3b^2x^2 + 525Ba^4bx^2)}{105(bx+a)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-15Bb^5x^6 - 21Ab^5x^5 - 105Bab^4x^5 - 175Aab^4x^4 - 350Ba^2b^3x^4 - 1050Aa^2b^3x^3 - 1050Ba^3b^2x^3 + 1050Aa^3b^2x^2 + 525Ba^4bx^2)}{105x^{\frac{5}{2}}(bx+a)^5}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/105*(-15*B*b^5*x^6-21*A*b^5*x^5-105*B*a*b^4*x^5-175*A*a*b^4*x^4-350*B*a^2*b^3*x^4-1050*A*a^2*b^3*x^3-1050*B*a^3*b^2*x^3+1050*A*a^3*b^2*x^2+525*B*a^4*b*x^2+175*A*a^4*b*x+35*B*a^5*x+21*A*a^5)*((b*x+a)^2)^(5/2)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(15Bb^5x^6 - 21Aa^5 + 21(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 175(2Ba^2b^3 + Aa^3b^2)x^4 + \dots)}{105x^{5/2}(bx+a)^5}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/105*(15*B*b^5*x^6 - 21*A*a^5 + 21*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 175*(2*B*a^2
*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 1050*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 - 525*(B*a^4*b + 2*
A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 - 35*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^(5/2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2)/x**(7/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2)/x**(7/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2}{15} \left((3b^5x^2 + 5ab^4x)\sqrt{x} + \frac{20(ab^4x^2 + 3a^2b^3x)}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{90(a^2b^3x^2 - a^3b^2x)}{x^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2}{105} \left(3(5b^5x^2 + 7ab^4x)x^{3/2} + 28(3ab^4x^2 + 5a^2b^3x)\sqrt{x} + \frac{210(a^2b^3x^2 + 3a^3b^2x)}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{420(a^3b^2x^2 - a^4bx)}{x^{3/2}} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima
")
```

output

```
2/15*((3*b^5*x^2 + 5*a*b^4*x)*sqrt(x) + 20*(a*b^4*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^3*x)/sqrt(x)
+ 90*(a^2*b^3*x^2 - a^3*b^2*x)/x^(3/2) - 20*(3*a^3*b^2*x^2 + a^4*b*x)/x
^(5/2) - (5*a^4*b*x^2 + 3*a^5*x)/x^(7/2))*A + 2/105*(3*(5*b^5*x^2 + 7*a*b
^4*x)*x^(3/2) + 28*(3*a*b^4*x^2 + 5*a^2*b^3*x)*sqrt(x) + 210*(a^2*b^3*x^2
+ 3*a^3*b^2*x)/sqrt(x) + 420*(a^3*b^2*x^2 - a^4*b*x)/x^(3/2) - 35*(3*a^4*b
*x^2 + a^5*x)/x^(5/2))*B
```


Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2}{7} Bb^5 x^{7/2} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 2 Bab^4 x^{5/2} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{2}{5} Ab^5 x^{5/2} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{20}{3} Ba^2 b^3 x^{3/2} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{10}{3} Aab^4 x^{3/2} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 20 Ba^3 b^2 \sqrt{x} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 20 Aa^2 b^3 \sqrt{x} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - \frac{2(75 Ba^4 bx^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 150 Aa^3 b^2 x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 5 Ba^5 x \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 25 Aa^4 bx \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 3 Aa^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))}{15 x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/7*B*b^5*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2*B*a*b^4*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/5*A*b^5*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20/3*B*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/3*A*a*b^4*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20*B*a^3*b^2*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20*A*a^2*b^3*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a) - 2/15*(75*B*a^4*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 150*A*a^3*b^2*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 5*B*a^5*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 25*A*a^4*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 3*A*a^5*sgn(b*x + a))/x^(5/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^(7/2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{7}b^6x^6 + \frac{12}{5}ab^5x^5 + 10a^2b^4x^4 + 40a^3b^3x^3 - 30a^4b^2x^2 - 4a^5bx - \frac{2}{5}a^6}{\sqrt{x}x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(7/2),x)`output `(2*(-7*a**6 - 70*a**5*b*x - 525*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 700*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 175*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 42*a*b**5*x**5 + 5*b**6*x**6))/(35*sqrt(x)*x**2)`

3.437 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3398
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3399
Rubi [A] (verified)	3399
Maple [A] (verified)	3401
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3401
Sympy [F]	3402
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3402
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3403
Mupad [F(-1)]	3403
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3404

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 316

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2a^5A\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{7x^{7/2}(a+bx)} - \frac{2a^4(5Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{5x^{5/2}(a+bx)}$$

$$-\frac{10a^3b(2Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3x^{3/2}(a+bx)} - \frac{20a^2b^2(Ab+aB)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)}$$

$$+\frac{10ab^3(Ab+2aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{a+bx}$$

$$+\frac{2b^4(Ab+5aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{3(a+bx)} + \frac{2b^5Bx^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{5(a+bx)}$$

output

```
-2/7*a^5*A*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)-2/5*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)-10/3*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)-20*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+10*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(1/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+2*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*x^(3/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x+3*a)+2*b^5*B*x^(5/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x+5*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(a + bx)^2(1050a^2b^3x^3(A - Bx) - 175ab^4x^4(3A + Bx) + 350a^3b^2x^2(A + 3Bx) - 7b^5x^5(5A + 3Bx) + 3A^2 + 5ABx + 3B^2x^2)}}{105x^{7/2}(a + bx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^(9/2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]*(1050*a^2*b^3*x^3*(A - B*x) - 175*a*b^4*x^4*(3*A + B*x) + 350*a^3*b^2*x^2*(A + 3*B*x) - 7*b^5*x^5*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 35*a^4*b*x*(3*A + 5*B*x) + 3*a^5*(5*A + 7*B*x)))/(105*x^(7/2)*(a + b*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{b^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx}{b^5(a + bx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx}{a + bx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \int \left(\frac{Aa^5}{x^{9/2}} + \frac{(5Ab+aB)a^4}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{5b(2Ab+aB)a^3}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{10b^2(Ab+aB)a^2}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{5b^3(Ab+2aB)a}{\sqrt{x}} + b^5Bx^{3/2} + b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^{1/2} \right)}{a + bx}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \left(-\frac{2a^5A}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{2a^4(aB+5Ab)}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{10a^3b(aB+2Ab)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{20a^2b^2(aB+Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{3}b^4x^{3/2}(5aB + Ab) + 10ab^3\sqrt{x}(2aB + Ab) \right)}{a + bx}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^(9/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]*((-2*a^5*A)/(7*x^(7/2)) - (2*a^4*(5*A*b + a*B))/(5*x^(5/2)) - (10*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B))/(3*x^(3/2)) - (20*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B))/Sqrt[x] + 10*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B)*Sqrt[x] + (2*b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B)*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*b^5*B*x^(5/2))/5))/(a + b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_.) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(-21Bb^5x^6 - 35Ab^5x^5 - 175Bab^4x^5 - 525Aab^4x^4 - 1050Ba^2b^3x^4 + 1050Aa^2b^3x^3 + 1050Ba^3b^2x^3 + 350Aa^3b^2x^2 + 175Ba^4bx^2)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}(bx+a)^5}$
default	$-\frac{2(-21Bb^5x^6 - 35Ab^5x^5 - 175Bab^4x^5 - 525Aab^4x^4 - 1050Ba^2b^3x^4 + 1050Aa^2b^3x^3 + 1050Ba^3b^2x^3 + 350Aa^3b^2x^2 + 175Ba^4bx^2)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}(bx+a)^5}$
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}(-21Bb^5x^6 - 35Ab^5x^5 - 175Bab^4x^5 - 525Aab^4x^4 - 1050Ba^2b^3x^4 + 1050Aa^2b^3x^3 + 1050Ba^3b^2x^3 + 350Aa^3b^2x^2 + 175Ba^4bx^2)}{105(bx+a)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-21Bb^5x^6 - 35Ab^5x^5 - 175Bab^4x^5 - 525Aab^4x^4 - 1050Ba^2b^3x^4 + 1050Aa^2b^3x^3 + 1050Ba^3b^2x^3 + 350Aa^3b^2x^2 + 175Ba^4bx^2)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}(bx+a)^5}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/105*(-21*B*b^5*x^6-35*A*b^5*x^5-175*B*a*b^4*x^5-525*A*a*b^4*x^4-1050*B*
a^2*b^3*x^4+1050*A*a^2*b^3*x^3+1050*B*a^3*b^2*x^3+350*A*a^3*b^2*x^2+175*B*
a^4*b*x^2+105*A*a^4*b*x+21*B*a^5*x+15*A*a^5)*((b*x+a)^2)^(5/2)/x^(7/2)/(b*
x+a)^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(21Bb^5x^6 - 15Aa^5 + 35(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 525(2Ba^2b^3 + Aa^3b^2)x^4 + 1050(2Aab^3 + Ab^4)x^3 + 1050(2Aa^2b^2 + Ab^3)x^2 + 350(2Aa^2b + Ab^2)x + 105Aa^2 + 15Aa^3)}{105x^{7/2}(bx+a)^5}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/105*(21*B*b^5*x^6 - 15*A*a^5 + 35*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 525*(2*B*a^2
*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 - 1050*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 - 175*(B*a^4*b + 2*
A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 - 21*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^(7/2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)((a + bx)^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2)/x**(9/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(5/2)/x**(9/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2}{15} \left((3b^5x^2 + 5ab^4x)\sqrt{x} + \frac{20(ab^4x^2 + 3a^2b^3x)}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{90(a^2b^3x^2 - a^3b^2x)}{x^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2}{105} A \left(\frac{35(b^5x^2 + 3ab^4x)}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{420(ab^4x^2 - a^2b^3x)}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{210(3a^2b^3x^2 + a^3b^2x)}{x^{5/2}} - \frac{28(5a^3b^2x^2 + 3a^4bx)}{x^{7/2}} - \frac{3(7a^4bx^2 + 5a^5x)}{x^{9/2}} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima
")
```

output

```
2/15*((3*b^5*x^2 + 5*a*b^4*x)*sqrt(x) + 20*(a*b^4*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^3*x)/sqrt(x)
+ 90*(a^2*b^3*x^2 - a^3*b^2*x)/x^(3/2) - 20*(3*a^3*b^2*x^2 + a^4*b*x)/x
^(5/2) - (5*a^4*b*x^2 + 3*a^5*x)/x^(7/2))*B + 2/105*A*(35*(b^5*x^2 + 3*a*b
^4*x)/sqrt(x) + 420*(a*b^4*x^2 - a^2*b^3*x)/x^(3/2) - 210*(3*a^2*b^3*x^2 +
a^3*b^2*x)/x^(5/2) - 28*(5*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^4*b*x)/x^(7/2) - 3*(7*a^4*b*
x^2 + 5*a^5*x)/x^(9/2))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2}{5} Bb^5 x^{5/2} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{10}{3} Bab^4 x^{3/2} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + \frac{2}{3} Ab^5 x^{3/2} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 20 Ba^2 b^3 \sqrt{x} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 10 Aab^4 \sqrt{x} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - \frac{2(1050 Ba^3 b^2 x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 1050 Aa^2 b^3 x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 175 Ba^4 bx^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 350 Aa^3 b^2 x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 21 B a^5 x \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 105 A a^4 b x \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 15 A a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))}{105 x^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/5*B*b^5*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10/3*B*a*b^4*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 2/3*A*b^5*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 20*B*a^2*b^3*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a) + 10*A*a*b^4*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a) - 2/105*(1050*B*a^3*b^2*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 1050*A*a^2*b^3*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) + 175*B*a^4*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 350*A*a^3*b^2*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 21*B*a^5*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 105*A*a^4*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 15*A*a^5*sgn(b*x + a))/x^(7/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^(9/2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2))/x^(9/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{5}b^6x^6 + 4ab^5x^5 + 30a^2b^4x^4 - 40a^3b^3x^3 - 10a^4b^2x^2 - \frac{12}{5}a^5bx - \frac{2}{7}a^6}{\sqrt{x}x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2)/x^(9/2),x)`output `(2*(-5*a**6 - 42*a**5*b*x - 175*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 700*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 525*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 70*a*b**5*x**5 + 7*b**6*x**6))/(35*sqrt(x)*x**3)`

3.438 $\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3405
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3406
Rubi [A] (verified)	3406
Maple [A] (verified)	3412
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3412
Sympy [F(-1)]	3413
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3413
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3414
Mupad [F(-1)]	3414
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3415

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 286

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2a^3(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}(a+bx)}{b^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2a^2(Ab-aB)x^{3/2}(a+bx)}{3b^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{2a(Ab-aB)x^{5/2}(a+bx)}{5b^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2(Ab-aB)x^{7/2}(a+bx)}{7b^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2Bx^{9/2}(a+bx)}{9b\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2a^{7/2}(Ab-aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{11/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-2*a^3*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)/b^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2/3*a^2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)/b^4/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-2/5*a*(A*b-B*a)*x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)/b^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2/7*(A*b-B*a)*x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)/b^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2/9*B*x^(9/2)*(b*x+a)/b/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2*a^(7/2)*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/b^(11/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2(a+bx) \left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(315a^4B - 105a^3b(3A+Bx) + 21a^2b^2x(5A+3Bx) - 9ab^3x^2) + 315b^{11/2}\sqrt{a} \right)}{315b^{11/2}\sqrt{a}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(2*(a + b*x)*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*(315*a^4*B - 105*a^3*b*(3*A + B*x) + 21*a^2*b^2*x*(5*A + 3*B*x) - 9*a*b^3*x^2*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 5*b^4*x^3*(9*A + 7*B*x)) - 315*a^(7/2)*(-(A*b) + a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(315*b^(11/2)*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.290$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 90, 60, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{b(a+bx) \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{b(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(Ab-aB) \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{a+bx} dx}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{9/2}}{9b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(Ab-aB) \left(\frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \frac{a \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{9/2}}{9b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(Ab-aB) \left(\frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{9/2}}{9b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(Ab-aB) \left(\frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{9/2}}{9b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx) \left((Ab-aB) \frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \left(a \frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right) \right) \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{9/2}}{9b}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{(a + bx) \left((Ab - aB) \frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \left(a \frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{9/2}}{9b}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(a + bx) \left((Ab - aB) \frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \left(a \frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \left(a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{9/2}}{9b}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}$$

input `Int[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]`

output

```
((a + b*x)*((2*B*x^(9/2))/(9*b) + ((A*b - a*B)*((2*x^(7/2))/(7*b) - (a*((2*x^(5/2))/(5*b) - (a*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*b) - (a*((2*Sqrt[x])/b - (2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/b^(3/2))/b))/b))/b))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 60

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 90

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```


rule 1187

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(-35b^4Bx^4 - 45Ab^4x^3 + 45Ba^3b^3x^3 + 63Aa^2b^3x^2 - 63Ba^2b^2x^2 - 105Aa^2b^2x + 105Ba^3bx + 315Aa^3b - 315a^4B)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{315b^5(bx+a)} +$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)\left(35B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{9}{2}}b^4 + 45A\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{7}{2}}b^4 - 45B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{7}{2}}ab^3 - 63A\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{5}{2}}a^2b^2 + 105A\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b^2 - 105B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{3}{2}}a^3\right)}{315\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}b^5\sqrt{ab}}$

input

```
int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^(2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/315*(-35*B*b^4*x^4-45*A*b^4*x^3+45*B*a*b^3*x^3+63*A*a*b^3*x^2-63*B*a^2*b^2*x^2-105*A*a^2*b^2*x+105*B*a^3*b*x+315*A*a^3*b-315*B*a^4)*x^(1/2)/b^5*((b*x+a)^(2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+2*a^4*(A*b-B*a)/b^5/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*((b*x+a)^(2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 276, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \left[-\frac{315(Ba^4 - Aa^3b)\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} \log\left(\frac{bx+2b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}-a}{bx+a}\right) - 2(35Bb^4x^4 + 315Ba^4 - 315Aa^3b - 45(Bab^3 - Ab^4)x^3 + 63Aa^2b^2x^2 - 105Aa^2bx + 105Ba^3bx + 315Aa^3b - 315a^4B)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{315b^5} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{2\left(315(Ba^4 - Aa^3b)\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}}{a}\right) - (35Bb^4x^4 + 315Ba^4 - 315Aa^3b - 45(Bab^3 - Ab^4)x^3 + 63Aa^2b^2x^2 - 105Aa^2bx + 105Ba^3bx + 315Aa^3b - 315a^4B)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{315b^5}\right)}{315b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/315*(315*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*sqrt(-a/b)*log((b*x + 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) - a)/(b*x + a)) - 2*(35*B*b^4*x^4 + 315*B*a^4 - 315*A*a^3*b - 45*(B*a*b^3 - A*b^4))*x^3 + 63*(B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^2 - 105*(B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/b^5, -2/315*(315*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*sqrt(a/b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/b)/a) - (35*B*b^4*x^4 + 315*B*a^4 - 315*A*a^3*b - 45*(B*a*b^3 - A*b^4))*x^3 + 63*(B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^2 - 105*(B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/b^5]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(7/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{10(7Bb^4x^2 + 9Bab^3x)x^{\frac{7}{2}} - 2(5(11Bab^3 - 9Ab^4)x^2 + 9(9Ba^2b^2 - 7Aab^3)x - 2(Ba^5 - Aa^4b) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) - (11Ba^3b - 9Aa^2b^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 6(Ba^4 - Aa^3b)\sqrt{x}}{3b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\frac{1}{315} \cdot (10 \cdot (7 \cdot B \cdot b^4 \cdot x^2 + 9 \cdot B \cdot a \cdot b^3 \cdot x) \cdot x^{7/2} - 2 \cdot (5 \cdot (11 \cdot B \cdot a \cdot b^3 - 9 \cdot A \cdot b^4) \cdot x^2 + 9 \cdot (9 \cdot B \cdot a^2 \cdot b^2 - 7 \cdot A \cdot a \cdot b^3) \cdot x) \cdot x^{5/2} + 6 \cdot (3 \cdot (11 \cdot B \cdot a^2 \cdot b^2 - 9 \cdot A \cdot a \cdot b^3) \cdot x^2 + 7 \cdot (9 \cdot B \cdot a^3 \cdot b - 7 \cdot A \cdot a^2 \cdot b^2) \cdot x) \cdot x^{3/2} + 21 \cdot (3 \cdot (11 \cdot B \cdot a^3 \cdot b - 9 \cdot A \cdot a^2 \cdot b^2) \cdot x^2 + 5 \cdot (9 \cdot B \cdot a^4 - 7 \cdot A \cdot a^3 \cdot b) \cdot x) \cdot \sqrt{x}) / (b^5 \cdot x + a \cdot b^4) - 2 \cdot (B \cdot a^5 - A \cdot a^4 \cdot b) \cdot \arctan(b \cdot \sqrt{x} / \sqrt{a \cdot b}) / (\sqrt{a \cdot b} \cdot b^5) - 1/3 \cdot ((11 \cdot B \cdot a^3 \cdot b - 9 \cdot A \cdot a^2 \cdot b^2) \cdot x^{3/2} - 6 \cdot (B \cdot a^4 - A \cdot a^3 \cdot b) \cdot \sqrt{x}) / b^5$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2(Ba^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - Aa^4 b \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) + 2\left(35Bb^8 x^{\frac{9}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - 45Bab^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 45Ab^8 x^{\frac{7}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 63Ba^2 b^6 x^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - 63Aa^3 b^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)\right)}{\sqrt{abb^5}}$$

input

`integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{-2 \cdot (B \cdot a^5 \cdot \operatorname{sgn}(b \cdot x + a) - A \cdot a^4 \cdot b \cdot \operatorname{sgn}(b \cdot x + a)) \cdot \arctan(b \cdot \sqrt{x} / \sqrt{a \cdot b}) / (\sqrt{a \cdot b} \cdot b^5) + 2/315 \cdot (35 \cdot B \cdot b^8 \cdot x^{9/2} \cdot \operatorname{sgn}(b \cdot x + a) - 45 \cdot B \cdot a \cdot b^7 \cdot x^{7/2} \cdot \operatorname{sgn}(b \cdot x + a) + 45 \cdot A \cdot b^8 \cdot x^{7/2} \cdot \operatorname{sgn}(b \cdot x + a) + 63 \cdot B \cdot a^2 \cdot b^6 \cdot x^{5/2} \cdot \operatorname{sgn}(b \cdot x + a) - 63 \cdot A \cdot a \cdot b^5 \cdot x^{5/2} \cdot \operatorname{sgn}(b \cdot x + a) - 105 \cdot B \cdot a^3 \cdot b^5 \cdot x^{3/2} \cdot \operatorname{sgn}(b \cdot x + a) + 105 \cdot A \cdot a^2 \cdot b^6 \cdot x^{3/2} \cdot \operatorname{sgn}(b \cdot x + a) + 315 \cdot B \cdot a^4 \cdot b^4 \cdot \sqrt{x} \cdot \operatorname{sgn}(b \cdot x + a) - 315 \cdot A \cdot a^3 \cdot b^5 \cdot \sqrt{x} \cdot \operatorname{sgn}(b \cdot x + a)) / b^9$$
Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}} dx$$

input

`int((x^(7/2)*(A+B*x))/((a+b*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output

`int((x^(7/2)*(A+B*x))/((a+b*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.02

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^4}{9}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**4)/9`

3.439 $\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3416
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3417
Rubi [A] (verified)	3417
Maple [A] (verified)	3421
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3421
Sympy [F(-1)]	3422
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3422
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3423
Mupad [F(-1)]	3423
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3424

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 238

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2a^2(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}(a+bx)}{b^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{2a(Ab-aB)x^{3/2}(a+bx)}{3b^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2(Ab-aB)x^{5/2}(a+bx)}{5b^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}(a+bx)}{7b\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{2a^{5/2}(Ab-aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
2*a^2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)/b^4/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-2/3*a*(A*b-B*a)*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)/b^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2/5*(A*b-B*a)*x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)/b^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2/7*B*x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)/b/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-2*a^(5/2)*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/b^(9/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2(a+bx) \left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(-105a^3B+35a^2b(3A+Bx)) - 7ab^2x(5A+3Bx) + 3b^3x^2 \right) + 105b^{9/2}\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}}{105b^{9/2}\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]`

output `(2*(a + b*x)*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*(-105*a^3*B + 35*a^2*b*(3*A + B*x)) - 7*a*b^2*x*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 3*b^3*x^2*(7*A + 5*B*x)) + 105*a^(5/2)*(-(A*b) + a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(105*b^(9/2)*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.258$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 90, 60, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{b(a+bx) \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{b(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(Ab-aB) \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{a+bx} dx}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(Ab-aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(Ab-aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(Ab-aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2],x]`

output `((a + b*x)*((2*B*x^(7/2))/(7*b) + ((A*b - a*B)*((2*x^(5/2))/(5*b) - (a*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*b) - (a*((2*Sqrt[x])/b - (2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]))/b^(3/2)))/b))/b))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 60 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{m+1} * ((c + d*x)^n / (b*(m+n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[n*(b*c - a*d) / (b*(m+n+1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^m * (c + d*x)^{n-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n+1, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m-n, 0]) \)) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m+n+2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{p*(m+1)-1} * (c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{1/p}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 90 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_) * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n) * ((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^p), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^{n+1} * ((e + f*x)^{p+1} / (d*f*(n+p+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n+p+2) - b*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1)) / (d*f*(n+p+2)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n * (e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n+p+2, 0]$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) * \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$
- rule 1187 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^m)((f_.) + (g_.)(x_)^n)((a_) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * (b/2 + c*x)^{2*\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m * (f + g*x)^n * (b/2 + c*x)^{2*p}], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(15x^3 B b^3 + 21A b^3 x^2 - 21B a b^2 x^2 - 35A a b^2 x + 35B a^2 b x + 105A a^2 b - 105B a^3) \sqrt{x} \sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{105b^4(bx+a)} - \frac{2a^3(Ab - Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) \sqrt{(bx+a)}}{b^4\sqrt{ab}(bx+a)}$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a) \left(15B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{7}{2}}b^3 + 21A\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{5}{2}}b^3 - 21B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{5}{2}}ab^2 - 35A\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{3}{2}}ab^2 + 35B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b + 105A\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{x}a^2b - 105A \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) \sqrt{(bx+a)} \right)}{105\sqrt{(bx+a)^2} b^4\sqrt{ab}}$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{105} * (15 * B * b^3 * x^3 + 21 * A * b^3 * x^2 - 21 * B * a * b^2 * x^2 - 35 * A * a * b^2 * x + 35 * B * a^2 * b * x + 105 * A * a^2 * b - 105 * B * a^3) * x^{(1/2)} / b^4 * ((b * x + a)^2)^{(1/2)} / (b * x + a) - 2 * a^3 * (A * b - B * a) / b^4 / (a * b)^{(1/2)} * \arctan(b * x^{(1/2)} / (a * b)^{(1/2)}) * ((b * x + a)^2)^{(1/2)} / (b * x + a)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \left[\frac{105(Ba^3 - Aa^2b) \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} \log\left(\frac{bx - 2b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} - a}{bx+a}\right) - 2(15Bb^3x^3 - 105Ba^3 + 105Aa^2b - 21Bab^2x^2 + 35Aa^2b - Aab^2)x \sqrt{x}}{105b^4} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[\frac{-1}{105} * (105 * (B * a^3 - A * a^2 * b) * \sqrt{-a/b} * \log((b * x - 2 * b * \sqrt{x} * \sqrt{-a/b}) - a) / (b * x + a) - 2 * (15 * B * b^3 * x^3 - 105 * B * a^3 + 105 * A * a^2 * b - 21 * (B * a * b^2 - A * b^3) * x^2 + 35 * (B * a^2 * b - A * a * b^2) * x) * \sqrt{x}) / b^4, \frac{2}{105} * (105 * (B * a^3 - A * a^2 * b) * \sqrt{a/b} * \arctan(b * \sqrt{x} * \sqrt{a/b}) / a + (15 * B * b^3 * x^3 - 105 * B * a^3 + 105 * A * a^2 * b - 21 * (B * a * b^2 - A * b^3) * x^2 + 35 * (B * a^2 * b - A * a * b^2) * x) * \sqrt{x}) / b^4 \right]$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{6(5Bb^3x^2+7Bab^2x)x^{\frac{5}{2}}-2(3(9Bab^2-7Ab^3)x^2+7(7Ba^2b-5Aab^2)x)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{105(b^4x+ab^3)} + \frac{2(Ba^4-Aa^3b)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^4}} + \frac{(9Ba^2b-7Aab^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}}-6(Ba^3-Aa^2b)\sqrt{x}}{3b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/105*(6*(5*B*b^3*x^2+7*B*a*b^2*x)*x^(5/2)-2*(3*(9*B*a*b^2-7*A*b^3)*x^2+7*(7*B*a^2*b-5*A*a*b^2)*x)*x^(3/2)-7*(3*(9*B*a^2*b-7*A*a*b^2)*x^2+5*(7*B*a^3-5*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^4*x+a*b^3)+2*(B*a^4-A*a^3*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^4)+1/3*((9*B*a^2*b-7*A*a*b^2)*x^(3/2)-6*(B*a^3-A*a^2*b)*sqrt(x))/b^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2(Ba^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - Aa^3 b \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^4}} + \frac{2\left(15Bb^6x^{7/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - 21Bab^5x^{5/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 21Ab^6x^{5/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 35Ba^2b^4x^{3/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - 35Aa^3b^3\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 105Aa^2b^4\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)\right)}{105b^7}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*(B*a^4*sgn(b*x + a) - A*a^3*b*sgn(b*x + a))*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^4) + 2/105*(15*B*b^6*x^(7/2)*sgn(b*x + a) - 21*B*a*b^5*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 21*A*b^6*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 35*B*a^2*b^4*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a) - 35*A*a*b^5*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a) - 105*B*a^3*b^3*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a) + 105*A*a^2*b^4*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a))/b^7`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}} dx$$

input `int((x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.03

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^3}{7}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**3)/7`

3.440 $\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3425
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3425
Rubi [A] (verified)	3426
Maple [A] (verified)	3429
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3429
Sympy [F]	3430
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3430
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3431
Mupad [F(-1)]	3431
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3432

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2a(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}(a+bx)}{b^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2(Ab-aB)x^{3/2}(a+bx)}{3b^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}(a+bx)}{5b\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2a^{3/2}(Ab-aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-2*a*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)/b^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2/3*(A*b-B*a)*x^(3/2)
*(b*x+a)/b^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2/5*B*x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)/b/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+
*a^(3/2)*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/b^(7/2)/((b*x+a)
)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2(a+bx)\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(15a^2B-5ab(3A+Bx))+b^2x(5A+3Bx)\right)-15a^{3/2}(-Ab-...)}{15b^{7/2}\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x))/Sqrt[a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2],x]
```

output

$$(2*(a + b*x)*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*(15*a^2*B - 5*a*b*(3*A + B*x) + b^2*x*(5*A + 3*B*x)) - 15*a^(3/2)*(-(A*b) + a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]))/(15*b^(7/2)*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.226$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 90, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{b(a+bx) \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{b(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 90 \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(Ab-aB) \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{a+bx} dx}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(Ab-aB) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2],x]`

output `((a + b*x)*((2*B*x^(5/2))/(5*b) + ((A*b - a*B)*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*b) - (a*((2*Sqrt[x])/b - (2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/b^(3/2)))/b))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 60 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_))^m((c_ + (d_)(x_))^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{m+1}((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m+n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m+n+1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{n-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n+1, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m-n, 0]) \)) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m+n+2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_))^m((c_ + (d_)(x_))^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{p*(m+1)-1}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{1/p}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 90 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_))*((c_ + (d_)(x_))^n)*((e_ + (f_)(x_))^p), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^{n+1}((e + f*x)^{p+1}/(d*f*(n+p+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n+p+2) - b*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1))]/(d*f*(n+p+2)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n+p+2, 0]$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$
- rule 1187 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_)(x_))^m((f_ + (g_)(x_))^n)*((a_ + (b_)(x_) + (c_)(x_)^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x)^{2*\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{2*p}], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(-3x^2 B b^2 - 5x b^2 A + 5xabB + 15abA - 15a^2 B)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{15b^3(bx+a)} + \frac{2a^2(Ab - Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{b^3\sqrt{ab}(bx+a)}$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)\left(3Bx^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{ab}b^2 + 5Ax^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{ab}b^2 - 5Bx^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{ab}ab - 15A\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ab}ab + 15A\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)a^2b + 15B\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ab}a^2 - 15B\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)\right)}{15\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}b^3\sqrt{ab}}$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/15*(-3*B*b^2*x^2-5*A*b^2*x+5*B*a*b*x+15*A*a*b-15*B*a^2)*x^{1/2}/b^3*((b*x+a)^2)^{1/2}/(b*x+a)+2*a^2*(A*b-B*a)/b^3/(a*b)^{1/2}*\arctan(b*x^{1/2}/(a*b)^{1/2})*((b*x+a)^2)^{1/2}/(b*x+a)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \left[\frac{15(Ba^2 - Aab)\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} \log\left(\frac{bx+2b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}-a}{bx+a}\right) - 2(3Bb^2x^2 + 15Ba^2 - 15Aab)}{15b^3} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\left(15(Ba^2 - Aab)\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}}{a}\right) - (3Bb^2x^2 + 15Ba^2 - 15Aab - 5(Bab - Ab^2)x)\sqrt{x}\right)}{15b^3} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/15*(15*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*sqrt(-a/b)*log((b*x + 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) -
a)/(b*x + a)) - 2*(3*B*b^2*x^2 + 15*B*a^2 - 15*A*a*b - 5*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*x
)*sqrt(x))/b^3, -2/15*(15*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*sqrt(a/b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(
a/b)/a) - (3*B*b^2*x^2 + 15*B*a^2 - 15*A*a*b - 5*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x
))/b^3]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**(3/2)*(A + B*x)/sqrt((a + b*x)**2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2(3Bb^2x^2 + 5Babx)x^{3/2} + (3(7Bab - 5Ab^2)x^2 + 5(5Ba^2 - 3Aab)x)\sqrt{x}}{15(b^3x + ab^2)} - \frac{2(Ba^3 - Aa^2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^3}} - \frac{(7Bab - 5Ab^2)x^{3/2} - 6(Ba^2 - Aab)\sqrt{x}}{3b^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/15*(2*(3*B*b^2*x^2 + 5*B*a*b*x)*x^(3/2) + (3*(7*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*x^2 + 5
*(5*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^3*x + a*b^2) - 2*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*arc
tan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^3) - 1/3*((7*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*x^(3/2
) - 6*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/b^3
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2(Ba^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - Aa^2b\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^3}} + \frac{2\left(3Bb^4x^{5/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - 5Bab^3x^{3/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 5Ab^4x^{3/2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 15Ba^2b^2\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - 15Aa^2b\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)\right)}{15b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*(B*a^3*sgn(b*x + a) - A*a^2*b*sgn(b*x + a))*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b)) / (sqrt(a*b)*b^3) + 2/15*(3*B*b^4*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a) - 5*B*a*b^3*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 5*A*b^4*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a) + 15*B*a^2*b^2*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a) - 15*A*a*b^3*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a))/b^5`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}} dx$$

input `int((x^(3/2)*(A+B*x))/((a+b*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^(3/2)*(A+B*x))/((a+b*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.04

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^2}{5}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**2)/5`

3.441 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3433
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3433
Rubi [A] (verified)	3434
Maple [A] (verified)	3436
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3437
Sympy [F]	3437
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3438
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3438
Mupad [F(-1)]	3439
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3439

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}(a+bx)}{b^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)}{3b\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}(Ab-aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)/b^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2/3*B*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)/b/
((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-2*a^(1/2)*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/
2))/b^(5/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2(a+bx)\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(3Ab-3aB+bBx)+3\sqrt{a}(-Ab+aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{3b^{5/2}\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2], x]`

output `(2*(a + b*x)*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*(3*A*b - 3*a*B + b*B*x) + 3*Sqrt[a]*(-(A*b) + a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]))/(3*b^(5/2)*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.194$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 90, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\
 & \frac{b(a+bx) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{b(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 90 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(Ab-aB) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(Ab-aB) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

input

```
Int[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2],x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x)*((2*B*x^(3/2))/(3*b) + ((A*b - a*B)*((2*Sqrt[x])/b - (2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/b^(3/2)))/b))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 60

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```


rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2(Bbx+3Ab-3Ba)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{3b^2(bx+a)} - \frac{2a(Ab-Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{b^2\sqrt{ab}(bx+a)}$	85
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)\left(B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{3}{2}}b+3A\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{x}b-3A\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)ab-3B\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{x}a+3B\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)a^2\right)}{3\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}b^2\sqrt{ab}}$	94

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3*(B*b*x+3*A*b-3*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^2*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)-2*a*(A*b-B*a)/b^2/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(Ba - Ab)\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} \log\left(\frac{bx - 2b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} - a}{bx+a}\right) - 2(Bbx - 3Ba + 3Ab)\sqrt{x}}{3b^2}, \frac{2\left(3(Ba - Ab)\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a/b}}{a}\right) + (Bbx - 3Ba + 3Ab)\sqrt{x}\right)}{b^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/3*(3*(B*a - A*b)*sqrt(-a/b)*log((b*x - 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) - a)/(b*x + a)) - 2*(B*b*x - 3*B*a + 3*A*b)*sqrt(x))/b^2, 2/3*(3*(B*a - A*b)*sqrt(a/b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/b)/a) + (B*b*x - 3*B*a + 3*A*b)*sqrt(x))/b^2]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x)*(A + B*x)/sqrt((a + b*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{((Bab-Ab^2)x^2+(Ba^2-Aab)x)\sqrt{x}}{ab^2x+a^2b} + \frac{2(Ba^2-Aab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^2}} + \frac{(5Bab-3Ab^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}}-6(Ba^2-Aab)\sqrt{x}}{3ab^2}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-((B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^2 - A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(x)/(a*b^2*x + a^2*b) + 2*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^2) + 1/3*((5*B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*x^(3/2) - 6*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/(a*b^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2(Ba^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - Aab\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a))\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^2}} + \frac{2\left(Bb^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - 3Bab\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 3Ab^2\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)\right)}{3b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*(B*a^2*sgn(b*x + a) - A*a*b*sgn(b*x + a))*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^2) + 2/3*(B*b^2*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a) - 3*B*a*b*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a) + 3*A*b^2*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a))/b^3`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}} dx$$

input `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`output `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.03

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x}{3}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2), x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*x)/3`

3.442 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3440
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3440
Rubi [A] (verified)	3441
Maple [A] (verified)	3443
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3443
Sympy [F]	3444
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3444
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3445
Mupad [F(-1)]	3445
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3445

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}(a + bx)}{b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} + \frac{2(Ab - aB)(a + bx) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^3/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
2*B*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)/b/((b*x+a)^(1/2)+2*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/((b*x+a)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2(a + bx) \left(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}B\sqrt{x} + (Ab - aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{ab^3/2}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
(2*(a + b*x)*(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*B*Sqrt[x] + (A*b - a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 90, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\
 & \frac{b(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{b\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{(Ab-aB) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} + \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{2(Ab-aB) \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} + \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{2(Ab-aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{3/2}}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[(A + B*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]),x]$

output $((a + b*x)*((2*B*\text{Sqrt}[x])/b + (2*(A*b - a*B)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/ \text{Sqrt}[a]])/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*b^{(3/2)}))/\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$

rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^m*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{p*(m+1)-1}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{1/p}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 90 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^m*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^n)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^p), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^{n+1}*((e + f*x)^{p+1}/(d*f*(n+p+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n+p+2) - b*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1))]/(d*f*(n+p+2)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n+p+2, 0]$

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 1187 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^m*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^n)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x)^{2*\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{2*p}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2(bx+a) \left(A \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) b + B\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ab} - B \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) a \right)}{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2 b\sqrt{ab}}}$	65
risch	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{b(bx+a)} + \frac{2(Ab-Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{b\sqrt{ab}(bx+a)}$	72

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*(b*x+a)*(A*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*b+B*x^(1/2)*(a*b)^(1/2)-B*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b/(a*b)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2 Bab\sqrt{x} + (Ba - Ab)\sqrt{-ab} \log\left(\frac{bx-a-2\sqrt{-ab}\sqrt{x}}{bx+a}\right)}{ab^2}, \frac{2 \left(Bab\sqrt{x} + (Ba - Ab)\sqrt{ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right) \right)}{ab^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[(2*B*a*b*sqrt(x) + (B*a - A*b)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)))/(a*b^2), 2*(B*a*b*sqrt(x) + (B*a - A*b)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x)))/(a*b^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(1/2)/((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(sqrt(x)*sqrt((a + b*x)**2)), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 140 vs. $2(65) = 130$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx \\ &= -\frac{2(Ba - Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb}} \\ & \quad + \frac{((3Bab - Ab^2)x^2 + 3(Ba^2 + Aab)x)\sqrt{x} + \frac{2(Aabx^2 + 3Aa^2x)}{\sqrt{x}}}{3(a^2bx + a^3)} \\ & \quad - \frac{(3Bab - Ab^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 6(Ba^2 - Aab)\sqrt{x}}{3a^2b} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*(B*a - A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b) + 1/3*(((3*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^2 + A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(x) + 2*(A*a*b*x^2 + 3*A*a^2*x)/sqrt(x))/(a^2*b*x + a^3) - 1/3*(((3*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^(3/2) - 6*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/(a^2*b)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{b} - \frac{2(Ba\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - A\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*B*sqrt(x)*sgn(b*x + a)/b - 2*(B*a*sgn(b*x + a) - A*b*sgn(b*x + a))*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.04

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = 2\sqrt{x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `2*sqrt(x)`

3.443 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3446
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3446
Rubi [A] (verified)	3447
Maple [A] (verified)	3449
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3449
Sympy [F]	3450
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3450
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3451
Mupad [F(-1)]	3451
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3451

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2A(a+bx)}{a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{2(Ab-aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-2*A*(b*x+a)/a/x^(1/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-2*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/b^(1/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2A(a+bx)}{a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}} + \frac{2(-Ab+aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-2A(a + bx))/(a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}) + (2(-(A*b) + a*B)*(a + bx)*x)*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x})/\sqrt{a}]}{(a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2})}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{b(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{bx^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \left(-\frac{(Ab-aB) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2A}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \left(-\frac{2(Ab-aB) \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{2A}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \left(-\frac{2(Ab-aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}} - \frac{2A}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*((-2*A)/(a*Sqrt[x]) - (2*(A*b - a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b]))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntegerQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(- (b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)\left(A\sqrt{x}\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)b-B\sqrt{x}\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)a+A\sqrt{ab}\right)}{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ab}}$	71
risch	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{a\sqrt{x}(bx+a)} - \frac{2(Ab-Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{a\sqrt{ab}(bx+a)}$	72

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2*(b*x+a)*(A*x^(1/2)*\arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*b-B*x^(1/2)*\arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a+A*(a*b)^(1/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/a/x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \left[-\frac{2Aab\sqrt{x} - (Ba - Ab)\sqrt{-abx} \log\left(\frac{bx-a+2\sqrt{-ab}\sqrt{x}}{bx+a}\right)}{a^2bx}, \right. \\ \left. -\frac{2\left(Aab\sqrt{x} + (Ba - Ab)\sqrt{abx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right)\right)}{a^2bx} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[-(2*A*a*b*\sqrt{x} - (B*a - A*b)*\sqrt{-a*b}*x*\log((b*x - a + 2*\sqrt{-a*b}*\sqrt{x}))/((b*x + a)))/(a^2*b*x), -2*(A*a*b*\sqrt{x} + (B*a - A*b)*\sqrt{a*b}*x*\arctan(\sqrt{a*b}/(b*\sqrt{x}))) / (a^2*b*x) \right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(3/2)/((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x**(3/2)*sqrt((a + b*x)**2)), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 180 vs. $2(65) = 130$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2(Ba - Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba}} - \frac{((Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^2 - 3(Ba^2b - 3Aab^2)x)\sqrt{x} - \frac{2((Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 3(Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)x)}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{6(Aa^2bx^2 - Aa^3x)}{x^{3/2}}}{3(a^3bx + a^4)} + \frac{(Bab + Ab^2)x^{3/2} - 6(Ba^2 - Aab)\sqrt{x}}{3a^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(B*a - A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a) - 1/3*(((B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^2 - 3*(B*a^2*b - 3*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x) - 2*((B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/sqrt(x) - 6*(A*a^2*b*x^2 - A*a^3*x)/x^(3/2))/(a^3*b*x + a^4) + 1/3*((B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^(3/2) - 6*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/a^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2(B\text{asgn}(bx + a) - A\text{bsgn}(bx + a)) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) - \frac{2A\text{sgn}(bx + a)}{a\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{aba}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*(B*a*sgn(b*x + a) - A*b*sgn(b*x + a))*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a) - 2*A*sgn(b*x + a)/(a*sqrt(x))`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int((A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.06

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(- 2)/sqrt(x)`

3.444 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3452
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3452
Rubi [A] (verified)	3453
Maple [A] (verified)	3455
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3456
Sympy [F]	3456
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3457
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3457
Mupad [F(-1)]	3458
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3458

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2A(a+bx)}{3ax^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2(Ab-aB)(a+bx)}{a^2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{b}(Ab-aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*A*(b*x+a)/a/x^(3/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)/a^2/x^(1/2)
/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2*b^(1/2)*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2(a+bx)\left(\sqrt{a}(-3Abx+a(A+3Bx))-3\sqrt{b}(Ab-aB)x^{3/2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{3a^{5/2}x^{3/2}\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]), x]
```

output

```
(-2*(a + b*x)*(Sqrt[a]*(-3*A*b*x + a*(A + 3*B*x)) - 3*Sqrt[b]*(A*b - a*B)*
x^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(3*a^(5/2)*x^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a + b
*x)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.194$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\
 & \frac{b(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{bx^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \left(-\frac{(Ab-aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2A}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \left(-\frac{(Ab-aB) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a + bx) \left(-\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(a + bx) \left(-\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x)*((-2*A)/(3*a*x^(3/2)) - ((A*b - a*B)*(-2/(a*Sqrt[x]) - (2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/a)/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 61

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{2(-3Abx+3Bax+Aa)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{3a^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx+a)} + \frac{2b(Ab-Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{a^2\sqrt{ab}(bx+a)}$	86
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)\left(3Ax^{\frac{3}{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)b^2-3Bx^{\frac{3}{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)ab+3Ax\sqrt{ab}b-3Bx\sqrt{ab}a-Aa\sqrt{ab}\right)}{3\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}a^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{ab}}$	97

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3*(-3*A*b*x+3*B*a*x+A*a)/a^2/x^(3/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+2*b*(A*b-B*a)/a^2/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(Ba - Ab)x^2\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(\frac{bx + 2a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} - a}{bx + a}\right) + 2(Aa + 3(Ba - Ab)x)\sqrt{x}}{3a^2x^2} - \frac{2\left(3(Ba - Ab)x^2\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} \arctan\left(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}}\right) + (Aa + 3(Ba - Ab)x)\sqrt{x}\right)}{3a^2x^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/3*(3*(B*a - A*b)*x^2*sqrt(-b/a)*log((b*x + 2*a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/a) - a)/(b*x + a)) + 2*(A*a + 3*(B*a - A*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^2*x^2), -2/3*(3*(B*a - A*b)*x^2*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/a)) + (A*a + 3*(B*a - A*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^2*x^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(5/2)/((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x**(5/2)*sqrt((a + b*x)**2)), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 244 vs. $2(95) = 190$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{((Bab^3 - 3Ab^4)x^2 + 3(3Ba^2b^2 - 5Aab^3)x)\sqrt{x} - \frac{2((Ba^2b^2 - 3Aab^3)x^2 - 3(3Ba^3b - 5Aa^2b^2)x) - 2(3(Ba^3b - 3Aa^2b^2))}{\sqrt{x}}}{3(a^4bx + a^5)}$$

$$- \frac{2(Bab - Ab^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^2}} + \frac{(Bab^2 - 3Ab^3)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6(Ba^2b - Aab^2)\sqrt{x}}{3a^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*(((B*a*b^3 - 3*A*b^4)*x^2 + 3*(3*B*a^2*b^2 - 5*A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x) - 2*((B*a^2*b^2 - 3*A*a*b^3)*x^2 - 3*(3*B*a^3*b - 5*A*a^2*b^2)*x)/sqrt(x) - 2*(3*(B*a^3*b - 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 - (3*B*a^4 - 5*A*a^3*b)*x)/x^(3/2) + 2*(3*A*a^3*b*x^2 + A*a^4*x)/x^(5/2))/(a^4*b*x + a^5) - 2*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^2) + 1/3*((B*a*b^2 - 3*A*b^3)*x^(3/2) + 6*(B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*sqrt(x))/a^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(Bab\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - Ab^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2(3Bax\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - 3Abx\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + Aa\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))}{3a^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-2*(B*a*b*sgn(b*x + a) - A*b^2*sgn(b*x + a))*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(
sqrt(a*b)*a^2) - 2/3*(3*B*a*x*sgn(b*x + a) - 3*A*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + A*a*sg
n(b*x + a))/(a^2*x^(3/2))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}} dx$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)
```

output

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.06

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2}{3\sqrt{x}x}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 2)/(3*sqrt(x)*x)
```

3.445 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3459
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3460
Rubi [A] (verified)	3460
Maple [A] (verified)	3463
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3463
Sympy [F(-1)]	3464
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3464
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3465
Mupad [F(-1)]	3465
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3466

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2A(a+bx)}{5ax^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2(Ab-aB)(a+bx)}{3a^2x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{2b(Ab-aB)(a+bx)}{a^3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{2b^{3/2}(Ab-aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-2/5*A*(b*x+a)/a/x^(5/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2/3*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)/a^2/x^(3/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-2*b*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)/a^3/x^(1/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-2*b^(3/2)*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2(a + bx) \left(\sqrt{a}(15Ab^2x^2 - 5abx(A + 3Bx) + a^2(3A + 5Bx)) + 15b^{3/2}(Ab - aB)x^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \right)}{15a^{7/2}x^{5/2}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]), x]
```

output

```
(-2*(a + b*x)*(Sqrt[a]*(15*A*b^2*x^2 - 5*a*b*x*(A + 3*B*x) + a^2*(3*A + 5*B*x)) + 15*b^(3/2)*(A*b - a*B)*x^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]) / (15*a^(7/2)*x^(5/2)*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.226$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{b(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{bx^{7/2}(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(-\frac{(Ab-aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2A}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(-\frac{(Ab-aB) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(-\frac{(Ab-aB) \left(b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(-\frac{(Ab-aB) \left(b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(-\frac{(Ab-aB) \left(b \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*((-2*A)/(5*a*x^(5/2)) - ((A*b - a*B)*(-2/(3*a*x^(3/2)) - (b*(-2/(a*Sqrt[x]) - (2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/a)))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1187

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(15x^2b^2A-15Bax^2b-5abAx+5a^2Bx+3a^2A)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{15a^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}(bx+a)} - \frac{2b^2(Ab-Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{a^3\sqrt{ab}(bx+a)}$
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)\left(15Ax^{\frac{5}{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)b^3-15Bx^{\frac{5}{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)ab^2+15Ax^2\sqrt{ab}b^2-15Bx^2\sqrt{ab}ab-5Ax\sqrt{ab}ab+5Bx\sqrt{ab}a^2+3Aa^2\right)}{15\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}a^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{ab}}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/15*(15*A*b^2*x^2-15*B*a*b*x^2-5*A*a*b*x+5*B*a^2*x+3*A*a^2)/a^3/x^(5/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)-2*b^2*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \left[\frac{15(Bab - Ab^2)x^3\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}}\log\left(\frac{bx-2a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}}-a}{bx+a}\right) + 2(3Aa^2 - 15(Bab - Ab^2))x^2}{15a^3x^3} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/15*(15*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^3*sqrt(-b/a)*log((b*x - 2*a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/a)
) - a)/(b*x + a) + 2*(3*A*a^2 - 15*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^2 + 5*(B*a^2 - A*a*b
)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^3*x^3), 2/15*(15*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^3*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(sqrt
(x)*sqrt(b/a)) - (3*A*a^2 - 15*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^2 + 5*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*x
)*sqrt(x))/(a^3*x^3)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(7/2)/((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 305 vs. 2(126) = 252.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{5((3Bab^4 - 5Ab^5)x^2 + 3(5Ba^2b^3 - 7Aab^4)x)\sqrt{x} - \frac{10((3Ba^2b^3 - 5Aab^4)x^2 - 3Aa^2b^2x + 3Aa^3)}{\sqrt{x}}}{3a^5} + \frac{2(Bab^2 - Ab^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^3}} - \frac{(3Bab^3 - 5Ab^4)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6(Ba^2b^2 - Aab^3)\sqrt{x}}{3a^5}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/15*(5*((3*B*a*b^4 - 5*A*b^5)*x^2 + 3*(5*B*a^2*b^3 - 7*A*a*b^4)*x)*\sqrt{x} \\ &) - 10*((3*B*a^2*b^3 - 5*A*a*b^4)*x^2 - 3*(5*B*a^3*b^2 - 7*A*a^2*b^3)*x)/\sqrt{x} \\ & - 10*(3*(3*B*a^3*b^2 - 5*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 - (5*B*a^4*b - 7*A*a^3*b^2)*x)/x^{3/2} \\ & - 2*(5*(3*B*a^4*b - 5*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + (5*B*a^5 - 7*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^{5/2} \\ & - 2*(5*A*a^4*b*x^2 + 3*A*a^5*x)/x^{7/2})/(a^5*b*x + a^6) + 2*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*a^3) \\ & - 1/3*((3*B*a*b^3 - 5*A*b^4)*x^{3/2} + 6*(B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*\sqrt{x})/a^5 \end{aligned}$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2(Bab^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - Ab^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^3}} + \frac{2(15Babx^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - 15Ab^2x^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - 5Ba^2x\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) + 5Aabx\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a) - 3Aa^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx + a))}{15a^3x^{5/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 2*(B*a*b^2*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) - A*b^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a))*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/ \\ & (\sqrt{a*b}*a^3) + 2/15*(15*B*a*b*x^2*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) - 15*A*b^2*x^2*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + \\ & a) - 5*B*a^2*x*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) + 5*A*a*b*x*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) - 3*A*a^2*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + \\ & a))/a^3*x^{5/2}) \end{aligned}$$
Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}} dx$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.05

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2}{5\sqrt{x} x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 2)/(5*sqrt(x)*x**2)`

3.446 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3467
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3468
Rubi [A] (verified)	3468
Maple [A] (verified)	3472
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3472
Sympy [F(-1)]	3473
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3473
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3474
Mupad [F(-1)]	3474
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3475

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 238

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2A(a+bx)}{7ax^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2(Ab-aB)(a+bx)}{5a^2x^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{2b(Ab-aB)(a+bx)}{3a^3x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2b^2(Ab-aB)(a+bx)}{a^4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2b^{5/2}(Ab-aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output -2/7*A*(b*x+a)/a/x^(7/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2/5*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)/a^2/x^(5/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-2/3*b*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)/a^3/x^(3/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2*b^2*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)/a^4/x^(1/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2*b^(5/2)*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(9/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2(a + bx) \left(\sqrt{a}(-105Ab^3x^3 + 35ab^2x^2(A + 3Bx) - 7a^2bx(3A + 5Bx) + 3a^3(5A + 7Bx)) - 105b^{5/2}(Ab - a^2) \right)}{105a^{9/2}x^{7/2}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(9/2)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*(a + b*x)*(Sqrt[a]*(-105*A*b^3*x^3 + 35*a*b^2*x^2*(A + 3*B*x) - 7*a^2*b*x*(3*A + 5*B*x) + 3*a^3*(5*A + 7*B*x)) - 105*b^(5/2)*(A*b - a*B)*x^(7/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(105*a^(9/2)*x^(7/2)*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.258$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 61, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{b(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{bx^{9/2}(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(-\frac{(Ab-aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(-\frac{(Ab-aB) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(-\frac{(Ab-aB) \left(b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(-\frac{(Ab-aB) \left(b \left(b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx) \left((Ab-aB) \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(a+bx) \left((Ab-aB) \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(9/2)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*((-2*A)/(7*a*x^(7/2)) - ((A*b - a*B)*(-2/(5*a*x^(5/2)) - (b*(-2/(3*a*x^(3/2)) - (b*(-2/(a*Sqrt[x]) - (2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]))/a^(3/2)))/a))/a))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 61 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^m*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^n, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{m+1}*((c + d*x)^{n+1}/((b*c - a*d)*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^{m+1}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^m*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^n, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{p*(m+1)-1}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{1/p}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 87 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{n_1}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^{p_1}, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{n+1}*((e + f*x)^{p+1}/(f*(p+1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{p+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 1187 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^{m_1}*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^{n_1}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{p_1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x)^{2*\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^{2*p}], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(-105A b^3 x^3 + 105B a b^2 x^3 + 35A a b^2 x^2 - 35B a^2 b x^2 - 21A a^2 b x + 21B a^3 x + 15a^3 A) \sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{105a^4 x^{\frac{7}{2}} (bx+a)} + \frac{2b^3 (Ab - Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^4 \sqrt{ab} (bx+a)}$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a) \left(105A x^{\frac{7}{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) b^4 - 105B x^{\frac{7}{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) a b^3 + 105A x^3 \sqrt{ab} b^3 - 105B x^3 \sqrt{ab} a b^2 - 35A x^2 \sqrt{ab} a b^2 + 35B x^2 \sqrt{ab} a b \right)}{105 \sqrt{(bx+a)^2} a^4 x^{\frac{7}{2}} \sqrt{ab}}$

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/105*(-105*A*b^3*x^3+105*B*a*b^2*x^3+35*A*a*b^2*x^2-35*B*a^2*b*x^2-21*A*a^2*b*x+21*B*a^3*x+15*A*a^3)/a^4/x^(7/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+2*b^3*(A*b-B*a)/a^4/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \left[\frac{105 (Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^4 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(\frac{bx+2a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}}-a}{bx+a}\right) + 2(15Aa^3 + 105(Ba^2b - Ab^3)x^3)}{105a^4x^4} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\left(105(Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^4 \sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} \arctan\left(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}}\right) + (15Aa^3 + 105(Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^3 - 35(Ba^2b - Ab^2)x^2 + 21Aa^2b - 21Baa^3)x\right)}{105a^4x^4} \right]$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/105*(105*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^4*sqrt(-b/a)*log((b*x + 2*a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/a) - a)/(b*x + a)) + 2*(15*A*a^3 + 105*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^3 - 35*(B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 21*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^4*x^4), -2/105*(105*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^4*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/a)) + (15*A*a^3 + 105*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^3 - 35*(B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 21*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^4*x^4)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(9/2)/((b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 357 vs. 2(159) = 318.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{35((5Bab^5 - 7Ab^6)x^2 + 3(7Ba^2b^4 - 9Aab^5)x)\sqrt{x} - \frac{70((5Ba^2b^4 - 7Aab^5)x^2 - 3(7Ba^3b^3 - 9Aa^2b^4)x) - 70(3(5Ba^3 - 7Aab^2)x^2 + 3(7Ba^2b^4 - 9Aab^5)x)\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{aba^4}} + \frac{(5Bab^4 - 7Ab^5)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6(Ba^2b^3 - Aab^4)\sqrt{x}}{3a^6}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/105*(35*((5*B*a*b^5 - 7*A*b^6)*x^2 + 3*(7*B*a^2*b^4 - 9*A*a*b^5)*x)*sqrt(x) - 70*((5*B*a^2*b^4 - 7*A*a*b^5)*x^2 - 3*(7*B*a^3*b^3 - 9*A*a^2*b^4)*x)/sqrt(x) - 70*(3*(5*B*a^3*b^3 - 7*A*a^2*b^4)*x^2 - (7*B*a^4*b^2 - 9*A*a^3*b^3)*x)/x^(3/2) - 14*(5*(5*B*a^4*b^2 - 7*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + (7*B*a^5*b - 9*A*a^4*b^2)*x)/x^(5/2) + 2*(7*(5*B*a^5*b - 7*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(7*B*a^6 - 9*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^(7/2) + 6*(7*A*a^5*b*x^2 + 5*A*a^6*x)/x^(9/2))/(a^6*b*x + a^7) - 2*(B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^4) + 1/3*((5*B*a*b^4 - 7*A*b^5)*x^(3/2) + 6*(B*a^2*b^3 - A*a*b^4)*sqrt(x))/a^6
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2(Bab^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - Ab^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a))\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^4}} - \frac{2(105Bab^2x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - 105Ab^3x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - 35Ba^2bx^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 35Aab^2x^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 21Aa^3x\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) - 21Aa^2bx\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a) + 15Aa^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a))}{105a^4x^{7/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-2*(B*a*b^3*sgn(b*x + a) - A*b^4*sgn(b*x + a))*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^4) - 2/105*(105*B*a*b^2*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) - 105*A*b^3*x^3*sgn(b*x + a) - 35*B*a^2*b*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 35*A*a*b^2*x^2*sgn(b*x + a) + 21*B*a^3*x*sgn(b*x + a) - 21*A*a^2*b*x*sgn(b*x + a) + 15*A*a^3*sgn(b*x + a))/(a^4*x^(7/2))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}} dx$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^(9/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)
```

output `int((A + B*x)/(x^(9/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.04

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2}{7\sqrt{x}x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2), x)`

output `(- 2)/(7*sqrt(x)*x**3)`

3.447 $\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3476
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3477
Rubi [A] (verified)	3477
Maple [A] (verified)	3483
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3484
Sympy [F(-1)]	3484
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3485
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3485
Mupad [F(-1)]	3486
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3486

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 285

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(7Ab-11aB)x^{5/2}}{4b^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(Ab-aB)x^{7/2}}{2b^2(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{7a(5Ab-9aB)\sqrt{x}(a+bx)}{4b^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{7(5Ab-9aB)x^{3/2}(a+bx)}{12b^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}(a+bx)}{5b^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{7a^{3/2}(5Ab-9aB)(a+bx) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4b^{11/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(7*A*b-11*B*a)*x^(5/2)/b^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(7/2)/b^2/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-7/4*a*(5*A*b-9*B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)/b^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+7/12*(5*A*b-9*B*a)*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)/b^4/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2/5*B*x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)/b^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+7/4*a^(3/2)*(5*A*b-9*B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/b^(11/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(945a^4B - 525a^3b(A-3Bx) + 8b^4x^3(5A+3Bx) - 8ab^3x^2(35A+9Bx) - 60b^{11/2}(a - bx)^{3/2})}{60b^{11/2}(a - bx)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*(945*a^4*B - 525*a^3*b*(A - 3*B*x) + 8*b^4*x^3*(5*A + 3*B*x) - 8*a*b^3*x^2*(35*A + 9*B*x) + 7*a^2*b^2*x*(-125*A + 72*B*x)) - 105*a^(3/2)*(-5*A*b + 9*a*B)*(a + b*x)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(60*b^(11/2)*(a + b*x)*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.290$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 51, 60, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{b^3(a+bx) \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{b^3(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(5Ab-9aB) \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{(a+bx)^2} dx}{4ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(5Ab-9aB) \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{a+bx} dx}{2b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(5Ab-9aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(5Ab-9aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(5Ab-9aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} \right) \\
 & \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left((a + bx) \frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(5Ab - 9aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}$$

$$\frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(5Ab - 9aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output
$$\frac{((a + bx) * ((A*b - a*B) * x^{9/2}) / (2*a*b*(a + bx)^2) - ((5*A*b - 9*a*B) * (-x^{7/2} / (b*(a + bx))) + (7*((2*x^{5/2}) / (5*b) - (a*((2*x^{3/2}) / (3*b) - (a*((2*\sqrt{x}) / b - (2*\sqrt{a} * \text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{b} * \sqrt{x}) / \sqrt{a}]) / b^{3/2}))) / b)) / (2*b))) / (4*a*b))) / \sqrt{a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2}}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) * (F x_*) , x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[F x, (b_*) * (G x_*) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 51
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*) * (x_*)^{(m_*)} * ((c_*) + (d_*) * (x_*)^{(n_*)}) , x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)} * ((c + d*x)^n / (b*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)} * (c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{FractionQ}[n] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$$

rule 60
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*) * (x_*)^{(m_*)} * ((c_*) + (d_*) * (x_*)^{(n_*)}) , x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)} * ((c + d*x)^n / (b*(m + n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[n * ((b*c - a*d) / (b*(m + n + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m * (c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \&\& \text{!(IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& (\text{!IntegerQ}[n] || (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0]))) \&\& \text{!ILtQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 73
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*) * (x_*)^{(m_*)} * ((c_*) + (d_*) * (x_*)^{(n_*)}) , x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)} * (c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b)^n], x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 87
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*) * (x_*) * ((c_*) + (d_*) * (x_*)^{(n_*)} * ((e_*) + (f_*) * (x_*)^{(p_*)}) , x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f) * (c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} * ((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)} / (f*(p + 1) * (c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) / (f*(p + 1) * (c*f - d*e)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n * (e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (\text{!LtQ}[n, -1] || \text{IntegerQ}[p] || \text{!(IntegerQ}[n] || \text{!(EqQ}[e, 0] || \text{!(EqQ}[c, 0] || \text{LtQ}[p, n]))))$$

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1187 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(-3x^2Bb^2 - 5xb^2A + 15xabB + 45abA - 90a^2B)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{15b^5(bx+a)} + \frac{a^2 \left(\frac{2(-\frac{13}{8}b^2A + \frac{17}{8}abB)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{a(11Ab - 15Ba)\sqrt{x}}{4}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{7(5Ab - 9Ba)}{4b^5(bx+a)} \right)}{b^5(bx+a)}$
default	$\frac{(24B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{9}{2}}b^4 + 40A\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{7}{2}}b^4 - 72B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{7}{2}}ab^3 - 280A\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{5}{2}}ab^3 + 504B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{5}{2}}a^2b^2 - 875A\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b^2 + 525A \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)a^2)}{b^5(bx+a)}$

```
input int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/15*(-3*B*b^2*x^2-5*A*b^2*x+15*B*a*b*x+45*A*a*b-90*B*a^2)*x^(1/2)/b^5*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+a^2/b^5*(2*((-13/8*b^2*A+17/8*a*b*B)*x^(3/2)-1/8*a*(11*A*b-15*B*a)*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^2+7/4*(5*A*b-9*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2)))*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{105(9Ba^4 - 5Aa^3b + (9Ba^2b^2 - 5Aab^3)x^2 + 2(9Ba^3b - 5Aa^2b^2)x)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/120*(105*(9*B*a^4 - 5*A*a^3*b + (9*B*a^2*b^2 - 5*A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(9*B*a^3*b - 5*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a/b)*log((b*x + 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) - a)/(b*x + a)) - 2*(24*B*b^4*x^4 + 945*B*a^4 - 525*A*a^3*b - 8*(9*B*a*b^3 - 5*A*b^4)*x^3 + 56*(9*B*a^2*b^2 - 5*A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 175*(9*B*a^3*b - 5*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^7*x^2 + 2*a*b^6*x + a^2*b^5), -1/60*(105*(9*B*a^4 - 5*A*a^3*b + (9*B*a^2*b^2 - 5*A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(9*B*a^3*b - 5*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a/b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/b)/a) - (24*B*b^4*x^4 + 945*B*a^4 - 525*A*a^3*b - 8*(9*B*a*b^3 - 5*A*b^4)*x^3 + 56*(9*B*a^2*b^2 - 5*A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 175*(9*B*a^3*b - 5*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^7*x^2 + 2*a*b^6*x + a^2*b^5)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{16(3Bb^4x^2+5Bab^3x)x^{7/2}+(89(11Bab^3-5Ab^4)x^2+285(3Ba^2b^2-Aab^3))x^{5/2}+12(12(11B*a^2*b^2-5A*a*b^3)*x^2+35*(3*B*a^3*b-A*a^2*b^2)*x)*x^{3/2}+7*(9*(11*B*a^3*b-5*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2+25*(3*B*a^4-A*a^3*b)*x)*\sqrt{x}}{4\sqrt{abb^5}} - \frac{7((11Bab-5Ab^2)x^{3/2}-2(9Ba^2-5Aab)\sqrt{x})}{8b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/120*(16*(3*B*b^4*x^2+5*B*a*b^3*x)*x^(7/2)+(89*(11*B*a*b^3-5*A*b^4)*x^2+285*(3*B*a^2*b^2-A*a*b^3)*x)*x^(5/2)+12*(12*(11*B*a^2*b^2-5*A*a*b^3)*x^2+35*(3*B*a^3*b-A*a^2*b^2)*x)*x^(3/2)+7*(9*(11*B*a^3*b-5*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2+25*(3*B*a^4-A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^7*x^3+3*a*b^6*x^2+3*a^2*b^5*x+a^3*b^4)-7/4*(9*B*a^3-5*A*a^2*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^5)-7/8*((11*B*a*b-5*A*b^2)*x^(3/2)-2*(9*B*a^2-5*A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/b^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{7(9Ba^3-5Aa^2b)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{abb^5}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)} + \frac{17Ba^3bx^{3/2}-13Aa^2b^2x^{3/2}+15Ba^4\sqrt{x}-11Aa^3b\sqrt{x}}{4(bx+a)^2b^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)} + \frac{2\left(3Bb^{12}x^{5/2}-15Bab^{11}x^{3/2}+5Ab^{12}x^{3/2}+90Ba^2b^{10}\sqrt{x}-45Aab^{11}\sqrt{x}\right)}{15b^{15}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-7/4*(9*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^5*sgn(
b*x + a)) + 1/4*(17*B*a^3*b*x^(3/2) - 13*A*a^2*b^2*x^(3/2) + 15*B*a^4*sqrt
(x) - 11*A*a^3*b*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)^2*b^5*sgn(b*x + a)) + 2/15*(3*B*b^12*
x^(5/2) - 15*B*a*b^11*x^(3/2) + 5*A*b^12*x^(3/2) + 90*B*a^2*b^10*sqrt(x) -
45*A*a*b^11*sqrt(x))/(b^15*sgn(b*x + a))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
int((x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^3 - 105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2bx + 105\sqrt{x}a^3b + 15b^5(bx + a)}{15b^5(bx + a)}$$

input

```
int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**3 - 105*sq
r t(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*x + 105*sqrt(x)*a*
*3*b + 70*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**2*x - 14*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*x**2 + 6*sqrt(x)*b**4*x*
*3)/(15*b**5*(a + b*x))
```

3.448 $\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3487
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3488
Rubi [A] (verified)	3488
Maple [A] (verified)	3492
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3492
Sympy [F(-1)]	3493
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3493
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3494
Mupad [F(-1)]	3494
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3495

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 238

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(5Ab-9aB)x^{3/2}}{4b^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(Ab-aB)x^{5/2}}{2b^2(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{5(3Ab-7aB)\sqrt{x}(a+bx)}{4b^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)}{3b^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{5\sqrt{a}(3Ab-7aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4b^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(5*A*b-9*B*a)*x^(3/2)/b^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(5/2)/b^2
/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+5/4*(3*A*b-7*B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)/b^4/((b*x+a)^
2)^(1/2)+2/3*B*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)/b^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-5/4*a^(1/2)*(3*A*b-7*
B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/b^(9/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+bx) \left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(-105a^3B+ab^2x(75A-56Bx)+5a^2b(9A-35Bx)+8b^3) \right)}{12b^{9/2}((a+bx)^2)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(5/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
((a+b*x)*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*(-105*a^3*B+a*b^2*x*(75*A-56*B*x)+5*a^2*b*(9*A-35*B*x)+8*b^3*x^2*(3*A+B*x))+15*Sqrt[a]*(-3*A*b+7*a*B)*(a+b*x)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(12*b^(9/2)*((a+b*x)^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.258$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 51, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{b^3(a+bx) \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{b^3(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{x^{7/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(3Ab-7aB) \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{(a+bx)^2} dx}{4ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{x^{7/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(3Ab-7aB) \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{a+bx} dx}{2b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{x^{7/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(3Ab-7aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{x^{7/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(3Ab-7aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{x^{7/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(3Ab-7aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{x^{7/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(3Ab-7aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*((A*b - a*B)*x^(7/2))/(2*a*b*(a + b*x)^2) - ((3*A*b - 7*a*B)*(-x^(5/2)/(b*(a + b*x))) + (5*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*b) - (a*((2*sqrt[x])/b - (2*sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x])/sqrt[a]])/b^(3/2)))/b))/(2*b))/(4*a*b))/sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1187

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(Bbx+3Ab-9Ba)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{3b^4(bx+a)} - \frac{a\left(\frac{2(-\frac{9}{8}b^2A+\frac{13}{8}abB)x^{\frac{3}{2}}-\frac{a(7Ab-11Ba)\sqrt{x}}{4}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{5(3Ab-7Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}}\right)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{b^4(bx+a)}$
default	$\frac{(8B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{7}{2}}b^3-56B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{5}{2}}ab^2+75A\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{3}{2}}ab^2+24A\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{5}{2}}b^3-45A\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)ab^3x^2-175B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b+105B\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right))\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{b^4(bx+a)}$

input

```
int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/3*(B*b*x+3*A*b-9*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^4*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)-a/b^4*(2*((-9/8*b^2*A+13/8*a*b*B)*x^(3/2)-1/8*a*(7*A*b-11*B*a)*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^2+5/4*(3*A*b-7*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2)))*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{15(7Ba^3-3Aa^2b+(7Bab^2-3Ab^3)x^2+2(7Ba^2b-3Aab^2)x)\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/24*(15*(7*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b + (7*B*a*b^2 - 3*A*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(7*B*a^2*b
- 3*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a/b)*log((b*x - 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) - a)/(b*x +
a)) - 2*(8*B*b^3*x^3 - 105*B*a^3 + 45*A*a^2*b - 8*(7*B*a*b^2 - 3*A*b^3)*x^
2 - 25*(7*B*a^2*b - 3*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^6*x^2 + 2*a*b^5*x + a^2*b^4)
, 1/12*(15*(7*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b + (7*B*a*b^2 - 3*A*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(7*B*a^2*b
- 3*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a/b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/b)/a) + (8*B*b^3*x^3 -
105*B*a^3 + 45*A*a^2*b - 8*(7*B*a*b^2 - 3*A*b^3)*x^2 - 25*(7*B*a^2*b - 3*A
*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^6*x^2 + 2*a*b^5*x + a^2*b^4)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{((89 Bab^3 - 35 Ab^4)x^2 + 3(19 Ba^2b^2 - 5 Ab^3)x)x^{5/2} + 12(4(3 Ba^2b^2 - Aab^3)x^2 + (7 Ba^3b - Aa^2b^2)x)x}{24(ab^6x^3 + 3a^2b^5x^2 + 3a^3b^4x + a^4b^3)}$$

$$+ \frac{5(7 Ba^2 - 3 Aab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{abb^4}} + \frac{5(7(3 Bab - Ab^2)x^{3/2} - 6(7 Ba^2 - 3 Aab)\sqrt{x})}{24ab^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima
")
```

output

```
-1/24*(((89*B*a*b^3 - 35*A*b^4)*x^2 + 3*(19*B*a^2*b^2 - 5*A*a*b^3)*x)*x^(5/2) + 12*(4*(3*B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^2 + (7*B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x)*x^(3/2) + (21*(3*B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 5*(7*B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a*b^6*x^3 + 3*a^2*b^5*x^2 + 3*a^3*b^4*x + a^4*b^3) + 5/4*(7*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^4) + 5/24*(7*(3*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^(3/2) - 6*(7*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/(a*b^4)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{5(7Ba^2-3Aab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{abb^4}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)} - \frac{13Ba^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}}-9Aab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}+11Ba^3\sqrt{x}-7Aa^2b\sqrt{x}}{4(bx+a)^2b^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)} + \frac{2(Bb^6x^{\frac{3}{2}}-9Bab^5\sqrt{x}+3Ab^6\sqrt{x})}{3b^9\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
5/4*(7*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^4*sgn(b*x + a)) - 1/4*(13*B*a^2*b*x^(3/2) - 9*A*a*b^2*x^(3/2) + 11*B*a^3*sqrt(x) - 7*A*a^2*b*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)^2*b^4*sgn(b*x + a)) + 2/3*(B*b^6*x^(3/2) - 9*B*a*b^5*sqrt(x) + 3*A*b^6*sqrt(x))/(b^9*sgn(b*x + a))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^(5/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(3/2),x)
```

output `int((x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 + 15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) abx - 15\sqrt{x} a^2b - 10\sqrt{x} a^2b}{3b^4(bx + a)}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `(15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2 + 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*x - 15*sqrt(x)*a**2*b - 10*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*x + 2*sqrt(x)*b**3*x**2)/(3*b**4*(a + b*x))`

3.449
$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3496
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3497
Rubi [A] (verified)	3497
Maple [A] (verified)	3500
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3501
Sympy [F]	3501
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3502
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3502
Mupad [F(-1)]	3503
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3503

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 189

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(3Ab-7aB)\sqrt{x}}{4b^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(Ab-aB)x^{3/2}}{2b^2(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{x}(a+bx)}{b^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{3(Ab-5aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(3*A*b-7*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(3/2)/b^2/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2*B*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)/b^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+3/4*(A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/b^(7/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+bx) \left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(15a^2B+b^2x(-5A+8Bx)) + a(-3Ab+25bBx) \right) + \frac{3(Ab-5a^2B)}{4b^{7/2}}}{4b^{7/2}((a+bx)^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `((a + b*x)*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*(15*a^2*B + b^2*x*(-5*A + 8*B*x)) + a*(-3*A*b + 25*b*B*x)) + (3*(A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a])/ (4*b^(7/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.226$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 51, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{b^3(a+bx) \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{b^3(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{x^{5/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(Ab-5aB) \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(a+bx)^2} dx}{4ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

↓ 51

$$\frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{x^{5/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(Ab-5aB) \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{2b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{x^{5/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(Ab-5aB) \left(3 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right) - \frac{x^{3/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{x^{5/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(Ab-5aB) \left(3 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right) - \frac{x^{3/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{x^{5/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(Ab-5aB) \left(3 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{x^{3/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*(((A*b - a*B)*x^(5/2))/(2*a*b*(a + b*x)^2) - ((A*b - 5*a*B)*(-x^(3/2)/(b*(a + b*x))) + (3*((2*Sqrt[x])/b - (2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/b^(3/2)))/(2*b)))/(4*a*b))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(- (b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result
risch	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{b^3(bx+a)} + \frac{\left(\frac{2\left(-\frac{5}{8}b^2A + \frac{9}{8}abB\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{a(3Ab-7Ba)\sqrt{x}}{4}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{3(Ab-5Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}} \right) \sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{b^3(bx+a)}$
default	$-\frac{\left(5Ax^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{ab}b^2 - 3A\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)b^3x^2 - 25Bx^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{ab}ab - 8Bx^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{ab}b^2 + 15B\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)ab^2x^2 - 6A\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)ab^2x + 30B\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)ab\right)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{4\sqrt{ab}b^3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*B/b^3*x^(1/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+1/b^3*(2*((-5/8*b^2*A+9/8*a*b*B)*x^(3/2)-1/8*a*(3*A*b-7*B*a)*x^(1/2)))/(b*x+a)^2+3/4*(A*b-5*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(5Ba^3 - Aa^2b + (5Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^2 + 2(5Ba^2b - Aab^2)x)\sqrt{-ab} \log\left(\frac{bx-a-2\sqrt{-ab}\sqrt{x}}{bx+a}\right) + 2(8Bab^3x^2 + 15Bab^3b - 3Aa^2b^2 + 5(5Ba^2b^2 - Aab^3)x)\sqrt{x}}{8(ab^6x^2 + 2a^2b^5x + a^3b^4)}, \frac{1}{4}(3(5Ba^3 - Aa^2b + (5Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^2 + 2(5Ba^2b - Aab^2)x)\sqrt{ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right) + (8Bab^3x^2 + 15Bab^3b - 3Aa^2b^2 + 5(5Ba^2b^2 - Aab^3)x)\sqrt{x})}{(ab^6x^2 + 2a^2b^5x + a^3b^4)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(3*(5*B*a^3 - A*a^2*b + (5*B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(5*B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) + 2*(8*B*a*b^3*x^2 + 15*B*a^3*b - 3*A*a^2*b^2 + 5*(5*B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a*b^6*x^2 + 2*a^2*b^5*x + a^3*b^4), 1/4*(3*(5*B*a^3 - A*a^2*b + (5*B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(5*B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (8*B*a*b^3*x^2 + 15*B*a^3*b - 3*A*a^2*b^2 + 5*(5*B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a*b^6*x^2 + 2*a^2*b^5*x + a^3*b^4)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{((a+bx)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**(3/2)*(A + B*x)/((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(5(7Bab^3 - Ab^4)x^2 + 3(5Ba^2b^2 + Aab^3)x)x^{5/2} + 12(4Ba^2b^2x^2 + (Ba^3b + 3a^2b^2)x + a^3b^2)x^{3/2} + 3(5Ba - Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{24(a^2b^5x^3 + 3a^3b^4x^2 + 3a^4b^3x + a^5b^2)} - \frac{3(5Ba - Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{abb^3}} - \frac{5(7Bab - Ab^2)x^{3/2} - 18(5Ba^2 - Aab)\sqrt{x}}{24a^2b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/24*((5*(7*B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^2 + 3*(5*B*a^2*b^2 + A*a*b^3)*x)*x^(5/2) + 12*(4*B*a^2*b^2*x^2 + (B*a^3*b + A*a^2*b^2)*x)*x^(3/2) + (3*(7*B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + (5*B*a^4 + A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^2*b^5*x^3 + 3*a^3*b^4*x^2 + 3*a^4*b^3*x + a^5*b^2) - 3/4*(5*B*a - A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^3) - 1/24*(5*(7*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^(3/2) - 18*(5*B*a^2 - A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/(a^2*b^3)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)} - \frac{3(5Ba - Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{abb^3}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)} + \frac{9Babx^{3/2} - 5Ab^2x^{3/2} + 7Ba^2\sqrt{x} - 3Aab\sqrt{x}}{4(bx+a)^2b^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*B*sqrt(x)/(b^3*sgn(b*x + a)) - 3/4*(5*B*a - A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^3*sgn(b*x + a)) + 1/4*(9*B*a*b*x^(3/2) - 5*A*b^2*x^(3/2) + 7*B*a^2*sqrt(x) - 3*A*a*b*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)^2*b^3*sgn(b*x + a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a - 3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) bx + 3\sqrt{x} ab + 2\sqrt{x} b^2x}{b^3 (bx + a)}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `(- 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b*x + 3*sqrt(x)*a*b + 2*sqrt(x)*b**2*x)/(b**3*(a + b*x))`

3.450
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3504
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3504
Rubi [A] (verified)	3505
Maple [A] (verified)	3507
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3508
Sympy [F]	3508
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3509
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3509
Mupad [F(-1)]	3510
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3510

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(Ab-5aB)\sqrt{x}}{4ab^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{2b^2(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(Ab+3aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}b^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output 1/4*(A*b-5*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a/b^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^2/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/4*(A*b+3*B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/b^(5/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+bx)\left(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(-3a^2B+Ab^2x-ab(A+5Bx))+(Ab+3aB)(a+bx)\right)}{4a^{3/2}b^{5/2}((a+bx)^2)^{3/2}}$$

input Integrate[(Sqrt[x]*(A+B*x))/(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]

output

```
((a + b*x)*(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*(-3*a^2*B + A*b^2*x - a*b*(A + 5*B*x))
+ (A*b + 3*a*B)*(a + b*x)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]))/(4*a^(3/2)
)*b^(5/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.194$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 51, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\
 & \frac{b^3(a+bx) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{b^3(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(3aB+Ab) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a+bx)^2} dx}{4ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(3aB+Ab) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(3aB+Ab) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(3aB+Ab) \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{3/2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

input

```
Int[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x)*(((A*b - a*B)*x^(3/2))/(2*a*b*(a + b*x)^2) + ((A*b + 3*a*B)*(-(Sqrt[x]/(b*(a + b*x)))) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(3/2))))/(4*a*b))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 51

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(Ax^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{ab}b^2 + A\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)b^3x^2 - 5Bx^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{ab}ab + 3B\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)a^2b^2x^2 + 2A\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)a^2b^2x + 6B\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)a^2bx - A\sqrt{4\sqrt{ab}b^2a}\left((bx+a)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}b^2a\left((bx+a)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*(A*x^(3/2)*(a*b)^(1/2)*b^2+A*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*b^3*x^2-5*B*x^(3/2)*(a*b)^(1/2)*a*b+3*B*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a*b^2*x^2+2*A*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a*b^2*x+6*B*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a^2*b*x-A*x^(1/2)*(a*b)^(1/2)*a*b+A*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a^2*b-3*B*x^(1/2)*(a*b)^(1/2)*a^2+3*B*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a^3*(b*x+a)/(a*b)^(1/2)/b^2/a/((b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{(3Ba^3 + Aa^2b + (3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^2 + 2(3Ba^2b + Aab^2)x)\sqrt{-ab} \log\left(\frac{bx-a-2\sqrt{-ab}\sqrt{x}}{bx+a}\right) + (3Ba^3b + Aa^2b^2 + (5Ba^2b^2 + Aab^3)x)\sqrt{ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right)}{4(a^2b^5x^2 + 2a^3b^4x + a^4b^3)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/8*((3*B*a^3 + A*a^2*b + (3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) + 2*(3*B*a^3*b + A*a^2*b^2 + (5*B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^2*b^5*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^4*x + a^4*b^3), -1/4*((3*B*a^3 + A*a^2*b + (3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (3*B*a^3*b + A*a^2*b^2 + (5*B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^2*b^5*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^4*x + a^4*b^3)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{((a+bx)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x)*(A + B*x)/((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 218 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{12(Ba^3b+ Aa^2b^2)x^{5/2} - ((5Bab^3+ Ab^4)x^2 - 3(Ba^2b^2+ Aab^3)x)x^{5/2} - (3(Ba^4+ 17Aa^3b)x)\sqrt{x}}{24(a^3b^4x^3+ 3a^4b^3x^2+ 3a^5b^2x+ a^6b)} + \frac{(3Ba+ Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{abab^2}} + \frac{(5Bab+ Ab^2)x^{3/2} - 6(3Ba^2+ Aab)\sqrt{x}}{24a^3b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/24*(12*(B*a^3*b+ A*a^2*b^2)*x^(5/2) - ((5*B*a*b^3+ A*b^4)*x^2 - 3*(B*a^2*b^2+ A*a*b^3)*x)*x^(5/2) - (3*(B*a^3*b - 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 - (B*a^4+ 17*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^3*b^4*x^3+ 3*a^4*b^3*x^2+ 3*a^5*b^2*x+ a^6*b) + 1/4*(3*B*a+ A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a*b^2) + 1/24*((5*B*a*b+ A*b^2)*x^(3/2) - 6*(3*B*a^2+ A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/(a^3*b^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(3Ba+ Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{abab^2}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)} - \frac{5Babx^{3/2} - Ab^2x^{3/2} + 3Ba^2\sqrt{x} + Aab\sqrt{x}}{4(bx+a)^2ab^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(3*B*a+ A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a*b^2*sgn(b*x+ a)) - 1/4*(5*B*a*b*x^(3/2) - A*b^2*x^(3/2) + 3*B*a^2*sqrt(x) + A*a*b*sqrt(x))/((b*x+ a)^2*a*b^2*sgn(b*x+ a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) bx - \sqrt{x} ab}{a b^2 (bx + a)}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b*x - sqrt(x)*a*b)/(a*b**2*(a + b*x))`

3.451 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3511
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3511
Rubi [A] (verified)	3512
Maple [A] (verified)	3514
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3515
Sympy [F]	3515
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3516
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3516
Mupad [F(-1)]	3517
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3517

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 158

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(3Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}}{4a^2b\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{2ab(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(3Ab+aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{5/2}b^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output 1/4*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^2/b/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a/b/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/4*(3*A*b+B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/b^(3/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+bx)\left(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(-a^2B+3Ab^2x+ab(5A+Bx))+(3Ab+aB)(a+bx)\right)}{4a^{5/2}b^{3/2}((a+bx)^2)^{3/2}}$$

input Integrate[(A+B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]

output

```
((a + b*x)*(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*(-(a^2*B) + 3*A*b^2*x + a*b*(5*A + B*x)) + (3*A*b + a*B)*(a + b*x)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(4*a^(5/2)*b^(3/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.194$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 52, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\
 & \frac{b^3(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{b^3\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{(aB+3Ab) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} dx}{4ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{(aB+3Ab) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(aB+3Ab) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(aB+3Ab) \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x)*((A*b - a*B)*Sqrt[x])/(2*a*b*(a + b*x)^2) + ((3*A*b + a*B)*(Sqrt[x]/(a*(a + b*x)) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/(a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b])))/(4*a*b))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 52

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
default	$\frac{(3Ax^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{ab}b^2 + 3A\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)b^3x^2 + Bx^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{ab}ab + B\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)a^2b^2x^2 + 6A\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)a^2b^2x + 2B\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)a^2bx + 5A\sqrt{ab}ba^2((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4\sqrt{ab}ba^2((bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*(3*A*x^(3/2)*(a*b)^(1/2)*b^2+3*A*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*b^3*x^2+B*x^(3/2)*(a*b)^(1/2)*a*b+B*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a*b^2*x^2+6*A*a*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a*b^2*x+2*B*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a^2*b*x+5*A*x^(1/2)*(a*b)^(1/2)*a*b+3*A*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a^2*b-B*x^(1/2)*(a*b)^(1/2)*a^2+B*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a^3*(b*x+a)/(a*b)^(1/2)/b/a^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b + (Bab^2 + 3Ab^3)x^2 + 2(Ba^2b + 3Aab^2)x)\sqrt{-ab} \log\left(\frac{bx - a - 2\sqrt{-ab}\sqrt{x}}{bx + a}\right) + 2*(Ba^3b - 5Aa^2b^2 - (Ba^2b^2 + 3Aab^3)x)\sqrt{ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right)}{8(a^3b^4x^2 + 2a^4b^3x + a^5b^2)} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b + (Bab^2 + 3Ab^3)x^2 + 2(Ba^2b + 3Aab^2)x)\sqrt{ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right) + (Ba^3b - 5Aa^2b^2 - (Ba^2b^2 + 3Aab^3)x)\sqrt{x}}{4(a^3b^4x^2 + 2a^4b^3x + a^5b^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/8*((B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b + (B*a*b^2 + 3*A*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(B*a^2*b + 3*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) + 2*(B*a^3*b - 5*A*a^2*b^2 - (B*a^2*b^2 + 3*A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^3*b^4*x^2 + 2*a^4*b^3*x + a^5*b^2), -1/4*((B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b + (B*a*b^2 + 3*A*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(B*a^2*b + 3*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (B*a^3*b - 5*A*a^2*b^2 - (B*a^2*b^2 + 3*A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^3*b^4*x^2 + 2*a^4*b^3*x + a^5*b^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}((a + bx)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(1/2)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(sqrt(x)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 234 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{12(Ba^3b + 5Aa^2b^2)x^{5/2} - ((Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^2 - 3(Ba^2b^2 + 5Aab^3)x)x^{5/2} + (Ba + 3Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{24(a^4b^3x^3 + 3a^5b^2x^2)} + \frac{(Ba + 3Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{aba^2b}} + \frac{(Bab + Ab^2)x^{3/2} - 6(Ba^2 + 3Aab)\sqrt{x}}{24a^4b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/24*(12*(B*a^3*b + 5*A*a^2*b^2)*x^(5/2) - ((B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^2 - 3*(B*a^2*b^2 + 5*A*a*b^3)*x)*x^(5/2) + (9*(B*a^3*b + A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 17*(B*a^4 + 5*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(x) + 16*(A*a^3*b*x^2 + 3*A*a^4*x)/sqrt(x))/(a^4*b^3*x^3 + 3*a^5*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^6*b*x + a^7) + 1/4*(B*a + 3*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^2*b) + 1/24*((B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^(3/2) - 6*(B*a^2 + 3*A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/(a^4*b)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(Ba + 3Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{aba^2b} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)} + \frac{Babx^{3/2} + 3Ab^2x^{3/2} - Ba^2\sqrt{x} + 5Aab\sqrt{x}}{4(bx + a)^2a^2b \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(B*a + 3*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^2*b*sgn(b*x + a)) + 1/4*(B*a*b*x^(3/2) + 3*A*b^2*x^(3/2) - B*a^2*sqrt(x) + 5*A*a*b*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)^2*a^2*b*sgn(b*x + a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) bx + \sqrt{x}ab}{a^2b(bx + a)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b*x + sqrt(x)*a*b)/(a**2*b*(a + b*x))`

3.452 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3518
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3519
Rubi [A] (verified)	3519
Maple [A] (verified)	3522
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3523
Sympy [F]	3523
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3524
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3524
Mupad [F(-1)]	3525
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3525

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(7Ab - 3aB)\sqrt{x}}{4a^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} - \frac{(Ab - aB)\sqrt{x}}{2a^2(a + bx)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} - \frac{2A(a + bx)}{a^3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} - \frac{3(5Ab - aB)(a + bx) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{7/2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(7*A*b-3*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^2/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-2*A*(b*x+a)/a^3/x^(1/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-3/4*(5*A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/b^(1/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(-15Ab^2x^2 + abx(-25A + 3Bx) + a^2(-8A + 5Bx))}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{3(-5Ab + aB)(a + bx)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4a^{7/2} ((a + bx)^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

output `((a + b*x)*((Sqrt[a]*(-15*A*b^2*x^2 + a*b*x*(-25*A + 3*B*x) + a^2*(-8*A + 5*B*x)))/Sqrt[x] + (3*(-5*A*b + a*B)*(a + b*x)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[b]))/(4*a^(7/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.226$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 52, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{b^3(a + bx) \int \frac{A + Bx}{b^3 x^{3/2} (a + bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a + bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(5Ab-aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} dx}{4ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{2ab\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(5Ab-aB) \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{1}{a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{2ab\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(5Ab-aB) \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{2ab\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(5Ab-aB) \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{2ab\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(5Ab-aB) \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{2ab\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*((A*b - a*B)/(2*a*b*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^2) + ((5*A*b - a*B)*(1/(a*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)) + (3*(-2/(a*Sqrt[x]) - (2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]))/a^(3/2)))/(2*a)))/(4*a*b))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(- (b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))]/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || ! (EqQ[e, 0] || ! (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{a^3\sqrt{x}(bx+a)} - \frac{\left(\frac{2\left(\frac{7}{8}b^2A - \frac{3}{8}abB\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{a(9Ab - 5Ba)\sqrt{x}}{4}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{3(5Ab - Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}}\right)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{a^3(bx+a)}$
default	$-\frac{\left(15Ax^2\sqrt{ab}b^2 + 15Ax^{\frac{5}{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)b^3 - 3Bx^2\sqrt{ab}ab - 3Bx^{\frac{5}{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)ab^2 + 30Ax^{\frac{3}{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)ab^2 - 6Bx^{\frac{3}{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)ab\right)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ab}a^3}{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ab}a^3((bx+a)^2)}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*A/a^3/x^(1/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)-1/a^3*(2*((7/8*b^2*A-3/8*a*b*B)*x^(3/2)+1/8*a*(9*A*b-5*B*a)*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^2+3/4*(5*A*b-B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2))*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 331, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left[3((Bab^2 - 5Ab^3)x^3 + 2(Ba^2b - 5Aab^2)x^2 + (Ba^3 - 5Aa^2b)x)\sqrt{-a} \right]}{8(a^4b^3)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(3*((B*a*b^2 - 5*A*b^3)*x^3 + 2*(B*a^2*b - 5*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a + 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) - 2*(8*A*a^3*b - 3*(B*a^2*b^2 - 5*A*a*b^3)*x^2 - 5*(B*a^3*b - 5*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^4*b^3*x^3 + 2*a^5*b^2*x^2 + a^6*b*x), -1/4*(3*((B*a*b^2 - 5*A*b^3)*x^3 + 2*(B*a^2*b - 5*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (8*A*a^3*b - 3*(B*a^2*b^2 - 5*A*a*b^3)*x^2 - 5*(B*a^3*b - 5*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^4*b^3*x^3 + 2*a^5*b^2*x^2 + a^6*b*x)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{\frac{3}{2}} ((a + bx)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(3/2)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x**(3/2)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 280 vs. $2(123) = 246$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{60(Ba^3b^2 - 7Aa^2b^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}} - ((Bab^4 + 5Ab^5)x^2 - 15(Ba^2b^3 - 7Aab^4)x)}{4\sqrt{aba^3}} + \frac{3(Ba - 5Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{aba^3}} + \frac{(Bab + 5Ab^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 18(Ba^2 - 5Aab)\sqrt{x}}{24a^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/24*(60*(B*a^3*b^2 - 7*A*a^2*b^3)*x^(5/2) - ((B*a*b^4 + 5*A*b^5)*x^2 - 15*(B*a^2*b^3 - 7*A*a*b^4)*x)*x^(5/2) + (9*(B*a^3*b^2 + 5*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 8*5*(B*a^4*b - 7*A*a^3*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x) + 16*((B*a^4*b + 5*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^5 - 7*A*a^4*b)*x)/sqrt(x) + 48*(A*a^4*b*x^2 - A*a^5*x)/x^(3/2))/(a^5*b^3*x^3 + 3*a^6*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^7*b*x + a^8) + 3/4*(B*a - 5*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^3) + 1/24*((B*a*b + 5*A*b^2)*x^(3/2) - 18*(B*a^2 - 5*A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/a^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3(Ba - 5Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{aba^3} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)} - \frac{2A}{a^3\sqrt{x} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)} + \frac{3Babx^{\frac{3}{2}} - 7Ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 5Ba^2\sqrt{x} - 9Aab\sqrt{x}}{4(bx + a)^2 a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{3}{4}(B*a - 5*A*b)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*a^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a)) - 2*A/(a^3*\sqrt{x}*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a)) + 1/4*(3*B*a*b*x^{3/2} - 7*A*b^2*x^{3/2} + 5*B*a^2*\sqrt{x} - 9*A*a*b*\sqrt{x})/((b*x + a)^2*a^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a))$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input
$$\operatorname{int}((A + B*x)/(x^{3/2}*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^{3/2}), x)$$

output
$$\operatorname{int}((A + B*x)/(x^{3/2}*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^{3/2}), x)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a - 3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)bx - 2a^2 - 3ab}{\sqrt{x}a^3(bx + a)}$$

input
$$\operatorname{int}((B*x+A)/x^{3/2}/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^{3/2}, x)$$

output
$$(-3*\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{a}*\operatorname{atan}((\sqrt{x}*b)/(\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{a}))*a - 3*\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{a}*\operatorname{atan}((\sqrt{x}*b)/(\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{a}))*b*x - 2*a^2 - 3*a*b*x)/(\sqrt{x}*a^3*(a + b*x))$$

3.453 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3526
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3527
Rubi [A] (verified)	3527
Maple [A] (verified)	3531
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3531
Sympy [F]	3532
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3532
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3533
Mupad [F(-1)]	3533
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3534

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 238

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{b(11Ab-7aB)\sqrt{x}}{4a^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{b(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{2a^3(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{2A(a+bx)}{3a^3x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2(3Ab-aB)(a+bx)}{a^4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{b}(7Ab-3aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/4*b*(11*A*b-7*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^4/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/2*b*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)
/a^3/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-2/3*A*(b*x+a)/a^3/x^(3/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
+2*(3*A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)/a^4/x^(1/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+5/4*b^(1/2)*(7*A*b-3*
B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(9/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a + bx) \left(-\frac{\sqrt{a}(-105Ab^3x^3 + 8a^3(A + 3Bx) + 5ab^2x^2(-35A + 9Bx) + a^2bx(-56A + 75Bx))}{x^{3/2}} + 15\sqrt{b}(7Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right] \right)}{12a^{9/2}((a + bx)^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x)*(-(Sqrt[a]*(-105*A*b^3*x^3 + 8*a^3*(A + 3*B*x) + 5*a*b^2*x^2*(-35*A + 9*B*x) + a^2*b*x*(-56*A + 75*B*x)))/x^(3/2)) + 15*Sqrt[b]*(7*A*b - 3*a*B)*(a + b*x)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(12*a^(9/2)*((a + b*x)^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.258$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 52, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{b^3(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{b^3x^{5/2}(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(7Ab-3aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} dx}{4ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{2abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(7Ab-3aB) \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{2abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(7Ab-3aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{2abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(7Ab-3aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right) \right)}{2a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{2abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^2}}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(7Ab-3aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{2abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(7Ab-3aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{2abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*((A*b - a*B)/(2*a*b*x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^2) + ((7*A*b - 3*a*B)*(1/(a*x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)) + (5*(-2/(3*a*x^(3/2)) - (b*(-2/(a*Sqrt[x]) - (2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/a))/(2*a)))/(4*a*b))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1187

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(-9Abx+3Bax+AA)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{3a^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx+a)} + \frac{b\left(\frac{2\left(\frac{11}{8}b^2A-\frac{7}{8}abB\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}}+\frac{a(13Ab-9Ba)\sqrt{x}}{4}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{5(7Ab-3Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}}\right)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{a^4(bx+a)}$
default	$-\frac{\left(-105Ax^{\frac{7}{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)b^4+45Bx^{\frac{7}{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)ab^3-210A\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)x^{\frac{5}{2}}ab^3+90B\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)x^{\frac{5}{2}}a^2b^2-105A\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)a^2b^2\right)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{a^4(bx+a)}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*(-9*A*b*x+3*B*a*x+A*a)/a^4/x^(3/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+1/a^4*b*(2*((11/8*b^2*A-7/8*a*b*B)*x^(3/2)+1/8*a*(13*A*b-9*B*a)*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^2+5/4*(7*A*b-3*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2)))*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{15((3Bab^2 - 7Ab^3)x^4 + 2(3Ba^2b - 7Aab^2)x^3 + (3Ba^3 - 7Aa^2b)x^2 + (3Aa^2b - 7Aab^2)x + (3Aa^3 - 7Aa^2b))}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
[-1/24*(15*((3*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*x^4 + 2*(3*B*a^2*b - 7*A*a*b^2)*x^3 + (3
*B*a^3 - 7*A*a^2*b)*x^2)*sqrt(-b/a)*log((b*x + 2*a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/a) - a)
/(b*x + a)) + 2*(8*A*a^3 + 15*(3*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*x^3 + 25*(3*B*a^2*b -
7*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 8*(3*B*a^3 - 7*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^4*b^2*x^4 + 2*a^5*
b*x^3 + a^6*x^2), -1/12*(15*((3*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*x^4 + 2*(3*B*a^2*b - 7*
A*a*b^2)*x^3 + (3*B*a^3 - 7*A*a^2*b)*x^2)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/
a)) + (8*A*a^3 + 15*(3*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*x^3 + 25*(3*B*a^2*b - 7*A*a*b^2)
*x^2 + 8*(3*B*a^3 - 7*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^4*b^2*x^4 + 2*a^5*b*x^3 + a^
6*x^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} ((a + bx)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(5/2)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)/(x**(5/2)*((a + b*x)**2)**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 341 vs. 2(156) = 312.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{420 (Ba^3b^3 - 3Aa^2b^4)x^{5/2} + 5 ((Bab^5 - 7Ab^6)x^2 + 21 (Ba^2b^4 - 3Aab^5)x)x^{5/2} - 5 (9 (Ba^3b^3 - 7Aa^2b^4)x^2 - 5 (3Bab - 7Ab^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) + 5 \left((Bab^2 - 7Ab^3)x^{3/2} + 6 (3Ba^2b - 7Aab^2)\sqrt{x} \right)}{24 a^6}}{24 a^6}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/24*(420*(B*a^3*b^3 - 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^{(5/2)} + 5*((B*a*b^5 - 7*A*b^6)*x^2 \\
& + 21*(B*a^2*b^4 - 3*A*a*b^5)*x)*x^{(5/2)} - 5*(9*(B*a^3*b^3 - 7*A*a^2*b^4)*x \\
& ^2 - 119*(B*a^4*b^2 - 3*A*a^3*b^3)*x)*\sqrt{x} - 16*(5*(B*a^4*b^2 - 7*A*a^3 \\
& *b^3)*x^2 - 21*(B*a^5*b - 3*A*a^4*b^2)*x)/\sqrt{x} - 48*((B*a^5*b - 7*A*a^4 \\
& *b^2)*x^2 - (B*a^6 - 3*A*a^5*b)*x)/x^{(3/2)} + 16*(3*A*a^5*b*x^2 + A*a^6*x)/ \\
& x^{(5/2)})/(a^6*b^3*x^3 + 3*a^7*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^8*b*x + a^9) - 5/4*(3*B*a*b - \\
& 7*A*b^2)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b})*a^4 + 5/24*((B*a*b^2 - 7* \\
& A*b^3)*x^{(3/2)} + 6*(3*B*a^2*b - 7*A*a*b^2)*\sqrt{x})/a^6
\end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx &= -\frac{5(3Bab - 7Ab^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}a^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)} \\
& - \frac{2(3Bax - 9Abx + Aa)}{3a^4x^{3/2} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)} - \frac{7Bab^2x^{3/2} - 11Ab^3x^{3/2} + 9Ba^2b\sqrt{x} - 13Aab^2\sqrt{x}}{4(bx + a)^2a^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -5/4*(3*B*a*b - 7*A*b^2)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b})*a^4*\operatorname{sgn}(b* \\
& x + a) - 2/3*(3*B*a*x - 9*A*b*x + A*a)/(a^4*x^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a)) - 1/4*(\\
& 7*B*a*b^2*x^{(3/2)} - 11*A*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 9*B*a^2*b*\sqrt{x} - 13*A*a*b^2*\sqrt{x} \\
& (x))/((b*x + a)^2*a^4*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a))
\end{aligned}$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2)), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{x} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) abx + 15\sqrt{x} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) b^2x^2 - 2a^3}{3\sqrt{x} a^4x (bx + a)}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*x + 15
*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**2*x**2 - 2
*a**3 + 10*a**2*b*x + 15*a*b**2*x**2)/(3*sqrt(x)*a**4*x*(a + b*x))
```

3.454 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3535
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3536
Rubi [A] (verified)	3536
Maple [A] (verified)	3542
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3543
Sympy [F(-1)]	3543
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3544
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3544
Mupad [F(-1)]	3545
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3545

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 289

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{b^2(15Ab-11aB)\sqrt{x}}{4a^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{b^2(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{2a^4(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{2A(a+bx)}{5a^3x^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2(3Ab-aB)(a+bx)}{3a^4x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{6b(2Ab-aB)(a+bx)}{a^5\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{7b^{3/2}(9Ab-5aB)(a+bx) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{11/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*b^2*(15*A*b-11*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/2*b^2*(A*b-B*a)*x
^(1/2)/a^4/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-2/5*A*(b*x+a)/a^3/x^(5/2)/((b*x+a)^2)
^(1/2)+2/3*(3*A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)/a^4/x^(3/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-6*b*(2*A*b-B*
a)*(b*x+a)/a^5/x^(1/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-7/4*b^(3/2)*(9*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)
*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(11/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(-945Ab^4x^4 + 525ab^3x^3(-3A + Bx) - 8a^4(3A + 5Bx) + 8a^3bx(9A + 5Bx) - 8a^2b^2x^2(-72A + 125Bx) + 105b^3(-9Ab + 5aB)x^{5/2}(a + bx)^2 \text{ArcTan}[\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}]}{60a^{11/2}(a + bx)\sqrt{(a + bx)^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a]*(-945*A*b^4*x^4 + 525*a*b^3*x^3*(-3*A + B*x) - 8*a^4*(3*A + 5*B*x) + 8*a^3*b*x*(9*A + 35*B*x) + 7*a^2*b^2*x^2*(-72*A + 125*B*x)) + 105*b^(3/2)*(-9*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(60*a^(11/2)*x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.290$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 52, 61, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{b^3(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{b^3 x^{7/2} (a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2} (a+bx)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(9Ab-5aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^2} dx}{4ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{2abx^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(9Ab-5aB) \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{5/2}(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{2abx^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(9Ab-5aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{5/2}(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{2abx^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(9Ab-5aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a+bx} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{5/2}(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{2abx^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{(9Ab-5aB)}{2a} \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}}}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{ax^{5/2}(a+bx)} \right) \\
 & \frac{(a+bx)}{4ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{2abx^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} \\
 & \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\frac{(9Ab-5aB) \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{ax^{5/2}(a+bx)} \right) + \frac{Ab-aB}{2abx^{5/2}(a+bx)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}$$

$$\frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{(9Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}}}{a} \right) - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}}}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{5/2}(a+bx)} \right) + \frac{Ab - aB}{2abx^{5/2}(a+bx)^2}}{4ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2abx^{5/2}(a+bx)^2}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output
$$\frac{((a + b*x)*((A*b - a*B)/(2*a*b*x^{(5/2)}*(a + b*x)^2) + ((9*A*b - 5*a*B)*(1/(a*x^{(5/2)}*(a + b*x)) + (7*(-2/(5*a*x^{(5/2)})) - (b*(-2/(3*a*x^{(3/2)})) - (b*(-2/(a*\text{Sqrt}[x]) - (2*\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/ \text{Sqrt}[a]])/a^{(3/2)})))/a)))/(2*a)))/(4*a*b)))/\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F, (b_)*(G_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 52
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n+1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, 0]$$

rule 61
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n+1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 73
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m+1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b)^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 87
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((e_ + (f_)*(x_))^{(p_)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p+1)}/(f*(p+1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$$

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1187 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(90x^2b^2A - 45Ba^2x^2b - 15abAx + 5a^2Bx + 3a^2A)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{15a^5x^{\frac{5}{2}}(bx+a)} - \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{2(\frac{15}{8}b^2A - \frac{11}{8}abB)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{a(17Ab - 13Ba)\sqrt{x}}{4}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{7(9Ab - 5Ba)\arctan(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}})}{4\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^5(bx+a)}$
default	$-\frac{(945A \arctan(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}})x^{\frac{9}{2}}b^5 - 525B\sqrt{ab}x^4ab^3 + 1575A\sqrt{ab}x^3ab^3 + 1890A \arctan(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}})x^{\frac{7}{2}}ab^4 - 1050B \arctan(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}})x^{\frac{7}{2}}a^2b^3 - 525A^2b^5)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{a^5(bx+a)}$

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/15*(90*A*b^2*x^2-45*B*a*b*x^2-15*A*a*b*x+5*B*a^2*x+3*A*a^2)/a^5/x^(5/2)*((b*x+a)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)-1/a^5*b^2*(2*((15/8*b^2*A-11/8*a*b*B)*x^(3/2)+1/8*a*(17*A*b-13*B*a)*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^2+7/4*(9*A*b-5*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2)))*((b*x+a)^(1/2)/(b*x+a))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{105 ((5 Bab^3 - 9 Ab^4)x^5 + 2(5 Ba^2b^2 - 9 Aab^3)x^4 + (5 Ba^3b - 9 Aa^4)x^3 + (5 Ba^4 - 9 Aa^3b)x^2 + 8(5 Ba^5 - 9 Aa^4b)x + 8Aa^6)}{2(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/120*(105*((5*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*x^5 + 2*(5*B*a^2*b^2 - 9*A*a*b^3)*x^4 + (5*B*a^3*b - 9*A*a^2*b^2)*x^3)*sqrt(-b/a)*log((b*x - 2*a*sqrt(x))*sqrt(-b/a) - a)/(b*x + a) + 2*(24*A*a^4 - 105*(5*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*x^4 - 175*(5*B*a^2*b^2 - 9*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 56*(5*B*a^3*b - 9*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 8*(5*B*a^4 - 9*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^5*b^2*x^5 + 2*a^6*b*x^4 + a^7*x^3), 1/60*(105*((5*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*x^5 + 2*(5*B*a^2*b^2 - 9*A*a*b^3)*x^4 + (5*B*a^3*b - 9*A*a^2*b^2)*x^3)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/a)) - (24*A*a^4 - 105*(5*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*x^4 - 175*(5*B*a^2*b^2 - 9*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 56*(5*B*a^3*b - 9*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 8*(5*B*a^4 - 9*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^5*b^2*x^5 + 2*a^6*b*x^4 + a^7*x^3)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(7/2)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 404 vs. $2(191) = 382$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 404, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1260 (5 Ba^3b^4 - 11 Aa^2b^5)x^{5/2} + 35 (5 (Bab^6 - 3 Ab^7)x^2 + 9 (5 Ba^2b^5 - 11 Aa^2b^5 - 7 (5 Bab^2 - 9 Ab^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) - 7 (5 (Bab^3 - 3 Ab^4)x^{3/2} + 6 (5 Ba^2b^2 - 9 Aab^3)\sqrt{x}))}{4 \sqrt{aba^5} - 24 a^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/120*(1260*(5*B*a^3*b^4 - 11*A*a^2*b^5)*x^(5/2) + 35*(5*(B*a*b^6 - 3*A*b^7)*x^2 + 9*(5*B*a^2*b^5 - 11*A*a*b^6)*x)*x^(5/2) - 105*(15*(B*a^3*b^4 - 3*A*a^2*b^5)*x^2 - 17*(5*B*a^4*b^3 - 11*A*a^3*b^4)*x)*sqrt(x) - 112*(25*(B*a^4*b^3 - 3*A*a^3*b^4)*x^2 - 9*(5*B*a^5*b^2 - 11*A*a^4*b^3)*x)/sqrt(x) - 48*(35*(B*a^5*b^2 - 3*A*a^4*b^3)*x^2 - 3*(5*B*a^6*b - 11*A*a^5*b^2)*x)/x^(3/2) - 16*(15*(B*a^6*b - 3*A*a^5*b^2)*x^2 + (5*B*a^7 - 11*A*a^6*b)*x)/x^(5/2) - 16*(5*A*a^6*b*x^2 + 3*A*a^7*x)/x^(7/2))/(a^7*b^3*x^3 + 3*a^8*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^9*b*x + a^10) + 7/4*(5*B*a*b^2 - 9*A*b^3)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^5) - 7/24*(5*(B*a*b^3 - 3*A*b^4)*x^(3/2) + 6*(5*B*a^2*b^2 - 9*A*a*b^3)*sqrt(x))/a^7`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{7 (5 Bab^2 - 9 Ab^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4 \sqrt{aba^5} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)} + \frac{11 Bab^3 x^{3/2} - 15 Ab^4 x^{3/2} + 13 Ba^2 b^2 \sqrt{x} - 17 Aab^3 \sqrt{x}}{4 (bx + a)^2 a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)} + \frac{2 (45 Babx^2 - 90 Ab^2 x^2 - 5 Ba^2 x + 15 Aabx - 3 Aa^2)}{15 a^5 x^{5/2} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `7/4*(5*B*a*b^2 - 9*A*b^3)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^5*sgn(b*x + a)) + 1/4*(11*B*a*b^3*x^(3/2) - 15*A*b^4*x^(3/2) + 13*B*a^2*b^2*sqrt(x) - 17*A*a*b^3*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)^2*a^5*sgn(b*x + a)) + 2/15*(45*B*a*b*x^2 - 90*A*b^2*x^2 - 5*B*a^2*x + 15*A*a*b*x - 3*A*a^2)/(a^5*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-105\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)ab^2x^2 - 105\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)b^3x^3}{15\sqrt{x}a^5x^2(bx + a)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(- 105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b**2*x**2 - 105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**3*x**3 - 6*a**4 + 14*a**3*b*x - 70*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 105*a*b**3*x**3)/(15*sqrt(x)*a**5*x**2*(a + b*x))`

3.455
$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3546
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3547
Rubi [A] (verified)	3547
Maple [A] (verified)	3558
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3559
Sympy [F(-1)]	3560
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3560
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3561
Mupad [F(-1)]	3561
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3562

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 381

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(231Ab-575aB)x^{5/2}}{64b^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(Ab-aB)x^{11/2}}{4b^2(a+bx)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(11Ab-19aB)x^{9/2}}{24b^3(a+bx)^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(33Ab-73aB)x^{7/2}}{32b^4(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{231a(5Ab-13aB)\sqrt{x}(a+bx)}{64b^7\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{77(5Ab-13aB)x^{3/2}(a+bx)}{64b^6\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}(a+bx)}{5b^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{231a^{3/2}(5Ab-13aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64b^{15/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/64*(231*A*b-575*B*a)*x^(5/2)/b^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/4*(A*b-B*a)*x^(11/2)/b^2/(b*x+a)^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/24*(11*A*b-19*B*a)*x^(9/2)/b^3/(b*x+a)^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/32*(33*A*b-73*B*a)*x^(7/2)/b^4/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-231/64*a*(5*A*b-13*B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)/b^7/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+77/64*(5*A*b-13*B*a)*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)/b^6/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2/5*B*x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)/b^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+231/64*a^(3/2)*(5*A*b-13*B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/b^(15/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(45045a^6B - 1155a^5b(15A - 143Bx) + 128b^6x^5(5A + 3Bx) - 128ab(5A + 3Bx) - 128a^2b^5x^4(55A + 13Bx) + 231a^4b^2x^2(-275A + 949Bx) + 11a^2b^4x^3(-4185A + 1664Bx) + 33a^3b^3x^2(-2555A + 3627Bx)) - 3465a^{3/2}(-5A*b + 13a*B)*(a + b*x)^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]}{(960*b^{15/2}*(a + b*x)^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(11/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*(45045*a^6*B - 1155*a^5*b*(15*A - 143*B*x) + 128*b^6*x^5*(5*A + 3*B*x) - 128*a*b^5*x^4*(55*A + 13*B*x) + 231*a^4*b^2*x^2*(-275*A + 949*B*x) + 11*a^2*b^4*x^3*(-4185*A + 1664*B*x) + 33*a^3*b^3*x^2*(-2555*A + 3627*B*x)) - 3465*a^(3/2)*(-5*A*b + 13*a*B)*(a + b*x)^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(960*b^(15/2)*(a + b*x)^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.355$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 51, 51, 51, 60, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{11/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{b^5(a + bx) \int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{b^5(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{x^{13/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} - \frac{(5Ab-13aB) \int \frac{x^{11/2}}{(a+bx)^4} dx}{8ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{x^{13/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} - \frac{(5Ab-13aB) \left(\frac{11 \int \frac{x^{9/2}}{(a+bx)^3} dx}{6b} - \frac{x^{11/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{x^{13/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} - \frac{(5Ab-13aB) \left(\frac{11 \left(\frac{9 \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{(a+bx)^2} dx}{4b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6b} - \frac{x^{11/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{x^{13/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} - \frac{(5Ab-13aB) \left(\frac{11 \left(\frac{9 \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{a+bx} dx}{2b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6b} - \frac{x^{11/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left((a + bx) \frac{x^{13/2}(Ab - aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} - \frac{(5Ab - 13aB) \left(\frac{9 \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6b} - \frac{x^{11/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}$$

↓ 60

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \\
 & \frac{9}{2b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{b(a+bx)} \\
 & \frac{11}{4b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \\
 & \frac{(5Ab-13aB)}{6b} - \frac{x^{11/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \frac{x^{13/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4}}{8ab}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 60

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)} dx}}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \\
 & \frac{7}{9} \frac{\left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)} dx}}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{b(a+bx)} \\
 & \frac{11}{4b} \frac{\left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)} dx}}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \\
 & \frac{(5Ab-13aB)}{6b} \frac{\left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)} dx}}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{6b} - \frac{x^{11/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 73

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{7}{9} \frac{\left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{11}{11} \frac{\left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{(5Ab-13aB)}{6b} \frac{\left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{6b} - \frac{x^{11/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 218

$$\left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \frac{x^{7/2}}{b(a+bx)}$$

$$\frac{x^{9/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2}$$

$$\frac{x^{11}}{3b(a+bx)^3}$$

(5Ab-13aB)

input `Int[(x^(11/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*(((A*b - a*B)*x^(13/2))/(4*a*b*(a + b*x)^4) - ((5*A*b - 13*a*B) *(-1/3*x^(11/2)/(b*(a + b*x)^3) + (11*(-1/2*x^(9/2)/(b*(a + b*x)^2) + (9*(-x^(7/2)/(b*(a + b*x))) + (7*((2*x^(5/2))/(5*b) - (a*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*b) - (a*((2*sqrt[x])/b - (2*sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x])/sqrt[a]])/b^(3/2)))/b))/b))/(2*b)))/(4*b)))/(6*b)))/(8*a*b))/sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1187 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(-3x^2 B b^2 - 5x b^2 A + 25xabB + 75abA - 225a^2 B)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{15b^7(bx+a)} + a^2 \left(\frac{2\left(-\frac{765}{128} A b^4 + \frac{1477}{128} B a b^3\right)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 2\left(-\frac{5855}{384} A a b^3 + \frac{11767}{384} B a^2\right)}{\dots} \right)$
default	$\frac{(384B x^{\frac{13}{2}} \sqrt{ab} b^6 + 640A x^{\frac{11}{2}} \sqrt{ab} b^6 - 1664B x^{\frac{11}{2}} \sqrt{ab} a b^5 - 7040A x^{\frac{9}{2}} \sqrt{ab} a b^5 + 18304B x^{\frac{9}{2}} \sqrt{ab} a^2 b^4 - 46035A x^{\frac{7}{2}} \sqrt{ab} a^2 b^4 + 11968A^2 x^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{ab} a^2 b^4 - 11968A^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{ab} a^2 b^4 + 11968A^2 x^{\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{ab} a^2 b^4)}{\dots}$

```
input int(x^(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/15*(-3*B*b^2*x^2-5*A*b^2*x+25*B*a*b*x+75*A*a*b-225*B*a^2)*x^(1/2)/b^7*(
(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+a^2/b^7*(2*((-765/128*A*b^4+1477/128*B*a*b^3)*x^(
7/2)+(-5855/384*A*a*b^3+11767/384*B*a^2*b^2)*x^(5/2)-1/384*a^2*b*(5153*A*b
-10633*B*a)*x^(3/2)+(-515/128*A*a^3*b+1083/128*a^4*B)*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^4+2
31/64*(5*A*b-13*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2)))*((b*x+a)^2
)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 644, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3465(13Ba^6 - 5Aa^5b + (13Ba^2b^4 - 5Aab^5)x^4 + 4(13Ba^3b^3 - 5Aa^2b^2)x^3 + 6(13Ba^4b^2 - 5Aa^3b^3)x^2 + 4(13Ba^5b - 5Aa^4b^2)x)\sqrt{-a/b}\log((b*x + 2*b*\sqrt{x})*\sqrt{-a/b} - a)/(b*x + a) - 2*(384*B*b^6*x^6 + 45045*B*a^6 - 17325*A*a^5*b - 128*(13*B*a*b^5 - 5*A*b^6)*x^5 + 1408*(13*B*a^2*b^4 - 5*A*a*b^5)*x^4 + 9207*(13*B*a^3*b^3 - 5*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 16863*(13*B*a^4*b^2 - 5*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 12705*(13*B*a^5*b - 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x)\sqrt{x}}{(b^{11}*x^4 + 4*a*b^{10}*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^9*x^2 + 4*a^3*b^8*x + a^4*b^7)}, -1/960*(3465*(13*B*a^6 - 5*A*a^5*b + (13*B*a^2*b^4 - 5*A*a*b^5)*x^4 + 4*(13*B*a^3*b^3 - 5*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 6*(13*B*a^4*b^2 - 5*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 4*(13*B*a^5*b - 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x)\sqrt{a/b}\arctan(b*\sqrt{x})*\sqrt{a/b}/a - (384*B*b^6*x^6 + 45045*B*a^6 - 17325*A*a^5*b - 128*(13*B*a*b^5 - 5*A*b^6)*x^5 + 1408*(13*B*a^2*b^4 - 5*A*a*b^5)*x^4 + 9207*(13*B*a^3*b^3 - 5*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 16863*(13*B*a^4*b^2 - 5*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 12705*(13*B*a^5*b - 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x)\sqrt{x}}{(b^{11}*x^4 + 4*a*b^{10}*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^9*x^2 + 4*a^3*b^8*x + a^4*b^7)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/1920*(3465*(13*B*a^6 - 5*A*a^5*b + (13*B*a^2*b^4 - 5*A*a*b^5)*x^4 + 4*
(13*B*a^3*b^3 - 5*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 6*(13*B*a^4*b^2 - 5*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 4*
(13*B*a^5*b - 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a/b)*log((b*x + 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)
- a)/(b*x + a)) - 2*(384*B*b^6*x^6 + 45045*B*a^6 - 17325*A*a^5*b - 128*(1
3*B*a*b^5 - 5*A*b^6)*x^5 + 1408*(13*B*a^2*b^4 - 5*A*a*b^5)*x^4 + 9207*(13*
B*a^3*b^3 - 5*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 16863*(13*B*a^4*b^2 - 5*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 12
705*(13*B*a^5*b - 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^11*x^4 + 4*a*b^10*x^3 + 6*a^
2*b^9*x^2 + 4*a^3*b^8*x + a^4*b^7), -1/960*(3465*(13*B*a^6 - 5*A*a^5*b + (
13*B*a^2*b^4 - 5*A*a*b^5)*x^4 + 4*(13*B*a^3*b^3 - 5*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 6*(13
*B*a^4*b^2 - 5*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 4*(13*B*a^5*b - 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a/b)*
arctan(b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/b)/a) - (384*B*b^6*x^6 + 45045*B*a^6 - 17325*A*a^5
*b - 128*(13*B*a*b^5 - 5*A*b^6)*x^5 + 1408*(13*B*a^2*b^4 - 5*A*a*b^5)*x^4
+ 9207*(13*B*a^3*b^3 - 5*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 16863*(13*B*a^4*b^2 - 5*A*a^3*b^
3)*x^2 + 12705*(13*B*a^5*b - 5*A*a^4*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^11*x^4 + 4*a*b^10
*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^9*x^2 + 4*a^3*b^8*x + a^4*b^7)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 401, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{256(3Bb^6x^2 + 5Bab^5x)x^{11/2} + 5(2747(3Bab^5 - Ab^6)x^2 + 437(13Ba^2b^4 - 231(13Ba^3 - 5Aa^2b)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right))}{64\sqrt{abb^7}} - \frac{77(13(3Bab - Ab^2)x^{3/2} - 6(13Ba^2 - 5Aab)\sqrt{x})}{128b^7}$$

input `integrate(x^(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/1920*(256*(3*B*b^6*x^2 + 5*B*a*b^5*x)*x^(11/2) + 5*(2747*(3*B*a*b^5 - A*b^6)*x^2 + 437*(13*B*a^2*b^4 - 3*A*a*b^5)*x)*x^(9/2) + 10*(4667*(3*B*a^2*b^4 - A*a*b^5)*x^2 + 671*(13*B*a^3*b^3 - 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x)*x^(7/2) + 2860*(22*(3*B*a^3*b^3 - A*a^2*b^4)*x^2 + 3*(13*B*a^4*b^2 - 3*A*a^3*b^3)*x)*x^(5/2) + 66*(585*(3*B*a^4*b^2 - A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 77*(13*B*a^5*b - 3*A*a^4*b^2)*x)*x^(3/2) + 231*(39*(3*B*a^5*b - A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 5*(13*B*a^6 - 3*A*a^5*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^11*x^5 + 5*a*b^10*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^9*x^3 + 10*a^3*b^8*x^2 + 5*a^4*b^7*x + a^5*b^6) - 231/64*(13*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^7) - 77/128*(13*(3*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^(3/2) - 6*(13*B*a^2 - 5*A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/b^7`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{231(13Ba^3-5Aa^2b)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{64\sqrt{abb^7}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)} + \frac{4431Ba^3b^3x^{7/2}-2295Aa^2b^4x^{7/2}+11767Ba^4b^2x^{5/2}-5855Aa^3b^3x^{5/2}+10633Ba^5bx^{3/2}-5153Aa^4b^2x^{3/2}+3249Aa^6\sqrt{x}-1545Aa^5b\sqrt{x}}{192(bx+a)^4b^7\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)} + \frac{2(3Bb^{20}x^{5/2}-25Bab^{19}x^{3/2}+5Ab^{20}x^{3/2}+225Ba^2b^{18}\sqrt{x}-75Aab^{19}\sqrt{x})}{15b^{25}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}$$

input `integrate(x^(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-231/64*(13*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^7*sgn(b*x + a)) + 1/192*(4431*B*a^3*b^3*x^(7/2) - 2295*A*a^2*b^4*x^(7/2) + 11767*B*a^4*b^2*x^(5/2) - 5855*A*a^3*b^3*x^(5/2) + 10633*B*a^5*b*x^(3/2) - 5153*A*a^4*b^2*x^(3/2) + 3249*B*a^6*sqrt(x) - 1545*A*a^5*b*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)^4*b^7*sgn(b*x + a)) + 2/15*(3*B*b^20*x^(5/2) - 25*B*a*b^19*x^(3/2) + 5*A*b^20*x^(3/2) + 225*B*a^2*b^18*sqrt(x) - 75*A*a*b^19*sqrt(x))/(b^25*sgn(b*x + a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^(11/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^(11/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-3465\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^5 - 10395\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^4bx - 10395\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^3b^2x^2 - 3465\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2b^3x^3 + 3465\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2b^4x^3 - 176\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2b^5x^4 + 48\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2b^6x^5 + 9240\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2b^7x^5 + 7623\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2b^7x^5 + 1584\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2b^7x^5}{120b^7(a^3+3a^2bx+3ab^2x^2+b^3x^3)}$$

input

```
int(x^(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 3465*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**5 - 10395*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*b*x - 10395*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 3465*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 3465*sqrt(x)*a**5*b + 9240*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**2*x + 7623*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**3*x**2 + 1584*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**4*x**3 - 176*sqrt(x)*a*b**5*x**4 + 48*sqrt(x)*b**6*x**5)/(120*b**7*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x + 3*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))
```

3.456
$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3563
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3564
Rubi [A] (verified)	3564
Maple [A] (verified)	3573
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3574
Sympy [F(-1)]	3574
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3575
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3575
Mupad [F(-1)]	3576
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3576

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 334

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(315Ab-1027aB)x^{3/2}}{192b^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(Ab-aB)x^{9/2}}{4b^2(a+bx)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(9Ab-17aB)x^{7/2}}{24b^3(a+bx)^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(63Ab-167aB)x^{5/2}}{96b^4(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{105(3Ab-11aB)\sqrt{x}(a+bx)}{64b^6\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)}{3b^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{105\sqrt{a}(3Ab-11aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64b^{13/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/192*(315*A*b-1027*B*a)*x^(3/2)/b^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/4*(A*b-B*a)*x^(9/2)/b^2/(b*x+a)^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/24*(9*A*b-17*B*a)*x^(7/2)/b^3/(b*x+a)^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/96*(63*A*b-167*B*a)*x^(5/2)/b^4/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+105/64*(3*A*b-11*B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)/b^6/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2/3*B*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)/b^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-105/64*a^(1/2)*(3*A*b-11*B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/b^(13/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(-3465a^5B+ab^4x^3(2511A-1408Bx)+9a^2b^3x^2(511A-1023Bx)-105a^4b(9A-121Bx)+231a^3b^2x(15A-73Bx)+128b^5x^4(3A+Bx))+315\sqrt{a}(-3Ab+11aB)(a+bx)^4\text{ArcTan}[\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}]}{(192b^{13/2})(a+bx)^3\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(9/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*(-3465*a^5*B + a*b^4*x^3*(2511*A - 1408*B*x) + 9*a^2*b^3*x^2*(511*A - 1023*B*x) + 105*a^4*b*(9*A - 121*B*x) + 231*a^3*b^2*x*(15*A - 73*B*x) + 128*b^5*x^4*(3*A + B*x)) + 315*Sqrt[a]*(-3*A*b + 11*a*B)*(a + b*x)^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/(192*b^(13/2)*(a + b*x)^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.323$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 51, 51, 51, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{b^5(a+bx) \int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{b^5(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{x^{11/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} - \frac{(3Ab-11aB) \int \frac{x^{9/2}}{(a+bx)^4} dx}{8ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{x^{11/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} - \frac{(3Ab-11aB) \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{(a+bx)^3} dx}{2b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{x^{11/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} - \frac{(3Ab-11aB) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{(a+bx)^2} dx}{4b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{x^{11/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} - \frac{(3Ab-11aB) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{a+bx} dx}{2b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left((a + bx) \frac{x^{11/2}(Ab - aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} - \frac{\left(\frac{(3Ab - 11aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right) \right) \\
 & \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} \\
 & \downarrow 60
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)}} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \\
 & \frac{7}{2b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)} \\
 & \frac{3}{4b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \\
 & \frac{(3Ab-11aB)}{2b} - \frac{x^{9/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \frac{x^{11/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4}}{8ab}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 73

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{(3Ab - 11aB)}{2b} \left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right) - \frac{x^{7/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right) - \frac{x^{9/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right) \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \frac{x^{11/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4}}{8ab}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 218

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
 & \frac{7}{2b} \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)} \\
 & \frac{3}{4b} \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) - \frac{x^{7/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \\
 & \frac{(3Ab-11aB)}{2b} \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) - \frac{x^{9/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} - \frac{x^{11/2}(Ab-aB)}{8ab}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^(9/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*(((A*b - a*B)*x^(11/2))/(4*a*b*(a + b*x)^4) - ((3*A*b - 11*a*B)*(-1/3*x^(9/2)/(b*(a + b*x)^3) + (3*(-1/2*x^(7/2)/(b*(a + b*x)^2) + (7*(-x^(5/2)/(b*(a + b*x))) + (5*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*b) - (a*((2*Sqrt[x])/b - (2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/b^(3/2)))/b))/(2*b)))/(4*b)))/(2*b)))/(8*a*b))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(Bbx+3Ab-15Ba)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{3b^6(bx+a)} - \frac{a \left(2\left(-\frac{325}{128}Ab^4 + \frac{765}{128}Bab^3\right)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 2\left(-\frac{765}{128}Aab^3 + \frac{5855}{384}Ba^2b^2\right)x^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{a^2b(1929Ab-5153Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{192} + 2\left(-\frac{187}{128}Aa^3b + 515Bab^2\right)x^{\frac{1}{2}} \right)}{b^6(bx+a)}$
default	$\frac{\left(3465A\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{3}{2}}a^3b^2 - 5670A \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)a^3b^3x^2 - 12705B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{3}{2}}a^4b - 9207B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{7}{2}}a^2b^3 + 20790B \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)a^4b^2x^2 - 945Aa^4b^2\right)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{b^6(bx+a)}$

input `int(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3*(B*b*x+3*A*b-15*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^6*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)-a/b^6*(2*((-325/128*A*b^4+765/128*B*a*b^3)*x^(7/2)+(-765/128*A*a*b^3+5855/384*B*a^2*b^2)*x^(5/2)-1/384*a^2*b*(1929*A*b-5153*B*a)*x^(3/2)+(-187/128*A*a^3*b+515/128*a^4*B)*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^4+105/64*(3*A*b-11*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 585, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{315(11Ba^5 - 3Aa^4b + (11Bab^4 - 3Ab^5)x^4 + 4(11Ba^2b^3 - 3Aab^4)x^3}{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^{5/2}} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/384*(315*(11*B*a^5 - 3*A*a^4*b + (11*B*a*b^4 - 3*A*b^5)*x^4 + 4*(11*B*a^2*b^3 - 3*A*a*b^4)*x^3 + 6*(11*B*a^3*b^2 - 3*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 4*(11*B*a^4*b - 3*A*a^3*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a/b)*log((b*x - 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) - a)/(b*x + a)) - 2*(128*B*b^5*x^5 - 3465*B*a^5 + 945*A*a^4*b - 128*(11*B*a*b^4 - 3*A*b^5)*x^4 - 837*(11*B*a^2*b^3 - 3*A*a*b^4)*x^3 - 1533*(11*B*a^3*b^2 - 3*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 - 1155*(11*B*a^4*b - 3*A*a^3*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^10*x^4 + 4*a*b^9*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^8*x^2 + 4*a^3*b^7*x + a^4*b^6), 1/192*(315*(11*B*a^5 - 3*A*a^4*b + (11*B*a*b^4 - 3*A*b^5)*x^4 + 4*(11*B*a^2*b^3 - 3*A*a*b^4)*x^3 + 6*(11*B*a^3*b^2 - 3*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 4*(11*B*a^4*b - 3*A*a^3*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a/b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/b)/a) + (128*B*b^5*x^5 - 3465*B*a^5 + 945*A*a^4*b - 128*(11*B*a*b^4 - 3*A*b^5)*x^4 - 837*(11*B*a^2*b^3 - 3*A*a*b^4)*x^3 - 1533*(11*B*a^3*b^2 - 3*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 - 1155*(11*B*a^4*b - 3*A*a^3*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^10*x^4 + 4*a*b^9*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^8*x^2 + 4*a^3*b^7*x + a^4*b^6)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{5((2747 Bab^5 - 693 Ab^6)x^2 + 3(437 Ba^2b^4 - 63 Aab^5)x)x^{9/2} + 10(359(13 Ba^2b^4 - 3 Aab^5)x^2 + 183(11 B$$

$$+ \frac{105(11 Ba^2 - 3 Aab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{64 \sqrt{abb^6}}$$

$$+ \frac{7\left(11(13 Bab - 3 Ab^2)x^{3/2} - 30(11 Ba^2 - 3 Aab)\sqrt{x}\right)}{128 ab^6}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/1920*(5*((2747*B*a*b^5 - 693*A*b^6)*x^2 + 3*(437*B*a^2*b^4 - 63*A*a*b^5)
)*x)*x^(9/2) + 10*(359*(13*B*a^2*b^4 - 3*A*a*b^5)*x^2 + 183*(11*B*a^3*b^3
- A*a^2*b^4)*x)*x^(7/2) + 20*(242*(13*B*a^3*b^3 - 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^2 + 117*(
11*B*a^4*b^2 - A*a^3*b^3)*x)*x^(5/2) + 198*(15*(13*B*a^4*b^2 - 3*A*a^3*b^3)
)*x^2 + 7*(11*B*a^5*b - A*a^4*b^2)*x)*x^(3/2) + 63*(11*(13*B*a^5*b - 3*A*a
^4*b^2)*x^2 + 5*(11*B*a^6 - A*a^5*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a*b^10*x^5 + 5*a^2*b^9*x
^4 + 10*a^3*b^8*x^3 + 10*a^4*b^7*x^2 + 5*a^5*b^6*x + a^6*b^5) + 105/64*(11
*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^6) + 7/128*(11*
(13*B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*x^(3/2) - 30*(11*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/(a*b^6)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{105(11 Ba^2 - 3 Aab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{64 \sqrt{abb^6} \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}$$

$$\frac{2295 Ba^2b^3x^{7/2} - 975 Aab^4x^{7/2} + 5855 Ba^3b^2x^{5/2} - 2295 Aa^2b^3x^{5/2} + 5153 Ba^4bx^{3/2} - 1929 Aa^3b^2x^{3/2} + 1545 B$$

$$+ \frac{2\left(Bb^{10}x^{3/2} - 15 Bab^9\sqrt{x} + 3 Ab^{10}\sqrt{x}\right)}{3 b^{15} \operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}$$

output

```
(315*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**4 + 945*sqrt(b)
)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b*x + 945*sqrt(b)*sqrt(
a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 315*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a
)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b**3*x**3 - 315*sqrt(x)*a**4*b - 8
40*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**2*x - 693*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**3*x**2 - 144*sqrt(x)*a*b**4*x
**3 + 16*sqrt(x)*b**5*x**4)/(24*b**6*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x + 3*a*b**2*x**2 +
b**3*x**3))
```

3.457
$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3578
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3579
Rubi [A] (verified)	3579
Maple [A] (verified)	3585
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3586
Sympy [F(-1)]	3586
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3587
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3587
Mupad [F(-1)]	3588
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3588

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 285

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(35Ab-187aB)\sqrt{x}}{64b^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(Ab-aB)x^{7/2}}{4b^2(a+bx)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(7Ab-15aB)x^{5/2}}{24b^3(a+bx)^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(35Ab-123aB)x^{3/2}}{96b^4(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{x}(a+bx)}{b^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{35(Ab-9aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64\sqrt{ab}^{11/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/64*(35*A*b-187*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/4*(A*b-B*a)*x^(7/2)
/b^2/(b*x+a)^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/24*(7*A*b-15*B*a)*x^(5/2)/b^3/(b*x+a)^2
/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/96*(35*A*b-123*B*a)*x^(3/2)/b^4/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(
1/2)+2*B*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)/b^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+35/64*(A*b-9*B*a)*(b*x+a)*
rctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/b^(11/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(945a^4B - 105a^3b(A - 33Bx) + 3b^4x^3(-93A + 128Bx) + 7a^2b^2x(-192b^{11/2}(a + b$$

input `Integrate[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*(945*a^4*B - 105*a^3*b*(A - 33*B*x) + 3*b^4*x^3*(-93*A + 128*B*x) + 7*a^2*b^2*x*(-55*A + 657*B*x) + a*b^3*x^2*(-511*A + 2511*B*x)) + (105*(A*b - 9*a*B)*(a + b*x)^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a])/ (192*b^(11/2)*(a + b*x)^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.290$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 51, 51, 51, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{b^5(a+bx) \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{b^5(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} - \frac{(Ab-9aB) \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{(a+bx)^4} dx}{8ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} - \frac{(Ab-9aB) \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{(a+bx)^3} dx}{6b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} - \frac{(Ab-9aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(a+bx)^2} dx}{4b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} - \frac{(Ab-9aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{2b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left((a + bx) \frac{x^{9/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} - \frac{\left(\frac{(Ab-9aB) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right) \frac{1}{8ab}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}$$

↓ 73

$$\left((a + bx) \frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} - \frac{(Ab - 9aB) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right) \frac{x^{7/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \Bigg) \frac{1}{8ab}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}$$

$$\frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} - \frac{(Ab - 9aB) \left(\frac{x^{5/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{6b} - \frac{\left(\frac{x^{3/2}}{b(a+bx)} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{4b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output

```
((a + b*x)*((A*b - a*B)*x^(9/2))/(4*a*b*(a + b*x)^4) - ((A*b - 9*a*B)*(-1/3*x^(7/2)/(b*(a + b*x)^3) + (7*(-1/2*x^(5/2)/(b*(a + b*x)^2) + (5*(-x^(3/2)/(b*(a + b*x)))) + (3*((2*Sqrt[x])/b - (2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/b^(3/2)))/(2*b)))/(4*b)))/(6*b)))/(8*a*b))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 51

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 60

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result
risch	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{b^5(bx+a)} + \frac{\left(2\left(-\frac{93}{128}Ab^4 + \frac{325}{128}Ba^3\right)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 2\left(\frac{765}{128}Ba^2b^2 - \frac{511}{384}Aab^3\right)x^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{a^2b(385Ab - 1929Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{192} + 2\left(\frac{187}{128}a^4B - \frac{35}{128}Aa^3b\right)\sqrt{x}\right)}{(bx+a)^4}{b^5(bx+a)}$
default	$-\frac{\left(279A\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{7}{2}}b^4 - 2511B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{7}{2}}ab^3 + 511A\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{5}{2}}ab^3 - 105A\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)b^5x^4 - 4599B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{5}{2}}a^2b^2 - 384B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{9}{2}}b^4 + 945Ba^2b^2\right)}{b^5(bx+a)}$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*B/b^5*x^(1/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+1/b^5*(2*((-93/128*A*b^4+325/128*B*a*b^3)*x^(7/2)+(765/128*B*a^2*b^2-511/384*A*a*b^3)*x^(5/2)-1/384*a^2*b*(385*A*b-1929*B*a)*x^(3/2)+(187/128*a^4*B-35/128*A*a^3*b)*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^4+35/64*(A*b-9*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{105(3(11Bab^5 - Ab^6)x^2 + (9Ba^2b^4 + Aab^5)x)x^{9/2} + 30((359Ba^2b^4 - 21Aa^3b^3)x^{7/2} + 20(66(11B*a^3*b^3 - A*a^2*b^4)x^2 + 13(9B*a^4*b^2 + A*a^3*b^3)x)x^{5/2} + 2(405(11B*a^4*b^2 - A*a^3*b^3)x^2 + 77(9B*a^5*b + A*a^4*b^2)x)x^{3/2} + 7(27(11B*a^5*b - A*a^4*b^2)x^2 + 5(9B*a^6 + A*a^5*b)x)*\sqrt{x})/(a^2*b^9*x^5 + 5*a^3*b^8*x^4 + 10*a^4*b^7*x^3 + 10*a^5*b^6*x^2 + 5*a^6*b^5*x + a^7*b^4) - 35/64*(9B*a - A*b)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*b^5) - 7/128*(3*(11B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^{3/2} - 10*(9B*a^2 - A*a*b)*\sqrt{x})/(a^2*b^5)}{64\sqrt{abb^5} \quad 128a^2b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/1920*(105*(3*(11*B*a*b^5 - A*b^6)*x^2 + (9*B*a^2*b^4 + A*a*b^5)*x)*x^(9/2) + 30*((359*B*a^2*b^4 - 21*A*a*b^5)*x^2 + (61*B*a^3*b^3 + 21*A*a^2*b^4)*x)*x^(7/2) + 20*(66*(11*B*a^3*b^3 - A*a^2*b^4)*x^2 + 13*(9*B*a^4*b^2 + A*a^3*b^3)*x)*x^(5/2) + 2*(405*(11*B*a^4*b^2 - A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 77*(9*B*a^5*b + A*a^4*b^2)*x)*x^(3/2) + 7*(27*(11*B*a^5*b - A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 5*(9*B*a^6 + A*a^5*b)*x)*sqrt(x)/(a^2*b^9*x^5 + 5*a^3*b^8*x^4 + 10*a^4*b^7*x^3 + 10*a^5*b^6*x^2 + 5*a^6*b^5*x + a^7*b^4) - 35/64*(9*B*a - A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^5) - 7/128*(3*(11*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^(3/2) - 10*(9*B*a^2 - A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/(a^2*b^5)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)} - \frac{35(9Ba - Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{64\sqrt{abb^5}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)} + \frac{975Bab^3x^{7/2} - 279Ab^4x^{7/2} + 2295Ba^2b^2x^{5/2} - 511Aab^3x^{5/2} + 1929Ba^3bx^{3/2} - 385Aa^2b^2x^{3/2} + 561Ba^4\sqrt{x}}{192(bx+a)^4b^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2*B*sqrt(x)/(b^5*sgn(b*x + a)) - 35/64*(9*B*a - A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt
(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^5*sgn(b*x + a)) + 1/192*(975*B*a*b^3*x^(7/2) - 279*A*b
^4*x^(7/2) + 2295*B*a^2*b^2*x^(5/2) - 511*A*a*b^3*x^(5/2) + 1929*B*a^3*b*x
^(3/2) - 385*A*a^2*b^2*x^(3/2) + 561*B*a^4*sqrt(x) - 105*A*a^3*b*sqrt(x))/
((b*x + a)^4*b^5*sgn(b*x + a))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int((x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^3 - 315\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2bx - 315\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)abx^2 + 105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)b^3x^3 + 105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)b^3x^3}{(24b^5(a^3 + 3a^2bx + 3ab^2x^2 + b^3x^3))}$$

input

```
int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**3 - 315*sqrt
(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*x - 315*sqrt(b)*sqrt
(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b**2*x**2 - 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)
)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**3*x**3 + 105*sqrt(x)*a**3*b + 280
*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**2*x + 231*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x)*b**4*x**3)/(24
*b**5*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x + 3*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))
```

3.458
$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3589
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3590
Rubi [A] (verified)	3590
Maple [B] (verified)	3594
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3594
Sympy [F(-1)]	3595
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3595
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3596
Mupad [F(-1)]	3597
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3597

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 252

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(5Ab-93aB)\sqrt{x}}{64ab^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(Ab-aB)x^{5/2}}{4b^2(a+bx)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(5Ab-13aB)x^{3/2}}{24b^3(a+bx)^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(5Ab-29aB)\sqrt{x}}{32b^4(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{5(Ab+7aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{3/2}b^{9/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/64*(5*A*b-93*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a/b^4/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/4*(A*b-B*a)*x^(5/2)/
b^2/(b*x+a)^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/24*(5*A*b-13*B*a)*x^(3/2)/b^3/(b*x+a)^2/
((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/32*(5*A*b-29*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^4/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
)+5/64*(A*b+7*B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/b^(9/2)
/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(105a^4B-15Ab^4x^3+5a^3b(3A+77Bx))+ab^3x^2(73A+279Bx)}{192a^{3/2}b^{9/2}(a+bx)^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(5/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(-(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*(105*a^4*B-15*A*b^4*x^3+5*a^3*b*(3*A+77*B*x))+a*b^3*x^2*(73*A+279*B*x)+a^2*b^2*x*(55*A+511*B*x))+15*(A*b+7*a*B)*(a+b*x)^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(192*a^(3/2)*b^(9/2)*(a+b*x)^3*Sqrt[(a+b*x)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.258$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 51, 51, 51, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{b^5(a+bx) \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{b^5(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(7aB+Ab) \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{(a+bx)^4} dx}{8ab} + \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(7aB+Ab) \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(a+bx)^3} dx}{6b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(7aB+Ab) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a+bx)^2} dx}{4b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(7aB+Ab) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(7aB+Ab) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(7aB+Ab) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{2b(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*((A*b - a*B)*x^(7/2))/(4*a*b*(a + b*x)^4) + ((A*b + 7*a*B)*(-1/3*x^(5/2)/(b*(a + b*x)^3) + (5*(-1/2*x^(3/2)/(b*(a + b*x)^2) + (3*(-(Sqrt[x]/(b*(a + b*x))) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(3/2)))/(4*b)))/(6*b)))/(8*a*b))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 356 vs. $2(169) = 338$.

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result
default	$(15A\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{7}{2}}b^4 - 279B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{7}{2}}ab^3 - 73A\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{5}{2}}ab^3 + 15A\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)b^5x^4 - 511B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{5}{2}}a^2b^2 + 105B\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)ab^4x^4 + 60A$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{192}*(15*A*(a*b)^{(1/2)}*x^{(7/2)}*b^4 - 279*B*(a*b)^{(1/2)}*x^{(7/2)}*a*b^3 - 73*A*(a*b)^{(1/2)}*x^{(5/2)}*a*b^3 + 15*A*\arctan(b*x^{(1/2)/(a*b)^{(1/2)})}*b^5*x^4 - 511*B*(a*b)^{(1/2)}*x^{(5/2)}*a^2*b^2 + 105*B*\arctan(b*x^{(1/2)/(a*b)^{(1/2)})}*a*b^4*x^4 + 60*A*\arctan(b*x^{(1/2)/(a*b)^{(1/2)})}*a*b^4*x^3 + 420*B*\arctan(b*x^{(1/2)/(a*b)^{(1/2)})}*a^2*b^3*x^3 - 55*A*(a*b)^{(1/2)}*x^{(3/2)}*a^2*b^2 + 90*A*\arctan(b*x^{(1/2)/(a*b)^{(1/2)})}*a^2*b^3*x^2 - 385*B*(a*b)^{(1/2)}*x^{(3/2)}*a^3*b + 630*B*\arctan(b*x^{(1/2)/(a*b)^{(1/2)})}*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 60*A*\arctan(b*x^{(1/2)/(a*b)^{(1/2)})}*a^3*b^2*x + 420*B*\arctan(b*x^{(1/2)/(a*b)^{(1/2)})}*a^4*b*x - 15*A*(a*b)^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}*a^3*b + 15*A*\arctan(b*x^{(1/2)/(a*b)^{(1/2)})}*a^4*b - 105*B*(a*b)^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}*a^4 + 105*B*\arctan(b*x^{(1/2)/(a*b)^{(1/2)})}*a^5)*(b*x+a)/(a*b)^{(1/2)}/b^4/a/((b*x+a)^2)^(5/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 525, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{15(7Ba^5 + Aa^4b + (7Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^4 + 4(7Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^3 + 6(7Ba$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/384*(15*(7*B*a^5 + A*a^4*b + (7*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^4 + 4*(7*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^3 + 6*(7*B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 4*(7*B*a^4*b + A*a^3*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) + 2*(105*B*a^5*b + 15*A*a^4*b^2 + 3*(93*B*a^2*b^4 - 5*A*a*b^5)*x^3 + 73*(7*B*a^3*b^3 + A*a^2*b^4)*x^2 + 55*(7*B*a^4*b^2 + A*a^3*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^2*b^9*x^4 + 4*a^3*b^8*x^3 + 6*a^4*b^7*x^2 + 4*a^5*b^6*x + a^6*b^5), -1/192*(15*(7*B*a^5 + A*a^4*b + (7*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^4 + 4*(7*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^3 + 6*(7*B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 4*(7*B*a^4*b + A*a^3*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (105*B*a^5*b + 15*A*a^4*b^2 + 3*(93*B*a^2*b^4 - 5*A*a*b^5)*x^3 + 73*(7*B*a^3*b^3 + A*a^2*b^4)*x^2 + 55*(7*B*a^4*b^2 + A*a^3*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^2*b^9*x^4 + 4*a^3*b^8*x^3 + 6*a^4*b^7*x^2 + 4*a^5*b^6*x + a^6*b^5)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2), x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 376 vs. 2(169) = 338.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 376, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{5(7(9Bab^5 + Ab^6)x^2 - 3(7Ba^2b^4 + 3Aab^5)x)x^{3/2} + 10(7(9Ba^2b^4 + Aab^5)x^2 - 9(7Ba^3b^3 + 3Aa^2b^4)x + 5(7Ba + Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) + 7(9Bab + Ab^2)x^{3/2} - 30(7Ba^2 + Aab)\sqrt{x}}{384a^3b^4} + \frac{5(7Ba + Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{64\sqrt{ab}b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/1920*(5*(7*(9*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^2 - 3*(7*B*a^2*b^4 + 3*A*a*b^5)*x)*x^{(9/2)} \\ & + 10*(7*(9*B*a^2*b^4 + A*a*b^5)*x^2 - 9*(7*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*x) \\ & *x^{(7/2)} + 20*(2*(33*B*a^3*b^3 - 7*A*a^2*b^4)*x^2 - (13*B*a^4*b^2 + 33*A*a^3*b^3)*x) \\ & *x^{(5/2)} + 2*(45*(9*B*a^4*b^2 + A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 - 11*(7*B*a^5*b + 3*A*a^4*b^2)*x) \\ & *x^{(3/2)} + (21*(9*B*a^5*b + A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 - 5*(7*B*a^6 + 3*A*a^5*b)*x) \\ & *sqrt(x))/(a^3*b^8*x^5 + 5*a^4*b^7*x^4 + 10*a^5*b^6*x^3 + 10*a^6*b^5*x^2 + 5*a^7*b^4*x + a^8*b^3) \\ & + 5/64*(7*B*a + A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a*b^4) \\ & + 1/384*(7*(9*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^{(3/2)} - 30*(7*B*a^2 + A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/(a^3*b^4) \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5(7Ba+Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{64\sqrt{ab}ab^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)} - \frac{279Bab^3x^{\frac{7}{2}} - 15Ab^4x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 511Ba^2b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 73Aab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 385Ba^3bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 55Aa^2b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 105Ba^4\sqrt{x} + 15Aa^5}{192(bx+a)^4ab^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 5/64*(7*B*a + A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a*b^4*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a)) \\ & - 1/192*(279*B*a*b^3*x^{(7/2)} - 15*A*b^4*x^{(7/2)} + 511*B*a^2*b^2*x^{(5/2)} \\ & + 73*A*a*b^3*x^{(5/2)} + 385*B*a^3*b*x^{(3/2)} + 55*A*a^2*b^2*x^{(3/2)} + 105*B*a^4*sqrt(x) \\ & + 15*A*a^3*b*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)^4*a*b^4*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a) \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^(5/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^(5/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^3 + 45\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2bx + 45\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2bx + 45\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2bx + 45\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2bx}{24ab^4(b^3x^3 + \dots)}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `(15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**3 + 45*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*x + 45*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**3*x**3 - 15*sqrt(x)*a**3*b - 40*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**2*x - 33*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*x**2)/(24*a*b**4*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x + 3*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))`

3.459
$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3598
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3599
Rubi [A] (verified)	3599
Maple [B] (verified)	3602
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3603
Sympy [F(-1)]	3604
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3604
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3605
Mupad [F(-1)]	3605
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3606

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 256

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(3Ab+5aB)\sqrt{x}}{64a^2b^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(Ab-aB)x^{3/2}}{4b^2(a+bx)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(3Ab-11aB)\sqrt{x}}{24b^3(a+bx)^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(3Ab-59aB)\sqrt{x}}{96ab^3(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(3Ab+5aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{5/2}b^{7/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/64*(3*A*b+5*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^2/b^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/4*(A*b-B*a)*x^(3/2)
/b^2/(b*x+a)^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/24*(3*A*b-11*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^3/(b*x+a)^2
/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/96*(3*A*b-59*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a/b^3/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(
1/2)+1/64*(3*A*b+5*B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/b^(
7/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(-15a^4B+9Ab^4x^3+3ab^3x^2(11A+5Bx)-a^3b(9A+55Bx)-a^2b^2x(33A+73Bx))+3(3Ab+5aB)(a+bx)^4\text{ArcTan}[\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}]}{192a^{5/2}b^{7/2}(a+bx)^3\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*(-15*a^4*B + 9*A*b^4*x^3 + 3*a*b^3*x^2*(11*A + 5*B*x) - a^3*b*(9*A + 55*B*x) - a^2*b^2*x*(33*A + 73*B*x)) + 3*(3*A*b + 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/(192*a^(5/2)*b^(7/2)*(a + b*x)^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.258$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 51, 51, 52, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{b^5(a+bx) \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{b^5(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(5aB+3Ab) \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(a+bx)^4} dx}{8ab} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(5aB+3Ab) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a+bx)^3} dx}{2b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(5aB+3Ab) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} dx}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2b(a+bx)^2} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(5aB+3Ab) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2b(a+bx)^2} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(5aB+3Ab) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{4b} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2b(a+bx)^2} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(5aB+3Ab) \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)}}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2b(a+bx)^2} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*((A*b - a*B)*x^(5/2))/(4*a*b*(a + b*x)^4) + ((3*A*b + 5*a*B)*(-1/3*x^(3/2)/(b*(a + b*x)^3) + (-1/2*sqrt[x]/(b*(a + b*x)^2) + (sqrt[x]/(a*(a + b*x)) + ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x])/sqrt[a]]/(a^(3/2)*sqrt[b]))/(4*b))/(2*b))/(8*a*b))/sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
), x] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
 + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
 + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
 rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
 t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^
 IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2
 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2
 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 356 vs. $2(173) = 346$.

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
default	$\left(9A\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{7}{2}}b^4 + 15B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{7}{2}}ab^3 + 33A\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{5}{2}}a^2b^3 + 9A\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)b^5x^4 - 73B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{5}{2}}a^2b^2 + 15B\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)ab^4x^4 + 36A\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)a^2b^4x^4\right)$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/192*(9*A*(a*b)^(1/2)*x^(7/2)*b^4+15*B*(a*b)^(1/2)*x^(7/2)*a*b^3+33*A*(a*
b)^(1/2)*x^(5/2)*a*b^3+9*A*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*b^5*x^4-73*B*(a*b
)^(1/2)*x^(5/2)*a^2*b^2+15*B*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a*b^4*x^4+36*A*
arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a*b^4*x^3+60*B*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))
*a^2*b^3*x^3-33*A*(a*b)^(1/2)*x^(3/2)*a^2*b^2+54*A*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(
1/2))*a^2*b^3*x^2-55*B*(a*b)^(1/2)*x^(3/2)*a^3*b+90*B*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a
*b)^(1/2))*a^3*b^2*x^2+36*A*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a^3*b^2*x+60*B*a
rctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a^4*b*x-9*A*(a*b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*a^3*b+9*A*arc
tan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a^4*b-15*B*(a*b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*a^4+15*B*arctan(
b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a^5)*(b*x+a)/(a*b)^(1/2)/b^3/a^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(5/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 537, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3(5Ba^5+3Aa^4b+(5Bab^4+3Ab^5)x^4+4(5Ba^2b^3+3Aab^4)x^3+6(5$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas
")
```

output

```
[-1/384*(3*(5*B*a^5+3*A*a^4*b+(5*B*a*b^4+3*A*b^5)*x^4+4*(5*B*a^2*b
^3+3*A*a*b^4)*x^3+6*(5*B*a^3*b^2+3*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2+4*(5*B*a^4*b+3
*A*a^3*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x-a-2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x+a))
+2*(15*B*a^5*b+9*A*a^4*b^2-3*(5*B*a^2*b^4+3*A*a*b^5)*x^3+(73*B*a^
3*b^3-33*A*a^2*b^4)*x^2+11*(5*B*a^4*b^2+3*A*a^3*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^
3*b^8*x^4+4*a^4*b^7*x^3+6*a^5*b^6*x^2+4*a^6*b^5*x+a^7*b^4), -1/192
*(3*(5*B*a^5+3*A*a^4*b+(5*B*a*b^4+3*A*b^5)*x^4+4*(5*B*a^2*b^3+3*
A*a*b^4)*x^3+6*(5*B*a^3*b^2+3*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2+4*(5*B*a^4*b+3*A*a^3*
b^2)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x)))+(15*B*a^5*b+9*A*a^4*b^
2-3*(5*B*a^2*b^4+3*A*a*b^5)*x^3+(73*B*a^3*b^3-33*A*a^2*b^4)*x^2+
11*(5*B*a^4*b^2+3*A*a^3*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^3*b^8*x^4+4*a^4*b^7*x^3+
6*a^5*b^6*x^2+4*a^6*b^5*x+a^7*b^4)]
```


Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 372 vs. 2(173) = 346.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{5((7Bab^5+3Ab^6)x^2-9(Ba^2b^4+Aab^5)x)x^{\frac{9}{2}}+10((7Ba^2b^4+3Aab^5)x^2-27(Ba^3b^3+Aa^2b^4)x)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{64\sqrt{ab}a^2b^3} + \frac{(5Ba+3Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{64\sqrt{ab}a^2b^3} + \frac{(7Bab+3Ab^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}}-6(5Ba^2+3Aab)\sqrt{x}}{384a^4b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/1920*(5*((7*B*a*b^5+3*A*b^6)*x^2-9*(B*a^2*b^4+A*a*b^5)*x)*x^(9/2)+10*((7*B*a^2*b^4+3*A*a*b^5)*x^2-27*(B*a^3*b^3+A*a^2*b^4)*x)*x^(7/2)-20*(2*(7*B*a^3*b^3+3*A*a^2*b^4)*x^2+33*(B*a^4*b^2+A*a^3*b^3)*x)*x^(5/2)+6*(5*(3*B*a^4*b^2-17*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2-(11*B*a^5*b+139*A*a^4*b^2)*x)*x^(3/2)+3*((7*B*a^5*b+3*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2-5*(B*a^6+A*a^5*b)*x)*sqrt(x)/(a^4*b^7*x^5+5*a^5*b^6*x^4+10*a^6*b^5*x^3+10*a^7*b^4*x^2+5*a^8*b^3*x+a^9*b^2)+1/64*(5*B*a+3*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^2*b^3)+1/384*((7*B*a*b+3*A*b^2)*x^(3/2)-6*(5*B*a^2+3*A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/(a^4*b^3)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(5Ba+3Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{64\sqrt{aba^2b^3}\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)} + \frac{15Bab^3x^{7/2}+9Ab^4x^{7/2}-73Ba^2b^2x^{5/2}+33Aab^3x^{5/2}-55Ba^3bx^{3/2}-33Aa^2b^2x^{3/2}-15Ba^4\sqrt{x}-9Aa^3b\sqrt{x}}{192(bx+a)^4a^2b^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/64*(5*B*a + 3*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^2*b^3*sgn(b*x + a)) + 1/192*(15*B*a*b^3*x^(7/2) + 9*A*b^4*x^(7/2) - 73*B*a^2*b^2*x^(5/2) + 33*A*a*b^3*x^(5/2) - 55*B*a^3*b*x^(3/2) - 33*A*a^2*b^2*x^(3/2) - 15*B*a^4*sqrt(x) - 9*A*a^3*b*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)^4*a^2*b^3*sgn(b*x + a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^(3/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^(3/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3 + 9\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2bx + 9\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)}{24a^2b^3(b^3x^3+3ab^2x^2+3a^2bx+a^3)}$$

input

```
int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**3 + 9*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*x + 9*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b**2*x**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**3*x**3 - 3*sqrt(x)*a**3*b - 8*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**2*x + 3*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*x**2)/(24*a**2*b**3*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x + 3*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))
```

3.460
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3607
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3608
Rubi [A] (verified)	3608
Maple [B] (verified)	3611
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3612
Sympy [F(-1)]	3613
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3613
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3614
Mupad [F(-1)]	3614
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3615

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 258

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(5Ab+3aB)\sqrt{x}}{64a^3b^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{4b^2(a+bx)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(Ab-9aB)\sqrt{x}}{24ab^2(a+bx)^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(5Ab+3aB)\sqrt{x}}{96a^2b^2(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(5Ab+3aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{7/2}b^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/64*(5*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^3/b^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/4*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)
/b^2/(b*x+a)^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/24*(A*b-9*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a/b^2/(b*x+a)^2/
((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/96*(5*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^2/b^2/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(
1/2)+1/64*(5*A*b+3*B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/b^(
5/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(-9a^4B+15Ab^4x^3+ab^3x^2(55A+9Bx)-3a^3b(5A+11Bx)+a^2b^2x(73A+33Bx))+3(5Ab+3a^2B)(a+bx)^4\text{ArcTan}[\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}]}{192a^{7/2}b^{5/2}(a+bx)^3\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[x]*(A+B*x))/(a^2+2*a*b*x+b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*(-9*a^4*B+15*A*b^4*x^3+a*b^3*x^2*(55*A+9*B*x)-3*a^3*b*(5*A+11*B*x)+a^2*b^2*x*(73*A+33*B*x))+3*(5*A*b+3*a^2*B)*(a+b*x)^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/(192*a^(7/2)*b^(5/2)*(a+b*x)^3*Sqrt[(a+b*x)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.258$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 51, 52, 52, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{b^5(a+bx) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{b^5(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a+bx) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(3aB+5Ab) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a+bx)^4} dx}{8ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(3aB+5Ab) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} dx}{6b} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(3aB+5Ab) \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} dx}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(3aB+5Ab) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(3aB+5Ab) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 218 \\
 \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(3aB+5Ab) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)}\right)}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3b(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*((A*b - a*B)*x^(3/2))/(4*a*b*(a + b*x)^4) + ((5*A*b + 3*a*B)*(-1/3*Sqrt[x]/(b*(a + b*x)^3) + (Sqrt[x]/(2*a*(a + b*x)^2) + (3*(Sqrt[x]/(a*(a + b*x)) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/(a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b])))/(4*a)/(6*b)))/(8*a*b))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
), x] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
 + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
 + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
 rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
 t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_
 _)
 + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^
 IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2
 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2
 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 356 vs. $2(175) = 350$.

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
default	$\left(15A\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{7}{2}}b^4+9B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{7}{2}}ab^3+55A\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{5}{2}}a^2b^3+15A\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)b^5x^4+33B\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{5}{2}}a^2b^2+9B\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)ab^4x^4+60A\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)ab^4x^4+60A\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)ab^4x^4\right)$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/192*(15*A*(a*b)^(1/2)*x^(7/2)*b^4+9*B*(a*b)^(1/2)*x^(7/2)*a*b^3+55*A*(a*
b)^(1/2)*x^(5/2)*a*b^3+15*A*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*b^5*x^4+33*B*(a*
b)^(1/2)*x^(5/2)*a^2*b^2+9*B*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a*b^4*x^4+60*A*
arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a*b^4*x^3+36*B*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))
*a^2*b^3*x^3+73*A*(a*b)^(1/2)*x^(3/2)*a^2*b^2+90*A*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(
1/2))*a^2*b^3*x^2-33*B*(a*b)^(1/2)*x^(3/2)*a^3*b+54*B*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a
*b)^(1/2))*a^3*b^2*x^2+60*A*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a^3*b^2*x+36*B*a
rctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a^4*b*x-15*A*(a*b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*a^3*b+15*A*a
rctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a^4*b-9*B*(a*b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*a^4+9*B*arctan(
b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*a^5*(b*x+a)/(a*b)^(1/2)/b^2/a^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(5/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 537, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(3Ba^5+5Aa^4b+(3Bab^4+5Ab^5)x^4+4(3Ba^2b^3+5Aab^4)x^3+6(3Ba^3b^2+5Aa^2b^3)x^2+4(3Ba^4b^2+5Aa^3b^3)x+6A^2b^2)}{192(a^4b^2+2ab^3)x^4+4(3Ba^2b^3+5Aab^4)x^3+6(3Ba^3b^2+5Aa^2b^3)x^2+4(3Ba^4b^2+5Aa^3b^3)x+6A^2b^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas
")
```

output

```
[-1/384*(3*(3*B*a^5+5*A*a^4*b+(3*B*a*b^4+5*A*b^5))*x^4+4*(3*B*a^2*b
^3+5*A*a*b^4)*x^3+6*(3*B*a^3*b^2+5*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2+4*(3*B*a^4*b+5
*A*a^3*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x-a-2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x+a))
+2*(9*B*a^5*b+15*A*a^4*b^2-3*(3*B*a^2*b^4+5*A*a*b^5))*x^3-11*(3*B*
a^3*b^3+5*A*a^2*b^4)*x^2+(33*B*a^4*b^2-73*A*a^3*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x)/(a^
4*b^7*x^4+4*a^5*b^6*x^3+6*a^6*b^5*x^2+4*a^7*b^4*x+a^8*b^3), -1/192
*(3*(3*B*a^5+5*A*a^4*b+(3*B*a*b^4+5*A*b^5))*x^4+4*(3*B*a^2*b^3+5*
A*a*b^4)*x^3+6*(3*B*a^3*b^2+5*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2+4*(3*B*a^4*b+5*A*a^3*
b^2)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x)))+(9*B*a^5*b+15*A*a^4*b^
2-3*(3*B*a^2*b^4+5*A*a*b^5))*x^3-11*(3*B*a^3*b^3+5*A*a^2*b^4)*x^2+
(33*B*a^4*b^2-73*A*a^3*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x)/(a^4*b^7*x^4+4*a^5*b^6*x^3+
6*a^6*b^5*x^2+4*a^7*b^4*x+a^8*b^3)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 368 vs. 2(176) = 352.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{15((Bab^5+Ab^6)x^2 - (3Ba^2b^4+7Aab^5)x)x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 30((Ba^2b^4+Aab^5)x^2 - 3(3Ba^3b^3+7Aa^2b^4)x)x^{\frac{7}{2}} - 2(3Ba+5Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) + (Bab+Ab^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 2(3Ba^2+5Aab)\sqrt{x}}{64\sqrt{aba^3b^2} + 128a^5b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/1920*(15*((B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*x^2 - (3*B*a^2*b^4 + 7*A*a*b^5)*x)*x^(9/2) + 30*((B*a^2*b^4 + A*a*b^5)*x^2 - 3*(3*B*a^3*b^3 + 7*A*a^2*b^4)*x)*x^(7/2) - 20*(6*(B*a^3*b^3 + A*a^2*b^4)*x^2 + 11*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 7*A*a^3*b^3)*x)*x^(5/2) - 2*(255*(B*a^4*b^2 + A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 139*(3*B*a^5*b + 7*A*a^4*b^2)*x)*x^(3/2) + (3*(3*B*a^5*b - 253*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 - 5*(3*B*a^6 + 263*A*a^5*b)*x)*sqrt(x)/(a^5*b^6*x^5 + 5*a^6*b^5*x^4 + 10*a^7*b^4*x^3 + 10*a^8*b^3*x^2 + 5*a^9*b^2*x + a^10*b) + 1/64*(3*B*a + 5*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^3*b^2) + 1/128*((B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^(3/2) - 2*(3*B*a^2 + 5*A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/(a^5*b^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(3Ba+5Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{64\sqrt{ab}a^3b^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)} + \frac{9Bab^3x^{7/2}+15Ab^4x^{7/2}+33Ba^2b^2x^{5/2}+55Aab^3x^{5/2}-33Ba^3bx^{3/2}+73Aa^2b^2x^{3/2}-9Ba^4\sqrt{x}-15Aa^3b\sqrt{x}}{192(bx+a)^4a^3b^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx+a)}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/64*(3*B*a + 5*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^3*b^2*sgn(b*x + a)) + 1/192*(9*B*a*b^3*x^(7/2) + 15*A*b^4*x^(7/2) + 33*B*a^2*b^2*x^(5/2) + 55*A*a*b^3*x^(5/2) - 33*B*a^3*b*x^(3/2) + 73*A*a^2*b^2*x^(3/2) - 9*B*a^4*sqrt(x) - 15*A*a^3*b*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)^4*a^3*b^2*sgn(b*x + a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^(1/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^(1/2)*(A+B*x))/(a^2+b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x)^(5/2),x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3 + 9\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2bx + 9\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)}{24a^3b^2(b^3x^3+3ab^2x^2+3a^2bx+a^3)}$$

input

```
int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**3 + 9*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*x + 9*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b**2*x**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**3*x**3 - 3*sqrt(x)*a**3*b + 8*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**2*x + 3*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*x**2)/(24*a**3*b**2*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x + 3*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))
```

3.461 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3616
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3617
Rubi [A] (verified)	3617
Maple [B] (verified)	3621
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3621
Sympy [F(-1)]	3622
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3622
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3623
Mupad [F(-1)]	3624
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3624

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 258

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5(7Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}}{64a^4b\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{4ab(a+bx)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{(7Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}}{24a^2b(a+bx)^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{5(7Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}}{96a^3b(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{5(7Ab+aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{9/2}b^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

```
output 5/64*(7*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^4/b/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/4*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a/b
/(b*x+a)^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/24*(7*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^2/b/(b*x+a)^2/((b*
x+a)^2)^(1/2)+5/96*(7*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^3/b/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+5/6
4*(7*A*b+B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(9/2)/b^(3/2)/((b*
x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(-15a^4B + 105Ab^4x^3 + 5ab^3x^2(77A + 3Bx) + a^2b^2x(511A + 3Bx)) + a^2b^2x(511A + 3Bx) + a^3b^2x^2(511A + 55Bx) + a^3b^2(279A + 73Bx) + 15(7Ab + a^2B)(a + bx)^4 \operatorname{ArcTan}[\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a}]}{192a^{9/2}b^{3/2}(a + bx)^3 \operatorname{Sqrt}[(a + bx)^2]}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*(-15*a^4*B + 105*A*b^4*x^3 + 5*a*b^3*x^2*(77*A + 3*B*x) + a^2*b^2*x*(511*A + 55*B*x) + a^3*b*(279*A + 73*B*x)) + 15*(7*A*b + a*B)*(a + b*x)^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/(192*a^(9/2)*b^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.258$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 52, 52, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{b^5(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{b^5\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(aB+7Ab) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^4} dx}{8ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(aB+7Ab) \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} dx}{6a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3a(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(aB+7Ab) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} dx}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3a(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(aB+7Ab) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3a(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(aB+7Ab) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)}}{4a} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2}}{6a} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3a(a+bx)^3}}{8ab} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(aB+7Ab) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)}}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2a(a+bx)^2}}{6a} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3a(a+bx)^3}}{8ab} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab-aB)}{4ab(a+bx)^4}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*(((A*b - a*B)*Sqrt[x])/(4*a*b*(a + b*x)^4) + ((7*A*b + a*B)*(Sqrt[x]/(3*a*(a + b*x)^3) + (5*(Sqrt[x]/(2*a*(a + b*x)^2) + (3*(Sqrt[x]/(a*(a + b*x)) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/(a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b])))/(4*a)))/(6*a)))/(8*a*b))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F x, (b_)*(G x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

output

```
[-1/384*(15*(B*a^5 + 7*A*a^4*b + (B*a*b^4 + 7*A*b^5)*x^4 + 4*(B*a^2*b^3 +
7*A*a*b^4)*x^3 + 6*(B*a^3*b^2 + 7*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 4*(B*a^4*b + 7*A*a^3*b^
2)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) + 2*(15*B
*a^5*b - 279*A*a^4*b^2 - 15*(B*a^2*b^4 + 7*A*a*b^5)*x^3 - 55*(B*a^3*b^3 +
7*A*a^2*b^4)*x^2 - 73*(B*a^4*b^2 + 7*A*a^3*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^5*b^6*x^4 +
4*a^6*b^5*x^3 + 6*a^7*b^4*x^2 + 4*a^8*b^3*x + a^9*b^2), -1/192*(15*(B*a^5
+ 7*A*a^4*b + (B*a*b^4 + 7*A*b^5)*x^4 + 4*(B*a^2*b^3 + 7*A*a*b^4)*x^3 + 6
*(B*a^3*b^2 + 7*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 4*(B*a^4*b + 7*A*a^3*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*ar
ctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (15*B*a^5*b - 279*A*a^4*b^2 - 15*(B*a^2*b^4
+ 7*A*a*b^5)*x^3 - 55*(B*a^3*b^3 + 7*A*a^2*b^4)*x^2 - 73*(B*a^4*b^2 + 7*A
a^3*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^5*b^6*x^4 + 4*a^6*b^5*x^3 + 6*a^7*b^4*x^2 + 4*a^8
b^3*x + a^9*b^2)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(1/2)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2), x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 390 vs. 2(175) = 350.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 390, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{5((3Bab^5 + 7Ab^6)x^2 - 21(Ba^2b^4 + 9Aab^5)x)x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 10((3Ba^2b^4 + 7Aab^5)x^2 - 63(Ba^3b^3 + 9Aa^2b^4)x)}{64\sqrt{ab}a^4b} + \frac{(3Bab + 7Ab^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 30(Ba^2 + 7Aab)\sqrt{x}}{384a^6b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/1920*(5*((3*B*a*b^5 + 7*A*b^6)*x^2 - 21*(B*a^2*b^4 + 9*A*a*b^5)*x)*x^{9/2} \\ & + 10*((3*B*a^2*b^4 + 7*A*a*b^5)*x^2 - 63*(B*a^3*b^3 + 9*A*a^2*b^4)*x)*x^{7/2} \\ & - 20*(2*(3*B*a^3*b^3 + 7*A*a^2*b^4)*x^2 + 77*(B*a^4*b^2 + 9*A*a^3*b^3)*x)*x^{5/2} \\ & - 2*(85*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 7*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 973*(B*a^5*b + 9*A*a^4*b^2)*x)*x^{3/2} \\ & - (253*(3*B*a^5*b + 7*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 1315*(B*a^6 + 9*A*a^5*b)*x)*\sqrt{x} \\ & - 1280*(A*a^5*b*x^2 + 3*A*a^6*x)/\sqrt{x})/(a^6*b^5*x^5 + 5*a^7*b^4*x^4 + 10*a^8*b^3*x^3 + 10*a^9*b^2*x^2 + 5*a^{10}*b*x + a^{11}) \\ & + 5/64*(B*a + 7*A*b)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*a^4*b) + 1/384* \\ & ((3*B*a*b + 7*A*b^2)*x^{3/2} - 30*(B*a^2 + 7*A*a*b)*\sqrt{x})/(a^6*b) \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5(Ba + 7Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{64 \sqrt{aba^4} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)} + \frac{15 Bab^3 x^{7/2} + 105 Ab^4 x^{7/2} + 55 Ba^2 b^2 x^{5/2} + 385 Aab^3 x^{5/2} + 73 Ba^3 b x^{3/2} + 511 Aa^2 b^2 x^{3/2} - 15 Ba^4 \sqrt{x} + 279 Aa^4}{192 (bx + a)^4 a^4 b \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 5/64*(B*a + 7*A*b)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*a^4*b*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + \\ & a)) + 1/192*(15*B*a*b^3*x^{7/2} + 105*A*b^4*x^{7/2} + 55*B*a^2*b^2*x^{5/2} \\ & + 385*A*a*b^3*x^{5/2} + 73*B*a^3*b*x^{3/2} + 511*A*a^2*b^2*x^{3/2} - 15*B \\ & *a^4*\sqrt{x} + 279*A*a^3*b*\sqrt{x})/((b*x + a)^4*a^4*b*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x + a)) \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^3 + 45\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2bx + 45\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2bx + 45\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2bx + 45\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2bx}{24a^4b(b^3x^5)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `(15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**3 + 45*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*x + 45*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**3*x**3 + 33*sqrt(x)*a**3*b + 40*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**2*x + 15*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*x**2)/(24*a**4*b*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x + 3*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))`

3.462 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3625
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3626
Rubi [A] (verified)	3626
Maple [A] (verified)	3632
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3633
Sympy [F(-1)]	3633
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3634
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3634
Mupad [F(-1)]	3635
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3635

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 286

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(187Ab-35aB)\sqrt{x}}{64a^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{4a^2(a+bx)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(15Ab-7aB)\sqrt{x}}{24a^3(a+bx)^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{(123Ab-35aB)\sqrt{x}}{96a^4(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{2A(a+bx)}{a^5\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{35(9Ab-aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{11/2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/64*(187*A*b-35*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^5/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/4*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)
/a^2/(b*x+a)^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/24*(15*A*b-7*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^3/(b*x+a)^2
/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/96*(123*A*b-35*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^4/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(
1/2)-2*A*(b*x+a)/a^5/x^(1/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-35/64*(9*A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)*
rctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(11/2)/b^(1/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(-945Ab^4x^4 + 105ab^3x^3(-33A+Bx) + 7a^2b^2x^2(-657A+55Bx) + a^4(-384A+279Bx) + a^3bx(-657A+55Bx)) + a^4(-384A+279Bx) + a^3b^2x^2(-2511A+511Bx)}{192a^{11/2}(a+bx)^3\sqrt{(a+bx)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2)), x]`

output `((Sqrt[a]*(-945*A*b^4*x^4 + 105*a*b^3*x^3*(-33*A + B*x) + 7*a^2*b^2*x^2*(-657*A + 55*B*x) + a^4*(-384*A + 279*B*x) + a^3*b*x*(-2511*A + 511*B*x)))/Sqrt[x] + (105*(-9*A*b + a*B)*(a + b*x)^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[b])/(192*a^(11/2)*(a + b*x)^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.290$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 52, 52, 52, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{b^5(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{b^5x^{3/2}(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(9Ab-aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^4} dx}{8ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{4ab\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(9Ab-aB) \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} dx}{6a} + \frac{1}{3a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{4ab\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(9Ab-aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} dx}{4a} + \frac{1}{2a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6a} + \frac{1}{3a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{4ab\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(9Ab-aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{1}{a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{1}{2a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6a} + \frac{1}{3a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{4ab\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{(9Ab - aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{a\sqrt{x(a+bx)}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{1}{2a\sqrt{x(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6a} + \frac{1}{3a\sqrt{x(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{4ab\sqrt{x(a+bx)^4} \right) \\
 & \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{(9Ab - aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{1}{2a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6a} + \frac{1}{3a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{4ab\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^4} \right) \\
 & (a + bx)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(a + bx) \left(\frac{(9Ab - aB) \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{1}{2a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6a} + \frac{1}{3a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{4ab\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^4}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output
$$\frac{((a + bx) * ((A * b - a * B) / (4 * a * b * \sqrt{x} * (a + bx)^4) + ((9 * A * b - a * B) * (1 / (3 * a * \sqrt{x} * (a + bx)^3) + (7 * (1 / (2 * a * \sqrt{x} * (a + bx)^2) + (5 * (1 / (a * \sqrt{x} * (a + bx))) + (3 * (-2 / (a * \sqrt{x})) - (2 * \sqrt{b} * \text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{b} * \sqrt{x}) / \sqrt{a}]) / a^{(3/2)})) / (2 * a))) / (4 * a))) / (6 * a))) / (8 * a * b)) / \sqrt{a^2 + 2 * a * b * x + b^2 * x^2}}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 52
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_))^{(m_)} * ((c_ + (d_)(x_))^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b * x)^{(m + 1)} * ((c + d * x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b * c - a * d) * (m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d * ((m + n + 2) / ((b * c - a * d) * (m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b * x)^{(m + 1)} * (c + d * x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, 0]$$

rule 61
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_))^{(m_)} * ((c_ + (d_)(x_))^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b * x)^{(m + 1)} * ((c + d * x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b * c - a * d) * (m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d * ((m + n + 2) / ((b * c - a * d) * (m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b * x)^{(m + 1)} * (c + d * x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 73
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_))^{(m_)} * ((c_ + (d_)(x_))^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p / b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p * (m + 1) - 1)} * (c - a * (d / b) + d * (x^{p / b})^n, x], x, (a + b * x)^{(1 / p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(- (b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1187 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{a^5\sqrt{x}(bx+a)} - \frac{\left(2\left(\frac{187}{128}Ab^4 - \frac{35}{128}Ba^3b^3\right)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{ab^2(1929Ab - 385Ba)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{192} + 2\left(\frac{765}{128}a^2Ab^2 - \frac{511}{384}Ba^3b\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2\left(\frac{325}{128}Aa^3b - \frac{93}{128}a^4B\right)\sqrt{x} + \frac{3}{128}a^4B\right)}{a^5(bx+a)}$
default	$-\frac{\left(945A\sqrt{ab}x^4b^4 - 105B\sqrt{ab}x^4ab^3 + 3465A\sqrt{ab}x^3a^3b^3 + 945A\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)x^{\frac{9}{2}}b^5 - 385B\sqrt{ab}x^3a^2b^2 - 105B\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)x^{\frac{9}{2}}ab^4\right)}{a^5(bx+a)}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*A/a^5/x^(1/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)-1/a^5*(2*((187/128*A*b^4-35/128*B*a*b^3)*x^(7/2)+1/384*a*b^2*(1929*A*b-385*B*a)*x^(5/2)+(765/128*a^2*A*b^2-511/384*B*a^3*b)*x^(3/2)+(325/128*A*a^3*b-93/128*a^4*B)*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^4+35/64*(9*A*b-B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 559, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{105 ((Bab^4 - 9Ab^5)x^5 + 4(Ba^2b^3 - 9Aab^4)x^4 + 6(Ba^3b^2 - 9Aa^2b^3))}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/384*(105*((B*a*b^4 - 9*A*b^5)*x^5 + 4*(B*a^2*b^3 - 9*A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 6*(B*a^3*b^2 - 9*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 4*(B*a^4*b - 9*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^5 - 9*A*a^4*b)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a + 2*sqrt(-a*b))*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) - 2*(384*A*a^5*b - 105*(B*a^2*b^4 - 9*A*a*b^5)*x^4 - 385*(B*a^3*b^3 - 9*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 - 511*(B*a^4*b^2 - 9*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 - 279*(B*a^5*b - 9*A*a^4*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^6*b^5*x^5 + 4*a^7*b^4*x^4 + 6*a^8*b^3*x^3 + 4*a^9*b^2*x^2 + a^10*b*x), -1/192*(105*((B*a*b^4 - 9*A*b^5)*x^5 + 4*(B*a^2*b^3 - 9*A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 6*(B*a^3*b^2 - 9*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 4*(B*a^4*b - 9*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^5 - 9*A*a^4*b)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (384*A*a^5*b - 105*(B*a^2*b^4 - 9*A*a*b^5)*x^4 - 385*(B*a^3*b^3 - 9*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 - 511*(B*a^4*b^2 - 9*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 - 279*(B*a^5*b - 9*A*a^4*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^6*b^5*x^5 + 4*a^7*b^4*x^4 + 6*a^8*b^3*x^3 + 4*a^9*b^2*x^2 + a^10*b*x)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(3/2)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 427 vs. $2(189) = 378$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 427, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{35((Bab^6 + 9Ab^7)x^2 - 27(Ba^2b^5 - 11Aab^6)x)x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 70((Ba^2b^5 + 9Aab^6)x^2 - 81(Ba^3b^4 - 11Aa^2b^5)x)}{64\sqrt{aba^5}} + \frac{7((Bab + 9Ab^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 30(Ba^2 - 9Aab)\sqrt{x})}{384a^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/1920*(35*((B*a*b^6 + 9*A*b^7)*x^2 - 27*(B*a^2*b^5 - 11*A*a*b^6)*x)*x^(9/2) + 70*((B*a^2*b^5 + 9*A*a*b^6)*x^2 - 81*(B*a^3*b^4 - 11*A*a^2*b^5)*x)*x^(7/2) - 140*(2*(B*a^3*b^4 + 9*A*a^2*b^5)*x^2 + 99*(B*a^4*b^3 - 11*A*a^3*b^4)*x)*x^(5/2) - 14*(85*(B*a^4*b^3 + 9*A*a^3*b^4)*x^2 + 1251*(B*a^5*b^2 - 11*A*a^4*b^3)*x)*x^(3/2) - (1771*(B*a^5*b^2 + 9*A*a^4*b^3)*x^2 + 11835*(B*a^6*b - 11*A*a^5*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x) - 1280*((B*a^6*b + 9*A*a^5*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^7 - 11*A*a^6*b)*x)/sqrt(x) - 3840*(A*a^6*b*x^2 - A*a^7*x)/x^(3/2))/(a^7*b^5*x^5 + 5*a^8*b^4*x^4 + 10*a^9*b^3*x^3 + 10*a^10*b^2*x^2 + 5*a^11*b*x + a^12) + 35/64*(B*a - 9*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^5) + 7/384*((B*a*b + 9*A*b^2)*x^(3/2) - 30*(B*a^2 - 9*A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/a^7
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{35(Ba - 9Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{64\sqrt{aba^5} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)} - \frac{2A}{a^5\sqrt{x} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}$$

$$+ \frac{105 Bab^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}} - 561 Ab^4 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 385 Ba^2 b^2 x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 1929 Aab^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 511 Ba^3 b x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 2295 Aa^2 b^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 279 Ba^4 \sqrt{x} - 192(bx + a)^4 a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}{192(bx + a)^4 a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}$$

3.463
$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3636
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3637
Rubi [A] (verified)	3637
Maple [A] (verified)	3646
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3647
Sympy [F(-1)]	3647
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3648
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3649
Mupad [F(-1)]	3649
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3650

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 336

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx &= \frac{b(515Ab-187aB)\sqrt{x}}{64a^6\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ &+ \frac{b(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{4a^3(a+bx)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{b(23Ab-15aB)\sqrt{x}}{24a^4(a+bx)^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ &+ \frac{b(259Ab-123aB)\sqrt{x}}{96a^5(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{2A(a+bx)}{3a^5x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\ &+ \frac{2(5Ab-aB)(a+bx)}{a^6\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{105\sqrt{b}(11Ab-3aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{13/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/64*b*(515*A*b-187*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^6/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/4*b*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^3/(b*x+a)^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/24*b*(23*A*b-15*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^4/(b*x+a)^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/96*b*(259*A*b-123*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^5/(b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-2/3*A*(b*x+a)/a^5/x^(3/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2*(5*A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)/a^6/x^(1/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+105/64*b^(1/2)*(11*A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(13/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{a}(-3465Ab^5x^5 + 128a^5(A + 3Bx) + 105ab^4x^4(-121A + 9Bx) + 231a^2b^3x^3(-73A + 15Bx) + 9a^3b^2x^2(-1023A + 511Bx) + a^4b^2x(-1408A + 2511Bx))}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{315\sqrt{b}(11Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^4 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right] + 192a^{13/2}(a + bx)^3 \sqrt{(a + bx)^2}}{192a^{13/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2)), x]`

output `(-((Sqrt[a]*(-3465*A*b^5*x^5 + 128*a^5*(A + 3*B*x) + 105*a*b^4*x^4*(-121*A + 9*B*x) + 231*a^2*b^3*x^3*(-73*A + 15*B*x) + 9*a^3*b^2*x^2*(-1023*A + 511*B*x) + a^4*b*x*(-1408*A + 2511*B*x)))/x^(3/2)) + 315*Sqrt[b]*(11*A*b - 3*a*B)*(a + b*x)^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(192*a^(13/2)*(a + b*x)^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.323$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 52, 52, 52, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1187} \\ & \frac{b^5(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{b^5x^{5/2}(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(11Ab-3aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^4} dx}{8ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{4abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(11Ab-3aB) \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^3} dx}{2a} + \frac{1}{3ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{4abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(11Ab-3aB) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} dx}{4a} + \frac{1}{2ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{3ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{4abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(11Ab-3aB) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{1}{2ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{3ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{4abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{(11Ab-3aB)}{(a+bx)} \left(\frac{3}{4a} \left(\frac{7}{2a} \left(\frac{5}{a} \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{3ax^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \right) + \frac{1}{2ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} \right) + \frac{Ab-aB}{4abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^4} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}$$

↓ 61

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)}} dx - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)}} dx - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)}}{2a} + \frac{1}{2ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)}} dx - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)}}{4a} + \frac{1}{2ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)}} dx - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)}}{2a} + \frac{1}{3ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)}} dx - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)}}{8ab} + \frac{Ab}{4abx^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 73

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{(11Ab - 3aB)}{2a} \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}}}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \right) + \frac{1}{2ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{(11Ab - 3aB)}{4a} + \frac{1}{2ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{(11Ab - 3aB)}{2a} + \frac{1}{3ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{(11Ab - 3aB)}{8ab} + \frac{Ab - c}{4abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 218

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{7}{2a} \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \\
 & \frac{3}{4a} \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{2ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} \\
 & \frac{(11Ab-3aB)}{2a} \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{3ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx)}{8ab} \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{4aba}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*((A*b - a*B)/(4*a*b*x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^4) + ((11*A*b - 3*a*B)*(1/(3*a*x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^3) + (3*(1/(2*a*x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^2) + (7*(1/(a*x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)) + (5*(-2/(3*a*x^(3/2)) - (b*(-2/(a*Sqrt[x]) - (2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))/a)/(2*a))/(4*a))/(2*a))/(8*a*b)))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_]
:> Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x]
- Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))
Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1187 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p]))
Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(-15Abx+3Bax+AA)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{3a^6x^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx+a)} + \frac{b\left(2\left(\frac{515}{128}Ab^4 - \frac{187}{128}Bab^3\right)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{ab^2(5153Ab-1929Ba)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{192} + 2\left(\frac{5855}{384}a^2Ab^2 - \frac{765}{128}Ba^3b\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2\left(\frac{765}{128}a^2b^3 - \frac{25}{128}a^4B\right)\right)}{a^6(bx+a)}$
default	$-\frac{\left(-3465A \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)x^{\frac{11}{2}}b^6 + 945B \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)x^{\frac{11}{2}}ab^5 - 13860A \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)x^{\frac{9}{2}}ab^5 + 3780B \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)x^{\frac{9}{2}}a^2b^4 - 20790A \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)x^{\frac{7}{2}}ab^4 + 105/64(11Ab-3Ba)/(ab)^{1/2} \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)\right)}{a^6x^{3/2}(bx+a)}$

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3*(-15*A*b*x+3*B*a*x+A*a)/a^6/x^(3/2)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+1/a^6*b
*(2*((515/128*A*b^4-187/128*B*a*b^3)*x^(7/2)+1/384*a*b^2*(5153*A*b-1929*B*
a)*x^(5/2)+(5855/384*a^2*A*b^2-765/128*B*a^3*b)*x^(3/2)+(765/128*A*a^3*b-3
25/128*a^4*B)*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^4+105/64*(11*A*b-3*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(
b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 611, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{315 ((3 Bab^4 - 11 Ab^5)x^6 + 4(3 Ba^2b^3 - 11 Aab^4)x^5 + 6(3 Ba^3b^2 -$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/384*(315*((3*B*a*b^4 - 11*A*b^5)*x^6 + 4*(3*B*a^2*b^3 - 11*A*a*b^4)*x^5 + 6*(3*B*a^3*b^2 - 11*A*a^2*b^3)*x^4 + 4*(3*B*a^4*b - 11*A*a^3*b^2)*x^3 + (3*B*a^5 - 11*A*a^4*b)*x^2)*sqrt(-b/a)*log((b*x + 2*a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/a) - a)/(b*x + a)) + 2*(128*A*a^5 + 315*(3*B*a*b^4 - 11*A*b^5)*x^5 + 1155*(3*B*a^2*b^3 - 11*A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 1533*(3*B*a^3*b^2 - 11*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 837*(3*B*a^4*b - 11*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 128*(3*B*a^5 - 11*A*a^4*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^6*b^4*x^6 + 4*a^7*b^3*x^5 + 6*a^8*b^2*x^4 + 4*a^9*b*x^3 + a^10*x^2), -1/192*(315*((3*B*a*b^4 - 11*A*b^5)*x^6 + 4*(3*B*a^2*b^3 - 11*A*a*b^4)*x^5 + 6*(3*B*a^3*b^2 - 11*A*a^2*b^3)*x^4 + 4*(3*B*a^4*b - 11*A*a^3*b^2)*x^3 + (3*B*a^5 - 11*A*a^4*b)*x^2)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/a)) + (128*A*a^5 + 315*(3*B*a*b^4 - 11*A*b^5)*x^5 + 1155*(3*B*a^2*b^3 - 11*A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 1533*(3*B*a^3*b^2 - 11*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 837*(3*B*a^4*b - 11*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 128*(3*B*a^5 - 11*A*a^4*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^6*b^4*x^6 + 4*a^7*b^3*x^5 + 6*a^8*b^2*x^4 + 4*a^9*b*x^3 + a^10*x^2)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(5/2)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 495 vs. $2(224) = 448$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 495, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{315 ((Bab^7 - 11 Ab^8)x^2 + 11 (3 Ba^2b^6 - 13 Aab^7)x)x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 630 ((Ba^2b^6 - 11 Aab^7)x^2 + 33 (3 Ba^3b^5 - 13 Aab^4)x) \sqrt{x}}{64 \sqrt{aba^6}}$$

$$+ \frac{105 (3 Bab - 11 Ab^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) + 21 \left((Bab^2 - 11 Ab^3)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 10 (3 Ba^2b - 11 Aab^2)\sqrt{x} \right)}{128 a^8}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/1920*(315*((B*a*b^7 - 11*A*b^8)*x^2 + 11*(3*B*a^2*b^6 - 13*A*a*b^7)*x)*
x^(9/2) + 630*((B*a^2*b^6 - 11*A*a*b^7)*x^2 + 33*(3*B*a^3*b^5 - 13*A*a^2*b
^6)*x)*x^(7/2) - 420*(6*(B*a^3*b^5 - 11*A*a^2*b^6)*x^2 - 121*(3*B*a^4*b^4
- 13*A*a^3*b^5)*x)*x^(5/2) - 42*(255*(B*a^4*b^4 - 11*A*a^3*b^5)*x^2 - 1529
*(3*B*a^5*b^3 - 13*A*a^4*b^4)*x)*x^(3/2) - 33*(483*(B*a^5*b^3 - 11*A*a^4*b
^4)*x^2 - 1315*(3*B*a^6*b^2 - 13*A*a^5*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x) - 1280*(9*(B*a^6*b
^2 - 11*A*a^5*b^3)*x^2 - 11*(3*B*a^7*b - 13*A*a^6*b^2)*x)/sqrt(x) - 1280*(3
*(B*a^7*b - 11*A*a^6*b^2)*x^2 - (3*B*a^8 - 13*A*a^7*b)*x)/x^(3/2) + 1280*(
3*A*a^7*b*x^2 + A*a^8*x)/x^(5/2))/(a^8*b^5*x^5 + 5*a^9*b^4*x^4 + 10*a^10*b
^3*x^3 + 10*a^11*b^2*x^2 + 5*a^12*b*x + a^13) - 105/64*(3*B*a*b - 11*A*b^2
)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^6) + 21/128*((B*a*b^2 - 11*A*b
^3)*x^(3/2) + 10*(3*B*a^2*b - 11*A*a*b^2)*sqrt(x))/a^8
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{105 (3 Bab - 11 Ab^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) - \frac{2 (3 Bax - 15 Abx + Aa)}{3 a^6 x^{3/2} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}}{64 \sqrt{ab} a^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)} -$$

$$\frac{561 Bab^4 x^{7/2} - 1545 Ab^5 x^{7/2} + 1929 Ba^2 b^3 x^{5/2} - 5153 Aab^4 x^{5/2} + 2295 Ba^3 b^2 x^{3/2} - 5855 Aa^2 b^3 x^{3/2} + 975 Ba^4 b}{192 (bx + a)^4 a^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-105/64*(3*B*a*b - 11*A*b^2)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^6*sgn(b*x + a)) - 2/3*(3*B*a*x - 15*A*b*x + A*a)/(a^6*x^(3/2)*sgn(b*x + a)) - 1/192*(561*B*a*b^4*x^(7/2) - 1545*A*b^5*x^(7/2) + 1929*B*a^2*b^3*x^(5/2) - 5153*A*a*b^4*x^(5/2) + 2295*B*a^3*b^2*x^(3/2) - 5855*A*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) + 975*B*a^4*b*sqrt(x) - 2295*A*a^3*b^2*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)^4*a^6*sgn(b*x + a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{315\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^3bx + 945\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2b^2x^2 + \dots}{\dots}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(315*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b*x
+ 945*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b**
2*x**2 + 945*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a
*b**3*x**3 + 315*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)
))*b**4*x**4 - 16*a**5 + 144*a**4*b*x + 693*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 840*a**2*b**3
*x**3 + 315*a*b**4*x**4)/(24*sqrt(x)*a**6*x*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x + 3*a*b**2*
x**2 + b**3*x**3))
```

3.464 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3651
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3652
Rubi [A] (verified)	3652
Maple [A] (verified)	3663
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3664
Sympy [F(-1)]	3665
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3665
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3666
Mupad [F(-1)]	3667
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3667

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 391

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{b^2(1083Ab-515aB)\sqrt{x}}{64a^7\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{b^2(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{4a^4(a+bx)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{b^2(31Ab-23aB)\sqrt{x}}{24a^5(a+bx)^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{b^2(443Ab-259aB)\sqrt{x}}{96a^6(a+bx)\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{2A(a+bx)}{5a^5x^{5/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} + \frac{2(5Ab-aB)(a+bx)}{3a^6x^{3/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{10b(3Ab-aB)(a+bx)}{a^7\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} - \frac{231b^{3/2}(13Ab-5aB)(a+bx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{15/2}\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/64*b^2*(1083*A*b-515*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^7/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/4*b^2*(A*b-B*
a)*x^(1/2)/a^4/(b*x+a)^3/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/24*b^2*(31*A*b-23*B*a)*x^(1/2
)/a^5/(b*x+a)^2/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/96*b^2*(443*A*b-259*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^6/(
b*x+a)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-2/5*A*(b*x+a)/a^5/x^(5/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2/3*(
5*A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)/a^6/x^(3/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-10*b*(3*A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)/
a^7/x^(1/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-231/64*b^(3/2)*(13*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)*arctan
(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(15/2)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(-45045Ab^6x^6 - 128a^6(3A+5Bx) + 1155ab^5x^5(-143A+15Bx) + 128a^5bx(13A+55Bx) + 231a^2b^4x^4(-949A + 275Bx) + 33a^3b^3x^3(-3627A + 2555Bx) + 11a^4b^2x^2(-1664A + 4185Bx))}{x^{5/2}} + 3465b^{(3/2)}(-13A*b + 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/(960*a^{(15/2)}*(a + b*x)^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2]}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2)), x]
```

output

```
((Sqrt[a]*(-45045*A*b^6*x^6 - 128*a^6*(3*A + 5*B*x) + 1155*a*b^5*x^5*(-143*A + 15*B*x) + 128*a^5*b*x*(13*A + 55*B*x) + 231*a^2*b^4*x^4*(-949*A + 275*B*x) + 33*a^3*b^3*x^3*(-3627*A + 2555*B*x) + 11*a^4*b^2*x^2*(-1664*A + 4185*B*x)))/x^(5/2) + 3465*b^(3/2)*(-13*A*b + 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/(960*a^(15/2)*(a + b*x)^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.355$, Rules used = {1187, 27, 87, 52, 52, 52, 61, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1187 \\ & \frac{b^5(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{b^5x^{7/2}(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a + bx) \int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(13Ab-5aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^4} dx}{8ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{4abx^{5/2}(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(13Ab-5aB) \left(\frac{11 \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^3} dx}{6a} + \frac{1}{3ax^{5/2}(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{4abx^{5/2}(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(13Ab-5aB) \left(\frac{11 \left(\frac{9 \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^2} dx}{4a} + \frac{1}{2ax^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6a} + \frac{1}{3ax^{5/2}(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{4abx^{5/2}(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \left(\frac{(13Ab-5aB) \left(\frac{11 \left(\frac{9 \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{5/2}(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{1}{2ax^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6a} + \frac{1}{3ax^{5/2}(a+bx)^3} \right)}{8ab} + \frac{Ab-aB}{4abx^{5/2}(a+bx)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{(13Ab-5aB)}{(a+bx)} \left(\frac{9 \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{5/2}(a+bx)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{1}{2ax^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} \right) \right. \\
 & \left. + \frac{1}{3ax^{5/2}(a+bx)^3} \right) \\
 & \left. + \frac{Ab-aB}{4abx^{5/2}(a+bx)^4} + \frac{8ab}{(a+bx)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}$$

↓ 61

↓ 61

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)}} dx - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)}} dx - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)}} dx - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{5/2}(a+bx)} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)}} dx - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{1}{2ax^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} \right)}{6a} + \frac{1}{3ax^{5/2}(a+bx)^3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

(13Ab-5aB)

↓ 73

↓ 218

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{9}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{5/2}(a+bx)} \\
 & \frac{11}{4a} + \frac{1}{2ax^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} \\
 & \frac{(13Ab-5aB)}{6a} + \frac{1}{3ax^{5/2}(a+bx)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*((A*b - a*B)/(4*a*b*x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^4) + ((13*A*b - 5*a*B)*(1/(3*a*x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^3) + (11*(1/(2*a*x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^2) + (9*(1/(a*x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)) + (7*(-2/(5*a*x^(5/2)) - (b*(-2/(3*a*x^(3/2)) - (b*(-2/(a*Sqrt[x]) - (2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/a))/a))/(2*a)))/(4*a)))/(6*a)))/(8*a*b)))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1187 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^
IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2
+ c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2
- 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(225x^2b^2A-75Bax^2b-25abAx+5a^2Bx+3a^2A)\sqrt{(bx+a)^2}}{15a^7x^{\frac{5}{2}}(bx+a)} - b^2 \left(\frac{2\left(\frac{1083}{128}Ab^4 - \frac{515}{128}Bab^3\right)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{ab^2(10633Ab-5153Ba)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{192} + 2\left(\frac{113}{128}Ab^4 - \frac{515}{128}Bab^3\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(bx+a)} \right)$
default	$-\frac{(-7040Bx^2\sqrt{ab}a^5b-1664Ax\sqrt{ab}a^5b+219219A^4\sqrt{ab}a^2b^4-84315Bx^4\sqrt{ab}a^3b^3+119691Ax^3\sqrt{ab}a^3b^3+45045Ax^{\frac{5}{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{ab}a^2b^2+bx+a}{bx+a}\right))}{15a^7x^{\frac{5}{2}}(bx+a)}$

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/15*(225*A*b^2*x^2-75*B*a*b*x^2-25*A*a*b*x+5*B*a^2*x+3*A*a^2)/a^7/x^(5/2)
)*((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)-1/a^7*b^2*(2*((1083/128*A*b^4-515/128*B*a*b^3)
*x^(7/2)+1/384*a*b^2*(10633*A*b-5153*B*a)*x^(5/2)+(11767/384*a^2*A*b^2-585
5/384*B*a^3*b)*x^(3/2)+(1477/128*A*a^3*b-765/128*a^4*B)*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^4
+231/64*(13*A*b-5*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2)))*((b*x+a)
^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 670, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas
")
```

output

```
[-1/1920*(3465*((5*B*a*b^5 - 13*A*b^6)*x^7 + 4*(5*B*a^2*b^4 - 13*A*a*b^5)*
x^6 + 6*(5*B*a^3*b^3 - 13*A*a^2*b^4)*x^5 + 4*(5*B*a^4*b^2 - 13*A*a^3*b^3)*
x^4 + (5*B*a^5*b - 13*A*a^4*b^2)*x^3)*sqrt(-b/a)*log((b*x - 2*a*sqrt(x)*sq
rt(-b/a) - a)/(b*x + a)) + 2*(384*A*a^6 - 3465*(5*B*a*b^5 - 13*A*b^6)*x^6
- 12705*(5*B*a^2*b^4 - 13*A*a*b^5)*x^5 - 16863*(5*B*a^3*b^3 - 13*A*a^2*b^4
)*x^4 - 9207*(5*B*a^4*b^2 - 13*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 - 1408*(5*B*a^5*b - 13*A*a^4
*b^2)*x^2 + 128*(5*B*a^6 - 13*A*a^5*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^7*b^4*x^7 + 4*a^8*b^
3*x^6 + 6*a^9*b^2*x^5 + 4*a^10*b*x^4 + a^11*x^3), 1/960*(3465*((5*B*a*b^5
- 13*A*b^6)*x^7 + 4*(5*B*a^2*b^4 - 13*A*a*b^5)*x^6 + 6*(5*B*a^3*b^3 - 13*A
*a^2*b^4)*x^5 + 4*(5*B*a^4*b^2 - 13*A*a^3*b^3)*x^4 + (5*B*a^5*b - 13*A*a^4
*b^2)*x^3)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/a)) - (384*A*a^6 - 3465*(5*B*a*
b^5 - 13*A*b^6)*x^6 - 12705*(5*B*a^2*b^4 - 13*A*a*b^5)*x^5 - 16863*(5*B*a^
3*b^3 - 13*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 - 9207*(5*B*a^4*b^2 - 13*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3 - 1408*(
5*B*a^5*b - 13*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 128*(5*B*a^6 - 13*A*a^5*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^
7*b^4*x^7 + 4*a^8*b^3*x^6 + 6*a^9*b^2*x^5 + 4*a^10*b*x^4 + a^11*x^3)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(7/2)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 550 vs. $2(263) = 526$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 550, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1155 ((3 Bab^8 - 13 Ab^9)x^2 + 39 (Ba^2b^7 - 3 Aab^8)x)x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 2310 ((3 Ba^2b^7 - 3 Aab^8)x)x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 2310 ((3 Ba^2b^7 - 3 Aab^8)x)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{128 a^9} + \frac{231 (5 Bab^2 - 13 Ab^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{64 \sqrt{aba^7}} - \frac{77 ((3 Bab^3 - 13 Ab^4)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6 (5 Ba^2b^2 - 13 Aab^3)\sqrt{x})}{128 a^9}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/1920*(1155*((3*B*a*b^8 - 13*A*b^9)*x^2 + 39*(B*a^2*b^7 - 3*A*a*b^8)*x)*x
^(9/2) + 2310*((3*B*a^2*b^7 - 13*A*a*b^8)*x^2 + 117*(B*a^3*b^6 - 3*A*a^2*b
^7)*x)*x^(7/2) - 4620*(2*(3*B*a^3*b^6 - 13*A*a^2*b^7)*x^2 - 143*(B*a^4*b^5
- 3*A*a^3*b^6)*x)*x^(5/2) - 462*(85*(3*B*a^4*b^5 - 13*A*a^3*b^6)*x^2 - 18
07*(B*a^5*b^4 - 3*A*a^4*b^5)*x)*x^(3/2) - 33*(1771*(3*B*a^5*b^4 - 13*A*a^4
*b^5)*x^2 - 17095*(B*a^6*b^3 - 3*A*a^5*b^4)*x)*sqrt(x) - 14080*(3*(3*B*a^6
*b^3 - 13*A*a^5*b^4)*x^2 - 13*(B*a^7*b^2 - 3*A*a^6*b^3)*x)/sqrt(x) - 1280*
(11*(3*B*a^7*b^2 - 13*A*a^6*b^3)*x^2 - 13*(B*a^8*b - 3*A*a^7*b^2)*x)/x^(3/
2) - 1280*((3*B*a^8*b - 13*A*a^7*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^9 - 3*A*a^8*b)*x)/x^(5/2)
- 256*(5*A*a^8*b*x^2 + 3*A*a^9*x)/x^(7/2))/(a^9*b^5*x^5 + 5*a^10*b^4*x^4
+ 10*a^11*b^3*x^3 + 10*a^12*b^2*x^2 + 5*a^13*b*x + a^14) + 231/64*(5*B*a*b
^2 - 13*A*b^3)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^7) - 77/128*((3*B*
a*b^3 - 13*A*b^4)*x^(3/2) + 6*(5*B*a^2*b^2 - 13*A*a*b^3)*sqrt(x))/a^9

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{231 (5 Bab^2 - 13 Ab^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{64 \sqrt{ab} a^7 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)} + \frac{2 (75 Babx^2 - 225 Ab^2x^2 - 5 Ba^2x + 25 Aabx - 3 Aa^2)}{15 a^7 x^{5/2} \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)} + \frac{1545 Bab^5 x^{7/2} - 3249 Ab^6 x^{7/2} + 5153 Ba^2 b^4 x^{5/2} - 10633 Aab^5 x^{5/2} + 5855 Ba^3 b^3 x^{3/2} - 11767 Aa^2 b^4 x^{3/2} + 2295 Aa^4 b^2 \sqrt{x}}{192 (bx + a)^4 a^7 \operatorname{sgn}(bx + a)}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

231/64*(5*B*a*b^2 - 13*A*b^3)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^7*s
gn(b*x + a)) + 2/15*(75*B*a*b*x^2 - 225*A*b^2*x^2 - 5*B*a^2*x + 25*A*a*b*x
- 3*A*a^2)/(a^7*x^(5/2)*sgn(b*x + a)) + 1/192*(1545*B*a*b^5*x^(7/2) - 324
9*A*b^6*x^(7/2) + 5153*B*a^2*b^4*x^(5/2) - 10633*A*a*b^5*x^(5/2) + 5855*B*
a^3*b^3*x^(3/2) - 11767*A*a^2*b^4*x^(3/2) + 2295*B*a^4*b^2*sqrt(x) - 4431*
A*a^3*b^3*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)^4*a^7*sgn(b*x + a))

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-3465\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^3b^2x^2 - 10395\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2bx^2 - 10395\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)abx - 3465\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2x - 48a^6 + 176a^5bx - 1584a^4b^2x^2 - 7623a^3b^3x^3 - 9240a^2b^4x^4 - 3465ab^5x^5}{(120\sqrt{x})^5(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `(- 3465*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 10395*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b**3*x**3 - 10395*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b**4*x**4 - 3465*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**5*x**5 - 48*a**6 + 176*a**5*b*x - 1584*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 7623*a**3*b**3*x**3 - 9240*a**2*b**4*x**4 - 3465*a*b**5*x**5)/(120*sqrt(x)*a**7*x**2*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x + 3*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))`

3.465 $\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 219

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \frac{a^6 A (gx)^{1+m}}{g(1+m)} + \frac{a^5 (6Ab + aB) (gx)^{2+m}}{g^2(2+m)} + \frac{3a^4 b (5Ab + 2aB) (gx)^{3+m}}{g^3(3+m)} + \frac{5a^3 b^2 (4Ab + 3aB) (gx)^{4+m}}{g^4(4+m)} + \frac{5a^2 b^3 (3Ab + 4aB) (gx)^{5+m}}{g^5(5+m)} + \frac{3ab^4 (2Ab + 5aB) (gx)^{6+m}}{g^6(6+m)} + \frac{b^5 (Ab + 6aB) (gx)^{7+m}}{g^7(7+m)} + \frac{b^6 B (gx)^{8+m}}{g^8(8+m)}$$

output

```
a^6*A*(g*x)^(1+m)/g/(1+m)+a^5*(6*A*b+B*a)*(g*x)^(2+m)/g^2/(2+m)+3*a^4*b*(5
*A*b+2*B*a)*(g*x)^(3+m)/g^3/(3+m)+5*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)*(g*x)^(4+m)/g^4/
(4+m)+5*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)*(g*x)^(5+m)/g^5/(5+m)+3*a*b^4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)*
(g*x)^(6+m)/g^6/(6+m)+b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)*(g*x)^(7+m)/g^7/(7+m)+b^6*B*(g*x)^(8
+m)/g^8/(8+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{(gx)^m \left(Bx(a + bx)^7 + (-aB(1 + m) + Ab(8 + m))x \left(\frac{a^6}{1+m} + \frac{6a^5bx}{2+m} + \frac{15a^4b^2x^2}{3+m} + \frac{20a^3b^3x^3}{4+m} + \frac{15a^2b^4x^4}{5+m} + \frac{6ab^5x^5}{6+m} + \frac{b^6x^6}{7+m} \right) \right)}{b(8 + m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(g*x)^m*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
((g*x)^m*(B*x*(a + b*x)^7 + (-a*B*(1 + m)) + A*b*(8 + m))*x*(a^6/(1 + m)
+ (6*a^5*b*x)/(2 + m) + (15*a^4*b^2*x^2)/(3 + m) + (20*a^3*b^3*x^3)/(4 + m)
) + (15*a^2*b^4*x^4)/(5 + m) + (6*a*b^5*x^5)/(6 + m) + (b^6*x^6)/(7 + m))
)/(b*(8 + m))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 (A + Bx)(gx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\frac{\int b^6 (gx)^m (a + bx)^6 (A + Bx) dx}{b^6}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int (a + bx)^6 (A + Bx)(gx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(a^6 A(gx)^m + \frac{a^5(gx)^{m+1}(aB + 6Ab)}{g} + \frac{3a^4b(gx)^{m+2}(2aB + 5Ab)}{g^2} + \frac{5a^3b^2(gx)^{m+3}(3aB + 4Ab)}{g^3} + \frac{5a^2b^3(gx)^{m+4}(3aB + 4Ab)}{g^4} + \frac{5a^2b^3(gx)^{m+5}(4aB + 3Ab)}{g^5} + \frac{b^5(gx)^{m+7}(6aB + Ab)}{g^7} + \frac{3ab^4(gx)^{m+6}(5aB + 2Ab)}{g^6} + \frac{b^6B(gx)^{m+8}}{g^8} \right)$$

↓ 2009

input `Int[(g*x)^m*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output

```
(a^6*A*(g*x)^(1 + m))/(g*(1 + m)) + (a^5*(6*A*b + a*B)*(g*x)^(2 + m))/(g^2
*(2 + m)) + (3*a^4*b*(5*A*b + 2*a*B)*(g*x)^(3 + m))/(g^3*(3 + m)) + (5*a^3
*b^2*(4*A*b + 3*a*B)*(g*x)^(4 + m))/(g^4*(4 + m)) + (5*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b + 4*
a*B)*(g*x)^(5 + m))/(g^5*(5 + m)) + (3*a*b^4*(2*A*b + 5*a*B)*(g*x)^(6 + m)
)/(g^6*(6 + m)) + (b^5*(A*b + 6*a*B)*(g*x)^(7 + m))/(g^7*(7 + m)) + (b^6*B
*(g*x)^(8 + m))/(g^8*(8 + m))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
norman	$\frac{A a^6 x e^{m \ln(gx)}}{1+m} + \frac{B b^6 x^8 e^{m \ln(gx)}}{8+m} + \frac{a^5 (6Ab+Ba) x^2 e^{m \ln(gx)}}{2+m} + \frac{b^5 (Ab+6Ba) x^7 e^{m \ln(gx)}}{7+m} + \frac{3a b^4 (2Ab+5Ba) x^6 e^{m \ln(gx)}}{6+m}$
gosper	Expression too large to display
risch	Expression too large to display
oring	Expression too large to display
paralelrisch	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
A*a^6/(1+m)*x*exp(m*ln(g*x))+B*b^6/(8+m)*x^8*exp(m*ln(g*x))+a^5*(6*A*b+B*a
)/(2+m)*x^2*exp(m*ln(g*x))+b^5*(A*b+6*B*a)/(7+m)*x^7*exp(m*ln(g*x))+3*a*b^
4*(2*A*b+5*B*a)/(6+m)*x^6*exp(m*ln(g*x))+5*a^2*b^3*(3*A*b+4*B*a)/(5+m)*x^5
*exp(m*ln(g*x))+5*a^3*b^2*(4*A*b+3*B*a)/(4+m)*x^4*exp(m*ln(g*x))+3*a^4*b*(
5*A*b+2*B*a)/(3+m)*x^3*exp(m*ln(g*x))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1193 vs. $2(219) = 438$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1193, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.45

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((B*b^6*m^7 + 28*B*b^6*m^6 + 322*B*b^6*m^5 + 1960*B*b^6*m^4 + 6769*B*b^6*m^3 + 13132*B*b^6*m^2 + 13068*B*b^6*m + 5040*B*b^6)*x^8 + ((6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*m^7 + 34560*B*a*b^5 + 5760*A*b^6 + 29*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*m^6 + 343*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*m^5 + 2135*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*m^4 + 7504*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*m^3 + 14756*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*m^2 + 14832*(6*B*a*b^5 + A*b^6)*m)*x^7 + 3*((5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*m^7 + 33600*B*a^2*b^4 + 13440*A*a*b^5 + 30*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*m^6 + 366*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*m^5 + 2340*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*m^4 + 8409*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*m^3 + 16830*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*m^2 + 17144*(5*B*a^2*b^4 + 2*A*a*b^5)*m)*x^6 + 5*((4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*m^7 + 32256*B*a^3*b^3 + 24192*A*a^2*b^4 + 31*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*m^6 + 391*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*m^5 + 2581*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*m^4 + 9544*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*m^3 + 19564*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*m^2 + 20304*(4*B*a^3*b^3 + 3*A*a^2*b^4)*m)*x^5 + 5*((3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*m^7 + 30240*B*a^4*b^2 + 40320*A*a^3*b^3 + 32*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*m^6 + 418*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*m^5 + 2864*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*m^4 + 10993*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*m^3 + 23312*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*m^2 + 24876*(3*B*a^4*b^2 + 4*A*a^3*b^3)*m)*x^4 + 3*((2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*m^7 + 26880*B*a^5*b + 67200*A*a^4*b^2 + 33*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*m^6 + 447*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*m^5 + 3195*(2*B*a^5*b + 5*A*a^4*b^2)*m^4 + 12864*(2*B*a^...`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 7961 vs. $2(211) = 422$.

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7961, normalized size of antiderivative = 36.35

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**3,x)`

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $B*b^6*g^m*x^8*x^m/(m + 8) + 6*B*a*b^5*g^m*x^7*x^m/(m + 7) + A*b^6*g^m*x^7*x^m/(m + 7) + 15*B*a^2*b^4*g^m*x^6*x^m/(m + 6) + 6*A*a*b^5*g^m*x^6*x^m/(m + 6) + 20*B*a^3*b^3*g^m*x^5*x^m/(m + 5) + 15*A*a^2*b^4*g^m*x^5*x^m/(m + 5) + 15*B*a^4*b^2*g^m*x^4*x^m/(m + 4) + 20*A*a^3*b^3*g^m*x^4*x^m/(m + 4) + 6*B*a^5*b*g^m*x^3*x^m/(m + 3) + 15*A*a^4*b^2*g^m*x^3*x^m/(m + 3) + B*a^6*g^m*x^2*x^m/(m + 2) + 6*A*a^5*b*g^m*x^2*x^m/(m + 2) + (g*x)^(m + 1)*A*a^6/(g*(m + 1))$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2032 vs. $2(219) = 438$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2032, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.28

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

((g*x)^m*B*b^6*m^7*x^8 + 6*(g*x)^m*B*a*b^5*m^7*x^7 + (g*x)^m*A*b^6*m^7*x^7
+ 28*(g*x)^m*B*b^6*m^6*x^8 + 15*(g*x)^m*B*a^2*b^4*m^7*x^6 + 6*(g*x)^m*A*a
*b^5*m^7*x^6 + 174*(g*x)^m*B*a*b^5*m^6*x^7 + 29*(g*x)^m*A*b^6*m^6*x^7 + 32
2*(g*x)^m*B*b^6*m^5*x^8 + 20*(g*x)^m*B*a^3*b^3*m^7*x^5 + 15*(g*x)^m*A*a^2*
b^4*m^7*x^5 + 450*(g*x)^m*B*a^2*b^4*m^6*x^6 + 180*(g*x)^m*A*a*b^5*m^6*x^6
+ 2058*(g*x)^m*B*a*b^5*m^5*x^7 + 343*(g*x)^m*A*b^6*m^5*x^7 + 1960*(g*x)^m*
B*b^6*m^4*x^8 + 15*(g*x)^m*B*a^4*b^2*m^7*x^4 + 20*(g*x)^m*A*a^3*b^3*m^7*x^
4 + 620*(g*x)^m*B*a^3*b^3*m^6*x^5 + 465*(g*x)^m*A*a^2*b^4*m^6*x^5 + 5490*(
g*x)^m*B*a^2*b^4*m^5*x^6 + 2196*(g*x)^m*A*a*b^5*m^5*x^6 + 12810*(g*x)^m*B*
a*b^5*m^4*x^7 + 2135*(g*x)^m*A*b^6*m^4*x^7 + 6769*(g*x)^m*B*b^6*m^3*x^8 +
6*(g*x)^m*B*a^5*b*m^7*x^3 + 15*(g*x)^m*A*a^4*b^2*m^7*x^3 + 480*(g*x)^m*B*a
^4*b^2*m^6*x^4 + 640*(g*x)^m*A*a^3*b^3*m^6*x^4 + 7820*(g*x)^m*B*a^3*b^3*m^
5*x^5 + 5865*(g*x)^m*A*a^2*b^4*m^5*x^5 + 35100*(g*x)^m*B*a^2*b^4*m^4*x^6 +
14040*(g*x)^m*A*a*b^5*m^4*x^6 + 45024*(g*x)^m*B*a*b^5*m^3*x^7 + 7504*(g*x
)^m*A*b^6*m^3*x^7 + 13132*(g*x)^m*B*b^6*m^2*x^8 + (g*x)^m*B*a^6*m^7*x^2 +
6*(g*x)^m*A*a^5*b*m^7*x^2 + 198*(g*x)^m*B*a^5*b*m^6*x^3 + 495*(g*x)^m*A*a^
4*b^2*m^6*x^3 + 6270*(g*x)^m*B*a^4*b^2*m^5*x^4 + 8360*(g*x)^m*A*a^3*b^3*m^
5*x^4 + 51620*(g*x)^m*B*a^3*b^3*m^4*x^5 + 38715*(g*x)^m*A*a^2*b^4*m^4*x^5
+ 126135*(g*x)^m*B*a^2*b^4*m^3*x^6 + 50454*(g*x)^m*A*a*b^5*m^3*x^6 + 88536
*(g*x)^m*B*a*b^5*m^2*x^7 + 14756*(g*x)^m*A*b^6*m^2*x^7 + 13068*(g*x)^m*...

```


Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 745, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.40

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{A a^6 x (gx)^m (m^7 + 35 m^6 + 511 m^5 + 4025 m^4 + 18424 m^3 + 48860 m^2 + 69264 m + 40320)}{m^8 + 36 m^7 + 546 m^6 + 4536 m^5 + 22449 m^4 + 67284 m^3 + 118124 m^2 + 109584 m + 40320}$$

$$+ \frac{B b^6 x^8 (gx)^m (m^7 + 28 m^6 + 322 m^5 + 1960 m^4 + 6769 m^3 + 13132 m^2 + 13068 m + 5040)}{m^8 + 36 m^7 + 546 m^6 + 4536 m^5 + 22449 m^4 + 67284 m^3 + 118124 m^2 + 109584 m + 40320}$$

$$+ \frac{a^5 x^2 (gx)^m (6 A b + B a) (m^7 + 34 m^6 + 478 m^5 + 3580 m^4 + 15289 m^3 + 36706 m^2 + 44712 m + 20160)}{m^8 + 36 m^7 + 546 m^6 + 4536 m^5 + 22449 m^4 + 67284 m^3 + 118124 m^2 + 109584 m + 40320}$$

$$+ \frac{b^5 x^7 (gx)^m (A b + 6 B a) (m^7 + 29 m^6 + 343 m^5 + 2135 m^4 + 7504 m^3 + 14756 m^2 + 14832 m + 5760)}{m^8 + 36 m^7 + 546 m^6 + 4536 m^5 + 22449 m^4 + 67284 m^3 + 118124 m^2 + 109584 m + 40320}$$

$$+ \frac{5 a^2 b^3 x^5 (gx)^m (3 A b + 4 B a) (m^7 + 31 m^6 + 391 m^5 + 2581 m^4 + 9544 m^3 + 19564 m^2 + 20304 m + 5040)}{m^8 + 36 m^7 + 546 m^6 + 4536 m^5 + 22449 m^4 + 67284 m^3 + 118124 m^2 + 109584 m + 40320}$$

$$+ \frac{5 a^3 b^2 x^4 (gx)^m (4 A b + 3 B a) (m^7 + 32 m^6 + 418 m^5 + 2864 m^4 + 10993 m^3 + 23312 m^2 + 24876 m + 5040)}{m^8 + 36 m^7 + 546 m^6 + 4536 m^5 + 22449 m^4 + 67284 m^3 + 118124 m^2 + 109584 m + 40320}$$

$$+ \frac{3 a b^4 x^6 (gx)^m (2 A b + 5 B a) (m^7 + 30 m^6 + 366 m^5 + 2340 m^4 + 8409 m^3 + 16830 m^2 + 17144 m + 5040)}{m^8 + 36 m^7 + 546 m^6 + 4536 m^5 + 22449 m^4 + 67284 m^3 + 118124 m^2 + 109584 m + 40320}$$

$$+ \frac{3 a^4 b x^3 (gx)^m (5 A b + 2 B a) (m^7 + 33 m^6 + 447 m^5 + 3195 m^4 + 12864 m^3 + 28692 m^2 + 32048 m + 5040)}{m^8 + 36 m^7 + 546 m^6 + 4536 m^5 + 22449 m^4 + 67284 m^3 + 118124 m^2 + 109584 m + 40320}$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^3,x)`

output

```
(A*a^6*x*(g*x)^m*(69264*m + 48860*m^2 + 18424*m^3 + 4025*m^4 + 511*m^5 + 3
5*m^6 + m^7 + 40320))/(109584*m + 118124*m^2 + 67284*m^3 + 22449*m^4 + 453
6*m^5 + 546*m^6 + 36*m^7 + m^8 + 40320) + (B*b^6*x^8*(g*x)^m*(13068*m + 13
132*m^2 + 6769*m^3 + 1960*m^4 + 322*m^5 + 28*m^6 + m^7 + 5040))/(109584*m
+ 118124*m^2 + 67284*m^3 + 22449*m^4 + 4536*m^5 + 546*m^6 + 36*m^7 + m^8 +
40320) + (a^5*x^2*(g*x)^m*(6*A*b + B*a)*(44712*m + 36706*m^2 + 15289*m^3
+ 3580*m^4 + 478*m^5 + 34*m^6 + m^7 + 20160))/(109584*m + 118124*m^2 + 672
84*m^3 + 22449*m^4 + 4536*m^5 + 546*m^6 + 36*m^7 + m^8 + 40320) + (b^5*x^7
*(g*x)^m*(A*b + 6*B*a)*(14832*m + 14756*m^2 + 7504*m^3 + 2135*m^4 + 343*m^
5 + 29*m^6 + m^7 + 5760))/(109584*m + 118124*m^2 + 67284*m^3 + 22449*m^4 +
4536*m^5 + 546*m^6 + 36*m^7 + m^8 + 40320) + (5*a^2*b^3*x^5*(g*x)^m*(3*A*
b + 4*B*a)*(20304*m + 19564*m^2 + 9544*m^3 + 2581*m^4 + 391*m^5 + 31*m^6 +
m^7 + 8064))/(109584*m + 118124*m^2 + 67284*m^3 + 22449*m^4 + 4536*m^5 +
546*m^6 + 36*m^7 + m^8 + 40320) + (5*a^3*b^2*x^4*(g*x)^m*(4*A*b + 3*B*a)*
(24876*m + 23312*m^2 + 10993*m^3 + 2864*m^4 + 418*m^5 + 32*m^6 + m^7 + 1008
0))/(109584*m + 118124*m^2 + 67284*m^3 + 22449*m^4 + 4536*m^5 + 546*m^6 +
36*m^7 + m^8 + 40320) + (3*a*b^4*x^6*(g*x)^m*(2*A*b + 5*B*a)*(17144*m + 16
830*m^2 + 8409*m^3 + 2340*m^4 + 366*m^5 + 30*m^6 + m^7 + 6720))/(109584*m
+ 118124*m^2 + 67284*m^3 + 22449*m^4 + 4536*m^5 + 546*m^6 + 36*m^7 + m^8 +
40320) + (3*a^4*b*x^3*(g*x)^m*(5*A*b + 2*B*a)*(32048*m + 28692*m^2 + 1...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 783, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.58

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m g^m x (b^7 m^7 x^7 + 7a b^6 m^7 x^6 + 28b^7 m^6 x^7 + 21a^2 b^5 m^7 x^5 + 203a b^6 m^6 x^6 + 322b^7 m^5 x^7 + 35a^3 b^4 m^7 x^4 + 6$$

input

```
int((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(x**m*g**m*x*(a**7*m**7 + 35*a**7*m**6 + 511*a**7*m**5 + 4025*a**7*m**4 +
18424*a**7*m**3 + 48860*a**7*m**2 + 69264*a**7*m + 40320*a**7 + 7*a**6*b**m
**7*x + 238*a**6*b**m**6*x + 3346*a**6*b**m**5*x + 25060*a**6*b**m**4*x + 107
023*a**6*b**m**3*x + 256942*a**6*b**m**2*x + 312984*a**6*b**m*x + 141120*a**6
*b*x + 21*a**5*b**2*m**7*x**2 + 693*a**5*b**2*m**6*x**2 + 9387*a**5*b**2*m
**5*x**2 + 67095*a**5*b**2*m**4*x**2 + 270144*a**5*b**2*m**3*x**2 + 602532
*a**5*b**2*m**2*x**2 + 673008*a**5*b**2*m*x**2 + 282240*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 3
5*a**4*b**3*m**7*x**3 + 1120*a**4*b**3*m**6*x**3 + 14630*a**4*b**3*m**5*x*
*3 + 100240*a**4*b**3*m**4*x**3 + 384755*a**4*b**3*m**3*x**3 + 815920*a**4
*b**3*m**2*x**3 + 870660*a**4*b**3*m*x**3 + 352800*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 35*a**
3*b**4*m**7*x**4 + 1085*a**3*b**4*m**6*x**4 + 13685*a**3*b**4*m**5*x**4 +
90335*a**3*b**4*m**4*x**4 + 334040*a**3*b**4*m**3*x**4 + 684740*a**3*b**4*
m**2*x**4 + 710640*a**3*b**4*m*x**4 + 282240*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 21*a**2*b**5
*m**7*x**5 + 630*a**2*b**5*m**6*x**5 + 7686*a**2*b**5*m**5*x**5 + 49140*a
**2*b**5*m**4*x**5 + 176589*a**2*b**5*m**3*x**5 + 353430*a**2*b**5*m**2*x**
5 + 360024*a**2*b**5*m*x**5 + 141120*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 7*a*b**6*m**7*x**6 +
203*a*b**6*m**6*x**6 + 2401*a*b**6*m**5*x**6 + 14945*a*b**6*m**4*x**6 + 5
2528*a*b**6*m**3*x**6 + 103292*a*b**6*m**2*x**6 + 103824*a*b**6*m*x**6 + 4
0320*a*b**6*x**6 + b**7*m**7*x**7 + 28*b**7*m**6*x**7 + 322*b**7*m**5*x**7
+ 1960*b**7*m**4*x**7 + 6769*b**7*m**3*x**7 + 13132*b**7*m**2*x**7 + 1...
```

3.466 $\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	3679
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3680
Rubi [A] (verified)	3680
Maple [A] (verified)	3682
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3682
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3683
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3684
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3685
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3686
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3687

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{a^4 A (gx)^{1+m}}{g(1+m)} + \frac{a^3 (4Ab + aB) (gx)^{2+m}}{g^2(2+m)} + \frac{2a^2 b (3Ab + 2aB) (gx)^{3+m}}{g^3(3+m)} + \frac{2ab^2 (2Ab + 3aB) (gx)^{4+m}}{g^4(4+m)} + \frac{b^3 (Ab + 4aB) (gx)^{5+m}}{g^5(5+m)} + \frac{b^4 B (gx)^{6+m}}{g^6(6+m)}$$

output

```
a^4*A*(g*x)^(1+m)/g/(1+m)+a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)*(g*x)^(2+m)/g^2/(2+m)+2*a^2*b*(3
*A*b+2*B*a)*(g*x)^(3+m)/g^3/(3+m)+2*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)*(g*x)^(4+m)/g^4/(4
+m)+b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)*(g*x)^(5+m)/g^5/(5+m)+b^4*B*(g*x)^(6+m)/g^6/(6+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(gx)^m \left(Bx(a + bx)^5 + (-aB(1 + m) + Ab(6 + m))x \left(\frac{a^4}{1+m} + \frac{4a^3bx}{2+m} + \frac{6a^2b^2x^2}{3+m} + \frac{4ab^3x^3}{4+m} + \frac{b^4x^4}{5+m} \right) \right)}{b(6 + m)}$$

input `Integrate[(g*x)^m*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((g*x)^m*(B*x*(a + b*x)^5 + (-a*B*(1 + m)) + A*b*(6 + m))*x*(a^4/(1 + m) + (4*a^3*b*x)/(2 + m) + (6*a^2*b^2*x^2)/(3 + m) + (4*a*b^3*x^3)/(4 + m) + (b^4*x^4)/(5 + m)))/(b*(6 + m))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 (A + Bx)(gx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\frac{\int b^4 (gx)^m (a + bx)^4 (A + Bx) dx}{b^4}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int (a + bx)^4 (A + Bx)(gx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(a^4 A (gx)^m + \frac{a^3 (gx)^{m+1} (aB + 4Ab)}{g} + \frac{2a^2 b (gx)^{m+2} (2aB + 3Ab)}{g^2} + \frac{b^3 (gx)^{m+4} (4aB + Ab)}{g^4} + \frac{2ab^2 (gx)^{m+3}}{g^5} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^4 A (gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+1)} + \frac{a^3 (gx)^{m+2} (aB + 4Ab)}{g^2(m+2)} + \frac{2a^2 b (gx)^{m+3} (2aB + 3Ab)}{g^3(m+3)} + \frac{b^3 (gx)^{m+5} (4aB + Ab)}{g^5(m+5)} + \frac{2ab^2 (gx)^{m+4} (3aB + 2Ab)}{g^4(m+4)} + \frac{b^4 B (gx)^{m+6}}{g^6(m+6)}$$

input

```
Int[(g*x)^m*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(a^4*A*(g*x)^(1 + m))/(g*(1 + m)) + (a^3*(4*A*b + a*B)*(g*x)^(2 + m))/(g^2*(2 + m)) + (2*a^2*b*(3*A*b + 2*a*B)*(g*x)^(3 + m))/(g^3*(3 + m)) + (2*a*b^2*(2*A*b + 3*a*B)*(g*x)^(4 + m))/(g^4*(4 + m)) + (b^3*(A*b + 4*a*B)*(g*x)^(5 + m))/(g^5*(5 + m)) + (b^4*B*(g*x)^(6 + m))/(g^6*(6 + m))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
norman	$\frac{B b^4 x^6 e^{m \ln(gx)}}{6+m} + \frac{a^3 (4Ab+Ba) x^2 e^{m \ln(gx)}}{2+m} + \frac{a^4 A x e^{m \ln(gx)}}{1+m} + \frac{b^3 (Ab+4Ba) x^5 e^{m \ln(gx)}}{5+m} + \frac{2a b^2 (2Ab+3Ba) x^4 e^{m \ln(gx)}}{4+m}$
gospers	$(gx)^m (B b^4 m^5 x^5 + A b^4 m^5 x^4 + 4Ba b^3 m^5 x^4 + 15B b^4 m^4 x^5 + 4Aa b^3 m^5 x^3 + 16A b^4 m^4 x^4 + 6B a^2 b^2 m^5 x^3 + 64Ba b^3 m^4 x^4 + 85B b^4 m^3 x^5)$
risch	$(gx)^m (B b^4 m^5 x^5 + A b^4 m^5 x^4 + 4Ba b^3 m^5 x^4 + 15B b^4 m^4 x^5 + 4Aa b^3 m^5 x^3 + 16A b^4 m^4 x^4 + 6B a^2 b^2 m^5 x^3 + 64Ba b^3 m^4 x^4 + 85B b^4 m^3 x^5)$
orering	$(B b^4 m^5 x^5 + A b^4 m^5 x^4 + 4Ba b^3 m^5 x^4 + 15B b^4 m^4 x^5 + 4Aa b^3 m^5 x^3 + 16A b^4 m^4 x^4 + 6B a^2 b^2 m^5 x^3 + 64Ba b^3 m^4 x^4 + 85B b^4 m^3 x^5)$
parallelrisch	Expression too large to display

input `int((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $B*b^4/(6+m)*x^6*\exp(m*\ln(g*x))+a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)/(2+m)*x^2*\exp(m*\ln(g*x))+a^4*A/(1+m)*x*\exp(m*\ln(g*x))+b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)/(5+m)*x^5*\exp(m*\ln(g*x))+2*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)/(4+m)*x^4*\exp(m*\ln(g*x))+2*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)/(3+m)*x^3*\exp(m*\ln(g*x))$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 609 vs. 2(155) = 310.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 609, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.93

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{((Bb^4m^5 + 15Bb^4m^4 + 85Bb^4m^3 + 225Bb^4m^2 + 274Bb^4m + 120Bb^4)x^6 + ((4Bab^3 + Ab^4)m^5 + 576$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
((B*b^4*m^5 + 15*B*b^4*m^4 + 85*B*b^4*m^3 + 225*B*b^4*m^2 + 274*B*b^4*m +
120*B*b^4)*x^6 + ((4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*m^5 + 576*B*a*b^3 + 144*A*b^4 + 16*(
4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*m^4 + 95*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*m^3 + 260*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b
^4)*m^2 + 324*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*m)*x^5 + 2*((3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*m^
5 + 540*B*a^2*b^2 + 360*A*a*b^3 + 17*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*m^4 + 107*(
3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*m^3 + 307*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*m^2 + 396*(3*
B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*m)*x^4 + 2*((2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*m^5 + 480*B*a
^3*b + 720*A*a^2*b^2 + 18*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*m^4 + 121*(2*B*a^3*b +
3*A*a^2*b^2)*m^3 + 372*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*m^2 + 508*(2*B*a^3*b + 3
*A*a^2*b^2)*m)*x^3 + ((B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*m^5 + 360*B*a^4 + 1440*A*a^3*b +
19*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*m^4 + 137*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*m^3 + 461*(B*a^4 + 4
*A*a^3*b)*m^2 + 702*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*m)*x^2 + (A*a^4*m^5 + 20*A*a^4*m^4
+ 155*A*a^4*m^3 + 580*A*a^4*m^2 + 1044*A*a^4*m + 720*A*a^4)*x*(g*x)^m/(m
^6 + 21*m^5 + 175*m^4 + 735*m^3 + 1624*m^2 + 1764*m + 720)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3538 vs. $2(146) = 292$.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3538, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.83

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((g*x)**m*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)
```


output

```
Piecewise((( -A*a**4/(5*x**5) - A*a**3*b/x**4 - 2*A*a**2*b**2/x**3 - 2*A*a*
b**3/x**2 - A*b**4/x - B*a**4/(4*x**4) - 4*B*a**3*b/(3*x**3) - 3*B*a**2*b*
**2/x**2 - 4*B*a*b**3/x + B*b**4*log(x))/g**6, Eq(m, -6)), (( -A*a**4/(4*x**
4) - 4*A*a**3*b/(3*x**3) - 3*A*a**2*b**2/x**2 - 4*A*a*b**3/x + A*b**4*log(
x) - B*a**4/(3*x**3) - 2*B*a**3*b/x**2 - 6*B*a**2*b**2/x + 4*B*a*b**3*log(
x) + B*b**4*x)/g**5, Eq(m, -5)), (( -A*a**4/(3*x**3) - 2*A*a**3*b/x**2 - 6*
A*a**2*b**2/x + 4*A*a*b**3*log(x) + A*b**4*x - B*a**4/(2*x**2) - 4*B*a**3*
b/x + 6*B*a**2*b**2*log(x) + 4*B*a*b**3*x + B*b**4*x**2/2)/g**4, Eq(m, -4)
), (( -A*a**4/(2*x**2) - 4*A*a**3*b/x + 6*A*a**2*b**2*log(x) + 4*A*a*b**3*x
+ A*b**4*x**2/2 - B*a**4/x + 4*B*a**3*b*log(x) + 6*B*a**2*b**2*x + 2*B*a*
b**3*x**2 + B*b**4*x**3/3)/g**3, Eq(m, -3)), (( -A*a**4/x + 4*A*a**3*b*log(
x) + 6*A*a**2*b**2*x + 2*A*a*b**3*x**2 + A*b**4*x**3/3 + B*a**4*log(x) + 4
*B*a**3*b*x + 3*B*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*B*a*b**3*x**3/3 + B*b**4*x**4/4)/g**2
, Eq(m, -2)), ((A*a**4*log(x) + 4*A*a**3*b*x + 3*A*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*A*a*
b**3*x**3/3 + A*b**4*x**4/4 + B*a**4*x + 2*B*a**3*b*x**2 + 2*B*a**2*b**2*x
**3 + B*a*b**3*x**4 + B*b**4*x**5/5)/g, Eq(m, -1)), (A*a**4*m**5*x*(g*x)**
m/(m**6 + 21*m**5 + 175*m**4 + 735*m**3 + 1624*m**2 + 1764*m + 720) + 20*A
*a**4*m**4*x*(g*x)**m/(m**6 + 21*m**5 + 175*m**4 + 735*m**3 + 1624*m**2 +
1764*m + 720) + 155*A*a**4*m**3*x*(g*x)**m/(m**6 + 21*m**5 + 175*m**4 + 73
5*m**3 + 1624*m**2 + 1764*m + 720) + 580*A*a**4*m**2*x*(g*x)**m/(m**6 + ...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{Bb^4 g^m x^6 x^m}{m+6} + \frac{4 Bab^3 g^m x^5 x^m}{m+5} + \frac{Ab^4 g^m x^5 x^m}{m+5} + \frac{6 Ba^2 b^2 g^m x^4 x^m}{m+4} + \frac{4 Aab^3 g^m x^4 x^m}{m+4} + \frac{4 Ba^3 b g^m x^3 x^m}{m+3} + \frac{6 Aa^2 b^2 g^m x^3 x^m}{m+3} + \frac{Ba^4 g^m x^2 x^m}{m+2} + \frac{4 Aa^3 b g^m x^2 x^m}{m+2} + \frac{(gx)^{m+1} Aa^4}{g(m+1)}$$

input

```
integrate((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$B*b^4*g^m*x^6/(m+6) + 4*B*a*b^3*g^m*x^5*x^m/(m+5) + A*b^4*g^m*x^5*x^m/(m+5) + 6*B*a^2*b^2*g^m*x^4*x^m/(m+4) + 4*A*a*b^3*g^m*x^4*x^m/(m+4) + 4*B*a^3*b*g^m*x^3*x^m/(m+3) + 6*A*a^2*b^2*g^m*x^3*x^m/(m+3) + B*a^4*g^m*x^2*x^m/(m+2) + 4*A*a^3*b*g^m*x^2*x^m/(m+2) + (g*x)^(m+1)*A*a^4/(g*(m+1))$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1046 vs. $2(155) = 310$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1046, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.75

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
((g*x)^m*B*b^4*m^5*x^6 + 4*(g*x)^m*B*a*b^3*m^5*x^5 + (g*x)^m*A*b^4*m^5*x^5
+ 15*(g*x)^m*B*b^4*m^4*x^6 + 6*(g*x)^m*B*a^2*b^2*m^5*x^4 + 4*(g*x)^m*A*a*
b^3*m^5*x^4 + 64*(g*x)^m*B*a*b^3*m^4*x^5 + 16*(g*x)^m*A*b^4*m^4*x^5 + 85*(
g*x)^m*B*b^4*m^3*x^6 + 4*(g*x)^m*B*a^3*b*m^5*x^3 + 6*(g*x)^m*A*a^2*b^2*m^5
*x^3 + 102*(g*x)^m*B*a^2*b^2*m^4*x^4 + 68*(g*x)^m*A*a*b^3*m^4*x^4 + 380*(g
*x)^m*B*a*b^3*m^3*x^5 + 95*(g*x)^m*A*b^4*m^3*x^5 + 225*(g*x)^m*B*b^4*m^2*x
^6 + (g*x)^m*B*a^4*m^5*x^2 + 4*(g*x)^m*A*a^3*b*m^5*x^2 + 72*(g*x)^m*B*a^3*
b*m^4*x^3 + 108*(g*x)^m*A*a^2*b^2*m^4*x^3 + 642*(g*x)^m*B*a^2*b^2*m^3*x^4
+ 428*(g*x)^m*A*a*b^3*m^3*x^4 + 1040*(g*x)^m*B*a*b^3*m^2*x^5 + 260*(g*x)^m
*A*b^4*m^2*x^5 + 274*(g*x)^m*B*b^4*m*x^6 + (g*x)^m*A*a^4*m^5*x + 19*(g*x)^
m*B*a^4*m^4*x^2 + 76*(g*x)^m*A*a^3*b*m^4*x^2 + 484*(g*x)^m*B*a^3*b*m^3*x^3
+ 726*(g*x)^m*A*a^2*b^2*m^3*x^3 + 1842*(g*x)^m*B*a^2*b^2*m^2*x^4 + 1228*(
g*x)^m*A*a*b^3*m^2*x^4 + 1296*(g*x)^m*B*a*b^3*m*x^5 + 324*(g*x)^m*A*b^4*m*
x^5 + 120*(g*x)^m*B*b^4*x^6 + 20*(g*x)^m*A*a^4*m^4*x + 137*(g*x)^m*B*a^4*m
^3*x^2 + 548*(g*x)^m*A*a^3*b*m^3*x^2 + 1488*(g*x)^m*B*a^3*b*m^2*x^3 + 2232
*(g*x)^m*A*a^2*b^2*m^2*x^3 + 2376*(g*x)^m*B*a^2*b^2*m*x^4 + 1584*(g*x)^m*A
*a*b^3*m*x^4 + 576*(g*x)^m*B*a*b^3*x^5 + 144*(g*x)^m*A*b^4*x^5 + 155*(g*x)
^m*A*a^4*m^3*x + 461*(g*x)^m*B*a^4*m^2*x^2 + 1844*(g*x)^m*A*a^3*b*m^2*x^2
+ 2032*(g*x)^m*B*a^3*b*m*x^3 + 3048*(g*x)^m*A*a^2*b^2*m*x^3 + 1080*(g*x)^m
*B*a^2*b^2*x^4 + 720*(g*x)^m*A*a*b^3*x^4 + 580*(g*x)^m*A*a^4*m^2*x + 70...
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$$

$$= (gx)^m \left(\frac{Aa^4x(m^5 + 20m^4 + 155m^3 + 580m^2 + 1044m + 720)}{m^6 + 21m^5 + 175m^4 + 735m^3 + 1624m^2 + 1764m + 720} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{Bb^4x^6(m^5 + 15m^4 + 85m^3 + 225m^2 + 274m + 120)}{m^6 + 21m^5 + 175m^4 + 735m^3 + 1624m^2 + 1764m + 720}$$

$$+ \frac{a^3x^2(4Ab + Ba)(m^5 + 19m^4 + 137m^3 + 461m^2 + 702m + 360)}{m^6 + 21m^5 + 175m^4 + 735m^3 + 1624m^2 + 1764m + 720}$$

$$+ \frac{b^3x^5(Ab + 4Ba)(m^5 + 16m^4 + 95m^3 + 260m^2 + 324m + 144)}{m^6 + 21m^5 + 175m^4 + 735m^3 + 1624m^2 + 1764m + 720}$$

$$+ \frac{2ab^2x^4(2Ab + 3Ba)(m^5 + 17m^4 + 107m^3 + 307m^2 + 396m + 180)}{m^6 + 21m^5 + 175m^4 + 735m^3 + 1624m^2 + 1764m + 720}$$

$$\left. + \frac{2a^2bx^3(3Ab + 2Ba)(m^5 + 18m^4 + 121m^3 + 372m^2 + 508m + 240)}{m^6 + 21m^5 + 175m^4 + 735m^3 + 1624m^2 + 1764m + 720} \right)$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2,x)`

output

```
(g*x)^m*((A*a^4*x*(1044*m + 580*m^2 + 155*m^3 + 20*m^4 + m^5 + 720))/(1764
*m + 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4 + 21*m^5 + m^6 + 720) + (B*b^4*x^6*(274*
m + 225*m^2 + 85*m^3 + 15*m^4 + m^5 + 120))/(1764*m + 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 +
175*m^4 + 21*m^5 + m^6 + 720) + (a^3*x^2*(4*A*b + B*a)*(702*m + 461*m^2 +
137*m^3 + 19*m^4 + m^5 + 360))/(1764*m + 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4 + 2
1*m^5 + m^6 + 720) + (b^3*x^5*(A*b + 4*B*a)*(324*m + 260*m^2 + 95*m^3 + 16
*m^4 + m^5 + 144))/(1764*m + 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4 + 21*m^5 + m^6 +
720) + (2*a*b^2*x^4*(2*A*b + 3*B*a)*(396*m + 307*m^2 + 107*m^3 + 17*m^4 +
m^5 + 180))/(1764*m + 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4 + 21*m^5 + m^6 + 720)
+ (2*a^2*b*x^3*(3*A*b + 2*B*a)*(508*m + 372*m^2 + 121*m^3 + 18*m^4 + m^5 +
240))/(1764*m + 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4 + 21*m^5 + m^6 + 720))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.72

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m g^m x (b^5 m^5 x^5 + 5a b^4 m^5 x^4 + 15b^5 m^4 x^5 + 10a^2 b^3 m^5 x^3 + 80a b^4 m^4 x^4 + 85b^5 m^3 x^5 + 10a^3 b^2 m^5 x^2 + 170$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)`output `(x**m*g**m*x*(a**5*m**5 + 20*a**5*m**4 + 155*a**5*m**3 + 580*a**5*m**2 + 1044*a**5*m + 720*a**5 + 5*a**4*b*m**5*x + 95*a**4*b*m**4*x + 685*a**4*b*m**3*x + 2305*a**4*b*m**2*x + 3510*a**4*b*m*x + 1800*a**4*b*x + 10*a**3*b**2*m**5*x**2 + 180*a**3*b**2*m**4*x**2 + 1210*a**3*b**2*m**3*x**2 + 3720*a**3*b**2*m**2*x**2 + 5080*a**3*b**2*m*x**2 + 2400*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 10*a**2*b**3*m**5*x**3 + 170*a**2*b**3*m**4*x**3 + 1070*a**2*b**3*m**3*x**3 + 3070*a**2*b**3*m**2*x**3 + 3960*a**2*b**3*m*x**3 + 1800*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 5*a*b**4*m**5*x**4 + 80*a*b**4*m**4*x**4 + 475*a*b**4*m**3*x**4 + 1300*a*b**4*m**2*x**4 + 1620*a*b**4*m*x**4 + 720*a*b**4*x**4 + b**5*m**5*x**5 + 15*b**5*m**4*x**5 + 85*b**5*m**3*x**5 + 225*b**5*m**2*x**5 + 274*b**5*m*x**5 + 120*b**5*x**5))/(m**6 + 21*m**5 + 175*m**4 + 735*m**3 + 1624*m**2 + 1764*m + 720)`

3.467 $\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx$

Optimal result	3688
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3688
Rubi [A] (verified)	3689
Maple [A] (verified)	3690
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3691
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3691
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3692
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3693
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3693
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3694

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{a^2 A (gx)^{1+m}}{g(1+m)} + \frac{a(2Ab + aB)(gx)^{2+m}}{g^2(2+m)} + \frac{b(Ab + 2aB)(gx)^{3+m}}{g^3(3+m)} + \frac{b^2 B (gx)^{4+m}}{g^4(4+m)}$$

output

```
a^2*A*(g*x)^(1+m)/g/(1+m)+a*(2*A*b+B*a)*(g*x)^(2+m)/g^2/(2+m)+b*(A*b+2*B*a)*(g*x)^(3+m)/g^3/(3+m)+b^2*B*(g*x)^(4+m)/g^4/(4+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{(gx)^m \left(Bx(a + bx)^3 + (-aB(1 + m) + Ab(4 + m))x \left(\frac{a^2}{1+m} + \frac{2abx}{2+m} + \frac{b^2x^2}{3+m} \right) \right)}{b(4 + m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(g*x)^m*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2),x]
```

output

$$\left((g*x)^m * (B*x*(a + b*x)^3 + (-a*B*(1 + m) + A*b*(4 + m))*x*(a^2/(1 + m) + (2*a*b*x)/(2 + m) + (b^2*x^2)/(3 + m))) \right) / (b*(4 + m))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) (A + Bx)(gx)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\ & \int \frac{b^2(gx)^m(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)dx}{b^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int (a + bx)^2(A + Bx)(gx)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \int \left(a^2 A(gx)^m + \frac{b(gx)^{m+2}(2aB + Ab)}{g^2} + \frac{a(gx)^{m+1}(aB + 2Ab)}{g} + \frac{b^2 B(gx)^{m+3}}{g^3} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{a^2 A(gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+1)} + \frac{b(gx)^{m+3}(2aB + Ab)}{g^3(m+3)} + \frac{a(gx)^{m+2}(aB + 2Ab)}{g^2(m+2)} + \frac{b^2 B(gx)^{m+4}}{g^4(m+4)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(g*x)^m*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2), x]$$

output

$$(a^2*A*(g*x)^(1 + m))/(g*(1 + m)) + (a*(2*A*b + a*B)*(g*x)^(2 + m))/(g^2*(2 + m)) + (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*(g*x)^(3 + m))/(g^3*(3 + m)) + (b^2*B*(g*x)^(4 + m))/(g^4*(4 + m))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
norman	$\frac{B b^2 x^4 e^{m \ln(gx)}}{4+m} + \frac{a(2Ab+Ba)x^2 e^{m \ln(gx)}}{2+m} + \frac{a^2 A x e^{m \ln(gx)}}{1+m} + \frac{b(Ab+2Ba)x^3 e^{m \ln(gx)}}{3+m}$
gospers	$(gx)^m (B b^2 m^3 x^3 + A b^2 m^3 x^2 + 2Bab m^3 x^2 + 6B b^2 m^2 x^3 + 2Aab m^3 x + 7A b^2 m^2 x^2 + B a^2 m^3 x + 14Bab m^2 x^2 + 11B b^2 m x^3 + A a^2 m^3)$
risch	$(gx)^m (B b^2 m^3 x^3 + A b^2 m^3 x^2 + 2Bab m^3 x^2 + 6B b^2 m^2 x^3 + 2Aab m^3 x + 7A b^2 m^2 x^2 + B a^2 m^3 x + 14Bab m^2 x^2 + 11B b^2 m x^3 + A a^2 m^3)$
orering	$(B b^2 m^3 x^3 + A b^2 m^3 x^2 + 2Bab m^3 x^2 + 6B b^2 m^2 x^3 + 2Aab m^3 x + 7A b^2 m^2 x^2 + B a^2 m^3 x + 14Bab m^2 x^2 + 11B b^2 m x^3 + A a^2 m^3)$
parallelrisch	$\frac{26Ax(gx)^m a^2 m + 7A x^3 (gx)^m b^2 m^2 + 11B x^4 (gx)^m b^2 m + B x^2 (gx)^m a^2 m^3 + 14A x^3 (gx)^m b^2 m + Ax(gx)^m a^2 m^3 + 9Ax(gx)^m a^2 m^3}{(gx)^m (B b^2 m^3 x^3 + A b^2 m^3 x^2 + 2Bab m^3 x^2 + 6B b^2 m^2 x^3 + 2Aab m^3 x + 7A b^2 m^2 x^2 + B a^2 m^3 x + 14Bab m^2 x^2 + 11B b^2 m x^3 + A a^2 m^3)}$

input `int((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
B*b^2/(4+m)*x^4*exp(m*ln(g*x))+a*(2*A*b+B*a)/(2+m)*x^2*exp(m*ln(g*x))+a^2*
A/(1+m)*x*exp(m*ln(g*x))+b*(A*b+2*B*a)/(3+m)*x^3*exp(m*ln(g*x))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 217 vs. $2(91) = 182$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{((Bb^2m^3 + 6Bb^2m^2 + 11Bb^2m + 6Bb^2)x^4 + ((2Bab + Ab^2)m^3 + 16Bab + 8Ab^2 + 7(2Bab + Ab^2)m^2))}{m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24}$$

input

```
integrate((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
((B*b^2*m^3 + 6*B*b^2*m^2 + 11*B*b^2*m + 6*B*b^2)*x^4 + ((2*B*a*b + A*b^2)
*m^3 + 16*B*a*b + 8*A*b^2 + 7*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*m^2 + 14*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)
*m)*x^3 + ((B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*m^3 + 12*B*a^2 + 24*A*a*b + 8*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*
b)*m^2 + 19*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*m)*x^2 + (A*a^2*m^3 + 9*A*a^2*m^2 + 26*A*a^2
*m + 24*A*a^2)*x)*(g*x)^m/(m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1073 vs. $2(82) = 164$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1073, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.79

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((g*x)**m*(B*x+A)*(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)
```


output

```
Piecewise((( -A**2/(3*x**3) - A*a*b/x**2 - A*b**2/x - B*a**2/(2*x**2) - 2
*B*a*b/x + B*b**2*log(x))/g**4, Eq(m, -4)), (( -A**2/(2*x**2) - 2*A*a*b/x
+ A*b**2*log(x) - B*a**2/x + 2*B*a*b*log(x) + B*b**2*x)/g**3, Eq(m, -3)),
(( -A**2/x + 2*A*a*b*log(x) + A*b**2*x + B*a**2*log(x) + 2*B*a*b*x + B*b
**2*x**2/2)/g**2, Eq(m, -2)), ((A**2*log(x) + 2*A*a*b*x + A*b**2*x**2/2
+ B*a**2*x + B*a*b*x**2 + B*b**2*x**3/3)/g, Eq(m, -1)), (A**2*m**3*x*(g*
x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24) + 9*A**2*m**2*x*(g*x)**m/(m
**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24) + 26*A**2*m*x*(g*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m
**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24) + 24*A**2*x*(g*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**
2 + 50*m + 24) + 2*A*a*b*m**3*x**2*(g*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50
*m + 24) + 16*A*a*b*m**2*x**2*(g*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m +
24) + 38*A*a*b*m*x**2*(g*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24) + 24
*A*a*b*x**2*(g*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24) + A*b**2*m**3*
x**3*(g*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24) + 7*A*b**2*m**2*x**3*
(g*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24) + 14*A*b**2*m*x**3*(g*x)**
m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24) + 8*A*b**2*x**3*(g*x)**m/(m**4 +
10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24) + B*a**2*m**3*x**2*(g*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3
+ 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24) + 8*B*a**2*m**2*x**2*(g*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35
*m**2 + 50*m + 24) + 19*B*a**2*m*x**2*(g*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 +
50*m + 24) + 12*B*a**2*x**2*(g*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m ...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx = \frac{Bb^2g^m x^4 x^m}{m+4} + \frac{2Babg^m x^3 x^m}{m+3} + \frac{Ab^2g^m x^3 x^m}{m+3} + \frac{Ba^2g^m x^2 x^m}{m+2} + \frac{2Aabg^m x^2 x^m}{m+2} + \frac{(gx)^{m+1} Aa^2}{g(m+1)}$$

input

```
integrate((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
B*b^2*g^m*x^4*x^m/(m + 4) + 2*B*a*b*g^m*x^3*x^m/(m + 3) + A*b^2*g^m*x^3*x^
m/(m + 3) + B*a^2*g^m*x^2*x^m/(m + 2) + 2*A*a*b*g^m*x^2*x^m/(m + 2) + (g*x
)^m + 1)*A*a^2/(g*(m + 1))
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 380 vs. $2(91) = 182$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 380, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.18

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(gx)^m Bb^2m^3x^4 + 2(gx)^m Babm^3x^3 + (gx)^m Ab^2m^3x^3 + 6(gx)^m Bb^2m^2x^4 + (gx)^m Ba^2m^3x^2 + 2(gx)^m}{m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24}$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $((gx)^m B b^2 m^3 x^4 + 2(gx)^m B a b m^3 x^3 + (gx)^m A b^2 m^3 x^3 + 6(gx)^m B b^2 m^2 x^4 + (gx)^m B a^2 m^3 x^2 + 2(gx)^m A a b m^3 x^2 + 14(gx)^m B a b m^2 x^3 + 7(gx)^m A b^2 m^2 x^3 + 11(gx)^m B b^2 m x^4 + (gx)^m A a^2 m^3 x + 8(gx)^m B a^2 m^2 x^2 + 16(gx)^m A a b m^2 x^2 + 28(gx)^m B a b m x^3 + 14(gx)^m A b^2 m x^3 + 6(gx)^m B b^2 x^4 + 9(gx)^m A a^2 m^2 x + 19(gx)^m B a^2 m x^2 + 38(gx)^m A a b m x^2 + 16(gx)^m B a b x^3 + 8(gx)^m A b^2 x^3 + 26(gx)^m A a^2 m x + 12(gx)^m B a^2 x^2 + 24(gx)^m A a b x^2 + 24(gx)^m A a^2 x) / (m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx$$

$$= (gx)^m \left(\frac{B b^2 x^4 (m^3 + 6 m^2 + 11 m + 6)}{m^4 + 10 m^3 + 35 m^2 + 50 m + 24} + \frac{A a^2 x (m^3 + 9 m^2 + 26 m + 24)}{m^4 + 10 m^3 + 35 m^2 + 50 m + 24} + \frac{a x^2 (2 A b + B a) (m^3 + 8 m^2 + 19 m + 12)}{m^4 + 10 m^3 + 35 m^2 + 50 m + 24} + \frac{b x^3 (A b + 2 B a) (m^3 + 7 m^2 + 14 m + 8)}{m^4 + 10 m^3 + 35 m^2 + 50 m + 24} \right)$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(A + B*x)*(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x),x)`

output

```
(g*x)^m*((B*b^2*x^4*(11*m + 6*m^2 + m^3 + 6))/(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24) + (A*a^2*x*(26*m + 9*m^2 + m^3 + 24))/(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24) + (a*x^2*(2*A*b + B*a)*(19*m + 8*m^2 + m^3 + 12))/(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24) + (b*x^3*(A*b + 2*B*a)*(14*m + 7*m^2 + m^3 + 8))/(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int (gx)^m (A + Bx) (a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m g^m x (b^3 m^3 x^3 + 3a b^2 m^3 x^2 + 6b^3 m^2 x^3 + 3a^2 b m^3 x + 21a b^2 m^2 x^2 + 11b^3 m x^3 + a^3 m^3 + 24a^2 b m^2 x + 4a^3 m^2 x^2 + 11a^2 b m^2 x^2 + 6a^3 m x^3 + 3a^2 b m^2 x^2 + 11b^3 m x^3 + a^3 m^3 + 24a^2 b m^2 x + 4a^3 m^2 x^2)}{m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24}$$

input

```
int((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)
```

output

```
(x**m*g**m*x*(a**3*m**3 + 9*a**3*m**2 + 26*a**3*m + 24*a**3 + 3*a**2*b*m**3*x + 24*a**2*b*m**2*x + 57*a**2*b*m*x + 36*a**2*b*x + 3*a*b**2*m**3*x**2 + 21*a*b**2*m**2*x**2 + 42*a*b**2*m*x**2 + 24*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*m**3*x**3 + 6*b**3*m**2*x**3 + 11*b**3*m*x**3 + 6*b**3*x**3))/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24)
```

3.468 $\int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result	3695
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3695
Rubi [A] (verified)	3696
Maple [F]	3697
Fricas [F]	3698
Sympy [F]	3698
Maxima [F]	3698
Giac [F]	3699
Mupad [F(-1)]	3699
Reduce [F]	3699

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{B(gx)^{1+m}}{bgm(a+bx)} + \frac{(Abm - aB(1+m))(gx)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{a^2bgm(1+m)}$$

output

```
B*(g*x)^(1+m)/b/g/m/(b*x+a)+(A*b*m-a*B*(1+m))*(g*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([2, 1+m], [2+m], -b*x/a)/a^2/b/g/m/(1+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{x(gx)^m \left(\frac{a(Ab-aB)}{a+bx} + \frac{(-Abm+aB(1+m)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{1+m} \right)}{a^2b}$$

input `Integrate[((g*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2),x]`

output `(x*(g*x)^m*((a*(A*b - a*B))/(a + b*x) + ((-(A*b*m) + a*B*(1 + m))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, -(b*x)/a])/(1 + m)))/(a^2*b)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(gx)^m}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{(gx)^m(A + Bx)}{b^2(a + bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(gx)^m}{(a + bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(gx)^{m+1}(Ab - aB)}{abg(a + bx)} - \frac{(Abm - aB(m + 1)) \int \frac{(gx)^m}{a + bx} dx}{ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 74 \\
 & \frac{(gx)^{m+1}(Ab - aB)}{abg(a + bx)} - \frac{(gx)^{m+1}(Abm - aB(m + 1)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m + 1, m + 2, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{a^2bg(m + 1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((g*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2),x]`

output
$$\frac{((A*b - a*B)*(g*x)^{(1 + m)})/(a*b*g*(a + b*x)) - ((A*b*m - a*B*(1 + m))*(g*x)^{(1 + m)}*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, -((b*x)/a)])/(a^2*b*g*(1 + m))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 74
$$\text{Int}[(b_*)(x_)^m * ((c_) + (d_*)(x_))^{n_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^n * ((b*x)^{m+1} / (b*(m+1))) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-n, m+1, m+2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[n, -2^{(-1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[-d/(b*c), 0])))$$

rule 87
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_))^{n_}*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{p_}, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{n+1} * ((e + f*x)^{p+1} / (f*(p+1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) / (f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n * (e + f*x)^{p+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$$

rule 1184
$$\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{m_}*((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{n_}*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m * (f + g*x)^n * (b/2 + c*x)^{2*p}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (Bx + A)}{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} dx$$

input
$$\text{int}((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2), x)$$

output `int((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)(gx)^m}{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x + A)*(g*x)^m/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2),x)`

output `Integral((g*x)**m*(A + B*x)/(a + b*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)(gx)^m}{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(g*x)^m/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)(gx)^m}{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(g*x)^m/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx$$

input `int(((g*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x),x)`

output `int(((g*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2} dx = \frac{g^m(x^m - (\int \frac{x^m}{bx^2+ax} dx) am)}{bm}$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2),x)`

output `(g**m*(x**m - int(x**m/(a*x + b*x**2),x)*a*m))/(b*m)`

3.469 $\int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3700
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3700
Rubi [A] (verified)	3701
Maple [F]	3702
Fricas [F]	3703
Sympy [F]	3703
Maxima [F]	3703
Giac [F]	3704
Mupad [F(-1)]	3704
Reduce [F]	3704

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{B(gx)^{1+m}}{bg(2-m)(a+bx)^3} + \frac{\left(\frac{A}{1+m} + \frac{aB}{2b-bm}\right)(gx)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(4, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{a^4g}$$

output `-B*(g*x)^(1+m)/b/g/(2-m)/(b*x+a)^3+(A/(1+m)+a*B/(-b*m+2*b))*(g*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([4, 1+m], [2+m], -b*x/a)/a^4/g`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{x(gx)^m \left(\frac{a^3(Ab-aB)}{(a+bx)^3} - \frac{(Ab(-2+m)-aB(1+m)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{1+m} \right)}{3a^4b}$$

input `Integrate[((g*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(x*(g*x)^m*((a^3*(A*b - a*B))/(a + b*x)^3 - ((A*b*(-2 + m) - a*B*(1 + m))*
Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + m, 2 + m, -(b*x)/a])/(1 + m)))/(3*a^4*b)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1184, 27, 87, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(gx)^m}{(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1184 \\
 & b^4 \int \frac{(gx)^m(A + Bx)}{b^4(a + bx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(gx)^m}{(a + bx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(aB(m + 1) + Ab(2 - m)) \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(a + bx)^3} dx}{3ab} + \frac{(gx)^{m+1}(Ab - aB)}{3abg(a + bx)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 74 \\
 & \frac{(gx)^{m+1}(aB(m + 1) + Ab(2 - m)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, m + 1, m + 2, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{3a^4bg(m + 1)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(gx)^{m+1}(Ab - aB)}{3abg(a + bx)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((g*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output
$$\frac{((A*b - a*B)*(g*x)^{(1 + m)})/(3*a*b*g*(a + b*x)^3 + ((A*b*(2 - m) + a*B*(1 + m))*(g*x)^{(1 + m)}*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + m, 2 + m, -(b*x)/a])/(3*a^4*b*g*(1 + m))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 74
$$\text{Int}[(b_*)(x_)^m * ((c_) + (d_*)(x_))^{n_}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^n * ((b*x)^{m+1} / (b*(m+1))) * Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m+1, m+2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[n, -2^{(-1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[-d/(b*c), 0])))$$

rule 87
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_))^{n_}*((e_) + (f_*)(x_))^{p_}], x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{n+1} * ((e + f*x)^{p+1} / (f*(p+1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n * (e + f*x)^{p+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$$

rule 1184
$$\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{m_}*((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))^{n_}*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{p_}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m * (f + g*x)^n * (b/2 + c*x)^{2*p}], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (Bx + A)}{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)^2} dx$$

input
$$\text{int}((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)$$

output `int((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)(gx)^m}{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x + A)*(g*x)^m/(b^4*x^4 + 4*a*b^3*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 4*a^3*b*x + a^4), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(B*x+A)/(b**2*x**2+2*a*b*x+a**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((g*x)**m*(A + B*x)/(a + b*x)**4, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)(gx)^m}{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(g*x)^m/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)(gx)^m}{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(g*x)^m/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

input `int(((g*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((g*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(A+Bx)}{(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{g^m(x^m - \left(\int \frac{x^m}{b^3m x^4+3ab^2m x^3-2b^3x^4+3a^2bm x^2-6ab^2x^3+a^3mx-6a^2bx^2-2a^3x} dx\right) a^3m^2 + 2\left(\int \frac{x^m}{b^3m x^4+3ab^2m x^3-2b^3x^4+3a^2bm x^2-6ab^2x^3+a^3mx-6a^2bx^2-2a^3x} dx\right) a^3m^2}{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)^2}$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)^2,x)`

output

```
(g**m*(x**m - int(x**m/(a**3*m*x - 2*a**3*x + 3*a**2*b*m*x**2 - 6*a**2*b*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*m*x**3 - 6*a*b**2*x**3 + b**3*m*x**4 - 2*b**3*x**4),x)*a**3*m**2 + 2*int(x**m/(a**3*m*x - 2*a**3*x + 3*a**2*b*m*x**2 - 6*a**2*b*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*m*x**3 - 6*a*b**2*x**3 + b**3*m*x**4 - 2*b**3*x**4),x)*a**3*m - 2*int(x**m/(a**3*m*x - 2*a**3*x + 3*a**2*b*m*x**2 - 6*a**2*b*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*m*x**3 - 6*a*b**2*x**3 + b**3*m*x**4 - 2*b**3*x**4),x)*a**2*b*m**2*x + 4*int(x**m/(a**3*m*x - 2*a**3*x + 3*a**2*b*m*x**2 - 6*a**2*b*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*m*x**3 - 6*a*b**2*x**3 + b**3*m*x**4 - 2*b**3*x**4),x)*a**2*b*m*x - int(x**m/(a**3*m*x - 2*a**3*x + 3*a**2*b*m*x**2 - 6*a**2*b*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*m*x**3 - 6*a*b**2*x**3 + b**3*m*x**4 - 2*b**3*x**4),x)*a*b**2*m**2*x**2 + 2*int(x**m/(a**3*m*x - 2*a**3*x + 3*a**2*b*m*x**2 - 6*a**2*b*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*m*x**3 - 6*a*b**2*x**3 + b**3*m*x**4 - 2*b**3*x**4),x)*a*b**2*m*x**2))/(b*(a**2*m - 2*a**2 + 2*a*b*m*x - 4*a*b*x + b**2*m*x**2 - 2*b**2*x**2))
```

3.470 $\int x^m(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$

Optimal result	3706
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3706
Rubi [A] (verified)	3707
Maple [B] (verified)	3708
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3709
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3710
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3711
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3712
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3713
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3713

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int x^m(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{1+m}}{1+m} + \frac{11x^{2+m}}{2+m} + \frac{55x^{3+m}}{3+m} + \frac{165x^{4+m}}{4+m} + \frac{330x^{5+m}}{5+m} + \frac{462x^{6+m}}{6+m} + \frac{462x^{7+m}}{7+m} + \frac{330x^{8+m}}{8+m} + \frac{165x^{9+m}}{9+m} + \frac{55x^{10+m}}{10+m} + \frac{11x^{11+m}}{11+m} + \frac{x^{12+m}}{12+m}$$

output

```
x^(1+m)/(1+m)+11*x^(2+m)/(2+m)+55*x^(3+m)/(3+m)+165*x^(4+m)/(4+m)+330*x^(5+m)/(5+m)+462*x^(6+m)/(6+m)+462*x^(7+m)/(7+m)+330*x^(8+m)/(8+m)+165*x^(9+m)/(9+m)+55*x^(10+m)/(10+m)+11*x^(11+m)/(11+m)+x^(12+m)/(12+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^m(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = x^{1+m} \left(\frac{1}{1+m} + \frac{11x}{2+m} + \frac{55x^2}{3+m} + \frac{165x^3}{4+m} + \frac{330x^4}{5+m} + \frac{462x^5}{6+m} + \frac{462x^6}{7+m} + \frac{330x^7}{8+m} + \frac{165x^8}{9+m} + \frac{55x^9}{10+m} + \frac{11x^{10}}{11+m} + \frac{x^{11}}{12+m} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^m*(1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]`

output $x^{(1 + m)*((1 + m)^{-1}) + (11*x)/(2 + m) + (55*x^2)/(3 + m) + (165*x^3)/(4 + m) + (330*x^4)/(5 + m) + (462*x^5)/(6 + m) + (462*x^6)/(7 + m) + (330*x^7)/(8 + m) + (165*x^8)/(9 + m) + (55*x^9)/(10 + m) + (11*x^{10})/(11 + m) + x^{11}/(12 + m)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1184, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (x + 1) (x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 x^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int (x + 1)^{11} x^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$\int (11x^{m+1} + 55x^{m+2} + 165x^{m+3} + 330x^{m+4} + 462x^{m+5} + 462x^{m+6} + 330x^{m+7} + 165x^{m+8} + 55x^{m+9} + 11x^m) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{x^{m+1}}{m+1} + \frac{11x^{m+2}}{m+2} + \frac{55x^{m+3}}{m+3} + \frac{165x^{m+4}}{m+4} + \frac{330x^{m+5}}{m+5} + \frac{462x^{m+6}}{m+6} + \frac{462x^{m+7}}{m+7} + \frac{330x^{m+8}}{m+8} + \frac{165x^{m+9}}{m+9} + \frac{55x^{m+10}}{m+10} + \frac{11x^{m+11}}{m+11} + \frac{x^{m+12}}{m+12}$$

input `Int[x^m*(1 + x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]`

output

$$x^{(1+m)/(1+m)} + (11x^{(2+m)})/(2+m) + (55x^{(3+m)})/(3+m) + (165x^{(4+m)})/(4+m) + (330x^{(5+m)})/(5+m) + (462x^{(6+m)})/(6+m) + (462x^{(7+m)})/(7+m) + (330x^{(8+m)})/(8+m) + (165x^{(9+m)})/(9+m) + (55x^{(10+m)})/(10+m) + (11x^{(11+m)})/(11+m) + x^{(12+m)/(12+m)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

rule 1184

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x
)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && E
qQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1094 vs. $2(143) = 286$.

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1095, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.66

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1095
gospers	Expression too large to display	1096
orering	Expression too large to display	1110
parallelrisc	Expression too large to display	1561

input

```
int(x^m*(x+1)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
x^m*(m^11*x^11+11*m^11*x^10+66*m^10*x^11+55*m^11*x^9+737*m^10*x^10+1925*m^
9*x^11+165*m^11*x^8+3740*m^10*x^9+21780*m^9*x^10+32670*m^8*x^11+330*m^11*x
^7+11385*m^10*x^8+112035*m^9*x^9+373890*m^8*x^10+357423*m^7*x^11+462*m^11*x
x^6+23100*m^10*x^7+345840*m^9*x^8+1947000*m^8*x^9+4131303*m^7*x^10+2637558
*m^6*x^11+462*m^11*x^5+32802*m^10*x^6+711810*m^9*x^7+6089490*m^8*x^8+21750
465*m^7*x^9+30748641*m^6*x^10+13339535*m^5*x^11+330*m^11*x^4+33264*m^10*x^
5+1025640*m^9*x^6+12709620*m^8*x^7+68855985*m^7*x^8+163460220*m^6*x^9+1566
57490*m^5*x^10+45995730*m^4*x^11+165*m^11*x^3+24090*m^10*x^4+1055670*m^9*x
^5+18586260*m^8*x^6+145645830*m^7*x^7+523190745*m^6*x^8+839860505*m^5*x^9+
543539260*m^4*x^10+105258076*m^3*x^11+55*m^11*x^2+12210*m^10*x^3+776160*m^
9*x^4+19431720*m^8*x^5+216148086*m^7*x^6+1120622580*m^6*x^7+2714671410*m^5
*x^8+2935253200*m^4*x^9+1250343336*m^3*x^10+150917976*m^2*x^11+11*m^11*x+4
125*m^10*x^2+399465*m^9*x^3+14523300*m^8*x^4+229661586*m^7*x^5+1687068306*
m^6*x^6+5881795590*m^5*x^7+9569532060*m^4*x^8+6793843980*m^3*x^9+180038707
2*m^2*x^10+120543840*m*x^11+m^11+836*m^10*x+137060*m^9*x^2+7604190*m^8*x^3
+174706290*m^7*x^4+1822135392*m^6*x^5+8976008580*m^5*x^6+20948784780*m^4*x
^7+22313339400*m^3*x^8+9832379040*m^2*x^9+1442897280*m*x^10+39916800*x^11+
77*m^10+28215*m^9*x+2656170*m^8*x^2+93244635*m^7*x^3+1412257770*m^6*x^4+98
52674370*m^5*x^5+32372349240*m^4*x^6+49287977640*m^3*x^7+32492401920*m^2*x
^8+7911984960*m*x^9+479001600*x^10+2640*m^9+557040*m^8*x+33251955*m^7*x...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 757 vs. $2(143) = 286$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 757, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.29

$$\int x^m(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^m*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
((m^11 + 66*m^10 + 1925*m^9 + 32670*m^8 + 357423*m^7 + 2637558*m^6 + 13339
535*m^5 + 45995730*m^4 + 105258076*m^3 + 150917976*m^2 + 120543840*m + 399
16800)*x^12 + 11*(m^11 + 67*m^10 + 1980*m^9 + 33990*m^8 + 375573*m^7 + 279
5331*m^6 + 14241590*m^5 + 49412660*m^4 + 113667576*m^3 + 163671552*m^2 + 1
31172480*m + 43545600)*x^11 + 55*(m^11 + 68*m^10 + 2037*m^9 + 35400*m^8 +
395463*m^7 + 2972004*m^6 + 15270191*m^5 + 53368240*m^4 + 123524436*m^3 + 1
78770528*m^2 + 143854272*m + 47900160)*x^10 + 165*(m^11 + 69*m^10 + 2096*m
^9 + 36906*m^8 + 417309*m^7 + 3170853*m^6 + 16452554*m^5 + 57997164*m^4 +
135232360*m^3 + 196923648*m^2 + 159246720*m + 53222400)*x^9 + 330*(m^11 +
70*m^10 + 2157*m^9 + 38514*m^8 + 441351*m^7 + 3395826*m^6 + 17823623*m^5 +
63481166*m^4 + 149357508*m^3 + 219154824*m^2 + 178320960*m + 59875200)*x^
8 + 462*(m^11 + 71*m^10 + 2220*m^9 + 40230*m^8 + 467853*m^7 + 3651663*m^6
+ 19428590*m^5 + 70070020*m^4 + 166716696*m^3 + 246998016*m^2 + 202573440*
m + 68428800)*x^7 + 462*(m^11 + 72*m^10 + 2285*m^9 + 42060*m^8 + 497103*m^
7 + 3944016*m^6 + 21326135*m^5 + 78113340*m^4 + 188526796*m^3 + 282854112*
m^2 + 234434880*m + 79833600)*x^6 + 330*(m^11 + 73*m^10 + 2352*m^9 + 44010
*m^8 + 529413*m^7 + 4279569*m^6 + 23592386*m^5 + 88108220*m^4 + 216665736*
m^3 + 330686208*m^2 + 278128512*m + 95800320)*x^5 + 165*(m^11 + 74*m^10 +
2421*m^9 + 46086*m^8 + 565119*m^7 + 4666158*m^6 + 26325599*m^5 + 100767754
*m^4 + 254135820*m^3 + 397471608*m^2 + 341673120*m + 119750400)*x^4 + 5...
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 11008 vs. $2(117) = 234$.

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11008, normalized size of antiderivative = 76.98

$$\int x^m(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x**m*(1+x)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((log(x) - 11/x - 55/(2*x**2) - 55/x**3 - 165/(2*x**4) - 462/(5*x**5) - 77/x**6 - 330/(7*x**7) - 165/(8*x**8) - 55/(9*x**9) - 11/(10*x**10) - 1/(11*x**11), Eq(m, -12)), (x + 11*log(x) - 55/x - 165/(2*x**2) - 110/x**3 - 231/(2*x**4) - 462/(5*x**5) - 55/x**6 - 165/(7*x**7) - 55/(8*x**8) - 11/(9*x**9) - 1/(10*x**10), Eq(m, -11)), (x**2/2 + 11*x + 55*log(x) - 165/x - 165/x**2 - 154/x**3 - 231/(2*x**4) - 66/x**5 - 55/(2*x**6) - 55/(7*x**7) - 11/(8*x**8) - 1/(9*x**9), Eq(m, -10)), (x**3/3 + 11*x**2/2 + 55*x + 165*log(x) - 330/x - 231/x**2 - 154/x**3 - 165/(2*x**4) - 33/x**5 - 55/(6*x**6) - 11/(7*x**7) - 1/(8*x**8), Eq(m, -9)), (x**4/4 + 11*x**3/3 + 55*x**2/2 + 165*x + 330*log(x) - 462/x - 231/x**2 - 110/x**3 - 165/(4*x**4) - 11/x**5 - 11/(6*x**6) - 1/(7*x**7), Eq(m, -8)), (x**5/5 + 11*x**4/4 + 55*x**3/3 + 165*x**2/2 + 330*x + 462*log(x) - 462/x - 165/x**2 - 55/x**3 - 55/(4*x**4) - 11/(5*x**5) - 1/(6*x**6), Eq(m, -7)), (x**6/6 + 11*x**5/5 + 55*x**4/4 + 55*x**3 + 165*x**2 + 462*x + 462*log(x) - 330/x - 165/(2*x**2) - 55/(3*x**3) - 11/(4*x**4) - 1/(5*x**5), Eq(m, -6)), (x**7/7 + 11*x**6/6 + 11*x**5 + 165*x**4/4 + 110*x**3 + 231*x**2 + 462*x + 330*log(x) - 165/x - 55/(2*x**2) - 11/(3*x**3) - 1/(4*x**4), Eq(m, -5)), (x**8/8 + 11*x**7/7 + 55*x**6/6 + 33*x**5 + 165*x**4/2 + 154*x**3 + 231*x**2 + 330*x + 165*log(x) - 55/x - 11/(2*x**2) - 1/(3*x**3), Eq(m, -4)), (x**9/9 + 11*x**8/8 + 55*x**7/7 + 55*x**6/2 + 66*x**5 + 231*x**4/2 + 154*x**3 + 165*x**2 + 165*x + ...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^m(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{x^{m+12}}{m+12} + \frac{11x^{m+11}}{m+11} + \frac{55x^{m+10}}{m+10} + \frac{165x^{m+9}}{m+9} + \frac{330x^{m+8}}{m+8} + \frac{462x^{m+7}}{m+7} + \frac{462x^{m+6}}{m+6} + \frac{330x^{m+5}}{m+5} + \frac{165x^{m+4}}{m+4} + \frac{55x^{m+3}}{m+3} + \frac{11x^{m+2}}{m+2} + \frac{x^{m+1}}{m+1}$$

input

```
integrate(x^m*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
x^(m + 12)/(m + 12) + 11*x^(m + 11)/(m + 11) + 55*x^(m + 10)/(m + 10) + 165*x^(m + 9)/(m + 9) + 330*x^(m + 8)/(m + 8) + 462*x^(m + 7)/(m + 7) + 462*x^(m + 6)/(m + 6) + 330*x^(m + 5)/(m + 5) + 165*x^(m + 4)/(m + 4) + 55*x^(m + 3)/(m + 3) + 11*x^(m + 2)/(m + 2) + x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1560 vs. $2(143) = 286$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1560, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.91

$$\int x^m(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(m^11*x^12*x^m + 11*m^11*x^11*x^m + 66*m^10*x^12*x^m + 55*m^11*x^10*x^m + 737*m^10*x^11*x^m + 1925*m^9*x^12*x^m + 165*m^11*x^9*x^m + 3740*m^10*x^10*x^m + 21780*m^9*x^11*x^m + 32670*m^8*x^12*x^m + 330*m^11*x^8*x^m + 11385*m^10*x^9*x^m + 112035*m^9*x^10*x^m + 373890*m^8*x^11*x^m + 357423*m^7*x^12*x^m + 462*m^11*x^7*x^m + 23100*m^10*x^8*x^m + 345840*m^9*x^9*x^m + 1947000*m^8*x^10*x^m + 4131303*m^7*x^11*x^m + 2637558*m^6*x^12*x^m + 462*m^11*x^6*x^m + 32802*m^10*x^7*x^m + 711810*m^9*x^8*x^m + 6089490*m^8*x^9*x^m + 21750465*m^7*x^10*x^m + 30748641*m^6*x^11*x^m + 13339535*m^5*x^12*x^m + 330*m^11*x^5*x^m + 33264*m^10*x^6*x^m + 1025640*m^9*x^7*x^m + 12709620*m^8*x^8*x^m + 68855985*m^7*x^9*x^m + 163460220*m^6*x^10*x^m + 156657490*m^5*x^11*x^m + 45995730*m^4*x^12*x^m + 165*m^11*x^4*x^m + 24090*m^10*x^5*x^m + 1055670*m^9*x^6*x^m + 18586260*m^8*x^7*x^m + 145645830*m^7*x^8*x^m + 523190745*m^6*x^9*x^m + 839860505*m^5*x^10*x^m + 543539260*m^4*x^11*x^m + 105258076*m^3*x^12*x^m + 55*m^11*x^3*x^m + 12210*m^10*x^4*x^m + 776160*m^9*x^5*x^m + 19431720*m^8*x^6*x^m + 216148086*m^7*x^7*x^m + 1120622580*m^6*x^8*x^m + 2714671410*m^5*x^9*x^m + 2935253200*m^4*x^10*x^m + 1250343336*m^3*x^11*x^m + 150917976*m^2*x^12*x^m + 11*m^11*x^2*x^m + 4125*m^10*x^3*x^m + 399465*m^9*x^4*x^m + 14523300*m^8*x^5*x^m + 229661586*m^7*x^6*x^m + 1687068306*m^6*x^7*x^m + 5881795590*m^5*x^8*x^m + 9569532060*m^4*x^9*x^m + 6793843980*m^3*x^10*x^m + 1800387072*m^2*x^11*x^m + 120543840*m*x^12*x^m + m^11*x*x^m...`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1459, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.20

$$\int x^m(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^m*(x + 1)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5,x)`

output

```
(x^m*x^8*(58845916800*m + 72321091920*m^2 + 49287977640*m^3 + 20948784780*
m^4 + 5881795590*m^5 + 1120622580*m^6 + 145645830*m^7 + 12709620*m^8 + 711
810*m^9 + 23100*m^10 + 330*m^11 + 19758816000))/(1486442880*m + 1931559552
*m^2 + 1414014888*m^3 + 657206836*m^4 + 206070150*m^5 + 44990231*m^6 + 692
6634*m^7 + 749463*m^8 + 55770*m^9 + 2717*m^10 + 78*m^11 + m^12 + 479001600
) + (x^m*x^10*(7911984960*m + 9832379040*m^2 + 6793843980*m^3 + 2935253200
*m^4 + 839860505*m^5 + 163460220*m^6 + 21750465*m^7 + 1947000*m^8 + 112035
*m^9 + 3740*m^10 + 55*m^11 + 2634508800))/(1486442880*m + 1931559552*m^2 +
1414014888*m^3 + 657206836*m^4 + 206070150*m^5 + 44990231*m^6 + 6926634*m
^7 + 749463*m^8 + 55770*m^9 + 2717*m^10 + 78*m^11 + m^12 + 479001600) + (x
^m*x^2*(6858181440*m + 7194486816*m^2 + 4179838476*m^3 + 1524718360*m^4 +
371026645*m^5 + 61932948*m^6 + 7130013*m^7 + 557040*m^8 + 28215*m^9 + 836*
m^10 + 11*m^11 + 2634508800))/(1486442880*m + 1931559552*m^2 + 1414014888*
m^3 + 657206836*m^4 + 206070150*m^5 + 44990231*m^6 + 6926634*m^7 + 749463*
m^8 + 55770*m^9 + 2717*m^10 + 78*m^11 + m^12 + 479001600) + (x^m*x^11*(144
2897280*m + 1800387072*m^2 + 1250343336*m^3 + 543539260*m^4 + 156657490*m^
5 + 30748641*m^6 + 4131303*m^7 + 373890*m^8 + 21780*m^9 + 737*m^10 + 11*m^
11 + 479001600))/(1486442880*m + 1931559552*m^2 + 1414014888*m^3 + 6572068
36*m^4 + 206070150*m^5 + 44990231*m^6 + 6926634*m^7 + 749463*m^8 + 55770*m
^9 + 2717*m^10 + 78*m^11 + m^12 + 479001600) + (x^m*x^6*(108308914560*m...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1094, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.65

$$\int x^m(1+x)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^m*(1+x)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x)`

output

```
(x**m*x*(m**11*x**11 + 11*m**11*x**10 + 55*m**11*x**9 + 165*m**11*x**8 + 3
30*m**11*x**7 + 462*m**11*x**6 + 462*m**11*x**5 + 330*m**11*x**4 + 165*m**
11*x**3 + 55*m**11*x**2 + 11*m**11*x + m**11 + 66*m**10*x**11 + 737*m**10*
x**10 + 3740*m**10*x**9 + 11385*m**10*x**8 + 23100*m**10*x**7 + 32802*m**1
0*x**6 + 33264*m**10*x**5 + 24090*m**10*x**4 + 12210*m**10*x**3 + 4125*m**
10*x**2 + 836*m**10*x + 77*m**10 + 1925*m**9*x**11 + 21780*m**9*x**10 + 11
2035*m**9*x**9 + 345840*m**9*x**8 + 711810*m**9*x**7 + 1025640*m**9*x**6 +
1055670*m**9*x**5 + 776160*m**9*x**4 + 399465*m**9*x**3 + 137060*m**9*x**
2 + 28215*m**9*x + 2640*m**9 + 32670*m**8*x**11 + 373890*m**8*x**10 + 1947
000*m**8*x**9 + 6089490*m**8*x**8 + 12709620*m**8*x**7 + 18586260*m**8*x**
6 + 19431720*m**8*x**5 + 14523300*m**8*x**4 + 7604190*m**8*x**3 + 2656170*
m**8*x**2 + 557040*m**8*x + 53130*m**8 + 357423*m**7*x**11 + 4131303*m**7*
x**10 + 21750465*m**7*x**9 + 68855985*m**7*x**8 + 145645830*m**7*x**7 + 21
6148086*m**7*x**6 + 229661586*m**7*x**5 + 174706290*m**7*x**4 + 93244635*m
**7*x**3 + 33251955*m**7*x**2 + 7130013*m**7*x + 696333*m**7 + 2637558*m**
6*x**11 + 30748641*m**6*x**10 + 163460220*m**6*x**9 + 523190745*m**6*x**8
+ 1120622580*m**6*x**7 + 1687068306*m**6*x**6 + 1822135392*m**6*x**5 + 141
2257770*m**6*x**4 + 769916070*m**6*x**3 + 281209005*m**6*x**2 + 61932948*m
**6*x + 6230301*m**6 + 13339535*m**5*x**11 + 156657490*m**5*x**10 + 839860
505*m**5*x**9 + 2714671410*m**5*x**8 + 5881795590*m**5*x**7 + 897600858...
```

3.471 $\int x^m(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx$

Optimal result	3715
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3716
Rubi [A] (verified)	3716
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Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3719
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 209

$$\int x^m(d + ex)(1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx = \frac{dx^{1+m}}{1+m} + \frac{(10d + e)x^{2+m}}{2+m} + \frac{5(9d + 2e)x^{3+m}}{3+m} + \frac{15(8d + 3e)x^{4+m}}{4+m} + \frac{30(7d + 4e)x^{5+m}}{5+m} + \frac{42(6d + 5e)x^{6+m}}{6+m} + \frac{42(5d + 6e)x^{7+m}}{7+m} + \frac{30(4d + 7e)x^{8+m}}{8+m} + \frac{15(3d + 8e)x^{9+m}}{9+m} + \frac{5(2d + 9e)x^{10+m}}{10+m} + \frac{(d + 10e)x^{11+m}}{11+m} + \frac{ex^{12+m}}{12+m}$$

output

```
d*x^(1+m)/(1+m)+(10*d+e)*x^(2+m)/(2+m)+5*(9*d+2*e)*x^(3+m)/(3+m)+15*(8*d+3
*e)*x^(4+m)/(4+m)+30*(7*d+4*e)*x^(5+m)/(5+m)+42*(6*d+5*e)*x^(6+m)/(6+m)+42
*(5*d+6*e)*x^(7+m)/(7+m)+30*(4*d+7*e)*x^(8+m)/(8+m)+15*(3*d+8*e)*x^(9+m)/(
9+m)+5*(2*d+9*e)*x^(10+m)/(10+m)+(d+10*e)*x^(11+m)/(11+m)+e*x^(12+m)/(12+m
)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int x^m(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{1+m} \left(e(1+x)^{11} + (-e(1+m) + d(12+m)) \left(\frac{1}{1+m} + \frac{10x}{2+m} + \frac{45x^2}{3+m} + \frac{120x^3}{4+m} + \frac{210x^4}{5+m} + \frac{252x^5}{6+m} + \frac{210x^6}{7+m} + \frac{120x^7}{8+m} + \frac{45x^8}{9+m} + \frac{10x^9}{10+m} + \frac{x^{10}}{11+m} \right) \right)}{12+m}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^m*(d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]
```

output

```
(x^(1+m)*(e*(1+x)^11 + (-e*(1+m) + d*(12+m))*((1+m)^(-1) + (10*x)/(2+m) + (45*x^2)/(3+m) + (120*x^3)/(4+m) + (210*x^4)/(5+m) + (252*x^5)/(6+m) + (210*x^6)/(7+m) + (120*x^7)/(8+m) + (45*x^8)/(9+m) + (10*x^9)/(10+m) + x^10/(11+m)))/((12+m))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1184, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (x^2 + 2x + 1)^5 x^m(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1184$$

$$\int (x+1)^{10} x^m(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int ((10d+e)x^{m+1} + 5(9d+2e)x^{m+2} + 15(8d+3e)x^{m+3} + 30(7d+4e)x^{m+4} + 42(6d+5e)x^{m+5} + 42(5d+6e)x^{m+6} + 21(4d+7e)x^{m+7} + 7(3d+8e)x^{m+8} + (2d+9e)x^{m+9} + dx^{m+10}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(10d+e)x^{m+2}}{m+2} + \frac{5(9d+2e)x^{m+3}}{m+3} + \frac{15(8d+3e)x^{m+4}}{m+4} + \frac{30(7d+4e)x^{m+5}}{m+5} + \frac{42(6d+5e)x^{m+6}}{m+6} + \frac{42(5d+6e)x^{m+7}}{m+7} + \frac{30(4d+7e)x^{m+8}}{m+8} + \frac{15(3d+8e)x^{m+9}}{m+9} + \frac{5(2d+9e)x^{m+10}}{m+10} + \frac{(d+10e)x^{m+11}}{m+11} + \frac{dx^{m+1}}{m+1} + \frac{ex^{m+12}}{m+12}$$

input `Int[x^m*(d + e*x)*(1 + 2*x + x^2)^5,x]`

output `(d*x^(1 + m))/(1 + m) + ((10*d + e)*x^(2 + m))/(2 + m) + (5*(9*d + 2*e)*x^(3 + m))/(3 + m) + (15*(8*d + 3*e)*x^(4 + m))/(4 + m) + (30*(7*d + 4*e)*x^(5 + m))/(5 + m) + (42*(6*d + 5*e)*x^(6 + m))/(6 + m) + (42*(5*d + 6*e)*x^(7 + m))/(7 + m) + (30*(4*d + 7*e)*x^(8 + m))/(8 + m) + (15*(3*d + 8*e)*x^(9 + m))/(9 + m) + (5*(2*d + 9*e)*x^(10 + m))/(10 + m) + ((d + 10*e)*x^(11 + m))/(11 + m) + (e*x^(12 + m))/(12 + m)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 1184 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2244 vs. $2(209) = 418$.

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2245, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.74

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	2245
gospers	Expression too large to display	2246
orering	Expression too large to display	2260
parallemrisch	Expression too large to display	3093

input `int(x^m*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
x^m*(e*m^11*x^11+d*m^11*x^10+10*e*m^11*x^10+66*e*m^10*x^11+10*d*m^11*x^9+67*d*m^10*x^10+45*e*m^11*x^9+670*e*m^10*x^10+1925*e*m^9*x^11+45*d*m^11*x^8+680*d*m^10*x^9+1980*d*m^9*x^10+120*e*m^11*x^8+3060*e*m^10*x^9+19800*e*m^9*x^10+32670*e*m^8*x^11+120*d*m^11*x^7+3105*d*m^10*x^8+20370*d*m^9*x^9+33990*d*m^8*x^10+210*e*m^11*x^7+8280*e*m^10*x^8+91665*e*m^9*x^9+339900*e*m^8*x^10+357423*e*m^7*x^11+210*d*m^11*x^6+8400*d*m^10*x^7+94320*d*m^9*x^8+354000*d*m^8*x^9+375573*d*m^7*x^10+252*e*m^11*x^6+14700*e*m^10*x^7+251520*e*m^9*x^8+1593000*e*m^8*x^9+3755730*e*m^7*x^10+2637558*e*m^6*x^11+252*d*m^11*x^5+14910*d*m^10*x^6+258840*d*m^9*x^7+1660770*d*m^8*x^8+3954630*d*m^7*x^9+2795331*d*m^6*x^10+210*e*m^11*x^5+17892*e*m^10*x^6+452970*e*m^9*x^7+4428720*e*m^8*x^8+17795835*e*m^7*x^9+27953310*e*m^6*x^10+13339535*e*m^5*x^11+210*d*m^11*x^4+18144*d*m^10*x^5+466200*d*m^9*x^6+4621680*d*m^8*x^7+18778905*d*m^7*x^8+29720040*d*m^6*x^9+14241590*d*m^5*x^10+120*e*m^11*x^4+15120*e*m^10*x^5+559440*e*m^9*x^6+8087940*e*m^8*x^7+50077080*e*m^7*x^8+133740180*e*m^6*x^9+142415900*e*m^5*x^10+45995730*e*m^4*x^11+120*d*m^11*x^3+15330*d*m^10*x^4+575820*d*m^9*x^5+8448300*d*m^8*x^6+52962120*d*m^7*x^7+142688385*d*m^6*x^8+152701910*d*m^5*x^9+49412660*d*m^4*x^10+45*e*m^11*x^3+8760*e*m^10*x^4+479850*e*m^9*x^5+10137960*e*m^8*x^6+92683710*e*m^7*x^7+380502360*e*m^6*x^8+687158595*e*m^5*x^9+494126600*e*m^4*x^10+105258076*e*m^3*x^11+45*d*m^11*x^2+8880*d*m^10*x^3+493920*d*m^9*x^4+10599120*d*m^8*x^5+98249130*d*m^7*x^6...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1569 vs. $2(209) = 418$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1569, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.51

$$\int x^m (d + ex) (1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
((e*m^11 + 66*e*m^10 + 1925*e*m^9 + 32670*e*m^8 + 357423*e*m^7 + 2637558*e
*m^6 + 13339535*e*m^5 + 45995730*e*m^4 + 105258076*e*m^3 + 150917976*e*m^2
+ 120543840*e*m + 39916800*e)*x^12 + ((d + 10*e)*m^11 + 67*(d + 10*e)*m^1
0 + 1980*(d + 10*e)*m^9 + 33990*(d + 10*e)*m^8 + 375573*(d + 10*e)*m^7 + 2
795331*(d + 10*e)*m^6 + 14241590*(d + 10*e)*m^5 + 49412660*(d + 10*e)*m^4
+ 113667576*(d + 10*e)*m^3 + 163671552*(d + 10*e)*m^2 + 131172480*(d + 10*
e)*m + 43545600*d + 435456000*e)*x^11 + 5*((2*d + 9*e)*m^11 + 68*(2*d + 9*
e)*m^10 + 2037*(2*d + 9*e)*m^9 + 35400*(2*d + 9*e)*m^8 + 395463*(2*d + 9*e
)*m^7 + 2972004*(2*d + 9*e)*m^6 + 15270191*(2*d + 9*e)*m^5 + 53368240*(2*d
+ 9*e)*m^4 + 123524436*(2*d + 9*e)*m^3 + 178770528*(2*d + 9*e)*m^2 + 1438
54272*(2*d + 9*e)*m + 95800320*d + 431101440*e)*x^10 + 15*((3*d + 8*e)*m^1
1 + 69*(3*d + 8*e)*m^10 + 2096*(3*d + 8*e)*m^9 + 36906*(3*d + 8*e)*m^8 + 4
17309*(3*d + 8*e)*m^7 + 3170853*(3*d + 8*e)*m^6 + 16452554*(3*d + 8*e)*m^5
+ 57997164*(3*d + 8*e)*m^4 + 135232360*(3*d + 8*e)*m^3 + 196923648*(3*d +
8*e)*m^2 + 159246720*(3*d + 8*e)*m + 159667200*d + 425779200*e)*x^9 + 30*
((4*d + 7*e)*m^11 + 70*(4*d + 7*e)*m^10 + 2157*(4*d + 7*e)*m^9 + 38514*(4*
d + 7*e)*m^8 + 441351*(4*d + 7*e)*m^7 + 3395826*(4*d + 7*e)*m^6 + 17823623
*(4*d + 7*e)*m^5 + 63481166*(4*d + 7*e)*m^4 + 149357508*(4*d + 7*e)*m^3 +
219154824*(4*d + 7*e)*m^2 + 178320960*(4*d + 7*e)*m + 239500800*d + 419126
400*e)*x^8 + 42*((5*d + 6*e)*m^11 + 71*(5*d + 6*e)*m^10 + 2220*(5*d + 6...
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 20971 vs. $2(168) = 336$.

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20971, normalized size of antiderivative = 100.34

$$\int x^m (d + ex) (1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**m*(e*x+d)*(x**2+2*x+1)**5,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-d/x - 5*d/x**2 - 15*d/x**3 - 30*d/x**4 - 42*d/x**5 - 42*d/x**6
- 30*d/x**7 - 15*d/x**8 - 5*d/x**9 - d/x**10 - d/(11*x**11) + e*log(x) -
10*e/x - 45*e/(2*x**2) - 40*e/x**3 - 105*e/(2*x**4) - 252*e/(5*x**5) - 35*
e/x**6 - 120*e/(7*x**7) - 45*e/(8*x**8) - 10*e/(9*x**9) - e/(10*x**10), Eq
(m, -12)), (d*log(x) - 10*d/x - 45*d/(2*x**2) - 40*d/x**3 - 105*d/(2*x**4)
- 252*d/(5*x**5) - 35*d/x**6 - 120*d/(7*x**7) - 45*d/(8*x**8) - 10*d/(9*x
**9) - d/(10*x**10) + e*x + 10*e*log(x) - 45*e/x - 60*e/x**2 - 70*e/x**3 -
63*e/x**4 - 42*e/x**5 - 20*e/x**6 - 45*e/(7*x**7) - 5*e/(4*x**8) - e/(9*x
**9), Eq(m, -11)), (d*x + 10*d*log(x) - 45*d/x - 60*d/x**2 - 70*d/x**3 - 6
3*d/x**4 - 42*d/x**5 - 20*d/x**6 - 45*d/(7*x**7) - 5*d/(4*x**8) - d/(9*x**
9) + e*x**2/2 + 10*e*x + 45*e*log(x) - 120*e/x - 105*e/x**2 - 84*e/x**3 -
105*e/(2*x**4) - 24*e/x**5 - 15*e/(2*x**6) - 10*e/(7*x**7) - e/(8*x**8), E
q(m, -10)), (d*x**2/2 + 10*d*x + 45*d*log(x) - 120*d/x - 105*d/x**2 - 84*d
/x**3 - 105*d/(2*x**4) - 24*d/x**5 - 15*d/(2*x**6) - 10*d/(7*x**7) - d/(8*
x**8) + e*x**3/3 + 5*e*x**2 + 45*e*x + 120*e*log(x) - 210*e/x - 126*e/x**2
- 70*e/x**3 - 30*e/x**4 - 9*e/x**5 - 5*e/(3*x**6) - e/(7*x**7), Eq(m, -9)
), (d*x**3/3 + 5*d*x**2 + 45*d*x + 120*d*log(x) - 210*d/x - 126*d/x**2 - 7
0*d/x**3 - 30*d/x**4 - 9*d/x**5 - 5*d/(3*x**6) - d/(7*x**7) + e*x**4/4 + 1
0*e*x**3/3 + 45*e*x**2/2 + 120*e*x + 210*e*log(x) - 252*e/x - 105*e/x**2 -
40*e/x**3 - 45*e/(4*x**4) - 2*e/x**5 - e/(6*x**6), Eq(m, -8)), (d*x**4...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int x^m(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \frac{ex^{m+12}}{m+12} + \frac{dx^{m+11}}{m+11} + \frac{10ex^{m+11}}{m+11} + \frac{10dx^{m+10}}{m+10} + \frac{45ex^{m+10}}{m+10} + \frac{45dx^{m+9}}{m+9} + \frac{120ex^{m+9}}{m+9} + \frac{120dx^{m+8}}{m+8} + \frac{210ex^{m+8}}{m+8} + \frac{210dx^{m+7}}{m+7} + \frac{252ex^{m+7}}{m+7} + \frac{252dx^{m+6}}{m+6} + \frac{210ex^{m+6}}{m+6} + \frac{210dx^{m+5}}{m+5} + \frac{120ex^{m+5}}{m+5} + \frac{120dx^{m+4}}{m+4} + \frac{45ex^{m+4}}{m+4} + \frac{45dx^{m+3}}{m+3} + \frac{10ex^{m+3}}{m+3} + \frac{10dx^{m+2}}{m+2} + \frac{ex^{m+2}}{m+2} + \frac{dx^{m+1}}{m+1}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `e*x^(m + 12)/(m + 12) + d*x^(m + 11)/(m + 11) + 10*e*x^(m + 11)/(m + 11) + 10*d*x^(m + 10)/(m + 10) + 45*e*x^(m + 10)/(m + 10) + 45*d*x^(m + 9)/(m + 9) + 120*e*x^(m + 9)/(m + 9) + 120*d*x^(m + 8)/(m + 8) + 210*e*x^(m + 8)/(m + 8) + 210*d*x^(m + 7)/(m + 7) + 252*e*x^(m + 7)/(m + 7) + 252*d*x^(m + 6)/(m + 6) + 210*e*x^(m + 6)/(m + 6) + 210*d*x^(m + 5)/(m + 5) + 120*e*x^(m + 5)/(m + 5) + 120*d*x^(m + 4)/(m + 4) + 45*e*x^(m + 4)/(m + 4) + 45*d*x^(m + 3)/(m + 3) + 10*e*x^(m + 3)/(m + 3) + 10*d*x^(m + 2)/(m + 2) + e*x^(m + 2)/(m + 2) + d*x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3092 vs. 2(209) = 418.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3092, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.79

$$\int x^m(d+ex)(1+2x+x^2)^5 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
(e*m^11*x^12*x^m + d*m^11*x^11*x^m + 10*e*m^11*x^11*x^m + 66*e*m^10*x^12*x^m + 10*d*m^11*x^10*x^m + 45*e*m^11*x^10*x^m + 67*d*m^10*x^11*x^m + 670*e*m^10*x^11*x^m + 1925*e*m^9*x^12*x^m + 45*d*m^11*x^9*x^m + 120*e*m^11*x^9*x^m + 680*d*m^10*x^10*x^m + 3060*e*m^10*x^10*x^m + 1980*d*m^9*x^11*x^m + 19800*e*m^9*x^11*x^m + 32670*e*m^8*x^12*x^m + 120*d*m^11*x^8*x^m + 210*e*m^11*x^8*x^m + 3105*d*m^10*x^9*x^m + 8280*e*m^10*x^9*x^m + 20370*d*m^9*x^10*x^m + 91665*e*m^9*x^10*x^m + 33990*d*m^8*x^11*x^m + 339900*e*m^8*x^11*x^m + 357423*e*m^7*x^12*x^m + 210*d*m^11*x^7*x^m + 252*e*m^11*x^7*x^m + 8400*d*m^10*x^8*x^m + 14700*e*m^10*x^8*x^m + 94320*d*m^9*x^9*x^m + 251520*e*m^9*x^9*x^m + 354000*d*m^8*x^10*x^m + 1593000*e*m^8*x^10*x^m + 375573*d*m^7*x^11*x^m + 3755730*e*m^7*x^11*x^m + 2637558*e*m^6*x^12*x^m + 252*d*m^11*x^6*x^m + 210*e*m^11*x^6*x^m + 14910*d*m^10*x^7*x^m + 17892*e*m^10*x^7*x^m + 258840*d*m^9*x^8*x^m + 452970*e*m^9*x^8*x^m + 1660770*d*m^8*x^9*x^m + 4428720*e*m^8*x^9*x^m + 3954630*d*m^7*x^10*x^m + 17795835*e*m^7*x^10*x^m + 279531*d*m^6*x^11*x^m + 27953310*e*m^6*x^11*x^m + 13339535*e*m^5*x^12*x^m + 210*d*m^11*x^5*x^m + 120*e*m^11*x^5*x^m + 18144*d*m^10*x^6*x^m + 15120*e*m^10*x^6*x^m + 466200*d*m^9*x^7*x^m + 559440*e*m^9*x^7*x^m + 4621680*d*m^8*x^8*x^m + 8087940*e*m^8*x^8*x^m + 18778905*d*m^7*x^9*x^m + 50077080*e*m^7*x^9*x^m + 29720040*d*m^6*x^10*x^m + 133740180*e*m^6*x^10*x^m + 14241590*d*m^5*x^11*x^m + 142415900*e*m^5*x^11*x^m + 45995730*e*m^4*x^12*x^m + 120*d...
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1515, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.25

$$\int x^m (d + ex) (1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(x^m*(d + e*x)*(2*x + x^2 + 1)^5,x)
```

output

```
(e*x^m*x^12*(120543840*m + 150917976*m^2 + 105258076*m^3 + 45995730*m^4 +
13339535*m^5 + 2637558*m^6 + 357423*m^7 + 32670*m^8 + 1925*m^9 + 66*m^10 +
m^11 + 39916800))/(1486442880*m + 1931559552*m^2 + 1414014888*m^3 + 65720
6836*m^4 + 206070150*m^5 + 44990231*m^6 + 6926634*m^7 + 749463*m^8 + 55770
*m^9 + 2717*m^10 + 78*m^11 + m^12 + 479001600) + (x^m*x^11*(d + 10*e)*(131
172480*m + 163671552*m^2 + 113667576*m^3 + 49412660*m^4 + 14241590*m^5 + 2
795331*m^6 + 375573*m^7 + 33990*m^8 + 1980*m^9 + 67*m^10 + m^11 + 43545600
))/(1486442880*m + 1931559552*m^2 + 1414014888*m^3 + 657206836*m^4 + 20607
0150*m^5 + 44990231*m^6 + 6926634*m^7 + 749463*m^8 + 55770*m^9 + 2717*m^10
+ 78*m^11 + m^12 + 479001600) + (d*x*x^m*(1007441280*m + 924118272*m^2 +
489896616*m^3 + 167310220*m^4 + 38759930*m^5 + 6230301*m^6 + 696333*m^7 +
53130*m^8 + 2640*m^9 + 77*m^10 + m^11 + 479001600))/(1486442880*m + 193155
9552*m^2 + 1414014888*m^3 + 657206836*m^4 + 206070150*m^5 + 44990231*m^6 +
6926634*m^7 + 749463*m^8 + 55770*m^9 + 2717*m^10 + 78*m^11 + m^12 + 47900
1600) + (x^m*x^2*(10*d + e)*(623471040*m + 654044256*m^2 + 379985316*m^3 +
138610760*m^4 + 33729695*m^5 + 5630268*m^6 + 648183*m^7 + 50640*m^8 + 256
5*m^9 + 76*m^10 + m^11 + 239500800))/(1486442880*m + 1931559552*m^2 + 1414
014888*m^3 + 657206836*m^4 + 206070150*m^5 + 44990231*m^6 + 6926634*m^7 +
749463*m^8 + 55770*m^9 + 2717*m^10 + 78*m^11 + m^12 + 479001600) + (5*x^m*
x^10*(2*d + 9*e)*(143854272*m + 178770528*m^2 + 123524436*m^3 + 5336824...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2244, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.74

$$\int x^m (d + ex) (1 + 2x + x^2)^5 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(x^m*(e*x+d)*(x^2+2*x+1)^5,x)
```


output

```
(x**m*x*(d**11*x**10 + 10*d**11*x**9 + 45*d**11*x**8 + 120*d**11*x
**7 + 210*d**11*x**6 + 252*d**11*x**5 + 210*d**11*x**4 + 120*d**11
*x**3 + 45*d**11*x**2 + 10*d**11*x + d**11 + 67*d**10*x**10 + 680*
d**10*x**9 + 3105*d**10*x**8 + 8400*d**10*x**7 + 14910*d**10*x**6
+ 18144*d**10*x**5 + 15330*d**10*x**4 + 8880*d**10*x**3 + 3375*d**10
*x**2 + 760*d**10*x + 77*d**10 + 1980*d**9*x**10 + 20370*d**9*x**
*9 + 94320*d**9*x**8 + 258840*d**9*x**7 + 466200*d**9*x**6 + 575820*
d**9*x**5 + 493920*d**9*x**4 + 290520*d**9*x**3 + 112140*d**9*x**2
+ 25650*d**9*x + 2640*d**9 + 33990*d**8*x**10 + 354000*d**8*x**9
+ 1660770*d**8*x**8 + 4621680*d**8*x**7 + 8448300*d**8*x**6 + 105991
20*d**8*x**5 + 9242100*d**8*x**4 + 5530320*d**8*x**3 + 2173230*d**8
*x**2 + 506400*d**8*x + 53130*d**8 + 375573*d**7*x**10 + 3954630*d**
7*x**9 + 18778905*d**7*x**8 + 52962120*d**7*x**7 + 98249130*d**7*
*x**6 + 125269956*d**7*x**5 + 111176730*d**7*x**4 + 67814280*d**7*x**
3 + 27206145*d**7*x**2 + 6481830*d**7*x + 696333*d**7 + 2795331*d**6
*x**10 + 29720040*d**6*x**9 + 142688385*d**6*x**8 + 407499120*d**6*
*x**7 + 766849230*d**6*x**6 + 993892032*d**6*x**5 + 898709490*d**6*x
**4 + 559938960*d**6*x**3 + 230080095*d**6*x**2 + 56302680*d**6*x +
6230301*d**6 + 14241590*d**5*x**10 + 152701910*d**5*x**9 + 740364930
*d**5*x**8 + 2138834760*d**5*x**7 + 4080003900*d**5*x**6 + 537418...
```

3.472 $\int x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$

Optimal result	3725
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3725
Rubi [A] (verified)	3726
Maple [A] (verified)	3728
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3729
Sympy [F]	3729
Maxima [F]	3729
Giac [F]	3730
Mupad [F(-1)]	3730
Reduce [F]	3730

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{6}{55} x \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} + \frac{2}{11} x^4 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} - \frac{4 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} (1+x)^{3/2} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} \sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{55 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} (1+x^3)}$$

output

```
6/55*x*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+2/11*x^4*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-4/55*3^(3/4)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+*I)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 33.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(x \sqrt{1+x} (3 - 3x + 3x^2 + 5x^3 - 5x^4 + 5x^5) + \sqrt{-\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}} (3i + \sqrt{3}) (1+x) \sqrt{\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}+(-3i+\sqrt{3})x}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}} \sqrt{\frac{-3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i+\sqrt{3}}} \right)}{55\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2], x]
```

output

```
(2*(x*Sqrt[1 + x]*(3 - 3*x + 3*x^2 + 5*x^3 - 5*x^4 + 5*x^5) + Sqrt[(-6*I)/
(3*I + Sqrt[3])]*(3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(3*I + Sqrt[3] + (-3*I + Sqr
t[3])*x)/((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*Sqrt[(-3*I + Sqrt[3] + (3*I + Sqrt[3]
)*x)/((3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqr
t[3])]]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])]))/(55*Sqrt[1 - x + x
^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {1210, 811, 843, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1210$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int x^3 \sqrt{x^3+1} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

$$\downarrow 811$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\frac{3}{11} \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx + \frac{2}{11} \sqrt{x^3+1} x^4 \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 843 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{3}{11}\left(\frac{2}{5}x\sqrt{x^3+1}-\frac{2}{5}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx\right)+\frac{2}{11}\sqrt{x^3+1}x^4\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 \downarrow 759 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{3}{11}\left(\frac{2}{5}x\sqrt{x^3+1}-\frac{4\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right),-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{5\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)\right)+\frac{2}{11}\sqrt{x^3+1}x^4}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^3*Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2]*((2*x^4*Sqrt[1+x^3])/11+(3*((2*x*Sqrt[1+x^3])/5-(4*Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)],-7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(5*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2)*Sqrt[1+x^3]))/11))/Sqrt[1+x^3]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] & & PosQ[a]`

rule 811 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m+1)*((a+b*x^n)^p/(c*(m+n*p+1))), x] + Simp[a*n*(p/(m+n*p+1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^(p-1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m+n*p+1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 843

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n
- 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[
a*c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[m + n*
p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

rule 1210

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*
e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e,
0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)} \left(\frac{2x^4\sqrt{x^3+1} + 6x\sqrt{x^3+1}}{11} - \frac{12\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{55\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
risch	$\frac{2x(5x^3+3)\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{55} - \frac{12\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) \sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}}{55\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(5x^7 + 3i\sqrt{3} \sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}, \sqrt{\frac{-i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) - 9\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right)}{55(x^3+1)}$

input

```
int(x^3*(x+1)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((x+1)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(2/11*x^4*(x^3+1)^(1/2)
)+6/55*x*(x^3+1)^(1/2)-12/55*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)
))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*
3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF((x+1)/(3/2-1
/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2), ((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2}{55} (5x^4 + 3x) \sqrt{x^2 - x + 1} \sqrt{x + 1} - \frac{12}{55} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/55*(5*x^4 + 3*x)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - 12/55*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(1+x)**(1/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(x**3*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1), x)`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int \sqrt{x^2 - x + 1} \sqrt{x + 1} x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int \sqrt{x^2-x+1} \sqrt{x+1} x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^3*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} x^4}{11} + \frac{6\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} x}{55} - \frac{6 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^3+1} dx \right)}{55}$$

input `int(x^3*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*(5*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)*x**4 + 3*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)*x - 3*int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1))/(x**3 + 1),x)))/55`

3.473 $\int x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$

Optimal result	3731
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3731
Rubi [A] (verified)	3732
Maple [A] (verified)	3733
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3733
Sympy [F]	3734
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3734
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3734
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3735
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3735

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2}{9} (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}$$

output `2/9*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2}{9} (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2],x]`

output `(2*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2))/9`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.043$, Rules used = {1208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1208$$

$$\frac{2}{9}(x+1)^{3/2} (x^2-x+1)^{3/2}$$

input `Int[x^2*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2],x]`

output `(2*(1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2))/9`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1208

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^2*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) +
(c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c
*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}
, x] && EqQ[b*e*g*(m + p + 2) + 2*c*(d*g*(p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 3)), 0] &
& EqQ[e*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(m + 1) + (2*c*f - b*g)*(e*f - d*g)*(p + 1)
, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{9}$	18
orering	$\frac{2(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{9}$	18
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}(x^3+1)}{9}$	23
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}(x^3+1)}{9}$	23
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}\left(\frac{2x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}}{9} + \frac{2\sqrt{x^3+1}}{9}\right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$	53

input `int(x^2*(x+1)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/9*(x+1)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2}{9} (x^3 + 1) \sqrt{x^2 - x + 1} \sqrt{x + 1}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/9*(x^3 + 1)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(1+x)**(1/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2}{9} (x^3 + 1) \sqrt{x^2 - x + 1} \sqrt{x + 1}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/9*(x^3 + 1)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 67 vs. 2(17) = 34.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx \\ &= \frac{2}{315} ((5(7x-23)(x+1)+258)(x+1)-213) \sqrt{(x+1)^2-3x} \sqrt{x+1} \\ & \quad + \frac{2}{105} (3(5x-12)(x+1)+71) \sqrt{(x+1)^2-3x} \sqrt{x+1} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/315*((5*(7*x - 23)*(x + 1) + 258)*(x + 1) - 213)*sqrt((x + 1)^2 - 3*x)*s
qrt(x + 1) + 2/105*(3*(5*x - 12)*(x + 1) + 71)*sqrt((x + 1)^2 - 3*x)*sqrt(
x + 1)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2(x^3+1) \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{9}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(x^3 + 1)*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2))/9
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} (x^3+1)}{9}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)*(x**3 + 1))/9
```

3.474 $\int x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$

Optimal result	3736
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3737
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3737
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 294

$$\int x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2}{7}x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} + \frac{6\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{7(1+\sqrt{3}+x)}$$

$$- \frac{3^4\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right)\middle| -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}(1+x^3)}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{2}3^{3/4}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}(1+x^3)}$$

output

```
2/7*x^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+6*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(7+7*3^(1/2)+7*x)-3/7*3^(1/4)*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*EllipticE((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2))),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)+2/7*2^(1/2)*3^(3/4)*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 20.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{1+x} \left(4x^2 \sqrt{-\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}} (1-x+x^2) - 3\sqrt{2}(-3i+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt{\frac{i+\sqrt{3}-2ix}{3i+\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{-i+\sqrt{3}+2ix}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}} E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\right)\right) \right)}{14 \sqrt{-\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2],x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[1 + x]*(4*x^2*Sqrt[((-1)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3]])*(1 - x + x^2) - 3
*Sqrt[2]*(-3*I + Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(I + Sqrt[3] - (2*I)*x)/(3*I + Sqrt[3]])*Sqr
rt[(-I + Sqrt[3] + (2*I)*x)/(-3*I + Sqrt[3]])*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*
Sqrt[((-1)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3]])], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])] +
3*Sqrt[2]*(-I + Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(I + Sqrt[3] - (2*I)*x)/(3*I + Sqrt[3]])*Sqr
t[(-I + Sqrt[3] + (2*I)*x)/(-3*I + Sqrt[3]])*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*S
qrt[((-1)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3]])], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])]))/(
14*Sqrt[((-1)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3]])*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {1210, 811, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1210$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int x\sqrt{x^3+1} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 811 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{3}{7}\int\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx+\frac{2}{7}\sqrt{x^3+1x^2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \downarrow 832 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{3}{7}\left(\int\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx-(1-\sqrt{3})\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx\right)+\frac{2}{7}\sqrt{x^3+1x^2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \downarrow 759 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{3}{7}\left(\int\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx-\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right),-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}\sqrt{x^3+1}}}\right)\right)+\frac{2}{7}\sqrt{x^3+1x^2}}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \downarrow 2416 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{3}{7}\left(-\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right),-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}\sqrt{x^3+1}}}-\frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[x*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]*((2*x^2*Sqrt[1 + x^3])/7 + (3*((2*Sqrt[1 + x^3])/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x) - (3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]])*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^3]) - (2*(1 - Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^3]))/7))/Sqrt[1 + x^3]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] :=> With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 811

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(c*
x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*n*(p/(m + n*p + 1
)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && I
GtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m
, p, x]
```

rule 832

```
Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] :=> With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]
], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 - Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x
^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x
]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]
```

rule 1210

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*
e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e,
0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```

rule 2416

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] :=> With[{r = N
umer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)
]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - S
imp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(
(1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt
[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])
*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && Eq
Q[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```


Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)} \left(\frac{2x^2\sqrt{x^3+1}}{7} + \frac{6\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\left(-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{7\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)$
risch	$\frac{2x^2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{7} + \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{7\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \frac{6\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\left(-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{7\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{7} \left(3i\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}},\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) + 2x^5 - 18\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right)$

```
input int(x*(x+1)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((x+1)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(2/7*x^2*(x^3+1)^(1/2)
+6/7*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3
^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(
1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*((-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2
*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/2
+1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3
^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.10

$$\int x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2}{7}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x^2 - \frac{6}{7}\text{weierstrassZeta}(0,-4,\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0,-4,x))$$

```
input integrate(x*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `2/7*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x^2 - 6/7*weierstrassZeta(0, -4, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int x\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)**(1/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int \sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int \sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int x\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} dx$$

input `int(x*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2), x)`output `int(x*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}x^2}{7} + \frac{3\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}x}{x^3+1} dx\right)}{7}$$

input `int(x*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2), x)`output `(2*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)*x**2 + 3*int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)*x)/(x**3 + 1), x))/7`

3.475 $\int \sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$

Optimal result	3743
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Rubi [A] (verified)	3744
Maple [A] (verified)	3746
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3746
Sympy [F]	3747
Maxima [F]	3747
Giac [F]	3747
Mupad [F(-1)]	3748
Reduce [F]	3748

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2}{5}x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} + \frac{2 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} \sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{5 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} (1+x^3)}$$

output

```
2/5*x*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+2/5*3^(3/4)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 20.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x\sqrt{1+x}(1-x+x^2) + \frac{i(1+x)\sqrt{1+\frac{6i}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\sqrt{6-\frac{36i}{(3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right), \frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}}{5\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2], x]`

output `(2*x*Sqrt[1 + x]*(1 - x + x^2) + (I*(1 + x)*Sqrt[1 + (6*I)/((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*Sqrt[6 - (36*I)/((3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*EllipticF[I*ArcSin h[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])])]/Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])])/(5*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {1151, 748, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1151$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int \sqrt{x^3+1} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

$$\downarrow 748$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx + \frac{2}{5} \sqrt{x^3+1} x \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

$$\downarrow 759$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\frac{2 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{5 \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{2}{5} \sqrt{x^3+1}x \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]*((2*x*Sqrt[1 + x^3])/5 + (2*3^(3/4)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(5*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^3])))/Sqrt[1 + x^3]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 748 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^p/(n*p + 1)), x] + Simp[a*n*(p/(n*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || LtQ[Denominator[p + 1/n], Denominator[p]])`

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 1151 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - p)*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && IGtQ[m - p + 1, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)} \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{x^3+1}}{5} + \frac{6\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{5\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)$
risch	$\frac{2x\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{5\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \frac{6\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) \sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}}{5\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{5(x^3+1)} \left(3i\sqrt{3} \sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}, \sqrt{\frac{-i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) - 9\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right)$

```
input int((x+1)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((x+1)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(2/5*x*(x^3+1)^(1/2)+6/5*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.17

$$\int \sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2}{5} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x + \frac{6}{5} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x)$$

```
input integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/5*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x + 6/5*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int \sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)**(1/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int \sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int \sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int \sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} dx$$

input `int((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2), x)`output `int((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}x}{5} + \frac{3\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^3+1} dx\right)}{5}$$

input `int((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2), x)`output `(2*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)*x + 3*int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)))/(x**3 + 1), x))/5`

3.476 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	3749
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3749
Rubi [A] (verified)	3750
Maple [A] (verified)	3752
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3752
Sympy [F]	3753
Maxima [F]	3753
Giac [F]	3753
Mupad [F(-1)]	3754
Reduce [F]	3754

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} dx = \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1+x^3})}{3\sqrt{1+x^3}}$$

output `2/3*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-2/3*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*arctanh((x^3+1)^(1/2))/(x^3+1)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 17.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} dx = \frac{2}{3}\left(\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])/x,x]`

output `(2*(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2] - ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]])/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {1210, 798, 60, 73, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1210} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x^3} dx^3}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx^3 + 2\sqrt{x^3+1} \right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{x^6-1} d\sqrt{x^3+1} + 2\sqrt{x^3+1} \right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{220} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(2\sqrt{x^3+1} - 2\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{x^3+1}) \right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])/x,x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]*(2*Sqrt[1 + x^3] - 2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + x^3]]))/(3*Sqrt[1 + x^3])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`
- rule 1210 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(-\sqrt{x^3+1}+\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{x^3+1}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}}$	43
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x^3+1}}{3}-\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{x^3+1}\right)}{3}\right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$	51

input `int((x+1)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/3*(x+1)^{(1/2)}*(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}*(-(x^3+1)^{(1/2)}+\operatorname{arctanh}((x^3+1)^{(1/2)}))/((x^3+1)^{(1/2)})$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} dx = \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} - \frac{1}{3} \log\left(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}+1\right) + \frac{1}{3} \log\left(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}-1\right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$2/3*\operatorname{sqrt}(x^2-x+1)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x+1)-1/3*\log(\operatorname{sqrt}(x^2-x+1)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x+1)+1)+1/3*\log(\operatorname{sqrt}(x^2-x+1)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x+1)-1)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)**(1/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(1/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x} dx$$

input `int(((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2))/x,x)`output `int(((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2))/x, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x} dx$$

input `int((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x,x)`output `int((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x,x)`

3.477 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	3755
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3756
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3756
Maple [A] (verified)	3759
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3759
Sympy [F]	3760
Maxima [F]	3760
Giac [F]	3760
Mupad [F(-1)]	3761
Reduce [F]	3761

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 287

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} + \frac{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}$$

$$- \frac{3^4\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right)\mid -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}(1+x^3)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}3^{3/4}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}(1+x^3)}$$

output

```

-(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x+3*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(1+x+3^(1/2))
-3/2*3^(1/4)*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*((x^2-x
+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*EllipticE((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)
+2*I)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)+2^(1/2)*3^(3/4)*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x
^2-x+1)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1
+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)
    
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} + \frac{3\sqrt{1+\frac{2i(1+x)}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\left(-\frac{(-3i+\sqrt{3})\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1+x}E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}\right) + \frac{(-i+\sqrt{3})\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1+x}E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{3-3(1+x)+(1+x)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])/x^2,x]`

output `-((Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])/x) + (3*Sqrt[1 + ((2*I)*(1 + x))/(-3*I + Sqrt[3])] * Sqrt[1 - ((2*I)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3])] * (-((-3*I + Sqrt[3]) * Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])] * Sqrt[1 + x] * EllipticE[I * ArcSinh[Sqrt[2] * Sqrt[((-I)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3]]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])]) / Sqrt[((-I)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]) + ((-I + Sqrt[3]) * Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])] * Sqrt[1 + x] * EllipticF[I * ArcSinh[Sqrt[2] * Sqrt[((-I)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3]]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])]) / Sqrt[((-I)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3])])]) / (2*Sqrt[2] * Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])] * Sqrt[3 - 3*(1 + x) + (1 + x)^2])`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {1210, 809, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 1210

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x^2} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{809} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{832} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - (1-\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2} \sqrt{x^3+1}}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2416} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(-\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2} \sqrt{x^3+1}}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])/x^2,x]
```

```
output (Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]*(-(Sqrt[1 + x^3]/x) + (3*((2*Sqrt[1 + x^3])
/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x) - (3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)
/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)
], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^3]) - (2
*(1 - Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] +
x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[
3]])/(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^3])))/2)/Sqrt[
1 + x^3]
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] :=> With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 809

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(c*
x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/(c^n*(m + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ
[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[(m + n*p + n + 1)/n, 0] && IntB
inomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

rule 832

```
Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] :=> With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]
], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 - Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x
^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x
]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]
```

rule 1210

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*
e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e,
0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```

rule 2416

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] :=> With[{r = N
umer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)
]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - S
imp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(
(1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt
[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])
*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && Eq
Q[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} + \frac{3\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \left(-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \text{EllipticE} \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x} + \frac{3\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \left(-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \text{EllipticE} \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{\sqrt{x^3+1} \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x} \left(3i \sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \text{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}, \sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right) \sqrt{3} x + 9 \sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right)$

```
input int((x+1)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((x+1)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(-1/x*(x^3+1)^(1/2)+3*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*((-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)+(1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{3x \text{weierstrassZeta}(0, -4, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x)) + \sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}{x}$$

```
input integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `-(3*x*weierstrassZeta(0, -4, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)) + sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1))/x`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)**(1/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(1/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2))/x^2,x)`

output `int(((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2))/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} + 3\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^5+x^2} dx\right)x}{x}$$

input `int(((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2))/x^2,x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1) + 3*int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)) / (x**5 + x**2), x)*x)/x`

3.478 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	3762
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3763
Rubi [A] (verified)	3763
Maple [A] (verified)	3765
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3766
Sympy [F]	3766
Maxima [F]	3766
Giac [F]	3767
Mupad [F(-1)]	3767
Reduce [F]	3767

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{2x^2} + \frac{3^{3/4}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}(1+x^3)}$$

output

```
-1/2*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x^2+1/2*3^(3/4)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))
*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*EllipticF((
1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x
^3+1)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 20.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{1+x} \left(-\frac{2(1-x+x^2)}{x^2} - \frac{3i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{i+\sqrt{3}-2ix}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{-i+\sqrt{3}+2ix}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\right), \frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}} \right)}{4\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])/x^3,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[1 + x]*((-2*(1 - x + x^2))/x^2 - ((3*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(1 + Sqrt[3] - (2*I)*x)/(3*I + Sqrt[3]])*Sqrt[(-1 + Sqrt[3] + (2*I)*x)/(-3*I + Sqrt[3])])*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[((-1)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[((-1)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3])])/(4*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {1210, 809, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1210}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x^3} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{809}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{3}{4}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx-\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{2x^2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

↓ 759

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{3^{3/4}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right),-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)-\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{2x^2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])/x^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]*(-1/2*Sqrt[1 + x^3]/x^2 + (3^(3/4)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(2*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^3]))/Sqrt[1 + x^3]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] & & PosQ[a]`

rule 809 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/(c^n*(m + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[(m + n*p + n + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 1210

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^(m_))*((f._) + (g._)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)
+ (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*
e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e,
0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{2x^2} + \frac{3\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{2x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{2\sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{3\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) \sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}}{2\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{4(x^3+1)x^2} \left(3i\sqrt{3} \sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}, \sqrt{\frac{-i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) x^2 - 9\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right)$

input

```
int((x+1)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((x+1)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(-1/2/x^2*(x^3+1)^(1/2)
)+3/2*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*
3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(
1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((
-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{3x^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x) - \sqrt{x^2 - x + 1}\sqrt{x + 1}}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(3*x^2*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x) - sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1))/x^2`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)**(1/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(1/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)/x**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)/x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2))/x^3,x)`

output `int(((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2))/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} - 3\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^6+x^3} dx\right) x^2}{x^2}$$

input `int((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output `(- 2*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1) - 3*int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1))/(x**6 + x**3),x)*x**2)/x**2`

3.479 $\int x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3768
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3769
Rubi [A] (verified)	3769
Maple [A] (verified)	3772
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3772
Sympy [F]	3773
Maxima [F]	3773
Giac [F]	3773
Mupad [F(-1)]	3774
Reduce [F]	3774

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 201

$$\int x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{54}{935}x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} + \frac{18}{187}x^4\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} + \frac{2}{17}x^4\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(1+x^3) - \frac{36 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} \sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{935 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}(1+x^3)}$$

output

```
54/935*x*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+18/187*x^4*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
)+2/17*x^4*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(x^3+1)-36/935*3^(3/4)*(1/2*6^(1/2)
+1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)
)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)
)^2)^(1/2)/(x^3+1)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 22.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2 \left(x\sqrt{1+x}(27-27x+27x^2+100x^3-100x^4+100x^5+55x^6-55x^7+55x^8) - \frac{9i\sqrt{6}(1+x)\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{935\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} \right)}{935\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(x*Sqrt[1+x]*(27-27*x+27*x^2+100*x^3-100*x^4+100*x^5+55*x^6-55*x^7+55*x^8)-((9*I)*Sqrt[6]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(3*I+Sqrt[3]+(-3*I+Sqrt[3])*x)]/((-3*I+Sqrt[3])*(1+x)))*Sqrt[(-3*I+Sqrt[3]+(3*I+Sqrt[3])*x)]/((3*I+Sqrt[3])*(1+x)))*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1+x]],(3*I+Sqrt[3])/(3*I-Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]))/(935*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {1210, 811, 811, 843, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1210$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int x^3(x^3+1)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 811 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{17}\int x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}dx + \frac{2}{17}(x^3+1)^{3/2}x^4\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \downarrow 811 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{17}\left(\frac{3}{11}\int\frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx + \frac{2}{11}\sqrt{x^3+1}x^4\right) + \frac{2}{17}(x^3+1)^{3/2}x^4\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \downarrow 843 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{17}\left(\frac{3}{11}\left(\frac{2}{5}x\sqrt{x^3+1} - \frac{2}{5}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx\right) + \frac{2}{11}\sqrt{x^3+1}x^4\right) + \frac{2}{17}(x^3+1)^{3/2}x^4\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \downarrow 759 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{17}\left(\frac{3}{11}\left(\frac{2}{5}x\sqrt{x^3+1} - \frac{4\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{5\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}\sqrt{x^3+1}}}\right) + \frac{2}{11}\sqrt{x^3}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2]*((2*x^4*(1+x^3)^(3/2))/17 + (9*((2*x^4*Sqrt[1+x^3])/11 + (3*((2*x*Sqrt[1+x^3])/5 - (4*Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)]^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)], -7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(5*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)]^2)*Sqrt[1+x^3])))/11))/17))/Sqrt[1+x^3]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] :=> With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 811

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(c*
x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*n*(p/(m + n*p + 1
)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && I
GtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m
, p, x]
```

rule 843

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[c^(n
- 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[
a*c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[m + n*
p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

rule 1210

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*
e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e,
0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```


Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
risch	$\frac{2x(55x^6+100x^3+27)\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{935} - \frac{108\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{935\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
elliptic	$\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}\left(\frac{40x^4\sqrt{x^3+1}+54x\sqrt{x^3+1}}{187} - \frac{108\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{935\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(55x^{10}+155x^7+27i\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\frac{-2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{-2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}},\sqrt{\frac{-i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right)-81\sqrt{\frac{-2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\right)}{935(x^3+1)}$

input `int(x^3*(x+1)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/935*x*(55*x^6+100*x^3+27)*(x+1)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-108/935*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x+1)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{935}(55x^7+100x^4+27x)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} - \frac{108}{935}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(0,-4,x)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/935*(55*x^7 + 100*x^4 + 27*x)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - 108/935*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^3(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(1+x)**(3/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)*x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)*x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^3(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2), x)`output `int(x^3*(x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}x^7}{17} + \frac{40\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}x^4}{187} + \frac{54\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}x}{935} - \frac{54\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^3+1} dx\right)}{935}$$

input `int(x^3*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2), x)`output `(2*(55*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)*x**7 + 100*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)*x**4 + 27*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)*x - 27*int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1))/(x**3 + 1), x)))/935`

3.480 $\int x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3775
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3775
Rubi [A] (verified)	3776
Maple [A] (verified)	3777
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3777
Sympy [F]	3778
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3778
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3778
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3779
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3779

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{15}(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}$$

output

$$2/15*(1+x)^{(5/2)}*(x^2-x+1)^{(5/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{15}(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[x^2*(1+x)^{(3/2)}*(1-x+x^2)^{(3/2)},x]$$

output

$$(2*(1+x)^{(5/2)}*(1-x+x^2)^{(5/2)})/15$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.043$, Rules used = {1208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1208$$

$$\frac{2}{15}(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}$$

input `Int[x^2*(1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*(1 + x)^(5/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(5/2))/15`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1208

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^2*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) +
(c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c
*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}
, x] && EqQ[b*e*g*(m + p + 2) + 2*c*(d*g*(p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 3)), 0] &
& EqQ[e*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(m + 1) + (2*c*f - b*g)*(e*f - d*g)*(p + 1)
, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15}$	18
orering	$\frac{2(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15}$	18
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}(x^6+2x^3+1)}{15}$	28
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}(x^6+2x^3+1)}{15}$	28
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}\left(\frac{2x^6\sqrt{x^3+1}}{15} + \frac{4x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}}{15} + \frac{2\sqrt{x^3+1}}{15}\right)}{x^3+1}$	72

input `int(x^2*(x+1)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/15*(x+1)^(5/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(5/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{15}(x^6+2x^3+1)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^2(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(1+x)**(3/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{15}(x^6 + 2x^3 + 1)\sqrt{x^2 - x + 1}\sqrt{x + 1}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 173 vs. $2(17) = 34$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.52

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x \\ & + x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{45045} (((7(3(11(13x-80)(x+1)+3165)(x+1)-16442)(x+1)+121227)(x+1)-80 \\ & + \frac{2}{45045} ((5(7(9(11x-57)(x+1)+1601)(x+1)-15837)(x+1)+65172)(x+1)-34077)\sqrt{(x+1)^2} \\ & + \frac{2}{315} ((5(7x-23)(x+1)+258)(x+1)-213)\sqrt{(x+1)^2-3x\sqrt{x+1}} \\ & + \frac{2}{105} (3(5x-12)(x+1)+71)\sqrt{(x+1)^2-3x\sqrt{x+1}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/45045*((7*(3*(11*(13*x - 80)*(x + 1) + 3165)*(x + 1) - 16442)*(x + 1) + \\ & 121227)*(x + 1) - 80187)*(x + 1) + 34077)*\text{sqrt}((x + 1)^2 - 3*x)*\text{sqrt}(x + \\ & 1) + 2/45045*((5*(7*(9*(11*x - 57)*(x + 1) + 1601)*(x + 1) - 15837)*(x + 1) \\ &) + 65172)*(x + 1) - 34077)*\text{sqrt}((x + 1)^2 - 3*x)*\text{sqrt}(x + 1) + 2/315*((5* \\ & (7*x - 23)*(x + 1) + 258)*(x + 1) - 213)*\text{sqrt}((x + 1)^2 - 3*x)*\text{sqrt}(x + 1) \\ & + 2/105*(3*(5*x - 12)*(x + 1) + 71)*\text{sqrt}((x + 1)^2 - 3*x)*\text{sqrt}(x + 1) \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x+1}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}(x^2+2x+1)}{15}$$

input `int(x^2*(x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2),x)`

output
$$(2*(x + 1)^{(1/2)}*(x^2 - x + 1)^{(5/2)}*(2*x + x^2 + 1))/15$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}(x^6+2x^3+1)}{15}$$

input `int(x^2*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x)`

output
$$(2*\text{sqrt}(x + 1)*\text{sqrt}(x**2 - x + 1)*(x**6 + 2*x**3 + 1))/15$$

3.481 $\int x(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3780
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3781
Rubi [A] (verified)	3781
Maple [A] (verified)	3784
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3784
Sympy [F]	3785
Maxima [F]	3785
Giac [F]	3785
Mupad [F(-1)]	3786
Reduce [F]	3786

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 325

$$\int x(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{18}{91}x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} + \frac{54\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{91(1+\sqrt{3}+x)} + \frac{2}{13}x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(1+x^3) - \frac{27\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right)\mid -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{91\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}(1+x^3)} + \frac{18\sqrt{2}3^{3/4}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{91\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}(1+x^3)}$$

output

```
18/91*x^2*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+54*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(91+
1*3^(1/2)+91*x)+2/13*x^2*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(x^3+1)-27/91*3^(1/4)
*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(
1/2))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2))),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)/((1+x)
/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)/(x^3+1)+18/91*2^(1/2)*3^(3/4)*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+
1)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(
1/2))),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)/(x^3+1)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1+x} \left(4x^2(1-x+x^2)(16+7x^3) - \frac{27\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{-i+\sqrt{3}+2ix}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}} ((-3i+\sqrt{3}) E(i \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}})}) \frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}})}{\sqrt{\frac{-i(1+x)}{i+\sqrt{3}-2i}}} \right)}{182\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[1+x]*(4*x^2*(1-x+x^2)*(16+7*x^3) - (27*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(-1+Sqrt[3]+(2*I)*x)/(-3*I+Sqrt[3])]*((-3*I+Sqrt[3])*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[((-1)*(1+x))/(3*I+Sqrt[3]])], (3*I+Sqrt[3])/(3*I-Sqrt[3])]) - (-1+Sqrt[3])*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[((-1)*(1+x))/(3*I+Sqrt[3]])], (3*I+Sqrt[3])/(3*I-Sqrt[3])]))/Sqrt[((-1)*(1+x))/(1+Sqrt[3]-(2*I)*x)))/(182*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {1210, 811, 811, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(x+1)^{3/2} (x^2-x+1)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1210}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int x(x^3+1)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{811}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{13}\int x\sqrt{x^3+1}dx + \frac{2}{13}(x^3+1)^{3/2}x^2\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

↓ 811

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{13}\left(\frac{3}{7}\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx + \frac{2}{7}\sqrt{x^3+1}x^2\right) + \frac{2}{13}(x^3+1)^{3/2}x^2\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

↓ 832

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{13}\left(\frac{3}{7}\left(\int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx - (1-\sqrt{3})\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx\right) + \frac{2}{7}\sqrt{x^3+1}x^2\right) + \frac{2}{13}(x^3+1)^{3/2}x^2\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

↓ 759

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{13}\left(\frac{3}{7}\left(\int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx - \frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} +$$

↓ 2416

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{13}\left(\frac{3}{7}\left(-\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(x+1)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)\right)\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

input `Int[x*(1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]*((2*x^2*(1 + x^3)^(3/2))/13 + (9*((2*x^2*Sqrt[1 + x^3])/7 + (3*((2*Sqrt[1 + x^3])/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x) - (3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3])*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2*Sqrt[1 + x^3]) - (2*(1 - Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2*Sqrt[1 + x^3])))/7)/13))/Sqrt[1 + x^3]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] :=> With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 811

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(c*
x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*n*(p/(m + n*p + 1
)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && I
GtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m
, p, x]
```

rule 832

```
Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] :=> With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]
], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 - Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x
^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x
]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]
```

rule 1210

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*
e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e,
0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```

rule 2416

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] :=> With[{r = N
umer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)
]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - S
imp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(
(1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt
[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])
*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && Eq
Q[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
risch	$\frac{2x^2(7x^3+16)\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{91} + \frac{54\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\left(-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{91\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
elliptic	$\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}\left(\frac{32x^2\sqrt{x^3+1}}{91} + \frac{54\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\left(-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{91\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)$
default	$\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(14x^8+27i\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}},\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right)+46x^5+81\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\right)$

input

```
int(x*(x+1)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/91*x^2*(7*x^3+16)*(x+1)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+54/91*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*
((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*
((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*
((-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2
+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))+(1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticF
(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))^(1/2))*
((x+1)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.12

$$\int x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{91}(7x^5+16x^2)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} - \frac{54}{91}\text{weierstrassZeta}(0,-4,\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0,-4,x))$$

input

```
integrate(x*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `2/91*(7*x^5 + 16*x^2)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - 54/91*weierstrassZeta(a(0, -4, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)**(3/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(x*(x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)*x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)*x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x(x+1)^{3/2} (x^2-x+1)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x*(x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2),x)`output `int(x*(x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}x^5}{13} + \frac{32\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}x^2}{91} + \frac{27\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}x}{x^3+1} dx\right)}{91}$$

input `int(x*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x)`output `(14*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)*x**5 + 32*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)*x**2 + 27*int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)*x)/(x**3 + 1),x))/91`

3.482 $\int (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3787
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3788
Rubi [A] (verified)	3788
Maple [A] (verified)	3790
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3791
Sympy [F]	3791
Maxima [F]	3791
Giac [F]	3792
Mupad [F(-1)]	3792
Reduce [F]	3792

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{18}{55}x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} + \frac{2}{11}x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(1+x^3) + \frac{18 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} \sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{55 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}(1+x^3)}$$

output

```
18/55*x*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+2/11*x*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(x^3+1)+18/55*3^(3/4)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 20.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{1+x}(1-x+x^2)(14+5x^3) + \frac{9i(1+x)\sqrt{1+\frac{6i}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\sqrt{6-\frac{36i}{(3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}}{55\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*x*Sqrt[1 + x]*(1 - x + x^2)*(14 + 5*x^3) + ((9*I)*(1 + x)*Sqrt[1 + (6*I)/((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*Sqrt[6 - (36*I)/((3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])])/(55*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1151, 748, 748, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (x+1)^{3/2} (x^2-x+1)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1151$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int (x^3+1)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

$$\downarrow 748$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{11}\int\sqrt{x^3+1}dx+\frac{2}{11}x(x^3+1)^{3/2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{748} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{11}\left(\frac{3}{5}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx+\frac{2}{5}\sqrt{x^3+1}x\right)+\frac{2}{11}x(x^3+1)^{3/2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{11}\left(\frac{2\cdot 3^{3/4}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right),-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}}+\frac{2}{5}\sqrt{x^3+1}x\right)+\frac{2}{11}x(x^3+1)^{3/2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]*((2*x*(1 + x^3)^(3/2))/11 + (9*((2*x*Sqrt[1 + x^3])/5 + (2*3^(3/4)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(5*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2*Sqrt[1 + x^3])))/11)/Sqrt[1 + x^3]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 748 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^p/(n*p + 1)), x] + Simp[a*n*(p/(n*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || LtQ[Denominator[p + 1/n], Denominator[p]])`

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)]^2)/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)]^2))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 1151

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c
*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - p)*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] &&
IGtQ[m - p + 1, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
risch	$\frac{2x(5x^3+14)\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{55} + \frac{54\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)\sqrt{x+1}}{55\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
elliptic	$\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}\left(\frac{28x\sqrt{x^3+1}}{55} + \frac{54\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)\sqrt{x+1}}{55\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^3+1}\left(-10x^7+27i\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}},\sqrt{\frac{-i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right)-81\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right)$

input

```
int((x+1)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/55*x*(5*x^3+14)*(x+1)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+54/55*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((
x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)
))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*
EllipticF(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/
2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x+1)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{55} (5x^4 + 14x) \sqrt{x^2 - x + 1} \sqrt{x + 1} + \frac{54}{55} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/55*(5*x^4 + 14*x)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) + 54/55*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)**(3/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(3/2),x)`output `Integral((x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2), x)`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (x+1)^{3/2} (x^2-x+1)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}x^4}{11} + \frac{28\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}x}{55} + \frac{27\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^3+1} dx\right)}{55}$$

input `int((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x)`

output `(10*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)*x**4 + 28*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)*x + 27*int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1))/(x**3 + 1),x))/55`

3.483 $\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	3793
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3793
Rubi [A] (verified)	3794
Maple [A] (verified)	3796
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3796
Sympy [F]	3797
Maxima [F]	3797
Giac [F]	3797
Mupad [F(-1)]	3798
Reduce [F]	3798

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} + \frac{2}{9}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(1+x^3) - \frac{2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1+x^3})}{3\sqrt{1+x^3}}$$

output

```
2/3*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+2/9*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(x^3+1)-2/3*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*arctanh((x^3+1)^(1/2))/(x^3+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2}{9}\left(\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(4+x^3)-3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\right)\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2))/x,x]
```

output

$$(2*(\text{Sqrt}[1 + x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x + x^2]*(4 + x^3) - 3*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x + x^2]]))/9$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {1210, 798, 60, 60, 73, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x+1)^{3/2} (x^2-x+1)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1210$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int \frac{(x^3+1)^{3/2}}{x} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int \frac{(x^3+1)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx^3}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x^3} dx^3 + \frac{2}{3} (x^3+1)^{3/2} \right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx^3 + \frac{2}{3} (x^3+1)^{3/2} + 2\sqrt{x^3+1} \right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{x^6-1} d\sqrt{x^3+1} + \frac{2}{3} (x^3+1)^{3/2} + 2\sqrt{x^3+1} \right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

$$\downarrow 220$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(-2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{x^3+1}\right)+\frac{2}{3}(x^3+1)^{3/2}+2\sqrt{x^3+1}\right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

input `Int[((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2))/x,x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]*(2*Sqrt[1 + x^3] + (2*(1 + x^3)^(3/2))/3 - 2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + x^3]]))/(3*Sqrt[1 + x^3])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1210

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*
e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e,
0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(-x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}+3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{x^3+1}\right)-4\sqrt{x^3+1}\right)}{9\sqrt{x^3+1}}$	57
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}\left(\frac{2x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}}{9}+\frac{8\sqrt{x^3+1}}{9}-\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{x^3+1}\right)}{3}\right)}{x^3+1}$	70

input

```
int((x+1)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/9*(x+1)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(-x^3*(x^3+1)^(1/2)+3*arctanh((x^3+1)^(1/2))
-4*(x^3+1)^(1/2))/(x^3+1)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2}{9}(x^3+4)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} - \frac{1}{3}\log\left(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}+1\right) + \frac{1}{3}\log\left(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}-1\right)$$

input

```
integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/9*(x^3 + 4)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - 1/3*log(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sq
rt(x + 1) + 1) + 1/3*log(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - 1)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)**(3/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(3/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral((x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2)/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^{3/2} (x^2-x+1)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `int(((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2))/x,x)`output `int(((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2))/x, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `int((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x,x)`output `int((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x,x)`

3.484
$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	3799
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3800
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3800
Maple [A] (verified)	3803
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3804
Sympy [F]	3804
Maxima [F]	3804
Giac [F]	3805
Mupad [F(-1)]	3805
Reduce [F]	3805

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 318

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} + \frac{2}{7}x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} + \frac{27\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{7(1+\sqrt{3}+x)} - \frac{27^4\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right)\mid-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{14\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}(1+x^3)} + \frac{9\sqrt{23}^{3/4}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right),-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}(1+x^3)}$$

output

```
-(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x+2/7*x^2*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+27*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(7+7*3^(1/2)+7*x)-27/14*3^(1/4)*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*EllipticE((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)+9/7*2^(1/2)*3^(3/4)*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1+x} \left(\frac{4(1-x+x^2)(-7+2x^3)}{x} - \frac{27\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{-i+\sqrt{3}+2ix}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})} E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{-i+\sqrt{3}+2ix}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}}\right)\right)\right)}{28\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2))/x^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x]*((4*(1 - x + x^2)*(-7 + 2*x^3))/x - (27*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(-I + Sqrt[3] + (2*I)*x)/(-3*I + Sqrt[3])])*((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[((-I)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])]) - (-I + Sqrt[3])*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[((-I)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])]))/Sqrt[((-I)*(1 + x))/(I + Sqrt[3] - (2*I)*x)))/(28*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {1210, 809, 811, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x+1)^{3/2} (x^2-x+1)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 1210

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int \frac{(x^3+1)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

↓ 809

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{2}\int x\sqrt{x^3+1}dx - \frac{(x^3+1)^{3/2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

↓ 811

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{2}\left(\frac{3}{7}\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx + \frac{2}{7}\sqrt{x^3+1}x^2\right) - \frac{(x^3+1)^{3/2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

↓ 832

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{2}\left(\frac{3}{7}\left(\int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx - (1-\sqrt{3})\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx\right) + \frac{2}{7}\sqrt{x^3+1}x^2\right) - \frac{(x^3+1)^{3/2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

↓ 759

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{2}\left(\frac{3}{7}\left(\int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx - \frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}\sqrt{x^3+1}}}\right) + \frac{2}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

↓ 2416

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{2}\left(\frac{3}{7}\left(-\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}\sqrt{x^3+1}}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{x^3+1}}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

input `Int[((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2))/x^2,x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]*(-((1 + x^3)^(3/2)/x) + (9*((2*x^2*Sqrt[1 + x^3])/7 + (3*((2*Sqrt[1 + x^3]))/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x) - (3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2*Sqrt[1 + x^3]) - (2*(1 - Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2*Sqrt[1 + x^3])))/7))/2)/Sqrt[1 + x^3]
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 809

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*
x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/(c^n*(m + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ
[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[(m + n*p + n + 1)/n, 0] && IntB
inomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

rule 811

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*
x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*n*(p/(m + n*p + 1
)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && I
GtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m
, p, x]
```

rule 832

```
Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]
], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-1 - Sqrt[3])*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x
^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x
]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]
```

rule 1210

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*
e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e,
0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```

rule 2416

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = N
umer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)
]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - S
imp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(
(1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt
[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])
*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && Eq
Q[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}(2x^3-7)}{7x} + \frac{27\left(\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3+i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\left(-\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{7\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} + \frac{27\left(\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3+i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\left(-\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{7\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)}{x^3+1}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(27i\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}},\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right)\sqrt{3}x+4x^6+81\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right)}{x^3+1}$

```
input int((x+1)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/7*(x+1)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(2*x^3-7)/x+27/7*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((x+1)
)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^
(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*((
-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*
I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))+(1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+
1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^
(1/2)))*((x+1)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.12

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{(2x^3 - 7)\sqrt{x^2 - x + 1}\sqrt{x + 1} - 27x \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(0, -4, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x))}{7x}$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/7*((2*x^3 - 7)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - 27*x*weierstrassZeta(0, -4, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)))/x`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)**(3/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(3/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2)/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(x^2-x+1)^{3/2} (x+1)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^{3/2} (x^2-x+1)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2))/x^2,x)`

output `int(((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2))/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}x^3 + 20\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} + 27\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^5+x^2}\right)}{7x}$$

input `int((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x^2,x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)*x**3 + 20*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1) + 27*int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1))/(x**5 + x**2),x)*x)/(7*x)`

3.485 $\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	3806
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3807
Rubi [A] (verified)	3807
Maple [A] (verified)	3809
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3810
Sympy [F]	3810
Maxima [F]	3811
Giac [F]	3811
Mupad [F(-1)]	3811
Reduce [F]	3812

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{2x^2} + \frac{2}{5}x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} + \frac{9 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} \sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{10 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} (1+x^3)}$$

output

```
-1/2*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x^2+2/5*x*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+9/10*3^(3/4)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1+x} \left(\frac{2(1-x+x^2)(-5+4x^3)}{x^2} - \frac{27i\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{i+\sqrt{3}-2ix}{3i+\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{-i+\sqrt{3}+2ix}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}} \right)}{20\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2))/x^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x]*((2*(1 - x + x^2)*(-5 + 4*x^3))/x^2 - ((27*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(1 + Sqrt[3] - (2*I)*x)/(3*I + Sqrt[3]])*Sqrt[(-1 + Sqrt[3] + (2*I)*x)/(-3*I + Sqrt[3])])*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[((-1)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3]])]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3]))/Sqrt[((-1)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]))/(20*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {1210, 809, 748, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x+1)^{3/2} (x^2-x+1)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 1210

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int \frac{(x^3+1)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

↓ 809

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{4}\int\sqrt{x^3+1}dx-\frac{(x^3+1)^{3/2}}{2x^2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

↓ 748

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{4}\left(\frac{3}{5}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx+\frac{2}{5}\sqrt{x^3+1}x\right)-\frac{(x^3+1)^{3/2}}{2x^2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

↓ 759

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{4}\left(\frac{2\cdot 3^{3/4}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right),-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}}+\frac{2}{5}\sqrt{x^3+1}x\right)-\frac{(x^3+1)^{3/2}}{2x^2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

input `Int[((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2))/x^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]*(-1/2*(1 + x^3)^(3/2)/x^2 + (9*((2*x*Sqrt[1 + x^3])/5 + (2*3^(3/4)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x]^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(5*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x]^2)*Sqrt[1 + x^3]))/4))/Sqrt[1 + x^3]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 748 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^p/(n*p + 1)), x] + Simp[a*n*(p/(n*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || LtQ[Denominator[p + 1/n], Denominator[p]])`

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*sqrt[a + b*x^3]*sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 809

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*
x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c^(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/(c^n*(m + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ
[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[(m + n*p + n + 1)/n, 0] && IntB
inomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

rule 1210

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*
e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e,
0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}(4x^3-5)}{10x^2} + \frac{27\left(\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3+i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3+i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}}{10\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}}{x^3+1}\left(\frac{2x\sqrt{x^3+1}}{5} + \frac{27\left(\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3+i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3+i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}}{10\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{20x^2(x^3+1)}\left(27i\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\frac{-2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{-2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}},\sqrt{\frac{-i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right)x^2-81\sqrt{\frac{-2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right)$

input

```
int((x+1)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/10*(x+1)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(4*x^3-5)/x^2+27/10*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x+1)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{27x^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x) + (4x^3 - 5)\sqrt{x^2 - x + 1}\sqrt{x + 1}}{10x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/10*(27*x^2*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x) + (4*x^3 - 5)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1))/x^2
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((1+x)**(3/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(3/2)/x**3,x)
```

output

```
Integral((x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2)/x**3, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(x^2-x+1)^{3/2} (x+1)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(x^2-x+1)^{3/2} (x+1)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^{3/2} (x^2-x+1)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2))/x^3,x)`

output `int(((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2))/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} x^3 - 16\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} - 27 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^6+x^3} \right)}{5x^2}$$

input `int((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)*x**3 - 16*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1) - 27*int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1))/(x**6 + x**3),x)*x**2)/(5*x**2)`

3.486 $\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3813
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3814
Rubi [A] (verified)	3814
Maple [A] (verified)	3816
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3817
Sympy [F]	3817
Maxima [F]	3817
Giac [F]	3818
Mupad [F(-1)]	3818
Reduce [F]	3818

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \frac{2x(1+x^3)}{5\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} - \frac{4\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{5^4\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output

```
2/5*x*(x^3+1)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-4/15*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 21.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{6x\sqrt{1+x}(1-x+x^2) - \frac{2i(1+x)\sqrt{1+\frac{6i}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\sqrt{6-\frac{36i}{(3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right), \frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}}{15\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]),x]
```

output

```
(6*x*Sqrt[1 + x]*(1 - x + x^2) - ((2*I)*(1 + x)*Sqrt[1 + (6*I)/((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*Sqrt[6 - (36*I)/((3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])])/(15*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {1210, 843, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1210}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{843}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{2}{5}x\sqrt{x^3+1} - \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

↓ 759

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{2}{5}x\sqrt{x^3+1} - \frac{4\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{5\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

input `Int[x^3/(Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1+x^3]*((2*x*Sqrt[1+x^3])/5 - (4*Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)]^2*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)], -7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(5*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)]^2*Sqrt[1+x^3])))/(Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(s+r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2-r*s*x+r^2*x^2)/((1+Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)]^2)/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a+b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*(s+r*x)/((1+Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)]^2)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1-Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)/((1+Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)], -7-4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 843 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n-1)*(c*x)^(m-n+1)*((a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/(b*(m+n*p+1))), x] - Simp[a*c^n*((m-n+1)/(b*(m+n*p+1))) Int[(c*x)^(m-n)*(a+b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, n-1] && NeQ[m+n*p+1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 1210

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^(m_))*((f._) + (g._)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)
+ (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*
e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e,
0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)} \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{x^3+1}}{5} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + i\sqrt{3}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - i\sqrt{3}}} \right)}{5\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)$
risch	$\frac{2x\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{5} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + i\sqrt{3}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - i\sqrt{3}}} \right) \sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}}{5\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(i\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{-2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}, \sqrt{\frac{-i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right) - 3\sqrt{\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \right)}{5(x^3+1)}$

input

```
int(x^3/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((x+1)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(2/5*x*(x^3+1)^(1/2)-4
/5*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(
1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/
2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/
2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \frac{2}{5} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} \sqrt{x+1} x - \frac{4}{5} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x)$$

input `integrate(x^3/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/5*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x - 4/5*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(1+x)**(1/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^3/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^3/((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}x}{5} - \frac{2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^3+1} dx\right)}{5}$$

input `int(x^3/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)*x - int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1))/(x**3 + 1),x)))/5`

3.487 $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3819
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3819
Rubi [A] (verified)	3820
Maple [A] (verified)	3821
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3821
Sympy [F]	3822
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3822
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3822
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3823
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3823

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}$$

output `2/3*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.043$, Rules used = {1208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

↓ 1208

$$\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}$$

input `Int[x^2/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1208

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^2*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) +
(c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c
*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}
, x] && EqQ[b*e*g*(m + p + 2) + 2*c*(d*g*(p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 3)), 0] &
& EqQ[e*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(m + 1) + (2*c*f - b*g)*(e*f - d*g)*(p + 1)
, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{3}$	18
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{3}$	18
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{3}$	18
orering	$\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{3}$	18
elliptic	$\frac{2\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}\sqrt{x^3+1}}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$	39

input `int(x^2/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3*(x+1)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} \sqrt{x+1}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(1+x)**(1/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \frac{2(x^3+1)}{3\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(x^3 + 1)/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{(x+1)^2 - 3x} \sqrt{x+1}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*sqrt((x + 1)^2 - 3*x)*sqrt(x + 1)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^3+1}}{3}$$

input `int(x^2/((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)),x)`output `(2*(x^3 + 1)^(1/2))/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{3}$$

input `int(x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1))/3`

3.488 $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3824
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3825
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3825
Maple [A] (verified)	3828
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3828
Sympy [F]	3829
Maxima [F]	3829
Giac [F]	3829
Mupad [F(-1)]	3830
Reduce [F]	3830

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 253

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(1+x^3)}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+\sqrt{3}+x)\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right) \mid -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output

```
2*(x^3+1)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(1+x+3^(1/2))/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-3^(1/4)*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*EllipticE((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)), I*3^(1/2)+2*I)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+2/3*2^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)), I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 22.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$$

$$(1+x)^{3/2} \left(\frac{12\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}(1-x+x^2)}{(1+x)^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\sqrt{\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}-\frac{6i}{1+x}}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{-3i+\sqrt{3}+\frac{6i}{1+x}}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}} E\left(\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\middle|\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}}\right) + \frac{i\sqrt{2}(3i-\sqrt{3})}{\sqrt{1+x}} \right)$$

$$6\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]),x]
```

output

```
((1 + x)^(3/2)*((12*Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]*(1 - x + x^2))/(1 + x)^2 +
(3*Sqrt[2]*(1 - I*Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(3*I + Sqrt[3] - (6*I)/(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqr
t[3]])*Sqrt[(-3*I + Sqrt[3] + (6*I)/(1 + x))/(-3*I + Sqrt[3])]*EllipticE[I
*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I -
Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[1 + x] + (I*Sqrt[2]*(3*I + Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(3*I + Sqrt[3] -
(6*I)/(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3]])*Sqrt[(-3*I + Sqrt[3] + (6*I)/(1 + x))/(-3
*I + Sqrt[3])]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x
]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[1 + x]))/(6*Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sq
rt[3])]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {1210, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1210 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \downarrow 832 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - (1-\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \downarrow 759 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \downarrow 2416 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(-\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [x/(Sqrt [1 + x]*Sqrt [1 - x + x^2]), x]`

output `(Sqrt [1 + x^3]*((2*Sqrt [1 + x^3])/(1 + Sqrt [3] + x) - (3^(1/4)*Sqrt [2 - Sqrt [3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt [(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt [3] + x)^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin [(1 - Sqrt [3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt [3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt [3]])/(Sqrt [(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt [3] + x)^2]*Sqrt [1 + x^3]) - (2*(1 - Sqrt [3])*Sqrt [2 + Sqrt [3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt [(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt [3] + x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin [(1 - Sqrt [3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt [3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt [3]])/(3^(1/4)*Sqrt [(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt [3] + x)^2]*Sqrt [1 + x^3]))/(Sqrt [1 + x]*Sqrt [1 - x + x^2])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 832

```
Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]
], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 - Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x
^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x
]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]
```

rule 1210

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*
e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e,
0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```

rule 2416

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = N
umer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)
]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - S
imp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/
(1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x]^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt
[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])
*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && Eq
Q[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```


Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
elliptic	$2\left(\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3+i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\left(-\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3+i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)+\left(\frac{1+i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3+i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(i\sqrt{3}-3\right)\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\left(i\text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}},\sqrt{\frac{-i\sqrt{3}-3}{-i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right)\sqrt{3}-i\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}},\sqrt{\frac{-i\sqrt{3}-3}{-i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right)\right)}{2x^3+2}$

```
input int(x/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*((-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))*((x+1)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.04

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = -2 \text{weierstrassZeta}(0, -4, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x))$$

```
input integrate(x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -2*weierstrassZeta(0, -4, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(1+x)**(1/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(x/(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `int(x/((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)), x)`output `int(x/((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}x}{x^3+1} dx$$

input `int(x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2), x)`output `int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)*x)/(x**3 + 1), x)`

3.489 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3831
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3831
Rubi [A] (verified)	3832
Maple [A] (verified)	3833
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3834
Sympy [F]	3834
Maxima [F]	3835
Giac [F]	3835
Mupad [F(-1)]	3835
Reduce [F]	3836

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output

```
2/3*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)
)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/((1+x)/(1+x
+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 20.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{i(1+x)\sqrt{1+\frac{6i}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}-\frac{4i}{(3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right),\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]),x]
```

output

```
(I*(1 + x)*Sqrt[1 + (6*I)/((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*Sqrt[2/3 - (4*I)/((3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])])/(Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1151, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1151$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

$$\downarrow 759$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right),-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 1151 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - p)*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && IGtQ[m - p + 1, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(-i\sqrt{3}+3)\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{-2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}},\sqrt{\frac{-i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right)}{x^3+1}$	137
elliptic	$\frac{2\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}}{\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$	145

input `int(1/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
(-I*3^(1/2)+3)*(x+1)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(-2*(x+1)/(I*3^(1/2)-3))^(1/2)*
((I*3^(1/2)-2*x+1)/(I*3^(1/2)+3))^(1/2)*((I*3^(1/2)+2*x-1)/(I*3^(1/2)-3))^(
1/2)*EllipticF((-2*(x+1)/(I*3^(1/2)-3))^(1/2),(-I*3^(1/2)-3)/(I*3^(1/2)+
3))^(1/2))/(x^3+1)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.05

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = 2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x)$$

input

```
integrate(1/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(1+x)**(1/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `int(1/((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^3+1} dx$$

input `int(1/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1))/(x**3 + 1),x)`

3.490 $\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3837
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3837
Rubi [A] (verified)	3838
Maple [A] (verified)	3839
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3840
Sympy [F]	3840
Maxima [F]	3841
Giac [F]	3841
Mupad [F(-1)]	3841
Reduce [F]	3842

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{1+x^3}\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1+x^3})}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output `-2/3*(x^3+1)^(1/2)*arctanh((x^3+1)^(1/2))/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 7.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = -\frac{2}{3}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{3-3(1+x)+(1+x)^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[3-3*(1+x)+(1+x)^2]])/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {1210, 798, 73, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1210} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx^3}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x^6-1} d\sqrt{x^3+1}}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{220} \\
 & -\frac{2\sqrt{x^3+1} \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{x^3+1})}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[1 + x^3]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + x^3]])/(3*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 220

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-
1)*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] &&
(LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 1210

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*
e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e,
0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{x^3+1}\right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}}$	33
elliptic	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{x^3+1}\right)}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$	40

input

```
int(1/x/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $-2/3*(x+1)^{(1/2)}*(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}((x^3+1)^{(1/2)})/(x^3+1)^{(1/2)}$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{3} \log\left(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}+1\right) + \frac{1}{3} \log\left(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}-1\right)$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-1/3*\log(\operatorname{sqrt}(x^2-x+1)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x+1)+1)+1/3*\log(\operatorname{sqrt}(x^2-x+1)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x+1)-1)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)**(1/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*sqrt(x+1)*sqrt(x**2-x+1)),x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x)`

3.491 $\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3843
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3844
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3844
Maple [A] (verified)	3847
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3847
Sympy [F]	3848
Maxima [F]	3848
Giac [F]	3848
Mupad [F(-1)]	3849
Reduce [F]	3849

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 282

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1+x^3}{x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{1+x^3}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+\sqrt{3}+x)\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right) \mid -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output

```

-(x^3+1)/x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+(x^3+1)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(1+x+3^(1/2))/(
x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-1/2*3^(1/4)*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1
)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2
*I)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+1/3*2^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)*
((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*
3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
    
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} + \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} \left(\frac{12 \sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}(1-x+x^2)}{(1+x)^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}) \sqrt{\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}-6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{-3i+\sqrt{3}+6i}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}} E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{1+x}} \right)}{12 \sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \dots$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2]),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])/x) + ((1+x)^(3/2)*((12*Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]*(1-x+x^2))/(1+x)^2 + (3*Sqrt[2]*(1-I*Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(3*I+Sqrt[3]-6*I)/(1+x)]/(3*I+Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(-3*I+Sqrt[3]+6*I)/(1+x)]/(-3*I+Sqrt[3]))*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]]/Sqrt[1+x]], (3*I+Sqrt[3])/(3*I-Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[1+x] + (I*Sqrt[2]*(3*I+Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(3*I+Sqrt[3]-6*I)/(1+x)]/(3*I+Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(-3*I+Sqrt[3]+6*I)/(1+x)]/(-3*I+Sqrt[3]))*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]]/Sqrt[1+x]], (3*I+Sqrt[3])/(3*I-Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[1+x]))/(12*Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {1210, 847, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1210 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \downarrow 847 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \downarrow 832 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - (1-\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \downarrow 759 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \downarrow 2416 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1+x^3]*(-(Sqrt[1+x^3])/x) + ((2*Sqrt[1+x^3])/(1+Sqrt[3]+x) - (3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2-Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)]^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)], -7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)]^2*Sqrt[1+x^3]) - (2*(1-Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)]^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)], -7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)]^2*Sqrt[1+x^3]))/2)/(Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 832

```
Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]
], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 - Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x
^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]
```

rule 847

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x
)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + n*(p + 1)
+ 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p
, x]
```

rule 1210

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*
e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e,
0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```

rule 2416

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = N
umer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)
]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - S
imp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(
(1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt
[3])*s + r*x)^2)))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])
*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && Eq
Q[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} + \frac{\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \left(-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) + \right.$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x} + \frac{\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \left(-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}\right)$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x} \left(i\sqrt{\frac{-2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{-2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}, \sqrt{\frac{-i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) \sqrt{3}x - 6\sqrt{\frac{-2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \right)$

```
input int(1/x^2/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((x+1)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(-1/x*(x^3+1)^(1/2)+(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))*((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*((-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))+((1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{x\text{weierstrassZeta}(0, -4, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x)) + \sqrt{x^2 - x + 1}\sqrt{x + 1}}{x}$$

```
input integrate(1/x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `-(x*weierstrassZeta(0, -4, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)) + sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1))/x`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(1+x)**(1/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \sqrt{x+1} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \sqrt{x+1} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^5+x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1))/(x**5 + x**2),x)`

3.492 $\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3850
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3851
Rubi [A] (verified)	3851
Maple [A] (verified)	3853
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3854
Sympy [F]	3854
Maxima [F]	3854
Giac [F]	3855
Mupad [F(-1)]	3855
Reduce [F]	3855

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-1-x^3}{2x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output

```
1/2*(-x^3-1)/x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-1/6*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))
*(1+x)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+
x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(
1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{6\sqrt{1+x}(1-x+x^2)}{x^2} - \frac{i(1+x)\sqrt{1+\frac{6i}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\sqrt{6-\frac{36i}{(3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right), \frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}}{12\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]),x]`

output `((-6*Sqrt[1 + x]*(1 - x + x^2))/x^2 - (I*(1 + x)*Sqrt[1 + (6*I)/((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*Sqrt[6 - (36*I)/((3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])])/(12*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {1210, 847, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1210$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{x^3+1}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

$$\downarrow 847$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(-\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{2x^2} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

↓ 759

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{2x^2} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1+x^3]*(-1/2*Sqrt[1+x^3]/x^2 - (Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)], -7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(2*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)^2]*Sqrt[1+x^3]))/(Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(s+r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2-r*s*x+r^2*x^2)/((1+Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a+b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s+r*x)/((1+Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1-Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)/((1+Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)], -7-4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 847 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m+1)*((a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/(a*c*(m+1))), x] - Simp[b*(m+n*(p+1)+1)/(a*c^n*(m+1)) Int[(c*x)^(m+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 1210

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^(m_))*((f._) + (g._)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)
+ (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*
e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e,
0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{2x^2} - \frac{\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{2x^2} - \frac{\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) \sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}}{2\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(i\sqrt{3} \sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}, \sqrt{\frac{-i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) x^2 - 3\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right)}{4x^2(x^3+1)}$

input

```
int(1/x^3/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((x+1)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(-1/2/x^2*(x^3+1)^(1/2)
)-1/2*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*
3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(
1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((
-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = -\frac{x^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x) + \sqrt{x^2 - x + 1} \sqrt{x + 1}}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(x^2*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x) + sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1))/x^2`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(1+x)**(1/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 - x + 1} \sqrt{x + 1} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \sqrt{x+1} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x^3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^6+x^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1))/(x**6 + x**3),x)`

3.493 $\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3856
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3856
Rubi [A] (verified)	3857
Maple [A] (verified)	3859
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3859
Sympy [F]	3860
Maxima [F]	3860
Giac [F]	3860
Mupad [F(-1)]	3861
Reduce [F]	3861

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2x}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{4\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{3^4\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+4/9*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)), I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 21.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{6x}{\sqrt{1+x}} + \frac{2i(1+x)\sqrt{1+\frac{6i}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\sqrt{6-\frac{36i}{(3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}\right)}{9\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((-6*x)/Sqrt[1 + x] + ((2*I)*(1 + x)*Sqrt[1 + (6*I)/((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*Sqrt[6 - (36*I)/((3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])])/(9*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {1210, 817, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3}{(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1210} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{x^3}{(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{4\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{3\sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3/((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[1 + x^3]*((-2*x)/(3*Sqrt[1 + x^3]) + (4*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^3]))/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]
```

rule 817

```
Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m + 1, n] && ! ILtQ[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

rule 1210

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)} \left(-\frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{4\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
risch	$-\frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} + \frac{4\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) \sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(i\sqrt{3} \sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}, \sqrt{\frac{-i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) - 3\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right)}{3(x^3+1)}$

```
input int(x^3/(x+1)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((x+1)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(-2/3*x/(x^3+1)^(1/2)+
4/3*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x - 2(x^3+1)\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(0,-4,x))}{3(x^3+1)}$$

```
input integrate(x^3/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -2/3*(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x - 2*(x^3 + 1)*weierstrassPInverse(0,
-4, x))/(x^3 + 1)
```


Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(1+x)**(3/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/((x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^3/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`output `int(x^3/((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}x + 2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^6+2x^3+1} dx\right)x^3 + 2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^6+2x^3+1} dx\right)}{x^3+1}$$

input `int(x^3/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2), x)`output `(2*(-sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)*x + int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1))/(x**6 + 2*x**3 + 1), x)*x**3 + int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1))/(x**6 + 2*x**3 + 1), x)))/(x**3 + 1)`

$$3.494 \quad \int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3862
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3862
Rubi [A] (verified)	3863
Maple [A] (verified)	3864
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3864
Sympy [F]	3865
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3865
Giac [F]	3865
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3866
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3866

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output

```
-2/3/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/((1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
-2/(3*Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.043$, Rules used = {1208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1208

$$-\frac{2}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

input `Int[x^2/((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-2/(3*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1208

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^2*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) +
(c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c
*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}
, x] && EqQ[b*e*g*(m + p + 2) + 2*c*(d*g*(p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 3)), 0] &
& EqQ[e*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(m + 1) + (2*c*f - b*g)*(e*f - d*g)*(p + 1)
, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$	18
risch	$-\frac{2}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$	18
orering	$-\frac{2}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$	18
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{3(x^3+1)}$	25
elliptic	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x^3+1}}$	39

input `int(x^2/(x+1)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}{3(x^3+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)/(x^3 + 1)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(1+x)**(3/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/((x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{3\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/3/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1))`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

input `int(x^2/((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)),x)`output `-2/(3*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{3\sqrt{x+1}(x^2-x+1)}$$

input `int(x^2/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x)`output `(- 2*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1))/(3*sqrt(x + 1)*(x**2 - x + 1))`

3.495 $\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3867
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3868
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3868
Maple [A] (verified)	3871
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3871
Sympy [F]	3872
Maxima [F]	3872
Giac [F]	3872
Mupad [F(-1)]	3873
Reduce [F]	3873

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 282

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} - \frac{2(1+x^3)}{3\sqrt{1+x}(1+\sqrt{3}+x)\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right) \mid -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{3^{3/4}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{3^4\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output

```
2/3*x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-2/3*(x^3+1)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(1+x+3^(1/2))/
(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+1/3*3^(1/4)*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+
1)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+
2*I)/(((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-2/9*2^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)
*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I
*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/(((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

$$(1+x)^{3/2} \left(\frac{12\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}(1-x+x^2)}{(1+x)^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\sqrt{\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}-6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{-3i+\sqrt{3}+6i}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}} E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right)\Big|_{\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}}}} + \frac{i\sqrt{2}(3i-\sqrt{3})}{\sqrt{1+x}} \right) + \frac{18\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{\sqrt{1+x}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(2*x^2)/(3*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]) - ((1 + x)^(3/2)*((12*Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]*(1 - x + x^2))/(1 + x)^2 + (3*Sqrt[2]*(1 - I*Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(3*I + Sqrt[3] - (6*I)/(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3]])*Sqrt[(-3*I + Sqrt[3] + (6*I)/(1 + x))/(-3*I + Sqrt[3])] * EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x] + (I*Sqrt[2]*(3*I + Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(3*I + Sqrt[3] - (6*I)/(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3]])*Sqrt[(-3*I + Sqrt[3] + (6*I)/(1 + x))/(-3*I + Sqrt[3])] * EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]))/(18*Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {1210, 819, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1210 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{x}{(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \downarrow 819 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \downarrow 832 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left((1-\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right) + \frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \downarrow 759 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}\sqrt{x^3+1}}} - \int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right) + \frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \downarrow 2416 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}\sqrt{x^3+1}}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}\sqrt{x^3+1}}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/((1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1+x^3]*((2*x^2)/(3*Sqrt[1+x^3]))+((-2*Sqrt[1+x^3])/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)+(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2-Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)],-7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2)*Sqrt[1+x^3]))+(2*(1-Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)],-7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2)*Sqrt[1+x^3]))/3)/(Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 819

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(
c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p +
1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p
, x]
```

rule 832

```
Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]
], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 - Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x
^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x
]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]
```

rule 1210

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*
e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e,
0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```

rule 2416

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = N
umer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)
]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - S
imp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(
(1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt
[3])*s + r*x)^2)))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])
*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && Eq
Q[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)} \left(\frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{2\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\left(-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) + \dots$
risch	$\frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \frac{2\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\left(-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} + \left(\frac{1}{2} + \dots\right)$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \left(i\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}},\sqrt{\frac{-i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) + 3\sqrt{\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\dots} \right)$

```
input int(x/(x+1)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((x+1)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(2/3/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*x^2
-2/3*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3
^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(
1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*((-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2
*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))+(1/2
+1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3
^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.15

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x^2 + (x^3+1)\text{weierstrassZeta}(0,-4,\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0,-4,x)))}{3(x^3+1)}$$

```
input integrate(x/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/3*(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x^2 + (x^3 + 1)*weierstrassZeta(0, -4,
weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)))/(x^3 + 1)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(1+x)**(3/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(x/((x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`output `int(x/((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}x}{x^6+2x^3+1} dx$$

input `int(x/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2), x)`output `int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)*x)/(x**6 + 2*x**3 + 1), x)`

3.496 $\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3874
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3874
Rubi [A] (verified)	3875
Maple [A] (verified)	3877
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3877
Sympy [F]	3878
Maxima [F]	3878
Giac [F]	3878
Mupad [F(-1)]	3879
Reduce [F]	3879

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{3^4\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output

```
2/3*x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+2/9*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2)
)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),
I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 20.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \sqrt{3-3(1+x)+(1+x)^2} \left(-\frac{2}{9\sqrt{1+x}} + \frac{2(1+x)^{3/2}}{9(3-3(1+x)+(1+x)^2)} \right) +$$

input `Integrate[1/((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `Sqrt[3 - 3*(1 + x) + (1 + x)^2]*(-2/(9*Sqrt[1 + x])) + (2*(1 + x)^(3/2))/(9*(3 - 3*(1 + x) + (1 + x)^2)) + ((I/3)*Sqrt[2/3]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[1 - 6/((3 - I*Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*Sqrt[1 - 6/((3 + I*Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-6/(3 - I*Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3 - I*Sqrt[3])/(3 + I*Sqrt[3])])]/(Sqrt[-(3 - I*Sqrt[3])^(-1)]*Sqrt[3 - 3*(1 + x) + (1 + x)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {1151, 749, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1151} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{749} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx + \frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{3\sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[1 + x^3]*((2*x)/(3*Sqrt[1 + x^3]) + (2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqr
t[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1
+ Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] +
x)^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^3])))/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 749

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^(p +
1)/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^
n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (Inte
gerQ[2*p] || Denominator[p + 1/n] < Denominator[p])
```

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 1151

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c
*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - p)*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] &&
IGtQ[m - p + 1, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)} \left(\frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{3}{2}-i\sqrt{3}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-i\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-i\sqrt{3}}{-\frac{3}{2}-i\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+i\sqrt{3}}{-\frac{3}{2}+i\sqrt{3}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-i\sqrt{3}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+i\sqrt{3}}{-\frac{3}{2}-i\sqrt{3}}}\right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
risch	$\frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{3}{2}-i\sqrt{3}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-i\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-i\sqrt{3}}{-\frac{3}{2}-i\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+i\sqrt{3}}{-\frac{3}{2}+i\sqrt{3}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-i\sqrt{3}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+i\sqrt{3}}{-\frac{3}{2}-i\sqrt{3}}}\right)\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{3(x^3+1)} \left(i\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}},\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) - 3\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right)$

```
input int(1/(x+1)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((x+1)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(2/3*x/(x^3+1)^(1/2)+2/3*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x + (x^3+1)\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(0,-4,x))}{3(x^3+1)}$$

```
input integrate(1/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/3*(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x + (x^3 + 1)*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x))/(x^3 + 1)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)**(3/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/((x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x+1)^{3/2} (x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`output `int(1/((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^6+2x^3+1} dx$$

input `int(1/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2), x)`output `int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1))/(x**6 + 2*x**3 + 1), x)`

3.497 $\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3880
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3880
Rubi [A] (verified)	3881
Maple [A] (verified)	3883
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3883
Sympy [F]	3884
Maxima [F]	3884
Giac [F]	3884
Mupad [F(-1)]	3885
Reduce [F]	3885

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1+x^3}\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1+x^3})}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output `2/3/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-2/3*(x^3+1)^(1/2)*arctanh((x^3+1)^(1/2))/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 12.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(\sqrt{1+x} - (1+x)^2 \sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+x)^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+x)^2}}}\right)\right)}{3(1+x)\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output

$$(2*(\text{Sqrt}[1 + x] - (1 + x)^2*\text{Sqrt}[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + x)^2]*\text{ArcTanh}[1/((1 + x)^{(3/2})*\text{Sqrt}[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + x)^2]]))/(3*(1 + x)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x + x^2])$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {1210, 798, 61, 73, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1210 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x^3(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx^3}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 61 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx^3 + \frac{2}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 73 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{x^6-1} d\sqrt{x^3+1} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 220 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} - 2\text{arctanh}(\sqrt{x^3+1}) \right)}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[1/(x*(1+x)^{(3/2})*(1-x+x^2)^{(3/2})),x]$$

output $(\sqrt{1+x^3}*(2/\sqrt{1+x^3} - 2*\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{1+x^3}]))/ (3*\sqrt{1+x}*\sqrt{1-x+x^2})$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 61 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n+1)})/((b*c - a*d)*(m+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m+n+2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m+1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x\} \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{!(LtQ}[n, -1] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \mid\mid (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m-n, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[n])) \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m+1)-1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^{p/b})^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 220 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \mid\mid \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 798 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n] - 1)}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]]$

rule 1210 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]})/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}] \text{Int}[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}[b*d + a*e, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d + b*e, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[m, p]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{x^3+1}\right)\sqrt{x^3+1}-1\right)}{3(x^3+1)}$	43
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}\left(\frac{2}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}}-\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{x^3+1}\right)}{3}\right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$	51
risch	$\frac{2}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}-\frac{2\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{x^3+1}\right)}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$	58

input `int(1/x/(x+1)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/3*(x+1)^{(1/2)}*(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}*(\operatorname{arctanh}((x^3+1)^{(1/2)})*(x^3+1)^{(1/2)}-1)/(x^3+1)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(x^3+1)\log(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}+1) - (x^3+1)\log(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}-1) - 2\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}{3(x^3+1)}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/3*((x^3+1)*\log(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}+1) - (x^3+1)*\log(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}-1) - 2*\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1})/(x^3+1)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)**(3/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*(x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`output `int(1/(x*(x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2), x)`output `int(1/x/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2), x)`

3.498 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3886
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3887
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3887
Maple [A] (verified)	3890
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3891
Sympy [F]	3891
Maxima [F]	3892
Giac [F]	3892
Mupad [F(-1)]	3892
Reduce [F]	3893

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 316

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} - \frac{5(1+x^3)}{3x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{5(1+x^3)}{3\sqrt{1+x}(1+\sqrt{3}+x)\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} - \frac{5\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right) \mid -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{2 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output

```
2/3/x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-5/3*(x^3+1)/x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
)+5/3*(x^3+1)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(1+x+3^(1/2))/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-5/6*3^(1/4)*(1/2*6
^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*Elliptic
E(((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2))),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)/(((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)
/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+5/9*2^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)
)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/(((1+x)/(1+x+
3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{3+5x^3}{3x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{5(1+x)^{3/2} \left(\frac{12\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}(1-x+x^2)}{(1+x)^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\sqrt{\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}-6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{-3i+\sqrt{3}+6i}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}} E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\middle|\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}}\right)}{36\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{i\sqrt{2}(3i-\sqrt{3})}{36\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} \right)}{36\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/3*(3+5*x^3)/(x*Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])+(5*(1+x)^(3/2)*((12*Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]*(1-x+x^2))/(1+x)^2+(3*Sqrt[2]*(1-I*Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(3*I+Sqrt[3]-(6*I)/(1+x))/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]*Sqrt[(-3*I+Sqrt[3]+(6*I)/(1+x))/(-3*I+Sqrt[3])]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1+x]],(3*I+Sqrt[3])/(3*I-Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[1+x]+(I*Sqrt[2]*(3*I+Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(3*I+Sqrt[3]-(6*I)/(1+x))/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]*Sqrt[(-3*I+Sqrt[3]+(6*I)/(1+x))/(-3*I+Sqrt[3])]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1+x]],(3*I+Sqrt[3])/(3*I-Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[1+x]))/(36*Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {1210, 819, 847, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{x^2(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1210} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x^2(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{5}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx + \frac{2}{3x\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{847} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} \right) + \frac{2}{3x\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{832} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - (1-\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} \right) + \frac{2}{3x\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} \right) + \frac{2}{3x\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2416} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}\sqrt{x^3+1}}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} E}{\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \right) + \frac{2}{3x\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[1 + x^3]*(2/(3*x*Sqrt[1 + x^3]) + (5*(-Sqrt[1 + x^3]/x) + ((2*Sqrt[1 + x^3])/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x) - (3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2*Sqrt[1 + x^3]) - (2*(1 - Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2*Sqrt[1 + x^3]))/2))/3)/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)]^2)/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])]*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]
```

rule 819

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

rule 832

```
Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 - Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]
```

rule 847

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

rule 1210

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)
+ (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*
e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e,
0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```

rule 2416

```
Int[((c_) + (d._)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b._)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = N
umer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)
]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - S
imp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(
(1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*(s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt
[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])
*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && Eq
Q[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)} \left(-\frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} + \frac{5\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \left(-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \text{EllipticE} \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)$
risch	$-\frac{5x^3+3}{3x\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} + \frac{5\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \left(-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \text{EllipticE} \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \left(5i\sqrt{\frac{-2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \text{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{-2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}, \sqrt{\frac{-i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right) \sqrt{3}x+15\sqrt{\frac{-2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right)$

input

```
int(1/x^2/(x+1)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((x+1)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(-2/3/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*x^2-1/x*(x^3+1)^(1/2)+5/3*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*((-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticE((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.15

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(5x^3+3)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} + 5(x^4+x)\text{weierstrassZeta}(0, -4, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x))}{3(x^4+x)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/3*((5*x^3 + 3)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) + 5*(x^4 + x)*weierstrassZeta(0, -4, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)))/(x^4 + x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**2/(1+x)**(3/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**2*(x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2)), x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^8+2x^5+x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1))/(x**8 + 2*x**5 + x**2),x)`

3.499 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3894
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3895
Rubi [A] (verified)	3895
Maple [A] (verified)	3897
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3898
Sympy [F]	3898
Maxima [F]	3898
Giac [F]	3899
Mupad [F(-1)]	3899
Reduce [F]	3899

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} - \frac{7(1+x^3)}{6x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{7\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{6\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output

```
2/3/x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-7/6*(x^3+1)/x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-7/18*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{6(3+7x^3)}{x^2\sqrt{1+x}} - \frac{7i(1+x)\sqrt{1+\frac{6i}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\sqrt{6-\frac{36i}{(3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}\right)\right)}{36\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}}{36\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((-6*(3+7*x^3))/(x^2*sqrt[1+x]) - ((7*I)*(1+x)*sqrt[1+(6*I)/((-3*I+Sqrt[3])*(1+x))]*sqrt[6-(36*I)/((3*I+Sqrt[3])*(1+x))]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]/sqrt[1+x]],(3*I+Sqrt[3])/(3*I-Sqrt[3])])/sqrt[(-I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])])/(36*sqrt[1-x+x^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {1210, 819, 847, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^3(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1210} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x^3(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{7}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx + \frac{2}{3x^2\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 847 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{7}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{2x^2} \right) + \frac{2}{3x^2\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 \downarrow 759 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{7}{3} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{2^4\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2} \sqrt{x^3+1}}} - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{2x^2} \right) + \frac{2}{3x^2\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1+x^3]*(2/(3*x^2*Sqrt[1+x^3]) + (7*(-1/2*Sqrt[1+x^3]/x^2 - (Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)], -7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(2*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)]*Sqrt[1+x^3])))/3)/(Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(s+r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2-r*s*x+r^2*x^2)/((1+Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a+b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s+r*x)/((1+Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1-Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)/((1+Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)], -7-4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 819 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m+1))*((a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/(a*c*n*(p+1))), x] + Simp[(m+n*(p+1)+1)/(a*n*(p+1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 847

```
Int[((c.)*(x.))^(m.)*((a.) + (b.)*(x.^(n.))^(p.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

rule 1210

```
Int[((d.) + (e.)*(x.))^(m.)*((f.) + (g.)*(x.))^(n.)*((a.) + (b.)*(x.) + (c.)*(x.)^2)^(p.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)} \left(-\frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{2x^2} - \frac{7\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{6\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
risch	$-\frac{7x^3+3}{6x^2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} - \frac{7\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) \sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}}{6\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(7i\sqrt{3} \sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}, \sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) x^2 - 21 \sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right)}{12(x^3+1)x^2}$

input

```
int(1/x^3/(x+1)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((x+1)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(-2/3*x/(x^3+1)^(1/2)-1/2/x^2*(x^3+1)^(1/2)-7/6*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2), ((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(7x^3+3)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}+7(x^5+x^2)\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0,-4,x)}{6(x^5+x^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*((7*x^3 + 3)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) + 7*(x^5 + x^2)*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x))/(x^5 + x^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(1+x)**(3/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*(x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)*x^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)*x^3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^9+2x^6+x^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1))/(x**9 + 2*x**6 + x**3),x)`

3.500 $\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3900
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3901
Rubi [A] (verified)	3901
Maple [A] (verified)	3903
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3904
Sympy [F]	3904
Maxima [F]	3904
Giac [F]	3905
Mupad [F(-1)]	3905
Reduce [F]	3905

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 168

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4x}{27\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} - \frac{9\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(1+x^3)}{2x} + \frac{4\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{27\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output

```
4/27*x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-2/9*x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(x^3+
1)+4/81*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^2)^(
1/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/((1+x)/
(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 21.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{6x(-1+2x^3)}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)} + \frac{2i(1+x)\sqrt{1+\frac{6i}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\sqrt{6-\frac{36i}{(3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}\right)\right)}{81\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/((1 + x)^(5/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((6*x*(-1 + 2*x^3))/((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)) + ((2*I)*(1 + x)*Sqrt[1 + (6*I)/((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*Sqrt[6 - (36*I)/((3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))])*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])])/(81*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {1210, 817, 749, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1210}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{x^3}{(x^3+1)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{817}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}\left(\frac{2}{9}\int\frac{1}{(x^3+1)^{3/2}}dx-\frac{2x}{9(x^3+1)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

↓ 749

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}\left(\frac{2}{9}\left(\frac{1}{3}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx+\frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)-\frac{2x}{9(x^3+1)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

↓ 759

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}\left(\frac{2}{9}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right),-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{3\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}}+\frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)-\frac{2x}{9(x^3+1)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

input `Int[x^3/((1+x)^(5/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1+x^3]*((-2*x)/(9*(1+x^3)^(3/2)))+(2*((2*x)/(3*Sqrt[1+x^3]))+(2*Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)],-7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(3*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)^2]*Sqrt[1+x^3]))/9)/(Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 749 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || Denominator[p + 1/n] < Denominator[p])`

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 817 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^n *((m - n + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m + 1, n] && ! ILtQ[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 1210 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)} \left(-\frac{2x}{9(x^3+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{4x}{27\sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{4\left(\frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-i\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{-\frac{3}{2}-i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+i\sqrt{3}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2}-i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+i\sqrt{3}}{-\frac{3}{2}-i\sqrt{3}}}\right)}{27\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$-\frac{2\left(i\sqrt{3} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{-2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}, \sqrt{\frac{-i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right)x^3 \sqrt{\frac{-2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} - 3 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{-2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}, \sqrt{\frac{-i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right)x^3 \sqrt{\frac{-2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}\right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$

input `int(x^3/(x+1)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((x+1)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(-2/9*x/(x^3+1)^(3/2)+4/27*x/(x^3+1)^(1/2)+4/27*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2), ((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2((2x^4-x)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}+2(x^6+2x^3+1)\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0,-4,x))}{27(x^6+2x^3+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/27*((2*x^4 - x)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) + 2*(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x))/(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(1+x)**(5/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/((x + 1)**(5/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}(x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^3/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/((x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(x^3/((x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}x + 2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^9+3x^6+3x^3+1} dx\right)x^6 + 4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^9+3x^6+3x^3+1} dx\right)}{7x^6 + 14x^3 + 7}$$

input `int(x^3/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*(-sqrt(x+1)*sqrt(x**2-x+1)*x + int((sqrt(x+1)*sqrt(x**2-x+1))/(x**9+3*x**6+3*x**3+1),x))*x**6 + 2*int((sqrt(x+1)*sqrt(x**2-x+1))/(x**9+3*x**6+3*x**3+1),x))*x**3 + int((sqrt(x+1)*sqrt(x**2-x+1))/(x**9+3*x**6+3*x**3+1),x))/(7*(x**6+2*x**3+1))`

$$3.501 \quad \int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3906
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3906
Rubi [A] (verified)	3907
Maple [A] (verified)	3908
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3908
Sympy [F]	3909
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3909
Giac [F]	3909
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3910
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3910

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{9(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2/9/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{9(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/((1+x)^(5/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
-2/(9*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.043$, Rules used = {1208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1208

$$-\frac{2}{9(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[x^2/((1+x)^(5/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `-2/(9*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1208 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^2*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*e*g*(m + p + 2) + 2*c*(d*g*(p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 3)), 0] && EqQ[e*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(m + 1) + (2*c*f - b*g)*(e*f - d*g)*(p + 1), 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2}{9(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	18
orering	$-\frac{2}{9(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	18
default	$-\frac{2}{9\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}(x^3+1)}$	25
elliptic	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}}{9\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}(x^3+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	39

input `int(x^2/(x+1)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/9/(x+1)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}{9(x^6+2x^3+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/9*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)/(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(1+x)**(5/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/((x + 1)**(5/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{9(x^3+1)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/9/((x^3 + 1)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1))`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.57

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{5/2} (1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{18\sqrt{x+1}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2} - 18x\sqrt{x+1}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}}{(x+1)(81x(x^2-x+1)^4 - 162(x^2-x+1)^4 + 81(x^2-x+1)^5)}$$

input `int(x^2/((x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)),x)`output `(18*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2) - 18*x*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2))/((x + 1)*(81*x*(x^2 - x + 1)^4 - 162*(x^2 - x + 1)^4 + 81*(x^2 - x + 1)^5))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{5/2} (1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{9\sqrt{x+1}(x^5-x^4+x^3+x^2-x+1)}$$

input `int(x^2/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x)`output `(- 2*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1))/(9*sqrt(x + 1)*(x**5 - x**4 + x**3 + x**2 - x + 1))`

3.502 $\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3911
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3912
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3912
Maple [A] (verified)	3915
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3916
Sympy [F]	3916
Maxima [F]	3916
Giac [F]	3917
Mupad [F(-1)]	3917
Reduce [F]	3917

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 318

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{10x^2}{27\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{2x^2}{9\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(1+x^3)} - \frac{10(1+x^3)}{27\sqrt{1+x}(1+\sqrt{3}+x)\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right) \mid -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{9 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} - \frac{10\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{27\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

```
output 10/27*x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+2/9*x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/
(x^3+1)-10/27*(x^3+1)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(1+x+3^(1/2))/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+5/27*3^(1/
4)*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)
*EllipticE((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2))
^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-10/81*2^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)
))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/((
1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x^2(8+5x^3)}{27(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} + 5(1+x)^{3/2} \left(\frac{12\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}(1-x+x^2)}{(1+x)^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\sqrt{\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}-\frac{6i}{1+x}}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{-3i+\sqrt{3}+\frac{6i}{1+x}}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}} E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\Big|_{\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}}}\right) + i\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}}\right) \right) + \frac{162\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{162\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x/((1+x)^(5/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(2*x^2*(8+5*x^3))/(27*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2)) - (5*(1+x)^(3/2)*((12*Sqrt[(-1)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]*(1-x+x^2))/(1+x)^2 + (3*Sqrt[2]*(1-I*Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(3*I+Sqrt[3]-(6*I)/(1+x))/(3*I+Sqrt[3]])*Sqrt[(-3*I+Sqrt[3]+(6*I)/(1+x))/(-3*I+Sqrt[3])]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1+x]],(3*I+Sqrt[3])/(3*I-Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[1+x] + (I*Sqrt[2]*(3*I+Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(3*I+Sqrt[3]-(6*I)/(1+x))/(3*I+Sqrt[3]])*Sqrt[(-3*I+Sqrt[3]+(6*I)/(1+x))/(-3*I+Sqrt[3])]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1+x]],(3*I+Sqrt[3])/(3*I-Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[1+x]))/(162*Sqrt[(-1)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {1210, 819, 819, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x}{(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1210} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{x}{(x^3+1)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{5}{9} \int \frac{x}{(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2x^2}{9(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{5}{9} \left(\frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right) + \frac{2x^2}{9(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{832} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{5}{9} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left((1-\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right) + \frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) + \frac{2x^2}{9(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{5}{9} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2} \sqrt{x^3+1}}} - \int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right) + \frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2416} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{5}{9} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2} \sqrt{x^3+1}}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2} \sqrt{x^3+1}}} \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[x/((1+x)^(5/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[1 + x^3]*((2*x^2)/(9*(1 + x^3)^(3/2)) + (5*((2*x^2)/(3*Sqrt[1 + x^3]
) + ((-2*Sqrt[1 + x^3])/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x) + (3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(1
+ x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3]
+ x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)
^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^3]) + (2*(1 - Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 -
x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt
[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*Sqr
t[1 + x^3]))/3))/9)/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)])*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 819

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(
c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p +
1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p
, x]
```

rule 832

```
Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]
], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 - Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x
^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x
]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]
```

rule 1210

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*
e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e,
0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```

rule 2416

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)} \left(\frac{2x^2}{9(x^3+1)^{3/2}} + \frac{10x^2}{27\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{10 \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \left(-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \text{EllipticE} \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} \right)}{27\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)$
default	$-\frac{5i\sqrt{3} \text{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}, \sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right) x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} + 15 \text{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}, \sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right) x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}}{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$

input

```
int(x/(x+1)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((x+1)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(2/9*x^2/(x^3+1)^(3/2)+10/27/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*x^2-10/27*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*((-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))+((1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2((5x^5 + 8x^2)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} + 5(x^6 + 2x^3 + 1)\text{weierstrassZeta}(0, -4, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x)))}{27(x^6 + 2x^3 + 1)}$$

input `integrate(x/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/27*((5*x^5 + 8*x^2)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) + 5*(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)*weierstrassZeta(0, -4, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)))/(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(1+x)**(5/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/((x + 1)**(5/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/((x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(x/((x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}x}{x^9+3x^6+3x^3+1} dx$$

input `int(x/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)*x)/(x**9 + 3*x**6 + 3*x**3 + 1),x)`

3.503 $\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3918
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3919
Rubi [A] (verified)	3919
Maple [A] (verified)	3921
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3921
Sympy [F]	3922
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 168

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{14x}{27\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{2x}{9\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(1+x^3)} + \frac{14\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{27\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output

```
14/27*x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+2/9*x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(x^3+1)+14/81*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 20.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{5/2} (1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{6x(10+7x^3)}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)} + \frac{7i(1+x)\sqrt{1+\frac{6i}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\sqrt{6-\frac{36i}{(3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}\right)\right)}{81\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((1 + x)^(5/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
((6*x*(10 + 7*x^3))/((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)) + ((7*I)*(1 + x)*Sqrt[1 + (6*I)/((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*Sqrt[6 - (36*I)/((3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))])*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])])/(81*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1151, 749, 749, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x+1)^{5/2} (x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1151$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{(x^3+1)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

$$\downarrow 749$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{7}{9} \int \frac{1}{(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2x}{9(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

↓ 749

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{7}{9} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx + \frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) + \frac{2x}{9(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

↓ 759

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{7}{9} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1} \right), -7-4\sqrt{3} \right)}{3\sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) + \frac{2x}{9(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

input `Int[1/((1 + x)^(5/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x^3]*((2*x)/(9*(1 + x^3)^(3/2)) + (7*((2*x)/(3*Sqrt[1 + x^3])) + (2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2*Sqrt[1 + x^3]))/9)/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 749 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || Denominator[p + 1/n] < Denominator[p])`

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 1151

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c
*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - p)*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] &&
IGtQ[m - p + 1, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)} \left(\frac{2x}{9(x^3+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{14x}{27\sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{14 \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right)}{27\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)$
default	$-\frac{7i\sqrt{3} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}, \sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right) x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} - 21 \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}, \sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right) x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}}{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$

input

```
int(1/(x+1)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((x+1)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(2/9*x/(x^3+1)^(3/2)+
4/27*x/(x^3+1)^(1/2)+14/27*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))
^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3
^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2
*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left((7x^4 + 10x)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} + 7(x^6 + 2x^3 + 1)\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \right)}{27(x^6 + 2x^3 + 1)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output $2/27*((7*x^4 + 10*x)*\text{sqrt}(x^2 - x + 1)*\text{sqrt}(x + 1) + 7*(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x))/(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)**(5/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/((x + 1)**(5/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{5/2} (1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x+1)^{5/2} (x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`output `int(1/((x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{5/2} (1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^9 + 3x^6 + 3x^3 + 1} dx$$

input `int(1/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2), x)`output `int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1))/(x**9 + 3*x**6 + 3*x**3 + 1), x)`

3.504 $\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

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Giac [F]	3928
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Reduce [F]	3929

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{2}{9\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(1+x^3)} - \frac{2\sqrt{1+x^3}\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1+x^3})}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output $2/3/(1+x)^{(1/2)}/(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}+2/9/(1+x)^{(1/2)}/(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}/(x^3+1)-2/3*(x^3+1)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}((x^3+1)^{(1/2)})/(1+x)^{(1/2)}/(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2(4+3x^3)}{3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)} - 2(1+x)\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+x)^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+x)^2}}}\right)}{3\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(1+x)^(5/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output

```
((2*(4 + 3*x^3))/(3*(1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)) - 2*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x +
x^2)/(1 + x)^2]*ArcTanh[1/((1 + x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + x)^2]])
)/(3*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {1210, 798, 61, 61, 73, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1210$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x(x^3+1)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x^3(x^3+1)^{5/2}} dx^3}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\int \frac{1}{x^3(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx^3 + \frac{2}{3(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx^3 + \frac{2}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{2}{3(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{x^6-1} d\sqrt{x^3+1} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{2}{3(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

$$\downarrow 220$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}\left(-2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{x^3+1}\right)+\frac{2}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}+\frac{2}{3(x^3+1)^{3/2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(1+x)^(5/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1+x^3]*(2/(3*(1+x^3)^(3/2))+2/Sqrt[1+x^3]-2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1+x^3]]))/(3*Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1210

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*
e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e,
0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result	size
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)} \left(\frac{2}{9(x^3+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{x^3+1})}{3} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$	60
default	$-\frac{2(3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{x^3+1}) \sqrt{x^3+1} x^3 - 3x^3 + 3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{x^3+1}) \sqrt{x^3+1} - 4)}{9(x^3+1)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}$	69

input

```
int(1/x/(x+1)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((x+1)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(2/9/(x^3+1)^(3/2)+2/3
/(x^3+1)^(1/2)-2/3*arctanh((x^3+1)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3x^3+4)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} - 3(x^6+2x^3+1)\log(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1})}{9(x^6+2x^3+1)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/9*(2*(3*x^3 + 4)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - 3*(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)*log
(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) + 1) + 3*(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)*log(sqrt(x^2 - x
+ 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - 1))/(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)**(5/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*(x + 1)**(5/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}(x+1)^{5/2}x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}(x+1)^{5/2}x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`output `int(1/(x*(x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2), x)`output `int(1/x/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2), x)`

3.505
$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3930
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3931
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3932
Maple [A] (verified)	3935
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3935
Sympy [F]	3936
Maxima [F]	3936
Giac [F]	3936
Mupad [F(-1)]	3937
Reduce [F]	3937

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 349

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx &= \frac{22}{27x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} \\ &+ \frac{2}{9x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(1+x^3)} - \frac{55(1+x^3)}{27x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} \\ &+ \frac{55(1+x^3)}{27\sqrt{1+x}(1+\sqrt{3}+x)\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} \\ &- \frac{55\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right) \mid -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{18 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} \\ &+ \frac{55\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{27\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
22/27/x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+2/9/x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(x^3
+1)-55/27*(x^3+1)/x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+55/27*(x^3+1)/(1+x)^(1/2)/
(1+x+3^(1/2))/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-55/54*3^(1/4)*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x
)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*EllipticE((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(
1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+55/81*2
^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2
)))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^2
-x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{27+88x^3+55x^6}{27x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{55(1+x)^{3/2}}{324\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{12\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}(1-x+x^2)}{(1+x)^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\sqrt{\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}-\frac{6i}{1+x}}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{-3i+\sqrt{3}+\frac{6i}{1+x}}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}} E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\middle|\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}}\right) + i\sqrt{2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*(1+x)^(5/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
-1/27*(27+88*x^3+55*x^6)/(x*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2))+55*(1+x)^(3/2)*((12*
Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]*(1-x+x^2))/(1+x)^2+(3*Sqrt[2]*(1-I*Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(3*I
+Sqrt[3]-(6*I)/(1+x))/(3*I+Sqrt[3]])*Sqrt[(-3*I+Sqrt[3]+(6*I)/(1+x))/(-3*I+S
qrt[3])]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1+x]],(3*I+Sqrt[3]
)/(3*I-Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[1+x]+(I*Sqrt[2]*(3*I+Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(3*I+Sqrt[3]-(6*I)/(
1+x))/(3*I+Sqrt[3]])*Sqrt[(-3*I+Sqrt[3]+(6*I)/(1+x))/(-3*I+Sqrt[3])]*Elliptic
F[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1+x]],(3*I+Sqrt[3])/(3*I-Sqrt[3])
])/Sqrt[1+x]))/(324*Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])
```


Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {1210, 819, 819, 847, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1210} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x^2(x^3+1)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{11}{9} \int \frac{1}{x^2(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2}{9x(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{11}{9} \left(\frac{5}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx + \frac{2}{3x\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) + \frac{2}{9x(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{847} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{11}{9} \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} \right) + \frac{2}{3x\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) + \frac{2}{9x(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{832} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{11}{9} \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - (1-\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} \right) + \frac{2}{3x\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) + \frac{2}{9x(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{11}{9} \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2416

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{11}{9} \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}}\right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

input

```
Int[1/(x^2*(1+x)^(5/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[1+x^3]*(2/(9*x*(1+x^3)^(3/2)))+(11*(2/(3*x*Sqrt[1+x^3]))+(5*(-(Sqrt[1+x^3]/x)+((2*Sqrt[1+x^3])/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)-(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2-Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)],-7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2)*Sqrt[1+x^3])-(2*(1-Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)],-7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2)*Sqrt[1+x^3]))/2))/3))/9)/(Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_)+(b_.)*(x_)^3],x_Symbol]>With[{r=Numer[Rt[b/a,3]],s=Denom[Rt[b/a,3]]},Simp[2*Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(s+r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2-r*s*x+r^2*x^2)/((1+Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a+b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s+r*x)/((1+Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1-Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)/((1+Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)],-7-4*Sqrt[3]],x] /;FreeQ[{a,b},x]&&PosQ[a]
```

rule 819

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_)+(b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_),x_Symbol]>Simp[(-(c*x)^(m+1))*((a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/(a*c*n*(p+1))),x]+Simp[(m+n*(p+1)+1)/(a*n*(p+1))Int[(c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1),x],x] /;FreeQ[{a,b,c,m},x]&&IGtQ[n,0]&&LtQ[p,-1]&&IntBinomialQ[a,b,c,n,m,p,x]
```

rule 832 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-1 - Sqrt[3])*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 847 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 1210 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]`

rule 2416 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)} \left(-\frac{2x^2}{9(x^3+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{28x^2}{27\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} + \frac{55\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \left(-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{27\sqrt{x^3}}$
default	$55i \text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}, \sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) \sqrt{3} x^4 \sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} + 165 \text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}, \sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) x^4 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{27\sqrt{x^3}}}$

```
input int(1/x^2/(x+1)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((x+1)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(-2/9*x^2/(x^3+1)^(3/2)
-28/27/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*x^2-1/x*(x^3+1)^(1/2)+55/27*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((x+
1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))
^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*((
-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2), ((-3/2+1/2
*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))+(1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x
+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2), ((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))
^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(55x^6 + 88x^3 + 27)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} + 55(x^7 + 2x^4 + x)\text{weierstrassZeta}(0, -4, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(x^7 + 2x^4 + x))}{27(x^7 + 2x^4 + x)}$$

```
input integrate(1/x^2/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/27*((55*x^6 + 88*x^3 + 27)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) + 55*(x^7 + 2*x^4 + x)*weierstrassZeta(0, -4, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)))/(x^7 + 2*x^4 + x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**2/(1+x)**(5/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**2*(x + 1)**(5/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(5/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)*x^2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)*x^2), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^{11} + 3x^8 + 3x^5 + x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1))/(x**11 + 3*x**8 + 3*x**5 + x**2),x)`

3.506 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3938
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3939
Rubi [A] (verified)	3939
Maple [A] (verified)	3941
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3942
Sympy [F]	3942
Maxima [F]	3943
Giac [F]	3943
Mupad [F(-1)]	3943
Reduce [F]	3944

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 203

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{26}{27x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{2}{9x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(1+x^3)} - \frac{91(1+x^3)}{54x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} - \frac{91\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{54\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output

```
26/27/x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+2/9/x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/
(x^3+1)-91/54*(x^3+1)/x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-91/162*(1/2*6^(1/2)+
1/2*2^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*EllipticF((1+x-
3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2
)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{6(27+130x^3+91x^6)}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}} - \frac{91i(1+x)(1-x+x^2)\sqrt{6+\frac{36i}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\sqrt{1-\frac{6i}{(3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\text{EllipticF}\left[\text{ArcSinh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{1+x}\right], \frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}}\right]}{324(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(1+x)^(5/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((-6*(27 + 130*x^3 + 91*x^6))/(x^2*(1+x)^(3/2)) - ((91*I)*(1+x)*(1-x+x^2)*Sqrt[6 + (36*I)/((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1+x))]*Sqrt[1 - (6*I)/((3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1+x))])*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1+x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])])/(324*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {1210, 819, 819, 847, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1210

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x^3(x^3+1)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

↓ 819

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{13}{9} \int \frac{1}{x^3(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2}{9x^2(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{13}{9} \left(\frac{7}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx + \frac{2}{3x^2\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) + \frac{2}{9x^2(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{847} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{13}{9} \left(\frac{7}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{2x^2} \right) + \frac{2}{3x^2\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) + \frac{2}{9x^2(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{13}{9} \left(\frac{7}{3} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2} \sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{2x^2} \right) + \frac{2}{3x^2\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) + \frac{2}{9x^2(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[1/(x^3*(1+x)^(5/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[1+x^3]*(2/(9*x^2*(1+x^3)^(3/2)))+(13*(2/(3*x^2*Sqrt[1+x^3]))+(7*(-1/2*Sqrt[1+x^3]/x^2-(Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)],-7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(2*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2)*Sqrt[1+x^3])))/3)/9)/(Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(s+r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2-r*s*x+r^2*x^2)/((1+Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a+b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s+r*x)/((1+Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1-Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)/((1+Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)], -7-4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]
```

rule 819 $\text{Int}[\text{((c_.)*(x_))}^{\text{(m_.)}* \text{((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{\text{(n_)}})^{\text{(p_)}}}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:> Simp}[(-\text{(c*x)}^{\text{(m + 1)}}*\text{((a + b*x^n)}^{\text{(p + 1)}}/\text{(a*c*n*(p + 1)})), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)}/\text{(a*n*(p + 1)})] \text{Int}[\text{(c*x)}^{\text{m}}*\text{(a + b*x^n)}^{\text{(p + 1)}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{/; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{m}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[\text{n}, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{n}, \text{m}, \text{p}, \text{x}]$

rule 847 $\text{Int}[\text{((c_.)*(x_))}^{\text{(m_.)}* \text{((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{\text{(n_)}})^{\text{(p_)}}}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:> Simp}[\text{(c*x)}^{\text{(m + 1)}}*\text{((a + b*x^n)}^{\text{(p + 1)}}/\text{(a*c*(m + 1)})), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)}/\text{(a*c^n*(m + 1)}))] \text{Int}[\text{(c*x)}^{\text{(m + n)}}*\text{(a + b*x^n)}^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{/; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[\text{n}, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[\text{m}, -1] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{n}, \text{m}, \text{p}, \text{x}]$

rule 1210 $\text{Int}[\text{((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))}^{\text{(m_.)}* \text{((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^{\text{(n_.)}* \text{((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)}^{\text{(p_)}}}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:> Simp}[\text{(d + e*x)}^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}*\text{((a + b*x + c*x^2)}^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}/\text{(a*d + c*e*x^3)}^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}) \text{Int}[\text{(f + g*x)}^{\text{n}}*\text{(a*d + c*e*x^3)}^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{/; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{b*d + a*e}, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{c*d + b*e}, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{m}, \text{p}]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)} \left(-\frac{2x}{9(x^3+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{32x}{27\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{2x^2} - \frac{91\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{54\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)$
default	$\frac{91i \text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}, \sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) \sqrt{3} x^5 \sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} - 273 \text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}, \sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{3}-3}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) x^5 \sqrt{-\frac{2(x+1)}{i\sqrt{3}-3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{i\sqrt{3}-3}}}{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$

input $\text{int}(1/\text{x}^3/\text{(x+1)}^{\text{(5/2)}}/\text{(x^2-x+1)}^{\text{(5/2)}}, \text{x}, \text{method}=\text{_RETURNVERBOSE})$

output

```
((x+1)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(-2/9*x/(x^3+1)^(3/2)-
32/27*x/(x^3+1)^(1/2)-1/2/x^2*(x^3+1)^(1/2)-91/54*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((x+
1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))
^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*El
lipticF(((x+1)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*
I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(91x^6 + 130x^3 + 27)\sqrt{x^2 - x + 1}\sqrt{x + 1} + 91(x^8 + 2x^5 + x^2)\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x)}{54(x^8 + 2x^5 + x^2)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^3/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/54*((91*x^6 + 130*x^3 + 27)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) + 91*(x^8 + 2
*x^5 + x^2)*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x))/(x^8 + 2*x^5 + x^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**3/(1+x)**(5/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**3*(x + 1)**(5/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(5/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)*x^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)*x^3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^{12}+3x^9+3x^6+x^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1))/(x**12 + 3*x**9 + 3*x**6 + x**3),x)`

3.507
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

Optimal result	3945
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3945
Rubi [A] (verified)	3946
Maple [A] (verified)	3948
Fricas [F]	3949
Sympy [F]	3949
Maxima [F]	3949
Giac [F]	3950
Mupad [F(-1)]	3950
Reduce [F]	3950

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2} \sqrt{d + ex}}$$

output

```
-2*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{e(-1+cx)}{c(d+ex)}}(d + ex)\sqrt{\frac{e+cx}{cd+cx}} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{cd+e}{c}}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}\right), \frac{cd-e}{cd+e}\right) - \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{cd}{cd+e}, i\text{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{cd+e}{c}}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)\right) \right)}{d\sqrt{-\frac{cd+e}{c}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]),x]`

output `((-2*I)*Sqrt[(e*(-1 + c*x))/(c*(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[(e + c*e*x)/(c*d + c*e*x)]*(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-((c*d + e)/c)]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)] - EllipticPi[(c*d)/(c*d + e), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-((c*d + e)/c)]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)]))/(d*Sqrt[-((c*d + e)/c)]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {1898, 633, 632, 186, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1898} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{633} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx}{x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{632} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{1 - cx} \sqrt{cx + 1} \sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{186}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+\frac{e}{c}-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} \sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}}$$

↓ 412

$$\frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} \sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[1 - (e*(1 - c*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[d + e/c - (e*(1 - c*x))/c])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 186 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && GtQ[(d*e - c*f)/d, 0]`

rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`

rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 632 `Int[1/((x_)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/Sqrt[a] Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - q*x]*Sqrt[1 + q*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 633 `Int[1/((x_)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1898 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(mn2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x^(2*n*FracPart[p])*((a + c/x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c + a*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[x^(m - 2*n*p)*(d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn2, -2*n] && !IntegerQ[p] && !IntegerQ[q] && PosQ[n]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2(cd-e) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{\frac{c(ex+d)}{cd-e}}, \frac{cd-e}{dc}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{e(cx+1)}{cd-e}} \sqrt{-\frac{e(cx-1)}{cd+e}} \sqrt{\frac{c(ex+d)}{cd-e}}}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}} x \sqrt{ex+d} cd}$	148

input `int(1/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*(c*d-e)*EllipticPi((c*(e*x+d)/(c*d-e))^(1/2), (c*d-e)/d/c, ((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*(-e*(c*x+1)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*(-e*(c*x-1)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/d`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex + dx^2} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*sqrt((c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c^2*x^2))/(c^2*e*x^3 + c^2*d*x^2 - e*x - d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{-(-1 + \frac{1}{cx})(1 + \frac{1}{cx})} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1-1/c**2/x**2)**(1/2)/x**2/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt(-(-1 + 1/(c*x))*(1 + 1/(c*x))))*sqrt(d + e*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex + dx^2} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(e*x + d)*x^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex + dx^2} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(e*x + d)*x^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2))^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2))^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^2 e x^4 + c^2 d x^3 - e x^2 - dx} dx \right) c$$

input `int(1/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1))/(c**2*d*x**3 + c**2*e*x**4 - d*x - e*x**2),x)*c`

CHAPTER 4

APPENDIX

4.1	Listing of Grading functions	3951
4.2	Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS .	3969

4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*                               Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*                               match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCountOptimal},
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
          ]
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
      ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
    If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
      finalresult={"A",""}
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.
    ]
  ]
  ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
  If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
    finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "
  ,

```

```

        finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
  If[Head[expn]===Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]],
    If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],

```

```

    Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 5]],
    If[AppellFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 6]],
      If[Head[expn]===RootSum,
        Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 7]],
        If[Head[expn]===Integrate || Head[expn]===Int,
          Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 8]],
          9]]]]]]]]]]]

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
    Exp, Log,
    Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
    ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,
    Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,
    ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
  }, func]

```

```

SpecialFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
    Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
    SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
    Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
    Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
  }, func]

```

```

HypergeometricFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

```

```

AppellFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{AppellF1}, func]

```

Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
#                   if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#
#                   see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022  add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issue";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result    := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal   := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
#     is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal

```



```

#   antiderivative
#   "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf

            end if
        else #result contains complex but optimal is not
            if debug then
                print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
            fi;
            return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
        fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
        # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
        if debug then
            print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        fi;

```

```
    if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
      if debug then
        print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
      fi;
      return "A"," ";
    else
      if debug then
        print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
      fi;
      return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of
                    convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                    convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_co
      fi;
    fi;
  else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
    if debug then
      print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
    fi;
    return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                  convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                  convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
  fi;
end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
  return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function
```

```

# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+'') or type(expn,'*') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
    9

```

```

    end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.

```

```
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc;
```

Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
  #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
  return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
  if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
      return True
    else:
      return False
  else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
  return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
  ]

def is_special_function(func):
  return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
  ]
```

```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+') or type(expn,'*')

```

```

    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""

```

```

else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is lar
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType

#print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

SageMath grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#       Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#       grade Fracas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#       'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#       issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

```



```

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arccsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:

```

```

    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi','zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral',
        'weierstrassPInverse','weierstrass','weierstrassP','weierstrassZeta',
        'weierstrassPPrime','weierstrassSigma']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric'] #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False

```

```

if debug:
    print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
    return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print ("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #instance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(instance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)

```

```

    return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isins
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print ("type(anti)=", type(result))
    print ("type(optimal)=", type(optimal))

```

```

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result - 2*leaf_count_optimal)
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result - expnType_optimal)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS

1. Mathematica integration problems as .m file
2. Maple integration problems as .txt file
3. Sagemath integration problems as .sage file
4. Reduce integration problems as .txt file
5. Mupad integration problems as .txt file
6. Sympy integration problems as .py file